

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. I. No. 170.

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, AUGUST, 8, 1914.

Price:—1 cent.

GERMAN TROOPS HAVE LOST TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND MEN IN THEIR ATTACKS ON LIEGE

But the Plucky Belgians Are Still Holding Out—They Have Repulsed Innumerable Attacks With Great Slaughter to the Germans

ARMISTICE NOW GRANTED SO THAT DEAD MAY BE BURIED

Cream of the Troops of the German Army Has Been Engaged in Operations Against Liege and Their Defeat by Belgians Amazes the World

Liege is the outstanding feature of the European war. Latest advices received by way of London in the form of official despatches say that Liege still holds out against the attacks of the Germans. The Germans have asked for a twenty-four hours armistice to bury the dead. This is given on the authority of the Belgian War Minister.

German casualties in the battle around Liege number 25,000, according to their own admission.

"Act of Heroism." An official statement issued from Berlin described the attempt on Liege fortress and the unsuccessful assault of the Germans as "an unique act of heroism," and say that it will have not the slightest influence on the larger operations of the German Army.

German diplomats have been making the utmost efforts to win Italy to the German side by negotiating and by a direct appeal to King Victor Emmanuel, but without success.

Will Remain Neutral. The Italian Ambassador at London, thanking the great assembly including several peers and members of Parliament, which gathered in front of the Embassy, said that Italy had declared its neutrality and would adhere to it.

Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, denied that there had been any engagement between the German and British fleets in the North Sea.

BELGIANS STILL IN FIGHTING TRIM
Strenuous Fighting Around Liege Not Weakened Them

Brussels, Aug. 8.—Germany has already lost 25,000 men killed and wounded before Liege.

The Belgian defence is unweakened and the forts are untaken

DESPATCH SAYS GERMANS HAVE GIVEN UP SIEGE.

London, Aug. 6.—A despatch from Brussels today officially announced that the Germans retreated from Liege after two days of most severe fighting, in which the German losses were enormous.

The defence put up by the Belgian troops against the cream of the German army has aroused the admiration of all nations. The retreat is understood to have been carried out in the wildest disorder.

Complete silence reigns with regard to the military movements on both France and Germany's part, and it is assumed both armies are concentrating for a decisive battle.

No hint of where they will come in contact has been given.

ATTACKERS MET TERRIBLE LOSS

London, Aug. 7.—All reports of the fighting at Liege agree that the German infantry advanced in masses holding absolutely close order and this resulted in heavy casualties.

GERMANS HAND OUT THEIR REPORT

Say Attack on Liege Fortress Was Act of Heroism

Berlin, Aug. 8.—The official German account of the siege of Liege says "On Wednesday the German advance guards penetrated along the entire Belgian frontier and a small detachment tried a coup de main. With great boldness, some cavalry entered Liege with the intention of seizing the commander of the forces, who only saved himself by flight.

"An attempt on the fortress itself was unsuccessful.

"A hostile foreign press will characterise this enterprize, which cannot have the slightest influence on operations as a defeat. It, however, is but an unique act of heroism in the history of war and a sign of the heroic gallantry of our men.

AIRMAN SAW GERMAN ATTACK ON LIEGE FORTS.

London, Aug. 7.—A correspondent of the Daily News at Brussels, sends the following despatch: All the forces surrounding Liege are intact.

A Belgian airman thus describes the German attack on Liege: After a terrible cannonade the German infantry approached en masse and reached the Liege forts, where the heavy defensive guns were unable to reach them.

General Leman sent artillery to a point where the invading infantry could be shelled, and the Germans were swept from their feet. This occurred several times during the day and night.

A patrol of Uhlans performed the remarkable feat of riding into the town. Some Belgian officers recognized them, and a desperate fight ensued, several of each side being killed.

Red Cross automobiles arriving at Brussels report that the ground before the forts is covered with dead and wounded Germans.

ABANDON FIGHT AFTER ATTACK OF THREE DAYS

And the Germans Have Been Forced to Retire

Brussels, Aug. 7.—The reported attack on Liege has been abandoned after a three days' encounter. The German division has retired to the left on the River Meuse.

BELGIANS GRANT THE ARMISTICE

London, Aug. 8.—A despatch to the Post from Brussels says that the Belgians granted an armistice of twenty-four hours, a request by the Germans and the latter are now collecting the wounded and burying the dead.

The Germans have withdrawn to a less exposed position, where they can recuperate.

ENGLISH TROOPS LAND IN FRANCE

Paris, Aug. 8.—It was officially announced today that English troops under the direction of French officers were disembarking on French soil. The point of disembarkment was not reported. The disembarkment was made under the direction of French officers, spoke English fluently and was witnessed by a crowd who cheered the English.

5,000 REFUGEES FLEE FOR HOME

And Whole Lot Tried to Get On One Steamer, But Three Thousand Were Left Behind—Some Are Starving

London, Aug. 6.—The Berlin correspondent to the Telegraph, who has reached Stockholm, sends the following despatch: The scene witnessed at Sassnitz, a famous watering place on the east coast of Rugen, in the Baltic Sea, baffled all description.

Some 5,000 Russian refugees were turned out on the quay, and were left to struggle for access to the steamer which could be reached by only a single gangway.

The vessel was obliged to sail leaving 3,000 in despair, believing that the last possible chance of returning to their homes had gone.

One family had a letter of credit for 20,000 roubles (\$1,000), but were on the verge of starvation.

Some refugees were half mad with hunger and starvation.

APOLOGISED FOR THE ATTACK

German Emperor Regretted the Action of the Berlin Mob That Assaulted and Damaged British Embassy

Berlin, via London, Aug. 7.—The official account of the attack on the British Embassy at Berlin by the populace, for which the German Emperor had already apologized to the British Ambassador, is given as follows:

The Berlin public at first confined its demonstrations to the singing of patriotic songs and shouting at various persons who were making outrageous gestures.

From the window of the Embassy some sand was thrown on the crowds, which thereupon tore up the pavement of the sidewalk and bombarded the windows.

The police immediately cleared the street.

GOVERNMENT PLANS TO HELP ANY UNEMPLOYED

London, Aug. 7.—Plans to prevent unemployment during war and for systematic relief of distressed, are being arranged on a large scale.

Instead of encouraging public work in the interest of military expenditure, the British Government purpose providing for those who have lost their work through the shutting down of factories.

AUSTRIAN SHIP CHASED TO PORT

Brindisi, Italy, Aug. 6.—The first naval battle occurred in the Adriatic today, between the Austrian cruiser Taurus and a flotilla of British torpedo destroyers.

HALIFAX HEARS NEWS OF BATTLE ON NORTH SEA

Report of the British Victory is Regarded as Having Good Foundation

TRAWLERS HEARD FIRING AT SEA

And Some of the Skippers Say That They Witnessed the Fighting

Halifax, Aug. 7.—A sensational report received here and which is gaining credence says that in a desperate battle on the North Sea, the German fleet was practically annihilated, the British sinking 19 ships and capturing 17, while the British loss was comparatively small, their fleet losing about six ships.

A despatch to The Daily News from Newcastle timed 1 a.m. says that a wireless message received at South Shields shortly before midnight states that the British fleet engaged the German High Seas fleet in a battle off the South Dogger Banks.

After a general engagement along the battle line which extended many miles and in which many ships of both sides took part, the German fleet was beaten back and moved in the direction of the Coast of Holland.

It is now believed that the German fleet is completely hemmed in on the eastern side of the North Sea.

Heard Much Firing During A Whole Day

London, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the Daily News from Whitby says that a ship owner is responsible for the statement that nineteen German ships were sunk or captured in a battle in the North Sea and several British and French vessels were sunk.

Reports from various ports say that heavy firing was heard about the North Sea for the past 24 hours.

Admiralty Announces Whole Coast Is Free

London, Aug. 7.—The Admiralty has announced that British coastwise shipping on the East Coast is now safe because the British fleet has engaged the Germans on the High Seas and the German fleet is now being chased toward the coast of Holland.

Skippers of Trawlers Saw The Fighting

Lowestoft, Eng., Aug. 7.—Trawlers turning here today report that they witnessed fighting in the North Sea on Wednesday and saw a German destroyer fleeing from British cruisers.

Admiralty Refuse Any Information

London, Aug. 7.—Winston Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, declared to-day that there had not been any fighting or loss other than those that had been announced officially.

This statement was issued because reports of a naval battle had been received from several sources.

The Admiralty refused any information regarding the significant fact that fishing fillets on the east coast of England were given permission to go out and fish.

Says the Germans Were Beaten Back.

London, Aug. 7.—A despatch to The Daily News from Newcastle, timed 1 a.m. to-day, says that a wireless message received at South Shields shortly before midnight states that the British fleet engaged the German fleet in battle off the South Dogger bank.

After a general engagement along a battle line which extended for many miles, and in which many ships of both sides took part, the German fleet was beaten back and moved in the direction of the coast of Holland.

It is believed that the German fleet is completely hemmed in on the eastern side of the coast of Holland.

ITALY STILL REFUSES TO JOIN WITH GERMANY

Italian Authorities Say They Have Declared Their Country Neutral and Will Not Alter Their Decision—Demonstration in Honor of Italy in London

Rome, Aug. 8.—The German Government is using the utmost efforts to bring about a change in Italy's attitude to the present European situation and direct appeals have been made to King Victor Emmanuel, but all in vain. It is asserted that Italy, having declared its neutrality, intends to maintain it.

Italy's position as a member of the triple alliance and therefore an ally of Germany, under certain conditions, has been a disgust in every phase. The general consensus of opinion seems to be that the Italian people would never permit an act of hostility against France and Britain.

Everywhere there are spontaneous outbursts of enthusiasm for France occurring.

DEMONSTRATORS HONOR ITALY

Leading Men Lead Crowd Who Cheer Italian Ambassador in London

London, Aug. 8.—A remarkable and most unusual demonstration of friendliness occurred in front of the Italian Embassy. The demonstration was organized by members of the Peerage, members of the Commons and others prominent in political and social world.

Thousands of passers-by joined in the cheering which continued until Ambassador Marquis Di Francivilla and the Marchioness, both much moved, appeared on the balcony.

The Ambassador said, amid a scene of the wildest enthusiasm, Italy declared her neutrality and would adhere to it.

Belgian Fire Plays Havoc With Germans

Brussels, Aug. 7.—News received from Liege shows that that fortress is still holding out although being bombarded with heavy shells. It is still undamaged, while the Belgian fire is working havoc among the Germans.

It is reported that the French forces are approaching from several directions.

Brussels, Aug. 7.—Liege still holds out against German assault.

Hull Hospitals Asked To Be Ready

Hull, Aug. 7.—Conclusive proof of the fact that a severe naval engagement is taking place in the North Sea is afforded by the receipt of a wireless message by the officials of the Hull infirmary warning them to prepare to receive 250 wounded marines.

The German Fleet Now Hemmed In

London, Aug. 7.—That the German fleet is hemmed in on the eastern side of the North Sea and all the rest of the sea is in control of the British fleet finds support in the official permission given to fishing trawlers to leave Tyne ports and those of the Humber and other east coast fishing centres for the fishing grounds to-day. This has been forbidden for the past two days.

The surgeon in charge of the South Shields hospital received a wireless message last night asking what accommodation he had for wounded men. He replied he could take care of 1,000 persons.

WANT ITALY TO HELP ENGLAND

London, Aug. 8.—The Standard, Daily Mail and other papers today appealed to Italy to abandon her neutrality and come to the assistance of England and France against the common enemy of Europe.

SAYS FINANCES ARE IMPROVED

Lloyd-George Announces Bank of England Has Lowered Discount Rate To Five Per Cent—Banks Getting Bigger Deposits

London, Aug. 8.—Before adjournment of the House of Commons last evening, Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced that reports received from points throughout the country showed that the opening of the banks the financial position was perfectly satisfactory.

The Bank of England, he said, received many foreign accounts and \$28,000,000 in gold were being hoarded and trade is regaining its normal condition.

The Bank of England, Lloyd George continued, felt that it could reduce its rate 5 p.c. Saturday some banks received more money than they paid out.

At a meeting of Silver Brokers here it was said the Government has taken over all available silver supplies for currency purposes.

GERMANS KILLED BY OWN MINES

Twenty of Them, Held as Prisoners of War on the Amphion Went to the Bottom With the British Cruiser

London, Aug. 7.—The Admiralty has issued the following: "In the course of reconnoitering after the German mine-layer Koeneigen Luise was sunk this morning, the cruiser Amphion struck a mine and foundered."

The forepart of the British ship was shattered by the explosion and practically all of the loss to the crew ensued from this cause. Eleven, not killed by the explosion, were taken off by the boats of a destroyer before the Amphion went down.

Twenty German prisoners of war who were confined in the forepart of the ship were killed.

The line of mines was probably laid by the Koeneigen Luise before she sunk.

REPORTED WIN BY THE FRENCH

Rumored That They Defeated The Germans

London, Aug. 8.—A Brussels despatch gives an unofficial report that a Bavarian corps had been defeated by the French at Marrehan, North of Luxembourg. Many prisoners are said to have been taken.

The capture of German merchant craft, continues at a rate gratifying to Englishmen who predict that the war will speedily result in driving German commerce off the sea.

FOR OTHER WAR NEWS—SEE ALSO PAGE SIX

COMMONS PASS BIG WAR BUDGET OF \$500,000,000

Army Increase of Fifty Thousand Men Has Been Provided For

WAR OFFICE ASKS FOR 100,000 MORE

To Enlist For Three Years, Or Until the Close of The War

London, Aug. 7.—The passage of a War Budget of \$500,000,000 by the House of Commons, without a dissenting voice and granting an Army increase of 50,000 men in accordance with the plans of Lord Kitchener, the new Minister of War, shows that Britain has put her hand to the plow and does not intend to look back.

London, Aug. 7.—Our people had the first realization of war brought home to them to-night when hundreds of Commuters who were taking the trains at Victoria station were surprised to see eighty-five German prisoners guarded by a file of West Kent regiments with bayonets. They were German naval reservists who had been taken from their ships and made prisoners of war.

A goodly number of naval reservists and also some German army reservists who were attempting to proceed to Germany, were gathered in by the automobiles.

Call to Arms A call to arms issued by the War Office says that an addition of 100,000 men to the regular army is needed immediately. Lord Kitchener is confident this appeal will at once be responded to when our Empire hears that the term of service for new men is to be three years or until the war is concluded. Age entitlement is to be between 19 and 30.

The Naval estimates provide for 67,000 additional officers and men which will make the Navy's strength 218,000 men.

There are no illusions in England that the war is certain to be a swift and decisive one.

Not Good News

The Admiralty notified the public that the first news from the Navy might not be good news. Swift upon the heels of this intimation came the tidings of the cruiser Amphion having been sunk by a mine, with the loss of 130 men and officers—Britain's first sacrifice.

There was a dramatic incident in the Commons when the feud between Lord Beresford and Winston Churchill, the First Lord ended when the former said: "Well done," referring to the torpedo boat destroyed Lancelotti, which sent the Hamburg-American line steamer Koeneigen Luise to the bottom with four shots, only one came out of the shipyards last Saturday, and was hardly dry."

RUSSIAN NAVY IS BOTTLED UP

And the Germans Have Captured Two Naval Stations

Stockholm, Aug. 7.—A Finnish sea captain arrived here reports that the Russian navy is bottled up at Helsingfors while the Revel and Libau have been taken by the Germans after a furious battle and are burning. The report is not credited by the best informed men.

BIG SUM GIEVN POOR AID FUND

London, Aug. 8.—Altho' only just opened \$112,500.00 have already been subscribed to the Prince of Wales fund for the relief of the poor during the war.

RUSSIAN SHIP RAN ASHORE

Stockholm, Aug. 7.—The captain of two Swedish steamers report that a Russian cruiser is ashore near Hange, Finland.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. I. No. 170.

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, AUGUST, 8, 1914.

Price:—1 cent.

THREE CITIES OF DOMINION ARM 10,000 MEN

Hamilton, Galt and Montreal Will Arm An Effective Force

BIG RUSH OF MEN WANTING TO ENLIST

Church Lads' Brigade, Of Montreal, Offers Its Service

Ottawa, Aug. 8.—The Imperial Government to-day cabled its acceptance of the offer of Hamilton, Galt and Montreal to raise and equip a regiment of 10,000 men, all having seen active service.

This regiment, as already announced will be over and above the contingent of 20,000 which will be sent as Canada's contribution.

Lieut. Col. E. D. Farquhar, D.S.O., Military Secretary to H.R.H. Governor General, will command the Montreal regiment and Capt. Buller, C.A.D.F., to His Royal Highness, will act in the capacity of Adjutant.

Montreal, Aug. 8.—Montreal has been asked by the Minister of Militia to send about 4500 men to the front. Three thousand infantry are wanted for the artillery division, and probably a number of between 500 and 1000 more. Only a few cavalry, probably between 500 and 400 are needed, but in addition there will be various branches of the service to bring up the total.

Official Figures
The official figures are Highlanders, 1000; Victoria Rifles, 500; Grenadiers, 500; 65th and 5th, 1000.

Immediately after the call came this morning the rolls were opened and the enlistment of volunteers was begun.

There was a big rush tonight of men anxious to enlist in the Grenadier Guards.

Colonel Carson was notified that he is to remain in Canada as members of the local defence staff.

Colonel Meighen is to command a unit, Major Dodds will go with the first battalion of the Montreal regiment.

The Church Lads' Brigade has offered a detachment of about forty senior non-commissioned officers and cadets for patrol duty in and around the city or on whatever capacity the Chief Military officers may see fit to employ them.

EMPEROR BILL HAS RAP AT U.S.

Says That Germany Has Enemies East and West And Beyond Seas Thus Including American Republic

Berlin, Aug. 8.—A Proclamation by Emperor Billy addressed to the German nation was published in the official Gazette to-day, of which the text follows: "Since the foundation of the Empire it has been for forty-three years the object of myself and my ancestors to preserve the peace of the world and to advance by peaceful means our various developments, but our adversaries were jealous of the success of our work, there has been a latent hostility East and West and beyond the sea.

"It was borne by us until now when these adversaries wish to humiliate us, asking that we should look on with crossed arms and watch our enemies preparing themselves for the coming attack.

"The sword must decide; in the midst of our perfect peace, the enemy surprised us therefore. To arms! To arms! Any dallying any temporizing would betray the Fatherland, to be or not to be is the question for the Empire for which our forefathers fought.

"To be or not to be is the choice

War Extra

SEVEN GERMAN REGIMENTS SURRENDER TO THE BELGIANS

Division of the German Army Forces a Passage of the Meuse, North of Liege, Surprised and Practically Annihilated

London, Aug. 8.—A division of German Cavalry which succeeded in forcing the Meuse to the North of Liege was surprised and practically annihilated by the Belgian Cavalry and Infantry supported by a battery of light artillery. The German rout was complete. Seven German regiments surrendered.

125,000 GERMANS TOOK PART IN THE SIEGE OF LIEGE CITY

But They Completely Failed to Capture the City—One Army Corps of the Germans Cut Up and Rendered Useless

Brussels, Aug. 8.—The War Office issued an official statement saying that 125,000 Germans participated in an assault on the forts at Liege but that they completely failed to make any impression on the fortifications.

One army corps engaged in the attack were cut up and rendered useless.

AUSTRIANS LOSE 8,000 MEN IN BATTLE WITH SERVIANS

Every Attempt to Invade Servia in Force Has Failed—Austrian Army Suffers a Very Severe Defeat and Have Many Wounded

Rome, Aug. 8.—Official reports from Nich say that the Austrians have made several attempts to cross the Danube and were repulsed each time.

Mobilization of the Servian army is now complete. The Prince Regent has appealed to the nation and this is taken as an indication that the army will take the offensive.

Austrian soldiers are now in Servian territory, and this morning The Tribune states that the Austrian fugitives give news that the Austrian army suffered a severe defeat. During an attack on Mount Lovitch, the troops of the dual Monarchy were repulsed with heavy loss by the Servians. Report say that 8,000 wounded were conveyed to Holo in the Gulf of Venice, while 500 were sent to Trieste.

KING PRAISES BRAVE BELGIANS

For Their Stern, Unwavering Stand Against the Germans in the Siege of Liege—French Advancing; Germans Retreating

London, Aug. 8.—King Albert has issued an order to the army complimenting them on the bravery of the defenders of Liege against greatly superior numbers.

"This heroic defence," he said, "will live ever in the memory of the nation."

His Majesty also sends greetings to the French army which is coming to the aid of the Belgians, and stated that the German Seventh army corps is retreating towards Aix La Chapelle.

for German power and German existence.

"We shall resist to the last and both man and horse and shall fight our struggle even against a world of enemies.

"Never has Germany been subdued when it was united. Forward with God who will be with us as He was with our ancestors."

MEANS U.S.A.

London, Aug. 8.—It is observed here that the Kaiser in his proclamation to the German people issued in a special edition of The Berlin Gazette has made a threatening gesture toward United States when he said that there was latent hostility to the East and West and beyond the sea. This statement which evidently in-

NATURE WARS ON THE GERMANS

Heavy Rains Retard the Advance of the Invaders Into Belgium—A Thousand of Belgian Wounded Brought Into Brussels

London, Aug. 8.—Heavy rains were swelling the Meuse and its tributaries and so retarded German advance.

Up to 5 o'clock last night the armistice was not granted as requested by the Germans, but fighting at Liege had ceased several hours before.

A thousand Belgian wounded have arrived at Brussels.

MAKES STRONG DENIAL OF ANY NAVAL BATTLE

London, Aug. 8.—The Admiralty to-day again denied that any naval battles had taken place off Musden, Holland, according to The Daily Mail story, and said it denied that any German warships had been sunk by the British and that the remainder of the Kaiser's fleet had scattered and was being pursued.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Secretary McKennon, after emphatically denying the report printed in The Daily Mail that a naval engagement had taken

place denounced the publication of "Such reports". He declared that the Government would not hold back news when the fleet actually fought, but said that a premature victory did incalculable damage to the British cause.

Austria

Refuses To Help Germany

Rome (today).—A sensational declaration is made by Italian officials today that Austria has declined to aid Germany against England. Officials state that a German battleship and a cruiser expelled from Messina Harbor (Italy) yesterday, while steaming toward the Adriatic with their decks cleared for action and their men at their stations wireless for assistance, that the Austrian naval authorities replied and sent a flat refusal, declaring that war had not yet been declared between Austria and England.

As a result of the refusal of the Austrians to come to their aid, the two German ships are in a desperate position, the combined French and English fleet being between them and the Austrian naval base near Trieste and they are in imminent danger of capture or destruction.

GERMAN TRENCHES ARE PILED FIVE DEEP WITH MEN'S BODIES

Brussels, Aug. 8.—Soldiers returning here report that the trenches around Liege are literally filled with bodies of Germans.

In some places bodies are piled up five deep.

MONTENEGRO DECLARES WAR ON AUSTRIANS

Rome, Aug. 8.—It is reported here on fairly good authority that Montenegro has declared war against Austria and that her army has already joined the Servians.

BELGIAN KING MAKES APPEAL TO THE FRENCH

To Come to Aid of his Country in the Fight With the German Invaders—France is Proud of Belgium's Bravery

Brussels, Aug. 8.—King Albert has appealed to France for aid in repulsing the Germans. The King has sent messages to President Poincare thanking him for his promptness in responding to the Belgium appeal.

President Poincare responded that the French troops were proud of the brave Belgian army and that also in recognition of its gallant defense he conferred the Cross of the Legion of Honor on the City of Liege.

Ottawa, Aug. 8.—German Army reservists now in Canada will not be allowed to leave the Dominion.

place denounced the publication of "Such reports".

He declared that the Government would not hold back news when the fleet actually fought, but said that a premature victory did incalculable damage to the British cause.

War Extra

ITALIAN AUTHORITIES SEIZE TWO GERMAN OCEAN LINERS

Attempted to Violate Italian Neutrality by Calling in For Coals at One of the Italian Ports—Had Coal Aboard But Wanted More

London, Aug. 8.—Despatch from Milan Chronicle says the Italian authorities at Genoa seized the two German trans-Atlantic vessels Moltke and Koenig Albert. It is explained that the action was taken when they demanded a supply of coal, though they already had coal aboard.

PORTUGAL ACTIVELY LINES UP ON THE SIDE OF GREAT BRITAIN

At a Special Meeting of Parliament the Portuguese Declare Themselves Unconditionally on the Side of England

London, Aug. 8.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company's message from Lisbon says that a special meeting of Parliament today a declaration was made that Portugal would place herself unconditionally on the side of England according to the terms of her ancient treaty.

The declaration was received with enthusiasm in France and England.

Premier Machade in announcing the attitude of the Government said: "According to our alliance we have duties which we in no way shall fail realize."

Portuguese warships have been ordered to prepare for a cruise around the coast and foreign shipping in Portuguese ports has been notified to remove their wireless installations.

It is reported that the war office has ordered the mobilization of three military divisions in Bavaria.

LONDON RECEIVES REPORT OF BIG FRENCH VICTORY

Bavarian Corps of the German Army Stated to Have Been Defeated With Heavy Loss at Marrahan, North Luxembourg

London, Aug. 8.—A despatch received here from Brussels today stated that a Bavarian army corps has been defeated by the French troops at Marrahan, North Luxembourg.

Reports says that the French captured many prisoners.

SAY GERMANY PLANNED WAR

French Claim to have Found Great Deal of Evidence to This Effect When They Occupied German Town in Alsace

Paris, Aug. 8.—An official statement issued to-day says that the German mobilization posters placed on the walls in the town of Vicand, Moyevic in Alsace Lorraine, prove the French contention that the war was premeditated.

Part of the German town was occupied by the French yesterday and, according to their statement the poster which they found afforded them valuable information concerning Germany's mobilization, besides revealing that Germany had decided upon war at the time that the Triple Entente was redoubling its efforts for peace.

WAR RISKS ARE LOWER

London, Aug. 8.—The insurance officials today reduced rates on cargo from 5 1-4 to 4 1-5 per cent.

GERMANS WERE DISCOURTEOUS

Brussels, Aug. 8.—The train which conveyed the German Ambassador from Paris and which was placed at the disposal of that diplomat as an act of courtesy by the French Government has been confiscated by the Germans.

FRANCO-GERMAN BATTLE FOUGHT

London Hears of a Big Engagement Between The Rival Armies in Belgian Luxembourg—No Particulars Received

London, Aug. 8.—According to late despatches this morning quite an important engagement between the French and Germans occurred in Belgian Luxembourg.

ITALY'S KING STOOD FIRM

Against the Persuasions of The Germans—Declares That Honor Forced Him To Remain Out of the Conflict

Rome, Aug. 8.—A statement attributed to King Emmanuel in reply to the insistence of the representatives of German and Austria-Hungary who have continually augmented their efforts in order to obtain the active co-operation of Italy with the two Teutonic Empires roused much discussion in political circles here.

The King of Italy is said to have burst out with the exclamation: "Neither friendship for my allies nor offers made by them, no matter how advantageous, will persuade me to sell my honor and that of my country."

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

MOWED DOWN MEN LIKE GRASS AT LIEGE SIEGE

Thousands Of Germans Blown Up When Belgians Set Off Mine

BELGIAN ATTACK IRRESISTIBLE

German Line Broken And Troops Fled in Great Panic

Liege, Aug. 8.—During Wednesday night a tremendous assault was undertaken by the Germans. The entire Seventh army corps took part. The whole country around was illuminated with dazzling searchlights and the earth quaked as if shaken by a seismic convulsion.

The grey light of Thursday morning showed thousands of Germans in force against Fort Barchon The Belgians formed a mixed brigade of two regiments and made a counter-attack from the heights of Flandre. Their advance was as irresistible as an oceanic tide. The Germans stood a few minutes awaiting them and then fled panic-stricken.

The Seventh corps was broken and a few hours later 5,000 fugitives swept past Maastricht where they were received and fed and, curiously enough, sent to Aix La Chapelle.

The spaces between the forts of Embourg were objects of a resolute attack the invaders advancing within three hundred yards of the Garde Civique. They were first deprived of their Colonel and then literally mowed down like grass by scythes.

Meanwhile the German artillery fire concentrated upon the Chateau of Fontembourg and captured it under cover of a heavy artillery fire. Then a body of gray cloud with flags rose followed by a terrific explosion. The Belgians had mined the Chateau and blown it up and the Germans with it.

The upshot of this brilliant stand the Belgians maintained all their forts and captured numerous prisoners and seven guns. The death of 800 men and the disablement of thousands of the enemy and the defeat of two crack corps and the annihilation of the Uhlans resulted.

FRENCH HURRY TROOPS TO AID THE BELGIANS

France Sending Along Some Big Forces to Expel the Invader

BRITISH TROOPS ALSO GO ALONG

Germans Massing Troops to Meet the Forces of the Allies

London, Aug. 8.—Indications are that both British and French troops are hurrying to the assistance of the Belgians are given in French official despatches to-day. The extent of the report is kept secret.

Reinforcements of French Cavalry are said to have arrived on the scene at Liege where masses of German troops are reported to be moving forward to support the strong advance guard which was checked by Belgians and was reported from Belgian sources to have lost 25,000 men killed and wounded and taken prisoners.

The S.S. Prospero

Will leave the Wharf of
Bowring Brothers, Limited,

—ON—
Wednesday, the 12th of August, at 10 a.m.

Calling at the following places:—

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Bayde-Verde | Little Bay Island |
| Old Perlican | Little Bay |
| Trinity | Nipper's Harbor |
| Catalina | Tilt Cove |
| Bonavista | LaScie |
| King's Cove | Pacquet |
| Salvage, | Baie Verte |
| Greenspond | Coachman's Cove |
| Wesleyville | Seal Cove |
| Seldom-Come-By | Bear Cove |
| Fogo | Western Cove |
| Change Islands | Jackson's Arm |
| Herring Neck | Harbor Deep |
| Twillingate | Englee |
| Moreton's Harbor | Conche |
| Exploits | St. Anthony |
| Fortune Harbor | Griquet |
| Leading Tickle | Quirpoun |
| Pilley's Island | Battle Harbor. |

Freight received until 6 p.m. on TUESDAY. For freight or passage apply to the Coastal Office of

Bowring Brothers, Ltd.
Telephone 306.

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROTHCHILD, G.C.V.O. Chairman
ROBERT LEWIS General Manager.

TOTAL ASSETS Exceed \$120,000,000.

Fire Insurance of every description effected.

LEONARD ASH, Carbonear,
Sub-Agent for Carbonear District.

BAINE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Agents for Newfoundland.

CANNED MEATS!

are at present being quoted at a considerable advance over last years prices.

We offer at a reasonable figure—

- | | | |
|-----------|--------|--------------------|
| 500 Cases | 24 1's | Cooked Corned Beef |
| 450 " | 12 2's | Cooked Corned Beef |
| 650 " | 24 1's | Roast Beef |
| 250 " | 12 2's | Roast Beef |

You will save money by stocking from this shipment which was

Secured Before the Advance.
HEARN & COMPANY

THE BEST IS CHEAPER IN THE END

Order a Case To-day
"EVERY DAY" BRAND
EVAPORATED MILK.



Job's Stores Limited.

DISTRIBUTORS

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate

HONOR CAUSE OF BRITAIN'S PARTICIPATION

She Could not Stay Out Of War Without Breaking Her Obligations

PREMIER ASQUITH MAKES DECLARATION

And Exposes the Dishonorable Conduct and Proposals of Germany

The following is a summary of the speech delivered by the Right Hon. the Prime Minister in the House of Commons in proposing the vote of one hundred million pounds sterling for measures for securing the safety of the country, the conduct of the naval and military operations, assisting the food supply, promoting the continuance of trade and industry, protecting of business communications and providing for expenses arising out of the existence of war conditions.

Emphasized It.

After referring to the strenuous and persistent efforts which have been made to secure peace Mr. Asquith laid a particular stress on the communications made by the German Chancellor on July 29th, in which the latter offered in return for British neutrality to undertake that Germany would not endeavour to acquire territory in Europe at the expense of France, but in which he declined to give similar assurances with regard to French possessions outside Europe. He also offered to preserve the neutrality of Holland but only promised to respect the integrity of Belgium when the war was over.

The Chancellor observed that English neutrality in the present crisis might form the basis of a future understanding. This proposal in effect meant Great Britain's assent behind the back of France to the annexation by Germany of the whole of the French extra European possessions and the bartering away of Treaty obligations with regard to the neutrality of Belgium.

Belgium's Appeal.

The House had read the pathetic appeal of the King of Belgium and now when the Belgians were fighting for their lives what would the position of Great Britain have been if she had been an assenting party to those infamous proposals and what return would have been made for the betrayal of friends and the dishonorable repudiation of obligations? Nothing but a promise given by a power which at the very moment was announcing its intention of violating its Treaty obligations and inviting us to do the same.

If the Government had temporized they would have covered themselves with dishonor and would have betrayed the interests of the country of which they were trustees.

The Prime Minister referred to the offer of the British Government that if peace could be preserved and the crisis passed she would promote some arrangement to which Germany could be a party and by which that nation could be a party and by which that Nation could be assured that no aggressive or hostile policy would be pursued against her or her allies by Great Britain, France and Russia jointly, or separately.

Sincerely Obvious

The earnestness and sincerity of this offer is obvious. In spite of great provocation His Majesty's Government had persisted to the very last moment in efforts for peace, and war had been forced upon them. They had thought it their duty to go to war because they believed and the country believed that the cause was just.

Great Britain was fighting in the first place to fulfill a solemn international obligation which in private life would have been regarded as an obligation not only of law but of honour, and secondly to vindicate the principle that small Nationalities were not to be crushed in defiance of international good faith by the arbitrary will of a strong and overmastering Power.

Fighting On Principle

No Nation ever entered into a great controversy with a clearer and a stronger conviction that it was fighting, not for aggression, not for the maintenance of its own selfish interests, but in the defence of principles, the maintenance of which were vital to the civilisation of the whole world.

It was essential that all the resources of the Empire should be thrown into the scale and for that purpose he asked for a vote of credit for One hundred million pounds, and he announced the decision of the Gov-

PITHY PARS

Mrs. Brown: "How can you buy such cheap groceries?" Mrs. Jones: "Oh, these are not for our use! They are to pay back things we borrowed from our neighbors."

Both Shares—Mudge: "Here's a man figured out that if all the money in the world were divided equally, each adult would get about thirty dollars." Meek: "He's wrong. My wife would get sixty dollars."

The subject of conversation was canine intelligence, and the American was speaking. "I once took a dog of mine on to a station platform, when it suddenly stopped and pointed at a man by the bookstall. Struck by this curious action, I approached the man, and found that his name was Part-

ridg.

ment forthwith to add 500,000 men to the Army. The Government was encouraged to do this without previous Parliamentary sanction by their sense of the necessity of the situation added to the knowledge that India was prepared to send certainly two divisions, and that every one of the self-governing Dominions spontaneously and unasked had already tendered to the utmost limits of their possibilities, both in men and money, every help they could afford to the Empire in its moment of need.

NOTICE TO COOPERS.

For sale by the undersigned Cooper's Jointers, Truss-passers, etc., etc.

JOHN BUCHAN,
Harry's Hr.
aug6,tf

ADVERTISE IN THE
MAIL AND ADVOCATE

The Right Place
To Buy—
Provisions, Groceries,
Oats, Feeds, Wines
and Liquors

—is at—
P. J. Shea's,
Corner George and Prince's Sts.
or at 314 Water Street.

Outport Orders
promptly attended to.

The Elite Tonsorial Parlor,

Prescott Street, near Rawlins' Cross,

F. ROBERTS, Proprietor,

Mr. F. Roberts, of the Elite Tonsorial Parlors, begs to announce to his many patrons, that he has installed the very latest Massage machines for face and hair; also that he will carry full assortment Choice Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

On and after to-day the Parlors will be open each weekday from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m.

ASPHALT FELT

We have just received a shipment of

1000 Rolls No. 3
Asphalt Felt

OUR PRICES WILL SUIT YOU.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

BIRD & SON, Hamilton, Manufacturers

The Direct Agencies, Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS.

BOLINDER'S

Direct Reversible Crude Oil Marine Engines

Facts that speak for themselves regarding

BOLINDER'S OIL ENGINES

Largest Hot Bulb Marine Engine in the World.

Holds 14 World's Records.

Used by 16 Governments.

Has the lowest fuel consumption for Hot Bulb Engines.

Has been on the market for 21 years.

N.B.—It has stood the severest tests under the most exacting conditions from the Arctic Regions to China and Japan, and is installed in Oil Tankers, Fishing, Coasting, Passenger and Cargo Vessels and in all services has proved its Economy, Efficiency, Simplicity and Reliability.

Bolinder's, the Makers, are behind their Engine and they will make good all they say of their Manufactures.

Fishermen and others interested are invited to visit the Boat "Bolinda I" and see what this Engine really is.

Alex. McDougall,

McBride's Cove, St. John's, N.F.

Telegrams: "McDougall, St. John's."

Telephone 180 P.O. Box 845

Headquarters —FOR— Motor Boat Supplies

In Stock, a full supply of

**Batteries, Spark Plugs, Spark
Coils, Magnetos, Trouble
Lights, Propellers,
ETC., ETC.**

Lowest Prices

—ON—

Gasoline, Kerosene

—AND—

Lubricating Oils.

AGENTS for

**New FERRO Kerosene Engines,
The Standard of the World.**

DISTRIBUTORS for

Imperial Oil Co., Limited, Canada.

OUR Stock is Complete—Prices Right.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A. H. Murray

Bowring's Cove.

Black and Mixed Oats

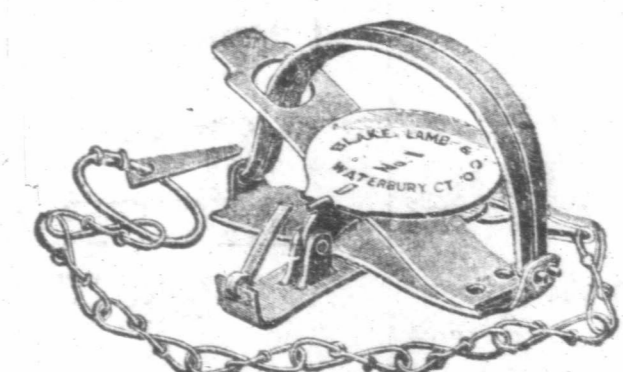
- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| 1000 Bags | Black Oats |
| 750 Bags | Mixed Oats |
| 100 Bags | White Oats |

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

George Neal

Fire Stock Selling Cheap

Damaged by Water and Rusty.



**Blake's & Oneida Traps, Nos. 0,
1, 1½, 2, 3, 4.**

Also, a new stock of the above Traps, including Bear traps, which will be supplied unless Fire stock stated on order.

Martin Hardware Co., Ltd.

P.S.—All the above can and will be supplied in new stock unless otherwise ordered.

**Martin Hardware Co., Ltd., Front and Rear
Next West of Old Store.**

Published By Authority

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that the following Proclamation of His Majesty the King, setting forth the Law and Policy with regard to Trading with the Enemy, shall come into effect on the date thereof.

JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

Dept. Colonial Secretary,
Aug. 6, 1914.

BY THE KING
A PROCLAMATION

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas a state of war exists between Us and the German Emperor: And whereas it is contrary to law for any person resident, carrying on business, or being in Our Dominions, to trade or have any commercial intercourse with any person resident, carrying on business, or being in the German Empire without Our permission:

And whereas it is therefore expedient and necessary to warn all persons resident, carrying on business, or being in Our Dominions of their duties and obligations towards Us, Our Crown, and Government:

Now, therefore, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby warn all persons resident, carrying on business, or being in Our Dominions:

Not to supply to or obtain from the said Empire any goods, wares or merchandise, or to supply to or obtain the same from any person resident, carrying on business, or being therein, nor to supply to or obtain from any person any goods, wares or merchandise for or by way of transmission to or from the said Empire or to or from any person resident, carrying on business, or being therein, nor to trade in or carry any goods, wares or merchandise destined for or coming from the said Empire or for or from any person resident, carrying on business, or being therein:

Not to permit any British ship to leave for, enter, or communicate with any port or place in the said Empire: Nor to make or enter into any new marine life, fire, or other policy or contract of insurance with or for the benefit of any person resident, carrying on business, or being in the said Empire, nor under any existing policy or contract of insurance to make any payment to or for the benefit of any such person in respect of any loss due to the belligerent action of His Majesty's forces or of those of any ally of His Majesty:

Nor to enter into any new commercial, financial, or other contract or obligation with or for the benefit of any person resident, carrying on business, or being in the said Empire:

And We do hereby further warn all persons what whoever in contravention of the law shall commit, aid or abet any of the aforesaid acts will be liable to such penalties as the law provides:

And We hereby declare that any transactions to, with, or for the benefit of any person resident, carrying on business, or being in the said Empire, which are not reasonable and are not for the time being expressly prohibited by Us, either by virtue of this Proclamation or otherwise, and which, but for the existence of the state of war aforesaid would be lawful, are hereby permitted:

And We hereby declare that the expression "person" in this Proclamation shall include any body of persons corporate or unincorporate, and where any person has or had an interest in houses or branches of business in some other country as well as in our Dominions, or in the said Empire (as the case may be), this Proclamation shall not apply to the trading or commercial intercourse carried on by such person solely from or by such person or branches of business in such other country.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace this Fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, and in the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

Cloth Made Up.

Men's Suits or Single Garments made to measure any style, from customers' own goods.

C. M. HALL,
Genuine Tailor and Renovator.
243 THEATRE HILL

WOMAN VALUED KISS AT \$25,000

And Sued the Kissers In Court For This Sum

Baltimore, Aug. 2.—Asserting that being kissed and hugged against her will is worth \$25,000, Miss Katharine Kenny, twenty-one, has brought a suit for that amount against the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Co. and John Steele Bradley.

Miss Kenny does not claim that the railway company kissed her, but she does assert that Bradley did so. He was a steward on the ship Talbot of the company's fleet, and because he was a representative of the company she contends that the corporation should assist in making up the \$25,000. According to the papers in the case she was bound for Cambridge, Md. on June 15, when the steward approached her on the deck and kissed and hugged her.

READ THE LABEL

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

READ THE LABEL

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

BRITISH RECORD IN EMIGRATION

London, Aug. 2.—A record in emigration and immigration was established for the United Kingdom in 1913, according to a government white paper. The figures show: Outward passengers, 1,886,103; inward, 1,682,492. The figures for the previous year were: Outward passengers, 1,732,147; inward, 1,490,413.

The total to and from European countries exceeded 1,000,000 for the first time in 1913, while the aggregate movement between the United Kingdom and the continent of Europe was nearly 2,500,000. The excess of British passengers who left for ports outside Europe over those who landed from such ports was 241,997. Of the total loss by emigration in 1913, about two-fifths were male, and about one-third female above eighteen years of age, while about one-quarter of the total were under eighteen. The loss by

GEMS OF THOUGHT

A New Race.

I know that just before me or somewhere about me there is a generation of men who will think less of being saved, and more of being worth saving; less of dogma, and more of duty; less of law and more of love.—J. G. Holland.

We never know for what God is preparing us in schools for what work on earth for what work in the hereafter. Our business is to do our work well in the present place, whatever that may be.—Lyman Abbott.

If ever you get light it will be this way: Christ must be a great light to you. Nobody ever found light by raking in his own inward darkness—this is, indeed, seeking the living among the dead.—C. H. Spurgeon.

emigration was about 54 p.c. of the natural increase.

FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS

Watches, Printing Outfits, Cameras, Footballs, Fountain Pens, etc., etc. for selling 25 of our Beautiful Art Pictures, size 16x20 at 20c. each. Write for some today. Address GOLD MEDAL ART CO., P.O. Box 63, St. John's.

DR. LEHR,
DENTIST, 203 WATER ST.
BEST QUALITY TEETH AT \$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED—PAINLESSLY—25c.

FOR SALE

A tract of well-wooded land near the City, conveniently situated for a farm; nicely secluded.
Apply at this office.—jnc25,tf

Published By Authority

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to direct that the following Proclamation of His Majesty the King shall come into effect on the date hereof.

JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

Dept. Colonial Secretary,
Aug. 6, 1914.

BY THE KING
A PROCLAMATION

Notifying that British Subjects contributing to a Loan raised on behalf of the German Emperor, or contracting with the German Government, will be guilty of High Treason, as adhering to the King's Enemies.

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas a state of war exists between Us and the German Emperor: And whereas it constitutes adherence to Our enemies for any of Our subjects or persons resident or being in Our Dominions during the continuance of the state of war to contribute to or participate in or assist in the floating of any loan raised on behalf of the said Emperor, or to advance money to or enter into any contract or dealings whatsoever with the said Emperor or his Government (save upon Our command), or otherwise to aid, abet, or assist the said Emperor or his Government:

Now, therefore, We do hereby warn all our subjects and all persons resident or being in Our Dominions who may be found doing or attempting any of such treasonable acts as aforesaid that they will be liable to be apprehended and dealt with as traitors, and will be proceeded against with the utmost rigour of the law.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Percie Johnson's insurance agency.

BICYCLES—English and American Bicycles, new and second hand. Parts in stock from tires to handle bars. No break too hard for us to repair. Also, Guns, Electric Bells, Baby Carriages and Locks repaired. Keys fitted. Orders carefully and promptly attended to. **RENDELL & CO., 16 & 18 King's Road, P.O. Box 462.—jnc19,td,th,tf**

IT PAYS TO PAY CASH BIG FRIDAY, SATURDAY and MONDAY SALE WE SELL FOR LESS

SMALLWARES.

Children's Buster Brown Belts, each... 5c.
Children's Assorted Hair Bands, each... 5c.
Mohair Tape Boot Laces, 2 dozen for... 5c.
Dover Egg Beaters, each... 5c.
Tooth Brushes, each... 5c.
Nugget Shoe Polish, per tin... 5c.
Tea Spoons, 3 for... 5c.
Table Spoons, 2 for... 5c.
Colored Sewing Silks, 3 reels for... 5c.
Excelsior Spring Balance, each... 10c.
Gold Paint, per bottle... 10c.
Cleopatra Beauty Box... 10c.
Dressing Combs, each... 10c.
The "Improved Patent" Pins, 4 papers for... 10c.
Black and White Sewing Cotton, 3 reels for... 10c.
Colored Rag Dolls, each... 10c.
Dressed Dolls, one in box, each... 10c.
Sperm Machine Oil, per bottle... 10c.
Child's Fancy Cups, each... 1c.

Boy's American Tweed Pants, 37c.

Made from Tailors' remnants, all good grade Tweeds, to fit boys from 6 to 10 years; open knee style, light and dark mixtures. Special for Friday, Saturday & Monday 37c

PILLOW CASES

Size 36x45. A very dainty lot, finished in serviceable Pillow Cotton with broad band of heavy embroidery at end. Something new in art Pillow cases. Reg. 35c. Friday, Saturday & Monday 31c

First in the field with a GRAND SHOWING OF LADIES' FALL HATS.

SEE WINDOW!

James Baird LIMITED

SMALLWARES.

Children's Fancy Top Hat Pins, each... 5c.
Ladies' Black Top Hat Pins, each... 5c.
Children's Fancy Brooches, each... 5c.
Nickelled Plated Pin Trays, each... 15c.
Black and Colored Mending Woods, 1 cards for... 2c.
Black and White Dome Fasteners, 2 cards for... 5c.
Brush and Comb Set, in Box; per set... 39c.
Gents' Paper Cigar Fans in Case, each... 4c.
Infants' Set in Box; per set... 10c.
The Ever-Tidy Sash Curtain Support, each... 10c.
Holy Water Bottles, each... 10c.
Aluminum Salt Shakers, each... 10c.
Fancy Glass Salt Shakers, each... 10c.
Aluminum House Numbers, each... 10c.
Monkey Brand Soap, 3 cakes for... 5c.
The Gem Safety Pin, assorted sizes, 2 cards for... 5c.
Gold Plated Collar Pins, 10 on card; per card... 5c.
Black Ebony Collar Pins; per card... 5c.
Ladies' Hair Barrettes, each... 12c.

BOYS' WASHABLE SAILOR CAPS

Made of fine White Canvas, with embroidered band. Just a nice size in the regulation shape. Regular 35c. Friday, Saturday & Monday 26c

MARKET BAGS

A simple, serviceable and strongly made Bag for shopping, made entirely of strong-knitted twine; will carry quite a lot of parcels; double handles. Special for Friday, Saturday & Monday 8c

AMERICAN SCRIM

10 pieces of Art Bordered American Scrim in Cream and White; all the rage in New York to-day for window drapes; wears much better than Curtain Nets; last longer and washes perfectly; 36 inches wide. Regular 25 cents per yard. Friday, Saturday and Monday 20c

LADIES' TAN KID GLOVES

Assorted makes, very fine Kid, all with perfect stitchings; 2 dome fasteners. Regular to \$1.25. Friday, Saturday and Monday 1.04

LADIES' SILK GLOVES

These come in White, Cream and Black, 2 pearl buttons, very fine silk, perfect stitchings, perfect fitting. Regular 65c. perfect fitting. Regular 56c. Friday, Saturday & Monday 56c

This Style & Many More

A Shirt Sale involving many dozens of Stylish and Serviceable holiday Shirts. Surprising values. Many Shirts in the heavier makes suitable for the working man, in light and dark shades. Dainty Negligee Shirts, showing all the latest stripe effects and a host of other makes with and without collars. Sizes from 14 to 18½. Values to 80c. Friday, Saturday and Monday.

49c.

CHILDREN'S HOSE

24 dozen of these in Black and Tan, very fine rib, extra long Hose; a full range of sizes. Friday, Saturday and Monday 15c

LADIES' HOSE

A new line, showing Black, White, Tan and Myrtle in Lisle and Silk make; the best Hose for warm weather, fast colors, finely woven; full sizes. Reg. 40c. Special for Friday, Saturday & Monday 32c

SAXON BRAND HOSIERY FOR MISSES'

This line comes in Black only, very fine ribbed Cashmere, wears remarkably well; assorted sizes. Regular up to 22 cts. Friday, Saturday and Monday 16c

LADIES' TAN HOSE

A special line of these, about 10 dozen only in the lot; nice bright Tan shade, finely woven Lisle. Special for Friday, Saturday & Monday 22c

JOB LINE Children's Summer Singlets

Fine Jersey ribbed, crochet neck and front, assorted sizes, ¾ sleeves; assorted weights. Many garments in the lot suitable for cooler weather wear. Special for Friday, Saturday & Monday, per garment 14c

Extra Special!

Chairs 35c. Stools 25c.

We offer the balance of our stock of these at further reduced prices; about 4 dozen altogether; either can be carried conveniently under the arm. At these special prices 4 dozen won't last long. Come early.

BOYS' COTTON SUITS

To Fit from 3 to 8 Years

A nice assortment of styles, some with deep Sailor Collar and Scarf, others in Buster Brown and Russian Blouse style, knicker pants, mostly striped, Blue and White, Black and White, Tan and White, with plain and fancy collars, belted. Values in the lot running up to \$1.50. Special all round price for Friday, Saturday and Monday 1.33

Vigorous PRICE-CUTTING

Ladies' Summer Dresses

Don't question "what is responsible for such price cutting." Simply take advantage of this offer, where so many prices are arranged, even the cheapest grades lacking nothing in material, style and finish. The materials show all the newest in Gingham Lawns, Yolles, Crepeolines, Ratine White Silk, Silk Eolines, etc. We quote the following prices for this week.

Regular up to \$2.50..... for \$1.98
Regular up to \$3.00..... for \$2.25
Regular up to \$3.50..... for \$2.48
Regular up to \$4.50..... for \$3.78
Regular up to \$6.50..... for \$4.98
Regular up to \$8.50..... for \$6.65
Regular up to \$10.00..... for \$7.95
Regular up to \$19.00..... for \$10.00

SNAP SALE!

A SNAP SALE OF CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES

Made of fine White Embroidery, showing square neck and ¾ sleeve, trimmed with Swais and lace insertion, neck and sleeves trimmed with fine lace, beautifully cut; to fit girls from 6 to 14 years. We offer these at a special price for Friday, Saturday & Monday 1.59

OUR SHOWROOM FILLED TO OVERFLOWING WITH SNAPS FOR FRIDAY, SATURDAY & MONDAY.

BLOUSES A Special Offer

About 8 dozen of smart American Blouses in fine quality White Lawn, dainty stripes; also others in Yolles, prettily trimmed with fine lace and insertion, silk and pearl buttons, high and low necks, long and short sleeves. Higher priced Blouses cannot excel these in appearance; in fact we can confidently say there is not one Blouse in the lot worth less than \$2.00. Friday, Saturday and Monday 1.28

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS

Fine White Muslin, with pretty colored borders in Pink, Lavender, Saxe, and others in all White with hemstitched border. Regular 8 cents each. Friday, Saturday and Monday 2 for 13c

CHILDREN'S AMERICAN KNICKERS

Made of superior quality White Lawn, hemstitched frill at legs, strong cotton band at waist, with buttonholes for attaching to corsets on waists; to fit children from 2 to 10 years. Friday, Saturday and Monday 17c

LADIES' COAT COLLARS

Turned down style, in fine lawn, lace trimmed, very effective; others in "Robespierre" style, in Black Sateen, with Net Jabot, and a host of other attractive makes, showing values up to 50c. Friday, Saturday and Monday 34c

Sleeping Garments FOR THE CHILDREN

Made of fine American Flannel, a one-piece garment with feet attached, well finished. Reg. 40c. Friday, Saturday & Monday 35c

NIGHTDRESSES

Embroidery & insertion trimmed, made of finest grade lawns, ribbon beading down front, turned down collar, long sleeves; full sizes. Regular to \$1.10. Friday, Saturday and Monday 87c

Colored Underskirts

These are much favored, showing pretty stripes and plaids, in Mercerized Cottons and Sateens, some with Bulgarian band at foot of skirt; also a nice showing of plain Sateen Underskirts, all thrown in at one all round-price. Regular to \$1.59. Friday, Saturday and Monday 84c

JOB LINE of American Camisoles.

A very dainty lot, every garment perfect in fit, beautifully finished, made of fine quality American White Lawn, embroidery and lace edging at neck and arm holes, draw string at neck; sizes 34 to 44. Friday, Saturday and Monday 32c

FOR SALE

Three New Modern Dwelling Houses built on Freehold Land on the Waterford Bridge Road; three minutes walk from Street Cars. Houses will be sold on easy-payment plan,—small amount of CASH down and yearly payments as rent until houses are paid for. For particulars apply to W. F. BUTLER, Architect jy25,tf 5 Bell Street.

FOR SALE

ONE MOTOR BOAT

Very pretty model, in good condition, with 8 horse power Motor Engine, new this year. The Boat and Engine will be sold at a bargain if applied for immediately.

SMITH CO., Ltd.

FORGING AHEAD!

That is the position of The Mail and Advocate, as each issue sees a larger sale. What about that WANT ADVT!

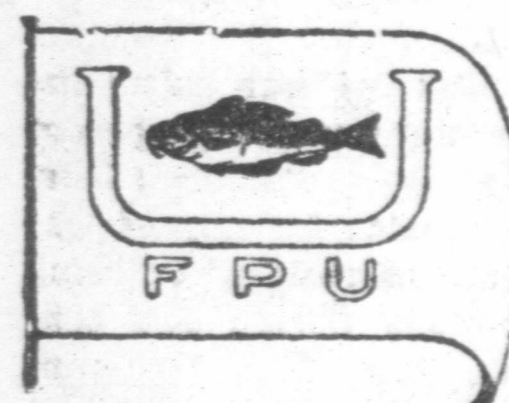
A Wise Investment

To satisfy a Mortgage.

Those two fine residences near the head of Quidi Vidi Lake, plastered, fitted with electric light and concrete foundation. Messrs. Bowring Bros. have arranged to make the adjoining land into a handsome park which will enhance the value of these houses.

J. J. ROSSITER,
WALDEGRAVE STREET
may 7, 3m

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



(To Every Man His Own.)

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 157 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

Subscription Rates.
By mail The Daily to any part of Newfoundland and Canada, \$2.00 per year.
To the United States of America, \$3.50 per year.

The Weekly issue to any part of Newfoundland and Canada, 60c. per year
To the United States of America, \$1.10 per year.

All correspondence for publication should be addressed to the Editor of The Mail and Advocate.

Letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only and the real name of the author should be attached. This will not be used unless consent be given in the communication.

The publication of any letter does not signify that the Editor thereby shows his agreement with the opinions there in expressed.

All business communications should be addressed to the Union Publishing Co., Ltd.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., AUG. 8, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

WILL THE GOVERNMENT ACT?

THE public are amazed to find the Government so indifferent to the financial situation of the Colony—commercial and public—as to allow two days to pass without taking any action. All they seem capable of doing is to allow things to drift from bad to worse.

The Premier is shouldering a serious responsibility that he may be called upon to account for at any hour by an outraged public. His inaction is incomprehensible to most men. Is he playing into the hands of the Bank of Montreal? If so he may have to answer for the trick and heavy will be the price demanded by the public.

It is to be assumed that there is no one in the Government capable of making an effort to protect the commercial interests of the Colony? Are things to be permitted to drift until conditions far surpassing those prevailing on Black Monday of twenty years ago have overtaken the Colony? Must the people remain inactive in the face of facts that must convince all thinking men that fully 20,000 families will be destitute the coming winter unless provision is now made to meet every emergency? Do the Government intend to permit the Colony to drift into a position of helpless bankruptcy in order to make sure of forcing Confederation upon the Colony on Reid's terms whether the people are willing or unwilling?

We warn Sir Edward against any further continuation of fooling the people; for the North is relying upon President Coaker to do his duty and protect the fishermen's interests, and when he says the word 20,000 men will be ready to stand at his back at any cost and die rather than be false to their leader. If anyone imagines that any process of trickery will succeed in forcing any issue upon the Colony, we warn them to give up those imaginations; for nothing but a square deal will now be tolerated in our Island Home.

The people will be in a desperate state of mind by the end of October, no matter how things may brighten up by then, and unless the Government are bidding for mob rule over three-fourths of the Colony next

winter they should immediately proceed to do all in their power to prepare for the worse year's fishery Newfoundland has ever seen.

The railway branches remaining unfinished must be proceeded with in October and five thousand men employed. Every avenue of labor will be curtailed and there will be thousands placed in the same position as the employees of the Nova Scotia Steel Co. at Bell Island were placed two days ago when they were informed that all work was stopped until next spring and the Company would not require the services of even ten men.

We will aid the Government in anything that is right. The F.P.U. have no desire to see a change of government at the present time. No one envies the Government their position or their power under present circumstances. We intend to have what is right done and if the Premier won't move it will be our duty to make things as hot for him as any Premier ever experienced in this Colony.

The country can do very little now to aid the Mother Country in her tremendous struggle, but a great deal can be done and must be done to protect our toilers against starvation the coming winter, and if the Government refuse to do its duty, they will suffer for their negligence even greater than many of their worse opponents would approve of. Conditions were bad yesterday but they are far worse to-day.

Must the public remain silent and inactive in the face of the refusal of the rulers of the land to take steps to prevent a few men from growing richer by demanding exorbitant prices for goods they held before the big advance in prices.

We are watching every move and we will not hesitate to show up every firm or man that attempts to grow rich out of the miseries of the poor people and those who hope to grow rich quick out of the miseries of the people will stand a mighty good chance of being ruined when the smoke of this war has passed away for we will publicly expose every man's son of them.

THE PUBLIC DESPATCH.

WE protest against the outrage perpetrated on the public yesterday by the Government or the Post Master General in withholding the public despatches from this paper, while the Daily News received them as they came in; and although this paper is paying its full share of the cost of the public news we read the despatches in the News this morning before they were sent to us by the Telegraph Department.

Does Premier Morris want to become absolute dictator of this almost God-forsaken country, which has been nearly massacred financially and politically by his intentional blunders of the past five years.

We warn him to act like a man and be a party to no further outrageous conduct against the public interest. The people are in no mood for any further insults.

We demand an explanation from the Post Master General and if not forthcoming immediately he will be held responsible for the crime of holding back the public news from us in order to appease the enmity of the other papers, who are jealous because we issued a few war extras and showed them how sleepy they were and how far behind the times they had dragged.

What a paper of six months old has done—aided by the fishermen's money—surely some of these papers, established 20 to 25 years, might have copied, seeing they have grown rich and indolent by their many raids on the public treasury.

We try to give the public satisfaction and value for their money, unaided by boodle from the public chest, and the other papers, which are all now drawing from the public Treasury, might, if they had the go, do over and over again, the little we have attempted.

The public will be indignant when they learn of the attempt of the Government to muzzle this paper respecting the publication of the war news.

PLANETS AND THE WEATHER

ONE of the correspondents of The Weekly News Letter to Crop correspondents published by the United States Department of Agriculture wants to know whether the position of the planets have any effect on the weather. The following is The News Letter's answer:

A few people strongly assert that they do, while many others have their doubts. Those, however, who have given the subject careful attention are positive that none of the planets, not even the moon, ever has any appreciable effect on the weather.

As a matter of fact, all weather changes depend ultimately upon temperature differences. The temperature as we know, constitutes of itself a most important weather factor. Another and equally important weather factor is rainfall. But to obtain rain it is necessary, first to evaporate water from the surface of

CLASSY, ENTERTAINING, POPULAR, INTERESTING.

THE NICKEL for the Best in MOTION PICTURES!

THE LUBIN COMPANY PRESENT IN TWO PARTS
"HOME SWEET HOME."

A successful man and his wife wanted his father and mother to live with them. The old home was sold, so was the furniture and the old horse, and into town they moved. How uncomfortable and unhappy they were, But they got everything back and went home again, and — well it's the kind of story that works straight into your heart.

PILLARS OF SOCIETY—A social drama. | **RULE THYSELF**—An Edison comedy.
THE CAPTURE OF A WILD CAT—An interesting subject. | **COHEN'S OUTING**—A Keystone comedy.

DeWITT C. CAIRNS, Baritone.
Prof. P. J. McCARTHY at the Piano. | JOSEPH F. ROSS, Effects, Realism.

SEND THE CHILDREN TO THE BIG BUMPER MATINEE SATURDAY.

Everjet
Elastic Paint

The Best Carbon Paint

Everjet is a lustrous black carbon paint that combines the qualities of cheapness and durability. It is a bituminous product and is elastic, adhesive; will not rub, peel or scale; will not become brittle and crack; is impervious to moisture; can be used in any climate, resists all action of acids, alkalis, gases, steam vapors, etc. Everjet is suitable for use on all exposed iron and woodwork.

Booklet on request.

Colin Campbell,
85 Water Street.

FUNNY CONDUCT OF MAGISTRATE

Correspondent Says he Considers Punctuality Before the Law

La Seie, July 7.—About the latter part of May Joseph Morgan put a codnet out to keep a trap berth and never used it only when he went and put out three other trap moorings on it.

I with my crew went out to secure a trap berth with our leader. I thought this was the only thing that was lawful to secure a trap berth and only then for four days.

As soon as Morgan heard that we had our leader out by the side of his old net down he went out the next morning and put his trap down and took up the net, but it is wrong for me to say it was a net, for it was only a piece, for it was torn all to pieces and he had rocks tied around the head and foot of it.

Intended to Have It

I went to him and asked him what he did it for, he said that he intended to have it or lose five hundred dollars over it at the Supreme Court at St. John's. So I went to our magistrate (Duggan) and gave him my statement re the matter.

He said it was unlawful for Morgan to act as he did and told me that Morgan's trap was keeping the berth for me until it was settled. I told the magistrate to summon him.

Next morning I was waiting for the time to come and lots of people stayed in to see how the trial was going to come off. I went by my time and the magistrate went by the sheriff's time. Morgan came a little before me and I was on time by my time but 5 or 10 minutes behind by the sheriff's time, and when I went in to the office he went for me for being late and said the case is dismissed.

I said that I went by my time and he told me I shouldn't.

Time, Not Law

Well, I said, my time is as likely to be right as yours; but he said that it was not any good to say that and he said that when the hour was up by the time they had there he, the magistrate, read the charge to the defendant and I, the plaintiff, was not there, so he said this case is dismissed.

I asked how all cases go off like this? He said yes.

I asked him to give me another summons and Morgan said he had one and wouldn't take another and the magistrate said I couldn't get another.

Is this the way that law is settled? If this is right why the poor man is not going to get much fair play. What is your opinion of the matter? Please oblige me by letting me know.

[Our opinion is that Duggan is unfit to administer law and that the sooner he is removed from a magistrate's position the better for the respect due to law and order.

There is no doubt but Morgan is no better than he ought to be and if the laws are administered on the Treaty Shore as described by Mr. Andrews the sooner a change is made the better for all concerned.—Editor.]

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the FIFTH by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

W. E. DAVIDSON,
Governor.
[L.S.]

To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S Government find themselves under the necessity of availing themselves of the power reserved under Article 8 of the International Telegraph Convention and Article 17 of the International Radio-Telegraph Convention to suspend the transmission of telegrams and radio-telegrams to and from or in transit through the United Kingdom, and to and from or in transit through all British Possessions and all British Protectorates whatsoever, save and except such telegrams and radio-telegrams as are on the service of His Majesty's Government or of the Government of any British Possession or Protectorate.

With a view, however, to minimize inconvenience to the public, His Britannic Majesty's Government will, until further notice, and as an act of grace, permit the transmission of such telegrams and radio-telegrams in plain language as foreign Governments or the public chosen to send, provided that such telegrams and radio-telegrams are written in English or French, and on the understanding that they are accepted at the sender's risk and subject to censorship by the British authorities; that is, that they may be stopped, delayed or otherwise dealt with in all respects at the discretion of those authorities and without notice to the senders; and that no claims in respect of them, whether for the reimbursement of the sums paid for transmission or otherwise, will be considered by His Majesty's Government in any circumstances whatever. It is, moreover, essential that such telegrams with radio-telegrams should bear the sender's name at the end of the text, otherwise they are liable to be stopped until the name is notified by paid telegraph. Registered abbreviated addresses will not be accepted, either as addresses or as the names of senders.

NOTE.—The term "telegram" is applied to radio-telegraph messages sent from shore to shore, as well as to those sent by cable or land line.

The term "radio-telegram" is used to denote messages exchanged between ships and the shore.

Given under the Great Seal of Our Island of Newfoundland.

Witness Our trusty and well beloved SIR WALTER EDWARD DAVIDSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over its Dependencies, at St. John's, in Our said Island, this 3rd day of August, A.D., 1914, and in the Fifth year of Our Reign.

By His Excellency's Command,
JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

F. Gordon Bradley, LL.B.
(Dalhousie University.)

SOLICITOR,
Smallwood Building,
Duckworth Street,
St. John's.
P.O. Box 1270.

Pope's
Furniture and Mattress Factory.

We have been Furniture and Mattress Manufacturers of Newfoundland for over half a century.

Manufacturers of House, School, Church, Lodge and Office Furniture. All orders receive prompt and careful attention. Our Upholstering and Bedding Department is up-to-date. Nothing but pure, clean material used in the manufacture of same.

Factory, Office and Show Rooms
WALDEGRAVE and GEORGE STREETS.
ST. JOHN'S.

Wall Paper and Bordering

Arrived ex S.S. Sardinian:

2029 Bundles, 75,000 Rolls

Wall Paper!

Specially selected for the Newfoundland trade.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE

ROBINSON EXPORT Co.

The Best 4-H.P. ENGINE You Can Buy Is

The 'GUARANTEE'

1st. Because it is a 4 cycle engine.
2nd. It is strongly built.
3rd. It is a combination engine.
4th. It is very simple.
5th. Has proved itself superior to all others.

ROBERT TEMPLETON
St. John's Agent.

the earth, and this, as everyone knows, requires heat. Still another important weather factor is the direction and force of the wind, and this, too, requires heat, for the winds will not blow unless the temperature is different at one place from what it is at another, any more than the air will draw up a chimney when there is no fire in it.

Since then the heating of different parts of the earth and its atmosphere to different temperatures is the real cause of the winds and of all weather changes it follows that the moon and the planets can affect the weather only so far as they supply heat.

Now, according to accurate measurements made with the most delicate instruments, the amount of heat sent to the earth by all the planets, and also by the moon is insignificant in comparison to the amount that comes from the sun. Hence, we could not expect either the planets or the moon appreciably to affect the weather. They do not supply enough heat, the one thing that causes all our weather changes.

To most people the foregoing reasoning may seem quite sufficient and conclusive, but there is still another and an entirely different method of testing the whole question. We can observe the positions of the planets and the kind of weather during each position and see whether the same sort of weather always comes when the planets are in the same position. This kind of examination has often been made, both for the planets and for the moon, but not the slightest influence of either upon our weather has ever been found.

To sum up: We have every reason to believe that neither planets nor the moon can have any appreciable effect on the weather, because they furnish so little heat upon which all weather changes ultimately depend, and this belief is fully supported by weather records.

The belief, still to be found in all countries, that the planets and the moon do affect the weather never had any scientific basis whatever; it is only a remnant of the many superstitions generated and fostered by that other and greater superstition, astrology.

UNSATISFACTORY.

WE beg to call the attention of the Post Master General to the unsatisfactory posting of war news at the Post Office. In the first place the reading is too small and it is also very much blurred in most cases, so much so that it is impossible to read it.

We should think that in a time like this, when such fateful tidings are being spread abroad, and so many persons interested and anxious to learn the news, that some better system could be adopted.

Why not have a large blackboard on which the leading features of the messages could be written in large letters where every body could see it, or sheets of newspaper might be used and the events written in ink with a brush.

While we are on this subject of war news, why not get authentic news. People are sick of being fooled with unsupported rumors. Give us facts or refrain from giving anything.

WANTED.

For the Methodist Superior School, Channel, a Male Teacher holding A.A. Certificate. Salary \$220, and school fees.

Also for Primary Department, a Female Teacher. Salary \$75, and fees.

Inclose testimonials and apply to Chairman.
—jy27,3w, m,w,f,t,th

Excursion to Ferryland

SPECIAL TRAIN, AUGUST 24.

A Garden Party will be held at this delightful place, proceeds in aid of the New Convent.

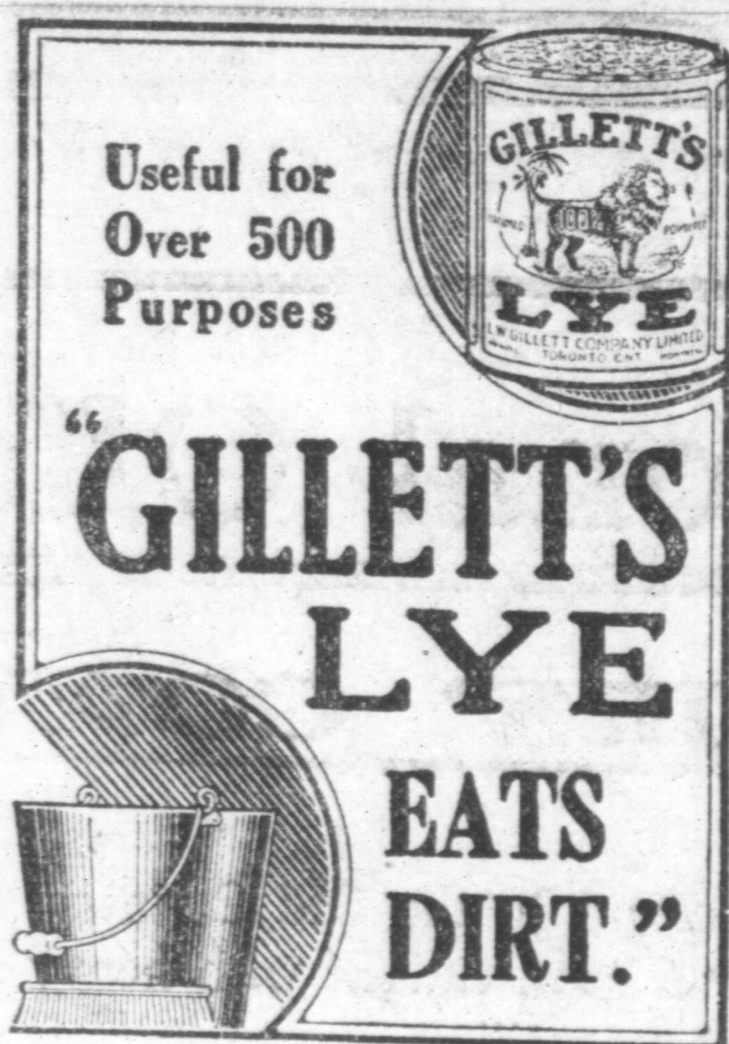
No more beautiful spot could be chosen as the objective of an outing than the historic town of Ferryland, the first settlement of Lord Baltimore.

A great many have already signified their intention of going. Particulars will be furnished later on.
aug3,41

GERMAN FLEET HAS ITS BASE ON KIEL CANAL

Has One Naval Station On the Baltic and Another On North Sea
AND CANAL HAS LENGTH OF 70 MILES
Its Naval Basins are Capable Of Accommodating the Greatest Warship

The Kiel Canal, which enables the German fleet to pass quickly from the Baltic Sea to the North Sea through Germany's own territory without the possibility of being followed or preceded by an enemy.
The Kiel Canal is sixty-one miles long, and has at its east end the great naval base and fortress of Kiel, the headquarters of Germany's Baltic squadron. The canal runs through the Prussian Province of Schleswig-Holstein, which was taken from Denmark by Bismarck, whose



Useful for Over 500 Purposes

GILLETT'S LYE

EATS DIRT.

foresightedness is now being blessed in a dozen instances by the German people. Bismarck passionately urged that some means must be found whereby the German fleet could go from the Baltic to the North Sea without having to run the narrow gauntlet between Denmark and Sweden.

Great Strategic Point
The canal is seventy miles, by rail, north of Hamburg, is 36 feet deep and 213 feet wide. The entrance to the canal is 1 1/2 miles north of the city of Kiel, on the Baltic, which possesses naval yards, employing fourteen thousand men, as well as a naval academy. Its naval basins will contain the largest warships afloat. The harbor is eleven miles long and from one-quarter to four and a half miles wide with a depth ranging from 20 to 49 feet. It is strongly defended, having two forts on the west and four on the east, all situated about five miles from the head of the harbor at a point where the converging shores are close together, making it a place of unusual strategic strength. The population of the city is about 159,000.

Wilhelmshaven, the other principal naval base of the German Empire is situated on the North Sea on the west side of Jade Bay. It is 41 miles north-west of Bremen, and besides various shipbuilding and dry-docks, has a specially constructed torpedo harbor. Its population is small, being under 25,000.

The Loss of Heligoland
A place having even greater interest for Britishers is Heligoland, which was ceded to Germany by

Britain in 1890 as a token of friendship, after having been in Britain's possession for 83 years. Many strategists bewailed this act of Britain as a colossal mistake, while others said the island or islands—for there are two rocky islets—were of no value. At all events, Germany took the islands, the larger of which is barely a mile long and a third of a mile wide, with an average height of two hundred feet, and converted them into a powerful fortress. A seawall 25 feet high and 16 feet thick, made of steel and concrete, buttressed with granite, was built around the principal island at a cost of another \$8,000,000. In this harbor the entire German fleet could find anchorage. The cliffs are of reddish color, while the beach is white. Perched upon the highest point, 216 feet above the sea, is a church, crowned with a conspicuous spire.

Germany's First Squadron and her entire cruiser squadron are based at Wilhelmshaven. The Second and Third Squadrons are based at Kiel.

WONDERFUL RESULTS FROM A.I.C., THE WORLD'S CURE

When everything else fails to cure you give our medicine a trial and be cured. We have scores testifying to its curative value. Hear what Mrs. Aron says about it:

July 7th, 1914.
Nineteen months I have been suffering with heart disease, until I hear of A.I.C. I took a pint bottle and now I am perfectly cured. I tried all doctors and medicine, but A.I.C. was the only cure I could find.
MRS. HENRY ARON, Southside, Carbonear.

Another cured at St. George's:
June 29th, 1914.
I have been a sufferer for eighteen months. I tried all doctors, but all failed to cure me. I took two bottles of A.I.C. and now I am perfectly cured. If anyone doubts this statement, write or see me personally.
MRS. MARY FRENCH, St. George's.

Manufactured by **Saunders & Mercer**, Shearstown, Nfld.
Price \$1.25 and \$2.25

DO IT NOW!
Its no use waiting till somebody else gets ahead of you. Now is the time to advertise in **The Mail and Advocate**.

RANDOM READINGS

Chamberlain and Roosevelt

The late Joseph Chamberlain was a man of such remarkable ability as a political organizer that in his younger days he was regarded as the English counterpart of the American boss, relying largely for results upon the perfection of his machine. His rise to power was looked upon as likely to graft American methods upon English politics.

These gloomy predictions have not been verified, and John Bull's political ways still remain his own.

In a way Mr. Chamberlain was like our own T.R.—he found it hard to play a secondary role. In turn he managed to disrupt the Liberal and Conservative parties, and he died disliked by both without having attained the object of his ambitions.

From present indications T.R. is likely to continue to make this comparison good. He smashed the G.O.P., and now he is disorganizing the Progressives.

Sobriety Grows

There is no question whatever that it is too late in the world's history for any man to drink freely, and all employers, commercial and governmental, are increasingly, opposed to men who drink at all.

Several ships in the British navy are "dry," and there is some expectation of a general order to that effect. All alcoholic drinks have been barred from the Norwegian navy.

The Kaiser is not drinking anything now and has commended total abstinence to the naval cadets, telling them that the next war would be won by the nation which drank the least.

The Czar is discouraging the use of liquors among officers, and the Russian war ministry is trying to check the use of vodka.

In France and Germany many scientists and government officials, civil and military, are devoting their influence and examples to total abstinence.

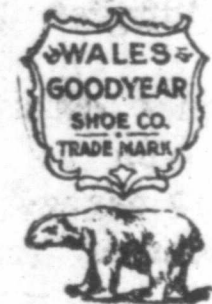
The Flag Waver

A scoundrel is associated with a certain amount of daring and nerve. In the mind of the ordinary man. And a scoundrel is generally known and recognized.

But the real flag waver is a different breed of animal, as a rule. He lacks nerve and daring. He is pretty much coward and all hypocrite. He is short of brain but long of tongue, and the ignorant and thoughtless are his victims, and the narrow-minded and bigoted his tools.

The flag waver is not a new development in political discussions, and is closely related to the jingoist. The common bond of sympathy between them is that neither is anxious to participate in the trouble he is trying to foment.

LOOK FOR THE BEAR—HIS PHOTO IS HERE.



This is the Trade Mark of the Wales Goodyear Rubber Co. If you do not find this on rubbers, they are not BEAR BRAND.

These celebrated rubbers will be on sale next fall and winter in the following towns in the

DISTRICT OF ST. GEORGE'S:
Curling Port-aux-Port
Humbermouth Stephenville
Nardini St. George's

The people in these places will find Bear Brand the best rubbers they have worn. So will you. Watch for the name of your town.

Cleveland Trading Co.,
St. John's

Tailoring by Mail Order

I make a specialty of **Mail Order Tailoring** and can guarantee good fitting and stylish garments to measure. A trial order solicited.

Outport orders promptly made up and despatched C.O.D. to any station or port in the Island, carriage paid.

JOHN ADRAIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
ST. JOHN'S.

(Next door to F.P.U. office.)
Jan 20, tu, th, sat

Bred and Born in New'dland



Black Fox Cigarettes

One cent each.

Invest your "odd" cents in a few Black Foxes.

Imperial Tobacco Co.
(Newfoundland) Ltd.

ENGLISH NEWS.

Broad beans have been so plentiful in Surrey that they do not now pay for the picking, and many fields are being ploughed in.

While standing on his van at Surbiton to light a cigarette, Charles Rentell, a brewer's carter, was thrown into the road. He was run over and killed by his van.

During the annual promulgation of Manx laws at Tynwald Hill, near Douglas, in accordance with ancient ceremony, M. Salmel, the aviator, landed on a hill from an aeroplane.

While bathing in a tributary to the Trent at Newark, William Cox, twenty-five, sank. His companions dived after him, but could not find him. The body was found later.

A unique parish magazine is that published at The Lee, Great Missenden (Bucks.) The editor, Mr. Ivor Stewart Liberty, allows each of the three Nonconformist chapels in the village a page of space, in which they publish any parish news they please.

without conditions or restrictions. This feature originated with the former vicar, the Rev. E. Palmer, who gave a weekly column to the Primitive Methodists.

A destructive fire occurred at Devonport Dockyard in the mould loft, a comparatively new building adjoining the drawing office. It was not for two hours that the fire was got under control, and by that time the upper floor was completely burnt out, and the roof had fallen in. In addition to the damage to the building, a large quantity of valuable drawings and apparatus was destroyed.

The Portsmouth magistrate ordered a week's remand in custody and medical examination in the case of Arthur Brown, a shipwright at Portsmouth Dockyard, who is charged with attempting to murder Francis Young. The inspector went aboard the destroyer "Flint" in the repairing basin and struck Young over the head with an angle iron. In attempting to push him into the water Brown fell in, and was rescued with difficulty. No motive was suggested.

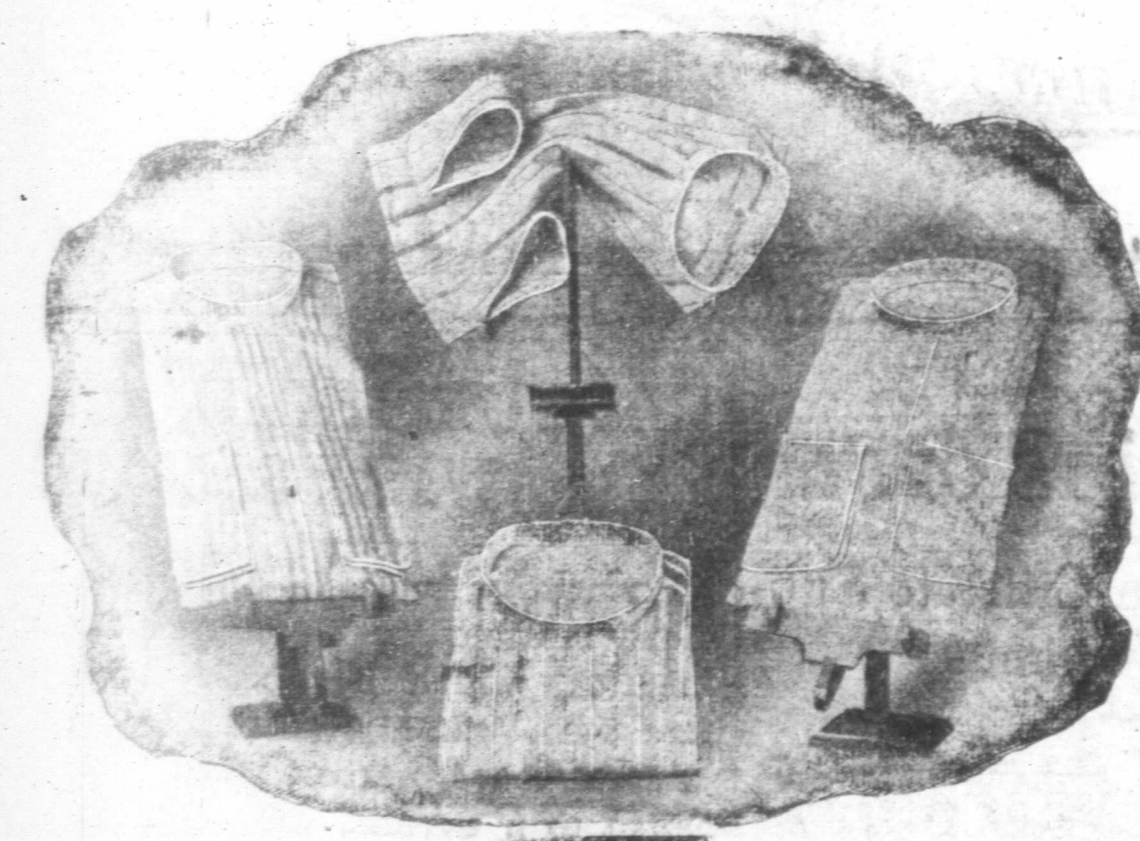
A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN

Every successful business man can give reasons for his prosperity. Most essential to any success is a careful and ceaseless attention to details. Every well conducted office or store in the world finds that simple and effectual filing systems are an absolute necessity. No employer will waste his own time or allow waste with his staff by using old fashioned methods. The benefits derived from the time and money-saving system which "Globe-Wernicke" devices encourage are self-evident. Not a paper can go astray when the "Safeguard" method of this Company is used. And no matter how complicated your filing problem, no matter how peculiar, no matter how small or how large, the "Globe-Wernicke" can provide you with the equipment that will place every record at your finger tips. Why not investigate? Mr. Percie Johnson represents the "Globe" in Newfoundland.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Seasonable Gent's Furnishing!

Shirts, Neckties, Straw Hats, Soft Collars, Linen Vests, etc.



SHIRTS.

Men's Fancy American Cambric, Soft front, stiff cuffs 60c.
Plain and Fancy American, Soft Front, Soft Cuffs, some with soft detachable collars 70c.
Superior Quality fine American Mercerized Cambric, Soft Front, Soft Reversible Cuffs and Soft Detachable Collars 1.25

Strong English Cambric and Gingham SHIRTS,

Soft front and soft cuffs, the Shirt for hard wear,

80c., \$1.00, \$1.30 & \$1.40.

NECKTIES.

We have a large assortment, newest shapes

15c. to 40c.

Special lot of English and American wide end Scarves, very classy,

30c. & 40c. each.

Soft Collars = = = 15, 17 and 20c.

Swiss Straw Hats - 70c. and \$1.00

Fancy Linen Washing Vests = = \$1.00



STEER BROTHERS.

Warner CORSETS

We place on our counter the New Models so new they are refreshing to look at, every line a line of beauty, every fit a satisfying sight. Time saving, labor saving, for the reason that we can pick at a glance your model.

Come and see them while our enthusiasm is fresh and bubbling. We are always enthusiastic over the WARNER, but when they are "just in" our enthusiasm knows no bounds.

MARSHALL BROS.

Agents.

NEWS OF THE CITY AND THE OUTPORTS.

COMMISSIONERS' WEEKLY SESSION

Dealt Last Night With a Big Budget, Mostly Routine Matters

The regular weekly meeting of the Civic Commission was held last night. Chairman Gosling and all the members were present.

The Reid Co. accepted the Board's terms to continue the sprinkler this season. Furlong & Conroy claimed, on behalf of Miss Kelly, damages of \$25.00, caused by the sprinkling of water on the streets. Referred to the Solicitor for Report.

Jas. P. Blackwood wrote on behalf of J. P. McLaughlin, as to the street line on western LeMarchant Road. The Secretary and Engineer will furnish facts for next meeting.

Wanted Award

Mr. Blackwood also wrote as to payment of award made in them after of the ground of the Methodist Church at Flavin Street. The Board has a debenture and the matter will be seen to.

M. P. Gibbs wrote as to an arrangement being made for people who want to build their houses on streets north of LeMarchant Road.

The cost of water, sewerage and road making is to be secured, and past records on the same matter looked up.

As To Sewerage

C. H. Hutchings wrote as to sewerage on LeMarchant Road. He explained the distance he was from the main to be connected with.

Wm. Campbell wrote as to conditions in the pavement near his premises, Water Street. The engineer is to report.

Messrs. Percy and Day wrote that their horses were not wandering on the public thoroughfare when arrested, and asked for a return of fees paid. The Secretary stated the impounder reported to him that he had taken the horses on the public way.

The particulars sent in by Mrs. Cotter, King's Bridge, as to sewerage connection were not sufficient.

Cost \$2400

The Engineer reported that it would cost \$2400 to lay water and sewerage in Golf Avenue. The Solicitor is to be asked to interpret the law as to charging the property for such services.

In the matter of the Johnson building off Prescott Street, which was erected without a permit, he is to be ordered to take it down.

Decided to renew water main on Cochrane Street, and tenders will be asked for the back-filling.

The Engineer reported on the condition of the pavement on Water St. Plans of houses for Messrs. Squires, Green and Legge were left over.

Claimed \$12.00

Inspector Barnes reported a claim from a resident of Long's Hill for \$12 for damage to his house, caused by the oil sprinkler. Referred to Solicitor.

The Secretary submitted report of interview with owner of land, Catherine Street, and said he did not consider it a necessary public improvement. Decided not to take the land.

The committee appointed to consider the necessity of a tank on Pleasant Street, reported against erecting one there.

A meeting will be held on Tuesday night to discuss rules, regulations and by-laws, and on Thursday for sanitary matters.

After a short talk on some minor matters the meeting adjourned.

WEDDING BELLS

Smyth-Long

A very quiet but pretty wedding took place Thursday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Smyth, when their youngest daughter Josephine M. was united in the bonds of matrimony to Mr. Stuart A. Long of the Nfld. Express Co.

The bride looked charming in a dress of pale blue silk with hat to match and carried a bouquet of sweet peas and carnations.

The bride was attended by the groom's sister, Miss Hilda Long, and the groom was ably supported by his brother Walter, of the Nfld. Co., North Sydney.

Following the ceremony a reception was held, after which the happy couple left for Waterford Bridge, where they were entertained by Doyleys, where the honeymoon will be spent.

The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Moderate to fresh S. W. winds, fair and warm with a few local showers. Sunday: Moderate westerly winds, fair.

GRAND FALLS PLAYERS DINE

Were Honored Last Night By Winning City Team

The ball players of Grand Falls, the City team and a few friends, were dined at Wood's West End Restaurant last evening. Mr. J. O. Hawvermale performed the duties of master of ceremonies in a very satisfactory manner.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed and "Rule Britannia" was sung with patriotism and power when the war news was announced.

The Grand Falls boys are a jolly lot and we think have enjoyed their visit to the capital. Mr. Fortier, who has played the game abroad, was very eulogistic of the treatment the visitors received.

The menu was an excellent one and was followed by the following toasts: "The King"—Prop. The Chairman. "God Save the King"; "Rule Britannia";

"The Visiting Team"—Prop. M. Chaplin; Res. C. H. Hayward.

"The Winners"—Prop. G. Fortier; Res. A. Montgomerie.

"The Cup Donor and Trustees"—Prop. D. L. Pritchard; Res. W. J. Higgins.

"Lord Northcliffe"—Prop. A. Montgomerie; Res. "He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

"The Press"—Prop. P. J. Grace; Res. Representatives.

"The Ladies"—Prop. J. Meehan; Res. F. McVane.

The health of the Chairman and Mr. John Stancombe, who is ground supervisor, was enthusiastically toasted.

The musical part of the programme was very creditably carried out. Mr. F. V. Chesman was in charge and the following gentlemen contributed items: Messrs. Brown, Fortier, McVane, Orth, Burkhardt, Hanlin, Pritchard and the Grand Falls septette.

At midnight the singing of the Marseillaise and the National Anthem brought the evening to a close.

The Grand Fallers leave for home this evening.

SHIPPING

Bruce arrived at Basques at 6.15 a.m.

Lintrose left Basques at 1.10 a.m.

S.S. Morwenna leaves Montreal to-day.

Fogota left Badger's Quay at 7.05 a.m.

Earl of Devon left LaSalle at 3.40 a.m.

There is no word of the Cacouna to-day.

Portia left Pushthrough at 4 a.m. going west.

S.S. Pomeranian is now at Philadelphia awaiting orders from the owners to sail.

S.S. Digby did not leave Liverpool until Sunday night last and is not due until to-morrow. She is bringing 23 first class passengers including Prof. Dunstan and wife, Rev. Canon White, Miss White.

S.S. Stephano sails at 3 p.m., taking J. Sutherby, Miss M. Dunne, Mrs. J. B. Baird, J. Blue, Mrs. Blue, W. D. Shoud, Mrs. Cummings, Miss S. G. Carter, H. S. and Mrs. Goodman, Mr. Curry, Miss Gosse, W. Somerville, S. Gosse, W. Duggan, Miss H. Duggan, Miss Gosse, J. F. Harlock, Mr. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Martin, J. P. McCormick and 12 steerage.

Highlanders Parade

The Highlanders will hold a church parade to-morrow morning, attending service at the Congregational Church.

LOST

On Tuesday between Monroe Street and Penneywell Road, a Ladies' Buttoned Boot. Would the finder kindly return to this office.

C. C. C.

A Special Meeting of the C.C.C. Reserves will be held to-morrow morning after Last Mass.

J. S. SPEARNS,

Chairman.

STARS WON GAME FROM COLLEGIANS

Match was Played off in Presence of Almost Record Number of Spectators

Line-Up
Collegians—Butler, goal; Ayre, Barrett, backs; H. Barnes, Pike, E. Barnes, halves; Qick, Noonan, Maddock, Smallwood, Fenwick, forwards.

Star—Phelan, goal; Hart Thompson, backs; Vinnicombe, Kavanagh, Christopher, halves; Morgan, Caul, Brien, Power, Phelan, forwards.

Referee—W. J. Higgins.
Linesmen—Rolls (Star), Qick (Collegians).

The Game
At 6.45 last evening the two best teams for the season were called on the field to play off for first place on the time table. The evening was an ideal one for football and no doubt the best team won. The gathering of spectators was the largest seen on St. George's field for a number of years.

The match was looked forward to with great interest, as both teams were even and a fast and furious game was expected. The game all through was fast and exciting and it was hard to judge who would be the likely winners.

The ball being set in motion was sent along at lightning speed and all players set to work in earnest. Shortly after eight minutes play Phelan took the ball up field and passed nicely in the mouth of the goal to Caul who headed the ball safely home, scoring the first and only goal for the evening, thus winning the game for the Star.

The Collegians did all in their power to score but were unsuccessful. Barrett and Ayre played a splendid defence game and saved the Collegians from a bigger score against them.

The Star forward line played the best game seen on St. George's field for a number of years. The first half ended with the Stars one goal to their credit.

Second Half
The second half was seen even faster than the first. The Collegians putting on a fresh spurt kept the Stars goal in danger for a while, but could not beat Phelan.

The evening began to close in quickly and it made it hard for the players and consequently the ball was seen too often outside the touch line to please the spectators. The ball during the latter part of the game should have been played more to centre field.

Vinnicombe was seen in good style and "Neddy" Power played with his usual good dash. The Collegians eleven were in perfect condition, but luck in scoring was against them.

The C.E.I. and Star meet next. If the former win the three teams will be equal and a play-off will decide the champion for 1914.

Water Street merchants are receiving large orders for flour, tea, sugar and other food stuffs.

These stocks are none too large and several have sold completely out of flour, while sugar is going quickly.

There is rumor of one or two people speculating in flour.

Two of our most prominent business men on Water Street spoke to our representative that it was high time for the Government to step in and prevent exorbitant prices being charged.

Selling prices are influenced by the markets abroad, but there is nothing in the wheat markets at present to warrant exorbitant prices.

It was reported at the Board of Trade at lunch hour that a member has expressed his intention of calling on His Excellency the Governor relative to the matter.

IS IN THE THICK OF HOSTILITIES
Lieut. Boze, son-in-law of Mrs. L. O'B. Furlong, is navigator with Capt. Woolcombe on the Commonwealth, of the Third Battle Squadron.

Both officers are well known in St. John's.

Mrs. Furlong is visiting her daughters in England, staying with Mrs. Cooper-Key, who recently became a mother.

Lieut. Cooper-Key is in charge of a torpedo boat attached to the First Battle Squadron.

Express arrived at 1.15 p.m.

War News

(Continued From Page 1)

ESTABLISHING PRESS BUREAU IN GT. BRITAIN

So That the Public May Receive Authoritative War News

FIRST WAR LORD THANKS PRESS

For Their Co-operation With The Authorities Before The War

London, Aug. 7.—Winston Churchill advised that arrangements have been made such as would reduce the possibility of accidents from mines to a minimum. Referring to the discouraging war news spread by the newspapers, Mr. Churchill said they were probably due to the very strict censorship prevailing, and this caused the papers to fill their columns with reports from irresponsible and nervous people along the coast.

Government Press Bureau.
Mr. Churchill announced that the British Government had decided to establish a press bureau, which would be presided over by Frederick E. Smith, a member of Parliament, and from this bureau would be issued a steady supply of trustworthy information from both Admiralty and War Office, without placing in danger the naval and military departments of the country. The country would be kept properly and truthfully informed of the state of affairs from day to day.

The First Lord then paid a tribute to the press for its restraint during the precautionary period when the Government were without legal means for controlling it. This had enabled the authorities to expeditiously and discreetly complete their preparations.

No Other Fighting.
The First Lord continued that, apart from the loss of the small cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koelgin Luise, there was no other fighting and no other loss as far as he was aware.

On Wednesday a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers while patrolling the upper reaches of the Channel found the Luise lay mines. She was pursued and sunk. About 50 of her crew which probably numbered 120 or 130 men, were humanely saved by the crews of the destroyers.

Was Blown Up.
The Amphion continued to scout with the flotilla and one her return journey was blown up by a mine. This indiscriminate use of mines not in connection with military harbors or strategic positions and the indiscriminate scattering of contact mines about the seas might destroy not only a warship, but peaceful merchantmen under a neutral flag and possibly carrying supplies to a neutral country.

This use of mines deserves the attentive consideration not only of those of us who are engaged in war, but of all the nations of the civilized world.

The Admiralty is not at all alarmed or disconcerted by this incident.

DUBLIN HONORS BRITISH TROOPS

Population Demonstrated in Their Honor as They Entrained For Active Service in the Great European War

Dublin, Aug. 7.—There was a great demonstration here over the British regiments which entrained for active service.

Reservists who were starting for England were escorted to the station by Nationalists with bands of music.

A great number of Unionist Protestants are joining the Nationalists in volunteering for the defence of the country.

Dublin, Aug. 7.—Enthusiasm was at a high pitch last night when soldiers of various Irish regiments moved through the city to the quay for cross Channel destinations.

All the bitterness and hatred between the Nationalists and Ulsterites for the present have disappeared, and everywhere there is patriotism, the like of which is seldom seen.

Political factions are joining together, cheering the soldiers and singing patriotic songs.

Flour advanced 30 cents per barrel in Canada during the last 24 hours.

Sensational Offering!

LADIES' COATS

Owing to a backward season in the Old Country, many manufacturers and wholesalers have been caught with heavy stocks, which they are forced to clear out at a sacrifice.

Our representative being on the spot early, has had his pick of several exceptionally good values, some of which have just arrived.

As a sample we are now offering a small lot of

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUMMER COATS

at Less Than a Third of the original Values.

There are only 50 in the lot, so if you wish to get an early choice, come in TO-DAY.

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| \$18 | COATS | for | \$5.00 |
|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|

| | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|
| 6 only Navy & Black Serge & Tweed | Values up to \$10.00 for | \$3.00 |
| 9 only Navy & Black Fine Serge | Values up to \$12.00 for | 3.50 |
| 12 only Navy & Black Serge & a few Colored | Values up to \$14.00 for | 4.00 |
| 17 only Navy & Black Serge & Col'd. Broadcloth | Values up to \$16.00 for | 4.50 |
| 6 only Black Broadcloth | Values up to \$18.00 for | 5.00 |

SKIRTS—JUST OPENED
Dress Skirts in Tweed, Serge and Venetian
\$1.80 to \$4.00

SHOW ROOM
IN OUR
Upper Building.

Ayre & Sons
LIMITED

WHOLE BATTALION OF GERMANS KILLED BY BELGIAN MINE

Liege, Aug. 6.—The tenth German army corps reinforced by cavalry attacked Liege last night, and crossed a stream which had been mined, and the mines being exploded by the Belgians a whole battalion of Germans were killed, while 1,200 wounded were picked up.

Not a single fort has fallen into the hands of the Germans. Several howitzers have been placed in position near Harve and large German forces are lying in wait on the other side of the frontier.

An attack on the village of Cornesse was repulsed by the Belgians. Six Germans pretending to be Englishmen made their way to the Governor's office this morning; they were killed.

ASQUITH THANKS LOYAL IRELAND

Dublin, Aug. 8.—Premier Asquith has sent a message to the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieut. of Ireland, expressing the Government's deep gratitude of the loyal help of Ireland, offered at this grave hour. The question of giving the Nationalist and Ulster Volunteers a military status is being considered.

FRENCH TO RAISE FOREIGN LEGION

Paris, Aug. 8.—The French War Office is arranging to accept foreign volunteers, beginning August 12. They will be organized into a foreign Legion.

BRITISH GOV'T. ACCEPTS OFFER

Of 3 Canadian Cities to Supply a Regiment

Ottawa, Aug. 8.—The Imperial Government today cabled its acceptance of the offer of Hamilton, Gault and Montreal to raise and equip a regiment of 1,000 men, all having seen active service.

This regiment as already announced will be over and above the contingent of 20,000 men, which will be sent as Canada's general contribution.

Lieut. Col. Farquhar, D.S.O., Military Secretary to H.R.H. the Governor General, will command, the Montreal regiment. Captain Buller, A.D.C. to His Royal Highness, will act in the capacity of Adjutant.

BRITAIN THANKS THE DOMINION

And Accepts Her Offer Of 20,000 Men

Ottawa, Aug. 6.—A cable was received from His Majesty the King and the Imperial authorities late last night, accepting Canada's offer to send a contingent of 20,000 trained men to Europe, and asking that they be mobilized at once.

TAKEN OFF TRAIN SHOT AS SPY

London, Aug. 8.—Karl von Lawvery, an American who has arrived in London from Germany, asserts he saw a Frenchman taken from a train under suspicion that he was a spy and that he was at the station of Essen in the presence of all the passengers.

CAPTURE SHIP WITH \$2,500,000

Plymouth, Aug. 7.—The United States Lloyd-steamer Turbantia from South America, which has been brought here by a warship, has \$2,500,000 in gold on board, part of which is assigned to a German bank in London.

There are also several German reservists besides a quantity of arms on board the Turbantia.

JAPAN MAKES PREPARATIONS

To Take Hand In War If Necessary

Tokio, Aug. 7.—Reserve army officers, have been instructed to hold themselves in readiness for possible mobilization.

A flying squadron of seven trainers has been organized at Yokohama with Prince Fushimi in command. A battleship squadron of eight vessels is ready for service under command of Admiral Yato.

Reliable reports received here state the German squadron is bottled up at Tsing Tau by the British.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE INJURED

Assailant Not Identified—The English Blamed

London, Aug. 7.—The Times says it hears from a reliable source that the German Crown Prince was seriously injured by an unidentified assailant.

Officers blame the English people for it and are treating many in a cruel manner.

GERMAN TROOPS HAVE LOST TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND MEN IN THEIR ATTACKS ON LIEGE

But the Plucky Belgians Are Still Holding Out—They Have Repulsed Innumerable Attacks With Great Slaughter to the Germans

**ARMISTICE NOW GRANTED
SO THAT DEAD MAY BE BURIED**

Cream of the Troops of the German Army Has Been Engaged in Operations Against Liege and Their Defeat by Belgians Amazes the World

Liege is the outstanding feature of the European war. Latest advices received by way of London in the form of official despatches say that Liege still holds out against the attacks of the Germans. The Germans have asked for a twenty-four hours armistice to bury the dead. This is given on the authority of the Belgian War Minister.

German casualties in the battle around Liege number 25,000, according to their own admission.

"Act of Heroism."
An official statement issued from Berlin described the attempt on Liege fortress and the unsuccessful assault of the Germans as "an unique act of heroism," and say that it will have not the slightest influence on the larger operations of the German Army.

German diplomats have been making the utmost efforts to win Italy to the German side by negotiating and by a direct appeal to King Victor Emmanuel, but without success.

Will Remain Neutral.
The Italian Ambassador at London, thanking the great assembly including several peers and members of Parliament, which gathered in front of the Embassy, said that Italy had declared its neutrality and would adhere to it.

Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, denied that there had been any engagement between the German and British fleets in the North Sea.

**GERMANS HAND
OUT THEIR REPORT**
Say Attack on Liege Fortress Was Act of Heroism

Berlin, Aug. 8.—The official German account of the siege of Liege says "On Wednesday the German advance guards penetrated along the entire Belgian frontier, and a small detachment tried a coup de main. With great boldness, some cavalry entered Liege with the intention of seizing the commander of the forces, who only saved himself by flight.

"An attempt on the fortress itself was unsuccessful.

"A hostile foreign press will characterize this enterprise, which cannot have the slightest influence on operations as a defeat. It, however, is but an unique act of heroism in the history of war and a sign of the heroic gallantry of our men.

**BELGIANS GRANT
THE ARMISTICE**

London, Aug. 8.—A despatch to the Post from Brussels says that the Belgians granted an armistice of twenty-four hours, a request by the Germans and the latter are now collecting the wounded and burying the dead.

The Germans have withdrawn to a less exposed position, where they can recuperate.

**BIG SUM GIEVN
POOR AID FUND**

London, Aug. 8.—Altho' only just opened \$12,500.00 have already been subscribed to the Prince of Wales fund for the relief of the poor during the war.

**DESPATCH SAYS
GERMANS HAVE
GIVEN UP SIEGE.**

London, Aug. 6.—A despatch from Brussels today officially announced that the Germans retreated from Liege after two days of most severe fighting, in which the German losses were enormous.

The defence put up by the Belgian troops against the cream of the German army has aroused the admiration of all nations. The retreat is understood to have been carried out in the wildest disorder.

Complete silence reigns with regard to the military movements on both France and Germany's part, and it is assumed both armies are concentrating for a decisive battle.

No hint of where they will come in contact has been given.

**RUSSIAN SHIP
RAN ASHORE**

Stockholm, Aug. 7.—The captain of two Swedish steamers report that a Russian cruiser is ashore near Hangö, Finland.

**GOVERNMENT
PLANS TO HELP
ANY UNEMPLOYED**

London, Aug. 7.—Plans to prevent unemployment during war and for systematic relief of distressed, are being arranged on a large scale.

Instead of encouraging public work in the interest of military expenditure, the British Government purpose providing for those who have lost their work through the shutting down of factories.

**Belgian Fire Plays
Havoc With Germans**

Brussels, Aug. 7.—News received from Liege shows that that fortress is still holding out although being bombarded with heavy shells. It is still undamaged, while the Belgian fire is working havoc among the Germans.

It is reported that the French forces are approaching from several directions.

Brussels, Aug. 7.—Liege still holds out against German assault.

ITALY STILL REFUSES TO JOIN WITH GERMANY

Italian Authorities Say They Have Declared Their Country Neutral and Will Not Alter Their Decision—Demonstration in Honor of Italy in London

Rome, Aug. 8.—The German Government is using the utmost efforts to bring about a change in Italy's attitude to the present European situation and direct appeals have been made to King Victor Emmanuel, but all in vain. It is asserted that Italy, having declared its neutrality, intends to maintain it.

Italy's position as a member of the triple alliance and therefore an ally of Germany, under certain conditions, has been a disgust in every phase. The general consensus of opinion seems to be that the Italian people would never permit an act of hostility against France and Britain.

Everywhere there are spontaneous outbursts of enthusiasm for France occurring.

ENGLISH TROOPS LAND IN FRANCE

Paris, Aug. 8.—It was officially announced today that English troops under the direction of French officers were disembarking on French soil. The point of disembarkment was not reported.

The disembarkation was made under the direction of French officers, spoke English fluently and was witnessed by a crowd who cheered the English.

SAYS FINANCES ARE IMPROVED

Lloyd-George Announces Bank of England Has Lowered Discount Rate To Five Per Cent—Banks Getting Bigger Deposits

London, Aug. 8.—Before adjournment of the House of Commons last evening, Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced that reports received from points throughout the country showed that the opening of the banks the financial position was perfectly satisfactory.

The Bank of England, he said, received many foreign accounts and \$28,000,000 in gold were being hoarded and trade is regaining its normal condition.

The Bank of England, Lloyd George continued, felt that it could reduce its rate 5 p.c. Saturday some banks received more money than they paid out.

At a meeting of Silver Brokers here it was said the Government has taken over all available silver supplies for currency purposes.

Hull Hospitals Asked To Be Ready

Hull, Aug. 7.—Conclusive proof of the fact that a severe naval engagement is taking place in the North Sea is afforded by the receipt of a wireless message by the officials of the Hull infirmary warning them to prepare to receive 250 wounded marines.

Skippers of Trawlers Saw The Fighting

Lowestoft, Eng., Aug. 7.—Trawler returning here today report that they witnessed fighting in the North Sea on Wednesday and saw a German destroyer fleeing from British cruisers.

WANT ITALY TO HELP ENGLAND

London, Aug. 8.—The Standard, Daily Mail and other papers today appealed to Italy to abandon her neutrality and come to the assistance of England and France against the common enemy of Europe.

The German Fleet Now Hemmed In

London, Aug. 7.—That the German fleet is hemmed in on the eastern side of the North Sea and all the rest of the sea is in control of the British fleet finds support in the official permission given to fishing trawlers to leave Tyne ports and those of the Humber and other east coast fishing centres for the fishing grounds today. This has been forbidden for the past two days.

The surgeon in charge of the South Shields hospital received a wireless message last night asking what accommodation he had for wounded men. He replied he could take care of 1,000 persons.

War News

(Continued From Page 1)

ESTABLISHING PRESS BUREAU IN GT. BRITAIN

So That the Public May Receive Authoritative War News

FIRST WAR LORD THANKS PRESS

For Their Co-operation With The Authorities Before The War

London, Aug. 7.—Winston Churchill advised that arrangements have been made such as would reduce the possibility of accidents from mines to a minimum. Referring to the disconcerting war news spread by the newspapers, Mr. Churchill said they were probably due to the very strict censorship prevailing, and this caused the papers to fill their columns with reports from irresponsible and nervous people along the coast.

Government Press Bureau.

Mr. Churchill announced that the British Government had decided to establish a press bureau, which would be presided over by Frederick E. Smith, a member of Parliament, and from this bureau would be issued a steady supply of trustworthy information from both Admiralty and War Office, without placing in danger the naval and military departments of the country. The country would be kept properly and truthfully informed of the state of affairs from day to day.

The First Lord then paid a tribute to the press for its restraint during the precautionary period when the government were without legal means for controlling it. This had enabled the authorities to expeditiously and discreetly complete their preparations.

No Other Fighting.
The First Lord continued that, part from the loss of the small cruiser Amphion and the German mine layer Koenig Luise, there was no other fighting and no other loss as far as he was aware.

On Wednesday a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers while patrolling the deeper reaches of the Channel found the Luise lay mines. She was pursued and sunk. About 50 of her crew, high probably numbered 120 or 130 men, were humanely saved by the crews of the destroyers.

Was Blown Up.
The Amphion continued to scout with the flotilla and one her return journey was blown up by a mine. His indiscriminate use of mines not in connection with military harbors or strategic positions and the indiscriminate scattering of contact mines about the seas might destroy not only a warship, but peaceful merchantmen under a neutral flag and possibly carrying supplies to a neutral country.

This use of mines deserves the tentative consideration not only of those of us who are engaged in war, but of all the nations of the civilized world.

The Admiralty is not at all alarmed or disconcerted by this incident.

DUBLIN HONORS BRITISH TROOPS

Population Demonstrated in Their Honor as They Entrained For Active Service in the Great European War

Dublin, Aug. 7.—There was a great demonstration here over the British regiments which entrained for active service.

Reservists who were starting for England were escorted to the station by Nationalists with bands of music. A great number of Unionist Protestants are joining the Nationalists in volunteering for the defence of the country.

Dublin, Aug. 7.—Enthusiasm was at a high pitch last night when soldiers of various Irish regiments moved through the city to the quay for cross channel destinations.

All the bitterness and hatred between the Nationalists and Ulsterites for the present have disappeared, and everywhere there is patriotism, the like of which is seldom seen.

Political factions are joining together, cheering the soldiers and singing patriotic songs.

Flour advanced 20 cents par barrel in Canada during the last 24 hours.

Sensational Offering!

LADIES' COATS

Owing to a backward season in the Old Country, many manufacturers and wholesalers have been caught with heavy stocks, which they are forced to clear out at a sacrifice.

Our representative being on the spot early, has had his pick of several exceptionally good values, some of which have just arrived.

As a sample we are now offering a small lot of

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUMMER COATS

at Less Than a Third of the original Values.

There are only 50 in the lot, so if you wish to get an early choice, come in TODAY.

**\$18
COATS
for
\$5.00**

Less than ONE-THIRD OF Original Price.

- 6 only Navy & Black Serge & Tweed Values up to \$10.00 for **\$3.00**
- 9 only Navy & Black Fine Serge Values up to \$12.00 for **3.50**
- 12 only Navy & Black Serge & a few Colored Values up to \$14.00 for **4.00**
- 17 only Navy & Black Serge & Col'd. Broadcloth Values up to \$16.00 for **4.50**
- 6 only Black Broadcloth Values up to \$18.00 for **5.00**

SKIRTS—JUST OPENED
Dress Skirts in Tweed, Serge and Venetian

\$1.80 to \$4.00

SHOW ROOM

IN OUR

Upper Building.

**Ayre & Sons
LIMITED.**

WHOLE BATTALION OF GERMANS KILLED BY BELGIAN MINE

Liege, Aug. 6.—The tenth German army corps reinforced by cavalry attacked Liege last night, and crossed a stream which had been mined, and the mines being exploded by the Belgians a whole battalion of Germans were killed, while 1,200 wounded were picked up.

Not a single fort has fallen into the hands of the Germans. Several howitzers have been placed in position near Harve and large German forces are lying in wait on the other side of the frontier.

An attack on the village of Cornesse was repulsed by the Belgians. Six Germans pretending to be Englishmen made their way to the Governor's office this morning; they were killed.

ASQUITH THANKS LOYAL IRELAND

Dublin, Aug. 8.—Premier Asquith has sent a message to the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieut. of Ireland, expressing the Government's deep gratitude of the loyal help of Ireland, offered at this grave hour. The question of giving the Nationalist and Ulster Volunteers a military status is being considered.

FRENCH TO RAISE FOREIGN LEGION

Paris, Aug. 8.—The French War Office is arranging to accept foreign volunteers, beginning August 12.

They will be organized into a foreign Legion.

BRITISH GOV'T. ACCEPTS OFFER

Of 3 Canadian Cities to Supply a Regiment

Ottawa, Aug. 8.—The Imperial Government today called its acceptance of the offer of Hamilton, Gault and Montreal to raise and equip a regiment of 1,000 men, all having seen active service.

This regiment as already announced will be over and above the contingent of 20,000 men, which will be sent as Canada's general contribution.

Lieut. Col. Farquhar, D.S.O., Military Secretary to H.R.H. the Governor General, will command the Montreal regiment. Captain Buller, A.D.C. to his Royal Highness, will act in the capacity of Adjutant.

BRITAIN THANKS THE DOMINION

And Accepts Her Offer Of 20,000 Men

Ottawa, Aug. 6.—A cable was received from His Majesty the King and the Imperial authorities late last night, accepting Canada's offer to send a contingent of 20,000 trained men to Europe, and asking that they be mobilized at once.

TAKEN OFF TRAIN SHOT AS SPY

London, Aug. 8.—Karl von Lawvery, an American who has arrived in London from Germany, asserts he saw a Frenchman taken from a train under suspicion that he was a spy and that he was at the station of Essen in the presence of all the passengers.

CAPTURE SHIP WITH \$2,500,000

Plymouth, Aug. 7.—The Holland Lloyd steamer Turbantia from South America, which has been brought here by a warship, has \$2,500,000 in gold on board, part of which is consigned to a German bank in London.

JAPAN MAKES PREPARATIONS

To Take Hand In War If Necessary

Tokio, Aug. 7.—Reserve army officers have been instructed to hold themselves in readiness for possible mobilization.

A flying squadron of seven cruisers has been organized at Yokohama with Prince Fushimi in command. A battleship squadron of eight vessels is ready for service under command of Admiral Yato.

Reliable reports received here state the German squadron is bottled up at Tsing Tau by the British.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE INJURED

Assailant Not Identified—The English Blamed

London, Aug. 7.—The Times says it hears from a reliable source that the German Crown Prince was seriously injured by an unidentified assailant.

Officers blame the English people for it and are treating many in a cruel manner.