

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

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AUSTRIANS CONTINUE RETREAT BEFORE RUSSIANS: NEW OFFENSIVE AT RHEIMS COMPLETELY BROKEN: FIGHTING BETWEEN CARRANZISTAS AND AMERICANS

German May Press Submarine Warfare Now That United States Is Engaged—German Divisions Rushed to Eastern Front to Stem Russian Advance—Greek Cabinet Resigns Under Allied Pressure—Washington Fears War With Mexico Inevitable—Italian and French Steamers Sunk.

SIX DIVISIONS OF GERMANS RUSHED TO EAST.

LONDON, June 21.—Despatches from Geneva state that six German divisions, 120,000, have been rushed eastward to check the Russian advance on Lemberg.

AUSTRO-GERMANS ADMIT CONTINUED RETREAT.

LONDON, June 21.—Both the Berlin and Vienna statements today admit that the Austrian army under General Pflanzer continues its rapid retreat before the Russians.

GREEK CABINET RESIGNS.

ATHENS, June 21.—The Greek cabinet has resigned under pressure from the allies. A fresh coup by the Allies is expected.

NEW GERMAN OFFENSIVE AT RHEIMS BREAKS DOWN.

PARIS, June 21.—The War Office reports that a new German offensive developed northwest of Rheims where heavy attacks by the enemy infantry in the neighborhood of Berry-Aubac were completely defeated by the French artillery on the Verdun front. Only the artillery was active during the night.

GREAT SURPLUS OF CANADIAN OFFICERS.

OTTAWA, June 21.—There is at present a surplus of 3700 Canadian officers for whom there are no places in the various units for overseas service. Some of them are infantry and artillery officers. About 500 casualties have occurred among officers in the recent heavy fighting at the front, and as this is more than any surplus of Canadian officers in England now, a certain number of the surplus here will be absorbed.

GERMANS ADVOCATE STRONG SUBMARINE POLICY.

NEW YORK, June 21.—A news agency despatch from Berlin says, "taking advantage of a growing indifference to American opinion advocates of a strong submarine policy have reopened the campaign for a more effective use of the German U-boats."

WASHINGTON AUTHORITIES PREDICT WAR.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Word from the Mexican government regarding Carranza's attitude over the American note is awaited with considerable anxiety. High authorities here predict war.

FRENCH AND ITALIAN STEAMERS SUNK.

LONDON, June 21.—The Italian steamer Poviga, Norfolk for Genoa, was sunk last Saturday. And the steamers Beacy and Olga, the latter presumed to be French were sunk Sunday, according to Lloyds.

FIGHTING REPORTED BETWEEN CARRANZA'S AND U.S. TROOPS.

SAN ANTONI, Texas, June 21.—Fighting has taken place between Carranzista and United States troops, according to an unconfirmed report received early today.

STRIKE ON GRAND TRUNK AND WABASH RAILWAYS.

BUFFALO, June 21.—Freight traffic on the Grand Trunk and Wabash roads over the international bridge is practically at a standstill today. 71 of the 79 clerks and car checkers in the Grand Trunk Wabash offices at Black Rock and in the Bridgeburg, Ont. yards having gone on strike. The clerks demand wage increases averaging twelve and a half per cent.

RUSSIANS MARCH ON LEMBERG BY THREE PRINCIPAL ROUTES.

PETROGRAD, June 21.—On the northern flank of Gen. Brusilov's front the Austrian resistance, considerably stiffened by the arrival of a large number of German reinforcements, had reinforcements, had succeeded in checking the Russian drive between Lutsk and Kovel, which, directed against Vladimir-Volynski, aims at destroying the Austrian communications between

Kovel and Lemberg. But in spite of the violent Austro-German counter-attacks, one of which broke through the Russian lines, the latest reports are to the effect that the Russians have again resumed progress in this sector, after taking the usual toll of prisoners.

On the southern flank the Austrians have been unable to check, even momentarily, the Russian advance toward Kolomea and toward the final Niester fortifications of Halicz.

Gen. Pflanzer, the Austrian commander, apparently is paying the penalty for having too long delayed his retirement from Czernowitz, and his army, now cut in two, is reported to be in precipitate flight, one part along the Roumanian frontier, and the other in the Carpathians.

The separate Russian movements are now showing strongly centralized tendencies. There are three converging lines of advance, the common objective of which is Lemberg. The first of these lines is approaching Vladimir-Volynski, the second Brody, the third Halicz. The capture of any one of these towns would place the Galician capital in a position of grave danger.

The total number of prisoners taken by the Russians is now estimated at 170,000.

FUGITIVES FROM CZERNOWITZ ARE STRAGGLING INTO VIENNA.

VIENNA, June 21.—Austria takes the evacuation of Czernowitz with great sadness, but with absolute confidence that the loss of the capital of Bukovina is only temporary. Military critics point out that in view of the overwhelming Russian forces a continued defense of Czernowitz would merely have spelled the city's destruction, and unite in praising the decision of the military authorities to evacuate it. They declare that the Russian occupation is of minimum military importance and a merely local advantage of a temporary nature.

MON. DR. BELAND FREE: IS NOW IN HOLLAND.
QUEBEC, June 21.—A postal card received from Dr. Beland today says he was freed from Germany and allowed to enter Holland on the 24th of May, to treat his wife in a sanitarium in Holland.

UNITED STATES AWAITS REPLY FROM MEXICO.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The issue of war or peace with Mexico hung in the balance last night awaiting General Carranza's decision as to the course he will pursue. Officials here believe that 48 hours might bring a clear understanding of what the immediate future has in store.

A note signed by Secretary of State Lansing, conveying President Wilson's rejection of the demand for withdrawal of American soldiers from Mexico, accompanied by a specific warning that an attack on the troops "will lead to the gravest consequences" was telegraphed to Mexico City by Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador-designate. In plain terms it accuses General Carranza of having brought matters to the verge of war by open hostility toward the United States and failure to safeguard even the lives of Americans in Mexico or on the border from the lawless elements among the countrymen.

In sternest terms the note repudiates and resents imputations of bad faith and ulterior motives brought against the Washington Government in the Mexican communication, to which it is a reply.

RUSSIANS PURSUE AUSTRIANS: ADVANCE TO SERETH RIVER.

LONDON, June 21.—The Russians have repulsed the Germans who attempted to check their advance in Volhynia by launching an offensive north of the Lutsk, Vladimir-Volynski road, the attacks of the enemy breaking down under the fire, according to an official announcement received from Petrograd last night. Altogether in the fighting in this region and on the Styr, the report today announced that about 5000 prisoners have been taken.

In Bukovina the Austrians are retreating in disorder with the Russians in pursuit. The Russians have occupied the towns of Zadova, Stroginetz and Gliboka, on the Sereth River line, about 25 miles southwest of Czernowitz.

King George has sent to the Russian Emperor Nicholas his warm congratulations on the Russian victories.

DEATH WAS ACCIDENTAL

Jury Concluded Inquest into Death of Dr. Sing

Coroner Boyce's inquest jury last evening heard evidence from railway men of the manner of death of Dr. John Chadwick Sing and brought in the verdict that he "came to his death on Saturday morning, June 17th, 1916, on Great St. James street by being struck by a G.T.R. yard engine and the death was accidental."

Pte. Clarence G. Eggleton of Foxboro has been killed in action.

Pte. F. Daly of Campbellford is announced as wounded. He was a member of the 39th Battalion.

COLLECTING PAPER

Springer and Safe, the collectors of paper donated to the W.C.A., are unable to continue the work and it will be abandoned unless some other person or firm will do the collecting. The W.C.A. wish to thank those who have contributed.

FIFTY-TWO YEARS OLD AND STILL GOING STRONG

Mr. J. J. Haines Receives Splendid Testimonial From Shoe and Leather Journal of Toronto for His Progressiveness in Carrying Out Improvements at His Fine Front Street Store.

The Ontario is very pleased to copy from the last number of the Shoe and Leather Journal, Toronto, the following extremely complimentary article in reference to Mr. J. J. Haines, one of our oldest and at the same time one of the most highly esteemed and respected of our business men. Mr. Haines, according to the calendar is not so young as he once was. But if we have regard to vigor of business administration and in ability to keep at the very forefront of the procession in all that is up-to-date and modern, Mr. Haines has not yet passed his 25th year. The Ontario expresses the wish that in his new and handsome quarters he may meet with a constantly expanding patronage and the continuous success that strict integrity and straightforward business methods deserve to bring.

Replendent with an attractive new front and an improved interior, in honor of his fifty-second anniversary in business, the shoe house of J. J. Haines, Belleville, Ont., has taken another step in advance. The store is practically a new one throughout. The front is a Kawneer copper one with prism glass over the windows which affords a flood of light. The work of installation was done by P. G. Denike, of Belleville, and the front, with its recessed entrance, hardwood paneling and tiled flooring, is one of the best, neatest and most striking that could be desired.

"It is a real pleasure for people to shop in our store now," declared Mr. Haines, who this month is celebrating his fifty-second anniversary in business.

Just think of that, over half a century of continuous shoe service in the one stand and still going strong, for the walk and carriage of Mr. Haines indicate that he is good for many more years of active mercantile life.

It was June, 1864—three years before confederation—that Mr. Haines, who was then in his twenty-first year, came to Belleville and opened a retail branch for the A. & C. N. Ross Co., who made the "Penitentiary" shoe in Kingston with convict labor. His father was a traveller for this firm for a number of years, and in order to widen operations, the Ross people decided to start branch stores. A few months later the concern sold out to Geo. Offord & Co., of Kingston, and returned to Auburn, N.Y., and Mr. Haines was given an opportunity to purchase the stock in the Belleville store.

Develops System of Stores
Today the Haines Shoe Houses are among the solid, progressive and most reliable institutions in the province, being located not only in Belleville, the headquarters, but in Trenton, Napanee and Smith's Falls.

Mr. Haines, the founder, is, as already stated, still at his desk, enjoying good health and taking a cheerful outlook of affairs. He has always been an optimist, and ever looked on the pleasant side of matters. Naturally he has instituted a number of reforms in shoe retailing. Among these may be mentioned the strictly cash strictly one-price system, the discontinuance of appropriation, the early closing movement, and the elimination of the repair branch from the retail stores. The firm has always been liberal users of printers ink and have adopted many other modern methods of advertising until the Haines Shoe Houses are leaders in their line.

"Yes," continued Mr. Haines, "it is interesting to recall methods of over half a century ago and contrast them with those of the present day. Retailing is now on a much higher plane and a more dignified calling than in the early sixties. Then, it was frequently the custom on the part of a patron to haggle over the price. The disposition to dicker seemed to be in everybody. If you said a shoe was \$3.00, possibly you would be offered \$2.50 and maybe \$2.75, and if you did not come down, the customer might walk out. I have known people to come back two or three times and make us an offer for a certain kind of a boot, which appealed to them very strongly, and if they purchased two or three pair, why, they looked for a substantial reduction. It was not long, however, before we thoroughly convinced our customers that we had one price and one price alone, and we also eliminated the credit system, starting an entirely cash business about fifteen

Practice Got to be a Farce.

"Among other abuses that we have stopped is that of appropriation. It continued to develop to such an extent that it finally became a farce. There was only one way to cure it, and that was to wipe it out altogether, which we did. Yes, I could give you many reminiscences of the trade. No one was thought to be a merchant half a century ago who did not put up heavy wooden shutters every night. You would think that certain stores were to be bombarded or attacked by a mob. But the wooden shutters are a relic of the past and now we have handsome show case windows and display fixtures that tend to invite the attention and arouse the interest of the public at all times, rather than shut out the views of the store, which the old-time barriers did.

"We regarded the windows in those days as merely useful for letting in light. Now we believe them to be one of the greatest factors and forces in selling shoes, and have always endeavored to have as tasty, attractive and timely trims as it is possible to install. I also remember in the earlier days, the long-legged calf boots that were worn. They were regarded as the proper thing for every occasion, and in one lot we got as many as 900 or 1,000 pairs from Montreal, Brown and Childs being one of the leading makers.

Keeping Faith With Public.

"Yes times have certainly changed and changed for the better. Any success that I have met with in the shoe trade I attribute to keeping faith with the public and to the hearty co-operation and support of my staff. We have always endeavored to let the people know that they could rely on what any member of our force said, or any statement made in our advertisements. Every special sale that we have conducted has always been a genuine one. We have endeavored to improve our service in every way, and to be courteous, prompt, attentive and considerate to the public.

"Fifty-two years of business life is a long time to look back over, but during the last fifteen particularly, improvements have been most marked. We always close at six o'clock, except on Saturday nights and believe that ten hours a day should be sufficient to satisfy anyone."

Another remarkable feature in connection with Mr. Haines' long career is that he has all along been doing business in the same stand. During that time the premises have been twice visited by fire and the proprietor suffered a heavy loss. But in each case the store was remodelled and the new front, just installed, makes the third radical alteration to the spacious and attractive footwear establishment.

BELLEVILLE BOY GAVE UP LIFE

Ernest Wrennick Killed In France—Sidney Crossing Gunner Missing.

DEATH OF PTE. EGGLETON

Frank Barnum, Corbyville Infantryman Is Reported Wounded.

No. 440998 Lance Corporal Ernest James Wrennick officially reported killed in action in this last battle was an old Belleville boy connected with the G.T.R. as brakeman for some years. He removed to Pleasant Dale, Sask., a few years ago. He enlisted in a Western Battalion quartered at Camp Souris, Man., and left for overseas last fall. He was drafted into the 5th Battalion of the second contingent. His many friends will be sorry to hear of his death.

He formerly resided on the Cannifton Road, near Lister's mill. Gunner Vincent Carnahan of Sidney Crossing is among the missing.

COUNTY RATE IS SIX MILLS

Council Determines Wages of Teams and Men with Roadgangs.

AUDITOR'S RESIGNATION

Appropriations For Roads and Bridges—Trent River Bridge Closing of Stations.

The County rate this year is six mills. The estimated receipts and expenditures are as follows:—

Estimated Expenditures:	
Administration of Justice	\$15,000.00
Roads & Bridges	5,625.00
Salaries	4,160.00
Warden, Councillors and Com.	4,500.00
Schools	45,000.00
Court House & Jail	1,500.00
Printing & Stationery	1,400.00
Jury Law	2,500.00
Interest	4,000.00
Snow	200.00
Machinery	1,000.00
Fuel & Light	2,500.00
County Bridges (Wooden)	12,000.00
Gravel Roads	30,000.00
H. of Refuge	9,000.00
Children's Shelter (new bldg)	5,000.00
Miscellaneous	12,500.00
Agricultural Dept.	500.00
Total	\$154,454.40

Estimated Revenue:	
Administration of Justice	\$13,000
School (Gov. Allowance)	24,000
Interest	300
House of Refuge	1,000
County Roads & Bridges	11,000
Licenses	450
Registry Office	200
Total	\$50,010

Thereby a balance of \$104,444.40 is left to be raised by a rate of six mills. A further tax of one mill is levied as a provincial war tax. In 1914 the county rate was 4 2-10 mills. In 1915 it was 4 7-10 mills. This year it is an increase of 1 3-10 mills.

Mr. Hawkins Resigns as Auditor.
It was moved by Mr. N. Vermilyea, seconded by Mr. R. T. Gray, "that this council learns with extreme sorrow of the very serious illness of our fellow-member, E. W. Hawkins, Esq., deputy-reeve of Rawdon, who has been able to pay only a few brief visits to the council during this session. We desire hereby to express the hope that he soon be restored to his normal health."—Carried.

Mr. R. T. Gray moved, seconded by Mr. S. B. Rollins "whereas Mr. E. W. Hawkins has resigned on account of illness the office of auditor of Administration of Justice Accounts therefore be and is hereby accepted and that Mr. N. Vermilyea be appointed."—Carried.

Closing of Stations on C.N.O.R.
The following gentlemen were appointed High School Trustees for Tweed:—Messrs. W. S. Gaudon for three years, W. H. Dubiels for two years and Wm. Collins, one year.

Council decided to declare to the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners their strong objection to the closing of Stoco and Allen stations on the C.N.O.R.

Trent River Bridge.
The clerk read a letter from the County Clerk of Northumberland and Durham regarding a committee in reference to the bridge across the Trent river between Sidney and the island in Seymour, but no action was taken.

A by-law was passed authorizing the levy of certain rates on each of the local municipalities.

Appropriations For Roads and Bridges.
A by-law to appropriate \$25,000 for construction of county roads and bridges and a bylaw to appropriate \$10,000 for the maintenance of county roads and bridges for the year 1916 were passed.

Tweed was by-law given the privilege of establishing a High School in the village.

Patriotic Grants.
Mr. Vermilyea introduced a by-law to authorize the sum of \$30,000 to be raised on the credit of the County of Hastings for patriotic purposes. Consideration was adjourned after the first reading until Dec. 6th 1916 at 2 p.m.

Accounts passed were:—
G. L. Sills—10.60
C. B. Scantlebury—2.50
Jennings & Sherry—9.35
Morton & Herity—\$5.50
G. L. Sills—15.25
C. Burkett—5.00
Intelligencer—\$8.15

LIBERAL SWEEP IN NOVA SCOTIA

Murray Government Triumphantly Sustained in Yesterday's Election.

MAJORITY INCREASED.

C. E. Tanner K.C., the Conservative Leader, Personally Defeated.

HALIFAX, June 21.—A slashing

victory for the Liberals and for Premier Murray and his men was recorded in the Provincial elections today. The government has been returned to power with an increased majority. Charles Tanner K.C., the leader of the Opposition, went down to defeat in Pictou county, where the three Liberal candidates were elected by splendid majorities. The thirty-four-old Government, libelled by its opponents simply because it was thirty-four years old, has been selected by the electors of Nova Scotia to administer the affairs of the country for another five years.

The standing of the parties at dissolution was: Liberals 24, Conservatives 14. Five new seats have been added.

Thirty-one Liberals and twelve

Conservatives, this is the final count. Last term the Murray Government had a majority of twelve in the house. Now the Murray Government has a majority of nineteen. Increased representation added five seats, and the Government captured its share of these. The gain was chiefly made, however, in counties where the Conservatives before had been strong.

COLLECTING PAPER

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corn crop a failure.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916.

DOES THE WAR CAUSE THE HEAVY RAIN-FALL?

There are many who entertain the theory that the present abnormally wet season is occasioned by the war, that is to say by the continuous explosions of heavy ammunition. This theory is scarcely tenable.

Travelling last week through 500 miles of Ontario's farming section the editor was amazed at the evidence of a deluge of rain. While in New Brunswick we have had the driest spring on record, Quebec and Ontario have been suffering from excessive downfall lasting over a period of many weeks.

We will have to guess again as to the cause of the flood conditions of the present year.

Some others express the opinion that there is a conjunction of planets this year that is causing all the wet.

This theory is quite as untenable as the other. A conjunction of planets would scarcely allow New Brunswick to escape without any sprinkling and send a deluge to Ontario.

The phenomena concerning the weather are apparently easy of solution but they baffle the profoundest inquiries of scientists when it comes to making predictions for more than a very limited period of the future.

It may be set down, however, that it is a general law of nature that one weather extreme is likely to follow another.

An extremely wet spring often follows a winter with light snowfall and may itself be followed by a summer or fall in which the amount of precipitation is more than ordinarily scant.

We tried to comfort a leading farmer from the vicinity of Rednersville on Saturday with these reflections. He was in great perturbation lest the splendid crop of hay that is now in prospect should be ruined when it came to the harvest season.

We reminded him of this law of extremes that we have just expounded and expressed the opinion, that has behind it a reasonable amount of scientific experience, that the skies would brighten and there would be ample sunshine to cure the clover.

It is admittedly very trying for farmers who live in the low-lying districts to see seed-time and planting-time going by and no let-up to the rain, but the year, up to the present time, has brought with it far brighter prospects than the two seasons of disastrous drought that prevailed

in the years 1895-96. Then there was hardship and suffering in this old, reliable County of Hastings. And we had in addition the combined calamities of excessively low prices and Tory misgovernment.

A WEEK OF TRAGEDY.

The past week has been one of tragedy and mourning in many Canadian homes. Several columns of "Casualties" in the papers every day tell their own pitiless tale.

Clifford Burrows might have waited and lingered behind for months until he received a call to go as an officer. But he purposely cast off his officer's stripes, and enlisted as a private that he might that much the sooner reach the field where the need was so great and where those whom he went to sustain and relieve had been decimated almost to a man.

There is probably no mother in this Dominion who has made so great an offering on the altar of her country's liberty as has Mrs. James Belch.

Walter Craig and John Corby are also numbered with the unreturning brave who have poured out life's rich stream and two mothers will no longer be sustained by the hope that some day their boys will come marching home amidst the cheers of those whom they went to defend.

President Wilson has chosen a former Yale football star to run his campaign. He should be a good man to make the necessary "touches."

While Berlin is casting about for a new name we would suggest "Przemysl" as euphonious to the ear and with a wealth of historical association.

Sir Roger Casement's lawyer admits he made a false statement concerning the treatment of his client. He lied, presumably, "for military reasons."

A German bomb plotter, imprisoned in the United States, asks to be released to fight for his country. He can do it in jail, by imagining himself in the Hun navy.

Or stay! Why not change the detested name of Berlin to "Allison"? Surely there could be no more fitting tribute to the devoted sacrifice of the foremost patriot of his time who saved his country fifty million dollars in her hour of supreme crisis.

Injury to pavements by circus wagons is the reason given by Niagara Falls for raising the license fee for such shows from \$100 to \$300 a day.

CREED.

To live as gently as I can, To be, no matter where, a man; To take what comes of good or ill And cling to faith and honor still; To do my best, and let that stand; The record of my brain and hand, And then, shall failure come to me To work and hope for victory.

To have no secret place wherein I stoop unseen to shame or sin; To be the same when I'm alone As when my every deed is known; To live undaunted, unafraid Of any step that I have made To be without pretense or sham Exactly what men think I am.

To leave some simple mark behind That I have lived for men to find; If enmity to aught I show To be an honest, generous foe; To play my little part, nor whine that greater honors are not mine. This, I believe, is all I need For my philosophy and creed.

Other Editors' Opinions

SHOULD POSTPONE THE TWELFTH

In briefly expressing our views on a subject which not only affects this locality but is Empire-wide in its influence, we feel that our remarks will be resented by some, but not by those who, especially in this time of great peril, are possessed of that spirit of equity that characterizes a true spirit of citizenship.

THE CLOUDS DROP FATNESS.

On the heavy clay soil and on the low-lying lands Spring seeding was very much retarded in this province by wet weather. In some cases it was impossible to get in a crop.

WAYSIDE

Mr. G. Grills and Miss Marie Brown spent Sunday evening with Miss Queenie Gardner.

CARMEL

Mr. and Mrs. W. Gilbert visited a couple of days last week at Mrs. W. Osborne's Melrose.

AMELIASBURG 4th CON.

Mrs. H. M. Delong is still confined to her room as the result of a fall, she experienced some weeks ago.

ers by the output of foodstuffs under the heat of animal products.—Toronto Mail & Empire.

KILLED ON CROSSING.

Two Boys Met Death at Lansdowne On Thursday Evening.

An accident on the railway crossing at Lansdowne on Thursday evening brought sadness to the homes of two well-known residents of the village.

Shortly after seven o'clock, Harold F. Leggett, son of the proprietor of the Stewart House, and Hubert McKay at one time of Gananoque, harness maker, both eight years of age, started to cross the track.

The skulls of both boys were fractured and Harold Leggett also sustained fracture of the jaw and left arm.

It was raining at the time of the accident and the boys carried an umbrella and as there was a driving rain from the direction the engine approached, the umbrella no doubt, was held in a position to obstruct the view and the boys were therefore unconscious of any danger until they were struck.

Dr. Campbell, of Lansdowne, was at the scene of the accident almost immediately, and Dr. Bird was summoned from Gananoque.

SHANNONVILLE

The Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. A. Farnsworth on Thursday last.

Mrs. Mason, of Canifton, is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. F. Palmer.

Mrs. Jack McDonald spent the week end with her parents in Frankford.

Mr. Phil Reed is on the sick list. Mr. Wm. Bell is our popular mail carrier.

JOHNSONS PREPARED WAX

50cts. tin

JOHNSONS CLEANER

35cts. for 5oz tin

WATERS' Drug Store

NEW METHOD

Phone 794.

Furs!

Why Wait till the Fall to have Your FURS Renovated, when we can do them now, during the summer months and you can pay for them when required.

J. T. DELANEY

29 Campbell St Phone 797 Opp. Y.M.C.A.

Our Fine Fresh Bakery Goods

made every day, are very popular—French Rolls, Scones, Biscuits, Fried Cakes, and a great variety of Cakes and Pastries everyday.

CHAS. S. CLAPP



Queen Quality SHOE. A LADY'S SHOE. For Summer Footwear. They are fashioned to meet the needs of every taste in dress.

SPRING WALL PAPER OPENING at the New Up-Street SCANTLEBURY WALLPAPER STORE.

GET UNDER COVER of a New Straw Hat at once. Geo. T. Woodley. N.B.—We clean and block Panama and Straw Hats.

JOHNSONS PREPARED WAX 50cts. tin. JOHNSONS CLEANER 35cts. for 5oz tin. WATERS' Drug Store.

NEW METHOD Phone 794. We rescue your cast-off suits and garments of all kinds; clean them like new and return them to you, with our New Method of French Dry Cleaning and pressing.

Furs! Why Wait till the Fall to have Your FURS Renovated, when we can do them now, during the summer months and you can pay for them when required.

J. T. DELANEY 29 Campbell St Phone 797 Opp. Y.M.C.A. Our Fine Fresh Bakery Goods made every day, are very popular—French Rolls, Scones, Biscuits, Fried Cakes, and a great variety of Cakes and Pastries everyday.

GIVE FARM

Immigrants Are Make a Star Land WHY NOT HELP OUR Country Clergy Knows Con (By "A Country Cl Toronto Globe.)

Parliament, the pre-gans of influence ma-thuslastic interest in agricultural condition All feel that the aim whether the many se-will prove beneficial. Jurious is still a ma-very. Living, as I de-munity of farmers, I to inform many of th-visors that a large m-tical, intelligent and ers have very slight, their suggestions. Th-among the rural popu-of those who make s-ventions and profound paper, have seen very, real life on the farm; reforms which they ad-specious and altogethe-when submitted to the-ing them out.

What constitutes a high-minded man, etc-experimental farms, a-leges, and annual conv-accomplish, all must-the real hope of prosp-erious industry dep-we might almost say e-character of men and v-in it. If the developme-ational system of the 'the country, is ever to-ence for good in prese-venting the standard o-industry, that influen-just in so far as the ed-tutions of the country keep the best blood of-ling the soil. Up to the- and legislative bodies h-plished, nor even attem-worth of advice in this

Help the Farm Bo- Allow me to draw at- important resource for- ment assistance in the- culture no assistance- given; nor so far as I- ever been proposed. I- esponsible and most w- of country life—the hir- are growing up in the- a number of boys or yo- of poor parents, and un- mothers. They comm- very young, and un- twenty-one or twenty-t- later, all their earning- the support of the hom- worked hard and stead- years; they understand farm work; they receiv- ing that makes a succe- In point of experience, industry, general behav- there is no reason why- conduct a successful f- new. But these poor- age when other young- settled for life, have- have no encouraging p- anyone ever thought of- the Provincial Treasury- these young men with f- to give them a start on- What We Do Now fo- Perhaps a thousand- be near the amount. I- exactly how much ou- Treasury spends on ea- who takes a degree fro- cial University, but it is- siderably more than th- other words, the legis- cation announces its- spend large sums, unlit- necessary, upon the yo- will leave the farm to- other calling, but not- him who is willing to- occupation of farming, s- years of hard labor to p- Remark also that th- Treasury expands all- on college students and- the learned profession- acter for any recommend- industry on the part of- without any assurance- success. Whether or no- anything to entitle him- consideration, whether- likely to abuse the ad- at his command, wheth- no better citizen in retu-

NEW METHOD Phone 794. We rescue your cast-off suits and garments of all kinds; clean them like new and return them to you, with our New Method of French Dry Cleaning and pressing.

Furs! Why Wait till the Fall to have Your FURS Renovated, when we can do them now, during the summer months and you can pay for them when required.

J. T. DELANEY 29 Campbell St Phone 797 Opp. Y.M.C.A. Our Fine Fresh Bakery Goods made every day, are very popular—French Rolls, Scones, Biscuits, Fried Cakes, and a great variety of Cakes and Pastries everyday.

CASTO For Infants and In Use For Over Always bears the Signature of

GIVE FARM BOY A CHANCE TO START ON A FARM

Immigrants Are Helped to Make a Start on the Land.

WHY NOT HELP OUR OWN BOYS?

Interesting Suggestion by "A Country Clergyman" Who Knows Conditions

(By "A Country Clergyman" in the Toronto Globe.)

Parliament, the press and other organs of influence maintain an enthusiastic interest in bettering the agricultural condition of the country. All feel that the aim is the best; whether the many schemes proposed will prove beneficial or decidedly injurious is still a matter of controversy. Living, as I do, among a community of farmers, I am in a position to inform many of those zealous advisors that a large majority of practical, intelligent and successful farmers have very slight confidence in their suggestions. There is a feeling among the rural population that most of those who make speeches at conventions and profound theories on paper, have seen very little, if any, of real life on the farm; that most of the reforms which they advocate are very specious and altogether impracticable when submitted to the test of working them out.

"What constitutes a State? Men, high-minded men, etc." Whatever experimental farms, agricultural colleges, and annual conventions may accomplish, all must recognize that the real hope of prosperity in this all-important industry depends mainly on the character of men and women engaged in it. If the development of the educational system of the Province, or of the country, is ever to have any influence for good in preserving or elevating the standard of agricultural industry, that influence will obtain just in so far as the educational institutions of the country contrive to keep the best blood of the nation tilling the soil. Up to the present schools and legislative bodies have not accomplished, nor even attempted, anything worthy of notice in this respect.

Help the Farm Boy to Start.

Allow me to draw attention to one important resource for whose permanent usefulness to the cause of agriculture no assistance has ever been given, nor so far as I am aware, has ever been proposed. I mean that indispensable and most worthy element of country life—the hired man. There are growing up in the rural districts a number of boys or young men, sons of poor parents, sons of widowed mothers. They commence to work very young, and until the age of twenty-one or twenty-two, or even later, all their earnings have gone to the support of the home. They have worked hard and steadily all those years; they understand every kind of farm work; they received the training that makes a successful farmer. In point of experience, intelligence, industry, general behavior, ambition, there is no reason why they could not conduct a successful farming business. But these poor fellows at the age when other young men are being settled for life, have nothing, and have no encouraging prospects. Has anyone ever thought of proposing that the Provincial Treasury might furnish these young men with funds sufficient to give them a start on a farm?

What We Do Now for Students. Perhaps a thousand dollars would be near the amount. I cannot say exactly how much our Provincial Treasury spends on each young man who takes a degree from the Provincial University, but it is probably considerably more than this amount. In other words, the legislation of the country announces its readiness to spend large sums, unlimited sums, if necessary, upon the young men who will leave the farm to embrace some other calling, but nothing at all upon him who is willing to continue the occupation of farming, and has given years of hard labor to prepare for it.

Remark also that the Provincial Treasury expends all these large sums on college students and aspirants to the learned professions without asking for any recommendation of character, without any guarantee of industry on the part of the recipient, without any assurance of his future success. Whether or not he has done anything to entitle him to this special consideration, whether or not he is likely to abuse the advantage placed at his command, whether he may be no better citizen in return for all this

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Charles H. Watson*

is really never questioned. Moreover, through colleges and educational institutions, our Government is spending those immense sums on the sons of the rich as well as of the poor.

We Help the Immigrant.

The Governments of some Commonwealths—the Province of Nova Scotia among them—are offering financial assistance to immigrants from all parts who are willing to settle on the land. Surely everyone feels that the boys of our own Province, who have grown up familiarized with every detail of farming operations as conducted here, not only have a prior claim, but are also more likely to continue with success.

It is an absolute waste of energy to attempt to induce, city-bred boys to live on the farm. If we are really in earnest in our advocacy of "back to the land" our efforts should be devoted to encouraging country boys and girls to stay there. When a young man has been trained to farming until his twenty-fifth, or perhaps his twenty-fifth year, when his tastes lie entirely in that direction, should we not be doing a real service to the country in enabling him to continue that occupation?

One Objection Met.

Having suggested this matter in private on one occasion, I was met with the answer that many of the best citizens of the country produced were men who began with nothing and through energy and perseverance possessed themselves of a farm. Very true; and the same can be said of many of the most successful men in every other profession. In that case why not say that any person who wishes to become a physician, or a lawyer, or to obtain a university degree should reach that point, thanks to his own unassisted effort? Why should the public funds be expended for his advancement when the most distinguished professional men have made themselves what they are without such assistance?

"NORTH AMERICAN ALPS AND ALASKA" IS HANDSOME NEW BOOKLET.

The attention of the public is directed to the new publication just issued, dealing with the wonderful Alpine Playgrounds in the Rockies served by the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, and with the route of the Grand Trunk Pacific Steamships through the "Norway of America" to Alaska. This new booklet is of 43 pages and has striking cover designs in color and gold embossed lettering. The booklet contains more than 40 half-tone illustrations and carries maps of Jasper and Mount Robson Parks, of the Grand Trunk System and its connections and the routes of the Grand Trunk Pacific Steamships in the North Pacific coast waters. It is a worthy representation of the "Route of Character Service."

Copy of this book can be obtained on application to H. C. Thompson, C. P. T., or C. E. Horning, D. P. A., Toronto.

BELLEVILLE SOLOIST PLEASURES COBOURG PEOPLE.

Miss Anna Ponton was one of the artists taking part in the Farewell Concert held at Cobourg a few nights ago in honor of the Overseas draft of the Cobourg Heavy Artillery. That her numbers were thoroughly enjoyed we may judge from the following comments in The Cobourg World.

"Miss Anna Ponton, Belleville, sang twice and her solos were much enjoyed indeed. Miss Ponton has a very pleasing voice of fine range and power and she sang with good expression."

Concerning Miss Ponton The Sentinel-Star had this to say—"Miss Anna Ponton of Belleville made her first appearance on a Cobourg stage, her rendering of 'Annie Laurie' in the bivaque scene being particularly sweet. Her other two numbers were also well received."

RECRUITING FOR HEAVY ARTILLERY.

Sergt. Harry H. Ponton of the heavy artillery siege battery, Cobourg, is spending a few days in the city seeking recruits for his unit. This is the only heavy battery west of Montreal, and only men of exceptional physical qualifications are accepted.

OAK HILLS.

Mr. Nathan Eggleston made a flying trip to Bowmanville one day last week.

Mr. A. Wright and road gang are camped on the hills. Several from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Kennedy in Stirling. Deceased lived to a ripe old age.

LETTER FROM BORDON CAMP

Boys of the 80th Very Grateful for the Kindness they Received in Belleville.

Bordon Camp, Tuesday, June 6th Dear Friends of Belleville:

I take the pleasure of writing a few lines to the Belleville people. All the boys thank the City and Ladies of Belleville for what they did for the 80th Batt. We are all well pleased. We were inspected last Thursday by General Watson, who is in command of this camp and he told Col. Ketcheson we were a fine Battalion. Most of the boys from Canada wish they were back home again. When they were in Belleville they were sick of it and they wanted to go overseas, and now they are wanting to go back as they are in the right place now to be soldiers, but we have all to put up with what comes. It looks like war here. When I was on pass, I saw nearly every other man with an arm or a leg off. It looks awful here. We had a very good voyage coming over. We were anchored 7 days in Halifax and it took 8 days to cross over the pond. We all thank the Y.M.C.A. for what they did for us. All the officers used us fine coming over. I will close my letter with the best of thanks to all the Ladies of Belleville and what the City of Belleville did for us in the time we were in barracks.

W. A. W., 80th Batt.

NEWS FROM MASSASSAGA PARK

The Rev. Dr. Blagrove held service at the Park on Sunday afternoon at three o'clock. It was enjoyed by the guests and campers. A number drove in from the country for the service. Service will be held every Sunday during the season.

The following registered at Massassaga Park Hotel on Sunday:—Mr. C. M. Stork and wife of Belleville, Mr. C. M. Stork, Jr., Miss M. Stork, Rev. Dr. Blagrove and wife, Mr. A. Ham and wife, Mr. C. B. Burnham, Mr. F. W. H. Evans, Mr. J. McGuire, Mr. C. Taylor, Mr. K. Gribble, Mr. H. Rivall, Mr. R. Baitey, Miss Green, Miss E. Ryan.

W. A. ROBINSON, J. P., HITS BACK.

Referring to the case of Coorlan, the Ontario whiskey detective, who was alleged by the Chairman of the Ontario License Board to have been misrepresented, Mr. W. A. Robinson, J. P., of Cannington, who fined Coorlan \$50, says in reply to Mr. J. D. Fiaville:

"If it is necessary for men to conduct themselves, though they be detectives, in the manner, method and mood that the accused in my presence did, the sooner the whole department is remodelled the better for the system of the Liquor License Board all concerned. My experience in dealing with and coming in contact with all classes of men of the Province of Ontario and Quebec is, that never before did I listen to such a tirade of foul and abusive language from the mouth of any man. I have charity enough to think and believe that this filth—for it was nothing less than filth—was belched from the mouth of an individual possessed with some kind of dementia—be it drunkenness or what not—it gave strong evidence of extreme case of drunkenness. We say in all fairness to the citizens of Cannington and public in general that the accused should have been locked up on the night of April 12 and examined by a physician. If the accused was feigning—he over did it—and should be punished for his abusive and unseemingly language—and if drunk, well, he had no more right to be drunk in a Local Option municipality than any other person, therefore, he is amenable to the laws of the land."

HEPBURN v. JOCKEY CLUB.

Trial Court, Before Middleton, J. Hephburn v. Connaught Park Jockey Club of Ottawa.—McG. Young, K. C. for plaintiff, N. A. Belcourt, K. C. for defendant. Action to recover \$10,000 paid on account of purchase of charter rights of Western Racing Association upon theory that under contract between the parties the association had the right to establish and operate a race track at or near Windsor or Niagara Falls and hold race meetings thereat, where private bets might be made, and that by reasons of the provisions of the criminal code the association had not in fact such right, that the charter had become forfeited and void, and that supplementary letters patent were also void and of no effect. Judgment: Action dismissed with cost.

HELD ON SERIOUS CHARGE.

Chief Portland of Picton yesterday telephoned the local police to arrest a young man named Harry Smith on a very serious charge preferred against him in Picton. Sergt. Naphin found Smith near the Bay Bridge and turned him over to Chief Portland who came here in a car.

ARE NOT IN AGREEMENT.

A. H. Stratton Declines to Become Part Purchaser With R. M. Glover.

Before Mr. Justice Middleton in Osgoode Hall, Friday, the following case was decided. It concerns a provision in the will of the late Hon. J. R. Stratton, in reference to the purchaser of "The Examiner, Peterborough."

Re Stratton—D. O'Connell, Peterborough, for executors, moved for order constraining will, W. N. Tetley, for A. H. Stratton, R. R. Hall, Peterborough, for R. M. Glover.

Judgment: The brother declines to become a part purchaser with Glover and claims he then has the right to become sole purchaser. Glover contends that if Stratton declines to accept the joint gift then he (Glover) may accept and become the sole owner, subject only to the charge. The option to Stratton to become sole purchaser being in his view an option given when both refuse to accept the proffered joint legacy and not when one refuses. I cannot accept this as being either the testator's meaning, or as being what he has said. The acceptance must follow the offer and be by both. In case both of them do not accept, then suggestive options are given—to the brother first and to Mr. Glover next. What the testator meant was if you two desire to enter upon this venture jointly, well and good. If you cannot agree my brother has the first chance, if he is unwilling then Mr. Glover is given the opportunity.

FLAG AT HALF MAST.

The flag has been flying at half mast over the city hall in respect to the memory of the Belleville boys whose deaths in action were reported last week. The flag was at half mast last week in memory of Earl Kitchener, but midway through the week it was raised to the mast head when the term of mourning was concluded. The flag was again lowered for the five local young men who have fallen—Walter Craig, Clifford R. Burrows, Chas. E. Balch, Reuben Belch and John Corby.

PIANO RECITAL.

Miss MacCuaig's annual pupils' recital was given in St. Agnes' hall on Saturday afternoon. An appreciative audience marked the careful work and good progress evidenced by the performance of the young students. The following pupils took part on the program: Allan Dempsey, Gertrude Blackburn, Marjorie Hartley, Nora Sneyd, Jack Moffat, Ida Parker, Helen Roberts, Charles Darle, George Smith, Helen Brown and Muriel Luffman.

The prizes for highest marks for practice and progress during the year were won by Helen Roberts and Jack Moffat and a special prize was given to George Smith who is going to live in Hamilton.

S. S. INSTALLATION.

The officers and teachers of Holloway Street Methodist Sunday School were duly installed at the Sunday morning service, Rev. J. N. Clarry, pastor, officiating. The hymns were particularly appropriate, "Father of Mercies in Thy Word," "O Thou who hast in Every Age," and "O Master let me walk with Thee." The Scripture reading was from the book of Ezra, dealing with the prophet's exposition of the Law of God.

The installation service followed the sermon. The pastor read the names of the officers and teachers and addressed the superintendent, Mr. G. T. Woodley on the duties of his office. The officers and teachers were next introduced to the congregation and installed.

RESIDENCE ROBBED BY BOY.

The residence of Mr. Fred Smith, Geddes street was entered yesterday by a boy aged twelve years who took a .32 calibre rifle and about \$2.50 in a bank. The police located the boy, secured the booty and took him home.

LIVELY RUNAWAY.

The milk delivery wagon and horse belonging to Mr. David Thrasher of the 3rd of Sidney were engaged in a lively runaway yesterday morning. The front wheel came off the wagon when near the Grand Trunk tracks and the horse started to run away. It ran for about a mile when it was captured by Mr. Robert Emerson of Bayside. Mr. Emerson deserves great praise for the courage displayed in halting the runaway. Considerable damage was done to the wagon and many bottles were broken.

BORN.

DOYLE—At Belleville General Hospital, on June 6th, 1916, to Daniel V. and Mrs. Doyle, Park Street, a son.

RITCHIE'S

NEW YORK

Wash Dresses

Illustrating Fashions Latest
Whims For Summer Wearing
Priced as Low as \$2.98 and as High as \$15.00



AT \$8.50

A CHARMING MODEL OF AWING STRIPED VOILE

The Style being one of New York's latest ideas in pleated yoke effect, at waist, black silk belt with white pearl buckle. Collar and Vestee of fine white Embroidered Organdy. This Dress can be had in blue, grey, and brown—awing stripes on white ground special at \$8.50.

AT \$13.50

A SILK STRIPED VOILE DRESS

Exemplifying a very stunning New York style in white striped Silk Voile with black or colored spots. Made in overskirt style with Bolero effect at back. Large circular collar of fine tucked net, special priced at \$13.50.

AT \$15.00

A STRIPED RAJAH SILK MODEL

Showing the separate Coat effect at its best, the coat being of green and natural stripes, while the upper part of the skirt is of natural Rajah with wide striped band around bottom, an exceedingly stunning Dress, priced at \$15.00. (See Windows)

LADIES' RAINCOATS

SPECIAL \$5.00

At this exceptionally low price we show a special range of Ladies' Raincoats in Fawn Color, seams sewn and cemented. Made of splendid quality Parametto with high button up Collar. Sizes 34 to 42, Special \$5.00.

Super Bone CORSETS

"Flexible as the Body Itself"

Our corset department is now showing a special range of the famous Super Bone Corsets a new fashionable and daintily finished corset similar to illustration. Super Bone Boning is the most satisfactory, strong and supple woven wire boning ever invented and used in these models only. Super Boned Corsets, gives absolute freedom with perfect support. Tall or short, stout or slim, there is a model to exactly suit your figure. Come in and try a pair and be convinced.

\$3.00 pair

Ladies' NIGHT GOWNS

Special **59c**

Made of fine white cotton, sleeves in kimono style, trimmed around neck with wide lace with ribbon run through beading, sleeves trimmed with narrow lace to match lace at neck, gown slip-over style, in sizes 56, 58 and 60, and one of the best values we ever offered at 59c.

A CHOICE COLLECTION

SILK SWEATER COATS

FOR OUTING WEAR

"Importations Direct From New York"

You'll want one of these "chic" Sweater Coats the minute you see them. They are all very stunning, some have the belt effect at back, while others have the separate girdle. Many of the models are in plain shades, others exemplifying the new checked and striped patterns. All the Latest Shades are represented, such as Rose, Copenhagen, Black and White, Emerald, Paddy, Melon, Gold, etc. For outing wear there is nothing more attractive or becoming, and the prices are quite reasonable when one considers they are all silk.

\$6, \$7, \$8, \$9 up to \$12

The RITCHIE Company Limited

TRICKS WITH LICENSE NUMBER

Company was accused before Squire Cohen yesterday afternoon in Toronto Police Court of violation of the traffic rules, and was able to satisfy the Squire that he and his car were in Belleville at the time of the alleged offence. The Sergeant said that this was the second time this had happened and gave orders that the car bearing the false number be held if seen again.

TRICKS WITH LICENSE NUMBER

"Someone is playing tricks with your license number," said Staff-Sergeant McKinney, when William Pyne of the Lake of the Woods Milling

News From the Countryside

WESTERN AMELIASBURG.

Mrs. H. Rathbun spent Sunday evening with Mrs. W. Aylea.

Mr. Chas. Denike of Corbyville, spent the week-end at Mr. J. Marvin's.

Pte. Chas. Weatherhead spent Sunday at Mr. M. Flindall's.

Mr. Lewis Brown visited his sister, Mrs. G. Harris on Sunday last.

Miss Edna Hawkins spent the week-end with Miss Carmine Adams.

We are sorry to report that Mr. E. Taylor is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Adams spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. S. Humphrey.

A number from this vicinity attended the funeral of Rev. S. Wooding at Concession Sunday last.

Miss Kathleen Johnson the popular teacher of Young's School motored to her boarding place Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Harnes of Burns, spent Sunday last at Mr. J. Martin's.

There is no more effective vermifuge on the market than Miller's Worm Powders. They will not only clear the stomach and bowels of worms, but will prove a very serviceable medicine for children in regulating the infantile system and maintaining it in a healthy condition. There is nothing in their composition that will injure the most delicate stomach when directions are followed, and they can be given to children in the full assurance that they will utterly destroy all worms.

WALLBRIDGE NOTES.

The West Hastings Womens Institute held their annual district meeting here last week. Several representatives from the different branches were present. There are six branches: Wallbridge, Frankford, River Valley, Chatterton, Bayside and Queen Alexandra. The Secretary read a report of the good work done by the different branches for the Red Cross work. The following officers were elected: Mrs. Geo. Nicholson, Dist. Pres.; Mrs. S. Boardman, Vice Pres.; Mrs. J. Phil Lips, Mrs. Lowery and Miss Boardman were appointed as a committee to meet the Agricultural Society, Miss H. McMurchie, of Toronto, gave an address on "Woman's Work After the War". There was a good attendance. Ice cream, cake and sandwiches were served at the close.

Mr. Sam Chisholm, of Winnipeg, visited his parents last week having accompanied him the remains of his grandmother, Mrs. Nelson Sills, who died at the home of her granddaughter at Lanigan, Sask.

Miss Clara Lane has returned home after attending the Branch Meeting of the W. M. S. held at Oshawa last week.

Miss Louise Wright who has been taking lessons at Albert College took part in the musical entertainment held there on Saturday night.

Mrs. C. J. Massey and Mrs. G. A. Ketcheson visited at the home of their cousin Mr. E. Holgate at Bowmanville last week.

Miss Anderson of Havelock visited her sister Mrs. John Chisholm over Sunday.

Mrs. T. Barber of Ameliasburg is spending the week with Mrs. (Col.) Ketcheson.

Mr. and Mrs. Myers Gilbert of Belleville visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Massey on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Ketcheson of Belleville spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Blake Ketcheson.

Pills That Have Benefited Thousands.—Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Parmentier's Vegetable Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Innumerable testimonials can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

VICTORIA.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hodgins spent Sunday the guest of Mr. Jas. F. Weese.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Bush and Miss Berice of Wellington, spent the week-end at their daughters Mrs. Ray Fox.

Mrs. Wilt spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents Mr. B. White of Sidney.

Mrs. Grant Gibson is home again after undergoing an operation on her throat in the Belleville hospital.

Mrs. David Calnan and daughter Rosa, of Concession, are visiting Mrs. Calnan's daughter in Rochester.

Mr. and Mrs. David Vandervoort spent the week-end the guest of their daughter Mrs. Lorne Brickman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Farmer and Mr. and Mrs. H. Adams called at Ray Fox's on Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Gough and friends of Striving visited at Mr. Amos Wannanaker's on Sunday.

Miss Vera Brickman is visiting her

friend Miss Carrie White in Sidney.

Mrs. Ray Fox has been under the doctor's care for the past week. She is slowly improving.

Mrs. F. Brickman took tea at Mr. Lorne Brickman's on Sunday evening.

Miss Bergl Weese tried her music examinations on Saturday in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Miss Audra and Mr. and Mrs. Everett Brickman spent last Wednesday evening at Mr. N. M. Wilson's.

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson attended the Weese wedding at Kingston last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Redner and children called at Mr. L. Brickman's on Sunday evening.

REDNERSVILLE AND ALBURY.

Misses Olive and Lorna Reid, Hattie Russell, Grace Kenney, Irene and Retta Brickman, Embury Adams, Bruce Russell, Stanley Brickman, spent Thursday evening with Verna Babcock.

Miss L. Mutton spent Sunday with Marie Weese.

Mrs. Harold Pearn of Bowmanville, spent last week with her brother, Fenwick.

Mrs. Clifford Peck was very ill last week but she is somewhat better at present.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Palmer and family and Mrs. Carley spent Sunday at Mr. Cleveland Clapp's.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Vandusen motored to Picton on Sunday.

Mrs. Archie Liddle and family of Kingston is spending a few weeks with her mother Mrs. W. R. Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brickman spent Sunday at Frankford.

Mr. and Mrs. Marley Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cunningham spent Sunday at W. R. Russell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Smith spent Sunday at Belleville.

Hattie Russell and Vera McMurter and E. Russell spent Monday afternoon at Miffy Wood's.

MADOC JOE.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Eggleton of Foxboro have the heartfelt sympathy of many friends here in the death of their son Clarence who lost his life fighting for King and Country.

Mr. and Mrs. Fintley Pollard, motored down from Keene recently and spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Eggleton and little daughter Irene of Frankford visited friends here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Stapley are moving in the house lately occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Gould who are moving back to Striving.

Mrs. Geo. Gay visited friends in Foxboro one day last week.

Mrs. French has been on the sick list but is able to be about again.

Master Melville French is still in very poor health and is staying with his aunt Mrs. Jas Palmer for the summer.

Friends here were sorry to hear that Miss Minnie Barker has had to undergo a serious operation in one of the hospitals in Toronto.

Pte. Clarence Ashley has written his parents saying he had landed safe and sound and had no complaints to make as the boat, meals and everything were first class.

The letter was mailed at Liverpool and he enclosed a snapshot of the "Baltic" for his parents.

SIDNEY CROSSING.

The farmers of this section are certainly up against it this season. Prospects are gloomy enough, some have only half their ground sown, very little corn has been planted as yet and late potatoes only about half in. Wheat and rye fairly good, clover and hay good but in places is beginning to rot because of so much rain. If dry weather and sunshine does not come soon the situation will be rather serious.

Miss Phyllis Bonsteel and Miss Lottie Pinkle spent Sunday last with Miss Nina Goodmurphy of Trenton.

Mr. Arthur Bonsteel of Aurora spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Chisholm.

Mr. Harry Spafford who went to Toronto for treatment under a specialist is home and able to be around.

Mrs. (Rev.) Ernest Davy of Dalrymple and Mrs. Goodmurphy of Trenton are spending the week with Mrs. W. W. Kelley.

A little son has come to brighten the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Hamilton.

Rev. Jobin and family leave in a few days for his new charge at Sea-Grave, Ont. He was well liked on Bayside circuit and if health permits will be one of the foremost men in the Methodist Conference. We wish him every success and happiness in his new line of labor. He is succeeded by Rev. Marvin, M.A. of Sea-Grave. A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Lambert on Friday night when about thirty of the friends and neighbors gathered there to say goodbye to Mr.

HALSTON.

It is with a feeling of regret that we learn of the enlistment of our pastor Rev. Wm. Mair. While he has been on this circuit he has in every way done his duty and we know he will continue to do so as a soldier. Mr. Mair leaves many warm friends who all hope and pray he may be spared to come back and visit us again. A most hearty welcome will be given him in all our homes from both old and young.

The W. M. S. met at the home of Mrs. Theodore Parks on Wednesday. Miss Edna Lawrence of Gilead visited Miss Maggie Glass recently.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Gibson and Miss M. Pitman were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Pitman of Carmel on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Glover, Mr. and Mrs. J. Glover of Queensboro visited at Mr. S. Moul's recently.

Mrs. M. Boldrick is spending a few weeks with her sister Mrs. Cook of Belleville.

SPROWDALE.

Mr. George Bates of Belleville took dinner with Mr. N. Bates on Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Davidson attended the W. M. S. Branch meeting in Oshawa the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Chase were in Trenton on Monday.

Lambert, as he leaves on Monday to join the 15th Battalion at Barriefield. Mr. Lambert is of English birth and comes of a military family, having served with two brothers through the South African campaign and two are now with the expeditionary force in France. Thirty-two of the Lambert family are now in active service in France. Mr. and Mrs. Lambert were completely taken by surprise. Mr. Judson Kelley after bringing them setting to order called on Mr. Harry Jeffery who read an appropriate address and Mr. Harry Weese presented Mr. Lambert with a very patriotic reply, testifying to his loyalty to his King and Country and the old flag, and thanked his friends for their suitable gift. Short speeches were made by Messrs. S. Ketcheson, H. Spafford and L. Luncheon. Luncheon was served and an enjoyable time spent. Following is the address,—

Mr. A. Lambert,

Dear Friend:—We have gathered here tonight to spend a social hour with you before your departure from among us. You have made many warm friends during your short sojourn here. Man's first duty is to serve and adore his Maker. His next duty is to serve and protect his country home and loved ones and his civil and religious liberties which we as British subjects enjoy in this beloved Canada of ours. Although having been in active service before and knowing the hardships and dangers endured by the soldier on the battlefield, yet you are again ready and willing to leave your home, your wife and little girl, all that life holds dear to answer the call of your King and Country in this hour of need. We feel proud of you, proud to clasp the hand of so true a British subject in farewell and we all unite in wishing you Godspeed and our prayers will ever be for your safe return and that victory may rest on the banner of the Allies. We know you can say with Bandmaster Bonphron of the 74th batt.—

I leave you Canada fair land
Where all is peace and rest,
Leave loved ones, friends to take
My stand
Where seem's my country best.
For they dear sake oh land o'mine
Thy freedom to secure,
That liberty be ever thine,
We'll fight and we'll endure.

I ask no more for what I do
No thanks or word of praise,
It is enough that 'tis for you
The British flag we raise.
Protecting home and loved ones
Dear.

In peace 'neath sunny sky,
And this alone my heart will cheer,
Goodbye dear Canada, goodbye,
Signed on behalf of neighbors and
friends by Messrs. S. Ketcheson, H. Spafford, D. Russell and H. Hess.

HILLIER.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright spent Sunday with friends in Gilead.

Mr. Wm. Thompson, Niles Corns called at Mr. Foster's Sunday afternoon.

Miss Lucile Palmer has returned home after spending a few weeks with her aunt Mrs. Tom Smith, 3rd concession.

A number of the young people were in Wellington on Saturday night.

Mrs. A. Rattray spent Saturday in Trenton.

Mrs. Fritz spent one day last week with friends in Belleville.

Miss Ethel Smythe has returned to her home in Hastings.

Miss Helen Gilbert spent the week-end the guest of Mrs. A. Vanderwater, Gilead.

WEDDING BELLS.

A very quiet but pretty June wedding took place in St. Vincent de Paul Church, Deseronto, Ont., on Monday morning, 19th inst., when Agnes Julia youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilson was united in holy bonds of matrimony to Frank J. McAlpine of Belleville, son of Patrick and Mrs. McAlpine of Marysville, Ont. The Rev. P. J. Hartigan, officiated. At 8 o'clock the bride entered the church leaning on the arm of her father. She was attired in a gown of white silk crepe over white tulle in Russian effect with bridal wreath and veil and carried a shower bouquet of white roses and lily of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Lizzie Wilson of Toronto, who wore a gown of pink georgette crepe with large black hat and carried a bouquet of Killarney roses. The groom was ably supported by Chas. P. Fitzpatrick of Napanee. The groom's gift to the bride was a pendant of pearls and to the bridesmaid a gold bracelet and to the groomsmen a pearl tie pin. After the ceremony the happy couple accompanied by the immediate relatives adjourned to the bride's home, Second Street, where a dainty wedding breakfast was served. Later they motored to Napanee where amid showers of confetti they left for Buffalo, Detroit and Chicago. The bride travelled in a palm beach suit with hat to match.

Among the out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilson, Cooper City, Ont. Mr. and Mrs. M. Rehan, Miss Lizzie Wilson, Miss M. Campbell, Mr. J. Miller, Toronto, Mr.

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It is rumored that Mr. S. R. Osterhout has purchased the old Temperance Hall and intends using same for a house.

The church choir had a surprise party for their leader on Tuesday evening when they presented Mr. and Mrs. Arnett with a clock and marmalade jar.

Mr. J. Williamson is painting his house.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Davidson also Mrs. G. H. Davidson took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Bates on Sunday.

Mr. Morley Barlow of Belleville attended church here on Sunday.

Mrs. M. Potter is staying with her daughter Mrs. N. Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Milligan spent Saturday and Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Collier.

Pte. Louis Winterbottom of 183 Battalion, Oshawa, and formerly of this place was renewing acquaintances here the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gay visited at Mr. J. Williamson's one day last week.

Mrs. Chas. Chase spent Wednesday at Mr. John Preston's.

Mrs. R. McMurter, Mrs. D. A. Chase and Mrs. Morley Davidson attended the Womens Institute in Frankford on Wednesday.

Mr. A. E. Wood is busy fixing up the plots in the cemetery lately.

Mr. and Mrs. Frear visited their daughter, Mrs. Arthur Brown on Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Knox preached his farewell sermon here on Sunday. Next service here will be by our new pastor, Rev. R. M. Paterson.

SIX BATTALIONS WILL BE MOVED.

Those Remaining at Barriefield Are 154th, 155th, 156th, 6,000 Men Still There.

In changes connected with the troops at Barriefield camp, it has been definitely settled that the following battalions will be moved:

The 93rd battalion of Peterboro, commanded by Lt.-Col. Johnston.

The 109th battalion of Lindsay, commanded by Lt.-Col. Fee.

The 130th battalion of Perth, commanded by Lt.-Col. de Hertel.

The 126th battalion of Fort Hope, commanded by Lt.-Col. Smart.

The 139th battalion of Cobourg, commanded by Lt.-Col. Floyd.

The 146th battalion of Kingston, commanded by Lt.-Col. Chas. A. Low.

It is settled that four of these battalions will go to Valcartier camp, and that the first will be moved about June 26th, which will be next Monday. They will leave at the rate of one battalion each day until all the battalions intended for Valcartier have left Barriefield camp.

It is rumored that the 93rd battalion of Peterboro and the 109th of Lindsay will be the first to go overseas, and that within 30 days these two battalions will be on their way to the front. It may be that in view of this fact the 93rd and 109th will be retained at Barriefield camp until they entrain for the front.

The 154th battalion of Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry, commanded by Lt.-Col. Macdonald, the 155th battalion of Belleville commanded by Lt.-Col. Adams, and the 156th battalion of Brockville, commanded by Lt.-Col. Bedell will remain at Barriefield camp.

If the 93rd and 109th battalions are retained until they go overseas it will mean about 6,000 men left in Barriefield camp, with a daily pay roll of about \$7,000.

The strongest battalions, numerically are being retained in camp.

THE SPOILERS HERE TONIGHT.

Conceded by many to be the greatest story ever filmed, "The Spoilers," Rex Beach's gripping and sensational novel of Alaskan life has been pictured by the Selig Company in nine reels, and is announced for exhibition at Griffin's opera house tonight and Thursday evening. Booklovers will recall that the book sold for one dollar, the best seats for the play cost one dollar and a half, and those who read the book and saw the play and witnessed the picture proclaim the picture superior to both book and play. An unusually fine cast has been selected to interpret the learning roles and includes William Farnum, Katherine Williams, Bessie Eyton, and Weller Oakman, the photodrama also abounds with many thrilling moments including the most stubborn, strenuous and exciting fight ever screened, and the dynamiting of a whole town.

THE POWDER TRUST AND THE WAR.

Do you believe that the powder used in the cannons in this war by Britain and her allies, constitute the where-withal for grafters to practice their thieving trickery. In the 13th 2 part episode of the great GRAFT series which is announced for exhibition at the Palace Theater tonight and Thursday, matinee and night, you will see a series of dramatic actions—situations as tense as any humans themselves can make them. You will see how the famous "thirteen" grafters work. You can start this story any time as each episode is complete though a thread of continuity runs through the entire twenty episodes. Bring the family to see this inspiring uplift drama in which the young district attorney smashes the famous fifteen graft ring. In addition to the above offering Murdock McQuarrie and Edna Payne appear in a tense and emotional two part drama of the West entitled, "The Fatal Introduction." 4 other selected comedies and dramas are also announced for exhibition.

JOHN STREET JOTS.

The choir is indulging itself in a picnic at Massassaga Park this afternoon.

The change of the Sunday School session from the afternoon to 10 a.m. has already justified itself, and promises to mean a higher average attendance during July and August.

The congregation and Sabbath School will unite in a Patriotic service next Sunday at 11 a.m. In the evening the choir will give its last special musical programme before the holidays.

GARRANZA MAY BEGIN WAR ON NOTE'S ARRIVAL

Wilson Flatly Refuses to Meet Demand by Withdrawal of Wireless Dispatch

SINOLOA IS DEFIANT

Northern State Takes Independent Action, According to Wireless Despatch

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Upon Gen. Carranza's reception of a stern refusal to heed his demands for recall of American troops from Mexico hinges the question of a Mexican war in the opinion of President Wilson's close advisers. They were prepared for the possibility of open hostilities after the note, which will be sent forward today, has reached Carranza's hands.

The governor of the State of Sinaloa has sent an ultimatum to the United States, according to a radio-gram received today at San Diego, Cal., from Commander Arthur Kavanaugh at Mazatlan. No further details of the alleged declaration were given in the message, which was directed to Admiral Winslow of the Pacific coast fleet.

While the diplomatic steps were in progress today—the nation was stirred through its width and breadth with the movement of National Guardsmen mobilizing to guard the border. At least 100,000 and possibly a far larger number were preparing for active service under President Wilson's call. For the present their mission will be purely one of defence; but should war come they will be ready also for that. No marching order for the new forces had gone out last night. They will not be assigned for border duty until mustered into the federal service.

Even when mobilization is completed only such units will be ordered south as Gen. Funston desires to fill the gaps in his 1800 mile guard line. The remainder will rest on their arms at the state mobilization camps for the present, awaiting the turn of events.

Official reports from many quarters show that a flame of popular feeling against the U.S. is being kindled throughout Mexico. Apparently it is being done with the sanction of Gen. Carranza, for the acts in many cases are those of his authorized military or civil agents.

From Juarez to the west coast of Mexico posters have appeared calling the people to arms, and asserting that the U.S. is preparing to hurl its armies into Mexico. Chaotic conditions prevail everywhere, it is said, and relations are strained to the breaking point.

155th BAND'S APPRECIATION.

The boys of the 155th Battalion Brass Band are all home in Belleville on leave until Thursday. They wish to publicly express their appreciation of the kindness of Mrs. (Col.) Lazier in giving them a cheque for \$25.00 wherewith they were enabled to purchase 35 camp chairs which are a great help and comfort to them.

DIED.

FELT—In Belleville on Tuesday, June 20th, 1916, Florence Lillian Felt, aged 24 years and five months, beloved wife of Mr. A. O. Felt of Lindsay.

INVESTIGATING COMPLAINT.

The police are investigating a complaint about some servant girls over the alleged taking of some jewellery. The police are on the lookout for some boys who took French leave from Mimico Industrial School.

SPEAKERS' LEAGUE MEETING JUNE 27th.

The public meeting of the Speakers' Patriotic League announced for tonight has been postponed until June 27th at the Armouries at 8 o'clock, when the question of National Service will be taken up.

RIFLE SHOOT.

Women's Rifle Club vs. Men's Rifle Club.

Miss McCarthy—97.
Mrs. Symons—97.
Miss V. McLean—94.
Miss Falkiner—92.
Miss Campbell—92.
Miss Milburn—84.
Total, 552.

J. Douch—98.
H. Day—97.
W. J. Andrews—98.
A. R. Symons—93.
C. C. Walker—90.
R. Tannahill—88.
Total 562.

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CARS FOR SALE.

Two McLaughlin Cars, 1912, ready to drive away at \$2.00 each. One Ford 1913 ready to drive away at \$2.99. Apply J. B. Brintnell, Grove St. 22-1 td & w.

SHORTHORNS FOR SALE.

Four Shorthorn Bulls of the Milking strain for sale. These cattle belong to Great Dival Purpose Breed and are all fit for service in a few months. Anyone wanting one of these animals should apply at once. J. H. Clare, R.R. No. 2, Tweed. 22-4 w.

FOR SALE.

GASOLINE ENGINE, ALMOST new, a bargain. Write Box M, Ontario Office. j15-4 w.

WANTED.

ANY PERSON HAVING A GOOD Farm of 100 to 150 acres conveniently situated to sell at once, kindly communicate with W. A. Cranston, R.F.D. I, Tweed, Ont. 13-3t

NORMAN MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

Pure bred stock a specialty. Phone No. 101, Real Estate Broker, of Farm Stock. Phone or write Striving P.O. R.M.D. Phone 8821.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, special attention given to sales also City License. Box 180 Brighton, Ont.

FARMERS' CONVENTION CALLED.

The Farmers' Clubs of this district are interested in a Convention to be held by The United Farmers of Ontario at Belleville, on July 5th. The clubs in this district have been notified to send representatives to this Convention.

The farmers' movement in Ontario, under the leadership of The United Farmers of Ontario, has assumed such proportions that it is impossible for all the clubs to send delegates to the big annual convention held each winter in Toronto. For this reason the Association has decided to hold five district conventions this month at central points throughout Ontario. The Convention for this district is to be held at Belleville City Hall on July 5th. Two sessions, 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

The announcement sent to the local clubs show that the speakers will be men of prominence in the movement, not only in Ontario but from the West as well, among whom are—T. A. Cramer, President of the Grain Growers Grain Company, Winnipeg, Man., or Mr. Jno. Kennedy, Vice Pres. of the Grain Growers Grain Company; Mr. John Ertchard, President of The United Farmers' Co-Operative Company; Mr. R. H. Halbert, President of The United Farmers of Ontario; Mr. Anson Groh, Manager of The United Farmers' Co-Operative Company; Mr. J. J. Morrison, Secretary of the movement, Messrs. E. C. Drury, W. L. Smith, and H. B. Cowan will also take part at some of these meetings.

The local clubs are invited to send as many representatives as possible. Morning and afternoon sessions will be held. All farmers are especially invited to attend, as the intention is to have the speakers explain fully all details of the movement both in relation to the operations of The United Farmers' Co-Operative Company and The United Farmers of Ontario.

BARRY-BENNETT.

A quiet but very pretty wedding took place in St. Patrick's Church, Toronto, June 20th, when Miss Mary Bennett of Read, Ont., was united in hold bonds of matrimony to Mr. David Barry, of Toronto. Rev. Father O'Hara officiated.

The bride was becomingly attired in a suit of cream serge with white picture hat and wore a corsage bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Teresa Bennett who wore a dainty gown of cream crepe de chene with leghorn hat trimmed with rose velvet and wore a bouquet of American beauty orses. Mr. John Barry did honors for the groom. The groom's gift to the bride was a cheque, to the bridesmaid a handsome bracelet watch and to the best man a pearl tie pin.

After the ceremony the happy couple left on their honeymoon to Detroit, Buffalo and other places of interest. On their return they will reside at their home 35 Glen Lake avenue, Toronto.

MILITARY NOTE.

Barriefield Camp.—The lines of the 155th Battalion are being well drained, and an artistic touch is being given to many spots in the battalion lines.

Miss Evelyn Blanchard, 277 Church street, has returned home from North Bay, where she has been attending Normal School.

The Ontario Knights of Columbus are in convention at Niagara Falls.

B

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FRID

No-Mo-

The Ideal Tol prevent the odotion, reg. 50c bo

39c

Pate

25c Baby's Own
25c Abbey's Salt
50c Fruitatives
50c Gin Pills
50c Dodds' Pills
50c Williams' Pil
\$1.00 Pinkham's
25c Nervillie
25c Hamilton's P
25c Thos. Eck
25c Chase's K. A
50c Chase's New
50c Chase's Oint
50c Lutha Table
25c Carter's Pills
And all other pat at lowest price

Tooth

With each pur Tooth Paste we Tooth Brush.

25c

Cigar S

10c Irvings...
10c Van Horne's...
10c Prime Minis...
10c Bachelors...
10c Orvids...
10c Medoras...
10c Carolines...
10c Reynolds...
10c Colonial...
10c Excello...

A. B. & C
2 for

News

Mr. G. H. F. Young v
Miss Gilbert Osborn
was in town on Thurs
Miss Post is now ass
Wellington Fair.
Glad to report that
Green is getting better
Mrs. M. Ferguson
Mrs. Bishop from the
ed on Mrs. L. G. Dorian
B. A. Fanning is bus
We are very sorry
principal of our school
the summer holidays.
may get a better situa
A number of ice crea
now.
We are glad to
Chisholm and family
among us for the sum
Our dealers shipp
week.
Miss Susie and Lilla
lake shore spent last
Miss Mary Dor

Bargains AT Lattimer's FRIDAY & SATURDAY

No-Mo-Odor

The Ideal Toilet Water to prevent the odor of preparation, reg. 50c box, sale price

39c

Patents

- 25c Baby's Own Tablets... 15c
25c Abbey's Salts... 16c
50c Fruitatives... 20c
50c Gin Pills... 25c
50c Dods' Pills... 25c
50c Williams' Pills... 25c
\$1.00 Pinkham's Comp... 75c
25c Nervine... 10c
25c Hamilton's Pills... 15c
25c Tis... 15c
25c Thomas Electric Oil... 15c
25c Chase's K. & L. Pills... 15c
50c Chase's Nerve Food... 20c
60c Chase's Ointment... 40c
50c Lithia Tablets... 15c
25c Carter's Pills... 15c
And all other patent medicines at lowest prices.

A Shipment OF Colgate & Co. Famous Toilet Preparations

JUST RECEIVED Colgate's Talcum 25c including Monad, Violet, Cashmere Bouquet, Eclat, Dactylis, La France, Rose, Baby, Talc.

- Colgate's Talcum, large tin, all odors, 35c
Colgate's Shaving Cream stick or powder, 25c
Colgate's Dental Cream, large tube, 25c
Colgate's Dental Cream, small tube, 15c
Colgate's Toilet Waters, 75c (Violet, Lilac, Caprice, Rose)
Colgate's Charms Cold Cream, 35c

Emulsified Coconut Oil

- 50c M. S. C. ... 35c
25c Lyman's ... 15c
An ideal shampoo and hair tonic.

Toilet Articles

- 25c Palmer's Talcum... 15c
25c Duchess Rose... 15c
25c Hutax Tooth Paste... 20c
25c Hutax Tooth Powder... 20c
25c Tooth Brushes... 14c
50c Sage & Sulphur... 35c
50c Parisian Sage... 35c
25c Dandergine... 15c
50c Dandergine... 35c
15c Glycerine Soap... 3 for 25c
25c box Violet Soap... 17c
25c box Cold Cream Soap... 17c
35c Djerklas Talcum... 25c
50c Massage Cream... 20c
50c Ingram's Powder... 35c
25c Rigaud's Powder... 15c
25c Rice Powder... 15c

Tooth Brush Free

With each purchase of a 25c tube of Nyal's Tooth Paste we will give absolutely free a 25c Tooth Brush.

Face Chamois Free

With each purchase of a 25c tin of Nyal's Talcum we will give absolutely free a 10c face chamois.

1 pound tin Violet Talcum 2 for 25c

25c Violet Trailing Arbutus Comlopsis Talcums 9c

Cigar Special

- 10c Irvings... 5 for 25c
10c Van Horne's... 5 for 25c
10c Prime Minister... 5 for 25c
10c Bachelors... 4 for 25c
10c Ovidis... 4 for 25c
10c Medoras... 4 for 25c
15c Carolinas... 3 for 25c
10c Reynolds... 3 for 25c
10c Colonial... 4 for 25c
10c Excello... 4 for 25c

Ice Cream Department

We have been complimented many times on our sanitary service; if you are not already a patron of our Ice Cream Parlor, next time you are down town come in and try some of our delicious ICE CREAM.

Chocolate Department

We are agents for the leading line of Chocolates today—Willard's High Class Chocolates, 25c to \$2.50 box.

25c A. B. & C. Tablets 2 for 25c

Bathing Caps. We have been fortunate in buying a lot of All Rubber Bathing Caps, all colors to sell at 25, 35, 50.

25c Hydrogen Peroxide 2 for 25c

News From the Countryside

WELLINGTON.

Mr. G. H. F. Young was at Melville last week. Mr. Gilbert Osborne of Melville was in town on Thursday. Miss Post is now assistant clerk at Wellington Fair. Glad to report that Mrs. P. A. Coen is getting better. Mrs. M. Ferguson and daughter, Mrs. Bishop from the lake shore called on Mrs. L. G. Dorland last week. B. A. Fanning is busy these days. We are very sorry to lose the principal of our school. She leaves at the summer holidays. All hope she may get a better situation. A number of ice cream parlors here now. We are glad to welcome Mrs. Chisholm and family from Belleville among us for the summer. Our dealers shipped hogs this week. Miss Susie and Lillian Ferguson of lake shore spent last Sunday with Miss Mary Dorland. Master George Dorland visited at Lake Shore on Friday evening last. No holiday this year for our stores as our Fair does not wish to close, sorry to say. Our banks observe Thursday afternoon holiday. A number of our farmers and also others are discouraged at so much

rain. They cannot get their land looked after. Mr. W. Fitzgerald has his son Harold, who is manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Linwood, Ont., visiting him for a few days. Miss Mary Boyce, also Mr. Bert Boyce from Picton and Belleville spent last Sunday here. Miss M. Smith of Picton spent last Thursday evening at her home here. The W. M. S. Methodist will hold a luncheon in July meeting. All come and enjoy it, members and friends, no admission, only a collection. Miss Jones on her way home from St. Agnes School, Belleville, visited Mrs. W. P. Niles a few days last week. Mrs. C. E. Bowerman, President of our W. M. S. Methodist attended the Branch meeting at Oshawa last week. Major McCullough is at Picton, also this place for men to enlist. Mrs. Reid was at Toronto's a few days last week. Rev. Gardner Phillips is at Grantford Ont. Tomato plants are again in all directions. Cannot get weather to plant—so much arid. The Orange Walk will be held at Wellington this year. Wedding bells at west end this fall. A surprise.

READ.

Owing to the recent rains the farmers have been unable to get their planting done. Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brennan visited with Mr. and Mrs. J. Cullen, Lonsdale on Sunday. Miss Annie Corrigan, Belleville, spent a few days with friends and relatives in this vicinity. A few of the young people from here attended the party at Mr. Thos. Walsh's, Fifth Concession, one evening recently. Mrs. B. Bowler, Kingston, is visiting friends in this locality. Miss Rose McDermott was at home to a few of her friends on Sunday evening. Mrs. M. A. Phillips and son Andrew spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. T. O'Ray. Mr. D. Hunt, Cloine, is visiting his brother, Mr. John Hunt, sr. Mr. R. Brennan is spending a few days in Belleville before leaving for Detroit, Mich. Mr. and Mrs. D. Walsh, Belleville, is visiting the former's brother, Mr. Jos. Walsh. Mr. Arthur McCormick met with a painful accident one day last week when he fell from a barn and broke two of his ribs.

GILEAD.

The year 1916 will be a memorable one for all of us both young and old. Never before in our recollection were farm operations so completely at a standstill at this time of the year as they are at the present time owing to the excessive rainfall. And never before did we await more anxiously for news concerning developments in the great world war as at the present time. Surely these are unusual trying times for the most of us, but let us hope for brighter days. The crop prospect in this section is not very encouraging just at present. Fall grain and clover on high land is a fairly good prospect, but with the exception of a few odd pieces of spring grain that happened to be sown very early there is a very poor showing just now. Some of our farmers have started to cut alfalfa hay but are experiencing difficulty in getting it cured. Scarcely any planting has been done as yet and the preparation of any land intended for late crops such as buckwheat and millet is out of the

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CROFTON

Mr. and Mrs. Royal Pearsall of Gardville are spending a few days with the former's brother, Mr. J. S. Pearsall. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Caughey and Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Caughey visited at Mr. Del. Snider's on Sunday. Messrs. Bovay and Pine have moved their portable law-mill to Wellington where they have a number of logs to saw. Mr. W. K. Burr is visiting at Mr. D. Moran's. Mr. and Mrs. C. Vancott took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. A. Weeks on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hawkins of East Lake spent Sunday at Mr. W. Clark's. Mrs. Gertie Walker of Toronto has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. W. J. Calnan.

MELROSE.

Mr. George Stammers, an aged and highly respected resident of this place passed away on Friday last. The funeral services were held in Salem Church on Sunday afternoon and were conducted by Rev. Mr. Martin. We wish to extend our sympathy to the bereaved family. We are pleased to report that Miss Katha Osborne is able to attend Sunday evening services.

WEST HUNTINGDON.

Mr. F. McInroy is coming out all smiles these days as there has been a young daughter left at his home. Mrs. McInroy is improving under the care of Nurse Ryan, of Crookston. Mr. Albert Mitts was home for a few days last week. Mrs. M. Mitts, Mr. and Mrs. H. Mitts and Miss Lillian Ryan spent last Sunday with Mrs. J. Mitts.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Power and Master Willie visited with Mrs. J. Power on Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. F. Corrigan and Jack Farrell, Blessington, and Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Egan, Melrose, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Corrigan on Sunday. Mr. Lee Hunt, Deseronto, spent Sunday with John J. Byrne. A few from here attended the basket picnic given by the East Hastings Farmers and Womens Institute, held in Mr. Moul's grove, Halston. Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Pitt spent Sunday evening with Miss Annie Wims. Mr. and Mrs. T. Shannon, Latta, spent one evening last week with Mrs. K. Meagher. Mr. Bert Callery and sister Kate, called on Mr. and Mrs. W. Power one evening recently. Mr. rank Finnegan, Forest Mills, passed through our village one evening last week. Sorry to hear he is leaving in the near future for Western points. Miss Margaret Gaffney, Corbyville, spent Sunday under the parental roof. Mr. John Wringe, spent Sunday with Mr. John Enright.

HIGH ISLAND.

Rev. Mr. Poulter preached his farewell sermon on the byside on Sunday. While we welcome our new pastor Rev. Mr. Wetherall, the community regret Mr. Poulter's removal from our midst. Miss Oneta Hicks of Greenbush, returned home on Saturday after spending a week with Mrs. D. Johnson. We are very sorry to report Miss Anna Thompson ill. The Womens Institute met at Mrs. S. Clement's on Tuesday last. Miss Essie Tweedy of Murray is visiting at Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Thompson's. Mr. and Mrs. J. Sempie entertained company on Sunday, for dinner.

FRANKFORD.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Pyear, of Glen Ross spent Thursday with the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Potter. Ptes. George and Jack Chard of the 155th Battalion at Barriefield, arrived in town on Thursday for a few days visit with their parents Mr. and Mrs. Jack Chard. We are sorry to report that Mrs. Chard is in very poor health. She has one son with the First Contingent who is reported missing since over a year ago, one son-in-law in the 80th and two sons and two grandsons in the 155th at Barriefield. Nurse Potter left on Saturday morning for Rochester and after visiting friends there she will return to her duties in York State. Mrs. Clapp, our milliner, has closed up her store here and we are informed she is leaving for the West. Pte. H. D. Bovas, of the 155th at Barriefield spent the week-end with his wife and daughter here. Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Meyers of Belleville spent Saturday night and Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Meyers. Miss Edna Clarke of Enterprise is renewing old acquaintances and visiting friends in town. Mrs. Ed Prentice was in Colborne attending the funeral of Mrs. W. Coyle. Miss Ada Munn of Belleville spent Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Munn. Miss Maggie McCauley, nurse-in-training at Toronto is holidaying with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. McCauley. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Munn of Johnstown visited at Mr. Albert Munn's on Sunday. On Saturday about the noon hour Mr. B. B. Ostrom, druggist, and postmaster was stricken with a stroke Dr. Simmons, Falkner of Foxboro and Farncomb of Trenton were called in but all of no avail. He lingered until Monday evening when he passed away about 9 p.m. Mrs. C. H. Turley of Keewatin, arrived home only a few hours before her father Mr. B. B. Ostrom passed away.

question Pasture is good and the cows are contributing a liberal supply of milk to the cheese factory. This is about the only thing the farmer has to help keep up his spirits and if it is fortunate enough to be able to secure enough feed to keep the cows when the pasture falls, perhaps it will not be so bad after all. Rev. Mm. Pimlott occupied the pulpit in the Methodist church here last Sunday. A garden party under the auspices of the Epworth League is to be held on the Public School grounds here on Thursday evening, June 23. This promises to be an event of interest, and an entertainment of a high character as we note on the programme there appears the names of Mr. Pimlott, of Albert College and Mrs. Grant of Belleville, who will be present to entertain, also the band from Belleville will be in attendance to enliven the proceedings with music. Everybody is cordially invited to come and enjoy the evening's entertainment with us. The admission fee is 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children. Refreshments will be served during the evening. Rev. Mr. Mitchell of Roslin will be the chairman. We are hoping that we may be favored with fair and warm weather for the occasion. Mrs. Charles Huffman and little son spent one day last week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Casey. A motoring party consisting of Mr. Charles Frost, his mother and grandmother and some other friends all of Deseronto called at the home of Mrs. R. Huffman on Sunday afternoon last. Mr. Wm. Coulter has been busy putting a new roof on a portion of his barn. The roads are very bad just at present owing to the wet weather.

AMELIASBURG.

A large number from here attended the funeral of the late Rev. Spencer Gooding at Consec on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Vandervoort spent Sunday at Geo. Alyea's. Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Pulver returned from Oshawa on Wednesday last. During their absence they purchased a new Chevrolet car. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wallace of Trenton and Mr. and Mrs. Ross, Irvine of Belleville spent Sunday at Jno. Irvine's. Miss Alberta Adams spent Sunday afternoon at Roy Dempsey's. Miss May Maidens of Consec on is visiting Mrs. Geo. Alyea. Several from here went to Albury for Decoration day. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Stoneburg, visited at R. H. Snider's on Friday. Henry Ayehart spent Saturday afternoon at B. O. Adam's. Mr. Jno. Hill of Picton spent a day last week with Jas. Dempsey.

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THIRD LINE THURLOW.

We have an abundance of rain. Crops of all kinds are growing nicely, but a large quantity of land has not yet been sown. We are promised plenty of fruit. There is danger of our hay crop spoiling before it can be harvested. It is very heavy and still so wet. Very little corn will be sown as it is getting late. Miss Pearl Jose of Prince Edward County is visiting her sister Mrs. H. Wallbridge for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. A. Ruttan took dinner on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hamilton's. Mrs. E. B. McKenzie and children of Winnipeg have come east for a visit with her father Mr. A. Ruttan and other relatives and friends. Mr. Fred Swain has his barn raised. Mr. Adam Easton had a bee drawing the steel and galvanized iron from Belleville for his steel barn. Mr. Harry Twedt is shingling his house. Mrs. Geo. Peak is improving slowly after an attack of rheumatism. Mrs. Chas. Liddle, delegate, has returned from the Convention at Oshawa.

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latives and friends in our vicinity. Memorial services for Lord Kitchen were held on Sunday last in both churches. At the Presbyterian in the morning and Methodist in the evening. Large crowds were present at both services. The band was present on both occasions. Mr. and Mrs. Brownie and children of the 4th line spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Marnar. Mrs. C. Hetherington and daughter Muriel left this morning for Buffalo to join her husband who is undergoing a serious operation. Miss Bird of Cooper is visiting at the home of Miss Tena Watt. Mrs. Stillman Gay returned home on Saturday after attending the convention held in Oshawa. Mr. rank Wallbridge of Massasaga spent Sunday afternoon and evening with Mr. and Mrs. NNNell Davis and family. Miss Flossie Rose of Holloway spent Sunday with relatives here. Pte. Wm. Shaw of 155th Battalion spent a few days last week at his home here returning to Barriefield on Tuesday. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Jack Eggleton and relatives in the loss of their son Pte. Clarence Eggleton, who was killed in action. Mrs. Percy Denyes of Campbellford is visiting at the home of her cousin Miss Clara Youker.

NILES CORNERS.

Owing to the continued wet weather there will be a scarcity of corn in this vicinity. Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ellis and Mrs. Jane Clarke spent Wednesday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan. Mr. and Mrs. Ross Cruickshanks and children of Melville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ellis. Mr. C. Clapp Spencer of Picton was through here on Wednesday with his car. J. Hirschberg, eye-sight specialist of Toronto was through here on Thursday. Mrs. Fred Ellis visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thompson at Pleasant Bay on Wednesday. Mrs. Hilton McCartney of Rose Hall visited her sister Mrs. Wm. Tekey last week. Very sorry to hear of the serious illness of Mr. Harold Spencer, Lake Shore, who is in the hospital at Toronto undergoing operation; his friends here hope soon to see him back home very much improved in health. Mrs. I. Mordon of Jericho visited Mrs. James Morden last week.

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Mr. and Mrs. Lansing of Belleville were guests of their daughter Mrs. Rryerson Badgley for a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Bustar and Mr. and Mrs. Melbourne and Miss Stickey of Shannonville motored to Mr. David Jeffery's on Sunday evening and also attended service held in the Methodist church. Mr. Spatford of Picton is spending a few days visiting relatives in this place. Mr. Frank Jeffery of Wallbridge spent Sunday with Mr. Elliot Embury. Mr. and Mrs. Ben Osborne and Mrs. Barker were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Osborne on Sunday last.

OAK HILLS.

We are sorry to report that Mr. Frank Stapley is suffering from an attack of quinsy. Dr. Zwick is in attend ance. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Plane of Madoc visited Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Jarvis over Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Chambers motored to Campbellford on Sunday. Mr. Josiah Jarvis, Madoc, spent Sunday with friends here. Mr. Bert Lyons made a flying trip through our burg on Sunday. Miss Annie Stapley has returned home from Peterboro, where she has been attending the Normal School. Mr. Nathan and J. Bronson, Madoc, spent Sunday with Mr. J. Bronson. Miss Mae Gallivon of Syracuse, N. Y., is spending her holidays with her parents and friends. Some of our young people attended the kitchen shower at Mr. Smiths, at Chatterton on Monday evening.

MASSASAGA.

Mrs. Wm. Wallbridge has returned home after spending the past three weeks at Stirling. Mrs. Vallean has gone to spend a few days with her mother at Belleville who is not very well. Mrs. Harry Jose went as delegate to Oshawa for the W. M. S. Jack Wallbridge is confined to his bed again. Mr. and Mrs. Ackerman and Mrs. H. Huff and daughter motored to Rednersville on Wednesday afternoon. A. J. Anderson and his two cousins Miss B. Wallbridge and Mrs. J. Howatson took in "Britain Prepared" on Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Ed. Simonds has been on the sick list but is some better at present. Bert Hamilton called the men out to do road work on Wednesday but owing to so much wet weather they can neither work on land or road. Edgar Adams and family of Sidney spent Sunday at Joseph Simonds. Mr. and Mrs. Black spent Wednesday in the city. Miss Anna Broad took dinner on Tuesday with Mrs. H. Huff. This appointment was glad to hear Rev. Mr. Webber was back for another year. Jim and Asa Broad have installed new milking machines. Its the "Hyman" Three Hymans out of six milking machines speaks for itself. Howard Wallbridge and family spent Sunday in Shannonville. The milk inspector was at Massasaga cheese factory on Monday. During the day he tested some of all milk received. Some tested as high as 3-5, and others as low as 2-2. He found no skimmed or watered milk on any of the wagons. Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Parliament spent the week-end visiting friends at Carmel. Mrs. Hone and baby daughter of Peterboro have come to spend a few days with his aunt Mrs. J. Wallbridge. P. B. Hamilton, Geo. Ackerman and children took dinner at Mr. Beaters, Frankford on Sunday. Mrs. Hatfield of Huffs Island called on her sister Mrs. W. Black, on Tuesday last. Mr. and Mrs. Norman Post took tea at their nieces Mrs. H. Huff on Sunday. We are glad to hear that Jack Wallbridge is some better of his inflammatory rheumatism. Uper Massasaga had quite an exciting time on Monday afternoon when a bay horse hitched to a phaeton ran away for no reason whatever unless it was an awkward driver. The driver seemed to be dressed for both sunshine and rain with white felt hat and hip rubber boots. The horse was caught at Mr. Way's where they rigged him up again and the last was seen of him he was whipping his horse up Mountain View hill. Mr. and Mrs. J. Hames of Hillier spent Saturday and Sunday at G. F. Lent and it being their anniversary some of the neighbors called to congratulate them.

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Mr. F. McInroy is coming out all smiles these days as there has been a young daughter left at his home. Mrs. McInroy is improving under the care of Nurse Ryan, of Crookston. Mr. Albert Mitts was home for a few days last week. Mrs. M. Mitts, Mr. and Mrs. H. Mitts and Miss Lillian Ryan spent last Sunday with Mrs. J. Mitts.

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1912, ready... ALMOST... NG A GOOD... BRY, Auction... Licensed Auc... ON CALLED... of this district... ent in Ontario... of the United... ent to the local... ment to the West... Kennedy, Vice... ritchard, Pres... rners' Co-Op... R. H. Halbert... d Farmers of... Groh, Manager... y Co-Operative... rrorison, Sec'y... Messrs. B. C... d H. B. Cowan... dited to send... es as possible... sessions will... especially in... tention is to... in fully all de... both in relation... The United... Company and... Ontario.

HASTINGS FARMERS CO-OPERATE

Sales, Mostly in Hogs, Reached \$190,000 in One Year.

AGGREGATE OF THE PURCHASES \$74,000 A Regular Manager Employed.

Aided by a Committee From the Toronto Globe.

In the township of Rawdon in the county of Hastings, the seed of farm co-operation has fallen on fertile soil.

There are four farmers' clubs in the township—Minto, Anson, Springfield and Marmora. These clubs both sell and buy co-operatively.

As the members of the clubs are all engaged in dairying in a large way they also produce large numbers of hogs, which form a natural side-line for dairying, and the hogs produced form the principal item in the co-operative selling carried on.

The selling is managed by a regular salesman, assisted by Mr. B. C. Tucker, Secretary of the Minto Club, and a committee appointed for the purpose. When a member of one of the clubs has a bunch of hogs ready there is a carload in sight, the salesman calls upon the parties having hogs ready to bring them in, and at the same time asks packing houses in Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal and Hull to bid on what he has to offer. In fact the packers frequently phone first to know what the clubs have ready for sale.

Packers Come to Them Now.

"At one time," said Mr. Tucker, "the packers told us the price that was ruling for the week and we could take it or leave it. That is no longer the case. We have a say in the price now, and the packers have to come to what we consider a fair figure. Our reputation is so well established that buyers know what sort of stuff we have to offer, and they bid us so much on board at shipping point. We have a credit at the bank, and when each member brings in his hogs he is paid for them by check at the price the packer has bid, less 85 cents per 100 pounds. The 85 cents is deducted to cover shrinkage in carriage. This usually more than covers shrinkage, and the balance left over is either applied to our reserve fund or divided in surplus profits among those supplying hogs as the occasion calls for. We are 120 miles from Toronto, and the average shrinkage in shipping to that point in spring and fall is five or six pounds per hundred weight, and to Montreal six or seven pounds. In hot weather the shrinkage is a little heavier.

Not Always Plain Selling.

"No," said Mr. Tucker, in reply to a question, "it has not all been plain for shipment he notifies Mr. Tucker, or a member of the committee, and the one notified telephones the information to the salesman. When selling with us. When we first began operations local drovers undertook to put us out of business by paying higher prices than the market warranted. We had to meet this competition, and in doing so went about \$300 in the hole. But we won out. We have the field to ourselves now and, instead of a debt of \$300, we have a surplus of about the same amount. While piling up this surplus we have secured good prices for our members. In the week ending May 27 we procured for them \$10.75 on board cars, over and above manager's fees, etc., and deduction for shrinkage. We usually ship once a week, and on one day we have had as many as five cars in one shipment."

The price received by the co-operative shippers in the last week of last month was from 25 to 35 cents above the 'country point' prices quoted in The Globe report for the same week.

The salesman who is engaged is allowed so much for each hog, cow or all handled. For hogs the charge is 10 cents each, for cows 75 cents, and less for similar animals. He spends about two days a week in handling the stock of the members, the rest of the time being spent on his farm.

The chief difficulty experienced is in handling calves and cows. As the section is a dairy one, there are no prime beef cattle, nothing but dry cows and calves. The cows are divided, roughly, into beefs and cutters, and the calves, of varying ages, have tag numbers. The division of the returns obtained from this sort of stock is left pretty much in the hands of the salesman, and this system has worked but fairly well.

The total sales of live stock for last year amounted to \$130,000 about \$110,000 of this being in hogs alone. The field of operations covers the

whole of Rawdon township and part of Marmora.

As already stated, the members in this union of clubs do their buying as well as their selling in a co-operative way. Two years ago their combined purchases aggregated \$74,000, because of the lessened necessity for buying feed. Two cars of salt were bought last spring, as well as a car of coal oil, with another car of oil under order. The saving on the oil amounted to at least five cents per gallon, and other savings are on a corresponding scale.

There are a lot of other clubs in Hastings, and some of these are preparing to follow the example set in Rawdon. Melrose and Bethany clubs and Sidney township will probably be the next to move. Mr. J. J. Morrison, Secretary of the United Farmers of Ontario, visited these clubs a short time ago, and the discussion on co-operation which occurred then has given a decided impetus to the whole movement.

AHMİK.

SOLDIER TOOK BICYCLE.

Constable Ellis Caught 155th Man Near Trenton.

Pte. Albert Wannamaker, Wellington, 155th Batt. came up to Belleville by a freight on Sunday evening without a pass. He remained here until about midnight Sunday when going along Bridge Street he picked out a bicycle belonging to Mr. Ed. K. Haway and took it riding off up Murney's hill. The police were notified and Mr. Kellaway pursued him on a wheel. Constable George Ellis struck out for the soldier and at a place about four miles from Trenton he overtook the young chap. Wannamaker was brought to Belleville and locked up.

This morning in court he said he was expecting to be discharged and wanted to go home, so he borrowed the wheel intending to return it in a day or so. He stated that he had had all the toes on his right foot cut off by a train some time ago and he expected his discharge.

Magistrate Mason turned him over with Crown Attorney Carnew's consent to Sergt. Armitage of the 155th to take his chance on the charge of absconding without leave.

WOMEN'S RIFLE CLUB.

Mrs. Symons—96.
Miss Falkiner—94.
Miss Campbell—94.
Miss McCarthy—92.
Miss McLean—90.
Miss H. Vermilyea—79.

A match was held between five members of the Women's Rifle Club and five members of the Men's Club. Result as follows:—
Miss Falkiner, 97; Miss McLean, 94; Miss McCarthy, 93; Miss Campbell, 92; Mrs. Symons, 91. Total 467.
H. Day, 97; J. Brown, 97; A. R. Symons, 94; C. C. Walker, 91; W. J. Andrews, 90. Total 469.
Giving the Men's Club a lead of two points.

On Tuesday night at eight o'clock a meeting of the W.R.C. will be held in the "work-room" at Miss Falkiner's for the election of officers for the coming year.

CALDWELL-MOORE.

On Wednesday, June 14th, a quiet but pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. William S. Caldwell when his eldest daughter, Keitha Viola, was united in marriage to Burley Campbell, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Moore, of Plainfield. Promptly at high noon, Mrs. J. P. McLeod began to play Lohengrin's wedding march and the bride, escorted by her father, took her place beside the groom, Rev. A. C. Huffman, of Plainfield, then read the beautiful though solemn marriage ceremony of the Methodist Church. During the congratulations Miss Mary Moore, in excellent voice, sang Lohengrin's Bridal Chorus. The party bride was daintily gowned in brown satin and nixon, the richness of which was finely relieved by a spray of white roses.

A sumptuous dinner was partaken of by the immediate relatives and friends, the Misses Minnie Ketcheson, Blanche Sills and Bessie Sills, serving. The happy couple then motored to Belleville and took the fast train for Toronto where a week or two will be spent among friends. The bride wore a travelling suit of navy blue broadcloth and a picture hat of blue satin covered with beaded nixon. Many valuable presents were given to the popular young bride, among which were two fifty dollar bills. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Moore wish them happiness, prosperity and long life.

LITTLE CHILD DEAD.

The six weeks' old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Williams Laferty, of 10 Charlotte street, (Myrtle Irene Moxam) has passed away. The funeral was held this afternoon at 2.30 to Belleville cemetery. Rev. J. F. Anderson, held the service.

Miss Dorothy French pupil of Miss Helen Ketcheson has passed her elementary piano exams. with honors.

ROLL OF HONOR AT BAPTIST CH.

Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith Unveils Scroll With Names of Volunteers

At the Baptist Church yesterday morning, the pastor, Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith, B.D., unveiled the roll of honor of the boys who have enlisted from this church. The list of names were placed on a scroll and framed. The scroll was draped beneath a large Union Jack and stood in front of the pulpit. The names are done in script and the legend is as follows:—

Let Us Forget ROLL OF HONOR in the Great War 1914

The scroll is the work of Mr. Orville Lounsbury. Rev. Smith preached an appropriate sermon from the text Mark 15-21: "And They Compel Simon to Bear His Cross." Special prayer was offered for the boys, and the dedication hymn was "The Son of God Goes Forth to War."

- The following is the list of names of the Baptist Roll of Honor:
- Jacob Bennett
 - Gordon Buck
 - David Bennett
 - Vernon Doolittle
 - F. A. Clarke
 - E. B. Hudson
 - W. M. P. Haines
 - Harold Frost
 - Willie Lancaster
 - Cecil R. Locke
 - Frank Sheldon
 - Geo. Wm. Wannacott
 - Roy Buck
 - Carl Clarke
 - H. L. Bradley
 - John G. Butler
 - C. R. Pawthorpe
 - Raymond E. Hudson
 - Nathan Kaiser
 - George Lancaster
 - Walter J. Looker
 - Jas. Maguire
 - Fred Trotman
 - Arthur Jackson
 - Wm. Luscombe
 - Sidney R. Bramhall
 - John D. Cookson
 - W. L. Elworthy
 - Harold Marsden
 - Ted Williams
 - A. Jacobs
 - Harry Sharpe
 - Jas. Lancaster
 - W. Yondon
 - Victor Weaver
 - C. Weidmark
 - Wm. Stanley Nurse

OUR GRAVEL ROADS

Allow me space to say a few words about our gravel roads. The sides of the roads are very soft and have been so all spring and I warn anyone drawing heavy loads to be very careful where they turn out or they will get stuck in the mud. From Mr. Hart Hickey's north there has been so much of our gravel road plowed up and thrown into the fence corners that there is not enough left in some places to carry two loaded wagons abreast. Those with autos who get stuck find it the best way for all hands to get out in the mud and get a good strong pole and pry up the auto and get a good strong team to hitch on behind, they can generally pull it out backward. They say that is the way a party of township and county officials did when they went out to see O'Brien's bridge and got stuck coming back. You will find their pole on Jno. Goodfellow's fence just north of his house. I may write again and explain more fully what has been done in the past and what is being done in the last few years with our gravel roads.

G. N. Brintnell, Corbyville.

COLLECTIONS TOTALLED \$735.00.

The Rose Day Collections for the Red Cross on Saturday in Belleville totalled seven hundred and thirty-five dollars. The conveners and the ladies engaged in selling roses spent a very strenuous day and deserved liberal patronage.

LIEUT. ELLIOTT NOW IN FRANCE

Word has been received by friends in this city that Lieut. Reg. Elliott has gone to France with one of the drafts being sent forward to fill out the depleted ranks of the Canadian division.

MILITARY NOTES

The attention of commanding officers is drawn to the necessity of practising their men in rapid loading and firing with dummy cartridges.

The 2,500 dummy cartridges and clips on charge of each Battalion should be distributed to company commanders who should see that the men practise the movements essential for delivering rapid fire.

Each man should be capable of loading and firing 5 chips of cartridges in 1 minute, keeping the rifle to the shoulder whilst firing, and only lowering the rifle to insert the next clip in the magazine.

The men should be taught to count the rounds as they are fired, as, in the excitement of firing, they are apt to forget that the magazine is empty and thus waste precious time.

A portion of the period allotted to musketry in the syllabus of training, should be devoted to this important work.

At the close of the program on Friday evening the officers of the 146th Battalion entertained the participants from the city, and all spent a most pleasant time.

MURPHY'S LONG SLEEP

Andrew Murphy arrived at Belleville police station at 1.10 this morning and asked for lodging for the night. He was shown to the "rest room." This afternoon his snore became audible in the corridor and the officer on duty went in and found Andrew still sleeping. He was roused and thought it was about eight o'clock. The time was however ten minutes to two. Andrew had slept over a twelve hours. There is no wonder at this as he claims to have walked the gravel roads. He is a baker by profession. He is headed East.

PIANO AND VOCAL RECITAL

Pupils of Mrs. Allen and Miss Ketcheson Presented Fine Program.

Last evening a vocal and piano recital was given in St. Andrew's church lecture room by pupils of Mrs. A. P. Allen and Miss Helen Ketcheson. An excellent program was rendered as follows:

- Piano Duet—Miss Ketcheson, Louisa Hinds.
- Song—"If No One Ever Marries Me"—L. Lehmann—Miss Carmelita Mastin.
- Song—"Up From Somerset"—Sanderson—Miss Vera Boyle.
- Piano—"Tarentella,"—Sturkon, "Pixies' Waltz"—A. L. Brown—Lily Boyle.
- Duet—"I Arise From Dreams of Thee"—Mrs. Allen, Miss Jean Collins.
- Piano—"Mill Wheel," "Mazurka in F"—Krogmann—Pearl Hollins.
- Song—"All Joy Be Thine"—Sanderson—Mr. J. M. Patterson.
- Duet—"In the Garden of Your Heart"—Dorel—Mrs. Allen, Miss Florence Kerr.
- Piano—"Gavotte in G"—E. Holst "Sonatina in G"—Beethoven—Dorothy French.
- Song—"Come Sing to Me"—Thompson—Mr. Tom Barrett.
- Piano—"Rondo Villageois"—C. H. Dennee; "Pixies' March"—A. L. Brown—Freda Johnson.
- Duet—"O, That We Two Were Maying"—Nevin—Mrs. Allen, Mr. Harold Barrett.
- Song—"Joy Bells"—Dorel—Miss Jean Collins.
- Piano—"Cradle Song"—Lohr—Louisa Hinds.
- Part Song—Selected—Misses R. Allen, Kerr, Smith, Holmes, Collins, Waters, Sharpe, Boyle, Mastin, Malloch and McGregor.
- Piano—"Polonaise"—Chopin—Miss Ketcheson.
- Song—"Anchored"—Watson—Mr. Harold Barrett.
- Duet—"Approach of Spring"—Lindsay—Miss Ketcheson, Freda Johnson.
- Song—"Daffodils—a Blooming"—German—Mrs. Allen.
- Accompanist—Miss Fenn.

DR. W. R. HAIGHT BAYONETTED

By Brutal Enemy While Treating His Wounded Comrades

LATEST HUN OUTRAGE

Dr. Haight Was a Cousin of Mr. Stephen Haight of This City.

Ottawa, June 19.—In a letter received today by Major-General Sir Sam Hughes from Surgeon-General Guy Carlton Jones, the latter pays tribute to the heroic death in action of two of the valued officers of the Medical Corps during the fighting near Ypres. In the course of the letter General Jones gives further ghastly example of German "frightfulness" wounded and helpless Canadian soldiers and the men of the Medici at Corps who were attending them at one of the regimental aid posts were bayoneted and murdered in the most brutal manner by the Germans, who took the first line of trenches, he says. The Surgeon-General refers to this in recording the death of Captain W. R. Haight of British Columbia, Medical Officer of the 1st Mounted Rifles. Captain Haight was reported missing after the first day's fighting. When the lost ground was recovered by the Canadians the spot at which the regimental aid post was established was found filled with bodies of the men whom Captain Haight had been attending. He himself with his assistants and the wounded men had been brutally bayoneted.

A Splendid Officer Falls.

General Jones, in referring to the death of Lieut.-Col. Turner of Mooseomin, Officer Commanding the Tenth Field Ambulance, says that he was wounded by a shell on the morning of June 2nd. He was taken to the dressing station at Ypres. Col. Turner felt from the first there was no hope of saving his life, however, he was removed to the casualty clearing station and operated upon. He died the following day. General Jones pays tribute to him as "a magnificent officer of exceptional ability."

Dr. Walter R. Haight was a first cousin of Mr. Stephen Haight of Belleville Post Office Staff.

He was a son of Mr. Reuben Haight, of Galt, Haliburton County, Ontario. He was an expert telegraph operator and by his own exertions and energy he made his way through the medical college at Toronto, qualifying as M. D. Prior to enlistment in the Army Medical Corps he was medical officer on one of the liners running to the West Indies. Dr. Haight was not only brilliant intellectually but a young man of high character who held the universal respect and esteem of all with whom he came in contact. He was about thirty years of age and unmarried.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST FOREMAN

Charles Loscoe of Massassaga Charged with Theft of \$90.00.

A very serious charge has been laid against Charles Loscoe, foreman of the works at the stone quarry at Massassaga. Last night he appeared before Reeve W. W. Anderson, J.P., of Rednersville in answer to a complaint made by a Russian named Zahara Charbanka, who also works at the quarry, that he (the Russian) had been robbed of eighty dollars while a guest at Loscoe's home at Rosmore. Charbanka was accompanied by another Russian named Horen, and, according to the testimony, all had been indulging somewhat freely in intoxicants.

The hearing began at 8 o'clock and lasted until 11.30. There was a large attendance at the court, which was held in Mr. Anderson's drive-house.

After hearing the evidence Mr. Anderson decided to commit the accused for trial.

He was in accordance with this decision taken to Pictou where he appeared this morning before Judge Morrison.

C. A. Payne is acting for the private prosecutor W. D. M. Shorey for the defence and H. Yanover interpreter.

LIEUT. COLE THROWN

Lieut. Cole of the 155th Battalion was thrown from his horse Sunday in Barrield camp, and was immediately taken to the field hospital. From the field hospital he was sent to the Kingston General Hospital in R. J. Reid's ambulance. The Lieut. complained of being injured about the hip, and it may be that he sustained internal injuries. An X-Ray examination will be made today, and an effort made to diagnose the extent of the Lieutenant's injuries.

PRESENTATION AND ADDRESS

To Rev. Wm. Mair and William Gillespie by R. B. P. at Foxboro.

On Saturday Rev. Wm. Mair and Mr. William Gillespie of Foxboro Lodge No. 382 Royal Black Preceptory were presented by their brethren with signet rings and the following rings:—

To Sir Knights Rev. Wm. Mair and Wm. Gillespie.

Dear Bro. Sir Knights.—We the officers and members of Mizpah Royal Black Preceptory No. 382 learn with feelings of regret of your unexpected leaving our midst, but we are all proud to know that you Bro. Mair have had the courage and have felt it to be your duty to listen to your King and Country's call in this hour of need.

Man's first duty is to serve and adore his Maker. His next duty is to serve and protect his country, his home and loved ones, and the civil and religious liberties we enjoy so much in this beloved Canada of ours. That you are going from us to assist in doing this is a noble purpose. Britain is and has been facing one of the greatest struggles the world has ever seen. A struggle of right against might; of tyranny and oppression against liberty and freedom; of the right of the weaker nations to exist against her stronger neighbors. You are going forth to fight for the noble principles of our order, for liberty, justice and humanity. May our motto ever be your guide.

Inspired by the great and valorous deeds already accomplished by our gallant Canadians, we know that you also will be brave and valiant and will prove yourselves worthy Sir Knights of our beloved Canada and of our association.

We wait to welcome you back, you and all those other sons of Canada whose heroism and patriotic devotion are our deepest pride.

We all unite in wishing you God's speed and our prayers will ever be for your safe return and that victory may rest on the banners of the Allies, on justice and truth, on righteousness and Godliness.

We realize that you are offering your lives for us but do not forget the true measure of a life is not by length of days,

"We live in deeds, not years; in thoughts, not breaths. In heart throbs, not in figures on a dial,

He lives most who thinks most, feels the noblest acts the best."

In conclusion we ask you to accept this signet ring as a slight remembrance of your Bro. Sir Knights of Mizpah Royal Black Preceptory No. 382 and trust it may serve as a reminder of old times and old friends in and around Foxboro.

Signed on behalf of the Preceptory No. 382.—

Sir Knight W. H. Cook.
Sir Knight Geo. F. Reed.
Sir Knight W. J. Hall.

Many Military Matters

There are nine systems of cooking demonstrated at the school of cookery, Kingston, and each one is so simple that a child taught the method could easily cook a good substantial meal. The only utensils used at the school of cookery are the camp kettle and the tin canteen. There are no expensive field kitchens costing hundreds of dollars.

The first system of cooking for men in the field taught at the school of cookery is the Aldershot gridiron kitchen with ten trenches capable of cooking a meal in one and a half hours for a complete battalion.

The second system of cooking is the Aldershot oven consisting of an iron arch such as is used by the baker section, banked with sod and covered with clay. This is used for roast dinners.

The fourth system of field cooking is the brick trench. This is a dry brick trench built on the ground level about ten or twelve inches wide on which the camp kettle is used.

The fifth system of cooking is the kettle trench. This is made out of cooking kettles so placed as to make a trench with a line on each side and a row of kettles on top.

The sixth system is the tripod. This is a crude tripod made of rough sticks such as the Canadian Indian used when on these same heights hundreds of years ago.

The seventh system is that of the

croch and bar. This consists of two croched sticks driven into the ground about three feet apart, and resting across these is a stick bar from which the kettles are suspended over a fire.

The eighth system is that of the jam-pail stove. This is just an ordinary discarded jam-pail converted into a stove in which a good substantial meal can be produced very quickly.

The ninth system demonstrated at this school is the old boiler over. This is a discarded cooking boiler made into a roasting oven with a small fire underneath, and this is made to serve the purpose of a steel cooking range in the best equipped hotel kitchen. These systems need to be seen demonstrated to appreciate their value to a military force in the field.

For the first two weeks in June the strength of the 155th stood: 6 recruits, 42 appointed officers, 8 attached officers. Total strength, 1186.

Unattached recruits for the 3rd Military District, 16. Total recruits for the past two weeks, 655. Total appointed officers in the district, 489. Total attached officers in district, 168. Total of all other ranks, 11,991. The total strength in the district at present is 12,648 of all ranks.

Bandsman A. W. Rowlands, of the 155th Battalion Band, Barrield, Kingston, is spending a few days in the city.

SURPRISE AND PRESENTATION

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Linn Pleasantly Surprised Before Leaving City.

On Monday evening a large crowd of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Linn, 19 Ridley St. to give them a surprise. Mr. and Mrs. Linn are leaving the city for the summer and the neighbors got together and planned a surprise and presentation. The address follows:—

Belleville, Ont., June 12, 1916.
Dear Mr. and Mrs. Linn:—

It was with deep regret that we, your neighbors, learned of your intended removal from our midst. We all cherish the hope that at some future date Providence will guide you back to us again. We have deeply appreciated your ready assistance in times of need, your cheerful dispositions, your earnest efforts to make life happier for us by making us welcome at your home on several occasions. You have stimulated a neighborly love of which we shall often think when away from your present home. As a slight reminder of our appreciation we ask you to accept with our very best wishes for your future success, this gift (a silver fruit bowl).

Signed on behalf of your neighbors

Mrs. Noakes
Mrs. Whitton
Mrs. Chown.

Both were agreeably surprised. Mr. Linn made a suitable reply after which an enjoyable evening was spent by all.

HOW JOHN CORBY MET HIS DEATH

Instantly Killed by Shell Fire While in Discharge of His Duty.

Referring to the death of Driver John Corby, one of the boys writing on June 5th says.—

"We all helped load the ammunition wagons and watched the boys start out about half-past nine on the night of June 2nd. Poor Corby was so brave in face of a hellish fire all down the road. He told me he had just got two letters from home. On the return three of the men fell, instantly killed by shell fire. He was one of them and was a splendid fellow. We buried him that night at "Dickebush" near Pat Yeomans. I lost a good friend."

TO PASS ESTIMATES.

This evening's session of the Board of Education will be an important one. The estimates will be passed and the appointment of teachers made for the year 1916-1917.

GRADUATES' RECITAL.

A recital of the graduates of the expression department of Albert College was held yesterday afternoon at four o'clock in the college chapel.

Underwear

One wants. Preparation

Summer

needs, with two-piece ankle or knee style. You get the garment. If you knee-length and size whatever Underwear

WETTEST PERIOD

Aggregate Rainfall Since Periods Since Establishment of Toronto, Ontario, Third of Crop is (Toronto Daily Star)

The past three months the wettest period since establishment of the Toronto since 1840, and the aggregate since April 1, has been excess of any corresponding months on record. The each individual month, however, has been exceeded on many but taking the three months it has been the wettest period. The weather man says that there have been many periods where the rainfall greater.

The total rainfall since date has been 12.31 inches for that particular period since 1840, when the aggregate was 12.48 inches.

Farmers and market gardeners of the vicinity of Toronto say they have ever seen, owing to the wet season. It was a cheerful countenance. Lawrence market today, all hands, The Star heard a story that it has been impossible to make any progress with the wheat, but there is one thing above however, that the wet spring pressed upon farmers, it is of draining the land. Not dozen men told The Star that farmers that have any acreage seeded are those who are high, and those who have the expense of tilling their fields.

Seeding is Aways Behind

It was the consensus among those to whom The Star that there is only about of the normal amount of seed. The result will inevitably be high prices later on. It is not too late to sow wheat, barley, or oats. The barley were sown now, but the wheat is almost too tight to pay for grain and the trouble, millet, say the farmers, is only thing worth sowing the exception of roots, which still be dropped if the farmer only get on the land with their knees.

One old farmer of several declared to The Star today was the worst season he member in seventy years. He man said that he had only to do two or three days' work last spring. Others said week. Another told how ago he had taken a load of

Underwear— Opinions Differ

One man's Underwear is not what the other wants. We'll not argue that—but we have made preparation to supply your

Summer Underwear

needs, with just your particular kind, whether it be two-piece or union suit with full, half or no sleeves, ankle or knee-length drawers.

Lisle, Gauze or Balbriggan in your favorite style. Your size and your sleeve length, 25c to \$1.00 the garment, 75c to \$2.50 the suit.

If you prefer Athletic Underwear—loose-fitting knee-length and sleeveless—it's here in all the materials and sizes. Large or small, short or tall, no matter what your build may be, we've your favorite Underwear to fit you.

Quick & Robertson

WETTEST PERIOD ON RECORD,

CROP SITUATION IS GRAVE

Aggregate Rainfall Since April 1st Exceeds That of Corresponding Periods Since Establishment of Observatory, Only One Third of Crop Is In.

The past three months have been the wettest since the establishment of the Toronto Observatory in 1840, and the aggregate rainfall since April 1, has been slightly in excess of any corresponding three months on record. The rainfall in each individual month, however, has been exceeded on many occasions, but taking the three months together it has been the wettest period ever. The weather man says, however, that there have been May to July periods where the rainfall has been greater.

The total rainfall since April 1 to date has been 12.31 inches, a record for that particular period of the year since 1840, when the aggregate rainfall was 12.43 inches.

Farmers and market gardeners in the vicinity of Toronto say they are faced with the most serious situation they have ever seen, owing to the extremely wet season. It was hard to find a cheerful countenance in St. Lawrence market today, and from all hands, The Star heard the same story that it has been impossible to make any progress with seeding. If there is one thing above another, however, that the wet spring has impressed upon farmers, it is the value of draining the land. Not one, but a dozen men told The Star that the only farmers that have any respectable acreage seeded are those whose farms are high, and those who have gone to the expense of tilling their fields.

Seeding is Aways Behind. It was the consensus of opinion among those to whom The Star spoke that there is only about one-third of the normal amount of seeding done. The result will inevitably be scarcity and high prices later on. They pointed out that it is now too late to sow wheat, barley, or oats. If oats and barley were sown now, they would no doubt ripen, but the yield would be almost too light to pay for the seed grain and the trouble. Buckwheat, millet, say the farmers, is about the only thing worth sowing now, with the exception of roots, which could still be dropped if the farmers could only get on the land without sinking to their knees.

One old farmer of seventy-seven, declared to The Star today that it was the worst season he could remember in seventy years. Another man said that he had only been able to do two or three days' work on the land all spring. Others put it at a week. Another told how two weeks ago he had taken a load of seed po-

tatoes out to a field. After dropping two or three rows it began to rain. The bags of potatoes are still in the field, floating around, he said. It has even been impossible to take a wagon on to the field to bring them in.

Can't Live on Hay Alone. The Star did not meet one man that had entirely completed his seeding. They knew of isolated cases where this had been accomplished on high-lying farms, but they were few and far between. Numbers had only fifteen or twenty acres in grain out of from seventy-five to a hundred acres. They complained, also, that much of the grain that was up is turning yellow as a result of the excessive rain. This, they say, is spoiled.

"I see Mr. Birrell tells us to cheer up, the rain means more hay, said one farmer. "That's all right, but we can't live on hay alone."

FOREIGNERS ALLOWED TO GO

Agreed to Go Back to Work and Pay Costs of Proceedings.

Two Austro-Hungarians arrested a few days ago on a charge of fraud in refusing to work after being brought here under parole from Timiscamung internment camp were released this morning. Manager Shock of the Point Anne Cement plant paid up the costs for them amounting to \$22.64 on the understanding that the foreigners come back to work and pay up the amount of costs and expenses. This they agreed to do. Magistrate Masson also informed the men through Harry Yanover, the interpreter that they were liable for breaking their parole to be sent to prison or back to the internment camp. These men are some of those brought here about a week ago from an internment camp to work at Point Anne.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

Today's casualties are as follows: Lieut. Kenneth Douglas Ferguson, of Wellington. Pte. Byron Fitchett, 429 Blecker Ave, Belleville, both wounded.

BIG TROUT.

Dr. Holdcroft holds the record for big speckled trout for the season, he having caught two beauties in Plateau Creek last week. The largest measured 15 3/4 inches in length, but was exceptionally heavy and fat, and weighed 2 pounds and 4 ounces.—Havelock Standard.

A Course of Six Days

In Bayonet Fighting and Physical Training is Being Given all Officers and N.C.O.'s in Camp

No leave will be granted any officer during the six-day course of bayonet fighting and physical training at Barriefield. The course is being held this week and every officer and N.C.O. will be in attendance. To avoid any disruption that might result from taking away all the officers and N.C.O.'s at any one time half of the number is attending the school in the morning and half in the afternoon. There are now some 500 in attendance under the able direction of Lieut. J. Bewis, Director of Physical Training.

The course is being held so that all of the officers and N.C.O.'s will have some idea of the work that is being carried on during the hours devoted to B.F. & P.T., as it is called. At present a few are doing what they can to spread this valuable knowledge through the camp. It was thought at first that these men would be used as instructors until all knew the work as it was planned however, and this week's course is expected to give every officer and N.C.O. some foundation to work on.

BLESSINGTON.

Looks as though we might have some fine weather now as we are badly in need of a dry spell.

The death occurred at Belleville Hospital on Friday June 16th, of one of our oldest and most respected citizens in the person of George Sherman, he was stricken with a stroke about two months ago but partly recovered, but a week ago he had a fall breaking his hip.

He was removed to the hospital where he gradually sank. The funeral was held on Sunday and was largely attended.

The stork visited the home of T. Leslie on Friday and left a baby girl. Mrs. B. Miller and Mrs. F. Corrigan spent Tuesday with the latter's mother near Lonsdale.

Pte Sam McMechan of the 155th of Barriefield spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Alvy Hagerman spent Tuesday at George Badgley's.

DR. SING'S OBSEQUIES.

The funeral of the late Dr. John Chadwick Sing who was killed on Great St. James Street on Saturday, took place on Monday afternoon from his residence, Front Street. Service was conducted by Mr. A. W. Vermilyea, assisted by Rev. R. N. Adams. Interment was in Belleville Cemetery. Many were in attendance at the obsequies.

The inquest will be resumed to-night before Coroner Dr. Boyce.

The Ontario Knights of Columbus are in convention at Niagara Falls.

DESCRIBES LIFE IN TRENCHES

Pte. Fisher of Sidney Tells of Actual Conditions at the Firing-Line.

Mr. Duncan Ketcheson of the 4th of Sidney has received the following interesting and valuable letter from his friend, Pte. Chas. Fisher, of Wallbridge. Pte. Fisher gives a very intimate description of life in the trenches. He was a former member of the Foxboro band.

Trenches, 12-5-16 Pleasant View, "No-Where in France"

Dear Mr. Ketcheson,—

Just a few lines in answer to your welcome letter received last night. I am glad to know yourself and wife are quite well. As for myself I am feeling fine, and have no complaints to make, only with the exception that I wish Fritz would keep his artillery quiet until I finish this letter. However he is behaving fairly just now, as our artillery are sending him over a few souvenirs. They sent some dandies over yesterday (Germans I refer to) a few of them landed outside our dug-out, just close enough to satisfy yours truly. You can guess I soon got out of that. However our artillery makes things real lively for them when they get after them in real earnest, and they certainly make the Germans crawl in their holes. By the way Mr. Ketcheson I notice you have asked me a whole lot of questions. I'll try to answer some of them, I wouldn't be allowed to answer all of them. In respect to our cooking meals in the trenches. When in the front line we are not allowed fires of any description, as the Germans could easily see the smoke, and of course their artillery would send over a few shells and clean things up. So you see we do no cooking in the front lines. As to how we get the food to the trenches, without Fritz seeing us. We go out after dark to a certain place appointed, and meet our wagons there, with our mail and food, etc. This trip is made every night, and we all take turns at it. Of course it's a safe enough trip from the reserve trenches but it's sometimes risky coming back from the front line, as snipers, stray bullets, also machine gun fire are liable to be very active, with perhaps a few shells thrown in. However we always get our rations.

Now in answer to your other question: How long the war will last? I'm sure I couldn't tell you. Personally I don't think this year will see the end of it. I only hope it will. I'm anxious to see a real bed again, and sleep with my clothes off. I've never had my clothes off to sleep since February 10th. So that in itself will be quite a novelty. However my health is first-rate which is saying a great deal in a place like this.

By the way Mr. Ketcheson Cle. Gay is around here some place, and when I last heard from him a week ago he was quite well.

We have had some lovely weather here until just lately. It is raining today but likely it will clear up before very many days. I'm enclosing a few flowers which I pulled today with in ten feet of my dug-out. I don't suppose you think we have flowers out here. There are also some fine singing birds here; better than any I've heard anywhere.

You were asking how near we are to the Germans. Well just before Easter we were as near to them as your house is to Mr. Edwin Ketcheson's, but we are not always at the same place. This time we are a little farther back, as we change around.

Well I think I have answered the most of your questions now. Of course I can't tell you where I am, but you can see the name often enough in your papers these days, and they give a fair account of what is taking place on our front.

Don't forget to remember me to all the S. C. S. members. I wish I were over there for next Sunday.

Please give my respects to all on the 4th. I will close wishing you and your wife the best of health and happiness. Yours Sincerely, Charlie Fisher.

TWELVE DAYS OF RAIN.

Up to 15th of This Month—Also Cooler Than Usual.

Rain has fallen on twelve of the first fifteen days of the present month, and the total of 3.66 inches of the elements which descended is 0.87 above the usual average for the whole month of June, only 0.86 inches fell on seven days.

As for temperature, the average so far is 59 degrees, which is one-half a degree below the average of other years. The highest temperature recorded was 78 degrees, on the 13th, and the lowest was 40, on the 1st of June.

Victoria XIV in mahogany or oak with 12 selections for only \$210.40 at C. W. Lindsay's music store. P. M. Barrett, manager.

DETAILS OF CASUALTIES

Captain O'Flynn Tells of Death of Walter Craig by Shell and Capt. Hudson's Injury.

A letter was received this morning by his mother from Captain O'Flynn written on the 5th of June, extracts from which are as follows: "I am at present at the transport lines resting up as I received rather a severe shaking up yesterday but fortunately was not wounded. We have been into the thick of it again and have come out fairly well considering the intensity of the shell fire. Will Hudson was wounded by a piece of shrapnel which went through his arm but fortunately no bones were broken so he will be all right in a very short time.

Walter Craig who came across with me and whose parents live up near the Grand Trunk Railway station was killed yesterday by shell. He did not know what struck him. He was instantly killed. Poor old Captain Cullen the commanding officer of No. 3 company (my old company) was killed yesterday. He leaves a wife and little girl. It seems hard that he should go when so many of us who are unmarried could have been spared so much more easily.

"As far as I can learn Hudson and Craig were the only casualties among the Belleville boys. I am sending a cable tonight."

It is evident from this letter that Captain O'Flynn was not aware of the death of Clifford Burrows who was in the 3rd Division and Captain O'Flynn is connected with the 1st Division.

WILL BE HEARD ON FRIDAY

Harry Smith of this city who was arrested yesterday on a most serious charge preferred by parties in Picton has been taken to Picton where he will appear before P. M. Williams on Friday for his preliminary hearing. W. D. M. Shorey is acting in behalf of the accused.

TURNER SETTLEMENT.

Mr. Egbert Fitchett of Eldorado visited Mr. and Mrs. W. Logue on Monday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Ward returned from their wedding trip, and have settled in their home.

The Peterboro Association of Baptist churches met last week at Brighton, Ont. The Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Richmond, Mr. Harry Reid, and Miss B. Guffin were delegates from the Sidney church.

Miss Maggie Hamilton has returned home after a stay of several weeks at Wallbridge.

The wet weather still continues, and the farmers are having much cause for anxiety. The lower lands are swamped with water.

It is expected that the road work will be completed this week.

S. S. No. 13, AMELIASBURG.

Several from this community attended the funeral of Rev. S. Gooding, whose death occurred at Frankville, Ont. Interment was made at Conesecon.

Miss M. Maidens, Conesecon, spent the week-end at Mr. Geo. Alyea's. We are sorry to report that Pte. Orwell Carrington is still in the hospital at Kingston, suffering from a severe attack of tonsillitis.

Mr. Clayton Pulver has purchased a new Chevrolet.

Mr. Roy Dempsey had the misfortune to lose a driving horse last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vandervoort of Young's, visited on Sunday at George Alyea's.

DEATH OF MRS. FELT.

The death occurred at an early hour this morning of Florence Lillian Felt, beloved wife of Mr. A. O. Felt, jeweller, of Lindsay at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Tait, 29 Queen Street. She had been in ill health for a long time and came here in January last to be with her parents during her sickness.

The late Mrs. Felt was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Tait, 24 years of age and a native of Oshawa. She was a Methodist in religion. Surviving besides her parents and husband is a little daughter, Charman. The remains will be taken to Oshawa her former home for interment. The deepest sympathy is extended to the bereaved in their loss.

LOCATED AT BRANTFORD

Deseronto, June 19.—R. H. S. Bedford, son of Henry R. Bedford, Deseronto, who has lately been with the novelties. Mr. Bedford was for some time with the Rathbun Company secured a position with the Quaker Ontario, where he will have charge of people of Peterborough.



Comfort

Service

Comfort and service in every pair of these splendid Men's Regals. Summing up over 50 years experience in the selling and fitting of Men's footwear, we believe this line of High Grade shoes, to be the product of skill with the Highest Quality in every pair and to be built For Satisfactory and Economical Service. A Perfect Fit and Style For You.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Napanee

Belleville

Trenton

Smith Falls

Service

Satisfaction

Wm. McIntosh & Co.

Special Value in Children's Wash Dresses, all sizes and new designs, 75c each.

Middies for Young and Old—made from best of Indian Head, linen finish and neatly trimmed, specially priced, 45c to \$1.49.

Silk Hose, made of best Italian silk fibre, special value, 50c Wash Muslins, Crepes, and Voiles, regular value 30c yard, now 28c yard.

We have also a complete stock of Men's Furnishings, Granite-ware and Crockery.

Service

Satisfaction

Wm. McIntosh & Co.

Cleveland Bicycles

New Stock arriving daily Rigid Frame.....\$38.00 Spring Frame.....\$47.00

Ramblers

a good one for the money....\$29.00 Galvani zc Iron Work We make a speciality of metal Sky Lights. Let us figure on your needs in this line.

The SMITH HARDWARE CO.

Yes! We do Plumbing

A full line of Bath Room Goods always on hand. Let us give you our estimate on your work.

Screen Doors

and Windows

Keep the flies out of your home. Screen cloth all widths by the yard.

Now is the Time to Brighten Up

Your House With

WALL PAPERS

We are now showing the most extensive range of new wall papers ever shown in Belleville. Come in and see the beautiful papers you can get at 5, 10, 12 1-2 15, 20 and 25 cents per roll. A little money goes a long way in our store for Wall Papers.

THE BEEHIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN

THE MARKETS

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET. Eggs, new, per dozen, \$0.30 to \$0.35. Butter, farmers' dairy, 0.25 to 0.30.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, June 19.—The Board of Trade official market quotations: Manitoba Wheat (Track, Bay Ports), No. 1 northern, \$1.15.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, June 19.—On the local grain exchange today wheat prices ranged from 10c to 10 1/2c higher than last week.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 19.—Wheat: No. 1 Manitoba, 48 1/2; No. 2 Manitoba, 48 1/2; No. 3 red winter, 48 1/2.

CATTLE MARKETS.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK. TORONTO, June 19.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were: 2,178 cattle, 942 horses, 351 sheep.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, N.Y., June 19.—Cattle.—Receipts, 100; active and steady; grassers, slow and heavy; shipping, \$9 to \$11.40.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Cattle.—Receipts 21,400. Market weak. Beef, \$7.70 to \$8.70; cows and heifers, \$5.90 to \$9.90.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The southern Bulgarian coast was bombarded by the allied fleets. Four men were killed and \$3,000,000 damage done by an elevator fire in Belgrade.

THURSDAY.

A column of British troops has entered South-eastern Persia. The women of Holland have made a demand for cheaper food.

FRIDAY.

Sixty thousand men are to be trained at Camp Borden. The allied forces have made more progress in German East Africa.

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More progress was made by the British troops in German East Africa. The Prae Chamber of Deputies is discussing the Verdun defensive measures in secret.

MURDER CASE TANGLES

REMARKABLE LEGAL MIDDLES OVER CAPITAL OFFENCES.

Third Disagreement of Jury Over Guilt of Irish Prisoner Sets a Record in British Law Courts—Only Once Before Have Three Trials Been Necessary—Two Acquittals in Celebrated Gorse Hall Mystery.

FOR the third time, the other day a jury was unable to agree as to the guilt or innocence of Samuel Hermon, indicted at Downpatrick Assizes on the charge of murdering his stepson, W. Quinn.

This sets up a new record in abortive murder trials. Never before has an accused person been tried three times for murder without a decision being arrived at, and only once before has it happened that three trials have been necessary in any one murder case.

In this latter case, however, the prisoner was found guilty on his third trial, and was duly hanged. Curiously enough, this series of trials also took place in Ireland, the accused being Sub-Inspector Montgomery of the R.I.C. His victim was a man named Glass, residing at Newtown-Stewart.

The murder, an exceptionally brutal one, was committed in June, 1871, and it was not until August, 1873, more than two years later, that Montgomery was finally brought to the scaffold. Before he was executed, the unhappy man acknowledged the justice of the sentence and made a full confession.

Of course, there have been several cases of men having been tried twice for murder without any agreement being reached by the jury. A typical instance is afforded by the notorious Passenball case, when a man named Gardiner was indicted for the murder of a girl named Rose Hansen.

At the end of the first trial, which lasted for several days, the jury, after deliberating for five hours, announced that they were unable to agree on a verdict; and the same thing happened at the second trial. Whereupon the Public Prosecutor caused a nolle prosequi to be entered, and the case was pronounced null and void.

The above case occurred in 1903. In the year 1910 a curious new record in murder trials was set up in connection with what came to be known as the Gorse Hall Mystery.

The Russian Duma yesterday passed a resolution adopted after a heated discussion, declaring for immediate registration of Church unions by the public.

A Zepplin was destroyed in a wild storm near Chateaufort, south Belgium. Monday, according to frontier correspondents.

The Militia Department states that the limitation of assignment of soldiers' pay to twenty days' pay is necessary for protection of the soldiers.

A great shipping and colliery combine has been effected in Britain. Premier Briand welcomed the delegates to the Allied Economic Conference in Paris.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association in convention at Hamilton, discussed the suggested suspension of the Lord's Day Act as applied to a limited number of industries during the war.

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The Presbyterian General Assembly appointed a committee to take steps towards consummating organic union with the Methodist and Congregational Churches.

The first boat away from the Bear, which was wrecked Wednesday night on Sugar Loaf Rock, decided not to return, and almost all of the 30 persons in it were drowned.

Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall were nominated by the Democrats at St. Louis for re-election to the Presidency and the Vice-Presidency of the United States, respectively.

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TEUTONS ARE CUT UP

Austrian Force is Divided into Three Sections.

Brusiloff's Magnificent Drive Has Shattered the Defensive in Bukovina and Enemy is Operating in Isolated Armies—Capture of Czernowitz is an Important Victory.

LONDON, June 20.—The Russian offensive has been renewed after a temporary pause, with increased fury. An incessant rain of shells is falling even thicker than in the earlier days of the offensive, on the Austrian trenches, and the Russian ammunition supply appears to be inexhaustible. Heavy guns have been brought up, the despatch from the front say, and huge Russian reinforcements have appeared near Torchin, west of Lusk, in the Stokhed-Stry district, and near Horodenska, between the Dniester and the Pruth.

The losses made by the Russians on the south-western front, spreading fan-shape from 30 to 40 miles in the rear of the Austrian line, have now effectively separated the three main Austrian army groups operating between the Pruth and Bukovina. The continued retreat of the more advanced portions of the Austrian forces is occasioned, therefore, more from strategic reasons than because of actual pressure applied by the Russians.

The primary object of General Brusiloff's campaign is not the retaking of lost territory, and, although it is quite conceivable that Lemberg may be caught in the encircling movement developing from the flank attacks of Lutsk and Czernowitz, the chief aim of the Russian advance is obviously to destroy—or, at least, cripple—the Austrian army.

The tremendous number of prisoners taken by the Russians up to Saturday roughly estimated at 165,000, with additional losses in killed or wounded of 150,000, attests to the success of the Russians in accomplishing their aim.

After much hard fighting on the River Pruth, where the Austrians fought desperately with a view to gaining time for the evacuation of Czernowitz by their army and the removal of military stores from the city, General Lechnitzky has finally entered the capital of Bukovina. The capture is an important one, as it entails the command of several important railway lines. The city had been untenable for several days because of the tremendous Russian bombardment, which compelled the flight of the civil inhabitants and evacuation of the place by the Austrian army. It is expected that further details of the capture will show that both sides suffered sanguinary losses.

The recapture of Czernowitz by the Russians comes at a dramatic moment, it happening only a few days after the Austrians, with imposing ceremony, had invelled on the city hall a double-headed Austrian eagle such as the Russians had removed during the occupation of the city last year.

Russian headquarters announce the capture of Czernowitz in the usual laconic terms. It gives no description of the desperate fighting known to have occurred for the road to the Pruth River after the Austrians blew up the bridges, but adds the interesting fact that the Carpathians, which is the only alternative being driven into Romania, where they would be interned.

The Russian official account makes the interesting revelation that German reinforcements have already been brought from the French front to the assistance of the hard-pressed Austrians.

Yesterday, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, General Lechnitzky's troops captured by assault the bridgehead at Czernowitz, on the left bank of the Pruth. After desperate fighting for the passage of the river, where the enemy had destroyed the bridges, we occupied Czernowitz.

"Our troops are pursuing the enemy who is retreating in the direction of the Carpathian passes. In the course of the capture of the bridgehead, we took over 1,000 prisoners and also seized guns in Czernowitz."

TURKS ROUTED.

Petrograd Reports an Advance in the Direction of Mosul.

LONDON, June 20.—In a Petrograd official advance in the direction of Mosul, north of Bagdad, is recorded. A party of 27 Russian scouts attacked a Turk detachment numbering 300. The fight lasted for two hours, and finally the enemy was dislodged from his position and forced to take flight.

The Constantinople official claims that a British attempt to land a force on the northern bank of the Euphrates between Korna and Nasabeh was prevented by the Turks, who drove back the British after six hours of fighting. Behind them the British left 180 dead, it is alleged.

The Russian force which invaded Mesopotamia from Persia in the section east of Mosul has been driven back into Persia and north of the town of Bane, five miles inside the Persian border, according to the same report.

The following official communication with regard to the operations in Mesopotamia was issued Sunday evening:

"General Lake reports that on the night of June 16-17 the enemy unsuccessfully undertook to bombard our saps on the front of Sannayya."

"The description in the Turkish newspaper of June 17 of a supposed English landing on the north bank of the Euphrates was either imaginary or a distorted version of the successful punitive expedition mentioned in the British communication of June 16."

OUR DICKENS'S HAIR.

Mr. David Downer, Waterford, tells in The London Evening News how he often cut Charles Dickens's hair when employed at a hair dresser's in Burlington Arcade, "about the year 1833."

"I have carefully preserved a lock of his hair," he writes. "It also acted as a wig for Willie Collins, John Bull, and Lord Palmerston."

SIX PERSONS KILLED IN FIRE.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—Six persons were killed and 11 injured in a fire Sunday in the Imperial Hotel.

GAVE HIS LIFE FOR FREEDOM

Walter S. Craig, One of Our Belleville Boys Who Died for His Country.

Some time between the 2nd and 4th of June, Private Walter S. Craig, a well known Belleville young man, sacrificed his life, as many Canadians are doing, in defence of King and country. Walter was a fine type of young Canadian and was a young man who was beloved by all who knew him. He was a son of the late Mr. Adam Craig, who was for a number of years connected with the Grand Trunk Railway System in this city.

His death is sincerely regretted by a host of friends.

No. 3194 Pte. Walter Stethem Craig enlisted on the 13th August, 1914, in the 15th Regt. Argyll Light Infantry. He had followed railroad until the date of enlisting and was friendly with all the men, being a member of the B. of R. T. He was sent to Valenciennes and was drafted into the 2nd Battalion, landed at

There is one remedy however which commanding officers have in the cases of boys who swear falsely on being attested, and that is, to hand the boys over to the civil authorities for perjury.

There are now 152 motor cars, and seven horse vehicles licensed to run to and from the camp carrying soldiers and new applications are being received daily.

All licenses for permission to run to camp are now issued by Captain Norwell and the camp Sergt-Major.

A new 80 C.M. base R.I. range finder, manufactured by Bausch and Lomb of Rochester has been given the G.S.O. for instructional purposes. This type of finder is being largely used by infantry units at the front, as well as by machine gunners. This range finder is very simple in operation, but too large to conduct observations or make calculations out in the open, where the observer would be subject to the fire of the enemy.

Four field kitchens have been placed at the disposal of the G.S.O. purely for instructional purposes by the School of Military Cookery.

RAPS KINGSTON TALE BEARERS.

A reader has asked us to reproduce the following letter which recently appeared in The Kingston Standard.—To the Editor of The Standard.

Sir—Before I leave this delightful little town I would love to express my opinion of the trouble-makers I never lived in a small city until this winter, when, to gratify my long wished for visit, I came and spent the winter here, and have been delighted in every way with my visit except for the many unpleasant experiences I have met with at the hands, or perhaps, better, mouths, of the gossips. I detest tale-bearing. Why do women love it so? I have had the painful experience of listening to the most scandalous stories of nice people I have met in which stories I am sure there is no truth. And another thing I found amusing was invariably these gossips, when speaking of another woman remark, 'Huh, who was she?—A nobody, etc. Now, to my mind, these nobodies are 99 per cent better than these back-biters. I think the person who is always trying to find out the worst about a neighbor and is always carrying tales ought to be tarred and feathered. I think it is the meanest and most contemptible failing a woman can have.

I must say I have met some women time and again and never heard a mean word of anybody, but precious few, especially among the older women who ought to be thinking of their future and preparing themselves for another world, instead of hurting their neighbors' reputations.

Now, Mr. Editor, kindly publish this so that the guilty will perhaps (?) keep their tongues from wagging so freely.

Yours B. H.

GRAND TRUNK APPOINTMENT.

Montreal, June 12th.—Mr. R. A. Gill is appointed Travelling Passenger Agent of the Grand Trunk with headquarters at Toronto, Ont. He will report to the District Passenger Agent, Mr. C. E. Horning.

FARM LANDS.

Washington State, open for settlement by U.S. Government; registration from July 5 to 22; about 400,000 acres. Fruit, Farm, Dairy and Grazing Lands. Complete sectional map, description and information postpaid \$1.00. Smith & McCrea, Room 937 Eagle Bldg., Spokane, Wash.

MILITARY NOTES.

Magazines, books, games, etc., are needed for the large marquee at Barfield for the men in the 15th Battalion.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Gray's Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

MILITARY NOTES

Measles seems to be the principal disease from which soldiers are suffering.

The camp has so far been remarkably free from accidents this year. Even with 152 licensed vehicles of all kinds running between camp and the city every day, on which the soldiers spend an average of \$2000 a day, there has not been an accident reported so far involving soldiers or civilians.

The money to pay the men in camp is brought from the city to the Bank of Montreal in a large motor car under an armed escort. The men are paraded to the bank in battalions.

Commanding officers of units are experiencing much trouble with the parents of boys under age who enlisted early last winter. These boys swore in their attestation that they were old enough to enlist. The parents permitted them to draw government pay all winter, but now the summer is here, and work plentiful, with good prospects of good pay, parents are demanding the discharge of their sons, and commanding officers have no choice in the matter, once the fact is established that a boy wearing khaki is a minor.

There is one remedy however which commanding officers have in the cases of boys who swear falsely on being attested, and that is, to hand the boys over to the civil authorities for perjury.

There are now 152 motor cars, and seven horse vehicles licensed to run to and from the camp carrying soldiers and new applications are being received daily.

All licenses for permission to run to camp are now issued by Captain Norwell and the camp Sergt-Major.

A new 80 C.M. base R.I. range finder, manufactured by Bausch and Lomb of Rochester has been given the G.S.O. for instructional purposes. This type of finder is being largely used by infantry units at the front, as well as by machine gunners. This range finder is very simple in operation, but too large to conduct observations or make calculations out in the open, where the observer would be subject to the fire of the enemy.

Four field kitchens have been placed at the disposal of the G.S.O. purely for instructional purposes by the School of Military Cookery.

RAPS KINGSTON TALE BEARERS.

A reader has asked us to reproduce the following letter which recently appeared in The Kingston Standard.—To the Editor of The Standard.

Sir—Before I leave this delightful little town I would love to express my opinion of the trouble-makers I never lived in a small city until this winter, when, to gratify my long wished for visit, I came and spent the winter here, and have been delighted in every way with my visit except for the many unpleasant experiences I have met with at the hands, or perhaps, better, mouths, of the gossips. I detest tale-bearing. Why do women love it so? I have had the painful experience of listening to the most scandalous stories of nice people I have met in which stories I am sure there is no truth. And another thing I found amusing was invariably these gossips, when speaking of another woman remark, 'Huh, who was she?—A nobody, etc. Now, to my mind, these nobodies are 99 per cent better than these back-biters. I think the person who is always trying to find out the worst about a neighbor and is always carrying tales ought to be tarred and feathered. I think it is the meanest and most contemptible failing a woman can have.

I must say I have met some women time and again and never heard a mean word of anybody, but precious few, especially among the older women who ought to be thinking of their future and preparing themselves for another world, instead of hurting their neighbors' reputations.

Now, Mr. Editor, kindly publish this so that the guilty will perhaps (?) keep their tongues from wagging so freely.

Yours B. H.

OFFICERS OF P.A. P.B. GRAND LODGE

C. O. Brickman, of Belleville, Grand Secretary C. A. Rutan Asso. Lecturer

(From Friday's Daily)
The 'Prentice Boys' Forty-Sixth Grand Lodge came to a close yesterday afternoon with the selection of Arden, Ontario, as the next place of meeting. Officers were elected for the ensuing year:
Grand Master—G. B. Haynes, of Ganaquoque.
Senior Deputy Grand Master—L. E. Rolston, St. John, N.B.
Junior D.G.M.—D. Hamm, Grand Bay, N.B.
Grand Chaplain—H. A. Smith, of Ganaquoque.
Grand Secretary—C. O. Brickman, Belleville.
Asst. Grand Sec.—H. H. Rogan, of Toronto.
Grand Treasurer—J. O. O. Bates, of Toronto.
Grand Lecturer—W. Golding, of Fairville, N.B.
Asso. Grand Lecturer—C. A. Rutan, Belleville.
D. of C.—R. H. Merryweather, of Fairville, N.B.
Inside Tiler—S. Barker, Arden.
Outside Tiler—W. H. Clarke, of Ganaquoque.

The membership of the order has not increased greatly owing to the war. One hundred and twenty-five members are on service. Some of the Eastern lodges are so depleted by enlistment that meetings are either entirely or almost impossible.

MIRACLE OF THE WAR.

Spanish Journalist Amazed at Size and Organization of British Army.

A Spanish journalist, who has been visiting the British front, gives his impressions in the "Petit Journal." He remarks that he has seen a miracle—an army created in twenty months! And after enumerating all that he saw, the masses of troops, guns, and munitions, he adds: "When you have seen the colossal machine working, when you have heard the song of thousands of guns and the calm words of confidence from officers and men, you believe England invincible and well worthy of such an ally as France."
"But what is most astonishing is that all that one sees now did not exist fifteen months ago; that all these smart, polite and chivalrous officers are fighting outside their own country to defend the soil of their allies. And in this they acted spontaneously under no compulsion."
"It is difficult to explain this transformation, but the miracle is above all due to moral factors. The social body and the national machine have been transformed because the heart and spirit of England had undergone a prior change. The 'lack of scruple by the 'scrap of paper' men showed that the English possessed not only a feeling heart which brought them to the help of the robbed and assassinated Belgians, but the implacable will to impose the final decision upon the vandals of Europe. And when the women intervened, when the delightful blondes of Great Britain joined in the campaign, Kitchener's 'contemptible little army' became a terrible army necessitating the accumulation of forty German divisions. And that is only the beginning!"

LIGHTING OF THE CAMP.

Electric Lamps Will Soon be in Operation.

Barrieffield camp will be most completely equipped with electric lights, and the plans that have been made for a long time will soon be put into practical form by the installation of the necessary apparatus.
The power line to the water pump on the river front is of 2,200 volts, and the transformer is located some distance from the road. It is likely that an additional transformer will be located near headquarters and the lead wires run from that.

The leads will run down the various roads of the camp so that each battalion can be served. The voltage will be low enough to prevent danger from high tension wires, the power being stepped down before going through the camp lines.

There are at present only three electric lights on over two miles of road. The Government will likely put in more, giving special attention to the landing places which are used by the soldiers in boarding automobiles for the city.

RECORD RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION AT NEW MILITARY CAMP.

Toronto, June 12th.—The Grand Trunk Railway has done some remarkably fast construction work in connection with the extension of its lines into Camp Borden, the new military training ground near Allandale, Simcoe County.

Within a few hours of the purchase by the Government of the 20,000 acres of plateau land which comprises the camp, the Grand Trunk had its engineers on the spot, and they were followed immediately by a large force of steam shovels and track-laying equipment. As the result of rapid track-laying it has been possible to take into the camp by rail thousands of tons of materials of all descriptions. The Grand Trunk has already constructed over nine miles of tracks into and within the camp, while they are building a large, permanent station 430 feet long by 30 feet deep to take care of the great passenger traffic which will develop when the 40,000 troops to be trained at the camp arrive.
The Grand Trunk station is within a few yards of the camp headquarters and nearby are side tracks and "Y's" capable of handling freight and supply trains. The camp grounds were purchased on May 10th and on June 15th, when the troops go in there will be a great series of concrete buildings and miles of sewers and water conduits, making this not only the largest, but the best military camp in America.

C. R. BURROWS HAS BEEN SLAIN

Well Known Belleville Officer Who Enlisted as Private, Falls in Action

(From Friday's Daily)
Another Belleville boy has given his life for the Empire, Clifford Robert Burrows, son of Mr. Stephen Burrows of this city. The news of his death was received this afternoon about half past one o'clock in the following telegram from Ottawa:—

"Deeply regret to inform you 475-496 Private Clifford Robert Burrows, infantry, officially killed in action between June 2nd and 4th, 1916. Officer in charge Record Office."

"Cliff" Burrows was one of the most gallant Belleville boys that have gone to meet the Hun. He had played the game since war began. In the early fall of 1914 he took a course in infantry instruction at Belleville and qualified as Sergeant. For some time he was at Kingston on military duty and then when the call came for McGill reinforcements for the Princess Patricia's, he threw off his officer's uniform and enlisted as a private soldier with the McGill detachment. Early last fall he went overseas and has been fighting at the front since early in the year. Evidently he was caught in the German drive on Ypres. Some doubt seems to exist as to when he fell, for the date is given as between June 2nd and 4th.

Clifford Burrows will be deeply missed. He was prominent in social and athletic circles. As a young business man he was successful in the line of insurance, being engaged with his father and Brother, Mr. S. R. Burrows. A wide circle of friends will mourn his passing and extend the deepest sympathy to the grief-stricken parents and family.

GRAND TRUNK EMPLOYEES TO SEND ANOTHER LARGE CONTRIBUTION TO CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND.

Toronto, June 12.—The officers and employees of the Grand Trunk Railway System are about to send another large contribution amounting to over \$20,000 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund representing 'one day's pay voluntarily given by each servant of the Company from wages for the month of May.

Up to January 1st, 1916, the Grand Trunk employees had contributed \$135,000 to the Patriotic Fund, and they have decided this year to give one day's pay each quarter towards this national work. With over 3,000 men from the System fighting at the front, the Company has paid out of its revenues from the beginning of the war, nearly one million dollars in war pay to its employees and kindred charges.

In place of the six months' pay previously given to each Grand Trunk man enlisting, the Grand Trunk Railway Company is now giving \$10,000 each month to the Patriotic Fund, this being in addition to the amounts contributed by its men.

CANOE UPSET IN BAY.

Two canoes laden with young men coming up from Massasauga Park were upset last night shortly after eleven o'clock. When they started away from the point the bay was calm, but shortly after the waters got rough and when several hundred yards off the north shore opposite the butts they were caught in a trough of a wave and were capsized. Some of the occupants were unable to swim, but by the aid of the canoes and their friends they got ashore, leaving their barks on the beach until today.

BANQUET OF 'PRENTICE BOYS'

Held at Crystal Hotel Last Evening in Honor of Grand Lodge.

PATRIOTIC ADDRESSES

Part Played By P.A.P.B. in Great Conflict—Visitors Compliments.

(From Friday's Daily)
The 'Prentice Boys' banquet last evening at the Crystal Hotel proved to be a function in which the patriotic theme was predominant. While mention was made of the principles so dear to the boys of Derry, yet over and above all, in every address, were the thoughts of love of country and the sacrifice which is necessary to maintain the glorious heritage now possessed by Canadians. There was a goodly number of 'Prentice Boys, True Blues and Orangemen present in honor of the event, marking the close of the Grand Lodge of the P.A.P.B. Past Grand Master, Bro. R. H. Ketcheson was toast master and carried through a program which was brought to a close at midnight.

Mine Host Bateman of the Crystal, put up an excellent banquet for the assembly, and the cuisine of that well known hostelry came in for great praises on the manner of the service. In the early part of the evening the I.O.O.F. orchestra rendered music.

The first toast was "The King" honored in true style by the singing of the National Anthem.

'Canada and the Empire'

In speaking of the pledge of "Canada and the Empire," Ald. (Dr.) E. O. Platt delivered an oration full of inspiration. The glory of our natural endowment and our national institutions was referred to in one of the most eloquent speeches ever heard in Belleville. Canada is a land of vast dimensions, he said. We are pleased to have such smiling fields, rivulets, and such noble waterways. We have prairies able to feed every citizen of our Empire. Nowhere does scenery excel ours. We have a great government and above all a great and magnificent people, whose sons and daughters are striving for the liberty of the world. Canada is one-third of the area of the whole British Empire. Blood counts for something and her people are strong. We live in an Empire of some four hundred million souls. The speaker referred to its glory in art, institutions, army and navy and spoke of the greatness of Kitchener's army.

Dr. Platt made a glowing tribute to the 'Prentice Boys, who defended Londonderry rather than give up their religion. Britain's glory is not so much in her wars, as in her civilization, her literacy.

Here is an Empire that has an arm long enough to pluck a subject out of the rock fortress of Magdala at the cost of \$25,000,000. Surely such an Empire is worth dying for! (Cheers). When the present struggle is over the old Union Jack will be found flying as of yore and we shall still say "Britannia rules the Waves."
"The Parliament of Canada."
Mr. W. E. Northrup, K.C., M.P., in speaking of "The Parliament" referred to the motion that had been made that the Dominion Parliament discuss the educational problem in Ontario and said he was pleased that it was its opinion that the Federal Parliament had no right to interfere.

The 'Prentice Boys have a great work to do. New difficulties arise. No one wonders why we are troubled with bilingual legislation in Quebec. We forget that English speaking districts in Ontario are gone forever. A few years hence it may be too late to remedy conditions and fight for the privileges we now enjoy.

Mr. Northrup predicted that in the course of time the sceptre of the world will pass to British North America, if men such as he saw before him did their duty. Canada can accommodate a population double that of the Motherland and four times that of Australia or South Africa.

Mr. E. Gus Porter, K.C., M.P., said he was pleased to be present because he had the proud distinction of being a member of the Orange Order for many years. He hoped the Grand Lodge would early return to Belleville. The people are the parliament of Canada. It is a reflex of the opinions and desires of the people. If it is a poor parliament it is because the people have made it so. Belius a member of parliament is a very difficult and impossible task. There will be no fault-finders. He asked this favor: "Be at least charitable and fair to your members of parliament and use your vote to put down the slanderous and unwarranted reports." Canada never was called upon to perform a greater duty than that arising out of the war. The best men of Canada have defended our rights and privileges. The parliament is largely responsible for this and so has lived up to its

duty in this greatest crisis.
Judge Wills on Army and Navy.
"The Army and the Navy," was the next toast. Judge J. F. Wills praised the army which now consisted of over 5,000,000 men besides the overseas Dominion forces. Citizens have had in the past to fight for our liberties even in this city. But they have always won out and always will.

Our language does not contain enough words of eulogy for the British Navy. Judge Wills said the German people must be a queer nation to swallow the Kaiser's talk of a naval victory.

"We are going to raise another battalion here. In a week or two there will be a commanding officer appointed. In this county are many who are willing to uphold our principles of liberty."

Judge Wills hoped the Grand Lodge officers and delegates had enjoyed the hospitality of Belleville. The first lodge he ever joined was Maiden City lodge, No. 13. The old motto—"No Surrender" still stuck to him. The cry of the Empire is "No Surrender" and we shall beat the enemy with an army and navy and the citizenship behind them.

Grand Lodge Messages

Grand Master Geo. J. Haynes, of Ganaquoque and Past Grand Master Sellen responded to the pledge of "The Grand Lodge." The Grand Master, Mr. Haynes declared the interests of the 'Prentice Boys were those of the country—"No Surrender."

Past Grand Master Sellen of St. Johns, N.B., declared that no man could go out of the gathering and say he was not pleased with the address of Mr. Northrup. The speaker never knew him to ever take a vote that was detrimental to the faith. He hoped the Federal Government would stand by its attitude of non-interference in provincial politics. The Grand Lodge hopes for a great increase in membership in the near future. The Association stands up for true principles which should be studied very assiduously. If there is any province that is looked upon as the fort of Protestantism in Canada, it is Ontario. The provinces down by the sea look to Ontario to support them in any crisis.

He referred to one lodge in New Brunswick which has been so bled that it cannot meet. He hoped Grand Lodge would grant concessions so that they could meet.

The P.A.P.B. has 125 members at the front. His own lodge had sent 19 men.

"Our City"—Mayor Ketcheson
"Our City" was responded to by Mayor Ketcheson, who praised the high class of men composing the 'Prentice Boys' order. Orangemen and 'Prentice Boys work with one object—the extension of the Protestant cause within our Empire. As the chief magistrate he extended the freedom of the city to the Grand Lodge delegates. Belleville is a growing and prosperous city. Its great asset is the people of the Bay of Quinte, whose ancestors were mainly United Empire Loyalists. There is not another city of its size which has sent more men to the front—three battalions, one battery, and an ammunition train. Just cast your eyes over the casualty lists and you will see the large part Belleville is taking in the conflict.

Bro. Williams of Toronto responded to the toast of the "Orange Order." He asked all to stand in silent meditation for a moment in memory of the brethren who had gone and fought in Europe their last fight.

Bro. W. Cole replied to the toast of the True Blues and delegates to "Our Visiting Brethren." The gathering broke up with the singing of the National Anthem.

ONLY ONE "FAIR" RESTAURANT

Health Department Shocked at New York Kitchens.
New York, June 14.—The pure food preparedness brigade from the Health Department got to work the other day on an inspection of the eating houses of the city. Armed with typewritten sheets containing questions on subjects of culinary cleanliness, which every old-fashioned housewife would heartily approve, and many more which could only be formulated by a sanitary expert, the inspectors began their investigation at the lower end of Manhattan Island and worked uptown by methodical stages. Out of the five places inspected only one was graded as high as "fair." The others were marked "bad." Restaurant economy and waste was revealed when one manager frankly admitted that leftover meat scraps were turned back into soups and stews. The manager of one large hotel said he used 555,000 pounds of food a month, and of this 168,000 pounds, or 33 per cent, is waste. That means a waste of one half a pound of food to each meal served. There are 4,827 restaurants to be visited and 536 hotels. Later the inspectors will visit 7,133 cafes, and finally every market where food is handled. It will be weeks before the work is completed.

UNION CARRIES BY FOUR TO ONE

Only Ninety-Two Dissenters in Evidence on Final Ballot.

SOME "LAST DITCHERS"

Rev. Robert Campbell Holds That Minority Now Controls Assembly.

WINNIPEG, June 15.—As was generally expected, the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, voted yesterday to enter into organic union with the Methodist and Congregational churches, the majority being overwhelming.

For the first time in many years the assembly voted as the roll was called, each commissioner rising and answering aye or nay. A newspaper record of the vote, which was not officially announced in the afternoon showed 403 votes for union and 92 votes against. The east voted four to one for the union and the west the total was 148 for union and 30 against. The number absent or not voting was 117.

\$1,000.00 REWARD FORFEITED IF REMEDY FAILS.

We hope this notice will reach the eyes of people who are troubled with constipation and bowel trouble. Dr. Hamilton's Pills have been guaranteed to cure any case within three days, and the above reward will be paid for any case resisting this greatest of all remedies.

No prescription ever written could surpass Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. For years they have been suring the most obstinate cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches and sour stomach. Here is your chance to test Dr. Hamilton's Pills. If they fail—your money back for the asking. Be sure you get the yellow box, and insist on being supplied with only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c at all dealers.

HAS BUILT SEA TERROR.

Startling Innovations on New British War Craft, Recently Launched.

London, June 15.—While some of the newspapers here are making a great display over the New York reports of a German submarine service between Hamburg and New York, the general attitude is one of skepticism, on the assumption that Germany's shipbuilding yards are more likely to be employed in the construction of vessels of an offensive type instead of "mail-carriers." Naturally what is being done is kept a profound secret. Strict precautions are also taken in this country to prevent news of British naval developments from reaching enemy ears.

That these developments, particularly in the matter of construction, have been extraordinary is the general belief. The following story will indicate that even naval men have been surprised by some of the things accomplished.

In British waters there now floats a certain ship which embodies many novel features of extreme importance. So carefully were these secrets guarded while she was being built that the vessel, while on the stocks and during the period of her equipment, was known by all working upon her as H.M.S. Hush.

Then came her launching, when she was christened H. M. S. Rampagous. (This, by the way, is not her real name in the navy list—the censor might object to the publication of her real name.) Now after she has been the cynosure of all British naval eyes for some time, her novel characteristics are found so startling that she is commonly referred to by the navy men as H.M.S. Outrageous.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF DEATH OF PTE. CRAIG.

The friends of Pte. Walter Craig have been hoping against hope that possibly there might be some error in the message that came through regarding his death from Capt. O'Flynn.

The sad news was, however, confirmed by the following official message received last evening from the Record Office at Ottawa, Ottawa, June 14.

Mrs. M. J. Craig
199 Lingham St.,
Belleville.

Deeply regret to inform you 8194 Private Walter Craig, infantry, officially reported killed in action, June 4th.—Record Office.

Mr. W. H. Bottam's automobile is reported as having been robbed last night of a spare tire casing which was hanging on the rear. The police think they know the guilty person.



There is Safety Under This Roof

Have you ever had a fine job of decorating spoiled by a leaking roof? If you have, you certainly are in a position to appreciate the value of a roof that is positively water-proof. Some of the troubles common to wooden shingles-to-day are that they are apt to split, warp or blow off as well as leak, soon after they are put on. Years ago they were good, but the quality has since gradually depreciated as the available supply of suitable timber became exhausted.

Brantford Slates have none of the faults of wooden shingles. They cannot rust. They do not allow rain to be driven under them as do metal roofs. They do not require rigid supporting as do the common tile or slate roofs. On the other hand Brantford Slates afford the utmost protection with little weight. They are made on a long-fibred felt "base" which is thoroughly saturated under pressure with asphaltum of mineral pitch. Crushed quarried slate particles are then deeply embedded in the surface of this "base", making it water-tight and fireproof.

Brantford Roofing

Brantford Slates are made in the natural state colors of green, red, black and grey. The colors never fade and the slates do not require painting nor repairing. These slates are pliable and fit readily around gables and into the angles of any roof. This means a continuous roof without seams or joints. Sparks die on Brantford Slates. When you have these slates "on" you are done with the job. Remember they don't require painting or staining and may be selected to harmonize with almost any exterior color design, and the price is not beyond your reach. We would be pleased to send you samples and our Roofing Booklet.

Brantford Roofing Company, Limited

Brantford, Canada
For Sale by J. W. Walker.



Home-seekers Excursions

Every Tuesday, March to October "All Rail"
Every Wednesday During Season Navigation "Great Lakes Route"

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

S. Burrows, General Agent, Belleville

Carriages and Wagons

One Grade only, and that the best. We bar no other makers. By buying direct from us you save agent's commission.

Auto Seat Top Buggies
Democrat Wagons
Steel Tubular Axle Lumber Wagon

The lightest and easiest running wagon in the world. Made only by us.
Three second hand lumber wagons, all bargains. High grade repainting and painting of Automobiles and Carriages.
Rubber tires on buggies a specialty.

The Finnegan Carriage & Wagon Co.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

COUNCIL ANGRY OVER TREATMENT

Hastings Did Not Get Fair Share of Officers in 155th.

\$1000 GRANT TO FUND.

Equalization of Assessment Remains Unchanged—Patriotic Grant.

County Council on Friday afternoon decided to continue the grant of \$2,000 per month to the end of the year to the Canadian Patriotic Association.

Patriotic Grant \$2,000 Per Month. Mr. Vermilyea moved that the grant of \$2,000 per month decided at the January session be continued until the end of the year.

Mr. McLaren said even for June with the drain continually increasing \$2,000 was not sufficient. Mr. Montgomery favored \$2,500, but Mr. Vermilyea's motion carried.

It was decided to give \$5 per month to the stenographer in Mr. Elliott's office and \$8 per month to the stenographer in Mr. A. D. McIntosh's office for services in connection with the Patriotic Fund.

\$1,000 to 155th Battalion.

The question of a grant to the 155th Battalion Fund was next considered. It was the occasion for some plain language as to the manner in which Hastings had been treated in the matter of appointment of officers.

Mr. Fox stated that his vote was against the grant to the 155th.

Mr. Chas. Ketcheson moved that \$1,000 be granted. Mr. Vermilyea opposed the grant, contending that the expenses of stoves and floors for the tents would be paid by the Government.

The revee of Sidney, Mr. Ketcheson warmly advocated the grant what would it cost each man, perhaps twenty-five cents each?

Mr. Turfitt seconded Mr. Ketcheson's motion.

Mr. Sills spoke very earnestly of what he believed unfair treatment in appointment of officers to the Bay of Quinte Battalion.

Discrimination Against Hastings. Warden Nugent supported Mr. Ketcheson's motion. Hastings has not had a fair showing of officers.

Edward enlisted 181 men and got ten officers. Belleville enlisted 400 men and secured 13 officers. A lieutenant was appointed from Orillia and one from Toronto before any lieutenants from Hastings County were given a chance.

The 155th are in debt now to the extent of \$2,200. Mr. Coultier understood. The grant of \$1000 looks very small. We should not question demands. We all cannot be officers. We do not expect to be. Not one of the battalions that previously left had sufficient support in Hastings. If we have furnished 1000 men, we should be proud of it and then give the money besides.

Mr. Montgomery supported the grant but gave his views as to the unequal proportion of officers. Mr. Taylor also favored the grant but something he said ought to be done to show that Hastings has not been used fairly. He cited a case of a Deseronto boy who had recruited many men but did not receive any recognition.

The revee of Tweed, Mr. Rollins, declared he was not at all pleased with the way in which the appointments were handled. Yet he thought of the 66 young men who enlisted at Tweed and would support the motion. If he knew of any way to get at the officers and deprive them he would do it. The motion of the \$1000 grant carried, 16 for and 8 against.

Officer Competent.

Ex-Warden Mr. Ketcheson thought some of the remarks hardly suited the dignity of the council. The commanding officer should have choice of officers. He is better qualified to select efficient officers than the members of the county council are.

It was moved by Mr. Laycock, seconded by Mr. Gray "that \$300 additional grant be made on Ryan's Corners to Cordova road this year to be expended by the superintendent of roads on receipt of a certificate that a similar amount has been expended this year by the Colonization Road Inspector."—Carried.

Bayside Institute requested a grant towards their Red Cross work but no

action was taken. Unpaid Sewer Taxes. Mayor Ketcheson brought to the attention of the County Council the fact that Hastings has not paid its share of sewers on Pinnacle and Church streets. This delay made impossible the closing of the tax rolls.

Mr. Vermilyea moved that the Finance Committee be given authority to investigate and pay if necessary the sewer accounts.

The account amounts to over nine hundred dollars. The debentures are at thirty years.

Grants to Continuation Schools. No action was taken in regard to requests for a special grant of \$75 to Lily Creek Bridge in Mayo township, and \$100 to Pandash Lake Bridge in Faraday.

Mr. Vermilyea moved that no special grants be made to Continuation classes. This was caused by a motion to give \$300 to Bancroft Continuation School for 1915 and 1916.

Mr. Turfitt supported the grant to Bancroft school.

Mr. Ketcheson spoke in the same strain. Opposition to such grants looked like opposition to providing education for the children.

A motion in amendment was made by Mr. Rollins, seconded by Mr. Gray that the usual grant of \$300 be made to Tweed Continuation School and Frankford, Marmora and Bancroft and other schools carrying on continuation classes be granted proportionate amounts according to attendance for 1916.—Carried.

The usual grant of \$500 was made to Madoc Model School.

It was decided to authorize the treasurer of the county to pay to the treasurer of Madoc Village \$304.00 for expenditure over the appropriation on the County road in Madoc Village 1915.

Thurlow residents complained to Mr. Sills that the traffic from O'Brien's Bridge had caused great damage to the township road by reason of country traffic. They wanted it repaired. The road is about three miles in length.

Mr. Coultier gave notice of a by-law to raise \$30,000 by debentures for Patriotic purposes.

The Council went into committee of the whole on equalization. Charles Ketcheson in the chair.

It was decided that the equalization for the several municipalities remain the same for 1917 as for 1916. It was as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Municipality Name and Amount. Includes Sidney (\$2,814,500.00), Thurlow (\$2,818,000.00), Tyendinaga (\$1,852,400.00), Rawdon (\$1,926,000.00), Huntingdon (\$1,146,500.00), Hungerford (\$1,800,000.00), Marmora and Lake (\$650,000.00), Madoc Township (\$1,250,000.00), Elzevir and Grimsa (\$280,000.00), Thorpe (\$75,000.00), Tudor and Cashel (\$70,000.00), Wollaston (\$45,000.00), Limerick (\$45,000.00), Dunganon (\$45,000.00), Mayno (\$45,000.00), Montegale and Herschel (\$120,000.00), Carlow (\$75,000.00), Bangor, Wicklow and McClure (\$85,000.00), Town of Deseronto (\$50,000.00), Village of Stirling (\$25,000.00), Village of Madoc (\$370,000.00), Village of Tweed (\$488,000.00), Village of Marmora (\$275,000.00), Village of Bancroft (\$117,000.00).

During the discussion it was brought out that Thurlow had suffered heavily in loss of assessable property \$385,000 of the business assessment on the distillery had been struck off by act of the legislature. \$95,000 assessment was lost in the absorption of the electric lines into the Hydro Electric; \$168,000 was struck off machinery foundations at Corbyville by a change in the Assessment Act, and about \$250,000 of school assessment, was affected in the Pointe Aux Cement plants. These exemptions were stated by Mr. Vermilyea.

THE UNIVERSAL NEED.

Our Saviour here on earth rejected, Our Christ by followers denied, Our Son of God by God exalted, The sacrifice of Cross—He died. In time appointed came of God, The people scornful wagged the tongue, The Eastern wise in homage bowed, While God allowed, and Angels sung.

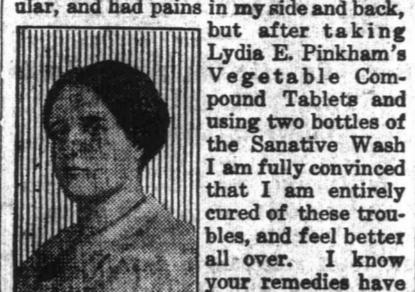
Poor and despised He homeless was, He sorrowed in Gethsemane with none, His Disciples slept—Infinite loss. —And they so soon to be alone, Today we claim to keep His faith, But far from Jesus' ways we stray, The Churches—cold in stagnant death, Our Pastors—doubting while they pray.

My Church—we say and vaunt our creeds, There can be no other Church but mine, Weakly brandishing frail broken rods, —We fail to say—not mine but His.

PAINS IN SIDE AND BACK

How Mrs. Kelly Suffered and How She was Cured.

Burlington, Wis.—"I was very irregular, and had pains in my side and back, but after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and using two bottles of the Sanative Wash I am fully cured of these troubles, and feel better all over. I know your remedies have done me worlds of good and I hope every suffering woman will give them a trial."—Mrs. ANNA KELLY, 710 Chestnut Street, Burlington, Wis.



The many convincing testimonials constantly published in the newspapers ought to be proof enough to women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they need.

This good old root and herb remedy has proved unequalled for these dreadful ills; it contains what is needed to restore woman's health and strength.

If there is any peculiarity in your case requiring special advice, write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for free advice.

St. Louis, Mo., June 16.—"Pas-

to Russia was here to-day, and discoursed upon the comprehensiveness of Divine Love. His subject was 'God's Love toward us.' The text was, 'God commendeth His Love toward us in that while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us.' (Romans 5:8.)

He said: "It is wonderful thought that our great Creator, infinite in power and majesty, before whom even the mightiest cherubim and seraphim bow in humble adoration, should condescend to pay any attention to creatures as small as we are, sinners by nature and encompassed with infirmities and imperfections. That He can love us and take an especial interest in us seems very wonderful indeed."

"Our Lord Jesus Himself assures us that 'God so loved the world that He gave His Only Begotten Son, that whosoever believeth on Him might not perish, but have everlasting life.' (John 3:16.) It is very certain that the love which God has for fallen men is not a love of condescension, of fellowship, not a love for their character, but a love of pity, of benevolence, of compassion, in their condition of rebellion and alienation from their Maker there is little in the human race that is 'fit' worthy of love. They are 'children of disobedience,' no longer recognized as sons."

But God has pity for mankind in their fallen condition, in which they were born; and He has provided for their recovery from the fall. As any noble, sympathetic heart would have a compassionate love for even a poor dog that was wounded and in need of care, so our God, in a much greater degree, sympathizes with fallen man, originally created in His own image and likeness, but now full of wounds and putrefying sores.—Isaiah 1:5.

This compassionate love of our Creator for mankind, who are unable to recover and to restore themselves, has caused Him to make a provision for their redemption, though the death of our Lord Jesus Christ, that arrangement provided not only that God's Son should die for mankind, but that He should afterward become the great King to uplift the world from their helpless, degraded condition, and bring them back to the perfection in which Adam was created.

Blessings of the "Iron Rod." This work will all be accomplished in the Father's appointed time, when the Messianic Kingdom shall have been set up in the earth. Messiah is to take His great power and reign for a thousand years for this very purpose. His chief rule of the iron rod; that is, it will be an inflexible domination, one that will neither bend nor make compromise with sin. It will be a rule that all will be compelled to obey; for this kind of government must be absolutely necessary until rebellious man shall have learned the advantages and the desirability of righteousness. Such a reign will be for the highest good of all. In their sinful, selfish condition men have had entirely too much liberty. Might and oppression have crushed the weak and helpless. Truth, "Man's inhumanity to man has made countless millions mourn." Such a hard and fast Law as Messiah will give will be needed.—Psalm 2:7; Revelation 2:26.

But while the great King will rule with an iron rod, He will also be the world's merciful High Priest. All necessary allowance will be made for the inherited and cultivated weaknesses of all. Knowledge and enlightenment will be given to every one, and assistance upon the Highway of Holiness then opened up to the world. (Isaiah 35:8.) As in the Jewish type the priests taught the people and brought blessings to them through the Atonement Day sacrifice, so the great High Priest, Christ Jesus, and the under priests, the faithful Church of Christ, will during the next Age bless and instruct the people, as the result of the sacrifices which have been offered for the world during this antitypical Atonement Day—the Gospel Age.

This great Royal Priesthood will be the future healers of the world. They will heal the diseases—mental, moral and physical—of every one who will accept the gracious terms and provisions then offered. The death of our Lord Jesus as the ransom-price for Adam and all who died in him was necessary in order that the divine penalty resting upon the human race might be lifted. The merit of Jesus' death, as the ransom-price for all mankind, has thus far been available only for the Church of Christ; but the time is very near when this merit is to be

paid fully into the hands of Justice for the sins "of the whole world, the entire race of Adam."

Why the World's Blessing Delays. This ransom-price for the sins of the world has not yet been applied. First, God purposed in His infinite Wisdom that mankind should have an object lesson through the permission of sorrow, pain, and death for six thousand years as the result of man's fall into sin, in order that they might learn thoroughly the nature and the effects of sin and see it in all its hideousness. Man's experience was also designed to be an object lesson to all the angels and to every intelligent creature of God throughout eternity.

Second, God purposed first to utilize the merit of Christ's sacrificial death for the class which are to be associated with our Lord Jesus in His great future work of the world's uplift and restoration. As soon as this class, called in Scripture the Church, the Body of Christ, the Bride of Christ, has been completed and glorified with their Lord and Head, He has been exalted to reign with Him in the Messianic Kingdom; then the merit of Jesus will be applied for all of Adam's race and in the sealing of the New Covenant for Natural Israel and for all of mankind who will then become a part of Israel. Those who will learn righteousness in this Covenant, whether of Natural Israel by birth or of the Gentile world, shall suffer the Second Death—everlasting destruction.—Acts 3:23; 2 Peter 2:12.

Human Power Unavailing. The six thousand years during which Sin and Death have reigned over the world are six great days of a thousand years each. During this period God has permitted sin, has not interfered with the reign of Sin and Death, save in so far as His great Plan might otherwise be hindered or thwarted. He wished mankind to have full opportunity to try every device, to use every means in their power, to extricate themselves from their fallen conditions, and thus to demonstrate what they could do. Physicians have endeavored every means in striving to cure the world of their maladies of mind and body. Pills and plasters, remedies too countless to enumerate, have been unavailing. Every conceivable means has been resorted to in the endeavor to conquer disease and restore health. Skillful surgeons have vied with each other in their efforts to nullify, if possible, the effects of disease and accident. But all these can hardly keep pace with the new diseases that are manifesting themselves.

The moral condition of the race is deplorable. Organizations for human uplift and for the recovery of the criminal classes from vice and crime are sending themselves baffled at almost every turn. Sin is so deeply entrenched that the most earnest efforts to overcome evil is like an attempt to stem the course of a mighty river with a few cartloads of earth. Not long ago a noted preacher gave an address on the terrible plight in which the world finds itself to-day. He declared that immoral diseases are flourishing more than ever before, that the race is headed for destruction, and that unless something radical is done the whole race will destroy itself in a short time. The array of facts which he presented seems all the more remarkable because this gentleman is an Evolutionist by profession, and an Evolutionist claims that the race has always been rising toward perfection. Now this Evolutionist declares that man is fast hastening toward destruction.

As to the mentality of the race, we are informed that the average brain is weaker to-day than ever before, and that insanity is greatly on the increase. It is said that more money is being expended upon our insane asylums than upon both army and navy combined. So, despite of all the efforts of mankind to alleviate their distresses, these are the conditions prevailing after six thousand years. The lesson is obvious. Man is entirely unable to extricate himself from his fallen condition. Therefore the world must look to God for aid. Unless they do so, the entire race will be wiped out of existence in a few more centuries. Unless Divine help comes, the whole world will become insane.

During the six great days of man's great Work, humanity has labored hard and accomplished little. Now the great Seventh Day has come, during which man will rest from his own laboring efforts at self-uplift and salvation; for God will take all man's affairs into His own hands, in the person of His Son, Messiah, and His Bride, the Gospel Church, will then begin the great work of the restoration of the world. The Lord Jesus will set up His Millennial Kingdom. Everything will be turned over to Him, and all the world will be under His control. Mankind will have no voice in the administration of earth's affairs. The great King and His royal associates will regulate everything.

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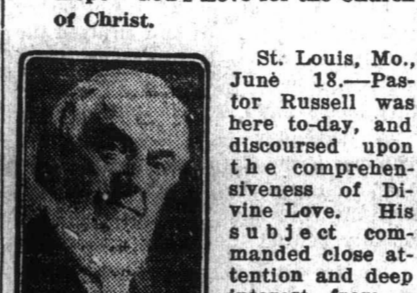
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HEIGHT AND DEPTH OF INFINITE LOVE

Condescension of Our Great Creator.

God's Love for the World That of Benevolence, Compassion—Love Provided a Recovery for Man as Far-Reaching as the Curse—Ultimate Result of Christ's Sacrificial Death—Rule of the Iron Rod—Mercy Tempers All—Man's Only Hope—God's Love for the Church of Christ.

St. Louis, Mo., June 16.—"Pas-



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The Bible tells us that when this Kingdom is set up, the ruling power

will be on the spirit plane. This phase of the Kingdom will be composed of the Christ, Head and Body, who will all be glorified spirit beings. None but the saintly will compose that Kingdom class, that Heavenly Body of Christ. Under their Lord and Head, they will be the Judges of the world. (1 Corinthians 6:2.) These are not judges while in the flesh, but are counselled to "judge nothing before the time." After their glorification they will be qualified to judge righteously, but not before.

God is now fitting this class by disciplinings, trials, testings, prunings, for their glorious future work, that they may be made ready for a share in the First Resurrection. This will bring a wonderful change to them. Sown in weakness, in dishonor, with blemished human bodies, they shall be raised in power, in glory, in honor, in glorious immortal bodies like their Saviour and King. They will then have such spiritual discernment as to be able to discern the intents of all mankind.—Revelation 20:6; 1 John 3:1, 2.

Effect of the "Iron Rod." Respecting that Day of Christ the Scriptures declare: "Nothing shall hurt or destroy in all my holy Mountain [Kingdom]"; "When the judgments of the Lord are abroad in the earth, the inhabitants of the world will learn righteousness." (Isaiah 11:9; 26:9.) Under such conditions people will soon learn to do right. Everybody will then wish to do a kindness to someone rather than to injure another. For a time there may be a degree of selfishness in their kindly acts, but they will soon come to love the ways of righteousness, to do right and to be kind because they desire to do so.

In time the world will come to love the Law of the Lord; for they will perceive that His is the best way. The children of God will soon be faithful. They do not receive an outward reward for right-doing, however; they do not secure relief from pain and suffering because they keep the Law of Righteousness. But they believe while they bear, that in due time they shall be rewarded, and they have a present reward in the joy of heart, which the righteous course brings. They have learned to love the right because it is right. Thus they are in harmony with the principles of God's Law.

Doubtless within ten years after the establishment of the Kingdom a great change will be manifest in the affairs of earth. The prompt reward of every good deed and the swift punishment of every evil endeavor will make the world a very desirable place in even five years. While mankind have been under the reign of sin, the Lord has permitted them to be also in a large measure of darkness; for if they had seen the Lord's ways clearly and had known the truth while they bear, they would be in harmony with God and righteousness, their responsibility would have been greatly increased.

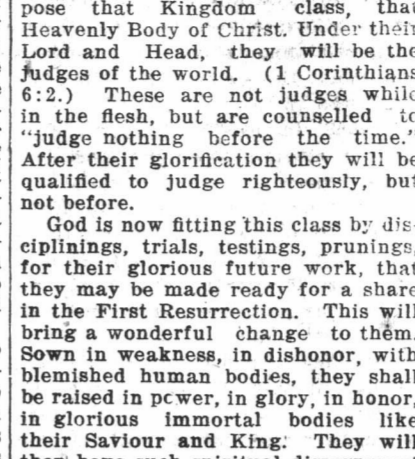
Light is a blessing only to those who have given their hearts to the Lord. As the Bible says, "Light is sown for the righteous." (Psalm 119:11.) If people are not in harmony with God, what knowledge they have is certain to be used for evil rather than for good. So the Lord withholds the knowledge until His "due time." The light which He has granted to His people in advance of the world has been as the light of a candle. Thus we have been enabled to see our path a step at a time, and thus to know where we were going. But when we come to the close of the Gospel Dispensation, and the Lord is throwing a flood of light before us, enabling us to see that the time for the exaltation of the Church is just at hand and that the deliverance of the world is just beyond.

Soon the glorified Church will be with their Lord and Head, the great Sun of Righteousness, which is to scatter the darkness which has so long covered the world. "The glory of the Lord shall be revealed, and all flesh shall see it together." They will not need to walk by faith, as the Church does now. They will walk by sight; for the light will be shining around them everywhere. In that day the world will be rewarded according to their works, and not as with the Church, according to their faith. While the Church are expected to do all the good works possible, nevertheless there is a special premium upon faith now, when conditions are very adverse. While faith will then be necessary still, it will be much easier to exercise than now. Therefore works will be demanded, and the special reward will be for works.

Thus we see, in harmony with our text, God's great love for all the world, manifested in His wonderful provision for them. Every human being who has ever lived shall have the fullest opportunity to return to God and to the ways of righteousness. But if, after all the manifestation of Divine Love, any shall still prefer the ways of sin, they will "be destroyed from among the people." But all who shall come fully into line with the laws of the Kingdom shall have God's perfect Law of Righteousness rewritten upon the tablets of their hearts. The Lord will take away the stony heart, and give mankind a heart of flesh.—Ezekiel 11:9; Jeremiah 31:33.

But the love which the Heavenly Father has for the Church of Christ, the Bride of His Son, is a very special love. "The Father Himself loveth you." He declared that the Father loves them even as He loves the Son. (John 16:27; 17:23.) So much does He love them that He has purposed to give them the very best that He has to bestow upon any of His creatures—glory, honor, immortality, joint-heirship with His Son in His Kingdom. Then, in the ages to come, He will show the exceeding riches of His grace in His kindness to the Church, through Christ Jesus.—Ephesians 2:7.

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



OVER 5,300 MILES IN AUTO.

Mr. A. H. Edwards of Carleton Place, has arrived home from his pleasure trip across the continent, having ridden 5,308 miles in an automobile. He left here about the end of February for San Francisco when he met his brother, Mr. J. C. Edwards, of Ottawa, and together the two started on his tour across the continent. They first ran down to San Diego, on the border of California, crossed over into Mexico, came back through Texas, Arizona, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, and then north and so on home.

There is no more effective vermifuge on the market than Miller's Worm Powders. They will not only clear the stomach and bowels of worms, but will prove a very serviceable medicine for children in regulating the infantile system and maintaining it in a healthy condition. There is nothing in their composition that will injure the most delicate stomach when directions are followed, and they can be given to children in the full assurance that they will utterly destroy all worms.

CHEESE BOARD

Cheese sold today at 16 3/16 and 16 1/2 c. The board was as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Cheese Name and Price. Includes Shannonsville 60, Bronk 90, York Road 100, Massassaga 50, Silver Springs 60, Union 80, Eclipse 50, Holloway 50, Hyland 100, Sidney 50, Acome 75, Wooler 100, Sidney Town Hall 120, Rosebud 50, Bayside 80, West Huntingdon 35, Melrose 120, Zion 125, Foxboro 90, East Hastings 50, Thurlow 90, Mountain 75, Plainfield, 60, Moira Valley 75, Premier 25, Avonbank 80, Roslin 30, King 50, Mountbank View 100, Thomasburg 40, Frankfort 125, Rogers 120, Kingston 60, Roblin 55, Rock 25, Tweed 25, Otter Creek 60, Cedar Creek 50, Wicklow 125, Coddington 60, Baltimore 40.

A Pill That is Prized.—There have been many pills put upon the market and pressed upon the public attention, but none has endured so long or met with so much favor as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Widespread use of them has attested their great value, and they need no further advertisement than this. Having firmly established themselves in public esteem, they now rank without peer in the list of standard vegetable preparations.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO WELL-KNOWN AND VENERABLE LADY.

There will be very great regret at the sad accident to Mrs. T. W. Allan, of Millbrook, widow of the late Venerable Archdeacon Allan in his

O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE WORK SATISFIES

County Council Express Thanks to Special Committee and Engineer.

COST NOT VERY GREAT.

Statement of Costs—Pack's Bridge to be Rebuilt—Road to Maynooth.

(From Saturday's Daily)
The O'Brien's Bridge controversy received its quietus in the County Council on Friday morning. The members put themselves on record as grateful to the Committee, Engineer L. E. Allen and the foreman for their services in the work of construction of the new pier and the repairs on the bridge.

The following report from Engineer Allen was also signed by the O'Brien's Bridge Committee. It was received and adopted by the council:—
Peter McLaren, Esq.,
Chairman O'Brien's Bridge Committee.

Dear Sir,—I beg to submit the following report and statement in connection with the building of a new pier under O'Brien's Bridge:—
As was reported to the Council at the January Session work was suspended in December and was not resumed until about the 20th of February and has since been continued as fast as possible, weather and high water conditions excepted. Owing to the high water and swift current at this bridge considerable difficulty was experienced in unwatering the cofferdam; but this was satisfactorily accomplished and the work of removing the old pier and base commenced. After the removal of the old pier, it was found that the piling supporting same had broken and settled about two feet. The centre line of wooden piles did not give sufficient support and consequently the entire sub-base was settling. The timber in the old original crib was also badly rotted and could not retain the rubble filling until a good foundation was reached which was within about four to five feet of the bottom. A wide concrete supporting base was then constructed upon which the present new concrete pier rests.

After completing the new pier, the work of removing the cofferdam and piling the steel piling commenced, and over one-third of the cofferdam had now been removed. This work requires great care owing to the length and depth that the pile was driven.

The bridge was opened for traffic on the 12th inst., and the balance of the piling should be removed within a few days. I wish to again state that this has been a most difficult job to carry out owing to the adverse conditions met with at the bridge and also to the mass of old material which had to be removed in order to secure permanent work. From the commencement of the work until the present time, I have from time to time consulted with the best engineers familiar with this class of work.

The following figures will show the gross cost of the work to June 1st together with estimated value of material on hand, some of which is already under purchase.

Respectfully submitted,	
Lucius E. Allen, Engineer	
J. G. Sills, P. McLaren, Chairman.	
Expenditures to O'Brien's Bridge to June 1st, 1916.	
Piling, machinery, rental for machinery, etc.	\$6,745.31
Carts and harness	65.90
Portland cement	767.75
Gravel	325.00
Coal and wood	431.89
Lumber	1,737.21
Steel beams	127.50
Labor	3,453.84
Supplies, tools, etc.	775.75
Sundry expenses, freight etc.	206.47
Disbursements of Engineer	381.10
Total gross cost to June 1st	\$15,017.72
Estimated to complete	500.00
	\$15,517.72
Value of Material on Hand or Sold.	
Piling, machinery, tools, etc.	\$3,000.00
Rental of pile hammer	75.00
Lumber	850.00
Cement	27.75
Carts and harness	65.90
Sundry tools and supplies	100.00
	\$4,118.65
Total estimated net cost	\$11,399.07

Mr. Peter McLaren in moving the adoption of the report stated that a large amount of material remained which can be sold.
Mr. N. Vermilyea declared that

the cost will be to the County only about \$7,000 and not \$20,000 as some said it would cost.

Mr. Sills said it was an expensive job but it had to be performed as there was liable to be loss of life if the pier had not been rebuilt. The cofferdam was an expensive item, but the County would receive at least one-half back.

Mr. Fox declared that the work was necessary to be done and it had been well done.

Mr. Tufts moved, seconded by Mr. Naylor that the thanks of the Council be tendered to the Committee and the County Engineer for their services they had rendered in this matter.

Mr. McLaren thanked the members of the Council for the motion proposed.

Mr. Ketcheson said the work had been a tremendous task and it had been successfully completed. He was thoroughly satisfied with the work of the Committee, the County Engineer and the foreman. The motion proposed by Mr Tufts was unanimously adopted.

The Bridges Committee reported as follows:—

Peck's Bridge to be Built.

"That in view of the resolution passed in January session asking the Reeves of the different municipalities and the chairman and superintendent of Roads and Bridges to report all bridges which they deem should be built of concrete or steel this session to the Bridge Committee before the June session and the fact that only one small bridge south of Marmora village was reported; your committee didn't think it advisable to go over bridges before this session. On account of the urgent need of money for the Patriotic Fund and recruiting of regiments and the scarcity of labor caused by the needs of the war, your committee is anxious to avoid all expenses on bridges this season that are consistent with economy and the safety of the travelling public, but we deem it poor economy to patch up old wooden bridges that are an apparent menace to the travelling public. Your committee would recommend:—
Bridge Committee's Recommendation.

That Peck's bridge left over from last year's work be built this season as the steel is now at the bridge.

That any bridges considered by the Reeves and chairman and superintendent of roads and bridges to be in too dangerous a condition to carry over another year and too rotten to be repaired, be reported to the bridges committee forthwith and the committee be and are hereby authorized to construct the same of concrete or steel."

The report was signed by J. A. Gunter, chairman; J. A. Moore, S. B. Rollins, E. C. Tufts, W. A. Hubbel and W. A. Nugent.

A Northern Road.

It was moved by Mr. Montgomery seconded by Mr. Moore "That in view of the offer of Mr. Robt. Cook M.P.P. to procure \$2 out of every \$3 of any expenditure on the road from the northern end of the present approved county system to Maynooth, provided the northern members of this council agree as to the most direct and practicable route and the county adopt said route; therefore the ten northern members namely, Green, Jordison, Stewart, White, Turriff, Walker, Hubbel, Nugent, Brintlow & Gunter be and are hereby constituted a committee to consider the most direct and practical route to Maynooth and report at the December session"—Carried.

SLAIN SOLDIER ONLY 19.

Late Pte. Charles E. Belch Has Four Brothers Wearing King's Uniform

Pte. Charles E. Belch who was slain in action at the first of this month, was about nineteen years of age. He left Belleville with the 39th battalion. He has four brothers on active service—Joseph with the 21st Reuben in a draft of the 59th, Stanley, at Dundas, and George at Barriefield. He leaves a brother William in the city and several sisters, one of whom Mrs. Ashbury lived in Belleville and two in Chicago. The father of the deceased young soldier died some time ago.

NO TRACE OF UPSET BOAT

It was reported to the police yesterday afternoon about four o'clock that a small boat had been upset near Marsh & Henthorn's foundry. The authorities investigated but found no trace of the boat.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Sills and the family wish to express in this way their heartfelt gratitude to their friends for the many kindnesses and expressions of sympathy extended to them in their recent sad bereavement.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

G. T. R. ENGINE STRUCK J. C. SING

Well-Known Resident Met Instant Death on Gt. St. James Street.

(From Saturday's Daily)

J. C. Sing, well-known to many citizens as "Dr" Sing, was instantly killed on Great St. James street this morning about nine o'clock when he was struck by an engine on the Grand Trunk track. Mr. Sing was walking along side the track and suddenly turned towards the rails. He had got just inside them when the pilot engine proceeding north struck him. His head was grazed, the scalp being sheared off from about the middle of the head to the back. This scalp wound and the fracture resulting from the blow caused death almost at once. The body was caught under the engine which was running light and which had moved, only sixteen feet after striking the man until it was brought to a stop. The body was not run over by the wheels but from the cramped position into which it was pressed by the engine, the legs were fractured.

Coroner Dr. Boyce was notified and he gave instructions to have the remains removed to Messrs. Tickell & Sons' morgue, where an inquest will be opened this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

J. C. Sing was about seventy-five or eighty years of age and had for many years led a retired life in this city. He lived in Thurlow for some time. Lately he had become very deaf and his sight almost entirely failed him and this condition is believed to be the reason of his falling to notice the approach of the engine. He always walked with a cane to direct his steps.

He leaves his widow to mourn his untimely death. He made his residence at 128 Front street.

SECOND BROTHER FALLS IN ACTION

Reuben Belch Now Reported Dead of Wounds Received.

(From Saturday's Daily)

Two sons dead in one week at the front in France is the heavy burden which has fallen upon the home of Mrs. James Belch of this city. Three days ago a message arrived announcing the death in action of Charles E. Belch. Yesterday Reuben Belch aged about eighteen years, was reported in a telegram from Ottawa as having died of wounds.

Reuben Belch enlisted here and went to Kingston to join the 59th. He went overseas with a draft of that battalion and was transferred into one of the regiments at the front. He has evidently fallen in the same battle as his brother.

Three brothers still remain under arms.—Joseph (21st) Stanley at Dundas and George at Barriefield. Private Reuben Belch worked at Galt for some time. He returned to Belleville, however, some while before enlisting.

TYENDINAGA BOY HAS FALLEN

Lieut. B. C. Macfarlane Among Those Killed in Action at Zillebeke.

A Tyendinaga boy has paid the supreme sacrifice. Lieut. Bruce Campbell Macfarlane, son of William Macfarlane of the Third Concession of Tyendinaga, near the village of Melrose, was killed in action about June 1st in the great battle at Zillebeke, where so many of our brave Canadian boys answered the last call.

Lieut. Macfarlane had for ten years past made his home in Montreal and it was there he enlisted with the 60th battalion. He qualified as a lieutenant and was in England and later in France an instructor in bombing. He was a graduate of the Ontario Business College of this city and soon after his graduation he left for Montreal where he became an expert accountant. Latterly he was a partner in the firm of Miller & Macfarlane, chartered accountants. He gave up his splendid position here, and an income of several thousand dollars a year to carry out what he considered to be his duty.

Prior to his departure he was married to Miss G. Gladys Hodge of Montreal. The latter followed him overseas and is now in London. By a sad coincidence a particular friend and chum of his was married about the same time. The two ladies went to London and were residing together. The chum was also killed at about the same time as Lieut. Macfarlane.

Lieut. Macfarlane was about 30 years of age. He was a young man of exemplary habits, outstanding character and of magnificent physique. He is survived by his father, three brothers and five sisters. The brothers are John of Melrose, and Russell and William of Red Deer, Sask. The sis-

ters are Mrs. A. W. McLaren, Melrose, Mrs. John Beatty, Stoughton, Sask., Miss Jean of Toronto and Misses Gertrude and Bessie of Dawson City, Y.T.

PTE. E. WOOD DIED OF WOUNDS.

Was a Resident of Barriefield, and a Member of the 39th Battalion.

On Friday morning, Mrs. E. Wood, of Barriefield, received from the Militia Department the sad intelligence that her husband, Pte. E. Wood, a member of the 39th battalion, had succumbed to wounds which he had received some time ago in battle against the Huns somewhere in Flanders.

The dead soldier enlisted shortly after the outbreak of the war, and for many months had been in the thick of the fighting with his regiment. He was well-known in Barriefield and in the city of Kingston, and leaves his widow to mourn his loss. Some time ago he had been reported wounded in action and in hospital, and it was hoped that he would recover, but the hand of death intervened, and another brave soldier has answered the last call, and given up his life in the cause of honor and patriotism.

NO MEDICINE AS GOOD FOR LITTLE ONES.

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little one she will use nothing else. The first few doses make her realize there is nothing to equal them in making baby well and keeping him well. Concerning them, Mrs. C. E. Stillwell, Winthrop, Sask., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years and have found them so good for my little ones that I always keep a box in the house." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

AN ASSAULT CHARGE

Constable Jones of Marmora, brought to Belleville Peter Covey and Alex. Walkinshaw on a charge of assaulting David Livingstone. The case was enlarged for a week, the men going home to Marmora.

SIMPSON FOUND GUILTY

John Simpson was today found guilty of damaging and stealing flowers in the garden of Mr. J. H. Reed, on Tuesday, June 13th. He was fined \$5 and costs and has to make \$5.00 compensation, all amounting to \$23. A charge of taking flowers from Mr. L. Cooper's garden was dismissed. W. Carnow for crown; W. D. M. Shorey for defendant.

BORN

DONNELLY.—In Sidney on May 23rd, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Donnelly, a son.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. A. W. Weese and Mrs. C. E. Weese wish to express their heartfelt thanks to the Masonic Order and many kind friends who so willingly expressed sympathy in their great bereavement of a beloved son and husband respectively, by so many acts of kindness and also for the many beautiful floral offerings.
Mrs. A. W. Weese.
Mrs. C. E. Weese.

MILITARY NOTES

BARRIEFIELD, June 16th, 1916: The girls' band of the city corps of the Salvation Army opened the largest tent of the 155th Battalion on Wednesday night with a good concert program. The band from the city was augmented by a number of players from the band of the 155th and other musical organizations in camp.

Lieut-Col. Adams and Captain Dods spoke at the opening of the big mess and recreation tent of the 155th battalion.

The strength of the 155th Battalion is now 1,077. The Brockville battalion is still out after recruits in Leeds and Grenville counties.

ST. AGNES' CLOSING

St. Agnes' school has evening held its annual convocation and distribution of prizes and medals for the work of the year just closed. Bishop Bidwell of Kingston was present at the valedictory and delivered an address which was deeply appreciated. There were a number of visitors from outside places to witness the graduation of some of the young ladies.

STOPPED A RUNAWAY

Last evening a horse standing on Front street near the upper bridge started to run away but was pluckily stopped by a young man who seized the bridle as the running animal reached the vicinity of the Hastings House.

"I FEEL LIKE A NEW BEING"

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Brought The Joy Of Health After Two Years Suffering



MADAM LAPLANTE
35 St. Rose St., Montreal, April 4th.
"For over two years I was sick and miserable. I suffered from constant headaches, and had palpitation of the heart so badly that I feared I would die. There seemed to be a lump in my stomach and the constipation was dreadful. I suffered from Pain in the Back and Kidney Disease.

I was treated by a physician for a year and a half and he did me no good at all. I tried "Fruit-a-tives" as a last resort. After using three boxes, I was greatly improved and twelve boxes made me well. Now I can work all day and there are no headaches, no palpitation, no Heart Trouble, no Constipation, no Pain or Kidney Trouble and I feel like a new being—and it was "Fruit-a-tives" that gave me back my health."

MADAM ARTHUR LAPLANTE.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

STRAWBERRIES ON MARKET TODAY

Produce Prices Showed Few Changes—Poultry, Butter and Eggs Steady.

(From Saturday's Daily)

The delightful early fruit, the strawberry, has arrived on Belleville market. This morning quite a few farmers were selling the delicious berry at twenty cents per box. Prospects are very bright for a bumper crop. The berry only requires sunlight to add favors.

Today's sunlight brought out a large number of farmers and citizens. Firmness marked nearly all the produce offered. Eggs were steady at 25c per dozen and butter was offered at 34c and 36c per pound.

Poultry remains steady at \$2.00 per pair of chickens. Potatoes brought the average price of \$2.00 per bag.

Greens are coming along well. Brussels sprouts, rhubarb, lettuce, onions are among today's best selling varieties.

Meats are practically unchanged in price. Hogs sell at \$10.50 live weight.

Some eight-week old porkers were quoted at \$13 per pair.

Hay was offered at \$15 per load today. There was not much brought in.

CAPT. O'FLYNN TO BE SECOND

In Command of 235th Battalion — Announcement Yesterday

Captain E. D. O'Flynn of the 2nd Battalion who has been suffering from shell shock has been recalled from France by the Minister of Militia according to information given by Lt.-Col. Scooble, O.C. the 235th Battalion, in order to take the position of senior major in that unit at Bowmanville. His friends here will rejoice that he is so signally honored and only regret that he will not be leading a new unit of Belleville and Hastings boys.

RECRUITING IS SLOW

The recruiting for battalions at Barriefield is still very quiet, but every day one or two come in for each battalion. In some battalions, the process of weeding out the undesirable element has been commenced, but most of the commanding officers prefer to get over the 1,000 mark before starting to cut down on the strength.

Dread of Asthma makes countless thousands miserable. Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual anticipation. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all this. Relief comes, and at once, while future attacks are ward off, leaving the afflicted one at a state of peace and happiness he once believed he could never enjoy. Inexpensive and sold almost everywhere.

REV. A. K. SCOTT TO LEAVE PICTON.

Rev. A. K. Scott, pastor of the Picton Baptist Church, has resigned his charge and expects to leave town about July 1st. He will continue to occupy his pulpit in Picton for the two remaining Sundays in June. The congregation have called Rev. D. Ross, of Lethbridge, to the vacancy. Rev. Mr. Ross has taken the services for the last two Sundays.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott have made many warm friends during their stay in Picton—Gazette.

PALE CHECKED WOMEN TOLD ABOUT RESTORING A ROSY COMPLEXION

A few years ago the girl with pale, drawn cheeks scarcely knew what to do in order to restore her fading appearance. At that time there was no blood-food medium made that really would put color and strength into systems that were more or less worn out.

To-day it's different. The blood can be quickly nourished, can be made rich, red, and healthy. All you have to do is take two Ferrozone Tablets with a sip or two of water after meals. The effect is almost magical. Mothers, look at your children. Are they ruddy and strong—do they eat and sleep well, or are they pale, weak, and anaemic?

FERROZONE will rebuild them. Take your own case—is your blood strong and rich? Have you that old-time strength and vigor, or are you somewhat under the weather? FERROZONE will supply the strengthening elements you require. It is a blood-forming, nourishing tonic that makes every ailing person well.

FERROZONE is a marvellous remedy, it contains in concentrated form certain rare qualities that especially fit it in cases of anaemia, poor color, thin blood, tiredness, and loss of weight. Every day you put off using FERROZONE you lose ground. Get it today, sold in 50 cent boxes by all dealers, or by mail from the Catarrhzone Co., Kingston, Ont.

Too Little Blood Means Much Misery

That is What Makes People Pale, Weak and Languid.

The one source of most of the misery that affects men and women and growing children is poverty of the blood. If you consult a doctor he says you are anaemic, which really means bloodless. That is what makes people drag along, always tired, never real hungry, often unable to digest their food, breathless after the slightest exertion, and too often on the verge of complete breakdown.

More, weak, anaemic people have been made strong, energetic and cheerful by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills than by any other means. These pills actually make new, rich blood, which reaches every part of the body, strengthens the nerves and brings new health and strength. The following is proof of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to restore health. Mr. Geo. Turner, New Haven, N.S., says: "No doubt due to constant hard work I got in a badly run down condition. It took very little exertion to tire me, and my appetite was far from being good. Often I had headaches, and when going up stairs, or after any slight exertion my heart would palpitate violently, and I grew considerably alarmed about my condition. I decided to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after using a few boxes I felt much better. I continued using the Pills for some weeks longer, and they completely cured me. I can warmly recommend this medicine to men who are weak or run down."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE SOLDIERS VERY EAGER.

To Know About Removal of the Troops—Likely That Other Battalions Will Be Authorized.

The information that six battalions would be leaving camp within ten days, aroused great interest in the camp, particularly among the battalion commanders. All are very anxious to learn which battalions will be ordered to move, and a spirit of uncertainty in the destination of each is apparent.

The commandant will give no information on the subject, as his recommendations have not yet been confirmed by headquarters, and it is a case of "wait" for every person. It is probable that other battalions will be authorized as soon as those at the camp are taken away. Peterborough and Kingston are both in the list for new battalions, and there will likely be one for Belleville. The commanding officers of some of these have as yet been announced.

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Presenting Royal Fire Insurance Co., Norwich Union Fire Ins. Co., Western Insurance Co., Canada Fire Ins. Co., Perth Mutual Fire Ins. Co., Travelers' Accident Co. I represent the above companies Tariffs, etc. and non-Tariff and Mutuals. I can give you the best rates in reliable companies. Call and see me before placing your insurance. Office 235 Front St., next to W. E. Riggs' Music Store.

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Before you engage your Auctioneer see J. G. Davison, the old reliable with Dominion Office. He is in all lines pertaining to auctioneering. Territory, Bay of Quinte districts and City. Satisfaction guaranteed. For your convenience apply to E. E. Adams at the Molsons Bank 275 Front St., City, and we will call and see you. a3d&w

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THE WEEKLY ONTARIO,

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$2.00 a year to the United States.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern processes, new type, competitive advertising rates on application.

W. H. MORTON, Business Manager. J. O. HERRTY, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916.

IRELAND.

Ireland, according to a bulletin issued by the National Geological Society, embraces an area slightly less than that of the State of Maine, but with a population six times as dense. In 1841, the population was 8,000,000, nearly twice the present population of 4,375,000. This decrease was principally due to immigration.

The bulletin says: "Ireland lies on the western rim of what was once a part of continental Europe. It has numerous mountains, the highest being the McGillcuddy Reeks (3,414 feet) in the Killarney region, but there is no mountain chain or elevated 'backbone.' There is a more or less well defined central plain, however, the distinguishing feature of which is its bogs—the black bog producing the famous peat fuel, differentiated from the brown bogs of the mountains. If the whole island were brought to a mean level it would rise 400 feet above the sea.

"The lakes, or loughs, of Ireland are among its most widely appreciated physical characteristics, their scenic beauty being the inspiration of poets, painters and musicians. Nor have the Irish rivers been overlooked in appraisals of the island's beauties. The Shannon, which flows for 250 miles from the County of Cavan, in the northwest, to the Atlantic in the southeast, is the longest watercourse in the United Kingdom. It is navigated by large steamers for half its length, and is connected with Dublin by means of the Grand and the Royal canals.

"Although coal is found in most of the thirty-two counties into which the island is divided, and there is considerable iron ore, mining is not an important industry. Gold was being mined in a modest way in County Wicklow at the time of the rebellion of 1798, but the works were destroyed and the source of the metal has never been rediscovered.

"Agriculture and stock raising are the chief occupations of the inhabitants. At one time the woollen manufactures of the island were formidable rivals of English factories, but hostile legislation gave the industry a check from which it has never recovered. As the Irish have raised flax for centuries the manufacture of linen early became one of the important industries of the country. Irish whiskey is an important article of export and one of the largest breweries in the world is located at Dublin. The island's production of beer is three and a half million barrels annually.

"Shipbuilding in the great yards at Belfast is one of the most widely known of Irish activities and the deep sea and coast fisheries afford a livelihood for many thousands.

"Thanks to the temperate influence of the West winds from the Atlantic, the thermometer rarely reaches freezing point in winter, while the average for a summer day is sixty degrees.

"At Torr Head on the North the distance to Scotland (Mull of Cantire) is only thirteen and one-half miles. The Giant's Causeway, a short distance to the East of this point, is the outcropping basaltic formation which in a former age joined the two islands."

INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE.

One of the greatest subjects in preventive medicine is industrial hygiene. While the movement is comparatively new, tremendous strides are being made to improve conditions of the worker in the shops, mills and factories and to lessen the amount of sickness and decrease the number of deaths due to unhygienic conditions.

The invention of new processes, the developments of new industries, the rush of business, with its keen competitions, have resulted in conditions which demand legislation to correct abuses and remedy evils peculiar to the environment of the workingman.

Legislation is required to improve working conditions in shops and factories which arise because of greedy indifference and ignorance of the employer, but these conditions are also due partly to the workingman himself—to his own ignorance and carelessness.

Improved conditions and shorter hours mean expenditure of money on the part of the employer. In most cases legislation is necessary to compel this expenditure, which will make the working day shorter and working conditions better.

It means better light, better ventilation, proper drinking water and individual drinking cups, improved sanitary arrangements, proper temperature and the latest devices or appliances

for the health and safety of the worker.

Many of the occupational diseases may be lessened by inspection, education and penalties. During the past few years much progress has been made. The rate of sickness and death due to the industries has decreased in consequence of humane legislation. As good legislation and adequate inspection increase, so will the health and happiness of the mill hand and the factory worker.

With better working conditions will come a decrease in the death rate of children born of factory workers.

THE RESULT AT CHICAGO.

It was well known a good many months ago that the managers of the Republican party, bitterly resentful against Colonel Roosevelt for his action four years ago in heading the Progressive revolt which split the party in two—and as they view it—put the Democrats in control at Washington were determined to leave nothing undone to eliminate the possibility of Roosevelt as a Presidential candidate this year. There is every reason to believe that they are congratulating themselves now upon the net result of the "regular" Republican and the Progressive conventions at Chicago last week. Roosevelt is out of the running.

But the fact that the Republican party managers are keenly aware that Roosevelt's approval and support are necessary to Mr. Hughes, the "regular" Republican candidate, is writ large in that gentleman's letter of acceptance of the nomination. Four years ago the "regular" Republican candidate was buried under a landslide. To save this year's "regular" Republican candidate from a like fate, his letter of acceptance is framed largely as a profession of faith in the Roosevelt programme of "Americanism" and "Preparedness."

Mr. Hughes kept silent until after he was nominated; and the dissatisfaction of the "hyphenates" with President Wilson and their deep hostility to Roosevelt led to their supporting the Hughes boom which the Republican party managers from the first engineered with so much skill. How will the "hyphenates" like his letter of acceptance?

He declares his firm and unflinching maintenance of all rights of United States citizens on land and for adequate preparedness, both naval and military, for securing absolutely the national security. With the re-nomination of President Wilson as the Democratic candidate a foregone conclusion, the situation is thus one of interest and concern to us in Canada as well as to our neighbors.

"DOING HER BIT."

During her career as an actress Sarah Bernhardt has played many parts. No other actress ever made the conquests she has. No actress is so beloved or idolized by lovers of the dramatic art. But at no time during her career has she ever played a part that has so appealed to the hearts of the French as that which she is playing at the present time.

Paris has no attraction for her and her island home in the English channel has lost its charm. Madame Sarah has for weeks been at the French front. She is a daughter of France and her heart is with her compatriots in the trenches. So in the open fields, in the hospitals and around brigade headquarters she is giving performances, recitals, delivering addresses and doing all that her art could suggest to cheer, comfort, brighten and inspire the soldiers. Her own illness, her own sufferings and even the loss of her leg has not prevented Madame Sarah from "doing her bit." And she is nearly seventy-two years old.

ARE PROFESSIONS REALLY "UNIONS"?

Since announcement was made that the actors had organized a union and joined the American Federation of Labor, the question has been asked many times, "Will the other professions be unionized, too?" In answer to this query, an actor named Harry Mountford replies:

"The learned professions really are unions now, and the best unions in the world. The legal profession, for example, is a union which is at once the despair and envy of every union organizer." He points out the parallel between labor unions and "professional unions," as follows:

The typical modern union insists that any person desiring to enter the trade (or profession) shall first serve an apprenticeship or take a preparatory course of study; that the apprentice shall then submit to an examination in that trade (or profession) by authorized persons belonging to it; that when he is admitted to the trade (or profession), by means of a working card (or diploma), he must follow the rules laid down by the majority engaged in it; that any infraction of those rules shall be punished with suspension from the trade (or profession) for a limited period, or for life.

It is surely a deadly parallel. Mr. Mountford makes it all the stronger by referring in detail to the union rules of the legal profession. The lawyer must serve his apprenticeship, must submit to an examination at the hands of other lawyers, must obey the rules laid down by other

lawyers, and may be suspended or debarred by other lawyers if he breaks them—in other words, the lawyers maintain the "closed or union shop." The lawyers maintain that their "professional rules are for the protection of the public." Mr. Mountford insists that they are for the protection of the lawyers themselves, as surely as any labor union's rules are for the protection of its own members. And he suggests plausibly enough, that the same sort of unionism runs through the other learned professions, medicine and the ministry.

He might have added that the learned professions were the first unions—that organized labor seems to have borrowed its inspiration and methods from the long-established organization of lawyers, doctors and ministers, though it has not yet matched their unity and effectiveness.

SODAS FOR SOLDIERS.

War is not all wounds and trenches and also fairly godmothers and ice-cream sodas. Mrs. Waldorf Astor has installed an American soda fountain at her country place in England and serves free glasses of the festive concoctions to a neighboring Canadian encampment. The Duchess of Marlborough has had one set up outside Versailles for the benefit of the American Legion. Chocolate marshmallow nut is reported to be a favorite order there.

Wrist watches and chocolate sodas may not be quite so romantic as armor and cognac, but they mark an unquestionable advance in human efficiency. Those gay roistering blades who gather around to quaff the snowy foaming bowl are just as virile and effective as the brave knights of old—and the raspberry syrup will cheer their souls and refresh their bodies without befuddling their brains.

YOUR PLACE IN THE SUN.

A home without windows was built for the blind in a certain English community. Scientific heating and ventilation were provided but the architects and trustees reasoned that light was not necessary in a house for sightless people.

So they erected their windowless institution and installed its occupants. And then they discovered that human beings, like plants, dwindle and die when deprived of the light of the sun. And they had to remodel their building, and let in the sun's rays, in order to keep their blind people alive.

Since the invention of the electric light, we have all treated sunlight with amazing indifference. In summer, especially, we spend much time, thought, energy and money protecting ourselves from the sun.

And in so doing, we are often acting not much more wisely than the committee who built a house without light for the blind. In summer, for instance, we try to escape the sun as the worst of all nuisances, when we actually need its services in the cause of our own good health.

So take your work and your play out of doors when possible. Don't risk sunstroke, but don't be afraid to sweat and tan.

GRADING RESTAURANTS.

New York is grading its 5,000 or more restaurants according to health standards. A careful inspection of all public eating places is being made by the health department. When it is concluded every restaurant will be given a certificate showing its rating. It will be declared "good," "fair" or "bad," according to its degree of observance of the pure food and sanitation laws and its treatment of its employees.

It is expected that when the system is established, restaurant patrons on entering a place for the first time will insist on knowing its hygienic rating before ordering their meals. In the case of a restaurant declared "good," the certificate will no doubt be displayed conspicuously, and probably printed on every bill of fare. Presumably a place pronounced only "fair" will be reluctant to admit its standing. And certainly no eating-house will admit being labelled "bad" unless the confession is dragged from it. It is hoped that the advertising value and prestige lent by a favorable verdict from the health department will lead naturally to a general improvement in a quality of food; cleanliness of kitchen and carefulness of service.

Cleveland is contemplating the adoption of the same system, applying it to groceries and other mercantile establishments that sell food-stuffs. If it proves successful, it may be followed almost universally.

BE FAIR TO AUTO DRIVERS.

Even automobilists have rights, although it isn't always possible to persuade pedestrians of that fact. And it appears that the worst offenders against those rights are women. The Mayor of Cleveland has announced his intention of making pedestrians, as well as automobile drivers, obey the street traffic regulations. Here are some safety rules given Cleveland women—which men, too, may heed with profit.

Don't start across the street reading a paper. Don't become so engrossed in conversation when crossing the street that you pay no atten-

tion to automobiles.

Cross streets only at the crossings—it isn't fair to the drivers to cross anywhere else. And don't cut corners—it confuses drivers.

If you see that you're about to collide with an automobile, stop in your tracks. Then the driver will know what to do.

COURTNEY'S RETIREMENT.

The retirement of Charles E. Courtney as the active coach for the Cornell rowing crews recalls the memorable contests for the world's championship between him and the late Edward Hanlan of Toronto, and marks the passing of one of the men who have made rowing most popular. Undoubtedly Mr. Courtney, while giving way to a younger man to do the real hard work, will remain with Cornell in an advisory capacity. The advice of a man who has spent practically all his life in a rowing shell will always be most valuable.

As a coach Courtney has been the peer of them all. He has done wonderful things with the Cornell youngsters and brought many victories to the banners of that institution of education. Courtney himself was an expert oarsman. It is thirty years or more ago since he was a contestant for the world's championship. The races between Courtney and Ned Hanlan, are still talked about wherever oarsmen meet. Many believed that Courtney was Hanlan's superior with the single sculls, but he was never able to prove it in the contest. And the excuses which would be offered for his failure were at times most humorous.

One of the last meetings between these two was at Lake Neahawanta, Fulton, where Courtney started off with a rush, but Hanlan overhauled and defeated him decisively.

Immediately after Germany's great naval "victory," shattering the sea power of Great Britain and, of course, blowing the blockade in to the air, the new food director found it necessary to give orders that no civilian in Germany is to taste meat for eight long weeks.

Chancellor James Day, of Syracuse, gave out a statement recently through the Roosevelt Republican Committee, favoring Colonel Roosevelt for the Presidency. The Chancellor said he was disappointed in President Wilson, and that the only choice left was between Roosevelt and Hughes. The present, he said, was no time to take Mr. Hughes off the Supreme Court bench "with Brandeis going upon it." Colonel Roosevelt and Chancellor Day patched up their differences a year ago. When the Colonel was at Syracuse as the principal figure in the famous Barnes-Roosevelt lawsuit, he was entertained at the home of the Chancellor. Mutual friends brought the two together, and the long-standing feud was declared off. Chancellor Day had made an attack on the Colonel, when the latter was President, because of his attitude toward the Standard Oil interests. During the Colonel's time in the White House the Chancellor denounced him time and again.

THE BRITISH LION.

Oh, the British Lion, is a noble scion,
And proud in his conscious might;
The terror of those he has made his foes,
For he ever defends the right!
And yet so mild that a timid child
May approach him, and need not quail;
You may pat him on the crown, and stroke him
down

But beware how you tread on his tail
Oh beware! Have a care, oh beware! Have a
care
Oh beware how you tread on his tail!

'Twill much require to rouse his ire,
For he's fond of a quiet snooze;
No idle vaunt, or threat, or taunt,
Will provoke him his strength to use;
No bliss he thinks like forty winks,
Yet his vigilance ne'er doth fail,
For he sleeps with but one eyelid shut!
So beware how you tread on his tail!
For he sleeps with but one eyelid shut!
So beware how you tread on his tail!

His foes at best are knaves confest,
Whose malice from envy springs;
And it oft betides, his giant sides
They pierce with their gnat-like stings;
But he merely yawns, for the thought ne'er
dawns

Such pigmies to assail!
Till grown more bold his sloth to behold,
They venture to tread on his tail;
Till grown more bold such sloth to behold,
They venture to tread on his tail.

Then up he bounds, and his roar resounds,
As he lashes each foaming side;
His warlike breath hurls fire and death,
And scatters them far and wide!
And, great and small down, down they fall
'Neath the storm of his iron hail!
And repent to their cost, when all is lost,
That they trod on the lion's tail!
And repent to their cost, when all is lost;
So beware how you tread on his tail!

—Henry Walker.

THE OLD FASHIONED LOGGING BEE.

Perhaps some special mention should be made of the logging bee, since it stands out as the only one of these jolly gatherings that were regarded as a necessary evil, particularly by the female members of the family. Perhaps the grimy appearance of the visitors had something to do with the esteem in which they were held at such times. The logging bee followed the burning of the fallow, which consumed the underbrush the tops and branches of the trees, and left the charred trunks to be disposed of. In handling these, the workers soon became black as negroes; and the nature of the work seemed to demand consumption of whiskey. Anyway, the liquor was consumed; the men frequently became disorderly, and concluded the bee with one or more drunken fights. It was this feature of the logging bees that made them unpopular with the women. The afternoon tea now serves its purpose very well, but modern society has yet to discover the equal of the quiting bee as a clearing-house for gossip. To the credit of the fair sex, we should add that they rarely made use of intoxicants; but the old grannies did enjoy a few puffs from a blackened clay pipe after their meals. Both men and women were more or less addicted to the use of snuff.

Whiskey was plentiful in the good old days, but the drinking of it was not looked upon with such horror, nor attended with such disastrous consequences as in our day. This difference was probably due to the drink and the drinker. Some people will not admit that any whiskey is bad, while others deny that any can be good; but the whiskey of a hundred years ago does not appear to have had as fierce a serpent in it as the highly-advertised brands of the present day. It possessed one virtue, and that was its cheapness—6d. a quart.—From W. S. Herrington's History of Lennox and Addington.

PROFESSIONAL SINGING AND HEART WORSHIP.

Many who belong to other churches in town would have to admit, if confronted with the question as to where they were last Sunday night, that they attended the Simcoe St. Methodist church. And why were they attracted there—to hear the singing of a notable soprano from Toronto, who was widely advertised. Let us be misunderstood, let us say that we are not taking the Simcoe St. people to task for bringing the said noted singer from Toronto, but simply wish to call attention to the fact that one of the most pleasant and inspiring parts of church service is being professionalized in this country, as it has long since been in the United States. Many churches in this country are going in this direction. It might not be generally admitted by our American church neighbors that professional song service at first filled their churches, then eventually emptied them. For as the singing took on the semblance of the opera by paid artists, so the preaching was soon placed on the same level and the idea of heart worship was lost sight of. Just as the best singing decides which opera shall draw the greatest crowds, so it becomes a question of which church can produce the best musical attraction. This commercializing of the churches on the other side of the line has sounded the death knell of the most sacred sentiment of worship, to a large extent. If a song service is being put on by professional singers to attract a crowd, with little thought of the humble worship of God, surely the hallowed holiness of the sanctuary is being desecrated by an act that is not in keeping with the spirit and intent of the church which Christ established. It is difficult to give the warning which is becoming all too sadly needed in Canada in this direction without a wrong impression being taken. The reference to the Simcoe St. church has no direct bearing in this instance, more than as showing how choral artists can assist in attracting a large audience, as we understand the artist on this occasion gave her services absolutely free. We simply wish to call attention to the idea of professional singing as being diametrically at variance with heart worship, of which there is becoming all too little in our fair Canada.

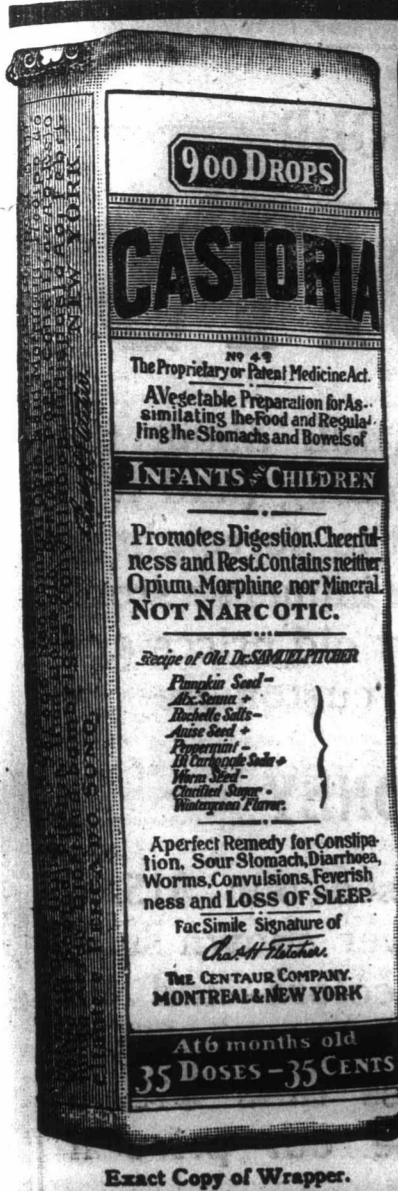
Archdeacon Cody in addressing the Canadian Guild of Organists in Toronto recently on church music referred to the intimate relation between music and worship and said that the relations between the clergy and the organist ought to be of the closest sympathy; that there should be a unity in the whole service with the music and instruction given in the sermon in entire harmony; that while there are occasions at which elaborate services are in place, on ordinary occasions the organist should aim to foster congregational singing, and finally, that the ideals of the church should be common prayer and communion praise.—Oshawa Reformer.

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For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

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Give Your Wife an Interest in the family's financial progress by opening a Joint Account in the Union Bank of Canada, in her name and your own.

You will find it a very convenient arrangement, for then either can attend to the banking when in town, making deposits or withdrawing money. In case of death, the balance automatically goes to the survivor.

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Was Given Silver Bugle

Sergt. Gerow of the 155th Battalion Doing Good Work. Sergt. Marshall Gerow, sergeant drummer of the 155th battalion, was made the recipient of a valuable silver bugle, as a token of appreciation by his comrades of his wonderful organizing ability as demonstrated by the progress made with his band. Sergt. Gerow was completely taken by surprise as he was called to the front by Lieut. Wallace, who made the presentation and spoke a few words as he handed over the instrument, referring to the fact that in three weeks the 155th bugle band had become second to none in camp. Sergt. Gerow has a wide reputation as a bugler and this presentation is not the first that has been made to him. Twenty-five years ago he received a gold harp and the sum of \$75, as a prize for being the best bugler in Ontario, and the ability that allowed him to win that honor is shown by the manner in which the 155th band has been brought together.

LECTURE ON WARFARE.

A very instructive and entertaining lecture was delivered by Mr. W. S. Herrington K.C. last evening at Christ Church parish hall on submarine and aeroplane warfare, life in the trenches and Canada's relation to the war. The brilliant address was aptly illustrated with slides. The Hastings County Council attended in a body through the kind hospitality of Mr. John Elliott. The audience was a large one in spite of the inclement weather.

COURT OF REVISION

Moirs, June 5, 1916.—Court of Revision met to day to hear any appeals against the assessment roll for the year 1916 and after being duly sworn took their seats and proceeded to deal with appeals.

LIST OF APPEALS

J. L. Foster, assessed \$4,000, too high, no action taken. F. Morton, assessed \$4,000, too high, no action taken. Edu. Fitchett, assessed \$700, too high, reduced to \$600. Mrs. T. Bulpit, assessed \$75, too high, no action taken. Mrs. B. Connor, assessed \$100, too high, no action taken.

On motion following changes were made, Sam C. Adams to Melbourne Adams, Seymour Light H-at and Power Co. to Hydro Electric. On motion roll as revised was declared to be the assessment roll for 1916.—D. L. Fleming, Clerk.

COUNTY COURT SITTINGS

Keown vs. London Mutual & Ireland et al. Plaintiff claimed under policy of Insurance on motor car. Defendants alleged no notice of transfer and that car had been kept in public garage for months, and other conditions of policy not fulfilled. Action dismissed with costs as against London Mutual Company, but verdict for plaintiff for \$200 against other defendants, alleged agents. A. Abbott for plaintiff; Northrup and Ponton for London Mutual; T. A. O'Rourke, for other defendants.

ROAD PLANS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE

Deputy Minister's Communication to Hastings County Council

MANY ROADS NOT FAVORED

Inferior Construction Will Not Be Accepted by Dept. of Highways.

C.P.R. and Refuge Lands.

The House of Refuge and the Canadian Pacific have been dicker over the right of way for nearly five years. Correspondence between the C.P.R. and the chairman of the Refuge was read. The C.P.R. had offered \$2,000 but this had been refused. The C.P.R. seemed to think that no settlement was possible without legal arbitration and Mr. Walsh thought likewise.

This property has been increased nearly fifty per cent. since the property was expropriated. Not enough money was got from the C.N.O.R., said Mr. Walsh.

The price asked for is not too much declared Mr. McLaren. The C.P.R. is getting anxious to settle. We are making money all the time on it, said Mr. Coulter.

It was not determined as to what course to pursue. Two possible lines of action were spoken of—arbitration and delay, but the vote was not taken.

Mr. John Elliott of the Standard Bank invited the council members to be guests at Mr. W. S. Herrington's war lecture on Thursday night. He congratulated the council on having so many names on the Patriotic Fund list.

The Hastings County system of Good Roads was again under discussion at Thursday morning's session of the Council. A communication was read from Mr. W. A. McLean, deputy minister of highways.

W. A. McLean's Report

"Having been absent from the city I regret the delay in reaching a final decision with respect to the revision of Hastings County Roads, and in forwarding the plans indicating our views in the matter. A plan is however going forward by today's mail and will, I trust, be acceptable to your County Council. "We have previously pointed out to your county that the mileage in the county system of roads is greatly in excess of anything assumed by other counties and the cost of constructing and maintaining such a system to the standard required by this department will unquestionably exceed the amount which your county can reasonably finance. Inferior construction or inefficient maintenance will not be accepted by our inspecting engineers with the result that deductions will be necessary in the future as in the past. It would clearly be to the interest of your county to devote your expenditure to such a class of work as can be fully accepted by this department; this can only be attained by a suitable deduction of mileage of the county road system.

"A large proportion of roads in your county system are very lightly travelled and their maintenance through statute labor or its equivalent should not be beyond the means of ordinary township organization. In order that your council may receive the full measure of Government aid, it will therefore be to your advantage to permit any roads not approved by this department to return to the townships.

"Your council will agree of course that it is not possible for this department to set a lower standard for the County of Hastings than is applied to other counties of the Province. Nor is it in the interest of the ratepayers of the county, who will be best served by the efficient construction and maintenance of the more important market roads upon which traffic converges, and the cost of construction and maintenance of which is beyond the means of ordinary township finance.

"The co-operation of your county council in this matter will be greatly appreciated."

Mr. Vermilyea cited instances of roads in Thurlow that should be approved. Mr. Ketcheson did likewise with Sidney roads, the latter stated that Thurlow and Sidney made more out of hogs than out of cheese and consideration should be given to the roads used in the marketing of hogs.

Mr. McLaren thought that the reason certain roads were put off the approved road system was because they did not form part of a continuous system in other counties.

Mr. McLaren stated that Tyendinaga got all the township asked for. Vollaston is very unfairly dealt with declared the warden, for that township has not now an approved road. Mr. Walsh declared Tyendinaga had received fair treatment under the circumstances. Marmorosch township has a cause of complaint, said Mr. Laycock and Mr.

Gray. Mr. Clare stated that Hungerford was not well treated under the new system. Roads of the approved system for 25 years had been cut off. Mr. Vermilyea, moved, seconded by Mr. Naylor "that the plan of Hastings County roads last sent by the Deputy Minister of Public Works road branch be not now accepted but that we again urge by letters, by delegation or by the local county members that the request of the delegation from Hastings on the last visit be substituted therefore it being the least that would be entirely satisfactory to Hastings County Council."

The vote was deferred until later in the session.

Protection for Village Merchants. Mr. S. Masson, K.C., county solicitor, wrote council recommending the passing of a new bylaw relative to hawkers and transient traders.

This provoked discussion between the reeves from the villages and those from rural parts. The former claimed that they want that protection for village merchants, which city and town merchants have against peddlers. The letter was received and filed. A financial statement of the treasurer was presented showing the receipts and expenditures for 1916 up to the first of June and on motion laid upon the table.

The council concurred on the sale of lots 12 and 13 in the township of Dugannon to Mr. W. H. Shaw for the sum of \$200.

A number of bylaws were introduced and given their first reading and referred to the committee of the whole on bylaws.

155th Asks for Grant. County Council was approached on Thursday afternoon by a deputation from the 155th Battalion. Those in the party were Mr. E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P., Judge Wills, Major Allen, Capt. Wills, Capt. Hyman and Lieut. Nugent. Mr. Porter, K.C., M.P., stated that he had been asked to address the council. We all feel that we must assist in recruiting. There is a large expenditure for recruiting which is not all provided by the government. Great efforts have to be made to provide men with the necessary comforts. The County of Hastings had been liberal in their grants to battalions which had left the county. Even at Barrieffield the battalion has to provide necessities that are not furnished by the government. The County Council has generously given a grant of \$2000, which was much appreciated. He would ask for an equal or a greater sum for the 155th Battalion.

Judge J. F. Wills also spoke, saying there were many expenses incurred in a battalion. There are necessary things and the men should not be asked to bear the costs. We are living in comfort in our homes and ought not to assist the soldiers who are going to the front to fight in our defence. The 155th battalion is a Hastings and Prince Edward Counties unit. "Give the boys the comforts they are entitled to." Only today news of Belleville soldiers who have died, has been received.

Major Allen stated that the 155th Battalion had gone into Barrieffield with full strength. "The cost for lumber alone to place in the tents was \$1,200. We are placing our needs before you. The government does not supply everything as is supposed by many. It was only the other day that \$560 was paid for a tent where the men could have their meals. This was not paid for by the department. Nothing is allowed for recruiting.

Mr. Vermilyea said "We have listened with interest to the remarks made by the deputation and he would move that this matter be referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Mr. Ketcheson seconded the motion which was carried.

Warden Nugent said the council would consider this matter in the Ways and Means Committee and give it the best consideration.

Use of Battalion Funds. Mr. Montgomery said a suspicion had arisen over the disposition of the funds. This hindered collection of the subscriptions. He suggested that the accounts be audited and a public announcement made in the press. Then it would not be difficult to collect battalion funds.

Major Allen said every account was audited every now and then by Col. Stewart, who demands to see where the money comes from and where every cent goes. The regiment runs a canteen but the government will not allow sales at too great a profit. That profit goes back to the men.

"None of that money goes to the officers?" asked Mr. Chapman.

"None Sir, the officers have paid \$400 into the regimental fund," declared Major Allen.

"We handle no cash. We have to show a cheque for everything handled. It is a false statement that recruits get \$10 per recruit. No officer, no man gets a cent for a recruit," declared Major Allen.

grant to the 155th. The battalion has 1040 men from Hastings County." The warden, reading the toll of dead which Belleville had to pay with four of her soldiers dead in one day's report, said the county must do her best.

Now we know Canada is at war, declared Mr. Coulter. All funds should have the best attention of the council.

Tweed Needs High School. A deputation from Tweed appeared before the council asking for permission to build a High School. Mr. Sandy Grant, M.P.P. introduced the delegates.

Mr. Du Blouie of the Chemical Works, Sulphide, explained that the situation of erecting a school was forced upon the village. The inspector had urged the increase in accommodation in the school because the continuation classes were crowding out the elementary classes, or the building of the High School. Mr. R. F. Houston of Tweed also spoke on the matter.

They desire a bylaw passed by the council permitting the erection of the High School.

The committee on bylaws will deal with the request.

Disapprove of Government Road Plan. Mr. Vermilyea's motion regarding the Government approved of certain roads was carried.

Discussion again turned on the C.P.R. right of way across the House of Refuge property.

C. P. R. Right of Way. Mr. Ketcheson, moved, seconded by Mr. J. A. Gunter that the motion of Mr. Montgomery at the January session re the sale of the railway right of way to the C.P.R. be rescinded but that the matter of arbitration proceedings be deferred until authorized by this council and that the Finance and Public Property Committee along with the House of Refuge Committee be authorized to make any friendly settlement they may deem advisable.

It was moved by Mr. Walsh seconded by Mr. Newton that the House of Refuge committee take legal proceedings to obtain a settlement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for right of way across House of Refuge property which said company expropriated and got possession on December 19th, 1912.

Mr. Coulter thought that \$10,000 should be asked for, but he would support Mr. Ketcheson's motion.

Mr. Montgomery moved, seconded by Mr. Sillis that the matter of settlement for the crossing of the C.P.R. over the House of Refuge property be not referred to arbitration until authorized by this council.

Mr. Montgomery's amendment prevailed, 9 voting for; Mr. Walsh's amendment secured 8 votes and Mr. Ketcheson's motion 6.

Undermining of Roadway. It was moved by Mr. Clare, seconded by Mr. Walsh, that owing to the moving of a considerable quantity of mair off the road allowance of the 2nd concession of the Township of Hungerford causing the undermining of said road, the clerk of the county notify the Canada Cement Company that they repair the same to the satisfaction of the county road superintendent and further that the county will hold them liable for any damage incurred.—Carried.

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MARRIAGES

On Wednesday, June 14th, 1916, at the home of the bride's parents, by the Rev. E. C. Currie, of John Street Presbyterian Church, Miss Vera Alice Myrtle Stapley and Mr. William Albert Reid, both of Belleville.

On Wednesday, June 14th, 1916, by the Rev. E. C. Currie, minister of John Street Presbyterian Church, Miss Mary Ellen McCourt and Mr. John Arthur Clifford Irvine, both of Belleville.

CAPT. RICHARDSON'S SPLENDID BEQUEST.

Capt. Richardson of Kingston whose gallant death in Flanders was recorded some months ago left as one of the bequests in his will a fund of \$80,000 to establish a hospital for the treatment of returned and disabled soldiers. The hospital is already in operation in the city of Toronto. In this institution the Osteopathic physicians of Toronto are tendering their services free of charge.

WE'LL DISCUSS COMPULSION

Speakers' Patriotic League Will Hold Public Meeting Wed. Night.

PRESENT METHODS FAIL

Shirkers Avoid Public Meetings and Recruiting Officers Said One Speaker.

The people of Belleville will on Wednesday evening, June 21st be given an opportunity to discuss the question of national military service or what is generally known as "Compulsion." The Speakers' Patriotic League held their annual meeting last night at the armouries and after the election of officers entered in a frank discussion of the present status of recruiting. The discussion culminated in a resolution moved by Mayor Ketcheson that a public meeting be held in the lecture room of the armouries on the date above mentioned to take up the question of national service along the lines already in effect in New Zealand.

His Honor Judge Wills presided at the meeting which was not very largely attended owing to the unfavorable condition of the weather.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Hon. Pres.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell. President—E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P.

1st Vice Pres.—W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P. 2nd Vice Pres.—Lt.-Col. W. N. Ponton, K.C.

Secretary—Capt. Dr. MacColl. Treasurer—C. M. Stork.

Executive—Lt. Col. S. S. Lister, Ald. Dr. E. O. Platt, Mayor H. F. Ketcheson, John Elliott, Henry Sneyd, Capt. T. D. Ruston, Judge J. F. Wills, J. O. Herity and the local recruiting officers.

Col. Ponton in a brief but eloquent address told of the efforts that had been made by himself and other local speakers to stimulate recruiting. Their services had been freely given and they were willing to do much more, but it was felt that this method of recruiting had now to be supplemented or superseded if we were to maintain our position at the battlefront. The war had reached a critical phase and every man was needed.

Mr. MacColl said that about all the men who could be reached by the present recruiting system had been rounded up. The shirkers would not come out to public meetings and they had the faculty of dodging the recruiting officers. In his opinion the time had arrived for some form of compulsory service.

Mayor Ketcheson spoke very vigorously in favor of a form of national service such as has been introduced into New Zealand. Present recruiting methods were not only ineffective but exceedingly wasteful. We needed every dollar to help in the actual fighting. Instead of that we were spending great sums of money in trying to carry a scheme of recruiting that was becoming barren of results. He did not condemn the recruiting officers. They were performing their duties in a conscientious manner. It was not fair to our boys now at the front who were suffering and dying in the trenches that those who had remained behind should not now come forward and take their places. The mayor concluded by moving the resolution mentioned above.

Following is a synopsis of the New Zealand National Service Bill:—

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, Wednesday, June 14th.—The National Service Bill was introduced in Parliament to-night. It provides for the establishment of an Expeditionary Force Reserve, consisting of two divisions.

The first division will comprise unmarried men, men married since the commencement of the war, widowers, with no children, or men whose marriages have been judicially dissolved, or who have been separated from their wives and are childless.

The second division, which may be sub-divided into classes consists of all other reservists.

The bill provides for enlistment by what is generally known as the commando system. The Dominion will be divided into districts, and each district will be given its quota periodically in proportion to the number of men of military age, viz., not less than twenty years old and less than forty-six, within its boundaries. If the number required is forthcoming in any district without compulsion, the men will be accepted in the ordinary way. If the number is short the balance required will be selected by ballot from the first division.

There are drastic provisions to reach shirkers who may not be reached by the ordinary process of the ballot for some time. Provision is also made, if it becomes necessary, for the abolition of the voluntary system altogether, to make compulsion apply generally.

There are practically no exemptions in the bill. The men balloted for must apply for exemption if they desire it to one of the statutory tribunals which will be established for that purpose.

THE RESOLUTION

Moved by H. F. Ketcheson, Mayor of Belleville, and President of the Board of Trade, and seconded by Col. W. N. Ponton, K.C., and —

"RESOLVED! that the present system of recruiting being unsatisfactory in method, disappointing in result, and inequitable in application, some practical form of National Registration followed by National Service throughout the whole Dominion of Canada, as part of our British Empire, should be immediately provided for by effective Legislation, "That the imminence of the present crisis is such, that if necessary, a special session of the Dominion Parliament should be called, to enforce, by law applicable to all, the rights and duties of citizenship in universal service of all fit to bear arms in this great conflict in which our national freedom and the lives of Canada's soldier sons already serving are at stake, and that the Right Honourable the Prime Minister, and the Minister of Militia and Defence, and the Government of Canada be memorialized accordingly."

HUNTINGDON COUNCIL

Moirs, June 5, 1916.—Council met. All members present. Minutes of last meeting read and on motion adopted.

Ed. Benson handed in account for \$44.75 for work done under Colonization road by-law which on motion of Haggerty and Wood was ordered paid.

Wm. Booth handed in affidavit for sheep killed which on motion was ordered paid.

Moved by Haggerty seconded by Wood that Colonization road by-law be read a third time, signed, sealed and numbered \$73.

R. Martin applied for permission to do road work on Bridge in his own lane which on motion was left with the path master.

John L. Foster asked for permission to do road work on lower heat which on motion was granted.

On motion of Haggerty and Mitts Reeve was authorized to pay road overseer for work where performed.

On motion R. S. Wood was authorized to purchase and have delivered at Ivanhoe 3,000 feet of Bridge covering.

On motion following accounts were ordered paid:—

Tweed News, Printing.....\$50.45 Wm. Booth sheep killed..... 18.00 Ed. Benson..... 44.75 A. T. Dooney road work returned..... 8.00 Albert Porter..... 4.00 Moved by Haggerty seconded by Geen that council adjourn till Monday July 31st.

KETCHESON—MURRAY

On Wednesday June 7, at 7.30 p.m., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Morley J. Murray, Rawdon's a pretty wedding took place when their sister, Margaret was joined in Holy matrimony to Blake W. Ketcheson, of Harold.

The ceremony took place on the lawn under an arch of evergreen and flowers and was performed by the Rev. W. D. P. Knox, of Frankford, the bride party taking their place to the strains of wedding bells rendered by Miss Mae Ketcheson, sister of the groom, Little Misses May Danford, of Madoc, and Letta Clement, of Ivanhoe, held a dainty basket of flowers in which was concealed the ring, each wearing a dainty ring the gift of the groom.

The bride was charming in duchess satin with over skirt of Nihon embroidery and trimmings of seed pearls on lace. The wedding veil was fastened with Lilies of the Valley, also her bouquet was composed of white carnations and Lilies of the Valley. She wore the gift of the groom, a sunburst of pearls and was attended to the altar by her brother, M. J. Murray. After congratulations the guests numbered about 150, repaired to the dining room where a bountiful repast was served and ample justice was done the same. Later in the evening the young couple motored to Ivanhoe en route to Toronto, Niagara and Buffalo. On their return they will reside in our midst.

The bride travelled in a suit of Copen Blue corded silk with white hat.

The number of beautiful presents testify the esteem in which the young people held. During the early part of the evening Mr. C. Lloyd, of Harold, took photos of the wedding group and guests.

There is no more effective vermifuge on the market than Miller's Worm Powders. They will not only clear the stomach and bowels of worms, but will prove a very serviceable medicine for children in regulating the infantile system and maintaining it in a healthy condition. There is nothing in their composition that will injure the most delicate stomach when directions are followed, and for they can be given to children in the full assurance that they will utterly destroy all worms.

ACROSS THE INLAND OCEANS

Being an Account of a Pleasure Excursion by a Party of Pen Pushers on the Canadian Pacific Steamers From Port McNicoll to Port Arthur and Fort William.

BY THE EDITOR.

In the quintette of inland oceans that are known as the Great Lakes is stored one-half of the fresh water on this terrestrial ball. At least the school teachers tell us that this is the case and we have no reason to challenge the assertion. In fact the impression we have gained after having had experience with them all, is that our learned geographers have rather underestimated the dimensions.

We had previously established a somewhat intimate acquaintance with the two smallest members of the group—Erie and Ontario. Their majestic proportions impressed us. But never until the present month of June did we have opportunity to traverse the lordly Huron and the mighty Superior.

Do Canadians generally know what a mammoth proposition this Superior really is? We trust they do not. From east to west you must travel 400 miles to pass its extreme limits.

From north to south the breadth is 160 miles. Its broad bosom is 627 feet above the sea-level and its cavernous depths are nearly 300 feet nearer the centre of the earth than is the ocean's surface. You could drop all of Scotland into Lake Superior and still have sufficient room in which to deposit a dozen or more counties the size of Prince Edward. Superior's waters are always cold. A few feet below the surface the temperature never rises above 40 degrees and does not vary more than four degrees the year round.

There is one lake in the world that is longer—Lake Tanganyika in Africa, which boasts a length of 440 miles but its width is rarely over 40 miles while its total area is 15,000 square miles as compared with the 32,000 square miles of Lake Superior. Africa has another lake, however, that makes a good second to Superior—the Albert Nyanza with an area of 26,500 square miles. Lake Michigan and Lake Huron each have a surface area of 23,000 square miles.

Through the kindness of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company the members of the Canadian Press Association, which met in convention in Toronto on the first and second days of June, were tendered a most acceptable gift in the way of a free excursion or tour to which members of the association and their wives were eligible. The tour had its genesis at Toronto, thence by the C.P. Railway line to Port McNicoll and from Port McNicoll by the Canadian Pacific liner to Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William. The itinerary was well over fifteen hundred miles in length.

The Canadian Pacific company never does things by halves. A well equipped fast through train conveyed the party of 150 guests from Toronto Union station to Port McNicoll. The departure occurred at two o'clock p.m. on Saturday June 3, and Port McNicoll was reached about three hours later.

Port McNicoll.

Port McNicoll is now the terminal port for the Canadian Pacific liners and freight carriers, that distinction having been taken away from Owen Sound about two years ago when the C.P.R. laid out its new low-grade, grain-carrying route from Port McNicoll to Toronto. We must confess that Port McNicoll was somewhat of a disappointment to us. We had expected to encounter a bustling town almost approaching a city in size. Our ideas had been formed from reading real estate literature so plentifully distributed about Belleville when this townsite was first placed on the market. We had to look several times before we discovered the town, but at last we ascertained its location. There is a spacious harbor, a huge elevator, great freight sheds, excellent dockage facilities, a large public school building and a town that may in the course of two or three years, if the present rate of growth is maintained, become fully as populous a center as Foxboro. There are some Belleville people sorry they paid out good, long green money for Port McNicoll real estate, but then there are others who are equally sorry because they bit off the big acreage in Saskatoon, Moose Jaw and Edmonton. Such things must be, it would seem, in every new and progressive country and with every new townsite or damsite.

The Keewatin.

Pronounce this Kee-wah-tin, not Kee-wah-tin. We sailed away in our gallant bark, the "Keewatin," at 5.30 p.m. The Keewatin with its companion ship, the "Assiniboia" are the finest of the four Clyde-built greyhounds that comprise the Canadian Pacific's Great Lakes' passenger carrying fleet. They are of a size that would be considered respectable even on the Atlantic. Each is of gross tonnage of 4,300 tons, length 350 feet, depth 26 feet and with accommodation for 300 passengers. The layout and equipment of the "Keewatin" is luxurious. It is a pleasure and satisfaction to be provided with a stateroom that is somewhat larger than the usual stateroom match-box on the majority of lake boats. The Keewatin's staterooms are a thing of beauty and a joy all the time you occupy them. There is plenty of room to turn around and breathe with a good springy lounging sofa when you are tired or sea-sick and plenty of electric light and a tap that gives hot running water. There are great roomy cabins that make you feel as if you would like to spend the rest of your life right there.

The meals that are provided are also highly artistic productions. There was real cream for the strawberries and coffee, not the azzurinated imitation that is served at some of the high-class hotels. Chicken, duck, turkey, beef, lamb, pork, oysters, eggs, fish, all of a choice quality and prepared in a dozen different and appetizing ways featured on the different menus with a variety that seemed infinite. Desserts and fruit of a variety quite as great, and a quantity quite as choice served to fill out the third and fourth rounds of a good square meal.

The tables are looked after mostly by college students, boys from Varsity, McGill and the other universities who find profitable employment on the liners during their long vacation. They give excellent service for they have brains, and are uniformly courteous. In fact courtesy was a marked characteristic of the service all the way through from the captain down to the humblest stoker.

The evening was spent with an impromptu concert. It turned out that there was some admirable singing talent among the ladies on board and a most delightful program on this and the succeeding nights of the tour gave a touch of life and spice to the social side.

The St. Mary River.

Early on Sunday morning the ship entered the swift current of the St. Mary river which is the connecting link between Lakes Huron and Superior. A swift running rapid at Sault Ste. Marie or the St. Mary falls, made continuous navigation impossible, but this has now been overcome by two canals of great depth and capacity, one on the American side, the other on the Canadian. The two governments have spent more than twenty-five million dollars to make the St. Mary navigable, for the largest lake-going ships and they have provided a system that enables the great procession of leviathans to pass along without confusion or delay. The number of boats and the shipping tonnage going through the canals at the Soo annually are greater by far than what passes through the Suez or any other artificial waterway on earth.

Early on Sunday afternoon we entered the emerald-tinted waters of Lake Superior and at once we experienced a penetrating chill such as caused us to think the calendar had by mistake called it June instead of November. Then came a dense fog which settled over the lake in great banks resembling solid snow. We watched passing ships drive into these fog banks and their hulls would be lost to sight in a twinkling while their masts stood out in perfect outline. The Keewatin slowed down to a walking gait and every minute or so sounded its great warning whistle. It was well on in the night before the fog lifted, but no accident occurred. There was little breeze stirring and the vast expanse of lake was as placid as a millpond. Early on Monday morning we caught a glimpse of Thunder Cape and at once recognized it from the pictures we had seen in the Public School Geography. Massive and grim it rises more than 1300 feet above the waters of the lake, a fitting herald of the big features that lie behind and before.

The Twin Cities.

There may have been some such thing as depression and a real estate slump in Fort William and Port

Arthur, but if either city ever experienced a near calamity of that kind you would never learn of it from casual appearances or from the conversation of the citizens. As a matter of cold statistics each of the two cities has lost very considerably in population the past two years, but the inhabitants keep their faces toward the sunrise and if business is quiet, values declining and population falling off, there is the war that accounts for many things. The feature that impressed the writer as much as anything else in his hurried visit to these rival cities was the omnipresent and unquenchable spirit of optimism and confidence that was everywhere manifest and visible.

"We have the position. We may at times have our set-backs, but we are bound ultimately to go ahead." was the tenor of the conversation we had with many leading citizens.

Discount all this rosiest of outlook as we will, we must admit that the Twin Cities have a position that must insure splendid development. Geography will always fight in their favor. All about them nature has been bountiful in her gifts. There are in the immediate vicinity inexhaustible resources of timber, economic minerals, water powers, fisheries and agricultural land. Two cities endowed with all these wonderful advantages and a citizenship that has the energy, enterprise and vision of the new West along with the solidity, reliable judgment and patient industry of the East, must in the not distant future, attain to greatness.

Newspaper Enterprise.

Our boat had scarcely touched the dock at Port Arthur at 8 o'clock on Monday morning when several ponderous packages of newspapers were placed on board and the members of the party were presented with complimentary copies of a special edition of The News-Chronicle, Port Arthur's amalgamated, daily paper. This special edition was one of the finest in quality, literary and otherwise, that we have anywhere seen. It contained not only a most comprehensive description of Port Arthur and the surrounding district, but an account of all the news events, from the seat of war and elsewhere, right up to the time of going to press. Mr. M. W. Rossie, the managing editor, is one of the most brilliant of the younger generation of journalists in Ontario and he is very capably assisted by Mr. O. F. Young, the news editor.

A similar edition of Port William's splendid paper, The Daily Times-Journal was presented to the members of the party at the latter city.

Seeing the Sights.

At Fort William the party was divided, half being assigned to visit Port Arthur and gain a more intimate acquaintance with it, the other to remain in Fort William. It fell to our lot to be given over to the Port Arthur delegation to which we returned by the connecting line of street railway. We were conducted to the Prince Arthur hotel, the Canadian Northern Company's splendid hostelry at Port Arthur. Here Mayor Cowan and President Oliver of the Board of Trade briefly addressed the delegates and extended to them the freedom of the city, told them Port Arthur was theirs and to sail in and paint it red.

World's Greatest Elevator.

The Twin Cities now form the greatest grain-handling port in the world. Their elevators have greater capacity than those of Chicago with an aggregate of storage for 48,000,000 bushels. Of the numerous elevators located here by far the largest is the Canadian Northern with a total storage capacity of 9,500,000 bushels. We were piloted through this immense plant and came away with an enlarged idea of what our western prairies really mean in the production of an empire's foodstuffs. At present the cars are unloaded when received by a power device requiring a man to operate. But a new scheme is about to be adopted, by which a giant machine will lift up a loaded car open the door and shake out the contents all in a minute or so.

The wheat is thoroughly cleaned, graded and sent to the great storage tanks. Afterwards it is loaded on the steam freighters of which there is a continuous procession going and coming. The capacity of these grain-carrying boats is enormous. Some of the largest carry 700,000 bushels or 700 carloads in a single cargo. One with carrying capacity for half a million bushels is very ordinary. Huge as they are it is possible to load up one of these boats with a full cargo in two hours' time at the C.N.R. elevator.

Another interesting process is the treatment of damp, smutty or dirty grain in what are known as "hospital" elevators. In this way millions of bushels of wheat that would through dampness or other causes become absolute waste are dried or cleaned or treated in such a manner as to become first-class food or feed products. Luncheon was served at the Prince

Arthur for the party by courtesy of the Port Arthur Board of Trade, and brief addresses were delivered by Mayor Cowan, Mr. J. A. Oliver of the Board of Trade, Mr. Jas. Elliott, president of the Canadian Press Association, and others. In the afternoon the party enjoyed a pleasant sail about the harbor of the two cities and in the evening those so inclined attended the theatres or went to the park where an alleged baseball game between editors and aldermen took place.

On Tuesday forenoon the party was given a motor tour around the two cities. It was our good fortune to be a passenger in the fine Cadillac touring-car of Mr. W. Marrigan, a wealthy contractor of Port Arthur, who by the way is an old Deseronto boy. Mr. Marrigan after showing us the sights of the city, took us out to his beautiful new summer home where in addition to an ideal residence he has an enclosure with a yearling moose, a red deer, a timber wolf, a coyote, and many fancy birds as an interesting sideline or hobby to afford variety in a busy life.

We left Fort William and Port Arthur most regretfully and very grateful for all the favors we had received, at noon on Tuesday.

That evening on the voyage across Lake Superior the Canadian Pacific officials and the officials of the boat were presented with tokens on behalf of the party. Among those remembered in this way were Mr. Duff, Mgr. Great Lakes Service who was presented with a handsome casserole, Mr. W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, with a club bag, Mr. J. S. Byrom, Supt. Great Lakes service, with a case of silver, Mr. F. E. Trautman, C.P.R. representative at Winnipeg, with a Crown Derby plate, Capt. McPhee, with a cut glass relish dish set in silver, Mr. W. Lewis, Chief Engineer, with an umbrella, Mr. Geo. Fish, Chief Steward, with \$15, Mr. Geo. Bethune, Purser, with a club bag, Assistant Steward Whitmore with \$11, and the diningroom waiters with \$5 each.

All these officers and attendants by the unremitting courtesy became very popular with the members of the party.

Sault Ste. Marie.

At the Canadian "Soo" we stopped for three hours on the return journey. The Soo like other new cities has had its ups and downs, but at the present time it is a real hive of industry.

We were first conducted through the immense plant of the Lake Superior Paper Company and witnessed the interesting and mysterious metamorphosis by which the spruce logs are ground to pulp and converted into the paper upon which great daily journals like The Ontario are printed. The Superior Paper Company has the finest large group of factory buildings we have anywhere seen. They are beautiful and substantial structures with native stone exteriors, and with a floor area of nine acres. They transform 300 cords of wood every day into paper and in the course of a year turn out paper to the value of \$4,500,000 dollars.

The Algoma Steel Corporation.

In the mammoth plant of the Algoma Steel Corporation Limited we were permitted to witness the various complicated but highly interesting operations by which crude ore from the iron mines becomes changed into the heavy rails with which our great railroads are now equipped. It was our good fortune to meet with Mr. J. A. MacColl, brother of Dr. MacColl of this city, who holds a very responsible position with the company, and through his courtesy we were shown about the works and the various processes were explained to us in terms that a layman could understand. To describe all this again to our readers would require an article of prohibitive length. Suffice it to say that the Algoma Steel Corporation is a monument to the organizing and promoting ability of F. H. Clorgue. More than two thousand men now find employment there and it is thus numbered among Canada's greatest industrial establishments. Coal for the manufacture of coke is brought all the way from Virginia and in the process of coke manufacture several important by-products such as sulphuric acid, toluol, benzol and zylol are secured. Enough gas is generated to supply all the power necessary to operate the immense plant. But like many other things the Algoma Steel Corporation plant must be seen to be appreciated.

The Voyage Home.

The voyage home across Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay occurred without incident except that a great wind and rain storm bore down upon us from the east and caused a considerable amount of mal de mer among the passengers. We noticed that a dozen or more lake freighters anchored at the mouth of the St. Mary river, rather than face the storm. But the Keewatin had in her hold sixty carloads of wheat and flour and she cut through the bounding billows

AGAIN WE MENTION OUR \$15.00 SUITS



You hear the talk about the great advance in clothing (and it is right) but we had the foresight to prepare—we have an immense stock of clothing bought at old prices and we are giving our customers the benefit.

SAVE MONEY

We ask you to see our \$15.00 suits. We have never shown such a great variety of colors—and we promise you that these suits cannot be duplicated for less than \$18.00 and that would be our price if bought to-day.

OAK HALL Clothiers

and blooming whitecaps with but the slightest suggestion that Huron was doing her level best to make things disagreeable.

Port McNicoll was reached on Thursday forenoon and Toronto three hours later by special train, where the party separated to take the various routes home.

PEPSIN FOR USE WITH RENNET

No Danger of Cheese Factories Having to Close for Lack of Supply

Prof. G. G. Publow, chief dairy instructor for Eastern Ontario addressed the Belleville Cheese Board today, speaking of the rennet situation, which has been a matter of anxiety to factories generally on account of the very limited supply in the hands of the dealers. The government has been carrying on experiments for using pepsin and is now prepared to furnish factories with pepsin for use in place of rennet. There are quite a number of factories that are known to have a sufficient supply of rennet to carry them through the season, but any without sufficient supply can secure pepsin by writing to Prof. Ruddick, dairy commissioner at Ottawa. An amount not exceeding five pounds will be given out at any one time. The cost will be in the neighborhood of \$4.50 per pound of pepsin, a pound of which will make a little over a gallon of liquid which answers practically the same purpose as rennet. Full instructions will be sent out from Ottawa as to making up the liquid and as to its use. As a result of the experiments it has been shown that it takes a little more milk to make cheese with pepsin and the cheese is not quite so fine in texture as that made with rennet. For this reason the department at Ottawa recommends using half of pepsin and half of rennet. It would be advisable for makers not supplied with a full quantity of rennet for the season, to get some pepsin and use it with the rennet as the best results are obtained by mixing them.

ALIENS CHARGED WITH FRAUD.

Allegation That They Wouldn't Work After Being Brought Here. Two Austro-Hungarians Joe Pavic and Joe Parnovitch were arrested at Point Anne this morning by the constable there on the charge of fraud by incurring a debt under false pretences. They were brought from Temiscaming Camp to work at the Point works but are alleged to have refused. They were remanded for a week by Magistrate Masson.

RACED ON TRAINS.

James Gullett was followed yesterday from Belleville to Napanee by G.T.R. Constable Truatsch and arrested there. Gullett it is alleged stole some soldier's clothing at the depot and jumped a freight. Mr. Truatsch took the passenger train and beat Gullett to Napanee, catching him as he stepped from the train. This morning Gullett was remanded for one week.

Thousands Take

this mild, family remedy to avoid illness, and to improve and protect their health. They keep their blood pure, their livers active, their bowels regular and digestion sound and strong with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. 15 boxes, 25 each.

MAN USED VILE LANGUAGE

A woman while waiting for her husband last evening near the corner of Pinnacle and Dundas streets, was approached by a man who used grossly insulting language. The police are looking for the man.

They All Went Away Together

P. A. BONNOT'S RHEUMATISM CURED BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

And With It Went All Those Symptoms Which Mark the Earlier Stages of Kidney Trouble.

Grand Clairere, Man., June 19th. (Special.)—"All persons who suffer from rheumatism should use Dodd's Kidney Pills." This is the statement volunteered by Mr. P. A. Bonnot, a well-known resident of this place. Asked to give the reasons why Mr. Bonnot said:

"I suffered for three years from rheumatism. I consulted a doctor without getting any results. Four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills fixed me up."

That rheumatism is caused by sick kidneys failing to strain the uric acid out of the blood was again shown in Mr. Bonnot's case. His earlier symptoms were heart fluttering, broken and unrefreshing sleep, fitful appetite, a tired nervous feeling, a heaviness after meals, neuralgia and backache.

OAK HILLS.

Mr. Nathan Eggleton made a flying trip to Bowmanville one day last week.

Mr. A. Wright and road gang are camped on the hills.

Several from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Kennedy in Stirling. Deceased lived to a ripe old age.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Paul, Frankford spent Sunday evening at Mr. C. A. Jarvis'.

Mr. Nelson Stapley has rented a house near the Junction and will move shortly.

Rev. R. Collins, Stirling called on friends one day this week.

A POPULAR CHAPLAIN

Capt. T. Dodds, chaplain of the 155th Battalion, is showing great interest in the welfare of the men. He is constantly attending to their comfort, and is giving Lieut-Col. M. K. Adams, commanding officer, every assistance that it is possible, for him to give. His personality is one that makes him very popular with all ranks, and he is bound to be one of the best chaplains for an overseas unit.

CHARGED WITH DAMAGE.

John Simpson, a Belleville man, aged 34 years, was arrested by officer Harman this morning charged with damaging flowers in West Belleville. He has been remanded until tomorrow morning.

Scarce

CORDUROY VELVET stock, prices 65c
ALL WOOL SERGE black, white, B
LISLE GLOVES, 55c to 75c pair.
LONG SILK GLOVES per pair.
COLORED SILK HATS \$1.50 pair.
LADIES' HANDED linen, fancy price \$1.00 each.
UNDERWEAR and in the market.
SHANTUNG SILK, weave, special 49
BLACK PALETTE worth \$1.50 for
NEW BLOUSES, \$1
NEW MIDDIES, ex to \$2.00 each.

STAP
Linen Cott
Right Goods,
Right

Wim

The daily solution of eight defects that in other words PRACTICE—Is the PRACTICE

There are practically no sight-defects that as us for advice or correction.

Over twenty years of makes our complete high degree efficient

Angus
216 Fr

AT WALLBRIDGE

FILE
CIG

Cigars of Quality at the Lowest

The cigar you for you in fit and with a than usually

Fine Havana boxes of 10,

Boxes of ten at 65c.

Special box, 25

The El Defendo Superior to Sold at High

El Defendo C

Boxes at \$1.5

Wallbridge Cigars and To

Since

LEAD MINE

The Hollandia neckburn, which about ten years ago reopened and booming in the weeks.—North Ha

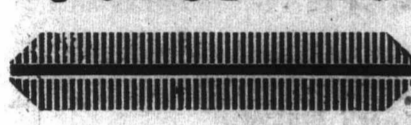
Mrs. Fraleck, B the Misses Judd, a lech is the guest Stirling Leader.

Scarce Goods

CORDUROY VELVETS, all shades in stock, prices 65c to \$1.25 yd.
ALL WOOL SERGES, Cream, Navy, black, White, Belgian 65c to \$1.50
LISLE GLOVES, 2 dome fasteners, 55c to 75c pair.
LONG SILK GLOVES \$1.00 to \$1.25 per pair.
COLORED SILK HOSIERY 75c to \$1.50 pair.
LADIES' HANDBKERCHIEFS, in linen, fancy printed crapes, 5c to \$1.00 each.
UNDERWEAR and CORSETS, best in the market.
SHANTUNG SILK, yard wide, even weave, special 49c yard.
BLACK PALETTE SILK, yd wide, worth \$1.50 for \$1.25 per yard.
NEW BLOUSES, \$1 to \$5 each.
NEW MIDDIES, exclusive styles, 75c to \$2.00 each.

STAPLES
 Linens Cottons Prints
 Right Goods, Right Service
 Right Prices

Wims & Co



The daily solution of the problems of sight testing and eye glass fitting—in other words PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE—is the great teacher.

There are practically no conditions of sight-defects that are not brought to us for advice or correction.

Over twenty years of such experience makes our complete sight service in a high degree efficient.

Angus McFee

216 Front St.

AT WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S

FINE CIGARS

Cigars of Quality at the Lowest Prices

The cigar you like is here for you in finer condition and with a better flavor than usually obtained.

Fine Havana Cigars in boxes of 10, 25, 50 and 100.

Boxes of ten Good Cigars at 65c.

Special box, 25 Good Cigars 95c.

The El Defendo Cigar Superior to many kinds Sold at Higher Prices.

El Defendo Cigars at 4 for 25c at 3 for 25c Boxes at \$1.50 and \$1.75

Wallbridge & Clarke Cigars and Tobacco a Specialty Since 1871.

LEAD MINE REOPENS.

The Hollandia lead mine at Banockburn, which ceased operation about ten years ago, is at present being reopened and is expected to be booming in the course of a couple of weeks.—North Hastings Review.

Mrs. Fraleck, Belleville, is visiting the Misses Judd, and Miss Helen Fraleck is the guest of Mrs. Potts.—Stirling Leader.

BIG YEAR AT DELORA.

Many New Buildings Being Erected—Other Improvements Under Way—Every Department Busy.

A great many business firms have been seriously crippled by the war and are still retrenching in every possible way. Some have closed down entirely and others have cut down the number of their employees and curtailed the output of their plants. Conditions at Delora however, are just the opposite.

In the early stages of the war Delora Mining and Reduction Company found themselves up against a mighty serious problem. Some of their best markets were entirely cut off, prices of various products were uncertain and shipping facilities were almost out of the question. Many firms would have ceased operations under similar conditions, but both the Company and the employees made sacrifices in order to keep the concern going. They are now reaping their reward. Some time ago conditions changed and for months past operations have been carried on under the most gratifying conditions.

As a result, extensive building operations are now under way by the Company. Messrs. Curran & Clement have a contract for the erection of six big double houses, a store and a school. The buildings will be constructed of cement blocks and will be up-to-date. The contractors have a very complete plant and can turn out a large number of blocks in a day. The houses will have a cement wall through the centre, which will deaden all sound so that persons on one side will not be disturbed by those on the other any more than if they were in separate houses.

A large number of men are employed in connection with these operations and gangs are busy excavating while the blocks are being made.

The Company is also installing a sprinkling system for fire protection. A big tank or stand pipe will be erected at a high elevation with a capacity of about 70,000 gallons. Pipes will be laid to all parts of the works and an automatic sprinkling system installed. When the temperature of a department reaches a certain height the fuses blow out and the place is showered with water. The temperature at which the fuses work is regulated according to the part of the plant in which they are situated, those in the furnace rooms requiring considerably higher temperature than in some other parts.

Some of the manufacturing buildings are being enlarged and before the season is ended a person would hardly know Delora if he had not seen it for a few months.—Marmora Herald.

TWEED BOY KILLED IN ACTION.

Harmon Jonas Simmons Gives His Life For His Country.

On Wednesday morning Mrs. P. Simmons received the following telegram from the Record Office, Ottawa:—"Deeply regret to inform you 412158 Pte. Harmon Jonas Simmons, Infantry, officially reported killed in action, June 3rd."

Harmon was only 20 years of age being born in Norwood on April 10th, 1896. He is a son of Pte. I. Simmons of the 155th Battalion, but has been brought up by his grandmother Mrs. P. Simmons. He enlisted on the 2nd day of January, 1915, as a private in the 39th Battalion, Belleville. Going over with the First Contingent he was transferred to the 14th Battalion. He has been in the trenches about ten months and has been wounded twice, the last time about the 1st of April. Pte. Simmons had always resided in Tweed and he was well known here. The people of Tweed deeply regret to hear of his death, as this is the first casualty among the Tweed men who have enlisted. Special reference will be made to his death at the Methodist Church on Sunday evening.—News.

LAKE ONTARIO UNUSUALLY HIGH

Lake Ontario is 0.73 feet higher than last month, 1.98 feet higher than a year ago, 0.33 feet above the average stage of May of the last ten years, 1.82 feet below the high stage of May 1870, and 2.17 feet above the low stage of May 1870, and 2.17 feet above the low stage of May 1872. During the last ten years the May level has averaged 0.4 feet higher than the April level and 0.1 foot higher than the June level.

Pills That Have Benefited Thousands.—Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Innumerable testimonials can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

ALBERT COLLEGE BACCALAUREATE

Rev. Dr. Aikens of Metropolitan Church Toronto Speaks on Purposes of Education.

DANGER A NECESSITY

Glory of British Citizenship—Dangers of Peace Greater Than Those of War.

Rev. Dr. J. W. Aikens, of the Metropolitan Church, Toronto, preached on Sunday morning the baccalaureate sermon to Albert College students and the staff at the Tabernacle church. The weather was anything but agreeable yet the attendance was very large. Those who heard Dr. Aikens address, listened to a masterpiece. He based his remarks on Deuteronomy 32-11: "As the eagle stirreth up her nest, fluttereth over her young, spreadeth abroad her wings, taketh them, beareth them on her wings."

The preacher likened graduation to the eaglets leaving the nest. It is the day of testing. The text suggests that the great events that mould our lives are beyond our control. The mother was entirely responsible for breaking up the nest, yet it meant all to the young eagles. We see this operating in the condition in which we are born. God has placed this chance in our lives.

Glory of British Citizenship

Paul glorified in his Roman citizenship. What then should be the glory of the young man born into British citizenship. If ever there was a day when a young Canadian ought to feel proud of the land that gave him birth it is today. We are enjoying the privileges of our citizenship because thousands have died for us. Back of this peaceful calm is the mud of the trenches in Flanders. What manner of men ought we to be when men die for us every hour! Ninety per cent. of the Romans were without citizenship. The individual was despised. The state was all. The Romans were butchered for a Roman holiday. But Jesus would die for the individual. The individual's vote today is given us from the cross of Christ. It is the basis of our democracy.

The provisions God makes for our education are beyond our control. God thrust Moses into a palace to educate him so that he could work out his own career. The college stands for contact with strong personalities. It is more important with whom you study than what you study. College stands for equalities and the proper placing of values. It stands for the realization of possibilities and limitations, and for balance of mind. Dr. Dowie had truth, but truth out of balance. Some truths are secondary and if they are put into first place the message is unbalanced. Students should not allow themselves to be gulled. To merit respect one should be guided by his own convictions.

Some claim that college educates young people away from their fellows. "You have missed the great purpose of education if you are not linked up with people as never before. You are under a great obligation to those who have not had the opportunity of education."

Progress in Danger
 Progress in life, moral, physical, spiritual, is always associated with danger. A child learns fire is dangerous. It would be a calamity to us if we lived in a world without danger. Imagine there were no punishment for non-observance of the laws of nature. This world has been developed by conquering danger. It is a dangerous thing for our young men to go to the front, not only because of shot and shell, but also because they are breaking into new conditions. But that is the way we progress we have to dare or die.

God Permitted the War.
 The condition of peace between the nations has been broken up. It was a warm nest and we liked it. The Kaiser, the man who first drew the sword did a wicked thing. But the preacher was sure God permitted this war, because the dangers of adversity are not so great as those of peace. France before the war was without God, and Britain was pleasure-mad, forgetting God and rushing into pleasure and luxury and sin. "Do you think the Great God would stand by and see the world destroyed by peace?"
 "Man lives longer in his home as a youth than any of the animal creation, the average term being twenty-one years. Consequently home means much. The day had to come when Jesus disenthralled His mother's arms from his neck and went into the world. Home is all right for a certain time. God then breaks it up and thrusts the occupants out. It is poor education when one does not know how to earn his living. The more you are truly educated, the more you will work. Behind the breaking up of the nest, lie all the possibilities of the young eagle's life. It learns to soar. If it had stayed in the nest it would have



ALL KINDS OF SILK GOODS ON SALE

SOME SILK FACTS WORTH KNOWING

We recently had occasion to check up our reserve stock of Black dress and Suit Silks, and we find we have in stock 24 full pieces of Black Silks all 36 to 40 inches wide.

This lot of Silks include Black Paillettes, Black Messalines, Black Satin Duchesse and Black Taffetas and they average over 80 yards to the piece. This means that we have in reserve 24 times 80, or One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty yards of Black Silk, and allowing 6 yards for a dress, we have 340 Silk Dress lengths from which you may select your New Silk Dress. Now we doubt very much if there is another store in Central Ontario that can show half this quantity of Silk to select from and what is of special interest to you, these Silks were all bought over a year ago, when Silks were fully twenty five per cent cheaper than they are today and our retail prices will at once convince you that it will pay you to buy your Silks here.

Compare Our Qualities and Prices With Other Stores

SINCLAIR'S Have You seen Our Ladies' Palm Beach Suits **SINCLAIR'S** Prices \$1.450 to \$17.50

been a sort of sparrow, which never gets very far. It is a weak kind of love that keeps sons and daughters in the nest. God does not. He disciplines every one. He puts man in dangerous and hard places and educates him. The eagle, after a day's flying will never return to the nest.

Graduation is just the beginning of education. God has a plan for every being, every flower. Every day is marked out in the purpose of God. Rev. Dr. Baker and Rev. S. C. Moore also addressed a few remarks to the students.

The music of the service consisted of special numbers:—"Send out Thy Light," "Rock of Ages" (quartette), and a solo "He Leadeth Me" by Mrs. Gant.

MILITARY NOTES.

The fourth lawyer became attached to the 235th last week in the person of Lt. M. C. Lane, of El Paso, Texas. He is a Canadian, and a son of the late Rev. Bidwell Lane, former pastor of the Methodist Tabernacle Church at Belleville. Lieut. Lane holds the degree of B.A. from Victoria College, Toronto, and L.L.B. from the State University of Texas.—Campbellford News.

Campbellford Council at their May meeting offered to contribute half of the amount necessary for the purchase of a field kitchen for the 139th Battalion, provided Seymour Council contribute the other half. The township Council refused to do their share and the matter was brought up at the town Council meeting on Monday night. Mayor Armstrong in addressing Council favored making the donation, even when Seymour had refused but some of the honorable (?) body raised their voice in protest and nothing was done.

A communication from the Mayor of Cobourg asked Council for a contribution, that Campbellford might have a share in the colors which were presented to the county battalion. The amount stated, \$40.00, was thought too high, and—nothing was done.

Campbellford people generally, we believe, are not inclined to boast of such actions on the part of the men they have elected as representatives of the community.—Campbellford News.

The many friends of Dr. E. V. Frederick will be pleased to learn that he has been promoted and has received the commission of a captain in the British Royal Army Medical Corps. Dr. Frederick has been at Salonika for some months and he has signed again for another year.—Campbellford News.

MRS. CORBY'S BEREAVEMENT. Much sympathy is extended to Mrs.

Corby and family, of 16 Murney St., since the news of the death of her son, Driver John Corby, aged 23, who was killed in action was received as this is the second bereavement since last November, when she lost her husband. John was a young man who bore an excellent character and was esteemed by all his friends. And he died the death of a hero. He was a member of St. Michael's church and was employed at the Belleville Hardware.—(Com.)

THE WET SPRING

Crops Suitable for Late Sowing in Ontario and Quebec.

In some parts of Ontario the continued wet weather that has characterized this season up to the present has prevented the sowing of some of the usual crops at the usual time and has had a tendency to discourage the farmer. Such however should not be the feeling since the possibilities of producing crops on land not yet sown are practically as good as ever provided the weather improves a bit and the right crops be sown in the right way and properly looked after.

Among crops sure of proving satisfactory even at this late date are barley for grain, peas and oats for forage, buckwheat, millet, hungarian grass, corn for forage or ensilage, swedes, white or flat turnips and rape.

Barley would likely do well even yet on fairly well-drained land. Sow about 2 bushels per acre.

Peas and oats sown 3 bushels oats and 1 bushel of peas per acre to be cut green for hay may be expected to give profitable returns if sown anywhere before June 25th.

Millet and Hungarian Grass have wonderful possibilities as forage producers and even for seed for poultry or swine if sown before July 10th.

Buckwheat may be sown up to July 10th with certainty of profitable returns on almost any kind of land where water does not stand.

Corn for forage. Early or Flint varieties (Longfellow Comptions, etc.) should be chosen. Sow thinly up to June 25th.

Swedes thrive in such a season as we are having and may be expected to give good returns if sown anywhere before the end of June.

CHOICE SHOWING OF CHINA FOR THE JUNE BRIDE

CHOICE SHOWING OF CHINA FOR THE JUNE BRIDE.
 Selected principally for gift giving. No matter whether it is a nice separate table piece, tea or dinner set of an assortment of pieces drawn from our dainty stock patterns, you will find it to be decidedly different and carries with it the sentiment of the giver.

We also carry a large stock of made-up sets, priced extremely low and goods of the highest class, beautiful patterns to select from at \$7.50 up. Lovely collection of decorated stock patterns in English and French ware. The kind that the June bride will prize. We are sole agents for the celebrated

McINTOSH BROS.

It is not necessary if success is to be hoped for. If land has to be ploughed a shallow furrow again even if already ploughed last fall or early in this spring. After ploughing roll, disc two or three times and harrow before seeding. After seeding roll again if surface is very dry. In any case get the seed in well and what is quite as important in the case of hoed crops above mentioned see to it that they are kept absolutely free from weeds for the next two months. Neglect in this important detail means failure when crops are sown late.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS ALONG ST. LAWRENCE RIVER.
 Preparations for the opening of the summer season at the Thousand Islands are being completed rapidly at the various resorts along the St. Lawrence river from Clayton to Ogdensburg. Unusual activity is anticipated this year, owing to the European war, and arrangements are being made by hotel proprietors at leading resorts for the accommodation of more guests than in several years.

The summer homes of the wealthier visitors to the Thousand Islands, several of which are located opposite Alexandria Bay, will be opened early this year. George C. Boldt is planning greater activities than ever before at his place on Wellesley Island, and the Thousand Islands Country Club there will be the mecca for visitors from New York society throughout the summer. Mr. Boldt has made numerous improvements and the polo

grounds will be a far greater feature than ever before. There will be several tournaments at the Country Club already ploughed last fall or early in this spring. After ploughing roll, disc two or three times and harrow before seeding. After seeding roll again if surface is very dry. In any case get the seed in well and what is quite as important in the case of hoed crops above mentioned see to it that they are kept absolutely free from weeds for the next two months. Neglect in this important detail means failure when crops are sown late.

CAPT. O'FLYNN IN LONDON

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn this morning received a cable from their son, Capt. E. D. O'Flynn, from London, England, stating "all well." They judge from this message that he is not seriously wounded and is almost recovered from shock.

SING INQUEST OPENED.

The inquest into the death of "Dr." John Chadwick Sing was opened on Saturday afternoon at Messrs. Tickell and Sons' morgue. Coroner Boyce took the evidence of Sergt. F. Naphin and Mr. C. R. Cole, undertaker. It was brought out that deceased was about 80 years of age and had the habit of walking the G.T.R. tracks up Mill Street. Inquest was adjourned until Tuesday evening. The members are C. L. Walters, foreman, J. B. Ives, C. Rathman, J. Skinner, W. Britton, C. M. Hall, J. B. Archibald, Walter Brown and P. Harrison.

The NURSE'S STORY

By ADELE BLENEAU

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At this I suddenly became conscious of the fact that I was listening to a conversation, not intended for my ears. With the blood burning my cheeks I turned away for a moment or two to regain my self possession, then I knocked and entered. Father came at once to me and took me gently in his arms. He looked down into my eyes for a moment before he spoke:

"Adele, dear, Dr. Curtis has been telling me that I am a selfish brute to keep you buried alive in this out of the way place and has asked me to let you go north with them for a visit."

"But, father—"

"My dear, I have felt what he says for a long time, but partly because I have been distracted, occupied partly too, because I have not cared to face it, I have put the thing off, hoping always that we would soon visit France together, and so we shall in the autumn. I will come for you, and we'll go on that long cherished journey. But now I should be far more unhappy to have you stay than I should be, deaf, to have you go." Here he broke off and more in his usual tone added, "The main thing is for you and mademoiselle to be packed and ready to leave with Dr. Curtis and his sister on Saturday."

So I went to New York and enjoyed it as only a young girl from the country can enjoy her first sight of a big fascinating city. Nothing was left undone that could give me pleasure, and I shall never forget those days. But the visit was a short one. I had been there scarcely two weeks when Dr. Curtis called me into his office. I went to him, a little anxious at the gravity of his tone and still more anxious when he put me in his big easy chair and took my hands tenderly in his.

"If you were not a brave girl," he said, "I should scarcely know how to tell you, Adele, but tell you I must, dear. Your father is very ill with fever, and you must go to him at once."

The rest of the day I spent in wondering why I had ever left him. This was in July, 1914, and on my way from New York to New Orleans Germany declared war on France. I had hoped that father might not hear of it, but this, I suppose, was too much to expect, and I reached his side only to find that his whole heart and soul were bound up in the hope of being well again, that he might volunteer for field work in the service of his beloved country. During the weeks that followed, both in his delirious and lucid moments, his constant cry was that he might be permitted to help France, and, for all my anxiety, his fervor of his burning love for his country, fired my blood. In the end his poor fever racked soul went to join the fighting men of older generations—I cannot write of it even now.

My grandmother had died some years before, and I had never known my mother's family. All her near relatives had been dead many years, and so my father's death left me practically alone in the world and as purposeless as a rudderless ship.

After his death I sat day after day in a kind of torpor, bereft of power to think or act. It was my first deep sorrow, and it found me unprepared and defenseless.

Then one night I was sitting alone in his study, for mademoiselle had gone to bed, going over again in a kind of helpless self torture the thousand little kindnesses and tricks of personality that made my father so dear to me. I buried my face in my hands for a moment, and as I did so my father spoke to me. I heard his words as clearly as though he stood beside me.

"Although you are only a woman," he said, "and cannot fight with the brave men who are giving their lives for France, there is still something you can do."

I sat silent for a long time, filled with awe and yet with a kind of comfort, puzzling over what he meant. Then after a time I understood, and I went to bed that night happier than I had been since his death, for at last I had a purpose.

The next day I wrote to Dr. Curtis, who had gone out among the first Americans to establish a hospital near the fighting line. It was a poor little letter, but I knew it carried an appeal that would bring me my desire.

The letter must have caught one of the few fast boats crossing at that time, for within two weeks I received a cable from Dr. Curtis telling me that he could not have me with him, but that, as a nurse and a Frenchwoman, I should have a place in one of the military hospitals.

The cable ended with the words, "Come at once; you are needed." So it was that in my turn set out in search of the unknown.

in the great struggle that is still, as I write, staggering humanity and in which I found so much tragedy and so much happiness.

CHAPTER II.

THE boat was crowded and there were many interesting persons on board—at least, interesting to me, as, for the most part, they were people with a mission. Some were on diplomatic errands, others were crossing because of contracts arising out of the war. There were also many nurses and doctors, but far the greater number of the men were reservists, both of the ranks and officers, hurrying to rejoin their colors.

Every morning at 10 o'clock a Dr. T., who was taking out a full hospital corps and equipment, gave lectures to his staff. As soon as I heard this I explained to him my situation and my desire to fit myself to be of better use, and he cordially invited me to attend the lectures.

Miss Curtis had placed me in the care of a charming American woman who had lived for twenty years in England, but in spite of a very calm trip, she managed somehow to be sick most of the way over, and I saw very little of her.

Naturally I was in no mood for forming new acquaintances, so that these talks each morning helped me greatly to banish the past and to keep my mind fixed on the future.

I spent the afternoons reading or dozing in my chair, lulled by the glistening sunlit waves and the soft swish of the water against the steamer's sides.

Dr. T. and his wife were unfailingly kind and often sat with me for hours. One day we were together on deck when a tall athletic young man passed.

"That's an Indian officer," said the doctor, as he strode by.

"Who is it?" asked his wife.

"Oh, I don't know which particular one he is," he replied, smiling. "It's just the type; I would know it anywhere—tall, lean, bronzed, good looking, a certain unconscious air of command, and a military bearing."

The subject dropped, and a day or so passed with no further allusion to it. And then late one afternoon as we were walking we met this same Englishman again.

"Oh, by the way," Mrs. T. said, speaking to her husband, "you were right, dear. He is an English officer—Captain Ian Fraser—coming home from India. He was out of the harbor from Yokohama when war was declared and had to come on this way."

"You seem to know his history pretty thoroughly," he laughed.

"Oh—of course!" and turning to me she said:

"My maid is a perfect ferret. I sometimes think as a maid she's a waste of good timber—that the secret service should have."

"Oh, they are all like that!" the doctor said. "Most of the gossip of a ship comes first and last through such sources." After a moment's reflection he exclaimed: "Oh, that's the chap they were telling me about in the smoking room this morning! He has just been on duty at the Khyber pass—"

"Khyber pass?" That was the last outpost of civilization that father and his party would have passed through before going into Afghanistan. Poor father! He had to give up that long dreamed of trip to come to us.

He had told me so many stories of that picturesque spot I began to be keenly interested in the conversation.

"You know, Myrtle," the doctor said—"I was always so glad to hear him use her quaint name—the Khyber Pass rifles is one of the crack regiments of India, and its officers are chosen from the unmarried fellows of all the Indian army. It takes courage and initiative plus to make good there, and it is considered a great honor to be given that post at that regiment of Germany, when in India several years ago, wished to be made honorable colonel."

"And was he?" I asked quickly.

"No, I believe Sir George Ruse Koppel was elected."

"Why, I wonder, was he not given it?" asked his wife.

"Well, my dear, you will have to ask Captain Fraser. I am sure he could tell you. It does not follow that he will still you could ask," he added good humoredly.

"Nonsense!" she laughed, and stopped suddenly, as at that moment we met the man of whom we had been speaking.

I was interested in seeing him after hearing the story, especially in thinking that it would have been his men who would have picked the pass for them had rather gone there. I looked at him. He was all Dr. T. had said, only his big violet blue eyes were soft, even wistful. How could he be the dazed soldier they had described. I wondered, when suddenly I noticed the firm chin, the determined mouth.

After all, the government that had chosen him for the lonely and dangerous duty at Khyber pass had doubtless chosen well, for with his evident strength of body and will—his eyes indicated humanity, understanding, sympathy—qualities essential to a leader of men.

It was not until two days before the voyage ended that I made his acquaintance and then under very peculiar and unpleasant circumstances. I was sitting in my stateroom chair, rather late, in fact, very late—it was nearly midnight. There was little light on deck—the windows were painted a deep green for fear of attacks from one of the enemy's cruisers—and the deck was deserted.

seir and two men, who appeared to be strangers to each other.

One of these I noticed idly seemed to be frightfully nervous. He kept pacing up and down with the short, jerky tread of a man under intense strain. The other man I observed because of the striking contrast. He was a tall, soldierly looking man of that particular type and figure which, I was to learn later, belongs to no other nation than England. He moved with an easy grace that betokened assurance and bore an unmistakable air of command. After he had passed once or twice I suddenly recognized him—it was Captain Fraser.

The two men were moving up and down on my side of the deck, so that when the Englishman was at the turn nearest the bow the other was at the stern end of the deck, while I was between them.

I was speculating idly on the past lives and future destinies of two such contrasting types when the smaller

man reached the turn, and, instead of facing me again, suddenly swung one arm into the air, gave a half stifled cry and then sprang to the rail.

As my experience in nursing helped me to understand, for his gesture and cry brought me to my feet, and when an instant later he began rather clumsily to climb the rail I found myself, without stopping to think, racing down the deck toward him. Behind me I heard the Englishman call out and then his feet started overtake me, but there was no time to pause, and I raced on, nearer and nearer to the unhappy man, who now stood trembling on the summit of the rail, clinging to the stanchion.

Just as I reached him he released his hold and swayed outward, but I was in time to seize his arms round his legs, and, though his weight almost pulled me over the rail, I managed to retain my hold for an instant. The next moment brought the Englishman to my side, and he, clutching the man's clothes in a vise-like grip, dragged him back to safety.

He lay on the deck between us, where the Englishman had dropped him. A moment later he sat up and begged us piteously not to tell of what had happened. We promised on condition that he would see the ship's doctor immediately. This he consented to do, and together we helped him, white faced and trembling, below.

I was rather shaken by this revelation of misery, and after thanking the Englishman for his presence of mind, and being congratulated by him in turn, I went at once to my cabin.

Next morning Captain Fraser told me the man's story. He was an Austrian nobleman who had had an unfortunate love affair in the United States and had determined to return to his native land. Then the war had come, and with it knowledge of the misfortunes of his own country and, more particularly, of his own family. Hardly knowing what he did, the man had taken the steamer, without realizing until after the boat sailed that he must inevitably be interned when he reached England. This last misfortune had temporarily unbalanced his reason, and the scene on the deck in which I had assisted was the result. Captain Fraser assured me that he was much calmer now, and that the doctor felt certain he would not repeat his attempt of the night before.

His story finished, he bowed courteously and left me. I did not see him again until we had landed at Liverpool.

While we sat waiting for the examination I heard Captain Fraser, not far away, speak a few words to his valet—a man who looked as if he might be prematurely old, but who today was so beaming with happiness that he seemed rejuvenated.

At something he said Captain Fraser laughed and replied, "Oh, you are generally right, Shipman," in a tone of such friendliness that I felt he must be an old family servant. Then Captain Fraser turned around suddenly, came over to me and said pleasantly:

"Can I do anything for you?"

"No, thanks," I answered warmly, for I was sincerely grateful for what

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man reached the turn, and, instead of facing me again, suddenly swung one arm into the air, gave a half stifled cry and then sprang to the rail.

As my experience in nursing helped me to understand, for his gesture and cry brought me to my feet, and when an instant later he began rather clumsily to climb the rail I found myself, without stopping to think, racing down the deck toward him. Behind me I heard the Englishman call out and then his feet started overtake me, but there was no time to pause, and I raced on, nearer and nearer to the unhappy man, who now stood trembling on the summit of the rail, clinging to the stanchion.

Just as I reached him he released his hold and swayed outward, but I was in time to seize his arms round his legs, and, though his weight almost pulled me over the rail, I managed to retain my hold for an instant. The next moment brought the Englishman to my side, and he, clutching the man's clothes in a vise-like grip, dragged him back to safety.

He lay on the deck between us, where the Englishman had dropped him. A moment later he sat up and begged us piteously not to tell of what had happened. We promised on condition that he would see the ship's doctor immediately. This he consented to do, and together we helped him, white faced and trembling, below.

My eyes were still following him when I heard a voice say: "Goodby, mi lord! Goodby, mi lady!" I turned and saw the old valet, bareheaded, bowing and smiling in reply to a friendly nod from a lady in a waiting limousine. He seemed suddenly to remember himself and as he did spoke with a little chuckle to a maid standing near:

"I said to my gentleman last night as he was dressing, 'I look to see your mother at the dock tomorrow, sir.' 'Nonsense, Shipman,' he said. 'But I saw all the same that he was hoping to himself. It's been four years since we went out to India. Four years is a long while, especially in war times,' he added soberly."

We had brought over with us, by Dr. Curtis' advice, numerous trunks containing all kinds of things necessary for a field hospital, so our stay at the customs was rather long. Shipman insisted on remaining and closing the last trunk. "It's the captain's orders, miss." And Shipman had served too long with a soldier to allow anything to swerve him.

We left the station at 9 o'clock and rode down to London in the lovely misty sunshine, going through the soft rolling hills, wet with dew and overcast with violet shadows. I found myself drawn with a peculiar indescribable affection for this emerald landscape. Had my ancestors been English I might have explained the pull at my heartstrings in that way; but being French I gave it up and abandoned myself to watching the hills, the black faced sheep and the picturesque cottages until we reached London.

Some one has said, "After all, since life is a fragment of the brain, built up notions of things are far more impressive, often than the actuality." London to the untitled means a fanfare of names, a swirl of memories, vast reputations, history, poetry, noble ideals, recollections of great deeds.

We were leaving for Paris the next morning, so mademoiselle and I spent the afternoon buying various articles that Dr. T. had suggested, as his report from France was that most hospital supplies were failing. We returned to our hotel late and tired, but mademoiselle insisted we go down to dine. I think she thought I needed the change. But it wasn't a gay experience. The dining room was almost deserted. There were not more than a half dozen tables occupied.

Sitting next to us was a party of four—a mother, father and son, the fourth being a young English girl who, I felt instinctively, was not of the same family. She was tall and slender, with a lovely white and pink coloring, such as I had never seen before. It made her appear to me as unusual as Undine and as beautiful. Masses of shining, blood hair framed her face. She fastidiously and unconsciously my eyes turned again and again to that table.

The young man was a soldier. I was beginning already to know the type. Tall, clean cut, he looked the scion of a long race.

Their conversation had the familiarity of a devoted family and was uninteresting to the outsider. We soon knew that the young soldier was going on the morrow to the front and that the lovely girl was his fiancée. The others talked a good deal, but the young girl said little. It was as if she did not trust herself. Her great wide blue eyes were scarcely ever, even for a moment, taken from the young officer. Once I heard her say something about "the great danger," at which the young man leaped toward her, and there was in his voice a note I had never heard. He spoke with deep conviction. I shall never forget his words:

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SITUATION OF THE BAY BRIDGE

Communication to County Council Regarding that Connecting Highway.

PUBLIC LIBRARY NEEDS.

C.P.R. and Refuge Committee Talk of Arbitration over Right of Way.

(From Friday's Daily)

The singing of "Rule Britannia" was utilized on Wednesday afternoon to gather a quorum of the County Council. Mr. A. M. Chapman, clerk led and the councillors joined in the chorus. Before it was finished, sufficient recruit had been secured to carry on the business of the meeting, a full council being present.

No action was taken in reference to a water course.

Needs of Library

There is only one public library in Hastings; that is in Stirling. Why should not Hastings encourage this by a small grant, asked Mr. Coulter, Stirling library is free to all that enter. The discussion opened on the reading of a communication in reference to the attitude of other counties to their libraries. He suggested that the letter be referred to Ways and Means.

This is a local matter, stated Mr. Ketcheson, who added his tribute to the value of libraries. Frankford had a sort of public library.

Mr. Vermilyea thought likewise on the question. A grant would open a channel to precedent. The school libraries would profit by such precedent.

No action was taken in the matter. No action was taken by council in reference to the following communication from Messrs Porter & Carnew of Belleville, to Warden Nugent, relating to the Bay of Quinte Bridge at Bellville:

Bay Bridge at Belleville

"We are instructed by the shareholders of the Belleville-Prince Edward Bridge Company, the highway connecting the County of Hastings with the County of Prince Edward, to advise you that owing to the large amount of money invested by the company in this enterprise and the small return that is being made thereon and the necessity for expensive repairs upon the bridge that they feel they are unable to longer continue the operation of the bridge and are desirous that the joint municipalities should acquire the property or have an opportunity of doing so before they take any action. It will require a considerable expenditure of money to put some of the piers in the bridge in proper condition, and the company do not feel like making this expenditure and they have concluded that owing to the liability attaching to them if any accident should occur, that the only safe thing for them to do is to close up the bridge until such time as they may be able to dispose of it."

"We may say that we have put the matter before the department at Ottawa and have had the assurance that the company can close up the bridge and are not pledged to operate it and that in so doing their charter will not be affected so long as navigation is not interfered with. We would be glad therefore, if you would bring this matter to the immediate attention of your council as it is vitally interested in keeping this bridge open and in operation for the benefit of the people generally, and advise us as to whether they will take action and if so, what, in the matter at your earliest convenience."

Reciprocity of school privileges between Renfrew and Hastings was given in a notice from a Renfrew school section.

FISHING IN ALGONQUIN PARK.

In the extensive reservation of 1,750,000 acres set aside by the Ontario Government as a playground for the people and known as Algonquin Park, the fishing in the waters of its 1500 lakes and rivers is good. Such gamey species as small-mouthed black bass, speckled trout, salmon trout and lake trout predominate. With the annual increase of anglers and tourists visiting this section the lakes in close contiguity to the hotels and log cabin camps are apt to become depleted, and to avoid any possibility of this the Ontario Government, with the co-operation of the Grand Trunk Railway, are continually re-stocking these waters. They have just forwarded from the Government Hatchery in Wlarton, 200,000 lake trout which reached the park in good condition and 60,000 of them were placed in Smoke Lake on which is situated the log cabin camp known as "Nominigan Camp," and 140,000 placed in Cache Lake, directly opposite the Highland Inn. The fishing in this lake, some miles from the hotel, and reached by innumerable canoe routes, team with the gamiest of the

EXCURSION

To Ottawa and Experimental Farm C.N.R. Special Train Saturday, June 24th

Conducted by The Ameliasburg Agricultural Society

leaving Picton	5.30 a.m.	Fare	\$3.90
" Wellington	6.00 a.m.	"	\$3.80
" Consecon	6.26 a.m.	"	\$3.65
" Trenton	7.00 a.m.	"	\$3.50
" Belleville	7.25 a.m.	"	\$3.40
" Deseronto	7.55 a.m.	"	\$3.05
" Napanee	8.10 a.m.	"	\$2.90

Children Half Fare. War Tax 5c extra on all tickets. For intermediate stations see posters. Arrive Ottawa, 11.45 a.m. Luncheon served free at Experimental Farm on arrival. Return trip on any regular train. Limit June 26 and 27th. "Come and enjoy a real day's outing."

W. J. Barber, Pres.; W. H. C. Roblin, Sec.; A. P. McVannel, Rep. Ont. Dep. Agriculture.

CORN THAT WILL GROW

WE HAVE IT!

Field Corn
Ensilage Corn
Sweet Corn

Longfellow.
Compton's Early.
North Dakota.
King Philip.

Wisconsin No. 7.
White Cap.
Mammoth Sweet.
Improved Leaming.

Early Crosby.
Stowell's Evergreen.
Hickox.

Sorghum, Sowing Rape, Buckwheat, Speetz, etc., in Stock.

THE

HANLEY-NETTERVILLE CO.

Phone 812 Belleville, Ontario.



THIS is headquarters for all kinds of information concerning prospective homes. We can tell you what to avoid—what to look for—where to look for it. At this office you will find listed the best opportunities in this section of the country for the right kind of homeseekers.

Before deciding it will pay you to see what we have to offer and how we can help you. Call or phone to-day.

Whelan and Yeomans
REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE
GET UNDER YOUR OWN ROOF
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

funny tribe, and the natural propagation of these fish will keep them lakes well stocked indefinitely. Algonquin Park is probably the most delightful region in Canada for a summer outing. It is the highest point in Ontario, 2000 feet above sea level.

LARGE NUMBER AT PARK.

The opening dance at Massasauga last evening attracted a large number of young people to that hospitable place. Mr. W. T. Fleming, the proprietor and his family made the guests feel very much at home. The pavilion was decorated as well as the ice cream parlor with flags. Music for the dancing was furnished by O'Rourke's orchestra. About eleven o'clock the affair was brought to a

conclusion and the happy dancer returned to the city. The dances will be continued on Tuesdays and Fridays.

FINE GROWTH OF WHEAT.

Mr. W. E. Vanderwater has shown at The Ontario office, stalks of fall wheat fifty-two inches in length. These were taken from the farm on the Second Concession of Sidney that he disposed of last year to Mr. Jos. Clapper. There are nineteen acres sown to fall wheat and the outlook for a magnificent crop is very promising. The land is all underdrained, and never has the benefit of thing been so evident as it has this season.



He Released His Hold and Swayed Outward.



He Was Raving About "Suffragettes."

(To be continued)

ESTABLISHED

ITALIAN

Have Captured

BRITISH

LONDON

ROME

BULGARIAN

AMSTERDAM