

# The Waterdown Review

VOL. 1.

WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1918

NO. 16.

## Buy at Home

Our Merchants can duplicate anything you can buy in the city, both in price and quality

Let Them Prove It

## Saturday Bargains

NEW PERFECTION 3 burner OIL STOVE

**\$22.00**

Scotch Grey Granite Pails 75c  
Granite Preserving Kettles 55c and up  
Best Oil Tempered Hay Forks \$1.10  
Economy Paint, all colors 95c a quart

**S. Gallagher**  
Waterdown

## SCHOOL OPENING

At Cummins' Drug and Stationery Shop

Will this year be a greater event than ever? We have a larger and more varied assortment of School equipment than ever before. Everything for the little kiddies from 1c scribblers and pencils to the text books and requirements of High school students.

Our stock this year has been bought early and we are in a position to give excellent value and prompt service to all our small customers. You will find **OUR STORE** a good one to send your children to, They will be treated courteously and dealt with promptly and squarely.

## LADIES

The next 2 weeks will decide the question whether this year, you are going to have the Best Pickles, Catsup, etc. possible. The question will be as good as settled if you secure your spices at our store. We handle only Quality Spices at prices as low as you have to pay for the ordinary kinds elsewhere. We talk Quality when we sell spices because we know ours will give the results and stand the test.

**W. H. CUMMINS**  
The Waterdown Drug Store  
PHONE 152

## Letters from the Front

Letters from Our Boys Who Are Fighting for Us

London, July 8, 1918.

Dear Mother, Father and Harold:  
Just a few lines to let you know that I arrived home from my leave, after having a very good time.

Well, I haven't much news for you this time, only one consolation, and that is that I haven't gone to France yet, and don't know when I will be going, as things over in France are beginning to look a lot better for the Allies than it ever did before, and I know that will be good news for you, as it sure looks good to me, and we get a lot more news than you folks do over home.

I am still looking forward to receive the first copy of that wonderful journal that is printed in Waterdown. I have been getting the Spectator pretty regularly, and am glad to get it, as we fellows over here like to read some of the reports that the Canadian papers get. Some of them are funny to what we get in Blighty.

I told you in my last letter about meeting Lieut. W. Attridge on the Strand in London while I was on leave, and I sure was glad to meet him, and I guess he was glad to meet me, as I was the first fellow from home that he had met since he had been in Blighty.

We are having great weather now. It is just like summer time in Canada, only the twilight over here is so much longer than it is over home. Why, at 10 p.m. we can see to read in our huts without a light.

And mother, I am going to ask you again not to worry, as I am O. K., and am having as good a time as the rest of the fellows, and they are not drilling us as hard now as what they used to, because we are through our training, and when we do drill it is just a review of some of the drills we have had before, and I am at present on fatigue work down at what we call the railhead, and that is unloading cars, and believe me it is a cinch, as four of us only loaded seven loads all day to-day, and we quit work at 3 p.m. Not so bad a job, is it?

I have got word from Vern Willis and Roy Wilkinson, and they both are well.

Well, mother, tell father that I was up around Buckingham Palace when I was in London, and it sure is some place, with all of its guards and policemen it is a sight worth seeing. I also went up and saw the Parliament buildings, Westminster Abbey, and some more of the important places of old London. Gee, but they are old fashioned; but I seen a sight worth seeing, and that was the Horse Guards at Whitehall. Say, but it is a nice sight. I had often read about them, but I am satisfied now, because I have seen them myself, and that is much better than reading about them.

Did you receive the brooch that I sent you. I just forget whether you told me or not. I sent it the same time as the money order. It is not a very good one, but I will send you a better one when I know what battalion I am going to in France.

Hope papa is well, also you and Harold, as this leaves me fine. I weigh 163 pounds.

I am, your son,

AUSTIN TUDOR.

## Young Men Wanted

We have been living in Hamilton lately and was taken to another city somewhat larger than our native one. We have since learned that the people living in this city call it the Mountain City. A lady living in the east end of the city discovered us wandering around and has taken us under her roof until we are claimed. Hoping some young fellow claims us soon.

(Signed) MILLIE AND HILDA.



MRS. JOHN MILLER  
Whose Tragic Death Occurred Here  
Last Monday Morning

## Alligators in the Bay

A man living not many miles from Waterdown was the proud possessor of a pet alligator. Some time ago the animal disappeared and all traces of it was lost until Friday last, when it was taken from the waters of the Bay, where it no doubt had been enjoying its freedom from some time.

This is the first instance on record where one of these monsters have been captured in fresh water. The wonder is that the numerous bathers have been lucky enough to escape the jaws of this ferocious animal, which measured four feet six inches from head to tip of tail.

We have heard oft times of snakes, bullfrogs, turtles and crabs being found in the Bay, but never, no never before an alligator.

If the above report is true, and it is vouched for by several responsible people, we would warn all who contemplate taking a dip in the cooling waters of Hamilton Bay to look well before taking their plunge.

The following article taken from an Alameda, Calif., paper will be of interest to a great many Waterdown residents, as Miss Sparks was at one time a pupil in the High School here, making her home with her grandfather, Mr. R. Sparks. During her residence in the village she made a host of friends, who will be pleased to learn of her success.

"Miss Marjorie Sparks, daughter of Dr. A. E. Sparks, of 1620 Central avenue, was Saturday enrolled in the Naval Reserve by Ensign C. E. Jaffe, U. S. N. Miss Sparks recently returned to Alameda after a long absence in the middle west, where she completed a course at Northwestern University. For the past year she has been teaching in a high school at Galva, Ill.

Other young ladies who joined the naval reserve the same day with Miss Sparks are: Miss Nellie M. Nietzel, 808 Main street, Vallejo, and two San Franciscans—Miss Mina Lockie, of 29 Franklin street and Miss Emilie M. Williams, of 12 Surrey street."

A rare plant adorns the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Newell, Mill Street, a night-blooming cereus, which promises in a few days to make its fourth annual display. As will be noted, it blooms at night and night only. The bloom, which measures from 9 to 12 inches across, opens about 9 o'clock and closes about 4, to open no more. It is of spotless white and emits a strong and pleasing perfume. There are five buds this year and usually all open the same night. Mr. and Mrs. Newell bid everybody welcome that come to see this natural wonder. Those wishing to see it should arrange to be notified.

## A Waterdown Tragedy

John Miller a Returned Soldier Shot by Wife

Our people were greatly shocked on Monday morning last when they learned of the terrible tragedy which was enacted at the home of Mr. Gus James, Main Street, where Mrs. Miller, in apparently a fit of temporary insanity, deliberately shot her husband and shortly afterwards committed suicide by throwing herself over the falls on Mr. Palmer's property, where her dead body was later found by searchers.

No other cause than insanity could have caused this unfortunate woman to commit the rash act, as their married life was apparently a happy one, nothing occurring during this time that would in any way disturb this happiness. They were married about three years ago.

According to the story told the coroner by Mrs. James, mother of the deceased, Mr. and Mrs. Miller retired at an early hour in the morning. She heard them talking about 4.30 and shortly afterwards heard what she thought was a window slam, and on investigating was informed by Mrs. Miller that her husband had shot himself.

Dr. Hopper was immediately summoned and made a careful examination of Mr. Miller's injuries and decided that an immediate operation was necessary. An ambulance was summoned from the city and the injured man rushed to the hospital, where the bullet was removed by Dr. J. P. Morton. It was found that the bullet entered just behind the right temple, passing almost through the head.

Dr. Morton stated that the injured man would certainly lose the sight of his left eye and possibly would become totally blind. We earnestly hope that this will not prove to be the case, and that the sight of one eye, at least, will be left this unfortunate man.

It was evidently the intention of Mrs. Miller to destroy herself, as she accompanied the messenger to the doctors and then apparently went straight to the falls where she committed the rash act which ended her young life.

The sympathy of the entire community goes to Mr. and Mrs. James, who have met with such a sad bereavement.

From all accounts, this is the only record of a case of self-destruction at the falls.

## A Local Hero

Dame rumor says that one of our esteemed citizens is to be presented with a Carnegie medal, given by the Carnegie Life Saving Corporation, for life saving.

Our worthy citizen proved his manhood on Wednesday of last week, when he fought the turbulent waters of Lake Ontario for over half an hour to rescue a local water nymph from a watery grave in old Ontario.

After battling in the waters for some time the hero succeeded in reaching the north shore of the lake, in an exhausted condition, with his prostrate nymph. He was proclaimed by a number of friends who were enjoying an afternoon's outing as a hero worthy of any wreath won by heroes of ancient days.

In due time both parties were able to be around again, congratulating themselves on their miraculous escape.

We trust Isaac's unselfish devotion to others will long be remembered and his name be wreathed amongst others on the roll of valor. No man has greater love than he who lays down his life for his friend.



Marmalades

Marmalades are similar to jellies, the distinction being that jellies are made from the cooked out juice only, while marmalades are prepared from the juice with some of the fruit included.

The fruit or peel should be boiled for a short time until tender, otherwise be shrivelled and tough. Sometimes the fruit or peel rises to the top of the jar. This may be overcome by letting the marmalade cool somewhat in the preserving kettle.

The jars should be boiled for fifteen minutes before they are used. When the marmalade is cool pour hot melted paraffin over the top to seal it and then put on the cover.

GRAPE MARMALADE.

Best results will be obtained if about one-half the grapes are a little under-ripe. Wash and stem the fruit. Separate the skin from the pulp and cook the pulp in an agateware saucepan until the seeds are liberated.

CRAB APPLE MARMALADE. Wash the fruit, remove the cores and cut or chop into small pieces. Place in the preserving kettle and add just enough water to show at the top of the fruit.

VEGETABLE MARMALADE. Vegetable marmalades may be made at small cost from products from the

MAKE YOUR OWN LAGER BEER. At home—no special equipment—from our pure and popular Hop-Malt Beer Extract. Conforming to Temperance Act. This is a food Beer, more delicious, nourishing and better than any malt beverage you can buy in bottles.

home garden. The vegetable marmalades contain a smaller proportion of sugar than those made from fruits. They are made of combinations of vegetables, sugar and fruit acid. Lemon juice is usually used and other fruits are sometimes added.

Each of the following recipes makes about one pint of marmalade.

CARROT MARMALADE. Two cups ground carrot, one and one-half cups of sugar, two lemons, two teaspoons ground ginger root. Cook the carrots until tender.

CARROT, RHUBARB, GREEN PEPPERS. One cup ground carrots, three-quarters cup chopped peppers, one lemon, one cup unpeeled rhubarb, one cup sugar, ginger root if desired.

RIPE TOMATO MARMALADE. Twelve medium sized tomatoes, one and one-half lemons, one and three-quarters cups sugar. Peel and slice the tomatoes thin. Remove as many seeds as possible and make according to directions for carrot marmalade.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Science Notes.

Last year 6624 motorcars were exported from the United States to various parts of Asia.

A new coaling plant at Trenton, Mo., enables a railroad locomotive to be coalied in 30 seconds.

The sparkplugs of the automobile need cleaning occasionally, and the job is not exactly an attractive one. The task is simplified by means of a

SMOKE TACKETTS ORINOCO CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE

new feature. You press a small plunger mounted upon the plug and the contact points are at once cleared as the soot deposit.

Velvet was developed and originated from fur in China. Thence velvet-making was introduced into India and in the fourteenth century into Italy.

In California five tomato vines covered a nine-foot trellis.

Spineless cactus is designed to play an important part in food and fodder conservation.

MAMMA NOT ASLEEP.

The maid was dressing four-year-old Bobby. His mother was resting in an adjoining room. When she overheard her small boy say a naughty word, she called in severe tones, "Bobby, what do you say?"

Women With Weakness Find New Strength

For all special weakness from which girls and women suffer, no surer remedy exists than Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they maintain that bracing health every woman so earnestly desires, they uproot disease and bring strength that lasts till old age.

No pale girl, no ailing woman can afford to miss the enormous good that comes from Dr. Hamilton's Pills; get a 25c box to-day.

Worth Knowing.

When velvet gets crushed from pressure hold the parts over a basin of hot water, with the lining of the article next to the water. The pile will soon rise and assume its original beauty.

When linen becomes slightly scorched when ironing, wet a piece of cloth with peroxide, place over scorched part. Iron over it and scorch will disappear. Celery leaves may be dried, pulverized and bottled to use as seasoning.

UP-TO-DATE. (Birmingham Age-Herald) "She seems interested in that aviator." "That it hardly the word for it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. You never can tell. Many a bluff old chap doesn't get any farther than the bluff.

You pay the same war tax on a pound of cheap, poor tea that you pay on Red Rose. In other words you pay 10¢ war tax on a cheap tea which will make perhaps 150 cups to the pound and you pay the same 10¢ tax on a pound of Red Rose which easily makes about 250 cups. You will find today more value, more economy, more real satisfaction in Red Rose Tea than ever before. It is truly a war time tea. T. H. Estabrooks Co. LIMITED. St. John Toronto Winnipeg Calgary. Canadian Food Control License No. 6-276.

French Names in War News.

(By Julian Park, of University of Buffalo.)

- FRENCH-ENGLISH. Amiens—Abmian (g). Alsace—Alse. Avre—Avr. Belleu—Belleuh. Braine—Braine. Braches—Brash (long a). Cantigny—Can (g) tiny (long a and i). Corbie—Corbi (long i). Courcelles—Courcell. Fere-en-Tardenois—Faire-en (g) Tardnwa. Flines—Fime (long i). Grivesnes—Griveyne. Jucherry—Zhon (g) sherry. Montdidier—Mon (g) diday. Moreul—Moreaul. Morlael—Morizel. Morlancourt—Morlan (g) coor. Oise—Wase (long a). Pacaut—Paco (long a). Sairy-Saleigne—Sairy-Salson (g) (long a). Soissons—Swasson (g). Vesle—Vale. Ville-en-Tardenois—Ville-en (g) Tardnwa (long a). Woivre—Walvr. (In nasal sounds, start to say ng, but stop before the g sound in completed.)

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

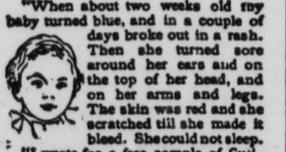
Really Tame.

To whom it may concern: The stories that John Hartness is telling around are false—that George Hartness is beating him is not so. The trouble was John Hartness put a bucket on my stove. It had ice and snow on it, and a hole in it. I told him to take it off, it would break the stove covers. He would not, and George Hartness came from the other room and told him to take it off, that it was leaking, but he wouldn't. So George went to take it off and John Hartness struck him with the bucket and then came for him. George Hartness took him down and held him down and asked him if he would behave himself. No blows were struck.—Mrs. L. M. J. Hartness.—Hopkinton (Ia.) Leader.

Just because a woman paints don't accuse her of sailing under false colors.

2 Cakes Cuticura Soap and 3 Boxes Ointment

Heal Two Weeks Old Baby Of Skin Trouble.



"When about two weeks old my baby turned blue, and in a couple of days broke out in a rash. Then she turned sore around her ears and on the top of her head, and on her arms and legs. The skin was red and she scratched till she made it bleed. She could not sleep."

For every purpose of the toilet Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supreme. For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

How to Cut a Bottle.

A simple method of accurately cutting a bottle is to place it upon some level foundation and fill it with linseed oil to the point at which you desire the line of separation to occur. Then take an iron rod of as great a diameter as will pass into the bottle, make it almost white hot, and dip it into the oil. After the lapse of a few moments a sharp crack is heard, and the bottle is found to be neatly cut as if with a diamond.

Disciplinary Garden.

The city of Somerville, Mass., has established a disciplinary garden. Those compelled to work this garden are youths who have been caught trespassing in, or in some way injuring, a garden or park. In referring to this novel arrangement the Youth's Companion says: "The idea has grown out of a practice of the Somerville police to make some sort of restitution to those whom they have injured."

Fresh Pen for Each Head.

At the prison of St. Paul's at Lyons there is a curious collection of pens. They are the pens with which the executioners have signed the regulation receipts for the prisoners handed over to them to be guillotined. At each execution a fresh pen is used for the purpose, and the ink is left to dry upon it.

SUMMER COMPLAINTS KILL LITTLE ONES

At the first sign of illness during the hot weather give the little ones Baby's Own Tablets, or in a few hours they may be beyond aid. These Tablets will prevent summer complaints if given occasionally to the well child and will promptly cure these troubles if they come on suddenly. Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in every home where there are young children. There is no other medicine as good and the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that they are absolutely safe. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Unframed Pictures.

To fasten unframed pictures on the wall so that the wind cannot tear them loose, take a narrow ribbon, and brass tacks, and beginning at one corner, fasten the picture, then stretch the ribbon to the next corner of the picture, then another tack, and so on clear around the picture. Use ribbon to harmonize with the color in your picture and the effect will be pretty.

Her Veil.

It's the chiffon-bordered veil which is smart. It may fall loosely over the brim of the hat. Or it may be draped and hang down at the back. It may be of Shetland finish, or of soft shadow lace, or a hexagon or scroll mesh—but it should have the border, a deep, hemstitched affair, of chiffon, to be quite the fashion. And as to colors, one may choose any hue she likes, or black or white.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Some people never known when they have enough. Even the pinch of poverty doesn't prevent them from wearing tight shoes.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED WOOLLEN MILL MEN. We have several vacancies for experienced and inexperienced hands, in various Departments in our Mill. We are pleased to furnish full information. Write us for particulars. Several positions open with opportunity of advancement. The Milling Mfg. Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A DOMINION EXPRESS MONEY Order for five dollars costs three cents.

CHOICE SILVER BLACK BREEDING foxes. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont., Can.

WANTED SECOND HAND HORSE Power Drag Saw, complete for cutting wood. State price and condition. Address Jas. Atkins, Box 352, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

CHOICE FARM-ADJOINING GRIMS-BY town, consisting of one hundred and eighty acres; must be sold at once to close up an estate. Apply to D. B. Calbeck, Winona, Ont.

TWO HUNDRED-ACRE CLEARED farm for sale—County Durham; good soil, fair buildings; convenient to railway station and village; four thousand will buy; easy terms; possession after harvest. G. P. McKay, 4 Victoria street, Toronto.

FARM, CROP, STOCK, IMPLEMENTS—two miles Woodstock; forty acres oats, ten corn, ten wheat; balance hay and pasture; twenty cows, four horses; county road. Apply F. A. Staples, R. R. No. 1, Woodstock, Ont.

112 ACRES—MORE OR LESS—LOT 2, Concession 2, Eramosa, near Speedside, for sale; on the premises is a good stone house, up-to-date bank barn; good stables, with water; closed in shed, silo, pigery; henry, sheep pen, never failing well, windmill, good orchard; farm in good state of cultivation, well fenced, well watered; five miles from Fergus, ten from Guelph; school-house and two churches close by. Apply on premises. Mrs. Lena Leybourne, Rockwood, R. R. No. 3, Ont.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—50-BARREL PLAN SIFTER mill, in Markdale; good water-power. J. W. Ford, Markdale.

FOR SALE, AT WALLACEBURG—AN evaporator plant, well equipped; was operated last year; adjoins railway and convenient for shipping; also convenient to ship by water; about two acres of land in connection. Communicate with John S. Fraser, Barrister, Wallaceburg, Ont.

\$3,000 BUYS MANUFACTURING plant with boiler engine. Worth \$8,000. Built solid stone; fire proof; three stories; 10,000 square feet; well located; cheap electric power. For particulars write, John Nash, Owen Sound, Ont.

FOR SALE GROCERY, BOAT AND Shoe Business, long established. D. L. Gilmore, Collingwood, Ont.

\$100—REWARD—\$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Halls Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Halls Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Meaning of Western Reserve.

The phrase Western Reserve means northern Ohio, but it originated in Connecticut. When Connecticut, in 1786, ceded her western lands to the United States, she reserved a large tract adjoining Pennsylvania, now forming the northeastern corner of Ohio, which for several years was called the Connecticut reserve and then Western Reserve. Complete cessation of the reservation was made in 1800.

Liberty of the Lawmakers.

Members of both Houses of Congress have the privilege of freedom of speech and debate in their respective houses. That is only the house itself can call members to account for their utterances in that body. A Senator or a representative cannot be prosecuted in the courts for libel or slander on account of any utterances in the House to which he belongs, or for the official publication of it.

PIKER BETS.

(Exchange) Wife—Archie's been gambling again, mother. I think he has lost his senses. Mother—Indeed! I had no idea they played for such small stakes.

Adam may have had troubles of his own, but he never had to shoot the neighbors' chickens out of the Garden of Eden.

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR. The Good Old Family Friend. For over 40 years Hirst's Pain Exterminator has been taking the pain out of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, neuralgia, sprains, neuralgia and similar complaints. Buy a bottle, read the directions on the circular in the package. At dealers, or write us. HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Canada. HIRST'S Family Salve, (50c). HIRST'S Peppermint Drops (10c). HIRST'S BOTTLE 35c.

# AIRMEN OF BRITAIN TAKE TERRIBLE TOLL

## Last Two Weeks Were Disastrous for Enemy Aviators.

### 462 FOES DOWNED

#### And 594 Tons of Bombs Dropped on German Bases.

London cable: British air fighting on the western front during the past week provides a striking indication of the difficulties now confronting Germany in the air, which must increase in the near future as the growing air superiority of the allies makes itself felt. In the battle area, probably owing to the recent heavy aerial losses over the Somme battlefield, enemy scouts are compelled to operate in large formations at a much greater height than formerly. Notwithstanding this, the British airmen continue to take a heavy toll of them.

Severe air fighting has occurred on the front between Albert and the Amiens-Boisjeux road, resulting, according to latest reports, in the destruction of 62 enemy machines, and the driving down of 21 airplanes out of control. Twenty-six British machines have been reported missing.

This superiority has been attained without any diminution of the aerial activity in other sectors. A large number of raids having been made against enemy positions far behind the German lines, in which more than 120 tons of bombs were dropped, and attacks on the Rhine provinces pressed with the utmost vigor.

Coupled with a virtual cessation of German air raids on London, the increasing number of bombing raids to Germany, of which there was 22 during the past week, must be demoralizing, showing Germany that, in spite of her utmost defensive efforts, she is unable adequately to protect her air frontier.

The effect of the Allied air supremacy is seen in various captured German orders, one of which directs: "Within ten miles of the front small groups only of from eight to ten men are to proceed together."

#### OFFICIAL REPORT.

A London cable: The Air Ministry communication on aerial activity says:

"On the night of Aug. 22-23 our squadrons made a concentrated attack on hostile airfields at Polpersweiler, on which eight tons of bombs were dropped. Several large sheds and hangars were set on fire.

"One of our machines attacked the chemical factories at Saaralben (Lorraine), where excellent results were obtained. Fires and explosions were seen after the attack. Various railways and targets were also bombed with good effect. Three of our machines are missing.

"On the morning of Aug. 23 our machines successfully attacked the hostile airfield at Buhl (Alsace-Lorraine). The railway junction at Treves was also attacked, and several bursts were observed in the station and on the railway. All our machines were located safely.

"The machine previously reported as missing on the night of Aug. 18-19, has been located undamaged.

"On Friday night, in spite of thunderstorms, our squadrons carried out operations against the hostile airfields and the railway station at Ehrange. A fire was caused and considerable damage was done at the latter place. All our machines returned safely.

#### FIGHTING IN BATTLE.

London cable: A supplementary official communication on aviation, dealing mainly with activities over the zone of the present offensive, issued to-night, says:

"On Aug. 23 our machines co-operated closely throughout the day with our troops in the battle area, keeping in touch with their advance and reporting enemy movements. Observation for artillery fire by balloons and airplanes was carried on as usual.

"Our low flying squadrons constantly attacked with machine gun fire and bombs the German infantry, wagons and guns, throwing them into confusion. Our squadrons, cooperating with tanks, silenced enemy batteries which were impeding our advance.

"A bombing raid on the German airfield at Cantin, southwest of Douai, was carried out by some of our scouts and scouting machines. Several of the hangars were set on fire by direct hits and machine gun fire was opened from a very low height on troops and transport nearby. An enemy machine which attacked our raiders was shot down. All our machines engaged in the raid returned safely.

"A total of 26 tons of bombs were dropped by our airmen during the day. Twelve enemy machines were destroyed by us in air fighting and

two more were brought down by fire from the ground. Three other hostile machines were driven down out of control. Four German balloons were shot down in flames. Four of our machines are missing.

"At night, the weather was cloudy, nearly five tons of bombs were dropped by us without the loss of any machines.

"During the last fortnight 328 German airplanes have been brought down by our airmen on the western front and 134 driven down out of control. The enemy balloons shot down in the same period amount to 21. The total weight in bombs dropped by us during this period was 594 tons."

**A Pill That Lightens Life.**—To the man who is victim of indigestion the transaction of business becomes an added misery. He cannot concentrate his mind upon his tasks and loss and vexation attend him. To such a man Parlee's Vegetable Pills offer relief. A course of treatment, according to directions, will convince him of their great excellence. They are confidently recommended because they will do all that is claimed for them.

### FRENCH FLIERS BUSY.

#### Bomb German Stations Behind the Lines.

Paris, Cable.—The official communication issued to-night on aviation says: "It was impossible to carry out any bombing operations during the day. During the night the weather improved, and our bombing machines immediately took the air. Eighteen thousand four hundred kilos of explosives were dropped behind the battle-front and on stations, which were damaged, and bivouacs in the region of Oyonnades and Guisard. Stations, railways and assembly zones at Laon, Anzy-le-Chateau, Jussy, Chauny, La Fere, Ham, Semide, Pontavert, and Guisard were bespattered with projectiles. Numerous hits were reported on the objectives and fires broke out at Laon, Ham, Guisard and Guisardcourt.

"Eastern theatre, Aug. 24.—The whole front was artillery activity along the whole front, particularly on the Struna and west of the Vauxier. In Alban, our repaired enemy reconnoitring parties. French aviators brought down an enemy plane west of Monastir, and British aviators bombed enemy garrisons in the region of the Struna."

### U.S. FORCES IN A LOCAL GAIN

#### Think Foe Plans Retreat On Vesle Front.

#### Bombing Planes Raid Huns in Confans.

With the American on the Vesle front, cable despatch: (By the Associated Press).—American troops today carried out another local advance in the same region where they increased their holdings along the Vesle on Thursday. Hand grenades and flame throwers were used by the Germans in an attempt to check the advance. The flame throwers had little effect, and were forced by artillery fire to retire with losses. The Americans overcame a detachment of German infantry and took twelve prisoners.

East of Fismes, an American patrol and a German patrol clashed during the night, the Americans taking four prisoners.

A number of fires were reported late Thursday, and during Thursday night within the German lines between the Vesle and the Aisne. American officers are of the opinion that the Germans are burning buildings and material which they do not want, or have not time to move. French and American observers several days ago reported heavy movements of enemy infantry and trucks northward. Prisoners captured by the Americans in the last few days declared they knew nothing about troop movements between the rivers.

The continued pressure of the French and British on the fifty-mile front north of Soissons, and other developments, lead American officers to believe that the Germans will be forced to withdraw from the line of the Vesle.

German prisoners say that the general opinion among the German soldiers is that Germany cannot win a decisive victory. They believe that Germany will endeavor to hold on in an endeavor to obtain a peace by negotiation.

American bombing airplanes flew over Confans, between Verdun and Metz, twice this afternoon, and dropped 41 bombs. Six bombs were observed to make direct hits.

While returning from the first raid the American aviators were pursued by enemy flyers. The Germans turned back when they got inside of the American line.

Most infants are infested by worms, which cause great suffering, and if not promptly dealt with may cause constitutional weaknesses difficult to remedy. Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms and will so act upon the system that there will be no recurrence of the trouble. And not only this, but they will repair the injuries to the organs that worms cause and restore them to soundness.

She—Everyone says you had good taste when you married me. He—Maybe; if it is possible to possess at the same time good taste and poor sense.—Boston Transcript.

# SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

### U. S. Man-Power Bill, Increasing Draft Limits, Passes House.

### LONDON TUBE STRIKE

#### Seven Killed, Many Injured, in Explosion on U. S. Transport.

John Jones, former Street Commissioner, of Toronto, is dead.

The Canadian National Exhibition opened its gates at Toronto.

William A. Corcoran, Toronto, died while on a visit to a friend.

Mr. Louis Sievert, who was probably Toronto's oldest tobacconist, passed away at his home on Teraulay street.

Archibald Gillan, Toronto, died from injuries received when his motorcycle collided with a street car.

The total number of American soldiers embarked has now passed the 1,500,000 mark, General March, Chief of Staff, announced Saturday.

Rev. Dr. Andrew Robertson, who is leaving for Nashville, Tennessee, preached his farewell sermon at Parkdale Presbyterian Church, Toronto.

Two barns were burned in a severe storm which passed over Stratford, during which 1.11 inches of rain fell.

The steamer City of Mackinac with 400 passengers on board went aground in Thunder Bay Saturday morning, and so far tug boats have been unable to release her.

Assessment Commissioner Grant's complete report of the city gives London a population of 58,421, a gain of 2,534 over last year's figures.

Arthur Rice, an employee of the Canadian Sewer Pipe Company, fell off the ship channel at the foot of Cherry street, Toronto, Saturday morning and was drowned.

Herbert Money, aged 18 years, is under arrest at Bradford, charged with shooting with intent at Wilfrid Cary.

There will be no strike of the employees of the Ottawa Street Railway Company, both the company and the men having accepted the findings of the Dominion Labor Board of Appeal.

With only two opposing voices, the U. S. House put 335 approving votes behind the great Man-Power Bill, and passed it on to the Senate.

No new cases of typhoid fever have been admitted to the two Chatham hospitals during the past two days, and the existing conditions strongly indicate that the epidemic has at last been checked.

London now faces a strike in the underground railroads. The omnibuses virtually are all running again, but on two underground railroad lines a number of men and women employees struck Saturday.

Seven men were killed and a number are said to have been injured by the bursting of a steam pipe on an American transport lying at a dock at an Atlantic port. The transport was about to sail, it was stated, with supplies and men for France.

Owing largely to big back payments of wage increases, the railways under U. S. federal control in June reported an aggregate deficit of \$58,959,000 in railway operating income as compared with positive earnings of \$98,909,000 in June, 1917. This reduced the total operating income for the six months of Government operation ending with June to \$173,194,000 as compared with \$458,203,000 in the corresponding period of last year.

### HUN USES GUNS OF OLD MAKE

#### Some, Captured by Canadians, 20 Years Old.

#### Huge Park of Ordnance Is Taken by British.

With the Canadian Forces cable:—The most impressive sight to be seen now in the vicinity of the battlefield to the east of Amiens is the park of artillery captured by the Fourth Army, with which the Canadians are incorporated. When seen the total number of German field guns up, numbered two hundred and nineteen. These figures by no means include the entire number of guns captured, as there are others not yet brought in.

Perhaps the most interesting piece of the Canadian trophies are the high velocity 5.9-inch guns. These are naval guns of about 45 calibre, with a range of twenty miles, and have been employed in shelling our back area, including pot shots at Amiens. Cathedral.

Taken all in all, the guns are a very mixed lot, showing the enemy has been forced through recent heavy losses to impress into service weapons twenty years old alongside guns of 1918 pattern. It has been impossible to keep a record of the machine guns captured, which are passed through to the base ordnance to be overhauled, but they run into thousands. As for rifles, they come in by the wagon load. Except half a dozen pieces, all the artillery captured by the Canadian force are serviceable, and many of them fired back his own ammunition at the Boche before being parked.

There is a vast store of enemy ammunition of all kinds, sufficient for thousands of rounds per gun. Pretty nearly every captured gun carries a chalk legend, of which the following on a naval gun is typical: "Application for the award of this article as a trophy is being submitted by the Battalion."

**It Will Cure a Cold.**—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious conditions. Dr. Thomas Electric Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation speedily and thoroughly and will strengthen them against subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will stop the cough because it allays all irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

### FRENCH HOLD OISE, AILETTE

#### As Result of First Phase of the Battle.

#### And Badly Hamper foe Communications.

With the French Army in France, cable. The first phase of the battle of the Aisne and Oise has put the French in solid possession of the entire south bank of the Oise, west of the Ailette, and also the Ailette River from the Oise to Pont St. Mar.

At a point near where it is crossed by the road from Chauny to Soissons, General Mangin's men along the Ailette and further south, at Crecy-aux-Monts, Pommiers and Juvigny, command this important road all the way from Soissons to the Oise. They also command the Laon railroad, which from the region of Coucy-le-Chateau northward runs nearly parallel with that road.

The Germans are thus thrown back upon the hilly forest region of Coucy for communication between their troops operating on the Oise above the Ailette and their troops on the Aisne east of Soissons.

### HELPED INDIA OVER A CRISIS

#### United States Tided Country Over Stringency.

#### Shipments of Silver Relieved Situation.

A London cable: That the United States helped India this year over one of the most serious financial currency crises in the history of the British Empire was the statement made today to the Associated Press by Sir James Meeson, financial member of the Viceroy's Council.

"Probably few people in America," he said, "realize how vitally important to India and to India's share in the war was the legislation passed in Washington, releasing large quantities of silver for use in alleviating the currency situation there. For this action, India, as well as the British Empire and the Allies, owe a debt of gratitude to the United States which it is hard to overstate."

The first cargo of American silver arrived in July, and more is on the way. This act of the United States has stabilized the whole currency situation in India, and came just in the nick of time, when things looked very critical.

India has been going well in the war for the past four years, but the crisis which we faced a year ago owing to the silver situation was acute, and for a time the future looked dark, with the possibility of serious unrest, difficulty in recruiting, the shut-down of war work and the cutting off of those highly valuable raw material exports for which the allies are so largely dependent on India.

"At the height of the crisis came the United States and helped us. Now we shall be able to get on better than ever. Thanks to the United States, India today is ready to fulfill all demands upon her for assistance in the war."

**Checked for Air.**—Some little irritant becomes lodged in the bronchial tubes, others gather, and the awful choking of asthma results. Nothing offers such quick and positive relief as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. The healing, soothing smoke-vapor penetrates, clears the passages and gives untold relief. Usually it completely cures. It has behind it years of success. It is the sure remedy for every sufferer.

# CONFUSION IS AWFUL BEHIND THE FOE LINE

## Worst Disorganization of the Whole War is That Now Shown.

### A HOPEFUL SIGN

#### Is That There is Practically No Counter-Attacking Being Done.

At British Army Headquarters, Aug. 27.—(Special despatch.)—We have reached the most dramatic era of the war so far, and, despite successes, we ought at the present time to temper optimism with caution. Since yesterday morning the enemy has disintegrated over a considerable zone of Somme battlefield, in some places groups of Germans are wandering about, seeking an opportunity to surrender, and at present the degree of enemy demoralization in certain places is the greatest factor of the situation.

Yesterday the enemy cracked up in the neighborhood of Thiépval Ridge, but we must prepare for his recovery on a strong line of resistance. The battlefield scene was amazing. Interspersed among such fierce combats as the fight for the famous Labeiselle crater, where the Boches held out the whole day long, but were finally rushed, a bag of two hundred prisoners being secured, were stray vedettes, tired of pointing out the way for straggling Germans to the nearest prisoners' cages. A number of our units abandoned their pre-arranged plans because contact patrols reported their objectives were not being held. In consequence units were ordered to advance without restrictions.

**BAPAUME ENTERED.** In the early evening we were entering Avesnes-les-Bapaume and airmen reported that our cavalry reconnoitring patrols were entering Bapaume and also Thillois.

The Australians and the British resumed the advance this morning and reached the Posieres-Contalmaison line. The inner history of these operations will reveal economy of manpower as one of the most striking features of the present brilliant generalship. The degree of confusion behind the retreating enemy is incredible, reinforcements hurrying up, on the stop-gap principle, indicating how desperately the Germans are being pressed, or they would not thus break up their reserves.

Today's advance has been in the nature of a great sweep from Bray to north of Bapaume. It is estimated that since the 21st of August 20,000 prisoners have been taken by the British. Since July 15 the total of prisoners taken by the allies has reached a hundred thousand. It is reported that guard outposts have reached the fringe of Bullecourt and that we captured High Wood, Eaucourt and L'Abbaye, advancing upon Lonsueval.

The New Zealanders, with the tanks helping, had a stiff fight clearing out the enemy from Loupart Wood, which dominates Bapaume, but eventually reached the crest, taking over 400 prisoners.

The most significant fact of the present disorganization of the enemy is that there is practically no counter-attacking. To-day there was stubborn resistance, which occurred at various points, but when this was broken it nowhere recurred with increased strength.

### STEPS TO END U-BOAT DANGER

#### Hon. Ballantyne Saw British Admiralty.

Montreal, Dispatch.—Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the only member of the Premier's party to pass through Montreal on the homeward trip from Great Britain, stated that the overseas visit of the Cabinet Ministers had been a strenuous time for all concerned, and very far from being a joyous one so far as he personally was concerned, the visit had been utilized to confer with the British Admiralty on points and policies of far-reaching effect. Mr. Ballantyne, in one statement, said that the government had discussed and is nearer coming to a decision in regard to the permanent naval policy of the Dominion.

As to the U-boat peril in Canada, Mr. Ballantyne said:

"As far as my information goes, there are only one or two U-boats operating on this side of the Atlantic."

He stated that he had discussed the matter with the British Admiralty with the result that steps of which "I am not at liberty to speak" were being taken to obviate all danger from this source.

Shipbuilding, the Minister said, could be done more cheaply in England than here. But with the high freight rates prevailing now and likely to prevail for some time after the war, together with careful management, the Government will be able to materially reduce the high cost of Canadian ships.

Hon. Mr. Ballantyne left for St. Andrew-by-the-Sea on Saturday to re-join and bring back his family.

**THE WATERDOWN REVIEW**

Issued every Thursday morning from the office, Dundas Street, Waterdown  
 Subscription \$1.00 per year. Papers to the United States, 50 cents extra.  
 Advertising rates furnished on application  
 G. H. GREENE  
 Editor and Publisher

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1918

**LOCAL MENTION**

Mrs. Ferdinand Slater, Jr., is spending a week with friends at Caledonia.

Mrs. Beird and daughter, of South Dakota, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Langton.

Mrs. Fred Klodt wishes to thank her many friends for their kindness during her husband's recent illness.

Miss C. E. Hewitt, B.A., of the Pictou Collegiate Institute staff, has been visiting at the home of Mrs. Geo. Reid.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Richards and family are spending a few days at the Beach.

James and Myrtle Gardner, of Georgetown, are the guests of Mrs. Jas. Robertson.

Mr. Edward Bladen, 7th Con., has sold his farm of 170 acres to Mr. Rowman, of Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Attridge, of Milton, spent the weekend with friends in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Coates, of Burlington, were the guests of Alfred and Mrs. Alton last week.

Mr. James Thompson cut his hand severely last week on the blower of the threshing machine.

Miss A. Raybould is spending part of her vacation at the Beach, the guest of Mrs. Chas. Richards.

Mr. J. E. Eager, Miss Eager and the Rev. H. J. and Mrs. Leake motored to Toronto on Tuesday last.

Mrs. Stanley, of New Jersey, and Mrs. Rouble, of Hamilton, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Condon.

Mr. Frank De Long, of Winnipeg, is East on a business trip and made a short visit with his parents here.

Mrs. H. O. Sewell and Miss Penso, of Toronto, were weekend guests at the home of W. G. and Mrs. Spence.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Drummond returned home on Friday last from a pleasant visit with friends in Alford Junction.

Mrs. G. Skinner, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Spence, left for her home in Morris, Man., on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle and son, of Toronto, Miss Stevens and Miss Robb were the guests of W. J. and Mrs. Spence on Monday last.

Mrs. J. N. McMullen, who has been spending a couple of weeks with her niece, Mrs. H. G. Spence, has returned to her home in Toronto.

Mrs. Arthur Begg and children, who have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Neff, Mill Street, returned to their home in Regina, Sask., on Tuesday last.

The Waterdown Poultry Association will hold a meeting on Friday evening of this week to make final arrangements for the winter show. A full attendance is requested.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Schuyler, of Brantford, and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Griffin are off on a motoring trip to Brickville, returning by way of Morristown, N.Y., and Niagara Falls.

Harvest Home services will be held in Grace Church, Waterdown, on Sunday, September 29th. The Rev. J. P. Robertson, rector of the Church of St. Thomas, Hamilton, will conduct the services.

Mrs. J. E. Eager, who had the misfortune to fall some days ago, breaking a small bone in her ankle, is, we are glad to say, rapidly recovering from her injuries and hopes to be about in the course of two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dougherty were at St. Catharines last Thursday attending the funeral of Mr. Dougherty's brother-in-law, Henry Wise, whose death occurred in Rochester, Minn., on Saturday, August 17th.

Mr. Earl Griffin is visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Innie Madden of Carlisle is visiting with Miss Gertrude Allen.

Miss Annie Bowman is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. Douglas, Mill St.

Miss Nellie Foster of New York city is visiting her cousin Mrs. Ed. Slater.

Capt. Stanley Sawell, M. C. is reported in the Rouen hospital, France, suffering from gas poisoning.

Mrs. Henry Wilson and son Guy of Georgetown are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Prudham Main Street.

Gladys Fiedle was taken to the hospital last night, where she will undergo an operation for appendicitis.

The K. K. Klub held their regular weekly meeting on Tuesday evening last, at the home of C. P. McGregor.

Mrs. Henry, Miss Retu and Charlie Henry have returned from a motor trip to Brampton where they spent a week with friends.

Mrs. George Mutslander and daughter Elisabeth of Buffalo, N. Y. are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Prudham, Main Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Moore and family motored from Rochester on Monday to visit with his father S. Moore and sister of this place.

Rev. R. A. Facey is preaching weekly to increasing congregations in the Presbyterian church. His subject for next Sunday morning is "A Strenuous Life." Hymns Nos. 159, 246 and 256. The subject for the evening is "A Lesson from Life." Everybody welcome.

The funeral of the late Mrs. John Miller, whose tragic death is recorded in another column, took place from her parents home, Main street, on Wednesday afternoon to the Waterdown Cemetery. Services at the home and the grave were conducted by the Rev. R. A. Facey. The pallbearers were Walter James, Henry James, Thomas Murphy, Geo. Mann, Fred Thomas and Albert Gumbert.

The Misses D. Godwin, M and B. Harvey, of Burlington, Miss Gies, of Hamilton, Irene and May, Langford, Lily Davidson, Mr. W. E. Soule, J. L. Kirk, L. M. Henry, A. C. Mullock and P. L. Whitley, W. C. Green and W. C. Erwin of Hamilton and L. M. Barr, Toronto, attended a dance at the Brant house last night.

We would again remind our readers of the urgent call sent out by the officers of the local Patriotic League for more workers. Surely some of our young ladies who have lots of spare time could devote at least a small portion of it to assist in the preparing of comforts for our soldier boys, whose sacrifices are great compared to what we at home are doing for them. Remember the success in this terrible war depends largely on the efforts put forth by us at home to supply all comforts possible for the boys at the front.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ryckman wish to thank their many friends for their kindness and sympathy during their sad bereavement, and also the following who sent so many beautiful flowers:

Mr. and Mrs. Deans, Ruby and Walter Deans, Uncle Ed. and Aunt Mary Hammill, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. O. Blain and family, Mrs. Fred Bolton, Mr. Norman King, Aunt Carrie Arnold, Aunt Ada Hammill, Cousins Gerlie and Eva Sharpe, Cousin Audrey Hammill, Miss Grace Joslin, Uncle Paul Hammill and Great-grandfather and Great-grandmother Hammill.

A large pillow from father and mother and sprays from brothers Laverne and Elmer and sister Lena were among the flowers.

Mr. John Harkins was a visitor in the village on Saturday last. Mr. Harkins is a resident of Toronto, where he is engaged in the newspaper business and is considered one of the ablest writers for the daily papers of that city, articles from his pen frequently appearing in the Toronto dailies.

He is an old Waterdown schoolboy and while here expressed a desire to once more visit the scenes of his early school days. He is enjoying perfect health and his many friends were glad to see him amongst us once more.

**NOTICE**

TAKE NOTICE that at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the Township of East Flamboro to be held at the Township Hall, Waterdown, on Wednesday the 2nd day of October, 1918, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

The said Council intends to introduce and pass, if a majority of its members present at the meeting shall so decide, a By-Law for the closing up of the road running in a north westerly direction across lot Five in the 8th concession of the said Township of East Flamboro from the Progression Road to the concession road between Concessions 8 and 9 in the said Township of East Flamboro.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the said Council will hear at the said time and place, in person or by counsel or solicitor, any one who may be prejudicially affected by the proposed By-Law.

Dated at Waterdown this 15th day of August, 1918.

W. A. EMERY,  
 Reeve of the Township of East Flamboro.  
 GEORGE CHURCH,  
 Clerke of the Township of East Flamboro.

**VOTERS' LIST, 1918**  
 MUNICIPALITY OF  
 Township of East Flamboro

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sec. 9 of the Ontario Voters List Act, the copies required by said section to be transmitted or delivered to the list made pursuant to said act of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality, to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Waterdown, on the 27th day of August, 1918, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

Dated at Waterdown this 27th day of August, 1918.

GEORGE CHURCH  
 Clerk of said Municipality.

**For Sale or Rent**  
 Frame house, 9 rooms and bath room, electric light, good cellar and drain. Hard and soft water, also good garden, apply to  
 W. G. SPENCE  
 Mill St. Tel. 186 Waterdown

**FOR SALE**  
 S. C. White Leghorn yearling Hens, also some fine Cockerels. Utility \$3. Exhibition \$3 and up.  
 E. H. SLATER  
 Phone 169 Waterdown

**Farm For Sale**  
 Being part of Lot 7, in the 7th con. of East Flamboro (center road) containing 80 acres, good garden soil, choice locality, convenient to school, church, Post Office, 2 miles to Ky. station. For terms and particulars apply to  
 George Church, Tp. Clerk Waterdown

**FOR SALE**  
 5 year old Gelding, Well broken, quite and a good driver.  
 E. L. BINKLEY  
 Waterdown

**FOR SALE**  
 Three year old Grey Percheron Gelding, Well broken. Weight 1100. lbs.  
 C. A. NEWELL  
 R. R. No. 3 Campbellville.  
 Phone 11-4 Lowville

**FOR SALE**  
 Two Splendid Building Lots Facing on Main St. 50 x 230  
 R. J. VANCE  
 DENTIST  
 Mill Street Waterdown

**Don't Forget Our Phone Number**  
**RING 101 WATERDOWN**  
 That's where, when in Waterdown you can buy your Groceries and Meats all at our store. Quality the best that money can buy and prices right compared with the high cost of goods.  
 We also handle the following line of goods  
 A good assortment of Brooms that cannot be beat for quality and price. Coal oil in 1 gallon, 5 gallon or by the barrel. All kinds of Stove Polish, Shoe Polish Whisks, Scrub, Nail, Stove and Whitewash Brushes, Clothes lines, smoothing Iron Handles, Pins, Needles, Thread, Lamp wick, Lamp glasses, Lantern globes and many other lines.  
**We sell Ewing's Hamilton Bread**  
 Also a large assortment of Cakes.  
 Get your Corn Flakes at Dale's. Just received a fresh shipment, crisp and good. In buying Corn Flakes you do not have to buy any substitute as in buying flour. Come along with the crowd, whether you buy or not, and meet your friends.  
**A. DALE** License No. 9-6033 **Waterdown**

**MAPLE LEAF**  
**ICE CREAM PARLOR**  
 Canadian Food License No. 10-9851  
 Captain Stanley Sawell, M. C., Proprietor  
**The Only Soda Fountain In The Town**  
 Nice Cool Room — Best of Service

**Painting AND Paper Hanging**  
 Satisfactory work and reasonable prices.  
**Peter Mitchell** **Waterdown**

**Eastlake Troughs**  
 Galvanized Steel Stock Troughs and Shingles have always given better satisfaction than wooden materials could do, and galvanized steel Oil and Gasoline barrels not leak out the contents as wooden barrels have done. Try one and be convinced. For sale by  
**W. H. REID, Waterdown**

Gordon & Son

LADIES and GENTS

**CUSTOM  
TAILORS**

We have a good line of  
Never Fade Blue Indigo  
Serges and Worsteds.

Cleaning, Pressing and  
Repairing a Specialty

PHONE 153  
WATERDOWN

**BUCHAN'S**

Canada Food License No. 9-1987

FOR

**Ice Cream  
Confectionery  
Cakes and Pies**

WE SELL  
**Linkert Bros.  
BREAD**  
Fresh Every Day

AGENT FOR  
**Wah Lee  
LAUNDRY  
HAMILTON**

PHONE 182  
Waterdown

## CARLISLE

A Trip to Kilbride, or Kennel, by a Review  
Correspondent, August 26, 1918

Kilbride is a little crossroads corner just north of our town. For the benefit of those who have never heard of this little ant hill we will try and give a little description. Sometimes this little place of ancient renown is known as Kennel, on account of the number of dog houses which may be seen. It is claimed that each man owns from three to five hounds and most of the ladies have one to three lap dogs. Most of the residents are either retired farmers or millionaires, and have as their chief hobby the raising of poultry. It is a great place for music, for they have a regular morning program. About the dawn of day the roosters start up their threats for the day, stating whose prize bird is to take a licking before night. The balance of the program is made up of choruses, duets, trios and quartets from the hounds and lap dogs, telling in their long, mournful tolls all the wrongs that have been done to them and their ancestors for the last 25 years. Kilbride, as may be noted, is a picturesque little ant hill situated on the banks of the Warner River. The river derived its name from the fact that the late Stephen Warner received from the crown the sole right to fish in the waters of the deep river, and he bequeathed the same to his son, James, and his heirs forever. Some try to pull out a little trout on the sly once in a while, but they say there are scarcely any left, as James, commonly known as Jim, is an expert on the job and has them nearly all caught. There are two large stores in the town. The one is run by Chapman Edwin and resembles T. Eaton's very much. The other has as its manager James Tweedle and is patterned after the Robt. Simpson store of Toronto. He has established an extensive grocery and provision route. Until recently he had the old stage which ran from Kilbride to New York as his grocery vehicle. On account of its strength and having the appearance of that European war weapon, it was generally termed the caterpillar. The caterpillar, however, was not roomy enough to accommodate a good assortment of goods and has been replaced by a Ford motor truck. Both Mr. Tweedle and Mr. Erwin have a flourishing business and we hope to see them prosper. On the east corner of the ant hill may be seen a red and white stake indicating a barber shop. If you are feeling tired and weary, drop in and have a shave in one of the comfortable barber chairs and you will feel much invigorated and relieved. They will not torture you long and you will feel better. Nearly all the natives from Millgrove went over early in the spring and had their heavy coat of winter hair clipped off, so as to be ready for the spring work. John Small has a thriving blacksmith trade and makes a specialty of shoeing race horses. He has the honor of shoeing such noted horses as Dan Patch, 15 $\frac{1}{4}$ , owned by the International Stock Food Co.; Katie B., 156, owned by E. W. Finamore, of Milwaukee; Nero 5th, 201 $\frac{1}{4}$ , owned by Lorne Finamore, of Aentonville; Goltsoone, 2 hours 29 minutes 45 seconds, owned by J. Baker; Travelalittle, 7 hours 45 minutes 40 seconds, owned by Geo. Potts, of Spinsterville, sometimes called Waterdown.

Kennel or Kilbride is well represented by the following Council: Mayor, John Hersey; Reeve, Chas. Erwin; Councillors, E. Marcy, Frank Featherston, Joseph Jinks and Sir Edward Carson. The board of trade members are: Chairman, Joseph Finamore; members, Joseph Coverdale, Joseph Price and Rastus Nixon. Enoch Gunby is Salvation Army bandmaster. The town council have entered the corporation in the flag voting contest at Carlisle on Labor Day and are represented by Miss Irene McArthur. Be sure and vote for Miss McArthur and have the flag floating over the ant hill and add to its grandeur. There are many sights worthy of mention about this ant hill. It will be worth your while to spend a whole day taking in the sights about the town and in the beautiful park. Just take a north-bound car

from the centre of Progression and visit this little town of renown, and we are sure you will appreciate the trip. Mr. Wm. Attridge used to take the trip in every Sunday.

### Overland, Overtaker, Undertaker

No person in this neighborhood owns an Overland auto, but we notice in the Dundas Star that Robt. Kee, of Strabane, sometimes known as "The Deserted Village," has a wonderful masterpiece of machinery running around on four wheels known as Overtaker automobile. This car overtakes and passes all other makes of gasoline eaters and makes the sky so black with dust and smoke that one would think there was a volcano going up the road on wheels at a high rate of speed or that there was a recurrence of the great Chicago fire. Calm and serene, Mr. Kee goes up the road like the wind, going as high as 65 miles an hour, taking in the sights and politely bowing to all the ladies. No one but a skilled driver could ever achieve so much. When he goes out the neighbors call up the dead horse wagon to follow him and gather up the dead chickens, geese, ducks, cats, dogs, sheep, cattle and horses. The writer has a car called the Undertaker and intends to follow Mr. Kee around and pick up the dead and injured pedestrians and believes he will have a thriving business.

### Come to Carlisle on Labor Day

Come to the Carlisle Boulevard Patriotic Garden Party on Labor Day, September 2nd, next Monday. Spend a pleasant day and help a good cause. See the posters.

### He Knew.

The Foreigner—You now don't recognize titles of nobility in this country?  
The Rich American—Oh! yes, we do. The women folks can quote their market value offhand and call 'em by their first names.

### Quite Modern.

"I got tired of his electrocuting around."  
"What do you mean by that?"  
"It is more up-to-date than to say that he is hanging around."

### Cruel World.

Dubber—How did he lose his hearing?  
Gubber—Somebody made the remark that money talks and he tried to hear it even whisper.

### From Experience.

"Why do you say Harold is of an ungenerous nature?"  
"Because he is the only man I was ever engaged to who insisted on getting back his ring."

### No Greek for Him.

"Do you admire the classics?"  
"No," answered Uncle Loubrow.  
"When it comes to dancin' gimme an old-fashioned clog."

### Change.

Ruth is an alchemist I know,  
And so I'll have to drop her,  
For every time I'm out with her  
My silver turns to copper.  
—Widow.

### In These Days.

"It's as useless as the fifth wheel to a wagon."  
"That stage is out of date. All automobiles carry an extra tire."

### Continuous.

"They used to stop a battle for breakfast."  
"Now they don't even halt for the Saturday night bath."

### Greased.

"The trouble with you is that you don't seize your opportunities."  
"Oh, I grab at 'em fast enough, but darn 'em, they're greased."

### A Candid Editor.

A Canadian acknowledgment of exceeding frankness is this in the Morse News: We made an awful muddle in our last issue in announcing the arrival in town of Mrs. C. L. Whitby and her sister, Miss Robb, getting Mr. Whitby's name in as Mrs. Miles and Miss Robb's as Miss Ross. We apologize for the error and leave our readers to form their own conclusions as to what was wrong with us.

## Buy Your Vinegar

Now for Pickles, we are selling the best XXX spirit Vinegar at the old price of 40c a gal. while the present stock lasts.

Just received another shipment of Manitoba Flour, Blended Flour, Pastry Flour and Corn Flour to use as a substitute. Don't fail to use Corn Flour as it makes the very best of bread.

Canada Food License No. 8-17371

**O. B. Griffin, Waterdown**

## Take Notice

I have 500 people wanting to move to Waterdown. Impossible to get houses. Have sold \$150,000 of Real Estate in 10 days.

I have a good farm to exchange for city property, also good city property for sale.

One of the largest properties in Waterdown for sale at a sacrifice or might exchange

**Ask McFerran, He Knows**  
Phone 36 r 4 Waterdown, Ont.

## FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR GOOD FARM

Hardware Stock and Business  
in the City of Hamilton

**J. Martin & Co.**

Room 2. 8 James St. North Hamilton, Ontario

## AUCTION SALES

Of every description conducted in any part of the Province.

If you are looking for a farm property of any kind we can help you locate just what you want.

**S. Frank Smith & Son**  
The Old Reliable Auctioneers  
Waterdown - - - Caledonia

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON IX.—September 1, 1918.  
Christian Giving.—Luke 6: 30-35; 21: 1-4.

**COMMENTARY.**—I. Giving through love (vs. 30-34). 30. Give to every man that asketh of thee.—The principle here laid down by our Lord is that of loving and constant generosity. There is need of wisdom in our giving. To respond with a gift to some who ask would work injury to them. Ask them not again.—Do not show a revengeful spirit, and neither by violence nor by legal forms demand them back, but by a kind and liberal spirit strive to win back to the offender to right views and acts. Whatever you do, avoid a retaliating spirit, and show a spirit of forbearance and love. 31. As ye would that men should do to you—Here is the standard of our dealing with others. We are to place ourselves in the position occupied by them and consider what we should desire them to do to us. Whatever we could righteously wish them to do to us we are to do to them. This is the Golden Rule, which sums up all the principles pertaining to our relations one with another. We are not required to do to others all the things that they desire, for some of the things might be injurious to them. 32. What thank have ye—When one loves another who loves him, there is no exercise of Christian virtue. It is simply even exchange. This act in no way distinguishes the follower of Jesus from the sinner. Sinners love those who love them, and do not love those who hate them, but the followers of Christ love those who love them and also those who hate them. 33. Sinners also do even the same—Our Lord meant that our standard must rise above the ordinary dead level of law, habit, custom, which prevail in the world.—Farrar. 34. If ye lend to them of whom ye hope to receive—The love commended and commanded by our Lord far surpassed that which prevails among the ungodly. In the former is sacrifice with self-denial and earthly loss, but in the latter there is none. It not infrequently occurs that they who lend to others receive benefits that are far in excess of those that they confer upon those to whom they lend; but whether such benefits come to them or not, their duty is clear to be helpful and considerate of the needs of others. 35. Love ye your enemies, and do good, etc.—Jesus groups compactly the precepts already given preparatory to a statement of a motive for observing them, which is the reward to be bestowed. Reward shall be great—What is the reward? 1. More love, a better character, more giving and lending, more power to do good, more likeness to God. 2. The beneficent results of doing good, the enemies conquered, the people helped, the kingdom extended, religion increased, Jesus glorified, souls saved. 3. The joy and blessedness which flow from such a character and such deeds. The spiritual rewards never lead to selfishness, but to more love.—P. Children of the Highest—Those who are born of God are able to obey these precepts, and by obeying them show that they are His children. As God's children they partake of His nature, enjoy His protection, share in His love and are heirs to His riches. Kind unto the unthankful—God shows constant love for the evil, offering them salvation, extending mercy and bestowing temporal good. Those who show kindness to their enemies are like their Father. 36. Merciful—in Matthew's account the word is "perfect." Matthew speaks of the Father as perfect in all His attributes, while Luke emphasizes His perfection of mercy, in keeping with the preceding verse. 37. Judge not—This word here does not mean to form an opinion, but to impute wrong motives, to manifest a censorious spirit. Forgive—This is the condition upon which we may hope to be forgiven. 38. Give, and it shall be given—We are not directed to give just for the sake of receiving, for that would be an unworthy motive. There should be in the heart a spirit of generosity. We are not directed to give just for the sake of receiving, for that would be an unworthy motive. There should be in the heart a spirit of generosity. We are, however, encouraged to give by the promise of what we shall receive. We are to give love, sympathy and helpfulness as well as earthly goods. Good measure—This applies to spiritual blessings that come to those who give, and it also applies to temporal blessings. God enriches those who give to His cause in the spirit of

Christ. Pressed down—in Oriental grain markets the buyer has the privilege of measuring the grain he buys and can fill the measure, press the grain down, shaking it to make it more compact, and is allowed to heap it up until no more will stay on the measure. Shall men give into your bosom—The ancients used the folds of their robes as places to carry articles as they had no pockets. Metre—Measure. It shall be measured to you again—Here is a statement of the law of compensation. They who give freely to a worthy cause shall receive abundantly in return for what they bestow. This is one of the promises of God's word, but it is also a warning and a threat. No one can act safely with the expectation that his act will end in itself. Each act of our lives has an influence upon some person other than ourselves. We shall receive something, sometime, for what we do.

III. Measure of giving (vs. 1-4). 1. looked up—Jesus was in the temple from which he had but recently expelled the traders and money-changers. He was observing what was done there. Saw the rich men casting their gifts into the treasury.—In the court of the women there were several trumpet-shaped chests to receive the offerings of those who wished to donate money for the support of the temple service. These gifts were entirely voluntary. Jesus saw the rich giving large sums (Mark 12: 41) for this purpose. He said nothing against their measure of giving. Riches and liberality do not always go together. 2. Saw a certain poor widow—Jesus saw the rich men bestowing their large gifts, but he "saw also" the poor widow. His attention was not absorbed in the princely giving, nor was it absorbed in the small gift of the poor. He saw both. Casting in thither two mites—A mite was the smallest coin among the Jews and was equivalent to one-fifth of a cent. There seems to have been a rule among the rabbins that no gift less than two mites would be acceptable. 3. Of a truth—An expression used to emphasize what was to follow. Hath cast in more than they all—Jesus knew how much of their wealth the rich had given into the treasury of the Lord, and he knew also that the poor widow had cast in all she had. He was in a position to judge accurately regarding their gifts. These have of their abundance cast in—These words indicate that the rich who had made large gifts, had large sums left. They had much, they gave much and they had much remaining. Of her penny—"Of her want."—R. V. She was a widow, dependent upon her own resources; and she was a poor widow, dependent upon her labor to support herself. Hath cast in all the living that she had—Measured by the gifts the rich were casting into the treasury, her two mites looked small, but in the eyes of Jesus they represented a sum larger than the total amount deposited by the other givers.

ing should be proportionate, "according to what a man hath," and "as the Lord hath prospered him." Ceremonialism made the tithe the lowest standard and Christianity, with enlarged privileges, and richer possibilities, must embrace no lesser measure of consecration. This principle would insure abundant resources for all the enterprises of the kingdom, without resort to the worldly expedients which impoverish the spiritual life, and are financially disappointing. There is no surer way to poverty of spirit, and of ten of possessions, than withholding from God's cause.

II. Christian gifts. 1. Personality. The first acceptable offering is ourselves. Without this, no other offering can be accepted. God's first demand is our affections. While the heart is withheld he can receive no service. No act is Christian while God's first requirement is unmet. The apostle said, "I seek not yours, but you." The Corinthians "first gave their own selves to the Lord." The collection for the poor saints came easily after that. 2. Possession. If rightly acquired, these are God-given talents to be used for the advancement of his kingdom. A spiritual kingdom needs material resources for the maintaining of its vast and varied interests. Men first, money next. A true Christian concentration places every resource subject to the divine call. The interests of the kingdom are paramount to personal considerations. Spiritual values are above the material. 3. Service. God gives "to every man his work." Opportunities confront us on every side. Open doors are everywhere. Widespread and whitened fields invite both to toil and reward. Inactivity is self-consuming in the spirit as well as in the physical life. Unused blessings leave the soul barren. "We are workers together with him."—W. H. C.

## SMOKE TACKETTS ORINOCO

He saw her love for the cause of God, and knew that she must go forth to toil in order to eat again; while he saw that the others had plenty left to sustain them. Her act in giving all she had to the Lord showed a superior degree of love and devotion to him, and it showed also a large faith in God. She could calmly and thankfully give her all to his cause, and could trust the Lord to give her strength and opportunity to labor to earn what she needed.

Questions.—To whom should we give? What rule is stated that should govern our giving? In what respect should our giving differ from that of sinners? What should be our attitude toward our enemies? What rule is given with regard to judging others? What should be the measure of our giving? What are the rewards of giving? What did the Saviour see in the temple? How did he estimate the gifts that were bestowed by the different ones? How did the poor widow give the most of all?

**PRACTICAL SURVEY.**  
Topic.—Our Gifts for the Kingdom: What Shall They Be?  
I. Christian giving.  
II. Christian gifts.

1. Christian giving. It is not mere benevolence. Giving to a Christian cause is not necessarily Christian giving. Love to Christ and His cause is the only motive which exalts benevolence to the dignity of a Christian act. The apostle reminds us that "though I bestow all my goods to feed the poor," the bankrupting benevolence may be morally worthless. The moral value of any act is determined by its motive. Thus measured, the widow's mites were of greater worth than the ostentatious abundance of pharisaic treasures. Christian giving is first of all a willing offering. A grudging benevolence is both morally worthless, and personally belittling. God asks a willing response to his claims. He first bestows, then requires. He seeks only his own. The divine inventory as given in his word is inclusive. "All souls are mine." "The silver is mine, and the gold is mine, saith the Lord of hosts." "All the beasts of the forests are mine, and the cattle on a thousand hills." "Of every man that giveth it willingly with his heart ye shall take my offering," was the call for tabernacle and temple. The exalted motives of a spiritual disposition forbid appeal to the selfish impulses of appetite and amusement as a motive to benevolence. The too wide-spread practice is destructive of the true spirit of Christian generosity. Christian giving

## DRS. SOPER & WHITE



**SPECIALISTS**  
Piles, Hemorrhoids, Asthma, Catarrh, Pimples, Gynecology, Epilepsy, Rheumatism, Skin, Nerve, Blood, Nerve and Bladder Diseases.  
Call or send history for free advice. Medicine furnished in tablet form. Hours—10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 1 to 6 p.m. Sundays—10 a.m. to 1 p.m.  
Consultation Free  
**DRS. SOPER & WHITE**  
35 Toronto St., Toronto, Ont.

Please Mention This Paper.

## THE JOY OF MOTHERHOOD

Came to this Woman after Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to Restore Her Health

Ellensburg, Wash.—"After I was married I was not well for a long time and a good deal of the time was not able to go about. Our greatest desire was to have a child in our home and one day my husband came back from town with a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and wanted me to try it. It brought relief from my troubles. I improved in health so I could do my housework; we now have a little one, all of which I owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. O. S. JOHNSON, R. No. 3, Ellensburg, Wash.



There are women everywhere who long for children in their homes yet are denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in most cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Such women should not give up hope until they have given this wonderful medicine a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of 40 years experience is at your service.

ing should be proportionate, "according to what a man hath," and "as the Lord hath prospered him." Ceremonialism made the tithe the lowest standard and Christianity, with enlarged privileges, and richer possibilities, must embrace no lesser measure of consecration. This principle would insure abundant resources for all the enterprises of the kingdom, without resort to the worldly expedients which impoverish the spiritual life, and are financially disappointing. There is no surer way to poverty of spirit, and of ten of possessions, than withholding from God's cause.

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## WORLD'S STRANGEST CITY.

Moves About and Then Away Before Its Site Melts.

The most curious of cities consist of wooden huts on wheels, to the number of about one hundred and thirty, which, when the season arrives, are rolled on the ice on Maginaw Bay, Lake Huron. The population of this city without a name is about five hundred. Each hut is fitted with cooking utensils, hammocks and a stove, and is occupied by three men, whose business on the ice is to follow a peculiar method of fishing.

In the centre of each hut a hole, about a yard square, is dug to the water. One of the fishermen then takes a live fish of the herring tribe, pack-thread drops it into the water, pack-thread drops it into the water. The fish dashes away as swift as an arrow until it is pulled up by the thread, when it returns toward the hole, followed by a host of pike and other fish desirous of feasting on the dainty morsel. Beside the hole stand the fishermen, harpoon in hand, waiting the arrival of the pursuers, who are received with thrusts of the four or five-pronged instrument, which rarely fails to bring up some writhing victim.

Some huts can show two hundred or more of fine fish at the end of the day's work. The most weird appearance of this city is at night, when the fishermen prosecute the work by the light of torches, which, it is well known, attract fish without the aid of the herring bait. The flaming torches and the shadows of the men leaning over the holes make a strange spectacle. If fish are not abundant in the spot chosen the hut is wheeled to another site.

## AN AGE OF WEAK NERVES

"No heart for anything" is the cry of thousands of men and women who might be made well by the new, red-blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make.

Misery day and night is the lot of hosts of men and women who are today the victims of weak nerves. Their pale, drawn faces and dejected attitude tell a sad tale, for nervous weakness means being tortured by morbid thoughts and unaccountable fits of depression. These sufferers are painfully sensitive and easily agitated by some chance remark. Sleeplessness robs them of energy and strength; their eyes are sunken, their limbs tremble, appetite is poor and memory often fails. This nervous exhaustion is one of the most serious evils affecting men and women of to-day. The only way to bring back sound, vigorous health is to feed the starved nerves which are clamoring for new, rich, red blood. This new, good blood can be had through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which fact accounts for the thousands of cures of nervous diseases brought about by this powerful blood builder and nerve restorer. Through the fair use of this medicine thousands of despondent people have been made bright, active and strong.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## RIVER BELOW GROUND.

Clever Piece of Work to the Credit of English Engineers.

A novel piece of engineering has been completed in connection with the building of an aviation field in England. The site, consisting of a wooded park, bisected by a little stream about thirty feet wide and two feet deep. This waterway is largely artificial in character. It was constructed mainly along a branch of the River Colne in 1633 and 1639, between Longford and Hampton Court Palace, with the object of supplying the palace with ornamental fish and water ponds, and it was used for this purpose up to the present time. It is eleven miles long.

The decision to convert the park into an aerodrome made it necessary to divert this river, which, being raised above the level of the ground where it crosses the park, presented an obstacle as well as a danger. Had the river been running in a natural bed below the level of the ground instead of in an artificial channel above the ground level, it could have been merely covered over. The need of putting it at a lower level led to the decision to carry it underground through the aerodrome by means of a re-enforced concrete inverted siphon, and this plan having been approved of, a detailed scheme was got out.—Scientific American.

"Know thyself" is a good motto, but some people know more about their neighbors.

## MARKET REPORTS

### TORONTO MARKETS.

FARMERS' MARKET.

Dairy Produce—	
Butter, choice dairy	45 00 46
Do., creamery	48 00 52
Margarine, lb.	35 00 37
Eggs, new laid, doz.	52 00 55
Cheese, lb.	— 00 30
Do., fancy, lb.	— 00 36
Dressed Poultry—	
Turkeys, lb.	30 00 33
Fowl, lb.	24 00 26
Spring chickens	— 00 50
Roosters, lb.	— 00 23
Ducklings, lb.	— 00 35
Fruits—	
Apples, basket	25 00 50
Blueberries, basket	1 60 1 85
Do., box	— 00 30
Louisa berries	— 00 30
Currants, black, basket	2 00 3 50
Raspberries, box	— 00 28
Cherries, sour, basket	— 00 22
Pears, basket	— 00 75
Plums, 6-quart basket	— 00 90
Do., 11-qt. basket	— 00 1 50
Peaches, 6-qt. basket	— 00 75
Do., 11-qt. basket	— 00 1 25
Melons, basket	— 00 1 00
Do., each	— 00 1 10
Vegetables—	
Beans, small measure	— 00 10
Beets, new, dozen	— 00 25
Carrots, new, dozen	— 00 25
Cucumbers, basket	— 00 40
Do., pickling, basket	— 00 75
Cucumbers, dozen	— 00 05
Cabbage, each	— 00 10
Cauliflower, each	— 00 10
Celery, head	— 00 05
Lettuce, head, bunch	— 00 05
Onions, 100-lb. sacks	— 00 45
Do., green, bunch	— 00 05
Parsley, bunch	— 00 10
Peas, basket	— 00 50
Potatoes, new, bag	— 00 2 10
Radishes, 3 bunches	— 00 10
Rhubarb, 3 for	— 00 10
Sage, bunch	— 00 05
Savory, bunch	— 00 03
Tomatoes, basket	— 00 40
Do., 1 round	— 00 10
Veg. marrow, each	— 00 08

### MEATS—WHOLESALE.

Beef, forequarters	47 00 50 00
Do., hindquarters	26 00 28 00
Carcasses, choice	22 00 24 00
Do., common	21 00 22 50
Veal, common, cwt.	13 00 15 00
Do., medium	16 50 19 00
Do., prime	23 50 25 00
Heavy hogs, cwt.	19 00 21 00
Shop hogs	25 00 27 00
Abattoir hogs	26 00 27 00
Mutton, cwt.	22 00 25 00
Lamb, cwt.	28 00 30 00
Do., spring, lb.	— 00 33

### SUGAR MARKET.

Toronto wholesalers quote on refined sugars, Toronto delivery, as follows:

Redpath granulated, 100 lbs.	89 10
Do., No. 1 yellow, 100 lbs.	85 10
Do., No. 2 yellow, 100 lbs.	84 10
Do., No. 3 yellow, 100 lbs.	83 10
St. Lawrence granulated, 100 lbs.	9 39
Do., No. 1 yellow, 100 lbs.	9 09
Do., No. 2 yellow, 100 lbs.	8 99
Do., No. 3 yellow, 100 lbs.	8 89
Atlantic granulated, 100 lbs.	9 39
Do., No. 1 yellow, 100 lbs.	9 09
Do., No. 2 yellow, 100 lbs.	8 99
Do., No. 3 yellow, 100 lbs.	8 79

Barrels—5c over bags.  
Cases—20 5-lb. cartons, 60c and 50 2-lb. cartons, 70c over bags. Gunnes, 5 20, 40c; 10-10-lb., 50c over bags.

### Toronto Cattle Market.

The hog market was unsettled, and prices showed an advance of about 25 to 50 cents.

Sheep and lambs were firmer. Calves also were firmer.

Receipts—62 cars, 639 cattle, 188 calves, 1,146 hogs and 703 sheep.	
Export cattle, choice	15 00
Export cattle, medium	13 75 14 00
Export bulls	10 00 10 50
Butcher cattle, choice	10 00 10 75
Butcher cattle, medium	7 75 8 75
Butcher cattle, common	7 00 7 75
Butcher cows, choice	8 50 10 00
Butcher cows, medium	7 75 8 50
Butcher cows, canners	5 50 6 50
Butcher bulls	7 75 8 75
Feeding steers	8 25 8 75
Stockers, choice	8 00 8 25
Stockers, light	6 50 7 00
Milkers	75 00 120 00
Springers, choice	80 00 130 00
Sheep, ewes	14 00 15 00
Hucks and culls	6 00 10 00
Lambs	20 50 21 50
Hogs, fed and watered	18 50 20 00
Hogs, f.o.b.	18 50 19 00
Calves, choice veal	16 00 17 50

### No "Short Change" Here.

An automatic change calculator, which pays out correctly the difference between one dollar and the amount of purchase, is being used in banks, stores, et cetera. The new change maker saves time as well as mistakes, for the change is paid directly to the customer. The cashier merely presses a key marked with the amount of purchase.

# SMOKE TACKETTS T & B

PLUG

Never known to disappoint  
the Most Critical Tastes—

# "SALADA"

A Tea-pot Test is better than a page  
of Advertisement.

Black—Green or Mixed . . . Scaled Packets Only.

## THE ALIBI

—BY—  
**Geo. Allan England**

Author of "Darkness and Dawn," "Beyond the Great  
Oblivion," "The Empire in the Air," "The Golden  
Blight," "The After-Glow," "The Crime-Detector," etc.

Once he seemed on the point of breaking—one of the two times when Jarboe caught his eye with a horrible leer. But he quickly looked away, mustered his nerve again, and faced the ordeal, pale, but unshakable. The few minutes in which Keene succeeded in confusing him did not affect his story as a whole. It stood.

Mrs. Slayton and Ashley, the Slaytons' neighbor at Oakwood Heights, about the threats that Arthur had made against his life, pistol in hand, damaged the case for the defence almost beyond repair. The cashier's evidence ended with an account of how he had disarmed the accused, had sent him home, had then written Mrs. Slayton, and had gone to bed.

Keene, sensing a certain weakness in this testimony, cross-examined Slayton with searching acuteness, but the cashier met him with admirable skill, and stood the gaff well. The grueling attacks were all successfully parried. Keene did no more than bring out a next testified, Mrs. Slayton read the letter received by her, mentioning Arthur's criminal conduct. This letter was placed with other exhibits to be used by the jury in its deliberations.

Ashley stated that Slayton had walked to the railway station with him at the accustomed hour, the morning after the murder. Keene briefly cross-examined both without any results favorable to the defence.

At this point in the trial Slayton became so indisposed that he had to withdraw to a private room for more than two hours. The cashier's emotion was extreme. He seemed to be standing on the edge of a complete breakdown. Everybody commented favorably on his grief for Arthur, and on the evident reluctance with which he had testified against the boy.

President Chamberlain, of the bank, stated the amount of the financial loss: twelve hundred and fifty dollars in the first instance, acknowledged by the defendant to have been taken by him, and one hundred and fifty thousand dollars in the second instance, denied by him. Led along by Ainslow, the witness also described how the safe had been opened by means of the combination, told of the destruction of the pages in the ledger containing records of the thousand-dollar bills, and ended by a gratuitous plea for clemency, which was suppressed by Judge Grossmith with some severity.

Keene's cross-examination for the defence did not change this story a hair's breadth. Keene now intervened, leaving the state, so far, undisputed master of the field.

Dr. Nelson's expert medical testimony, after recess, completed the case for the State.

It held the fagged audience spellbound, furnished fresh thrills to the wearied newspapermen and sensation-seekers, and put the final touch of gruesome tension to the already overwrought drama.

His story fell like lead on Arthur's sinking hopes, and Enid's. He spoke in a cold, impersonal manner, wholly devoid of rhetoric, and without the slightest possible animus against the defendant. Calmly he instructed the jurors as to the basic principles of medical proof, and thereafter exhibit-

ed the grisly evidence of the boy's blood-guilt.

"Gentlemen," said he, "these are not matters of sentiment, but of science. Science knows neither good nor evil. She knows only facts.

"No criminal has yet been able to commit a crime without leaving certain traces which the eye of science can detect. The old saying, 'Dead men tell no tales,' has become false. He who depends on it in murdering depends on a fallacy.

"To-day the murderer has to reckon with the chemist, the physicist, the Roentgenologist, and other scientists, including the Bertillon-measurement expert, the finger-print analyst, the expert blood-tester, and many others. Between them, the way of the transgressor has become hard indeed."

A breathless silence held the room. Spectators, jurors, all gazed intently at this bald, little man, whose keen eyes peered so impressively through those round shell glasses of his. Enid clasping her hands with more nervousness than she had yet exhibited, watched him intently with parted lips and fading color. Arthur, his eyes for the first time expressing a doubt, a fear, listened to every word with terrible eagerness. Nelson, paying Mansfield no more heed than as if this mar-

whose life he was about to take away had been a block of stone, continued calmly:

"A case took place in France, in 1913, in which a man was found walking quickly away from a place where a murdered man was lying. The farmer was known to be a bitter enemy of the latter, and had, moreover, a blood-stained knife in his possession and blood-stains on his clothing. On the point of conviction, the methods of Professors E. T. Reichert and A. P. Brown—whose methods can identify the kind of blood, human, animal, or reptilian, its age, race, and even the length of time since it was shed—proved this blood to be that of a rabbit, and the prisoner was acquitted."

A more hopeful look came into Arthur's face. Enid glanced at him with loving encouragement; but Keene, wise in the methods of this impersonal machine of a man, frowned slightly.

"I could tell you other cases, gentlemen," continued Nelson, "in which blood claimed to be that of rabbits, fowls or pigs has been proved to be that of human beings, and men have been caught and hanged thereby for murder. Lechanarzo, the Italian expert, can tell you when any particular specimen of blood was spilled; and his method has saved many innocent men and condemned many guilty ones.

"Mutilations of a body often betray the criminal by the skilled or unskilled nature of the cuts. Occupational deformities or diseases have their story to tell in evidence. Let me cite you a peculiar case. A man recently murdered his father and cut him into more than a hundred pieces. He buried these pieces, confident that even if any of them were found the mutilation could not be made. Daily he expressed surprise that his father did not return home.

"Six months after the deed a farmer dug up a human hand. This apparently gave no clue. It might be anybody's hand. But an expert criminologist noticed certain callouses on the palm of a peculiar nature. He begged the old man's walking stick from the grieving son as a keepsake. The curiously carved knob of the stick fitted the calloused hand, and—the son was hanged."

The pause he made so simply was dramatic in the extreme. A sigh of intense emotion rose from the stifling, fetid room. Two or three of the jurors leaned forward. Evidently Nelson was leading up to something of great moment.

"If a man is found dead, shot through the head and with a pistol in his hand, gentlemen," he went on evenly, "what is more rational than a verdict of suicide? But in real suicide the weapon is held so firmly that force is required to dislodge it. I refer you to

an article of Daving Watterson, in the Alienist and Neurologist, for full facts in such cases. The muscular spasm persists until rigor mortis sets in. It is impossible to make the hand of a corpse grip a weapon that was not in it at the moment of death.

This fact has often opened the door to deception.

"Stimulated suicides by hanging, drowning, poisons, or other means always leave traces, to be read by the scientist. The action of fire on a body often tells the tale of murder. A man recently rushed frantically to a doctor, summoning aid. His wife, he said, had just been burned to death. The doctor observed that burns made before death contain serum, and in this case there were none. The man confessed to having strangled his wife before burning the body. To quote my authority, gentlemen of the jury:

"Lynx-eyed science is rendering it ever more difficult to dispose of a body or hide the crime of murder. Human hair and blood and bones have characteristics distinctly their own. The gory knife of melo-drama is no longer sufficient to fix a crime; and even if the penny novelist should kill his hero with radium, the physicist would come along with the electro-scope and with it absolutely refute or confirm the accusation."

"The doctor turned now, amid universal silence, to the attorneys' table, took up a box, and once more faced the jurors.

"All this," said he, "leads up to the statement that science, taking no cognizance of morals, or right of wrong, can infallibly be depended on to protect all those human concepts. Her proofs, gentlemen, are indisputable. She cannot lie. Her truth is absolute. On it, in this case, you must base your judgment in the forthcoming verdict."

He now took from the box the pistol that had done the murder, held it up, showed it to the judge and jury-men, and turned to Grossmith again.

"This is the weapon that killed Mackenzie," said he, calmly.

He passed it to the jurymen, and followed it with the bullet, which they likewise inspected. Quietly, he lectured them on the effects of the shot, the distance whence it had been fired, and the manner in which it had been recovered.

Next he exhibited the broken letter-opener and the point that had been severed from it, and expounded how it had been used to open Slayton's desk.

The burned glove snaps followed, and the intact glove with the blood-marks, identified under the microscope and chemically as Mackenzie's blood.

Then came the bits of paper bearing the carbon-copied letters and figures of the combination. After this, a statement from the doctor that the button he now showed had been found close by the body. Arthur's coat was produced, and the jury were shown how the button matched, and where it had fallen off from the sleeve.

"This, gentlemen, completes the exhibits," concluded Nelson gravely, "with the exception of one bit of evidence which we have not been able to correlate with anything else in the case. I refer to these half-dozen gray hairs found in the dead hand of Mackenzie."

He held them up for inspection, wrapped with a thread and sewn to a stiff card.

"These gentlemen, are not human hairs at all. They constitute a most peculiar factor in the case. We have no hypothesis to explain them. They may mean nothing, and they may mean everything. In your deliberations give them due weight. I have no more to offer, and I thank you for your kind attention."

Nelson sat down, took off his glasses, and wiped his brow. Again the buzz and hum of voices sounded through the room. Enid, now deadly pale, her large eyes fixed on Arthur, seemed lost in despair.

For the first time her optimism had deserted her. Her look met Arthur's and she tried to smile, but miserably failed. Tears blurred her vision, but still she looked upon the man she loved, now wan and worn and suffering.

Keene exerted himself to the full in the cross-examination of the doctor, but made no progress. He dared not question the identity of ownership of the pistol, the letter-opener, the glove, or any of the exhibits—a point that told heavily against him.

Though he tried to make capital out of the finding of the gray hairs, since he had no hypothesis to work on in this enigma, he failed to reach any conclusion. Nobody short of a Sherlock Holmes could indeed have deduced anything from that seemingly insoluble mystery. Nobody knew what those hairs meant, or could guess—nobody but the absent Slayton, who had crept away to seclusion, un-

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able longer to endure the presence and the menace of old Jarboe.

After forty-five minutes of cross-questioning, together with some recross-examination, Keene found his case no better than before. Against that stone wall of evidence no power at his disposal could make one inch of progress.

The State's case now being concluded, Keene made the usual formal motion for a dismissal of the indictment. Grossmith denied this with equal formality, and witnesses for the defence were now called.

The testimony for the defence pitted a weak, too young, too young Keene had decided to withdraw any general evidence as to Arthur's previous good character as now being valueless. It might, his legal wisdom told him, even prejudice the jury by making them think the boy a hypocritical and underhanded villain. Practically the whole defence rested with Mrs. Johansen's statement and the boy's own story; for Arthur had insisted on taking the stand in his own behalf.

Mrs. Johansen testified that on the night of the murder Arthur had been in his room. At just what hour he had come in, she could not swear; she thought it was about 3 a.m. Under Keene's gentle leading—for she was a simple soul and much abashed—she told her tale, ending with "a little exordium on Arthur's being 'the best boy in the world, your Honor, and so kind to me I just know he couldn't ha' done it!'"

Ainslow smiled contemptuously and proceeded to entangle her to such an extent that she finally went to pieces and could not be sure of anything. She had not seen Arthur at all, it developed, but had only heard somebody in the room at an uncertain hour.

"That will be all, thank you," smiled the district attorney, dismissing her while the effect of this admission was still fresh upon the jury. Keene's re-direct examination failed to brace her testimony into anything like coherent strength.

Arthur himself now took the stand, bloodless but very cool; and, being sworn, told a straight story. Interest became breathless. Enid in particular hung on every word with intense eagerness.

Every look, every gesture of hers spoke absolute faith in him. Twice or thrice their eyes met with a calm look of mutual love and trust and faith.

The boy narrated everything without evasion, subterfuge, or exaggeration; his misstep in having stolen the one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, his desperation, and his visit to Slayton.

"Yes, I admit I stole," said he. "You all know why now. It was to protect my father and keep him out of the penitentiary. He's dead now, and everything about his—mistake—is known. I didn't manage to help him much, and I got into this trouble trying to. It doesn't matter that I'd have returned the money. This murder-charges is all that matters now."

"I never did it, gentlemen. Never in this world. I'm absolutely innocent!"

He spoke in a level, distinct tone that trembled only very slightly. His hands gripped the rail before him very tightly, but his look was clear and honest, his bearing manly and strong. The impression he created was favorable; and many a whispered word passed through the room, words of wonder that so black a murderer could seem so guiltless, words of pity that so splendid a young chap must shortly face the chair.

"My trip to Mr. Slayton's house at Oakwood Heights was for the purpose of borrowing money to make good my theft," he continued. "It is true I took that gun with me. That was because if Mr. Slayton refused to help me I was going to kill myself."

"Mr. Slayton received me kindly. He promised to lend me enough to clear myself, and told me to see him at nine next morning and take an envelope he would hand me."

"Before I understood the exact meaning, I thought he was going to refuse me, and I drew the pistol. He took it away from me and put it in his desk-drawer. That's the last I ever saw of it until it was just now shown me here in this room again."

Looks and murmurs of incredulity passed between the jurymen and through the audience. A peculiar situation had arisen, in which, as the perjuries being told seemed gospel truth, and the only truth known every indication of being perjury, so absurdly false did Arthur's words appear that, save for Enid, not one person in all that room gave them the slightest faith or credence whatsoever. Yes, there was one other—"Jarboe!"

The old man, smirking, nodding, scratching his wen and otherwise manifesting every sign of intense satisfaction, sat there drinking in every word.

He knew Arthur was telling the truth; he knew the boy was innocent. In three minutes he could have demanded to testify, have been sworn, and given facts that would inevitably have cleared Arthur and landed Slayton behind bars. But still he sat there saying nothing, volunteering no word or sign, listening or chuckling with Satan's own delight.

Any, delight and high rejoicing. For in Arthur's conviction and the lash of terror Jarboe could hold over Slayton, still at liberty, lay a clear thousand dollars' income every month he clung to his sordid, unclean greedy life.

Dollars, dollars, dollars: For dollars old Jarboe kept his mouth shut. For dollars the one and only witness who could have saved the boy sat there with sealed lips, and, leering and mumbling to himself, watched a human life go down into the shadows, innocent, yet convicted.

Arthur gazed at the girl, took courage from her look of faith, and continued:

"I went back to the city on the midnight train. When I got to South Ferry I took the subway to One Hundred and Tenth street and walked straight to Mrs. Johansen's. I let myself in and spent the rest of the night in my room. It was about 3 a.m. when I got there. I was so upset and troubled that I couldn't sleep, but walked the floor. About 4 o'clock I lay down, dressed, on my bed, and after a while fell asleep."

"I didn't wake up until eight. I remembered that Mr. Slayton had told me to see him at nine sharp. My time was mighty short, I saw. I didn't wait for anything, not even for breakfast, but hurried downtown. That accounts for my appearance being unnatural. I was hungry and tired, and I hadn't slept enough, and, of course, I was worried, too."

"The first thing I knew about the murder was when I bought a paper in the subway. Of course I knew then that all my plans and hopes of making good had been upset. I saw I was sure to be ruined. You can imagine my state of mind."

Arthur paused a minute, drew a deep breath and glanced about the court room, seeking a friendly face, perhaps, and finding not one—a lone one save Enid's.

(To Be Continued)

To persist in doing wrong expiates that wrong.—Troilus and Cressida.

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FOR ALL KINDS OF KIDNEY DISEASES  
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**MARY AND MARTHA.**

**Canadian Patriots at Home and Abroad.**

All Canadians are divided into two camps; those who go to the Front, and those who stay at home. There are no other Canadians. All loyal Canadians are in one or other of these two camps. All patriotic Canadians are doing their duty either in uniform or out of it.

The man who stays at home, under the pitiless publicity of the revitalized Military Service Act, is doing his war-time duty by his country if he eats potatoes three times a day, cuts out wheat, does essential work though menial, and puts his money into war bonds. By his mouth, his hands and his pocket, he shall be known.

No brass band parade preceded the trudging of the man-who-stays-at-home to his work. He has no uniform to perk him up. No esprit de corps binds him to his fellows, except psychically as all are bound by the prayer unuttered or expressed to win the war. He must hunt out his duty, and in the light of conscience do it even if it is distasteful. He is lonely and his heart is heavy, for his spirit is in the trenches. Yet he must follow his solitary furrow to the end, and the incentive is not tintured with glory, but merely with duty.

Prosaic though it may be to talk of potatoes and Johnny Cake, yet these are the humble weapons that must be used to enable the man-who-stays-at-home to walk the chalk line of duty. Potatoes or beans take the place of wheat bread in the wholesome diet. Fish is a perfect substitute for beef and pork products. Buying war bonds, no matter how small a number, helps Canada to finance the food purchases for the allies. Digging in the soil has merit, not only in producing more food, but also in discipline. It is duty.

These are the tasks the war has set for the man who can't go to the front. How trivial they appear in contrast with the heroic things the man in the trenches has a chance to do! Yet every man to his task, for it is not the task but the spirit with which it is done that counts, when every man has found his place in the scheme of efficiency that will win this war.

Martha was no less helpful than Mary, though they were not called to do the same thing.

**Mounted Police in Boer War.**

The units to which the R.N.W.M.P. directly contributed during the South African War were notably the Second Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles; Lord Strathcona's Corps, which embarked by S. S. Monterey at Halifax on March 16, 1900; the Canadian contingent of the South African Constabulary, which sailed during the subsequent spring, and the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Regiments of the Canadian Mounted Rifles (generally known as the Third Contingent), which sailed from Canada in May of 1902.

The R.N.W.M.P. gave directly to H. M.'s forces for the Boer War no fewer than eighteen officers and one hundred and sixteen non-commissioned officers and men, with four officers and thirty-eight rank and file also to the South African Constabulary, or a total contribution to the South African War in man-power of 245 of all ranks.

Sergt. A. H. Richardson (trooper in the scarlet of the force) at Wolvesprint on July 5, 1900, won the Victoria Cross by riding back under an exceptionally heavy fire to within three hundred yards of the enemy's position, in order to rescue a twice-wounded comrade whose horse had been shot from under him. During that campaign the Companionship of the Order of the Bath also was conferred upon Supt. S. B. Steele (then risen to a lieutenant-colonelcy and commanding Strathcona's Horse, but since become a general of the line); two of the erstwhile troopers of the northern wilds were decorated as Companions of the Distinguished Service Order; one won distinction as a Fourth Class member of the Victorian Order, and four gained by their gallantry the Distinguished Conduct Medal.

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**Our Neighbors**

Items of Interest Gathered by Review Correspondents

**Rock Chapel**

Mr. Hiram Dymont is in Toronto this week showing his fine herd of cattle.

Mr. Abe Higginson, of Goderich, has come to Mr. Jake Sheppard's to accompany his wife to Toronto Exhibition.

Mr. W. D. Flatt gave a splendid address to the Sunday School last Sunday. He also presented the school with a beautiful framed motto, asking for volunteers in Sunday School work.

Mr. Frank Binkley met with a slight accident which prevented him from being in his accustomed place in Sunday School last Sunday.

Rev. S. J. and Mrs. Kelly, of Owen Sound, with their daughter, Mrs. Dr. Ritchie, were visitors at Garwood Sheppard's this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds are visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. J. Chappel.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Graham, of Toronto, were visitors with her sister, Mrs. Davidson.

Mr. and Mrs. Vrooman, of Queenston, are visiting with Mrs. Thos. Connell.

Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell are spending their vacation at Bolton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Doidge, of Hamilton, spend Sunday at the Sheppard homestead.

Rev. Mr. Albright is back from his holidays and delighted his audience last Sunday. We were especially pleased to see so many friends up from Dundas.

Threshing in this vicinity is now in full swing. The yield, especially of oats, is very heavy; other grains are also turning out well.

**Maple Sugar.**

Reports reaching the Canada Food Board indicate that the maple sugar season this year will be a very busy one. Trees were tapped in southwestern Ontario during the first week in March and a good run of sap resulted. From all districts come reports of unusual activity. Farmers who have received circular letters from the Canada Food Board have, in many cases, in reply told of their plans and of their special efforts to increase production this season. At Oka, on Lake of the Two Mountains, the Trappist Monks will tap 5,000 trees, according to a letter received from Rev. Father Tremblay. "We have tapped every maple tree that we can find," he writes, "and are making a specialty of sugar and syrup of the best quality." Mr. J. H. Grimm, of the Grimm Manufacturing Co., says that he has been positively overwhelmed with orders from farmers for sugar-making equipment.

**Catch the Wasters.**

Anybody who discovers cases of waste of food may notify the legal authorities, who have power, under the new order, to take action. Willful or careless waste has become illegal, and municipalities who secure the conviction receive half the fine, while provincial officers securing the conviction receive half the fine for the province.

**Millgrove**

Mr. and Mrs. Julian Smith, of Hamilton, are visiting in the neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McIntyre are visiting with Mr. McIntyre, Simcoe.

Mrs. Ernest Tufgar is on the sick list.

Miss Ethel Flatt, of Binkley church, will address the Sunday school next Sunday morning.

The Evaporator factory is undergoing repairs previous to starting business.

Mrs. Reid is visiting at Mr. Binkley's near Hamilton.

Rev. Albright has returned after his vacation.

Jas. E. Foster is visiting friends in St. Catharines.

**Greenville**

Miss Nellie Betzner spent the week-end with Edna Jerome in Dundas.

Miss Mary Jackson, of Ottawa, is home on a visit.

Miss Evelyn Hore is visiting in Buffalo.

Miss Laura Superus is visiting at Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stones of Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. Audley Morden and children of Hamilton, were visiting in the village.

Mrs. John Stutt and grand daughter Frances Slater, are visiting at Water Lake.

**HEALTH COMMANDMENTS.**

Don't leave your rooms in the morning with an empty stomach.

Never place your back near a heated radiator or against a wall, warm or cold.

Don't remain motionless in a cold room and do not stand in an open space, on ice or snow.

Don't leave your abode in cold weather without warm wraps around your shoulders and breast.

Never expose yourself to cold air immediately after you have partaken of a warm liquid of any kind.

Walk only when you must, for the old adage, "Speech is silver, silence is gold," holds good even in hygiene.

Don't stand before an open window in a railway carriage nor take a drive in an open carriage after violent physical exercise.

Don't retire with cold or wet feet. Nothing prevents sleep with so much certainty as the neglect of your pedal extremities.

Breathe respiration in the cold by breathing through the nose. This will give the air a chance to get warm before reaching the lungs.

Don't put off your regular bath. When the skin is not kept fresh and soft, the cold draws the pores together and you are rendered susceptible to pulmonary troubles of all kinds.

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**Men's Furnishings**

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**\$1.00**

Men's four-in-hand Ties, a good assortment to choose from

**25c**

**STOP ALL WASTE**

In these strenuous times our country demands elimination of all waste. Don't overlook the little things, they do not amount to much alone, but altogether they assume alarming proportions.

**Dry Goods**

Grey Wool Blankets. All good strong blankets, large sizes  
**\$4.00, \$4.75, \$7.00 and \$9.00 a pair**

Grey Flannels are scarce goods now. We have a limited quantity at very close prices

**25c, 50c and 60c per yard**

Navy Blue cloth for ladies dresses or suits, good dye and good quality cloth, 47 inches wide, at per yard

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Unbleached Table Linen, large floral design, 70 in. wide

**75c**

Gingham House Dresses in medium and dark blue and brown checks, trimmed collars, cuffs and pockets to match

**\$2.25**

Tea Aprons in 4 styles. Lace, embroidery and ribbon trimmed, with and without pockets, nice tie strings

**50c each**

Black moue underskirts with 12 in. flounce, nicely stitched and made of extra quality, each

**\$1.50**

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