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THURSDAY. JAN. 15, 1885.

The Rev. W H. Wadleigh is the only gentle man travelling authorized to collect subscrip. tions for the "Dominion Churchman."

A nation of gamblers.-The well-known Astronomer, Mr. Procter, has made the following remarks on the gambling spirit of the American nation. "Much as all European nations are given to gambling, Americans seem to have gone alto gether beyond them. In America, boys of ten o twelve bet resolutely as bookmakers at a race. man oan hardly express agreement with snother in America save by saying "you bet," or "you may go your pile," or "bet your bottom dollar," or the
like, " on that." The current odds on the late election were published by the papers systematically. Nine out of ten of all the men and boys in America backed their favorite candidate at current odds. I can imagine no worse sign in a community than the general pravalence of the gambling spirit. The gambling spirit is evidence of an immoral, unprincipled nature. Those who find themselves possessed by it should beas anxious about so evil a sympton as a man would be who should find himself spitting blood or giving other evidence of a disease affecting his whole physical nature."

When ie arises the prevalence of gambling ? Mr. Prostar is an eminent writer. Had he investi gated this subject he would have found that the system of education in America is wholly secular, it affords no corrective of or antidote to the gambling spirit. On the contrary, secular education fosters and developes the " immoral and unprinoipled nature," of which gamblimg is a sign, by exclude ing all moral and religious training, and concen
trating the full power of education wholly upon sharpening of the wits of the young. This being done, a distaste is created for steady labour, which
is too "slow " for the American, and as there is no public sentiment against gambling, the great mass young men take up this villianous habit in the haste to be rich without work or application. But we are told, that we must have secular education involving national demoralization, because it necessary to keeping up the non-denominational system! A system which is daily demonstratin Christ, and the greatest hindrance to evangelistic Corks.
work

Anecdote of Bishop ©Wilberforce.-One story aboat the late Bishop of Winchester shows hi marvellons faculty of repartee, and his well-known dislike to losing from his diocese men of power "Bishop Wilberforce, when in the Oxford See, had lost a clergyman whom he wished to retain in The Bese, by his being offered a living in Surrey we have it, for harbarism as they have it in Surrey. When S. Wilburforse came to the Winchester See, he met this slergyman at a nobleman's dinvertable in Surrey, and the host chaffed the Bishop table in Surrey, and the host chaffed the Bishop
about it, and asked him if he considered Surrey still a barbarous place, to which he said,-'Yes, an the barbarous people showed us no little kindness.

The Clergy and Education.-The Míister of Education in England recently said liat the best friends of education; and most zealous worsers in its interests, were the Clergy of the Ohurob of Eng. land. Of course such a remark from a member o the Government excited great comment, althoug the fact stated is commonly known to all intelli-
gent persons. But our denominational friends gent persons. But our denominational friend
were annoyed, and the attention of Mr. Mundella was called to his reported utterances that he attri butod the principle ednational work to Church folk. The right hon. gentleman writes: "The tatatement madod by the Arrabishop of Canterbury was perfectly true, and was authorised. It was to England the clergy were the best supporter of education, and took the greatest interest in it their ideas being altogether much higher than tha of the farmers and local authorities generally."

The sham degrees question.-A very instructive aot has been divulged in the daily press in it obituary notices of a gentleman who was once President of the Ontario Agricultural College. We are informed that at the age of twenty-five, he was appointed to this position, being at the time edge of hout any practical or theoretical know subject, and at once began to write on the topic $h$ was in the process of learning. Being a quick reader, he soon ran over the necessary text books which being mastered, he at once published reatise on Argiculture. This effort, we are in formed, seoured the writer the degree of L. L. D from an American Oollege! Could anything ex hibit in a more soandalous light, the depraved prastices of certain colleges in conferring degrees We are glad to see that Cambridge has determined to give no more honorary D.D's, all with certain tests of were done in Canada, what a falling off there would be in the members of those wearing this sham title.

A significant Pervert.-It is announced that son of the Bishop of Rochester has entered the Church of Rome. The young man 18 between eighteen and hineteen years of age, therefore no doubt fully acquaninted with the question on which he has given so emphatic a judgment! The Bishop is a decidedly Low Churchman, although disposed to be fair in his conduct to others of a different
school. It is noticeable that the party organs of Dr. Thorold's school say nothing on this case. The Literary Churchman, Church Review, and other high " papers, simply point out that the perverts Rume are not drawn from the Catholic party t is a lamentable case, and has great interest to ns, becausé this young man was at a College when in. duced to desert nis. The same active proselyting vork is going on here amongst the students of our gnostic University. The Romish agents find the denominational field well adapted to their work.

The Money Element in Church Disputes.-A ery unhappy dispute is now raigng in a Presbyterain congregation between the munister and a certian part of his flock. With the merits of the quarrel we, of course, have no concern. But there are two points of general interest in this affair. The first is this, that the Minister has been censured by the Presbytery for speaking too plainly to his people on certain sins to which they are prone, he is "too personal," say his flock, in his rebukes. Now, it is cloar that if the preacher is a true man, e must be personal, it is no use rebuking Sabbath reakers when speaking to those who faithfully eep it. The sins he sees or knows to be committed y his people, these he should rebnke. The very ract thist a Minister is charged with being "too persona." is strong, almost conclusive evidence hat ho has "struck home," for no person feels a ebake to be personal which only censures an ther's faults. The pew system, as in th question, compels the authorities to pew renters, hence, the part taken by the $\mathbf{P r}$ ytery against a Mimister who has been too faithi n dealing with pew renter's sing. Another poi: is this, that those who have been rebuked, or wh fancy they have, now with? cold contributions to. wards the support of the cicrch! In this they ave a well-known and well conder ad pric ent. One wonders in reading of $t$, pe po buttoning up their pockets, how far thel cond overned by the chance of saving money. A for
odliness which is great gain in dollars, must have wonderful charm to misers and money worshippers. What a delightful combination it must be to mean souls, to be able to keep back their dollars all for the glory of God! But what sort of Christians are the people who take any chance to avoid contributing to the cause of Christ? It is ovident that such persohs require very plain speakng indeed.

New Zealand.-The Maori King on leaving England wrote the follwing farewell:- "To my ear friends who have cherished me and my companions, and who have invited us with great hospitality on our reaching this distant land; may on and yoúr wives and children live. I am returng to my race and to my land with the blessing Goat who lead me and my friends across the reat ocean to see you, and to know the thoughts of he great nations. So I am sending you my farewell greeting. Dwell here in your own land and mong you own people, and may God who has how me kindness keep you. The kindness and ove you have shown us and our friends will not be ost. We have seen the goodness and peacefolness f all the nation with their wives and children $\mathrm{Oh}, \mathrm{my}$ dear friends, the ontcome of goodness never varies from this. See Matthew 5th chapter, 6 to 10 verses. In conclusion, I am glad in my departure, because I have known and learnt those hings which have been so evident to me in this ountry." The Maories are natives of New Zealand, and number about 50,000 . They are of he Malay race-a tall, well-formed, intelligent, brave and determined in war, in whioh they have ften been engaged with the British Colonists Bishop Selwyn once told the writer that he felt safer at night surrounded by Maories than he did in aily house in England.
difference of character should Martha found fault with Mary, not Mary with NOT ESTRANGE.

CERTAINLY difference in principle must needs divide men more or less from one another If trath unites, opposition to truth, and even neg leet of it, must separate. We allow, however, this disuniting tendency to bave its own way a grea deal too much, when Charchmen who hold the same creeds, and use the same divine offices form opposite and hostile camps, and make war on each other as they now do. This is a fault, and worse than a fanlt, greatly to be lamented, and to be amended also, if the Church is to do her work But not this evil is meant to be the subject of these remarks, but rather that strange and sad pheno menon which we observe which men who hold th same principles and have the same object in view hold aloof from each other, if they think that thei neighbour works in a department or in a manne which does not command itself to themselves. It a word, not only differences in principle separate Charehmen, bat difference of character
Was not this the failing of the Corinthians who proffered each his own gift, and were rebuked by S Paul? His heavenly ohapter on Charity woul cure the disease, if applied, but then it is not We behold some men endowed with a politica sagacity, who possess a knowledge of human nature, who makes ase for high ends of the virtues of others and their vioes, of their folly and their wis dom. They are able to do what men with seemingly higher ideal fail to accomplish. Certain ly they run a great risk of deteriorating, and o sacrificing principle to expediency at conjunctures But we should be charitable to them, and diseern their merits rather than their falls; and they, o their parts, should be on the watch against what not their least temptations, impatience of thos who, on principle, do not co-operate with them They must not call others unpractical, idealists dreamers, transcendental, visionary, and wish then out of the way, because they are not like them selves Those others do their proper work, wor equally necessary. They are certainly not les singleminded. They work for God and use thei special gifts for His Honour.
Who are these others? No names will be given on either side. The reader may supply instance from his own knowledge of ancient or contem porary history as he will. Let him be careful however, and charitable if he tries to do so.
These others are theologians, devont ; men whos minds dwells on absolute trath. They dread any thing which will obscure the trath, or seems deflection from the straight. They hate com promises and distrust policy. They live in a highe region than that of the political and practical man They are tempted to distrust him and dislike him and to refuse co-operation with him. Perhap they read him better in some respects than he can read himself, and they diseern real faults ; but, do they always discern real merits? Are they sensible that he is doing for the good canse wha they are not doing and cannot do; and that what appears to them complicity with imperfection is often the result of a knowledge of human natur which they themselves have not, which knowledge comes of a great grace, no less a grace than sympathy?
Perhaps the former class of persons are more in fanlt than the latter. Practical people are apt to be very impatient with what stands in their way $a_{n d}$ does not accommodate itself to their plans

## Martha

Wisely Thou givest-all around
Thine equal rays are reating found
Thine equal rays are resting found
Yet varying so on varions ground
They pieroe and strike.
That not two reseate cups are crowned With dew alike.
But all are beautiful, and all receive their proper banty and their place in creation from the Father of lights.-W. E. Heygate, in Literary Churchman

## MORALITY IN THE PUBLIO SOGOOLS

## by the rev. Join may, Ma.

It is easy to underatand how the imparting of direct religions instraction in the Public Schools, has been knooked in the head by that modern Ohristian monster, Denominationalism; but that Morals, as a specific and indispensable branch of he curriculum, should be east overboard at the same time, passes comprehension. It seems to be generally assumed that the great questions of right and wrong are so interwoven with questions of religious dogma, that any formal attempt to deal with them in the sohool-room, must result in collision with the opinions which divide the seets from one another, and all of them from the Chureh Catholic. A more baseless assumption never existed. The principles of right and wrong are eternal ; jand are the exolusive property of no Christian denomination. They are not even con ined to Christianity itself. Heathen systems, hough false as a whole, are full of sound maxims of a moral nature. Not only ares Presbyterian Methodist, Anglican, Romanist, Unitarian agreed in the main, as to what constitutes high moral character and sound principles of action, but also the world's great teachers in every age. I say this is true in general, thought not universally. At all vents it is near enough to the truth for practical purposes. If Moses said : "Thou shalt not bear false witness;" and St. Paul, "Speak every man truth with his neighbour; not the less tanght Zoroaster, "Be very scrupulous to observe the trath in all things;" and Buddha, "Thou shalt speak no word which is false." In like manner might Pythagoras be cited ; and Confucius, Thales, Cicero, Mohammed, Socrates, Seneca, and even Voltaire,-whose writings are full of rules of right conduct. Suppose a Public Schoo netirely made up of pupils representing not only the various sects of Christians, bat also every ationality and religion in the world, will any one assert that moral science could not be made a prominent part of the currioulum of such a schoo without producing a theological explosion? The dea is ridiculous. How much more absurd then is it to assume fthat the systematio teaching of morality in our schools as they are, would result in collision with the beliefs which divide the great Christian Brotherhood? The fact is that ther are cortain principles respecting right and wrong aniversally accepted: that the inculoation of these principles is essential to the welfare of society, few will question: how, then, are they to be inculcated; That the practical absence of such training forms deadly hiatus in our system, I am positive. That the awful gap may be filled up, and that with ease am certain. I do not, however, pretend to for mulate in detail the precise schere by which this is to be accomplished. All I hope to do here is, to call the attention of abler pens, and, through them, bat of the pablic, to the sabject.
Nor do I pretend to say that a species of mor ality, good enough so far as it gces, is not alread
taught in an indireot, haphazard fashion. But, a thanks to the system. Order and discipline, with out which a school cannot live, involve of necessity a certain modioum of training in correet behavioue More than this, however-much more than this, is wanted. If high character in the individen citizen is as essential to the good of the community as high intelleotual attainments are to himsell, it not ominons that public opinion should be apathetic on the subjeot as to leave a matter such vital importance to take care of itself as mere incident of the sohool life? The faet, an fact it is, says little for public appreciation of th intense importance of the question.
Education is a prism. Its three sides are abso. lately of equal importance. Now, look at the school programme. Leaving out gymnastios, and the recesses provided for in the time table, what i there left bat a vast provision for the endless tor ture of the intelleotual faculties-supposed to by their healthy development?
The Minister of Edncation might make his nami mmortal-another and a greater St. George-b slaying this dragon. Let him commit the preson programme to the flames. Let him cause new one to be framed, in which moral scienes shall have its due place. Let a text book on th subject be compileed, clear of all and every kind o religions dogma, at least of a seetarian character and let that book be as well-thumbed and a worn both by pupil and teacher, as is the p tortured Grammer or Arithmetic. Let lessons in morals be assiduonsly tanght every where, on a asi ematic plan, from the initial hour of school life, il hrongh every class and form, and atage ; exen fied in the teacher, and wrought into the tissue of each ehild's inner being, in such a wi hat the strong masonry of character shall rise t its cope-stone like an impregnable fortress; th shall society as a body be regenerated and vivified, so far at least as the power of habitui right-doing can regenerate and defend it ; and or of the reproaches of the times be removed.
I use the word "regenerated" advisedly. I ham no reference to individual spiritual regeneration If we cannot have the highest, by all means let e have the next. And the mere power of habit ramed on pure principles, and growing daily fro infaney to manhood, will prove a mighty guard to the community, (which is the real que here) even should it fail to eradicate the roots ovil in the natural heart. But even to these will prove an engine of a mighty repressive powat so far as their open manifestation is concerned And this is what society calls for: not the individual's preparation for heaven, but his social f ness for earth. The Churoh, not the State, is con cerned with the former. But, without higher ohar acter in the Teacher, suocess cannot be expected The ordeal through which he passes for a certifi cate must be made as fiery in Moral Science as i i now is in Arithmetic. This is one half: the other it the actual possession lof high moral character Every candidate failing in either, or both them qualiftcations, should be mercilessly rejeoted.
I am aware that many would advocate the teacil ing of morality ivithout a Text Book. They seemi to prefer what they call a more natural and lees meohanical method. These people belong to that class who would teach religion without the Cate chism. I am aware how much might be done without a book : As an old schoolmaster I am also aware how it would not be done, or done to $n$ purpose. Of course, the teacher who had the mat


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ter at heart, would let slip no opportunity of imprinting a moral lesson at any hour of the day; but there must be method, system; and these cannot be had without a text book.

I must apologise for taking so much room; but the question deserves it, although its treatment may not. I do trust that the matter may not be allowed to drop. My own opinion is that if those who have hither to nobly, but. I fear, hopelessly, battled for the re-introduction of religions teaching into the schools, would turn their attention to a more feasible project, their aims would be substantially attained; or, at any rate, the thing next best in order be secured.

THE UNIVERSITY CONFEDERATION
SCHEME.

THE scheme proposed to bring about a federation of the colleges of Ontario, has been published-too láte however for as to discuss in this issue. Of the varions proposals, No. 19 bas the most significance.
19. The curricalum in arts of the provincial university shall include the subjects of biblical Greek, biblical literature, christian ethics, apologetics, or the evidences of natural and revealed religion and church history, but provision shall be made by a system of options to prevent such sub jects being made oumpulsory by the university upon any candidates for degrees.
While so very momentous, a subject is under discussion, we wish to abstain from criticism not likely to be helpful to a wise issue. But we ask especial attention to No. 19, as evidence of the influence in these discussions of the gifted and scholarly Provest of Trinity College, and the able and clear sighted, statesman like minded, principal of Victoria College. We trust that the government will not be allowed under any protext whatever, to grant any public monies to the secular department of the new scheme, what may become a Secular State College, which it is not prepared to grant is like proportion to these colleges which are not Secular. There are very grave principles involved in this-principles of justice and equity. It is mere verbal trickery to tell us that the State ought not to exdow a religious college, while it may rightly endow a non-religious college. The distinction here sought to be drawn does not exist so far as any velevance to the subject in hand is concerned. A Seoular Oollege has a creed; a defined, dogmatie, disputable, denominational Creed, just as sectional, just as narrow, just as divisive in operation, as that of any Church. That that creed is chiefly made up of a wide negation is no special feature, all our creeds are largely negative and could be framed in a negative form. One citizen says, "I' believe that religion has no bearing upon education," and thereupon he demands pablic money to maintain his creed. Another citizen says, "I believe that religion has a bearing upon education," and behold! when he asks for the same grants as the believer of an opposite creed, he is told impudently enough, that "the State ought not to endow a creed!" It, pitiable that educated people allow their intellects to be so blunted by selfish prejudices, as to imagine that the ory of no state aid to religions colleges, has in it a shadow of logic, or a trace of justice, or a scintilla of equity. The bare fact is that the exclusive endowment of a Secular state College, is a brazen game of bluff to rob the religious part o the community of their money, for the purpose of endowing a system of godess education, against
which their principles, their consciences, their whole moral and intellectual, life indignantly protests. If the new scheme does that, it will be an iniquity, and a reproach and a danger to the well being of our country.

THE AGENCIES BEST ADAPTED TO ATTACH THE PEOPLE TO THE OHURCH.
by rev. o. e. whitcombe, toronto
By the terms of this heading upon our programme, I am saved the necessity of defining my interpretation, or as hamorously remarked by the Assistant Bishop of New York, of giving you "my squint " as to what I understand by the term "the Church." In this Congress it is the Church of England.
I am pleasel also that the committee selected the phrase "agencies to attach the people," rather than that expression, in common vogue now a days, "attract the masses." Far from mere attractions proving efficient for the attachment of the people to the Church, I may emphatically declare that the multiplication of schemes for attracting the masses is attended step by step, by a constant detachiment of the people from the Church. We have a plethora of attractions ; we need agencies for attachment.
The whole programme of this Congress, from the initial paper by our diocesan on the cathedral system, to the speech of the last gentleman upon this!platform, has been a continuous consideration of the agencies best adapted to attach the people to the Church.
I would remind you that the great centre of attachments,-the test by which every agency must be tried, must ever be-the lifting up of Carist crucified. "I, if I be lifted up, will draw all meu unto me." If this principle underie any agency that may be alopted, sooner or later, (often later, for thus does God try our faith) such agency will be blessed by the Holy "Spirit, for the accomplishment of that for which it has been set un motion.
A most lovely attachment is that in the Bible record of the love of David and Jonathan, an attachment which was built upon intermutaal respect.
One of the most universal and inviolable attachments which exists among men to-day, is that of a man to his alma mater, the university, college or school whence he had receivel that mine of wealth of instruction from whioh, thróngh life, he never ceases to draw rich trjasures.
Whether a man sports througb life the light or the dark blue ribbon, he has ever a love for his alma master. And this attachment is based on respeetfu
rratitude for the gifts of instruction that he has received therein. We never hear of provost, professor, master or tator belittling before hi students, the college which he represents.
This cause of attachment, which is based on respect for his alma mater, should have yet more man is to be attaohed throngh life to the ohnreh the church must earn his respeet by instructing him in those truths, the possession of which will comprise his surest wealth both here and hereafter
The ohurch, especially as represented in the persons of those who are her ordained teachers, must not belittle herself, nor fear to teach boldly and dogmatically what she is, and the divine souree from which she has her origin and authority, and whence she draws her life. Her teachers must lift up Christ as her divine Head, for I no more know of a Christ without His Oharch on earth, than I can conceive of the church without Christ her ever present Head.

The attachment of the people to the Charch must rest on no less solid $a$ foundation than the Dogma, that she who is to last on earth, in paradise, and before the judgment throne of Christ, is the living ever present, tangible continuation of the great central fact of tacts, incarnation of the Son of God. Sach a position demanded for the Church is the very highest and most effectual source of attachment of the people. Once let a man embrace this great trath, that the Charch is the ever present continuation of the mystery of the incarnation, and nothing can sunder him from her incar
fold.
I have spoken of the dogmatic teaching of what the Church of Christ claimg to be on earth as the great instrumentality for attaching the people: let me say on the negative side that those whom she has lost from her fold, have ever been the numerical equivalent of the disregard of the doctrine of the Church, as the visible Body of Christ on earth. The loss of thousands of her children on the demise of John Wesley, was contemporary with an atter disregard of her claim to be the divine witness of Christ on earth. She has ever lost her untaught children.
We have been told again and again, that to attach the people we are to preach the pure gospel. I agree to that dogma-but by what test is the purity of the preached gospel to be gaaged? Is the amount of milk (and water) to be tested by a private lactometer carried in the pocket of the individual, or by the interpretation of the Church as offered in her creed and standards, the dogmatia of that Body which is set on earth for a witness to Christ her Heai, and a keeper of the Fuilh once Christ her Heat, and a
delivered to the saints.
My time will only allow me to glance at minor agencies for the attachment of the people to the Oburch. Free seats attach the people to the Church, whilst pew rents attach the people to the seats.
The Prayer Book was compiled when all con formed to the Church. Under the changed circumstances of Enghsh Christianity of this age, we need oo put in practice that elasticity of ur serviees which the decrees of the Convocations of Canterbury and York, and the canon of our own Provincial synod, set us free to adopt. In the last two min tes now allowed to me, I would return to my arly proposition, that the standard of healihfo aeans for the attachment of the people to th unarch, must ever be the "lifting up of Cnrist -a present Christ-a realiy preseat chris.-prethe little ones into His holy arms in baptism-present to give His Budy and Blood to the faithfal sent to give His Budy and Blood to the faithful
in the Lord's Supper-present where two or three aie gathered togetner in His Name.

## LITERARY NOTICES.

The Edocational Weekiy.-Is the title of a new journal, which we the mure gladly weloome, because it conductors seem to have pight views as to the imperfection of secular educrtion. The Editor in his Greeting asks for light from all who will kindly give it, bat most of all for that greater light promises to give to every one that asks it of Him." in the darkness of of Christ will not see ligh already some measure of this training. Having our contemporary to stand firm in asking with vs or all our educational institntions, having based apon the teaching of Him who is the Light of the worl). We trust he will not be cowedly either political, social, or secturian assaeration from doing is duty, in this regard as a Ohristian man. The article on moral edncatien, the great want of the article on moral educatien, the great want of the
age," by Rev. Peter Prescott, is valuable and age, Ry Rev. Peter Prescott, is valnable and etirement of Dr. Davies from his post at the Normal School. The retirement was, we believe, a political act, Dr. Davies, not being of the same stripe as the minister of education. A journal devoted to education, shsuld lift up its voice boldly against the policy of forcing men out of appointments, or forcing them into appointments for political reasons. If its mouth is gagged in such
topies its position，is unwerthy the associations of edueational effort and life．

Doroas Magazine of Knitting and Crochet．－－ y Laura B，Starr，\＄1．per year，pablished ho＂，d Bros， 872 Braudway New York，wo expert，who pronc noes warmly in its favour，and expert，who pronc：nces warmly in its favour，and which it is an oxponent．We can say that the make up is very neet indeed，and these selections which are written down low enough for a masenline understending，＂are ：ohosen with skill and taste． We ho，et the＂Doroas＂will succeed．

도늘
The Enclish Churchanan，and St．James Chroni－ cle．－The Churchman up to a recont period was always welcome，it was edited with sochclarly care and skill，somewhat wanting in life as modern newspapers go，but always readable and its Charoh tone，moderate and free from rancour．The churchman has however＂fallen from gravo，bitter pastisans，and its whole columns reek with slander．

Fant e foreipu Church detus．
From our own Correapondents．

## DOMINION．

## ontario．

Tympdinasa．－Ohristmas service on the Reserve．－ Christ Churoh（Zower Mobawk）was richly decorated texts in artistically made scrolls and skillfally ar－ ranged，some above and some beneath the wreaths． The rector，Rural Dean Baker，preached，taking for his text 14th v．of II，e．St．Luke，＂Glory to God in
the Highest，＂eto．All Baints Chorch，where the stter－ the Highest，＂etc．All Baints Church，where the after－ noon service was held，was perhaps more elaborately decorated．Texts appeared here and there，the Church，while all else was done wy the lady of the congregation．$A n$ exceedingly hand members neret adorned the walls，the gift of Miss Myne London，Ont．Botiu services were largely attended and the musical portion was well rendered．Miss Hill，who returned home from the west last Saturday presided efficiently at the organ．

DsseronTo．－St．Mark＇s Charch was completely packed last Monday with an unexpected and enthus． festivites of the Sunday－sohool．The ehuroh had been previously dressed with evergreens，and two large trees bore the wealth of handsome presents teachers and pupils．The Rev．T．Stanton presided giving an introductory address，and recitations，carols， etc．，were cheerily given by the scholars，The dis． tribation of prizes and presents absorbed an hour，Mr． J．G．Hooper assisting in the arduous task of stripping the trees．Everything passed off most pleasantly， and all departed determined to work more energetic ally than ever for the school．

Pertri－At St．James＇Churoh，on Christmas Day the usual festal services were well attended．Hymns and carrols appropriate to the day were sunig．A large number partook of the Holy Communion．The
ecorations were confined to a single vase of flowers，
1 \＆ledge behind the altar，the architectual adorn－
a ledge behind the altar，the architectual adorn－
The in the way of decoration．Thetrector，the 7．K．Stephesson，preached，taking for his text， She Mon of Man came not to be administered unto，＂ （st．Matt．Xx．28．）＂he offertory，which is on thi Presents in kind，of the value of $\$ 45.00$ ，had been previously sent in to the rector．At a bazaar held dur ing the previons week，the sum of 8807.88 was obtain d towards payment of the debt on the Rectory Ifc ase By the aid of this sum this debt weill be red．ee to 8150 ．The annual missionary meeting
was icid on Sunday，Dec．14th，at 7 p， stirring and practical addresses were pelim．Earnest， the depatation，Rev．S．McMorine，of Pakenham， adjusted the Rev．C．E．S．Radoliffe，B．O．L．，of amounted to $\$ 50.55$ ．

Rural．beankry ol Stormont．－Def wiation No．1．－
 16 th， 7 p．m．；Montinette，Jan．18th， 10 a．m．；Eamer S．．
p．m．

Frankyille．－A very suocessful Christmas－tree entertainment was held here on the evening of the 30th Dec．Dialognes，recitations and songs，wer
piven by the members of $8 t$ ．Thomas＇ given by the members of St，Thomas＇Charoh choi achool from the Redon．The soholars of both Sun． day－sohools reoeived suitable books and Ohristmas oards．The Rev．Jno．Osborue＂and wife，＂were pre chair，py che Frankvill very enegantion，ss a token their esteem and good wishes for them．Whe incum bent thanked the congregation for their kindness also all who helped on the oocasion．＂This ；ended very happy evening．

Prescott．－On Now Years＇．Eve，1884，atïthe resid⿰氵noe of her nephew，B．French，Esq，Miss Doll Yerwin entered into rest st the advanced age Esq．．one of the chief contribaters＇to the Buildin Fund of St．John＇s Charch，PPrescott，${ }^{\text {Fand }}$ ，in time one by one of the leading and most respected ditizens of the town．Through life she was steady and onsistent charohwoman，and in the long period of he domestic and quiet life，she exemplified the christia graces of gentleness and liberality．She was alway ready to administer to the wants of the poor，and to sustain the missionary work of the ohuroh．He liberality to St．John＇s Church was steady dendyloon tant，and the fine and rioh－toned bell in the tow of that ohurch was her gith．Her parents were U．E of the revolationary war that Canada，at the perio intact the prond and honoured name of Bitie itizens．At the departore of soal of Britis ind，so truly good，we may breathe the christio prayer．Requiescat in pace．

Kingeston－At 10 colock on Saturday， 8 ra inst，the asket containing remains of Rev．F．W．Kirkpe rick were removed from his residence to the chufo and placed near the allar ais which he had so frequently The casket was plain and nating appeals to his people the face of the dead conld be sean by The remains were dressed in been by the people． the surplice and college hood．The ohurch wae crowded，and handreds passed the casket and wa the last sed look at the face of him who had comforted hem．Many wept bitterly．The edifice was appro priately draped．The palpit，lectern，and readin esk were covered with black，the communion table with white．Festoons of black cloth adorned the she sides，and a doable row crossed the gallery．The pilsars，gas standard，organ and centre gasalier were
also draped．Everything had a sombre appearance but appearances stightly indicated the grief whic illed the heart of those inaicawing the griel whic of St．James＇Charch．Half an ho rongregatio pening of the service the an hour previous to th friends and mourners．Presently the aisles filled up and there was a crush in the gallery．The door up oo，was ohoked，and hundreds stood outside waitin 0 follow the body to its last resting place．Every prominent citizen was prosent．© Clergymen of ever Creed in the city were present to doplore the loss of Christian friena，while the large array of Anglica had sustained $T$ The had sustained．The following clergymen from a dis Napanee：Rev，J．WW Orawford，Brockvill ：Rev，Belle7ille ；Rev．E．P Rural Dean Baker，Tyendinaga；Farrar，Parham Sydenham；Rev．K．L．Jones，Barriefield ；Rev．F．W Dobbs，Portsmiouth，besides all the Anglican clergy an Before it was city．At 2 o＇clock the service began Berore it was proceeded with，and while the people ＂Christ will gather in his own．＂Aang the 244 hymn pened the service：Rev，Mr．Burke read the psalms tev．W．B．Carey the lessons，and Rev．F．W．Dobb to bdued．The the dead．The singing was soft and Mornirg，＂＂Days ns were：＂On the Resarrection The casket was convis Moments Quiokly Flying． Raral Dean Baker，E，P，aut of the charch by Reve Messer．E．J．B．Pense，P．Bates and S．A．Spencer procession which passed the chnreh s．Lhener．The and solemply tolled the funeral knell we bell slowly testifying to the love and regard with which the de regret dropped from calasses．Expressions of sincere regret dropped from many lips．＇Tenderly the body
was placed in the vault at Cataraqui
hefeeling of all was that one of Kinguton＇m bent be－ loved citizens had gone to his final rest．－Whig

## TORONTO．

Toronto．－Leoture on Egypt．－The Rov．T．W．Pat Croon leotured on the 6th inst．in the solooolhouse of he Charch of Redeomer，on Ekypt．The leoture was
illastrated by magnifoent view，of the citios，品 oonatry．The andience highly appreciated this rare， intelleotual and artistic troat．

Dioosse or aleoma Martine．－A meeting in the intereste of the Algoma diocese was held is St Geor． ge＇s sochool house last week，at which the binhop gave o be made to appeals for Algoma．

Church of the Aecension S．S．Festival．－The anual estival and distribation of prizes of the Church of he Ascension Sunday sohoor was held in the school． soholars was very large．Exceellent order was heop by the scholars，under the control of the superintaps． dent Mr．O．W．R．Biggar．A series of viows ins dent Mr．C．W．R Biggar．A series of viows man ot the unqualifiel satisfaction of those prosent．This prizes for good behaviour and regular attondance were then given to the scholars entitled to them． The superintendent stated that there were aixty－one arst prizes given for good attendance to soholaris whe had attended fifty Sundays and over during the yeas． Sundays．Tuere were forty－one seocond prizee give for attendance and good conduoct to tho had attended rom forty－seven to ifify Sundays．Four special prinee were given to scholars who had brougat now pupilt， them to a prize．After the close of the meeting cinct scholar was presented with candies in a neat paper box．The boxes were generously given by Moears Kilgoar Bros．Mr Thon．Langton，M．A．，preaided at the organ．This Sunday sohool is now one of the largest in the city．The average attencance in 500 ， and on Sunday last 560 scholars were prosent．（A
result largely result largely owng to the indefatigable labours of
Mr．Biggar，as the congregation has only a very slight Mr．Biggar，as the congregation has only a very slighty
representation in the School ia either teachers or represent
parents．

Toronto．－New Parishes．－It is probable that eev． oral new parishes will be organized in Toronto thit year．The city is extending so largely that the pro－ sent parishes are unequal to the needs of Charch ccommodation．

Toronto Caubio S．S．Assoclation．－A meeting of he Association was held on the evening of Dee．， 1889 ， n the charoh of the Ascension Sohool hoase．Rov． After the opening hymn and prayer，Mr．S．G．Wood ave a very interesting exposition of the institate asson for next Sonday，on the Church Oatechism， portion of catechism，＂thenant－blessings，＂and the portion of catechism，then beginning with the quest． on，＂Who gave you this name．＂At 8.30 another and confirmed．At 8.45 Rev．J．F．Sweeny B．D．reand is paper entitled＂What shonid＇weeny B．D．，read Sunday school teacher ？＂（which the objeot of the our last issue．）At the conclosion of thisape an animated discosssion began．The secretary ypaped with many of Mr．Sweeny＇s saggestions with his warning against the practice of giving undue prominence to some particular dootrine，e．g．，ropen－ ance to the exclusion of other dootrinee，not lose mportant．He thought the Churche＇s plan of teach－ from adyuent to Whas of history，in the Christian year． com adyent to Whit Sunday，rather than dogmati． pointed out that the position of the Charoh of England in reference to her Sunday sohool ohildren，was ontirely misunderstood by those who applied to young Sersons，the warnings and exhortations addressed by ay．On tho the heathen out live her church in his harch teaching＂was often expression and supposed to justify the assumption of exagroted nd unguthorised claims on behalf of the Oharch of ngland．We must always remember that other odies of Chrlstians enjoy ip Canada the same lege atus as the Church of England，and that the mem． ers of each denomination have a right equally with arselves，to consider their respective sy Church government the best and most soriptural．
As to Mr．Sweeny＇s anggestion in referenoe to
T. W. Pat oolhouse of
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duction of the number of teachers, he expressed no upinion, having nat yet had an opportunity of giving
the question sufficient consideration. Rev, C, Sweeny's paper, avd moved that it be printed in pamphlet form for distribation to every pember motion that the paper should be prnted. Mred the motion thas the paper should be printed. Mr. S. G. both Oburch papers. Rev. Septimna Jones M. A said that even if he stood alone, he must dissent from much whioh Mr. Sweeny's paper contained. He thought Sanday Sohool teachers took the place of sponsors, and thet their personal influence would be entirely lont in $t$ 'a pystem of large classes, soggested
by the Essayie. whick would reduce the Bunday by the Essayie whick would reduce the Bunday
school to a sort of "sanctified day-school." He had no sympathy with theories which had never been sub jected to the test of experience. Rev. Edward Owen said the subject was an important one and, needed
discussion. He objected to the plan of devoning the first half hour of these meetings to the teaching the Sunday sohool lesson, and thas leaving no time fo discussion on the main subject of the evening motion it was agreed that the debate should be ad journed, till the first order of basiness at next meet ing. The Association adjourned to meet again in S
Philip's school house, on Thursday, January 15th.

Derr Park.-Christ Church parish has lately sus tained a great loss in the removal of Mrs. W. A. Bald win and her family, who have taken up their resi
dence in the parish of St. Luke's. Ever since the erection of Christ Church they have been most help ful in every possible way, while the Sunday school in particular has been greatly blessed through their faith al and unwearied services. At the annual Christma ontertainment the school presented Mr. Lawrenc H. Baliwin, who has been nominally teacher, librar Han and superintendent, with an edition of Shakes pesre's work, handsomely bound in six volumes appropriately responded to by the recipient. At the same time a small piece of plate was presented to Miss Annie Baldwin by her late class.

Hastings.-We had a very successful Cboistmas tree and Concert for Georges Cburch and Sunday
school on the evenin. © 30 th ult. which realized school on the evenin programme An e programme had been 30th ult. which realized s ont and highly appreciated his lady Dr. OGorizan, who was Chairman, and his lady contributed much to the success of the evening by her musica ed a generous contribution towards furnisbing our Christmas tree from the Bible Class of the Rector of Ashbarnham, for which we are thankful. The mem bers of St George's Church, as a further token o their usteem for their clergyman, presented him with a beant

Evangelical Alliance Meeting, Toronto.-The annual meeting of the local branch of this society wa beld in Toronto on 8th inst, the Hon. O. Mowat pre high key of congratulation on the growing in a very unity among all "Evangelical" churches Ther were several things said at this meeting wel worth recording. Mr. Mowat said "There is a grea body of religious trath in regard to which we are united, and in the all important departments o Christian works and Christian character our view are almost identical." The Rev. S. P. Rose, Wesleyan work of the said, "I attribate the smallness of the resul of the Christian Church, not to lack of labourers, o the past, and this misdirection of energy and warch in money, 1 altribute to denominationalism. If their differ ences were abominable in Ontario, they were wicked in Manitoba and the missionary regions." The Rev. Mr Milligan, Presbyterian, said, "I have gone into vil-
lagos in the country, and seen the rivalry existing in lagos in the country, and seen the rivalry existing in
the churches. I believe Satan is in such churche the churches. Milligan said, "There can be no true seculatity with out religion. There is no power which educates men out religion.
From these remarkable utterances we are convince that these good men have been studying the Dominion Churchman, and have not only read, but marked words sounds like echoes from articles published in the paper during the past year. Mr. Mowat has learnt that the differences which keep men from visible anity with the Catholic Church are onimportant and wholly inadequate as an apology for disunion. Mr.
Rose has learnt, and in words which show him to b Rose has learnt, and in words which show him to be
a brave, manly, high minded Christian, has confessed that the disunion and rivalry of denominationalism
nglos
earnt that our secular won denominational education
is a false system. We ask these Evangelical Alliance to manifest their consist of the by at once abandoning those little men-made organiza ions whose ways are so "abominable ac. wicked," and come out of the turmoil of the denor inationa Waters into the ark of God's ancient Charch, the Chn ch of their fathers and Savi
only real "Evangelical Alliance."

## NIAGARA.

Hamilton.-The synod of this Diocese is suramoned (Cathedral, ) Hamilton, school room of Christ charch ext, at 2 o'clock p.in., for the parpose of the election of a Bishop for the said Diocese.

Episcopal Endowment.-The committee of this fund have issued an appeal to the several parishes in be
half of its speedy completion.

Guelph.-Christmas Day.-The interior of St George's Onurch, with the new window, and the good advantage as on Christmas Day. The decor ations were confined chiefly to the body of the charch, and were of a very graceful character. The Bishop's chair alone was draped in black, reminding all of the loss the diocese had sustained. There was an early elebration of the Holy Communion, at which a large roportion of the congregation were present. There Atrong choir was present and rendered the festal nusic of the season present and rendered the festal were read by the Rev'd. E. A. Irving and the prayers were read by the Rev d. E. A. Irving, and the sermon
was preached by the Yen. Archdeacon. There was a large congregation,. The text was the message to the shepherds, "The Glad Tidings of Great Joy."

Sunday School Festival.-This much looked for event took place on Thnrsday evening, the 30th, and was a reat success in every respect. There were about
00 children present, including those of the Missio chool as well as St. George's. There was a brigh ervice in the Charch when the Archdeacon described persed with beantiful carols, first Christmas, inter heartily sung by a chorus of boys and others, Miss Sannders presiding at the large organ in her usua excellent style. At the close the Archdeacon saic there was another aspect of Christmas to be seen i
the school ronm, where, through the kindness o various members of the congregation, a feast had been prepared, to which all were invited. Through the ont, the Rev. E. A. Irving. E. Morris, Superintendont, the Rev. E. A. Irving, and the teachers, all the cousumption of pies, cakes, oranges, aud candies, place. Mr. Irving gave an excellent practical addrese pointing out the responsibilities of parents and child en, and oalling on the men of the congregation ome forward and take part in the Sunday Schoo work. The proceedings closed with the benediction
The Christmas entertainment at Waterloo Avenue was quite a success. Parents, teachers and pupils all opent a very pleasaft evening. The Carols and Band $s$ they could possibly have been sung. Nearly fort members were enrolled in the "Band of Hope," an promised to onme and address the gentlemen who to keep to onme and address the school were unable therefore confined to Rev. E. The speeches wer Gansby and Howard. Abont 116 childrens Gansby
present.

Hamilton.-Unity-On Sunday, the $23: d$ of Nov Be Bishop of Algoms presched a very elognen ermon in St. Thomas' Church, Hamilton, on "Th Unity of the Faith." He said :-"There is a growing eeling in favour of unity, both in the Church and ou it. The separations of tbe non-conforming bodies, ad the internal separation from each other, is the fuse of great mischief. The 'regimental theory' is Church of Ohrist but a great army, after all is the various regiments, but ander one banner, and follo ing one leader.' But this theory is only for annuai sible Society meetings and Young Men's Christian Association platforms, and it is to be feared is not cocording to fact. It is but an ex poe: facto theory. There is no doubt but that the causs of Christ is greatly impeded by the divisions among the Protes-
tant denominations. There is not one among them
whose founaation i not tr bo some trivisl non essentials, and
of Christ is rent augh and ungodly moun, angels weep, devils the commonion of the , ch, why should they not band themselves togetno. Bat the Church of England offer a basis for a re-union of all the Protes-
tant bodies. Uuity with the Chnrect impossible, becaume she has departed from the sim. plicity of the primitive faith, but the $\mathrm{a} \because i \mathfrak{}$ n of Protestantism is something to pray for, to stri for,

## HURON.

Glencoe.-At the conclasion of the Christm ser was presented by the members of St. John's Chirch, Glencoe, with a handsome fur coat and cap, of the value of 860 , as an expression of personal good ،will

Bervie.-Rev. J. Ball, late incumbent of the mis sion of Waterford, Delhi, and Lyndoch, has been, by the Bishop of the diocese, appointed to , the Bervie mission.

Exeter.-Christmas in Huron County.-The, grea Church festivals are more highly"appreciated in great ore country places, than in the busier marts of com ted this Christhurch, water, was unusually decor joyous. The incum, and the service was hearty and course of Sundsy erening lectrist Church is giving known Scriptare characters on the more un

## ALGOMA.

A Missionary Journey in Muskora.-A visit from the bishop being expected $]$ early in December, we were ready to receive and attend him through the experience. The bishop arrived of his missionary the 4th December. Next day at Gravenhurst on Hill station, ten miles away we started for Ferris seven miles, we found the Rev. J. Greeson, the mi bronary, awaiting us at a corner where the road to dinner. 2.30 p.m., where we spent an hoar in Hor service a nion. After conversation on business matterman started for Uffington. Mr. D. gave us food and lod ing for man and beast and ministered kindly to oomfort. At Uffington, we were welcomed byion pleased thegation. The candidates for confirma attention and bishop very much by their eames ing prayer, confirmation of their position. Even then the bishop held a and Church matters. Surely if an thing to discus the friends of the diocese of Algoms that thenvince rations of the church were valued, that meati would do it, for each station wanted the misgioner or ne the position appeared to be wanted himes was so much appreciated that a wanted him. As we could not "divide the child, o be called soon the attend, and the future rcumbent of Gravenhurst to be decided by vote of stations. In the clergyman to urday) up early and off to Parbrook, morning (Sat$10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Here we found a good church well furvish a After morning prayer, the bis fon administered con A goon church spirit was sho sud met the vestry meeting. At 2 p.m., wo ha I finisised and were on onr Way to Mr. C's (a resuent in acr) for dinner. For three
or four miles we manas
d travel slowly, but soo the way became alun 1 many places ro hed a a tha road is torrents ; to add to our troubi
robes, wraps \&
walk. Fortuha
d Savily all the time, and dently portuanaly at ad a noble horse it bu or he cok apon te ruole affair as an amusement leigh anderiy jumped we gathering streams, taking for some time) whit him (there had been uo d'rip nnow, slus The brep nearly to the knees, of the road, where the walking was son in the mudl legave one the impresion that was somewhat bo yter ix miles we stood weary and wasused to it. Ite met, the rain pouring down, the hilly conntwc yoads water and under us, small but rushing ion ding water. We were bewildered, the bishop retw. ed to two mila and found we were near Ferris Hill cinare hurst. The persons at the house offered sheltaren we pushed on, knowing there was a heavylday before
the bishop．After one failure to evoke sympathy，
were taken in by Mr．H．and well oared for． were taken in by Mr．H．and well oared for． early on the road with a pair of horses and a waggo with all my traps，one horse behind，the sleigh let morning．One circumstance must be noted，we were morning．One circumstance must pe noted，we were Mr．Greeson，though young and not many monthe from England，had a firm grip on the people．On conld see that while he was loving and kind，and true servant of the Church，yet he was the spiritua head．We think the missionary deserves grea respect from the people，for he is a gentleman as we as a Christian minister．Sunday at Gravenhurst． The bishop preached at the morning service and ad ministered holy communion；addressed the Sunday school in the afternoon；held confirmation and $10 \mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{m}$ ．Monday，the bishop met the vestry．At 5 p．m the officers of the church took tee with the bishop，at $8 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{m}$ ．the bishop gave an address at our missionary $8 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{m}$ ．the bishop gave an address at our missionary moeting，and at Bracebridge，where＇we hope he will find bet． ter roads，more propitions skies，and less work，but of the last we are informed，a mountain awaits him．

The bishops appointments for this month are as follows：－Jan．18th，Port Sydney， 10 a．m．and 7 p．m． 18th，Beatrice，\＆p．m．；19th，Allensville， $10.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ 20th，Hoodstown， 2 p．m．；20th，Ilfracmobe， 7 p．m． 21 st, Haldham Hill， 2 p．m．；21st，Keatsville， 7 p．m Hantsville， 10.30 sm 280 pm ond 7 pm ；${ }_{26} 5 \mathrm{th}^{2}$ Grassmere， $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{m}_{\text {．}} 26 \mathrm{th}$ ，Huntsville， $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} . ; 27$ th
 Everdale， 3.30 p．m．；30th，Bethune， $1.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} . ; 31 \mathrm{st}$, Beggsboro， 11 a．m．；Feb．1，Everdale， 10.30 a．m 1st，Burkes Falls， 3 p．m．；2nd，Starrats＇， 11 a．m．

The treasurer acknowledges，with thanks，collectio for Mission Fund，Church of the Asoension $\$ 20$ Anonymons，for church at Sheginandah，$\$ 1$ ；offer John＇s，Stisted，per Rev，W，Orompas morning in and Or，Shans Fer Rev．W．Orompton，for Widow Basil R．Rowe，Orillia，$\$ 4.50$ from St．Luke＇s Sanday school，Medonte，being the value of prizes won by nine boys and girls．

The following contribations we gratefally acknow－ ledge：for Sheginandah church，a Guelph Friend，$\$ 5$ ； infant class，Trinity Charch Sunday－echool，St John＇s Sundsy． John＇s Sunday－school，Port Hope，$\$ 2$ ；for John Esquimana，Holy Trinity Sanday－school，Toronto par S．G．Wood，Esq．Supt．\＄20；for Widows an Hope，$\$ 50$ ．

E．Algoma．

Burk＇s Falls．－The Rev．W．B．Magnan begs to acknowledge，with many thanks，a box from the C ． W M．A．，containing books and other Christmas present for the Sunday schools in his mission．

The Rev．T．Lloyd，desires to acknowlodge，with hearty thanks，the receipt of a valuable box of Christ－ mas presents for his Sunday school children，and a Christmas tree，from friends in St Peters，per Mrs． Boddy．Also a parcol of new and beautiful books， sand another parcel of papers，all for the Sunday scaool chilirer，from Miss Muttilebury，per Mrs．Cap－ Prayer Books from the Bishop of Algoma for distribo－ tion in his mission．
The Rev．T．Lloyd thanks most heartily the un－ known friends who have sent him the Dominio Churchian during the past year

## ENGLAND．

We record the death on the 26 th day of November 1884 last，of the Rev．J．A．Aston，M．A．，Vicar of S Johns，Deptford．The funeral took place on Monday 1st Dec．，accompanied by expressions of respect un paralled in Greenwich，of which borough Deptford which was crowded with a conducted at St．John exception，in mourning．Besides the mourners and members of the parish，were the members of the D ford Christian Union，a very large attendance of cept and diss 3nting ministers，a number of St．Johns Rifl Volunteers，and about 80 police at the R．division，when a dumb peal was rung on the bells at St．Pauls，Dept ord．On the preceding Sunday funeral sermons wer preached in St．Johns Church，Brockley Presbyterian
ian Union，and St．Lukes，Cheltenham，and in other churches and parishes which we have no room to re－ ord．The deceased held the opinion that a protrac ed residence in one locality was not desirable for a clergyman．In 1853 he was appointed to the vioarat at Ballington，in Cheshire，where he remained three years．Mr．Aston always set a high value on religiou oducation and evidenced it by securing in this his first parish the erection of good school buildings．On leav ng Ballington，he was Rector at Kemberton，in Shoop hire，four years．In 1860 he accepted the perpetual uracy at Tulse Hill，near London．Here he repeated allington，he understood how important was the daily religious teaching of children，and that the sohool was the first teaching of ehildren，the oharch．From we went to South Kensington，thence to St．Lukes， Cheltenham，and finally，after a wonderful successfu work there，he exchanged with Canon Money and came o St．Johns，Deptford．
Mr．Aston deeply apprecisted the necessity and value of periodcally awakening interest amongst his people by means of Mission Preachers，and during his twelve years residence at Cheltenham，two were held in St．Lakes Parish，while Mr．Aston＇s services were willingly given to conduct such missions in other par shes．

The deceased elergyman left a large family，the eld ast，the Rev．John Walter Aston，Vioar at Ambloside， died on 17th September， 1681 ，three others are alread in Holy Orders and at work in various parts of Eng． and，and anosher is a Divinity studend at Trinity Col having left St．Johns College，Cambridge，in his fourth year．

Resignation of the Bishop of Lincoln，－The Bishop，the Right Rev．Cbristopher Wordsworth nephew of the celebrated poet），was born in 1807. His father was master of Trinity College，Cambridge： he himself was Senior Classic in 1880，and in 1886 was appointed head Master of Harrow School，a post which he held until 1844．when the late Sir Robert Peel preferred him to a canonry in Westminster His brothe became the Bishop of Lincoln in 1800 the Bishop of St．Andrew＇s，Dankeld，and Danbla

Diocess of Manchestr．－The following is a com－ plete list，made up to the present date，of new churches in the course of erection in the diocese of
Manchester，most of which it is understood，will be ready for consecration in 1885 ：St．Agne＇s，Slade Lane， readirch；All Saints＇，Stretford ；St．Barnabas＇s in St．Paol＇s，and St．Matthew＇s in＇St．Thoma＇s，Black burn；Church of the Saviour，Bolton；St．Mary＇s Hawkshaw．lane，Holcombe，and St．Michael＇s，Bam tord Bury；St．Ambrose，Lelyand ；St．Luko＇s，Chad derton，and St．Gabriel＇s，Middleton，Junction，Prest－ wich；St．Anne＇s Edgeside in Newcharch ；Stonefold Haslingden；Christ Church，Adlington；St．Peter＇s， Salesbury，Blackburn；St：John Baptist＇s，Pulling， Garstang；St．Panl＇s，Warton－in－Kirkham；St．
George＇s， George＇s，
Carnforth．

The fund for the restoration of the magnificen parish chorch of St．Michael，Coventry，has reache Mr 20,243 ，thus fulfilling the conditions under which c10，000 to Woodcock，of Coventry，will contribute $£ 10,000$ to complete the sum of $£ 30,000$ which
required to complete the work．

The Universities Mission to Central Africa． Recently，at the close of the afternoon service Westminster Abbey，the Rev．Chauncey Maples， missionary，gave an interesting address on the wor of the Universities Mission to Central Africa．In the set on foot in 1859 at the request the Mission we who though himself a Presbyest of Dr．Livingstone the Church of England should undertake it． the Church of England should undertake it
Mission were established at Zanzibar warters of the great meeting point of Arabia，Central Afria is the India．One great feature of this Mission was the part it played in suppressing the slave trade．It ha turned the old slave market in Zanzibar into a centre of Christian teaching；and a noble Church，mission house，schools and a native Christian colony now ocerpy were annually twenty years ago somo 30,000 slaves Enereannually exposed for sale．There the Church of English nation began wors of freedom that the by British cruisers，tending theiving the slaves captured oducating them，and Christian whilst they were sick， many instances restoring them ing them，and in For these purposes the Mission had a farm country．
acres at Mbwoni，near the town of Zanzibar，for the reception of adalts．They had also large sohools for the children．At their printing offioe the released slaves had printed the whole of the Now Tostament and a large part of the old，in 8wahill，a language anderstood throaghout the interior．With regard to the slave trade at Zsnaibar，allhough much had been ished，and large oaravans of slaves passing throng the streets were frequently to be seen．The Miasion spent nothing in luxaries for its European staffon spent nothing in luxaries for its European staff of
clergy and others，but overvthing was conducted on cargy and others，but evervthing was conducted on was that its members were only supplied with neoes saries，and the rioh and poor worked together as bre thren．They now had 85 natrives，formerly slaves omployed in the direot work of evangelisation，and amongst their converts was a youth formerly page to the
missionary

RUPERTS LAND．

Winnipgo．－Holy Trinity．－The new organist，Mr． Saffory，presided at the organ ；and the musioal por－ tion of the service was well rendered．Miss Read＇s plendid voice，however，was missed．It is said that both she and Dr．MoLagan have been engaged by the Congregational Chureh here．There is very little snow，but very much cold here at present．We have been down among the twenties，thirties，and e The For some cime；yoy is not hard to bear． Text week．An vilit to in friend shere ord forian sext week on a visil to his frionds of 8 ．Johnd Corle parpose of augmenting the tonds of SI．John＇s Coliege． one for himself，and profitable for this institution， with whose success the prosperity of the Chureh throughout this vast region is so closely connected． A letter，dated 10th August last，at McKenzie River， and written by Bishop Bompas to a gentleman in this city，was received on Christmas Day ！

## 2ates $0 n$ the 看ible lessons FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS，ON

## THE INSTITUTE LEAFLETS．

Published under authority of the Sunday School Uom－
$\qquad$ wittee
，w．
writers
January 18th， 1885
Vol．IV．
2nd Sunday after Epiphany．
No． 8.

## Bible Lesson． <br> ＂Paradise Lost，or Man＇s Fall．＂

 Genesis iii．1， 18.In our last lesson we saw Adam and Eve plaved by God in Paradise．They were created good and happy； Their happiness coltivate and keep the garden． the test is seen inpended on their obedience they lived，in the sunshine of God＇s conntenance，hap． py，loving，and innocent beoanse obediant，we are not told ；but we see to day the fair pietare clond， ed．Man by disobedience fell from his high estate， and thus entailed on all his descendar ${ }^{\prime}$ sin and misery，man＇s self will，as opposed to the Jivine will
of the Ureator，is at the root of all sin， ing to the Tempter，instead of tru，ang aod God，Adam and Eve fell and by inting ana obeying trust entered apon a path of Evil．
（1）The Subtle Tempter，verse 1．The great enemy of God and man，Satan，or the Devil，was the Temp ${ }^{9}$ ter of our first parents．He had before rebelled against God，Jude，6，and he now filled up the measure of his iniquity by effecting the ruin of man．He takes most appearance of a serpent，as being，seemingly，the most appropriate instrument he could find in the in Rev，wiil．Hence，Satan is oalled the old serpent， the Rev．xii， 9 ，．， 2 Cor，xi， 3 ．The Tempter addrosses Being alone she wà more weaker vessel， 1 Pet．iii， 7 ． Being alone she was more exposed to temptation，than craftily begins by a question as to thempany．He va truly $n$ en a question as to the one command， ou something ！porsible that God has forbidden she could not plead forgetfoman＇s reply，verse 2，3， The Evil One then contradianness of the command． represents God＇s character，sugoesting tha，and mis． had been given ont of jealong to gesting that the law becoming likg Himself yerse 4 prow illastrate this by reminding his scholars how ften hey have seen an elder companion overcome the cruples of the younger by the sneer；is it possible our father told you not to do so and so ？
teps in the way of disobedience．Eve listened to
the Tempter, went and gazed at the tree, was allured by the beanty of the fruit, coveted it, then took it and ate it ; here we see three things; namely, "the lust of the flesh, the lust of the eye, and the pride of
life " 1 John ii, 16, 'good for food, pleasant to the life ' 1 John ii, 16, 'good for food, pleasant to the
eyes, a tree to be desired to make one wise.' Thes eyes, a tree to be desired to make one wise. These
were the three things presented by Satan to the were the three things presented by Satan to the
Lord Jesus, in his temptation in the wilderness, and Lord Jesus, in his temptation in the wilderness, and
overcome by Him, St Lake iv, 8, 6: Far different overcome by Him, St Lake iv, 8, 6: Far differen was it with Eve, her security wonld have been, simple repose in the infinite goodvess of God. She should v, 9. St. Luke, iv, 8. Eve's sin did not end beter , 9., St. Lake, iv, 8. Eve's sin did not end here, si
reproduees sin, 'She gave also uato her hasband, reproduces sin, 'She gave also uato her husband, anly a little sin, but it was the only way in which Adam and Eve conld go wrong. They were gailty distrust of God, disobedience and presumption.
1he Sad Disoovery.-They soon found out that the devil was a 'lying spirit' who had deceived and destroyed them, St. John viii. 44, instead of thnding themselves wiser and better, as the devil had said they were miserable and frightened, verse 8. Inno cence had gone, and in its place was shame. They
were afraid of God, and hid themselves, verse 10 were afraid of God, and hid themselves, verse 10
Isaiah, Ivi, 21. How foolish to think they could Issaiah, lvii, 21. How foolish to think they conl
escape from God's presence ! Jer. xxiii, 24, Ps. exxx ix, 7, 12. God oalls to them, verse 9. The goo shepherd is already seeking the lost sheep, Man wa lost; but God had come down , lo for him 12 disembles (a) bring the blame on the vers (b) by blaming God, "whom Thou gevest" su, Eve in verse 18, blamod the serpent, or God who permit ted it to assail her. And so it is ever with falle man, everyone and everything is blamed but self. I the case of true conviction, the revers is the case I have sinned," 2 Sam., xii, 13, Pd., li, 4.
Let us learn from this sad story of man's fall these practical lessons. (1) To obsy God's word, even when it contradicts our own inclinations; implici confidence in His truth, and in His love. (2) To be
humble and patient, waiting God's time and will, St. humble and patient, waiting God's time and will, $\mathrm{St}^{2}$
John, xiii, 7 . (8) To refuse to listen to temptation John, xiii, 7. (8) To refase to listen to temptation
never to parley with it, St. James, iv, 7, 1 Pot. $\mathrm{v}, 9$ arley with it, St. James, iv
Hang the issue of the day
Pray, that help may be sentodown

## Correspondente.

Ill Letters containing personal allusions will appear other
the signature of the writer.

- lo not hold oursclves
our correspondents.

CLERGY AT THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE BISHOP.

Sir,-In your note of the funeral of our late Bishop, you gave a list of the names of the clergy present. Considering that the funeral occurred on a Saturday afternoon, it was gratifying to find so many of the clergy present from listant parishes. Some could no be present and return to their parishes for Sanday auty. Bat there were some present whose names wer unintentionally omitted from the list; they were those had only tume to reach air when the funersl cortage wes Bishop's late residenc was doubtless the purpose and errand of these clorgy man to nnite with their brethren in peying their les tribute of respect to their Bishop, and as they woul avoid even the appearance of having been wanting in hat dutiful respect to him, or wanting in sympath with his bereaved family in their sorrow, I beg lesiv to reguest the following names be added to the list Wiz- J. Mackenzie. Yours truly,
W. J. M.

## THE HURON DIOCESAN CHANT BOOK.

Sir,-The above little book was placed in my hands by a number of my choir a few days ago for an opinion upon its merits; were it not for the fact that it is en titled as it is, this letter should never appear in print but I feel it my duty as a musician to point out a few of the many errors which mark its pages-errors not of the printer, but arising from a total disregard (or ignorance) of the fundamental rules of musical com position. The compilers hope "that it may be the means of introducing a more uniform system of chant ing in all the churohes, "it is to be hoped however tha in its present form, its use may be confined to London In a Diocesan chant book every thing should be plain or in many of our country ohurches, the ohoirs nee ever fails much in this respeot. A few examples talen
hap hazard bere follow. Page 25, chant 8, begins in our parts, then goes into three. There is freguently io tenor, and where it does appear, it is written in the xamples, for no earthly reason. There are many nd in other pags throughout the book. In the Venite 7 chant bant 11 measure 6 the same. Page 8 chant 1 measur unharmonic cross relation (relatio non harmonica) Page 22 chant 9 measure 9 the same. Page 8 last two nes, no such keys in civilized masic. On the same page last line, there are in noe measure two semibreve n the alto and only two minims in the soprano. The nd after the base clef are totally omitted. Sharp nd naturais are frequently confinnded, and in severa pearly all these errors, and many more, iscar in chan of which the compilers are the composers, one is re which the compilers are the composers, one is re bility to edit successfully a chant book, I remain yours truly.

Wm. Fred Foot
Organist St. Georges, Goderich

## THE BLACK GOWN AND SURPLICED CHOIR

 IN ROMAN CHURCHESSir,-In your issue of Dec. 25 th, appears a letter rom the Rev. A. L. Fortin in which, writing of the Roman ohurch in Montreal, he says:-18t, the black gown is not used by the priest's in the pulpit. 2ad, very ow charches have the gallery arrangement. Your think, put the matter right. But allow. Fortin, has think, put the matter right. But allow me to say ortin is, I think, altogether wrong I churches, Mr ery often present at services in different $R$. hurches in Montreal. In the charch of Gesu (Blew treet) I have heard, I daresays, forty sermons, and in very case the priest wore a black gown. In the Par ish church of Montreal (Place de A vines Lugare) which eats about 7,000 persons, I have often heard Father Martinean, a very graceful and eloquent divine, and he always wcre the black gown in preaching
In regard to "the gallery arrangement?
The lay choir in the "Cesu" is a mixed choir of men and women, and is in the gallery or rear of the church acing the altar. The Parish charch (Notre Dame) hoir of men and boys is in the same place. St facing the altar and, like the "Gesu" choir, is compos. lacing the altar and, like the "Gesu" choir, is compos d of men and women. These are the three larges may be taken as fixing the Roman use genera ly in th Province of Quebec. In short, in Montreal the black gown is always worn by the preacher in Roman churches, and the choir of laymen is never surpliced Yours.

Parish of Christ and St. Tiver J. Booth, St. Catharishes, Dec. 26, 1884.

Sir,-I must say I was is iattle surprised at th tatement in your paper of Dec. 4th, "that in R.C churches a surpliced lay choir in the body of the
church is never seen." I remember seeing one myself and was struck with the similarity to ouranglican use About eleven years ago, I went to the Indian Mission St. Anne, on the Restigouche, to witness the fete, heed here yearly, in honour of their patron saint, St. Anne here was a large surpliced choir or about fitty In not the little jacket we somoctimes and short surplices coming to, or below, the knee.
They occupied seats in the sanctuary, ranged side wise, as we do, and turned eastward at the creed and glorias, as 18 seen sometimes in our own churches. An English clergyman, who had made a tour of Norman Iy, visiting the cathedrals and churches, told me that he had seen twelve surpliced choirs there. It is possible, that in both cases they may have been in minor orders, bat that amounts to little in argument whom I saw, were in minor orders; and I question if Whom I 8aw, were in minor orders, and I question if Again the generally admitted into the se orders Aurahes," quotes the Firlit pregaries in R. in placing her choirs in surplices in a proof tha hancel she departs from the uspal cistom of Rome, his seems to me a very loose mode of expression and one which must convey a very false idea. It would be as wise and true to say that the English harch departed from her own very wide spread cus. om, for, though not an old man, I can well remember when the west gallery choir was the prevailing anglican use; so much so that a service by a surpliced choir was generally called a "Cathedral service," and the days called "Puseyite". Is there not a broader view to be taken "Puseyite". Is there not a broader view to be taken thes"? Do we not find surpliced choirs in both
churches, growing (lately) in our own, and decreasing in the Roman charch? Are they not in both cases, the remains of pre-reformation custom? was this not one of very many customs antouched by the relormation, necessindeed the plunder of revenues in many places carrs thated their abolition for want of the funds to of the Roman church "that true of the anglican than the body of the church isat a surpliced lay choir iu priesthood of the laity", \&c.? Why is it always necessary to make a difference between the anghicair and Roman charches ? Are there not real and vital differences enough without straining to make them? Though at the similarities, and they are myself, 1 can rejonce and our neighbours; and this very a few, between us ed choirs is one, as I have shown question of surplicstruck with it, "as I said before". The eye testimony of one who has seen.
O. Sapientia.

## CONCERNING THE SECOND ADVENT.

Sir.-I trast that I may not be considered heterodox, when I assert, that I believe when Christ comes
at what is called the Second Advent, He shall not at at what is called the Second Advent, He shall not at the same time come to judgment. Plain Scripture
teaching assures me of the contrary. We are assured teaching assures me of the contrary. We are assured
that when Christ shall come a second time, the world will be in a state of Spiritual deadness, Lake xviii., 8.; 2nd Thes. ii., 8. But when He shall come to judg. 2nd Thes. ii., 3. Bat when He shall come to judg-
ment, mankind will be in a different state. We are certified that a time of great peace is yet to dawn upon the world. Is. Ixv., 25. How are we to harm onize these Scriptures? Onr only method is to search the Scriptare, and not be too ready, as so many are, to spirituralize what will bear a literal interpretation. I find then, in 1st Thes. iv., 19, 17, that two resurrections are implied. The first is the resurrection of the just. I find in 1st Cor. xv., 23. 24, the same doctrine set forth: "Christ the first fruits afterward they that are Christ's, at His coming. Then cometh the end." The particles epeita and eit, respectively translated afterward and then, are really synonymons. So we have here three distinct events of the just, at His second coming the resurrection of the just, at His second coming and at still In Rev, X 8 the
There we read that there is a fory is fully explained vealed in accordance with the words oction re vealed in accordance with the words of St. Panl, wicked dead), lived not, but shall be brought to jodgment at a yet future period. Commentators are accustomed to treat this first resurrection spoken of, as a prosperons and happy period which the Church is to enjoy, but how are we to make this exegesis accord with the plain words of Soripture, which declare that there shall be in the last days a great falling away ?
I find the following to be Scriptural teaching. In Rom. xi. we read that when the Jews rejected Christianity, they were rejected of God, until the falness of Gentiles the Second come, After this fulness of the Gentiles raise the recond Advent shall come, when Chisist Whe raise the righteous dead, and bring them with Himself-it may be to heaven or paradise, Scripture does not plainly declare which. ( 1 Thes, iv.) Then after this great event, the Jews shall be received back as life from the dead, and to them shall be given all authority in that future Church on earth. The latter part of Ezekiel's propheoy speaks very plainly as to this latter fact.
Many are accustomed to speak of us Gentile believers as "the Irrael of God." Seripture never once even implies that we should be so fearfully arrogant as to thrust ourselves into the place of the chosen people of God. To the Jews were committed the oracles of original Soriptures, whether of the old or word of th ment. Jews founded the Christion Chureh, Church that has not a snceesaion of hishons and any Church founded by the Apostles, is not a Church in the light of Soriptnre teaching We mnst remember that we are only Gentiles-adopt ed sons ; but Israel is the chosen nation, and God wil yet do away with our Gentile dispensation, and re establish the Jews in favor more abundant than eve This period of Jewish prosperity is called the millenium
I have many things to say on this subject; but with your permission will do so in future issues of the Dóminion Churchian. Yours traly,

Shemin.

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## IN MEMORIAM.

Rev, Francis U. Kirkputriok, Rector st. James Church, Kingston, Ont. Obituary Jany. 1gt. 1885.
There are some songs we fain would sing To full clear notes in minor tone And my rude wreath of rhyme I bring In love of him who everything

Held still in trust for Ohrist alone.
Some strong sweet ballads there have been Wrought by the bards of older days:Christs Sopalchre by Saracen Had been deflled in Pagan ways.

This was a pilgrim in these years Of vague unrest and changeful Creeds When Christ's dear name is cold with sneers He gave no dall reproach of tears Bat sought the sepalchre indeed,
As one who seeks a risen Lord To find and whisper "Rabboni" And then by loving deed and word To teach the truths that andergird
The hopes of Immortality. The hopes of Immortality
To scatter largesse far and wide Of love that knew no bound or ban : To lay all selinghness aside "Behold this was indeed a hath cried

This is your heritage 0 wife I and children, who have hardly known The all of this dear vanished life
This you mas ray, "In calm and strife He was for years and years our own.
0 mother ohurch unfold thy seroll And add another Martyr there । $O$ let the solemn requiem roll For pilgrim with true warrior soul Whose life was one long earnest prayer Horatio Gilbert Parker

## FROM NATURE UP TO NATURE'S

 GOD. -By the sea, where I summered, occurs one of tbe strangest sights, of which I must tell you In the sky, several yards up above the horizon, appears, now and then, an island. At other times, ships, in full sail, sail along the sky.
At the mouth of a certain river, on the $b$ al of which was my hotel, a certain island which cannot be seen from there, in the ocean, is seen in the sky. Boats riding at anchor, twenty miles off, float on the blue heavens.
This is called mirage-"something wonder-fui"-and is owing to the air being unequally heated, or rarified. Some call it "loom." The same state of the air causes sound to travel very far. At times, when the air is in this condition, the White Hills of New Hampshire are seen, though they are eighty miles off,

One morning, a strange brig was seen in ful sail. She made straight across the riyer, and then disappeared. Shortly after, a similar sight occurred. Some were a larmed, but not those who understood it. It was due to the "unequal refraction," to which the storm-ship or the Hudson, and the Flying Dutchman, and the wizard beacon-keeper of the Isle of France, all owe their origin.

But to what does this unequal refraction owe its origin? We must attribute all these wonderful things to God. We often say Nature, and it is well; but we mean Him who is the Father of all and the God of Nature, He only doeth "wondrous things." The rain hath a father; and the dew; and all the laws of sight and sound.

The Indian is not far from right-poetically speaking-when he says that the thunder is the voice of GoD, and the lightning the flash
of His eye. We, too, may be reverent in our imadiningss of natural objects and events. GOD is able to give laws, and does give them, to all these beautiful things. Even the infrequent "mirage" may lead our thoughts up to Him, and instead of fear, love and veneration be the emotions of our minds.
R. W. L.

The Young Churehman.

## A PARABLE

A few evenings ago I was sitting reading at a little table, on which stood a lamp. I was near the lamp, for I am growing old, and yes are not quite as good as they were ' years ago.
denly a great insect-I know not of species, they are all horrible to me-flew over the lamp, singed its great wings, and lay struggling. and writhing, and buzeing within few inches of my book.
I. rose somewhat hastily, and retreated to a distant sofa, for I preferred exile and comparative darkness, minus the presence of the intruder, to the lamp and book, plus his company.
But a young clergyman, who was present, came to the table, took the struggling insect gently between his hands, and carried it out of the room, past the corner of the house, and finally let it go where it was out of the reach of the fatal light.
I had given an involuntary shudder when first he put hands on the creature, but his aged mother seeing this, said to me with a smile of mingled pride and tenderness, "It is his lifework."

## "What is?" I asked, surprised.

To put out his hand to save those who have rushed headlong into danger, and difficulty and misery; to help them when they have injured themselves and fallen so that they cannot unaided find their way back to rest and peace; to take them away from the false glare that has blinded them, and give them a fresh opportunity to recover themselves and rest, and freedom and happiness."
She was right, and where I had seen only what was revolting, she had read a beautiful lesson of life.
"And not only for the:"Clergy," I thought, "but for all those who love in sincerity Him who came to seek and to save that which is lost, it should be the life-work, as far as in them lies, to succor and save those who, blinded by an earthly glare, lie siruggling and suffering in sin and misery."-Ethel May, in Church Cronicle.

## DON'T GIVE UP.

A gentleman travelling in the northern part Ireland heard the voice of children, and stopped to listen. Finding that the sound came from a small building used as a school house, he drew near. As the door was open, he went in and listened to the words the boys were spelling. One little boy stood apart, ookint very sad. "Why does that boy stand there ?" asked the gentleman. "Oh, he is good for nothing," replied the teacher. "There is
nothing in him. I can make nothing out of him. He is the most stupid boy in the chool." The gentleman was surprised at his answer. He sat that the teacher was so stern and rough that the younger and more timid were nearly crushed. After a few words to them, placing his hand on the head of the
fellow who stood apart, he said: "One ese days you may be a fine scholar.
give up. Try, my boy, try." The
boy's soul was aroused. His sleeping mind awoke. A new purpose was formed. From that hour he became anxious to excel; and he did become a fine scholar. It was Adam Clark, who became the eminent Wesleyan minister and commentator. The secret of his success is worth knowing : "Don't give up but try, my boy, try.-The Young Churchman

IT is no great thing to be humble when you are brought low ; but to be humble when you are praised is a great and rare attainment. St. Bernard.

## HINTS 'TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

To prevent the smoking of a lamp. This may be easily effected by soaking the wick in vinegar for a few minutes, then dry ing it well before using it. A good and clear light will bc the result. In the case of glass chimney there may not be sufficient air-draught.
To clean oil-paintings, cut a raw potatoe in wo, aud with smooth, flat surface of the inside rub the paint gently round and round, washing off the dirt with a sponge and soft water from time to time.

Now when the country housewife looks with dismay at the empty jars of pickles, and fears that there will be none left for spring use, she can occasionally substitute pickles made in this way for those put up in summer. Take some small turnips, boil them till they are tender, then cut in slices a little more than an inch thick, pour $\sim$ dinegar over them, and let them stand for day and a night. A few pepper corns or ke Is of allspice improve the flavor.

An old-fashion looking-glass with a frame of brown wood, was improved the other day by an ingenious girl covering it in this way: she bought some pale yellow tarletan of sufficient length to allow it to be fastened to the top of the mirror and then to hang at each side of it in graceful folds; the ends were crosse at the bottom and fastened with a loose not :' and behold the unsightly frame was hidden and the appearance of this necessary article of furniture was much improved.
Ivory-backed brushes, to clean. These may be cleaned in a few miuntes, without spoiling the ivory or softening the bristles, by rubbing dry bran into them, and shaking them well to free them from the grain.
A good method for washing Shetland shawls,
Scotch receipt. The water should be a Scotch receipt. The water should be rather more than lukewarm, and white soap should be boiled and mixed up in the water before the shawl is put into it. It must be washed in two waters, and rinsed in rather warmer water, to clear it entirely of the soap, pint and half of warm water put two teaspoonfuls of dissolved gum arabic, mix the water and gum well together, dip in the shawl and squeeze it two or three times, so that it should take equally all over, then wring it well linen cloths. Pin it out square on a carpet, with a clean sheet or table cloth under it, till thoroughly dry.
Sage tea or any other beverage made of herbs, should be made in an earthen vessel, and never in tin, as it will turn black unless immediately emptied out, and it may do so

## WEST MOONO MISSION

VOL. II.
MONTHLY PAPER-DEG.. 1884
Rev. G. B. Morler, Missionary in Charge. $\{$ "Peace be to this house, and to all that dwell in it. $\}$

OFICERS OF THE CHURCHES.
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Sacraments of Baptipm and Sapper of the Lord administered on the first Sunday of each month in the Churches of the Herald Ang 1, and St. George, and on the second
Sunday in the month in St. Albans, St. Bunday in the month in St. Albans, St.
Matthew's and St. Luke's.
Rubric from Prayer Book:-"When any person is sick, notice shall be given thereot to the minister of the parish."

The annual entertaiment in connection with Herald Angel, St George's and St Luke's, were held last month, and in each
case proved a suce ss, the amount realiz. $d$ by


#### Abstract

the whole thrce w being the largest.


Service had in
Service was held in all the churches on Christmas day. The Holy Communion was administ:red in St. A'ban's, St. Georga's and were larger than usual on this festival. The churches, with the exception if St. Matthew's are all very tastefu ly decorated
The missionary desires to thank mos heartly the following for their kind donation to the building fund of his churches, in response to the appeal lately put forth. N. ham, \$1.00; 568 . 00 ; Rev. George Leding S. G. Wo thus far received, $\$ 204.68$ - yet required $\$ 6,00$ "come over and help us."

The fcllowing are the sucessful pupils wh obtained prizes in their respective Sunday schools for 1884 : - The prizes, which con sisted of books, chiefly chosen from the S . pupils on Christmas Day by the Missionary and his assistant.
Hkrald Angrl S. S -First Prizes -H. Jenkins, J. W. South, J. E. Jenkins, E. A Jenkins, S. E. Duke, M M. Duke, A. Hender
son, M K. Jackson, M. Armstrong, R. son, M K. Jackson, M. Armstrong, R.
Jenkins, W. H. Braeken, H. J. Bracken, E Fines, K Armstrong, J. Duke, H. Henderson K. Jackson, L Nicholson, K. Arm tro g.

Second Prizes.-R. Hendersen, W G Jen
kins, T. Henderson, M. Henderson, $L$ Gordon B. E. Matthews, M. Jenkins, S. Fleming, E
Leighton, J. H. Jenkins, A L Matthewt, J. M. Jackson T. Terry, A. Terry

Sr. Gronaz's S. S.-M. J. Craig M. Woodland, M. Ellis, C. Cul
T. Craig, E. Cullen, H. Craig:

Second Prises - Woodla d, B. McBrien Second Prizes-L. Woodland, M. Bell, H. White, E. Doids, H. Csmpbell, B. Still, I Robinson, W. Bell, A. Acheton, A. McBrien, G. Acheson, F. McBrien, A. Still, E Dodds J. Hutton, J. Conover, J. J. Hunter, J. Bllis J. Hioks, G. Hicks, J. Bennett.

St. Alann's 8. 8.-Prites.-8. Morrison M. Howard, J. Little, A. Little, F. Bowes, H Bowes, T. Mandly, W. J. Mandly, R. Kyle
F. Reid, D. Kingsley, J. Morrison, A. Doney F. Reid, D. Kingsey, Mandly, S. Kingeley. W. Reid.
F. Morrison,

St. Mattriw's 8. 8. - First Prizes -8. J Stone, R. Kidney, R. Brinkman, E. J. Quigley, M. McKelvey, E. MoKelvey, M. Laverty, K MoKelvey, 8. Wilson, E. MoKelvey, A. Stone
Second Prizes.-W. McKelvey, J. Kidney M. Brinkman, M. Conn, E A. Laverty, M Lewis, F. Guthrie. W. J. Conn, D. Motuire M. E. Stuart, M Ewing, L. J. Ewing. W R Brinkman, R. Jackson, G. H Ladd, J Conn T. J. Kidney, F. Stuart, S. J. Stuar i, M. Ladd, E. Ladd, M. Ewiog, M. A Graham, E. A. Fines.
Third Prises.-D. Jackson, M J. Thompson, W. J. Quigiey, 8. Lee, I. MeNabb, G. F.
MoGui e. H. Cotton, W.H.Huse, A. J' Stu rt. E. Stone, E. Stone, M. Len, C. Andermun. McGuire, W. Kidney, S. Cotton.

Third Prizes.-W. G. Arms rong, A. Cotton, Leighton, E. Fleming, M. Cott n, M. Co. to : Leighton, E. Fleming, M. Co
R. G. Jackson, B. Matthews.

## -

St. Lués's S. 8.-First Prizes.-T. Mofit. At Allen, H. Moffitt, E. J. Lamey, C. Ste wart Joffitt, W Stinson, A. Moffit, A. Moffitt,

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Second Prizes-G. Moffit, W. Buchanan, M. Neil, M. Moflit, A. Moftitt, \& Dunn, M, Robinson, A. Robinson, R. J. Stinson, R, Mofhit, K. Litte
Third Prizes-A. Henry, E. Henry, W, Witle, J. Henry, 1 Widd

The total cost I these prize 351.57 , distr buted as follows:-Herald Angol, $312.61 ;$ St. Georke's, \$10.66; St Matthew's, 114.43 ; St. Luke's, $\$ 7.94$; St. Alban's, 85.90

## BAPTISMS.

On 2nd December, 1884.-Goorge and Frederick tons of James and Mary Jane Frederi
Doney.
marbiages.
on 24th December, 1884.-Mr. John Daw. on, Tp. Mono, to Christab Ha Holm s, of the Ip. Mulmer. On the same day Mr. Jolin Speers to Hannat Anderson, all of the Tp. Mono.

BURIALS
On 21st December, 18*4. - Mary And wife of Mr Francis Carson, age 29.

The Missionary desi es to thank the several The Missionary desi es to thank the several the fol owing for their kind gifte brou ht to the parsona e: Mrs. Woodland, Sr., Mr.
and Mrs. Hugh Bracken, M(rs, James Robia. and Mrs. Hugh Bracken, Mra. James Robis: son, Mrs. Robt. Jackwon Sr., Mrs. Jamee Armstrong, Mr. Wm. Jackson, M-s. E. Jenkins,
Jacks n .

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A settled ract--It is a sigdificant fact that Hagyard's Yellow Onl is the best household remedy for internal and external use in case of pain, soreness ectly to the iron plate, so securing,perfect vibration and more pure musical tones, with much greater durability. The changing condiions of wood, so objectionable in such a matter, are entirely avoided. The improvement certainly seems to be one of the greatest import ance.-Boston Traveller

THE SCRIPTURE CLOCK.
An eminent Scotch minister who was a prince among preachers to children, took great delight in designing Scripture clocks, ahd indueing his young friends to fill in suitable texts in the blank spaces. Can our young readers search the Scriptures and find texts for sim ilar Scripture clocks, exercising their ingenuity to devise different designs to the one now given Each text must contain as many words as the clock denotes hours

MOTHER NEVER SITS DOWN.
A little girl unconsciously and touchingly testified to the drudgery of her mother's life, when on being asked "Is your mamma's hair grey?" she replied: "I don't know. She's too tall for me to see the top of her head, and she never sits down."

## ROIAI

 Ain mat y children begin to to the end of the year. They look back, count up the many wrong thinga they have done, and say, "Oh, we are so sorry; we wish we had done better. When the new year comes, we will begin all over new.Ah, we shouldn't wait till the new year comes. We should do rivh now. "Now is the accepted time. "Cease to do evil ; learn to do well God bids us to begin not by-and by next week, next month, next year but now, right away.

And we can't do this by resolving to do it. We must have a new heart, or we shall never do right. But God will give this to all who ask for it.
Begin now, this very moment, dear little reader.

## TROTTY'S LESSON.

Trotty had a school, one day She dressed herself in cap and spectacles, and took brother Ned's cane in her hand, and tried to look very cross. Then she set the dollies all in a row, and began to teach them A, B, C, from her own little book. One poor doll was crowded out, and fell on the floor. The big doll took all the room, and sat up very straight ; but she did not look as if she could ever learn a single letter.
"Oh, dear me! it's dreadful to be a teacher!" said Trotty. "'cause you have to talk so much!

Mamma laughed; and then she took the funny little teacher in her lap, and said
"Try to remember that. Trotty and when you go to school, do not make your teacher talk to you so much. A great many times in a day, some one has to say. 'Don't. Trotty!' 'Come here Trotty!' 'Be still, Trotty!'"
"Oh, poor mamma! I won t make you talk so much!"
Trotty had learned her lessons, if the dollies had not.-The Shep herd's Arms.

Christ's Name came not till He became One with us in person not till His Circumcision; not till for us and in our names He became debtor of the whole Law, principal, forfeiture, and all. To the handwriting He then signed with the firstfruits of His Blood. And then name the Child, and give Him this name, Immanuel. For then He was a right Immanuel, truly "with us"-Bishop Andrews.

A Little boy was tempted to pluck some cherries from a tre which his father had forbidden bim to touch, "You need not be afraid," said his tempter, " for if your fath er should find it out he is too good to hurt you." "Yet," said the brave little fellow, "I know that, and it's the very reason why I won't take any. He wouldn't hurt me, but it would hurt him to know that I did'nt mind him."

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A FOURPENNY TURKEY.
He was a bouncing big turkey ; and they had hung him up by the feet, so that, ${ }^{\text {e }}$ his nose almost touched the footpath just outside the jpoulterer's shop. A little girl was standing watcning You
could see that she was rungry little girl; and, worse $\mathrm{t} .+\mathrm{n}$ that, she was cold, too, for he shawl had to do for hood and almost everything else. No one was looking, so she put out a little red hand, and gave the great turkey a push; and he, swung to and fro, almost making the great hook creak, he was so heavy.
"What a splendid big turkey!
The poor little girl turned round, and there was another little girl looking at the turkey too. She
was out walking with her-dolls, was out walking with her dolls, and had on a cloak with red fur all around the edges; and she had a real muff, white, with little black shots all over it.
"Good morning, miss," said the tradesman. You see he knew the little girl with the muff perfectly well
"That's a big turkey, Mr. Martin."
"Yes," said the poor little girl, timidly; "he's the biggest I ever saw in my life. He must be splendid to eat.,
"Pooh!" said the little girl with the muff; " he isn't any bigger than the one my papa brought home for Christmas Day to-mortow, I know."
"Could I have a leg if I come for it to-morrow ?", asked the poor little girl, softly.
"What, haven't you a whole turkey?"
"Never had one in my life," said the poor little girl.
"Then you shall have this one," said the littie lady with the muff. " Mr. Martin, I've got some money in my money-box at home, and my papa said I could do just as I wanted with it, and I'm going to to buy the turkey for this little . girl."

The poor little girl's eyes grew,
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so very large you wouldn't have known them. "I shall love you always, so much, so very, very much ; and l'll go home for Foxy to help me Foxy is my brother, and I know we can carry him.
I haven't room to teil you all about it; but the poor little girl ot her turkey, and papa his bill
"What's this," said he-" another turkey, weighing eighteen pounds, price eighteen shillings ?
"That's all right," said the little gir! who had the muff. "I bought him, and gave him to a poor little girl who never ate one; and the money is in my box.'
The money-box was opened, and the were four big pennies in it.

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