G. S. GZOWSKI, JR.
Late Gzowski & Buchan, Stock and Exchange Broker and General Agent, changes all kinds of money, buys and sells drafts on New York and London; also agent Dominion Royal Mail Liner of steamships for Europe.

The Toronto World.

TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY
AND DYEING A SPECIALTY
GEO. P. SHARPE.

NINTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 31, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

PEACE TO ALL THE WORLD

WILL PROBABLY BE THE KAISER'S NEW YEAR MESSAGE.

Diverse Opinions as to the Meaning of William's Pacific Utterances—The Imperial Tours Soon to Be Resumed—The New Explosive.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The New Year reception at the court is awaited with anxiety, the impression prevailing that the Emperor will seize the occasion to give utterance to some words pregnant with indications of the coming year's policy. Nothing like a speech can be expected, the court precedent being against anything beyond a formal reception to diplomats, officials and the Hofgesellschaft generally, but some few words conveying a message of peace to the world are certainly looked for.

The North German Gazette has tardily reproduced, in a prominent position and in large type, the Emperor's words on receiving a wreath at the Vulcan ship works: "These are laurels of peace."

Semi-official newspapers concur in the announcement that whatever war plans are in preparation in France and Russia, Germany remains on the defensive, in the meanwhile perfecting her armaments.

The National Gazette, summing up the situation, ascribes the existing quiet to the fact that a period has about been reached when the arming on every side will be terminated and the fever of preparation be replaced by a collected calm arising from a conscious readiness to do battle.

On the other hand, in the opinion of The Militar Zeitung and The Kreuse Zeitung, the suggestions of the Emperor are pacific because the army is in a state of transition, the new infantry drill regulations and radical changes in defences, necessary to meet recent explosive inventions, and the reform in cavalry weapons combining to render advisable another year of preparatory activity.

Prince Bismarck's Health.

The uncertainty concerning Prince Bismarck's health has become a disturbing factor in the situation. The Chancellor was better at the beginning of the week, but authentic advices from Friedrichsruhe report that since Wednesday he has suffered a recurrence of the pain in a severe form. Dr. Schweninger is in attendance upon him, but at the evening reception of Count Herbert Bismarck Dr. Ewalden saw him on Thursday. The rumor that Emperor William secretly went to Friedrichsruhe is entirely baseless. His Majesty's every day movements being open, he was seen visiting the Empress Augusta on Wednesday, he dined with the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Meiningen on Thursday and yesterday he drove in the Thiergarten, walked through the Zoological gardens and after dinner visited Count Herbert Bismarck. Officials here assert that the condition of the Chancellor is in no wise serious, although abstention from work for a time is necessary. Prior to his relapse Prince Bismarck had arranged to come to Berlin on Dec. 12 inst. to confer with the Emperor before the reopening of the Landtag and Reichstag.

The question of making additional state provision for the Imperial family will come up in the Reichstag in February. Apart from his ample income as King of Prussia, the allowance of the Emperor from the Imperial funds is only $750,000 yearly. It is reported that the Chancellor will inform the Reichstag that an additional $350,000 is required owing to the expenditure involved in the increased duties of the head of the Empire. The consensus of opinion is that some such provision is necessary, and that the sum mentioned is reasonable.

A Dull Social Season in Prospect.

The coming court season promises to be the dullest ever known, owing to the fact that the period of mourning for the late Emperor has not expired. There will be no court balls and the diplomatic corps will close their salons. The annual charity subscription ball at the Opera House will not be held and no sort of festal gatherings will be allowed in official or court circles. The Emperor restricts the fetes to the observance of the annual Ordensfest on Jan. 20 and the banquet of the Order of the Black Eagle on Jan. 18. His Majesty has directed that no celebration be held on his birthday, Jan. 27.

The seriousness of the Emperor's character is fast impressing the minds of all classes of the people. The decision of the Union Club, the leading sporting organization, not to hold races on Sunday, in conformity with the desire of the Emperor, meets with universal approval throughout Germany, though it has excited the anger of racing circles in Austria, between which and the Union Club there has been close association.

Early in February the imperial tours will be resumed. The program has not yet been decided upon, but preparations now being made indicate that the Emperor will visit Alsace-Lorraine. Court Marshal Liebenau has been to Strasbourg to arrange for a reception there.

A committee has been formed to erect a memorial of the late Emperor Frederick on the field of Woerth. It is expected that the Emperor will be present at the foundation ceremony and that he will thence go to Belgium and afterward to England.

Indignant Danes.

Copenhagen telegrams refer indignantly to the official reply of Emperor William to the invitation of the Flensburg Kriegerverein promising to celebrate at Sunderburg on June 29 the anniversary of the capture of Alsen. The irate Danish papers say King Christian will resign his honorary colonelcy of Uhlans if the Emperor reminds Denmark of her humiliation. Nobody here believes that the Emperor thinks of offending Denmark because he banquets the veterans of Flensburg.

The Slavery Conference.

The latest phase of the projected Slavery Conference is a proposal to meet in Paris during the period of the Exhibition, under the presidency of Cardinal Lavigerie. The proposal will not be accepted here. The Swiss Government is urged to initiate a conference on the subject. If held in Geneva every power is likely to assent to the presidency of Cardinal Lavigerie.

It is not expected that the opposition of the National Liberals to the acquisition by the Empire of sovereign rights over the East Africa Company's territories will lead to the modifying of the Government's East Africa bill. The National Liberal organs contend that the Company ought to be left to its own resources to regain by conquest the territories it has lost. The territory will be under the government of an imperial commissioner on the same footing as Togoland and the Cameroons.

The British acquisition of new territory in the Kingdom of Moremi, on Lake Ngami, rich in minerals, is regarded here as a breach of the Berlin convention. This view is held on the ground that there was no virtual possession of the territory before the protectorate was proclaimed. German explorers were prospecting the lands and negotiating for mineral rights, when the territory was seized by British agents.

The Socialist Spectre.

The renewed growth of Socialist activities is certain to evoke early action by the Reichstag to settle the Socialist laws. The Austro-German Socialist Congress, which meets tomorrow, will prepare a manifesto to the Socialists of the world. The police have been ordered not to interfere as long as the debates are not seditious. The dynamite section of the Vienna Socialists will send several delegates. Among the sixty Socialist delegates present at the Belgian Chatel et Congress and afterwards arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the dynamite explosions during the recent mining strikes were several German exiles, who for some time resided at Zurich. The Belgian Attorney-General, Van Schuor, who directs the trial of every suspect, is communicating with the Berlin Government on the subject. The Socialists assert that police agents are at the root of the conspiracy.

The Swiss Government has perfected a system of political police which is entirely satisfactory to the Berlin authorities. The cantonal police have been instructed towatch all public and private gatherings held for the purpose of discussing political questions, and to report concerning the persons prominent at such gatherings and foreigners suspected of being dangerous, such persons to be shadowed when moving to another canton or leaving the country. A section of the Swiss press condemns the system as tending to turn the country into a Prussian province under the Socialist law.

Sir R. D. Morier's Case.

The defenders of Sir R. D. Morier, the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, assert that a letter exists bearing Marshal Bazaine's signature, in which he absolutely denies holding any communication with Morier. The Cologne Gazette challenges the production of the letter, and says that even against the letter it can place a statement freely made by Bazaine in the presence of German officers to the effect that he first heard of the movement of German troops through advises emanating from Morier at Darmstadt. The paper reviews the question as to the source whence Bazaine drew his pecuniary support while at Madrid. The full public vindication which Morier appeals for is prevented by the fact that he was the victim, not the offender, his Darmstadt cipher despatches sent to the English Government being transmitted to the French through a personage in the English court.

The New Explosive.

Secret experiments with the new explosive proceed successfully near Thorn. Experts are convinced that the explosive can destroy forts like the French forts D'Arret on the frontier within a few hours. The power of the explosive will revolutionize the whole fortress system, making useless great closed fort works and necessitating moveable defensive works enclosed in ironclad bulwarks. Recent fort work changes in France and Russia indicate that both those nations have obtained knowledge of the explosive. Warsaw despatches state that the system of General Toleffer will be completely abandoned and that orders have already been issued to stop the works at Kowal and to form instead a triangular system, including Kowal, Liteuski and Bialystock, connected by strategic railways.

THE HAYTIAN REBELLION.

France's Influence with Legitime Strong—Destitution in the Bombarded Ports.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Dec. 30.—The influence of the French Government through their minister here is very strong with the Legitime Government and it is said the Haytien Republic, which was surrendered when the United States steamers entered the harbor with shotted guns, would not have been released had a French man-of-war been in the harbor.

After having bombarded Cape Haytien, Persit, de Petit, Saint Marc and other smaller ports on the north and west coast and completely demoralizing the foreign and coasting trade, it has been decided to advance the Haytian warships in connection with the army now marching to meet the forces of Gen. Hyppolite. Skirmishes have occurred on the frontier and news of a general engagement near San Marc is momentarily looked for. While the navy and seat of government is in the hands of the Legitime faction, the troops under Hyppolite are superior in moral and general efficiency and consider their commander a "second Napoleon." The inhabitants of San Marc, recently bombarded, are in a most destitute situation, such being the condition to some extent of all the bombarded ports. A riot was in progress at Jacmel when the steamer Prins Mauris left there, and half of he town was in flames.

Slight, the Florist, has the best stock of Roses in the city. 407 Yonge-street.

FIGHT WITH OYSTER PIRATES.

Maryland Cruisers Capture Five of the Illegal Dredgers.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—A desperate fight between the Police sloop Julia Hamilton and a fleet of illegal oyster dredgers took place on Thursday afternoon in Fishing Bay on the Dorchester County coast. Captain Tyler, of the Julia Hamilton, discovered the pirates at work in the morning and ordered them away. They were enveloped in a dense fog and apparently sailed off but returned in the afternoon Captain Tyler attacked them. The battle continued for several hours, over 600 shots being fired from the police boat and a great many from the boats of the oyster thieves. An unknown dredger was shot through the arm and the boats were badly riddled with bullets, though no serious damage was done. The pirates were finally put to flight. Friday morning the state forces were strengthened by the arrival of the steamer Governor McLean and five dredging schooners were captured and towed into Cambridge. Their captains, however, escaped. The battle was full of excitement and there were narrow escapes.

AFTER THE TELEGRAPH CO'S.

Steps Taken at Harrisburg, Pa., to Forfeit the Franchises of the W. U. and B. & O.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 30. — Attorney-General Kirkpatrick yesterday afternoon filed an application before Judge Simonton for a writ of quo warranto, citing the Western Union Telegraph Company, the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company and the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Pennsylvania into Court to show cause why they should not forfeit their stock, lines and franchises for violating the constitution of the state by consolidating. The Attorney-General alleges that the Western Union on Oct. 5, 1887, purchased the whole of the capital stock of the Baltimore and Ohio for $5,000,000 directly in violation of the constitution, which forbids the purchase of competing lines. The court granted the writ, making it returnable Jan. 29.

Silverware, graniteware and agateware Milne's, 169 Yonge-street. 156

DUE TO CARELESSNESS.

The Market Hotel at Simcoe Burnt Early Sunday Morning.

SIMCOE, Dec. 30.—This morning about 5 o'clock the Market Hotel, occupied by Jos. Balmer, was destroyed by fire which started in the stables adjoining. The barns and outbuildings were consumed, together with a large quantity of hay and grain and two horses. Most of the hotel furniture was saved. Loss about $4000, insured for $1500. The fire is supposed to have originated by carelessness on the part of frequenters.

Proposed Rival to the "Soo" Road.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Marcus Pollasky of this city left here yesterday for Michigan, where in connection with Gov. McDonald, Mr. Royce and others, he proposes to incorporate a new company for the purpose of constructing a railroad from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Escanaba. The new road will be known as the Escanaba, Twin City and Western Road, and will be an opposition road to the Minnesota, Sault Ste. Marie and Atlantic Road. It will be 350 miles long.

Oshawa Jottings.

OSHAWA, Dec. 30.—During the progress of an auction sale yesterday at the residence of Mr. Schmidt part of the floor gave way causing a panic among the people in attendance. Fortunately no one was hurt.

The election campaign in East Whitby has fairly set in. Mr. J. T. Hancock is opposing Mr. G. E. Mowbay, the present reeve, for the reeveship, while there will be a strong fight for the deputy-reeveship and councillor.

Brave Men Rewarded.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The Chamber of Commerce was crowded yesterday on the occasion of the presentation to Captain James and his life-saving crew, who did such noble work on this coast during the recent storm, of the fund of $4700, contributed as a testimonial to their bravery. In addition, the Humane Society's medals were presented and the sum of $470 was added. Appropriate addresses were made.

Cokeworkers Demanding an Advance.

SCOTDALE, Pa., Dec. 30.—At a meeting of coke workers of the Connellsville region today, it was decided to demand an advance of 6½ per cent. at once. The advance is based on $1.35 per ton for coke, which is 10 cents above the present selling price. Twelve thousand coke workers are represented at the meeting.

THE REBELS AT HANDOUB.

SURRENDER TO THE BRITISH SAID TO BE CONTEMPLATED.

The Would-be Scuttlers of the Bark Gylfe of Quebec Sentenced at Glasgow to Ten Years' Penal Servitude—Irving's Macbeth—Mr. Gladstone's 79th Anniversary.

SUAKIM, Dec. 30.—General Grenfell made another reconnoitring expedition yesterday extending to Danmanhon, Meras and Kawie. None of the enemy were seen.

It is reported here that the rebel tribes at Handoub contemplate surrendering to the British.

Arabic translations of the accounts published in London newspapers prior to Dec. 20 of the plans and operations of the British forces at Suakim have been found in the possession of the enemy.

An escaped Soudanese has offered to bring General Gordon's clothes, sword and papers, which are said to be hidden near Berber.

Gladstone's 79th Anniversary.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Yesterday was the 79th anniversary of Mr. Gladstone's birthday and notwithstanding his absence on the Continent scores of letters and telegrams of congratulation were sent to Hawarden. Most of the messages express a wish for the early triumph of Home Rule.

The Sackville Affair.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—It is stated that further papers relating to the Sackville affair are about to be published by the Foreign Office. Mr. Phelps, the United States Minister, will remain in London until some time after the Lord Mayor's banquet, which will be given on Jan. 24.

The Gylfe's Scuttlers Sentenced.

GLASGOW, Dec. 30.—Louis, and Joseph Lebourdais, respectively captain and mate of the bark Gylfe of Quebec, were yesterday sentenced to ten years' penal servitude each for trying to scuttle their vessel and defraud the insurers. The attempt was made while the Gylfe was on a voyage from Quebec for Greenock.

The "Gods" Applauded.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Macbeth was produced at the Lyceum Theatre last night before a brilliant audience. A large number of critics were present. Minister Phelps, Earl Landesboro, Oscar Wilde, Sir Frederick Leighton and many other notable persons witnessed the performance. The first scene was majestic and gloomy and Mr. Irving was picturesque. Miss Ellen Terry was interesting but unequal to her role. She was at her best in the scene in which the murder is revealed. The dagger scene was weak. The goods applauded but the stalls were critical and passive.

The Referee condemns with scarcely any qualification Irving's conception of Macbeth. It says: It is assuredly wrong to portray him at the outset as pale and haggard and steeped in crime. Here and there touches of genius demand recognition. The presentment was well thought out, but it cannot commend itself to thoughtful students of Shakespeare. Miss Terry's embodiment was startlingly new, but consistent, alluring and artistic in the highest sense. Sullivan's music was well worthy of the gifted composer.

Jim Givens' Heroism.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The heroism of Jim Givens has roused English admiration. The English press is full of tributes to him and to the other brave men who died in the latest Mississippi disaster. The Daily Telegraph speaks of him as a dauntless imitation of Colonel Hay's "Jim Bludso." "The very scene," says the writer, "painted in imperishable colors by Colonel Hay, was repeated last Tuesday, with Jim Givens for its hero."

BRUTALLY BUTCHERED.

An Atrocity at Bradford, Eng., Similar to the Whitechapel Murders.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The mutilated body of a boy was found in an outhouse at Bradford this morning. It was recognized as that of John Gill, 8 years of age, who when last seen alive was sliding on the ice with some companions. The boy had been brutally murdered. His legs and arms had been chopped off in a rough manner and tied to his body; his ears had been cut off, there were two stab wounds in his chest, and his heart and entrails had been torn out. The remains when found were wrapped in a rough covering. The police believe from the clumsy manner in which the body was mutilated that the crime was the work of drunken lads who from imaginations had been inflamed by reading accounts of the Whitechapel atrocities. It is supposed the murder and butchery were committed in some other place and the remains afterwards carried by the perpetrators to the outhouse in which they were found. The crime has created the greatest excitement as at Bradford. The police have not as yet any trace of the murderers.

A milkman has been arrested on suspicion of having committed the crime. The murdered boy had occasionally accompanied him on his rounds. The prisoner was the first to recognize the remains. It is certain that the body was placed in the outhouse between the hours of 4 and 7 this morning.

The accused milkman, whose name is Bartlett, was taken before a magistrate this morning and charged with being the last person to see the boy alive. The boy, when last seen, was in the prisoner's company and when he was missed the milkman was asked if he knew anything about his whereabouts. He denied any knowledge of him. A bloody sack and a knife, fitting the wounds in the boy's chest, have been found in the prisoner's lodgings. He has been remanded for trial.

A report that the murdered body of a boy had also been found at Keighley proves incorrect. The milkman arrested for the murder of the Bradford lad is a native of Keighley, and the rumor of a second crime had its origin in this fact.

The Session Closed.

PARIS, Dec. 30.—The Senate yesterday adopted the Budget as amended by the Chamber of Deputies. Premier Floquet afterwards read a decree closing the session.

Mr. Bradlaugh, the well-known English Radical, visited the Chamber of Deputies yesterday and conversed for some time with M. Clemenceau and other members.

The Pope's Encyclical.

ROME, Dec. 30.—The Pope's encyclical letter closing the jubilee year refers solely to the religious duties of the clergy and the people.

Italian Cabinet Changes.

ROME, Dec. 30.—King Humbert has accepted the resignation of Signor Maglinia as Minister of Finance and of the Treasury. Signor Grimaldi has been appointed Minister of Finance, Signor Miceli Minister of Agriculture and Signor Perazzi Minister of the Treasury. These changes indicate Premier Crispi's desire for a coalition of the parties that accepted his program.

Gossip from Fergus.

FERGUS, Dec. 29.—Christmas passed over quietly owing to the condition of the roads. The Methodists held a teameeting that evening which was well attended. They realized upwards of $75.

Lawyer Pool, of Nimrod fame, is spending his holidays principally in hunting and trapping. He scarcely comes in with less than four hares and a pair of partridge, the scarcity of game notwithstanding.

The hotel men were on their ear the other day on the arrival of five Scott Act constables to collect back fines. They attacked the Commercial first. After a lively time with the proprietor, his wife and a mob, they secured $73 in cash. The news spread like wildfire, and when the constables arrived at the other places where the fire-water is dispensed, they found either the doors locked or another man in possession. Hotel property changed hands that day pretty lively.

The Salvation Army is still holding the fort.

He Got Away From Texas at Least.

CENTRE, Tex., Dec. 30.—Joe Rather was hanged here yesterday for wife murder. He went to the gallows smoking a cigar and said he was going straight to heaven.

COME BACK TO ERIN.

The Creditors of Jeweler Clark Waiting His Return from a Feast.

Another watchmaker and dealer in jewelry has folded his tent and silently stolen away. John Clark, who for 3 years past has kept a store at 452 Queen-street west, went out of the city last Monday night to eat his Christmas dinner with his father, who is a retired farmer of means living at Silver Creek, near Georgetown. Clark has not since been heard of, and his disappearance is mourned with about $8000 worth of sorrow by a dozen or more wholesale jewelers. Clark came to the city four years ago, when he was about 22 years of age, and worked a year with A. Kieiser, King-street east. His father then gave him money to start in business for himself. He didn't do a rushing trade, but was apparently living a careful, quiet life and credit was extended him. He was a meek and modest youth in the city, but all "unbeknown" to his creditors a gay Lothario when he left its restraining precincts. He frequently went to Georgetown, where lived a dressmaker named Miss Aiken, to whom he paid court with all the devotion represented by an unpaid livery bill of $35. This affair resulted in the girl's coming to the city a couple of weeks ago to have an operation performed on her, but it was found to be too late and she is now in the city waiting until she may return to her home. Clark had been very ill for some time, and his illness with the worry of this other affair had told severely on him.

Meanwhile his business affairs had become mixed until his liabilities were so much larger than his assets that he must have despaired of straightening them out. He owes his father $1100, Harry Ellis $500, John Segsworth $1100, J. F. Austin & Co. $400, E. Scheuer $700, A. Kieiser $400, Joseph Davis $200, H. Aborte & Co., P. W. Ellis & Co., The Abbie Silver Co., Meriden Silver Works and others various amounts making almost $8000 altogether. His creditors had an eye on him and when he did not return, as he had promised, on Christmas night, enquiries were made and a trip up to his father's house at Silver Creek was taken. The father said his son had left after dinner for Toronto and he knew nothing more of him. The day after Christmas the clerk, a former bar-tender of Georgetown, named Emmet, opened the store. Creditors called and found that the most valuable portion of the stock had been removed, also a number of watches of customers. Emmet seemed to know more than he would tell about Clark's disappearance, but no satisfaction could be got from him. Then the landlord put the bailiff in for rent and the father took proceedings to collect his claim. All the creditors will require now to get judgments if they want to get a share of the remaining assets.

Where Clark is, why he did not remain and face the liquidation of his business, if the girl was the trouble that drove him away, are the questions about which the creditors are speculating.

Buy your pocket and office diaries for 1889, now. Canadian almanac 15c., Grip almanac 25c., Belgravia annual 35c., London World 40c., London Truth 40c., Xmas Queen 50c. at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

KILLED BY A FALL.

Alfred Seager, Aged 13, of Brockton, Tumbles from a Ladder.

About 5 o'clock Saturday evening Alfred W. Seager, aged 13, was playing with some other boys around a building which is being erected opposite his father's residence in Bank-street, Brockton. Young Seager was on a ladder, up a considerable distance, when he lost his hold and fell to the ground, breaking his neck and dying in a few moments. None of his playmates noticed him fall or from what height. The unfortunate boy was the second son of Mr. John Seager, well known in town, being employed by Quetton St. George & Co. The funeral takes place at 2.30 this afternoon from No. 10 Bank-street, Brockton.

Joseph Wallworth's Horrible Fate.

Joseph Wallworth, a laborer employed on the Don "spur" of the C.P.R., met with a terrible fate on Saturday afternoon at Todmorden. He was engaged in blasting part of the spur, a warming a dynamite cartridge at a stove perceived that the wrapper had caughs fire. He was in the act of extinguishing the flame when the cartridge exploded, driving the charge through his skull, killing him instantly. The body was conveyed to 755 Gerrard-street east, deceased's late residence, where an inquest will be opened this afternoon by Coroner Duncan.

Polished brass library and hall lamps Milne & Co., the Housefurnishers, 169 Yonge-street. 516

The Last Day of the Old Year.

Eighteen hundred and eighty eight is fast drawing to a close, and Dineen is anxious before entering on another year to further reduce his stock, and to-day will give decided bargains in almost every kind of ladies' and gents' furs. The stock is still large and well assorted, and the public can still be supplied with seal mantles, short seal jackets, seal capes, beaver capes and muffs and a lot of fine Persian lamb caps for gentlemen at $5 each; also a lot of gents' Persian lamb collars and cuffs at $12 a set. Children's grey lamb caps, $2; gentlemen's otter and beaver gloves very cheap. Dineen's stock of men's fur coats, and they want them reduced to-day. If you want a fur lined coat you can expect to get a bargain if purchased before the old year closes.

Pen, pocket and table cutlery. Milne & Co., the Housefurnishers, 169 Yonge-street 156

Some Old Paper Money.

Mr. Harry Symons found among his papers the other day an envelope with some ancient paper money, among them:

"Bank of New Brunswick, the Charlotte County Bank, New Brunswick, St. Andrews, N. B., issued in 1837.

Five dollar note, Banque d'Ottawa, Montreal, dated 1841.

Twenty shillings currency, Agricultural Bank, Toronto, issued 1833. It is signed for George Truscott, John Cleveland Green & Co. Also a ten shilling note of the same.

Three dollar note, Lower Canada Bank, Nov. 4, 1837.

Brass fenders and fire irons at wholesale prices. Milne's, 169 Yonge-street. 156

The Empire's First Annual Dinner.

The first annual dinner of The Empire staff and heads of departments was held Saturday night at the Albany Club. Only three invitations were sent out: Sir John A. Macdonald, Mayor E. F. Clarke and Mr. H. R. Brock, President of The Empire Company. The Premier was not present. Editor John Livingstone was absent owing to illness. Mr. D. Creighton, the managing director, was in the chair and Mr. L. P. Kribs ("The Crown Prince") was in the vice-chair. The menu was first-class and the other features of the banquet were a success.

The Y. M. C. A. Will Receive Callers.

There will be a reception given to the young men of the city to-morrow (New Year's Day) by the members of the Y. M. C. A. at Association Hall. It will continue from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Speeches will probably be delivered by Rev. Dr. Potts, President S. Caldecott and others. It is also expected that the Minister of Education will be present. Three silver medals will be competed for in the gymnasium.

Dr. McConnell Out for St. Mark's.

Dr. John McConnell, the popular physician of St. Mark's Ward, and one of the pioneers of Brockton, is out for alderman for that ward. He proposes to run purely on a platform of civic progress, independent of all party, and that no money should be expended without the direct sanction of the people. The electors of St. Mark's ought to put him at the head of the poll.

It Paid 26c on the Dollar.

The insolvent estate of the Turner Ferry Co. has just been settled, the dividend paid the creditors being 26c on the dollar. When the failure was first announced it was thought that the estate would show up dollar for dollar on its liabilities, but the year and a half's delay eat up a goodly pile of the assets.

A Big Storm Coming.

Said a gentleman yesterday who considers himself an authority on things meteorological: "I would say that to-day (Sunday) is a regular weather breeder and that the people should look out for a big storm within two or three days at the furthest. There will be no January thaw until early in February."

Hello Boys, Whisper.

A Christmas box for nothing. They are giving away handsleighs and drums to every purchaser of a boy's overcoat or boy's suit. Boys' overcoats or suits from $3.50 up. The British Arms Clothing store, 221 Yonge-street, corner Shuter-street. R. Baker & Co.

LESSONS OF THE FREE BREAKFAST.

Men Have Bodies to be Fed as Well as Souls to be Saved.

Gratifying success attends the Sunday free breakfast mission. Richmond Hall is punctually furnished with guests; the food maintains its guaranteed character as the best; the appetite of the 200 welcome ones is voracious; the troops of friends are weekly recruited; the sympathizers are legion.

But sympathy does not suffice—practical demonstrations such as Christmas time has afforded have to be thankfully acknowledged. Provisions, money, clothing have been the works showing the reality of the faith the donors have in this way of reaching the hearts of the poor through their temporal needs. And the blessing of those ready to perish has followed the gifts. One result of this benevolence was percentible yesterday. The faces of the motley crowd were cleaner than of yore, their hair was tidier, their garments better calculated to keep out winter's cold. Singing for two hours is no easy task for those whose hearts are not in the work, but the Cottage choir never wearied, and ransacked Sankey's gems for taking words and catching tunes. And when the mouths of the self-invited ones were not filled with tea, coffee, bread and butter, ham and beef sandwiches, there came thereout gusts of rough melody and hearty refrains which did the workers' hearts good to hear. As for the service it was the most hearty, the addresses more from heart to heart and the attention the closest of any of the half-dozen services which The World's religious young man attended. The upward gaze of the listeners was intense, the silence as of death, the interest supreme.

Rev. Dr. Griffiths was the chief speaker, and he filled the bill admirably. With pathos in his voice and love in his heart he drew many tears as he illustrated "the sweet story of old." Mr. Dixon, the father of the movement, also effectively struck while the iron was hot, and the Spirit of the Lord was present to heal. "Sentiment, sentiment," the cynic may reply, but is it sentiment that good—practical good—has been done; that bad habits have been forsaken, that the foul oath is checked, the pledge-book signed, and that more come to a religious service in Richmond Hall in the evening when "there's nothing to eat" than to the appetising fare at the breakfast? Kindness is winning its way, and those who have fed the hungry and cared for the perishing are finding that the Friday night's Cottage meeting is being largely recruited by those who first entered the building to partake of the free Sunday fare. The solution of more than one question is to be found in the due recognition that men and women even in the lowest strata of society have bodies to be fed and clothed, minds to be amused as well as souls to be saved.

"The Crazy Quilt" has come out. 531

THE DON IMPROVEMENT MUDDLE.

Matters Getting More Complicated as the Dirt is Stirred up.

One of the hardest tasks the Mayor has had on his hands since the commencement of his term of office has been the Don "improvement," and it is saying nothing derogatory to him to state that up to date failure has attended his efforts to straighten out the muddle into which it had been allowed to drop through stupidity and carelessness.

Up to date he has been living in hopes of accomplishing the work of unravelling the mystery before the end of the year, but he now sees that that is impossible. The question particulars of the character of a similar whole. When one difficulty has been surmounted and the Mayor and aldermen are breathing freer, up starts another, and so on until it would seem the great job was nothing more or less than a mass of the most reprehensible blunders. So bad are affairs that there is not an official, not excepting the Mayor or City Engineer, who really understands the city's position.

One of the gravest mistakes in connection with the enterprise, and one which is at present puzzling the Mayor and his advisory board of aldermen, is the sighting of the C. P. R. to the full control of the railway reserve of 30 feet on the west bank of the Don. According to the plans of the work submitted to council under the ante-Clarke regime it was understood that the right to that reserve was open to all railroads and that no one company should have a monopoly therein. It is not now said, and The World believes it to be true, that through an arrangement apart from the consent of council this 30 feet reserve was promised to the C. P. R., and that that company was under this impression when it began its works.

Mayor Clarke, as soon as he was seized of the facts, ordered the City Engineer to prepare a report on the subject, which it is probable will be submitted to His Worship to-day. It there is any truth in City Hall gossip it will make interesting reading.

"New Year's cards," and New Year call ing cards for gentlemen on Jan. 1, 1889. A large and complete assortment at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

A PAT FOR THE PORTAGE.

What Dr. M. J. Haggarty Says About the Western Town.

Dr. M. J. Haggarty, who is well known in Toronto and who is one of the largest owners of real estate in the town of Portage la Prairie, arrived in town on Saturday on a brief visit. He will go to Montreal and Ottawa before returning to the west. In conversation with a World reporter the Doctor spoke cheerfully of the future of the Portage, in which so many Torontonians are more or less interested. He says the building of the R.R.R. will increase the value of property in the town, but the real "boom" is in the season in which "boom" was heretofore understood in the West. The Portage has steadily improved within the past three years and the town has been "moved," so to speak. All the business houses have been translated from Main-street to Saskatchewan-avenue, and that thoroughfare is building up immensely. Regarding immigration to the Portage district the Doctor says they have a fine class of settlers coming in.

"You have a large emigration of English farmers?"

"Yes," said the Doctor, "but they are not the most desirable. The best settlers we have in Manitoba are young men from Ontario of Scottish and Irish descent. Settlers of this class are all workers and are doing well."

Gilbert Fletcher Still Missing.

Gilbert Fletcher, whose residence is at 3½ Oak street, and who has been missing since Monday evening, Dec. 24, was last seen in Reid's hotel at the Market on Monday night. He was in company with a man named Harrison, to whom he introduced another person in whose company he had previously been. It is the identity of this last unknown party the friends of the missing man would like to learn, and any information regarding him and addressed to 442 Yonge-street or Police Headquarters would be gratefully received.

When last seen Fletcher wore a Persian lamb cap and a suit of dark clothes. He is about 36 years of age, fair complexion and mustache.

Fire Hall Flashes.

At 3.15 p.m. Saturday a chimney caught fire at 98 Church-street.

A fire broke out at the Orange Hall, 187 Chestnut-street, Saturday afternoon. The loss sustained was $500. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

At 5.45 p.m. Saturday the brigade was called out to extinguish a blazing heap of rubbish at Queen and Simcoe-streets.

A Yonge-street Sensation.

A sensational report on Yonge-street is that The Yonge-street Bankrupt Stock Company intend holding a great clearing sale, and that in order to accomplish all the necessary preparations their store will be closed on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. Look out for their ad. in Wednesday's papers.

A Northwester in Town.

The Hon. Hugh St. Q. Cayley, member of the Northwest Council, is in town on a holiday visit. Mr. Cayley practices law at Calgary.

He Was Not Careful.

"Boss," said the tramp, "it's all my own fault that you find me knocking about in this wretched plight. I might have been a gentleman like yourself. Boss, a man should be very careful in the selection of his father and mother, if he don't he will live to regret it, that's all." Any one in the world could make a selection of White's smoking jackets and no regret it—that's if he don't forget the address—65 King-street west.

IT HAS WORKED VERY WELL

A PROOF OF THE MODUS VIVENDI'S SATISFACTORY NATURE.

No Change to be Made at Present in the Matter of Granting Fishery Licenses—Favorable Immigration Indications for the Coming Year.

OTTAWA, Dec. 30.—As the question has been raised amongst the United States fishermen whether the Dominion Government would renew the fishery licenses issued under the modus vivendi, some of which expire to-morrow, your correspondent has made enquiries at the Fisheries Department and finds that there is no intention at present of changing the regulation relating to the granting of licenses and that no new instructions in that direction have been issued. The modus vivendi was intended to cover two years and there is no present reason to suppose that the period will be curtailed. When licenses were first issued last spring they were made for a year from date, but later in the season this matter was changed and the Newfoundland system of issuing for the calendar year adopted. These latter licenses of course expire to-morrow, but it is understood that no objections will be raised to their renewal. The fees collected for licenses amount to between $4000 and $5000 and the best proof that the modus vivendi has worked satisfactorily is that no infraction of the fishery laws occurred last season and not a single seizure was made.

The application of Consul-General Phelan of Halifax for permission to tranship fish from one vessel to another has been refused and the consul informed that the action of the Collector of Customs in permitting one such transhipment has been disapproved.

Information received at the Department of Agriculture indicates that immigration next year will probably exceed that of the year just closing and that there will be an exceptionally large influx of Scandinavians and Germans.

Mr. J. Dewe, chief postoffice inspector, will be granted six months' leave of absence from Jan. 1 and be superannuated from July 1. He will leave shortly for Europe and spend the winter in the south of France. It is understood that the office of chief inspector will be abolished and the position therefore not filled.

The impression in the Militia Department is that this year's meeting of the National Rifle Association will be held at Wimbledon as the new range at Brookwood will not be completed in time.

Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of Militia, opened the campaign in Joliette yesterday. It is understood here that Sir Hector Langevin will speak at Guilbault's nomination on Jan. 9.

The statement which appeared in several papers recently that a settlement had been made of the difficulty between the Chaudiere lumbermen and the Government, by which the former were to pay up arrears and receive new leases for twenty-one years, is incorrect. No settlement has been made.

The Superintendent of Insurance has been applied to by several insurance associations in the United States professing to do business on the benevolent plan, similar to the Oddfellows, Freemasons and similar organizations, for permission to do business in Canada without taking out licenses, but it is doubtful whether any distinction can be made between these associations and ordinary insurance companies, and the question has been referred to the Department of Justice.

There are at present about a dozen vacancies in each permanent battery of artillery which will be gradually filled as eligible men offer.

Percy Wood, the sculptor who designed the Sharpshooters' monument in this city, writes a friend here that he has received an order from the City of Rochester, N. Y., for a soldiers' monument to be erected there and which will cost $30,000.

A Colorado Lynching.

GREELEY, Col., Dec. 30.—A mob early yesterday morning overpowered the officers at the jail and took out W. D. French, who had two weeks ago murdered Harry Woodbury and hung him to a tree.

THE HOLIDAY SEASON ON 'CHANGES.

Advance in Wheat—Barley Market Firm—The Local Stock Exchange Closes.

The men on the 'changes like other men like a holiday, therefore during the holiday season they do not worry themselves unduly about bulling and bearing, about wheat, barley and other grains, stock, pork, etc.; they concentrate their attention on the fair fat fowl of the season. The local stock exchange closed on Saturday until Wednesday; the English markets reports are featureless, as in fact all but the wheat market. The wheat market is strong in seal On Saturday a further advance was made from 99½ for Dec. to 101½, from 100 for Jan. to 101½, from 105½ for May to 106½. The effect of this advance here was almost a proportionate firmness. On call at the Board of Trade $1.03 was bid for No. 2 fall wheat and $1.05 bid for No. 2 spring on the track; $1.08 was bid for 10,000 bushels of No. 2 red on the track; No. 1 hard, to arrive on the track, was offered at $1.25 and at Carlton Junction for $1.25, with bidders at $1.23; No. 1 fros

THE TORONTO WORLD

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE - - 4 KING-STREET EAST, TORONTO
W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year . . . . $3.00 | Four Months $1.00
Six Months . . . . 1.50 | One Month 25

No charge for city delivery or postage.
Subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

FOR EACH LINE OF AGATE TYPE.

Ordinary advertisements, fifteen cents per line.
Reading Notices, twenty-five cents per line.
Condensed advertisements, one cent a word. Deaths, marriages and births, 20 cents.
Special rates for contract advertisements or reading notices and for preferred position.

MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 31 1888.

The Globe Backing Down.

Many readers of The Globe must have opened wide their eyes when they saw its leading article of Saturday, under the heading of "Our National Policy." It may well have been the first thought with not a few of them that surely something had happened. And we verily believe that something *has* happened, with a vengeance; though we must wait further developments are we can pretend, even, to understand what it all means.

What The Globe dignifies with the title of "Our National Policy" appears to be simply this—Reciprocity with the United States. "Only this and nothing more," as Poe remarks of the one word uttered by that ominous bird of his creation. Not a very high ideal for Canada, we must say. According to The Globe, Reciprocity with the United States is the loftiest conception we need form of Canada's future. It would be a common sense judgment upon us to say, that if we can't do better than *that*, we are unworthy to be called a nation at all. "You take on national airs, indeed! and talk about having a National Policy. On examination it appears that your boasted 'National Policy' consists merely of reciprocity with your big neighbor, whom you in effect admit to be the controller of your diminutive little destiny. Step down, step down! you can't pass among nations on such ignoble showing as that. At some future day, perhaps, you may rank as high as the Sandwich Islands, but not yet, not yet." Such might well be the contemptuous judgment that Canada would have deserved, if she could strike out for herself no higher ideal of National Policy than that set before us by The Globe.

The Globe's contention is about as follows: Until recently Reciprocity with the States was supported by both parties in Canada, both agreeing that it was desirable. Sir John's resolution of 1879, upon which our present protective system is founded, declared:

"That the welfare of Canada requires the addition of a national policy which, by a judicious incidence of the tariff, will benefit and foster the agricultural, the mining, the manufacturing and other industries of the Dominion; that such a policy will tend to Canada thoughtful of our fellow-countrymen now obliged to expatriate themselves in search of employment denied them at home; will restore prosperity to our struggling industries, now so sadly depressed; will prevent Canada from being made a sacrifice market; will encourage and develop an active inter-Provincial trade; and moving as it does in this and in the direction of a reciprocity of tariffs with our neighbors, so far as the varied interests of Canada may demand, will greatly tend to procure for this country eventually a reciprocity of trade."

A Farmers' Convention, consisting of representatives from all parts of Ontario, was held in Toronto on April 28th, 1887. A Permanent Central Farmers' Institute was formed and the following resolutions were passed:

"That in the opinion of this Institute the removal of all restrictions of trade between the United States and Canada is desirable, either by Reciprocity or otherwise, as may be agreed upon by the Governments of the respective countries, and that the officers of the Executive Committee are hereby authorized to take such action as they may think proper to urge this resolution upon the Government.

"That in the event of a fair measure of Reciprocity being unattainable, this Institute would respectfully request the Dominion Government to suggest to the Government of Great Britain the expediency of entering into Commercial Union with her Colonies in regard to food supply, and the advisability of a protective tariff against all foreign countries."

Here we are getting into the Wiman movement; but observe that even then (April 28, 1887), the proposal of Reciprocity with the States only is qualified by bringing in a Commercial Union of Great Britain with her colonies as the alternative. Not a whisper here of discrimination against the Mother Country. That appears to have been a later invention of the enemy.

On June 14, 1887, the Toronto Board of Trade adopted, after a long debate, the following resolution on motion of Hon. John Macdonald:

"Resolved, that this Board desires to place on record its conviction that the largest possible freedom of commercial intercourse between our own country and the United States compatible with our relations to Great Britain is desirable; that this Board will gladly do everything in its power to bring about the consummation of such a result; that in its estimation any policy which ignored any of the interests of our country, or which gave undue prominence to any one to the neglect or to the injury of any other is one that could be entertained."

"That in our agricultural, our mineral, our manufacturing and our diversified mercantile interests, in our fisheries, our forests and other products, we possess in a rare and in an extraordinary degree all the elements which go to make a people great, prosperous and self-reliant.

"That these are fitting inducements to any nation to render Reciprocity with Canada a thing to be desired, and such as should secure for us a reciprocal treaty with the United States of the broadest and most generous character, which, while fully recognising these conditions, would contain guarantees which would prove of mutual and abiding advantage to both nations, but that this Board cannot entertain any proposal which would place Great Britain at any disadvantage as compared with the United States, or which would tend in any measure, however small, to weaken the bonds which bind Canada to the Empire."

This repudiates straight out the idea of favoring the United States above Great Britain, which is really the pith and point of the whole unpatriotic scheme which is now called Unrestricted Reciprocity—the policy advocated by the anti-national party. The following is the resolution which was moved by Sir Richard Cartwright in the House of Commons during the session of 1888, and to which the Dominion Opposition is "held and firmly bound," as the lawyers say:

"That it is highly desirable that the largest possible freedom of commercial intercourse should obtain between the Dominion of Canada and the United States, and that it is expedient that all articles manufactured in or the natural products of either of the said countries should be admitted free of duty into the ports of the other (articles subject to duties of Excise or of Internal Revenue alone excepted).

"That it is further expedient that the Government of the Dominion should take steps at an early date to ascertain on what terms and conditions arrangements can be effected with the United States for the purpose of securing full and unrestricted reciprocity of trade therewith."

All these resolutions are likely to be frequently referred to these days, and therefore we transfer to our columns, where our readers may find them when wanted. Now let us quote also the last paragraph in The Globe's article of Saturday, the last few words of which (put in italics) may cause some people to think that the organ is preparing for a big backdown:

"The suspension of the Fishery Question in mid-air by the American Senate leaves the relations of these two countries and Great Britain in a most critical state. It is in the power of hotheads so to embroil us as to render inevitable the most horrid fratricidal war that ever afflicted mankind. The most favorable possibility of such a war would be the re-establishment of the status quo ante. To attain this, thousands of lives must be lost, perpetual alienations new reaped and the hope of effecting Anglo-Saxon unity, even in sentiment, abandoned for ever. Therefore it is the duty of every patriotic Canadian to promote the establishment of Reciprocity with the United States, in respect of trade, fisheries, wrecking, extradition and every other matter, by such agreement *as will leave our autonomy intact.*"

The great question just now in Indiana and Illinois, and rapidly rising in all directions, is, Will President-elect Harrison withhold his presence from the inauguration ball as Washington, March 4, in deference to the resolutions passed by several conferences of Methodist ministers, condemning dancing, cards and theatres? Great pressure is thus being brought to bear on Gen. Harrison, who is a Presbyterian.

The Hamilton Times in its anxiety to prove that the States is a better country than Canada gives a list of young Hamiltonians who have gone across the lines. To be fair The Times ought to print the names of young Canadians who are daily walking back to Canada looking for a job in the country they left too hastily. They are coming back to Toronto in droves daily.

The New York Times concedes a Republican majority in all branches of the new Congress which comes into existence in March.

The Globe had better take the advice of a correspondent in this issue and keep its hands off the question of Canada's independence.

We must congratulate L'Electeur of Quebec on its illustrated New Year's number. It is the best of its kind yet published.

THE HAFFIELD INQUEST.

A Verdict of Wilful Murder Against the Manitoba Wife-Slayer.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 30.—At the coroner's inquest in the Haffield wife-murder case the jury returned a verdict of wilful murder.

The evidence of Elder, a neighbor of Haffield, showed that the prisoner had been in the habit of abusing deceased for some time past, the whole cause of the family feud being the prisoner's love for a sister-in-law.

No doubt he beat her with a pitchfork and left her on the prairie to die.

A $10,000 Blaze at Montreal.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.—Wm. Kenwood's butcher store and J. F. Gillespie's grocery store at Cote St. Antoine were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $10,000. Gillespie's premises and stock were insured, but Kenwood had no insurance.

A Steamer Burnt.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 30.—The steamer Bristol of the Old Colony line was burnt at her dock here this morning and is a total loss. Some of the passengers still on board did not understand the meaning of the first alarm and were only aroused by the crackling of the flames near by. All succeeded in escaping, but some without a portion of their clothing and others by crawling over the railing near the burning timber.

Another Steamer Scorched.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—At 9 o'clock to-night fire was discovered in the hold of the steamer City of Mexico at her dock at the foot of Dey-street. She arrived from Havana yesterday. At midnight the fire was under control. The part of the cargo was tobacco. Half of it had been removed and the rest was a total loss. Ten firemen were overcome by the tobacco fumes but none suffered permanent injury.

Caused by a Spark from a Pipe.

EVERSON, Pa., Dec. 30.—This evening flames broke out in Brown-row, belonging to the H. C. Frick Coke Company, and four houses were destroyed. The fire was caused by the explosion of two kegs of blasting powder, ignited by a spark from a pipe. Seven men were frightfully burned, one fatally.

A Dakota Town in Ashes.

BALTINEAUX, Dak., Dec. 30.—Fire this morning destroyed the business portion of this town, causing a loss of $320,00.

The Horse—noblest of the brute creation—when suffering from a cut, abrasion, or sore, derives as much benefit as his master in a like predicament, from the healing soothing action of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Lameness, swelling of the neck, stiffness of the joints, throat and lungs are relieved by it.

City Hall Small Talk.

During the alterations in the offices of the City Engineer the clerks will make themselves comfortable in the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mr. Clarke signed checks for $200,000 and two for $100,000 each on Saturday. This was rendered necessary by the re-arrangement of the city finances customary at the close of every year.

Mr. J. D. Edgar, M.P., sent to the Mayor on Saturday a plan of the proposed belt line, with a short statement of the enterprise. His Worship handed the documents to the City Engineer.

Eleven of the twelve returning officers were sworn in on Saturday. The twelfth, John Burns of St. Thomas Ward, did not show up, much to the disgust of the City Clerk.

The City Council meets to-night.

The council for 1889 will assemble for the first time on Jan. 21, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Chief Ranger J. G. Howard of High Park has presented to the Mayor, City Treasurer Coady and Assistant City Treasurer Patterson handsomely bound copies of his autobiography, written by himself.

There were 51 births, 16 marriages, 15 deaths registered with the City Clerk last week.

Nominations for the office of Mayor open this morning at the City Hall at 10 o'clock.

There were 8 cases of diphtheria, 7 of typhoid and 6 of scarlet fever reported to the Medical Health Office last week.

Ald. Woods did good work for his ward during the year. He has had laid down within its boundaries 73,607 feet of sewers, 16,834 feet of pavement, and has made the construction of the new Dundas-street bridges an assured fact.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children an adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Morrisburg is to have a fire alarm system.

Laurel Methodist church has a new organ.

Deseronto will have a new $12,000 high school.

Peterboro people complain of cows running at large.

Counterfeit Ontario Bank bills are in circulation around Deseronto.

The Purdy Block at Trenton, recently destroyed by fire, is being rebuilt.

Fire insurance rates will be considerably advanced in Quebec City to-morrow.

Gregoire Rochon, a Montrealer, was stabbed by an Italian named Mucci, on Thursday.

Miss Rose of Parkhill, a sister of Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, is seriously ill.

The sum of $6317 was realized out of the Scott Act in Elgin County for the past year.

The work on a $10,000 foundation for the Stratford hospital will be commenced shortly.

Little progress is being made at the Thorold natural gas well, owing to the hardness of the rock.

The Dublin flour mill was burned last week. The loss amounts to $15,000, with only $6000 insurance.

Montreal will deposit the proceeds of her new loan, about $1,200,000 in all, with the Bank of Montreal.

The Trenton property owners have voted $23,207 to improve the water power within the limits of the town.

The Ottawa Journal comes out with a suggestion to put gas pipes up along the telephone and telegraph poles.

Kingston Branch W. C. T. U. has passed a resolution asking that no wine be offered callers on New Year's day.

Lieut.-Governor Angers of Quebec is laid up with bronchitis, and the New Year's reception will be dispensed with.

Two cars of silk from Yokohama, bound for Montreal, left Vancouver a few days ago. The value of the cargo is $800,000.

A great deal of the holly used for Christmas decorations this year came from British Columbia instead of from England.

Kingston Collegiate Institute, as inspected in October, ranked first in organization, discipline and teaching in the province.

The Frontenac supporters of the Scott Act held a meeting at Cataraqui last week and organized for the coming campaign.

The Sarnia Presbytery has sustained a call from Guthrie Church, Wilkesport, to Rev. Mr. McClung, formerly of Shakespeare.

The Grand Trunk and Intercolonial Railway stations at South Quebec and Levis respectively are to be fitted up with the electric light.

Rev. Percy W. Smith, rector of St. Paul's Church, Dunnville, has been appointed by the Bishop of Niagara to the rectorship of Fort Erie.

Two young men were up on Saturday before the P.M. at Stratford for passing counterfeit money on Christmas. The case was adjourned for a week.

A Montreal housekeeper the other morning while pouring out milk poured out a small minnow, which jumped about in a lively manner as if the lacteal fluid were as congenial to it as its native element.

The Reliance Electric Manufacturing Company of Waterford are engaged in the manufacture of an electric light for household purposes to be run at a cost of 10 cents per week.

Mr. Robert Blackburn, owner of the Blackburn Phosphate mines in the Templeton district, states that 2500 tons of phosphate have been turned out of his mines, during the past season. Of this, 1513 tons have been shipped to Bucyrus, and the balance is at the mines.

ATTENTION, MR. BIGGAR!

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE SOLICITOR OF THE CITY.

Mr. George F. Shepley Defines the Position of the Toronto Street Railway Company and the Corporation—A Reply to Hon. S. H. Blake.

TORONTO, Dec. 29, 1888.

C. R. W. Biggar, Esq., City Solicitor Toronto:
Toronto v. Toronto St. Ry. Co.

DEAR SIR,—It has always seemed to me an undesirable thing that litigation pending before judicial tribunals should be made the subject of comment by parties to it in the public press. It was therefore with surprise that I noticed in the newspapers of yesterday a letter written by Mr. Blake to yourself upon the subject of this suit. I have of course no concern with the views which Mr. Blake may entertain or with the manner in which he may give expression to them when communicating as counsel with you as solicitor; but as you were perfectly aware that the company had never assumed the position attributed to it by Mr. Blake's letter, I think I have a right to remonstrate when you permit this letter to be given to the public, who might, not unreasonably, assume that it had some foundation in fact.

Not to do the writer of the document any injustice let me quote his words:

The position taken by the Street Railway Company at present seems to be that they are not bound to construct or to repair any road-way which they travel in the city of Toronto. I presume the company has satisfied itself with the position taken, but a more monstrous one (as it seems to me) could scarcely be propounded by any company. They are pleased to condescend to use your streets, to wear them out, to make money with them and then to order you to rebuild or repair without remuneration.

And to avoid any possibility of misapprehension, he adds "As they have declared this to be their position, &c."

Now as solicitor for the city you cannot but know:

1. That this litigation only concerns cedar block pavements, and whatever position the company takes is taken with reference to cedar block pavements only, and not with reference to other classes of roadway. According to a memorandum furnished by you on June 21 last, out of 49.72 miles of track only 27.58 miles are paved with cedar blocks.

2. That with regard to cedar block pavements the company never at any time took the position which it is so broadly alleged to have taken. On the contrary, the company has never denied its liability to pay for the construction of its portion of the roadway in streets on which the city chooses to lay what the law requires, viz: *permanent* pavements. But the company has already contended that, under the statutes, whenever the city has failed to select a pavement suitable and proper to be laid as a permanent pavement, there is no liability upon the company to pay for such inadequate and—in the sense in which I use the term—improper pavement. How the court has dealt with this contention appears from the judgment, which I shall set out further on.

3. That, until the reference has been had under the judgment, it cannot be determined whether the city has been negligent in selecting and constructing the pavements in question or not. If it is determined that the city was not negligent, then, so far as the law has now been determined by the court, the company pays. If it is determined that the city was negligent, the company does not pay.

Mr. Blake insinuates this contention of the company as "a monstrous one." He omits to say that the contention of the company so characterized was upheld by the court after the fullest argument by very able counsel for the city. It is, I think, a pity that under these circumstances the expression should have been used.

With regard to Mr. Blake's reference to the course to be taken by the city on the termination of the company's franchise, I have nothing to say except that it has nothing whatever to do with this litigation. Why it was mentioned at all I must leave the public to judge. Mr. Blake advises immediate proceedings "to collect the amount due by the company on debentures and accounts." Inasmuch as liability of the company to pay this amount has been declared by the court to depend upon whether the city was or was not guilty of negligence, and inasmuch as, until the reference is had, this question cannot be determined, the company can only await the proceedings to collect, if such equanimity as the existing state of affairs warrants.

Now, leaving Mr. Blake's letter, what is the company's position?

This action, as you are aware, was brought by the city to recover from the company the cost of repairs made by the city upon cedar block pavements. The company resisted the claim upon the grounds, among others, that the city had been negligent in the selection and construction of the pavements in question, and that the same were totally inadequate for the purposes of any street upon which the company was operating its tracks. The action was tried before Mr. Justice Rose on Feb 5, 1887, when the following judgment was pronounced:

I find as follows: 1. That the defendant company is bound to repair permanent pavements.

2. That it is liable to pay the plaintiff such damages as it may suffer or pay by reason of non-repair.

3. That the plaintiff is bound to use reasonable care and skill in the construction of permanent pavements; for example, if pavement permanent in its nature, such as asphalt, were so negligently constructed as not to be permanent, the plaintiff would not call upon the defendant company *to pay for construction* or to repair, and would be liable to the defendant company for loss occasioned by such negligence.

I direct reference to—under section 47 J. A., O., for enquiry and report—

1. As to costs of repairs made by the plaintiff to permanent pavements on the streets used by the defendant company.

2. The loss or damage suffered or paid by the plaintiff or by reason of accidents caused by the neglect of the defendant company to repair.

3. Whether the plaintiff has been negligent in selecting pavements as permanent, and if so the loss or damages sustained by the defendant company from such negligence.

4. Whether the plaintiff has been negligent in constructing permanent pavements, and if so, the loss or damage sustained by the defendant company from such negligence.

The position the company assumed on this judgment is perhaps best shown by two letters written by me, one to Mr. McWilliams, your predecessor, on Feb. 22, 1887, and the other to yourself, on July 3, 1888. The whole of the former and the salient portions of the latter are appended.

TORONTO, Feb. 22, '87.

W. G. McWilliams, Esq., City Solicitor Toronto:
Toronto v. Toronto St. Ry. Co.
(Block Pavements.)

DEAR SIR,—Referring to our conversation of yesterday in which you asked me to embody in a letter the outline of a scheme for the adjustment of the matters in dispute to which the defendants would be willing to assent, I have to say that, while I think a preliminary interview between myself and some representative of the city would have been at once more satisfactory and more expeditious, yet I have no objection whatever to assume the initiative and to say what in my view would be a fair arrangement between the parties—of course subject to details being afterwards discussed, agreed upon and filled in, and also to such modifications as may be suggested on the part of the city and be found desirable in the interest of a fair settlement.

In the first place, starting with the judgment of Mr. Justice Rose as a basis, we would be entitled upon establishing certain facts upon the reference which he has directed, not only to be absolved from the claim for past repairs, amounting to some $4000, and for damages to third persons, but also to be repaid what we have heretofore paid in respect of construction of block pavements, a very large sum indeed, and we should also be entitled to cast upon the city for the future the maintenance of these pavements during their life and the payment of the debentures still to mature for the cost of the work.

Now, as to these matters, I propose that each party should retain the other from all liability. That is, we will seek no refund of what we have heretofore paid, and the city will submit to the comparatively small outlay already made for repairs and damages. Future maintenance will not need to be provided for in view of subsequent clauses of this proposal, and the city will provide for all unmatured debentures.

In the second place, I propose that as soon as the streets are open for wheel traffic the space between the rails and for 18 inches outside the rails shall be laid at our sole expense with stone pavement wherever wooden block pavements are now laid or may hereafter be laid by the city, which shall be maintained for all time by us and at our sole expense. The work to commence at once upon those streets or portions of streets where the need for action is most urgent and to be completed as to all, within such reasonable time as may be agreed upon.

In the third place, I propose that within a certain radius to be agreed upon, covering what may be called the heavy traffic districts, these stone pavements shall be constructed of stone blocks of the kind and laid in the method which was adopted last year upon Church-street, or stone blocks of some similar kind, laid in some similar method, except (in the case of double tracks) the space of three feet wide between the two lines of track, upon which no horse or vehicle ever travels, and which would be paved in the manner proposed below for the districts outside the heavy traffic radius. The whole work to be of the most modern and approved construction, and to be subject to the certificate and approval of the City Engineer or other officer to be agreed upon. Outside the radius so to be agreed upon, and where the traffic is light, and within it, as to the space three feet wide mentioned above, the pavements to be constructed over the company's portion of the street as defined above, of cobble stone, laid in the most approved manner and subject to approval as in the case of the stone block pavements. This will be virtually the same pavement as the company laid upon Yonge-street the year before the cedar blocks were laid there, on the question of their building a double line of track upon that street.

In the fourth place, I propose that the money for the construction of these works shall be found in the first instance by the city, who shall issue debentures for the purpose, assessable against the company, for the whole cost, extending over a period of 25 years. I am prepared to consider favorably any modification of this clause which may be thought desirable in the case of the pavements outside the stone block radius.

In the fifth place, I propose that if the company undertakes the actual construction of the works, they shall be subject to the approval of the City Engineer or other person designated by the city only, while if the city undertakes such actual construction there shall be associated with the City Engineer some duly qualified engineer to be named by the company, and that in the respective cases the certificate, or joint certificate as the case may be, shall be final and conclusive upon all parties.

As I have, I think, already said, the maintenance for all time shall thereafter be upon the company.

These proposals, I think, embrace the salient outlines of such a scheme as will satisfactorily cover all the difficulties which now exist. As I have said in a former letter, my desire is to make a perfectly equitable and fair arrangement and to meet you for that purpose in the fairest and frankest spirit. I believe that if both parties are willing to approach the discussion of the matter with that desire and in that spirit there need be no difficulty or delay in arriving at a satisfactory result.

I shall be glad to hear from you or to meet you at any time either to discuss the scheme I have proposed or to listen to and discuss any other scheme or any modifications of this which suggest themselves to you or your clients.

Should the negotiations unhappily result in nothing, which I however trust may not be the case, this letter is of course without prejudice to the company's position in the present litigation or otherwise.

G. F. SHEPLEY.

TORONTO, July 3, 1888.

C. R. W. Biggar, Esq., City Solicitor Toronto.
DEAR MR. BIGGAR. (re Block Pavements.)

If the city will hand over to us debentures representing $400 per mile of single track per annum, to be repaid by the company in 20 years, I will agree, on behalf of the company to construct immediately, subject to the approval of the City Engineer and maintain for the term of the debentures, a Kingsville-street route from Church-street to Niagara-street, the Yonge-street route from King-street to Scollard-street and the Queen-street route from Sherbourne-street to the Subway, similar to the present roadway on Church-street, except that we should lay better stone sets than the sandstone sets on Church-street, and that instead of the double rows, where ever team ever travels, we should lay cobblestones (subject always to the approval of your Engineer), as pointed out in my letter of 22nd Feb., 1887. Beyond this area we would, upon all our tracks, either maintain at our own expense the existing pavement, without any tax upon the city, or we would, either immediately or when it became necessary, construct and maintain the same as a first-class cobblestone pavement (subject to your Engineer's approval), such as was laid upon south 40 miles of track recently by Chicago to replace the wooden block pavements there. Or we will let you take over the sole responsibility for the control and maintenance of the pavements, and we will pay you $100 per mile of single track per annum more than we are willing to do the same work for, viz: $500 per mile of single track per annum, and $1000 per mile of double track, and you may then use any kind of pavement you choose, either repairing and maintaining the present pavements or constructing those which we offer to lay down, at your own expense, for payments which will cost less, as you choose.

I do not think it is necessary for me to go into the figures laid before you on Thursday, upon which, as I think, it was shown that the pavements mentioned could be constructed and maintained for $400 per mile per annum. The best part of that sum we are willing to pay for debentures amounting to that sum, which we will have to repay in 20 years. If you can show me that the work will cost more I will consider a modification of my figures. Should the city think proper to reject this, I desire to have it understood that the company is willing, as I offered in Feb., 1887, to pay the cost of sections of the whole of any sum that may be necessary to put the company's portion of the track upon a permanent basis, provided they are given a voice in the selection and method of construction of the pavement.

This letter is, of course, without prejudice.

G. F. SHEPLEY.

The company is still willing to carry out any of the courses mentioned in these letters, or to leave the rights of the parties to await the determination of the court upon the reference for damages as it may suffer or pay by reason of non-repair.

It is quite true that since the pronouncing of this judgment, declaring as it does that in the case of negligent selection or construction by the city the city "cannot call upon the company to pay for construction," we have refused, pending the reference, to make good or determine our liability, to pay the debentures assessed upon us for the construction debt. I do not see how we could do otherwise until the result of the reference has determined that there was no such negligence as the judgment contemplates, and that we are, therefore, bound to pay for pavements, which, I venture to think, have been and still are a standing disgrace to whoever is responsible for them.

Deprecating the necessity for obtruding this matter upon the notice of the public, and assuring you that I only do so under what seems to me to be compulsion, I remain,

GEO. F. SHEPLEY,
Solicitor Toronto Street Railway Co.

Among the Societies.

Ashlar lodge, No. 247, A.F. & A.M., G.R.C., held their annual installation of officers Saturday evening in Masonic Hall, Yonge-street. R.W. Bro. T. F. Blackwood, assisted by R.W. Bros. B. Saunders, F. J. Mench, V. W. Bros. W. Roaf, Sanderson Pearcy and A. D. Ponton, W. Bros. W. H. Best, Geo. Vair, B. Allen and W. S. Robinson, installed these officers: W. Bro. Gilbert S. Pearcy, W. M.; W. Bro. Benjamin Allen, I.P.M.; Bro. Geo. W. Weston, S.W.; Bro. W. R. Clarke, J.W.; W. Bro. D. S. Eastwood, Chaplain; R. W. Bro. T. F. Blackwood, Treasurer; Bro. John Littlejohn, Secy.; Bro. Angus Morrison, S.D.; Bro. W. A. Werrett, J.D.; Bro. H. J. Wickham, D. of C.; Bro. W. S. Pearcy, S.S.; Bro. H. J. Dennis, J. S.; Bro. G. M. Holdenby, Organ.; Bro. H. B. Howson, I.G.; Bro. John Robinson, Tyler.

The retiring master, W. Bro. Benjamin Allen, was presented with a handsome P. M.'s jewel, suitably inscribed, in appreciation of his services and untiring zeal in the interest of the lodge and of the craft.

Mr. George Tolen, druggist, Gravenhurst, Ont., writes: "My customers who have used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure say that it is more good than anything they have ever used. It has indeed a wonderful influence in purifying the blood and curing diseases of the Digestive Organs, the Liver, Kidneys, and all disorders of the system.

At the Hotels.

Richard T. Smith and wife, Montreal are at the Rossin House.

H. Taylor, Detroit; Duncan Grant, Hamilton; Shirley Ogilvie, Winnipeg; Robert S. Hilton, Ottawa; F. H. White, New York; H. Gotzleb and wife, New York City, are at the Rossin.

R. Waldron, Kingston; H. D. Green, Courtright; H. J. Carter, London; J. R. Eaton, Orillia; J. L. Murray, Guelph; J. Workman, Brantford; J. McGregor, Detroit; R. H. Potter, Belleville; C. Lamond, Petrolia; N. R. Vandervort, Belleville, are at the Palmer.

M. S. Lonergan, E. E. Culbalt and R. W. Eaton, Montreal, are at the Queen's.

A. B. Cowan, Galt; H. and Thomas Hambley, Clark, Dak.; William Cornwall, D. A. Ross and W. D. Scott, Winnipeg, are at the Walker.

Diamonds and Watches.

Remember the sale of diamonds, watches and jewelry advertised to take place to-day at Oliver, Coate & Co.'s. Mr. Wolfe having instructed the firm to close out the balance of his stock now in their rooms without any reserve. The stock is not large, but what is left are the finest goods, and Messrs. O. C. & Co. will guarantee what they sell, and from their reputation those wishing really first-class goods will be quite safe in buying.

Do you intend to buy any furs? That is, men's fur caps, fur sets, fur coats, fur robes. If you do, don't fail till you've seen the stock at the Army & Navy stores. The Army & Navy stores sell furs at a little over half what the fur stores charge. This is fact, and you will positively waste your money buying at the fur stores if you can find what you want at the Army & Navy.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORT.

INTERESTING MATTERS IN BASE-BALL AND TURF CIRCLES.

Uncertainty in the Prospects of the International League Caused by the Weakness of Hamilton and Rochester—A New Catcher Signed for Toronto.

There is a degree of uncertainty in the prospects of the International Association next season. Rochester wants to sell out and Hamilton is yet undecided and has made no efforts toward securing a team for next season. Several changes have been suggested. One is that Hamilton drop out and Utica take its place. There may be an International Club in the Ambitious City next season, but it is doubtful. As for Rochester, little has been heard from its managers and it is not unlikely that little more will be heard from them. Then should both clubs drop out what is the matter with Jersey City and Newark again becoming members? What is needed in the two Jersey towns is competition. There is none in the Central League, while in the International Association they would have to work hard to hold their own. The admission of these two clubs would certainly be a good thing for the association and make a strong organization.

The story to the effect that Deacon White had signed with the Buffalo club created a small sized sensation in baseball circles at the Hub. White was severely condemned on all sides, and it was asserted that his action would result in a serious complication between the National League and International Association. The Boston directors knew that White was at loggerheads with them, but did not think that he would defy them so openly. They say they will use all their power to have him blacklisted if he has signed.

The New York press have it that O'Connor left there for San Francisco on Wednesday night. The Herald and Sun both say that "on his arrival there he will go into training for his race with Jake Gaudaur for $1000 a side and The Police Gazette championship belt. The race will take place on Oakland Creek about March 1, 1889." This is news, for as yet no match has been arranged with Gaudaur and the Champion is in Toronto. As stated in The World Friday, George Lee, O'Connor's trainer, will arrive here on Monday and will accompany the Toronto sculler in his walks, which he will commence this week.

There is an effort being made to bring all the yearling sales to New York instead of holding them as is the custom on the great breeding farms. One of the arguments used is that the yearlings will bring better prices in New York. It is more than doubtful if the risk of transportation, the expense and other drawbacks will justify the proposition.

The American race horse owner who wins the Realization Stakes at Sheepshead Bay next July will place more than twice as much money to his credit as will the winner of the greatest of English races, the Derby, which will be worth but £4000.

Before the Traps.

A lively shoot was held at Stark's grounds, Eastern-avenue, on Saturday afternoon, at which Stark's new "Matchless" blackbirds were used. All the participants were more than pleased with the new bird. Three prizes were given by Mr. Stark, consisting of a tea set of four pieces for first prize, a long range telescope for second, and a handsome liquor flask for third. Van Vlack and Rice were the highest scorers, each securing 17, which in the shoot off resulted in Rice winning first prize and Van Vlack second. Wakefield, Morley and Carruthers made a tie of 16 each and shot off for third prize, which resulted in a victory for Morley. The score:

Rice	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—17
Van Vlack	1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—17
Morley	1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1—16
Wakefield	1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—16
Carruthers	1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—15
Walton	1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1—15
C. Riggs	1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0—15
Pearson	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0—12
Townsend	1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—13
Hathaway	1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1—13
F. Mallett	1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1—12
Stewart	1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—9
C. Ayre	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1—11
Rice, jr.	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 retired.
H. Townsend	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 retired.

SHOOT OFF.

Rice	0 1 1 1—3
Van Vlack	1 1 1 1—4
Morley	1 1 1 1—4
Wakefield	0 1 0 —1
Carruthers	0 —0

Early and Late Boating.

On Saturday afternoon Messrs. Mackendrick and Shaw of the Toronto Canoe Club paddled around the Island in a 16-foot open canoe. This feat has not been accomplished at so late a date for some years. On landing at the club house it was found that the water had frozen on the paddles and body of the canoe. The only floating ice seen was a few pieces in the Eastern Gap. The T.C.C. will probably hold the record as early and late boatmen, as two of their members paddled round the Island last spring the first day after the ice left the Bay.

THE PEDS AT PITTSBURG.

Golden Wins the 75 Hour Race, Covering 430 Miles.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 30.—The 72 hour "go as you please" race started here last Monday at noon and ended last night. Peter Golden took the lead on Tuesday and held it without being passed to the close. The race between him and Noremac during the last three days was exciting and well contested, the latter being confident of victory up until late in the afternoon yesterday. Golden's friends claim that, allowing for 25 feet shortage in each mile, he has broken the American 72 hour record. Whether or not he has done so cannot be known definitely until the track is surveyed to-morrow. Following is the score:

Golden, 430 miles; Normac, 418; Cox, 337; Engledrun, 250; Moore, 262; Hart, 85; McClelland, 117; Greene, 60; Guererro, 231; Poff, 136; Nolan, 45.

Boston Athletes Open their New Buildings.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—The elegant new building and grounds of the Boston Athletic Association were opened to-night. They are among the finest in the country. The association has a membership of 1200, including many men eminent in the learned professions or prominent in the mercantile world.

DETROIT KEEPS UP HER GAIT.

Manager Leadley Signs Second Baseman Higgins and Pitcher Zell.

DETROIT, Dec. 30.—Bob Leadley made the greatest catch of his managerial career last night, and completed the infield of the Detroit Club. He has secured a second baseman who, so far as fielding ability is concerned, ranks second to none in the business. Mr. Leadley last night accepted the terms of W. H. Higgins, who played a portion of last season with the Boston League Club. Higgins played in 1887 in the New England League, and in 1888 with the Syracuse Stars until July or August, when Boston bought his release for $2000 and played him at second, where he made a great hit. He is one of the finest fielders in the country, a good hitter and good base runner.

The Detroit infield, complete now, is Virtue, 1b; Higgins, 2b; Wheelock, s. s.; and McGlone, 3b; and it will beat any infield in the International Association.

"I've got another player on the list," said Bob Leadley yesterday. "His name is Harry Zell, the pitcher, and I think he will prove a good man for us."

Zell is a native of Dayton, O., is about 25 years of age, weighs 160 pounds and stands 5 feet 8½ inches high. His build is a good deal similar to that of Beath. He began his professional career in 1885, in the Macon Club, of the Southern League, as outfielder and change pitcher. In 1886 he played with the Maple Leafs of Guelph, and did some phenomenal work in the box, letting the Philadelphia League Club down for three hits, and also beating the Washingtons. In 1887 he joined the Buffalo International Club, but was attacked with a lame arm and released. He finished the season with Kalamazoo and regained his effectiveness doing much toward helping the Kazoos to the championship of the Ohio League. Last season he pitched for the Allentown, Pa., club, a member of the Central League, and did fine work. In addition to being a pitcher Zell is a rattling good outfielder, and will be useful to the club in case of an emergency. He is also a good hitter.

A Catcher Signed for Toronto.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—Manager Cushman of the Toronto Baseball Club signed J. Grim, a catcher and general player, to-day. Grim played with the Lima club of the Tri-State League last season and has an excellent record. He is a hard hitter and an A 1 fielder. His batting average is 294, and fielding 904. Mr. Cushman says he will prove a valuable player to the Toronto club and just the man to catch Atkisson. Grim is the first catcher signed for next season by Toronto.

Dust From the Diamond.

The Southern League has been reorganized.

The only American Association club that won't play Sunday games next season will be Baltimore.

Judging from the present aspect of affairs it seems likely that Spalding's tour will be continued around the world. Mr. Spalding contemplates visits to Egypt and Rome with his teams.

Ramsay and Kerins have again signed with Louisville for next season.

Jerry Denny is very desirous of taking Ward's place at short for the New York Club.

Manager Leadley on Saturday forwarded to C. D. White, secretary of the International Association, a certified check for $1000 as a guarantee that Detroit will finish the season in the association.

Mike Kelly, who, by the way, says

FLOURISHING OWEN SOUND

Soon to be Canada's City of the Northern Lakes.

A SPLENDID SHIPPING PORT.

The Thriving Industries and Transportation Companies that Centre Here.

POPULATION ALMOST SEVEN THOUSAND

Sketch of the Town and its Business Men—The Churches and Public Buildings—Waterworks and Electric Light—The Dry Dock and the Polson Shipyard—Great Vessels Now in Course of Construction—Real Estate in Great Demand—The Owen Sound Quarrying Company's Extensive Works—An Interesting History.

OWEN SOUND IS ONE OF THE most beautiful, vigorous and prosperous towns in the Dominion. It is a city in all but the number of its inhabitants. Its solidly built business blocks, mostly three stories high, its dozen first class churches, elegant private residences and imposing public buildings are superior to those of many of its size, and for picturesque surroundings there is nothing to match the Dominion. The town is built in the end of the wedge-like "Sound" or bay of the Georgian Bay, and nestles cosily in a valley, flanked by rocky bluffs some-times rising to the height of 200 feet. Two streams, the Potawattomie and the Sydenham—run through the town and fall into the Bay. The scenery along these is of the romantic description. Inglis' Falls on the Sydenham is an enchanting spot, and Max. along the Sydenham to reach Hibbert's is no less delightful. Cemetery Hill, the valley, and the rock which sends up the pure spring water that supplies the town, are passed in succession, and the rushing roar of the water announces that the Falls are near. From Cemetery Hill the view of the town with its streets running up the hillsides, the expanse of water and the hill and dale around form a panoramic view which for beauty and picturesqueness has no equal in the Province. Lord Dufferin stood here, and after gazing in rapt admiration declared that it was the most magnificent view he had ever beheld. The neighborhood of Owen Sound is remarkable for the abundance of pure spring water found everywhere and running along the roadsides. Geologists explain that this is caused by a stratum of blue marl about 20 feet below the limestone, and being impervious to water, the pent-up springs have to find an outlet on the surface or through the cliffs.

It is 122 miles from Toronto and the terminus of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway. It is the leading lake port, and has regular steamboat connection with Chicago, the Sault, Prince Arthur's Landing, Duluth and other places. It has unsurpassed water power, and is the headquarters of the C. P. R. line of steamers, and with its immense elevators has become a place of transfer of grain from the west to the seaboard.

The assessment roll shows a population of almost 7000, an assessment of $1,800,000, and the debenture debt is $155,000. The officers of the corporation for the current year are Duncan Morrison, Mayor; John Cuisholm, Reeve; John Foy, 1st Deputy-Reeve; J. C. Millar, 2nd Deputy-Reeve; W. A. McClean, E. Lemon, J. M. Davis, S. Lloyd, J. P. Raven, M. Kennedy, R. Taylor, J. Armstrong, N. P. Horton, Councillors, with Thos. Gordon, Clerk. It was incorporated as a town, and made the county town in 1857.

It has telephone connections, and all reasonable facilities for recreation, including curling, skating, driving, rowing &c., and its intellectual advantages are very little behind the cities.

THE WATERWORKS.

The waterworks system is probably unique in Ontario. A huge spring gushes from the rock about 2 miles from the town, up the banks of the Sydenham. The water is conveyed in iron pipes to the hill on the eastern side of the town, where there is a reservoir with a capacity of 1,000,000 gals. The source is 177 feet above the level of the Market-square, and the reservoir is 165 feet above it, giving a pressure throughout the town of from 70 to 75 lbs. to the square inch, or a capacity to throw water 80 feet high from an inch nozzle. The water is of the purest description and is used for both fire and domestic purposes.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND GAS.

Both are owned by a joint stock company, with the same board of directors, though under a different charter. The power is steam and there are two dynamos for Royal arc system of 40 light capacity each, and one Weston Incandescent 250 lighter. There are 24 arc lamps on the streets, the balance being distributed through the hotels and stores 25 cents a night is charged for lights up to 12 o'clock and 50 cents for all night. The gas is manufactured under the Lorne process, and averages about 22 candle power, and gives out a beautiful white light. It is evidently appreciated, as it is largely used in public places and private houses.

THE QUARRIES.

The rugged spurs of the Laurentian hills which partly encompass the town are destined to be a material aid in building up Owen Sound. What undeveloped wealth they may contain it is hard to say, but in the meantime the rocks themselves are made to contribute to man's comfort and prosperity. A company known as the Owen Sound Stone Quarrying and Construction Company are quarrying building stone on a large scale to the west of the town. This stone is acknowledged by Government engineers and experts to be phenomenally good for canal and bridge work. It is free from flaws and can be got out any thickness. This Company are building the C. P. R. bridges at the Don, also the big bridge over the Thames at London for the Windsor extension, and they also built the bridges on the Credit Valley Railway. About 100 men are employed in this quarry, and a shipment of from 8 to 10 carloads a day is made. Their plant—machinery of every description—is second to no contracting firm in the stone business in Canada. They have also two other quarries at Credit Valley, besides a flag quarry near the Polson works. They filled a large order for sidewalks in Toronto lately, but have closed this quarry down for the winter. Their monthly pay rolls run from $12,000 to $15,000.

THE POLSON WORKS.

Owen Sound possesses the only dry dock on this side of Lake Huron. It is 304 feet in length, 75 feet in width and 16 feet deep, and many of the finest vessels on the lakes were built here. About two weeks ago the ratepayers voted $15,000 to the Polson Company to enable them to enlarge the dock, which will now be enlarged sufficient to take in the largest vessel on fresh water.

The Polson Iron Works Company build iron and steel ships, and their works are very extensive, covering 8 acres, 3 acres of which are buildings. 400 men are steadily employed. This is the eastern terminus of the splendid line of C. P. R. steamers, and the Alberta, Athabasca and Campana are laid up for the winter. The Polsons are now building a sister vessel for the C. P. R. Company, but larger than any of the others; she is 305 ft. overall, 293 keel, 38 breadth of beam, 24 ft. 3 in. deep, and will cost $250,000. 320 hands work day and night on this vessel when weather permits, and she is now well under way and will be launched about the middle of January. An other large steel steamer for the Parry Sound Lumber Company will then be proceeded with. She will be 220x34 ft.; and the Company have work for three years in prospect. The Polson Works are an interesting sight at any time, and at night when the yard and works are lit up by electric light, for which they have a dynamo of their own, they are very picturesque. The machinery is ponderous and in keeping with the work. There are trip and steam hammers, plate roller, planing machine for iron, angle iron cutter, punching and shearing machines, drilling machines, bending machines, and everything moves off by steam power. There are two immense furnaces, one 50 feet long, for heating the angle iron, and a plate furnace 25 feet long. Scotch steel is used. F. B. Polson is secretary-treasurer, William Polson president, John Jeffery, manager office department, E. Frost, manager building department, and R. Logan (from the Clyde) is superintending the building of the vessel in the interests of the C. P. R. The other industries are: G. Corbett & Sons' foundry, Kennedy & Sons' foundry, J. McLauchlin's steam confectionery, J. Harrison's sash, door and planing factory and steam saw mill; steam bottling works, steam cooperage, Wright's flouring mills, Mrs. Harrison's flour and woolen mills; pottery works, a brewery, Kennedy's sash and door factory, Barclay's rake, broom and pump factory, and others of minor importance.

CHURCHES.

The Owen Sound churches, for architectural design, size and massiveness will compare favorably with those in the cities.

The English Church is a Gothic building with a spire 125 feet high, and cost $15,000 exclusive of site. It is lighted with gas, heated by steam and has a pipe organ. Rev Mr. Mulholland is rector.

St. Mary's R. C. Church is a brick building, Gothic, with spire, and has a seating capacity of over 400. Rev P. O'Donohue C.S.B. is pastor.

The Baptist Church is a plain roughcast building and seats about 300. Rev J. Stewart, M.A., is pastor.

The Methodist Church is a beautiful building of a composite order of architecture and somewhat approaching the Romanesque. Rev T. M. Campbell is the pastor.

The Division-street Presbyterian Church is one of the largest in the place. It is a massive stone building with a frontage of 210 feet. It cost $18,000 and seats about 1000. The interior is constructed on the amphitheatre plan and there is a gallery on all sides. Rev J. Somerville is pastor.

Knox Church, originally the Church of Scotland, was opened less than two years ago and is a handsome building with graceful spire and a seating capacity of 1000. Rev. A. H. Scott is pastor.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The public buildings are the gaol, court house and registry office—stone and brick buildings—the town hall, a handsome brick building with tower standing 65 feet above the sidewalk. There is a fire hall with hose tower and a steam fire engine, now scarcely required since the introduction of the effective system of waterworks. The Collegiate Institute building was erected in 1881. It is red brick with white brick scrimmings, 120 x 150, three stories, with mansard and square tower, and of the Norman Gothic style of architecture. It cost $25,000. Six teachers are employed, and the inspector says it is the best arranged and best equipped institute in the Province. Public Schools are the Hill-street school, costing $16,000, and two or three others in the wards for primary departments. The Y. M. C. A. are strong here and they have just erected a handsome two-story brick building for the purposes of the Association. The Mechanics' Institute has had a chequered existence but is now on the road to prosperity. The Institute has a good library and reading-room and the corporation provide apartments in the town hall free of charge.

The newspapers are The Times and The Advertiser, one Conservative and the other Reform.

ADVANTAGES.

The enterprise of the people has made them push their way into manufactures of various kinds, yet the advantages offered by nature are only partially utilized, and many openings remain where energy and capital might be profitably directed. A few jottings as gathered from some of the wide-awake men of the place may be made here.

There is no point where timber can be obtained so easily and so cheaply. It lies at the foot of navigation and in a direct line from the Northwest to the Atlantic seaboard, and most of the traffic passes through here. It would naturally follow that this is a good place for manufacturing to supply the Northwest. As an agricultural country it has few equals, and as there is good water power on both rivers not fully utilized, an agricultural implement industry would have good hopes of success. It is understood that a splendid flouring mill property will shortly be sold, and no better opening for capitalists in this line can be found. Being a good fruit section of country it would be an excellent point for a canning factory, convenient to the natural market in the Northwest, where fruit can never be grown in any quantity.

The Government have undertaken to enlarge and improve the harbor. The rapidly increasing traffic and importance of this point demand it. The improvements are estimated at $60,000, of which the town has contributed $20,000. These works when completed will make the harbor the best on the Upper Lakes. The C. P. R. Company have proposed to erect an additional elevator of at least the capacity of the present one, which is over a quarter of a million bushels and has an elevating capacity of 8000 bushels per hour. The C. P. R. Company are to construct a slip into their property to accommodate the rapidly increasing trade in lumber from the West and produce from the United States and the Northwest. The prevailing winds are from the south and southwest, and a safe refuge for lake-tossed vessels is always found in the Sound. With very little dredging 1 or 1½ miles of docks could be made on each side of the Sydenham where the C. P. R. comes in, and 2 of a mile on the Potawattomie where the G. T. R. would naturally come in. A consideration of these points will show that a wide field is yet open for the establishment of manufactures of various kinds.

ABOUT REAL ESTATE.

In an interview with Geo. F. Pain, a leading real estate man, he stated that real estate was never in greater demand than now. Property was changing hands freely at advanced prices. In reply to a question, and after careful consideration, he said that on an average all the real estate in the corporation had doubled in value within four or five years. He found no difficulty in selling all property put into his hands, and had just made a sale of 40 acres to be laid out in town lots. About 200 buildings had been erected during the past season. The population had almost doubled within five years. Brook, a suburb, was also growing rapidly, and its population, for all purposes except municipal, might be added to that of Owen Sound.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

A new industry about to be started shows that the business people have keen powers of observation and energy and enterprise to act when there are reasonable hopes of their efforts being rewarded. A short time ago a small lake about 8 miles distant was drained off, and in the bed of this a silicious clay and carbonate of lime were found in inexhaustible quantities, these being the component parts of Portland cement. Moulded blocks were forwarded to experts, who pronounced the cement superior to anything in the market and of double the strength. A joint-stock company composed of John Corbett, R. J. Doyle, Wm Robinson and R. R. Butchart was formed, buildings were erected and other preparations made to give the works a capacity of 500 barrels a day. Operations will be commenced early in the spring.

GENERAL.

There is an active Board of Trade, chartered under the Dominion Act.

There are several parks, one of which is 45 acres in extent, a racing track, and cricket, lacrosse and baseball grounds.

There is also a flourishing business college. The harbor, the elevator, the great transit trade and the C. P. R. steamers are some of the glories of Owen Sound.

The following represent the principal business houses and manufacturers:

Manley & Scott
have lately opened out a new store in Superior Block, corner Division and Water-streets. The store is large, plate glass front, and well filled with groceries, provisions, crockery, boots and shoes, fancy glassware, lamps, etc. By close attention to business and moderate prices they are fast securing a large share of custom.

T. E. Vanstone
commenced about 8 months ago on the cash principle and is more than ever satisfied that this is the best system both for buyer and seller. He keeps a miscellaneous stock of dry goods, dress goods, silks, satins, mantles, kid gloves, hosiery laces, frillings, pins, and fancy goods. Particular attention to the dress goods department; variety large and prices reasonable.

T. W. Douglas,
manufacturer of fine ordered clothing, hatter and furnisher, occupies one of the principal business stands on Poulett-street, and keeps on hand tweeds and general gents' furnishings. He does a flourishing business, employing from 18 to 20 hands in the tailor shop alone.

Toronto Boot and Shoe Store.
A. B. Dick has for two years past confined his attention to boots and shoes, keeping up a well assorted stock of about $9000 worth, and selling cheap for cash. Owing to increased business he is to remove to more commodious premises, next door from present stand in Meir's block.

Dr. Dow,
Poulett-street, came to Owen Sound two years ago, after a large experience in Toronto General Hospital, and has found a field in keeping with his experience and abilities.

Bank of Hamilton.
A branch of this bank has recently been opened in Meir's block, Poulett-street, with H. H. O'Reilly, formerly of the Listowell branch, as manager. The office is roomy with cherry fittings, and when finished will be one of the most handsome in Ontario.

Mrs. J. T. Hubbart
carries on a bakery and confectionery business opposite the Seldon House. She employs competent bakers, and her bread has the reputation of being white and sweet. A good stock of bread, cakes and confectionery kept on hand and bread delivered to all parts of the town.

The Johnston House.
D. Comeby has recently purchased this well known hotel and is now "mine host." It is a large 3-storey house, 42x72, and besides 30 bedrooms, contains spacious parlors and rooms en suite. It is heated by steam and has all modern improvements, stabling for over 100 horses. One of the best $1 a day houses north of Toronto.

Wilson Bros.
have been 14 years as dealers in furniture, and keep on hand a large stock. They have extensive premises, 3 stories, 25 x 100. They upholster most of their furniture and make a specialty of this line. They do undertaking and embalming, and keep on hand hearses and a full supply of funeral and undertakers' supplies.

Imperial Meat Market.
Robert Wylie, wholesale and retail butcher keeps a good stock of fresh and salt meats, poultry, sausages, vegetables and game. Mr. Wylie thoroughly understands the wants of the public and prepares himself accordingly.

D. R. Duncan
is an importer of and dealer in groceries, provisions, crockery, glassware, etc. His store is opposite the Town Hall, and in one of the busiest places in town. The premises are well adapted to the large trade which this establishment enjoys. Mr. D.'s success is due largely to his comprehensive knowledge of the business and the inducements he offers to customers by supplying superior goods at reasonable prices.

J. P. Raven
transacts a real estate general agency and private banking business, and makes a specialty of buying promissory notes. He also does a large business in the fire, life and accident business. He has been 12 years in the business, and is well known throughout the town and county. Office over Burchart's store.

Samuel Lloyd
is one of the live men and an alderman of the town, and while taking an interest in everything pertaining to its prosperity, carries on an extensive business as a dealer in produce, including hides, pelts, furs, butter and eggs.

J. M. Davis
is one of the men that are indispensable in a community. He is an alderman, a leading fireman and expends some surplus energy in keeping things cool in summer and warm in winter by dispensing ice and wood from his large supplies. He employs 5 or 6 men and 10 or 12 horses, and handles all kind of goods, including heavy articles like pianos.

J. Wilson & Co.,
Butchart's Block, keep a flour and feed store and deal in oatmeal, cornmeal, Graham flour, cracked wheat, pot barley, potatoes, baled hay and all kinds of mill feed. All goods at reasonable prices for cash.

Masson & Masson
are barristers of 17 years' practice, and one of the leading legal firms of Owen Sound. Wm. Masson represents the North Riding of the county of Grey in the House of Commons.

R. R. Butchart & Bro.
have one of the best stores of its kind north of Toronto. It is large, with plate glass front, and is well supplied with full lines of fancy and shelf hardware, cutlery, silverware, lamps, children's carriages, sleighs, paints and oils, glass, stores of all kinds and in the latest patterns. They also manufacture all kinds of tinware, sheet-iron and copperware, and are steam and gas fitters.

John R. Taylor
has been station agent here for the last three years, and by his uniform courtesy and attention to business has secured the good will of all with whom he comes in contact.

Owen Sound Metal Works.
John Waites is a practical machinist and gunsmith, and repairs all kinds of tools, guns and small machinery. Hardware, tools, cutlery, mathematical instruments, optical instruments, spectacles, ammunition, etc., kept on hand. Lock and key making in all its branches.

Geier & Brown,
direct importers and large dealers in crockery, chinaware, groceries, provisions, flour and meals, hams, bacon and lard. Their stock is carefully selected and groceries and provisions fresh. During the 5 years they have been in business their trade has increased at a very gratifying rate.

H. B. Weagant, L.D.S.,
has been six years established and has a large practice. His rooms over Ross' store are well fitted up and supplied with all the most modern instruments, including a gasometer for the administration of nitrous oxide gas, fountain spittoon, &c.

James McLauchlin & Son
carry on a mammoth steam confectionery and biscuit works and are heavy importers of cigars and canned goods. The premises are 25 x 210 feet, three stories high, and every part is a busy hive of industry. The bread oven has a baking capacity of 400 loaves an hour, and the biscuit oven is also a very large one. They manufacture an immense quantity of biscuits, cakes, fancy bread and confectionery, which finds a market from Toronto in the east to Fort William in the west.

J. C. Ryan
is an importer of staple and fancy dry goods, and his trade has so increased during the five years he has been in business that he had to enlarge his premises, a specially fine display is made of dress goods, and cash customers will get good value for their money. Ready cash and low prices is his motto.

Geo. Eberle,
fashionable tailor, hatter and gents' furnisher, will be found opposite the City Hotel. He keeps on hand a large stock of tweeds, gents' furnishings, hats and caps. As a merchant tailor he is noted for the excellence of his fits and the durability of his work, and this department has increased until 30 workmen are employed and the rooms over two stores are required in which to carry on the work.

James Douglass,
merchant tailor, keeps on hand a good stock of English, Scotch, Canadian and French tweeds, and makes a specialty of fine ordered clothing. Mantle making carefully done by competent cutters and workmen. Gents' furnishings and ready made clothing kept in stock. The increase in business during the 16 years he has been in business is the best proof of public satisfaction.

J. J. Douglas,
watchmaker, jeweler and engraver, has a large assortment of jewelry, watches, clocks, silverware, spectacles and fancy goods on hand, which he offers at reasonable price and guarantees all as represented. All repairing done and the most intricate movements cleaned and repaired.

Ott & Crozier
have a commodious livery on Division-street, and pride themselves on having everything of the best, whether it is horses or rigs. They keep 25 horses for hire and every kind of vehicle, and pay special attention to commercial work. In their stables will also be found some celebrated trotting horses, "Crown Imperial," a well-known prize winner, time 2.27½, is here, also "Jim Mitchell," time 2.32½, and "Billy Go Easy, by Crown Imperial, time 2.37. They also keep a hack and a hearse and teams seldom equalled.

H. H. Harrison
is the proprietor of the Owen Sound Marble Works, and manufactures American, Canadian and Italian marbles, Scotch and Canadian granites, monuments, headstones, urn-tablets and furniture marble. He keeps skilled workmen, uses the best material only and warrants all work.

T. I. Thomson
has been improving and adding to his store of late until it is now one of the largest and best appointed hardware stores in Western Canada. It is 130 feet deep, lighted with two arc lights and has telephone connection. Mr. Thomson, who is the senior member of the firm of Thomson & Co. of Port Elgin, purchased the stock from W. B. Stephen, an old established hardware merchant of 40 years' standing, and is carrying on the business energetically and successfully. Hardware, silverware, stoves, tinware, cutlery of all makers, nails, glass, cordage, etc., are some of the things kept in stock. Plumbing to orders.

Meltville & Co.
are dry goods merchants occupying capacious premises opposite the Postoffice, and keep full lines of staple and fancy dry goods, millinery, gents' furnishings, house furnishings, carpets, oil cloths, linoleums, etc. Their store is 42 x 110, with two floors and basement, and their other facilities for doing a large business are unexcelled. Every department of the business is carried on systematically, and the firm has steadily gained in trade and reputation.

W. J. Manley
has an elegantly fitted up drug store, 20x75, with plate glass front, filled with drugs and chemicals, toilet goods and spectacles. He manufactures a great variety of remedies, among which may be mentioned Manley's beef iron and wine, throat and lung syrup, blood and stomach bitters, liver pills, worm killer, carbolic ointment, Good Samaritan oil and sweetened castor oil. Dispensing carefully done. He has also a branch store at Markdale.

Grand Central Hotel.
This is a good brick hotel, 3 stories, with 34 bedrooms. Ample yard and stabling. It is among the best $1 a day houses and is largely patronized. D. J. Kenny is proprietor.

Livery.
J. D. Stoddart is proprietor of the old Coulson livery, and keeps 15 horses and rigs of all kinds. The main stable is 35 x 100 feet. A stage is run to and from Allanford twice a day, leaving at 7 a.m. and 1 p.m. each way.

A. Frost
is a prominent member of the bar, and enjoys a large practice. He has been Councillor, Deputy-Reeve and Reeve. He is County Crown Attorney and Local Master of the Supreme Court.

A. J. Frost,
watchmaker, jeweler and engraver, has an attractive store in Frost's block, and keeps a good stock of watches, clocks, jewelry, plated ware and fancy goods. Fine repairing secures special attention. Mr. F. is well known and does a large business.

R. H. Wilkinson
is a wholesale and retail butcher and dealer in fat cattle, working oxen, milch cows, horses &c. Besides his extensive meat business he does a large trade in ice particularly with the boats.

John Armstrong,
barrister, solicitor, notary public, conveyancer, &c., has his office over the Bell Telephone Central. He has been practising three years and has the reputation of being a sound lawyer and valuable citizen.

C. P. Johnston, V.S.,
is a graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College of 1885 class. He has secured a good practice, and does a large business buying and selling horses on commission.

J. A. Frost
deals in boots, shoes, trunks and valises. It is noticeable that Mr. Frost's father kept a shoe store in a small log building on the same site 43 years ago. The business now has outgrown the second building and will be removed to larger premises, two doors south. A good stock is kept, and cash and small profits is the motto.

Parker & Co.
S. J. Parker and John Parker compose this well-known firm of druggists. They do a wholesale and retail business in drugs, chemicals, oils and paints, wines and liquors, and are annual importers of agricultural seeds. They occupy commodious premises on Poulett-street, 25x100 feet, three stories, and especially fitted up for their business. Among the proprietary medicines of their own manufacture are the Balsam of Honey, for coughs and colds; Alleviative Syrup, a blood purifier and liver regulator; Elixir Calisaya, a genuine chemical food and nutritive tonic; California Liniment, for rheumatism; Thymocresol, the world-famed disinfectant, and a variety of veterinary preparations.

Redfern & Le Pan
are importers of hardware, stoves, tinware, ship chandlery, paints, oils, etc., and do both a wholesale and retail business. They manufacture all kinds of tin, sheet and metal ware and do plumbing and gas fitting in all their branches, and employing competent workmen do very satisfactory work.

John Chisholm
is an active, wide awake dealer in grain, butter, pork, etc., and is one of the best known men on the market. He has also seen much of public life and has been in turn councillor, deputy-reeve, reeve, warden and mayor.

V. H. Chantler,
druggist, has been in business 9 years and occupies a nicely decorated store fully stocked with drugs and chemicals, combs, brushes, perfumes, purses, dye stuffs, spectacles, soaps, plush goods, artists' materials, etc. His care fulness is well known and his prescription trade is unusually large.

Frank King,
baker and confectioner, keeps a good stock of candies, cakes, pastry, buns, and scones of his own manufacture, and has ice cream and oyster parlors in connection with his store. His is the only bakery that makes Vienna bread. He also keeps cigars, canned goods and all kinds of fruit in their season. During the six months he has been established business has increased at a pleasing rate.

J. F. McCallum,
chemist, and druggist, succeeded Alex. Campbell two months ago. He has a neat bright store and a well assorted stock of drugs, sundries, brushes, perfumed soaps, &c., and fancy plush goods. Prescriptions are made a specialty, and as Mr. McCallum has had special training in dispensing this branch of the business should rapidly increase.

Henry Stevens
keeps an assortment of shelf hardware, tools, cutlery, bird cages and ranges, and coal and wood stoves. He also manufactures tinware on a large scale and sells both wholesale and retail.

The City Hotel.
The hotel under this name is now being built by Dr. Patterson, and it is expected to be ready for occupation by the 1st of May. Arch. Duncan will continue to be proprietor. The hotel will have a frontage of 105 and will be the largest hotel in the place. It will have all modern improvements, such as elevator, electric bells, electric light, gas, steam heating, hot and cold baths, and every equipment of a first-class city hotel.

Robert Wightman,
druggist, has a store in which there is everything usually found in a well appointed drug store. He is a member of the Council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy, and stands as high in his profession as he does as a citizen. He is sole agent for the Dominion for Little's Soluble Phenyle, a new disinfectant and germicide for hospital, sanitary and home use. He is also agent for Canada for "Little's sheep and cattle wash," Pectoral cough drops, arnica liniment, vegetable antibilious pills and condition and heave powders.

R. Breckenridge & Son
are dealers in furniture, and have a splendid warehouse and a large stock of furniture of all kinds in sets and otherwise. Upholstering and undertaking in all its branches and a first-class hearse on hand.

E. H. Newman
is a watchmaker and jeweler of more than ordinary enterprise. In the manufacturing and repairing shop we found the father and other machines were run by a Sprague electric motor of about one-half horse power. It is admirably adapted for light machinery, being clean and requiring small space and no fuel. There are also an electro plating apparatus, a lady demagnetizer, by which watches may be deprived of magnetism, which affects the working when in close contact with electrical machines. The store itself is filled with jewelry, watches, silverware, plush goods, &c.

The Molson's Bank.
This institution has been established here 18 years, and requires the manager and five clerks to transact the business. It occupies handsome premises opposite the Postoffice and the interior arrangements are tasteful and convenient. The present manager, L. E. Tate, has been here 8 years and fills the position with much acceptance to the public.

B. Wilcox
occupies a handsome plate glass fronted shop, and is one of the most energetic and successful business men in town. Last April he was burned out, and he immediately set to work to rebuild and was occupying the splendid new brick store by the 7th of August. He is largely in the millinery and fancy goods business, hosiery and small wares generally.

William Craig.
The studio of this well known photographer is fully equipped with cameras of the best manufacture, capable of making pictures from miniatures to life-sized heads. The light is from the north and fully controlled. He also copies enlarges and finishes in water colors. The work shows the hand of an artist, both in execution and finish.

Carey Bros.
about a year ago engaged in the manufacture of fine boots and shoes and have stuck to their determination to use the best material and make moderate charges. This, with the perfect fit invariably made, has brought them a large and increasing run of custom until they now give employment to 5 or 6 men. They guarantee all work. Repairing also done.

J. Lee
manufactures and keeps on hand light and heavy harness and makes collars wholesale. He keeps good workmen and his manufactures have the best reputation. Brushes, combs, blankets, whips, etc., kept in stock.

Geo. Holmes,
photographer, has a completely equipped gallery, with the light so arranged that he can work from three to four different standpoints. He has the best modern cameras and all the machinery for first-class work. Oil paintings on hand in great variety of frames.

Geo. F. Pain
has for the past three years been engaged in the real estate, loan and insurance business, and finds his services in constant demand. In real estate matters he has taken the lead and negotiates most of the important transfers. He also balances books and collects accounts.

R. Hopkins
confines his attention to boots and shoes and trunks and valises. Repairing is also done on the premises. In this store the variety is so great that none need go away without being suited. His 14 years' experience in the business has not been lost, and customers get the benefit in good articles at a moderate price.

J. Eveleigh.
The shaving and hairdressing parlors have become a popular resort for all requiring anything in the tonsorial line. He has been established 3 years and is a first-class workman.

Jas. Hall
is a merchant tailor doing a very extensive business. In the workshop alone he employs on an average 30 hands. The shop is new, well fitted up, plate glass fronts, and fully stocked with tweeds, gents furnishings, hats and caps, ready-made clothing, furs, robes, etc. Clothing of all kinds is scientifically turned out.

The Cash Store.
Graham & Co., with J. A. Walker as manager, opened a store on the cash principle for the sale of boots and shoes, trunks, etc., about a month ago and the enterprise thus far has been successful beyond their expectations. They are selling cheap, and this fact is specially becoming known.

H. E. Rebeck
keeps a carriage emporium well supplied with carriages of the best makers. In fact, mostly every machine and implement required on a farm are found here. Every Saturday afternoon there is an auction sale of horses, on the same lines as Grand's of Toronto, and has proved quite a success.

Jas. Fowler, V. S.,
is a graduate of the Ont. Veterinary College, and has been practising 16 years. He has an excellent reputation as a "Vet" and enjoys a large practice.

The Coulson House.
This old established hotel, now under the management of W. M. Matthews, late of the Queen's Hotel, has been renovated and refitted, making it homelike and comfortable. Mr Matthews is a genial landlord and ought to secure his old custom and much that is new. The house has 80 rooms with every modern convenience.

Stephen Spencer
has been 25 years in the carriage making business and devotes his chief attention to light work. Eight good workmen are employed and all the special work is distinguished for the rare combination of lightness and strength.

Farmers' Loan & Deposit Co.,
W. P. Telford, manager, do a general banking business, issue drafts, discount notes, invest moneys and collect notes. They also do a large general insurance and conveyancing business.

Dom. Grange Ins. Co.
was organized in 1877 and is a purely farmers' mutual insurance company and the most successful in Ontario. It has $8,000,000 insured, confined exclusively to farm buildings, isolated houses, halls, churches and school houses. The low insurance in the past has made it popular.

The Queen's Hotel,
Mat. Simmonds, proprietor, has recently been opened under his management. The house has been refitted, painted and decorated, furnished and carpeted new throughout, and made a first-class hotel in every sense of the term. It has water in the house, is heated by steam, has electric light, hot and cold baths, and all the modern appointments. There are 50 bedrooms, 7 sample rooms, several parlors, and all other necessary auxiliary apartments to render it one of the most desirable stopping places in Canada.

The Merchants' Bank,
A. H. L. Mackintosh manager, occupies a splendid building of its own on Huron-street, with a frontage of 75 feet and 110 on Scrope-street. This is the oldest monetary institution in the place. Its business has steadily increased with the growth of the town and the encouragement of judicious management.

A. Ferguson
has a store on Poulett-street and another on Union-street, and probably does the largest grocery business in town. His oyster business alone runs from $200 to $400 a week during the oyster season. He also deals largely in canned goods.

G. Corlett & Sons
manufacture marine, stationary and portable steam engines and boilers, propeller wheels, flour and sawmill castings, steam hammers, iron and brass castings, and all kinds of marine and foundry work. They are practical engineers and millwrights and are thoroughly business men besides. They employ 30 men.

Christie & Agar
are tinsmiths, plumbers, steam and gasfitters and manufacture all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper ware. They are also agents for Copp's warrior heater. They keep a good stock of tinware, cutlery, stoves, lamps, etc., and do a steady safe trade. The store is in the Y. M. C. A. building.

City Laundry.
T. McKenzie, proprietor. All work done promptly and in the best style. Family washing at cheap rates.

Harrison's Saw and Planing Mills.
John Harrison is proprietor of a steam saw and planing mills at the mouth of the Pottawatamie River. Besides lumber he supplies doors, sash and everything required to complete a house from cellar to attic. Thirty to 40 hands are employed at these industries.

Kennedy & Sons'
foundry was established in 1860, and has a large connection all over the Dominion for the manufacture and supply of turbine water wheels and heavy driven machinery. Lately they supplied wheels and machinery for the Stormont cotton works at Cornwall, the Montreal Cotton Works at Valleyfield, the Toronto Paper Mills, wheels for Trent Woolen Mills at Campbellford, the Morrisburg Waterworks and Welland Waterworks. They employ 40 men, and ship all over the Dominion. They got medals at the Centennial, at the exhibitions in Toronto, Paris and at the Inter-Colonial.

The Royal Hotel.
This old-established hotel, on the corner of Division and Scrope-streets, is kept by Geo. S. Coulson, son of the late J. P. Coulson, so long and favorably known to the traveling public. This is a good $1 a day house, and largely patronized, particularly by the farmers.

Gray Brothers,
who have a store in Meaford, concluded last fall to commence business here on the cash principle and sell cheap. They have already secured a large share of custom, and are looking forward to a still greater increase. They have a large stock of dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, gents' furnishings and ready-made clothing.

H. Knight
opened a barber shop last spring, and, being a good workman soon made his shaving and hair-cutting parlors a popular resort for all requiring his attention. His tools are sharp and my faces are unknown.

Seldon House,
William Seldon, proprietor, is one of the best kept and best appointed houses anywhere, Toronto not excepted. The building is new, three stories, with square tower, and contains 37 nicely furnished bedrooms, besides parlors, sitting rooms and other apartments required in a first-class hotel. It is steam-heated, lighted by gas, supplied with water from the waterworks, hot and cold baths, and every room has the electric bell. The table is bountifully supplied with all the delicacies, and the cuisine is above criticism. The clerk is the beau ideal of what a clerk should be, kind, courteous and solicitous for the comfort of the guests, and the proprietor and his helpmate do their part to make the hotel one of the most popular on the road.

City Harness Shop
John Coates is a manufacturer of harness of long experience and has an excellent reputation for making first-class goods. Collars are also largely manufactured. Brushes, combs, whips, etc., kept on hand.

R. V. Atkins,
general blacksmith and manufacturer of buggies, cutters, wagons, etc., special attention to horseshoeing and repairing. Mr. A. has been four years at the business, and finds a gratifying increase.

F. S. Bowsley
is proprietor of a steam factory 26 x 150, three stories high, and has gradually dropped the manufacture of various articles in order to make a specialty of springs and gear and fifth wheels. In these he does an immense business and ships all over the country. The fifth wheels have an improvement of his own, and these are sold to the trade in 200 set lots.

Thomas & Co.,
dealers in sewing machines, organs, pianos and knitting machines, are an energetic firm whose business operations extend from Sault Ste. Marie to Collingwood. The Raymond, with Mr. Thomas' self-acting thread releaser, is largely handled by them. They also sell the celebrated Karn organ of Woodstock, and Mr. T. is careful to select the styles combining beauty with durability. The World's Star Knitting Machine is kept on hand and customers taught to operate it. They sell the cross scale square and upright piano made by the Evans Bros. Piano Co. of Ingersoll, and all instruments are fully warranted.

Crasser, Morrison & Smith
Are a leading law firm of the town, occupying rooms in the Dufferin block. Their reputation for integrity has long been established, and as counsellors they have long stood in the front rank. Mr. Morrison is mayor of the town and takes the most active interest in everything that might tend to advance its welfare. He has both energy and ability, and is a fitting person to be mayor of an important town like Owen Sound.

People Who Handle The World.
The bookstores of Owen Sound are all attractive and creditable institutions.
W. K. Ireland is proprietor of one of them and keeps a varied stock of everything that will tempt the lover of literature or of art.
H. P. Adair is another who caters to the intellectual wants of the people, and in addition to books and stationery keeps a large assortment of handsome fancy goods.
Jas. Sharpe conducts a flourishing business in the Dufferin Block, and keeps a large and varied stock of books, stationery, fancy goods and house decorations. He also handles all the periodicals—English, American and Canadian.

How to Cure Headache.—Some people suffer untold misery day after day with Headache. There is rest neither day nor night until the nerves are all unstrung. The cause is generally a disordered stomach, and a cure can be effected by using Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, containing Mandrake and Dandelion. Mr. Finlay Wark, Lysander, P. Q., writes: "I find Parmelee's Pills a first-class article for Bilious Headache."

About the Liquidators.
Editor World. In your issue of this morning you give some extracts from religious papers commenting severely on the conduct of Messrs. Howland and Gooderham in the Central Bank liquidation matter; and as you have always taken a bold, outspoken stand against cant, shams and hypocrisy, I feel moved to address a few words to you on this subject. If there is one mode of action by which men seek to push their partners at the present time more objectionable than the others, it is the wholesale and systematic way in which it is sought to attain notoriety and acquire gain by loud-mouthed professions of piety and morality. This style of thing is false in the first place, and therefore evil in its very inception; but as an evil it does not rest here, for an even worse plant springs rapidly from the corrupt rock from the reaction which invariably follows when the men of this class come to be accurately known by their fruits; for then the cause of true piety and actual morality suffers wrong through being confounded with the works of the professional hypocrites. This arises in the main through the careless apathy of the masses, who, without carefully discriminating, suffer themselves to be beguiled and hood-winked by loud professions and pharisaical self-laudation. Those deeply imbued with religious faith and of a wide-reaching charity are, like the Master they serve, modest, unobtrusive and distrustful of their own worth, very reluctant to thrust themselves forward, while the other breed force themselves to the front on every platform, and, so to speak, take the religious and moral world by the throat. Now were the masses less apathetic, and if they would look a little closer into the motives of those who seek so openly to trade on a spurious profession of irrestrainable zeal for what is holy and good, we should see very many of these irrepressible gentlemen

TO RESCUE THE INEBRIATE.

Information to be Given to the People Who Have Votes.

A meeting of the promoters of the proposed inebriate asylum was held in the Y.M.C.A. board room on Saturday afternoon to devise means of laying before the ratepayers information respecting the good the institution will do, so that they may vote intelligently when the $30,000 bylaw will be passed upon a week from to-day. Ald. Gillespie was in the chair and the others present were: Dr. Daniel Clark, Dr. C. Schomberg Elliot, Rev. Dr. Thomas, Rev. Leroy Hooker, Rev. G. M. Milligan, Rev. John Burton, Dr. Geikie, W. G. Storm, Mr. Burton, H. A. Massey, J. K. Macdonald.

The matter was discussed in all its bearings and the consensus of opinion was that the information be disseminated through the press and the pulpit, and perhaps by one or two public meetings.

Dr. Clark, Superintendent of the Asylum, pointed out that as this is the first attempt of the kind in this country great care should be taken that any defects in the Act should be corrected at the forthcoming session of the legislature, and he urged that a committee be formed to look after the matter. The great reason for the failure of these institutions had been because of defects in the legislation. The superintendent should have absolute power to discharge patients.

Dr. Elliot read a statement which was accepted as the basis of a circular which will be sent to the city ministers with the request that they read it from their pulpits and thus inform the ratepayers what it is proposed shall be the aims and management of the institution.

Mr. Massey said he favored the matter being submitted to the government with a view to seeing if an institution could not be established which would receive patients from all over the province.

Dr. Clark said that the government might even be got to make a grant at so much per head. The government had built a Provincial Inebriate Asylum at Hamilton, but this had to be turned into an insane asylum.

Dr. Elliot said a couple of members of the government had told him that they did not propose building an Inebriate Asylum themselves, but if any city built one they would probably assist.

A committee consisting of Rev. Dr. Stafford, Rev. Dr. Thomas, Rev. Leroy Hooker, Rev. John Burton, Rev. G. M. Milligan, Drs. Clark and Elliot and Ald. Gillespie was appointed to take the matter in hand.

Thos. Sahian of Eglington says: "I have removed ten corns from my feet with Holloway's Corn Cure." Reader, go thou and do likewise.

TORONTO'S NEW CATHEDRAL.

The Grand New Edifice of St. Alban The Martyr.

Bishop Sweatman, writing on this topic in The Evangelical Churchman, says: It is hoped that the choir and chancel will be roofed in by the next meeting of the Synod. The fitting up of this portion in a suitable manner will cost a considerable sum, and its execution must depend upon the incoming of funds. The chapter were committed to commence building by the terms of purchase of the land. A further necessity was found in the pressing need of accommodation for the mission being carried on in Seaton Village. As soon as the basement of one of the aisles was finished it was furnished and opened to receive this congregation at Advent in 1886. Services and Sunday school were held in this small room for more than a year when they were transferred into the basement of the main portion of the building. The congregation has steadily increased, the modest place of temporary worship has gradually undergone improvement, and now there is a very hearty service with an attendance of 200 to 250, and a Sunday school of the same numbers.

St. Alban's Park has been taken into the city, water and gas are laid down, and drainage put in. Houses are rapidly springing up, and the value of the chapter's property has become enhanced to fully seven times the amount for which it was bought. There is every indication that before many years the site will be in the very centre of the residential portion of the city. No serious doubt can be entertained that the Diocese of Toronto, with its one city of over 30 churches, and church population of not less than 55,000 rapidly increasing in wealth, is easily able to carry out the very noblest design which is submitted for a cathedral. In Albany, N. Y., with a population not one-half of that of Toronto, only five or six churches, and a church membership of probably not more than 7000 or 8000, a partially completed cathedral has just been opened, which, while only slightly exceeding St. Alban's in its dimensions, has already cost more than will be required to carry out the complete design of St. Alban's, and will need the expenditure of an additional $400,000 to realize the architect's beautiful and truly cathedral-like conception.

When the church people of this diocese become seized of the true value of the institution, and are possessed with the spirit of unity as the characteristic mark, the chiefest glory, blessing, and strength of the church, they will throw themselves eagerly into this work and not be satisfied till the organization of their diocese is completed by the essential feature of every diocese in the Church of England, and their church crowned with a noble representative temple of worship, worthy of their place in the Christian community, which shall be a pride and joy to themselves and an honor to the prosperous city in which it raises its stately towers.

BUSINESS CARDS.

PATENTS PROCURED IN CANADA, United States and foreign countries. Donald C. Ridout & Co., Solicitors of Patents, 22 King-street east, Toronto.

OAKVILLE DAIRY—481½ YONGE-ST.—Guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied; retail only. Fred. Sole, proprietor.

DEN TAL CARDS.

J. A. TROUTMAN, Dentist, 389 Spadina second house north of College-street. None but first-class work done, and warranted to give satisfaction. Telephone 1749.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. J. E. ELLIOTT, 28 Wilton-avenue Telephone 1575. Office hours 8 to 10 a.m. 3 p.m., and 6 to 8 p.m.

VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE. Horse Infirmary, Temperance-street. Principal assistants in attendance day or night.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

GEO. EAKIN, issuer of Marriage Licenses 138 Carlton-st.

H. S. MARA, issuer of Marriage Licenses 5 Toronto. After office hours, private residence, 459 Jarvis-street.

WANTED.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED to rent. Must be near World office. State terms and full particulars to Box 101 World Office.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Do you want bargains in furniture? Does your furniture need renovating or repairing? Call or send postal card to WILLIS & RICHARDSON, 469 Queen west. ed

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

RARE CHANCE—FIRST CLASS BOARDING house, 12 fully furnished rooms, best locality; rent $35, receipts $161 per month. $250 cash will buy this out. Apply to A. O. Andrews & Co., 151 Yonge-street, Toronto.

FARMS—FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—Lakes Land List No. 13, with Erwin Maps and County maps, is now ready; this is the most extensive list of farms for sale and exchange published in Canada, free to intending purchasers. E. LAKE & CO., 16 King-street ed tf

FRANK R. MACDONALD, DEALER IN REAL ESTATE, Federal Block, 13 Victoria-street (up stairs).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately existing between Robert Darling and Charles Cockshutt, both of the City of Toronto, under the firm of Darling, Cockshutt & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said Robert Darling and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

R. DARLING, CHARLES COCKSHUTT.

Witness, J. A. Flynn. Toronto, Dec. 22, 1888.

In reference to the foregoing the business will be carried on as usual by the undersigned under the firm name of

ROBERT DARLING & CO., Textile importers of woolens tailors' trim mers, etc. R. DARLING.

TELEPHONE. Subscribers Call No. 500. Electric Despatch Company. 82 YONGE STREET. For MESSENGERS to deliver LETTERS and PARCELS to all parts of the CITY. Bell Telephone Company's Public Speaking Station. 138

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. OUR NEW YEAR'S WEEK ATTRACTION. Matinees New Year's Day and Saturday. THE DISTINGUISHED ACTOR. ROBERT MANTELL. Under the Management of Augustus Pitou. In D'Ennery's Fascinating Romantic Drama, MONBARS. Which will on this occasion be presented with all the handsome scenery, costumes and draperies that characterized its late New York city success. A great production guaranteed. Next week—SHUCK GAS.

THE ORIGINAL Fisk Jubilee Singers! Will give two grand concerts in aid of Organ Fund of Western Congregational Church. FRIDAY, JANUARY 4TH, In the Church, Spadina-ave. SATURDAY, JANUARY 5TH, In Association Hall, Yonge-st. Tickets 25c. Reserved seats 50c. Plan of Hall at Nordheimers', 15 King-st. East.

JACOBS & SHAW'S OPERA HOUSE. Week commencing Monday Dec. 31. Matinees Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday. Bartley Campbell's most successful play the WHITE SLAVE. Under the management of Mr. Harry Kennedy. The Original Star Cast, New and Picturesque Scenery. Startling mechanical effects, including the wonderful Rain Storm of Real Water. NEXT WEEK—EDWIN ARDEN.

TO-NIGHT, WATCH NIGHT SERVICE. Elm-st. Methodist Church. Commencing at 10.30 o'Clock. All invited. Seats free. Collection for the Poor.

5 PER CENT. LOANS OF $25,000 to $75,000 promptly negotiated on first-class Toronto property. Smaller amounts at 6 per cent. We always mean ready money—without delay. E. J. GRIFFIN & CO., 16 King-street East.

WARD OF ST. MARK. Your Vote and Influence ARE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED FOR John McConnell, M.D., As Alderman for 1889. Election takes place Monday, January 7, 1889.

MUSICAL AND EDUCATIONAL.

Chartered by Government. TORONTO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. Hon. G. W. Allan, President. 600 PUPILS last SEASON. MUSIC taught in all its departments; also Elocution and Languages. Certificates and Diplomas. FREE Harmony and Violin Classes, Concerts, Lectures, etc. Send for 40-page Calendar. Address EDWARD FISHER, Director, Cor. Yonge St. and Wilton Ave., TORONTO. 15

The Toronto Collegiate Institute Reopens Monday, January 7th, at 9.00 a.m., when new pupils will be admitted. Fees $8.50 per term. Special terms to two or more pupils from the same family. ARCHIBALD McMURCHY, M.A., Principal.

FINANCIAL.

A LARGE AMOUNT of private funds to loan on real estate, city or farm property. FRANK CAYLEY, real estate and financial agent, 65 King-street east, cor. Leader-lane.

ALEX. MACLEAN, FINANCIAL broker, 9 Victoria st., building loans effected without delay, money advanced to pay off old mortgages. Specially low rates on business properties. Mortgages bought.

LOANS—One thousand dollars and over made with despatch, specially low rates on good security. THOS. R. MONK, 50 Church-street.

MONEY LOANED IN SUMS TO SUIT borrowers. Lowest market rates without any commission. Mortgages purchased. Moffatt & Rankin, 20 Toronto street.

MONEY below market rates on business property where security is undoubted, loans negotiated on real estate securities at current rates without trouble or expense to borrower. R. E. SPROULE, 20 Wellington-st. E.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—H. Hill & Kilner, 21 Melinda-street, Toronto.

MONEY to loan—On city and farm property, at lowest rates, no commission or delay; mortgages and securities purchased. R. GREENWOOD, 27 Adelaide-street east.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE Security at lowest rates; no unnecessary delay in closing loans; builders' loans negotiated, mortgages and debentures purchased. Telephone 1313. E. W. D. BUTLER, Estate and Financial Agent, 26 72 King-st. E., Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN on mortgages, endowments, life policies and other securities. JAMES C. MCGEE, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street.

MONEY TO LEND ON MORTGAGE ON real estate on long or short periods. Apply to J. Creighton 27 Toronto-street, Toronto.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON CITY and Farm Securities at 5½ and 6 per cent. James A. Mulligan, Barrister, cor. King and Bay streets, Toronto.

5½ AND 6—Money to loan, large or small amounts, no commission. Mortages purchased. R. H. TEMPLE, 23 Toronto-street.

5 AND 6 PER CENT.—Money to loan on city and farm properties, no delay; mortgages purchased, builders' loans negotiated. LEONARD W. BUTLER, Financial Agent, 30 Toronto street.

$50000—PRIVATE FUNDS—To loan at lowest rates. DICKSON, TAYLOR & MCCULLOUGH, Barristers, Manning Arcade, Toronto. 136

$250,000 TO LOAN At 5½ and 6 per cent. on Real Estate Security in sums to suit. Second Mortgages purchased. Notes Discounted. WM. A. LEE & SON, Agents Western Fire and Marine Assurance Company. Offices 10 Adelaide-street East. Telephone 592.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE SET OF SCALES—frame included—cheap for cash. Apply 161 Farley avenue.

FOR SALE—WATER POWER, ONE OF the best on the Welland Canal well situate for shipping either by water or rail. DUDE Potter, Real Estate Agent, No 4 Queen-street St. Catharines.

HELP WANTED.

SMART, STRONG LAD WANTED USED to horses. Apply at World office.

AGENTS WANTED FOR EVERY UNALLOTTED village and town in Ontario. Big money to be made. Now is the time to commence. Make a big spurt with the New Year. A safe and reliable agency. Write for particulars and terms of commission to Agency, Box 2630, Toronto P.O.

LEGAL CARDS.

A. D. PERRY—Barrister, Solicitor, etc.—Society and private funds for investment. Lowest rates. Star Life Offices, 32 Wellington-street east, Toronto. 246

BECK & CODE, barristers, solicitors, etc., 65 King-street east, Toronto, cor. Leader-lane. Money to loan.

BOULTBEE & BOULTBEE, Barristers Solicitors, etc., 64 Adelaide-street east Toronto; money to loan. ALFRED BOULTBEE REGINALD BOULTBEE. 361

BRITTON, E. H., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc. Offices, 4 King-street east. Telephone 65. Money to loan.

BIGELOW & MORSON—Barristers, Notaries Public, etc., Nos. 7 and 8 Masonic Hall, Toronto-street, Toronto, Ont.

CANNIFF & CANNIFF—Barristers, Solicitors, etc., 36 Toronto-street, Toronto. J. FOSTER CANNIFF, HENRY T. CANNIFF.

CASSELS & CASSELS, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., rooms 8 and 9, Manning Arcade, Toronto. Hamilton Cassels, R. S. Cassels.

DEWART & LAWSON—Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Offices: 4 King-street east, Toronto: Room No. 1, upstairs.

D'ARCY D. GRIERSON — BARRISTER — Solicitor, etc., 46 Church-street. Money to loan. 136

DELAMERE, REESOR, ENGLISH & ROSS —Barristers, Solicitors, 17 Toronto-street, Toronto.

ECHLIN, R. P., Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc., 4 King-st. east, Toronto. Money to loan lowest rates. Collections made promptly returned.

FRANCIS & EDDIS, Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Office: Elgin Block, No. 51 Adelaide-street East, Toronto. Money to loan.

GIBBE & FLINT—BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Conveyancers, etc. Building and Loan Chambers, 15 Toronto-street. G. W. GIBBE. A. J. FLINT.

GARVIN & GARVIN, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS etc. Offices, 18 Wellington-st. East. Money to loan. Telephone No. 1337. FRED W. GARVIN. JAMES S. GARVIN.

INCE & ROBERTS, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, etc. Office: 17 Adelaide-street east (upstairs). Money to loan on most advantageous terms. Thomas Henry Ince, Henry N. Roberts.

J. R. MILLER & E. J. B. DUNCAN, Barristers, etc., 5 Court Chambers, corner Adelaide and Church streets.

J. BALDWIN HANDS—BARRISTER—Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Offices: 16 King-st. east, Toronto.

J. CREIGHTON, SOLICITOR, NOTARY public, etc. Office, 27 Toronto-street, Toronto.

KINGSFORD, EVANS & BOULTON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Money to lend, No. 10 Manning Arcade, Toronto. H. K. KINGSFORD. GEORGE E. EVANS. A. C. F. BOULTON.

LAWRENCE, MILLIGAN & MACNEE, Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc., Building and Loan Chambers, 15 Toronto-street, Toronto.

LEFROY & BOYD, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. 11 Manning's Arcade.

LINDSEY & LINDSEY, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers—5 York Chambers, Toronto-street. Money to loan. GEORGE LINDSEY. W. L. M. LINDSEY.

MACDONALD, MACINTOSH & MCCRIMMON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., 49 King-street west. Money to loan.

MEREDITH, CLARKE, BOWES & HILTON, barristers, solicitors, etc., 31 Church-street, Toronto. W. R. Meredith, Q.C. J. H. Clarke, R. H. Bowes, F. A. Hilton. 6

MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & SHEPLEY, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. J. J. MACLAREN, J. H. MACDONALD, W. M. MERRITT, G. F. SHEPLEY, W. K. MIDDLETON, R. C. DONALD, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto-street.

MACNABB & FOWLER, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Offices: 65 Church-street, Toronto, and Dundas-street, West Toronto Junction. ALEX. MACNABB, HENRY C. FOWLER. Telephone No. 1842.

O'SULLIVAN & ANGLIN—BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Offices, Medical Building, corner Bay and Richmond-streets.

QUINN & HENRY—Barristers, Solicitors etc., Toronto, Ont.; offices: Millichamp's Buildings, 31 Adelaide-st. east, room 4. F. P. HENRY. J. M. QUINN.

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. D. B. Read, Q.C., Walter Read, H. V. Knight. Money to loan.

REEVE & THOMPSON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., 18 King-street east, Toronto. J. REEVE, F. H. THOMPSON.

REEVE & MILLS, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. 60 King-street east, Toronto. W. A. REEVE, Q.C., J. A. MILLS.

SHILTON, ALLAN & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., Toronto and Georgetown. Offices: 36 King-street east, Toronto, and Creelman's Block, Georgetown. Money to loan. W. T. Allan, J. Baird. 246

T. W. HOWARD, Barrister, etc., 10 King st. west. Money to loan. 462

W. H. P. CLEMENT, barrister, solicitor, etc., 7 Adelaide-street east.

W. J. NELSON, 56 Church-street, Toronto Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc.

W. G. McWILLIAMS, barrister, solicitor, etc. Notary Public. Office over Molsons Bank, corner King and Bay sts., Toronto.

WILLOUGHBY, McPHILLIPS & CAMERON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Dominion Bank Chambers, corner King and Yonge. W. H. WILLOUGHBY, F. McPHILLIPS, D. O. CAMERON.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

PALMER HOUSE—CORNER KING AND York-Streets, Toronto—only $2 per day; also Kerby House, Brantford.

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Brock streets. Terms $1 to $1.50 per day. Reduction to weekly boarders. Heated by hot water; gas in every room; all modern improvements. For comfort as a family hotel cannot be excelled. Forty bedrooms; baths and barber shop in connection. Telephone 815. S. RICHARDSON, Prop.

Grand Opera Restaurant. OYSTER AND SUPPER ROOMS. Opera House Building. Open until 12 p.m. A 25 cent dinner served from 12 o'clock noon, until 2.30 p.m. Every convenience for private parties large or small. F. CKEED, Proprietor.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL RESTAURANT. No. 3 Front-st. east. EDWARD BETTS, Proprietor. $1 per day. 50 rooms. Electric bells. Sittingroom, bath-rooms, &c., and everything required for the comfort of guests. Board, Sunday included, $3.00 per week. 136

CRITERION RESTAURANT. FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. COR. KING-STREET AND LEADER-LANE. 136 H. E. HUGHES, Proprietor.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL. Corner Winchester and Parliament streets. Terms $1 and $1.50 per day. Rooms single and in suits on European plan. Excellent accommodation for visitors and guests. Bath on every floor. All modern heating and sanitary improvements. 136 JOHN AYRE, Proprietor.

MONTREAL HOTELS.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL. 135 to 139 St. James-street, Montreal. 36 HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor. The Best Known Hotel in the Dominion.

HOTEL BALMORAL. MONTREAL. New Management. The Undersigned in assuming the management of this centrally located and most conveniently appointed hotel, begs to assure the traveling public that no effort will be spared on his part to ensure their comfort and merit their approbation. S. V. WOODRUFF, Manager.

OTTAWA HOTELS.

THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA. The Palace Hotel of Canada. This magnificent new hotel is fitted up in the most modern style. Visitors to the capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. KINLEY & ST. JACQUES, Proprietors.

PRIVATE DETECTIVES.

HOWIE'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, 86 Bay street, Toronto. Telephone 1309. Established 1863.

FOR RENT.

DESIRABLE OFFICES TO RENT—Ground floor—Imperial Bank of Canada building. Apply at the Bank.

DESIRABLE PARLOR—UNFURNISHED—desirable for married couple or two gentlemen; small family. Apply 264 Seaton-street.

ART.

MR. FORSTER Artist—Pupil of M. Feuguereau, President of Art Association of France. Studio 81 King-street East. Portraiture painting.

ART CLASS—NOW FORMING OIL AND Crayon. Terms $10 a quarter. 66 Gloucester.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

T. P. T. CO. ROUTE: Broadview, Queen, King, Church and Front-streets to Union Depot.

TIME TABLE. NEW COACHES NOW LEAVE:

Cor. Broadview-ave. and Withrow-ave.		UNION DEPOT.	
8.00	A.M.	8.35	A.M.
8.45	"	9.20	"
9.30	"	10.05	"
10.45	"	11.20	"
1.15	P.M.	1.50	P.M.
2.00	"	2.35	"
4.00	"	4.35	"
5.00	"	5.35	"

N. B.—Time will be changed during the month and more coaches put on the above route and several new routes established. THE TORONTO PASSENGER TRANSPORT CO.

FOR TICKETS TO OR FROM EUROPE VIA THE Allan, Dominion or White Star S. S. Lines, CALL AT TICKET AGENCY, 20 YORK-ST. And obtain rates and all information. P. J. SLATTER, Agent.

SOUTH BERMUDA. Nassau, Havana, Cuba, California, West Indies, Etc. FLORIDA. For full information, pamphlets and tickets at lowest rates, apply or write to BARLOW CUMBERLAND, Agent, 72 Yonge-street, Toronto.

ALLAN LINE. Royal Mail Steamships. WINTER SAILINGS.

STEAMERS.	From Portland	From Halifax
Parisian	Dec. 27	Dec. 29
Caspian, via St. John's, N.F.		Jan. 12
Polynesian	Jan. 10	" 12
Nova Scotia, via St. John's		" 21
Circassian	Jan. 24	" 26

Passengers embarking at Portland leave Toronto Wednesdays, by morning express; embarking at Halifax leave Toronto Thursdays, by morning express. Rates of Ocean passage: Cabin $50, $65, $75, according to accommodation. Return, $100, $125, $150. Intermediate $30, return $60. Steerage $20, return $40. For tickets and all information, apply to H. BOURLIER, General Agent, cor. King and Yonge-st., Toronto. 26

WILSON LINE. Sailing from New York to London and Hull. TO LONDON. Lydian Monarch, Nov. 7. Egyptian Monarch, Nov. 24. TO HULL. Buffalo, 30. Santiago, Dec. 6. Saloon, $45. Return, $80. Secure tickets from W. A. GEDDES, Agent, 38 Yonge-street, Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY. NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS. Return Tickets will be sold between all stations at SINGLE FARE, on Dec. 31st, 1888, and January 1st, 1889, good to return until January 2nd, 1889, inclusive, and at Fare and One-third on Dec. 28, 1888, and Jan. 1, 1889, inclusive, good to return until Jan. 3, 1889, inclusive. Toronto Offices: 118 King-street west, 24 York-street, 61 Yonge-street. Union Station (north side).

Intercolonial Railway OF CANADA. The Royal Mail, Passenger and Freight Route between Canada and Great Britain, and direct route between the west and all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Baie de Chaleur, also New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton and Newfoundland. New and elegant buffet sleeping and dry cars run on through express trains. Passengers for Great Britain or the Continent by leaving Toronto by 8 a.m. train Thursday will join outward mail steamer at Halifax Saturday. SUPERIOR ELEVATOR, WAREHOUSE & DOCK ACCOMMODATION at Halifax for shipment of grain and general merchandise. Years of experience have proved the Intercolonial in connection with steamship lines to and from London, Liverpool and Glasgow to Halifax to be the quickest freight route between Canada and Great Britain. Information as to passenger and freight rates can be had on application to ROBERT B. MOODIE, Western Freight and Passenger Agent, 93 Rossin House Block, York-st., Toronto. B. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent. Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., November 29, 1888.

ARMSTRONG'S STEEL CUTTER GEARS. Made from best quality Steel Spring Temper, ensuring 300 per cent. greater strength, six times greater wearing powers, one-half easier draft than raw steel. Neat and stylish appearing and light. Two sizes made, to which any ordinary buggy body can be attached, same answering winter and summer. Prices right. Send for circular. J. B. ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO., LD., GUELPH, CANADA.

ESTATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. IN THE MATTER OF HOUSTON, FOX & CO., OF THE CITY OF TORONTO, IN THE COUNTY OF YORK, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN TAILORS' TRIMMINGS. Notice is hereby given that the above named debtors have made an assignment to me in pursuance of the Ontario Act, 48 Vic., respecting assignments for the benefit of creditors. A meeting of creditors for the appointment of inspectors and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate will be held at my office, 56 Yonge-street, in the City of Toronto, on Monday, the Seventh day of January, 1889, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon. Creditors are requested to file their claims against the estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the date of such meeting, such affidavit to show the nature and value of securities, if any held. JAMES JENNINGS, Assignee, 56 Yonge-street, Toronto. FULLERTON, COOK & WALLACE, 1 Adelaide-street east, Toronto, Solicitors for Assignee.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In pursuance of Revised Statute of Ontario, chapter 110, section 36, all persons having claims against the estate of Joseph Threadgold, late of the City of Toronto, locksmith and blacksmith, deceased, are required to leave same with full particulars duly proved with Reeve & Thompson, 18 King-street east, Toronto, solicitors for Robt. W. Abell and Edward Sparks, the executors, on or before the 11th day of January next, after which time the assets of the Testator will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall be given in manner and within the time aforesaid. REEVE & THOMPSON, Solicitors for the Executors. Dated December 10th, 1888. Dec. 20 Jan 5.

AUCTION SALES.

THE MART. BY OLIVER, COATE & CO. (ESTABLISHED 1834.) SALE OF DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Jewelry, &c. We are instructed by Mr. Weltz to sell without reserve to-day, MONDAY, DECEMBER 31, At 2.30 p.m. the balance of his stock, consisting of Diamond Rings, Pins, Brooches and Earrings, Gold Bracelets, Studs, Chains, Charms and Engagement Rings, Gold and Silver Watches of the finest workmanship. N. B.—All goods guaranteed by Messrs. Oliver, Coate & Co., and if not as represented money will be refunded. This is an opportunity seldom met with, as the stock is genuine and must be sold. Terms Cash. Sale at 2.30. OLIVER COATE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

NEW YEAR'S CALLERS. Wine Glasses, Decanters, Trays and Cake Stands, Largest Stock, Lowest Prices, RUSSELL'S IN THE MARKET.

TOWNSHIP OF YORK—TAXES. The Ratepayers are hereby notified that as the School and County Taxes Must be Paid by January, 1, 1889 The Collectors will return all Non-resident lands on that day, to be sold with 10 per cent. added, on which the taxes are unpaid. Also that all taxes unpaid by Residents will be collected with 5 per cent. added. Pay by 1st January next and save expense. Signed, BULL & BROWN, Collectors. Dec. 18, 1888. Bay Horse Hotel, City.

NEW YEAR'S CARDS. THE TORONTO NEWS CO., 42 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO.

GRAND'S REPOSITORY. 150 New Cutters and Sleighs. All Latest Designs, also Robes, Bells, Harness, Etc., for Private Sale. CALL AND EXAMINE

CUTTERS, CUTTERS. Call and see our solid Comforts, Gladstones and Family Sleighs, all of the latest styles, at WM. DIXON'S Coach Works, 53 and 55 Adelaide-st. west.

IF YOU WANT TO SEE The Newest Styles of AMERICAN-MADE SLEIGHS CALL ON Charles Brown & Co., 6 Adelaide-Street East, Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE. The South Ontario Pacific Railway Co will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session for an Act continuing the powers granted by the Act authorizing the construction of its Railway, and for other purposes. W. R. TURNER, Secretary. Hamilton, Nov. 19th, 1888.

THE "OLD HOUSE" TO THE FRONT. COME ONE, COME ALL

And see the Largest Stock of Manufactured Furs ever offered by any one Wholesale or Retail Fur House in the Dominion. Hundreds of Sealskin, Persian Lamb and Astrachan Dog Jackets, Hundreds of Boas, Hundreds of Shoulder Capes, Hundreds of Muffs, Thousands of Caps. Gentlemen's Fur Coats, Gauntlets, Etc., Sleigh Robes and everything new in the Fur line. Remember these goods are manufactured on the premises by experienced workmen and cannot be excelled in style or finish. Our prices are low and we sell at the smallest living profit. JAMES H. ROGERS, CORNER KING AND CHURCH STREETS.

DIVIDENDS.

WESTERN CANADA LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY. 51ST HALF YEARLY DIVIDEND. Notice is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. for the half year ending on the 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1888, on the capital stock of this institution has been declared, and the same will be payable at the offices of the Company, No. 70 Church-street, Toronto, on and after Tuesday, Jan. 8th, 1889. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th and 31st days of December, 1888, inclusive. WALTER S. LEE, Manager. 11

THE undersigned, in returning his sincere thanks to the public for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the firm of Jas Cox & Son, Confectioners, 83 Yonge street, respectfully announces that the business will be continued by him in all its branches and under the same name, and hopes by careful attention to the wants of his patrons to receive a continuance of their patronage. HARRY COX, Late Jas. Cox & Son.

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CO. 27 and 29 Wellington-st. East. CAPITAL, $1,000,000. HON. EDWARD BLAKE, Q.C., M.P., President. H. A. MERRITT, LL.D., Vice President. J. W. LANGMUIR, Manager. This Company acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Committee, and undertakes Trusts of every description under Wills, Deeds of Trust, appointment of Guardians, etc. The Company also acts as Agents for persons who have been appointed to any of these positions, or for private individuals in the investment of money and management of estates.

Some Things All Do Not Know. 1st. That you can BUY YOUR MINCE MEAT better than you can make it, at HARRY WEBB'S, in 10 lbs. and over, 20 cents per lb., any quantity less, at 25 cents per lb. Ladies should see and taste it, at 447 Yonge-street. All fruit cleaned by machinery. 2. You can buy your CHRISTMAS and New Year's PLUMPUDDING tied up in bags ready for the pot at HARRY WEBB'S. 3. You can have your CROQUETS sent ready for the range and thus be helped through with an otherwise bothersome dinner. Estimates for all kinds of entertainments. See price list. New list out in a few days. Send your address and we shall mail one to you. HARRY WEBB, 447 YONGE-STREET.

RINGING IN THE EARS. DR. GRAY'S specific has been used for the past fifteen years with great success, in the treatment of Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from excesses, over-worked brain, loss of vitality, ringing in the ears, palpitation, etc. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet on application. THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Toronto.

CINGALESE HAIR RENEWER restores gray or faded hair to its natural color and prevents falling out. "HIS" CORN CURE gives instant relief to all cases of severe coughs and colds. Try it. Cingalese Hair Renewer, the ladies' favorite dressing, restores gray and faded hair to its natural color.

DAWES & CO., Brewers and Maltsters, LACHINE, P.Q. Offices—521 St. James street, Montreal; 20 Buckingham-street, Halifax; 383 Wellington-street, Ottawa. ed

CIGARS! HERO, 5 CTS. CRUSADER, 10 CTS. MANUFACTURED BY J. RATTRAY & CO MONTREAL.

SOMETHING NEW. Ask Your Grocer For It. DR. COSS LAUNDRY AND BATH SOAP. A Permanent Pure Washing Soap—will positively clean all kinds of fabrics without labor. For the cure of Dandruff, Skin Diseases, Piles, it is invaluable. It will only cost you 6 cents to try this wonderful Soap. CITY AGENCY OF PETROLEUM SOAP CO., 33 Queen-street East.

THE ATRADOME. 71 AND 73 KING-STREET EAST. "CANADA'S LEADING PROVIDERS." 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. Holiday presents, the most desirable and useful selections in the city for Ladies. HALF - PRICE EXACTLY OFFERING. Whilst goods are wanted instead of waiting until the season is over—come to-day and see for yourselves the grand goods and the marvelous bargains showing in Mantles, Silk Dresses, Wool Dresses, Evening Dresses, Tea Gowns, Mantle Materials, Sealettes, Lace Dresses, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Neckwear, Trimmings, Etc. NOLAN & HICKSON.

SECRETARIES, INSURANCE COMPANIES, PUBLISHERS, And all who keep a Mailing List should see The Patent Interchangeable Mailing Register. The only system whereby erasures and mutilation of lists are avoided. Descriptive circular, testimonials and price list sent upon application. Address MANAGER WEEKLY NEWS, TORONTO, ONT.

The Carling Brewing & Malting Co. (LIMITED.) LONDON, ONT. TRY OUR CELEBRATED EXPORT. CARLING'S LONDON AMBER ALE. CARLING'S LONDON PORTER. Amber Ale, "Glasgow Malt" Porter and Lager highly recommended by the medical faculty for the use of invalids.

A POSITIVE CURE. A PAINLESS CURE. This the Patent Age of New Invention. FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES. DISEASES OF MAN! M. V. Lubon's Specific No. 8. The great Health Renewer, Marvel of Healing and Abdomen of Medicine. CURES The Terrible Consequences of Indiscretion, Exposure and Overwork. YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED & OLD MEN Who are Broken Down from the Effects of Abuse, will find in No. 8 a Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, etc. Send your Address and 10c. in Stamps for Treatise in Book Form on Diseases of Man. Address, M. V. LUBON, 47 Wellington-st. E. Toronto, Can. A man without wisdom lives in a fool's paradise. A PERMANENT CURE. CURES GUARANTEED. A PLEASANT CURE. HEAL THE SICK.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA. BREAKFAST. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. ESTABLISHED 1845. Is the oldest and most popular scientific and mechanical paper published and has the largest circulation of any paper of its class in the world. Fully illustrated. Best class of Wood Engravings. Published weekly. Send for specimen copy. Price $3 a year. Four months' trial, $1. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, N.Y.

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS Edition of Scientific American. A great success. Each issue contains colored lithographic plates of country and city residences or public buildings. Numerous engravings and full plans and specifications for the use of such as contemplate building. Price $2.50