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# Presbyterian Record 

## FOR THE

## DOMINION OF CANADA.

| VOL. VII. | MAY | 1882. | No. 5. |
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# Fise aud Erogress of foreign extisstionary forcieties. 

CONTINUED

58RITISH PRESBYTERIAN ASSOCIA-
TIONS. Two Missionary Societies were formed in Scotland in 1796 -one in Glasgow and the other in Edinburgh. They were called, respectively, the Glasgow, and the Scottish Missionary Societies. The latter was under the presidency of the celebrated Dr. John Erskine, who was the first to advocate the cause of foreign missions in the Church of Scotland. In that year the subject was brought under the notice of the General Assembly by overtures from the Synods of Fife and Moray. After a most extraordinary debate, the overtures were rejected by a vote of fifty-eight to forty-four. Among the opponents of missions to the heathen at that time were, Mr. George Hamilton, minister of Gladsmuir, and Dr. Carlyle, of Inveresk. The former having delivered an elaborate anti-missionary speech, when he sat down the venerable and attenuated Erskine, of whom it has been said, that " he was all soul and no body," arose: "Moderator," said he, "rax me that Bibic." The book was handed to him and passages were quoted to shew the missionary character of the apostle Paul's ministrations; in vain, however, was the appeal, and thirty years elapsed before the subject was resumed in that Assembly. In the meantime the above named Societies sent out pioneer missionaries to Africa, India, and the West Indies, and gradually the missionary spinit began to breathe over the Churches. In 1824, Dr. Inglis brought the subject of Foreign missions once more before the General Assembly, and with such effect that a committee was unanimously appointed to devise and report 2 plan of operations. This was followed by a pastoral letter to the Churches, and an appeal
for money. The whole amount contributed, was only $£ 390$ from all Scotland. About this time Dr. Chalmers gave a series of popular lectures, on the history and objects of missions, in the old University town of St. Andrews. Among those who came under the spell If his eloquence, was Alexander Duff, librarian to a small missionary society, whe was selected as the fittest of all the students to undertake the founding of a mission. Having yielded to the earnest solicitation of his friends, his appointment was confirmed by the General Assembly in 1829, and shortly afterward, he sailed for Calcutta. It is unnecessary to add that his subsequent career more than justified the expectations of his friends. By his personal labours in India, and by his eloquent appeals in Britain and America, he did perhaps more than any other man to advance the cause of modern missions. The missions of the Church of Scotland are chiefly in India, and connected with its large educational institutions at Bombay, Calcutta, and Madras. The number of ordained missionaries and principals of colleges is about twenty, with a staff of about eighty assistants. This Church has also recently began a mission in China, and one in East Africa. For many years it has carried on successful missions to the Jews in Turkey and Egypt. Its Colonial Committee was organized $4 n$ its present basis in 1837 . It has been the means of sending a large number of ministers and missionaries to all the British dependencies, and has spent a great deal of money in assisting to build churches and in grants to educational institutions. The expenditure on these three branches of its mission werk in 1880, was $\$ 212: 445$.

Shortly after the formation of The Free Church of Siotland, in 1843, it was announced that all the missionaries of the Established Church in India and Africa, as well as the missionantes to the Jews, had given in their
adherence to the Free Church, which consequently began its existence with a large staff of foreign missionaries: and when it united with the Reformed Church of Scotland in 1876, it adopted the mission to the New Hebrides, which had been commenced by that Church in 1852. The Free Cnurch has now thirty-six ordained European missionaries, with a staff of some four hundred native teachers, catechists, and Bible-readers. Its stations are in India, Africa, The New Hebrides, and Syria. The total receipts for Foreign, Colonial, and Jewish missions in 1880 , amounted to $\$ 395$,555. The United Presbyterian Church of Scctlard, which was formed in 1847 by a union of the United Secession and Relief Churches, inherited the foreign missions of these Churches which had been commenced in Jamaica, in 1834; in Trinidad in 1836, and at old Calabar in Western Africa, in 1846. Although it comprizes only 549 Congregations, this Church is one of the most enterprising and liberal in the support of missions of all the Presbyterian Churches. In addition to those fieids already named, it maintains missions in Caffraria, India, China, Spain, Japan, and Algeria. In these fields it has forty-nine ordained missionaries, seventy-four native evangelists, fourteen ordained native ministers, four medical mis-sionaries-in all it has a staff of three hundred and thirty-three educated labourers. Its missionary income for 1880 , was $\$ 172,565$.

The Presbyterian Church in England entered upon a separate ecclesiastical existence in 1836. Up to that period, from the time of the Reformation, it consisted of a number of congregations and Presbyteries, nominally connected with the Church of Scotland. The foreign mission work of the Church dates from 1847, when the Rev. W. C. Burns was sent as its first missionary to China. (See Record 1880, p. 312). Its principal stations are at Amoy and Swatow, China. It has also a very successful Mission in the southern part of the 1sland of Formosa; and one in India since 1862. The congregations of the United Presbyterian Church united with the Presbyterian Church in England in 1876. The number of their Congregations now, is nearly 300 . They employ eighteen ordained missionaries, and sixty native helpers. Their missionary income for 1880 was $\$ 62,412$.

The General Assembly of The Presbyterian Church is Ireland was formed in 1840 by a union of the Synod of Ulster with the Secession Synod, each of which had previously had 2 separate existence for many years. One of the first acts of the new Church was to institute a foreign mission. India was selected as the field of its operations, and its agents have ever since been labouring with encouraging success in the Presbytery of Katiawar and Gujurat to the north of Bombay. A mission in China was recently begun by two ordained
missionaries. In addition to its foreign missions, the Irish Church has its Home mission, a Jewish mission, a Continental and Colonial mission, and a mission to soldiers and sailors, The annual expenditure for the support of these misions is about $\$ 52,000$.

American Societies. Without ignoring the earnest and not unsuccessful efforts to evangelize the native Indian tribes, to which reference has already been made, it may be said that "The Massachusett's Missionary Society," formed at Boston in 1799, was the first American Society that contemplated missions to the heathen in foreign lands. It does nct appear, however, that it accomplished much in that direction. It was reserved for The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions to give practical effect to the enthusiasm which began to manifest itself in the American Churches in the early part of the present century. The idea of instituting a society upon so Catholic a basis as that all denominations might co-operate in its management, and of immediately undertaking mission work in heathen countries, emanated from the students of the Theological Seminary at Andover, several of whom made offer of their services as missionaries. The Faculty of the Seminary were consulted and approved the design. The subject was discussed in the General Association of Massachusetts, and it was unanimously resolved to institute such a society. Accordingly, on 5th Sept., 1810, a constitution was adopted, and the great enterprize was begun, which was destined to take a conspicuous rark in the mission agencies of the world. In the year 1812, wher as yet the Society had only $\$ 1200$ at its disposal, it sent forth its first detachment of missionaries-five in number-to India. These were Revds. Messrs. Judson, Newell, Nott, Hall, and Rice. From this small beginning the American Board has gone on with yearly expansion and success, until now it has 2,147 labourers employed in its seventeen missions, while its revenues from all sources, amounted in 1881 to $\$ 691,245$. Its fields of labour are in Africa, India, Ceylon, China, Japan, Turkey, Micronesia, Hawaii, Spain, Austria, and Mexico. It has also a mission to the Dakota Indians. The number of ordained missionaries in these countries is 159 . Of native pastors there are 141, and of native preachers and catechists, 365 ; communicants, 18,446 ; and 33,360 pupils of all grades in its training, Theological, and Common Schools. Its mission to the Sandwich Islands, commenced in 1820 , presents a grand testimony to its wisdom and success, inasmuch as the whole population are now nominally Christian, and the Evangelical Association established there, is the first and as yet the only instance of a native Church reclaimed from the lowest depths of barbarism which has assumed all the responsibilities of
self-government and self-support. Its largest operations are now in the Turkish Empire. By its Charter the Board is neither an ecclesiastical nor a denominational body. For many years it derived its support from all denominations, and although it does so still to some extent, it is now chiefly in the hands of the Congregationalists of New England. The corporation consists of 220 members entitled to vote; but the payment of $\$ 50$ by a clergyman, or $\$ 100$ by a layman, constitutes an honorary member, who may share in the deliberations of the annual meeting, which is held in the month of October, in different cities. The Prudeatial Committee, consisting of eleven members, meets once a week in Boston, its head-quarters.

The Presbyterian Church in the United States. The first Presbytery in the United States was that of Philadelphia, formed in 1705 . In the year 1789 the first General Assembly met, and was constituted in the city of the same name. In 1817 it united with the Dutch Reformed and the Associate Reformed Cu.urches in forming "The United Foreign Mission Society," whose object was "to spread the Gospel among the Inoians of N. America, the inhabitants of Mexici and S. America, and in othe jarts of the heathen and antiChristian w. गrld." In 1826 tinis Society amalgamated with the American Board. In 1831, the Synod of Pittsburgh instituted "The Western Foreign Missionary Society," which in the course of the next six years planted missions in India, W. Africa, Smyrna, China, and among the Indians of the Western Territories. In 1837 the General Assembly severed its connection with the American Board and instituted its own "Board of MFissions of the Presbyterian Church. In the following year occurred the division which gave rise to the Old School and the New School Assemblies. The former adopted the newly formed Missionary Society, while the latter continued its connection for a number of years with the American Board. On the re-union of these Churches in 1869, their missions were brought together, and about the same time the American Board handed over its Syrian mission, and cther stations it had previously occupied, to the Presbyterian Board. A second division, occasioned by the Civil war, took place in 1861, when The General Assembly of the Confcderate States of America was constituted separately-now known as the Presbyterian Church in the United States, (South). The Presbyterian Board (North), has made steady progress. Its operations are now scarcely less extensive than those of the American Board. Its receipts for 1880-81 were $\$ 584,582$. Its staff of missionaries consists of 130 American ordained ministers, 200 native pastors and licentiates, and 769 lay missionaries. The number of communicants in its various fields is 14,588 , and of
scholars, 18,266 . These figures do not include the extensive work carried on by its "Woman's Boards of Missions" which will fall to be noticed hereafter. The stations of the Board and relative number of ordained missionaries are as follows,-Among the N. A. Indians, 12 ; in Mexico, 6, S. America, 14 ; Africa, 8 ; Injia, 30 ; Siam, 7 ; China, 25 ; Japan, 7 ; Persia, 9 ; Syria, 12. The Board of the Presbyterian Church (South), has ten missionaries in S. America eleven in China, six in Greece, five in Mexico, and eleven amongst the Indians. Its income last year was $\$ 59,215$. The Foreign Mission Boa. 1 of the United Presbyterian Church, constituted in 1858, has five ordained American missionaries in India; also eight in Egyp, who have constituted themselves as a Pre:bytery, and are carrying on a remarkably successful work. Income, $\$ 65,407$.

The Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States has also been engaged in Foreign mission work since 1835. Its income last year was $\$ 185,758$. Its missions are in China, Japan, Africa, Greece, and Haiti. The Missiunary Society of The Methodist Episcopal Church, formed in 1818, employs 138 missionaries, 70 assistant-missionaries, 218 native ordained preachers, besides a multitude of local preachers and teachers. Income, \$399114 ; fields of labour,-Africa, S. America, China, Germany, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Bulgaria, Italy: India, Japan, and Mexico. The Methodists (South), have their missions in China, Mexico, and Brazil. Their income is $\$ 60,459$. The American Baptist Missionary Society, instituted in 1814, has sixty-seven ordained missionaries in Burmah, India, China, Japan, and Europe. It employs upwards of a thousand native preachers and teachers, and has upwards of 85,000 Church members connected with its missions. Income, $\$ 288,802$. The American Missionary Association, instituted in 1856, labours chiefly among the Freedmen, the American Indians, and the Chinese in America; but it has also three missionaries in Africa. It has a large income - $\$ 529,046$-the greater part of which, however, is spent on Home missions. Besides those that have been named, there is the Mission Board of The Dutch Reformed Church, formed in 1832 , with an income of $\$ 02,984$, operating in India, China, and Japan; The Mission Boards of the Lutheran Churihes, and of the Cumberland Presbyterians, and others of lesser note. In all, the "Missionary Review" gives the names of fifty American Societies, more or less engaged in Foreign mission work. having an aggregate income of $\$ 3,000,000$, maintaining a missionary force of 800 ordained American missionaries, 1,090 native ordained ministers, fully 1,000 women workers, sent from Christendom, with thousands of native helpers, and 189,771 communicants.
C.

## LIST OF FOREIGN MINSIONARY SOCIETIES.

THE figures of the English, Sonttish, and Irish Societies are taken from their last annual Reports; as are also those of the American Board and the Presbyterian Board (North). Those of the Continentalh Nocieties are chiefly from Reports presented to the General Presbyterian Council. The remainder are taken from Lists publishid in Mr. Wilder's "Missionary Review," Dr. Bainbridge's "Around the World Tour of Christian Missions," and Dr. Christlieb's "Protestant Foreign Mission."

|  | Nangs. | No. of Ordained Minister | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Native } \\ & \text { Ordained } \\ & \text { Mlission- } \\ & \text { aries. } \end{aligned}$ | Other Labourers. | Church <br> Members | Scholars. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Approxi- } \\ & \text { mate } \\ & \text { Annual } \\ & \text { Income. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BRITTSII SOCIETIES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1701 | Propagatian of the Guspel Society | 455 | 131 | 1242 | 20,000 |  | 691,440* |
| 1799 | Church Missionary Sccioty. | 24 | 219 | 3102 | 34,625 | 63,738 | 1,037,510* |
| 1792 | Baptist Missionary Sucioty | 65 | 30 | 2578 | 33,397 | 8,0:32 | 257, 295 |
| 1795 | London Missionary Society | 139 | 971 | 4673 | 92.474 | 77, 956 | 541,000 |
| 1817 | Weslocan-Methodist M issionary Sqciots | 265 | 270 | 2089 | 93162 | 96,223 | 6.50.465 |
|  | Other Methoditt Missionary Sociecies .. | 123 |  | 564 | 12,495 |  | 59,137 |
| 1816 | (General Baptist Society ................ | 9 | 23 | ${ }_{80}^{26}$ | 995 | 1,523 | 35, 104 , |
| 1827 | Church of scotland. | 20 | ${ }^{6}$ | 80 |  |  | 212.445** |
| 1843 | Free (Murch of siotland | 36 | 10 | 400 | 3.334 |  | 39, $5.55^{*}$ |
| 1847 | Uoited l'resbyterian Church | 49 | 14 | 319 60 | 4,687 |  | 172.565 |
| 1836 | Ptebsterign Church in Engla | 18 | $10 \times$ | 100 | 2,212 |  | 62,412 |
| 1841 | Welsh Carinistio Methodists | 11 | 10 | 100 |  | 1,890 | 17,000 |
| 1862 | China Inland Mission. | 105 |  |  | 1,000 |  | 44,185 |
| 1855 | Turkish Missions' Aid Societ |  |  |  |  |  | 20,000 |
| 1861 | Universities' Mission........... | 25 |  |  |  |  | 22.640 |
| 1841 | Edinburgh Medical Missionary Soci |  |  |  |  |  | 22,310 |
| 1808 | London Society for the Jews | ${ }_{28}^{12}$ |  | 108 |  |  | 171,185 |
|  | Unenumerated,-8sy.... | 60 | 30 | 130 | 900 | 10,000 | 60,000 |
|  | CONTINENTAL SOCIETIES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1732 | Moravian Missionary Society | 160 | 34 | 1671 | 23,843 | 16.461 | 209,545 |
| 1815 | Basle Evangelical Missions. | 85 | 21 | 352 | 7,100 | 3,926 | 182,500 |
| 1828 | Khenish Mission Socioty | 62 |  | 108 | 8,960 | 4,750 | 60,935 |
| 1849 | Hermannsburg Mission | 70 | ..... | 120 | 3,520 |  | 89,000 |
| 1824 | Berlin Mission Society | 53 |  |  | 8.100 | 2,000 | 60,000 |
| 1838 | Gossner Mission | 12 | 7 | 120 | 11,091 |  | 25,100 |
| 1838 | North German Mission | 7 | 3 | 20 | 1102 |  | 23,500 |
| 1836 | Leipzig Mission. | 20 | 8 | 240 | 11,081 |  | 49,500 |
| 1797 | Notherlands Missionary Societies.......... | 11 | 18 | 181 | 1,747 |  | 28,909 |
| 1822 | Parit Evangelical Missionary Society ..... | 20 | 8 | 155 | 4,252 | 1,250 | 57,460 |
| 1835 | Chrischona Mission | 12 |  | 80 |  |  | 18.880 |
| 1842 | Norwegian Missionary Societ | 20 | , ....... |  | 355 |  | 19,500 |
| 1705 | Danish Missionary Society. | 4 |  |  | 71 |  | 7,500 |
|  | Unenumerated,-bay <br> AMERICAN SOCIETIES. |  |  |  |  | 4,500 | ,50 |
| 1810 | American Board of Commissio | 159 | 141 | 1847 | 18,446 | 33,360 | 691,245 |
| 1837 | Presbyterian Church, (North) | 130 | 89 | 880 | 18,260 | 14,588 | 584,582 |
| 1862 | Presbyterian Church, (South) | 15 | 10 | 58 | 293 |  | 48,485 |
| 1858 | United Presbyterian Ch | 13 | 8 | 188 | 1,289 |  | 69,089 |
| 1826-59 | Reformed Churches. | 23 | 14 | 59 | 2,428 |  | 88.537 |
| 1876 | Cnmberland Presbyt | 7 | 10 | 18 | 750 |  | 4,285 |
| 1839-69 | Latheran Churches | 7 | 4 | 49 | 2,421 |  | 18,196 |
| 1814-47 | Baptist Churches. | 80 | 517 | 704 | 86,589 |  | 356,336 |
| 1849 | Disciples of Christ. | 15 |  |  | 1,043 |  | 12,000 |
| 1835 | Protestant Episoopal Chur | 20 | 29 | 171 | 4,549 |  | 162,034 |
| 1819-45 | Methodist Churches | 112 | 224 | 1272 | 29,993 |  | 363,653 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1848-75 \\ 1824 \\ 1847 \end{gathered}$ | Presbyterian Church in Canada. <br> Methodist Church of Canada. <br> Baptist Churches of Canada. . <br> Unenumerated, U. S. and Canada, say....... <br> Totals. | 14 | 1 | 120 | 821 |  | 46,570 |
|  |  | 7 | 5 | 5 | 652 |  | 6,625 |
|  |  | 5 | 4 | 10 | 610 |  | 8,948 |
|  |  | 46 | 7 | 84 | 5,177 | 45,000 | 120,775 |
|  |  | 2,829 | 2271 | 21,684 | 568,653 | 390,197 | 7,931,639 |
|  | RECAPITULATION. <br> Totals British Missionary Societies. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 13,172 | 305,200 |  | 4,568,909 |
|  | do Continental do | 536 | 94 | 3,047 | 90,122 | 32.887 | 781,320 |
|  | do American do | 653 | 1063 | 5,465 | 173,331 | 97,948 | 2,581,410 |
|  |  | 2,829 | 2,271 | 21,684 | 568,653 | 390,197 | 7,931,639 |

The additional Income of Wourn's Socirties is about $\$ 750,000$.
Notr.- (1) The Incomes of the Societies marked thus * include the receipts for their Colonial and Jewish Missions. (2) The "Missionary Heview" makes the total American Incomes to be $\$ 2,976,731$-nearly $\$ 500,000$ more than is here stated; Mr. Wilder includes amounts received by the American Missionary Association $(\$ 290,851)$, and by the Moravians in the U. States ( $\$ 191,500$ ). The operations of these two Societies being chiefg among the Freedmen of America, we have not classed their recoipts as contributions to Foreign Mission. (3) The diffcrent methods adopted by the Secieties in presenting their statistics, makes it dificult to adopt an olassification that will give the details of each with absolute aceuracy.

## すutferesg grought to ciluist.

May 7.
Mark vil: $24-37$.

## Golden Text, Psalme $145: 9$.

\%MPARE Matt. 15 : 31-31. Tesus said that X he was "not sent but unto the lost sheep of the house of Israel," i.e. to the Jews; but we learn from this lesson that he will save all who come to him in faith. Vs. 24, 25. From thence-from Capernaum. Borders of Tyre and Sidon-Chief cities of Phenicia-a province of Syria bordering on the Mediterranean and north of Galilee. The Phenicians were Canaanites-the original Gentile heathen of the country, but many Jews lived among them. Jesus had come to avoid the wrath of the Pharisees, raised by the exposure just made of their " tra. ditional" religion. But even here his fame was known; among others, by a certain ucman-the modern craze for publishing names on evert possible occasion finds no countenance in Scripture. V. 26. A Greek-the term was applied to any one not a jew. Syro-Phenician-distinguishing her race from the Phenicians of Africa. Besought him-He seems not to heed her entreaties, see Matt., but her suit was too important and her faith too strong to be silenced. She would not be denied. V. 27. Nor was she to be easily offended. The childrex firstthe chosen people, the Jews. To dogs-bv this contemptuous epithet were the Gentiles call .d. V. 28. With a rare combination of mother-wit, tact, and good nature, it is admitted that she belongs not to the favoured race ; but if not a daughter of Abraham, she is a dauchter of Adam, and in need of the sympatiay and help Jesus alone can bestow. V. 29. For this saying-Her innocent repartee silenced the disciples. Her faith was greater than theirs, and they now learned that even the heathen were not to be cast away. V. 31. Decapolis-2 region on the east side of Galilee so called from its ton cities, of which Damascus was the chief. Vs. 32-35. One deaf-Mark selects a single case out of the many mentioned by Matthew, and describes the treatment. Took him aside-as he took the blind man, ch. 8: 23, the better to fix his attention on the means used. Though he could not hear, he would understand the symbolic touches, and as Jesus looked up to heaven-he would comprehend at once the divine source of his relief. Sigked-2 touching expression oi deep sympathy with suffering humanity, see Jn. 11: 33-35. Ephphatha-an Aramaic word, meaning, be opened, fitly used by Him who had the power to open not only blind ejes and deaf ears, but closed hearts also, Acts 16: 14. His tongme zuas loosed-shewing the completeness of the cure. V. 36. Tell no man-As already explained, there were prudential reasons for enjoining silence and, besides, Jesus had no desire for personal popularity. All his miracles were designed to raise men's thoughts to God as the only object of true worship. V. 37 . May be called the doxology in which the people "glorified God," Matt. 15: 31. See ch. 1: 27: 2: 12. Done all thi.tes well-The same power and beneficence were manifested in his healing as in God's work of Creation, Gen. I. 3I. The more we study the life of Christ the more must we say, "He did all things well." The deaf and dumb-a literal fulfilment of Isa. 35 : 5 .

## Oht cereven of the tataristes.

May 14 Mark vill: 1-2t. Golden Text, Luke 12: s.
央OMPARE Matt. $15: 29-39$; 16: 1-12. Jesus was still in the region of Decapolis, on the east side of the sea of Galilee, further south than the place where he fed the 5,000 . The two mira. cles are quite distinct, and many of the people now fed were probably heathens, who had never seen Jesus before. Vs. 2, 3. The comparsion of our Lord was not of the kind which expends itself in mere words, James 2: $\mathbf{1 5}$-16, but was usually accompanied with active means for the relief of suffering humanity. Three days-long enough for their scants supply of provisions to be exhausted, and some had 2 long way to go. If I send them away-He would not treat these poor people as the haughty Pharisees did, with disdain. He sympathized with them, as be atill does with all who look to him for relief Heb. 4: 15. V. 5. The question of the disciples was an admission of their inability to feed such a multitude, and indicated a doubt if their Master would so soon interpose with another miraculous display of His power. Vs. 6, 7. As soon as he gave the command they knew what the result would be, and were ready to assist. Seven loaves-Bread in the East were baked in the shape of thin round cakes, like our biszu:'s. A few fishos-The precise quantity of either made no difference to Him. He could as easily have fed ten times the number; and so in regard to our spiritual wants, "of his fulness we all receive," Jn. 1: 16; Ephes. 1: 7-12. Heb. 7: 25. From verses 7, 8, we learn (1) to thank God for the bounties of his providence ; (2) that nothing should be wasted; (3) that the goodness of God is inexhaustible, Ps. 145: 15, 16. Vs. 10, II. Dalmanutha-a distict on the west side of the sea of Galilec, not far from Capernaum. The Pharises came forth-contemptuously as ever. Began to question -hoping to entrap him in his speech and find a plausible pretext for bringing a formal accusation against him, Jn. 7: 1. A sign-a special miracle to satisfy their curiosity, such as Satan demanded in the wilderness, Luke 4: 3. V. 12. Sighed deeply - Their miserable captious spirit grieved hie soul, ch. 3: 5. This gencration-these wicked pisple were cognisant of His miracles; they woulu not believe though they got ever sa many more "signs." No sijn-the first part of the answer is given in Matt. 16: 2, 3. V. 13. He left them-what an opportunity they lost of receiving good ! It is a sad thing to be let alone by God, Hos. 4: 17. Vs. 14-20. One loaf-or small c^ke, was very little for a boats' crew, and it would take them five or six hours to reach Bethsaida; bu/far more important that the disciples should be on their guard lest they might become infected with the insidious doctrines of the Pharisees and Sa lducees, both alike pernicious. Unbelief in any of its forms would unfit them, as it unfits us, for the Kingdom of heaven. Heb. 3: 13, 14. V. 21. Strange that even the disciples failed so often to perceive the meaning of his teachings! But our opportunities and responsibilities are far greater, Luke 12: 48. Our Lord attached importance to the minutest details of his miracles and expects all who read the record of them to do the same.

## \$iting aud Contessing the Christ.

May 21.<br>Marx vill: 22-33.

Goldew Text, Mattkew 16. r6.
*OMPARE Matt. 16: 13-23; Luke 9: 18-20. V. 22. Bethsaida-the birth-place of Andrew and Peter. V. 23. Took him to the hand-a mark of condescension in Christ and also of confidence in the man who thus put hinself in the power of a stranger. In like manner the deaf-mute was taken aside, ch. 7: 33. The purpose of Christ's miracles was not to gratify the curiosity of gaping crowds but, while relieving bodily distress, to open the eyes of the mind-to convert as well as to heal. Spic on his eyes-saliva was regarded as medicinal by the ancients, and this use of it was perbaps designed to make as little of the miracle as might be. Put his hands upow him-upon his eyes, v. 25-to encourage the man's faith by the sense of touch. V. 24. I see men as trees-from this expression it is thought that the man was not born blind. V. 25. The second imposition of hands shews that the cure was progressive and, by analogy, that spinitual insight comes by a gradual process. V. 26. To his house-(1), because it was retter that the man have time quietly to reflect upon the matter: (2), it was fitting that the good infuence should first reach his own family-The duty of every converted man begins in his own domestic circle: (3), our Lord bad special reasons for avoiding notoriety and excitement. Into the iown-Bethsaida, v. 27. Here begins the second great division of our Lord's ministry. It had now become necessary that, on the part of the twelve, there should be a distinct avownl of his Messiahship, and that he should speak to them plainly of his approaching sufferings and death. Casarea Philippi was a large city at the base of Mount Hermon, 20 miles north from the sea of Galilee. By the way-At some quiet spot where they were free from interruption, he introduces the momentous topic by a leading question, Whom do men sayp He had been long enough anoing them to warrant some definite opinion respecting him. What was it ? Up to this point it had been apparently opposed to his Messianic claims. Though Peter had acknowledged his divinity, many of his disciples "went beck," Jn. 6: 66.70 . V. 27. The answer implies that beyond the circle of the twelve, at least, none believed him to be the Messiah. The whole circumstances of his life were opposed to the idea of the Kingdom which they looked for. V. 29. Whom say ye? The question is one which every Christian should be able to answer unhesitatingly: Thou art the Christ 1-The significance of Peter's confession in the name of the twelve cannot be exaggerated. Individually, some of them had already confessed him, Matt. 14: 33; so had Nathanael, Jn. I: 49 ; but this was the testimor.y or them all, and the anthority now conferred upon Peter, Matt. 16 : 19, was shortly afterwards extended to them all, Matt. 18: 18-notwithstanding Romish pretentions to Peter's supremacy. V. 3i. Brgant to teach-henceforth his teaching assumed a new character, - namely, that he was to suffer and die for the sin of the woid. V. 33. Even Peter could not get understand why this must be, hence the stern rebuke to "Satan" speaking through him, Matt. 4: 10.

# following Clirist. 

May 28.
Mare vill: 34-38; 9: 1 . Golden Taxt, Mark 8: 34
ffOMPARE Matt. 16; 24-28; Luke 9: 23-27. V. 34. The preceding conversation was with the disciples, but it was equally necessary that the people be instructed in the fundamental truths of the Kingdom; and sedfdewial is one of these. Whosoever will-i,e. whosoever wills, makes up his mind, to become my disciple. Deny himself-To deny one's self in the sense here intended, is more than to abotain from personal gratification. That might be done grudgingly. It is to overcome the inclination to indulge in ease or worldly advantage -to substitute the will of God and the welfare of others for our own wills. Self-inflicted punishment, or penance, is not what Christ inculcates. That makes men self-righteous-self-denial is the opposite of selfishness, and finds its grandest illustration in the life of Christ, Matt. 27: 42. His cross-each one his own particular cross-a voluntary assumption of burdens for the sake of others, Rom. 9: 3. V. 35. Save his lif--his natural life, at the expense of Christian integrity; Shall lose it-shall forfeit his title to life everlasting. On the other hand, he that is willing to sacrifice life and all that is dev to him for Christ's cause shall be amply recomp. nsed in the life to come. Christ teaches his followers that as he suffered on their hehalf, they must expect to suffer also, Matt. 10: 22; Jn. 15: 20. Vs. 36, 37. Here is a problem that arithmetic cannot solve. If he shall gain-It is not said that a godess person shall gain the whole world, but even if he could, his enjoyment of it must cease with his natural life, 1 Tim. 6: 7. Lase kis own soul -in N.V., "forfeit his life"-here and herenfter. In exchamgemmen are willing to pay an equivalent for "value received:" At the bar of eternity what would a man not pay to redeem bis sonl I Thus our Lord shews his hearers, and all who shall read these words, his estimate of the value to every man of his own conl. V. 38. Whesoever-no matter what his rank or station in life. Ashamed of me. It requires moral courage to be a pronounced Ch istian-many are ashamed to own that they are such: it is not "fashonable;" and exposes one to the taunts and jeers of wordly companions. To all such Christ says, -" let him take up his cross:" "follow," i.e. "imitate me." I Ret. 2: 23; 4: 14-16. This sinful generation-The greatest sin of that time, and of the present time, is mbbclief. Heb. 3: 12, 19. Rev. 21 ; 8. Ashamed-He will atterly disown them, Matt. 7: 23. When he cometh-Christ will come again with power and glory, ch. 13: 26-27; to judge the world, 2 Tim. 4: I. IThess. 4: 16. Ch. 9: I. Till they have seen-till the old dispensation shall have passed away and the new, be visibly established. Three of the twelve were soon to see him transfigured; all but one were to witness his resurrection; one at least was to survive the sack of Jerusalem and the destruction of the iemple which were to render impossible any literal falfilment of the Mosaic law. With power-This was manifest on the day of Pentecost, Acts 2: 41; 4: 33: and, in another sense, in the destruction of the Temple more than quarter of a century later when the ceremonial worship ended.

## (Our (Own Chutrl.

eOMMISSIONERS and all others who have business with the General Assembly appointed to meet in St. Andrew's Church, St. John, N. B., on the 14th of June, wil' do well to read the official notices in this behalf in another column, and to govern themselves accordingly. A great deal of trouble and confusion may be avoided by a timely correspondence with the Clerks of the Assembly, and with the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements at St. John. Mr. Warden, the Agent for the THE Colleges, announces that there is still a large deficiency, and that the time for receiving contributions has been extended to the roth instant.

DR. COCHRANE has received one hur. dred pounds from the Presbyterian Church in Ireland, towards the suppert of our Missions in Manitoba. From the same quarter Mr. Warden has received fifty pounds for French Evangelization.

THE REVISION.-An esteemed correspondent residing in Quebec suggests that the General Assembly of our church should pass its opinion on the Revised New Testament. We do not see that the Church could do more than appoint a committee of its ablest scholars to revlse the Revision and report to next Assembly. Desultury discussion and hasty criticism would be alike out of place on so important a subject as this.

A WISE DELIVERANCE.-The Presbytery of Paris has sent forth a message to the Churches within its bounds, full of good advice. It advises all its ministers to preach the Gospel. It admonishes parents to bring up their children in the fear of the Lord. It deplores the backwardness of the baptized children of the Church in taking upon themselves the obligations undertaken for them by their parents at baptism. It enjoins upon all the duty of family worship, and the keeping holy the Sabbath day. Elders are entreated to attend the prayer-meetings and the Sabbathschool, and to make themselves generally useful in the Church of God. It regrets that so many of our people absent themselves from the prayer-meeting-especially the male members of the Church, and earnestly admonishes them not to neglect this duty and privilege.

Gleanings from Reports. St. Andrew's, Ottawa: Communicants, 393 ; total revenue, $\$ 9,469.98$; contributions to the schemes of the Church, $\$ 1,600$; debt on the Church property, $\$ 32,000$. The session a dd managers have under consideration a proposal for the reduction of the debt, which it is hoped may be
successfi 1. St. Paul's Church, Hamilton:The report indicates increased prosperity. Membership, 410-an increase of 50 during the year. A floating debt of $\$ 2,000$ has been wiped out. Contributions to the se hemes, $\$ 935$. Total revenue of the Church, $\$ 7,7+6$.

Trenton : Kingston: Rev. Algernon Matthews was inducted on the soth of January.

Chatham: Miramichi :-Rev. E.IW Waits, formerly of Stratford, Ont., was inducted to the charge of St. John's Church, on 3oth March.

Georgetown : Montreal:- The induction of Rev. J. A. F. McBan, formerly of Chathom, N. B., was appointed to take place on the 1 jth instant.
W. Gwnlimbury and Cookstown : Bur-rie:-M:. J. K. Henry was ordained and inducted on the 16 th April.

Tilsonburgh and Culloden : Paris:Mr. M. McGregor, having accepted a call, his ordination and induction were apponted to take place on the 22nd instant.

Brantford : First Church: Paris:-The induction of Rev. F. R. Beattie, of Baltimore and Cold Springs, takes place on the 9th inst.

Calis-Rev. J. S. Mullan has accepted a call to Nashwaak and Stanley, St. Jolin Pres. Rev. A. Y. Hartley is called to Earies and Bluevale, Maitland. Rev. Wm. Ferguson, of Glammis, is called to Lochiel, Glengarry. Rev. D. M. Gordon, of Ottawa, has been called to Knox Church, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Demissions-Rev. W. Mitchell, of St. Andrew's Church, St. John, N. B. ; Rev.W. Robertson, of St. John's Church, Yarmouth, N. S.; Rev. J. B. Taylor, of Lucknow, Maitland. Rev. C. Maclean, of Roxborough, Glengarry. Rev. John Mackinnon, of Georgetown, P. E. I.

New Church-On the 26th February a very handsome and commodious church was opened for public worship at Bass River, Kent County, N. B. The moraing service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Mackenzie, Richibucto,and the afternoon service by the pastor, Rev. John Boyd, The church is almost entirely free from debt, and no outside aid has been asked.

Dundalk, Ont-The Church at the Fraser Settlement having been completed internally, and fitted up with great taste, was re-opened for worship on the 26th of February, when the Rev. Donald Fraser preached both in English and in Gaelic, to large congregations.

## THE COLLEGES.

Knox College, Toronto.-The closing Exercises of the Session were held in Convocation Hall on Wednesday the 5 th instant. The Lecture was given by Dr. Caven, on "The Moral Influence Theory of the Death
of Christ." The Hall was filled--many min isters, and alumni of the College, being present. Additional interest was given to the occasion by the circumstance that the College, for the first time, used ite degree-conferring powers. After examination, the degree of B.D. was conferred upon the Rev. F. R. Beattie, M.A. The degree of D.D. was bestowed upon the Rev. John M. King, M.A., of St. James' Square Church. Toronto. Those who have now completed their course in the College and are sent forth to the Church's work, are the following :-John Gibson, B.A., David Bickell, Samuel Carruthers, William McKinley, D. B. McDonald, David MLaren, B.A., J. G. Henderson, John Jamieson, Robert G. Sinclair, Chas. H. Ccoke, B.A., Angus McKay, John Currietwelve in all. Mr. Sinclair has bcen appointed to the North-West, to which he proceeds im-mediately-and from which he came to prosemis his theological studies. There were in attendance during the Session thirteer students in the first theological jear, anc cairteen in the second : thirty-eight students in Theology. There were twenty-one students in the Preparatory Course. There boarded in the College seventy-six (76) students, all of whom have the ministryin view. About 100 students altogether, in Arts and in Theology, prosecuted their Course in Toronto during the Session. The Students Missionary Society send out twelve men to fields for the summer. Three of these go to Manitoba, two to Manitoulin Island, and five to places in Muskoka. The Home Missionary Committee sends out three other students to the North-West, besides Mr. Sinclair, who has completed his studies. The College has reason gratefully to acknowledge many tokens of the Divine goodness which have marked the course of its history, and the prayers of those connected with it is, that the Church's Head will use it, and the other Colleges, for training many able and faithful labourers in His vineyard. Reference was made to the recent death of Duncan McColl, B.A., a distinguished member of last year's graduating class, and Latin Tutor for ten years in the College. He had not only excellent talents, which were well cultivated, but rare beauty and completeness of Christian character, and he died in full hope of Eternal life. May his early removal greatly quicken the zeal of all who were associated with him in study. The movement in behalf of the Library has so far succeeded, that $\$ 1000$ have been handed to the Senate by the Alumni. This is the first instalment.
W. C.

The Presbyterian College, Montreal. -The closing exercises of the Session 1881-2 took place in Crescent Street Church on the evening of 5 th April. There was a very large attendance of interested spectators. The presentation of prizes, Scholarships, and Fellowship, gave an opportunity for short addresses,
by Revs. Dr. McNish, Gaelic Lecturer, John Scrimger, Lectureron Exegesis, Mr. A. C. Hutchison, Lecturer on Ecclesiastical Architec. ture, Professors Campbell and Coussirat, and the Rev. C. E. Ameron, of Three Rivers, and Rev. J. J. Casey, of Taylor Church, Montreal. Mr. David Morrice, chairman of the College Board, in presenting his valuable Fellowship of \$500 to Mr.W.T. Herridge, B.A., announced his intention of offering a similar stimulus to study next scosion, in order that the successful competitor may have an opportunity of visiting some of the institutions of sacred learning in Britain, or on the Continent of Europe. Principal MacVicar conferred the degree of Batchelor of Divinity upon the Rev. J. F. Maclaren, and Mr. John Mitchell. Referring to the prezent condition of the College, he said that the Session now closing had ibeen a very harmonious and satisfactory one. By the kindness of its friends the assets of the College had now reached nearly a quarter of a million of dollars. Mr. Edward Mackay haw completed the Endowment of a Chair at the cost of $\$ 50,000$. Mrs. John Redpath had given $\$ 20,000$ towards a similar purpose, and the costly buildings erected by the Chairman were now nearly completed. The number of students during the Session was sixty, of whom eight have now completed their curriculum, namely, Messrs. John Mitchell, post-graduate, J. P. Bruneau, S. Carriere, J. A. Morrison, G. C. Mousseau, J. Robertson, J. B. Stewart, and R. Hyde. The Rev. A. B. Mackay, of Creseent Street Church, and Lecturer on Sacred Rhetoric, addressed the graduating class in well chosen words of eamest counsel and encouragement.

Quern's College Misstonary Assocla-TIoN.-During the last year greater success than ever attended the efforts of this Association. Five different fields were supplied during the summer, and although a considerable deficiency presented itself after hearing the reports from those stations, yet the burden was speedily removed. No sooner were the wants of the Association made known than contributions were received from many liberal friends in Kingston, which, together with the amounts collected by the different members of the Association in their respective mission fields, wiped out the debt, and leaves the finances in such a state as to allow an addition to be made this season. This year six students will be sent out, including one to the North West.

## gatcetiags of eresuyteries

Pictou : March 28 :-The following commissioners to the Assembly were appointed,Messrs. D. B. Blair, A. McL. Sinclair, E. Scott, I. T. Carruthers, A. M. Macleod, ninisters;
and G. W. Underwood, James McKay, Dr. Murray, Robt. Fraser, and John Munro, elders. The committee on Statistics reported. The committee was directed to correspond with Sessions that had not made collections for all the Schemes of the Church, and to ascertain why they had not complied with the instructions of the Assembly. The visitation of Prince street congregation shewed that it is making progress spiritually and temporally. moderation in a call was granted to Vale Colliery and Sutherland River. The committee on Supplementing reported, and the report is to be considered at next meeting. E. A. McCurdy, Clk.
Wallace: Amherst, March 7 : Spring Hill, March 8:-Application for Supplements were made for Amherst, Pugwash, and New Annan, and to the Home Mission Board for aid to Goose River. Messrs. Sedgwick and Archibald, ministers; and William Blackwood, and F. B. Robb, elders, were appointed commissioners to the Assembly. Congregations were recommended to make collections to defray their expenses. Rev. K. Maclennan was nominated for moderator of General Assembl; and Rev. A. Munro for Synod. The proposed Supplementing fund was approved generally, in preference to the Sustentation fund. The first proposed change in the Assembly's Standing Orders was disapproved; the second approved. Thos. Sedgwick, Clk.
Truro: March 14:-Four catechists were asked from the Home Mission Board for the summer. Supplement was asked for Acadia and Parrsboro'. The Coldstream congregation, Rey. W. T. Bruce, pastor, relinquished their customary supplement for which they were commended by the Presbytery. Application was made to the Hunter fund for $\$ 700$ for the Maccan church. Principal MacKnight was nominated for moderator'of General Assembly. and Rev. James Maciean moderator of Synod. Messrs. Smith, Logan, Bruce, and Chave, ministers; and Messrs. J. K. Blair, Jos. Peppard, W. Logan, and B. A. Fullerton. eivicrs, were appointed commissioners to the Assembly. The first proposed change in the Standing Orders was approved, and the second disapproved. J. H. Chase, Clk.

Prince Edward Island: February 21, 22: -The demission of Rev. John Mackinnon, of the congregation of Georgetown and vicinity was accepted, and a minute adopted expressing the Presbytery's high appreciation of Mr. M.'s services. Committees were appointed to confer with the congregation with a view to a re-adjustment of its various sections. Mr. Frame was appointed moderator of Session. John M. Macleod, Clk.

Lunenderg and Yarmouth: March 15: -At Bridgwater: in the evening a public meeting was held in the interest of Sabbathschools. In dealing with arrears of stipends
it was found that in all cases the arrears of last year were either paid or that arrangements were made for their being paid. The remit on Supplemental and Sustentation Schemes was considered, and the following unanimously adopted,-Resolved, That, in the circumstances of the Church, the Presbytery prefer the Supplementing to the Sustentation principle; but iake exception to the following points in the Supplementing Scheme now betore the Church: (1)Sec. 2. In the opinion of this Presbytery the family is a more equitable unit than the communicant, for estimating the constitutions of congregations; (2) Sec. 2, (b). We deem this an unnecessary complication in view of the principle laid down in Sec. 2, that each congregation must provide a manse or rented house; (3) Sec. 2, (c). With regard to this clause, Presbytery believe that the preparation of this list, annually, will be attended with serious difficulties, and therefore prefer the adoption of a minimum contribution of, say $\$ 350$ as a transitional measure ; (4) Sec. 3. It should be expressly provided that, in the event of a deposit, the first division of the $f^{-} \cdot 1$ shall be made in ratio to the sum at the disposal of the committee after reserving suffcient for bonuses; (5) Sec. 5. The Presbytery believe that here, too, the family should be adopted as the unit of contribution, and that an equitable rate per farnily should be laid down ; (6) Sec. 6. The Presbytery believe it will be better to fix a minimum contribution of, say $\$ 800$, above which no stipend shall be raised by means of the Fund.-D. Stiles Fraser, Clk.

St. John: March 14, 15 :-Rev. J. C. Burgess resigned the clerkship much to the regret of the Presbytery, and Dr. Bennett was appointed in his place. The Board of French Evangelization was asked to provide a French and English missionary for Grand Falls, and to pay half of his salary. The Supplementing Scheme was preferred to the Sustentation Scheme. A deputation was appointed to visit the Church at St. Andrews. Agreed to send a catechist to Tobique. In the evening the College Endowment Scheme was brought before the Presbytery and the public by Drs. Burns and Pollok, and the Presbytery very cordially renewed their endorsation of the schemes. A suitable minute relative to the late Dr. Brooke, of Fredericton was adopted. Mr. Mitchell, of St. Andrew's Church resigned his charge, the res: ${ }^{\text {rnation }}$ to take effect in July or sooner, if he should wisn, and the salary to continue to the end of the current year. The following commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly: Dr. Macrae, Messrs. Gray, J. G. McKay, Sutherland, K. McKay, and Burgess, ministers ; and Messrs. Coburn, Crockett, McAlister, Girvan, Robertson, and !nhnstone, elders. - James BenNetr, Clk.

Halifax : April 4 :- There was a large attendance of members. A letter from Dr. Sedgwick was read, reporting hopeful improvement in his health. The Presbytery offered prayer for his complete recovery, and appointed supply for his pulpit till the 14 th May. Readiness was expressed to receive the congregations of Yarmouth and Carleton and Chebogue, should the Assembly transfer them to this Presbytery. Mr. R. Logan presented a petition from the Session of Sheet Harbour, praving for a division of the Congregation, it being far too extensive for one minister. Presbytery arranges for the services of Catechist to assist Mr. Logan this summer, and it is hoped that in autumn the division may be sffected. Catechists were nominated for Digby, North-West Arm, and Lawrencetown. Principal McKnight presented a report on the Supplementing Scheme whirh, with a few changes, was adopted, and oruc.-d to be transmitted to Dr. King, of Toronto. Reporis on Temperance, Sabbath-schools, and the State of Religion, were presented,-the returns on the two former subjects were very defective. The following commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly: Messrs. Morrison, Simpson, Christie, McNab, Dr. McKnight, Wyllie, J. B. Logan, and J. Layton, ministers; and Dr. McGreror, D. Blackwood, Judge James, J. Farquha, Sheriff Curry, Jas. Gardner, J. J. Bremner, P. Thomson, elders. Allan Simpson, clk.
iviramichi : Ith April :-Reports on Statistics, State of Religion, and Temperance were considered. The Committee reported in fave $\because . \therefore$ Sustentation Fund, but Presbytery decided in favour of a Supplemental Scheme. Commissioners to the General Assembly were appointed as follows,-Messrs. Russell, Johnston, McKenzie, McBean-ministers; Messrs. Thomson, Duncan, Porteous, and Davidson, elders. Dr. Cochrane was nominated for the Moderatorship of the General Assembly, and Rev. K. Mciennan for that of the Synod. S. Houston, Clk.

Montreal: April 4:-Rev. Frederic Home applied for leave to retire from the active duties of the ministry on account of ill-health, and his application was recommended to the favourable consideration of the General Assembly. The following were appointed commissioners to the General Asscmbly: Principal MacVicar, R. H. Warden, James Watson, A. B. MacKay, C. A. Doudiet, J. C. Cattenach, James Fraser, A. B. Cruchet, James McCaul, and George Coull, ministers; Messrs. David Morrice, James Ross, W. D. Maclaren, J. B. Cushing, A. C. Hutchison, John Stirling, John Brodie, G. S. Spence, James Croil, and John Younie, elders. The Presbytery's Quarterly Home Mission report was read and considered, and its recommendations adopted, among which was the appointment of a deputation of Presbytery to visit a number of the congrega-
tions and stations, with a view to a re-arrangement of some of the fields. Arrangements were made for the induction of the Rev. J. A. F. McBain, at Georgetown. Rev. D. W. Morison was appointed to further the interesis of the Foreign Mission Fund in the congregations of the bounds. A splications were read on behalf of the following applicants for ad mission to the Church: Rev. W. H. Jamieson, M.A., Methodist, Rev. Godifrey Shore, Methodist, and Rev. Geo. Crombie, formerly connected with the China Inlanc mission. A cemmittee was appointed to take action in reference to the appointment of a city missionary. Revd. D. Paterson, of St. Andrews, read an encouraging report on the State of Religion. The remits of the General Assembly were taken up and discussed, the Presbytery adhering to its preference for a Sustentation rather than 10 a Supplementing Fund.

Glengarry : March 21 :-The remit on a Sustentation Fund was duly considered While expressing a preference for such a fund, the Presbytery took exception to some of the details, such as the placing of the minimum stipend at $\$ 750$ instead of $\$ 1000$, and recommended that the Scheme be so amended as to reach the poorest congregations. Attention having been called to the open desecration of the Sabbath on the Canada Atlantic Railway, now in course of constriction, the Presbytery agreed to appoint a Sabbath Observance Committee with instructions to report. The committee reported next moming, to the effect that work of construction and ordinary traffic were being systematically done on said railway to the scandal of religion, the outrage of public decency. and the disturbance of the public peace. The committee were appointed to wait on the directors and present the remonstrance of the Presbytery against such violation of the laws of this Christian country. Commissioners to the General Assembly were appointed as follows: Dr. Lamont, Messrs. Binnie, Calder and Macrae, ministers; Messrs. Chas. McDona'd, Peter Macleod, I. R. Ault, and George Elder, elders.-H. Lamont, Clk.

Peterboro' : March 21 :-Present, eleven ministers and eight elders. The application of Oakhill for union with Gardenhill was not granted. Presbytery agreed to ask leave for Mr. Windell to retire from the active duties of the ministry. Leave was granted to Cobourg to moderate in a fresh call. Mr. F. R. Beattie accepted of the call to Brantford. The congregations of Baltimore and Coldsprings are to be declared vacant on the second Sabbath of May. Mr. R. J. Beattie is to be moderator of Session during the vacancy. Hastings asked for separation from Norwood. Presby: tery agreed to meet at Hastings on the 5th of April to consider the application. Messrs. Ca meron, Torrance, Cleland, Bell and R. J. Beattie, ministers ; Messrs. Camegie, Henderson,

Johnston, Haultain and Roxboro, elders, were appointed delegates to the General Assembly: Dr. Corhrane was nominated as moderator of ney. Assembly: An interesting Home mission report was read by Mr. Cleland. Mr. Stevensin reported that the debt on the Minden $n_{a}$ anse had been almost extinquished. Commit:ees were appointed on the State of Religion, on Temperance, and Sabbath-schools, and instructed to prepare reports for Synod. Presbytery agreed to petition the House of Commons on behalf of the Bill on the Tempuralities Fund. Pr sbytery approved of the changes proposed in the remit on Sianding Orders. Presbytery met at Hastings, according to adjournment, on the 5th April. Norwood and Hastings were separated and erected into independent charges. Each will give $\$ 700$ towards the support of a stated pastor. W. Bennett, Clk.

Maitland: March 2i:-Commissioners were appointed to the General Assembly as follows: Messrs. Leask, McQuarrie, McRae, McNaughton, Murray, McQueen, ministers; Messrs. Harrison, Dickson, Campbell, McLennan, Strachan, and Wilson, elders. The Rev. Dr. Cochrane was nominated as moderator of next General Assembly. Reports on State of Religion, Sabbath-schools and Temperance, were given in by Messrs. Ross, Muir and Sutherland, and a conference held on these subjects. Resignations of Messrs. Wilkins and Taylor laid on the table Modification on Infirm Minister's Fund adopted. Standing Orders, first paragraph approved, second modified by omission of last sentence, and words "Committee on Bills and Overtures inserted for "Moderators and Clerks." Regarding the Sustentation and Supplementing Funds, it was agreed to recommend the Assembly to send both Schemes down to Sessions to report through Presbyterics to General Assembly a year hence. The congregations of Bluevale and Eadies have given a call to Rev. A. Y. Hartley:-R. Leask, Cik.

Barrie: March 21 :-Commissioners were elected to General Assembly, as follows: Dr. Fraser, Messrs. R. Moodie, J. Leiper, A. McDonald. J. R. S. Bumett, and J. J. Cochrane, ministers; Messrs. T. Shortread, A. Bannerman, John Brown, W. Wilson, J. Allans, and J. G. Hood. Committee was appointed to report on time and manner of holding a conference on Sabbath-schools and State of Religion. A large amount of Home mission business was done, in making up claims for half year past, re-arranging sroups and appointing missionaries. Mr. J. Geddes was apponted missionary for six months to Minesing, etc. Favourable reports were received from the Catechists employed in the Muskoka mission field during winter. The field was more fully supplied than during any former winter, special efforts having been made to procure labourers
from the membership of the Church, while student missionaries were engaged in their College work. It is gratifying to the Presbytery that the labours of the Catechists was successful.-R. Moodie, Clk.

Hamilton: March 2I:-Petitioned infavour of the Temporalities and other Bills affecting the Church before Parliament. Received reports on Sabbath-schools, Temperance, and State of Religion. Nominated Dr. Cochrane for moderator of next General Assembly. Appointed commissioners, viz.: Messrs. Thynne, Robertson, McDonald, Porteous, Goldsmith, Dr. James, Laing, Bruce, Fletcher, Grant, ministers; and G. Rutherford, J. Waldic, A. J. McKenzie, J. Hutchison, J. Osborne, W. McNeill, W. Henderson, R. McQueen, A. Wilson, J. Charlton, M.P., elders. The resignation of Messrs. McMechan, of Waterdown and Porteous, of Dalhousie, were laid on the table till next meeting. A motion approving of the principle of a Sustentation Fund; but recommending "the present adoption of the Supplemental Scheme" was adopted by a majonity of twelve to nine.-J. Laing, Clk.

King.ston: March 21 :-Mr. Kelso obtained leave of absence for three months. An overture to the Assembly anent Church Government as a subject of examination, was adopted. Dr. Cochrane was nominated moderator of Assembly. A preference was expressed for the Supplemental Scheme. Reports were given in on the State of Religion, and Sab-bath-school work. In relation to the latter, a conference was decided on to be held at King. ston on the last two days of May. Tweni;nine students of Queen's College were recommended as catechists, and a vote of thanks passed to the Missiunary Association of said College for services rendered. Appointed commissioners to the Assembly: Dr. Neill, Protessor Williamson, Mr. Andrew Wilson, Mr. James Gray, Dr. Smith, and Principal Grant, ministers ; Messrs. J. Duff, R. M. Rose, N. D. MacArthur, G. S. Hobart, G. Gillies, and J. Themson, elders. Mr. G. Shore, formenly a Methodist minister in Nova Scotia, was examined as an applicant for reception. His case is to come before the Assembly. It was decided to petition the House of Commons in favour of the Temporalities' Bill. The petition anent the Sabbath afternoon service in Queen's College, was laid on the table. The remit on Standing Orders was disapproved of. Committees were appointed to consider the remit ancrut the Aged and Infirm Ministers' fund, and to tabulate the returns on temperance. T. S. Chambers, Clk.

GUELPH: March 21:-The committee to whom wa: referred the Assembly's remit on a Sustentation fund, gave in a report which was discussed at length; the Presbytery by a vote of 13 to 4 re-affirmed its previous decision in favour of the Supplemental Scheme, which is
the one at present in force in the Church. The following were appointed commissioners to the General Assembly : Drs. Wardrope and McKay, Messrs. Ball, Mullan, Dickson, and Torrance, ministers, with Messrs Burnett, Black, Dunbar, Wood, McCrae and Davidson, elders. R. Torrance, Clk.

## (0) bituary.

MRS. MORRISON, widow of the late Rev. Donaid Morrison, one of our missionaries to the New Hebrides, died at Onehunga, New Zealand, on the 4th of February. She was the daughter of the late Donald Ross, Esq., of Earltown, Nova Scotia. She was a lady of superior attainments and of deep piety,-a true helpmeet to her good and noble husband. A more devoted, single-minded, godly husband and wife never entered the Foreign Mission field. After her husband's death Mrs. Morrison successfully taught schpol in New Zealand until her health gave way. Two children survive-one of whom has won a cholarship of $£ 30$ stg. a year and free tuition for three and a half years.

Mr. John Lamont, an elder in the Kintyre Congregation, Ont, for nearly thirty years, died on the ist of March, aged 79 years. He was a native of Skye, Invernessshire-a man of faith and prayer, who, by his godly example commended the Gospel to others.

## Crclesiastical gemes.

楽he General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States meets this year at Springville, Illinois, on the 18th of May. The Rev. Simon Parmelee, D. D., a Congregational minister, residing at Oswego, celebrated his one-hundredth birth-day on the the 16 th January last. At the age of twentysix he was settled in a charge in Vermont. There he remained thirty years, enjoying a salary of two hundred and fifty dolllars a year, and educating out of it seren children, among whom were two ministers and three minict ers' wives. He has preached sixty-one years. His second wife is ninety-one. His eldest daughter is seventy-twe. He never had a fit of sickness in his life; never had a vacation; never received more than $\$ 350$ a year for his services; and never was for a moment discouraged or sorry that he became a minister ! The Rev. Gavin Lang, of St. Andrew's Church, Montreal, has accepied a call from the West Church, Inverness, Scotland. The Rev. S.S. stobbs, former!y of St. Matthew's Church. Yontreal, has been appointed minister of Fllder Street Church. Edinburgh, Scotland. The discussion in the Picstyyeries of the Free Church for and against instrumental music
waxes hot. Parties are pretty evenly balanced and it is difficult to say which will gain the ascendency. The Presbytery of Glasgow, the largest in that Church, has discerned in favour of "the innovation." Besides this subject, the Free Church Assembly will probably have to take cognizance of the subscription to the Confession of Faith by elders and deacons, about which there is a diversity of opinion in all the churches. Indeed, it is beginn:ing to be felt that the status and functions of the eldership are not so clearly defined as they ought to be. But the burning question in the Free Church Assembly is sure to be that of Disestablishment. A very large public meeting was lately held at Inverness under the auspices of that section of the Free Church which is opposed to Disestablishment. About fifty of the Highland ministers were present. The chief speakers were Dr. Mackay, of Inverness, Dr: Begg, of Edinburgh, and Dr. Kennedy, of Dingwall. Dr. Begg, while claiming to be still a decided Free Churchman, held that the disestablishment movement was neither in itself a wise and defensible one, nor one that consistent Free Churchmen can support. It would lead to results which in his opinion would be disastrous to Christianity and would endanger the constitution of the realm. He held that the existence of the Established Church was a barrier to the advance of secularism in legislation and a great security for the Protestant succession. What he and his supporters wanted was "the establishment of a church in Scotland having a constitution in accordance with the Word of God." The result of the meeting was the adoption of 2 resolution to petition the House of Commons against grenting any legislation which has for its object the disestablishment and disendowment of religion in Scotland. It $\mathrm{E} \subset$ thought by some that the Established Church ought to make some advances to conciliate this portion of the Free Church. The abolition of patronage went a long way but it did not go quite far enough they say. In the meantime the movement within the Church of Scotland designed to increase the interest of its members in Foreign Missions is being vigournusly prosecuted. Though it is somewhat disappointing to learn that the eloquent lectures of Dr. Fleming Sievenson on this subject have not been so well attended in Glasgow as they should have been. "The "Salvation Atmy" has commenced a "campaign" in the west end of London. "General" Booth has rented the Regent's Hall where meetings are announced to be held twice a day, and they cimn hope to "run them" from moming till night without stnoping. One of the converts is an cld woman, 83 years of age, who had been in prison 233 times for druakenness, but who was arrested in her career of sin by attending one of the services of the Salvation Army,
whereby, she said, "the publicans had lost a rare good customer." It is not creditable to the Scotch people that processions numbering 500 strong have been marching through the streets of Arbroath, beating drums and tin kettles, and making other disgraceful demonstrations in ridicule of these earnest, if they are eccentric and injudicious, revivalists.

IRELAND. - The coming Moderator of the General Assembly will be the Rev. Thomas Young Killen, of Duncairn, Belfast. He is nephew to the well-known professor of Church History and President of the Assembly's College, Belfast. Mr. Killen is a minister of fully thirty years standing. His present charge is the third which he has worthily filled in succession. He is convener, of the Sustentation Fund Committee. The Killens trace descent from James Eryce, who was one of the first Scotch ministers that went over to Ulster in the 17 th century. One of the blood has strayed far from the ccurse which the Others pursue, one, too, that bears the name of the progenitor of olden time. James Bryce Killen was a few weeks ago one of the imprisoned "suspects," but he has since then been set free. For a long time he has been a passionate home ruler. Rev. Dr. J. M. Gibson, of London, formerly of Montreal, recently delivered a brilliant lecture on "The organic unity of the Bible," to a very large audience in Rosemary Street Church, Belfast. It is reported that the Rev. Willliam Macloy, late of Ballymena, Co. Antrim, now in the Free Church, Paisley, is likely to accept a call to the new parish, Rothesay, in the Established Church. His dissatisfaction with the action of the Free Church leaders anent disestablishment is given as the reason for the proposed transference of his services.
H.

FRANCE.-Pastor Vernier spoke recently to five hundred persons, men, women and children, in a large hall at Cours, a town in the Rhone Department, most of whom stood for two hours, until he had done. At Thizy, about one hundred men, including the mayor of the town, heard him, the latter publicly thanking him at the close of his address ; asking him to return, with the assurance that the women would also attend. This is a part almost entirely Catholic. At Hauflem, Pastor Lepoids held three meetings, the hall being filled on each occasion. Here some conversions are reported, and some four drunkards reclaimed. At Champieux, Pastor Galland was called upon to conduct the funeral ceremonies of a well-known and highly respected man, a Romanist by birth, it being his own request before he died. This gave him the privilege of preaching the gospel to some four to five hundred people, who had never heard it before, and who listened with respectful at-
tention, and eagerly accepted tracts. In the Calvi district, the evangelist found that some books sold a few days previously, had been. burned-the old story, but a very good sign of the work the gospel is doing. Mr. Reveillaud, with a friend, has gone to Algeria for a six week's tour of evangelization, whither some of the Vaudois French Protestants have recently emigrated. May the Lord abundantly bless them and all other labourers in that great white harvest field. Old France and New should be daily the earnest prayer of every enlightened Christian of our Churchthat the gospel may bring them into the light and liberty of the truth.
C. H.

## THE MARCH OF CHRISTIANITY.

The following table is given by Dr. Bainbridge as one of the most reliable of many estimates of the distribution of the worlds. population at the present time :-

|  | 7,527,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mohammed | 169,129,000 |
| Hindus, including Aboriginal race | 176,673,000 |
| Euddhists, Taouists, Confucianists, |  |
| Shintoos and Ja | 502. |
| Not specified and Miscellan | 8,976,000 |
| Pagans, (such as have no books) | 163,653,000 |
| Tota | 1,033,505,000 |
| man Catho | $199$ |
| Protestants | 115,218,000 |
| Greek Church | 77,958, |
| Armenians, Copts, Abyss | 4,389,00 |
| Unenumerate | 2,461,600 |
| Total Christi | 390,541, |
| E |  |

It will be seen from these calculations that sixty per cent. of our world are heathen, twelve per cent. Mohammedan, twenty-seven and a-half per cent., Christian ; that only two-sevenths of the Christians are Protestants, or only one-twelfth of the human race. In this great world-field, God has so blessed the labours of Protestant missionaries during the present century, that the number of communicants or full church members has increased from 12,000 to half-a-million, and the number of heathen converts or adherents brought under the care of our missionaries has multiplied from 50,000 to about $2,000,000$. Dr. Pierson believes that universal missions are moving on toward universal evangelization-"with a speed unknown, in all history before, the golden network is expanding and extending. We are now actually in the great era of missions: a greater than the apostolic age, when the new Faith ran on swift foot to the limits of the Roman Empire. The most distant and destitute are reached by God's evangel, and no land is left to the dominion of the death shade. During the eighty years of this century, the number of translations of the Scriptures has multiplied five-fold, from fifty to two hundred and fifty: of Pro-
testant missionary Societies ten-fold, from seven to seventy; of male missionaries, fifteen fold, from one hundred and seventy to twenty-four hundred; of dollars contributed to missions, twenty-five fold. Nothing is more remarkable than the entire turn of the tide of thought in the Christian world within these eighty years. The wave of interest in missions has already risen to a flood-mark never imagined before. And now, behold Britain, prouder of Carey, and Duff, and Livingstone, than Athens was of Demosthenes, Rome of Cicero, or Macedon of Alexander." From The Gospel in all Lands."

## (O) Mr fame zaissions.

wif He home Mission Committee (Western Section), met in Toronto on the 28 th of March, and continued in Session till the 30th. The claims of missions, stations, and supplemented congregations for missionary labours during the past six months, amounting to some $\$ 9,000$, and applications from new fields, were carefully considered and dealt with. The following were appointed missionaries to Manitoba for two years:--Messrs. S. W. Fisher, J. Anderson, J. A. Townsend, R. G. Sinclair and J. H. Cameron; also the following student missionaries for the summer,Messrs. J. S. Hardie, Jas. Malcolm, W. Patterson, I. W. Thom, Archibald Maclaren, and Alex. Scrimger-eleven in all. Mr. Gallagher retires from Sault Ste. Marie, and Mr. J. G. Henderson takes his place. Mr. Herald was re-appointed to Prince Arthur's Landing. Letters were read from Rev. Robt. Jamieson, of New Westminster, B. C., and Rev. Dr. Gray, convener of the Colonial Committee of the Church of Scotland, in regard to the British Columbia field. It was agreed to request the General Assembly to appoint a deputy to visit that Province in order to ascertain the condition and prospects of the Church in the whole field, and to correspond with the Colonial Committee in reference to the same. The Presbytery of Barrie asked for the appointment of a superintendent of Missions for Muskoka. Algoma, and Manitoulin, which was, meanwhile, declined. Letters were read from Mr. Sieveright respecting the work in the N. W. Territories. Mr. Robertson submitted an elaborate and highly satisfactory report of his labours since his appointment to the superintendency of missions in Manitoba and the Norh-West. It was agreed to ask the General Assembly to relieve the Committee of its obligatoon to pay annually out of its Home Mission fund the sum of $\$ 1000$ towards the expenses of Manitnba College. Mr. Robertion reported that the Presbytery of Manitoba had already began a fund for church and manse
building, and that nearly $\$ 50,000$ had been subscribed. The matter was referred to a committee who, at a later stage, reported in favourable terms, and submitted a draft of proposed regulations which were adopted subject to the approval of the rieneral Assembly. It was intimated that the late Mr. Junces McEwen, of Westminster, had bequeathed the sum of $\$ 500$ to the Kirk-session of St. Indrews' Church, London, to be used in whatever way they might deem best for the furtherance of the Gospel, and that the Session had resolved to appropriate the amount to church building in Manitoba. In reference to the bequest of the late Mr. Joseph Mackiay, of $\$ 10$. ooo for Home missions, it was agreed to expend the sum of $\$ 2,000$ annually until the amount is exhausted; and in recard to the generous offer of $\$ 500$ per annum for ine years from an unknown doner, it was arreed to apply the first instalment to the support of an ordained missionary in Muskoka.

> William Cochrane, D.D.,

Sonzener.
R. H. Warden, Secretary.

PRESBYTERIANISM.-The most learned commentators of the Church of England are at one in admitting that the early organization of the Christian Church was Presbyterian. Bishop Lightfoot is clear and emphatic on this point. Mr. Hatch in his Bampton lectures is not less so. Dean Stanley's acknowledgments are well known. A candid examination of Scripture will constrain an unprejudiced reader to accept the conclusions of the distinguished men we have named. We mention these facts not to prove that "we are the only true church," or "the only successors of the Apostles," but to show how futile are the claims to exclusive divine authority made by certain prelatical churches. A Presbyterian has a perfect right to feel when be is giving his money or his labour for the. Church that he is doing so for a church founded on and in accordance with the Word of God.

The Schemes of the Church-It is desirable that every member and every adherent of the Church should be familiar with all great schemes of the Church; Home Minsions. Foreign Missions, Colleges, French Evanyelization, Supplementing of weak charces, Widows' and Orphans' Fund, Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund. These "Schemes," well supponed, well wrought ont, cover the ground of our seneral work as a Church, unless, indecd, we add a " Church Erection Scheme," such as has been susgested by a respected and liberal member of the Church in Newfoundiand.

## Erinidad.

## ANNUAL REPORT OF MISSIONARIES.

REV. Kenneth J. Grant, San Fernando: Never has so much interest been shewn in our annual examinations as during the past month, ard did our report consist of details we would gladly record the names of many kind friends to whom we are much indebted. We cannot, however, omit making honourable mention of Miss White, and Mrs. Fenwick, on account of their repeated visits to the schools on Estates with which they respectively stand closely connected. Our school returns shew 16 , with a roll of 626 , and a daily average of 417. The San Fernando school, in the hends of Mr. J. W. Corsbie, has been sustained with growing efficiency, and his heartiness in the work was never more manifest. Some of the other teachers have done very well. The schoois have received due attention, but they have not monopolized our time. We ever remember that cur special work is to preach the Gospel. This we have done as we have been enabled. To our Roll of Baptisms 55 have been added, 36 of whom are adults, and 19 children. It will be remembered that in my district there are three Indian settlements, to each of which the Government pays £50 for educational purposes. As the roads in these rear settlements are very bad in the wet season the schools have been sinall, but the work amongst the adults has been particularly satisfactory. Some have been baptized, many are candidates. Geo. Sadaphal, in Wellington district, in his quiet unassuming way is doing a good work-a considerable congregation is being gathered through his instrumentality. Wellington is a large estate, with Picton on one hand, and Dumfries on the other, all the property of Mr. Cumming, who has so liberally supported us for nine years. In addition to six stations which have regular service every Lord's day, we maintain an Enlish and Hindustani service in San Fernando for the Asiatics, and aiso a Sabbath-school, which is doing unusually well. On last Queen's birth-day, between Charlottetown and Picton, in conversation with a lover of Sabbath-school work, my mind was directed to Sabbath-school Helps, with blackboard, published by Mr. Cook, of Chicago. I ordered them, and they have been used for six months-they are excellent, and so cheap. Pupils average 75, and all the teachers with the exception of Mrs. Grant and Mr. Geo. Lambie, are Asiatics, inielligent, God-fearing young men, in good positions, and all were educated in our Mission schools. The teachers of our daily schools meet every Saturday morning to report, and to be instructed, and in the evening the Sabbathichool teachers meet to study the lesson for

Sabbath. Throughout our district the same Scripture lesson is studied daily, and each lesson bears directly on the subject for Sabbath. By last mail they ordered twenty copies of the Teader's Bible. We have also several subscribers for the "Christian Herald" and other weeklies. In all my plans and arrangements I counsel with La! Bchari, and in his good sense I have very great confidence. In my absence he with Mrs. Grant supervised and directed the work wisely and weil. He lives on the Mission premises, as we think it in the interests of the work that he should, and daily he prosecutes his loved work with zeal and faithfulness.

Rev. T. M. Christie, Couva:-Early in January began a Hindustani service on Sabbath evening, in the Exchange School-rouse, which is near our house. Since the opening of the railroad a large number of Coolies have moved into this village, and it is probable that this will before long become the centre of the Coolie population of the district. This service has been very successful. There has been an average attendance of thirty, nearly all village people, and among them several men of influence. Since the beginning of June $I$ have kept up also a service in English. This is a heavy tax on me in addition to the orher services; but it is much to be desired that those in authority on the Estates should be exemplary Christians, and it has been very gratifying to observe during the past year a much more serious and sober spirit among them. I have used the money voted by the Board in employing three of our oldest and most promising converts as Bible-readers and teachers among the adults. Two of them were employed during the whole year, and one for the last four months. One of the former named Narayan has regularly visited the hospitals three times a week, and another occasionally, besides holding many meetings in the estates and villages, and has had a class of adults on four estates. He has had in these classes during the year an average attendance of over thirty, and meets each of them three times a week. His work is showing good results already. Two men, both of more than ordinary ability and influence, have been baptized, and four others are applicants. The second of these helpers, Ramjas, has visited for the greater part of the year three hospitals, and has been teaching the adults on Waterloo Estate and in Orange Valley Village. His work is to teach the children on the Estate in the morning; to visit Orange Valley, one mile distant, in the aftemoon, and to teach a night-school for adults on Waierloo in the evening. I have baptized one from this part of the field, and two others thave made application. The third man, Madhu, has only been employed for four months. He visits the hos-
pitals and teaches a number of adults on estates and villages near here.

Schools.-The attendance has been much the same as last year. Mr. Campbell, who was teaching in Brechin Castle school, retumed home in the end of May, as we thought it unwise that he, being unacclimatized, should remain longer at such an unhealthy time. The only new school opened is the one referred to above, on Waterioo estates. In the published report of the Board to the last meeting of the General Assembly, I am made to say that there are ten large settlements within five miles, on which I am unable to do anything, and the hope was expressed that something would be done during 1881. The report should have stated three, and not ten settlements. We are all desirous of starting schools in these places, but it was decided at our meeting of Council in January, 188I, that it was not advisable to undertake work among them in that year. The hindrance is want of money. The people are all poor; most of them are heathen and very little can be expected from them for some years. Two of the settlements are Governmen's settlements, but it was thought unadvisable to approach the Government on the subject at that time. The other settlement has no special claim upon any one. For the coming year I see little hope of anything from Government, and the prospect of relief from Canada does not seem much brighter. During the year I baptized six adults and two children ; seven others who have been under instruction for a long time, were to have been oaptized in December, but on account of my sickness it had to be put off till some time in 1882. We have had the Communion of the Lord's Supper twice. The number of scholars on the rolls of the schools is as follows:-Esperanza, 27; Brechin Castle, 45 ; Exchange, 42 ; Waterloo, 16. Total, 130 . The average is 8 I .

## LETTER FROM LAL BIHARI. <br> Native Evangelist. <br> Tb Dr. McGregor:

San Fernando, 7 th Feb., 1882.
FIOU asked me to write a letter when I had x time. 1 am at best ill fitted to write, and esperially in English, for learned people to read; but you spend so much money for us I am sure any good news about Mission work will be welcome. This morning before daylight Mr. Grant and I left for one of our districts, in the wood Tyzabad. There we spent the greater part of the day, returning in time to visit a school opened at Rellerue this year. Here I met a man lying in an open shed, who had just strength to make his salaam, and turning over he immediately died. On enquiry; I found he was what we would call in India, a pilgrim. Pilgrims to holy places are constantly met with at home, as all Christian people are
aware. Our sacred places differ as to good imparted to the pilgrim, and some are said to have great efficacy. The thick cloud of sins evaporate like the mists of the morning if you enter Allahabad as a pilgrim. To die in Be nares ensures immediate heaven. Once to visit a certain shrine in the Himalayas, you obtain power against all evil, and assurance of heaven at death. Should your sins, however, be very grievous you will be reproduced in a rich Brahmin, not in a lower caste. In going to Nepaul to worship Mahadew, if you only enter the temple with closed eyes and open them when your face is turned directly to the idol that you may see first, then you are placed beyond the possibility of re-appearing after death in a iower animal. Of course if a man goes blind-fold, he must be led by a Brah$\min$, who is sure of his pay whether the poor worshipper gets any benefit or not. Each sacred place magnifies its own advantages, with the hope of getting many people to come, like the merchants telling in the newspapers of their goods.

But you ask me, are there any sacred places in Trinidad? I answer, the poor ignorant people think so. Not far from the school we visited, there is a place where the Virgin Mary is supposed to shew her healing power. There is a wooden image of the Virgin there, lifesize, beautifully dressed. The dress has large pockets, capable of holding many gifts, and at the season of the grand fête, in April, it is not unusual when thousands of every colour and nation and form of belief assemble, to find the devout putting gold chains on her neck, watches in her pockets; and valuable gifts of various kinds are placed before her. I once visited that place before 1 knew better. Childless parents vow, that if blessed with children, they shall be for her; a person suffers from a sore eye, he has a piece of gold or silver made in the form of an eye, and that is presented,so of the diseased foot or hand. Oils are there blessed, which are said ever after to possess wonderful powers to heal. A man who has not succeeded well in business last year comes to the Virgin to get good luck. I: is not strange that my country people go, for at home this is the custom. They go to idols in India, and here in this strange land an idol makes their heart glad. But what is strange is this, that any people who read the Word of God, should dishonour God by this foolish, chiddish, sinful practice. But they know not God, and therefore they dishonour Him. Like Brahmin priests at home, these gifts enrich some persons. It is easy for our people to give up one idol to serve another; but it is very hard to get them to leam of God and to hold this knowledge in their heart. Nothing but the Spirit of God can turn them from darkness unto light, and from the power of Satan unto God.

## formosa.

LETTER FROM REV. G. L. MACKAY
To Rev. Prof. Maclaron.
Tamsui, 18th January 1882.
I returned last night after seventeen days travelling among our northern stations. New Years Day I preached in two of them and zame out to set off in another direction. The sountry inland is flooded with water on acmoun of torrents of rain day and night. The rivers are swollen on account of the mountain streams rushing down and the winding paths are slippery and muddy on account of the incessant downpour of rain. I spent a night in each chapel and with few exceptions slept on benches with a block of wood or several books for a pillow. At one place I passed the night in a temple; my old friend the keeper gave me his own little dark room and I was left with the gods alone. Nearly all the chapels suffered through the terrific storms of last year and arr greatly in need of repair. The Lord's people in Canada will kindly bear that in mind and come to our aid by giving of their means to the Foreigh Mission Committee. At every place I met with such an outburst of weicome from heathen as well as converts that I can only sit down in humility and ascribe glory to God forevermore, and declare from the depths of this poor heart that the Chinese are rot an ungraieful people. I spent eight years of continual travel in village, town and city ; through valley, plain and mountain, and never received such a welcome as now on my return after two years absence. On being asked why such rejoicing now ? the invariable answer given me was "you were missed, we didn't know what you were doing for us till you were gone \&c." I need not tell you how I was received by the native preachers who travelled with me throughout the length and breadth of this island; suffice it to say that from a hundred lips I heard that several were known to sit weeping at midnight hours in the chapels. Taking all the churches I have abready visited into account, I cannot say there has been advance, but I do declare there is reason for profound thankfulness to Almighty God for the state of His own work here. Mr. Junor was in the midst of work which no man in Canada can thoroughly understand. A man must be on the spot beforehe can grasp all. In the midst of a difficult work and not acquainted with some things at first, I think Mr. Junor deserves the thanks of the Church in Canada for doing a work as well as any ordinary mortal could under the circumstances. Mr. Junor went away by steamer to Amoy and Hong-Kong, for his health, and to purchase materials for Oxford College. Mrs. Junor and bible are well. Women are calling on Mrs. Mackay nearly every ciay, and she spends
hours telling them of the ten-thousand scenes and views seen going round the world, and especially the churches, colleges, schools, etc. and more particularly about Christian Canada Several have gone home above since we left In my next you will hear about them. Yes gone to swell the songs of praise to Him whe shed His blood for us poor hell-deserving sinners.

## Y̌udia.

LETTER FROM REV. JOHN WILEWH
For the Reoord.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
\text { Solsanda, Central India } \\
\text { February 6th, } 1882 .
\end{array}\right.
$$

Fif? much I should like to have you and the friends of Missions out with us fos a short time! As with sad heavy hearts you returned home I am sure it would be with a tenfold interest in this dark, dark field, where

## " Every prompeot pleanen, <br> And onls man is rila."

We have our tent placed under a widespreading Banyan tree, whilst before us stretch out on every side the opium fields, full ol workers busy weeding, irrigating, etc., or the wheat fields, with the wheat just heading out. On every side, too, we can see villages, containing from two to six or seven hundred people, chiefly the cultivators of the soil-in which till one week ago the name of Jesus had never been heard. This morning, long before "old Sol" had begun his day's march, we had started out to some of the villages about four miles away-starting thus early that we might catch them as soon as they arose and before they had time to get into the fields. On entering the first, where they only once or twice before had seen a European face, they were naturally surprised and shy. We found them huddled around a small fire of dry cow-manure cakes, trying in some measure to aid the heat of the cow-cakes by passing around amongst them the pipe full of tobacco and red-pepper -for it was bitterly cold. We on saying that we too were cold, sat down amongst them, and by a familiar conversation about themselves, removed so far their suspicions that we ventured to tell them of our brothers in Canada who had sent us out to help them-providing medicine to give to the sick people, and asking us to tell them of Jesus Christ the Great Physician of souls, who had done them so much good. At first they said they did not want any medicine, so we sang to them a native hymn, and then went on shewing them their sinful condition before God-their need of a Saviour-the uselessness of their present saviours, and the life and death of Jesus Christ. After about an hour's work thus
amonest them in which there have been probably many questions asked and answered, and many interruptions, such as home ministers know nothing of, they became so familiar that one by one their sick people were brought out and medicine was given. Then we went on to a second and to a third village, in each having much the same experience, now sitting under the shade of a tree, and again in a large temple with the large idols in every direction facing us. This morning's experience is not always ours, however. Only yesterday morning, in three different villages, I made no less than five different attempts to speak a word for the Master, but only to be met with open insolence, or such utter indifference that none would gather to listen. The cause of this discouraging work was not far to seek. A Maratha Bralimin, from Indore City, who shared the Maharaja's hatred of us, had come amongst them, and so in the most impudent way he tried to destroy our influence for good. Often, too, we find that the friendship and interest, that we think our first visit to a village has formed, is on our next visit turned into bitter hostility. The priest has, in our absence, been sowing the tares. In these new villages the first work is necessarily much as above. When, however, they know us, it is of quite a different character-but, of this more again. On returning to the tent, between eleven and twelve, tired and weary from the work and the hot sun, we find a number of sick people waiting for medicine, and so at once attend to them. Time enough to get some food is taken, and then the whole afternoon is spent in giving medicine or in speaking of "the way of life," there always being a dozen or more present. In the evening, we again make our way into the village where we had promised to give a Magic Lantern exhibition. Hese we have a congregation of between two and three hundred people, to whom we sang, spoke, and shewed the Magic Lantern, till between eight and nine o'clock. No words of mine can describe to you their interesting faces as they intently watch the pictures-making all the time a running commentary upon them and the words I was speaking of the religion now heard of by them for the first time. I may say that the Magic Lantern kindly bought and sent through Mr. E. Wilkie by the Guelph people, never reached me--it probably having been stolen in Bombay. The Steamship Company, however, have made good the liss, and there is some hope soon to have it here to help us. The one we now are using (being lent by one of the officers of the station), is very small and imperfect, though a very great help to us in our work. I must, however, reserve for another letter a further account of this very interesting work. Pray for us, and for poor benighted Central India.

## "THINE ANCIENT PEOPLE THE JEWS."

Not for ages has the world witnessed atrocities such as have been inflicted upon the Jews within the past few months. Persecution in its most odious and ruthless form has been let loose upon them by the Russian authorities. Well may we pray that God would have mercy upon His ancient people the Jews! They have been robbed and spoiled, trodden uder foot, treated as outcasts in many lands, and by people professing to be Christians. No wonder many of them hate the Name which is above every name when it is represented in their experience by cruel and blood-stained persecutors.

## 

MONTREAL: MAY, 1882.
JAMES CROIL, ROBEBT MURRAY, $\}$ Editors.

Price: 25 cts. per annum, in Parcels to one address. Single copies 50 cts . per annum.

PAYMEN: IN ADVANCE.
Articles intended for insertion, must bo sent to the Ofice of Publication by the tenth of the month at the latest.

## Yiterature.

Job's Comforters, or Scientific SympaTHY, by Joseph Parker, D.D. of London. This two-edged satire touches off some of the absurdities of scientific Free-thought with telling effect. The American reprint by Funk and Wagnalls, New York, is sold for ten cents.

Premillenntalism in relation to Revelations 20:1-10 by Rev. Professor Maclaren of Knox College, Toronto. This is the title of a closely reasoned paper read before the Ministerial Association of Toronto, in which the learned professor discusses the bearing of the passage in question upon the Millenium or rather the popular idea of the Millenium, which the writer endeavours to shew to be a fallacy. He proves pretty conclusively that the text cited fails to teach what is essential as a foundation for the premillenial theory; and as it is the only passage in the Bible that gives any ground for argument on the subject, he naturally and logically puts an extinguisher on the burning question. Of course it is not pleasant to have to part with pleasant fancies that we may have indulged in for a long time, but if they can be proved to be a
delusion und a snare the sooner they are given up the better. We dont know of any one better qualifed than Professor Maclaren to discuss this subject, and we commend the pamphiet to all who have premillenianism on the brain. For sale by James Bain \& Son, Toronto, W. Drysdale \& Co., Montreal, and D. McGregor, Halifax.

What is Presbyterian Law ? by Rev. J. A. Hodge, D.D.: The Presbyterian Board, Philadelphia, $\$ 1.75$. This treatise on the polity of the Prcsbyterian Church in the United States seems to have been prepared with great care and must be invaluable to those for whom it is chiefly intended, namely, the offlce-bearers of that church, lay and clerical. To others also it is interesting as giving some insight into the practice and polity of ore of the largest and most orthodox churches of the Reformation.

The Comparative New Testament: Porter \& Coates, Philadelphia. W. Drysdale \& Co., Montreal. This fine edition has both versions on the same page in parallel columns. The American readings rejected by the committee are appended as foot-notes. It has also the chapter headings as in the old version which is a great convenience: Price $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.

John Knox and the Scottish Reformation is the title of an interesting and instructive Sabbath evening lecture by Rev. John Nichols of St. Mark's Church, Montreal. Published by request, W. Drysdale \& Co., Montreal. Price 10 cents.

Getze's Parlour Organ: National Publishing Co., Toronto. This is really a superior book, containing instructions and a large selection of music for the organ. See adv.

## (0)fitial zotires.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
The eighth session of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada will be opened in the City of St. John, N. B., and within St. Andrew's Church there, on Wednesday, 14 th June next, at 7.30 p . m.

Presbytery Clerks will please forward lists of Commissioners, so as to be in the hands of the Clerks of General Assembly at least eight days before the meeting.

Reports of ordinations, inductions, licensures, deaths, demissions, depositions within the several Synods, and all other official documents should be sent to their respective Clerks, so as to be in the hands of Clerks of Assembly at least eight days before the meeting.

The Conveners of Standing Committees should have their reports ready to hand to the Committee on Bills and Overtures at the sederunt of the General Assembly.

Lists of Commissioners and other documents
should be addressed to Rev. Dr. Reid,Toronto.
The Commiltee on business consisting of the Clerks of Assembly, together with those of Synods and Presbyteries who may be Commissioners, will meet in St. Andrew's Church St. John, on Wednesday 14th June, : 4.30 p.m.

> WILLIAM REID, D.D. W. FRASER, D.D. $\} \begin{gathered}\text { Clerks of } \\ \text { Gen Assem. }\end{gathered}$

## ACCOMMODATION.

Commissioncrs are particulariy requested to communicate with the Committee at St . John on or before 2oth May, intimating whether they intend being present. Accommodation will only be provided for such as communicate with the Committee. Any who have made private arrangements will please state so, address Rev. Dr. McRae, St. John, N. B.

Arrangements will be made as usual with Ralway and steamboat lines. Presbytery Clerks will please send to Dr. Hind as soon as possible the names of Commissioners, the railways they will travel by, and with stations, \&c. It is of great importance that this information be sent at an early date.

## MEETINGS OF SYNODS.

Toronto and Kingston: in St. Paul's church, Peterborough, on the 2nd of May, at 7.30 p.m.

The Maritime Provinces : in St. James' church, Charlottetown, P. E. I., on the 3oth of May, at 7.30 p.m.

Montreal and Ottawa : in Stanley Street church, on the 9th of May, at 7.30 p.m.
N. B.-All documents intended for presentation to the Synods should be in the hands of the respective clerks at least one week before the date of the meeting.

## MEETINGS OF PRESBYTERIES.

Wallace, at Wallace, 2nd May, 11 a.m
Trurc, at Truro, 2nd May. 11 a.m.
Montreal, at Montreal, Ilth Juls, 11 a.m.
Peterboro', at St. Paul's Church, 2nd May, $\angle$ p.m.
Maitland, at Kincardine, 11th Juls, 2.30 p m
Glengarry, at Lancaster, $4!\mathrm{h}$ July.
Barrie, at Barrio, 16th May, 11 a m.
Ottawh, at St. Andrews' Church, 2nd Mar, 11 a m.m.
Lindsay, at Woodville, 30 ta VIay, 11 a.m.
London, at London, 9 th Mas, 2 p.m.
Ianark and Ronfrow, at Carleton Place, 23rd May.
Guolph, at Guelph, 16th Mas, 10 a.m.
Hamilton, at Hamilton, lüth Mas.
Toronto, at Enox Church, 2nd May. 11 a.m.
Huron, at Seaforth, 9th May, 1030 a m.
Barnia, at Sarnia, 4th July, 2 p.m.
Chacham, at Ist Presbyterian Church, 18th July.
Kingaton, at Kingston, 30th Mas, 2 p.m.
Quebec, 8ootatown, 6th September. 10 a.m.

## A Paye for the toung.

bIbLE PUZZLE NO. II.



HE number of answers received to what ${ }^{t}$ we must now call that celebrated pussle, up to the tenth of April was seven hundred and fify-seven, and they are coming still! This is something so far beyor. 1 his sanguine expectations, that the managing editor does not know what to do. He is fairly puzzled. The general excellence of the answers is as remarkable as the number of them, and shows that Canadian boys and girls brought up in the Presbyterian Church are well acquainted with their Bibles. The editor would like to lift his hat to every competitor, or to shake hands with them, but, as that cannot be done, he takes this opportunity of thanking each one, from the child of eight years old to the venerable sire of seventy, for the interest they have taken in the matter. It will take a month at least to examine the ar.swers; and then it will he very difficult to classify them in their proper order of merit. At this stage of the business we must all have patience. In the meantime we shall give a few extracts, which will serve as samples, from the humdreds of letters that have accompanied the answers. They are all from young children. The youngest competitor is Lemuel $F$. Robertson, residing at lot 34 P. E. Island-eight years of age. The little fellow discovered thirty parables.

## THE NEEDLE'S EYE.

The passage from the New Testament, "It is easier for a camel," etc., has perplexed many good men who have read it literally. In Oriental cities there are in the large gates small and very low apertures, called metaphorically "needle's eyes," just as we talk of windows on shipboard as "bulls' eyes." These entrances are too narrow for a camel to pass through in an ordinary manner, or even if loaded. When a loaded camel has to pass through one of these entrances, it kneels down, its load is removed, and then it shuffles through on its knees. "Yesterday," writes Lady Duff Gordon, from Cairo, "I saw a camel go through the eye of a needle-that is, the low arched door of an enclosure. He must kneel and bow his head to go through; and thus the rich man must humble himself.

Christianity is the good man's text ; his life the illustration.

Flattery is like false money ; it impoverishes those who receive it.

## LETTERS FROM PUZZLEDOM.

Edith Mr Donald. Alliston. Ont.-I am 9 yearsold and i found all the places myself. It took me a long time and I am rery tired.
A. F. Mr Donall, liopewell, N. S.-I am 12 years of age, have just recovered from sickness and have taken great pleasure in solving the puszle.
A. G. Baillie, Port Mastings, C. B.-I took groat pleasure in working out the puzzle I like tho Record Well, espocially, the S. B. Lessons and Dage for the Young.
B. J. $R-$ Urbania, N. S. -It now falla ${ }_{\sim}^{\sim} \sim \mathrm{my}$ lot to thank you for sending us the puzzles to spend our time in Bible perusal, and also the letters from foreign countries, to hear the good that the missionaries are doing.
A. F. Mackensie, Riverstown, Ont.-I am a little boy ten years old, I am very fond of reading, particularly the Page for tho Young. As it is pleasant work to search the Bible I send you the solution of Puzzle No. 2
Norman Gillies, Laddeok Forks, C. B,-I took interest in norking out the puszle. Did not get it in time to make it noat, but hope you will make it out and wo thank you vory much for the Record.

William Ledinghay, Latons, Ont.-I have been two wooks in finding out the pussle. I like this plan of trying to get the young to searoh the Scriptures. I bope to seo some more pusslos in the Record.
Bella Mraser. St. Agathe, Manitoba-W0 aro very glad to get your Record and es for your puxile, it in as un , ful as a Eabbath-school losson. You will see that I mide an offort to sond an answor from this far-off country. I did my best at it,
J. h. $B$-, LowerSolina, N.S. - Thero is no trouble in the puzsle oxcept in the number of parables and I think that it is a snag to wreok our expectations on. Bo I have taken what I oonsider the number whioh $=$ minister in giving out a text generally calla parables34
Molvill Stewart, Owen Sound, Ont.-I em ten yeara and two months old. Idid the puszle all myself. The only part I am not suro about is Christ's parables. I do not know whether to call a similitude a parable or not. The last puzsle was easier than this one.
Annie Noyes, Cushing, Que.-I would miss tho Reoord Very much for there is always some nice stories for the roung: besides these are the Bunday-school pares Which are a great help to mo in preparing the lessons. I did it without any aspistance whatever.
M-A, L -, Shubenaeadio, N. S - Wo four sisters havo been trying a competition. No one has got assistance from the other, as each was anxious to do best. The number of parables has somewhat puzzled us, as it difficult to understand just what comprises a parable, and our books of reference givo them differently.

William Wiloon, Newton Robinson. Ont. - I am just 13 years old and have not been very woll for some time. and have employed my time at trying to find out your puzzle. It occupied ail my spars time for a whek. I like to read in your Page for the Young very much.
Minnie Lowric. Gananoque, Ont.-There is one thing I have to say and that is I do take very much pleasure in reading the Record. especially for the S. S. Lessons. It is a great heln to me. It has beeu a great help to me to make out this puzzle. for not one of these questions I kuew anything about and did not know where to begin to look for them.
Edith J. MacNab, Goldenville, N S.-My chief diff culty has been in finding the exact rumber of parahtes. there are so manv passages in which it is hard to determine whother these were to be tasen as parables or not. I send this, h.owever, as an oridence that the Record is read and apureciated in this eastern corner of the Dominion.

Helen Camphell, East River. N. S. - I think the Bible puzzles have improved the childrea's page very much. This one has set many a one, old and young, turniag their libies: and if they searched from curious in.tives, we hope some sound lessons may be fastened on their memory. I do not think we could do without the liccurd now. We wish the editors many bappy and prosperous years, and a happier bome in heavon.

Nont month we shall see what some of the cld frits cay about it.

## grainuwtedgments.

## Reoifvid by Rev. De. Reid, Ageft of the Churce at Toronte, to 5tin ApriL, 1882

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## Home Mission.

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Betheny
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Wallacetown
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Ashton-addl
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Chatham, St Andrews, addl.
London, First Church
St Anus.
Bethesda
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Winthrop, Caren Ch-adädi..
Pembroke, Calvin Church..
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Newmarket.
Dnnwich, Duff's Church.
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Glenallan..
Dalhousie Mills.
Clinton, Willis' Ch S School.
Morewood
Windsor, St Andrews-addl.
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 \$31,696.93
Bequest of the late Mr Joseph Mackay, Montreal
per his Executor......... $\$ 10,000.00$

## Foritig Missions.

Received to 5th March,' $82 . \$ 20,703.80$ Oakville, including $\$ 5$ from a friend
Mrs W Whitehead, Brampton
Walpole
Berne
Waterdown
Kippen, St Andrews
St Catharinen, First Church. Lnndon, First Ch S School.
Markham, Melville Church.
do Brown's Corners
and Unionville
Mono Mills.
Mono East.......................
Vernonville
Grafton
Glammis
Bothwell
Hillsburgh
Egmondville
Exeter, Caven Church
Beverley
Madoc, St Peter's S S Shool.
Edwardsburgh and Mains-
ville.
Parkdale
Toronto, Coliege Street.....
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Brampton
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King, St Andrews
Montreal, St Gabriel Street
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Saugeen, St Andrews.
London East
Molesworth
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| A Member of St John's Ch, Bruckvile |  |
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| East Zorra, Burn |  |
| Beckwith, Knox Ch-a |  |
| Dorchester Statio | 19 |
| A Friend,Kirkwall, Formosa | 10. |
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| Nichol, Zion Ch SS, For | 6.10 |
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| St Helen | 13. |
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| Kincardine, Chalmers | 11.00 |
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| Queensville |  |
| Carleton Pla |  |
| Wm Brown, Esq., Caledonis | 40. |
| Dresden and Knox Chur | 10. |
| Cartwright |  |
| Omemee, Mount Pleasant \& |  |
| Lakevale.................. | 30 |
| Rockburn and | 5.00 |
| Hemmingford |  |
| Newcastle | 20.00 |
| Anonymous, | 100.00 |
| tratford, St Andr | 15.0 |
| Mrs Cook, Sarn | 1.00 |
| Kingsbury and Bro |  |
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Weston

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Vittoria
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Binbrook, Knox Church
Saltfeet, Cheyne do
McMillan's Corners
South Plympton.
Ayr, Knox Church
English Kiver and Howick
Morrisburgh
Iroqueis.
Markham, Si A Andrews
Codar Grove, Union Ch....
West Winchester
Osnabruck, St Mathews and Valles
Oshawas siciooi
Rockwood do
Alvinston
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Melton S Sch, for Revd. J.
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iockering, St Andrews' and
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Perth, St Androwi-addi..
Chatham do do
London, First Church
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Halifax, st Mathews' s Sob,
for Rer J F Campbell at
Mhow. to be used by him,.
York Mills and Eisherville..
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Maest of the late Joseph Mackay, Esq, of Montreal, per his Executors
$D_{\text {anwich, }}$ Duff's B
Avonton s sc , for educating Indian exildren in NorthWest
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nington.
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Clinton, Willis' do
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Eqquesing, Union do
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Vaughan, knox do
Rosemont
Mulmur. $\qquad$

Colutars Ordinary Fond.
Received to 5th March, '82. $\$ 6476.87$ Uakville
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Mooreline-addl
St Catharines, 1st Church Markham, Melville do
do Bruwu's Cornert
and Unionville
Mono Mills
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| East Zorra, Burns' Church.. $\quad 6.00$ |
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| Beckwith. Knox Cb - addl. |
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Dorchester Station........... 15.00
Alma-addl.
Nichol, Zion Churoh.......... $\quad 10.00$
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St Helen's
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East A shfield.....
Kincardine, Chalmers' Ch.. $\quad 5.00$
Weston ........................ 10.00
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Blenheim. do
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Wm Brown, Caledonia .... $\quad 20.00$
Uxbridge........................ 25.00
Cartwright.................... 4.38
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West Gwillimbury, 2nd.... 10.00
Kintore....... ............... 8.00
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Cranbrooke, Knox Church.. 12.00
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MoMillan's Corners.
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Euphrasia and Holland...
Kiokwood
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Caledonia, A rayle Streot and
Allan Settlement ......... 35.00
Brooklin ..................... 10.00
Wwodbridge ..................... 5.60
Springr 110 ......................... 10.10
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Wallacetown ................... 8.40

Utawa, Knox Church....... 40.10
Ashton-addl.................. 5.00
Port Albert
Wallaceburg................... $\quad 15.00$
East Williams, St Andrews' 18.45
Allanford.
Dungannon
Waton, Duff Cauroh...... $\quad 1.00$
Pickering, St Andrews' and
St Juhu's
Perth, Dit Andrews'-addil. . $\quad 10,40$
Chatham, do do $4 . .0$
Loudon, First Church........ l lo. (n
Be hesda ..... ........ 1:. 00
Alnwick...................... $1: 00$
Priceville, ot Columba do $\quad 3.10$
Oshame

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| Carlisle | 6.61 |
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| Iangside................. | 9.00 |
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| Aruprior | 2500 |
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| Clinton, Willis do |  |
| Bolton, Caren do | 18.00 |
| Yaukhan. Knox do | 24.00 |
| Resemont |  |
| ulmur | 300 |

## Kinax College Urdinary Fond.

Received to 5th March, 1882. $\$ 14000$
Hollu, special.
2300
$\$ 153.00$

## Knox Collefr Bursary Fund.

Received to 5th March, 1882. \$365 25
Gialı, Hinux Church.
55.00

Kinoy Cullege Building Fomd.
Received to 5th March, $1882 . \$ 3527.33$ ?ernunville, per Kor Wm .

- Burns. Grafton. do do Allubertson,Dunaford, do do bt (ie rge, Jno Thotason, Orillis, do do Campibe lfurd,
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Rev J Smith, Bowmanvillo. - per Ker Wm IBurns

Robt Barber,jr, Streotsville, - per Hov Wm Burns G Gordon, Strathros, do do AChannan, Ancaster, do do JBeattie, Chatsworth, do do Scarbornugh.
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W Hide. Shakspeare, do do Dun. Lildlaw, Milton, do do Geo McWilliams, Kunnidale - ver Rer Wm Burns

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Robt Jiorrison, Bearerton. - jer Rer J McNabb

RerJ J A Proudioot, London. - per her lor huid Joo Rutherfird, Centreville. ber Rer Win liards
North bruce, per hevJ Scott Winterbuurne, per Ker Wm

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Mre inreig. (ilenallan, do do Suuth hinloss, per her jno

> -MrLeod

Chatsworth, perRerW luarrs He: ' liruce. St Catharmes. -nerRev Wa licrns A.cbal Matheson. Clintun. W -ier Rev Mi McTagzart Wm. Derins Vaughan, per -Rev Wm liurns
Ancaster.
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East Ashfield
Weston
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Cranhrooko
Caledonin, SutherlandStreet
Auton, Indics' Missy Assoc.
McKillop, I)uf's ('h
Binhrows. Knox do
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South Pirmpton
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| Woodbridge | 3.73 |
| Alliston | 4.8 C |
| Wallacetow | 6.00 |
| Ventnor. | 6.00 |
| Lucknow | 6.30 |
| Ashton | 8.00 |
| Purt Albert | 1.11 |
| Vankleekhill. | 8.00 |
| North (iower | 2.50 |
| (leorgias, Knox and Cooke's | 1300 |
| Wallaceburg.... . . . . . . . . | 5.25 |
| Allanford | 4.00 |
| Junkannon | 1.32 |
| Newburgh and Camdon Eest | 2.00 |
| Pickering, St Andrews' and St John's | 5.00 |
| CLathaw, St Andrews', addi | 10.00 |
| St Ann's........... . . . . . . . . | 1.60 |
| Bethesda. | 4.00 |
| Alnwick... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.00 |
| Priceville, St Columba Ch.. | 4.00 |
| Oshawa. ............ | 12.00 |
| Bequest of the late Mr, Joseph Mactas, Montreal, perhis Executors |  |
| Fitzruy Harbour.. | 10.00 |
| Cilenallan .. . | 5.00 |
| Morewood | 10.00 |
| Jarvis | 6.00 |
| Sudenham, Knox Cls | 4.00 |
| Mlytheswood ........ | 1.00 |
| Wordatock, Chalmera's Ch.. | 10.00 |
| Port Standuy ............ | 300 |
| Craigvalo and Central Ch... | 11.00 |
| Caledon, Melville Ch......... | 4.00 |
| Prisley. Knox Ch | 3.00 |
| Langside. | 500 |
| Crumlin | 4.00 |
| Minesin | 1.50 |
| Iry | 1.00 |
| Brussels. Knox Charch | 2.00 |
| Palmerston, do do | 8.00 |
| Esquesing, linion do | 13.06 |
| Norval | 5.07 |

$\$ 4109.45$
With Rates from Hovds J Gourlas, D Tait, A McLennan, R Lessk, A cFerlane. I) (tordon, T Wilson, W P Wulker, W Cocbrane, D Stowart \$.2: W M Hoger, J H Ratchff, $\$ 10$ JWhite, J Camoron, Millbrool: D L Mchechnio.

## Agrd and Infity Minterix's Pokd.

Received to 5th March, 1882.82才93 98 Oakville
Walpole
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Caledon, St Andrewt'........ $\quad 10.00$
Vernonville ..................
Glammis
Hot!woll-addl.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Torontu, College Street ...... } & 10.00\end{array}$
Port Elgin
Hamilton, Erskine Churah.
Saugeen, St Andrews'. .....
Fullarton-addi.
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|  | 8.00 |
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| Essa, Fir | 8.00 |
| Petrolia | 4.00 |
| Oitaws, St Audrews' | 100.00 |
| Toronto, Knoz Church | 88.75 |
| Wellesley. | 8.00 |
| Nistount, Sonth | 1.00 |
| Toronto, Central Church | 0.00 |
| McGillivray | 3.50 |
| West Esan. Buras' Cb | 3.10 |
| Daurt | 300 |


| Ly | 6.16 |  | Little Narrows . . . . . . . . . . |  |
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| Beckwith, Knoz | 7.00 | 1882 ............ . ........... 8808.65 | Maitland | 100.00 |
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| Alma | 900 | Gourlay 84; D Tait, \$1; Jad | ray River, P W I. ........ | 4.00 |
| ichol, Zion Ch | 500 | Boyd, \$3: A MoLonuan, \$5; | Bocaboo and Waweig ...... | $6.10$ |
| r. ${ }^{10}$ Aph | 1000 2.00 | R Loagk, \$3.25; $\triangle$ Morar- | St Androw's, Truro... | $5800$ |
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| Cobou | 15.00 | \$4.50; W'P Walker, $\$$ | James' Ch Miss. Asac, Nön |  |
| allyd | 1.90 | W Coohrane, \$9; J E'w | (7legrow Mis. Abacinow | 11.50 |
| ast Oxford and St | 2.00 1.00 | 83.50; J Fertuson, $\$ 11$ | "Le" Whrooomah......... | 210 |
| amkesvil | 2.50 |  | G | 7 |
| xbridge | 10.00 | 5 | W A MoArty, Taylor Hoad | 500 |
| artwrig | 3.00 |  | Harvey, ${ }^{\text {N }} 1$ | 820 |
| Omemee, Vit Plnst \& Lakevalo | 10.00 | \$4 Jas. Cameron, s4.50 : D. | A Lads, BirchIIIll, P E I, par |  |
| West (ivillimsbury, 2nd Kintoro | 6.00 400 | L. MoKeohnie, \$8.50........ 8117.25 | . Rov L C Co..... | 3.00 |
| Stratford, St Andrev | 5.10 |  | work," Hopkinton, Mrss. | 200 |
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