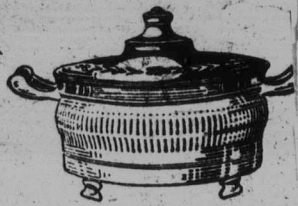


Mittelholtz & Co.
 Saugeen Valley Mills
 Prairie Rose Pure Manitoba
 Manitoba Family Flour
 No. 1 Pastry

The Mildmay Gazette

MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1921

SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.00 in Advance



Your Wedding Gift of Cut Glass or Silverware Should be selected here

Have you thought of giving Cut Glass or Silverware? It is appreciated by every bride, and you will agree with us that you can choose no more suitable gift when you see the many pieces we are now showing.

You will find our prices to be very moderate and in no case exceeding the actual value of the article.

C. E. WENDT
 Jeweller

Roofing and Siding

of all kinds at lower prices. Call in and get our prices

We supply you tools if you lay it out yourself.

How about that old leaky eave trough this spring?

F. J. ARNOLD

MILDMAY

Tinsmithing — Plumbing
 Furnace Work

LOCAL G. T. R. TIME TABLE

Morning train, southbound...	7.17
Noon mail train, northbound..	11.35
Afternoon train, southbound..	4.10
Night train, northbound.....	9.10

Acquaintance that should Prove Profitable

It will pay you to get acquainted with my store and my prices. My motto is "Small Profits and quick turnover." It means lower prices for you

Also a full line of fresh and smoked meats and an assortment of fresh fish, bologna, headcheese, wieners and liver sausage.

Highest cash prices for hides.
 Phone 62

G. R. WINGEFELDER
 Meat and Fish Market

PICTURE FRAMING.

A good assortment of Picture Mouldings and Glass for Framing any kind of pictures you would like to have framed. Bring in your unframed pictures and give us a try. The price will be right and we guarantee satisfactory.

G. H. EICKMEIER

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Own Room

3. Whitford.

draperies, chair coverings, cushions and so on, should be of practical material.

ness and the habit of keeping both clothes and room in order ought to follow naturally.
Long window seats may have hinged tops or doors in front, allowing a place for ball and tennis things.
Don't Forget the Desk.
Very early in the boy's life he should own a solid little writing-desk fitted with all the conveniences for a lightful hold and influence upon the best years of his life.
Surely there are many ways in which a boy's room can be made a joy forever.

Minerals Your Hogs Need.

The simplest mineral rations, particularly as regards the number of

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.
Buying Cows at Auction.

strous blackberries. That spring he set up an irrigation system to use soon as dry weather showed up. The canes flowered profusely, and a bumper crop of berries set on. When weather came, the gardener set windmill going. Whenever the moisture got low, the patch got a good watering, and the berries flourished. At marketing time Brown supposed berries were the best in the section, so he set his price a little above market and began to brag. Customers came, looked, and went away empty-handed. After a little he learned what was the matter. A few miles away another gardener, named Thompson, had berries of the same variety that were just a little bigger and nicer than his, and he was selling them for less money. Finally an irate customer told my friend what he thought about it.

"What's the reason you are charging three cents more a quart than Thompson, when his berries are bigger and nicer and better flavored than yours?" he said.

"His berries aren't bigger and nicer and better flavored than mine," Brown promptly replied. "They can't be. I've gone to a big expense to irrigate these berries, and there hasn't been a day when they lacked water. It takes plenty of water to make blackberries. I'm the only one around who has irrigated. I have fertilized my berry patch and kept it in the best condition. This other man simply can't have better berries than I've got."

"Yes, they are; and if you don't believe it jump in the buggy with me, and I'll take you out there and prove it to you."

So Brown climbed in, and drove out to see those wonderful berries. On arriving at Thompson's patch he was astonished to find long canes loaded again with fine fruit. There were more canes and more berries per cane than he had, and he readily admitted it. The berries were a little bigger, too, and were selling at three cents a quart less. He admitted his defeat, but started at once to find out why.

It developed that Thompson ran a crushing mill each fall, and utilized all the crushed stalks as a winter mulch for his berry bushes. The water from the winter snows and rains soaked down into the soil around those briers, and some of it was stored up for future use. As the soil was well drained, he suspected that a greater portion of the surplus water ran down into the neighboring creek. Yet the stalks themselves absorbed a large amount of water, and held it. During the drought this mulch did not dry out, and the soil underneath remained all filled with water. The root bed was like some enormous sponge that held an unlimited supply of moisture. The rainfall soaked down into the stalk mulch, and the soil became capable of holding more water each succeeding season. Evaporation was stopped by the loose mulch. Artificial irrigation was wholly unnecessary.

Judging from these two gardeners' experiences it seems folly to use irrigation with berries. Instead, let's utilize the old corn stalks.

HIDES-WOOL-FURS

MUSKRATS

Big money can still be made on these skins. Ship your lot to us and make sure of receiving the right price. Returns sent the same day as shipment is received.

WILLIAM STONE SONS LIMITED
WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO
ESTABLISHED 1870



perienced motorist. He rides on always carries a spare DOMINION emergency. He judges quality by word of tire cost. He knows that DOMINION workmanship show up in ON TIRES.

best suited to your car, no matter what it for—and you get DOMINION as well as in the big "Royal Cords" and

the best dealers in Canada
Dominion INNER TUBES
ACCESSORIES. Ask for th

DOMINION TIRES

GOOD TIRES

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GOVERNMENT'S OFFER TO END COAL STRIKE REJECTED BY MINERS

All Negotiations Have Ceased and Prospect of Settlement Not Bright at Present—Miners' Federation Continues to Demand National Pool.

A despatch from London says:—The miners on Thursday night refused the Government's offer of £10,000,000 to keep up their wages for the next four months, and all negotiations for the moment at any rate, are off.

The decision was reached by the meeting of the miners' delegates after the miners' executive had been to the Board of Trade to hear from Sir Robert Horne the Government's final decision.

The Government on Thursday went a long way to meet the miners in the hope of reaching peace.

The owners had already agreed to give up every cent of profit for the next few months, and the miners in return agreed to a cut throughout the industry of two shillings per day for every person employed.

The earnings of the industry for March, however, showed that even if every penny went in wages they must be reduced by a little over four shillings.

To help the miners the Government promised them a temporary subvention so that the cut should be only three shillings and sixpence, and on Thursday, Sir Robert Horne increased the offer to the definite sum of £10,000,000, so that the reduction in May should be only three shillings, in June

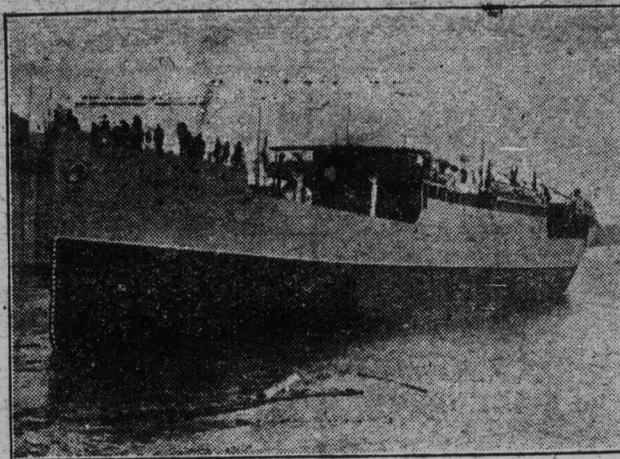
three shillings and sixpence, while what was left over should be used to increase wages in July and August.

The only condition the Government proposed was that in return for this aid the miners and owners should agree on a permanent system of dividing profits and wages which should hold good for at least a year from the end of August and should then be terminable only on three months' notice.

In making this offer Sir Robert pointed out that the mine owners had already agreed to the principle of division, which he described as "the greatest advance in industrial matters which I know of in any industry, either in this country or in any other country."

This made a standard wage for workers the first charge on the proceeds of industry. Capital was then to share the standard profit and any surplus left after this had been paid was to be divided between wages and profits in fixed proportion.

In answer to Sir Robert's offer, Frank Hodges replied that the miners could not possibly accept more than a two-shilling reduction, and once again insisted that no settlement which did not include the national pool would be satisfactory.



FIRST LAUNCH OF THE SEASON
SS. "Ideford," which was launched in Montreal on April 9, from the Canadian Vickers yard. This vessel represents the last word in high-class cargo steamers.

Canada From Coast to Coast

Victoria, B.C.—A number of Australian sheep farmers are desirous of building a wool mill on Vancouver Island to cost \$500,000, providing they can obtain a free site.

Vancouver, B.C.—The Nanaimo British Columbia Fish Meal and Oil Refinery has commenced operations with a daily capacity of twenty tons of fish. Five tons of fish make one of meal and produces fifty gallons of coarse oil.

Edmonton, Alta.—Great activity prevails in the boat building trade. During the week a full car of twenty-foot heavy freight canoes and lighter boats for the trapper and prospector left for the far north. This represents a portion of a large order placed by the Hudson's Bay Company with the Alberta Motor Boat Company. An order has also been received for two heavy cruiser type canoes for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police which they will use in patrol work, and other boats have been ordered by the Dominion Forestry department.

Medicine Hat, Alta.—Construction work involving an expenditure of half a million dollars is planned on the Canada Land and Irrigation Company's system in Southern Alberta this season. Satisfactory financial arrangements are said to have been made in England for this undertaking, and operations are expected to commence shortly. The work contemplated includes strengthening main ditches and the doubling of the present available circulated area of 30,000 acres.

Moose Jaw, Sask.—Approximately half a million eggs, comprising six carloads or 2,700 cases, were shipped from this point to Canadian and American markets during the month of March. The shipment is a record for any one prairie city at this time of the year.

Senlac, Sask.—A plant is being completed here to produce dairy salt from the salt deposits, and it is expected that almost 850 tons will be produced this season. The dairy salt will be taken by the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries at Regina, and the balance of the rough salt, when cleaned, will go to laundries at Edmonton, Saskatoon, Regina and Moose Jaw. A plant is in course of erection at Fusilier for the manufacture of sodium sulphate powder from the deposit there. This will have a capacity of 20 tons, and shipments will begin this summer.

Winnipeg, Man.—Twelve major Winnipeg-made products provide employment for 15,591 employees, with an annual payroll of \$24,308,982, according to a statement of an official of the Made-in-Winnipeg exhibition. There are operating in Winnipeg factories producing 264 different commodities. Of these 515 industrial establishments are engaged in manufacturing.

Winnipeg, Man.—The value of Manitoba's farm wealth in 1919 is now placed at \$350,296,000. Of this amount crops were valued at \$158,566,000; live stock, dairy produce, poultry and wool, \$191,730,000. The number of live stock in Manitoba was: horses, 379,356; milch cows, 227,872; other cattle, 553,899; all cattle, 781,771; sheep, 167,170; swine, 261,642; poultry, 2,731,166.

Ottawa, Ont.—Canadian flour mills for the first six months of the current crop year, ending February 28, 1921, cleared for export a total of 3,568,818 barrels. Of this amount

Great Britain took delivery of no less than 1,415,892 barrels valued at \$15,030,474; United States, 905,924 barrels valued at \$9,248,504; while other countries took 1,236,702 barrels valued at \$15,349,997. This is a considerable increase over the record year 1913-14.

Toronto, Ont.—A total of 341,325 cases of supplies were sent overseas during the war by the Canadian Red Cross, according to R. B. Bennett, of Calgary, Canadian representative to the International Red Cross Convention at Geneva. The amount of money raised totalled \$9,000,000. Gifts to France in money amounted to nearly five million francs, in addition to 94,000 cases of supplies valued at nearly five million dollars.

Peterboro, Ont.—Six thousand muskrats were caught in the marshes of Otonabee River and Rice Lake this spring, according to estimates of local fur buyers. One buyer computed that pelts enough for one hundred Hudson seal coats, valued at \$32,500, had been gathered from the marshes near here.

Quebec, Que.—The only known flock of snow geese in existence, containing over five thousand weighing an average of eight pounds each, has arrived at Cap Tourmente, on its annual northern migration from the southern states. Each year the birds make this a stopping-off place on their way to the Labrador coast, and have been known to do so for over forty years. The flock has been closely protected, and moving pictures taken by the Moving Picture Service of the Dominion Parks Branch, Ottawa.

Montreal, Que.—The exclusively Canadian wireless news service which was inaugurated by the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services to their liners in mid-ocean has now supplanted, on all Canadian liners, the United States news service, which has been discontinued. The present bulletin consists of Canadian news combined with English news received from the Welsh station.

Fredericton, N.B.—No changes in the hunting season will be effected until 1922, according to Premier Foster. It was proposed to commence the open season for hunting on October 1, instead of September 15th, but the New Brunswick Guides' Association appeared before the government and protested against the proposed change being effected this year because a large number of hunting parties were already booked for the last two weeks in September. The moose are reported to have wintered well, and their condition is most favorable. Caribou are also reported plentiful.

Halifax, N.S.—The Dominion government entomologist, after examining the fruit buds in the Annapolis Valley, reported that he had never seen them looking better. Unless some serious weather conditions are encountered he is satisfied that this year's crop will run to 1,500,000 barrels, with every possibility of reaching the 2,000,000 mark. All early indications point to a bumper crop.

Sydney, N.S.—Residents along the coast are enjoying the unusual opportunity of hunting seals without having to go more than a stone's throw from the beach. Small stray herds of seals have come down with the northern ice pack, and it is a comparatively thing for the hunters to go out on the ice to kill the animals. Seventeen were shot by one man along Lingan Beach in one day.

GREAT BRITAIN RECOVERING FORMER FINANCIAL FOOTING

Chamberlain, in Introducing New Budget, Announced Considerable Progress Made With Wiping Out Indebtedness to Other Countries—Certain Forms of Taxes to be Removed.

A despatch from London says:—Great Britain is planning to pay this year interest on loans from the United States amounting to more than £40,000,000. This announcement was made in the House of Commons by Austen Chamberlain, taking the place of Sir Robert S. Horne, Chancellor of the Exchequer, when he introduced the new budget.

During the last fiscal year Great Britain reduced her indebtedness to the United States by £75,000,000. England still owes foreign countries, chiefly the United States, calculating the exchange at four dollars to the pound, £1,161,500,000.

The Chancellor's estimates of revenue and expenditure of a year ago have been borne out with remarkable accuracy, a surplus of £230,500,000, only about £4,000,000 under the estimated surplus, being recorded.

No additional taxation is proposed and there will be no further reduction of taxation in the current year. The chief points are the removal of the

excess profits duty, removal of the surtax on cigars and replacement of the existing fixed duty of seven shillings and an ad valorem duty of 33-1-8 per cent. on sparkling wines by a specific duty of 15 shillings per gallon. These changes have been made because the higher duties proved unremunerative and were injurious to Britain's allies.

The corporation profits tax proved to be a disappointment, producing only £650,000, instead of the expected £3,000,000, but the Chancellor hoped the tax would justify itself the coming year.

The Chancellor characterized the past year as one of the most remarkable in Britain's financial history, and declared that the financial results were satisfactory when it was taken into consideration that his last statement was made when trade was booming and prospects were rosy, and that upon that sunny prospect there descended with almost unequalled suddenness and completeness deep depression, which still continued.

May 24 Set for Irish Elections

A despatch from London says:—Elections will be held in the North and South of Ireland on May 24, under strong military protection.

This announcement was made in the House of Commons on Thursday and means that within a month the country will be in the midst of another period of acute tension.

Sir Hamar Greenwood in making the announcement, declared that the Government was determined not to shrink from the application of the Home Rule Act.

Our finger-nails do not grow with equal rapidity, that of the thumb usually being the slowest, and that of the middle finger the fastest.

Historic Waggon Among Treasures of Paris

A despatch from Paris says:—Waggon No. 2,419 has been added to Paris' collection of war souvenirs.

On Wednesday night its monumental bulk was dragged through the streets to the surprise and distress of many good citizens who were aroused from their beds by the noise, and on Thursday it was lifted onto the rails in the Court of the Invalides. There, in the hospital which Napoleon founded for his veterans, it looks enormous and out of place, but Paris is rather proud of it, for it marks an historic event.

In waggon 2,419 the armistice that ended the war was signed by the Germans on November 18, 1918. It was President Millerand's idea that the waggon should be preserved in the Invalides Museum. The table and the other furniture that it held have been reserved, and the chairs on which Foch and the other signatories sat are to be arranged in their proper order.

Weekly Market Report

Toronto.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.75½; No. 2 northern, \$1.68½; No. 3 northern, \$1.61½; No. 4 wheat, \$1.48½.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 48½¢; No. 3 CW, 38½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 38½¢; No. 1 feed, 36½¢; No. 2 feed, 35½¢.
Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, 77½¢; No. 4 CW, 66½¢; rejected, 56½¢; feed, 56½¢.
All above in store Fort William.
Ontario wheat—F.o.b. shipping points, according to freights outside, No. 2 spring, \$1.40 to \$1.45; No. 2 winter, \$1.50 to \$1.55; No. 2 goose wheat, nominal.
American corn—Prompt shipment, No. 2 yellow, c.i.f. bay ports, 73¢, nominal.
Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 41 to 43¢, according to freights outside.
Barley—Malting, 62 to 67¢, according to freights outside.
Ontario flour—Winter, prompt shipment, straight run bulk, seaboard, \$7.
Peas—No. 2, \$1.30 to \$1.35.
Manitoba flour—Track, Toronto: First patents, \$10; second patents, \$9.50.
Buckwheat—No. 2, \$1.15 to \$1.20, nominal.
Rye—No. 2, \$1.30 to \$1.35.
Milfeed—Carlots delivered Toronto freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$31; shorts, per ton, \$33; white middlings, \$38; feed flour, \$2.15.
Cheese—New, large, 28½ to 29½¢; twins, 29 to 30¢; triplets, 30 to 30½¢; old, large, 33 to 34¢; do, twins, 33½ to 34½¢; triplets, 34½ to 35¢; New Stilton, 33¢.
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 48 to 49¢; creamery, No. 1, 55 to 58¢; fresh, 60 to 61¢.
Margarine—28 to 30¢.
Eggs—New laid, 36¢; new laid, in cartons, 38 to 39¢.
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bus, \$3.10 to \$3.25; primes, \$2.40 to \$2.90; Limas, Madagascar, 7 to 8¢; California Limas, 10 to 12¢.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.60; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.50. Maple sugar, lb., 19 to 22¢.
Honey—60-80-lb. tins, 20 to 21¢ per lb.; 6-2½-lb. tins, 22 to 24¢ per lb.; Ontario comb honey, at \$7.50 per 15-section case.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 37 to 38¢; heavy, 31 to 32¢; cooked, 50 to 55¢; rolls, 31 to 32¢; cottage rolls, 33 to 34¢; breakfast bacon, 40 to 44¢; fancy breakfast bacon, 47 to 50¢; backs, plain, bone in, 46 to 47¢; boneless, 48 to 52¢.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 27 to 28¢; clear bellies, 26 to 27¢.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 15 to 15½¢; tubs, 15½ to 16¢; pails, 15¢ to 16½¢; prints, 17 to 17½¢. Shortening tierces, 11 to 11½¢; tubs, 11½ to 12¢; pails, 12 to 12½¢; prints, 13½ to 14¢.
Choice heavy steers, \$9 to \$10.50; good heavy steers, \$8 to \$9; butchers' cattle, choice, \$9 to \$10.25; do, med., \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$6 to \$7; butchers' bulls, choice, \$9 to \$10; do, good, \$6 to \$7; do, com., \$4 to \$5; butchers' cows, choice, \$7.50 to \$8.75; do, good, \$6.50 to \$7.50; do, com., \$4 to \$5; feeders, best, \$7.75 to \$9; do, 900 lbs., \$7.25 to \$8.75; do, 800 lbs., \$5.75 to \$6.75; do, com., \$5 to \$6; canners and cutters, \$2 to \$4.50; milkers, good to choice, \$7.5 to \$10; do, com. and med., \$5 to \$8; choice springers, \$85 to \$110; lambs, yearlings, \$10 to \$11; do, spring, \$13 to \$14; calves, good to choice, \$11 to \$12.50; sheep, \$6 to \$9.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$12.50 to \$12.75; do, weighed off cars, \$12.75 to \$12; do, f.o.b., \$11.50 to \$10.75; do, country points, \$11.25 to \$10.50.
Montreal.
Oats, Can. West, No. 2, 61 to 62¢; do, No. 3, 57 to 58¢. Flour, Man., \$10. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., \$3. Bran, \$29.25. Shorts, \$31.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, carlots, \$24 to \$25.
Cheese, finest easterns, 24½ to 25¢. Butter, choicest creamery, 53 to 53½¢. Eggs, fresh, 35 to 36¢. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, 65 to 70¢.
Butcher cows, med., \$5 to \$6.50; canners, \$2 to \$2.50; cutters, \$3 to \$4.50; butcher bulls, good, \$7 to \$8; com., \$5.50 to \$6.50. Good veal, \$7.50 to \$8; med., \$6 to \$7. Sheep, \$7 to \$9; spring lambs, \$7 to \$12 each. Hogs, select, \$13.50 to \$14; sows, \$9.50 to \$10.

Fifty Mine Pits Destroyed by Flooding

A despatch from London says:—The irreparable loss of many millions of pounds has been sustained in Scotland through the miners' stoppage and the flooding of the mines.

Fifty pits can never be pumped out again, and even those which may be saved will be in a dangerous state for many months to come.

The coal owners declare not more than 50 per cent. of the miners will find work when the pits there are re-opened.

FOUR IRISH REBELS ARE EXECUTED

Shot at Cork Military Barracks for Levying War on Crown.

A despatch from Dublin says:—A raid in Dublin on Wednesday night by the Crown forces resulted in the biggest haul of arms and ammunition yet made. In a stable at the back of No. 48 Pembroke street they found and seized 11 rifles, 33 revolvers, 11 shotguns, 13,000 rounds of revolver ammunition, 14,700 rounds of shotgun cartridges, 6,000 detonators, 48 rounds of Winchester ammunition, eight boxes of various explosives, seven swords, 18 undetonated bombs, 16 detonated bombs, 90 coils of fuse, two tins of aluminium, one bullet-making machine, two magnetos and 11 coils.

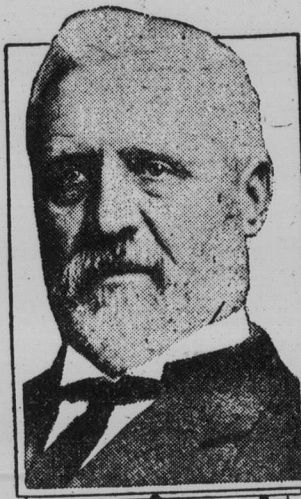
Mrs. Potter, wife of District Inspector Potter of the Government forces, who mysteriously disappeared on April 23, it was thought during an ambush near Clogheen, County Tipperary, has received by post a typewritten letter informing her that the Inspector was "legally tried, convicted and sentenced to death, which sentence was carried out on April 27."

The letter adds that during the time Inspector Potter was in custody he was well treated and shown every consideration. The letter is signed with the initials O. C.

At the Cork Military barracks Thursday morning, Maurice Moore, Patrick O'Sullivan, Patrick Ronayne and Thomas Mulcahy were executed by shooting. The two former were convicted of levying war against his Majesty at Clonmull, county Cork, on February 20, and the two latter at Mourne Abbey, county Cork, on February 15.

The total strength of the Boys' Brigade for the United Kingdom is now over 59,000.

The number of men who lost one or more limb in the war is stated to be 88,000; 26,000 lost one leg, 11,000 an arm, 952 two legs, and 50 both arms.



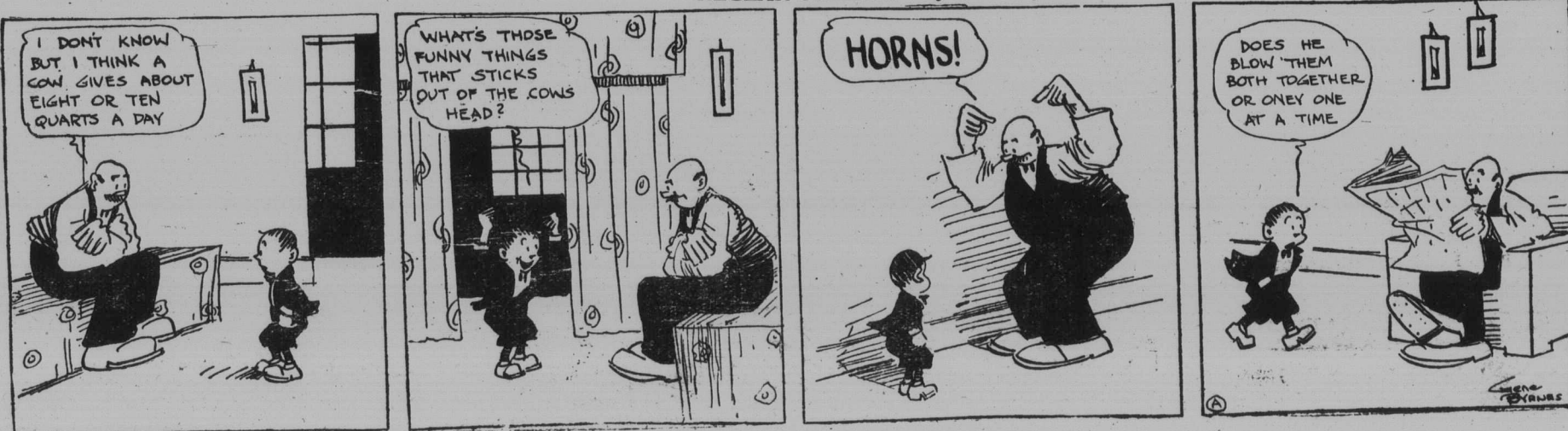
Premier Oliver
Of British Columbia, who left Victoria on Saturday for Ottawa, where he will try to persuade the Dominion Government to take over the Pacific Great Eastern Railway and incorporate it into the Canadian National Railways. He will also urge the federal authorities to pass legislation to supplement the British Columbia Liquor Control Act and give that province complete control of imports.

A Course in Journalism.

At the request of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers' Association a short course in journalism has been inaugurated by the University of Toronto. This course has been arranged for the week of September 12th to 17th and, while designed primarily for publishers of weekly newspapers in Ontario, it is open to any citizen of the Province. The subjects of instruction are: editorial writing and newsgathering, English literature and composition, newspaper jurisprudence, Canadian constitutional history, public health and hygiene. The lectures on editorial work will be given by Mr. P. Whitwell Wilson, a British newspaper man who is at present on the staff of the School of Journalism, Columbia University, New York. The other subjects will be dealt with by professors on the University staff. It is hoped that Ontario publishers will take full advantage of the opportunity offered them.

So far as can be discovered, this is the only course of the kind ever given in Canada, and the establishment of such a course is another indication of the progressiveness of the provincial University. A syllabus giving complete information will be ready shortly and will be distributed from the Extension Office, University of Toronto.

REGLAR FELLERS—By Gene Byrnes



DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST MILDMAV.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member
of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario
has opened up his offices next to C. S. Hunter's
at 121-123 Main Street. All the
latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits
Ayrton every first and third Saturday, Cliford
every second and fourth Saturday, and Neustadt
every second and fourth Tuesday of each
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students may register in our
Commercial, Shorthand or
Telegraphy departments at
any time. Our courses are
thorough and practical, and
we assist graduates to posi-
tions.

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D. A. McLACHLAN,
Principal

A candidate for Parliament from a
certain Western Ontario city was never
shy about telling the voters why
they should send him to Toronto. "I
am a practical farmer," he said,
boastfully at one meeting. "I can plow
reap, milk cows, shoe a horse—in fact
I should like you to tell me one thing
which I cannot do." Then, in the im-
pressive silence, a voice asked from
the back of the hall: "Can you lay a
egg."

REPORT OF S. S. NO. 8, CARRICK.

For April.

Pupils standing is based on daily
marks.

Sr. IV.—Nettie Gutscher.
Jr. IV.—Jean Scott, Albert Scheffer,
Leonard Harper.

Jr. III.—Florence Gutscher, Clara
Weber, Norman Bamrath, Willie Bus-
by, Oliver Kamrath.

Sr. II.—Rosetta Kamrath, Stella
Harper.

Jr. II.—Mary Scheffer.
Primer—Cyril Huber.

Those marked * were absent part
time.

No. on roll—13; average attendance
11.

E. B. Holland, teacher.

TALKING BACK.

One of the hardest temptations to
resist is to say "smart" things to
those who annoy or injure us. Thou-
sands of dollars are lost in business
through this desire to get back at the
other fellow. When you are tempted
to write a letter to someone telling
him "where to get off" don't. Put it
off for a day or so. If you must get
it off your chest—write the letter but
shove it in your desk for a day or so.
Then read it over carefully—and burn
it. If the tragedies of foolish speak-
ers and foolish writers could be writ-
ten what a record of folly they would
provide. "Scornful men bring a city
into a snare" and they often bring a
business man to a crust of bread. Af-
ter all, the temptation to say sharp
things is practically the same as the
instinct of the savage to get out his
club or knife. "A soft answer turn-
eth away wrath." The man with
whom you show a readiness to go the
"second mile" will oftener than not
become your staunchest friend. Try
the "soft answer" instead of the
"grievous words."

One Week of Big Specials

Don't miss the opportunity of getting some of the real values listed below. They
set a new standard for quality Merchandise at a really moderate price. If you
have been waiting for a new Suit, Coat or Hat, Etc., now is your chance to get one
at Rock-Bottom Price.



Ladies Spring Coats

Four only Coats regular \$15 clearing at ... \$9.00
Three only Coats, regular \$20, clearing at ... \$13.50
Twelve only Coats regular \$25, for ... \$18.00
Seven only Coats regular \$35 clearing at ... \$26.50
Two only Navy Suits, sizes 40 and 42, former price,
\$35, for ... \$18.00

LADIES' SAMPLE HOUSE DRESSES.

Sizes 36 to 46 inches, Voile, Poplin, Raw Silk,
etc., regular values to \$12.50 for ... \$4.95
New shipment House Dresses and Cover-All
Aprons, extra values at ... \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50
Misses Dresses at ... 90c to \$1.15

**PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS FOR SPRING
SHOWERS.**

Both Parasols and Umbrellas in good cloth
and strong frame, at much below regular values
now ... \$1.75
Better qualities and stylish handles at \$2.50 & \$3.00
Big Family Umbrellas, only a few left at ... \$1.37

MEN'S FELT HATS.

You have been looking for a good
looking hat for Sunday wear or work
Here is your chance to get one of our
reliable makes at a ridiculously low
price.

One lot Christy Hats going at 63c
One lot soft Felts going at \$1.95
One lot soft Felts going at \$2.95
One lot, including all our best hats,
going at ... \$3.65



Mens Raynsters

of high quality at a low price

One lot Tweed Effect, reg \$18 values going at \$10.00
Real Tweed Raincoats, in popular belted style, last
year you paid \$20.00 to \$25.00 for these, Now \$13.00
High quality Tweed Coats, former prices \$30.00
Going at ... \$18.00
Ladies Raincoats as low as half price.

Big Overall Special

Heaviest Blue Steifel Cloth, Union made, large
and roomy, with two hip pockets. Our regular
\$2.50 value, for this sale ... \$1.95

**29c Special for this week in
Ginghams, Prints, Galateas**

Best 35c quality and good patterns.
Don't miss these values.

KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
SIMPLICITY

In spite of its remarkable record of service on all roads, in
all weathers, in all parts of the world, the Ford is the

- simplest to operate
- simplest to maintain.

It is the car for women, unacquainted with mechanical de-
tails—the car for business men—the car for everyone; all can
handle and care for the simple Ford.

Ford is the simplest car to keep in repair. We are fully
equipped to render Ford repair service. We sell Genuine Ford
Parts. Wherever you go it is the simplest matter to obtain
Ford Service. Let us come and demonstrate.

LIESEMER & KALBFLEISCH

FORD DEALERS.

MILDMAV

ONTARIO

Seeds! Seeds!

We have the Best in all lines and prices right.
We keep only No. 1 Seeds.

Try our Sugarcane Sorghum Seed, also Seed
Buckwheat.

IN FEEDS—Molasses Meal, Cotton Seed
Meal, Ground Flax Seed and Oil Cake. Pratt's
Baby Chick Feed, Pratt's and Hess's Stock Tonic.

A full line of Groceries, Flour and Feed always
on hand.

CASH PAID FOR BUTTER AND EGGS.

GEO. LAMBERT.

Flour, Feed and Groceries

Mildmay - Ontario

Phone 36

An accident occurred a mile or so
out of town the other day which con-
clusively demonstrates the fact that
personal gain is not the primary aim
of some of the citizens of this fair
land of ours. It seems that at a re-
cent auction sale of farm stock on the
first line a farmer residing on the sec-
ond line purchased a horse for \$90.
In driving the horse home it became
frightened at a train or some other
disturbing object and was so serious-
ly affected that it died two or three
days afterwards. When the farmer
who sold the horse heard of its death
he proceeded at once to the new own-
er and tendered him the note he gave
in payment and asked for the bill
paid to the veterinary surgeon who
had treated the animal. The farmer
who had bought the horse demurred,
said the animal appeared to be sound
and well when he purchased him, and
he had not thought that the previous
owner was in any way responsible or
liable for the loss incurred. Never-
theless, Mr. T— persisted that he
would not see the purchaser lose by
the transaction of a few days before.
Mr. W— expressed his appreciation
of the spirit manifested, and said he
would prefer to pay at least half the
loss. No said Mr. T—, I wish to re-
turn the note, and would like to pay
the doctor's bill also. Mr. W— fin-
ally accepted the kind offer, but in-
sisted that he would pay the veteri-
nary charges. This magnanimous act
was certainly a very worthy one.—
Acton Free Press.

TOWNSHIP TO SURVEY RIVER.

Drainage of the sluggish Teeswater
River, which has been a source of con-
troversy for the last 40 years was up
in court on Tuesday when the Muni-
cipal Drainage Court was held in Walk-
erton by Provincial Drainage Referee
George Henderson. The action was
brought by Alexander Bannerman ag-
ainst the Township of Culross for
damages alleged to have been caused
to his property by flooding of the riv-
er. Mr. Henderson, in company with
the lawyers for both parties, inspec-
ted the ground in the township the
previous day, and Tuesday made an
interim order that the Township of
Culross complete the survey which
was begun some time ago by Engin-
eer Roger and submit a report. R.
Vanstone, Wingham, appeared for the
complainant, Robertson & McNab for
Culross Township, and D. Holmes for
Turnberry Township. About five
townships are interested in the case.

**The Red Cross
Carries On---Why?**



1. Because of demands made upon it
in dealing with the terrible after-
math of disease and suffering which
always follows war.
2. Because of the serious health con-
ditions revealed by the war—more
than half of our Canadian young
manhood unfit for combatant mili-
tary service.
3. Because an international confer-
ence of medical experts, realizing
that voluntary organization was
necessary as an aid to Governments
in solving the world's health prob-
lems, decided that "no other or-
ganization is so well prepared to
undertake these great responsibil-
ities as the Red Cross," and that
"no movement deserves more the
heartly and enthusiastic support of
all people than does this."

ONTARIO ENROLLMENT, MAY 22-28

Enroll with your local Red Cross Branch or Enrollment Committee,
or, if there is none in your community, with the Ontario Provincial
Division, 410 SHERBOURNE STREET, TORONTO.

**Canadian Red Cross Society
Ontario Division**

FATHER COME HOME.

Father, dear father, come home
with me now, for ma has some carpets
to beat; she's got all the furniture
out in the yard from the front door
clean out to the street. The stove
must come down and be put in the
shed, and the yard must be cleaned of
some grass, for its time to clean
house and the devil's to pay—and the
front window needs some new glass.
Father, dear father, come home
with me now, and bring some bologna
and cheese, it's most twelve o'clock

and there's nothing to eat—I'm so hun-
gry I'm weak at the knees. All the
dinner we'll have will be cold scraps
and such, and we'll have to eat stand-
ing up, too, for the table and all are
out at the back, oh, I wish the house-
cleaning was through.

Father, dear father, come home
with me now, for ma is as mad as a
Turk; she says that you're only a lazy
old thing and that she shall put you
to work. There's painting to do and
the paper to hang and the windows
and casings to scrub; for it's house-
cleaning time and you've got to come
home and revel in suds and cold grub.

Jos. Kunkel

.. Mildmay ..

Agent for the Hoag Oil
Engine, cheapest power
known. Six-horsepower
Engine, can be run for
37 cents per day.

**Cockshutt
Farm Implements**

Litter Carriers, Wooden
Silos, Cutting Boxes,
Windmills, Weigh Scales,
Cream Separators, Bran-
ford Roofing.

Call and get prices be-
fore purchasing elsewhere.

**Oak Leaf
Pure Manitoba
Flour**

**Pride of Ontario
Blended Flour**

Our plant is pronounced
by experts to have no su-
perior in Western Ontario
and will stand behind our
flour. We have a first-
class miller in charge, and
we are now able to guar-
antee a perfect article.
We ask a trial baking, and
you will be convinced.

E. Witter & Co.

GRAY-DORT

The New Model



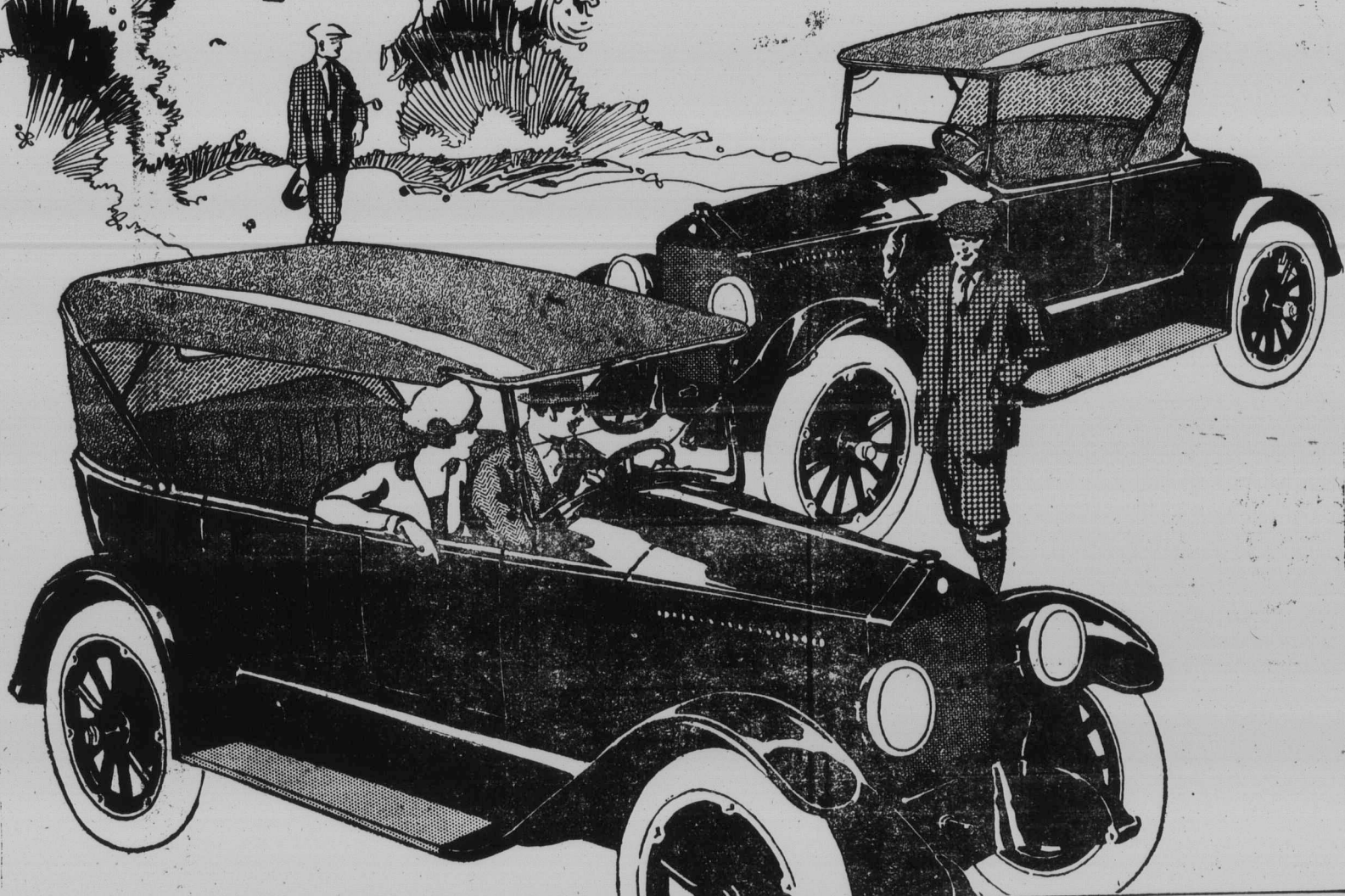
Seldom has a car won such immediate and widespread popularity as the Gray-Dort with its new and wonderfully beautiful bodies.

Everyone who has viewed this body design has spoken of the Gray-Dort as the unquestioned style leader of its field. It has been instantly lifted into the class of cars costing at least \$700 more.

From a value standpoint, the new Gray-Dort has not a rival. It is the motor car sensation of 1921.

The new model is now on view. You are urged to see it at once.

L. PLETSCH & SON
MILDMAY - ONTARIO.



GRAY-DORT MOTORS, LIMITED

Chatham, Ontario

Price Does Not Determine Clothes Economy

Economy in buying clothes does not depend on the price alone—if you figure also

- The length of Service
- The Satisfaction to the wearer

You will find the greatest economy in buying Tailor-made Clothes.

Made by—

T. A. MISSERE, - MILDMAY
TAILOR AND GENT' FURNISHER.

The murder of eleven black men in others to hold negroes in peonage or the most horrible manner by a Georgia planter has brought to notice absolute slavery. Their condition of that there is in some of the Southern servitude has brought upon them States laws enabling planters and misery untold. Yet in face of these

shameless crimes against humanity we have the Hearst journals and the hyphenated press, instead of rising in indignation over the offensive lynchings, shouting themselves hoarse in denunciation of Britain because she is endeavoring in an orderly and constitutional manner to repress the murder and outrage in Ireland. Ireland has no horrors or crimes except those committed by Sinn Feiners that compare with the atrocities of the South.

The heads of all issuers of marriage licenses will drop into the political waste basket one of these days. The operation is quite painless. No more will the jewelers sell the documents that allow parsons to tie a knot that only death or divorce will untie, and sell a wedding ring at the same time. Municipal clerks who are the most poorly paid officials in Canada for the multifarious services they render, are to get one dollar of the five for filling in the state's part of this legal document, the balance going to the government. If a clerk receives over \$2,000 in fees in any year he must hand all over that sum to the municipality.

You can run into debt, but you'll have to creep out.

Rural Service Department



Special attention given to Farmers' problems. Use our Rural Exchange Service. If you have livestock, feed or seed grain to sell, or wish to purchase, list it on our Bulletin Board. Auction Sale Registers furnished free of charge. Have you received one of our Farmer's Account Books? Have you been supplied with a "Breeding and Feeding Chart"? Call in and see us—we are interested in your welfare.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
MILDMAY BRANCH, HANOVER BRANCH, WALKERTON BRANCH.
A. C. WELK, Manager.
H. W. BRITTON, Manager.
W. A. BURROWS, Manager.

COMMODITIES DROP IN PRICE.

Substantial price reductions in sugar, flour and rolled oats are noted in the revised quotations offered the grocery trade this week. Sugar is particularly in the limelight, as it is now 50 cents a hundred cheaper than last week, despite the fact that higher prices were expected by the trade. Dealers are uncertain whether or not the decline to \$10.93 is the beginning of a serious slump. With the advent of dollar whe at, flour has continued to drop in price until it is now sold to the retailers at \$10 and \$9.50 a bag for firsts and seconds respectively. It is expected that this last reduction of

DR. T. A. CARPENTER
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
MILDMAY
Successor to Dr. A. L. Wellman
Special work in Ear, Nose, and Throat
House Surgeon for one year at Toronto General Hospital
Telephone No. 18

Rheumatism
Headache, Sciatica, Neuralgia.

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Have brought good health to half-a-million sufferers.

A healthful, money-saving remedy, well known for fifteen years, prescribed by doctors, sold by druggists, \$1.00 a box. Ask our agents or write for a free trial package. Templetons, 142 King W., Toronto
J. P. PHELAN

Druggist - Mildmay

ELLIOTT Business College

Yonge and Charles Sts., TORONTO, ONT.

Is well known throughout Canada for high grade work.

Accountancy, Stenography Typewriting and general improvement courses; much personal attention given to students; graduates readily obtain employment; open all year. Write to-day for prospectus. Enter any time.

W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX

JEWELLER OPTICIAN Walkerton



When Grandmother Was a Girl

HOOP skirts were worn by those who first asked the druggist for, and insisted on having, the genuine Golden Medical Discovery put up by Dr. Pierce over 50 years ago. Dress has changed very much since then! But Dr. Pierce's medicines contain the same dependable ingredients. They are standard today just as they were fifty years ago and never contained alcohol.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the stomach and blood cannot be surpassed by any tonic and alterative today.

When you feel "all out of sorts"—your vitality at a low ebb—the blood becomes surcharged with poisons! The best tonic is called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Dr. Pierce manufactured this "Discovery" from roots and barks without alcohol—a corrective remedy, the ingredients of which nature put in the fields and forests for keeping us healthy. It puts vim, vigor, vitality into the blood. Try it! All druggists. Send 10c. to Dr. Pierce's Bridgeburg, Ont. Laboratory for trial pkg.

30 cents will have considerable influence in forcing down the price of bread. On account of the mild weather the demand for rolled oats has fallen off and wholesalers have been forced to dispose of their stocks at lower figures. As a rule values in porridge commodity do not drop until the middle of May at the earliest. Oatmeal is now \$3.25 wholesale or 15 cents lower than last quotations.

The Secret of the Old Chateau

By DAVID WHITELAW.

(Copyrighted)

CHAPTER V.—(Cont'd.)

The man of the people did not take his eyes from his tormentor. On the gray face the perspiration stood out in little globules. He struggled with his bonds and made as though to cry out. But the wind took the grasping moan which fluttered from his white lips and sported with it and whirled it out over the fields. Remy drew a pistol from his pocket and cocked it.

He said no more after this, but sat and listened for a gust of wind of sufficient sound to deaden the coming shot. Jacquelin, divining his purpose, listened also. They could hear it away up the road, whistling through the little wood that lay on the hillside. Nearer it came, plowing through the fantastic shapes of the fruit trees and scattering the blossoms like snow. Then it was upon them—passed and went sobbing away over the plains.

The grass at the spot in the orchard where the execution took place grew high, and a heap of straw manure stood near by. As Remy returned to the inn the moon coming from behind a bank of cloud shone on an apple tree, peppered through the trunk from which the branches spread out their twisted arms with hoary with age and patched with gray green lichen. Near the ground there was a darker patch, showing with a sinister significance.

The hostess was in the kitchen when the young man pushed open the door. "Your guest, citizenship, has decided to go on to Lilleburne. The rain has ceased and the bar gone on foot. He wishes you to let the horse rest the night in the stable here and send it on to him in the morning at the 'Wolf'."

Left alone, Remy took out his pistol and on the stock of it he cut a notch, the ninth which showed there; then, taking the bottle and two glasses, went, whistling, up the little staircase to rejoin the Marquis de Dartigny.

The old man was standing at the window, but he faced round when his companion entered.

"What has happened, Remy? It was you, was it not, who went out just now? There were two—only one returned."

Remy Perancourt sat down on the edge of the bed and laughed shortly. "Yes, there were two," he said. "I left the bastian gone on foot in the orchard, Monsieur le Marquis." Remy looked at the nobleman keenly. "Perhaps you do not understand the work you and his followers have undertaken? Six of us there were who met at the perfumier's in the Rue des Canettes—there are four now. The Committee of Public Safety are not the only men in France who prepare lists; there are others whose lists are every bit as fatal. The 'patriot' who lies out there was on mine. I know him at once; Henri Jacquelin is notorious in the Marais section; it was he who sent the Comte de Massarey and his daughter to the guillotine. She was seventeen, monsieur—and as fair as a lily."

A sob came into the young man's voice and he paused a moment; then: "Can you wonder, Monsieur le Marquis that we little band of men kill these republicans when we meet them? All of us have lost relatives or friends; and until we, too, follow them to the scaffold we are sworn to kill. Oh! you have not seen what we have seen—you have not heard the prayers of maidens in the tumbrell! It is not the people—the poor devils who swallow the lies of their leaders and are driven like a pack of silly sheep. They shout through fear of their masters, and believe me I have seen deeds of heroes among the canaille who surround the scaffold—have even seen a man smuggled but from among the condemned. Oh! I am anxious, monsieur, to get back to Paris and to my work. Perhaps my own time is short and there is so much to do first—so much—to do."

The Marquis laid his hand on the young man's shoulder.

"It is not for me to judge your actions, Remy, nor those of Caspard. I can only weep for my poor country. We move in troublous times, without hope, without faith, and I cannot judge things by the old standard. We will go to bed now, Remy; we will start early to-morrow. Sylvia should be at Fecamp by now. God grant they have met with no mishap."

The Marquis de Dartigny slept but little that night. The wind moaned dismally around the eaves of the old buildings and whistled through the orchard. He thought of the man he had seen in the room downstairs, and in his imagination he saw the white face gazing up from the sodden grass, staring with unseeing eyes through the blossoms and leaves of the apple trees.

But Remy de Perancourt had no such morbid fancies. His tale would be good to relate at the next meeting in the Rue des Canettes, and he slept like a child, his hand clasped loosely round the stock of the pistol with the nine notches.

Two days after the happenings at the "Croix d'Argent" a little party could have been seen leaving the back door of the "Tavern de la Lune" at Fecamp. The little Sylvia, barely awake, lay in the arms of the old Marquis. Susan, stolid as ever, carried the rugs and the small chest, which contained a portion of the wealth of the Dartignys, and which

had been safer in Susan's care than that of the men. Remy was there, too, and a small, dark man, with rings in his ears, who led them down the steep path between the rose-covered rocks to the little silver crescent of sand.

By order of the authorities all sailing craft had to be unrigged each night, but here, beneath a rock, a small rowing-boat lay in waiting; the oars had been buried near by in the sand, but now lay ready to hand.

The sea was steel-gray before them, its surface cut up into little waves by the wind, that was blowing from the shore. The eastern sky was aglow with opal and shell-pink. Half a mile from shore and almost hidden in the mists of the morning a chasse marine rode at anchor, her three masts showing faintly.

Remy watched the little party embark, waving to them as, under the strong strokes of the oarsmen, they sped toward the vessel. Then, when the mists had swallowed them up, he turned and set his face toward Paris.

CHAPTER VI.

The Body on the Roof.

"Strange, isn't it, Cantle, that Mr. Hubert hasn't written—this is the 21st?"

The clerk, who stood by Robert Baxenter's desk in the green-curtained private office, gave a little cough behind the sheaf of papers he held in his hand.

"Mr. Hubert, sir, likes to feel free when he goes away—wanderlust, I think, they call it." "Wander—grandmother! I know all about that. But this time I can't understand it at all. That affair of the Mackinnon Trust must be decided this week, and here's a letter from Captain Freemantle, saying he is calling to-day about the mortgage on Priory Manor. To tell the truth, I've never looked closely into that Mackinnon affair, and it's not like Mr. Hubert to leave things to the junior partner in this way. It rather puts me in a hole."

Robert Baxenter paused a moment, his brows puckered in annoyance, then:

"What hotel are you sending his letters to, Cantle?"

"As usual, Mr. Baxenter, the 'Maurice.' If he leaves Paris he always tells the manager where to send on to."

"Then I think it would be as well if you were to send a reply-paid wire to the manager. Just ask if Mr. Hubert arrived on the 15th, as he intended. I don't know what it is, Cantle, but I have the feeling as though something were wrong. Send the wire now, will you? We can go through the letters afterward."

The old clerk placed his sheaf of papers on the edge of the solicitor's desk and went back to the main office.

Edward Cantle had entered the firm of Baxenter in the late sixties and was now as much part and parcel of the establishment as the brass plate on the door, the keeping bright of which had been his early care. Slightly bent and with white hair and small side-whiskers, he looked all of the sixty-one years to which he laid claim.

The principals of the firm had time and time again thought of pensioning off the old fellow, but at the least suggestion of such a calamity the keen brown eyes, which seemed so strangely out of place between the shaggy white brows, would flash in defiance—and so it was more than probable that Edward Cantle would live to his last day among the dusty ledgers and jammed deed-boxes of the solicitor's office.

He took a sheaf of forms from his desk and wrote out the telegram to the hotel in Paris; then, ascertaining from Mr. Robert that there was nothing among the letters to need his immediate attention, he took down his overcoat, then his silk hat, from the peg beside the door, brushed it tenderly upon his sleeve, and passed out into the teeming life of the Strand.

He dispatched the message himself from the office at the top of Arundel street and turned his steps again toward the Baxenter premises.

He had gone but a few steps when he pulled up sharp and turned to a little man who had touched him on the arm. The man was respectfully dressed, and his keen, intelligent face showed signs of nervous excitement and strain.

"Why—Jowett?"

"Oh, Mr. Cantle, I'm so glad I met you. Mr. Baxenter—Mr. Hubert, I mean—he is in—can I see him—has he been here—has—"

Cantle took the man's arm and led him slowly down one of the quiet streets that run steep down to the Embankment.

"Now, Jowett—one question at a time. What is this mystery about Mr. Hubert—what do you know?"

"I only know, Mr. Cantle, that I was to return to meet my master at Mortimer Terrace yesterday. I went there—and again to-day. Perhaps you'll laugh at me, sir, but the house somehow looked—oh, I can't say how—only it looked deadly."

Cantle turned on him sharply. "Don't be a fool, Jowett; how can bricks and mortar look deadly? Come, we won't worry Mr. Robert yet; we'll go to Mortimer Terrace together."

The old man, without waiting for an answer, hailed a cab that was crawling up toward the Strand, and within half an hour they drew up at the residence of Mr. Hubert Baxenter. Truly the house looked strangely desolate, with its shrouded windows and the accumulated litter of bills and circulars on the dusty steps.

There are some who assert that a crime brings in its wake an atmosphere of its own, and that an intan-

gible air of tragedy pervades the scene of murder. If this is so, then No. 9 Mortimer Terrace was curiously beneath some evil influence.

Even old Edward Cantle, prosaic as he was, felt it as he pushed open the little iron gate and made his way up the gravel path. It seemed to him that he stood on the threshold of some mystery and that discoveries and happenings were in the air. He looked at Jowett and saw that the latter's face was chalky and drawn into tense lines around the mouth and eyes.

The old man gave a little cough to steady his voice.

"Have you a key, Jowett?" "No, Mr. Cantle. Mr. Hubert was to have arrived at Charing Cross yesterday morning very early—about five, I think. He would come home here and I was to meet him at nine o'clock."

The old clerk regarded the house intently, rubbing a nervous hand over his shaven chin.

"There is a window, perhaps?"

For answer the valet turned and led the way round to the back of the house, opening a little winding path half hidden by evergreens. He stopped at a square window which gave light to the kitchen—a room which, although scarcely a basement, had its floor a foot or so beneath the level of the garden.

Jowett gave a look at his companion and began to work at the hasp with a penknife. In a few minutes the hasp was raised and the two men stood together upon the floor of the little scullery which adjoined the kitchen.

If an air of horror had been manifest on the outside of the house, it was more apparent still in the musty interior. For some reason which he would have found difficulty in explaining, Edward Cantle walked on tip-toe, crossing to where the stairs showed dimly.

It was deadly silent, and as the men entered the dining room the scene of desolation and stillness was marked indeed. All was as it had been left a week ago. The cards lay scattered over the table, and a few had fallen on the carpet; the chairs seemed as though they might have just been pushed back when the players had risen from their game. The clock on the mantelpiece had stopped at twenty minutes to ten, and the air was foul with the stale odor of spirits and tobacco smoke. Over everything was a thin layer of dust.

(To be continued.)

Ruins of Babylon.

The ruins of Babylon are the dearest of all dead things in the wastes of Mesopotamia. They are located about 100 miles south of Bagdad, and scattered over a wide stretch of territory. Incidentally, it might be remarked that German archaeologists were the last excavators here. They came with a force of about 200 workmen—engaged for several years—who remained until the summer of 1914, when apparently they went on strike and never returned.

The greater part of the city which has recently been brought to light belongs to the comparatively modern period of Nebuchadnezzar, about 600 B.C. But traces of the first Babylonian kings (2500 B.C.) are left in the ruins, and successive strata reveal the streets and houses built by succeeding dynasties of the Assyrian, Neo-Babylonian, Persian and Graeco-Parthian periods. Also there are relics to prove a prehistoric Babylon, but, as in the case of Nineveh, it is impossible to carry the excavations deep enough, owing to the rise of the water level.

The city, when built by Nebuchadnezzar, formed one of the greatest and most magnificent of the world has ever seen. Ancient historians can find no words to describe the grandeur of the palaces, the splendid edifices, large gardens and pleasure grounds, especially the hanging gardens, a sort of lofty terraced structure supporting earth enough to grow trees.

Earliest Almanacs.

One of the earliest almanacs was the clog almanac, in use both in England and Denmark. This almanac was a square stick or box eight inches long and made either to be hung in the parlor or to be used as a cane.

Each corner and side represented three months. The holidays were marked with symbols of the saint or occasion which they were designated to celebrate. Christmas was indicated with a horn, and November 23 was pictured as a pot of ale because that day was St. Clement's Day, on which custom decreed that the poor should go about begging for ale to make merry with.

The first written calendars were made by the Greeks of Alexandria in 150 A.D. Perhaps the oldest almanacs known are those of Solomon Jarchus, published in 1150. A manuscript copy of the almanac of Petrus de Dacia, published in 1300, is preserved at Oxford. Almanacs became prevalent during the fifteenth century.

The first almanac to be printed in Europe was the *Kalendarium Novum*, the author being Rigomontanus. The almanac was issued three years, 1475, 1494 and 1513; was sold for ten crowns gold, and circulated throughout Hungary, Germany, Italy, France and England.

England's first calendar was the *Shepherd's Calendar*, which, translated from the French, was printed in 1497. Each month started with an appropriate poem.

Brazil is to have an irrigation reservoir 100 miles long with an average width of between five and six miles.

For the first time in history, not a single gold coin was struck at the French Mint in 1920.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.



Woman's Interests

Each "Safety First" To Save the Children.

For several years past, the subject of health has been treated more and more extensively in our public schools. There have been daily health talks, understood by large and small pupils alike; and the importance of fresh air, pure water, wholesome food, and cleanliness of person has been thoroughly drilled into thousands of children. In a few instances, health charts are provided for each child, and on these, by means of colored squares, he can keep a record of the accomplishment of numerous and necessary "health chores" essential to good health.

Healthy children mean strong, healthy men and women. Any time spent in imparting health knowledge to our boys and girls is time well spent. No teacher is properly fulfilling her duties toward the little folks placed in her charge, unless she is doing all in her power to make them healthy individuals. A knowledge of the principles of right living and the ability to impart to children such knowledge should be as essential a qualification for the position of teacher, as a knowledge of the time-honored "reading, 'riting and 'rithmetic."

But all the health instruction in the world amounts to little in the case of the child who thoughtlessly runs into the road in front of a speeding automobile. If health talks are important, talks on safety are equally so.

Automobile accidents are all too frequent. The news item, "child run down and killed by an automobile," might almost be stereotyped, so frequently do we see it in our daily papers. Cities are supposed to take the big toll of young lives through automobile accidents; yet the country is far from immune from the perils of the "death car."

A child who has been reared in the city is accustomed to dodging the cars and automobiles with which the streets are flooded. The country child, on the other hand, accustomed as he is to quiet, open spaces, easily forgets that there are perils in the road, and carelessly darts back and forth, without thinking to look up and down the road first. Without the city child's sixth sense of avoiding impending danger, the country child is more than likely to step out of the path of one car directly into the path of a car coming from the opposite direction.

Again, city children have only crossings to negotiate safely; country children must walk sometimes for miles along roads which boast of not so much as a footpath. In any crowd of boys there is sure to be some bully who thinks it a great joke to push a smaller youngster into the road just when a car is approaching, and dangerous results sometimes ensue.

A not infrequent form of accident is due to the habit of "catching a ride" or "hopping a wagon." A depression in the road, or the sudden starting of the vehicle, is responsible for loss of balance, which may or may not be attended with serious results.

Children are not given to considering danger of their own free will. The possibility of danger must be impressed upon them by some older individual. Obviously, the parents should teach children that it is dangerous to "hop rides," to play in the road, or to jostle little fellows into the pathway of oncoming cars. All parents should talk "safety first" to their children. Some do talk it, but many seem to think that the children can look out for themselves. Such being the case, it falls upon the teacher in the community to impart such instruction and issue such words of caution as are necessary to safeguard the lives of their pupils.

Automobiles alone are not responsible for the preventable accidents which cripple and maim and kill so many promising boys and girls each year. Guns reap an annual harvest of young lives. Thin ice claims its victims during the winter, and in summer overturned boats take their toll. The practice of running with open knives has accounted for many serious injuries; so, also, has fooling with powder and dynamite found lying on the ground or hidden in some cache where there has been blasting.

The lectures need not be given every day. Interspersed with health talks, one a week would be sufficient. But they should not be omitted. Carelessness breeds accidents. If children are impressed with the necessity of being careful, of looking before they leap, of not taking chances because they are dared, though there will still be occasional accidents, the number of fatalities from unnatural causes will be greatly diminished.

Ugh!—Flies!

Don't have them! Keep your kitchen in spotless condition. Keep the garbage well covered. Don't allow food to lie around. See that your screens are in good shape. If you've an open fireplace see that the chimney is screened.

Kerosene in drains will prevent fly eggs from hatching.

A strong solution of washing soda in boiling water, if poured down the sink at night, will keep it clean and pure.

You can disinfect drains—and should, regularly—with a solution of two ounces of chloride of lime to a gallon of water. And chloride of lime should be frequently shaken in the bathroom and first-floor toilet.

A dish of cream into which ground black pepper and sugar have been shaken will kill flies and have none of the danger of the usual poison solutions.

The Backyard Ship.

The Backyard Ship has goodly masts. It's doubtless a clipper. And every week it braves the blasts With Mandy Jane for skipper.

With churning suds upon its trail 'Tis always booked for Monday; It spreads much canvas to the gale, Enough to drive to Fundy.

Yet while it starts its countless trips As every boat should hanker, More prudent than the other ships, It never weighs its anchor.

Tested Recipes.

Popcorn and Nut Crisp—1 cup sugar, 1-3 cup corn syrup, ½ cup water, ¼ cup dark molasses, 2 teaspoons butter, 3 quarts popcorn, ¼ teaspoon salt, 1 cup shelled peanuts. Cook the sugar, corn syrup, and water until it forms a soft ball when dropped in cold water. Then add the butter and salt, stirring constantly. When the mixture becomes very brittle in cold water, pour it over the popped corn and peanuts, stirring constantly, so all the corn and nuts will be coated. Spread out on a buttered platter, so it can be broken apart when cool.

Tapioa Ice—1 cup instant tapioca, 2 cups cold water, 1 cup honey, 1 egg white, 2 cups shredded pineapple. Cook tapioca five minutes in cold water; then add honey, and cook in a double boiler until it thickens. Pour over the pineapple and stir well, adding the white of an egg, beaten stiffly. Pour into dessert glasses, and serve very cold.

Cookies Disguised—1 bar sweet chocolate (¾ lb.), ½ cup milk, 4 cups chocolate crumbs. Cut the chocolate into small pieces, add milk, and melt over the flame. When melted, let it stand until cool. Break any kind of cookies into small pieces, and pour over them the chocolate and milk mixture. Place in the refrigerator or any cool place, and let stand an hour or several hours. Serve as a pudding with plain or whipping cream. Vanilla wafers used in this way are delicious.

Honey Popcorn Balls—2 cups strained honey, 6 cups popped corn. Boil the honey until it becomes very thick;

Used Autos

BRAKES—WELLS THEM; USED Cars of all types; all cars sold subject to delivery up to 100 miles, or less run of same distance if you wish. In all good order as purchased, or purchase price refunded. BRING mechanic of your own choice to look them over, or ask us to take any car to city representative for inspection. Very large stock always on hand. Brenke's Used Car Market 403 Yonge Street. Toronto

stir in the freshly popped corn, and mold into balls when cold.

Meringue—2 egg whites, 4 table-spoons sugar. Beat whites until stiff; add sugar. Pile roughly on top of the tapioca pudding, and brown in a very slow oven.

Uncooked Fruit Cake—½ pound nuts, ½ pound dates, ½ pound figs, ½ pound raisins, ½ cup shredded coconut, ¼ pound citron, 4 table-spoons lemon juice, grated rind of one lemon. Put the nuts, dates, figs, and raisins through the food chopper. Add the grated rind of the lemon. Then add the lemon juice, and blend with a wooden spoon. Pack closely into an oiled tin, alternating layers of the fruit and nuts with the coconut and citron, which is cut in long strings. Press down closely, weigh, and leave at least twenty-four hours. Keep in a closed cake box, and slice as needed.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds, etc.

A leading New York shop has installed an ingenious X-ray outfit which permits its customers to see how their feet fit any pair of shoes.

Geese's eggs are stated to be the best, from the point of view of nourishment. Hen's eggs come fourth on the list.

The bronze propeller screws first fitted to the Mauretania wore out, through the action of salt water, in three months.

COARSE SALT LAND SALT

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G. J. CLIFF - TORONTO

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Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fancy Goods, Cut Glass, Earthenware, Fancy China, Toys, Sporting Goods, Smallwares, Hardware Specialties, Druggists Sundries.
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Send for Book of Recipes, FREE!

It is the children who tax the Crown Brand factory to its capacity. There is some vital need of children that it satisfies better than anything else. That is why it does them so much good—whether used as a spread, as a table syrup, in baking, cooking or candy-making.

THE CANADA STARCH CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL

Crown Brand Syrup

"The Great Sweetener"

S. O. S.

Help Save the Home!

To Principals and Teachers,
Scholars and Parents:—

We will send "Home Inspection Blanks" to the teaching staff throughout Ontario for distribution among their pupils.

As patriotic Canadians your sympathetic co-operation is sought in the important work of conserving the lives and property of our people from destruction by fire.

The inspection is planned to take place throughout the Province during the week of May 2nd. The primary object of this inspection is to draw attention to hazardous conditions in the homes and have the fire menace removed or corrected by the house-holders.

The housing problem makes the protection of dwellings of paramount importance.

CLEAN UP

Prevent fires by removing the cause.

Information and text-books, "Conservation of Life and Property from Fire," "Lightning, Its Origin and Control," free on request.

ONTARIO FIRE PREVENTION LEAGUE, INC.

In Affiliation with Ontario Fire Marshal's Office
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We carry a full line of used parts for all makes of cars, cleaned and free from grease and dirt. Magneto's, gears, springs, complete engines, tires, etc. Highest prices paid for old cars. Write wire or phone.

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HOW RHEUMATISM CAN BE OVERCOME

Not by Rubbing, But by Enriching the Blood.

Rheumatism is a disorder of the blood. It attacks people when the blood is overcharged with acid and impurities, thus setting up inflammation in the muscles and joints. Wet weather or cold weather may start the tortures of rheumatism, but it is not the cause. The cause is in the blood. Victims of this malady have every reason to fear the first dull ache in the limbs and joints, followed by sharp pains through the flesh and muscles; these are the symptoms of poison in the blood, which will shortly leave the victim pain-racked and helpless. Liniments, hot applications and rubbing may give temporary ease, but cannot possibly root the trouble out of the system. That can only be done by enriching the blood. This new blood drives out the poisonous impurities, and the rheumatism disappears. If you are a sufferer from this painful malady, begin the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and see how soon the pains and stiffness of the joints fade away. Among those who have benefited by the use of these pills is Mr. Freeman Irving, Baxter Harbor, N.S., who says: "Some time ago my blood was in a terrible condition, leaving me very much run down, and with boils breaking out on my body. To add to my misery rheumatism set in, and I not only suffered greatly from the pain, but could only get around with the greatest difficulty. After trying several medicines without much success, I decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, as they had been warmly recommended to me. I think I used nine boxes altogether, but the results met my every expectation, as both the boils and the rheumatism disappeared. Naturally I feel that I cannot praise the pills too highly."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

As Viewed From the Air.

Female passenger in aeroplane some thousands of feet up—excitedly—"Please, oh, please, won't you go down? I've just dropped my pearl cuff-button!"

"Calm yourself, madam—that's not your cuff-button, that's Lake Erie."

Canada has the only two coal regions on the seacoast of North America, and controls one-fifth of the world's coal resources.

Surnames and Their Origin

CLAY
Variations—Clayer, Claire, Cleyere, Marler.
Racial Origin—English.
Source—An occupation or locality.

We are inclined to suspect that names like this are not what they seem, particularly when we remember that such a name as Hay has nothing whatever to do with our word "hay."

In this case, however, the suspicion proves unfounded, for the family name of clay, famous in American history of statesmanship, is in fact the same as our word clay.

Clay was to the farmer of the middle ages in England what nitrates are to the modern farmer. That is to say, it was most important as a fertilizer, and the people who owned clay deposits or traded in the commodity were almost certain to be persons of great importance in their communities, not to say of wealth.

Not all who bear the name, however, are necessarily descended from clay owners or traders, though it is fair to assume that the majority are, for the name was often descriptive of the locality in which the bearer resided, as well as his occupation. In one of the old records an "Alice in le Clay" is referred to. A more usual form was "de la Cley." Of course the form "le Cleyere" nearly always represented the occupation.

"Marle" was another name for clay. It is more common in the term "marling," which means mixing clay with the soil. Hence the family name Marler, which, however, is not very common to-day.

The Care of Leather.

The proper drying of boots and shoes after they have become soaking wet has much to do with their lasting qualities. The use of the proper kind of oil or grease will greatly increase the wear of shoe leather.

When leather is wet, it is soft and therefore readily stretches out of shape. The stitches cut through the wet leather easily and wet soles and heels wear away rapidly.

Great care must be taken in drying wet boots and shoes, for they often burn before it seems possible; moreover, if dried too fast, the leather becomes hard and the boots shrink out of shape. To dry wet boots properly, first wash off all mud or grit with tepid water, and, if they are heavy work boots, oil or grease them at once. Straighten the corners, toes and uppers to the proper shape, and stuff the toes with crumpled paper, to hold the boots in shape while drying. Set the shoes in a place where they will dry slowly; wet leather burns very easily, and if it is placed where it is hotter than the hand can bear, it is almost sure to burn. The shoes should not be worn until thoroughly dry.

Before oiling or greasing boots, brush them well, warm them carefully, apply warm oil or grease, and rub in with the palm of the hand. Work the grease well in where the sole joins the upper and along the edges of the sole.

Neat's-foot, cod and castor oils and tallow and wool grease, or mixtures of them, are the best. Castor oil is the most satisfactory oil for use on polished shoes. If applied lightly, the shoes may be polished at once, if necessary, but it is better to wait a few hours.

A good mixture for waterproofing leather is: neutral wool grease, 8 ounces; dark petrolatum, 4 ounces; paraffin wax, 4 ounces. This should be heated, thoroughly mixed, and allowed to cool. Before using, it should be warmed to blood heat. Care must be taken when warming that it does not catch fire.

My Prayer.

O God, my God, where'er Thou art, Keep my beloved in Thy Heart; Fold in Thy Heart that heart so bright, Heal him with Thy most gentle light, And since Thou mad'st forgetfulness, Forget what'er Thou find'st amiss; And since Thou mad'st remembering, Remember every lovely thing, And then, my God, lean down and see, And, pitying, remember me.

Canada has 300,000,000 acres of agricultural lands, only one-sixth under crop.

Canada has 1,000,000 choice farms awaiting settlers.

Blood Money.

The Soviet Government offered recently a reward of twenty million roubles (about \$10,000,000) for the capture of Osip Listny.

The gentleman with the strange name was formerly head of the Soviet district of Tzaritsin, but, getting weary of Leninism, decided to strike out on his own. He therefore collected a band of Kalmuk brigands, and started a career of plunder and slaughter.

By thus infringing on the privileges of the Red Government, he earned the distinction of having set upon his head the highest price ever yet set on a human being.

Next in point of value comes the \$150,000 which the English Government of the time offered for the capture of the Young Pretender, in 1745. Since money was then worth at least three times its present value, the reward (which was never claimed) was a very respectable fortune.

To come down to more modern times, the biggest sum in blood-money offered previous to the Great War was that set on the head of the ex-Shah of Persia, in 1911.

The ex-Shah organized an army on a great scale, and swept down from Astrabad to Teheran. Having but a paltry two thousand troops with which to defend themselves, the Persian Parliament offered a sum of \$82,500 for the leader of the rebel army either dead or alive.

Musolino, the celebrated Italian brigand, comes fourth on the list. There was a sort of grand opera flavor about this gentleman, who for a long time terrorized a large district of Sicily, and in his leisure time composed ballads which his followers sang.

The Italian Government, having made vain attempts to capture him, offered a reward of \$6,000 for his body. This sum proving insufficient, the prize was gradually raised until at last it amounted to no less than \$40,000.

Power Progress in Canada.

While the increase in power development in Canada in 1920 was substantial, in many portions of the Dominion new installations and development have not yet caught up with the ever-increasing demand for hydro-electric energy. Increase in power development naturally accompanies expansion of industries. The pulp and paper industry has undoubtedly attracted the greatest attention during the past year, but a large number of smaller industries and the ever-increasing uses of electricity for power and domestic purposes, both in urban and rural communities, are important factors in the increasing power demand.

While the total water-power installation of the Dominion at the commencement of 1920 was some 2,500,000 h.p., the ultimate capacity of undertakings, either completed during the past year or under actual construction, will increase this total by some \$40,000 h.p. This figure includes the 500,000 h.p. Chippawa development of the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission. Additional projects aggregating some 360,000 h.p. are also under consideration.

The Province of Ontario leads with some 650,000 h.p. in undertakings, which are either under construction or completed; Quebec shows 140,000 h.p.; the Maritime Provinces, 30,000 h.p.; Manitoba, 20,000 h.p.

Undertakings which are projected for the near future aggregate some 200,000 h.p. in Quebec; 15,000 h.p. in Ontario and 20,000 h.p. in the Maritime Provinces, while one project alone in British Columbia involves some 125,000 h.p.

A SPLENDID MEDICINE FOR THE CHILDREN
Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can give her little ones. They are a mild laxative which quickly regulate the bowels and stomach and are guaranteed to be entirely free from any injurious drugs. Concerning them Mrs. A. D. West, Loreburn, Sask., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets have given me more satisfaction than anything else I have ever given my children. They are easily taken; always work well and though I have given quite a few to my baby they seem to work as well now as at first, which is something other laxatives seldom do." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Car in Which the Armistice Signed to be Memorial.

War gave a new romance to things of everyday. Barbed wire, motor trucks and apple jam all became symbols of Mars. Now a railway car, the saloon carriage in which Marshal Foch signed the armistice with the German plenipotentiaries on November 11, 1918, is to be preserved as a war memorial, says a despatch from Paris. President Millerand recently used the famous carriage on his visit to Verdun, and it is now to be placed on the terrace of the Hotel des Invalides, where it will be available for inspection by all visitors to the tomb of Napoleon and the Chelsea Hospital.

Gerald Dickens, grandson of the great novelist, is a captain in the British navy.

The solution of all our difficulties is summed up in the one word Endeavor. While a man is striving he is always winning, in the moral sense, and while he is winning in that sense he cannot be reckoned a failure.

AUTO REPAIR PARTS
For most makes and models of cars. Your old, broken or worn-out parts replaced. Write or wire us describing what you want. We carry the largest and most complete stock in Canada of slightly used or new parts and automobile equipment. We ship C.O.D. anywhere in Canada. Satisfaction or refund in full our motto. **Auto Salvage Part Supply, 1931 Dundas St., Toronto, Ont.**



Strategy.
"You seem fond of the druggist's little boy."
"Yes, he kin git all the pills he wants for our atrguns."

Clever Baby.
Mother—"Bobbie, your Aunt Edith has got a new baby boy. I shall be his aunt, Daddy his uncle, and you will be his little cousin."
Bobbie—"My word, mother, hasn't he been quick in deciding who's to be which?"

What Pa Said.
"So you have twins at your house, Johnnie?"
"Yes'm, two of 'em."
"What have you named them?"
"Thunder and Lightning. That's what pa said when they came to the house."

The Regimental Lyre.
A number of stars on the cuff of a soldier aroused the fair visitor's curiosity.
"He's the battalion astronomer," explained her escort, gravely. "Most useful man. Guides us home by the stars when we've lost our way on night manoeuvres."
"How interesting," said the maiden. Then, noting his bandman's badge, the representation of an ancient stringed instrument, she exclaimed, slyly: "I suppose that thing on your arm means that you're the regimental lyre?"

Touch the Bell.
The latest story of J. D. Rockefeller, the millionaire oil king, illustrates one of his mottoes, "Never do any unimportant work for yourself which others, whose time is less valuable, can do."

One day his secretary was reading to him an important letter which called for an interest calculation. Instinctively the secretary began a rapid calculation, but the proof came without delay. "Mr. Rogers," said the millionaire, "you have clerks to figure interest. Touch your bell."

The Miner's Joke.
A party of professors undertook to penetrate into the depths of a Cornish mine. The lowering apparatus was the primitive rope and bucket. When they had finished their explorations they were hauled up in the bucket two at a time. As the last was slowly ascending, with a miner as a fellow passenger, he perceived unmistakable symptoms of frailty in the rope. "How often do you change your ropes, my good man?" he inquired, when about half way from the bottom of the awful abyss. "Every three months, sir," replied the man in the bucket; "and we shall change this one to-morrow if we get up safe."

His First Chance.
"What do you men know of women's work?" fiercely queried the lady orator.
"Is there a man here," she continued, folding her arms, "who has, day after day, got up in the morning, gone quietly downstairs, made the fire, cooked his own breakfast, sewed the missing buttons on the children's clothes, cleaned the pots and kettles, and swept the kitchen? If there is such a man in the audience let him rise up. I should like to see him."
In the rear of the hall a mild-looking man in spectacles timidly arose.
He was the husband of the eloquent speaker.

Where the Queen Lives.
If I were a member of the Royal Family, says a London writer—and, for my peace, I am glad that I am not—I should keep a notebook and jot down all the humorous remarks that were made to me. As it is, most of these remarks are lost, and the few that are not have to be captured by attentive reporters and journalists. I was not present myself when the Queen visited a certain school in an industrial centre the other day, but I thank the brother-journalist who was on the spot and who preserved in his notebook this fragment.

"Where do you live?" the Queen asked a little girl.
"In Fuller's Rents," replied the child.
"And where do you live?"
The Queen laughed and replied: "Oh, not far from Victoria Station—you must come and see me with your mother some day."
I wonder whether the invitation will be accepted? Queen Mary's modest description of where she lived struck a contrary note to the description given by an ex-duke, who said he was always to be found at the Savoy Hotel. He spent his days—on the curb outside!

MONEY ORDERS.
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

Wisp of Wisdom.
Look ahead or you won't get ahead. Those who have no taste for discipline, sacrifice, or service had better remain single.

The best time to hold on is when you reach the point where the average fellow would fall off.
Don't depend on others, or by and by you won't be able to depend on yourself—nor will anyone else.
Cheerfulness is the rubber tyre of life's vehicle. It helps us to pass over many bumps and rough places.
It may be true that the willing horse gets the heaviest load. But once in a while he also gets the most oats.
Your employer may determine your salary, but you yourself determine your worth. To get more, make yourself worth more.

There is nothing as elastic as the human mind. Like imprisoned steam, the more it is pressed the more it rises to resist the pressure. The more we are obliged to do, the more we are able to accomplish.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Distemper
New Record for English Marriages.
The year 1920 broke all records for marriages in this country, says a London despatch. For the three years preceding the war the annual average number of marriages in England and Wales was only 280,000. In 1920 almost 400,000 marriages took place.

Prior to this the 300,000 mark had been passed only twice. The first time was in 1915, when the cry "Single Men First" set the wedding bells ringing, and in 1919, when marriages which had been delayed by the war took place.

The 1920 boom is attributed to the after effects of the immediate wave of prosperity following the war. The official returns for the last few months, however, show that marriages have fallen off again.

ASPIRIN
Only "Bayer" is Genuine

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and Pain. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic-acid ester of Salicylic acid.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

Quebec Supplies World With Asbestos.

Asbestos is one of the better known of Canada's non-metallic minerals. It is useful as an insulating material and enters into the production of many every-day appliances. It is found chiefly in the Eastern Townships of Quebec, the deposits there being the chief source of the world's supply. Asbestos is a fine, flexible fibre, of silky appearance. It occurs in the fissures of the serpentine rock, which in this area is of a dark green or brownish color, so badly shattered that it is almost impossible to secure a block of the stone six feet long. Veins of asbestos, sometimes from four to five inches in thickness, are found with the fibres at right angles to the walls of veins.

Properly speaking, asbestos is not mined, but is recovered by the open-pit method from quarries, similar to stone quarrying. The over-burden is removed by steam-shovels.

Owing to its non-conducting properties and to the fact that it is resistant to common acids, asbestos has many and varied uses. It is largely used as insulation for heating plants and of refrigeration installations. Asbestos enters largely into the manufacture of electrical equipment, such as electric irons, toasters, fuse boxes, switchboards, etc. Other purposes for which it is used are as wall-board, sheathing under shingles for fire prevention, as gas logs in fire-places, as filaments for kerosene and gas mantels; and as table mats and utensil holders.

The motor car industry has become a large consumer of asbestos, for insulation purposes and for brake linings, etc.

Owing to the facility with which asbestos fibre can be spun and woven, considerable use is made of it for filtering purposes in laboratories. Its resistance to the common acids renders it of special value for this purpose.

The production of asbestos in the province of Quebec in 1920 amounted to 177,605 tons, of a value of \$14,674,372. By far the greater proportion of this is exported, mostly to the United States.

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Classified Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED.

N EAT APPEARING LADY TO ACT as our representative introducing useful line of fast selling articles. Write, Anderson Manufacturing Company, London, Ontario.

AGENTS WANTED: BLISS NERVE Herbs is a remedy for the relief of Constipation, Indigestion, Bilelessness, Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles, It is well-known, having been extensively advertised, since it was first manufactured in 1858, by distribution of large quantities of Almanacs, Cook Books, Health Books, etc., which are furnished to agents free of charge. The remedies are sold at a price that allows agents to double their money. Write Alonzo O. Bliss Medical Co., 121 St. Paul St. East, Montreal. Mention this paper.

History-Making Songs.

Most historians have ignored the fact that songs have in many cases inspired the emotional forces that have shaped great events.

Christianity entered Britain accompanied by the strains of the Angles' chanted; the Marseillaise played an important part in the French Revolution, as did Luther's hymn in the times of the Reformation.

The famous Cavalier Song, "The King Shall Enjoy His Own," helped the Restoration; while it was a statesman's boasts that James II. was driven from his throne by a few verses set to music by Henry Purcell.

"God Save the King" has helped to make much of our history, while the threatened invasion of Napoleon was largely brought home to England by "Rule Britannia"; and did not "It's a Long Way to Tipperary" help us to beat the Germans?

The giant hydro-airplane of Gianni Caproni, with which he hoped to cross the Atlantic, has been burned.

For years I have never considered my stock of household remedies complete unless a bottle of Minard's Liniment was included. For burns, bruises, sprains, frostbites or chilblains it excels, and I know of no better remedy for a severe cold in the head, or that will give more immediate relief, than to inhale from the bottle through the nasal organ.

And as to my supply of veterinary remedies it is essential, as it has in very many instances proven its value. A recent experience in reclaiming what was supposed to be a lost section of a valuable cow's udder has again demonstrated its great worth and prompts me to recommend it in the highest terms to all who have a herd of cows, large or small. I think I am safe in saying among all the patent medicines there is none that covers as large a field of usefulness as does Minard's Liniment. A real truisim good for man or beast.

CHAS. K. ROBBINS, Chebourg Point, N.S.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies
Book on **DOG DISEASES** and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author, Dr. J. C. Gray, 118 West 51st Street, New York, U.S.A.

CORNS
Lift Right Off Without Pain

Magic! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Doesn't hurt a bit.

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses.

Luxuriant Hair Promoted By Cuticura
Cuticura kills dandruff, stops itching, the cause of dry, thin and falling hair. Treatment: Gently rub Cuticura Ointment with the end of the finger, on spots of dandruff and itching. Follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. Repeat in two weeks. Nothing better than these fragrant, super-creamy emollients for all skin and scalp troubles.

OLD STANDBY, FOR ACHES AND PAINS
Any man or woman who keeps Sloan's handy will tell you that same thing
ESPECIALLY those frequently attacked by rheumatic twinges, A counter-irritant, Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and penetrates without rubbing to the affected part, soon relieving the ache and pain. Kept handy and used everywhere for reducing and finally eliminating the pains and aches of lumbago, neuralgia, muscle strain, joint stiffness, sprains, bruises, and the results of exposure. You just know from its stimulating, healthy odor that it will do you good! Sloan's Liniment is sold by all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's Liniment
Pain-eremedy

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and Pain. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic-acid ester of Salicylic acid.

Sloan's Liniment
Pain-eremedy

There's More Than Flavor

Many foods, while pleasing to taste, contain but little nourishment.

Grape-Nuts

combines with its rich, sweet flavor the full nutriment of wheat and malted barley which makes it an ideal food.

It has been the favorite ready-to-eat cereal for a quarter of a century.

"There's a Reason"

WE HAVE A
50c BULK TEA
THAT'S A WINNER

For some time we have been on a still hunt for a really good Tea to sell at this price. We have had samples submitted by a dozen or so of the best Tea houses, and at last we think we have succeeded in procuring a Tea that comes up to our high standard.

It is a better Tea than you would expect to get at this price

It has the pungency. And the flavor.

And taken altogether it is just as good a Tea as you ordinarily get for 60c.

We have had this Tea tested by people who are supposed to be tea particular, and they all like it.

They like it not because it is cheap—but because it IS what it IS.

We request a trial—that is all. The brewed beverage will do the rest.

Star Blend Tea, Green or Mixed, 50 cents a pound.

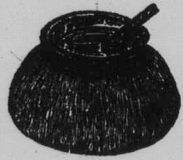
At the Sign of the Star

The Store of Quality

J. N. Schefter



House-
Cleaning



HELP

PAINTS AND OILS.

We sell the Sherwin Williams and Martin Senour Paints. A Paint and Varnish for every purpose.

JAPALAC.

Household Finishers. Many Kinds. Many Uses... Many Colors. Wears like iron. In 1/4, 1/2, 1 pint and quart sizes.

JOHNSTON'S FLOOR WAX - McNEIL'S LIQUID WAX. For renewing Furniture, Floors, Etc.

FLOOR AND LINOLEUM VARNISHES.

Mar-Not Florette Varnoleum. Will stand the tests of heat and water.

ALABASTINE—All shades, in 2 1/2 and 5 lb. packages.

SCREEN DOORS and WINDOWS.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES, PAINT BRUSHES, CARPET SWEEPERS, CARPET WHIPS, O'CEDAR MOPS, O'CEDAR OIL, STEP LADDERS, WYANDOTTE CLEANERS, ETC.

WASHING MACHINES.

Will lessen the housecleaning. We are offering the Red Star and Gold Medal at reduced prices.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

Less Troublesome
Adjustments

As a rule the adjustment you get on a defective tire, doesn't quite satisfy you. Mainly, we suppose, because we are all human and want a little more than we are entitled to.

But even our most private opinions on the fairness of an adjustment, can find no fault with the method of settling claims on Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes."

You are always right with ourselves and the manufacturer. We personally look after your interests. There is no needless red-tape, delay or argument in fixing our measure of responsibility and your compensation. Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" are guaranteed against any defect in material or workmanship without time or mileage limit. They are adjusted on that basis without quibble or evasion.

Come to us for

AMES HOLDEN
"AUTO-SHOES"

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

Phone 12

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LIVE STOCK MARKETS
TORONTO

Although the number of cattle on sale was less than a week ago, trade opened very slow. Choice heavy steers were a shade easier, and butchers' cows were the strongest class. The best price for choice butchers' steers was \$10.10 per cwt. paid for 6 head. There was a good demand for choice feeders of the right kind, these being bought to go back to the farm.

Calves were a brisk sale at prices steady to a shade stronger for good to choice. The general quality showed improvement over offerings earlier in the season, and packers were taking lots of calves from medium to best quality to kill for export to the United States before the tariff goes up.

Lambs of last year were a slow sale with prices about steady, while new crop lambs were easier as a result of the surplus of lightweights. Sheep were a shade easier, especially the heavy fat kind.

Hogs sold at from \$10.75 to \$11.00 f.o.b., and \$11.75 to \$12 per cwt, fed and watered. Packers offered \$10.25 per cwt. f.o.b. for Tuesday's loading and the general feeling was lower.

Receipts to-day were 3,600 cattle, 727 calves, 1,957 hogs and 867 sheep and lambs.

MOLTKE.

(Intended for last week.

Mr. Henry Demmerling of Clifford spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. H. Binkle.

Miss Laura Hill of Buffalo is visiting friends around here at present.

Charles Baetz of Warton is assisting Albert Baetz with the seeding.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Dahms are visiting the former's mother.

Mrs. Andrew Wepler and daughter Emma of Drew spent a few days last week with Mrs. J. Weigel.

Mr. Marshall and family of Brent spent Sunday with Mr. Chas. Weber. Rev. Brackebush of the United States is visiting his brother, Rev. G. Brackebush, here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Nicolai spent Sunday at C. Baetz's.

REPORT OF S. S. NO. 7. CARRICK.

Pupils examined in Literature, Arithmetic, Geography, Spelling.

Sr. IV.—Dorothy Siegner 78; Della Kutz 37.

Sr. III.—Rudolph Seigner 69; Norman Dahms 53; Elden Koenig 52.

Jr. III.—Eleanor Hohnstein 74; Emma Dahms 62; Manuel Dahms 35.

Sr. II.—Amelia Hohnstein 75; Margery Perschbacher 72; Adeline Koenig and Edgar Dahms (equal) 65; Marie Hohnstein 55; Edna Rehkopf 47; Leonard Hohnstein 38.

Jr. II.—Beatrice Ha-per 60. Examined in Spelling and Arithmetic.

Sr. I.—Otto Debas 38; Edward Kutz 71; Rudolph Kutz 68; Mirinda Perschbacher 60.

Jr. I.—Wellington Dahms 91.

Sr. Primer—Lloyd Harper 83; Milton Koenig 82; Nicholas Hohnstein 81; Eileen Taylor 33.

Jr. Primer—Myrtle Perschbacher, Melinda Dahms, Nelson Kutz, Norma Skilling, Teacher.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Michael Perschbacher, late of the Township of Carrick, in the County of Bruce, farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 121, and amendments that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Michael Perschbacher, who died on or about the 1st day of March, A. D., 1921, are required on or before the 15th day of May A. D. 1921, to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to Wm. Perschbacher, Carlsruhe, P. O., one of the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts and the nature of securities (if any) held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after such last mentioned date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

DATED the 20th day of April, A. D., 1921.

William Perschbacher
Samuel Perschbacher, Executors

S. SIDERSON
Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay the highest prices. Call up Bell Phone 38, and I will call on you.

Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

Helwig's Weekly Store News...

We Announce

A Special Demonstration of the Hoover Electric Sweeper by a Factory Expert for the week commencing May 2.

We cordially invite the housewives of Mildmay to call and see this wonderful Sweeper Demonstrated, or better still phone 19 and let the demonstrator show you in your own home the actual work of the Hoover on your rugs without obligation to you.

The Hoover eliminates housecleaning, saves carpets conserves health, saves dusting and lightens the housecleaning problem.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Canned Peas and Corn

Special 4 for 50c
or 8 for \$1 00

Baking Powder

Gold Sealed Brand
Put up in quart jars
Regular 60c a jar
Special 2 for 60c

Daisy Brand Flour

For Pastry Use
25 lbs for \$1.25

Salmon

Regular 30c
Special 2 for 40c
Or 4 for 75c

Sweetheart Talcum
Powder

Regular 25c a tin
Special 2 for 25c

Drudge Cleaner, Bonnie Bright or Wyandotte Cleaners

Regular 15c a tin
Special 2 for 15c

WEILER BROS.