Feb. 19 1902

# Dominion Presbyterian 

Devoted to the Interests of the Family and the Church.

## 

The Twentieth Century found the New Century ahead of it,-by some years. New Century leads the new cen.
The New tury, just as it leads all other writing
machines The New
ver, ect-writing, long-wearing tuanning Premit us to suggext aring machine. of tie above paragraph second perusal INGASHNNINO,-PERFECT-WRIT. FougET these qualities in the New Century, and many other points of sup-
eriority as well. eriority as weli.
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Once claimed the firstling of the flock, the finest of the rheat.
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To lay their highest hopes and brightest talents at His feet.
He'll not forgst the feeblest service, humblest loce.
He only asks that of our store we give to Him
The best we have.
Christ gives the best. He takes the hearts we offer
And fills them with His glorious beauty, joy and peace.
And in His service, as we're growing stronger,
The calls to grand achievements still increase.
The richest gifts for us on earth, or in the heaven above,
Are hid in Christ. In Jesus we receice
The best we have.
And is our best too much? O friends, let us remember
How once our Lord poured out His soul for us,
And in the prime of His mysterious manhood
Gave up His precious life upon the cross !
The Lord of lords, by whom the worlds were made,
Through bitter grief and tears gave us The best He had.
-The Interior.

## DEATHS

At Harriston, on February 8, 1902, Margaret Kennedy, dearly beloved wife of Rev. T. D. McCullough.
Entered into rest, at his late residence, 141 Beverlev street, Toronto, on Feb. 7, 1902, Alexander Sampson (of Gordon है Sampson), aged 52 years.
tged 52 years. Marse, Sarnia, on
At Burns Mans, Wednevday, Feh, 12th, Margaret McCann, beloved wife of Rev. E. C. Currie, aged 31 years.

At his late revidence, 36 Mac donell avenue, Toronto, on Thursday, February 6th, James Tennant, lumber merchant, in his 65th year.

## BIRTHS

At the Manse, Richmond IIII, on February 11, the wife of Rev. James A. Grant, of a son.
MARRIAGES.

* At the manse, Burns church, Sarnia, on Tuesday evening, Feb. $4^{\text {th }}$. 1902 , by the Rev. E. C. Currie, William J. H. Johnston to Elizabeth Aiken, both of Moore township.
On Feb. 6, 1902, at Collingwood. Ont., at the home of the bride's parents, by the Rev. J. A. Cranston, M. A., pastor of the Presbyterian church, Jennie, eldest daughter of Captain and Mrs. W. J. Barrett, of Maple street, to Mr. Alex Zua, of the G. Long and Co., son of Mr. Samuel Zua, of Paris At the manse, Poplar Point, Manitoba, on Friday. the 3ıst Jan., Manitoba, on Friday. the 31 st Jan., by the Rev. J. Carswell, father of the brides, assisted by Dr G. B. Wilson and Charles Stewart, of Winnipeg, the Rev. James S. Watson, pastor of Knox church, Minnedosa, to Miss Kate Junor Carswell ; and Edwin E. Bigelow, station agent, Poplar Point, to Miss Annie Tracy Carswell.


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# Dominion Presbyterian 

## Note and Comment.

Amongst the colored supplements in the February number of "The Studio" will be a facsimile reproduction of Mr Whistler's water colour drawing "The Sea Shore."

The Paris Observatory has received from M. Melendez, a Spanish photographer, a remarkable photograph of the moon. Me lendez invented a process which enabled him to obtain a picture showing mountains and volcanoes upon the surface of the orb, and indicating forests of huge trees, now petrified.

An airship, on which an English inventor, Thomas Buchanan, had been working for twenty years, and which he hoped was to rival M. Santos-Dumon's, was entirely des. troyed, last week, by the burning of the shed under which it was housed. Tramps charged with starting the blaze have been arrested.
M. Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian inventor whose air-ship has been making successful trial trips at Paris, made two wonderful exhibitions of his machine at Monte Carlo last week. He sailed in three different directions, above the harbor and the open sea, at a height of 327 feet performing evolutions with ease and rapidity.

It is refreshing to read that when the question was brought up in the Presbytery of New York, as to Sunday opening of saloons, a paper, strongly protesting, was unanimous'y adopted, every man, minister and elder, being on his feet against this double desecration of the day by devoting it to a business pursuit and a bad business at that.

The Archduchess Elizabeth of Austria regards a Lieutenant as preferable to a king. dom, and has accordingly renounced all claitn to the throne of Austro-Hungary to marry Lieutenant Prince Otto Windisch. Graetz, who is not of royal blood. The Archduchess was heir to the throne of Austria, and at one time it was announced that she was to marry Alfonsn, King of Spain.

Times are gradually getting harder for the British officers in South Africa. They have already been deprived of their pianos and cooking ranges, and now a correspondent says that the buck waggons that are bedrooms and saloons on wheels are to be put under ban, and so are the Cape carts that carried the officers' excellent midday lunch es, with napery, crystalware, wines, tables and chairs.

Chinese officials have found treasure to the value of over $100,000,000$ taels in gold and silver, which was buried in the women's quarters of the Palace before the Court fled from Pekin. As one of our exchanges says: "One cannot help admiring the fidelity of the Chinese subjects, many of whom must have known the secret of the treasure and that they could gain a fortune by revealing it, but all of whom seem to have kept it faithfully."

Santcs Dumont has more than duplicated his tip around Eiffel Tower. Alter preparations lasting two months, he has made two trips across the Bay of Hercules at Monte Carlo. The first trip was made without a hitch, but the second did more to reveal the possibilities of air navigation. He showed his ability to rise, descend, turn, stop, or :move ahead. This trip lasted about half aa hour. It was witnessed by distinguished spectators, and is pronounced a magnificent success. The navigator is thoroughly satisfied with his progress, and is now making arrangements for a trip to Corsica.

One of the most encouraging indications of the good wil! toward Christianity in China is found in the fact that the government voluntarily has devoted five hundred thousand taels to establish a university at Tai-yuen, and has requested the Rev. Timothy Richards, a Christian minister, to assume the headship of the institution and the management of the fund. Tai yuen is in the province of Shansi, where missionaries and native convers were murdered by the Boxers in the recent outbreak. This gift the Congregationalist says, has been "prompted by the fact that the missionary societies refused to demand money compensation for missionaries killed."
"A Society for the Suppression of Alcoholism met recently in Breslau, to consider the drink question in Germany. The empire, it appears, spends $\$ 750,000,000$ a year on drink, as against $\$ 3,000,000000$ for food. A Munich enployer of many skilled workmen, in speaking last summer of the difficulties of competing with foreign and even North German concerns, laid stress upon the cheapness of Munich beer as one of his greatest handicaps. 'If we were on equal terms in every other respect,' he said, 'the fact that my men's brains and bodies are sodden with beer, day and night, would put me behind in the race.' So serious has the drawback of beer drinking workingmen in Germany become, and so thorougly is it recognized, that a movement has been started to exclude the drink from the factory premises."

The questions, how fir can light penetrate a layer of water, and what is the cause of the very various colors of the ocean, have been sludied on several scientific voyages during the last ten years. Transparency varies with the color of the water (jreatest for blue water), the sun's altitude (greatest fur large altitudes), the season of the year (greatest in winter), with the salinity of the water, with the temp. vature (greatest for low tem peratures), with the depth of the water (ureatest for deep water), wi'h the cloud iness of the sky (greatest for clear skies), with the disturbance by waves ( greatest for calm seas), and so forth. The greatest transparency observed in the Egean Sea was fifty-one yards. Photographic plates were also exposed at various depths to see how the chemical rays of sunlight penetrated. Fifty five experiments at depths varying from $35^{\circ}$ to 1,825 feet were made, and beyond the latter depth no action at all was observed.

A sign of the times is the appointment by the Pope of a commission to fix the limits of Biblical criticism within the Roman Catholic church. The London Christian Leader says the names of the persons forming the commission "are a guarantee of the broad spirit of enquiry in which the Holy See is approaching the investigation." That paper further says : "The president-Cardinal M. Parochi-has strong sympathies with advanced studies in Scriptural exigesis." "The world do move" -and the Papacy too.

The Gravest Problem that France has to deal with is how to check the decrease in her population. On January 29, the Premier, M. Waldeck Rousseau, presided at the opening session of th: Parii.mntary ComIn hissis appointed to investigate this matter. In his address, the Premier said the question is one of the most vast and complicated that could be conceived. The statistics of the past fifty years show that there have been ioo few births and too many deaths in France. The Commission will have to study how to combit the great infant mortal ity, and also how to prevent the diminution and increase the number of births, which, the Premer said, is a most difficult and obscure side of the problem. The Government intends to embody the fruits of the Commission's labors in future legislation.

Under the heading of "Ministers and Business," the Congregationalist makes the following remarks : "We do not like to see the prefix of 'Rev.' in the list of directors of commercial enterprises. Persons consecrated to the gospel ministry were not set apart by their brethren with this end in view. The man who thus uses this title is not thereby more worthy to be trusted. Sensible persons are no more likely to buy shares of stock in a corporation because one or more of its promoters is advertised as a clergyman, and those who might be tempted to suppose that 'gain is godliness' are not good customers, anyway. The advertisement that 'a prominent divine' advises the purchase of stock or goods should warn rather than win the public. Business men of good reputation do not usually believe that 'Rev.' can wisely be used as having a commercial and at the same time a spiritual value." Food for thought in this.
Says the Michigan Presbyterian : "If we fondly flatter ourselves that the trouble is all over in China we shall awake one day to learn that we have been living in a tool's paradise. The Chinese are only petting ready for the most tremendous revenge that any nation ever wrought upon the enemies who humilated a defeated nation. The orly possible hope for peace between China and the rest of the world is the christianiza. tion of this great country." It is worthy of note that similar hints have been thrown out by correspondents who were in a position to be good judges of Chinese character. Whether such a forecast be realized or not, it is undentably tue that the christianization of the celestial empire will be the best safeguard for China and for the world. The evangelical missionary nations of the world know the character and extent of the work
that is ahead of them.

#  The Quiet Hour. <br> <br>  

 <br> <br> }

## The Stoning of Stephen.

S. S. Lesson-March 2. Acts 7: 54 to 8:2.

Golden Text-Matt. 5: 44. Pray for them which despitefully use you and persecute you.

## by rev. J. mCd. duncan, b. d.

They were cut to the heart and they gnashed on him with their teeth, $\mathbf{v} .54$. "Only that which is replaced is destroyed," says one of the characters in a widely read novel. These men were vainly striving to huddle out of sight and memory their cruel murder of the Holy One of God. Bu', as the murderer in the legend saw the blood cozing up through the floor to keep the telltale stain fresh in spite of all his efforts to wash it out, so they could not hide their awful $\sin$. It tracked them down into their most secret places. They could silence preachers like Stephen but they cou'd not stifle conscience. They could rid themselves of guilt only by replacing it with pentence. Repentance would have enabled them, not to forget their sin, but to look back on it without fear. Their anger robbed them of the peace they might have had. Do not be angry when conscience or a faithful friend rebukes you. Put away the evil thing and put in its place humble trust in Christ and you will find true peace.

But he . . . looked up steadfastly into heaven and saw the glory of God, v. 55. A sense of the presence of God is the secret of moral courage which is the highest kind of courage. It was Joseph's recognition of God's nearness that made him a hero. He was not afraid to tell of his brothers' mis. deeds in spite of their threatenings, he found no dits ulty in resisting his great temptation, he felt no trembling when he appeared before Pharaoh b:cause he always realized that God was with him. The calmness of Elisha in Dothan, with the Syrian hosts encircling the city, the boldness of Daniel at the court of Darius, the self possession of Paul during the shipwreck can all be traced back to the same source. The general who has strong reserves to bring up at the critical moment in the battle wins the victory. The man of faith always has God in reserve and so is not dismayed by any emergency.

Behold I sce the heavens opened, v. 56 . The heavens are always opened to the believing soul. The man of faith realizes that heaven is his true home-his fatherland. Plato taught that the soul comes into this world from a previous state of existence, and that it brings with it some memories of its former abode. The great pagan had caught some glimmerings of the truth that heaven is the true home of the soul.
They cried out with a loud voice, and stopped their ears, v. 57. We have no right to question the reality of a spiritual experience related by another because we have never enjoyed a similar experience It is an obvious fact that some men are able to penetrate more deeply into the secrets of the physical world than others. A great mathematician can reason about the forces which play in the universe in such a way that very few can follow him. A great man of artis. tic tempermant goes into ecstasies over a scene in which a less sensitive person sees nothing out of the common. We do not doubt that the things which the mathematician knows and the a tist feels are really in nature though we may not purceive t!. m

We accept their testimony, partly because they have no reason to deceive us and partly because of the effect on them of their vision. Why should we doubt that Stephen here and that Saul afterwards saw the risen Saviour? They have no reason to deceive us, and the effect of the one vision was a heroic death and of the other a transformed life.

Calling upon the Lord (Rev. Ver.), v. 59 Stephen gives us the first recorded instance of prayer directly addressed to Christ. But this was beyond question the universal practice of the early church. In the address of Paul's first epistle to Corinth are the words: "With all that call upon the name of our Lord Jesus Christ." Eatly in the second century, one of the leading features of the new sect as it appeared to an intelligent pagan was that "they sang an hymn to Christ as God." Cinon Liddon has shown that in the Liurgy of the Cburch of England there are 193 devotional addresses to Christ. From its very commencement the church his held that Christ is divine, and this doctrine has been the sheet anchor of its faith.

Lord, lay not this sin to their charge, $\mathbf{v}$. 60. God's attitude to sinners is a willing. ness to forgive. If you refuse to forgive your fellow sinner you set yourself in opposition to God, and until you lay aside that opposition, there can be no forgiveness for you. There are two considerations which ought to make it easy for us to forgive those who do us wrong. One is that God, as in the case of Joseph, over-rules the wrongdoing of men tor the good of His people and cause, and the other is that God, for the sake of Christ, has freely forgiven us.

## By the Waters of Galilee

The wind is low in the oleanders,
Sottly stirring the rosy sea ;
Out from a hill a rill meanders
Down to the waters of Galilee.
A burning blazon of blue enamels
The rainless heaven that arches oier ;
And Druses drowsy by their crous ing camels Where the meadows dip to the igly shore.
Crumbling walls that the hyssop clings to Such is Magdala's glory now ;
And the only ear that the cuckoo sings to Is that of his mate on the carob bough.
The columned city that Herod fashioned, That glistened white in the noonday blaze, Naught is left of its past impassioned Save ghosts that wander its squalid ways.

Never a sail nor a galley oaring
The shimmering reaches of liquid calm ; Only a watchful vulture soaring

Over the crest of a lonely palm.
But still the mountains, violet, vernal,
And the brooding vales where the shepherds be,
And the sun, in its equipoise eternal,
Looking down upon Galilee.
And ever, to halo the desert places By the spell of the girding silence bound, The haunting thought of the face of faces, Of Him through whom this is holy ground: Clinton Scollard, in the Century

The chief joy of heaven and earth are the same. Heavch's chicf joy must be loving God and swing Him, and that chic' j w . heaien will be the great happiness of evis! as soon as we live the truly Christian life.

## The Furnace of Trial.

## by the rev. Cornelius woelfkin.

Heaven, with its incorruptible and unde. filed inheritance, is a place of glory. Both entrance and possession there, we all desire. But the pathway by which it is reached is no easy one. We must through much tribulation enter the kingdom of God. No servant ever came to glory but through the crucible of manifold trials. Let us not think it strange, therefore, concerning the fiery trial that is to try us God delights not in undesigned suffering. It is only because there is some needs be that He says, "I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction."
"Our God is a consuming fire." Therefore all that would walk in His fellowship and abide in His presence must endure the test of fire. All that is natural in man, together with its glory, is as the grass of the field and the $f$ wer thereof; it must wither and die. The natural man, with his faults and graces, is perishable Only the new man in Christ abides forever. We are placed in the furnace for the burning of the old man. As the wax melteth in the fire, so our pride, envy, selfishness, wilfulness, stubbornness, etc., are designed to perish before trial. We ate prone to insist upon having our own way; to resent resistance; become sensitive to slights, and determined in the face of opposition. But for all this, we find ourselves overcome ; and there is combustion among the inflammable emotions and passions of our nature. The process is painful but wholesome.
If we really belong to Christ, there is in us that which cannot be burned. The virtues of the hidden man shine out of the fire. Meekness, humility, endurance, taith, hope and love are only seen amid fiery trials. It is only when the fires burn away the outward and natural traits, that the inner and spiritual character is revealed. When the three Hebrew selvants were cast into the furnace by Nebuchadnezzar, the fire consumed only their bonds; and they who were thrown in prisoners, walked about as free men amid the flime. It is only amid resistance, reproach, disappointment, etc., that we are set at liberty from the bond of selfwill.

We are ever ready to admit this as a true theory. But what we need is to welcome it amid experiences. Our character is tested and we go to pieces. Let us rejoice in the trial; it is threshing out the chaff. And with the loss of the perishable in the fire, we should be stimulated to develop those graces of submissive meekness, which cannot be burned. Our work also must undergo this test. All that is wood, hay and stubble, however beautiful and complimented, will burn. But the gold, silver and precious stone will be made lustrous in the tri of fire. God help us to welcome the trials hare, that we be not eternal losers in the final day, "in which the heavens shall pass away with a great noise, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat ; the earth also and the works that are therein shall be burned up." "Be diligent, that ye may be found of Him in peace, without spot, and blameless." -Christian Intelligencer.

When shall we learn that the pursuit of holiness is simply the pursuit of Christ? When shall we substitute tor the "it" of a fictitious aspiration the approach of a living friend? Sanclity is in character and not in monds ; divini'y is in our own plain, calm himatity, and in no m ystic rapture of the s L..- Henry Drummosd.

## How Men Are Saved

by REV. G H C. Macgregor.
Salvation is still an individual thing. Men are not saved in masses. One by one men enter this world; one by one they enter the kingdom of God. There is such a thing as social salvation, but it is based on individual salvation. The salvation of the c mmunity is reached through the salvation of the individuals composing it.

And salsation is still the result of personal contact with the Lord Jesus. Virtue still streams torth fron. Him. And He still calls men to Him. The woes of the world would be healed if men would only hear and obey. He would lay His hand on them, and heal them all. Shall we not pray Him to do this for us now?

## Serenity.

Strive to see God in all things vithout exceptions, and acquiesce in his $n \|$ with absolute submission. Do everything for God, uniting yourself to him by a mere up. ward glance, or by the overflowing of your heart toward him. Never be in a hurry ; do everything quietly and in a calm spurt. Do not lose your inward peace for anything whatsoever, even if your whole world seems upset. Commend all to God, and then lie still and be at rest in his bosom. Whatever happens, abide steadfastly in a determination to cling simply to God, trusting to his eternal love for you; and if you find that you have mandered forth from this shelter, recall your heart quietly and simply. Maintain a holy simplicuy of mind, and do not smother yourself with a host of cares, wishes or long. ings under any pretext.-St. Francis De Sales.

## One Heaven For All.

I have seen a field here, and a field there, stand thick with corn-a hedge or two has separated them. At the proper season the reapers entered; soon the earth was dis burdened, and the grain was conveyed to its destined resting place, where blended together in the barn or in the stack, it could nit be known that a hedge had ever separated this corn from that. Thus it is with the church Here it grows, as it were, in different fields, and even, it may be, by different hedges, By and by, when the havest is come, all God's wheat shall be gathered into the garner, without one single mark to distinguish that once they differed in outward circumstantials of form and order.-Toplady.

In my younger days, when a student, I frequently asked my mother to awake me at a certain hour, and she invariably did so. I could depend on her, and in the time of examination stress I could lay me down and sleep. assured of being awakened. So I can lay me down and sleep, being certain that in the morning I shall awake in his likene s, for Christ is our redemption. We have the sure promise of His Word that those who suffer with him shall also reign with him.John Rubertson.

What are we to be paid for our service of the Master ? Christ does not promise us money, or position, or even happiness, though all of these are most likely to come along the line of Christian living. The only wages Christ promises us is His "Well done" at the end. And what better wages could we want?


The Joy Of Service.-Topic for Mar. 2

## Ps. 126:5, 6 ; Matt. 25 : 1923.

## Our Leader Speaks.

Two workmen went one day to saw wood. One sawyer had a dull saw. It had not been sharjened for months, its teeth were all in the plane, and its steel was covered with rust. It squeaked and rasped, and every $\log$ caught it and bound it. Before many minutes the workman's back was aching, his temper was rising, and he was on the point of giving up.
"Try my saw a bit," said a second sawyer. He did so, and was amazed at the result. The bright blade almost moved of itself. The shar $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) teeth, spread out at precisely the right angle, fairly tore their way through the wood. The re was no binding. The rapidly deepening cut seemed almost greased. Our wond sawyer felt as if he could saw wo ad all day with such a tool, and never grow weary.
"I did not think it made such a difference,' he said. "I think I will go and put my saw in order."

N w, Endeavorers, what sharpness and brizhtness is to a tool, j,y is to our work. A light heart goes twice the distance. A merry song lightens the load. Peace in the soul means dollars in the purse. A smile is the best ally of the biceps muscle. If we are happy in our service of God, we are quite sure to be successful in it. Long-faced religion is a long while in accomplishing anything. If you do not enjoy your work, neither you nor any one else will enjoy the results of it.
And this truth is just as good turned the o'her way around. If joy doubles service, service doubles joy. They mike machines that are self-oiling. As the machines move, the sliding, whirling, turning parts draw to themseives $j$ st the projer amount of oil from the oil cups ; and therefore, as long as the cups are kept tull, the machine will run smoothly. If the machine were to stand still, the oil would not be disturbed, but would simply dry up in the cups.

So it is with cur lives. If you are du'l, gloomy, miserable, just set yourself to some worthy task. Pitch into your work wi'h all your soul. Soon the cil of cheerfulness will fl w. Soon your eyes will sparkle, and $y$-ur heart grow light, and your lips break into singing.

Let us learn to be happy that we may serve better, and to serve better that we may be happy.

## Dally Readings.

Mon., Feb. 24,-Diligent service. Josh. $22: 1.5$ Tues., Feb. 25.-Serving two masters. Luke 16: 1-1,
Wed., Feb. 26.-Our ra-onable service.
Rom. 12:1-11
Thurs., Feh. 27.-Lowly sersice. Luke 22: 24-30 Fri., Feb. 28.-Hearty service. Col. 3: 32-25 Sat., Mar. 1.-Service rewarded. Heb. 6:1-12
Sun., Mar. 2.-Tofic. The joy of s srvice. Sun., Mar. 2.-Tonic. The joy of s rvice.

Ps. $200: 5,6 ;$ Malt. $25: 19-23$.
Dr. Miller somewhere compares our lives t) a song. $G$ d has written the musc for us, in the B.ble and in our daily tasks. Every duty is some note upon the staff. Every disobedience is a false note and makes a discord. I think that a life well lived on earth must make sweet music in heaven.

## Our Members Testify.

Every workman is anxious to do work that will last. If we have that noble ambition, it would be well for us to remember something that the great English preacher, Robertson, once said: "Nothing is eternal but that which is done for God and for others. That which is done for self dies. Perhaps it is not wrong," he added, "but it perishes."

Ruskin, in his "Ethics of the Dust," in. sists that our service of God is not what it should be until it is happy service. "God gives us always strength enough and sense enough," Ruskin says, "for what He wants us to do; if we tire ourselves or puzzle ourselves, it is our own fault." Our happiness in nur work is one of the best evidences that it is God's work we are doing.
In the midst of his heavenly vision on the house top, Peter heard the knock which commanded him to set out on the journey to Caesarea. He did not tarry longer with the vision, but descended to the service for which the vision was only a preparation. So what the Christian calls "attending divine service"-going to church and prayer meeting-is only the vision, the preparation for the st rvice that is knocking all the time eagerly at his doors.

In George Eliot's "Adam Bede," she makes one of the characters express his dislike to see workmen drop their tools as soon as the clock begins to strike, or the bell to ring. "The very grindstone," says the speaker, "will go on turning a bit after you loose it." It ought to he that way with Christian Endeavorers. We ought not to drop our active service in the society as soon as we are released from committee work or go cut of office.

## A Thankful Heart.

I thank Thee, Lord, that thou dost lay These near horizons on my way. It I could all my journey see There were no charm of mystery, No velled grief, no changes sweet, No restful sense of tasks complete. I thank thee for the hills, the night, For every barrier to my sight; For every turn that blinds my eyes To coming pain or glad surprise: For every bound thou settest nigh. To make me look more near, more high : For mysteries too great to know : For everything thou dost not show. Upon thy limits rests my heart, tis sate horizon, Lord, thou art.

Quoted in the Ministry of Comfort.

## Climbing.

The Christian life is always an ascent. It is a daily climb out of the past, out of the worldiy and the carnal in our hearts, out of $\sin$ and ignorance, weakness and littleness, up into the life and light and love of God. The true manhood comes both by the renunciation and the upward toil. Strength comes day by day, and courage increases and faith grows into patience and flowers into the assurance of hope. There are bright and hippy things on the hills for patient soulclimbers. They are above the mists and clouds of unbelief, above the storms of earth in the perpetual sunshine of the light of Gud's countenance. There is a wider view, a sweeter air, and then a rest that is everlasting. - Central Presbyterian.

## Our Contributors

## Zacchaeus- Luke 19 : 1-9

## by geo. w. armstrong.

Comets appear in the firmament, startle us with their bri liance and unique forms and after a brief stay rush again into space from which they originally emerg' d . They are gone but have left an impression not easily erased and have found a place in the records of our world
Many scriptural biographies have this comet like appearance. They come before us abrupily, they act a part on lite's stage and then as abruptly pass away ; but the lesson from. it may be the one incident of their life which has $f$ und a place in Holy writ remains to instruct our race in some important feature of t. uth

Such is the brief natrative of Zacchaeus the publican. The one incident in his life recorded by Luke is a condensed Pilgrim's Progress, a concise statement of The Plan of Salvation-the seeking simer, the found Saviour, and the realized salvation.
The human mind has varied a-pirations but the highest, noblest and best are those which prompt the soal to seek Jesus. Zacchaeus sought to see Jesus who he was, and one peculiarity about his so doing was that he was rich. There were few men in his day, as there are few now, who are rich who have desires; strong, burning unquenchable desires to see Jesus As far as I can call to mind there are only three rich $\mathrm{m}: n$ mentioned in the gospels who sought to see lesus Nichodemus the young ruler and Zacchaeus, and with what sublime lessons the various interviews were pregnant. Rich men seeking Jesus was so rare an occurrance that Christ said: "How hardly shall they that have riches enter into the king dom of heaven." Riches unless wisely used may be a snare. Rich men should ever remember that it is God whogivet power to get wealth and acknowledge Him in all their ways. Zacchaeus seeking Christ shows us that such experiences are frequently surrounded by difficulties. It is seldom that any treasure can be acquir e. I without difficulty. This is so in physi cal, mental, commercial and any other aims in life. In seeking Christ He is always accessable. The difficulties arise from environment. Zacchaeus' were two fold-He could not for the press and be cause he was little of stature, but as his experiences teach us difficulties grappled with yield to wise and prudently directed effort. Zacchaeus surveyed his surround ings, got past and above the obstacle and from the friendly branches of the sycamore tree could obtain the view he so much desired. Had he procrastinated, his delay might have been tatal and final for Christ never passed through Jericho again Prompt, well directed efforts generally succeed. Zacchaeus' success was far beyond his expectations He sought to see, he realized a guest. He desired a transient plance $h$, realized an abiding friend. With what rapture would Chri-ts words fill his soul: "Zacchaeus make havte and come down, for today I must abide at thy houss." What undoubting oherlience, what joyful and cheerful reaponse Christ's calls merit from all a ready and willing acceptance; He Ilways catls to better and greater blessings. Multitudes are fickle. In Matthew's gospel, ninth
chapter, we read the multitude marvelled and glorified God; in the case of Zac chaeus they all murmured saying He is gone to be guest with a man that is a sinner. A murmuring foult finding, un sympathetic crowd Did these men appreciate Christ's purity of character? I think not. Their comment upon His miracles was : He casteth out devils through satanic agency This man receiveth sinners and eateth with them Precious truth. This was the great purpose of His mission: I came not to call the righteous but sinners to repentance.
Zacchacus became in a double sense the host of Christ. He received Him not only in his house, but in '1 is heart, and as out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh; so from the overflowing of Zacchaeus heart he bore the gratifying testimony of true conversion, of saving faith. His testimony was two-fold, ist Benevolence Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor. 2nd, Restitution. If I have taken anything from any man by false accusation I restore him four fold. Benevolence is a sign of christian character, a niggerly christian is an anomaly ; but benevolence combined with restitution establishes the Christian beyond question Restitution is real repentance. Such testimony and conduct secures an adequate reward, and this Zacchaeus obtained. "And Jesus said unto him, this day is salvation come to this hous:'
Christ's blessings are present blessings when he subject of them is prepared by testimony and experience to receive them, when the heart is ready the testimony is not long delayed : Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh. If with open hearts we heat Christ's call and like Zacchaeus we respond joyfully, the blessing he received will also be ours for "Behold now is the accepted time, today is the day of salvation

London, Ont.

## Wjdows' \& Orphans', and Aged and Infirm 'linisters' Funds.

It will be remembered that, during the sitting of the General Assembly last June, there was a meeting of the elders, very largely attended, the avowed object being an increase in interest and in help to the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund and the Widows' \& Orphans' Fund This meeting pasved a series of resolutions which were submitted to the General Assembly and ordered to be printed in the volume of the Minutes In these resolutions it is declared that the laity, as a whole, are prepared to give gererously to these Funds it their cla ms are rightly presented, and believing that from a sense of delicacy, ministers did not give the prominence to them that otherwise they might, the meeting of elders pledged it selt to the "generous support of these Funds that so deeply affect the interests of those for whom the church has a right to care, and that, as far as possible, the elders would individually support the ministers in Kirk session and before congregations in securing a more hearty support for these Funds."

It is some times said that resolutions often amount to very little, prac ically. We trust it will be far otherwise in this matter, and yet it will be noticed that. while the Widows' \& Orphans' Fund and the Aged and Infirm Ministers Furd this
year each asked from the church $\$ 13000$. Not quite $\$ 4,000$ has been received for each within a fortnight of the close of the year. We suppose it is only necessary to remind the elders present at the General Assembly, and all the elders of the church, of the resolution adopted in June last, so as to secure from them generous aid tor these schemes. At present, it would seem as if some drastic step would be necessary, more especially in connection with the Widows' \& Orphans' Fuud. The amount received, to this date, is only sufficient to pay the annuities for the half year ending last October, and there is nothing whatever in the Treasury to meet the annuities falling due next month, which are in the neighborhood of $\$_{11,000}$. It is question. able whether the committee are justificd in paying these annuities unless the church places in their hands the money to enable them to do so It would be felt to be a very great hardship by many of the widows on the Fund, if the annuity should not be paid or even be reduced in amount, as many of them are largely dependent upon the income derived from this source.

## Danger In Self Esteem.

This is what Paul wrote to Christians If•a man think himself to be something when he is nothing, he deceiveth himself But it is a fact that such a Christian does not want to believe that he is deceiving him-elf. When he thinks that he is quite free from a carnal disposition he believer that his telling it to others is for Godi honor. He says that it is his duty to testify before men what God has done for him, and hence he testifies that all of his old nature has been swept out of him by God'so that nothing but perfect love and pure spirituality have place and power in him. He says that it is wrong for one who is full of the Holy Spirit to say that he is "nothing", when in fact he is 'something" more and better than ordinary Christiansare This good man cannot be persuaded that he is indulgin, in self-es teem. He asks, "How can I be indulg ing in self esteem when I am all the while giving God the praise for making me perfectly pure and keeping me free from committing sin?' "ell, Christ tells us of a pious men who thanked God that he was a much more faithful and righteous man than another man was who stood near him, but it is evident that Christ did not place any value on that man's thanks to God for what he himself was boasting of. The late Mr. Spurgeon in a sermon said "It is to be feared that there is springing up in some parts of the Christian Church a deceittal form of self-righteousness which leads ven good people to think too highly of themselves. It is a fashionable form of 'anaticism, very pleasing to the flesh very fascinating and very deadly. Many, I fcar, are not really living so near to God as they think they are. neither are they as holy as they dream. It is very easy to frequent Bible readings and conferences and excited public meetings, and to fill one's self with the gas of self esteem. A little pious talk, with a sort of Chris. tian who always walks on high stilts, will soon tempt you to use the ; tilts yourself; but indeed, dear brother, you are a poor, unworthy worm and nobody, and if you fet one inch above the ground you get jut that inch too high" There is plenty of Scripture for such a presentation of the truth. There is always danger in self-
esteem, mo matter how that vanity gets into the heart.

The Christian's safety lies in his feeling less than the least of all saints.
C. H. Wetherbb

## A Good Work.

The mission to Lumbermen under the care of the Rev M.H Scott, of Hull, embraced the wide field of the Synod of Montreal and Ottawa This a purely Presbyterian Mission in its management, and has for its object the sending of good literature to the lumber camps in this wide field. The mission is generous in its contribution of literature to all who undertake this difficult work, and frequently extends its operations beyond the bounds of the Synod. The colporteurs of the Ottawa Bibie Society are all supplied with books and tracts in French and English, which they deliver into the hands of the men in the remotest places Many of our ministers undertake this work for a few weeks in the winter. Revds. N. McLaten and Jas. Taylor cover the Gatineau region each year. Mrs. Bowman, of Scotstown, reports that last year she supplied thirty-five shanties in the townships Rev. Wm. Shearer, of Sherbrooke, reports that in addition to the work in the shanties, he has supplied some five mining camps. The last three of many contributions sent out were to the missionaries at Killaloe and Whitney, as also a box of ${ }^{5}$, lbs to the Rev. Wm. Giribble, in the Parry Sound district. Mr. Gribble issued an appeal in the "Witness' for books for two or three S. Schools, as well as for lumber camps, to which we responded with great pleasure. The Rev. Geo D. Armstrong, Methodist minister at Fort Coulonge, being desirous of visiting the camps on the Coulonge and Black rivers, was also freely supplied. A large amount of work is also done by this mission among the seamen of our great rivers. Rev. C.B Ross, of Lachine, in his visit to Great Britain last summer made application on behalf of the crew of the S S "Lakonia," which was cheerfully granted. Mr. Ross wrote from Edinburgh, Scotland, as follows: ' I desire to thank you very heartily tor the box of books you sent me for distribution among the crew of the SS. "Lakonia" I assure you that the books were much appreciated by both officers and men I found that a great want of good reading exists on board these ships Surely there is here a great field for work on the part of such Societies as yours."
It is evident that the wide field for this kind of work is everywhere, not only on land, but on the wide ocean.

Trusting for increased interest in the work. and renewed contributions, on be half of the Synod's committee I send out these few details ot the work.
M. H Scott,

Convener and Treasurer. The Manse, Hull, Que.

## A Message for the Mothers from the

 Good Book.Be anxious for nothing, hut in every thing by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving make your requests known unto God, and the peace of God, which passeth all understanding shall keep your minds and hearts through Jesus Christ.
I can do all things through Christ which strengtheneth me.

My God shall supply every need of yours.

## Literary Notes.

Table Talk for F bruary contains, in addition to the usual menus and receipes which are so suggestive and helpful, articles on a variety of topics, including "Peppers and Spices," "A Model Househ Id Nursery," and "Scarlet Fiver-Proper Management of the Little Patients." Table Talk Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

The leading article in the February Cosmopolitan is "The Naval Strength of Nations," by Sir Chatles IV. Dilke. Then follows a well illustrated article on "Niagara -the Scene of Perilous Feats." Besides other articles, there are several stories, including one by I Zangwill The Cosmopolitan, Itvington, New York.
The Ladies' Magazine for February opens with an article by Julia W. Henshaw on "The Chinese Women of the West." The giri's club meets and discusses in a bright way the pleasures of a Canad an winter for young girls. "The Woman Who Talks Politics" is an upto-date and interesting article as is Miss Florence Hamilton Rand.l's talk on "The Pros and Cons of Boarding " The Hugh C. McLean Co., Toronto.

The mot valuable article in the February ru nber of h Missionary Reyiew of The Worled is that by Rev. Harlan P. Beach on the "Missionary Literature of the Nineteenth Century." 'J hinn Chinaman in America," is described and discussed by Dr. Ira M. Condit of S.n Francisco. Another important contribution is by Rev. Wm. M. Upcroft of China on "Unoccupied Fields in Western China." It clearly proves that there is still plenty of room for missionaries in China without overlapping. Published monthly by Funk \& Wagnalls Company, 30 Lafagette Place, New York. \$250 a year.

The Harper's Bazar for March opens with an article on "The Management of Husbands" by Lilian Bell. Th: n follows one of El zabeth G. Jordan's clever little stories, and the third chapter of "The Ked I Iouse." M 'ss Ashmore's department of fashions for young and old is always helpful ; and "Happenings in Paris," by Miss Katherine de Forest, is most interesting. Altogether this is an excellent number, one of the most attractive features being the frontispiece, the third in the serits of Tragedies of Childhood, by F. Y. Cony. Hırper \& Bro:hers, N :w York

Current History for February presents a record of the world's events during December last and closes the eleventh volunie of this valuable chronicle. A striking poriaait of Secretary H'y is the frontispiece of this number, to accompany an opening arcticle by Joseph Fizzgerald, entitled "The Niw Treaty and Sccretary Hay." The contents in general deal with Congress and the President's message, the South African war, the United States in China's crisis, the Suprome Court decisions respecting the Philippines, the Pan-American Congress, South American matters, Lnrd Rosth rry's Chesterfield speech, Marconi's $1 . . . . \mathrm{nph}$, etc. Price \$1 50 a year. Current History Co., Buston, Mass.

We are leaving the old year behind. but we are not leaving Christ in the dead year. We need not he afraid, therefore to go forward, if we go with him. We have not passed this new way heretofore and it is all strange to our inexperience; but Christ knows, and he will guide us, and all will be well if we put our hand in his.-J. R. Miller, D. D.

## Sparks From Other Anvils.

Presbyterian Standard : The songs of a church can have as much influence upon it as national songs, more potent than national laws, have upon the character of a people.

Presbyterian Record: The one ho gets all he can from life, and gives as little as be can, is as truly a miser as he who hoards gold, and is as likely to die a moral paper.

United Preshyterian: We are not simply subjects of the power of God sustaining life, but there is a vital relation between us and God, by which the currents of his life flow in us. Not sımply by him, but in him, we live and move and have our being.
The Lutheran Observer: We ought to rejoice at the prosperity of good men, and pray God that more and more the money power may come into their hands, for it is upos the consecration of this power to him that the advancing redemption of the world waits
Canadian Baptist: We should all ever be living carefully and prayerfully. But never is there more need of the lowly seeking for the quickening of the life within and the out go of the inner life in consistent conduct and earnest service than when we are hoping God may use us in saving others

Christian Register: The history of civilization has run along parallel with the history of the Church The Church has invented more ways of increasing human happiness, devised inore plans for mutual benefit, and founded more institutions for the general good than all the other institutions put together.
North and West: Some people are afraid of the word "loyalty," as if that denotes some lsind of bondage incompatible with a progressive spirit. But a person that is not loyal to the best he knows is a very weak sort of person. If we do not believe that the Presbyterian Church is the very best church for us, we owe it to ourselves to find some church to which we can be loyal And if we believe it is the best Church for us, we owe it the heartiest loyalty.
Christian Observer: "Heresy-hunting" is often used as a term of reproach by latitudinarians in doctrine. Atother parallel term would be "disease hunting." If the disease be contagious, the health officers receive only praise for their efforts to find and isolate or quarantine it. So if the heresy be infectious, likely to hurt a great many people, the officer is to be praised who prudently and judiciously hunts it out and makes it impotent to infect others He is not to be reproached, hut to be thanked. Of course the impruden! disturber is harmful.

Heraid and Presbyter: Some people do not seem to understand how any one can be religious, and they call all people hypocrites who make protession of their faith So some people do not seem to be able to realize that any one can get along without drinking intoxicating liquor, and they call all people hypocrites who claim to he total abstamers or who advocate prohibition. In either case it is a sad commentary on the character of the one who designates the others as hypocrites. If they were different, they could see that religion and temperance mav be actual elements in the I fe and character, But they are not different.

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#### Abstract

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THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN,
C. BLACKETT ROBINSON, Manager and Editor

Ottawa, Wednesday, Feb. 19th, 1902.

The question of Sabbath observance is receiving enlarged attention in Scotland. The United Free Church Presbytery of Edinburgh recently passed strong resolutions on the question, particular attention being paid to the running of the street cars on the Lord's Day. The mover of the resolution among other things said: "What lay before them in Edinburgh was not simply the running or not running of the cars on Sunday, but this particular fact lay in the centre of a great consideration which they had to face -the ever-growing tendency to increase Sunday labor." Here is a point which shouid have the earnest attention of working.men everywhere in Canada. If they permit the Sabbath to be secularized, the time will not be long in coming round when they will be compelled to do seven days' work for six days' pay.

It would seem, says the Missionary Review of the World, that Russian opinion is at last awakening to the demand for religious oleration. At a recent missionary conference, held to discuss steps for proceeding against heretics, a leading noble, M. Strachovitch, protested against the harsh measures in vogue, and said it was high time for Russia to concede to all the valuable prerogative of liberty of conscience. Tho' the proposal was rejected by the conference, it was taken up strongly in the secular press, which has published luminous articles on the value of liberty in matters religious. This is a hopeful sign, and the fact that the papers that have ventured on this courageous step have not been suppressed, as would inevitably have been the case in earlier reigns, is a tribute to the new spirit which emanates from the Czar, and which is beginning to permeate downward as well as to rise up from beneath. When toleration becomes a fact in the Russian Empire a great future will be opened to the Russian people.

THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN

## RESULTS OF GOOD TIMES.

It would be a formidable task to set down in writing, and almost as laborious a task to read of all the results of the good times Canada is now enjoying. It was a little surprising to sce a considerable faling off in the reading matte: taken out of one of our large public libraries, charged to the account of "good times". "People are too busy," it was said, "to find time for reading." We have always supposed that it is when times are hard, when men are at their wit's end to get through each day, when accounts are difficult to collect and money comes in slowly, when investments are shaky, and men carnot sleep for anxiety, that that was the time when they could get no leisure or had no heart for reading. We fear it is rather an optimistic, and too self-satisfied a view of things which would attribute a falling off in reading to the prosperity we are now enjoying. A more likely and more reliable result of the good times, is the last bulletin sent out to the Church by Rev. Dr. Warden, the chancellor of our church's exchequer. It shews that with the exception of the following four funds, all the other schemes of the church were in a better state at January 3 rst of this year, than at the same date last year. The four behind are the W.F. M. S., French Evangelization, Pointe-Aux-Trembles Schools, and our Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund. The W. F. M. S. is tarthest behind, being $\$ 4,000$. This part of our church's work has always been so admirably managed and so successful, that this deficit, if not wholly made up by the end of this month when the church year ends, will at least be greatly reduced in amount. We hope that the deficits in the other funds, seeing that they are comparatively small, will be more than made up.
Another result of the good times of a wholly different kind from either of those mentioned is the carnival of social dissipation and display that may now be seen in all our cities and larger towns. Look over the "society" columns, and they are not few, of any of our city papers, and what an endless round there would appear to be of social dissipations accompanied with ostentatious and in many cases most vulgar display. Here is a brief list, such as may be seen any day in our city papers : dances, sleighing parties, assemblies, luncheons, musicales, carnivals, conversaziones, ; skating, toboganing, snowshoeing parties ; recitals, lectures, choral clubs; driving, euchre, theatre parties, pedro clubs, with at homes, teas and dirner parties without end. Day after day, week after week the round goes on. What a whirl of most wearing excitement many people must live in, and what high and noble views of life many must have. To what ad mirable use they are putting the increased means which the good times have put into their hands

A strange, and not very flattering aspect of society, so-called, attendant on this dissipation is the display, and what we cannot but consider, the vulgar publicity with which it is all flaunted before the fublic eye. By many this must be thought to be the most satisfying and delightful result of good times, the means they supply of gratitying the lower, more animal, and sensuous cravings of our
nature. Time was when a decent or delicate reserve was shewn with regard to private and semi-private feastings and entertainments. Now one would fancy that the chief aim is to blazon every such thing before the public, and that this is one great object for which society exists, to make the greatest possible display of itself before a wondering, gaping crowd. The names of those present, the table decorations, the dresses and ornaments worn are all paraded and served up to gratify the curious or stir up the envy of those who canuot, or who, if they could, did not have such an array of guests, such costly and elaborate tables, dishes, and gay or gaudy dresses as had somebody else. It is all, this craving for notoriety, this posing betore the public, vulgar in the extreme. It takes away from the quiet delicacy and refinement of life and manners which constitute one of the chief charms of really elevating and elevated society. The kindly, homely virtue of, what is now, aimost the old time hospitality, is little or no part of this dance of what is called society. It makes life artificial, unnatural, often a burden and a cruel waste of vital life force which might be so well spent to nobler purpose, and to far higher ends. Good times so used, will one day, when they are gone, only furnish reason for bitter but unavailing repentance or remorse.

Under the caption of "Thomas Paine and the Higher Critics," Rev, Dr. Whitelaw of Kilmarnock, S land, has been sending cold chills do the backs of modern higher critics and chpping their wings by pointing out that the principal conclusions of the higher critics of the present day had been anticipated one hundred years before by "Tom Paine" in his "Age of Reason." But this is not all. The Secular Society, through the London Free Thought Publishing Co., has issued a twentieth century edition of the "Age of Reason," in the preface to which the statement is made by the editor that "the positions taken up by Paine are now held by Christian professors," quoting extracts showing that Paine's "conclusiors were similar to those of the present day critics who call themselves Christians." It is doubtful if the higher critics ot our day will care to be so conspicuously placed in the company of Paine in a fashion which practically paints them as followers of the great infidel, rather than as leaders of thought in modern days. Dr. Kilmarnock, in explaining the production of his articles sass: "My object in preparing these papers was to advise whosoever might read them that the ideas and theories concerning the Hebrew Scriptures which are now being paraded as new discoveries, as the latest results of modern scientific criticism, as fresh light from the blazing sun of nineteenth century illumination, were nothing more than a reproduction in genteel phrase, of what Pane had advanced long ago in rather rough and unparliamentary speech." The higher critics will have to find out "where they are at."

The true Christian stands before God as if he had already suffered and died for his ownsins.

## 28th February

Permit me once more to remind Treasurers of congregations, Missionary Societies etc that the church year terminates on 28th February, and that it is necessary that all moneys intended to go into the accounts for the year, should reach the office in Toronto on or before the evening of Friday of next week. In these times of storms and snow blockades, it is well that the money should be forwarded in good time, rather than that it should be put off until the last day.

Permit me also to remind Treasurers of Sabbath S hools, C.E. Societies, etc. that the church year ends next week. It is hope I that all contributions, from individuals, for the support of special missions in the Home or Foreign field, of for the support of pupils at Pointe-aux Trembles, will be forwarded before the 28 th inst.

Ministers who have not yet paid their personal rates to the Widows' and Orphans' or Aged and Infirm Ministers' Funds, will oblige by remi ting.

Although within ten days of the close of the year, there are stili 436 congregations from whom nothing has been received for the schemes of the church. These are distributed among the Synods as follows :-

> Montreal and Ottawa........... $\quad 76$ Toronto and Kingston....... 127 Hamilton and London........ 68 Manitoba and the North West.

British Columbia ............. $5543^{6}$
The amount received last week was dis appointing and considerably below my estimate. It is difficult to say, even at this date, what the result at the end of the year may be. The following are the amounts still required :-


A city clergyman on a recent Sabbath referred to the flippant and profane manner in which the Saviour's name is improperly introduced into conversation couched in profane and vile language. The profanity which greets one's ears on the street, not merely among grown men, but also among youths and mere boys, is so appalling in its frequency and violence, that those who hear it are tempted to ask if the blasphemersfor they are nothing else--assume that the third commandment has been stricken out of the Decalogue. Not only is the thrice holy name of God the Father taken in vain by men who claim to be gentlemen and should be an example to the young and rising generation, but the blessed name of God the Son, the loving Saviour of mankind, is also bandied about in the flippant jest or the vile conversation in a shockingly irreverent manner. These people, who would never think of using profane language in the presence of ladies, seem to forget that their profanity is uttered in the presence of Him who said: "Take not the name of the Lord thy God in vain for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh His name in vain." The growth of protane and vile language has become so great and so marked and that those who are sometimes compelled to listen to it cannot fail to recall the declaration of the inspired prophet, "Because of swearing the land mourneth."

## TwentyFirst Annual Statement

## North American Life Assurance Company. head office : 112-118 King Street West TORONTO

r'or the Year Ended 31st, December, 1901.
Dee. 30, 190. To net ledger assets.....................................
RECEIPTS.
Dec. 31, 1001. To cash for premiums
To Cash Income on Invest ments

## \$920.35i. 176

1.009 .38658

DISBURSEMENTS.
Hee, 31, 5001. By payment for Death Clains, Profits, ete.
*086.568
25
$291,966.7 v$
$\begin{array}{r}678,385 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$\$ 1.194,30961$
ASSETS.
Dec. 31, 1991.
By Mortgaces, et
\$1,200,48965

- Storks and Bonds (market vaine, $81371,315,701$

Real Estate, including Company's buiding
Loans on Policies, ete
-. Gaans on stocks nearly all on call
.. Premiums ontstanding. ete. fless dost of collection)
-. Intercat and Rents due and acerued
LIABILITIES
Dee. 31, 1901. To Guarantee Fund

* Assurance and Annuity Reserve Fuis
$\begin{array}{r}3,8015,29609 \\ 45,103 \\ \hline\end{array}$
-     -         - 

43,913,332 01
Net Surplus
\$507,441.37
Audited and found correct
J. N. I.AKE, Auditor

The financial position of the Company is unexcelled-its percentage of net surplus to liabilities exceed that of any other home company.
New insurance issued during 1901
Exceeding the best previns year in the history of the Company by over half a million.
Insurance in force at end of 1901 (net)

PRESIDENT:

## JOHN L. BLAIKIE.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:
JAS. THORBURN, M.D. HON. SIR WILLIAM R, MEREDTTH, K.C
DIRECTORS:
HON. SENATOR GOWAN. K.C., LL.D., C.M.G. E. GURNEY, EAq
L.W.SMITH, E*q., K.C., D.C.L. J.K. OSBORNE, Esq.
D. McCRAE, Enq., Guelph.

## MANAOING DIRECTOR:

## WM. MceABE, LL.B.,F.I.A.,F.S.S.

## SECRETARY

MEDICAL DIRECTOR
L.GOLDMAN, A.LA.
J. THorburn, M.D. (Edin.)

The report containing the proceedings of the Amual Meeting, held on January qath last, showing mark. ed proofs of the continued progress and solid position of the Company; will be sent to poincynoders. , phowing it ed proots
explanator oo the eat tractive inestment plans of the Company. and a copy of the Annual report, showing its
unexcelled financial position, will be furnibhed on application to the Heal oftice or any of the Company's arganciea.


## A Diplomatic Mission.

iv SOPHIE SWEET.

## (ivinfinued from last week.

"We told y ut father, Robena and I, that leander was dead to us and we didn't care is heaf anything about him-atter the way he had ifealed us," said Miss Caddy with an effitit ; 'but-hut I don't know as it's any hifatiof me to hope that he's been brought ig a betefmin I and has got a good wifethrugh 1 din't expect that Robena would 14 me mentioin his name ! Oive-" Miss Caddy leatied forward suddenly and spoke in a je:ky whicip"- "does the baby take after nof folks any ?"
"if's the dearest little girl! I went to see them last spiting in New York -mother say a she laoks just like your mother," said Oine
"Oh, wouldn't I like to see her," gasped Miss (adly, lying back upon her pillows. But Kotienit w inld never let me. Oh, if I havent had a time with Robena! But thefe she is ealling you! Run and get your toa, and eome hurk again as soon as you Cah: If I didn't almost forget! Such a sight of tifeible makes folks selfish-you're Eping to be married, ann't you ?"
Olive turned a painfully flushed face towards her foum the doorway.
 suid:
"Why for the land's sake !" exclaimed Miss Eaddy, "we heard -" But Olive had gene to the dining room.
"I Exiject Caddy told you that I was driving her crazy," said Miss Robena, tenlatively while they sipped their tea.
"I hate been wondering why you and Aunt Caddy don't have separate rooms," said the diplomatist reflectively. "It is nice to hang your things on just what hook you
like f
Miss kobena dropped back in her chair
ad easujed for breath. and gasped for breath.
"We've alwiys had the same room. I never dafed to think of such a thing !" she said in a thrilling whisper. "Besides, there is AS Bithef foum that I could have. There's methefs fea in that we could not bear to use, and the spare foom-we must have a spare raem, of eotifse-and little Leander's that We never have opened."
"I should take that if I were you," said Olive boldily. "It isn't as if he were dend. Jusi invile him here with his wife and baby and $y$ wis'll get all over that feeling!"
Mise Kobiena arose and shut the dining. Fgom dobif: "If Caddy should hear you I cxpeet she woild faint away!" she said. "Wyt when If pzibiah Driver comes for the fall eleanting l'mig ing to have that room cleaned and take it fur my own! I've gone Sofaf, BOW, that 1 may as well go a little tafihef, though I do feel a terribly reckless and wicked woman. It fairly makes me feel lighthead ad to think of having a room where I eould put things where I liked and move them every day if I wanted to ! You dant thimk it would kill Caddy, do yon ?" she leaned towspds Olive and spoke with Hempieus earnestness. "I say there's noth.鶡 the malfer with her, bu, after all, I'm a lime affaid Caddy is so senstive."

A cry, sharp and insistent, came suddenly to their ears before Olive cuuld thin': of a diplovatic answer-a cry of distress.
"She is dying ! O Caddy, Caddy, and I have killed her !'" cried Miss Robena, as they rushed up stairs.
Miss Caddy was sitting up in bed trembling violently.
"I don't know what's the matter, the coldness and the trembling came so suddenly," she gasped. "I expect I'm dying, sister dear, I wa'n't hardly a mite sick when I went to bed, yesterday! I thought you would be scared and put the things back, I expect I haven't treated you right Robena. I've been so set-"
"Vou had a light to have the things as they had always been if you felt so about it, and 'twas mean and selfish in me to insist !'' cried Miss Robena with penitent tears. "I've worried you into a fit of sickness, and I shall never forgive myself !"

Olive flew for the doctor. He said thit Miss Caddy had a nervous chill, she was in dinger of having nervous fever, but with great care that might be averted. Miss Robena tearfully set about restoring the secretary and the parlor organ to their old places. M ss Caddy heard her and sent Olive to remenstrate.
"Tell her if she don't want to kill me to let them be !" she cried. "I've got a realizing se ise of how mean and selfish l've been. She's young" (Miss Robena was fifty, and her sister fifty six), "and she ought to have a chance to be a litule mite frivolous if she wants to!"
Oive called to Miss Robena to come up. stairs.
"I've thought of a compromise," she said. "W. have some paper in our attic that is exactly like that on the sitting room wall. Leander's room was father's once, you know, and he remembered the piper, and when he saw some like it, he bought it for our guest cham er. Ti ere were two or three rolls lefi-lully enough to papir the disco'ored place. Then, Aunt Robena, y u won't be mortified if there isn't anything to cover it but Aunt Lucy's hair wreath-and Aunt Caddy won't feel as it you were."

Miss $R$ bena said that it did seem as if it were a real providence that $O$ ive had some piper like it. She rever had been to Portsmouth since she could remem'er without looking for it at all the paper hangers'. And Miss Caddy wept feebly and said that it was more than she deserved, but if Robena could be happy so, she should die happier knowing that the old secretary stood between the windows just where it had stood when she was a girl.

Robena cried and clung to her when she talked of dying. She said hard things didn't matter anyway when people loved each other. She wondered how she could ever have been so foolish as to think they did.
"If the Lord will only spare us to live together, Caddy, I'll never move another thing 'round ! never in this living world !" she cried, ch kingly.
"Yes, you shall !" cried Miss Caddy firm15. "And you shall hive the dining-room clock over on the bracket: How did I know it? Lizy Forbush told me you'd moved it, when she came over to see me
this morning ! And I said to myself that I would never get up off this bed till you had moved it back again I was as wicked as that, and now the Lord has punished me with these terrible reelings I I want you should leave it on the bracket, Robena !"
"It's just a little bit of a thing. Aunt R?bena," Olive interpo ed soothingly. "Small differences ought not to count when people have a real affection for each other. And, Aunt Caddy, you must make haste to get well and have Le.nder and his wife and baby to visit you, for I know Aunt Robena wants them!"

The two elderly women looked in each other's faces and laughed a little and cried a little, both at once.
"He was only sixteen. I've been wondering, that you couldn't forgive him, Robena !" murmured Caddy.
"Why, I did, long ago ! I thought you were too-too set," faltered Robena.
"I have been a terribly set old woman,"
said Miss Caddy penitently. "But I nover said Miss Caddy penitently. "But I never shall be again. Only-I will live long enough to see little Leander and his wife and baby ! it's such a ridiculous thing that he's got a wife and bahy ! " and Miss Caddy smiled into her sister's face.
"Olive, I'm glad you came!" said Miss Robena. "Now we must go away and let dear Caddy get calm."
'No, not yet-not yet !" interposed Miss Caddy, anxiously. "I want to know about Olive. I've been so selfish not to think of Olive. She says she is not going to marry Frank Thurston, as her mother wrote-"
"I broke the engagemeit, that's all," said Olive, nervously handling the knob of the door. "Frank wouldn't give in a bout living in his old house away out of the village and -and-"
"You let such a little thing as that come between you ?' gasped Miss Caddy from her pillows.
"Such a little mite of a thing !" echoed Miss Robena. "I don't see how you could! Of course there wasn't any real affection between you."
"Yes, there was," faltered Olive. And then she firmly strangled a sob in her throat. "I've been taught better bere I'm going straight home to make up with Frank!"
Miss Caddy sat upright in her bid as O ive fled. "Now what can she mean, si-ter by saying she has been taught better here?" she said. "We never should have had a difference about any little thing." - Interiur.

## The Essay Bob Did Not Write.

by grace s. richmond.
It was with a melancholy face and discouraged leg, that Robert Kendrick dragged himself into the family sitting room on his resurn from schnol on Tuesday aftern oon. He was greeted with interrogations.
"What's the matter, Bobby ?"
"Flunk d in English lit again, Boh ?"
"Won't Bess go to the rink with you ?"
"Are you not feeling well, Rob, dear?" This from his mother. It was small wonder. Her son's countenance suggested sc vere inward pain of some sort.

He flung his school-books upon the table, his rap and ulster upon a chair, and himself full length upon the sofa-pillows on the couch.
"Worse'n any of those," he grunted.
"Well,-tell us what!"
"Got to write a thing on 'Mozart as a Cowposer,'" Bob groaned, burrowing among the cushions and kicking out with both feet

## THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN

at his younger brother, who essayed to approach
"Why, that's not such a bad subject," said his sister Kathleen encourapingly "That's easy to look up."
"Yes-for you."
"It might be worse than that, Bob," remarked his elder brother, Richard. "It might be 'The Influence of the Recent Presidential Election on the Money Market.' "
"There'd be some fun in that."
"It seems rather a singular subject to give a bi $y$ of sixteen," observed his mother thoughtfully; "but I think I know of one or two magazine articles that will help you. You will be equal to it."

Robert sat suddenly erect, with a flushed face and rumpled brown locks. "Do I look as if I knew anything about Mozart as-or as not-a composer ?" he demanded.

Kathleen laughed. "You do not, Bobby," she assured him.
"Well, I think you do rather," disputed Richard. "That football hair of yours has a wil iness and ferocity suggestive of the inspired musician."
"See here, Bobby dear," offered Kathleen, going over to the piano and rummaging amid pules of somewhat dilapidated sheet music, "I'il play you something of his, and you can gain your first impressions."

Bob subsided among the cushions, and Kathleen began. She looked around presently to discover the effect upon the aggrieved one, and caught him in the act of stealing from the room.
"You're an appreciative listener !" she cried.
"But I couldn't stand any more of that, you know," he murmured apologetically. "Give us ' D ) ,wn in de Land where de Darkies Dance' and l'It stay. I guess I can't study up Mozart that way. It makes me go bluer than ever."
"When is your paper due?" asked his mother.
"Next Monday morning," replied Robert gloomily, and went out to forget his woes in a brisk hour of skating.

On Wednesday Mrs. Kendrick louked up various authorities on Mozart, and placed them at Bob's disposal. On Thursday she asked whether he had begun to work upon his paper, and received an evasive reply in. dicating that his other studies had recently become very pressing and th the had not yet found time. On Friday evening Richard attacked his young brother, and delivered a brief but pointed lecture upon the evils of procrastination. On Saturday morning the entire family fell upon the victum at the breakfast table, and inquired enthusiastically concerning Muzart as a composer.
Goaded to desperation, B bb retired to the library, surrounded himseif with encyclopaedias, propped his head upon his hand, chewed the end of his pencil, mangled the edge of his sheet of paper, and at length envolved the following introductory sentence: "Mozart was a great composer."
But the second sentence was not forthconsing. At the end of Bob's first hour of seclusion his mother looked in upon him ; and, discovering him deep in one of the magazines containing a long article on Mozart with which she had provided him, came sottly up behind him and peeped over his shoulder. Bob was absorbedly devouring a fascinating tale of adventure upon the high seas. Mrs. Kendrick glanced at the sheet of paper bearing the solitary opening sentence, and smiled. Then she quietly withdrew without disturbing the essay writer, who had not observed her presence.

Concluding at length the story of a battle
both bloody and briny, B b drew a long breath and looked up at the clock. What he saw upon its face made him fling away the magazine, sit up straight in his chair, heave a gusty sigh which blew his paper across the desk, and bury his nose in the pages of the "Britannica" Suddenly he grasped his pen, thought a moment, studied two books alternately for a season, then began to write.

He looked upon the page of one book while he wrote a sentence, then upon the other bork while he transcribed another sentence. The third sentence came from the first book, the fourth from the second, and so on and on, until five sheets of paper were covered.

The Sco:ch gong sounding the hour for luncheon rolled mnsically through the house, and Bob appeared promptly at the table. His eyes were sparkling; the third finger of his right hand, his left ear, and the edge of both cuffs were decorated with smears of
ink ink.
"How's Mozart ?" began Kathleen before she had unfolded her napkin.
"Enjoying his well earned repose," responded Bob, with a cheerful alacrity so different from his former doleful tone that Richard asked with surprise, "Finished that 'thing,' Bob ?"
"All done."
"You must have written rapidly since eleven o'clock." This from his mother.
Bob glanced at her suspiciously. "Why?"
"I thought you were a good deal at sea about that hour," she returned with a smile.
"That's not bad," acknowledged Robert nonchalantly. "Yes I did get off on Stevenson for a few."
Should you mind letting me see your essay ?' asked Richard.
"Yes, I should mind," Bob fired up. "You'd cut it all up for me. It's bad enough to have old Ailen get after it, but you college fellows think you know all there is to know about English."
"Since you know all there is to know about M zart your English can be excused," langhed Richard. "All right, but I thought you might like to hear in advance that your work won't be citicised by the lenient hand of Prof. Allen."
"It won't? Why not ?"
"Because I happen to have heard that he's been removed. The new instructor goes in Monday morning."
"Great Caesar! Who is it ?"
"Washburn."
"What-not Mark Washburn! Why,
he's at C -!" "Was
"Lately assistant instruc'or at the college, yes. Now professor of English at your prep. school."

Bob came as near whistling as good table manners would allow. His brow clouded darkly, and a distressful pucker appeared about the corners of his mouth. Luncheon over, he followed Richard to the latter's room. "Say, Dick," he begged, "help me out, will you? Why, I shouldn't dare hand this thing I've written to Mr. Washburn. The C - - freshmen say he's death on cribbing ; and my essay is cribbed, not exactly, whole, but half and half-part from one 'cyc' and part from another-you know the way.
Richard nodded, smiling. Bob's cyes drooped.
"It would have gone all right with old Allen," he said shamefacedly. "But the thing is - I don't know how to write it any o her way. What do I know about Mozart as a compuser ? What do I want to know ? And the more I read, the more I don't know. I forget what the 'cyc' says about him the
minute the book is shut. What can a fellow do but crib? And how can a fellow that don't know one tune from another-except the things everybody whistles on the streets -how can he make up stuff on such a subject as this?'
"Times will he better from now on Bob. Washburn will never make you dash your brains against such rocks; $h$ 's $u$ p to date. He'il have you writing on things y $u$ enj $y$, and he'll make you like your work. But you don't want to start in by giving him this stuff of yours if its cribbed. H 'll recognize the 'Britannica' and the 'Century,' however you've mixed them $u_{i}$; and he'll make you feel small."
"Then what $\operatorname{can}$ I do?' groaned Bob.
" 1 'll tell you. Sit down and read one go nd magazine artic'e among those mott er found for you, and read it until you understand it thoroughly and have really taken it in Then put it out of sight and write your essay in your own words. Washburn will prefer original language to faultess English -cribbed."
Bob sighed heavily. "I know I can't do i ," he sald hopelesaly. "An article on electricity, now-I could read that until I really got it into my head, because I should be interested in it ; but this stuff about a fellow who composed things when he was an infant in arms, and played them himself before he got his double teeth-I've no use for him ; and, as for telling all that about the influence his compositions had upon the music of his time-I guess not !"

But it was Saturday night presently, Sunday study was forbidden in the Kendrick household, and Bob dared not break rules, even in an emergency like this. At nine o'clock on Saturday evening that unhappy youth took off his cuffs, untied his collar, rumpled up his hair, gave utterance to a series of sounds resembling those of a harassed young lion, and sat down once more berore the library desk. As he did so, Kath leen, who dearly loved to tease, began in the distance the Mozart Requiem.

A moment later she found herself whirled off the piano-stool, borne struggling and protesting from the room, and deposited on a divan in the reception-hall.
"Now will you be good ?" laughed Richard, passing. "Let him alone, Kathie ; he's desperate to night."
"Do you promise to let up on that?" growled Bob savagely.
"Yes s.," gasped Kathleen. "I only meant it as an in-s-piration, you know, Bobby."
"Inspiration-nothing! I want absolute silence in this house for the next two hours. Understand?"

And the grip on Kathleen's shoulders loosened. Bob dashed back into the library, and the door slammed with a violence that rocked the house on its foundations.

On Monday evening Mark Washburn, late instructor in the University of C-- now professor of English in the geat preparatory school which is its nearest source of supply, sat down to the task of locking over several dozen essays, the sole subject for which had been dictated by his predecessor. His clearcut, youthful looking face took on varying expressions as he worked, now of amusement. now of scepticism, again of something resembling irritation.
"Por r youngsters!" he said to himself at last. 'Haven't I been there, and don't I know what wrestling with a subject too heavy for them these wretched papers show?

Continued.

THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN

## Ministers and Churches.

## Our Toronto Letter.

An event which, during the week, has startled the city and is much lamented, is the very sud den, and in a sense, untimely death of the late known asis. He was to most no doubt, better han as vet he politician, keen, ardent and able, man who, as is become as a iudge. He was good one, losed the "strenuous life," and his death is deeply folt and mourned. "He was," says a leading daily newspaper, "an earnest large-hearted-, large-minded man, "and his death at the very zemith of bis powers is a his death loss to the country. Another good man, fillins a different place, who has lately gone, and whose death makes a large gap in the christion working force of the clity is Mr. Alex. Samptian "f the law firm of Gordon and S. A Sampson, was one of the founders of and Sampson. He Was one of the founders of the T ronto Mission death, and was its Treasurer at the time of his the Chind Inland also a member of the board of ing S. bool. Twelve Ind and of the Bible TrainCentral Predoleve years ago he joined the came an elder in church, and afterwards be came an elder in the congregation. He was connected also with most of the interdenominational societies of the city, and ministers, repre of Chtative of several different churches and kinds (he city took part in the uneral services. In Toronto, as all over the country, the death of Lord Dufferin recalls with many pleasant memories, his term of service with anada as Governor-General, his brilliant intel ctual abilities, his long and able servicest intelpold and is sincerely mourned. Much the pathy was felt for him in the trouble, Much symbereavement which clouded the tloving years of his lite. Another death abroad, of a years of a high public, but very different, of a man filling where life and work shed lustre of place, department of labor, and whose upon his own the world over in the realm whose loss will be felt ship, is that of Dr. A. B. Davidson, ProfesolarHebrew and Old Testament Ewidson, Professor of College, Edinburgh. Not a Exew of in Now ministers in Canada hot a few of our younger dents and by themall his sat at his feet as ot Discussion on prohibition is keenly felt. in dead earnest. It is a fine thing, and is sight only to be seen in a free country, and is a whole people stirred over a gree country, that of a and discussing it in all its agreat moral question, a frank, suing it in all its lights and bearings in the whole in spirit and lard, manly way, and upon The whele in spirit and language, respectful way invaluable service are rendering the country ly to the fullest Premier Ross had an unusull difficult subject. Premier Ross had an unusually full house, and an inspiring audience when, on Wednesday afternoon he introduced his proposed measure two hours and ten minutes. His apech occupying two hours and ten minutes. His speech was a
strong, mos forcible, transparently chear strong, mos forcible, transparently clear and to the legislative and the Act he was proposing calm, deliberate, dispasountry, delivered in a from any political partisanship manner, free from any political partisanship, and evidently Dominion Alliance is of responsibility. The Convention of the prohibut with a call for province for the 25 th invt, in prohibitionists of the all they have gisen Mr. Ross and and in the ment due notice that they are not satisfied with the term, of the bill, especially as regards the nature of the majority by which the regards the is to be decided. The Board of Trade of the city at a meeting attended by nearly one hunvestriction, but not on record as in favour of measure of compensation, should of a fair become law, to thowe whon, should the measure business by its passave willosuffer loss in their Whether one may passage and enforcement. very agreeable to all his with him or not, it is Grant able to be all his friends, to find Principal Whether this be again in the front fighting line with the liquor cures way or not of grappling ar the liquor curse, and whether this particu lar measure may obtain a majority or not, we commend opimion that, Mr. Ross' measure will minded preelf the great mass of calm, sober minded prohibitionists in the country as sober The missio one.
Colleges mave been a pocieties of our theological the work of our Chirch both at inadvancing abroad. On Friday evening last, the 36 the and meeting of Knox College Student's Missionary Society was held. Professor Halliday Douglas made an excellent chairman. The meeting was
principal speakerly is, and interesting. The who was a member of Mor. H. M. Irwin, B. A. and who took as his topic, "To and Fro Withe Sky Pilot." Referring to "To and Fro With a mentioned that a very determineds, it may be made by the student, which it is hoped may be muccesslul, to retain for the University be of Toronto, the services of its very popular registrar, Mr James Brebner. He has been appointed to the same office in McGill College, Montreal. The students of Toronto University are up in arms. A mass merting has been held, resolutions enthusiastically passed, and a petiColl is in circulation to be presented to the keep him whorities to do all in their power to keep him where he is
At the mesting of the General Ministerial Association on Monday the toth, the subject f.r Consideration was the Ethical Outlook of the "urrent Drama." It was introduced by Rev, I C. Speer in an able and lengthy paper, treating was discused historically and in other lights. It was discussed at some length, the conciusion being that, on the whoie, though not necessarily and not altogether incurably evil, the ethical tendency of the drama and of the theatre has not been in the past and is not to-day good, but decidedly the opposite. The subject good, but at the meeting two weels angect considered noticed at the time, "The Chure, and which ing Classes," called forth a letter the Work "Trades and Labor Council" a letter from the in question some of the statem of the city ; calling paper, which was by Revis made in the The letter was by Rev. Mr. Pedley dealt with by the writer and left to be question was also brous of the paper. The Suestion was also brought up, whether Swedenborgian minister is iligible for member-
ship in the Association mittee to report. A Christian
invaluable service philanthropic work doing City Mission." ite in the city is the "Toronto years ago on a small was begun twenty-three rying the rospel into the more with the view of carbing the kospel into the more needy portions of the city. Dr. W. B. Geikie is its president and has been for some years. Under his leadership and that of Rev. Robert Hall, who bas seventeen years been city missionary, ad for he last four years his Assistant, Mr wh Arnold, the work hav branched out in Sallue tions, and is rendering vervien to dire unspeakable value. It anmal to the city of appeared, and it is pleasant to knort has lately canse of its kood work and the conflat, be spired largely by its institution readily obtains all missionaries, this it requires. volent institution, reportser humane and bene a total passing throuxh it or pengh its secretary year, of 159 . Of these kept in it during the parents or friends, 8 sen were removed by Working Boys'Home sent to farmers, to the on Dee 3lst
Anruat midday services during the benten umed at St. James Cither have they arc orief, pointed earnent and many selves of the the habit of gladly availing the them of the spiritual help to be obtained from The
beautifying the city to in a former letter for more attrictive city and thereby rendering it is beginning to take citizens and strangers alibo, designed, will take shape, and if carried out is designed, will certainly form a most popular and healthful resort during the summer months.

## Eastern Ontario.

Rev. A. W. Craw of Warkworth has accepted Presbytery English settlement in the Londed On the
On the 9 th inst, anniversary services wer Hay, of Renfrew, preached, when Rev, Join

The congregat preached.
The congregations of Ripley and Bervie have Maxwell, Irom $\$ 850$ to $\$ 1,000$. Last Sabbath the ser ond
opening of St. John's chur anniversary of the services were held, whench, Brockville, special D. D., of Queen's, preached. Rev. Prof. Miccomb, The monthly meetinched.
Martintown, was held at the the W. F. M. S., Smith, on the 12th. There was a dance although the roads were in large attenimpassable state. The ladies have this year de. besides their other work.

The Ladies' Aid of the Avonmore church held a debate on Monday the 17th, the subject being "Resolved that Farming Life is more devirable than Commercial and Professional life
A very pleasant evening was spent at the regular monthly meeting of the Young People' which Rev. Alex. McGillivay, of last week.
Rev. Alex. McGillivray, pastor of Bonar
church, Toronto, formerly of St church, Toronto, formerly of St. John's, Brock-
ville, was a weck ago last Tuenday ville, was a week ago last Tuesday elected moderator of the Presbytery of Toronto, to suc ceed Rev. J. W. Rae, of Toronto Junction, whe has been called to a pastorate at Aylmer
On the 28th ult., the 22nd annual mseting of held in the Oshawa church, whesbyterial wa ber of delegates were present. At the eve num: meeting Rev. A. B. Winchester, evening church, Toronts, B. Winchester, of Knox Considering the have a stirring address.
Considering the heavy storm of Sunday the attendance at the services of St . Andrew church, Perth, which was conducted by Rev Dr. Heine, of Montreal, was quite large. Dr. Heine proved himself to be one of the hest preachers that have been heard in Perth for some time.
The annual mecting of St. Andrew's congregation, Pakentham, was held on the 28th ult.
and the reports from all and the reports from all branches of the church Were most encouraging, showing over $\$ 1800$
raised for all purposes for 1901 . The congregi tion is in splendid financial standing and the work is splendid financial standing and the Rev. Mr. Young's mastorate encouragingly under The annul $n$ storate.
rregation meeting of the Morewat total contribok place on January 21 st . The the largest in the hintory of the char $\$ 1849$ Sunday school and the W. F. M. S. arel. The a most flourishing condition, and the pastor, Rev. J. M. Kellock, who is nicely settled in his new manse, feels much encouraged.
The annual meeting of S taged.
Lanark (Rev. D. M. Ruchanandrew's church, held on Jan. 2oth. The year toot has ber), wa good one-all the reports were has been Kood one-all the reports were encouraging
There has been an increase in the ordinary lections, in chureh attendance of the ordinary lections, in chureh attendance of the Sundis
school. There is a surplus of 8 tos treasury after is a surplus of $\$$ roo, in thi treasury after all accounts for the year have
been paid.

The new manse has been completed, at Dunsion last week. The buildigk is took possers brick strucek. The building is a handsome veniences. The building with all modern conto the hearty thanks of the congregation fortitled way in which they discharged their duties. The people of the congregation entertain the hope that the present occupants may spend a long and happy term of years in their new quarters.
Rev J. W. Bell. meeting of Kew Reach churct were read from, Ill A., in the chair, report gresation. The Treasorganizations in the cor the revenue tor the year from ort showed that and envelopes had been $\$$ tof open collection enue from all wad been $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 0 6} \mathbf{m}_{4}$. The total rel $\$ 1,276,12$, and the income the congregation $w: a$ equalled the expencome this year more than equatled the expenditure. The session reported The reports in to the roll, and seven removals the reports in all departments of work were the work of coand the congregation enters on The anoual meeth thankfulness and courage. The annual meeting of Knox church congre night, when Rev, was held on Wednesday night, when Rev. I. S. Burnet of Summerstown, Tweed Ont call to Rev. Robert Harkness of wheed, Ont., inviting him to take the pulpit Which has been vacant since the resignation of was mades Hastie, last November. The call the memers unanimous and was largely signed by statement showed the affairs of the financial to be in a prosperous condition, the member, having contributed with their usual liberality The annual meeting of Mount Carmel churc Cumberland, was held of the evening church, Jan., Mr. J. A. Gamble in evening of 29th pastor, Rev. A. D. McIntyre, on behalf of the session reported 162 commenticants behalf of the being an increase of $1+$ duting the on the roll secretary reported the receipts from year. The $\$ 1113.38$, with disbursements from all sources of the charch, $\$ 146,00$, Pastor stipe, $\$ 146,00$ towards century fund, on manse, etc., $\$ 2450 \cdot 50$, repairs to church and of $\$ 77.41$. The $\$$. leaving a balance on hand of $\$ 77.41$. The Sabbath school work was very encouraging, the home department showing
marked results.

THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN

## Ottawa.

Rev. J. W. H. Milne of the Glebe church ex hanged pulpits last Sunday morning with Rev changed pulpitsos sunday morning
Norman MacLeod of McKay clurch.
At the last meeting of the Woman's Forcign Missionary Society of Knox church, Mrs. J. C. Tulley and Mrs. W. T. Urquiart were elected delegates to the Presbyterial.
Out of a total subscription of $\$ 9.18$ t to the Century Fund, Knox church has already paid in $\$ 8,075$. The balance outstanding reported at the annual meeting was $\$ 1,106$.
Last Sunday evening at St. Andrew's church, Dr. Herridge besan a series of biographical studies in the Old Testament taking as his subject "Achan : a covetous man.
Rev. S. G. Bland, Methodist, preached in Knox church a week ago last Sabbath morning by exchange with Rev. D. M. Ramsay. He preached a searching and editying sermon.
The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of St. Paul's church was held on whe
elected to the annual meeting of the Presbyterial.
The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's church The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's church
met on the tith. Mrs. W. Armstrong presided. It was decided to hold the annual congregational social Friday March $7^{\text {th }}$ and committes were appointed to arrange the matter.
The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of St. Andrew's church, was held on Tuesday of lant week. Mrs. Frank Bronson and Mrs. Allan Gilbert were elected delegates to the annual meeting of the Presbyterial.
The new French Presbyterian church, on Wellington street, was formally opened last Sabbath. The morning service was conducted by the pastor. Rev. F. F. Seylaz, while in the afternoon the dedication service took place, Rev. Dr. Herridge officiating. The new church replaces St. Mark's, burned in the great fire of April 26, 1900, and has a most attractive appearance. It is built in the Gothic style and is of brick and stone, seating two hundred poople. The cost will be about $\$_{4}, 200$, and the church has this amount on hand to pay for the new building.
Oriental music was one of the novel features that made the anmal testival of the Chincere Sunday school class in connection with Knox church heid a week ago last Monday, more than merely attractive. The instrtments used were some"hat similar in type to a banjo, but were more primitive and the strains that were produced through their medium were shrill though far from being unmusical. Prizes were distributed
and brief addresses were made by Rev. D. M. and brief addresses were made by Rev. D. M.
Ramsay, the pastor, Rev. Henry Singer, of ToRamsay, the pastor, Rev. Henry
ronto, and Principal Mac Millan.
The reports of the auxiliaries of the Ottawa Presbyterial Women's Foreign Missionary Society are still coming in to the secretary. Some forty outside delegates are expected at the meeting to be held in Knox church on Tuesday, March 4. There will be three sessions. At the marching session reports will be read from the different auxiliaries and officers elected. For the atternoon meeting it is expected that Mrs. the atternoon meeting it is expected that Mrv-
Craig, formerly missionary to India, and Dr . Craig, formerly missionary to India, and Dr.
Marion Oliver, of Indore, who is home on furMarion Oliver, of lndore, who is home on fur-
lough, will be the speakers. Miss Oliver, whose health is not good, is the senior lady missionary of India. Tea will be served by the Ladies' Aid of Knox church. The moderator of the Presbytery will preside at the evening meeting, and the speakers will be Rev. Mr. Mitchell, representative of the Presbytery, and Rev. Mr. Winchester, of Knox church, Toronto, formerly missionary to the Chinese in British Columbia.

## Augmentation Committee.

The Augmentation Committee (Western Section) will (D.V.) meet in the Lecture Room of Knox church, Toronto, on Thursday, March $3^{\text {th }}$ at $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Schedules of claims tor the current half year should reach the Secretary, Rev. Dr. Somerville Owen Sound, by March 6th if possible.
Annual Schedules containing the applications for grants for the ensuing year are to be sent to the Convener of the Augmentation Committee of the Synod for revision.
S. Live,

Convener.
Rev. M. Wicher, of Claude, preached in the Central church, Galt, on the 9th inst.

## Western Ontario.

Rev. D. R. Drummond of St. Thomas, preached in the Central church, Hamitton, last Sunday Rev. N. Bethune is conducting a series of evangelistic mectings in Chalmers church, London.
The annnal meeting of the St. George church showed that a very successful year has just ended.
On the 7th inst, the South Dumtries Sabbath School Association met in the St. Gvorge church.
Rev. Dr. Anderson, Presbyterian minister at Keene for over 50 years has recently died at the age of 82
On the evening of the $1+$ th the annual Sunday school entertainment of Knox church, Stratford, was held.
Rev. Mr. McCrae, of Westminster, preached anniversary services in Carmel church on Sab bath last.
Rev. W. J. Clark gave an interesting lecture on the ith at Chalmers church, London, on the subject "A Trip to the Pacific Coast
The first annivervary of the Kirkwall church was held last Sunday. Rev. Mr. McWilliams, of Hamilton, preached at both services.
Anniversary services were held last Sabbath at Avonbank, where Rev. Mr. Cranston of Cromarty preached morning and evening.
On the Ifth inst. the members of St. Andrew's church, London, were entertained by the church officials. The social was a great success.
Communion services were held in the Arthur burch last Sabbath. Eight persons were re eived into the church. Rev. W. T. Hall preached and Rev. J. S. Small, B. A., assisted

The regular annual convention of the South Dumtries Sunday School Avsociation was hel in the Presbyterian church on Friday last. The evening services consisted of addresses by Rev Mr. Martin, of Brantford, and the Rev. Mr. Reeve, of St. George,
The anniversary services in connection with St. Andrew's church, Kippen, will be held next Sabbath, when the services will be conducted by Rev. J. H. McVicar, B. A., pastor of Melleville church. Fergus. On the following Monday evening Rev. Mr. McViear will deliver a lecture entitled "The Sign Boardv of Old London.
On the 28 th ultimo Knox church. Galt, held its annual meeting at which there was a large attendance. The report of the Board of Managers recorded a very gratifying progress in the work of the church. The report of Sension re viewed the return to the church buiding at the beginning of the year, the special services held by Revs. Dr. McTavish and Mr. Murray, and he consequent bencfits received by the church. During the year 8 ? members were received into the congregation, 42 by protescion of faith and 41 by certificate. There are 573 members on the roll in good standing. 573 members o

## Quebec.

Rev. Dr. Kellock, of Chalmer's church, Richmoad, and St. Andrew's church, Melbourne was recently presented with a handsome furlined coat by the members and adherents of the latter church.
The annual meeting of the Georgetown and English River W. F. M. S. was leid recently, The Treasurer's report showed that $\$ 246,00$ had The Treasurer s eport showed that \$2 $\$ 6,00$ had
been raised sluring the year. One hundred and seventy pounds of clothing was sent to the Gala cians and Doukhobours: and a good sized bale cians and Doukhobours : and a good six
to the French Bible wo en in Montreal.
The Georgetown church, which had been losed for six months for repairs, was re-opened on the first Sabbath of the month. The Rev. Jas. Barclay, D. D., of Montreal, preached with his ustal ability and eloquence. A social was held on the evening of the Thursday follow ing, when, after a sumptuous tea served in the basement of the church, the people gathered in the church where congratulatory addresse were delivered by the Revds. J. E. Duclos, J. W. MacLeod and C. Houghton. The Rev. Geo. Whillans pastor of the congregation for the last fourteen years presided. The church is now the most handsome and commodious in the district.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was dispensed last Sunday, Knox church, Cannington Five new ambers were added to the roll.

## Northern Ontarlo.

Owen Sound Presbytery will meet in Division street Hall, March 4 , at io a. m.
Rev. L. W. Thom, of Flesherton, assisted Rev. J. Little in preparatory services at Chatsworth on Friday last.
The C. E. Society of Knox church, She: burne, were recently given a treat by Rev. J. Buchanan, of Dundalk, who who gave
"The influence of the Divine Father
"The influence of the Divine Father in driving souls to Christ" was the subject of a special ser mon preached by Rev. P. Fleming to his Max well congregation on Sabbath evening las
The C. E. Socicty of Creemore congregation spent an evening recently at the home of Mr. Samuel Blackburn, elder, who with Mrs. Blackburn gave the young people a very pleasant evening.

At the annual meeting of Dromore congregation held a fortnight ago the pastor, Rev. D. L. Campbell, was presented with $\$ 50$. in cash as a token of appreciation from his congregation and an addition of the same amount was made to his stipend for the coming year.
The congregation at Proton Station beld their Sunday School anniversary on the 22nd ult. There was a large turnout and after the tea a good programme rendered by the School. Rev, J. Hunter, of Markdale, gave an appropriate address. The pastor, Rev. L. W. Thom pre sided.
The Eugenia congregation held their annual meeting on the 2oth ult., the pasior, Rev. L. W. Thom, in the chair. There was a large attendance and a very harmonious meeting throughout. The treasurer's report shewed the receipts on stipend and general account to be $\$ 274 \cdot 59$, expenditure $\$ 27443$ - Mr. T. B. Carruthers supe rintendent, reported for the Sabbath School a very successful year Receipts $\$ 70.57$, expendi a very successful year Receipts $\$ 70.57$, expendi
ture
$\$ 2.90$. The Ladies' Aid have also enjoyed ture $\$ 42.90$. The Ladies Aid have also enjoyed
a successful year. Including a balance from last year their receipts were $\$ 93.73$, expenditure $\$ 47.10$

The Collingwood congregation held their annual meeting on the 22 nd ult. There was a large attendance of members and adherents presided over by the pastor, Rev. J. A. Cranston. "Much interest," says the Enterprise, "was taken in the excellent reports of the various societies and of the Bible tlasses ad Sabbath School; also of the Board of Managers. The Century Fund also showed a favourable balance. The church is now free from debt, and the pastor is becoming quite a favorite with many who formerly did not attend church rgularly." At the close refreshments were served when all enjoyed a pleasant social season together.
Durham congregation, Rev. Wm. Farquharson, nastor, convened at their annual meeting on the 27 th ult. The congregation is in a pros perous condition and therefore had encouraging reports to present. In the Session report the memorial list which contained eighteen names was so large that it could not but sound a note of sadness. Special mention was made of the late Dr. James Gun, who had for forty years been a leading spirit in the congregation. The ordinary revenue of the congregation tor the year amounted to $\$ 1673$, and after meeting the stipend, ete., and a good contribution to the building fund, there remains on hand \$102,$\$ 2,618$ having been paid into the building fund $\$ 2,618$ having bcen paid inte the building fund
which with $\$ 465$. of subseriptions not due leaves which with $\$ 465$. of subscriptions not due leaves
only $\$ 300$ unprovided for. A year ago the only $\$ 300$ unprovided for. A year ago the
ladies of the congregation undertook $\$ 875$. inladies of the congregation undertook $\$ 875$. in-
curred by putting in new seats and with the aid curred by putting in new seats and with the aid
of $\$$ soo. from the young people have reduced it to the comfortable balance of $\$ 250$.

## Home Mission Committee.

The Home Mission Committec, Western Sec tion, will (D.V.) meet in the Lecture Room of Knox church, Toronto, on Tuesday, itith Marih at 9.30 a. m. Ministers, students and other desiring Mission work are requested to torwari their applications to the Secretary, Rev. Dr Somerville, Owen Sound, prior to March 5 th Schedules of claims from Presbyteries, for the current half year should reach the Secretary by March 7th.

Robt. H. Warden, Convener.

I cheerfully testify to the excellence of Croskerys Eastern Balm as a medicine for coughs and colds. It has been used by different menbers of my family with the best results. Rev, A. H. McFarlane, Franktown, Ont. For sale by all dealers and by the proprietor, John Croskery, Perth, Ont.

## World of Missions.

## Home Mission Work In The Yukon

From a letter just received by Dr. Warden from the Rev. J Russell, Mission ary of our church at Atlin, B.C., the following extracts are taken :
"Work here is of the most pleasant kind, as Mr. Pringle had left everything in good working order, and I am happy to report every department of the work as prosperous. I hold three services on Sabbath, two in Atlin and one in Discov. ery. There are only 200 people residing in Atlin this winter, and although there is an Episcopalian Church as well as our own, our congregations range from 70 to 75. Nearly all the Presbyterians attend church, and a few Roman Catholics residing here all come on Sabbath evening. At Discovery the attendance is all that could be desired. There are only two of the Creeks working this winter, and I hold regular services at both, besides conducting weekly prayer meetings in Atlin and Discovery. As you are aware, Mr. Pringle had the congregation organised and elders ordained before he left. Since I came in, we have had a com munion service in both churches, which was very satisfactory. We have also held our annual meeting.
Mr. Russell came to Canada some three or four years ago, and has done magnificent service for our church on the North shore of Lake Superior, as well as at Bennett and Atlin. He intended visiting the Old Country last fall, but at the urgent solicitation of the committee, he consented to go in to Atlin and spend the present winter there. He intends visiting Britain this spring, but has agreed to return to his work in Atlin after a brief home visit. Arrangements are being made for supplying Mr. Russell's place during his absence, and a student has been secured to work the Creeks during the ensuing summer months when there is a very large number of men, too many to be cared for by the missionary who supplies Atlin and Discovery. The two nurses at Atlin, sent out by our Church, are doing splendid service there.

## A Great Work in Korea

In Korea, says The Life of Failh, a church has grown up almost spontan eously, unorganized, pastorless, yet vital, self-sup. porting, and self-piopagating, perhaps as near the apostolic model as the world has seen anywhere since. There are about 300 recognized Christian congregations under several bodies of foreign missionary workers, and about as many more observe some form of gathering for weekly worship.

## The Bible in Japan.

One of the most cheering signs of the times in the Sunrise Kingdom is found in the rapidly increasing sales of the Scriptures. If Bibles, and Testaments, and parts are included, we have for the last three years an advance from 45,000, through 98,000 , to 137,000, and 92,000 tor the first six months of 1901 .

French Dressing - Take as much oil as needed for the amount of lettuce, add a little salt and a dash of cayenne. Then add vinegar to taste drop by drop.

## Health and Home Hints.

## Bacon Rightly Broiled.

Broiled bacon is a dish which in few households deserves the adjective, because It is seldom broiled; the fat is fried out of it and again soaked into it by long spluttering in a spider full of grease. The only way to cook bacon-both for the matter of appearance and digestive qualities-is to broil It, not over a bed of coals (it is too fat for tha'), but in a very hot oven. Cut the bacon in the most delicately thin slices possible, rojecting the rind. Lay the pieces close together in a fine wire broiler. Place it over a dripping pan and set in a hot oven. It requires to be turned just once. The fat which falls into the pan makes excellent drippings for frying potatoes. Drain the bacon on brown paper. It you wish to serve cait's liver with this, sprinkle the liver with pe per and salt, roll it in flour and fry brown in the bacon drippings. Serve with a curled morsel of bacon on top of each piece of liver. Bacon as served by the average cook, well soaked in grease, is the most indigestible of food; when broiled crisp in the oven it is a dish that may be served even for a child of two with impunity. Among all the fats, delicately crisped bacon ranks next to cream in case of digestion. -Gcod Housekeeping.

It is said that a drop or two of campho: added to the water with which the face is washed prevents the skin from becoming shiny.

To clean a zinc-lined bath tub, mix to a smooth paste ammonia and whiting. Apply it to the zinc and let it dry. Then rub off until no dust remains.

Dusters should be made, as far as possitle, of soft stuff, and should always be hemmed -which is easily done with a sewing machine-for ravellings are a nuisance.

When an oiled floor is soiled it may be cleaned by rubbing with crude petroleum or kerosene. It may al:o be washed with hot soapsuds. It should always be rubbed perfectly dry.

The following is a splendid liniment for chilblains: One ounce of camphor gum, four fluid ounces of olive oil. Dissolve together by a gentle heat, and apply to the afflicted parts.
One method of taking iron mold out of linen is to hold the spots over a tankard of boiling water and rub them with the juice of sorrel and salt, and then, when the cloth is thoroughly wet, to dip it quickly in lye and wash at once.

Lamb Croquettes.-Mince the cold lamb fine, and to it add about one-quarter its quantity of bread crumbs. Moisten with thickened cream or milk, add a little sweet marjoram, season with salt and pepper and mould in small cylinders. Dip first in egg, then in bread crumbs, and fry in deep fat.
Cream of Potato Soup.-Put four large potatoes on to boil in one quart of cold $w$ iter. After boiling fifteen minutes, drain off all the water and cover again with fresh boiling water, to which add a bay leaf, a small piece of onion and a stalk of celery. B il till the potatoes are done, and press through a sieve or vegetable press. Mean while have one quart of milk on in a farina boiler, and, when boiling, thicken with one tablespoonful of flour rubbed together. Pour this over the potatoes, stir till smooth, and serve immediately.

## THE AFTER EFFECTSOFTEN WORSE THAN THE DISEASE ITSELF.

A sufferer from the after effects of TYPHOID TELLS OF HIS DEPLORABLE CON-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { DITION-APPEARED TO BE IN A } \\
& \text { RAPID DECLINE. }
\end{aligned}
$$

The affer effects of some troubles, such as fevers, la grippe, etc., are frequently more serious in their results than the original illness, and the patient is left an almost physical wreck. In such cases as these what is needed is a tonic medicine, to enrich the blood, strengthen the nerves, and put the system right. Mr. L. Barnhardt, a prosperous young farmer living near Welland, Ont., offers proof of the truth of these statements. Mr. Burnhardt says:-"Some years ago, while living in the United States, I was attacked by typhoid fever, the after effects of which proved more disastrous to my constitution than the fever itself, and for months I was an almost total wreck. I had no appetite, was haggard and emaciated, and apparently bloodless. I had violent and distressing headaches, and my whole appearance was suggestive of a rapid decline. I tried no less than three doctors, but they failed to benefit me. At this juncture a friend of mine mentioned my case to another physician, and he suggested that I should take a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I took this advice and found it most satisfactory. Almost from the outset the pills helped me, and I continued their use until I had taken about a dozen boxes, when I felt myself fully restored to my former health, and my weight increased to 165 pounds. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since, and I will always give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the praise they so richly deserve."
These pills are a certain cure for the after effects of fever, la grippe and pneumonia. They make new, rich, red b'ood and strengten the nerves from first dose to last ; and in this way they cure such troubles as anaemia, neuralgia, rheumatism, heart weakness, kidney and liver ailments, partial paralysis, St. Vitus dance, etc. They also cure the functional ailments that make the lives of so many women a source of constant misery, and bring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Oiher alleged tonic pills are mere imitations of this great medicine, and the buyer should see that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills tor Pale People," is on every box. Sold by all dealers in medicine or sent postpaid at 50 c . a box, or six boxes for $\$ 250$ by addrcssing the Dr. Willams Medicine Co, Brock ville, Ont.

However diverse the conditions of our lives may be, the choice that confronts us is the same for all,-the allurements of the world, or the call of God; the passions of the flesh or the yearnings of the Spirit; the glittering present, or the shining eternity; self-righteousness and pride, or humility and the grace of God; selffishness that promises satisfaction and gives empti ness, or love that demands surrender and gives joy. What a choice it is, and how trivial other things seem beside the issues that are settled in the depths of the soul ! They are often settled so smoothly and automatically that there is no conscious jar, and yet the possibilities of the outcome are as the east and the west for distance. -Sunday School Times.

## Preshytery Meetings.

BYNOD OF BRITIBH COLUMBIA.
Calgars.
Calgars.
Wamonton, EAmonton, March 4, 10 a.m. Kamloops, ist Wed. March, IV a...1 Kootenay, Nelson, B. Wi, March.
Westminster Mount Pieasant, $\mathbf{2}$ Ded. 3 $\xrightarrow[\text { Victoria, }]{\substack{\text { m. } \\ \text {, }}}$
 synod or manitoba and northwest

Brandon, Brandon, 5th Me reh
Superior, Port Arthur
Winnipeg, Man. Coll., bi-mo Wock Lake, Manitou, bth March. Glenboro, Glenboro. Portage, Portage la P., 4 th March, 8 pm Minnedosa, Minnedoza, March 4. Regina, Regina,

BYNOD OF HAMILTON AND LONDON.
Hamilton, Knox, 7th January
Paris, Woodstock, 12th Mareh,
London, Ith March.
Chatham, Windsor, 4th March, $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ Stratford,

Huron, Blyth, 21 January.
Sarnia, Sarnia.
Maitland, Winghem, Jan. 21st Bruce,

BYNOD OF TORONTO AND KING TON.
Kingston, Kingston, 11 March, 1 p.m. Peterboro, Cobours, Mar, $10,7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Whitby, Whitby, bith April Toronto, Toronto, Knox. ist Tues, ev, mo Lindsay, Woodville, 18 March. 7.30 . Barrie, Almdade,
Owen sound, Owen Sound,
Algoma, Sault Ste. Marie, March. Saugeen, Harristom, il March 19 a.m. Guelph, Preston, 21 Jan. 10.3

ByNOD OF MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.
Quebee, Quebee 11 March.
Montreal. Montreal. Knox. 11 March Is tark \& Renfrew, , arleton Place $1 \mathrm{~m} 21,11 \mathrm{a} \mathrm{m}$. Ottawa, Ottawa, Bank St., 4th March 10 Brock ville, Morrisburg, 10 Dee. 2 p. m. synod of the maritime provinces
Sydney, Sydney, March 5
Inverness, Port Hastings, 25th Feb.
P. E. L., Charlettown, March 3 Pictou, Now Glawgow, 4 March. 2 p.m Truiac. Truro, 19 th Nov. 10,730 a p. 1 Halifax, Chalmer's Hall, Halifax, 26th Feb., $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
Lunenburg, Rose Bay.
Miramichi. Campbellton, 25 March


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4 Trains daily except S'nd'y 2 Trains Daily
Lv. Ottawa 8.30 am and 410 p.m. daily except Sunday, and $8,30 \mathrm{am} . \mathrm{m}$. daily,
Stopat intermediate poini r , connectat Montreal with all lines for points cast and south, Parlor cars attachedTrains lighted throughout with Pintseh gas.
4.10 mm

New Enor New York, Boston and all Cew Enyland and New York points through Buthet sleeping car to New York; no change. Trains arrive 11.5 a.m. and 7.5 . daily. MIDDLE AND WESTERN DIVIsions.
Aruprior, Renfrew, Eganyille, Pem broke, Madawaska, Fowe Point. Parry Harbor.
8.25 am . Thro Frpress to Pembroke, lose Point. Pry sound, and inter. 1.00 p.m. Mixed for Madawaska and 1.00 p.m. Nixed for Madawaska and
intermediate stations. $4.40 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Express for Pembroke, Mad Waskia and intepmediate stations. Trains arrive $1115 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} ., 2.25 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., and pim. daily except sumay. to all poind stcamship ticket for sale to all points.

Ottawa Ticket Offices: Central Depot, Russell House Block.
Cor. Elgin and Sparks Sts. Cor. Elgin and Sparks sts.

## New Yonks Oliewa Line Has two trains daily to <br> NEW YORK eITY.

The Morning_Traln
Leaves Ottawa $749 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Arrives New York City $10.00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

The Evening Train
Leaves Ottawa $5.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
Arrives New York City $8.55 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
and is an excellent way to
TORONTO, BUFFALO, CHICAGO
Ticket Office 85 Sparks $s_{t}$.
Phone 18 or 1180.
ANADIAN PACIFIC

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Improved Montreal Service.
(via short lines)

Leave Ottawa - $8.35 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m} ., 4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
(Via North Shore)
Leave Ottawa $\mathbf{4 . 1 3 \mathrm { a } . \mathrm { m } . , 8 \mathrm { a } \mathrm { m. } , 2 . 3 3 \mathrm { p } . \mathrm { m }}$ $620 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
(Sunday Service)
(Via Short Line)
Leave Ottawa . . 6,25 p.m
(Via Norta Shore)
Leave Ottawa - 4.13 a.m., 2.33 p.m.
OTTAW A TICKET OFFICES Central Station. Union Stations OEO. DUNCAN.
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Requires the services of several active Canvassers. Exclusive territory can be secured. Good pay to the right men. Ministers in ill-health, retired ministers, or ministers temporarily out of regular work would find this pleasant and profitable employment.

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& \text { OTTAWA, } & \text { ONT. }
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## THE PROVINCIAL

## BULLDING \& LOAN ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, - TEMPLE BUILDING, TORONTO.
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Subscribed Capital, $\$ \mathbf{2 , 2 7 6}$, foo. $\quad$ Assets Over $\$ 750,000.00$.
Thos. Crawford, M.P.P. (Presṭdent.) Ald. John Dunn (Vice President) Rev W. Galbraith, E., C. Davis, J. S. Deacon.

## DBBENTURES :

By-law paseed at Annual Meeting of Shareholders, March 13th, 1300: "The Board of Directors may, in pursuance of the Loan Corporation Act, and
are hereby authorized in their direction to issue debentures of the Association $\because$ for any period, from one to ten years, but for no sums less than $\$ 100$ each, inte. "rest thereon at a rate not exceeding s", perannum, being payable on the 1st April "and 1st Octobet each year by surrender of the coupon attached to the certificate
In accordance with the above the Directors have decided to issue $\$ 100,000$ at par. Half-yearly coupons payabie at the Imperial Bank (onge st, branch, Toronto. temple buling Tohento May 3lat, 1g00. CAVIE, Managing Director temple Bulliding, Tohonto May 3ist, 1900.

