

TWO
**SYDNEY HODGINS
HURT ON TRACK**

**Falls From Sulkey in Race At
Fair—Unconscious For
Time.**

Sydney G. Hodgins of Lucan was very seriously injured at the race track at the Western Fair at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when Alto Lynn, the horse, which he was driving, fell, when half way on the last lap of the second round of the 2:30 pace.

Mr. Hodgins was in second place at the time of the accident. Four other horses were coming up behind him, and when the horse fell Mr. Hodgins was thrown out of his seat. S. G. McNail, driver of Nilboy which was the last horse in the race, claims that the three horses behind Mr. Hodgins passed over his body, and how he escaped alive Mr. McNail could not explain. He says Mr. Hodgins was thrown fully ten feet in the air.

When the dust cleared away, all horses had broken away from their drivers. One of them raced down the track toward the covered grandstand and was only stopped from doing more harm by the efforts of one of the stewards. However, the other horses were caught by the drivers, and some of them proceeded to the finishing line.

One of the men taking part in the auto polo act rushed to Mr. Hodgins, assistance and carried him to the track into the ring. Doctors were then summoned to the aid of the injured man, and it was thought at first that he was not seriously hurt.

An ambulance call was sent in to No. 4 Nursing Division Hospital tent, of which Mrs. J. P. Thomson is head, and they responded immediately. Mr. Hodgins was placed on a stretcher and taken to the tent, where several doctors examined him and found that he was still unconscious and suffering greatly from shock. Two lacerated scalp wounds were also found, and it is suspected that there is a fracture of the base of skull. Mrs. Thomson informed The Advertiser that the shock was probably the most serious.

Alto Lynn, the horse Hodgins drove, was owned by Edwin Lewis of Bothwell. It received several scratches about the forelegs and hips. Mr. Hodgins had 2:30 his horse well in the front during the whole race, and it was just 25 yards from the accident, when it showed signs of "breaking." Other horses that were in the accident were High Note, Lady Clay, Johnnie Canuck and Nilboy. Mr. McNail of Godrich, driver of Nilboy, received a bad bruise on the hip and several scratches about the face, but was able to proceed with the race.

When Mr. Hodgins left his farm, which is just a few miles out of Lucan, he had no intention of driving a horse. He is well known throughout all Western Ontario and in many parts of the United States, where he has driven horses for the past fifteen years. Mr. Hodgins, after making a successful tour of many tracks in the United States last summer, sold his horse, and since then he has not been doing much driving. He was considered by all race horse men as a good driver and careful. When horses were lunched, he was Mrs. Hodgins, who was at home, was not notified of the accident until late last evening, when it was learned that he was still unconscious. Mr. Hodgins was taken to Victoria Hospital soon after it was found how he was injured. At 10 o'clock last evening he was resting quietly and had regained consciousness.

In the third heat of the 2:30 trot, Driver C. Sifton of Mayno was thrown from his seat when his horse stumbled. Mr. Sifton managed to cling to the lines and uprighted the sulky finishing the heat close to the end home. Mr. Sifton received great applause when he finished the race.

**ANGUS CAMP FOUND
GUILTY OF WHISKEY
CHARGE; FINED \$100**

**Local Drayman Convicted On
Admission That He Worked
For Strangers.**

Convicted of having liquor in a place other than a private dwelling, Angus Camp, a local drayman, was fined \$100 and costs by County Magistrate W. H. Chittick and John Stuart here Wednesday afternoon. The conviction was based on the admission of accused to Walter A. Smith of Toronto, chief constable of the Canadian Express Company, that he was hired to carry thirteen cases of whiskey from Parkhill to Lobo village by two unknown men, and which admission was accepted as true evidence at the trial yesterday, although Camp, who pleaded not guilty, denied it.

The charge, which was laid by License Inspector J. E. Keenleyside of this city, revealed a complicated turn of events. Recently the thirteen cases of whiskey arrived at the Parkhill railway station, addressed to Hiram Wilson and men purporting to be the consignees, applied to W. Waugh, the agent, for the liquor, and upon being identified by a Parkhill resident the booze was delivered to them.

However, twenty-nine cases of whiskey awaiting a legitimate claimant, had been stolen from the Parkhill depot the night before, and Constable Smith was sent down to investigate the theft. Wilson and Grenville, the two consignees of the thirteen cases, were interviewed during the investigation and denied that they had ordered or received the whiskey. They were taken to the station and there they declared that the Grand Bend residents were not the men to whom he delivered the liquor, and hence the latter were impostors.

Two days later (according to Constable Smith in the witness box Wednesday), Camp was interviewed, and he then admitted that he was returning to London from Sarnia. He further admitted to witness that he was hired by two unknown men to transport the liquor to Lobo Village, where it was transferred to another auto by them. However, Smith swore that the empty cases were found in a fence corner near Nairn, and some distance from Lobo. Marks on the empties identified them as part of the shipment claimed by the impostors.

License Inspector George Down of Grand Bend partly corroborated Constable Smith, but stated that he did not accompany him when the empty cases were found. Albert E. Judd defended

the case, and his client denied having made the admission to Smith, although the court accepted the latter's testimony as the truth. The magistrates in registering a conviction, commented that it was a singular state of affairs when the parties who hired Camp to go to Parkhill were unknown to him, which statement in their opinion was not a satisfactory explanation for his offence in having the whiskey in his possession.

**RECORD NUMBER OF
WOMEN REGISTER**

**First Class Certificate Work
Now Being Taught At
Normal School.**

Classes at the Normal School have begun in earnest after two days of strenuous registration. 214 students in all being enrolled. This number includes the largest number of women students yet on record. Of these 29 are entering the course leading to a first-class certificate, which will enable them to teach in Continuation Schools. This will be the first year that this work is covered in the Normal Schools of the province, it having hitherto been taken up in the faculties of education in connection with Toronto and Queen's Universities.

"Do you consider that this placing of the first-class certificate work in the hands of the Normal Schools, places them on a higher academic standing?" Principal John Dearness was asked. "We take over this work because we are asked to do so, the Normal School being considered the best place in which it may be covered," responded Mr. Dearness. "We do not, however, consider that any standing is ahead of that of the teacher of the primary grades of the public schools, this position, when occupied satisfactorily being the most difficult of all."

The List:
Following is the list of students who are candidates at the Normal School for first-class and second-class certificates:

First-Class.
Mary E. Bradt, Aylmer; Annie Calvert, St. Thomas; Selma M. Caverly, Aylmer; Ethel M. Colquhoun, St. Thomas; Edith Cook, Aylmer; Gladys M. Cox, St. Thomas; Sadie M. Cran, Watford; Catherine M. Fenech, St. Thomas; Thomas, Marguerita Garner, Glencoe; Marion E. Grant, London; Lorne Harvey, St. Thomas; Lily R. Hoffman, Watford; Elsie Jackson, Stratford; Grace Kinder, Stratford; Helen M. Kinder, Peterborough; Jessie Kinder, Watford; Rose McKernacher, Chatham; Gladys M. Moore, Stratford; Rae E. Morris, Stratford; Helen M. Mott, Norwich; Bernadette O'Donnell, Forest; Jean Pemberton, South Woodville; Helen Shaw, London; Mary C. Smith, Hickson; Mary B. Taylor, Glanworth; Jessie M. Thomson, Walkerville; Wallace Fox, Walkerville; Harris Newton, London.

Second-Class Certificates.
Elsie Anderson, Hensall; Verda Badgley, Florence; Wilhelmina Baker, Chatham; Nellie L. Baker, Wilton Grove; Helen Barbour, London; Sadie A. Barnes, Watford; Myrtle E. Barrons, Belmont; Viola Bell Baxter, St. Thomas; Denfield; Earleene Blende, Chatham; Vina Bolton, Sarnia; Beatrice Bourne, Alvinston; Ruby D. Boyer, Harrisburg; Emma Brazier, St. Marys; Mina Bryant, Stratford; Audia Bunning, Cedar Springs; Opal Burke, Elmholm; Dorothy Burch, Chatham; Vera Buttery, Stratford; Gertrude Cadotte, Chatham; Margaret Cameron, Thamesville; Annie S. Campbell, Chatham; Effie D. Campbell, Alvinston; Hazel E. Campbell, Dutton; Mary B. Campbell, St. Thomas; Nellie L. Campbell, Crinan; Marjorie Carruthers, Melbourne; Kathleen Chambers, Muncey; Alberta Clunas, Springfield; Annie L. Cole, Chatham; Margaret Cole, Southwood; Aileen Core, Petrolia; Mary Coulter, Dover Centre; Helen Cowan, Cornwall; Eva Crawford, Highgate; Essie Currah, Canlanachie; Viola Dawes, Belmont; Ruth Dawson, Wheatley; Helen Donovan, St. Thomas; Ida Dunlop, Forest; Elsie Dundas, Dorchester; Myrtle Dunlop, Dover Centre; Jean C. Edwards, Chatham; Agnes Englund, London; Jean A. Ewart, Petrolia; Ruth Facey, Dorchester; Mary Ferguson, Sarnia; Gertrude Fleming, London; Winnifred Plack, Embro; Beryl Fleming, Pelee Island; Greta Fleming, London; Edith Foster, London; Evelyn Grogan, Dresden; Rebecca Frissell, Bognor; Myrtle Gantley, Wilton Grove; Gladys Grant, Woodstock; Helen Grogan, Arkona; Margaret Guest, London; R. L. G. Annie Hackett, Windsor; Alice Haines, Sarnia; Helen Harcourt, London; Claire Harrett, Thamesville; Hazel Hawes, Ridgeway; Norma Henderson, Woodstock; Marguerite Henderson, Woodstock; Flossie Higgins, Harrow; Beatrice Himmigham, Watford; Marie Hobbs, Dorchester; Hogg, Thamesford; Leopoldine Houle, Bear Line; Corinne Howe, Southwood; Claire Howe, Aylmer; Ruby Palmer, Ilderton; Frances Hyatt, Mount Brydges; Geraldine Hyland, Essex; Kathleen Kelly, Chatham; Phyllis Knet, London; Margaret Kernohan, Forest; Willena Keys, London; Lucile Kilmer, St. Thomas; Kent, London; Margaret Kernohan, Grace Langstaff, Tupperville; Mildred, London; Leannington, Grace Love, Dresden; Effie McCallum, Alvinston; Jessie McCallum, Alvinston; Beatrice McCallum, Wilton Grove; Myrtle McCoubrey, London; Maude McCracken, Mount Brydges; Annie MacDougall, Stratford; Lily McEwen, Denfield; Edna McGillivray, Florence; Lizzie McGregor, London; Susan McGregor, Ridgeway; Mildred McIntosh, Cliford; Marion McIntyre, Belmont; Lulu McKellar, Alvinston; Ellen McKellar, Glencoe; Margaret McKenna, Watford; Elizabeth McKenna, Fletcher; Mabel McNamee, Lucan; Margaret Malsey, Sandwich; Dorothy Major, Chatham; Carrie Martin, Denfield; Elva Matthews, London; Perol Matthews, Delaware; Elveta Matthews, Kerwood; Leah Meade, Blenheim; Olive Mickle, Wallaceburg; Nelly Middleton, Wyoming; Ada J. Minelly, Wyoming; Marie Morgan, Watford; Lulu Morgan, Palmerston; Laura Morrison, Tupperville; Annie Murphy, Stratford; May Neilson, Stratford; Sada Neville, Cottam; Ethel O'Connor, Port Stanley; Irene Owen, Chatham; Minnie Pack, Byron; Ruby Palmer, Tilbury; Cora Parker, London; Jennie Parker, London; Luella Pearce, Aylmer; Marguerite Pickard, Essex; Eva E. Piper, London Junction; Edna Poole, Wilton Grove; Ella Poole, Harley; Ardath Poole, Bothwell; Ruth Purvis, Essex; Marion Radford, Courtport; Hattie Robertson, Oil Springs; Mary Robertson, Chatham; Helen Rose, Embro; Jean Ruhnke, Bear Line; Marjorie Sadler, Stratford; Annie Sauvey, Oil Springs; Mabel Schuler, Walkerville; Norma Scott, Lambeth; Clara Sellers, Kingsville; Margaret Shaw, Wallaceburg; Marie Shaw, Wallaceburg; Evelyn Shepley, Bothwell; Sister Fiedis, Chatham; Sister Mary, Windsor; Sister Theodora, Windsor; Irene Shields, Stratford; Jean Skelton, Thamesville; Ethel Smith, Chatham; Shirley Spence, Mossley; Willa Stewart, Denfield; Eva Stokes, Springfield; Margery Sullivan, Stratford; Cleo Sutton, Glencoe; Greta Sutton, St. Thomas; Maude Sweet, Aylmer; Elma Taylor, Petrolia; Jenny Taylor, Belmont; Elsie Taylor, St. Thomas; Alfreda Thompson, Blenheim; Mary Thomson, Walkerville; Catherine Tilden, Lambeth; Marie Vanackie, Port Burwell; Verna Vanatona, Byron; Charlotte Vinke, Ingersoll; Nettie Walker, Petrolia; Viola Walrath, Northwood; Myrtle Webb, Mount Brydges; Jean Welch, Crinan; Ada Vickerham, Tilbury; Mary Wells, Northwood; Mae Whaley, Appin; Pearl Wilson, Elmwood; Myrtle Wyatt, Mount Brydges; Helena Youngs, Bothwell; Raymond Bishop, Stratford; R. Dobson, Tilbury; Harris Humphries, Stratford; Charles Kelly, London; Ernest MacKellar, Glencoe; Hamilton Robison, Ilderton; George Sutherland, Woodstock; Norval Woods, Watford.

Friday Opportunity Day

IN MEN'S SHOP



A Special Purchase of
Men's Suits and Overcoats \$29.50
For the First Fall Opportunity Day

Splendid Fabrics In New Models for Men and Young Men
SUITS OVERCOATS

Single and double-breasted, worsteds, serges, unfinished worsteds, tweeds; sizes 34 to 46. Styles for men and young men **\$29.50**

Medium weights for fall, heavy ulsters, ulsterettes, some with belts, wool serge lining; models for men and young men **\$29.50**

A Great Stock of Men's and Young Men's High-Grade
Suits and Overcoats---At Savings From 25% to 35% **\$36.75**

Beautiful All-Wool Suits and Overcoats at a price that will be difficult to duplicate. A splendid variety of models to choose from and a multitude of patterns. Many men will get a suit and overcoat from this lot at very near the price of one. Take advantage of this exceptional offer tomorrow. Suit or Overcoat **\$36.75**

**Smallman & Ingram Hand-Tailored
Suits**

Suits that embody every essential of quality, style and workmanship. Showing of exclusive models and patterns for men and young men **\$50, \$60, \$70**

Men's Trousers, \$6.85

Well-tailored Trousers, in neat stripes, worsteds, etc.; sizes 32 to 44. An exceptional offering **\$6.85**

Work Socks

Cotton and wool mixture, 35c; three pairs **\$1.00**

Work Gloves

Leather; all specially priced..... 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25

**A Large Selection of Suits
and Overcoats**

From broken ranges, odd sizes, etc. A Suit or Overcoat from this group will mean a substantial saving to economic buyers **\$24.50**

Clearance of Raincoats, \$8.95

Guaranteed waterproof, with or without belts. This sale price is a mere fraction of the actual present-day values **\$8.95**

**For the Workingman Tomorrow
Signal Shirts, \$2.25**

Railroad Signal Blue Work Shirts, with separate collar to match.

**A Great Sale of Raincoats, \$15.45
One-Third to One-Half Off**

Men's and Young Men's Rubberized Wool Tweed Raincoats, with or without belts, patch pockets; really two coats in one. Full skirted and very dressy; all sizes. These will go with a rush Opportunity Day, tomorrow **\$15.45**

**Men's and Young Men's Top Coats,
\$27.75**

Fall-Weight Overcoats, with raglan or regular shoulders, body-fitters and loose-fitting models, all-wool tweeds, light and dark shades, greys, browns, greens and dark mixtures. Priced exceptionally low for Opportunity Day, tomorrow **\$27.75**

**"Railroad King," Peabody's Overalls,
\$2.75 pair.**

All Sizes.

A BEVY OF FALL FURNISHINGS AT FEATURE VALUES TOMORROW

Sweaters, Underwear, Shirts, Socks, Hats

SALE OF SAMPLE SECONDS

Men's Wool Sweater Coats, \$4.69.

Assorted shades, with shawl collars, "Pullovers" in brown and grey; 34 to 44. Clearance price tomorrow **\$4.69**

Shirts, \$3.95

Clearance of broken lines of Extra-Quality, High-Grade Shirts. Some of these shirts are worth nearly twice the price today. Clearance sale price **\$3.95**

Shirts, \$2.35

About ten dozen Fine Quality Shirts, neat stripes, fast colors. Clearing sale price tomorrow **\$2.35**

All-Wool Cashmere Hose, 89c

High-Grade Fine Wool Socks, Penman's, black only. Pair **89c**

Combinations, \$2.39

Shirts and Drawers, \$1.19
Penman's Merino, splendid fall weight undergarments for men. Sale price..... **\$2.39** suit and \$1.19 garment

Heavy Cotton Socks

Fine quality black Cordovan, navy, grey, etc., all sizes. Pair **39c**

Silk Lisle Socks

All shades, two-tones, etc. Pair **95c**

**Sale of Men's New Fall Fur
Felt Hats, \$4.85**

Beautiful quality Fur Felt Hats, in greens, brown, grey, olive and many other new shades; all new shapes. This is a real value. Sale price tomorrow **\$4.85**

Pure Strand Silk Socks

In a number of shades. While they last, pair **69c**

Sale of Ties, 49c

Beautiful Novelty Silk Ties, full flowing ends. Many will pick their Christmas requirements at this ridiculous price **49c**

Garters, 19c

Good Elastic Webbing Pad Garters, many shades. Sale price, tomorrow only, pair **19c**

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN THE BOYS' DEPT. TOMORROW

A Special Purchase of Boys' High-Grade All-Wool Suits - \$15.75

These are High-Grade Suits, and are exceptionally low priced at \$15.75, when one compares them with suits that regularly sell for at least one-third more. Made of tweeds, worsteds, serges, and styled in the newest models, and of "Boy-proof" wear. We cannot speak too highly of these suits; all sizes. On sale tomorrow **\$15.75**

**CLEARING OF BROKEN SIZES AND
RANGES TOMORROW - ONE-
THIRD TO ONE-HALF OFF.**

Boys' Suits,

\$8.95 AND \$11.95
Sizes 11 to 16 years.

**Sale of Junior Norfolk Suits,
\$6.95**

For the little fellow; brown and grey tweeds; smartly styled; sizes 3, 4 and 5 years. Sale price..... **\$6.95**

**Little Boys' Fall Topcoats.
Sale Price, \$4.75**

Grey and brown tweeds; smart styles; 3, 4 and 5 years only..... **\$4.75**

Boys' Blouses, 85c, \$1.25, \$1.50

Splendid materials for school and dress blouses; all sizes..... **85c, \$1.25, \$1.50**

**Boys' Tweed Hats for
Fall**

Variety of new shapes for boys of all ages. All specially priced.

**Boys' All-Wool Heavy "Pull-
Over" Sweaters**

Pretty color combinations. Every boy should have one of these. All specially priced.

Boys' All-Wool Jerseys

Button on shoulder; navy, brown, grey, etc. Specially priced **\$1.85**

Boys' Caps

At one special group clearing tomorrow. Smart styles and neat patterns. Each **59c**



**Don't be surprised
when you find
POSTUM
fully as delicious
and satisfying
as coffee.
Thousands
before you have
found it so.**

There's a Reason

TRAVELING GOODS
Club Bags, Trunks and Suitcases.
In the Basement.

**SMALLMAN & INGRAM
LIMITED**

**SEE THE NEW DUPLEX FIRELESS
COOKER.
In the Basement.**

KILLED IN HOLD-UP.
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Max Rablitz was shot to death, and his wife, Emma, was wounded, in a hold-up in their fur shop opposite the Pennsylvania station today. The assailant was captured.

A DANGEROUS WARNING —BLEEDING GUMS

Are your gums tender? Do they bleed when brushed? If so—watch out for Pyorrhea.

This disease of the gums, which afflicts four out of five people over forty, not only destroys the teeth, but often wrecks the health.

In Pyorrhea, the gums become spongy, then recede; the teeth decay, loosen, and fall out—or must be extracted to rid the system of the infecting Pyorrhea germs which breed in pockets about them. These germs lower the body's vitality and cause many diseases.

You can keep Pyorrhea away. Visit your dentist often for tooth and gum inspection, and use Forhan's For the Gums.

Forhan's For the Gums prevents Pyorrhea—or checks its progress, if used in time and used consistently. Ordinary dentifrices cannot do this. Forhan's keeps the gums firm and healthy—the teeth white and clean.

Start using it today. If your gums have receded, use Forhan's according to directions, and come to a dentist immediately for special treatment.

35c and 60c tubes in Canada and U.S. If your druggist cannot supply you, send price to us direct and we will mail tube postpaid.

FORHAN'S, LTD., Montreal

Forhan's FOR THE GUMS

**Ladies Let Cuticura
Keep Your Skin
Fresh and Young**

Small Outlets: Toronto, 5c each. Sold every where. Can. Depot: Syracuse, N.Y., 10c each.

**TINT AWAY GREY
OR FADED HAIR**

The Safe, Harmless Method By Which Thousands of Women Keep Looking Young.

TRIAL PACKAGE SENT FREE.
There are many hair "dyes" and so-called "restorers," but there is only one "Brownatone." Hair Tint—safe, harmless, instant in results, easy to apply and preferred by every woman who has tried it.



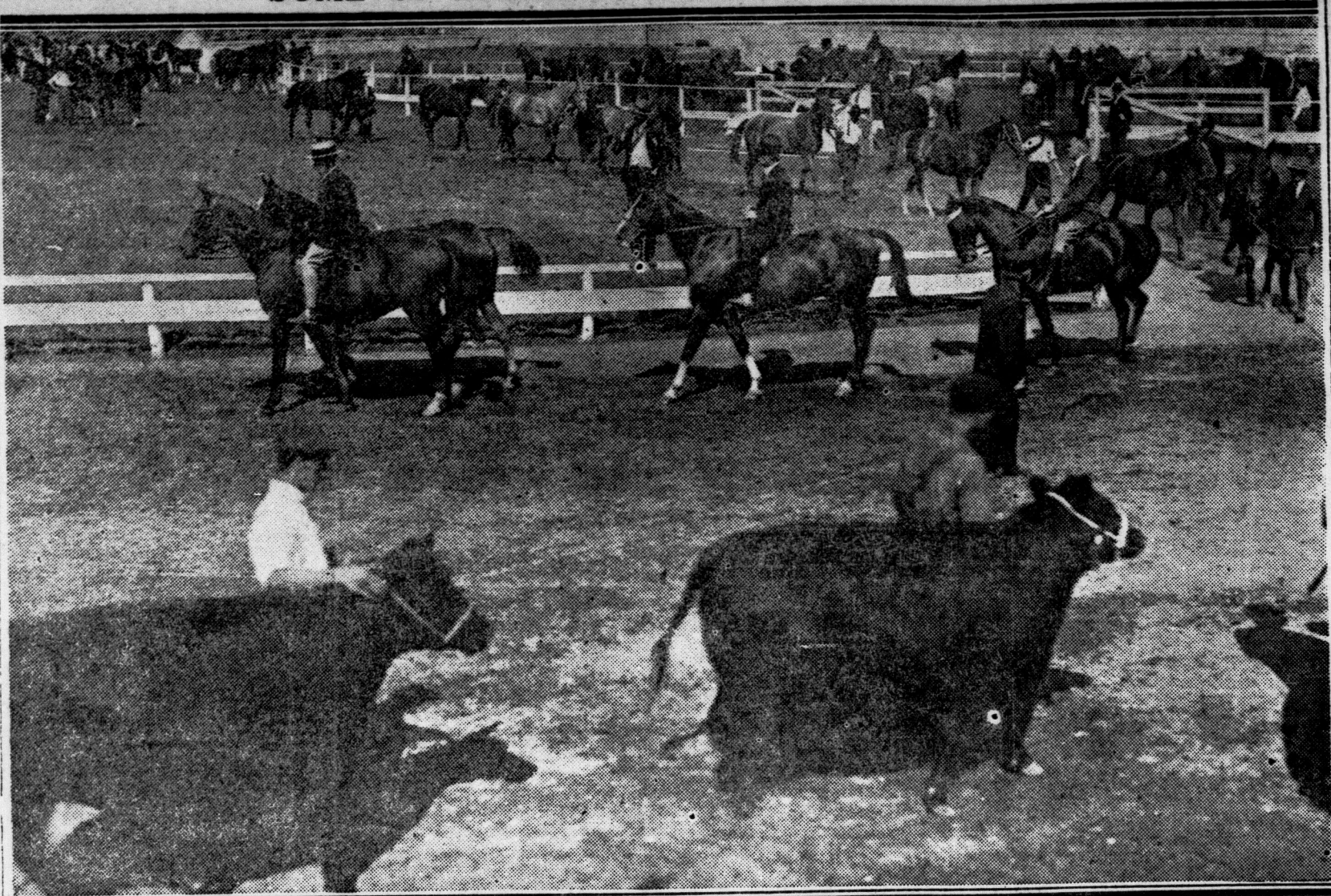
"Brownatone is My Best Friend."
This wonderful preparation does not rub or wash off. If you want a delightful surprise, just brush or comb a little "Brownatone" through your grey, streaked, or bleached hair and see it change like magic to golden, soft or deep rich brown, or black—any shade desired—the exact color to set off your complexion.

Absolutely Harmless.
"Brownatone" is not only odorless and greaseless, but is absolutely non-injurious. We absolutely guarantee it to contain no lead, sulphur, silver, mercury, zinc, aniline, or coal tar products. Used for switches as well as growing hair, "Brownatone" is sold and recommended in London by Standard Drug Company, Limited; Cairncross & Lawrence; Taylor Drug Company, and other leading dealers. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.50.

Special Free Trial Offer.
Send only 10c with this coupon for Free Trial Package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Mail This Coupon Now.
The Kenton Pharmacy Co., 501 Coppin Bldg., Covington, Ky. Enclosed find 10c (to cover postage and packing) for Trial Package of Brownatone.
.....Light to Medium Brown orDark Brown to Black.
Mark with X shade wanted and mail with your full name and address.

SOME OF CANADA'S CHOICEST LIVE STOCK



The above picture gives an excellent general idea of the high standard of quality reached by the live stock exhibits at the Western Fair this year. The scene is a busy corner of the horse-judging ring, with some of the prize-winning cattle in the foreground.

PREVIOUS RECORDS FOR FAIR CROWDS BELIEVED BROKEN

Every Part of Queen's Park Is Thronged — Week Before
Exact Figures Known—Today's Attendance Will
Be Large—Lower Prices On Friday.

Conservative estimates of the attendance at the Western Fair Wednesday vary from 40,000 to 55,000. Every part of the grounds was thronged, and nowhere in Queen's Park could one escape from the crowds or move about except slowly and by dint of jostling his neighbors. Until late in the evening all the buildings were packed. Between 3,000 and 10,000 people packed the grandstands in the afternoon, and the crowd was fully as great in the evening.

The directors declined to make any estimate of the throngs. It might be a week before the exact figures would be known, they stated. However, several of them individually made guesses ranging from 40,000 to 55,000, while independent estimates hazarded by people not officially connected with the fair ranged up to 60,000 and even higher. About 10,300 in the morning and about 11,000 in the afternoon incipient riots occurred at the gates because of the delay resulting from inadequate change booth facilities. It was claimed that some fair visitors annoyed at the delay and trouble getting into the grounds returned uptown and went to the theatres. Whether any considerable number did this is doubtful, but at any rate all the theatres were crowded to capacity both afternoon and evening.

Crowd Today.
Another large attendance is anticipated today. Thursday's attendance is always swelled by the presence of people who stay away on Wednesday to avoid the crowds. As a result the attendance of the two days is sometimes approximately equalized.

Complaints in some quarters locally have been made about the increase in the admission charge. Pessimists claimed that thousands of citizens with large families would not attend because of the 50-cent admission price. In view of Wednesday's thronged attendance, however, the pessimists were quite large in the minds of the fair management. If it is true that the increased price killed the fair, how could the crowds that the lower prices would have brought be possibly accommodated in Queen's Park?

The lower price will prevail again on Friday, when adults will be admitted for 25 cents and children for 10 cents. As all the exhibits will be held in place until late Friday evening, and the attractions will be quite as good as on any other day, Friday's attendance will indicate whether the price of admission really makes very much difference to fair-goers.

Sheep Judging Results.
The following is a partial list of the prize-winning sheep exhibitors: Dorset horned sheep—Principal winners: W. Wright & Son, Glanworth; M. Stafford & Son, Sheddin; J. Robertson, Ayrton; C. Stobbs, Leamington. Champion ram—C. Stobbs. Champion ewe—C. Stobbs. Hampshire—Principal winners: Telfer Brothers, Paris. Southdowns—Principal winners: R. McEwen, R.R. 4, London; C. Stobbs;

E. W. Towcliffe, Hensall, 150, 6. Sheep—Stuart A. Brown, Sheddin, 183, 1; Oscar E. Lerch, Preston, 183, 2; Ivan Pettypiece, Cottam, 175, 3; W. R. Cable, Forest, 169, 4; Russell Parker, Watford, 165, 5; Emerson B. Warden, Alvington, 162, 6. Beef cattle—W. S. O'Neil, Denfield, 189, 1; D. J. Lerch, Preston, 188, 2; Oscar E. Lerch, Preston, 187, 3; Stuart A. Brown, Sheddin, 186, 4; C. R. Bradford, Oshawa, 185, 5; Duncan A. Brown, Sheddin, 181, 6.

EXCELLENT EXHIBITS

RUGGLES MOTOR TRUCKS ATTRACT THE CROWDS.
Directly facing the King street entrance to the exhibition grounds is the Ruggles Truck exhibit, where the Ruggles Motor Truck Company, Limited, London's newest industrial enterprise, has two attractive, serviceable-looking trucks displayed. In view of the big crowds of fair visitors stop to look carefully over the exhibit and comment overhead are uniformly very favorable.

Mr. Frank W. Ruggles, who built the largest motor truck company in the world, is at the head of the Ruggles Motor Truck Company, Limited. The firm, which has started work here already, will build their "All-Purpose" trucks in a large, modern, up-to-date plant in this city. Three models of trucks will be built: one-and-a-half ton, two-and-a-half ton, and three-and-a-half ton capacity trucks. The firm aims to offer the Canadian shipper a powerful and economically operated truck at a reasonable price.

Every present and prospective truck owner should see the Ruggles truck when visiting the Western Fair. Additional interest will be found in this exhibit in that here one may see the trucks that are going to be built in London to solve the transportation problems of London and other Canadian shippers.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS ARE MORE FASTIDIOUS THAN AMERICAN.

A visit to the Transportation Building and a careful inspection of the various automobiles shown, shows that the Canadian manufacturer pays more attention to details of finishing, refinement and appointments than the average American manufacturer.

This point is distinctly brought out in the McLaughlin exhibit. The new McLaughlin Master Six models show many refinements for the comfort and pleasure of the motorist that are lacking in the Buick car as built in the United States.

Among these appointments are the handsome new top of black top material; natural rubber boxes with nickel-plated slat irons; plate glass in rear of top as well as in side curtains; walnut instrument board; recessed, with leather, new partition for small parcels; tonneau light; deep, rich upholstery with special roll-up covers for the top, and many other features shows the thought and study that McLaughlin engineers have put through to build a car worthy of the slogan, "Canada's Standard Car."

MOTORIZING THE FARM.

A visit to the Samson Exhibit shows the advances which are being made with a view to overcoming the shortage of labor on the farm. It is strange, too, that no other company seems to have anticipated the demand as clearly as the Samson Tractor Company.

They are showing Samson Model M tractor, which is a powerful machine capable of pulling two or three plows on the draw-bar, or does all manner of belt power work on the farm.

The "Iron Horse" is a smaller machine which is designed to take the place of a team of horses. It will stride two rows of corn, and do all general light duty work on the farm. To further overcome the shortage of labor, the "Iron Horse" can be controlled by reins like a team of horses, or by an operator sitting on the implement, thereby eliminating the use of an extra man.

A big demand is predicted for this type of tractor, which will be on sale next spring.

Another decided innovation is the Samson Truck, designed and built for farm use. The special wheel construction—a Samson patent—enables the Samson Truck to haul produce across plowed fields, mud, or on roads in any condition. Samson Disk Harrows, seed cultivators, plows, etc., all show a distinct advantage over previous types of farm implements.

Samson Tractor Company is a subsidiary of General Motors of Canada, Limited. Operations have been started at Oshawa, and it is anticipated that their splendid line will find a heavy sale among Canadian farmers.

Every farmer who visits the fair should make it a point to visit the

Prize Winners.
The following are the prize winners, the total score obtainable being 200 points:
Heavy horses—D. J. Lerch, Preston, 180, 1; Leslie W. Turnbull, Oak, R.R. 3, 177, 2; C. R. Bradford, Oshawa, 172, 3; W. A. Hume, Campbellford, 153, 4; W. A. Fowler, Hyde Park, R.R. 1, 151, 5.

all the advantages of this wonderful new invention of man.
The Apex Electric Washer is also being closely inspected and several sales have been made.

CANADA STARCH COMPANY, LTD.
The big exhibit of the Canada Starch Company in the Pure Food Building continues to draw big crowds daily. Many are the enthusiastic comments heard from the ladies regarding the new shortening and salad oil "Mazola." This is the new corn oil made by the manufacturers of the well-known Silver Star brand. It is also being shown in the exhibit of fruit preserved with half sugar and half Lyle's White Syrup, the syrup not only being cheaper than sugar, but giving more body and more pleasing flavor to the preserves. Representatives are always in the booth and will be glad to explain any of the corn products of the Canada Starch Company.

CRAWFORD PIANO COMPANY.
The handsome display of the musical instruments by the Crawford Piano Company is attracting great attention at the fair this year. This concern is featuring the William Knabe Company Piano, the Willis Art Piano and

The Fragrance of

"SALADA"

Anticipates its exquisite flavour.

Send us a postal for a free sample. Please state the price you now pay and whether Black, Green or Mixed Address Salada, Toronto.

the Chickering Piano, all of which make it possible to have at home the stand for the highest on the market. The Ampico Reproducing Piano, of which the sales in the past have been so plentiful that the demands cannot be filled, is an instrument that

"The Farabed"

BEST FOR REST

See This Wonderful New Bed AT THE FAIR

It is the only bed in the world than can be adjusted to any desired position to assure perfect rest. And it is more than a bed—it is also a rolling easy chair, living-room or veranda lounge and invalid's cot.

When not in use the Farabed can be folded into a bundle so compact that several of them can be stored easily into a small clothes closet.

No other bed in the world equals the Farabed in comfort, adaptability or convenience. And it will last a lifetime. Physicians and hospital superintendents are especially invited to ask for demonstration of the Farabed for hospitals.

Made only by

K. Farah & Sons

Limited.

43 Victoria Street,
Toronto.

See It At
The Fair



The Prize Exhibit the New and Greater McLaughlin Master Six for 1921

CANADIANS who visit the Fair will again admire the new 1921 McLaughlin Master Six, which more than maintains McLaughlin supremacy.

The new design embodies beauty that endures with no freakish lines. Added refinements and mechanical improvements more than ever establish the McLaughlin as

CANADA'S STANDARD CAR

INSPECTION INVITED AT THE FAIR

McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR Co., Limited
OSHAWA ONTARIO

See the New Models at the Fair or at the local Showrooms.

CORNER BATHURST AND RICHMOND STS.



Model 21-45

The McLAUGHLIN MASTER SIX

THOMAS THOMAS THOMAS THOMAS THOMAS

LABOR MEN

FREE CONSOLATION
PRIZE DRAWING

Tomorrow (Friday) Night, 8 o'clock

Bring the stubs of your Labor Day drawing tickets and secure one of the several valuable prizes given by Thomas Furniture Co. at the store.

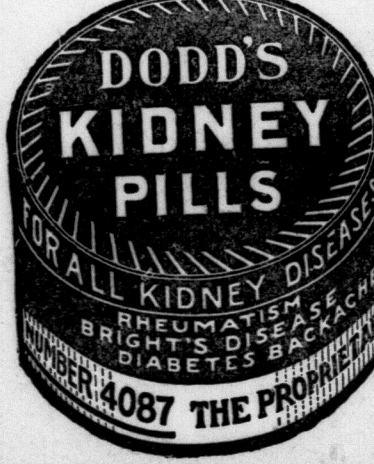
PRESIDENT FRANK McKAY IN CHARGE.

Drawing on Main Floor—8 o'clock.

THOMAS FURNITURE CO

240 DUNDAS STREET.

THOMAS THOMAS THOMAS THOMAS THOMAS



DRYGOODS
MILLINERY
WEARING
APPAREL.**Kingsmills**FLOOR
COVERINGS,
FURNITURE,
FURNITURE.

Delightfully Charming Are the New Fall Dresses

Captivating styles of superior quality and workmanship, fashioned from beautiful fabrics, and of attractive colorings. Many handsome models are shown in Jersey, Serge, Taffeta, Tricotee and Tricotine.

SPECIALLY PRICED **\$29.50 TO \$52.00**
Second Floor.

SPECIAL DISPLAY IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, COATINGS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY, LACES,
FURNITURE, DRAPERIES, CARPETS

Beautiful Fall Millinery

In many original and distinctive styles, fashioned from rich silk velvets, duvetyne, plush, taffeta and panne, in lovely new shades, as well as the staple navy and black.

REASONABLY PRICED **\$5.00 TO \$20.00**
Second Floor.**Kingsmills**

LONDON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE

PREVIOUS RECORDS

Continued From Page Four.

musician is almost alive on the stool beside one.
The Chickering Grand Piano attracts large numbers. Miss Iva Smith is playing the piano in a manner that not only wins applause, but conveys to the audience the wonderful music and tone that can be got out of one of these pianos.In addition to the pianos, the Crawford Piano Company is the agent of the Brunswick Phonograph. The Brunswick by its triple adjustment, with the diamond point, steel needle and sapphire ball, can play any record made. By virtue of its oval wood tone amplifier, this phonograph is void of the metallic tone which detracts from so many machines.
The instruments displayed at this booth are most attractive in design, the drums represented apart from efforts to make a thing of beauty as well as an instrument of the purest tone.

Christie, Brown

The Business That Is Built on Quality Has a Sure Foundation.

CHRISTIE'S BISCUITS

Have an Established International Reputation For Quality.

Christie, Brown & Co., Limited

Come and See Our Exhibit in the Pure Food Building at the Western Fair.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS COUNCIL WILL MEET IN PARIS SATURDAY

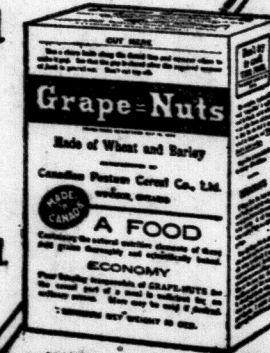
PARIS, Sept. 15.—The council of the League of Nations will meet in Paris on September 18. Leon Bourgeois will preside.

With sugar scarce and costly, more and more interest is naturally being shown in that self-sweetened food—

Grape-Nuts

This ready-to-eat cereal food is abundantly supplied with sugar, developed in the process of making from the choicest parts of wheat and malted barley.

Flavor tells—

Made by
Canadian Postum Cereal Co. Ltd.
Windsor, Ontario.

ABOLISH ENTIRE TARIFF, DEMAND SINGLE TAXERS

New Group Backs Up Agriculture Council Before Commission.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 15.—Local industrial representatives of millions of dollars, in statements presented today before the tariff commission, argued the retention of the protective tariff, which, they said, made their existence possible.
Several local firms definitely told the commission that any drastic lowering of the tariff would result in their having to cease business on account of competition from the United States.
"The Farmers' platform says free trade in five years," said E. Fringle, K. C., representing the textile industry. "If we are to die, far better would it be to have sudden death rather than prolonged agony."
In conclusion, he said, the great problems to be solved in Canada and a great war debt to be paid off, industries must be encouraged. If that debt was to be settled by a policy of encouraging importation was the enemy of home industry.
Sir Henry Drayton questioned Mr. Fringle on several of the details in his argument.A new group, the Single Tax League of Western Canada, aligned on the side of the tariff, in its statement before the commission, argued that the tariff, to be replaced by a 2 per cent tax of the unimproved land value, asks for the eventual abolition of the protective tariff, but a sudden reduction would be satisfactory at the present time.
The first Winnipeg sessions of the commission concluded at noon.
Sir Henry Drayton, chairman, and Senator G. D. B. Macdonald, who will hold a session Friday.
D. W. Buchanan, representing the single tax league, advocated a reduction of the tariff along the lines proposed by the Canadian Council of Agriculture. In this memorandum setting forth the views of the single tax league, it is stated:

The tariff, as a means of facing public revenue is inequitable, burdensome and wasteful, and it would be wise and expedient for the Dominion Government to make a substantial reduction in the tariff and to replace the revenues which are thereby lost by direct taxation of 2 per cent upon all unimproved land values in the Dominion.

The act of the league is, according to the statement, to have the customs tariff entirely abolished. However, in view of the dislocation of business, which would result from any such sudden change, the league requests that this be brought gradually to allow of readjustment.
In explaining what is meant by a tax on unimproved land values, the league presented a memorandum. It stated: "We do not mean only the land values of unimproved land, but the unimproved value of all land, or, in other words, the value of all land apart from any improvements which may be in or upon it."
Among the benefits, which they state will result, if their suggestion is adopted, is the removal of the injustices of the present tariff system, which is held by them to take "anybody's money" and to give it to the few of the people as it produces for the Government." The memorandum argued that the removal of this system of direct taxation.

PARISIAN BOULEVARD DANCE AT STRATFORD FOR MEMORIAL FUND

Veterans Differ As To Propriety of the Celebration.

STRATFORD, Sept. 15.—Stratford's main thoroughfare presented an animated appearance this evening, the occasion being the Parisian Boulevard Dance under the auspices of the Merchants' Association. John McDonald, Chapter, I. O. O. F., and a citizens' committee. The proceeds are for the soldiers' memorial fund.
Ontario street was recently repaved and advantage was taken of the situation to materially increase the membership of the Citizens' Association. The plan and not since the armistice has such a celebration been held. Two blocks of Ontario street were closed for dancing and two bands provided the music. The stores were gaily decorated and the entrances to the inclosure were bedecked with flowers and branches.Although the Great War Veterans' Band gave their services gratuitously, the local branch of the Grand Army of United Veterans opposed the general plan by a resolution in their meeting. The resolution was as follows:
"We at our meetings do stand and bow our heads in silence in respect for our fallen comrades and yet you give permission for a dance to be held to raise funds for a memorial. We cannot see it in any other light but just mockery to our fallen brothers and comrades."W. J. McCully was chairman of the committee of arrangements.
Dr. J. D. Monteith has presented to the park board four Mallard ducks which will be placed on the river with the swans.

Mrs. W. H. Barnhardt has returned from a four-months' trip to England, France and Belgium. She was successful in locating the grave of her son, who was killed in action. Mrs. Drinkwater, who resided here prior to enlistment and returned here, was attested and discharged in England.

WOMAN FINED \$500 FOR SELLING WHISKEY

WINDSOR, Sept. 15.—Found guilty of selling liquor, Mrs. Barney Mechanic, wife of a well-known local contractor and proprietor of two moving picture houses here, was today fined \$500 and given a 12-month probation. The husband, against whom a charge of breach of another section of the Ontario temperance act had been preferred, was acquitted, and the court ordered the restoration to him of 105 cases of whiskey seized at the time of the arrest.
Conviction in the former case was secured by Special Inspectors Rev. J. O. L. Spracklin, Corriar and Cross some weeks ago, when Mrs. Mechanic, unaware of their identity, sold them the whiskey.

CEMENT SHORTAGE MAY DELAY PAVING WORK

SARNIA, Sept. 15.—The concrete work on the Milton-Windsor street intersection has been completed, and the employees engaged in the work have been transferred to the Confederation street paving job. A shortage of cement may cause a temporary halt on the latter job, it was stated. Included in the completed application forms received by Mayor Nesbitt today for the soldiers' civic gratuity is one from a former Sarnian now in Scotland, and another from Leicester, Eng. The applicant in one case was a British reservist who resided here prior to enlistment and returned here, but was attested and discharged in England.

ESCAPED PRISONERS RETURNED TO JAIL IN RAILWAY CITY

Horticultural Is Extending Beautification Work in East End of City.

LUCKY NUMBER "39"

Kite Flyers Arrested in St. Thomas Say They Visited London.

ST. THOMAS, Sept. 15.—The escaped prisoners, Stanley Chapelle and Roy Roberts of St. Thomas, who got away from the Aylmer lock-up and were found at Woodstock, were brought to the county jail tonight on a remand from the acting police magistrate, Aylmer. The additional charge of breaking jail will be laid against the accused. Chapelle was out on suspended sentence for an offence of which he was found guilty at the last quarter session. The young men will also be charged with stealing an auto and other property from the garage of John Leach, Elgin street, a couple of weeks ago. Roberts had been an employee of Mr. Leach.

The Horticultural Society has commenced work on the new park on the east side of the L. E. R. tracks, and south of Wellington street. The society will also beautify the waste space on the south side of Talbot street, just west of the Canada Iron Foundry. The property owners in the west end who contribute their share of the upkeep of the society are demanding that some attention be given to the condition of the area west of Stanley street, and south of Talbot street. The chairman of No. 4 committee has been directed to remove the bricks, junk and refuse from St. Andrew's Market site, and order the owners to keep the area within the limits of the owners' property. The residential ratepayers will insist that the bricks be kept until they be used for a similar purpose to that for which it is expended on the other side of the street.

The young men, Norman Congdon, Rodney Anthony Mahoney, Pittsburgh, waiting sentence on a conviction for forgery, have intimated to the police that they did a little kite flying in London before coming to St. Thomas. Taking three times 13 as their lucky number, the checks issued were all of the denomination of \$39, and in all cases where they passed the paper was marked "39".

CURES CATARRH, BRONCHITIS WITHOUT ANY DRUGS

If you suffer from a cold, sneezing or catarrh—don't use a snuff—use sensible treatment like Catarrhoxone. It heals and soothes, brings relief at once, cures thoroughly. In bronchitis, throat trouble, no doctor can do better than prescribe Catarrhoxone. Try it—see what wonders it works—what power it possesses. Different from the old way—way in which Catarrhoxone is the dollar outfit which includes the inhaler and is guaranteed. Smaller size 50c, sample size 25c, at all dealers.

Let Our Experts

develop and print that next roll of film. You will be pleased with the results.

KODAKS, PREMIOS, BROWNIES

J.H. Back & Co.

210 Dundas Street.

Films Developed and Printed

An Artistic Exhibit

of High-Class Photography is what people are saying about

Darragh's Display at the Fair

Successor to Edy Bros.

Phone 444, 214 Dundas St.

GEORGE E. LOGAN FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER

418 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 1968.

Finest Motor and Horse Equipment

N. J. GRIFFITH FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER

104 Dundas Street, London.

Residence on premises. Phone 459.

Private Ambulance Service.

Delaware Branch W. A. C. M. G.

A. L. Oatman Formerly Smith, Son & Clarke Funeral Director

MOTOR AMBULANCE.

Facilities and Service unsurpassed. Office and Funeral Parlors, 115 Dundas. Phone 588.

Phone 588.

Day or Night Service.

Office, 643, Residences, 2056-4191.

YWT

it was cashed without question. The one negotiated in London was for \$39, and the two accepted by the merchants here were each \$39.

A boys' work secretary has been added to the staff of the local Y. M. C. A., and H. A. McKencher, the physical director, has been given the place. The board of directors will start a membership campaign the first week in October.

War Zone Goes Home.
The race horse War Zone, which has been under treatment at a local livery for a bad cold, which the racer caught on the way from Windsor, was removed to its own quarters in Tennessee today.

The horse was on the way to have Dr. Grady, Maryland. The animal will not be in a fit condition to race for some time.

The Ministerial Association.
The Ministerial Association organized for the year last evening and named Rev. H. E. Thorpe president; Rev. G. T. Watts, secretary; Rev. D. Rogers, official visitor to the jail and Thos. Williams, home.

A program was arranged for the monthly meetings, the subject for October being "The Ministry of Intercession," by Rev. G. W. McKenzie.

A Find of Burglar's Booty.
A couple of suitcases filled with valuable goods were found in the upstairs of a public meeting house yesterday, apparently the booty of a burglar. Boxes of cloth, men's furnishings, shirts, socks, underwear and other articles, without an identification mark, were among the merchandise. The owner is being sought by Chief Armstrong.

Some 1,500 St. Thomas people attended the Western Fair at London today. All the L. E. and P. S. R. trains were crowded to the doors.

The street cars are now running as fast as from the west as the city buildings.

Eld. H. A. Turnpenny and Samuel Graham are going into the grocery business.

City Solicitor W. B. Doherty, Manager Caughell of the local commission, and Chairman Sanderson of the hydro-electric commission left today to attend a meeting of the Ontario Hydro-Rail Association at Hamilton.

The Children's Aid will hold a tag day early in October to assist in meeting the increased expenditures for the best of the children.

The farmers in East Elgin are seriously annoyed by the closing down of the condensed milk factories.

WANT GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER P. M. R. IN WESTERN ONTARIO

Large Delegation To Attend Hydro-Rail Meeting in Hamilton.

SARNIA, Sept. 15.—Mayor Nesbitt and Ald. Parsons will attend the Hydro Association meeting in Hamilton on Thursday to battle for hydro radicals in this section of Southwestern Ontario, and should the Pere Marquette Railway decide to make a radial line of their railway in Ontario every effort will be made to have Sir Adam Beck take up the project immediately.

A delegation of industrial leaders and businessmen, as well as a number of farmers between Sarnia and Chatham will form a delegation and visit the hydro-electric chief, with a view to having the Canadian section of the Pere Marquette Railway taken over by the Provincial Government.

Efforts are being made to have all the presidents of the railroads entering Sarnia meet here, with a view to entering into a contract to build a depot at the present time the stations are in various sections of the city. It was stated today that members of the city council are anxious to co-operate with the chamber of commerce in this proposal.

WILSON SILENT; MINERS REMAIN ON "VACATION"

Committee Makes No Move, Awaiting Reply From Labor Secretary.

HAZELTON, Pa., Sept. 15.—Falling to receive assurance from Secretary of Labor Wilson or the mine operators that there would be no discrimination against monthly men who quit work in sympathy with the miners, the policy committee of the authentic mine workers adjourned its third day's session here tonight without taking any action toward ending the hard coal diggers' "vacation" strike.

The committee remained in session throughout the day, awaiting a reply to their telegram sent to Secretary Wilson yesterday, asking what position the department of labor would take if the operators attempted to discharge and blacklist the monthly workers who went on "vacation" with the miners in Shamokin district, but no answer was received. Attempts to get Mr. Wilson on the telephone failed.

SUMMER ASTHMA— HAY FEVER

—sleepless nights, constant sneezing, streaming eyes, wheezy breathing—

RAZ-MAH

brings relief. Put up in capsules, easily swallowed. Sold by reliable druggists for a dollar. Ask our agents or send card for free sample to Templeton's, 142 King St. W., Toronto. Agents, all Toronto and Hamilton druggists.

Alvinston, McDermid & Son; Alisa Craig, J. S. Smith; Blyth, J. M. Hamilton; Bruesels, James Fox; Bruden, P. S. Seager; Exeter, I. W. Browning; Godrich, H. C. Dunlop; Hanover, D. J. Dal; Hendall, A. Hamphill; Loran, The Rexall Pharmacy; Owen Sound, Parker & Co.

GIRLS! USE LEMONS FOR SUNBURN, TAN

Try it! Make this lemon lotion to whiten your tanned or freckled skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle, sunburn and tan lotion, and complexion whitener, at very, very small cost. Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of Orchard White for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands and see how quickly the freckles, sunburn, windburn and tan disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

PASSENGER VESSELS TIE UP FOR SEASON

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 15.—Many

of the larger passenger vessels on the Great Lakes ended their season today, due to the provisions of the La Follette seamen's act. The law provides that after Sept. 15, if boat space must be provided for every passenger and member of the crew.

Goddess

Style A636

The patented underclasp of the "Goddess" prevents pinching, a disagreeable feature of many front-lacing corsets. Moreover this flap allows much more play in adjusting the corset. "Goddess" corsets have special boning, giving greatest pliancy, wonderful ease, yet holding the figure snug and in good lines. "Goddess" corsets are now worn by many of the best dressed women in Canada.

DOMINION CORSET CO., Quebec, Montreal, Toronto.

Makers also of "D & A" and "LA DIVA" Corsets.

3-120

Hear musical tone at its best through the ALL WOOD Oval HORN of the Brunswick

AT THE FAIR

Exhibited by CRAWFORD PIANO COMPANY, "Ye Olde Firme" Heintzman & Co., Ltd., Northeast Corner of Main Building.

At Western Fair, London

September 11-18

SEE THE FORD CAR that covered 1,600 miles without the slightest mechanical adjustment or tire change. This car taken from the assembly line, maintained a smart clip in places over 43 miles per hour, over every type of road from loose sand and gravel, plain dirt and swamp to rocks and corduroy. This was made on the recent Michigan Pikes tour.

SEE THE FORD ONE-TON TRUCK that is the final answer to the high cost of haulage problems of merchant, manufacturer and farmer. The famous reliability of the Ford car is to be found in the Ford truck. Low initial cost. Low maintenance cost. High resale value. Repairs always available. For unequalled service and quick deliveries the Ford truck has no peer.

SEE THE FORDSON TRACTOR. There is no farm power job that the Fordson cannot do better, cheaper and faster than any other source of farm power. The Fordson is inseparably linked up with the increasing prosperity of Canadian farms due to the widespread realization of its superiority in every branch of power farming.

You will Find the Ford Exhibit in Transportation Building and at Special Outside Exhibit

Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited

FORD : ONTARIO

London Advertiser

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MORNING. NOON. EVENING.

CITY-Delivered, 15 cents per week.

OUTSIDE CITY BY MAIL—per year, \$1.50; six months, \$2.75; one month, 50 cents.

3670 TELEPHONE NUMBERS 3670

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3672, Reporters; 3673, News Room.Toronto Representative—F. W. Thompson,
402 Lumsden Building.D. S. Representatives—New York: Charles
H. Eddy Company, Fifth Avenue Building.
Chicago: Charles H. Eddy Company, People's
Gas Building, Boston: Charles H. Eddy Com-
pany, Old South Building.THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY,
LIMITED.

London, Ont., Thursday, September 16.

UNIVERSITY OPENING NEAR.

The hour is now near at hand when the youth of maiden who has passed the matriculation test, and desires the higher education to which that admits, will approach the magic gates of Alma Mater. Many young people in this part of Ontario are planning to begin a four-year course in Arts at Western University. Others are perhaps hesitating still about the course and about the university.

Already there has been a considerable enrollment of freshmen at Western, 24 in Arts, 31 in Medicine, a large number for so early in September. The capacity of the old Arts buildings will be somewhat taxed to accommodate the crowd this year. However, several extensions of space have been lately managed. In particular, the library has been removed to a neighboring building, leaving space for more classrooms in the old place. Some classrooms have been fitted up also in the library building itself.

It is becoming pretty widely known that Western University laboratories and libraries are now very much up to date. With the Barnett library, the generous provision for students in the London Public Library and the recent accessions of absolutely new books in great numbers to the university main libraries of arts, medicine and public health, Western students have the largest and most modern facilities in the way of books and periodicals. The department of education has been quick to approve the recent expansion of equipment and of the faculty. Honor graduates of Western are fully recognized for specialist work, as teachers in the high schools of the province. Citizens of London, even if not enrolled as students, should make themselves more acquainted with the university laboratories and with its extensive files of learned periodicals along all sorts of lines, economics, sociology, language and literature, the sciences, philosophy, history, etc.

There should be an especially bumper enrollment for the coming year of London people of both sexes. The city council has dealt with the university in most liberal fashion, voting the unprecedented sum of \$55,000 for the university's budget this year, besides the \$100,000 contributed to the new medical buildings. London parents will doubtless consider that in sending their sons and daughters to the home university they are doing the patriotic thing as well as consulting the children's best interests. They will best recognize and appreciate the judgment and action of the city council towards Western University by sending their boys and girls as well as their daughters. Other communities of Western Ontario will readily follow the home patriotism of London with both their dollars and their youth. We are going to have a great university here, even before the new buildings for medicine and arts are completed. Large and well-qualified attendance, the public interest, support, enthusiasm and pride will do more than even fine buildings, grounds and equipment to make Western University a power.

THE SHADOW OVER ENGLAND.

The failure of negotiations between the British Government and the coal miners to head off a strike of miners brings the United Kingdom very close to a grave industrial and social struggle. The miners have battled by a large majority to tie up the coal pits, and as the transport workers and railway men have voted to support the miners, there is little chance of escaping a bitter contest. The only way a clash can be avoided is for one side to give in, and there is not the slightest indication at the present moment that either Government or men are prepared to even make concessions, much less to surrender. On top of this, too, the great Trades Congress sitting at Portsmouth, has come out with the declaration that the miners' demands are fair.

Robert Smillie, leader of the miners, is the man directly responsible for the crisis. The strike, while called nominally with the object of adding two shillings per day to the miners' wages, is really the climax of the fight for nationalization of the mines. Smillie wants the coal pits taken out of private hands and managed by the Government. On a board of management would sit Government representatives, experts on coal mining and representatives of the miners.

Smillie, who is a remarkably shrewd and determined leader, has made a strong appeal for support of the general public by including in the miners' demands a provision to reduce the price of coal to fourteen shillings a ton. The Government points out, and it has the opinion of the best technicians on the subject, that the figures asked by the men would necessitate the selling of coal at a price less than the cost of production.

It will be readily seen how the cutting off of fuel would quickly close thousands of industries, render millions idle and prevent the prompt distribution of food. Semi-starving millions would be ripe for anything, and it is the fear of this that Smillie is building on to bend the Government to his terms. The Government appears to be equally determined not to give in, and is preparing for any emergency. The struggle will be one between the extremists in Labor's ranks who would by direct action overthrow the present system of government, and those—and they constitute the bulk of the

nation—who favor constitutional methods of social and industrial progress.

THE GENERAL BENEFIT OF THRIFT.

There is no truer thrift than that evidenced by life insurance. Today life insurance is very popular. It takes the capacity of some of the largest companies to carry the insurance of a forest. Professor Cole of Harvard writes as follows of insurance premiums as capital:

"If your money has gone into life insurance, a large part of it (all that has not yet been needed for the payment of death claims, maturing endowments and other payments to policy-holders and the necessary expenses), has gone into the real estate, which is growing, ready for the various payments to policy-holders. That fund has been invested by insurance companies as an important part of the capital of railroads, public service plants, government enterprises like the building of roads, public buildings, farm loans, dwelling house loans and so forth. The people who borrow the money pay interest to the insurance companies, and this interest makes the reserve larger. So the insurance premiums that you have to pay are very much smaller than would be necessary if your money were not earning interest. A part of the capital of railroads, manufacturing establishments and municipalities that are making it possible for us to have so many comforts and conveniences as we now get, is your capital, and you are being paid for the use of it, because with the aid of labor it produces more wealth. In fact, a large part of the railroads, telephones, telegraphs and the other public enterprises that add to the comforts and interests of life, are actually owned by you and others who have furnished insurance money."

HASTEN THE SPRING!

[Ottawa Citizen.]

Paste this in your hat. The United States Federal Reserve Board declares that we are three years away from a spring. It is certain to break out next spring at the latest. Although a general slump in retail prices within the next few months is predicted, the changes in raw material prices will not make themselves apparent in the retail trade until the snow is gone. Come on, you spring! Hail, you May buds! (P. S.—Coal is still \$17 a ton.)

TRANSPORTATION SITUATION BETTER.

[Cleveland Plaindealer.]

The transportation situation continues to improve, although it is still far from satisfactory. Improvement is evidenced in the clearing of the large industrial centres of congestion, while important industries also report some reduction in the quantities of their accumulated stocks. Now that the higher rates have gone into effect, the opinion is expressed that further improvement may be promptly anticipated. All the claims that have been made for private operation are again receiving the acid test. If government operation and the guarantee of fixed returns to properties threatened individual initiative, there is no longer any reason why rail executives and employees cannot regain that higher efficiency for which so much is claimed.

VERY TRUE.

[Farmers' Sun.]

"If fools and their money are soon parted, the profiteers are making fools of us all." is the verdict of an exchange. Very true. What fools we mortals be!

NEVER DESPAIR—A TIMELY SERMON.

[London Daily Express.]

Don't despair just because things don't seem to right themselves as quickly as you expected. To give way to despair is precisely the most useless thing you can possibly do. It is the nature of despair to blind us to the way of escape, even when the way is fairly obvious. Just keep on the alert, waiting for a chance to come when you yourself, however insignificant you may seem to be, can do something to help. You may remember that once a recent report was released that the net in which it was trapped. The chance of helping may come to you. Behind all the clouds that rise from the still seething world gleams the same sun that shines on Paradise.

THE "A'S" AND THE "T'S."

[The Manufacturers' Record.]

In every direction men who have been rampantly demanding "the League of Nations without reservation" are now crav-ing, and are saying we must have "a" League of Nations. It is a pitiful subterfuge for men who have been denouncing senators and others who fought for a League of Nations, a league which would protect American sovereignty, now to be parading their demand for a league without the manliness and the moral courage to admit their change of heart and to withdraw the bitter criticisms which they hurled at Lodge and others who were always ready for a league, notwithstanding Mr. Wilson's demand that it should be his league or nothing. How many who have "changed" from "the" league to "a" league will be fair and square enough to say so publicly?

THE GENI OF BUSINESS.

[Indianapolis Journal.]

The ancient used to think that a good or evil spirit followed a man all the days of his life. Modern business has its original genius who pursue a man every time he asks for credit. According to a recent report, every person who solicits credit in a Minneapolis retail store is listed in the books of the Associated Credit Exchange as prompt pay, medium or slow.

The coal or grocery bill left unpaid months ago dogs the footsteps of a buyer like an evil spirit. The bills promptly paid go along with a man like a good attendant spirit to bear witness to his character.

If money talks in business, character also counts. Businessmen testify to the fact not only that credit carries more than fifty per cent of modern business, but that it also acts as a constant challenge to integrity and confidence. The West has been built up on credit. And it is a testimony to the essential reliability of human nature that after fifty years of use the credit system is stronger today than ever. It has tended to breed confidence in businessmen rather than distrust.

In these days that are marked by some exploitation and profiteering, it is easy to forget the direct service business renders to a moral force. Of course, businessmen make little claim to be altruistic, and the yellow book of credit was instituted primarily as a protective measure rather than a character-builder. But its tendency is to keep men true to their word. And through it the conviction grows that most men intend to make their promises good.

Despite all limitations, the fact remains that trade has broadened the horizon of men and sent them forth as pioneers into new fields of endeavor. The flag has followed trade in the history of nations. And few forces have been more educative than business.

It often happens that a man's credit rating is the best asset he has. And the reputation and goodwill that honest business methods win for a concern is now generally recognized as a pearl of great price too valuable to be thoughtlessly jeopardized.

HEALTH EDUCATION.

[Halifax Chronicle.]

Apocryphal of the triumphal success of our own Red Cross caravans, it may be noted that the New York State health department has added a new wrinkle to its healthmobile, namely a short focus-projecting apparatus fitted to the top of the auto. The healthmobile is one of the recently developed methods for getting health advice of different kinds to the people of comparatively isolated country places. The earlier forms carried a little dispensary and an examining room, so that clinics became possible in out-of-the-way places, a medical and nursing staff accompanying the machine. Very soon, since an auto is practically unlimited in its carrying capacity, the possibilities of a screen and lantern were added to the outfit, to utilize some hall or Sunday school room for a health lecture to the people. The chances of having these talks out of doors in the summer time has doubtless led to the New York improvement, whereby the outfit can be set up in a few minutes. The position on the roof of the car is an advantageous one for exhibiting, and attention is drawn to the car and its purpose through the interest that always accompanies a movie show.

The healthmobile in different states has become a regular feature at county and town fairs, and there the good work of getting the elements of education before the people goes on. Education has been the force that has moved the world forward. Health education is now fitted to play its part in the rescue of the world from disease. That is what the Red Cross health caravans have so auspiciously and promisingly begun.

From Here and There

[Portland Eastern Argus.]

CARELESS BUYERS.
Loose purse strings are the sign to the profiteer that he can go the limit.

CERTAIN NOW.

[Nashville-Tennessean.]

We used to suspect that we were being robbed on every hand. Now the terrible period of uncertainty has passed.

AN EXPERT ACROBAT.

[Toledo Blade.]

Lloyd George has the world beaten when it comes to juggling a handful of crises.

DECAY OF THE HOME.

[Belleville Daily Ontario.]

Of the invidious evils that beset society and endanger the country's future, none is more to be feared than the decay of family life. In creating the home, humanity achieved its greatest triumph, for the reason that it insures its perpetuation upon a true and enduring basis. With no comparable substitute in sight, it would be folly to disregard this crowning result of age-long experience established upon Christian principles. For its permanent preservation publicist and pulpit unite upon the common ground of a paramount need. To the present and to posterity it asserts an equal obligation.

MODERN TENDENCIES CONSPIRE AGAINST THE HOME.

[Belleville Daily Ontario.]

The exactions of business life, the opening of so many pursuits to women, multiplying organizations and the swift of down dimensions distract and divert from the household. The American type of life in fact, while adapted to the elderly, leisurely class, is far removed from the desirable family-rearing habits. Sooner or later, the American type of life, the month of modern childhood the caustic reproach: "When my father and mother forsake me, then the community will take me up."

LOYD GEORGE AND SWITZERLAND.

[Manchester Guardian.]

Appreciators of the eloquence of great parliamentarians will look forward with special interest to the results of Mr. Lloyd George's Swiss holiday in regard to the effect it may have on his perceptions. Of late the critics have noted a certain sameness in his imagery, and the irreverent have even dared to make fun of the "dawn over the Welsh hills."

It will be strange indeed if the wonderful panoramas which may be seen on and around the Lake of Lucerne are not reflected in the premier's speeches in the country this autumn. It might be set forth as a tenable thesis that no great orator has ever lacked some appreciation of nature. The speech most often quoted of Chatham is that in which he drew the famous parallel of the Rhone and the Saone at Lyons. The greatest effect which the younger Pitt ever made in the Commons was when he brought the rays of the rising sun into the peroration of a great speech. The best remembered of Disraeli's speeches was that at Manchester, in which, in very dramatic vein, he compared Gladstone and his associates to a row of extinct volcanoes.

We can all feel the appropriateness of the high emotion with which Gladstone watched the great rollers at Biarritz; they were the rollers of his own eloquence. Fox in Kent, Burke in Bucks, found new beauties every day in English landscapes. The great American orators have laid all that vast continent under tribute to their eloquence. Certainly Mr. Lloyd George will take full of Switzerland.

CANADA'S GOLD.

[Brockville Recorder.]

Canada's gold situation has caused anxiety in some quarters for the past year, and much has been said and written of it, but no satisfactory conclusion has been reached, while it is not satisfactory, most of the countries of the world are in a worse position. The Teller, published by the Sterling Bank of Canada, says that in December, 1919, the gold held by the government and the banks of Canada amounted to about \$142,000,000. At the end of 1919 it had increased by \$50,000,000. With a population of less than 10,000,000, or about one-half of one per cent of the population of the world, Canada holds approximately two per cent of the world's gold.

"Moreover," says the Teller, "gold mining in this country would augment our holdings of the precious metal by \$15,000,000 annually if the loss resulting from the unfavorable condition of our international gold account could be stopped. We have our fair share of gold, probably, if we can have it and pay our obligations abroad with our own gold. The real problem is so to order our trade relations that undue drainage of gold will not take place, and to make sure that in our foreign relations we do not have aggregate cash obligations exceeding current cash receipts."

"Pending the time when Canada can resume specie payments on demand, it is important that the Dominion should realize the importance of its problem and should make every effort to gain and to hold the confidence of foreign investors. Canada is peculiarly dependent upon foreign capital for development purposes, and it is the duty of the government to guard the credit of the country. That program must include greater production at home, reduced obligations abroad, thrift in the widest application of that term, and adequate but equitable taxation."

PROTECTION FOR BIRDS.

[H. H. Dunn in New York Times.]

The largest wild life refuge in the world, fronting 75 miles on the Gulf of Mexico, and running inland to such distance that it will include approximately 168 square miles, or 36,000 acres, will be established in perpetuity on the coast of Louisiana within the next two years, to serve forever as a resting-place for all migrant birds as they pass up and down the great lanes of migration in the Mississippi Valley, and as a permanent home for all the resident birds of water and land which gather there to nest and rear their young. There the season will be forever "closed."

By action at the session of the Louisiana State Legislature, just closed, Louisiana became possessed of 164,300 acres, through the gift of 35,000 acres in Vermilion Parish, fronting on the Gulf, by the Rockefeller Foundation, and through the gift of 79,300 acres, including the celebrated Marsh Island, by the Russell Sage Foundation. Prior to this, the state had its own refuge of 12,000 acres, and a tract given by Charles William Ward and Edward Avery McHenry, "the father of wild life conservation in the South," covering 67,000 acres more in the same part of the state.

Poetry and Jest

[Being an inquiry into the two candidates for the presidency of the United States of America.]

(Eve, in London Punch.)
I wish I knew some facts regarding
The private life of Mr. Harding;
I wish that I had simply stuck
Of anecdotes of Mr. Cox.

In the U. S. A. (where both are resident
And each one hoping to be president)
Then, the orate hymns, their size in
In England, where they do not dwell.
No one appears to know them well.

Are known to all; not Julius Caesar
Is quite so much renowned as these are.
In England, where they do not dwell,
No one appears to know them well.

One cannot say of Cox's liver
Keeps well upon the Swanee River,
Nor whether Harding finds, when
Any relief in chewing gum.

It may be that they both have good
rows
Of dental ornaments like Woodrow's.
The waist of Taft, the Roosevelt eye
For pinkish hippopotami.

It may be Harding had some flickers
Of Chautauque and some of the pickers,
And Cox while yet a pulling babe
Dreamed tiny dreams of Lincoln
(Abe).

And both, although they knew they'd
Cut fruit trees with a little hatchet;
But may have been, when glorious
From the household. The speech
Too proud to fight or tell untruths.

Cannot say, I know they wrangle
On points I dare not disentangle,
That one of them's a Democrat
And the other's not, and that is that.

ONE OR THE OTHER.

[What is the most aggravating thing in married life?] asked Dorothy.

"Sometimes," said the blushing friend,
husband, and sometimes it's the wife."

A CITY VOICE.

[Theodora Garrison.]

Outside here in the city the burning
pavement lie,
I'm there's heat and grime and blown
black dust to help the day go by.
There's grime and grime and grime and grime
like a cloud, beaten back—
I know a place where God's great
trees go up to meet His sky
Like an army green with banners, and
a happy wind released,
Goes swinging like a merry child re-
leased among the branches high.

Outside here in the city there's poison
in the air—
The fevered, heavy hand of heat that
smites and may not spare;
There's little comfort in the night—
there's torment in the day—
I know a place where cool and deep
the quiet lake lies bare,
All day about its shades, brink the wild
birds and the wind,
And willows dip their finger-tips like
dainty ladies there.

O, the heart of me is hungering for my
own, own place.
I'm sure with the slinging heat, the
dizzy, headlong race,
O, for the place where much of grass
about my tired feet.

The breath of pine and cedar blown
against my face,
The lip of the water like a little
song and sweet.
And God's place where cool and deep
skies above me for a space.

HOW IS THE CHICKEN?

[Winnipeg Free Press.]

While the Methodist Conference was
meeting in Winnipeg lately one of the
government and had some extra fine chicken
served him.
Next evening he took three brethren
with him to the place, and when the
waitress arrived at the table he said:
"Good evening! And how is the
chicken tonight?" she answered, as
brightly, "And how's the boy?"

UNWRITTEN LAW.

[John B. Terns.]

It was a smiling motorist,
A smile which was a gift of cheer,
Had slain another of his kind,
Stood in the judgment-hall.

"Now, wherefore have ye killed this
man?"
They tutted the question him,
Whereat the prisoner went wroth,
And vindictive, and grim.

"Oh, I have killed this motorist
For that it did occur,
He asked as I repaired a tire,
'Have you a puncture, sir?'"

AS HE GAVE IT.

A tussle bachelor engaged a cook,
whose professional skill was conspicu-
ous by its absence. He bore up bravely
for one desperate month against her
culinary experiments. Then he hinted
that her talents were wasted upon him
and she departed.

Shortly afterward she applied to him
for a reference. He gave her thus:
"Mrs. Jennings was employed by me
for one month as cook. Left on ac-
count of illness—my illness."

THE DANCERS OF THE FIELD.

[Bliss Carmen.]

The wind went combing through the
grass,
The tall white daisies rocked and
bowed:
Such a low, low, low, as never was
Possessed the shining multitude.

They turned their faces to the sun
And danced the radiant morn away;
Of all his brave, eye looked up,
His daughters of delight were they.

And when the round and yellow moon,
Like a pale petal of the dusk
Blown loose above the sea-rim shone,
They gave me no more need to ask.

How immortality is named,
For I remembered like a dream
How once since my spirit danced
To wear their guise and dance with them.

UNDECIDED.

[Punch (London).]

Visitor—"Why does your servant go
about the house with her hat on?"
Mistress—"Oh, she's a new girl. She
came only this morning, and hasn't yet
made up her mind whether she'll stay."

THE WIND IN THE PALMS.

[Oscar H. Roemer, in N. Y. Times.]

I have heard the wind in the mountain
pines
Where the peaks lift stark and high;
I have heard it roar through the syc-
amore
Where the moody bayous lie;
But I never knew what a weird, wild
strain
The wind in a tree exhales
Till I heard it croon its dead-lipped tune
Through the ghostly brooding palms.

It whispered of tom-tom haunted nights
On tales in the coral seas;
Of fishers of heart and a felt-haired girl,
And of moaning mysteries.
It murmured of moods and mystic creeds,
And of mist of strange sweet bells,
Of the terror that creeps in the jungled
deeps
Where the silence throbs and swells.

It muttered the curses of buccaners
And wailed of the swift red death,
Of the swirling rain and the hurricane
And of gasping cry for breath.
It breathed of horrors on haunted seas,
Of moon-mad, murderous calms,
Of a corsair-ship and the gruesome
drip—
This wild in the ghoulish palms!

PREPAREDNESS.

[Dallas News.]

He (to the fair one)—"Gracious!
What's that clicking sound—wood-
pickers?"
She—"No, darling! It's the man tak-

ing moving pictures of your proposal to
be used in case I have to sue
you for breach of promise."

HE TRIED EVERYTHING ONCE TOO OFTEN.

[Soo Line Magazine.]

There was a man who fancied
That by driving good and fast
He'd get his car across the track
Before the train came past.
He'd miss the engine by an inch
And make the train hands sore.
There was a man who fancied this:
There isn't any more.

CAMPING IN 1920.

It was dawn and very chilly in camp,
and one man was unable to find any of
his outer garments. He wandered about,
asking all his mates if they knew where

they were. "Has anyone seen my
b-b-blanket?" he demanded and was
told that no one had. "Has anyone seen
my t-t-trousers?" No answer. "Well,
I'm jolly p-p-proud I have got on my nice
w-w-warm pair of suspenders."

JOYS.

[Selected.]

I've wooed a matron, kissed a maid,
I've plied the loafer's easy trade,
I've won a race and licked a man,
Like any shice the world began.
My name it has been printed down
In black and white before the town.
I've cooked my dish and caught my fish,
And had come true my dearest wish.
But there's no joy in all of this.
In fruited fame or covert kiss.
Like that of reading, hot and cold,
A poem not three minutes old.

EVENSONG.

[By R. L. Stevenson.]

The embers of the day are red
Beyond the murky hill,
The kitchen smokes; the bed
In the darkling house is spread.
The great sky darkens overhead,
And the great woods are shrill.
So far have I been led,
Lord, by Thy will;
So far I have followed, Lord, and won-
dered still.

The breeze from the embathed land
Blows sudden toward the shore,
And claps my cottage door.
I hear the signal, Lord—I understand.
The night at Thy coming is near.
Come, I will eat and sleep and will
not question more.

Some More Truths.

WOULD you use a steam shovel to move a pebble? Certainly not. Implements are built according to the work they have to do.

Would you use a grown-up's remedy for your baby's ills? Certainly not. Remedies are prepared according to the work THEY have to do.

All this is preliminary to reminding you that Fletcher's Castoria was sought out, found and is prepared solely as a remedy for Infants and Children. And let this be a warning against Substitutes, Counterfeits and the Just-as-good stuff that may be all right for you in all your strength, but dangerous for the little babe.

All the mother-love that lies within your heart cries out to you: Be true to Baby. And being true to Baby you will keep in the house remedies specially prepared for babies as you would a baby's food, hairbrush, toothbrush or sponge.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Your Friend, the Physician.

The history of all medicines carries with it the story of battles against popular beliefs: fights against prejudice: even differences of opinion among scientists and men devoting their lives to research work; laboring always for the betterment of mankind. This information is at the hand of all physicians. He is with you at a moments call. He is the trouble trifling or great. He is your friend, your household counselor. He is the one to whom you can always look for advice even though it might not be a case of sickness. He is not just a doctor. He is a student to his last and final call. His patients are his family and to lose one is little less than losing one of his own flesh and blood.

Believe him when he tells you—as he will—that Fletcher's Castoria has never harmed the littlest babe, and that it is a good thing to keep in the house. He knows.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

IN THE REALM OF SPORT

Phonograph Motor Arouses Great Interest

Works Noiselessly—On View at the Fair

Anyone interested in phonographs will do well to see the new 4-spring silent motor being exhibited at the Fair by the Crawford Piano Company, Limited, and "The Old Firm," Heintzman & Co., Limited, London's well-known Brunswick dealers.

This motor overcomes with unique success two defects either one or both of which have at times afflicted phonograph owners. One is the roaring noise which greatly detracts from the tone of any record being played. The other is the tendency of springs to break and put the instrument temporarily out of commission.

It is practically impossible to give a description of this motor which would be intelligible to any but a skilled motor mechanic. It may be said, however, that it has four springs, so arranged that if one or two happen to break the remaining springs continue to operate the motor. As it is in the highest degree unlikely that all springs would give way together, the Brunswick Phonograph, with its 4-spring silent motor offers the best possible service to its owner.

Two other features of note to be seen at the Brunswick Exhibit are the Vitaphone and the All-Wood Oval Horn. These features are to a very large extent responsible for the Tone superiority which has, within three years, given the Brunswick a leading position in Canadian phonograph sales.

ELECTION QUIZ ENDS ABRUPTLY; DECISION LATER

Payne Drops Claim To Seat—Ferguson Withdraws Cross-Petition.

PRESCOTT, Ont., Sept. 15.—The hearing of the South Grenville election protest came to an abrupt conclusion a few minutes after court met this afternoon. Gordon Waldron, counsel for G. Arthur Payne, defeated U. F. O. candidate, announced that he had decided to withdraw his client's claim to the seat.

W. N. Tilley, who had previously announced his intention of proceeding with the cross-petition, stated after the court met in the afternoon that he would call no further witnesses, as Mr. Ferguson was anxious that there should be a decision on the original petition with as little delay as possible. Judgment on the appeal was reserved by Judge Macree and Sutherland, who heard the action, and the counsel were given two days in which to file any further particulars.

Sixty-three witnesses were called by Mr. Waldron in the court during the trial, and two were called by W. N. Tilley. It was stated that upwards of one hundred had been summoned by counsel for Ferguson but were not called.

CHARGE CONSPIRACY IN OIL PLOTATION

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Conspiracy to defraud oil stock investors of \$100,000 is charged against the Penna-Kentucky Oil and Gasoline Refining Corporation and nine individuals in a federal indictment returned last August and unsealed here today.

Specific charges in the indictment include that the corporation had lured investors in many cities by falsely representing that the company capitalized at \$1,000,000 owned valuable properties in Kentucky and West Virginia, producing daily 1,000 barrels of oil.

RAIN HITS POTATES IN NEW BRUNSWICK

FREDERICTON, N.B., Sept. 15.—Twenty-five per cent of the potato crop of New Brunswick has been spoiled by the rain which fell persistently most of last week, it was announced by the department of agriculture today. The grain has been damaged also.

SHILOH
30 DAYS COUGHS

LABOR CONGRESS DELEGATES COME TO AID OF CARPENTERS

Ultior Motive in Suggestion To Change Secretary's Status, Says Delegate Kennedy—Proposal To Grant Local Option in Regard To Strikes Refused—Trades and Labor Congress Settles Down To Business.

Windsor, Sept. 15.—By Canadian Press.—There will be no secretary-treasurer appointed to the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada on a salary and devote all his time to the work of the congress, for this year at least. This was decided this afternoon, when a resolution recommending such action, submitted by the Ottawa Local No. 200, was passed by Delegate C. I. Aitchison, chairman of the committee on constitutional law, with the report of his committee, which recommended that it be not concurred in.

The presentation of the resolution resulted in a heated discussion, many delegates seeing in it a movement to oust the present incumbent of the office, F. M. Draper, of Ottawa, and the defence indicated that they held no doubts as to his efficiency and loyalty. This resolution and another from the same local, favoring the placing in the hands of the rank and file of labor the right to strike through a change in the constitution, which was deleted from the report, turned the two of the three local centres of the afternoon session.

Would Reduce Representation.
The other resolution which was under discussion when the convention adjourned until tomorrow morning came from Hamilton Local No. 2612, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, and planned the cutting down of the representation of local unions and trades and labor councils.

It suggested that trades unions and federal labor unions be represented by delegates for each 300 members or under, and one delegate for each 300 members or additional fraction thereof, and two delegates from each trades council and national trade union.

Committee Approved.
On the opening of the afternoon session a telegram was read from Joseph Sexton, secretary of the Nova Scotia Trades Council, stating that owing to the lack of co-operation of labor in Nova Scotia no report had been agreed upon. The text of the telegram was as follows:

"Regret that it was impossible to appear in person at the convention in time for publication prior to convention. Can only say that due to lack of co-operation of members and disinterestedness of officials and lack of support of labor unions in the province the federal union provided necessary for success. However, efforts are being made toward reorganization of federal union. It may fulfill the duties and benefits possible."

The delayed printed copies of the Toronto Trades and Labor Council resolutions were distributed.

Secretary-Treasurer Position.
Delegate C. I. Aitchison of Hamilton presented the report of the committee on constitution and law. The first resolution from Ottawa Local No. 200 recommending that the secretary-treasurer be placed on a salary to be decided upon by the congress and required to devote his whole time to the work. The committee recommended it should not be concurred in.

Peter Leckie of Ottawa objected to the deletion of the resolution. Delegate Burton of Hamilton entered a vigorous protest, against making the suggested change in the constitution, and hinted that if the committee moved the part of those proposing it, as it was known that the present incumbent of the office, F. M. Draper, could not undertake to devote his entire time to the work. He had no objections to making the change provided the work was not already being well done or if such action would result in increased efficiency, but intimated that he knew of no complaints against the present holder of the office on this score.

Delegate Bowen of Ottawa objected to the recommendation of the committee, but made it plain that there was no intention to reflect on Mr. Draper, and expressed the hope that Mr. Draper would see his way clear to devote his whole time to the work of the congress.

Cannot Serve Two Masters.
Delegate Pihe, Victoria, B.C., opposed the recommendation of the committee, stating that it was the feeling in the West that no man could serve two masters, and they opposed the office being held by a man who was an employee of the Government.

Delegate John Kennedy of Toronto alleged ulterior motives on the part of those who desired the change made in the constitution, and strenuously opposed any efforts to oust Mr. Draper. If they made this change they might find that the secretary-treasurer could not get him. He said the ousting of Mr. Draper should be superseded by any one else rested with those offering the resolution.

Delegate Ernest Robinson of Winnipeg also supported the stand of the committee. Delegate James of Ottawa took exception to the remarks of the Victoria delegate, intimating that Government employees could not be loyal union men.

Thin Edge of Red Wedge.
Delegate Henry Barrett of London declared the resolution was nothing more or less than the thin edge of the One Big Union wedge.

Delegate J. W. Wilkinson favored the deletion of the resolution. He would favor the resolution, he said, if there was any charge of inefficiency or lack of attention to duty on the part of the man now holding the office or if more efficient service could be secured by the change, but there was no evidence of this.

Delegate Lynch of Montreal made a spirited defence of P. M. Draper and declared the resolution was nothing more or less than an attempt at the crucifixion of the secretary-treasurer.

Delegate George Burnette, Montreal, supported the committee and took exception to the statement of Mr. Pihe that a public servant could not loyally serve labor as well.

A. Mathew, Montreal, also took exception to the statement of Mr. Pihe and asked why, if civil, municipal and corporation employees could not be loyal to labor they admitted them to the congress.

The recommendation that the resolution be not concurred in was accepted by the congress almost unanimously. A resolution from the Victoria District Trades Council recommending that any person holding a salaried appointment in the gift of the crown should not be eligible for any position to the congress met a similar fate.

No Local Option in Strikes.
The resolution of local No. 200, Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators, regarding local option in the matter of strikes, which the committee recommended be not concurred in, and which Henry Barrett of London characterized as the "thin edge of the One Big Union" was deleted from the report on the motion of Mr. Barrett.

Peter Leckie, speaking in support of the resolution, declared they had a strike in Ottawa without permission and whether Local 200 got permission or not, they would strike while the iron was hot. Local 200 had gone up 110 per cent and wages had not. If everybody was like him they would keep on striking until they were dead.

At the conclusion of Mr. Leckie's remarks, Mr. MacBride, M. P. P., mayor of Brantford, took the floor to remark: "Now that we have heard from the delegate an expression of his great intellect and lucid logic, I would move that the motion be put."

The motion was not put, however, until Delegate Ernest Robinson of Winnipeg and Delegate Roper of Edmonton had explained that it was the toleration of such expression of opinion as that advanced by Mr. Leckie that had eventually led to the accession movement in the West and disrupted the ranks of labor.

Morning Session.
Opening the debate at the morning's session on the clause of political action, Peter Lacey of Ottawa favored political action.

Delegate Morgan of Toronto declared

that if the congress went into politics it would be a house divided against itself. He thought that there was room enough for both the Independent Labor party and the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada.

The report of the committee was concurred in. A clause in the report of the executive council regarding electioneering propaganda, in which reference was made to the activities of the One Big Union, was expected to raise a storm in some quarters, but carried without a single protestation.

"Passing the Buck."
Clauses in the report referring to contributions to campaign funds to support political parties, naturalization of alien immigrants and action of the Federal Government in referring the eight-hour and 44-hour week to the provincial governments were next presented by Delegate W. J. Wilkinson of Vancouver, in which the opinion was expressed that the Government was engaged in the popular pastime of "passing the buck."

As signatories of the treaty of Versailles they believed the Federal Government should have taken the initiative in the matter and pass legislation embodying those articles, which they believed the committee was concurred in.

Mr. Wilkinson had moved the adoption of the clause, but the chairman of the committee on reports he instructed to draft a resolution in which the Government action on this attempt to pass the buck to the Legislatures on the question of an eight-hour day.

Refers To Melheim.
James Simpson of Toronto referred to the statement of Hon. Arthur Meighen in his address to congress that the Dominion would observe religiously the terms of the peace treaty and unless the Government now takes action the records of the peace treaty are "sounding brass and tinkling cymbals."

President Moore explained that a more opportune time could be selected for the introduction of such a motion, and was temporarily withdrawn, while the clause in the report was adopted.

Continuing the presentation of the report, the executive council delegate, Wilkinson stated provincial federations of labor had been appointed in Quebec, New Brunswick and Alberta, but announced the return of the charter of the British Columbia Federation, which had been given entirely to the One Big Union influence.

WINDSOR'S POLICE CHIEF STEPS OUT; SERVED 30 YEARS

Elias Wills, Only Police Chief Windsor Has Ever Had.

REORGANIZING THE FORCE

Late Chief To Be Instructor and Police Court Clerk.

WINDSOR, Sept. 15.—After 30 years' service as chief constable here, Elias Wills, the first and only man to occupy the post in Windsor, was today removed from office at a special session of the police commission held this afternoon at the hall where he had long promised shake-up in the local department was commenced.

Chief Wills, who resides on Moy avenue, was one of the most efficient men in the force, and had been appointed to the post of instructor of policemen and police court clerk.

Chief Wills is the only chief of police Windsor has had, having been appointed when Windsor was incorporated as a city. He has also the distinction of being the only man ever taken on the local force without being seen by the police commission before his appointment was accepted.

Chief Wills, who resides on Moy avenue, was one of the most efficient men in the force, and had been appointed to the post of instructor of policemen and police court clerk.

WANT J. W. LYON TO REMAIN.
CHIEF OF POLICE. Secretary Hanigan of the Ontario Municipal Electric Association left for Hamilton this morning to attend a meeting of that organization. The meeting of the Hydro-Electric Association will also be held in Hamilton tomorrow when the resignation of President J. W. Lyon will be dealt with. The delegation will include Aldermen Henry Simpson and Penfold, who will represent the city council.

Several minutes this morning that several members of the executive of the railway association, each of which voiced a protest against allowing Mr. Lyon to retire.

"DANDERINE"

Stops Hair Coming Out; Doubles Its Beauty.

A few cents buys "Danderine." After an application of "Danderine" you can afford to let your hair grow, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and thickness.

Use Coconut Oil For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else, that contains too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulitised coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily, and removes every particle of dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulitised coconut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

The Dowler Stores' 10-Day Exhibition SALE Forges Ahead



Introducing the Dowler Stores' Hundred Conveniences and Unmatched Values to an Ever-Widening Circle of Customers.

A Tremendous Purchase of Men's and Young Men's

Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats

Continuing the Big Selling at . . . \$43.75

SUITS AND OVERCOATS—Models and fabrics to suit all tastes. Suits come in plain blue English worsted, grays, browns, neat pattern tweeds, hairline stripes, fancy chevrons and vicunas. Form-fitting S. B. and D. B. styles, regulars, stouts and stubs—Suits that you'd be willing to pay from \$55.00 to \$75.00 for. The Overcoats are pictures of elegance, the kind of outer garments that makes a man or young man pick up and feel he's got something to be proud of. Colors are plain brown, plain grays, dark greens, and a wide range of lofty neat patterned and heather mixed domestic and imported fabrics. Smart regular Chesterfields, body-fitters, ulsters and ulsterettes. Sizes for all. On sale at . . . \$43.75

Suit and Overcoat to one customer, \$85.00.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE --- OVERCOATS AND SUITS \$25.00

For men and young men—Values from \$35.00 to \$40.00. Hundreds of men and young men have taken advantage of this great money-saving department. We're picking up lines of broken sizes and overcoats from the higher ranges. Any of these lines will be found to much exceed the low priced suits and overcoats offered elsewhere. On sale at . . . \$25.00

The Factory Clearance of Sweaters

Thousands of High-Grade Sweaters, Sweater Coats and Jerseys for men and boys. The prices are in many cases less than most firms would have to pay for them. Don't miss these exceptional values.

Men's and Youths' Sweater Coats and Sweaters
In a big assortment of colors—browns, greens, navy and heather mixture, also combination colors. Coats have shawl collars. Sweaters are made "V"-neck; some to button up close, others plain. Every garment guaranteed perfect; no seconds. We reserve the right to sell not more than four garments to one buyer. Each . . . \$2.95

Men's and Youths' Sweater Coats, Sweaters and Pullovers
Some are pure wool, in a big assortment of colors and sizes. Sweater Coats come in navy, brown and gray. "V"-Neck Sweaters are made in a variety of styles; some buttoned up to neck, others plain; mostly finished with pockets. Each . . . \$4.55

278 Men's Pure Wool Sweater Coats and Sweaters
You'd expect to pay nearly double for almost any of these high-grade perfect fitting garments, knit by experts, shaped to fit without feeling clumsy. The kind of Sweaters and Pullovers particular dressers like to wear. Come in a big variety of colors. \$5.95

Boys' "V" Neck Sweaters
\$4.00 VALUES, \$2.15.
Come in combination of colors, gray with green, navy with orange, maroon with brown with emerald; sizes 22 to 32. On sale, each . . . \$2.15

Boys' Jerseys
Plain navy and plain brown only, wool face and cotton mixed inside, button shoulder style; sizes 24, 26, 28 only. Each . . . \$1.15

Boys' School Suits, Astonishing Values, \$11.75
The materials comprise strong wearing tweeds and unfinished worsteds; dark serviceable patterns predominate. The styles leave nothing to be desired; up-to-the-second models, tailored to the exacting specifications of the Dowler Stores' buyers and astonishing value at . . . \$11.75

Boys' School Suits, Values to \$25.00, for \$17.75
Here are actually hundreds of Boys' Suits that for style, workmanship and fabrics, will not be duplicated by an one-store organization at less than \$20.00 to \$25.00. Many all-wool solid wearing fabrics in a great variety of patterns. This is one of our great leaders. The sizes run from 26 to 36.

Boys' RAINCOATS, \$5.75
English Tweed Raincoats, made with two-way collar, belt all around, fit ages 4 to 12. Values to \$15.00. A great snap.

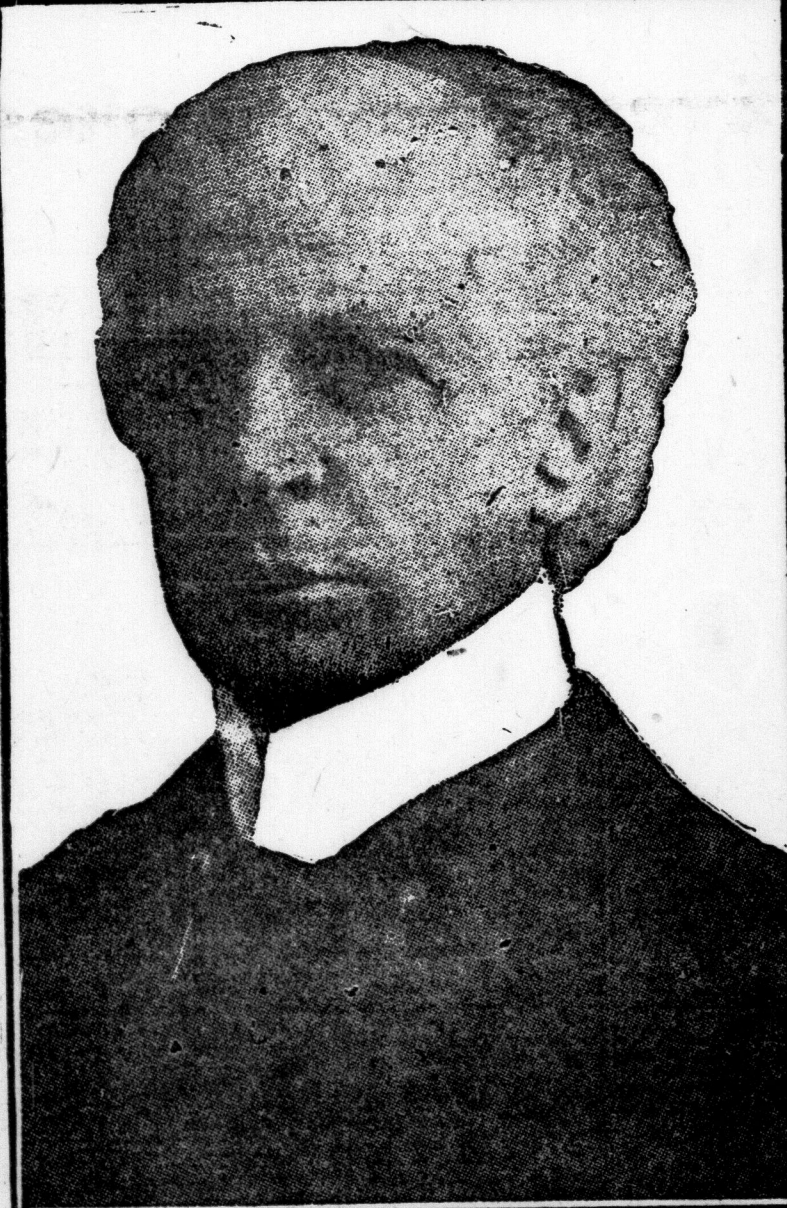
Boys' BLACK OVERALLS, \$1.25
Boys' BLUE OVERALLS, \$1.65

Shirts of High Grade, \$4.85
Including silk mulls, Russian cords, fiber silks and English repps. These are superior values and very high grade fabrics.

Men's Fine Shirts, \$1.35
Here are shirts that most men are adding \$13.00 per dozen for. We have all sizes in the lot. Compare them with any \$2.00 values.

RH & J. DOWLER LIMITED
LONDON, ST. THOMAS, SARNIA, WINDSOR.
J. A. JACKSON, MANAGER LONDON STORE.

THE LIFE AND LAST SPEECHES OF THE LATE SIR WILFRID LAURIER



THIS attractive book, containing the life of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, from the pen of that eminent master of Canadian history, Professor O. D. Skelton, and the last speeches as compiled by The London Advertiser, is again offered to Advertiser readers for a limited time only.

Send your subscription to The London Advertiser for one year or renew your present subscription to a later date and "The Life of Sir Wilfrid Laurier" will be forwarded to your address under separate cover, absolutely FREE.

Send in your subscriptions now and avoid disappointment. Only a limited number available.

Address—

Circulation Manager, The London Advertiser

Quickly Conquers Constipation

Don't let constipation poison your blood and curtail your energy. If your liver and bowels don't work properly, take **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** today and your trouble will cease. For dizziness, lack of appetite, headache and blotchy skin nothing can equal them. Purely vegetable. **Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price.** **DR. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.** Nature's great liver and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness. *See how they bear signature.* *Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price.*

Doctors Recommend Bon-Opto for the Eyes
Physicians and eye specialists prescribe Bon-Opto as a safe home remedy in the treatment of eye troubles and to strengthen eyesight. Sold under money refund guarantee by all druggists.

London and Port Stanley Railway

Time Table Effective September 7.
TO ST. THOMAS—15:00, 16:15, 7:15, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:20, 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 p.m.
TO PORT STANLEY—15:00, 16:15, 7:15, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:20, 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 p.m.
Daily except Sunday.
Limited train London to St. Thomas.

CUTICURA HEALED BABY'S RINGWORM

On Head, Cross and Fretful. Hair Fell Out.

"When my baby was three months old her head broke out in little red pimples and then in a week it broke out in ringworms. The ringworms were very large and there were several on her head, and her scalp would bleed. She was very cross and fretful at times, and her hair was falling out.

"I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after I had used one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. Lela Sargent, Nampa, Idaho, Feb. 24, 1919.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for all toilet purposes.
Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canadian Dept. of Hygiene, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal.
Cuticura Soap shaves without lather.

Safe Fat Reduction

Reduce, reduce, reduce. Is the slogan of all fat people. Get thin, be slim, is the cry of society and fashion. The overfat wears their hands in mortification and helplessness, roasting at maddening degrees, afraid of violent exercise, dreading the unwelcome and unsatisfying diet, until they hit upon the harmless Marmola Tablets which quickly and safely reduce weight at the rate of two, three or four pounds a week without any change in the mode of life. The ideal figure is soon obtained, with a smoother skin and a better appetite and health improved. Marmola Tablets contain all the ingredients which made the Marmola Prescription famous. It behooves you to learn the satisfactory, beneficial effects of this great, safe fat reducer by giving to the grocer who sells a reasonable price, one dollar, for a good size box or sending a like amount to the Detroit, Mich., with a request that they mail to you a full box of Marmola Prescription Tablets.

Do you use it always?

Pure Country Milk
"With the Cream Left in"

Borden's ST. CHARLES
UNSWEETENED
EVAPORATED MILK
NET WEIGHT 1 POUND

HOLD THIRTEEN AS SEQUEL TO THOROLD RIOT

Arrests Follow Investigation Into Attempt to Lynch McNeal.

MORE ARE EXPECTED

All But One Native-Born English-Speaking Residents of Town.

ST. CATHARINES, Sept. 15.—Thirteen persons were arrested today in connection with the riot at Thorold in August, when an attempt was made to lynch David McNeal just after he had been committed for trial on a charge of having murdered Margaret Boucock, the four-year-old child whose body was found in an unfrequented spot some distance from the town of Thorold several weeks after she had been missing from her home.

During the riot an attempt to destroy the town hall by fire was deliberately made by a crowd of men with a view to compelling the authorities to give McNeal up to the mob. The riot was a view to compelling the authorities to give McNeal up to the mob. The riot was a view to compelling the authorities to give McNeal up to the mob.

Unlawful Assembly.
The thirteen men who were taken into custody at Thorold today were charged with being members of an unlawful assembly contrary to the criminal code.

Names Follow.
Following are the names of the men arrested: Thomas McPhee, Murray

A SICKLY WIFE NO FIT MATE FOR ANY MAN

Girls and Women Should Look Well to Their Health and Strength.

Never before was physical health and vigor so highly esteemed and so eagerly sought for as today.

No man finds happiness in a sickly wife, and the woman who wishes to enjoy the pleasures of life should spare no effort to maintain perfect health.

Is your daughter growing up strong and ruddy? Has she strength to drink in greedily all the pleasures that youth so zealously seeks—or is she compelled to use the street car instead of enjoying the delightful exercise of walking—does she after the ball arise refreshed and vigorous, or is she exhausted, indifferent, and perhaps irritable?

When strength and vigor can be so easily maintained by Ferrozone, when the glow of health is so quickly brought to the cheeks and elasticity to the step, it is plainly a mother's duty to see that Ferrozone is on hand to assist her daughter back to health.

Upon the wake of Ferrozone quickly follows a stream of rich, nourishing blood which imparts that power and surplus energy so earnestly desired by those in ill-health.

Stop and think what this means for your daughter—certainly a great deal, and it can be accomplished by Ferrozone.

Every growing girl and young woman needs the benefits derived in many ways from this nutritive, vitalizing tonic.

It is especially suited for young women and is a guarantee of health and regularity as long as it is used.

Ferrozone is free from alcohol and perfectly safe to use. Prepared in the form of a chocolate-coated tablet and sold in five boxes, or six for \$2.50, at all dealers, or direct from The Catharzone Company, Kingston, Ont.

Brady, Fred, Cowell, James, Warner, Walter, Johnson, Cyril Young, Barney, Cowell, William Jackson, Guy Dale, David Jackson, Owen Wright, Alfred Whittaker and Howard Hodgkins. Alfred Whittaker, who is an insurance agent, was this afternoon admitted to bail, along with Hodgkins. It was understood here tonight that the others would be liberated on bail before morning. The warrants were sworn out by officials of the crown attorney-general's department at Ottawa.

The time and place of the trial of the men arrested today was kept a secret. It is believed that the action taken by the authorities today was merely a preliminary move to satisfy public opinion, which has been demanding that prosecutions should be begun at once.

The Thorold police have received anonymous letters threatening violence "worse than that of the night of the McNeal affair" if any arrests were made as a result of the attack upon the Thorold town hall and attempt upon McNeal's life.

The prisoners did not show any anxiety or dejection as they were conveyed to Welland. On the contrary they appeared to be as cheerful as if they were a picnic party.

PREMIER GIOLITTI CALLS WORKERS AND EMPLOYERS TO MEET

Intervenes in Metal Workers' Dispute, Proposing Conference.

ROME, Sept. 15.—(Associated Press).—Premier Giolitti has intervened in the metal workers' dispute and has invited representatives of the employers and workers to meet him in Turin.

Delegates have already arrived in response to the invitation.

CONFERENCE AT MILAN.
MILAN, Sept. 15.—The prefect of Milan has summoned representatives of the factory owners and workers to meet him for an exchange of views on the question of the control of the factories.

PLAN LEGISLATION.
MILAN, Sept. 15.—Plans for the collaboration of workers in the management of industrial plants, which will be presented at the next session of the Italian parliament, have been placed in the hands of a commission appointed by Socialist members of the House of Deputies.

Leaders of the workers insist that the agreement with employers must admit the men to the management of technical departments, finance and offices for the engagement and dismissal of workmen.

They have agreed that such matters should be exercised by organizations appointed by labor unions. Leaders declared that the country will continue until employers' privileges are suppressed and the new rights of labor acknowledged.

NOTED ROADHOUSE SCENE OF BRUTAL ATTACK BY OWNER

Accused Committed For Trial by Windsor Police Magistrate.

WINDSOR, Sept. 15.—Without uttering a word in his own defence, Robert Moray, proprietor of the Sunnyside Hotel, a well-known roadhouse near the riverfront in Sandwich West Township, was committed for trial at the criminal assizes this fall by Magistrate Miers in Windsor police court today for a brutal attack on John Hamlin, a local taxi driver.

Hamlin claims the assault occurred while he was dancing with a girl at the roadhouse, after having had a few drinks there. When the girl attempted to pick his pocket he slapped her, whereupon Moray attacked him.

Hamlin alleged he was knocked to the ground by the proprietor of the inn, who then jumped on his prostrate body and beat him, rendering him partially deaf and otherwise causing serious injuries.

On leaving the place immediately after, Hamlin declared he was again attacked. Reorganize Police.

At a special meeting of the sub-committee of the city council, to be held Saturday afternoon, plans will be considered for extensions to the facilities at Windsor police headquarters for members of the force. Reorganization of the department commenced today with the retirement of Chief of Police Wills as a first step.

With the purpose of organizing a local branch of the Grand Army of United Veterans, J. Harry Flynn, president of that organization, will address a mass meeting of returned men in the Empire Theatre Sunday afternoon.

AYLMER'S OLDEST HOTEL DESTROYED BY FIRE

AYLMER, Sept. 15.—The Brown House, Aylmer's oldest and most popular commercial hotel, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The fire was discovered about 5 o'clock near the elevator, from which it spread with lightning speed to the upper floors and to the front of the building.

There were 25 guests in the house, mostly commercial travelers, but all escaped in safety. Several of the drummers, however, had their stock of samples burned, and one man estimated his loss at \$3,000.

The shoe shop, law office and barber's shop, which adjoin the hotel, escaped with little damage. The hotel building is owned by F. H. Trim and occupied by E. E. Lawson. The damage to the building is placed at \$10,000 and to contents \$4,000, mostly covered by insurance.

GIANT DRUGSTORE MERGER IS EFFECTED

TORONTO, Sept. 15.—Announcement of the purchase of the Boots Pure Drug Company, Limited, of Great Britain, by the United Drug Company of America, was made today by Vice-President and General Manager W. McCoubrey. The Boots Company is a chain of 622 drug stores in England and Scotland. It was founded 40 years ago by Sir Jesse Boots.

As a result of this new addition to the United Drug Company's organization a new \$50,000,000 corporation has been formed, in which are consolidated the Boots Company, the United Drug Company's Canadian concern, and the United Drug Company's retail stores and the Louis K. Liggett Company.

COX PROMISES TO BRING IRISH QUESTION BEFORE THE LEAGUE

DOISE, Idaho, Sept. 15.—In arguing for the league of nations here last night, Governor Cox, in answer to a question, dealt again with the Irish question, refusing to promise to bring it to the attention of the league council if he should be elected.

"Under the league," the governor added, "it can be carried to the bar of public opinion of the world."

The cause of Ireland appeals to many people, and it is important that English-speaking peoples shall live in harmony. The governor promised to bring to the council any matter "interfering with the right of self-determination of peoples, whether in China, Turkey, Ireland or anywhere else."

NO PROSECUTION AFTER TIMBER "STEAL" FOUND

Strange No One Punished For "Mining" For Timber, Says Latchford.

TORONTO, Sept. 15.—Professing to have had only a slight acquaintance with the mining business, J. B. Kingston, former minister of lands, forests and mines, and declaring that he knew of no particular reason why he should have been so favored in the matter of obtaining timber limits in Stanley Township without competition.

Mr. Kingston said he had seen the then minister, Mr. Ferguson, and his deputy, Albert Grigg, with reference to the permit, and after several visits had obtained it. He had put up no money, he said, except a few hundred dollars for travelling expenses. He had found men with money, was given a third interest in the permit and had sold this for \$2,000. Commissioners Riddell and Latchford both showed interest in finding out what influence Mr. Kingston had brought to bear on Mr. Ferguson, and Commissioner Riddell asked him if he were a hypnotist. However, they failed to receive complaints.

Thomas W. Gibson, deputy minister of mines, was called to testify regarding claims staked on the Black Bay peninsula for mining purposes, from which it had been alleged pulpwood was cut. There were complaints about these claims, Mr. Gibson said, and an order-in-council was passed which stopped all mineral staking in that area.

No One Prosecuted.
"If there had been a survey by a competent geologist of these claims gotten fraudulently and with perjury," said Justice Latchford, "and the chief projector and the men he got to swear falsely had been prosecuted it would have been a good example. It is strange someone was not prosecuted when the crime was discovered."

Albert Grigg, deputy minister of lands, forests and mines, was recalled to the stand to testify to a letter written by Samuel Marks to Hon. Mr. Ferguson about abuses which Mr. Marks had reported to the department, but the letter was missing, and Mr. Grigg could not tell what had become of it.

CHARGES DISCRIMINATION.
TORONTO, Sept. 15.—A searching examination of Albert Grigg, deputy minister of lands and forests, featured today's hearing of the Ontario Government timber investigation. Mr. Grigg was accused of discrimination in making certain grants to the Port Arthur Pulp and Paper Company. In fact, he suggested that they had been given the very choicest pulpwood location which had already been refused to public tender.

Hon. Howard Ferguson will give evidence on the charges. Mr. Grigg was asked for information as to the whereabouts of certain letters not found in the department files.

Mr. Ferguson today was a witness in his own election trial at Prescott, Ont.

TARIFF REDUCTION POINT OF CLEAVAGE, SAYS U. F. O. DELEGATE

BRANTFORD, Sept. 15.—Another effort was made here tonight by the U. F. O. and I. L. P. delegates to unite on a joint candidate for South Brant for the federal house, and a resolution was passed that nominations should be made at a public meeting this month.

The U. F. O. delegates asked, however, to go back to their executive for confirmation of the arrangements. They claimed that they came to agree on a policy and not on a candidate.

The I. L. P. chairman intimated that the plans for a reduction of tariff would not be pressed in any campaign in Brantford, which intimation was declared by Delegate Mott of the U. F. O., as a distinct cleavage between the two parties.

A resolution was finally passed that any candidate chosen should be pledged to a Dominion-wide referendum on the tariff issue. The names of A. W. Burt and Mayor MacBride were so far the only ones mentioned.

The U. F. O. delegates were passive on the tariff referendum resolution and did not vote.

Catarrh Of the Stomach Is Dangerous

"Thousands Have It and Don't Know It," Says Physician. Frequently Mistaken for Indigestion—How To Recognize and Treat.

"Thousands of people suffer more or less constantly from furred, coated tongue, bad breath, sour, burning stomach, frequent vomiting, rumbling in stomach, bitter eructations, gas, wind, and stomach acidity and call it indigestion when in reality their trouble is due to gastric catarrh of the stomach," writes a New York physician.

Catarrh of the stomach is dangerous because the mucous membrane lining of the stomach is thickened and a coating of phlegm covers the surface so that the digestive fluids cannot mix with the foods and digest them. This condition soon breeds deadly disease in the fermenting, unassimilated food. The blood is polluted and carries the infection throughout the body. Gastric ulcers are apt to form and frequently an ulcer is the first sign of a deadly cancer.

In catarrh of the stomach a good and safe treatment is to take before meals a teaspoonful of pure Bisurated Magnesia in half a glass of hot water as hot as you can comfortably drink it. The hot water washes the mucus from the stomach walls and draws the blood to the stomach while the Bisurated Magnesia is an excellent solvent for mucus and increases the efficiency of the hot water treatment. Moreover, the Bisurated Magnesia will serve as a powerful but harmless antacid which will neutralize any excess hydrochloric acid that may be in your stomach and sweeten its food contents. Easy, natural digestion without distress of any kind should soon follow. Bisurated Magnesia is not a laxative, is harmless, pleasant and easy to take and can be obtained from any local druggist. Don't confuse Bisurated Magnesia with other forms of magnesia, milks, citrates, etc., but get it in the pure bisurated form (powder or tablets), especially prepared for this purpose.—Adv.

HEINTZMAN & CO., Limited, 242 Dundas St., London

For His Coming Concerts in Toronto and Montreal

The new Heintzman & Co. Concert Grands are a revelation to all great artists—made by Canada's most distinguished Piano Forte makers—193-197 Yonge Street, Toronto, Can.

The Name is Your Guarantee.

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Enrico Caruso
The Greatest Living Operatic Tenor
Chooses the **Heintzman & Co. Piano**
(Established 1850)
For His Coming Concerts in Toronto and Montreal
The new Heintzman & Co. Concert Grands are a revelation to all great artists—made by Canada's most distinguished Piano Forte makers—193-197 Yonge Street, Toronto, Can.
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WHY CANADA NEEDS A PROTECTIVE TARIFF

A Few Reasons

Why Canada should retain the present fiscal policy of adequate protection for Canadian agriculture, industry, labor and business.

1. Canada has shown wonderful growth in agriculture, manufacturing, forest production, mineral production, transportation, banking, insurance, and other business since the adoption in 1878 of the National Policy of adequate protection for all classes.

2. Because Canada was strong in all departments of national activity, she made a great record in the war.

3. Since the war practically all civilized countries have retained or increased their protective tariffs.

4. Over 2,000,000 Canadians are supported by wages paid by Canadian factories.

5. Over 80 per cent of all the produce of Canadian farms is consumed in Canada.

6. The tariff has caused over 600 branches of United States factories to locate in Canada.

7. The tariff provides a great portion of the revenue of the Dominion Government.

8. The present tariff of Canada is very moderate; the average rate of duty on all dutiable importations is 22½ per cent; the average rate of duty on all importations, free and dutiable, is only 14-2-3 per cent.

9. Canadian products should not be exported in the raw state, but should be manufactured in Canada in order to create business, provide employment and add to the national wealth.

10. Canada has maintained a protective tariff for 42 years. The United States, our greatest competitor, has maintained a protective tariff for 131 years. Their manufacturers have a home market of 105 million people. Our manufacturers have a home market of about 8 million people. Last year each inhabitant of the United States bought, on the average, \$4.41 worth of Canadian goods, while each Canadian, on the average, bought \$100.26 worth of United States goods. United States purchases from Canada were largely raw materials. Canadian purchases from the United States were largely manufactured goods. Is it surprising that the rate of exchange is against Canada and that our dollar is at a heavy discount in the United States? This is the situation with a Canadian tariff. What would it be if the tariff were removed? Remove the tariff, and in the words of ex-President Taft, Canada will become "an adjunct of the United States."

11. The destiny of Canada is a fully developed nation within the British Empire.

buy what they need in Canada, which is described as a closed market. For 1919 the gross value of the agricultural production of Canada has been officially estimated at \$1,375,841,000. During the same year exports of manufactured farm produce were valued at approximately \$315,000,000, or if butter and cheese be included, at a little over \$361,000,000. In other words, only between 16 and 18.5 per cent of all the produce of Canadian farms was exported in the unmanufactured state, while between 81.5 and 84 per cent was marketed in Canada.

The home market under normal conditions is a constant market. In a country where the population is steadily increasing it is a growing market. The foreign market or open market is an uncertain market. It may be lost entirely through war. It may be restricted through legislation or economic causes.

It is natural that the argument about selling in foreign markets and buying in protected markets should be most strongly urged in Western Canada, where grain is grown for export. But the conditions of agriculture are changing very rapidly in Western Canada. Not so many years ago wheat was the principal source of farm revenue in Ontario. What is the case now? Figures for the year 1917 show that wheat constituted 6 per cent of the total value of the farm produce of Ontario.

Roughly speaking, a new country starts growing wheat and gradually develops into mixed farming, and the progress of the Prairie Provinces away from the wheat growing state to the mixed farming stage has already reached extensive proportions.

The increase in farm live stock between 1911 and 1916 in the Prairie Provinces is set forth in Table 15 of the Canada Year Book, 1918.

Prairie Provinces.	Increase per cent.
Horses	43
Milk cows	62
Other cattle	47
Total cattle	53
Sheep	73
Poultry	23

The growth of industry in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta is also extraordinary. In 1900 the value of goods manufactured in these three provinces was a negligible quantity. For the present year a very conservative estimate would place the value of the goods manufactured in the three Prairie Provinces at \$300,000,000. In 1900 there was not a single member of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association located west of the Great Lakes. At the present time there are seven hundred—five hundred of these in the Province of Manitoba, and the balance in Saskatchewan and Alberta. In fact, Western Canada is becoming rapidly industrialized—the industries which have made the greatest strides being millinery, building and iron, clothing, textiles, building and paper.

The Canadian home market that absorbs farm produce is the population of the cities, towns and villages. Analyze city, town and village life, and you will find that a considerable part of the activities of their inhabitants has its origin and existence in the factories. Manufacturing is the life blood of the modern world. Trade, transportation, professional practice, and commercial enterprises. Business clusters around the factory. Cities or centers of the factory and business dwellings and the home market declines.

Another free trade argument is that under the protective system industry is developed at the expense of agriculture.

Taking the Canada Year Book estimate of the agricultural capital of Canada in 1917 of \$6,830,145,000, and dividing this sum by the number of farms in Canada, given by Government statistics as 730,000, we find that the average capital per farm was \$9,355. Moreover, our industrial development has not caused any undue depopulation of the rural areas. In 1913 the rural population of Canada was 54.7 per cent of the total population. This is a marked contrast to Great Britain, where the rural population was 48.3 per cent of the total population in 1916 when free trade was done to start with. It has fallen to 21.9 per cent in 1913.

It is also argued that, as Canadian manufacturers during the war produced goods which were sold in foreign countries, with those produced by other countries, they do not need protection now. This argument ignores the extraordinary conditions governing the munition industry. The price of munitions was fixed and calculated to yield a reasonable margin of profit where the business was efficiently conducted. The work was done to start with under government supervision. No selling force was required; because the market took care of itself. That is the pressing need today, and the home market is necessary to supply it.

It is also argued that protection causes combines. Proper trade organizations produce greater efficiency, better quality and lower prices. Improper organization can be prosecuted under existing laws. In any case, industrial combination has not reached undue proportion to date. The census places the number of manufacturing establishments in Canada at 35,000, although this includes concerns which can scarcely be called factories. As the number of employees is estimated at 700,000, the average number of employees per industrial establishment in Canada is about twenty.

A more serious charge is that Canadian manufacturers take undue advantage of the tariff, for example, by adding freight and duty to selling price of competing products in fixing their own selling prices. We do not defend such practices, but we submit that specific charges should be made against the offenders rather than general statements against all manufacturers.

We beg to draw attention to an unfair method of attacking manufacturers, and through them, the protective system. A few manufacturers who have enjoyed marked prosperity are singled out. They are attacked in a sensational manner in the press and on the platform. Their profits for the year are advertised. Their financial statements are analyzed unfairly. No attempt is made to average the lean years with the good years.

No tribute is admitted to efficiency, economical management, or unusual business ability. These outstanding examples of prosperity are held up to the public as a general condition of entire industries.

This method of argument is as unfair as it would be to hold up some phenomenal case of profitable farming, or a lucky strike in mining as an example of how agriculture or mining pays generally.

A recent survey of the shoe manufacturing industry shows, first, that a very considerable number of firms have tried to succeed in this industry, but have become bankrupt, and, second, that the average return on the capital invested in the shoe industry was 5.29 per cent per annum. Don't estimate the failures of Canadian manufacturing firms for the years indicated are as follows:

Year.	No. of Failures of Mfg. Firms.
1918	222
1917	457
1916	426

This is the other side of the story.

For the year ending March 31st, 1921, the Minister of Finance, in his budget speech, estimated that Canada's balance sheet will be:

Estimated expenditure (including capital outlays)	\$548,649,488
Estimated revenue	\$381,000,000
Estimated deficit	\$168,649,488

Adopt free trade, lose the customs revenue, which is estimated at \$187,428, and the deficit will be \$356,077,428.

Those who would abolish the Canadian customs tariff and thus lose the revenue which it produces, suggest that the revenue should be replaced by the imposition of the following taxes—a direct tax on unimproved land values and natural resources, increased taxation on personal incomes, increased inheritance taxes, and increased taxation on corporations. As to taxing unearned increments as such, no objection is offered, but it must be remembered that vacant land now pays taxes to the municipalities and in some provinces additional taxes to the provincial government. In fact, much vacant land has been given up by the owners in preference to paying the taxes now imposed. Income taxes are now paid by individuals to the Dominion Government. Inheritance taxes are now imposed by all the provinces. Corporations are taxed as persons by municipal governments, and the Dominion Government, and also pay special taxes to every province for the privilege of being corporations. It is admitted that the suggested forms of direct taxation, while capable of some extension, cannot produce in one year the huge sum of \$356,077,428 (almost the present entire revenue of Canada).

The fact that the per capita amount of revenue raised by the tariff is greater in Canada than in the United States is often used as an argument that the Canadian tariff is too high. The explanation of the fact is simple. The tariff raises the value of the goods imported which compete with domestic products. But, because the United States has built up home industry by constantly adhering to the protective tariff, the value of the goods imported is small. Consequently, the amount of duty collected is smaller per capita than in Canada, not because the United States duties are lower, but because the volume of imports is comparatively much smaller.

The United States, with a population of 105,000,000, imports from this country of \$600,000,000 only about one-half the value of the goods which it sells us. Our exports to the United States and imports from the United States for various years since 1907 follow:

VALUE OF IMPORTS FROM UNITED STATES.	
Fiscal Year.	Amount.
1907 (9 mos.)	\$155,943,029
1912	\$56,334,478
1917	\$77,631,816
1920	\$92,096,817

VALUE OF EXPORTS TO UNITED STATES.	
Fiscal Year.	Amount.
1907 (9 mos.)	\$79,021,450
1912	\$20,534,631
1917	\$56,334,478
1920	\$64,029,273

Last year each inhabitant of the United States bought \$4.41 worth of Canadian goods, while each Canadian bought \$100.26 worth of United States goods. Significant also is the fact that our purchases from the United States were largely in manufactured goods, while their purchases from Canada were chiefly raw material. It is the situation with a Canadian tariff.

It is also argued that the tariff is a heavy discount in the United States. This is the situation with a Canadian tariff. What would it be if the tariff were removed? Remove the tariff, and in the words of ex-President Taft, Canada will become "an adjunct of the United States."

1. The United States has maintained a protective tariff for 131 years; Canada for 42 years.

2. The United States has a more highly organized industrial system, supported by immense wealth.

3. The United States manufacturers are guaranteed their home market of 105,000,000 people, guaranteeing a large output and specialization. The Canadian home market of 8,000,000 has already been seriously invaded.

4. The United States has comparatively a greater labor supply.

5. The customs regulations of the United States discourage Canadian imports while the customs regulations of Canada encourage United States imports.

Briefly, we cannot manufacture extensively in Canada at the present rate and stage of our industries, unless these industries are given protection against the industries of the United States. We have two choices. We can abolish our tariff and allow the United States to manufacture for us, while we produce raw materials for them, or we can persevere in our determination that Canada shall continue to develop as a manufacturing country as well as an agricultural country.

In Europe there is a well-known phrase "peaceful penetration." Translated, this means the domination of a small country by a big country. The small country, it is true, often keeps the forms of national independence after freedom has departed, and remains bound in fetters of financial and commercial subservience.

During the reciprocity campaign of 1911, Ex-President Taft and the late Ex-President Roosevelt were agreed that reciprocity would be a good thing for the United States. They were confident letters to each other on the subject; then came the quarrel over the nomination for the presidency and the correspondence was published. Ex-President Taft on the 25th of April, 1912, at Boston, Mass.

In a letter from ex-President Taft to the late Ex-President Roosevelt, the following extract occurs:

"The amount of Canadian products we would take would produce a current business between Western Canada and the United States that would make Canada only an adjunct of the United States. I would transfer all their important business to Chicago and New York, with their bank credits and everything else. I see this is the argument made against reciprocity in Canada, and I think it is a good one."

In his reply, the late ex-President Roosevelt stated:

"It seems to me what you propose to do with Canada is admirable from every standpoint. I believe in free trade with Canada for both economic and political reasons."

Those who do not believe Canadians when they point out the dangers that free trade or a lowering of the tariff would bring to Canada, will not believe such men as ex-President Taft and the late ex-President Roosevelt.

The above references to the United States are made in a friendly spirit. A certain amount of trade between the two countries is necessary and most desirable. But the people of the United States will appreciate the natural desire of Canadians to promote their own national development. Most of the dealings with the United States the most cordial relations.

Conservation.

There are two courses we can pursue in regard to our natural resources. We can plunder these resources and ship the raw materials to other countries, which will take these materials, manufacture them and sell them back to us in the shape of finished products at high enhanced prices. The other course is to conserve, to manufacture in Canada not only the preliminary processes, but also the successful completion of the export products in a finished state. Under the first plan, for example, we would export our timber, ore and pulpwood. Under the second plan we would manufacture these into high finished products for domestic and foreign consumption. Under the first plan only a limited amount of rough labor would be needed. Most of the manufacturing connected with the processes of further manufacture, affecting banking, transportation and insurance, would go to enrich other countries. Under the second plan we would carry these processes through to the highest stage here, providing employment and creating business. The first plan is free trade. The second plan is protection.

Preferential Tariffs Within the British Empire.

On the whole, prospects seem bright for the general extension of preferential tariff systems throughout British countries. Such an arrangement would correspond with the policy followed between the United States and United States overseas countries, including Cuba. A similar policy is followed toward their respective possessions by France and Italy, and was followed by Germany.

Canadian Factories in the War.

Shortly after the beginning of the war, the Canadian factory system was practically put on a war basis, and munition making was organized. How Canadian factories succeeded in war manufacture is illustrated by the following statement from the report issued by the war cabinet and presented to the Imperial Government: "The manufacturing resources in Canada during the war were not only as complete as those of the British Isles. Munition work was done chiefly under the control of the Imperial munitions board—which placed orders in Canada amounting to \$1,200,000,000. At the peak of operations between 250,000 and 275,000 workers were employed in making munitions, including shells, parts, 61 wooden ships, 44 steel ships and 3,000 aeroplanes. At the same time the Canadian factories largely supplied the Canadian army at home and the Canadian army abroad. About half the Canadian army came from the factories and half returned to the factories on demobilization. If we had not built up a factory system and allied business, if our manufacturing and business had been done for us largely by other countries, many men to the war, could not have supplied shells, ships and aeroplanes, could not have given large financial aid and could not have absorbed their demobilized soldiers."

Conclusion.

In the course of this statement an effort has been made to show that manufacturing in Canada is inseparably connected with other industries; that two million wage earners and dependents secure their living through manufacturing, and that the direct and indirect benefits that this country as a whole has made remarkable progress under the National Policy of protection; that, with the policy of free trade, towards protection, Canada cannot remain a nation; that the revision of the tariff should be scientific and take into consideration the requirements of all classes; that the free trade policy of protection with some assurance of permanence is a vital need; and finally, that the aim of the fiscal policy determined as a result of this inquiry should be to make Canada a more developed nation within the British Empire.

Summary of Statement submitted to the Committee of Cabinet Ministers at Winnipeg, on September 14th, by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

According to the Dominion Census, about 700,000 people are employed in the factories of Canada, including their families, the number of persons who depend for their living on the wage rolls of Canadian factories number 2,000,000. In addition, there are probably half as many more wholesale and retail traders, professional and business men and others who derive the chief part of their incomes indirectly from industrial establishments. Moreover, as about 80 per cent of the total annual produce of Canadian farms is consumed in Canada, chiefly by the people living in towns and cities, farmers are also vitally concerned with industrial conditions.

Any civilized country that aspires to greatness must be strong in the following departments of national activity: Agriculture, manufacturing, transportation and finance. Purely agrarian countries have never reached any degree of greatness; purely industrial countries cannot exist; both manufacturing and agriculture are helpless without the machinery of finance and transportation systems to carry produce.

What part does the factory play? Remove the factories and imagine the effect on the wholesale and retail trade, on the banks, on the financial and brokerage houses, on real estate, on the professional men, on the tax-collecting departments? The majority of Canadian cities owe their existence to the factories.

Under the factory is the direct or indirect cause of a very considerable part of business transacted, because the welfare of many allied activities depends on the ebb and flow of the factory output, the buying capacity of the factory purchasing department, and the spending of the factory payroll. Strike at the factory, and you strike at nearly everyone in the city or town. Strike at the city or town, and you strike at the agricultural population surrounding the city or town, for cities and towns use the produce of the farms, while the cities and towns in their turn supply the farms with most of those luxuries, comforts and necessities which are part of civilized existence.

Nearly every family in Canada, directly or indirectly, is benefited by industrial prosperity and injured by industrial depression.

The Principle of Protection.

As the Canadian Customs Tariff has not been revised since 1907, revision is now overdue. After careful investigation, it may be found that the rates of duty on some articles are too high, and will consequently be lowered; or, in certain other cases, that the rates of duty are too low and will consequently be raised; or, in other cases, that the rates of duty will be considered fair and remain unchanged. But all tariff revisions are governed by a guiding principle, and this guiding principle must be either the policy of protection or the policy of free trade. The term "tariff for revenue" is misleading, because a tariff of even 10 per cent on an article produced in Canada yields revenue and also affords a small degree of incidental protection.

In presenting this statement, therefore, the Canadian Manufacturers' Association respectfully begs to reaffirm its advocacy and support of the policy of adequate protection for Canadian industry (the policy which has been maintained since 1878 in Canada by all political parties that have held power).

Moreover, the Association pledges its support to any measures which will hasten the adoption throughout the British Empire of substantial customs preferences for Empire products, corresponding to the preferences now provided in the Customs tariff in Canada.

Definition of Protection.

The objects of the protective system in Canada have been and should continue to be:

- (1) To diminish, as far as possible, the importation of goods from foreign countries which can be produced at home.
- (2) To facilitate the importation of raw materials for manufacturing processes which cannot be produced at home.
- (3) To encourage the exportation of Canadian goods as finished products.
- (4) To make Canada self-contained by developing and encouraging within her boundaries all legitimate activities.

that will give occupation to Canadian citizens.

The protective system is, above all things, a national system. The country is the unit. It aims to make the individual strong in all vital departments of activity. If it were founded on any other basis it could not survive, and the only reason that the protective system has been in operation in practically all civilized countries for several centuries, with a few intermittent exceptions, is that the system safeguards and develops the resources and prosperity of the great majority of the citizens of each country.

The Tariff.

The tariff protects domestic industry by increasing the difficulty of importing competing products; in the second place, it secures revenue for the Government; and in the third place, it can be used either as a weapon against foreign countries that is using discriminatory methods, or to bargain with a foreign country for tariff concessions that will open desirable markets for Canadian products. Consequently, the tariff, being the chief instrument which maintains the protective system in operation, cannot be suddenly changed or abolished, without at the same time changing or abolishing the protective system.

Support of the protective principle should not be confused with advocacy of a high tariff. The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has never advocated a high tariff; and does not advocate a high tariff now; but it is a conservative statement of fact to say that the Canadian customs tariff as it stands today is not a high tariff, and that in comparison with tariffs of other countries it is very moderate.

During the year ending March 31, 1920, the average rate of duty on all dutiable importations, less the customs war tariff collections, was 22½ per cent.

The average rate of duty on all importations, free and dutiable, after deducting the customs war tariff collections, was 14-2-3 per cent.

On the 18th day of May, 1920, the customs war tariff rates were completely removed by Parliament. Surely it is reasonable to say that the average rate of duty of 22½ per cent on all dutiable importations and the average rate of duty of 14-2-3 per cent on all importations, dutiable and free, now imposed by the Canadian customs tariff, constitute a moderate tariff.

The World Tendency Towards Protection.

Fiscal policies of countries are interrelated and swing together like a pendulum towards protection at one period and towards free trade at another period. This fact is significant because the present swing of the world pendulum is strongly towards protection.

Following the armistice, industrial countries, especially those that had been engaged in the war, took precautions to safeguard their home markets against a deluge of foreign goods, in order that their demobilized soldiers and war workers could secure employment in their own countries. The United Kingdom, notwithstanding statements to the contrary, is not a free trade country. It now applies various protective duties, and has a measure before Parliament designed to prevent dumping, arising from exchange depreciation or other causes. During his budget speech in the House of Commons on April 19 last, the Honorable Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the exchequer, stated that the United Kingdom had raised during the year ending March 31, 1920, the sum of \$149,300,000 from customs duties imposed on goods imported into the United Kingdom. That is, every resident of the United Kingdom paid a customs tariff tax on the average of about \$15 last year. In Canada last year the average

Fiscal Year.	Total Trade.
1879	\$19,489,188
1920	\$2,351,174,886

Agricultural production in Canada has flourished as the following statistics indicate:

Year.	Field Crops.	Other Farm Products.	Total Production.
1900	\$194,353,420	\$159,352,446	\$353,705,866
1919	1,482,437,000	323,404,000	1,975,841,000

The national output of wheat has grown as follows:

Year.	Bushels.
1870	16,732,873
1919	193,260,400

Manufacturing has shown a similar extraordinary advance.

Year.	Capital Invested.	Employees.	Value of Products.
1881	\$165,022,623	254,935	\$309,676,068
1917	2,786,649,727	692,067	3,015,577,940

The products of the forests, of the mines and of the fisheries and the volumes of banking and insurance business have shown the following great increase in values under the National Policy:

FOREST PRODUCTION.	
Year.	Log Products and Wood Pulp.
1881	\$35,540,570
1919	140,281,584

MINERAL PRODUCTION.	
Year.	Value.
1888	\$14,913,113
1919	173,075,913

FISHERY PRODUCTION.	
Year.	Value.
1879	\$13,529,254
1918	60,243,429

CHARTERED BANKS.	
Year.	Paid up Capital and Reserve.
1888	\$79,218,565
1919	248,912,111

Total Bank Deposits by the Public in Canada.	
Year.	Value.
1879	\$1,000,195
1919	1,841,478,895

Year.	1879.	1889.	1899.	1909.	1919.
Value in operation	\$4,484	12,232	17,141	24,244	38,896
Tons of freight	8,248,310	17,268,628	31,211,753	65,442,258	116,699,572
Gross earnings	\$19,925,066	\$42,149,515	\$62,243,784	\$145,056,336	\$382,976,901

per capita tariff tax, including the war tariff, now removed, was about \$23, or without the war tariff, was \$19.50. Yet some people describe Great Britain as a free trade country, and Canada as a high tariff country.

The businessmen of Great Britain read in the war that steps must be taken upon the cessation of hostilities to protect British industries, and various committees have reported to the British Parliament recommending a measure of protection for British industries.

France increased her tariff rates during the past year on most goods by amounts varying from 10 to 300 per cent; and as late as April 23, 1920, she announced a new and extensive list of prohibited imports. Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Spain, Rumania and the Balkan States have made general increases in their tariffs. Recent dispatches show that still higher protection is being provided in most of these countries, and especially in France, Italy and Spain. Japan has now in operation a high protective tariff.

In South America all countries have tariff designed not only for the purpose of producing revenue, but also to provide for a reasonable measure of protection for home industry. The average rate of duty on all importations, both free and dutiable, for these countries, for 1913, the latest year for which statistics are obtainable, follow:

Countries.	Average ad valorem duty on imports.
Argentina	24.48
Brazil	35.9
Bolivia	17.1
Chile	19.9
Ecuador	35.6
Peru	31.1
Uruguay (1912)	36.2
Venezuela	46.7

The following clause was adopted by the National Republican Convention of the Republic of the United States at Chicago, June 10, 1920:

"The uncertain and unsettled conditions of international balances, the abnormal economic and trade situation of the world, and the impossibility of forecasting accurately even the near future, preclude the formulation of a definite program to meet conditions a year hence. But the Republican party reaffirms its belief in the protective principle and pledges itself to a revision of the tariff as soon as conditions shall make it necessary for the preservation of the home market for American labor, agriculture and industry."

A tariff was introduced in Australia on March 24, 1920, which is highly protective in character. All British countries outside the United Kingdom have tariffs that are protective in character, the exception of certain Eastern countries, such as India and the Straits Settlements, which impose duties on certain imports for revenue.

Official records show that there is not in the world today one country making any pretensions to industrial development that is without a protective tariff. This Dominion's tariff legislation, designed for national development, must be affected by the fact that every great industrial nation throughout the world has erected protective tariff barriers against the exploitation of its markets by other nations. Were our country to remove its tariff, while other countries maintain and strengthen theirs, our markets would be filled with the overflow goods from protected foreign countries, while our goods would be largely shut out of foreign markets. This would so reduce the markets of our factories as to raise Canadian prices to a level above a competitive basis, and many of them would be compelled to cease operations.

Growth of Canada Under Protection.

The best way to determine whether or not Canada has flourished under the policy of adequate protection is to study the statistics, not for one industry, but for all the great basic industries, and see how they have developed since 1878. Consider first the growth of Canada. The following table shows that since the introduction of

DAIRYMEN WILL POOL SUPPLIES

Said To Be Selling Milk At
Less Than Cost.

New York, Sept. 16.—The Dairymen's League announced last night that its directors and county president, at meetings in Utica, adopted unusual means to meet the serious situation which has arisen as a result of the depression of the milk market and the strong probability that dairymen may have difficulty in marketing their product after October 1. After long discussion the league officials voted to recommend to the \$5,000 members that the proceeds from every member's milk be pooled.

The league considers this the most important action ever undertaken by its officials. If the recommendation is carried out it will mean that there will be no more milk wars, the consumers will be supplied with a regular uninterrupted flow of milk, and the farmers will be sure of a market. The pooling plan provides for the payment by the buyer of milk direct to the Dairymen's Co-operative Association, the proceeds to be pooled and every dairymen to receive his equal share.

At the Utica meetings the league also voted to sell milk for October for not less than \$3.55 a hundred pounds, with the usual freight and butter-fat differentials. This is something like 21 cents a hundred pounds under the cost of production, as figured by Dr. G. F. Warren of the New York State College of Agriculture.

The farmers are faced with a serious situation after October 1, which may force many of them to disperse their dairy herds. The New York Milk Dealers' conference has served notice on the league that after the present contracts expire on September 30, the manufacturing dealers will not be in the market to buy any more milk until such time as market conditions for manufactured milk products improve. The reason given by the dealers is that there is little or no market for manufactured dairy products, especially for condensed milk, evaporated milk and milk powder.

In many markets dealers report there is little buying of dairy products, and that everyone seems to be waiting for lower prices.

Fined \$12,000 For Profiteering

Clothier Pleads Guilty to the
Charges Laid by Special
Investigators.

Buffalo, Sept. 16.—After entering a plea of guilty on ten counts to profiteering in men's clothing, the Suitsbach Clothing Company, operating the store known as "Georges," in Elliott Square, was fined \$12,000 in federal court by Judge John R. Hazel. The indictment, on more than sixty counts, was found against the company, following a campaign by a special flying squadron of investigators sent here by the department of justice.

George P. Suitsbach of New York, president of the company, was in court and entered the plea. In an interview he said:

"If we keep on as we have been the lawyers will have the store and everything else."

In pronouncing judgment, Judge Hazel said he felt justified in bestowing a wholesome punishment, saying he felt that the firm "had been greedily and avariciously taking excess charges from the public."

The plea of guilty was entered for ten counts. In presenting the case, Mr. Sherman said he was willing to dismiss the other counts on that plea, as he considered these ten the strongest the government had, being all based on recent purchases, and that many others were duplications as regarded articles and prices.

RECORD TOBACCO CROP, SAY REVENUE OFFICERS

Expect to Issue 4,500 Licenses Before
Crop Is Harvested.

Windsor, Sept. 16.—That the tobacco crop of Essex and Kent counties this year will create a record, was declared tonight by officials of the Government inland revenue department, Walkerville, which has jurisdiction over the two counties.

This estimate is borne out by the number of licenses issued to growers this year, the aggregate already reaching over 3,500, while total for all last year was but 3,637. It is expected 4,500 licenses will be issued before the crop is harvested.

While the quantity of the weed will assume larger proportions in the two counties this year, it will not approach the same standard of quality, however, as that of last year, owing to unfavorable weather conditions of too much rain, with a lack of warm and continued high temperatures.

A FAMILY FAILING.

OWEN SOUND, Sept. 15.—This afternoon at Howarth Mrs. William Currie was fined \$500 on a charge of selling whiskey. Last week her husband, a farmer of Amabel Township, was fined \$1,000 in the Owen Sound police court. Some time ago a brother, Joseph Currie, was fined for a breach of the O. T. A. in Warton. In the evidence to prove Mrs. Currie's share in the family failing, two young men testified they bought bottles of home brew from her at \$4 a bottle. The fine was promptly paid, as was her husband's last week.

MOVING FROM WINDSOR.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Sept. 16.—The Batee Valve Bag Company of Chicago, which has a branch factory in Windsor, is removing to this city. It was announced today. The company makes automatic machines.

LIGHTNING CAUSES HEAVY LOSS.

Owen Sound, Sept. 16.—Two large barns, each 40 by 70 feet, containing seventy-five loads of hay and 45 loads of grain, owned by Benjamin Elder of Elsinore, were completely destroyed in a fire started by a lightning bolt during a heavy electrical storm last night. The stock was all taken out safely. The loss is practically covered by insurance.

RESIGNS CUSTOMS OFFICER'S JOB.

Windsor, Sept. 16.—Robert H. Harrison, first president of the Border Great War Veterans' Association, vice-president of the Provincial G. W. V. A., and one of the original founders of that organization of returned men in Canada, today turned in his resignation as a special customs officer in charge of inspection of trains entering Canada from the United States, at this point on the border. He will leave at the end of the month, to engage in the wholesale heavy hardware business in Toronto.

INGERSOLL AT WESTERN FAIR.

INGERSOLL, Sept. 15.—Ingersoll and surrounding districts contributed a large quota to the attendance at the Western Fair today. That much interest is attached to the sight-seeing and educational advantages of Western Ontario's big fair was emphasized by the fact that the pupils of the local public schools were granted a holiday, that all who could might attend. The exodus from the town and district was undoubtedly the greatest in years.



Is "falling in love" enough reason for getting married?

America's great divorce problem begins with our marriage problem

34,000 babies of unmarried mothers born here each year What becomes of them?

THIRTY-FOUR thousand little babies that no body wants to live.

What becomes of the thousands of these little babies that disappear quietly each year—with some one getting paid for each disappearance?

What becomes of the thousands of frightened unmarried mothers blackmailed to the last penny? Would you believe that there is in America an organized method for getting rid of nameless babies?

Dorothy Canfield exposes the whole dreadful traffic in her article in Pictorial Review for October entitled "A Square Deal for the Nameless Child."

It will tell you facts almost incredible, but proved. When are we going to act? When are we going to do what France did? Every wife and mother should read this shameful record.



Home-making as the modern woman does it

Do you know how Mrs. Martin saves money on Meat? (page 69)

Do you know twelve recipes for Pickles? (page 37)

Do you know how to make Desserts without Sugar? (page 63)

Do you know 17 Kansas Recipes? (page 94)

Do you know how to Make A Home and A Living? (page 134)

Do you know how to have a Perfect Laundry? (page 52)

"MARRIAGE is like the movies" said one young war-bride-Reno-divorcée. "You can go into the show and if you don't like it you can get up and go out."

War-brides figured in forty per cent of last year's Reno divorces—ending marriages of haste and passing excitement!

In nearly half our states it is not even necessary to register a marriage.

And look at our divorce courts!

In a single year the divorces granted in America were more than double the number in twenty European countries combined. We have forty-eight separate divorce laws—one for every state.

Did you know that if you marry a divorced man, you can later be named as his correspondent?

That at the beginning of a trip you may be a man's wife and at the end—not his wife?

That if you take your children out of the state they may become illegitimate?

That you can be the legal wife of two men, of either of them, or of neither—at the same time?

That at the same time you can be both single and a bigamist?

Helen Ring Robinson's discussion of marriage and divorce discloses some amazing, ludicrous and tragic results of our chaotic divorce situation. She gives a graphic pen portrait of Reno, the divorce-boom town, what it is and what it does.

Read her revealing, thought-provoking article. It contains facts that no American woman should be ignorant of. Don't miss

"Taking the cure at Reno"

Big fall fashion number

Do you know the proper length
for skirts this fall?

Do you know how long sleeves
are going to be?

Will you wear high neck or low?

These are the things every well-dressed woman wants to know, and these are the very things the October Pictorial Review tells you. Women of refinement, always seeking the new and beautiful in dress, will have their ambitions gratified in the charming styles shown in Pictorial Review for October. All the latest Parisian novelties:

The new beauty Window dresses
The new Coat dresses
The new Modern Age dresses
And the new Peg Top dresses



And don't forget that perfect-fitting Pictorial Review Patterns enable you to reproduce every one of these new styles.

A great collection of unusual short stories

Edward J. O'Brien, the noted critic, has frequently stated that Pictorial Review publishes more short stories of first quality than any magazine in its class. In this issue are eight complete stories that clearly indicate why Mr. O'Brien has bestowed signal honors on Pictorial Review fiction.

Do you like a grim, fantastic story? Read "Footfalls" by Wilbur Daniel Steele.

Do you want to laugh? Read "La Douleur-euse" by H. Collinson Owen.

Does Oriental romance charm you? Read "The Lute of Jade" by Achmed Abdullah.

Do young people's love affairs interest you? Read "Love's Deliric" by Leona Dalrymple.

Do you like to solve a mystery? Read "Red Gulls" by Ethel Watts Mumford.

Do you like to read of queer people? Read "The Refuge" by Mary Cholmondeley.

For a mystifying character study read "The Strange Case of Mr. Nix" by Hugh Walpole.

PICTORIAL REVIEW

October Fall Fashion Number—Out Today

This edition limited to two million copies

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

Western Fair

NOW IN FULL SWING

Greatest Exposition of Agricultural Products, Manufacturing Industries and Fine Arts Ever Held Under Auspices of the Association—World's Best in Amusements Assembled on Spacious Grounds.

SEE THE KING OF ALL SPORTS

AUTO POLO

Don't miss this struggle of gladiators, mounted on the iron horses of this age of speed. Famous drivers and skilled malletmen in hair-raising collisions, wrecks and overturns, shown for the first time in Canada at any Fair. Contests every afternoon and night before the stands.

EXTRA ADDED FEATURE

Wild West "Broncho Bustin"

Cowboys, fresh from the plains in davey dicks, furious riding, wild roping and lariat-throwing. See this attraction afternoon and night from the stands.

JOHNNY J. JONES MIDWAY EXPOSITION

THIRTY SHOWS AND RIDES.

All that is best in the world of fun and wonder. Brilliant electrical effects, Jazz bands, elephants, monkeys. An unrivalled merit. SEE THESE FEATURES TODAY.

PARADE OF PRIZE-WINNING HORSE RACES—2:10 PACE AND LIVE STOCK DAZZLING FIRE—2:20 PACE, MILK HEATS. TWO WORKS AT NIGHT. \$400 PURSES.

FRIDAY'S SPEED EVENTS—Half-mile, open to all horses that have started at this exhibition. Purse, \$200. Consolation race, open only to horses that have started at this exhibition, not winning better than fourth money in competition with six or more entries. Purse, \$200. Motorists, bring your whole party in your car. Entry by subway at Dundas and Egerton streets. Accommodation for everybody. Admission, car and driver, \$1.00.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR FRIDAY.
Friday only adults will be admitted at the gates for 25 cents; children, 10 cents, gates and stands.
LIEUT.-COL. W. M. GARTSHORE, President. A. M. HUNT, Secretary.

Speed Trials Chatham Fair

3 Days---\$1,600 In Prizes

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22—
2:18 trot or pace, purse \$300.
2:30 trot or pace, purse \$250.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23—
2:25 trot or pace, purse \$250.
2:30 trot, \$250.
Half-mile, farmers' green horses that have never won public money; five valuable prizes.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24—
Free-for-all, purse \$150.
2:50 trot or pace, half-mile, purse \$150.
Green trot, half-mile, purse \$100.

TRACK IN A1 CONDITION—SPECIAL RATES ON RAILROADS.

Committee: S. Orr, chairman; A. B. Patterson, secretary; H. Jenner, T. F. O'Neil, D. Donovan, Melvin Crow, George Richardson.

Many Other Special Features at Big Four-Day Event

H. JENNER, President. B. MCCLIG, Secretary.
S. 11, 13, 15

GRAND

Starting Tonight at 8.
FAREWELL PRESENTATION IN THIS CITY OF THIS FAMOUS AND WONDERFUL PRODUCTION.

Owing to enormous size of production and length of performance, patrons are requested to be seated by 8 o'clock, as no more will be seated during the first act.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present

CHU CHIN CHOW

A MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA OF THE ORIENT
NOW IN ITS FOURTH YEAR
AT THE MAJESTIC THEATRE, LONDON, ONT.
DIRECT FROM ONE YEAR AT THE CENTURY THEATRE, N.Y.

SPECIAL NOTE.
In presenting "Chu Chin Chow" this city tonight, Mr. Morris Gest desires to emphasize the fact that "Chu Chin Chow" will be given here EXACTLY as it is in London and New York, DOWN TO THE VERY LAST SPANGLE.

THREE YEARS AGO
In New York, when "Chu Chin Chow" was first presented in America before the most brilliant audience ever gathered together in America, many people paid FIFTY DOLLARS for a single seat.

MEETINGS

THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION of the Palestine Shrine, W. S. O. J. No. 3, in the Alma Block Building, this (Thursday) evening at 7:30. Conferring degrees. Visitors welcome. b

EMERGENCY MEETING King Solomon's Lodge, No. 375, G. R. C. A. P. and A. M. will be held this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 in Masonic Temple, Queen's Avenue. Return visit of Ontario Lodge, Windsor, Ont. Conferring degrees. Visitors cordially welcome. Wm. Hale, worshipful master; Wm. Nicholls, secretary. b

DENTAL CARDS

DR. S. M. THOMAS—NEW ADDRESS, 212 Dundas street. Phone 383.
DR. JOHN F. BLAIR, 344 RICHMOND street. Phone 1400.
DR. M. J. FREZZELL, DENTIST—Over McLaughlin's drug store, opposite old city hall.

DR. R. D. JARVIS—EXTRACTION only, painless method. 213 Dundas street.

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

E. S. DETWILER, D.O., HAS REMOVED TO 444 Waterloo, corner of Queen's. Phone 3372.
DRS. MAUDE H. HARKINS, REBECCA HARKINS, St. George Apartments, Wellington. Phone 1560. Rebecca Harkins, specialist catarrhal deafness.

PATRICIA

This Week—Continuous 1:30 to 11:00

"The Passers-By"

With Herbert Rawlinson
And All-Star Cast.

USUAL ADDED FEATURES AND VAUDEVILLE. 14c

LOVE

BEST FOR LESS
Now Featuring
William Farnum
—IN—
"If I Were King"

Comedy and Pictorial.
COME EARLY!
Supreme Vaudeville. 17c

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—STRING OF PEARLS, ON Dundas, or Richmond street. Liberal reward, this office. 17c

LOST—GOLD WRIST WATCH, INITIAL ON BACK, ST. JAMES, PLEASANT, Oxford by Maitland street. Reward, 422 St. James. 17c

LOST—LONDON SOUTH, OR ON Wharncliffe road, on Wednesday afternoon, gold watch, Waltham, monogram F. L. B. on back. Reward, this office. 17c

LOST—LARGE CAMEO PIN, VALUED as keepsake. Liberal reward. Finder, please notify Starr Phonograph, 215 Dundas street. 17c

LOST—SILVER VANITY CASE AND chain, monogram V. M. C. D. Phone 1315 or 6300. Reward. 16c

LOST—PAIDED PHONOGRAPH cover between Rectory and Simcoe, or Wellington and Dundas. Finder, please notify Starr Phonograph, 215 Dundas street. 17c

LOST—LADY'S BLACK CLUB BAG, between St. Thomas and London. Life insurance policy Pacific Mutual of Detroit, wearing apparel. Reward, Apply A. C. Hudson, 17 Ward street, St. Thomas. 15c

LOST—ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, black leather purse containing sum of money, railroad ticket and bank book, between Gray's store and Smallman's. Finder kindly leave at this office. 15c

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

MAJESTIC

Continued Performances. Now showing that dazzling production of New York's Gay White Way and the pleasure-mad crowds who through the roof gardens and cabarets in search of new pleasures, new sensations dancing on the mid-air and the brilliant and luxuries that money can buy.

ON WITH THE DANCE

Starring David Murray Powell
Many extra added attractions. Hear the famous Allen Concert Orchestra and the 25,000 Organ. Under the direction of Maurice Pouré.

Various Good Positions

OPEN IN OUR FACTORY FOR SMART GIRLS
D. S. PERRIN & CO., LTD.
Carling Street Entrance. Sept. 16.

SHIPWRECKED

among the CANNIBALS
A Thousand Thrills!
and hair-raising adventures—a picture you will remember forever.

Continuous Performances Daily.
Special School Children's Matinee Daily, 4:30. b

BORN, MARRIED, DIED

MARRIED.
DALE—PHILLIPS—At the home of the bride's mother, 121 Tecumseh avenue, on September 13, 1920, by Rev. J. T. Conby, Morris, Mabel E. Phillips to William Oscar Dale, both of this city. b

LUTMAN—STONEMAN—At St. Luke's Anglican Church, Saturday, September 11, 1920, by Rev. Arthur Richardson, Doris Stoneman to Jack Lutman, both of London. b

MATTHEWS—WILLIAMS—At the First Methodist Church, on Wednesday, September 15, by the Rev. Dr. Peever, Gertrude Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Williams, to Mr. Frederick J. Matthews of Toronto, son of Mr. Frederick N. Matthews of this city. b

WILLS—CROCKETT—On Wednesday morning, September 15, 1920, at St. Paul's Cathedral, by Rev. C. W. Forster, Helen May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Crockett, to Robert Henry Wills, both of this city. 15a

DIED.
BURR—At her late residence, 563 1/2 Colborne street, on Thursday, September 16, 1920, Edythe, beloved wife of George Burr (née Edythe Wynn) b. her 26th year.

Funeral notice later.
GLINZ—At the family residence, 39 Chesley avenue, on Thursday, September 16, 1920, Donald Earl Glinz, beloved and youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Glinz, aged 15 years.

Funeral Sunday, September 19, from the above address at 2:30 p.m. by Rev. C. W. Forster.
GUMMER—At Kincaid, on Monday, September 13, 1920, Emma Tomlinson, beloved wife of Dr. N. A. Gummer. b

Funeral notice later.
KIRKPATRICK—At the family residence, 62 Marmora street, on Wednesday, September 15, 1920, John Kirkpatrick, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Kirkpatrick, in his 62nd year.

Funeral (private) from the above address, on Friday at 2:30 p.m. by Rev. C. W. Forster.
MONTGOMERY—On September 14, 1920, George C. Montgomery, beloved husband of Letitia, aged 70 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 1700 Line, Delaware, on Friday, September 17, at 2:30 p.m. Service at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.
MONTGOMERY—On September 14, 1920, George C. Montgomery, beloved husband of Letitia, aged 70 years.

CARDS OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Martin wish to thank their many friends, especially the sisters and nurses of St. Joseph's Hospital, for their kindness and sympathy during the sad bereavement by the death of their brother.

Mrs. E. H. Wignett and daughters, of 76 Colborne street, wish to thank their neighbors, fraternal societies and Beatty Bros. for the kindness and sympathy shown them by their death and bereavement, and also for the many beautiful floral offerings. b

EDUCATIONAL

THE MISSISS WISTCOTT'S BOARDING and day school, 441 Ridout street, opens September 9. Telephone 2821. Terms, \$12.00. b

SHORTHAND AND TYPE-WRITING SCHOOL

Conducted by Margaret F. Talbot, B.A. AFTERNOON AND EVENING CLASSES, ALSO A LIMITED NUMBER OF PRIVATE PUPILS at the LONDON INSTITUTE OF MUSICAL ART. A. D. Jordan, Musical Director. Term begins Sept. 1. Telephone No. 1. 566 Dundas street. ywt

O'Brien Business College

361 Richmond Street, London. Commercial and Shorthand. Day and night classes. See us at the Fair, Machinery Building. W. J. O'BRIEN, Commercial Specialist, Principal.

OSTEOPATHY

DR. R. C. BARKLE, OSTEOPATHIC and Chiropractic, spine specialist, 226 Central avenue, Phone 2568. When desired, telephone appointments please telephone. DR. CATON, OSTEOPATH, 171 KENT street, Nineteenth year, drugless practice. Phone 1573.

OSTEOPATHIC CLINICS

FOR CHILDREN—ST. GEORGE Apartments, Wednesday, 3 to 5. FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS—444 Waterloo, Tuesday and Friday, 7 to 9 p.m.

ACCOUNTANTS

J. B. WORTMAN, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, 215 Adelaide, Investigations and systems. 655 Queen's avenue. Phone 4957.
THE J. C. STILES ACCOUNTING SERVICE—Audits, systems, financial, tax and bank statements, bookkeeping for small businesses. Dominion Savings Building, Phone 628-2265.
J. G. DUNBAR, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, Auditor and auditor, 223 Danforth avenue, Toronto, Canada. Oct. 2

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER for desirable position. State experience, references and salary expected. Box 52, Advertiser. 17c

WANTED—GOOD GIRL WITH REFERENCES, for general housework. Apply Mrs. Dan Nolan, 544 Richmond street. 17c

EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT or housekeeper, no washing, good wages. Apply Mrs. Sherwood Fox, Phone 6055. 17c

YOUNG GIRL OR MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for general housework. Apply Box 49, Advertiser. Phone 5582. 17c

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, 3 IN FAMILIAR, on farm. Apply F. A. Stephenson, R. R. 2, Invermole. 17c

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED ON FARM for bachelor at once. No milking. State age and salary expected. Box 48, Advertiser. b

KITCHEN GIRL, DINING-ROOM girls and chambermaid. Apply R. H. Reid, Buckingham Hotel, Woodstock, Ont. 16c

MILLINERY PREPARERS WANTED—Apply Box 44, Advertiser. 16c

GENERAL MAID, SMALL FAMILY, no washing, no ironing. Apply Box 44, Advertiser. 15c

COMPETENT COOK, GENERAL, family of three, no washing. Apply Mrs. J. H. Gray, 385 Queen's st. 15c

NURSE-HOUSEMAID WANTED—APPLY 300 Princess avenue. 15c

WANTED—MAID FOR GENERAL housework, small family. Mrs. Skep, 275 Piccadilly street. Phone 197. 15c

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, highest wages. Apply Mrs. Chas. F. Davis, 121 Tecumseh avenue, 1029 Richmond street. 12a

COOK, GENERAL—FAMILY OF FOUR—Highest wages. Apply 362 Dufferin avenue. 12a

MAID TO ASSIST WITH HOUSEWORK. Apply Mrs. Herbert Spittal, 1029 Richmond street. 12a

WANTED—COOK AND HOUSE PAID. Apply 618 Queen's avenue. 12a

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, highest wages. Apply Mrs. Chas. F. Davis, 121 Tecumseh avenue, 1029 Richmond street. 12a

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WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, highest wages. Apply Mrs. Chas. F. Davis, 121 Tecumseh avenue, 1029 Richmond street. 12a

MALE HELP WANTED

TWO TEAMSTERS WANTED—APPLY F. Hutchinson, 20 Argyle street. Phone 2152. 17c

SMART BOY TO LEARN MAILING. Apply Circulation Department, Advertiser. 17c

BOY WANTED, J. H. BACK & CO., 210 Dundas street. 17c

MEN WANTED TO WORK ON FARM. Wages \$4 to \$5 per day, with board. F. H. Goulet, R. R. No. 2, Morlin. 17c

BAKERS WANTED—262 OTTAWA avenue. 17c

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WOOD chisel hand; one used to sticker maple preferred. Beatty Bros., corner York and William. 16c

YOUNG MAN WANTED AS ASSISTANT in hand bakery. Fine opportunity to learn a good trade. Apply by 4 p.m. Advertiser. 16c

BOILERMAKERS WANTED—IMMEDIATELY who can do all kinds of repair work on traction engines. Good wages. Steady job. John Goodison, Thresher Company, Sarnia. 16c

WIRELESS OPERATORS TRAINED for first class certificate. Methods practical and thorough. Naval expert and Marconi equipment bring quick results. New class of students in day and night school. Free particulars. Write Cassian's Wireless School, Toronto. (9)

CARPENTER WANTED—\$60 RICHMOND. 15c

SHOE CUTTERS, EXPERIENCED on men's high grade shoes. Apply Scott-Chambers, 117 Dundas street. 15c

WANTED—YOUNG LAD TO THROW bundles of truck from 3:30 until 4:45 each afternoon. Apply Circulation Department, Advertiser. 15c

EXPERIENCED WATCHMAKER, ONE who can do jewelry repairing preferred; permanent position, highest salary, competent man. O. E. Bennett, Windsor, Ont. 15c

SEE THE SERGEANT AT HILL 60 STREET. TOBACCOES, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, and Imported Tobacco. SERGT. A. H. DAVIES, 312 1/2 Dundas st. ywt. Phone 2883.

PLASTERERS WANTED, ALSO PLASTERERS' laborers. Apply Parker & Allen, 117 Dundas street, or phone 4729. 15c

TELEGRAPHY AND OTHER RAILWAY station work successfully. Largest and best equipped school in Canada. Includes instruction in English, French, Spanish, Italian, German, Russian, Japanese, Chinese, etc. Day, evening and home-study courses. Dominion School Railway Station, Toronto. 15c

SALESMAN WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 20 to 30 years old, to travel Ontario with manager. Salary and commission. Apply J. H. Tarr, general delivery, Brantford, Ont. 14a

LEARN BARBER TRADE—BIG DEMAND and great opportunities. Teach in spare time, day or evening. Our catalogue contains valuable information. Write for catalogue and particulars. Moir Barber College, 195 Queen east, Toronto. 14a

THERE IS BIG MONEY SELLING in the home. We want reliable sales agents. Good pay. Exclusive territory. Write for particulars. Write Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto. 14a

AGENTS WANTED
OUR AGENTS, MEN AND WOMEN, without experience, are making \$20 weekly in spare time, day or evening, without interfering with regular work, selling personal services. Write for particulars and largest Canadian selection. No outlay. Write for particulars, or if for agency application, send one reference. Modern Art Company, 122 Richmond west, Toronto. Oct. 2

CALL PHONE OR WRITE TO Insurance Company, 208 Dominion Savings Building, London, about agency positions between London and Windsor. 14a

WORK WANTED.
PRACTICAL NURSE, EXPERIENCED. Apply to 356 Piccadilly street or phone 6922. 14a

FOR ALL KINDS CARPENTRY, TRY Watson & Holmes. Store fixtures and trades a specialty. Phone 6113; shop, 78 Adelaide. 14a

TRY BULLIE FORD, THE BRITISH shoemaker, for high-class repairs. Boys' and men's shoes made to order. Grand Opera Block. Phone 5013. 12a

GET OUR PRICES FOR CLEANING old wall paper like new; no dust; no dirt. Write for literature. Wall Paper Cleaners, Phone 2337. 12a

HOUSES RAISED, MOVED AND foundation put under; cement work and bricklaying. H. Jackson Grace, 222 Grey street. 12a

SITUATIONS WANTED
WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper. Good references. Box 338, this office. 12a

SITUATIONS VACANT
EARN MONEY AT HOME—WE WILL pay \$15 to \$20 weekly for part-time writing show cards; no canvassing. We instruct you and supply you with work. Write for literature. System, Limited, 32 Currie Building, 269 College street, Toronto. Oct. 30

TEACHERS WANTED
QUALIFIED TEACHER WANTED—S. S. No. 11, Oxford Township. Duties include teaching English, history and music. Must teach first class. R. G. Mober, secretary-treasurer, Bothwell P. O. 12a

BUSINESS CHANCES
STANDARD HOTEL, BALANCE OF cash and furniture, for quick sale, released or bought. Box 344, Advertiser. 16a

LONDON BUSINESS FOR SALE—Cash and inventory, insurance agent, Market Lane. 12a

FOR SALE—DRYGOODS AND SHOE business. Apply Heugan & Co., 1016 Dundas street, London. 12a

Today's Special

GROCERY and staple drygoods business. Small, clean stock, doing large turnover with good profits. Property also for sale, including good living quarters. To suitable party very easy terms will be given.

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BRASS BED, MATTRESS, DRESSER, two leather chairs and leather couch. Phone 5208. 17c

THOROUGHLY POME RANIAN dogs, 1 conch sable male, 1 female, good breeders, from registered stock. Apply 48 Sand street, Chatham. 17c

COV. JERSEY GRADE, FIVE YEARS old, in full milk, choice. 802 Talbot street. Phone 7375. 17c

GOOD BASHBURNER—571 MAITLAND street. Phone 7375. 17c

FOUR ANTIQUE WALNUT CHAIRS—Apply 120 York street. 17c

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to yourself and family. Buy ROWAT'S
COFFEE and enjoy the benefits derived
from a perfect blend of high-quality
coffee.
70c pound.
T. A. ROWAT & CO.
250 Dundas Street. Phone 3051-3052.
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Big Fair Week Special IN MEN'S FINE SHOES

Choice of black or brown;
values up to \$12.00. Out
they go at the one price of

\$7.95

Cook's Shoe Store

**Presenting
For Your Inspection
OUR FALL EXHIBIT OF
HIGH-GRADE READY-TO-
WEAR APPAREL**
FOR MILADY AND CHILDREN
Our "out of the room
locality" helps us to help you save
on your wardrobe expenditures.
We invite you to compare our
styles and prices.

Canadian Ladies' Wear Co
372 DUNDAS STREET.
"Where You Buy for Less."
L. Wolf, proprietor. 98-10

Diamonds

Rings, Necklets, Earrings,
Bairpins, Cuff Links,
Suitable gifts for the June
weddings.
C. H. Ward & Co.
Diamond Merchants and
Jewelers,
386 Richmond Street.

Canadian Bureau of Credits

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Collections and adjustments locally or
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of estates a specialty. Call or write
for terms and references.

When You Meet Your Friends In China---

In China one takes off one's
spectacles, instead of one's hat,
in meeting friends on the street.
Chinese spectacles are so dis-
tinguishing that they are afraid
their friends would not recognize
them if they were not removed.
Quite a contrast to the grace-
ful spectacle fitting as practiced
at the Brown Optical Co., five
minutes from anywhere down-
town and at Montreal and Wind-
sor.



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Largest Exclusive Optical
House in Canada.
Montreal LONDON Windsor
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ANTHRACITE BRIQUETTES**
Just as satisfactory as coal. Much
cheaper. Immediate delivery.
WOOD! WOOD!
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530 Maitland St. Phone 1083.
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**HAVE YOUR
PIANO TUNED**
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S. BOARDMAN
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Double Mileage
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**The London Loan and Savings
Company of Canada**
Money received on Deposits
and Debentures. 4 to 5 1/2
percent interest allowed.
M. J. KENT, Manager. ywt

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LADIES' NEW
HATS
BELTZ & CO.**
201 DUNDAS STREET.
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Over and Over
Again

Parnell's

Proves Its
Superiority.
Be Sure to Ask
For Parnell's.

A STRONG desire to sell
only articles of the
highest quality, to-
gether with the determi-
nation to maintain service
behind what we sell, is the
reason for our continued
success throughout our
quarter century of busi-
ness in London.

There is nothing phe-
nomenal about it—just a
steady growth from ideals
founded with the business.

YOUNG'S

"Famous for Diamonds."
London. East London

There Is No Better Bread Made!

This is a big statement, but we
know that no better bread can be
made, because we use only the
very finest of ingredients.

Johnston Bros. XXX Bread

deserves a trial from you. Its
deliciously different flavor will sat-
isfy all tastes.

Fresh at your grocers today.
Johnston Bros. Phone 944.

REV. WESTGATE NEW ALUMNI PRESIDENT

Visit To Barnett Library Made
—To Pay Off Huron
Debt.

At the closing session of the Huron
College Alumni held on Wednesday
evening in Huron College, the following
officers were elected for the ensuing
year: President, Rev. Palmer Westgate,
of Sandwich; first vice-president, Rev.
H. Herbert, of Preston; second vice-
president, Rev. H. Snell, of Wingham;
secretary, Rev. Clarence Foreman, of
London; and treasurer, Rev. L. Diehl of
Port Huron.

It was resolved by the alumni to cele-
brate in a fitting manner the diamond
jubilee of Huron College, and to pay
off the indebtedness by raising funds
through private subscriptions. Another
resolution was passed to the effect that
a memorial be erected in Huron College
to the graduates who were killed over-
seas and also to those who served in
the world war.

An enjoyable part of the meeting of
the alumni was a visit to the Barnett
library on Cheapside street during the
afternoon. Rev. Canon Potheringham
delivered a stirring address at the clos-
ing session on the conditions of the
clergy to \$100, including a
house.

Rev. S. Irwin was appointed repre-
sentative of Huron College on the
Western University senate.

HOUSEHOLD EFFICIENCY
Electrical appliances are thoroughly
practical aids to the up-to-date house-
wife. Save many steps and many min-
utes in the day's work. See our display.
BENSON-WILCOX ELECTRIC CO.
204 Dundas St. ywt Phone 2671.

**Carlyle
TREBILCOCK
OPTICIAN**
PHONE 2351. 223 DUNDAS.
Two Doors East of Majestic Theatre.

The only easy part of advertising
is sitting back waiting results
after one of our well-worked-out
campaigns.

**Federal
Advertising
Agency**
T. H. YULL,
Director.
Dominion Savings Building,
London, Canada.
Mechanical Photo
Retouching.

At The Theaters

CANNIBAL CAPERS, OR A NEW
WAY TO DIE.

"The spirit of the high cost of dying
solved at last. Let the cannibal sav-
ages of the New Guinea Islands boil
you alive in oil and preserve your skull
as a monument to what a good meal you
provided. Of course, you wouldn't like
to be the party of the first part at one
of these horrible feasts, but how
would you like to be a spectator to
this and all sorts of other hair-
raising, thrilling adventures on the
wickedest, blackest spot on earth.
"Shipwrecked Among the Cannibals,"
that unexpected and unusual film, which
is drawing everyone in London and all
the visitors to the Western Fair to see
it at the Majestic this week, reads like
a tale from one of Stevenson's stories
of the South Sea. You are carried
far away into the wilds of the South
Sea Islands, and with these two dar-
ing cameramen live for fourteen months
among those savage people, who are
nothing more or less than untamed
tigers. You'll remember this picture
long after you have seen it, and never
cease to marvel at the daring of those
men, who had the courage to face
death a thousand and one times in
search of pictures to complete this
splendid record of adventures, life and
customs of the one people in the world
who might be called the missing link.
Special school children's matinee
daily, and the boards of education of
Toronto and Ontario have urged that
every man, woman and child should
feel it their duty to see this, a pic-
ture which we most likely will never
see like again, and certainly have
never seen anything to equal it be-
fore.

STRONGER AND STRONGER GROWS THE ENTHUSIASM FOR SPLendid FILM ATTRACTION.

As the crowds increase stronger and
stronger becomes the enthusiasm for
this exceptional photographic attrac-
tion, which the Allen is showing this week.
Seldom do we see such beauty, both
in scenery and costumes and music, as
is in "On With the Dance," in
which that dazzling jewel of the
Ziegfeld Follies, the Morris
supreme for her artistry and wonder-
ful charm of face and form. It is
the marvelous beauty of the produc-
tion as a whole, the exceptional
strength and interest of the story,
which holds you so enthralled from be-
ginning to end. The great scenes of
New York's Gay White Way, the
thrilling, tense moments of the
ed cabaret Montmartre, and the gor-
geous peacock room in which the
masked dancer defies convention and
curiosity every evening at eleven.
These are a few of the big moments
of the production, but throughout it
is one of unswerving merit, making
you forget for an hour or so your own
every-day life, and taking you to en-
joy the pleasures of sensation-
seeking, dance-mad throngs, which
make the cabarets and roof gardens
of New York famous. You miss an
epic in photoplay production if you
fail to see "On With the Dance,"
while it is showing at London's most
popular theatre this week.

Then there is that special Sunshine
comedy "Jazz Bandits," with mus-
ically interesting Allen News, and
special music by the celebrated Allen
concert orchestra, and that \$25,000 or-
gan, of which you hear so many talk-
ing. Continuous performance daily,
with a special children's matinee at
4:30 gives you an opportunity some
time during your visit to gain ad-
mittance.

CHU CHIN CHOW OPENS TONIGHT AT THE GRAND

Chu Chin Chow, the world's great-
est production, will open its London
engagement of three days, with the
first performance tonight at 8 p.m.
The entire production as seen here last
year and the same cast as seen in the New
York engagement come intact for the
farewell visit.

Manager Minniknick of the Grand
reports a heavy sale of seats for all
performances, and patrons who are
desirous of obtaining seats for the re-
mainder of the performances should
make their reservations without delay.
Owing to the great length of the per-
formance patrons are asked by the
management to be in their seats when
the curtain rises at 8 p.m. as positively
no one will be seated during the open-
ing act.

"PASSERS-BY" IS GREATEST BLACKTON PHOTOPLAY.

If J. Stuart Blackton has ever pro-
duced a better picture than "Passers-
By" it has slipped out of memory.
"Passers-BY" presents Herbert Law-
son in the leading role, but it is
more than a one-star picture. Every
member of the cast measures up
perfectly to the requirements put upon
them. In fact, seldom have we seen
better character portrayals than those
of William J. Ferguson, Dick Lee and
Tom Lewis. The production is the
acme of artistry.

C. Haddon Chambers, the play-
wright, with nothing but success to
his credit wrote "Passers-BY," which
enjoyed great success on the English
and American stages. It's a story of
real people of varied types and phre-
sophies; of kindly deeds; of overlast-
ing loves and of noble sacrifices.

"Passers-BY" has been devel-
oped with veracity, the method is ten-
der and exquisite; the humanity of it
is heart-touching; the humor is fresh
and bubbling; the message is true
and steadfast, and the villain, thank
heavens, is far in the background.
"Passers-BY" is a quiet, sensitive
story that cuddles into a warm spot
in your heart. It's one of the fea-
ture films of the year you want to
pass up. Today is the last showing.
Don't miss it.

AT LOEW'S.

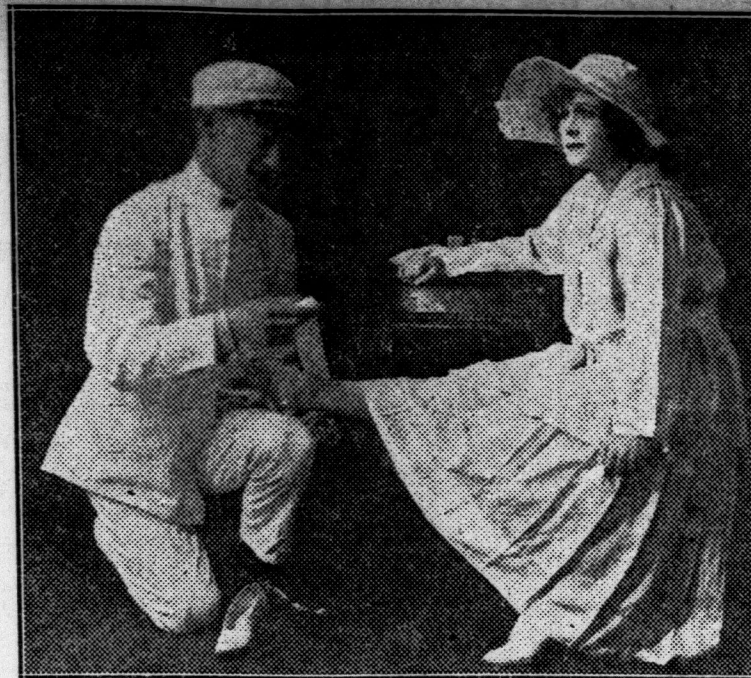
William Farnum, great actor that he
is, and a man whose friends demand
much of his time, never forgets the
body must be exercised as well as the
brain. And the exercise in which he
most delights is farming. He is farming
he was making scenes for the stupe-
fying William Fox production "If
I Were King" from the famous book
and play by Justin Huntly McCarthy—in
which he is to open at Loew's Theatre
today—he found both mental and phre-
sical enjoyment digging in his garden at
St. Harbor, Long Island.

In this big garden, early in the morn-
ing or during the late evening, he often
got behind the plow, preparing the
ground for his potato patch, which he
knew would help him give the High
Cost of Living a solar plexus blow next
winter. He worked until he was drip-
ping with perspiration. A cool bath
followed; and if it were morning, he
felt he could work through the day in
comfort. So keen is Mr. Farnum about
his farm that it is said to be one of
the finest and one of the most pro-
ductive of its kind on all Long Island.

In "If I Were King" Mr. Farnum
plays the part of that delightfully ro-
mantic character, Francois Villon.
A rattling funny comic.
Screen Pictorial, and a new bill of
Loew's Supreme Vandeville completes
the program for the last three days.

Butter Awards At The Western Fair

The following awards in the butter
department of the dairy section at the
Western Fair were announced today.
Creamery Butter, 56-lb. Box.
1. W. H. Jackson, Markville, Alta. Score, 97.
1. H. Hanson, Lacombe, Alta. Score,
Score, 96.01.
3. Central Creameries, Calgary. Score, 96.01.
4. James Johnston, Rathburn. Score, 96.01.



Art Harris and Laura Herston in "I'll Say So," a sparkling one-act comedy at Loew's Theatre for the balance of this week.

Score, 95.09.
5. P. J. Newman, Lorneville. Score, 95.07.
1. Hanson Lacombe, Alta. Score, 97.02.
2. F. J. Newman, Lorneville. Score, 96.86.
3. W. H. Jackson, Markville. Score, 96.02.
Creamery Butter, 1-lb. Prints.
1. W. H. Jackson, Markville. Score, 96.
2. H. F. Newman, Gambridge. Score, 95.05.
3. James Johnston, Rathburn. Score, 95.05.
4. Ontario Creameries, Limited, Lon-
don. Score, 94.00. Won on flavor.
5. C. A. Davies, Guelph. Score, 91.09.
Farm Dairy Butter, 10 Pounds.
1. Mrs. J. Forsyth, R. R. 2, Lam-
beth. Score, 96.02.
2. Miss L. B. Gregory, Iderton. Score, 96.02.
3. Mrs. R. Emerson, Sutton Junction. Score, 96.02.
4. William Armstrong, Brussels. Score, 96.02.

W. O. R. PIPE BAND AT WESTERN FAIR

The Western Ontario Regiment Pipe
Band made its first public appearance
when it appeared in front of the grand
stand at the Western Fair on Wednes-
day night. Eighteen members turned
out for parade. It is expected that 25
bandmen will be available today. Ac-
cording to the men, the great reception
they got from the thousands who
packed the stands was a pleasing one.

LOUIS M'CAUGHEY IS LEAVING FORCE

Popular Police Officer Resigns
After Five Years of
Service.

Police Constable Louis McCaughey of
the city police force has handed in his
resignation.
After having given five years of ser-
vice he has decided to go into the truck
business. P. C. McCaughey was well
liked by his fellow-officers, and was a
hard worker at all times.
To his credit he had the arrest of
three auto thieves during his compar-
atively short stay on the force. His
work at the time when running from
Montreal to Windsor was common was
exceptional. In the report of almost
every big raid his name was to be
found. One night, in company with
another policeman, he was successful
in apprehending men with an auto
filled with bottles of liquor, which they
were taking to Windsor.
General regret at his leaving was ex-
pressed by those employed at the Carling
street institution. "He is a first-class
policeman," one of the older members
remarked.

WANT JUVENILE COURT

Veterans Approach Authorities—Also
Ask Veterans' Day at Fair.

Members of the Central Veterans'
Council are intent on having a juvenile
court established in London. Their lat-
est move has been to approach the
mayor and the provincial authorities
to ask them to lend aid in securing
what the veterans claim is a necessity
here.
The council wanted to have one day
of the Fair set aside as Veterans' Day,
believing that it would result in many
out-of-town returned men making the
trip to the exhibition. However, they
claim nothing has been done so far
towards making their wish a reality,
the Fair board having filed their
recommendation.

ROOM FOR HUNDRED PERSONS TO LODGE

W. L. Casson, Information
Bureau Secretary, Denies
Rumor of Scarcity.

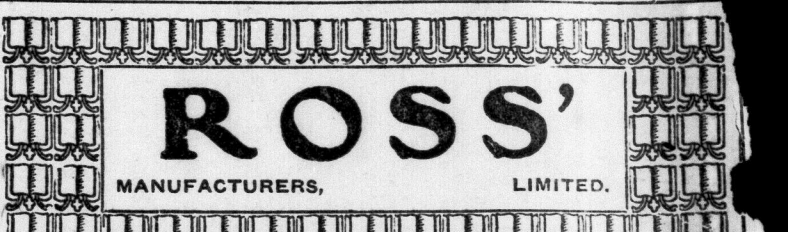
The establishing of an information
bureau for Fair visitors, to enable
them to procure suitable sleeping quar-
ters owing to the congestion of the
hotels has greatly relieved the trouble
which has been experienced in previ-
ous years. Many visitors have com-
plained this year of the inadequacy
of sleeping accommodation. "This is
an entirely unfounded rumor. I can
place more than one hundred persons,"
stated W. L. Casson, secretary of the
information bureau, in the Tecumseh
House, late last night.
The public do not seem to be co-
operating in the movement of the in-
formation bureau to find accommo-
dation for visitors to the city. Many
of those who stated to the bureau that
they had accommodation for a certain
number and had their names listed on
the books, filed the rooms privately
without informing the bureau of what
they had done. This caused great in-
convenience to the secretary, as he was
not certain of what homes could ac-
commodate visitors.
The hotels agreed that if there was
any overflow they would direct the
guests to the bureau. They failed to
do, it is said, and left many visi-
tors wandering the streets in an at-
tempt to find a night's lodging. A lady
commercial traveler had to journey to
Kotliko. When the dandruff is gone
does not return. The scalp and hair
completely freed from those trou-
some flecks. Kotliko also stops
from falling out and induces
growth. At all busy druggists'. Or
10 cents (silver or stamps) for proof
of Kotliko to KOTLIK COMPANY, 11
ITED, 366-K Adelaide street west,
Toronto.

Best Home Treatment For All Hairy

(The Modern Beauty.)
Every woman should have a
package of delatone handy, for
timely use will keep the skin free
from beauty-marring hairy growths.
To move hair or fuzz from arms or neck
to hairy surface and after two or
minutes rub off, wash the skin
will be free from hair or blemish
avoid disappointment; be sure you
real delatone.—Advt.

For Dandruff

The very best remover of dandruff
Kotliko. When the dandruff is gone
does not return. The scalp and hair
completely freed from those trou-
some flecks. Kotliko also stops
from falling out and induces
growth. At all busy druggists'. Or
10 cents (silver or stamps) for proof
of Kotliko to KOTLIK COMPANY, 11
ITED, 366-K Adelaide street west,
Toronto.



FURS

From Trapper To Wearer Direct

The elimination of middlemen's profits by dealing
direct with the maker lowers the price to such an extent that
any fair judge of merchandise can note the difference.

**That Is Our Method of Business,
Selling Direct to the Consumer
At Manufacturers' Prices.—Every
Garment Guaranteed.**

Hudson Seal Coats

Plain Hudson Seal Coat, 40 inches long, large roll collar
and deep cuffs, slash pockets and lined throughout with
Swiss brocade. Price, luxury tax included. \$517.00
Plain Hudson Seal Coat, 36 inches long, large roll collar
and deep cuffs, half belt and lined throughout with pussy-
willow satin. Price, luxury tax included. \$489.50
Plain Hudson Seal Coat, 32 inches long, extra large roll
collar and deep cuffs, slash pockets, half belt and lined with
pussywillow satin. Price, luxury tax included. \$451.00
Plain Hudson Seal Coat, 28 inches long, large roll collar
and bell cuffs, slash pockets and lined with pussywillow
satin. Price, luxury tax included. \$420.75
Hudson Seal Coat, 40 inches long, large shawl collar of
sable and deep sable cuffs and lined with fancy poplin. Price,
luxury tax included. \$572.00
Hudson Seal Coat, 32 inches long, large roll collar and
deep cuffs of sable, half belt, slash pockets and pussywillow
lining. Price, luxury tax included. \$518.00
Hudson Seal Coat, 40 inches long, large beaver collar and
cuffs, slash pockets and pussywillow lining. Price \$541.75
Hudson Seal Coat, 36 inches long, large roll collar and
deep cuffs of beaver, half belt and lined with Swiss brocade.
Price, luxury tax included. \$517.00
Hudson Seal Coat, 40 inches long, large collar of lynx
and deep Hudson seal cuffs and lined throughout with bro-
cade satin. Price, luxury tax included. \$594.00

New Fall Styles In Suits and Coats

JUST FROM THE HANDS OF OUR DESIGNERS AND
TAILORS.

SUITS

Navy Serge Suit, box pleat
in back, trimmed with bone
buttons and silk stitching,
full belt and convertible
collar, and lined with flow-
ered silk. Price \$42.50
Brown Serge Suit, fancy
embroidery around skirt of
coat, geated pockets, full
belt, and lined with silk.
Price \$48.00
Blue Broadcloth Suit, fancy
embroidered front and back,
full belt; seal collar and
seal banding around bottom
of coat; skirt is plain and
tailored. Price, including tax
..... \$85.00

BLOUSES

Georgette Blouses, in two-
tone colors, in beaded de-
signs. Price \$11.25
White Crepe de Chine
Blouses, collar and cuffs
trimmed with knife-pleating.
Prices \$10.75 and \$13.00
Black Georgette Blouses,
with beaded fronts and
round necks. Special \$6.75
Clearing of White Voile
Blouses. Regular \$4.00 to
\$4.75, for \$3.50

GLOVES

Silk Gloves in popular fall
shades. Prices
..... \$1.25, \$1.50 to \$2.00

HOSIERY

All-Wool Heather Hose.
Price \$2.25

PHONE 1319. 196 DUNDAS STREET.

Beautiful Fall Millinery



FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WE HOLD A SPECIAL SALE OF NEWEST FALL HATS

As the result of an exceptionally fortunate purchase of more
than Five Hundred New Fall Hats, products of one of New
York's noted Milliners, we are able to offer London women
one of the most remarkable values of the season.

These charming New models, worth \$7.50, \$10.00 and \$15.00,

OUR SPECIAL SALE PRICES FOR
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY
\$4.95 : \$6.95 : \$8.75

**A Handsome Display of Fur Coats
and Fur Pieces**
We take pleasure in announcing the New and Exclusive
Furs which we are presenting for your inspection and
selection. We invite you to come and see them. You will
marvel at the excellent quality and low pricing.

ROYAL MILLINERY & FUR COMPANY 246 DUNDAS STREET.