

Evening  
Edition.

VOL. XXX., NO. 173.

They Hold the Fort!

Futile Attempts to Demoralize the  
Home Rule Phalanx.

Long and Stubborn Contest in the  
Spanish Cortes.

Suicide of an Officer Who Lost 3,000,000  
Roubles in Gambling—The  
Norwegian Crisis.

Train Stopped by Locusts.

PARIS, May 12.—A cloud of locusts  
settled on the railway near Oued Chouly  
to-day and delayed the train for two hours.

Suicide of a Gambler.

MOSCOW, May 12.—Prince Alexandroff, a  
lieutenant in the Russian army, took a  
dose of poison last evening and died soon  
afterwards. He had lost 3,000,000 roubles  
in gambling.

Germany's Electoral Conflict.

BERLIN, May 12.—Emperor William has  
declared his intention to open in person the  
new Reichstag. The Government is now  
discussing the expediency of proposing  
to discuss the monopoly as a means of raising  
the money required by the Army Bill. The  
Social Democrats are conducting an aggressive  
campaign.

In Defiance of King Oscar.

CHRISTIANIA, May 12.—As a sign of  
defiance to King Oscar asked to those who  
are advising him to force the Norwegians  
by force of arms, the radicals in the  
Norwegian Parliament have introduced a  
bill in that body providing that the emblem  
of the union of Sweden and Norway shall  
be eliminated from the Norwegian flag.

Home Rulers Hold the Fort.

LONDON, May 12.—The House of Com-  
mons, sitting as a committee of the whole  
on the Home Rule Bill to-day, resumed the  
debate on the motion made yesterday by  
Mr. George Balfour (Conservative) to  
strike out the first clause of the measure,  
practically rejecting the whole bill. The  
debate was marked by several scenes of  
excitement.

Mr. F. W. Russell, who represents the  
south division of Trevel, though a Liberal,  
is opposed to home rule, and was protesting  
against Ulster being coerced into acquies-  
cing in the establishment of an Irish Par-  
liament, when a voice was heard asking,  
"What the devil are you talking about?"

Mr. Russell accused Mr. John MacNeill  
(anti-Parliamentary Unionist) with asking  
the objectionable question.

Mr. MacNeill indignantly denied having  
asked the question and insisted that Mr.  
Russell apologized for forcing him of doing  
so.

Viscount Cranborne (Con.), declared  
that he had heard Mr. MacNeill utter the  
words attributed to him by Mr. Russell.

Mr. Wm. McArthur (Con.), said that it  
was Mr. Thomas Sturges, the well-known  
anti-Parliamentary, who asked the question.

Mr. Sturges denied this statement and  
admitted that he had uttered a word.

A general question seemed imminent,  
and Sir William Vernon Mount appealed  
to the House to restore order. The chair-  
man then intervened, saying that order  
must be observed, such remarks as the  
one that some member had just made were  
most indecent and becoming frequent in  
the House. He sincerely hoped that every  
member would assist the chair in keeping  
order under the difficult circumstances  
attending the session of the committee.

The chairman's remarks were greeted  
with cheers, and the committee good-  
naturedly proceeded to take a vote on  
Mr. Balfour's motion which was defeated,  
269 members voting against it and 267  
voting in its favor.

In Session 54 Hours.

MADRID, May 12.—The Cortes has  
finished the 54th hour of continuous sit-  
ting. Members and Ministers are ex-  
hausted. Many sleep half the time, and  
are aroused by their colleagues only when  
a vote on the matter of municipal elec-  
tions is taken. Republicans and Carlists  
display apparently unbroken stubbornness.

A Ministerial crisis is imminent.  
The counter-motion of the Republicans  
in the Cortes against leaving the Govern-  
ment a free hand in the matter of the  
municipal elections, was rejected shortly  
after a vote of 126 to 21. The  
Republican deputies retired for a few  
minutes to the lobby to confer, leaving but  
two men to watch the Government.

Almost immediately after their departure  
the men on watch summoned them back in  
all haste. It was too late, however. The  
original bill postponing the election had  
already been rushed through by the Min-  
isters. The Republican members at once  
withdrew from the building. The news  
spread like magic, and before the deputies  
reached the Republican Club thousands  
were marching behind them shouting:  
"Long live the Republic!" Some 10,000  
men and women assembled near the  
Parliamentary building and were cheering  
for the republic. The police ordered them  
to disperse. They refused to do so.

The police charged and were re-  
pulsed. Three companies of reinforcements  
were summoned. All charged with  
drawn sabers, and the mob and scatted  
the groups through the streets. The  
Republican Club is surrounded by thou-  
sands of cheering men and women. The  
Government is taking steps to prevent the  
publication of Republican manifestoes.

Bering Sea.

PARIS, May 12.—The incident yesterday  
which seemed to threaten the success of  
the arbitration was based upon a differ-  
ence of opinion between the American  
and British representatives as to the  
liability of the United States for seizures  
made in Bering Sea in the event of a  
decision against the United States on the  
question of jurisdiction. The result of the  
debate is considered an indication that  
Great Britain anticipates a favorable de-  
cision in the issue of jurisdiction.

Sir Charles Russell contended to-day  
that the American statutes were not in-  
tended originally to treat the Bering Sea  
as a mere clemency, but the American  
courts so interpreted them that the in-  
stance of the American Government. In proof  
of this he cited the copy of a brief for the  
United States in which the doctrine of a  
mere clemency was the only one relied on  
by their counsel.

Mr. Phelps.—We dispute the authenticity  
of that copy.

Sir Charles Russell.—I am prepared forth-  
with to submit proof of its authenticity.

# London Advertiser

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 13, 1893.

TwoCents  
Per Copy.

WHOLE NO. 9566.

TOLU, TAR AND TAMARACK

Will Cure Coughs.  
Will Cure Colds.  
Will Cure Croup.  
Will Cure Asthma.  
Will Cure Bronchitis.  
Will Cure All Affections of  
the Throat and Lungs.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS  
PRICE 25 CENTS.

RUNNING AGAIN.

The L. and P. S. R. Lessees Using  
M. C. R. Trains.

Port Stanley People Again Hear the  
Shriek of the Locomotive Whistle  
—A Special Meeting of the  
Council Called.

Last night the announcement was made  
that the L. and P. S. R. trains would con-  
tinue running to-day, using the M. C. R.  
terminal facilities. This was no doubt the re-  
sult of a conference between President Le-  
yard, of the M. C. R., and Mr. C. H. Ivey  
in Detroit yesterday, so that commencing  
to-day the L. and P. S. R. lessees are using  
the regular M. C. R. trains leaving and ar-  
riving in the city.

The M. C. R. ran a train from St.  
Thomas to Port Stanley and back this  
morning in time to connect with the regular  
noon train to London. Conductor Fraser,  
of the L. and P. S. R., acted as pilot, and con-  
siderable freight and yard work were  
hustled through in a short time. Trains will  
continue to run on the M. C. R. time table  
until a change is made. L. and P. S. R.  
tickets of all classes accepted. The perma-  
nent time table under the new ar-  
rangements has not yet been prepared.  
Manager Lamour, of the L. and P. S. R.,  
is in Detroit to-day, probably on business  
in connection with it.

Mayor Esary states to-day that the  
matter would, in all probability, be dealt  
with at Monday night's meeting of the  
council. He was not certain whether or not  
the opinion of the city solicitor would then  
be made known. The time had about  
arrived, he said, when it would be made  
known just who were running the  
road. It was discreditable to the  
city the way matters were run, and  
it was worse than discreditable to those  
who were withholding the information.  
The mayor was also warm in his disap-  
proval of "foreigners" who came over here,  
and by piling up figures and statements  
sought to cast discredit both on the road  
and on the city.

An ADVERTISER reporter this morning  
inspected an amended copy of the  
London and Port Stanley Railway Act as  
passed by the House of Commons.  
The only clause in it which, under present  
circumstances, seems to apply to the  
fortification of the road—and \$25,000. It  
states that the lessees bind themselves to run  
two trains each way daily (except Sundays)  
Whether the temporary cessation of the  
past few days constitutes a forfeiture or  
not is a question that may be argued on by  
lawyers. The general forfeiture clause  
deals with the rent, slip-dock and paid up  
stock. If the rent becomes 30 days over-  
due, if the slip-dock is not built by Dec. 31,  
1893, or if \$100,000 capital stock is not  
paid up within six months after possession,  
then the city of London again becomes  
proprietor of the road—and \$25,000. It  
remains to be seen whether these con-  
ditions are complied with in the course of  
time.

A BIG SALE.

Valuable Real Estate on Carling's  
Heights Offered Under the  
Hammer.

An important sale of real estate is ad-  
vertised in another column of this issue. The  
Hon. John Carling has concluded to sell the  
unsold portion of his valuable property,  
known as Carling's Heights. It is to be  
offered in building lots and sold at  
public auction. This must prove one of  
the most important sales of real estate  
ever held in the city of London, as it is the  
most desirable property now remaining in  
the city unsold. It will certainly command  
the attention of the citizens who are look-  
ing to establish a home or who may pur-  
chase for speculative purposes. One of the  
reasons of its great value for residential  
purpose is its favorable situation, being  
the highest point near London, and this  
will make it a most healthy location to  
reside in. The street railway company  
will ere long adopt the electric motive  
power, and any of these lots offered for sale  
will thus be reached in a few minutes  
from any part of the city. To make the  
location a still more desirable place of  
residence no doubt the C. P. R. will erect  
at an early day a station on Adelaide  
street, thus giving increased accommoda-  
tion to residents. The easy payment must  
commend these lands to the favorable con-  
sideration of the citizens. The sale takes  
place on Thursday, June 15, at 1 o'clock  
p.m., at Carling's Heights. Any infor-  
mation regarding terms of sale see the ad-  
vertisement, or call on Mr. A. B. Powell,  
who has this large and important sale of  
lots under his direction, where all infor-  
mation can be obtained.

Hurry Up and Get One

WE ARE STILL

GIVING AWAY

the best and most useful patent washing  
machine we have ever seen to

Every Purchaser

Of \$2 worth of C. W. C. etc. This  
is really giving

\$5 Worth Good Value for \$2

We have just a few left.

Bart. Cottam

404 Talbot Street, London.



PROFESSOR ABBY LEACH,  
Who Has Charge of the Greek Play at  
Vassar.

Miss Abby Leach, professor of Greek at  
Vassar College, has in charge all of the  
preparations for the performance of the  
Greek play "Antigone" of Sophocles, which  
the Vassar girls will give in the Pough-  
keepsie Opera House on May 26. Miss A.  
W. Story, who trained the New Haven  
ladies when they presented this same play,  
from a translation, has given freely of her  
long experience in dramatic art. The  
players are selected from all classes in the  
college, according to their proficiency in  
Greek, and their general fitness for their  
respective places.

If the correctness of the copy was really  
questioned, why was not the original pro-  
duced long since?

In conclusion Sir Charles demanded that  
the tribunal pronounce illegal the seizures  
made by the United States in Bering Sea.

Senator Morgan.—If the seizures can be  
justified on other principles than those ad-  
vanced at the hearing of a case is it not  
open to the United States to raise them?

Sir Charles Russell.—No. The United  
States seized ships on certain grounds. The  
judge punished the men in accordance  
therewith. A great nation cannot shift  
and change her position. Moreover, the  
reasons now advanced even if admitted do  
not justify the fining and imprisoning of  
sailors.

SHE WAS DROWNED!

The Body of the Missing Parkhill Girl  
Found in the River.

PARKHILL, Ont., May 12.—The remains  
of the missing girl, Miss Kate Beatty, were  
found floating on the river to-day a  
hundred yards from the railroad bridge,  
where it is supposed she drowned herself.

Miss Beatty was not unhappy in any re-  
lation of life, but always expressed con-  
tinentment. Some months ago she had  
typhoid fever, and it is thought that the  
effects of the disease unsettled her mind.

ANDERSON VENEY'S CASE.

A Report That the Murder Will Be  
Retrieved.

WINDSOR, May 12.—The Detroit News  
says: Anderson Veney will not be  
hanged next Thursday. Although no  
official notification has yet been received  
by Sheriff Hill to this effect, the News has  
inside information that a reprieve will be  
granted, and that the condemned man  
will not suffer for his crime on the gallows.

Delos R. Davis, Canada's only colored  
lawyer, who has done so much for Colored  
men in town to-day. He had received  
private information of a very reassuring  
character. Acting Minister of Justice  
Olmsted telegraphed Jail Surgeon Casgrain  
for a statement of Veney's condition, which  
the latter forwarded to Ottawa. The  
official announcement as to a reprieve will  
surely come. Dr. Sampson, who has made  
a careful study of Veney, says he looks and  
acts like an imbecile, and that his execu-  
tion would be an act of butchery.

TERSELY TOLD.

Smallpox is epidemic in Gothenburg,  
Sweden.

The wheelmen's day at Chicago is set for  
Wednesday, May 13. It is expected that  
nearly 20,000 wheelmen will participate.

The Gould family will erect a memorial  
Presbyterian church for the late J. Gould  
at Roxbury, N. Y., Mr. Gould's birth-  
place.

The New York Central engine, No. 909,  
again broke the world's record Friday  
between Rochester and Buffalo by making  
a mile in 32 seconds.

Minister Guzman, of Nicaragua, at  
Washington, D.C., has news contradicting  
that received by Secretary Gresham. He  
said the rebels had not been victorious.

Two men held up the northbound  
Mobile and Ohio passenger train Thursday  
night about 24 miles south of Cairo, Ill.  
The men were finally frightened off and  
obtained nothing of value.

Firebugs have been at work in Schenectady,  
N. Y., recently. Some half a dozen fires  
have been started in as many days in dif-  
ferent places, but each one fortunately has  
been discovered in time to prevent serious  
loss.

While Deputy Sheriff Wm. Rader, of  
Meigs county, Mont., was trying to ar-  
rest Wm. Gay near Castle on Thursday,  
Harry Gress, with whom Gay was stopping,  
shot Rader through the heart.

Francis H. Weeks, ex-president, ex-  
ecutive and ex-treasurer of the Land and  
River Company, of West Superior, Wis.,  
and ex-treasurer of the West Superior Iron  
and Steel Company, is missing. His resi-  
dence is in Canada.

Deluge in Arkansas.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 11.—The levee on  
the Arkansas side of the Mississippi River,  
near Lake Port, broke this morning. The  
break is 70 feet wide, and a large portion  
of Arkansas is under water. The indica-  
tions are that Arkansas City will be seen  
under water.

When you feel all tired out and broken  
up generally you need a good tonic. Hood's  
Sarsaparilla is the best. 22c.

"I will now write something in a light  
and airy vein," said the clerk who makes  
out gas bills.

Many cases of indigestion and biliousness  
are being permanently cured by the use of  
Eagle's Liver Laxative. 25 cents a box.

It is pleasing to note in the papers that  
last year's strike in the paper will be stuck  
to it.



JAMES S. CLARKSON,  
Chairman of the National Republican  
League.

The National Republican League of the  
United States met in Louisville May 9 to  
12. Mr. Clarkson was president. At the  
Minneapolis Convention last year Mr.  
Clarkson occupied a commanding position  
in the practical affairs of the Republican  
party. It was in 1869 that he first attracted  
public attention, at which time he was  
made chairman of the State Republican  
committee of Iowa, his native State. He  
held this office three years. In 1872 he was  
made postmaster at Des Moines, and oc-  
cupied this position until 1877. He has  
been a member of two Republican national  
committees, and in 1884 was a member of  
the executive committee. In 1888 he was  
a delegate to the Chicago convention. In  
1889 he accepted the office of First As-  
sistant Postmaster-General under Mr. Wan-  
maker.

MANY FAILURES.

Seven London Brokers Upset by  
Settlement.

The Chicago Columbian Bank Collapse  
Involves a Number of Other  
Financial Institutions.

LONDON, May 12.—The completion of  
the account absorbs the attention of job-  
bers and brokers at the Stock Exchange.  
Thus far in the course of the settlement  
seven London brokers have failed. A better  
feeling prevails in the market for American  
railroad securities.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 12.—The Com-  
mercial Bank of this place has closed its  
doors. It was controlled by the Chicago  
Columbian Bank.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 12.—The private  
bank of D. Wiggins, Starbuck & Co., at  
Williamsburg, Ohio, has failed. The  
same firm's bank at Geneva, Ohio, has also  
closed its doors.

KOKOMO, Ind., May 12.—The Commercial  
State Bank of Russiaville, and the Far-  
mer's Bank at Greentown, both under one  
management, closed their doors this morn-  
ing with deposits of \$30,000. They were  
caught in the Columbia Bank failure of  
Chicago.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 12.—The Ottawa  
County Bank at Elmore, a branch of the  
Chicago Columbia, has closed its doors.

NEW YORK, May 12.—R. G. Dun &  
Company's weekly review of trade says:  
The smash in the industrial stocks a week  
ago, the failure of some firms, and of the  
National Cordage Company, and the  
largest decline in stocks known in any  
week since 1873, have been followed by  
surprisingly little disturbance. Business  
has shown remarkable soundness and  
strength under such a strain, although dis-  
quieting rumors are naturally current fre-  
quently. Interior money markets are  
growing tighter and more cautious, but no  
such stringency is yet seen as to check gen-  
eral trade, which appears to have some-  
what improved with more reasonable  
weather.

The failures during the past week for the  
United States, numbered 257.

LAWTON, Mich., May 12.—The village is  
greatly excited over the failure of the local  
bank to open this morning.

CHARLEVILLE, Mich., May 12.—W. B.  
Brown & Co., proprietors of the Bank of  
Charlevoix, made an assignment last night.

CONVOY, Ohio, May 12.—The Farmers'  
Bank of Convoys, with deposits of \$30,000,  
failed in its relations with the Columbia  
National Bank of Chicago.

BROKE THE RECORD!

The New Ocean Giant Campaign Makes  
The Fastest Eastward Trip.

QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—The Campaign  
passed the Parls of the American line,  
when 109 miles east of Sandy Hook. The  
Campaign had passed the Sandy Hook  
lightship at 11:13 a.m. on Saturday, May 6,  
and the Parls had passed the lightship at  
10:58 a.m. The Parls made the best time  
ever recorded was that of the American  
line New York to Queenstown for about  
19 hours and 57 minutes, as against the  
Campaign's 3 days, 17 hours and 42 minutes.  
The Cunard Company made arrangements  
to land passengers of the Campaign on ar-  
rival of the steamer to-night. This is pre-  
cedented in the history of the trans-  
Atlantic travel. The office of the company  
is thronged with an excited crowd of peo-  
ple betting whether passengers by the Cam-  
paign will be landed in Liverpool before or  
after passengers on the Parls will be landed  
in Southampton.

LIVERPOOL, May 12.—The Campaign  
landed her passengers here at 10 o'clock,  
and thus beat all previous records. She  
steamed from Queenstown to Liverpool in  
10 hours and 3 minutes, or at the rate of  
22.48 knots an hour.

Many citizens of London are receiving  
permanent benefit from the use of Eagle's  
Liver Laxative, who have been using pills  
and other purgatives for years to no pur-  
pose. 25 cents a box at all drug stores.



WM. SKINNER.

The above is the likeness of a good  
citizen of long standing and recog-  
nized worth—Mr. Wm. Skinner. Mr.  
Skinner was born in Crediton, Devon-  
shire, England, Oct. 21, 1828. His father,  
William Skinner, was born in England,  
and the mother, whose maiden name was  
Sarah Woodley, was also a native of Eng-  
land. By their marriage there are two sons  
living. William, the eldest, and the sub-  
ject of this sketch, was reared at his  
birthplace, and learned the trade of  
shoemaking in his youth. This he  
made his principal occupation during  
life, and is a good example of the old  
proverb, "Shoemaker, stick to your last."  
In 1849 Mr. Skinner immigrated to Canada,  
and arrived in London on May 24 of that  
year, entering business on his own account,  
which he has conducted with satisfactory  
results. He erected his present building 32  
years ago, and has occupied it continuously  
since. He was married in 1849 to Miss Emma  
Saunders, of Crediton, Devonshire, England,  
a lady of refined tastes and domestic habits,  
whose life has been devoted in making  
home happy and attractive. To them have  
been born seven children, five of whom are  
living. Bessie (now Mrs. Noble), Olive  
(now Mrs. Miner, of Buffalo, N.Y.), Ernest  
E., Wilhelmia and William H.  
Two are deceased (Louis, who died in  
1877, at the age of 19), and Lillia (who was  
one of the victims of the Victoria disaster,  
aged 17). In 1876 Mr. Skinner was se-  
lected a suitable person to represent his  
ward in the City Council, and with the  
exception of an interval of a little over one  
year he held this position continuously un-  
til he retired in 1891, never suffering defeat.  
He has also served on the Board of Edu-  
cation with like ability and diligence. Mr.  
Skinner is a member of the L. O. F., and  
one of the two original Oddfellows of  
London in good standing. He is also  
past master of St. George's Lodge, No.  
42, A., F. and A. M., and for the  
past fourteen years he has been treas-  
urer of the same, and has been the recipient  
of a beautiful jewel in honor of his efficient  
service in this position. An enthusiastic  
Englishman, he has always been actively  
identified in the work of St. George's  
Society which has recognized his services  
by electing him president.

TRAGEDY IN DETROIT.

A Burglar Shot Dead in Attempting to  
Enter by a Window.

DETROIT, May 12.—About 12 o'clock last  
night Marion Wiczenwski, of 980 St. Aubin  
avenue, corner of Hancock avenue, was  
upstairs preparing to retire for the night,  
when he heard a noise as if someone was  
trying to break into the house, and saw  
three or four men in the back yard.

Wiczenwski went down stairs, but the  
men had gone. He discovered that the  
window of a clothes closet off the dining-  
room had been forced open. Wiczenwski  
then told his wife to put out the light and  
go upstairs, while he armed himself with a  
revolver and waited for the return of the  
burglars.

After a watch of about twenty minutes  
he heard footsteps on the outside and then  
saw a head slowly appear over the window  
sill. Wiczenwski fired two shots in quick  
succession. There was a sound of a body  
falling and the hurried steps of some men  
making off. He then ran out into the  
yard and found a man lying dead just out-  
side the window.

The dead man was recognized as Tony  
Renka. He had no shoes on, and the  
lower portion of his face was hidden by a  
handkerchief tied over his mouth. A bullet  
had struck him in the middle of the fore-  
head, and death must have been instan-  
taneous. Renka was well known to the  
police as a burglar, and a desperate  
character, though only 20 years old.  
Wiczenwski gave himself up to the author-  
ities.

Since the introduction of type-setting  
machines, with seats for the operators, the  
printer's trade has lost a great deal of its  
standing.

If you are free from indigestion you need  
not fear cholera. If you are not free, you  
are in danger. K. D. C. will free you from  
indigestion and cholera.

So many newly married people who the  
papers say are to be evicted don't look so.

Itch on humans or animals cured in 30  
minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion.  
Sold by John Callard and all druggists.

The country minister has no respect for  
priest-riggers, but he sighs when he reads  
of the sums they realize from their proud  
parties.

Among the pains and aches cured with  
marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Elec-  
tric Oil is cramps in the young are espe-  
cially subject to it, and the desirability of  
this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by  
the fact that it is admirably adapted not  
only to the above ailment, but also to the  
hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affec-  
tions of the throat, to which the young are  
especially subject.

The man who is canvassing for a new dic-  
tionary wants a word with you.

Physicians in cholera districts state that  
where there is no indigestion there will be  
no cholera. K. D. C. will cure your indig-  
estion and make you cholera-proof.

The late William B. Astor's personal es-  
tate in Great Britain has been returned with  
an official valuation of \$1,320,000.

Women cause feverishness, moaning and  
restlessness during sleep. Nother Graves'  
Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and  
effective. If your druggist has none in  
stock, get him to procure it for you.

Get rid of your indigestion before the  
threatened outbreak of cholera. K. D. C.  
will cure the worst form of indigestion. It  
will prevent cholera.



IGNACE PADEREWSKI.

Paderewski is 34 years of age, and has  
played since he was a boy. He was born in  
Podolia, a Russian-Poland province. His  
education began when he was 7, and at the  
age of 18 he was made professor of music in  
the Warsaw Conservatory. After holding  
several positions of this kind, he studied for  
three years under Leschetizky, his country-  
man. Then he made his artistic debut in  
Vienna, and covered himself with glory.  
Since then he has gone steadily forward  
in the field of success. Every country he  
received him with open arms. Paderewski  
married before he was 20 a girl who died  
early and left him a son, to whom he is de-  
votedly attached. No man is more free  
from the taint of affectation than he; no  
man more sympathetic and generous than  
this Russo-Polander who has stirred the  
musical world to its profound depths. He  
has been called a study in old gold, for  
his luxuriant hair is tinged with that hue.  
His face a full of intelligence and delicate  
sensibility. He wears his honors meekly,  
although placed on the same plane with  
Liszt and Rubinstein. He carries \$180,000  
away as the result of his last tour in the  
States.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES.

The Board of Education Knock Off  
\$4,100—The City Council Consented.

When J. S. Dewar, chairman, called the  
meeting of the Board of Education to-  
day, he explained that the conclave had  
been convened to consider what could be  
done to reduce the estimates to meet the  
views of the City Council.

Mr. Dewar then read a letter from Hon.  
G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, who  
stated, in reply to a question put by him to  
that gentleman, that the fiscal year of the  
public and high schools was analogous to  
the fiscal year of the city.

Mr. Jeffrey reported that the estimates  
of the board for the balance of the year,  
after consultation with No. 1 and 2 com-  
mittees, had been placed by the audit  
committee as follows: Collegiate Institute,  
\$15,857.07, showing a reduction of \$3,000;  
public schools, \$49,925.91, being a diminu-  
tion of \$11,100. He moved, seconded by  
Mr. McKelvey, that the report be  
adopted.











# The Advertiser

Founded by John Cameron in 1863.

## THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

Daily, by mail, per year (\$5 to 12 pages).....\$4 00  
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(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)  
By mail, per annum.....\$1 00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,  
LONDON, - CANADA.

God's in His heaven,  
All's right with the world.

—[BROWNING.]

London, Saturday, May 13.

The ways of Judge Elliot have been discussed up and down, chiefly down, until they are familiar to the whole Dominion.—[Toronto Globe.]

And the end is not yet.

IN NEW YORK it is proposed to call the State executioner State electrocutor, because the electricians do not take kindly to the idea of being classed with the slayer of murderers. The objection is a natural one.

Says the Montreal Witness: "Temperance people everywhere will, we are sure, rejoice in the decision of the Legislature of Ontario to submit the prohibition question to a direct vote of the people of the Province."

The Earl of Dysart, a Scottish peer, said in an interview at Chicago recently that he "would not give a brass tuppence" for the House of Lords. His lordship should have a care, or he will be indicted for high treason when he returns home.

The Kansas law imposing a tax on every man over 21 who does not vote has been declared unconstitutional in a test case. If the elector does his duty he avoids the tax. What more simple? This Kansas law seems to be an improvement on the proposition simply to disfranchise a man who fails to do his duty by his country. It directly reaches the pocket.

You would think that if the opponents of the Mowat Government were so dead in earnest in their desire for prohibition, they would ask their friends at Ottawa to give it to them.—[Dundas Banner.]

Yes, whatever doubts may be entertained as to the powers of the legislatures in the matter of enacting a prohibitory law, the highest court in the realm has decided that the Dominion undoubtedly can prohibit both the making and the vending of intoxicating liquors.

The Masser-Harris-Patterson-Wiener combination has within a few years made immense profits out of the Canadian farmers. It must be worth several millions of money. Iron enters very largely into the construction of the product of these factories, and the Canadian duties unquestionably add much to its cost. If the agricultural implement manufacturers can pay this extra price for iron and still make enormous profits out of two things must be true. Either they are charging the farmers much more than they would pay under free trade with the States or they are paying too small wages to the mechanics who construct their machinery.—[Ottawa Journal.]

The Canadian implement makers had the whole home market to themselves when the tariff on implements was 15 per cent, and iron was free of duty.—[Hamilton Times.]

And they prospered and made money in London, Ingersoll, St. Marys, and other western cities and towns in those days of low tariff. What has come of those independent manufacturers? They have either gone to the wall, or been swallowed up by the Toronto concern. The N. P. has been a distinct injury to the agricultural implement makers of the West, as John Watson, of Ayr, prophesied it would be.

## TWO CENTS MISSING.

Mr. Clancy, M. P. for Kent, must henceforth be regarded as the "man with the eagle eye." He has been scrutinizing the accounts of the Crown Lands Department of Ontario for many days, and he has made the remarkable discovery that in the expenditures of the last twenty years, aggregating \$2,324,545 84, two cents have gone astray! What punishment will be meted out to the delinquent accountant remains to be seen. By the way, the Ontario Ministers give Mr. Clancy and his Conservative associates on the public accounts committee scope for their energies in marked contrast with that extended to the Liberals by the Conservative Government at Ottawa. Whereas at Ottawa the serious charges against Mr. Haggart were held to be outlawed, though less than ten years old, the Ontario Ministers have permitted Mr. Clancy and his aids to roam all over the financial transactions of the Province for over twenty years, have invited them to dissect the payments, and if they find anything wrong to lodge a charge and demand an investigation.

## RESISTING THE ATLANTIC.

A young ruler, with judgment not infallible, was advised by an aged seaman that as would act wisely, while stating his conclusions, to be careful not to give his reasons. Such an admonition comes to mind in connection with Mr. Dryden's opposition to the enfranchisement of women. As to the honorable gentleman's vaticinations of evil, such dire predictions have accompanied every advance made by mankind. Those who take note of what is going on throughout the world know that the proper recognition of the rights of women to occupation, to education and to that opportunity of giving voice to their views at the ballot box, without which taxation is tyranny, sweeps on like some mighty Mississippi, and can as little be withstood as the Atlantic Ocean when Mrs. Partington fearfully confronted it with her broom.

## LET EACH TUB STAND ON ITS OWN BOTTOM.

London City Council apparently has no faith in the Dominion Government. At last session of Parliament, Hon. Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia, conceded that the system of peddling around the militia camps, to oblige needy politicians, was all wrong. He admitted that distinct injury had resulted to the force from the methods hitherto pursued, as pointed out by Major-General Herbert when reporting on the camp for this district. And he pledged the Government that in future the camps should be permanent—that for the western district being held in this city, Parliament, without dissent, fell in with this view, as will be seen from Hansard. Yet the London City Council mistrusts the Minister, mistrusts his associates; in fact, takes no stock in these express declarations unless the Government reiterates them.

What the council says is, Promise again that the camp will be permanently located in London, and we will take money from the city treasury and build you stables, kitchens, latrines, etc.

The ADVERTISER believes that it is not necessary to bribe the Government of the Dominion, with millions of dollars in its treasury, drawn in part from the people of this city. The Administration is already pledged to locate the camp permanently here, because it is proved beyond a doubt that this is the most convenient center, and most certainly the best point at which to assemble the force. But even if the Government were not so pledged, it would not be in the public interest for this city to take the taxes to erect buildings for the militia department that in common honesty should be constructed out of the Dominion treasury. London pays its full share of the taxes collected by the Ottawa authorities, and it should not be asked to tax itself twice over in order to relieve the Dominion Government of a charge which it should defray.

What would be said of the Ontario Government if it were to come to the City Council and ask for money with which to erect additions to the asylum for the insane? One demand is as reasonable as the other nevertheless. The camp now gets free water of the best quality at civic expense. Is that not enough?

The City Council lowers its dignity by continuing to petition to and argue with the Ottawa Government in regard to these additions to the camp. Let the council attend to the expenditures legitimately called for by the needs of the city, and let the Dominion Government, at the general expense, provide that which is necessary for the common welfare.

## TELEPHONE FACILITIES.

The Dominion Parliament takes to itself a monopoly of the carrying of letters on the ground that it is for the general good that it should do so. Toronto, Hamilton and other cities have granted a short term franchise for the use of the civic streets for telephone wires on similar grounds, and the corporations are thus enabled to reap a handsome revenue, besides insuring an efficient service for the public. If ever there was warrant for granting exclusive rights to individuals, it is under such circumstances as these. No one wants to be compelled to buy and operate two sets of telephone instruments if one will do, and the expense is restricted to a reasonable sum. This was the view entertained by the London City Council when it came to arrangement with the Bell Telephone Company for five years, which, however, has been set aside for the time being by the decision of Chief Justice Galt. The bargain has not met with the approval of a neighboring newspaper which professes to see in it an indorsement of monopolies of every sort, such as it has been in the habit of defending. There is, as we have shown, a great difference, as the City Council and the people of other progressive cities have acknowledged by their actions.

## A TELLING OBJECT LESSON.

(Ottawa Free Press.)

Wages are so much higher in free-trade England than in the protectionist countries of continental Europe that workmen are flocking to England in thousands, and the Imperial Parliament is being urged to do something to restrict alien immigration. If the protectionist theories about high customs duties increasing wages were sound the movement of population would be from the British Islands to the continent instead of vice versa. The percentage of increase of population in England during the past ten years was larger than in Canada.

## ONTARIO'S EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS.

(London Canada Gazette.)

Ontario has long had reason to be proud of her educational status, and in the annual report of the Minister of Education, just submitted to the Legislature, it is shown that the Province is in no mood to abandon its position of pre-eminence in this respect. The past year has seen large strides in improved school houses, increased attendance of pupils, advancement of teachers and a general movement for better fit education for the every-day life of the people.

## IS THIS WHAT THEY DESIRE?

(Toronto News.)

In Quebec several services are provided for out of the revenues of the Province that in Ontario are a charge against the municipalities. A couple of lodges of Patrons of Industry have passed resolutions calling upon the Ontario Government to adopt the Quebec system.

This system in Quebec has resulted in the creation of a Provincial debt of \$30,000,000 and an annual deficit which is steadily adding to that debt. Do the Patrons wish to bring about a similar state of things here?

## IN LABOR'S FIELD.

DETROIT, May 12.—About 80 truckmen employed by the Shelden Cartage Company this morning demanded a raise to \$1 75 per day and 20 cents per hour overtime. The company consented to give the raise, provided like companies would pay the same rate. This did not satisfy the men, and all went on a strike.

The next meeting of the Order of Railway Conductors will be held in Atlanta in May, 1895. The order now has 19,095 members, a gain of 5,694 during the past two years.

# The Golden Rule.

Strong Protests Against the Manufacture of Sensational Slanders

Against Any Man or Body of Men.

Specimen Attempts to Excite Religious Prejudice.

Only Evil Can Come From This Method of Warfare.

## A SLUR ON PROTESTANTISM.

(From the Canadian Baptist.)

There is reason to fear that some who make a business of declaiming against Catholicism go about the work in a manner which shows that they themselves are scarcely less under the thrall of prejudice than those whose errors they denounce. There is some reason to fear that this may be the case with at least many of the members of the secret organization which is said to be making considerable headway in the United States and Canada. We do not profess to know anything definite concerning either the principles and aims or the numerical strength of this organization, which is known on the other side of the line as the "American Protective Association." It is very likely that there is a good deal of misconception and exaggeration with regard to it. We can only say, and we are sure every intelligent Baptist will agree with us, that if, and in so far as, any such society aims at depicting our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens of any right or privilege, whether in relation to voting, office-holding, or any other prerogative of citizenship, we have no sympathy with it, and nothing but condemnation for it. We have no faith in doing evil that good may come. Not by such methods is the cause of truth to be advanced.

Our attention is called to the matter just now by a paragraph in a New York paper referring to the rumored strength of the organization in question, which it says is "reported by the press to be sustained chiefly by foreigners—Englishmen, Canadians, Orangemen, Scandinavians and some Germans," and stating that "sectarian prejudice and passion are inflamed in certain localities by the most absurd reports, as in Florida by the story that Bishop Spalding had stored a lot of rifles in the basement of the cathedral." But, it proceeds to say, "the most ridiculous of these outrages on truth, honesty, and common sense is a bogus encyclical attributed to Pope Leo XIII., excommunicating the people of the United States in a body, and declaring that on or about the 8th of September, 1893, when the Catholic Congress shall meet in Chicago, Ill., it will be the duty of the faithful to exterminate all the heretics found in the jurisdiction of the United States of America."

A copy of this remarkable document was sent to us some weeks since, clipped from an anti-Catholic Canadian paper, with a request, if memory serves us, for its publication in our columns. The friend who sent it was evidently inclined to take it seriously, and it is quite possible that the stupid and wicked fabrication may have made the means of doing a good deal of harm. It is quite probable that it may be in circulation to some extent in Canada. Nothing can be more contrary to the spirit of evangelical truth, nothing more harmful to such underhand and lying methods of stirring up hatred against them. No language can be too strong in which to describe the crime of those who are somewhere at work deliberately forging such documents and relying upon the ignorance or prejudice of certain classes of Protestants for their effect. It is the obvious duty of Christian ministers and others to expose and denounce such methods should they come under their observation in the communities in which they labor.

## OUTRAGES ON TRUTH, HONESTY AND COMMON SENSE.

(From the New York Christian Union, edited by Dr. Lyman Abbott.)

It is interesting and somewhat discouraging to observe the extent to which history repeats itself. The know-nothing movement in 1853, though in its immediate political effects transient, produced a permanent evil result in setting Roman Catholic and Protestant against one another, in greatly strengthening the power of the hierarchy over the Roman Catholic common people, and in leading the latter to regard Protestants as their natural enemies, and Protestants as their own priests and bishops as their natural commanders against a common enemy. The decadence of "Native-Americanism" was followed by a decadence of the hostility which it had created, and by the birth of an American party within the ranks of the Roman Catholic Church itself. In spite of this plain teaching of history, a fanatical movement—for we can dignify it by no better title—has gained considerable strength in certain parts of the west. How thorough is the organization which underlies and at the same time has grown out of this movement, it is impossible to judge. We suspect, however, that the magnitude of the movement and the numbers who support it are very considerably exaggerated. Sectarian prejudice and passion are inflamed in certain localities by the most absurd reports, as in Peoria by the story that Bishop Spalding had stored a lot of Winchester rifles in the basement of the cathedral. The most ridiculous of these outrages on truth, honesty, and common sense is a bogus encyclical attributed to Pope Leo XIII., excommunicating the people of the United States in a body and declaring that on or about Sept. 8, 1893, when the Catholic Congress shall meet in Chicago, Ill., "it will be the duty of the faithful to exterminate all heretics found in the jurisdiction of the United States of America." The first impulse is to greet such a bogus proclamation with a laugh, but the men who have issued and are printing it have probably not wholly misestimated the intelligence of the constituency which they are addressing, and will succeed in temporarily exciting the passions of fear and hate, intensified by ignorance and an uneducated conscience. Every minister where this monstrous effort to set man against his fellow man is making its felt ought, at whatever cost of unpopularity to himself, to follow the example bravely set by Washington Gladden in Columbus, whose exposure of the spirit, aims and character of the American Protective Association, popularly known as the A. P. A., was not without a decided effect in that city. The ministry can render no better service to society than to turn on the light upon the powers of darkness in such an exigency.

## MANUFACTURED SENSATIONAL NEWS.

(From the Christian Guardian, official organ of the Methodist Church of Canada.)

"It has become too common to see in the American papers sensational reports of

events which have never taken place, and for which there was no ground whatever. Stories of people who were buried alive and were brought to life again are a favorite invention. Recently a statement was widely circulated that large quantities of arms were being received by the Roman Catholic priests of the United States. A dispatch from a western town stated that boxes of rifles were accidentally discovered in the basement of the Roman Catholic Church in that place. A Methodist editor wrote the Methodist minister in the place as to the truth of the report. The reply was that the Catholic church in that town had no basement, and nothing was known there of the alleged discovery of arms. Last week the New York Christian Advocate gave two striking illustrations of this style of business. Several papers copied from the Louisville Catholic Advocate a statement to the effect that while the Rev. John Ward, a prominent Methodist clergyman of Nekoma, Kan., was blasphemously exalting Sam Jones above Jesus Christ he was struck with paralysis. The editor of the Advocate made inquiry, and answers from ministers of the locality and others stated that no such man was known there, no such service was held. The whole story was a fabrication. The editor of the Advocate also mentions that the Advocate was blamed for not publishing an alleged encyclical letter from the Pope, which was a clumsy attempt to excite hostility against the Roman Catholics, but which was a fabrication. One is led to ask what is the motive of those who manufacture these sensational falsehoods? No doubt, in some cases there is a design to discredit some person or party; but in most cases the object is to supply some newspaper with a sensational item. In a recent address on "Newspapers, Old and New," Rev. E. E. Hale had some pointed remarks on the morbid hunger for news. Some newspapers are conducted on the principle of furnishing some striking news in each issue; but as some days there is nothing special to report, there is a temptation to manufacture something sensational that may help to sell the paper. This method should meet with universal condemnation."

## BAD ECZEMA ON BABY

Head one Solid Sore. Itching Awful. Had to Tie His Hands to Cradle. Cured by Cuticura.

Our little boy broke out on his head with a bad form of eczema, when he was four months old. We tried three doctors, but they did not help him. We then used your three CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after using them eleven weeks exactly according to directions, he began to steadily improve, and after the use of them seven months his head was entirely well. When we began using Cuticura, it was also all over his ears, most of his face, and small places on different parts of his body. There were crusts, scales, and itching, and he would not let us touch him. We had to keep him in bed, and hold him down, and he was taken up; and had to keep his hands tied to his cradle, and he would scratch if he could in any way get his hands loose. We know your CUTICURA REMEDIES cured him. We feel safe in recommending them to others.

Geo. E. & JANETTA HARRIS, Webster, Ind.

## Cuticura Resolvent

The new blood and Skin Purifier, and greatest of Humors Remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause, while CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite skin beautifier, clear the skin and scalp, and remove every trace of itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy skin, eczema, blood diseases, from pimples to scurvy, from infancy to age, when the best physicians fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, \$1.50. Prepared by the FORTY-SEVEN AND CHESTERMAN CO., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

## BABY'S SKIN AND SCALP purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

## PAINS AND WEAKNESSES

of females instantly relieved by that new, elegant, and reliable Antidote to Pain, Inflammation, and Weakness, the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster.

Wallace's Dining Hall and Confectionery, 254 Richmond Street.

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Loan & Debenture

COMPANY.

Subscribed capital.....\$2,000,000  
Paid-up capital.....1,200,000  
Reserve fund.....415,000

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On mortgages on real estate AT A VERY LOW RATE OF INTEREST. For best terms make personal application at the office of the company.

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Reserve Fund.....625,000 00  
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## SAVINGS BANK BRANCH.

Deposits of \$1 and upwards received at current rates of interest, paid or compounded twice a year.

G. A. SOMERVILLE,  
Manager.

# CHAPMAN'S

# TO-DAY.

## MEN'S FLANNELETTE SHIRTS

Only 25 Cents Each.

## Young Men's Heavy Tweed Suits

Serviceable, long pants, only \$2 95.

## BOYS' FELT HATS

New styles, 35c, 40c, 45c.

## MEN'S FOUR-PLY LINEN COLLARS

New shapes, four for 50c.

## HEAVY FLANNELETTE

36 inches wide, 12½ cents.

## Heavy Scotch Flannelette

Only 7½c, 8½c and 10c.

# TO-DAY

We make a special display in our Millinery Department.

Every lady in quest of a becoming hat or bonnet should see this, our second display of New Styles.

# Millinery, - Mantles

# DRESSMAKING.

## 3-GREAT SPECIALTIES-3

# CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street,  
LONDON.





Clifford Blackman  
A Boston Boy's Eyesight  
Saved—Perhaps His Life

By Hood's Sarsaparilla—Blood Poisoned by Canker.

Read the following from a grateful mother:  
"My little boy had Scarlet Fever when 4 years old, and it left him very weak and with blood poisoned with canker. His eyes became so inflamed that his sufferings were intense, and for seven weeks he

Could Not Open His Eyes.  
I took him during that time to the Eye and Ear Infirmary on Charles street, but their remedies failed to cure him. I then tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and it soon cured him. I have never doubted that it saved his sight, even if not his very life. You may use this fact in any way you choose. I am always anxious to sound the praise of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

because of the wonderful good it did my son." ARTHUR F. BLACKMAN, 2888 Washington St., Boston, Mass. Get HOOD'S.

HOOD'S PILLS are made, made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance.

### LONDON'S CRACK SHOTS

Take Another "Go" at the President's Prize.

League Baseball Scores and Other Sporting News.

#### BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES—FRIDAY.  
At Pittsburgh..... 2-0..... Clausen and Grim.  
At Brooklyn..... 3-1..... Staley and Merritt.  
At Philadelphia..... 1-0..... Sherret, Taylor, Cross.  
At Washington..... 6-1..... Foreman, Crane, Doyle.  
At St. Louis..... 7-3..... Maull and Farrell.  
At St. Louis..... 1-0..... McNeill and Clark.  
At St. Louis..... 1-0..... Breitenstein, Gleason and Peitz.  
At Cleveland..... 8-1..... Young and O'Connor.  
At Chicago—Chicago vs. Cincinnati—No game; rain.

The Alerts' baseball grounds across the river are in fine condition, and everything is in a forward state of readiness for the opening match with the Gulls on Tuesday. The home team will play a practice game this afternoon, commencing about 3 o'clock.

#### THE TIGER.

Used the largest crowds ever on the London Gun Club ground assembled there yesterday to witness the match for the President's trophy, diamond medal, which was won last time by Montebello. The birds went with the wind and made accurate marksmanship difficult. A class shot at 24, B class at 27, and C class at 30 birds. The result was a victory for Redpath, who seems almost to have won the series down to business, which very often occurs. This is the second time he has secured it. He made 17 out of a possible 24, with Montebello close behind with 15. B class also scored up well, and when the members get into trim they will make it warm for the advanced class.

The medal has to be won five times by the same person, it may be time yet before its ownership is decided. Yesterday's score was as follows:

Montebello (A)..... 11  
111001001001011010-15  
Winfield (B)..... 0011101010  
011000000100000101-12  
Stanley (B)..... 0010101010101010-15  
Avey (B)..... 1101010101010101-15  
101101010101010101-15  
Anderson (C)..... 00000101  
Redpath (A)..... 000000000000-5  
11010111110010101010-17  
Brewer (B)..... 001100  
110001010101010101-15  
Cland (C)..... 01001100  
010019101011011001-15  
Batterson (B)..... 101100001010100000-9  
Smith (B)..... 0100000100000000  
A private match for a stake of \$25 a side was shot off between N. P. Graydon and Frank Sage, two clever amateurs. The first shot, 30 birds, resulted in a tie—9 to 9. It was shot off as follows:

Graydon..... 111010100-5  
Sage..... 110100100-4

#### FOOTBALL.

A football match for the intermediate championship between Brantford and the Excelsiors of Galt was played at the latter place on Friday, resulting 5 to 0 in favor of Galt.

#### THE TURF.

RACE FOR \$15,000.  
LONDON, May 12.—The royal plate of \$15,000 for 3-year-olds at Kempton Park to-day was won by the Duke of Portland's Schoolboy, the Duke of Portland's Amiable second, Cannon's Melancholy third.

Although the corner grocery isn't supposed to be stocked with electricity, the corner grocery man is called upon to charge a good many things.

Do you realize the importance of a healthy stomach now that cholera threatens? K. D. C. acts as a cholera preventive, by restoring the stomach to healthy action.

### New Scotch Tweeds

—FOR—

### SPRING SUITS.

HARRY LENOX

CORNER RICHMOND AND CARLING STREETS.

### THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

Annual Meeting of the Directors—Election of Officers—Treasurer's Report—The Council to Be Asked for a Grant.

The adjourned annual meeting of the Mechanics' Institute Board was held last evening. Messrs. W. Searrow, A. Harvey, T. Macbeth, Carnegie, John Shopland and R. Hannah were present. According to the treasurer's statement, the receipts totalled \$2,074 65, made up as follows: Rents, \$1,390 50; Government grant, \$250; City Council grant, \$250; members' fees, \$220; sale of magazines and sundries, \$34 15; sundries, \$1. The disbursements amounted \$1,906 49, leaving a cash balance on hand of \$168 16. The assets were \$28,101 16, and the liabilities \$18,400 41, surplus of assets over liabilities, \$9,690 75. The report was adopted, as was also the secretary's report published a few days ago. Officers were elected as follows.

President—Wm. Searrow.  
First Vice-President—Col. Lewis.  
Second Vice-President—Talbot Macbeth.  
Corresponding Secretary—A. O. J. Harvey.  
Secretary—J. D. Kenney.  
Treasurer—A. Harvey.  
Directors—R. Hannah, John Roe, John Shopland, John Johnston, Geo. Taylor, W. J. Saunby, W. J. Harvey, H. Macdonald and F. W. Daly.

Auditors—John Carnegie and John Harveys.

Librarian—James Gray.

Votes of thanks were tendered the auditors for their services during the year, and publishers who had supplied newspapers gratuitously. The meeting then adjourned until the council's next meeting, and request a grant. The president, vice-presidents and treasurer were named as the deputation. Unless the grant is received, the free reading room will have to be closed and probably the whole institution.

### TO PROTECT WOMEN.

Chicago Societies for the Welfare of Women Send Circulars Broadcast.

The following circular has been sent out from Chicago:

We, the members of the societies of Chicago interested in the welfare of women, and being in a position to know the dangers here threatening young, inexperienced or thoughtless girls, give this warning to mothers and guardians of such young persons who visit Chicago during the World's Fair.

Care should be taken lest the young visitor be exposed to evil influences. The worst as well as the best of man and womanhood will be in Chicago during the next six months. Unfortunately it is true that the worst are often more active than the best.

We urge upon parents the following suggestions:

1. If possible accompany your daughters on their visit to the World's Fair, but leave home without the escort and supervision of a trustworthy person of mature age and experience.

2. If you have no relatives or friends with whom you can stay while in the city, or if you are unable to put up at a first-class hotel, be careful in your selection of a boarding-house. Beware of the "nice, quiet room for ladies," recommended by some dashing stranger. If you are without acquaintances in Chicago address the Women and Children's Protective Agency, room 828, Opera House Building, Chicago, Ill.

This agency will refer you to some person who has respectable rooms to rent. If you should arrive in the city after ten or eleven hours alone and find it would be wise to ask information from the janitress in the ladies' waiting-room at any depot and to remain under her protection during the remaining hours of the night.

3. Make no hasty acquaintances on the cars. Girls should accept no invitation from a stranger to visit theaters or concerts and should especially beware of late supper in so-called restaurants, which are often wine-rooms.

4. The newspapers will be full of advertisements of "light work and good wages for young girls." Agents are going through the country districts with the same suggestions. Accept no offer until after thorough investigation of the nature of the work and of the character of the persons advertising.

The above was signed by the following: The Women and Children's Protective Agency, Chicago Relief and Aid Society, Chicago Woman's Club, Illinois Woman's Alliance, Home of the Friendless, Deaconess' Home, S. Division Christian Endeavor Union, King's Daughters, Centra W. C. T. U., Epworth League, Working Woman's Home, Anchorage Mission, Children's Aid Society, Adelphe Society.

### A Live Governor.

MONTREAL, May 13.—The Chronicle, commenting on the official confirmation of the new Governor-General, says: "Lord Aberdeen is assured of a hearty welcome from our warm-hearted kinsmen. He is alive to the best democratic movements of the day, and has in the counties a second half in intelligence and zeal."

### Bank of Montreal Statement.

MONTREAL, May 12.—The Bank of Montreal statement for the year ended April 30, issued to-day, is looked upon as a favorable one, about \$120,000 having been carried forward to the balance of profit and loss, which now stands at \$691,425 53. The profits for the year were \$1,325,810 20, as against \$1,325,887 03 for the year ended April 30, 1892. The earnings are about 11 per cent. on the capital.

Millionaire Mackey's Assault.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 12.—In the case of Rippey, on trial for shooting John W. Mackey, the prisoner was called to the stand. He said he had thought of suicide often. He felt no enmity toward Mackey; he had no recollection whatever of events the morning he shot him; he had made no plan to kill him; he never was drunk in his life, and never had trouble with any man in recent years.

When indigestion is cured cholera is prevented. K. D. C. the King of Dyspepsia Cures is the Greatest Cure for Cholera. It cures the first and prevents the second.

Thousands of people testify to Williams' Royal Crown Remedy. Get a circular from any first-class druggist. Take no substitute. The best and cheapest remedy.

How Many Ladies in London Are Aware That they can get a bamboo cane for cabinet photo for 5 cents with half a pound, a choux cup and saucer, fruit plate or other articles too numerous to mention for 5 cents with half a pound of Empire's famous any-price tea, coffee, etc. Six and a-half pounds of granulated sugar for 25 cents upon profit-sharing system. Write to the K. D. C. Co., 100, Great Victoria Street, London, W. Empire Tea Company, three doors from Kingsmill's.

The man who knew "just how it was going to be" is always a little late getting around, but that is all the better for his prophecy.

The birds were the first spring poets. Their lays are good and on west ones.

## Ontario Legislature.

An Early Termination of the Session Probable.

The New Member for Toronto on a Voyage of Discovery—The Matter of Selling Liquor in Drug Stores Discussed.

(From Our Own Representatives.)

PARLIAMENT HOUSE, TORONTO, May 12.

—There is a rapidly growing opinion that the session will last but a short time longer. As a matter of fact, there is not the slightest necessity for prolongation of the work. If the House desires, prorogation may easily be brought on by next Friday. A Minister informed your correspondent this afternoon that there was every desire on the part of the Government to speedily close up business.

As is usual on Fridays, the business of the House was not very important to-day. Mr. Ryerson, Toronto's new member, made a motion calling for all particulars as to fees paid Registrar Linde, who was returning officer at the election in 1888. Mr. Ryerson said he had heard it stated that the Government had paid Mr. Peter Ryan, who was returning officer at the last election, very much larger fees than were given Mr. Linde, and that the latter gentleman had been given an increased amount because he was an active political supporter.

Sir Oliver Mowat said Mr. Ryerson had been seriously misinformed, as he would see when the return was brought down. He had pleasure in granting the request.

Mr. Mackenzie, of East Lambton, moved the second reading of his bill to prevent the sale of liquor by druggists in larger quantities than six ounces, without a doctor's certificate. Mr. Mackenzie stated that all over the Province there was much selling in chemist's shops.

Mr. Harcourt thought the bill might well be referred to the committee which is dealing with Mr. McKay's and Mr. Macnam's bills respecting druggists and doctors. There was much in the bill which would commend itself to the House.

Mr. Clancy said if the present license law were enforced there would be little need for the bill. He would not, however, oppose it.

Dr. McMahon moved the second reading of his bill respecting the establishing of a license system for embalmers. He repeated the usual arguments regarding the necessity of keeping trade in the hands of men conversant with it, and stated that there had been a school of embalming in Toronto for some time. It was not proposed to debar anybody from the power of carrying on the business, it was only desired that there be no "free-for-all" embalmers, who had taken a course in the work, and others who had not.

Prof. Robertson Re-Engaged by the Government at \$5,000 Per Year—The Cattle Embargo.

The Methodist parsonage, Billingsbridge, occupied by Rev. Mr. Elliot, was burned to the ground Friday.

Mr. John Lowe, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, says there is no probability of an immediate relaxation of the cattle embargo in Great Britain.

Two young lads of Simcoe, aged 11, disappeared from their homes Thursday. They bought railway tickets for Hamilton, and have not been heard of since.

The Government has decided to re-engage Mr. Robertson as Dominion commissioner for a further period of three years at a salary of \$5,000 a year.

A Niagara Falls dispatch says: Mr. Fahey, the well-known bridge contractor, G. T. R., died this (Friday) evening of pneumonia. Deceased was sick only three days.

The United States coast cruiser Blake is ashore at the entrance of Lake St. Peter. She was going through to Chicago, and attempted to come up the river without a pilot.

The seizure of Arnold's brass dogs has been decided by the Government to have been illegal, and they are to be returned on receipt of the duty, \$35. The seizure was not made within the prescribed time limit.

### RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

The man who does right only because he has to would rather work for the devil at the same price.

It is easier to walk the tight rope without falling than it is to criticize others without backsliding.

In this world men and devils may have their own way for a while, but in heaven God will be supreme.

There are too many people who make a fifteen-minute prayer for missions and then get up and put a two-cent piece in the basket.

Don't expect much from the man who is always talking about what great things he would do if he had somebody else's opportunities.

There are people who have to take all of their gold to the devil's blacksmith shop and have it made into chains with which to bind themselves.

### AN ENGLISH OPINION.

(Newcastle Chronicle.)  
Every man that can look beyond his nose must recognize that the greatest problem of English statesmanship is to preserve the good-will of the Government of the United States, so that these two mighty powers may go hand-in-hand, and not oppose each other; for all thinking men realize that the United States will greatly influence the destiny of England.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX  
**BEECHAM'S PILLS**  
(Tasteless—Effective.)  
For Sick-Headache,  
Impaired Digestion,  
Liver Disorders and  
Female Ailments.

Renowned all over the World.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Made for Beecham's and take no others.

Ask for Beecham's Pills, and take no others.

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## E. & J.

Since our last announcement we have been doing a nice trade in Hosiery. Our suggestions were read and acted upon. This was expected. The stock is truly excellent and well worth inspection. As to wearing qualities the stock is one that will give good satisfaction, and the prices are quite low. Besides, there is positively no danger that the colors will run, thus causing discomfort, perhaps injury. They are all guaranteed fast colors and were dyed in Germany by one of the best dyers in the world. Soon the weather will be uncomfortably warm. It is then that the utmost care should be taken that none but fast colored hose are worn. You can get them from us at prices remarkably low.

CHILDREN'S.

Tan, seamless feet, 10c up.

Children's, seamless feet, 10c up.

Boys' heavy ribbed, fast black, seamless feet, 10c up.

LADIES.

Fast black, seamless feet, 12c.

Fast black, full fashioned, 25c.

Fast black, spliced heels and feet, 25c.

Fast black, seamless feet, 10c up.

Novelties in spots and stripes, fast colors.

This is only one department.

There are attractions and bargains in all of the others. Did we think it possible or necessary to tell you of them fully we would do so. See for yourself.

Agents for Standard Fashion Company's patterns.

SMALLMAN

& INGRAM,

147 & 149 Dundas St.

A REMARKABLE CHOIR.

Don't Fail to Hear the "Africans."

On Thursday and Friday next, at the Grand Opera House, citizens are promised one of the most novel and unique performances that have ever been presented in London.

The Native African Choir are the "Africans" of the season, and to say that they have everywhere been "lionized" is to put it mildly indeed. From Her Majesty Queen Victoria down to the humblest subject in Great Britain they have gained the greatest honor and praise. Never before in the world's history has a musical combination of such excellence as the Native African Choir been evolved out of almost complete barbarism, and yet it is but another instance of the refining influence of Christianity and a glowing tribute to nineteenth-century civilization.

The choir forms a most interesting picture and a theme for study and contemplation. The Rev. H. R. Haws (author of "Music and Morals") and one of the most eminent thinkers of the day was deeply moved at the chanting of the choir, and said: "With hands clasped and eyes reverently turned upward, I heard the Lord's Prayer given in low, measured, four-part harmony, with a pathos and awe which might well teach our congregations a lesson." Mr. Stead, the brilliant editor of the Review of Reviews, was charmed by their musical talent and extraordinary personnel, and devoted a very lengthy article to them generally. In his closing remarks he said: "Since the Jubilee Singers of Fisk University, Tennessee (the original Jubilees) there has been no troupe to compare with them in interest, and compared with the South African Choir, the jubilee singers are nowhere." Much might be written of the performance of the choir in stamping its excellence upon the minds of citizens; but the mere fact of its being under the management of Messrs. Vort & Harris, and London's entrepreneurs, Messrs. Birke and Carroll, is sufficient guarantee along that line. The object of the choir, moreover, is one that should appeal to every thoughtful man and woman, namely, the founding of a college for the improvement of their own people, and it is quite certain that when the curtain goes up on Thursday next there will greet the Africans, if not the largest, certainly one of the warmest and most enthusiastic audiences that they have ever performed to. The programme embraces quartets, duets, solos, choruses, war dances and wedding dances; also a short sketch (purely African), entitled the "Witch Doctor," and which is said to be one of the most interesting things they do. The choir appears in their native costume, many of them barefooted, and with various emblems of the chase scattered around, making in all a most remarkable scene. One of the men (Semouse) fought against the British troops at Basutoiland, and was an object of much interest to her Majesty, who had him specially brought before her. In appearance the choir are a happy, jolly-looking crowd, evidently well pleased with their present state, though not wholly forgetful of the pleasures of their old free life. The conductor, J. H. Baines, of the Royal Academy of Music, London, England, accompanies the choir, and will take full charge at the performances here. Nobody can complain of the very reasonable prices for admission, and there is no doubt that the Opera House will be packed. The choir opens at 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

Change in Time for New York via Erie

The Erie Railway are running a very fast train from Buffalo. The time has been cut down two hours. By leaving London at 12:15 p.m. you will arrive in Buffalo at 5:50 p.m., and leave Buffalo at 7:30 p.m. You can also leave London at 1:30 p.m., and arrive in New York next morning at 7:30 a.m., and 11:40 p.m. The latter is a magnificent train, solid vestibule not a single change between London and New York, and dining cars attached to all trains for meals. For further particulars apply to S. J. SHARP, 19 Wellington street east, Toronto.

Williams' Royal Crown Remedy should be taken in the spring. Every first-class druggist sells it. For debilitated people.

## "THE WEIR CASE."

More Evidence in This Famous Cure.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., May 1, 1893.

Isaac Williams Company, London:

Dear Sirs,—About a week ago I received a copy of the London ADVERTISER, sent by my youngest brother, who lives on Horton street, No. 428, and which contained some very pleasing news to me, when I read that your wonderful medicine had saved my eldest brother, who lives on lot 15, con. 15, London township, near village of Birr. I know too well about his sickness, that he has spent quite a fortune on doctors' bills, all without any relief, I felt satisfied, unless relief came very soon, that he would be in his grave, and I am ready to believe that your wonderful medicine "Royal Crown Remedy" has saved his life, and I am pleased to know that he still lives and enjoys life and health. Since I have received the copy of the ADVERTISER of April 1 I have shown it to a great many of my neighbors and explained the whole case to them, and of the wonderful cure of my brother (John Weir). Several of my neighbors have requested me to write you regarding your "Royal Crown Remedy" as they cannot get it here. I suppose we will have to send direct to you for it. I might further say that one of my neighbors came here to this place from Detroit about the same time that I left the city of London. He is about 55 years of age and well known here, and is in very poor health; and it seems to me that his ailment is similar to that of my brother, John Weir. I have highly recommended "Royal Crown Remedy" to him, and he appears quite anxious to give your remedy a trial, so he with others requested me to write you for particulars, which will be as follows: What do you sell your Remedy for, per half dozen or dozen bottles, or how do you sell them wholesale? How do you send, by freight or express? Will there be any duty, etc.? I will be pleased to hear from you as soon as possible. Sincerely,

R. WEIR.

CROSSWELL, Mich., May 10, 1893.

Isaac Williams Company, London:

Dear Sirs,—As per agreement, I write to let you know that I still inhabit this moon-sphere. I am still taking Royal Crown Remedy, with good results—for they all tell me I am looking and walking better, and what everybody says must be true. Yes; I certainly think I am feeling better, and hope the remedy will do its work. I shall continue taking it as long as I continue to improve. I think I will go down to Coldwater within a couple of weeks, and I will keep you posted as to my condition. Very respectfully yours,

H. TRAVES.

P.S.—I met a gentleman on the train on my way home, who lives in the north part of the State. He is troubled in some respects just as I am, namely, kidney and liver troubles. I recommended your remedy and gave him some circulars, and he said he would send for some.

HAPPY HOMES

EASILY ACQUIRED

By the great co-operative banking principle

The People's Building & Loan Ass'n.

Head office, Molsons Bank Buildings

W. M. SPENCER, president; LIEUT.-COL. W. M. GAITSBORO, vice-president; WM. SPITAL, secretary-treasurer.

Have you a vacant lot? By our plan you can build on it and the rental will pay for it in 75 years. All interest paid semi-annually.

Have you a vacant lot? By our plan you can build on it and the rental will pay for it in 75 years. All interest paid semi-annually.

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Have you a vacant lot



















## SOCIAL PROGRESS.

**A USE FOR WHISKY.**  
"Whisky, good to preserve corpses, ought never to turn you into a corpse."—(T. De Witt Talmage.)

Whisky, like all poisons, has its uses still. And like every medicine its mission is to fulfill. As when a dead man from decay you would desire to keep, just put him into whisky. For twenty inches deep, but would you kill a stalwart man. Fill glasses to the brim, thus change the process as you put the whisky into him. Rochester, N. Y. E. W. Warner.

### POINTERS.

In New York last year 1,424 husbands procured divorces from their wives on the ground of drunkenness. During the same year 12,432 wives procured divorces from their husbands on the same charge.

The man who prays like an angel and votes like a devil, will be found with the devil, and not with the angels, when the final count is made. The religion that cannot save a man politically will not save him eternally.—(Rev. Thomas Dixon.)

In Montreal city alone there are 167 more liquor licenses than in all the cities of Ontario, paying a revenue of \$5,000 a year more than the whole Province.

### RESULTS IN KANSAS.

After futile and costly resistance the dramshop traffic has disappeared from the State. Surrogation is no longer a thing, and "joints" are not unknown, but the saloon has vanished, and the law has been better enforced than similar legislation elsewhere. In the larger towns prohibition is not so strictly observed as in the rural districts, where public opinion is more rigid, but all localities the benefit results are apparent in the diminution of crime, poverty and disorder. Banned by law the occupation is stigmatized and becomes disreputable. If the offender avoids punishment he does not escape contempt. Drinking being in direct temptation to their infirmities, and the young from their appetites and passions.—(Ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, to Harper's Magazine, April.)

### THE SALOON IN POLITICS.

Hon. William Windom, the late Secretary of the Treasury, said: "The saloon has bodily entered politics, and it has come to stay until vanquished or victorious." This is the attitude of the saloon to-day, and the situation must be met promptly and decisively, in order that our country may be saved from the terrible ravages of the traffic in alcoholic beverages that now threaten our homes with desolation and our civilization with destruction. Voters having the sovereign power in their hands, active, conscientious, personal responsibility must take the place of apathy; aggressive action, that of guilty complicity. What we want, and must have, is uncompromising prohibition to save our country from the ravages of the liquor traffic. Taxpayers, workmen, liquor traffic, taxpayers, workingmen and Christian patriots, lovers of our homes and country, what answer?—[From "Material Progress Dependent on Prohibition," in Demorest's Family Magazine for May.]

### SALOONS IN NEW YORK.

On Columbus avenue, between Ninety-third and one Hundred and Fourth streets, there are now 219 stores, nearly all erected within the past five years. One in every five of them sells liquor in some form.

It was in a Western mining city, where twenty saloons joined each other, there being in the one but one vacant lot. When finally an enterprising stranger built and started a saloon there, the local papers welcomed the announcement with pride, and spoke with joy of "a long-sought want supplied."

The striking facts as to Columbus avenue came to light through a recent application for a new saloon license. The citizens protested on the ground "that there is no public necessity for a new saloon in that neighborhood," which is serious enough to be amusing in view of the one-in-five proportion, accentuated by the fact that there are within 100 yards (sprinters cover the distance in ten seconds) of the proposed new saloon, seven fully equipped liquor stores, to say nothing of four plants working along under the similar privileges of an ordinary "store license."

As a purely residential section, the outlook for the beautiful and ideal north-part of the city is not good. One drinking place to every five places of business is not a ratio conducive to law and order, to say nothing of education, religion, a love of the fine arts and other concomitants of a dryer civilization than Tammany Hall knows anything about.—[New York Commercial Advertiser.]

### CIVILIZATION'S INFERNO.

The supreme or capital curse of the nineteenth century is summed up in the one word "saloon," because its influence extends in all directions; and wherever it is felt, human misery, degradation, and moral eclipse follow. It is the devil-fish of our civilization, whose every tentacle crushes into death. It pollutes politics; it degrades manhood; it fills the slums with want and wretchedness; it crowds our jails to overflowing, and is a leading factor in populating insane asylums, almshouses, and the Potter's fields; it destroys the physical strength of every family; it beclouds the intellect; it obliterates moral integrity. But, towering above all this, its crowning evil, and that which makes its existence the national crime of the age, is its effect upon the children. The innocent wife, the prattling children, and the unborn baby all feel its cruel curse. This is the phase of the problem which makes its toleration a crime of measureless proportions. The supremacy of the saloon affords a most impressive illustration of the possibility of a whole nation becoming generally anesthetized by a curse constantly before its vision, and where wealth is lavishly used to quell all opposition which would deal it mortal blows. We build insane asylums and incarcerate madmen, for the protection of the lives of their families; but here we find a so-called Christian nation giving the stamp of legality to a traffic which takes from thousands of innocent people every gleam of hope and happiness, clothing bodies in rags and leads in perpetual fear. If the saloon cursed only its victims the case would be different; but it is the gloved hand behind the automatic victim which is responsible for a large proportion of the crimes committed yearly against the innocent.—(B. O. Flower, in his new book "Civilization's Inferno.")

### HOOD'S CURE.

In saying that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, its proprietors make an idle or extravagant claim. Statements from thousands of reliable people of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for them conclusively prove the fact—HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA CURES.

Hood's Pills act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion. The shrewd spectacle dealer always endeavors to keep his customers in sight. Minard's Liniment for sale every-where.

## THE FRUITS OF WISDOM.

LESSON VII, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, MAY 14.

Text of the Lesson, Proverbs xii, 1-15—Golden Text, Proverbs xi, 30—Doctrinal Suggestion, God's Discrimination—Commentary on the Lesson by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

1. "Whoso loveth instruction loveth knowledge, but he that hateth reproof is brutish." Nearly every verse in this lesson contains a contrast between the righteous and the unrighteous, the way of the righteous, and the way of the unrighteous shall perish (Math. vii, 24, 26; xxv, 1-13; Ps. i, 6). And as to the brutes, they even put men to shame and know more than some men (Isa. i, 3).

2. "A good man obtaineth favor of the Lord, but a man of wicked devices will He condemn." The Lord showeth favor to all. He maketh His sun to rise on the evil and on the good and sendeth rain on the just and on the unjust (Math. v, 45). He offers Himself freely to all, but only those who receive Him shall enjoy Him (John i, 12, 13). Those who receive Him are not condemned already, and to shut Him out from our hearts is the most wicked device that Satan can invent (John iii, 18).

3. "A man shall not be established by wickedness, but the root of the righteous shall not deliver those that are given to it, and though men make a covenant with death and hell, it shall not stand (Eccl. vii, 8; Isa. xxviii, 18). The Lord bringeth the counsel of the heathen to naught. He maketh the devices of the people of none effect (Ps. xxxiii, 10). But, on the contrary, all who are in the rock Christ Jesus are in a sure and eternal refuge.

4. "A virtuous woman is a crown to her husband, but she that maketh ashamed is as rottenness in his bones." If this is true literally of wife and husband, how much more of the church and Christ? We are said to be even now married to the Lord that we should bring forth fruit unto God (Rom. vii, 4), and Paul says of the believers at Corinth, "I have espoused you to one husband that I may present you as a chaste virgin to Christ" (II Cor. xi, 2).

5. "The thoughts of the righteous are right, but the counsels of the wicked are deceit." This must mean the thoughts which he thinks through us, "for we are not sufficient of ourselves to think anything as of ourselves, but our sufficiency is of God" (II Cor. iii, 5). The natural heart is deceitful above all things and desperately wicked (Jer. xvii, 9).

6. "The words of the wicked are to lie in wait for blood, but the mouth of the upright shall shut them out." The last verse contrasted the thoughts of the righteous and of the wicked. This contrasts their words.

7. "The wicked are overthrown and are not, but the house of the righteous shall stand." Jesus and all His house shall stand. The gates of hell shall not prevail against His church (Math. xvi, 18).

8. "A man shall be commended according to his wisdom, but he that is of a perverse heart shall be despised." That which Christ, the wisdom of God, does for us or says to us, in and through us, that shall stand and be approved, but apart from Him we can do nothing (John xv, 5; II Tim. ii, 15). All who, having heard of Him, will not submit to Him are among the perverse to whom it is said, "Behold, ye despisers, and wonder and perish (Acts xiii, 41).

9. "He that is despised and hath a servant, is better than he that honoreth himself and lacketh bread." If we will humble ourselves to be His servants and be willing to be despised for His sake, He will in due time exalt us, while those who prefer to honor themselves and despise the bread of life must forever perish.

10. "A righteous man regardeth the life of his beast, but the tender mercies of the wicked are cruel." Life is the special gift of God and can come only from God. He giveth life and breath and all things. He giveth natural life to man and beast. He giveth life eternal to all who receive Him.

11. "He that tilleth his land shall be satisfied with bread, but he that followeth vain persons is void of understanding." Here it seems to be the diligent and the slothful contrasted. Jesus says, "My Father worketh hitherto, and I work." He gives to every man his work. He gives to each a pound and says, "Occupy till I come."

12. "The wicked desireth the net of evil men, but the root of the righteous yieldeth fruit." It is written that "they sacrifice unto their net and burn incense unto their drag; because they think their portion is fat and their most plentiful" (Hab. i, 16). In other words, they prosper and grow rich and live only for the present, desiring only the net which will gather in the most gain. They think not that suddenly they may be called away, and then where shall their gain be? The righteous gather fruit unto life eternal. Their gain will abide.

13. "The wicked is snared by the transgression of his lips, but the just shall come out of trouble. Troubles come and go, but the just shall be established to all good and bad, and sometimes apparently more to the righteous than to the wicked, but the wicked finally go off into trouble unending, while the righteous are sure to be in due time delivered. They shall forget their misery and remember it no more, for we have also the comfort of knowing that all present tribulation, patiently borne, is working out for us a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory (Job xi, 16; II Cor. iv, 17).

14. "A man shall be satisfied with good by the fruit of his mouth, and the recompense of a man's hand shall be rendered unto him." Say ye to the righteous that it shall be well with him, for they shall eat the fruit of their doings. Woe unto the wicked; it shall be ill with him, for the reward of his hands shall be given him (Isa. iii, 10, 11).

15. "The way of a fool is right in his own eyes, but he that hateth counsel shall come to poverty and want, and eternity comes from receiving and obeying the wisdom of God, but as that is opposed to the wisdom of man and casts down all man's reasonings (II Cor. x, 5), many in their pride and folly prefer their own way and go madly on to their destruction. The wisdom of God is foolishness to the natural man (I Cor. i, 14). Therefore the only way is to be born again (John iii, 3).

Take Williams' Royal Crown Remedy and Pills after your doctor gives you up.

## A MONTREAL MIRACLE.

Facts Proved to be Stranger Than Fiction.

The Remarkable Cure of a Long-Time Sufferer—Rheumatism of Ten Years' Standing Permanently Cured—A Story Full of Interest to All Other Sufferers.

(Sunday Morning News Montreal.)

Impressed with the persistency with which the most astonishing accounts of cures effected through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in almost all the newspapers of Canada and the United States, a reporter for the Sunday Morning News, to satisfy himself generally of the genuineness of these cures, determined to investigate a case for himself, which had recently been brought to his notice, where the cure was claimed to be due entirely to the efficacy of this medicine. Aware that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had been tried in the case of a gentleman residing at 709 Sherbrooke street, in the city of Montreal, who had for years been afflicted, periodically with rheumatism, the reporter set out on a journey of inquiry to ascertain what the result had been. Arriving at the home of Mr. Granville, the gentleman referred to, he found him apparently enjoying perfect health.

"You don't look as though you had been suffering a great deal lately, Mr. Granville," said the reporter, accepting the invitation of his host to be seated.

"Well, no, you would scarcely suppose from my present appearance and activity that I had just recovered from a most acute attack of chronic rheumatism, which kept me in bed for over two weeks. You see," continued Mr. Granville, "I am an habitual sufferer from rheumatism, or at least I have been for ten years past, and although I have tried almost every remedy it has only been since recently that I have found anything to do me good. It is now about ten years since I first became afflicted with this painful disease, and when it began to come on, having never experienced it before, I was at a complete loss to understand what it was. It was in Chicago that I had my first attack, and I remember the circumstances very well. While walking on the street I was suddenly seized with a violent pain in my left knee, which continued to grow worse until I could walk no longer, and was compelled to call a cab and drive home. I took to my bed and did not leave it for ten days, being totally unable to move my leg without experiencing the most excruciating pain, which nothing I could get seemed to relieve."

"Did you not have a doctor?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, yes; but he didn't seem to do me much good. He wrapped the limb in flannels and gave me some decoction of salicylic acid to swallow. But it was of no avail. Each year as winter passes into spring I have been seized with this painful disease and laid out for some weeks, nor have I been able until lately to obtain anything which would even help me a little. You would not believe it if I were to recount the various patent remedies which I have taken, and externally and internally during all that time in an endeavor to obtain relief. I must have tried a hundred so-called cures, and never experienced any beneficial results until I came across Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I must frankly confess that at the outset I had no great faith in the Pills. I had tried so many medicines, all to no purpose, but I was willing to give them a trial, anyway, so I sent to the drug store on the corner and got a supply. I followed the directions carefully and soon experienced relief, and before I had taken the first box of Pills long I was able to get out of bed, and although I was still a little stiff the pain had almost completely disappeared. I am still taking the pills, and shall keep on taking them for some time, and furthermore, I don't intend to be without the Pills for the future."

"Then you ascribe your relief entirely to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," suggested the reporter.

"I most certainly do, and Mr. Curtis, the druggist on Bleury street, will verify what I have said. The reporter next visited Mr. H. H. Curtis, the druggist referred to, whose place of business is at 291 Bleury street, and interrogated him with reference to the case. Mr. Curtis stated that he knew of Mr. Granville's ailment, and he had no doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured him. He further said that Pink Pills had a very large sale, and gave universal satisfaction. The reporter then withdrew, quite satisfied with the result of his investigation.

The Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, of Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., a firm of unquestionable reliability. Pink Pills are not looked upon as a patent medicine, but rather as a prescription. An analysis of their properties shows that these Pills are an unfailing specific for all diseases arising from an impoverished condition of the blood, or from an impairment of the nervous system, such as loss of appetite, depression of spirits, anemia, chlorosis or green sickness, general muscular weakness, dizziness, loss of memory, palpitation of the heart, nervous headache, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, St. Vitus' dance, the after effects of grippe, all diseases depending upon a vitiated condition of the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, correcting irregularities, suppressions and all forms of female weakness, building anew the blood and restoring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature. These pills are not a purgative medicine. They contain only life-giving properties, and nothing that would injure the most delicate system. They act directly on the blood, supplying its life-giving qualities by assisting it to absorb oxygen, that great supporter of all organic life. In this way the blood, becoming "thick and heavy," being supplied with its lacking constituents, becomes rich and red, nourishes the various organs, stimulating them to activity in the performance of their functions and thus eliminates disease from the system.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper (printed in red ink). Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. The public are also cautioned against all other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, put up in similar form intended to deceive. They are all imitations, whose makers hope to reap a pecuniary advantage from the wonderful reputation achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Ask your dealer for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and refuse all imitations and substitutes. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from six to twelve boxes at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. The price at which these Pills are

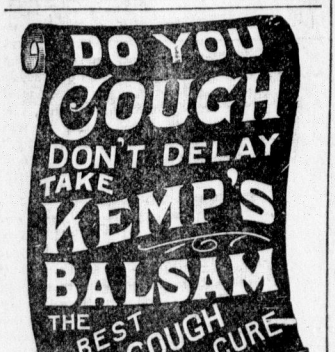
sold makes a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

## "August Flower"

What is It For?

This is the query perpetually on your little boy's lips. And he is no worse than the bigger, older, balder-headed boys. Life is an interrogation point. "What is it for?" we continually cry from the cradle to the grave. So with this little introductory sermon we turn and ask: "What is AUGUST FLOWER for?" As easily answered as asked: It is for Dyspepsia. It is a special remedy for the Stomach and Liver. Nothing more than this; but this brimful. We believe August Flower cures Dyspepsia. We know it will. We have reasons for knowing it. Twenty years ago it started in a small country town. To-day it has an honored place in every city and country store, possesses plants of the largest manufacturing plants in the country and sells everywhere. Why is this? The reason is as simple as a child's thought. It is honest, does one thing, and does it right along—it cures Dyspepsia.

G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'fr, Woodbury, N.J.



JUST OUT! HAVE YOU SEEN IT? THE BIG BOTTLE

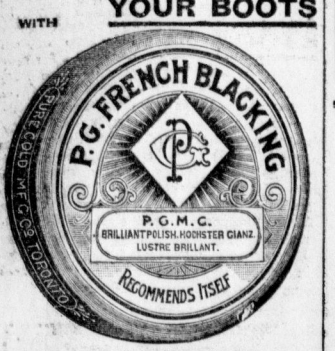
## PAIN-KILLER



Old Popular 25c. Price.

## SHINE

WITH YOUR BOOTS



PURE GOLD MFG. CO. TORONTO.

## DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

THERE IS JUST ONE THING THAT the citizens of London and vicinity would do well to make a note of, that, at 131 Dundas street, books and magazines of all kinds and styles are bound neatly, cheaply and tastefully.

W. J. MOFFAT BOOKBINDER.



## BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

THE GUIDING STAR TO HEALTH.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, BAD BLOOD, KIDNEY COMPLAINT

and all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the

**STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS AND BLOOD.**

B.B.B. acts on all the organs of the body to produce regular action, to strengthen, purify and tone, and to remove all impure accumulations of morbid matter from the system.

Thousands of reliable men and women testify to its good effects in the above diseases. Is it not worth at least a trial in your case? Price \$1 per bottle, 6 for \$5, or less than 1c. a dose.



## FURNITURE BUYERS, ATTENTION!

YOUR EAR FOR A MOMENT.

Now is your time to refurnish your homes when goods are marked away down at

**JOHN FERGUSON & SONS'.**

174 to 180 King St., London, Ont.

P.S.—Agents for New York Cedarine Piano and Furniture Polish

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR The Celebrated **CHOCOLAT MENIER** Annual Sales Exceed 33 MILLION LBS. For Samples sent Free write to C. ALFRED CHOUILLON, MONTREAL.

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## FULL LINES FOR THE SPRING TRADE

SPADES AND SHOVELS, HARVEST TOOLS, WHITE LEAD, MIXED COLORS, DRY COLORS, ROPE, LINSEED OIL, CASTOR OIL, PARIS GREEN, WINDOW GLASS, CUT NAILS, WIRE CLOTH, AND FULL LINES OF SHELF AND GENERAL HARDWARE. WRITE US FOR PRICES.

**MANLY STRENGTH & VIGOR.** How Lost. How Restored. FREE by mail. A high class medical work on nervous men exhausted vitality, errors of youth and all weakness of men sent to an address in plain cover. Send for free copy to J. H. STITT & Co., Colchester, Conn.

**THE MORRIS PIANO** The favorite Canadian Piano. A High Grade Instrument. Agents wanted in London and vicinity. Morris, Field, Rogers Co., of Listowel, (Ltd.)

Established 1876 **PARKER'S Dye Works** Toronto. Office—217 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON. BRANCHES AT: Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Galt, St. Catharines, Woodstock.

**Daly's Coal and Wood Yard** We can promptly deliver all orders for **FANCY BREAD.** Vienna Rolls, Home-made Bread, and Fancy Bread of all descriptions. **JOHNSTON BROS.,** Bakeries, Wellington Street W.

**WOOD COFFEE HOUSE** M. K. T. SQUARE. Everybody that calls on us for a meal or a lunch goes away satisfied. A few more try us. Six dinner tickets 90 cents. Luncheon at all hours from 5 cents up. JAB. BURNETT, proprietor.

19 York St. Phone 348.



# THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC

## Stomach and Liver Cure

The Most Astonishing Medical Discovery of the Last One Hundred Years.

It is Pleasant to the Taste as the Sweetest Nectar. It is Safe and Harmless as the Purest Milk.

This wonderful Nervine Tonic has only recently been introduced into this country by the proprietors and manufacturers of the Great South American Nervine Tonic, and yet its great value as a curative agent has long been known by a few of the most learned physicians, who have not brought its merits and value to the knowledge of the general public.

This medicine has completely solved the problem of the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia, and diseases of the general nervous system. It is also of the greatest value in the cure of all forms of failing health from whatever cause. It performs this by the great nerve tonic qualities which it possesses, and by its great curative powers upon the digestive organs, the stomach, the liver and the bowels. No remedy compares with this wonderfully valuable Nervine Tonic as a builder and strength-giving agent of the life forces of the human body, and as a great renewer of the broken-down constitution. It is also of more real permanent value in the treatment and cure of diseases of the lungs than any consumption remedy ever used on this continent. It is a marvelous cure for nervousness of females of all ages. Ladies who are approaching the critical period known as change in life, should not fail to use this great Nervine Tonic, almost constantly, for the space of two or three years. It will carry them safely over the danger. This great strengthener and curative is of inestimable value to the aged and infirm, because its great energizing properties will give them a new hold on life. It will add ten or fifteen years to the lives of many of those who will use a half dozen bottles of the remedy each year.

### IT IS A GREAT REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF

Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Sick Headache, Female Weakness, Nervous Chills, Paralysis, Nervous Pains and Nervous Choking, Hot Flashes, Palpitation of the Heart, Sleeplessness, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervousness of Females, Nervousness of Old Age, Neuritis, Pains in the heart, Pains in the head, Failing Health.

Broken Constitution, Debility of Old Age, Indigestion and Dyspepsia, Heartburn and Sour Stomach, Weight and Tenderness in Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Frightful Dreams, Dizziness and Ringing in the Ears, Weakness of Extremities and Fainting, Impure and Impoverished Blood, Boils and Carbuncles, Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Ulcers, Consumption of the Lungs, Catarrh of the Lungs, Bronchitis and Chronic Cough, Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhoea, Delicate and Scrofulous Children.

Summer Complaint of Infants.

All these and many other complaints cured by this wonderful Nervine Tonic.

### NERVOUS DISEASES.

As a cure for every class of Nervous Diseases, no remedy has been able to compare with the Nervine Tonic, which is very pleasant and harmless in its effects upon the youngest child or the oldest and most delicate individual. Nine-tenths of all the ailments to which the human family is heir are dependent on nervous exhaustion and impaired digestion. When there is an insufficient supply of nerve force in the blood, a general state of debility of the brain, spinal marrow, and nerves is the result. Starved nerves, like starved muscles, become strong when the right kind of food is supplied; and a thousand weaknesses and ailments disappear as the nerves recover. As the nervous system must supply all the power by which the vital forces of the body are carried on, it is the first to suffer for want of perfect nutrition. Ordinary food does not contain a sufficient quantity of the kind of nutriment necessary to repair the wear our present mode of living and labor imposes upon the nerves. For this reason it becomes necessary that a nerve food be supplied. This South American Nervine has been found by analysis to contain the essential elements out of which nerve tissue is formed. This accounts for its universal adaptability to the cure of all forms of nervous derangement.

CRAWFORDVILLE, IND., AUG. 20, '86.  
To the Great South American Nervine Tonic Co.,  
DEAR GENTLEMEN:—I desire to say to you that I have suffered for many years with a very serious disease of the stomach and nerves. I tried every medicine I could hear of, but nothing done me any appreciable good until I was advised to try your Great South American Nervine Tonic. I bought a bottle of it, and after using it several bottles I must say that I am surprised at its wonderful power to cure the stomach and general nervous system. If everyone knew the value of this remedy as I do you would not be able to supply the demand.  
J. A. HARRIS, 128 Tremont, Montgometry Co.

### A SWORN CURE FOR ST. VITUS' DANCE OR CHOREA.

CRAWFORDVILLE, IND., June 22, 1887.  
My daughter, eleven years old, was severely afflicted with St. Vitus' Dance or Chorea. We gave her three and one-half bottles of South American Nervine and she is completely restored. I believe it will cure every case of St. Vitus' Dance. I have kept it in my family for two years, and am sure it is the greatest remedy in the world for Indigestion and Dyspepsia, and for all forms of Nervous Disorders and Failing Health, from whatever cause.

JOHN T. MISH.  
State of Indiana,  
Montgomery County, ss:  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this June 22, 1887.  
CHAS. W. WRIGHT, Notary Public

### INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

The Great South American Nervine Tonic  
Which we now offer you, is the only absolutely unfailing remedy ever discovered for the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and the vast train of symptoms and horrors which are the result of disease and debility of the human stomach. No person can afford to pass by this jewel of incalculable value who is affected by disease of the stomach, because the experience and testimony of many go to prove that this is the one and only great cure in the world for this universal destroyer. There is no case of unimpaired disease of the stomach which can resist the wonderful curative powers of the South American Nervine Tonic.

HARRIS E. HALL, of Wayneville, Ind., says: "I owe my life to the Great South American Nervine Tonic. I had been in bed for five months from the effects of an exhausted stomach, indigestion, nervous prostration, and a general shattered condition of my whole system. Had tried three doctors, with no relief. The first bottle of the Nervine Tonic improved me so much that I was able to walk about, and a few bottles cured me entirely. I believe it is the best medicine in the world. I can not recommend it too highly."

No remedy compares with SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE as a cure for the nerves. No remedy compares with South American Nervine as a cure for the stomach. No remedy will at all cure Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It never fails to cure Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance. Its powers to build up the whole system are wonderful in the extreme. It cures the old, the young, and the middle-aged. It is a great friend to the aged and infirm. Do not neglect to use this precious tonic. If you do you may neglect the only remedy which will restore you to health. South American Nervine is perfectly safe, and very pleasant to the taste. Delicate ladies, do not fail to use this great cure, because it will put the bloom of freshness and beauty upon your lips and in your cheeks, and quickly drive away your disabilities and weaknesses.

Large 16 ounce Bottle, \$1.00.  
EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED.

If your druggist hasn't the Remedy in stock ask him to procure it for you from his regular wholesaler.

### THEY VISIT THE SICK.

THE WORK OF A NURSES' ASSOCIATION IN CHICAGO.

Systematic Aid Given the City's Poor Who Are Stricken With Disease—Upward of Two Thousand of the Suffering Visited Last Year by Eight Devoted Women.

By far the most fashionable charity in Chicago—if fashion can be used in connection with charity—is the Visiting Nurses' Association. Not only are society women interested in the organization, but the form their interest takes is evidence that they have both executive ability and broader sympathies than those who stand outside their world generally give them credit for.

The story of the origin and growth of their pet charity is interesting.

Miss Clara Shumway, who had a tendency toward practical charity, paid three trained women to go among the poor on the south side of the city out of her own purse. The salaries were small, but sufficient for the simple needs of the women who received it, and the work done among the sick in that section of the city was of inestimable value. This charity, carried on solely by Miss Shumway as a tribute to her mother, was known as the Augusta memorial. When, in course of time, Miss Shumway went to Boston to reside, several well-known Chicago women bethought themselves of the advisability of some permanent organization of visiting nurses to take the place of those in the Augusta memorial. In October three years ago the first meeting of what was afterward known as "The Visiting Nurses' Association of Chicago" was held at the residence of Mrs. E. C. Dudley, in Indiana avenue.

At that meeting there was money enough pledged by the women present to support three nurses for a year.



MISS WAKEM.

In the following month the association was duly incorporated.

During the early days of the existence of the association Miss Cornelia McAvoy was one of the most faithful and tireless workers in its interests. Her connection with St. Luke's hospital, where she was then taking a course in professional nursing, made her peculiarly fitted to understand and meet the requirements of the sick and those whom the association employed to care for them. In addition to her enthusiasm for nursing as a science Miss McAvoy brought to the aid of the association, youth, attractiveness, wealth—indeed all things that go toward the making of social prestige and influence. It is no wonder that through her energetic efforts the association was brought so prominently and so favorably before the public that from the start its success was assured.

The head nurse is Miss Millie Wakem. Pages might be written of her energy, enthusiasm and usefulness in her position. She is devoted to her work and brings into it an unusual amount of executive ability and zeal. She is a tall, straight, vigorous looking young woman of English birth and training. Dark hair, expressive dark eyes and regular features go to make up a most attractive countenance. She has a gift for many are the meetings she has addressed. The figures given in Miss Wakem's report for last year show that eight trained



NURSE IN WINTER COSTUME.

nurses have made 17,346 visits of mercy to 1478 suffering men, women and children unable otherwise to obtain help in their great need. The nurses have come across almost every known disease, and there has hardly been a branch of surgery in which they have not worked. Wherever they have gone the nurses have tried to teach practical lessons in home nursing. They have pointed out everywhere the luxury of cleanliness of home and person and have instructed the friends of the sick in every branch of the care of the patient—bed-making, diet, making of poultices, dressing of wounds, etc.

In carrying out their stated duty the nurses have often come beyond its limits, finding attached to it incidental duties of scarcely less importance. They have been instrumental in sending convalescent patients into the country; they have found work for many unemployed women and men; they have aided over hard times of sickness in many families by means of a wise use of the relief fund of the association; they have taught parents the value of bringing up children to be good citizens. Each nurse has her own district of the city.

From a feminine point of view one of the Weak Stomach strengthened by DRUGS AND PILLS.

most interesting features connected with the association is the uniform in which it puts its nurses. Blue is the color of the association, so everything connected with it has a touch of the pretty color. The dresses of the nurses are made of striped blue and white cambric, or, more properly speaking, a sort of seersucker. On the left sleeve of each bodice is sewed a white maltese cross, and white aprons, collars and cuffs complete the costume. In winter a warm cloak of blue cloth, made with three capes and belted about the waist, is worn, together with a blue cloth bonnet, on which is draped a long blue barege veil. In summer light wraps of cloth are adopted and small, round blue straw hats, trimmed simply



NURSE IN SUMMER UNIFORM.

with knots of ribbon. A constant companion of the nurse in all kinds of weather is a long, narrow black bag, in which everything under the sun is carried to patients, from bottles of tonic and beef tea to half-worn shoes and plain underclothing.

Twice a week the nurses all report at the office of the association in Masonic temple. There Miss Wakem, the head nurse, presides and there two of the lady directors are always supposed to be in attendance on Tuesdays and Fridays—the report days. The directors are appointed by the association, and take turns in being present. They help in the preparation of bandages and other requisites for the nurses' work.

Efficient arrangements are made for the carrying of the nurses to places where their services are needed. Every day the nurses report, at 2 in the afternoon and 9 in the morning, at certain drug stores in their districts, and to these headquarters messages are telephoned from all the physicians, hospitals and police stations in the city, and these calls the nurses obey promptly. In every way that is possible the attention of the poor of the district is called to the readiness of the nurses to help them. Flyers are even printed in blue and white and are left at the houses in the district. These give, in addition to the assurance that a "free nurse" is a possibility, the number of the telephone and the district headquarters.

The money to carry on the work is obtained from private subscription and from the proceeds of fashionable bazaars and gay social functions of all sorts.—Chicago Herald.

### AN ELEGANT BROADCLOTH GOWN.

Dull Pink, Piped With Black Satin—Lined With Muslin and Taffeta.



DULL PINK BROADCLOTH.

This gown was of dull pink broadcloth piped with black satin. The spreading skirt was lined through with both muslin and rose-colored taffeta, and was trimmed with three deep flounces, each hand-somely piped with the lustrous satin, and belted with a piped belt fastened with a black satin buckle. A bertha formed of two piped flounces set out jauntily over the shoulders and the wide muslin-lined sleeves. The hat which accompanied the gown was of rough straw in alternate rows of pink and black, and was trimmed with pink satin ribbon and crushed pink roses.

### Ideas About Sleeves.

Among the new ideas in the way of making up dresses and cloaks there is a style of sleeve that borders closely on the old "flowing" sleeve. I have noticed it on several cloaks and coats, on a few outdoor and a good many indoor dresses, and show it now in a smart tea gown. The most of them are wider than this, but even this is a departure sufficiently notable from the close sleeves of the last few years. I mean cloaks at the wrists. With two or three there have been undersleeves of lace. Now, undersleeves of lace are exceedingly dainty and elegant, and nothing is so becoming as soft lace falling over the wrist and down onto the hand if the hand is not quite all that the owner could wish in the matter of size. It makes it appear smaller and whiter and more refined in every way, so as soon as the present generation of women realize the fact wide flowing and bell sleeves will be decidedly the vogue, and inside them will be the delicate lace undersleeve.

### Railroads in China.

The Chinese Government contemplates a considerable extension of railroads this year.

To cure indigestion take WILLIAMS' Royal Crown Remedy and Pills in the spring.

### A SHORT STORY.

COTTOLINE is the best Shortening for all cooking purposes.

### A TRUE STORY.

COTTOLINE is the only healthful Shortening made. Physicians endorse it.

An OLD STORY. That uncomfortable feeling of "too much richness" from food cooked in lard.

### A NEW STORY.

Food cooked in COTTOLINE is delicate, delicious, healthful, comforting. Do YOU use COTTOLINE?

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Wellington and Ann Streets, MONTREAL.

### TRY BALA LICORICE FOR THE VOICE.

AMERICAN LINE  
New York, Southampton, London, every Saturday.  
BERLIN, Sunday, May 18, 4 p.m.  
NEW YORK, Saturday, May 20, 9 a.m.  
CHESTER, Saturday, May 27, 4 p.m.  
PARIS, Saturday, June 3, 8 a.m.  
From Pier 43, N.E., foot of Christopher street, New York.

Shortest and most convenient route to London. Passengers land at Empress dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender. First cabin passage to Southampton, London or Havre, \$70 and upward, according to season. Second cabin, \$40 to \$60. Steerage at low rates.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CO.  
General Agents, 6 Bowling Green, New York.  
P. S. Clarke, A. G. Smythe, E. De la Hooke, London, Ont.

### LIVERY STABLES.

AMERICAN HOUSE LIVERY, YORK street—Hacks and light livery. Telephone 612. A. G. STROYAN, Proprietor.

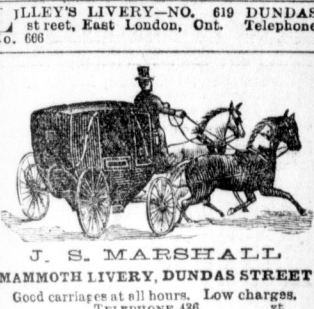
BEATTIE'S LIVERY—ALBERT STREET—Good horses and first-class rigs. Good accommodation for boarders. Phone 658. D. BEATTIE, Proprietor.

HUNTER & SON—SOUTH LONDON Livery and Hack Stand. Rates reasonable. Telephone No. 157.

WILLIAM TRIPP LIVERY, RICHMOND street north, 2711 1/2 rig, good horses, (both riding and driving), at the shortest notice also boarding and sale stables. Telephone 428.

A. DUFTON LIVERY, KING STREET—Stylish rigs and good horses. Rigs at shortest notice. Telephone 335.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 619 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone No. 669.



J. S. MARSHALL MAMMOTH LIVERY, DUNDAS STREET Good carriage at all hours. Low charges. Telephone 436.

### HUESTON'S



TELEPHONE 441.

### LEADING HOTELS.

GRIGG HOUSE  
The Commercial Hotel of London Remodeled and refurnished, and is now the leading house of Western Ontario. Rates, \$10 to \$20 per day. E. HOESMA, Proprietor.

BULLS HEAD HOTEL  
Corner Niagara and Wellington avenues, Toronto. Headquarters for all outlanders and boarders. JOHN BEER, Proprietor. Rates—\$10 to \$15 per day.

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL, TORONTO.  
Strictly first-class in all its appointments. Celebrated for its home comforts, perfect quiet, excellent attendants, and the peculiar excellence of its cuisine, and has been patronized by the Royal Highnesses Prince Leopold and the Princess Louise, Lord and Lady Stanley and Lady Langdowne, Lord and Lady Stanley and the best families. Is most delightfully situated near the bay on Front street, and is one of the largest and most comfortable hotels in the Dominion of Canada. MCGAW & WINNETT, Proprietors.

### NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS

### CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

On and after SUNDAY, MAY 14, trains will leave London as follows:

### EAST

12:45 a.m. Express for Toronto, Peterboro, Ottawa, Montreal, White Mountain and the east.  
4:50 p.m. Local for Toronto.

### WEST

11:15 a.m. For Detroit, Chicago and all points west.  
11:35 p.m. Local for Windsor.

### NORTH

8:45 a.m. Elora, Fergus, Brampton, Tees water, Harrison, Mount Forest, Wingham, Orangeville, Shell burn, Owen Sound.  
12:00 a.m. Streetsville.

Daily. Every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, connecting with a steamship express at Streetsville Junction for Owen Sound.

THOS. R. PARKER, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas. City office open 7:30 a.m.

### MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

### Queen's Birthday

Return tickets will be sold to all stations in Canada and to Suspension Bridge, Buffalo and Detroit at

### SINGLE FARE

May 23rd and 24th, good for return until

### MAY 25 T.H.

City office, 395 Richmond Street, Depot, corner Clarence and Bathurst streets, Telephone 205.

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent, O. W. RUGGLES, JOHN G. LAVEN, Gen. Pass. Agent. Can. Pass. Agent.

### OCEAN

Tickets by the following and other lines:

### FROM MONTREAL—

ALLAN, BEAVER, DOMINION.

### FROM NEW YORK—

ALLAN-STATE, AMERICAN, CUNARD, ANCHOR, N. G. LLOYD and WHITE STAR.

First and second cabin and steerage tickets at lowest fares. Berths secured by wire.

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### From Montreal, From Quebec.

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Parisian, May 20, May 21  
Circassian, May 27, May 28  
\*Munichian, June 3, June 4  
\*Monsieulian, June 10, June 11

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Cabin, by E.S. Parisian, \$60, \$75 and \$90, single; \$110, \$135 and \$160, return. By E.S. Sardinian, \$85, \$100 and \$120, single; \$105, \$110 and \$130, return. By other steamers, \$50 and \$60, single; \$100 and \$110, return. Second cabin, \$30 and \$35; steerage \$24.

\*CARRY CABIN BAGGAGE ONLY.

### STATE LINE SERVICE

New York and Glasgow, via London, Liverpool, Southampton, and other ports.

From New York, May 18, 1900.  
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA, 1 p.m., May 18  
STATE OF NEBRASKA, 1 p.m., May 18

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### CUNARD LINE

"LANE ROUTE."  
From New York to Liverpool via Queens-town, Fast Express Mail Service.

UMBRIA, Saturday, May 13, 3 p.m.  
AUSTRALIA, Saturday, May 20, 9 a.m.  
ETHIOPIA, Saturday, May 27, 3 p.m.  
CAMPANIA, Saturday, June 3, 8 a.m.  
UMBRIA, Saturday, June 10, 2 p.m.  
AUSTRALIA, Saturday, June 17, 8 a.m.

### EXTRA STEAMERS.

GALLIA, Saturday, May 27, noon  
SERVIA, Saturday, June 3, 10 a.m.  
SERVIA, Saturday, June 10, 9 a.m.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, \$50 and upwards. Second cabin, \$35 and upwards, according to steamer and location; return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage tickets to and from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other parts on the continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

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\*BRITANNIC, Saturday, May 19, 1 p.m.  
\*TEUTONIC, Saturday, May 26, 1 p.m.  
\*GERMANIC, Saturday, June 2, 1 p.m.  
\*MAJESTIC, Saturday, June 9, 1 p.m.

\*Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers.

From White Star dock, foot West Third St. Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, \$70 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic, \$40 and \$45; Teutonic, \$40 and \$45; according to location of berth. Saloon rates on Germanic and Britannic, \$80 and upwards. Excursion tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, \$25. Company's office, 41 Broadway, New York.

For further information apply to W. Y. HUNTER & SON, 411 Richmond street, or E. De la Hooke, southeast corner Richmond and Dundas streets, agents of the line for London, Ont.



## MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

AN EVENING THAT BEGAN WELL, BUT ENDED BADLY.

Everything Ran Along Smoothly Until Bowser Broached the Subject of Borax, and Then the Trouble Began—Are All Husbands Like Bowser.

"Now, what could be nicer than this?" exclaimed Mr. Bowser the other evening as he got into his slippers, sat down in the big rocking chair and glanced about the cozy sitting room.

"I am glad you like your home," replied Mrs. Bowser as she moved nearer.

"Why shouldn't I like it? There is our child—handsome, healthy, and one of the best natured boys ever born, and here is my wife, who is always willing to make any sacrifice for my comfort. I don't always say that I fully appreciate this thing or that, but I assure you I do just the same. I expect that if husbands praised their wives oftener there would be fewer family jars."

"Wives like to be appreciated," replied Mrs. Bowser.

"Of course, they do, and husbands ought to realize it more fully than they do. I want you to know, dear, that though we have been married several years I love you just as much as I did the day we were married."

Mrs. Bowser rose up and blushed and hugged him.

"I expect," he continued after a pause, "I expect that I am sometimes almost overbearing and inclined to be a bulldozer, but I hope you will overlook the fact."

"I always do, my dear."

"Husbands are apt to think they know it all, you know, and that wives are entirely out of count. It's a great mistake. We'd all hit the mark oftener if we consulted our wives more frequently. From this on I wish you'd counsel with me on all important matters."

"I should be so glad!"

"You are a woman of extraordinary intelligence. You have great perceptive powers. You have good business ideas. Had I made it a rule to consult you in the past I know that I should have made fewer blunders. While I think of it, dear, I wish to beg your pardon for one particular thing."

"Why, you haven't done anything!"

"Yes, I have, and I've been heartily ashamed of myself ever since. You remember the evening my chilblains were itching?"

"Oh, yes!"

"I wasn't exactly responsible for what I said that evening, but nevertheless I beg your pardon. You wanted me to try borax water, you know, and I guess I guess I called you a sap head. Will you forgive me?"

"Of course, but it was alum water I wanted you to use, and had you done so?"

"Alum water! Not much! You insisted that I have my foot in borax water, and my natural sense told me what a silly thing it would be. Who ever heard of curing chilblains with borax water?"

"No one, I guess, but alum water is an old fashioned remedy. If you had used it as I wished you to."

"You wished me to! If you wished me to use alum, why did you persist in saying borax?"

"But you are mistaken, my dear, and you were at the time. Don't you remember that you once said you wanted a corkscrew when you meant a screwdriver, and how mad you got about it?"

"Never! Never remember anything of the kind! A man who would say corkscrew for screwdriver would be a fool, and no one has ever yet charged me with carrying around a head stuffed with snuff!"

"Well, dear, it isn't worth disputing about," said the diplomatic Mrs. Bowser as she saw the storm gathering.

"But it is!" persisted Mr. Bowser as he got out of his chair. "You repeatedly and distinctly advised me to try borax water."

"Alum water, my dear."

"Mrs. Bowser, do you know who I am?" demanded Mr. Bowser as he stood before her in all his dignity. "Do you realize that you are disputing my word. I say you said borax water. That ought to settle it. It does settle it. I must say that I am shocked and grieved to witness such a spirit of perverseness in you. If you were talking to another woman, there might be some excuse, but when you are addressing your own husband—a man who knows more in a minute than you do in a week—you ought to realize the situation. Do you admit that you said borax water?"

"I said alum water, Mr. Bowser. Don't you remember one day last fall when you wanted a glass cutter and called it a can opener, and we?"

"Never! That is simply a fresh insult. I sat down here in my home to enjoy the evening with you. My heart was full of love and kindness. You, in your obstinacy and perverseness, have seen fit to quarrel with me and turn my happiness to gall. I withdrew to the library to look over certain papers which I may wish to take to a lawyer to-morrow. I do not want to be disturbed. Good-night, Mrs. Bowser—good night!"

THE ARIZONA KICKER

A Specimen of Oratory That Will Ring Through the Ages.

OUR GREAT SPEECH.—That native editorial modesty and self abnegation so characteristic of the west makes us hesitate to refer to our great senatorial effort of last week on the admission of Arizona to the sisterhood of states. And yet if we do not do it who will? All our friends are agreed that it is a specimen of oratory which should be preserved for the coming generation, and that duty and patriotism demand the sacrifice of our modesty for the moment. We shall therefore defer to the wishes and advice of our friends and publish the speech in full in a supplement to go with this issue. For the benefit of such as may fail to receive this supplement we hereby give a brief synopsis of it.

In presenting a petition having over 8,000 signers, praying that prompt action be taken for the admission of Arizona as a state, we received vigorous and long continued applause. We had no intention of making a speech, but the moment was ripe, and the applause put us on our mettle. We began in a modest, humble way to speak of the discovery of America by Columbus. Some of the senators couldn't see the point at first, but when we produced proofs that this territory was included in the discovery—that it had always formed part and parcel of the new world—that her rights were as inherent as those of great New York or Pennsylvania—the applause fairly lifted us off our feet.

We came down to the landing of the Minards Liniment, relieve Neuralgia.

Health in body, complexion and mind—Williams' Royal Crown Remedy the cause.

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pilgrim fathers. They landed at Plymouth rock simply because it was more convenient than to land at Tombstone, Tucson or Prescott, in this territory. That fact should give Massachusetts an legal advantage over Arizona. Arizona was here. Her majestic mountains, fertile valleys and babbling streams all cried out a cordial welcome, and the pilgrim fathers and mothers and sons and daughters would have found here a haven of rest and a garden of plenty. The applause on this occasion clipped off half the nail heads in the floor and reached the ears of our esteemed contemporary as he was entering a saloon a mile away to lie about the circulation of his alleged newspaper.

We touched upon the Revolutionary war and its causes. That war was the direct result of taxation without representation—of repeated attempts to ignore the just claims of an intelligent and liberty loving people—about the same state of affairs as may be witnessed in this territory today. At this juncture we waved an American flag which we have provided ourselves with for the purpose, and every man within sound of our voice or sight of that flag sprang to his feet and shouted, "Liberty or death." It was a telling hit. It was a dramatic incident. The critic whom we, out of courtesy, refer to as our esteemed contemporary heard of it down at the post office and came near being lynched for calling us a demagogue.

We demanded the admission of Arizona on the strength of her population. No correct census has been taken. Whenever the census takers have called around at least half of us have been off prospecting for minerals or following the trail of somebody making a change of climate. We demanded it on the ground of area. We have seven times the acreage of Delaware and four times that of New Jersey. We have 150 different mountains, any one of which would take up all the state of Rhode Island and spill over into Connecticut and Massachusetts. The state of Connecticut isn't long enough to take in our Bill Williams' creek. Our final range would extend across the states of Ohio and Indiana, and our Salt river valley would pasture all the cows in Illinois and Wisconsin. We demanded it on the strength of our progress, on the ratio of intelligence, on our climate, soil, wealth, morals and higher character as an enthusiastic, patriotic, go ahead people. It was the effort of our life. As we recited it off we felt that our fervid sentences were waking the dust of the signers of the Declaration of Independence in the past, and that our children's children would paste them away in the scrapbooks of the future. For 55 minutes we simply cut loose from things earthly, and we admit that we astonished ourselves. We were held up to our work by the intense interest and wild admiration of our hearers, our physical exhaustion was such that when we sat down we could have been used for a dish rag. Our shoes were untied, our collar was hanging by one end, our hair on end, and we had ripped our Prince Albert coat up the back and lost most of our vest buttons. But we had won. When the next congress meets, Arizona will take her proud place in the bright galaxy of states and press forward with a zeal and enthusiasm which shall astonish the nation. The subscription price to "The Kicker" remains the same as before our great speech, and there will be no increase in advertising rates before July 1.—M. Quad, in Kingston News.

LIGHT AND AIRY

Many Quips and Smart Sayings From Var-

Kind Old Gentleman.—What are you crying for, little boy?

The Little Boy.—Oh my!—the parrot got out of the cage and—and—I'll catch it when—I—I—get—h—h—home. Boo! hoo! hoo!

Kind Old Gentleman (in disgust).—Catch it when you get home! Well, why don't you go home and catch it! What are you standing, bellowing here for?

The Wrong Man.

Agent—I want to call your attention to a new style of garter.

Stranger—You are evidently not aware, sir, that I am the editor of a paper.

Agent—What has that got to do with it?

Stranger—You don't suppose for an instant that I would buy anything that would interfere with my circulation.—Clothing and Furnisher.

The Fate of a Suit.

Willie Slimson—"Mamma, I'm in love with the most beautiful girl that most ever lived and I want a new suit to cut that Bobby Bunter out with."

Mrs. Slimson—"But you have one new suit already, Willie."

Willie Slimson—"I know that, mamma, but I've got to lick him in that suit."

Plenty of Room.

Wife—"I shall have to ask you to let me have another one of your closets, dear, because, you know, I am selecting material for a new ball-dress."

Husband—"But, Maria, your ball-dress isn't going to take up a whole closet."

Wife—"No, dear, but the samples will."

A Place of Seclusion.

Prosperous-Looking Party.—You ought to be ashamed of yourself. You never see me loafing about the streets drunk.

Homeless Hawkins.—No, Judge, but I haven't got no place to go to, like you have.

Incurable.

Visitor (in the asylum).—"That seems to be a rather intelligent-looking man. What's his delusion?"

Attendant.—"He is afraid he's going to live to see his son break his will so that all his property won't go to the lawyers."

A Great Deal Worse.

"What a very disagreeable thing it must be to be disappointed in love," said Miss Shattuck.

"Yes," replied Mr. Henpeck, "but it is infinitely worse to be disappointed in marriage."

A Gallant Man.

Huggins is a very gallant man. The other day he was hanging to a strap in a crowded car when a woman entered. Instantly Huggins bowed and smiled and observed, "Will you take my strap, madam?"

A Quotation Verified.

Inquisitive Guest.—You get all sorts of tips, I suppose?

Philosophic Waiter.—Yes: "All things come round to him who will but wait," you know."

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## LEGAL QUERIES.

TIMBER.—Can a railway company compel a person owning land running parallel to their property to cut or cause to be cut, all timber within a distance of 50 feet outside of railway fence, and if so would the person owning said timber be entitled to any recompense for cutting such timber?

Ans.—The railway company has power to "fell or remove any trees standing in any woods, land or forest, which are situated within the distance of six rods from either side thereof." The company cannot compel the owner of the land to do it. They may, of course, make a contract with him to do the work. The timber cut down should belong to the owner of the land. The six rods is measured from the track and the distance may be more or less than 50 feet from the fence.

BELGRAVE.—A leases a farm from B for five years, ending Nov. 1, 1894. The recent storm stripped the shingles off barn, rendering it unfit to store grain in. B, who lives in the United States, has been notified about condition of barn. If B refuses to have barn resingled is A justified in leaving farm on Nov. 1, 1894, by paying rent due up to that date? Can A have barn repaired and deduct amount from rent? Ans.—A can certainly leave at the end of the term. We presume you mean Nov. 1, 1893, as which term he would not be justified in leaving unless it is openly provided in the lease, nor can he prepare the barn and deduct the cost from the rent unless the lease provides for it. You had better do the necessary repairs which the lease, if a reasonable man, will allow, and if it does not you should then consult a lawyer on the lease.

WHEATLEY.—A rented a farm from B by the lease, the rent due half yearly instead of security, but with full verbal understanding, before witness, that it was not to be paid until end of year unless an attempt was made to leave farm. Now B is trying to collect rent. Can he do so? A plowed and put in some crop before receiving notice. Can B, by writ of ejectment or otherwise, put A off the place? Cannot A harvest his crop or receive pay for work done? After lease was drawn B asked permission to leave household goods in part of house, which A granted, telling him if they were not out before March 1 he would charge rent. Can A do so, and if so, for how long? A was bound by lease to take care of a young orchard; some persons opposed fence and cattle got in and browsed some trees. Is A liable? Ans.—The rent can be collected according to the lease. The verbal understanding is not binding. B can get possession before the end of the lease if A fails to pay the rent or comply with such of the covenants in his lease as it is therein provided non-performance of them shall cause a forfeiture of the term. B must bring an action of ejectment to recover possession in such case, but if he elects to distrain for the rent he must give A the option of leaving if he claims the exceptions allowed by law. The crops put in are not exempt, however; and if B is entitled to possession and obtains it he would not be bound to allow B to harvest the crop or to pay him for work done. A can claim rent since March 1 for room occupied by household goods, the amount of which rent can only be settled, however by the Division Court if parties cannot agree. A is not liable for damage to orchard upon the facts stated or unless there was some negligence on his part.

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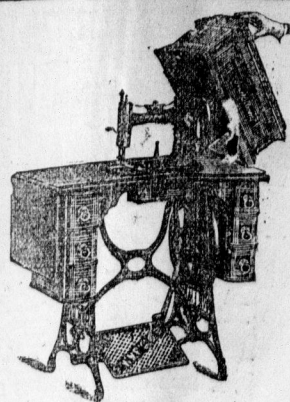
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