

# Carleton Place

VOL. IX.

CARLETON PLACE, CANADA WEST, APRIL 21 1859.

No. 32.

**LOVE—OLD STYLE AND NEW.**  
BY MRS. H. B. WILSON.  
"A pleasant smell of sweet briar has—  
Look what a long spray! I have picked the  
thorns off—made a garland—if any one would  
wear it for my sake!"  
"Would any one refuse it?"  
"Then you don't? Oh! Kitty, I would  
keep you always crowned with the freshness  
of May."  
They were walking in a shaded country  
road. He turned her face to the moonlight,  
gently, as if to admire the wreath; and their  
eyes met—young eyes full of love. In adjusting  
her cheek, he checked her warm with blushing.  
The blossom was placed in his coffin long  
years ago.  
And so they were betrothed.  
"How can you like me so much, Joseph?  
I only a country girl, and you my ambition  
and genius?"  
"Because you are sweet as these wild  
roses. But there is not all—because you  
are good, sensible girl; and have learned to  
make butter and sweep the kitchen, and sew,  
and assist the poor; because you are healthy  
in body and mind, and heart; this, to be frank,  
is why I have chosen you for the dearest of  
all my blessings."  
So they were betrothed.  
"I only your creature Judge Joseph Wil-  
lard—did it were not translation—named  
by a sudden stroke of paralysis from his hap-  
py home to a happy heaven."  
Yes, there were sons and daughters left,  
old enough for the giving and taking of sweet-  
bread crowns; and there was a widow left—  
her hair the white garland which time re-  
morselessly twines for us all; but in her heart  
it was May. All her life long, year by year,  
the sweet briar wreath had budged and by-  
some there, filling her home with beauty,  
fragrance, and the dew of gentle affection.  
She had shared her husband's honors, but  
helped him to win them first. The good sense  
and good heart that had kept home orderly,  
and comforted the poor of an humble village  
came to length to act in wider ranges of so-  
ciety, to devise and carry out great plans of  
good and beneficence.  
"Races will degenerate; or, is it only the  
times?"  
Madam Willard—for so one called her  
Kitty, now the judge was dead—our heroine,  
so venerable now, made room on the sofa  
beside her, as a handsome youth entered the  
room.  
"What's the matter? Are you lonely,  
mother? Where are the girls? Talk with  
me yourself? Oh! certainly, certainly, you  
should be glad to enjoy it; but so hurried—en-  
gagements. What is this evening do? Stay, I  
engaged this evening."  
"Dear boy, I do not wish to be importunate,  
to abridge your pleasure; but your old mother  
has an engagement, Ambrose, when the im-  
perative summons shall come."  
"I declare, for once I've caught you in  
the d-d-let's. Why, bless your year, you're  
the youngest in the house. You are not  
pinning for the old judge? Be candid now—  
wasn't he, with his morals and rheumatism  
rather less before the end?"  
"I'll were sure his soul would reach an  
old age as full of honor and virtue."  
"Kind fate will transfigure us after we die,  
at least to the eyes of our friends!"  
"You talk too flippantly, my son. It pains  
me sometimes—I fear you will never be  
one. Oh! for a strong, gifted young man  
like you to go down to the grave a mere bur-  
den, careless, useless helplessness!"  
"That shall never be my case, in ear-  
nest, mother—at this moment on one point.  
I am in love."  
She took his face in both hands, as when  
he was a little child at her knee liping his  
prayers; she looked into eyes that, alas!  
were no more the sweet eyes of childhood—  
"What kind of love, Ambrose? Tell me—  
tell your mother."  
"Oh! most forever, impassioned love—  
She's lovely, mother, as a dream; and I  
worship the dust under her feet, and could  
kneel to her shadow, and envy the air that  
touches her cheek, and try my soul for a  
glance of her blessed eyes. Is not this ear-  
nest enough?"  
"Dear boy! the looked at him so tenderly—  
the words were not cruel, it seems to me  
this far only wild and feverish. What  
qualities have attracted your regard? Why  
are you so in love?"  
"Is a love a matter of what and why? It is  
a divine instinct—a celestial flame that kindles  
and never consumes!"  
"Yes, dear, poetry! Is no praise too strong  
or too impassioned for the highest, truest love;  
but I have lived many years, and learned  
that what begins with sentiment and flowers  
leads on to very actual things: responsibilities  
and duties, and care; to parlor, nursery and  
kitchen; to butcher's bills, and millinery  
bills—"  
"Add college bills! Of a truth you bring  
my son home to me, mother. How I have  
added to your care instead of lightening them.  
But you shall live with us now, Laura's an  
angel, yes, indeed! She has most excellent  
qualities. She can draw, and paint, and pour  
out tea; and you should see her point, and  
she plays enchantingly, and dresses like a queen.  
She has a fortune, too."  
He looked to his mother's face for encour-  
agement, but saw none.  
"You are not going now to be jealous, and  
behave like a mother-in-law?"  
"Certainly not jealous, nor, I hope unkind."  
No, she was never a mother-in-law to Laura  
Lee.  
In a week from this conversation, in a  
year from the date of her husband's death,  
the tomb was opened, and they placed, side  
by side with the old judge, that one whom  
had chosen for the dearest treasure of all his  
life.  
At home and afar, at the distant borders  
of the land, where those had wandered whom  
the loved and served—the papers of the  
month recorded her death and her virtues; no  
grate and tender but seen her life—so noble  
and beneficent and true.  
"So this dear old paragon of a matron is  
gone," mused Laura Lee, as she glanced at  
the morning paper. "Ambrose will feel  
heart-broken for a week or two; but it's just  
as well for us both. I shall never be a paragon,  
life, with all the amusements, and care, and  
the pleasures I can afford. A ring at the  
door! Is it he?"  
"Only a note. Will I go up to the son-  
net? Well, yes, if I must. Wear black!—  
Now that is presuming on my good nature.  
Why I look like a fright in it! No, Mr.  
Ambrose, I will not wear black! But stop—  
bring my desk, John. I may as well stop—  
scruples! don't approve of mourning, and so  
on."  
"There, John, put a stamp on this note,  
and take it at once to the office. I wear  
black! Let us see. What was I reading?  
There's other news, I suppose, than this  
old lady's death."

Weeks passed, the family of Miss  
Willard was saddened, her sister divided.  
The shades of Ambrose hardly would suffice  
to furnish his city house; but the brides father  
did that. The wedding day was near.  
"How beautiful you are to-night, divine  
angel! Why do not other women smile like  
you, more, dress like you? Can it be that  
the only one absolutely perfect falls to my  
share?"  
"Say something more. I like to hear you  
rave."  
"It is not raving; but sober, sensible truth;  
plain earnest; my sweet, rare flower."  
"Apropos, what a lovely basket of japonica  
you sent to-day. I have enjoyed them,  
oh, so much; and do you know, Jane, think  
she can trim my skirt with them for the party  
to-morrow! Won't it be original, and geor-  
geous too?"  
He did not tell her of another basket of  
flowers—the same kind of flowers—he had  
purchased at the same time, and that stood  
on his mother's grave, all dew in the star-  
light!  
Again months passed, a year, two years.  
They occupied the large house, luxurious in  
all its appointments. The predictions of  
Madame Willard were accomplished: for sen-  
timent and flowers were cared and dutiful  
now; parlor, nursery, kitchen, butcher's bills,  
millinery bills; they had arrived and must be  
met. It needed generosity like that which  
control an army—unless you have tried it,  
reader, do not smile—it needed the patience  
and gentleness of saints, the dutifulness of  
woman, it needed only a large true, loving  
heart, and this might all go well.  
"Pray speak of something, Ambrose, be-  
sides your children. Am I not worn to a  
shadow, itching them? Have I touched  
the piano for two weeks? Did I give them  
scold scold scold?"  
"You have watched them too closely, my  
pet." He had not called her pet, for long,  
still now. "You shall not be so enslaved,  
I'll have more society. We will take a  
journey—"  
"And leave the house filled with turbulent  
spirits? They'll malk our silver into bars,  
and run away with the ceiling. Blessed be  
nothing, is my motto! But, Ambrose dear,  
since you are good natured, I did see the  
sweetest set of pearls at Jones' to-day."  
"At the sweetest price, I'll be bound."  
"Ah! I wonder if you inquired the price  
of these baskets of japonica you used to send  
me? Of a truth, says the proverb, 'a man's  
lust is not long, a woman's forever.'"  
"Do not talk in that way, Laura. It sounds  
like earnest."  
"I never said it was not."  
"But, child, I would indulge every wish  
of your soul, were it not a sermon on mossy!"  
"Now I know; a sermon on mossy!"  
"I am a young man."  
"I might have married a rich man."  
"I long for a rich man, a few yards distant."  
"Yes, you in your own way; I in mine."  
"You to print old penny speeches; I to wear  
beautiful pearls."  
"You shall have the pearls, Laura."  
"May I! Now that is reasonable. You  
know, Ambrose, it is not as if I came to you  
empty."  
"What to Heaven you had!" was the  
mental response of the husband.  
Months passed again, and years. Ambrose  
had faded, had pined, forsaken his profession,  
was now a prosperous merchant. Laura was  
elegant still, but her beauty was gone; her  
vices, restive, fitful, she aimed at a position  
which she did not possess. Her children  
followed children to the grave. Japonica  
came on the birth days and the death-  
days of those whose little feet would come  
no more forever on this earth. They had  
long ago learned to distrust the world. Alas!  
they had at last learned to distrust the joys  
of home—to distrust each other.  
"Come now, Laura, be a good child as you  
were at first."  
"Oh! most forever, impassioned love!"  
"No, god. Let me speak, for once, so-  
berly. I do not like these flirtations. If I  
have no personal feeling—if I have none,  
Laura, the comments of others annoy me,  
mortify me constantly."  
"I choose to be independent of others  
opinions."  
"I'm sure—your husband's!"  
"Oh! come now, Ambrose. I have had  
trouble enough without concluding with a  
jealous spouse. Let me but flutter through  
my days. I shall wear out soon, of mere  
weariness. Then you may find another wife,  
like, for instance your own imitator's mo-  
ther."  
"Madam, I will not ask you again, but  
command you to treat my mother's memory  
with some respect! Do I mean her virtues  
so very often?"  
"Nay, Sir Othello! But every time you  
look—as you're always looking—perplexed,  
anxious, disappointed. I think now be com-  
pared me with the paragon!"  
"This is the voice of conscience, Mrs.  
Willard!"  
"I was a fool, and blind!"  
"Ah, what was I? They had never gone  
so far before; but they had gone thus all  
the way, little by little, losing ground, losing  
confidence, losing hope."  
An hour later—in the interval Mrs. Wil-  
lard had flown to her boudoir, to seek resto-  
ration in cosmetics, and a rearranged toilet—  
an hour later, Laura Willard sat in the glow  
of the well-colored shades to her chandelier,  
listened to pressing words from lips long  
practiced in flattery, but which her foolish  
believed to be now first inspired and elo-  
quent. He spoke of joys all tranquil and  
forever-dained, of celestial affluence, harmonies,  
possibilities; not a word of his friend betray-  
ed, of a home disgraced, a child dead, a good  
name brought to scorn—not a word of fore-  
boding, and patience, and duty.  
"I long for a rich man, a few yards distant."  
"Yes, you in your own way; I in mine."  
"You to print old penny speeches; I to wear  
beautiful pearls."  
"You shall have the pearls, Laura."  
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DOCTOR KING.

The miserable young man, whose name appears at the head of this article has been tried for the murder of his wife...

Dr. King is a regular practicing physician, and is only about twenty-four years of age...

When about eighteen years of age, he appears to have entered himself as a pupil at the Toronto Normal School...

There he studied medicine under Dr. Greenless, and subsequently went to Philadelphia and obtained a degree in 1854...

It was her parents who found the means of supporting King while in Philadelphia. From the first he appears to have ill treated his wife...

and, in order to secure her proper and necessary attention, when, about twelve months after the wedding, she was on the eve of being confined, her parents took her home and kept her until she was convalescent...

The child was a boy and lived only three months. The husband while absent from her wrote several letters accusing her of infidelity...

and he subsequently withdrew the charges, and apologized for having made them. In March of last year he commenced to practice his profession in Brighton...

and about twelve miles from there, at a place called Sydney, he became acquainted with a Miss Vandervoort, a good-looking girl of some twenty years of age...

and his intense passion for her, would seem to have induced him to commit the fearful crime for which his life now stands forfeited...

With another young lady he was also charmed, but she, knowing him to be a married man, steadily repelled his advances...

and on one occasion, when he wrote her that "Mrs. King must die," and bid her prepare to take her place, she threatened to expose him if he dared to address her again in similar terms...

In the beginning of October, Mrs. King was taken ill; she was attended assiduously by her husband, whose treatment of her became entirely changed...

He laid upon her every exorcism; prepared her medicine, and administered it to her with his own hands; and frequently invoked the Divine blessing on what he was giving her...

And what he was giving her all the time was poison—deadly poison! On the third of November his victim was at rest.

In our next issue we propose publishing a more detailed account of this wretched man, together with some letters which passed between him and Miss V. from which it will appear that previous to his wife's death...

and during her illness he had made every preparation for her successor. But his career of crime was cut short, and the old saying that a murder will out has been rightly verified...

His pockets having been examined were found to contain the letters we have referred to, and the young lady's portrait. Suspicion was aroused, the body exhumed and the stomach and liver examined, and being analysed were found to contain more than sufficient arsenic to cause death...

Dr. King immediately fled taking his paramour with him; but was pursued and arrested, and seldom indeed has the guilt of murder been more clearly proved and brought home than in this case. A day or two before his wife was taken ill, he purchased half an ounce of arsenic and a quantity of morphia...

How these were disposed of he could not account for. It was proved that the medicine he gave to his wife was pure white, and that she was very sick of it. After taking it she was very thirsty, and complained that it was fiery tasting. The doctor told her that she could not get well that she was past human aid, and medical assistance was useless...

The closing scene of the tragedy is thus described by the sorrowful mother:—"About twelve o'clock he sent for Dr. File. My husband went for him, but found he had gone to Colborne. When my husband came back, my daughter was very ill. She had got into such a state that she could not drink. Her father wanted Dr. Gross. King said he knew what Gross would give her—opium, or camphor, or something of that sort. Father asked, would it do her any good? King said it would. He then asked his wife if she would take it. She said she would if it would do her good. He then went to his office and fetched something in a spoon. [He always mixed the medicine in the office.] Annie took it, and soon after wanted to vomit. He held her down on the bed by putting his hand on her shoulder. She said, "Oh, oh, I cannot, I cannot, I am dying." He said—"Keep it down Annie." She vomited on the bed upon something of a greenish hue; with little pieces of skin in it. When she vomited the doctor said—"Now she has thrown it off—she may have a little on her stomach, but it will not do her any good—she must have some more." Father said—"Give her very little." "Yes," said the doctor, "I will not give her a quarter what Dr. Gross would give her." He went away and brought back about as much as he had given her before. He gave her the medicine and Annie was going to sleep. I asked if she felt better, she said she did. She went to sleep and did not wake again."

The jury who tried Dr. King recommended him to mercy, but on what grounds we cannot conceive. A murder more atrocious and more coolly and deliberately committed is seldom recorded, in which the wife of his bosom and his unborn child are the victims. The wife whom he had sworn at the altar to love and cherish, is sickness and in health, sacrificed to his lust and remorseless passion. Her heartless husband had the coldness day

by day to watch her growing weaker, and by his own hand, which should have been her support and defence, administered the poison which was preying upon her vitals, and fed the flame which was shortly to consume her. Surely he has a fearful lesson to receive, a frightful atonement to make. The Judge in delivering his sentence informed him that he had no reason to hope for mercy at the hands of the executive, and advised him to make early application to the throne of Grace for the pardon of his sins, and a preparation to meet God. His execution is delayed until the fourth of June, and thus ample time is afforded him to think of his latter end. Well indeed will it be, if with high Heaven, whom he has so grievously offended, he can make his peace before it is too late.

THE RAILWAY.

The Trains on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway are now running regularly from Brockville to Perth, and doing a very respectable business. The distance is only about thirty-eight miles, and it is said that the business already exceeds the most sanguine expectations of the warmest friends of the road.

It is expected that the track will be laid in, in running order, to Carleton Place in about a month from the present time. We are also told that it is intended to push the road through to Annapolis this summer, if possible. So that notwithstanding the many draw backs the road has had, the work is advancing by degrees, and the Railway will yet be a fixed fact.

In looking back over the physical history of our country for the last twenty-five years, the immense amount and importance of the work which has been accomplished in the establishment of our railway system appears as though it were the result of a miracle. Had any one been bold enough to predict, a few years ago, that in so short a space of time, our country would be intersected by so many railways, he would be set down as a crazy enthusiast. And indeed we must admit, that, when we seriously consider the vastness of the work, the immense expenditure of labor and capital which it has required, the complete revolution which it is making in the modes of travel and conveyance, and the trade and intercourse of the country, and then look back upon the few years in which it has been accomplished, the railway system appears almost like a stupendous miracle.

And who can attempt to estimate the benefits and advantages that will result therefrom, in the promotion of trade and commerce between the different sections of our country, on which the happiness of its people so largely depend; beside the large amount of social intercourse, fraternal feeling, and public spirit, which will thus be developed and strengthened.

MONEY ORDERS.

In this backward part of the country, where bank accommodation is not easily available and the only safe way of mailing money to parties at a distance is by transmitting Post Office money orders, it is gratifying to find a disposition on the part of the authorities, to extend as far as possible the advantages resulting from the money order system. We are happy in being able to inform our readers, that by an arrangement which the Postmaster General has made with the Post-office authorities in England, after a lengthy correspondence, the money order system of the two countries has been so far combined that any sum of money, from five shillings to five pounds, may, from and after the first of June, next, be transmitted by money-order, obtained at any money order office in Great Britain and Ireland. At the same time the number of money order offices in Canada will be increased.

The advantages which all who may have connections in the old country will derive from this arrangement, are obvious enough, as they will thus have an opportunity of remitting a few shillings at a time, with perfect safety, to relieve distress or to discharge indebtedness, to pay premiums on policies of assurance, and a thousand other equally desirable purposes.

For general uses, also, the purchase of books, plants, seeds, and similar small matters, the money order system thus extended will be immediately available; and we have no doubt that the transmission of small sums through this convenient medium will be as important means of keeping up an interchange of benefits, social and commercial, to a much greater extent than at first sight would seem possible.

It would also be a great advantage to have this system in working order between Canada and the United States.

THE ASSIZES.

On Tuesday, the 12th inst., the Court of Assizes was opened in Perth, before His Honor Judge McLean. J. Denon, J. Esq., acting as Queen's Counsel. The following gentlemen composed the Grand Jury: J. Merzies, Foreman; J. Anderson, Jas. Allan, Joshua Bates, Edward Byrnes, David Bell, James Bell, P. McArthur, John Rankin, M. Stanley, J. P. Grant, J. Loucks, John Murphy, Wm. Morris, John McGregor, M. McIntyre, J. McAndrew, Alex. Stevenson, John Wilson.

There were no cases of very much importance brought before the Court, but we shall publish a full report of them next week.

What are Christian congregations doing towards procuring an Act of Parliament to do away with Sabbath labor in Government offices and on the canals. The only petition in favor of the abolition of Sunday labor that we have heard of as being presented to Parliament are those of the Kingston Sabbath Reform Society, and the Young Men's Christian Association of Montreal and London, C. W.

In California the greatest excitement prevailed on the reception of intelligence that the Pacific Railroad Bill had been defeated in Congress. The San Francisco press is filled with violent articles, denouncing Congress and going so far as to threaten secession. The severance of California from the Union is hinted at in unmistakable terms. The difficulties between the miners and the Chinese continued in an aggravated form.

The wretch Corrago, who committed an unprovoked and cruel murder last year at Portage du Fort, and who was tried at Aylmer, but escaped on the plea of insanity, and was sent to the Beaufort Lunatic Asylum, has been sent back by the officers of the Asylum to the local authorities at Aylmer, the Medical Superintendent of the Asylum not considering him a fit subject for that institution. The plea of insanity set up was mere pretence. The man is not insane.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE.

Toronto, 18th April, 1859. MR. EDITOR.—The most important discussion of the session took place last evening, during a protracted sitting which occupied from 11 o'clock on Thursday forenoon, till 2 o'clock on Saturday morning. The subject was the proposed ministerial scheme to take two millions of dollars out of the Provincial chest, to enable the centinets of Lower Canada to pay the seigniors for their lands. Upper Canadians have purchased and paid for their farms, by the sweat of their brows, and they must be very unwilling to be burthened with a heavy tax to enable Lower Canadians to acquire the free hold of the soil, at the public expense. The Opposition side of the House, asked time to consider the details of the measure, but were told in the most in-utering manner, that the Ministry would press it through that night, (Thursday) and hence the struggle ensued, and which resulted in its being brought over till Tuesday. It is true that it is proposed to place an equal amount to the credit of U.C. Municipalities (fund, but this will only have the effect of doubling the tax, and after all effecting no real advantage to pay a debt which they themselves ought to pay.

Another matter of considerable importance is a moral point of view, which occupied the House the greater part of the day on Saturday, was the discussion on a bill introduced to relieve Mr. Mercer from the legal disability under which he labors, by the recent decision of the Court, which not only deprived him of his office of Sheriff, but declared him unfit ever after to hold the same office again. You will recollect that Mr. Mercer bought the office of Sheriff, for the County of Norfolk, from the former incumbent, and the matter having leaked out, was brought before Parliament last session, and made some noise at that time. The Attorney General had no alternative but to prosecute Mr. M., and the result was as I have stated.

The law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors came into force a few days ago, and was acted on, on Saturday evening, for the first time, in this city. The effect was very marked in the unusually small number of disorderly characters brought up before the Police Court this morning.

Yours, E.

To the Editor of the C. P. Herald. Sir,—In your last issue Mr. D. Campbell, Township Clerk, in reply to the structures of B. U. Sound, most unwarrantably alludes to the Orange Society. His office is in no more unparliamentary a manner than that of the slightest allusion to the Society in any part of B. U. Sound's letter. I have seen a letter that he refers to me as "the Grand Master of an Orange Lodge" (by the way it is the first time I heard of such an office.) Now I can have no objection to all the world and the rest of mankind being told that I am an Orangeman, as I flatter myself it will not in any way increase the number of my enemies, but I am decidedly of opinion that Mr. Campbell has quite enough to do to answer, satisfactorily, B. U. Sound's letter, without at the same time venturing his ill-repute on your humble servant.

I, in turn, have a little advice to offer, and that, that in future, Mr. Campbell should endeavor, as much as possible, to mind his own business, and I wish guarantee that his employers, the public, will be much better satisfied. I offer it, Mr. Editor, in a good spirit, and knowing it to be true, believe that I am returning good for evil, and trust I may be allowed to express a hope that Mr. Campbell will so far do us, as to refer to me in public affairs without again referring to me in a similar manner.

Trusting you will find a place for this in your next issue.

I am, Sir, Yours truly, B. BOSMUND. Almonte, 18th April, 1859.

MURDER NEAR BRANTFORD—MAIL CARRIER SHOT AND THE MAIL ROBBED. [From the Brantford Expressor.] FRIDAY, April 15, 1859 10 A.M.

We stop the press to announce one of the most cold-blooded atrocities which has ever been our lot to record. The Mail Carrier between Paris and Brantford, leaving Paris each evening about 9 o'clock, was last night waylaid about a mile west of the first bridge and coolly shot down, and the mail brought out and filled of his contents. His mail bag was killed indignantly. From the appearance of the wound, we think the shot was fired from a double-barrelled gun loaded with grape. The charge entered the left side of the head carrying away a large piece of a grey fur cap which the postman wore.

As soon as the butcher was committed the bags must have been taken into the ravine between the road and the railway, track, for a large number of envelopes and opened letters were there found by Mr. John Good, who was also found in a pool of water. The body was found lying on the deeply rutted leading to the ravine face upwards, presenting a most horrid spectacle, where it had doubtless been laid after the deed was committed.

The horse and wagon were found this morning standing on the road side, and blood was seen smeared over the road and wagon, which excited suspicion and led to the search which resulted in the finding of the body as above described.

P. S.—We have just learnt that warrants have been issued for the arrest of two individuals from whom suspicion rests and officers are now in pursuit.

FURTHER BY THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

Lord Egin has prepared an expedition up Pearl River.

The steamer Juro, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the 17th, and the European on the 28th.

The meeting of the new European Congress has been fixed for the first of May, probably at Baden. It will be attended by five Cabinet ministers, viz: Malmesbury, for England; Walewski, for France; Gortschokoff, for Russia; Rool, for Austria; and Schellenberg, for Prussia. The Italian States will be indirectly represented.

The English government is said to have given its consent to the admission of Sardinia; also, that Lord Cowley will assist Lord Malmesbury, and M. Prouy de L'Haye will act as second to Walewski.

The Vienna correspondence of the London Times says that, although Austria consents to attend the Congress, she has no belief that peace will be maintained, therefore she continues her armaments.

The late reports are, that while Piedmont will have a vote in the Congress she will not have a vote, and that the Italian States will be admitted on the same conditions. The announcement of this Congress, had not produced any improvement in the general trade in France.

All the war material recently prepared, such as artillery, projectiles, clothing, tents, &c., were to be stored at Lyons.

Paris Letter writers state that armaments were going on in France without relation. Government had also decided upon adding a fourth battalion to each of the 100 regiments of the line.

Two letters say, the projected Congress had proved a grievous shock to the war party. Orders for preparing barracks for the troops had been discontinued.

Count Cavour writes to the Sardinian ambassador at London, in reply to a question propounded by the British Government, that it will be impossible for Sardinia to remain detached, in the face of the provoking and armed attitude of Austria.

It is computed that by the close of March, Austria would have in Lombardy 70 battalions of infantry, which added to artillery, cavalry, engineers, &c., make her army in Italy number almost 220,000 strong.

Letters from Piacenza announce that 1,200 Austrians, with 50 cannons, and other war material, had arrived there. The Church had been converted into a powder magazine.

Warlike preparations were going forward actively in other portions of Italy. It was rumored in Paris on the 28th, that a collision had actually taken place in Lombardy between an Austrian detachment and some regulars, who wished to escape the service. One killed and several wounded.

It is officially announced in Germany, that the Federal Assembly had voted supplies for arming the Federal fortresses.

Prince Frederick of Wurttemberg was appointed Commander in Chief of the 8th Federal corps-de-derme.

GREAT BRITAIN. In the house of Lords on Monday, Earl Malmesbury, in reply to the Earl Clarendon, made a long expatiating touching Lord Lovley's mission and the proposed Congress. He said the composition of the Congress had not been decided on, although he had no doubt it soon would be. The Government were desirous that every one of the Italian States should be represented and their object was to recommend to the Italian people what they believed would be for their own good and safety, and the safety of Europe, and although no actual disarrangement had taken place, both Austria and Piedmont had formally declared they would not attack one another and would abstain from hostilities. There is reason to hope therefore, that peace would not be broken, and that the Congress would not reach the result which all Europe desired.

The debate on the Roman bill continued. Sir John Packington who supported the measure, declared that the Government would hold itself staked on the issue of the debate. A deputation had waited on Sir John Packington, on the subject of the Home Affairs and the proposed railway.

It was stated that a substantial contract had been effected to construct the railway for \$2,500,000.

The Marquis of Waterford was killed Tuesday evening while hunting.

Advices from Calcutta of February 21st, said Hong Kong to the 15th, had been received in London by telegraph. News unimportant.

LONDON MARKET. Market quotations rather depressed, under the prospect of the new loan of £7,000,000 will be increased to £12,000,000. The demand for money is moderate. American securities not materially changed. Consols closed on Tuesday at 95 1/2 for money on account.

LATEST. Great inactivity prevailed yesterday in the Stock Exchange, but notwithstanding the continued decline in the Paris Bourse, all securities were well supported, and Consols closed higher than on Thursday.

The India and China Mails arrived at London at five o'clock this morning, and despatched from Liverpool by the early train. The Herald speaks of the probability of a new loan of £3,000,000 which, as the resources at the back of France have already been exhausted, will have to be obtained elsewhere.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS. Cotton has been dull this week and prices remain unchanged. Broadstuffs dull; Flour neglected. Wheat sold only at retail at previous prices. Yellow Corn dull and not materially changed. Clover Seed inactive at 54s. a 55s.

THE JUAREZ GOVERNMENT OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED BY THE UNITED STATES. New Orleans, April 11. The steamer "Tennessee" has arrived here with Vera Cruz dates of the 6th inst. Mr. McLane, United States Minister, had recognized the Juarez government, and there was great rejoicing in consequence of it.

FIGHTING IN MEXICO—500 MEN KILLED. The dates from the City of Mexico, are to the 4th inst. On the 2nd, General Degollado attacked the capital, but was unsuccessful; five hundred men were killed on each side. Miramon was at Orizaba.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL. St. Louis, April 10. The overland mail with dates to the 18th ultimo, arrived last night.

The steamer "Ude Sam" returned after landing a portion of the 6th Infantry at the mouth of the Colorado. Col. Hoffman would commence active operations against the Mohave Indians, which left New Orleans, February 27th, failed to connect with the upward bound steamer.

Business was slack, and the miners are doing well. The British Government are making improvements, and encouraging emigration.

The reception of the President's Message at Georgetown, and the interest excitement, and greatly enhanced the value of property.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

MONDAY, 12th April, 1859. The weather continues cold and backward. The opening of the trade of China and the pacification of India are producing extraordinary activity in the Cotton manufactures of Britain. A great many new mills are being erected with all possible rapidity, and the market for raw cotton and manufactured goods is exceedingly buoyant. In fact, the production of cotton in the world is not keeping pace with the demand, and as cotton-producing and cloth-consuming countries are being rapidly opened up, Britain appears to be only at the beginning, if we may so speak, of her manufacturing greatness. This activity in manufacturers is greatly promoted by the remarkable abundance and cheapness of food, and as a consequence, affects the price of Ashes, which is steadily, though slowly, advancing both in Liverpool and Montreal.

We have written to the managers of the Great Railway lines in Canada, desiring them to adopt a form of printed receipt, with a margin similar to Bills of Lading, and with the words in the body of the receipt, "amounted as per margin." Without this additional reminder we are satisfied, by experience that neither the shippers nor station masters will pay any attention to standing forward proce, and especially Ashes, in an accurate, business-like manner. As an instance of the confusion which prevails, and which constitutes the rule and not the exception, we lately received three letters of advice and two Railway receipts, all about one small lot of Ashes, and in not one of these documents was there the slightest clue to the marks or numbers on the barrels so as to identify them when they arrived. Now, when many small lots are being sent forward, and working together, how is it possible to avoid confusion and mistakes when no marks are given!

Flour is nominal; there are no transactions of any consequence, and the tendency is downward. For May delivery there are sellers at \$6.25 for No. 1 Superine, but no buyers. For July delivery there are buyers but no sellers, at \$6.50.

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Butter.—There are no transactions for to quote. ASSES continue in demand at \$6.10 to \$6.15 for Pots, and \$6.40 to \$6.45 for Pearls. The supply is small. The strike of the glass-blowers in Britain, which has lasted some weeks, has for the time affected the sales of Pearls there.

JOHN DOUGALL, Commission Merchant.

The following official appointments have been made:—Aime Lafontaine, Esq., Aylmer, to be a Judge of the Superior Court in the District of Ottawa Lower Canada.

Henry Driscoll, Esq., Q. C. of Montreal, to be Prothonotary of the Superior Court for Lower Canada in the District of Ottawa, and Clerk of the Circuit Court, and Clerk of the Peace for the said District.

John Posenoy Sexton Esquire, of Montreal to be recorder of the City of Montreal.

Capt. Alexander Scott, of the City of Ottawa, to be a Major in the 4th Battalion Carleton Militia.

George Ross, Esq., of Renfrew, to be Revenue Inspector for the County of Renfrew.

John Lewis, Esquire, Barrister, to be County Attorney for the united Counties of Huron and Bruce.

MARRIED. By the Rev. P. Duncon, on the 9th inst., Mr. Mathew Mills, Brighton, to Miss Alvira Irish, Colborne.

On the 22nd, February at the residence of Mr. James Cooper, Kingston, C. W. by the Rev. Peter Gray of the Free Church, Mr. Charles Cameron, Merchant, Peterborough to Sophia, youngest surviving daughter of the late Mr. A. Barron, Lossiemouth Morayshire, Scotland.

DIED. In the Scotch Corners, on the morning of the 18th ult., Colin Sinclair, s.n., aged 57 years, after a long and painful illness, which bore with great christian fortitude and resignation, deeply regretted by his friends and all who knew him.

On Thursday, the 7th of April in the Township of Haldimand, John Fisher, Esq., in the 74th year of his age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. 1859. FIRST ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS AT ALMONTÉ. JAMES H. WYLIE.

IS now receiving a large and well selected Stock of Seasonable GOODS, in Ladies, Florence and Padal, and Fancy Straw Bonnets, Brown and Grey Bloomer HATS, of the latest New York Styles.

Gents' and Boys' Hats, Fur, Straw, Leghorns, and Cloth HATS; Ribbons, Flowers, and Trimmings, Parasols, in great variety; together with the usual assortment of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS; also a full assortment of Fresh Grains, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Drugs, Paints, Oil, and CROCKERY, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at LOW PRICES, to which he would invite the public to call and see.

Almonte, April 20, 1859. Clayton Warehouse. NEW GOODS RECEIVED. THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his Customers and the public generally that he is now opening up an extensive assortment of NEW SPRING GOODS, in almost every variety and style, amongst which will be found Ladies' Bonnets and Hats, Bonnet and Hat Trimmings, Ladies' Dress Goods, generally of a new and very superior style. Gents' Gilt Hats, Felt, Wool, and Fur Hats, Cloths, &c., with the usual heavy Stock of Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, &c., and in fact almost anything you require, all of which is offered at very LOW PRICES, for ready cash sales.

THOMAS COULTER, Clayton. 32-g. April 19, 1859.

NOTICE. NEW SPRING FASHIONS FOR 1859. THE Subscriber wishes to inform the Ladies of Carleton Place and vicinity, that she has on hand a splendid assortment of STRAW BONNETS of all descriptions and shapes, of all kinds and sizes, which she will sell at cost price for cash or ready pay.

A splendid assortment of Straw Trimmings, and trimmings of all kinds. Bonnets cleaned and repaired to order with neatness and dispatch. Mrs. Beck, Carleton Place, 32-g. April 18, 1859.

NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Carleton Place and neighborhood, that he has recommenced his practice. WILLIAM WILSON, Surgeon. Carleton Place, April 19th, 1859.

CAUTION. THE Subscriber hereby cautions all parties whatsoever to give no credit to any one in my name, without my written order, as I will pay no debts so contracted. JOHN KENNY, Ramsay. April 18, 1859.

BOY LOST. A LAD seven years of age, named ALEX. SMITH, who left his father's residence at Billings' Bridge, on Saturday morning last, about 10 o'clock, for town, and for whom diligent search has been made, but without effect, although he was frequently in the neighborhood of the town. The words and country for miles have been secured in vain. The Boy wore Canadian Grey Clothes, with large Pearl-colored buttons on Coat, and a Scotch (Glengarry) Cap. He had also a parcel of Groceries.

Any person giving information leading to his discovery and restoration to his grateful parents, will do a noble act, and will be handsomely rewarded. Such information will be thankfully received and acted upon at the Union Office.

N.B. Any person or persons who may have detained the said boy, or some one suggested, are hereby intimated, under a strict legal penalty, that if they are found to be the detainer, they will be prosecuted at the expense of the finder.

April 14, 1859.

Public Notice. IS hereby given that the Corporation Building Lots, situated on George and Hillier streets, in the Village of Lanark, will be leased by Public Auction, in the TOWN HALL, on THURSDAY, 5th day of May next. Sale to commence at TEN o'clock, A. M.

As these Lots are situated in the centre of the Village, they form desirable business Stands for Tradesmen, or others who purpose doing business in this place. Plans, together with all information regarding the Terms of Lease, &c., can be had at the Office of the Town Clerk. CHARLES MAIN, Town Clerk. Lanark, 12th April, 1859.

GREAT BARGAINS. A Subscriber contemplates a change in his business, he finds it necessary to dispose entirely of the present stock on hand, and in order to effect this more speedily, he will from this day sell Goods at a reduction of twenty-five to fifty per cent on the usual selling price. These who wish to save money by getting good bargains would do well to call soon. A short credit will be given if necessary, and Butcher taken in payment.

HUGH NELSON, Carleton Place, April 20th, 1859. 32-4f.

OTTAWA NURSERY. THE SUBSCRIBER begs to call the attention of the public to a stock, comprising the best of their respective kinds, proved to be suited to this climate, consisting of a large variety of Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach and Quince trees, &c. Grape Vines, Black, Red and White Currants; Gooseberries, Raspberries, Strawberries, Knot-hilberris, &c. Aparagus, Rubarb, Sea Kale, Ornamental Trees, Deciduous Flowering Shrubs, Hedges, Roses, Dahlias, Hardy Herbaceous Plants, Seedling out Plants, Cabbages, Cauliflowers, Celery, Tomato Plants, &c. The whole of which will be warranted true to their kinds, with ample directions for their culture. The Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the Toronto Nursery, from whom Catalogues, &c., can be procured. Articles furnished at Catalogue prices. CHARLES CHAPMAN, Ottawa, April 16, 1859. 32-c.

LUMBER WAGON, for Sale or to be traded for a Horse. DAVID WARD, Carleton Place. 32-e. April 18, 1859.

A BEAUTIFUL IDEA. Away among the Alleghenies there is a spring so small that a single drop is a month's day could drain it dry. It steals its substance the way among the hills till it spreads out in the beautiful Ohio. These it stretches away a thousand miles, leaving on its banks more than a hundred villages and cities, and many thousand cultivated farms and bearing on its bosom more than half a thousand steamboats. These joining the Mississippi, it stretches away and away some twelve hundred miles more, till it falls into the great embrace of the ocean, which, obedient only to God shall roll and roar in the night, with one foot on the sea and the other on the land, shall lift his hand to heaven, and swear that time is a river—a river—a river—an ocean, boundless and faithless as eternity.

THE INFLUENCE OF WOMAN.—If we wish to know the political and moral condition of a State, we need not ask what the women hold in it. Their influence embraces the whole of life. A wife, a mother—two magical words—comprising the sweetest sources of man's felicity. There is the reign of reason, of love, of reason. Always to regard a man takes counsel with his wife he obeys his mother—he obeys her long after she has ceased to live, and the ideas which he has received from her becoming principles even a rogue than his passions.—MARTIN.

EIGHT CHILDREN AT A BIRTH.—About five miles since the wife of Jacob Abbott, living about ten miles east of Concord, in Pop. County, C. W., presented her husband with eight children at one birth. These children survived until six weeks old, when two of them died and died. The remaining six are still living and thriving well. The whole might be very small specimens of humanity when ushered into the world, as might have been expected. This statement is literally true; it is vouched for by numbers of respectable witnesses who saw the children.—Lockport (U.S.) Journal.

WELL AND SPRING CLEANING.—As spring is approaching, we earnestly advise all persons who use well water and spring water to have both wells and springs thoroughly cleaned out and then washed out early in May and also during October, as there is strong reason to believe that the settlements which have accumulated in the decayed vegetation, impart their disease engendering qualities to the water and thus originate some of the most dangerous forms of low or typhoid fever at a time of the year when the weather is so cold as to preclude the idea of their arising from vegetable decomposition, the stench of debris at the bottom of wells should induce all cleanly persons to expurgate them thoroughly, aside from considerations of health.—Halls Journal of Health.

A SAD SUP.—A fortune hunter, being in a ball room, heard a gentleman give an account of the death of a rich widow. "Died yesterday, in her eighty-ninth year," said the narrator. "What a pity!" exclaimed the fortune hunter, "what a fine match she would have made two days ago!"

A Frenchman, wishing to speak of the cream of the English people, forgot the word, and said, "de butter of poor." A wag said he had fairly chuckled over the English language.

"Father have you seen anything of my bonnet I have left it in this room."

"No, my dear I have not but I will take the microscope and look for it."

Why is a fashionable lady like a rigid economist? Because she makes a great bustle about a little waist.

A writer says "it is not drinking, but getting sober that is so terrible in a drunkard's life."

A Frenchman has written to say that he had invented a remedy for the 2 thake, which will alter 8 all pain 4th-with.

Marcus Livius, who was governor of Tarentum when Hannibal took it being anxious to see so much honor done to Fabius Maximus said one day in open senate—

"That it was himself, not Fabius Maximus that was the cause of retaking the city of Tarentum."

Fabius said smilingly—

"Indeed thou speakest truth, for hadst thou not lost it I should never have retaken it."

THE LAST EXPERIMENT.—A young lady writing to make a diary of a young man who had been for some time hovering about her, definitely proposed, but her boxes packed and placed cozily in the hall of her father's house, thus labelled: Miss P. Jackson passenger by the Archibald Steamer, for England.

"If that does not bring him to book," she was heard to declare to her mother, "I'll get Fred to thrash him!"

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. TENDERS will be received by the Trustee of school Section No. 14, in the Township of Ramsey, until Tuesday the 26th of April, at 1 o'clock p.m. For the erection of a new frame School House. The contractor to furnish the materials. Plans and specifications to be seen at the residence of James Gray.

GEORGE DONOHUE, JOHN MCINTYRE, JAMES GRAY, Trustees. Ramsey, April 13th 1859. 31-a.

New Tin Shop, OPPOSITE NELSON'S STORE. THE Subscriber in opening his NEW TINWARE SHOP, begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Carleton Place and surrounding vicinity that he will always keep on hand a good assortment of Tinware at unexceptionable LOW PRICES. Please call and judge for yourselves. Jobbing done according to order.

WILLIAM TAYLOR, Carleton Place. April 11, 1859. 31-a.

FOR SALE. AT the Suburban, a SCOTCH IRON PLOUGH, in first rate order—Cheap. GEORGE McFARLANE, Carleton Place, April 6 1859. 30-f.

LAND TO SELL OR MORTGAGE. BEING the North half of the LOT No. 10, in the 5 Con., Township of Ross. For particulars apply to—

MICHAEL BROUGHER, Ramsey, 30-g.

APRIL 4th, 1859.

NOTICE. I hereby give notice that the next meeting of the Municipal Council of the Township of Beckwith, will be held at the Town Hall on the 14th of April inst., instead of the 15th, at Eleven o'clock a.m.

EWEN McEWEN, Town Clerk. Franktown, 6th April 1859. 30.

PAINTING. WILLIAM LEECH, HOUSE, SIGN & CARRIAGE PAINTER, GLAZIER & PAPERHANGER, ALMONTE. Orders at any distance in the Country attended to without any extra charge for travelling expenses. April 6, 1859. 39-pa.

LAND FOR SALE. THE EAST HALF of LOT No. 26 in the 4th Concession of Pakenham. There is about 25 acres cleared—there is a Log House thereon with a shanty roof; and two Spring Creeks running through it. It is situated on a Branch Road, from Pakenham Village to the White Lake Village. It is situated convenient to three Saw Mills, and one Grist and Barley Mill; and also within one mile of a School, and within three miles of a Presbyterian Church, with a stated Minister. For further particulars, apply to the proprietor on the premises.

JAMES HEADRICK, Secy., White Lake. April 1st, 1859. 30-f.

THE Underaged takes this opportunity of thanking the inhabitants of Carleton Place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage he has received while doing business in this place, in the Cabinet Line.

WM. J. BELL, Carleton Place. April 5, 1859. 30.

BUSINESS NOTICE. THE CABINET BUSINESS formerly carried on by me in this place will from this date, be attended to by WM. J. BELL & Co., and owing to my absence from Carleton Place for a time, Mr. John Hogg, has been employed to conduct the business, whose experience in Montreal, Toronto and Perth, and a thorough knowledge of Cabinet making, will enable him to reproduce the newest Styles and best of Workmanship.

WM. J. BELL & Co., April 5, 1859. 30-f.

N.B.—As Undertakers they will, as usual, be ready to wait on those who may require their services.

W. J. B. & Co.

HOUSE & LAND FOR SALE. FOR SALE, near the Free Church of Ramsey, one quarter of an acre of Land, with a small Frame House thereon. It is a suitable place for carrying on any kind of business—either a merchant or tradesman. Apply to the Free Church officer.

GEORGE BANNERMAN, April 4th, 1859. 30.

ADVERTISEMENT. MARRIAGE LICENSES may be had of the Rev. R. G. COX, Carleton Place.

APPLE TREES. 2000 APPLE TREES for Sale at the Nursery, CHEAP for CASH, or approved Credit, by the Subscriber, five miles from Clayton Village, Ramsey.

THOMAS TENNANT, Lenark. March 27th, 1859. 29-u.

FARM TO LET. THE East half of lot No. 10 in the eighth Concession of the Township of Ramsey. Apply to the Subscriber on the Premises.

GEORGE DONOHUE, Ramsey, March 30th, 1859. 29-g.

TO LET. THE STORE Occupied by the late Firm McFarlane & Anderson, good house and cellars attached, all large and commodious.

For further particulars apply to the Subscriber on the premises, by letter, post paid.

ROBERT ANDERSON, Almonte 28th March, 1859. 29-s.

SEEDS, SEEDS! JUST RECEIVED AT THE New Drug Store OF BURROWS & BRO., A Large Assortment of FRESH ENGLISH SEEDS, Warranted the growth of 1858, per Canadian STEAMER INDIAN.

On hand every variety of Canadian and United States Garden and Field Seeds. Call and see samples that we have growing on tests, and get our Seed List at the FAMILY MEDICINE & PRESCRIPTION STORE, SPARKS STREET, Central Ottawa. BURROWS & BROTHER.

A nice Stock of Shaker's Medicinal Herbs on hand. March 18, 1859. 28-g.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE. THE East half of Lot number two in the eighth Concession of the Township of FITZROY, one hundred Acres—the purchaser may have the best half also—making 200 Acres altogether. The above mentioned Land is of the very best quality. There is about thirty Acres cleared on the West half, the rest of the Lot is well wooded and unimproved. It is situated in the midst of a good settlement, adjoining the Mill Lot of James Habbell, Esq., on the Mississippi River. Apply to—

THOMAS MCKIBBON, Pakenham. March 18th, 1859. 28-a.

TANNERY FOR SALE. SITUATED on the Bank of the Mississippi River, within five minutes walk of the centre of the Village of Pakenham, on the Road leading to Ottawa City, attached to which are a Dwelling House, Stable, Barn Shed, and a convenient Yard.

For particulars apply to JOHN HALPERRY, Lenark, or JACOB HALPERRY, on the premises. Pakenham, March 18th, 1859. 28-s.

NOTICE. THE Municipal Council of the Township of Beckwith will meet at the TOWN HALL, on FRIDAY, the 15th of APRIL next, at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock A.M. The Statute Labour of the present year will be appointed and laid out at the said meeting. Pathmasters and other interested are hereby particularly requested to attend.

EWEN McEWEN, Town Clerk. Franktown, 22nd March, 1859. 28.

CLARK'S SALOON. IF you want good LIQUORS and GROCERIES—CHEAP, call at Clark's Saloon, Franktown. March 22nd, 1859. 28-f.

FARM TO LET. THE South West half of LOT No. 14, in the Ninth Concession of BECKWITH. For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

WILLIAM WILSON, Surgeon, Carleton Place. March 15th, 1859. 27-g.

Farm for Sale. 214 ACRES, Part Cleared, pleasantly and conveniently situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, being composed of Lots Nos. 12 and 13, in the West Front E., in the Township of Westmeath. An Indisputed Title can be given. Apply to J. McNAUGHTAN, Provl. L. Surveyor, Charlottetown, by Lancaster Post Office, Glenagarry. Carleton Place, 12th March, 1859. 27.

NOTICE. EVERY PERSON indebted to the Subscriber is requested to PAY immediately, and save Costs.

JOHN DEWER, Carleton Place. March 15, 1859. 27.

EPHEMIA MCKILLIP hereby cautions any intending purchaser of the Estate as advertised by my husband, Neil McKillop, without my consent.

March 9th, 1859. 27-f.

NOTICE. A MEETING of the Directors and Members of the North Riding Lenark Agricultural Society, will be held at the TOWN HALL, RAMSAY, on SATURDAY, 9th APRIL, at ELEVEN o'clock, forenoon.

An Exhibition of Entire Horses, will take place at the same time, for the Premiums offered by the Society. DAVID CAMPBELL, Secy. & Treasurer, N. L. A. S.

THE BOARD of PUBLIC INSTRUCTION will meet in PERTH, in the Grammar School House, on MONDAY, the 14th day of MARCH, at the hour of 10 o'clock, forenoon, for the purpose of examining Teachers, and granting certificates of qualification.

The Lenark Section of the Board will meet for the same purpose in the Village of Lenark, on SATURDAY, the 19th MARCH, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

J. A. MURDOCH, Secretary. Bathurst, 7th March, 1859. 27.

Lyn Nurseries. WE have now ready for Sale a large quantity of APPLE TREES, in excellent condition, comprising all the kinds which have been proved hardy and suitable for this Northern climate.

Also a large assortment of the newest and best varieties now cultivated of Peas, Cherries, Currants, Plums, Grapes, (hardy and exotic) Gooseberries, Currants, Raspberries, Blackberries, Strawberries, &c., all of which we will sell at Prices as LOW as they can be got in America.

Also a quantity of early Potatoes, of a new variety, very fine, which do not rot. Address—

D. NICOL & CO., Lyn, near Brockville. March 13th, 1859. 27-e.

NOTICE. THE Municipal Council of the Township of Ramsey, will hold a MEETING, in the TOWN HALL, on MONDAY, 4th APRIL, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, for the Distribution of Statute Labor. Path Masters, and others interested, are requested to attend.

DAVID CAMPBELL, Town Clerk. Ramsey, 11th March, 1859.

Fruit Trees for Sale. THE Subscriber has an assortment of Grafted APPLE TREES, from one to four years old, Peas on Quince, and Lowans on Mountain Ash, Gooseberries, Currants, and Raspberry Plants, Rhubarb, a few Grape Vines, and Honey Locust Trees: all of which may be lifted when the ground is in front.

GEORGE BLAIR, Dalhousie Nursery. March 14, 1859. 27-a.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ALL CONCERNED. ALL those indebted to the Subscriber for HARNESS, &c., by Note or Account, are hereby notified that unless all such are PAID before the FIFTH DAY of APRIL, they will be placed in the Court for Collection.

HUGH NELSON, March 23rd, 1859. 28.

NOTICE. IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Partnership lately subsisting between JAMES McFARLANE, Clarendon, C. East, and ROBERT ANDERSON, of Ramsey, C. West, under the Firm of McFarlane & Anderson, Almonte, was DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

JAMES McFARLANE, ROBERT ANDERSON, Ramsey, 17th March, 1859. 28.

ALL DEBTS owing to the said Partnership to be received by JAMES POOLE, Esq., Clerk 3rd Div. Court, Carleton Place, whose receipt will be valid.

JAMES McFARLANE, ROBERT ANDERSON, Ramsey, March 17th, 1859. 28.

1858. NEW 1858. ARRIVALS.

THE Subscriber in returning thanks to his numerous customers for their liberal patronage begs to acquaint them that he is now receiving an annual supply of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS suitable for the FALL and WINTER trade, and offers them for sale at a low figure. Also a fresh supply of Tea, Tobacco, Sugar, Oil, Salt, Glass, &c., &c.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods or payment of accounts.

J. MENZIES, Almonte, Oct. 1858.

FOR SALE, 1000 SRAMLESS BAGS by the subscriber J. MENZIES.

FOR SALE, 50 Bibles, LABRADOR HERRING 25 cwt. TABLE COD-FISH 200 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT, at J. MENZIES'S.

FOR SALE, 50 SIDES SOLE LEATHER, Almonte J. MENZIES.

NOTICE. ALL those indebted, Either by Note or Book account, to the said Firm of Tennant & Struthers. Are requested to settle their Notes, Bills and accounts at once in order to save cost. All debts must be paid in by the 15th day of March next. No apologies.

C. P. 9th Feb. 1859. 23-f.

DISSOLUTION. PARTNERSHIP. THE Copartnership heretofore Existing Between Wesley Tennant and Patrick Struthers, of this place, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business will hereafter be carried on by Patrick Struthers, who is authorized to collect all debts to, and settle all claims against the said Firm of Tennant & Struthers.

WESLEY TENNANT, PATRICK STRUTHERS. WITNESSES. Thomas M. Adams, Clarendon. C. P. 7th February. 22-f.

NOTICE. THE Copartnership heretofore existing in the Village of Pakenham, in the county of Lenark, under the name of McArthur & Brown, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and Robert Brown is hereby authorized to collect all debts to, and settle all claims against the said firm of McArthur & Brown, Carleton Place.

21st January 1859. WITNESSES. A. McARTHUR, ROBERT BROWN. JOHN NELSON, Hugh Brown.

IN Reference to the above, the Subscriber will continue business in the same premises, in his own name, and on his own account. And all those indebted to the late firm will require to call and settle their accounts, by giving their notes, if not convenient to do so otherwise.

And he also takes this opportunity to say that the Stock of Goods is large and well assorted, and that he is prepared to sell cheap for cash, or produce, or on credit. All credit accounts as before to be due on the 1st of January of each year.

ROBERT BROWN, Pakenham Village.

WANTED. BY the subscriber, 20,000 Bushels of WHEAT, for which the highest market price will be given.

PHILIP THOMPSON, Chaudier Mills, Ottawa. January 25th, 1859.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. A House & Lot situated on "John's St." in the centre of the flourishing Village of ARNPRIOR, and being contiguous to the Railway Depot is one of the best business stands in the Village. The House is commodiously fitted up for store and dwelling, with back store and stable attached.

For Terms of sale and Lease, apply to the subscriber, at the store of J. Sumner, Esq., Carleton Place.

JAMES MCCORRISTON, 25-f.

NOTICE. ALL Persons who OWE the Subscriber for the year 1858, are hereby notified, that it is now time he was PAID, and that he does not give 2 Years Credit.

This is the only Notice that will be given. JOHN SUMNER, Carleton Place. March 2nd, 1859. 25.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. For Sale, IN THE VILLAGE OF PAKENHAM.

THE UNDERSIGNED being about to leave the Village of Pakenham, offers for Sale all his Real Estate, consisting of: One and a half Village Lots, with TWO STABLE DWELLINGS, Good Stable, Sheds, and Grass, and a TWO STORY FIRE PROOF STONE STORE thereon, completely fitted up, and well adapted for an extensive Mercantile Trade.

J. S. BANGS. The Property above referred to is situated in the most central part of the flourishing Village of Pakenham, and within a few Rods of the Line of Railway now in course of completion, between BROCKVILLE and PEMBROKE, and is surrounded by the most wealthy Farming country in Canada.

The Whole will be Sold on Terms to suit the hardness of the times. An early application to the Subscriber on the Premises will secure a Bargain.

J. S. B. Pakenham, Aug. 2, 1858. 40f.

GARD. THE Gentlemen of the Village of Pakenham and Township, with the Gentlemen of Arnprior and Township of Fitzroy, came out to liberal in their Donations for the Moral House Medical Dispensary, that I will be able to see to the cure of both Terms, by bringing a certificate from any of the contributing Gentlemen.

The Doctor will attend all those with Chronic diseases or otherwise, who are not able to pay for Medical advice or Medicine, to come to his Medical Dispensary, where they shall be treated on scientific principles, and receive their medicines gratis.

JOSEPH McNEILLY, Moral House Medical Dispensary, Pakenham, Feb 17th, 1859. 40-f.

Fall and Winter GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving a Full and varied assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS suitable for the season, and which will be found—

DRY GOODS of great variety, MANTILLAS, CAPES, GALA PLAIDS, PRINTS, COTTONS, CASSIMERES, FANCY TRIMMINGS, HARDWARE, FURS & GROCERY, which will be sold very CHEAP for CASH or approved CREDIT.

A. McARTHUR. VILLAGE LOTS! FOR SALE, IN the Village of ALMONTE, Four vacant Lots, in the centre of the Village, on Main Street.

For further particulars, apply if by letter, post paid, to J. MENZIES, Almonte. Novr., 1857. 10-f.

ASTOUNDING NEWS!! Now Arriving per steamship "Canada," at Boston, AND "North Briton" at Portland.

THE Subscriber is now receiving large additions to his already extensive Stock of Goods, per the above Steamship.

100 pa. fancy Dark Prints, new styles 26 do Black and Colored Coburgs 12 do Alpaca and Circumans 20 do Rich Winter Bonnet Ribbons. 5 doz. New Bonnet Shapes 20 gross assorted Trimmings & Fringes, in all varieties and colors, 6 do Gold Laced Dress Buttons 3 doz Velvet Head-dresses 3 do New Style (made up) Woolen Shirts, a great variety, Together with a large variety of New Fancy and Plain Hosiery, Gloves, Shirts in Woolen and Cotton, Lace Veils, Silk Nets, &c., &c. The Subscriber, in introducing these goods to the notice of his Friends at this season, begs to say that he does so in consequence of the encouragement received since opening here, and trusts that the great expense and labor attending the bringing such fine goods across the Atlantic, in the Winter season, will be duly appreciated.

He will also be receiving, by the next steamer at Boston, a splendid assortment of Broad and Reversible Cloths, Tweeds, Doan's Ladies' Cloakings (large additions in Blankets, &c., &c.) JOHN SUMNER, Carleton Place, 21st Dec., 1858. 15-f.

The Cloths & Blankets above referred have arrived, and are now open for inspection and Sale. J. S.

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale, Next 1/2 TREBLE REFINED GOLD SYRUP, by A. McARTHUR, Carleton Place, 8th Dec., 1858. 13-f.

BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY. ON and after THURSDAY, 17th FEBRUARY, Trains connecting with the Express Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway at BROCKVILLE, will leave as follows:

PERTH, at 8:30 a.m. SMITH'S FALLS, at 9:25 " Arriving at BROCKVILLE at 11:20 " RETURNING WILL LEAVE, BROCKVILLE, at 5:15 p.m. SMITH'S FALLS, at 7:05 " Arriving at PERTH, at 7:55 "

Passengers leaving Perth or Smith's Falls in the morning will reach Perth or Montreal same Evening.

Passengers for Brockville intending to return same day, will have SIX HOURS in the Town. ROBERT WATSON, Managing Director, B. & P. Ry. Brockville, Feb. 17, 1859. 24-f.

TAKE NOTICE. ALL those Indebted to the Subscriber, by Note or Book Account, are reminded that it is now time he was PAID, and that those neglecting this NOTICE, will have themselves to blame.

JAMES H. WYLIE, Almonte. March 7, 1859. 26.

GEORGE WILSON HAS JUST RECEIVED THE Cheapest Lot of Dry Goods YET offered to the people of Ramsey, which he is determined to sell at UNPARALLELED LOW PRICES, to meet the wishes of all those who may favor him with a call.

He has a Lot of BLANKETS that he will sell from 1/2 to 3/4 the pair upwards. Ramsey, Dec. 18th, 1858. 15-f.

IF YOU WANT GOOD GOODS, Cheap Goods. CALL AT GEORGE WILSON'S CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS STORE.

WHERE you will find a immense Stock of MEN'S FINE COATS, PANTS and VESTS, all shades and colours. BOYS' CLOTHING, All Sizes, and Workmanship Warranted. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violins and Flutes.

I offer these unexcelled Goods at Prices so unobtainable, and so low, that the telegraph will do the honors for the reason that I intend to do business upon a magnanimous principle. Cash and Low Prices, being the magnets which will draw the current of Trade along the river, they have had for the benefit of Ramsey. Call Early.

FOR SALE. White and Black COATS, GEORGE WILSON, Carleton Place, Ramsey, March 9th, 1859. 24-f.

VICTORIA WOOLEN MILLS, ALMONTE, RAMSAY, C. W.

AS the subscriber's NEW FACTORY is now in FULL OPERATION!!! He will purchase any quantity of WOOL!

For which the Highest Price in CASH will be paid, or Cloth given in exchange.

Custom Carding. CLOTH DRESSING & DYING, Will be done with neatness and dispatch.—All his old friends and customers, with as many more as may choose to come, will please give him a call. JAMES ROSAMOND, Almonte, May 22, 1857. 37-f.

NOTICE. ANY Person found cutting Timber or in any way Trespassing on the un-demarcated Lands, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor by the Law.

East halves of Lots No. 5 & 6 in 9 Con. Ramsey East half " 17 & 18 " East & West halves " 18 & 19 " East half " 20 " West half " 20 11 " South West half " 15 & 16 " East & West halves " 15 & 16 " South West " 22 2 " West half of Lot No. 3 " McNab East & West halves " 2 " East & West " 24 12 Darling. East half " 23 11 " West half " 7 3 Adams East & West " 8 8 Messingham East half of " 16 9 Huntly. MARY WYLIE, JAMES H. WYLIE.

NOTICE! TO ALL FARMERS & MECHANICS. Whereas the Subscriber, Lyman Judson, has invented a new and useful method of Constructing Saws and Teeth for Horse Bakers, which method consists in connecting the Teeth with the Slot by a Movable Joint, allowing the Teeth a backward and forward movement, and by applying a spring for the purpose of effectually controlling that movement, and by Her Majesty's Letters Patent dated the 12th day of February, 1857, he has acquired the full and exclusive right and liberty of making, using, and vending to others said

INVENTION Within the Province of Canada, for Fourteen Years from the date thereof, this is to certify that said Subscriber will dispose of the above Patent Right for Counties, Townships, Towns, or otherwise, as may be agreed on.

And the public are hereby notified, that persons infringing on Subscriber's Patent Right, as above described, will be dealt with according to Law.

All letters prepaid addressed to Subscriber at Elbe P. O., County Leeds, C. W., will receive prompt attention. LYMAN JUDSON. Elbe, May, 6th, 1858. 34-pa.

Valuable Lands. THE Subscriber now offers for Sale Two Thousand Acres of his valuable farming Land in Lots of one hundred and two hundred acres most favorably situated in the Township of Westmeath, one of the best Townships in the United Counties of Lenark and Renfrew, near the leading roads to Pembroke, the terminus of the Brockville and Ottawa Rail-road, and in the immediate vicinity of good Schools and Grist and Saw Mills, Saw, Door, Blind, and shingle machinery. It is believed that intending purchasers of lands will never again have as favourable an opportunity as the present. The proprietor will give all requisite information as to price, terms, &c., upon application at his residence at Bellows Falls, where all articles of wood for building purposes, also most kinds of heavy Furniture can be obtained.

C. S. BELLOW, Bellows Falls, Westmeath, January 1859.

COMMERCIAL BUSINESS IN RAMSAY, at Leckie's Old Stand, begs respectfully to intimate to his numerous friends that he opens with a New, Varied, and well selected Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, MEDICINES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, BOOTS & SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, &c. &c. &c. TERMS—CASH.

Calling the attention of the Public to the above Notification, I would respectfully solicit an examination of my stock which having been laid in at the lowest market rates, I am enabled to sell at unusually reasonable prices for Cash or ready pay. So, Ladies and Gentlemen it will afford me much pleasure to exhibit the articles I have for sale, and I hope for low prices and good merchandise to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage which a discerning public has hitherto bestowed at the old Stand. Ramsay, Oct. 28, 1858. 7-f.

TEAS, TEAS, A VERY fine assortment of TEAS on hand, and for sale by A. McARTHUR.

FOR SALE, AT THE CARLETON SHINGLES FACTORY, 300 M. Saved Shingles. Apply to— A. McARTHUR.

To Let! To Let!! THE BUILDINGS formerly occupied by Robinson Lyon as a Store. They are situated in the centre of the Village, and on the main travelled road from Carleton Place to Ottawa.

The Premises would answer well for a Hotel. For particulars enquire of Dr. Hurd, or of J. M. T. Haman, Ottawa. Almonte, C. W., Oct. 26.

WATCHES AND CLOCKS, CLEANED AND REPAIRED. IN THE LOWER Story of the house of Mr. Ross. All work warranted. Charges moderate. E. B. WYMAN, Pakenham, Jan. 28th, 1