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ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted at very Lowest Rates.
E. WOODWORTH, Manager.

Women's Column.
Conducted by Members of Sackville W. C. T. U.

TRUE HEROISM.

A lady friend of mine who never gives wide—I may as well mention that she was the wife of a gentleman who was Governor of Massachusetts four years in succession—was in the habit of holding receptions. She has entertained some of your nobility. She entertained General Grant two days, and she did not give him any liquor—not a drop, for she gives it to none—not a drop of anything that would intoxicate. Well, at a dinner party at which were some literary gentlemen, one L. D. said to her: "Mrs. So-and-So, I think you do me, and such as I am, an injustice." "How so?" "Well, you know, I drink a glass of wine at my dinner. I am accustomed to it. I don't think it ever hurt me. It does me good. I am fond of it. You say to me when I come to your house, 'Now, doctor, I shall give you no wine, because some one else may make a bad use of it; I shall give you none, because here is a person who, if he drinks it, hurts himself.' You take from me an innocent gratification at the least, and that which I miss if I do not get, because somebody makes a fool of himself; and because somebody can't drink without being injured, you say I shall have none. Now, is that fair? By-and-by you will take away from us all our little pleasures, and the shall have nothing; and there is no knowing where these encroachments will end. Now, I like after my dinner a little bit of cheese; I think it promotes digestion. 'Now,' you say, 'Doctor, here is a man who cannot eat cheese with impunity; I shall give you no cheese—I will not give a particle of cheese to my guests because some people eat cheese to their detriment. Is that fair?'"

I ask you, is it a fair way of putting it? Did you ever hear of a man standing up at the gallows about to be hung, and saying to those who came to witness his execution: "Take warning by me, and never eat cheese?" Did you ever hear of a man murdering his wife, and giving as an excuse that he had been eating cheese? Did you ever hear a row in the streets, with ribs broken and blood shed, and find the newspapers next morning stating that it was because these men had been eating cheese? Did you ever hear a mother mourn over the dead body of a child? "Did I cry?" "Would I had died for you, O my son!" "I had no hope in his death!" He died from eating cheese! All I have to say is just this—Prove to me that the use of cheese produces the same results as does the use of drink; and, by the grace of God, I will fight the cheese with all my heart. I consider it the height of stupidity and nonsense to bring such an argument as that against us while we are advocating the disease of intoxicating liquor as a beverage. We do not seek to take it away from you; we want you to be made so far acquainted with the evils of drink that with your heart and soul, and in the large-hearted exercise of self-denying benevolence you will give up for the sake of others. That is the grand principle on which we base our appeal, and it is the highest principle.

There are no heroes in this world who are selfish and mean. Meanness and selfishness are no elements of heroism. True heroism is to do for others, to work for others, to sacrifice for others—that is true heroism. All the world's heroes may proclaim their greatness; but He who spoke as never man spoke, tells us "I came to seek and to save that which was lost." Reverently we ask: By what means? By giving Himself a sacrifice for them. Competitors for heroism fix your eyes there; and take your rank according to the most magnificent standard of heroism the universe has ever gazed upon. We are ready to acknowledge such heroism.—J. B. Gough.

The London Economist has compiled a table indicating the extent of Great Britain's investments in colonial securities. From this it appears that the government loans to colonies amount to £230,800,000; investments in railway, provincial, city, harbor gas, £173,800,000; banking, mortgage and agency, £287,000,000; other investments, £145,900,000; making a total investment of £744,000,000 on which interest is received annually to the amount of £34,708,000. Of this enormous total the economist estimates that there is invested in Canada, £235,000,000 of government loans; £65,000,000 in railways, provincial, city, harbor and gas; £10,000,000 in banking mortgage and agency; £25,000,000 in other investments; making a total of £135,000,000, on which interest to the amount of £5,275,000 is received annually. This statement, if true, shows that over \$65,000,000 of British capital is at present invested in Canada at remunerative rates of interest.

Maciver & Barclay, stock brokers, Montreal, suspended payment Friday. The announcement caused a panic on the market. They state the decline in telegraph stock and a few losses through clients is the cause of the suspension. Their loss on telegraph alone would be about \$80,000, and their total loss will exceed \$100,000.



CHIGNECTO POST.

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 18.—NO. 7.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1887.

WHOLE NO. 893.

The Largest Farm in the World.

In the extreme south-west corner of Louisiana lies the largest producing farm in the world. It runs 100 miles north and south and 231 miles east and west, and is owned and operated by a syndicate of northern capitalists. Their general manager, Mr. J. B. Watkins, gives an interesting account of this gigantic plantation, which throws the great Dalmatian farm in Dakota in the shade completely.

"The 1,500,000 acres of our tract," Mr. Watkins said, "was purchased in 1884 from the state of Louisiana and from the United States Government. At that time it was a vast grazing land for the cattle of a few dealers in the neighborhood. When I took possession I found over 30,000 head of half wild horses and cattle. My work was to divide the immense tract into convenient pastures, establishing stations and ranches every six miles. The fencing alone cost in the neighborhood of \$50,000. The land I found to be the best adapted to rice, sugar, corn and cotton. All our cultivating, ditching, etc., is done by steam power. We take a tract, say a mile wide for instance, and place an engine on each side. The engines are portable and operate a cable attached to four ploughs, and under this arrangement we are able to plough thirty acres a day with only the labour of three men. Our harvesting, planting and other cultivation is done in a like manner; in fact, there is not a single draught horse on the entire place.

"We have, of course, herds for the herders of cattle, of which we now have 10,000 head. The Southern Pacific Railway runs for thirty miles through our farm. We have three steamboats operating on the waters of our own estate, upon which there are 300 miles of navigable waters. We have an ice house, a bank, a ship yard and a rice mill."

—St. Louis Republic.

Varieties.

Garnets are becoming fashionable. The crest-shaped bonnet has reappeared. The real genuine, old time alpaca has come back to favor. All yellow flowers are in fashion, and the traditional holds first rank. The newest sunshades shown in England have handles a yard and a quarter long. Seventy-two yards of lace can be gathered into the lace collar and the white necktie.

Spice of the efforts of fashion designers, dressmakers, and milliners, heliograph is not a popular color, it is "trying" to almost every variety of complexion. From an old bachelor's album—"It's too soon to marry when one is young, and too late when one is old. The interval may profitably be devoted to reflection."

A gentleman, after a farewell dinner party at his club, joined his wife on the steamer that was to sail in the early morning, taking the upper berth. Suddenly his wife, in the lower berth, and those in the adjoining staterooms alarmed by his exclamations of "Franken-ton!" "I've got 'em! I've got 'em! Black things are crawling all over me!" "Go to sleep and you'll be all right," sternly replied his better half; but by this time he had been to a a light sleep, and was snoring.

The North Sydney Herald says:—It is stated that an unusually large crop of tramps have made their appearance in Nova Scotia from the United States since the warm weather set in. As they are reported to be of the very worst type, the authorities should take steps wherever they make their appearance, to exterminate them.

The whiskey level is \$900,000,000 annually. The Internal Revenue tax on tobacco in New York alone in 1879 exceeded \$7,000,000. For liquor and tobacco 255 times as much is annually spent as for missions.—Crisis of Nations.

The traffic returns of the Canadian Pacific Railway for last week were \$235,000, as against \$204,000 for the corresponding period last year, showing an increase of \$31,000 for this year.

Warren Oliver, who, some time ago, entered into a contract to build the Albert Southern Railway, and had to suspend operations on it, has resumed work with a small force of men.

The Woudside refinery, Halifax, was offered for sale by auction on Tuesday. There were no bidders and the property was finally knocked down to the trustees for \$190,000.

A Bitter Compliment.

"Insults are hard to bear, but there are some compliments which are worse than any insult," said a veteran Italian patriot, who had shared the counsels of Mazzini, dined with Count Cavour, and talked with Garibaldi upon the most famous of his countless battle-fields.

"I suppose you mean," suggested I, "the kind of compliment that a French wit paid to an enemy who had come and scribbled 'Cognin' (blackguard) upon his door one night with a piece of chalk. Next morning the wit went to the fellow's house, and said, in the politest way possible, 'Monsieur, you left your name at my door last night, and I have come to return the visit.'"

"It was certainly two-edged courtesy," replied Signor S., smiling grimly; "but I think I can match it from my own experience. A good many years ago, in the evil days before King Bomba was overthrown and Italy freed, one of the King's Ministers—a rascal who had been stealing the public money with both hands ever since he first came into office—was rewarded for his services (whatever they may have been) by being decorated with the cross of the Italian order. On the day he received it he found among his letters a small plain envelope, addressed in a handwriting which he well knew.

"Meaning your own, I presume," Signor S. said.

"We won't mention any names," answered the old gentleman, with a sly twinkle in his large black eyes. "The envelope, when opened, contained nothing but an Italian quatraine, which, if translated into English, might run somewhat as follows:—

"Thieves upon crosses fixed to be in rude old times did law condemn; In this enlightened age we see The crosses fixed on them."

—DAVID KER, in the Editor's Drawer of Harper's Magazine for July.

It has been discovered that pain is an efficient antidote to opium. To inflict this without subsequent injury it is suggested that winding twine several times tightly around the phalanx of the finger and tying it will give pain not unlike a patient on each finger. Rouse the patient occasionally to take some water if possible. Keep the strings on until the complaints of pain in one of the fingers—find out which one, remove that string, and so on until the last one shall be off, and you will have saved a human life. Very few persons need die from even a very large dose of opium if seen in time to apply the requisite pain to counteract it.

The Rev. Reginald Heber Starr, D. D., nephew of the late George H. Starr, of this city, lately of the diocese of Ontario, and now of the Protestant Episcopal church of the United States, is one of the many spoken of as a desirable candidate for the vacant diocese of Nova Scotia. Mr. Starr, who is a D. D. of Trinity College, Toronto, is said to possess every qualification necessary for this important office.—Halifax Herald.

Black and gold-striped hosiery bought in Europe have, according to the doctors, caused the death of Daniel B. Alger of Bronxville, N. Y. The first produced inflammation, with suppurating blisters, on the foot, and the doctor of Bright's disease, followed, ending his life after a week's sickness.

The surprising fact is noted that while the Wesleyan Church in Great Britain had 1,970 ministers, it had 24,579 lay class leaders and 15,000 local preachers last year, so that the greater part of its pastoral and preaching work is done by laymen—and none the less effective work for that.

The St. John Globe reports lobster fishing along the Bay of Fundy shows as extra good this year, and large quantities of lobsters are being caught and forwarded to the American market. Last week the Belvidere Brothers captured about 120 tons in two nights.

William Hall, manager of the Spring Hill mines, who has just made a tour of Cape Breton, says "the island is nothing but a bed of valuable minerals, and all that is wanted is capital to make it one of the greatest mining countries in the world."

The Spring Hill News, alluding to the Episcopal church bazaar held last week in Spring Hill, says: "During the last few months this publishing concern has liquidated nearly \$1,000 of their church debt. It is now time to take a breath."

Stipendiary Halifax has fined the drivers of the Moffat street cars for doing "servile labor" on the Sabbath, in violation of the statute for the better observance of the Lord's day. The railway company have appealed to the county court.

They had a "cleaning up" at the Cowan Mine, N.S., on Thursday, and 25 ounces of gold were obtained from one ton of quartz from the new swamp land, or about \$500 as the product of six men's work for 8 days.

At a recent meeting of the law students of St. John, one of the brave sons of the Green Erin proposed to have the ceiling of their hall whitewashed green in honor of Old Ireland.

Kissed by Their Wives.

In an article on "kissing," a subject which has some interest for women, an English writer relates how an English duke who had married his third wife, was one day surprised as he entered the drawing-room, dressed for some state ceremonial, by his spouse throwing her arms about his neck and kissing him. "Madam," said he, in the chilliest of tones, "my first wife was a Howard, my second wife was a Pembroke, and, madame, neither of them ever dared attempt such a liberty." A story is told in the "Morning Advertiser" that the publisher of Edinburgh, about a minister who presented his wife's kissing him, not on account of his offended dignity, but on account of the day on which the expression was made. The Rev. J. A. Oshorn, of Leith, was a man of extreme solemnity of demeanor. On one sacramental morning his wife, being desirous of having him nicely groomed for the occasion, had his hair well brushed, his shirt white as snow, and his hands hanging handsomely on his breast; and when she surveyed her husband man she was delighted with his appearance that he was decorated with the cross of the Italian order. Thereupon the Rev. John was so offended by this carnal proceeding that he debarred his wife from the sacrament that day.

Fifty Millions Lost Annually.

Facts in possession of the Government show that the loss of farm animals from contagious diseases exceeds fifty million dollars annually and that this enormous loss falls almost wholly upon farmers and poultry raisers, the loss from chicken cholera alone being almost beyond belief. Cases are mentioned where whole townships have been swept by chicken cholera and tens of thousands of fowl lost at one outbreak. In the case of pneumonia and hog cholera, no absolute remedy has yet been discovered, and in the case of chicken cholera and all diseases of chickens an unfailing remedy has been discovered. This powder was made by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. It is sold by all druggists. Price 31¢ per box, 60¢ per dozen.

For sale at Lowest Market Rates by

M. WOOD & SONS.
Sackville, April 13, 1887. 3m

PHOTOGRAPHER.

Office, next Baptist Church, AMHERST, N. S.

IT affords us much pleasure to know that the work of our well known paper is ever coming to the front, from the fact of our constant increase of business and the numerous flattering testimonies we receive from all parts of the country. Customers can rely on having the best of attention paid to their orders, both in price, quality and style.

A sample show case of our pictures can be seen at Mr. G. J. Trauman's Grocery Store, Music Block.

Our stock of Picture Frames and Mountings is large. Wholesale or retail at catalogue prices. feb10

BEST ON EARTH

SURPRISE SOAP

THE GREAT SELF WASHING TRY IT. A marvel of economy and quality. Never varies. The perfect and best for all purposes. Cleanses and whitens without injury to hands or clothing. Cleanses and whitens without injury to hands or clothing. Cleanses and whitens without injury to hands or clothing.

—Oliver D. Smith, a rather well-to-do farmer, of Harwood Creek, in the county of Cumberland, suddenly and mysteriously disappeared last December. The neighbors divided the personal property, and now Smith's brother Robert, from Boston, believes that his brother has been taken away from his small crops when their chicks were but three weeks old. E. S. HULL, Asst. P. M.

The Methodist Camp Meeting Association of Nova Scotia, intending to hold its annual gathering in a well-known grounds, at Berwick, on Wednesday, the 27th July until about Thursday, the 4th August. An additional attraction will be found in a new feature to be introduced, viz: A Holiness Association day, a Missionary day, a Children's day, a Temperance day.

Scrofula

Is one of the most fatal scourges which afflict mankind. It is often inherited, but may be the result of improper vaccination, mercurial poisoning, uncleanness, and various other causes. Chronic Sores, Ulcers, Abscesses, Cancerous Humors, and, in some cases, Emaciation and Consumption, result from a scrofulous condition of the blood. This disease can be cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Entirely Cured. For the past year, have not found it necessary to use any medicine whatever. Am now in better health, and stronger, than ever before.—O. A. Willard, 218 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Some months ago I was troubled with Scrofulous Sores on my leg. The limb was swollen and painful, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy failed, until I used Ayer's Sarsaparilla. By taking three bottles of this medicine the sores healed, and my blood and my health were fully restored. I am grateful for the cure this medicine has done me.—Mrs. Anna O'Brien, 125 Sullivan St., New York.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists. Price 31¢ per bottle, 60¢ per dozen.

Grass Seeds, Seed Wheat, &c.

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE:
125 BUS. Canadian and Western Timothy Seed;
1250 lbs. Western and Vermont Red Clover Seed;
600 lbs. Alaska and White Clover Seed;
White Russian and White Field Wheat.

Sugar, Molasses, Flour, &c.

1 car load Standard Granulated Sugar;
1 car load Refined Sugar;
20 cases Barbours and Cienfuegos Molasses;
10 cases American W. M. Kerosene Oil;
Flour—Classic, Anchor, Stockwell, &c.;
Royal House Oatmeal, Corn Meal;
Beans, Pot Barley, Soaps;
Dried and Pickled Fish;
Choice Liverpool Salt;
Blue Butter Salt, &c., &c.

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Legal.

T. A. WELLING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
BAIR VERTIE, N. B.

R. BARRY SMITH,
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary,
Main Street, - Moncton, N. B.

A. D. RICHARD, LL. B.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Notary Public, &c., &c.
DORCHESTER, N. B.

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Claims promptly collected. 72
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Office: In Office of the late Hon. E. B. Chandler at Dorchester, N. B.

All legal business will receive prompt attention.

Legal Co-Partnership.

WE the undersigned have this day entered into a Partnership for the purpose of conducting a Law Office at Sackville, N. B., and at all places where the undersigned may be called upon to appear, and to act as Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c., and to do all such business as may be required of them in connection with the above, and to share equally in the profits and losses of the same.

Witness our hands and seals this 1st day of January, 1887.

W. WILKINSON WELLS, DAVID J. WELCH.
SACKVILLE, N. B.

WELLS & WELCH,

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors,
Notaries and Conveyancers.
Offices: Dorchester and Moncton, N. B.

Business Cards.

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J. L. BENT,
Licensed Auctioneer,
SACKVILLE, N. B. feb14

W. E. LAWRENCE,
Licensed Auctioneer.
Produce sold on Consignment.
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J. R. WOODBURN & CO.
Were awarded the ONLY MEXAL given for
CONFECTIONERY
At Dominion & Centennial Exhibition.
Samples now on view in our Warehouses. An inspection is invited.

DOCK STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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IF you want your Land Surveyed, a Plan Prepared, a Deed Written, or an Account Collected, apply to
C. E. LUND,
Sackville, - - N. B.
Office at present in dwelling house.

The St. John Bolt and Nut Company's
MANUFACTURED BY
Track Bolts, Car Bolts,
Machine Bolts, Bridge Bolts, Slag Bolts,
Turnbolts, Lagbolts, Flatbolts, Washers,
Chargers Bolts, Boiler Bolts, Wharfbolts,
Hot Bolts and Pressed Square and Hexagon Nuts.
ALL KINDS OF
Railway, Mining and Builders' Supplies.
Factory ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.
Solely by

H. V. GRIFFIN
HAVING completed the alterations in his Store he is now fully prepared to supply his customers with reliable Goods in his line. Choice selection of
NEW GOODS
In Watches and Jewellery, Fine Gold Rings in plain and fancy designs, and all the latest novelties.
Solely Diamond Rings.
5 cases Reed & Barton's Silverware,
including all the newest designs.
10 cases American Clocks,
Agents for the celebrated Landon, Field and Owen Clocks. Fine Watch Repairing a specialty.
All Goods guaranteed as represented.
T. H. GRIFFIN.
Amherst, N. S., Dec. 8, 1886.

LARGE CROPS!

Farmers, to secure large crops, should use the
FERTILIZERS
MANUFACTURED BY
JACK & BELL
AT THE
Chemical Fertilizer Works, Halifax, N. S.

These Fertilizers start the plants early and vigorously, and supply them with nutriment all through the season. They enrich the land. They turn it into profitable soil. They give you more crops than you could otherwise get. They are the best of years of use by our own farmers. feb14

S. B. ANDRES,

Marble, Freestone & Granite Works,
AMHERST, N. S.

On Hand, a Choice Lot of Monuments, Tablets and Head-Stones of New and Elegant Designs.

The subscriber has taken pains in the selection of the purest Quality of Stock for Durability and Fineness of Texture, and is prepared to attend to orders to the satisfaction of all who may favor him with their patronage.

Designs furnished on application free of charge.

E. E. BLISS,
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TELEPHONES!

HAVING entered upon the manufacture of all forms of TELEPHONIC APPARATUS we are prepared to make arrangements for installing Telephone Exchanges. We will also furnish instruments for private lines.

Our new Telephone embodies improvements never before introduced (all of which are thoroughly protected), and is distinguished by its simplicity, never before attained. Correspondence solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

—In about a week Hon. G. S. Turner is to launch the 200 ton schooner which he is building for Mr. Buck, of Dorchester.

Medical.

DR. C. T. WEEKS,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office: At Ephraim Allen's,
BAYFIELD, N. B.

O. J. McCULLY, M. A., M. D.,
Memb. Roy. Col. Surg., Eng.
Specialty, Diseases of Eye, Ear & Throat.
Office: Corner of Main & Church Sts.,
MONCTON, N. B.

DR. HEWSON,
Surgeon Dentist.
OFFICE: MR. JOHN BELL'S BUILDING,
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Office Hours—9 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M.

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Special attention given to Dentistry in all its branches.

Office over Amherst Drug Store, may26

DR. E. T. GAUDET,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office: Opposite St. Joseph's College,
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Special attention given to Diseases of the Eye and Ear.

DR. J. W. SANGSTER,

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Office: Opposite BUSINESS HOUSE,
SACKVILLE, N. B.

SPECIAL attention given to preserving the Natural Teeth. No charge for consultation, or for X-ray Teeth, or for artificial ones, or for operations carefully and skillfully performed. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Office Hours—9 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M.

APPLE TREES.

THE subscribers have for sale at their Nursery, near Colborne Cypre Mills, Dorchester, a large number of choice APPLE TREES, of varieties best adapted to this climate. The trees are all of native growth, and are guaranteed to give better satisfaction than stock raised in warmer localities. Prices on application. Orders by mail carefully filled.

A discount of 20 per cent. will be given to purchasers who personally take their trees from the Nursery.

GEORGE KING & CO.,
Dorchester, Cypre Mills, Oct. 6th, 1886.

WE WANT POTATOES.

WE handled 50,000 Bushels Potatoes last season and made money for our Shippers, having decided to sell in small lots from Store, to get out-hand prices, we want a few more good shippers. Write us and ship to

HATHEWAY & CO.,
General Commission Dealers,
22 Central Wharf, Boston.
Members Chamber Commerce. Established 1873

CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., JULY 7, 1887.

The New York Legislature has prohibited the use of stoves in passenger cars.

Reports from Newfoundland picture a gloomy outlook for the fisheries and crops there.

An order-in-council has been passed dissolving the Manitoba railway bill, and has been forwarded to the Governor-General for his approval.

The Mexican Minister at Honolulu writes that the outbreak on the Sandwich Islands is very serious and that reports of bloodshed may be expected by the next steamer. He says a revolution is in progress and the overthrow of King Kalakaua is a certainty.

Rumors are again afloat to the effect that Mr. Gladstone intends making a visit to America. Coupled with them are hints that the chief object of Blaine's trip to London is to induce the venerable statesman to cross the Atlantic.

John Bright has written a letter in which he says Ireland is not neglected, but that the good measures in relation to that country, passed since 1880, have been obstructed by a conspiracy deriving its funds and inspiration from American enemies.

Lord Salisbury announced on the 2nd inst. that the Anglo-Turkish convention in reference to Egypt had not been ratified by Turkey and that Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, special British commissioner, has been instructed to leave Constantinople.

Hon. Edward Blake continues to improve in health. His contemplated visit to England and Manitoba will, it is said, be abandoned owing to the trial of the petition against his election in West Durham, which comes off early in September.

Queen Victoria declares that never in her long life have two men treated her more shabbily than Mr. Gladstone and Lord Randolph Churchill. It comes out now that Lord C. wrote his recent resignation while a guest of the Queen, and that he actually used Windsor Castle note paper.

Rt. Hon. Viscount Kimberley, ex-Vice Chamberlain, and at present a Liberal member of the House of Commons for South Somersetshire, is arranging to send land to investigate for themselves the condition of the Irish laborers and report the truth, as the deputation find it, to the laborers of Great Britain.

A London despatch of the 5th inst. says: Sir James Ferguson announced in the House of Commons, to-day, that the Anglo-Turkish convention in relation to Egypt had not yet been ratified by the Porte. He stated that England would grant no postponement of signing the convention by Turkey beyond to-day.

The Queen laid the foundation stone of the Imperial Institute building on Monday last, accompanied by the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Teck, the Duke of Devon, Prince Henry of Battenberg, Duke and Duchess of Connaught, and many other notable persons. Twenty thousand persons were present.

The Halifax Herald says: Sir Charles Tupper, accompanied by Lady Tupper, his son, W. J. Tupper, and his private secretary, C. C. Chipman, arrived here from Ottawa Saturday. We understand that Sir Charles has definitely decided to sail for England from Rimouski in the Allan royal mail steamship Sardinian on the 14th inst. During his absence we believe that he will transact business in London connected with the finance department, the portfolio of which he retains, and supervise the office of the high commissioner on the 14th inst. We further understand that Sir Charles expects to return to the Dominion early in October next.

Forty years ago the Canadian Government complained of the shipment to Canada of Irish emigrants stricken with disease and unable to support themselves. It was the year of the "ship fever," and fifty-thousand victims roared in agony in the Roman Catholic church-yard in Toronto. It seems that Irish paupers are again being shipped to Canada for the purpose of relieving the local rates of the burden of their maintenance. Inevitably paupers are likely to become a charge to any country where they may happen to be; if these Irish paupers must be a burden to somebody, it would most fittingly fall on the country that gave them birth. We need not wonder that the United States protests against this form of present, and we should be sorry if the necessity should arise for Canada to protest too.

A rose-colored account of the North-west is given by the Rev. Andrew Baird, Presbyterian minister, of Edmonton. Of oats he gives an instance in which 110 bushels of grain are alleged to have been grown; wheat is put at 40 bushels; "cattle grow fat roaming knee-deep in the luxuriant prairie grasses during the summer." Grass is to be had for nothing, and butter brings 40 cents a lb. Farmers are not yet able to supply the home demand, including supplies for the mounted police, Indians and Hudson Bay traders. Flour and bacon are still imported. Potatoes sell for 50 cents a bushel and oats for 60. Steamers from the North Saskatchewan and the Athabasca river, besides flat bottomed boats on the former. Mr. Baird thinks that, on the whole, the outlook for the settlers on the Saskatchewan is a very hopeful one.

THE FARMERS AND COMMERCIAL UNION.

Some of our contemporaries have of late been publishing, with great apparent satisfaction, reports of meetings of farmers' clubs in the Upper Provinces, in which resolutions were adopted in favor of closer trade relations with the United States. It is not at all remarkable that farmers in any country should be anxious to improve their markets, or should be willing to adopt any number of resolutions that they supposed might have a tendency to better their condition, but it is worthy of note that while some Canadian farmers have voted in favor of "closer trade relations" none have yet been found ready to publicly adopt the principle of Commercial Union. It does not appear, however, that the farmers of the Upper Provinces are united in their desire for free trade with our neighbors, for at a recent meeting of the Dundas County Farmers Institute the following resolution was carried by a large majority, an amendment in favor of commercial union being defeated.

1. That it is in the interests of the farming community to give reasonable encouragement to other industries as will tend to increase the consuming population and furnish an enlarged market for the surplus produce of the country.

2. That it is desirable to promote trade with all foreign countries, especially such as do not produce a sufficient food supply for themselves.

3. That while it would be desirable, and in some respects in the interests of the Canadian farmer, to secure greater freedom of trade with the United States, the similarity of the surplus products of the two countries renders it improbable that any considerable advantage would result. The abrogation of the Reciprocity treaty in 1886, by stimulating our people to seek direct trade with the consumers instead of shipping through American channels, has been advantageous rather than injurious to the farmers in this part of Canada.

4. That no arrangement whereby we would yield control of our foreign trade or internal taxation, or that would interfere with our right to make treaties with such countries as might afford a market for our surplus produce, would be acceptable to the farmers of Canada.

5. That we desire to enter an earnest protest against the continued disparagement of the farmers of this country, now so commonly indulged in by professional friends, and to express the belief that they are not inferior to those of any other country.

The farmers of Dundas County appear to take a practical common-sense view of the situation, and evidently have not been unduly troubled by the clap-net about unrestricted trade with sixty millions of people. They are probably aware that under the most favorable conditions only a very small fraction of the population of the United States will ever buy the products of Canada, and that even if they were to be alive to the importance of building up a home market by giving aid and encouragement to manufacturing industries.

It is well for Canadian farmers to give thought to any other subject carefully and intelligently, but it is quite another thing to lend themselves to the adoption of resolutions which may be prepared by interested persons for political effect.

WHAT ARE THE FACTS?

The last issue of the Boston *Provincetown* contains under the above heading an article which should be carefully read and pondered by all Provincetown who think of making their homes in the United States or who take delight in disparaging their native country. The question as to the advantages of living in the United States over those of residence in the Provinces is fairly put, and those who glow over the exodus from this country and point to the deserted farms as an indication of wisdom, will find that there is another side to the picture. The *Provincetown*, speaking of the young people who leave their Provincial homes to seek employment in "the States," very pertinently remarks:—"But to these young people, the States mean a very low center of business, and outside of these centers there are as many deserted and tenanted houses, and as great a dearth of young people, in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and other New England States as can be found in the Maritime Provinces, and in other parts of the population. 'Take Massachusetts, even—the Mecca for most Provincetowns—and two evils are met by all,—intensely close competition in cities, and no business in the country. The exceptions to this are about the same in the two countries under comparison.' Our contemporaries tell us who doubt this to 'take a trip on Cape Cod, or down New Bedford way or through the central and western countries of the State' and after pointing out the decay of Fairhaven and Nantucket, adds: 'There are thousands of deserted farms in New England to-day—the owners having moved to Boston or other large cities.'"

The *Provincetown* then goes on to show that the only difference between the two countries lies in the concentration of capital and the enterprise of the capitalists. Apart from financial considerations, it says, there are no advantages whatever in a residence in the States, but many disadvantages. The average of human life is much lower than in the Provinces and the educational advantages as a whole are inferior. The average religious life of the Provinces is superior to that of the States, and the same is equally true of the natural advantages, according to our contemporaries, the Provinces have decidedly the best of it, and in its opinion "the cry of a few unthinking people, that annexation would help the Provinces, is nonsense. Nine-tenths of the States in this Republic are as badly

off, or even worse off. That they belong to the United States does not help them a particle." No doubt if the real sentiments of thousands of self-exiled Provincetowns could be obtained they would corroborate the views so clearly and forcibly expressed by the paper which bears their name.

WHO IS AFRAID?

Our Conscript fathers of the County Municipality have been deliberating in council whether it is better to pay Mr. Gallagher \$400 damages for turning him out of the valuatorship or fight, and they have decided to fight. If they showed little wisdom in their preliminary transactions with Mr. Gallagher they compensate for it by exhibiting real grit in fighting him off—a virtue that is perhaps a little tempered by the fact that the fighting is done at the expense of the taxpayers.

If they are to be applauded for resisting Mr. Gallagher's demands on the County Treasury their praises should have been more loudly sounded had they acted with due caution and circumspection in the beginning as became the rulers of this noble county.

A sort of disposition has been manifested to shield the act of the Council in displacing Mr. Gallagher, by the statement that it was done on the advice of Mr. Emmerson. Whatever advice Mr. Emmerson did give, it appears it was not paid for, nor was any fee offered him, and hence, at worst, the advice was equal to the pay for it. It also appears that Mr. Emmerson took all the pains and trouble in examining, into authorities and looking up the law that was paid for. No money could have been expected. Mr. D. L. Hanington gave a contrary opinion, which was also not paid for. Now it is a cold day when an eager engineer after legal information cannot get two opinions that are contradictory at Dorchester Corner.

Mr. Hanington had his revenge. Not having been fed by the Council he was free to be retained by Mr. Gallagher, and he applied to the Supreme Court and obtained a writ to quash the proceedings stripping Gallagher of the powers and emoluments of Valuator. He is now on deck, calling upon the Council to make good the costs of *certiorari* and damages.

The interest of the taxpayers clearly required the Council to call upon Mr. Emmerson to make good the \$400. Motives of economy would, no doubt, have prompted this course; but, unfortunately, and this is Mr. Emmerson's revenge—not having paid him a fee, there was none of that consideration that lawyers say is necessary to the validity of a contract—it was a *nudum pactum*, and they cannot fall back on him, further than to shake their heads towards his new double-story handsome life office, in sorrow and indignation, and Mr. Emmerson, sitting at his desk, can shake his head back in derision and ask if he can afford to expound his best No. 1 advice at dead head rates to dead head clients. In the mean time the fight goes on. The Attorney General, Dr. Barker, and Mr. Wells have given good advice that Mr. Gallagher has no claim on the county for damages. Mr. Hanington gives good advice that he is not afraid of the issue is to be fought out. The former gentlemen are apparently satisfied as to the responsibility and paying capabilities of the County of Westmorland. They are not afraid. Mr. Hanington never said that Mr. Gallagher is not afraid. The Council is not afraid. Who, then, is afraid?

—During the year there have been at attendance at Halifax Institution for the deaf and dumb, 69 pupils, 40 boys and 29 girls; 48 being from Nova Scotia, 13 from New Brunswick, 7 from P. E. Island and 6 from Newfoundland. The Nova Scotia 43 are from the following counties: Richmond 4, Pictou 3, Colchester 7, Shelburne 6, Queens 1, Lunenburg 1, Annapolis 3, Digby 3, Cumberland 2, Hants 6, Guysboro 1, Halifax 5, Yarmouth 2. The institution is in a flourishing condition under the efficient management of Mr. J. Scott Hutton.

—There will be a series of big events in Halifax in the middle of August. The new bishop will be consecrated and the corner stone of the new quarter million dollar cathedral laid on August 12th. The jubilee yacht races take place on the 16th and 17th, and trotting and running races on the riding grounds 18th and 19th. There will also be cricket and base ball matches, a grand public concert, etc.

—A correspondent writing to the *Post* from New York says: A party of travellers arrived here from Hong Kong a few days ago, who made the passage in twenty days from the Pacific steamers and Railway. This is the quickest passage ever made. One of the party, an American, says the C. P. R. is the best equipped road on the continent.

—Mr. C. R. Burgess will launch from his yard at Kingsport, N. S., to-day the largest ship, next to the W. D. Lawrence, ever built in Nova Scotia. She is 27½ feet keel, 24 feet hold and 42 feet beam. She will register 2070 tons.

—Mr. Rouvier, Premier and Minister of Finance, France, has prepared a budget for presentation to the Chamber of Deputies. It will show a saving of 15,000,000 francs over last budget.

—Reports from the Northwest state they have had another rainfall extending along the line of the C. P. R. for about a thousand miles, further greatly improving prospects.

The gold mining property known as the Hall Owen's property, at Celestia, was sold last week to an American company for \$25,000, says the *Annapolis Spectator*.

The Chignecto Ship Railway.

(From the *Moncton Times*.)

The leading factor in the large fortunes and enormous accumulation of wealth that have marked the past half century, is the application of steam to transportation. By it remote and uninhabited regions have become seats of population, wealth and industrial activity. Whatever promises to facilitate intercourse with secluded territories and give a market value to their products, tends to give a value to the territories themselves that they did not before possess. For nearly a century our public men have discussed one plan and another for the purpose of uniting the extensive territories bordering on the Gulf of St. Lawrence on closer terms with the continent south by a short cut via the Isthmus of Chignecto—the Nova Scotia Peninsula standing as an insuperable barrier to anything like general communication by water.

The Bay Verte Canal, long advocated and adopted as part of the late John A. Macdonald's plan, received its quietus at the hands of the late John A. Macdonald, chairman of the canal commission of 1875, who reported that the railway development of late years had rendered it unnecessary and also that the distance saved to St. John was only 225 miles. His report was very generally considered conclusive at the time, but since then his facts and conclusions have been proved largely fallacious. On so important a matter as distance he was in error no less than 275 miles—the actual distance saved being over 500 miles. No one who considers the enormous extension of late years of the coastwise tonnage of both United States and Canada can conclude that the days of water carriage have come to an end. However, the distance saved by the proposed canal is not the only consideration having confidence in the commercial advantages of giving the north shore a "short cut" to the country south, subsidized an undertaking to construct a ship railway, with \$170,000,000, it being estimated that the cost of such a work would cost about a fourth of a canal, and at a less cost to the country. The work has actually been commenced, and the government, by a stringent clause in the contract between the company and the government, the former have not been able to float their bonds, and consequently no progress is at present being made with the work of construction.

Mr. H. G. C. Ketchum, the leading promoter of the enterprise, has published a pamphlet bristling with facts and arguments gathered from all sources, bearing on the commercial aspects of the scheme, as well as the feasibility of the work, as an engineering work. Leaving the latter part of the question with experts, we must say that strongly as he puts the advantages, he has not overestimated the enormous benefits that manifestly would result to the maritime provinces, by what would practically be extending the Bay Fundy into the Gulf and making their one continuous sea, in close juxtaposition to the Atlantic cities and ports. The opening of the ports immediately interested by the trade and navigation returns of June 30th, 1886, was over 8,000,000 tons. Of this, nearly 5,000,000 tons are reported at the close of the year as a small percentage of this 5,000,000 tons finds its way into the Bay Fundy or on the coast south, whereas two-thirds of the foreign tonnage of the Bay of Fundy is with the country south of the Gulf. Only one vessel, that of the five millions of gold trade, has the same geographical advantage that the Bay of Fundy trade has, its upstage south would be numbered by millions, instead of being practically nil as at present. The ship railway contemplated giving to the trade of the Gulf that geographical position as far as may be. Instead, however, of millions of tons being required to make the undertaking a success, 600,000 tons is placed as sufficient to yield revenue to pay working expenses and pay a handsome interest.

Public Opinion on the Chignecto Ship Railway.

(St. John Telegraph.)

Such is the title of an interesting pamphlet just published by Mr. H. G. C. Ketchum, G. R. Wells, the well-known ship railway promoter. The pamphlet gives a great deal of valuable material of testimony to the commercial value of the work of connecting the Bay of Fundy with the Gulf of St. Lawrence. A number of these valuable testimonials are given, as the time they were given, to the proposed Bay Verte Canal, but are equally applicable to the isthmian ship railway; the practicability and utility of which have been endorsed by the highest engineering authorities. The opinions have been given by those of the highest rank, members of the commonsense, leading newspapers of different provinces in Canada and of the United States, civil engineers, board of trade, canal commissioners, shippers, manufacturers and others.

There is throughout a general consensus of judgment that the work must be of the highest advantage to the general trade of Canada, as well as, in a less degree, to the adjoining republic, and that it would be a special benefit to St. John and other ports in the bay, and to Prince Edward Island and the Gulf Ports.

An estimate of traffic which will follow the construction of the ship railway is given, and is supported by valuable independent testimony, sufficient to form a practicable guarantee of the paying character of the work. We believe it to be a work of the highest interest to St. John, and affording more immediate promise for our trade than any other scheme now before the public. No city of the Dominion is so situated to draw advantage from the construction of this work as St. John. And just now we especially feel the need of any new

openings or improvements that may better our commercial position.

The Ontario government should take hold of this work, by guarantee or otherwise, to secure the money for its immediate construction. Their lavish expenditure for the few thousands of people in British Columbia, the Northwest, and the world, at an early date, be undertaken by the government. The canal having been abandoned and the ship railway chartered in its stead, it is surely not too much to ask, after waiting twenty years, that the general government should assist the enterprising projector of the present scheme in such a manner as may secure its completion.

Personal.

—Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Schreiber met at Amherst to-morrow, the Hon. David S. D. S. has received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Cambridge University.

—Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, Minister of Justice, is in Digby county at present.

—The famous king, Otto of Bavaria, will probably be dethroned at the next session of parliament and the crown given to the regent.

—The *British Medical Journal* says that Dr. Morell Mackenzie has removed almost all the fungus growth in the throat of the German Crown Prince.

—Archibald Nelson, formerly proprietor of the International Hotel, (now Queen Hotel) Halifax, died Monday morning. He leaves a property valued at \$200,000.

—Mr. George S. Campbell, of Halifax, was married in London on the 18th of June, to Helen, eldest daughter of the late David Kennedy, the well-known Scotch vocalist.

—Mr. P. W. Nicholson of Windsor, N. S., a graduate of Mt. Allison, has graduated with classic honors at Harvard, standing third on the honor list. Mr. Nicholson wins a valuable scholarship.

—Jacob Shipp, whose trial on the charge of bribing the alderman to grant him the Broadway street railway charter has attracted so much attention in New York, has been found guilty.

—Prince Albert Victor laid the foundation-stone of a new wing of the hospital for incurables at Donnybrook last week and was fairly well received, there being but few hostile cheers.

—It is expected that the interesting case of George J. Bliss vs. Rev. G. G. Roberts rector of Fredericton, will come up for hearing before Judge Palmer at the Chambers in St. John on Tuesday next.

—A farewell dinner was given to Professor Tyndall, last week on the occasion of his retirement from the Royal Institute. Prof. Stokes presided, and Lord Derby and Lytton and many other distinguished persons were present.

—The forthcoming marriage of the Emperor of China is officially announced. His wife has been selected. The festivities will cost \$1,000,000. Numerous changes are expected in the Imperial Government.

—Captain and Mrs. Bates, nee Miss Annie Swan, of New Ann, the world's two great giants, will shortly visit Nova Scotia for the purpose of recuperating Mrs. Bates' health. They will spend a week at Mrs. Bates' residence.

—The Halliburton (Kings College) prize of \$20, donated by Mr. J. V. Ellis, M. E. S. John, has been awarded to A. B. Murray, Shubenich. His essay was "The Question of the Maritime Provinces," and the prize will be \$30, and the subject of the essay, History of King's College, 1788-1888.

—Messrs. Sexton, MacDonald, and Jones, who attended a meeting in Phoenix last Sunday to protest against the exclusion of Mr. Sexton from the lord majority of Dublin. Sexton received the unanimous support of the meeting. He declared he acted in accordance with the wishes of the people, and that he would not be defeated by the Parnellites.

At the last official meeting of the Methodist Church in this place the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Whereas this is the last meeting of the Quarterly Official Board to be held during the incumbency of our present beloved Superintendent, the Rev. Richard W. Weidell, B. A., we desire to give expression to our warmest wishes for his joy to him, and to place on record our warm appreciation of his faithfulness, the zeal, ability, which he has displayed in the discharge of his pulpit and pastoral duties during his three years of superintendency in this province, and to rejoice with him in the success which God has given him in his labours in the conversion of souls and the steady progress of the various church interests under his administration. We shall remember with affectionate interest his sympathetic, unselfishness and kindly way and conversation among us, and will follow him with a prayerful desire for his continued usefulness and success, wherever the Providence of God may fix his future field of effort.

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Buckley's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends, Group, Asthma, Pleurisy, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 doses were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in the United States and Canada.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

20 HEIFERS, 3 years old and upwards, not in calf, for which I will pay cash.

One Draft Horse, weight about 1,200 lbs., not over 7 years old, sound and true to haul.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

CEDAR SHINGLES, 165 M. Saw Cedar Shingles No. 1.

Clear and Extra Clear Quality. PRICE LOW! CALL AND SEE!

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

FLOUR (Pure Patent, Stockwell, Gold Coin, Phago).

Barrels—Oatmeal, Tons Wheat Middlings.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

OATS, 300 Bushels P. E. I. Oats.

FOR SALE AT RETAIL.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

SALT—IN STORE, 1500 Bags Liverpool Salt, 150 Bags Dairy Salt.

Wholesale, very low; Retail, \$1 per Bag.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

SUGAR, 4 Tons Porto Rico Sugar, Choice Quality.

4 Tons Halifax Refinery Sugar.

The P. R. Sugar is worthy of special attention.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

NEW GOODS, MAY 10TH, 1887.

We have now in Stock

A Complete Stock of New Goods in all Departments.

And would especially invite the attention of the Ladies to the following Lines:

PLAIN WOOL DRESS GOODS, Checked and Striped Wool Dress Goods, Fancy Dress Muslin, Swiss Checked and Spotted Muslin, Lawns.

Crean & Fancy Seersuckers, Checked Gingham—a full Assortment, Hamburgs, Laces, Edgings, Fringes, Jet Trimmings and Laces, Black and Cream Lace Flouncings.

CHUDDA SHAWLS—ALL SHADES, Black and Fancy Shawls, Gloves—all kinds, Corsets, Buttons, Trimmings, Black and Gold Silks and Satins.

dozen Trimmed Hats, Handsome and Cheap.

Sun Hats, Plumes, Flowers and Trimmings, &c.

ALSO WE HAVE FOR—

House Furnishing: Carpets in great variety in Tapestry, Wool, Union and Hemp; also Oil-Cloth, all widths; Lace Curtains in White and Cream, Fancy Screen Curtains in Sepia, White and Cream, and by the yard, Table Covers—all sizes and colors, Crotonettes, &c.

PLEASE CALL AND INSPECT.

may 31 J. L. BLACK.

Builders' Materials.

NOV IN STORE:

150 K EGGS CUT NAILS; 50 Keps Steel Nails; 10 boxes Galvanized Nails; 100 " Window Glass; 1 ton Putty; 2 tons White Lead; 1 ton Black, Red and Yellow; Carriage Builders' and Painters' Materials—all stock.

Mixed Paints in small packages—full line; Barrels and half-barrels Mixed Paints for house painting—on sale per gallon; 6 casks Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil; 2 " Spirits of Turpentine; Japan and Varnish—full assortment; Paint, Varnish, Whitewash and Camel Hair Brushes; Gold Leaf; Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, &c.; Farmers' Barn Door Hinges and Rollers.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

TAILORING!

OUR Tailoring Department is still under the supervision of MR. PETERSON, whose fits are unsurpassed. We have just opened a handsome line of

CLOTHS.

Worsted Cloths, in Diagonal, Corkscrew, and Fancy Patterns—Black, Blue and Brown; Tweeds in Great variety; Spring and Summer Overcoatings; Fancy Vestings, Corduroys, &c.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Please give us a trial.

June 29 J. L. BLACK.

New Advertisements.

GRAND CONCERT!

A Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert will be given by the Pupils of the Halifax School for the Blind.

MUSIC HALL, TUESDAY, JULY 12.

Under the direction of C. F. FRASER, Superintendent.

Admission, 25 cts.; Reserved Seats, 35 cts.; Children, under 15 years of age, 15 cts.; Reserved Seats for Children, 25 cts. Tickets for sale at G. J. Trueman's and at the door.

Doors open at 7.30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

For further particulars see small Handbills.

Strawberry Festival! The Ladies of the Upper Sackville Helping Band.

WILL HOLD A STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.

IN THE Vestry of the Methodist Church, THURSDAY, 14th INST., At 18 O'clock.

An abundance of Strawberries and other Refreshment will be provided. Admission 5 cents. Proceeds for the benefit of Sunday School.

LOOK AT THIS!

In addition to a full Stock of A FINE ASSORTMENT OF Watches, Plate and Jewellery.

Will be found at the Sackville Book Store.

Prices to Suit Purchasers.

N. B.—REPAIRING of Watches and Jewellery promptly and thoroughly executed by Skilled Workmen at best rates.

ALSO—Two Wooden FRAMED SHOW CASES, suitable for displaying Small Wares in Country Store, for sale very cheap.

July 6 CHAS. MOORE.

Builders' Materials.

On hand and Made to Order on short notice. Also: Metallic Roofing Paint.

In any Quantity, for sale by Frank H. Morice.

IN POUND.

FIVE HEAD OF CATTLE. Three Steers, supposed to be 3 years old, color, two mostly white, one dark with white spots; two Heifers, 2 years old, color dark, one spotted white. If not claimed before, will be sold on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of July, 1887, to pay the balance of the mortgage on the premises, at the residence of the subscriber.

W. C. FILLMORE, Pound Keeper. Westmorland Point, July 5, 1887.

The Pure Bred Horse LORD CLYDE.

Special Attention this Week FOR THE WARM WEATHER.

White Victoria Lawns; Black and Colored Checked Bunting; Pink, Blue, and Cream
Serruckers; New Cream and Fawn Cashmere Shirts; Cashmere
Under-Vests; Merino and Cotton Underwear;

20 Doz. Lisle and Silk Gloves;
(Best Value in Town.)

White Muslins, White Piques, Oriental Laces;
50 Pieces Swiss Embroidery and Hamburg, 3 cents to 75 cents;
Children's Trimmed Hats at Reduced Prices, 25c, 35c, and 50c. each.

C. PICKARD,
Music Hall Block, Sackville.

REMOVAL

I have Removed to H. A. Powell's Brick Building, next door to the Merchants' Bank,
Where I will be pleased to see all my old customers and as many new ones as will
favor me with their patronage.

I have Opened a Large Stock of New Goods,
And have an Assortment that cannot fail to suit everyone.

Women's Button Boots in French Kids, Dongola, Curaco Kid, Calf, Kid
Tops in Goodyear Welts and Machine Sewed, Children's Spring
Heel Boots, Wigwam Slippers, Women's and Misses' Light
American Rubbers, Men's Clogs for summer wear,
And everything else required by the Boot and Shoe trade. Please call and see my
Stock, whether you want to buy or not.
Sackville, May 11th, 1887.

A. G. SMITH.

Receiving this Week: NEW GOODS!

CUSTOMERS WILL FIND OUR STOCK MOST COMPLETE AND MARKED
AT POPULAR PRICES.

400 Bush. P. E. I. Oats, 2 Cars Flour and Feed,
IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.

Agent for Messrs. Patterson & Brothers' Farming Implements.

J. A. McQUEEN.
Point de Bute, June 28th, 1887.

OUR LATE ARRIVALS

CONSIST IN PART:

27 cases Dry Goods;
8 bales Do
1 case Lace Curtains;
1 " Hamburg;
1 " Corsets;
53 rolls Carpet;
20 " Oil Carpet;
73 Trunks and Valises;
200 pieces Furniture;
19 Children's Carriages;
3 bales Fishing Twine;
2 tons Sheathing Paper;
50 bbls. Kerosene Oil;
1 case Tardine Candles;
166 bush. Timothy Seed;
1 ton Clover Seed;
3 bags Seed Field Peas.

TO ARRIVE:
**200 bush. Timothy Seed, Half ton Clover Seed, 50
bush. White Russian Wheat, 250 bush. Seed Oats.**

Full Supply of Field and Garden Seeds.

DUNLAP BROS. & COMPANY.
April 15th, 1887.

AMHERST, N. S.

NOVELTIES

IN—
FRENCH and BRADFORD DRESS GOODS

WE ARE NOW OPENING
French and Bradford Novelties

Comprising all the New Designs and Fabrics in Plain, Striped, Knitted, Check
and Broken Plaid.

COMBINATION COSTUMES,

WE HAVE WITHOUT DOUBT THE
Finest Selection of Dress Goods

That we have ever imported. Please call and compare prices.

Samples sent post paid on application.

ETTERPUGSLEY
Amherst, Mar. 30, 1887.

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT—
CHAPMAN BROTHERS',
AMHERST.

5 Cases London and New York Hats and Helmets,

4 Cases Cloths and Tweeds,

Half a Car Load of Trunks and Valises.

PRICES LOW. ASSORTMENT COMPLETE.

1 Case Rubber Coats and Umbrellas.

CHAPMAN BROTHERS.

Moore's Carding Mill, PROVISIONS

Few Words, but Solid Facts.

THE Subscriber has had the Machines
thoroughly overhauled, and has a first-class
parties will not only have quick dispatch,
but their wool carded in first-class man-
ner at the reduced price of 3 1/2 cents per
pound, Cash.

No efforts will be spared to give satis-
faction to all who may favor him with
their patronage.

ALFRED MOORE
Port Elgin, June 1st, 1887. 3m

MONCTON SUGAR!

JUST RECEIVED:
74 bbls. Yellow Extra C.
50 " Granulated.

For sale low to the trade.

ap20 **A. J. BABANG & CO.**

Rice.

RECEIVING THIS WEEK:
25 Sacks Choice Clean Rice,

For sale low by

ap20 **A. J. BABANG & CO.**

Advertisements this Day.

For Property for Sale or Let, see fourth
page. "Business Cards" on first page.

Grand Concert..... C. F. Fraser
Strawberry Festival..... C. F. Fraser
Watches, Jewellery, etc..... Chas. Moore
Builders' Materials..... Frank H. Morris
Cattle in Pound..... W. C. Fillmore
Horses for Sale..... Bliss Anderson

To Advertisers.—Advertisements are received
and sent to this office before Wednesday noon
if wanted to appear the same week they are sent.

Special Locals.

One Ton Washed Wool wanted at C.
Pickard's.

Don't forget the low price of Woodill's
German Baking Powder.

Woolill's German Baking Powder can ever be sold
at Woodill's German Baking Powder.

Home industry encouraged in using
Woodill's German Baking Powder.

Time, Trouble, Expense saved by using
Woodill's German Baking Powder.

A Manufacture of over 30 Years has
been Woodill's German Baking Powder.

Rankin House, Charlottetown, always
uses Woodill's German Baking Powder.

Hotel Brunswick wants Good Pastry and
uses Woodill's German Baking Powder.

Halifax Hotel always has Delicious Pastry,
because they use Woodill's German
Baking Powder.

Don't Forget—The Tailoring Depart-
ment at J. L. Black's has over 100 pieces
Cloths of latest fashion to select from,
and Mr. Peterson makes the choicest of
Suits and Overcoats.—no.25

Houses to Let—2 Houses on Charlotte
Street. Also the House on Main Street
next to H. A. Powell's. Rent moderate.
Possession given at once. Rent moderate.
Apply to THOS. BETHUNE, Brunswick
House, Sackville, N. B. June 7

LOCAL MATTERS.

PAPER BAGS for sale at this office.

MONCTON had a very successful
jubilee celebration last Friday.

REMEMBER the Crazy Tea in Chig-
necto Hall this evening. Don't miss it.

BAPTIST.—Rev. W. E. Hall bap-
tized five persons in Morice's pond
last Sunday.

Southern New.—A fine display
of Watches Jewelry and Plated Ware
may be seen at the Book Store.

REV. A. CAMOON, of Liverpool, N.
S. will preach in Bethel next Sunday
at 10.30 A. M. and in Salem at 3
P. M.

TELEPHONIC.—Mr. Bliss expects to
have the Sackville exchange in work-
ing order by the 15th inst. The
poles are now being set.

SALEM BAPTIST SABATH SCHOOL
has gone on excursion to Cape
Tormentine today. The school and
their friends filled two cars to over-
flowing.

STOCK CASUALTIES.—A valuable Jer-
sey cow belonging to Senator Botsford
died Friday morning.—A horse
belonging to Mr. J. A. Bowes died
this week.

BEEF.—The price of beef has been
advancing of late and good cattle are
getting scarce. Several St. John
butchers have been in Sackville during
the week.

MORE LAW OFFICES.—Hon. P. S.
Portier is to open a law office at
Shedden and one in Moncton. There
is no doubt that Mr. Portier will
have his share of patronage.

A GRAND CONCERT, vocal and in-
strumental, by pupils of the Halifax
School for the Blind, will be given
in Music Hall next Tuesday eve-
ning. The concert is entitled to pub-
lic patronage, and is well worthy of it.

CRAZY TEA.—The ladies of West-
cock know how to get up a success-
ful tea meeting, and they are quick
to introduce any new attraction.
The Crazy Tea they provide to-
night is a decided novelty and de-
serves patronage.

SKILLFUL SURGERY.—A chicken
belonging to Post Master Dixon was
found one day last week with its
throat torn open so that its
tongue was hanging out. The wound
was sewed up, and the chicken
seems to be as well as ever.

A strawberry festival will be
held in the Methodist Church, Up-
per Sackville, next Thursday eve-
ning, 14th inst., at 6 o'clock. The
ladies and the Helping Band will
dispense the delicious fruit to the
hungry public, of which it is hoped
there will be many. See adv.

A LARGO FAMILY.—A correspond-
ent writes that Mr. David Rogers,
whose death is announced in another
column, during his lifetime buried
two wives, twelve children of his own
and an adopted son, besides his
father and mother, making in all
seventeen deaths in his household.
—Harvey Observer.

A GIFT TO MOUNT ALLISON.—Dr.
A. A. Stockton has presented to the
library of Mt. Allison University a
copy of the Life, Letters and Speeches
of Hon. Joseph Howe. The copy
possesses special interest from Mr.
Howe's presentation by Mr. Howe to
his friend the late Hon. Edward
Everett, of Massachusetts. Dr.
Stockton found the book in a Boston
book store.

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OBITUARY.—The remains of Miss
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GENERAL NEWS.

A lad named Piero Wilcox, 14 years
of age, fell off a wharf in Charlton on the
1st inst., and was drowned.

A man named John Jeroold was
killed by lightning and instantly killed at
Campbellton, Saturday, about 5 o'clock.

Harvey Rice, son of Wm. Rice, Jr.,
aged 14, was drowned at Lake La Rose,
near Annapolis, on Saturday evening,
by falling from a raft.

A severe earthquake shock occurred
throughout New Hampshire and Vermont
shortly after 5 p. m. last Thursday morn-
ing, causing much property damage.

A lad named Alexia Harrison was ac-
cidentally drowned while bathing at Mac-
donald station on Saturday. The body was
recovered about an hour afterwards.

Charles Webster of Cambridge, Corn-
wallis, again got entangled in the coils
of his father's saw mill last Saturday and
was so badly injured that he died two
days after.

The Hants County agricultural ex-
hibition will be held this year at Windsor,
on the 27th, 28th, and 29th Sept. The
exhibition will be held in the old stock road,
in Middle Street, on Oct. 4th and 5th.

A dynamite bomb, half charged, with
fuse burned to within a quarter of an inch
of the shell, was found under Judge
Baker's desk in the "Old Stock road," Chi-
cago, on Tuesday evening. Judge Baker
presides in the room where the anarchists
were tried and condemned.

A young man named Parker, belong-
ing to Black Rock, Cornwallis, while out
fishing off that place, was drowned on
Friday last. He was a student at the
College of St. John's, and was a member
of the cable was two short, the anchor got
fouled and when the tide came in the boat
was drawn under. The body has not been
recovered.

Sixty skeletons of murdered men have
been found at the bottom of a deep cave
near Knoxville, Tenn., on what was
formerly known as the "Old Stock road."
Years ago many men, retreating after
selling their stock, never reached home.
Another view is the same locality is to be
explored.

Two thousand school children Thurs-
day took a train on the Indianapolis and
Vincennes railway for a picnic. The
children filled 20 cars. In crossing
the bridge over White River the rotten
wooden sills of the bridge gave way; the
train sank two or three feet, and the
passengers were thrown into the water.
The children were all rescued, but the
train was badly damaged.

The town of Bantry is suffering from
drought. Capt. Blackburn, of the maj-
ority of the town, has been ordered to
Bantry, where he is to remain for some
time, to see that the town is supplied
with food.

A young girl named Tuplin, belong-
ing to Margate, P. E. I., disappeared from
her home on Tuesday last. She was
last seen on the "Old Stock road," Chi-
cago, on Tuesday evening. Judge Baker
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"The Representative House of the Maritime Provinces."

W. H. JOHNSON, - HALIFAX, N. S.



Pianos and Organs

By the leading American and Canadian Manufacturers.

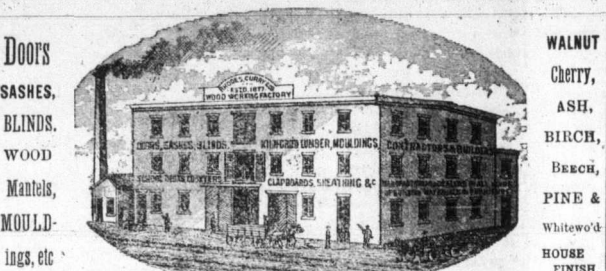
Prices the lowest consistent with quality of instruments for cash or easy payment system.

Write to Office, 121 and 123 Hollis St., for prices and terms.

RHODES, CURRY & Co.,

AMHERST, NOVA SCOTIA.

Manufacturers and Builders.



SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH AND HOUSE FURNITURE.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of Builders' Materials.

Send for Estimates.

SUMMER GOODS!

WE HAVE NOW THE

Best Assortment of Dress Muslins

We Have Ever Shown.

PRINTED INDIA LINS, NEW LAMA CLOTHS, CASHMERE FINISHED

PRINTS, WORKED SPOTTED MUSLINS, FRENCH MUSLINS,

FRENCH SATENS, CHAMBRAYS, ZEPHYRS.

EMBROIDERED DRESSES.

Special Reductions in PRINT COTTONS For Next Thirty Days.

300 Pieces to Select From.

Silk and Lisle Gloves, Dents' Kid Gloves.

Children's and Ladies' Hosiery.

The Largest Stock and LOWEST Prices in Amherst.

F. A. WILSON.

New Goods. New Goods.

WE HAVE ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' Jerseys, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings,

Dress Goods in every variety, Flashes, Velvets and Satins.

AN INSPECTION OF GOODS AND PRICES IS ALL WE ASK.

E. J. AYER, Successor to W. D. Main & Co.

Amherst, Mar. 9, 1887.

For Sale and To Let.

To Rent.

THE house and grounds formerly the residence of the late Rev. Mr. Chas. E. Johnson, situated at Upper Sackville, is a very desirable place for a residence. The house is commodious and comfortable, with good barn and outbuildings. Also a number of good hens for sale. Possession given immediately. Apply to

MRS. J. R. LAMBY, Upper Sackville.

Sackville, April 13th, 1887.

House and Lot

For Sale or to Let.

THIS desirable property formerly owned by Alex. Johnson, is situated at Upper Sackville, convenient to School, Church, Store and Post Office, and is a very pleasant locality. The house is new and very convenient. Outbuildings are in good repair. There is also a blacksmith shop and Carpenter Shop on the premises, and plenty of good water. Terms very favorable. Apply to

CHARLES FAWCETT, Sackville, N. B.

May 11th, 1887.

For Sale.

THE PREMISES occupied by me in Baie Verte, consisting of a Dwelling House, Shop, Office, Outhouses and Wharf. The location is one of the most convenient and desirable in town, and only a few minutes' walk from Church, School House or Station. If not sold within a short time, the Shop, with Office, and extending to the business part of the town, can be let separately. Title undoubted. Apply to

T. A. WELLING, Baie Verte, May 25th, 1887.

FOR SALE.

TWENTY LOTS IN PORT ELGIN.

THE undersigned offers at private sale on liberal terms, 12 Building Lots with a front of 100 feet each on the Port Elgin river, and extending to the Timber river road, with an equal width on said road, and within five minutes walk of railway accommodation and shipping, also 8 Lots fronting on the Barnside road, and 10 lots as aforesaid, and about fifteen minutes walk to the business part of the town. Being an elevated situation, would be a desirable place for private dwellings. JAMES HAMILTON, Port Elgin, Jan. 6th, 1887.

Salt.

Salt.

Landing ex ship from Liverpool:

3000 bags Coarse Salt.

also 3000 bags F. Fine Salt.

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Notice. Notice.

Just Received: The following

GOODS

Which I will sell at the lowest living price for cash or its equivalent.

TREAS. Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Oil;

Raisins, Currants, Apples;

Onions, Ginger, Cloves, Cassia;

Almonds, Macs, Summer savory;

Pepper, Mustard, Pickles;

Corn Starch, Cream Tartar, Soda;

Rice, Candy in abundance, Tapioca;

Coffee, fresh ground or in package;

Broma, Prepared Desiccated Coconut;

Gelatin, Hops, Sago, Split Peas;

Beans, Cranberries, 1/2 lbs. Shad;

1/2 lbs. Herring, Roast, Stove Polish;

Canned Beef, Canned Blueberries;

Canned Squash, Macaroni, Tamarind;

Frosting Sugar, and other small articles too numerous to mention.

Useful Articles for Every Day Use:

Coal Oils, Oil Cans, from 1 gal. to 4 gal.

Jugs, Wash Basins, Pans, all sizes,

Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Pans, Dippers,

Brooms, Pails, Brushes, in Store,

Shoe and Scrub, Hay and Manure Forks, the celebrated

Hins Axe, and other makes,

Hinges, Tacks, and other small

C. W. KNAPP.

MEN'S and Boys' Hard and Soft HATS

AND CAPS of all kinds at cost.

C. W. KNAPP.

WANTED—Eggs, Butter, Pork, Turkey,

Geese, Chickens and Ducks, for which I will give the highest price.

decide C. W. KNAPP.

Spring Trade.

NEW GOODS.

WHITE COTTONS, every grade and price;

WHITE SHEETINGS; GREY SHEETINGS; PILLOW COTTONS,

plain and checked; DUCKS, 7, 8, 9, and 10 oz.

White Ducks; GIBSON GREY COTTONS,

Gingham, and all the latest styles; CHECKED SHIRTINGS, every quality;

SHAKER FLANNELS in white, colored and fancy.

New Goods in all Departments.

6,000 Pieces of newest styles in English Prints.

Patterns selected and printed especially to my order.

These prints are expected to arrive during this month.

Every attention paid to orders by mail.

A. EVERITT.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS WAREHOUSE,

94, 95 and 96 Germain Street, AND THE KING BUILDING.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

YOUNG NELSON.

THE Clydeville Station YOUNG NELSON

will travel during the season to the parishes of Sackville, Dorchester and Westmorland, starting from Willard Estate, Sackville, on Wednesday, the 25th May, for Dorchester Corner, and going to Memramcook, returning to Sackville on Saturday, the 28th May, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 31st May, then starting for Baie Verte and Port Elgin, returning to Sackville on Saturday, the 4th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 8th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 12th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 16th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 20th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 24th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 28th June, and then to Westmorland, returning to Sackville on Tuesday morning, the 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