held in the evenby D. S. Wright, . Stewart Burns, A. E. Simpson Lewis supplied the programme. ress consisted of rip to the Pacific R. Mr. Wright's endered it abund-

of T., of Searlesful concert and irsday evening in

the W. C. T. U. erance meeting in the at Centreville. was Mrs. Charles er attendance at ention last sume chairman, Rev. Rev. G. C. P. The al suitable pieces collection was dsor sufferers. N, Feb. 9.--in day Dr. Warburer Warburton, with 652 majority s, druggist and councillors rerne, D. L. Hoopare Geo. Wheat-Angus McDonald

he establishment each ward to reuestion of sewergood about 2 to 1

N CARNIVAL

Square Polymorat the Victoria y be recorded as the season. On most numerous mes that have the inside of the promenade was it was inconvendition to the nucharacters that re were several s, including the t Crew and the (alifax) Hockey ter combination moment they and were given the club yell. looking lot, becuts, court plas-The whis-Il to the fore, but e of the athlete his province on winter port life-endidly gotten up te in every dely worthy of the

me. H. Likely. ond prize, given prize, Viking, he judges ruled ut. The most he went to Mrs. fly, and the comlifeboat crew. were certainly selections we

st original gen layor Robertson ation, Hon. R Sears; greatest Ruel and John haracter, Dr. T. Lekol Willis; s. F. E. Sayre. played a splen-

BOSTON.

le who passed the were surprised to

the reporter was t waiters, who was all resignation, "you istering day comes the, and only 500 ter each time. The

some of the mer

WEDDING.

# ST. JOHN W

VOL. 21.-NO. 7.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1898.

SECOND PART.

# Our Clothing is Moving

All over the City and Country, people carry it with them wherever they go. Dear reader, if you have not yet had any from us you must have been losing money. Frasers' prices are the lowest. Come in and see.

FRASER, FRASER & CO., . . . CHEAPSIDE 40 and 42 King Street, St. John, N. B.

court mourning for the late Empres

Japan's trade during the month of

THE YUKON DEAL.

Rothschilds Offered to Build a Railway to the

Gold Regions Without a Monopoly.

of the publishing firm of Hunter, Rose

& Co., died this morning at 4 o'clock,

was president of the Toronto board

ago to build a railway into the gold

region for a subsidy of five thousand acres of mineral land per mile, and

trail, a distance of one hundred miles,

to a point where there is open navi

First Meeting of the New Council-

The Recent Civic Elections.

ST. STEPHEN, Feb. 11.-The new

town council held its first; meeting

last night. Mayor Clark briefly ad

Standing committees for the year nominated by the mayor and adopted

art. Fire-Ryder, Douglas, Laflin Poor-E. M. Stuart, Bridges, Stewart, Finance - Mayor, Douglas, Ryder, Stuart. Schools - Ryder, Stewart,

Stuart. Police-Mayor, Laflin, Doug

las, Stuart, Assessment — Stuart Ryder, Stewart Health—Laflin, Ry-

der, Douglas, Light and water-Doug-

Salaries were fixed as follows: Clerk, \$250, as before; treaurer, \$250

commissioner, \$65 per year, formerly \$5 per year; chief of fire department

\$70 per year, formerly \$80; driver of

firemen, \$65 per year, formerly \$75; marshall and Scott Act inspector,

\$520, formerly \$750; night police, \$1:40

formerly \$1.50; driver of hook and ladder truck abolished.

These positions were filled as fol-

ows: Clerk, J. Vroom; treasurer, J.

G. Stevens, jr.; marshal and inspector

R. Hewett; chief fire department, J

Ryder, night police, H. Berryman; solicitor, W. C. H. Grimmer; all re

oppointed; driver of hose cart, Arch

Robinson, vice R. Middlemist; poor

aylor. Regular monthly bills were

Councillor Bridges was elected a de-

legate to the good roads convention at Bredericton, with R. Hewett as sub-

A communication was read from the

Todd took an unusually active

part in favor of the defeated candidate. The Sun's report of the

election referred to him as the presi-dent of the liberal club, and this re-

ference seems to have worried the over zealous editor of the Beacon. All

of A. S. Teed assured his opponents that he could not be defeated because

Mr. Todd was supporting him. When Mr. Todd's strength was questioned his opponents were assured that, as president of the liberal club, he had

strength hard to overcome. Not-withstanding the opinion of the Bea-con, a reference to him as president of the liberal club is known to be justi-

fied by those who saw the fight at

close range. The item was not writ-

amissioner, John Smith, vice A. D.

T. H. Campbell; road commi-

hose cart, \$1.30 per day, formerly \$1.50

las, Laflin, Bridges.

dressed the council and the citizen

r last was as follows: Ex-

## JAPANESE OBJECT

To Serving Under European Officers and are Making Much Trouble.

Passengers on a New York Liner Repeatedly Attacked and Brutally Treated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—The Oriental Steamship company's steamer Gaelic arrived today from Hong Kong, Yokohama and Honolulu, bringing the following Oriental advices:

The Hong Kong Telegraph says that continual trouble is being reported from vessels manned by Japanese crews, the Japanese resenting any instructions or surveillance from European officers, and are reserving an especial grudge for European passen-gers. Several cases have been reported where officers ... e marked for at-tack by the Jap ... and warned to and warned to withdraw from the withdraw from the rvice, the reten-tion of their positions being invariably followed by a murderous attack from

ambushed Japanese enemies.

A case in point is reported from the New York liner Hakate Maru, from Japan via Hong Kong for England. There were thirty-eight passengers on board the liner, many of whom were repeatedly attacked by the Japanese crew whenever they left their own staterooms after nightfall. On New Year's day, the Telegraph says, all the Japanese sailors and waiters, "mad irunk," and clad only in breechmade an organized attack on the English officers and passengers of the Hakate Maru. The Japanese, the Hakate Maru. The Japanese, armed with knives, crowbars and belaying pins, brutally beat the chief-engineer and his assistant and attackengineer and his assistant and attacked a passenger, Thomas Hall, in his berth, cutting his head open with a marlin spike. According to the Telegraph, the officers and most of the passengers were driven to the bridge, where, unarmed, forty Englishmen kept one hundred drink maddened Japonese at Day during the entirenight by brandishing their walking stocks.

The Shanghai Recorder deplores any partition of China, which it says will certainly be unfavorable to mission ary work, adding that it will be a sad thing, not only for China, but for all concerned, if the powers undertake such action, predicting that partition would be the beginning of unending strife and bloodshed.

The Recorder calls upon Great Britain to interfere, and says that China shall not be divided, but that she shall be reformed and saved, predicting that in such interference England would have the support of Japan and the active acquiescence of the Unit-

Three Chinese were hanged simultaneously in the Victoria jail at Hong Kong on Jan. 12, the drop being made to accommodate all three, and the trio falling together. The executed men members of an armed gang of shop thieves, and in raiding a store killed a Chinese employe. The criminals were disbanded soldiers.

The annual cotton report from Shanghai states that the year of 1897 was one of extraordinary vicissitudes to those in this trade. The year began with an enormous stock of unsold goods on hand. Prices declined steadily until the end of August. Then came a stringency in the Chinese money market, the result being wide-spread disaster among the cotton dealers, very few importers escaping heavy losses. The turning point is believed to have been eached, however, the year 1898 opening with an improved demand and an increased number of transactions, although Shanghai jobbers can hardly congratulate themselves on the prices ob-

The chartered transport Jelunga from Hong Kong, arrived at Singa pore on Jan. 6, bringing the first bat-talion Prince of Wales Own, and taking away the same day the departing

Royassu Shen, founder of the Vomiuri Shimunda, one of the oldest pa-pers in Japan, in 1874, died on Jan. 15, aged 63. He was formerly junior sec-retary of the foreign office. He start-ed the first mutual life insurance association in Japan, and among other achievements edited the best English Japanese dictionary of its day, 1893.

Konichi Otoye, who is under arresi
in San Francisco for the embezzlement of 27,000 yen from Savro Brandt of Osaki, is also suspected of forgery, and the foreign office has communicat-ed with Minister Hoshi with regard

As soon as the ratification of the treaty with France has been exchanged the date of the standard and conventional tariff will be notified to the foreign powers and tariffs themselves put into operation. The receipts for the coming fiscal year commencing April 1, are therefore estimated to be an increase of 6,000 yen. The Hochi Shimbun says a commu-nication was originally made by the

nication was originally made by the Japanese government to the foreign powers with the object of placing Formosa beyond the pale of the new treaty, but as only Great Britain and one other power censented thereto, Japan decided to carry out the new

ten to show any impertinance to Mr.
Todd or to the liberal party, nor
would reference have been made to
it again if it had not been asked for
in a public paper. It is not intended
to say that the liberal party followed treaties in Formosa.

The celegration of the coming of age the president's lead, for the fight was of Crown Prince Haruno Miya, which not a party one.

# WILL FALL FLAT.

President of the Weavers' Union of Lowell Talks.

There Will be no Strike as Long as Agitators Keep away.

Fifteen Thousand People May Yet be Brought Into the Strike in New Bedford.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 14.-From ports, 19,275,762 yen; imports, 11,170,103 yen. The exports of gold and silver bullion amounted to 6,530,362 yen and the imports to 676,182 yen. was postponed last year owing to the present indications the recommenda met at Boston Sunday, advocating a New England, promises to fall flat in his city, as the sentiment here is uncompromisingly against a strike at the present time. It seems to be the sen-timent among the operatives here that the fight should be continued at New Bedford and concentrated there. President Wm. L. Kinsella of the Weavers' Union, which number one thousand eight hundred members, said TORONTO, Feb. 10.-Geo. M. Rose, tonight: "There will be no strike here as long as the professional agitators keep away and allow us to manag after an illness of several weeks' duration. He was born in Scotland in 1829, and came to Canada in 1854. He our own affairs. However, the feeling is such that a very little agitation might precipitate one, as the female operatives especially are susceptible to such agitation."

of trade in 1882.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—The city postmen claim that they have a just grievance against the government. At the meeting of the Ring Spin-ners' Union tonight the recommendation of the conference committee was Formerly they entered the service at a salary of \$30 per month, with a yearly increase \$50 per month, until a maximu \$60 was reached. This arrangement, they claim, its not been carried out since the advent of the Leurier content of the conference committee was entirely ignored, while at the meeting of the union of drawing-in girls, warper and specific the conference committee was entirely ignored, while at the meeting of the union of drawing-in girls, warper and specific the conference committee was entirely ignored, while at the meeting of the union of drawing-in girls, warper and specific the conference committee was entirely ignored, while at the meeting of the union of drawing-in girls, warper and specific the consider the conference committee was entirely ignored. all efforts should be concentrated upon of the Laurier government.

Hamilton Smith and Henry Bratnober, representatives of the Rothschilds, London bankers, are in the city. It has developed that these gentlemen, on behalf of the Rothschilds, offered the government two months the strike at New Bedford for the pr sent. At the latter meeting it was also voted to communicate with the two local senators, with a view of

having the weavers' fines bill amended, as it is not considered sufficiently Agents of the local mills interview ed today do not take the recomn tion of the committee seriously, and did not ask a monopoly. Mann & McKenzie get 25,000 acres and a monopoly. For the consideration proposed above the Rothschilds syndicate proposed to construct a railway inland from Pyramid Harbor via Dalton some of them stated that they would welcome a general shut down of the New England mills, as it would curtail production, and thus relieve ar over-stocked market. The storekeep-ers are a unit in their opposition to a strike here, and few of them antici

gation, down stream to Dawson City. The nominal objection that Pyramid Alexander Ray, a local labor leader, has great faith in the outcome of a Harbor is in Alaska, and that the road would traverse a short strip of United States territory, they claim is offset by the compensating advantage of the result of the miners' strike. However, it seems to be in the air that Lowell will not be disturbed by a

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Feb. 14.sideration by the local labor leader for several days to call out on strike the employes of all the yarn mills in the city, which would bring into idle-ness six thousand additional opera-tives, or a total of fifteen thousand. This proposition is independent of that for a general strike all through New England, and the effect of the movement, it is claimed, would be such a serious menace to local banks that it would result in overtures for a settlement of all the present diffi-culties by the manufacturers whose interests are allied with those of the argued that if the operatives lose the present strike, through the weavers inability to hold out, the spinners in the yarn mills, who have not thus far reduction in pay, and the proposition under consideration is intended to prevent that. The spinners' union will probably act upon this matter at formerly \$300; road commissioner, \$1.50 per day, formerly \$50 per month; poor

its meeting tomorrow.

MANCHESTER, N.H., Feb. 14.—The abor situation in this city is extreme ly quiet, and there is not the slightest anticipation of any srike troubles The operatives in Manchester had to undergo privations last summer, when the mills were forced to close, and evidently do not propose to undertake new trouble. It was distinctly given out by the walking delegates when the weavers' union was recently formed here, that no strike in New Hampshire was contemplated, and it was proposed that if there should be any trouble arbitration would be the deciding resolve. At present there is no sort of "strike" excitement or

# AMHERST.

Capt. Robert Kerr of Port Greville Seriously Injured-Took Carbolic Acid by Accident.

mercial Electric company, offering forty-five lights for twenty years AMHERST, N. S., Feb. 14.-Captain if the council would guarantee its bonds for \$20,000. It was laid on the Robert Kerr of Port Greville met with very serious injuries this afternoon and should complications set in, fears are entertained that he will not re-In the recent town election Frank cover. He was crossing the street, when he was struck by a sleigh. One of the shafts struck him on the tem-ple, inflicting a severe wound, and the horse knocked him down, the sleigh passing over him. Two of his ribs were broken, one fib puncturing his through the election fight some friends

> The two year old son of James A. King of Oxford got hold of a bottle containing carbolic acid. He swalthough medical aid was immediately given, and the child seemed to be recovering, death ensued.

CASH Consign to us, Butter, Fggs, Potatoes Pork, Hides, etc., etc., And get the CASH

SPRINGER BROS., Simonds St., St. John

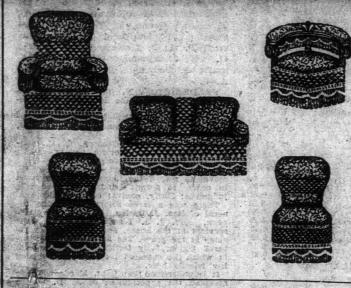
# Promptly and without trouble or expense to you. Small Commissions and Highes

# MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON,

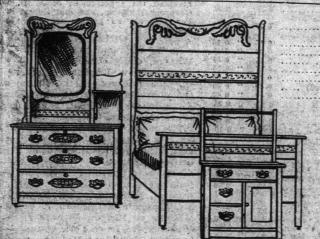
St. John, N. B.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets and Furniture.

We are now offering some Special Bargains in Furniture and have several Parlor Suits and Bedroom Suits which we have much reduced in price, and a splendid opportunity is offered to secure bargains.



**\$43.00** only for this Beautiful Parlor Suit of 5 pieces, Sofa, Arm Chair, Corner Chair and two small chairs covered with Silk Tapestry.



\$14.50 for this Hardwood Bedroom Suit, Antique Finish.

Dressing Case has Fancy Shaped Mirror 20 x 24 inch, with Lamp Shelf at side.

# Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

# SPANISH AFFAIRS.

The DeLome Letters and the Thefts of the Same.

A United States Customs Party After Cuban Filibustering Party.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 .- The three hundred word cipher despatch received from Minister Woodford Saturday night was translated at the state department today, but no intimation of its import could be secured from offi-cial sources. Assistant Secretary of State Day, who had been entrusted with the whole correspondence by the president, refused to discuss the mes-sage. He said merely that there was no developments in the case which properly could be made public at this time. In one instance he supplement ed this statement by the remark that the mere fact of information being withheld was not to be taken as a serious indication.

Every effort to supplement Secre tary Day's statement with some information from the White House failed. To urgent appeals for some thing definite, the president replied through Secretary Porter that the whole matter was in Secretary Day's hands and that the president relied on him to handle the information for the press. It was stated at the White House, however, that there was no truth in the rumor of a censure upon Minister Woodford for allowing Deputy DeLome to forestall him in presenting the application for the minister's recall. Minister Woodford's course, it was stated, had been entirely satisfactory and any criticism at this time was unfounded and unfair. It could not be ascertained positively whether or not an answer to Minis-ter Woodford's last despatch has been ent. It is almost certain, however,

that a reply has been drafted and that it was put in cipher at the state department this evening. Sydney T. Smith, chief of the diplomatic bureau, was at the department till after nine o'clock. Special orders had been issued also to allow no one in the build-ing without a pass.

The Duke D'Arcos mentioned in

Madrid despatches as a possible successor to Dupuy Dellome, has been the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Hackey-Smith of this city during the past week. With him is the Duchess D'-Arcos, formerly Miss Lowry of Wash-Arcs, formerly Miss Lowry of Washington. The duke was ambassador to Mexico and is stopping in Washingtion, en route to Spain. During the week he has been entertained by the British ambassador and Lady Pauncefote at luncheon, and by the late Spanish minister and Mme. Dupuy DeLome, who gave a dinner in his honor Thursday evening

and appointing Senor Louis Polo Berhabe as his successor.

A decree will also be issued convening the chambers before the end of this month, so as to enable the election of the new Cortes, to occur on March 20 Senor Cullon, the minister of foreign

affairs, informed the cabinet that United States Minister Woodford had just handed him a note referring to Scnor Dupuy DeLome's letter and to the meaning of several passages in it. WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—There was rumor that Calderon Carlisle's call at the state department had relation to prosecutions for the theft of the DeLome letter, but it was stated later by those fully conversant with the facts that no move toward the prosecution of those concerned in the taking of the DeLome letter had been made or was at present in contempla-tion. It is said that if the loss had occurred while the letter was in the United States mails, then the usual prosecutions by the postal authorities might occur, but in the present case there is no trace as to the port at which the letter was abstracted, as such evidence as is at hand goes to show that the letter was taken after it left the United States mails and was in the hands of the Spanish au-

The Duc D'Arcos, whose name has been prominently mentioned as a pos-sible successor to DeLome, was seen today by a representative of the Astoday by a representative of the Associated Press, and said he had no information whatever as to the consideration of his name for the Washington post beyond what he had seen in the newspapers. He had just returned from the post in Mexico, and was looking forward to a period of rest in Europe. The duke is a type of the Europe. The duke is a type of the nobility of Spain, tall and of dis-tinguished bearing, with a diplomacy of polish, tact and agreeable manners, rather than severe reticence. He was here from 1876 to 1881, being first sechere from 1876 to 1881, being first sec-retary under two Spanish ministers, and his associations in Washington were most pleasant, resulting a few years ago in the choice of an Ameri-can wife. The Spanish tegation has received no intimation as to the name of the next minister. Senor Dubosc had nothing to say of the recent in-cident and had turned his attention to the regular affairs of the legation. He was not disturbed by the reports that a fillbustering expedition had slipped away last night, as he had good reason to believe that the ex-pedition had not succeeded in getting away, and also that General Sanguilly was not connected with it as had peen reported. HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Gen. Weyler

tion, en route to Spain. During the week he has been entertained by the British ambassador and Lady Pauncefote at luncheon, and by the late Spanish minister and Mme. Dupuy DeLome, who gave a dinner in his honor Thursday evening.

MADRID, Feb. 14.—The cabinet met this afternoon and discussed the present state of the war in Cuba and the DeLome matter as great length. It was decided to publish a decree accepting the resignation of Senor Dupuy

DeLome as minister to Washington, with the view of securing peace and

with the view of securing peace and Spanish sovereignty in Cuba.

Spanish despatches have it that the insurgent Gen. Calixto Garcia on Feb. 8 advanced three leagues from Mejias, province of Santiago De Cuba, in an attempt to pass a column of Spanish troops. commanded by Gen. Mario. But, it is added, after a fight lasting from 3 to 5 p. m. Gen. Garda was "dislodged." The Spanish force, the Spaniarde further say, lost four soldiers killed and had two captains and thirty-two soldiers wounded. The report concludes with a statement that the Spanish troops advanced 109 lengues into territory hitherto unexplored during the present campaign.

plored during the present campaign. NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 14.— About 3 o'clock this afternoon, several hours after the tug having aboard the Bridgeport custom officials, put in after their fruitless search for a suspected Cuban filibustering expedition. the United States navy tug Nina arrived in this port with thirty marines aboard. She remained here an hour, during which time supplies were put aboard, and then sailed away in the direction of Montauk Point. It was admitted that the Nina was sent out to patrol the Sound, particularly along the eastern end, in search of a sus-pected flibusterer, while from another source it was learned that the suspect is the tug John A. Morgan, which left New Haven Monday afternoon with three barges, light, and a mud digger. frequently came to this port and was recently converted into a tug.

# WARSHIP ASHORE.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Advices from Port Said report that the British bat-tleship Victorious, which sailed from Malta Feb. 11 for China, went ashore outside the bar while entering that port. The Victorious, which was launched in Chatham, Eng., in Oct., 1895, is of 14,900 tons displacement, 390 feet in length, 75 feet beam, and her maximum draught is 27 feet 6 inches. Her indicated horse power is 12,000, and her speed 17.5 knots. She carries four 12-inch guns, twelve 6-inch quick-firing guns, eighteen 12-pounders, twelve 2-nounders, and her speed 17.5 knots. twelve 3-pounders, eight muzzle loaders and two light guns, and is provided with five torpedo tubes, four of which are submerged. Her complement of men is 757.

The Lake Ontario did not sail from Liverpool on Saturday, as reported by the Associated Press. In consequence of the accident to the Ontario, no mail boat left Liverpool on Saturday, and the week will be "skipped."

Money talks. Perhaps that's why hey put a woman's head on the sil er dollar.

# CONTINUED SUCCESS.

Continued success means sterling merit. Norway Pine Syrup has sterling merit—hence its continued success. It cures coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, sore throat and all throat and lung troubles.

# THE MARKETS.

Revised	Every M	onday	for the
	Weekly	Sun.	

COUNTRY MARKET.

Eggs have been coming in more freely

and are a little lower. To lower. These are practic	rkeys ally	als the	o sell only
changes to note.			
Beef (butchers') per carcass	0 07		0 08
Beef (country), per qr lb	0 02	4.6	0 05
Lamb, per lb	0 05	"	0 06
Pork, fresh, per lb	0 05		0 07
Shoulders	0 08	1	0 09
Hams, per lb	0 11	**	0 12
Rabbits, per pair	0 08	"	0 10
Butter (in tubs), per lb	0 12	- 66	0 15
Butter (lump)	0 12	- 66	0 14
Butter (creamery)	0 00	55 AS	0 20
Dairy (roll)	0 16	- 66	0 18
Apples, per bll	2 00	-	4 00
Fowl	0 20	"	0 80
Chickens	0 20	44	0 80
Geese	0 50	44	0 80
Turkeys	0 12	1 66	0 15 "
Eggs, per doz	0 20		0 23
Cabbage, per doz	0 40	66	0 80
Mutton, per ib (percarcass).	0 04	**	0 06
Potatoes, new, per bbl	1 20	**	1 60
Potatoes (Snowflakes)	2 00	"	2 25
Calf skins, per lb	0 10		0 11
Lamb skins, each	0 70	- 66	0 80
Hider, per lb	0 07	4.6	0 98
Beans (yellow eye)	1 50	44	1 60
Beaus (white)	1 00		1 10
Beans (white)	1 00	- 64	1 25
Beets, per bbl	1 00	44	1 20

morse radish, pints, per doz.	2 25		2 50
Retail			
Beef, corned, per h	0 06	66	0 10
Beef tongue per lb	0 08		0 10
Roast, per lb	0 10	**	0 18
Lamb, per lb	0 07	64	0 10
Pork, per lb (fresh)	0 07	-	0 10
Pork, per th (salt)	0 07	-	0 10
Pork, per lb (salt)	0 12	44	0 16
Shoulders, per lb	9 08	64	0 10
Bacon, per lb	ŷ 12	-	0 16
Sausages, per lb	0 10	••	0 12
Tripe	0 08	44	0 10
Rabbits, per pair	0 15		0 20
Butter (in tubs)	0 14	44	0 12
Butter (lump), per lb	0 14	**	0 18
Daire well	0 20		U 21
Dairy roll	0 20	46	0 23
Butter (creamery)		"	
Eggs, per doz	0 22		0 24
Eggs (henery), per doz	0 28	44	0 30
Cranberries, per quart	0 00	"	0 06
Apples, per peck	0 20		0 45
Lard (in tubs)	0 12	**	0 14
Mutton, per lb	0 08	***	0 12
Beans, per peck	0 25	**	0 50
Potatoes, per peck	0 20	**	0 30
Cabbage, each	0 05	44	0 10
Fowl, fresh	0 40	**	1 00
Chickens, fresh	0 40	44	1 00
Turkeys, per 1D	0 15	44	0 17
Gecse	0 70	66	1 00
Lettuce, per bunch	0 00	**	0 07
Parsuips, peck	0 25	44	0 30
Celery	0 05	**	0 08
Squash, per Mo	0 03	**	0 04
Turnips, per peek	0 16		Ø 18
Beets, per peck	0 25	44	0 30
Horse radish small hottles	0 00	**	0 10
Horse radish, small bottles.	0 00	a	
Horse radish, large bottles.	0 00		0 25

beets, per peck 0 25
Horse radish, small bottles. 0 00 " 0 10
Worse radish, large bottles. 0 00 " 0 25
taribe ladion, large bounds, v vv v v 20
Fish.
Dry pollock are firmer. There is no other charge. Trade is quiet.
Wholesale.
Codfish, per 100 lbs,large,dry 3 25 " 3 50
Codfish, medium shore 8 00 " 3.25
Codesh, medium shore 8 00 3.25
Codfish, small 0 00 " 2 00
Shad, per hf bbl 500 " 550
Pollock 1 90 " 2 00
Smoked herring 0 06 " 0 07
perover netting a 60 6 A.
Grand Manan, half bbls 175 " 185
Finnen haddies, per 16 0 04 " 0 0416
Canso herring, bbls 9 00 " 5 00
Canso harring of bhis 0.00 " 9 75
Shelburne herring, bbls 4 00 " 4 25
Cod, fresh 0 02 " 0 0214
Haddock, fresh 0 02 " 6 0214
Frozen herring per 180 000 " 075
Frozen herring, per 100 0 00 " 0 75
GROCERIES.
Sugar advanced in London and New York
last week, and also at the Canadian no.

Frozen herring, per 100	0 00	**	0 75
GROCERIES.			
Sugar advanced in London	and a	·	. Wa
last week, and also at the	Cane	dia	n r
fineries. This market is	firmer		The
are no changes to note this v	veek in	th	is lis
Coffee-			
Java, per lb, green	0 24	44	0 26
Jamaica, per lb.	0 24		0 26
matches, per gross	0 26	**	0 30
ruce, per 10	0 031/2	44	0 03
Molesses—		4.4	
Barbados, new	0 26		027
Fancy Demerara	0 28		0 32
Seut-	V 90		0 30
Live pool, ex vessel	0 40	22	0 43
Liverpool, per sack, ex store	0 47	44	0 50
Laverpool tuntter sale nor			
bag, lactory niled	0 90	44	1 00
SDRCes-			
Cream of tartar, pure, bbls.	0 181/2	**	0 19
Cream of tartar, pure, bxs.	0 21	66	0 25
Nutmegs, per lb	0 50	"	0 70
Cassia, per lb, ground Cloves, whole Cloves, ground	0 18	66	0 20 0 15
Cloves ground	0 18	66	0 20
Ginger, ground	0.15		0 20
Pepper, ground	0 12		0 15
Bicarb soda per keg	2 30		2 40
Sal soda, per lb	0 00%	66	0 01
Sugar-			
Standard granulated, per lb.	0 04%	er.	0 041
Caracian, 2nd grade, per lb	0 041/8		0 041
Yellow, bright, per lb	0 03%		0 04
Yellow, per lb	0 03%	44	0 037
Dark yellow, per lb Paris lumps, per box	0 03%	44	0 035
Pulverized sugar, per lb	0 05%	*	0.06
Ten-	0 0072		

Congou, per lb, common 0 11 " 0 1	IF
Ooolong, per 1b 0 30 " 0 4	10
Black 12's, long leaf, per lb. 0 57 " 0 (	11
Black, highest grade, per lb. 0 61 " 0 6	
Bright, per lb 057 " 07	
PROVISIONS.	
The market is firm, but without change quotations.	in
American clear pork 14 50 " 15 6	0
American mess pork 0 00 " 0 0	
Oid American light clear	
perk	
P. E. I. mess 14 50 " 14 7	ő
P. E. Island prime mess 9 50 " 10 0	0
Plate beef 13 25 " 13 5	0
Extra plate beef 13 50 " 13 7	
Lard, compound 0 06% " 0 0	714
Lard pure 0 0716 " 0 0	HE

Black 12's, short stock, p lb. 0 41 " 0 44 Congou, per lb, finest..... 0 22 " 0 28

Lard, pure	0 07%	" 0 09
GRAIN, SEEDS, HAY	r, etc	1.
Oats are higher than a wee	k ago.	both for
Ontario and N. B. grain. pot barley are higher.	Split	peas and
Oats (Ontario), car lots	0 38	" 0 39
Oats (Carleton Co.)	0 29	" 0 30
Beans (Canadian), h p	1 00	" 1 10
Beans, prime	0 96	" 1 05
Improved yellow eye	1 65	" 1 75
Split peas	3 50	" 3 60
Round peas	8 00	" 8 25
Pot barley	3 25	" 3 35
Hay, pressed, car lots	9 50	" 10 00
Timothy seed, American	1 75	" 1 90
Red Clover	0 08%	" 0 0916
Alsike clover	0 08	" 0 09
		ACCURACION DE LA COMPANION DEL COMPANION DE LA

FLOUR, MEAL, ETC.
Flour eased a little, then turned higher
gain and the market is strong in the
vest. Oatmeal is firm. Middlings are again narked higher.
Buckwheat meal, gray 0 00 "" 2 00
cuckwheat meal yellow 0 00 " 1 25
Sanitoba hard wheat 5 75 " 5 85
anadian high grade femily. 4 90 " 5 05

Buckwheat meal, yellow 0 00	" 1 25
Manitoba hard wheat 5 75	" 5 85
Canadian high grade femily, 4 90	
Canadian high grade manny. 4 90	<b>6</b> 00
Medium patents 4 70	" 4 85
Catmeal, standard 3 85	" 3 95
Oatmeal, rolled 3 85	" 3 95
Cernmeal 1 90	" 1 95
Middlings, bulk, car lots 19 00	" 20 00
Middlings, bad'd, small lots. 21 00	" 22 UO
Bran, bulk, ear lots 16 50	" 17 00
Bran, small lots 17 00	" 18 00
Cottonseed meal 26 00	** 28 00
FRUITS, ETC.	
There is no change in this list th	is week.
Cleananta non 12	

Bran, bulk, ear lots	16 50 "	17 00
Bran, small lots		18 00
Cottonseed meal	26 00 44	28 00
Cottonscou meat	20 00	40 UU
FRUITS, ETC	. Deno.	
There is no change in this		week.
Currants, per lb		0 06%
Currants, cleaned, bulk	0 07 "	0 0746
Evap apples, per lb.	0 10 ***	0 1014
Dried apples	0 06 "	0 0644
Grenoble Walnuts	0 12 "	0 13
Popping corn, per lb	0 071/2 "	0 00
Brazils	0 12 "	0 121/2
French walnuts	0 09 "	0 10
Prunes, Cal	0 06 "	0 09
Prunes, Bosnia	0 041/2 "	0 15

Control of the second				
Apples, new, per bbl		"	4 00	TO SELENTER
1b boxes	0 00		0 00	
Malega, new	1 50	46	1 60	ä
Black Basket		66	2 25	
Malaga clusters Raisins, Malaga, Muscatels	3 25	**	3 75	
3 Crowns	0 061/4		0 07	
Ra'sins, Sultana	0 10		0 11	
Valencia layers, new	0 06	**	0 061/4	
Valencia, old	0 031/2	**	0 04	ä
Valencia, new	0 051/2		0 06	
Lemons, Messina	3 00	-	3 50	3
Figs, per lb	0 09		0 14	ij
Figs (bags)	0 00		0 05	ä
Almonds	0 11		0 12	ä
Almonds Cocoanuts, per sack	0.00		4 00	ä
Cocoanuts, per doz	0 60		0 70	ë
Filberts	0 08		0_0	ä
Pecans	0 12		0 00	ä
Honey, per lb	0 00		0 20	ä
Bananas	1 50	**	2 00	ä
Cal. Navel oranges	4 00	44	4 30	ğ
Can. onions, per bbl	The state of the s	"	2 50	ă
Val. oranges, case	6 00		6 50	ä
Oranges, per bbl	0 00	**	5 00	ă
Malaga grapes, per bbl	6 50	46	7 50	4

T TIMED TO		
LUMBER A	Carried and Appropriate Actual Property Con-	
Three schooner carg	oes of lumb	er cleared
on Saturday for U. S.	porte the fir	et for two
weeks. In the same	ported a	ACTOR CHO
Puenes American	periou, a	cargo for
Buenos Ayres, one for		
a million feet by steam		
made up the total addi	tional expor	ts of lum-
ber. Trade is extreme	ly dull.	
Birch deals	0.00	66 A AA
Transland death	0 00	0 00
Hemlock boards		
70		

ber. Trade is extremely dull.		
Birch deals 0 0	0 "	0 00
Hemlock boards 0 0		6 00
do., planed 0 0	0 "	
Birch timber 0 0		
Spruce deals, B Fundy mls. 00		
Spruce deals, city mills 0 0		0 00
Shingles, No. 1 00	NJ 60	1 04
spruce borrds 60	0	6 50
Shingles, No. 1. extra 0.0	0	1 40
Shingles, clears 0 0	0 "	2 40
BHILIEBRES, EXILER 0 0	. Albertan	3 75
Aroostook P. B., shipping 00	0 "	14 00
Pine shippers 0)	0 "	10 00
Common 12 0	0 "	18 00
Pine clapboards, extra 35 0	0 "	40 00
Shingles, second clears 0 0	D	1 80
No. 1	0 "	30 00
No. 2 0 0		20 00
No. 3 11 00	器制度	12 00
Laths, spruce 100		0 00
aths, pine 0 00		1 00
Lime, casks 0 9		1 00
Laime Darreis 0 6	A 65 THE RES. LEW	0 65

Laths, pine Lime, cashs	0.00	" 1 00 " 1 00
Lime, barrels	0 60	" 0 65
FREIGHTS,		
Laverpool (intake measure)		
Bristol Channel		
Clyde		
West Coast Ireland	45	50
Warrenport		
Cork Quay		
New York		* 2 50
Sound ports, calling VH fo.	0 00	" 2 00 " 2 25
Barbados market (50c >) nom	5 00	* 5 50
N. Side Cuba (gld), nom New York piling	0 00	" 5 25 " 0 02
Boston, piling	0 00	" 0 02
New York lime		" 0 18 " 0 21
	IN THE WAY SELECTION	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR DE CONTR

	N. Side Cuba (gld), nom New York piling Boston, piling Boston hime New York lime	0 0	1% 0 0	**	0000	000
	OILS.	100 102				
	American water white, Ches- ter A (bbl. free)	۸ 1		••	0	0
	Canadian water white Arc-	0.1			٠.	۵
	light (bbl. free)	0 1	17	66	0	1
	Canadian prime white Stiver	0 1	15		0	1
	Linseed Gil (raw)			"	ŏ	
	Linseed oil (boiled)	0 4		46	Ŏ	
į	Turpentine	0 4	7	"	0	6
	Cod oil	0 2	26	46	0	2
	Seal oil (steam refined)	0 4	4	"	0	4
g	Seal oil (pale)	0 4	10	**	0	4
ė	Olive oil (commercial)	0 8	5	66	0	þ
	Extra lard oil	0 5	6	46	0	ô
	No 1 lard oil	0 5		**	0	
0	Castor oil (commercial) pr lb	0 0	9	**	0 1	U
d	COALS.		THE TANK			60
a		0.85555	2 32		2005.E	

Olive oil (commercial)	0 85	- 66	0 1
Extra lard oil	0 56	44	0 (
No 1 lard oil	0 50		0 (
Castor oil (commercial) pr lb	0 09	66	0 1
COALS.			
	The second		
Old Mines Sydney	0 00	•6	5
Foundry (anthracite)per ton.	0 00	68	5 8
Victoria (Sydney), per chal	0 00		5 6
Spring Hill round, per chal	0 00		5
Glaco Bay	0.00		0 (
Galegonia, per chal	0 00	**	5 0
Acadia (Pictou), per chal	0 00	**	0 4
Reserve mine, per chal	0 00	**	5 0
Joggins, per chal	0,00	**	6 1
Broken (anthracite), per ton	0 00	44	5 2
Egg (anthracite), per ton	0 00	**	5 8
Stove or nut, per ton	0 00	44	5 E
Chestnut, per ton	0 00	44	5 8
IRON, NAILS, ET	rc.		
Nails (cut), base	0 60	41	1 8
	0 00		2 1
Refined, per 100 lbs. of ordi-			665
nary size	1 60	**	18
Common, 100 lbs	1 50	**	17
Ship spikes		44	3 9
Patent metals, per lb	0 00		0.7
Anchors, per ID	0 04		0 0
Chain cables	3 60	44	7 0
Rigging chains, per lb	0 0314		0 0
			Salari Core
RATES OF EXCHANGE S	ATUH	LDE	LY.

		TOMATITE.	DOILLIE.
	London, 69 days	83%	91% per cent.
8	London, sight	87/8	9% per cent.
	New York	1/4 dis/	¼ prem.
3	Boston		
	Montreal		
	IMP	ORTS.	SAFET SEE SEE
	From Trinidad, ex	Duart Ca	stle-10 bxs
慧	oranges, C F Carpe	nter and s	son; 50 bags
8	cocoanuts, order; 100	do do, or	der; 200 do,

From Dominica—10 bxs oranges, 1 box grape fruit, 3 bxs sweet limes, 6 bxs oranges, 1 box grape fruit, 2 bxs, 2 bbls shaddocks, A Malcolm. Gocks, A Malcolm.

From Antigua—10 bbls, 3 hf bbls molasses
T H Estabrooks H Estabrooks.

From St Kitts—13 puns molasses, 23 bbls o, Merritt Bios and Co.

From Bermuda—40 bbls whiskey, T L Case mdse, Adj DesBrisay.

Also, lot of goods for Halifax.

EXPORTS. By Sea. Per sch Clayola, for New York—By Stetson. Cutler and Co, 903,000 laths.
Per sch Sarah H Seeton, for Salem fo—By N H Murchie, 70,500 boards, 15,000 laths.
Per sch Winnie Lawry, for New York—By Stetson. Cutler and Co, 255,894 deals.

RAISING \$1 BILLS. Dominion Notes to \$5 Passed on Re-

tail Merchants. HAMLITON, Ont., Feb. 9 .- The detertive department is engaged in trying to find out the persons who are at work raising new \$1 dominion notes to \$5. Quite a number of storekeepers have had them passed on them for \$5. One was given to James Kirk, the York street tobacco dealer, and the cashier in Peebles' grocery found

one among the pile of bills in the The raising process is a simple, but clever one. Tobacco stamps, which are very much like the government's promises to pay, are used, and the figure five is cut out and skilfully pasted over the large figure one in the corner of the bill. Storekeepers should be on the look-

KIDNEY DECEIT.

out for these bills.

How Many are Unintentionally Deceived in Treating Kidney Disorders—Can You Afford to Trifle with Your Own Existence?—If You Suspect there is any Kidney Trouble, Discard Pills, Powders and Cure Alls—South American Kidney Cure is a Time-Tried and Testified Kidney Specific.

A remedy which dissolves all obstructions, which heals and strengthens the affected parts, and which from its very nature eradicates all impurities from the system, is the only safe and sure remedy in cases of kidney disorder. Such a remedy is South American Kidney Cure. This is not heresay. The formula has been put under the severest of tests, and it has been protlaimed by the greatest authorities in the world of medical science that liquids—and liquids only—will obtain the results sought for. A liquid remedy taken into the system goes directly into the circulation and attacks immediately the effected parts, while solids such as pills or powders cannot possibly attain these results. Kidney disorders cannot afford to be trified with. The quickest way is the safest way to combat these insidious allments. This great remedy never falls, It's a liquid kidney specific. It's a solvent.

# PROVINCIAL NEWS.

McADAM JUNCTION, Feb. 7.-The great quantity of snow that fell last has been cleared out of the yards. About 25 men have been employed for a week on the job. The new I. C. R. engine, No. 169, that was injured in Fairville, has been repaired at the shops here and has been taken away. Mr. Wari-gard, the gentleman in charge, went with her. The C. P. R. cottages are now com-

pleted, and when dry will form comfortable homes for the employes. Situated on a ridge at a little distance from the railroad, they form a very pretty addition to the appearance of McAdam. Ambrose Grass, section foreman,

has been promoted to be trackmaster on the Woodstock-St. Stephen branch of the C. P. R. He takes the place of Mr. Eaton, who has been trans-. ferred to another division further The friends of Mr. and Mrs. E.

Haddeck will be pleased to learn that a young son gladdens their home. Pneumonia was followed by abscess of the lungs. He is apparently re-covering under the skill of Dr. Young The I. O. G. T. elected officers for

T.; Pearl Green, V. T.; Kate Johnston, S.; F. Duplisea, T.; W. Johnston, F. S.; J. Hallett, C.; C. Smith, G.; F. Jenkinson, sent.; S. Tracy, mar.; G. Brownell, D. M.; L. Green, A. S.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 8.—The supreme court heard the following cases to-day:

preme court heard the following cases to-day:

Macpherson v. Miller—Duffy supports appeal from the York county court; Crocket, contra; court considers.

Phillips v. Watson—Gregory, Q. C., supports appeal from Victoria county court; Lawson, contra; court considers.

Gorman v. Urquhart—Gregory, Q. C., moves to recpen the judgment of the court in order to permit Landry, J., to deliver judgment; Duffy, contra; court considers.

There was a large attendance at the funeral of Mrs. J. Darley Harrison this afternoon. Rev. J. J. Teasdale conducted the services at the house, and Rev. Dean Partridge at the grave. The floral offerings numbered legion, fully testifying to the esteem in which the deceased lady was held among her friends here.

It is understood that Capt. Macdonneil has accepted the appointment of A. D. C. to Governor McClelan, and that Robert S. Barker will act as private secretary to his honor.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 9. In the supreme court, in Phillips v. Watson, court considers. Gorman v. Urquhart-Gregory, Q. C., moves to reopen the judgment of the court in order to permit Landry,

J., to deliver judgment; Duffy, contra; court considers. The court disposed of the last case on the Hilary docket his afternoon and adjourned until the 22nd inst. to deliver judgments. Before adjourning they delivered

judgments in two cases which were argued yesterday, viz., in Miller v. McPherson and Gorman v. Urquhart. Miller v. McPherson was a county court appeal from York county court, in which defendant McPherson sought to set aside a verdict received by ground that agreement under which plaintiff claimed title was void for want of registration. This agreement was taken by plaintiff on the sale of a wagon to one Charles Wright, from whom defendant seized the wagon under a bill of sale subsequently given him by Wright, and provided that title and ownership of wagon should remain in Miller until the purhase price was a subsequent when the subsequent wagon to make the purhase price was a fact that title and ownership of wagon that the purhase price was a fact to the talk of the town all winter that title and ownership of wagon to make the purhase price was taken by plaintiff on the sale of a wagon to be at the point of the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the title was beautifully decorated with evergreens, flags, etc. David the wagon to be the fullest extent. The death takes the same "toll when sanitation and by words unknown to the ground in Lafe's Mill the evening, 10th. In addition to the board business, as advertised, J. S. Armstrong, C. E., was present to give a talk on good roads and illustrations with magic lantern of same.

The following gentlemen were prespected as they did a hundred yet on the talk of the town all wintering of the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening, 10th. In addition to the board business, as advertised, J. S. Armstrong, C. E., was present to give a talk on good roads and illustrations with magic lantern of same.

The following gentlemen were prespected as they did them. Out for the town all wintering of the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening, 10th. In addition to the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening, 10th. In addition to the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening, 10th. In addition to the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening of the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening of the board of trade was held in Masonic hall on Thursday the evening of the board o rlaintiff in an action of trover on the ground that agreement under which should remain in Miller until the purchase price was fully paid. The court held the agreement valid and did not require to be registered, and therefore dismissed the appeal with costs. C. F. Duffy for appellant; O. S. Crocket,

contra. Gorman v. Urquhart was an action of slander tried in York circuit court, in which plaintiff recovered a verdict on two counts of his declaration and had damages assessed at \$60 on each. Defendant at last Michaelmas term moved to set aside this verdict, and a few months ago four of the judges handed down their opinions, all sustaining the verdict on the first count, but dividing as to the second. With the equal division of the court the verdict on the second count would stand undisturbed. A short time afterwards Mr. Gregory, counsel for deendant, received an intimation from Judge Landry, who heard the argument, that he had written an opinion concurring with the chief justice and Judge Hanington that the verdict on the second count should be set aside, but that through a misunder standing as to what judgments were to be delivered, he had not forwarded it to the chief justice. On the strength of this Mr. Gregory applied to re-open the judgment so as to per-mit Judge Landry to hand down his opinion, which would have the effect of reversing the matter as to the second count, and the application was argued yesterday afternoon, C. E. Duffy opposing the motion. The court to-day granted the application.

The case of Naud v. John McCoy.

an appeal from York county court was dismissed with costs. Defendant in this case defended an action on certain promissory notes on the ground that they were given for liquors to be sold in York county contrary to the provisions of the C. T. act, and that plaintiff had knowledge of the fact. The jury found for plaintiff, and defendant moved for new trial on the ground of discovery of new evidence going to prove plaintiff's knowledge of the fact that the liquor was to be sold in contravention of the Scott act. The motion was refused by Judge Steadman, and the supreme court today sustained his jugdment and dismissed the appeal with costs. WOODSTOCK, Feb. 9.—At the session of the County Orange lodge the following officers were elected: W. C. M., Jas. M. Queen; deputy, Arnold Porter; chaplain, Rev. W. J. Rutledge; financial secretary, Harley Hannah recording secretary, Wm. Simpson; treasurer, S. E. Colwell; D. of C., S. C. Wiggins; lecturer, Harry Blakslee deputy lecturers, A. Rideout, Chas. Johnson. A large delegation will go from here to the meeting of the pro-

vicnial lodge in St. John next Thurs-SUSSEX. Feb. 8 At a meeting of patrons of the Central creamery, held on Saturday night, the 5th inst., at the factory building, it was resolved that a com-

mittee be appointed from amongst the patrons to interview the local members to ascertain the probability of tile government making a money grant towards the erection of a building suitable for a permanent dairy school at Sussex. The names of the gentlemen composing the committee are W. W. Stockton, J. Titus Barnes, E. O. McIntyre, S. C. McCully, secretary of the Sussex and Studholm agricultural society, James Friars and Harvey Mitchell, dairy school superintendent. One of the members, G. W. Fowler, on being interviewed by the committee expressed himself as anxious to assist in any way the procuring of a generous grant from the government, and gave it as his opinion that his colleagues would be only too glad to assist in urging the government to make such grant. A further meeting will be had on Friday, the 11th, at 7.30 p. m. in the factory, when the report of the committee will be received and further action

taken MARYSVILLE, York Co., Feb. 8 .-The death of Mary, beloved wife of Alexander Gibson, took place on Sunday, Feb. 6th, at 2 a. m., in the 71st They received a number of nice pre-year of her age. Deceased had been sents, of which the following is a list: Arthur Gardiner is still very ill. in poor health for the past three or four months, being confined to her tie of McDonald's Point; china butroom with sciatica; and although at ter dish from A Buxton Case of Wicktimes her sufferings were severe, she was of late able to recline in her Penry; parlor table from Mrs. Belyea chair, in which position she passed and Lee Fox; glass toilet bottles and chair, in which position she passed next quarter as follows: J. Sparks, C. peacefully away as it were in sleep. Mrs. Gibson was the daughter of Thomas Robinson of Charlotte county | Rev. C. B. Lewis and wife, and also one | tual treatment of disease as in its preand was married when but sixteen years of age. She became the mother of eleven children, five of whom survive her.

sons, Alexander Gibson, jr., and James, three daughters, Mrs. J. R. Myles Merritt and sister, Fred Pal-McConnell, Mrs. Charles Hatt, and Mrs. Frank Merritt, all of whom re- ham, Atkin Slipp and sisters, Arthur side in Marysville; two brothers, Wakeham, Judson and Bayard Slipp Thomas, of Lower St. Marys, and and sister, Edgar B. Palmer, Louise John, who resides here; seventaen grandchildren and one great-grand- P. Van Wart and sister, John W. child, beside a very large circle of Slipp, Moody B. Thomson, Mr. and relatives and friends. Her acts of Mrs. D. C. Slipp, Rev. G. W. Foster, kindness and benevolence can never wife and daughter. The following are be forgotten.

at 2 p. m. at the house. The large and spacious rooms were filled to overflowing with the friends who came from far and near to pay their last tribute of respect to one who had been so endeared to them. Rev. Mr. Brewer, her pastor, assisted by the the ceremony. The long procession ter, Charlie B. Hamm, Frank McDonreached from the cemetery to the alld, Everett P. Van Wart, Moody house. The floral offerings were many Thomson, Edith Van Wart, A. Buxand beautiful. Among them were: Alex. Gibson, jr., a pillow, with the Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Davis, Wilword "Mother," from Mrs. Hatt; a liam Van Wart, Charlie Fred Tennycrown from Mrs. Merritt; Mrs. Mc-Connell, a cross; James Gibson, a cres- Alice Slipp. cent; Marry, Mame and John Gibson, grandchildren, a bunch of calla lilies, with white ribbon; Dr. and Mrs. Fisher, crescent; Mrs. J. E. Colter, bunch of cut flowers; Mr. and Mrs. Day, cut flowers; M. F. and D. P. Reid, a sheaf of wheat, with roses; wheat and flowers from Mr. and Mrs.

ever seen on the Miramichi. During the intermission a sumptuous supper, gotten up
by John McKeen of the Waverly hotel, was
sorved in the Foresters' room. Among those
present were the Hon. J. P. Burchill, Hon.
L. J. Tweedie, his Honor Judge Wilkinson,
A. A. Davidson, M. P. P.; John O'Brien, M.
P. P.; Sheriff Call, R. L. Maithy, major
commanding 12th field battery, in uniform,
and John Niven, president of the society,
dressed in the costume of a Highlander.
Word was received last night of the death
of James P. Mitchell, son of James Mitchell,
late of the department of marine and fisheries, at Brandon, in the Northwest Territory. His wife, who was spending the winter here with her father-in-law, left for her
home this morning, accompanied by C. R.
Mitchell, brother of the deceased. Much
sympathy is felt for the bereaved family.
FREDERICTON, Feb. 10.—Peter
Reid of Zionville came to town yes-Reid of Zionville came to town yesterday forenoon with Miss Densn of the same place, and the two were married last evening. This morning the bridegroom was arrested on a charge of Walter Fisher for uttering a forged note. He was remanded until Saturday for examination. The story is that Reid took a \$35 note, endorsed by James Somerville, to Fisher, who discounted it, and subsequently discovered that Somerville's endorsement was a forgery. An effort is being made to arrange the matter.

Hon, A. D. Richard was sworn in as forecastle member of the government this afternoon.

as forecastle member of the government this afternoon.

CHATHAM, N. B., Feb. 9.—Monday night the town council nominated James F. Connors for police magistrate of the town of Chatham. Public feeling is running high in condemnation of the council's action.

The plan of action, as already published in the Sun, was partly abandoned as its publication gave away too many points. The revised scheme, concocted since then, was sprung upon the council in an unguarded moment and passed in such a hurry, it is said, that at least one of Mr. McCulley's admirers voted for it.

Mr. Connors was never even thought of as a possible candidate for the position. The giveaway in reference to the police magistrate's salary necessitated the dropping of that part of the resolution, and a \$300 per year man was a necessary consequence. It is believed that the nomination of Mr. Connors was as great a surprise to Provincial Secretary Tweedie as it was to Mr. McCulley and his friends and the public, so that the scheme, so cuccessfully carried out, is "one on the provincial secretary."

Mr. Tweedie, in his usual off-hand way, intimated, it is said, that it was his intention to appoint R. A. Lawlor to the position. He refused the position unless he was paid \$500 per year for his services. The council could not be successfully worked to accomplish this end. Friends of Mr. McCulley's looked upon him as a sure winner, opponents doubted the sincerity of the provincial secretary, and indications pointed to the appointment of Mr. McCulley. But our long-beaded North Shore wire-pullers are too able to be so easily side-tracked, and formulated the some that has upset every calculation of the temperance party and Mr. Tweedie humself and spread consternation throughout the town. It is unfortunate for the provincial secretary that the council has made such a recommendation, notwithstanding that he may think otherwise. The effects of the appointment of Mr. Connors to Mr. McCulley's position will be as far-reaching

# BRIGHT AS A DOLLAR

Heart and nerve troubles cloud the brain, tangle the memory, wreck the system and destroy sleep. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills regulate the heart, tone the nerves and bring health and vigor to the entire system.

-Wilford Van Wart and wife of this

place celebrated their twenty-first

marriage anniversary last night.

There were present about fifty guests.

A china cheese dish from Mrs. Chrisham; oak rocker from Mrs. Joseph d'oyley by Fannie Slipp; d'oyley by Alice Slipp; china water pitcher from from Willard Slipp; china cake plates from Mrs. Viola B. Slipp; cream pitcher from Charles B. Hamm; a banvive her. quet lamp from the Misses and She leaves a sorrowing husband, two Messrs. Van Wart of Evandale; a china dinner set from the following: mer, brother and sister, Sydney Wake-Ronaldson, Frank McDonald, Everett the names of the guests present: Mrs. The funeral took place on Monday A. Belyea, James Belyea, Alfred P. Merritt, Fred Palmer, Ethel Palmer, John Palmer, Sydney and Arthur Wakeham, Atkin, Laura and Bertha sons (F. C. Baptist), had charge of and Mrs. G. W. Foster and daughton Case, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Slipp, 'The Gates Ajar," from Mr. and Mrs. | Mrs. Christie, Mr. and Mrs. C. B.

> Rev. Geo. W. Foster made the presentation of the presents by a suitable speech. D. C. Slipp also made a speech. The groom made a speech in reply. A very enjoyable time was had, the gathering breaking up in the wee sma' hours of the morning.

bers: Hugh McMonagle, E. O. McIntyre, Rev. S. Neales, Thos. Coggan, S. C. McCully, Titus Barnes and Jas. Arnold.

J. S. Armstrong then addressed the meeting on the subject of good roads, and cited facts and figures to show that it would be highly beneficial for the province to adopt some general methods for providing and maintaining the same, later on illustrating the deas by views of good and bad roads. A general discussion was indulged in and the methods of road making as now practised and expenditure of funds therefor strongly denounced. Mr. Armstrong was tendered

hearty vote of thanks for his attendance and address. President Heustis stated that it was the privilege of this board to send a delegate to the good roads convention which is to be held at Fredericton on the 17th inst., whereupon O. P. King was unanimously elected as the delegate from the board of trade and representing Sussex. The meeting adjourned till second Thursday in

March. Miss May McCarron of Carleton heights, St. John, who for several years was manager of the millinery department of John S. Trites in Sussex, is registered at the Queen hotel today, where she was met by a number of her lady friends glad to see her. Rumor has it that Miss McCarron may return to pursue her avocation in one of our large mercantile houses here. If true, she will be heartily welcomed by her lady friends. Mrs. Jacob Nowlon of the Mechanics' settlement lost her barn, which contained a lot of hay and farming utensils; loss fully three thousand dollars. The fire had its origin by a small boy playing with natches. Her loss at this season of the year will be very severe. Her case is one for the consideration of the charitable.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 11.-The two year old daughter of James Crowe of Lower St. Marys met a terrible death this forenoon. The child's parents had gone out and left her alone in the house for a short time. It is supposed she attempted to put wood in the kitchen stove and ignited her dress. A neighbor passing heard the child's screams, and running in found the little girl enveloped in flames. He at once colled her in snow, and put out the fire, but she only lived a few minutes, and died before her parents returned. The family moved here some years ago from Wahademoak lake, Queens county.

Dr. Deacon and W. C. H. Grimme of St. Stephen, and J. C. Henry, officers of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, arrived here this afternoon. and with about twenty members from Frederiction lodge went to Marysville this evening, where a new lodge of that order was instituted about forty

GAGETOWN, Queens Co., Feb. 10.-

Northumberland deal. Deals of late years have been our course up here, and will continue to work injury until the moral standing of our public men is raised by the introduction of new manly representation.

It may be of interest at this time to tell of another deal and site some facts and the results thereof that have led up to this now troublesome affair.

The convictions made by Police Magistrate McCulley in the social club cases were the foundation stones of the difficulty. There were prominent members of the club who had since the consummation of the Northumberland deal been in opposition to the government. The then surveyor general longed to have them as followers. These men, by reason of the convictions made against the club, were very antagonistic towards Mr. McCulley and the temperance party. Mr. Tweedie, as usual, open for engagements with a view to his own advancement, took in the situation and another deal resulted. These men dropped their former friends and supported Mr. Tweedie and he promised, as a reward for services rendered, an investigation into certain charges made against the club contains the police magistrate by them and their associates. The result is now a matter of history. But the humorous phase of the affair has just come to light.

HAMPSTEAD, Queens Co., Feb. 8.

Wilford Van Wart and wwife of this place celebrated their twenty-first

this place preached at Welsford. Queen's Division, No. 21, S. of T., will hold an entertainment, together with a pie and basket social on Wednesday, the 16th. The members intend to make some needed improvements on the inside of their hall.

THE HUMAN EQUATION.

In the opinion of the London Lancet (an admitted authority), the chief gain to medicine during the reign of Victoria has not been so much in the acvention. The Victorian era has been characterized by the rise and development of sanitary science, the aim of which is to promote the public health by securing cleanliness of air, water, food and drink; the construction of dwellings on hygienic principles, the avoidance of overcrowding, the control of unhealthy occupations, the better management of factories, and so on. No doubt sanitation and hygiene deserve the high estimate set upon them. They are able largely or wholly to prevent epidemics of contagious or infectious diseases, for which the community has every reason to be thankful; but even if it were possible to enforce the general observance of the Slipp, Leslie Slipp, Fannie Slipp, Mrs. laws of health to an extent far be-J. Penry, Len Fox, Myles Merritt, Ella yond the limit likely to be attained. youd the limit likely to be attained, there would still remain the individual element of the human equation to deal with, and no system or aggregaso endeared to them. Rev. Mr. Slipp, Judson, Bayard and Augusta tion of principles has ever been able Brewer, her pastor, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Payson and Rev. Mr. Par-Louise Ronaldson, Reid Dunham, Mr. can say or do, every man must fight can say or do, every man must fight they battle of life for himself, and meet death for himself; and that, too, under conditions different from those peculiar to any and all others. Buddha, founder of the religion which bears his name, and one of the profoundest thinkers that ever lived, says it is vain to hope to overcome grief son, Phoebe and Maud Van Wart, and sorrow until men overcome the sense of personality in which sorrow

talkes its rise. Exactly. And personality will continue to defy all wholesale ways of helping or hindering to time's end. Why, look at the point for yourself. The fact is that in the very face and eys of these protective and salvatory Mrs. Leverett A. Belyea is very sick contrivances, people fall ill precisely as they did a hundred years ago, and ground in Lafe's Mill the angel of death takes the same "toll" as he did when sanitation and hygiene were words unknown to the English language. So the Victorian era closes with the people using more medicine per capita than when it began; reme dies imperatively needed and often successful. As, for example, in the case of Mr. Henry Gunning, who says:

"In the spring of 1892 my health began to give way. I felt languid and weak, and had no energy. I had no appetite, and after eating experienced great pain around the chest and a gnawing feeling at the pit of the stomach. At night I was in such pain I got no proper sleep or rest. Cold. me, exhausting my strength. I became extremely weak, and although I kept at my work it was with difficulty.

"I grew weaker, and felt that I was going down the hill. I took medicines prescribed by a doctor, but they did not suit my ailment.

"In this dreadful condition I continued up to March of last year (1896), when my brother-in-law, Mr. Thomas, recommended me to try Mother Seigel's Syrup. I procured a supply from Mr. Hughes, chemist, of this place, and on taking it a short time I began to improve. My appetite returned, and food caused me no pain. Continuing, I grew stronger daily. When I had taken six bottles I was completely cured, and have since enjoyed good health. But for Mother Seigel's Syrup I should have been in the grave. You may publish this as you like. (Signed) Henry Gunning, Bloomfield Yard, Mold, North Wales, June 15th, 1897."

This man suffered from chronic indigestion, the most common and (considering its consequences) the most dangerous of diseases; not preventible or curable by any sanitary or hygienic arrangements. Let us by all means favor the adoption of these latter, on general principles, but when attacked by dyspepsia, follow Mr. Gunning's example, and use the medicine that cured him.

DISAPPOINTING FOR TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

I hear that two more distilleries are to be erected in Scotland at once. Only a few weeks ago I informed you that the Somerset house authorities had found it necessary to obtain treasury sanction for an increased staff owing to the great boom in Scotch whisky. At the present moment there are 153 distilleries at work in Scotland, many of which, I learn, are scarcely able to keep race with the orders of their customers.—Glasgow Herald.

Electricity travels about 90,000 miles second, faster than light. Every year about 18,000 horses die, or are killed, in London.

Defore. After. Wood's Phosphodine. The Great English Remedy.
Sold and recommended by all
druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Six
packness quarenteed to cure all

NOVA S Measles in Mild Southampt Sudden and Mysterio James Taggart,

chant of F DIGBY, Feb. 10.

SECOND

term of the county cn Tuesday, the 8th ary presiding. In the case of N the appeal was dis of the commissione case of Melanson continued. In Morr peal allowed. Cos judgment reserved. Blanc, case continu Warne v. Komiens tried. Lettney v. Lo tinued; W. C. R.

continued. Zeigler was tried and juds Geo A. Vye retur visit to New York SOUTHAMPTON Though measles ar home in the place r reported.

Rev. Mr. Johnson an invitation to the Bear River church. ject to the will of Mr. Williams has, conditions, accepted the Parrsboro circu church will leave the next pastor in the Elisha Taylor's last Monday in de week's suffering. T 44 years of age, an D. J. Taylor of Par tive of West Brook Mr. Roscoe and contracted to haul West Brook. Mr. C an immense quant winter, and expects crew of men to run night, in order to season's output of opens.

Great piles of pit along the line of t way awaiting ships culty is experience getting cars.

PARRSBORO, N. a sensation has be the disappearance general merchant. Monday and went company with a pia his travelling com Hebert, and has no since. He has had head at various tir lieved by many tha appearance is the r

rangement. Alexander H. Dy action against L. of the Parrsboro charge that Mr. G ing him up to rid in the columns of thus injured his tation. Mr. Dyas suit against James charge that he (D) to the town while town council.

J. L. Gordon, sec ton Y. M. C. A., is meetings here in local Y. M. C. A. HALIFAX, N. S was introduced in terday incorporating Iron and Steel Co pany is intended to pany now owning Works, with the these works and er in Cape Breton. that they shall be

J. J. Wood Gave was killed Friday ning away, the sl post. His neck wa crased was sixty ye a widow and two

A ST. JOHN MA The following ite recent issue of Mo

don: "Captain C. C. Dr manded the battl Straits since Octob the nice billet vaca as senior officer able and popular o won the approbati have served under der, consistency, his language and pointment is worth gether with an which, with its gro picturesque object the Rock, But few

record of active in flag and gunn Capt. Charles Ca John man, a son Drury, formerly and nephew of the Drury, registrar bates, St. John. city about 1860. years of age. He cessful ever since service. A few

St. John. AN IMPUTATI (From the Wi
"Do you," said the
Piute Pete into a rest
make a practice of
knife?" "'Course was the I didn't know no be my fingers, did you?

Are Disturbed Wh fuses to do its V Upsets the Whole Wrecks of More any Other Comp.

f severe nervous her ecame absolutely rouble. I also becar estion. I was persu rican Nervine. I p leadaches were relieved, in a remarkably

ohn's church on Mr. Hansen of at Welsford. No. 21, S. of T. ainment, together et social on Wedthe members inneeded improveof their hall.

EQUATION. the London Lancet ty), the chief gain he reign of Vicase as in its prean era has been rise and developence, the aim of the public health ss of air, water, construction of c principles, the rding, the control tions, the better ries, and so on. and hygiene dete set upon them. ly or wholly to contagious or inwhich the comson to be thankvere possible to servance of the extent far beto be attained in the individuman equation to tem or aggregaever been able

If; and that, too, ent from those all others. he religion which one of the proovercome grief n overcome the n which sorrow nality will con-

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man must fight for himself, and

lesale ways of to time's end. oint for yourself. he very face and e and salvatory fall ill precisely ed years ago, and recisely as they the great grist "toll" as he did d hygiene were the English lanrian era closes more medicine it began; remeeded and often example, in the ning, who says: 92 my health befelt languid and ergy. I had no ating experienced he chest and a pit of the stomin such pain I or rest. Cold. to break over

was with diffifelt that I was took medicines or, but they did

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andition I conlast year (1896). w, Mr. Thomas, try Mother Seia supply from of this place, ort time I began etite returned. pain. Continudaily. When I was complete ce enjoyed good Seigel's Syrup the grave. You u like. (Signed) mfield Yard une 15th, 1897." rom chronic inmon and (connces) the most not preventible tary or hygienic by all means these latter, on when attacked Mr. Gunning's medicine that

TEMPERANCE

u that the Somer-found it necessary n for an increased boom in Scotch moment there are Scotland, many of cely able to keep

out 90,000 miles

Phosphodine. glish Remedy. mmended by all anada. Only reli

## NOVA SCOTIA.

SECOND PART.

Measles in Mild Form Infest Every Southampton Home.

Sudden and Mysterious Disappearance of James Taggart, a General Merchant of Parrsboro.

DIGBY, Feb. 10.—The February term of the county court opened here on Tuesday, the 8th inst., Judge Savary presiding.

In the case of Nichols v. Comeau the appeal was dismissed and order of the commissioner confirmed. The case of Melanson v. Melanson was continued. In Morrill v. Johnson, appeal allowed. Cossabroom v. Jordan, judgment reserved. In Burneff v. Le-Blanc, case continued. The case of Warne v. Komiensky is now being tried. Lettney v. Longstaff, case continued; W. C. R. Co. v. Copp, case continued. Zeigler v. Hill; this case was tried and judgment reserved. Geo A. Vye returned today from a

visit to New York and Boston. SOUTHAMPTON, N. S., Feb. 11 --Though measles are in nearly every home in the place no severe cases are

Rev. Mr. Johnson, having received an invitation to the pastorate of the Bear River church, has accepted, subject to the will of conference. Rev. Williams has, under the same conditions, accepted an invitation to the Parrsboro circuit. Southampton church will leave the matter of their next pastor in the hands of the Lord.

Elisha Taylor's illness culminated last Monday in death, after only a week's suffering. The deceased was 44 years of age, and was the son of D. J. Taylor of Parrsboro, and a na-

tive of West Brook. Mr. Roscoe and E. G. Lewis have contracted to haul S. Copp's deal to West Brook. Mr. Copp is putting out an immense quantity of deals this winter, and expects to put on another crew of men to run the mill day and night, in order to manufacture the season's output of logs before spring

Great piles of pit timber are lying along the line of the Parrsboro railway awaiting shipment. Much difficulty is experienced by contractors in

PARRSBORO, N. S., Feb. 11.-Quite a sensation has been caused here by the disappearance of James Taggart, general merchant. who left home on Monday and went to River Hebert in company with a plano agent. He left his travelling companion at River Hebert, and has not been heard from since. He has had trouble with his head at various times, and it is believed by many that his singular disappearance is the result of mental de-

Alexander H. Dyas has entered an action against L. S. Gowe, publisher of the Partsboro Leader, on the charge that Mr. Gowe has been holding by in the columns of his paper, and has thus injured his business and reputation. Mr. Dyas has also brought suit against James W. Day, on the charge that he (Day) had sold goods to the town while a member of the

J. L. Gordon, secretary of the Boston Y. M. C. A., is holding a series of meetings here in the interest of the local Y. M. C. A.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 13.—A bill was introduced in the legislature yesterday incorporating the Nova Scotia Iron and Steel Company. This company is intended to succeed the company now owning the Ferrona Iron Works, with the object of abandoning these works and erecting a new plant in Cape Breton. A clause provides that they shall be exempt from tax-

J. J. Wood Gavalton of Yarmouth was killed Friday by his horse running away, the sleigh striking a gate post. His neck was broken. The decrased was sixty years old, and leaves a widow and two daughters.

A ST. JOHN MAN'S PROMOTION.

The following item appeared in a recent issue of Modern Society, Lon-

"Captain C. C. Drury, who has commanded the battleship Hood up the Straits since October, 1895, steps into the nice billet vacated by Capt. Bruce as senior officer at Gibraltar. This able and popular officer has invariably won the approbation of all those who have served under him from the order, consistency, and moderation of his language and actions. The appointment is worth £983 a year, to-gether with an official residence, which, with its grounds, forms a very picturesque object to all visitors at the Rock. But few captains hold such a record of active service, especially in flag and gunnery ships."

Capt. Charles Canter Drury is a St. John man, a son of the late Le Baron Drury, formerly sheriff of Kings Co., and nephew of the late W. Chipman Drury, registrar of deeds and probates, St. John. Capt. Drury left this city about 1860, when he was fifteen years of age. He has been very successful ever since he first entered the service. A few years ago he visited

AN IMPUTATION RESENTED.

(From the Washington Star.)
"Do you," said the friend who had invited
Piute Pete into a restaurant, "Dou you—er—
make a practice of eating ple with your
knife?" "'Course was the reply. "Yo didn't think I didn't know no better than to grab it in my fingers, did you?"

**HEAD-NERVES** 

Are Disturbed when the Stomach Refuses to do its Work — Indigestion Upsets the Whole System and Makes Wrecks of More Hopeful Lives than any Other Complaint Under the Sun.

"For several years I have been a subject of severe nervous headache, and last June I became absolutely prostrated from the trouble. I also became a martyr from indigestion. I was persuaded to try South American Nervine. I procured a bottle. My headaches were relieved almost immediately, and, in a remarkably short time, left me entirely. The remedy has toned up and built up my system wonderfully." James A. Bell, Beaverton.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE. The Saparator Test.

The Saparator Test.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 9, 1898.

To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir—As agent for P. W. Sharples, will you kindly allow me space to correct a false impression implied in the report of your Sussex correspondence regarding a so-called separator test in your issue of February 3rd. The famous Sharples Russian Separator was not used in the so-called test. We have a record for this machine of skimming much closer than that of the Apha on the above occasion, which they claim is the cleanest they have ever done. The machine we entered was a new style, called the Tubular, put on the market for the first time only this winter, and its particular strong point is its capacity as well as its close skimming. We entered the test with the understanding that at least six runs would be allowed. We, however, were only allowed one run of twentynine minutes. We therefore claim there was no test, as we should have been allowed that run at least to properly adjust our machine. We further claim there was no test, as both machines were to run their full capacity, vir., Alpha 3,000 lbs.; Turbular, 3,000 lbs. per hour, and while our machine considerably overrun its capacity, the Alpha did not nearly reach theirs. To further show we were not justly treated, we were allowed but five days to get our machine and man from beyond Philadelphia, while the Alpha, each theirs. To further show we had at the Sussex Dairy School has three times in the west beaten the Alpha on a butter test. We shipped the machine from Sussex to Ontario, where it was sold, and where the demand is such it is difficult to get the machines fast enough. We are willing to meet the Alpha at any time, at any place, under equal conditions, and show that all we claim for our machine as the best in every particular is correct. Thanking you for your kindness in publishing above.

Yours truly,

H. B. WHITE,

Agent for Sharples Separators. ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 9, 1898.

H. B. WHITE,
Agent for Sharples Separators.

A Gross Injustice in the Removal of Upper Kent Post Office. To the Editor of the Sun:

To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir — We in this peaceful community thought to escape the bitter blows dealt so often of late by the so-called liberal government, but in the removal of our post office, which has been through all the changes of party upwards of forty years in the same place, is one of the grossest injustices that could possibly be thought of.

Were it done to accommodate the majority of the people a murmur would not be made. From the newly appointed office a distance of about two miles stretches between it and that of Beechwood, the next office south, whereas five miles intervenes north to Kilburn, to say nothing of those who are to be supplied with mail from the back settlement. Had the present government thought a conservative incapable of holding such an exalted position, they might have selected one of their number near where the post office has been, and, which is the proper place. Perhaps they think they are grinding a political axe, but will find in all probability it has been sharpened on the wrong side when the next election takes place.

JUSTICE.

Pork Factory and the Wheat Question. To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir-I noticed a few days ago a report in your paper of the Farmers' Institute meeting that was held here in Gagetown on the 22nd ult., and as that report is not a very accurate ene, I beg a little space to add a few more rates. I know it is a little late to do that, but I have not hed time to do so before.

do that, but I have not hed time to do so before.

To start with, your correspondent says "that owing to bad roads the afternoon meeting was not largely attended, but the evening session was better."

The fact is that is spite of heavy roads, the hall was full and all the seats taken, in the afternoon, and in 'he evening all the standing room was taken beside. In fact, the place was crowded.

Your correspondent evidently is no supporter of the government under whose direction these institute meetings are being held, and he is therefore a little inclined to ridicule the efforts to help the farmers. New, Mr. Editor, the farmers are not girg to be influenced against an attempt on the New, Mr. Editor, the farmers are not girg to be influenced against an attempt on the part of the government to help the agricultural interests of the country. It is not often, nor to any great extent, that our legislators in the past have recognized the needs of agriculture in N. B., and now that some attempt is being made in that line, and as these institute meetings are the direct result of a request from the Farmers and Dairymen's Association, I feel bound as a farmer and as a member of the association, to say candidly that I for one appreciate the efforts on the part of the government, and I know I am not the only one, judging from the large attendance at the meetings, that thinks that way. I think I am not far wrong in saying that the farmers as a class will support the men who in turn support them, and just as soon as they find agriculture neglected they have the remedy in their own hands.

them, and just as soon as they find agriculture neglected they have the remedy in their own hands.

Ten years ago, at a meeting of the Farmers' Association in Fredericton, I moved a resolution asking the government of that time to appropriate a sun of money to be used in the promotion of institute work all through the province. I don't remember if the resolution was seconded or not, but at all events it did not pass, and it is only a year ago when a similar resolution was passed thanimously at a meeting of the rame association. So you see the commissioner of agriculture is doing exactly what the farmers have asked to be done, and, moreover, he is trying to ascertate the opinion of farmers on other subjects of interest. If he will only allow himself to be influenced by the voice of the F. and D.'s meeting, to be held in Fredericton next week, it will be a good thing for all concerned.

Your correspondent again makes a mistake when he reported me as speaking against the proposed pork-packing factory in St. John. In reply to this, I have only to say that I was the mover of the resolution favoring the establishment of such a factory, In this connection I beg to repeat what I said at the meeting, viz., that I do not think it would be wise or right for the government of the city of St. John to bonus a factory of this kind. Pork packers as a general rule make money pretty fact, and so long as that is so I fail to see a sufficient reason for handing over to them a quantity of the people's money. When there is encusing hock produced in these provinces there will be men on hand to handle and manufacture the product. We had better learn to supply our own markets before we think of putting up an article for export. If we had a packing factory now, it would take all, or perhaps more than all, the pork profused in Nova Scotin and this province to keep it running, the product would be exported, and then our home consumers would have to send west to get their own supply. Or on the other hand, if this big establishment sold to

"Roseneath," Gagetown, N. B. HALL.

P. E. ISLAND. Going to the Klondyke-Wedding Bells --Annual Meeting.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Feb. 10.—The tea meeting under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., Thursday last, netted about \$200 to the meeting under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., Thursday last, netted about \$200 to the association.

The Sons of England took possession of their new hall in Brown's Block, Thursday last. It is very a well equipped room, and the large attendance evidenced the interest in their new quarters by the members.

At the annual meeting of the Provincial Exhibition Association of P. E. Island, the following board of directors for 1893 was elected: E. R. Brow, F. L. Haszard, J. J. Davies, R. R. Fitzgerald, C. C. Gardiner, F. H. Beer and Hector McLeod. The thanks of the association were presented to Hon. Benjamin Rogers, the retiring president; and also to Hon. A. B. Warburton, retiring accretary. A petition numerously signed was presented asking for the appointment of A. McNeil as secretary, and was handed to the new board.

At the residence of John Robertson, Long Creek, on the 2nd inst., the Rev. C. W. Corey of this city officiated at the marriage of Miss Christy A. Robertson to Hector McLean. The bride was attended by Miss Christy McLeen, and the groom by James Darrach of Canoe Cove. The bride was pretitly attired in gray cloth, trimmed with silk gimp and lace, and carried a most beautiful lily bouquet. The bridesmaid was dressed in cream serge, trimmed with crepe dechene and satin ribbon. The evening was very happily spent.

J. W. Wortman of West Cape has joined

dechene and satin ribbon. The evening was very happily spent.

J. W. Wortman of West Cape has joined the Klondyke expedition. He is an old California miner.

On the 2nd inst., the Rev. C. W. Corey married Geo. T. Gillespie of Clyde River to Miss Sadie M. Heartz of Cornwall.

Prosecutor Beers of Kings county obtained convictions before Stipendiary Blanchard against Geo. B. McEachren and John McDonald of Souris for violation of the C. T. Act, and each defendant was fined \$50 and costs.

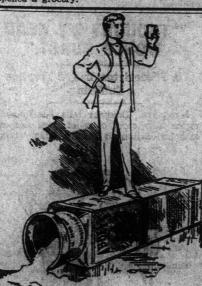
TO STORE APPLES.

(Acadian Orchardist.) L. S. Tufts and. Arch. Foster of Kingston Station were in Kentville and Port Williams last week. They intend to build a large frost-proof warehouse at Kignston Station for storage and packing of apples. They examined the large warehouse of W. H. Chase's at Port Williams, and interviewed Manager Gifkins as to the placing of a switch to their proposed warehouse. The building when erect-ed will probably be 32x150 feet. About a dozen of the prominent fruit grow-ers of Kingston will be interested in the scheme. The packing house of L. O. Neily at Aylesford has demonstrated to our farmers the need of several buildings at various points

along the D. A. Ry. PROSPECTIVE FORTUNE. (From the Washington Star.) "I should not be surprised if this Rion-dyke craze wouldn't be the means of build-ing up Jinkles' fortune."

"Is he going to dig gold?"

"No. He saved up enough money to make the trip and then changed his mind and opened a grocery."



THE FOUNDATION OF HEALTH.

ut health life is not worth

is the retainer—the regainer—the foundation of health. It helps nature to build up the system that neglect has broken down.

Abbey's Rifervescent Salt is a well know and much appreciated medicine in England. It is new to Canadians but is rapidly gaining converts here. medicine in England. It is new to Canadians but is rapidly gaining converts here.

Many prominent physicians in England testify to its preventative and curative qualities in cases of Siceplessness, Spicen Affections, Loss of Appetite, Nervous Depression, Billousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sea Sickness, Constipation, Platulency, Fever, Rheumatism, La Grippe, Neuralgia, Gout, Skin and Kidney complaints. complaints.
All druggists sell this great
English preparation.
Price 2/6 or 60 cts. a bottle.

THANANANANANANANANANANANANANANA

THE NARROWS

A Birthday Party and a Pastor Re membered by His Flocks.

TRE NARROWS, Queens Co., Feb. .-Miss Annie L. Briggs's prize for est attendance at school was won by

Little Miss Hazel L. Orchard gave a birthday party at her home on the 29th of Jan. Annie L. Briggs, the teacher, and her scholars were present, Hazel being one of the number. Among those invited were Myrtle Grey, Gertle Robinson, Mamie Cox, Linda White, Georgie Barnes, Clara Robinson, Phl Sharp, Isabel Robinson, Beatrice Anderson, Greeta Robinson and Annie Briggs and others.

Feb. 10th—The members of The Narrows, MacDonald's Corner and Mill Cove churches met recently at the parsonage and gave the Rev. C. W. Townsend a donation. A well spread table was fitted up by the ladies for the occasion. The rev. gentleman was presented with a purse of \$54 in money and goods to the amount of \$14.90. There were speeches by W. H. White, D. Ferris, J. Ferris and others.

**HOW A WOMAN MADE MONEY IN 1897** 

me to give my experience. During the past few years I have tried selling various specialties, Dish Washers being included, but usually met with

Search costs.

Donald of Sourier and John MoDonald Sourier and John MoDonald of Sourier and John MoDonald Sourier and John MoDonald Sourier and John MoDonald MoDon costume, Misses Alice Davenport and Georgie White as two old ladies, prize \$3; gentlemen's most handsome cos-turne, Ellbridge Grant as Louis XV., prize \$4; gentlemen's most original Darlington and Fleet, as Klondyke ergan, prize \$3; children's most handsome costume, Miss Alice Day as Queen of the Fairies, prize \$2; boys' most original costume, Master John Gibson as the Hunter, prize \$2. Morris Downing is lying very low at

his home. Mrs. James Miller is slowly improving from the effects of her recent accident. Mrs. Hugh Harrison is quite ill.

WOODSTOCK.

Presentation to Mr. and Mrs. David

Hipwell. WOODSTOCK, Feb. 10 .- On the evening of the 9th inst. the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Hipwell on Elm street was visited by some 30 mem-bers of the True Blue lodge of Woodstock, presenting Mr. and Mrs. Hipwell with a beautifully designed oak chair selected by Alex. Henderson and two costly pleces of china, ac-companied by an address in the hand of M. Brewer, who presented the same in a very pleasant manner, expressing the esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Hipwell are held by their friends and associates in the town and country, the occasion being the seventeenth anniversary of their marriage. Mr. Hipwell acknowledged that the gathering was wholly unexpected and said he was much moved when he thought of the many expressions of kindness of his host of friends, assuring all that the last 17 years were the brightest of his life and also expressing the gratitude Mrs. Hipwell felt on the oc-

SHEFFIELD.

Two Barns Wrecked by the Last Gale and Snow Storm.

SHEFFIELD, Sumbury Co., Feb. 8.

A frightful northeasterly snow storm, or cyclone, as it might justly be called, passed over here Monday a barn partially filled with pressed hay in Lower Sheffield, belonging to Thomas Bridges, and another on the island belonging to Frederick Jewett, partly full of loose hay. The storm blockaded the roads so badly that a snow plow, with three spans of horses to propel it, was called out to enable the neighbors to get from one house to another.

HAVELOCK. Death of Their Only Child-Election

HAVELOCK, Kings Co., Feb. 10 The only child of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Robinson of the Elgin and Havelock rallway died on Saturday. The funeral took place on Monday from the residence of Mr. Robinson, and was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Snell. Judge Trueman of Albert visited Reform lodge last Tuesday evening Reform lodge last Tuesday evening and gave a very interesting address. The officers for Reform for the next quarter were elected as follows: Howard Garland, C. T.; Mary Cusack, V. T., Bessie Cumming, S. of J. T.; Bert Taylor, F. S.; Lottle Price, Treas; A. J. McKnight, Sec.; Minnie Coates, A. S.; O. N. Price, Chap.; Trueman Keith, M.; Clair Perry, G.; Nellie

Keith, M.; Clair Perry, G.; Nellie Cusack, Sent.; E. J. Cusack, P. C. T.

"The Alaska-Yukon Gold Placer

And Quartz Mining Company."

Organized Under the Laws of the State of Washington. authorized Capital, \$5,000,000. Shares fully paid up and non-assessable, par value, \$1.

The ALASKA-YUKON CO. owns the following valuable properties in the KLONDIKE!," viz.: Claim "51," 500x1500 feet, on the Bonanza Creek; the "Buckley" claim, 500x1500 feet, at the junction of Forty-Mile Creek and Nugget Gulch; three quartz claims, the "Emma M.," "Despondent" and Tenderfoot," and have had twenty men at Domain son City for six months.

This is not a speculation, as a the case with "prospecting" companies for the value of the properties owned by the Alaska-Yukon Co., has already been demonstrated.

The present price of treasury stock is 25 cents per share, and we only ask the public to invest after they have fully satisfied themselves that there is nothing better in the market. A complete prospectus, and an authentic map of Alaska, furnished free, upon application to the Company's authorized Brokers.

MOORE KELLY & CO.,

220 Board of Trade, ..... MONTREAL



# A Combination Dairy Cow

The common cow is generally very hardy but even her robust constitution will be the better and stronger, and her dairy value enhanced manyfold

Dick's Blood Purifier

to her feed. It sharpens the appetite of an indifferent eater, tones up the system, strengthens the generative organs, and keeps her in good health for the Calving Season.

50 cents a package.

LEEMING, MILES & CO.,



Finch District lodge, I. O. G. T., will Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Kingston are receiving congratulations on the birth

BRONCHITIS CURED.

Messrs. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Dear Sirs,-I have used Hagyard's Yellow Oil for my children when they had bronchitis and always with great success. I use it also for sore throat, and can say there is nothing to equal

it as a sure cure. MRS. JAMES O'BRIEN,

Huntsville, Ont.

ALBERT CO.

HOPEWELL CAPE, Albert Co., Feb. 11.—Undaunted Lodge, No. 326. I. O. G. T., has installed the following officers for the current term: John J. Christopher, C. T.; David R. Christochristopher, C. T.; David R. Christopher, V. T.; Etta Spencer, Sect.; Sandford Anderson, A. S.; Josiah Christopher, F. S.; Mrs. S. C. Spencer, Treas.; Mrs. Cassie Leighton, Chap.; Warren Sears, M.; Arthur Christopher, A. M.; Blanche Martin, G.; Charles Taylor, S.; E. E. Peck, P. C. T.

Do you SUFFER when you EAT?

But for dyspepsia and indigestion your life might be a pleasant one.

The misery which these diseases produce you know of only too well.

Let's tell you of the cure. It's Burdock Blood Bitters. In all these years of its ministering to stomach troubles, it has made happy thousands of

dyspeptics. Do you want the enjoyment of eating three meals a day and not suffering for it?

Then take B.B.B. Mrs. R. M. Dargavel, Dornoch Ont., says: "I was troubled with Ont., says: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for nearly a year, I could scarcely stand the pain of my stomach and got entirely run down, after taking two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters I was completely cured and my system built up. I highly recommend B.B.B. for the stomach and blood."

ST. JOHN CO. WEST L. O. L.

(From Wednesday's Daily Sun.) (From Wednesday's Daily Sun.)
The annual meeting of St. John County
West L. O. L. wes held last evening in Temperance hall, South Bay. A large representation from the several primary lodges were
precent; also Sr. D. G. M., D. McArthur,
Ald. A. W. Maurae, Wm. Grant and N. J.
Morrison, P. D. M., of this city. The reports of the secretary and treasurer showed
that all the lodges in the county were in a
prosperous condition. D. McArthur, D. G.
M., presided during the election and installation of officers, which resulted as follows:
Edwin M. Hughes, W. Co. master;
Samuel Chambers, D. Co. master;
William Bradley, chaplain.
Wellington Turnbull, financial secretary;
Dr. Mathew Mactariand, rec. secretary.
Robert Lawson, treasurer;
James Moore; D. of C.;
Samuel Ferguson, lecturer;
Walter Sutton and Fred Trafton, D. locturers.

Speeches were made by the newly elected officers and Ald. McArthur and Macrae, Wm. Grant and N. J. Morrison, after which reflectments were served.

The next meeting of the county lodge will be held with No. 29, Pisarinco.

William Thorpe has presented to the British Museum the shell of a giant tortoise, which lived for upwards of 200 years in the grounds of Plantation house, St. Helena. It was frequently the object of much curiosity on the part of the great Napoleon during his enforced stay on the island.

Veterinary Column

F. H., Cambridge, Mass.—A sprain such as you describe is not incurable. Use TUTTLE'S ELIKIR. Horseman, Elgiu, Ill.—There is only one sure way to locate a lameness. Apply Tutle's Elixir, and it will remain moist on the part affected Mrs. F S. T., Etchmond Va.—If you find a case of colic that Tutle's Elixir will not cure, it will entitle you to the \$100 reward offered by Dr. Tuttle.

Wilbut S. Davis, M. D., Alton, N. H., writes "To whom it may concern: — This certifies that my horse, on the twentieth day of January, 1822, ran away with a hitching post and injured her knees ob badly that she was pronounced worthless by several horse doctors. I tri-d various remedies for six weeks and she grew worse. I at length used Torrile's Elexin, and in three weeks, from the time I commenced to use it I had her on the read ready for work. The knees healed so nicely that it is difficult to find the scars."



DR.S.A. TUTTLE, 27 Beverly St, Boston, M. PUDUINGTON & MERRITT, Agents for Canada



D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

stick to Ferry's Seeds and prosper

ADVERTISING RATES.

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Special contracts made for time Sample copies cheerfully sent to any

> SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALERED MARKHAM

# THE WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 16, 1898

AN AMERICAN VIEW.

While it is pleasing to see the New York Herald and other prominent American newspapers just now taking sides with Great Britain as against Russia and Germany, the pleasure is somewhat neutralized by the thought that were 1898 a presidential election year in the great republic these newspapers would be found catering to that large portion of the electorate which cordially hates England and all things British. 'At present, however, federal politics are not a particularly live issue, and the better portion of the press of the large cities is free to discuss foreign questions on their merits without any with the preceding year of 48.25 per fear of injuring their particular poli- 1,000, and of 61.17 per 1,000 when comtical party, be it democrat or republican.

In a recent issue the New York Herald editorially points out that England has carried her point about open ports in China, that Russia has given a written assurance that whatever ports she obtains will be as free to British commerce as to its own, and that Germany has become a convert to the English principle of free colonial trade. England, the Herald thinks, is doing fairly well in the Far East. The Russian attempt to expel the British agent from Corea, where he controls the customs, has failed. The Russian attempt to expel Sir Robert Hart from the control of the Chinese customs has failed. The Herald concludes the article as follows: "The effect on American interests is wholly beneficial. Lord Salisbury has been our agent as well as the agent of his own country. Every triumph he has won, every point he has scored against Russia or Germany, every concession he has extorted, is a boon to the trade of this country with China, and one more promise of prosperity to the foreign commerce of the United States."

The Pittsburg Times thus treats of the game that is now being played ing these gentlemen in as favorable a in the Orient between the chief Euro- position as possible to carry on the

When it comes to saying that Russia or any other country has frightened England away from any stand that the British crown has taken, facts will hardly bear out the assumption. Russia is a great power, strong in numbers and in physical force, yet crude in her development and ignorant of her own strength. It may be greater or infinitely less than the world figures it. Great Britain, on the other hand, is the confessed foremost sea power of the globe, and not only is she strong in the number of her ships, but her navy is reinforced by intelligence and trained familiarity with all that goes to make war a business. Then Great Britain has command of the implements of war. Her people can make guns and ships as well as use them. Her ships supply her needs. She is not like Russia, which must buy guns from America, perhaps, and have them cerried to her in American vessels. But beyond having the equipment and the intelligence, the English people have the courage. Anglo-Saxon blood is not the kind that scares at talk.

# TEACHING THE FARMERS.

The local government ranks have produced another profound authority on New Brunswick agriculture. What Mr. Robinson of Moncton says about our farmers and their farms will be read with much interest, especially by the thrifty agriculturists of his own county of Westmorland. He says:

Our farmers have to a great extent contented themselves with clearing the land and cropping it with little or no fertilizing till they have used up most of its natural fertility and starved it of the ingredients necessary to agriculture; then in many cases it has been abandoned, turned out to common, till, with fences down, the land overgrown with weeds and bushes, the buildings unoccupied and tumbling to pieces, it lay a monument to slothfulness and negligence and a reproach to our country.

It is gratifying to learn, on the same high authority, that the meetings lately held by Mr. Labillois have "already awakened the people to the necessity of more attention to the application of brains and science to their calling." Farmer Labillois himself can scarcely excel this effort of Farmer Robinson of Monoton.

# WEST INDIA TRADE.

An article from the Port of Spain, Trinidad, Gazette, which appears in another column of this issue, advocates a direct fortnightly steamer service between St. John and Barbados, Trinidad and Demerara. Such a service, if the volume of trade would warrant it, would of course be more satisfactory to shippers here than the present service. It has to be said of the present line of steamers that the vessels make regular trips, and doubtless give as good a service as the nature of their contract permits. But they call at Halifax, and at many islands, and there is a good deal of time consumed in this way. A local shipper informed the Sun on Saturday that he had not yet received full returns from some pickled fish that were shipped early in November for

Trinidad and Demerara. That is of course a long time to wait. The Trinidad paper points out that American shippers, having a quick service from New York, possess a notable advantage over Canadians. Now that general interest in trade with the West Indies and South America has been aroused, and through the exertions of the Canadian Pacific railway the attention of millers and other western shippers has been specially directed to this trade, it may be possible to secure a direct and more frequent steamer service through the port of St. John. The subject it worthy of the attention of the board of trade.

HEALTH OF THE NAVY.

According to the official report recently issued, the officers and men of the Royal Navy were in 1896 more healthy as a whole than they had been at any previous time for twenty years. The total force afloat during 1896 consisted of 72,620, who are thus tabulated in respect of age: Between fifteen and twenty-five years, 44,010; between twenty-five and thirty-five years, 20,610; between thirty-five and forty-five years, 6,940, and above forty-five years, 1,060. The number of cases of disease and injury entered on the sick list was 66,162, a ratio of 911.07 per 1000, being a decrease compared pared with the average of the last nine years. The number of days' sickness on board ship and in hospital in the total force was 1,038,760, an average loss to the service from disease and injury of fourteen days for each person, and a decrease of nine days each in comparison with the average of the preceding nine years. It is most remarkable that but one case of "wound received in action" is reported for the year. That solitary instance occurred among the force engaged in the bombardment of the palace of the Sultan of Zanzibar.

Dr. Stockton's speech on the address in reply to the speech from the throne was well considered. It gave the government credit where any credit was due them. If the measure of praise was small, that was not the fault of the leader of the opposition. Until the measures foreshadowed in the speech from the throne are brought down there can of course be nothing more than general criticism, but nothing in the past history of the government would lead the country to expect broad measures of states-Lanship, or measures framed for any other than the simple purpose of placnext election campaign.

The pathetic appeal of Patron Rogers for a reduction of the tariff reminds one of the appeal made to Sir Richard Cartwright by W. B. Fawcett when the tariff commissioners visited St. John. Mr. Fawcett told the amiable knight that his pledges were remembered and should be redeemed. Mr. Rogers and Mr. Fawcett must wait.

Dr. Stockton's argument that if the British manufacturer is to have a preference in the Canadian market the Canadian farmer should have a preference in the British market is a sound one. Now let us see what Premier Emmerson and his commissioner of agriculture, those great champions of the New Brunswick farmer. will do about it.

Says the Montreal Gazette: "Mr. Blair came to Ottawa from New Brunswick with the reputation of being an utterly reckless politician. His conduct in parliament in connection with the Drummond county deal, and now in connection with this Yukon arrangement, goes to show that his reputation was justly earned."

Commissioner Meredith, who got seven dollars per day as superannuation allowance and ten dollars per day and expenses as the head of a grit commission of investigation, should consider himself a very valuable man. Seventeen dollars a day is not bad, when it is considered that we have an economical government at Ottawa.

Mr. Veniot was overlooked by the government when they secured the valuable services of Mr. Richard. This is rather odd. For Mr. Veniot, besides being a French-Acadian, is the father of Mr. Emmerson's wheat bonus policy.

Cannot train a young man for office work in a fraction of the time required to acquire the same skill by office practice, what claim has that college on public support?

We do this by a course of study that makes the best use of every moment of the student's time. Then we have no tom-foolery. This accounts for our success. This is "Actual Business from Start to Finish."

Our Shorthand is Isaac Pitman. Our



HAVELOCK, KINGS CO. Farmers' Meeting Addressed by Lt. Colo

ening, 11th of February was

ening, lith of February see farmers' meeting at Havelock, and with a full hall. There were hundred people present, many of hundred people present, many of and it opened with a full hall. There were nearly two hundred people present, many o whom were ladies. C. F. Alward was called to the chair and introduced the first speaker Lt. Col. D. McCrae of Guelph, Ontario. The subject was "Tuberculosis in Cattle," an was listened to with great attention by the audience, who put many practical question to the speaker. Special attention was called to the dauger from the "sputum" of consumptive persons. If this were carelessis thrown about, as soon as it became dry the to the danger from the "sputum" of consumptive persons. If this were carelessly thrown about, as soon as it became dry the germs floated off into the atmosphere, where, if they found a raw surface in the lungs of Jersons or animals, they might set up the disease. It is dangerous it a careless consumptive be attending cattle that some of them will very soon contract the disease. All consumptives should be very careful to destroy the discharge from the times of the disease. All consumptives should be very careful to destroy the discharge from the disease. All consumptives should be very careful to destroy the discharge from the disease. All consumptives should be very careful to destroy the discharge from the rungs by burning in a hot fire. If this were done, the danger to human or animal life will be very much lessened.

J. E. Stair was the next speaker. He gave an address on the planting and care of the orchard. Select the best land on the form for the orchard, with a northern slope if possible. Have the land well drained with tiles. Take great care in selecting good growing thrifty trees. Plant them carefully, trimming the tops down to a few good growing thrifty trees. Plant them carefully, trimming the tops down to a few limes, and any of the roots that may have been injured set about an inch or two deeper than before. Have a good distance between the trees—40 feet to 50 feet was not too much for vigorous armich. deeper than before. Have a good distance between the trees—40 feet to 50 feet was not too much for vigorous growing trees. Cultivate the land well and keep it by preference in a hoed crop such as roots or potato-s. The manure put upon these crops will help the trees. One of the best manures for an orchard was hardwood ashes. If you have not enough of these, use a quantity of muriate of potash. Keep intrees vigorous and growing, and you need not fear insect and other pests. The best time to prune is in June, when the tree begins to make wood. A wound made at that time will soon cover over. Prune with a sharp knife, making a clean cut and if this be attended to every year, there will be no need of using a saw except in very rare cases. Spraying trees is necessary to kill the codling moth, the black scab and other pests. This may be done before the buds open; again just before the blossom comes, and again after the fruit has set. Pick the apples carefully, and be sure never to bruise them. Pack only the best fruit, and neck and again after the fruit has set. Pick the apples carefully, and be sure never to bruise them. Pack only the best fruit, and pack carefully and firmly. In shipping to Europe, care must be taken to have the fruit strictly first class, to have the ships properly ventilated and the apples go upon the market in the best order. He has sold Nova Scotia apples as high as 39 shippings per barrel in London. He frequently got 15 barrels from a tree, and knew of trees in his district that were giving 25 barrels of good, selected fruit. A tree was at its best at 50 years old, and he knew trees that were over a hundred years old. Lt. Col. D. McCrae followed with a talk on Lt. Col. D. McCrae followed with a talk on farming. He urged the growing of corn and clover for the feeding of cattle. The land for corn should be a good clover stubble. This should be manured with fresh larmyerd manure. Work the land into a good tilth in the spring and sow as soon as the ground is warm should to germinate the

thin the spring and sow as soon as the ground is warm enough to germinate the seed. He had found Salzer's North Dakota, Compton's Early, and Mammoth Cuban good varieties. Favored the sowing of mixed seed. More grain was got by the cross fertilization. The Mammoth Cuban corn was a strong growing yellow corn. Some seedsmen sent out a white corn which was too late for grazing in many continuation. Some seedsmen sent out a white corn which was too late for grazing in many sections and should not be used. Sow in rows 36 to 42 inches apart. Harrow once or twice before the corn is four inches high. Then work with scuffler or horsehoe. Stir the surface only in the latter workings and work till the corn is ready to cut. Round silo is a good form, and may be made either out or in doors. He had one made out of 1½ by 6 good sound lumber, planed one side and both edges. Hooped with % iron and about 12 feet in diameter and 28 feet deep. It was uncovered outside and so far had made good silage. He handled most of his corn dry. Cut it deily and fed it with a mixture of cut oat straw. This, with roots, made good cut oat straw. This, with roots, made good feed for wintering cattle. For daily purposes many preferred mangols to turnips. The latter were better for feeding beef cattle. For mangol growing the land was ploughed twice in the fall; manure spread broadcast and the land ridged un in birth stdges better For mangol growing the land was ploughed twice in the fall; manure spread broadcast and the land ridged up in high ridges before the winted set in. In the spring more manure was put in the drills and they were split, rolled down and the seed sown as early as possible. Had tried sowing the seed late in the fall with good results. In this case the seed tay in the ground all winter and came up in the spring, Mangols should be hoed before the plants have grown much. They should be left about 12 to 15 inches in the rows and the drills 28 inches apart. Keep them worked and free from weeds during the summer, and harvest in the fall before ary heavy frosts come. The tops may be twisted off and if short of good cellar room, mangols may be put in pits. They keep very well if covered up tightly from the frost and may be kept good till June. Like a winter apple, they improve by keeping, and are best fed in the spring. He riged better care for cows and more intelligent feeding, as well as the currying of the animals. Changes of food are relished when it is done with care. The cow could not get too much winter care or too well fed while milking heavily. For the summer feed, in addition to good pasture, which might best be a mixture of grasses such as orchard grass, blue grass, meadow fescue and clovers, there should be extra green feed in case the pastures were short. Winter mye was good for early cutting, then a mixture of cats 1½ bushels, peas one-half bushel clovers, there should be extra green feed in case the pastures were short. Winter mye was good for early cutting, then a mixture of cats 1½ bushels, peas one-half bushel and vetches a half bushel, sown together on an acre. This made a good crop for butting green, and if not needed, made good hay. Corn sown early, an early variety then came in and after that roots till winter came. Turnip tops were not good for dairy cows, but after milking a few white turnips did not give the objectionable taste ascribed to Swedes fed in the fall. He also spoke on grain growing, clover culture and the home life on the farm. This excellent meeting was closed with a vote of thanks to the speakers and singing the National Anthem.

GOLD FROM AUSTRALIA.

Total Shipments to America This Season Amount to \$13,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 6 .-Steamer Mariposa, from Sydney, Australia, due here next Thursday, is reported to have on board nearly \$500,000 in Australian gold, consigned to the Anglo-Californian bank of this city. This, added to the former receipts, will make the total ship of gold from that source for this season \$13,000,000, by far the largest amount ever received in California from Australia during any one year in settling the balance of trade in favor of America.

> LIVERPOOL LUMBER MARKET. (Farnworth & Jardine's Circular.)

LIYERPOOL, Feb. 1.—Spruce deals by eamers from St. John, last sale at £5 17s 8d to £6. Birch planks at £5 15s. 6d to £6. Birch planks at £5 15s.

The arrivals from British North America during the past month have been five vessels, 3,864 tons, against six vessels, 4,603 tons during the corresponding month last year, and the aggregate tonnage to this date from all places during the years 1896, 1297, and 1898 has been 7,395, 15,895 and 22,167 tons respectively. Business during the month has continued quiet, consumption generally has been small and stocks of all articles are ample, in some instances excessive; there is not much change in value to report, but prices are difficult to maintain.

tain.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Spruce and Pine Deals.—The import has been moderate, but the stock is much too heavy, and prices difficult to maintain. Pine deals have not been imported, and there is no change in value. have not been imported, and there is no change in value.

Birch.—Logs have not been imported; the demand has been very dull, and the stock is quite adequate. Birch planks have been imported moderately; prices continue very depressed and the stock is too heavy.

Stocks of N. B. and N. S. spruce and pine deals at Liverpoot and near-by ports are 11,767 standards compared with \$,025 a year ago, and 6,457 two years ago, of birch planks 120,000 cubic feet compared with 90,000 feet a year ago.

HEALTH LOST AND FOUND.

The Story of a Young Boy's Trials,

Was Growing Too Rapidly and His Health Gave Way - Several Months Doctoring Did Him No Good-His Paren's Almost Discouraged.

(From the Napanee Beaver.) It is truly pitiable to see boys just beginning to realize the possibilities of life stricken down with disease, the escape from which is sometimes thought to be little short of a miracle. Hearing of such a case, a reporter called on Mr. J. J. Smith, living near Fredericksburg Station, in Lennox Co., and interviewed him regarding the cure of his son, who was in bad health and regained it by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Smith is one of the oldest residents in the locality, of direct U. E. Loyalist descent, and has resided all his life on the farm on which he lives. He is consequently well known throughout the district. In reply to the scribe's query he gave the details of the case My son, Stanley, was taken sick about the first of February, 1895. He became very deaf and had a dull constant pain in his head. He grew very veak, such a condition being more properly described by the term 'general muscular weakness.' He was troubled with severe pain in the back and had no appetite, continuing to steadily grow weaker, and finally lost all ambition. He had little more color in him than a bit of white paper. A physician was consulted on the first appearance of the trouble. He carefully examined the case, stating that the hearing was affected by catarrhal deafness, the pains in the back originating from muscular rheumatism and the constant tired feeling and general weakness was caused by over-growth. These difficulties, together with the after effects of la grippe, left him a physical wreck. He had the benefit of careful medical attention for four months. The doctor had carefully treated him for the deafness, and succeeded in restoring his hearing, but in other respects was no better. He ordered that he should be carefully nursed, which was about all that could be done. To make things more clearly understood, I might say he was at this time past twelve years of age, having grown very fast, was large enough for one six years his senior. The doctor said medicine could not benefit him, and all that could be done must come by nursing. We naturally felt greatly discouraged at the prospect, not knowing what course to pursue in the future. At this juncture one of the druggists of Napanee, who had previously compounded many prescriptions, recommended a trial of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was then the first of June when we purchased three boxes and commenced the treatment. When he had finished the second box his appetite, previously fickle and unwonderfully improved. steady, had He continued taking the pills until seven boxes had been used. His strength returned with renewed vigor, ul signs of muscular rheumatism had vanished, and he steadily regained a strong, healthy color, and was able to do considerable light work in the harvest field, such as riding the mower, reaper or horse-rake. He has since attended school regularly, and though a year has elapsed, he has had no symptoms." Mrs. Smith, spoken to about the matter, readily concurred in all that had been said relative to her son's case, and was very decided in her views regarding the health giving properties contained in Dr. Wil-

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood builder and nerve restorer. They supply the blood with its life and healthgiving properties, thus driving disease from the system. There are numerous pink colored imitations, against which the public is warned. The genuine Pink Pills can be had only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Refuse all others.

## "THOUGHT MY HEAD **WOULD BURST."**

A Fredericton Lady's Terrible Suffering.

Mrs. Geo. Donnery tells the following remarkable story of relief from suffering and restoration to health, which should



clear away all doubts as to the effica Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills from the minds of the most ske

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills from the minds of the most skeptical:

"For several years I have been a constant sufferer from nervous headache, and the pain was so intense that sometimes I was almost crazy. I really thought that my head would burst. I consulted a number of physicians, and took many remedies, but without effect. I noticed Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills advertised, and as they seemed to suit my case, I got a box and began their use. Before taking them I was very weak and debilitated, and would sometimes wake out of my sleep with a distressed, smothering feeling, and I was frequently seized with agonizing pains in the region of the heart, and often could scarcely muster up courage to keep up the struggle for life. In this wretched condition Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills came to the rescue, and to-day I state, with gratitude, that I am vigorous and strong, and all this improvement is due to this wonderful remedy. I fully realize that these marvellous pills are not transitory in their action, but a permanent cure, for they have toned up my nervous system, nourished my blood, and regulated the action of my heart, and restored my long lost health completely."

" MANCHESTER'S TONIC Condition Powder.

HYMN BEFORE ACTION.

The earth is full of anger,
The seas are dark with wrath,
The nations with their harness
Go up against our path.
Ere yet we loose the legions,
Ere yet we draw the blade,
Jebovah of the Thunders ehovah of the Thunders, Lord God of Battles, aid!

High lust and forward hearing, Proud heart, rebellious br Deaf ear and soul uncaring, We seek Thy mercy now—
The sinner that foreswore Thee,
The fool that passed Thee by,
Our times are known before Three
Lord send us strength to die!

For those that kneel beside us, At altars not Thine own,
Who lack the lights that guide us
Lord, let their faith atone;
If wrong we did to call them
By honor bound they came,
Let not thy wrath befall them
But deal to us the blame.

From panic pride and terror Revenge that knows no rein,
Light haste and lawless error
Protect us yet again.
Cloak Thou our undeserving,
Make firm the suddering breadth, In silence and unswerving To taste Thy lesser death.

Ah, Mary pierced with sorrow, Remember, reach and save
The soul that stands tomorrow
Before the God that gave;
Since each was born of woman
For each to utter need,
True comrade and true foeman,
Madonna, intercede!

E'en now their vanguard gathers, E'en now their vanguard gathers,
E'en now we face the fray,
As Thou dids't help our fathers,
Help Thou their seed today.
Fuifilled of signs and wonders,
In Life in Death made clear,
Jehovah of the Thunders,
Lord God of Battles, hear!
—Rudyard Kipling.

## THE BRITISH COMMONS.

The Government Indian Frontier Policy-The Occupation of Chitral.

LONDON, Feb. 15.-The commons this afternoon considered the amend-ment of John L. Walton, liberal, to the address in reply to the speech from the throne and raising the question of the government's Indian fron-tier policy, Mr. Walton criticized it from a liberal standpoint, disapproved of the occupation of Chitral as being the source of the present troubles, and urging the government not to tamper with the independence of the frontier tribes, who, he said, were "the natural bulwark of India."

Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, said it was impossible o evacuate Chitral without impairing The prestige of Great Britain and the tranquility of these ribes. The present troubles, he continued, proved that the occupation of Chitral welcome, and he warmly repelled the opposition's charges that the government had been guilty of breach of faith with the local tribes in continu-

ing the occupation. The Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Hartley Fowler, liberal, secretary of state for India in the last liberal cabinet, rebutted the charge that the liberal government had agreed to a permanent occupation of the Chitral. The future, however, would be more important ,he said, than the past, which had been a costly blunder, and the liberals would resist the forward tendency of the military party in India. He urged that the Indian council should have some control of the expenditure, as the greatest danger which threatened the northwest frontier was a "policy of aggressive militarism."

ABOUT THE STANLEY.

(Summerside Journal.) While the Stanley is having such a hard time of it on the Pictou route, she would never have missed a trip this winter, unless owing to a thick snow storm on the Summerside-Cape Termentine route. Day after day the straits between here and the board ice on the other side are perfectly clear cf ice, and there would be nothing to binder the Stanley making two round trips a day if necessary, the distance being so short. Then, she would have no trouble in coming right to the wharf here, as there is much thinner fee than usual on the harbor. Here is where the Stanley ought to be, and each succeeding winter more clearly emphasizes the fact that she is on the wrong route. Place her on the Summerside-Cape Tormentine route, and we will hear of no more delays of even two, let alone ten or twelve, days in freight and passenger traffic. sooner this fact is recognized by the government, the sooner will we have continuous steam communication between the island and the mainland.

# THE CZAR'S LITTLE TEST.

(Electrical Review.)

Justus Eck writes: "It may interest you to know that at the same time an order was placed in America for an electric launch for the Czar of Rus another was placed in this country with Messrs. Kerby Bowen, Limited and that this is now being built in th Isle of Wight, under the supervisit of the naval attache of the Russi mbassy in London. It will be of interest, when the time arrives, to compare the relative advantages of aunches, one all American, and other all English manufacture."

Advertise in the WEEKLY SUN.

#### VETERINARY DEPARTMENT

Demand the Best.
Sold by Druggists and Merchants.
Sold by Druggists and Merchants.
Sold by Pas Me.
Sold by Pas

Conducted By J. W. Manchester V. S., St. John, N. B.

THE WEEKLY SUN takes pleasure in notifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Manchester, V. S., whereby all questions with respect to diseases of the lower animals will be answered by him, and treatment prescribed in those cases where it is asked for through the columns of THE SIIN

All enquiries must be addressed: VETERINARY DEPARTMENT. Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

M. E.-My horse seven years old has sprained his back tendons. They are very much enlarged and very hot and painful. He seems to be a little over in the knees in consequence. Is too lame to work. What shall I do? Ans.-Fire the tendons and then blister repeatedly with mercury briniodide. Use a high heeled shoe and place in a box stall. In some cases tenotomy or cutting the tendons is useful, but this requires a qualified man to perform the operation

Farmer-A horse cut himself on the side of gamble. The cut is about four inches long and not very deep. Please advise

Ans.-Cleanse the wound of all dirt, etc., and then draw the edges firmly together, using carse silk. Dress wound daily with carbolized oil.

L. C. D.-A cow calved about a week before her time. She seems well, but does not give much milk, not above two quarts a day. Will she come to her milk or had I better fatten her?

Ans.—She will probably come to her milk in the course of a few weeks. Give a pound of Epsom salts. Feed on sloppy food and give her a little

Subscriber.—A brood sow kept in a rather cold shed seems lame across the back, can hardly walk, seems sick nd does not feed well.

Ans.-Rheumatism. Put in a warm. comfortable pen, and rub its back with a stimulating liniment. Give laxative food. She will soon get well.

# ENGLAND AND CHINA.

PEKIN, Feb. 13.-England is negotiating with China to open Yuen-Chau-Fu, in the province of Hu-Nan, as a treaty port, and is negotiating also on the subject of the navigation of inland waters.

The Chinese government has paid the agreed indemnity of £10,000 to M. Laudet, the Frenchman kidnapped by Tonquin pirates in 1895

The year's audience for the foreign ministers has been fixed for Feb. 15. and the banquet by the Tsung-Li-Yamen will be given the following day. Owing to the long delay the ministers had declined an audience, but the Tsung-Li-Yamen has now arranged

# Blacks That Are Black.

Three Favorites of the Diamond

Dy es.

The Diamond Dye Blacks are scientific successes that are everywhere appreciated by the ladies. Diamond Dye Fast Black for Wool

stands ahead of all other wool dyes for fulness ,richness and depth of coler. All wool goods when they have become rusty and soiled can be restored to a deep jet black, equal to the best French blacks, and fitted for long years of wear, Diamond Dye Fast Black for Cot-ton and Mixed Goods is the only black

in the world for dyeing cotton and all mixed fabrics. It gives a permanent and never fading color. Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk and Feathers is a triumph of the chemical art, and has surprised the

world. All silk goods and feathers that are faded, spotted and soiled can be dyed a lovely jet black with this special dye, making old things look equal to new goods. The Diamond Blacks are the best in

the world. Ask for them and refuse all imitations and poor makes. BIG REDUCTION IN CABLE RATES

The C. P. R. Co.'s telegraph announces the following rates are now in force to points in the West Indies via their line and the Halifax-Ber-

1.48	muda Cable Co.;	
n	Antigua	00 00
-33	Barbados British Guiana	\$V.00
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2000	Dominion	.97
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n	Panama	.97
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	of. Vincent	- 01
	Tripidad	4 00
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	cents a word of the former rate	



# PARTMENT. W. Manchester

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# CITY NEWS.

SECOND PART.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish

Remember! The NAME of the Post office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your On Saturday Thomas Hillgrove of Parrsboro was granted a master's cer-

tificate for foreign trade by the mar-

ine examiners. Jas. Patterson, former trackmaster for the I. C. R. from Campbellton division to Newcastle, is now in charge as trackmaster from Petit Rocher to St. Flavie, while Mr. De-Boo's section is extended from Mont-real to Petit Rocher.

Capt. W. R. Palmer passed through the city Thursday on his way to New York to join his vessel, the bark Kelverdale, which has been repaired and remetaled there under the supervision of Capt. Samuel Dick. The Kelverdale goes to Rio Janeiro.

The Duart Castle, Capt. Seely, arrived Saturday from the West Indies with mails, passengers and general cargo. The first two days out from Bermuda the vessel encountered strong adverse winds and not much headway was made.

The causes of death reported at the Board of Health office for week ending Feb. 12th, 1898, were: Paralysis, septicoemia, 1; chronic phthisis, pelvic abscess, 1; cancer of stomach, 1; carcinoma of uterus, 1; valvular disease of heart, 1; total, 7.

The expenditure of the town of Yarmouth for 1897 was \$87,848.44, and the receipts were \$78,711,24; deficit, \$9,137.20. The largest empenditures were: Schools, \$15,000; fire, \$7,000; streets, \$10,000; water, with interest, \$23,000; light, \$3,500, and police, \$2,600

Dr. Commings of Bath, N. B., the coroner in the Canovan-Tucker poisoning case, who has been in the city for the past few days, left for home on Thursday afternoon. He has been censulting Mr. Best, with whom he left the stomach of the deceased for

The farmers' institute to be held in the hall of the Simonds and Loch Lomond Agricultural society at Loch Lomond on the evening of the 21st promises to be a very attractive affair. There is some talk of holding horse races at the take in the after-

Capt. Grady, who is to take command of the latest addition to the fleet of steamships which Wm. Thomson & Co. are having built on the other side, arrived here on Friday from Boston. He goes to London as a passenger on the Platea. His vessel will be called the Cunaxa.

At th twelfth annual meeting of the Clydesdale Horse-Breeders' Association, held in Toronto on the 8th inst., A. T. Murray of Fredericton was elected vice-president for New Bruns-wick, Col. Blair for Nova Scotia, and W. P. Balderson for Prince Edward Island. Among the judges suggested for exhibitions was C. C. Gardner for Charlottetown, P. E. T

P. A. Logan, mechanical superintendent of the Canada Eastern, left for New York Thursday afternoon, to purchase two new locomotives for his railway. They will arrive some time in March, and will be called into service at once. Both will be ten wheelers, considerably larger and stronger than any now belonging to the company. They will be used principally to haul freight trains, the constantly increasing freight traffic of the railway having made additional power an absolute necessity.-Fredericton Re-

The loyal Orange county lodge of Kings Co. west held its annual meeting in the lodge room of the Boyne L. O. L., No. 15, on Feb. 8th, when the following officers were elected and installed: S. Hamlyn Bradley, W. county master; George Redmore, D. county master; James I. Breen, chaplair C. L. Flewelling, rec. sec.; W. A. Pitt, fin. sec.; Geo. S. Gray, treas.; David Miller, D. of C.: James White, lec. Harry Redmore and Herbert Hughe D. L.'s. The reports of the county master, secretary and treasurer show that the lodge is doing a good work.

A meeting of the creditors of Bar-ton Gandy was held in the sheirff's office yesterday morning. The liabilities are about \$8,400 and the assets Of the latter amount over \$3,000 is judgment against the Millville Insurance company. Alfred Mills and R. R. Patchell were appointed inspectors, and were ordered with the assignee to dispose of the estate to the best advantage. The meeting adjourned until the 22nd of April.

A company composed of New York and Philadelphia capitalists, and named the Manhattan Steamship Co., capital \$1,000,000, has been formed to perate a steamship service between New York, Maine and the maritime Provinces. Contracts have already been given for three steel twin screw, double bottom, high speed steamers for freight and passengers, having large space devoted to cold storage. Each steamer will have 126 staterocms, with two berths each .- Monetary Times.

# PREPARED FOR ANYTHING.

(From Truth.) Salesman-Those are walking gloves, ma-Rural customer—Du tell! I've never leard of them. Let me see 'em walk. CORN HILL NEWS.

CORN HILL, Kings Co., Feb. 12.—
C. I. Keith has engaged a number of teams for deal hauling.
George Whitenect of this place died in Moncton a few days ago with measles. The remains were brought measles. The remains were brought here for burial. No hopes of recovery are now held for Patrick Buckley, who has been suffering from a peculiar aliment for

Much sympathy is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Marr on the death of their infant son.

Havelock division, S. of T., paid a fraternal visit to Corn Hill division on Thursday evening. Hubert Stockton has gone to St. John to attend the Currie Business University.

the past few weeks.

## IT PROLONGS LIFE.

The reputation Abbey's Efferves cent Sait has won in England and Europe as a standard preparation is being repeated here. Physicians everywhere have endorsed it. Here is what J. A. S. Brunelle, M. D., C. M., Montreal, Professor of Surgery, Laval University Medical Faculty, Surgeon to the Hotel Dieu, says: found Abbey's Effectivescent Salt par-ticularly beneficial in the treatment of derangements of the liver and of that the regular use of a preparation of this nature has a decided tendency to prolong life. I am using it in my

hospital practice." You can have health-natural, every day, all the year round healththrough the daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt. Sold by all druggists at 60 cents a large bottle. Trial size, 25 cents.

### FOR KLONDYKERS.

The following is a copy of a telegram received from Vancouver by the Canadian Pacific authorities:

Canadian Pacific authorities:

"Parties arriving late Sunday night, Messrs. Galbraith, Ross, McKay and Hale, Just arrived direct from Telegraph Creek, Substance of details of trip as follows:—Left Telegraph Creek January 11th, arrived Wrangel January 25th, having laid up two days, making actual travelling time twelve days. Came light, just enough provisions for trip hauled by five dog team, men using snowshoes breaking trail and following Stikine whole distance to mouth, so now a good hard trail all the way, and snow not deep enough to hinder. Weather moderate, not below zero whole trip. Met first parties bound inland about one hundred miles from mouth and every five or ten miles stragbound inland about one hundred miles from mouth and every five or ten miles stragglers, all making good progress. Those 30-ing in now can make the without delays. Dogs best feeding on fried saimon; plentiful at Wrangel. It taking stock now all feed must be taken, as none en route. Camp made each night on the trail. All four are well and hearty. well and hearty.

The C. P. R. passenger department also understands that according to agreement with the government a sleigh road will be opened through to Teslin Lake by March 10th.

#### C. OF E. INSTITUTE

The annual meeting of the Church of England Institute was held Thursday night, the president, Ven. Archdeacon Brigstocke, in the chair. The attendance was good and the various reports showed the Institute to be in a flourishing condition.

for the ensuing year: President-The Ven. Archdeacon Brigstocke.

Lay vice-presidents-T. B. Robinson and J. H. McAvity. Council-J. A. Coster, Dr. Magele, R. E. Coupe, H. B. Schofield, H. C. Tilley, E. L. Perkins, H. H. Pickett, Rowland Frith, J. E. Secord, T. P.

Two other members will be elected at the first meeting of the council, also the treasurer, secretary and librarian.

# PATENT REPORT.

Below will be found the only com plete report of patents granted this week to Canadian inventors by the United States government. This report is prepared especially for the Sun by Marion & Marion, solicitors of patents and experts, head office, Temple building, Montreal. 598,217-William de Lany, jr., Co-

bourg, Canada, air valve. 598,291-Jean L. P. Houde, Montreal Can., combined sleigh and carriage. 598,324-William G. Moore, London Can., compound for preventing escape

of air from punctured tires. 598,292-Joseph A. Mumford, Hantsport, Can., excavating or dredging

598,383-Henry J. Murney, Gooderich, Can., filtering device. 598,445-John C. Shepherd, Tilsonourg, Can., vehicle spring. 598,401-Alfred M. Terrill, Picton, Can., fruit picker.

598,277-William G. Trethewey, Vancouver, Can., labelling machine. BURGLARY AT CALAIS.

CALAIS, Feb. 8.—The wholesale store of George S. Murchie was enter ed some time during the night, and about \$80 was taken from the safe, The theft was committed by some one who had a key to the front door and also knew the combination of the safe. The goods in the store were not dis-

# FOR THE KLONDYKE.

The Amherst News says that Detective Carroll of Pictou left on Saturlay for the Klondyke. The Truro News says that Capt, J.

E. Fulton left on Monday for New York and Philadelphia, and thence to York and Philadelphia, and thence to British Coulmbia and the Klondyke. The News also says: "G. P. McKenzie and James A. McKinnom, who left Malagash, Cumberland Co., in August last, and who have been in Victoria, B. C., for some time, are now en route to the Yukon gold fields. Several other residents of Malagash intend starting in March or April for this distant Eldorado."

SEALING WAX POISONED HIM. Lord Clonmell Met His Death in a Singular Manne

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The death of Lord Clonmell, which was announced on Wednesday last, was caused by his dropping a little hot sealing wax on his hand, whereupon blood-poisoning rapidly developed. He only succeeded to the title in 1896.

## TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The following Travelling Agents of The Sun are now calling on Subscribers. etc.:

EDGAR CANNING, in Albert Co.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY. issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this.

#### TO CORRESPONDENTS.

During the sessions of the dominion parliament and the provincial legislature, which make heavy demands on our space, correspondents are request-ed to condense their contributions to the smallest possible limit.

#### KENT CO.

Young Lady Breaks the Fast of Forty-four Days.

RICHIBUCTO, Feb. 10.-David Walker, a former resident of Molus river, died about ten days ago at Minneapolis, Minn., from cancer of the stomach. Mr. Walker removed to the west with his family over seven years ago. He is survived by a wife and ten children. Edward Walker, the well known lumber merchant of Bass river, is a brother of the de-

The daughter of Jude LeBlanc, collector of customs at Buctouche, who ate no food for forty-four days, suddenly recovered her appetite on Sat-

urday last James Hanraham broke one of his legs in the lumber woods near Kou-chibouguae on Saturday. A falling tree caused the accident. He was removed to Kingston for surgical aid. James Haines, the fireman injured in the recent I. C. R. accident, is a son of Allan Haines of this town.

#### SUNBURY CO.

MAUGERVILLE, Sunbury Co., Feb. 11.—The children of the Loyal Temperance legion, under the direction of Mrs. E. O. Perley, assisted by Misses Lizzie and Mame Harrison, gave an excellent entertainment in the Temperance hall on Monday night, which was well attended. Sixteen dollars were realized for the good of the or-

Miss Mary L. Magee has been engaged to take the Lower Queensbury school, York Co.

## NOVA SCOTIA.

CORNWALLIS, N. S., Feb. 10.-John Pudeey of Kentville, who was hurt by the train running over him last week and whose life was at first despaired of, is much better. One leg has been amputated, and an operation will probably be performed on

the other leg. The new directors of the Acadia dairy are Oscar Chase, Dr. Fuller, C. R. H. Starr, Rufus Starr, J. D. Simeon, E. D. Gould, Charles Reid, Fred Mitchell and Frank Wascott.

FAST STEAMERS TO ORIENT. British Shipping Companies Say 20-Knot Vessels Must be Built.

LONDON, Feb. 5.-The shipping companies subsidized to carry the mails to India and the far east have decided to improve the speed of their service. They have suddenly awakened to the fact that the trans-Siberian railroad will come into competition within a few years. There is not now one steamer engaged in the Anglo-Indian passenger or freight service that is capable of more than fourteen knots. The ordinary rate even of the P. and O. steamers is tenknots.

A conference of 'he leading men in the trade has been arranged. The more far-seeing among them declare that they must start building twentyknot boats without waiting until Russia completes the railroad through Manchuria.

# YORK CO.

MEDUCTIC, Feb. 12.-Percy Grosvenor has returned from Boston, where he was summoned by the death of his brother, Temple, who died at that place of lung disease while on his way home from New York. Deor red was about 30 years of age. His remains were cremated at Forest Hill cemetery, near Boston. Deceased was a grandson of Senator Temple of Fre-

E. Moore has returned from Washington, where he patented a number of his inventions, such as an electric switch, a shaft coupler and a non-refillable bottle. Mr. Moore says he has sheady sold a share in the switch at a good figure.

# LETTER OF THANKS.

Rev. H. Havelock Smith of Pincher Creek, Alberta, diocese of Calgary, N. W. T., is in receipt of two copies of the St. John Weekly Sun. Examining the label with address he finds that it has been paid up to Jan., All the numbers were interesting, but the spelling contest between the Will that person accept the thanks of Mr. Smith for the kind thought which prompted the act and be assured that such acts of kindness are a real boon to the missionary, whose limited means will not always permit of his subscribing to papers he would like otherwise to see. Being a New Brunswick boy Mr. Smith values the gift all the more, and is glad to read the news of his old province which he left some 18 years ago,

# AN EX-ALDERMAN SPEAKS.

Mr. Jas. Hagan, the well-known ex-alderman of Kemptville, Ont., says: For some years I have been greatly troubled with pain across my back. Urinary troubles caused me much loss of sleep, and I suffered from a tired worn out feeling. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me relief in a short time. The pain in my back has disappeared, and I feel that I would be doing wrong not to recommend them to others suffering as I did. They are the best medicine I ever used."

## SUSSEX NEWS.

SUSSEX, Feb. 12.—Edmund Fairweather, builder, has completed a very handsome residence on Church avenue, which will be a credit to the many fine and costly residences in that locality. The building was built for Geo. H. White and, it is said, intended for his daughter, Mrs. Arthur Keith. The stair work was done by Mr. Maxwell of St. John and is a fine piece of work. The blinds, etc., by Christie & Co., also of St. John, are said to be fine and costly. Thomas Heffer did the plastering. The interior painting by R. Brewing, and the outside painting was done by Frederick Radcliffe. Mr. and Mrs.

Keith will have a very comfortable home in a pleasant locality. Thomas Roach has shipped another Ayrshire bull to Westville Station, Pictou, Nova Scotia. The bull is the Westville Agricultural Society property. He expects to ship another in a few days, making four animals shipped quite recently. Mr. Roach's stock is being highly prized in that part of Neva Scotia

SUSSEX, Feb. 14.-In sending forward my today's notes I feel I am in self-defence bound to refer to H. B. White's letter, which appears in to-day's issue of the Sun, in which he refers to the cream separator com-petition which took place at the Sussex dairy on January 30th last past and Feb. 2nd instant, the result of which appeared in my notes of the 3rd inst., in which he states that a false impression was implied. I may at the outset state that, strong as my feelings are in favor of anything Canadian, I ever try to be truthful in my statements in my correspondence to the Sun. I gave my report as obtained from one present, and enclose you a statement as again obtained from the same source today, viz.: The competition was brought on by Harvey Mitchell, the superintendent of the dairy school, he being very anxious to obtain in the interests of the province the best machine. The machines competing were the Alpha Turbine, No. 1, catalogue capacity 2,500 pounds per hour, manufactured by the Canadian Dairy Supply Co., Montreal; the Tubular, capacity 4,000 pounds per hour, manufactured by P. M. Sharples, Westchester, Pa. One run was made by each machine in the presence of J. F. Tilley, dairy superentendent; N. W. Eveleigh, manager of the Sussex cheese factory, and Harvey Mitchell. The result of the

from these gentlemen, all of whom were satisfied, and so stated to me, that the test was a fair one and that the Canadian machine was the best. To show that if Mr. White was not satisfied with the result he was served with a notice, of which the following

tests as given in the Sun was got

SUSSEX, N. B., Feb. 4, 1898. To H. B. White, agent for the Russian separator: Sir-As we understand you are not ttisfied in regard to the number of times the separators were run in the competition of January 31st and February 2nd, we hereby challenge you to enter into a competition for any num-

ber of runs you may suggest. Yours truis (Sgd) THE CANADIAN DAIRY SUPPLY CO.

Per Andrew Wilson, agent for Alpha. Further, I am informed the day the above challenge was made the Alpha nachine overrun its catalogue capacity, separating 2,477 pounds of milk in one hour and seven minutes, leaving on an average only .0193 per cent. of butter fat in the skim milk, and the challenge was not accepted. have not written in defence of the Alpha machine, but to show that your Sussex correspondent reported in his notes what he had good reason to be-

J. de L. Tache, representing the Alexander separator, manufactured in in Duxley, England, is here and will put one of his machines on test in a few days, a proof that the indefatig able superintendent is using his best exertions in the interest of the farmers and the creamery as well.

# MT. ALLLISON.

SACKVILLE, Feb. 12.-Last evening the following programme was given under the auspices of the Athletic Association: 

ard.
Club Swinging.

Messrs Dobson and Lucas.

Messrs Dobson and Lucas.

Ness Benedict.

Miss Benedict.

Whistling solo: The Wren.

Misses Moore and B. Gibson.

Misses Moore and B. Gibson.

Messrs. Porter and Lucas.

Spelling Contest.

The Town-Miss H. Stewart, Miss B. Young, Miss H. Cahill, Miss E. Brittain, Miss Hazen. F. A. Harrison, captain; J. F. Allison, F. A. Dixon, W. I. Goodwin, A. W. Colpitts.

Colpitts.

The Students—Miss F. Bowles, Miss J.
Colpitts, Miss F. Webb, Miss A. Maxwell,
Miss A. Whittaker, E. Forsey, captain; H.
Clegg, L. R. McDonald, George Turner, R. Prof. Tweelie, conductor; Prof. Hunton, referee: authorities; Worcester and Web-

ten persons from the town and ten from the university students had a rpecial attraction for the large audlence. Each competitor was allowed only one trial of any word, and on the sec nd failure had to leave the plat-form. The contest was limited to one hour, and at the end of that time three young women and three young men were left on the university side.

representatives. The university therefore won by 8 points to 4. Lady Tilley and Miss Howland of Toronto are at present at the Ladies' College. The former is working daily at the art gallery and the latter is a

and two men and a lady on the town

side. Of these two of the students had

made no mistake, and one of the town

student of vocal culture. The seniors' at home is to be held in the University Residence on Friday, 18th Feb. The usual large number of guests is expected.

The export demand for meats is reported by Chicago houses to be improving, and this accounts for the advance in provisions. The requirements are said to be enormous.

# WEDDING BELLS

(Calais Times.)

Miss Nellie Murchie, daughter of Josephus Murchie of St. Stephen, and Ralph Horton of Calais, were married at the residence of the bride's father, Marks street, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Thomas Mar-shall, under a beautiful floral arch surmounted by two hearts of pink and white flowers. The bride looked very pretty in a cream satin costume, trimmed with pearl passamenterie. Her cousin, Miss Roberta, was brides maid, and was dressed in a becoming costume of white organdie, trimmed with pale pink ribbon. Gorham K. King, St. John, supported the groom. After the ceremony refreshments were served. The happy couple left on the evening train for Quebec and Mon-treal. At the train a large number of well wishers were gathered to see them off. The train pulled out amid showers of rice , and the noise of exploding torpedoes. The bride wore a neat travelling dress of navy blue canvas cloth, with hat to match. On their return they will reside with Dr. and Mrs. Swan, Calais, until their own house is ready for occupancy.

A very pleasant evening was spen on the 2nd inst, at the home of John Robertson, Long Creek, P. E. Island where a large number of cheerfu guests were assembled to witness the marriage of Miss Christy A. Robertson to Hector MacLean of the same place. Rev. Mr. Corey of Charlottetown officiated at the marriage ceremony. The bride was very prettily dressed in gray cloth trimmed with silk gimp and lace and carried a lily hand bouquet. Miss Christina MacLean of Long Creek attended her as bridesmaid. She was dressed in cream serge, trimmed with crepe dechene and satin ribbon. The groom was attended by James Darrach of Canoe Cove. A sumptuous and varied repast followed the ceremony.

#### THE DEATH ROLL

Advices from New York report the death there of Edmond P. Sheehan, a well-known marble cutter who used to work here with the late S. P. Osgood. Mr. Sheehan went to New York nineteen years ago. His wife, a sister of Mrs. Matthew O'Neill of this city, and one son survive him, as well as one married sister in New York and one in Hartford, Conn. Mr. Sheehan, who was one of the original members of the City Cornet band, was very popular with the young people of his day, and his death will heard with regret.

The death of Miss Nettie Pidgeon, which occurred early Saturday morning, was not unexpected, as the young lady had for several months been seriously ill, without any hope of recovery. But the announcement was nevertheless, a great shock to a wide circle of friends, who feel deep regret at the taking away so early in life of one so gifted, and whose sweet voice had won for her so many admirers. Miss Pidgeon was the only daughter of C. B. Pidgeon. For three or four years she had been a prominent figure in musical circles, possessing a the action of a mole. Se far 270 coins soprano voice of great sweetness and of the Edward I. period have been purity. She sang for some time in the choir of the Main street Baptist chruch, and later in the choir of the Germain street Bantist church, and was on several occasions heard in concert work. About a year ago Miss Pidgeon contracted a heavy cold, which slowly but surely resulted in decline. The best medical treatment and changes, of climate proved: unavailing, and the life of the young lady faded slowly away. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved father

and brothers. The death occurred in Carleton Saturday of Miss Mabel A. Robson, daughter of John Robson, the wellknown stevedore. The deceased had been ill for some time and her death will be heard with sincere regret. She

was 21 years old. Mrs. Daniel Wentzell of Shelburne died last week, aged 68 years. Her husband and three daughters sur-

Mrs. Eleanor A. Watson died at Shelburne last week, aged 85 years. Says the Shelburne Budget: "Last week we mentioned the death of a resident of our town who had passed the age of ninety years, and two weeks before we recorded the death of a lady who had lived for a good 94 years. Now it becomes our duty to chronicle the demise of one who was 99 years and four months. We refer to Mrs. Jacob Slate, who passed away at Cape Negro last week. Up to within two days of her death Mrs. Slate enjoyed excellent health. If we are not mistaken, there is only one person in the county who has reached a more advanced age, and that is a and smashing the end of the boat lady residing at Barrington, who will bouse and doing some other miner

## be 100 years next month." NATIVE OF HAVELOCK

Death of John C. Mullin at Montevideo, at the Age of Fifty-four Years.

The Montevideo Commercial of Jan.

21st has the following:
John C. Mullin passed from this life at his rooms in the Riverside, a little after 8 o'clock. Tuesday evening, in the presence of his devoted wife, the attending physicians and a few triends.

The deceased was born in Havelock, Kings county. New Rrunswick, February 23, 1844. The deceased was born in Havelock, Kings county, New Brunswick, February 22, 1841, thus lacking a month of being 54 years old at the time of his death. In 1867 he moved to Boston, where he remained two years; from thence he went to Rochester, Minn., where on Arpil 3, 1889, he married Miss Emma Thorn, with whom he lived happliy until the end. Mr. Mullin and family came to Havelock, this county, in 1873, and settled on the farm where they have since resided, with the exception of a few years spent in Minneapolis during the grasshopper period, where he worked at his trade as a macon.

maron.

Mr. Mullin has always enjoyed the confidence and respect of his neighbors and everyone with whom he has come in contect. He has held the various town and school offices, and in 1894 he was elected a representative from the forty-third district, and served in the state legislature with credit to himself and constituents. He was a member of Sunset Lodge, No. 109, A. F. and A. M. of this place.

The deceased was taken sick Saturday evening, Dec. 18, with acute gastritis, and although he partially recovered from the attack, he was left in a critical condition, "finally succumbing to hemorrhage of the stomach."

stomach."

A devoted wife and family survives him, the children consisting of James, Jessie, Jay, John, Aaron, Rocky and Dorothy; James and Jessie, the two oldest, being married.

His devoted wife remained with him constently during his illness, and did all that, high prices."

A Chicago letter of Feb. 11 says: "Corn shows a great deal of strength. The situation is beginning to have more effect; that is, the unwillingness of the farmer to self much, and the shorts covering have to pay

# CANNED GOODS ...

Salmon, Corn, Peas, Beans, Gallon Apples, etc.....

Tea in Boxes, Tins and Half Chests. White Ontario and Carleton Co Oats Feeds, Bran, Flour, Oatmeal, etc.

Landing this week. Prices Low. JAMES COLLINS. - - 210 UNION ST. ST. JOHN, N. B.

## WANTED.

WAINTED .- A Second Class Teacher to take charge of school in District No. 7, Mechanics' Settlement. Apply, stating terms, to J. W. CHAMBERS Secretary of Trustees.

WANTED -A Second Class Female Teacher for Riley Brook, District No. 4, Parish of Lorne, Victoria County. Want a Protestant.

ISAAC GAUNCE,

Secretary to School Trustees. AGE: "S-"Klondike Gold Fields," a large, cheap, valuable book, selling like a whirlwind. Bestutful! prospectus twenty-five cutts. Books on time. BRADLEY-GAR-RETSON COMPANY, Limited, Toronto.

AGENTS—"The best life of Her Majesty I have seen," writes Lord Lorne about "Queen Victoria." Agents make five dollars daily. BRADLEY-GARRETSON COMPANY, LIMITED, Toronto.

# D. BOYANER, Optician.



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loving hands could do to cheer him and make his last hours as pleasant as possible, and parted with the firm belief that instead of death it was merely a separation, and only a matter of time when they would again be united.

The funeral occurred at the Baptist church Thursday at 10.30, Revs. Todd and Miller conducting the services, which were under the auspices of the Masonie order. The remains were interred in the Havelock cemetery, being followed to the grave by a large concourse of people.

The sorrowing family have the deepest sympathy of the community in their affiltation.

The father of deceased, Stephen Mullin, and his brothers Richard and James, and his sisters, Mrs. Marshall

#### Price, all of Havelock, and Mrs. John Keith, late of Moncton, but now of Boston, survive him.

RICH FIND OF OLD COINS. LONDON, Feb. 5.-A large discovery of old English coins has been made at Penicuik, near Edinburgh. So valuable is the collection, from a historical standpoint, that the crown authorities are taking precautions to

have it preserved in its entirety. unearthed. The coins were in rou-leaux. The greater number are silver pennies and half-pennies minted between A. D. 1272 and 1307. The majority bear the London impress, Canterbury comes second, and Bristol, Newcastle, and Durham marks also occur, Two are of the period of Alexander III), who ascended the throne of Scotland in A. D. 1249.

GRAND MANAN. GRAND MANAN, Feb. 9 .- On the 4th inst, the schooner Freddie A. Higgins, when coming out of Seal Cove, got aground on the bar on the eastern side of the channel, but was pulled off by the Flushing. The Flushing also pulled Capt. E. Gaskill's schooner

Mizpah off the beach at Flagg's Cove. Fish buyers are running each other hard for bloaters to fill orders. Bleaters are scarce and the demand is increasing. They are quoted at 50 cts. Fred Williams, a son of Mrs. O. A. Kent, left for Southern California on

the 10th inst.

Rev. Mr. Wales, Adventist preacher, baptized six converts at Castalia on the 30th ult., and seven at Woodward's. Cove on the 6th inst. Capt. Wm. Benson was down to Gannet Rock on the 7th inst., and trought off a carpenter who was at work there. He reports all well at the station. The recent heavy east-erly storm shook things up pretty live-

damage. oner Hazelwood is loading bloaters for P. P. Russell for New Lork, and Newton Bros. are loading the Freddie A. Higgins, and Ingersoll Bros. & Fraser the schooner Glenullen for the New York market with bloom

ly there, carrying away a tramway

# THEY SAW THE TOWN.

A New York letter of Feb. 10 to the Chicago Lumberman says:

"Bill" Murray of St. John, king of log operators of the province of New Brunswick, together with Charles T. White of Apple river, N. S., and Geo. E. Barnhill and John E. Moore of St. John, N. B., were in town last week according to the programme already ennounced in this column. They were more than pleased with New York, though not more than New York was with them. It is rarely that any visitors appreciate the metropo than they did. It is worth having a metropolis if only to furnish pleasure in the expansive quantities that these gentlemen enjoyed. They report that our lumber tariff is a "corker" and shuts them out of the United States completely, except for lath, and that this commodity can only be sur to our far east market. To this, however, they say their trade with England is in excellent shape.

# Dr. Stockton Continues His Speech in Reply to That of Governor.

Members of the Government Endeavor to Make Light of the Amendment.

Dr. Alward, Mr. Hill and H. H. Pitts Speak-Hon. Mr. Tweedie Had the Floor at Adjournment.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 11.- | dreds and thousands of dollars to it. On the opening of the house this af-ternoon, Mr. Chipman rose to a question of privilege. He quoted from the St. John Record of last evening a statement expressing surprise that he (Chipman) had neither moved nor seconded the address and adding that it was not because he had not been asked. Mr. Chipman said this statement was untrue. He had not been asked to move or second the address in reply to the speech from the throne and any party who attempted to draw inferences from the fact of his not

doing so was entirely wrong. Hon. Mr. Tweedle submitted the report of the contingent committee. He also submitted a return of the indebtedness of the municipality of Northimberland; return of assessed value of property, etc., of the municipality of Kings, and return of indebtedness of the town of Woodstock. Hon. Mr. Tweedie moved, seconded

Whereas, It has been represented to this house that Mr. Martin, a member for the courty of Madawaska, is ill and unable to attend the meetings of this house the present session, and desires to be excused from such atterdance; therefore Resolved, That Mr. Martin be excused from attendance for the meeting of this house during the present session.

The resolution was passed by unanimous consent of the house Mr. Black gave notice of a resolution for Monday, asking that honor be asked to lay before house a statement in detail of amounts paid by the government by warrant, cheque or otherwise, be-tween the 31st of October, 1897 and the 10th day of February, 1898, together with statement of all expenditures incurred, but not paid on the 31st of October, 1897; also, a statement of all revenue received between the

Dr. Alward gave notice of resolution for the production of a detailed state-ment of the banking operations of the markets of the mother country

tion calling for the production of a statement in detail showing what public works are now under construction or under contract and not appeari in the accounts of the fiscal year, and of the amounts paid upon such works down to the 10th of February, with

Upon the order of the day reached. Dr. Stockton resumed his speech upon the reply to the speech rom the throne. He said that before taking up the thread of his remarks he wished to draw the attention of the government and the house to an existing evil that should be remedied, amely, that officers of this house were editors or contributors of news papers and were here apparently for the purpose of abusing members of opposition. During the recess he had frequently had mailed to him marked copies of newspapers by one gentleman especially, who was one of the engrossing clerks of the house, In the public interest when a gentle came a public official he should cease to be a partizan. Last session at Ottawa the government had dismissed two or more of the officials connected witht the Hansard staff because they had written some letters to the newspapers during the political campaign against the party now in power. How long would an official or house be permitted to hold his position if he devoted himself to attacking the government? Hon. Mr. Tweedie-Do you mean the

Dr. Stockton-Oh. no. Passing on. Dr. Stockton said it would be remembered that when he was discussing yesterday the methods of the government in dealing with the proposed sale of provincial debentures. provincial secretary had stepped over and spoken to the official reporter, to which he (Stockton) had objected, saying that he wanted everything taken down, whereupon the provincial secretary said that he had gone over for upon the reporter. Yet in the St. John government organ of this morning not one word appeared of his remarks uptained seven lines. Was the house a Fuge committee for the purpose of suppressing information? Were the government afraid to have his re-

official reporter?

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-I hold in my hand the report of the official reporter that was telegraphed in full to the two morning papers, and the hon. member knows that that is the fact, for the reporter told him so. The official reporter is not responsible for the newspapers. It is his duty to make such a report as his contract calls for and to telegraph the same to the papers, but he cannot ensure its of the house had frequently felt grieved because matters that they wished to appear were not published. The hon, member apparently desired leave an impression that the official reporter had done something wrong when he knew such was not the case Dr. Stockton-I admit that one of rters told me that he had sent down a full report.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson-We have no control over the Telegraph. Dr. Stockton-Well, you give hun-

Mr. Smith-A gentleman whom could depend upon, Mr. Tilley, told me the stock could not be found. Dr. Stockton-Did he ever visit the counties of Westmorland and Kings?

Hon. Mr. Emmerson—Because you get \$390 a session have we any control

Dr. Stockton said the complaint he

was making was against the subsi-

dized organ of the government for

withholding information. It was well

known that the editor of the Tele-

graph was here yesterday and per-

the members of the government.

maps had been communicated with by

Hon. Mr. Tweedle-You are sparring

Hon. Mr. Emmerson-He don't have

to spar for wind; he has plenty of

Dr.Stockton-I do not think that such

observations add to the dignity of the deliberations of this house.

Let me say, however, that the wind

mills are on the other side of . the

length from Mr. Laurier's Liverpool

speech, which, he said, did not voice

turer, it was only fair and right that

we should express an opinion that it

would be in the interest of Canada to

be enabled to put upon the markets

of the mother country our products in a position more favorable than those

The opening clause of the amend-

ment he had moved yesterday was:

"We hail with pleasure all tendencies

and efforts towards the unity and

consolidation of the empire." Would

any gentleman say that was not a

reasonable proposition? Then the

amendment went on to say: "We de-

think it would tend to that happy

consummation, as well as directly to

stimulate the agricultural and other

interests of this country, if Canada,

in common with the other colonies,

tleman on the floors of this house say

that that was not correct? Would

they not say it would have a tend-ercy to bind closer the ties between

the mother country and Canada if

England would admit our products

upon conditions more favorable than

those granted to other countries? He

thought the government should ac-

cept the amendment, especially as he

regard its passage as in any sense

opirion should be educated on this

subject by the passing of this amend-

ment. The question was one that

rose far higher than any party asso-

ciations or affiliations that could be

imported upon the floors of this legis-

lature. It was of the utmost import-

ance that the government of the

Mr. Ross, a prominent member of the

public opinion of the great province

of Ontario. He knew that a conces-

advantage to the people of that prov-

thought that a commercial federation

"If the commercial federation of the

am not aware of any reason why we

cial unity with the mother country

more favorable than those accorded

Dr. Stockton said he noticed that it

was stated in the report this morning

to the government for the importation

of stock last year. He was not aware

that he had used those words. What he said was that he thought it desir-

able that thoroughbred stock should

be distributed among our farmers

but that if our own stock raisers had

the proper quality of stock they

by the government over the farmers

of Quebec or Ontario. It would be all

right if our own raisers had not the

Mr. Smith-They could not do it.

seys without tuberculosis any

if they could supply the stock?

Dr. Stockton-They could raise Jer-

and it was not necessary to send my

friend to Quebec and Ontario to bring

down diseased cattle. Why did not

the hon, member ask our stock raisers

stock required, but when they could

ald have been given a preference

the formation of our tariff.'

to foreign countries.

sentiment of the people of the

Dr. Stockton then quoted at

sions to the British manufac-

While Canada has made

over you? (Laughter.)

for wind now.

conicess

Pr. Stockton said he could give the names of stock raisers in Kings county who could at least have supplied better stock than was brought here. Dr. Stockton again referred to the manner in which the government had recently sought to fleat provincial debentures. In consequence of the way in which that business had been managed there had grown up a feeling in the minds of some investors, at all events, that everything was not bona fide on the part of the government in their attempts to place that loan. The fact that the provincial secretary had failed to float the loan was rather a striking commentary upon the statenent in the speech that the financial condition of the country was better than it ever was before.

Mr. Smith-I will tell you why. We

have as good a quality of stock in the county of Carleton as anywhere in the province, and there was none

Dr. Stockton-My hon. friend from

Westmorland (Mr. Sumner) says

Dr. Stockton-Did you go to see,

ing of the stock raisers of this coun-

try my hon. friend knew by intuition that they had not any stock fit to

Smith-I knew without going.

Stockton-Without ever inquir-

they had plenty there.
Mr. Smith—I don't think so.

there to be supplied.

Mr. Smith-Yes.

Passing on, Dr. Stockton said that udging from the remarks of the hon. member for Victoria yesterday it was the intention of the government issue greenbacks. If this was not his meaning what did the hon. member mean when he said: "If this government can do anything to furnish our farmers with more capital or cheaper money, I believe they will be great penefactors to the agriculturists of this province of ours." How could it be possible for this government to increase the currency or make money cheap unless the government intended to do something in the line of a credit business, or, as it were, endorse the paper of the farmers of the province? He hoped that no such scheme

as that was contemplated. Mr. Porter-Have not the govern ments of other countries assisted the farming industry by aiding to establish co-operative institutions?

Dr. Stockton said the government had assisted the agricultural interest in the past by giving bonuses to creameries and cheese factories. That was a very different thing from proposing to expand the currency and nake money cheap.

Mr. Porter-I would explain to the leader of the opposition that that would be along the same line as pre-

ferential trade. (Laughter). Dr. Stockton said that if hon. mem bers thought that preferential trade could be laughed down in that way they were greatly mistaken. In conclusion Dr. Stockton said that he was not moving his resolution from any party standpoint at all, but from the standpoint of what he thought was in serious consideration which its importance demanded. If there was any phraseology in the resolution that could be improved upon he would be happy to accept any suggestion from the leader of the government in that oirection. He felt at all events that he had done his duty in bringing to the attention of the house a proposition that if crystallized into law would prove more advantageous to the agricultural interests of our province than any that had been placed upon the statute book for the last twenty

would assure them that he would not vote of want of confidence. It was of the utmost importance that public years. (Applause). Premier Emmerson said he believed he would be pardoned if under the circumstances he felt called upon to begin his remarks with a personal reference. No member felt more regret than himself because of the changes mother country should understand wrought since last session. Since then that we desired a preference in our the strings of public sympathy had agricultural and other products over been touched by the death of the ther leader of the government. Figur-atively speaking, he might say that those of foreign nations. The Hon. Ontario government, had not thought badges of mourning shroud the it derogatory to his position to speak out strongly in favor of preferential the arches of this building. Manifest trade and so endeavor to educate the ations of respect and gratitude universally pervaded the land. The country had met with a great loss in the sion of that kind would be of immense death of the man who was their honored leader last year. (Applause.) The ince. It was true that Lord Rosebery government has sustained a serious loss in the death—which sad event had placed him (Emmerson) in his of the empire would imperil its relations with other nations, but what present position. While he appreciatdid Hon, Mr. Balfour, the leader of ed the high honor paid him in being the house of commons, say? He said: selected for the important post of eader of the government, he did not empire has a justification at all that overlook the fact that the position justification is found in the fact that earried with it grave responsibility. it will draw closer the various distant That responsibility he felt all and far separated members of this more in view of the names of great community. If it does that, I onored men who had preceded him He thought, however, that the work would be made lighter by the knowsay it is no affair of any foreign nation what we do in the matter. They edge that he would be upheld by the do not consult our conveniences in members of the government who surrounded him and by the other memshould consult their conveniences in bers of the legislature supporting the Continuing, Dr. Stockton said that bers would prove true to the interests if the colonies wanted closer commerof their respective counties and true to themselves as representatives of the only way to realize that desire was to tell the mother country that it the country at large. He desired to join with the leader of the opposition would be acceptable to them to be alin his splendid tribute to the le lowed to enter her markets on terms of the government and also with him

> for Gloucester (Sivewright), a whose classic attainments, whose kindly nature, whose high character made him a favorite with members whether they sat on the right or the left of Mr. Speaker. (Hear, hear.) These changes, however, had to come They were but the forerunner of what is to come and when a member of the assembly dies we think of him without regard to his political affinity and remember him only because of his work and worth as a representative and a man. He joined with the leader of the opposition in his reference to the manner in which the mover and seconder of the address had discharged their duty. Last year it was his (Emmerson's) privilege to hear his colleague from Albert (Osman) make a splendid speech in moving the adiress in reply to the speech from the throne. He was particularly delighted with that speech because the mover (Osman) had come from the county

which he (Emmerson) represented,

in his reference to the hon, member

The fact that he (Emmerson) lived in Westmorland county made him rejoic that Westmorland had this session sent as a successor to Mr. Killam whose loss the house deplored, a ger tleman of such great ability as his friend the mover of the address yes erday (Robinson) had shown himself to be. The hon, member for Victoria moment because of the unavoidable been selected for that duty and the manner in which that gentleman (Porduty showed that his experience as a legislator had not been lost upon him. He most heartly congratulated both mover and seconder of the address and also the country upon the fact of having such able representatives from their respective counties.

Continuing, the premier said: Dr. Stockton asks the house to accept the amendment. He (Emmerson) would not say that the amendment should be treated lightly if it came up at a proper time and in a proper way. He did not, however, think that the legislature should be asked to arrest the business of the province in order to express an opinion on preferential trade or on other matters especially of imperial or federal concern. leader of the opposition was sincere he would bring his matter up as a substantive resolution, as a separate resolution for discussion on its merits This legislature had no jurisdiction on the question of imperial federa-

Dr. Stockton-I said nothing about

imperial federation. Mr. Emmerson read the amendmen and said that the question involved was not an issue concerning this legislature. If it was of vital importance this was not the proper time to dis cuss it, and we should not be asked to stop everything else in order to deal with this matter. If we adopted this amendment what would it amount to? In bringing it forward the leader of the opposition was showing himself to be insincere, impracticable and trifling with the legislature. The leader of the opposition has suggested an amendment to the fisheries act. That hon, gentleman had as much to do with that act as the government had. He was at the time of its passage in 1884 and for many years afterwards a warm friend and defender of the government. Dr. Stockton-I will tell the hon. member what my position in 1884 was

on that question. Premier Emmerson—If the hon gentleman will possess his soul in patience I will state his position correctly, as given in page 78 of the reports

Dr. Stockton-If I am not allowed to make an explanation only one conclusion can be drawn.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson-You shall have every opportunity of making any explanation you may require. In the meantime I will proceed to read from the official debates of 1884 just exactly what the hon, gentleman said in his support of the fishery act which he now condemns:

"Mr. Stockton believed the principle of the bill was a correct one and a step in the right direction, for if some protection be not afforded to the fisheries they will be destroyed in a few years. The bill does not say that the government will grant a 5 years' lease It merely provides that they shall not give a lease for a longer period than five years. It seemed to him that under the bill the rights of the province and the rights of the lessees would be identical. Every effort would be made to maintain the prov incial rights-"

Dr. Stockton-That does not mean hat I advocated the locking up of those privileges in the hands of monopclists.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson-Just wait ninute. I will finish what you said on that occasion. "Gentlemen come in and take out grants of those valu able rights, and if the government do not step in and take the matter their own hands, how long will it be before they have passed into the hands of private individuals, only a few years. The bill was to prevent further grants, to protect the fisheries and place them in such a position that they may bring funds into the

exchequer.' Hon. Mr. Emmerson, continuing, said what he had read showed exactly the position at that time of the leader of the opposition, and placed him in a most insincere position of condemning now what he had then assisted to liring to pass. These fishery laws were passed, as he had stated, as far back as 1884, when very few of the present members of the assembly were here.

The debate was continued by Dr. Alward, who was followed by Mr. Iiill, the latter having the floor at six o'clock. After recess Mr. Hill resumed

Mr. Pitts followed, the next speaker being Hon. Mr. Tweedie, who after speaking until 10.15 o'clock moved the adjournment of the debate.

The house adjourned FREDERICTON, Feb. 12.-Hon. Mr. Emmerson, from the committee appointed to nominate standing and other committees, reported, recom-

mending that committees be constituted as follows: Contingencies - Tweedie, Porter, Chipman, Wells, Farris, Scovil, O'-Brien (Northumberland), Veniot, Mott McLeod, Smith, Martin, Barnes, Mor-

row, Pitts, Shaw, Osman. Public accounts-Fowler, Dibblee, Robinson, Osman, Tweedie, Pinder,

Agriculture-Russell, Martin, Por ter, Smith, O'Brien (Northumberland), Legere, Farris, Morrow, Scovil, La-Billois, Paulin, Johnson, Shaw, Mc-Leod, Howe, Carpenter.

Municipalities - Wells, Emmerson LaBillois, Carpenter, Stockton, Tweedie, O'Brien (Northumberland), Rus Chipman, Veniot, Farris, Sumner, McLeod, Scovil, Martin, Porter, Barnes, Dibblee, Howe, Black, Shaw, Alward, Smith.

Library-Hill, Emmerson, Richard, Stockton, Pitts. Privileges-Tweedie, White, merson, Wells, Stockton.

Corporations-Mott, White, Tweedie Dunn, Beveridge, O'Brien (Charlotte), McCain, Morrow, Legere, Richard Robinson, Bertrand, Scovil, Osman, Hill, Dibblee, Davidson, Stockton, Pitts, Pinder, Lockhart, Emmerson.

Law practice and procedure-White, Alward, Black.

Standing rules-Hill, Wells, White, Venlot, Davidson, Alward, Black. On motion of Hon. Mr. Emmerson, seconded by Hon. Mr. Tweedie, further consideration of the address in reply to the speech from the throne was made the order of the day for Monday.

Dr. Stockton suggested that some steps be taken, or some announcement made by the leader of the government, so as to hurry along the introduction of private bills, in order that it might not be necessary, unless in some very exceptional case, to suspend the rules, which declare that private bills shall not be received after the twentieth day of the session. The work of the house was often delayed waiting for private bills; and some such action as he suggested would have the effect of shortening

Hon. Mr. Emmerson said he was pleased to hear this suggestion from the leader of the opposition. wast session his hon. friend, the provincial secretary (Tweedie) had proposed to move a resolution, which at the time required the unanimous consent of the house, and which resolution he thought would have met the difficulty complained of. The opposition, or at least one of them, had objected, and so the matter dropped. He was glad to have the co-operation of the leader of the opposition in seeing that the rules of the house be carried out as far as possible.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said a reference to page 159 of the official debates of last year would show his position on the question. The hon, member who had objected was Mr. Lockhart of St. John. He (Tweedie) now read from the debates of last year as follows:

"After recess Hon. Mr. Tweedie said that with the unanimous consent of the house he would move amendments to rules 79 and 84, so that in future private bills would have to be filed with the clerk of the house the day before the opening of the session. If not so filed, such bills could only be introduced by the unanimous cor sent of the house, and by the payment of double fees. The proposed change would have the effect of short ening the sessions considerably." "Mr. Lockhart objecting, the mat-

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said perhaps the leader of the opposition would consent to having the motion carried

Dr. Stockton said he thought the motion was a little drastic, but he would be willing to confer with the provincial secretary, so that a motion that would pass unanimously might be agreed upon between them. It was then agreed between the leader of the government and leader of the opposition that there would be no departure this year from the rules requiring private bills to be introduced not later than the twentieth day of the session. Adjourned.

Hon. Mr. Hill resumed the debate on the address, speaking to the ent and dealing at some ength with the question of preferen-

H. H. Pitts said that as regards the wheat question, he did not think our farmers could successfully compete with the rich prairie land of Manitoba even though the latter had the railway haul against it. Mr. Pitts pald a high tribute of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Sivewright. It was often difficult to tell which side the hon. gentleman was on, but he generally voted all right-voted for the

Mr. Pitts said he had some little ersonal knowledge of the manner in which the recent bond transaction was carried on by the government. He did not blame the provincial secretary for calling those bonds in for he believed a better price could be got for them, but he thought the hon, gentleman should adopt a new method of putting bonds on the market, or at least of opening them. There was a degree of uncertainty and dissatisfaction with regard to the manner in which the bond business was conducted in this town by the government. in matters of such importance as the floating of \$1,000,000 of bonds there ought to be no chance for criticism with regard to the government's method of opening the tenders. knew that people who came here from Ontario were open and above board in saying that there was conniving going on and that the highest tenderer did not receive it.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-That is entirely so, for none were given at all. Mr. Pitts-But I am speaking your methods of tender. I say for the good credit of the country everything should be done openly and board and there ought to be no

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-Do you claim the tenders should all be opened beore the parties tendering? Do you claim that any tenderer should what the other parties tendered? Mr. Pitts-I think so. In the city of Toronto the other day, when the

council opened tenders for over \$1, 00,000 of bonds, they did so right in Hon. Mr. Tweedie-That is not cor-

Mr. Pitts said in St. John and Chat ham no such secrecy was observed. Hon, Mr. Tweedie—Do you claim hat the tenders should be opened before the tenderers? Mr. Pitts-Yes, I say they should be

opened before the responsible people, so that the tenderers would have cnowledge that there was no conniv ng going on.

non, gentleman to inform the house how there could be any conniving in the sale of bonds. Every man know his own tender, doesn't he?

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-Take, stance, the \$35,000 issue of bonds at 4 per cent that brought 1.04. That was brought to the knowledge of the whole country through the press. Now, if any man had tendered higher than that would he not have made it known at once.

Mr. Pitts said this was not the point. If the tenders were opened be-fore the tenderers the man who made the highest tender would have a pretty good chance to get the bonds, but if

the thing was done secretly tenderers who had not put in the highest figure might be told what the highest tender was, and then would offer to go higher, so the highest tenderer would be fooled out of it. He was glad, however, for the credit of the country that the government had withdrawn the bonds, for he thought they ought to bring a higher price than either 92 for the currency or 94 for the sterling bonds. inclal bonds ought to sell at least as high as those of Toronto city. Hon. Mr. Tweedie-The Toronto

bonds were 31-2 per cent. Mr. Pitts-Yes, but they brought about 3 per cent. Continuing, Mr. Pitts said he had witnessed the jubilee demonstration in London last June and a marvellous exhibition of energy and enthusiasm it was. He was satis fied that no more loyal supporters of the British flag could be found anywhere than in New Brunswick. In the address of last year the government had given the house to understand that they proposed to spend some large sum of money to commemorate the jubilee in some fitting

way. Where had this grant been ex-

pended? Was it like the rest of the

government promises—all wind? Referring to the matter of immigra tion, Mr. Pitts said that there was not to be found in England at present, not even in the office of the New Brunswick agent, any literature what ever with reference to New Bruns wick, and the facilities it had to offer for settlers. The only move the government had made for years was to give a grant to Mr. Boyce to go to the old country and talk to the farmers and that had been a failure. If the government would supply the numerous steamship lines now running between Canada and England with suitable literature something might be by the dominion government under both political parties practically ignored New Brunswick. The Grand Trunk and C. P. R. were of course more interested in attracting settlers to the west than to the maritime provinces

Mr. Pitts said he observed that the government were holding out to the people of St. John the possibility of getting a grant if they behaved themselves. (Laughter.) He supposed the would be quite liberal if St. John could only guarantee the gov ernment four supporters at the next The government could not nelp the province better than by helping St. John, and he hoped the government would not continue the small, mean policy they had pursued in the past of drawing all the money they could out of St. John and giving very grudgingly in return.

According to the address the pro-

vince was prosperous and had bright prospects in store. He did not think this was the case. He thought most of the tradesmen and farmers would gay that they were going through pretty hard times. There was one old chestnut in the address, and that was with regard to the Eastern Extension ernment (Mr. Blair) was at all sincere in his professions, the question of the equitable claims of this province in this regard ought to culminate in comething tangible at an early date. Mr. Pitts said there had been a change of leader on the other side of the house, and as usual the provincial secretary had shown the white feather and humbly taken his position in the rear of the procession. It was said during the recess that if that gentleman was not selected for the leadership his friends would kick over everything. If the hon, member stepped out now how many would he take with him. Just Tweedie. He wasn't in it. He had no backbone. He was a kicker but not a sticker He was no good. He had squawked every time when it came to an emergency. The government as now constituted reminded him of a great big man who had once pompously exclaimed: "I want you to understand I am a self-made man." "Well," said the other fellow, "you made a blamed poor job of it. If I had been you I would have let it out by tender.

Mr. Pitts said preferential trade was no idle dream. He believed it was the thought of the statesmen of the old country that the free trade policy of Great Britain would have to changed. Free trade was not the source of Britain's greatness. The ecret of her commanding position today was that she had had a long period of peace; that she was mistress of the ocean; that she owned threequarters of the ocean tonnage of the world; that her foreign diplomatic policy had been magnificent; that her people had been honest, industrious, intelligent and enterprising, and that her government was founded upon principles that had fought down those of every other nation in the world. (Applause.) It was idle to look upon the United States as a friend of England. The American press and the utterances of American politicians teemed with insults towards Great Britain and Canada. The time had gone by for these cringing, sway-back delegations to Washington from Ottawa. The true policy of Canada was to cultivate closer relations with the nother land rather than truckling any longer to the United States. (Ap-

Hon. Mr. Tweedie spoke at ength on the bond tenders, justifyng his course in not awarding the bonds to the highest tenderer a few weeks ago. He claimed that the opposition should not find fault, especially as the time had been extended, and their fault-finding might interfere with the tenders to be received rext Monday.

HELPLESS FOR SIX MONTHS.

Rheumatism Held Him in Chains— Suffered Untold Torture—The Great South American Rheumatic Cure Waged War and Won a Complete Victory—Relief in a few Hours.

"I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism. I was completely helpless for over six months. I tried all kinds of remedies but got no relief. Having noticed strong testimonials published of the cures effected by South American Rheumatic Cure I obtained a bottle of it, and received relief from pain from the first dose, and in an incredibly short time I was entirely freed from my sufferings." James K. Cole, Almonte, Ont.

BOAT OF

SECOND

Dr. Talmage Sister as H

Exhorts Sisters to Their Bro

He Admires Behavior and Strategi

In this sermon of character of a wise. self-denying sister i dreds of men to t times; text, Exodus sister stood afar off be done to him."

Princess Thermut Pharoah, looking the the Nile, saw a cur river. It had neithe and they would have how. There was on and that a baby bo flower, that brough thers to America, ca. ous a load. The boa broad leaves of papy gether by bitumen. times made of that learn from Pliny ar Theophrastus. "Kill children born," had order. To save her l mother of little Mose that queer boat and His sister Miriam s watching that precio far enough off not to the boat, but near en tection. There she s -Miriam the poet quick witted, Miria though very human. she demonstrated it Miriam was a spl had her faults, like

How carefuly she containing her br wind might upset often found there r plunge of thirst sin ous waterfowl migh his eyes out with i crocodile or hippop through the rushes babe. Miriam watch until Princess Thermeach side of her ho over her head to sh sun, came down and ing house. When fr saw that boat, she of and when the leaves from the face of the looked up he cried hungry and frighten even let the prince infant would rather acknowledge any or mother. Now Miria cognito, no one susp to the child, leaps f to pacify the child. and she brings Joo mother, incognito knowing that mother, and when the child stopped or

and all the ages m but I clap my hand the behavior of Mir brilliant and states A NONSUCH I "Go home," some said to Miriam. "V out here alone on Nile, breathing the danger of being atta or ruffian? Go hor the sister, more lov bravely defended I Is he worthy her c Oh, yes; the 60 cent history have never volved in the arriv any port as in the papyrus boat caulk Its one passenger v in history—lawyer, ian, legislator, org

deliverer. He had

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You may admire Joc

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burial must be on t would let neither arch-angel have an for him a grave. left His throne in and if the que Whither is the kin going?" the answe down to bury Mo took this mightiest of a hill, and the Moses ran his eye o range of country. Esdraelon, where all nations is to b der the mountains Judaea, and the vi there, and the city and the vast stretc almost took the o away as he looke without a pang. statement that th

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X MONTHS.

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# BOAT OF RUSHES.

Dr. Talmage Takes Moses Sister as His Theme.

Exhorts Sisters to Bestow Care on Their Brothers.

He Admires Behavior of Faithful, Brilliant and Strategic Miriam.

In this sermon of Dr. Talmage the character of a wise, sympathetic and self-denying sister is set forth as an example, and the story will set hundreds of men to thinking over old times; text, Exodus ii., 4, "And his sister stood afar off to wit what would be done to him."

Princess Thermutis, daughter of Pharoah, looking through the lattice of her bathing house on the banks of the Nile, saw a curious boat on the river. It had neither oar nor helm, and they would have been useless any how. There was only one passenger and that a baby boy. But the Mayflower, that brought the pilgrim fathers to America, carried not so precious a load. The boat was made of the broad leaves of papyrus, tightened together by bitumen. Boats were sometimes made of that material, as we learn from Pliny and Herodotus and Theophrastus. "Kill all the Hebrew children born," had been Pharaoh's order. To save her boy, Jochebed, the mother of little Moses, had put him in that queer boat and launched him. His sister Miriam stood on the bank watching that precious craft. She was far enough off not to draw attention to the boat, but near enough to offer protection. There she stands on the bank -Miriam the poetess, Miriam the quick witted, Miriam the faithful, though very human, for in after time she demonstrated it.

Miriam was a splendid sister, but

had her faults, like all the rest of us.

How carefuly she watched the boat

oontaining her brother! A strong wind might upset it. The buffaloes often found there might in a sudden plunge of thirst sink it. Some ravenous waterfowl might swoop and pick his eyes out with iron beak. Some crocodile or hippopotamus crawling through the rushes might crunch the babe. Miriam watched and watched until Princess Thermutis, a maiden on each side of her holding palm leaves over her head to shelter her from the sun, came down and entered her bathing house. When from the lattice she saw that boat, she ordered it brought, and when the leaves were pulled back from the face of the child and the boy looked up he cried aloud, for he was hungry and frightened, and would not let the princess take him. The infant would rather stay hungry than acknowledge any one of the court as mother. Now Miriam, the sister, incognito, no one suspecting her relation to the child, leaps from the bank and rushes down and offers to get a nurse to pacify the child. Consent is given, and she brings Jochebed, the baby's mother, incognito, none of the court knowing that she was the mother, and when Jochebed arrived the child stopped crying, for its fright was calmed and its hunger appeased. You may admire Jochebed, the mother, and all the ages may admire Moses, but I clap my hands in applause at

brilliant and stategic sister. A NONSUCH IN HISTORY. "Go home," some one might have said to Miriam. "Why risk yourself out here alone on the banks of the Nile, breathing the miasma and in danger of being attacked of wild beast or ruffian? Go home!" No, Miriam the sister, more lovingly watched and bravely defended Moses, the brother. Is he worthy her care and courage? Oh, yes; the 60 centuries of the world's history have never had so much involved in the arrival of any ship at any port as in the landing of that papyrus boat caulked with bitumen! Its one passenger was to be a nonsuch in history-lawyer, statesman, politician, legislator, organizer, conqueror, deliverer. He had such remarkable beauty in childhood that, Josephus says, when he was carried along the road people stopped to look at him and workmen would leave their work to admire him. When the king playfully put his crown upon this boy he threw it off indignantly and put his foot on

the behavior of Miriam, the faithful,

The king, fearing that this might be a sign that the child might yet take down his crown, applied another test. According to the Jewish legend, the king ordered two bowls to be put before the child, one containing rubies and the other burning coals, and if he took the coals he was to live, and if he took the rubies he was to die. For some reason the child took one of the coals and put it in his mouth, so that his life was spared, although it burned the tongue till he was indistinct of utterance ever after. Having come to manhood he spread out the palms of his hands in prayer, and the Red Sea parted to let 2,500,000 people escape. And he put the palms of his hands

together in prayer, and the Red Sea closed on a strangulated host.

BURIAL OF MOSES. His life so unutterably grand, his burial must be on the same scale. God would let neither man nor saint nor arch-angel have anything to do with weaving for him a shroud or digging for him a grave. The omnipotent God left His throne in heaven one day, if the question was asked, Whither is the king of the Universe going?" the answer was, "I am going down to bury Moses." And the Lord took this mightiest of men to the top of a hill, and the day was clear, and Moses ran his eye over the magnificent range of country. Here the valley of Esdraelon, where the final battle of all nations is to be fought, and younder the mountains Hermon and Lebanon and Gerizim and the hills of Judaea, and the village of Bethlehem, there, and the city of Jericho yonder, and the vast stretch of landscape that almost took the old lawgiver's breath away as he looked at it. And then without a pang, as I learn from the statement that the eye of Moses was

undimmed and his natural force unabated, God touched the great law-giver's eyes and they closed, and his lungs and they ceased, and his heart and it stopped, and commanded, saying, "To the skies, thou immortal spirit!" And then one divine hand was put against the back of Moses and the other against the pulseless breast, and God laid him softly down on Mount Nebo, and then the lawgiver, lifted in the Almighty's arms, was carried to the opening of a cave and placed in a crypt; and one stroke of the divine hand smoothed the features into an everlasting calm, and a rock was rolled to the door, and the only obsequies, at which God did all the offices of priest and undertaker and gravedigger and mourner, were ended, MIRIAM THE FAITHFUL.

Oh, was not Miriam, the sister of Moses, doing a good thing, an important thing, a glorious thing when she watched the boat woven of river plants and made watertight with asphaltum, carlying its one passenger? Did she not put all the ages of time and of a coming eternity under obligation when she defended her helpless brother from the perils aquatic, reptilian and ravenous? She it was that brought that wonderful babe and his mother together, so that he was reared to he the deliverer of his nation, when otherwise, if saved at all from the rushes of the Nile, he would have been only one more of the God-defying Pharoahs; for Princess Thermutis of the bathing house would have inherited the crown of Egypt, and as she had no child of her own this adopted child would have come to coronation. Had there been no Miriam, there would have been no Moses. What a garland for faithful sisterhood! For how many a lawgiver, and how many a h ro, and how many a deliverer and how many a saint are the world and the church indebted to a watchful, loving, faithful, godly sister? Come up out of the farmhouses, come up out of the inconspicuous homes, come up from the banks of the Hudson and Penobscot and the Savannah and the Mobile and the Mississippi and all the other Niles of America, and let us see you, the Miriams who watched and protected the leaders in law and medicine and merchandise and art and agriculture and mechanics and religion! If I should ask all physicians and attorneys and merchants and ministers of religion and successful men of all professions and trades who are indebted to an elder sister for good influences and perhaps for an education or a prosperous start to let it be known, hundreds would testify. God knows how many of our Greek lexicons and how much of our schooling were paid for by money that would otherwise have gone for the replenishing of a sister's wardrobe. While the brother sailed off for a resounding sphere, the sister watched

him from the banks of self-denial. THE ELDER SISTER'S GUIDING HAND. Miriam was the eldest of the family; Moses and Aaron, her brothers, were younger. Oh, the power of the elder sister to help decide the brother's character for usefulness and for hea-

have driven back waterfowl or croco-

dile from the ark of bulrushes. The older sister decides the direction in which the cradle boat shall sail. By gentleness, by good sense, by Christian principle she can turn it towards the palace, not of a wicked Pharoah, but of a holy God, and a brighter princess than Thermutis should lift him out of peril, even religion, whose ways are ways of pleasantness and all her paths are peace. The older sister, how much the world owes her! Born while yet the family was in limited nstances, she had to hold and take care of her younger brothers. And if there is anything that excites my sympathy it is a little girl lugging round a great fat child and getting her ears boxed because she cannot keep him quiet. By the time she gets to young womanhood she is pale and worn out and her attractiveness 'has een sacrificed on the altar of sisterly fidelity, and she is consigned to celibacy, and society calls her by an unfair name, but in heaven they call her Miriam. In most families the two most undesirable places in the record of births are the first and the lastthe first because she is worn out with the cares of a home that cannot afford to hire help, and the last because she is spoiled as a pet. Among the grandest equipages that sweep through the streets of heaven will be those occuried by sisters who sacrificed themselves for brothers. They will have the finest of the Apocalyptic white horses, and many who on earth looked down upon them will have to turn out to

let them pass, the charioteer crying: 'Clear the way! A queen is coming!' BLESSING OR CURSE. Let sisters not begrudge the time and care bestowed on a brother. It is hard to believe that any boy that you know so well as your brother can ever turn out anything very useful. Well, the may not be a Moses. There is only one of that kind needed for 6,000 years. but I tell you what your brother either a blessing or a curse to society, and a candidate for happiness etchedness. He will, like Moses, have the choice between rubies and living coals, and your influence have much to do with his decision. He may not, like Moses, be a deliverer of a nation, but he may, after your father and mother are gone, be the deliverer of a household. What thousands of homes today are piloted by brothers! There are properties now well invested and yielding income for the support of sisters and younger bother because the older brother rose to the leadership from the day the father lay down to die. Whatever you do for your brothers will come back to you again. If you set him an ill-natured, censorious, unaccommodating example, it will recoil upon you from his own irritated and despoiled nature. If you, by patience with his infirmities and by nobility of character, dwell with him in the few years of your companionship, you will have your counsels reflected back upon you some day by his splendor of behavior in some crisis where he would have failed but for you.

Don't snub him. Don't depreciate

his ability. Don't talk discouragingly about his future. Don't let Miriam get down off the bank of the Nile and all about his family, and the miller about two dozen of our rising young tions into the affairs of the Kingston and suthors to juil?—Indianapolis Journal.

rushes. Don't tease him. Brothers and sisters do not consider it harm to tease. That spirit abroad in the family is one of the meanest and most devilish. There is a teasing that is pleasurable and is only another form of innocent raillery, but that provokes and irritates and makes the eye flush with anger is to be reprehended. It would be less blameworthy to take a bunch of thorns and draw them across your sister's cheek or to take a knife and draw its sharp edge across your brother's hand till the blood spurts, for that would damage only the body. but teasing is the thorn and the knife scratching and lacerating the disposition and the soul. It is the curse of innumerable households that the brothers tease the sisters and the sisters the brothers. Sometimes it is the color of the hair or the shape of the features or an affair of the heart. Sometimes it is by revealing a secret or by a suggestive look or a guffaw or an "ahem!" Tease! Tease! For mercy's sake, quit it. Christ says, "He that hateth his brother is a murderer." Now, when you, by teasing, make your brother or sister hate, you turn him r her into a murderer or murderess.

BEWARE OF JEALOUSY. Don't let jealousy ever touch a sister's soul, as it so often does, because her brother gets more honor or more

Even Miriam, the heroine of the text, was struck by that evil passion of jealous. She had possessed unlimited influence over Moses, and now he marries, and not only so, but marries a black woman from Ethiopia, and M'riam is so disgusted and outraged at Moses, first because he had married at all, and next because he had practiced miscegenation, that she is drawn into a frenzy, and then begins to turn white and get white as a corpse and then whiter than a corpse. Her complexion is like chalk-the fact is, she has the Egyptian leprosy. And now the brother whom she had defended on the Nile comes to her rescue in a prayer that brings her restoration. Let there be no room in your house for jealousy either to sit or stand. It is a leprous abomination. Your brother's success, O sisters, is your success! His victories will be your victories. For while Moses the brother led the vocal music after the crossing of the Red Sea, Miriam the sister, with two sheets of shining brass, uplifted and glittering in the sun, led the in strumental music, clapping the cymbals till the last frightened neigh of pursuing cavalry horse was smother-

ed in the wave and the last Egyptian helmet went under. How strong it makes a family when all the sisters and brothers stand together, and what an awful wreck when they disintegrate, quarrelling about a father's will and making the surrogate's office horrible with their wrangle! Better, when you were little children in the nursery, that with your playhouse mallets you had accidentally killed each other fighting across your cradle, than that, having come to the age of maturity and having in your veins and arteries the blood of the same father and mother. ven! She can keep off from her bro- you fight each other across the parther, more evils than Miriam could ental grave in the cemetery.

> If you only knew it, your interests are identical. Of all the families of the earth that ever stood together perhaps the most conspicuous is the family of the Rothschilds. As Meyer Anselm Rothschild was about to die, in 1812, he gathered his children about him - Anselm, Solomon, Nathan, Charles and James-and made them promise that they would always be united on 'change. Obeying that injunction, they have been the mightiest commercial power on earth, and at the raising or lowering of their scepter nations have risen or fallen. That illustrates how much, on a large scale and for selfish purposes a united family may achieve. But suppose that instead of a magnitude of dollars as the object it being good and making salutary impression and raising this sunken world, how much more ennobling! Sister, you do your part and brother will do his part. If Miriam will lovingly watch the boat on the Nile, Moses will help her when leprous diseasters strike.

When father and mother are gone -and they soon will be, if they have not already made exit—the sisterly and fraternal bond will be the only ligament that will hold the family together. How many reasons for your deep and unfaltering affection for each other! Rocked in the same cradle; bent over by the same motherly tenderness; toiled for by the same father's weary arm and aching brow; with common inheritance of all the family secrets and with names given you by parents who started you with the highest hopes for your happiness and prosperity, I charge you be loving and kind and forgiving. If the sister see that the brother never wants a sympathizer, the brother will see that the sister never wants an escort. Oh, if the sisters of a household knew through what terrific and damning temptations their brother goes in city life, they would hardly sleep nights in anxiety for his salvation! And if you would make a holy conspiracy of kind words and earnest prayers, that would save his soul from death and hide a multitude of sins. But let the sister dash off in one direction in discipleship of the world, and the brother flee off in another direction and dissipation, and it will not be long before they meet again at the iron gate of des-pair, their blistered feet in the hot ashes of a consumed lifetime. Alas, that brothers and sisters though living together for years very often do not know each other, and that they see only the imperfections and none of the virtues.

KNOW THY BROTHER. General Bauer of the Russian cavalry had in early life wandered off in the army, and the family supposed he was dead. After he gained a fortune he escaped one day in Hussam, his native place, and made a banquet, and among the great military men who were to dine he invited a plain miller and his wife who lived near by and who, affrighted, came, fearing some harm would be done them. The miller and his wife were placed one on each side of the general at the table. The general asked the miller

army many years ago and no doubt was long ago killed." Then the gen-eral said, "Soldiers, I am this man's younger brother, whom he thought was dead." And how loud was the cheer and how warm was the em-

Brother and sister, you need as much of an introduction to each other as they did. You do not know each other. You think your brother is grouty and cross and queer, and he thinks you are selfish and proud and unlovely. Both wrong. That brother will be a prince in some woman's eyes, and that sister a queen in the estimation of some man. That brother is a magnificent fellow, and that sister is a morning in June. Come, let me introduce you: "Moses, this is Miriam. Miriam, this is Moses." Add 75 per cent to your present appreciation of each other and when you kiss good morning do not stick up your cold cheek, wet from the recent washing, as though you hated to touch each other's lips in affectionate caress. Let it have all the fondness and cordiality of a loving sister's kiss.

TO PART NO MORE. Make yourself as agreeable and helpful to each other as possible, remembering that soon you part. few years of boyhood and girlhood will soon slip by, and you will go out to homes of your own and into the buttle with the world and amid ever changing vicissitudes and on paths crossed with graves and up steeps hard to climp and through shadowy ravines. But, O my God and Saviour, may the terminus of the journey be the same as the start—namely, father's and mother's knee, if they have inherited the kingdom. Then, as in boyhood and girlhood days, we rushed in after the day's absence with much to tell of exciting adventure, and father and mother enjoyed the recital as much as we who made it, so we shall on the hillside of heaven rehearse to them all the scenes of our earthly expedition, and they shall welcome us home, as we say, "Father and mother, we have come and brouhgt our children with us." The old revival hymn described it with glorious repetition:

Brothers and sisters there will meet, Brothers and sisters there will meet, Brothers and sisters there will meet, Will meet to part no more.

I read of a child in the country who was detained at a neighbor's house on a stormy night by some fascinating stories that were being told him, and then looked out and saw it was so dark he did not dare go home. The incident impressed me the more because in my childhood I had much the same experience. The boy asked his comrades to go with him, but they dared not. It got later and later-7 o'clock, 8 o'clock, 9 o'clock. "Oh," he said, "I wish I were home!" As he opened the door the last time a blinding flash of lightning and a deafening roar overcame him. But after awhile he saw in the distance a lantern, and, lo, his brother was coming to fetch him home, and the lad stepped out death comes and our earthly friends cannot go with us, and we dare not go alone; may our brother, our elder brother, our friend closer than a brother, come out to fetch us with the go in to join our loved ones waiting for us, supper all ready, the marriage supper of the Lamb!

# Miraculous Results ASUFFERER FOR 35 YEARS CURED BY PAINE'S CEL-BRY COMPOUND.

A Terrible Case of Byspepsia is Overcome by the Great Compound

Had Failure After Failure With Other Medicines

Mr. Budd Says: From a Condition of Helplessness Am Now Well and Strong."

New Life and Health Await All Who Use Paine's Celery Compound.

Wells & Richardson Co.: Gentlemen,-For the benefit of sufferers I gladly give my experience with Paine's Celery Compound. After suffering from dyspepsia for thirtyfive years, and meeting with many failures with other medicines, I decided to use Paine's Celery Compound, having heard of so many cures effected by it. The Compound, after I used it for a time, produced miraculous results and banished my troubles. From a condition of helplessn

being unable to sleep or eat-I now feel well and strong. I am asto ed at the results, as my trouble was an old and chronic one. I have recommended Paine's Celery Compound to some of my neighbors, and in every case it has given satisfaction. ] will always strongly recommend its use when I have opportunity. Yours respectfully,

AMBROSE BUDD, Shanty Bay, Ont. Henry-Did it ever occur to your mind that some of the greatest works of literature have been wrought out in prison? William—Yes; why ldn't it be a good idea to send

# PARLIAMENT.

Private Pledges Were Kept and Public Promises Broken

E. F. Clarke Speaks on the Yukon Railway Deal.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.-Mr. Bennett resumed the debate on the address in a vigorous speech, in which he distinguished between the two classes of tariff pledges made by the liberal party when in opposition. One set of pledges were made publicly to the country, that protection would be abolished; the others were made privately to certain manufacturers, such as Frost, M. P., who had promises that their protection would be preserved. The private pledges were kept and the public promises broken. Mr. Bennett, who is one of the best speakers on the opposition side, overhauled the record of the ministry fine style, creating a good deal amusement at the expense of the postmaster general and his imperial Lostage proclamation. He was fol-lowed by Mr. Craig. Both Messrs Craig and Bennett strongly condemn ed the Yukon deal, and Dr. Sproule, who followed, devoted most of his speech to the deal.

Some curiosity attached to the speech of Mr. Osler, as he is a director of the C. P. R., and it had been suggested that this company had an interest in the Yukon road. Mr. Osler was unmerciful in his criticism, dedlaring that the land grant could be sold for more money than the whole twenty-five million acres of C. P. R. land. He asserted that every prospector and free miner would be the clave of the contractors, whose agents would be on the track of every discovery of gold in that region. The very last thing the government should have done was to place these great heritages in the hands of the men who only en gaged to build one hundred and fifty miles of tramway. If all the members or posite swallowed this deal, would never hereafter doubt either that the whale swallowed Jonah or Jonah swallowed the whale.

The debate was continued by Messrs Taylor, Dupont and others. No supporter of the government spoke on the address today.

After the speech on address by Mr. Wilcon, who discussed tariff matters, Mr. Pope, the young member Compton, made matters lively for the government for an hour this evening He administered a whimsical rebuke to his friends on the conservative side for their attacks on Tarte, who had himself sworn that he was in the government as a representative of the conservative party. Mr. Tarte was not exactly the man whom the conservatives would have selected for themselves, but since the last year had made him the representative with swift feet, hastened on to his the tories, they ought to treat him brother, who took him home, where well. If a conservative not in great te in his own party had attained for a long time supper had been waiting. So may it be when the night of that he could set up whom he liked and pull down whom he would, r.aking one member a judge and dumping another in the mire, what a tremendous government it would be if Laurier had taken in a whole cabine lantern to our feet, and then we will of conservatives. Mr. Pope then attacked the Yukon contract, defying the government to say that they would not allow contractors to charge fifty dollars per ton for carrying freight over their little tramway Getting no answer he declared that in three days he could find contractors reacy to build the road for a less subsidy than it was now proposed to

give. Mr. Rogers, the patron member, who sits on the covernment side, spoke next, hoping that the ministers would reduce the tariff. He regretted that the ministers had not corrected Mr. Bertram when he said that the tariff should not be changed for ten

NOTES. The Dominion Artillery Association met today, Col. Cole in the chair. A motion that the name of the associ tion be changed to the Canadian Artillery Association was lost. Captains of field batteries were

made honorary members of the counoil. The council's report recomm that allowances for drill instruction and care-taking be revised and increased; also recommends that the issue of sufficient modern guns should be made to garrison artillery. The report was adopted. Speech made by Capt. England, Col. King, Lord Aberdeen, Dr. Borden, Montgomery Moore and Gen. Gascoigne. Col. Cole of Montreal was reelected president. The following were elected vice-presidents: Col. King, St. Catherines; Col. Longworth, Charlottetown; Col. Coutle, Ottawa; Col.

Jones, St. John.
E. F. Clarke gave the government a dressing down for not giving other contractors than MacKenzie & Mann a chance to compete for the construction of the Yukon railway. He asked Mr Davies, who had charge of the bill at the time, whether other contractors had not offered to build a road for one-fifth of the land grant and no onopoly. Davies would not reply, but declared that Rothschilds' ho had refused to build the railway on the Stickeen river. Mr. McNeill moved the adjournment

of the debate.

The house adjourned at midnight.

The auditor general's report was brought down yesterday, giving details of the expenditure for the year ending last June. The returns show that Brother Hawke came out ahead

in newspaper receipts from the gov-ernment. The Transcript's share was \$7,441, while the Telegraph is down for \$7,185. The St. John Globe drew \$2,905, and the Halifax Chronicle \$2,001. Scattered through the report appear some remarkable charges for the cost of investigations. For Intercolonial investigations alone John J. Ross of Halifax was paid \$777, and William Wilson \$726. The larger payment swere made to the Quebec commissioners. The alleged investiga-tions into the affairs of the Kingston

cost \$9,484. Commissioner Noxon, and Ontario official, received \$1,770 besides expenses. Commissioner Meredith, a retired official who has a pension of seven dollars a day, got ten dollars a day and his expenses for heading the

so-called enquiry. Attorney General McDougall prints his letters objecting to this payment and the reply of the minister admitting that the superannuation allowance ought to have been stopped, and

promising not to do it again. The auditor general also points out irregularities in the payments to Corimissioners McAlpine and other investigators.

A government caucus was held today. Messrs. Davies and Sifton explained the Yukon contract, and the premier begged the members to stand together in support of the ontract. It was desirable that no more than four or five liberals should oppose this measure, as it would be awkward to have it appear that the party was not unanimous in this matter. It was announced that the plebiscite bill would be passed, and the government declared that the franchise bill would be put through if it took all summer. The franchise bill, which is the same as that before the house last year, was introduced today.

The return of governor general's warrants for unforseen expenses shows that a warrant for three hundred thousand dollars was issued for the relief of Yukon people. Of this sum one hundred and sixty thousand dollars has been spent. A warant for restoring government properties destroyed by the Windsor fire was obtained, but only about two thou-

sand dollars has been spent. OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 11.-The debate this afternoon was resumed by Mr. McNeill, who, after complimenting Premier Laurier on his courtesy in the debate and expressing regret that he had to condemn his conduct, showed by comparing the premier's pledges to support preferential trade, with his course in opposing it, that he had committed the gravest breach of public faith ever recorded in the

history of the country. Premier Laurier asked if Mr. Mc-Neill would accept preferential trade on Chamberlain's terms.

Mr. McNeill said: "Yes, I would on Chamberlain's terms as explained in London, Ontario, by the premier himself." This reply was greeted with loud cheers.

Apparently the government found it necessary to abandon the policy of silence, as Mr. McMullen resumed the debate in reply to Mr. McNeill. The address was passed in the even-ing session after Messrs. McMullen and Bergeron had addressed the house. Mr. Bergeron dealt somewhat

with the school question, showing that most of the government supporters in Quebec had declared that they would accept the decree of Rome the Manitoba school question. He did not object to Premier Laurier and Fitzpatrick appealing to Rome, but suggested that having done so they ought to accept the result, especially when they had solemnly promised the bishops that they would do so. The house was not divided on the

Sergt. McCleary, son of Dr. McCleary of St. John, has been appointed a messenger in the house. Sergt. McCleary belongs to the 62nd Fusiliers and was one of the jubilee contingent representing Canada at Lon-

Among the papers brought down by the government today was the engineer's report on the Yukon railway. The survey and estimate were made by Engineer Jennings. He says that the Stikeen river is navigable for powerful boats of a certain class, but there are two very serious and dan-gerous rapids. The estimate of the cost of a railway, together with certain branches and apparently improvement of the river navigation and a bridge, he puts at four millions but that another estimate is made for an electric railway, viz., \$2,850,000. including the depreciating, is put at \$340,000. The prospective revenue from passengers is \$99,000 and freight \$450,000, giving a total profit of \$209,-The terminus of the road is made at Glenora. Turning to the other routes, Mr. Jennings estimates the cost of the railway over the Chilcoot Pass at five and a half millions. and by Tagish route three millions, and by the White Pass three and a quarter millions. It will be seen that the railway promises to be a good investment without subsidy, and that the millions of acres of mineral lands

The relations are strained among the ministers. It is not known when the trouble began, but Mr. Blair exhibited a symptom when he explained. the Yukon bill. Then he made the singular statement that he was not well posted in the contract, as it was: made in his absence. There was a striking attempt to escape responsi-bility, and Hon. Mr. Siften, who with Davis was the principal party to the contract, did not take it well. The minister of the interior had another grievance because Mr. Blair's explanation of the measure was cal lated to down it. Yesterday Mr. Blair stayed away from the caucus and Hon, Mr. Sifton has a little scold. He explained that the members had not yet heard an adequate explanation of the contract, and regretted that Hon. Mr. Blair was away, as he would like to refer to his speech on the subject. Today it is noticed that Hon. Mr. Blair is in bad temper. He was only in the house a short time on two occasions, and then refused to talk with members who approached

The meeting of the Dominion Artillery association adopted the report of the council recommending St. John as the place for the competition of the National Artillery association.

The Gold coins of Great Britain contain one-twelfth alloy.

# Caps or Crowns.

Whether the head wears a cap or a prown headaches will come. Burdock Blood Bitters cures all forms of headache. It is a curative for rich or poor.
"I suffered with terrible violent headaches, but B. B. B. cured me be-fore I had finished the fourth bottle." MRS. W. MACKLIN,

Cypress River, Man.

### SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived.

Str Gallia, 2942, Stewart, from Liverpool via Halifax, Troop and Son, mails and mdse. Sch Alfaretta S Snare, 200, Lawson, mas-

Coastwise—Schs Valdare, 99, Hatfield, from Quaco; Rex, 57, Sweet, do; Evelyn, 69, Mc-Donough, do.

Feb. 12.—Str Duart Castle, 1179, Seely, from West Indies, Schofield and Co, malls, make and passengers.

Sch Marion, 123, Reicker, from St Andrews, J E Moore, bai.

Feb. 14.—Str Cheronea, 2059, Marsters. from London, Wm Thomson and Co, general

mdse.
Sch B C Borden, 385, Pettis, from Cutler,
Me, for Port Greville, bal.
Cosstwise—Sch Trader, 72, Benjamin, from
Parrsboro; Louisa, 15, Hargraves, from Lepreaux; Willie D, 98, Ogilvie, from Parrs-

11th-Coastwise-Sch Evelyn, McDonough, for Quaco.

Seb. 12.—Str Damara, Petersen, for London
via Halifax.

Str Keemun, McKie, for Glasgow.

Sch Clayola, McDade, for New York.

Sch Sarah H Seeton, Gavnleri, for Salem

f. o.

Sch Winnie Lawry, Smith, for New Yerk.
Ceastwise—Schs Lone Star, Griffin, for Lepreaux; Victory, Smith, for Quaco.
Feb. 14.—Str Platea, Allen for Liverpool.
Sch Valdare, Hatfield, for Salem f. o.

#### CANADIAN PORTS.

Arrived. At Halifax, Feb 10, str Lake Superior, om St. John, and sld 11th. At St Andrews, Feb 7, sch Marion, Reick-At St Andrews, Feb 7, sch Marion, Reicker, from New York,
HALIFAX, N S, Feb 11—Ard, str Roumanian, from Liverpool for Philadelphia;
Lake Superior, from St John, and salled for Liverpool; schs M J Crosby, Rafuse, from Boston; Sir Hibbert, Rafuse, do (latter was bound to Sydney to load for St Sohns, NF, but was unable to reach there on account of ice, put back here damaged by ice.)
Sld, str Roumania, Perry, for Philadelphia; schs Utopia, Wagner, for Demerara;
Minnie Maud, Wolfe, for Porto Rico.
Cld, St Helana, Zinck, for Trinidad.

> BRITISH PORTS. Arrived.

At Glasgow, Feb 11, str Concordia, Mit-lell, from St Jahn. At Holyhead, Feb 6, ship Fred E Scam-ell, Mahoney, from Liverpool for Ship Is-At Fleetwood, Feb 10, ship Loanda, Dodge, from St John.

At Queenstown, Feb 9, ship Andelana, Gillies, from Antwerp for New York.

GLASGOW, Feb 11—Ard, str Concordia, GLASGOW, Feb 11—Ard, str Concordia, from St. John.

At Hull, Feb 10, barks Andromeda, Rierstead, from San Francisco via Queenstown.

At Port Spain, Jan 28, sch Springwood, Williams, from Lockeport via Boston.

At Barbados, previous to Feb 4, soh I V Dexter, Dexter, from Liverpool, N S (to proceed to Demerara).

From Bartados, Jan 25, bark Herbert Black, for New Brunswick (?) Brunswick, LIVERPOOL, Feb 10—Sld, strs Scotsman, LIVERPOOL, Feb 10—Sld, strs Scotsman, from Portland.

From London, Feb 10, bark J E Graham, Lockhart, for New York.

From Port Spain, Jan. 23, brig W E Stowe, Sweltzer, for Turk's Island.

From Liverpool, Feb 10, ship Brenda, Gifford, for Calcutta.

From Falmouth, Feb 42, bark Thomas Perry, Carver, for Ship Island.

From Barry, Feb 12, ship Theodore H Rand, Morris, for Cape Town.

## FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived.

At Azua, prior to Peb 7, sch St Maurice, from New York, to sail on return 19th.
At Hamburg, Jan 19, bark Engenie, Hansen, from Sevannah.
At Nassau, Feb 9, brig Ora, Sprague, from sen, from Savannah.

At Nassau, Feb 3, brig Ora, Sprague, from Macoris for New York.

SALEM, Mass, Feb 11—Ard, schs Rebecca W Huddell, from Boston for St John; Silver Wave, from Boston for Quaco; Forest Belle, from Boston for Annapolis.

ZAANDAM, Feb 9—Ard, bark Actaeon, from St John via Liverpool.

BOSTON, Feb 11—Ard, strs Canada, from Liverpool; Prince Edward, from Yarmouth, NS: schs Dominion, from Souris, PEI; Ella and Jennie, from Grand Manan.

Cld, barkin Barcelona, for Yarmouth, NS.

Sld, str Boston, for Yarmouth, NS.

At New York, Feb 10, bark L W Norion, Parks, from Demerara; brigt Curacoa, Lockhart, from Macoris; Feb 12, str Etruria, from Liverpool.

At Boston, Feb 11, sch Ella and Jennie, Insalis, from Grand Manan; Dominion, Ritcey, from Souris, P E I.

At Rio Janeiro; Feb 9, bark Genesta, Davies, from Swansea for Buenos Ayres.

At Mobile, Feb 10, bark Mersey, Christensen, from Liverpool.

At Ksy West, Feb. 12, sch Golden Hind, Curry, from Honduras.

At Mobile, Feb 12, sch Iolanthe, Spurr, Curry, from Honduras.
At Mobile, Feb 12, sch Iolanthe, Spurr, from Cienfuegos.

NEW YORK, Feb 11—Cid, str Portia, for Halifax and St Johns. At New York, Feb 10, bark Stillwater, Thurber, for Melbourne; sch Genesta, Priest, for Port Reading. Boston, Feb. 10, sch A Gibson, for St John.
At New York, Feb. 11, bark Mary A Law,
Hatfield, from Dunedin and Lyttelton; bark
Louvima, Hatfield, for Bahia; bark White
Wings, Langelier, for Barbados; sch Gypsum King, Knowlton, for Port Reading. Sailed.

From Mobile, Feb 7, sch Bahama, Tooker, for Kingston.

From New York, Feb 9, sch Nellie I White, for —... From New York, Feb 3, sch Neille 1
White, for —
BOOTHBAY, Feb 11—Sld, sch A P Emerson, Odell, for New York.
From Pensacola, Feb 10, bark Sunny
Scuth, Fleet, for Montevideo.
From Pensacola, Feb 7, bark Buteshire,
Wyman, for Buenos Ayres.
From St Domingo City, Feb 10, bark Edith
Sheraton, Mitchsil, for New York.
From New York, Feb 12, bark Louvima,
Hatfield, for Bahis (and anchored in Hart
Island Roads.
From City Point, Va, Feb 12, sch E V
Glover, for New York.
From Port Reading, N J, Feb 12, sch Genssta, Priest, for St John, N B.

MEMORANDA.

In port at Manila, Dec 21, barks Plymouth, Salter, for New York; E A O'Brien, disg.; Calburga, Douglass, and Launberga, McDougall, de.
In port at Boothbay, Me, Feb 9, sch A P Emerson, Odeli, from St John for New York.
In port at Iloilo, Feb 3, ship Glooscap, for New York. New York.
In port at Plymouth, Feb 7, sch Ira D Sturgis, from eastern port for New York.
CITY ISLAND, N Y, Feb 11—Bound south,
schä Carrie Easter, for Liverpool; Elwood
Burton, for Hillsboro, N B.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Feb 11—Psd, sch
Stephen Bennett, from St John for New
York York.
In port at Port Spain, Feb 2, sch Mystery,
Richards, for Vineyard Haven.
Passed Deal, Feb 10, bark J E Graham,
Lockhart, from London for New York.

SPOKEN.

nip Ruby, Robbins, from Pensacola for Janeiro, Jan 20, lat 29, lon 80 (so report Bark F B Lovitt, Fancy, from New York for Buenos Ayres, Jan 6, lat 05, lon 30. Bark Bombay, Johnson, from Mobile for Bahia Blanca, Jan 22, lat 06 S, Ion 30 W. Ship Mozambique, from Montreal for New York, Feb 9, lat 38 20, lon 74.20.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. PORTLAND, Feb 3—Carver's Harbor, from Eastward—Colts Ledge buoy, spar, red, No 2, which went adrift Jan 18, was replaced Feb 7.

st Penobscot Bay from Southward-

Matinicus South Breaker buoy, spar, red and black horizontal stripes, which was reported adrift Jan 12, was replaced Feb 7.

EASTPORT, Me, Feb 10—Str Myrile, Johnson, from Portland, to replace boundary can booy located off the Points, which left its moorings and sailed coastwise today.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19.—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on the night of Feb. 6 the structure at Salem Creek, New Jersey, was badly damaged by running ice, and the light extinguished. Farther exhibition of the lens lantern is impracticable, and until further notice a turbular lantern (red) light will be shown from one of the pilings of the damaged structure.

TOMPXINSVILLE, N. Y., Feb. 10.—The Lighthouse Board gives notice that a spar buoy painted black, without number, has been established to mark a sunken canal boat, loaded with coal. The wreek has 11 feet of water on it and lies about 100 feet south of the SW. corner of pier 6, East Ri er. The buoy is in 26 feet of water, about 20 feet south of the wreek and on the following bearings: Oriental Tower (Brocklyn), SE, by E., ¼ E.; Castle William Stake Light, NE15-16E.; flagstaff Produce Exchange Building, N. by Wi5-16W.

Notice is also given that on Feb. 11, weather permitting, the following can and nunbuoys will be replaced in Gedney and Bayside Channels, New York Lower Bay: G. GE. 2, B: 1, B. 2, and Palestine Shoal Buoy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on or about Feb. 15 the fifth order fixed red light at Egg Rock light station, on Egg Rock, off Nahant, Mass, about three-quarters of a mile from shore, will be moved from the present temporary tower and established in the new tower recently erected 44 feet NW from the temporary tower and established in the new tower recently erected 44 feet NW from the temporary tower and 25 feet above the base of the tower. The structure consists of a square, pyramidal red brick tower, with a white wooden dwelling attached.

PORTLAND, Feb. 11.—Notice is hereby given of the following changes in adds

practicable.

Fox Island Thoroughfare, Me.—The thoroughfare being now clear of ice. Brown's Head light, which was reported discontinued on Feb. 3, was relighted Feb. 8.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Births, Marriages and Deaths occurring in the families of subscribers will be published FREE in THE SUN. In all cases, however, the name of the sender must accompany the notice.

### BIRTHS.

EIDERKIN.—At Maynard Villa, Port Greville, Feb. 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Elderkin, a daughter.

#### MARRIAGES.

GRANT-LOOMER.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Canning, Kings Co., N. S., on February 9th, by Rev. J. K. West, Sarah Alice, daughter of N. H. Loomer, to Palmer Grant, all of Canning.

#### DEATHS.

ANDREWS—In this city, on Feb. 10th, Elizabeth, widow of the late Thomas Andrews, leaving two sons and two daughters to mourn their sad loss.

ASHLEY.—At Boston, Mass., on February 10th, James Ashley, aged 41 years, formerly of this city.

ly of this city.

FERGUSON.—At Richibucto, on Feb. 11th, from acute hydrocephalus, Beatrice Hickman, only child of Frederick and S. Florence Ferguson, aged five months and twenty-five days.

PIDGEON.—Nettle. aged 23 years only

Priogeon.—Nettle, aged 23 years only daughter of C. B. Pidgeon, died Saturday morning, Feb. 12.

QUINION.—At Rochelle Park, N. J., Jan. 5th, suddenly, of bronchial pneumonia, Sarah Arline Pugsley, widow of the late Joseph Quinion, a native of New York.

been terrific weather up north.
WINTER PORT ITEMS.

(From Friday's Daily, Sun.) (From Friday's Daily Sun.)

Str. Mantinea, Capt. Mulcahey, sailed yesterday afternoon for London. She moved among other things: 31,150 bushels of mixed oats; 38,070 of white oats; 30,000 of olipped oats, 25,500 of corn and 16,950 of peas; 1,000 bags of grape sugar; 4 boxes salmon labels; 10 cases of cotton duck; 8 cases of turs; 135 bags of clover seed; 6,260 boxes of theese; 50 cases of cheese; 1620 sacks of flour; 1,360 sacks of asbestos; 3 packages of wind mills; 700 boxes of whiskey; 20 standards of pine deals; 220 sacks of seed; 78 bushels of hay; 139 of pulp, and 67 standards of spruce deals.

The Allan-Thomson steamer Platea, Capt. Alien, from London via Queenstown, arrived yesterday afternoon and moored at the C. P. R. wharf. This is the Platea's first visit to St. John. She began discharging last evening. There is a full cargo close at hand for her.

(From Saturday's Daily Sun.) (From Saturday's Daily Sun.)
The Royal mail steamer Gallia, Capt.
Stawart, from Liverpool via Halifax, arrived her about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.
Her passengers were sent off in the afternoon and the western part of her cargo is being forwarded with all possible despatch.
The Damara of the Furness line, from London via Halifax, which arrived yesterday about noon, brought a large quantity of goods, which were discarged in twelve hours. It was good work. Messrs. Mahoney and Callahan were the stevedores.

There is an immense quantity of freight her for the Head liner. The Alcides of the Donaldson line is expected Thursday.

Almost all the stuff for the mail steamer Gallia is at Sand Point. One hundred and forty carloads of freight arrived at Sand Point yester-

The Donaldson liner Keemun, Capt. McKie, sailed Saturday afternoon for Glasgow. Her cargo was made up of 26,000 bushels of peas and 46,000 of oats, 1,350 tons of flour, 3 carloads of oak lumber, 3 carloads of shooks, 4 carloads of sundries, 60 standards of deals, 301 cattle and 16 horses. The Gallia was crowded with visit-

ors all yesterday afternoon, and must have been visited by thousands.

The Head liner Glen Head, from this port, arrived at Dublin yesterday. The Allan-Thomson steamer Livonian left London for St. John on Sat-

urday. The press despatches announce the departure Saturday from Liverpool of the beaver steamer Lake Ontario for this port. .

From Tuesday's Daily Sun. The Allan-Thomson steamer Platea cleared yesterday for London, and will probably get away today. The Head liner Dunmore Head, Capt. Burns, arrived at Belfast on

Sunday from this port. S. S. Cheronea, Capt. Marsters, arrived yesterday from London with a general cargo. She was out in the gales experienced by the Gallia and had quite a rough time. The Cheronea proved herself a good sea boat, and worked through the heavy storm without receiving any material damage. A boat was washed away.

# PARLIAMENT.

Negotiations for Reciprocity With the United States.

The Government to Take Over Drummond Railway on March 1st.

The New Station Building at Moncton, and the Plumbing Contract in the Commons.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13 .- The Yukon railvay is to still further be discussed on the address in the senate. Hon. Mr. Power of Halifax has the floor, and will talk about it on Monday, and Senator Ferguson is to follow

Some consternation has followed the report of the Frve committee in the United States senate. This bill provides new and awkward conditions about the transhipment of goods from one British vessel to another at United States ports. Now all goods shipped by the proposed Stickene railway must be transhipped at Wrangel, an American port at the mouth of the Stickene, from ocean craft to river steamers. The effect of the regulation will probably be that goods for the Yukon shipped by this route would have to go to Wrangel in the United States ships, or else pay duty to the United States. The proposition is creating a small panic among the government supporters, which has been increased by the course of the Montreal Witness, which pious grit journal, after swallowing the contract in the first place, is now finding a good deal of fault with it, and especially with the provisions which it says were withheld from the first explanaations of the contract, and a report was in circulation yesterday that over twenty ministerial members of the commons still refuse their assent to the measure. At present it would not be safe to count on the proposition, because they may be whipped into line but they are showing considerabl

power of resistance. Communications were received by the government from Washington yesterday stating that no regulations governing the trashipment at Wrangel will be issued for the present, if at all. The matter is now out of the hands of diplomatists, as congress has taken hold of it.

NOTES. Some interest attaches to the observations of the secretary of the state the other day that the government proposed to so change the tariff law as to grant Great Britain and such colonies as have low tariff a preference over all foreign countries. This means a total change of the principle of tariff framed last year, by which preference was extended to all countries whose tariff was as low as ours

OTTAWA, Feb. 14.-This was the first private members' day of the ses-sion, and will be the last until the han sixty-seven questions, were on the order paper.

Among the statements made in answer was the announcement of the premier that informal negotiations had been going on with the United States to obtain reciprocity and the settlement of other questions. The papers will be brought down.

One hundred and sixty-two mounted police have been drafted to the Yukon, and sixty more are under orders to go there.

Hon. Mr. Blair said the supplements ary estimates would show that the government was going to take steps toward the examination and development of the route to the Klondyke He also stated that no contract had been made with the Kingston works for locomotives, but that the govern-ment intended, if possible, to obtain their locomotives from Canadian shops. The government propose to take over the Drummond railway on March 1st.

Hon. Mr. Blair also gave Hon. Mr. Foster the names of the new officers appointed at Montreal. The salary of Traffic Manager Harris is five thousand dollars. The agent at Montreal gets two thousand; Travelling Agent Lambkin gets \$1,400. Hon. Mr. Blair remarked that it was proposed to modernize the Intercolonial management without increasing the cost. The solicitor general explained to Mr. Taylor that the attorney general of Canada, who had taken the power to set in motion the alien labor act,

had not caused any incomer to be

arrested or turned back. It was explained that Deputy Postmaster General White had been superannuated with an allowance of \$2,240 a year. Since then he had been engaged at ten dollars a day and expenses, and received last year \$460. Replying to Mr. Gillies, Hon. Mr. Blair said that the government had bought two engines at Philadelphia at \$10,000 each. They were bought on the recommendation of the general

Replying to a question of Mr. Powell. Hon. Mr Blair said that the total amount paid to February 1st on the new station buildings at Moncton was \$91,348. It was all charged to capi-tal. He said \$3,181 had been spent in plumbing and heating apparatus. This work had been awarded to James H. Doody of St. John. The contract was cancelled and a new one made with F. E. McManus at \$8,277.

Answering Mr. Bell of Pictou, Hon. Mr. Blair gave the number of brakemen who had been dismissed from the Intercolonial, and stated that the reduction was caused by the duliness of trade

To Mr. McDougall of Cape Breton Premier Laurier said that the government had no knowledge of the reply to the petition by forty-five members of the senate to the Holy Father at Rome, which petition was read in the commons last year by Mr. Tarte. Sir Louis Davies informed Mr. Copp that the department favored regulations prohibiting the taking of lob-sters under 101-2 inches, but if such regulations were made it would not be brought into operation until 1899. Premier Laurier stated that Com-missioner Walsh was paid \$5,000 a

year as administrator of Yukon

After questions, Mr. Davin spoke on the motion for returns about western creameries, and Hon. Mr. Fisher pronised the returns, and referred to the progress of scientific butter making. Incidentally, the minister said that butter put up in tins made in the Nappan creamery had been successfully shipped to the West Indies. Hon.
Mr. Fisher hoped that in time this market might be captured from France. He also had hopes of capturing the market of Japan with western dairy produce.

THE SENATE. In the senate today Hon, Mr. Power continued the debate on the address. He remarked that he was not wholly satisfied with the tariff, though he thought it better than the old one. The duty on the necessities of life should have been removed before the duties on the raw material. Mr. Power thought that the Yukon contract was justifiable, because the case was urgent, and though there might be trouble with the United States about taking goods into the country, this would happen in any Pacific coast

route. Senator O'Donohue, who is regarded as a liberal, attacked the Yukon contract hip and thigh. The tramway could be built for \$8,000 a mile. government were giving land that would yield more than thirty millions for a miserable one hundred and fifty miles of tramway.

Senator Ferguson resumed the debate, and for the last half hour of the afternoon discussed the record of the government. He exposed the sophistries of Sir Wilfrid's explanation of his treachery to preferential trade. Mr. Mills put in a plea that Pre-

mier Laurier could not support preference after Chamberlain's address at the opening of the conference. Mr. Ferguson was speaking with good effect at six o'clock when the senate adjourned.

Just before the adjournment of the ouse Sir Charles reminded Sir Wilfrid that while the government had refused the commons information of their intentions respecting the tariff preference, the secretary of state had informed the senate that the preference hereafter would be limited to the British empire.

Sir Charles hoped that he was correct, and would be glad to learn that Great Britain proposed to respond by preference to Canada.

Sir Wilfrid was not communicativ but was sure Sir Charles would be pleased when the announcement was made.

The senate is not to be turned from ts Drummond railway enquiry. This afternoon Sir Mackenzie Bowell gave rotice of motion for the reappointment of a committee to investigate all matters relating to the transaction. Hon, Mr. Sifon became suddenly ill today, and was not able to attend the

Hon. Mr. Pugsley of New Bruns-wick and Mr. McNeil of Nova Scotia are here to attend the supreme court.

THE C. P. R.

Yukon deal is disposed of. No less At a Meeting of the Directors Monday the Usual Half Yearly Dividend Was Declared.

> MONTREAL, Feb. 14.-At a meetng of the directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway company today the usual half-yearly dividend of two per cent. on the preference stock was de-clared and a dividend of two and a half per cent. was also declared on the ordinary stock, making with the dividend already paid four per cent. for the past year.

The results for the year were: Gross earnings, \$24,049,534; working expenses, \$13,745,758; net earnings, \$10,303,-775 income from other sources, \$340,-706; total net income, \$10,644,482; fixed charges, including guarantees and in-terest on land bonds, \$6,783,367; net revenue available for dividends, \$3,861,-115, out of which a dividend of two per cent. on the preference and one and a half per cent. on the common stock for the June half year was paid in

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Failure is impossible and age is no barrier.

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ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

Drummond Railway Men Under Examination by the C. P. R.

The Ontario Government Getting Afraid and Trying to Put Up Extra Candidates.

MONTREAL, Feb. 9.—The Star's special correspondent in London ables: A big company, with the Earl of Warwick as chairman, is on the eve of coming before the public, with several M. P.'s on the board. It was organized by A. J. McMillan, late Manitoba government agent. Petersens still express confidence in

their ability to carry through the fast

mail service, though the delay hardly seems encouraging to city circles. The tariff is seemingly beginning to affect the Anglo-Canadian trade. During January the imports from Canada increased £147,582, or 82 per cent. compared with January, 1897. The chief increases are: Animals, £7,000; wheat, £35,000; wheat flour, £4,000; bacon, £4,000; butter, £3,000; cheese, £36,000; eggs, £2,000, and fish, £73,-600. The decreases were: Wood, £13,-900, and hams, £5,000. The exports to

Canada increased nearly 7 per cent. ST. HYACINTHE, Que., Feb. 14.-Wm. Mitchell, general manager of the Drummond County railway, arrived here this morning with about forty employes of the company, composed chiefly of conductors, engineers and brakemen, for the purpose of having the men undergo a regular examination of competency before Mr. Herbert, G. T. R .trackmaster, from Island Pond, before the transfer of the road. Mr. Mitchell stated that every change was now in readiness for the handing over of the road on the 1st prox.

QUEBEC, Feb. 14.-A friend of Ernest Pacaud says his holiness Leo XIII. has rendered his decision in the ase of Pacaud v. Mgr. Labrecque, oishop of Chicoutimi, urging the latter to raise the ban under which his grace has put Mr. Pacaud's paper, Le Soleil. His grace replied to Rome offering to resign rather than re-

TORONTO, Feb. 14.-J. P. Whitney, leader of the Ontario opposition, is putting up a great fight personally in the present provincial elections. He is now addressing two meetings every day. In Toronto this morning he said he was confident and certain of winning. The meetings are well attended and enthusiastic. The government is making efforts to get the third candidate in divisions where there are three to retire. In some instances a patron gives way, and in others liberals. There appears to be a thorough understanding between the liberals and patrons. It is anything to defeat the conservatives. A caucus of liberal traders was held in Toronto this morning, which was attended by Mr. Cayen, a patron candidate, and one of the leaders of the party.

MARINE MATTERS.

Bark Emma R. Smith was on the marine railway at Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 28, being Bark Emma R. Smith was on the marine railway at Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 28, being reclassed.

Ship Harvest Queen was at Mobile, Ala., Jsn. 23, having her rigging overhauled.

Bark Athena was at Mobile, Ala., Jsn. 23, receiving a new topmast and a general overhauling of her rigging.

Sch. Gypsum Queen was on the Jersey City dry dock, Jersey City, N. J., Jan. 26, having bottom cleaned and painted.

The St. John bark Cambusdoon, recently sold at New York to Henry Norrmann, now hails from Lillesand (Nor.), and is commanded by Capt. A. N. Saxegaard.

Ship A. G. Ropes, Capt. D. H. Rivers, which arrived at Liverpool on Jan. 29 from San Francisco, made the run in 107 days.

Says the New York Maritime Register: "A steamer of over 2,000 tons net register, with carrying capacity of 5,000 tons, is being constructed at Glasgow for Wm. Thomson & Co. of St. John, N. B. She will be launched next March. She will be named "Cunaxa."

launched next March. She will be named "Cunaxa."

Sch. Trader, Capt. Swim, arrived at Barrington from the West Indies on Saturday. The captain is in poor health.

The following charters are reported: Ship Asia, Boston to Buenos Ayres, lumber, \$8; barks Ontario, Rosario to New York or Boston, hides and wool, p. t.; Abeona, Rosario to Sandy Hook f. o., wool and hides, \$2.50 per bale; brigt. Venturer, Macoris to New York, sugar, \$2.50 and port charges; schs. Mystery, Trinidad to Vineyard Haven f. o., molasses, \$2.10 per 110 gallons, and coccanuts, \$2 per 1,000; Keewaydin, Jacksonville to Barbados, lumber, \$5.50; Mola, Macoris to New York, sugar, \$2.50 and port charges; Athlete, New York to St. John, N. B., scrap iron, \$1.25; Walleda, New York to Antigua, general cargo, at or about \$1,250; Syanara, Jacksonville to Bermuda, lumber, p. t.; bark Louvima, New York to Bahla, general cargo, 65c. per bbl.

Jacksonville to Bermuda, lumber, p. t.; bark Louvima, New York to Bahla, general cargo, 65c. per bbl.

Steamer Cape Breton is shut in by ice at Louisburg.

The cargo of ship Andora, from Jumin, ashore near Dunkirk, which has been contracted to be discharged and landed at the dock there, cannot be loaded into lighters at present on account of the heavy sea and it is being discharged into carts during the time low water leaves the vessel dry.

Brig Ora, Capt. Sprague, from Macoris for New York, with sugar, has put into Nassau leaking badly.

Ship Wm. Law, recently on fire in New York, was insured for \$50,000; freight \$17,000; disbursements, \$5,500.

Ship Andelana, Capt. Gillies, from Antwerp for New York, has put back to Queenstown with loss of mizzenmast and yards.

Bark Clara E McGilvery, from Liverpool, N. S., for Port Spain, which ran ashore in Liverpool harbor during the recent bilizzard, has been floated at an expense of \$200. Vessel but little damaged.

Bark Madeline, which left Ireland in ballast 56 days ago for Yarmouth, has been chartered to load lumber there for Buenos Ayres.

Boston Marine Insurance Co, have receiv-

last 56 days ago for Yarmouth, has been chartered to load lumber there for Buenos Ayres.

Bostom Marine Insurance Co. have received advices from Yarmouth stating that the report of the stranding of the bark Swansea, for Buenos Ayres, near Digby, last week, was erroneous. Vessel was not ashore and E. Churchill & Son of Windsor, owners, state that she is on her way to destination.

Capt. Edmund Kinnie and W. J. Carnwath have sold the sch. Glenara to Captain Haliburton Hoar of Waterside. She is a very stryingly built little schooner of 72 tons. Messrs. Kinnie and Carnwath purpose buying a larger one this spring.

Schr. Narcissus, Capt. Doggett, at Liverpcol, N. S., from Barbados, was badly damaged during the storm last week, losing mainsail, mainboom and chain and anchor. Capt. Doggett reports that on Friday, 28th ult., at 2.39 a. m., they passed a steamship evidently not under command, but not showing signals of distress, in lat. 40.57, lon. 65.48.

of 48.

The latest addition to the Queens county, N. S., fleet of sailing vessels is the new topsail sohr. Goldfinch, which was launched from Hendry's shipyard, Liverpool, on Saturday last. The Goldfinch is a poop-decked, copper fastened vessel of 198 tons register. The cabin is finished in hardwood. The schooner is owned by A. W. Hendry and is loading lumber and fish for South America. Capt. James Gardiner, who will commend her, expects to sail today.

Bark L. W. Norton, Capt. Parks, at New York, Feb. 10, from Demerara reports: Feb. 5, during a heavy NW. squall, lost and split sails.

been floated and towed into dock at latter port.

The Yarmouth bark Hillside, Capt. Morrill, has been chartered to load grain at Diamante, River Platte, for U. K., for orders. Schr. B. C. Borden, which was ashore at Cutler. Maine, was towed in here yesterday by tug Springhill. The tug is to take her to Port Greville to be repaired, but came in hene on account of adverse winds.

British steamer Premier, over whose non-arrival much anxiety was felt, arrived at New York on Friday morning from Jamaica, all well. Capt. Orews reported his last voyage from Halifax to Jamaica as being a memorable one. The passage from Halifax to Montego Bay took eleven days and during that time the little steamer, which only registered 232 tons, encountered terrific weather. Enormous seas boarded her fore and att, sweeping decks and flooding cabins and officers' quarters and washing everything movable off the decks. Several times it was thought the vessel would founder, but she finally weathered the gales and succeeded in reaching Montego Bay. en floated and towed into dock at latter

## WEST INDIA TRADE.

Wants Direct Steamer from St. John, Not via Halifax.

At Present Handicapped in Competition With Lines from New York.

(Port of Spain, Trinidad, Gazette.) Referring to Messrs. Rust, Trow-bridge and Co.'s advertisement, which appears in another column of today's sue, it would apper that the millers i Canada are awakening to the fact that there is a very large outlet in the West Indies for flour, Trinidad alone taking some 150,000 barrels of flour on the average per annum, all of which hitherto has been of American origin. Some months ago the Canadian Pacific railway management, ever on the alert to expand their carrying trade, sent a special agent, J. H. Van Zile, on a tour through the West Indies, to investigate and report on the possibility of opening up an outlet for Canadian produce in these markets. His report, which was published in pamphlet form, and scattered broadcast throughout Canada, aroused considerable interest, one result being a conference of millers at Montreal ast November, at which it was resolved to send trial shipments of flour to the different British West India Islands, accompanied by a special agent, L. G. Crosby, to report on the qualities suitable to the various markets. Canadian wheat and flour made therefrom is amongst the finest in the world, but hitherto has found little favor on this market, an idea having been formed, and assiduously fostered by interested parties, that it would not keep in tropical climates. This erroneous idea will, however, with a little patience, be overcome, and there is no reason why the trade in flour and other foodstuffs of Canadian origin should not assume large dimensions. The one great drawback, however, to any expansion of trade be-tween Canada and the West Indies, is the very unsatisfactory nature of the steamship communication at present

existing. Compare the service afforded by the Hallfax line of boats with that of the service between here and New York. Goods, perishable and otherwise, intended for here, are ship-ped at St. John, N. B., on the up passage of the steamer, and are then conveyed to Halifax, where the boat discharges balance of her inward cargo; a delay of a few days ensues before the boat starts on her voyage south, so that by the time these goods reach Trinidad nearly one month has ex-pired. It, therefore, needs no expert to see at what disadvantage Canadian shippers compete with the American rivals, when it is remembered that goods shipped at New York' reach here in nine days and are landed promptly

and in good condition. For many years the Canadian gov-ernment has been paying a very heavy subsidy (some \$60,000 per annum we believe) to the Halifax line, fondly hoping thereby to foster trade with the West Indies, but with the service afforded in return for this large subsidy, it has been practicaly throwing the taxpayers money away.
What is really required to develop

trade with our Canadian brethren, is a direct line of boats leaving St. John fortnightly, and running direct to Barbadoes, Trinidad and Demerara, reaching here in say 10 days, all of which could be accomplished if the \$60,000 now uselessly expended by the Canadian government was properly spent.

# FREDERICTON.

The Farmers' and Dairymen's Association-University Students Conversazione.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 14.-The anual meeting of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association opens here tomorrow for a three days' session. A large number of delegates have already arrived. The students' conversazione at the

University Thursday evening promises to be the brilliant fashionable function of the season. The Thistle Curling club of St. John are to be here Wednesday or Thursday, to play a return match with the Mrs. Pringle, relict of the late Thos Pringle of Stanley, died at an early

Fredricton knights of the besom. hour this morning at the residence of her son, J. H. Williamson, C. P. R. station agent here. Deceased, who was 77 years of age, had been confined to her bed with bronchial trouble for several weeks past, and her death was not unexpected. She was a most es-timable lady and had a large circle of friends in St. John as well as in this city. Besides her son, Mr. Will'amson, she leaves two stepstons, William Pringle, formerly of Kerr & Pringle, of the St. John Business Colege, now principal of a commercial college in Ontario, and Gilbert Pringle, employed with John Gibson of this

# Suffering Stopped

The sufferings caused by constipa-tion cannot be numbered. All of thes troubles can be permanently cured by Laxa-Liver Pills. One Laxa-Liver Pill every night for thirty days, cures

It is a long head that knows no turning when a pretty girl passes