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John Lovitt. Hugh Cann. J. W. Moody CORRESPONDENTS AT Halifax—The Merchants Bank of Halifax. St. John—The Bank of Montreal. do The Bank of Montreal. Montreal—The Bank of Montreal. New York—The National Citizens Bank. Boston—The Eliot National Bank. London, G.B.—The Union Bank of London. Gold and Currency Drafts and Sterling Bills of Br-change bought and sold. Prompt attention given to collections.

CAPITAL.

ST. STEPHEN'S BANK. INCORPORATED 1836.

ST. STEPHEN'S, N.B.

THE NATIONAL

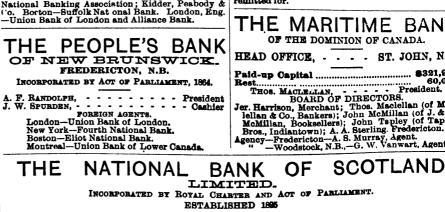
> HEAD OFFICE, . .

..... EDINBURGH.

Reserve Fund ..... #670,000 Paid-up...... £1,000,000.

Capital..... £5,000,000. LONDON OFFICE -- 37 NICHOLAS LANE, LOMBARD STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept agreeably to usual custom. DEPOSITS at interest are received. CIRCULAR NOTES and f/GTTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued free of charge. The Agency of Colonial and Foreign Banks is undertaken and the Acceptances of Customers re-siding in the Colonies, domicual in London, retired on terms which will be unnished on application. All other Banking business connected with England and Scotland is also transacted. JAMES ROBERTSON Manager in London.





DIREUTURAN DUNCAN MOABTHUB, - - - Presidens. Duncan MoABTHUB, - - - Presidens. Alexander Logan. W. L. Boyle. Hon. John Sutherland. Hon. C. E. Hamilton.

980

Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections promptly made. Drafts issued available in all parts of the Dominion. Steeling and American Exchange weath and sold

Company. WM. MULOCE, M.P., GEO. S. C. BETHUNE, President. Secretary-Tre

W. F. COWAN. President. W. F. ALLEN Vice-President. T. H. McMILLAN Sco.-Trees

Money loaned at low rates of interest on the courity of Real Estate and Municipal Debentures. Deposits received and interest allowed.

Financial.



THE ONTARIO Investment Association,					
LONDON,	CANADA.				
Capital Subscribed Capital Paid-up Reserve Fund Investments					
DIRE	CTORS.				
CHAS. MURRAY, President. SAMUEL CRAWFORD, Esq., Vice-President.					
Benj. Cronyn, Barrister. Daniel Macfie, Esq. John Labatt, Brewer. Jno. Elliott, Manufac'r. Isaiah Danks.	W. R. Meredith, Q.C. C. F. Goodhue, Barrister. Hy, Taylor, Esg. Hugh Brodie, Esg. F. A. Fitzgerald, Presi-				

THE ONTARIO	The Toronto General Trusts Co.	ROBERT BEATY & CO.
Investment Association,	27 & 29 WELLINGTON ST. EAST, TOBONTO.	61 KING ST. EAST, (Members of Toronto Stock Exchange),
(LIMITED), LONDON, CANADA.	PRESIDENT. HOD. EDWARD BLAKE, Q.O., M.P. VICE-PRESIDENT, E. A. MEREDITH, LL.D	Bankers and Brokers, Buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, &c., on Commission. tor Cash or on Margin. Amorican Currency and Exchange bought and sold.
Capital Subscribed	MANAGER, J. W. LANGMUIR.	
Reserve Fund         500,000           Investments         \$,560,000	This company is authorized under its charter to act as EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR, GUARDIAN,	GZOWSKI & BUCHAN,
DIRECTORS.	BECEIVER, COMMITTEE, etc., etc., and receives and executes TRUSTS of every description. These	Stock and Exchange Brokers, AND GENEBAL AGENTS.
CHAS. MURRAY, President. SAMUEL CRAWFORD, Esq., Vice-President.	various positions and duties are assumed by the company either under DEEDS OF TRUST, mar-	24 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO
Benj. Cronyn, Barrister. W. R. Meredith, Q.C. Daniel Macfie, Esg. C. F. Goodhue Barrister.	riage or other SETTLEMENTS, executed during the life time of the parties, or under WILLS, or by	Buy and sell Canadian and American Stocks, De-
John Labatt, Brewer. Jno. Elliott, Manufac'r. Isaiah Danks. Hugh Brodie, Esq. A. Fitsgerald, Presi- dent Imperial Oil Co.	the APPOINTMENT OF COURTS. Special atten- tion is called to the power of the company to act as ADMINISTRATOR of estates where the next-of-kin	bentures, &c., on commission, and deal in Drats on New York and London, Greenbacks, and all un- current money. Exchange bought and sold for Banks and Financial Corporations.
This Association is authorized by Act of Parlia ment to Loan Money on Real Estate secured by	are not in a position to find the security required by the Surrogate Courts. This becomes very important	STRATHY BROTHERS,
Mortgages; buying and advancing money upon School, Municipal, and other Debentures, and Pub-	since real estate now devolves upon the administra- tors under Ontario Statute 49 Vic., Cap. 22. The	ATOCK BROKERN, (MEMBLES MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE).
lic Securities, and the Debentures of the various Building and Loan Societies, Investment Companies	company will also act as AGENT of persons who have assumed the position of executor, adminis-	11 ST. SACRAMENT STREET, MONTREAL Canadian and American Stocks, Bonds, Grain, &c.,
and other Societies and Companies of the Province, and has the largest Beserve Fund of any Company in	trator, trustee, etc., etc., and will perform all the duties required of them. The INVESTMENT of	bought or sold for each or on margin. Business strictly confined to commission. Brokerage-One-quarter of one per cent. on pa
Western Ontario. HENRY TAYLOR.	money in first mortgage on real estate, or other securities, the COLLECTION of interest or income,	(Goodbody, GLYN & Dow, New York,
Manager.	and the transaction of every kind of financial	AGENTS: { ALEX. GEDDES & Co., Chicago. { LEE, HIGGINSON & Co., Boston.
OFFICE: RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.	business, as agent, will be undertaken by the com- pany at the very lowest rates.	COX & CO.,
THE ONTARIO	For full information apply to the Manager.	STOCK BROKERS,
Loan & Debenture Company,	JOHN STARK & CO.,	Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
OF LONDON, CANADA.	Members of Toronto Stock Exchange,	No. 26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.
Capital Subscribed	Buy and sell Toronto, Montreal and New York Stocks,	Buy and sell Canadian and American Stocks for
Total Assets         3,04,190           Total Liabilities         1,507,573	for Cash or on Margin.	Cash or on Margin; also Grain and Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trads.
Money loaned on Real Estate Securities only. Municipal and School Section Dependence nor	Properties bought and sold. Estates Managed. Bents collected.	
WILLIAM F. BULLEN.	<b>\$8 Toronto Street.</b>	JOHN LOW,
London, Ontario, 1885.	ESTABLISHED 1876.	Stock and Share Broker,
	BANKS BROTHERS,	58 ST. FBANCOIS XAVIEB STREET, MONTREAL.
CANADA LANDED CREDIT	(TELEPHONE No. 97), Insurance & Estate Agents.	
JOHN L. BLAIKIE. Esq., - President.	BENTS COLLECTED. ESTATES MANAGED. MOBT-	
THOMAS LAILEY, Esq., - Vice-Pres't.	GAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD.	
Subscribed Capital	60 CHURCH STREET, TOBONTO.	
OFFICE, 23 Toronto St., - TORONTO. Money advanced on the security of city and farm	JOHN PATON & CO.	
property at lowest rates of interest, and on most avorable terms as to repayment of principal. Mortgages purchased. Sterling and currency de-	52 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK,	• THE DINK ON YOUR
bentures issued. D. McGEE, Secretary.	Accounts and Agency of Banks, Corporations, firms and individuals received upon favorable terms. Dividends and interest collected and remitted.	In PRACTICAL
Ine National Investment Co. of Canada	Act as agents for corporations in paying coupons and dividends; also as transfer agents. Bonds, Stocks and Securities bought and sold on commission at the Stock Englands	BOOKKEEPER
(Lingtred).	Sterling Exchange and Cable Transfers hought	
10 ADELAIDE STREET EAST, TORONTO.	and sold.	
Capital	THE BELL TELEPHONE CO'Y	
JOHN HOSEIN, ESq., Q.C., President, WILLIAM GALBRAITH, Esq., Vice-President		
William Alexander, Esq. John Scott, Esq. John Stuart, Esq. N. Silverthorne, Esq	OF CANADA.	A NEW SEBIES ON THE
L. B. Creelman, Esq. John Stark, Esq.	CAPITAL, \$1,000,000	
Prof. Geo. Parton Young, LL.D. Money Lent on Real Estate. Debentures issued.	HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.	SCIENCE OF ACCOUNTS
ANDREW RUTHERFORD, Manager	Notice is hereby given that the various telephone instruments not manufactured by this Company which are now being offered for allow the second	AND
Finencial.	Notice is hereby given that the various telephone instruments not manufactured by this Company which are now being offered for sale or for hire to the public, are believed to be infringements of the patents held by the Bell Telephone Co., of Canada; that suit have been instituted against the companies proposing to deal in these infringing instruments to restrain their manufacture, sale or use, and for damages; and that similar actions will be com-	Business Correspondence.
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	proposing to deal in these infringing instruments to restrain their manufacture, sale or use and for	
RAND BROS.	menced against	A Book of 252 Pages, replete with Useful
	ALL USERS OF SUCH TELEPHONES.	and Practical Information.
Real Estate Brokers and Financial Agents	This notice is given for the express purpose of in- forming the public of the claims made by the Ball Telephone Company, and of warning all persons of	
Offices at Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver (Coal Harbor) B. C.	pany's patents.	PRICE, \$1.00.
Property for sale in all parts of the Province. In- vestments made and estates managed for non-resi- dents. Rents collected. Mortgages bought and sold. Debentures purchased on commission. Correspon- dence solicited. Special attention given to property at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Ballway.	C. F. SISE, Vice-Pres't and Man'g Director, Montreal.	
Debentures purchased on commission. Correspon- dence solicited. Special attention given to property at the terminus of the Canadian Basics Balines	HUGH C. BAKER, Manager Ontario Dept. Hamilton,	CONNOR O'DEA, Tobonto, ort

# BRITISH COL RAND B **Real Estate Brokers and I**



Financial.

# THE MONETARY TIMES.

Leading Barristers.	STOCK AND BOND REPORT.								
CARON, PENTLAND & STUART,			6	Capital			Divi-	CLOSIN J	FBICES.
(Successors to Andrews, Caron, Pentland & Stuart) Advocates,		BANKS.	Share.	Sub- scribed.	Capital Paid-up.	Rest.	dend last 6 Mo's.	TORONTO. Feb. 24.	Cash val.
Corner of St. Peter and St. Paul Streets, Victoria Chambers, QUEBEC	British Colum	bia America			\$1,824,937		3%		
Solicitors for the Quebec Bank. SIB ADOLPHE P. CARON, B.C.L., Q.C., K.C.M.G. C. A. PENTLAND. G. G. BTUART.	Canadian Ban Central	k of Commerce	50 100	4,866,666 6,000,000 500,000		1,079,475 1,600,000 25,000	3 31 3	139 122 <b>4</b> 123	337 77 61.37
DELAMERE, BLACK, REESOR & ENGLISH	Dominion	Sank, Windsor, N.S	. 50	500,000 1,500,000 1,500, 00	260,000 1,500,000 1,455,046	78,000 1,020,000 375.000	3 <u>1</u> 5 31	126 221 223	50.40 110.50
Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Etc.	Federal Halifax Banki	ing Co	100	1,250,000 500,000	1,250,000 500,000	125,000 55,000	9 3	1051 1061 107	105.50 21 40
OFFICE-No. 17 Toronto Street, (Consumers' Gas Company's Buildings)	Imperial		100	1.000,000 710,10 1,500,000	999.500 7 0,100 1,500,000	300,000 100,010 500,000		138 137½ 13 ⅓	13£.00 137.25
TORONTO. <b>f. d. delamere</b> Davidson Blace <b>e. a. reesor e. tavloub Englis</b> !	La Banque Ja La Banque Ja La Banque Na	oques Cartier tionale	50 25 100	1,200,000 500,000 2,000,000	500,000 2,000,000	200,000 140,000	3 3 	975 99 <sup>*</sup> 52 <sup>°</sup>	46.75 23.00
GIBBONS, MCNAB & MULKERN,	Merchants' Ba	nk of Canada	. 100	1,000,000 321,900 5,799,200	900,000 831,900 5,799,200		 8 31	132 133	 132.00
Barristers & Attorneys,	Montreal	nk of Halifax	. 50 900	1,000,000 9,000,000 19,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000 12,000,000	1.30,000 800,000 6,000,000	3 4 5	1054 2461 2472	105.50
OFFICE-Corner Richmond & Carling Streets, LONDON, ONT.	Nova Scotia	<b>k</b>	100	500,000 1,114,300 1,500,000	500,000 1,114,300 1,500,000	300,000 340,000 500,000	4 313 3	136- 1171 1181	136 00 117 50
BONDON, ONI.           3EO. 0. GIBBONS         GEO. M'NAB           P. MULKEBN         FRED. F. HARPE'	People's Bank	of Halifax	. 100 . 90	1,000,000 600,000	1,000,000	£6),000 85,000	33 95	125 126 971	125.00 19.50
	Quebec		50 100	500,000 -3,000,000	200,000 2,500,000	<b>925,00</b> 0	 3	····· ···	•••••
JOHNSTONE & FORBES, Barristers, &c.,	Toronto		50 100	200,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000	\$5,000 \$00,000 1,150,000	4 313 4	1253 1263 212 216	62 87 212.00
REGINA, North-West Territory. T. C. JOHNSTONE. F. F. FORDER	Union Bank,	lalifax Canada	. 100	500,000 1,200,000 500,000		<b>40,00</b> 0 <b>90,00</b> 0	21) 3 3	100 60	50.00 60.00
T. C. JOHNSTONE. F. F. FORBES. MACLENNAN, LIDDELL & CLINE,	Western		100	500,000 300,000	<b>215,000</b>	25,000 30,000	3  8	104	104.00
(Late Maclennan & Macdonald),		COMPANIES.	50	630,000	614,695	<b>75.00</b> 0			
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c., CORNWALL.	British Can. I. British Mortg	age Loan Co	100	1,350,000 450,000 750,000	267,066 223,770	44,000 30,000	4 3 34	102 103	
D. B. MACLENNAN, Q.C., J. W. LIDDELL.	Canada Lande Canada Perm.	ed Credit Co Loan & Savings Co	50 50	1,500,000 3,5 )0,000	663,990 2,300,000		3 4 6	110 112 131 2073	27.50 103.87
	Dominion Sav Farmers Loan	ings & Loan Co 7. & Inv. Society 1 & Savings Company	50 50	750,000 1,000,000 1,057,250	833,121	141,000 159,000 100,786	4 34 34		60 50
MACLABEN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & Shepley,	Hamilton Pro	n & Savings Company vident & Loan Soc Loan & Savings Co		1,876,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	1,100,000	450,000 135,000 417,000	5	169 121	16300 121.00
Barristers, Solicitors, &c.,	Huron & Lam Imperial Loan	bton Loan & Savs. Co n & Investment Co	50 100	350,000 629,850	235,550 625,000	42,000 96,400	4 31	1174 1154	117.50
Union: Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street, TORONTO.	Land Security London & Car	ing & Loan Co 7 Co 1. Loan & Agency Co	25 50	700,000 498,+50 4,000,000	230,000 560,000	<b>50,000</b> <b>130,000</b> <b>290,000</b>		214 15)	 79.50
J MACLAREN J. H. MACDONALD W. M. MERHITT G. F. SHEPLBY	London & Ont	Co L. Inv. Co estment Assoc	50 100 100	660,700 2,250,000 400,000	464,620 450,000 100,000	49,775 90,000 3,000	3) 3) 4		
I L. GEEDES W. E. MIDDLETON	Manitoba Loa Montreal Loa	n Company n & Mortgage ()o orth-West Loan Co	100	1,250,000 500,000 1,250,000	312,031 412,433	94,000 100,000	43	······ ·····	·····
THOMSON, HENDERSON & BELL, Barristers, Solicitors, &c.	National Inve Ontario Indus	trial Loan & Inv. Co trial Loan & Inv. Co	100 100	1,700,000 479,800	425,000 235,135	<b>30,00</b> 0 <b>28,00</b> 0	3 <del>]</del> 3 3 <del>]</del>	····· ····	
OFFICES-BANK BRITISH NORTH AMERICA BDGS. 4 Wellington Street East, TOKONTO.	Ontario Loan Ontario Loan	& Debenture Co & Savings Co., Oshawa		9,665,600 9,000,000 900,000	1,200,000 300,000	500,000 300,000 65,000	4 4 33	117 118 120 125	117.50 60.00
D. E. THOMSON. DAVID HENDERSON, GEO. BELL WALTER MACDONALD.	Real Estate L	& Deposit Co can & Debenture Co Savings Co	50 50 50	500,000 800,000 500,000	477,209	74,000 5,000 53,000	35 35  4	115 116	57.50 
Begistered Cable Address-" Therson," Toronto.	Union Loan &	Savings Co da Loan & Savings Co	. 50	1,000,000 9,500,000	600,000	200,000 650,000	4	189	94.50
G. G. S. LINDSEY,	MISC	ELLANEOUS.							
Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor.	Canada Cottor	-West Land Co n Co graph Co.	\$100	<b>\$2,000,000</b>	£1,500,000 \$2,000,000		 	593 61 823 89	82.50
TOBONTO.	New City Gas N. S. Sugar Re	Co., Montreal	40 500	2.000,000	2,000,000	••••••••• •••••••	<b>4</b> 6	93 94 925‡ 223 110	\$7.20 90.10 550.00
NODTIEDN	Toronto Const	, Halifax 1mers' Gas Co. (old)	100 50	1,000.000	1,000,000	••••••	3 5	92) 197 193	92 50 93 50
NORTHERN		SURANCE COMPAN		<b></b>		RAILW	7A¥8.	ral Val	ue Feb 19
Assurance Company,	BNGLISH-	-(Quotations on Londo	1		Canada I	and St. La acific		1 10	
OF LONDON, ENG.	No. Last		par val. Amount,	Last Sale.	Grand Tr	unk ordin	Bist Mice	k 10	
Branch Office for Canada;	Shares. dend	. j		Feb. 12	do. do. do.	First pre Second n	is, 2nd cl ference. ref. stoci	narge 10	. 123 0 744
1724 Notre Dame St, Montreal, INCOME AND FUNDS (1885).	90,000 ×	Briton M.& G. Life.	10 <b>£1</b>		đo.	stern ordi	ef. stock nary sto		0 28 <b>3</b> 0/
Subscribed Capital	50,000 15 100,000 90,000 5	C. Union F. L. & M. Fire Ins. Assoc Guardian	10 2	171 181 70 72	do. Midland f Northern	6 % pref. 6 % bond Stg. 1st mt	s, 1890 g. bonds	, 1908 10	105 100 100
Accumulated funds	12,000 89 150,000 10 35,862 90	Lancashire F. & L.	00 25 20 2	157 162 6 64	Toronto,	Grev & Br	uce 4 %	age 10	0 105 ° 0 104
Annual revenue from interest upon in- vested funds	10,000 10 74,080 8	London & Lan. L London & Lan. F	10 1 25 2	37 4 8 81	Wellingto	on. Grev &	Bruce 7	% 1st m	93
JAMES LOCKIE Inspector.	30,000 90 190,000 94	Liv.Lon.& G.F.& L. S. Northern F. & J 1 North Brit. & Mer	00 10 25 61	534 544 36 37		SECU	RITIES	l.	London Feb. 1 <b>2</b> .
ROBERT W. TYRE, MANAGER FOR CANADA.	6,792 51 900,000 9 100,000 413	Queen Fire & Life	50 50 10 1 20 3	283 298 91 31	Canadian Dominior	Govt. deb 5 % stock	, 5 % stg , 1903, of	Ry. loan	105
Jan. 1, 1867.	50,000 10,000	Scottien Imp.F.&L.	10 <b>1</b> 50 <b>19</b>		do.	4% uo.	1904, D, / 1904 94	6, 8	104
BOLD MEDAL PARIS, 1876.	10,000 8	CANADIAN. Brit. Amer. F. & M. &		Feb 24	do. do.	Corporat do.	ion, 5%, 5%,	1874 1909	105 103 105
	9,500 15 5,000 10 5,000 10	Confederation Life	00 50		do.			er Works De	
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.	5,000 5 9,000 10	Quebes Fire	20 15	160	DIS Bank Bill	COUNT 8. 3 month			on, Feb., 28.
Sold by all Stationers throughout the World.	2,000 10 0,000 9	Queen City Fire	50 95 40 90		Trade Bill	6 do.	••••••••		
		·	:		đọ.	6 фо.	*******		



MONTREAL, DETROIT, CHICAGO

All the Principal Points in Canada and the United States.

IT IS POSITIVELY THE

**ENAL From TORONTO** 

Running the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Parlor Cars.

SPEED, SAFETY, CIVILITY. Toronto to Chicago in 14 Hours.

Best and Quickest Route to MANITOBA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and the PACIFIC COAST.

FOR FARES, Time Tables, Tickets and general Depot, City Ticket Offices, corner King and Yonge. and 20 York Street, or to any of the Company's Agents.

JOSEPH HICKSON,

WM. EDGAR, General Manager. General Passenger Agent.

# Dominion Line.

Sarnia 3,850 Ton	. Oregon 3,850 To	one			
- Uronto 3.300 "	Montres.1 3,300	"			
Dominion 3 300 "		"			
41188188inni 9.600 "		"			
Vancouver. 5,700 "		**			
LIVERPOOL SERVICE:					

DATES OF SAILING :

From Portland. From Halifax. \*OREGON .......Thurs., 17th Feb....Sat., 19th Feb. \*BAKNIA.......Thurs., 17th M'ch ...Sat., 19th M'ch \*OREGON .....Tiurs., 31st M'ch ...Sat., 19th M'ch \*VANCOUVER...Thurs., 31st M'ch ...Sat., 2nd Apr. \*SARNIA........Thurs., 28th Apr.....Sat., 30th Apr.

Bristol Service or Avonmouth Dock.

# ALLAN LIND ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. Winter Arrangement. 1887. 1887. LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, PORTLAND &

HADIFAA MAID ULIVIULI					
STEAMER.	FROM PORTLAND.				
Serdinian	Thur., Dec. 2nd	Sat.	Pec. 4th		
Polynesian	Thur., "Isth Thur., "Isth Thur., "Soth	Sat.	Dec. 18th		
Peruvien		Sat	Jan. 1st		
Polynesian		Sat.	_" 29th		
Demision	Thur Feb 10th	Sat.	Feb. 12th		

Polynesian	Thur.	- 14 - 1	27th	Sat.	••	zaru	
Demleiem	Thur H	ren			rep.	12011	
Sardinian	mbar .		Ath	Sat.	4.	26th	Ι.
Sardinian	.Tuur,	i		Cat	Max	10.h	Ľ
Polynesian	.Thur., N	1er.	10,00		mar.		Ł
Deviator	Thur		2450			TO ST 1	
landinian.	Thue /	n <b>r</b> .	710		AUI.	PLLL	
Polynesian	(When a	- <u>P</u>	01et	Sat.	a	23rd	
Polynesian	.Thur.,	-	2100	i) at	Maw	7th	
Parisian	.Thur., A	4 <b>8</b> y,	otD		шау	1 914	

RATES OF PASSAGE.—Cabin \$50, \$65, and \$75. Return \$100, \$13; and \$15]. Intermediate \$30. Return \$60. Steerage at lowest rates. The Steamships of the Allan Line come direct to the wharves of the Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Nailways at Halifar and at Portland, and passengers are forwarded on by special trains to Montreal and the West. The last train connecting at Portland with the Mail Steamers, sailing from that Port on the Thura-day, leaves Toronto on the Wednesday morning. The last train connecting with the Mail Steamers

The last train connecting with the Mail Steamers at Halifar leaves Toronto on the Thursday morning. For tickets and every information, apply to

' H. BOURLIER,

Corner King and Yonge Streets, Toronto

# EUROPEAN MARKETS.

# LIVERPOOL, 23rd Feb.

Spring wheat, 7s. 4d. to 7s. 5d.; red winter, 7s. 3d. to 7s. 5d.; No. 1 Cal., 7s. 7d. to 7s. 9d.; corn, 4s. 51d.; pess, 5s. 4d.; pork, 66s.; lard, 36s. 3d.; bacon, long clear, 37s.; short clear, 38s.; tallow, 24s. 6d.; cheese, 64s. 6d. Wheat, firm, fair demand; offering sparingly; corn, steady; fair demand.

LONDON, 22nd Feb. Beerbohm's report says: Floating cargoes —Wheat, slow; maize, nil. Cargoes on pass-age—Wheat, very little demand; maize, rather easier. Mark lane—English and foreign wheat quiet; American and Danube maize quiet; English and American tiour, quiet. London-No. 2 red winter wheat, shipment present and following month, steamer, 34s., was 34s. 3d.; do., prompt, 84s. was 34s. 3d.

# TORONTO PRICES CURRENT. (CONTINUED.

## er. fn

Gewar vielmeerth . mehoreou				
Clear pine, 11 in. or over per M	.836	00	38	00
Pickings, 11 in. or over	. 28	00	28	00
Clear & pickings, 1 in	. 25	00	28	00
Do. do. 11 and over	83	00	35	00
Flooring, 11 & 14 iu			16	ÔŬ
Dressing			16	00
Ship. culls stks & sidgs			13	00
Joists and Scantling			18	ÔÔ
Clapboards, dressed			ōŏ	ÕÖ
Shingles XXX, 16 in.	2	5)		60
Shingles, XXX, 16 in	. ī	40	ī	60
Lath	. ī	75	11	85
Spruce	. 1Õ	00	18	
Hemlock			- fi	
Temaraa			-17	ñ

# Hard Woods- WM. M. B. W.

Birch, No. 1 and 2		617	00	90	00
Menle "				18	00
Cherry. "		60	00	85	õõ.
Ash, white, "			õõ	28	
the block fi	••••••			18	
UIBCK,	**********************************		00		
Elm, soft "	•••••••••		00	- 14	00
" rock "		18	00	00	00
Oak, white, No. 1 a	nd 2	25	00	- 30	00
" red or grey "		18	00	20	00
Balm of Gilead, No	. 1 & 2	13	00	15	00
Chestnut	**	25	00	- 30	00
Walnut, 1 in. No. 14	\$ 2	85	00	100	00
Butternut "		40	00	50	00
Hickory, No. 1 & 2		28	00	- 00	00
Basswood "		16	00	18	00
Whitewood, "	*******	35	00	40	00

## Fuel. &cc.

Coal, Hard, Egg	6 25	0 00
' 'Stove	6 50	
" " Nut	6 50	0,0
" Soft Blossburg	6 00	000
" " Briartuil best	6 00	0 00
Wood Hard, best uncut	5 50	6 00
" " 2nd quality, uncut	5 0	55)
" " cut and split	5 50	
" Pine. uncut	4 00	00 0
" " out and split	5 00	) Ö.00
" " Blabs	8 00	4 00

# Hay and Straw.

Hay, Loose New, Timothy	818	00	15	00
Clover Hay	9	00	12	00
Straw, bundled oat	8	00	10	50
" 10080	6	00	- 8	00
Baled Hay, first-class	11	00	19	
" " second-class	9	υO	9	50

# LIVERPOOL PRICES.

# Feb. 24th, 1887.

D

Per Bush

	<b>B</b> .
Wheat Sming	7
Wheat, Spring	Ż
H White	00
VV 11160	
Corn	4
Pess	5
Lard	36
Pork	66
Bacon, long clear	87
" short clear	35
Tallow	24
Cheese	Â.

# CHICAGO PRICES.

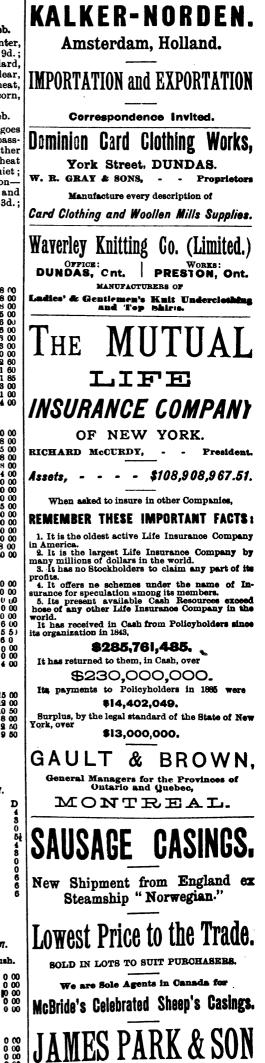
By Telegraph, Feb. 24th, 1887.

Breadstuffs.

Wheat, No. 2 Spring, spot	72 <u>1</u> 7.41	
Corn Mar	<b>3</b> 3	1
Oatscash Barleycash	233	

Eleg	Pre	ducts

Mess Pork	5	<b>95</b>
Lard, tierces	7	00
Short Ribs		
		00
Bacon, long clear	0	00
" short clear	0	00



TORONTO.

THE MONETARY TIMES.



by Stephen Myers and his two sons, Sam. S

dinna kick ye." The creditors roared, the

petitioner sat down, and the business of the

meeting proceeded in the manner usual on

such occasions.

AND

Myers and [Close Myers, under the firm name 18 Bartholomew Close, London, England. of S. Myers & Sons.

### THE MONETARY TIMES.





Among the failures this week in Ontario is that of Osborne Bros., boot and shoe dealers. London. About ten days ago one of the firm sold the business for about \$5,000 cash to Ashplant & Tanton. The recipient of this money has not been seen in Canada many hours after the completion of the transaction. An assignment of the book debts was made to a local creditor the day of the sale. The firm's liabilities are about \$5,000

WM. GREENE is another Toronto boot and shoe dealer who has assigned to Donaldon, & Milne. It is expected that a favorable settlement | will be made.----Charles Mawson a speculative builder in Toronto is in trouble, and has also assigned to Messrs. Donaldson & Milne. His real estate is heavily mortgaged.----A firm of plumbers in Toronto Jessamine & Foley, has met creditors. No particulars of what is sought by the firm are furnished as yet.

Quite a group of watchmakers and jewellers in trouble may be noticed this week. A Toronto jewellery firm, T. W. Hastings & Co., finds the sheriff in possession at the instance of a local creditor.----The jewellery stock of Chas. Dietrich, also of Toronto, is advertised to be sold.---Another small jewel er in St. Thomas, named A. B. Remey, has assigned .-----The jewellery stock of Geo. Montgomery, Brantford, amounting to about \$2,100 is advertised for sale under power of chattel mortgage.

R. H. JAMIESON has been in business as a grocer in Toronto and Whitby; in the latter place many years. His venture here has not been satisfactory, and he is now offering creditors twenty cents in the dollar .--After several years experience in the tinware business in Jarvis, Lafayette Moblo has assigned. -Nearly five years ago Geo. A. Rollins began a small hardware business in Madoc. Although steady and careful he never made progress, and has now assigned.----The stock and book debts, amounting to \$6,300, of Sexsmith & Co., Napanee clothiers, who failed some weeks ago, are advertised to be sold next week.

For many years the name of Henry Mulholland was a prominent one in mercantile circles in Montreal. Word has been received since our last of his death at the age of seventy-eight. Deceased came to Canada in 1830 and engaged in the hardware line. Some years ago he retired from business. He was one of the founders of the City any District Savings Bank, of which he acted for over thirty years as director, he was also a director in the City Gas Company, and a director in the Sun Life Insurance Company. Mr. Mulholiand had been in delicate health for some months past from heart disease, but his abrupt death was hardly expected.

As in the case of roller skating, so in that of tobogganing, tho' to a less degree, the sudden craze of American people for it, has affected some branches of labor and of trade. We find the last issue of the North-West Lumberman saying: "The toboggan oraze has made a demand for a good deal of saw mill product. It does not require as much stuff in the construction of a slide as one might imagine-about 7,000 feet—but the great number of slides which have gone up make the aggregates large. It is expected, too, that more slides will be built next winter than were built this, The stuff used is principally dimension wood and planks." It is true that the demand for tobogganing facilities has made no such draft on the lumbermen as did the skating rink craze, for, to satisfy the latter, dimension, boards, flooring, shingles, sash and doors were required. The building of rinks also gave a good deal of work to carpenters. The cost of building a toboggan slide, 40 feet high and 175 feet long, ought not to exceed \$225 for material and labor.

# BUSINESS IN ELECTION WEEK.

THE political excitement has run so very high during the past week, that trade in both city and country has been comparatively neglected, and in a good many cases travellers have returned home, finding it next to impossible to get customers to talk business or look at samples. "I have not taken in two dollars this forenoon," said a large grocer in a western city, at noon on Tuesday last. Now, however, that the battle is over, matters will assume their normal phase. Our Montreal correspondent writes that there is every expectation of a fairly satisfactory spring trade being done in that city. The heavy storm of a week or so ago has not been without its effect upon business in Ontario as well as in Quebec, and remittances generally are not up to the mark. Failures, however, are not numerous, in the country, though our summary columns show a pretty round number of small traders in difficulty in Toronto. This may be because the enterprise of would be shop-keepers is in excess even of the growth of the place.

# ANSWERS TO ENQUIRERS.

BANKEB .- Will write you.

G. R. C .- Shall consider the point. The banking statement for January only reached us yesterday, too late for this issue.

ENQUIRER, Guelph.-That question has already been answered. Doubtless the superintendent knows the condition of things.

# STOCKS IN MONTREAL.

<u>.</u>	М	ONTRI	EAL, FO	eb. 23	rd, 18	87.
Stocks.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Average 85.
Montreal Ontario Peoples Molsons Jac. Cartier Merchants Commerce Union Montreal Telxd Rich. & Ont City Passenger. Gas. C. Pacific R. R. N. W. Land.	249 <sub>1</sub> 118 100 150 216 <sub>1</sub> 92 134 124 <u>3</u> 92 96 65 <u>3</u> 300 226 <u>3</u> 64 60	243 1161 90 141 213 75 1304 123 93 64 255 2221 61 50	1544 30 85 325 796 932 200 1028 80 1935 2910	2474 118 993 150 214 92 133 1234 92 93 65 300 225 64	247 1174 98 1424 213 1324 123 	2081 111 125 1941 70 120 125 1171 601 1293 1951 64 761

# DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

The annual general meeting of the share-The annual general meeting of the share-holders of this company was held at the head office, Toronto, on February 9th, 1887. Mr. Thos. Swinyard, the president of the company, having been called to the chair, and Mr. F. Roper appointed secretary, the notice sum-moning the meeting was read, and the min-utes of the last annual general meeting were confirmed. confirmed.

The following report of the directors for the year was then read :---

# REPORT.

REPORT. 1. As at the last annual meeting, so again the directors are happy to report that the com-pany's relations with the lessees, the Western Union Telegraph Company, continue in every way satisfactory, and that all arrangements existing for the working and maintenance of the company's lines and plant in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick by the lessees, and also the lines and plant of the company west of New Brunswick, sub-let by the lessees to the Great North Western Tele-graph Company, are being carried out in good faith. 2. During the past year the company has, as heretofore, duly received quarterly in ad-vance from the lessees the guaranteed interest

of six per cent per annum upon the \$1,000,000 share capital of the company, and also the guaranteed interest upon the £60,000 sterling six per cent bonds of the company. These moneys have been promptly and regularly disbursed by the directors to the share and bondholders respectively.

3. The following statement shows the general financial position of the company at the close of the year, December 31, 1886:---

# Liabilities.

Capital stock paid up ......\$1,000,000 00 £60,000 sterling mortgage bonds (to be redeemed by the lessees in 1886 202 000 00

Dividends unclaimed Dividend No. 42, payable Janu-	1,129	
ary 15, 1887	15,000	00

\$1,308,129 18

Balance at credit of profit and	,308,129	18
loss account	3,022	36

Assets.	
Capital expenditure\$1,	281.819 47
Bonds of the Toronto, Grev &	,
Bruce Railway Company and	
interest thereon.	1,596 23
Outstanding account due by Do.	-,
minion Government	1,000 00
Mortgage receivable, and interest	-,000 00
thereon	1 000 00

4,968 00 21,767 84 Cash in bank and on hand.....

\$1,311,151 54

Respectfully submitted, THOS. SWINYARD, President. F. ROPER, Secretary.

Toronto, Feb. 9, 1887.

Mr. Swinyard, in addressing the meeting, said: My duties to day are both light and pleasant. Light because I have simply to ask you to approve and adopt the report for the year 1886 just submitted to you; and pleasant because every feature in that report is satisfactory. It is true, it is very brief, but it publishes the fact that the guaranteed quarterly dividends at the rate of six per cent per annum have been regularly paid by the lesses and distributed amongst the shareholders. I may add, too, for your further satisfaction, that we have always had on hand when such dividends have been distributed the next quarter's rent in advance, lying at our credit at the bank, as provided in our agreement with the lessees, the Western Union Telegraph Company, our relations with whom, and also with their sub-lessees, the Great North Western Telegraph Company, who rent from them our lines lying Company, who rent from them our lines lying west of the Province of New Brunswick, con-tinue most cordial. It may not be out of place to also mention that our lessees, the Western Union, hold stock in our company to the ex-tent of 5,766 shares, being over one-fourth of the capital stock of the company.

Satisfaction having been expressed by Mr. George W. Lewis, Mr. Arthur B. Lee, Pro-fessor Goldwin Smith and others, with the report of the directors and the remarks of the chairman, Mr. Swinyard moved, seconded by Mr. A. T. Fulton, that the report be adopted,

which resolution was unanimously carried. A vote of thanks to the president and direc-tors of the company for their services during the past year was proposed and carried unanimously.

Messrs. Henry Pellatt and George D. Perry were then appointed scrutineers to conduct the election of directors for the ensuing year; which resulted in the unanimous re-election of

which resulted in the unanimous re-election of the following gentlemen: Thos. Swinyard, Esq., Hon. Wm. Cayley, H. R. Northrop, Esq., Gen. Thos. T. Eckert, Hon. Frank Smith, Erastus Wiman, Esq., Alex. T. Fulton, Esq., and Chas. A. Tinker, Esq.; and also the election of Mr. A. G. Ram-Esq.; and also the election of Mr. A. G. Ram-say, of Hamilton, President of the Canada Life Assurance Company, in place of Mr. Sheriff Waddell, of Cobourg, retired. On motion of Mr. A. T. Fulton, seconded by Mr. H. Pellatt, a vote of thanks was tendered to the chairman for his services in presiding

to the chairman for his services in presiding over the meeting, which was duly acknow ledged

At a subsequent meeting of the newly elected board Mr. Swinyard was re-appointed presi-dent, and Mr. Cayley, vice-president of the company.

F. ROPER, Secretary. Toronto, Feb. 9, 1887.

The undersigned have this day (February 1st)

formed a partnership under the style and firm of

Woollen Merchants.

and immediately opposite his former place of business.

above Bank of British North America.

- -

DIRECTORS.

WYLD, GRASETT & DI

Capıtal, -

For PURITY, FLAVOR,

FREDERICK WYLD. ARTHUR W. GRASETT. ANDREW DARLING.

\$300,000.

GOODS

Wyld, Grasett & Darl

WHOLESALE

--- The officials have moved into their quar-NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP ters in the new Custom House building in Hamilton.

-The shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Co. held their annual meeting some days ago. Mr. E. C. Pease was re-elected pre-sident and general manager and Wm. Hoy, secretary-treasurer.

-On Saturday last, the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co. held its annual meeting and adopted the report, 3,000 shares of the 1886 and 1887 issues of new stock had been hypothecated for \$420,000, used to reduce the company's floating debt. The old directors were re elected.

-A fuel famine still continues at Fort Benton, in Montana. Coal is \$60 a ton and is extremely difficult to obtain even at that price. Wood is scarce and is selling at a high figure. Cattle are suffering severely from cold. Something like a coal famine threatened in Halifax last week, by reason of striking miners.

-The report of the Guelph and Ontario Investment Society, of which Mr. Stirton is president, shows net earnings enough to pay seven per cent. dividend and add \$9,000 to Reserve, It has over \$980,000 on loans, of which sum \$758,000 consists of deposit aud debenture moneys. A resolution was carried, authorizing the issue of new stock to the ex-tent of \$200,000 tent of \$200,000.

tent of \$200,000. —The Guarantee Company of North Am-erica held its yearly meeting in Montreal some days ago. The financial statement showed the revenue of the year to have been \$252,303.51; assets, \$528,317; total resources, \$896,917; surplus as regards policyholders, \$393,860.47; total losses paid to date were \$489,047.27. There were bonds in force for \$26,179,000. The usual dividend of six per cent. for the year had been paid. The executive for the year is, President, Hon. James Ferrier; Vice-President, Sir Alexander T. Galt. Managing Director. and Ed. Rawlings,



We beg to inform our customers and the trade generally, that we are now occupying our

NEW PREMISES, 76 Wellington St. West.

We hope, before the close of the month, to have our new goods all in, and our representatives on the road offering special lines in

Sheffield, American and Canadian Goods.

We will devote special attention to the Iron, Steel and Heavy Goods department, with increased facil-ities for handling and storing, and buying direct from well-known English manufacturers, we are in a posi-tion at all times to quote the lowest possible price, and give all orders prompt attention.



-At the annual meeting of the Ottawa River Navigation Company a fairly satisfac-tory report was submitted. The following members of the old board were re-elected : President, Mr. R. W. Shepherd; vice-presi-dent, Mr. J. J. Gibb; directors-Messrs. H. W. Shepherd, G. W. Simpson and Richard Bolton Bolton.

-The Commercial Bank of Newfoundland recently declared a dividend for last half-year, at the rate of nine per cent. per annum. Its annual statement is said to show a prosperous annual statement is said to show a prosperous state of affairs. The bank was incorporated in 1858 with a paid up capital of £50,000. Dividends at 6 per cent were paid for the first few years : then 8, 9, and 10 per cent, and in 1884, 12 per cent, at which time there was a rest fund of £35,000. It was then decided at a special meeting of shareholders to increase the capital 50 per cent. by taking £25,000 from the rest fund for that purpo e. The capital is now £76,500, and the rest fund £20,000 stg.



TORONTO

987

TORONTO.

Correspondence invited.

THE MONETARY TIMES.



ESTABLISHED 1804. THE MONETARY TIMES	p a
AND TRADE REVIEW,	c b
With which has been incorporated the INTERCOLONIAL	a
JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, of Montreal, the TRADE REVIEW, of the same city (in 1870), and the	c
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# TORONTO, CAN., FRIDAY, FEB. 25, 1887

# THE SITUATION.

The House of Representatives at Washington has passed a bill vesting in the president the power practically to declare nonintercourse with Canada, should reasons, in his opinion, exist for doing so. The Senate has a bill of its own, which it may prefer to that of the House; and though some retaliatory bill is likely to pass before Congress adjourns, its precise form is uncertain. It will most likely contain a provision authorizing the seizure and forfeiture of foreign vessels found fishing within three miles of the American coast. To a provision of this kind no foreign nation would have a right to object. If the Americans regard the treaty of 1818 as too restrictive, the straight forward course would have been to say so, and to ask privileges of a commercial character for their vessels which that instrument does not grant, instead of setting up an untenable claim under an international arrangement of 1830. But in cases of this kind people too often plead a imaginary legal grounds for The arrangement of 1830, new claims. which gave the United States no privileges in British American ports, was evidently intended to be confined, in the West Indies where it was operative, to registered vessels, which alone of American craft engaged in the foreign trade. It is consoling to know, as Congressman Rice remarked, that the gasconading talk about war arising out of this dispute, is regarded by sober minded people as pure nonsense.

The British government is of opinion that the time has not yet come for making public the Canadian proposal regarding the fishery question. It could scarcely take any other shape than that of an ample measure of reciprocity. Whatever it is, England is understood to have accepted it. Some American critics object that, because the negotiations are not directly with Canada, there ought to be no delay in waiting for Canadian proposals. But it must be remembered that Canada is a deeply interested party, primarily so in fact. In all such negotiations, the colony chiefly interested is heard. Besides, Sir John Macdonald, with his facility of resource, is the fact that the Salisbury Government goods were to cease. The Archbishop will

perhaps as likely as any one to suggest an acceptable means of accommodation.

Newfoundland challenges anew the exercise of the Imperial veto on the bait bill by re-enacting the disallowed measure. In all fishery questions of this nature, the colony looks only to its local interests, and gnores the question of Imperial responsibility. She has often been permitted to have her own way; once after a treaty had been signed by France and England, the refusal of assent by the local legislature was allowed to have the effect of a veto on the agreement of the principals. The re-enactment of the disallowed bait law probably rests on this recollection. One effect of the disallowance has been to raise the question of the Newfoundlanders uniting their fortunes with Canada. There was a time when Canada would have welcomed such an acquisition, but we are not sure that it has not passed. It is not improbable that England would object to this union ; hitherto she has not favored and has probably been opposed to it. As a station for Imperial vessels, Newfoundland might, in certain eventualities, be of the utmost importance.

The Manitobans have been rejoicing over the intelligence from Ottawa that henceforth disallowance will cease. News of this kind, coming on the eve of an election, is to be distrusted, till corroborated. That the local legislature will be asked again to charter a railway to the southern frontier will be readily believed. The Manitoba Central is intended to connect with the Duluth and Manitoba, now under construction. A Winnipeg despatch says that from Hillsdale to Ashland the Northern Pacific will be utilized, and the Detroit Mackinac and Marquette and the Michigan Central roads to Port Huron, when connection will be made with the Grand Trunk. In this way, our two great railways would greatly extend their competition. It is said that this connection could be made by the 1st of July. If this were accomplished it would give the Grand Trunk a desired connection till it could extend its own line to Sault Ste. Marie. Meanwhile the Canadian Pacific has contracted for the extension of its Algoma branch to that point, getting in this respect the start of its rival. A legal contest is threatened over its right to make this extension.

It has been officially intimated that Eng. land does not intend to withdraw from Egypt so long as there is any fear that the Egyptian Government would be unable to maintain order. Nor does England propose to renounce her right to protect Egypt against external any more than against internal enemies. Sir James Ferguson, by whom the announcement was made, added that there was no foundation for the impression that the British Government looked upon the neutrality of Belgium as a precedent to be followed in case of Egypt. Does this mean that England intends to establish a protectorate over Egypt? That she has such an intention foreign diplomats at Cairo are said to have concluded from

supports that of Egypt in a decision which is regarded as being practically an assumption of authority for the act. Some negotiation of which Egypt is the object, is going on between Great Britain and the Porte : what the object is not, may in part be gathered from Sir James Ferguson's statement; what it is, can only be vaguely guessed by the light of that annonncement.

While the Ontario Government is laudably doing its best for college federation. Queen's University not only hangs back but attempts a movement in the opposite direction. Not only does Queen's refuse to federate, as she has a right to do if she thinks proper, but she wants a school of science established at Kingston, at the cost of the Province, practically for her benefit. The Government cannot, of course, at once advance and retreat; in undertaking to advance college federation, it pledges itself not to aid the cause of the separatists, and this new scheme of Queen's must come to naught. If there be any truth in the report that the McMaster Institute proposes to ask University powers, the loss of one college affiliated with Toronto University is to be feared. To grant this demand, if it were made, would be to reverse the declared policy of the Government. We want no more one-horse universities. To equip a university properly would require an endowment of many millions; and great and, in Ontario, unexampled as the liberality of Mr. McMaster has been, it is very doubtful that the millions would in this case, be forthcoming.

Two of the toll gates on the York roads, nearest the city, are shortly to go. Such is decree of the county council; a decree that comes late and is too limited in scope. The suggestion has been made that a general abolition of toll gates might be brought about by the local legislature, in imitation of what was done in England, when the support of the roads was thrown on a local rate. Under our municipal system, abolition should not depend upon the legislature; at least the time has not yet come for the intervention of the legislature. The time to abolish toll gates has come; and if it be not done voluntary within a reasonable period, it cannot be denied that the intervention of the legislature might become necessary. But it would, in every respect, be better for the county or township councils, as the case may be, to move in the matter without external compulsion. Now that the County of York has begun the work of abolition, it ought to go on to a finish. Other places might profitably follow the example of the metropolitan county.

Lord Cooper's commission has reported in favor of revising judicial rents every five years, extending the Land Act to leaseholders, and encouraging migration from congested districts. On these recommendations Sir Michael Hicks-Beach will found a bill. Meanwhile Archbishop Croke recommends the Irish people to cease paying taxes. This advice could not be followed unless the consumption of duty-paying den sol se formande de la secondaria de la Alternative de la secondaria de la secondari

probably be censured, at Rome, for th course he has taken; though it is difficult to say what view of this advice may be taken by an authority which reduces the German Septennate to a moral question, voting for which was to be binding on Catholics. While the Archbishop tries to paralyze the Government, by refusing it the sinews of war, Mr. Chamberlain amus s himself by drafting a new constitution for Ireland, after the Canadian pattern, in profound forgetfulness of the dissimilarity of the two cases. The Government, as a means of self-protection, lets it be understood that it contemplates the suppression of the National League, and will ask parliament to arm it with power to do so.

Again has the purchase of artillery horses, for the British service, been ordered to be made in Canada. The limit of price, £45 each, is an obstacle to these animals being procured in England; and as a previous trial of Canadian horses was satisfactory, resort is had to this country for a further supply.

A New York electrician has invented a machine by which instant and painless death can be produced, while the victim is sitting in a chair. He proposes to substitute this easy process for hanging. It is not quite plain why the greatest criminals should be the only persons in the world whose death should be rendered perfectly painless.

# THE OUTLOOK AFTER THE ELECTIONS.

As we anticipated, the tariff is not likely to undergo any change as a result of the elections, the depositories of power remain. ing unchanged. The seats of manufacturing industry have taken what they considered the most effective means of sustaining the National Policy, by strengthening the hands of its authors and chief supporters. This is what we pointed out as the probable result of the appeal to constituencies. In the rural constituencies of Ontario, other issues probably turned the scale; it was felt to be necessary that the vindication of the law in the execution of Riel should meet popular approval. In Quebec, sympathy for the culprit prevailed over every thing else. In Nova Scotia, there was the most important issue of all. That province has done well and wisely in pronouncing against secession, which its abettors know to be utterly unattainable, and that any attempt to realize it could only lead to disaster, which would fall with heaviest weight on Nova Scotia. If there is any honesty among politicians, the result of the election in that province, is the last word of Repeal. It is devoutly to be wished that this may prove to be so.

The chief remedy for the ills of Nova Scotia, as Mr. Jones has himself more than once virtually admitted, is economical. The fishery is her chief industry, and what she wants more than anything else is a sure and steady market for the product of her waters. This, Mr. Jones has shown, she can secure by changing the mode of curing

ments of European markets. If that were done, he forcibly pointed out, she could find a ready market for all the fish she has to dispose of. Large numbers of Nova Scotians go to New England to seek employment from Gloucester fishermen. They have not, it is to be presumed, the means to engage in t' e fishery on their own account. But does not this state of things afford exactly the opportunity which men of enterprise, with capital at their command, would be supposed naturally to seek? Why cannot Nova Scotians employ this labour in their own fisheries? Could men of means not extend the chief industry of the province, in this way, to their own advantage and that of the labor which now seeks employment in Gloucester? Given the market for the fish, which Mr. Jones points out as attainable, it is difficult to see why such an enterprise should not be successful. That there is plenty of capital available for the purpos, the amount of deposits in the Savings' banks sufficiently attests. Where does the fault lie? Is it due to a want of enterprise ? And if so, what is the cause of the apathy? These are questions which might well form the subject of a formal investigation. Unhappily it cannot be denied that, economically, Nova Scotia is more or less in an abnormal condition, the cause and the cure of which are well worthy of being sought out. To rely on political remedies is to rely on a broken reed; a fact which Nova Scotia seems at last to have come to realize. If so, her industria!, commercial and economical salvation is nigh at hand. The whole country is willing to cheer and assist her to recover lost ground, in any and every practicable way, if she will only be practical, and instead of dreaming and bewailing her lot, do what she can to turn her splendid resources to the best account.

Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia are exerting themselves wonderfully to work out their own destiny. On the whole, they have shown by their voice in the late contest, that they are satisfied with their condition and prospects, in which latter they include some definite means of ameliorating their lot. Quebec must now see that all men in this broad Dominion are equal before the law, and that the fact of being of French blood, while it brings no disadvantage, will not, on the other hand, suffice to save a criminal from his fate. The work of knitting together a confederation like ours, composed of such hetergeneous materials, is stupendous. The crisis seems to be past, though the labor of keeping the union in harmonious working order, will still tax the power of the strongest: the maintainance of the union is the first thing; subordinate to this are tariffs and all other questions of internal policy. The union has escapel a great danger; and the tariff is preserved, whatever may be the advantage of the achievement.

The relations between the Provinces and the Federal Government have in them nothing to cause serious anxiety. The lawsuit between Ontario and the Dominion will run its natural course, and the dispute about timber and minerals, in the northern

ance in Manitoba, in the matter on which it has been chiefly exercised, must cease before long. The land question, in that Province has been settled by compromise. The Half-breed claims in the North-West have been adjusted. British Columbia is in possession of the Pacific Railway, which formed one of the considerations of its coming into the Canadian union. It has been allowed to keep the Chinese at arms length, and just now has no grievance which finds audible utterance. In the East, the question of the Atlantic postal port will settle itself, in favor of the longest rail and the shortest water route; while freight will have a choice of many ports, and will fare best if left to the channels which it may prefer to select. Quebec and Prince Edward Island send majorities to the House of Commons opposed to the government; but in this there is nothing which is not at any time liable to occur. There is no question between Quebec and the Dominion with which legislation could deal. There is a question of boundary; but it is not probable that this will be found difficult to settle. Any territory which it is possible to bring into dispute is of exceedingly little value; and the settlement of the Ontario boundary dispute may aid remotely in the adjustment of this. In the wise resolution to which Nova Scotia has now come, Confederation has avoided a peril; and we see nothing in any other quarter to give cause for serious uneasiness.

# FIRE INSURANCE IN CANADA.

In this market, shares of the Western and British America fire insurance com panies have long been among the "active stocks." A heavy strain was for a time put upon the faith of shareholders and stock jobbers who held or desired to hold, shares in these Canadian companies. Losses were serious and dividends were reduced. A year ago, the shares of the British America were worth but two per cent. over par, and those of the Western stood at only about 128. At former periods they had run down to much lower figures, having both gone below par. Last year, about this time, a distinct change of investors' views took place when the annual reports of these companies were issued and it became known that they had made some money! This year the price of their shares has been generally advancing and the result of another twelve months' business shows that the position of both companies has been improved.

The premium revenues of the Western Assurance Co. for 1886, were nearly \$100,-000 better than in the previous year. While fire losses were less, those in marine were greater; the result of the year's business was a net profit of \$122,300 as compared with \$85,400 in the previous year. Seventy. five thousand dollars has been added to Reserve, which fund now stands at \$735,-000 after paying a dividend of ten per cent. The president was justified in saying in his address that this showing should be highly satisfactory, and that such results warrant the increase of capital recomher fish, so as to make it suit the require- part of the Province, will end, Disallow- decorated the Head office of the Western

is now one of the most convenient as well as most handsome premises on this continent. It has been deemed advisable to devote the whole four flats of the building to the purposes of the company; and even these appear to be none too large for its increasing transactions.

The Governor of the British America Assurance Co. takes credit to the board, as we think he may, for having put an end to the treaties with English companies under which no money was made for years, while heavy risk was run in far distant countries, with practically no control over the busi-The risks of the British ness done. America are now concentrated in the United States and Canada, and the system of general agencies controlling the business done in the former country is replaced, as a rule, by direct head office control. Notwithstanding severe losses in the marine branch, through storms on the lake and ocean, the business of the year 1886 has resulted in an addition of \$50,000 to assets and about \$55,000 to net surplus, which is now \$206.000

r An improvement is noticeable in the conditions under which fire underwriting is done in the United States, and the outlook for profit in that direction is good. The fire compact is working well in New York city, a board is organized in Philadelphia, and one is being formed, we understand, in Boston. Rates and methods are more satisfactory, commissions being in more sensible proportion and the advantages are not now so much in favor of the agents. As one Canadian manager puts it, "Board rates and regulations are such that it is now a pleasure to do business in the States.'

# PROPOSED LAND MORTGAGE COM-PANIES' ASSOCIATION.

It is proposed to form, in Ontario, a Land Mortgage Companies' Association. At meetings of loan companies, held in Toronto, a resolution was reached to invite the corporation of similar companies in other parts of the province. The initiative was taken by Mr. Herbert Mason, the veteran manager of the Canada Permanent Society. The circular inviting the co-operation of other companies instances certain legislative measures as specimens of others which may possibly be introduced, and against which it is necessary for loan companies to guard, to-wit: the Mechanics' Lien Act of Ontario, and the Dominion Act, "giving mortgagors the right to cancel their engagements, after five years, without any reciprocal right to Boards of underwriters, mortgagees." labor organizations and labor unions are mentioned as examples which loan + ocieties may profitably follow. The object of the proposed association will be to deal with the following objects: Any proposed or existing legislation affecting the rate of interest, the inviolability of private contracts, municipal taxation of loan companies, unregistered hire receipts upon machinery and other fixtures, and the relations of loan companies to banks and insurance companies. A meeting will take place on the 3rd March, in the building of the Canada Permanent Loan and Savings' Company,

is now one of the most convenient as well Toronto, to further the formation of the as most handsome premises on this continent. It has been deemed advisable to ciation.

# LOAN SOCIETIES' MEETINGS.

The Landed Banking and Loan Company, of Hamilton, is steadily adding to its Rest, year by year. The loans of this company have now reached a million and a quarter, and with \$188,000 more resources for lending added during the year, it has apparently no unused money. Although the ratio of earning is not high, it is under no stress to pay high dividends; so out of \$40,035 of net profits for 1886 it pays the usual six per cent. dividend and puts \$10,000 to Rest account. The repayments made to the company last year amounted to \$224,000 and its new loans to \$375,000.

Much is heard of the "boom" in real estate in Toronto, and truly prices of landed property in certain districts of this city have advanced in a remarkable degree since the summer of 1886. Not all the figures that we hear quoted represent solid value, and indeed something like a craze seems to possess people as to the prospective value of land here and there. But the rapid growth of the city, and the demand for houses are facts; and transactions in plenty, based on these sensible grounds, have resulted in profit. In this connection we observe that the Ontario Industrial Loan and Investment Co., whose profits on real estate in 1885 were nearly \$14,000. has shown earnings last year of nearly \$59 000, a large amount of real estate having been sold at a profit. The land now held by the company is valued at \$398,000, which includes the Yonge St. Arcade, and the aggregate of its loans is \$127,000 as against \$96,000 a year ago. The paid capital of the company has been increased to \$275,000 and out of last year's operations \$32,000 has been added to Reserve.

The reference to diminished opportunities for profitable lending, in the report for 1885 of the Home Savings' and Loan Co., appears to have found confirmation in the experience of that company during last year, for its earnings were smaller than before, although more capital was in hand for use. Mortgage rates ruled low, and by reason of the abundance of money offering for loans on collaterals, lower rates had to be taken for these. Still the net earnings sufficed to pay seven per cent. on the paid capital, add \$6,000 to Reserve and \$2,000 to Contingent account. The lock-up which occasioned, in 1884, the increase of the account last named, is not yet entirely removed, but there is reason to think that no call need be made on Reserve because of it. Nearly all the allotment of new stock has been taken by previous shareholders. The market now looks favorable for improved earnings in the current year.

"form a convenient method of borrowing money at reasonable rates without expense &c." Upon this we would remark that, in view of the limitations to companies' borrowing powers, it may not always be desirable to encourage borrowing by shareholders on the security of their stock. The company appears to have had a satisfactory year.

# LONDON MASONIC MUTUAL.

The fifteenth annual meeting of the Masonic Mutual Benefit Association, was held at the Masonic Temple in London, Ont., on the 9th instant. There was a good attendance of members, and an earnest consideration of the position of the society with a view to prolonging its usefulness, now apparently nearly at an end. Increasing assessments and a decreasing membership, with scarcely an eddy or a ripple to stay the downward course, certainly does call for some "courage and persistent effort " on the part of those at the helm, and probably more wisdom than they possess, to keep the vessel from dissolution on the breakers.

The following is the secretary's report as to new members coming in and old ones dropping out :---

"The Reserve Fund has increased this year \$4,743.77, and now represents \$54,743.77 safely invested. This fund is considered one of the mainstays of the Association, as no other Mutual of the same membership can shew so large a reserve."

From this it will be seen that while 90 new members were induced to come in, 160 who had been in a short time, and gained experience, concluded to step out. In doing so they brought out with them their experience, in exchange for the admission fees, assessments, and interest in the reserve fund, left behind. And we presume they are satisfied with what experience they have had, or they would have remained longer and enjoyed more.

The officers seem to place considerable reliance upon a reserve fund of \$54,748.77 because it is, as they say, the largest held by any "Mutual of the same membership." Of course they do not mean mutual life insurance companies, for some of the oldest mutuals have about \$900 per member, while this society has but \$41.66 per member. The whole \$54,748.77 would not cover two years' death losses, if the society's income were cut off by a pretty general refusal, on the part of the healthier members, to pay further heavy assessments. The

reserve of an ordinary insurance society of the same age would provide for from ten to twenty years' claims. The society is to be highly commended for the formation of the fund, inadequate as it is, and we are pleased to notice that it has been increased the past year by nearly ten per cent. It ought to have been begun ten years earlier, so that by this time at least one-half the current claims could be borne out of the interest upon it. This would have relieved the members from a good part of the heavy assessments they are now obliged to shoulder. They had their pie at the commencement of the feast, and therefore cannot have it now. They had their summertime first, and forgot the duty of laying up a provision equal to the stark winter by which they are now beset. They built a city of canvas instead of costlier and better material, and no wonder that 160 out of the 1,401, in one short year, "fold their tents like the Arabs, and as silently steal away." They did just as other men do who find things turning out differently from what they expected, and a crash coming. They withdrew, upon the terms agreed upon at the start, as they had a right to do; and the diminishing number left behind cannot complain of the burden falling more heavily upon them in consequence.

It is all part and parcel of the assessment system, which always ends in that way. Have we not been reading of other rising assessment enterprises, which have already figured the amount saved to their members away up to millions of dollars, as compared to what they would have paid, during the same few years, for durable insurance? The pie, the sunshine and the canvas tent now-the hard tack, the frosts of winter, and the bitter regret in the future. Little use then to bewail the lack of the solid foundation which ought to have been laid at the beginning. Builders can prop up an ordinary structure and put the needed foundation beneath, but this cannot be done when it is already going to pieces. When the veed of patching becomes apparent to the public eye, in insurance, it is then too late to apply any effective remedy. Again and again has this been found the case, not only as to assessments, but in the case of regular insurance companies as well. Instance the old Provincial Fire Insurance Co., and the Toronto Life, both now nearly forgotten, and more recently the Briton Medical, and the Charter Oak, all of which outlived their usefulness many years, and were patched up for a season to no purpose. Assessment instances are now numbered by the thousand, and their disappointed vic tims by scores of thousands, all over the continent. And still the cheap societies come into being, and with a little variation run their course and disappear, leaving ruined hopes, uninsurable lives and poverty in their track. It is a pity that the good name of the Masonic, Temperance, Odd Fellows, and other durable and estimable benevolent societies should be tarnished by being so closely associated with them as they sometimes are.

The following gives a summary of the membership, deaths, and net cost per \$1,000, apart from expenses, for fifteen years past, of the

LONDON MASONIC MUTUAL BENEFIT. Average Year. M. mbers. 1872-3...1,740 No. of Deaths. Costing By ariods \$1.000 Pe pe 14 \$ 8.04 \$ 8 04 1874.....1,960 16 8.10) 1875.....2,250 26 11.50 10.80 1876.....1,944 25 12.80 1877.....1.697 12.30 21 1878.....1,602 20 12.40 10.83 1879.....1,555 12 7.80 1880 .... 1.475 97 18.31 1881.....1,446 20 13.80 15.80 1882.....1,447 20 13.80 1883.....1,492 26 17.40 1884.....1,484 21 14.15 1885.....1.436 17.41 26 18.10 1886.....1,352 27 20.00 1887.....1,304 20.70 20.70

The figures opposite 1887 give the actual present membership, while those above give the average of each year. Assuming the deaths to be 27 in 1887, the figures \$20.70 indicate the net cost upon 1,304 members, to which must be added expenses and reserve fund contributions. This \$20.70 is about three times the average mortuary experience of regular companies of the same age

# DRY GOODS NOTES.

The annual meeting of the New Brunswick cotton mills, Wm. Parks & Son (limited), was held at the company's office, in St. John on the 16th inst. The affairs of the company were found in a gratifying condition and a six per cent. dividend was ordered. The mill has 11,500 spindles and 250 looms, and ran forty-nine weeks in 1886, earning a net profit of 10%, of which 6% was divided. Number of hands employed 325, wages paid \$80,000. The old board of directors was re-elected as follows : John H. Parks, Thomas Maclellan, C. W. Weldon, Thomas McAvity, jr., and E. B. Ketchum. It was voted to purchase from Thos. Maclellan and the English syndicate, the St.John cotton mills which will begin operations in a very short time. Mr. Bramhall, the new manager, and some experienced workmen, are coming from England.

The French trade returns for 1885, published a few weeks ago, show a large increase in the export of wool from France to England -2,500,000 kilos, against 1,300,000 kilos in 1881. The export of merinoes rose in the same period from 2,800,000 kilos to 5,100,000 kilos, and that of woollen stuffs from 2,300,000 kilos to 3,200,000 kilos. A kilogramme equals 21-5th pounds.

It is claimed that the problem of parifying the water from wool-washing works, and the utilization of the solid residue, has been satisfactorily solved at the works of Delaterre Brothers, at Dorignies. From a communication made to the Societe d'Encouragement by M. Aime Girard, Industries learns that the apparatus there set up is capable of treating 2,000 tons of water a day. Each litre of water yields about 31 grammes of a residue composed of several substances capable of being utilized, viz., a manure very efficacious in the culture of the strawberry, and a fatty substance, called "suintine," that may be used in the manufacture of dipped matches, certain kinds of soap, or as grease for lubricating purposes.

In the south of Scotland, at the first of the month, owing to continued firmness in the price of wool the confidence of buyers had been greatly restored. Hence manufacturers in this district were getting orders for next season more freely confirmed. "The advance in price is not nearly so difficult to get, buyers evidently realizing that if they do not give the R. & O. N. Co.; Mm. Labelle and Forget, con-

higher price may have to be given." Yarns and wool maintained a very firm tone.

According to Messrs. Godfrey Drake & Sons' Annual Review of Huddersfield manufactures, the past year has been an eventful one in the woollen trade. "The extraordinary fluctuations in the value of wools has tended to increase the temporary demand for goods of all kinds, in order to protect the merchant and the retailer against advanced prices, and so we have in consequence a very large business to report. How far, however, such increase is merely a forestalling of the usual demand, and how far such goods have gone into consumption, we cannot learn until the trade of the new year sets fairly in."

# MONTREAL BOARD OF TRADE.

At the meeting of the Montreal Board of Trade, held on the 15th inst., twenty-four new members were admitted. Acting under the the provisions of the inspection law, the council then appointed the following boards of examiners for the ensuing year, ending February, 1888 :---

Flour and meal-Messrs. John Brodie, A. E. Gagnon, O. M. Gould, H. Labelle and Jas. S. Norris.

Grain — Messrs. Hugh McLennan, John Ogilvie, Robert Peddie, A. G. McBean and S. St. Onge.

Beef and pork-Messrs. H. Labelle, Peter Laing, W: Masterman, M. T. McGrail and D. J. Rees.

Butter-Messrs. A. McK. Cowie, M. Hannan, John McKergow, Thos. Shaw and Geo. Wait.

Fish and oil – Messrs. John Baird, L. Brault, R. Fairbanks, John B. McLea and T. S. Vipond.

Ashes-Messrs. Chas. H. Cunningham, H. Dobell, Jas. C. Sinton. James E. Kirkpatrick and D. T. Tees.

Hides and leather-Messrs. C. R. Black, A. Keroack, James Linton, B. Shaw and J. C. Holden.

# COMMITTEES OF LA CHAMBRE DE COMMERCE.

We find in the columns of the Moniteur de Commerce, which, as we have said, is named the official organ of that body, a list of the committees chosen by the council of "La Chambre de Commerce du District de Mont-These gentlemen were named at the real." first council meeting of the new body, on the 9th instant and have power to add to their n'umber :—

BANKING AND FINANCE .--- The following bank presidents: Messrs. Grenier, of la Banque du Peuple; Desjardins, of la Banque Jacques Cartier; Weir, of la Banque Ville Marie; St. Charles, of la Banque d'Hochelaga. The following bank cashiers : Bousquet, la Banque du Peuple : DeMartigny, la Banque Jacques Cartier; Vallee, la Banque Nationale; Parent, la Banque d'Hochelaga; Garaud, la Banque Ville Marie. Mr. L. Forget, broker.

COMMERCE AND THE TARIFF.--Senator Thibaudeau; M. Tasse, M.P., editor of La Minerve; M. Dansereau, editor of La Presse ; M. Girard, grain dealer; M. Tourville, exporter of woods and grains; M. Frechon, secy. of the Chamber.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.-J. M. Fortier, tobacco manufacturer; M. Beauchemin, stationer; Boivin, grocer; Lanctot, Olivier, Cadieux; Beulac, importers of merchandise.

TRANSPORTATION .- L. A. Senecal, president present prices and delay ordering, that a nected with the same company, and M. Boi-

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vin, agent for la Compagnie General Transatlantique.

MANUFACTURES .-- Mm. Grenier, of the Hudon Cotton Co.; Joseph Barsalou, soap manufacturer; J. Pelletier, shoes; Simard, frames Fortier, cigars; Rousseau, bridges; Leduc, calico; Savignac, furnaces; Lefebvie, vinegar

WINES AND GROCERIES .--- J. M. Dufresne, of Dufresne & Mongenais, importers; Telmosse, of Gaucher & Telmosse; Hudon, Quintal, Chas. Lacaille, T. Gauthier, Senecal.

IRON AND HARDWARE. - M. Dansereau, of the firm Thos. Wilson & Co.; L. H. Hebert, G. Fabre, Lacroix of Heney & Lacroix; Mailloux, Provost, Piche, Letang, Surveyer, Lacoster Goudron.

FANCY GOODS.-M. Leclaire, of F. & J. Leclaire & Co., P. P. Martin; Dupuis, Boisseau, Perrault, Racine, F. X. Moiseau; Deschamps and Lefort.

WOOD, wrought or unwrought .--- M. Davelny, Crown Lands Agent; Belanger, farniture maker; Louis Tourville, Damase Pariseau.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS .-- F. D. Shallow, of Le Moniteur de Commerce; Auguste Girard; Daveluy, Crown Lands Agent; Beulac and Boivin, importers.

BUILDING TRADES .- M. Allard, president of the Contractors' Association ; Lapierre, secretary of ditto; Chartrand, builder; St. Louis, of St. Louis Brothers.

FIRE, MARINE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSUR-ANCE.-Senator Thibaudeau, vice-prest. Royal Canadian ; Arthur Gagnon, insurance agent ; Bosse, inspector of la compagnie Mutuelle, Daveluy, agent of la "Royale d' Ecosse;' Belcourt, director of la compagnie Canadienne.

We learn further that Mr. J. W. Parent has been elected secretary, and the banker of the Chamber is la Banque du Peuple.

HALIFAX BANKING COMPANY .--- We gather from the profit and loss account that this bank's earnings for 1886 were \$45,306. Dividend, at six per cent., absorbed \$30,000 and after writing \$1,000 off bank premises and placing \$15,000 to Reserve, making it \$70,000, there remained about the same amount to carry forward as in the previous year. The bank has deposits amounting to \$1,330,000 and a circulation of \$420,000. The capital is half a million. Specie and Dominion Notes on hand at close of year were \$105,600 which, with other immediately available assets, made a sum of \$278,365. Its current discounts stood at \$1,661,000; cash credits, loans and bonds at \$430,000. Total assets, \$2,432,000.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIMAX .--- The statement of this bank for the year ended 31st January has been published. Its net profits for the year, on a capital of \$600,000 and with \$430,-000 deposits, were \$37,428 and it had carried over \$9,000 from the previous year. Thirty thousand was paid as dividend, \$5,000 placed to Reserve, making that account \$40,000 and \$11,500 carried forward. The circulation is placed at \$139,500, the discounts at \$933,000. It holds \$109,851 in Dominion Notes, and \$37,876 in specie.

WELLINGTON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE Co.has become usual to expect a satisfactory report from this old and carefully conducted company. Its business for 1885 is well maintained, even increased indeed some \$300,000 over 1885 and the losses are less than for several years. The change made, in assessing premium notes in advance, is working well, and the rate continues, as it has been for the last twelve years, with one exception, six per

cent. We quote as below from its comparative statement for last year: Amount insured \$3,516,054. Amount of premium notes, \$388,-858-an increase of \$41,473 over 1875. Losses for the year, by twenty-five fires \$13,837, ranging in extent from \$8.29 to \$2,710.00. These figures show a decided growth from 1886, when the total insured was under a million and the aggregate of premium notes was a little over \$100.000.

-Year by year the Agricultural Insurance Company, of Watertown, continues toadd to its resources. By the business of 1886, for example, it has added \$75,000 to the surplus, which now amounts to \$230,682 over all liabilities, and the total admitted assets reach \$1,886,911. The good character of the business done last year may be judged from the fact that with premium receipts of \$733,000, the losses were only \$392,000 or less than fiftyfour per cent. The dividend to shareholders, \$50,000 was paid out of interest receipts, which amounted for the year to \$76,624. Such a showing as that from which we take these figures must add to the confidence with which this old company is regarded. We find that the Canadian business showed receipts of \$82,204 and expenditures \$69,584, a margin to the good, therefore, of nearly sixteen per cent.

-The Liverpool Journal of Commerce of February 4th, understands that the war of rates for the passenger traffic which has existed between the British and continental lines is practically at an end. Last year there were conveyed nearly 40,000 more foreigners than during the present year; yet this was done at little or no profit. The only Continental line which has not joined the pool will, it is confidently expected, do so at once.

-A meeting of the shareholders of La Banque de St. Hyacinthe was held on the 15th inst., the number of directors was reduced from nine to seven, and the following gentlemen were elected to the board :--G. C. Dessaulles, M. E. Bernier, J. Nault, A. Migneault, J. R. Brillon, C. St. Jacques, J. B. Brosseau.

# Correspondence.

# NEWFOUNDLAND.

To the Editor of the Monetary Times.

SIR,-Do you consider your article on New-foundland, in your issue of 18th Feb., a fair Are you aware that on the preservation of the bait fishes depends the inshore cod fishery? Are not our fellow colonists entitled to regulate the catch and prohibit the export of bait? Are you aware that the French com-pete with Newfoundlanders in the markets of Europe with fish, protected by a bounty of about two dollars per qtl.? You say it is open to Newfoundlanders to imitate this course. Are you aware that their (the Newfoundland-ers') catch of cod is from one and one quarter to one and one half million qtls. per year? It would tax the resources of a much richer coun-try than Newfoundland to find three millions of dollars to pay away annually in bounties.

As to my fellow countrymen being very valiant, the same blood runs in their veins as in other British colonists', and an appeal for their rights implies no more bearding of the French, than similar acts on the part of Canadians do towards the Americans.

Right or wrong, the first act on the meeting of the House of Assembly, was the repairing of said bait bill, ordinary rules of procedure being suspended. Yours truly, JOHN B. McLEA.

Montreal, 21st Feb., 1887.

# Meetings.

# WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The thirty-sixth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Western Assurance Com-pany was held at its offices in this city yester-

day. The president, A. M. Smith, Esq., occupied the chair, and the managing director having been appointed to act as secretary, read the following:

## REPORT.

The directors have pleasure in being able to eport to the shareholders that the business of the company for the past year has been fairly profitable in all its branches.

A synopsis of the accounts for the year, together with the Profit and Loss account and statement of Assets and Liabilities on the 31st December last, is submitted herewith.

The revenue account shows a net premium income of \$1,385,084.49, being an increase of \$70,625.15 over that of the preceding year; and after providing for all losses incurred the profit balance on the year's' transactions amounts to \$122,325.70.

Two half-yearly dividends at the rate of ten per cent. per annum were declared, and after payment of these, \$75,000 is carried to the Reserve Fund and >5,391.50 remains at the credit of Profit and Loss account.

The total surplus funds of the company now amount to \$740,391.50. Deducting from this the amount necessary to re-insure or run of all current risks, estimated at \$504,654.85, a net surplus of \$255,736.65 is shown over and above capital and all existing liabilities.

The increase of the capital stock to \$1,000,-000, authorized at the special meeting of share-holders on the 26th of February last, was carried out by the issue of \$200,000 new stock, and the calls made upon this, amounting to fifty per cent., have been fully paid, making

the paid-up capital \$500,000. The directors have pleasure in acknowledg-ing the efficient services of the officers and agents of the company, to whose efforts are largely due the satisfactory results of the year's business which they are now enabled to present.

## REVENUE ACCOUNT.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.	
Fire premiums\$1,236,165 76 Marine premiums 356,760 43	\$1,592,926 19
Less re-assurance	207,841 70
1388 10-assulance	201,011 10
	\$1,385,084 49
Fire losses, including an approp- riation for all losses reported, to Dec. 31st, 1886	680,684 52
Marine Losses, including an ap- propriation for all losses re- ported to Dec. 31st, 1886 General expenses, agents com-	190,708 30
mission, and all other charges	428,520 76
Balance to Profit and Loss	122,325 70
	\$1,422,239 28
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	UNT.
Dividend paid July,	
1886 \$22,045 38 Dividend payable	
Jan., 1887 24,544 15	
	\$46,589 53
Sundry accounts written of	8,062 40
Carried to Reserve Fund	75,000 00 5,391 50
Balance	0,591 00
	\$130,043 43
Balance from last year	6,013 18
Premium on 143 shares new stock	1,704 55
Profit for the year	122,325 70
	\$130,043 43
Liabilities.	
Capital stock paid up	\$500,000 <b>00</b>
Lorgen under edinstment	94,118 75
Dividend payable January, 1887 Reserve Fund\$735,000 00 Balance Profit and	24,544 15
Loss 5,391 50	
	740,391 50
	\$1,359,054 40
Assets.	
Cash on hand and on deposit	\$188,127 91
Debentures	71,602 18
United States bonds	542,780 00
Dentifican of Canada stook	110 907 07

Dominion of Canada stock ....

119.387 25

Mortgages
Bills receivable
Interest due and accrued
Company's building
Re-assurance due from other
companies
Bank stocks
Loan and Investment Company stocks

Agents' balances and sundry 152.955 20 accounts.....

\$1,359,054 40

A. M. SMITH,

President. J. J. KENNY,

Managing Director Western Assurance Office

Toronto, February 12th, 1887.

# AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the President and Directors of the Western Assurance Company :-

GENTLEMEN, —We hereby certify to the cor-rectness of the books of the Company for the year euding 31st December, 1887, which we have audited, having examined the vouchers verifying the same and the above statements agree therewith.

# R. R. CATHRON, JOHN M. MARTIN, Auditors.

Toronto, Feb., 12th, 1887.

A CONTRACTOR OF STATES

In moving the adoption of the report the President said :

Gentlemen, it is with feelings of no ordinary satisfaction that I rise to move the adoption of the 36th annual report of the Western Asof the 36th annual report of the Western As-surance Company, which will be seconded by our vice-president. Our able and efficient managing director has laid before you a full statement of the company's affairs as they appeared on the books on the 31st December last, which I am sure must be very gratifying to the stockholders. Our business has steadily increased in volume, and has been profitable in all its branches, enabling us to declare two half-yearly dividends at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and writing off all known bad ann doubtful debts, we have added to our bad ann doubtful debts, we have added to our Reserve Fund the handsome sum of \$75,000. In addition, we have, during the year, allotted to you 5,000 shares of new stock at par, which at present market quotations is worth about 160, so that on the whole I think you will agree with me that we make a very satisfactory there is a first the results showing for the past year, and that the results of the business have fully justified the increase in the capital which the directors recommended in February last. For the present prosperous state of the company's affairs I feel that under a kind Providence we are largely indebted to the watchful care of our managing director and his able staff of superintendents, in-spectors, agents and other officers of the comany, both in our own country and the United pany, both in our own country and the Onlived States, who appear to have vied with each other in their endeavors to forward the com-

pany's interests. Mr. William Gooderham, vice-president, seconded the report, which was unanimously adopted, and a vote of thanks passed to the president, vice-president and directors for their services and attention to the interests of the pre Company. Messrs. Wm. Anderson and E. J. Holmes.

having been appointed scrutineers, the election of directors was proceeded with, which re-sulted in the unanimous re-election of the folsuited in the unanimous re-election of the fol-lowing gentlemen to serve during the ensuing year: -A. M. Smith, Esq., Wm. Gooderham, Esq., Hon. S. C. Wood, Robt Beaty, Esq., A. T. Fulton, Esq., Geo. A. Cox, Esq., Geo. Mc. Murrich, Esq., H. N. Baird, Esq., and J. J. Kanny, Esq.

Kenny, Esq. At a meeting of the board of Directors held subsequently, A. M. Smith, Esq., was re-elected president, and Wm. Gooderham, Esq., vice-president.

WELLINGTON MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.

The annual general meeting of the members The annual general meeting of the members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the county of Wellington, was held in the com-pany's office, Guelph, on the 8th of Feb'y, 1887, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of receiving the directors' report of its operations during the year, with the financial statement. It was moved and seconded that the Presi-dent take the chair, when the following docu-ments were read by the secretary.

ments were read by the secretary.

BEPORT.

17,150 00 49.370 78 The directors, in submitting to the mem-29 4.261 bers (at this the forty-sixth annual meeting of the company) their report, trust that it will 65.000 00

be found as satisfactory as any of those that have preceded it for the last thirty-five 22,619 79 62.500 00 years

During the year twenty-three fires occurred 63,400 00 (seven less than in 1885) in which the com-

(seven less than in 1885) in which the com-pany was interested as will appear by schedule annexed, showing losses to the amount of \$13,837.34 which for the most part were promptly paid when the proofs of loss furn-ished were satisfactory, and all were paid be-fore the end of the year but two which have here settled since been settled since. Of these claims, there were a number evi

Of these claims, there were a number of dently of incendiary origin, and in a greater number of instances than formerly. Great difficulty was experienced and considerable ex-pense incurred in obtaining anything like a fair statement of claim, and hence delay in settling of locater which the companies are generally of losses which the companies are generally blamed for, but which in reality is wholly owing to the parties not having proper books of account, (especially men in business) so as to ascertain what the loss really is and to

enable the company to make prompt payment. There have been 1,120 policies issued during the year, an increase over last year of 87, covering property to the amount of \$1.416,-854, being an increase of \$306,011 over last

Bills receivable...... Assessment in course of collection 1 007 99 2,578 11 Balance in hands of agents .. 330 38 Cash in treasurer's hands since deposited 683 02 Premium Notes...... 344,284 58

\$361.690 86

leaving as security for the insured, an amount of assets sufficient to convince all of the soundness and prosperous condition of this old established company. The change from a credit system to an as-

sessment in advance system, which has been going on for the past three years, will be com pleted on the 31st of January, 1887, and all that remains of the old method is the settling up of arrears and assessments which the retary will endeavor to do as soon as possible.

The directors have to express their due sense The directors have to express their due sense of the faithful efforts made by the agents to further the interests of the company and it only requires them to keep before their minds when insuring the moral standing of the party or parties and on no account (so far as their judgment will guide them) to over-insure. This being done, the continued prosperity of the company may be depended

on. The financial statement, with the auditors' report will be submitted and read, and we trust will be satisfactory to the members. Should any legislation take place this year affecting mutual insurance the new board

should be empowered to appoint one or two of their number to attend to it as well as to be present at the annual meeting of the Underwriters' Association of Ontario.

The year that has just passed has been a very fair one for this company, which shows a large increase in the amount insured and a li much under the average of losses, when the increased amount of insurance is taken into account.

The position of the company has not changed since its incorporation in 1840 in re-gard to its rating, viz.: taking eight times stock company's rates as a basis for the premium note, which gives such ample security to its members at no additional expenses. It can be seen by the tables annexed, that during the last forty years, this company's assess-ment has been less by 50 per cent. than stock ment has been less by 50 per cent, than stock companies charge on general risks; and dur-ing the last ten years it has saved its patrons over \$120,000 which they would have had to pay had they insured the same amount in stock companies.

The directors who retire from the board this

the last annual meeting are: James Goldie, Fred'k J. Chadwick and J. R. Wissler, but who are eligible for re-election,

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The report of the auditors is as follows: GENTLEMEN, --- Your auditors beg to report that they have carefully examined the books, accounts and vouchers of the company, to-gether with the secretary-treasurer's financial statement, for the year ending 31st Dec., 1886. all of which are correct. The balance in the Canadian Bank of Commerce to the credit of the company being \$12,806.78, and the cash in the hands of the treasurer amounting to at that date \$683.02, since deposited.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

# Thos. W. SAUNDERS, Auditors. D. A. MACKENZIE,

# Guelph, January 27th, 1887.

# RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

Receipts.	
Balance per last report	586 98
Carpenters' risks	50 42
Premium	9,003 34
Bills receivable	337 60
Agents' balances	
Interest	
Assessment	
Transferred policies	6 66
-	

# \$28.73 541

Disbursements.

Disourschiches.		
Premium	449	89
President	125	00
Directors	387	20
Auditors	24	00
Travelling expenses	104	05
Losses	11,520	00
Salaries	2,200	00
Charges	129	50
Stationery	342	80
Fire inspection		49
Postage	159	23
Commission	3,650	29
Bank of Commerce	8,019	23
Advertising	224	00
Cash on hand	683	02
Rent \$80; printing \$39.60; taxes		
\$12.66; government \$91.51; fuel		
and light \$48.94; D. Guthrie	•	
\$9.11; law expenses, &c., \$69.89	351	71
	\$28,735	41

# ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Dr.		
Agents' balances	330	38
Office furniture		30
Assessments	2,578	11
Bills receivable	1,007	99
Bank of Commerce	12,806	78
Cash on hand	683	02
	\$17,849	58
Cr.		
D. Guthrie	. 39	72

D. Guimino																		
Balance	••	••	••	••	•	•	• •	•	•	• •	•	•	•	• •	•	17,809	86	
															-	17.849	58	

# It was moved by Mr. Jas. Watt, seconded by Mr. David Allan, that the above reports, &c., be received and adopted, and that they b

printed as in previous years and distributed to the members. Carried. Mr. Jas. Goldie moved, seconded by Mr. Fred'k J. Chadwick, that Messrs. Jas. Watt

rreark J. Chadwick, that messes. Jas. Watt and Rutherford be appointed scrutineers for the election of directors to fill the place of those retiring. Carried. A ballot having been taken, the scrutineers reported Messes. James Goldie, Fred'k J.

Chadwick and J. R. Wissler duly elected. By-law No. 7 was then read and passed as follows:

## BY-LAW NO. 7.

The members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the County of Wellington in annual meeting assembled enact as follows: 'In cases where other insurance companies shall desire this company to assume part of any risk which such other companies may have taken it shall be lawful for the officers of this company to charge for such assumption of risk the same rates in premium notes and or have charged to the persons whom they have insured." Passed this 8th day of Feb-ruary, A. D. 1887.

The directors who retire from the board this year in accordance with the by-law passed at remuneration of directors.

Cr.

There was submitted for the consideration of the meeting the issuing of policies for a shorter date than three years, but after being discussed this was laid over for further consideration.

٠.

It was moved by Mr. John Harris, seconded by Mr. James Watt, that Messrs. Thos. W. Saunders and Alexander McKenzie be audi-tors for the ensuing year, and that they be paid \$20 each, and audit the books every six months.

Votes of thanks were passed to the directors and agents for their attention to the interests of the company during the past year and the meeting adjourned.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Fred'k W. Stone and George Randall, Esquires, were elected president and vice-president, respectively, for the year. Guelph, 8th Feb., 1887.

# LANDED BANKING AND LOAN COM-PANY.

The tenth annual meeting of the shareholdwas held in the company's offices, Canada Life building, Hamilton, at noon on the 16th inst. The president, Mr. M. Leggat, was in the chair.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, which were adopted, the president presented the tenth annual

REPORT.

The directors of the Landed Banking and Loan Company beg to submit herewith their Loan Company beg to submit herewith their tenth annual report, showing the results of the company's operations for the year ended 31st December, 1886, accompanied by the usual financial statements, duly audited. The net profits for the year, after defraying the expenses of manage-ment, payment of municipal taxes, providing for all interest charges, and meeting all losses realized during the year, amount to ......<sup>4</sup>10,035 88 To which add the balance brought forward from the previous year... 259 51

Making a total of......\$40,295 39 This amount has been appropriated as fol-

lows, viz: Two half-yearly dividends paid at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum \$29,938 14

# \$40.295 39

Though low rates of interest have prevailed during the year, with keen competition for loans, the company's business has steadily increased in every department, and your directors have been able to pay the usual half-yearly divi-dends to the shareholders and add \$10,000 to the reserve, which now stands at \$60,000. Re-

payments by borrowers have been satisfactory. New loans were accepted to the extent of \$393,800, of which \$375,668 was disbursed to 31st December; the repayments on loans amounted to \$224,974.80, making the net cash value of the company's securities at the close of the year \$1,247,185.89, an increase over the

of the year \$1,247,185.89, an increase over the previous year of \$221,520.33. The liabilities to the public for savings' bank deposits increased \$59,886.89, and for currency debentures \$66,600; the receipts from share-holders on account of capital stock were \$61,-571.45, together making a total addition to the working capital of the company of \$188,058.34, affording evidence of continued confidence in

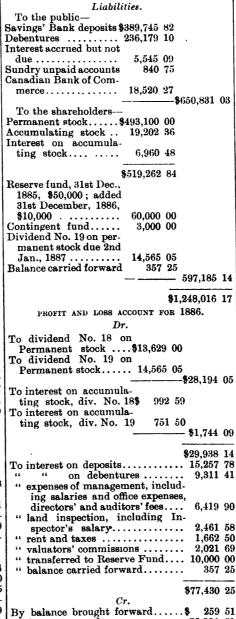
working capital of the company of \$188,058.34, affording evidence of continued confidence in the stability of the company. The system of inspection by our own inspec-tor of all properties offered as security to the company continues to be pursued. The securities of the company have been carefully examined by one of your directors. The treasurer and other officers of the com-

carefully examined by one of your directors. The treasurer and other officers of the com-pany have continued to discharge their respec-tive duties to the satisfaction of your directors. All of which is respectfully submitted. MATTHEW LEGGAT,

# President.

Hamilton, 11th February, 1887. GENERAL BALANCE SHEET, 31st DECEMBER, 1886. Dr

	1
	ľ
89	ŀ
28	
	1
	89 28



	balance brought forward		
	interest earned	76,884	61
"	sundries	286	13
			•

# \$77.430 25 SAMUEL SLATER, Treasurer.

We, the undersigned, have audited the books of the Landed Banking and Loan Company for the year ending 31st December, 1886, and certify that the foregoing statements are in conformity therewith. We have also examined the securities held

by the company, and found them correctly set forth in the Securities' Book. W. F. FINDLAY, WM. MARSHALL, Hamilton, 11th February, 1887.

It was moved by Mr. M. Leggat, president, conded by Mr. John Waldie, vice-president, That the annual report and final statement be adopted.

In making the motion, Mr. Leggat congratulated the shareholders on the success which the company had met with during the past year, as shown by the report. The business had steadily extended and increased in volume. While it was very gratifying that all the money at the disposal of the company was employed in loans, it was also true that the prevailing low rates of interest, consequent upon the abundance of money, had the tend-ency of keeping down the company's dividends, which, but for this, might have been expected to have increased as the business grew. How-ever, by availing themselves of the cheap state of the market they had been enabled to obtain money on very favorable terms. He was glad to be able to state that the interest on loans had been paid by borrowers with commendable promptness, and that the property securities were good. In referring to the financial state-ment, he said the securities were carefully examined by the directors, and in cases where \$1,248,016 17 properties were on hand the value had been

written down to a figure which was considered the market value of the securities, and lest there should be any shrinkage beyond their expectations the contingent fund had been kept at \$3,000, which was ample to cover all contingent losses which might occur. This state of business he considered to be an evi-dence that the public had confidence in the company and in the manner in which the affairs were being managed. Mr. John Waldie, in seconding the motion,

Mr. John Waldie, in seconding the motion, said he was glad to see the success with which the company was meeting. It was very satis-factory to know that the securities held on loans were good, and that the interest was promptly paid. In estimating the amount of security held, the company had, in cases of property which was in the least doubtful, placed the value at a figure which could be realized at an actual sale. realized at an actual sale. The motion to adopt was carried unani-

mously. Mr. W. Carey moved, seconded by Mr. Hugh

Moore, Dundas, the election of the following named gentlemen as directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. Samuel Barker, R. Æ. Kennedy, M. Leggat, J. J. Mason, Dennis Moore, Henry McLaren, John Waldie. Carried.

The auditors also received a vote of thanks, and were re-appointed for the ensuing year with compensation of \$125 each. Mr. Waldie with compensation of \$125 each. Mr. Waldie explained that the compensation of the audi-tors was increased because business had grown so much that it was necessary for them to de-vote much more time to the work, and it was desirous that the audit should be thoroughly made. He referred also to the large growth of the Savings' Bank department and the extra mark it cause the auditors. The motion was work it gave the auditors. The motion was adopted. Mr. Marshall returned thanks to the share-

holders for the expression of thanks which Mr. James Watson, moved, seconded by Mr.

John Eastwood, "That the thanks of the shareholders are

"That the thanks of the shareholders are due to the president, vice-president and direc-tors of the company for their careful manage-ment of the company's affairs during the past year, and that the usual sum be placed to the oredit of the board for fees during the current year." car." Carried nem. con. The officers also received a vote of thanks.

The meeting then adjourned.

At a meeting of the board of directors, held immediately afterwards, Mr. Leggat was re-elected president, and Mr. John Waldie, vicepresident.

# HOME SAVINGS & LOAN CO., (LIMITED.)

The eighth annual general meeting of the shareholders was held in the company's offices, No. 72 Church street, Toronto, on Thursday, February 17th, 1887, at 3 o'clock p.m. The president, the Hon. Frank Smith, oc-cupied the chair; and the manager, Mr. James Mason acted as secreta<sup>E</sup>y

Mason, acted as secretary. The secretary read the notice calling the meeting. The minutes of the last annual general meeting, held 18th February, 1886, were, npon motion to that effect, taken as read, and more conferred. and were confirmed.

The secretary then read the annual report and financial statement.

# REPORT.

The directors herewith submit their eighth annual report, with the accompanying finan-cial statement, shewing the result of the com-pany's business for the year ended 31st December, 1886, and its position on that day. Rates of interest on loans on collaterals ruled

low during the year, in consequence of the abundance of money offering for this class of securities. The same condition of things ex-

securities. The same condition of things ex-isted, although to a lesser extent, with respect to mortgage loans. After paying and providing for two half-yearly dividends at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and paying all expenses, including salaries, printing, advertising commissions of per annum, and paying all expenses, including salaries, printing, advertising, commissions on loans, directors' and auditors' fees, there re-mained a balance of \$8,816.73. This balance was disposed of as follows: \$6,000 added to the Reserve Fund, \$2,000 to Contingent Ac-count, \$700 written off Preliminary Expenses, being balance of that account, and the remain-der \$116.73, placed at credit Profit and Loss Account. The Reserve Fund now stands at \$55,000 and the Contingent Account at \$32,000 \$56,000, and the Contingent Account at \$32,000

The Contingent Account was not disturbed during the year—except by the addition of \$2,000—the extent to which this account will require to be applied for the purposes mentioned in the last two annual reports not having yet been ascertained.

The increase in the deposits held by the company having rendered necessary an increase in the subscribed capital, the directors, on the 1st of December last, passed a by-law authorizing the issue of 5,000 new shares, to be allotted to the shareholders in the proportion of one new share for every two shares, as held on the 5th of January, 1887, subject to a first call of ten per cent., and at a premium of twenty per cent. This allottment has been made and the new stock all taken up. A comparatively small number of shares were not taken by shareholders entitled to them, and were al-lotted to others desirous of taking the stock applications have been received by the directors for a very much larger number than were at their disposal. The deposits held now amount to 1,493,771.87, a gratifying proof of public confidence in the company. The mortgage loans shew a small increase

These loans are in a satisfactory shape. All of which is respectfully submitted.

FRANK SMITH,

TORONTO, Feb. 7th, 1887. President.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES. 31st december, 1886.

# Assets.

Loans on collaterals of stocks, bonds and debentures mort-		
gage loans	\$1,229,108	35
Mortgage loans	314,155	
Municipal and other debentures	69,597	44
Real estate-office premises	15,600	00
Cash in bank\$63,369 47		
Cash on hand 3,774 93		
	\$67,144	40
Office furniture	1,854	63
Sundry accounts	160	50

Liabilittes

Liuvillies.		
Capital stock subscribed, \$1,000,- 000, * upon which has been		• •
paid 10%, amounting to	\$ 100,000	00
Due depositors, including In-		
terest added 31st Dec., 1886	1,493,771	87
Due mortgagors, not yet paid		
over, retained for various pur-		
poses	9,732	50
Dividerd payable 3rd Jan., 1887	3,500	
Directors compensation	2,500	00
Reserve fund, as on		
<b>31st</b> Dec., 1885 \$50,000 00		
Reserve fund, added		
31st Dec., 1886 6,000 00		
	\$56,000	00
Contingent account,	<b>\$00,000</b>	00
as on 31st Dec., '85 \$30,000 00		
Contingent account,		
added 31st Dec.,'86 2,000 00		
	\$32,000	00
Balance, Profit and Boss Acct.	116	
	110	10

\$1,697,621 19 \*Since the close of the year, the Subscribed Cap-ital has been increased to \$1,50,000, and a first call of 10 per cent. made on the additional \$500,600.

# PROFIT AND LOSS. Dr.

Intcrest paid and credited de-		
positors	\$49,984	91
Expenses of management, in-		
cluding commissions on loans	9,993	91
Auditors' fees	600	
Directors' compensation	2,500	
Dividend paid 2nd		
July, 1886 \$3,500 00		
Dividend payable 3rd		
January, 1887 3,500 00		
	\$7,000	00
Balance preliminary expenses	-	
written off	700	00
Added to Reserve Fund	6,000	00
Added to Consingent Account	2,000	00
Balance	116	73
	\$78,895	55
C <b>r</b> .		
Gross earnings for the year	\$78,823	41

Balance Profit and Loss Account last year.....

\$78.895 55

JAMES MASON, Manager.

Toronto, 7th February, 1887.

We hereby certify that we have examined the Books and Accounts of the Home Savings and Loan Company, Limited, for the year ended 31st December, 1886, and find the above statements correct

We have also examined the Vouchers and Securities, and found them all correct and in accordance with the above Statements.

H. JOSEPH, ANGUS D. MACDONELL, Auditors To the President and Directors of the Home Savings and Loan Company, (Limited).

The adoption of the report was moved by the president, seconded by the vice-president, Mr. Eugene O'Keefe, and carried. It was then moved by Mr. James J. Fox, and seconded by Mr. James Gunn, that the

by-law No. 50, just adopted by the directors on the 1st December, authorizing the issue and allotment of five thousand new shares of the stock of the company, be, and is hereby confirmed. Carried. Moved by Mr. T. R. Wood, seconded by Mr.

John R. Mason, that the thanks of the shareholders be and are hereby tendered to the pre-sident, vice-president and directors, for their during the past year. Carried. Moved by Mr. M. O'Connor, seconded by Mr. C. C. Baines, that the thanks of the share-

holders are due and are hereby given to the manager and other officers of the company, for the efficient manner in which they performed their respective duties during the year. Carried.

On motion of Mr. E. O'Keefe, seconded by Mr. A . Foy, Messrs. Henry Joseph and Angus

Mr. A. Foy, Messrs. Henry Joseph and Angus D. Macdonell were chosen auditors of the company for the ensuing year; each to be paid the sum of \$300 for their services. Moved by Mr. John Fox, seconded by Mr. P. J. Nealon, That the poll be now opened for the election of Directors, and that the same be closed whenever five minutes shall have 40 elapsed wishout a vote having been tendered; and that Mestrs. C. C. Baius and Augustine Foy be the scrutineers to take the vote; and \$1.697.621 19 that they report the result to this meeting. Carried. 100,000 00

The election was then proceeded with, the result of the ballot being the unanimous re-493.771 87

election of all the retiring directors, as follows: Hon. Frank Smith, and Messrs. Eugene O'Keefe, Patrick Hughes, W. T. Kiely and 9.732 59 John Foy 3,500 00

A vote of thanks was next tendered the Hon 2,500 00 Frank Smith, for his conduct in the chair; the motion being made by Mr. W. T. Kiely and seconded by Mr. P. Hughes, with Mr. T. R. Woood in the chair. The meeting then adjourned. \$56,000 00

At a meeting of the new board, held imme

diately after the close of the above, the Hon. Frank Smith was re-elected president, and Mr. Eugene O'Keefe re-elected vice-presideni of the company.

# PEOPLE'S LOAN AND DEPOSIT COM PANY.

The twelfth annual meeting of the shareholders in this company was held at the com-pany's office, 29 Adelaide Street east, Toronto, at 2 o'clock, p.m., on Monday, 14th February, 1887.

984 91

993 91 600 00 500 00

000 000

1887.
There were present, Messrs. Wm. Elliott,
John Aikins, R. Dunbar, Dr. J. Carlyle, F.
W. Walker, Geo. Gamble, Alex. Smith, John
Ellston, Jos. C. Patton, A. Wills, E. J. Hobson, Geo. B. Sweetnam, Ed. Gallow, Wm.
Crocker, W. G. Cassels, B. Saunders, Dr. M.
H. Aikins, J. Y. Reid, James Scott. John E.
Itall, S. W. Black, J. B. Sorley, C. H. Fuller,
H. C. Stevens, Jas. Watson, and others. The
president in the chair.
The manager read the circular and advertisement convening the meeting. The minutes
of the last annual meeting were read and
adopted. The secretary then read the financial report, as follows :--700 00 000 00 000 00 116 73 al report, as follows :-

# REPORT.

1. Your directors present for the information of the shareholders of the People's Loan and Deposit Compa y the balance sheet and profit and loss account, showing the business of the past year, and also the customary triennial tabulated comparative statement of the company \$78,823 41 72 14 items interesting to members of the company

showing a satisfactory increase in every item.

	1875.	1881.		1886.
Capital paid up				10007
Dec. 31st	83,049	\$ 480,310	8	564,580
Average of cap-		,	-	001,000
ital for year	45.000	460.377		510,344
Deposits on Dec.	,	100,077		010,011
31st	8,108	418,544		560,672
Debentures		6,000		43,300
Amount of loans		0,000		10,000
made	108,858	469.898		384,602
Repayment of	-00,000	100,000		001,004
loans	26,495	237,637		337,928
Amount under	-0,100	201,001		001,020
loan Dec. 31st	88,262	1.014.682	1	,238,264
Amount of re-	,	-,0-1,002	-	,,201
serve fund	518	32 000		09 000

2. The stockholders are aware by circular forwarded to them in September last, that \$100,000 of new stock was issued at a premium of ten per cent. This has all been taken up by the stockholders, and as you will see by the annual statement herewith, three-fifths of the stock was paid by the end of the year, and a still larger proportion of the premium. Since the end of the year \$8,934.46 more has been paid up. The chief reason for this new issue was that deposits, which are a source of profit was that deposits, which are a source of profit to the company, had frequently to be declined because the limit allowed by law was reached, that limit being the amount of paid-up stock. The number of stockholders of the company now is 295 (being sixteen more than last year), holding on an average \$1,914 each.

3. You are all aware of the lowering of the rates of interest on loans. Notwithstanding your board has, by diligent attention, kept money employed at the best rates obtainable, and has been able to earn the customary dividend of seven per cent., and to add to Reserve the profit on new stock and \$10,000 from current profits of the year, making in all \$18,000 and an additional sum of \$10,000 the

170m current profits of the year, making in all \$18,000, and an additional sum of \$2,740 to the contingent fund, making it \$6,403. 4. The supply of money during the year has been abundant, sometimes too much so; for stockholders well know that it is unprofitable to have money unemployed. At the same time believing that money are always to more than the sum of the believing that money can always be profitably invested, the company is prepared to issue debentures for \$200 and upwards, running two years or longer at as good a rate of interest as any similar institution, security for the pay-ment of which is undoubted. The stockholders are reminded that the money of the company may be loaned on the security of its stock. This affords a convenient method of borrowing money at reasonable rates without expense, and at the same time giving the company the best of security. 5. The employees continue to discharge

their duties in a perfectly satisfactory manner.

The auditors' statement is subjoined. 6. Knowing that the shareholders of the company are intelligent on matters of finance both as to the past and to the probabilities of the future, your directors will not occupy your time with an expression of their opinion on those points.

7. In accordance with by-law all the direct ors retire, but are eligible for re election.

All of which is respectfully submitted. WILLIAM ELLIOT, President.

TORONTO, February 14th, 1887. BALANCE SHEET.

### Accete

Amount loaned\$1,212,212 90         Real estate		iets.			
Real estate       26,051 99         Office furniture       360 00         Cash on hand       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26         Itabilities.       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26         Itabilities.       900 00         Dec. 31, 1886.       564,580 15         Capital stock       \$ 564,580 15         Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00       92,000 00         " 1886 18,000 00       92,000 00         Contingent fund 5,162 45       92,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00       92,000 10         \$ 33,662 45       Appropriated from profits 1886 2,740 72         Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26	Dec. 31, 1886.				
Real estate       26,051 99         Office furniture       360 00         Cash on hand       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26         Itabilities.       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26         Itabilities.       900 00         Dec. 31, 1886.       564,580 15         Capital stock       \$ 564,580 15         Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00       92,000 00         " 1886 18,000 00       92,000 00         Contingent fund 5,162 45       92,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00       92,000 10         \$ 33,662 45       Appropriated from profits 1886 2,740 72         Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26	Amount loaned\$1.2	12.212	90		
Office furniture       \$1,238,264 89         Cash on hand       360 00         Cash on hand       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26         \$1,286,728 15       Liabilities.         Dec. 31, 1886       \$ 564,580 15         Capital stock       \$ 564,580 15         Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00       92,000 00         " 1886 18,000 00       92,000 00         Contingent fund 5,162 45       92,000 00         Lees directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00       \$3,662 45         Appropriated f r o m profits 1886	Real estate	26 051	00		
Office furniture       360 00         Cash on hand       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26         \$1,286,728 15       \$1,286,728 15         Liabilities.       \$564,580 15         Capital stock		#U,UUI		1 000 00	
Cash on hand       900 00         Cash in banks       900 00         Cash in banks       47,203 26 $$1,286,728 15$ $$1,286,728 15$ Liabilities. $$1,286,728 15$ Dec. 31, 1886. $$564,580 15$ Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00 $$564,580 15$ Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00 $$2,000 00$ " 1886 18,000 00 $$2,000 00$ Contingent fund 5,162 45 $$2,000 00$ Less directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00 $$3,662 45$ Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72 $6,403 17$ Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26	06		- 1		
Cash in banks       47,203 26         \$1,286,728 15       \$1,286,728 15         Liabilities.       \$1,286,728 15         Dec. 31, 1886.       \$564,580 15         Capital stock       \$564,580 15         Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00       \$2,000 00         " 1886 18,000 00       \$2,000 00         Contingent fund 5,162 45       \$2,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00       \$2,000 00         \$3,662 45       \$45         Appropriated from profits 1886       \$6,403 17         Dividend on stock unpaid					
Inject 20         \$1,286,728 15         Liabilities.         Dec. 31, 1886.         Capital stock         S 564,580 15         Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00         " 1886				900	00 (
\$1,286,728       15         Liabilities.       Dec. 31, 1886.         Capital stock	Cash in banks			47.205	3 26
Liabilities. Dec. 31, 1886. Capital stock \$ 564,580 15 Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00 " " 1886 18,000 00 Contingent fund 5,162 45 Lees directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00 \$3,662 45 Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72 Dividend on stock un- paid 18,149 26					
Liabilities. Dec. 31, 1886. Capital stock \$ 564,580 15 Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00 " " 1886 18,000 00 Contingent fund 5,162 45 Lees directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00 \$3,662 45 Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72 Dividend on stock un- paid 18,149 26			•	1 986 799	2 15
Dec. 31, 1886.       \$ 564,580 15         Capital stock	Liabi	1441.00	,	1,200,720	10
Capital stock					
Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00       92,000 00         " 1886 18,000 00       92,000 00         Contingent fund 5,162 45       92,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00       \$3,662 45         Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72       6,403 17         Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26	Dec. 31, 1886.				
Reserve fund, 1885\$74,000 00       92,000 00         " 1886 18,000 00       92,000 00         Contingent fund 5,162 45       92,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees 1,500 00       \$3,662 45         Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72       6,403 17         Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26	Capital stock			564.580	) 15
"       1886       18,000 00       92,000 00         Contingent fund       5,162 45       92,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees       1,500 00       93,662 45         Appropriated from profits 1886       2,740 72       6,403 17         Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26       18,149 26	Reserve fund, 1885	874.000	00	,	
Contingent fund       5,162 45       92,000 00         Less directors' and auditors' fees       1,500 00         \$3,662 45       \$3,662 45         Appropriated f r o m profits 1886       2,740 72         Dividend on stock unpaid       18,149 26					
Contingent fund       5,162       45         Less directors' and auditors' fees       1,500       00         \$3,662       45         Appropriated f r o m profits       1886        2,740       72         Dividend on stock unpaid        18,149       26	10001111	40,000	~	00.000	
Less directors' and auditors' fees         1,500 00           \$3,662 45           Appropriated from profits 1886         2,740 72           Dividend on stock un- paid         6,403 17           18,149 26	Contingent fund	F 100		92,000	00 0
auditors' fees       1,500 00         \$3,662 45         Appropriated from         profits 1886         Dividend on stock unpaid         18,149 26		0,102	45		
\$3,662         45           Appropriated from profits         1886         2,740         72           Dividend on stock un- paid         6,403         17					
Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72         6,403 17           Dividend on stock un- paid	auditors' fees	1,500	00		
Appropriated f r o m profits 1886 2,740 72         6,403 17           Dividend on stock un- paid	-				
profits 1886		\$3.662	45		
profits 1886	Appropriated from				
Dividend on stock un- paid         6,403 17           18,149 26	profits 1886	9 740	79		
Dividend on stock un- paid 18,149 26	promb 1000	2,110	10	0.400	
paid 18,149 26	Distant and the starts of			6,408	5 17
	paid			18,149	) 26
			-		
Total liabilities to	Total liabilities to				
	shareholders			681.132	58
	Appropriated from profits 1886 Dividend on stock un- paid	\$3,662	45	•	
	BURLEUOIGELS			681.132	58

Deposits	.560,672	66		
Debentures	. 43,300	00	i .	
Interest on do				
Sundry accounts				
Total liabilities t public	0		605,595	57
			\$1,286,728	15
PROFIT AND	LOSS AC	cov	NT.	

Dr.

Dec. 31, 1886.		8
To interest on deposits\$26,120	79	2
" Do. Debentures 1,880	66	8
" Dividend No. 22 17,500	00	1
" Do. " 23 18,224	11	;
" Rents, salaries and current ex-		1
penses 5,743	14	L;
" Municipal taxes 566	44	h
" Furniture account, 10% 40	00	
" Commissions 144	68	
" Reserve fund		l
" Contingent fund 2,740	72	
\$90,960	54	
Cr.		l
Dec. 31, 1886.		ł

By	Premium on stock	82,445 8,515	54 00

\$90.960 54

We, the undersigned, beg to report that we have made the usual thorough examination of the books of the People's Loan and Deposit Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1886, and hereby certify that the above statements are strictly correct and in accordance with the same.

(Signed) JAS. BRUCE SORLEY, Auditors. Jos. C. PATTON. TORONTO, JANUARY 31st, 1887.

The president read and moved the adoption of the directors' report, which was seconded by Mr. Richard Dunbar, and carried unani mously.

It was moved by Mr. James Scott, seconded by Mr. J. Y. Reid, that the thanks of this meeting be tendered to the president, vice president, manager and officers for their valuable services in conducting the affairs of the company and prudent management of the same, and that twelve hundred dollars be granted to the board for their services during the past year, to be divided among them in such proportions as they shall agree mon among themselves. they shall agree upon among themselves. Ca ried.

Moved by Dr. J. Carlyle, seconded by Mr. Richard Dunbar, that the thanks of this meet-ing be given to the auditors, Messrs. Sorley and Patton, for their valuable services during the past year, and that each be paid the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars, and that the same auditors be appointed for the ensuing year. Carried.

A ballot was then taken for the election of A ballot was then taken for the election of five persons to act as directors of the company, with Jos. C. Patton and J. B. Sorley as scru-tineers. The scrutineers reported that the ballot resulted in the unanimous re-election of the following gentlemen, viz.:—Wm. Elliot, Richard Dunbar, John Aikins, Fred. W. Walker and Dr. James Carlyle. At a meeting of the directors. held subse-

At a meeting of the directors, held subsequently, Mr. Wm. Elliot was re-elected president, and Mr. Richard Dunbar vice-president. JAMES WATSON, Manager.

TORONTO, February 14th, 1887.

The laws in England on the subject of foods are well calculated to protect the con-sumer. A grocer was recently sent to prison for a month on the charge of selling condensed milk that was ascertained to be unfit for food.



# Commercial.

# MONTREAL MARKETS.

MONTREAL, February 23rd, 1887.

ASHES.—Some sales of pots have been made in Liverpool since last writing, at figures realizing considerably more than quotations of a week ago, but at the moment the local market is again weaker, perhaps owing to the snow blockade being raised, though receipts are still light, and will probably not exceed 250 brls. for the whole month of February ; stocks in store will not exceed 275 brls. all told. Present quotation for No. 1 pots is \$4.15 to \$4.20; hardly any seconds coming in, last sale was at \$3.40, would be worth now \$3.50. No pearls in for a fortnight, last sale at \$8, but would not be repeated at this figure. -Some sales of pots have been made ASHES .figure.

DRY Goods.-Wholesale trade is quiet, travellers being nearly all home from first spring trip, and the Dominion elections have been all-absorbing, to the detriment of busi-ness. Remittances from the country con-tinue on the slow side. Prices show little ness. Remittances from the country con-tinue on the slow side. Prices show little change. Cottons of all grades are very steady, and European advices report renewed firm-ness in woollens, which had shown some slight tendency to ease off from the high prices prevailing for some months past. FURS.—Matters in this line are very quiet just now, local trade wants are all supplied, and receipts are very light. There will be little done in the way of shipping or buying till after the London March sales, which are being

little done in the way of snipping of ouying till after the London March sales, which are being looked forward to with interest. We still quote: -Beaver \$3.50 to \$4.50; bear \$12.00 to \$15.00; cub do. \$5 to \$6; fisher \$5 to \$6; fox, red, \$1 to \$1.20; fox cross, \$2.00; lynx, \$2 to \$3.50; marten, \$1.00 to \$1.25; mink, \$1 to \$1.25; marten, \$1.00 to \$6.25; mink, \$1 to \$1.25; Muskrat, 10 to 12c. : raccoon 40 to 60c. ; skunk 40 to 80c. as to quality : otter, \$8 to \$12. DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Continued firmness

exists in all lines recently reported as ad-vanced, and everything points to still higher prices in most leading articles. Trade is fair at the moment, and remittances rather vanced, and everything points to still higher prices in most leading articles. Trade is fair at the moment, and remittances rather better than in some other lines. We quote: --Sal Soda 90 to \$1.00; Bi-Carb Soda, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Soda Ash, per 100 lbs., \$1.65 to \$1.75; Bichromate of Potash, per 100 lbs., \$8 to \$10.00; Borax, refined, 10c.; Cream Tartar crystals, 32 to 33c.; do. ground, 35 to 36c.; Tartaric Acid crystal 55 to 60c.; do. powder, 60 to 65c.; Citric Acid, 75 to 80c.; Caustic Soda, white, \$2.40 to \$2.60; Sugar of Lead, 9 to 11c.; Bleaching Powder, \$2.50 to \$2.75, according to lot; Alum, \$1.60 to \$1.65; Copperas, per 100 lbs., \$1.00; Flowers Sul phur, per 100 lbs., \$2.50 to \$3; Roll Sulphur, \$2.00 to \$2.25; Sulphate of Copper, \$4.50 to \$5.00; Epsom Salts, \$1.25 to \$1.40; Saltpetre \$9.00 to \$9.50; American Quinine, 80c.; Howard's Quinine, 85 to 90c.; Opium, \$3.25 to \$3.75; Morphia, \$1.60 to \$1.75; Gum Arabic sorts, 70 to 90c. ; White, \$1 to \$1.25. Carbolic Acid, 55 to 70c.; Iodide Potassium, \$4.50 to \$5.00 per lb.; Iodine, \$5.50 to \$6.00; Iodoform \$7.50 to \$8.00. Prices for essentials oils are: Oil lemon \$2.00 to \$3.50; oil perpermint, \$4.75 to \$5.00; Glycerine 30 to 35c. GROCERIES.-Wholesale circles complain of dulness in this line, both city and country trade being affected by the intense interest taken in the elections; indeed in some sections business may be said to have been entirely neglected for the week preceding polling day. Collections have naturally fal en off, from the same cause. Prices reveal little change. In sugars, yellows were advanced an eighth last

same cause. Prices reveal little change. sugars, yellows were advanced an eighth last



week as noted, and since then granulated is firmer one sixteenth, prices at refinery being five and fifteen-sixteenths to six and one-sixteenth cents for granulated as to lot. Syrups dear and scarce,  $2\frac{1}{2}$ , per pound being lowest price; molasses,  $37\frac{1}{2}$  for Barbadoes. There is still an outside inquiry for teas, though we have not heard of any shipments from here since last report. Coffees rule very firm. Dried fruits are dull and quiet. Canned goods in good demand at high prices last noted. Other lines unchanged.

HIDES.—Grubby hides are now becoming more plentiful; prices continue at the lower level noted last week, green hides selling at 74c. for No. 1, 64c. for No. 2. Calfskins and sheepskins as before.

FISH.—There has been a good movement since last writing, Lent opening on the 23rd inst., prices are steady at prices revised last week. We quote green cod \$5 to \$5.25 for large



draft ; No. 1 large \$4.50 to \$4.75 ; No. 1 ordidratt; No. 1 large \$4.50 to \$4.75; No. 1 ordi-nary \$3.50 to \$8.75; dry cod \$2.75 to \$3.00; Labrador herrings \$5.25 to \$5.75 for choicest; Cape Breton \$5.50. North Shore Salmon, No. 1, \$17; No. 2, \$16.00 : British Columbia Salmon, \$13.50; Lake Trout, \$3.75; no whitefish

tish. LEATHER AND SHOES.—The trade has again been disturbed by the report of another sus-pension in the wholesale shoe line, Mr. J. E. Woodley, of Quebec, having called his creditors together rather unexpectedly. Trade on the whole is rather better, boot and shoe orders are coming in very fairly and manufacturers are beginning to enquire for stock more freely. English advices indicate a better market there, which will likely lead to shipments of splits and buff thus relieving this market of any ple-

and buff thus relieving this market of any ple-thora. Prices are fairly steady. We quote :-Spanish sole, B. A. No. 1, 24 to 26c.; do. No. 2, B. A., 20 to 23c.; No. 1 Ordinary Spanish, 21 to 23c.; No. 2 do., 19 to 21c.; No. 1 China, 22 to 23c.; No. 2, 21 to 22c.; ditto. Buffalo Sole No. 1, 21 to 22c.; ditto. No. 2, 19½ to 21c.; Hemlock Slaughter, No. 1, 25 to 29c.; oak sole, 42 to 48c.; Waxed Upper, light and medium, 33 to 38c.; ditto. heavy 32 to 36c.; Splits large 22 to 28c.; do. small 16 to 24c.; Calf-Splits large 22 to 28c.; do. small 16 to 24c.;Calf-splits, 18 to 32c.; Calfskins, (35 to 46 lbs.), 70 to 80c.; Imitation French Calf, skins 80 to 85c.; Russet Sheepskins Linings, 30 to 40c.; Harness 24 to 33c.; Buffed Cow, 13 to 16c.; Pebbled Cow, 11 to 154c.; Rough 23 to 28c.; Russet and Bridle, 54 to 55c.

METALS AND HARDWARE.-Orders for iron and metals generally are confined to the supplying of customers' pressing wants, but enquiries show that stocks are small; local stocks are also in limited compass, and prices would be higher were it not that Glasgow advises some weakness in makers' prices, to the extent of about sixpence a ton in all lines except Summerlee and Langloan, which are steady. War-rants are cabled at 43s. 10d., the figures for last year at date were 38s. 4d. Bar iron remains unchanged; Canada plates continue firm though not much doing in them ; there is firm though not much doing in them; there is a better enquiry for tinplates, which are very firm at home. Copper, lead and tin as before. We quote:-Summerlee and Langloan \$19.50; to \$20.00 Gartsherrie, \$19.00 to \$19.50; Coltess, \$20.00; Shott, \$19.00; Eglinton and Dalmellington, \$18.00; Calder, \$18.00 to \$19.00; Carnbroe, \$17.50 to \$18.00; Hematite, \$20 to \$25; Siemens, No. 1, \$19.00 to \$19.50; Bar Iron, \$1.60 to \$1.65; Best Refined, \$1.85; Siemens Bar, \$2.10; Canada Plates, Blaina, \$2.50 to \$2.75; Penn and Pontypool, none here. Tin Plates, Bradley Canada Plates, Blaina, \$2.50 to \$2.75; Penn and Pontypool, none here. Tin Plates, Bradley Charcoal. \$5.75 to \$6.00; Charcoal I. C., \$4.25 to \$4.75; do. I.X., \$5.50 to \$6.00; Coke I. C., \$3.75 to \$4.00; Galvanized sheets, No. 28, 5c. to 7c., according to brand; Tinned sheets, coke, No. 24, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; No. 26, 7c., the usual extra for large sizes. Hoops and bands, per 100 lbs., \$2.00; Boiler Plate, per 100 lbs., \$2.25; Staffordshire, \$2.25 to \$2.50; Common Sheet iron, \$2.00; Boiler Plate, \$2.50 to \$2.75; heads, \$4.00; Russian Sheet Iron, 10 to 11c. Lead, per 100 lbs., -Pig, \$3.75 to \$4.00; Sheet, \$4.25 to \$4.50; Shot, \$6.00 to \$6.50; best cast steel 11 to 13c., firm; Spring, \$2.75 to \$3.00; Tire. \$2.54 to \$2.75; Sleigh shoe, \$2.00 to \$2.25; Round Machinery Steel, 3 to  $3\frac{1}{3}c$ . per lb; Ingot tin 24 $\frac{1}{2}$  to 25c; Bar Tin, 27 to 28c; Ingot Conner. 12 to 13cc. Sheet Tine \$4.26 to \$2.50; \$2.25; Rottin machinery Steel, 3 to 3<sub>1</sub>c. per lb.; Ingot tin 24<sub>1</sub> to 25c.; Bar Tin, 27 to 28c.; Ingot Copper, 12 to 13c.; Sheet Zinc, \$4.25 to \$5.00; Spelter, \$4.00 to \$4.25; Bright Iron Wire, Nos. 0 to 8, \$2.25 per 100 lbs.; Annealed do. \$2.30.

OILS, PAINTS AND GLASS .- Linseed oil still quoted at 57c. for raw in lots under 5 barrels, boiled 60c., but we hear of round lots being offered at shaded prices ; turpentine 57c. Fish oils are even duller than they were. We quote steam refined seal 48 to 49c.; no pale vat or straw moving; Nfld. cod 38 to 40c.; Halifax ditto 34 to 35c.; cod liver 65 to 70c.; Halifax ditto 34 to 35c.; cod liver 65 to 70c.; olive \*1.05 for pure; castor firmer in India but still 84 to 84c. per 1b. here; turpentine 57c. Leads continue to show strength in England, but unchanged here. We quote: --Leads (chemically pure and first-class brands only) \$6.00; No. 1, \$5.25; No. 2, \$4.50; No. 3, \$4.25. Dry white lead 54c.; red do. 44 to 44c; London washed waiting, 55 to 60c. Paris white, \$1.13 to \$1.25; Cookson's Vene-tian Red, \$1.75; other brands Venetian Red, \$1.50 to \$1.60; Yellow cchre, \$1.50; Spruce ochre, \$2 to \$3. Glass \$1.50 per 50 feet for first break; \$1.60 for second break. first break ; \$1.60 for second break.

SALT.—Prices rule steady at quotations, with a fair jobbing trade doing. We quote: Coarse elev-

ens 55 to 57 cts.; twelves 52 to 55c.; factory filled \$1.20 to \$1.25; Eureka \$2.40; Rice's pure dairy \$2.00; Turks Island 30c. per bushel; rock salt \$10 per ton.

WOOL .--- The demand is well maintained, the wool.—Ine demains is work institution, it two recent cargoes of Cape for this market being pretty nearly all absorbed, and Austra-lian is in very limited supply. The London lian is sales show active competition at higher prices, French manufacturers being large buyers. We quote Cape 16 to 19c.; Australian 19 to 22c.; domestics very scarce and unassorted is held at 25c.

# TORONTO MARKETS.

# Товолто, Feb'y 24th, 1887.

In anticipation of the result of the elections the stock market strengthened and immediately afterwards there was a decided "boom," in which Bank of Montreal led the way. From the highest there was a reaction, but Montreal closes 4% higher than last week, Merchants 2%, Ontario and Hamilton 13 and Dominion 14. Among the banks, Commerce was the only one which fell off.

Insurance shares have been quiet and steady at about old rates. Consumers' Gas was in active demand and gained 2%, selling up to 1971. Buyers for Canada North-West Land rose  $\frac{2}{3}$  in bids, to 59/9 bid, 61/0 asked. Loan societies' shares have not developed any special feature.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- Travellers are about through with spring trips and the factories are now busily engaged in working up their orders which have been on the whole satisfactory and in some cases ahead of last year.

Immediate wants are not numerous. DRUGS.—For a great many of the leading articles the market exhibits a strong tendency. Opium is still very firm; oil of cloves, ipecac root and bromide of potash show a decided advance. Juniper berries and canary seed are also dearer.

FISH.—Supplies of salt and pickled trout and white fish have been slightly augmented since our last and the demand has been brisk at unchanged prices. There is quite an inquiry for Labrador and Lake herrings, but they are very hard to get. Fresh trout is not selling as well as was expected. Stocks of fresh white fish are exhausted, and it is said cannot be replenished, American buyers having bought up all that was to be had. Mr. John Leckie, of this city, is sending forward further shipments of salmon twine for the Columbia river fisheries and also for those on the Fraser. Great diffi-culty is being experienced in getting shipments through the Customs at Detroit, the authorities, apparently, putting every obstacle in the way. As a last resort the experiment is to be tried of shipping the twine direct from Scotland, instead of submitting to a duty of 40 per cent. which applies to flax and not to fishing twine which should only be charged 25 per cent. Appeal has been made to Washington but without effect

FLOUR AND MEAL.—There is little that is encouraging to be seen in the business of this market which is described as being most inani-Low patent flours have offered at \$3.60 and the range for extra, in which hardly any transactions are recorded, is about \$3.35 to \$3.40. Spring wheat, extra, is unchanged at
\$3.25 to 3.30. Dealers see no prospect of any improvement. There is a fair amount of oat-There is a fair amount of oatmeal selling. Ordinary standard is worth \$3.65 to \$3.75; roller \$4.25 and granulated \$3.95. Cornmeal, good kilu dried in barrels can be bought for \$2.75.

GRAIN.-Our price list shows no change in values since last report. Trading has been very limited in all grades of wheat. In barley the faciling is very limited in all grades of wheat. In barley the feeling is not so strong and rather free offerings have found but few takers. Prices are without any change. Peas are a shade easier, say 52 to 53c., and dull at that. There is only a moderate demand for oats which rule at 33 to 34c. Corn and rye as before.

GROCERIES .- Most houses are looking for GROCERIES.—Most houses are looking for more active business now that the unsettled feeling, consequent upon the elections, is over. During the past week trade was moderately good without any marked features. Sugars continue firm, especially low grade yellows and there is nothing better than 64 in extra granulated. The refiners are said to be very stiff in their views. Latest advices from Barbadoes report the weather as most favorable for the cane and it is expected that new crop sugar will be available about the second week in March. The Commercial Bulletin, of New York, learns that fair to good refining sugar will open in Barbadoes at about \$1.90 first cost, which is equal to 11s. 3d. per 112 lbs., cost and freight landed weights in New York. Syrup and molasses are still scarce, the new crop of the latter, says recent advices from Barbadoes, will be ready about the first of next month and will, it is thought, open in there at about 11c. For syrups the quotations here are 38 to 40c. for common, amber, 42 to 47c., and 53 to 58c. for pale ditto. There is a fair general assort-ment of teas moving. In its annual review of the tea trade for the

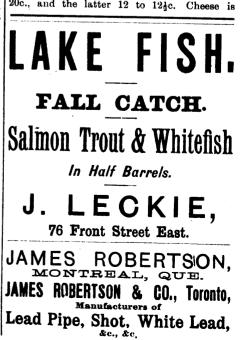
In its annual review of the tea trade for the port of New York the *Shipping List* draws at-tention to the prominent features of the busi-ness for 1886. They are in brief : Increased importations, and consequently heavier sup-plies—probably the largest on record. In-creased consumption. Comparatively narrow margin of profit upon importation, but a steady and fairly profitable distributive trade. Steady abrinkage in values yery close to the phenome shrinkage in values very close to the phenome-nally low average prices during 1884. More extensive use of the auction room as a method of disposing of and distributing supplies. Larger importation of stock by way of the Pacific Coast and a more general direct distribution to important interior centres by means of the trans-continental lines of railroad. Gradual change in the methods of conducting business, whereby the broker's position seems to be assimilating more to that occupied by the same members of the trade in the London market. Increased aggregate exports from the East as the result of low landing cost, that is, East as the result of low landing cost, that is, cheap freight, favorable exchange and low commissions. The total imports at New York were 55,043,610 pounds. Blacks lead with 24,747,039 pounds, greens are next 15,286,639, and then come Japans with 15,009,932 pounds. Prunes are almost out of the market.

Rice is a little firmer and becoming scarcer.

LEATHER.—The market is quiet with no features of special moment. We hear that considerable stock is being exported to the old country, the shipments being principally buff and splits.

HIDES AND SKINS .- No change is to be noted HIDES AND SKINS.—No change is to be noted in the price of hides. As the quantity now offering is much smaller the feeling is some-what firmer but we cannot alter quotations. Calfskins are still nominal but values for new season will, it is said, be 25 per cent. lower than last year. There are not many sheep-skins offering and for the few held higher prices are asked. Owing to the length of the wool it is not expected that skins will advance wool it is not expected that skins will advance for some time. We note a slightly better feeling in tallow. PROVISIONS.—We do not find that trade in

this department has improved much, if any since our last review. There has been a good demand for fine butter with also some movement in common. The former commands 20c., and the latter 12 to  $12\frac{1}{2}$ c. Cheese is



THE MONETARY TIMES.

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# MILLINERY OPENING.

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The Stock will be the Most Complete, Extensive and Rich ever shown, and well worth a careful look through.

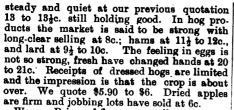
D. MCCALL & CO'Y,

12 & 14 Wellington St. East, Toronto.

P.S. --- OPENING AT MONTREAL, --- TUESDAY, 8th MARCH.

1888 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

### THE MONETARY TIMES.



not so strong, fresh have changed hands at 20 to 21c. Receipts of dressed hogs are limited and the impression is that the crop is about over. We quote \$5.90 to \$6. Dried apples are firm and jobbing lots have sold at 6c. Woot.—Prices of fleece are well maintained and continue firm. Advices from foreign markets show an active demand with quota-tions steady. There is a fair enquiry from the mills here for all grades, but low types of wool are scarce and wanted. Our list of last week is without change. week is without change.

Paul Frind & Roose.

WOOL BROKERS,

Paul Frind. WOOL BROKER.

# RATES OF FREIGHT

Between Mich. Central and C. P. R. and G. T. R'ys so that Maritime trade has nothing now to complain of. Trade at this Intercolonial station has shown wonderful impulse under the more favourable freight adjustment since middle of August last. Trade continues a full average for season, but prices of flour do not respond to advance asked by manu-facturers. When present stocks here are exhausted higher prices may be obtained. J. A. CHIPMAN & CO., Halifax, N.S.



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C. O'DEA, Secretary.

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### THE MONETARY TIMES.

THE	TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.—Feb. 24, 1887.					
	Name of Article.	Wholesal Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article	Wholese Bates
Foronto Paper Mf. Co.	Breadstuffs.		Groceries.—Con.		HardwareCon.	
WORKS at CORNWALL, Ont.	FLOUB: (# brl.) f.o.c. Superior Extra	355 360	Almonds, Taragona. Filberts, Sicily, new Walnuts, Bord	<b>\$ c. \$ c.</b> 0 15 0 16 0 091 0 101	IBON WIRE : No. 6 \$ 100 lbs	\$ c. \$ 9 75 2
APITAL, \$250,000.	Extra Strong Bakers Spring Wheat, extra	325 3 30	Walnuts, Bord Grenoble SYBUPS: Common	015 017	No. 9 " No.12 " Galv. iron wire No. 6	300 3 345 3
OHN R. BARBER, President and Man'g Director.	Superfine Oatmeal Cornmeal	365 375	Pale Amber	042047	Barbed wire, galv'd.	0060
CHAS. RIORDON, Vice-President. EDWARD TROUT, Tress.	Bran, \ton GBAIN: I.o.c.	12 50 12 75	MOLASSES : RICE : Arracan Patna SPICES : Allspice	0 031 0 031	Coil chain 3 in Iron pipe	0 671 0
Manufactures the following grades of Paper:	Fall Wheat, No. 1 "No. 2 "No. 3	077 078	Cloves	0 13 0 15	Boiler tubes, 2 in " 3 in STEEL: Cast	111
ngine Sized Superfine Papers:	Spring Wheat, No. 1 "No. 2 "No. 3	0 80 0 81 0 78 0 79 0 75 0 76	Ginger, ground Jamaica, root Nutmegs	025035	Sleigh shoe	2 50 2
Thite and Tinted Book Papers,	Barley, No. 1 Bright "No. 1	056 057	Pepper, black white	0 70 0 90 0 19 0 21 0 33 0 35	CUT NALLS : 10 to 60 dy. p. kg 100 lb 8 dy. and 9 dy	3 00 - 3
(Machine Finished and Super-calendered). Blue and Cream Laid and Wove Foolscaps,	" No. 2	0 39 0 40	Porto Rico "Bright to choice	0 044 0 05	6 dy. and 7 dy 4 dy. and 5 dy 3 dy.	3 25 3 3 45 0 4 30 0
Posts, etc., etc. Account Book Papers.	Oats Peas Rye	059 053 048 050	Canadian refined Extra Granulated	0 042 0 05	3 dy HORSE NAILS: Pointed and finished Ordinary	40 & 21%
NVELOPE & LITHOGRAPHIC PAPERS.	Corn Timothy Seed, 1001bs Olover, Alsike, "	0 45 0 47 0 00 0 00 4 50 6 00	Redpath Paris Lump	0 07 0 07	Ordinary HORSE SHOES, 100 lbs CANADA PLATES:	
COLORED COVER PAPERS SUPERFINISHED. Apply at the Mill for samples and prices. Special	" Red, " Hungarian Grass, " Flax, screen'd, 100 lbs	5 25 5 40 0 00 0 00	TEAS: Japan. Yokoha.com.togood "fine to choice	0 17 0 26	"Maple Leaf" Pen Blaina	2 60 2 2 50 2 2 40 2
tes made to order.	Millet, " Provisions.	000 000	Nagasa. com. to good	0 30 0 45 0 18 0 21 0 17 0 60	M. L.S. Crown Brand TIN PLATES: IC Coke. IC Charcoal	2 65 2 4 00 4 4 40 4
HE PENMAN	Butter, choice, 伊 lb- Cheese	0 13 0 134	Y. Hyson com to g'd	0 30 0 55 0 45 0 65 0 15 0 25	IX "	5 65 6 7 00 7 3 75 4
	Dried Apples Evaporated Apples Hops	0 05 0 06 0 14 0 00	" extra choice Gunpwd.com to med	030040 050055	IC Bradley Charcoal WINDOW GLASS :	6006
MANUFACTURING CO., Limited.	Beef. Mess Pork. Mess	10 50 11 00	" med to fine " fine to finest	035040	25 and under 26 x 40 41 x 50	1 60 1 1 70 1 3 70 3
Manufacturers of Addies', Misses',	Bacon, long clear "Cumb'rl'd cut "B'kfst smok'd	0 07 0 00 0 10 0 101	TOBACCO, Manufact'r'd Dark P. of W	0 26 0 45 0 42 0 424	51 x 60 GUNPOWDER: Can blasting per kg.	4 10 4 3 25 3
Gents' and Boys' Underwear,	Hams Lard Eggs, & doz Shoulders	0.00 1.0 10	Brights rts g d to fine "choice "Myrtle Nevy	0 52 0 58 0 68 0 68 0 68	Can blasting per kg. "sporting FF" "FFF"	5000 5250 7250
Glove and Rubber Lining, Yarns, Horse Blankets, &c.	Shoulders Rolls Honey, liquid	0 054 0 09 1	Sclace		ROPE: Manilla Sisal	0 101 0 0 085 0
ALSO, THE CELEBRATED PATENT SEAMLESS	" comb Salt.	0 15 0 16	Wines, Liquors, &c.		KeenCutter&Peerless	7007 8758
DELERY, smooth and equal to hand knitting, in TTON, MERINO, WOOL, with three-ply heels uble toes for Ladies, Misses, Gents and Boys.	Liv'rpool coarse, #bg Canadian, # bri "Eureka," # 56 lbs Washington, 50 "	0 00 0 00 0 80 0 85	ALE: English, pts	0 22 0 77 1	Woodpecker Woodman's Friend	7 00 7 7 00 7 7 00 7
Wills at PARIS, ONTARIO, Canada.	"Eureka," 🥐 56 lbs Washington, 50 ". C. Salt A. 56 lbs dairy	0 65 0 67 0 00 0 45 0 45 0 00	Younger's, pts "qts PORTER: Guinness, pts "qts	255 275	Gladstone & Pioneer.	i <b>00 11</b>
JOHN PENMAN, President.	Rice's dairy " Leather.	0 45 0 00	BRANDY: Hen'es'y case 1 Martell's	2 25 12 50	Petroleum. Canadian, 5 to 19 brls	lmp. ga
gents :D. MORRICE, SONS & CO.,		0 96 0 98 0 94 0 96	J. Robin & Co. " 1 Pinet Castillon & Co.	0 50 11 50 0 00 10 25	Carbon Safety	0 19 0 9
MONTREAL AND TORONTO	Slaughter, heavy No. 1 light	028 030	GIN: De Kuypers 29 gl	9 50 16 00 2 70 2 75	" Water "	02309 02609 03000
1838 ESTABLISHED 1838	China Sole Harness, heavy	023 025	" Green cases " Red "	2         60         2         65           4         75         5         00           9         00         9         25	Oils.	0 401 0 1
. HARRIS & CO.	"light Upper, No. 1 heavy light & med.	040045	Demerara, 16 o.p.	7 25 7 50 3 25 3 50 3 00 3 25	Straits Oil " " … Palm, 29 lb	0 423 0 8 0 40 0 4 0 053 0 0
(Formerly Harris & Allen),	Kip Skins, French " English " Domestic	070 100 070 080 055 060	Port, common	1 25 1 75 2 50 4 00	Ordinary No. 1 "	05201 04701 06001
ST. JOHN. N.B.	" Veals Heml'k Calf (25 to 30)	0 65 0 70 0 60 0 70	Sherry, medium	9 25 2 75 3 00 4 50	Olive, & Imp. gal Seal, straw	063000000000000000000000000000000000000
ew Brunswick Foundry,	36 to 44 lbs French Calf Splits, large, ₽ lb " small	1 10 1 35 0 27 0 32	B. & E. Perrier— 1st quality, qts	0 00 22 00	Spirits Turpentine	0550ê 0600ê
Railway Car Works,	" small Enamelled Cow, # ft Patent	0 19 0 22 0 17 0 19 0 17 0 20	und dis	0 00 23 00 0 00 15 00 0 00 16 00	Paints, &c.	00400
ROLLING MILLS.	Pebble Grain Buff Russets, light, 🎔 lb	0 13 0 15 0 13 0 16 0 35 0 45	Dunyille's Irish, do.	600700   7925750		550 60 500 55
fanufacturers of Railway Cars of every descrip- n, Chilled Car Wheels, "Peerless" Steel-Tyred Car aeels, Hammered Car Axles, Railway Fish-Plates, mmered Shafting and Shapes, Shiry Jan-Plates,	Gambier Sumac	0 05 0 06 0 04 2 0 05	Bung Sata (1. 4 1.gi	In Duty Sond Paid 0 99 3 27	" No.9 dry Red Lead	4 50 5 0 5 25 5 7 4 50 5 0
icels, Hammered Car Axles, Railway Fish-Plates, mmered Shafting and Shapes, Ship's Iron Knees	Degras Hides & Skins.	004005 Perlb.	. 50	100 328 090 298 048 152	Yellow Ochre, Fr'nch	00200
	Steers, 60 to 90 lbs Cows, green	0 07 0 00	" Rye and Malt	0 53 1 64 0 53 1 64 0 50 1 54	Bro. Japan	0801( 0801(
he Canadıan Gazette	Cured and Inspected Calfskins, green cured	0 07 <sup>2</sup> 0 08 0 08 0 10 0 10 0 19		0 4E 1 40	Putty, per 100 lbs	05506 19022
LONDON, ENGLAND. Weekly Journal of information and Comment	Sheepskins Tallow, rough Tallow, rendered	1 15 1 25 0 02 0 00 04 0 044	Hardware.	s o. s o.	Drugs. Alum Blue Vitriol	0 09 0 0
Canada, Canadian Emigration, and Canadian In-	Wool.		TIN: Bars 🍄 lb Ingot COPPEB: Ingot	0 26 0 27    0 25 0 26    0 13 0 14	Borax	0 02 0 0 0 10 0 1 0 35 0 4
dited by THOMAS SKINNER, Compiler and tor of "The Stock Exchange Year-Book," "The sectory of Directors" (published annually), "The		222 0 235	Sheet LEAD: Bar Pig	090023	Carbone Acid	06507 00 <del>91</del> 01
adon Banks" (published half-yearly), etc. WERY THURSDAY. Price Threepence,	Kxtra	0 24 0 25 0 27 0 30	Sheet	0 041 0 051		0 025 0 0 0 35 0 8 0 013 0 0
luding postage to Canada, fourpence, or \$4.38 per num (18/- stg.)	Groceries. Coffees: Gov. Java ¥ 1b Rice	\$ c. \$ c.	BRASS: Sheet	0 044 0 044 0 18 0 19 0 20 0 22	Ext'ct Logwood, bulk	006 00 019 01 019 01
EDITORIAL AD ADVERTISING OFFICES: Royal Exchange Buildings, London, Eng.	Jamaica	0 16 0 17 0 14 0 90	Bon: Pig. Summerlee	1 00 22 00 1	Glycerine, per lb Hellebore	02503
	Mocha FIBE: Herring, scaled Dry Cod, ¥ 119 1b Sardines, Fr. Ors FBUT: Raisins, Layre Raisins, London new	0 94 0 96 0 13 0 18 3 50 0 00	Nova Scotia No. 1 2 Nova Scotia bar	1 00 22 00 11	Insect Powder	06507 19020
CINDER & CABLE	Sardines, Fr. Qrs FBUIT: Baisins, Lay'rs Raisins, London, new	0 10 0 11 9 50 9 75 9 50 9 75	Swedes, 1 in. or over Hoops, coopers	000 4 00	Oil Lemon	B7540 27539 01901
	"Valentias, new	8 75 0 00	Tank Plates	15     2     25       00     2     25       00     4     50	Potass Iodide	4 25 4 5
LITHUGRAPHERS &	" Filatra	0.06 0.06	GALVANIZED IBON:	0 10 0 19	Saltpetre Sal Rochelle	v 200 U 43
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