

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 24, 1902

Vol. XXXI, No. 52

A Letter to the Public

The best
The Leading
GROCER

Our Groceries is where you can get the best value for your money. Isn't that the way you want to go? Well, if you go to just such a place, you will look in at all stores, and when you see our prices, and be satisfied, that you have found the place you have been looking for, then, leave your order, which will be promptly attended to.

Leslie S. McNutt & Co.
Newson's Block.

Try us for Flour



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OF GLASS

avoid actual danger. The lenses must be accurately adjusted in every way and correctly centered. We give it special attention and have frames of every size and shape on hand, enabling us to supply the correct size and style at all times.

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Cameron Block, Ch'town.

The Place to Buy your Watches, Rings and Spectacles.

HIGH GRADE English Manure

Superphosphate of Lime, Nitrate of Soda, Sulphate of Potash, Muriate of Potash, Bone Dust, Kainit, etc.

Containing NITROGEN, PHOSPHORIC ACID and POTASH in the most soluble and available forms known. Each ingredient sold under guaranteed analysis and consequently thoroughly reliable. Sold unmixed and therefore adaptable to all crops and conditions. 25 per cent (the manufacturer's profit) cheaper than any mixed and so-called "Complete Fertilizers" on the market. The Only Fertilizer farmers can afford to use, and those who know most about artificial manures will use no other.

AULD BROS.

April 2, 1902.

This is the Time to Buy OUTSIDE SASHES

Make Your Home Comfortable.

Our Sashes are the best, our prices right.

Call and leave your order or write to

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

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BROWN'S BLOCK. MONEY TO LOAN

FIRE INSURANCE,
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The Royal Insurance Co. of
Liverpool,

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BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

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adian, Great West Life Assurance Co.

Office, Great George St.

Near Bank Nova Scotia, Charlottetown
Nov 21, 1902-1y

A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,

Brown's Block, Charlottetown

Commercial
CAFE,
Queen Street.

In store formerly occupied by A. Vincent,
next A. E. McEachern's Shoe Store.

YOU can get a good dinner at
the above Cafe for only 15
cents. Also a large bill of fare to
choose from. We make a specialty
of baked beans, meat pies, Ham-
burgh steak and onions. Sirlon
steak always on hand. Try our
Ice Cream, Pastry and Cake on
the premises.

JAS. LONERGAN,

Proprietor

June 25, 1902.-1t

CHRISTMAS HYMN FOR CHILDREN.

(Josephine Dodge Daskam, in The Century.)

"Our bells ring out to all the earth,
In exultant gladness,
But none for these made chiming of
mirth
Oa that great morning of Thy birth.

"Our coats they lack not silk nor
fur,
In exultant gladness,
Not stot Thy Blessed Mother's
were;
Fall simple garments covered Her.

"Our choruses rise up goodly high,
In exultant gladness,
Low in a stall Thyself did lie,
With horned oxen standing by.

"Incense we breathe and scent of
wine,
In exultant gladness,
Around Thee rose the breath of
kiss,
Thy only drink Her breast divine.

"We take us to a happy tree,
In exultant gladness,
Thou seed was sown that day for
Thee
That blossomed out at Calvary.

Teach us to feed Thy poor with
meat,
In exultant gladness,
Who turned not when we entreat,
Who givest us Thy bread to eat.
Amen."

CHRISTMAS CAROL.

(Jas. S. Park, in The Century.)

"So crowded was the little town
On the first Christmas day,
Tired Mary Mother laid her down
To rest upon the hay.
(Ah, would my door might have
been thrown
Wide open on her way!)

"But when the Holy Babe was born
In the deep bush of night,
It seemed as if a Sabbath morn
Had come with sacred light.
Child Jesus made the place forlorn
With His own beauty bright.

"The manger rough was all His
rest;
The cattle, having food,
Stood silent by, or closer pressed,
And gravely wondered.
(Ah, Lord, if only that my breast
Had cradled Thee instead!")

IN MEMORIAM.

THE DEATH OF THE LATE EDWARD
POWER OF FARMINGTON P. E. I.

The angel of death sounds his trumpet
again,
The fatherless weep, but their tears
are in vain;
For sorrow and anguish alas!
can't restore
That kind friend to their bosom, that
now is no more.

O, death, cruel death! has brought
suffering and tears
Where the sunshine of happiness
dwelt many years,
And sorrow and gloom left behind
in its trail
And a heart broken widow her loss
to bewail.

Thou chill autumn breeze, may
rattle and rave,
And the cold snow of winter blow
over his grave;
His heeds not the tempest; his
spirits at rest
And dwelling on high in the home
of the blest.

But long shall we mourn for the
true-hearted friend
That we walked with and talked
with; times without end,
In youth's happy days when our
cares were but few
And the shadow of sorrow was
nowhere in view.

We gaze thro' the past, bitter tears
dim the eye
When we think of the loved one
that once wore so nigh;
No sound of their footsteps; the
still vacant chair
Brings recollections of lost ones so
dear.

But memory so true shall forever
retain
The pleasures that are gone and re-
turn not again;
But we cherish the hope, when life's
struggle is o'er,
To unite yet again when we part
nevermore.

L. DOLY
Farmington, Dec. 6th, 1902.

Mother M. Katherine D. exal,
foundress of the Sisters of the
Blessed Sacrament, who are espe-
cially devoted to work among the
Indians and negroes, has arranged
for the establishment of a mission
school among the Navajo Indians
in Arizona, involving the expendi-
ture of \$100,000.
Mother Katherine's great fortune is
devoted to her great works of
charity.

Christmas in Other Lands.

(Montreal True Witness.)

Christmas is celebrated by Catho-
lics the world over as the most glo-
rious feast of the year, says an ex-
change. How it is kept here at
home we all know, from the moment
when, in the early, frosty morning,
we start out for the midnight Mass,
till the time when, tired out with
pleasure, our hearts glad and our
palates surfeited, we seek our bed.
But let us give a glance at other
lands and see how Christmas is kept
there:

At BETHLEHEM—Before the ap-
proach of midnight the Church of
Nativity was crowded to its extreme
capacity by Syrians, Russians, Ger-
mans, and representatives of other
nations. And when the chiming of
the parish church sounded through
the still air, announcing the com-
mencement of the midnight Mass,
there were sounds of fervent pray-
ing and rejoicing from the great
throne. The same Mass was being
sung in St. Peter's, Rome, beneath
the mighty dome of Michael Angelo;
in the Madeline, Paris, and in St.
Patrick's, New York, and in all the
Catholic churches the world over,
with the greatest possible solemn-
ity, pomp, and devotion, and the real-
ization of being present at a ceremony
on the very spot where Christ, the
Incarnate God, the Way, the Truth,
and the Light, deigned to take the
form of man in a humble stable, was
a moment of the purest joy and un-
alloyed faith experienced but a few
times in life. Every one was happy
and joyous, and the beauty and ten-
derness of each soul was reflected on
the countenances of the devout gath-
ering. There was one motive noti-
ceable in the congregation—to
love the little Christ Child; and we
were particularly made glad seeing
the attachment and devotion of the
natives of Bethlehem to their faith.
The priests were vested in the
finest silks, and on this day they used
vestments embroidered by queenly
hands. The cope of the guardians
was regal in wealth, gold and pre-
cious stones gleaming everywhere
from it. The altar of the three wise
men, also was appropriately adorned
with lights and the momentous
of European kings. The cere-
monies were before daybreak and
the Oriental morning, crisp, cool
and bracing, was gliding in, and
leaving behind a night that was holy
and blessed. But the people re-
mained at the holy grotto long after
the white sun arose and cast a halo
of light over Bethlehem, and then
went to their homes in general merr-
y-making.

At ROME—In Rome the principal
ceremonies of Christmas are held in
the Church of St. Mary Major. It is
in this church that the relics of the
orb in which our Saviour was laid
are preserved; these relics were
brought from Bethlehem in the sev-
enteenth century, under the Pontifi-
cate of Pope Theodore I. On Christ-
mas eve they are taken from their
repository and placed on the altar
in the sacristy chapel, and there are
offered for the veneration of the
faithful. The doors are thrown
open at 4.30 on Christmas morning;
after the singing of the matins and
lands, a procession marches to the
chapel where the sacred relics are
exposed, and bears them through
the church, where they are placed
on the Papal altar. At seven o'clock
the first High Mass is celebrated,
and after it the relics are held up to
view. From early morn till night
there is an unending stream of peo-
ple in the church. From five in the
morning to dawn, the church is illu-
minated and again, later on, in the
evening. In the Franciscan Church
of Ara Coeli the Santissimo Bambino
is venerated by thousands, and there
little children, boys and girls of four
and five years of age, tell in simple
language of the new-born God. The
streets are gay with people in pic-
ture-que holiday attire, the air balmy
as June, is filled with confetti (tiny
seed candies), and there is a general
appearance of happiness. There is
no Santa Claus in Italy, but instead
there is Befana, a corruption of Epi-
phanis, supposed to be a cross old
woman. Children are told that she
was invited by the Magi to help
them in their search for the Christ
Child, but she waited to put her
house in order, and when at last she
was ready the wise men had gone,
and ever since her life had been
spent in a vain search for the In-
fant God. For His sake she cares
for little children, and rewards the
good but punishes the bad. There
is a somewhat similar legend in
Russia, but there the old woman,
who is called Babonahka; only re-
wards the good.

Santa Claus, as is generally known
gets his name from St. Nicholas, a
dear saint, the patron of children,
of virgins, and of sailors. He was an
archbishop and many stories are

told of his care for those in his
charge. In Holland, where Santa
Claus comes from, the children do
not hang up their stockings; but put
their wooden shoes out, and leave a
window open for him. Sometimes
he comes as a bishop, clad in ap-
propriate vestments, and with him
comes a colored servant, who carries
a rod for naughty children; occa-
sionally the bishop rides through the
streets on a gaily-decorated steed
while his servant following on foot
scatters cakes and candies among the
children who troop after.

In GERMANY.—In Germany
Christmas is essentially a glad day
for children. It is the feast of the
Dixie Club, and for His sake the
feast of all children. The German
mother thinks nothing a trouble
which will add to the pleasure of
the home circle. If on ordinary
occasions she devotes herself to her
family, how much does she exert
herself when Christmas comes! Of
course, the Christmas tree fills a
prominent place in the festivities,
and every one is remembered and
represented in that tree of love.
There is one feature of the Christ-
mas celebration in Germany which
deserves special notice. On Christ-
mas eve two quaintly-attired figures
make their round among certain
houses. They are Knight Rupert
and Santa Claus. At the door of
the house a bag is handed to Knight
Rupert. Then he enters and in-
quires about the conduct of the
children, and if there is a good re-
port from the parents, Santa Claus,
who wears a white gown and gilt
belt, orders the contents of the bag
to be emptied on the floor, and, dar-
ing the scramble which follows, the
two figures make their escape.

In FRANCE.—In France the Christ
Child Himself brings the gifts for
the children. In the villages of
Alsatis He goes from house to house
ringing a little bell and distributing
gifts to the little ones. In Burgun-
dy, the young men and women of
the parish meet some weeks before
Christmas and practice carols until
Christmas eve. Then there is a
supper at which every one goes in
for singing. The carols are
gathered in an enormous log, which
is an enormous log, and the children
are told: "See now, if you are good
this evening, Noel will rain down
sugar plums for you," and at the
proper time the little ones find
parcels of candies under each end
of the log. Carols are sung to Noel
(Christmas.) Noel Noel Noel!
is heard on every side. The merr-
y-making and feasting are prolonged
into midnight: then the bells ring
out on the frosty air, and the com-
pany go in a body to the midnight
Mass. After Mass they return home,
salute the suchs log and resume
their feast until morning, when they
separate.

In SOUTHERN EUROPE.—Among
the mountaineers of Servia and
Montenegro each family chooses a
young man as a guest for the Christ-
mas festivities. He is called the
polsnik, or Christmas guest. As
he approaches the door of the house
he calls out "Christ is born," and
throws some corn inside the house.
"Welcome," calls the housewife,
who stands ready to meet him.
"Of a truth He is born," and she
throws at the same time a handful
of corn in his face. Then he
enters the house, and going to the
hearth he picks up the remains
of the largest log, knocks it against
the crane so as to make the
sparks fly, saying as he does so:
"So may your householder have
all good luck and happiness." This
he repeats, with another good wish,
and then places on one end of the
log an orange with a small coin on
it, which the housewife takes. In
return she presents him before he
leaves, with the leggings and socks,
worn by the mountaineers, and
with a Christmas loaf. The Christ-
mas guest next asks his host what
kind of a Christmas he has, to
which he answers: "Christmas
has come as a kind guest, my
brother; all have enough and all
are merry." Then the kiss of
peace is exchanged with the family,
the guest takes a seat at the hearth,
and the day is passed in innocent
pleasures and feasting.

A Franciscan friar, Father Aman-
da Bahlmann, has, at the request of
the National Catholic Congress of
Brazil, undertaken the publication
of a new Portuguese version of the
New Testament.

The late Herr Krupp, of Essen,
was a munificent benefactor of Cath-
olics, though not a Catholic himself.
In the Reichstag he voted for the re-
admission of the Jesuits. He built
a Catholic chapel for his Catholic
workmen and was ever ready to
contribute to Catholic charities.
One Catholic association received a
yearly contribution of a thousand
marks.

Items of Interest.

Professor Lapponi, the Holy
Father's physician, may now be con-
sidered as completely restored to
health, having resumed his ordinary
duties.

The recent serious illness of
Cardinal Richard, Archbishop of
Paris, from which he is reported to
have recovered, recalls a Parisian
proverb that the ruling prelate of
that gayest of cities is rarely de-
stined to die in his bed. The say-
ing is certainly confirmed by his-
torical fact. Three Archbishops of
Paris of recent times have met with
violent ends. Archbishop Affre,
during the street fighting on June
27, 1848, the year of revolutions,
mounted a barricade as a mediator
and was shot while holding a cruci-
fix on high. His successor, Mgr.
Sibour, was fatally stabbed in the
Church of St. Etienne de Mont by
an unfrocked priest. And the
successor of Mgr. Sibour, Arch-
bishop Darboy, was seized as a
hostage by the Communists in 1871,
imprisoned in La Roquette and bar-
barously murdered when Paris was
in flames and the Communists were
making their last desperate stand
against the conquering forces of
Marshal McMahon.

The 3rd of March next will be
a memorable day. On that date
Leo XIII. will complete the twenty-
fifth year of his Pontificate as the
successor of Peter. Catholic work-
ers have adopted a most appropriate
method of celebrating the event. A
committee representing them in
Rome will on that day present to the
venerable Pontiff three brass tables.
These tables will constitute the in-
ternational homage of the Catholic
toilers. Upon them will be in-
scribed the social doctrines of Leo
XIII. as expressed in his three en-
cyclicals on the labor question.
After they have been presented to
His Holiness the tables will form
the essential part of a monument
symbolizing the workers' cause
sanctified by religion. The monu-
ment will be erected at St. John
Lateran, the mother church of
all the Catholics.

The 15th of May, the day when
the secretaries of the committee,
Mgr. P. Zaccari, Montereau, 79, and
the Rev. Professor Carlo Siliotti,
Via Umiltà, 36, Rome, inform the
public in a letter which they have
just issued that the names of all
contributors of ten lire will be up-
on the monument. The Holy
Father will be highly pleased with
this tribute, for there is no title he
loves better than the workman's
Pope.

Members of religious orders in
France are experiencing serious
difficulties in their attempt to ob-
tain permission to live in their
own land, says the "London Catho-
lic Times." At first the govern-
ment decreed that they must be
authorized if they wished to remain
in the houses of their respective
congregations. As this authoriza-
tion in a number of cases was
certain to be refused, many relig-
ious orders dissolved, and the mem-
bers were scattered abroad, carry-
ing on their sacerdotal duties as
diocesan priests. This course did
not please the persecutors, and M.
Combes immediately invented an-
other bit of legislation, according
to which any member of a dis-
solved community must seek gov-
ernmental permission before he can
be allowed to act as a priest in
any diocese. But under no circum-
stances will he be permitted to per-
form sacerdotal functions in the
diocese to which he had been at-
tached as a member of a religious
order. Consequently for a religious
order the law was thus: You must
not be and may not cease to be a
member of a congregational body with-
out the consent of the government!

How may a religious hope to
walk safely over the pitfalls of
this Bridge of Mirza which M.
Combes has built for the destruc-
tion of the members of the order?
It would seem impossible for any
member to escape. Such liberty
is granted to the Church in Cat-
olio France!

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula—
as ugly as ever since time immemorial.
It causes bunches in the neck, dis-
figures the skin, inflames the mucous
membrane, wastes the muscles, weak-
ens the bones, reduces the power of
resistance to disease and the capacity
for recovery, and develops into cony-
sumption.
"Two of my children had scrofula sores
which kept growing deeper and kept them
from going to school for three months.
Ointments and medicines did no good until
I began giving them Hood's Sarsaparilla.
This medicine caused the sores to heal, and
the children have shown no signs of scrofula
since." J. W. McClure, Woodstock, Ont.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
will rid you of it, radically and per-
manently, as it has rid thousands.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, DEC 24th, 1902. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY. JAMES MOISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

We wish all our friends a MERRY CHRISTMAS.

A little balance of that \$200 still remains unremitted. We would like to wipe it out without delay. Who will start the ball?

We are very thankful to those of our friends who thought of us during the past week and remitted their subscriptions. We sincerely trust their good example will prove contagious, and that our heart shall be gladdened during the holiday season, by substantial remittances from those who have not yet favored us.

We intended to make ourselves a little Christmas present; but our subscribers did not remit in sufficient numbers to warrant us in doing so. It will suit just as well at New Years, and we trust our friends are not so hard-hearted as to see us deprived of this New Years gift. Well, let us see now whether they are or not. The manner in which the subscriptions come in during the next week will be the test. Who will lead off?

ONLY one more week of the year 1902 remains, and we hope any subscribers who have not yet remitted will not fail to do so this week. No one should allow the year 1903 to catch him with his subscription unpaid. We would like this week to be a record breaker in the matter of receiving subscriptions. You, our friends, can make it such. Will you do so; will you afford us the pleasure of announcing that the subscription receipts surpassed those of any week in the HERALD's history? We await your answer.

Montreal advices of Monday inform us that Joseph Brunet, Liberal M. P., for St James Division of that city, has been unseated and disqualified. This is tardy justice. It is almost a year since this man was declared elected for the seat in question, and all this time he has been holding on to the seat by a slender margin. It is by means of the most scandalous and unblushing corruption. It will be remembered that in several polls in this election the ballot boxes were opened and the ballots deposited for Mr Bergeron, the Conservative candidate, were removed by the presiding officers and replaced by ballots for Brunet. Thousands and thousands of dollars were spent in buying votes for Brunet, and all manner of hitherto unheard of corruption was employed. Still this man held on to his seat until he was kicked out and disqualified. This is a sample of the pure methods which our Grit friends employ in electing their candidates.

Those responsible for our winter mail service have of late been getting in some very fine work. The Minto brought the mails from Pictou to Georgetown on Monday and a special train was in waiting to convey the mails and passengers to Charlottetown. In the mean time the announcement was made on the bulletin board in the Post office and through the evening papers that the out-going mails would be despatched to Georgetown by special train leaving here at 9 o'clock p. m. to go thence by the Minto. When the hour for the train to depart had almost arrived orders were received from Ottawa cancelling the special train and ordering the mails to be sent by the Stanley, via Summerside, and to be forwarded by the regular west bound train Tuesday morning. The mails were so despatched; but as this regular train leaves Charlottetown at 8.25 and the Stanley left Summerside about 7 o'clock, it will readily be seen that the connections were not very close. In consequence of these orders from Ottawa we had yesterday this condition of things: The Minto reached Pictou from Georgetown at 10 a. m.; the Stanley reached Tormentine at 9 a. m., no mails or passengers from Charlottetown were conveyed to the mainland by either steamer. This, as the Texas Siftings would say, is a wonderful exhibition of official "Skillitude."

As will be seen elsewhere in this issue, Marconi announces that he has established with complete success, wireless telegraphy between Cape Breton and Cornwall, England. The messages inaugurating this wonderful wireless service were from the Earl of Minto, Governor General of

Canada to his Majesty King Edward and to the King of Italy, from whose country the great inventor comes. Marconi states that the apparatus on this side is at present better adapted to the sending than the receiving of messages, hence no replies to the messages were received. This however, is a minor difficulty that will doubtless soon disappear. The message sent over the wireless system by the Dominion Government is printed in the London Times. It is dated at Ottawa, Dec. 20 and reads as follows: "The Government of Canada through The Times desires to congratulate the British people on the accomplishment by Marconi of the greatest feat modern science has yet achieved. (Signed) Cartwright, Acting Premier." Certainly wireless telegraphy is a most extraordinary scientific accomplishment. It is not so long since telegraphy by wire was first invented. This was looked upon and justly, as something almost superhuman. The development of the science to the trans-oceanic cable message came next, a most wonderful achievement to be sure. But most wonderful and almost incomprehensible is this latest invention of Marconi—wireless telegraphy. This system once thoroughly established must be capable of text to unlimited expansion. It surely is a source of pride and satisfaction that the successful inauguration of this marvelous system was within the Empire having its initiation within our beloved Canada.

The Venezuelan affair seems to be in a quiescent state just at present. The latest advices from Caracas, indicate that President Castro, has clothed Minister Bowen, of the United States with power to effect a settlement with Great Britain and Germany and Italy. Minister Bowen it is said, only awaits the consent of the State Department at Washington, to assume the task, taking for granted that the nations interested are willing to dispell the warlike cloud. No doubt the critical phase of the difficulty has passed. Late advices from London say that the Imperial Government had not at that date sent an answer, or even decided upon one regarding Venezuela's arbitration proposition. It is probable, however, that matters will be amicably adjusted. It is not likely this Venezuelan affair would have assumed an aspect so warlike had it not been for the wonderful "Monroe Doctrine" and the inter-

ference with the French minister, ten days after the receipt of the message was delivered. Nothing was said in that conference, however, by Canning which was not the logical outcome of the proposal for concerted action which he had made to Mr. Rush on August 20, and which had been forthwith transmitted to Jefferson. Misconceptions on both sides of the Atlantic have been due to the current use of the word "doctrine" for what should be more accurately termed a "policy." President Monroe did not presume to lay down, in the terms of his so-called doctrine, any rule binding upon any foreign power, or even upon the United States, as part of the law of nations. He simply announced what would be, so far as he was concerned, and during his term of office, the policy of the United States. His personal preference for such a policy could have no binding force upon congress, nor could it even bind his successors in the office of chief magistrate. As a matter of fact, the Monroe doctrine has never to this day been embodied in a joint resolution of congress. The tremendous importance which the policy propounded by Monroe now possesses in the minds of the world is due exclusively to the fact that it has received the continuous and deliberate approval of his successors in the White House, and that it expresses the profound conviction and unswerving purpose of the people of the United States.

There has been on the spb erber's premises since the 15th of November, a year and a half old Bull, color red. Unless claimed by January 15th, 1903, he will be sold by auction on the premises to pay expenses. CHAS. W. LEARD. Riverton, Lot 52, Dec. 24, 1902—31

The Monroe Doctrine.

Sir Frederick Pollock, an English writer, contributes to the Nineteenth Century Magazine an article on the Monroe Doctrine, which seems to come nearer to correctly defining this policy than anything hitherto said about it. The writer points out that George Canning, British Foreign Minister in 1823, had much to do with bringing into existence what is now known as the Monroe Doctrine, so called from the President of that name, who embodied these ideas in his message to Congress, more than three months after Canning had pronounced his policy. The leading idea in Canning's policy was that any action of the continental powers of Europe combining with Spain against the revolving countries of South America should be strenuously withstood. These ideas Mr. Canning made known to Richard Rush, United States Minister in London. The Ottawa Citizen has a long article on the question, from which we take the following: It is pointed out that, after Mr. Rush had made known to his government Canning's proposal of August 20, 1823, for concerted action and before the president had placed his famous message before congress, Monroe consulted Jefferson in the matter. The latter, in reply, put the gist of the so-called "doctrine" in two sentences. He said that the United States' first and fundamental maxim should be never to entangle itself in the broils of Europe; its second, never to suffer Europe to meddle with cisatlantic affairs. In the same letter Jefferson added that "one nation most of all could disturb us in this pursuit; she now offers to lead, aid, and accompany us in it. By acceding to her (England's) proposition, we detach her from the bands (of the Holy Alliance), bring her mighty weight into the scale of free government, and emancipate a continent at one stroke." Jefferson concludes that "Great Britain is the nation which can do us the most harm of any one or all on earth, and with her on our side we need not fear the whole world. With her, then, we should most sedulously cherish acordial friendship, and nothing would tend more to knit our affections than to be fighting once more side by side in the same cause." Rush received from Canning a confidential memorandum of the conference with the French minister, ten days after the receipt of the message was delivered. Nothing was said in that conference, however, by Canning which was not the logical outcome of the proposal for concerted action which he had made to Mr. Rush on August 20, and which had been forthwith transmitted to Jefferson. Misconceptions on both sides of the Atlantic have been due to the current use of the word "doctrine" for what should be more accurately termed a "policy." President Monroe did not presume to lay down, in the terms of his so-called doctrine, any rule binding upon any foreign power, or even upon the United States, as part of the law of nations. He simply announced what would be, so far as he was concerned, and during his term of office, the policy of the United States. His personal preference for such a policy could have no binding force upon congress, nor could it even bind his successors in the office of chief magistrate. As a matter of fact, the Monroe doctrine has never to this day been embodied in a joint resolution of congress. The tremendous importance which the policy propounded by Monroe now possesses in the minds of the world is due exclusively to the fact that it has received the continuous and deliberate approval of his successors in the White House, and that it expresses the profound conviction and unswerving purpose of the people of the United States.

The charred remains of the burned market horse presents the appearance of a gigantic ruin. The debris has been donated to the poor of the city for kindling wood and the wreck is gradually moving away. By order of the City Council and under the direction of the City Surveyor a new temporary market building has been erected and was occupied yesterday and is also today for market purposes. On Friday, the butchers conducted their business outside on the South side of the old building, and those who formerly occupied the postoffice department, the women who sell eggs, butter, fowl etc., did business in the engine room of the city building, kindly placed at their disposal by the city council. The fire apparatus being housed temporarily in Lange Bros' livery stable across the street, kindly let for the purpose by the proprietors. The new building is a temporary wooden structure 130 feet long, 40 feet wide and 29 feet high. Work was commenced Friday morning and yesterday it was occupied for market purposes. The destroyed building was valued at between \$8,000 and \$10,000 and was insured for \$5,000, instead of \$4,500 as stated last week. The building was erected in 1866 and used for market purposes in the early part of 1867. The three bands whose quarters were in the building, lost heavily in instruments, uniforms etc. It is expected that the new permanent market building will be modern and up to date in every respect.

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Serious Railroad Accident.

Two persons were killed and 27 were injured in the collision last Sunday night between the south bound Los Angeles "Owl" train and the Stockton Flyer at Byron, California. It was a rear end collision, the engine of the local plunging its way into the rear coach of the "owl" which was filled with Fresno people. Some of the passengers of the Stockton train were injured and all the crew of the Owl escaped unhurt. Of the ten killed it was only possible to identify one person. The dead include six men, three women and a baby. Wm. E. Temple, brother of Mrs. Watts of this city, is reported to be among the dead. Later advices say the total of deaths by the wreck number eighteen.

Why Country Editors Get Rich.

The man who penned this current piece of history knows what he is talking about. The Monroe Index says truthfully: "After a great deal of study and worry we have at last 'figured' out why our country editors get rich. Here is the secret of their success. A child is born in a neighborhood; the attending physician gets \$10, the editor gives the long-lingered youngster and the happy parents a send-off and gets \$5. This christened and the minister gets \$5 and the editor gets \$20. It grows up and marries; the editor publishes another long-winded flowery article and tells a dozen lies about the beautiful and accomplished bride. The minister gets \$10 and a piece of cake, the editor gets \$100. In the course of time it dies, and the doctor gets \$5 to \$100, the minister gets perhaps another five, the undertaker gets from \$20 to \$100. Shortly after the notice of the death and an obituary two columns long, lodge and society relations, a lot of poetry and a less card of thanks, and gets \$2000. No wonder so many country editors get rich." Shelbyville, (Ky.) News.

The Winter Steamers.

The steamer Stanley, left Pictou for Summerside, on the forenoon of Wednesday last week and arrived off the light-house at entrance of Summerside harbor about dark the same evening. She remained there all night and came in on Thursday morning reaching about 10 a. m. Shortly after 10 o'clock the same afternoon she started for Tormentine but owing to the snow-storm, she did not go any further than the light-house, where she remained all night. She left the light-house for Tormentine on Friday forenoon, arriving about 10 a. m. She is currently being carried by a special train, provided through the kindness of Senator Wood. She will again for Tormentine on Saturday forenoon about 10 a. m. carrying freight, passengers and mails. She did not return to Summerside till Sunday forenoon, and is currently being carried by a special train, to be sent by the Stanley; but the steamer had left about an hour and a half before the train left Charlottetown. Wonderful management. Very!

The Minto made round two day trips between Charlottetown and Pictou during the week, carrying mail, passengers and freight. She left for Pictou on Sunday morning. She arrived at Pictou in the time and left there on Monday at 10 o'clock for Georgetown, where she arrived at 1 o'clock. The mails were brought to the city by a special train. This special was to return to Georgetown with mails and passengers on Sunday evening; but was afterwards cancelled.

The Prices.

Table listing prices for various goods: Butter (fresh) 0.23 to 0.25, Butter (tub) 0.19 to 0.20, Cabbage 0.03 to 0.05, Beef (small) per lb. 0.06 to 0.10, Beef (quarter) per lb. 0.4 to 0.60, Docks 0.08 to 0.09, Eggs per doz 0.24 to 0.28, Hides 0.6 to 0.064, Hay per 100 lbs. 0.60 to 0.70, Mutton, per lb. 0.05 to 0.06, Oats 0.33 to 0.34, Oatmeal (per cwt) 2.25 to 2.50, Potatoes (buyers price) 0.09 to 0.26, Pork (small) 0.10 to 0.14, Sheep pelts 0.40 to 0.60, Turnips 0.12 to 0.14.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

The Most Nutritious.

Epps's Cocoa. An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in 1.4 lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co. Ltd. Homeochemists, London, England.

Epps's Cocoa Giving Strength & Vigor. Oct 22, 1902—301.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Christmas and New Years

ONE FIRST-CLASS FARE FOR ROUND TRIP Between all Stations, Montreal and East. General Public: Going Dec. 22nd to Jan. 1st, Return January 5th, 1903. Schools: Going Dec. 6th to 31st, Return January 31st, 1903. Commercial: On Sale Dec. 18th to 31st, Return to Jan. 5th, 1903. On Payment of One First-Class Fare—Not Commercial Fare. For Rates, Dates, and Time Limits of Excursion Tickets to Points West of Montreal, see nearest Ticket Agent, or write to C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., Q.P.R., St. John, N.B.

ATTENTION is called to John Newson's ad. in this issue. Farmers would do well to patronize him. His honorable dealing with the people of P. E. Island for over 40 years, entitles him to their confidence. Prices—an important factor in furniture buying—are always low. Don't forget to trade with John Newson, The Reliable Furniture Man.

This market was fairly well attended yesterday, considering the state of the roads. There was a large supply of but which sold at about the same prices as last week. Geese were selling at from 75 cents to \$1.25. Turkeys brought all the way from \$1.00 to \$1.75. There was no hay brought in, and hardly any oats. The prices of these last named commodities are quoted about the same as last week. Pork was in fair supply and brought 71 cents.

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

Our Annual Silk Sale IS NOW ON.

No Silks of every kind and shade at genuine bargain prices. No Samples Given STANLEY BROS. No Samples Given

Three Prices—39c., 69c. and 99c. per yard. The 39c. includes all Plain, Striped and Fancy Silks worth up to 65c. per yard. The 69c. includes all Silks in Printed, Broches, Stripes and Plain, worth from 55c. to \$1.10 per yard. The 99c. includes all Silks in White and Colors, worth \$1.20 to \$1.50 per yard.

You Know the Bargains we Gave Before. These are Better than Ever.

FIRST COME! FIRST CHOICE! Stanley Bros.

We would like to have Your Furniture Trade

We will try to merit it. Our Furniture has had a reputation for being good in the past. We intend that it shall continue to have it in the future.

Farmers, You Don't Want Cheap Furniture

That will go to pieces in a few months. Therefore buy from us. We will treat you right, and you will find our prices very low.

John Newson.

XMAS Presents that are useful

Hockey Skates in Bokers, Winslow's, Whitley, Acme skates, all prices; Hockey sticks, assorted; Shin Pads, 25c up; Pucks from 10c up; Boys' Shovels, 15c; Cutlery, all leading makers; Air Guns; Boys' Tool Chests.

S. W. CRABBE, Stoves and Hardware Walker's Corner.

Grocery News

Perhaps you are dissatisfied with your Groceries and are paying prices which should secure you better value. Have you ever purchased goods in our store? if not just begin. You may find reason to become a customer. We have lots of good and tasty things to please any person and sell at "live and let-live" prices. Cash paid for all the Eggs you bring us. JAS. KELLY & CO. Charlottetown, P. E. I.



If we can't save you From \$3.00 to \$5.00 In Your Fur Jacket

WE DON'T WANT YOU TO PURCHASE.

We are selling quite a number of both Ladies' and Gents' Fur Coats, and you won't waste your time if you come here for yours. We keep no trash and sell the best quality at the lowest prices. Don't believe ALL you read about. See our goods and compare them in quality and price with any. We will abide by the result.

Ladies' Astrachan Jackets. Our \$25.00 Jacket is extra good for the money, and at \$36.00 we offer you a splendid Jacket. At \$41.00 and \$48.00 we sell the very best qualities. We ask you to come in and see these Coats of ours and compare the quality and price. Special Quality at \$25.00.

Electric Seal Jackets. Beautiful Electric Seal Jackets, large collar, saten lined, 26 inch. No. 1 quality at \$43. Another beauty with mink collar and lapels, cuffs edged, 26 inch quality. No. 1 quality at \$63. Another quality with sable collar and lapels, cuffs edged 26 inch. No 1 quality at \$58. And a full range of Ladies' Fur Caps and Muffs, Fur Trimmings in Bear, Thibet, Angora, Coney, and many other Furs.

Grey Lamb, Bucharran, Racon Jackets, And a full range of Ladies' Fur Caps and Muffs, fur trimmings in Bear, Thibet, Angora, Coney and many other furs.

Men's Racon Coats. \$51.00 Best quality matched at 45.00 Men's Wombat Coats \$18.50 Men's Wallaby Coats, 22.00 Men's Seal Coats, Lamb Collar, 24.00

A Very Complete Line in Fur Neckwear. Made up in the newest styles in the following fine Furs: Silver Fur, Sable, Mink, Martin, Seal, Thibet, Lamb, Opposum, Coney, etc. Prices start at 50c each and go up according to quality, \$1.05, \$1.50, \$1.85, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00, and up to \$20. Special line Thibet Ruffs at \$2.90, \$3.75 and \$4.20. Special line Fur Collars at \$2.25 and \$3.25 each. Ladies' Fur Mitts \$2 a pair. COMPARE OUR FURS AND PRICES.

Men's Underwear

Special Fleece Lined Underwear at 90c a suit. Beats anything we ever offered at \$1 a suit, in all sizes and selling like everything. Ask to see it.

Special Heavy All Wool \$1.00 per Suit. A number of different kinds at the price, will wear, and are heavy and warm, men's size only.

Heavy Unshrinkable Underwear at \$1.50 per Suit. This line is proving a splendid seller. It's really extra good value for the money, and is unshrinkable.

Stanfield's Unshrinkable in Every Weight \$2.00 per Suit. According to weight \$2 a Suit up. We have sold more of this good Underwear already than we did all last season, and have just opened a large repeat order. We'll give you back your money if it shrinks. No risk if you buy it at WEEKS & CO'S.

Farmers' Mitts. The celebrated "Komfort" Mitts, heavy and the warmest Mitt on the market. Special good value at 50 cents per pair. See our Gloves and Mitts at 50c to \$3 per pair. Sweaters, Tophirts, Braces, etc. White Shirts, Collars, Neckties, etc., etc., at lowest prices.



Every Overcoat Sale Makes us Friends

Every time we sell a nice dark grey Grosvenor Overcoat at \$8 or \$10 we make a friend...

OVERCOATS \$5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12

The \$5 Coats are all right too for the money, and the quality is better as the price advances...

We Buy Our Clothing Right We Sell Our Clothing Right

We are after your friendship and your Clothing trade; we're prepared to go a long way for it.

PROWSE BROS. The Wonderful Cheap Men.

Santa Clause HAS ARRIVED AT

TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE

WITH A FULL LINE OF

Toys Dolls Games Picture Books etc., etc.



Boys' Own Annual, Girls Own Annual, Chatter Box, Mother Goose, Fairy Tales, & hundreds of the popular Story Books for the young folks.

We have the Largest, Newest, and best Stock of

XMAS GOODS

WE EVER CARRIED.

Our Toys are all new, not an old or broken one in our store.

A splendid line of LEATHER GOODS, in

Purses, Pocket Books, Writing Cases, etc.

Also the largest and newest line of

Catholic Prayer Books

Carried by any store in this city. We make a specialty of Catholic Supplies.

You will be made welcome at our store. Our prices are the lowest in the city. We would like to see you between this and Xmas Eve. Come to

TAYLOR'S Bookstore.

Directly opposite front door of Post Office.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

SAUNDERS & Newsome have taken the building known as Terlizzi's corner, and formerly occupied by McKinley Bros.

The wrecked schooner 'Citizen,' stranded at Black Point, near East Point, as well as her cargo of coal, was sold at auction yesterday.

Efforts made to float the schooner Harry Knowlton, ashore on Tryon Shoals, have been unsuccessful, and the vessel will be stripped and sold.

ACCORDING to late despatches from Hungary, 63 persons were frozen to death during last week. Wolves are devastating the sheep folds and have devoured three shepherds.

Mr. Charles Melius, Little Harbor, brought a load of fresh herring to Souris during last week, which were sold by the dozen. Hever expects to have fresh herring so near the end of the year.

We have to return our thanks to A. E. McEachen, 'The Shoe Man,' for handsome calendars for 1903; also to Mr. R. K. Rogers & Co., Insurance Agents, for calendars, of the Caledonian Insurance Co., and the Norwich Union. Both these are handsomely gotten up calendars.

The S. S. Elliot sailed on Tuesday last week with a heavy cargo consisting of 828 bbls of pork, 2 boxes fresh meat, 130 carcasses of mutton, 354 pigs, 30 half pigs, 107 tubs and 6 cases of lard, one barrel of meat, 2 kgs. of pigs' feet, 318 bags of oats, 25 tubs butter, 287 cases eggs, and 467 bags potatoes, shipped by different parties. She was detained in the harbor by the ice until yesterday morning when the soft weather enabled her to get out and proceed on her voyage.

The schr. Saint Marie is frozen in at Musquodoboit, N. S., and the crew West India colored men came to Halifax and go by the Beta to their homes. The schooner was chartered by H. C. Outerbridge for the West Indies, and was to receive the cargo of the 'Evolution' which is also frozen in at Governor's Island. Mr Outerbridge has been doubly unfortunate.

Mr. Finley Peter Dunne, known to fame as 'Mr. Dooley,' was married in New York, on the 9th inst., to Miss Margaret Abbott. Rev. Father O'Brien, Pardon, S. J., officiated at the ceremony. Telegrams of congratulation were received from North Edge, Justin McCarthy, Sir Henry Irving, Sir Conan Doyle, and several lesser literary lights. What will his friend 'Mr. Hinnessey' say?

C. M. B. A. officers, Branch 350, St. Stewart: Chancellor, Rev. A. P. McLaughlin; President, Jas. D. McIntyre; 1st Vice, Pius McDonald; 2nd, de, Victor Egan; Rec. Sec. D. F. Egan; Assistant to, J. H. McDonald; Financial Secy, A. J. Grant; Treasurer, J. A. Kelly; Marshal, R. J. McDonald; Guards, Jas. Giles; Trustees, A. Morrison, A. J. McDonald, J. J. McDonald.

The Schr. Swift Current which had been given up for lost arrived at Georgetown on Wednesday last with coal for C. Lyons & Co. Her cargo was sold to McDonald & Westaway. The vessel was lost North Sydney 16 days previously for Charlottetown. She was owned and commanded by Captain Murray of Port Hawkesbury and had on board captain and five men. Joseph Salter & Son of Sydney had received word that all hope of the vessel reaching port had been abandoned.

The Schooner River Bell, 73 tons, owned by C. Robins & Co., Paspheba, P. Q., left laden from Gaspé to Paspheba, left Gaspé on the 7th inst. Shortly afterwards she broke her foremast and a snow storm came on. They lost their bearings and drifted until Wednesday morning, 10th inst., when they went ashore at Cape Wolf, Prince Edward Island, and the crew being rescued by Messrs. John A. Morrison, F. Blaphard and Pius Howard.

The mail steamer Pretorian arrived at Halifax on Monday the 15th, with mails. Her passenger list was as follows: Salmer, 22; second cabin, 66; steerage, 259; besides a large number of immigrants. From leaving Montreal she encountered very bad weather, and on Thursday and Friday she made but very little progress, the sea being mountain high and the weather very thick off Halifax. The steamer as she came up the harbor looked like one of the white squadron. She was coated with ice and huge icicles hung from her masts.

A HALIFAX despatch of the 20th, says: Fugitives totaling nearly ten thousand dollars and extending over a considerable period have been brought to light in this city, and as a result the Union Bank of Halifax has been victimized out of a large sum, and a Dartmouth business man is now speeding fast away from Halifax. The person who it is alleged committed the 'heist' is W. H. Gentles, a well known business man of Dartmouth. The facts of the case are somewhat difficult to ascertain as those interested do not wish to give out any information at present. Gentles was arrested by detective Power on Monday afternoon, while fleeing from N. S.

A GREAT freshet at East River, broke up the ice at New Glasgow, N. S., on Wednesday last. The schooner Beatrice, Murray Harbor, which was rozen in at Pablo Wharf, was carried from her moorings, and now lies below the town in the ice jam. She has four hundred bushels potatoes and a quantity of oats. The schooner and cargo are the property of Capt Bayles. It is impossible to do anything with her as she now lies. The vessel and cargo are valued at about \$800. Uninsured. Crew are all ashore. From present appearance it will likely be a total wreck.

This Manchester Trader entered Georgetown Harbor on Thursday afternoon last, and anchored about three quarters of a mile from the Railway wharf. The Captain who seemed to be unreasonably cautious stated as his reason for anchoring so far off that although the water was of ample depth there was not, judging by his chart, sufficient deep water inside for his ship to swing. His chart does not give an accurate description of the harbor and he was told by a well-informed captain that he had three quarters of a mile in which to turn. The steamer Electro, and Brigantine Aquila, were engaged to convey the cargo from the Railway Wharf. About twenty physicians and laborers from Charlottetown, assisted in stowing the cargo. She finished loading yesterday evening.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

This Italian warship Carlo Alberto has sailed from Sydney for Venezuela.

The Dutch cruiser De Ruyter, which it was proposed to send to the West Indies, has been ordered to proceed to Venezuela to protect Dutch interests there.

The Brussels correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says that Germany is supporting the claims of Belgium against Venezuela which amounts to £20,000.

The Crown Princess of Saxony left her home at Dresden on the night of the 12th December, and the police of every Kingdom in Europe have not been able to find any trace of her.

A DESPATCH from New Marghetan, in Russian Turkistan, reports that the recent earthquake at And-jan killed 2,500 people in or near that city and destroyed 16,000 houses.

An international freight train was wrecked at Dorchester, N. B., yesterday morning. An engine and five cars left the track. A brakeman named Walter Clark was killed.

MONDAY was declaration day for the West River district when Mr. W. G. Currie was declared elected with a majority of 27 votes. Yesterday was declaration day at Georgetown, and Mr. Morson was declared elected by 23 majority.

At a meeting of the City Council held Monday, it was decided that buyers of export poultry be not allowed to purchase at the market, but to buy in the presence of a temporary market. The market clerk has been so instructed.

Two children of Stephen McNeill, near Sydney C. B., fell through the ice in night of their home on Saturday last. Their mother went to the rescue and she also perished. The three bodies were carried under the ice.

As a result of an accident at the Strait of Canso on Sunday last, the government of the United Kingdom has been obliged to pay some months. The beam supporting the float on the Scotia's deck broke and the float dropped down. The old Mulgrave is now on the service.

ALL traffic has been stopped at Laramie, Wyoming, in consequence of a blizzard that set in on Friday last. It is the worst ever known there, and there must be considerable loss of life. This blizzard has reached Northern Colorado, where trains are stopped by snow-drift.

On Saturday the Dominion cabinet decided that the law should take its course in the case of the two murderers Labelle and Lorimer. The former is to be hanged on January 10th, and the latter on January 15th. Their offense is the murder of three French Canadians while the five were journeying to Dawson in June last.

The fishing schooner Manhasett arrived at Boston on Monday with ten survivors of the wrecked schooner Frank A. Palmer and Louise B. Cary, in collision on Wednesday night off Thatcher's Island. Eleven men were killed and the vessel was lost. Both vessels were coal laden and bound for Boston.

Rev. John F. McDonald, ecclesiastical student of St. Mary's Seminary, Baltimore, was ordained priest in the Cathedral of Baltimore, by His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons, on Saturday last, the 20th inst. The young priest belongs to the diocese of Hartford, and is a son of our friend Mr. John E. McDonald of Noank, formerly of St. Peter's Bay in this Province. Father McDonald was the first priest in St. Patrick's Church, Mystic, Conn., on Christmas Day. Ad Multos Annos.

The third commandment; 'Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath day,' was the text of Rev. Father Murphy's Advent sermon in the Cathedral on Sunday evening last. The Rev. preacher pointed out that this precept of the Decalogue ceased to be of binding force, with the termination of the Jewish dispensation. Under the Christian dispensation the Sunday, or first day of the week was set apart to be kept holy in the proper sense. The ceremonies and sacrifices of the old law were only types and figures of those of the new; and a proper manner of observing the Sunday was as a much more lofty and sublime character than the observance of the Jewish Sabbath. By faithfully observing the Sunday we are laying up treasures for ourselves in that blessed life beyond the grave where there is eternal Sunday.

Wireless Telegraphy.

Messages were exchanged on Monday last, by wireless telegraphy, via Sydney, C. B., between the Governor General of Canada and King Edward.

OTTAWA, Dec 22—Shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon the Governor General received the following message from Marconi at Glace Bay, C. B.: 'I have the honor to inform Your Excellency that your message to His Majesty has been transmitted by me from Cape Breton to Cornwall by wireless telegraphy and has been forwarded to its destination.'

DIED

At Abram's Village, on 3rd inst. Modeste Barriault, aged 85 years, relict of the late Maxime Arsenault, leaving four children. R. I. P.

At Charlottetown, Dec. 16th, 1902, Florence Blanch, youngest daughter of Mr. John Hopkins, aged 15 months.

At St. George's, on the 9th inst., Mrs. Elizabeth, nee Brannan, nee Isabella, eldest daughter of the late George C. McDonald, aged 18 years. Deceased was a young lady of amiable disposition, and her early demise is much regretted by many friends and acquaintances. R. I. P.

STRAYED.

There has been on the premises of the subscriber since first of November last, two young cattle (one heifer three years old, spotted black and white, one heifer two and a half years) of a greyish color, blunt. If not claimed before the 20th of January 1903, they will be sold on that date to pay all expenses.

RONALD J. McINNIS. Hallow River, Dec. 24, 1902—31

Warm Winter Clothing!



Sheepskin Lined. \$4.50 PATON'S



Astrachan Mitts, \$1.00 Black and Grey PATON'S

Wind and Waterproof Ulsters \$7.50 and \$9 PATON'S

The best way to learn some things about Paton's Clothing

Is to try a few of their Suits and Overcoats on—we are positive we can show styles that you have never before seen in ready-to-put-on clothes, and prices are reasonable, not fancy. The many compliments we have received, the many assertions we make, do not in the least exaggerate what we can show you in ready-to-put-on clothes.

NO MIDDLEMEN'S PROFIT Great Sale of Ready-made Clothing

We save from buying direct from the mills and most of our clothing is made up for special order. 500 men's Overcoats from \$5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.00 up to 15.00. 387 HOME MADE SUITS and Ready-to-wear Pants made from ISLAND and MONCTON cloth. 285 Men's ULSTERS \$3.75 to \$10.00. Sheep Skin Coats \$4.50. Fur Coats for men \$15.00 at PATON & CO'S. Tryon Tweeds are the best on the Island, and they are made from P. F. I. wool—no shoddy, but pure, genuine wool. We have purchased a big stock of All-wool Tweeds, every yard guaranteed. Reid's double and twisted tweed weighs heavier, is better made, wool is better scoured, is better finished than any tweed imported into P. E. Island. That is why we buy and sell it. There is no better blanketing, druggot or yarn for the farmer made. In factory flannels we carry a stock of browns, greys and greens at 33 cents per yard. Wool is bringing a small price this year and so we are asking a small price for our goods. This quality of flannel generally brings 42c. elsewhere. Our All Wool Druggot and Flannels for men's underwear we are selling at 3c. Some people ask 45 cents for imported stuff that will not wear as well. Remember to encourage home industry every time when the price is lower and the goods better. Factory Blanketing in white union, two yards wide, 66 cents; Grey Union Blanketing 66 cents; White all-wool Blanketing 80 cents; sold everywhere at 90 cents; Tryon White Blanketing, two yards wide, no better made anywhere, 85 cents; Big snap in Grey Factory Flannel at 33 cents; big shipment of Factory Yarn, heavy, suitable for footing leggings—big hank of Black, Grey or Red Yarn for 12 cents. Other people ask 15 cents for this yarn; Stanfield's famous Stockinette 25 and 30 cents per yard; Factory-made Stockings for ladies and girls or boys, will make a splendid overall, 25 cents a pair; Factory Cloth all wool Tweeds—from 35 to 50 cents a yard; Factory Tweeds—Tryon make—40, 50, 60 and 75 per yard, in a dozen different patterns; big shipment of the famous Double and Twisted.

HEAVY ULSTERS \$3.75, \$4.50 and 5.50. REFERRERS, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.00. OVERCOATS, \$5.00 \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.00. Island D. B. Suits, \$12.00, worth \$14.50.

JAS. PATON & CO.



Christmas Supplies!

Don't forget the 'EUREKA GROCERY' when making your holiday purchases. Our stock is complete, our prices right, and the quality of our goods we always guarantee. Your wants in any of the following lines we can fill to your satisfaction both in quality and price.

- Preserves. We have established a splendid trade in Homemade Preserves. And why not? We sell you a pure article for the price, others charge for imported compounds. We have a big stock on hand of Raspberries, Plum, Green Gage, Strawberry, Gooseberry and Black Currant, in 1 lb. pails, 4 and 6 lb. crocks; also by the lb. You will want 5 or 10 lbs. of Tea for the winter. Let us fill this order for you. We have a big Tea trade, and can give you good values. 5 lbs. Tea, 90c. 5 lbs. Better, \$1.00 5 lbs. Eureka, 1.15 Hazard's, Brahmin also in stock Also Union Blend and Red Rose Blend.

R. F. Maddigan & Co. QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

WINTER CLOTHING

J. B. McDonald & Co. ARE GIVING THE GREATEST VALUES IN

OVERCOATS, REEFERS,

\$3.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$9.00, \$10.00. \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$6.00 to \$10.00.

500 pairs Men's Separate Pants

From \$1.00 to \$4.50, a good range of patterns to choose from.

Men's Tweed Suits, Men's Worsted Suits,

\$5.00 to \$12.50. Everyone should see our Clothing before buying. We are the people to deal with, to save money for you.

J. B. McDONALD & CO. Leaders in Low Prices.

Ladies' Cloth Skirts

Half Price

Twenty-nine Skirts made of Serg., Cloth, Lustre and Reversible Cloth on sale at half price.

Table with 2 columns: Price and Description. Includes items like Skirts for \$1.38, \$1.80, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.88, \$3.38, \$3.60, \$4.38.

F. PERKINS & CO.,

The Millinery Leaders. Sunnyside. Phone 223.

New Neckwear

For Xmas

All the pretty patterns and delicate colorings that give a stylish appearance to the wearer are here, in the most tempting array of Fall Neckwear ever shown in this city. There are:

Reversible Four-in-hands Bows, Ascots, and Flowing Ends

Made from the newest patterns in silks. Prices range from 25c to \$1.10. If there is anything new in Neckwear you'll find it at

D. A. BRUCE'S, Clothier and Furnisher.

THE WONDERFUL FLOWER OF WOXINDON.

An Historical Romance of the Times of Queen Elizabeth.

BY REV. JOSEPH SPILLMAN, S. J.

PUBLISHED BY PERMISSION OF B. HERDER, ST. LOUIS, MO.

(Reproduced from the Montreal True Witness.)

CHAPTER XXIX.

Such, then, was the purport of the letter. My feelings as I transcribed it may be imagined. It was a political intrigue on a large scale, every detail of which had been carefully considered, for a rising of the Catholic party in England, Scotland and Ireland, simultaneously with the landing of Spanish or French forces on our shores. In concert, and in concert with this, was the project of her release from captivity to be entertained.

It is true, that she had, as Walsingham anticipated, laid open "her very heart." But nowhere was there a syllable that suggested the existence of any design on Elizabeth's life; nowhere a hint, which betrayed any suspicion of Savage's proposal. On the contrary, the only mention that was made of her Majesty, clearly showed that the possibility of such a design had not entered into her calculations.

Once more I carefully collated my copy with the original making Philippe repeat it word by word, in case a line, an expression might have been passed over. But no, it was impossible to detect, the slightest omission.

I was at a loss now how to act, since the letter afforded no ground for proceedings against Mary Stuart. It showed that she participated in a conspiracy to dethrone Elizabeth, but not to take her life. Should I arrest Windsor, as I was commissioned to do, if the contents of the letter were what my uncle expected, or would he make another attempt to cause her to incriminate herself? As the result of my reflections, I determined to despatch Philippe and his comrades to London that same night, with the whole batch of letters, and one from me begging for further instructions without delay. This announcement was anything but welcome to the two men. Philippe coughed significantly, and said: "Excuse me, sir, but it appears you have got found in this letter all you wished to find. Well, when anything is written in cipher like that, it is nothing wonderful, if, on closer examination, one remarks one or two words which one might have overlooked just at first." He emphasized his words with a sly wink.

"But we went through it line by line," I answered; for I thought he could hardly have the audacity to propose to make interpolations. "So we did," he rejoined with a disagreeable smile. "But sharp eyes—eyes sharpened with a purpose—can read between the lines, you have only got to tell me what you would like."

"You reason," I exclaimed, "how can you venture to propose such a thing to me? Walsingham shall hear of that!"

"Tell him, and welcome," was the insolent answer. "One would have thought you had known enough of the secrets of statecraft, and learnt enough in your neighbor's school not to make an outcry about a simple little artifice. For what do you suppose the prudent Secretary of State keeps us in his pay, if not to make use of us?"

"As spies, not as forgers," I replied. "At any rate you shall not falsify this letter, on which the life of a Queen depends, if I can prevent it. I am heartily glad that I have a correct copy, and thus possess the means of detecting alterations and exposing falsifications. Mark that, Mr. Philippe; and now give orders for your horses, for in an hour's time you must be in the saddle. Gifts shall follow in the morning."

I leave it to my friend Windsor to relate what occurred in the course of the next few days, before the return of my messengers from London.

CHAPTER XXX.

No sooner had my betrothed with her little brother, their uncle, who had just escaped from prison, and Miss Cecil, been taken aboard the Jeanette, than she weighed anchor and put out to sea. Mean while our hostman rowed us across to the opposite side of the river, where we landed. It was with considerable difficulty that we got out of the hands of the coastguards, who, on the lookout for seminary priests and Jesuits, made sure that they had a prize in us. At length we succeeded in convincing them with the aid of a donour, that we were not the persons they wanted, and we were allowed to go. Uncle Remy directed his course over Barking to Woxindon; I proceeded through Worcester and Leicester to Burton, which I reached without any mishap. The morning after my arrival I had rather a stormy encounter with St. Barbe, as he has already stated. I was astonished to hear him accuse me of having seduced the affections of his lady-love, and at first

one glance told me as plainly as words could have done, that our conspiracy was discovered. The messenger received orders to go on to the castle, and a few moments later St. Barbe re-entered my room, closing the door behind him carefully. I thought he had come to arrest me, and instinctively reached out my hand for my rapier, which hung on the wall, for I was resolved to sell my life dearly.

"Let the sword alone, Windsor," he said gravely. "You cannot think I should be so basely ungrateful, as to send the man who saved my life, to the gallows. Besides, I should be all the more reluctant to do so, because I feel certain that you would never agree to any dishonorable design, whatever your confederates might desire. Yes, you have guessed right, Walsingham has long been cognizant of this conspiracy; he has intercepted the Scottish Queen's last letter, and now gives me orders to arrest you quietly, and send you to London, as soon as your fellow conspirators are in his hands. Take care, therefore, and be well out of the way, when the soldiers surround the Mayflower to-night. If you die hard and take the road through Loughborough and Spalding, you might reach the Wash to-morrow, and get out of the country before I can overtake you. If you want money, I will gladly lend you the amount you require."

Deeply touched by his kindness, I thanked him with all my heart. I had money, but I owed my life to him.

"Now we are quits," he said, shaking my hand. "Farewell, we are not likely to see one another again on earth." Thereupon he left the room quickly, and disappeared in the direction of the castle. It was some moments before I could collect my thoughts sufficiently to decide upon the course of action. In such cases it is my habit to say a decade of the rosary, and I did so then. I had not got far before I saw my way clearly. Walsingham had not had my comrades arrested yet, because he wished to take them all at once, and that before two days are over, otherwise he would have had me sent to London in custody at once. There is still a possibility that I could warn them in time; consequently it was not to the Wash, but to London, that I must ride as fast as my horse could carry me.

A few things were quickly put together, and leaving on my table a sum sufficient to pay my host, I slipped down to the stables, saddled my mare, and led her out by a back way through the lanes into the country. There I mounted, and walked for a short distance at a foot's pace. Not a soul met me. On reaching the nearest wood, I turned and looked once more at Charley, and thought with a sigh of the unhappy prisoner within the castle walls. Then I put spurs to my horse, and rode forward on my errand of life and death.

At nightfall the next day I reached London, and entered the city by the Highgate, through which a drove of bullocks were passing. Perhaps the guard took me for one of the cattle dealers, for I was covered with sweat and dust, and bestrode a nag that no gentleman would care to own. It was the only substitute I could obtain when my beautiful horse broke down, half way between Stratford and Bedford. Wending my way through a labyrinth of alleys and ill-lighted streets, I reached Fleet street and the Strand. Our house by the Anchor Inn looked deserted passing it by, I proceeded to Babington's residence at Temple Bar. The servant who appeared at my call informed me that his master and the other gentlemen were gone by Pooley's invitation to an entertainment, he thought at the Paris Garden. I asked if anything special had occurred? Yes, the man replied; Capt Fortesque, the officer who was staying with Mr. Babington, was arrested the day before yesterday. His master had been a good deal alarmed by this at first; but all was quiet again now.

I felt not a moment was to be lost. Fortesque, or rather Father Ballard, in prison, and all our confederates invited by Pooley to a banquet, manifestly with the intention of arresting them one and all! But I could not make my appearance at the Paris Garden as I then was, without arousing suspicion; I therefore stopped at an inn near the Temple, put up my horse, and got myself into somewhat better trim. Taking a slip of paper, I wrote on it the words: "Fly, fly immediately; W. knows all; the last letter from Oh, is in his possession. You are surrounded by his emissaries; fly for your life. No signature was needed, as Babington knew my hand writing. With this billet in my pocket I left the inn, after ordering supper to be ready on my return, and hastened in the direction of the river. My way led past our house. I got over the hedge into the garden, and finding the back door ajar, I entered shouting the names of Barbar and Tichbourne. At first there was no answer, then a door upstairs was heard to open, and a voice called out, in harsh and grating tones: "Come up sir, Mr. Tichbourne will be back directly."

(To be continued.)

GOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE Without regular action of the bowels. Laxative Liver Pills regulate the bowels, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and all affections of the organs of digestion. Price 25 cents. All druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ontario, 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Don't forget the old man with the fish on his back.

For nearly thirty years he has been traveling around the world, and is still traveling, bringing health and comfort wherever he goes.

To the consumptive he brings the strength and flesh he so much needs.

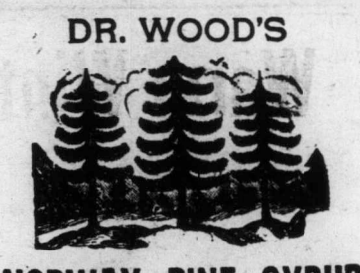
To all weak and sickly children he gives rich and strengthening food.

To thin and pale persons he gives new firm flesh and rich red blood.

Children who first saw the old man with the fish are now grown up and have children of their own.

He stands for Scott's Emulsion of pure cod liver oil—a delightful food and a natural tonic for children, for old folks and for all who need flesh and strength.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ontario, 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.



NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Stops the irritating cough, loosens the phlegm, soothes the inflamed tissues of the lungs and bronchial tubes, and produces a quick and permanent cure in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and the first stages of Consumption.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

MISCELLANEOUS

"Ennui," said the Cynical Cudger, "is the polite society name for laziness. It means 'doing nothing and too tired to stop.'"

Willie—What did you see abroad, Archie? Archie—I don't remember exactly; but I did three countries more than Reggie did, in the same time.

Used internally Hagar's Oil cures Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Quinsy, Pain in the Chest, Croup, etc. Used externally cures Rheumatism, Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords, Sprains, Strains, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, and Bites of Insects.

"They claim that peritonitis is a cure for appendicitis." "I suppose that's on the same principle that beheading is a sure cure for squinting."

Person—They tell me you are a regular contributor to the pages of the Announcer. Wilton—Not to its waste basket.

The breath of the pines is the breath of life to the consumptive. Norway Pine Syrup contains the pine virtues and cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, hoarseness, and all throat and lung troubles, which, if not attended to, lead to consumption.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

"I hear you are going to marry old Brodcares." "Yes." "For the land's sake!" "Yes."

Grandmother gave Annie and Willie an orange. "I wish there were two; but if you divide this one," she said, "each of you will get a taste." As Annie took the fruit-knife from the table, Willie remarked anxiously, "If one of us should sacrifice, I would get two tastes."

British Troop Oil Liniment is without exception the most effective remedy for Cuts, Wounds, Ulcers, Open Sores, Rheumatism, Bites, Stings of Insects, etc. A large bottle 25 cents.

Son of the House—Won't you sing something, Miss Muriel? Miss Muriel—I daren't after such good music as we have been listening to.

Son of the House—But I'd rather listen to your singing than to any amount of good music.

The Christmas Dinner.

In spite of the fact that the word dyspepsia means literally bad cook, it will not be fair for many to lay the blame on the cook if they begin the Christmas Dinner with little appetite and end it with distress or nausea. It may not be fair for any to do that—let us hope for the sake of the cook! The disease dyspepsia indicates a bad stomach, that is a weak stomach, rather than a bad cook, and for a weak stomach there is nothing else equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It gives the stomach vigor and tone, cures dyspepsia, creates appetite, and makes eating the pleasure it should be.

Old Lady—Hello, my little man. I hope you try to be a nice, good little boy. The Youngster—Yes'm, in about a week. 'Tain't quite close 'nough 't Christmas yet.



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

The original kidney specific for the cure of Backache, Diabetes, Bright's Disease and all Urinary Troubles. Don't accept something just as good. See you get the genuine.

They cure when all others fail. Not a Cure All, but purely a Kidney Pill. 50c. per box, or 3 for \$1.25. All dealers or THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO. Toronto, Ont.

OH, MY HEAD!



NERVOUS BILIOUS SICK PERIODICAL SPASMODIC HEADACHES.

Burdock Blood Bitters will do it for you. It regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, purifies the blood and tones up the whole system to full health and vigor.

MISCELLANEOUS

"She is a Russian countess," said one.

"Indeed!" said the other. "Has she much in her own name?" "Has she? She's got the entire alphabet!"

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

She had been shopping and he was naturally disturbed. "I hope you didn't spend much money while you were down town today," he remarked.

"Not a cent, except carfare, George," she answered reassuringly. "I had everything charged."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders contain neither morphine nor opium. They promptly cure Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Headache, Headache of Grippe, Headache of delicate ladies and Headache from any cause whatever. Price 10c. and 25c.

Mamma (to a friend who is lunching with her).—I don't know why it is, but I always eat more when we have company than when we are alone.

Tommy (helping himself to a third piece of cake).—I know why it is—because we have better things to eat.

Messrs. C. C. RICHARDS & Co. Gentlemen,—My three children were dangerously low with diphtheria. On the advice of our priest my wife began the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT. In two hours they were greatly relieved, and in five days they were completely well, and I firmly believe your valuable Liniment saved the lives of my children.

Gratefully yours, ADELBERT LEFEBVRE. Mail's Mills, June 19th, 1899.

Johnny had been told to write a short composition in which he should say something about all the days of the week. The little fellow thought a few minutes, and then triumphantly produced this: "Monday father and I killed a bear; and there was meat enough to last over Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Worms affect a child's health too seriously to neglect. Sometimes they cause convulsions and death. If you suspect them to be present, give Dr. Low's pleasant Worm Syrup, which destroys the worms without injuring the child. Price 25c.

"Now that we are engaged," she said, "of course I can't call you Mr. Parkinson; and even Sebastian seems too long and formal. Haven't you any short pet name?" "Well," replied the happy Parkinson, "the fellows at college used to—er—call me 'Pie-face.'"

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Make Weak Hearts Strong. Make Shaky Nerves Firm.

They are a Sure Cure for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Energy, Brain Fag, After Effects of La Grippe, Palpitation of the Heart, Anemia, General Debility and all troubles arising from a run down system.

They regulate the heart's action and invigorate the nerves. This is what they have done for others! They will do the same for you.

GREAT RELIEF. I have taken Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for palpitation of the heart and shattered nerves, and for both troubles have found great relief.—Mrs. W. Ackers, Ingersoll, Ont.

FEELS SPLENDID NOW. Before taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I was all run down, could not sleep at night and was terribly troubled with my heart. Since taking them I feel splendid. I sleep well at night and my heart does not trouble me at all. They have done me a world of good.—Jas. D. McLeod, Hartsville, P.E.I.

put up in One Pound Glass Jars.

It is a Very Superior Article

And gives splendid satisfaction whatever used.

Try a pot of it from

BEER & COFF, GORDON & MACLELLAN, GROCERS.

Don't Make Any Mistake

The public do not go to a Dry Good Store to purchase Toys, but will patronize those who make a business of buying and selling this class of goods. We do not know the Dry Goods business—do not want to—but we think we know a lot about the Toy and Fancy Goods business—that is a part of our business. We have been at it for years. Come to Santa Claus' Headquarters, the Old Reliable, where you will get new and up-to-date goods, and where you will have ten times the amount of stock to choose from.

Geo. Carter & Co. Santa Claus' Headquarters.

!SAY!

If you want to buy a SATISFACTORY pair of BOOTS or SHOES or anything else in the FOOTWEAR

line, at the greatest saving price to yourself, try—

A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN. QUEEN STREET.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A. LL. B. Barrister & Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, etc. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. Office—London House Building.

Collecting, conveyancing, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

JAMES H. REDDIN, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. CAMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN. Special attention given to Collections. MONEY TO LOAN.

North British and Mercantile INSURANCE COMPANY. ASSETS - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the World. This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses. P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown.

HYNDMAN & CO. Agents. Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.

Quaker MARMALADE

This is a new brand of ORANGE MARMALADE

put up in One Pound Glass Jars.

It is a Very Superior Article

And gives splendid satisfaction whatever used.

Try a pot of it from

BEER & COFF, GORDON & MACLELLAN, GROCERS.

Stoves!

All kinds of Stoves at LOWEST PRICES. Ask to see the "HOTBLAST."

Fennell & Chandler

Suits.

WE KEEP Right to the Front - IN THE Tailoring Trade;

But we do not charge high prices for our Goods—just enough to make you feel satisfied that you are getting the best value in town.

Tweed & Worsted Suits FROM \$14 UP.

JOHN McLEOD & CO. Merchant Tailor.

It Will Pay You TO INVESTIGATE OUR PRICES ON OUR Made-to-Order Suits,

Overcoats, Trousers, Fancy Vests, etc., White Shirts, Colored Shirts, Silk front Shirts, Underclothing, Bathing Suits, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Suspenders, Gloves, Socks, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Tennis Shirts, Waterproof Coats, Umbrellas, Light Summer Coats and Vests, Caps, Collar Buttons, Cuff Links, Tie Clips, etc.

Everything New and Up-to-date.

BEER & COFF, GORDON & MACLELLAN, Men's Outfitters.