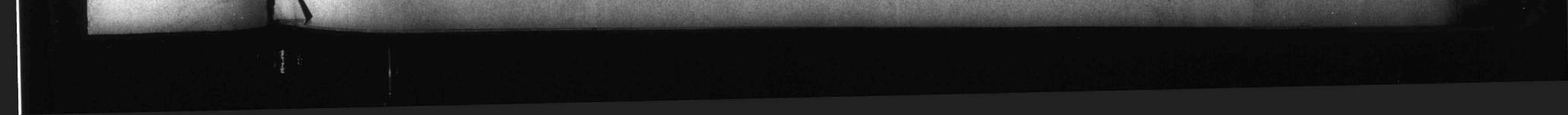


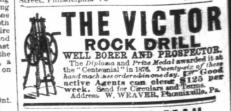
CHEMING LORACCOS	which the British troops now occupy mani- fest symptoms of uncasiness and hostility, and the Spinwarris tribe have been special-	60th Rifles, to which H.R.H. Prince Ar- thur, Duke of Connaught, is attached as	sures as will, promote industry and give employment to the working classes ; fourth,	disposal of the charge made against this tariff	ment, said Mr. Tilley, to give as much protection as possible, and yet not to ask too much money from the needle. The	shipment will demonstrate to all the ad-	Earl Resconsfield stated that Sir Bartle	
NO1 NELSON NAVY, 24, 54	place with 3 000 of these warriors pear	upon hearing of the proposal, the Duke in-	to enact a law to prevent actions being taken to the Supreme Court to recover amounts which come within the juristic-	dustries was also effective. He showed how every tariff discriminated more or less, and this one discriminated in favour	Canada as a whole.	voyage, and will be the first of a large and important trade which merits every atten-	pally to carry out a policy of confederation, such as had been successful in Canada. In retaining him the Government was actuated	
and 6s, in Caddies of 20 lbs.	Peshbolak, on the Kunar river, north-west of Jellalabad, resulting in the defeat of the natives.	tunes of his regiment, leaving his bride to wait till his return, but the authorities at			MR. CARTWRIGHT IS WROTH. Mr. Cartwright began in a falsetto tone to accuse Mr. Tilley of having spoken too lond, and seemed to have taken particular	tion. The scene near the Richmond railway station just now is a lively one. The old	retaining him the Government was actuated solely by a desire to promote the public welfare.	-
LITTLE FAVORITE,	THE CREEK FRONTIER OUESTION.	do, and so the third battalion received marching orders instead.	NICH, to Addish impliconment for debt. SOUTH LANARE.	of our chief industries. Mr. Ives took up the leading objections to the tariff, and disposed of them one by one. In fact this speech was, next to the budget speech, the most sensible, practical and complete that	lond, and seemed to have taken particular offence at Mr. Tilley's knocking his knuc-	horse car stables have been converted into temporary quarters for the large drove of	The House then divided, and Lord Lans- downe's motion was defeated by 156 to 6L	
formgine 6s and 12s, in Caddies of 20 The.	And a second	The old love of service is as strong 200 English soldier to day as over it was. A little incident recently occurred particularly	for the nonnicknon of a Community out of	had been delivated this season on this self-	kles on his desk. Then the ex-Minister went on to detend his position with regard to Mr. Tilley's estimates of 1873.	canadian cattle imported for supment to England. The line of railways a fance can be seen in alive with men and termine	PROTEOTED INDUSTRIES RE-	
PRINCE OF WALES.	ties.	illustrative of this. The 17th Lancers, who were under orders for South Africa.	In Accord Andre Konneckeller Characteristication for Connecting Activity and According to According to According to According to According to According to Acc	at the close, and Mr. Ives fully deserved the applause, for his practical, thoughtful, and striking speech was in strong contrast to the rapid and desultory essays of the	Mr. Tilley's loan, and other mat-	and freight cars, contrasting strangely with the lack of business in town,	MONTREAL, March 25A company is being formed to start an elastic factory at	
*ONTREN" 22s, in boxes of 110 lbs.	ATHENS, March 25It is generally be- lieved the Powers will insist upon the rati-	lacked fifty-two of their full complement, which had to be drafted from the 5th. The latter regiment was on parade at Brighton		the tubic and doodroot copels of and	denounced the loss of revenue that must	KICKED TO DEATH.	Costicooke.	
TIN STAMPS similar to those opposite the Stand-	fication of the frontier in accordance with the recommendations of the Berlin Con-	them told any to step forward who would	form party in the County of Lincoln have at length secured a candidate for the Local Legislature to contest the riding with Mr. Peter McCarthy, the Conservative nominee.	Mr. Oliver kept Mr. Tilley waiting for	tariff, with the sole result of giving two or three refineries to Canada. He contended		opened here next month, giving employment to 400 hands. A new company, named the Lerne	
dard Brands above named are affixed to every plug, and will serve as a	gress. The Athens newspapers declare that internal disturbances are inevitable if they do not.	like to go and fight the Zulus. Almost with one movement, the whole 171 volun- teered, and three sergeants consented to be	From all reports they had very hard work, and it required the labour of two conven-	ister at last not his change He haven hy	it would be cheaper always to get sugar abroad than to get it at home. Mr. Cart- wright has never been able to get into his	Hotel.	Brewing Company, is about beginning operations here, as a result of the national	Program and
guido to desirable goods and as a pro- tection against inferior quality.	CONSTANTINOPLE, March 25A Turk-	reduced to the ranks in order that they	Neelon's most intimate friends to good him	his budget of 1873. This subject has lately been discussed in The Mail and the formes	head the true value of sugar refineries in relation to other industries than the simple	INGERSOLL, Ont., March 26This after- noon, about four o'clock, a most brutal	pency. The St. John's glass factory furnaces were in full blast yesterday morning. The	
All the above named brands of Tobacco in full supply by all the	LONDON, March 25 - A Vienna corres-	of "The Great Lone Land," who arrived	into acceptance. It is understood that Mr. Neelon refused up to the last moment to accept the honour of leading the forlorn	ter's position in regard to the estimates of	not been able to leave that now no one	affair took place in the reading-room of the Royal Hotel here, whereby an old man	work has been commenced under the most favourable auspices.	
FIRST CLASS Grocery Houses throughout the Dominion.	pondent says :-Intelligence has been re- ceived from Janina that Mukhtar Pasha has quitted Previsa, Turkey will take the	sailing.	Torigen Bare way to and bourdenents of mis		Mr. Plumb rose at midnight. In open-	named Reuben Smith was kicked to death by a painter named Chas. Moore. It seems that some time ago Smith, who was	Baby Farming in Hamilton. HAMILTON, March 25.—Yesterday even-	
W. C. McDONALD,	necessary measures for the defence of Epirus	man arounted at Newgate Monday morning	that so sure were they that he would not	Mr. Tilley's estimates of revenue appear impossible of attainment as compared with expenditure, Mr. Cartwright was compelled	ing his speech he referred to Mr. Cart- wright's assault on Mr. Tilley's use of loud	employed by Geo. Kemthill, liveryman, as ostler, had a row with Moore, who, since	ing Coroner MacKelcan held an inquest, in the city hall, on the cause of death of	
Legal Notices.	000 men and a hundred cannon for the fortification of the various frontier towns.		declined. Finally they came back to Mr.	to force the public accounts. Mr. Tilley,	der was that Mr. Tilley had been so calm,	hitting him with a neck yoke. To-day	while being farmed by the woman Smith. In the evidence of Smith, she stated	
TOTICE TO CREDITORS.	HER MAJESTY'S VISIT TO ITALY	arose about some money, which she claim- ed had been taken from her. Simms kissed the woman twice, then immediately	cepted no nomination would be made. WELLAND,	signed by Mr. Brydges, showing that the sum of over \$500,000 ought to have been	years, been made the object of the vilest	the stove in the Royal Hotel, when Moore	that the child was put in her charge by	
	Embarkation at Portsmonth. LONDON, March 25.—Her Majesty the	kissed the woman twice, then immediately cut her throat with a razor. She broke away from him, and ran from the house, falling dead in the street. The carotid artery and windpipe were both severed. Simms was arrested after a stout resistance, and confessed the deed, After trial and conviction he was sentenced to be hanged. The prisoner evinced but little emotion at the trial. At the usual hour this morning the execution took place only the Sheriff's officers the	PORT ROBINSON, March 25.—At a gen- eral meeting of the Liberal-Conservative Association of the County of Wellard hold	charged to capital and not to expenditure. Also Mr. Tilley showed that a number of expenses, such as the extra ression and the	Mr. George Brown of having wrecked and ruined the Liberal party-the one by his	called on Moore to stop, and teld him to get out of the house, when Moore put on	been feeding it on biscuits, milk and water. She had four children under her care since	
Township of York, in the said County of York, deceased, are required to present their claims to the undersigned administrator to the estate, at his place,	mouth for Cherbourg en route for Italy, where she intends to spend some	The carotid artery and windpipe were both severed. Simms was arrested after	here to-day a very large and enthusiastic gathering was assembled, over three hun-	new election, were not and could not be taken into calculation in his estimates of	Plumb discussed at considerable length the loans of Mr. Cartwright and the loan of	his coat and went away. Smith was then carried into the wash-room, where he died in a few minutes. Moore gave himself up	September. Three of them died, and the fourth was adopted. She was to receive \$6 per month for caring for the deceased.	
E- Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of late Mark Barker, of the claims against the state of late Mark Barker, of the claims against the state of late Mark Barker, of the in the said Township of York, on or before the first of July, 1879, or in default thereof, their claims will be debarred and precluded from payment by said administrator out of the said estate. All debts to	weeks in quiet seclusion. The weather was intensely cold and instead of the pleasant aunshine which generally attends her	a stout resistance, and confessed the deed, After trial and conviction he was	dred being present. Mr. Daniel Near, of the Township of Humberstene, was nom- inated by Capt. William Buchner and	expenditure for 1873. This part of the Finance Minister's speech was made neces- sary by Mr. Cartwright's assault, and it.	Mr. Tilley, and declared, amid the applause of the House, that the reputation of Mr.	to Constable Keeney, who placed him in gaol.	She also stated that she was the mother of five children.	1
be paid as they become due. go- ROBERT A. HUNTER, Wexford. Tal Dated 14th day of March, A.D., 1879. 384-1	Majesty's public appearances a severe snow storm prevailed. Her Majesty, contrary	evinced but little emotion at the trial. At the usual hour this morning the execution	seconded by Mr. Jacob Schiel and unani- mously chosen as the nominee of the party	was a complete and perfect reply. THE LOAN.	above that of any of the political charlatans who assailed him. Mr. Plumb continued	old man, and was between fifty and sixty years of age. Moore has been drinking	fied that she knew Smith, whose name was Young, and before that Dawson. She had	· /
TOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN	Paris or Berlin, but will proceed forth- with to the Italian retreat which has been	took place, only the Sheriff's officers, the prison chaplain and a few members of the press being present. Immediately after the execution the body was buried with quick lime in the anclouve of the prison.	to contest the riding at the coming election. Mr. Near, who was present, accepted the nomination and made an appropriate speech.	Mr. Tilley also dealt with Mr. Cart- wright's assault on his lean. He said that he had found that the guarantee loans had	an encoure speech for more shall all hour.	very hard of late. He is about twenty-	ived with her two years, but never saw	
S. I that the Dominion Telegraph Company intend to apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Can- our ada at its next session for an Act to amend its Acts of Incerporation, whereby the Directors may be	selected for her and where she will decline to receive visits. The arrival of the Queen at Portsmouth, to which place	the execution the body was buried with quick lime in the ancientre of the prison.	being followed by a number of other gen- tlemen. It was moved by Mr. E. W. Brookfield, seconded by Mr. James Brown	and a standard the second s	that steel has, under certain limitations as to time, been placed on the free list. This is deemed an important concession in the	jury, they met at the Royal Hotel to-	The medical evidence of Dr. Jas. White showed that there were external marks of	1
empowered to lease its lines or any portion thereof 3.13 and generally for such other amendments in relation to the mode of conducting the Company's business	she came in a special train, and her em- barkation in the royal yacht Victoria and	UNITED STATES.	and, resolved :	membled in and them mans faneed on the			crepitant throughout. The left lung wan dotted with eachymosia. The right ven	
a and generally for such other amendments in reasons to the mode of conducting the Company's business as may be deemed expedient. By order of the Board. F. ROPER, Secretary.	Albert, were witnessed by a large concourse of people, who welcomed her with many	The New York police closed several walking matches on Sunday for violating	the Dominion Government in bringing down the tariff now in force, and in so far as the duties on breadstuffs are concerned would deprecate any	on them to brokers and ethers. That Mr. Cartwright had looked after his party and	THE REVISED TARIFF.	coroner chose Dr. Williams to make the post mortem examination, which will be	blood. The brain was very much congested	1
S. Toronto, 19th Dec., 1878. 369-11.	expressions of loyalty. Upon arrival at Cherbourg, her Majesty will take a special train provided for her by order of the	years pastor of the Congregational church	change in the direction of lowering the present rates.	of 1878 when interest was low was a	OTTAWA, March 26.—The following are	attend court at Woodstock to-morrow, the	After a short deliberation the jury re-	
THE AUTOMATIC FOUNTAIN PEN HOLDER	French Government, and proceed at once on her journey through France and Switzerland to her destination. She	resigned to enter the Episcopal ministry.	LABOUR NOTES. PORT COLBORNE, March 19The strike	point well and forcibly taken by Mr. Tilley. For himself he had been forced	by the Finance Minister in his supplemen- tary financial statement to-night :	investigation was adjourned until to-mor- row evening, at seven o'clock, in the Town Hall. Mr. J. C. Hegler, barrister, of this	turned the following verdict :	
with nickel-plated pen attached, for the desk of pocket. IT FILLS ITSELF by suction from as	will go by way of Caen, Tours and the Mont Cenis tunnel. Her travelling party consists of the Princess Beatrice, a lady	tatives on the question of woman suffrage	on the canal works still continues. Some fifteen or twenty stonecutters came over	time by the act of Mr. Cartwright and he had a right to expect more honorable and	Parafine candles, to be 5 cents per lb. instead of 4c. Sperm and other candles not tallow, to pay 25	risoner. Great excitement prevails.	nourishment while under the care of Mrs. Smith, alias Mrs. Young.	
inkstand as quickly and easily as taking a single dip with a common pen, is reversible and can e	and a maid of houour, General Ponsonby Captain Edwards and Dr. Jenner, beside	the constitution to the people.	from the States this evening to take the place of those out on the strike. Trouble is expected in the morning when they start	THE BANKS.	per cent. Instead of 20 per cent. Babbit metal, to pay 10 per cent. Buttons of all kinda 25 per cent. dvalorem. Checked and striped shirtings, 2 cents per yard	SITTING BULL'S THREATENED	Not Deserving of Pity. Beggared spendthrifts, to whom money	,
office table, and will not drop ink in any pressure the flow of ink being produced by a slight pressure	a number of servants. The King of Italy had placed the royal train of the Alt Italia line at her Majesty's disposal, and	been discovered thirty miles south-east of	to work. There are not so many drunken men on the streets to-day. The Magis-	ing facilities to the banks and mercantile	Cotton duck or canvas and sail twine, 5 per cent.	CTTAWA, March 25Dr. Schultz, M.P.,	has no exchange value but pleasure. Persons who will persist in dying by inches with dyspepsia and liver diseases when Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Dis	Contraction and the second
half a quire of legal cap paper at one filling. This novel and useful article has never been introduced in the Provinces and will make a rich harvest for in the Province and will make a rich harvest for	had ordered the royal carriages at Monz to be in waiting for her at Arona, but th Queen declined these, preferring to mak	a from a shaft sunk some time ago is said to have assayed over \$2,000 to a ton.	twelve or fifteen of yesterday's prisoners to Welland gaol to-day, fining and discharg-	men by accepting cheques for duties, and in doing so he made a scathing attack on Mr. Cartwright's dealings with Senator Simpson's bank which was received with	Dried apples to pay 2 cents per lb. All other dried fruit 25 per cent. Hats, caps and bonnets, 25 per cent. Hatsers' plush of silk or oothon, 10 per cent. Canada plates and sheet iron, 124 per cent. Iron and steel wire, reduced to 25 per cent. All iron castings, to pay 25 per cent. Gas, water and sever pipe of cast fron, 25 per cent.	yesterday received a letter from a trapper near Sitting Bull's camp, in which he states that one of that warrier's chiefs threatens	covery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets ar	
the in the Provinces and will make a rich harvest for agents. Sample beautifully plated with nickel- silver with pen, post paid 25c, 1 dos. 81.75. (Prices in quantity furnished at request.) Beautifully illustrated catalogue of new novelties, chromos.	the whole journey in her own carriages.	mate shows between 45,000 to 50,000 Democrats in this city who will not vote	PITTSBURG, Pa., March 25 -The strike	immense applause by the House.	Hatters' plush of silk or cotton, 10 per cent. Canada plates and sheet iron, 12 per cent. Iron and steel wire, reduced to 26 per cent. All iron castings to me 26 per cent.	violent action in the spring. Sitting Bull, however, favours peace.	Parents who spare the rod and rain the child. Fast young men and women ar	
illustrated catalogue of new novernes, car, FREE, jewellery, stationery packages &c., &c., FREE, the Address National Novely Co., 400 Chestauit ning Street, Philadelphia Pa 350-59	EARTHQUAKE IN PERSIA.	for Tilden again. Under the circumstances his nomination would, therefore, give the State to the Republicans by an enormous	valley has become general, nearly all who	With reference to taxation Mr. Tilley pointed out again that he was not asking	Gas, water and sewer pipe of cast fron, 25 per cent. Relied beams and channels, angle and T iron, 15	WASHINGTON, D.C., March 25.—The Indian agent at Fort Belknap, Montana, says the rumours of warlike movements by	People who suffer from catarrh when Dr	Part Angele Statistics
th THE VICTOR	LONDON, March 24.—The Times report that there were shocks of earthquake in northern Persia on Saturday and Sunday	There have been more than 100 cases of	miners, who encamped at the works where	the decrease in values necessitated a higher	per cent. Iron bridge and structural iron work, safes and doors for safe and vanits, 35 per cent. Wire work, skates and locks of all kinds, 30 per	the Sioux still continue. Scouts report that Sitting Bull's camp on this side of the line on Frenchman's Creek extends for two	and well-tested remedy for this loathsom disease.	
and east athe WELL BORER AND PROSPECTOR.	Minach was much damaged, and the ad	town of Fairbury, Neb., during the winter,	extended to the coke regions and between 400 and 500 men will be thrown out of em-	dimentice of the country bordry and not	Cent, Lead pipe and shot, to pay alike 25 per cent.	miles. The drift of the information which the scout was able to gather was that as	too late that the golden glitter is all moon	<b>n-</b>
re, a The Diploma and Prize Medal awards of these	totally destroyed. Of 1,100 inhabitant	by physicians and the inefficiency of the town Council. It has been a sad and dreary	ployment. Thus far no violence has been committed, but the miners disposed to work are afraid, and thus operations are	\$2,400,000 of additional taxation no	shoes. Oil cloth, to pay 30 per cent. Instead of 25 per cent.	soon as the grass begins to grow the Siour would go to war and sweep everything out of the country. The Commissioner of	lives, when Dr. Pierce's Favourite Pre	-
h, on the "Centennial" in 1816. Theme are Good active Agents can dense \$125 par week. Sand for Growins and Terms. Address. W. WEAVER, Phomixellin, Pa.	Re-appearance of the Plague. BERLIN, March 24.—One of the physician	time, with no meetings or schools for more than two months. The disease is now dy- ing out, and the people are hopeful for the	suspended in the whole region, except one or two localities. INGERSOLL, March 25.—The working- men employed at Messrs. Thomas Brown	matter how they fixed it. Indeed, as will	cabinet organs and sets, or parts of sets of rocas for cabinet organs, 25 per cent. Paper pulp, 20 per cent. instead of 10 per cent.	Indian Affairs discredits the reports of Sitting Bull's intended plan of operations.	ful weaknesses and impart a healthful ton	80
CII, THE WEEKLY MAIL	BERLIN, March 24.—One of the physician despatched by Germany to Astrakhan ha reported to the Imperial Board of Healt that a freeh case of plague anneared on th	h NEW YORK, March 21State Commis-	& Co.'s foundry here have struck work this	bound or and orres barals	liquid, 25 per cent. White and red lead, dry, and bismuth, 5 per cent. Paper hangings and paper, calendered, 221 per	NEW BRUNSWICK FINANCE.	People who live beyond their means and find that style and pride, like every thin, else in this world, unless placed upon secure foundation, are subject to the law	
UII, is published every Thursday morning in time for the English mall, second edition on Friday, and de- spatched by first trains and express to all parts of the Dominion. Price \$1.5\$ year. Advertisements for casual insertion are charged the second second second second second second second advertisements for casual insertion are charged.	SI. I EIKESBURG, MARCIN 24	cows and other store animals By railway	morning, owing to a reduction in wages. A reduction has also been made in wages by the Messrs, Noxon Bros. Manufacturing	Mr. Tilley very strikingly exposed the anti-British cry against the tariff. He pointed out that the opening up of the		Revenue and Expenditure for 1879 FREDERICTON, N. B., March 22The	secure foundation, are subject to the law of gravitation. Invalids who do more toward fosterin	
oves, by the year made known on application. Condensed	Melikoff has returned to Wetlianka, when it has been decided to burn sixty-seve houses of the value of 45,216 roubles. Th	from the counties of King's and Queen's into Suffolk or westward, or northward out	dissatisfaction among the men.	North-West would give a home to British	Soap, perfumed, 30 per cent instead of 25 per	FREDERICTON, N. B., March 22The Provincial Secretary will make his budge speech on Wednesday afternoon. The estimates have been submitted to the	disease, by living and sleeping in the low unventilated rooms of the ordinary house	
pigs. word.	ernors of the various provinces to co-oper	Of the lonowing ood and New York West	LONDON, March 25 A Vienna despatch	market for many lines of British goods. Canada was ready to fight for England if	Wines, to pay 3 cents additional for each degree of strength over 36 per cent. of proof spirits, instead of 6 cents for every five degrees or less. Oologne water, &c., to pay, specific, \$1.90 per gal- ion and 30 per cent. ad valorem, instead of 20 per cent. ad valorem.	House. The receipts for 1879 are estimated at \$571,341.60, made up as follows :	toward recovery, when at a moderate en	5
18 56 18 14 Ailsa listing from every Pest Office and prominent point in Ontario, and largely in the sister Provinces of Que- bec, Nors Scotia, New Branswick, British Columbia, and Manitoba.	ernors of the various provinces to co-oper ate vigilantly against the spread of epi demics during the spring.	MISOELLANEOUS.	says the renewed floods in Hungary have covered 12,000 acres already. The lives of 12,000 people are endangered.	disloval one. Indeed if Mr. Cartwright	Cologne water, &c., to pay, specific, \$1.90 per gal- lon and 30 per cent. ad valorem, instead of 20 per cent. ad valorem. Bieel ingots, bars, colls and sheets, railway bars	Subminice from General Government \$430,000 0 Casual and Territorial Revenue	pense they can secure all the hygienic an sanitary advantages of the Invalids' Hote at Buffalo, N.Y. Every physician know	
nine	time are easily cured	Prince Henry, second son of the Grown	PESTH, March 25.—There is not a single boat at Devoyanya, and great loss of life	had been compelled to put five per cent. on the tariff, he would have done ten times as much injury to Great Britain as the pre- sent tariff would have been likely to do.	and fish plates, to pay 10 per cent. on and after the lst January, 1881. Glucose ayrup, to pay 1 cent per lb. in addition to	Pees, Lumatic Anylum. 1,600 0 Refund County School Loan Manding Sist Oct, 1878	nursing and the bygienic conditions of the sick room. Chronic diseases are especially	e. Iy
th on THE WEEKLY MAIL-Printed and published by CHRISTOPHER W. BUNTING, as the office, suns, orper of King and Bay streets, is the City of	tinne will result in incurable consumption Allan's Lung Balsam has the confidence and support of the medical faculty, and i	Prince of Prussia, has arrived at Panama on the German iron-clad Prince Adalbert from Callao, and will leave with his vessel	Sore Threat_The best ours we	THE UNITED STATES.	Feit for boots, shoes, and glove linings, 10 per	Miscellaneous Receipte	subject to these conditions.	
and the second sec	recommended by all who are acquainted with its virtues.		know of for sore throat is a gargle of Pain Killer and water - it acts like magic,	imposing reciprocal duties on the products of the United States. If now we have im-	of factors in or stals and several other uninerse	49. The principal items are, Public Works \$219,021.78, and Education, \$155,632.18.		
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CHEWING TOBACCOS NELSON NAVY, 24, 34 <sup>©</sup>LITTLE FAVORITE, Nº 1 6s and 12s, in Caddies of 20 Nº 1 PRINCEOF WALES. TIN STAMPS similar to those opposite the Standlard Brands above named are affixed every plug, and will serve as a ride to desirable goods and as a proction against inferior quality. It the above named brands of acco in jul! supply by all the IRST CLASS Grocery Houses hroughont the Dominion. W. C McDONALD. MONTREAT Legal notices. TOTICE TO CREDITORS. Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of late Mark Barker, of the Township of York, in the said County of York, deceased, are required to present their claims to the undersigned administrator to the estate, at his place, in the said Township of York, on or before the first of July, 1879, or in default thereof, their claims will be decarred and precluded from payment by said administrator out of the said estate. All debts to be paid as they become due. ROBERT A. HUNTER, Wexford. Dated 14th day of March, A.D., 1879. 364-1 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Dominion Telegraph Company intend to apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Can-adia at its next session for an Act to amend its Acts of Incerporation, whereby the Directors may be empowered to lease its lines or any portion thereof and generally for such other amendments in relation ad generally for such other amendments in relation the mode of conducting the Company's business to the mode of conducting as may be deemed expedient By order of the Board, F. ROPER, Toronto, 19th Dec., 1878. THE AUTOMATIC FOUNTAIN PEN HOLDER

with nickel-plated pen attached, for the desk or pocket. IT FILLS ITSELF by suction from as inkstand as quickly and easily as taking a single dip with a common pen, is reversible and can. • carried in the vest pocket as safely as if left on the office table, and will not drop ink in any position, the flow of ink being produced by a slight pressure with the thumb while writing, will write more than half a qoire of legal cap paper at one filling. This novel and useful article has never been introduced in the Provinces and will make a rich harvest for wel and useful article has never been introduced the Provinces and will make a rich harvest for rents. Sample beautifully plated with nickel-ver with pen, post paid 25c, 1 doz. \$1.75. (Prices quantity furnished at request.) Beautifully ustrated catalogue of new novelties, chromos, wellery, stationery packages &c., &c., FREF. catalogue of new novel, &c., FREE, stationery packages &c., &c., FREE, National Novelty Co., 400 Chestnut 850-52



# THE WEEKLY MAIL

s published every Thursday morning in time for he English mail, second edition on Friday, and de-patched by first trains and express to all parts of he Dominion bed by first trains and express to borninon. Price \$1.56 a year. Ivertisements for cassal insertion are charged to the trained been cents per line; constract rates he year made known on application. Consensed rtisements are inserted at the rates filly cents twenty words, and two cents each additional

THE WEEKLY MAIL forms an excellent needum theough which to reach the public, circu-ating from every Pess Office and prominent point in obtario, and largely in the sister Provinces of Que-sec, Nova Scotia, New Branswick, British Columbia, and Manitoba.

THE WEEKLY MAIL-Printed and published by CHRISTOPHER W. BUNTING, at the office, corner of King and Bay streets, in the City of Turento

of Jellalabad, resulting in the defeat of the THE GREEK FRONTIER OUESTION. Turkey Preparing for Hostili-ATHENS, March 25.-It is generally believed the Powers will insist upon the ratification of the frontier in accordance with the recommendations of the Berlin Con-them told any to step forward who would that internal disturbances are inevitable if they do not. CONSTANTINOPLE, March 25.—A Turk-

ish man-of-war has been ordered to Greece, ish man-of-war has been ordered to Greece, and several others are ordered to be in readiness to follow. adiness to follow. LONDON, March 25.—A Vienna corres- of "The Great Lone Land, from Cyprus just in time to prepare for pondent says :--Intelligence has been re-ceived from Janina that Mukhtar Pasha sailing.

ceived from Janina that Mukhtar Pasha has quitted Previsa. Turkey will take the necessary measures for the defence of Epirus and Thereafty. Mukhtar base acted for 400 was executed at Newgate Monday morning. necessary measures for the defence of Epirus and Thessaly. Mukhtar has asked for 40,-fortification of the various frontier towns. HER MAJESTY'S VISIT TO ITALY. Remerkation of Representation of the sector of the

Embarkation at Portsmouth. Embarkation at Portsmonth. LONDON, March 25.—Her Majesty the Queen embarked this morning at Ports-mouth for Cherbourg en route for Italy, where she intends to spend some weeks in quiet seclusion. The weather was intensely cold and instead of the pleasant sunshine which generally attends her Majesty's public appearances a severe snow storm prevailed. Her Majesty, contrary to former statements, will not stop Paris or Berlin, but will proceed forthcut her throat with a razor. She to former statements, will not stop in Paris or Berlin, but will proceed forth-Paris or Berlin, but will proceed forth-with to the Italian retreat which has been selected for her and where she will decline to receive visits. The arrival of the Once at Bartmanth alone the Queen at Portsmouth, to which place she came in a special train, and her em-

UNITED STATES.

barkation in the royal vacht Victoria and The New York police closed several walking matches on Sunday for violating Albert, were witnessed by a large concourse of people, who welcomed her with many expressions of loyalty. Upon arrival at Cherbourg, her Majesty will take a special the Sunday law. The Rev. Bishop Falkner, for twelve train provided for her by order of the French Government, and proceed at years pastor of the Congregational church of the Mediator at Brooklyn, N.Y., has resigned to enter the Episcopal ministry. once on her journey through France aud Switzerland to her destination. She In the Rhode Island House of Represen will go by way of Caen, Tours and the Mont Cenis tunnel. Her travelling party consists of the Princess Beatrice, a lady tatives on the question of woman suffrag the vote stood 25 to 13-not the two-third necessary for submitting an amendment of and a maid of houour, General Ponsonby, Captain Edwards and Dr. Jenner, besides a number of servants. The King of Italy the constitution to the people. A Wichita, Kansas, special says gold has been discovered thirty miles south-east of had placed the royal train of the Alta Italia line at her Majesty's disposal, and

there, and great excitement exists. Ore from a shaft sunk some time ago is said to had ordered the royal carriages at Monza to be in waiting for her at Arona, but the have assayed over \$2,000 to a ton. Queen declined these, preferring to make the whole journey in her own carriages. The New York Star says a careful est mate shows between 45,000 to 50,000 Democrats in this city who will not vote for Tilden again. Under the circumstances EARTHOUAKE IN PERSIA

Many Hundreds of Lives Reported Lost. LONDON, March 24.—The Times reports that there were shocks of earthquake in majority. There have been more than 100 cases of Minach was much damaged, and the ad-jacent villages of Tark and Mannan were small-pox and over 40 deaths in the little town of Fairbury, Neb., during the winter, totally destroyed. Of 1,100 inhabitants only a few escaped death.

time, with no meetings or schools for more than two months. The disease is now dy-ing out, and the people are hopeful for the best. Re-appearance of the Plague. BERLIN, March 24.—One of the physicians despatched by Germany to Astrakhan has reported to the Imperial Board of Health NEW YORK, March 21.—State Commis-sioner General Patrick has promulgated the order prohibiting the conveyance of milch cows and other store animals by railway from the counties of King's and Queen's that a fresh case of plague appeared on the 21st of March at West Wetlianka. ST. PETERSBURG, March 24.—General Melikoff has returned to Wetlianka, where t has been decided to burn sixty-seven into Suffolk or westward, or northward out ouses of the value of 45,216 roubles. The of the following counties :--Orange, Ulster, Sullivan and Delaware, New York, West Chester, Putaam, and Duchess. inister of Interior has ordered the governors of the various provinces to co-operate vigilantly against the spread of epi demics during the spring.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coughs and Colds.-If taken in Prince Henry, second son of the Crown time are easily cured, --if allowed to con-tinue will result in incurable consumption. Allan's Lung Balsam has the confidence and support of the medical faculty, and is Prince of Prussia, has arrived at Panama on the German iron-clad Prince Adalbert from Callao, and will leave with his vessel commended by all who are acquainted in a few days for Acapulco. with its virtues.

for the purpose of gaining time. Meanwhile the tribes living along the line which the British troops now occupy mani-fest symptoms of uneasiness and hostility, and the Spinwarris tribe have been special-ly aggressive. An engagement has taken place with 3,000 of these warriors near Peshbolak, on the Kunar river, north-west of Jellahad resulting in the defeat of the defined laws ; third, to advocate such mea-sures as will promote industry and give employment to the working classes ; fourth, to enact a law to prevent actions being taken to the Supreme Court to recover smounts which come within the juristic-tion of the County Courts, while at the same tame it will meet the ends of justice ; fifth, to abolish imprisonment for debt. tunes of his regiment, leaving his bride to wait till his return, but the authorities at the Horse Guards decided that would never do, and so the third battalion received marching orders instead.
The old love of service is as strong if and English soldier to day as ever it was. A little incident recently occurred particularly illustrative of this. The 17th Lancers, who were under orders for South Africa.

SOUTH LANARK.

PRETH March 20.-At the convention for the monination of a Conservative candi-date for the Local Legislature, the choice fell on Mr. Edward Elliett, barrister, of Perth. who were under orders for South Africa, lacked fifty-two of their full complement LINCOLN.

ST. CATHARINES, March 24 .- The Rewhich had to be drafted from the 5th. The Opposition speakers. form party in the County of Lincoln have at length secured a candidate for the Local latter regiment was on parade at Brighton Legislature to contest the riding with Mr. Peter McCarthy, the Conservative nominee. them told any to step forward who would From all reports they had very hard work, and it required the labour of two conventions and the personal exhortations of Mr. Neelon's most intimate friends to goad him into acceptance. It is understood that Mr. Neelon refused up to the last moment to Accept the honour of leading the forlorn hope against Mr. McCarthy, but he at length gave way to the solicitation of his friends and accepted. It was also stated

mously chosen as the nominee of the party to contest the riding at the coming election. Mr. Near, who was present, accepted the nomination and made an appropriate speech, being followed by a number of other gen-tlemen. It was moved by Mr. E. W. Brookfield, seconded by Mr. James Brown That this meeting heartily endorses the action of the Dominion Government in bringing down the tariff now in force, and in so far as the duties on breadstuffs are concerned would deprecate any change in the direction of lowering the present rates. and, resolved :-

LABOUR NOTES.

is expected in the morning when they start to work. There are not so many drunken to work. There are not so many drunken men on the streets to-day. The Magis-trates here and at the stone bridge sent twelve or fifteen of yesterday's prisoners to Welland gaol to-day, fining and discharging a number of others. PITTSBURG, Pa., March 25.—The strike

among the coal miners of the Monongahela valley has become general, nearly all who resumed work having been induced to sus-pend by intimidation by the striking miners, who encamped at the works where the mon ware computing. To den the works his nomination would, therefore, give the State to the Republicans by an enormous all owing to the shameful ignorance of the physicians and the inefficiency of the town Council. It has been a sad and dreary

suspended in the whole region, except one or two localities. INGERSOLL, March 25.—The working-men employed at Messrs. Thomas Brown & Co.'s foundry here have struck work this a rotuction has also been made in wages. A reduction has also been made in wages by the Messrs, Noxon Bros, Manufacturing

Company, which has caused a great deal of dissatisfaction among the men.

Renewed Floods in Hungary.

LONDON, March 25. — A Vienna despatch says the renewed floods in Hungary have covered 12,000 acres already. The lives of 12,000 people are endangered. PESTH, March 25. — There is not a single boat at Devovanya, and great loss of life boat at Devovanya, and great loss of is certain if the flood increases.

The united states. If now we have in. A Rangoon despatch says the British Killer and water - it acts like magic. A Rangoon despatch says the British Killer and water - it acts like magic.

compared with an apparent balance against a creditor country like England, was par-ticularly well-timed and effective. Mr. Ives' disposal of the charge made against this tariff that it discriminated in favour of home in-dustries was also effective. His showed how every tariff discriminated more or less, and this one discriminated in favour of our chief industries. Mr. Ives took mo

less, and this one discriminated in favour of our chief industries. Mr. Ives took up the leading objections to the tariff, and disposed of them one by one. In fact this speech was, next to the budget speech, the most sensible, practical, and complete that has been delivered this assume on this hi-ject. The members cheered very warmly at the close, and Mr. Ives fully deserved the applause for his practical, thoughtful MR. CARTWRIGHT IS WROTH. Mr. Cartwright began in a falsetto tone to accuse Mr. Tilley of having spoken too loud, and seemed to have taken particular offence at Mr. Tilley's knocking his knuc-kles on his desk. Then the ex-Minister went on to detend his position with regard to Mr. Tilley's estimates of 1873, Mr. Tilley's loan and other mat Mr. Tilley's loan, and other mat-ters. On the subject of sugar Mr. Cartwright waxed very violent. He the applause, for his practical, thoughtful and striking speech was in strong contrast to the rapid and desultory essays of the

lenounced the loss of revenue that must inevitably, as he thinks, arise from the new tariff, with the sole result of giving two or three refineries to Canada. He contended MR. TILLEY'S SPEECH. Mr. Oliver kept Mr. Tilley waiting for

it would be cheaper always to get sugar abroad than to get it at home. Mr. Cartan hour after recess, but the Finance Min-ister at last got his chance. He began by a reference to Mr. Cartwright's assaults on wright has never been able to get into his head the true value of sugar refineries in a reference to Mr. Cartwright's assaults on his budget of 1873. This subject has lately been discussed in *The Mail*, and the figures given with accuracy. The Finance Minis-ter's position in regard to the estimates of relation to other industries than the simple manufacture of refined sugar. If he has not been able to learn that now, no one will be able to teach him. Mr. Plumb rose at midnight. In open-ing his speech he referred to Mr. Cart-wright's assault on Mr. Tilley's use of loud and not over the mark, and in order to make

THE LOAN.

Mr. Tilley also dealt with Mr. Cartwright's assault on his lean. He said that he had found that the guarantee loans had gone down in price, and the reason was that these loans had been in a certain sense gambled in, and they were forced on the market at a low price by banks which were demanding payment of money advanced on them to brokers and others. That Mr.

Cartwright had looked after his party and not after the country when he neglected

to negotiate a loan in the summer of 1878 when interest was low, was a point well and forcibly taken by Mr. Tilley. For himself he had been forced PORT COLBORNE, March 19.—The strike Tilley. For himself he had been forced into the London market at an unfavourable fifteen or twenty stonecutters came over from the States this evening to take the place of those out on the strike. Trouble

THE BANKS, Mr. Tilley defended his action in afford-ing facilities to the banks and mercantile men by accepting cheques for duties, and in doing so he made a scathing attack on Mr. Cartwright's dealings with Senator Simpson's bank which was received with mmense applause by the House.

TAXATION.

With reference to taxation Mr. Tilley pointed out again that he was not asking per cent. Iron bridge and structural iron work, safes and doors for safe and vaults, 25 per cent. Wire work, skates and locks of all kinds, 30 per cent more than Mr. Cartwright in 1874, because miners, who encamped at the works where the men were operating. To-day the strike extended to the coke regions and between 400 and 500 men will be thrown out of em-ployment. Thus far no violence has been committed, but the miners disposed to work are afraid, and thus operations are suspended in the whole region, except one or two localities. the decrease in values necessitated a higher rate of duty. He proposed to meet the difficulties of the country boldly and not cent, Lead pipe and shot, to pay alike 25 per cent. Gloves and mitte of leather, same as boots shoes. Oil cloth, to pay 30 per cent. instead of 25 per now in power they would have to put on \$2,400,000 of additional taxation, no matter how they fixed it. Indeed, as will be noticed, Mr. Casey had previously an-nounced that such would have been the policy of the Grit party On costs, up pay up parts of sets of reeds for cont. Pipe organs and sets, or parts of sets of reeds for cabinet organs, 25 per cent. Paper pulp, 20 per cent. instead of 10 per cent. Paints and colours ground in oil or any other Harded Stars cent. policy of the Grit party.

> GREAT BRITAIN. GREAT BRITAIN. Mr. Tilley very strikingly exposed the anti-British cry against the tariff. He pointed out that the opening up of the North-West would give a n additional market for many lines of British goods. Canada was ready to fight for England if need be, and the present tariff was not a disloyal one. Indeed, if Mr. Cartwright had been compelled to put five per cent. on the tariff, he would have done ten times as much injury to Great Britain as the preas much injury to Great Britain as the pre-sent tariff would have been likely to do.

station just now is a lively one. The old horse car stables have been converted into temporary quarters for the large drove of Canadian cattle imported for shipment to England. The line of rulevay as fares can be seen is alive with men and teams of diricht care contaction to the second se

and freight cars, contrasting strangely with the lack of business in town. 3 KICKED TO DEATH.

Hotel.

A new sewing machine factory will be

A new company, named the Lorne Brewing Company, is about beginning Brutal Assault at an Ingersoll operations here, as a result of the nati

The St. John's glass factory furnaces INGERSOLL, Ont., March 26 .- This afternoon, about four o'clock, a most brutal affair took place in the reading-room of the Barel Work has been commenced under the most Royal Hotel here, whereby an old man named Reuben Smith was kicked to death favourable auspices.

by a painter named Chas. Moore. It seems that some time ago Smith, who was In the problem of the p HAMILTON, March 25.-Yesterday even-

view the body, After returning, the coroner chose Dr. Williams to make the post mortem examination, which will be held to night. On account of the coroner

After a short deliberation the jury re-

attend court at woodstock to morrow, the investigation was adjourned until to mor-row evening, at seven o'clock, in the Town Hall. Mr. J. C. Hegler, barrister, of this city, has been secured as counsel for the prisoner. Great excitement prevails prisoner. Great excitement prevails.

OTTAWA, March 25.-Dr. Schultz, M.P., yesterday received a letter from a trapper near Sitting Bull's camp, in which he states unfailing remedies for these maladies. Parents who spare the rod and ruin the that one of that warrier's chiefs threatens violent action in the spring. Sitting Bull,

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 25.—The Indian agent at Fort Belknap, Montana, says the rumours of warlike movements by the Sioux still continue. Scouts report that Sitting Bull's camp on this side of the line on Frenchman's Creek extends for two miles. The drift of the information which

soon as the grass begins to grow the Sioux would go to war and sweep everything out of the country. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs discredits the reports of Sit-ting Bull's intended plan of operations.

RAID.

NEW BRUNSWICK FINANCE.

iquid, 25 per cent. White and red lead, dry, and bismuth, 5 per cent. Paper hangings and paper, calendered, 221 per Revenue and Expenditure for 1879 cent. Lead pencils, 25 per cent. Rolled silver, 10 per cent. Prunells and cotton netting for boots, shoes, and gloves, 10 per cent. Soap, perfumed, 30 per cent. instead of 25 per cent. FREDERIČTON, N. B., March 22.—The Provincial Secretary will make his budget speech on Wednesday afternoon. The estimates have been submitted to the House. The receipts for 1879 are estimated at \$571,341.60, made up as follows :— Scap, pertumed, 30 per cent. instead of 25 per cent. Wines, to pay 3 cents additional for each degree of strength over 26 per cent. of proof spirits, instead of 6 cents for every five degrees or less. Cologne water, &c., to pay, specific, \$1.90 per gal-lon and 30 per cent. ad valorem, instead of 30 per cent. ad valorem. Stoel ingots, bars, coils and sheets, railway bars and fish pistes, to pay 10 per cent. on and after the let January, 1881. Glucose syrup, to pay 1 cent per lb. in addition to 35 per cent. ad valorem. Felt for boots, shoes, and glove linings, 10 per cent. 

MONTREAL, March 25.—A company is being formed to start an elastic factory at Coaticooke.

opened here next month, giving employment o 400 hands.

Baby Farming in Hamilton.

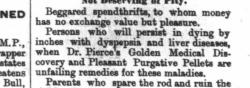
gaol. Smith was a very quiet and peaceable old man, and was between fifty and sixty years of age. Moore has been drinking yery hard of late. He is about twentylived with her two years, but never saw any of her children. She thought the de-

very hard of late. He is about which five years of age. Coroner Dr. McKay having empanelled a jury, they met at the Royal Hotel to-night, at eight o'clock. Mr. C. E. Chad-wick was chosen foreman. The jurors having been duly sworn in, they retired to item the bedy. After returning, the

and other important witness having to attend court at Woodstock to-morrow, the After a

# Not Deserving of Pity.

# SITTING BULL'S THREATENED



however, favours peace. MASHINGTON, D.C., March 25.—The Indian agent at Fort Belknap, Montana,

the scout was able to gather was that as thine. Women whosuffer death every day of their Pro-

lives, when Dr. Pierce's Favourite Pre-scription will effectually remove those pain-ful weaknesses and impart a healthful tone

and strength to the whole system. People who live beyond their means and find that style and pride, like every thing else in this world, unless placed upon a secure foundation, are subject to the law

of gravitation. Invalids who do more toward fostering disease, by living and sleeping in the low, unventilated rooms of the ordinary house, than the best medicines can accomplish toward recovery, when at a moderate ex-pense they can secure all the hygienic and sanitary advantages of the Invalids' Hotel at Buffalo, N.Y. Every physician knows how much recovery depends upon good nursing and the hygienic conditions of the sick room. Chronic diseases are especially subject to these conditions. of gravitation.

The late Duke of Newcastle is said to

# who assailed him. Mr. Plumb continued an effective speech for more than an hour. STEEL. Attention is specially called to the fact that steel has, under certain limitations as to time, been placed on the free list. This is deemed an important concession in the interests of the manufacturers in general.

THE REVISED TARIFF.

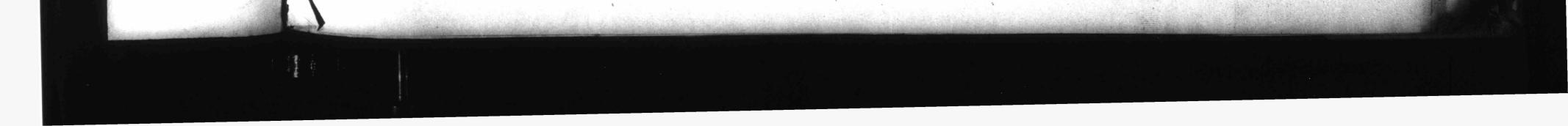
MR, PLUMB'S SPEECH.

Alterations Proposed by the Finance Min-

OTTAWA, March 26.—The following are the alterations in the new tariff submitted by the Finance Minister in his supplementary financial statement to-night :--

tary financial statement to-night :--Parafine candles, to be 5 cents per lb. instead of 4c. Sperm and other candles not tallow, to pay 25 per cent. instead of 20 per cent. Babbit metal, to pay 10 per cent. Buttons of all kinds, 25 per cent. ad valorem. Checked: and striped shirtings, 2 cents per yard and 15 per cent. Cotton duck or canvas and sail twine, 5 per cent. ad valorem. Dried apples to pay 2 cents per lb. All other dried fruit 25 per cent. Hats, caps and bonnets, 25 per cent. Hats, caps and sheet iron, 124 per cent. Iron and steel wire, reduced to 15 per cent. All iron castings, to pay 25 per cent. Gas, water and sever pipe of cast fron, 25 per cent.

Relled beams and channels, angle and T iron, 1:



# THE WEEKLY MAIL TORONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1879.

were very great and important, would be of little value if our ma interests were crushed out. he position which England we y take in view of the new ably take in view of the new C tariff, the hon. gentleman read the of a question given by John Brigh an extract from the London T's which it was stated that, "Sinc dians wish for protection they must own way, but the result is not the plorable." It was not to be expect the people of England, who had been ed in free trade doctrines, would a of the tariff, but we had the right t the tariff, but we had the right of the tariff, but we had the right to take for ourselves and exercise our ion, and that was that we required to tion for our native industries. (C) The farmers, manufacturers and lab classes looked forward with confiden renewal of prosperity under the new Dr. SPROULE said the National had been thoroughly ventilated befor people, and it was matter for congr tion that so large a majority of the el-ad has convinced in reard thereto had been convinced in regard thereto. 000 men were employed in manufa the goods we annually import, and compared that number with the t those unemployed in Canada, it wo seen that we have the means of givi employment. Such a policy would, over, have the effect of introducing over, have the effect of introducing capitalists into the country, and keep the money in the country. would you secure a better market i products of the country if we could e 460,000 extra people? They would consume one dollar's worth of agricu products per week, and in the cou the year consume about twenty-thre lion dollars' worth. We did not now p a good market for our agricultural lion dollars' worth. We did not now p a good market for our agricultural ducts, and our farmers were unable tain one dollar per bushel for v although they were unable to prof grow it for a less sum. They coul profitably grow oats to sell at less tha or 40c. per bushel, but they could h obtain 20c. If we could secure a better isst for our agricultural products we accomplish a desirable object. If we induce the people who manufactur England, France, Germany, and the U States the goods which we importe come and establish manufactures in Dominion and thus save the disadvan of carrying our products to those com Dominion and thus save the disadvan of carrying our products to those cour and bringing back their products, would secure a better market for the ducts of our country and higher remu tion for our labour. (Cheers.) The tional Policy will be beneficial to farmer by securing at least the home m for his products, and by giving him a k market. A strong proof that farmers are not now prosperons furnished by the fact that many lun men who for years past had been end men who for years past had been en in agriculture and had raised oats for in agriculture and had raised oats for own purposes had abandoned agricu altogether. They had to do so be they could purchase American oats ch than they could grow them. As farmers formed a large majority of people it was specially important that surces should be adopted to protect interests. As illustrating the ma-in which the tariff would protect in which the tariff would protect market the hon. gentleman showed the price of oats at some on Lake Huron had fallen from 40 cen 25 cents per bushel within twenty-fou consequence of the arrival of a large of tity of Chicago oats. In regard to v we did produce much more thas we sumed. In 1876 we exported a little 8,000,000 bushels and imported 5,700 bushels. Of barley we shipped 7,000 bushels to the United States imported 302,000 bushels. But while paid a large duty to enter the Ame market, the American product came in duty free. As to the question of who duty he believed that there were cir-stances under which the producer pair stances under which the produ and others under which the produ it. But under the present cir the producer pays the duty.

THE TARIFF

rt, who were indeed its bulw

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Dr. STRANGE resumed the debat the tariff. He said that whatever diffic he might have in addressing the Hous the first time, he had no hesitation in cording his opoinion on the question under the consideration of the House, he took it that in a movement which going to mark a new era in the politic economy of Canada every member here should define his position. He m state at the outset that he was not a and fast protectionist or a close protectionist. He believed, and had believed many years, in the theory of free trad but certainly not in the practice of trade as it had hitherto been applied Canada. He held that it was essentia the prosperity of every country t manufactures should be establis in it, and that no country could In 16, and that he country could rich and prosperous without having heal manufactures in its midst. He furt held that it was the duty of every gove ment to so foster and nourish the incipi manufactures of a country like Can that they might be able to hold their of manufactures of a country like can that they might be able to hold their of against the competition of older sett countries until they were able to we alone. (Hear, hear.) He also held the in the case of different countries competent with one another in products and manufi-tures common to each, it was the duty each Government to place equal restriction on its traders and producers so that the traders and producers in one country might be met with the same privileges and subject to the same restrictions as the traders and producers of countries con-peting with it. That he conceived to the theory of reciprocal tariffs. That, to peting with it. That he conceived to the theory of reciprocal tariffs. That, to was his conception of perfect free trad While he was listening to the budg speech it seemed to him that the sa opinion had influenced the hon, the Finan Minister when preparing his tariff, for found, on scrutinizing it as far as he h been able to, that the hon. gentleman h endeavoured to so place the duties that t infant manufactures of the country wou be fostered and encouraged. (Hear, hea He also found that in one branch alon which was already largely established. infant manufactures of the country was be fostered and encouraged. (Hear, hear be fostered and encouraged. (Hear, hear which was already largely established-alluded to the farming interest—the ho gentleman had placed our products on reciprocal basis, of as near a recipro-basis as possible, with our only con-plexed that this was a sound policy at already public opinion in England was se-ting in that direction. The House was to that it would not benefit the farmer. H ad the honour to represent a farming on ectiproc, of which he was proud. He rejor which was already largely established what it would not benefit the farmer. H ad the honour to represent a farming on et to think that the tarmerso f that constitu-ing in that direction. The House was to that it would not benefit the farmer of the dron the Government on the set of the tariff. They believed, as he (Dr Strange, ) believed that they had be unduly handicapped in the tarmers a without and the sound rate without the paymer of a duty whenever they had a surplus of a duty whenever they had a surplus of a duty whenever they had a surplus of the tariff. They believed, as he if for the can first might to stop; if . Sin e entered the House this competition at the products of the soil. The farmers he would asy that those in his constitution of a dires ni their might to stop; if . Sin e entered the House this evening he has be outed asy what was their interest in place and say what was their interest in blace and say what was their interes



tarted in his constituency for the purpose of influencing workingmen against him. Mr. MACMILLAN brought up the case of the transferring of a post office from one place to another by the late Government, in order to put out a Conservative and to put a Reformer in office. Last session he n order to put out a contract session he put a Reformer in office. Last session he (Mr. Macmillan) asked for the papers in this case. The then Postmaster-General said there were none. Since that time he (Mr. Macmillan) had found there had been papers, but that the late Postmaster-Gen-iral had ordered the report from the Post Office Inspector. If his statement was correct, the party op-osite could claim the name of "document estroyers" as well as "letter-stealers." Tear, hear). He gave several other cases dismissal for political reasons, including e case of a letter-carrier who was put out office because he refused to vote for Mr. of office because he refused to vote for Mr. Glass. As to interference by Government officers, he quoted a case in which an officer in his constituency had turned his office into a Reform caucus room, and another in-stance in which the member for Lambten had on his election committee a Government

100

The motion was agreed to. The House adjourned at 12.40 a.m.

# FRIDAY, March 21.

THE PEMBINA BRANCH. Dr. TUPPER introduced a bill to amend Canadian Pacific Railway Act of 1874. the Canadian Pacific Kallway Act of 1874. He said the Act was somewhat similar to that introduced by his predecessor last year for the purpose of providing for the operation of the Pembina branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the connect-tion with the American line of railway in the hands of the St. Paul and Pacific Comthe hands of the St. Paul and Pacific Com-pany. The present bill so far as that rati-fied the arrangement made by the late Government since parliament rose, a copy of which would be laid on the table of the Honse. Difficulties were encountered in carrying out that arrangement under one of its propositions, which assumed that the road was to be run as far as Winnipeg by the St. Paul and Pacific Railway Company. But there was a clause in that running arrangement, entered into by the late Gov-ernment with Mr. Stevens on account of the St. Paul and Pacific, in which it was provided that, whenever the Government provided that, whenever the Government prepared to complete the branch, they or their assignees could provide for a running arrangement and an exchange of traffic be-tween the St. Paul and Pacific and the vernment or the Government line. The difficulties were very serious inamuch as that the contractors for the construction of the line were not obliged to have the line finished until the end of the present year and the line could not be operated by one set of contractors while another set had the set of contractors while another set has the line in their possession for the purpose of construction. The present bill provided for a ratification of the arrangement made with the contractor for the construction for the purpose of overcoming the diffi-culty and securing the operation of the line arrange then under other circum year soooner than under other circum

# GAMBLING IN STOCKS.

Mr. GIROUARD (Jacques Cartier) introduced is bill to regulate stock brokers and a to suppress gambling in stocks. He called attention to the general depression which had occurred in stocks during the past two or three years. Some regulations were necessary with a view to the relief of the stockbrokers and the public at large. The purport of the present bill was to introduce into this country the same regulations which prevailed on the continent of Euope, and to a certain extent in Great

The bill was read the first time. REPRESENTATION OF NIAGARA. Mr. PLUMB, member-elect for Niagara, was introduced by Sir John Macdonal 1 and Dr. Tupper, and took his seat amid loud

<page-header><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text> at heart, who were indeed its bulwarks, be- Mr. ROSS (Middlesex) gave his reasons 

THE WEEKLY MAIL TORONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1879.

All sain

EUROPEAN JOTTINGS.

3

The cattle plague has made its appear-ance at Prague.

The contributions in London for the re-lief of the sufferers by the Szegdin inunda-tion reach £7,000.

tion reach £7,000. The expenses of the late Paris Expo-sition were 55,000,000 frances and the receipts 50,000,000. A well-known Russian Countess has been arrested at St. Petersburg for connec-tion with the Nihilists. The Madrid Government has resolved to establish a state of siege in the Basque Provinces during the elections. Sir Austin Layard has been directed to resume the duties of British ambassador in Constantinople on the 1st May. A Vienna telegram announces that the famous Dreher brewery has been burned and several lives have been lost. A Liverpool despatch says complaint is

A Liverpool despatch says complaint is made that the new *abattoir* arrangements are unsuitable and the charges exorbitant. It is rumoured that M. de St. Vallier, French ambassador to Germany; has resigned in consequence of a difference with Bismarck,

Lord Napier of Magdala returns to his post as governor of Gibraltar. This sets at rest the rumour that he was to be sent to South Africa,

The customary Grand Court reception given at Berlin on the Emperor William's birthday will not be held this year as his physicians advise his Majesty to avoid fatigue.

A Rome despatch says the money required for Garibaldi's projected colony, 6 million dollars, is ready. The applications to join the expedition are more than can be granted.

A Berlin despatch declares it is now be-yond doubt that Bismarck is sure of a con-siderable majority in favour of protection. He lately gained over many deputies at

He lately gained over many deputes in private conferences. Princes and potentates are arriving at Berlin from all parts of Germany to cele-brate the Emperor's birthday. Owing to the Emperor's indisposition the ceremonial will be reduced to a minimum.

Will be reduced to a minimum. Mr. Stanhope, Under-Secretary of State for India, gave notice in the House of Com-mons on Friday that he would move a bill on Tuesday authorizing the raising of a loan in England for the service in India.

At a banquet given at Madrid on Satur-day night by the advocates of the abolition of slavery it was resolved that the society for promoting the total disappearance of slavery from the Spanish colonies be re-organized organiz

The Pall Mall Gazette says it would be the useless to remain silent longer respecting the uneasy feeling in financial circles. It recommends people not to become unduly excited, as disasters that do happen are col. Basilewitch, of the Imperial Russian

Guards, has been sentenced to three months imprisonment on a charge of picking a lady's pocket. The verdict is generally deemed outrageously unjust, and he will lay the case before the Czar.

A Conference of representatives of the German shipping trade has unanimously agreed that the shipping business has been more depressed during the last year than for a generation. The absolute deficiency for a generation. The abase is estimated at £1,700,000.

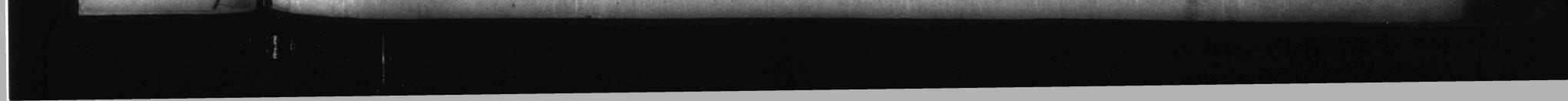
THE TARIFF.

On the order for the resumption of the lebate on the tariff, Mr. ROBERTSON (Hamilton) resumed Mr. ROBERTSON (Hamilton) resumed the debate. He said being a young mem-ber he hoped hon, gentlemen would extend to him the courtesy always extended to young members. The question before the House was one of the gravest importance, and one of considerable gravity, and touch-ing it he had much pleasure in congratulat-ing the people on the Parliament sent to look after their interests, and on the Minis-try which was carrying out their well understood wishes. He congratulated the country also regarding the Prime Minister who watched over its affairs, and upon the coming to office of a Finance Minister who was able, not only to propound a policy necessary for the interests of the people, but to put it in shape and carry it out. (Applause.) If his recollection served him right, we had a protective policy in 1858, and under it our manufacturing interests had taken root. manufacturing interests had taken root. Previous to the inauguration of that policy here were no manufactures of importance earried on in the city of Hamilton, which he had the honour to represent, and of which he felt additionally proud, because the Finance Minister had referred to it in his budget speech as the first manufacturing city of the Dominion. Sir JOHN MACDONALD—As the hub.

city of the Dominion. Sir JOHN MACDONALD—As the hub. Mr. ROBERTSON—Yes, as the hub, and he was proud to hear that city spoken of as the hub of the manufacturing inter-ests of the country. Hamilton, previous to 1858, was not known as a manufactur-ing centre, but the tariff which was intro-duced in 1858 gave life to the latent en-ergies of the city. In the course of time it was found that it was not necessary to continue the high tariff then in existence, but the country was not then in the posi-tion it was in 1873-4. Our neighbours south of us were engaged in an internecine war, and were consumers of our goods. But when the war was over, they turned their attention to the bringing back of good times. A tariff was inaugurated, and with the spirit of industry and energy for which the Americans were celebrated they soon secured their own markets for themselves, began to export, secured a balance of trade in their favour, and were now teaching the doctrinaires of England that, although the theory of free trade was a pleasant thing to contemplate, it was not that sort of thing that was going to make a country great and prosperous. Some hon centlemen had admitted that the favour. not that sort of thing that was going to make a country great and prosperous. Some hon, gentlemen had admitted that the Gov-ernment had kept its pledges. Those gentlemen had hoped that the pledges would not be fulfilled and that they would be able to go to the people and say that they had been deceived. The game of deception had been carried on for the past five years by the late Government and the people would stand it no longer. The hon, member for North Norfolk found fault with the Gov-ernment because he said the tariff was a North North Touch failt with the Gov-ernment because he said the tariff was a servile imitation of the American tariff. He was astonished at the hon. gentleman saying that, for he surely should have had some respect for the United States, the country of his birth. The people of that country of his birth. The people of that country were full of energy and enterprise, and were going on increasing in wealth and greatness, and it would not do to hold up the bugaboo that the Americans were suffering from pro-tection. It was said that there was danger of exciting the hostility of the Americans and they might retaliste. It was, however, high time Canada threw down the gauntlet and said we are going to legislate for ourselves, and that we asked favours or advice from Ame teers.) He had received telegr egram from his constituency, h one spirit. A large manufact

We are exceedingly well pleased with the tariff Ministry have nobly redeemed their pledges, is aved the country." heers.) A gentleman largely engaged in a woollen trade wrote as follows :----

the woollen trade wrote as follows :---"I write you to say how pleased I am with the tariff. I feel every confidence that before two years are over we will find the country progressing in a substantial way. I am very much pleased to notice how Mr. Tilley has framed the tariff, as he has re-moved nearly every difficulty surrounding our man-ufacturing interests." (Cheers.) Those messages were sent. by men who had the interests of the country



THE WEEKLY MAIL, TORONTO, FRIDAY MARCH 28, 1879.

<section-header><section-header> and paid the dead statesman a worthy tribute. "SANDFIELD MACDONALD," said Mr. BROWN, "was a man who "would neither do wrong himself, nor "allow those around him to do wrong." As first Premier of Ontario, SANDFIELD haid it down as his chief principle, that to fine existence of the Federal system. Holding this view, he guarded the pub-ic chest jealously; indeed it has been said, and with some degree of truth, that his parsimony brought about this defeat. Had he spent the public money with a lavish hand, as his successors have done, he would have secured the allegiance instead of arousing the hosnave done, he would have secured the allegiance instead of arousing the hos-tility of the powerful rings and combi-nations that always beset a full treasury. In 1869, while visiting St. Andrew's, in the County of Glengarry, where he was buried three years aftertremendous tax upon the energies of the people. Wholesale reduction and sim-plification could not fail to be advanwards, he was accused of "niggardli-"ness" by a prominent local politician, and his reply is worth reproducing; "I admit I am niggardly. I deal with "the public money as though I were "dealing with my own personal funds " the public money as thought the "dealing with my own personal funds. "Iam quite convinced — I took this ground "during the Confederation debates— "" during the Confederation debates— "" penditure would in the long run lead " the people to complain of the cost of " Local government, and the next step " would be the overthrow of our present " governmental system. So long as I " have the honour to be a member of " the Ontario Government, I shall con-" tinue to be ' niggardly,' for economy, " the strictest and most careful econo-" my, is the sheet anchor of the Fed-" eral constitution." When this faith-ful public servant was defeated in the Legislature, a new order of things was established, and his successors, affecting to despise his policy of parsimony, launched out into excessive expen-diture. The result bears witness to the accuracy of SANDFIRLD'S foresight. The public burdens have be-soome almost intolerable, and men do not hesitate to say that we have far too " that an excessive or extravagant ex-<text><text><text><text><text><text>

3,271 2,423 3,218 5,120

3,036 2,126 10,120 \$27,015 \$35,469

In other words, while the salaries and contingencies of Civil Government in 1871 amounted to \$114,613, they ampulfication could not fail to be advan-tageous; certainly they would save the Federal system from the agitation by which it is already menaced. The present Dominion Government, although the short time they have been in office has been fully occupied in the preparation of measures of vast import-ance, have already taken a step in the direction of acommy. The new Covern.

that the efforts of others should receive a fair trial. Factiousness could go no further. The welfare of the country is a question upon which political parties, however much they may differ on minor matters, should be united; but Mr. BROWN and his followers have lost all mend for the country since September. Question with regard to our new tariff a summary of which appears in our cable despatches, shows that on this occasion it has struck the right lead. Free Trade, objects to the National Total Tory surpluses in six years \$10,186,-000; actual Reform deficit in six years, \$5,056,200, And the Reformers added three millions to the taxes. It is an ill wind that blows nobody any

regard for the country since September, when the country emphatically took leave of them. with the view of frightening the Cana-

**OPPOSITION CRITICISM.** THE intelligent reader is requested to

question, viz., as to whether the Home form an intelligent opinion of the man-

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The announcement made on Monday by our King street contemporary that the Local elections will take place in June, will not, we are sure, take our friends wholly by surprise. Nevertheless much remains to be done in several constituen-cies, and we trust no time will be lost in doing it Since the new tariff came into force land The Corn Exchange Association met on Tuesday, and adopted a memorial to the Government praying for the appointment of a Railway Commission. The Masonic fraternity of the city on Tuesday, against presented Past Grand

CITY RECORD

loing it. In the fiscal year 1877-8, say the Trade Trade eturns, 2,079,884 bushels of American oats, valued at \$620,628, entered Ontario

William N. Coleman was arrested on duty free for consumption here. This brought the Ontario farmers' oats down ; but the price has gone up ten cents a bushel since the new tariff came in force on Saturday last. Friday on a telegram from Burlington, Iowa, charging him with forgery on the firm of Pilcher & Co., of that city, to the amount of \$7,000. He was held for ex-tradition.

Last year the business of the savings bank and money-order department of the Toronto Post Office exceeded that of Mont-real by \$416,267, while the expenses of the Montreal office were \$22,968 in excess of the Toronto office. The Ontario License report for 1878 shows that 3,275 licences were issued dur-

shows that 3,275 licences were issued during the year, viz, 2,545 tavern, 659 shop, 45 wholesale and 26 vessel licenses. The number in 1877 was 3,664 ; in 1876, 3,936 ; in 1875, 5,818; and in 1874, 6,185. The expenses of the License boards and the salaries of inspector amounted last year to \$46,550. The number of prisoners committed for drunkenness in 1878, 3,350. If in 1875, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1875, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1875, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1876, 3,888 ; in 1875, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,350. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1875, 3,586 ; and in 1876, 3,288 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1877, 3,586 ; and in 1876, 3,388 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1877, 3,586 ; and in 1876, 3,388 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1877, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 3,250. If in 1876, 3,586 ; and in 1874, 4,588 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1877, 3,588 ; in 1877, 3,586 ; and in 1876, 3,388 ; in 1876, 3,588 ; in 1877, toral Division Society. He was also a Justice of the Peace for the county of York. At a meeting of dry goods importers on Monday the following resolution was passed after much discussion :--"That the tariff resolution which levies duties upon 'the cost of inland transportation, shipment and transhipment with all the expenses included from the place of growth, production, or manufac-ture, whether by land or water to the vessel in which shipment is made, whether in transition of direct to Oanada,' is-lst, vexations and annoying to the importer ; 2nd, troublesome alike to the im-porter and the Customs, and inequitable in its ap-plication ; 3rd, calculated to open the way to frand upon the Customs by unscrupulous importer, and for these and other reasons it should be rescinded, and the duty relied upon from this source, obtained if necessary in some other and more direct way." On Thursday and Friday the Court of Assize was engaged in trying an action brought by Robert Hay against the Grand Trunk Railway Company to recover \$5,000 damages for false arrest. The action arose from a collision on the defendant's track last October, when the plaintiff was in the company's employ at Carlton Junction as operator, and was arrested for negligence, and, after a prolonged investigation, ac-quitted of all blame. After occupying the attention of the Court the whole of Thurs-day, and a porfion of Friday the case was

\$1,824,700

The following is a brief financial history of the Dominion since Confederation :-
 Tow Surpluses.
 Reform Surpluses.

 1868...
 \$201,900

 1869....
 \$41,000

 1870...
 \$1,000

 1870...
 1,166,500

1871,... 3,712,600 1872.... 3.125,300 Reform Deficits. 1876.... \$1,900,800 .. 1,638,900 1877.... 1,460,000 1878.... 1,120,100 \$10,186,200 1878.... 1,120,100 1879 (est) 2,400,000

It is an ill wind that blows nobody any tion to home industries ; and no doubt good, and Canadian cattle exporters are duited of all blame. After occupying the attention of the Court the whole of Thurs-day, and a portion of Friday, the case was given to the jury, who deliberated for sev-eral hours, but, being unable to agree, were discharged, and the plaintiff was non-wind receiving some little benefit from the blast that led to the embargo being put upon the dian people, he yesterday brought the matter up in the House in the form of a

importation of American live stock into the Mether Country. The Halifax Herald of the 19th inst. says :- "The Dominion line steamer Quebec, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, after proceeding to Port-land and discharging her cargo for that port, will return here to load cattle for Liverpool. The steamer Texas, of the same line, is expected here on the 24th inst. for the same purpose, and we understand the company are negotiating for the charter of two much larger steamers to put on the line between Liverpool and Halifax in the same trade." y on the last year to \$158,720, an increase of 40 per cent. The cost of Legislation, onuiting the cost of Legislation, the new tariff will first same the BUSINESS AT THE MONTREAL AND TO-BUSINESS AT THE MONTREAL AND TO-BONTO POST OFFICES.—Comparison of the revenue, money order and saving's bank transactions of the Montreal and Toronto post offices, for the year 1878, shows that in Montreal the net revenue was \$73,773.-68; money orders \$968,110.55; saving's bank, \$193,547.85; total \$1,235,432.18. bank, \$193,047.30; total \$1,209,402.10. In Toronto the net revenue was \$94,450; money orders, 1,176,549,30; saving's bank, \$380,400.56; total \$1,651,699.86; total ex-cess at Toronto over business at Montreal \$416,267.68. In the latter office the post

\$4.16,267.68. In the latter office the post master's salary is \$4,000 and the employés number 119, the pay list amounting to \$77,842.34. In Toronto the post master's salary was \$3,500, the number of employés being 94, the pay list amounting to \$54. \$74.33. From these figures it may be seen that the cost of maintaining the post office in Montreal is \$22,968.10 more than in To-ronto, while the humans done here is much ronto, while the business done here is muc greater than in Montreal.

THE MURDER OF AN ACTOR.

(Continued from Third Page.) HOUSE OF COMMONS. OTTAWA, Monday, March 24.

DOMINION PARLIAMEN

DITAL REPRESENTATION. Mr. OUIMET introduced a bill to peal the Act preventing members of Legislative Assembly from holding seats the House of Commons. House of Commons. The bill was read a first time.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY. Sir JOHN MACDONALD moved th

when the House rose it should stand a journed until Wednesday. Carried. THE TARIFF DEBATE.

Sir JOHN MACDONALD moved th e resumption of the tariff debate shou e the first notice on Wednesday. Mr. MACKENZIE objected on t ground that notice had not been given. Sir JOHN MACDONALD said that t bon. member for North Huron (Mr. Car wright) had agreed to the course propose The present objection was a trick on t part of the hon, member for Lambton. Mr. MACKENZIE asked for a ruling

Mr. SPEAKER ruled that according

practice notice should be given. After some discussion, the motio

EXPORTATION OF HEMLOCK BAR Mr. VALLEE asked whether it was t intention of the Government to hinder t exportation of hemlock bark by imposing duty on this product when exported to t United States. Sir JOHN MACDONALD replied in t

AN EARLIER SESSION OF PARLI

MENT. Mr. FARROW asked if the Governm could see their way open to call Parliame together in the future about the middle January instead of February as now. Sir JOHN MACDONALD-It is the i tention of the Government to call Parli ment as early in winter as possible, but is impossible to fix any day. That must

governed by public necessities. CUSTOMS OFFICE EXPENDITURI

Mr. KRANZ asked whether it was t intention of the Government to re-adju the expenses of the various Customs office so that the expenses of their services sha be in preportion to the nature of the duties and to the amount of business pe formed by them. Mr. BOWELL said it was the policy

the Government to reduce the expenses Custom houses. At the same time it w ry to have due regard to the ency of the preventive service, so that was necessary to continue office certain localities where no duties officers

PORT STANLEY HARBOUR.

Mr. CASEY moved for copies of tatements in reference to the collect and expenditure of the revenues of P Stanley harbour, made by the Great We orn Railway Company under the terms heir lease of that harbour. He said t the inhabitants of the locality wished ascertain the facts of the case covered the motion, because it was stated that Great Western Railway Company had roted the revenues of the harbour to proving their own property other than

Dr. TUPPER said that no doubt principal point in question was the exp diture made by the railway company. survey had been made of the condition the harbour, and an engineer was enga in preparing a report.

Ontario	159,000
Quebec	165,000
Nova Scotia	34,000
New Branswick	21,000
Other Provinces	32,000
and the second	NEW STREET

The motion way carried

SUPPLIES FOR THE DEPARTME OF MARINE AND FISHERIES. Sir A. J. SMITH moved for accounts bills showing in detail, with prices, goods and supplies furnished to the Dep ment of Marine and Fisheries by the firm of Messrs. Mitchell & Co., of Mo real, from the 1st January, 1870, to the

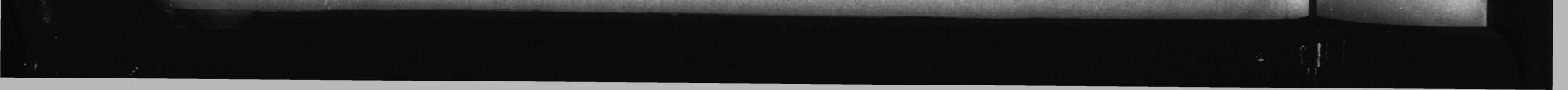
January, 1874. Sir JOHN MACDONALD said the member for Westmorelani should g some reasons for moving for the pap Why should he ask for papers which w before himself as Minister of Marine fn November, 1873, to September, 18 Why did he not look at them and get information which he now asked for ? if he had obtained the information whad he asked for it now? The reason evident. During the time the hon. gen man was Minister of Marine and Fishe he dared not have ventured to have m the motion when Mr. Mitchell had a s in the House. Sir A. J. SMITH said there were str

public reasons why the papers should brought down. There were reasons w the matter referred to in the motion sho be probed. The hon. gentleman then co plained that an attack had been made im a few days ago. Mr. DOMVILLE regretted that the

ject had been brought up in its pres form, as it appeared like persecuti When Mr. Mitchell was on the floor of House, the hon. member for Westmorels had never dared to make such insinuatio The hon. gentleman was head of Marine and Fisheries Department dur five years, and yet never called for the papers. Inquiries were made as to t amount of champagne drunk on Gover ment steamers, and this was made charge against Mr. Mitchell at the h election, but had not been brought bef Parliament. The hon. member, as a nov in his department, was at a loss how act. He was assisted by Mr. Mitchell, i when that gentleman was not present defend himself, the motion now before House was submitted. If the papers w necessary now, there were strong reases why they should have been brought do by the hon. member when he was at head of the Department. Every f minded man in New Brunswick wo deprecate the motion submitted. Mr. POPE (Queen's) said that a relation to transactions which had tai place years ago, when he (Sir A. J. Smi was head of the Department. The or passed, and the hon gentleman now has a copy of the papers. If hon, gentlemen thought the pap now asked for were necessary, he shou have moved for them before, and if knew there was misconduct in the tra actions to which they referred he shou hong ago have brought it before Parl ment. It would have been a more man act, and one more becoming a knight, have brought forward the subject wh House, the hon. member for Westmorel had never dared to make such insinuati

ment. It would have been a more man act, and one more becoming a knight, have brought forward the subject wh Mr. Mitchell was in Parliament. Do ments would be submitted which wor show how the hon, gentleman (Sir A. Smith) had conducted the departme among them being papers relating to keep Chase, of the Glendon, which the hi-member had since admitted was a mista Sir A. J. SMITH said his successor h stated that he was prepared to show Sir A. J. SMITH said his successor h stated that he was prepared to show, great many transactions of malversation the part of himself (Sir A. J. Smi when at the head of the Marine a Fisheries Department. He would do lenge hon, gentlemen to do it. He o hoped the papers he moved for would be incomplete as some had been which been brought down. Mr. POPE said he had brought down correspondence incomplete.

respondence incomplete. Sir A. J. SMITH said when he had Sir A. J. SMITH said when he had to the hon. gentleman for corresponder and when the hon. gentleman sent it to it was garbled. He was prepared to go fore a committee in connection with matter having reference to his departm. He had not neglected his department, though he had let a hundred contracts no case had one been questioned. Mr. BOWELL denied that the i member for Westmoreland had been wided with method member for Westmoreland had been vided with garbled papers. Last we when the Minister of Marine and Fishe read certain papers the hon. member Westmoreland sent for them, and



# CITY RECORD.

Since the new tariff came into force land in the County of York has increased value at least ten dollars per acre. The Corn Exchange Association met on Tuesday, and adopted a memorial to the Government praying for the appointment of a Railway Commission.

The Masonic fraternity of the city on Tuesday evening presented Past Grand Master Kerr with a testimonial comisting of a Grand Lodge apron, cellar and gaunt-

William N. Coleman was arrested on Friday on a telegram from Burlington, Iowa, charging him with forgery on the firm of Pilcher & Co., of that city, to the amount of \$7,000. He was held for extradition.

Last year the business of the savings bank and money-order department of the Toronto Post Office exceeded that of Mont-real by \$416,267, while the expenses of the Montreal office were \$22,968 in excess of the Toronto office were \$22,968 in excess of the Toronto office.

the Toronto office. Mr. Philip Armstrong, one of Toronto's oldest and most respected citizens, died on Sunday at his residence, "Deer Park," Yorkville, at the age of 70 years. The de-coased gentleman was noted for the inter-est he took in all matters affecting agricul-ture and stock-raising. He was a member of the Council of the Agricultural and Arts Association, and President of the Elec-toral Division Society. He was also a Justice of the Peace for the county of York. At a meeting of dry goods importers on

At a meeting of dry goods importers on Monday the following resolution was passed after much discussion :--

after much discussion :---"That the tariff resolution which levies duties upon 'the cost of iniand transportation, shipment and transhipment with all the expenses included from the place of growth, production, or manufac-ture, whether by land or water to the vessel in which shipment is made, whether in transitu or direct to Canada,' is-lst, vexatious and annoying to the importer ; 2nd, troublesome alike to the im-porter and the Customs, and inequitable in its ap-plication; 3rd, calculated to open the way to frand upon the Customs by uncerupulous importers, and upon the Customs by unscrupulous importers, and or these and other reasons it should be rescinded, and the duty relied upon from this source, obtained t necessary in some other and more direct way."

On Thursday and Friday the Court of Assize was engaged in trying an action brought by Robert Hay against the Grand Trunk Railway Company to recover \$5,000 damages for false arrest. The action arcse from a collision on the defendant's track last October, when the plaintiff was in the company's employ at Carlton Junction as operator, and was arrested for negligence, and, after a prolonged investigation, ac-quitted of all blame. After occupying the tention of the Court the whole of Thurs day, and a portion of Friday, the case was given to the jury, who deliberated for sev-eral hours, but, being unable to agree, were discharged, and the plaintiff was non-

BUSINESS AT THE MONTREAL AND TO-RONTO POST OFFICES. -Comparison of the revenue, money order and saving's bank transactions of the Montreal and Toronto ost offices, for the year 1878, shows that n Montreal the net revenue was \$73,773. 68 ; money orders \$968,110.55 ; saving's bank, \$193,547.85 ; total \$1,235,432.18. In Toronto the net revenue was \$94,450 : oney orders, 1,176,849.30 ; saving's bank \$380,400.56 ; total \$1,651,699.86 ; total excess at Toronto over business at Montreal \$416,267.68. In the latter office the post master's salary is \$4,000 and the employes number 119, the pay list amounting to \$77,842.34. In Toronto the post master's alary was \$3,500, the number of employés being 94, the pay list amounting to \$54,-874.33. From these figures it may be seen that the cost of maintaining the post office in Montreal is \$22,968.10 more than in Tonto, while the business done here is much greater than in Montreal.

# THE MURDER OF AN ACTOR.

Correct Details of the Marshall, Texas, Tragedy-Arrival of the Remains at New York.

YORK, March 24 .- The remains of

# THE WEEKLY MAIL, TORONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1879.

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e in West Cabe, and carty-eight h MoCabe years ago married. The Winnipeg Gazette has suspended publication. A new Baptist church was opened in Montreal on Sunday. T am the a'' Noth e. Had a e. Woods' funeral of ti s stated that two of H.M. war ships will spend the summer in the port of guebec. Mr. John Smith, ex-M.P.P. for the County of Kent, died at his residence at newed the if I owned if I be entroy of Kent, died at his residence at married. The Governor-General gave a dinner party on Monday night. A number of party on Monday night. A number of present. The Feigel gold mine in Marmora is said too B producing about \$400 per week, which leaves a considerable profit after paying expenses. The New York World's Newport special The New York World's Newport special The New York World's Newport special

B. C. Porter, the actor who was murdered at Marshall, Texas, arrived here yesterday. The funeral takes place on Wednesday. The friends of the family are coming for-

ward with assistance. The published account of the murder is correct, except that the actress insulted in the company of Porter and Barrymore was not Miss Baker, as stated, but Miss Ellen not Miss Baker, as stated, out Miss Eilen Cummins. At the time of the assault the murderer was in his hotel, about fifty feet distant, while John Drew, another of the company, and brother-in-law of Barry-more, was standing on the steps outside the restaurant. When Drew ran into the new for a state of the steps outside the restaurant. When Drew ran into the place, Currie aimed his pistols at him, but he begged for his life, and the murderer spared him. After shooting Porter and Barrymore, Currie pointed both his pistols in Miss Cummins' face, and said, "' I've a mind to shoot you too." She was fairly paralyzed with fear, and pleaded for her life. He red four shots in all, but the first one, at Barrymore, and the last one, at Porter missed. Though Currie was under the in fluence of liquor he was not deeply intoxi-cated. The feeling in Marshall is said to be intense. Every man, woman and child would like to lynch Currie. The inchild would like to lynch Currie. The in-sult to Miss Cummins was addressed to the proprietor of the place and Currie tried to force the proprietor and Barrymore to resent it. When he pulled out his pistol Barrymore rose and said he was unarmed, but if Currie would lay down his pistols he would give him all the satisfaction he wanted. At the same time he began to re-move his coat. Instantly Currie fired. The next day Currie told his keepers he re-gretted he did not kill the whole lot of them so that there would be no witnesses.

# COMMODORE VANDERBILT'S WILL.

The Last of a Famous Case—The Will Affirmed—Ali the Family Suits Discon-tinued.

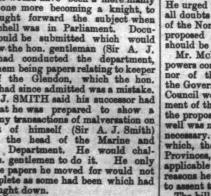
NEW YORK, March 25.-Surrogate Cal-

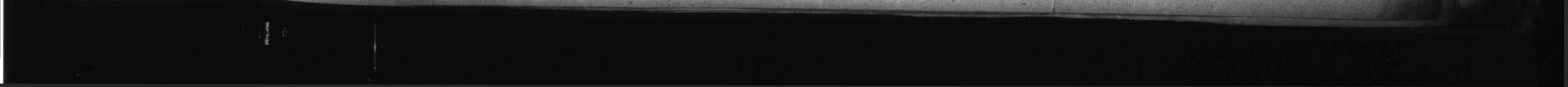
NEW YORK, March 25.—Surrogate Cal-vin has signed a decree affirming the will of Commodore Vanderbilt. By consent of the proponent the decree is to be entered without costs to either side. It is reported that all the suits in the Vanderbilt family have been discontinued, and that Wm. H. has set apart five millions to stop litigation. Scott Lord says he does not expect to appeal the will case. Wm. H. denies the rumoured compromise, but

not expect to appeal the will case. Wm. H. denies the rumoured compromise, but says Cornelius has written him a pleasant letter withdrawing his suit. This morning Judge Donohue, by con-sent of counsel, entered orders dismissing the suit by Cornelius J. Vanderbilt against his brother, Wm. H., for a million dollars, and also a similar order in the suit of the same plaintiff for seven millions dollars dam-ages for alleged conspiracy by Wm. H. and others to injure Cornelius' reputation. This ends the whole case, as no appeal is to be taken from the Surrogate's admission of the will to probate. of the will to probate.

of the will to probate." Sufferings of a Party of Lur bermen-A Foolhardy Journey from Lake Superior to Quebec-Death of one of the Party. QUEBEC, March 25.—The exposure and privations endured by a party of Quebec immbermen who made their way home from the Lake Superior district through the frost and snow upon being discharged from their employment many weeks ago, have already resulted fatally in one instance. Of the number who reached this city was Louis Laperrière, who died on Sunday Of the number who reached this city was Louis Laperrière, who died on Sunday morning. Pincault, of St. Rochs, has had to have a toe amputated, and it is probable that Eusèbe Lafleur will have to suffer amputation of the feet. Pierre Bourget, and the victim who had stopped on the way at his brother's in Detroit, returned to Omebeon Saturday milti are forth way at his brother's in Detroit, retrieve to Quebecon Saturday with one foot frozen. Messre. Calvin & Breck, in whose employ the men were engaged, write to the *Chronicle* to state that all the hardships endured by them were all due to their own persistency in taking a course against which they had been advised.

For Throat Diseases and Congh "Brown's Bronchial Troches" have proved to efficacy by a test of many years. Like all o really good things they are frequently imitated by unscrupulous dealers, and purchasers should be careful to obtain the genuine article prepared by John'I. Brown & Sons.





THE WEEKLY MAIL, TORONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1879

however, took notes with her eyes only, and said nothing to excite slarm.

Peter's mind, and matters ran again in their old grooves at Charmeigh Hall. No more burglars were heard of, and Lady Charmeigh, trusting in her good star, fell to thinking that since her diamonds had braved such desperate raid, they must bear charmed lives. But in this she was wrong, and it was her destiny to go through a much more trying experience than the first two which had fallen to her lot. the ladder standing w to frighten the ser-Sir Peter, on his ants in the morning. Sir Peter, on his ide, was to return to his own quarters ide, was to return to his own quarters confident did the

ndow again. So confident did share romet now feel of success that, to spare ick the trouble of remaining out longer in ac cold, he dropped his pocket handker-

go off to bed, leaving the la under the open window to fr

THE ZULL WAR "I Look here, Patty," she began, with forced calmness; " don't be frightened at what I am going to say; but there has been a burglary here." "A burglary ! O my lady !" exclaimed Patty Raggles, with well-feigned terror. Official Account of the Gallant De

verted two mealie-bag heaps into a sort of redoubt, which gave a second line of fire all along, Assistant-Commissary Dunne working hard at this, though much ex-posed; thus rendering most valuable as-setance "Darkness then came on. We were

AMERICAN NOTES.

The Hungarian and Austrian residents of Milwaukee are preparing a theatrical en-tertainment to raise funds for the relief of the sufferers by the flood at Sezegdin. Subscriptions are also being raised.



TILDEN CAKE.

One cup batter, two of pulverized sugar, one of swoet milk, three of flour, half cup corn starch, four eggs, two teaspoons bak-ing-powder, two of lemon extract.

CAKE-MAKING

TIN-WEDDING CAKE. Rub one cup butter and three of sugar to a cream ; add cne cup milk, four of flour, five eggs, one teaspoon cream tartar, half teaspoon soda, one-fourth pound sitron. This makes two loaves.

WATERMELON CAKE.

White Part.—Two cups white sugar, one f butter, one of sweet milk, three and a alf of flour, whites of eight eggs, two tea-

half of nour, whites of eight eggs, two tea-spoons cream tartar, one of soda dis-solved in a little warm water. *Red Part*—One cup red sugar, half cup butter, third cup sweet milk, two cups flour, whites of four eggs, teaspoon cream tartar, half teaspoon soda, teacup raisins; careful to keep the red part around tube of the pan and the white around the edge. It requires two persons to fil

WEDDING CAKE.

One pound white sugar, one of flour, three-fourths pound butter, a dozen eggs, two pounds raisins, two of currants, half ound citron, fourth ounce nutmeg, fourth ounce cloves, half ounce cinnamon, a cup poun of molasses, and a level teaspoon soda.

WEDDING CAKE.

Fifty eggs, five pounds sugar, five of flour, five of batter, fifteen of raisins, three of citron, ten of currants, pint brandy, fourth ounce cloves, ounce cinnamon, four of mace, four of nutmeg. This makes forty-three and of half pounds, and keeps twenty years.

WHITE CAKE,

One cap butter, two of sugar, one of sweet milk, three of flour, whites of five eggs, two teaspoons baking-powder.

# SNOW CAKE.

Half teacup butter, one of sugar, one and a half of flour, half cup sweet milk, whites of four eggs, teaspoon baking-powder; flavour with lemon. SNOW CAKE.

Whites of ten eggs beaten to a stiff froth, sift lightly on this one and a half cups fine white or pulverized sugar, stir well, and add cup flour mixed with tea-spoon baking-powder; flavour with lemon

# TEN-MINUTE CAKE.

One-fourth pound butter, a little less than a pound flour, the same of sugar, six eggs a pound flour, the flavour with mace and beaten separately ; flavour with mace ; bake in muffin-rings.

# WHITE PERFECTION CAKE.

Three cups sugar, one of butter, one of milk, three of flour, one of corn starch, white of twelve eggs beaten to a stiff froth, two teaspoons cream tartar in flour, and one of soda in half the milk ; dissolve the corn starch in the rest of the milk, and add it to the sugar and butter well beaten together, then the milk and soda, and the flour and whites of eggs.

LAYER-CAKES. In baking layer-cakes, it is important to thoroughly grease the tins-to make it emphatic, we will say thoroughly grease and then grease again and after using rul off with a coarse towel, taking care that they are perfectly free from all small par-ticles of cake, grease and fill again, thus ticles of cake, grease and fill again, thus obviating the necessity of washing every

time they are filled. If jelly is used to spread between the layers, it is a good plan to beat it smoothly and spread it before the cakes are quite cool. "In build-ing," an inverted jelly-tin furnishes a per-fectly level surface on which to lay and spread the cake, and it may be allowed to remain on until perfectly cold, when it should be set away in a tin cake-box, in a cool place.

cool place. To blanch almonds, pour boiling water over them, let stand a moment, drain and throw them into cold water, slip off the skins and pound.

ALMOND CAKE.

Two cups sugar, three-fourths cup but-ter, one of sweet milk, two of flour, and one of corn starch well mixed, whites of six one of corn starch well mixed, whites of six eggs, two teaspoons cream tartar in the flour, one teaspoon soda in the milk; cream the butter and sugar, add walk gradually, then the whites of eggs to-gether with the flour, and bake in jelly-tins. To put between layers, take two pounds almonds, blanch and pound fine in a mortar (or fine cloth will do), beat whites and yolks of two eggs together lightly, add a cup and a half sugar, then the alomnds with a tablespoon vanilla.

ALMOND CREAM CAKE.

ALMOND CREAM CARS. On beaten whites of ten eggs, sift one and a half goblets pulverized sugar, and a goblet of flour through which has been stirred a heaping teaspoon cream tartar; stir very gently and do not heat it; bake in followare. For cream take a half ont in jelly-pans. For cream, take a half pint sweet cream, yolks of three eggs, tablesweet cream, yolks of three eggs, table-smoon pulverized sugar, teaspoon corn starch; dissolve starch smoothly with a little milk, beat yolks and sugar together with this, boil the cream, and stir these ingredients in as for any cream cake fill-ing, only make a little thicker; blanch and chop fine a half pound almonds and stir into the cream. Put together like jelly cake while icing is soft, and stick in a half pound of almonds split in two.

BOSTON CREAM CAKE.

BOSTON CREAM CAKE. Pour half pint boiling water over a cup butter, and while hot stir in two cups flour. When the whole is very smooth and thoroughly scalded, set away to cool. When cold, break in five eggs, stir until perfectly mired, then add one-fourth tea-spoon seda. Butter a pan, drop in the mixture, a teaspoon in a place, and bake in a quick oven. When the cakes are done they will be hollow, and the top must be aliced off, the inside filled with cream, and the ton replaced.

the top replaced. Cream for Inside.—Pint milk, half cur four, a cup sugar, and two eggs, stirred together and heated till of the consistency of cream; flavour with lemon.

BOSTON CREAM PUFFS.

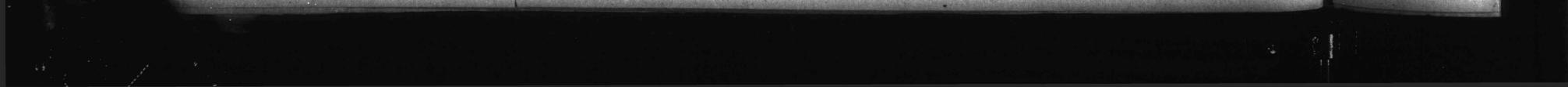
Boil one tumbler of water, add to it Boil one tumbler of water, add to it scant two thirds cup butter; while boiling stir in one and a half tumblers flour; when cold add five well-beaten eggs and a table-spoon cold water; drop a spoonfnl in a place on well-greased tins one and a half inches apart, bake fifteen to twenty min-utes in a quick oven; when cool enough to handle, cut a hole in side, and fill with creater made as follows. Boil trac tumbles cream made as follows : Boil two tumblers sweet milk, add two eggs, and two-thirds coffee-cup white sugar well beaten to-gether, then stir in one-half coffee-cup flour till thick and smooth, and flavour.

BUCKEYE CREAM PUFFS.

Five eggs, whites and yolks beaten s Five eggs, whites and yolks beaten se-parately, one and a half cups each of white supported by the flour, two tea-spoons baking-powder in the flour; bake in tea-cups, filling about half full. The cream is prepared by placing a shall tin pail con-taining a pint sweet milk in a kettle of boiling water; beat the whites and yolks of two eggs separately; stir in milk white boiling, a half tea-cup sugar, a large table, spon corn starch dissolved in a little sweet with them the beaten yolks, and a picod of butter the size of a large walnut; flavour with lemon or vanilla. When done cut the cakes apen, put in a spoonful of the cream place together again, roll in the whites, and then in coarse granulated sugar.

FRENCH CREAM CAKE

Three eggs, one tea-onp granulated sugar, one and a half cups flour, two table spoons cold water, teaspoon baking-powder This is enough for two cakes baked in pie pans, to be split while warm, spreading the hot custard between them, or for four



and the second

AMERICAN NOTES.

The Hungarian and Austrian residents of dilwankee are preparing a theatrical en-ertainment to raise funds for the relief of he sufferers by the flood at Sezegdin. abscriptions are also being raised.

A Rochester special states that the Mayor and Police Commissioners were on Saturday indicted for alleged malfeasance in not enforcing the Sunday liquor law. Also that Excise Commissioners Baker and Mutchler had been convicted of malasance.

The 13th Brooklyn regiment are pre-paring for their visit to Montreal to partici-pate in the celebration of the next 24th of May. The roll of the regiment now con-tains 600 names. They are drilling care-fully and diligently in order to acquit them-selves creditably.

The Chicago Communists held a grand ball on Saturday night at the Exposition building. Twenty-five thousand persons were present, among them a military body estimated at from five hundred to one-thousand. The object of the ball is said to be to raise money to perfect their organ-ization, military and political.

A warrant of attachment has been issued A warrant of attachment has been issued against the property of the New Haven Steamship Company, Charles Cooper (col-oured), having sued the company under the Civil Rights bill, for refusing to permit him te eat in the dining saloon on the steamer Continental, he having purchased a firstclass ticket.

The New York Herald's Omaha special. any there is a movement for a monster-Grant excursion, which appears to be sanc-tioned by the leading Republican Congress-men. It is believed the fare for the round trip to San Francisco from any point in the country will be about one cent per mile. t is estimated that 50,000 persons will participate.

Cattle dealers and farmers along the Hudson deprecate the order issued by Gen. Patrick, prohibiting the transporta-tion of cattle from certain counties by barge or railway. They say there is no good reason for such an order being issued as there is not a single case of pleuro-pneumonia in Dutchess county north of

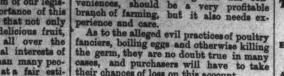
In the Virginia Senate on Friday Senator In the virginia Senare on Finary Senare. Massey rose to a question of privilege, and read a paper severely reflecting on Senator Smith for a speech reflecting on Massey. Massey was several times called to order. Massey was several times called to order. Smith, during Massey's remarks, denounced the latter as "a liar, a scoundrel and a dog." A scene ensued. Several proposi-tions to reprimand the offending Senators, ons to reprimand the offending and requiring apologies, were made. After a debate, the matter was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The Commissioners of Emigration at New York have considered the subject of renewing their application to Congress for the anactment of a law to regulate immigration, and decided when the House Committee on and decided when the House Committee on-Commerce is appointed to have it pre-sented again. The bill seeks to prohibit-the landing of insane, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind, deformed, maimed, criminals, or notoriously dissolute persons, and to-make an appropriation of \$2,500,000 an-nually, to be proportionately distributed mually, to be proportionately distributed mong the several ports of the United

states for the support of immigration. The New York Herald on Saturday came out in advocacy of holding the next Ame-out in advocacy of holding the next Ame-rican International Exposition in New York in 1883, the centenary of the acknowledged independance of the United States and of the evacuation of the City of New York by the British troops. London and Berlin here a macmutic right to the second Berlin have a pre-emption right to the years 1885 and 1887. France will in 1889 celebrate the centenary of her great revolution with an exposition surpassing in magnificence every previous festival of the kind. It is equally certain that America as a whole THE WEEKLY MAIL, TORONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1879.

doors, while the air was reeking with the suffocating fumes of tobacco. After one or exports to 30th Sep-tember, 1878..... 5,350,000 Annual consumption, four million people at 53 bush......21,500,000 29,850,000

Amual consumption, four million people at 50,000
 Amual consumption, four million people at 50,000 29,850,000
 It is altogether likely that Mr. Dodge's estimate, the consumption of the dodget at the set of the production of croop of 1875, three can be little doubt but that first full and catalle were worthy of the consumption of 1876, which would make the crop, exolution of the grade the robust of the production of croop of 1877, which would make the crop, exolution of the production of the grade the robust of the robust of the production of the grade the robust of robust of the robust of robust of the robust of the robust of robust robust of the robust of robust of the robust of robust of the robust of the



Yours truly, A. M. SMITH. Drummondville, March 16, 1879. JERSEY CATTLE.

The Council adjourned. OTTAWA, March 21. — A deputation from the Council of the Ontario Agri-cultural and Arts Association waited on the Minister of Agriculture to-day and asked for a grant in aid of the approaching Provincial Exhibition at Otta-wa. They desire to impart to it a Dominion oharacter. Hon. Mr. Pope said he favoured the scheme and would lay the matter be-fore the Council.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., March 23.— Gritism is the same all over the Dominion. The frightful exposure of the rottenness and corruption of the late Local Govern-ment of Nova Scotia is being followed by the exposure of the corruption of the late Grit Government of Prince Edward Island. Notwithstanding the fifty-four thousand dot and additional taxation last year and the arge deficit, the Davies-Stewart Ad-ministration, had they retained power this year, would have plunged the tight little island into debt another hundred and twenty-seven thousand dollars. During

OXFORD SPRING ASSIZES.

A ladies' branch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has been formed at Quebec. True Bills Returned in the Mc-Cabe Case.

Ball, Q.C., for the Crown.

COBRUPTION IN P. E. ISLAND.

Government.

The De Castro Syrup Company of Mont-real are said to contemplate entering the sugar refinery business. The Montreal City Council has passed a by-law to prevent immoral and indecent exhibitions in the theatres. Extraordinary Perjury Case-The Pris-oner Declared to Be Insanc.

The Rev. Joseph Elliott, of Montreal, has accepted a unanimous call to the charge of the Presbyterian church at Cannington,

CANADIAN ITEMS.

Alderman Mullin, of Montreal, has instituted a suit for \$20,000 against the Star for an alleged libel in a correspondent's

Extraordinary Perinry Case-The Pris-ener Beclared to Be Insame. WOODSTOCK, March 21.—The Spring Assizes for the County of Oxford com-menced here yesterday afternoon before Chief Justice Wilson. The docket is ex-ceedingly small, comprising only ten civil and six criminal suits, conspicuous among which are the McCabe mystery and the Eastwood forgery cases. This afternoon the court house was crowded to its utmost capacity to hear the latter. The prisoner is a young lady named Lizzie Begley, better known in this town as the \$18,000 heiress, or in Brant-ford as the young lady who wanted to pur-chase a moustache. The amount of notes at is alleged to have forged exceeds one thousand dollars. The defence set up the ples of insanity. A number of witnesses testified to receiving notes from her to be cashed. The notes appeared perfectly good and in some instances were cashed. The alleged makers of the notes testified to make them and knew nothing of such notes until they were presented for payment. In one instance as offered the note of Mr. Virtue for five hundred dollars at the bank, but the manager required it to be endorsed. After a fow moments' Prof. Tiepke, of the Fisheries Depart-ment, died at Ottawa on Friday night, after a brief illness from poisoning of the blood.

The Montreal Minerve gives circulation to a rumour that the Lieut.-Governor of Quebec intends to dissolve the Local House once more.

Mr. A. M. Hart, one of the oldest members of the Quebec bar, was struck down with paralysis in court on Tuesday. He is in a critical state.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell, who has been confined to his room at the Russell House, Ottawa, by rheumatism, will soon be able to go abroad again. note of Mr. Virtue for five hundred dollars at the bank, but the manager required it to be endorsed. After a few moments' absence she returned with Mr. Russell, a near neighbour, and he, supposing the note to be good, endorsed it and in the end had to pay the \$500. The trial lasted all the afternoon. Mr. Ashton Fletcher addressed the jury on behalf of the prisoner and Mr. Ball. Q.C., for the Crown.

Mr. John Gibson, the Montreal printer who recently came into a legacy of from \$25,000 to \$30,000, received the first instalment of his money on Friday.

Dr. Cochrane, of Brantford, was unanimously nominated by the Presbytery of Guelph at their meeting on Tuesday for the moderatorship of the General Assem-Bail, Q.C., for the Crown. The jury, after being out about two hours, returned with a verdict of "Not guilty, on the ground of insanity." The Grand Jury have brought in true bills against Geo. McCabe and Dr. Bowers for murder. bly.

Some of the Town Councils of the municipalities adjoining Quebec have passed resolutions not to grant licences for the sale of spirituous liquor within their

Hon. Mr. Langevin returned to Ottawa from Quebec on Thursday. He was pre-sented with an address of condolence by sented with an address of condolence by the officers and employés of the Post Office Scaly Doings of the Late Grit Local Department

> The small-pox is reported to be decreasing in Marmora. There have been several re-coveries and no deaths, though one was expected to occur on Tuesday. are reported.

The contract for section "B," Canada Pacific railway, was signed on Thursday by Messrs. Grant, Frazer, Pitblado, Alex. Manning, J. Shields, and J. Macdonald. The contract price is \$4,130,000.

John B. Weller, of Belleville, Ont., the from gaol at Buffalo, and brought to Can-ada, the Merchants' Bank consenting to his being given in charge of his friends.

Mrs. Hunt, one of the passengers on the Sardinian, died at sea, on Friday, from cancer. Her son from Quebec was at Halifax to meet her, and, when the steamer arrived, took charge of the corpse. An influential delegation, headed by Bishop Bond and Sir A. T. Galt, has waited on the Montreal License Commis-sioners, asking for a limitation of licenses. No concessions have been obtained how ever.

island into debt another hundred and twenty-seven thousand dollars. During January and February they spent seventy-five thousand without the authority or knowledge of Parliament. In the Gover-nor's speech they announced their intention of abolishing the Legislative Council and at that moment were expending eleven hun-dred dollars in decorating the Council chamber—although the Commissioner of Public Works, W. D. Stewart, de-clared it would not cost fifty—most of which was paid to relatives of members of the Government. The late Provincial Secretary and Treasurer, Hon. T. W. Dodd, supplies and pays himself for four marble mantel-pieces at forty dollars each for the new insane asylum, while the speci-fications only require wooden ones. The Montreal regiments are making ready to receive the 13th Brooklyn Regi-ment on the 24ch of May. The Minister of Militia will join the movement, and Sir Selby Smyth is expected to h

for the new insame asylum, while the speci-fications only require wooden ones. Further, this same "elevator of the standard," without tender, contract or requisition, supplies the asylum with thirty-six registered grates at a cost of about eight hundred dollars, and pays him-self for them, while his Government had previously contracted to heat the building with steam at a cost of integer thomeand previously contracted to heat the building

The

of mace, four of number, into makes forty-three and of half pounds, and keeps twenty years. WHITE CAKE. One cap butter, two of sugar, one of sweet milk, three of flour, whites of five eggs, two teaspoons baking-powder. SNOW CAKE. Half teacup butter, one of sugar, one and a half of flour, half cup sweet milk, whites of four eggs, teaspoon baking-powder; flavour with lemon. SNOW CAKE. Whites of ten eggs beaten to a stiff froth, sift lightly on this one and a half cups fine white or pulverized sugar, stir well, and add cup flour mixed with tea-spoon baking-powder; flavour with lemon or vanilla. <u>TEN-MINUTE CAKE.</u> MHITE PERFECTION CAKE. WHITE PERFECTION CAKE. WHITE PERFECTION CAKE. MHITE PERFECTION CAKE. Three cups sugar, one of butter, one of milk, three of flour, one of corn starch, wite of twelve eggs beaten to a stiff froth, sift lightly on this one and a half cups fine white or pulverized sugar, stir well, and add cup flour mixed with tea-spoon baking-powder; flavour with lemon or vanilla. MHITE PERFECTION CAKE. Three cups sugar, one of butter, one of milk, three of flour, one of corn starch, white of twelve eggs beaten to a stiff froth, two teaspoons cream tartar in flour, a fight. Some of the young men who were acting on the committee in this matter have the reputation of being respectable, and we sincerely hope they will not lend themselves again to rowdyism of this char-

Waiting for Millions.

Detroit also has her share of heirs-expectant, and it is a poor day when one In baking layer-cakes, it is important to

acter.

can't turn a street corner and upset at least one person who believes himself en-titled to half the money in the Bank of England. A few of the more important cases may be interesting :-In baking layer-cakes, it is important to thoroughly grease the tins—to make it emphatic, we will say thoroughly grease and then grease again—and after using rub off with a coarse towel, taking care that they are perfectly free from all small par-ticles of cake, grease and fill again, thus obviating the necessity of washing every time they are filled. If jelly is used to spread between the layers, it is a good plan spread between the layers, it is a good plan to beat it smoothly and spread it before the cakes are quite cool. " In build-ing," an inverted jelly-tin furnishes a per-fectly level surface on which to lay and spread the cake, and it may be allowed to remain on until perfectly cold, when it should be set away in a tin cake-box, in a lawyer that his chance of securing posses-sion of about half of England is first-rate. Steps have already been taken to prove that King George was drunk when the accithat King George was drunk when the acci-dent occurred. Thomas Delahoe is one of the 6,457 De-lahoes who are heirs to the great Blumfum estate in Scotland. All Thomas needs to do is to prove that one of his ancestors ran away to sea, landed in the East Indies, married a native, set sail to America in a cance, landed here in good health and died of honourable old age. Just as soon as the draying business slacks up a little Thomas is going to set about collecting his proofs and building a vault in which to store his money. cool place. To blanch almonds, pour boiling water over them, let stand a moment, drain and throw them into cold water, slip off the skins and pound. ALMAND CAFE Two cups sugar, three-fourths cup but-ter, one of sweet milk, two of flour, and one of corn starch well mixed, whites of six money. eggs, two teaspeons cream tartar in the flour, one teaspoon soda in the milk; cream the butter and sugar, add milk gradually, then the whites of eggs to-gether with the flour, and bake in jelly-Mary Von Blum, a servant girl, has jus been left a fortune of \$3,000,000 by the death of her uncle, a German count. There are some little trifles to be attended to before she can pay for a new bonnet out of this legacy. The principal trifle is to establish the fact that her uncle had more pounds almonds, blanch and pound fine in a mortar (or fine cloth will do), beat than enough to bury him, and that he ever heard of or knew of a Von Blum in his whites and yolks of two eggs together lightly, add a cup and a half sugar, ther heard of or knew of a von baun in har life. Just as soon as she receives the money, she is going to demand an increase of fifty cents per week in wages, and tell her mistress just what she thinks of a lady who wants potatoes pared thin. the alomnds with a tablespoon vanilla. ALMOND CREAM CAKE. On beaten whites of ten eggs, sift one and a half goblets pulverized sugar, and a goblet of flour through which has been Edward Skiles is heir to the vast Lan-Edward Skiles is heir to the vast Lan-caster estates in England, or will be in a few days. His great grandfather was keeper of the hounds for the Duke of Lan-caster, and once helped his Grace out of a mud-puddle. In return he was promised a fat reward. He never got it. It is the in-ference that the Duke meant to will him the estate. Of course he did. Edward stands ready to prove that his father was the son of his grandfather, and if those blasted Englishmen know what's good for 'em, they will at once set about shipping the Lancaster estate to Detroit in sections. Detroit Free Press. stirred a heaping teaspoon cream tartar; stir very gently and do not heat it; bake stir very gently and do not heat it ; bake in jelly-pans. For cream, take a half pint sweet cream, yolks of three eggs, table-spoon pulverized sugar, teaspoon corn starch ; dissolve starch smoothly with a little milk, beat yolks and sugar together with this, boil the cream, and stir these ingredients in as for any cream cake fill-ing, only make a little thicker ; blanch and chop fine a half pound almonds and stir into the cream. Put together like jelly cake while icing is soft, and stick in a half pound of almonds split in two. BOSTON CREAM CAKE.

<section-header>ATTRE VERKIT MAIL TOKONTO, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1879.add back in [4]-parks, with the hold<br/>being particular for a relative in the hold of the hold of the state o WATERMEION CAKE. White Part. — Two cups white sugar, one of butter, one of sweet milk, three and a half of flour, whites of eight eggs, two tea-spoons cream tartar, one of soda dis-solved in a little warm water. Red Part.—One cup red sugar, half cup butter, third cup sweet milk, two cups flour, whites of four eggs, teaspoon cream tartar, half teaspoon soda, teacup raisins; be careful to keep the red part around the tube of the pan and the white around the edge. It requires two persons to fill

THAT

DIES' CORNER

CAKE-MAKING. TILDEN CAKE. One cup butter, two of pulverized sugar, one of swoet milk, three of flour, half cup

TIN-WEDDING CAKE.

Rub one cup butter and three of sugar to a cream ; add cne cup milk, four of four, five eggs, one teaspoon cream tartar, half teaspoon soda, one-fourth pound eitron. This makes two loaves.

WATERMELON CARE,

the edge. It requires two persons to fill

WEDDING CAKE.

One pound white sugar, one of flour, three-fourths pound batter, a dozen eggs, two pounds raisins, two of currants, half pound citron, fourth ounce nutmeg, fourth onnce cloves, half ounce cinnamon, a cup

WEDDING CAKE. Fifty eggs, five pounds sugar, five of flour, five of batter, fifteen of raisins, three of citron, ten of currants, pint brandy,

ourth ounce cloves, ounce cinnamon, fon of mace, four of nutmeg. This makes forty-three and of half pounds, and keeps

white of twelve eggs beaten to a stiff froth, two teaspoons cream tartar in flour, and one of soda in half the milk; dissolve the corn starch in the rest of the milk, and

add it to the sugar and butter well beaten together, then the milk and soda, and the

LAYER-CAKES.

r and whites of eggs.

of molasses, and a level teaspoon soda.

the pan.

corn starch, four eggs, two teaspe ing powder, two of lemon extract.

brate in a similar manner 1892 th fourth centenary of the discovery of Ame-rica. Therefore 1833 is the best apparent portunity.

Suicides often exhibit great ingenuity in carrying out their object, but that dis-played by Frederick Helbig, a German stonemason and contractor at Zanesville, O., has rarely, if ever, been equalled. Last November he made a desperate attempt to take his life by shooting himself in the head, the ball penetrating the eye. Through skillful medical treatment and patient nurs-ing he recovered his vigour, but never his sight, being totally blind thereafter. Be-ing naturally an active man, the life of a blind man had the effect of still more ef-fectively fixing the idea of all determine fectively fixing the idea of self-destruction-in his mind. When the family arose one morning he was missing. Upon search be-ing instituted, he was found seated on a chair in the cellar with a bedquilt wrapped about his head, in a lifeless condition. He had, with a chair and the quilt in his pos-session, felt his way to the cellar, there severed the gas pipe, passed one end up his-coat sleeve, wrapped himself in the quilt, pressed his face to the shoulder opening of the sleeve, crossed his legs, folded his-hands, and quietly awaited an easy death.

# MISCELLANEOUS.

A Candahar despatch says it is reported that Abdul Khan, the Russian candidate for the throne of Afghanistan, is returning to Cabul with many adherents.

Japan threatens to include the Loochoo Islands as a department of the Empire in-stead of a tributary dependency. Loochoo-has appealed to Chiffa and the foreign

The King of Burmah is constructing fortified works. It is reported he has sum-moned the Burmese residents of Rangoon-to return, threatening otherwise the execu-tion of their families.

The first despatches from Cabul since the death of Shere Ali announce that tranquili-ty reigns there. Yakoob Khan has been by reigns there. I akoob Khan has been proclaimed Ameer. Abdul Rahman, of Cabul, nephew of Shere Ali, is still there and is said to be preparing to re-enter Afghanistan, whence he was driven in 1868-by the victorious followers of Shere Alis under Yakoob Khan.

A Calcutta despatch says :- The feeling A Calcutta despatch says :- The feeling excited among capitalists and business men by the Government's financial state-ment is declared to be one of grave anxiety. The almost unanimous opinion is that our financial salvation denands that not a rupee-of expenditure be permitted which has not-a corresponding rupee of revenue.

A few days ago a despatch from Rio de Janeiro stated that 513 Russian immigrants had left the Province of Parana to return to their own country, and that 2,000 more Russians were preparing to follow them. A despatch received from Rio de Janeiro to-day states that the Chaco Indians of Parana, who live in the interior of the Province, are menacing the settlers along the Parana, Ibicuy, Ivahy and Iguazu rivers, and that a terrible massacre is probable. The Chaco tribe is not only numerous, but is intelligent, and dashing in warfare, and well armed. The Government at Rio de Janeiro seems to have no means at its command for securing the safety of immigrants in Parana, and the latter, who are chiefly unused to fighting, are at the mercy of the natives. The intelligence received from Calcutts-that the King of Burmah is prepared to declare war on the English Government in India has caused considerable excitement and apprehension. The two wars in which England is now engaged have proved far to their own country, and that 2,000

India has caused considerable excitement and apprehension. The two wars in which England is now engaged have proved far more costly and uncertain in their results than was expected, and a third contest now precipitated upon the country would add greatly to the financial embarramment of the Government and to the burdens of tar-ation on the people. The King of Burmah has at his disposal a powerful and well armed military force. According to the most accurate statistics the population of Burmah consists of nearly four millions or people, all warlike and brave. It is said that the King can easily put into the field an army of 60,000 men, and that he has at his court some European military men who are suspected of having instigated the ac-tion which, as is now supposed, is to re-sult in war,

# Searching for Papa. (From the Cleveland Herald.)

BOSTON CREAM CAKE. Pour half pint boiling water over a cup butter, and while hot stir in two cups flour. When the whole is very smooth and thoroughly scalded, set away to cool. When cold, break in five eggs, stir until perfectly mixed, then add one-fourth tea-spoon seda. Butter a pan, drop in the mixture, a teaspoon in a place, and bake in a quick oven. When the cakes are done they will be hollow, and the top must be sliced off, the inside filled with oream, and the top replaced. A lady in the street met a little girl between 2 and 3 years old, evidently lost, and crying bitterly. The lady took the baby's hand and asked where she was going. "Down to find papa," was the sobbing reply. "What is your papa's name ?" asked the lady. "His name is papa." "But what is his other name ? What "But what is his other name ? What

the top replaced. Cream for Inside .-- Pint milk, half cur flour, a cup sugar, and two eggs, stirred together and heated till of the consistency cream; flavour with lemon.

BOSTON CREAM PUFFS.

Boston CREAM PUPPS. Boil one tumbler of water, add to it scant two-thirds cup butter ; while boiling stir in one and a half tumblers flour ; when cold add five well-beaten eggs and a table-spoon cold water ; drop a spoonful in a place on well-greased tins one and a half inches apart, bake fifteen to twenty min-utes in a quick oven ; when cool enough utes in a quick oven ; when cool enough to handle, cut a hole in side, and fill with cream made as follows : Boil two tumblers sweet milk, add two eggs, and two-thirds coffee-cup white sugar well beaten to-gether, then stir in one-half coffee-cup flour till thick and smooth, and flavour.

BUCKEYE CREAM PUFFS.

EUCREYE CREAM PUPPS. Five eggs, whites and yolks beaten se-parately, one and a half cups each of white sugar and sifted flour, two tes-spoons baking-powder in the flour; bake in tas-cups, filling about half full. The cream is prepared by placing a small tin pail con-ting a pint sweet milk in a kettle of boiling water; beat the whites and yolks of two eggs separately; stir in milk while solutions, a half tes-enp sugar, a large table-milk then the beaten yolks, and a picoo of butter the size of a large evaluat; flavour with lemon or vanilla. When done cut the place together again, roll in the whites, and then in coarse granulated sugar. BENCH CREAM CAKE

FRENCH CREAM CAKE.

Three eggs, one tea-cup granulated sugar, one and a half cups flour, two table-spoons cold water, teaspoon baking-powder. This is enough for two cakes baked in pie-pans, to be split while warm, spreading the hot castard between them, or for four

gress, and now they mourn its results. A year ago last fall there were some in-dications that the disease had crossed the border and was preying upon Canadian trees. Last year these indications were unmistakeably confirmed, and growers be-gan to be alarmed. In several orchards along the river many trees were found affected. A committee was appointed by fruit-growers to visit the extensive orchards around Beamsville, Grimsby, and Winona, and some few trees were found affected there. And what went conclusively to show that the disease had been imported from the United States, was the fact that in every orchard where symptoms of it were found all or a part of the trees had been imported from there, and in those does your mamma call him ?" "She calls him papa," persisted the little The lady then tried to lead her along, The lady then tried to lead her along, saying, "You had better come with me. I guess you came this way?" "Yes, but I don't want to go back. I want to find my papa," replied the little girl, crying afresh as if her heart would break. "What do you want of your papa?" proving atream as if her head works
works and for a part of the tream hand of a part of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was no tream of the tream hand the base was tream hand the base was tream of the tream hand the base was tream hand the base was tream of the tream hand the base was tream hand the tream hand the base was tream hand the tream hand t been imported from there, and in those orchards where the trees were exclusively

Jersey Bull "Prince Edward," 1442. farmers and fruit-growers of the Province are as ignorant in regard to it as they seem to be, I think it is the duty of some one to enlighten them. That it is a serious and destructive disease no one who is at all posted in the history of peach culture will doubt. Whole tormulation and earne component of the surpassing combined to the surpassing nothing but what anyone can have, and ON THE WALK.

Jersey Ball "Prince Edward," 1442. farmers and fruit-growers of the Province are signorant in regard to it as they seem to be alighten them. That it is a serious and destructive disease no one who is the dray of our pach-growing sections in the Units, and the source of the basis production of the same and the started of the same as further styles, and we not all the pach-growing sections in the Units of the same the same the same the same that the source of the same the

CHILION JONES. Brockville, March 10th, 1879.

BEES AND POULTRY.

BEES AND POULTRY. SIR,—Having a desire to enter into poultry and bee-keeping I ask your advice. Can they be made to pay in Ontario, pro-viding a person has a suitable place ; if so, are there any reliable persons engaged in this industry in Ontario that I could pur-chase the Italian bee from, with the latest improved moveable-comb hives ; also, well-bred poultry with settings of eggs ? I have been informed that it is the practice among some poultry fanciers to dip eggs in hot water, or otherwise treat them in order to kill the germ before shipping them to purchasers. Now, I have no desire to deal with such men, as it is only throwing money away. By giving me a few hints on this matter, and recommending me to some good men,

**Details of the Proposed Attack** on the Forts. CHICAGO, Ill., March 21.-Gen. Sheridan

has information through military sources on the frontier that Sitting Bull has a large force of braves on both sides of the line, torce of braves on both sides of the line, and proposes to make a simultaneous at-tack with three columns upon Forts Tot-ten, Stephensen and Buford as soon as the grass is high enough for his animals to sub-sist upon. He has already sent emissaries to Fort Totten to ascertain the strength of the force and the maritim

the force and the position. WASHINGTON, March 22.-A letter from

Washington, March 22.—A letter from Col. Walsh, in command of the Canadian Mounted Police, reports that Sitting Bull is showing a very ugly disposition. As soon as spring opens serious trouble is ap-prehended. Col. Walsh estimates the strength of Sitting Bull's band at 7,000, including 2,000 warriors well armed and argument.

including 2,000 warriers well armed and equipped. To guard against a raid across the fron-tier and a possible attack upon Forts Stev-enson, Buford and Totten, it has been de-cided to transport the 18th infantry at Atlanta to Bismarck as speedily as prac-ticable and thence distribute it along the

border. CHICAGO, March 22.—Major Crofton, commanding Fort Totten, Dakota, informs Gen. Sheridan that an Indian named Gen. Sheridan that an Indian named Uparbika went on a hunting excursion and finally reached Poplar Creek agency. He found there several Indians from Sitting Bull's camp, who state that as soon as the grass gets up sufficiently to afford pastur-age three parties of Indians will heave Sitting Bull's camp and move on Forts Bu-ford, Stevenson and Totten. Each attack-ing party will be as strong as can be con-veniently subsisted *en route*. The Crow Dog stated further that Sitting Bull's Indians are encamped on both sides of the British line and number from sixteen to seventeen hundred lodges. Uparbika told Major Crofton that there were about 250 lodges of hostile Indians in the vicinity of Poplar Creek. They declined to receive rations from the agent. Crofton asks that the garrison of Fort Totten be increased by the addition of one company of infantry.

Prairie Fires in Kansas. Prairie Fires in Eansas. Sr. Lours, March 20. — Terrible prairie fires recently in Republic and Cloud counties, Kansas, over an area of ten miles long and three wide, swept everything, About one hundred homes are consumed, and the inhabitants were obliged to take refuge under ground. Mrs. Berversox was burned to death while attempting to re-lease some horses from a stable. Several others were severely injured. Loss, \$40,000.

The new Methodist Episcopal church erected on the corner of Montreal and Brock streets, Kingston, at a cost of over twenty thousand dollars, was dedicated on Thursday. It is the handsomest finished church in the city. At a public meeting held at Indiantown, N.B., on Wednesday, sixty young men pledged themselves, if aided by one year's provisions from the Local Government, to take land on the banks of the Tobique river and become farmers. with steam at a cost of sixteen thousand four hundred dollars, besides numerous jobs, rendering himself liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars per day for every day he sat in the Legislative Council dur-ing the late session for violating the Inde-pendence of Parliament Act. The record of these exemplifiers of "pure govern-ment" has not half been told.

take land on the banks of the Tobique river and become farmers. Three deaths from small-pox have oc-curred at Quebec this week, one being that of Mr. Doucet, brother to Judge Doucet, who it is thought contracted the disease while driving in a sleigh in which a small-pox patient had been conveyed.

pox patient had been conveyed. Mr. Drummond, of the Montreal sugar refinery, has made arrangements with the Water Committee of that city for a supply of water at a reduced rate until the canal opens. He stated that 250 men would be at once employed in the refinery.

It is expected that the Pembina branch will be running next week. A telegram received at Winnipeg states that the rail-way authorities assured Prittie's emigrant way authorities assured Pritue's emigrant party when leaving Toronto on the 16th inst. that they would be brought through.

Manitoba emigrants are at Breckenridge and St. Vincent, unable to come through, owing to the stoppage of the Pembina branch railway. The Ottawa Government has been telegraphed to about the matter.

Baker & Co., of Belleville, have been sold to Messrs. H. B. Rathbun & Son, of Millpoint. The sale includes the mill at Baker's Island, the mill at Ferry Point, and all the logs cut during the

The latest news from India announces the marriage of the Rev. Jas. Fraser Camp-bell, formerly of Malifax, to Miss For-rester, daughter of the late Dr. Forrester, founder of the Nova Scotia Provincial Normal School. The are both missionaries from the Presbyterian Church of Canada. The long pending arbitration between the Quebec Government and Mrs. Scott of Hull, relating to the land expropriated by the Government for right of way and sta-tion grounds, was on Friday brough to a close. She has been awarded \$25,000, with four years interest, the whole amounting to \$32,000. Bay Geo. Routlick leaves Picton County The latest news from India Rev. Geo. Roddick leaves Pictou County

N. S., for Manitoba, early in April, and will be accompanied by some eighty perwill be accompanied by some eighty per-sons, who purpose settling in the prairie province. A large number from that county propose leaving for other places the coming spring, the greater number, how-ever, to remain in one of the Western Canadian provinces.

Grange, on Tuesday evening, it was re-solved to petition the Legislature to take away from cities the right to levy market fees, as they were a hindrance to commerce. At the same time a committee was ap-pointed to wait on the County Council at

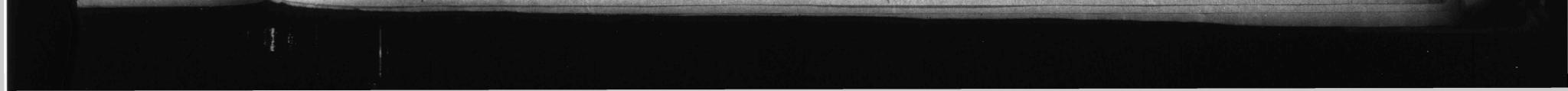
SITTING BULL'S THREATENED RAID

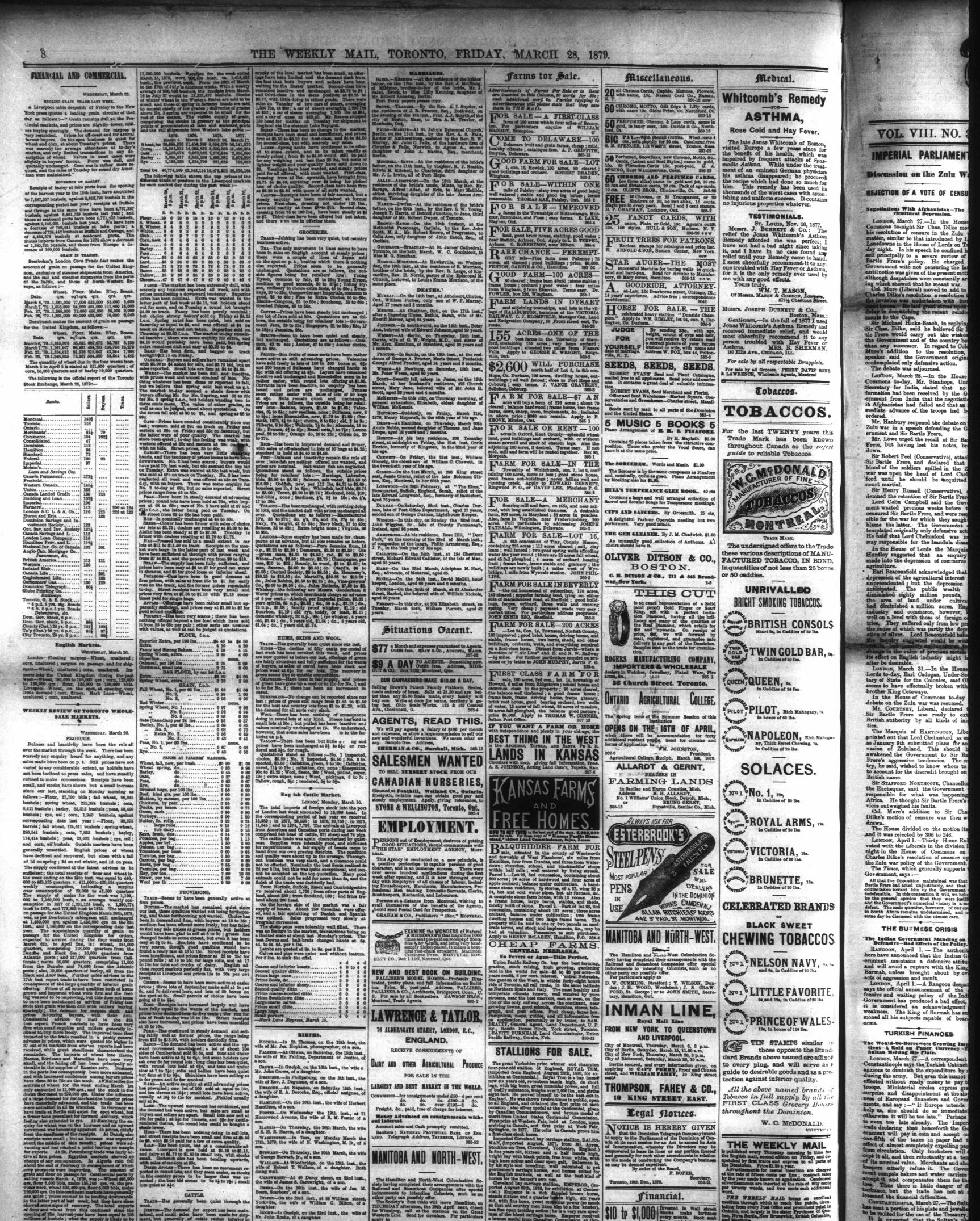
A Winnipeg despatch says a number of

. The extensive timber limits of B. F.

At a meeting of the London Division

# trian led him to come to New York to par-ticipate in the international walking match, but as he failed to find any backers, and as he was roughly handled by Captain Wil-liams on Sunday night, when the outside crowd was going to tear down Gilmore's Garden, his brightest hopes were dispelled, and feeling sad over his disappointment and the "indignities" which he was sub-jected to, he drowned his sorrow in a pro-longed spree, which culminated in his lar-rest as an alleged lunatic.—New York Times, March 14th.





onto, 20 yr. 6 p.c 99	FLOUR, Lo.c.
English Markets. WEDNESDAT, March 26. n-Floating cargoes-Wheat, unaltered;	Superior Extra, per 196 lbs
altered ; cargoes on passage and for ship- Wheat, unaltered ; cora, unaltered. Im- to the United Kingdom during the past	Commeal, per 196 lbs
Wheat, is, flour, 125,000 qrs; corn, 125,000 00 qrs; flour, 125,000 to 130,000 bbla. bl-Wheat, on the spot, at opening, very	GRAIN, Lo.b.
mand ; corn, firmer. Mark Lane-Wheat, d ; corn, unaltered.	Fall Wheat, No. 1, per 60 lbs \$1 03 \$ No. 2
LY REVIEW OF TORONTO WHOLE-	Bed Winter.         none.           Spring Wheat, No. 1.         0 97            No. 2.         0 92
SALE MARKETS.	No. 8
WEDNESDAY, March 26. PRODUCE.	- No. 2, 0 68 Extra No. 3, 0 56 0 43 Peas, No. 1, per 60 lbs none.
ss and inactivity have been the rule all market through the week. There has been any enquiry heard for anything, and any	No. 2,
de have been on p. t. Still prices have not	Wheat, fall, new, per bush

TRADE-Has generally been quiet through the

CATTLE

a the laster part of last week, but they have since bowed. Some signs of recovery. The total synorts if four and wheat from this continent since the pening of the harvest-year have been equal to 108 Billions of bushels ; what the supply is likely to be mering the mast of the year is an interesting question thich nobody sceme able to answer. The average coeipts of wheat at weetern lake and river ports iom March 15 to July 27 in the last four years was

Forme.-On Wednesday the 19th inst., at 71 Homewood Avenue, the wife of R. M. Foster of a

son. HARDS-ON Thursday, the 20th March, the wife of S. H. B. Harris, of a daughter. WasHINGTON.-In Tara, on Monday March the 17th, 1879, the wife of N. Washington, M. D., of a

STEWART-On Thursday, the 20th March, the wife of George Stewart, jr., of a son. WALLACE-At Woodbridge, on the 20th inst., the wife of Robert T. Wallace, of a daughter. Both

where of Robert T. Wallace, of a daughter. Both doing well. CARTWRIGHT-At 40 Darcy street, on 23rd inst., the wife of James S. Cartwright, of a son. BERRA-On the 20th inst., the wife of Jas. M. Beers, Scarboro', of a son.

CARTWRIGHT-At 40 Darcy street, on 23rd inst., the wife of James 8. Cartwright, of a son. Bezra, Scarboro', of a son. Buzzar-On the 23rd inst., the wife of Jas. M. Beera, Scarboro', of a son. Buzzar-In Guelph, on the 23rd inst., the wife of Mr. John Roche, of a daughter. CRUICKSHAME. At 25 William street, Mr. John Roche, of a daughter. CRUICKSHAME.AT London, on the 21st inst., the wife of C. G. Cruickshamk, of a son. Bazzar-At St. Anns, Co. Lincoln, on the 21st inst., the wife of Rev. J. Frazer, of a daughter. The Society's inst. Society's first train will leave Hamilton, on THURSDAY afternoon, the 10th April next, direct Western Line. Stend for circulars. For particulars apply to D. W. CUMMING, Stratford ; T. WILSON, Dundas ; J. H. WOOD, woodstock ; J. S. CRAWFORD, St. George ; or to JOHN SMITH, Secretary Ham-ilton, Ont.



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NDON. 365-52

IANITOBA AND NORTH-WEST.

Legal Dotices.

ments, and say : -- " If Europe intends help us, she should do so immediate otherwise it will be too late." Perhaps otherwise it will be too late." Perhaps is even too late already. The Imperi inde declaring that henceforth the Go ernment will pay in coin and accept on one-fifth of the taxes in paper had to effect of almost completely expelling pay from circulation. Only hucksters will a opt it all, and then reluctantly at a ten of its nominal value. Merchants and sho keepers utterly refuse it. The Gover ment compels bakers and water carriers accept it and compensates them for the towa. Thus there is little danger of di leasened the financial difficulties. Constant record, and of his plate and jewelle to be molted for the use of the Treasury. It is expected that the Sultan's plate and to the mint will realise £100,000.

nted and published TING, at the office,

throughont the Dominion.

THE WEEKLY MAIL

is published every Thursday morning in time for the English mail, second edition on Friday, and de-spatched by first trains and express to all parts of the Dominion. Price \$1.50 a year. Advertisements for casmal insertion are charged at the rate of fitces could be interior on a polication. Condensed advertisements are inserted at the rate of fity cente part twenty words, and two cents each additional word.

THE WREKLY MAIL forms an excellent medium through which to reach the public, circu-lating from every Post Office and prominent point in Ontario, and largely in the sister Provinces of Que-bec, Nova Scotia, New Brunawick, British Columbia,

THE WEEKLY MAIL-PA

W. C. McDONALD.

MONTRE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Dominion Telegraph Company intend to apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Can-ada at its next seesion for an Act to amend its Acts of Incorporation, whereby the Directors may be empowered to lease its lines or any portion thereof and generally for such other amendments in relation to the mode of conducting the Company's business as may be deemed expedient. By order of the Board. Toronto, 19th Dec., 1878. Financial. \$10 to \$1,000 prested in Wall street Stocks make fortunes overy month. Book sent tree explaining every-thing.

BAXTER & CO

Relington, in 187. His colus in Canada prove him a first-class stock horse. Imported Cleveland bay carriage stallion, DALES. MAN, (imported August, 1877, from Mr. Ayres, Stockton-on-Tees, Cleveland, Yorkshire, England.) Is five years old, sixteen and a half hands high, bright bay with black points, free from white, with high knees action and clear open gait. Balesman is, by his style and breeding, well calculated to get gentiomen's carriage horses, and horses suited for the English markets, as well as the best kind of horses for the farmer's own use. Cleveland bay carriage stallion, EMPEROR, (im-ported August 28th, 1876, for exhibition at Centen-nial.) Emperor is a rich dappled brown horse, stands sixteen and a quarter hinds high, six years old, with fine bone, great muscular power (so much so that old country men liken him to a tox hunter), has fine open trotting action; he is a very rare speci-men of the blood carriage stallion. For particulars apply to J. BOND, Veterinary Surgeon, Teronto, or to W. HOLDERNESS, Black Horse Hotel, Toronto, where the horses can be seen. Stall

