

Herring!

We have just received a quantity of very fine, large Herring, which we are offering in half barrels, pails and by the dozen.

Price, \$1.00 per Pail. \$3.40 per Half Barrel.

To enable parties at a distance who desire to purchase, we will, on receipt of price, deliver two half bbls. to any station on the P. E. Island Railway, but the two must be sent to the one address.



Two neighbors may join and remit the amount in the one letter. We guarantee the quality to be good, otherwise they may be returned at our expense.

Eureka Tea.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure. Sold wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.
Eureka Grocery,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment,
Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name)
(And Address)

Students, Attention!

Rare Chance to Secure a College Education.

We have made arrangements that enable us to place within the reach of a limited number of deserving students opportunities for securing, on easy terms, a classical or commercial education. A little work during the vacation season will secure this for the one worthy striving for such a boon, but who may not be in possession of sufficient money to realize his heart's desire. The facilities at our disposal enable us to offer a year's board and tuition at

St. Dunstan's College

to any three young men who will fulfill the necessary, easy conditions required. These may be beginners, or former students of the College who have not been able to complete their course. In addition to this we have at our disposal four scholarships at the

Union Commercial College

of Charlottetown. A full course in this excellent Commercial College may be won by any four young men or women, in town or country, who will fulfill the easy conditions we require. Whenever anyone satisfies the requirements in either of the cases enumerated he or she will be given a certificate entitling the holder to the educational advantages offered. A rare opportunity is here placed within reach of those desirous of acquiring a good education, and no time should be lost in taking advantage thereof. Only a little work is required in order to secure the coveted boon, and all can easily be accomplished during this summer's vacation, so that the winners may enter either college at the opening of the next academic year.

For particulars apply in person or by letter to the editor of the HERALD, P. O. Box 1288, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
June 20, 1906—17

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,
Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,
Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames,
Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters New, Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing, and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,
PEAKE'S NO. 3 WHARF,
CHARLOTTETOWN.

From Now Till Spring

Your Overcoat will be the part of your dress by which the world will estimate what kind of a man you are. No man ever knows real comfort and satisfaction until he has an overcoat.

Made to Measure.

Many who have their suits made to order have an idea that they can get what they want in a Ready-made Overcoat. But they are quite as objectionable as ready-made suits and show at a glance the lack of style and fit. We incorporate the very latest style ideas in our tailoring, and by only the best materials, which is a guarantee in itself. Before you buy a new overcoat give us a chance to show our new overcoatings and talk things over with you.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.
THE NOBBY TAILORS.

About French Confiscation.

The character of the wholesale robbery ordered by the French Chamber of Deputies will be made clear by a simple statement of facts. On the 11th Dec. the twelve months of grace in which the Catholics of France were to secure title to church property of every description expired. If they had elected to become schismatics by disobeying the orders of the Pope, they would have been able to retain in their possession millions of property by forming associations for religious worship prescribed by the law of 1905. As the associations were antagonistic to the constitution of the Church in as far as they did not recognize the authority of the hierarchy, there was nothing left for Pinx X. to do but to condemn them. He could not do otherwise without sinning against his conscience by betraying the most sacred and august duty ever intrusted to mortal man. His encephalic to the French hierarchy forbidding the establishment of the associations prescribed by the law of 1905 was not, then, a matter of choice with the Holy Father. There was nothing else for him to do.

The Pope's non-acceptance of the situation created by the Separation Law implies the confiscation of churches, episcopal residences, priests' houses, seminaries and other church property of every description. Even the 3,000 and more churches which have been built and supported by private contributions of Catholics will become the spoil of the State or of the department, or of the commune. In this way the magnificent basilica of the Sacred Heart at Montmartre, built wholly from private contributions received during the last thirty odd years, will revert to the City of Paris. It is as if the Cathedral of St. Patrick's, on Fifth Avenue, should be handed over to the municipality of New York in consequence of a vote of confiscation passed by an anti-Catholic legislature in Albany. We cannot conceive of such a thing happening. Yet an act of injustice that no American community would permit or tolerate will be perpetrated on the morrow in the French capital by a Government which is so doing bids defiance to every principle of decency and fair dealing.

The total value of the property that will thus pass from its lawful owners into the possession of the State is estimated at 400,000,000 francs (\$80,000,000). It may be classified as follows. First, cathedrals, churches, episcopal residences, parish houses and seminaries which were restored to the Church after the French Revolution. At the time of this restitution Pius VII. agreed to accept an annual subsidy of 40,000,000 francs (\$8,000,000) to be paid to the bishops and priests in return for the property confiscated during the French Revolution. This subsidy, which was equivalent to about one per cent. of the value of property confiscated, furnished an average annual salary of about \$200. to the French priests. The Separation Law has lopped off the salary, with the result that many country priests who lived from hand to mouth; are now absolutely without financial resources of any kind.

The second classification of property confiscated includes the churches and other ecclesiastical edifices erected after the Revolution. These received subsidies from the local governments and in some cases from the State. As these subsidies were not large enough to defray the cost of erecting these church edifices, they had to be supplemented by contributions of the faithful. They are now all confiscated in consequence of the Catholics refusing to form associations for religious worship. Even the legacies bequeathed for Masses go into the coffers of the State, although no Masses will be said. The same disregard for the principles of equity is displayed in regard to legacies left for the support of schools with the express stipulation that the teachers employed shall be the members of religious Orders. The French Cabinet has decided that so long as the building erected by such money is standing, even though used for a purely secular school, without religious teachers, the heirs cannot claim the legacy.

The third classification of church property embraces all churches and ecclesiastical edifices of every description that have been erected by private contributions without any aid on the part of the State. One would naturally suppose that the confiscation of these would not stop in these churches. But that is not the case. The Separation Law of 1905 stipulates that the owners of such edifices should be deemed the members of associations for religious worship. But Catholics cannot form such associations with-

out doing violence to their conscience. Therefore churches for the erection of which Catholics voluntarily taxed themselves became the property of the State because Catholics will not sacrifice their consciences at the dictation of openly avowed enemies of their religion. Such is religious liberty as it exists today in France.

What on the subject of confiscation we think it proper to call attention to the late of the Seminary of Saint Sulpice, Paris, within the walls of which many members of the American hierarchy and clergy passed so many happy days as students. It, too, has fallen a victim of the anti-Catholic persecution that is now sweeping over France. Like many French seminaries it was, in a few years a headquarters for the dissemination of atheistic teachings. N. Y. Freeman's Journal.

What to Read.
FROM "A GENTLEMAN."
(Continued.)

When a reader has begun to acquire the rudiments of literary taste, he ought to choose the books he likes, but he can not be trusted to choose books for himself until he has—perhaps with some labor-gained taste. All men are born with taste very unequally developed. A man can not, I repeat, hope to gain a correct judgment in literary matters unless he works for it. Frederick Harrison says: "When will men understand that the reading of great books is a faculty to be acquired, not a natural gift, at least to those who are spoiled by our current education and habits of life? An insatiable appetite for new novels makes it as hard to read a masterpiece as it seems to a Parisian boulevardier to live in a quiet country. Until a man can really enjoy a draught of clear water bubbling from a mountain-side, his taste is in an unwholesome state. To understand a great national poet, such as Dante, Calderon, Camille, or Goethe, is to know other types of human civilization in ways which a library of histories does not sufficiently teach."

Mr. Harrison is right. It is always easy to like good books; but it is easier to train the young to like them than to cleanse the perverted taste of the order. The chief business of the teacher of literature ought to be the cultivation of taste. At his best, he can do no more than that; at his worst, he can fill the head of the students with mere names and dates and undigested opinions.

When the student of literature begins really to enjoy Shakespeare, his taste has begun to be formed. He may read the "Victor of Wakefield" after that without a yawn, and learn to enjoy the quiet humor of Charles Lamb. He finds himself raised into pure air, above the miasma of exaggeration and sensationalism. His style is writing essentially improves; he becomes critical of the slang and careless English of his every day speech; and surely these things are worth all the troubles spent in gathering them. Besides, he has secured a perpetual solace for those long nights—and perhaps days—of loneliness which must come to nearly every man when he begins to grow old. After religion, there is no comfort in life, when the links of love begin to break, like a love for great literature. But this love must be genuine; pretense will not avail nor will mere "top-dressing" be of any use.

Pioneer Speaks of Prince Rupert.

Harbor Best That Could Have Been Chosen—Great Activity in District.

All that immense stretch of country in British Columbia, lying adjacent to the Portland canal or anywhere in the neighborhood of Prince Rupert, the new terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, is being thoroughly prospected by speculators in agricultural lands and mining property. This statement was made in Victoria to a Colonist reporter by J. M. Collinson, a pioneer of that district, who is interested in the Maple Bay copper and gold mine. He affirms that, over since it was authoritatively announced that the transcontinental railway terminus would be at the point selected, there has been a pronounced advance in land, mine and other values throughout the sections any where within reasonable distance of the probable route of the railway from Hazelton to its coast.

Several years ago, Mr. Collinson states, it would have been possible to go from one end of the Portland canal to the other without meeting any but native people. This summer all was changed. Everywhere dormant mining claims had sprung into sudden activity, districts which had been mere stretches of waste had been surveyed and converted into thriving town sites and, in fact, on all hands was apparent the commencement of a heavy influx of settlers and a remarkable development in natural resources. These, Mr. Collinson claims, cannot be estimated even by the persons more or less conversant with the topographical conditions and far less by the individual who has never visited the scene. From a section comparatively unknown and certainly unthought of yet by those interested in mining, lumber or agriculture, it has become the centre of attraction. "It would astonish you," Mr. Collinson continued, "had you been able to witness the sudden transition of an absolute desert into a spot where the hum of industry can be heard on all sides." He went on to say that it was a striking illustration of the influence of a railway, especially one having communication with all the great Canadian centres, as the Grand Trunk Pacific would have when completed, upon a country much of which has not yet been visited by even the most enterprising explorer.

The site selected for the terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific is the best that could have been chosen in his opinion. It combines everything that goes to make a great commercial and residential city. In the first place, its harbor is the finest of the many sheltered bays that are to be found along the coast in that vicinity. It is capable of accommodating the biggest vessels without inconvenience. The country which has been surveyed for the town site is comparatively level, and when cleared, buildings constructed and railway depots, with trains arriving and departing each day, completed, should become the ideal city of the west, which the directors of the Grand Trunk Pacific have in their mind's eye. Moreover, the climate is first-class rivaling that enjoyed in this favored portion of Vancouver island.

"Up on that Portland canal," Mr. Collinson remarked, "we have a magnificent view of the coast when I left. But get so at Prince Rupert. For some inexplicable reason the temperature is more equitable there. When we have cold weather with snow at Prince Rupert there is rain, snow, and the year round, the temperature experienced at the new town site is ideal, especially when it is remembered how far north it is located. The summer there is really lovely. From May until September fine, warm, sunshiny weather prevails, with, of course, an occasional shower."

Questioned as to the character of the country in the immediate vicinity of Prince Rupert, Mr. Collinson stated that it was better adapted for mining than anything else. He asserted that the wealth of its mountains could not be overestimated. There was no doubt that when transportation was assured by rail and steamer there would be mines opened up which would yield enormous dividends. But back of the coast range of mountains the conditions alter entirely. There was to be found mile upon mile of territory which he believed would make the finest agricultural land anywhere. The route of the railway would be through this district, naturally it would not be long before large tracts would be taken up by settlers. The possibilities of the country from an agricultural standpoint could not be gauged by the most imaginative mind.—Winnipeg Free Press, November 24, 1906.

After a lapse of 367 years, the Franciscans have returned to Oxford. The friars were driven out in the reign of Henry VIII. The order has now opened a new training college at Cowley, within two hundred yards of the city of Oxford. A message was read from the Pope expressing his gratification at the establishment of the institution in a city so closely identified with the former history and ancient glories of the order.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW

Thousands of women suffer needlessly every day with aching backs that really have no business to ache. A woman's back never made to ache. Under ordinary conditions it ought to be strong and ready to help her bear the burden of life.

It is hard to do housework with an aching back. Hours of misery at leisure or at work. If women only knew a certain Backache comes from sick kidneys and what a lot of trouble sick kidneys cause in the world.

But they don't help it. If they could only know that they can cure it, they would be wiser than they are. Doan's Kidney Pills is simply the best remedy for it.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

will help you. They're helping sick, over-worked kidneys—all over the world—making them strong, healthy and vigorous. Mrs. E. Ryan, Douglas, Ont., writes: "For over five months I was troubled with lame back and was unable to move without help. I tried all kinds of plaster and liniments but they were no use. At last I heard tell of Doan's Kidney Pills and after I had used three-quarters of the box my back was as strong and well as ever."

Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25, all dealers or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

MILBURN'S

An Irishman was recently traveling in a train in England accompanied by a minister, when two very stout ladies entered the compartment. They placed themselves one on each side of Pat, who was, of course, much crushed.

The minister, on seeing him so placed, said, "Are you sure you are comfortable, Pat?"

To this question Pat quickly replied, "Sure, sir, I haven't much room to grumble."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents, all dealers.

Railroad Menstrual (travelling in cognito)—People complain about the light supplied in these carriers. Do you see anything wrong with it? Passenger—No, sir. On the contrary, it is exactly the kind of light I like to see.

Railroad Magistrate (highly pleased)—I presume you are a professional man? Passenger.—Yes sir, I am an oculist.

There is nothing harsh about Lax-Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickening. Price 25c.

An old lady met a neighbor in the street one day and was telling her about a recent bereavement. "Yes," she said, "our Bill died last week. That's five out of seven gone, and now there's only me and old Joe left."

Then she added pathetically, "Only two left; I suppose I shall be the next to go."

"Ah," said the neighbor, "I suppose you will. At any rate, if you ain't the next, you'll be the next but one."

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

MILBURN'S Heart and Nerve Pills.

Are you afflicted with all diseases and troubles arising from a run-down condition of the heart and nervous system, such as Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Prostration, Headaches, Migraine, Stomach Troubles, Sleeplessness, Irritability, and all the ills that women are troubled with? Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the best remedy for all these troubles. Price 50 cents per box.

Price 50 cents per box or 3 for \$1.25. All Dealers or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

THE BRITISH LIBRARY

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 2, 1907. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY. JAMES MCISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

Please send in your subscriptions.

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

Short Autumn Session.

Commons Sat. 19 Days or 66 Hours. No Government Business Ready. Tariff Revision Stands Over Until January.

MARINE DEPARTMENT CONDEMNED.

For Neglect of Perishing Seamen. Wrecked on Lake Superior Coast and Left to Freeze.

WHITNEY AND LAURIER.

One Saves Public Wealth for People. The Other Divides It Among Favored Speculators.

THE AUDITOR'S STATEMENT.

\$80,000 for Rideau. Deficit of \$132,083 on Yukon Telegraph. Subsidies for the Reptile Press.

DEFICIT ON THE INTERCOLONIAL.

Ottawa, Dec 22, 1906.

On Tuesday afternoon Sir Wilfrid Laurier surprised the House by proposing that the Christmas adjournment begin on that day instead of on Friday as at first proposed, on Thursday as the Premier afterward announced. No reason was given for this change except that the attendance was small, though as a matter of fact the number of members present has not been larger during the session than it was at that time. The true reason for the premature dismissal of members is, that the Government business is not ready. Of course two or three days might be filled in by private members, but Sir Wilfrid was called away from Ottawa by the illness of his brother, and his cabinet and followers are so disorganized that it seems impossible for him to allow the House to sit even for a day unless he is present. This was never the case with a Prime Minister in Canada before, and has not until this year been the situation under the Laurier Administration. One after another the men of responsibility and leadership whom Sir Wilfrid had gathered about him have withdrawn or been dismissed from the Cabinet. The last of the able parliamentary leaders on whom the Premier depended in times of difficulty to disappear from the cabinet was Mr Fitzpatrick, now Chief Justice. If he were still in the House of Commons as Minister of Justice, Sir Wilfrid might be absent for a day or two without danger. But Mr Aylesworth is an extremely bad tactician.

A BARREN MONTH.

Before the Autumn session was called the Government announced that there would be some six weeks of the Session before Christmas, and that the tariff bill would be through the House by that time. As the beginning of the session was delayed and the Christmas vacation extended the House has only been in session nineteen days, and these so short that the whole time of activity was 66 hours. Beyond Mr Fisher's cold storage and meat inspection bill no Government legislation was accomplished. As for that tariff bill, not a single clause of the new schedule of duties has been passed, or even read in the ways and means committee. Mr Fielding has either by remaining outside while Mr Fisher occupied the time, or by adjournments before the evening sitting, prevented the committee reaching these clauses. It is clear that the Government decided soon after the budget was delivered that the Tariff was to stand until January.

NO REPORTS READY.

Meanwhile the public accounts committee, which ought to be inquiring into last year's expenditure has not done anything, for the reason that the Government has not yet brought down the accounts

Though the fiscal year closed at the end of June, nearly six months ago, the House has not yet before it the detailed accounts of the expenditure of a single department. The absence of these returns makes it practically impossible to vote supplies for next year, because members choose to know before they vote more money what was done with last year's appropriation.

MEASURES THAT WAIT.

The other important legislation promised by the Government has not been introduced. This includes the measure increasing the North West representation, the bill giving effect to the conclusions of the interprovincial Conference, respecting Provincial subsidies, amendments to the election law, and post office act. It will be judged from the progress so far made that Sir Wilfrid is likely to be mistaken in his predictions that the session will be over about the time that the robins come. Unless the Government gets on a greater burst of speed the propagation will be more likely to come about the time the golden rod blooms.

THE MARINE DEPARTMENT INDICTED.

Another indictment of the Marine Department was made on Tuesday by Mr Boyce, of West Algoma. On December 4th the wooden steamer "Golspie" went ashore on a reef some distance from Michipicoten. Most of the crew arrived at the above harbor in a boat the day after the wreck, but five of the men had become separated from the rest, and were left on the shore trying to make their way overland. These men were insufficiently clothed and having lately come from England they had no experience to assist them in protecting themselves in the woods, with the temperature 30 to 40 below zero. For two or three days they wandered before they were rescued, and the third night unable to make a fire they lay in the open and had their hands and feet badly frozen. When after three days they were rescued by Indians and got to Michipicoten Harbor, very little could be done for them in the absence of surgical skill.

WHERE THE DEPARTMENT FAILED.

But this place has telegraphic communication with Sault Ste. Marie where there are Government officers. On the day after the wreck the facts were telegraphed to the Sault. After the men arrived at Michipicoten a request was sent to the Sault for a tug to take them to the hospital. The reply sent was that the tug was busy and it was suggested that the men be brought overland a distance of sixty miles. Finally the Underwriters tug arrived at the scene and the men reached the hospital at the Sault ten days after the wreck. Six days these frozen men lay within call of the Government office and with telegraph connection to Ottawa. For two days before that it was known at the Sault, and should have been known at the Department of Marine at Ottawa, that these five sailors were perishing on the north shore of Lake Superior. The men arrived at the hospital too late to save their limbs. All of them have both feet amputated and one has lost their hands.

MILLIONS FOR BOODLE, NOTHING TO SAVE LIFE.

The country is giving the Department of Marine millions of dollars a year for the protection of ships and of the lives of sailors. It has been shown by many investigations that hundreds of thousands of dollars is thrown away every year in paying double prices to favored contractors. Ice-breaker boats are supplied with silver plate and cut glass costing thousands of dollars. The Government had \$200,000 to waste on the "Arctic" picnic trip. It is able to pay contractor Merwin \$960 for a \$335 engine. But it cannot send a tug along the coast of Lake Superior to rescue perishing seamen and cannot provide life saving stations or shelter of any sort along this coast. As Mr. Boyce said in closing his account "the people of this country will exact from the Minister the most strict enquiry to ascertain the part which each man charged with a public duty had to fulfill, and through whose neglect it was that these men suffered, one of them with only a trunk, arms and feet gone, and four others with feet gone. If we are men born with heavenly compassion in our hearts, surely we must burn with indignation at the neglect which has been shown and demand to know where the responsibility should be placed."

THIS PICTURE AND THAT.

The dealings of the Whitney Government of Ontario with the resources of Cobalt is in striking

contrast with that of the Laurier Government, with the greater resources of the Dominion in the North West, or with its gold fields in the Yukon. While the Whitney Government encourages investment and development at Cobalt, it takes care that the people at large get their share of the wealth which has been brought to light. By the sale of limits, the royalties and the operations of mines that have been reserved from sale, the Ontario Government will receive millions of dollars to be used in extending the railway to meet the Trans-continental line and for other public purposes. The Dominion Government is giving equal or greater opportunities for private speculation to get rich quickly out of grants and concessions of lands, timber and minerals in the West. But the share that ought to go to the whole people is handed out freely to the favorites and associates of Ministers and Members of Parliament, and to Members of Parliament and probably the Ministers themselves. While the Whitney Government may gain for the public a million or two by the sale after open competition of certain mining rights the Laurier Government by a private sale gives a group of capitalists a chance to make a million or two by simply turning over their bargain to real investors, the political middlemen spending no money at all.

WHERE IS MR. McMULLEN.

A third part of the Auditor-General's report for the last fiscal year has been brought down since the House rose. It contains the statements of the Public Works Department and Railways and Canals. If Senator McMullen and other critics of the former Government had seen such expense accounts when they were in opposition they would probably have become insane. For example here is Rideau Hall which used to cost ten to twenty thousand dollars and was responsible for many long hours of criticism every year. The bill for Rideau in 1906 is as follows: Improvements charged to capital \$26,718; Repairs, furniture, etc. 44,999; Fuel and light 8,500. Total \$80,212.

There are additional charges for

shovelling snow and other outlays. It would shock, the critics of former days to learn that the linen bills come to \$2,325, that one dealer in china and glassware was paid \$2,178, including \$700 for wine glasses, that 5 furniture dealers received \$1,421, \$1,189, \$727, \$732 and \$3,800. What would the critics of 12 years ago say to a \$1,200 piano and \$3,000 worth of carpets in one page of the Rideau Hall accounts?

THE COSTLY YUKON.

It is well known that the Yukon telegraph system, which a Company five years ago offered to take over and pay for at the rate of \$30,000 a year has since then been run at an annual loss. The shortage in 1905 was \$111,946. The statement for 1906 is still worse, showing expenditures of \$213,303 and a revenue of \$81,220; making a deficit of \$132,083. The telegraph revenue, like all other Yukon revenues continues to go down, while the cost of maintenance remains as large as ever. It may be stated here that the maintenance of the Administration Building at Dawson cost \$21,722 of the Court House in the same capital \$6,420, of the Government House \$13,596, of the Post Office \$9,847. The administrator over the 8,000 people of the Yukon is rather an expensive individual, with a salary of \$6,000, and \$6,000 living expenses and \$13,596 expended on his residence.

THE TRAIL OF THE SERPENT.

There was a time when Sir Richard Cartwright was fond of using the expression "reptile press," meaning thereby journals whose proprietors received money for Government printing and advertising. The reptile press is much in evidence this year, as is shown by the following payments made to certain organs of the Government by the Department of Railways alone:—

Table with 3 columns: Publication Name, Amount, and Date. Includes Frederickton Herald, Halifax Recorder, Halifax Chronicle and Echo, Montreal Transcript, Montreal Herald, New Glasgow Chronicle, Pictou Advocate, Quebec Le Soleil, Quebec Telegraph, St John Globe, St John Sun, Yarmouth Herald, Toronto Globe, Toronto Star.

MR. EMMERSON'S BOGUS SURPLUS.

Mr. Emmerson's own figures easily destroy his claim of a surplus in the operation of the Intercolonial last year. He claims to have made a profit of \$61,915. Yet his own report to the auditor shows that he has not charged as working expenses one cent of the cost of new rails bought to replace worn-out metal. For this service he has charged \$379,956 to construction account. Yet it was only last March that the minister of Railways read in the House the statement of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, showing how these accounts were usually charged.

The president of C. P. R. said that when rails were taken up and replaced by heavier stock Capital Account should be charged with only the additional weights of metal. All the rest of the outlay belongs to working expenses.

HALF A MILLION BEHIND.

Mr. Emmerson announced that he was following Sir Thomas' method, but he has this year repeated his former system of buying new rails, selling old ones for scrap, and charging construction with the whole cost above the proceeds of the sale of the old rails. The obvious result is that construction account stands charged with both the old rails and the new ones. An easy calculation shows that Mr. Emmerson's charge to capital should have been \$130,000 instead of \$380,000 and that his working expenses were thus \$250,000 more than he represents.

By this false charge alone he creates a surplus of \$62,000 out of a deficit of \$188,000. But the false charge to capital of rolling stock required to keep good his cars and engines is still larger.

Mr. Emmerson's intercolonial deficit is clearly over half a million dollars.

Word has been received at Ottawa of the destruction by fire of Government House at Dawson in the Yukon. Nothing was saved.

\$10 Course in Penmanship Free.—Every student who enters the Union Commercial College during this month will receive free, the special course in Penmanship now being taught. This is the only special course in penmanship being taught in a business college in the Province and is worth a great deal to every student. Now is the time to enter.

The Prices.

Table listing various commodities and their prices. Includes Butter (fresh, sub), Calf skins, Ducks, Eggs, Fowls, Chickens, Floor, Hides, Hay, Mutton, Oatmeal, Potatoes, Pork, Sheep, Turkeys, Geese, Milk, Straw, etc.

Minard's Liniment cures everything. Read H. H. Brown's Ad, in this issue. When you want Stanfield's Underclothing call and see him.

For Overalls, Working Shirts, Underclothing, Sweaters, etc., come to H. H. BROWN, The Young Men's Man.

I can fit any Man or Boy out with everything he wants to wear excepting his boots. Don't buy your Fall Overcoat until you see what I am showing.

H. H. BROWN, The Young Men's Man.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc

EPPS'S COCOA advertisement. 'You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than EPPS'S COCOA. A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.'

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

STANLEY BROS.

FURS A Magnificent STOCK Hold For You. Illustration of two women in fur coats.

Ladies' Fur Coats

In Astrakan, Russian Lamb, Persian Lamb and Seal, all sizes up to 44 inch.

Special value in Astrakan at \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00 and \$50.00.

Neck Furs and Muffs

In all the good kinds in endless assortment.

STANLEY BROS.

Ladies' Cloth Coats. Illustration of a woman in a coat. Text: 'We are constantly receiving additions to our Coat Stock thus ensuring you of the very latest styles. Special Values At \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$10.00.'

A lot of last season's coats at \$1.00 and \$2.95 each.

Stanley Bros

C. Maclellan, Sixtus Maclellan.

Maclellan Bros., SUCCESSORS TO GORDON & MACLELLAN,

Make their bow to the public, and in doing so wish to say that they are now prepared to turn out everything in the line of High-Class Tailoring

With two expert cutters and a staff of first-class workmen they feel confident of pleasing the most fastidious.

Your Careful Examination

Before and after the suit is made will assure you that you get the best that can be furnished.

Your Next Suit!

May we make it and prove our assertions.

Maclellan Bros., Successors to Gordon & Maclellan.

QUEEN STREET. October 2, 1906.

PROWSE BROS., Ltd.

Better Values

Than elsewhere! More for your dollar than other stores can give. The secret: 1st, our tremendous volume of trade. 2nd, low prices secured through large quantity purchasing. 3rd, our policy of large sales and small profits.

What we advertise is here exactly as advertised, comparative prices are not exaggerated—satisfaction is guaranteed, and as always, "Money Back if Wanted."

Skirts. Illustration of a woman in a skirt. Text: 'No such complete showing of every good sort of SKIRTS as in this store. It's a specialty—a hobby—with us, and ladies will find the garments offered most excellently made, stylish and most perfect fitting. We offer some special good values available only while the show is on.'

AT 75c. Skirts of excellent quality black Roman Sateen, prettily made, deep tucked flounce, stitched trim and dust ruffle. Full cut. Cheap at 95c. Special at 75c.

AT 98c. Skirts of special quality black Roman Sateen, in both plain and will be finished, with 16 inch flounce, three rows of shirred tucking, amply proportioned. Any length 38, 40 or 42. Worth \$1.25. Special 98c.

Want a Fine Cloth Skirt.

Values up to \$5.25 for 3.75.

If you can't afford to overlook the special opportunity to secure one at a very low figure, please note that we guarantee these prices only while this advertisement appears.

Fine Skirts in the latest and most fashionable styles, in various tweed effects, grey mixtures, and also in fine black Vicuna. In every respect these skirts are splendidly made and are man-tailored throughout. Every detail of workmanship has been carefully finished—in fact, some of our best styles are included in this special offering. Worth from \$4.65 to \$5.25. Our special bargain price, only while this advertisement appears, is

\$3.75.

Waists.

Remarkably handsome Waists are being shown this season. For instance, in cashmere waists we are showing elegant styles in white, cream, garnet, sky, polka spots and black. In lusters, black, white and cream. In poplins, in satens, in silks, in fact, waists of every fashionable material are here. We are offering special values, available only while this advertisement appears.

AT 88c. Waists in newest styles, of fine quality Black Roman Sateen. Waists that are well cut and will fit, pleated front and back lath sleeve, etc. All sizes. Worth \$1.25. Special a 88c.

AT 98c. Waists a variety of fabrics, including Flannel and Flannellette, madras, panama, lustre, etc. All latest fashionable cut. All sizes 34 to 38. Worth up to \$1.95. Special at 98c.

AT \$2.75 Dainty Waists of excellent quality, Jap. Taffeta wash silks—a very fetching style—front and back laid in plaits and hemstitched. In every detail an up-to-date and fashionable style. Black and white. Worth \$3.25. Special while this advertisement appears, only \$2.75.

Want a Dressing Gown?

Here's an opportunity to secure a handsome Dressing Gown at a substantial reduction. If you are without one you are missing a great deal of comfort. Quality is limited, don't delay.

We offer three handsome Dressing Gowns of heavy Moulton cloth, with deep sailor collar trimmed with wide satin ribbon and fagoting, heavy girdle to match—wide Jap. sleeve trimmed like collar—various pretty color combinations and worth \$1.25. Special while this advertisement appears, at

\$4.15.

\$2.10 Dressing Jackets at \$1.65

This offer takes in two styles. The first is made of Moleton cloth. The colorings are warm and bright—has deep shirred collar trimmed with torchon lace—full fashioned sleeve with lace trimmed cuffs. The second lot is also of Moleton cloth, colorings are red and navy mixtures—deep sailor collar trimmed with satin ribbon, lace trimmed Jap sleeves. Both are same value. Worth \$2.10. Special while this advertisement appears

We offer three splendid values in Corset Covers— attractively made garments, really cheaper than can be made at home.

Our only regret lies in this fact, that quantities are limited especially in the larger sizes. However there are probably enough for two or three days.

AT 2 FOR 25c. Corset Covers of good quality, English lace at neck and down front. Worth 20 cents each. Special, 2 for 25c.

AT 25c. Corset Covers of soft Nainsook, finished cotton, attractively trimmed with deep lace. Worth 35 cents. Special at 45 cents.

AT 45c. Corset Covers of excellent Cotton—some of Nainsook trimmed deep lace and baby ribbon. Worth 65 cents. Special 45 cents.

Everything as Advertised.

PROWSE BROS., Ltd

Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

Xmas Thoughts.



Never before have we had such a bright and dazzling stock of holiday goods as we have this season. We name a few by way of suggestion.

FURS.

Superb Fur Garments, so varied in price that every one can be suited. If you want FINE FURS come here for them.

Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Gents' Furnishings, Dress Goods, Cushion Tops, etc.

How about a BISSEL CARPET SWEEPER for a gift? If you have one already perhaps its day of service is over, and one of the latest and most improved ones will just fill the bill.

Our Furniture Man

Pronounces our Furniture Attractions boundless. Furniture in endless variety—from simple low priced pieces to the more ornate and most expensive. No matter what price you pay, you'll get BEST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY. A good gift lives a long life. Good Furniture is a good gift.

Choose now. We'll store and deliver it just where and when you say.

Let us help you have A MERRIE CHRISTMAS.
JAS. PATON & CO.

WELLNER'S Christmas Suggestions.

SOLID GOLD RINGS \$1.75 UP.

An immense assortment of the famous "Wellner Watches." We are always pleased to show and explain why they are so good a timekeeper.

W. W. WELLNER, JEWELLER.

A Strong Recommendation FROM A FORMER PUPIL.

HALIFAX, N. S. August 1, 1906.
Mr. William Moran,
Principal Union Commercial College,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

I have much pleasure in saying these few words in recommendation of your school. In the four months which I spent with you as a student of phonography I had an opportunity of observing at close range the admirable system of teaching in all departments, and personally of experiencing its benefits. Now after an experience of about ten months here in the office of Messrs. Davis & Fraser I am in a position to attest to the practical value of the training you impart. To all intending students I would recommend strongly the Union Commercial College.

Yours sincerely,
J. MACADAM.

College re-opens on Monday, January 7th. If you want an up-to-date business training, this is the place to get it. No waste time. Students assisted to good positions. Enter now. Full particulars on application.

W. MORAN, Principal.
QUEEN STREET, CH'TOWN.
Jan. 2, 1907.

Foot Comfort!

We have many foot comforters for women's winter wear; we have felt slippers, house slippers, felt jackets, etc. Women will appreciate them.

Foot Luxuries.

Felt Slippers at 35c, 40c, 55c, 80c. Felt house shoes \$1.10. Felt jackets, black, \$1.25. Felt jackets, red, \$1.35.

Alley & Co.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys
Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
MONEY TO LOAN.
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL. B.
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
Office—London House Building.

Collecting, conveyancing, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to Loan.

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.
Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.
A. J. FRASER, D. D. S.
Aug. 15, 1906—3m

E. F. RYAN, B. A.,
BARRISTER & ATTORNEY,
GEORGETOWN, P. E. ISLAND
March 29, 1905.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon
McLean & McKinnon
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

Snappy Styles Solid Footwear.

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.
These Boots arrived a few days ago a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN,
THE SHOE MAN
QUEEN STREET

John A. Mathieson, K. C.—James A. MacDonald
Mathieson & MacDonald
Barristers, Solicitors
Notaries Public, etc.
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
Branch Office, Georgetown, P. E. I.
May 10, 1906—77.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

Charles E. Davis, Liberal, was elected to the House of Commons on Monday last by a majority of 201.

The holiday fishing at the Bay of Islands has been a failure. The weather has been quite warm, and the bass are about wound up for the season.

Mr. L. E. Brown was chosen at the Liberal Convention on Friday last as the colleague of Mr. A. B. Warburton to contest Queen's County for the House of Commons.

Great excitement has been aroused among the inhabitants of Manitowish Islands in Lake Superior, in consequence of the discovery of rich oil wells. There is prospect of the opening up of an enormous industry.

Half the town of Arica, Province of Tarapaca, Chile, was destroyed by an earthquake on the 27th Dec. Other towns in that neighborhood suffered severely. The report indicates, 120 miles south is not damaged.

The Legislature of British Columbia has been dissolved and a general election is called for the 2nd of February. Governor Mealy of the Yukon has resigned and re-enters politics in his native Province as a candidate in opposition to Premier McBride.

In consequence of the rain and bad condition of the streets for driving, matters were very dull in Charlottetown New Year's Day. A few of the horribles ventured out in their fantastic habiliments and got a thorough drenching before they returned to quarters.

It appears that a particular wave of strict Sunday observance has struck Boston. A number of persons were arrested on Sunday last for violation of the law of Sunday observance. This is something new and curiously will be aroused to see what will come of it.

While shooting at a target on the 28th ult., the young grandson of Mr. James Camb, one of the earliest settlers of the Kingston, Ont. district missed his aim and shot his grandfather through the eye, killing him instantly. The old man had passed his 73rd birthday.

In the city of London a couple of weeks ago David and Jonathan Godner, twins, celebrated their 87th birthday. They are in partnership in business and are leading merchants. They are so much alike that it is difficult to tell one from the other. They are quite lively notwithstanding their age.

In a collision between two trains on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Washington on Monday about 40 persons were killed and about 50 were injured. The accident was caused by a train of empty cars, running at the rate of 50 miles an hour, crashing into a local passenger train just as it pulled out from a station. The engineer of the fast train has been arrested.

A dispatch of the 27th, Dec. from St. John's Nfld. says—Because of the mid-winter the outlook for fumes herring at Bay of Islands is unfavorable, and a number of American vessels have been ordered home empty. A total of seventy vessels came from the United States this season. It is feared half the vessels will fail to secure cargoes. The United States' fishing fleet leaves for a return trip to New York. The friction over the fisheries dispute is no longer to be feared. A large number of Colonial fishermen abandoned the work this year, only four hundred men being employed.

A serious uprising by the Hereros, broke out in German Southwest Africa in January, 1904, and has given great trouble for close on to three years. The dissolution of the German Reichstag on December 13th occurred after the defeat by 173 votes to 169, of the Government bill for a supplementary appropriation to the support of the German troops in the field. The war in Africa has been described in Germany as a profligate, costly and inglorious struggle, and the refusal of the Chamber to pay a supplementary credit amounting to some thing over seven millions of dollars to meet the expenses of the war showed its unpopularity with the national representatives.

Ontario's great silver mining camp at Cobalt offers a striking example of wildcat speculation. The Provincial Government up to date has granted incorporation to companies bearing an aggregate capitalisation of 170,148,500. Some of the best properties were sold to the public at prices possible their capitalisation. New York, Maine, Arizona and New Jersey, have organized mining and exploration companies and all talk in millions. The market at present calls on Cobalt to give returns on an estimated aggregate of \$250,000,000. Premier Whitney denies having received the offer of forty million dollars for part of the limits of Cobalt. The great value of silver deposits constitute the greater danger for the unthinking public. The exploding of "wild cat" companies is a consequence.

In St. Dunstan's Cathedral on New Year's Day, the High Mass was celebrated by Rev. Dr. Curran, and the sermon was preached by his Lordship the Bishop. His Lordship after extending to the members of the congregation his best wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year, delivered a most earnest and impressive discourse on the shortness of time, and the imperative necessity of making good use of the time that is given us in order to prepare for eternity, and according as it shall be well or ill spent by us shall our lot be happy or miserable in eternity. His Lordship, in the course of his discourse, quoted from the Old and New Testament, and from many Saints and Fathers of the Church expounding showing forth the fleeting nature of time and the dreadful consequences following from an ill spent life. In conclusion his Lordship referred to the important work for the congregation of St. Dunstan's that had been on during the year 1905, namely the letting of the contract for completing the Cathedral. He thanked the people for the sacrifices they had made in behalf of this great work and encouraged them to continue until the great work would be completed. He alluded to the grandeur and magnificence of Solomon's Temple and the solemnity of the ceremonies attending its dedication, yet that temple contained but the ark of the covenant; but this Cathedral, like every Catholic church, was to contain our Lord Himself. How much more holy then was this temple which we are building! His Lordship concluded his discourse by invoking his solemn benediction on all present.

DIED

In this City on the 31st, Dec. Anastasia beloved wife of Peter Charkin, aged 56 years. May her soul rest in peace.

At Rest on Dec. 30th, Zacharias Martin, aged 25 years. Deceased lived in Charlottetown for some years; but nearly a year ago he became ill and removed to Boston, his native place, where he remained until death came. Deceased was a member of Branch 210 C. M. E. A. He leaves to mourn a widow, father and mother, and other relatives. May his soul rest in peace.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.
Sun Fire offices of London.
Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.
JOHN MACEACHERN,
AGENT.
Mar. 22nd, 190

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, of Prince Edward Island, at the suit of Alexander Martin, against Peter D. Mathieson and Mary McPherson, I have taken and seized all the estate, right title and interest of the said Peter D. Mathieson and Mary McPherson, in and to all that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on Lot or Township Number Sixty-one, in King's County, bounded and described as follows, that is to say:

Commencing on the South side of St. Mary's Road, at the North-east corner of a tract of fifty acres of land conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to Malcolm Childs; thence south fifty-five chains and fifty-five links, or to the division line between Townships Numbers Sixty-one and Sixty-two; thence East nine chains to the West boundary of one hundred acres of land conveyed to John McPherson; thence North to the St. Mary's Road, forward; and thence West along said road to the place of commencement, containing fifty acres of land a little more or less, being Plot Number Fifty-nine on the South side of St. Mary's Road, on the Plan of Township Number Sixty-one, in the office of the Commissioner of Public Lands.

And I hereby give Public Notice that I will on Wednesday, the Seventeenth day of July, A. D. 1907, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, in the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County aforesaid, set up and sell as Public Auction, the said property, or so much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on the said Writ, being the sum of one hundred and fifty-eight dollars and seventy-six cents, with interest from the nineteenth day of October, A. D. 1904, at six per cent per annum, besides Sheriff's fees and all legal incidental expenses.

D. F. McDONALD, Sheriff,
Sheriff's Office, King's County, December 27th, A. D. 1906.

W. E. BENTLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Jan. 2, 1907—31

There is nothing barer about Lax Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickening. Price 25c.

Herring! Herring!

We have just received a quantity of very fine, large Herring, which we are offering in half barrels, pails and by the dozen.

Price, \$1.00 per Pail. \$3.40 per Half Barrel.

To enable parties at a distance who desire to purchase, we will, on receipt of price, deliver two half bbls. to any station on the P. E. Island Railway, but the two must be sent to the one address. Two neighbors may join and remit the amount in the one letter. We guarantee the quality to be good, otherwise they may be returned at our expense.



Eureka Tea.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure Sold wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.
Eureka Grocery,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,
Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.
(Sign full name)
(And Address)



Are You Satisfied With Your Present Position.

Do you want to earn more money? If so you want to secure a practical business education—a sound training that will fit you for business life. By attending the

Union Commercial College

You will fit yourself for a better position. Remember there is no waste time, no unnecessary delays. The only college on P. E. Island giving final examinations the last three days of every month. Write for prospectus and full particulars.

W. MORAN,
Ch'town, P. E. I., July 11th, 1906. Principal.

Look Out For Trouble

I AM IN THE Ready-Made Clothing BUSINESS.

I am going to sell Clothing cheaper than it was ever sold before.

I will save every Man or Boy that wants to buy a Suit or an Overcoat this fall anywhere from 50 cents to \$1.50.

"I want your trade."
"No doubt you want to save money."

H. H. BROWN,
The Young Men's Man.

GETTING READY FOR

Santa Claus!

Who will again honor us with his presence, and make OUR STORE HIS HEAD-QUARTERS during the coming Holiday Season. We are now opening up an immense New Stock of

Fancy Goods, Chinaware, Toys, Dolls, Games, Fancy Stationery and Holiday Gifts.

The Best We Have Ever Shown.
RAPHAEL TUCK & SONS CO'S BEAUTIFUL CALENDARS have arrived. They are more beautiful than ever.

CARTER & CO., Ltd.

A Desire.

(By Adelaide Anne Procter.)

Oh, to have death in Bethlehem
When the Star of the Lord shone
Bright;
To have sheltered the holy wanderer
On that blessed Christmas night;
To have kissed the tender wayward
feet
Of the Mother Undesired!
And with reverent wonder and deep
delight
To have tended the Holy Child!
Hush! such a glory was not for thee;
But that care may still be thine,
For are there not little ones still to
be
For the sake of the Christ Divine?
Are there no wandering pilgrims
now,
To thy heart and thy home to take
And are there no mothers whose
heavy hearts
Thou canst comfort for Mary's
sake?

Oh, to have lived at Jesus' feet,
And have learned His heavenly lore;
To have heard the gentle lessons He
taught
On mountains, and sea, and shore!
While the rich and the mighty knew
Him not,
To have meekly done His will!
Hush! for the worldly reject Him
yet;
You can serve and love Him still.
Time can not silence His mighty
word;
And though ages have fled away,
His gentle accents of love divine
Speak to your soul today.

Oh, to have seen what we now adore;
And though veiled to faithless
sight,
To have known, in the form that
Jesus wore,
The Lord of Life and Light!
Hush! for He dwells among us
still,
And a grace can yet be thine,
Which the sinner and doubter can
never know—
The Presence of the Divine!
Jesus is with His children yet,
For His word can never deceive.
Go where His lowly altars rise,
And worship and believe!

Monsignore Vaughan on France.

The Distinguished English Ecclesiastic Tells of the Church's Persecution There.

The Right Rev. Monsignore John S. Vaughan, domestic prelate of his Holiness, Pius X., who was recently in Boston, gave, in an interview with a representative of the Boston Herald, a clear exposition of the position of the Church in the present religious crisis in France. He said:

"The condition of things in France, seems to be but little understood in America. If it were, it would arouse a feeling of the greatest indignation throughout the country. The Americans love liberty as much as we English do, and offer to all full freedom to serve God as their consciences direct. In France there is the greatest profession of freedom, but it is mere empty sound, signifying nothing. The words 'Liberty, fraternity, equality,' are emblazoned in large letters on the walls of the great public buildings, but these fine words find no place in the laws and no echo in the hearts of the legislators. On the contrary, where the Church is concerned, the greatest of tyranny and injustice everywhere prevail.

"The French Government is not Catholic. It is not even Christian; but it is strongly anti-Christian. Hence its continual attacks upon the bishops, priests and religious, whose only offence is fidelity to their religion and to their God."

"But it is said that the clerics are enemies to the Government?"

Limit to Obedience.

"So long as the civil Government confines itself within its proper and legitimate sphere, it would find no more devoted subjects than Catholics. But when it breaks through its proper boundaries and attempts to trample under foot the rights of conscience and the laws of God, then we will admit that obedience in those matters would be but another name for perfidy and apostasy, to which death itself is greatly to be preferred."

"Then you would advocate disobedience?"

"I would reply in the words of Christ, 'Render to Caesar the things that are Caesar's and to God the things that are God's.' What the French Government is asking is that we should render to Caesar not only the things that are Caesar's, but likewise the things that are God's. But this can never be.

No Room for Hesitation.

"When a choice is to be made between God and man, between our duty toward the State and our duty toward Him by whom kings reign and the princes of the earth exercise their power, there can be no room for hesitation. We must prefer God. This has been recognized and will always be recognized as the only course that an honest man can take. When St. Peter himself, in obey-

An Ancient Foe

The health and happiness in earth...
Hood's Sarsaparilla

Not From Earthly Authority.

"The Catholic Church is founded by Christ Who is as truly God as He is truly man, and from Him is derived its beginning, its hierarchy, its laws and its mission. None of the ecclesiastical powers which are proper and essential to the Church are derived from any earthly authority. They come from God. The Pope, successor of St. Peter, has been appointed by God as its supreme chief: 'To thee do I give the keys of the kingdom of heaven.' He holds from God his ecclesiastical rights and duties. 'As the Father hath sent me so I send you.'

"Protestant churches are altogether different. The King of England is head of the Established Church; the Emperor of Russia, of the Orthodox Church; the Emperor William, of the Evangelical Church, and so forth. But the Catholic Church is the servant and the mesial of no earthly power, and of no temporal Government, and no Catholic who respects himself will give up his religious convictions, or abandon the teaching of Christ, at the bidding of any one whatsoever. Rather than do so, he will do what Cardinal Fisher and blessed Thomas More and hundreds of other heroic and noble souls in England did in the sixteenth century: he will shed his blood, knowing that death is better a thousand times than perdition. *Malum mori quam foedari.*"

"But the French Government may withdraw the salaries from the bishops and priests?"

Cites Wolf and Lamb.

"They have done so already. In fact, by brute force they may, of course, set the laws of equity and justice at defiance. This is nothing new. In fact, it helps to confirm the truth of the Catholic Church, for we see in it the fulfilment of Christ's words: 'They have persecuted Me and they will persecute you.' They may even imitate the early Roman Emperors, who put tens of thousands of Christians to death on the very plea urged by some of the French ministers, namely, that Christianity is a danger and a menace to the State. I must say I never consider the state of France without thinking of the old fable of the wolf and the lamb drinking from the same stream. The lamb is of course at fault. The wolf is always the innocent party. The French Government has been striving in every way possible during the past five and twenty years to pick a quarrel with the Church, and has sought little to deprive it of every scrap of liberty, till at last a stand had to be made. The Government seeks to place the Church of God under its heel, and in order to exercise pressure it has recourse to many infamous means."

"It has, for example, suppressed the stipends due to bishops and priests. Yet nothing can authorize such injustice but the right of might, which, odious in itself, is still more odious when applied by a minister who is himself a professed seminarian, as in the present case."

Not Salaries, Indemnities.

The bishops are not office-holders, and their stipends are not salaries. The stipends which they have been receiving until lately are simply indemnities or compensations. The American people do not realize the origin of these stipends, and so let us explain.

"Suppose I possess a landed estate which brings me in \$100,000 a year, and that someone more powerful than I am, and takes forcible possession of my house and land. Is not this downright robbery? Certainly. Let us further suppose that, after a time the robber dies, and his son, under pressure from the courts of law, at last agrees to give back the land. He says: 'Justice is done. He regrets he can not return me my actual estate, which has been divided and is now owned by various persons; but he agrees to pay me the \$100,000 a year which is its equivalent. This is not a salary; it is not a gift. It is what belongs to me by absolute right. If at any period he should refuse to pay it, then he does me a gross injustice. Yet this is precisely how the French Government is now treating the Catholic Church.

"The goods of the church were confiscated, and when Napoleon I. came in his strength to put things to rights and to restore order out of chaos, he was able to persuade the Pope of that day to leave the purchasers of ecclesiastical goods in peaceful possession of their property, simply because he undertook to indemnify the Church in another way; that is to say, by assenting to all the bishops and parish priests a suitable stipend. The Government can in justice no more deprive bishops and priests of these stipends than can a company justify the deprivation of the interest of the money that it has loaned to it at an agreed percentage.

Says Obligations Disowned.

"Not one person in a hundred in the United States seems to realize the nature of the separation of the Church and State that has been brought about in France. People fancy that the Church there is placed in the same position as it is here in America. Were this true, then there would be nothing to fear, and France would soon be more Catholic than ever. But this is in no sense the case. In France the separation means simply that the Government disowns all its obligations to the Church while it reserves to itself the right to persecute and tyrannize over it and to restrict its liberty just as it pleases.

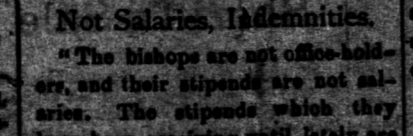
"Outsiders talk very glibly about the duty of obeying the law of the land. But let me ask, in every one that an unscrupulous Government chooses to make to be obeyed? When Herod commanded all the male children under two years of age to be slain did that law carry with it the obligation of obedience? When the law demanded the execution of Christ did that possess any binding force? Is there to be no limit to the exercise of civil authority? The Pope is a great lover of peace; but there is one thing he loves far more, and that is truth. He has done all that was possible to accommodate the French Government and to smooth the way; but when asked to do wrong and to sacrifice the essential principles of the Church of course he replies as a true successor of St. Peter. 'We ought to obey God rather than men.'

"In England St. Thomas of Canterbury died a martyr's death in defence of the liberties of the Catholic Church. And Pius X. breathes the same splendid and generous spirit today. He will never betray his charge, for he is as firm as he is gentle."

"But can you tell us what is likely to happen in the near future?"

Fears Storm and Violence.

"It is impossible to peer into the womb of time and to see what it is going to bring forth. But the powers of darkness and of irreligion are so powerful in France just now that I greatly fear that there will be a period of storm and violence before the atmosphere clears. In the long run, however, and after passing through a dark night of trouble, I think the light of a brighter day will dawn and that the Church will again become a power in France. A great part of the nation is absolutely rotten to the core; but if some judicious cutting and pruning can be done—and persecution is often an



MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

They gently attack the bowels, clear away all acids and waste matter from the system, and give tone and vitality to the whole intestinal tract, curing Constipation, Sick Headaches, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Colic, Tongues, Puff Swellings, Jaundice, Heartburn, and Water Brash. Men, K. K. Ogden, Woodstock, N.H., writes: 'My husband and myself have used Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills for a number of years. We think we cannot do without them. They are the only pills we ever take.'

Price 50 cents or five bottles for \$2.00, at all dealers or direct on receipt of price. The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Miscellaneous

Miss Isabella M. was a very witty lady. A gentleman once remarked to her: 'What fine dark hair you have got, Miss M.' My wife, who is much younger than you, has her hair curly gray.'

'Yes,' rejoined the lady; 'and if I had been your wife no doubt my hair would have been gray, too.'

Muscular Rheumatism

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says: 'It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills.' Price 50c a box.

\$10 Course in Penmanship

The Supreme Court at Manila has decided by a unanimous vote that the church property seized and held by the followers of Aglipay, the apostate priest who calls himself the head of the Filipino Church, belongs to the Catholic Church and must be given up by those in possession. The title to about fifty churches and convents was involved in the case.

Sprained Arm

Mary Orvington, Jasper, Ont., writes: 'My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days.' Price 25c.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption. Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor. And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

Up! Up! Step by Step

By step the Union Commercial College has gradually gone ahead until today it stands in the front rank of business schools. It helps students to positions, it teaches every branch, it advertises, it does not deceive the public. Write today. W. Moran, Prin.

Millinery at Stanley Bros. This year we are better than ever prepared to give you only the best in millinery. We have a larger stock, a better assortment, and Miss Sullivan has more help—consequently we have no hat ready-made to suit you, we can have yours trimmed for you before you go home. Stanley Bros., The Millinery leaders.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption. Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor. And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

Monsignore Vaughan on France

When a choice is to be made between God and man, between our duty toward the State and our duty toward Him by whom kings reign and the princes of the earth exercise their power, there can be no room for hesitation. We must prefer God. This has been recognized and will always be recognized as the only course that an honest man can take. When St. Peter himself, in obey-

Monsignore Vaughan on France

When a choice is to be made between God and man, between our duty toward the State and our duty toward Him by whom kings reign and the princes of the earth exercise their power, there can be no room for hesitation. We must prefer God. This has been recognized and will always be recognized as the only course that an honest man can take. When St. Peter himself, in obey-

E. W. Taylor

WATCHMAKER
JEWELER and OPTICIAN

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HANDSOME LADIES WATCHES (Reliable) \$10.00, \$14.00, \$20.00 and \$50.00.

CHAINS—\$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, up to \$20.00.

WATCHES for Men, Regina or Waltham—(Reliable)—\$7.50, \$10.00, \$20.00 and \$35.00.

RINGS for Wedding or Birthday, plain or set with precious stones.

SPECTACLES, in rimless or mounted. Lenses adapted by testing to each eye separately.

E. W. TAYLOR

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.
Sun Fire offices of London.
Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN, AGENT.
Mar. 22nd, 1905.

John A. Mathieson, K. C.—Rexas & McDonald

Mathieson & MacDonald
Barristers, Solicitors
Notaries Public, etc.
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
Branch Office, Georgetown, P. E.
May 10, 1906-7-7.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Tickets
Dodgers
Posters
Check Books
Receipt Books
Note Heads
Note Books of Hand
Letter Heads

E. W. Taylor

WATCHMAKER
JEWELER and OPTICIAN

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HANDSOME LADIES WATCHES (Reliable) \$10.00, \$14.00, \$20.00 and \$50.00.

CHAINS—\$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, up to \$20.00.

WATCHES for Men, Regina or Waltham—(Reliable)—\$7.50, \$10.00, \$20.00 and \$35.00.

RINGS for Wedding or Birthday, plain or set with precious stones.

SPECTACLES, in rimless or mounted. Lenses adapted by testing to each eye separately.

E. W. TAYLOR

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.
Sun Fire offices of London.
Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN, AGENT.
Mar. 22nd, 1905.

John A. Mathieson, K. C.—Rexas & McDonald

Mathieson & MacDonald
Barristers, Solicitors
Notaries Public, etc.
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
Branch Office, Georgetown, P. E.
May 10, 1906-7-7.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Tickets
Dodgers
Posters
Check Books
Receipt Books
Note Heads
Note Books of Hand
Letter Heads

Union Commercial College

You will fit yourself for a better position. Remember there is no waste time, no unnecessary delays. The only college on P. E. Island giving final examinations the last three days of every month. Write for prospectus and full particulars.

W. MORAN, Principal.
Ch town, P. E. I., July 11th, 1906.

Look Out For Trouble

I AM IN THE

Ready-Made Clothing BUSINESS.

I am going to sell Clothing cheaper than it was ever sold before. I will save every Man or Boy that wants to buy a Suit or an Overcoat this fall anywhere from 50 cents to \$1.50.

"I want your trade."
"No doubt you want to save money."

H. H. BROWN,
The Young Men's Man.

GETTING READY FOR Santa Claus!

Who will again honor us with his presence, and make OUR STORE HIS HEAD-QUARTERS during the coming Holiday Season. We are now opening up an immense New Stock of

Fancy Goods, Chinaware,
Toys, Dolls, Games, Fancy Stationery and Holiday Gifts.

The Best We Have Ever Shown.

RAPHAEL TUCK & SONS CO'S BEAUTIFUL CALENDARS have arrived. They are more beautiful than ever.

CARTER & CO., Ltd