

# The Union Advocate

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## ANNEXATION IN NEW GUISE

Writer in the Century  
Suggests that Canada  
Should Annex the  
United States

### AND MAKE OTTAWA

The Capital and Seat of Government of the Entire  
North American  
Continent

The Century Co. have favored The Post with a copy of the August number of their magazine and our attention is specially directed to an article contained therein, headed "If Canada Were to Annex the United States."

The author devotes considerable space to saying things which will be very gratifying to Canadians who do not differ from the rest of humanity in their appreciation of praise for what they have accomplished, but he practically admits that there is nothing to be gained in discussing this abstract question, which is wholly outside the bounds of political possibility, by making his treatise a rehash of the old alleged arguments in favor of the annexation of Canada to the United States.

About the only definite reference to the subject expressed in the title is found in the following quoted sentence:—"If the proposition were to be submitted to the Canadian people whether or no they would annex the United States, the vote would be virtually unanimous in favor of such an annexation." This verbal rubbish is manifestly the product of a vain imagination. It virtually assumes that Canadians have not yet reached the adult stage of thinking and that they would be so dazzled by the bigness of the proposition that they would embrace it without considering what it meant.

Canadians have no desire to make Ottawa the capital of the United continent. They have no wish to assimilate American political institutions to those of this country. They have no inclination to deprive the American people of the pleasure of electing a president who is his own prime minister. And they have no craving to subject the administration of the affairs of Canada to the relatively vast American majority, who might be tempted to exploit the resources of this country to their own advantage. To dream of such a thing would be a veritable nightmare.

The people of Canada have been doing some really excellent work in nation building, so excellent that it has aroused the covetousness of their esteemed southern neighbors. They have a lot more to do along the same line and they have faith enough to believe that they will be enabled to solve the problems as they arise. But they are not indulging in any visions of continentalism. They are looking forward with confidence to a larger and better destiny as an influential autonomous portion of the greatest empire in the world.

At the beginning of his article the author makes a disclosure which will be interesting to many in this country. He says that in 1899 a Canadian election agent closely identified with the fortunes of the Liberal party visited Washington and, in the course of an interview with President McKinley, said:—"Give me two millions dollars to spend in the next Canadian election and I will guarantee the peaceful annexation of Canada to the United States."

Was this election agent really speaking for his party? Is that the estimate which the Liberal leaders place upon Canadian patriotic sentiment? Were they so anxious to betray their country with a kiss that they sent their Judas to Washington to beg for the paltry pieces of silver? This miserable incident probably reveals the intent and purpose of the Taft-Laurier reciprocity pact. No wonder President Taft felt constrained to say that Canada was to become an "adjunct of the United States." And no wonder that Canada spued out of her mouth the political party which fathered such a piece of astounding treachery.

Canadians cherish the most friendly feelings for their American neighbors. They are glad to trade with them, to associate with them, to rejoice with them in their national successes and to give them due credit for their great achievements, and it is the ardent hope of everybody on the north of the border that the pleas-

## NEW SENATOR FROM NEW BRUNSWICK

Mr. W. H. Thorne of St. John  
Chosen to Fill Vacancy made  
by Death of Senator Ellis

Mr. W. H. Thorne, of St. John has been appointed a member of the Senate to fill the vacancy in the New Brunswick representation. The order-in-Council has been signed by Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Deputy to the Governor General.

Mr. Thorne is one of St. John's most prominent and successful wholesale merchants. His whole life has been spent in that city, where he was born on September 12, 1844, and where he is respected by men of all shades of politics. He has always been prominent party man on the Conservative side, indeed, it may be fairly claimed he was the most representative Conservative outside of those in public life. While he devoted himself with great energy to politics, he had no personal ambitions, and he always declined a nomination for the House of Commons that would have been gladly tendered him at any time. Personally he is popular and in business circles occupies a foremost position, having been connected with many public enterprises.

## LOCAL MINISTER NOW AT WINNIPEG

Winnipeg Telegram.—Rev. Dr. Cousins of Newcastle, N. B., occupied the pulpit at the Nassau Baptist Church, Fort Rouge, yesterday.

In the course of a very powerful and edifying discourse of the truths embodied in verse 12 of the Second Book of Kings, chapter v, he illustrated in a lucid manner man's tendency of taking his own way in face of the commands from his Maker.

The result of man's tendency to strike the wrong path meant degradation and sin. Although sin at times did not express itself before the eyes of the world, it was ever in the conscience and making life a misery. "There are hundreds of people going about the streets who look happy, but behind the veil the great stigma is there which takes away all joy and happiness."

Sin is a terrible enemy, a disease worse than that which beset Naaman, captain of the host of the King of Syria. "They had only to peruse their morning papers here in Winnipeg and find recorded the terrible consequences which sin brings in its train."

"If sin could be got rid of in Winnipeg," concluded the reverend gentleman, "how happy and blessed the city would be."

## NEW APPOINTMENTS ON INTERCOLONIAL

An official circular issued by the I. C. R. management, gives notice of the following recent appointments, some of which have been previously announced in the press, taking effect August 1st:—

E. Tiffin, general western agent at Toronto.

H. H. Melanson is appointed general passenger agent.

The jurisdiction of D. A. Story, general freight agent Intercolonial Railway, is hereby extended to the Prince Edward Island Railway.

H. H. Schaefer, division freight agent, Moncton, in charge of the territory in New Brunswick, Moncton north and east.

S. G. Tiffin, division freight St. John, in charge of the territory in New Brunswick west of Moncton.

D. M. Condon is appointed district passenger agent with office at Halifax.

D. McDonald is appointed district passenger agent with office at Montreal.

To Wed this Afternoon

The marriage of Miss Bertie Wright daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arch Wright to Mr. Martin Handley of Nelson will take place at St. Mary's Church at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon.

The fate of Bulgaria is much like that of many individuals to whom some temporary success has given a swelled head.

ant relations now existing may never be disturbed. But candidly, would it not be better to stop this annexation talk, which is always more irritating than elevating, and which will never deceive the Canadian people even in its most highly sugar-coated form?—Sydney Post.

## LORD ALVERSTONE TO RETIRE VERY SHORTLY

His Attitude Regarding Alaska  
Boundary Commission made  
Him Many Enemies

Lord Alverstone will probably be the first Lord Chief Justice in the history of England to resign his high office. Since the post was established, each holder has died in harness. In retiring voluntarily, owing to continued ill-health, Lord Alverstone will create another precedent. He has several to his credit.

As a politician, he was not a brilliant success, yet by a stroke of good luck he became Attorney-General of England the first year he entered Parliament. In that position—he was then Sir Richard Webster—he was constantly being pitted against that brilliant lawyer and silver-tongued orator, Sir Charles Russell, afterwards Lord Russell of Killowen who was his immediate predecessor in the office of Law Chief Justice.

Now that he is to retire he will be much regretted. Both the Bench and the Bar of England have grown to overlook Lord Alverstone's defects of mind on account of the sterling honesty and kindness that have characterized the man during his whole career. He has always been sincere, and his monotonous voice, incapable of any rhetorical flights, has ever been heard in the cause of what he genuinely believed to be the right. His connection with the Behring Sea Arbitration and his twelve years as Attorney-General made the name of Richard Webster familiar throughout the British Empire and in America. But, cut of England, he was perhaps best known on account of the casting vote given in favor of the United States and against Great Britain and Canada in the famous Alaska-Boundary Arbitration held in London in 1903.

It requires no little moral courage for a patriotic man, even though he be a Lord Chief Justice, to decide against his own country. Canada and the United States in the Alaska case were represented by an equal number of arbitrators, and the then Attorney-General of England, on behalf of his Government, argued against the American contention. After weeks of speeches, the American and Canadian arbitrators were more than ever convinced that their respective claims were just. It remained for Lord Alverstone to give the casting vote and to decide which flag should fly over a large portion of Alaska.

After several days of strenuous and nerve-racking deliberation, Lord Alverstone came to the conclusion that the United States claims had been established. At the end of a Saturday sitting, when the last arguments were delivered, he told the American arbitrators, or one of them, that he was forced to acknowledge the justice of their case. Lord Alverstone would probably have added that the arbitrators, but they had hurried off to keep a week-end engagement in the country. There was no vital reason for the news of the decision was cabled the same day to the United States, and thence was telegraphed to Canada and cabled back to England.

A feeling of intense resentment sprang up like wildfire in Canada. Many papers openly declared Lord Alverstone had sold the Dominion as a mess of pottage to gain the friendship of the United States. The Canadian arbitrators cabled back to Canada that Lord Alverstone had not told them of his momentous decision. The fact that the news came through the American News Agency and was published in the United States before the Canadian members of the court had heard of it was interpreted as "damning evidence" that Canada had "been betrayed." It was some years before the irritation caused by this incident died down, and for months the present Lord Chief Justice received shoals of abuse by mail and otherwise from Canada. His lengthy summing up, carefully prepared to coat the bitter pill for Canada with sugar, naturally lost all effectiveness. The Lord Chief Justice on that occasion was the innocent victim of his own indiscretion and of the public's demand for "live" news.

In London there are 235,000 telephones, in Berlin 210,000, and in Paris 92,000. The three leading cities of Europe combined have but a few more telephones than New York City alone. On Saturday, May 24, the half million mark was passed, and to-day New York City has more than 500,000 telephones linked together in a system that requires 1,500,000 miles of wire and sixty-seven telephone exchanges to make it the most complete and up-to-date system in the world.

## I. C. R. MEN'S ULTIMATUM

Has Been Delivered to  
General Manager by  
President of the  
Brotherhood

### BOARD OF CONCILIATION

Applied for, and Notice Given  
That Unless Promptly At-  
tended to, A Strike  
will be Called

Two thousand employees of the Intercolonial Railway threaten to go on strike and tie up the entire system between Montreal and Halifax, unless their demands for increased pay and adjustment of their grievance are granted, was their statement made by A. R. Mosher, grand president of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, on his return from Moncton, where he had been in conference with the Railway Manager.

Mr. Mosher stated that for several days past conferences between union officials and general manager Guelletius have been going on at Moncton, and as a result of the refusal of the new manager of the clerks' and freight handlers' demands, the union will at once send an ultimatum to the general manager of the I. C. R. If this is not complied with they will go on strike. Copies of the ultimatum will also be sent to Premier Borden and the Minister of Railways and Canals. All negotiations have been severed.

Mr. Mosher says a vote has already been taken in favor of a strike unless their demands are agreed to. A Moncton despatch dated Monday says:—"Six more brakemen and three conductors of the I. C. R., received notice yesterday. The brakemen are sent home, which means that they are practically dismissed, while conductors Daniel Sullivan, James Melanson and John Cochrane are set back to breaking while more are to follow. Railway men are very indignant and something is going to happen in a few days."

The question of a strike is being talked about, but they intend to wait until the grand lodge officers arrive. They intend holding an indignation meeting, it is said, at which the dismissal of F. P. Brady, general superintendent, and Mr. [redacted] general yardmaster, will be asked for. They intend to send a petition to Hon. Frank Cochrane, minister of railways.

The business men are complaining about "business being dull, due, they say, to the shake-up in the I. C. R. forces."

There is nothing new to-day in the clerk's situation, and I. C. R. officials refuse to talk about Mr. Mosher's statement about a strike. The proposition was to increase the clerks' \$2.50 a month, and laborers ten cents a day.

D. Pottinger, former general manager of the I. C. R., is residing at Shediac Cape for the summer, and in the fall will go to Ottawa to take up his residence there.

An Ottawa despatch says:—"If the intercolonial trainmen carry out their threat to strike, it will be the first strike which has ever occurred on the Canadian Government Railways. There have been many differences and disputes between the management and the employees during the forty years the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways have been operating, but the differences have always been amicably adjusted."

A Halifax despatch dated Monday says:—"President A. R. Mosher, of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway employees, has addressed to Mr. Guelletius, General Manager of the Intercolonial Railway, a letter in the nature of an ultimatum from the men as regards requests originally made months ago, for an increase of pay and a revision of rules. In the event of a reply being unfavorable a strike involving some 2,500 men and affecting the system from Cape Breton to Montreal, will be ordered. The ultimatum follows:—

F. P. Gutelius, General Manager Government Railways, Moncton, N. B., July 28, 1913.

Dear Sir: Owing to the very uncompromising manner in which our committee was met in their efforts to conclude schedule negotiations, and your final decision that unless we agreed to your wishes in respect to the elimination of a large number of employees from the schedule now governing certain classes of em-

## JORDAN SANITARIUM SOON TO BE OPENED

Rt. Hon. R. L. Borden and Sir  
Wilfrid Laurier to be Invited  
to Opening Ceremony,

A meeting of the Jordan Sanitarium commissioners was held Thursday afternoon and those present were Premier Fleming, Hon. Dr. D. V. Landry, commissioner of agriculture for the province; Hon. C. W. Robison, ex-premier of New Brunswick; Dr. McAvenny, of St. John, Mr. F. W. Sumner, Mrs. Jordan and Dr. Townsend. Matters of importance were discussed.

It was decided to hold the formal opening of the institution on September 13th, next. It had been at first intended to invite the governor general, the Duke of Cornwall, to formally open the institution, but as it now looks as though the Duke will not return to this country, it is expected that Premier Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be induced to jointly open the sanitarium. Only a number will be invited to the opening exercises.

It was further decided to equip a public ward in the building with accommodations for forty patients. This ward is being equipped at Mrs. Jordan's personal expense. The proposed dam and bridge over the Poll river will not be constructed until next spring. It is expected, that the building of this dam will provide the institution grounds with a beautiful artificial lake which may later be utilized to run the power plant. The building of the bridge is delayed because the material required will have to be ordered eight or nine months ahead of the actual time of construction. The combined bridge-dam, when completed, be about two hundred feet in length.

The commissioners also decided upon the site of the memorial fountain being supplied by Mrs. Jordan. Premier Fleming chose a spot facing the main administration building and drove in the peg indicating the spot. This fountain is to be one of fine Carrara marble from Italy, and is delayed because of a strike of Italian dockmen which has prevented its shipment from Italy. The fountain is very artistic in design, three figures representing Faith, Hope and Charity supporting the bowl, above which rises a statuette of the late Queen Victoria. Photos of the fountain were shown to the commissioners.

There are at present about twenty patients in the institution and they expressed themselves as delighted with the treatment received there.

## RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE

To Sister and Brother McTavish,  
Dear Fellow Members,

The officers and members of Redbank Division Sons of Temperance of which you are honored members take this earliest opportunity to express to you their sincere sympathy on the occasion of the death of your mother.

By a unanimous resolution of our division at its meeting last night we are directed to convey to you, and to the other members of your family, personally, and through the local press, this expression of our fellow feeling to you in your bereavement.

We rejoice that you sorrow not as those that are without hope, for your beloved knew Him who said "I am the resurrection and the life" and we commend you to the comfort of the same Lord who is able to make all things, not excepting death itself, work for the good to those who love God.

Yours in L. P. & F.  
JAMES F. MCCURDY, W. P.  
MINA SUTHERLAND, R. S.  
Redbank, July 30th, 1913.

A Chicago evangelist described the perfect husband as one who is home five nights a week with his wife. What then is the husband who is at home seven nights a week?

pletely, all the past work of the committee is cancelled. I now beg to advise that an application for a board of conciliation has been forwarded to the Department of Labor at Ottawa, and unless prompt action is taken by that department or by yourself to bring about a settlement at once, the affected employees will leave their employment in a body. Full authority to deal with all matters in dispute in whatever way we may see fit is now confined to the Secretary of the Committee, Mr. McLean, and myself. If you desire to arrange a settlement we shall be pleased to make an appointment with you.

Sincerely,  
Signed A. R. MOSHER,  
Grand President.

## PENNSYLVANIA NOW ADOPTS TAX REFORM

Pittsburg and Scranton Will Tax  
Buildings at Half Rate  
Levied on Land

Pittsburg and Scranton are the first cities in the United States to cut the tax rate on buildings radically lower than the rate on land, following the plan which has attracted so much attention in the cities of western Canada.

For a generation Pittsburg had suffered from a tax system which put a premium on holding land for speculative purposes. The holdings of old estates were classed as agricultural land, and paid only one-half the rate charged against office buildings and workmen's homes. The Legislature of 1911 wiped out these old inequalities. The Legislature of 1913 has turned the situation inside out to give an advantage to the man who improves his real estate.

Building Rates Half of Land Tax

The act will fix the tax rate on all buildings at one-half the rate on land. This will work out as follows:—To raise all present city revenues an average rate of 15 mills has been assessed in Pittsburg. A tax of 18 mills on land and 9 mills on buildings would raise present revenues at the present assessed value of land, which is practically twice that of buildings. An increase of 3 mills on land would raise the same amount as has been raised by the 6 mills, by which it is proposed to decrease the rate on buildings.

To permit adjustment of investments and prevent hardships, this change in rate will be spread over twelve years. The first year the rate on buildings will be reduced to 90 per cent. of that on land, the third year 80 per cent., and so on by reductions of 10 per cent. every third year until 50 per cent., is reached in twelve years.

Impetus from Britain

The movement gained impulse from the report of the British Board of Trade on the cost of living in America, which showed that workmen in Pittsburg pay higher rents than in competing cities.—19 per cent. higher than in Philadelphia, 47 per cent. higher than in Cleveland, 75 per cent. higher than in Baltimore.

Inquiry disclosed that Pittsburg manufacturers were paying 60 cents to one dollar per square foot per year for floor space, while space in interior Pennsylvania cities competing with Pittsburg, can be had for 20 to 30 cents.

In his Economic Survey of Pittsburg for 1912, Prof. J. T. Holdsworth figured that the average value of land per acre in Pittsburg was \$19,000, a trifle less than in New York, but higher than in any of the other ten largest cities of America.

Aims of Tax Campaign

So it was that the Pittsburg Civic Commission, the Real Estate Dealers' Association, and the Pittsburg Board of Trade, joined in this tax campaign as the means which, to their minds, would get them three things:—

Better houses for working men at lower rents.

Relief of manufacturers and other enterprises from prohibitive prices for land needed for building and expansion. Since this land is being held at impossible prices by speculators, the development and growth of the community is retarded.

Lower taxes as an inducement for developing the city and its business.

Charts and tables were prepared showing the effect of the new tax rates on various kinds of real estate, and especially on the land and buildings of the small industries which Pittsburg is especially keen to develop as subsidiary to steel.

The thirteenth ward, which contains more homes than any other ward of Pittsburg, was made the basis of a calculation to the effect that the taxation on 3,982 homes would be reduced 15 to 25 per cent., 800 would be reduced 5 to 10 per cent., and 418 would pay the same as under the present system. Two thousand three hundred and eighty vacant lots would pay an increase of 20 per cent.

As a precedent for their campaign the Pittsburg bodies cited the fact that Great Britain had recently levied new land taxes to force vacant land into use. Hamburg, Frankfurt and Cologne have adopted this line of tax reform as a method of securing better housing—in some German cities workmen's homes are entirely exempt—and the cities of Australia and New Zealand generally tax buildings at less than full rate. The plan, of course, is the one which has been urged for several years by the New York Congestion Committee, and which they failed to get the Legislature to put before the people of Greater New York on a referendum.

From being one of the most back-

## ANOTHER RAIL- WAY OPENED

First Train Over the New  
Gibson and Minto  
Line Ran Yes-  
terday

### COAL AREAS NOW OPENED

C. P. R. Will Commence Ac-  
tive Operation of the  
Line Early in Com-  
ing Winter

Yesterday's Gleaner says.—To-day marks the meeting of the steel and the completion of the laying of rails for the Gibson & Minto Railway and by this evening the first coal will be hauled from the Minto Company's mines to Gibson.

The construction of the line of railway and the laying of the rails has been carried from both the Gibson and Minto ends and to-day the connection has been made. A temporary bridge has been erected over the Burpee stream to replace the temporary which was carried out last winter and this will be used, along with the other temporaries until the steel bridges are erected in the course of a few weeks.

The first consignment of coal coming over the road will be for the construction contractors, Messrs. A. E. Trites & Son, for their use; but it is proposed to commence the hauling of coal actively and with this end in view arrangements are now being completed between the contractor and the Fredericton & Grand Lake Coal & Railway Company, for whom the road has been built, and consignments of coal will probably be hauled regularly over the line from now on.

It is not expected that the road will be taken over by the company from the construction contractors before the month of September. There still remains a considerable amount of work to be done in the way of ballasting and finishing up and the contractors are hurrying this work along as rapidly as possible with their construction trains, steam shovels and other complete equipment. The excellence of the work which has thus far been done by the contractors has met with much favorable commendation. Messrs. A. E. Trites & Son having built what is in every way a first-class line of railway.

The completion of the Gibson & Minto Railway will be followed by its operation by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company this fall and all this means a new era of development for Fredericton. It has often been said that the Gibson & Minto Railway will lead towards developing Fredericton than will the construction of the St. John Valley Railway, inasmuch as it will put Fredericton in touch with an absolutely new territory and one which has heretofore been served from St. John.

The operation of the Gibson & Minto Railway will mark a new era in Fredericton's business annals and is being eagerly looked forward to by the business houses of the city. It is expected to also have an important bearing on Fredericton's industrial future, as the coal mines at Minto on the extensive scale that has been commenced under the direction of Sir Thomas Tait should mean cheaper fuel for steaming purposes for Fredericton's industries.

The total amount of damage claims submitted by Canadian Sealers according to a table prepared for the Sealing Commission aggregates three and a half million dollars.

ward cities in the country in the matter of taxation, Pittsburg thus leaps to the rank of the first large city in the United States to experiment along the new lines. The beneficiaries of the plan, in the words of its advocates will be:—

All renters—for the reduction in taxes on buildings will decrease rents to the same extent.

Manufacturers—they can secure cheaper land, and after building, taxes will be far less than in other cities.

Every property owner—if he has built an improvement worth more than half the value of his land.

Every real estate broker—real estate transactions will be stimulated.

The laboring man—building and industry will be increased and work more plentiful.

The city—homes and factories will replace slums.

**ARROW and NITRO CLUB**  
**SHOTSHELLS**

Remington UMC

CANADIAN made from our new factory at Windsor, Ontario.

Try Remington-UMC Arrow and Nitro Clubs this season. Their absolute reliability has made them the choice of sportsmen all over Canada. The highest priced ammunition sold in the Dominion. We have yet to find the keen sportsman who balks at paying the price.

Certain kinds of mammals are a little more rigidly watched in Remington-UMC shotshells. May we send you a booklet simply explaining these and other technical points? Your name and address on a postcard will bring it by return mail.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co., Windsor, Ontario

**ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST CULLED FROM ALL SOURCES**

**DESIRE OF THE WEST FOR INDUSTRIES WHEN BASEBALL DAYS ARE PAST AND GONE**

And the Opportunities All Over the Country Are Still Very Inviting

How One Well Known Player Intends to Occupy His Time for Rest of Life.

One of the outstanding features of the wonderful development of the western half of the Dominion has been the great industrial progress which has gone on quietly. And there is everything to indicate that in the long run manufacturing will revolutionize conditions and result in a complete transformation of the entire west.

While grain growing will continue to be the greatest wealth producing factor of the west, it has long been apparent that the "one crop" policy is not the system which produces real and lasting prosperity. As the Canadian Miller and Cerealist says, mixed farming has been a splendid success, as the fine live stock now seen throughout the west indicates, and this success has led to the establishing of creameries and kindred industries. These have in turn made it apparent that practically any line of goods needed in the west can be manufactured there as successfully as elsewhere.

A good many ball players are bothered by the problem of what they will do when they are through with the big leagues. Veau Gregg, one of the best left handed pitchers in the game, solved the matter as far as he was concerned by buying a farm. As to what to do with it, on investigation he found that hogs seemed to offer about the best return on anyone's money and so hogs it is. As he says "I am not busy wondering how I can keep down base hits by the other fellows and keep up my percentage of victories I am dreaming of the fortune to be made in hog-raising, and the comparative merits of oats or barley as feed. Yes, good, loyal, Canadian hogs keep well and happy on oats and barley and an occasional beet, for beets grow great in that rich new soil. It is a wonderful country and, though it is cold in the winter time, the climate is unusually healthy.

The industrial development of the last three or four years has been simply phenomenal. Not very long ago, the sole topics of conversation in the west were "real estate" and "wheat." Today, "cheap power" is the subject under discussion everywhere. Everybody has become imbued with the feeling that the real and substantial growth of the center of population depends mostly on industrial development. There is not now a point in the west which is content to longer remain a simple trading post. Everywhere, the demand is for factories, for all are convinced that with the building of permanent towns prosperity must come to the surrounding agricultural districts.

"Naturally, as I am in the heart of a great game country, I hunt a good deal in the winter. Hunting has always been a favorite sport with me ever since I was old enough to hold a gun. I have had perhaps, more opportunity than most, and I have always improved it. I have shot a great number of quail, partridges, and the smaller game for food, but most of my experiences have been on the big-game trail.

Winnipeg secured cheap power about a year ago, and last year seventy new factories were established there. Medicine Hat has cheap power, and industrial concerns are rapidly multiplying in that city. The story is the same everywhere—industrial development is one of the headliners in the program of western progress. In the little city of Souris, Manitoba, there is a big factory where as fine office fixtures and store fittings are made as can be turned out by any concern in America. At Redcliff, Alta., the most artistic ornamental iron work is being turned out in immense quantities, and factories are being established there to manufacture window glass and bottles. At other places, fire engines and farm machinery, and even automobiles are being made successfully, and great factories are working night and day turning out material of all kinds for building purposes.

"I remember one of the first experiences I ever had along this line. It was in the western part of Washington, and I was stopping at a camp in the dense timber, and thought I would take my rifle and go out to see what I could find. The rifle I had then was an old one that I picked up in a second-hand store, paying eight dollars for it. At that I think I got rather the worst of the bargain. Still it was the first gun I had ever owned, though I had used borrowed artillery a good deal, and I was very confident in myself. I had gone, perhaps, half a mile, and was feeling fine, when I heard a slight noise and, looking up over the top of a rather high bush, I saw the head and shoulders of an enormous bear. He towered above me and, in the rather uncertain light of the timber, looked even larger than he was. The thought had crossed my mind when I started on this trip that I might come across a bear, as they were rather plentiful in those parts, and I had built all kinds of air-castles as to what I should do to him when occasion arose. But now that I was brought face to face with the situation I experienced an entirely different feeling. Had I had a cannon with me, I might have stood my ground, but as it was I was outnumbered. My rifle, with which I had felt so proud, looked small and insignificant. Home looked awful good to me, and without wasting any time in thinking about the situation, I ducked behind the bush and started for camp. I was in good training in those days, and a fair runner, but I broke all records in my retreat. I do not think the bear made any effort to follow me, but he would have had to go some if he had wanted to catch me.

Having invented the canoe, the Indian is not entirely unrevenged upon the paleface despoiler.

In 1912 there were 20,272 deaths in Minnesota from all causes. Tuberculosis claimed 2,286 victims.

When I reached camp, which was very shortly, I told my experience to an old veteran log-roller, who was there, and he took down his rifle, a much larger one than mine, and we went back to the place where I had

While engaged in trapping motorists on the main Portsmouth road at Cobham, Eng., a policeman who had left his bicycle by the roadside had the machine stolen.

A letter from England addressed to "Capt. Charles A. Furlong, the Crow's Nest, latitude 40.38 north, longitude 74.06 west," was promptly delivered through the New York Post Office to Timpkinsville, Staten Island.

If Manager Richards can come to terms with the owners of a big musical show called "Seven Hours in New York" he will have them for a night next month.

After obtaining a divorce in Circuit Judge Cave's court in St. Louis, Mrs. Edna Catlin affectionately kissed her divorced husband and expressed a hope that he would have good luck.

Mr. and Mrs. George Heid, Sr., of Fremont, O., are celebrating their golden wedding by passing over the same route they took 50 years ago on their wedding trip. This time they are making part of the journey in an automobile where they used a buggy the first time.

The first bale of 1913 cotton, weighing 505 pounds, was auctioned off recently in front of the New York Exchange for 20 cents a pound. Funds will be donated to some charity, as usual.

According to the annual report of the City Treasurer of Toronto last year, the percentages from the Toronto Street Railway Company amounted to the sum of \$772,109. The city treasurer of Montreal received from the tramways \$336,292.30.

Police on night duty in Glasgow, Scotland, are being afforded facilities for warming food and tea at certain street telephone and signal boxes. Twenty minutes are allowed for the midnight meal and the city furnishes the electrical current for that time.

Denver people are rejoicing that plans are well advanced for a union railroad station there, taking in practically all the lines reaching the city, and involving an expenditure of \$2,000,000. Milwaukee also has a new railroad station scheme nearly rounded up.

At Marietta, Ohio, Saturday, hail-storms of enormous size fell during a storm smashing windows, breaking slate roofs, damaging crops and killing fowls that were suddenly thrust unprotected into the storm when their coops were overturned by the wind.

Galveston is to have a great dry dock and a 30-foot channel in which large vessels can turn easily. It is expected that after a time ocean-going ships will be built there. The gulf is seeking a brisk rivalry as the opening of the Panama Canal draws near.

A schoolboy named Hartly was scalded to death in boiling beer at Dudley, G. B., recently. His mother had been brewing, and placed the beer in a vat near the back door for cooling. A few minutes later she was horrified to see the child literally swimming in it, and although she immediately pulled him out, he died, after lingering for two hours.

Father Philip J. Magrath of New York, has organized a band of 24 pieces composed of feren and stokers on trans-Atlantic liners who frequent his mission. The men made all the instruments except four harmonicas and three concertinas.

Mrs. Catherine Gerard, of Torrington, Conn., received a letter recently which contained a sum of money she had lost 11 years ago. No clue to the sender was given, but Mrs. Gerard remembers leaving her purse containing the same sum of money on the counter of a local store in 1902.

An amusing story comes from Cheshire, G. B., relating to a killdeer Scot who fell in the hands of the police, and was sentenced at Brixton to 21 days for being drunk and for using bad language, and a month for wilful damage in the police cell. When removed below, prisoner tore his trousers in shreds. The police were equal to the emergency, and remembering that he was a Scot they improvised a skirt for him by cutting the bottom out of a sack and tying the upper part round his waist. In this garb he made the journey to prison.

William Gilbert, aged thirty-five was cooked alive on board the fishing tug Onajag while the boat was two miles out in the lake off Port Stanley, Ont., Saturday. The bursting of a steam pipe just as he entered the boiler room was responsible. The body was brought to port.

Mrs. H. Morris of Elwood, Ind., put 18 clothespins on a clothesline in 30 seconds and thereby won a silk umbrella at a large picnic for women and girls at Elwood recently. Mrs. Morris didn't hold any pins in her mouth, and she says she won because she didn't get excited.

Prompt action by telephone operators around Wheeling, W. Va., in giving warning, prevented heavy loss of life in that section recently, when a cloud-burst flooded Vidua and Majorville. The people in those towns fled to the hills after receiving the warnings over the telephone.

Hammersmith Borough, Eng., which is undertaking municipal ownership of an electricity plant, plans to bring coal from the wharf to the electricity works by blowing it through a pipe. Water will be mixed with the coal, and it is said that the coal and water mixture can be forced through the pipe at the rate of about five miles an hour.

Mrs. Emeline Pankhurst, the Militant Suffragette leader, who succeeded in out-witting the police a short time ago was recently arrested when she was entering a public hall to attend the weekly convulse of the members of the Women's Social and Political Union in London.

As a name intimately associated with the operation of military bands in England, that of Godfrey seems destined to enjoy a perpetual lease of life. The third Dan Godfrey has just entered the band of the Coldstream Guards, under Lieut. MacKenzie Rogan. After the usual formality of enlistment, and after qualifying service in that regiment, he will go to the Royal Military School of Music at Kneller Hall, as a student in "bandmastership." Then in due course he will receive an appointment. This Dan Godfrey is the eldest son of Dan Godfrey, the musical director of the Bournemouth Corporation, who brought a band across the Atlantic some years ago.

New York city reports less for the first six months of the year reduced by \$2,238,666 as compared with last year, and a dropping of the number of fires from 8,455 to 6,605. Fire Commissioner Johnson, of the city, attributes the change for the better to the war against the "arson trust," and the greatest care in writing policies and in enforcing fire-prevention rules that resulted from the revelations.

The camp is built entirely of cedar logs, has accommodation in the several cabins and the main lodge for 70 people, is plainly but comfortably furnished, bathtubs in each cabin, with hot and cold water and is situated in the centre of one of the finest fishing districts in America.

At Glasgow Charles Henderson was fined for having cheated a man out of a shilling by pretending that paper bags which he was selling, also contained money. He denied the charge. A detective watched the accused placing brass chains in a piece of paper along with three florins, and then apparently folding the whole lot up and offering them for sale for one shilling. He did not make any definite promise to purchasers that they would get the money, but they were led to believe that they had a chance of getting something more than the chain.

Henry Bellin, a French Boy Scout, has just performed a particularly plucky feat. A chauffeur driving a car along a crowded Paris street was suddenly taken ill, and the vehicle dashed along, to the imminent danger of wayfarers. Bellin leaped on the car as it passed and brought it to a standstill. The owner, who was inside, wished to repay him handsomely, but the boy would have none of it and hurried away. His identity was only established by accident.

The camp is run in connection with the Highland Inn, the Grand Trunk Hotel, seven miles distant and guests are able to reach their destination from Algonquin Park station either by carriage or by canoe.

The altitude of the territory is 2,000 feet above the sea level. Write to the Manager of the Highland Inn either for rooms at the Hotel or the Camp at an early date, addressing him at Algonquin Park station, Ont.

France has adopted a most unusual means of checking the decline in the birth rate, it being nothing less than subsidizing parenthood. The Chamber of Deputies has passed an act by which needy French parents with more than three children below the age of 13 years will receive a grant of from \$12 to \$18 a year for each child beyond that number. Widowers with more than two children under 13 will get grants, and widows will get grants for all children, if they have more than one. The act will cause an annual expenditure of about \$10,000,000, divided among the State, the departments and the municipalities, and it will become effective next year.

The Edison Talking Pictures The original seven wonders of the world have undergone such modification that if to-day the dignitaries who designated them were asked to enumerate the marvels of nature and of man's creation, they would be anxious in proclaiming Thomas A. Edison one of the present wonders of the earth. The wizard's generally conceded most wonderful invention is the kinetophone, which is destined to completely revolutionize the amusement world. Local amusement lovers will see these talking pictures for the first time at the Newcastle Opera House, Aug. 1st and 2nd afternoon and evening. These are not simply moving pictures, but laughing, talking and moving figures. They produce with thrills that are felt by persons who witness wonderful and unaccountable things. Those who see them are simply carried away with them.

Compiled reports received from government engineers from Halifax to Prince Rupert show that the sum of \$120,000,000 has been actually paid out on Grand Trunk Pacific construction so far, and that the total, when the road is completed in September, 1914, will reach the enormous figure of \$165,000,000.

**BEAVER FLOUR**

**COSTS LESS - IS BETTER - AND GOES FURTHER THAN ANY WESTERN WHEAT FLOUR.**

Because "Beaver" Flour is the original and genuine blended flour. It contains nutritious, full flavored Ontario fall wheat, blended with a little Manitoba spring wheat to give added strength.

"Beaver" Flour is not like the woman who can make only one kind of cake or one kind of fancy pastry. "Beaver" Flour is like the attractive, capable, clever housewife who can make Breads, Rolls and Biscuits - Cakes, Pies and Pastry - and makes them all equally well. That's the flour you want! Order it at your dealer's.

DEALERS - Write us for prices on Food, Cereal Grains and Cereals.

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**WHITNEY, N. B.**

Contracts Entered into for the Erection, Alteration or Removal of Buildings.

All Work receives careful and prompt attention.

Agent for all kinds of Wood and Metal House Furnishings

**NEWCASTLE WAGON WORKS**  
**JANE STREET, NEWCASTLE, N. B.**

Sleighs, Wagons, Carriages and Automobiles Repaired and Painted at Short Notice Phone 139

Cleanliness is next to godliness—and more toilet soap is used on Sunday than any other day.

The man who marries to suit himself is easily suited—so his friends think.

Already the young man on his vacation has noticed that the days are growing shorter.

Some men look for trouble in order that they may be prepared to dodge.


**MASTER WORKMAN**

**SMOKING TOBACCO**

Words of Wisdom from the old smoker:

After many years experience, I vote for "Master Workman" Smoking Tobacco

This world-famous Brand can now be obtained for 15c. a cut at all the best Stores.



**YOURS TO ENJOY**

**KING COLE TEA**

You'll Like the Flavor

35¢ - 40¢ - 50¢ Per Pound

Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought and which has been in use for over 30 years, has become the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substance for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, All Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, gives healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



### ALL-THAT-WAY-BY-WATER

## Eastern Steamship Corporation

### INTERNATIONAL LINE

Fares Newcastle to Boston \$11.00, to Portland \$10.55.

### DIRECT SERVICE

Direct Route—Leaves St. John, N. B., 7:00 p. m., Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays for Boston direct. Returning leaves Central Wharf, Boston, at 10:00 a. m., Sundays, Mondays and Thursdays for St. John direct.

Leave St. John at 6:00 a. m., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Eastport, Lunenburg, Portland and Boston.

Returning leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6:00 a. m., and Portland at 5:00 p. m., for Lunenburg, Eastport and St. John.

### MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE

Leave Franklin Wharf Mondays at 10:30 a. m., and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:30 p. m.

### Metropolitan Steamship Line

Direct all the way by water between Boston and New York.

Leaves India Wharf week days and Sundays at 6:00 p. m.

The Great White Steel Steamships, Massachusetts and Bunker Hill.

Through tickets at proportionately low rates, on sale at all railway stations, and baggage checked through to destination.

L. R. THOMPSON, T. F. & P. A. A. E. Fleming, Agent, St. John, N. B.



### I. R. C. TIME TABLE

The I. R. C. summer change of this which went into effect on Sunday, June 2, 1912, is as follows:

#### DEPARTURES—EAST

Night Freight, No. 40..... 2.50  
Local Express, No. 34..... 10.45  
Gloucester Express, No. 51..... 5.10  
Ocean Limited, No. 200..... 12.22

#### DEPARTURES—WEST

Night Freight, No. 39..... 3.20  
Local Express, No. 35..... 14.10  
Maritime Express, No. 33..... 24.10  
Ocean Limited, No. 199..... 16.25

#### INDIAN TOWN BRANCH

Blackville, dep..... 8.30  
Roussau, dep..... 8.54  
Lillerton, dep..... 9.29  
Derry Jet, dep..... 9.58  
Newcastle, arrive, 10.05  
Newcastle, dep..... 10.35  
Milford, dep..... 17.10  
Derry Jet, dep..... 16.50  
Hercus, dep..... 18.01  
Blackville, arrive, 18.35

The way freight carries passengers and runs daily between Moncton and Campbellton, but has no stated time for arriving and departing at the different stations.

### Agents Wanted

For private Christmas Cards. Ladies or Gents. Samples book free. Large profits. Call on "Cardex," Darlington, England.

THE ADVOCATE may now be purchased at Follansbee & Co's Book Store.

## "Merely a Matter of Cigarettes"

(By Percy M. Cushing in The Argosy)

It was in a disconcerting thought, yet it was one that he could not avoid one that demanded his attention. The burden of it weighed upon him uncomfortably. Not that he did not want to do the thing—on the contrary he did want to do it, to do something. But it was not obligatory, save as he made it so. The trouble was—he shook his head impatiently.

"How the dickens am I expected to know?" he muttered. "I who was born with the proverbial silver spoon in my mouth?"

He quickened his pace unconsciously.

"I believe I'll have to give it up altogether," he fumed. "No, I'll be damned if I will. I'll find a way somehow. Yes, sir, as his determination settled solidly. 'I promised myself I'd do something for somebody when the old gentleman died—he never did a turn for anybody—and here's my chance with the ten million he left me. I'm going to stick to that promise."

"But how am I going to do it? That's the device of it. There is that big charity institution. Suppose I might turn over ten thousand or so to the people there and let them finish the job. But how do I know they wouldn't grab the money? No, I've got to see it through myself, sure as my name is Reginald Winterfield."

Young Mr. Winterfield aroused himself with a start.

"By Jove!" he exclaimed under his breath. "How did I get in here? Then he grinned slyly. 'Dreaming as usual,' he muttered. 'When I get thinking about anything never can tell what I'll do. I'll wake up and find myself in the act of committing burglary, or murder, or something, some day. Eh—'

Young Mr. Winterfield started violently.

"The dead man was shot through the back," a voice was saying ominously.

Young Mr. Winterfield rubbed his eyes and stared at the point whence the voice came. Then he looked to right and left of this point, and around the big, high-ceilinged room. Slowly realization dawned upon him, and he chuckled.

"Why, of course," he told himself. "I'm in a court-room. But how I got here is a puzzle to me. Let's see. What was I thinking about? Why, about giving away that ten thousand dollars. It's dreadful how absent-minded I am sometimes. I suppose I just kept on walking until I bumped into this court-house, blundered into this room because it was the first one I came to, and because there was a chair here I sat down in it. Well, anyway, I guess there's no chance of giving away anything here."

He started to get up, when suddenly the voice that had startled him a moment before arrested his attention again.

"I had stopped to light a cigarette when I saw Williams fire the shot that killed him."

Young Mr. Winterfield leaned over to the man sitting next to him.

"What case is this?" he asked.

"Don't you know? Why it's the joint trial of Mike Williams and Joshua Kirkman for the murder of Jim Hawley. Only case on record where two men have been tried for the same crime at the same time. Ain't you read about it in the papers?"

Young Mr. Winterfield gasped.

Why, of course, he read about it. The main facts now rushed back to him.

Hawley, the dead man, and Williams and Kirkman had gone out rabbit hunting, all carrying guns. Hawley had been shot in the back. Williams and Kirkman had been arrested. Williams had sworn that Kirkman had deliberately fired the shot. To clinch his argument he had declared he had been lighting a cigarette at the moment, and could not have fired it himself.

Kirkman had then taken the stand.

"I was lighting a cigarette when I saw Williams deliberately fire the shot that killed Hawley," he had sworn. There had been no eye-witnesses. And so the case stood, each man accusing the other with the identical statement, and the jury forced to base its verdict mainly on its judgment of men.

"I saw him fire the shot. I was lighting a cigarette at the time, so could not have fired it myself," swore Williams, holding steadfastly to his story, and Kirkman echoed him as steadfastly.

Young Mr. Winterfield slipped from his chair to another well to the front of the room, from which he could see the faces of the two prisoners as they alternated in the witness chair. These faces he stared at curiously, for he was now keenly alert with interest.

He noted that the face of Williams was pale and drawn. The eyes were furtive, steady, the expression nervous and harassed. In the twitch of the eyelids, the anxious and frequent shift of glance to the jury-box, and the parchmentlike pallor of the forehead, young Mr. Winterfield read plainly the fear of death in this man, and made mental note of it.

at times, he was the antithesis of the terrified Williams.

"There is no guilt in that man," mused young Mr. Winterfield, with conviction, as Kirkman in deep steady, almost melodious tones, took the words from Williams's mouth and repeated: "It was I who was lighting a cigarette when I saw Williams fire the shot that killed Hawley."

Suddenly a silence fell upon the room. The lawyers for both sides had finished summing up, the judge had charged the jury, and the jurymen arose from their seats to go out. Young Mr. Winterfield looked at his watch.

"It's a safe bet there'll be a verdict in short order," the man next him was whispering.

Mr. Winterfield put his watch away and decided to wait. His mission to spend that ten thousand for charity was utterly forgotten in the thrill of the last hours of the trial.

It seemed hardly ten minutes before court officers hurried into the room with raised hands for silence. The jurymen faced the court.

"Gentlemen of the jury, have you reached a verdict?" droned the voice of the clerk, complying with the usual formula.

The next instant all ears were tuned to catch the words that rose clearly in the stillness.

"We find Joshua Kirkman a guilty of murder in the second degree," announced the foreman.

Young Mr. Winterfield gasped.

The crowd filed from the room. Mr. Winterfield among them. Out in the corridor he hunted up Kirkman's attorney.

"Why, I never heard of such rank injustice," he spluttered indignantly. "That man is not any more guilty than I am. Why, why—their's going to put him in jail for life!"

A queer light came into the lawyer's eyes.

"Yes, they are going to imprison him for life," he said quietly. "And you think he is not guilty?"

"I know he's not," corrected Mr. Winterfield. "Why, didn't I sit there in court all day and watch him? He showed no trace of guilt, while the other fellow, Williams, was the picture of it. Can't you do anything to prevent—to save him?"

The lawyer studied the floor a moment.

"Nothing but appeal the case," he said. "And that would cost money. Kirkman hasn't any money."

Young Mr. Winterfield opened his mouth to reply, then suddenly grew rigid. Like a bomb a thought burst on him, for an instant depriving him of speech.

"Heavens!" he ejaculated finally, "here's the very chance I've been looking for, and I almost missed it. The cold perspiration burst out on his brow at the idea. "Here's the very thing—the way to make up for the old gentleman's tightness."

Then suddenly he gripped the lawyer's hand and pumped it up and down in excitement.

"How much will it cost to appeal the case—ten thousand dollars?" he cried eagerly.

"Oh, no," the attorney assured him. "Not more than two thousand at the outside."

For a moment young Mr. Winterfield's face fell. Then he brightened. "Well, that's something anyhow," he mused, "and I can get rid of the other eight somehow."

Then turning to the lawyer: "We will appeal the case," he announced with conviction. "I will supply the money."

It was the attorney's turn to brighten.

"Very well," he said pleasantly. "Let us go over and see Kirkman."

"The convicted man had been taken to a cell in the city jail. As the lawyer introduced young Mr. Winterfield, the prisoner came close to the steel-grated gate, and calmly pushed a heavy, knotted hand between the bars.

"If you don't mind shakin' with a murderer," he grinned.

Young Mr. Winterfield grasped the proffered fingers with enthusiasm.

"No, indeed," he exclaimed warmly. "If you were a real murderer, I would, but I know you're not."

"You see, Kirkman," interrupted the lawyer suavely, "this young gentleman, Mr.—Winterfield, is so impressed with your innocence that he is anxious to supply funds to carry the case to the Court of Appeals."

Young Mr. Winterfield nodded.

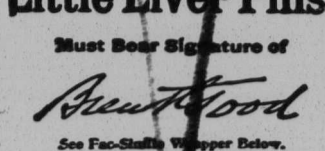
"Exactly, Kirkman," he cried impulsively. "Why—why, I could see that you were telling the truth. It was as plain as day. Williams had guilt written all over him."

"I must explain to you, Mr. Winterfield," went on the attorney, "that if the case goes up—to the higher court, you know—Kirkman will be tried on the original count in the indictment, first degree murder. If the

## ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine  
**Carter's Little Liver Pills**

Must Bear Signature of  
*Brentwood*



Very small and so easy to take as sugar.  
FOR HEADACHE, BRUISES, RHEUMATISM, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR RAPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.  
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

decision should be adverse, it would mean that he might be convicted on that count. And that means the electric chair."

"But that would be ridiculous," cried Mr. Winterfield. "No sane court would convict him. He is as innocent as I am. We all know that. Why, anybody could tell he was speaking the truth when they heard him recount how he was lighting that cigarette when Williams fired the shot."

At the subconscious suggestion in his own words, young Mr. Winterfield's hand moved rapidly to his waistcoat pocket, and as quickly back. He snatched open the gold cigarette-case, hesitated, and absent, through habit, held it out toward the heavy knotted hands that gripped the seal bars of his cell. The man behind the bars shook his head.

"Thanks," he said softly, "don't use coffin nails. Never smoked one in my life." Then he added hastily, with a chuckle, "An' say, mister just forget that appeal bunk. Life imprisonment's good enough for me, all right. I ain't going to give my luck no chance to go back on me."

Half an hour later young Mr. Reginald Winterfield, still a trifle shaken, but with cool deliberation signed his name to a slip of blue, engraved paper in the office of the superintendent of the Charity Association.

"Do what you can with it," he said grimly, as he heaved a sigh of relief. "Thank you," said the superintendent. "We can do wonders with a check for twenty thousand dollars."

### HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### WOMEN'S COSTUMES GETTING SCANTIER

London is gravely debating and deploping the tendency in women's dress to-day towards scantiness. Many costumes now seen in the streets give the effect of semi-transparency.

There is almost nothing under the gowns, which are of very slight material, cut low even in day time, and with slashes and liftings in the skirt which fully show the leg half way up to the knee. The stockings are of diaphanous silk. One street arab summed up the criticism when he remarked as a fashionable lady passed, "Ye might as well be niked."

Obviously this leaving off fashion cannot go much further, and dress designers believe autumn will see a reaction in the other direction. Meanwhile, the present fashions are not without vigorous women defenders. They describe the critics as prudes, and say womankind will not longer submit to the trailing skirts, tight corsets, stiff collars and heavy over-trimmed hats once fashionable.

"We walk the streets free healthy beings, and we know a new joy in life in consequence," writes one modern woman, "but it is beauty we pursue, not man."

Caleb Evans of Walden, Colorado, consumed eleven pieces in ten minutes during a pie eating contest. He died an hour later. He won the prize, a cowboy saddle, his nearest competitor being able to eat only eight pieces. Three of the pieces Evans ate were made of goose-berry, three of cherries, three of custard and the other two of pumpkin.

### AGRICULTURAL NOTES

At the beginning of the growing season the gardener often finds in the morning young plants cut off near the surface of the ground that the evening before were strong and healthy. On stirring up the soil near by he may find hidden the ground a greasy-looking caterpillar, the culprit in the case. Cutworms, so called from this habit, are the caterpillars of dull-colored night-fly moths of a great variety of species and varying to some extent in their habits.

As a general rule they are partly grown at the approach of winter and hide away in a torpid state during the cold weather; when restored to activity by the warmth of spring, which causes the buds to open and the growth of plants to begin, these worms come out in search of food and attack any kind of tender vegetation they meet with. They are nocturnal in their habits and hide away during the hours of daylight under any shelter they can obtain or just below the surface of the loose soil of newly made beds.

Owing to their destructive practice of cutting off a whole plant in order to devour a portion of its foliage, they do a great deal of apparently needless damage.

After they have become fully grown they change to the chrysalis stage in the ground and in early summer the moth appears, many of them making their presence known in our houses by their attraction of light. Before very long another brood of caterpillars comes upon the scene, often more numerous and more destructive than the first. Some of them climb up into fruit trees and destroy the foliage, others attack farm crops, vegetables, grape vines, the plants in flower gardens etc., while occasionally a single species appears suddenly in enormous numbers and sweeps like an army over the land devouring everything that comes in its way.

Remedy Happily a very simple and completely effective remedy has been found for these destructive creatures. It is called the "poisoned bran-mash" and it is made in the following manner: Mix half a pound of Paris Green in 50 lbs. of bran (the proportion for larger or smaller quantities is 1 to 100); the poison should be added to the dry bran little by little and stirred all the time till the whole is tinged with the green colour, then add water sweetened with sugar or molasses, till the mixture is sufficiently moistened to crumble nicely through the fingers. If bran cannot be procured, shorts or flour may be used, and for field work may be distributed dry by means of seed drill. The mash should be scattered about the plants that are liable to attack in the evening, and strange to say the worms will devour it in preference to their ordinary vegetable food. When they begin to feel the effects of the poison they wander off to find a hiding place or burrow in the ground and there die. Their dead bodies will be readily found in the morning just below the surface of the ground, often in surprising numbers. Young plants should be examined for caterpillars, etc., may be protected when set out by wrapping a bit of newspaper around the stem between the root and the leaves and reaching a little below the surface of the ground. The worms will not attempt to bite through or climb over it.

## A MESSAGE FROM A WOMAN TO WOMEN

"Every Woman Should Take 'Fruit-a-Lives'"

LAKELET, Ont., May 12th, 1911

"Kindly publish this letter of mine if you think it will benefit other women who might be afflicted with the disease I have had in the past, but am now, thanks to 'Fruit-a-Lives', completely cured of. It is my firm belief that every woman should take 'Fruit-a-Lives' if she wants to keep her health in good condition."

Before taking 'Fruit-a-Lives', I was constantly troubled with what is commonly known as 'Nerves' or severe Nervousness. This Nervousness brought on the most violent attacks of Sick Headache, for which I was constantly taking doctors' medicine without any permanent relief. Constipation was also a source of great trouble to me and for which the Doctors said 'I would have to take medicine all my life', but 'Fruit-a-Lives' banished all these troubles and now I am as well as usual."

Mrs. FRED. GAKE.  
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50—trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent prepaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-Lives Limited, Ottawa.

Congregation of Twelve For the vacancy in the charge of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Montreal, Scotland, the managers, in answer to an advertisement in a church paper in England, received 230 applications. The church has only a membership of twelve. It was established in 1724, and is richly endowed.

Prison Walls for Old Abbey It is proposed to utilize some of the stone in the north portion of the old prison in Paisley in connection with the restoration scheme of Paisley Abbey. The part of the prison to be purchased is a century old. The stone with which it is built is practically of the same quality as that used in the Abbey. Similar stone cannot now be got.

Find in Bottle of Stout Judgment for \$15 and \$5 for a doctor's fee was awarded by Judge Curran at Navan to John Neville, a groom, who sued a local public house keeper for \$250 damages due to the plaintiff's having drunk part of a bottle of stout bottled by the defendant, and which was alleged to have contained the body of a mouse. Asked by his honor how he knew there was a mouse in the bottle, plaintiff held the offending bottle up and said, amid laughter, "Because he is there still."

Oldest 'Apprentice Boy' The death occurred of David Norrie, caretaker of the Apprentice Boys' Memorial Hall and Walker's Monument, Derry. He is believed to have been the oldest Apprentice Boy in the city. When Mr. Gladstone introduced his first Home Rule Bill Mr. Norrie was one of the thirteen "Boys" chosen as a deputation to attend the Convention in Belfast to protest against the measure.

Woman's Strange Conduct in Church Kate Martin was committed to an asylum at Belfast after having caused a scene in Clifton street Presbyterian Church during Sunday service. Evidence was given that she entered the choir box, overturned the table, and threw some chairs among the congregation. "I only tried to strike the minister for his false preaching," said the woman. "We Catholics want our rights."

## THIS BARREL

Contains flour guaranteed to give satisfaction or you get your money back. Regal Flour is always preferred by careful cooks because it insures good bread always—and palatable as bread can be made.

MAKE NO MISTAKE. Always insist upon Regal Flour and you can be sure of the quality.



THE ST. LAWRENCE FLOUR MILLS COMPANY LIMITED. MONTREAL

SOLD IN NEWCASTLE BY D. W. STOTHART

**T. W. BUTLER**  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY AND CONVEYANCER  
Offices: Leunsbury Bldg., Newcastle  
Newcastle Steam Ferry TIME TABLE  
(Every day except Sundays)  
Leave Newcastle—A. M.—6.50, 7.20, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.20, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00  
P. M.—1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 10.00.  
Leave Chatham Head—A. M.—7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45.  
P. M.—12.15, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.15.  
SUNDAY TIME TABLE  
Leave Newcastle—A. M.—9.00, 9.40, 10.20, 11.20.  
P. M.—12.30, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.20, 8.40, 9.25.  
Leave Chatham Head—A. M.—8.20, 10.0, 10.40, 11.40.  
P. M.—12.40, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.45.  
during the months of May, June, July, August and (unless previous notice of a change be given) September, and up to and including the 15th day of October.  
After the 15th October the last boat will leave Newcastle at 8.45 unless otherwise advertised.  
If more than one is waiting on wharf that boat can take in one trip, it will return for them immediately.  
D. MORRISON,  
Managing Director

**SHANNON FILES**  
Can be obtained at  
**ADVOCATE OFFICE**

**EVERY WOMAN**  
is interested and should know about the wonderful...  
Ask your druggist for...  
General Agents for Canada.

**The Union Advocate**  
 A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER  
 Established 1867

Printed and published every Wednesday by the proprietors, the Miramichi Publishing Company, Limited at their office, Castle Street, Newcastle, N. B.  
 Subscription \$1.00 per year.  
 To the United States \$1.50 in advance.  
 G. BIDLAKE,  
 Managing Editor

WEDNESDAY JULY 30TH, 1913.

**THE INTERCOLONIAL**

If the facts really are as the reports in the press allege them to be, the situation on the Intercolonial seems to be serious; and should the strike which the men threaten, materialize, and last for many days the consequences to the Maritime Provinces would be disastrous. The conference which took place between the General Manager and the employees, did not even result in a compromise of any sort; both parties appear to have left it, equally determined not to give in. As long as this attitude is maintained by either side, it is not of much use expecting any reasonable settlement of the differences at stake.

Without entering in any way into the rights and wrongs of the matters in dispute, or offering any comment on them, we can only express the fervent hope that some basis of agreement will be arrived at that will avert the threatened strike. This part of the country cannot afford to be without railway accommodation, and the withdrawal of the train service even for so brief a period as a day or two, would be extremely inconvenient, and if prolonged, simply disastrous. The tie up in freight alone would cause heavy loss to the merchants, while the inconvenience to passengers would be scarcely less so.

**THE VALUE OF THE NATIONAL POLICY**

The following despatch from Detroit, published in the New York American, gives one clear instance of what Canada has gained by the National Policy and the rejection of the Taft Laurier Reciprocity pact. The despatch reads:

When the heads of the United States Steel Corporation learned a couple of years ago that the reciprocity pact which the Taft Administration had negotiated with Canada had been defeated by a referendum vote in Canada, they came to Detroit and picked out a spot across the river in Canada, where they could advantageously manufacture and ship steel, and bought it. They have begun work on the construction of a second Gary there. A Canadian city of some 75,000 population, and named Ojibway will be built up there within three or four years.

Had the reciprocity pact been ratified that city would have been on the American side of Detroit River, the labor would have been American. The supplies for this labor would have broadened the market of the American farmers who opposed reciprocity.

The United States Steel Corporation wanted to sell its steel to Canada and was prevented by the Canadian tariff. It wanted to buy ore and raw materials in Canada and was prevented by the American tariff. It desired the best facilities for shipping to Canadian ports and all over the world by water. It had been contemplating building a plant on the Detroit side of the river.

Agents had looked over the ground below the city, in the vicinity of the big ship building plants, and had practically decided to buy there. The Detroit River forms the best harbor on the Great Lakes, completely sheltered, yet large enough and deep enough to permit the free passage and manoeuvring of the largest steamships. The steel corporation had its plans already made, when the reciprocity pact went to vote. When it found there was to be no reciprocity it just moved across the river.

**A PANEGYRIC**

The Simcoe Reformer says:—The Montreal Daily Witness passes out of existence after an honorable history prevented such a rapid spread of flames

of over half a century. Its fate is another warning to put no trust in the professional moralists. The Witness has been a good newspaper, edited with exceptional ability by a most competent and trained journalist. It set up a high moral ideal for itself. Declined at all times to be bound by party exigencies, and rigorously excluded from its columns matter that, in the opinion of its management, was objectionable. No medicine, liquor, tobacco, race-track or gambling advertising of any description was ever admitted to the Witness. And it has for years been a losing proposition. If all the owners of voices, raised constantly in Canada for the causes that the Witness stood for more squarely than any other American daily newspaper, had gone down in their pockets only to the extent of one subscription each per year, the Witness would have been one of the greatest powers in the Dominion. But they preach and pray one way and vote and spend their money another, and that is the whole of the story. After thirty years, Mr. Daughall appears to have learned the lesson. Perhaps Mr. Rowell will master it sooner.

Three weeks from to-day upwards of one hundred delegates from all over the Maritime provinces will be here to attend the annual meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade. There is a large amount of work to be done by the town authorities to make the streets look presentable, and we hope it won't be put off till the last minute and then found that there is not time to have the work done. To cut away the grass and weeds growing in the gutters in all the streets will take several days.

**CURRENT COMMENT**

Some Liberal journals are loudly announcing that Mr. Churchill's statement to the effect that the British taxpayer would take up Canada's share of the burden of Imperial defence, is a confession that there is no emergency. How they come to this conclusion is one of those mysteries which "no fellow can understand." Perhaps they reason it out in the same way as the chap did who stood on his head at the close of the day and, because he saw the sun pass from the level of his chin to that of his nose, swore that the sun was rising.

The latest apologist for the upside-down Grit view, the Montreal Daily Telegraph, questions the First Lord's wisdom in blurring out what Britain feels compelled to do in order to maintain her sea supremacy. It says that "his announcement will needlessly provoke Germany and the battleship building will now continue in a vicious circle." This is very dreadful indeed but Mr. Churchill is only implementing the promise which he gave several months ago, when the Grits began obstructing the Naval Aid Bill that "under no circumstances would Britain fail in her duty to provide protection for the Empire as a whole."

Mr. Churchill is standing on his feet and he sees the emergency as it exists and he is taking the necessary steps to meet it. If the perspective of the Canadian Grit senators had not been inverted, they would have seen it also and, by consenting to Canada's offer of assistance, they would have stopped the prosecution of Germany and "the mad race for armaments" by showing the world an Empire united for defence.

The "General Slocomb" disaster, the Cleveland School horror, the Triangle Waist Company fire, and now a repetition of these tragedies occur in a clothing factory in Binghamton, New York, whereby at least fifty persons all women and young girls, lose their lives. What a chapter of horrors. Surely there must be something terribly wrong in regard to protection against fire and in the provision for saving life in these factory buildings. The structure erected for office purposes, the club house, the bank, the insurance building, are now-a-days made practically secure against fire and its consequences. Why is it that the factory where the poor girl earns her living by stern toil is not similarly protected, her life not similarly guarded?

The building conflagration seems anyhow to be an established "institution" only on this continent. Last year not less than \$250,000,000 worth of property in Canada and the United States went up in smoke, and many lives were lost besides. All Europe, with four or five times the population did not count one-tenth this loss. No wooden buildings are permitted to be used for factory purposes in either Germany, England, Belgium or France, every probability of fire is guarded against, and every ingenuity is used to provide means of escape if such does occur. Bue in America the tragedies go on without visible diminution, and almost monthly our nerves are racked by such horrors. Can they not be prevented by greater care and more rigid inspection? Can they at least not be greatly lessened? In this instance fire drills have prevailed, the building had fire escapes and automatic fire alarms, but some still greater precaution was needed to save lives.

**ANOTHER AWFUL CATASTROPHE IN AN AMERICAN FACTORY**

Half a Hundred Work Girls Perished in Flames Which Enveloped Building Before they Could Get Away—They Thought it was only Another Fire Drill and Didn't Hurry Till it was Too Late

Another of those appalling factory catastrophes which seem to periodically visit this continent occurred on Tuesday week, when fifty persons were killed, according to late estimates, and as many injured, a dozen of them mortally, in a fire which swept the four-story factory building of the Binghamton Clothing Company this afternoon. The victims were chiefly women and girls.

So far thirty-five bodies had been recovered. In the City Hospital and in private institutions are thirty injured. Some two score persons are known to have escaped, as by a miracle from the building, which burst into flame like a tinder-box and became a roaring furnace almost in no time after the first alarm was sounded.

**The Story in Detail**

A wisp of smoke, a curl of flame at the foot of a narrow stairway leading from the entrance to the fourth floor of the Freeman overall factory, No. 7 Wall street, a blasting sweep upward, a smother of smoke and flame, and, over all, the shrieks of one hundred and twenty-six frenzied girl employees, then, in twenty minutes, the walls of crumbling mass of white hot ruins, burying the shrivelled corpses of half a hundred employees.

The Freeman Overall Company, of which Reed B. Freeman is Manager and principal stockholder, occupied the four-story brick building adjoining the postoffice on Wall street. It faced the river and stood free from surrounding buildings. At the time as high as 150 girls were working, but, while the exact number is not known, 126 are believed to have been at work on their machines. The first floor is occupied by the office force, and six employees were on this floor. Five cutters were at work on the second floor, thirty women on the third floor, where the finishing was done, and from eighty to one hundred on the top floor, where the scores of sewing machines were humming industriously.

**Fire Drill Was Girls' Undoing.**

In accordance with a recent law, a fire alarm system had been installed in the factory about two months ago, and frequent fire drills were held. Strangely enough, this proved the undoing of the unfortunate employees. Within the past two weeks three tests alarms had been sounded, and the girls had grown into the habit of taking their time to dress, and walk leisurely out when the fire rang. At 2:29 o'clock this afternoon, Wm. Bennett, a cutter on the second floor, noticed a wisp of smoke coming up the stairway leading from the entrance on the first floor. He pushed the fire alarm, and the girls rang out throughout the building so quick was the fire that before Bennett and his fellow employees on that floor could reach the fire escapes the room was filled with smoke and the flames were leaping up the stairway. This is said to have been the only exit from the building except a fire escape that had been placed at the back.

In the office on the ground floor, Mrs. Reed B. Freeman, wife of the Manager, heard the alarm and remarked, "Oh this is another false alarm." Opening the door from the office to the stairway, she was met by a gust of smoke and had barely time to shove the books in the safe and slam shut the door. The employees, shielding their faces from the heat, crawled through the blinding smoke to safety.

**THINLY CLAD LADY CAUSED COMMOTION**

The scanty garb of an ultra-fashionable dressed woman led to her being asked to leave Lord's Cricket Grounds, where the Oxford-Cambridge cricket match was being played, recently. The stands were filled with England's smartest society people, and all the women present were beautifully gowned, but the person in question was easily noticeable because of her startling and daring costume. She wore a big flapping straw hat and a lace dress which had evidence of no lining and whose skirt was so flimsy that black knickerbockers and jewelled garter buckles were as easily seen as if in a shop window. All eyes were gradually magnetized by the woman, until suddenly a policeman walked over and whispered something in her ear. She arose and left the grounds. However, she was perfectly complacent and evidently well satisfied with the sensation she made.

On the third and fourth floors scenes of horror were being enacted. The girls many of Slavic or Italian parentage, thinking the alarm a test, took their time until a rush of superheated air and a burst of flames and smoke cut off their escape from the stairway and drove them to the one fire escape at the rear of the building. Here they crowded onto the narrow ladder and hung shrieking for help, others pushed and shoved, crowding and pleading with those on the escape for another inch, or to drop and give those behind a chance from the blazing heat which was blistering hands and faces. Then from the upper windows women hurled themselves to the ground, fracturing arms and legs, and burned until, when rescuers grasped their arms to drag them from the blazing furnace, the flesh rolled from the bones. Many bleeding victims had to be rolled in blankets to be carried to places of safety.

In the front facing Wall street girls who were crowded from the too heavily freighted fire escape fled to the windows at the opposite end and flung themselves onto the stone pavement. Body after body hurtled through the air, and there were great splashes of blood on the flagging to mark the spot where some victim driven to desperation by the flames had perished.

Like the Triangle fire in New York the conditions inevitable in a factory of this character greatly accelerated the flames. The managers of the factory claim that the floors were kept swept every night but it is known that a large amount of goods were being manufactured and that from the progress of the day's work alone the floors were strewn deep with bits of cotton and shreds of cloth. Through this the flames swept with the roar of a whirlwind and the girls who could not reach the windows were overcome with the smoke and heat and perished near their machines.

To complicate matters just as the fire was discovered, an alarm was turned in from two other parts of the city, one calling all the companies in the district in which the overall factory was located to a trivial fire a dozen blocks distant, and the other sending the companies to the western part of the city to extinguish a grass fire on the outskirts. Therefore, when the management of the overall factory attempted to notify the central station by phone no response could be had. The box alarm was sounded, it was several minutes before the companies arrived on the scene. The first company to reach the spot was responding to another alarm and the firemen from their passing rig saw girls springing from the windows to the pavement. In the hear the girls clung screaming to the fire escape while a burst of flame swept upward, shrivelling them up in the sight of the horrified spectators, and they fell like stricken flies to the ground.

**Twelve Faces Faded from View**

By this time the upper story was one complete mass of flames. A woman spectator counted twelve faces at the windows.

**Happy Hour**

To-night's programme at the Happy Hour consists of four fine feature reels. "The Homestead Race" (American). This story features the race made by the girls lover to file on a homestead. He finally gets an auto at the last moment and beats the villain to the land office. There is a good suspense in the film and it holds the observer well. "A Caged Bird" (Thanhouser). This is a story of a princess who pines to get out and live amongst the people. Marguerite Snow appears as the princess and William Garwood as the prince who eventually marries her. Entertaining and effectively pictures. "The Rivals Outwitted" (Majestic comedy). The scenes are laid in a gymnasium several lady athletes fall in love with the professor in charge, but another wins him. "Plans of the House" (Solax) A strong drama with a good theme.

**"MY TAILOR"**  
 (J. D. KENNEDY)  
 Is now open for business, and will be pleased to see all callers and show them the latest styles and designs in Ladies' and Gent's Tailoring.  
**PLEASANT STREET. - NEWCASTLE**  
 [Next Door to Maltby's Tin Shop]

**CHANGE OF TIME TABLE**  
 For August 1st and 2nd  
**Chas. Sargeant**  
 First Class Livery  
 Hack in connection with Hotel Mamichi meets all trains and boats.  
 Horses for Sale at all times.  
 Public Wharf. Phone 61

**SEALED TENDERS** addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Dredging, Island River, Gloucester Co., N. B." will be received until 4.00 P. M. on Tuesday, August 5, 1913, for dredging required at Island River, N. B.

**HARDWOOD FLOORING**  
 Always in stock. Also Dry Spruce Flooring and Sheathing and Spruce Clapboards.  
**NEWCASTLE PLANING MILL**  
 Canadian Gear Works, Ltd., Proprietors  
 Phone 139 NEWCASTLE, N. B.

**Now Is The Time**  
 TO HAVE YOUR CONCRETE WORK DONE  
 We also handle all kinds of Brick and Stone Work  
**CONCRETE BUILDING BLOCKS**  
 In Various Patterns a Speciality  
 On all orders coming in after August 15th to be delivered in September, we will make a reduction in price.  
**JAMES T. FORREST**  
 Concrete Block Manufacturer  
 Telephone 64 Newcastle, N. B.

**TEACHER WANTED**  
 Superior male teacher. First class female teacher for intermediate department. First class female teacher for primary department for District No. 6, Blackville Superior School. Apply stating salary.  
**DAVID G. SCHOFIELD,**  
 Sec. Trustees  
 Weynton, N. B.

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 Superior male teacher. First class female teacher for intermediate department. First class female teacher for primary department for District No. 6, Blackville Superior School. Apply stating salary.  
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**Timber Limits for Sale**  
 I am instructed by Mrs. John McLaggan to sell at PUBLIC AUCTION in front of the POST OFFICE, in the Town of Newcastle, on TUESDAY the TWELFTH day of AUGUST next at TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON, the Block of Land situate on both sides of McKenzie Brook in the Parish of Blackville, originally granted to Charles Campbell and known as the Campbell Block. The Block contains four hundred and forty (440) acres more or less and is well wooded throughout.

**PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, and Kalsomining**  
 Done in first-class style  
 All work guaranteed  
 All orders given prompt attention.  
**JOHN DUPUIS,**  
 ROYAL HOTEL, Newcastle.

THE ADVOCATE may now be purchased at Follansbee & Co.'s Book Store.

## PROVINCIAL HAPPENINGS

The saw mill recently built by the Sydney Lumber Company to replace the one burned a year ago, was totally destroyed by fire at Dalhousie on Friday. The loss will be heavy, but there is partial insurance. The mill employed sixty hands, and is likely to be rebuilt at once.

Sunday night Charles L. Smith of Woodstock was attacked by a vicious bull and nearly killed. He is seriously bruised about the body and received a deep cut in the leg. Only the timely arrival of Mr. Smith's son saved him, as the animal had him down and would have trampled him to death. Repeated blows from an iron bar partially stunned the beast, gave a chance for Mr. Smith's rescue. His condition is somewhat improved and the doctors think he will recover. Mr. Smith is a prominent citizen, and was postmaster for years.

A shocking fatality occurred at Tilley, near Andover on Thursday, when Gordon, the twelve year old son of Joseph Paris, died from a bullet wound in the heart received from the rifle of a companion. The accident happened about noon Thursday. Young Paris together with a couple of companions of about his own age were playing near his home in Tilley. One of the lads, Ernest Morrill, had a rifle, the gun exploded and the bullet struck the Paris boy near the heart, killing his almost instantly. Coroner Beveridge held an inquest on Thursday evening and a verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

Henry C. LeBlanc, aged 37, son of Cyrille LeBlanc of St. Mary's Kent county, was drowned Sunday morning in the Moncton reservoir. LeBlanc and two companions went into the reservoir bathing, none of them being able to swim. The water was not deep and the men were just simply wading around, when LeBlanc fell into a deep hole made by the removal of a stump and sank. Timely assistance might have saved the man but it was not forthcoming, as the men with LeBlanc were unable to swim. Deceased was employed with the McManus Company, on the construction of the dam. The body was recovered and was sent to his home in St. Mary's for burial.

Nicholas Arhalokis, aged 19 years, a Greek employed on the St. John Valley Railway construction, was drowned Sunday afternoon in the St. John river about a quarter of a mile below Victoria Mills, Fredericton. He was one of a party of seven taking a bath in the river and lost his hold on the raft and sank to the bottom in twelve feet of water. Other members of the party were in closer to the shore and didn't know anything had happened to Nicholas until they missed sight of him. He could not swim. The body was recovered after being in the water half an hour, but efforts at resuscitation failed. Coroner Wainwright was called and gave permission for the burial of the body.

Gleaner.—So great has been the clamor for space and concession grants at the Fredericton 1913 Exhibition that Secretary Hooper has found it necessary to create more space in the interior of the main building and will remove the offices of the exhibition staff and the offices of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, and this space will be used this year for exhibits. The offices have hitherto been situated inside and at the rear of the main building. It is understood that a new building will be erected at the rear of the caretaker's building on the southern end of the grounds, and this will be used exclusively for official purposes. Although no definite arrangements have been concluded as yet, it is not unlikely the Department of Agriculture will occupy a portion of the new structure for their offices and lecture rooms and will pay part of its cost. If the plans at present under way are carried out, the building will prove a most useful addition to the already splendid set of buildings owned by the Agricultural Society.

A fire which broke out early on Friday at Perth, N. B., destroyed the fine residence of Walter Brooks with nearly all the contents, and burnt to the ground the Primitive Baptist Church, situated in the rear of the Brooks homestead. The fire is supposed to have started from a defective fuse and was practically beyond control when first discovered. The occupants were unable to save much of their belongings, some of them only escaping in their night clothes. A heavy wind was blowing at the time, but fortunately was about due West. Had it been blowing up the river the result of the fire might have been far more disastrous. For a time sparks in showers were carried on the high wind clear across the river and scattered on the Andover side but owing to a heavy shower coming up while the fire was at its worst, and which settled into a steady down pour, much of the danger from flying sparks was obliterated. Mr. Brooks' loss is a heavy one as the property was not heavily insured.

A. W. Garland, bridge inspector, of Bridgedale, Albert county, who visited Moncton on Saturday night had \$125 stolen from him. He had \$35.00 in cash and two endorsed cheques for \$45 each in a satchel in the bottom of his wagon. He went to transact some business and returned in five minutes but the grip was missing. It was found later by the police all cut up with its contents missing. The police are investigating and have a clue but the suspect is missing.

Fire broke out on Monday night in a block of buildings at Metapedia, Bonaventure county, on the Intercolonial Railway. Gillis' store, the postoffice, Ferguson Hotel and the Restigouche Hotel, as far as can be learned, are all destroyed. Slight damage was done to railway stock. A work train with fire engine and men were sent out from Campbellton to fight the flames, which are now under control.

The body of Frank Ferguson, the 10-year-old lad who was drowned in Hall's Creek, just back of the new pumping station, on Monday week, was found next day in a backwater two hundred and fifty yards down stream from the pool in which he met his death. The discovery of the body was made by the boy's father, George Ferguson, his two brothers, Harley and Alonzo, and his uncle, John Ferguson of Sunny Brae. The party watched the creek as the tide was down, and finally discovered the body standing upright in the place mentioned.

While celebrating at a charivari held at Hoyt, Sunbury Co., last week a young man named Harold Duplisse was shot in the head and probably fatally wounded. The shot was fired by a young man who was present with a wife and who was endeavoring to make the occasion a memorable one. Two men had fire-arms and there was some doubt just who fired the shot which struck Duplisse. One claimed that he pointed his gun in the air and then fired, and the other claimed he had a blank shot in his gun. As the accident was considered purely accidental neither of the men were arrested. The injured man received medical attention a short time after the shooting took place, but he remained unconscious until next morning, when he came to while being brought to the city hospital. The bullet entered the skull behind the left ear and shattered a considerable portion of the same. Fortunately the bullet glanced off and did not enter the brain or instant death would have resulted. The accident put a stop to the celebration and the people dispersed and went to their homes. Mr. Duplisse was employed as an operator at Hoyt Station and was very popular with all their residents.

## GOOD BLOOD THE SECRET OF HEALTH

To Be Healthy You Must Keep the Blood Rich, Red and Pure

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are useful in any disease caused by thin or impure blood, and the list of such diseases is astonishingly large. Anaemia literally means a condition in which the blood is thin and watery. In rheumatism the blood becomes thin more rapidly than in any other disease. After an attack of la grippe or acute fevers the blood is always thin and impure, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the tonic to use during convalescence. When the blood is poor and thin the stomach suffers. The food ferments, gas and certain acids form and the trouble is pronounced indigestion or dyspepsia. The nerves receive from the blood all of their nourishment to keep up their energy and repair waste or damage. Some forms of paralysis are caused by thin blood. The progress of locomotor ataxia is stopped in many cases when the blood is made pure, rich and red. This is only a partial list of the troubles having their origin in impure, watery blood, and all can be cured by supplying the blood with its missing constituents.

This is exactly what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. Their chief mission is to make rich, red blood, and this good blood reaches every organ and every nerve in the human body, thus driving out disease and bringing renewed health and strength to thousands of weak, despondent people. Ask your neighbors. There is not an inhabited corner in Canada where Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have not restored some sufferer, and all over this country there are grateful people who do not hesitate to say they owe health—in some cases life itself—to this great medicine. If you are ailing begin to cure yourself today by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. "The Homestead Race" at the Happy Hour to-night.

## A GOOD PLACE FOR A FIGHT

A New York man recently went over the field of Waterloo with a guide, who boasted that he escorted General Sheridan over the scene of Napoleon's great defeat. "What did General Sheridan say?" asked my friend. "Oh, nothing." "He must have said something." "Well, he only said, 'It was a damn good place for a fight.'"

Some people take themselves so seriously that others look upon them as a joke.

## NOTICE OF ELECTION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an election will be held in the Town Hall on

## TUESDAY

The 12th Day of August next For the purpose of electing ONE ALDERMAN for the town of Newcastle. Polling from 10 a. m., to 4 p. m.

Nominations of persons duly qualified for the office of Alderman will be received by the undersigned up to six o'clock p. m., on Friday, the 8th day of August next. Dated at Newcastle, N. B., this 30th day of July A. D., 1913. J. E. T. LINDON, Town Clerk.

## STATIONERS' SMALL SUNDRIES

Merchandise Tags, Shipping Tags, Gum Tickets, Official Seals, Gem Paper Clips, Spenserian Clips, Small Memos, Loose Leaf Memos, Pen Racks, Inkwells, Pencil Erasers, Typewriter Erasers, Rubber Bands, Pen Knives, Lead Pencils—all kinds, Ink, Photo Paste, Blue, Mucilage, &c. A new line of Passe-partout sundries.

## FOLLANSBEE & CO.

## Miramichi Cemetery Co.

A general meeting of the shareholders of the Miramichi Cemetery Company Limited, will be held in the office of the Police Magistrate, in the Town Hall in the Town of Newcastle, on Friday, the eighth day of August, next, at eight o'clock, P. M., for the transaction of such business as shall lawfully come before the Meeting. Shareholders for stock are requested to inform the Secretary, either at or before the meeting, whether they elect to take up their subscriptions in Stock Certificate or in Burial Lots, or part one way and part the other. By order of the Board of Directors. E. A. MCCURDY, Secretary. Newcastle, N. B., 24th July 1913.

## NOTICE OF SALE

To the heirs of Margaret Russell, John Russell and Annie Russell, late of the Parish of Newcastle deceased and all others whom it may concern. TAKE NOTICE that there will be sold at Public Auction in the forenoon on Monday the thirteenth day of October, A. D., 1913, at ten o'clock in front of the Post Office in Newcastle in the County of Albert. All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the parish of Newcastle aforesaid and bounded and described as follows:—In front by the Miramichi River, upper or westerly side by lands owned and occupied by heirs of the late McEwan, rear by lands owned and occupied by Oscar Druett and lower or easterly side by lands owned and occupied by Ellis Stothart, save and except therefrom that part of the said lot conveyed to Charles A. Munroe by the said John Russell in his lifetime being the same piece of land devised to the said John Russell by his late father by will dated the sixth day of June, A. D., 1872.

The above sale is made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage made by the said Margaret Russell, John Russell and Annie Russell and dated the twenty second day of November, A. D., 1879 as by reference thereto will more fully appear. Further particulars will be given on the day of the sale or on application to the undersigned. Terms Cash. Dated at Newcastle aforesaid this twenty-ninth day of July, A. D., 1913. E. P. WILLISTON, Solicitor for the Mortgagee

## OPERA HOUSE

Friday, Saturday, Aug. 1 & 2

The World's Most Marvelous Entertainment

THOS. A. EDISON'S GENUINE TALKING PICTURES TRUE TO LIFE IN VOICE AND ACTION

YOU SEE THE PLAY YOU HEAR THE VOICES PERFECT SYNCHRONISM OF SOUND AND ACTION

THE ILLUSION IS STARTLING. THE EFFECT IS WEIRD.

EDISON'S Most Marvelous Invention and only Genuine TALKING PICTURES 8 - REELS 8 Matinee Each Day at 3 p.m. Night Performance at 8.15 FULL TWO HOURS SHOW Complete Change of Programme on Saturday If you miss seeing these Talking Pictures you'll live to regret it. PRICES 25c., 35c. and 50c. Special Price for Children at Matinees Only 15c. Secure Your Seats Early. Seats on sale Now at Dickson & Troy's

## NEWCASTLE STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LTD.

TIME TABLE STR. "DOROTHY N" 1913

Commencing on April 25th, the Str. "Dorothy N." will run on the Red Bank route, daily (Sunday excepted) calling at all intermediate points, as follows:— Leave Newcastle for Redbank at 5.30 a. m., every Monday and will leave Redbank for Newcastle at 7.45 a. m., daily. Leave Newcastle for Redbank every day at 3 p. m., except Saturdays when she will leave at 1.30 p. m., returning will leave Redbank for Millerton at 3.30 p. m. Leave Millerton for Newcastle at 7 p. m., calling at all intermediate points. Returning leave Newcastle for Millerton at 10 p. m., returning to Newcastle same night. Tuesdays will be excursions days from Redbank and intermediate points to Newcastle, return fare 35 cents. Saturdays will be excursion days from Newcastle and intermediate points to Redbank and Millerton, return fare 35 cents. Excursion tickets good for date of issue only. Freight on Saturdays will be held over until early Monday morning trip. Trains will be open for engagements for excursion parties every day, except Saturdays, from 10 a. m., until 2 p. m., and any evenings from 7 p. m.

SEALD TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Reconstruction and Enlargement of Wharf at Dorchester, N. B." will be received at this office until 4.00 P. M., on Monday, August 18, 1913, for the reconstruction and enlargement of the Old Railway Wharf (so called) at Dorchester, Westmoreland County, N. B. Plans, specification and forms of contract can be seen and forms of contract obtained at this Department and at the offices of Geoffrey Stead, Esq., District Engineer, Chatham, N. B.; J. K. Scammell, Esq., District Engineer, Fredericton, N. B., and on application to the Postmaster at Dorchester, N. B. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque or a certified bank payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works equal to ten per cent (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract, when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, R. C. DESROCHERS, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 18, 1913. Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—41308.

THE NEWCASTLE STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. D. MORRISON, Manager.

## HOTEL MIRAMICHI

E. HOWES, Manager. Most Luxurious and Up-To-Date Hotel in Northern New Brunswick. NEWCASTLE, Miramichi, N. B. FEATURES OF HOTEL MIRAMICHI Telephone Connections in every room. Artistically Furnished Rooms with Private Baths. Building is of Best with Adequate Fire Protection. Situation—The heart of the Sportsman's Paradise. Best Fishing Privileges on the North Shore Provided. Imported Chefs. Fine Sample Rooms. Livery Stable in Connection. Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 a Day

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

## Haying Tools

The usual first class stock of the above mentioned articles now on hand including:

Scythes Hand Rakes  
Scythe Sneaths Hay Forks  
Scythe Stones Fork Handles  
Machine Oil  
Also a good stock of Paris Green, Cow Ease, Sprayers, Etc.

Good Quality. Prices Right.

D. W. STOTHART  
Phinney Block Phone 97

## Preserving Season...

Will soon be here. Are you prepared? We have now in stock a choice assortment of PRESERVING KETTLES in different wares and in all sizes. Inexpensive, but durable. Look well and wear well.

B. F. Maltby  
Next Post Office Phone 121

## LADIES' SATIN SLIPPERS FOR EVENING WEAR

We have received a line of Satin Slippers in Pale Pink, Pale Blue, and White. We will be pleased to show them to you.

MacMillan's Shoe Store

## MEALS AT ALL HOURS CAN BE OBTAINED AT JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT

COR. HENRY AND McCULLAM STS. Well Cooked and Neatly Served. Home Baking a Specialty. LESLIE JOHNSON, Proprietor (Late Chef at Hotel Miramichi)

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA INCORPORATED 1869.

LIABILITIES	
Capital Paid up	\$ 11,560,000.00
Reserve Fund	12,560,000.00
Undivided Profits	110,219.00
Notes in Circulation	10,395,376.69
Deposits	136,729,483.41
Due to Other Banks	3,118,902.00
Bills Payable (Acceptances by London Br.)	3,352,148.77
	\$178,316,130.29
ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in Banks	\$30,476,000.19
Government and Municipal Securities	3,778,533.88
Railway and other Bonds Debentures and Stocks	12,622,217.20
Call Loans in Canada	9,189,279.16
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	10,660,229.65
Deposits with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	578,000.00
	\$67,304,260.08
Loans and Discounts	\$105,363,239.92
Bank Premises	5,648,630.29
	\$178,316,130.29

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. 185 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland. LONDON, ENGLAND NEW YORK CITY 2 Bank Bldgs., Princess St., E. C. Cor. William and Cedar Sts. BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc. NEWCASTLE, N. B. BRANCH E. A. McCurdy, Manager





FARM & FIELD

DAIRY

POULTRY

Curing and Hauling Clover
These methods obtain in handling the hay crop, slow curing, quick-curing and labour-saving.

The slow curing method is, perhaps, the most generally practised. The clover is cut in the morning, raked in light windrows, and put in cocks in the late afternoon.

The quick-curing method, or curing of hay in a semi-green condition, has invariably been popular wherever tried.

The labour saving method of haying is commonly followed on large farms where all modern hay-making machinery is at hand.

Canada's Dairy Industry
For some time economists in Canada have been dealing with the necessity of greater attention being paid to the development of mixed farming.

Table with 3 columns: Country, 1911, 1912. Rows include Russia, Sweden, Denmark, etc.

In the light of such figures Canadian farmers might well give closer study to dairying conditions in Canada.

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa is spreading abroad much valuable information, particularly on dairying topics, giving typical cases of better results from improved methods.

Feeding The Stock
The complicated problems of feeding that are daily met with on the average poultry plant are practically eliminated on the general farm with lots of sour milk, fresh green stuff, and summer insect life ordinary difficulties are easily surmounted.

Under such ideal conditions, such as prevail on the farms how is it that the average egg yields according to government statistics is only about 70 per cent?

Too much dependence is placed upon pastures for bringing exhausted land back to its usual productiveness.

The object of proper feeding is not merely to fill the stomach or temporarily satisfy the appetite, but to supply all the needs of the body and leave a surplus to be turned into eggs.

Concentrated manures are among the most valuable assets in modern farming. There are many who think, however, that they are more serviceable in supplementing than in displacing the manure of the farmyard.

WILSON'S FLY DAD POISON
Ask your Druggist or Grocer to show you the new plan for killing all the flies in your house or store in one night.

VALUABLE RACE HORSES BURNED AT MONTREAL
Several valuable trotting horses were burned to death recently in a fire which practically wiped out the stables of Delormier Park.

ACADIA UNIVERSITY
WOLFVILLE, Nova Scotia.
Department of Applied Science.
Degrees: B.Sc., B.A., M.A., and certificates in Engineering, etc.

ACADIA LADIES' SEMINARY
WOLFVILLE, Nova Scotia.
A High School Residential School.
The Aim—To Prepare Girls and Young Women for Complete Living.

Acadia Collegiate and Business Academy
WOLFVILLE, Nova Scotia.
8th Year
A Residential School for Boys and Young Men with beautiful location.

FREDERICTON THE BUSINESS COLLEGE
W. J. OSBORNE PRINCIPAL
THE FALL TERM OPENS ON Tuesday, Sept. Second.

GIRL SUFFERED TERRIBLY
At Regular Intervals—Says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured her.

No Summer Vacation
We would greatly enjoy one, but as many of our students come from long distances, and are anxious to be ready for situations as soon as possible our classes will be continued without interruption.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS
TRADE MARKS & DESIGNS
Scientific American.

MUNN & Co. 29 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.

Swish! Bif! Bang! Another Milk Pail Gone To Grass
DON'T blame the cow when the flies are holding a convention on her hide. She can't stand still with every nerve on edge and no luck to get half the usual quantity of milk, for she simply will not let it down unless she's comfortable.

Just To Remind You
That The Advocate has the best equipped Job Printing Plant north of St. John, and has the reputation of turning out all work neatly and promptly.

Miramichi Publishing Co. Ltd.
Union Advocate Office, Newcastle, N. B.

TENDERS FOR DREDGING
SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed: "Tender for Dredging, Dalhousie, N. B." will be received until 4.00 P. M., on Monday, July 29th, 1913.

ESTATE NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that letters of administration of the Estate of the late ROBERT MAXWELL GRINDLAY of Blackville, in the county of Northumberland, having been granted to the undersigned executor, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to him and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to file same duly certified by affidavit with the undersigned within two months from date hereof.

Provide Shade for the Pigs
One of the many necessary things to provide for the pigs during the hot weather is a good shade where they may keep cool during the heat of the day.

Potato Dry Rot
According to a Nebraska Experiment Station Bulletin the results of an investigation into what is called dry rot of Irish potato tubers are as follows—

Zam-Buk
Is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat, rash, eczema, sore feet, chaps and chiggers. A good food!

ROUND THE TOWN

Visiting Editor Mr. W. R. McCurdy city Editor of The Halifax Herald was in town on Monday...

Confirmation Tour The Bishop of Fredericton starts this week on a confirmation tour on the North Shore...

Improving Property Dr. Desmond is having considerable improvements made to his property on Pleasant Street...

Sir Max Aitken Frank P. Jones managing director of the Canada Cement Company, back from Europe...

Plague of Moths During the last few days the town has been visited by a veritable plague of moths...

Dr. Mersereau's Success Friends of Dr. Henry C. Mersereau, son of Col. Mersereau of Doaktown, will be interested to learn...

The Edison Talking Pictures Another Edison triumph, the wonderful Talking Pictures will be produced for the first time...

DIED At Newcastle, N. B. July 21st, 1913, William Adair, a native of Belfast, Ireland...

S. S. Picnic The children of the Methodist Sunday School will have their annual outing at Beaubair Island on Tuesday next.

Seriously Ill Mr. W. A. Gibson of St. John the well known insurance agent is ill at his home in St. John...

Lost Their Cows Mr. Blackstock Matheson and Dr. Heber Sproule both had the misfortune to lose a valuable cow...

Don't Expect Strike The Canada Eastern branch of the I. R. C. will be affected should a general strike be declared...

Provincial Appointments In the County of Northumberland—Archie S. Alcorn, Jr., to be a Justice of the Peace...

Church Parade The Orange lodges of Gloucester county held their annual Church Parade on Sunday last to the Baptist Church there...

The New Court House To judge from present appearances it will be well on into September before the new Court House is out of the hands of the contractors...

Chatham Races The Chatham track committee have drawn up a programme of racing during exhibition week...

St. Andrew's Church The Rector of St. Andrew's and his family are camping for a fortnight at Bay du Vin...

C. P. R. Forestry Survey A party composed of Prof. R. B. Miller, Dean of the forestry school at the University of New Brunswick...

Death From Measles The death of Josephine, the little daughter of Mrs. John Daughney occurred at her home on Saturday evening...

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Shand spent part of this week at Bay du Vin.

Miss Bess Parker of Millerton is visiting friends in Sussex.

Miss Bertie Rae spent Tuesday with friends in Bay du Vin.

Mrs. E. A. McMillan is visiting Mrs. James Rundle, Bay du Vin.

Mr. Mortimore of Montreal, Inspector of the Palatine Insurance Co., is in town.

Miss Jean Fleming is visiting friends in Newcastle and Bathurst.

Edward Henry Kennedy of Somerville, Mass., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Flett, Nelson.

Mrs. Ernest Hutchinson of Douglasville, Mass., is a guest in the city at the Royal—Times—Star.

Miss Bertha Bailey of Oak Bay, Charlotte County, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. John Williamson.

Miss Minnie Forsythe of Boom Road is spending a few days in town the guest of Mrs. George Black.

Mrs. Wm. Simmonds and daughter Pearl spent Wednesday in Chatham the guests of Mrs. Jessie Simmonds.

Mr. Harry McCormack of Manchester, N. H., is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McCormack.

Mr. Robert Hutchinson of Molus River, Kent Co., is in town visiting his son Blair W. Hutchinson of the Royal Bank staff.

Mrs. David Petrie who has been visiting relatives in Newcastle and Protectionville has returned to Lowell, Mass.

Miss Alice Harrison of Summerside, P. E. I., is spending her vacation with her parents Rev. and Mrs. W. Harrison at the parsonage.

Mrs. Jack McCabe returned to Moncton last week, accompanied by Miss Agnes McCabe who will spend a few weeks in the railway city.

Mrs. Dalton of Barnaby River was in town Wednesday having come to see her daughter, Sister St. Clarence who was here for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Stohart returned Wednesday morning from their wedding trip and have taken up housekeeping in their new home on King street.

Manager Richards hopes to secure a big musical comedy called "Seven Hours in New York" for a date early next month.

Mrs. and Mrs. Bert Curzon, who have been visiting friends in town returned to their home in Cabona, Me., on Thursday.

Mr. W. D. Payne of the Bank of Montreal at Oakwood, Ontario, son of Mr. W. R. Payne of Newcastle, has been transferred and promoted to the telegraph office of the Bank of Montreal at Guelph, Ontario.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Langmead (the latter formerly Miss Aulda Fagan) of Boston, are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. James Furuta, this is the first visit to the Miramichi since she left here twelve years ago.

Mr. Elmer A'Haran was in St. John last week trying the examination as a moving picture operator.

A party composed of Prof. R. B. Miller, Dean of the forestry school at the University of New Brunswick, and Messrs. Jack Hipwell, Hubert DeVeber, and Fred Ross, all sophomores at the University of New Brunswick, left Fredericton yesterday for the Miramichi, to conduct a forestry survey for the C. P. R.

The Misses Campbell were the hostesses Thursday afternoon to a very enjoyable tea from 4 to 7 o'clock.

The guests in honor were Mrs. J. E. Phinney, of Summerside, Mrs. W. D. Baird, Salisbury, Mrs. Victoria Mullins of Newcastle and Miss Blanche McLeod of Sussex—Sackville Tribune.

The forthcoming Halifax Exhibition this year will open on September 3rd and will run until September 14th.

The Fredericton Exhibition will open on September 15th and will run to September 20th.

The Miramichi Exhibition which will be held at Chatham, will open on September 22nd and will continue until September 26th.

The Provincial Exhibition in Prince Edward Island opens on September 23rd, and will last three days.

The Maritime Winter Fair at Amherst will open on December 8th this year and will continue until the 11th.

Miss Jennie Copp is visiting Mrs. Charles McKay, Whitney.

Mrs. A. E. Shaw was among the visitors to Bay du Vin this week.

Miss Edna Payne returned from a visit to Bathurst friends last week.

Mrs. S. J. Simpson of Loggieville is visiting her sister, Mrs. John McKeen.

Miss Hazel Crabbe of Andover, N. B., is visiting friends and relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. James Stout of Campbellton are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Harold Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Hetherington spent part of last week with Moncton friends.

Mrs. MacMichael of West Branch, Kent Co., is visiting her son, I. C. R. despatcher, J. F. R. MacMichael.

Miss Mamie Daughney of Gibson was called home last week owing to the death of her sister Josephine.

Mrs. T. Herbert Whalen went to her former home in Ontario, Wednesday where she will spend several weeks.

Miss Winifred and Harry Craig of Moncton are spending part of their vacation with their aunt, Miss Mary Craig.

Eulah and Edwin Stuart returned on the 26th, from their visit to relatives in Fredericton Junction and Fredericton.

Mrs. Thos. Hickey has returned from a very pleasant visit spent with her daughter Sister M. Dolores, "Mount St. Joseph," Peterboro, Ont.

Mr. H. M. Blair, Secretary of the Provincial Department of Public Works, and Mrs. Blair spent Sunday in town, and returned to Fredericton on Monday.

Mr. E. C. Colby, managing director of Concrete Construction, Limited, spent the week-end here a guest of Hon. John Morrissy, Minister of Public Works.

On Saturday Mrs. Annie Cameron and the Misses Christina Green, Mary Carney, Ella and May Donovan, Annie Morrison and Sadie Uprhart of Douglastown returned from Fredericton, where they took the teachers' physical training course.

Mrs. F. Louise Tufts who has been at the Opera House for the past fifteen weeks is closing her engagement on Saturday night.

Mrs. Robert Bell of Newcastle, formerly of Amherst is spending a week or so in town, the guest of Mrs. Arnold, Rathford Street.

Her daughter, Miss Merle, underwent an operation for appendicitis yesterday. We are more than glad to note that the young patient is doing as well as can be expected.

Miss Dorothy Nicholson was hostess at a "Doll's Tea" on Friday afternoon, given at "Driftwood," the pleasant summer cottage of Mr. C. D. Manny.

The tea was given in honor of Miss Robinson of Fredericton and was a most delightful affair.

The charming young hostess wore a gown of white marquisette, and was assisted in receiving by her mother, Mrs. Robert Nicholson, who was gowned in pongee, and by Miss Robinson who wore a very pretty gown of white linen.

Mrs. Nicholson was assisted in serving by Mrs. C. D. Manny, Mrs. O. Nicholson and Miss Ritchie. Those present were:—Mrs. C. D. Manny, Mrs. Osborne Nicholson, Miss Robinson, (Fredericton), Miss Parker (New York), Miss Ritchie, and Misses Florence and Bertha Ferguson, Laura Aitken, Edith and Mary Burchill (Nelson), Dorothy Wilkinson (Springfield), Minnie and Pink Ingram, Jean Morrison, Addie and Helen Stables, Gertie Buckley, Jean and Mollie Robinson, Lyle McCormack and Annie Corbett.

A very pleasant "At Home" was given by Miss Jean Morrison on Wednesday evening in honor of her friend, Miss Robinson of Fredericton.

Dancing was the order of the evening, while Miss Bertie Ferguson and Mrs. Hessler favored the guests with solos and Miss Dorothy Nicholson a reading.

Miss Annie Synott of Chatham presided at the piano.

Miss Morrison who was assisted in receiving by her mother and Miss Robinson, looked charming in a gown of champagne chiffon over blue satin.

Mrs. Morrison wore black voile and Miss Robinson wore a handsome gown of pale blue brocade satin, overdress of pale blue chiffon and caught up with pink rose buds, corsage bouquet of American beauties.

Among those present were Mrs. D. S. Gimmer, Misses Robinson (Fredericton), Laura Aitken, Gertrude Buckley, Florence and Bertie Ferguson, Minnie Ingram, Margaret Hubbard, Pink Ingram, Jean and Mollie Robinson, Minnie Stohart, Dorothy Nicholson, Addie and Helen Stables, and Messrs. A. E. Shaw, Arch Cole, D. S. Creaghan, Anderson Aitken, Willis Nicholson, Geo. McInerney, Cleo Demers, Norman Hessler, Leroy Morrison, Ray Morrison and others.

Haying Tools, &c.

Scythes, Sneaths, Forks, Fork Handles, Hay Fork Pulleys, Scythe Stones, Mowing Machine Oil and Oilers. Also Berger's Pure Paris Green Cow Ease and Sprayers JOHN FERGUSON & SONS Lonsbury Block, Newcastle Phone 10

DICKISON & TROY Druggists and Opticians The "Rxall" Stores Newcastle and Millerton

Perfect Sight a matter of Foresight. Many cases of eye trouble are averted by early application of proper lenses. Present neglect means future trouble.

PURE Paris Green Land Plaster in 1 lb. Packages in Bbls. and Bags Get Ready for the Potato Bugs Do It Now! THE STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD.

Potato Sprayers Cultivators Buggies We can satisfy the most exacting. Call and be Convinced THE LOUNSBURY COMPANY, Ltd. Newcastle Chatham Tracadie

THE MIRAMICHI FARM IMPLEMENT CO., LIMITED HEADQUARTERS FOR POTATO SPRAYERS Just what you want for the Potato Crop. We have 3 row hand pumped also 4 row power driven Sprayers

KNIVES CUT WHEN WHEELS START. Frost & Wood Mower advertisement with illustration of the mower and descriptive text.

Don't Let The Warm Weather Worry You! We will Keep You Cool with Soft Drinks and Fruit Ginger Ale, Ginger Beer, Lime Juice and Fruit Syrups, Strawberries, Plums, Peaches, Bananas, Pineapples, Oranges, Water Melons, Grape Fruit. VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS GEORGE STABLES GROCERIES Phone 8. CROCKERYWARE

Morris' Pharmacy WE wish to announce to our patrons that our aim is to carry PURE DRUGS. Prescriptions are our specialty. Always an up-to-date stock of Perfumes and Toilet Articles kept on hand. Mail Orders will receive our prompt attention. TRY our delicious Ice Cream and cold sparkling Soda Water. E. J. MORRIS, Prescription Druggist Opposite Square. Phone 140. Newcastle, N. B.