LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

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46TH. YEAR. NO. 19721 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1909—SIXTEEN PAGES PRICE TWO CENTS.

ARTESIAN WELLS ARE PURE AFTER TEN TESTS MADE DR. AMYOT CERTIFIES

Provincial Analyst Gives Straightforward Answers to the Businesslike Questions of Mr. T. H. Luscombe—Plans Prepared for Protection of Wells Will Keep Them Pure.

NO RIVER WATER IN THE WELLS

Cannot Get Through the 40 Feet of Impervious Clay—People Will Be Called Upon to Vote on the Water Bylaw on July 26.

On July 26 the property-owners of London will be called upon to say whether they approve of the spending of a sum of something in the neighborhod of $100,000 for the purpose of taking over and erecting a permanent plant for the artesian wells on Horton street.

Mr. T. H. Luscombe, a respected citizen of London, writes The Advertiser, and asks some important questions in regard to the matter. It is well that Mr. Luscombe and all citizens should interest themselves in the proposition. The water supply of a city the size of London is all-important, and the maintaining of a spring water supply is doubly so to Londoners, who have always enjoyed spring water, and who will not give it up for any artificially filtered supply, such as St. Thomas is now being compelled to boil at the order of the health authorities.

PEOPLE USING THE WATER.

For some time Londoners have been drinking the water from the Beck wells. There has been but one complaint. There has been no outcry against the water. Instead the effect it has had in softening the rather hard quality of the Springbank supply has been praised. The wells have been put to a severe test—that is, the four that are now being pumped—and they are giving the people a flow of over one million gallons a day, with no signs of diminution, despite the dry weather, which, it had been predicted, would lower the springs.

But the citizens have a right to ask questions. It will be their money which will be spent if the wells are taken over. And Mr. Luscombe is entitled to an answer.

THE WATER IS PURE.

Yesterday, Dr. Amyot, the provincial analyst, was in the city, and The Advertiser secured from him the answers Mr. Luscombe desires.

In a letter to The Advertiser, Mr. Luscombe asks several important questions. First, he puts his question in this way:

1. The present purity of the water. We should be told in direct terms that the water is fit for drinking purposes and free from anything inimical to health.

Dr. Amyot's answer is as follows:

"THIS WATER HAS BEEN ANALYZED SOME TEN TIMES BY ME UNDER THE MOST TRYING CONDITIONS, AND HAS NOT ONCE BEEN FOUND TO CONTAIN ANYTHING HARMFUL TO HEALTH. The water is fit for drinking purposes, and it does not contain anything inimical to health."

CONTINUED PURITY IS ASSURED.

Mr. Luscombe next says:

The future purity of the water. It is useless to say the water is pure now, if it is likely soon to become impure. Possible impurity may come in many ways. * * * * Where the well passes through the clay some small spaces may be left which would allow contaminated water from the surface stratum of gravel to pass into the lower stratum and thence into the wells. We want to be assured that the water cannot become impure in any of these ways or in any other way.

To this Dr. Amyot replies:

"The plans proposed for the protection of the wells, the well casings, will insure protection from future contamination. There is an impervious clay stratum of over forty feet between the bottom of the river and the water gravel. IT IS INCREDIBLE THAT ANY RIVER WATER COULD GET THROUGH THIS."

CONTINUITY OF SUPPLY.

Mr. Luscombe's third question relates to the continuity of the supply.

The water commissioners should be best able to answer this. Their engineer has been checking the flow daily for some weeks. His figures will give Mr. Luscombe the information he seeks. So far, there has been no assertion that the artesian wells are diminishing in flow. And four of them have been giving the people about 1,000,000 gallons of good, potable spring water daily. There are eleven other wells to be pumped. The people will vote on a proposition to take them all over on July 26. Mr. Beck says he will give the people no less than 2,000,000 gallons of water from them. And the chances are they will flow nearer 3,000,000 gallons daily.

And this can be had for $100,000 odd.

It's up to the people to say what they want. Do they want this spring water at a small cost, or river water, filtered, but not made pure, as is the case in St. Thomas, at a great cost, a cost of $500,000 at least?

Mr. Luscombe's entire letter will be found in another column.

SIXTY-NINE FREE DELIVERY MAIL ROUTES

Will Be in Operation in This Section of Ontario, Says the Inspector.

That rural free mail delivery is becoming extremely popular with the farmers of this district is shown by the fact that within three weeks there will be 69 routes in operation in this section of Western Ontario. Of these two are running out of London, London to Lucan, and London to Delaware, and a third will go into operation between London and Byron within a few days.

"We are constantly in receipt of letters from all over the district," said Postoffice Inspector Campbell today, "asking that routes be established. As fast as they are approved and authorized we sent out the boxes, and we will soon have several thousand boxes in use in all parts of the district. We have thirteen inquiries in now, and as soon as the authorities at Ottawa authorize them we will open the routes. All the letters we have received from farmers where the system is in operation speak most highly of it."

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE FOR HOTELKEEPER

North Bay, July 16. — As result of the inquest into the death of Elmer Kline at New Liskeard Hospital, Captain Montgomery, proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, New Liskeard, is under arrest on a charge of manslaughter, Kline's death resulting, it is alleged, from injuries received in being ejected from the Windsor Hotel by Montgomery. Bail was fixed at $20,000.

HAD THE PLANS LAID TO ENMESH ANDERSON

Young Ex-Bank Ledger Keeper Was Wanted by the Toronto Police.

Toronto, July 17.—The city police are said to be none too well pleased over the news of their search for John A. G. Anderson, former ledgerkeeper of the Bank of Montreal's Portland street branch, being published. Anderson is reported to have been in Toronto not more than a week ago, and it is said the authorities had hoped to enmesh him today or tomorrow. Anderson belongs to Newcastle, Ont., where his father and a brother are living. The former is a doctor, and the latter a druggist. They have heard nothing of the missing man since March last, and have no idea of his present whereabouts. That Anderson's operations have been far and wide is evident by the fact that checks have arrived from Chicago and California, as well as the Eastern States and Europe. Only a couple of Ontario banks are said to have been caught.

THREE PERSONS KILLED IN HEAD-ON CRASH

Danville, Ill., July 16. — In a head-on collision between two passenger trains on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad, near Royal, Ill., this morning, three passengers were killed and several others reported badly injured. Wrecking crews have been sent from this city.

THE DANGEROUS CROSSINGS.

Ottawa, July 17.—The railway commission is asking the railways to give their views as to what are the more dangerous crossings to be immediately considered in respect of protection.

R. W. BRO. JUDGE D. F. MACWATT
Deputy Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Canada.

QUEBEC TRIP PLEASED ALL

Lady Who Was With the Party Speaks of Treatment Accorded Advertiser Guests

A WONDERFUL JOURNEY

Old Quebec, Montmorency Falls, the Shrine of Ste. Anne, Montreal and Other Places.

The following letter is from Mrs. Ida H. Willis, one of the ladies who comprised The Advertiser's Quebec trip party:

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Dear Sir,—I would like to let your readers know that the Quebec trip was all and even more than promised.

The stops were short going, but returning the cities were visited and all points of interested noted.

Chicoutimi is a thriving town at the end of navigation. As we arrived at 2 a.m. and left at 4 a.m. with the tide, we only saw it dimly, but conspicuously prominent was the white church with the cross, showing, never absent, no matter how small, the hamlet.

The still grandeur of the coast line inspires a feeling of awe and reverence for the creator of so much beauty.

The sunsets are very beautiful—the sun sinking into the water casts such lovely tints.

Touching here and there at one port and another we stopped off at Tadousac and took a walk, passing the salmon hatcheries on our way, to see the first church built in Canada, A.D. 1647, in good preservation teeming with legends, and containing many relics and some fine old paintings. Tadousac Hotel is very noticeable, and affords a fine view of the River Saguenay, but is situated on the St. Lawrence.

Murray Bay was our next port. It has a very fine hotel, Manlor Richelieu. The Episcopalians and Presbyterians have churches there.

St. Irenee is one of the latest summer resorts. Rodolphe Forget, M. P., president of the R. and O. Navigation Company, has a fine summer home there.

Many other places were seen, all worthy of note, but time and space do not permit mention.

Old Quebec.

Quebec! Who can describe it? So unique and replete with history! Wherever you turn you find something to interest you.

I was very much amused by their driving of vehicles. They do not keep to one side as we do in London, but just cross any way, so reckless that you expect to see an accident any time. The citadel, Plains of Abraham, the fort, Little Champlain street and many other places were noted as we drove along. Weeks not hours would be required to see all to be seen in Quebec, if you are a lover of history.

Montmorency Falls was viewed; also the shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, the mecca of health to pilgrims for 250 years. The canes, pipes and jewelry of every description left there in sacrifice, are wonderful to see. We would have liked to tarry longer there, there were so many things to study. Leaving Quebec at 6 p.m. we had a delightful sail and reached Montreal at 7 a.m. After a carriage ride to the Place Viger Hotel we remained over night there. The drive up the mountain and the view from top of Mount Royal will never be forgotten.

The churches we visited were beautiful. I cannot remember all of them.

Very strikingly the old world mingles with the new in Montreal, as it still retains in its streets and inhabitants many traces of the old French and English occupation. Like Quebec it is full of historical relics.

Later we were in Toronto, with its good roads, fine public buildings and statues.

Just a word about our personal director, who was so thoughtful and considerate, and anxious that we should have everything right. I am sure all will remember Mr. and Mrs. Decker with loving thoughts in the years to come. Again thanking my friends, I remain sincerely,

IDA WILLIS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

July 16.—At Cape Race—Hesperian, from Glasgow; Numidian, from Glasgow.

At Quebec—Laurentic, from Liverpool.

At Liverpool—Virginian, from Montreal.

At Fame Point—Victorian, from Liverpool.

At New York—Campania, from Liverpool.

At Manchester—Caledonian, from Boston.

At Naples—Verona, from New York; Romano, from Boston.

At London—Sardinian, from Montreal.

At Havre—Caroline, from New York.

Dumps Caught Fire.

The fire department were called twice last night to Saunby and Gunn streets in West London, to extinguish fires which broke out in the West London dump. The smoke from the dump caused a great deal of annoyance to those in the vicinity.

No Filtration for London

Filtration in St. Thomas is not the ideal system it was said to be.

At the present time the residents of the Railroad City boil all the water they are using.

They do not use it "raw," but must destroy the germs by boiling it for some time.

And even then some of it has rather a bad odor. Complaints have been numerous about the water.

This is rather illuminating in view of the fact that the filtration system of St. Thomas was held up as a model to the citizens of London.

Spring water for London, and plenty of it, is what the people want. The artesian wells are "delivering the goods."

A MIGHTY BRITISH ARMADA AS AN ANTI-PANIC SHOW

Fleet of 148 Fighting Ships, Not One Obsolete and Magnificently Manned, Sails Up the Thames to Show Britishers There Need Be No Worry.

New York, July 17.—A London dispatch says that 148 British warships dropped anchor in the Thames River last night, the array extending from the estuary at the south end of the river to Westminster bridge, in the heart of London. The total tonnage of this fleet is 750,000; its cost is $310,000,000, and it is officered and manned by 42,000 of the picked sons of the nation.

More warships—165 to be exact, assembled for the naval review at Spithead in 1897, but at least 30 of those could neither steam nor fight, and were simply for show purposes.

The fleet now converging on the Thames is without a useless or obsolete unit. Every one of the 148 vessels could go into battle at a moment's notice.

An Anti-Panic Show.

The object of this extended and superb display of Britain's fighting power is largely that of an anti-panic show. Uneasiness prevails in every quarter of Britain. Anxiety in the higher circles as to the condition of the country's defence has bred apprehension and pessimism throughout the body politic.

The mighty armada on the Thames, the assembling of which had been saddened by the loss of a submarine in the North Sea Wednesday night, is the admiralty's heroic sedative.

"They have made the country think that we have no navy," says Admiral Fisher. "The British millions may now line up along the Thames, go out in boats, and see the great reality for themselves."

HYMAN & CO.'S CONTRACT HITS NIAGARA POWER HARD

Ten Per Cent of the Probable Market in This City Has Disappeared—Engineer Sifton Does Not Believe That Gas Power Can Be Secured at $19 Per Horsepower.

The statement made yesterday that C. S. Hyman & Co. had signed a contract for a producer gas plant has created great interest in city hall circles.

This contract takes 350 horsepower from the probable market for Niagara power in the city, and complicates the power question still more.

The quantity is more than 10 per cent of the 3,000 horsepower which is proposed to be contracted for by the city.

Engineer Sifton Skeptical.

Engineer Sifton is of the opinion that the price quoted, $19 a horsepower, is too low, and that the goods cannot be delivered at that price.

"I would like to be informed what is included in the figures," he stated today. "Interest, sinking fund, depreciation, and several other items should be considered in compiling the figures for the cost of power, and I wish somebody would tell me whether this has been done or not.

Much Water Needed.

"The question of pumping water is another. That costs money, and as it will require many million gallons of water per year to run the plant, this must amount to something.

"I would also like to know what percentage he allows for depreciation. This is more than is sometimes allowed.

"If I could get hold of these facts I would be in a position to know whether or not power could be sold for that price. I doubt it."

Power Prices Are Low.

In the face of this, however, Mr. L. C. Read, general manager of the company, guarantees power at the prices quoted or less.

"We have delivered plants, and they are manufacturing power at less than these prices quoted," said Mr. Read. "We are prepared to guarantee it in the case of any plant we install."

MASONIC GRAND LODGE TO MEET

Will Open Most Important Session in London Next Week.

THE NEW GRAND MASTER

Judge D. F. MacWatt, Who Will Be Elevated to High Honor Next Week, Is Prominent Figure.

Final preparations for the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Canada have been made, and the brethren are already gathering for the convention.

The first meeting in connection with the session was held last night, when the committee on benevolence, of which Wor. Bro. Judge Harding, of Lindsay, is chairman, met to get their report ready.

Other committees will meet from this time on, and further their work.

Meeting on Monday.

On Monday the board of general purposes will meet at 2:30 p.m., to arrange for the presentation of the business of the Grand Lodge. Some of the members of this committee are already in the city.

There is a great deal of work to be done, and when the Grand Lodge opens on Wednesday morning, the attention of the brethren will be devoted to the work of the session.

Mayor Stevely and the council will welcome the visiting brethren to the city. After these formalities are disposed of, the Grand Lodge will immediately get down to business.

Representatives of Twenty-Two Districts.

On Wednesday evening the representatives of the twenty-two districts will meet and elect their D.D.G.M.'s. This is always an interesting event, as

(Continued on Page Ten.)

BIG CELEBRATION ON LABOR DAY

Local Labor Men Are Making All Arrangements for the Occasion.

THE HON. MacKENZIE KING

Will Be One of the Speakers—Proposed to Have a Flying Machine Give an Exhibition.

Arrangements are on foot for a giant celebration to be held on Labor Day. Instead of the conventional parade, that has been the feature of this day, which by continual usage has become rather hackneyed, it has been decided at a meeting of the committee who have the arrangements in charge to have the day assume the nature of the national picnics that are so popular across the line.

Taking the form of a picnic, it will be a picnic on a very unusual scale, with a multitude of unusual attractions to make the day a memorable one. Among the attractions will be the ever-popular baby show, as it was considered that no picnic of this nature would be complete without it. Then there will be a watermelon contest, and the usual array of races and other contests.

An innovation will, however, be provided in a motorcycle race, and of still greater interest, an automobile race against time is being arranged.

A Flying Machine.

Negotiations are also under way to have one of the well-known experimenters in flying machines present with an aeroplane to give an exhibition.

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

FEARS FOR A FORMER LONDONER YACHT DISAPPEARS ON LAKE

MR. GEORGE A. BURDICK,
Of this city, who was elected supreme representative of the Knights of Pythias of Ontario at the Grand Lodge meeting, held in St. Thomas, this week.

John C. Kennedy and O. Boultbee Probably Drowned.

FATHER KEPT A CAFE HERE

And Was Well-Known to Londoners—Last Seen in Boat on Sunday Last.

John C. Kennedy, the young man who, with F. Oswald Boultbee, of Toronto, has been missing since Sunday evening, and is supposed to have been drowned near Port Dalhousie, is a London boy, and the youngest son of Mr. John Kennedy, who formerly conducted the Palace Cafe on Richmond street.

He only left London about three years ago to reside in Toronto, and is widely known here.

He received the greater part of his schooling here, and even though very young was well known as a baseball and football player.

He is a nephew of Mrs. Johnston, of 226 Richmond street, and Miss Ethel Johnston, of this city, and Mr. Ewart Johnston, of Toronto, formerly of London, are cousins. His grandmother, Mrs. John Kennedy, and several aunts live in London Township on the 12th concession.

Drowning Feared.

Miss Ethel Johnston stated to The Advertiser today, when seen at her home on Richmond street, that she had heard from her brother in Toronto, and he feared that both the young men had been drowned. Miss Johnston stated that young Kennedy was very skillful in handling a boat, and she could not imagine that any accident could have occurred through carelessness of any kind. The relatives here are anxiously awaiting any further reports of the finding of the boat.

Well-Known Here.

Kennedy and Boultbee were chums, and together with the former's brother, Verne, well-known here, had been cruising about Lake Ontario and the Niagara River for two weeks. Last Sunday afternoon they left Niagara-on-the-Lake to sail to Winona, where Kennedy's mother is summering.

Mr. Verne Kennedy left the party at Niagara, intending to meet them later.

The last seen of the boat was on Sunday afternoon, when some fishermen in the vicinity of Port Dalhousie saw it.

The weather at the time was very squally and several gasoline launches that were out had to be towed in.

The yacht, however, was going along at a great rate toward Hamilton, and as far as could be seen, all was well. Nothing, however, has been seen or heard of the boat since, although searching parties have been out continually.

A Bank Clerk.

F. Oswald Boultbee is a son of the late Rev. Arthur Boultbee, and for some time was an employee of the Sovereign Bank, and worked for a time in Berlin, before entering the bank. He is 26 years of age, and an employee of the Ontario Securities Company. Since going to Toronto he had made his home with Mr. Frank Turner, of Bracondale. Mr. Boultbee has several brothers in the Canadian banks. One is Mr. Arthur Boultbee, of the Bank of Toronto at Port Hope; another is in a bank at Winnipeg, and another in the Imperial Bank at the Soo. Mr. Boultbee's mother is at present in Hamilton, living with her daughter, Mrs. Percival Bell, wife of the manager of the Bank of Hamilton at Hamilton.

Kennedy an Athlete.

J. C. Kennedy lived with his brother Vernon at 272 Sherbourne street. He is well known in Hamilton, where he lived, as an athlete of no mean ability, being an expert jumper and runner. He played centre half for Parkdale Canoe Club Rugby team last fall, and was one of the best men. He is about 17 years of age.

The yacht in which the two young men went sailing was the property of Mr. Charles Jones, of 101 Denison avenue. It was a 23-foot craft, and was known by the name of Roma. The young men rented this yacht when starting their vacation on June 29. Mr. Jones has not yet heard where his yacht is.

MAN FOUND DEAD CORONER NOTIFIED

Alleged Mysterious Death of a Mr. Sully, of South London.

WIDOW WILL NOT TALK

Came Home and Retired as Uusual Last Night and Was Later Discovered Dead in His Bedroom.

A Mr. Sully, at the corner of Bruce street and Marley Place, was found dead in bed at 11:30 this morning.

Coroner Ferguson was notified, and took charge of the remains. He is investigating the cause of death.

It is alleged that Sully committed suicide. The family have been living out of the city for some time, and about two weeks ago moved to South London.

The neighbors know little or nothing of the family. Sully came home last evening and retired. This morning he did not get up with the family but remained in bed.

Shortly after 11 o'clock Mrs. Sully went into the room, it is alleged, and found the man dead.

Coroner Notified.

Several physicians were called, but life was extinct. Coroner Ferguson was called, as there were no apparent reasons for the man's death.

"I cannot say whether or not he committed suicide," said Dr. Ferguson. "I am at the present time investigating the causes of death. There are no marks on the body, or bruises, and I found no phials. However, I will continue my investigations until I know for a certainty whether or not death was due to natural causes."

Sully leaves a widow and a family. Mrs. Sully refused to say anything regarding the affair.

WRONG MAN SUMMONED IN A WAGES CASE

Jabez Metcalfe Taken From His Work Through a Curious Error—Mrs. Chrysler Sentenced.

Magistrate Love had a five-minute session at court this morning and only three cases appeared on the blotter. Mrs. Harriet Chrysler, charged with being drunk and a vag, was sentenced to two months in jail.

Jabez Metcalfe was charged by John Armstrong with non-payment of wages.

It appeared, however, that Armstrong summoned the wrong man, as it was his brother George for whom Armstrong worked.

"You should do your business in a businesslike way," the court told Armstrong, "and then you wouldn't make mistakes of this kind."

"He has taken me out of the hayfield," said Metcalfe, "and I think he should pay for the time I have lost."

The court, however, would not allow this and dismissed the charge against Jabez Metcalfe.

Armstrong will summon George Metcalfe.

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—FINE.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, July 16—8 a.m.

Today—Moderate to fresh northwesterly winds; fine.

Sunday—Light to moderate variable winds; fine and warm.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	Today. 8 a.m.	Yesterday. Low.	High.
London	..	60	82
Victoria	50	52	64
Calgary	54	48	84
Winnipeg	62	48	80
Port Arthur	60	54	78
Parry Sound	62	58	80
Toronto	64	67	78
Ottawa	62	62	74
Montreal	64	68	72
Quebec	64	66	78
Father Point	60	..	..
Edmonton	..	56	74
Prince Albert	..	52	78
Moosejaw	..	51	82
Qu'Appelle	..	48	78
St. John	..	56	74
Halifax	..	52	68

LONDON BRIDGE AND ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL

The Advertiser's Guests Are Still Sight Seeing in the Metropolis of the World.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, England, July 17.—The Advertiser's European party have had some delightful drives, and have seen many points of interest, including London Bridge, St. Paul's Cathedral, Hyde Park. Today is being devoted to visiting some of the great shops. London is wonderful, and words fail to describe it. M.

Refused To Elect.

Tom Thompson, the Greek who was committed for trial by the police magistrate on the charge of stealing $125 from a companion, appeared before Judge Elliott this morning. He refused to elect, and was remanded till Monday.

Condensed Advertisements.

No Advertisement Accepted Less Than Fifteen Words.

Amusements—Ten cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word if set solid.

Meetings—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

Retail Grocers' Association

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

Wednesday, July 21, via the beautiful steamer Lakeside. Trains leave via the Pere Marquette Railway at 2:30 p.m., 5:05 p.m. and 6:50 p.m. The boat leaves on the arrival of 6:50 train. Fare for round trip, including boat, 60c. Music by Tony Vita's Orchestra. Tickets for sale by grocers. b

SHIPS

F. B. Clarke's, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, is the only office devoting whole attention to ocean and lake tickets. Call and get information and rates for the Old Country, up the lakes, River St. Lawrence or the Saguenay. New folders just received. 2

DETROIT BY WATER—TAKE THE White Star Line, via Sarnia. No heat, no dust. Three steamers daily. $2 60, London to Detroit and return every Saturday and Sunday. Low rate daily. F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. 3

$26.95—DULUTH

London, Ont., to Duluth and return, $26.95 all expenses. Keep your berth in Dulu[illegible] beautiful trip to the Soo by the Georgian Bay route is a popular one. Montreal by the palace steamers Toronto, Kingston and Belleville, of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, running the rapids. F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, only office selling boat tickets exclusively. 1

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1909, IS THE day and date of the Grocers' excursion to Niagara Falls. Special fast train, first class coaches, via Michigan Central, leaving London 7 a.m., St. Thomas 7:45. The public cordially invited to take the most popular excursion of the season. b

HO! FOR CLEVELAND, VIA SOUTHWESTERN Traction Company and Steamer Lakeside, under the auspices of Eureka Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., on Saturday, July 31, returning on Monday, Aug. 2, Civic Holiday. Leaving London any time up to 1 p.m., arriving at Cleveland at 8 p.m. Watch for particulars later. 21n-tyw

GROCERS' EXCURSION TO NIAGARA Falls, July 21—Southwestern Traction car will leave London at 6:30 a.m., arriving at M. C. R. station to connect with excursion train. b

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple. Phone 1570.

R. & O. NAV. CO.

St. Lawrence River route, Toronto to Montreal, through all the rapids, steamers "Toronto," "Kingston" and "Belleville."

OCEAN TICKETS

via all lines from Montreal or New York. W. FULTON, C. P. R., corner Dundas and Richmond. ywt

STEAMER GLEN ERIE, PORT STANLEY—New boat, fully equipped, good accommodation for passengers, will make half-hourly trips, weather permitting, also moonlight excursion every evening. Fare, 10 and 15 cents. 10un

SPECIAL ORCHESTRA FOR SUMMER dancing parties, picnics, etc. Private dancing lessons any hour during summer months. Terms reasonable. Phone 1774. Dayton & McCormick.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR SCHOOL Section No. 7, Camden; duties to begin third Monday in August. Address Archie Phillips, Wabash, Ont. b-d&w

TEACHER WANTED FOR JUNIOR room, school section No. 17, London Township. Address Thomas Ramsey, secretary-treasurer, Hyde Park. 21c

TEACHER WANTED FOR SENIOR room, S. S. No. 12, Southwold; second class Normal preferred; duties to commence Aug. 16, 1909. W. F. Glover, secretary, Fingal P. O. 19n

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 15, Southwold. Apply to John Burton, Fingal, Ont. 19c

TEACHER WANTED FOR UNION S. S. No. 18, Dochester, and 21, Westminster; duties to commence after holidays. Apply, stating qualifications and salary expected, to A. Dodds, Derwent P. O. 18k

HELP WANTED.

STUDENT, LADY OR GENTLEMAN, wanted as representative, on salary basis. Apply, sending references, to the Curtis Publishing Company, Canadian branch office, Toronto, Ont. 17n-ywt

WANTED — RESPONSIBLE BERRY-PICKERS; leave name and address at at A. J. Denny's, postoffice, or postoffice, corner Piccadilly and Maitland. 20u

EXPERIENCED PANT, KNICKER and overall makers; highest wages paid, constant employment. Taylor-Anderson-Southgate, Limited, Seaforth, Ont. 3-tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED, BY RESPECTABLE YOUNG lady, with experience—Position as bookkeeper or office assistant. Apply Box 1, Advertiser. b

WANTED—POSITION AS DELIVERY man; good references. Box 114, Advertiser. 20u

BY SEPT. 1—JUNIOR POSITION IN office, by young lady of unquestionable character and ability. Box 115, Advertiser. 19c

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON—A pearl crescent. Finder please leave at this office and get reward. 21c

LOST — BLUE ENAMEL HATPIN, maple leaf centre; south of York, on Richmond or Clarence; valued as keepsake. Reward, Box 2, Advertiser. b

STRAYED INTO THE PREMISES OF the undersigned, about July 1, four yearling cattle. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take away. John McGugan, Melbourne. b

LOST, ON WEDNESDAY EVENING—Roll of Bank of Toronto bills; $50 reward for returning to J. Scott, care Advertiser office. 20u

FOUND—A RING, SOME TIME AGO. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement and proving property. Apply Grafton & Co. 20c

LOST — FOXTERRIER PUP, WHITE and lemon color. Reward at 12 Cathcart. Finder detaining this pup after this notice will be prosecuted. 19u

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

McPHILLIPS—On July 6, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. William McPhillips, 201 Princess avenue, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

FLETCHER—HAYES—At Fort William, Ont., on Wednesday, July 7, 1909, by the Rev. M. C. Flatt, pastor of the First Methodist Church, Miss Blanche E. Hayes, London, to Mr. Edward Fletcher, Winnipeg, son of John Fletcher, Esq., London, Ont.

Winnipeg papers please copy.

MEETINGS.

CHARLES J. BONAPARTE, GRANDNEPHEW of the great Bonaparte, secretary of the United States navy, and late attorney-general under the Roosevelt Administration, will address the Canadian Club at 12:15 on July 20. Tickets can be secured at Mills' book store or from Treasurer W. D. R. Wright, of the Canadian Club. 21u

MALE HELP WANTED.

BOY WANTED. APPLY B. GIDLEY & Son, tailors, 404 Clarence street. b

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system, constant practice, careful instruction; few weeks complete course; tools free; graduates earn $12 to $18 weekly; write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, Queen and Spadina, Toronto. 21tf

GOOD CARPENTER WANTED TO DO work on frame house. Apply 99 Dundas street. b

BOY WANTED, ABOUT 17 YEARS, FOR shipping room. Apply Sainsbury & Co., 101 King street. b

WANTED—CARPENTERS FOR BUILDING and repairing freight cars. Apply at office of Grand Trunk carshops, London. 21u

AN EXCELLENT OPENING FOR LIVE man, collector and solicitor, with guaranteed salary. Union Life Assurance Company. 20c

MEN WANTED, YOUNG, STRONG, robust, account increasing business on railroads, for firemen or brakemen; experience unnecessary; permanent positions, good pay, $75 to $100 monthly; promoted to conductor or engineer, $150, $200 monthly; state age, weight, height. Railway Association, care Advertiser. 20a-vtz

TWO CARPENTERS WANTED—GOOD mechanics. Apply 528 Dundas street. 20c

WANTED—STOVE PLATE MOLDERS; day wages, $2 75; piecework, board prices and 10 per cent added; also apprentices to learn molding. Bowes, Jamieson & Co., Hamilton. 17c-yvt

CARRIAGE PAINTERS WANTED. APPLY Abbott's Carriage Factory. 19c

CARPENTERS WANTED AT ONCE. Apply S. J. Henry, Thorndale. 19c

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON FARM. Apply A. O'Brien, Fanshawe, lot 8, con. 5, London Township. 19c

BREAD BAKERS WANTED AT ONCE. Apply Johnston Bros., 262 Ottaway avenue. 18tf

ORGANIZERS WANTED. APPLY TO Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

TEN GIRLS WANTED

at once, to learn overall making. Learn in a few lessons, and make big wages. Apply SAINSBURY & CO., 101 King street, wholesale and retail clothiers. b

YOUNG LADY FOR SALES DEPARTMENT of Peters' confectionery. Apply to George Peters, 519 Richmond street. 21c

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, good cook. Apply 52 Toronto Bank building. 21c

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED AT ONCE—No objection to middle-aged lady or lady with one child; a good home and light work; out of city. Box 119, Advertiser. b

GIRLS TO LEARN CAP OPERATING. Fraser Cap Company, Carling street. 21c

EXPERIENCED CAP OPERATORS wanted; best prices and steady work guaranteed. The Gower, Wardle Cap Manufacturing Company, 380 Clarence street. 20c

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT, WHO will go home at night. Apply 289 Queen's avenue. 20c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ACT AS nurse for 2-year-old child. Apply Mrs. Robert Burns, 504 Wellington street. 20c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR LIGHT housework; one to go home nights preferred. Apply 425 Elizabeth stret. 20c

YOUNG GIRL, ABOUT 14, TO ASSIST with light housework. Mrs. Ward Casselman, 500 Dufferin avenue. 20c

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED, ALSO woman to work by the day. Apply Hotel Cecil. 19c

SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS ON caps; also a few girls to learn; steady employment. Forsythe, Fraser & Weir, 184 York street. 19c

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID, ALSO A dishwasher; good wages. Apply at Tecumseh House. 16n

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, SECOND cook, kitchen girl, vegetable girl, dining-room girl. Apply Stewardess, Victoria Hospital. 13tf

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED general servant. Apply Mrs. John Mills, 475 Princess avenue. 13tf

HAND IRONER WANTED. APPLY TO Head Laundress, Victoria Hospital.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INFORMATION WANTED REGARDING investment opportunity, where few thousand dollars could be profitably invested; wish to hear from anyone having stock for sale in industrial or mining proposition; no liquor proposition considered; address by mail only, George H. Currier, Room 164 C, 46 West Monroe street, Chicago, Ill. b

WANTED TO LEASE—A MEDIUM-SIZED grocery store, with dwelling attached, in city or vicinity. Apply Box 116, Advertiser. 20c

POP AND SODA WATER BUSINESS for sale—Tenders will be received by Messrs. Ross & Bixel until the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1909, for the pop and soda water business of Gale & Redmond. This is a going concern, situate in the town of Strathroy, doing a large and growing business, and complete as to plant, machinery and in all other respects. Inspection invited. Sale necessitated by Mr. Redmond's death. Dated at Strathroy this 6th day of July, 1909. Ross & Bixel, solicitors for vendors. 12bu

WANTED.

TWO OR THREE BOARDERS FOR summer, or longer, in pleasant place in country. Apply to Mrs. A. McLachlan, Kertch, Ont. 21u

HOUSE WANTED, MODERN, SEVEN or eight rooms; $2,500 to $3,000. Box 117, Advertiser office. b

WANTED — TWO SECOND-HAND electric desk fans, in good repair; state size and price. Box 113, Advertiser. 21tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

TWO FURNISHED SUMMER COTTAGES to rent at Erie Rest, Port Stanley. Apply S. Goodwin, 408 Talbot street, St. Thomas. 15c-txt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SOLID OAK SIDEBOARD, AT 423 ENGLISH street. b

PIANO FOR SALE — STANDARD American make, cabinet grand, mahogany case, "new," At a bargan. Geo. F. Emerson, district agent London Life Insurance Company, Wortley road south. 21u-t

WHITE MARBLE MANTELPIECE, with grate, complete. Apply 131 Dundas street. b

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, GOOD as new; perfect; will sell cheap; bargain. 892 Queen's avenue. b

FOR SALE, CHEAP—GOOD VERANDAH, with portico. Apply 461 Waterloo street. 21c

FOR SALE — VETERAN'S LAND grant, 320 acres, Northwest land. Buchner & Gunn, 426 Talbot street, London. 15k-tywt

BINDER TWINE FOR SALE, CHEAP. 776 Dundas street. 15n-tyw

FOR SALE—SMALL FRAME HOUSE, for removal; also good doors, frames and timber. Apply 783 Colborne street. 19c

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BUGGY and one delivery wagon. Apply 150 Fullarton street. 17-t

LARGE STOCK OF GOOD SECOND-HAND bicycles; many with coaster brakes and Dunlop tires; easy terms. Cunningham's, East London.

NEW MILCH COW FOR SALE, AYRSHIRE. George Jackson, 87 Wellington street. 15tf

CRESCENT BICYCLE, REFINISHED and nickel-plated, good tires, $15. Gurd's, 185 Dundas.

ICE CREAM

Dealers: Ground Rock Salt will do your work best and cheapest. Ask your wholesale grocer for it, or

A. M. HAMILTON & SON

LONDON, ONT. b

GREEN & CO. 495 YORK STREET, sell good quality fine mixed wood. Dry mixed slabs at $1 50 per load. The best hard and soft coal at the lowest cash price. Phone 1391.

FOR SALE—17-HORSEPOWER TRACTION Engine and new challenge White Separator. No reasonable offer refused. Apply A. R. W. Burrows, Middlemiss, Ontario. 97n-t

PARSONS' FAIR AND HARDWARE

CROWN SEALERS.

Pints, dozen 65c
Quarts, dozen 75c
Half-Gallon, dozen 95c
SCREEN DOORS 85c
SCREEN WINDOWS 15c
TAR PAPER, roll.....45c

TWO ACETYLENE LAMPS with brackets complete, and one tool box for automobile. Will sell cheap.

PARIS GREEN, pound 25c
BUG FINISH, 3 pounds for.....5c
PICNIC PLATES, dozen 5c

'PHONES 1134 and 2961. ywt

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND organs during this month. Pianos at $50, $85, $100, $125, $150, payable 50c a week and up. Organs, $5, $10, $15 to $30, payable $1 month and up. Each fully guaranteed five years. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street, London.

BALED SHAVINGS.

Put up in convenient, space-saving packages, for easy handling. Suitable for horse bedding, etc. Let's show you the goods.

GEORGE H. BELTON, "LUMBERMAN," Rectory St., North Grand Trunk Ry. tx

FOR SALE—WATER BARRELS, 200 gallons capacity. S. F. Lawrason & Co., Adelaide and Nelson streets. 4tf

WIRE GARDEN BORDERS

Reduced prices: 9-inch, 5c per foot; 12-inch, 6c; 15-inch, 7c; 18-inch, 8c; 24-inch, 10c. Call at works, foot of Dundas street.

DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED. ywt

SUNGLEE, THE WONDERFUL HAIR grower and dandruff exterminator. Try it. James Gleeson, 482 York. Phone 2223.

E. McCANN & SONS, DORCHESTER, have just received shipment of posts and shingles. ywt

"The Making of a Photograph"

Our 1909 catalogue is now ready. The most complete and up-to-date catalogue published. A card will bring it.

STEVENSON'S PHARMACY

RICHMOND ST., NEXT OPERA HOUSE ywt

THREE DELIVERY WAGONS, BUGGIES and a first-class organ, cheap. Scott, Oxford street, opposite Barracks. ywt

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

THE OLD UMBRELLA MENDER

has the material, facilities and experience to repair your umbrella with neatness, cheapness and dispatch. A trial order solicited. Keys fitted. Locks repaired. Work called for and delivered.

PERRY DAVID

251 Dundas Street. Phone 2958 ywt

D. TRIPP, 90 KING STREET—FULL stock of boots and shoes. Repairing of all kinds.

You have tried all the rest, now try the best

KING SHOE POLISH

Makes a shine in half the time.

PRICE 10 CENTS WORTH $10.00 ywt

SPEED LATHE FOR SALE, WITH foot power, chuck and attachments. Apply Canadian Electrical Heater Company, 94 Carling street. 6ltf

FOR CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING, painting and rubber-tiring, go to Smith's, Maple street.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

CEMENT BLOCKS FOR SALE

ALL SIZES

R. H. SMITH

15 BRIGHTON STREET. ywt

MISS STRACHAN'S LAUNDRY, REMOVED to 475 King, corner Maitland. Family washings solicited.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-HORSEPOWER electric motor, 250 volts, in good order; cheap. Apply at Job Department, Advertiser office. 7ltf

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

PERFECTION SLIDING FLY SCREENS and Chamberlain's weather strip, sold by C. McDonald, 43 Byron avenue. Phone 2356. wty

CLEARING UP SALE OF EMBROIDERY and Whitewear at cost, at Goodge's Store, London South. tyw

FLEAS AND LICE

Hot weather is here, and so are the fleas, lice, bedbugs and cockroaches. Our Dog Soap will fix them on the dogs, and our Lice Killer will rid them from poultry. Use our Bedbug and Roach Destroyer. MORGAN'S SUPPLY HOUSE, 113 Dundas ywt

STANDARD

For quality, low prices and best terms.

STANDARD HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY.

656 Dundas Street. Open Evenings.

New work a specialty. Furniture and Pianos cleaned and refinished.

JOHN WILSON

HARDWOOD FINISHER.

Hardwood Floors. Estimates given. Iron Beds and Rattan Furniture enamelled, etc. 176 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT. t

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT reasonable prices for cash or on installments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 364 Hamilton road.

ELEVATORS

We make them, and know all about them. Workmanship, material and prices right.

SCOTT MACHINE COMPANY, Ltd

York St., Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds. ywt

GOOD WOOD, $2 PER LOAD, PROMPTLY attended to; well satisfied. Dominion Coal and Wood Company. Phone 1788.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S. Ona, Fish Market. Phone 1296.

CEMENT—We carry only the Best Brands. Get our prices.

HARD WALL PLASTER—We have Anchor Brand—the plaster that sticks. Try it.

WM. COPP

93 YORK STREET. PHONE 1044. ywt

FOR SALE

A few magazines, etc., left for binding, and uncalled for. Selling for price of binding, or less.

CHAPMAN'S BINDERY

91 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 370. tx

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT GOLDBERG'S—$25 worth of furniture and household goods, $1 a week. Also complete line of ladies' and men's clothing. Goldberg's, 251 Wellington street. 58tf

TENT AND HIGH WALNUT GLASS cupboard, at F. Keene's, 15 Masonic Temple, Market Square.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

Kodaks and Supplies

Everything for Amateur and Professional Photographers.

W. A. McKenzie

OVER STAR THEATRE.

Phone 346. Opposite City Hall. tx

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS. Canadian Lady Corset Company, 355 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD HIGH RUBBER-TIRED trap. Gould & Mohan, 253½ Dundas, in rear.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

THE WALKER HOUSE, TORONTO, wants experienced dining-room girls; wages, $18 per month; also experienced chambermaids. Apply Housekeeper. 21n-tyw

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

ELEVEN ACRES, BRICK HOUSE, barn and henhouse, all new; all kinds of fruit and berries; quarter-mile to good village, sixteen miles to London; price, $2,200; good reason for selling. Box 3, Advertiser office, or phone 1913. 21c

NEW SIX-ROOMED HOUSE, JUST furnished, for sale; $10 cash and payable $10 per month. Box 4, Advertiser. b

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

MODERN HOUSE TO LET, EIGHT rooms and kitchen, every convenience, water heating; possession any time. 870 Wellington street. 21u

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, 150 Maple; modern conveniences; central. 21c

TWO-STORY BRICK, ALL MODERN conveniences; rent, $17. Apply 553 Adelaide street. 21c-txt

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 9 rooms, large stable. Apply 491 English street. 21g

TWO HOUSES ON CARTWRIGHT street and shop on York street to rent. W. G. R. Bartram, barrister, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 20u-ty

TO LET—507 DUNDAS STREET, MODERN and up to date; next door for key, or 306 Simcoe. Phone 602. Also stable. b

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 867½ Waterloo street. Apply next door north. 54tf-xty

FRAME HOUSE, 28 HOPE STREET; rent, $10 per month. Apply N. Mills, No. 1 Masonic Temple. 15tf-tyw

FOR RENT—A SMALL HOUSE, ALSO furnished rooms; $1 a week. 376 Ridout street. 19c

STORE AT 174 DUNDAS, WILL BE ready for renting in a month. Apply N. Hrisikos, Alexandra Cafe. 17bu

TO LET—HOUSE AND COTTAGE. APPLY to J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 418½ Talbot street. ywt

THE DOMINION BANK WILL HAVE available for rental three flats over their proposed new premises at the corner of Dundas and Richmond streets. These flats will be entirely renovated, and new plumbing, drainage, wiring and steam heating installed. Early applicants will have their wants attended to in the specifications now being submitted. 85tf

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS—Largest in city. Good storage. 358 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS—Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and pianos carefully moved. W. A. Broughton (successor to John Biggs). Storage, 97 Carling street. Phones: 1163; residence, 1444.

FRONT PARLOR AND OTHER SLEEPING rooms, furnished or unfurnished; housekeeping privileges; gas, electric light, use of phone; rent reasonable. 388 King street. 97tf

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs, 97 Carling

SATURDAY, PROBS: FINE

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

DUNDAS AND RICHMOND STREETS.

SHOP EARLY TODAY—STORE CLOSES AT FIVE.

Let Us Show You the New Shades in "Soie de Nero"

These will give you the cue to what is coming for fall. Avail yourself of this opportunity and get in touch with the advance color creations direct from Lyons, France, which are now being shown at our silk counter in this very popular Silk Suiting, the satisfactory wearing properties of which are too well established to require any further recommendation here. But we want to tell you about and show you the new colors.

"THE NEW GREEN"—A very rich tone of reseda in medium tint. An ideal shade for afternoon, or can be used for evening wear. 34-inch; per yard $1.00

"REAL GOLD"—A new shade on the ochre tint. But a few weeks since this was first shown, and has already created a great demand; 34-inch; per yard.... $1.00

"OCHRE"—This shade belongs to the above gold range, but a deeper tone which means serviceable as well as dressy wear; 34-inch; per yard $1.00

"MOLE"—This is of the dark grey order, with a tinge of brown; popular and serviceable.

"STONE"—This shade will undoubtedly be very popular for fall. A very dark grey of the slate range; 34-inch; per yard..... $1.00

"FLAMINGO"—On the light mulberry tone. A color strongly advocated for fall wear, in Paris and New York; 34-inch; per yard $1.00

ALSO—New colorings in old rose, cadet, navy, pale blue, forget-me-not, etc.

"SOIE DE NERO"—(Raw Silk), 34 inches wide; per yard $1.00

RICHMOND STREET SECTION.

A Word About LINENS

Those who want Linens initialed for fall weddings or Christmas gifts should place their orders now and insure timely delivery. Many are already being executed, as two or three months are usually required for work of this kind. If you have seen any of this special order work, no further inducement need be offered to induce you to intrust your order with us.

Special Orders Direct From the Makers

Buying direct from Ireland's best linen manufacturers, we are in a position to carry out or have executed for you any individual idea in the makeup, initialing or embroidering, etc., and are prepared to give estimates on any special work of this kind.

Our reputation for high-class linens is enviable, and we want everybody to know just how reliable and reasonably-priced all our linens are.

LINENS—SECOND FLOOR.

Attractive Novelty Belts and Beltings

White Embroidered Linen Belts; gilt buckles ..... 25¢
Black Silk Belts, with black buckles; each ..... 25¢, 50¢ and 75¢
Black Silk Belts, extra large sizes.... 35¢
Leather Belts, in tan and black, each ..... 50¢ to $1.25
White Kid Belts ..... 25¢ and 75¢
Fancy Colored Kid Belts, 50¢ to $1.75
Wash Beltings, colored and white, per yard ..... 12¢ to 50¢
Colored Silk Beltings, yard, 35¢ to $1.50
Elastic Beltings, white and black, with steel and jet studdings, per length ..... 75¢ to $1.00
Also mauve, reseda, pale blue and brown; per yard ..... 75¢
A few $1.00 to $1.50 Belts, special, each ..... 79¢

NOTIONS—EAST AISLE

Net and Lace Gloves in Silk and Lisle Thread

Two-clasp White Lisle Lace Gloves, per pair ..... 35¢
Black Lisle Lace Gloves, jersey wrist, per pair ..... 45¢ and 65¢
Mercerized, in white, jersey wrist, per pair ..... 45¢ and 65¢
Also elbow-length in white and black; per pair ..... 45¢ and 65¢
Two-clasp Silk Net Gloves, in black and white; per pair ..... 65¢
Two-clasp Black Frame-Made Silk Lace Gloves, reinforced finger tips and very durable, per pair..... $1.00
Black and White Silk Lace Mitts, per pair ..... 35¢
Black Silk Lace Mitts, per pair..... 25¢

DUNDAS STREET ENTRANCE.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. T. T. Shields, pastor. Services, 11 and 7. Evening subject, "The Way to Greatness."

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—REV. T. B. Clarke, M.A., rector. Services as usual.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. A. K. Birks, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

BE SURE TO HEAR THE SERMON ON "Education of our children" at St. Paul's Church, corner Wellington and Grey streets, Sunday night at 7 o'clock. Good music. 20u

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, "Class welcome." First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

CATHEDRAL, ST. PAUL'S—HOLY Communion, 8:30 a.m. and 11 o'clock. Matins, 10:15; Evensong, 7. Preacher, Rev. J. G. Perdue, M.A.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor, will preach tomorrow. Morning, "Workers With God"; evening, "The Joy of Jesus."

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor. Morning, Communion; evening, Sabbath School, 10 a.m.

CHRIST CHURCH — REV. ROGER Howard, rector. Morning, special children's service; evening as usual; open-air service at 8:15.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. F. E. Malott, pastor. The Rev. D. N. McCamus, of St. Marys, one of the ablest ministers of the Conference, will preach. Miss Reid, Miss Martin and Mr. Pink will sing. All welcome.

CRONYN MEMORIAL CHURCH—Shortened serves on the summer Sunday mornings and evenings. The rector, Canon Dyson Hague will preach. 11 a.m., on Acts xx., 35; 7 p.m., on Matthew v., 20. Holy Communion after evening service.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. Thomas Manning, D.D., pastor. 11 a.m., "Will Ye Also Go Away?" 7 p.m., "Saul the King." Bible School at 2:45.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, Arthur J. Bowen. Morning, "The Lord's Remembrance"; evening, "Unexpected Praise." All welcome.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. George W. Dewey, pastor, will preach morning and evening. Morning, "The Abundant Life"; evening, "The Energetic Word." Strangers and visitors made welcome.

EVANGELIST BELCHER'S SUBJECT, "Why We Should Attend Church on Hot Sabbaths." Special music and singing, Sunday night, York Street Mission. Morning, John Donaldson. Open-air service, 8:30 p.m.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Pastor, Rev. D. S. Hamilton, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All welcome.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

FIRST CHRISTIAN WORKERS' Church, King street—The pastor will conduct both services. Morning subject, "The True God's Acre." In the evening Mr. Will Swayze will farewell for Toronto.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday service at 10:30 a.m. Subject, "Life." Sunday School, 11:40. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every week-day, from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV. R. Whiting, B.A., pastor, will occupy the pulpit morning and evening.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—The Rev. R. W. Dickie, B.A., of Crescent Street Church, Montreal, will preach morning and evening.

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD and Grey street—Sunday School, 2:30 p.m. Evening Gospel meeting at 7. Come. All welcome.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird. Rev. B. L. Hutton will preach morning and evening.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Pastor, Rev. James Rollins, B.A. Rev. Robert McDermid, of Stayner, will preach morning and evening. Strangers welcome.

LATTER-DAY SAINTS—PREACHING at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All welcome.

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—C. M. Carew, pastor. Services as usual.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. W. M. Walker, pastor. Services as usual.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Services, 11 and 7. Rector, Very Rev. E. Davis, D.D.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. James Ross, D.D., minister. The Rev. A. B. Meldrum, D.D., of Cleveland, will conduct the services. Sabbath School meets at 10:15 a.m. during July and August.

THE CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE Evangelist—Rev. W. T. Hill, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All seats free.

ST. PAUL'S GERMAN EVANGELICAL Church—Rev. Reinhard Wobus, 104 High street. Sunday School, 10 a.m. German service, 11 a.m.; English service, 7 p.m.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. A. J. Vining, pastor. Morning subject, "The Old Flag"; evening subject, "A Fight to a Finish." Baptism and Communion at evening service. Seats free. All welcome.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. 10 a.m., regular classes; 11 a.m., Mr. Graham will speak to the Sunday School, special music by Sunbeam Choir, from primary department; 2:45 p.m., Sunday School; 7 p.m., the pastor will preach; special music by regular choir.

TIME TO MOVE

If you do not like the food
At your boarding table,
Place an Advertiser Ad,
Move when you are able.

Only one person to every seven registered voters in New York is a land-owner. Of every nine families of five persons each only one owns land. Of every 1,000 of the population only 25 are land-owners.

BOYS!

Big shipment of "Alger" Books just received. Fifty-four titles to choose from. Splendid holiday reading 25c

The Mallagh Bookshop,

183 DUNDAS STREET.
PHONE 366.

KNOTT & SANGSTER

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650

EASY TERMS. WE HAVE A NUMBER OF PROPERTIES THAT WE CAN SELL WITH ONLY $25 AND $50 DOWN. CALL AND SEE US.

CHELSEA GREEN—WE ARE GOING TO START SELLING THESE LOTS SOON. NOW IS YOUR TIME TO CHOOSE A LOT. $5.00 DOWN AND A SMALL PAYMENT EACH MONTH WILL SECURE A LOT. CALL AND SEE PLAN.

CARFRAE CRESCENT.—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT $12.00 PER FOOT.

HYMAN STREET—SEVERAL MODERN RESIDENCES SPLENDIDLY SITUATED. CALL AND GET PARTICULARS; FROM $3,300 TO $8,000.

RIDOUT STREET—Two-story frame, brick cellar, 8 rooms, chicken coop, lot 66x115 feet. Price, $3,000.

ELIAS STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, modern conveniences. Price, $2,500. Will exchange for 50-acre farm.

HAMILTON ROAD—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 6 rooms, lot 30x90 feet. Price, $925.

BRISCOE STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, 7 rooms, cellar under all of house, wired for electric light, lot 30x100 feet. Price, $1,600. Easy terms.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD — 1½-story brick-veneer, cement foundation and cellar, 9 rooms, wired for electric light, piped for furnace, lot 36x119 feet. Price, $2,300.

BRUCE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 7 rooms, modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

PICCADILLY STREET — 1½-story frame, brick foundation, 9 rooms, bathroom complete, hard and soft water, gas and fixtures. Good cellar. Lot 50x119 feet. Price $2,200.

RICHMOND STREET—2-story brick, house with a lot 83x101.6 feet. Price $4,500.

That desirable property on the north-east corner of Richmond and Oxford streets, on which is situated two residences. This whole property can be purchased for $5,500, or the corner house alone at $4,000, and the house, No. 758 Richmond street, for $1,500. This is a very desirable corner and will sell soon.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—2-story brick, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, fruit. Lot 40x259 feet, verandah. Call for particulars.

COLBORNE STREET—1½-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, cellar full size, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah. Lot 33 1-3 by 150 feet. Price $2,800.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—1¾-story brick veneer, 8 rooms, gas, separate bath and closet, full-sized cellar, first-class furnace, solid oak open stair. Lot 32x133½. Must be sold immediately, owner leaving city. Call for particulars.

WELLINGTON STREET — 1½-story brick veneer, 9 rooms, pantry, water in house. Good barn. Lot 132x247 feet. Call for particulars.

LYLE STREET—2-story semi-detached brick, 8 rooms, bathroom, gas and electric light. Good cellar. Lot 58x100 feet. Price $3,100.

WILLIAM STREET—2¼-story brick, stone foundation, slate roof, cellar full size, large new furnace. Lot 55x132 feet. Brick stable with slate roof. Call for particulars.

VAN STREET—1½-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, hard and soft water, gas, furnace, cellar. Lot 25x215 feet. Barn. Price $2,000.

CENTRAL AVENUE—New 2-story and attic brick residence. First-class in every respect. A fine home. Call at once and get particulars.

TO LET—HIGH STREET: Brick cottage, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, good stable, 1 acre of land; $20 and water rates. Call for particulars.

WOLFE STREET—Two-story and attic brick, slate roof, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah. Call for particulars.

ST. GEORGE STREET—Splendid lots, 33x133. $125 each.

REGENT STREET—A splendid cottage, in good repair; lot 66x165 feet. A bargain, only $1,400.

OXFORD STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, water inside; lot 41x65 feet. Price, $900, on easy terms.

WATERLOO STREET — Two-story brick, 9 rooms, verandah, bathroom complete, furnace; lot 25x150 feet and lane at rear. Price, $2,500.

BOARDING HOUSE CONTENTS, with nine boarders. Call for particulars.

HYMAN STREET—Two-story and attic red pressed brick, cut stone foundation, slate roof, 12 rooms, large verandah and two balconies, all modern conveniences; a fine home. Call at once and get particulars.

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate at 5½ per cent.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—Two-story and attic brick, cement foundation, cement cellar, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, verandah. Call for particulars.

BRUCE STREET—1½-story frame, 7 rooms, hard and soft water and sink in house, gas and fixtures, sewer connections; lot 35x120 feet; fruit trees. Price, $1,450.

LORNE AVENUE—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, lot 27.6x150 feet. Price, $1,100.

LANGARTH STREET — Brick-veneer cottage, cement foundation, 7 rooms, cellar under all, two clothes closets, sink and water in house, connected with sewer; lot 30x119 feet. Price, $1,400.

To Let—846 Colborne street—$18. Newly papered.

CHELSEA GREEN—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, good cellar, sink and water in the house; lot 40x115 feet to a lane. Price, $1,400. Easy terms.

FIVE ACRES near Pottersburg—Frame cottage, new barn, fine garden soil. $1,400.

WATERLOO STREET—Two-story solid brick semi-detached, stone foundation, all modern conveniences. Good investment. Call for particulars.

WATERLOO STREET—(Central.) 2-story brick, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, 4 bedrooms, front and back stairs, good cellar, verandas, furnace, bathroom complete, gas and fixtures, good barn. Only $3,500.

VACANT LOTS on Briscoe street. Call for particulars.

WANTED—FARMS FOR SALE, near London. We have a great number of inquiries. If you have a farm you want to sell list it with us.

FOR RENT—We have a number of houses to rent at a reasonable rental. Call and see us.

SOUTHEAST CORNER RICHMOND and Huron streets, Maitland and Grosvenor, Cheapside and Maitland streets. See these choice corners.

CORNER OF WILLIAM AND OXFORD streets—Best corner in north end.

Also lots in every part of city.

THE BEST VACANT LOTS in the north end. Call for particulars.

VACANT LOTS—Wilson avenue, West London, 33x140 feet, $250; facing on breakwater, 40x140 feet, $200.

OXFORD STREET—The best vacant lots on the street, cheap.

FACTORY SITES on interswitching and main line of G. T. R. First-class sites.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

FARM LAND A SOUND INVESTMENT

An investment in Ontario lands is a solid foundation for future independence. Buy a farm now while farms are so cheap on account of the large number of people who are anxious to sell in order to get to the "West." But this rush will soon be over, and the farms in Ontario will increase greatly in price. Farming is one of the best-paying industries there is, and it affords comfort, enjoyment and health, which many of the other occupations do not. The man with a little capital at his disposal will do well to invest it in farm lands. Now is the time to buy. If you have a house and lot you would like to exchange for a farm, write and let us know, as we have some very good farms to exchange for a house and lot, where the owners, on account of old age or other disabilities, are unable to work their farms any longer. Write at once for a list of the farms we have for sale or exchange. We have a large number suitable for all kinds of farming.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale or exchange:

No. 6085—256-acre dairy farm in the Township of Ancaster, County of Wentworth; soil sandy loam, 6 acres mixed timber, 20 apple trees, 50 peach trees, 50 cherry trees, 1½-story frame house, a number of outbuildings; situated 7½ miles to Hamilton market, half-mile to Ancaster P. O.

No. 6084—150 acres in the Township of Canboro, County of Haldimand; soil clay loam, 100 acres hardwood timber, land slightly rolling, fences in good repair, 1½-story frame house, outbuildings fair; situated nine miles to Dunnville market, four miles to Canfield, G. T. R. station, 1½ miles to Canboro P. O. Price, $4,000.

No. 6082—100 acres in the Township of Charlotteville, County of Norfolk; soil sandy loam, 20 acres timber, 3 acres of orchard, 1¼-story frame house, frame bank barn 28x36, with good stable room, other outbuildings; situated eleven miles to Simcoe railroad station, three miles to Walsh market, railroad station and post-office. Price, $3,000.

No. 5896—100 acres in the Township of Adelaide, County of Middlesex; soil clay loam, 8 acres timber, 1¼ acres of orchard, 1½-story frame house; barn No. 1, 40x60, frame; No. 2, 30x44; drive house and horse stable and hayloft in barn No. 2; hogpen 18x22; situated four miles to Strathroy market and railroad station, half-mile to Amiens P. O.

For further list see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of farms for sale in any county in Western Ontario.

The Western Real Estate Exchange, Ltd

78 DUNDAS STREET. LONDON, ONT.

Telephone 696.

A few specially-attractive properties offered for sale at low prices by A. A. Campbell, 428 Richmond street:

A very choice 50-foot front building lot, Ridout street south, faces east; sewer on street. A beautiful locality for a nice residence.

1½-story brick-veneer dwelling on Princess avenue east, 8 rooms, modern conveniences; built in 1908. Price, $2,200. Easy terms.

If you want to buy or sell any class of real estate we would be pleased if you call and talk the matter over. Our twenty years' experience on the local market is at the service of our clients.

LOANS.

Money loaned in sums of $100 and upwards to pay part of the purchase price, build (money advanced as building progresses), remodel the old house and pay off old mortgages.

A. A. CAMPBELL

Real Estate, Loans and Investments, 428 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

21tf-ty

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY, 12 3-5 ACRES on Proof Line road, 3½ miles from city; postoffice, church and school near; will sell or exchange for city property. Apply T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street. 15tf-ty

ONE OF THE BEST STOCK FARMS IN Ontario, well watered and well built on; only few miles from London; will sell or exchange for city property. Apply S. S. Johnson, 848 Dundas 15tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE, 284 ST. JAMES street, next St. John's Church, in perfect condition. Can be inspected Wednesday and Thursday afternoon, 3 to 5. 9n-3,7,10,14,17,24

FOR SALE—ONE ACRE LAND, HOUSE, barn, fruit and shade trees; convenient to church and school, and in good locality. Miss J. Nichol, Glanworth, Ont. 15c-t

"MONTROSE," LOT 14, CON. B, NORTH Dorchester—Upwards of 200 acres; good soil, fine buildings, practically all new; perfect water supply, a lot of valuable timber; young orchard in bearing, and small fruits; on Hamilton road, London eleven miles, Ingersoll nine, Dorchester 1½ miles, where there is every convenience; school, half-mile. Can be bought right. Come and see it, quick. T. N. Way, Dorchester P. O., Middlesex County. 85g-t

MARKET GARDEN, IN GOOD SHAPE for money-maker, near Chelsea Green; low price, easy terms. W. I. Spettigue, 289 Hill street.

TWO-STORY RED BRICK HOUSE, modern, Duchess avenue, facing Normal School. Apply 31 Beaconsfield avenue. 7ltf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY property—Good 50-acre farm, three miles from Dutton. Apply W. Bernard, 401 Wellington street. Phone 2011. 20c

FOR SALE — 173-ACRE FARM, IN Westminster Township well adapted for dairying. For particulars apply James McLachlan, Glanworth P. O., Ont. 13bu-wty

P. Walsh's Bulletin

WE HAVE THE BEST LOTS, THE highest lots and the cheapest lots, on Ridout street, South London. Brick houses are to be built on the lots we have sold. Sewer, sidewalks, etc. When you get our figures you will buy a lot. All streets full width.

KING STREET—A splendid frame house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, frame barn, lot 40x120 feet. At a low figure.

YORK STREET — Two-story frame house, 6 bedrooms, furnace, good lot. Price, $2,500.

A SPLENDID LOT on corner of Elmwood avenue and Ridout street, for a handsome residence. Call at once.

A NICE GROCERY STORY FOR SALE—Owner going west.

OXFORD STREET—A new red pressed brick house, hot water heating, up to date. Only $4,200.

WORTLEY ROAD, near Normal School—A new two-story red brick house, finished in style, 9 rooms, modern improvements. Inspect at once. Our price is reasonable.

COLBORNE STREET near Oxford street. A new 1½-story brick house, ten rooms, all modern improvements. Lot 33x220 fet. Get ourp rice.

BRIDPORT STREET — A new 2-story red pressed brick house, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern improvements. Get our price. A fashionable location.

HILL STREET—2-story frame house, 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, 2 kitchens, lot 33x165 feet. Price $1,800.

RIDOUT STREET—Very central, two-story brick house, 8 rooms, all modern appointments. Price $3,500.

DREANEY AVENUE—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, good lot, price reasonable.

If you are looking for an up-to-date residence we have several of this class, very central. Get our figures.

We have the best lots in the north end. Look at those lots on the corner of Waterloo and Cheapside streets, also on Wellington and Victoria streets. Four lots on Cheapside and Maitland streets. Get our figures.

BRUCE STREET—A large brick cottage, 7 rooms, three clothes closets, two cellars, furnace, gas, etc. Corner lot. It will pay you to inspect this splendid home.

WILLIAM STREET (near St. James street)—A new brick cottage, three bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, large cellar. Good lot. Price reasonable.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, finished in style, hot water heating; good lot. $3,000.

GROSVENOR STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, corner lot; would make a good grocery stand. Price reasonable.

HILL STREET—A large frame cottage on brick foundation, 7 rooms, good lot, sewer connection. Price, $1,500.

FLORENCE STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms lot 42x165 feet. Price reasonable.

CENTRAL AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick house; double parlors, dining-room, library, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, gas, etc.; lot 38x189 feet. Price, $3,000.

WATERLOO STREET—A new two-story red pressed brick house, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, bathroom, furnace, frame barn; lot 40x129 feet. Price, $3,300.

ST. GEORGE STREET — 1½-story frame house, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, 2 kitchens, in good order; lot 32x117 feet. Price, $1,550.

WATERLOO STREET NORTH—2-story brick house, 9 rooms, in good order. Frame barn, lot 38x268 feet. Price $2,400.

WILLIAM STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, corner lot. Price $2,500.

OUR BEST LOTS in West London are on Wharncliffe road and Macdonald avenue, north of Oxford street.

PICCADILLY STREET — New two-story brick house, 10 rooms, large verandah, all modern improvements, full size lot. Call for price.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, clothes closets, bathroom, furnace; nice lot. At a low figure.

HYMAN STREET — Two new 1½-story brick houses, stone foundation, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, three bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, electric light and gas. At a moderate figure to close bargain.

WELLINGTON STREET NORTH—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms; good lot. Price, $1,700.

QUEEN'S AVENUE, CENTRAL—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern improvements. Price, $3,000. Inspect at once.

IF YOU WANT A QUICK SALE LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. NO EXPENSE UNTIL SOLD.

We have a large list of other properties Call and see us.

P. WALSH

PHONE 1021. 425 RICHMOND ST.

ANDERSON & HATCH

ROOM 22, BANK OF TORONTO CHAMBERS, PHONE 2322.

$2600 —1½-story brick, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, cement stable; lot 50x135.

$2900 —Red pressed brick, 1½-story, 3 bedrooms, modern; central.

$3500 —1½-story brick, central, modern.

$4300 —Two-story and attic, red pressed brick, modern; central.

$6000 Two-story brick, modern; a beautiful home, in the nicest residential part of the city.

$2550 —Hamilton road; two-story modern brick house; on easy payments.

$1000 —1½ - story house, on monthly payments.

$4000 —Oxford street; two-story brick, 5 bedrooms, modern.

$2200 —St. James street; 1¼-story brick, 3 bedrooms, furnace, lot 50x150. Terms, $500 cash.

IF YOU WANT A HOUSE, no matter how large or small, come and see us, as we have houses of every description in all parts of the city, and are sure to suit you. Many houses on easy payments. Money advanced to assist in buying a house or lot, and on easy terms of repayment.

$325 —Two-chair barber shop.

$3500 —Store and tinware business, long established and doing satisfactory business; ill-health cause of selling.

$4200 —General store and dwelling, also store; a grand business.

$1500 —General store, stock and dwelling, horse, wagon, buggy, harness and cutter; good stand.

ONE OF THE BEST COUNTRY GROCERIES in the county for sale; close to London. Inquire quickly.

A MODERN BRICK HOUSE in village close to London; two extra lots; hot and cold water. A beautiful home for retired farmer.

1½-STORY COTTAGE FOR SALE, on mothly payments.

Money to loan.

G. A. HATCH, Auctioneer.

J. G. ANDERSON, Insurance Effected.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

1¾-STORY FRAME HOUSE, IN GOOD state of repair; ground floor, hall, parlor, dining-room and kitchen; second floor, hall, 4 bedrooms and closets; convenient to cars, in one of the most desirable locations in ward 3; price, $1,800; $100 cash and balance $15 monthly. Box 120, Advertiser. 21tf

KNOLLWOOD PARK, MODERN eight-room house, $1,000, or moderate rent. Scott, Oxford street. 3bu-ty-w

SIX-ROOM BRICK COTTAGE, EGERTON street; $100 cash, balance monthly payments. Colby, 117 Masonic Temple. 7bu-wty

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor. Bank Toronto Chambers.

Real Estate

For Sale—House and two large lots, at a bargain; on Emery street.

For Sale—Brick cottage and large lot; a great snap; Lovett street.

For Sale at a Bargain—Large frame cottage and good lot, Colborne street.

For Sale — New frame cottage on Mathune street.

For Sale—1¼-story brick house and large lot, St. James street.

For Sale—New cement block house, in beautiful condition; Wellington road.

For Sale—Two beautiful lots on High street.

For Sale—1½-story brick house, St. James' Park.

For Sale—Frame cottage, St. James' Park.

For Sale—Brick cottage and good lot, Inkerman street.

For Sale, at a Bargain—Frame cottage, on easy terms; Palace street.

For Sale—New 1½-story brick house at a bargain; on Miles street.

For Sale—1½-story double house, Ontario street.

For Sale — Two-story double frame house, Clarence street.

For Sale—Brick cottage, at a bargain; Lorne avenue.

For Sale—Frame cottage, Forward avenue.

For Sale—1½-story brick house, Hyman street.

For Sale—New frame cottage, stable, pigpen and henhouse; Chelsea Green.

For Sale—New modern house, brick, Windsor avenue.

For Sale—Two frame cottages, Hill street.

For Sale—Two nice lots, Elias street.

For Sale—Two-story brick house; can be bought right; on Chelsea Green.

For Sale on Easy Terms—Two nice lots, Cronyn Park.

These are a few of my large list of properties for sale. See me before you purchase, and if I cannot suit you I will build to suit you.

To Let—Modern house, Burwell street, near Dundas street.

To Let—New frame cottage.

To Let—Two-story frame house.

Call, phone or write.

SAMUEL WILSON

Real Estate and Fire Insurance Agent and Building Contractor.

OFFICE: 137 WELLINGTON ST., London, Ont.

CITY PROPERTY

Red pressed brick, on Hellmuth avenue. $4,600.

Cottage on Carleton avenue. $1,300.

Cottage on Piccadilly. $750.

Two-story house and good garden, modern, South London, ten minutes' walk from market. $1,800.

Two cottages on Dufferin avenue, near Ontario. Cheap for quick sale.

Two lots on Walnut street, close to cars. Cheap.

New brick on Wharncliffe road, modern. $2,375.

$1,000 buys house on Blackfriars street. Move quick.

We have some very fine property on Askin street, also on St. James street and Dundas.

Two stores on Dundas street, west of Talbot. Price, $6,500.

This is just a partial list. Call at office before buying.

LONDON REAL ESTATE

414 TALBOT STREET.

Phone 1013, House. Office, 1895K. b

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

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VERNE L. HEWER, CONCERT BARITONE — Vocal instructor, Alma College. Absolute voice production, breathing and singing. Headquarters, Hewer's Male Quartette and Concert Company, 211 Dundas street, London.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES —Knott & Sangster, real estate brokers, Room 101, Masonic Temple.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES —M. P. McDonagh, barrister, 418 Talbot.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

C. S. TAMLIN, V.S.—OFFICE AND hospital, 453 Talbot. Phone 865; residence 768.

DR. J. L. SCOTT, OFFICE AND HOSPITAL, 348 Talbot street. Phone 2050; residence, 2998. Manufacturer of Dr. Scott's Instant Louse Killer and Poultry Compound.

TENNENT & McDONALD, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 137 King street; residence and infirmary, King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 668; residence, 278.

ARCHITECTS.

REMOVAL — GEORGE CRADDOCK, architect, 461 Talbot.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, 111 (first floor), Masonic Temple. Phone 1557.

MOORE, HENRY & MUNRO, ARCHITECTS, CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, ALBION BUILDING.
JOHN M. MOORE. FRED. HENRY. J. VICAR MUNRO.

GARMENT CUTTING.

WE FURNISH DESIGNING TUITION, full or part course, as students desire. School open afternoons and evenings. For particulars address Cutting School, 243 Dundas street.

BROKERS.

WANTED—LONDON AND WESTERN Trust shares. John Wright, stock-broker, 437 Richmond street, London. Phone 693.

SIGNS.

"THE SIGNRY," MARLEY & WEEKES, at the old stand, 272 Dundas street. Original signs, show-cards. Phone 1846.

OUTDOOR ADVERTISING SIGNS OF all kinds. Phone 2943. Jenkins Sign Company, 388 Richmond, upstairs, opposite City Hall.

PHYSICAL INSTITUTE.

R. C. BARKLIE, PHYSICAL CULTURIST—Specialty, body-building. Phone 2565. Corner Maple and Talbot.

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For City or Country Service. Parties a Specialty.

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LONDON JUNCTION. b

ELECTRO-PLATING, NICKEL AND antique finishing our specialty. Bicycle parts renickeled. Beltz, 94 Carling.

CARPETS REMODELLED, CLEANED and laid promptly; all hand work. W. Thorne, 839 York street. Phone 1764.

HOTEL CARDS.

KING EDWARD HOTEL (LATE BRITANNIA House), corner Wellington and York. Remodelled. J. H. Cook, proprietor.

HOTEL WINDSOR, OPPOSITE MARKET, London — Rates, $1 to $1 25. Charles James.

HOTEL HARRISON — GOOD MEALS and good rooms. Rates reasonable. King and Talbot. t

RATES, ONE DOLLAR AND UPWARD, at Hotel Harrison, King and Talbot streets. v

METROPOLITAN HOTEL—$1 AND UPWARD. Dundas and Wellington. Wm. J. Wright, proprietor.

DUKE OF YORK HOTEL
DUNDAS STREET EAST.
RATES, $1.25 AND UPWARD
J. M. YOUNG - Proprietor.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. WHITE, GRADUATE LOS ANGELES College of Osteopathy, member Ontario and American Osteopathic Association. Acute and chronic diseases. Telephone 2623. Office, 212 Dundas street.

DR. SAGE, GRADUATE AMERICAN School Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. 254 Queen's avenue.

HEDLEY V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC physician. Consultation free. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

DERMATOLOGY.

COMBINGS WANTED — SELL YOUR combings, any shade. 223½ Dundas street. ywt

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 214, Masonic Temple. tzx

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS—HAIR GOODS, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

EDUCATIONAL.

Office Help

We teach a first-class system, and turn out expert stenographers. The demand for our graduates is greater than the supply. Now is the time to join our classes, and get ready for a good situation. We have an opening just now in Manitoba, at $65 a month, and want a good girl to fill it.

Western Business College
110 Dundas Street.
W. C. COO, C.S.R., Principal. yt

HIGHFIELD SCHOOL
HAMILTON.
Reopens Sept. 10

An ideal school for small boys. Extensive grounds. Very successful in matriculation and R. M. C. Prospectus from J. H. Collinson, M.A., Cambridge. 15n-t

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Alma's aim is a thorough education of girls and young women which shall make possible lives of culture and usefulness in home, with emphasis upon necessity of good health. Alma's endowment makes rates reasonable; the rates vary according to studies. Free Booklet tells interesting story of Alma College. Drop a card for it to-day. 5

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Queen's University and College KINGSTON ONTARIO.

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EDUCATION
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Students registering for the first time before October 21st, 1909, may complete the Arts course without attendance

For Calendars, write the Registrar,

GEO. Y. CHOWN, B.A.
Kingston, Ontario.
12 91h-t

ONTARIO LADIES' COLLEGE And Conservatory of Music and Art Whitby Ontario (Trafalgar Castle)

Palatial buildings, acknowledged to be unequalled in Canada by those of any other Ladies' School or College; ideal location in a Collegiate town near Toronto, giving to those who desire it easy access to city concerts; magnificent College property embracing one hundred acres, and having a campus sufficiently large to enable all students to play at the same time without interfering with each other; gymnasium, 60 x 60 feet; careful home and social training that will be likely to impart the essentials of good manners under most refined Christian influences; last, but not least, the recognized leadership, staff, equipment and courses of study. Take note of the fact that few others of Dominion reputation are at the head of the various departments. It will pay you to consider the above special advantages and send for calendar to the

REV. J. J. HARE, Ph.D., Principal.

FEARING CANNIBALS

Sydney, N. S. W., July 15. — The steamer Tafua came in here bringing five survivors of the Norwegian bark Errol, from Chimbote, April 1, for Newcastle, N.S.W., which was wrecked June 18 on Middletop Reef. Seventeen of the ship's company, including Captain Andreason, his wife and four children, lost their lives when the ship was wrecked.

The survivors tell a story of fearful privations resulting from the lack of food and water. One of them alleges that the captain's wife threw her children overboard because she feared cannibalism.

THE ECLIPSE STAKES.

Sandown Park, England, July 16. — The 2nd renewal of the Eclipse stakes of 1,000 sovereigns, for 3 and 4 year olds, distance one mile and a quarter, was run here today, and won by Mrs. Fairie's Bayardo. Royal Realm, owned by W. Hall Walker, was second. Leopold Rothschild's Santo Strato third. Four horses ran.

INSURANCE.

THE ARCHIBALD McPHERSON INSURANCE AGENCY
P. M. MILLMAN.
Fire, Accident and Plate Glass. 105 Masonic Temple. Phone 745.

G. M. GUNN & SON—ESTABLISHED 1859. General insurance agents. Ten fire companies. Next Free Press. Phone 321.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 485 Richmond. Phone 1344. Goods called for and delivered. Our prices are very lowest that we can do first-class work for; others may be cheaper, but you do not get quality of work. xt

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SWINDLING COUNT CAUGHT

Festetics, Head of Gambling Gang, Arrested at Ostend.

Paris, July 16.—The arrest at Ostend of the young Count Andor Festetics, son of an ex-minister of Austria-Hungary, practically rounds up a gang of successful crooks who have troubled the continental police for some time. Festetics was head of the combination, which included three Austrians, one Englishman and one Italian, who is now locked up in Paris.

The young count is a black sheep and forsook diplomacy for the career of Chevalier d'Industrie. He spent his time in gambling houses and developed extraordinary skill in the manipulation of cards. His methods proved so profitable that he extended his sphere of operations and formed a partnership with other clever rascals, all of whom frequented only the best clubs in Europe, into which Festetics, because of his distinguished family connections, obtained admission. The owners of gambling houses often found it advantageous to employ the services of these up-to-date swindlers, the terms being a division of the spoils. When times were dull in the clubs and gambling houses Festetics and his gang worked the fashionable hotels, occasionally indulging in the vulgar sport of pocket-picking.

The French police recently captured Festetics' associates, but he escaped to Belgium, where he has just been caught at his old tricks and his picturesque career is interrupted for a time.

'DEAD AND BURIED' MAN COMES HOME HUNGRY

Finds Wife in Mourning for Drowned Man She Mistook Him For.

New York, July 16.—James P. Hoover sauntered into his flat, at No. 254 Neilson avenue, New Brunswick, and noted that his wife, dressed all in black, keeled over on the couch, screeching, at his entrance. He noted also that there had been erected upon the mantel top a fine black bordered card, filled in with his name at the top, and containing underneath this tender requiem in beautiful gilt type:

"A treasured one from us has gone;
A voice we loved is still;
A place is vacant in our home
Which no one else can fill."

Hoover put the mourning card back on the mantelpiece, dashed several tablespoonfuls of water into the face of his still screaming wife; then lifted her to a sitting posture on the lounge and asked:

"What'd I die of, Maggie, and when did I pass away?"

"O, Jimmie!" shrieked the hysterical "widow." "You've come back to me—back

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LONDON, SATURDAY, JULY 17.

BRITISH SOCIAL PROGRESS.

A recently published British blue-book, dealing with the progress in public health and social conditions in the United Kingdom during the last half-century, serves to show how baseless is the talk sometimes heard of British decadence and danger of national and imperial retrogression Facts and figures are quoted in the book showing steady and remarkable progress, and that science, invention, education and wise legislation have been strongly in evidence throughout the fifty years

Betwen 1851 and 1908 the population of England has almost doubled, in spite of enormous emigration, Ireland being the only part of the kingdom showing a decline. It is further shown that the average length of life is greater than it was in the earlier period, that infant mortality for those under one year has been reduced from 150 per 1,000 births to 118; that there has also been a gain in the case of children under five years of age; that typhoid and smallpox have almost been stamped out; that the death rate from tuberculosis has been reduced more than one-half; that the mortality has been lessened perceptibly in ninety of the ninety-five groups of occupations, and that there has been a decline from 50 per 1,000 to 15.3 in outdoor pauperism.

In the condition of the masses there has been distinct improvement. There is less congestion, better housing and improved sanitation, while more intelligent supervision is exercised by health officials.

Another advance which means much to the Englishman is the progress in the general standards of living. Child labor is on the decline, fewer boys and girls being now found in employment. No children between the ages of 5 and 10 years of age are now employed, whereas quite a number of such were returned as "occupied" half a century ago. There has also been a decline in the proportion of wage-earning children under 15 years.

With an increase of about 40 per cent in wages there has been a fall of about 24 per cent in prices, —so that the purchasing power of the workingman's pay has risen considerably.

The fact that there has been no change in the average lack of employment emphasizes the necessity of such advanced legislation as is now contemplated by the Government, namely, labor exchanges and insurance against unemployment, sickness and accident, and it is hoped that improved poor laws and wiser relief systems, when put in force, will lessen the evils of indoor pauperism, which appears to have been kept pace with the population.

BRITAIN AND THE CONGO STATE.

British and United States consular reports show that, if the Belgian Government has put forth any efforts to suppress slavery in the Congo State, they have not thus far been effective. According to official correspondence recently published in London the Belgian minister communicated a lengthy memorandum in which reference was made to the lofty conception which Belgium has formed of the mission conferred upon her in Africa, as well as her determination to develop her colonial enterprise in harmony with the interests of civilization and in conformity with her international obligations. The further statement is made that the Belgian Government hopes it will be understood how painful it is for the Belgian people to see their intentions called in question after the innumerable proofs which have been given of their love of civilization. They are resolved, the memorandum adds, to develop and advance the great work accomplished by the founder of the independent state, despite the slender means at his disposal.

To this the British foreign secretary, Sir Edward Grey, replied that the British Government considers that the restriction or destruction of native rights in the Congo State has prevented those opportunities for trade in the produce of the soil which were expected to be available for British subjects under treaty, but it is much more concerned to see an end put to the system of forced labor and taxation in kind which accompanies the destruction of native rights. This question, Sir Edward points out, is not one of argument, but of fact. The export of rubber has not fallen off, and no reports have reached the British Government to show that the amount of forced labor and illegal or excessive taxation exacted from the natives have diminished. The British Government is anxious to recognize the Belgian Government of the Congo, but declines to do so until it is clear that the abuses of taxation and forced labor, including the system carried out by the Kasai Company, have ceased, and that the treatment of the natives in these respects has been assimilated to that which is found in other European colonies.

Meanwhile, British subjects are unable to enter the Congo or trade in the natural produce of the soil, and the British Government feels that it cannot withhold its support should complaints reach it from British subjects who may be prevented from trading owing to the fact that the natives are deprived of the right to sell the natural produce of the soil. The British Government is now anxiously awaiting reports from the Congo which will show that the Belgian Government has succeeded in stopping the system of forced labor which has hitherto prevailed, and which is indefensible.

BANQUET ENTIRELY OF POTATOES.

[London Chronicle.]

One of the most remarkable menus ever drawn up must have been that of the feast to which Franklin, Lavoisier, and other distinguished men sat as guests of Parmentier. Every dish at this banquet was made of potatoes, and even the brandy and liquors were the product of the same vegetable. This was Parmentier's final proof to his skeptical fellow countrymen that potatoes were not poison, as they persisted in believing. Louis XVI. himself was one of Parmentier's earliest converts, granted him land on which to grow his plants, and did not disdain to wear the potato flower in a buttonhole. Then Parmentier cleverly posted guards round his potato fields by day and withdrew them by night, so that people were tempted to come then, steal, eat, and be convinced. The all-potato banquet was the climax of the great campaign.

FAMILY PHYSICIAN BY CONTRACT.

[Newark Star.]

A subject brought up at the annual meeting of the American Academy of Medicine at Atlantic City was that of the adoption of the contract physician plan, by which families with small incomes can have the services of a regular physician for periods of a year by payment of an annual fee for medical attention. The plan is in vogue in European countries, and in many special cases in this country. In very many cases a family will not, for economic reasons, call in a physician in the early stages of sickness, and does so only when the illness takes a serious turn. If a contract existed the physician would be called at once and might be enabled to arrest a disease by prompt attention, where otherwise death would result.

FLAG FOOLS.

[Philadelphia Record.]

On the Fourth of July an Italian in one of our towns, as an act of courtesy to the country in which he lived, displayed the flag of his own nationality, and an American, who is a fool, but thinks he is a patriot, shot it to pieces. We are glad to know that a police magistrate fined him $25. An Hungarian put out his flag and an excited mob of American patriots compelled him to hang the American flag over the flag of his country. An English captain in Stamford, Conn., displayed the British flag as a courtesy to an American holiday, and the police induced him to take it down to prevent a riot. And yet some specimens of the most idiotic variety of American idiotic patriots go into a British city and insult the country they are visiting by driving around the streets with two English flags trailing in the dirt! It is a great pity that they did not receive the treatment their unspeakably bad manners deserved.

PORT ARTHUR BARRACKS A SCHOOL.

[Japan Mail.]

It is a curious aftermath of the great war between Russia and Japan and of the vast programme of ambitious aggression which culminated in the war that the Japanese Government has decided to convert the Russian barracks at Port Arthur into a high industrial school (koka gakudo). The fact is announced by the Official Gazette, and the numbers and ranks of the officials forming the faculty of the school are detailed. The institution is to be under the jurisdiction of the governor-general of Kwantung. The destination of these spacious barracks had long been a subject of discussion and conjecture, and the Japanese Government is to be congratulated on the use to which it has finally determined to put them.

FALSE NEWS.

[Chicago Record-Herald.

Do the best it can, no newspaper can present news which will always be accurate by every test. Reporters are fallible and the people they deal with in getting information are fallible, and mistakes from both sources are bound to creep in. The newspapers usually get the blame, even when the fault is in no way their own or that of any of their agents. The man who gives a false impression of himself, or who deliberately misrepresents the facts to a paper, usually hides himself behind denunciations of the press for the very faults he is to blame for. This is not said to give the press a clean bill of health, but only to distribute the blame equitably.

INDORSE WELLS OBJECT TO EXTRAS

Real Estaters Say $95,000 for Main Extension Should Be Killed.

JUNKETS CONDEMNED

City Has Never Had One Dollar's Return From Any One of Them, Say the Members of the Association.

The Real Estate Owners' Association had a lively meeting last evening and discussed a number of issues that are before the public at present. Before the session opened for regular business eight new members were initiated.

The first item taken up was the water problem, and the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, that this association approve of that portion of the water bylaw submitted by Mr. Beck; but do not approve of the other sections of the bylaw calling for $95,000 for mains extension. We think the ratepayers should show by their votes a decided record on this question as to whether it shall be pure spring water or filtration of the river at five times the cost."

The opinion was generally expressed that any money the water commission are asking for should not be granted, as the fire underwriters cannot and will not accept any section of the scheme as outlined.

"A Straight Steal."

"Adding $25,000 to the Beck debenture is simply a straight steal," said one member, warmly. "Realizing that they can get no money on their own scheme, the commission are simply trying to steal a ride on the spring water wagon. This $25,000 could have been spent as suggested by Mr. Beck, to better advantage in meters or in supplementary pumping machinery. That would have given sufficient pressure on the present system during times of fire to meet the standard pressure requirements of the fire underwriters. The principal trouble is not so much more water, as to increase the pressure."

A Suggestion.

Another member suggested that with automatic check valves placed in the Springbank main connections the Beck-Lyons scheme could raise the city pressure to any amount required, providing the necessary pumping units were installed. This could be done at a very small cost, compared with what the commissioners ask the ratepayers to spend.

About Junkets.

The following resolution was also passed:

"Resolved, that this association fails to see what benefits have ever been derived from aldermanic junkets to municipal conventions. Also the spectacle of the whole council going to Toronto on the Niagara power question is about on a par with the six aldermen who went after the assistant engineer."

Some pointed remarks were made regarding the municipal trip to Medicine Hat.

"For several years this fool business has been indulged in," said a member, "and not a dollar of good has ever come to London for the hundreds it has cost the taxpayers."

Regarding the Niagara power problem the idea of the whole council going to Toronto was considered another deliberate waste of money.

AN ACTRESS DROWNED

Miss Jeanne Dolan Meets Death in the River at Peoria.

Peoria, Ill., July 16.—Jeanne Dolan, well known as a musical comedy actress in Richard Carle's various companies, and her brother, James Dolan, of Chillicothe, were drowned off the island opposite Columbia Park this afternoon while fishing. In company with Dick Arnold, a fisherman, they rowed across the river, and at 10 o'clock, after having set their lines, they decided to change seats in the boat. The craft capsized, all three going into the water. The brother and sister were drowned, while Arnold managed to safe himself, after trying vainly to save the others.

BETTER OFF DEAD.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 16. — Edward Cooper, a mason, 62 years old, shot Mrs. Lavina Lamson today, and committed suicide by cutting his throat. The woman will probably recover. The police believe that Cooper, who had for a time been an inmate of the state insane asylum here, mistook the victim for his daughter Elizabeth, and shot her in an irrational fancy that the young woman, who had been in poor health, would be better off dead.

Mrs. Lamson was shot as she came up the basement stairs Cooper, who stood at the top, used a double-barrelled gun, and emptied both barrels into the woman's body. Mrs. Lamson was on friendly terms with the Cooper family, and no reason appears why the dead man should have shot her.

MOTHER EDDY'S BIRTHDAY.

Boston, July 16. — Mrs. Baker G. Eddy, founder and leader of the Christian Science denomination, passed her 88th birthday today at her residence at Chestnut Hill. According to custom the anniversary passed without any public observance. Members of Mrs. Eddy's household said that "The Mother," as she is known by her followers, was in splendid health and was attending to her affairs with her usual vigor.

Homeseekers' Excursions to Western Canada.

Via, Chicago, July 27, Aug. 10 and 24, Sept. 7 and 21, via Sarnia and Northern Navigation Company; steamers leave Sarnia 3 p.m., July 28 and Aug. 11 and 25, Sept. 8 and 22. Return limit 60 days.
Winnipeg and return $32 00
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Proportionate rates to other points.
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75c Ladies' White Cambric Skirts, three frills, lace-trimmed. Regular 75c. Reduced to ..... 50¢
90c Ladies' White Skirts, tucked muslin frills. Regular 90c. Reduced to ..... 65¢
$1.25 Ladies White Skirts, trimmed with heavy, wide lace and insertion; $1.25. Reduced to ..... 87½¢
$1.50 Ladies' White Skirts, valenciennes trimming folds, and valenciennes insertion; $1.50. Reduced to $1.10

$2.00 Skirts for **$1.50**; $2.50 Skirts for **$1.65**; $3.50 Skirts for **$2.97**; $4.00 Skirts for **$2.98**; $5.00 Skirts for **$3.50**; $6.00 Skirts for **$4.00.**

Kingsmill's Special Whitewear Sale

CORSET COVERS, DRAWERS, NIGHTGOWNS, CHEMISETTES—ALL AWAY DOWN IN PRICE.
GREAT REDUCTIONS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT IN THE HOUSE.

KINGSMILL'S

TAFT STEPS INTO TARIFF FIGHT

Once More Insists That Revision Shall Be Downward.

AS PROMISED ELECTORS

Gets Out After the Necessary Votes to Carry Out His Views.

Washington, July 16. — The White House was stormed today by a delegation of 23 Republican congressmen who spent an hour and a half with the President telling him that their political lives depended on the protection of raw materials. It has become pretty generally known about the capital that the President has expressed himself quite freely as favoring the free entry of hides, oil and coal, and material reduction on lumber, etc.

Many of the congressmen who composed the delegation represent southern districts. They told the President almost tearfully that they had been elected on the theory that they would protect raw materials in which their people were interested, and that if the party failed to do this their districts would flop back again into the Democratic column. The range of the discussion covered every variety of raw material and when it was all done and through with the President stated his position.

He said that he favored protection where protection was necessary, and that where protection no longer was needed he was in favor of greatly reducing the duty, or removing it altogether. "It is merely a question of facts, gentlemen," the President said to the congressmen, "and in the light of facts we all want to try to do the right thing."

Taft Steps In.

At the outcome of a talk which he had on the subject with Chairman Aldrich, of the senate finance committee, and Chairman Payne, of the House ways and means committee, who are the leading members of the tariff bill conference, a virtual agreement was reached that if Mr. Taft could not get the votes necessary to put through what he desired in the way of downward revision, the tariff conferees would agree to recommend exactly what he wanted.

So Mr. Taft started in to get the votes. From now on he will devote himself to personally attempting to bring over to his side those Republican members of the Senate and the House who are in favor of putting hides, coal, oil and iron ore on the free list, and to a reduction in the duty on lumber. Members of the tariff conference committee are pessimistic as to the result of the President's undertaking, but Mr. Taft does not appear to be dismayed, and at the cabinet meeting today showed great confidence in his ability to win over enough Republican congressmen to insure the accomplishment of the end he desires.

ONE ON THE COMPANY.

Toronto, July 16.—Agnes Martindale, a young woman, appeared in the police court this morning, charged by the Toronto Railway Company with refusing to pay a fare.

Mr. Nix, for the railway, called a conductor to prove that Miss Martindale tendered a transfer half an hour late. Other evidence was piled up, and then Miss Martindale quietly produced her time ticket, showing that she was at work at the time the conductor swore the transfer was punched for. The young lady had no lawyer, but she required none, as the case was promptly dismissed, and she was advised to ask compensation for loss of time from the company.

MAY SUCCEED LUMSDEN.

Ottawa, July 16.—It is stated on good authority that W. F. Tye, at one time chief construction engineer of the C. P. R., has received the offer of the position of chief clerk of the N. T. R., in succesison to Hugh Lumsden, resigned, and may accept.

SHERIFF RAN GAUNTLET WITH STRIKE PRISONERS

Fusillade of Shots From Mob, But He Landed His Men in the Jail.

Pittsburg, July 16.—A proposition towards a settlement of differences, coming from 5,000 striking workmen through Sheriff Gumbert, of Pittsburg, to the Pressed Steel Car Company, was refused by the latter tonight, who said there would be no compromise; that all the striking workmen had already been discharged and not one of them would ever be re-employed. President Hoffstot was most bitter in his denunciation of the strikers. He declared that as soon as the authorities restored peace work at the mills would be resumed in full.

Rioting was resumed at the McKee's Rocks' plants. All night there had been held in two box cars in the yards of the plant 22 alleged strike leaders, arrested yesterday in the different riots by the state constabulary.

Thousands held all-night watch by the mill gates with clubs and guns, announcing that they would not permit the cars to be moved toward Pittsburg.

About daybreak Sheriff Gumbert mounted the cab of a locomotive inside the grounds and had it dropped quietly against the two jail cars.

The sheriff carried a riot gun.

A dozen state constables mounted the cars, which were suddenly jerked out of the yards past the half-sleeping watchers, who took many shots at the disappearing train, but no one was injured.

The men were landed in the Pittsburg jail and later in the day held under heavy bail for a hearing.

Hereafter, it was announced, the mounted state constables would shoot to kill. This notice had its effect on the mob today to a degree.

The great row of the day occurred at 3 p.m., when the rumor got abroad that the strike-breakers were being brought into the town in the different street cars.

From that time forth street cars were stopped wherever seen and the passengers were compelled to get off and walk.

THREE MEN PERISH WHEN LAUNCH SINKS

Glen Falls, N. Y., July 16.—Within sight of friends who watched them from the shore as they battled with the waves of Lake George, Rev. John Laubenheimer, of Albany, lecturer of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, of New York State; Hiram Philo, of Glen Falls, and Jos. Hanson, of Wilmington, Del., were drowned last night by the capsizing of a 32-foot gasoline launch. Philo was an engineer on one of the Lake George steamers, and Hanson, a negro, had the launch in charge.

The party left Sabbath Day Point, 20 miles from the head of the lake, to meet Mrs. G. A. Larger, owner of the launch, and family at Lake George village. They headed for the middle of the lake, and had gone about two miles when a heavy wind and rainstorm overtook them. The boat was handled without difficulty until the engine refused to work.

Helpless in the gale the launch, which had been heading against the wind, swung around and was overturned, and went down bow first, carrying the three men with it.

GERMAN BRIGANDS MAKE BIG HAUL

Hold Up Travellers on the Russian Frontier and Get $15,000.

Berlin, July 17.—Brigands held the highway between Augustowo and Lipsk on the Russo-German border, week, and captured some 50 or 60 travellers, whom they robbed of money and secured in the aggregate about $15,000. Most of the victims were horse dealers on their way to the annual horse market at Lipsk. One of the exploits of the highwaymen was to seize a toll gate house. They bound the keeper and his wife, and stationed one of their number, dressed in the gatekeeper's uniform. Peasants were allowed to pass on the payment of the usual fee, but prosperous looking travellers were overpowered, and robbed and then imprisoned in the attic of the gatekeeper's house or the outbuildings, while their horses and vehicles were assembled in the walled court yard.

After the total of forty persons, rejjeved of their money, had sufficed the bandits gathered together the best animals and made their departure, but before they left they shot dead, in sight of the others, a man named Fahl, of Augustowo, who had offered resistance. The son of the gatekeeper returned late in the afternoon and released the prisoners.

The German Government has taken up the matter with the Russian authorities.

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REV. D. B. M'DONALD DEAD

Was a Well-Known Minister of the Presbyterian Church.

St. Catharines, July 16. — A death which will cause universal regret throughout the whole of the Dominion occurred this morning, when Rev. Donald Barclay Macdonald, formerly pastor of Haynes Avenue Presbyterian Church, passed away. Deceased was born in London Township, Middlesex County, Ont., in 1852, and educated in the schools there. He graduated from Toronto University and Knox College in 1882, and was ordained a minister on the 21st of April of the same year. His first charge was at Mount Albert, where he went as pastor to St. Andrew's and Zion congregations, Scarboro' Township, where he remained for eighteen years. In 1907 he received and accepted a call to Haynes Avenue Church, this city, where he entered upon a very successful pastorate, which was terminated after ten months' of faithful labor through his being stricken with paralysis, from which he never fully recovered. For the past two months he had been in bed, and he had been unconscious for the last few days.

Besides the sorrowing widow, who was Miss Marianne Jardine, Middlesex County, Mr. Macdonald is survived by four sons and two daughters. The sons are Dr. W. J., one of the leading physicians of this city; Dr. F. C., Midland; J. J., Toronto, and L. J., in the States. Miss Jean Annie resided at home. Deceased was a brother of Mr. J. A. Macdonald, editor of the Globe, and is survived by two other brothers, Edward Summer, of the State of Washington, and John Reginae. Two sisters survive, Mrs. John Beaton, Vancouver, and Mrs. J. S. Mathers, Edmonton. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon. A public memorial service in Haynes Avenue Church is being arranged.

REVENUE FOR JUNE NEARLY $80,000,000

Ottawa, July 16.—For the month of June the revenue of the Dominion was $7,978,898, an increase of $1,039,441 as compared with June of last year. For the first quarter of the current fiscal year the revenue was $21,592,872, an increase of $2,754,033 as compared with the first three months of last year. The customs revenue for three months was $13,021,407, an increase of $3,133,109.

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC,
STOMACH CRAMPS,
CHOLERA MORBUS, CHOLERA INFANTUM,
SEASICKNESS, SUMMER COMPLAINT
and all LOOSENESS OF THE BOWELS

MAY BE RAPIDLY AND EFFECTUALLY CURED BY THE USE OF

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

The medicine with a record of cures extending over 65 years. Yon don't experiment when you buy it.

MRS. JOSEPH MATCHETT, Huntsville, Ont., writes; "It gives me much pleasure to write you of the wonderful benefit I have found in your medicine. Last summer it saved the lives of my three little ones. They all took the summer complaint and were very sick with it. The baby would take fits, and after trying many remedies, which were of no use, I suggested we should try Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. After giving them one bottle I found a great change, and now my little ones are as well as ever. We have never been without it since, and I have recommended it to my friends."

MRS. S. A. HARRISON, Napanee, Ont., writes: "I take great pleasure to send you this testimonial of what Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has done in our family. My daughter's little girl, three years old, took summer complaint and was nearly dead. After all other remedies failed I thought of your remedy. The first dose gave relief and the third cured her. My son had diarrhoea and a few doses stopped it right away. I advise all mothers to have a bottle of 'Dr. Fowler's' on hand all the time. It is a grand medicine for young and old, and I cannot recommend it too highly in all trouble where the bowels become too loose. A few doses will check the trouble at once."

Refuse Substitutes. Price 35 cts. They're Dangerous. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Red Rose Tea

"Is Good Tea"

Do You Use It?

A Prince of Sinners

By Phillips Oppenheim.

Author of "A Lost Leader," "The Malefactor," "A Maker of History," etc.

Brooks looked down the long street, quiet and strangely unfamiliar in the dawning light, and for a moment he hesitated. The letter he held in his hand crushed up into a shapeless ball. It would make things very easy. And then—a rush of memories. He swung round and sat down at his desk, drawing paper and ink towards him.

"Dear Lord Arranmore," he wrote, "I am much obliged to you for the suggestion contained in your letter, but I regret that its acceptance would involve the carrying out on my part of certain obligations which I am not at present prepared to undertake. We will therefore, if you please, allow matters to remain on this footing.

"Yours sincerely,

"KINGSTON BROOKS."

Bareheaded he stole out into the street, and breathed freely only when he heard it drop into the pillar-box. For only he himself knew what other things went with the rejection of that offer.

He crept upstairs to lie down for a while, and on the way he laughed softly to himself.

"What a fool she would think me!" he muttered. "What a fool I am!"

PART III.

CHAPTER I.

An Aristocratic Recruit

An early spring came with a rush of warm west wind, sunshine, and the perfume of blossoming flowers. The chestnuts were out at the park fully a week before their time, and already through the great waxy buds the color of the coming rhododendrons was to be seen in sheltered boxes in the park. London put out its window boxes, and remembered that it had, after all, for two short months a place amongst the beautiful cities of the world. Bus conductors began to whistle, and hansom cab drivers to wear a bunch of primroses in their coats. Kingston Brooks, who had just left his doctor, turned into the park and mingled idly with the throng of people.

For the first time for many months he suffered his thoughts to travel over a wider range than usual. The doctor's words had been sharp and to the point. He must have instant change—change, if not of scene, at least of occupation. Scarcely to be wondered at, Brooks thought to himself, with a faint smile, when he thought of the last twelve months, full to the brim of stupendous labor, of ceaseless striving with a herculean task. Well, he was in smoother waters now. He might withdraw his hand for a while, if necessary. He had gone his way, and held his own so far against all manner of onslaught. Just then he heard himself called by name, and, looking up, found himself face to face with Sybil Caroom.

"Mr. Brooks! Is it really you, then, at last?"

He set his teeth hard, but he could not keep the unusual color from his cheeks.

"It is really I, Lady Sybil. How do you do?"

Sybil was charming in a lilac-colored dress and hat as fresh and dainty as her own complexion. She looked straight into his eyes, and told him that he ought to be ashamed of himself.

"Oh, it's not the least use your looking as though you were going to edge away every moment," she declared, laughing. "I am going to keep you for quite a long time, and make you tell me about everything."

"In which case, Lady Sybil," her escort remarked, good-humoredly, "you will perhaps find a better use for me at some future time."

"How sweet of you," she answered, blandly. "Do you know Mr. Brooks?" Mr. Kingston Brooks, Lord Bertram. Mr. Brooks is a very old friend, and I have so many questions I want to ask him."

Lord Bertram, a slim, aristocratic young man, raised his hat, and glanced with some interest at the other man.

"The Mr. Kingston Brooks of the East End?—Lavvy's friend?" he asked politely.

Brooks smiled.

"I am afraid," he said, "that I am the person who is being exposed—isn't that the word? I warn you, Lady Sybil, that I am a questionable character."

"I will take the risk," she answered gaily.

"I think you may safely do so," Lord Bertram answered, raising his hat. "Good morning, Lady Sybil—morning, Mr. Brooks!"

She led him towards the chairs.

"I am going to take the risk of your being in an extravagant frame of mind," she said, "and make you pay for two chairs—up here, on the back row. Now, first of all, do you know that you look shockingly ill?"

"I have just come from my doctor," Brooks answered. "He agrees with you."

"I am glad that you have had the sense to go to him," she said. "Tell me, are you just run down, or is there anything more serious the matter?"

"Nothing serious at all," he answered. "I have had a great deal to do, and no holiday during the past year, so I suppose I am a little tired."

"You look like a ghost," she said. "You have been overworking yourself ridiculously. Now, will you be so good as to tell me why you have never been to see us?"

"I have been nowhere," he answered. "My work has claimed my undivided attention."

"Nonsense," she answered. "You have been living for a year within a shilling cab ride of us, and you have not once even called. I really wonder that I am sitting here with you, as though prepared to forgive you. Do you know that I have written you three times asking you to come to tea?"

He turned a very white face upon her.

"Won't you understand," he said, "that I have been engrossed in a work which would admit of no distraction?"

"You could find time to go down to Medchester, and make speeches for your friend, Mr. Bullsom," she answered.

"That was different. I was deeply indebted to Mr. Bullsom, and anxious to see him returned. That, too, was work. It is only pleasures which I have denied myself."

"That," she remarked, "is the nicest—in fact, the only nice thing you have said. You have changed since Enton."

"I have been through a good deal," he said, wearily.

She shuddered a little.

"Don't look like that," she exclaimed. "Forgive me, but you made me think—do you remember that night at Enton, when Lord Arranmore spoke of his work amongst the poor, how the hopelessness of it began to haunt him and weigh upon him till he reached the verge of madness? You had something of that look just now."

He smiled faintly.

"Believe me, it was fancy," he answered, earnestly. "Remember, I am a little out of sorts today. I am not discouraged; I have no cause to be discouraged. A good many of the outside public misunderstand my work, and Mr. Lavilette thinks I make money out of it. Then, of course, all the organized charities are against me. But in spite of all I am able to go on and increase day by day."

"It is wonderful," she declared. "I read everything in the papers about you—and I get the monthly reports, for of course I am a subscriber—so is mother. But—that brings your shameful neglect of us back into my mind. I wrote you begging to be allowed to inspect one of your branches, and all I got back was a polite reply from your secretary to the effect that the general public—even subscribers—were never allowed in any of the branches as sightseers, and that all I could see was the stores and general arrangements, for which he inclosed a viewcard."

"Well," Brooks said, "you don't think that poor people who come to you for help should be exposed to the casual inspection of visitors who want to see how it is done, do you? I have always been very particular about that. We should not allow the Prince of Wales in the room whilst we were dealing with applicants."

"Well, you might have written yourself, or come and seen us," Sybil declared, a little irrelevantly. "Why couldn't I be an occasional helper?"

"There is not the slightest reason why you should not," he answered. "We have seventeen hundred on the books, but we could always do with more, especially now we are opening so many more branches. But, you know, we should expect you to come sometimes, and how would Lady Caroom like that?"

She laughed.

"You know how much mother and I interfere with one another," she answered. "Besides, I have several friends who are on your list, and who are sent for now and then—Edie Gresham and Mary Forbrooke."

"It is rough work," he said; "but, of course, if you like, my secretary shall put your name down, and you will get a card then telling you what week to come. It will be every afternoon for a week, you know. Then you are qualified, and we might send for you at any time if we were short."

"I should come," she said.

A coach passed by, with its brilliant load of women in bright gowns and picture hats, and two or three immaculate men. They both looked up, and followed it with their eyes.

"Lord Arranmore," Sybil exclaimed, "and that is the Duchess of Eversleigh with him on the box. It doesn't seem—the same man, does it?"

"The same man," he repeated. "No!"

They were silent for a few moments. Then Sybil turned towards him with a little impetuous movement.

"Come," she said, "let us talk about yourself now. What are you going to do?"

"To do?" he repeated, vaguely. "Why——"

"About your health, of course. You admitted a few minutes ago that you had been to see your doctor."

"Why—I suppose I must ease up a little."

"Of course you must. When will you come and dine with us in Berkeley Square, and go to the theatre?"

He shook his head.

"It is kind of you," he said, "but—"

"When will you come and have tea with me, then?"

He set his teeth. He had done his best.

"Whenever you choose to ask me," he answered, with a sort of dogged resignation.

She looked at him half curiously, half tenderly.

"You are so much changed," she murmured, "since those days at Enton. You were a boy then, although you were a thoughtful one—now you are a man, and when you speak like that, an old man. Come, I want the other Mr. Brooks."

He sat quite still. Perhaps at that moment of detachment he realized more keenly than ever the withering nature of this battle through which he had passed. Indeed, he felt older. Those days at Enton lay very far back, yet the girl by his side made him feel as though they had been but yesterday. He glanced at her covertly. Gracious, fresh, and as beautiful as the spring itself. What demon of mischief had possessed her that she should, with all her army of admirers, her gay life, her host of pleasures, still single him out in this way and bring back to his memory days which he had told himself he had wholly forgotten? Was she not of the world of his adoption, she belonged to the things which he had forsworn.

"The other Mr. Brooks," he murmured, "is dead. He has been burned in the furnace of this last wonderful year. That is why I think—I fear it is no use your looking for him—and you would not wish to have a stranger to tea with you."

(To Be Continued.)

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.

No. 8530—Child's Overalls.

These little overalls or rompers are equally suitable for boys or girls, and allow of perfect freedom of motion while at play. The garment fastens on the shoulders and is supplied with pockets enough to suit even the small boy. The pattern is cut in four sizes—4, 6, 8 and 10 years, and is usually made of denim, gingham and khaki. The 6-year size requires 2⅛ yards of 36-inch material.

Pattern here illustrated will be mailed to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Street Address.....

Town .....

Province .....

Measurement—Bust Waist

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT,
LONDON ADVERTISER.

HEAVY FRUIT CROP

Is Reported by the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

The horticultural branch of the Ontario department of agriculture have issued, under date of July 12, the following comprehensive report relating to the Ontario fruit crop:

"The strawberry crop will be practically over by the end of this week. The crop this year was a good one, and prices in some cases fell pretty flat. The demand for berries is very low in consideration that it is the end of the season, fancy berries only realizing from 7 to 8½ cents. The returns of the shipment of strawberries by the St. Catharines Association to the western markets are nearly all in. Those sent by express, and which arrived in good condition, netted the growers $1 50 per crate. These results may be considered encouraging and much better success may be looked forward to next season. As these are the first and only experimental shipments made by the association, they have every reason to be congratulated on their initiative and success.

"The cherry crop promises to be very good. The Sweets and Richmonds are getting off rapidly, and the Montmorency will be in full picking this week, and when the northern sections commence to ship cherries will be very plentiful. Sour cherries are fetching from 60 to 75 cents per 11-quart basket; small Sweets from 75 to $1, and fancy Sweets from $1 to $1 25. A quantity of sweet cherries have been shipped into the Toronto markets, which have not been ripe enough, and the market has strongly discriminated in favor of the fit fruit. Hence the low prices last week.

"The raspberry crop promises to be from fair to good. However, the prolonged dry weather has commenced to show its effect. A few crates were shipped in last Saturday and sold at 20 cents per box. Some of the canning factories are now contracting at prices ranging from 7 to 9 cents per quart.

"The currant crop promises to be a good one and is now coming on the market. Prices on Saturday and today are as follows: Cherry currants, 11-quart baskets, $1; small reds, 11-quart baskets, 75 cents.

"Gooseberries are commencing to come on the market, and are selling well. Smalls fetch 75 cents per 11-quart basket; large ones, $1 to $1 25."

Deafness Can Be Cured.

Sufferers from impaired hearing will be glad to know that their affliction is probably not due to any organic defect in the ear but results probably from a thickening of the lining of the middle ear caused by catarrhal inflammation. Hundreds of perfect recoveries as a result of the inhalation of Catarrhozone are reported, and on the highest authority we recommend this treatment to our readers. Catarrhozone quickly restores lost hearing, and its efficiency is placed beyond dispute by the case of Mr. Foxwell, of St. Thomas, who recovered perfect hearing by using Catarrhozone, after years of deafness. Price $1 00, at all dealers, or by mail from the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

CONTRACT FOR DAM.

Toronto, July 16.—The provincial government have awarded the contract for the erection of the dam at the head of Dog Lake to Wm. White, of Burlington. The work was authorized last session and power will be produced as soon as the work is completed, which will be next January. The figures were not given out.

BOARD OF HEALTH HAVE DECLARED WAR

Will Not Cease Agitation Until the Court House Ventilation Is Improved.

The ventilation of the court house threatens to become a live question in a short time.

So far as the board of health are concerned, the previous agitation was but a preliminary skirmish to the general engagement.

They have declared war on the building, and it is not likely that they will give up.

"We are certainly not settled with the question," said Dr. Niven. "The former agitation was but a skirmish. We are going to continue until we get conditions improved."

"When will the next round take place?" was asked.

"As soon as a judge comes to London," was his reply. "It will not take them long to understand conditions."

Dr. Niven also instructed City Engineer Graydon not to place a sewer in the river to carry away the county building sewage until he received instructions from the board of health.

In the meantime, City Solicitor Meredith is looking after the city's interests, and it is certain that something will happen in a short time.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Information Wanted on the Water Question.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Sir,—The vote on the water question will be taken in about ten days, and we have not yet received from the water commissioners or from Dr. Amyot or from anyone else, any official statement as to the quantity, quality and purity of the water which is to be taken (and which, indeed, is now being taken), from Mr. Beck's wells. We have heard only these statements: (a) Dr. Amyot is reported to have said that the water was pure except as to one sample which was delayed in transit; (b) Mr. Haselgrove found the water unfit for use and so reported to Dr. Hutchinson, and (c) Dr. Amyot, thereupon, took more samples. These statements are unofficial. What Dr. Amyot has done with the new samples we have not been informed.

The water question is a serious one and the citizens are entitled to receive from the water commissioners the fullest information it is possible to procure. We should at once be given a statement signed by the water commissioners and Dr. Amyot upon the following points:

1. The present purity of the water. We should be told in direct terms that the water is fit for drinking purposes and free from anything inimical to health.

2. The future purity of the water. It is useless to say the water is pure now, if it is likely soon to become impure. Possible impurity may come in many ways. Take the following as examples: (a) It was said by the expert who spoke for Mr. Beck that the water in the wells probably come from the river and was filtered through intervening strata of gravel, and was, therefore, purified. No doubt he was right. And so long as the process of filtration continued at its natural speed the water would continue pure. But with the air lift the water is drawn from the gravel at a greater than natural speed. This tends to suck he gravel dry and creates a vacuum into which impure waters will be forced. (Note that at Springbank the water is allowed to flow naturally). And if the water is thus forcibly sucked through the gravel instead of being allowed to filter through the water will become, in time, more and more impure until at last it will be practically unfiltered river water. (b) The wells are drilled in land which is liable to surface flooding, and surface waters may get into the wells. (c) The wells are said to be drilled through clay into a lower stratum of gravel. Where the well passes through the clay some small spaces may be left which would allow contaminated water from the surface stratum of gravel to pass into the lower stratum and thence into the wells. We want to be assured that the water cannot become impure in any of these ways or in any other way.

3. The probable duration of the supply. It is said that already the water in that stratum is being lowered as is shown by scarcity of water in neighboring wells not so deep. This will inevitably lead either to a diminished or to an impure supply.

It is the duty of the water commissioners to give a detailed direct and explicit statement as to all these matters. If the water is pure we will drink it thankfully. If the water is impure, we will boil or otherwise qualify it. But we are not children to be played with. We are men entitled to know good and evil. If Mr. Beck and the water commissioners, without first warning the citizens, send into the mains water which is impure, they will incur a fearful responsiblity for any outbreak of disease which may follow, and the people recognize the culpability of those who dispense impurity and call it pure. If the vendor of impure milk at Montreal was called an assassin by a judge because he imperilled the lives of his few customers, of what execration shall he be worthy who through greed or carelessness contaminates the water supply of a whole city?

T. H. LUSCOMBE.

London, July 16, 1909.

BUILDING BRISK

July Figures Are Very Satisfactory.

Building for the first half of July is almost equal to that of all of the same month last year.

So far this year, 33 permits have been issued by City Engineer Graydon for a value of $27,977.

Last July, 12 permits were issued for a value of $34,600.

"There is a good demand for permits," said City Architect Nutter. "Building is very satisfactory."

BEACHED IN TIME.

Montreal, Que., July 16.—The Canadian St. Lawrence Company's river steamer Prefontaine, from Montreal to Quebec, with forty passengers with crew, had a narrow escape from disaster last night, and the passengers escaped only through the beaching of the steamer after a hard run. She was struck by a severe storm while passing through Lake St. Peter, in the midst of which her shaft broke and fell to the bottom of the river. The water commenced to pour in, and the boat was almost sinking when she reached a spot where it was possible to beach her.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

VICTORIAN ORDER OF NURSES MET

Treasurer's Report Presented on Thursday Was Most Satisfactory.

A meeting of the board of management of the Victorian Order of Nurses was held on Thursday morning at the city hall, the president, Mrs. Boomer, Mesdames Moorhouse, Yarker, Puddicombe, Dr. Alice Jamieson, and Misses Jeffrey, Martin and Greene present, a fair attendance considering the heat of the weather and the absence from town of so many of the members.

Communications from Ottawa were read, stating that at a meeting of the executive it was decided in future to send to the several local organizations of the V. O. N. a synopsis of the proceedings of the monthly meetings of the central board, so that "each might so far feel the pulse of the whole machine," and that, by way of return, each local branch should, in addition to the bare facts contained in the nurse's usual monthly statement, send to headquarters any additional information of interest and importance. This request will be responded to in future by the London branch, which happily has many encouragements to record.

Mrs. Boomer reported that during the time alloted to the Victorian Order in the health and nursing sections at the international congress in Toronto, an opportunity was given to her to testify to the growth and progress of the good work in this city. She had shown that largely as a result of the practical sympathy and support given by the citizens, a second nurse of the order had been provided, and in the name of the local board she had conveyed its gratitude to the board of governors for the financial assistance they had, in response to the appear of Miss Mackenzie, the chief superintendent, continued to extend to us for the present year.

Letters of Appreciation.

Letters of appreciation had already been sent through Lieut.-Col. Reid to those of our friends who had by their delightful theatical performance added to the treasury no less than $406, but a standing vote of thanks was heartily accorded to Mrs. Blackburn and Mrs. Harper, who had, by their strenuous and persistent efforts, done so much towards making it a financial as well as a social success. Mrs. Harper and Mrs. Blackburn will in future take charge of a special entertainment committee, a very valuable band of workers having already virtually formed themselves into a committee of supplies to meet the urgent personal needs of the sufferers visited by the nurses, and their promoter, it is hoped, will continue to act as their convener.

Miss Greene gave a most satisfactory report of the progress of the work under her charge, stating that when on the 31st inst. she started for her well-earned holiday, she would leave all the Victorian Order patients to the care of her coadjutor, Miss Glass, satisfied that they would be well and conscientiously attended to.

The treasurer's report was very satisfactory, and her announcement that a very handsome contribution was foreshadowed as the result of the May Day garden fete, given under the auspices of the Lord Roberts and Trafalgar Chapters of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, was received with gratitude and applause.

CUTTING TIMBER FOR TIES

Hereafter the Privileges Will Be Tendered For.

Toronto, July 16.—A new provincial policy was brought into effect in the department of lands, forests and mines yesterday, under which the right of cutting ties on crown lands under the ordinary regulations will in future only be granted under competition by public tender.

The adoption of this line of policy was foreshadowed by Hon. Frank Cochrane at the last session of the Legislature, and its official adoption was announced to the press by Mr. Aubrey White, the deputy minister of lands, yesterday.

"The minister has inaugurated the new plan on business principles," said Mr. White. "Heretofore the cutting of ties was granted by special permit. This plan is now abolished and entirely done away with, and in future the rights can only be secured by sale under public tender. The result will probably mean a considerable financial advantage to the Province."

On the new system the department is today calling for tenders for the right to cut timber for ties in the districts of Algoma, Sudbury, Thunder Bay, Kenora and Rainy River.

BOLD, BAD BURGLARS

Hold Off Citizens With Guns While They Dynamite a Safe.

Ashland, N. H., July 16.—One masked robber held three families at bay for more than a quarter of an hour early today, while two other robbers, also masked, worked in the glare of an electric light and finally succeeded in blowing open the safe of the Ashland Savings Bank, escaping with $500 in cash.

Three explosions were necessary to force the safe, and the robbers were at work for more than fifteen minutes after their operations had been discovered.

The burglars were discovered by Mrs. Arthur Peaslee, who, with her husband, lives in a house adjoining the bank. Awakened by a loud report and looking out of the window, she saw masked men running towards the safe in the office of the bank cashier. She called her husband, who opened the window and shouted at the men to get away from the bank. The muzzle of a revolver promptly was thrust in Peaslee's face by the burglar on guard, and he was ordered to keep quiet. Mrs. Alonzo Smith, who lives over the bank and had been awakened by the explosion, also was commanded to close her window and remain quet, but crazed by fear she cried out so loudly that many persons were awakened.

By this time Peaslee had connected with the central office of the telephone company, and was trying to locate the town policemen, but presently the robbers applied dynamite to the safe door and it fell open. Then taking a package of money, they rushed out through the back door of the bank, where they were joined by the third man, and the three started across the fields in the direction of the railroad tracks.

Pursuit was organized quickly enough, for the townspeople had sight of the robbers as they took to flight, but shortly afterwards the trail was lost.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, $3. Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

SEIZED ON THE BORDER

Pearl Worth $23,000 in Hands of the United States Customs.

New York, July 16.—There is a pearl in the safe of Collector Loeb here which was seized on the Canadian border.

It was surrendered on the demand of the customs authorities. Its value is given as $23,000 and it belonged, or belongs, to Mrs. Frement B. Chesbrough, whose husband owns the Chesbrough coastwise line of steamers with headquarters in Boston. Mrs. Chesbrough is in a sanatorium near Boston. She is under indictment for smuggling.

CALL TAFT "WANDERLUST"

Democratic Members Object to His Travelling Expenses.

Washington, July 16. — An appropriation of $25,000 for the travelling expenses of the President was voted by the House today. When the salary of the President was increased last year from $50,000 to $75,000 the annual allowance of $25,000 which Mr. Roosevelt had received to defray the cost of his journeyings, was provided for Mr. Taft's benefit. Today's action of the House was intended as a permanent provision for the Presidential allowance. President Taft's desire to visit the Pacific coast and other sections of the country to which he has been invited was made the subject of bitter discussion in the House by Democratic orators while the travel allowances was under consideration.

"Wanderlust," show performances, and other terms of ridicule were applied to the President's peregrinations.

ASSAULTED HIS FATHER

Quebec Young Man Arrested on a Serious Charge.

Quebec, July 17.—His skull crushed to such an extent that it is said he cannot recover, Alfred Drouin, aged 60 years, of St. Sauveur, lies in the Hotel Dieu hovering between life and death, while his son Arthur is held a prisoner in the Quebec jail charged with the responsibility. The assault occurred during the night in St. Sauveur, but the family appear to be trying to shield the man under arrest, claiming he did not commit the assault, on the aged man. The victim was brought to the hospital early yesterday morning, and his condition was so bad the hospital authorities feared he might expire at any moment, so they sent for the authorities of the law to take the man's deposition. The victim deposed that he was walking along St. Felix street, when he was struck from behind by an unknown hand. The police authorities took the matter in hand, however, and an investigation was made, with the ultimate arrest of the victim's son in his house on Colombe street, St. Sauveur. The man arrested at first denied that he had any part in the assault, but later admitted he fought with his father because he was beating his mother. The father and son live in the same building in Colombe street, the victim and his wife downstairs and the son and wife upstairs. When Arthur Drouin was arrested he bore evidence of having been drinking.

Only the Best Sugar Makes the Best Preserves

Does all sugar look alike to you? It isn't, you may be sure. One sugar differs from another sugar in sweetness.

Sugar is sugar, but it is not sugar when it is something else. And, alas, for the weakness of money-making mortals, it is sometimes something else.

One sugar differs from another in what it is made of. One sugar made from sugar-cane differs from another made from sugar beets.

One sugar differs from another in purity and wholesomeness. Sugar can be made clean like any other food product. And, as it is almost the commonest thing we eat, sugar ought to be about the cleanest thing we eat.

And your preserves, which you want to be the very best, require the best of sugar.

St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar meets the exacting requirements of the best preserves.

Dr. Milton L. Hersey, the Government analyst, in a recent careful and impartial analysis, reports St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar to be 99.99 to 100 per cent pure cane sugar, with no impurities whatever.

This season promises to be a good one for berries and other fruits—just the season to get them of good quality and cheap to preserve.

Your home-made preserves are by far the best, and you know all about their real goodness, if you select the fruit and the sugar with equal care.

The best fruit and St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar, with your skill in preserving, will stock you finely for the coming winter.

And don't simply order "some sugar" from the grocer, letting him send you some nameless, ordinary sugar.

Get sugar with a name. Get St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar, in 20-pound cotton bags, with the name on it, to guarantee the brand, the full weight, and the cleanliness of the sugar itself.

When you buy it in bulk, scooped out of a barrel, you can't be sure of all these important points in your sugar.

You save money by this and get better, cleaner sugar. Try it and see! Then you'll be sweet enough to thank us for telling you all about this matter.

MR. AYLESWORTH CHOSEN

To Be Agent of Great Britain at The Hague Tribunal.

Ottawa, July 16. — Hon. A. B. Aylesworth has been appointed by the Imperial Government to act as the agent of Great Britain, as well as representative of Canada and Newfoundland, at The Hague tribunal next March, in connection with the adjudication of the Atlantic fisheries dispute with the United States.

With Sir Charles Fitzpatrick as Imperial member of the tribunal, and Canada's minister of justice acting as agent for the British Government, the national status of the Dominion at The Hague will be accorded significant recognition.

According to the treaty governing the arbitration, the statements of claim by each party to the dispute must be printed and exchanged by Oct 4 next. After that there will be replies from each side, and the case is set for hearing on March 4 next. Hon. Mr. Aylesworth will return to Canada about the end of September, and in February will leave again for The Hague to attend the hearing in March.

$397,000,000 BONDS

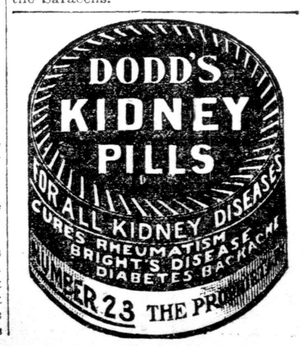
Sum Required for the Construction of the Panama Canal.

Washington, July 16.—As a result of a conference held at the White House yesterday the tariff bill conferees will write into the tariff measure a provision authorizing the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds for the construction of the Panama Canal to an amount equivalent to the total cost of canal construction. Col. Goethal, the chief engineer of the canal, has estimated that the limit of cost for the building of the great waterway will be $397,000,000, and under the authority to be conferred on the secretary of the treasury bonds to that amount may be issued by the secretary in his discretion.

MURDER RUMORS.

Ottawa, July 16. — Deep mystery surrounds the death of Andrew Bastien, of Trout Lake, Que., who disappeared eight months ago, and whose body was recovered from the lake a week ago. Murder rumors were about when Bastien disappeared, and in spite of the fact that Sheriff Wright, of Hull, left instructions to be notified when any clue was gained, the body was buried before he was informed. The sheriff will investigate.

Windmills are said to have been introduced into Europe by the Crusaders, who had seen them in use among the Saracens.



RECORD GAME PLAYED AT DETROIT YESTERDAY

WORLD'S RECORD SMASHED BY DETROIT AND WASHINGTON

Played Eighteen Innings Without a Score and Game Called for Darkness.

SUMMERS OPPOSES GRAY AND GROOM

Gray Stricken on the Field and Forced to Leave the Game —A Strenuous Contest.

Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Detroit	50	28	.641
Philadelphia	46	30	.605
Boston	47	34	.580
Cleveland	44	33	.571
New York	35	43	.462
Chicago	37	44	.437
St. Louis	29	44	.397
Washington	23	52	.307

Yesterday's Results.

Detroit 0, Washington 0, (18 innings; called on account darkness).
Philadelphia 3, Cleveland 0.
Boston 2, St. Louis 1 (10 innings).
Chicago 3, New York 1.

Today's Games.

New York at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Cleveland.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Detroit, July 17.—Umpire Kerin's reversal of a decision he had given in the fifteenth inning caused the Detroit and Washington baseball teams to establish a world's record at Bennett's Park yesterday afternoon.

For 18 innings these two teams—the head and tail-end of the American League—battled, and at the end of this period, when darkness put an end to the struggle, the score stood 0 to 0.

The World's Record.

There have been longer games played in the history of the national game than that between Champions and Senators yesterday, but none of the extreme length in which neither team scored a run.

The pitchers in the thrilling battle were Edward Summers, of Detroit, and Gray and Groom, of Washington. All three twirled magnificent ball, Gray had held the Champions to one lone hit in eight innings, that one being made by Matty McIntyre in the first inning. At the beginning of the ninth inning, Gray complained of a pain in his side. The twirler gamely tried to continue pitching, but he staggered in the box and with the cheers of the Tiger fans following him, he limped his way to the clubhouse and Groom took his place.

The latter twirled as splendidly as did his predecessor. Time and again the youngster found himself in tight places. Once he had three men on bases, none out and the heavy end of the Tiger battery facing him, yet he escaped, as the score shows, without permitting a Tiger to round the circuit.

"Eddie" Summers never pitched as he did yesterday. He was ably supported by his teammates. His feat is even greater than that of Gray or Groom, for Edward twirled 18 long innings, while the burden of the pitching was divided between two of the Washington twirlers.

Second Hit in Fifteenth.

In the fifteenth inning Stanage got the second hit of the game, a single. Killifer was sent down to run for the catcher, Groom threw Summers' bunt to the outfield when he tried to force Killifer at second. Crawford hit to Groom and the pitcher threw to the plate to catch Killifer.

Killifer slid into the plate and Umpire Kerin, with his arms extended, indicated that the player was safe. To those in the stands and on the field no other decision could have been given. The players commenced to leave the field. Cushions were tossed high in the air in celebration of the overtime victory, when, to the amazement of players and fans, Kerin raised his hand and pointed backward, declaring Killifer out.

Reversed Decision.

Members of both teams crowded excitedly about the umpire. Manager Jennings protested against the injustice of the decision. Kerin was asked for an explanation of his action, but the arbiter with all the authority vested in his title, waved the players aside majestically and play was resumed again.

The score:

Detroit.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
McIntyre, l. f.	5	0	1	6	0	0
Bush, s.s.	5	0	0	3	5	2
Crawford, c. c.	7	0	0	4	0	0
Cobb, r. f.	7	0	0	3	0	0
Rossman, 1b.	8	0	1	24	2	0
Moriarty, 3b.	7	0	1	0	6	0
Schaefer, 2b.	7	0	2	2	4	2
Stanage, c.	4	0	1	8	3	0
Summers, p.	7	0	0	1	4	1
Schmidt, c.	1	0	0	3	0	0
1Killifer	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	58	0	6	54	24	5

Washington.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Browne, l. f.	6	0	1	1	0	0
Milan, c. f.	7	0	2	4	0	0
Lelivelt, r. f.	7	0	1	3	0	0
Unglaub, 2b.	7	0	0	1	6	0
Donohue, 1b.	6	0	0	27	1	2
Kelley, 3b.	6	0	0	2	3	0
Conroy, 3b.	1	0	0	0	0	0
McBride, s.s.	7	0	1	5	7	1
Street, c.	7	0	1	11	4	0
Gray, p.	3	0	1	0	3	0
Groom, p.	4	0	0	0	8	1
2Collins	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	62	0	7	54	32	4

1Ran for Stanage in fifteenth.
2Batted for Kelley in seventeenth.

Detroit .....0000000000000000—0
Washington.. . .0000000000000000—0

Hits, off Gray 1 in 8 innings, off Groome 5 in 10 innings; at bat, against Gray 24 against Groom 34; two-base hit, Gray; sacrifice hits, Bush 3, Crawford; stolen bases, Cobb, Mariarty, Unglaub, McBride; first base on balls, off Summers 1, off Gray 1, off Groome 5; first base on errors, Detroit 4, Washington 6; left on bases, Detroit 15, Washington 9; struck out, by Summers 10, by Groome 7; double plays, Bush (unassisted), Rossman (unassisted), Unglaub, Donohue and Kelly; time, 3:15; umpires, Kerin and Sheridan; attendance, 3,078.

BOSTON WON SERIES BEATING BROWNS AGAIN

Gifts From the Pitchers Were Responsible For All Runs in 2 to 1 Game Yesterday.

St. Louis, July 16.—By winning today's game, 2 to 1, in ten innings, Boston took the series. Gifts from the pitchers were responsible for all the runs. The winning run was scored by Niles, who was hit. Lord sacrificed and Gessler sent him home after he had advanced to third on Speaker's out. Score:

St. Louis.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Hartzell, s.s.	4	0	1	2	5	0
Stone, r.f.	3	1	0	1	0	0
Hoffman, c.f.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Griggs, 1.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Jones, 1b.	3	0	2	12	0	0
Williams, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2	0
Ferris, 3b.	4	0	1	3	1	0
Criger, c.	3	0	2	8	2	0
Bailey, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
*Criss	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	1	8	30	15	0

Boston.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Niles, l.f.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Lord, 3b.	4	0	3	1	1	0
Speaker, c.f.	5	0	0	4	1	0
Gessler, r.f.	4	0	2	2	0	0
Wagner, s.s.	5	0	0	2	5	0
Stahl, 1b.	3	1	1	10	0	0
McConnell, 2b.	3	0	0	4	5	0
Donohue, c.	2	0	0	6	2	0
Schlitzer, p.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	34	2	7	30	16	0

*Batted for Criger in tenth.

St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Boston ..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2

Two-base hits—Lord, Griggs, Bailey. Sacrifice hits—McConnell, Lord. Double play—McConnell and Stahl. Left on bases—St. Louis 4, Boston 9. Bases on balls—Off Bailey 3, off Schlitzer 2. Hit by pitcher—By Bailey 2 (Donohue and Niles). Struck out—By Bailey 7, by Schlitzer 5. Passed ball—Criger. Time, 1:51. Umpires, Perrine and Evans.

CHICAGO TOOK FINAL GAME FROM KILTIES

White Sox Beat New York in Last Game of the Series by Score of 3 to 1.

Chicago, July 16.—Chicago today won the final game of the long series with New York, 3 to 1. Walsh was taken out of the box at the end of the fourth inning after New York had tied the score. Scott held the visitors without a hit for the rest of the game. Chicago won the game in the sixth inning, when Elberfeld made a poor throw to first base, letting two runs score. Score:

Chicago.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Altizer, r. f.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Parent, s. s.	4	0	2	1	3	0
Isbell, 1b.	3	1	1	14	1	0
Dougherty, l. f.	3	1	1	2	0	0
White, c. f.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Tannehill, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Atz, 2b.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Sullivan, c.	1	0	0	1	1	0
Owens, c.	2	0	1	3	0	0
Walsh, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Scott, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	27	3	6	27	13	0

New York.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Demitt, c. f.	3	0	1	0	0	1
Austin, 3b.	3	0	0	4	4	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	0	8	0	0
Elberfeld, s. s.	3	1	0	5	3	1
Engle, l. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Cree, r. f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Laporte, 2b.	3	0	1	2	3	0
Sweeney, c.	3	0	1	4	4	0
Quinn, p.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	29	1	4	24	15	2

Chicago ....10000200*—3
New York ....000100000—1

Three-base hit, Isbell; hits, off Walsh, 4 in 4 innings, off Scott, 0 in 5; sacrifice hits, White (2); stolen bases, Altizer, Atz; double plays, Isbell and Atz, Parent, Atz and Isbell, Austin, Laporte and Chase; left on bases, Chicago 6, New York 6; bases on balls, off Walsh 4, off Quinn 2; hit by pitcher, by Quinn 1 (Altizer); struck out, by Walsh 2, by Scott 2, by Quinn 4; time, two hours; umpires, Hurst and O'Loughlin.

LITTLE, BUT OH MY--THEY SAY OF JAP BARBEAU, MIDGET

"Hi, Fred, what's that?"

Big Honus Wagner, king of batsmen, looked at Fred Clarke, manager of the Pittsburg Pirates at the opening of the present season, for an explanation.

Honus was looking at a little fellow in a baseball suit, who was about as big as a nickel's worth of ice on a hot day.

"That's what is called a ball player, Honus," said Clarke. "Name's Barbeau, from Toledo. I think he's the goods."

Clarke was right. The Pirates are playing the best baseball in the country today, and little Jap Barbeau is daily setting Pittsburg fans wild with joy. He plays third base, and his throws across the diamond, slow and gentle, like a 22-calibre bullet, have sent lots of hopeful batters back to the bench talking to themselves.

Some people said that Bill Armour had handed Clarke a lemon last fall. They'll own up now that they're pretty bum predictors.

Wagner has made the little fellow his special charge, and the two chase around after hours in Wagner's machine, looking like Texas and Rhode Island.

ATHLETICS SHUT OUT CLEVELAND

Berger Weakens in Sixth Round and Philadelphia Gets Two Runs.

Cleveland, July 16.—Cleveland's winning streak was broken today, Philadelphia winning, 3 to 0. Berger was invincible until the sixth. He hit Oldring, Ganley sacrificed and singles by Collins and Murphy resulted in two runs. Oldring again scored in the eighth on his double, Ganley's sacrifice and an out. Morgan was effective throughout. Score:

Cleveland.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Turner, 2b.	4	0	2	3	1	0
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1	0
Flick, r. f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Bemis, c.	3	0	1	5	2	0
Hinchman, l. f.	3	0	0	2	1	1
Birmingham, c. f.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Perring, 3b.	2	0	0	1	3	0
Ball, s.s.	3	0	0	2	5	0
Berger, p.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Liebhardt, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Goode	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	0	3	27	16	1

Philadelphia.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Oldring, l. f.	3	2	1	1	0	1
Ganley, c. f.	2	0	1	3	0	0
Collins, 2b.	4	1	1	4	1	0
Murphy, r. f.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Baker, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Barry, s.s.	4	0	1	2	4	0
Livingstone, c.	3	0	0	6	4	0
Barr, 1b.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Morgan, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	3	6	27	11	1

*Batted for Berger in eighth.

Cleveland ... .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Philadelphia ... ..0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—3

Hits, off Berger 6 hits and 26 times at bat in 8 innings, off Liebhardt no hits and 3 times at bat in 1 inning; first on errors, Cleveland 1, Philadelphia 1; two-base hit, Oldring; three-base hit, Bemis; sacrifice hits, Morgan, Ganley 2; stolen base, Ganley; double play, Collins and Barr; first on balls, off Berger 2, off Morgan 3; hit by pitcher, by Berger 1 (Oldring), by Morgan 1 (Bemis); left on bases, Cleveland 5, Philadelphia 8; struck out, by Berger 5, by Morgan 6; time, 2 hours; umpires, Egan and Connolly.

"COME OR CANCEL"

New York, July 16.—A cable message from George Newburn, secretary of the English Lawn Tennis Association, states that a letter has been received there from Dwight F. Davis, which casts doubt upon this country sending a team to Australia. The cable indicated that unless the chosen American team consented to make the voyage to Australia if it won from England, the English and American preliminary ties would be canceled.

CANADIANS CAPTURE KOLAPORE TROPHY

The Maple Leaf Riflemen at Bisley Continue Their Great Showing.

Bisley Camp, July 16.—This is the competition for the Rajah of Kolapore's Imperial Challenge Cup. The match is open to teams from the colonies, from India, of the territorial troops of the old country.

Seven shots to be fired at each of the 300, 500 and 600 yards ranges. In addition to the silver bowls for each member of the winning team, there is a colonial prize of £80, which was won last year by Canada.

The following are the results of the first stage of the Kolapore Cup, seven shots at 300 yards, the individual possibles being 35. Canada led by two points in the first stage.

Russell, Ottawa	3545445—30
Morris, Bowmanville	5555544—33
Jones, P. E. I.	5554545—33
Lieut. Smith, Chatham.	3554454—30
Freeborn, Hamilton	4445545—31
Kelly, Toronto	5554545—33
Mitchell, Hamilton	5455454—32
Smith, Ottawa	5555455—34

The totals at the first stage, out of a team possible of 280, are:

	Points.
Canada	256
Mother Country	252
Transvaal	252
Natal	254
South Rhodesia	248
Guernsey	254
India	247
African Protectorates	226

The Canadians at the second stage scored as follows:

Freeborn	5545555—34
Jones	4355455—32
Kelly	3544555—31
Morris	5355455—32
Mitchell	5545555—34
Morris	5535455—32
Russell	5555455—34
Smith	4555455—33

The team totals at the second stage were:

Canada	262
Mother Country	255
Transvaal	257
Natal	251
South Rhodesia	254
Guernsey	254
India	252
African Protectorates	226

In the competition for the Kolapore Cup all the members of the team, with the exception of Lieut. Smith, used the new Ross rifle.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Little Rock 1, Memphis 0.
Nashville 5, Atlanta 2.
Birmingham 6, Montgomery 6. Called ninth, darkness.
New Orleans 2, Mobile 0.

TAYLOR, OF CLINTON, WON THE TROPHY

Beat Dr. Hunter, of Goderich, in Bowling Tourney at Seaforth, Ont.

SCORES OF THE MATCHES

McCurdy, of Stratford, Copped in the Association, and Consolation Went to Wilson.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

Seaforth, July 16.—The Seaforth bowling tourney closed here today, Taylor, of Clinton, winning the trophy by defeating Dr. Hunter, of Goderich, by four shots.

McCurdy, of Stratford, won the association and the consolation went to Wilson of Seaforth.

The following were the scores of the tourney:

Preliminary Round.

Seaforth.		Goderich.	
Jas. Scott		I. Atlas	
Wm. McDougall		C. A. Mann	
W. D. Bright		J. E. Jordan	
R. S. Hays, sk	16	J. Rumball, sk.	11
Clinton.		Seaforth.	
J. L. Courtice		W. C. P. Morson	
J. Watts		Dr. McGinnis	
J. Hasland		Dr. Burrows	
J. Taylor, sk.	21	A. Wilson, sk.	16
Clinton.		Seaforth.	
E. G. Courtice		Jas. Dick	
J. Wiseman		W. Broadfoot	
W. Jackson		Oscar Nell	
J. Hoover, sk.	26	Geo. Sills, sk.	11
London.		Goderich.	
C. B. Edwards		Sheriff Reynolds	
J. Stephenson		J. Kidd	
Willis Cox		F. B. Holmes	
Ed. Weld, sk.	23	J. Killoran, sk.	20
Seaforth.		Clinton.	
W. R. Veale		Wallace	
G. Murdie		J. Hunter	
W. D. McLean		Nettinger	
I. C. Greig, sk.	19	Stephenson, sk.	17
Wingham.		Dunnville.	
W. A. Campbell		Watts	
G. C. Mannus		Gray	
D. B. Porter		Ramsay	
A. Porter, sk.	18	G. Parkes, sk.	17
Mitchell.		Stratford.	
Jas. Jones		Rev. Hodgins	
Dr. Buffitt		McIlhargy	
J. Downey		N. H. Gregory	
F. Lloyd, sk.	25	McCutcheon, sk.	20

First Round.

Goderich.		Seaforth.	
W. Lane		Geo. Stewart	
A. McDermott		J. McCallum	
F. J. Butland		W. Ament	
Dr. Hunter, sk.	18	G. Colling, sk.	16
Stratford.		Exeter.	
J. A. Bothwell		J. G. Stanbury	
A. H. King		J. A. Stewart	
A. K. Sarvis		C. B. Snell	
McCurdy, sk.	22	W. Heaman, sk.	18
Exeter.		Seaforth.	
W. D. Clarke		C. H. Broadfoot	
G. H. Harrison		John Rankin	
L. H. Dickson		J. Grieve	
Rev. Collin, sk.	26	Richardson, sk.	19
Seaforth.		Stratford.	
A. E. Colson		J. Lloyd	
John Shine		M. Cantfield	
W. G. Willis		F. Lloyds	
J. M. Best, sk.	17	M. Easson, sk.	15
Seaforth.		Seaforth.	
J. Staples			
A. Westcott			
Jas. Willis			
E. Bright, sk.	12	R. S. Hays, sk.	18
Clinton.		Clinton.	
Taylor, sk.	20	Hoover, sk.	19
London.		Seaforth.	
Stephenson, sk.	15	Ging, sk.	16
Wingham.		Mitchell.	
Porter, sk.	12	Hord, sk.	16

Second Round.

Clinton.		Seaforth.	
Taylor	19	Pays	16
Seaforth.		Mitchell.	
Greig	16	Hord	14
Goderich.		Seaforth.	
Hunter	19	Best	15
Stratford.		Exeter.	
McCurdy	19	Collins	18

Semi-Finals.

Clinton.		Seaforth.	
Taylor	23	Greig	19
Goderich.		Stratford.	
Hunter	15	McCurdy	14

Finals.

Clinton.		Goderich.	
Taylor	19	Dr. Hunter	15

ASSOCIATION MATCH.

Second Round.

Seaforth.		Goderich.	
Wilson	14	Rumball	12
Clinton.		Stratford.	
Stevenson	18	McCutcheon	9
Clinton.		London.	
Hoover	13	Stevenson	12
Seaforth.		Seaforth.	
Colling	15	Richardson	13
Mitchell.		Seaforth.	
Hord	14	Hays	13
Exeter.		Seaforth.	
Collins	21	Best	17

Third Round.

Seaforth.		Clinton.	
Wilson	23	Stevenson	17
Clinton.		Seaforth.	
Hoover	16	Colling	10
Mitchell.		Exeter.	
Hord	21	Collins	18
Stratford.		Seaforth.	
McCurdy	16	Green	14

Semi-Finals.

Clinton.		Seaforth.	
Hoover	18	Wilson	13
Stratford.		Mitchell.	
McCurdy	17	Hord	14

Finals.

Stratford.		Clinton.	
McCurdy	14	Hoover	12

CONSOLATION MATCH.

First Round.

Dunnville.		Goderich.	
Parkes	19	Killoran	8
Wingham.		Seaforth.	
Porter	18	Right	10
Exeter.		Stratford.	
Heaman	15	Easson	9

Second Round.

Dunnville.		Seaforth.	
Parkes	13	Siles	13
Wingham.		Seaforth.	
Porter	16	P. Heaman	15
Goderich.		Stratford.	
Rumball	15	McCutcheon	9
London.		Seaforth.	
Stevenson	14	Richardson	10
Seaforth.		Seaforth.	
Best	9	Hays	8

Third Round.

Wingham.		Dunnville.	
Porter	14	Parkes	10
London.		Goderich.	
Stevenson	23	Rumball	20
Seaforth.		Clinton.	
Best	19	Stevenson	8
Seaforth.		Exeter.	
Colling	11	Collins	10
Seaforth.			
Greg, a bye.			

Fourth Round.

London.		Wingham.	
Stevenson	19	Porter	14
Seaforth.		Seaforth.	
Colling	13	Best	10
Seaforth.		Seaforth.	
Wilson	11	Greig	9
Mitchell.			
Hord, a bye.			

Semi-Finals.

Seaforth.		London.	
Colling	14	Stevenson	12
Seaforth.		Mitchell.	
Wilson	12	Hord	9

Finals.

Wilson	11	Colling	9

CANADIAN TEAM TOOK THE MACKINNON CUP

Much Coveted Bisley Trophy Goes to Dominion Riflemen.

Bisley Camp, July 15.—Canada's team at Bisley, using the Ross rifle, has won its first honors at this year's meet, today capturing the coveted MacKinnon Cup. Lord Roberts congratulated Lieut. Smith, of Ottawa, on his splendid shooting.

Shooting for the MacKinnon challenge cup began at 2:30 this afternoon. The following marskmen comprise the team from the Dominion of Canada in this event: Capt. Forrest, Vancouver; Col.-Sergt. Freeborn, Hamilton; Sergt. Major Huggins, Hamilton; Major Jones, Pownal, Prince Edward Island; Sergt. Kelly, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto; Capt. McVittie, Forty-eighth Highlanders, Toronto; Sergt. T. S. Mitchell, Hamilton; Lieut. Morris, Bowmanville; Corporal McInnes, Edmonton; Sergt. Russell Ottawa; Lieut. Smith, Chatham; Sergt. W. A. Smith, Ottawa.

The MacKinnon challenge cup, given in 1901 by the late Col. MacKinnon, is competed for by teams of twelve men from the territorial troops of England, Scotland and Wales, or the Irish members of the N. R. A., or the local forces of the various colonies of the empire.

This year it is the first big match of the meet in which Canadians are especially interested. The distances in the MacKinnon match are 80, 900, and 1,000 yards. The number of shots in all, 30.

The place on the Bisley team of Capt. H. Blair, of Ottawa, has been taken by Staff-Sergt. Stack, of Truro, N. S.

YANKEE PACERS BEAT CANADIANS

Tax Title and King Cole Laid Up, Then Won at Port Huron.

Port Huron, Mich., July 16. — Getaway day at the Port Huron race-track did not furnish much excitement to the 2,000 followers of the harness game who congregated at the driving park today. The free-for all pace was the redeeming event of the card, and this was stretched into overtime. Mattie Chimes won two heats and tired as the race progressed. Tax Title sold favorite and was never hard pressed after the first two heats.

The 2:17 pace went to King Cole in three straight heats, after he had presented the first one to Elk Girl. King Cole was favorite. Dan McEwan drove Elk Girl hard, but the pace was too fast for the Canadian mare. Wild Hunter, the big Chatham gelding, then tried to give Cole a race, but likewise failed.

Many for Windsor.

Many of the horses are entered in the Windsor meeting, which is next in line on the short-ship circuit, and ship tomorrow morning. The summaries:

Free-for-all pace, purse $400—

Tax Title, blk. m., by Decorator, Jun. (Keating)			4	3	1 1 1
Mattie Chimes, b. m., by Chimes Echo (Toor)			1	1	2 4 2
Texas Rooker, b. b., (McEwan)			3	2	2 3 5
Phoebe Hal., ch. m. (Allen)			5	4	5 2 3
Maud Keswick, b.m. (Fox)			2	5	4 5 4

Time—2:11 3-4, 2:14, 2:14, 2:16½, 2:16¼.

2:17 pace, purse $400—

King Cole, b. h., by Bingen (Dodge)	5	1	1 1
Elk Girl, b. m., by Alcymont (McEwan)	1	2	5 4
Wild Hunter, b. g. (Bedford)	7	6	2 2
Prince Onward, b.g. (Elliott)	2	4	4 5
Nettie Powers, b. m. (Barrett)	3	3	3 3
Perfection, br. g. (Campbell)	4	5	6 6
Teddy L., ch. g. (Leonard)	6	d	

Time—2:16¼, 2:14¼, 2:14¼, 2:15.

Three-quarter-mile run—Miss Felix (Far), 1, Ninantic (Ramsey) 2, Anna Smith (Connelly) 3, Miss Imogen (Rowe) 3. Time, 1:17¾.

BERT KEYES EASILY DEFEATS MARTO

Former Philadelphia Lightweight Won in Ten Rounds.

New York, July 16—Bert Keyes, formerly a Philadelphia lightweight, but now of this city, had no trouble in getting to Johnny Marto, also of New York, in any one of the ten rounds they fought tonight at the Fairmount A. C.

In the preliminaries Micky McDonough and Nick Miller, two local heavyweights, fought ten hard and bloody rounds. McDonough showed the clever-er. Billy Herman did most of the fighting in his ten rounds with Dick Miller.

CUBS MADE IT FIVE STRAIGHT

Poor Old Doves Were Walloped to a Standstill by the Windy City Men.

CHICAGO WON YESTERDAY 4 TO 1

But Boston Dispatch Says Close Decision Allowed Winners to Score Three Runs.

Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C
Pittsburg	55	21	.724
Chicago	49	26	.653
New York	45	28	.616
Cincinnati	40	38	.513
Philadelphia	36	42	.462
St. Louis	30	43	.411
Brooklyn	27	48	.360
Boston	22	54	.297

Yesterday's Results.

New York 2, Cincinnati 1.
Chicago 4, Boston 1.
Philadelphia-St. Louis, rain.
Brooklyn-Pittsburg, rain.

Today's Games.

Pittsburg at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at New York.

Boston, July 16.—Chicago made it five straight by winning from Boston today, 4 to 1. A close decision in favor of the visitors in the eighth inning allowed them to score three runs. Ferguson pitched an excellent game, striking out twelve and passing but three. Score:

Boston.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Becker, r. f.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Dahlen, 2b.	4	0	2	0	1	0
Thomas, l. f.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Beck, c. f.	4	0	0	4	1	0
Coffey, s.s.	4	0	0	3	0	1
Stem, 1b.	3	0	0	6	1	0
Sweeney, 3b.	3	0	0	0	3	1
Graham, c.	3	0	0	13	2	0
Ferguson, p.	1	0	0	0	3	1
*Smith	1	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	1	3	27	12	3

Chicago.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Evers, 2b.	4	2	3	1	3	0
Sheckard, l. f.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Schulte, r. f.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Chance, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3b.	3	0	0	3	1	1
Hoffman, c. f.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Tinker, s.s.	3	0	1	2	4	0
Archer, c.	4	0	0	5	1	0
Kroh, p.	4	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	4	7	27	9	1

*Batted for Ferguson in ninth.

Chicago ... .1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—4
Boston ... ...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hits, Schulte, Evers; sacrifice hits, Sheckard, Tinker, Schulte; left on bases, Cincinnati 6, New York 3; bases on balls, off Rowan 2, off Mathewson 2; struck out, by Rowan 2, by Mathewson 2; three-base hit, Tenney; two-base hit, McCormick; sacrifice hit, Devlin; sacrifice fly, Schlei; stolen base, Egan; double plays, Downey to Egan to Paskert, McLean to Downey to Paskert, Bridwell to Tenney; time of game, 1:20.

NEW YORK DEFEATED CINCINNATTI BY 2 TO 1

Mathewson Made It Four Straigh From the Visitors by Pitching Better Than Rowan.

New York, July 16. — New York defeated Cincinnati today 2 to 1, in a game which was played in the fast time of 1:20. Mathewson made it four straight from the winners by pitching a trifle better than Rowan. The winning run was scored in the second inning, when O'Hara, after getting two bases on Bescher's misjudgment of his fly, was sacrificed to third by Devlin and tallied on Schlei's sacrifice fly. The score:

Cincinnati.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E
Bescher, l. f.	3	0	0	3	0	1
Paskert, 1b	4	0	1	6	0	0
Egan, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Mitchell, r. f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Oakes, c. f.	4	0	0	5	0	0
Lobert, 3b	4	0	1	2	0	0
McLean, c	4	0	2	4	2	0
Downey, s. s.	4	0	1	1	2	0
Rowan, p	2	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	33	1	6	24	8	1

New York.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Tenney, 1b	4	1	1	15	1	0

NEWARK BEATEN BY THE LEAFS

Toronto Take Opener of Series at Home, Beating Indians 5 to 1.

WOLVERTON MADE HOME

Indians' Third Sacker Made Prize Bungle of Day—Good Game in Spots.

Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Rochester	44	31	.587
Providence	38	35	.521
Baltimore	39	39	.500
Buffalo	39	40	.494
Newark	37	38	.493
Montreal	36	38	.486
Toronto	38	41	.481
Jersey City	32	42	.432

Yesterday's Results.

Providence 5, Buffalo 1.
Toronto 5, Newark 1.
Rochester-Baltimore, rain.
Montreal-Jersey City, rain.

Today's Games.

Providence at Buffalo (2 games).
Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Toronto.
Baltimore at Rochester.

Toronto, July 16. — Newark went down before the Leafs today, 5 to 1, in the opening game of the series. It was good baseball in places. Score.

Newark.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Louden, s.s.	4	0	2	5	4	1
Kelly, l. f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Schlafly, 2b.	2	0	1	5	2	1
Gettman, c. f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Wolverton, 3b.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Sharpe, 1b.	4	0	0	8	2	0
Myers, r. f.	2	0	0	1	0	1
Lapp, c.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Frill, p.	4	0	2	1	2	1
Totals	31	1	6	24	12	4

Toronto.	A.B.	R.	B.H	P.O.	A.	E.
Fallon, c. f.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Weldy, l. f.	2	2	1	6	0	0
Houser, 1b.	3	0	0	10	1	0
Grimshaw, 2b.	4	1	3	2	5	0
Mahling, s.s.	4	1	1	2	1	1
Kelly, r. f.	3	1	2	0	0	0
Mitchell, r. f.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Frick, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3	0
Vandy, c.	4	1	1	2	2	0
Pfeffer, p.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Totals	31	5	9	27	14	1

Toronto 0 0 0 1 0 3 0 1 *—5
Newark 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Home run, Wolverton; sacrifice hits, Houser, Mahling, Myers; stolen bases, Weldy, Grimshaw; double plays, Louden to Sharpe 2, Louden (unassisted); hit by pitcher, Mitchell; struck out, by Pfeffer 1; bases on balls, off Pfeffer 5, off Frill 2; left on bases, Toronto 6, Newark 9; time, 1:55; umpire, Murray.

THE PROVIDENCE GREYS DEFEATED BUFFALO HERD

Bisons Were Walloped by 5 to 1—Lafitte, Detroit's Discard, Has Better Luck.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Buffalo, July 17.—Hughy Duffy's ambitious Greys from the busy mart of Providence, R. I., dropped into town yesterday morning and in the afternoon sloped out to Buffalo Baseball Fark, copping the opener from the locals 5 to 1. Lafitte, Detroit's discard, who pitched a no-hit game his last time out, only to lose it, had better luck and some hitting behind him this time, and hadn't a great deal of trouble. Taylor, who took up the heaving for the locals, went along fairly well, but not quite well enough to win. Luther was hit frequently at junctures when they counted. Add to this a bum throw by McAllister to third in the fourth and dropped ball at the plate by the same backstop in the ninth after Byron had called Blackburn out, and they are about all accounted for. The score:

Buffalo.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Schrim, c. f.	4	1	0	3	0	0
White, l. f.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Clancy, 1b	3	0	0	11	1	0
Brain, 3b.	4	0	0	4	1	0
Flanagan, r. f.	3	0	1	2	0	1
Smith, 2b	2	0	0	0	2	0
McAllister, c.	3	0	1	4	1	2
Woods, s. s.	3	0	1	2	2	0
Taylor, p.	1	0	0	0	3	0
*Williams	1	0	0	0	0	0
Allison, p	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	28	1	6	27	12	2

Providence.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Hofman, r. f.	3	0	1	4	2	0
Moran, l. f.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Arndt, 3b	4	0	1	2	1	0
Anderson, 1b	4	0	0	9	4	0
Phelan, c. f.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Blackburn, s. s.	4	2	2	4	3	0
Peterson, 2b	3	1	1	2	4	0
Fitzgerald, c.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Lafitte, p	4	1	1	2	5	0
Totals	33	5	8	27	19	0

*Batted for Taylor in ninth.

Buffalo 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Providence 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0 1—5

Innings pitched—By Taylor 8, Allison 1. Hits off Taylor 7, off Allison 1. Earned runs—Providence 3. First base on balls—Off Lafitte 2 (Clancy, Taylor), off Taylor 2 (Phelan). Anderson); by Lafitte 2 (Brain McAllister). Three-base hits—Blackburn. Sacrifice fly—Hofman. Sacrifice hits—Smith, Peterson. Stolen bases—Moran, Schrim, Blackburn. Double plays—Hofman to Anderson. Umpire—Byron. Time of game—1:35. Attendance—1,200.

JEFFRIES AND JOHNSON PROMISE TO MEET

Despite Thursday's Automobile Accident, But Doubt Is Expressed at Chicago.

Chicago, July 17.—James J. Jeffries and Jack Johnson have promised to meet in Chicago today and settle terms for a fight for the world's championship title. The latest expression from Jeffries was that he surely would be on hand, and Johnson's representative said that the automobile accident at Crown Point, Ind., Thursday would not prevent his coming. Despite these promises considerable doubt is expressed in sporting circles as to whether the meeting will take place.

CORBETT AND FRAYNE HOOK UP TODAY

Former Will Endeavor to Show He Retains Speed and Stamina That Enabled Him to Win.

San Francisco, July 17.—Young Corbett enters the ring of the Mission Arena against Johnnie Frayne today in an endeavor to prove to the local fans that he has regained some of that speed and stamina that enabled him to stow away Terry McGovern. Frayne is a local fighter, but gained most of his fame in the short bouts which he fought in the east recently.

Frayne enters the ring a 10 to 7 favorite. Corbett, as usual, looked well and declared himself to be in the best of trim for the fight. He is eager to win for the sake of the girl to whom he will be married shortly after the contest.

TURF RESULTS

Empire City.

First race—Responseful, 4 to 1; Evening Song, 1 to 5; Love Watches, 7 to 5.

Second race—Nimbus, 11 to 5; Prince Ahmed, 1 to 4; Tony Bonero, 4 to 5.

Third race—Richard Reed, 2 to 5; Osorine, 7 to 5; Belleek, 4 to 5.

Fourth race—Arcite, even; Bellwether, 8 to 5; Lawton Wiggins, 2 to 5.

Fifth race—Fighting Bob, 6 to 1; Follie Levy, out; May Florence, 4 to 5.

Sixth race—Eschau, 8 to 1; Rye, 8 to 5; Hans, out.

Fort Erie.

First race—Caper Sauce, 7 to 2; Cannie Maid, 1 to 2; Bilberry, 9 to 1.

Second race—Bergoo, 9 to 1; John Dillon, 9 to 5; Crealin, 5 to 1.

Third race—Mystifier, 6 to 1; Tremargo, 6 to 1; Light Blue, 15 to 1.

Fourth race—W. A. Leach, 9 to 2; John A., 9 to 2; The Minks, 7 to 2.

Fifth race—Gallant Pirate, 5 to 1; Amanda Lee, 15 to 1; Chief Kee, 3 to 5.

Sixth race—Gwendolyn F., 12 to 1; Gold Front, 5 to 1; May Lutz, 5 to 2.

Seventh race—Mozart, 12 to 1; Montclair, 50 to 1; Alta McDonald, 100 to 1.

Terre Haute.

First race, 2:12 trot; purse $1,000—Judge Lee, by Lee's Pilot (Laselle), 1; Bell Bird 2, Peter Balta 3, Fred C. 4. Best time, 2:09¼.

Second race, 2:15 pace; purse $2,000—Lady Elgin, by Prince Gomah(McLane), 1; Marmosa 2, Hal Perry 3, C. the Limit 4. Best time, 2:06¼.

Third race, 2:25 pace; purse $500—Hallie Direct, by Walter Direct (Geers), 1; Mary K. 2, Nosey Nora 3. Best time, 2:12¾.

Fourth race, 2:06 trot; purse $1,000—Sonoma Girl, by Linwood (McMahon), 1; Sterling McKinney 2, Spanish Queen 3. Best time, 2:07.

Broke Record.

Cleveland, O., July 16.—Major Mallow, 2:05 1-2, broke the Rockport track record today when he won the free-for-all pace in 2:06 3-4 and 2:09 3-4. Last year Hedgewood Boy paced this track in 2:08 1-4.

Lake Erie.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Corry, Pa., July 16.—Ideal, driven by Jack Rombough, got fourth place in the 2:16 pace here today, Billy C., Toney Boy and Cutler, Jr., being the horses in the money. The time was 2:15¼, 2:15¼, 2:15½.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Indianapolis—	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	1	5	3
Louisville	3	5	6

Batteries—Slagle and Howley; Selby and Hughes.

At Columbus—	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	1	6	1
Columbus	2	9	1

Batteries—McSurdy and Abbott; Goodwin and James.

At Kansas City—	R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	4	10	2
Milwaukee	3	6	0

Batteries—Carter and Sullivan; McGlynn and Moran.

At St. Paul—	R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	1	3	5
Minneapolis	5	7	1

Batteries—Leroy and Carisch; Young and Block.

No Liniment Like "Nerviline"

FIFTY YEARS' USE PROVES IT THE STRONGEST, SAFEST, BEST.

1,000,000 Bottles Sold Annually.

The unexampled success of "Nerviline" is due to the fact that it is five times stronger, three times more penetrating, more pain-relieving than any other liniment.

One million bottles used every year—think what this means! Surely stronger proof is not possible that Nerviline is a trusty liniment, a household remedy upon which mothers can depend in case of accident or sudden sickness. Scarcely an ache or a pain that Nerviline won't cure—among the hundreds of ailments for which it is guaranteed are the following:

Headache	Neuralgia
Sciatica	Rheumatism
Lumbago	Chest Colds
Sore Back	Toothache
Earache	Cramps
Diarrhoea	Bowel Disorders

Doctors will tell you that nothing but the purest and most healing antiseptic drugs are used in Nerviline—that's why it is so safe for general family use, for the baby as well as the parent. If you haven't tried Nerviline, do so now—your neighbors are almost sure to know of its manifold merits and uses.

Refuse any substitute for Nerviline, sold the world over in large 25-cent bottles, five for $1, all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

TEN HORSES TO START IN EMPIRE

Big Handicap To Be Run at Yonkers Today—A Great Field and Close Race Is Looked For.

New York, July 16.—Ten horses are scheduled to start in the $5,000 Empire City Handicap to be run at Yonkers tomorrow. Unless some are withdrawn these horses will face the barrier:

Alfred Noble, Kings Daughter, Effendi, Fashion Plate, Maltble, Arasee, Fountainbleu, Restigouche, Live Wire and Arcite. The distance is one mile and a furlong. Good time has been made in the workouts for the event and a close race is expected.

TORONTO SELLS HOUSER TO PHILADELPHIA

Announcement Made by President McCafferty, of Toronto.

Toronto, July 16.—President McCafferty, of the Toronto ball club, announced today that First Baseman Ben Houser had been sold to the Philadelphia Athletics of the American League for $3,500. Houser will join the Athletics at the end of the Eastern League season.

Pitcher Carl Lundgren, who is at his home in Marengo, Ill., has been ordered to report to the Toronto club at once, the board of arbitration having decided that he belongs to Toronto. Lundgren wired that he is in good condition and ready to take his regular turn in the box. In the last game he pitched for Toronto he held Buffalo to three hits. The doctors have told Bill Phyle that he will not be able to play ball again this season and perhaps never again.

CENTRAL LEAGUE FORMED

Cubs, Lions, Tigers and Nelsons Arrange a Schedule.

At a meeting of representatives from four junior teams—the Cubs, Lions, Nelsons and Tigers—of the central part of the city, the following schedule was drawn up, all games to be played on the Colborne street school diamond: July 19, Tigers vs. Nelson; July 21, Cubs vs. Tigers; July 23, Nelsons vs. Lions; July 26, Cubs vs. Nelsons; July 28, Tigers vs. Lions; July 30, Lions vs. Cubs; Aug. 2, Nelsons vs. Tigers; Aug. 4, Tigers vs. Cubs; Aug. 6, Lions vs. Nelsons; Aug. 9, Nelsons vs. Cubs; Aug. 11, Lions vs. Tigers.

The Cubs would like to arrange games with teams, average age 15, for any except scheduled nights. Address, John Elliott, 375 King street.

ASYLUM BEATEN

Two Rinks Played the Londons Yesterday Afternoon.

Two rinks of trundlers from the London Asylum were defeated yesterday afternoon by the Londons on the London bowling greens, the scores being:

Asylum.		Londons.	
E. Beech,		N. C. Wood,	
W. H. Talbot,		Wm. Lind,	
Dr. Robertson,		Jas. Reid,	
J. Richardson, skip	20	M. H. Phelps, skip	22
A. Baker,		Dr. Rea,	
Dr. Harris,		W. Hyman,	
J. C. Hazard,		Rev. Martin,	
A. Thower, skip	16	A. Theobold, skip	19

YOUNGS WERE BEATEN

Fast Team of City League Taken Into Camp at Strathroy.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, July 16—McKeller's three-sacker saved the game for the locals in a fast match with R. J. Young's of London, here today, the score being 8 to 6 at the finish.

In the seventh inning the tally stood 6 to 5 against Strathroy, but two men on bases were sent home on the drive.

The score:

London 3 0 2 0 1 0 0—6
Strathroy 1 2 0 0 2 3 0—8

Batteries: Strathroy—Holt, Kerr and Pieffer. London—Chapman and Steele. Umpire—Butler, Strathroy.

TYRUS COBB WILL NOT QUIT GAME

Tiger Right Fielder Says He'll Stick to the Game as Long as He Can.

Detroit, Mich., July 17. — "Quit baseball? Not as long as I can play," said Tyrus Cobb, right fielder of the Detroit American League champions, when asked yesterday about a story from Macon, Ga., that he was contemplating retiring from baseball in favor of the automobile business.

Cobb, however, intends to devote his winters to the automobile, having accepted a position as sales agent.

BOWERMAN RESIGNS AS MANAGER OF DOVES

Frank Could Not Get a Running Combination Out of the Best Nationals.

Boston, July 17. — President John S. C. Dovey, of the Boston National League baseball club, announcel last night that Frank Bowerman had resigned as manager of the team, and that Harry Smith, a catcher with the local club, has been appointed in his place. Bowerman has been manager since last winter. His reasons for resigning are that he could not get a winning combination out of the players, and that he objected to the trading of Johnny Bates, the clever outfielder, to Philadelphia, for two pitchers. Harry Smith, the new manager, came to this city last year from Pittsburg, where he had played for several years. Bowerman has no plans for the future, he says, and will go to his home in Romeo, Mich., for a long rest.

CANADIAN CRICKETERS DRAW.

Philadelphia, July 16.—On a rain-soaked wicket, the Zingari Cricketers of Toronto, managed to hold their wickets long enough to insure a draw with the Pilgrims at the Germantown Cricket Club. The Canadians were retired with a total of 193 runs, five less than were scored by the Pilgrims or All-Philadelphians, in the first inning yesterday. G. H. Southam, of Toronto, scored 54 runs, the highest record of the two days' play. Tomorrow the Canadians will meet the Moorestown and Radner Clubs at Moorestown, N. J.

A REAL RACE

Louisville, Ky., July 16. — From the standpoint of competition the race for the American Association 1909 pennant at this period is the most savage almost in baseball history.

Between Milwaukee at the head and Kansas City at the foot of the league are but 64 points in percentage.

The first six clubs are so bunched that the loss of a game or two would make the leaders second division members, and those in sixth place in the van.

THE JURY DISAGREES IN BOYAJIAN CASE

Detroit, Mich., July 17.—The jury in the murder trial of Dr. G. K. Boyajian, who shot and killed his nephew, Harooton Gostanian, disagreed, and was discharged early this morning.

A SEAT FOR JOE MARTIN

Has Been Selected as Liberal Candidate for East St. Pancras.

London, July 15.—Joseph Martin, former premier of British Columbia, and stormy petrel of Dominion politics, is to be given a seat in the British Commons. He has been adopted as Liberal candidate for East St. Pancras, from which seat Hugh Cecil Lea is retiring. This looks like a sure thing for Martin. At the general elections Lea was elected with 4,208 votes over Sir Thos. Wrightson, Conservative, who got only 2,327 votes.

COVERPOINT JOLTS

Charlie Abbott, who skipped a rink at Niagara-on-the-Lake, reports that the big tournament was a decided success, and that there would be many more rinks from Toronto at the W. O. B. A. than formerly. He states that the trundling was good, and that everybody had a fine time. "A number of skips told me that they were coming to London," said Charley. "I think we will have a much larger representation than usual."

* * *

Strathroy will send four rinks to the W. O. B. A. One of them will be skipped by Duncan C. Ross, M. P. P., who is almost as enthusiastic a bowler as his leader, Hon. A. G. MacKay.

* * *

By the way, Hon. Mr. MacKay is first vice-president, and it is more than likely he will be selected to succeed President J. C. Waddell, of Petrolea. He will come down from Owen Sound with a fine bunch of fellows.

* * *

The Waddells have captured a majority of the presidencies. Mr. J. C. Waddell, of Petrolea, is president of the W. O. B. A., and Mr. W. Waddell is president of the New Zealand Bowling Association. They are not relatives, but belong to the brotherhood of bowls, which counts for something. The New Zealand association has a large affiliation of members, and bowling seems to be enthusiastically adopted there. If the New Zealand Waddell is as good a fellow as the Canadian, he is the right sort.

* * *

That was some baseball game in Detroit yesterday, and it almost is a record in the big leagues for shutout games. It must have been a hummer from start to finish. It is a good thing, it does not count in the batting averages. If it did some of them would experience a slump. T. Cobb, for instance.

* * *

Johnston Brothers of this city have bought the well-known racing mare, La Point, 2:09¼, from Jack Rombough, and it is probable that they will retire her to the breeding ranks to be mated with one of their famous stallions. They formerly owned the sire of La Point, old Five Points, who is now in Petrolea. La Point should be good for some years to come.

* * *

The Canadian Sportsman is authority for the statement that Jack Rombough made a good offer to Art Bedford for that handsome little wiggler, Tomozi. This fellow is a green chap with a nice way of going and fine manners. If he does not cut some melons in the game before many years the majority of race followers are guessing badly. Bedford would not sell him.

* * *

Wentworth, the fast Canadian trotter, campaigned by Dick Restorick at one time, is now on the speedway at Hartford, Conn., and is showing speed.

* * *

It is reported that The Broncho, the Winnipeg pacer, is in fine shape, and predictions are made that she will take the measure of the free-for-all wigglers in the Wolverine stake. She is certainly fast.

NEW HOSPITAL WAS HANDED OVER

Isolation Keys Now in Possession of Chairman Screaton of the Trust,

BUILDING SATISFACTORY

City Fathers and Officials Appear To Be Satisfied With the Construction —Some of the Addresses.

The isolation hospital was inspected by the city council last evening, and the official transfer of the building to the hospital trust was made. It is completed, and is a decided credit to the city of London.

At 6:30 the council, members of the hospital trust and the city officials, assembled at the new building, and it was thoroughly inspected.

A minute examination was made of the construction work, and all the materials, and in every instance it was found to be satisfactory.

A Fine Building.

"I think we have a very fine building," said Chairman Screaton.

"I can find no fault with it. Dr. R. W. Bruce Smith and Dr. Amyot yesterday reported to me that it was the finest of its kind in Ontario."

After an inspection of the grounds the visitors were entertained to a dainty lunch in the nurses' dining-room.

Ald. Stewart officially handed the keys of the building to the mayor.

About the Construction.

"There has been a lot said regarding the construction of this building," said Ald. Stewart. "There were defects as there are in every building. I asked those who questioned me about the matter to suspend judgment until the building was finished, and then if there were criticisms to make let them make them. Now the work is all completed, and I leave it to your judgment if the work is not well done."

"I hand the key over to you, Mr. Mayor, and hope that the building will be as useful in preventing the spread of disease as you can wish for."

Mayor's Address.

Mayor Stevely accepted the key on behalf of the city, and then in a brief speech, handed the building over to the hospital trust to manage. He congratulated Ald. Stewart and City Architect Nutter on the good work done, and hoped that Mr. S. Screaton would continue as chairman of the trust for some time to manage it.

Mr. Screaton responded briefly. He stated that he was glad the new building was completed. It was a model, and many cities were making inquiries about it.

"It is one of the most important additions to our hospital plant, and one of the most necessary," said Mr. Screaton. "We will be able now to segregate all contagious cases, and prevent epidemics. The appointments of the building are perfect for the work."

Trustee Judd.

Mr. J. C. Judd, K.C., one of the trustees, followed with a speech on hospital work. He regretted the fact that the citizens generally did not take the interest in hospital work that they should. Criticism had been freely offered, and often not of the proper sort. The hospital was a civic institution, and it was the duty of the citizens to take an interest in it. The facilities for treating the sick in London were unrivalled in the province. He spoke of the paying patients' department and declared that a revenue was received from this department to ease the burden of non-paying patients. The exclusion of graduate nurses from the hospital had resulted in a revenue of from $3,000 to $4,000 from that source. He declared the trust were endeavoring in every way to lessen the burden of the people. The new isolation hospital would reduce the danger of communication of the contagious diseases and would result in a great saving of money and lives. He congratulated the city on having so fine a building.

Let People See It.

Ald. Saunders suggested in his speech that the hospital be thrown open to the public for several days, and their inspection invited.

"There has been much said about this hospital," said Ald. Saunders, "and as a member of the building committee I want everybody to see the work. If they knew where their money was spent they would take much more interest in the hospital. It is a fine building, and the citizens should feel proud of it. Let everybody come and see it, for once it is occupied all chance of again inspecting it is gone."

Chairman Screaton promised that the building would be thrown open to the citizens just as soon as the floors were oiled and other cleaning up done.

Other Speeches.

Short speeches were made also by Ald. Ferguson, Ald. Gerry, Ald. Fitzgerald, Ald. Cooper, Ald. Moorhead, Ald. Stewart, City Clerk Baker, Fire Chief Aitken, Assessment Commissioner Grant, Architect Nutter, Geo. B. Harris, Superintendent Heard, Dr. Stapleton, Dr. Jeffries, Dr. Fisher, Dr. Cameron Wilson and others.

A NEAR THING.

Niagara Falls, July 16. — Mr. Tomlins, president of the Empire Surety Company, New York, and Mr. Brempter, treasurer of the Aetna Indemnity Company, New York, two prominent delegates to the accident underwriters' convention, undoubtedly saved the life of a young woman today, when they threw their bodies against a runaway bicycle, on which the young woman was riding, down the steep ferry hill road at the falls, near the cliff. The chain on the bicycle had broken and the wheel was going at lightning rapidity and only a few yards away from the cliff, where it would undoubtedly have plunged over with its rider, had it not been stopped by the prompt action of the above two gentlemen.

FRISBIE STILL HELD IN PORT HURON JAIL

Quizzed as to Strange Behavior During the Murder of Elbra.

Port Huron, Mich., July 16. — For three hours this afternoon Samuel Frisbie, the Cleveland young man who is in custody in the county jail here on suspicion of being an accomplice in the murder of Louis Rosenberg, the Cleveland cigarmaker, at Bedore's summer hotel at the St. Clair Flats some time during Wednesday night, was quizzed by Prosecuting Attorney Brown, who was absent from the city when Frisbie was arrested.

At the conclusion of the inquisition, Prosecutor Brown said:

"If any evidence is found that will in any way connect Frisbie with the murder of Louis Rosenberg he will be prosecuted. This will not be definitely determined until, perhaps, tomorrow, as there are several more witnesses whose testimony will be taken."

Difficult Questions For Frisbie.

There are just three questions which are proving a thorn in the flesh of young Frisbie, and these three questions may interfere with his liberation. They are:

Why did young Frisbie, when he saw Frank Elbra in the act of killing Rosenberg, stand idly by and not do anything to prevent the crime?

Why, after the commission of the crime, did he return to Bedore's hotel and sleep in the same room with Elbra, and share his company until his roommate committed suicide, all without saying a word?

Why, if he knew that Elbra entertained such antipathy towards Rosenberg, did not he give the murdered man some intimation of the fact and put him on his guard?

Didn't Know What He Was Doing.

To the first question Frisbie replied that he was so excited that he did not know what he was doing.

To the second question he replied that he was so dazed by the happenings that he hardly knew his own mind.

To the third question he replied that he did not know of any personal enmity that Elbra felt for Rosenberg other than having heard him say one day: "I'd like to get that Jew."

Some circumstances connected with the murder have raised the inference that Frisbie is not guilty of the actual killing of Rosenberg, but might have been implicated in the robbery. These, the prosecution states, will be weighed carefully before any action is taken.

Frisbie was apparently frank and open in the story he told the prosecutor, and it was substantially the same as told Assistant Prosecutor Stewart yesterday. The young man has retained Attorney Joseph Walsh and intends to make a stiff fight for his freedom.

SCOTLAND YARD SEEKS LEON LING

London, July 16. — It is understood that Scotland Yard detectives are searching London for a Chinaman who is said to have been recognized as Leon Ling, the supposed murderer of Elsie Sigel, by an American who knew him in New York.

SISTERS DROWN IN THE ST. CLAIR

Daisy and Bertha Brace Perish While Bathing Near Port Huron.

LATTER A S. A. ENSIGN

Prominent Salvation Army Officer and Sister Meet Tragic Death.

Port Huron, Mich., July 17. — Bertha and Daisy Brace, sisters, were the victims of a drowning accident at Sarnia yesterday. They were bathing in the St. Clair River. Daisy was able to swim, while her sister was not.

The latter, while wading, stepped into deep water, where the edge of the channel lies, and sank. Daisy, who was swimming farther out, went to her rescue, but the swift current was too much for her, and both sank.

Bertha, the elder sister, was an ensign in charge of the Salvation Army at Sarnia, and her sister, whose home is in Boston, was visiting her in Sarnia. The sisters were 29 and 21 years old, respectively.

Bertha was well known in the Salvation Army work, having been stationed for some time at Toronto. She was a native of Charlottetown, P. E. I., where her parents and a brother reside.

At a late hour the bodies had not been recovered.

KILLED BY BLAST

Worker in Mines Near Tweed Meets With Instant Death.

Tweed, Ont., July 16. — Percy Harvey, at the sulphide mines, near Tweed, was killed last night by a blast. It is supposed it was caused by too short a fuse. Harvey was lighting the fuse at eight holes and had lighted several, and was lighting the others, when one went off, killing him instantly. His helper at the top of the shaft was stunned, and could tell nothing about the accident. Harvey was from Newfoundland, and was only 27 years of age. He leaves a wife and family.

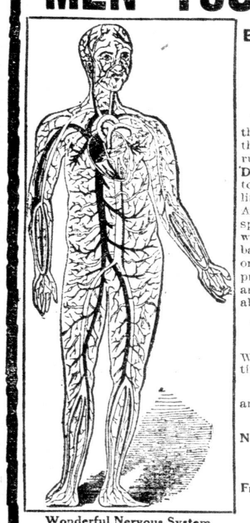
REPORTERS ON STRIKE.

St. John, N. B., July 16.—A unique newspaper situation developed here late today, when the four city reporters of the Standard, the morning Conservative paper, left in a body, following a series of events which ended today also in the city editor leaving. Several reasons affecting the relations of the management and the staff operated to bring the matter to this point. Temporary arrangements were made for carrying on the work. The trouble comes on the eve of a hotly-contested by-election in St. John County for a vacant seat in the Provincial Legislature.

HAMPTON MUST HANG.

London, July 17.—Wm. Hampton, a former resident of Ishpeming, Mich., will be hanged on July 20 in Stearth, Cornwall, for the murder there on May 2, of this year, of Milly Tredres, his sweetheart. He was to have been executed on July 15, but a delay was allowed to permit a decision on a reprieve which now is refused.

MEN—YOU NEED NERVE



Wonderful Nervous System

EARLY INDISCRETIONS AND EXCESSES HAVE UNDERMINED YOUR SYSTEM

The nerves control all actions of the body so that anything that debilitates them will weaken all organs of the system. **Early Indiscretions** and **Excesses** have ruined thousands of promising young men. **Unnatural Drains** sap their vigor and vitality and they never develop to a proper condition of manhood. They remain weaklings, mentally, physically and sexually. **How you feel?** Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, bashful, debilitating dreams, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, lifeless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, etc.

This is the condition our New Method Treatment is GUARANTEED TO CURE

We have treated Diseases of Men for almost a lifetime and do not have to experiment. Consult us FREE OF CHARGE and we will tell you whether you are curable or not.

We guarantee curable cases of NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, GLEET, BLADDER URINARY AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

Free Booklet on Diseases of Men. If unable to call write for QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

Simple—Quick—Easy

To clean your shoes—rub on a very little of Day & Martin's "JUST OUT" Polish—let it dry for a minute or two—and a few rubs bring on a shine like patent leather.

"JUST OUT" is made by the oldest and largest manufacturers of shoe polishes in the world. Ask your dealer for it. Take no substitute.

CHAS. GYDE, - 22 St. Frs. Xavier St. - MONTREAL.
Agent for Canada. 2

Little Boy Now Rules the Persians

Teheran, July 16. — The Sultan Mohammed has abdicated. His deposition was probably inevitable in any case, but in the opinion of Persian notables a legitimate pretext for declaring he had forfeited his throne was furnished by his flight to the Russian legation.

The chief notables and nationalist chiefs constituted themselves into a national assembly, and in the presence of a vast and approving crowd in Parliament House Square proclaimed Sultan Ahmed Mirz, the heir-apparent, shah, and Asad Al-Muk, who is the head of the imperial family, regent.

Gen. Liakhoff was placed in charge of affairs for the present. The crowds on the street cordially applauded him. He was instructed to preserve order, open the gates, clear the barracks, and bury the dead and suppress the armed roughs, who continue shooting in various places.

Sultan Ahmed Mirz, the new shah, is 12 years old. He is the deposed shah's second son, his eldest son being ineligible to the throne, as his mother was not a Kajar princess, the constitution providing that the shah must be a son of a Kajar princess.

FUMIGATION FIRED HOUSE WHO IS TO PAY BILL

Here's a Nice Tangle at Port Stanley That Courts May Have to Unravel.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, July 17.—There is a lively fumigation row in progress in this place, and it is said that the courts will be resorted to to straighten out the tangle.

The two sons of Mr. Benjamin Goodhue, of Port Stanley, were recently attacked by scarlet fever. They were attended by Dr. J. B. McDonald, who ordered the place fumigated when the lads recovered. Dr. Jackson, of Union, the medical health officer, was appealed to, and he came over to perform the fumigation. After ordering all the people out of the house, it was tightly closed, and a fumigating apparatus was put to work. It had only been going a short time when it exploded, setting fire to the building, and doing about $100 damage before the flames could be subdued by a bucket brigade.

Mr. Goodhue naturally seeks recompense. But the question is who is to be sued. Will it be Dr. Jackson, who fumigated the house? Or Dr. McDonald, who ordered him to do it? Or the municipality which employs Dr. Jackson? Or will Mr. Goodhue lose by the transaction?

CORRESPONDENCE

The Wilson Case Again.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Dear Sir,—After waiting seventeen days I have read the decision given by Mr. Love, and I am surprised at it. He deals particularly with one side of the evidence, but does not mention one word about the disinterested respectable witnesses who testified on my behalf. He seems to think that I, as a private citizen, have no right to interfere in a case like this, even after having used all the power at my command to have the city engineer and his assistant and Mr. Nutter look after this wall and foundation, when it was in course of construction. They refused to attend to the matter, and then I had to appeal to Ald. Beattie and even at his request, Mr. Nutter did not move in this matter to any purpose. He said he did not want to interfere.

Does Mr. Love think that I have no rights as a citizen and a British subject to look after my safety when I think I am in danger, and am injured? My property is injured by this building being placed close to mine without footings. It is the most uneven and the most unsightly wall I ever saw built in Canada. No footing or foundation ever were put under this wall at the time of building, and I charge Mr. Nutter with negligence of his duty in not attending to the matter, in any event when he was notified.

Again Mr. Love says: "Mr. Pratt employed a competent architect." I would like to know whom it was Mr. Pratt employed as architect on this building. And it would be interesting to know how Mr. Love found this out, because there was nothing in the evidence about it. Besides, as a fact, Mr. Pratt did not employ an architect to look after that building at all. Mr. Love has a high opinion of Mr. Nutter's knowledge of the strength of walls.

If an official, a paid servant of the people, is exempt from an attack, then he is indeed all powerful. I will not have any such ruling from Mr. Love. The bylaw must be carried out by someone or it is a mere engine of oppression to be used against some and winked at against others. I was urged to make a compromise possible by giving way, and at Ald. Saunders' earnest solicitation I agreed to a proposal made by him, lest I might appear to be pressing the matter too far. My persecutor, however, refused to accept the proposal of the alderman. I told the alderman that, what I wanted was a footing, but for fear I would give way now in one breath, I am adjudged to be vendictive in the matter, and the next breath it is made a cause of offense against me because at the solicitation of the alderman I said I would give way.

In order to give Mr. Pratt or anyone who thinks like him, a chance to show the truth of Mr. Pratt's contention I will put up a $100 marked check against Mr. Pratt's or any other man's money, to say that there is not now nor never was, a foundation and footings put down first for this concrete wall to rest on, and to say that this wall is built straight up from the ground on the outside. Let the mayor send expert men to examine the wall at our joint expense, and if it is resting on a foundation and footings I will pay the expenses, and the check will go to any charitable institution the mayor sees fit to name, but if the wall is not resting on footings and a foundation then Mr. Pratt or his backer, will be required to pay the expenses, and give his check to the mayor for charity. I say a hundred dollars, but I am willing to make it a thousand. It is an easy matter to see that the wall was all built in one piece from the bottom up, and that no attempt to put in a foundation, as such, and footings was ever made. Yours truly,

W. A. WILSON.

A Fruit Question

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

As a subscriber, I wish to ask this question through your columns: Is a wholesale fruit merchant allowed to retail, and why does the city allow them to do so? Please answer and oblige. P. M. B.

Answer: So far as can be learned, there is no law to prevent a wholesale merchant selling retail. A number of wholesalers do not sell retail, because retailers would refuse to purchase from them. Still, many wholesalers take the risk. They can sell to whom they wish. The last part of the question is rather difficult to answer.

WANT TO BE LET ALONE

Why Many American Millionaires Are Residing in England.

London, July 17.—The Daily Mail this morning prints an article from an anonymous "American millionaire," in which he professes to give the reasons which cause so many wealthy Americans to settle in England.

"One of the real reasons," he says, "so many of us are escaping from America, is the desire to be let alone.

"In London people are accustomed to mind their own business. Private gossip and scandal are at a minimum here, not only in houses, but in clubs, and your newspapers do not print it.

"There is, in fact, no curiosity with regard to rich people in England.

"The absence of class-feeling in England is another reason. The rich and poor are not divided into hostile factions. There is not the rush, envy, malice of New York society, with its continual struggle of western and Pittsburg people to get into that curious circle, the four hundred.

"New York City is not what it was in my early days. When old Mrs. Astor reigned supreme, society in New York was not at all unlike society in London. There was no ostentation, and any persons of birth, brains or breeding were freely admitted. Today it is merely a question of money and such charming salons as exist in London, where rank, money and brains occupy about the same position, are now impossible in most American cities and certainly in New York."

The writer goes on to contrast the daily life of a rich man in New York and London, and emphatically sums up the preference for London, in this sentence: "In London I am not perpetually stared at, telephoned at, written at, paragraphed at and libelled."

This movement from New York to London, the writer declares, is only in its infancy.

ST. ANDREW'S SUNDAY SCHOOL

Splendid Picnic Was Held at Port Stanley Yesterday.

Between 400 and 500 people journeyed down to Port yesterday on the Traction line with the members of St. Andrew's Sunday school. The day was an ideal one, and the picnic was unanimously voted to be one of the most enjoyable that St. Andrew's Sunday school has ever held. In the afternoon the Sunday school pupils were given a ride on one of the lake steamers. Both dinner and supper were served and during the afternoon the picnickers amused themselves by going in bathing in the lake, going fishing and boating, and in various other ways that made the day pass pleasantly.

LIBERALS WIN A BY-ELECTION

London, July 16.—The parliamentary by-election for Mid-Devonshire has resulted in the election of J. C. Hancock, Liberal and Laborite, by a vote of 6,735 to 4,392 cast for Cresswell, his Unionist opponent. At the general election in 1908, the Liberal candidate, James Alfred Jacoby, had a majority of 3,590. So the present vote shows a falling off of 1,247. Mr. Cresswell was the Unionist candidate in 1906.

MILK FOR BABES ONLY

Special Condition at Hamilton to Reduce Infant Mortality.

Hamilton, July 17.—There will be opened in this city next week two local depots for the distribution of clean milk. The innovation has been established with a view to reducing the local infant mortality, it being claimed by the doctors that the mortality will be reduced by half if clean milk is given to the babies. The city has given a grant of $100 towards the scheme, and other contributors have followed suit. The cows which supply the milk at the farm have been inspected and found to be free of tuberculosis germs, and a trained nurse supervises the milking and the bottling. Sterilized utensils are used. The milk will be sold for babies only at cost, and it is estimated that the extra cost of the treatment will be one cent per quart.

OLSEN WINS.

Seattle, Wash., July 17. — Charles Olsen, of Minneapolis, took two straight falls from Big Yusseff, the Turk, in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling match here last night. The first fall was in 32:44 and the second in 15:06.

BLOODHOUNDS AFTER HIM.

Steel, Mo., July 17. — Posses are following bloodhounds through the woods in the vicinity of Steel in a search for Archie Williams, a white man, who yesterday shot and killed a well-known farmer.

The shooting of Brown was a sequel to a previous shooting affray, Brown firing on Williams following a trivial quarrel as to the rental of some land which the latter had leased to Brown. Lynching is feared.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Montreal, July 16.—The Allan Line royal mail turbine steamer Virginian, from Montreal and Quebec, for Liverpool, was reported 160 miles west of Fastnet at 9 p.m., July 15.

The Allan Line steamer Hesperian, from Glasgow, for Quebec and Montreal, was reported 150 miles northeast of Cape Race at 6:30 a.m., July 16.

The Allan Line royal mail turbine steamer Victorian, from Liverpool, for Quebec and Montreal, was reported 80 miles southeast of Fame Point at 8:20 a.m., July 16.

The Allan Line steamer Numidian, from Glasgow, for Boston, was reported 150 miles northeast of Cape Race at 8:30 a.m., July 16.

Father Point, Que., July 16.—Steamship Laurentic, White Star-Dominion Line, from Liverpool, inward, 4:50 a.m. She has 102 first class, 223 second and 329 steerage passengers.

LIGHTNING DISABLES ERIEAU LIGHTHOUSE

The Structure Set on Fire—An Attack on Inspector French's House.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, July 16.—Missiles crashing through his parlor windows last night awakened License Inspector Thomas M. French at his home, 116 Ursuline avenue. The missiles were a couple of bricks, and are thought to have been thrown by Indian listers, aggrieved by the license inspector's strict and salutary enforcement of the liquor law. The culprits had vanished by the time Mr. French reached the scene and there are no clues as to their identity.

A. H. Skirving, claims agent of the Pere Marquette, telegraphs from Salt Lake City that his son Dick, recently shot accidentally by a stranger who was shooting mud-hens across a small lake, had undergone an operation and was bearing up well. His recovery is expected.

Lightning Hits Lighthouse.

During the heavy thunderstorm yesterday the Erieau lighthouse was struck by lightning, putting the revolving lights out of commission and setting the framework afire. The flames were quenched by sailors on the City of Dresden, with the aid of their fire hose.

The first Maple City taxicab arrived shortly after midnight last night, muddy roads delaying its trip from Walkerville. It will be run in connection with the Hotel Sanita.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Laporte returned last night from a two weeks' vacation spent in Winnipeg, Grand Forks, N. D., and Goderich. Mr. Laporte reports the western crops 'way ahead.

Rev. Mr. Kay, of Dover, was thrown out of his rig in a runaway yesterday on the Chatham-Dover town line, but fortunately he was uninjured.

About 200 members and friends of Holy Trinity Sunday school participated in a delightful excursion, via C. W. and L. E. to Erie Beach yesterday.

Looked Like Edmunds.

Mrs. Arthur Cartier, living on the corporation line between the city and Dover Township, reports that the day the body of Belle Weaver was found on the Prairie Siding track, a man, answering the description of Edward Edmunds called at her place and asked for a drink. After getting the drink he walked to a shade tree near, perused a large number of papers and had a short sleep before proceeding on his way.

The Thames was afire last night. At least, it looked that way, a pier of the Fifth street bridge blazing up as the result, presumably, of a chance match or cigar stub. The fire brigade speedily put the flames to the quiet, the damage being slight.

Will Be Warmly Welcomed.

The Detroit Motor Boat Club, which visited Chatham in June, 1908, will revisit the city on July 24. A committee, representing the club, was in the city yesterday making initial arrangements with Mayor Westman and President Taylor of the board of trade. Upwards of fifty craft are expected to participate.

John Head and Wm. H. Bensen represented Court Hope, No. 6244, A. O. F., at the funeral of the late Edward Patterson in Brantford yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gray and daughter Helen, and the Misses Alice and Lizie Trotter, left yesterday for a couple of weeks at Rostrevor, Muskoka.

Mrs. Kenny, concession 10, Dover, was brought in to the General Hospital yesterday for treatment. While driving home afterward Mr. Kenny's horse took fright and overturned the buggy. Mr. Kenny's right hand being badly gashed by the horse's hoof.

MODEST BOYS HEROES AT PORT STANLEY

By Quick Action Save Another Lad From a Watery Grave.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

Port Stanley, July 17.—Donald Smith, the 12-year-old son of Mr. E. A. Smith, real estate agent of St. Thomas, narrowly escaped drowning in the lake last night. He was canoeing when the craft was upset and he was thrown into the water. His cries attracted the attention of two lads, who hastily securing one of the Haney & Miller skiffs, used by the contractors around the piers, went to his assistance. As young Smith was about half way to the pier, the effort was no small one, but the two boys finally succeeded in bringing the St. Thomas boy to safety. The rescuers are very modest, and would not give their names to the Advertiser man.

BULLET'S MISADVENTURE

Windsor, July 17.—Harry Crooks discharged a Flobert rifle at a sparrow near his home. The bullet missed the bird and struck Miss Lizzie Smith who was walking on the street. The ball glanced from Miss Smith's neck and broke a window in a house near by. Crooks' name was taken by Officer Maitre, but he was not required to go to the police station.

TAKAHIRA'S PLANS.

Tokio, July 17. — The Japanese Government has not yet decided whether Ambassador Takahira, who has been called home, will be sent back to Washington. It is said in high official circles that no decision will be reached until Mr. Takahira arrives in Tokio, and confers with the cabinet. The question of his return to Washington, it is said, will largely rest with the ambassador, and may be decided by his own wishes.

A successor to Takahira has hardly been considered, although Y. Uchida, ambassador at Vienna, is mentioned among those who are talked of for the Washington post.

GOING TO PORT?

If so, have The Advertiser delivered at your summer home or cottage. Send a card, or phone 107.

JUBILEE REUNION IN COUNNY OF OXFORD

Will Be Held During the Month of August—Old Boys at Ingersoll.

There will be a series of jubilee reunions held in the county of Oxford during the coming month of August. These will be held at Thamesford, Braemar, Woodstock and Beachville, with Ingersoll bringing the series to a close on August 15 to 17. Zorra associations and Oxford clubs are being formed throughout America, as no county has a larger number of its erstwhile citizens scattered about the continent than Oxford.

The Old Boys' Reunion at Ingersoll will be the great culmination of the series, and a great time is anticipated. On Sunday, the 15th, the opening day, the different pulpits of the town will be occupied with former pastors, many of whom have risen to distinction, while the choirs will be composed of singers who were formerly members of the choirs in Ingersoll. In the afternoon a sacred band concert will be given in the park, and a grand concert will be held in the evening.

Monday the 16th, will be "Caledonia Day," and will be given up largely to the Scotch, though a Marathon race will be one of the features of the day. In the evening there will be another grand concert.

Tuesday will be "Everybody's Day," which will open with a grand trades procession," which will be followed with a day of sports, which will include horse racing and special attractions. The celebration will be brought to a close with a grand concert and a magnificent display of fireworks.

Mr. A. Gordon Murray, of Louisville, Ky., is the general secretary of the Old Boys' Association, and Mr. S. A. Gibson, of Ingersoll, the local secretary.

There will be a meeting of the London delegation on Friday evening, July 23, when invitations will be given out, and when the secretary, Mr. Gibson, of the Old Boys' Association, will give a short address. Everyone interested is urged to be present.

A GREAT COMPETITION.

Louisville, Ky., July 16. — From the standpoint of competition the race for the American Association 1909 pennant is believed to be the closest hitherto in professional baseball. Between Milwaukee at the head and Kansas City at the foot of the league are but 64 points in percentage. The first six clubs are so bunched that the loss of a game or two would make the leaders second division members, and vice-versa.

A comparison with the other big leagues shows that in the National League there are 431 points between the first and last teams and 334 points between the leaders and tailenders in the American League.

G. T. P. BONDS TO BE ISSUED.

London, July 16. — An issue of Grand Trunk Pacific bonds to the value of $10,000,000 is expected next week.

REFINED OIL CUT.

New York, July 16. — The Standard Oil Company today announced a reduction in refined oil of 15 cents a hundred gallons, making refined in cases $10 65, refined in tanks $4 75, standard white $8 25 and refined at Philadelphia $8 20.

ROYAL TRIP CANCELLED.

St. Petersburg, July 17.—The visit of King Frederick and Queen Louise of Denmark to St. Petersburg has been abandoned on account of the cholera epidemic in the capital.

ONLOOKER SHOT.

Hamburg, July 16. — An unfortunate accident occurred at the shooting ranges today during the competitions in which the German-American marksmen are taking part. One of the German competitors dropped his rifle, which resulted in the discharge of the piece. The bullet penetrated the heart of a bystander, a marksman named Schmidt, from Turingen, who died immediately.

A MARVELOUS FLIGHT.

Mineola, July 17.—A flight of 24 7-10 miles in 53 minutes and 46 seconds was made today by Glenn H. Curtiss in his aeroplane over the Hempstead Plains course for the cup offered by the Scientific American. In this flight Curtiss excelled all his previous records and all American records for the year.

WANTS A BLERIOT.

Paris, July 17.—Mr. Brent, chairman of the aeronautic committee of the Fulton-Hudson centenary, has arrived here to arrange with M. Bleriot, the French aviator, for a Bleriot monoplane to take part in the aviation events in connection with the centenary celebration. The machine will be manned by one of M. Bleriot's pupils. Other French aviators probably will enter.

EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS.

Athens, July 17.—From reports sent in by the prefects from the Province of Elis, the casualty list in the earthquake of Thursday does not appear so large as was at first feared. Up to the present time it is known that 26 persons lost their lives. Twenty-three bodies have been recovered from the ruins of Havari, where about 250 houses were destroyed. Eighty persons were injured at this village. Three persons were killed at Ponhoitli.

The quakes caused more or less damage at other points, but did not result in casualties.

TRAIN HIT AUTO.

New York, July 17.—Edward Hurly, of Glencove, Long Island, a deputy sheriff, was killed, and two of his companions were seriously injured—Allen Perry, of Sea Cliff, Long Island, sustaining concussion of the brain, and Archie D. Tappan, of New York, a broken leg—when the Port Washington express on the Long Island Railway crashed into their automobile at the Winfield crossing, 3 miles from Long Island City, early today. A fourth member of the party, Horace T. Sherwood, of Glencove, leaped and escaped without injury.

The fog and trees at the roadside hid the approaching train until the autoists were close to it. Tappan put on full speed and tried to cross the tracks ahead of thel ocomotive. The auto crashed through the guard gates, and the engine struck it squarely in the middle, hurling the occupants into the air. The train stopped, and the passengers went to the assistance of the injured men. During the excitement, Patrick Mongrahn, a passenger on the train, fell 30 feet from a trestle, and was probably fatally injured.

Tappan, the owner of the car, was taking his friends from New York to his place in Glencove.

A Snowstorm in July!

"A snowstorm in July?" No, not that, but something just as unusual and just as astonishing.

Our spring and summer goods have got to go to make room for our fall stock. We are making the greatest sacrifice of values ever known.

65 Carriages and Collapsible Carts to Pick From

Discount 20% Discount

CARTS FROM ..... $2 to $40, all cut 20 per cent
23 DOLL'S CARRIAGES AND CARTS with same cut as the large ones.

BOYS! Something to Interest the Boys

Our large stock of Wagons, Speeders and Automobiles we are clearing out at 25 per cent.

Refrigerators, Screen Doors and Windows

LESS THAN FACTORY PRICES

REFRIGERATORS for $5.75 to $50.00
SCREEN DOORS ..... 75c to $2.00
SCREEN WINDOWS ..... 15c up

Seven Croquet Sets, 50 per cent off ..... 75c to $3.00
Verandah Shades, less than factory cost.

Last Chance to Buy Porch Rockers and Chairs at Factory Cost

$2.00 ROCKERS reduced to.....$1.35
$2.50 ROCKERS reduced to.....$1.85
$3.00 ROCKERS reduced to.....$2.15
$4.00 ROCKERS reduced to.....$2.85
$6.00 ROCKERS reduced to.....$4.25
ROCKERS exactly like cut this week only.....$2.85

The Ontario Furniture Co.

London's Largest Furniture Store. 228 and 230 Dundas St.

PATTEN'S RIGHT BOWER WAS JUPITER PLUVIUS

His May Corner Is to Soon Look Like Small Investment in Dog Meat.

Chicago, July 16.—Indications are that J. A. Patten, who was widely advertised as running a "corner" in May wheat, will put over the real thing in July and make his former effort look like a small investment in dog meat. Good luck and good judgment have been running in pairs so long for the jovial "Jim" that board of trade men have come to believe that providence issues a special dispensation whenever Patten dispensates anything special.

The price of $1.29 a bushel touched yesterday made shorts wriggle. True, there was a break late in the day to around $1.23, but the end is not yet.

Jupiter Pluvius has been Patten's right bower in this market.

Brother Deserts Cause.

A few days ago even George W. Patten, brother of the wheat king and a general of no mean renown, reneged on the July wheat corner, dumped a few millions on the market last week, and made preparations to duck out for Europe next Saturday. Even the loss of his left bower, who had reinforced the green bug, black rot, and other freaks of nature in former campaigns, did not turn a hair for the wheat king. He was sure something would turn up—and it did.

Jupiter got to work. Every little rivulet, creek and river in the west and southwest became a roaring torrent, dykes and levees were forced out of plumb, and enough of the farmers' wheat went floating down the Mississippi Valley to put a new face on the wheat situation. Where the wheat was not washed away, the shock in which it stood was soaked up to such a point that a lot of good wheat was made into dough or near enough to it to prevent its being delivered as of merchantable, contract quality to Patten in the open market.

It is estimated that Patten's holding of July wheat is more than 5,000,000 bushels, while his cohorts are boosting his game along with easily as much more and possibly double that. In former campaigns these bright followers have let go their holdings at comparatively moderate profits, while Patten himself has usually stuck for the big show. The plan was reversed to a small extent Wednesday. Patten attempting to stem the rising tide by selling considerable wheat on an overnight advance of 5 cents a bushel, while the cohorts were leading the buying procession by about ¼ cent, with loud and vociferous bidding.

Patten Still a Bull.

It is probable Patten's 5,000,000 bushels are pretty nearly intact yet. Every time the price goes up a cent it adds $50,000 to his profits.

What the price of July wheat will be at the end of the present month is an open question. There is practically no wheat left in Chicago, the Patten aides having merchandised all that was delivered to him in May, some 4,000,000 bushels.

"Some Kansas City houses are reporting that there will be a heavy movement of new wheat with good weather," said Mr. Patten yesterday. "This probably is true to a certain extent, but it is also true that every bushel of it will be wanted and grabbed for by the mills and exporters, and I predict an advancing wheat market—right in the face of a good movement."

THE STAR NOT WARRING ON PREMIER WHITNEY

Declares That His Charge Is a Display of Unreasonable Waspishness.

Montreal, July 17.—Sir James Whitney's defi to the Montreal Gazette and the Montreal Star, the two leading Conservative organs in Canada, has caused considerable comment here. The Star says:

Sir James Whitney persists in misrepresenting the Star as to its attitude toward his hydro-electric scheme. He said that "the Montreal Star and the Montreal Gazette have entered the lists" on behalf of the gentlemen who oppose the policy. Now, this statement was utterly without truth, so far as this paper was concerned. We had not uttered a syllable on the subject, one way or the other. All we had done was to publish in our news columns the news about the protest which these gentlemen are making at Ottawa.

Await Apology.

We pointed this out in a good-natured paragraph and awaited Sir James' apology, and now it has come. He says, with reference to "the power policy of the Provincial Government," that "now we have a declaration of war from the outside. The Montreal Star and the Montreal Gazette have served notice upon us that they are to lead a crusade against the desires of the people of Ontario and the expressed will of the Legislature."

Will Sir James quote a solitary word from the "notice" which he says we have "served"? We have "served" no such "notice." We have not attacked his power policy at all. We do not even now criticise his modest assumption that he represents without question "the desires of the people of Ontario." We want no "war" upon the subject though Sir James, perhaps ennuied, by the dullness of the summer season, seems determined to force a war upon us.

If we went to war, we can assure him that it would not be upon his power policy, which is, perhaps, the best thing that his Government have done—though they have done it with some little display of the pugnacious and high-handed Whitney manner. The fact is, as our readers know, that our attitude toward the Whitney administration has been distinctly friendly and all the unreasonable waspishness of its leader will not make us change our course. We propose, however, to continue to print the news, whether Mr. Whitney likes it or not; and if his local papers have so coddled him by keeping unpleasant statements from his sight that he cannot endure the comments of men whose interests he has put in jeopardy, without wanting—like an Oriental despot—to slay the messengers who bring him the "bad news," it will do him good, as a servant of a democratic community, to find a refreshing breeze blowing occasionally "from the outside."

STRIPPED OF TITLES.

Madrid, July 17.—The Infante Alfonso of Bourbon-Orleans has been deprived this title and stripped of his Spanish honors and decorations on account of his marriage on July 15 in Coburg, Germany, to Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg, without the royal consent. Prince Alfonso is the great-grandson of Louis Philippe, the dethroned King of France. He was born in Madrid in 1886.

WATCHING FOR LEON.

London, July 17.—If Leon Ling, the Chinaman who is supposed to have murdered Elsie Sigel in New York on June 9, really is in England, there is a good prospect of his speedy capture. Scotland Yard is taking great interest in the case. The professional pride of its staff is aroused, and no pains are being spared to enmesh the Chinaman if he is here. The police at all ports are watching out-going steamers, and it would be almost impossible for any Oriental to leave the country without giving a satisfactory account of himself.

TO INSPECT NAVY.

Paris, July 17.—President Faillieres, accompanied by Minister of Marine Picard and other members of the cabinet, left Paris today for Havre to inspect the channel and ocean squadrons of the French navy.

MILTON CLARK DEAD.

Rochester, N. Y., July 17. — Milton H. Clark, a prominent horseman formerly president of the Lake Erie and Mohawk Valley circuits, is dead here.

LEBARGY WEDS.

Gisors, France, July 17.—Simone Lebargy, an actress, was married here today to Claude Casimir-Perier, son of the former president of the republic.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

ONLY ONE COMPLAINT AGAINST THE WATER

People Are Apparently Well Satisfied With the Artesian Wells.

The vote on the water question will be taken one week from Monday, and signs are not wanting that the citizens generally are taking a keen interest in the artesian well scheme.

The water has been used in the mains for two weeks and more now, and the complaints about its quality have been few indeed.

After the first few days, when all sorts of rumors were afloat, nothing of importance was heard, and the citizens are practically a unit in declaring that so far as can be judged, the water is good.

Since the pumps have been at work, the wells have been pumped night and day, and there never was a day in that time that they did not show the flow asked of them, and there has been no evidence of any diminution of the quantity.

This effectually disposes of the statement that the wells will "pump out."

The Real Test.

This dry spell, which is testing the Springbank supply is having no appreciable effect on the wells.

As to the purity of the supply, Dr. Amyot has made several analyses of the water, and in no instance has he found any deleterious matter.

In one sample he found a bacteriological content, but this was due to a delay in transit of the sample. Even then, there were no harmful germs, such as colon bacilli, present.

Only One Complaint.

Dr. Hutchinson has received one complaint about the quality of the water, no more.

"I am in a delicate position regarding the wells," said Hon. Adam Beck. "Last January I made promises. Now I have fulfilled every promise I made. I have given a definite proposition, involving the expenditure of a definite amount of money for a plant with a definite supply of water, guaranteed.

Water in the Mains.

"That was my part. Now the water is in the mains. It has been used for some time, and it is for the people to judge of its quality. My experts tell me that the supply is inexhaustible, and I must say that after many severe tests, the quantity has shown little or no diminution."

Supply Will Continue.

Mr. Oliphant, the expert who was engaged by Hon. Adam Beck, gave it as his opinion that the supply would last, as in his many years' experience he never discovered a well pumped as long as some of these have that did not retain their flow indefinitely.

LATE JOHN COCHRANE

Funeral Was Held to St. Peter's Cathedral—Interment in St. Peter's Cemetery.

The funeral of John Cochrane was held yesterday from the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. Catherine Evans, Henry street, to St. Peter's Cathedral. Requiem high mass was sung by Father O'Neil. The pallbearers were: Messrs. H. Putman, Hugh Rogers, H. Naggs, C. Summers, Ed. Evans and T. Naggs. Among the floral offerings were wreaths from Scandrett Bros.' employees, where deceased worked; Greene-Swift's employees, and the firm of Stirton & Dyer. Interment was made at St. Peter's Cemetery.

THAW IS ANXIOUS TO GO ON STAND

Declares He Will Easily Demonstrate That He Is Sane.

White Plains, N. Y., July 16.—Harry K. Thaw, who will remain here in the county jail until the hearing to determine his sanity is resumed on July 26, before Justice Mills, is apparently highly elated over the prospect of going on the witness stand and telling his story under fire of a rigid questioning by the state's attorneys and alienists.

Thaw said today: "I will demonstrate easily that I am sane when I go on the stand. I am more than anxious for the ordeal. It is the chance I have prayed and hoped for. Now, I feel that Judge Mills will be able to see that my contention that I am sane is valid."

Speaikng of his wife's testimony against him, Thaw said he felt no animosity toward his wife and had no idea of cutting off her allowance of $500 a month.

Evelyn Thaw was at hand and ready to testify for the state, which is opposing her husband's release from the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane, when the fifth day of the hearing on Harry K. Thaw's mental condition was begun before Justice Mills.

The usual curious crowd filled all available space in the courtroom.

Dr. Meyer testified that he saw Thaw first in the White Plains jail on Oct. 8, 1908, and discussed with him at that time episodes included in a hypothetical question which the witness had prepared on which to base an opinion of the prisoner's sanity. On subsequent visits to the White Plains jail and in Matteawan Asylum the physician talked freely with Thaw, he said, and got him to tell the story of his boyhood days.

Deputy Attorney-General Clark continually objected to Dr. Meyer's summarizing of the conversations with Thaw and insisted on the witness giving Thaw's exact words. He was sustained in his objections by the court and the witness had to go over his testimony several times before answers were elicited which were allowed to remain on the record.

Dr. Meyer related a conversation upon one occasion in which Thaw told him he was going to have typhoid fever, and suggested that his rooms in the jail should be cooled off with twenty tons of ice.

SUICIDES IN JAIL.

Brampton, July 16.—Nelson Carey, a youth confined in the jail here for alleged insanity, committed suicide Tying a towel to the handle of the door of the corridor, he made a loop, and strangled himself. His knees when he was found by the jailor were touching the floor. Coroner Lawson will hold an inquest.

ACCORD ALL CITIES THE SAME TREATMENT

Ald. Beattie Speaks of Mr. Beck's Statement Regarding Hamilton.

The municipalities should be consulted before preferential treatment is given to Hamilton, is the opinion of Ald. Beattie.

"According to the contract submitted to us, the commission must consult us," said Ald. Beattie. "We have the right to protest against any such treatment as that. Of course, the commission, I presume, may listen to our objections or not as they see fit, but according to the contract we should be consulted."

"Of course, many queer things have been done, and there may be many more. Nevertheless, we should be consulted. All cities in the power zone should be given the same treatment."

CHEAPSIDE BOULEVARD AGAIN DISCUSSED

No. 1 Committee Talked Matter Over, But It Was Again Shelved.

Routine business occupied the attention of the finance committee yesterday afternoon. There was not a quorum present.

A petition from the residents of Cheapside street, asking that the name of the street be changed from Cheapside to The Boulevard, came up, but was laid over.

"Every property-owner is in favor of making the change," said Ald. Ferguson. "I understand, however, that the question of making a boulevard on the street is in the hands of City Solicitor Meredith, who is looking into the legal aspect of the case. I guess we had better lay it over."

The request of the hospital trust that the council obtain the ruling of the county judge on the agrement with the county regarding Victoria Hospital, was laid over for one month.

The smoke nuisance bylaw was not considered.

The usual number of accounts were passed.

Those present were: Ald. Ferguson, chairman; Ald. Beattie, Mayor Stevely and City Clerk Baker.

MONTREAL OPINION OF C. W. BENNETT

Herald Speaks Well of Theatrical Manager Who Has Just Retired From Active Work.

The Montreal Herald says: The news of Mr. Bennett's retirement will be read with keen interest by many who have followed the development of the Bennett enterprises in Canada. Mr. Bennett is well known here, and his successful entry into the local theatrical world with Bennett's Vaudeville Theatre marked him as a man of discrimination, determination and enterprise. That theatre has been an unqualified success in Montreal, and is now an institution in our amusement circles.

Mr. Bennett has for some time past been anxious to secure freedom from the worries incidental to the active business management of the theatrical circuit he built up, and has now realized his ambition. Mr. Clark Brown, who succeeds him, is thoroughly well acquainted with the tastes of the clienteles of the various Bennett enterprises, and is not likely to allow the standard of the attractions presented to fall off in any degree. Mr. Driscoll, the assistant manager, who is to exercise control over the Canadian end of the Bennett circuit, was formerly manager of the Hamilton vaudeville house, and has acted as manager here occasionally during the absence of Mr. McVean.

SENATOR PERLEY DEAD

Dies Suddenly From Apoplexy at Wolseley, Sask.

Wolseley, Sask., July 16. — Senator W. D. Perley dropped dead yesterday from apoplexy. The senator succumbed suddenly to heart failure at noon, while in D. G. Craig's store, Without warning he fell to the floor. Medical aid was at once summoned, but without avail.

The flag on the town hall is flying at half-mast, and his sudden demise has cast a gloom over the town. The annual sports and races billed have been indefinitely postponed.

Arthur, the eldest son, died about three years ago. Ernest Perley, the second son, was in Winnipeg when he received the news of his father's death, and he left at once for Wolseley. He married a daughter of Dr. Clint, of Winnipeg. The late senator's eldest daughter is the wife of E. A. Hanbury, of Wolseley. A second daughter is the wife of Levi Thomson, of Wolseley. Mrs. Perley survives her husband, and resides at Wolseley.

William Dell Perley was born at Gladston, N. B., in 1838, and was a farmer in his native province till 1882. In that year he went west, and located at Wolseley, when things were at the very beginning in the Saskatchewan region. He took a prominent part in public affairs, held a seat in the council of the territories, and went to Ottawa in 1887 as the first member of the Commons for the district. He resigned a year later to provide a seat for Mr. Dewdney, who became minister of the interior, while Mr. Perley was given a seat in the Senate by Sir John Macdonald.

SUFFRAGETTE IN TROUBLE.

Montreal, Que., July 16. — Mrs. Whitwright, evidently a refined English woman, who several times of late has allowed her feelings to get the better of her breeding, appeared in the police court today to answer to a charge of obstruction in connection with a socialitistic meeting a few days ago. She was sent down, pending an examination into her sanity. Whitwright is evidently a pseudonym, and it is believed the woman left a comfortable home in England on account of her views. She has two children with her, a boy and girl, and the three have eked out a precarious existence in Montreal for some time.

FIVE GIRLS DROWNED AT VANCOUVER PICNIC

Teacher Went Down and Others Went to Her Rescue Only to Perish.

Vancouver, July 15.—Five girls, Gertrude Ankers, aged 25 years; Annie and May Murphy, 19 and 14; Signa Buck, 15, and Alfhild Paulsen, 11, a New Westminster picnic party, were drowned at Aliceville, Burrard Inlet, below Moodyville, yesterday afternoon. The girls belonged to a large party of young people and went to bathe separate from their companions. Signa Buck got beyond her depth at a sudden dip in the shelving sand. Miss Ankers hastened to her assistance. Both were soon struggling helplessly. The three girls remaining made heroic efforts to save their companions. Another of the Murphy sisters barely escaped. The bodies were recovered.

Four bodies have been recovered. Miss Gertrude Ankers was a teacher at Brownsville, on the opposite side of the Fraser. The picnic to Aliceville was organized by her for the pupils. The younger children were accompanied by their older brothers and sisters. At low tide four children waded in, hand in hand. The fifth, Annie Murphy, sitting on the shore, rushed into assist. All were drowned in sight of their young relatives. Boys put out in a boat. Miss Ankers' body came to the surface. She was wearing swimming wings. It is thought the others held her down, or she died in attempting to save them.

Messengers were sent to Port Moody, and word telephoned to New Westminster police.

Miss Buck was a daughter of the Dominion fire ranger at Timberland and Miss Paulsen a daughter of the Timberland postmaster.

FATHER TYRRELL DEAD

Priest Famous For His Modernist Sympathies Passed Away.

London, July 15.—Father George Tyrrell, whose sympathies for the modernist movement in the Catholic Church caused him to withdraw from the Society of Jesus and brought him into conflict with the Vatican, died this morning after an illness which began on July 6. M. D. Petre, in whose house he died, states that the priest of the Diocese of Southwark was called in, because both M. Petre and Baron Friedrich Von Hugel, one of his friends, were convinced that Father Tyrrell would wish to receive all the rites of the Catholic Church. He apparently made a confession to this priest, and received a conditional absolution, the extreme unction usually administered in communion being out of the question owing to the absence of the powers of swallowing.

Father Tyrrell's intimate friend, Abbe Bremond, was present at the end and had the opportunity in a moment of very clear consciousness the evening before his death of speaking to Father Tyrrell as to his accepting such confession as he could make by sign and giving him the last absolution.

SCAFFOLDING BROKE

Rivetter Drops 150 Feet From Bridge Over the East River.

New York, July 16.—Four riveters dropped from the top of the new Manhattan bridge today when the frail plank scaffold on which they were working 150 feet above the waters of the East River, gave way under their combined weight. Only one of them reached the water, and a diver is still looking for his body. The other three clutched steel beams as they fell and escaped his fate.

William Herbert is the one who was drowned. Angus Milchrist struck a cross beam 20 feet below the broken scaffold. Although his leg was broken by the shock he clung on until a board was shoved to him, and then he was pulled to safety.

John McGillis struck the same cross beam and escaped with nothing worse than a few bruises. The fourth man landed on a lower staging and was unhurt.

PERKS ON CANADA

Says Old Country Would Do Well To Copy the Dominion.

London, July 16. — Sir R. Perks, speaking on the land tax question, said he had been lately in a happy country where the problems which perplexed us were not brought under the consideration of the Legislature. When we were told sometimes to copy New Zealand or Germany, he thought we might, with advantage, turn our eyes to the growing, prosperous Dominion of Canada, where such land regulations as now are being proposed here would not be tolerated for a moment.

This week finished the work of the Imperial Press Conference. Last night Sir Hugh and Lady Graham gave a farewell reception to the delegates who remain in London, and those who entertained them during June, as well as those who were instrumental in making the conference a success. An attractive programme of music and recitations was contributed by well-known Canadians, Edmund Burke, Kathleen Farlowe and Edith Smaill, who gave selections from Drummond's well-known works.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Toronto, July 16.—Prof. Carlo Cattapani, as he calls himself, is in custody here charged with indecent conduct with some boys. He was remanded this morning without bail. He claims to be an Italian marquis and to have a wealthy wife in New York.

DROWNED IN THE BAY.

Hamilton, July 16.—J. Gower, the 10-year-old son of Alfred Gower, was drowned in the bay this morning. He was bathing and waded beyond his depth. Efforts to rescue him proved fruitless. The body has not been recovered.

Digby, N. S.

Minard's Liniment Company, Limited:

Gentlemen,—Last August my horse was badly cut in eleven places by a barber wire fence. Three of the cuts (small ones) healed soon, but the others became foul and rotten, and though I tried many kinds of medicine they had no beneficial result. At last a doctor advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, and in four weeks' time every sore was healed and the hair has grown over each one in fine condition. The Liniment is certainly wonderful in its working.

JOHN R. HOLDEN.

Witness. Perry Baker.

Administrator

This Company is chartered by law to accept the management of the estate of a person dying without a will.

It is a carefully-managed, financially-responsible Company, with years of experience in such matters.

If appointed to act as administrator it will assume the management of the estate, collect and pay debts, distribute legacies and property among the heirs.

It will prove an honest, able administrator of the estate. Every interested person will be alloted his or her lawful share.

The charges, in every case fixed by a judge, will be no greater, more likely less, than the remuneration allowed the individual administrator.

Services of Family Solicitor always retained by Company.

Correspondence invited and answered promptly.

Canada Trust Co.

LONDON, CANADA.

$85,000 BOOK BILL

A Set of Dickens' That Was Illustrated by Turner.

Chicago, July 17.—Once more the minds of the reminiscent public are recalled to the $30,000 book swindle that was put over on Mrs. James A. Patten, wife of the "wheat king." Mrs. Mary J. Hoxie, 4440 Michigan avenue, who like Mrs. Patten had a decided penchant for the collection of rare and expensive books, procured an order from Supreme Court Justice Bischoff, of New York, directing the Garfield Safe Deposit Company of that city to permit her representative to examine certain tablets, said to have been contained in a box in its vaults.

Mrs. Hoxie's trouble grew out of a contract which she entered into with certain Boston publishers to purchase a set of Charles Dickens works—130 volumes—illustrated by Turner, for $85,000. Of this amount Mrs. Hoxie has already paid $50,000, and the publishing company is suing her in Chicago for the balance, $35,000.

But Mrs. Hoxie did not accept the first five books of the set which were delivered to her, claiming they were not as they had been represented to her by George D. Sproul, the man who sold them to her.

When Mrs. Hoxie complained about the books and refused to accept them, Sproul, it is said, offered to exchange the whole set for thirteen tablets, which he said were stored in the safe deposit company's vaults. Mrs. Hoxie wanted to see the tablets before deciding and it was for that purpose that her attorney, J. A. Hatch, secured the order from Justice Bischoff.

It was brought out in the bearing in court yesterday that other prominent men have been suing on book contracts recently, and it was shown that Comptroller Metz, of New York, had not long ago paid the sum of $20,000 to be relieved from a contract similar to that which Mrs. Hoxie entered into.

At Mrs. Hoxie's residence in the evening it was said she recently had returned from the east, but that at present she is visiting some friends in Lake Forest.

"I know nothing about Mrs. Hoxie's affairs, and never heard of any book deal that she was in," said the informant. "She is visiting in Lake Forest, but I have no idea with whom she is stopping or when she will be home."

THE GRAND TRUNK IN LONDON, ENGLAND.

The crowning importance of the Grand Trunk Railway system, the expansion and extension of business, has necessitated the building of a new Grand Trunk building in London, Eng. The need of more room has been made all the more apparent since the Grand Trunk Pacific was projected. The company has been fortunate enough to secure a site at No. 17-19 Cockspur street, S. W., from the London County Council. Upon this site they have erected a splendid building. The Canadian Government emigration offices are at Charing Cross, but a stone's throw from the Grand Trunk building. It is at the very hub of London. It is within five minutes of half a dozen leading hotels, and near the intake to the tube at Trafalgar Square station. Motor 'buses pass the door every few seconds to all parts of London, north, south, east and west.

The inside furnishings of the new building are luxuriously complete; mail is picked up every hour of the day.

A noticeable feature of the building is the range of circular-fronted balconies on the fifth floor in front of deeply-recessed windows, which are surmounted by a very effective heavy molded and medallioned main cornice.

The carving on the front wall, which includes the coat-of-arms of the Canadian provinces traversed by the Grand Trunk system, was executed by Mr. W. S. Frith. The graceful figures over the principal entrance, emblematic of travel by land and sea, are the work of Mr. Albert Drury, A. R. A.

The public offices entered from Cockspur street, through the great central doorway, is a fine room 40 feet long and 18 feet high. The floor is marble, the walls are panelled in teak, with inlays of ebony and holly. In this room there is a magnificent freize, by Mr. Frank Brangwyn, A. R. A., which pictures Canada in the wild, hunting scenes; Indian life; the meeting of the pathfinder—the engineer—with the Indian chief, and finally the civilizing influence of the railway and the white man upon the red man's country.

The new offices were opened on Dominion Day, and hereafter the European traffic department of the Grand Trunk Railway system and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway will occupy these new premises, which have already become one of the sights to be seen in London.

STRIKE AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, July 16.—Two hundred boilermakers and blacksmiths, employed at the locomotive and machine works at Longue Point, a branch of the American Locomotive Company, have gone on strike on account of a new timing system which, the men claim, reduces their pay. This system has been introduced in some departments, but the boilermakers and blacksmiths rebelled against working under it.

This picture is the Home of the Dr. Rhodes Co., where so many, many sufferers come every year and are cured for life of these awful diseases of our specialty. Where is carried on today one of the largest and most extensive practices in Men's Diseases in the World. This is said to be the finest equipped Medical Institute for the Cure of Men's Diseases in the United States. Capital, $38,000.00.

All Diseases and Weaknesses Peculiar to Men.

Our Advice is Free to You. Write us Today.

If you want to preserve your manhood and vital powers do not permit drains, losses and weaknesses to undermine your nervous and physical system. We have discovered methods that act specially in just such cases and through their vitalizing and reconstructive action your strength, vitality and manhood can be restored. We have demonstrated the effectiveness of our own modern system of treatment in the most stubborn cases. Weakness is a symptom that does not appear to be as bad as it really is, and that is the reason thousands of men gradually become nervous, mental and physical wrecks. The man who desires to be strong and manly can be so if he will give his case the attention it deserves. If you are secretly suffering from the effects of early indiscretions or excesses, why not awake to your true condition and have strength and vigor restored to the organs that are weak. It is a simple matter and will not inconvenience you in the least.

BLOOD POISON.

If you have blood poison our treatment will complete thorough elimination of the disease. We understand every phase of the ailment, and our practical experience will enable us to render to you the very best results. You cannot afford to experiment with a virulent poison which is capable of destroying the tissues, bones and every organ of the body. Malignant or incurable cases are the result of careless or indifferent treatment in the earlier stages. Our treatment reorganizes the blood corpuscles and drives out every vestige of the poison from your system. Sores, ulcers, skin eruptions, sores in the mouth, throat or on the tongue, disappear quickly. Aching bones, swollen glands, falling hair and every manifestation of either the first, second or third stages are brought under control in a few weeks' time, and then you are safely on the road for a complete cure. If you want good and reliable treatment we can convince you, no matter how prejudiced or skeptical you may be, that we are experts in the cure of blood poison. Your faith and confidence in both our methods and ability to cure will be quickly and firmly established. It makes no difference how many doctors and treatments you have tried, try our treatment, and be convinced how easily we can cure you, and cure you for life so you nor any one else will know you ever had the awful disease.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

Varicocele, Urethral Obstructions, Stricture, Piles, Unnatural Discharges, Prostatic Troubles, Painful and Distressing Symptoms that accompany Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases cured. We acknowledge no superiors in the world in the quick and positive cure of these awful diseases, if neglected.

If you have burning or smarting pains while urinating, pus, mucus or blood in urine, shreds or stringy mucus, red sediment, inflammation of the bladder or prostate gland with frequent desire to urinate, dull pains in back or region of the kidneys, you know it is not advisable to experiment with patent medicines or drugs recommended by a friend or druggist. To be able to treat these conditions successfully it is absolutely necessary that one should have a knowledge of the pathologic or modifications of function and changes in structure caused by disease. Let us cure you permanently and quickly. You will be surprised how quickly we can cure you.

WRITE US TODAY!

FREE CONSULTATION is a privilege we extend to every man, as we never make a professional charge unless he desires us to treat his case until cured.

ADVICE ALWAYS FREE.

Send us particulars of your case at once if you cannot call. No man so poor that he can't pay this low price for the proper treatment.

DR. RHODES CO.

Sixty-one (61) West Fort St.

(Opposite Fort St. Entrance to Post-office.)

DETROIT, MICH.

CRUSHED BY RAIL.

Windsor, Ont., July 16.—Wasyl Gonczuk, 29 years old, one of a gang of laborers employed on the C. P. R., was fatally crushed by a heavy steel rail which he was helping to load on a flat car at St. Jochim yards today, and died within 20 minutes. He leaves a widow and two children.

The Home Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO 8 KING ST. WEST.

Open a savings account in the name of your young son. We will lend him a small metal bank to help him save for himself.

Full compound interest paid twice a year on deposits of one dollar or more.

LONDON OFFICE,

394 RICHMOND STREET,

Branches also in

ST. THOMAS, ILDERTON, THORNDALE.

Grand Union Hotel

Opp. Grand Central Station, New York City

Rooms, $1.00 a Day

AND UPWARD

Baggage to and from Station free.

Send 2c stamp for N.Y. City Guide Book and Map

"The Prospective Patentee" —Full information to inventors— sent free on application

Fetherstonhaugh Dennison & Co. PATENTS

STAR B'DG. 18 King St. W. TORONTO.

also Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg and Washington

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

TO LIVERPOOL

Tunisian	July 16	Aug. 13
Victorian	July 23	Aug. 20
Corsican	July 30	Aug. 27
Virginian	Aug. 6	Sept. 3

TO GLASGOW

Pretorian	July 17	Aug. 14
Hesperian	July 24	Aug. 21
Ionian	July 31	Aug. 28
Grampian	Aug. 7	Sept. 4

RATES OF PASSAGE

According to Steamer.

First Class—$67 50, $77 50, $87 50 and up.

Second Class—$42 50, $45, $47 50, $50.

Third Class—$27 50 and $28 75.

For further particulars apply to F. B. CLARKE, W. FULTON, E. DE LA HOOKE or E. RUSE, local agents, London. ywt

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The Popular Route to All Principal Tourist Resorts

Including Muskoka, Lake of Bays, Temagami, Georgian Bay, Maganetawan River, Kawartha Lakes, Etc.

Full summer service now in effect. Excursion tickets on sale daily.

ALASKA---YUKON---PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SEATTLE

Very low rates. Fast time, via attractive routes. Daily until Sept. 30, 1909. Return limit Oct. 31, 1909.

For tickets and further information call on E. De la Hooke, city agent; E. Ruse, depot agent.

C. P. R. Atlantic Lines to Europe. F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, agent. ywt

C. P. R. STEAMERS

From Montreal and Quebec.	From Liverpool.
July 24.....Lake Erie	July 7
July 30.....Empress of Ireland	July 16
Aug. 7.....Lake Manitoba	July 21
Aug. 13.....Empress of Britain	July 30
Aug. 21.....Lake Champlain	Aug. 4
Aug. 27.....Empress of Ireland	Aug. 13

All steamers equipped with wireless, and all conveniences for the safety and comfort of passengers.

All steamers carry third class.

To book or for further information apply to the nearest C. P. R. agent, or S. J. SHARP, 71 Yonge street, Toronto.

White Star-Dominion Royal Mail Steamships

LAURENTIC, Triple Screw. MEGANTIC, Twin Screw.

Largest and most modern steamers on the St. Lawrence route. Latest production of the shipbuilders' art. Passenger elevator serving four decks. Every detail of comfort and luxury of present-day travel will be found on these steamers.

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool.

CANADA	July 17	Aug. 21	Sept. 25
LAURENTIC	July 24	Aug. 28	Oct. 2
DOMINION	July 31	Sept. 4	Oct. 9
MEGANTIC	Aug. 7	Sept. 11	Oct. 14
OTTAWA	Aug. 14	Sept. 18	Oct. 23

The popular steamer "CANADA" is also again scheduled to carry three classes of passengers. While the fast steamer "OTTAWA" and the comfortable steamer "DOMINION," as one-class cabin steamers (called second class), are very attractive, at moderate rates. Third class carried on all steamers. See plans and rates at local agents, or company's office. H. G. THORLEY, passenger agent for Ontario, 41 King street east, Toronto. Freight office, 28 Wellington street east. ywt

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

AMERICAN LINE.

N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.

Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

New York—London Direct.

LEYLAND LINE.

Boston-Liverpool Direct, sailing Wed'days

RED STAR LINE.

New York—Dover—Antwerp.

WHITE STAR LINE.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.

N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.

Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.

New York and Boston—Mediterranean.

WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool.

E. DE LA HOOKE, W. FULTON, F. B. CLARKE OR E. RUSE, AGENTS.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*3:45 a.m., 10:50 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m., *3:38 a.m., *11:30 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:43 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *11:40 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the west—*2:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:18 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:25 a.m., *4:00 p.m., *6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*2:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—*11:25 a.m., †6:30 p.m., †7:02 p.m., *10:52 p.m. Arrive from the west—*4:45 a.m., †12:36 p.m., *5:35 p.m.

Depart for the east—*4:55 a.m., †7:45 a.m., †12:45 p.m., *5:42 p.m. Depart for the west—*11:33 a.m., †7:10 p.m., *11 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—6:10 a.m., *7:10 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 1:20 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 3:40 p.m. 5:05 p.m, 6:50 p.m., 8:15 p.m

Arrive—8:45 a.m., †8:55 a.m., 12:20 p.m., 1:40 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 6:00 p.m., 8:05 p.m., 9:05 p.m., *9:20 p.m., 11:45 p.m.

*To and from Walkerville without change. †From Blenheim. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m.

Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

CLEVELAND AND RETURN, $3.00

Via Traction Line and steamer Lakeside. Leave Port Stanley every Tuesday and Thursday, 8:30 a.m.; Saturdays, 2:40 p.m. (except Saturday, July 17, 8:30 a.m.).

TWO HOUR LAKE RIDES

3:30 p.m. and 8:50 p.m.

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY

Good Mucic-25c-Dancing

WABASH

Special Low-Rate Excursions to Pacific Coast Points

Tickets on sale daily until Sept. 30, good to return any time until Oct. 31, 1909. Tickets are good going and returning via all direct routes, with stop-over privileges.

The "ST. LOUIS-COLORADO LIMITED" is the finest and most up-to-date train in America, nothing finer on wheels. Every day at 2:30 p.m. this famous train starts on its flight from St. Louis across the continent, carrying through equipment to Colorado, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington and other western points.

Get your tickets and reserve berths now, before the rush.

J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 63 Yonge street, Toronto.

Michigan Central

"The Niagara Falls Route"

For Business or Pleasure.

travel via the

WOLVERINE TO NEW YORK

Fastest time by two hours. Leave London 5:35 p.m., arrive New York, Grand Central Depot, in heart of city, business district, 9:03 a.m. Passengers may also travel Albany to New York via the historic Hudson River, if they desire, without extra charge. Grandest water trip, new palatial steamers.

ALASKA-YUKON-PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SEATTLE

Best of service, with liberal choice of routes, at lowest rates.

Full information at city ticket office, 405 Richmond street. Phone 205. THOS. EVANS, C.P.A.; S. H. Palmer, D.P.A., St. Thomas; O. W. RUGGLES, G.P.A., Chicago.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FAVORITE LINE TO MUSKOKA

Morning, noon and night express trains to Bala, connecting with steamers for all lake resorts. Unequalled for time, comfort and equipment.

ENJOY A COOL LAKE TRIP

to Sault Ste. Marie or Fort William, Canadian Pacific palace steamers sail from Owen Sound five days each week. Rates moderate.

For train times, tickets and full information apply to W. FULTON, C. P. and T. A., 161 Dundas, corner Richmond, or J. SHAW, depot agent.

TRACTION CO.

REDUCED RATES.

50c PT. STANLEY AND RETURN

CHILDREN 30c DAILY

50c St. Thomas and Return every Wednesday and Saturday.

CARS LEAVE EVERY HOUR.

R & O LOW RATES

INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH

via steamers "Toronto" and "Kingston," leaving Toronto at 3 p.m. daily, for the Thousand Islands, Rapids, St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec and Saguenay River.

Steamer "Belleville" leaves Hamilton 12 noon, and Toronto 7:30 p.m., every Tuesday, for Bay of Quinte, Montreal and intermediate ports.

For rates, folders, etc., apply to local agents, or write H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, A.G.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

WM. TRAFFORD FURNITURE CO.

LAST WEEK OF RED TAG SALE

REMARKABLE UNDERPRICED OFFERINGS FOR THIS WEEK.
ENTIRE STOCK OFFERED REGARDLESS OF COST.

$4 50 Go-Cart	$2 95	$35 50 Davenport for	$25 50
$18 50 Go-Cart	$13 25	$25 50 Couch (full spring edge)	$18 75
$27 50 Cab	$19 50	$6 50 Couch for	$4 75

SNOW FLAKE FELT

Mattresses

Our Special $13 50 White Felt Mattress for $9 50

Other Mattresses from $1 50 up

Our goods and prices are not equalled in the city.

We invite you to call.

UPHOLSTERING, REPAIRING AND REFINISHING A SPECIALTY.

Trafford's Old Stand

95 AND 97 KING ST., BETWEEN TALBOT AND RIDOUT
OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS. PHONE 864.

Pay Your Water Rates BY JULY 20

and save the customary discount. Office open evenings last three nights.

19c-wty O. ELLWOOD, Secretary.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

FENDERS FOR TRANSFORMER AND INTERSWITCHING STATION BUILDINGS.

Tenders will be received up to 5 p.m., Wednesday, July 28, 1909, for the construction of transformer and interswitching station buildings at Toronto, London, Guelph, Preston, Berlin, Stratford, St. Marys, Woodstock, Paris and St. Thomas, all according to plans and specifications to be obtained at the offices of the Commission, Continental Life building, Toronto, Ontario.

Plans and specifications may be obtained upon a deposit of $5 per individual set, or $15 for the complete set, which deposit will be promptly refunded upon receipt of tender, or the return of plans and specifications.

Certified checks to the amounts called for in the "Instructions to bidders" must accompany each tender.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders must be sealed and addressed to HON. ADAM BECK, chairman, Hydro-Electric Power Commission, Continental Life building, Toronto, Ontario.

Papers inserting this advertisement without authority will not be paid for the same. 19u-wt

AUCTION SALE

Valuable property in City of London. Two-story brick house and lot, being 878, 880, Dundas street, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences. Sale Thursday, July 22, at 3:30, on the premises. Terms, cash. Apply JOSEPH BROWN, auctioneer, 97 Carling. 13c-S,10,17

Geo. A. Hatch Auctioneer

CAREFUL ATTENTION TO ALL KINDS OF SALES. b

AUCTION SALE.

George A. Hatch, auctioneer, has been instructed to sell for Robert Lowther a brick cottage, stable and one acre of land on Holman street, off Hamilton road, on Friday, July 23, at 3 o'clock p.m. Owner leaving city. 21u-tw GEO. A. HATCH, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

AUCTION SALE—SOLID BRICK 1½-STORY residence, No. 14 Oxford street, will be sold on Monday, July 19, at 4 p.m. Contains parlor, dining-room, kitchen, furnace, bath and closet, electric light, 3 bedrooms, stable, large lot. Apply to GEORGE A. HATCH, auctioneer. 15u-t

AUCTION SALE

Confectionery outfit, contained in store 14 Talbot street, St. Thomas, including: Counters, wall cases, mirrors, bread case, desk, gas and electric fixtures, soda fountain, 3-horsepower gas engine and ice cream machinery, candy, bakeshop and kitchen utensils, gas range, coal range, coal heater, glassware, dishes and various other articles, will be sold by public auction, either in bulk or saparately, Thursday, July 22, at 10 a.m. For further particulars apply F. E. OSBORN, 50 Mitchell street, St. Thomas. 21k

Auction Sale

Two cows, 1 horse, fowl, one-horse wagon, harness, churn, lumber, all kinds of tools, four tons hay, cutting-box, wheelbarrow, also contents of house, extension and kitchen tables, secretaire, heater, kitchen stove, dining-chairs, lamps, dishes, rockers, pictures, two bedroom suites, two rugs 4½x3½; everything nearly new. Corner Huron and William streets, Wednesday, July 21, at 1:30 p.m. Terms, cash. No reserve. MRS. H. E. WALKER, proprietress; GEO. A. HATCH, auctioneer. 21u-ty

PERSONAL.

FORTUNE TOLD IN BUSINESS, LOVE marriage, domestic affairs, enemies, speculations, etc.; all mysteries revealed; send 6c in stamps and birth date. A. Renaud, Box 841, North Coaticook, Que. b

MARRY RICH—BIG LIST OF DESCRIPTIONS and photos sent free, sealed. Address Standard Corresponding Club, Box 607, Grayslake, Ill. 13tf-t

REFUSED TO HAUL.

Montreal, July 17.—Officials of the C. P. R. are worried over the disposal of a gold brick in the shape of a monster locomotive built in the Angus shops at a cost of approximately $25,000. Taken out for a trial run between Hochelago and Mile End, to the consternation of many officials who had gathered to see it, this most wonderful of all locomotives refused to haul, and after many fruitless attempts it was taken back to the Angus shops.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE

(Continued From Page One.)

every district has many aspirants for this most important position.

On Thursday morning, the election of grand master will take place. The present incumbent, M. W. Bro. A. T. Freed, of Hamilton, will retire, and R. W. Bro. Judge D. F. MacWatt, of Sarnia, will be elected to this, the most important position in the gift of the Grand Lodge.

The New Grand Master.

Judge MacWatt is well, and most favorably known among the Masonic fraternities of London, and throughout the Dominion. He was born at Nairn, Scotland, July 9, 1853. In 1869 he came to New York, and subsequently to Canada in 1873. He first saw Masonic light in Corinthian Lodge, No. 96, Barrie, in June, 1885, and was master of the lodge before 1891. He has been D. D. G. M. of Georgian district, No. 9, was the first grand superintendent of the Georgian district under the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of Canada, was also provincial prior of the Toronto district of Knights Templars, past grand master of the Royal and Select Masters, and president of the Order of the High Priesthood for the Province of Ontario. He has presided over Barrie Lodge of Perfection as T. P. G. M., and has been M. W. sovereign of the Rose Croix Chapter of the same place. At Ottawa, in 1896, he was elected a sovereign grand inspector-general, 33rd degree A. and A. S. R. He is also a past supremee grand master of the Knights Templars body of Canada.

Grand Masters of Past.

Among the grand masters of Canada have been many men prominent in the business and political life of the Dominion.

Among them have been the following:

William Mercer Wilson	1855-1859
T. D. Harrington	1860-1863
W. B. Simpson	1864-1865
William Mercer Wilson	1866-1867
Alex. Allan Stevenson	1868-1870
James Seymour	1871
William Mercer Wilson	1872-1875
James Kirkpatrick Kerr	1875-1876
W. H. Weller	1877-1878
J. A. Henderson	1879-1880
James Moffat	1881
Daniel Spry	1882-1883
Hugh Murray	1884-1885
Henry Robertson	1886-1887
R. T. Walkem	1888-1889
John Ross Robertson	1890-1891
J. M. Gibson	1892-1893
William White	1894-1895
William Gibson	1896-1897
Elias Talbot Malone	1898-1899
Richard B. Hungerford	1900-1901
J. E. Harding	1902-1904
Benjamin Allen	1905
J. H. Burritt	1906-1907
A. T. Freed	1908-1909

The Local Committee.

The local committee have the details of their work arranged, and it is expected that the plans of the Grand Lodge will be carried out without a hitch. The brethren in charge are: Bro. Dr. C. H. Zeigler, chairman; W. Bro. C. I. Morrow, secretary; W. Bros. Richard Booth, Thos. Rowe, D. H. Bowen, T. A. Rowat, John Graham, J. H. Wilson, V. W. Bro. Andrew Ellis, W. Bro. Tanner, W. Bro. Harry Stratfold, R. W. Bro. Geo. F. Morris and P. W. W. Brodrick, V. W. Bro. W. C. Fitzgerald, W. Bro H. C. McBride, W. Bro. J. E Johnston and W Bro. John Hobbs.

It is expected that 1,000 brethren from all over Canada will be in attendance.

500,000 BRICKS USED IN ISOLATION HOSPITAL

The Cost Was Over $50,000—Some Facts and Figures of the New Institution.

City Architect Nutter has prepared some facts regarding the new isolation hospital.

The hospital is laid out on the pavilion principle, and the building is planned so as to provide complete isolation in every part and at the same time is extremely compact and capable of complete and easy supervision and economical service. Further, there is perfect intercommunication between the respective pavilions. Provision is made for scarlet fever and diphtheria patients in two, two-story pavilions, the upper floors to be used for acute cases and the lower floors for convalescents. Each floor comprises four private wards, public ward to accommodate ten with large solarium on the south side, dier kitchen, linen room, ward office, bathroom, male and female W. Cs. and lavatory and service room and W. C. for nurses in a separate isolated pavilion. Connected with each patient pavilion is an administration pavilion three floors in height.

Ground Floor.

On the ground floor are two detention wards, office, doctors' robing-room, disinfecting-room and clothing stores, exit bathroom and superintendent's bedroom with bath and lavatory en suite. First floor, comprising four nurses' bedrooms, head nurse's bedroom, nurses' dining-room, bathroom, etc., and housemaids' service-room. Second floor comprises nurses' dormitory to accommodate six, and two nurses' bedrooms. Between the two administration pavilions is placed the service pavilion, containing on the ground floor a general kitchen with pantry and stores to serve the whole group of buildings, separate diphtheria and scarlet fever maids' dining-rooms, and on the upper floor and isolated from each other, are maids' dormitories, cooks' bedrooms and bathrooms and lavatory. In the basement of this building is the heating chamber, with boiler-room in a separate, one-story annex. All the respective pavilions are connected by covered ways and covered bridges, which allow a complete circulation of air between them.

An Open Outlook.

The hospital is laid out so that every ward, sleeping-room and living-room has an open outlook. Corridor and service-room only being lighted from the court yard. The public wards and the service buildings are designed so that in case of an epidemic the accommodation can be doubled without destroying the efficiency of the building or overcrowding. The whole of the internal communication, corridors, passages, staircases, bridges, covered ways, etc., are of fireproof construction, constituting a perfect internal fire escape in case of fire or panic. The natural lighting and ventilation of the buildings are perfect and every part is capable of being cross ventilated, and there is not a dark corner in the whole of the building. The artificial lighting is electric.

The hospital is heated and ventilated on the plenum principle, supplemented with direct steam heating in parts, and the system gives a ten-minute air change in all parts of the building.

The total cost of the building, exclusive of land, was $50,504 86.

The hospital possesses 20,578 square feet of floor space. The air space is 225,358 cubic feet.

It required nearly 500,000 bricks to build it.

If they were laid one upon another the bricks would form a monument 21 miles high.

CLINTON.

July 16.—Emanuel Clayton Finch, youngest child of Emanuel and Mary Finch, died on Thursday evening after a few days' illness.

Mr. Jacob Taylor and wife, who have been celebrating the silver anniversary of their wedding, will leave next week for a two months' visit in England.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Taylor have returned to Brantford after spending a few days with friends in town.

Mrs. Mutch, the matron at the house of refuge, is holidaying at Whitby.

Rev. James Livingstone, of Mitchell, was renewing old acquaintances in town this week.

Grant Beaton is enjoying the lake breezes at Kincardine.

Miss Rena Pickett has returned from a trip to the west.

Mrs. W. J. Oster, of Detroit, has been spending a couple of weeks in town.

Miss M. Cluff has accepted a school near Hamilton.

Captain McCaffrey, of the Salvation Army, intends spending a few weeks in the west.

Major Joseph Beck was a Clinton visitor this week. He is now living in Toronto.

Mr. S. C. Rathwell was in Gorrie on Wednesday.

The Woman's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. Moffat Thursday, the 22nd inst.

INTO DRY DOCK.

Montreal, July 17.—The steamer Prefontaine of the Canadian St. Lawrence Steamship Company, which was run ashore at Lake St. Peter, following the accident to its gear, is now being towed to the city. Immediately on her arrival she will be placed on the dock for repairs, and the officers of the line expect to have her in service within a few days.

Local Items

—Rev. Mr. Mitchell, of New St. James, will preach at Knollwood Park at 3:15 p.m. tomorrow.

I. B. S. Baby Show.

A meeting of the members of the I. B. S. baby show committee will be held on Friday night of next week.

Off For Detroit.

Five hundred picnickers from the shops of McGregor-Gourlay and the Cowan Saw Company, of Galt, went through London this morning in a special train en route for Detroit.

At the Citadel.

Major Simco and Capt. Crocker, of the Salvation Army, are having success in their revival meetings in the Citadel. Last night there were three converts, one of them a man who had served in the Indian mutiny.

Moonlight Excursion.

The committee in charge of the grocers' moonlight excursion on the steamer Lakeside at Port Stanley on Wednesday report that all arrangements are completed. Music will be furnished by Tony Vita's orchestra and a quartette. The boat will leave on the arrival of 6:50 Pere Marquette train. Tickets, however, will be good on all trains that day.

Grocers' Excursion.

The committee for the retail grocers' excursion to Niagara Falls have arranged with the Southwestern Traction Company to run a special car on Wednesday, July 21, leaving London at 6:30 a.m., connecting with the excursion train at St. Thomas.

Fort William Wedding.

The wedding took place in Fort William on Wednesday, July 7, of Miss Blanche Hayes, of this city, and Mr. Edward Fletcher, of Winnipeg. Mr. Fletcher is a son of Mr. John Fletcher, of this city, and the wedding was performed by Rev. M. C. Flatt, of the First Methodist Church.

Succeeds Mr. Pococke.

Mr. A. M. Eby has been appointed as organist and choirmaster at King Street Presbyterian Church, to succeed Mr. R. Pococke. Mr. Eby comes well recommended, having been organist and choirmaster of Knox Presbyterian Church, St. Marys, also as manager of Toronto College branch in this city for Mr. A. D. Jordan.

Sister Dead in Alberta.

Mr. Arthur Hawkins, of the C. P. R. station staff received word yesterday that his sister had died unexpectedly in Alberta. The news came as a great shock to him as although he knew that she had been ill when he last heard from her she was recovering. Mr. Hawkins left last night for his home in Orangeville to attend the funeral.

Enjoyable Picnic.

About three hundred of the members of the New St. James Church went to Port Stanley on the Southwestern Traction line on Thursday and spent a most enjoyable time. Both dinner and supper were served in the new Casino and during the afteroon the members of the picnic party amused themselves by boating, bathing, fishing and in other ways.

Perrin's Picnic.

The committees have completed all arrangements for their big picnic to be held at Port Stanley on July 24. As several other firms have decided to go down that day, a large crowd is expected, and a good time assured. This picnic promises to be one of the best of th eseason, and between baseball games, races, water sports, and dancing, they will keep up their record as the big picnic of the season.

Death of M. A. Nicholls.

On Thursday at the home of Mr. Edgar Carman, Southwold, Mrs. M. A. Nicholls, widow of the late Robert Nicholls of that township, and sister of Mr. William Baird, of this city, passed away. Deceased, who was in her 66th year, was one of the best-known and most estimable residents of the township. She was a daughter of the late Samuel Baird, of Southwold, and is survived by three brothers, —John Baird, of Portland, Ore.; Robert Baird, Shedden, and William Baird, of London. The late Mrs. McDermond, of Fingal, was a sister. The funeral takes place today to Fingal cemetery.

Woman's Institute Meeting.

The Wilton Grove Women's Institute held their regular meeting in the Presbyterian Sunday school room. There was a good attendance, eight new members being enrolled. An interesting programme, consisting of the following numbers, was carried out: Current events, Mrs. Walter Laidlaw; paper on "Home Nursing and Simple Remedies," Mrs. (Dr.) McCrae, and "Canning and Preserving," by Mrs. F. Bodkin and Mrs. George Murray. Discussion on the question, "What is the most important principle to be taught to the young for the foundation of a successful life?" The next meeting will be held in the same place on Aug. 5, to which all ladies interested are invited.

Biblemen in China and Japan.

Rev. Dr. Beaumont has much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of $5 each from the following gentlemen: Messrs. T. H. Purdom, K.C., Mayor Stevely, John Labatt, Hunt Bros., J. W. Little, E. Adams & Co., Lawson & Jones, T. B. Escott, and W. Wright (Messrs. W. D. I. Wright & Sons). The past year has been one of encouraging success. One of the Biblemen (our Chinese Colporteur) visited 420 towns and villages as yet untouched by the missionaries, and sold gospels and other portions of the Holy Scripture in large numbers. It is in this way that the people of the east very often get their first knowledge of the Christian religion. The former opposition to its introduction has given place to a desire to know the nature of its doctrine. It is a truly encouraging fact that wherever the gospels are carefully read the infinite superiority of the Christian faith over Confuclanism, Buddhism and other systems, is frankly acknowledged. Great numbers of the natives become Christians every year as the fruit of the labors of the devoted Biblemen.

EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

you are apt to need just such a preparation as

Balm-Zoin

Heals and soothes and relieves all roughness of the skin. 25c.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.

Every nursery should be provided with a bottle of Strong's Carminative. Gives instant relief in cases of colic. Invaluable for babies during the teething period. Indorsed by the medical profession. Price, 25c.

EAST LONDON

ST. MARYS SCHOOL

List of Those Promoted From Senior III. to Junior IV.

The following is a list of those promoted from Senior III. to Junior IV. Through an oversight this was omitted in the recent promition publication: Edward Loughlin, Frank Graham, Clement Rankin, Bernard Lamey, Frank Rockwood, Philip McCartney, Margaret Tiernan, Margaret Flood, Olive Sherlock, Agnes McGregor, Loretta Johnson, Gladys Palmer.

Recommended — Agnes Young, Frank Fitzmaurice.

PAY-AS-YOU-LEAVE CARS.

It is understood that the street railway company will fit up a number of cars with the pay-as-you-leave system immediatelv, although the apparatus will be changed slightly from that which is in use on car No. 98, which has been tried out on the Dundas and Belt lines.

It is said that the cars will be fitted with the gates, which will be operated from the inside by the conductor, but that the turnstile at the rear will be removed, as the man in charge will be able to handle the passengers more speedily with the farebox and ordinary register.

Work will probably be commenced in the near future, it is said.

LOOKING FOR GORE.

The members of the East London Businessmen's Association belonging to the south side baseball team do not think that the northerners have proven their superlority by winning Wednesday's game by a 6 to 1 score, and the losers are now looking for fight.

They are after a game for Wednesday afternoon next, the teams to meet on the same diamond in Queen's Park. A contest will probably be arranged, as Wednesday is the weekly half-holiday, and the North Siders do not consider that they are taking any chances for the trophy.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Elizabeth Sachse desires to take this opportunity to express her thanks to her many friends for their kindness and sympathy towards her in her recent bereavement at the time of the death of her husband, the late Frederich Sachse.

Personal Mention

Miss Sadie Griffiths, lady superintendent of Lorine Hospital, Goderich, is visiting at her home in this city.

Mrs. J. H. Griffiths and daughter, Miss Ada, have returned home from a visit to friends at Sarnia and Port Huron.

Mr. Donald McCrimmon, of this city, left today for a two months' trip to Great Britain and the continent.

Mrs. (Dr.) W. H. Cameron, of Victoria Mines, is at present visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Kilgour, of Dundas street east.

J. Sargent is spending his summer holidays at Morpeth.

Miss Eva deWolfe left this morning to visit friends in Windsor and Detroit.

Miss Blanche Smith, of 171 Simcoe street, and Miss Blanche Smith, of 115 Dundas street, left this morning to visit friends in Cleveland.

Miss Maude Woodward, with her little nephew, Charlie, of 290 Ottaway avenue, left last week for a two months' visit with her sister, Mrs. M. H. Graham, Battle Lake, Minn.

Miss. N. Moore, who has been the guest of Mrs. Fred Rutherford, South London, for the past three weeks, returned to her home in Hamilton today.

Sarnia Observer: Mr. James Duffield and family arrived here today from London in their touring car and have taken up their residence at Woodrowe Beach for the summer.

Miss Maggie Brown, of London, is visiting Mrs Wm. Hall, Victoria street, Sarnia.

Mrs. and Miss Griffith, of London, are guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Clark, George street, Sarnia.

J. Simpson Mason, of London, is a guest at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Carson, Crawford street, Sarnia.

James R. Allan, of Bradstreet's, leaves on Monday to spend two weeks with friends in Michigan.

Mrs. Leonhardt Helnrich Freund (nee Cooper), and daughter, Eugenie, of New York, are enjoying a visit at the parental home, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cooper, Princess avenue.

BRITISH TRADE IN CANADA.

London, July 16.—In connection with the question of British trade in Canada, the Mail is sending F. A. Mackenzie on a tour of investigation through the Dominion.

Murdered.

Put right out of business, a whole family of corns by Putnam's Corn Extractor, which cures corns and warts in one day. No pain or sore if "Putnam's" is used. Refuse substitutes.

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT

MAY BE SMALL at first, but the noticeable feature of Bank of Toronto Savings Accounts is that they grow.

We are constantly opening accounts for small sums, but these usually increase to amounts that are very satisfactory to both Depositor and Banker.

The first deposit acts as a magnet for the odd amounts that are so apt to be wasted.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

THREE OFFICES IN LONDON.

IN A HURRY TO FIND HIS DYING MOTHER

A Flint Man Dodged the Sarnia Customs Officials and Is Arrested as Result.

Port Huron, Mich., July 17. — An interesting case will be tried in Sarnia some day next week between S. J. Hill, of Flint, and the customs officials of Sarnia. The cause of the trouble arose over the attempt of Hill to get past the inspectors without filing the necessary bond that is required for taking an auto into Canada.

On Wednesday of this week, Hill, together with his wife and family, crossed over to Sarnia from this city on the Hiawatha, taking his auto with him. When the Sarnia side was reached the customs officers demanded the necessary bonds, and Hill seemed willing to comply with the requirements of the law. The customs broker who files the bonds was not at his office, and it was learned that he was at the St. Clair Hotel for dinner. When that was told to Hill he stated to the officers that he would drive the machine to the hotel, and get the broker. The customs officers allowed him to do this, and instead of going after Broker Chester he left Sarnia and went to Woodstock.

Immigration Officer Ellis ta once secured a warrant for his arrest, and today it was served on him at Woodstock. When arrested he stated that he would return at once and settle with the customs officials, and that the reason that he left Sarnia was because his mother was nearly dead at Woodstock. The officers found the latter statement to be true.

TORONTO MUSICAL COLLEGE EXAMINATIONS

List of London and St. Thomas Pupils Who Were Successful.

The list of successful candidates who passed the annual examinations at the Toronto College of Music includes the following London and St. Thomas students:

First Piano.—First-Class Honors—Adeline Rennie, London; Ada Buckle, London; Dora Bradish, St. Thomas; Edna Gamble, London; Vera Irene Stodgett, St. Thomas.

Primary Piano.—Honors—Muriel Hoffman, St. Thomas; Beth Brewer, St. Thomas; Marguerite Shaw, St. Thomas; Catherine McCullough, St. Thomas; Edith Pook, St. Thomas; Edith Brodie, St. Thomas; George C. Hopkins, St. Thomas; Annie Case Ferguson, St. Thomas.

Township Councils

North Dorchester.

The North Dorchester Township Council met on Monday, June 28; members all present. A communication from Meredith & Fisher re R. C. D. contract was read. W. McFarlane was notified to have his contract signed by himself and sureties, or action will be taken to stop him from work on the drain.

The petition of W. Strathdee and others for a drain was granted, and the engineer instructed to make a survey and report on same.

The clerk was instructed to write A. Cornish re road allowance between lots 6 and 7, concession 3, from which he has been taking timber.

Accounts amounting to $941 96 were ordered paid.

Bylaw No. 446, to borrow money to build a schoolhouse in school section No. 15, was read three times and passed.

Bylaw No. 447, appointing fence viewers and poundkeepers was read three times and passed.

Council adjourned till July 26.

W. B. LANE, Clerk.

CLACHAN.

Clachan, July 16.—Roy MacKay left on Monday for Chatham to attend the business college.

Mrs. John Ashton, of Highgate, is visiting friends in Clachan.

William Murray returned home to Clachan this morning.

Miss Elsie Wolner returned home from Waterloo on Monday.

Miss Elsie Long, who wos successful in passing the Normal School examination, has secured a situation as teacher at Thamesville.

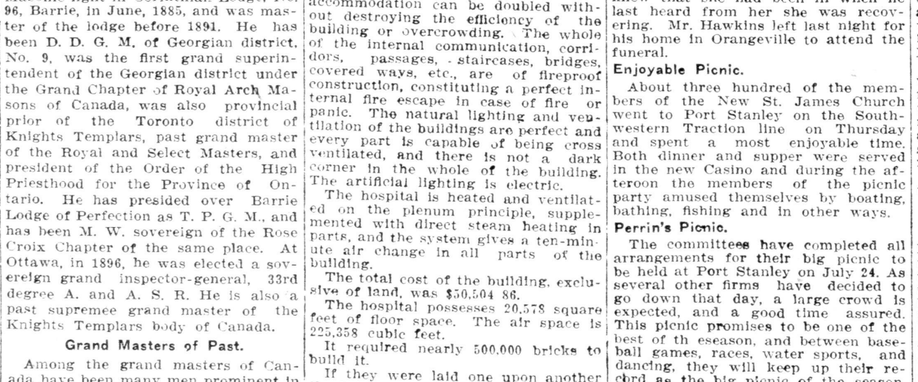
Miss Mary L. MacKay is visiting at the residence of Archibald Paton.

Wm. Scott is at Kent Bridge this week putting up the frame of a new house for Mr. Langford.

Quite a number from around here spent the 12th of July in Ridgetown.

100 TONS OF HAY OFF ONE FARM

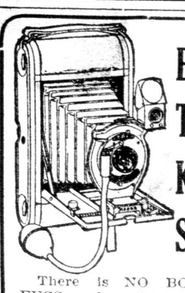
Ridgetown, July 17.—John McIntyre, of Palmyra, one of the most successful farmers in these parts, has over 100 tons of hay this year. The crop has been an abundant one, and was got in in good condition. Wheat cutting is now on, and the acreage is large in Kent.



A GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC SURVEYING PARTY AT THE ST. JOHN RIVER, NEW BRUNSWICK.

The men in the picture at the left are: Mr. G. C. Rainboth, D.L.S., of Ottawa, chief engineer, and his assistants, Mr. D. G. Calvert, of Strathroy, a son of Mr. W. S. Calvert, M. P., and Mr. G. L. Rainboth, of Ottawa, the others being assistants, camp attendants, etc.

The picture was taken on the St. John River, New Brunswick, where the party are surveying along the American boundary line to ascertain the latitude and longitude. The party are working with what is known as the L. M. Z. computation, which checks the work that they have done, and has checked marvellously close. The chiefs who represent both the Canadian and American interests are greatly pleased with the way the work has been done. This is the first time that the work has been revised since the passing of the Ashburton treaty.



BY THE KODAK SYSTEM

There is NO BOTHER, NO FUSS, and no DARK-ROOM.

The beginner can get good results from the start.

Complete stock to choose from.

J. H. BACK & CO.
4 MASONIC TEMPLE.

NON-LEAKABLE TOOTH BRUSHES

Ever have one that leaked bristles? "Omond's Guaranteed" never does.

That guarantee means—money back cheerfully, too, if I sell you a leaky brush for Twenty-five Cents or more.

OMOND.
THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,
468 Dundas Street. Phone 1420.

GENUINE
SCRANTON ..COAL..

Your order will receive prompt and careful attention, and we guarantee the quality of all our coal.

JOHN M. DALY
KOALMAN,
PHONE 348. 19 YORK STREET.

GOOD HARDWARE CHEAP

Screen Doors, complete	65c
Hammocks	$1 00
Lawn Mowers, regular $4, now	$3
Carpet Sweepers, Bissell	$2 75
Food Cutters, regular $1 50, now	$1

COWAN'S Hardware
127 DUNDAS STREET.
ywt

Cleaning Lace Curtains

We excel in the cleaning of lace curtains. Send your curtains to us to be "done up," and have them looking right.

R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners.
400 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

MANY REPORTED DEAD IN RAILWAY WRECK

Cleveland, July 17. — Many persons are reported killed and injured in a wreck on the Western Ohio Railroad, an electric line, at New Bremen, Ohio.

SHRINERS WRECKED.

Tryon, N. C., July 17. — A special train on the Southern road, carrying a party of Shriners on an outing, was wrecked near here this morning. One Pullman is said to have been turned over, but the railroad officials claim no one was seriously injured.

PORT ARTHUR'S DOCK.

Detroit, July 16.—A Cleveland paper says: "The building of drydocks and a shipbuilding plant at the Canadian head of the lake is up to the property-owners of Port Arthur. Members of the city council and officials of the Western Drydock and Shipbuilding Company have agreed on terms, but the action of the council must be ratified by property-owners, and they will vote on the question on Aug. 10. Officials of Port Arthur have agreed to give the company 1,000 acres of land, pay a bonus of $25,000 a year for ten years and exempt the company from taxes for twenty years, except $2,000 a year for school purposes."

A New York physician advises mothers to quit spanking disobedient children and play the piano for them instead.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OATS JUMPED TO $1.79 TODAY

Limit Has Not as Yet Apparently Been Reached in This Commodity.

NEW POTATOES OFFERED

At From $1 25 to $1 75 a Bag—Sales Were Brisk at These Prices—Other Quotations.

There was a very fair market this morning, the best there has been for some time, and sales in all varieties of goods were very brisk.

Oats again took a jump, selling as high as $1 79, and only dropping as low as $1 77. This is about the record price for oats, and it is a long time since anything like this price was paid on the local market. Even at this high price the demand is strong and could do with several times the amount offered.

Only new hay was offered this morning, and the price was somewhat easier, $9 50 to $10 being the prevailing prices.

Fruit and vegetables were again the features of the market, and of both there was a very good supply, and the demand was good.

New Potatoes.

New potatoes varied according to siz and quality, selling from $1 25 to 1 75, and the sale was brisk at these prices. Cabbages sold from 75 cents to $1 a dozen according to the size and variety. Peas were selling from 12½ to 20c a peck. Beans were somewhat easier selling at 50 cents a peck. In other varieties there was very little if any change. Tomatoes remain at the high figure of 15 cents a pound.

In the line of fruit the sales were even more brisk. Strawberries are practically finished, and only a few boxes were offered. Other fruit was, however, plentiful, especially cherries. These were selling at 8 to 9 cents a quart. By the basket red cherries were sold at 90 cents to $1 according to the quality. Black cherries were in greater demand and the price was somewhat higher. By the basket they were selling at $1 to $1 25. Red currants were offered in substantial quantities, some small varieties going as low as 5 cents a box. The larger cherry currant, however, went at 7½ to 8 cents.

Raspberries were considerably more in evidence than in the past few days, but the price remained high. The cultivated berries were wholesaling at 12 to 15 cents, while they retailed at between 15 and 20 cents. Black raspberries, which also appeared in fair quantities, were selling at the same prices.

There was a good supply of dairy produce, better than in some days, but there was no change in prices.

Butchers' meats also remained stationary in price, with the sales still decidedly slow.

There was a great display of cut flowers and wild ferns shown this morning ,and there was a very good sale for them.

Other prices on the morning's market were as follows:

Grain.

Wheat, per bu	$1 25	to	$1 25
Oats, per cwt	1 79	to	1 79
Barley, per cwt	1 30	to	1 30
Corn, per cwt	1 35	to	1 40
Peas, per bu	75	to	80
Buckwheat, per cwt	1 25	to	1 30
Beans, per bu	1 15	to	1 60
Rye, per bu	1 05	to	1 10

Hay and Straw.

Hay, per ton	11 00	to	11 5
New hay, per ton	9 50	to	10 00
Straw, per load	3 75	to	5 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	7 00

Dairy Produce.

Butter, creamery, lb	24	to	25
Butter, rolls, lb	20	to	22
Butter, crock, lb	18	to	20
Eggs, crate, per dozen	18	to	19
Eggs, fresh-laid, dozen	19	to	21
Honey, strained, lb	10	to	12
Honey, in comb	12	to	15

Poultry, Alive

Turkeys, per lb	11	to	11
Old ducks, per lb	8	to	9
Young ducks, per lb	9	to	11
Spring chickens, pair	50	to	60

Poultry, Dressed.

Turkeys, per lb	12	to	14
Old fowl, per lb	9	to	10
Ducks, dressed, pair	1 00	to	1 50
Spring chickens, pair	60	to	75

Millfeed.

Shorts, wholesale, ton	23 00	to	23 00
Shorts, retail, ton	25 00	to	25 00
Bran, wholesale, ton	23 00	to	23 00
Bran, retail, ton	25 00	to	25 00

Seeds.

Alsike, per bu	10 00	to	10 00
Lucerne or alfalfa, bu	12 00	to	12 00
Clover, per bu	6 50	to	9 00
Timothy, per bu	2 75	to	2 75
Blue grass, per bu	1 50	to	2 00
Millet, per bu	1 25	to	1 75
Japanese millet, per bu	7 50	to	7 50

Butchers' Meats.

Beef, by the carcase	6 50	to	7 00
Beef, hindquarters, cwt	6 00	to	7 00
Mutton, per cwt	6 00	to	9 00
Veal, per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
Spring lamb, per lb	14	to	15
Spring lamb, by the piece	5 50	to	6 50
Dressed hogs, per cwt	10 00	to	10 75

Hides and Wool.

Wool, washed, per lb	17	to	18
Wool, unwashed, per lb	10	to	11½
Hides, No. 1, per lb	10	to	10
Hides, No. 2, per lb	9	to	9
Hides, No. 3, per lb	7	to	7
Tallow, rendered, lb	5½	to	6
Tallow, rough, lb	2½	to	3
Sheepskins, each	75	to	1 40

CANADIAN MARCONI
Wireless Telegraph Stock for sale at a low price.
THOS. RAYCRAFT
ROOM 1, LONDON LOAN BLOCK.
Phones 2995 and 1736.

INSURANCE
FIRE—ACCIDENT—LIFE
Phone 343.
380 Richmond Street.
J. A. Nelles & Son

Calfskins, No. 1, lb	15	to	15
Calfskins, No. 2, lb	14	to	14

Live Stock.

Select hogs, per cwt	7 75	to	7 75
Fat sows, cwt	5 00	to	5 50
Stags, per cwt	2 00	to	3 00
Export cattle, cwt	4 50	to	5 00
Milch cows, each	30 00	to	55 00

Vegetables.

Potatoes, per bag	75	to	80
New potatoes, per bu	1 25	to	1 75
Sage, per dozen	20	to	20
Lettuce, per dozen	20	to	20
Savory, per dozen	20	to	20
Rhubarb, per dozen	25	to	25
Green onions, per dozen	20	to	20
Radishes, per dozen	25	to	25
Cabbage, according to size	75	to	1 00
Spinach, per bu	40	to	40
Cucumbers, per dozen	40	to	50
Peas, per quart, shelled	12½	to	20
Beets, per dozen	20	to	20
Carrots, per peck	20	to	20
Beans, per peck	50	to	50
Tomatoes, per lb	15	to	15

Berries.

Strawberries, wholesale	7	to	8
Strawberries, retail	8	to	10
Gooseberries, retail	6	to	7
Cherries, per quart	8	to	9
Cherries, black, basket	1 00	to	1 25
Cherries, red, basket	90	to	1 00
Raspberries, per quart	14	to	15
Black currants, quart	10	to	12½
Red currants, per box	7½	to	8
Raspberries, wild, box	12	to	13
Raspberries, cultivated	12	to	15
Black raspberries	12	to	15

COTTON.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 16.—Cotton—Futures opened weak; July, 12.30c; August, 12.22c; September, 12.20c; October, 12.25c; December, 12.15c; January, 12.17c; March, 12.19c; April, 12.18c to 12.20c; May, 12.20c.

New York, July 16.—Cotton—Futures closed barely steady. Closing bids: July, 12.02c; August, 12c; September, 11.99c; October, 12.05c; November, 12.02c; December, 12.05c; January, 12.02c; March, 12.04c; May, 12.05c.

Spot closed quiet, 45 points lower; middling uplands, 12.50c; middling gulf, 12.75c; sales, 700 bales.

New York, July 17.—Cotton—Futures opened steady: July, 12.06c; August, 12.11c offered; October, 12.06c; November, 12.01c; December, 12.03c; January, 12c; March, $5 80; December, $5 4c to $5 45; March, $5 45; May, $5 50.

Spot quiet; No. 7 Rio, 7¾c; No. 4 Santos, 9c; mild quiet; Cordova, 9½c to 12½c.

New York, July 21.—Cotton—Futures closed easy. Closing bids: July, 12.12c; August, 12.05c; September, 12.03c; October, 12.07c; November, 12.08c; December, 12.12c; January, 12.10c; March, 12.14c; May, 12.15c.

Spot closed steady, 15 points higher; middling uplands, 12.65c; middling gulf, 12.90c; sales, 1,761 bales.

DAIRY.

HUNTINGDON.

Huntingdon, July 16.—At the cheese board today 294 boxes of white cheese sold at 11⅜c, 574 colored at 11¾c and 63 packages of butter sold at 21⅞c.

KEMPTVILLE.

Kemptville, July 16.—Entire board offering of 1,840 boxes colored sold at 11¾c.

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, July 16.—One thousand one hundred and fifty boxes of white cheese were boarded today; the whole sold at from 11 11-16c for colored and 11½c for white.

PICTON.

Picton, July 16.—At the cheese board today 15 factories boarded 1,565 boxes, all colored; 11¾c bid; all sold.

PERTH.

Perth, July 16.—There were 2,027 boxes of cheese boarded here today, 1,800 white and 227 colored; all were sold; ruling price, 11⅝c.

IROQUOIS.

Iroquois, July 16.—At the meeting of the cheese board today 810 colored and 100 white cheese were offered; 40 sold on the board at 11 11-16, and the rest sold on the street at the same price.

LISTOWEL.

Listowel, July 16.—At the cheese board today 18 factories offered 4,325 boxes white cheese and 110 colored; 11⅜c highest bid, and no sales were made; all but a few lots sold afterwards at 11⅜c, but the market was not brisk.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., July 16.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 22½c to 26c; dairies, 20c to 23½c.

Cheese—Steady; daisies, 14¾c to 15c; twins, 14c to 14¼c; Young Americans, 14¾c to 15c; longhorns, 14¼c to 15c.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 16.—Butter—Steady; receipts, 9,245 packages; creamery, thirds to firsts, 23c to 26c; western factory, firsts, 21c per lb.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 1,735 boxes; new state full cream, specials, 13¾c to 14¾c; do, small colored or white and large colored, fancy, 13½c; do, common to good, 10¾c to 12¾c; skims, 2c to 10¾c.

OIL.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 16.—All grades of crude oil were reduced 5c by the Standard Oil Company today. Following are the quotations: Pennsylvania, $1 58; Mercer black, $1 05; Newcastle, $1 02; Corning, 94c; Cabell, $1 12; North Lima, 86c; South Lima, 81c; Indiana, 81c; Somerset, 72c; Raglan, 59c.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 16.—Oil opened and closed at $1 68.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 17.—Oil opened and closed at $1 58.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., July 16.—Credit balances, $1 68.

GRAIN.

TORONTO.

Toronto, July 17.—The wheat market is quite brisk today. There is a good demand for oats.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 red, white or mixed, $1 22 to $1 25 outside.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, $1 37½; No. 2 northern, $1 34½; No. 3 northern, $1 33½, on track at lake ports.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 80c to 80½c, Toronto freights; Canadian, 75c to 76c, Toronto freights.

Oats—No. 2 white, 57c to 58c, on track at Toronto; No. 2 white, 53c to 54c; No. 3 white, 52c to 55½c; No. 1 extra feed, 55c; No. 3, 54½c.

Barley—No. 2 nominal, at 62c to 63c; No. 3 extra, 62c; No. 3, 60c to 61c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 70c to 75c.

Rye—No. 2 nominal, 75c.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto: First patents, $6 20; second patents, $5 70; strong bakers, $5 50; for export of 90 per cent patents, 34s, Glasgow freights.

Ontario Flour—Ninety per cent winter wheat patents, $5 50 to $5 75, in buyers' bags, on track at Toronto, and $5 40 to $5 60 outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $22 to $23 per ton; shorts, $23 to $24, on track at Toronto; Ontario bran, $22 50; shorts, $24, on track at Toronto.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, July 17.—Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red western winter, nominal. Futures quiet; July, 9s 7¼d; September, 8s 10¼d; December, 8s 7⅝d.

Corn—Spot, new American mixed (via Galveston), steady, 6s 3d. Futures dull; September, 5s 7d; October, 5s 7⅜d.

Flour—Winter patents steady, 35s 9d.

Peas—Canadian firm, 7s 11d.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast firm, £2 5s to £3 10s.

Beef—Extra India mess easy, 88s 9d.

Pork—Prime mess western firm, 95s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, dull, 54s.

Bacon—Steady; Cumberland cut, 60s 6d; short ribs, 63s 6d; long clear middles, light, 62s; do, heavy, 61s 6d; short clear backs, 58s 6d; clear bellies, 60s 6d; shoulders, square, firm, 53s 6d.

Lard—Quiet; prime western, 58s 3d; American refined, 58s.

Cheese—Steady; Canadian finest white, new, 57s 6d; do, colored, 58s.

Tallow—Prime city steady, 28s 6d; Australian (in London) firm, 32s 1½d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 34s 9d.

Linseed Oil—Steady, 25s 6d.

Petroleum—Steady, 7⅛d.

Rosin—Common steady, 8s 1½d.

POTATOES.

TORONTO.

Toronto, July 16.—Potatoes—Old Ontario stock is firm at $1 per bag in store; the American new potatoes from Virginia are about cleaned up, and new supplies are beginning to come from New Jersey; prices are still $3 25 to $3 50 per barrel.

LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, July 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; slow and steady; prices unchanged. Veals—Receipts, 100 head; active and 25c lower, $6 to $9 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,600 head; fairly active; steady for heavy, slow and 5c to 10c lower for light; heavy, $8 60 to $8 65; mixed, $8 50 to $8 65; Yorkers, $8 25 to $8 50; pigs, $8 15 to $8 25; dairies, $8 15 to $8 40.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 800 head; active; sheep steady, lambs 25c lower; lambs, $4 50 to $8 50.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 17.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 800; market steady; beeves, $4 85 to $7 50; Texas steers, $4 50 to $6; western steers, $4 80 to $6 25; stockers and feeders, $3 10 to $5 10; cows and heifers, $2 40 to $6 25; calves, $6 to $8 75.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 10,000; market 5c to 10c lower; light, $7 50 to $8 05; mixed, $7 70 to $8 25; heavy, $7 70 to $8 30; rough, $7 70 to $7 85; good to choice heavy, $7 85 to $8 30; pigs, $6 60 to $7 45; bulk of sales at $7 80 to $8 10.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 8,000; market steady; natives, $2 75 to $4 90; westerns, $3 to $5; yearlings, $4 60 to $6; lambs, native, $4 75 to $8 50; westerns, $4 75 to $8 40.

PRODUCE.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

	Chicago, July 17, 1909			
Wheat, July	1 21	1 22	1 20	1 20
Sept	1 10⅞	1 11¾	1 10¾	1 11¾
Dec	1 08¾	1 08½	1 07½	1 07⅞
Corn, July	69¼	69⅝	69	69¾
Sept	65⅜	65⅝	64⅞	65⅜
Dec	55⅜	56	55⅜	56
Oats, July	45⅞	46⅞	45¾	45¾
Sept	41¾	41⅞	41⅜	41¾
Dec	42	42	41½	41¾
Pork, July	19 65	....	....	....
Sept	20 95	21 00	20 80	20 80
Lard, July	11 65	....	....	....
Sept	11 72	11 72	11 63	11 65
Ribs, July	11 40	....	....	....
Sept	11 32	....	....	....

TODAY'S STOCKS.

WALL STREET NOTES.

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

New York (Wall street, 10 a.m.)—B. & O. in market for nearly ten millions new equipment.

President Taft tells a delegation from House of Representatives that the Republican party is pledged to revision downward in tariff.

Serious disturbances continue at Pittsburg in pressed car strike.

Dun's Review says consumption is rapidly catching up to production.

Montreal reports Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific offer to purchase Allan steamship line.

Common stockholders of Western Maryland asked to pay $40 a share under reorganization plan.

Orders for Steel continue large, not withstanding customary dullness at this season of the year.

St. Paul's operations for fiscal year completed, about cover 7 per cent dividend on common stock.

Idle cars now 20,227, a decrease of 2,717 in fortnight.

Further tin plate workers' strike.

Banks lost on week's currency movement $8,751,000.

Cast Iron Pipe operating 80 per cent of capacity.

Chairman Miller, of St. Paul, defies story of special agreement with Wabash.

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

New York, July 17.—Today's market has been a much broader affair than any of the past week, and the shifting of the leadership from Steel to the Harriman stocks will, we believe, bring about a further broadening of the market and higher prices. There is no doubt that there has been careful absorption of the better class of stocks for some little time, and the supply of stocks has been and is still quite limited. We look for an improvement in the Hill stocks. They have been well bought and with a continuance of favorable crop news should do much better.

COBALT STOCKS.

Noon quotations on Cobalt mining stocks, telegraphed The Advertiser by Edward Cronyn & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, July 17.—Noon quotations on the Standard Mining Exchange: Beaver, 40; Green-Meehan, 16½; Rochester 16¼; Chambers-Ferland, 55; Kerr Lake, 7.98; Nova Scotia, 67; Reserve, 3.45; La Rose, 8.45, Silver Leaf, 12; Cobalt Lake, 15; Little Nipissing, 27; Silver Queen, 35; Coniagas, 6.35; Nipissing, 10.07; Temiskaming, 83; Foster, 25; Otisse, 46; Trethewey, 1.39; Peterson Lake, 28.

Toronto, July 16.—Standard Mining Exchange prices today:

	High.	Close.
Beaver Consolidated	31	30¾
Chambers-Ferland	57	57
City of Cobalt	47	45½
Cobalt Lake	15½	15
Gifford	22	22
Great Northern	16	16
Green-Meehan	14	14
Kerr Lake	7.80	7.80
La Rose	8.46	8.46
Little Nipissing	26	26
McKinley-Darragh	89	88
Nancy Helen	18	18
Nipissing	11.15	11.06¼
Nova Scotia	64	63¾
Ophir	55	55
Otisse	45¾	45⅝
Peterson Lake	26¾	26¾
Rochester	14	14
Silver Leaf	13¼	13¼
Silver Bar	31	30¾
Temiskaming	83½	83¼
Trethewey	1.37	1.37

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, July 17.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	81¾	82½	81¼	82¾
American Sugar	126¾	127	126¾	127
Amer. Locomotive	60½	60⅞	60½	60½
American Foundry	59¾	60	59¾	60
American Refining	93⅞	94¾	93¾	94½
Atchison, com	116	117	115⅞	116⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	119	119¼	119	119¼
Brooklyn Transit	78½	78⅞	78¼	78⅝
Canadian Pacific	184⅞	185½	184⅜	184⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	77¾	77¾	77½	77½
Chicago & G. W.	11⅜	..	..	..
Col. Fuel & Iron	44⅞	44⅞	44⅝	44⅝
Distillers	38	38⅜	38	38⅜
Erie, com	36¼	36⅝	36¼	36⅜
G. Northern, pfd	149½	150¼	149½	150
Illinois Central	155	155⅛	155	155
Inter-Metropolitan	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝
Kansas & Texas	42⅜	42½	42¼	42½
Louisville & Nash	145	145¼	146	145¼
Mexican Central	25⅛	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific	73	..	..	..
New York Central	132	132⅞	132	132⅝
Northern Pacific	151⅜	152⅜	151⅜	152
Norfolk & Western	92¾	93¼	92¾	93¼
National Lead	86½	..	..	..
Ontario & Western	52	52¼	52	52¼
Pennsylvania	138	138⅛	138	138
People's Gas	116½	116½	116⅜	116½
Pressed Steel Car	43¼	43⅜	43¼	43⅜
Reading	155	156¼	154⅞	155⅞
Republic Steel	32	33¼	32	33
Rock Island	34⅜	35	34⅜	35
Southern Railway	31⅜	31¾	31⅜	31⅝
Southern Pacific	133⅝	135⅛	133⅜	134⅞
St. Paul	154⅜	155	154⅜	154⅞
Texas Pacific	34¾	..	..	..
Union Pacific	194¾	198¼	194¼	197¾
U. S. Steel	72½	73	72	72¼
U. S. Steel, pfd	128¼	128½	127¼	127¼
Wabash, com	21¼	..	..	..
Wabash, pfd	56¼	57¼	56¼	57
Western Union Tel	72½	..	..	..

TORONTO.

Toronto, Ont., July 17

	Asked.	Bid.
Packers A	..	92
Packers B	..	92
Bell Telephone	148	..
Canadian General Electric	116	115¾
C. N. W. Land	103	..
Prairie Lands	..	220
Canadian Pacific Ry	185	184⅞
City Dairy, com	..	27
City Dairy, pref	..	92
Consumers Gas	..	204
Crow's Nest	100	..
Detroit United	..	59⅞
Dominion Coal, com	75	74⅝
Dominion Steel, com	46	45¾
Dominion Steel, pfd	128¾	..
Dominion Telegraph	..	105
Duluth, com	..	16
Electric Development	..	55
International Coal	85	..
Illinois Traction, pref	..	96
Laurentide Paper, com	125	..
Laurentide Paper, pref	..	127
McKay, com	80	79
McKay, pref	74	73¼
Niagara Navigation	135	..
Northern Navigation	..	110
N. S. Steel, com	69	..
Ogilvie Milling	..	128
Penman	54	..
Penman, pref	90	..
Porto Rico	..	42
Rio de Janerio	88	87½
R. & O. Navigation	..	81
Rogers, com	122	118
Sao Paulo	147¾	146¾
Shredded Wheat	39¾	35¾
Shredded Wheat, pref	..	96
St.L. & C. Navigation	..	115
Tronto Electric Light	..	120
Toronto Railway	126¾	126
Twin City	104¾	103⅞
Winnipeg Railway	187⅞	..
Reserve	..	340
La Rose	845	844
Nipissing	11¼	110.0
Trethewey	140	135
Bank of Commerce	155⅛	..
Dominion Bank	240	..
Bank of Hamilton	205	..
Imperial Bank	228¾	..
Merchants Bank	..	160
Bank of Montreal	..	251¾
Bank of Nova Scotia	..	252½
Bank of Ottawa	215	..
Standard Bank	228¾	..
Bank of Toronto	229	..
Traders Bank	140	139¾
Agricultural Loan	..	120
Canada Landed	..	156
Canada Permanent	..	159
Central Canada	150	159
Colonial Investment	68	..
Dominion Savings	..	71¾
Hamilton Provident	..	125
Huron & Erie	..	195
Huron & Erie, 20%	..	181
Imperial Loan	75	..
Landed Banking	..	124
London & Canadian	113¾	112
National Trust	..	163
Ontario Loan	..	140
Ontario Loan, 20%	..	132
Toronto General Trusts	..	150
Toronto Mortgage	..	121
Commercial Cable bonds	..	99
Dominion Steel Bonds	97	..
Mexican Electric Bonds	..	95
Mexican L. & P. Bonds	..	98

Closing Sales: Woods, 13 at 12¾, 10, 5, 50 and 25 at 12⅞, 25 at 12⅞, 10 at 12⅝; Twin City, 50, 25, 25 and 25 at 103¾, 50, 25, 25, 10, 25 and 50 at 104; Consumers' Gas, 5 at 204½; Northern Navigation, 20 at 111¾; Porto Rico, 10 and 15 at 43; City Dairy, preferred, 3 at 92; Canada Permanent, 2 at 160; Dominion Steel, 100, 20, 5 and 25 at 46, 5 and 10 at 45¾, 95 at 45⅞; do, preferred, 50, 100, 50 and 50 at 128¾; do, bonds, 2,000 at 96; Nipissing, 100 at 11.09, 100 at 11.07, 100 and 100 at 11.04, 30 at 11.00; General Electric, 25 and 25 at 114⅜, 5 at 114½, 100 at 115½; La Rose, 200 at 8.44, 50 at 8.45; Penmans, 1,000, 1,100, 400, 235 and 500 at 90; Rio, 25 at 88½, 25 at 88; Toronto Railway, 25 at 125, 10 at 125, 10 at 126, 25 at 126; Sao Paulo, 5, at 147¼, 15 at 147¾, 5 at 147¼; do, bonds, 10,000 at 96 flat; Huron & Erie, 25 at 198; Bank of Commerce, 20 at 185, 3 at 185, 2 at 185; Traders' Bank, 14 at 139¼; Canadian Pacific, 8 at 185⅜, 75 at 185.

MONTREAL

Montreal July 17, 1909

	Asked.	Bid.
Bell Telephone	145	144
Packers B	..	93½
Packers A	..	94¾
Can. Converters	43¾	41
Canadian Pacific	185⅜	185
Detroit Electric	62	61¾
Dominion Coal, com	74⅞	74⅝
Dominion Coal, pref	..	115
Dominion Iron & Steel	45⅞	45¾
Dominion Iron & Steel, pref	128¾	128¼
Illinois Traction, pref	97	96⅞
Lake of the Woods, com	130¼	129⅞
Mexican L. & P., com	73	66
Minneapolis & St. Paul	143¾	143
Montreal L. H. & P.	127⅛	127
Montreal Street Railway	216	215¼
Montreal Steel Works	87½	87¼
Montreal Telegraph	100	154
Nova Scotia Steel & Coal	68	67¾
Rio de Janeiro	89	88¼
Toronto Railway	126	125¾
Twin City	..	104
Penman, com	55	54½
Rubber, com	99¼	98
Rubber, pfd	125	124
Bank Commerce	184¾	..
Eastern Townships Bank	163	..
Hochelaga Bank	..	145
Merchants Bank	164	163
Molsons Bank	201¼	201
Bank of Montreal	254	253
Bank of Ottawa	..	210
Bank of Toronto	220	219¼
Union Bank	135	133
Quebec Railway, com	56	55
Textile, com	73¾	73⅝
Ogilvie "B" bonds	112¾	112¼
Canada Colored Cotton	54	52
Dominion Textile, pref	109	107
Montreal Cotton	130	127⅛
Col. Cotton Bonds	100	..
Dominion Coal bonds	97½	97
Dominion Cotton Bonds	100½	100½
Dominion Iron & Steel Bonds	96½	96
Lake of the Woods	..	110
Mexican Electric Bonds	87	..
Mexican L. & P. Bonds	87	..
Montreal Street Railway Bonds	100¾	99⅝
Ogilvie Bonds	..	110
Rio Janeiro Bonds	92	..
Sao Paulo Bonds	96¾	..
Textile Ser A	100	95¾
Textile Ser B	98	97
Textile Ser. C	100	95½
Textile, Ser D	100	95¾
Winnipeg Electric	105	104¾
Rubber bonds	98¼	98

Closing Sales: Canadian Pacific, 100 at 185¼; Twin City, 25 at 104; Telephone, 25 at 144½, 25 at 144½; Montreal Railway, 125 at 216, 25 at 215¾, 25 at 216, 10 at 215¼; Power, 25 at 125¾, 150 at 126, 300 at 126½, 50 at 126⅜, 10 at 126¾, 300 at 127, 25 at 127⅛, 200 at 127¼, 200 at 127⅜, 445 at 127½, 285 at 127¾, 550, 50, 90 and 20 at 127, 10 and 50 at 126¾, 23 and 75 at 126½, 125, 35 and 35 at 127, 50 at 126⅞. Laurentide, 15 at 124; Illinois, 50 at 97, 25 and 5 at 93¾, 25 and 25 at 96⅞, 15 at 97; Tri-City, 5 at 90; Halifax Railway, 4 at 114¾, 5 at 115; Quebec Railway, 25 at 55; Toronto Railway, 125 at 125½, 25 at 125¼, 25 at 125¾, 100 at 126, 2 at 125, 125 at 126½, 25 at 126⅜, 120 at 126, 50 at 125¾, 20 at 126½, 25 at 126¾, 32, 25 and 25 at 126, 25 at 126¼; Richelieu and Ontario, 75 at 83, 1 at 81, 35 at 83¼, 125 at 83½; Iron, bonds, 25,000 at 96¼; Soo, common, 50 at 142¾, 150 at 143¾, 75 at 143; Iron, common, 45 at 45½, 75 at 47, 150 at 46¼, 685 at 46, 200 at 45⅞, 25 at 45¾; Scotia, 200 at 68; Rubber, preferred, 150 at 124; Ogilvie, 15 at 129½, 25 at 129¾; Woods, 60 at 130, 8 and 10 at 129¾, 35 and 175 at 130; Rubber, bonds, 14,000 at 98; Bank of Montreal, 11 at 135; Textile, 175 at 73, 95 at 73¾, 5 at 73¼, 50 at 74, 25 at 73¾, 25 at 73⅞; Detroit, 90 at 61¾, 50 at 62; Dominion Cotton, bonds, 5,000 at 101½, 300 at 101½; Reserve, 50 at 3.46, 150 and 1,300 at 3.44, 200 and 1,000 at 3.45, 200 at 3.46; Iron, preferred, 100 at 129, 150 and 50 at 128⅞, 50 at 129; Coal, preferred, 20 at 115; do, common, 25 at 74, 100 at 74½, 50 at 75; Rubber, common, 240 at 97, 20 at 97¼, 215 at 97, 52 at 97½, 25 at 97¾, 205 at 98.

A POSER FOR THE COMMISSION

Hamilton Was Told to Keep Quiet Until Other Places Were Tied Up.

THE SPECIAL PRIVILEGES

Were To Be Handed Out to a Place Which Would Not Go in on the Original Scheme.

The conference in Toronto on Tuesday between the power commission and the city council promises to be a most important one, and much valuable information will be received, no doubt.

Some very pointed questions will be asked the commission, and on the answers depend the action of the power committee in the future.

One of the great questions likely to be asked will be the following:

Is it true, that a year ago, when the city of Hamilton intimated that they would buy 1,000 horsepower from the commission, merely as they believed, to keep the prices of the Cataract Company down, the commission asked the Hamilton representatives to let this matter rest in abeyance for a while until the other municipalities were bound by contract, as they (the municipalities) would not consent to that city coming in under special terms.

In other words, if the story is true, the commissioners induced the Hamilton aldermen to continue psuedo negotiations with them, until the other cities were tied hand and foot to a contract, and then they were allowed to step out, to be received later under special terms, with a short-term contract.

A Crucial Point

This is one of the crucial points of the power question, as it will establish whether or not the commission have acted fairly with the municipalities in the pow'er zone.

There is no doubt that the municipalities, London particularly, would not have signed the contract, had it been known that Hamilton was to be allowed to have special privileges later.

Other questions will be asked, and there is every sign that something will be said of interest when the commissioners and council meet.

ENGINEER KELSCH WITH LONDON ELECTRIC

All Signs Point to a Fight to a Finish in London on Niagara Power.

Mr. R. S. Kelsch, of Montreal, who was consulting engineer for the city on Niagara power, has, it is said, been employed by the London Electric Company, and is engaged in directing the operations of the company in their campaign for the power market of the city of London.

Yesterday Mr. Kelsch was in the city, and was with the company officials for some time. He left for the east in the evening.

One of the directors of the company stated that Mr. Kelsch was in consultation with them, and was looking after their interests.

It will be remembered that in his report to the city council, Mr. Kelsch advised the city to purchase the plant of the London Electric, and get rid of competition.

Could Win With Either.

He also stated that the competition from the company would be serious and that if both the city and the company remained in the field, he could take either one and win.

Mr. Kelsch offered his services to the city. They were not accepted and then he engaged, it was stated, with the London Electric, to consult with them during the approaching struggle for the mastery.

The company have nothing to say, but are pursuing the even tenor of their way, constantly making preparations for the struggle, and securing prices for the most up-to-date machinery for power development.

The probable market for city power is being gradually reduced, 350 horsepower being removed from consideration yesterday.

WEEK WAS BUSY ONE FOR THE POLICE COURT

One Hundred and Nine Persons Dealt With, Eleven of Them Juveniles.

The last week has been one

SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE

BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Col. Sir William Wyllie's sensational assassination by a young native of India, on Thursday night, at an entertainment given in the Imperial Institute, in London, serves to call attention to the remarkable immunity enjoyed by Anglo-Indian government officials during the 200 years which have elapsed since Britain obtained the Oriental empire, until about a couple of years ago. Leaving aside wholesale massacres of Europeans during the great Sepoy mutiny of 1857, there have been, until the advent to office of England of the present Liberal administration, and the adoption by John Morley of his radically new policy with regard to India, comparatively few cases of killing of high officials by natives in India. In fact, with the exception of the late Earl Mayo, who was slain by a native convict, while visiting a penal settlement on the Andaman Islands in his capacity as viceroy, in 1872; the shooting at another viceroy, Earl Lytton, by a fanatic Indian in 1879; and an attempt to poison Col. Phayre, British resident and plenipotentiary in the native court of Baroda, for which the ruler or gaekwar, of that state was deposed, one cannot recall any crime, prior to 1906, that bears analogy with the one perpetrated last Thursday by the slayer of William Wyllie, who was one of those men against whom it would seem impossible for anybody to have harbored the slightest enmity.

Life is held so cheap by Orientals in general, and by the people of India in particular, that the relative security from harm enjoyed by British dignitaries, both high and low, in the great eastern dependency of the British crown, cannot be ascribed to scruples about killing a fellow-creature or to the fear of the ordinary capital punishment which the crime would have necessary entailed. Nor can it be attributed to any affection and liking of the natives for their English masters. They are no different from other Asiatic and African races, which would infinitely prefer oppression, tyranny, extortion and insecurity of life and property under a native regime, to a well ordered, benevolent and efficient government on the part of any foreign power. There is a striking instance in Egypt, where every native hates the English, although he owes to the latter his prosperity and well-being.

The strange immunity from harm enjoyed by high English officials in India prior to 1906, has been due in part to the prestige of the white races among the various nationalities of India; a prestige that has almost wholly vanished since the victories of the Japanese over the Russians of five years ago. It has also been due to the fact that each English dignitary of any importance in India, is guarded by native orderlies, who are responsible for the safety of their charge. There are certain regiments of the native army, and certain divisions of the magnificent native constabulary, that have the privilege of furnishing these orderlies; and the native officers and men regard it as a point of honor that their representative whom they select should successfully act as "the shield of the Sahib." The orderlies know exactly what is expected of them. They cannot be diverted from their duty, even by the commands of their ward himself no matter how lofty his rank. They have no concern in life, other than absolute fidelity to their trust, that is to say, the safety of their charge; and their quiet but incessant watchfulness at all hours, even on the occasions when danger seems least to threaten, has frustrated many a plotted outrage in the past; especially outrages at the hands of native fanatics, crazed by religion, or racial hatred.

If there is any truth in the stories to the effect that Indian revolutionists have inaugurated, with the killing of Wyllie, a series of analogous outrages against public men in England, it will be necessary to import from India native orderlies for their protection. English detectives will be found inadequate. It needs the wiles of an Oriental to comprehend and match with any degree of success the wiles of the Oriental criminal.

It is not, as so many people seem to believe, for exclusively ornamental purposes that King Edward of England is attended at all public functions throughout the season, by half a dozen Indian orderlies; not mere non-commissioned officers, but Indians of birth and breeding, holding commissions in native regiments. With the presence in England of perhaps a couple of thousand young Indians, a number of whom are of the same type, and imbued with the same spirit, as the assassin of Wyllie, it requires men of the type of the Indian aides-de-camp of the King, to shield him from all danger on the part of their countrymen.

Until about ten years ago, the white man in India was apt to take the law into his own hands, and to inflict summary punishment, in the case of any native outrage at the expense of white men and women. Justice was sharp and swift, even although it was not always in accordance with the strict letter of the law; any more than penalties such as the burying of the corpse of a man hung for killing in the ripped open carcass of a hog, which, according to Indian ideas, defiled him to such an extent as to destroy all prospects of any hereafter, at the same time bringing lasting disgrace on his family. This is no longer possible. Summary justice, and punishment of the kind mentioned, have been done away with by the present regime. One finds natives placed in judicial and administrative authority over Englishmen, which is subversive of all native ideas of the Englishman's supremacy; and the consequence is that killings and outrages on the part of natives at the expense of the English in India, and in Britain, will become more and more frequent.

The slayer of Wyllie will undoubtedly be hanged unless he manages to die in prison before going to the scaffold. His execution is not likely to act as a deterrent to his countrymen, and, with their indifference to death, will be regarded by them as no disgrace, unless some method is adopted of compromising in their eyes his hereafter, by defiling his remains in the manner described, which, of course, would not be tolerated by public sentiment in England.

King Leopold of Belgium would appear to be riding for a fall, and to be bent on exasperating his people to the point of their removing him from the throne. It is unnecessary to recapitulate the long list of grievances which they have against him; grievances in connection with the negotiations that culminated in the transformation of the Congo Free State into a Belgian colony; grievances concerning his private life; grievances relating to his sensational and unsavory quarrels with his late wife, and with his daughters; and more recent grievances over his sale abroad to the highest bidder, of all the fine collection of paintings and of art treasures formed by his father and by himself, with the money paid to them by the Belgian nation.

Not content with selling all his pictures and statuary, the king has now summoned from Paris and from London, experts who are valuing everything left in his palaces of Brussels and of Laken, and of his villa in Ostend, such as silver, chandeliers, and furniture, with a view to their sale abroad. Indeed, when Prince Albert comes to the throne, he will find all the royal palaces entirely empty; nothing but the bare walls.

The king's objects is to place every vestige of his property beyond the reach of his daughters. Everything that remains in Belgium will be, of course, subject to the Belgian laws of inheritance, which furnish his children with a right to a considerable portion of the estate. But these laws of course do not apply to the property that he may have invested or placed beyond the reach of Belgian law abroad. Belgians are beside themselves with indignation.

While much space has been devoted by the newspapers to the enumeration of the long list of ironworks, iron and coal mines, shipbuilding yards, railroad and steamboat lines, shooting ranges, etc., subject to the sway of young Frau Bertha Krupp, and of her husband, the former secretary of legation, Von Bohlen, the assets of the concern being estimated in the last balance sheet of the company at over $110,000,000, no mention has been made of the Essenerhof, a remarkable hotel maintained by Mme. Krupp in Essen. It is remarkable in this sense, that the principal guests, that is to say, those for whose use it is chiefly designed, are never called on to pay for their accommodations. The only persons who are ever called on to pay are those for whom room has been found after all the requirements and conveniences of the non-paying guests have been attended to.

The Essenerhof is maintained by Frau Krupp at a loss estimated at considerably over $100,000 a year, for the entertainment of the representatives of foreign governments visiting Essen for the purpose of purchasing war material, or who stay in Essen to superintend the execution of these orders. Emissaries from the Emperors of Japan and of Russia, from the Kings of Roumania, Bulgaria, Spain, Norway and Sweden, as well as from the presidents of the Central and South American republics, have all be entertained in the Essenerhof for months at a time, and in the most princely fashion.

Some two or three years ago a Chinese envoy arrived from Pekin, with a very large suite, to place orders on behalf of his Government with the Krupps. Frau Krupp found herself somewhat in a quandary, as all the best rooms in the hotel were taken up by a large delegation of Turkish officers, who had been there for some time, and who were likely to remain still longer. Accordingly she invited the Turks to make a trip to Paris and London as here guests, and at her expense, under the guidance of a young Prussian artillery officer assigned to duty in Essen, and to whom the Kaiser readily granted the necessary leave of absence for the purpose. The invitation was gladly accepted, and the Turks were kept amused and entertained until the departure of the Chinese mission rendered it possible for them to return to Essen and to resume their quarters in the Essenerhof.

Another hotel, conducted on still more peculiar principles, is that owned and run by Duke Charles Theodore of Bavaria, the famous oculist, who celebrates just a month hence his 70th birthday. The hotel in question is in Kreuth, on the slopes of Hohlenstein, one of the Bavarian Alps. Early in the eighth century the Benedictine monks, who had their headquarters in Tegernsee, obtained possession of all the land in that neighborhood. The monks, skillful doctors in their way, were not long in discovering the curative qualities of the little sulphur spring on the Hohlenstein plateau. They built by the side of it a hospital, to which the delicate members of the order used to retire from time to time to recruit. As years passed this hospital was replaced by one larger; and right up to 1803, when this particular order was driven from Bavaria, Kreuth was the regular health resort of the Benedictines. The hospital was then turned into a farmhouse. In 1813, however, it was purchased by King Max of Bavaria, who restored the old Badhaus and erected a second. So long as he lived the place was used as a convalescent home for the poor; and when at his death it passed into the hands of his widow, it was with the condition attached that a certain number of poor should every year be hospitably entertained there. It was his wish that Kreuth should remain a charitable institution. Funds were low in the Bavarian exchequer, and the poor cannot be entertained without money.

King Max's widow and son resolved to try an experiment. They set to work to see whether the natural advantages of Kreuth could not be turned to account as a means of raising funds for charity. The old buildings were furbished up and new ones erected, until accommodation for over 300 guests was provided. An excellent cook was engaged, and the place was turned into a regular hotel.

For three months in the year Kreuth is thronged with visitors, mostly South Germans, who come and go, and pay their bills, as at any other health resort. Every effort is made to render their visit as pleasant as possible. Duke Charles Theodore, the grandson of King Max, and the present owner of Kreuth, drives over from his chateau on the lake to see that they are being properly taken care of; while his elder brother, the morganatically-married Prince Louis, generally lives in the hotel, and plays the host in a quaint, informal fashion, lavishing on the guests all sorts of courteous little attentions. High and mighty personages are to be met there at every turn. The Empress of Austria's two sisters, the ex-Queen of Naples, and the Countess of Trani, whose husband drowned himself, the King of Wurtemberg, Princess Frederica of Hanover, the Duke and Duchess of Vendome, and Prince and Princess Albert of Belgium are yearly visitors to Kreuth.

During June, July and August the place is conducted on strictly business principles, the charges for the rooms being precisely the same as those charged at other hotels of equal standing in the neighborhood. The money thus earned is used by the duke to board and lodge in the hotel during the three months of the spring and the three months of the autumn, poor artists, officers, professors and literary men; persons of education, refinement and breeding, who stand in need of a holiday, and of the sulphur baths of Kreuth, but who have not the wherewith to pay. They are all of them entertained without the expense to themselves of a single cent.

The duke has thus cleverly made the charity pay itself, and has incidentally developed into a remarkably clever Boniface. Having a wholesome horror of middlemen, he has made his hotel almost wholly independent of outside supplies. He rears his own cattle, grinds his own corn, and has even turned one wing of his palace into a brewery, that he may brew his own beer. By this arrangement the working expenses of the establishment are considerably lessened, and at the end of the paying season the duke has always a very handsome balance in hand to be used in the entertainment of the non-paying guests.

Richard Wagner And His First Wife

Story of the Great Composer's Unhappy Marriage.

It is agreed, I suppose, on all hands, that the married life of Carlyle and his wife was not in every respect an ideal one. After all allowances have been made for Froude's "Rembrandt" shadows, for Mrs. Carlyle's occasional acrimonies, and for Carlyle's tortured and over-emphasized self-reproaches, one must still admit that though the whole sum of the marriage may have been good, yet it might have been better. But if one turns from the domestic his tory of the Carlyles to the mestic history of the Carlyles to the na Wagner, then this judgment will suffer revision. The shadows in the former story will seem a pure brightness when brought into comparison with the sheer black misery that hangs like a heavy curtain behind all the acts and passages in the home life of the great musician.

A Supreme Failure.

I do not think that I have ever read a more miserable or more dispiriting record than that presented by Mr. W. Ashton Ellis in his translation of Wagner's letters to his first wife. "Richard to Minna Wagner" (2 vols. Portraits. Grevel. 24s. net) reminds me of Rossetti's famous remark as to "Wuthering Heights"; "The scene is laid in hell; only, oddly enough, the names of places and people are English." It is not that the tale is tragical in the ordinary sense of that word; there is no hint of battle or murder or sudden death; there is not the faintest suspicion of pistol, poison or dagger. On the contrary, the book is full of homely—sometimes of over-homely—matters of domestic interest. Here is a tale of socks, nightshirts, dressing-gowns, the 'bus fares in the London of the fifties, the price of lodgings, the flavor of the soup, the inconvenience of a tradesman's demand for his little bill, the effects produced by a new medicine, the health of the pug dog, the whims of the parrot, the tedium of a long journey, and a bargain in the way of stockings. Nothing could be homelier than most of these pages, and one feels that the fate of Paolo and Francesca in the accursed air was as the bliss of Paradise compared with that of Richard and Minna Wagner in a comfortable villa at Zurich. Richard did not domesticate the Recording Angel: he tried to make a pet of the Avenging Demon. In 1836, when Richard was twenty-three, he married Christine Wilhelmine (Minna) Planer, an actress, and from that year till the death of his wife in 1866 I doubt whether the husband ever experienced a single day devoid of torment. I do not say that the fault was wholly on the one side; perhaps Wagner was not always quite devoid of reproach. There was a Frau Wesendonck, for example, of whom Frau Wagner was jealous, not wholly without reason, though even in this matter she seems to have contrived to transmute a trifling cut into an open sore. And then Wagner was sometimes egotistical; but the world agrees that he had a right to be egotistical, that he had a right to say: "I have work to do, and that work is much too important to be ruined and annulled by your petty rages, your petty jealousies, your petty quarrels, your petty grievances, your tornadoes in a doll's teacup." It is true that in these letters we only hear one side of the matter; but it is also true that, as Mr. Ellis notes, it is easy to "reconstitute" the letters of the wretched Minna. When a man writes to his wife that London is really very dear, that the omnibuses cost much more than in Paris, that his dinner only comes to so much, that he cannot get it at a cheaper rate, that the rumor she has heard that he has been "standing" champagne is false, one knows to what sort of a letter he is replying. It is certain that the Wagners lived in hell, and that nine-tenths of this hell were the creation of Minna. And that certainly is not diminished by one of Mr. Ellis' notes. Minna, as has been said, was jealous of Frau Wesendonck; and thus does Minna write to a friend on the death of Frau Wesendonck's son.

"May God hold every blow of Fate away from that cold woman spoilt by happiness, but I believe there is a Providence. I was always thinking, if only our Lord God would suddenly check such sauciness through the illness of a child—and now see! O, it gives me a shudder."

It gives me a shudder! For I do not think that I have ever seen such virulent hypocrisy, malignity, and blasphemy as here appears condensed into a few words. And the astonishing thing is that Richard Wagner bore with this truly horrible woman for thirty years; that he did his best to live with her; that, with the rarest exceptions, he writes to her in the fashion of an ardent lover.

The Forebearance of Wagner.

Here, for example, is the manner in which he addressed his Megaera, who had apparently been sending him some trifling presents:

"Ach! Ach! Ach!—You quite prodigiously good wife! Ach! Oh! Oh! how shall I thank you? My, what lovely nuts they are! I've been so busy nut-eating, that I couldn't get to letter-writing until this instant. Ach! and the stockings! and the cigars! and the brush! and the knife into the bargain! No; it's really too much for a poor waterman. Ach! you immensely good wife! Ach! Ach! Ach!—what am I to say to it all?"

And again:

"O, thou who art good Muzius incarnate ..... Adieu, dear, good Miene! Many, many kisses from thy husband ..... Accept my hearty congratulations on your birthday; you may be sure I shall keep it with great devotion. Think of me, as I think of you! .... Now, farewell, dear, good wife. Tomorrow I expect with great delight a second letter from you; may it bring me good news of your being well! .... Farewell, dear old Minna; be merry, and so rejoice Thy R..... What gladdens me most is that your reports on your health are turning out so well; they give me fixed hope that the whole journey will do you a world of good; and then you shall have it with me here as in heaven, nothing but bliss and delight!—What do you say to that?"

He calls her "kitten," and "pussy," and "minnikins," when "cobra," "rattlesnake" and "viper" would have been far more just! And it must not be imagined that the genuine affection that Wagner evidently felt for the unhappy woman is always expressed in terms of the fond lover who is foolish, and knows that he is foolish. There are long letters of grave and earnest devotion; letters in which Richard recalls to Minna the early days of their married life, with its trials and privations; admits that he had been very far from faultless; excuses her evil tempers and evil actions on the ground of ill-health and "nerve-strain" and implores her to remember the good alone, to forget all that had been amiss; entreats that their remaining days may be spent at least in calm, if not in happiness. These appeals were quite unavailing; the termagant remained, it seems, a termagant to the last.

Wagner in London.

Wagner visited London in 1855, and some of his experiences and sensations are curious enough. His letters from London remind me of a passage in "Little Dorrit," when Mr. Arthur Clennam, "newly arrived from Marseilles by way of Dover.....sat in the window of a coffee-house on Ludgate Hill."

"Ten thousand responsible houses surrounded him, frowning as heavily on the streets they composed as if they were every one inhabited by the ten young men of the Calender's story, who blackned their faces and bemoaned their miseries every night."

One knows, as Dickens knew—none better—that it was possible in the most benighted days to live pleasantly in London; but to the stranger and the foreigner it was apt to assume the appearance of a nightmare:

"It would be far worse (says Wagner), if I had to go on dining at a restaurant; I should never get away under 6 shillings, as I can neither drink beer nor the fiery English wine, and have always had to pay 3 schillings for half a bottle of French red wine."

The unfortunate man was not only poisoned by food and drink that were abhorrent to him, but he had to explain to his charming wife how it was that he came to spend so much money on the process of being poisoned.

MR. BIRRELL AND HENRY THE FIRST

Witty and Eloquent Speech of the Irish Secretary at an Unveiling.

Mr. Augustine Birrell, M. P., chief secretary for Ireland, recently unveiled a monument erected in the Forbury Gardens, Reading, to the memory of Henry I., by Dr. Jamieson B. Hurry There was a large attendance.

Mr. Birrell, in the course of his remarks, said he was very proud, although somewhat surprised—to find himself there that afternoon in those beautiful gardens with an invitation to unveil a memorial to one of Reading's most accomplished citizens, his late Majesty King Henry I. (Laughter.) There might possibly be some people among them who were so deficient in the historic sense that they might think that the occasion was of so belated a character that it might without any great injury have been postponed for, say, another eight hundred years. (Laughter.) But those people could not deny that in 1136 the body of that great king was laid to its last rest with every circumstance of pomp and glory in the abbey hard by. But perhaps those people deficient in the historic sense might go on to observe that Jan. 4, 1136, was a very long time ago. (Hear, hear.) That all depended on how they counted time, and how they felt about it. It sometimes seemed to him an unended space of time, since in days long ago, in the early sixties of the last century, when he was a boy at school across the river, he made their town a place of enchantment and of secret and wonderful spoil—(laughter)—which might, however, only be obtained in the dusk—(renewed laughter)—and at the risk of apostolic stripes if discovered.(Hear, hear.) And so in the retrospect of this life he could see very little difference between the middle of the twelfth century and the middle of the nineteenth century. They were all a long time ago. But here at all events in Reading, in those Forbury Gardens, Henry I. was their great and greatest local magnate, their pious founder, and but for him and his abbey it was within the bounds of possibility that they never might have been—(hear, hear)—and even his friend, Mr. Rufus Isaacs, would have had to find some other constituency. (Laughter.)

A Great Figure in English History.

Outside Reading, Henry I. was also a great figure, one of the most interesting figures in the fascinating pages of English history. He was, as they all knew, of course, the fourth and last son of the great Conqueror, but he was the only one of William's children who was born on English soil. He did not, like so many people, come over with the Conqueror. (Laughter.) Like the sensible and far-seeing corpuscle that he was he waited until his parents had been crowned king and queen—(laughter)—and then he was born, like many another honest man after him, so it was said in Yorkshire. (Laughter.) Well, at all events, he, like another monarch who succeeded him, after long and distant years, George III., was able to boast that he was English born, and what was more—sometimes a rare accomplishment with our sovereigns—he could speak the English tongue. (Laughter.) His father, that tough old warrior, in the fortieth year of his age, set himself to learn English, but he abandoned the enterprise in despair. (Laughter.) His son, however, was born in England, and learned our language from his earliest hours. He also married a daughter of a Scottish king and also the daughter of the sister of Edgar Atheling, and therefore had the prudence and foresight to blend the blood of Alfred the Great, also a Berkshire hero, with that of the fiery duke, his father, who came over from Normandy and won the crown of this realm at the battle of Hastings.Well, this Henry I. had a long and difficult reign, and to detain them by talking about any of its main events, either civil, ecclesiastical, military or domestic, would be indeed ridiculous. There was nothing recondite about it at all. Nobody could make a reputation for research or learning out of it. It was all writen in the pages of Freeman and Stubbs and Green, to name only modern writers, and not to mention those picturesque old chroniclers, who, he was glad to say, were now reprinted, and could be obtained on the stalls of those book shops for which he was glad to think the town of Reading was famous—(cheers)—for here he might be permitted to observe that the second-hand booksellers of Reading were among his earliest and most indulgent creditors—(laughter)—and he extended to them therefore the thanks of a long life.

The Problems of His Day.

The problems that vexed the mind and tried the temper of this great king were very much the same problems that troubled us in these days. His was a time of conciliation. His was a time of the mitigation of racial jealousies and the obliteration of the signs of battlefields still within the memory of man. It was a time of the beginning of empire. He had to deal with rival languages, the Norman-French and the old English, and he had, poor man, his troubles with the curch. (Hear, hear.) He (Mr. Birrell) was afraid this much must be said, that nearly all the vexed questions of his day still remained unsettled. (Laughter.) He believed that when this planet of ours spun off its axis and finally disappeared into space there would be no question of speculation or of controversy which would be otherwise than unsettled. (Laughter.) However, we had to act in our own day according to the best of our power and ability. Henry the First dealt with the problems that presented themselves to him as a man of courage, and on the whole as a man of good faith, and it behooved us to do the same. But there is Reading they thought of Henry the First as the founder of the great abbey, on the 18th of June, 1121, just 788 years ago, now the ruin of a ruin; and it was impossible to help asking how this came about. They might read it all in the beautiful book of Dr. Hurry—(cheers)—an admirable book which would forever link his name with the memories of the place near which they stood. It was a strange and melancholy story, that of the great abbey and its one glorious church, one of the greatest and most beautiful that ever was built in England, which stood unchallenged and unchallengeable for centuries. It was hallowed on a particular date by Thomas a Becket, archbishop of Canterbury, attended by ten bishops and all the great nobles of the land, and from that day forward it stood an unchallenged and unchallengeable church and abbey, all within the same walls.

Within the walls of the church and within the walls of the abbey great services were held, great bishops were consecrated, parliaments were even held, councils were held, and no single monarch or queen or any distinguished inhabitant of the land ever failed during some portion or another of these long centuries to visit Reading and to worship within the walls of the abbey or church. And yet suddenly, as it appeared to us, one black day in 1539 the inhabitants of Reading, men and women just like his hearers, stood apparently guiltily by and allowed the mitred abbot of Reading, a man of blameless life and of sound character, to be brutally executed in front of the gateway of his own home. The monks, his companions were scattered penniless upon the world, and apparently not a word was said and not a hand was raised. And yet there they had been ever since the day that Thomas a Becket hallowed the church, and ever since Henry I. erected the abbey. They, the monks, had been owners of great properties and dispensers of great charity, the main features of the place, the authors and builders of Reading; and yet in the hour of their displacement and their shame apparently nobody lifted a hand on their behalf. How that might be he could not stop to consider, and indeed to do so would be dangerous. (Laughter.) But that unhallowed event did not occur in the reign of the first Henry, but of the eighth, and between the two there was a considerable gap. But it was an odd thought that that noble church should have been at once desecrated and allowed to fall into complete ruin. It was no easy task for a great church to fall into such a great ruin. The civil wars and the siege of Reading no doubt contributed to the melancholy result, but in reading the history it was impossible to deny that the people of Reading, their forefathers, took very little interest, aesthetic or otherwise, in one of the noblest structures that ever graced the country. Now, happily, he was glad to think, those days were past, and it was with great pleasure and with peculiar feelings of pride and joy that he was able that day to unveil that noble cross, and thus to testify, that they and we, Englishmen together, gloried in our history and delighted to honor the memories of the great men who made it. (Cheers.)

INVENTOR OF ICE CREAM.

Dolly Madison was famous for her beauty, grace and social charm, but she has never been given due credit for her greatest achievement—the invention of ice cream. For the chroniclers tell us that she was the first to serve this national delicacy. The wife of the president must have been a wonderful woman, gifted in everything from diplomacy to cooking. Men have long suspected that some woman invented both ice cream and matrimony, for men for generations have been inveigled into both. Let a boy and a girl go out walking, just anywhere, and suddenly the boy will find himself face to face with a soda fountain or an ice cream parlor. It's just like a man who starts along courting aimlessly, who suddenly finds himself engaged. He does not understand just how it happened. But he usually marches up bravely and finds that he enjoys both matrimony and ice cream. If every girl who eats a saucer of ice cream or a "sundae" would put a penny in the plate to erect a monument to the inventress of ice cream, they could build a tower so tall that it would make the Washington monument look like a fence post. While it was Dolly Madison who first made ice cream, they tell us that it was the wife of a young naval officer, Nancy Johnson, who invented the ice cream freezer. She deserves as much credit as the president's wife. They were one in achievement; they should be one in fame and immortality.—Baltimore Sun.

The Sultan of Morocco's expedition against El Roghi has met with a crushing defeat at the hands of the rebels. The rebel troops numbered about 2,000, and were commanded by a Nubian giant of immense proportions.

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MILITARY GOSSIP

The interim report of the militia council on the training of the militia during 1908, to which is appended the report of the inspector-general on the results of the training and the report of the officer commanding the militia at the Quebec tercentenary celebration on the part taken by the troops on that occasion, has just been published.

The numbers trained during 1908 were as follows: 3,053 officers, 39,989 non-commissioned officers and men, and 7,555 horses. Although this is a very creditable number, it is considerably below the training establishment of the militia, the exact deficiency being 1,081 officers, 6,096 non-commissioned officers and men, and 1,907 horses. Of this deficiency the Western Ontario command is responsible for a rather large share, 368 officers, 1,662 non-commissioned officers and men, and 475 horses.

The shortage of 1,081 officers in the numbers trained last year is rather a serious matter, and something should be done to encourage young men to take commissions in the militia. Too much is expected of an officer in the financial line at present. When a young man takes a commission in the militia, he has to buy his own uniform, equipment and sword. This costs a pretty neat sum. As a rule, he purchases these in England, and then finds that he has to pay a duty of 35 per cent on them. This certainly is absurd. It is bad enough to have to buy everything out of his own pocket, which he needs to serve his country as an officer, without paying duty on it. When he arrives at the dignity of a captain, he has to recruit his company and command it for a year out of a yearly allowance of $1 per head, as well as pay the rent of an armory and care for the company clothing, arms and equipment for a year, with an allowance of $50. Needless to say, he has to go down into his own "dip" quite frequently.

A free issue of uniforms, or at least the abolition of the absurd duty on uniforms, arms and equipment, imported for purely military purposes, and an increase of the allowance up to an amount at least sufficient to meet expenses, would no doubt go a long way towards reducing this shortage of officers.

Captain H—— was a very round-shouldered and eccentric officer. On a very dark night in Egypt, whilst practicing his company in outpost duty, he approached one of the sentries, who failed to salute him. In a great rage, the officer demanded of the now trembling sentry, the reason why he had to challenge.

"If you please, sir," stuttered the bewildered soldier, "I thought you was a camel."

The report of Major-General Sir P. H. N. Lake, inspector-general, on the results of the training of the militia during 1908, is a most interesting one. It is this officer's first report on this line, he having assumed the duties of inspector-general on the 1st of April of that year. For the information of those who have not an opportunity to read this report, we will deal with the various parts of it in this column.

The inspector-general takes up the training of the permanent force first. He reports in part as follows: "The principal duty of the permanent force is the instruction of the active militia, and, as this is carried on at the schools of instruction mainly in the winter months, and as, in consequence of shortage of funds, it has been found necessary to stop, temporarily, the attendance of militia officers at schools, I have been unable to test properly the manner in which instruction is imparted there. The instructional work of the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery and the Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery at Petawawa camp, however, was decidedly good, while, judging by the results of the practice of the First Regiment, Canadian Artillery, which I witnessed at Halifax, N. S., the instruction imparted by the Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery at that station must have been excellent.

"It is, of course, obvious that, before the permanent force can instruct the militia, it must itself be efficient, especially at manoeuvre and work in the field. Mere drill, though it has its value, can only occupy a secondary place, but in the regular stations of the permanent force there is hardly room for anything else.

"The only way to train the permanent force properly, and to gauge its efficiency, is to assemble its units at Petawawa, as was done in the summer of 1907, and let them work together there, where there is ample space for manoeuvre of all kinds.

"Unfortunately, owing to the celebration at Quebec and difficulties in regard to expense, it was not found possible to bring the permanent units together for training this summer.

"From what was seen of them at Quebec and at their own stations, it can be reported that, in barrack duties, interior economy and drill, the force, as a whole, is very fairly efficient, though the drill has a tendency to be too much of the "barrack square" type—owing, no doubt, to the small amount of training ground available at their permanent stations and the smallness of the cadres. The several units turned out smartly at Quebec. The cavalry were well mounted and rode well. The Royal Canadian Mounted Rifles did excellent work as instructors at the western camps.

"The Royal Canadian Horse Artillery shows great improvement of late years, and the Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery companies at Halifax, N. S., and Esquimalt, B. C., and the heavy artillery company at Quebec, are well up in their work.

"The Royal Canadian Engineers have done good work at all stations, but especially at Halifax, N. S., and Petawawa.

The Royal Canadian Regiment was well turned out, and did good work at Quebec during the celebrations. The headquarters at Halifax, N. S., are in a satisfactory condition, and have made good progress since last year.

"The Canadian Army Service Corps, the Permanent Army Medical Corps, the Canadian Ordnance Corps and the Army Pay Corps have all made progress, and amply justified the policy of organizing them. Their main value and utility lie in the services they render to the militia at large, to whose comfort and efficiency they greatly contribute at the annual training camps, and who, without them, would not be able to take or keep the field."

The McClary Rifle Association did some phenomenal shooting in the Canadian Rifle League matches two weeks ago. If they keep it up, all the silverware the league puts up ought to come to London.

Last Monday two military bands participated in the Orange demonstration in this city. This may be nothing unusual in this military district, but it certainly is a flagrant violation of the King's regulations and orders for the Canadian militia, which forbids military bands to take part in demonstration of a party, political, or religious nature. One of these bands, that of the Twenty-second Regiment, Woodstock, paraded in the regimental uniform, the other, the Twenty-sixth Regiment Band, in a uniform purchased in the States, but admitted free of duty on the certificate of the commanding officer that it was to be used for military purposes only. In addition, the latter wore the Twenty-sixth Regiment badges.

Now, military bands are supported largely out of the public funds. They wear uniforms provided by the public, are paid for their annual training out of the public purse, live on Government rations during camp, and receive an annual grant, according to their efficiency from the funds provided by persons of all parties and creeds. It is, therefore, most unjust for military bands to participate in demonstrations offensive to any party or religion, and in taking part in an Orange celebration, they are most certainly doing so. It was noticed in last Monday's parade that an old man was dressed in the coat of one of the Orange lodges and cavalry pantaloons, leggings and spurs.

The following school teachers are attending a course of instruction at Wolseley Barracks, to qualify as cadet corp instructors: W. A. Adams and W. J. Blakeston, Stratford; H. D. Hedley, St. Marys; R. B. Hartry, Seaforth; H. S. Rosewear, Lindsay; W. G. Kidd, Tillsonburg; J. A. Macdonald, Thamesford; G. H. Foldon, Norwich, and J. M. Zurbrigg, New Hamburg.

The Imperial Army Council has intimated that two commissions in the Royal Army Medical Corps will be granted annually to candidates who have qualified in the medical schools of Canada on the following conditions:

One candidate to be nominated half-yearly and to arrive in England not later than the middle of January and July respectively.

Candidates must be registered under the medical acts in force in the United Kingdom before they can be commissioned.

Candidates will be required to meet the physical standard laid down for admission to the R. A. M. C.

An amendment to pay and allowance regulations, which is to be promulgated shortly in general orders contains something of particular interest to the mounted corps of the active militia. The maximum amount of compensation payable by the militia department for horses killed during annual training is to be increased to $175. Up to last year it was $125, and was then increased to $150. This second increase to $175 will have a most beneficial effect upon the horsing of all mounted corps. Last year and this they were better mounted than usual, although the horses were not up to what they should be. Next year there should be a great improvement for the increased compensation and the recent regulations providing for immediate settlement of claims should remove all objections on the part of owners of good horses to rent them for use at camps.

This year there were horses in London camp worth from $175 to $250, and in some cases $300. Owners of such horses were taking great chances in renting them, for had any of them died or been killed, the maximum compensation which they would have received would have been $150.

Colonel W. Hodgins, D. O. C., military district No. 4, who is to succeed Colonel Peters in the command of the district, spent a few days in the city this week.

Three commissions in the permanent force have been granted this year to cadets graduating from the Royal Military College, Kingston. Cadet N. O. Reiffenstein goes to the Royal Canadian Artillery, and Cadets J. B. P. Dunbar and W. S. Lawrence to the Royal Canadian Engineers.

Mr. J. A. Brown has been gazetted a provisional lieutenant in the Twenty-fourth Regiment (Grey's Horse).

Capt. S. G. Kaine, formerly in command of the Gorrie Company of the Twenty-eighth Regiment before its disbandment, has been gazetted captain in the Thirty-third Regiment.

Mr. A. E. Malcolm has also been gazetted a provisional lieutenant in the same regiment.

Brigadier-General R. J. Bates, who is to command its encampment of the Michigan National Guard at Ludington this summer, has issued orders prohibiting the bringing of any liquor into camp, and further announces that no liquor will be allowed within the camp lines, either for sale or for treating. General Bates has evidently been taking tips from the Canadian militia officials.

The number of deaths resulting from the celebration of the Fourth of July in the United States this year is now estimated at 110. The injured reach 2,000 nearly. This record makes the Spanish-American war look pretty tame.

Lieut. W. J. Heaman, Thirty-third Regiment, has been promoted to the rank of captain in a recent gazette.

The results of the examination held this spring for admission to the Royal Military College, Kingston, have recently been published. All the candidates who wrote here were successful. The order of merit of the London candidates is as follows: W. H. E. Schmalz, 8th, with 4,674 marks; J. A. Turner, 12th, with 4,313 marks; D. H. Williams, 15th, with 4,188 marks, and S. L. Gunn, 84th, with 2,971 marks. Forty-two candidates in all passed, W. M. Miller, of Napanee, heading the list with a total of 6,164 marks.

That the fight for compulsory military service is gaining ground in Great Britain is shown by the fact that the House of Lords this week decided by the small majority of 20, not to proceed with Lord Roberts' national service bill, providing for the compulsory service in the territorial army of all male citizens between the ages of 18 and 30. The vote stood 123 to 103.

In this connection it may be interesting to note that compulsory military service in the usual sense of the term has not been in force in Great Britain since 1660.

An American citizen in New York was fined heavily the other day for shooting holes in the Stars and Stripes with Roman candles, but an American citizen in Toronto can drag the Union Jack through the city streets with impunity.

The British army authorities think of hiring motor omnibuses in times of emergency. The idea, we hope, is to lend them to the enemy. If the fumes don't poison him, he will starve to death during the breakdowns.

That the cadet corps movement has been a success in Winnipeg is beyond doubt. At the inspection which took place a short time ago, 20,000 spectators were present. A full regiment of one thousand cadets, with brass band, bugle band and fife and drum band, paraded for inspection. The regiment consists of two battalions, each of fifteen companies.

Winnipeg has more cadets than the whole of military district No. 1, which includes 10 or 12 of the most thickly populated counties of Canada. Evidently, there is something radically wrong with the cadet corps movement in this part of the country. A little enthusiasm and hard work on the part of those officers charged with the organization, administration and encouragement of cadet corps would work wonderful changes.

C. B. DE FAULTER, Corporal.

LIVER AND STOMACH WRONG

INDIGESTION, BAD COLOR, PALE, FATIGUED.

Those Oppressed by Palpitation and Heart Pains Will Find Interesting Facts in This Article.

The following letter is printed with the hope that it will show a clear road to health to those who suffer the pangs of indigestion and weak stomach.

"I am anxious to send the message of hope far and wide to all who are in poor health, as I was a year ago," writes Mrs. Ernest P. Gomez, from Meriden. "For years I have had a weak stomach, and have experienced all the distress caused by indigestion. I may say that the heart pains, watery risings, pressure of gas from fermentation at times almost drove me wild. For a time I could scarcely eat a mouthful without causing myself endless misery; I could not sleep well, my color was fearful, dark circles under my eyes, bad dreams, etc.

"As a last hope I was persuaded to try Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. As I persevered with this treatment my appetite gradually returned, and I began to relish my meals. My strength slowly returned, the headache and chest pains grew less severe, and at last I began to look my old self again. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cured me, and I use them occasionally still because I find as a system regulator and health-supporter no medicine is equal to them."

The same medicine that so wonderfully restored Mrs. Gomez will also cure you; 25 cents per box, or five boxes for $1. Beware of substitutes. By mail from the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

Mr. McKenna Speaks on Britain's Naval Policy

First Lord of the Admiralty Discusses the Defence of Oversea Trade.

Mr. Reginald McKenna, M. P., first lord of the admiralty, addressed a well-attended meeting of Liberals in the Co-operative Hall, Middleton the other evening.

Mr. McKenna, who was heartily cheered, said: I have a certain amount of anxiety in addressing an audience in the very home of the Manchester school. I represent one of the great fighting services, and it cannot be denied that the Manchester school have held and have not hesitated to express strong convictions on the subject of the growth of the fighting services. What is the doctrine of the Manchester school? They hold that the state must be prepared to incur any expenditure necessary for defence, but that it must be first proved that the expenditure is necessary, and, secondly, that defence is not a polite name for aggression. If I have stated the doctrine accurately—I am a life-long member of that school (cheers) not one penny ought to be expended on armaments which are not necessary for the purposes of defence. Having said so much, I hope you will bear with me while I attempt to justify the increase in expenditure which has taken place this year.

Suspicion and Irritation.

I speak to men who have been abused as "Little Englanders" (hear, hear), who have been styled "small navy men," who have been charged with want of patriotism, and all because they held with the doctrine which I, for one, hold with them. They are men who know and love the blessing of peace and hate the curse of war, and because they know and love the one and hate the other, they are unworthy to lend their aid to any measure which they believe may more readily lead to war than to peace, and which, in the long run, they think would prove disadvantageous to this country. (Cheers.) They know—we all know—that the power to inflict injury upon another produces suspicion in the person to whom injury may be done. They know that suspicion gives rise to irritation, and that irritation is followed by that insensate rivalry of armament which leads to vast wasteful expenditure, and can only, in the long run, terminate in war. (Hear, hear.) I know, I understand, I sympathize with the feelings of the men of the "Manchester School," and I would not venture to stand before this audience this evening except upon the ground that I believe that nothing I have asked for nor shall ask for, is necessary except as a reasonable security against attack. (Cheers.)

Now, how can we secure ourselves against possible foreign attacks? We have no other means except by the maintenance of our superiority at sea. Our sea power cannot primarily be an engine of attack. Behind our navy we have no great army which could be used for the invasion of a foreign country. (Hear, hear.) Our superiority at sea is necessary to prevent us from being invaded by other powers which have got great armies behind their navies. (Hear, hear.) Therefore, in order to avoid conquest, superiority at sea is essential for our national preservation.

Dependence on Oversea Trade.

But there is another reason. Alone of all the great powers of the world we are absolutely dependent upon oversea trade. Everybody knows it; it is a commonplace of the most ordinary kind. But we are apt to overlook the consequences—the necessary consequences—of the most ordinary commonplace. (Hear, hear.) As we are dependent not merely for the raw material of our trade and manufactures upon sea-borne commerce, but for the very food which we eat, it is essential to us that we should have such superiority at sea and that our trade should not be harassed. (Cheers.) It is not enough for us to have a mere equality of sea power with a slight preponderance in our favor. If we had a long-contested dispute for the command of the sea, masses of our people would starve. It is essential for us that we should have in the first few days of any war undisputed command of the sea, in order that our ports may be kept open. That entails upon us the necessity, if we are to remain independent as a nation, to keep up a navy with a considerable margin of superiority over the navy of any other power. It is not for any purposes of aggression. We should not carry out any purpose of aggression; we have no means of carrying it out. Our purpose is that of defence. I should join issue irreconcilably with any person who disputed that it was necessary for us to make any sacrifice necessary to keep open the great highway of the sea. There may be individuals who regard it as an arrogant claim by the British that they should assert their predominance at sea over other powers. I do not so regard it, provided our sea power is used in future only, as it has been used within the memory of any living man or woman, for the purpose of keeping open our trade routes, then I say we have as a duty to our country and to ourselves to preserve the freedom of our trade routes and the independence of our shores against all risks. (Cheers.)

The Government and Their Work.

Look back upon the history of the present Liberal Government. The Government has had four years during which provision has had to be made for the navy. In the first of those years—1906—with the most earnest desire to base our naval provision upon a ground of mutual arrangement rather than of rivalry, the initial programme for the year was cut down, and we laid down three large ships instead of four. In 1907, with the same publicly avowed object again, the programme for the year was put at three large ships only.

In 1908, still pursuing the same policy, we further reduced our programme for the year and built only two large ships. Here was a policy, you may call it of arrangement, not put forward as a mere kite to be withdrawn at the first moment, but consistently acted upon for three successive years. We endeavored to give the lead and to show our sincerity by maintaining for three years the lead in a policy of reduction of armaments. That was a clear, consistent, and right policy for the Liberal party. As a result during those years we, a nation with an overwhelming interest in naval power, laid down only eight large ships. During the same period a foreign power to whom our overtures were addressed, laid down ten large ships—nine belonging to the programmes of those three years and one belonging to the programme of the year after.

Dealing With Realities.

The chairman has said that I have to deal with realities. That is the fact; whoever is responsible for the admiralty must accept realities and all their consequences. Our efforts at reduction were not followed by reduction abroad, but by increase. Men of Lancashire have never blinked facts, and I am sure they will admit them, with all their consequences, when they are proved. The most sanguine among us cannot fail to recognize that, for the present at any rate, our hopes of limiting naval programmes by arrangement have proved groundless, and we have in consequence, if we are to execute our duty in securing our safety, to meet the circumstances by the necessary provision of ships for the purpose. (Cheers.)

There is one consolation in all this, and that is that we are equal to the task. (Cheers.) We would rather spend our money upon the various measures of social reform than upon armaments, but we have enough money still both for armaments and social reform, and we are not going to be stopped in our path alike of external safety and internal reform. We are often told—we have been told it very frequently in relation to the present budget—that the country will be crushed by the ruinous burden of taxation. Let me also remind you of another phrase that we very often hear—that is, that our armaments are bloated. I am going to attempt to show you, for your consolation (laughter), that, having regard to our means, our armaments are not bloated and our taxation is not ruinous. (Cheers.)

National Income and Outlay.

Let me give you a few figures to remember and digest. Our national income, that is to say, the income of every man and woman in the country added together, is estimated for the current year to be between 1,700 and 1,800 millions. It is not easy to think in millions. It works out to a gigantic sum something very like £40 per head per year for every man, woman, and child in the country. Out of that income the public exchequer proposes to take from us in taxation £137,000,000, and it is proposed to spend on our armaments—upon these bloated armaments—£61,500,000—a gigantic sum truly—(hear, hear)—but not very much in relation to the total national income. If you work out the sum for yourselves you will find that it comes out as follows: That out of every £100 of income £7 16s is taken from us for national taxes, and of that amount £3 10s is spent on armaments. The burden is heavy, but how does it compare with similar burdens in the past? In 1865—I have taken the year as a quite typical year 40 years ago—in 1865 our national income was only £600,000,000, or about one-third of what it is today, and our tax revenue was £62,750,000, or about half—very nearly one-third—of what the taxation is today, and the expenditure in armaments was £30,000,000, also half the expenditure of today. That means to say that in 1865 out of every £100 of income £20 was spent in taxation and £4 3s went in armaments.

Well, at any rate, if we are ruined today with that payment in taxation of £7 16s per £100, how much more ruined must we have been in 1865 when we had to pay in taxes £20 5s out of every £100? If our armaments are bloated today, what were they then when instead of £3 10s per £100 in armaments we spent £4 3s per £100 in armaments? The fact is, that so far from being ruined by progressive increasing burdens of taxation, we are paying progressively less in taxation in proportion to our means than we have been paying in the past. (Cheers.) Moreover the charge upon us—again in accordance with our means—is less for armaments today than it was 40 years ago. (Cheers.)

The Production of Wealth.

We must not forget that these gigantic totals are only a sign and a symbol of the great increase of production and wealth in this country. A battleship today costs two or three times as much as a battleship cost four years ago. That is true. The machinery is infinitely more involved and intricate and expensive. But that very improvement of the machinery of the battleship has also taken place in the machinery of the factory, and if the machinery of the battleship is very expensive, so is that of the factory. But, then, it is more productive; and you have by this improvement of machinery an increase of wealth far in excess of the increase in the cost of the plant. You cannot avoid an increase in the cost of armaments so long as you have the improvements in machinery, which are more costly but bring far more profit than the cost of the plant itself.

We have then to realize the fact that though our expenditure this year has increased, it has only increased after a most determined effort on the part of the Government to secure an international reduction, and that though thereh as been an increase, nevertheless at this moment the actual burden upon us is more easily borne than it has been in past periods of our history. (Cheers.)

Free Trade and Tariff Reform.

Mr. McKenna then turned to the subject of free trade, which, he pointed out, had been no small factor in our material prosperity. (Cheers.) "What the tariff reformer tells us he wants is to increase our markets abroad and to confine our home markets to our home producers. All tariff reformers aim at that—increasing our home market and limiting the foreign market. Now we can judge tariff reform from the examples of France, Germany, the United States, how far they have succeeded in limiting their home markets to themselves and in selling their own goods abroad. Tariff reformers don't mind buying foreign raw materials—at least they say they don't, although in cross-examination they begin to have considerable doubt as to what is raw material—but they say they will not have foreign manufactures sold in this country.

You have had scientific taxation in Germany and free trade in this country, and as a result, after 30 years, you find that we sell very nearly £2 of British manufactured goods per head abroad for every £1 per head that the Germans sell abroad. That is to say, the tariff reformer's object of selling manufactured goods abroad is achieved twice over in this country for every once it is achieved in Germany. (Cheers.)

The Power To Buy.

So much for selling abroad. Now for buying at home. We are enormous buyers of foreign goods, it is true. But we buy raw materials for our factories and food for our workers. I will call all that buying for the factories. For every £1 worth that we buy for the shop to be sold over the counter, we buy very nearly £4 worth for the factory. Our imports of manufactured articles amount to £119,000,000, and on food and materials for the factory £384,000,000. The tariff reformer says, "Shut out manufactured goods." I would remind you that this country has invested an enormous amount of capital abroad. We have sent out our money to foreign nations not in the form of so many sovereigns, but in the form of cotton goods, railway material, machinery of all kinds, for which the foreigner has not been able to pay at the time, and for which he owes us a debt and goes on paying us interest on that debt year after year. It is estimated at this moment that the balance due to us from foreign countries all over the world is no less than £140,000,000 a year. Are we to refuse to take the interest on our money? Just as we do not lend to the foreigner in cash but in goods, so the foreigner is paying us in goods and not in cash. (Cheers.) If he were called upon to pay us £140,000,000 per annum in gold he would answer at once, "I cannot do it. All the gold mines in the world would not produce enough." He must pay us in goods if he is to pay us at all. Are we to shut those goods out and refuse to take them? (Cries of "No.") Mr. McKenna spoke also of the detrimental effect tariff reform would have on employment in such a country as ours, and compared wages and hours worked on the continent and in this country, showing that we are better situated than France and Germany. He then turned to the questions of unemployment and workmen's insurance.

Mr. Ryland Adkins, M. P., moved a resolution thanking Mr. McKenna for his address and expressing unabated confidence in the Government and appreciation of the budget. This was seconded by Mr. Pnilip Ashworth, and carried, with cheers.

Three thousand pounds has been given by an anonymous lady, says the Paris "Figaro," for the erection of a monument to the memory of Oscar Wilde at Pere Lachaise Cemetery, Paris, to which his remains are to be removed from Bagneux.

The Grand Duchess Elizabeth, widow of the murdered Grand Duke Sergius and sister of the Tsaritsa, has formally founded at Moscow an order of White Nuns, and accepted the dignity of abbess of the convent.

Twenty performances by the Imperial Russian Ballet at the Chatelet Theatre, Paris, brought in the enormous sum of £20,700, or an average of more than £1,000 a performance.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

BROTHER TOLD BROTHER

ONE SUFFERED FOR FIFTEEN YEARS, THE OTHER FOR THIRTEEN.

The convincing powers of a testimonial were never more clearly shown than in the case of Mr. Hugh Brown. A brother, Lemuel Brown, of Avondale, N. B., read in the paper about Hon. John Costigan being cured by "Fruit-a-tives." Knowing the senator would only indorse a medicine which had cured him, Mr. Lemuel Brown tried "Fruit-a-tives." They cured him of chronic indigestion and constipation, so he urged his brother to try them.

Hartland, N. B., Oct. 28, 1907.

"Three doctors told me that I had liver disease and serious stomach trouble. My stomach was very weak. I took their medicines for thirteen years and grew worse. My brother (who was cured of terrible indigestion by 'Fruit-a-tives' after suffering for 15 years), recommended me to try these wonderful tablets. I bought half a dozen boxes and have just finished the sixth. I eat all kinds of hearty foods without distress and am greatly improved in every way. 'Fruit-a-tives' also cured the chronic constipation which was so distressing in my case."

(Signed) HUGH BROWN.

50c a box, 6 for $2 50; a trial box, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

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Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all Internal pains.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF CURES all inflammatory stomach and bowel diseases, acute or chronic. It destroys in its beginning every insidious disease which cannot be destroyed if allowed to go unchecked. Don't put it off. Keep handy this great remedy.

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Ask your druggist for a free copy of "Hope For the Sick," a list of the principal ailments of mankind, with directions for their treatment. Compiled after very exhaustive research by two eminent physicians, Dr. J. S. Radway and Dr. P. C. Van Wyck. Valuable as a medical work in any home.

WAKE UP! It's Time for Kellogg's

You wouldn't feel happy if you missed your Kellogg's—even one meal. Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes, with Milk or Cream, is a tempting, wholesome dish at any meal—every hour is "Kellogg Time." Served with Fruit, Kellogg's affords a "give me some more" taste you'll never want to forget. Try it to-day—no cooking—it's ready to serve—just add milk.

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TOASTED CORN FLAKES

LITERATURE AND THE EMPIRE AT THE PRESS CONFERENCE

Eloquent Speeches by Lord Morley, Mr. Birrell, Mr. Churchill and Milner.

At the imperial press conference at the foreign office there was a discussion upon the relation of literature to journalism Lord Morley of Blackburn was the chairman, and there was again a very large attendance. His lordship met with a hearty reception when he entered the hall accompanied by Mr. Birrell, Mr. Winston Churchill and Lord Milner arrived afterwards, and were also warmly received.

The discussion was the intellectual treat of the conference. Lord Morley, speaking for just over half an hour, had something to say about the power and influence of the press, the extent of that influence, making it all the more imperative that it should be used in the right way. His lordship aroused great merriment by his little reminiscence of the man who could write "general invective," which was renewed when he added that his friend "must have found employment in some quarters since." Other features of a memorable gathering were the eloquent speeches of Mr. Churchill and Mr. Birrell, while Lord Milner, Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Sir Edward Russell and several of the delegates also contributed to the oratory.

Lord Morley.

Lord Morley, who, on rising to speak, had a very hearty welcome, said no doubt the heartiness of their reception was partly due to the fact that he was for a good time himself connected with the profession which the delegates represented. (Hear, hear.) He observed that it had been suggested that they should not pay so much time to this matter of literature, but after all it was not a small topic—(hear, hear) —and there was a connextion, if they would let him say so, between literature and Empire. (Cheers.)

"I only," he added, "offer a commonplace upon that point. As if our glorious English tongue were not one of the glories of Empire (Hear, hear.) As if it were not perhaps the strongest, the most enduring bond of Imperial union. Ah! possibly a thousand times stronger and more enduring in a sense, wider and deeper Imperially than all the achievements, magnificent as they are, of all the soldiers and sailors, and of the statesmen who have directed them. (Hear, hear.)

"To go on with my commonplace. As if Shakespeare and Burns and Bunyan and Swift and all the rest of that superb gallery were not the greatest of British Empire-builders. (Cheers.) This is only a commonplace, but a commonplace with a true and deep grandeur in it, and I know, no more stupendous and overwhelming fact than the supreme dominance of the English tongue over millions in the new worlds of the West and in the ancient worlds of the East. (Hear, hear). It is a stupendous and overwhelming fact and justifies the place which you have been good enough to give to literature amongst the objects of your consideration. (Cheers.) I will make one remark on the other side. I am rather surprised that you did not choose science as one of your subjects, because, after all, the governing thoughts and the movement of interests of men fluctuate with the ebb and flow of the great tides of human curiosity, energy, passion and interest. One may be an ecclesiastical age, another a political age, a third a literary age, but I believe you will agree that the age in which we live and find ourselves is a practical, a speculative, and a scientific age."

What Is Journalism?

He was not going to regale them with all the great and noble things that had been said about literature. He was not certain that his best plan would not have been to wander about his library for an hour or two and collect all the grand things that had been said about literature. They were there that day to talk about literature and journalism. What was journalism? It was not easy to say off-hand what literature was:

"Are you going to treat it today as a profession?" continued Lord Morley. "I think you probably will be inclined to think that as regards that, that that is the view that is most appropriate for this occasion. But I looked out the word literature in that splendid monument of learning, the Oxford dictionary, and what was my shock to find myself quoted, and thereby handed down to immortality, as having said, 'Literature is the most seductive, the most deceiving, and the most dangerous of all professions.'" (Loud laughter.)

It was long ago, Lord Morley added, since he committed himself to that perplexing opinion, and he had survived what he could not recover, the secret of that menacing language. (Laughter.) He believed it was the feeling he had in his mind at that date, that an enormous number of persons—men and women—were committing themselves to literature as a profession, who had no more right to take to the writing of books than Mr. Birrell or he had the right to take to painting oil pictures or water-colors. (Laughter.) "So many," he went on to say, "thought themselves called, so few found themselves by the public really chosen. But as to the profession—the honorable and arduous profession—of the journalist. Though Caryle uses very little language upon that, in one place he said, "Is not every able editor the ruler of the world, being, as he is, the persuader of it?" On one other occasion he said that journalism was ditch water. (Laughter.) Sometimes he was inclined to think it was. (Renewed laughter.) But the class of journalists, like the class of men of letters more strictly so-called, contained an infinite variety of general and species and sub-species, from the very high class of publicist to his humble friend who purveyed brisk leaderettes and nimble paragraphs.

They were not there that day to confer upon grammar—though this was a fruitful topic—or punctuation; they were not there to discuss style. Nobody could make a motion or move an amendment upon style. (Laughter.) He would only make one remark about style. He hoped they would all agree with him. They could not approach in stature and compass to the giants; but there was one thing they could do—they could strive in their pursuit and cultivation of the great and noble and difficult art of writing after the two moderate virtues of simplicity and directness; and by this he meant, of course, freedom from affectation, because this was the most odious of qualities in character and manner, and more odious still in literature and journalism. The simple and direct was what everyone ought to aim at, and which everyone could, if he took the trouble, attain to. Of course the foundation of style was a full knowledge of matter.

Some Definitions.

It was said about platform speakers that a platform speech depended on three things—first, who said it; second, how he said it; and third, what he said—and really it was added what he said was the least important. That was not true of the journalists, because what a platform speaker said vanished more or less rapidly, and what the journalist wrote remained. Journalism, he was told the other day by a home member of the conference, was literature in a hurry, and he taxed him with having invented this saying. He did not agree.

They had to go deeper than this. Journalism, added Lord Morley, was, and might be, in a hurry, but literature was not. Literature more or less assumed the attitude of the judge. The journalist, dealing with what were live issues, was more or less of an advocate. Literature dealt with ideals; the journalist was a man of action, and, therefore, was concerned with the real. If he were a wise journalist—as they all were—he would understand that what he took for the real was not half as real as a great deal of what was ideal. Would anybody deny that there were about half a dozen lines of Burns which had had more influence upon political thought and action than all the millions of leading articles that had been written in Burns country, or even in the southern parts of the island?

When all was said, the literary element in its truest and widest sense was what made all the difference in the world between the editor and the writer, and the newsboy who shouted scare headlines at the street corners. He was asked the other day—he was rather challenged—to define what he understood to be a good journalist. His friendly challenger tried his own hand at the qualities of a good journalist, and these, in his view, appeared to be candour, courtesy, independence and respect. Well, those were qualities which went to make up a good journalist, but also any decent sort of man. Therefore, he found that definition to be quite inadequate. He was not going to attempt to define the qualities of a good journalist for fear of omitting one which any of them might maintain to belong to journalism. He was far too experienced to make an enemy of any newspaper. (Laughter.)

An Editorial Golden Motto.

He was reminded of a remark by Cromwell in an interview he had with a certain band of Presbyterian ministers: "I beseech you," he said, "in the name of Christ if you are not possibly mistaken." He suggested that that motto, in letters of gold, should appear in all editorial rooms—not newsrooms —in all editorial rooms of newspapers. (Applause.) The telegraphic address of an editor friend of his was "Vatican." He hoped no one there would suppose they were so important an assembly as the Vatican Council to define infallibility. Infallibility was generally another word for impenitence. (Laughter.) Journalism was not infallible, and was not quite so omnipotent as it often thought.

The improvement in journalism, added Morley, had in his time been enormous, and he thought it was still improving. He could remember when the writings in the reviews were very coarse and extremely ignorant. That was gone. It was true there was plenty of stiff language used. He remembered once, when he was in charge of a newspaper, a young man came to him for employment.

"I said to him," said Lord Morley, "'what is your special qualification?' He replied 'Invective.'" (Laughter.)

"I said 'What kind of invective?' and he replied, 'No particular kind—general invective.' (Laughter.)

"I think," he added, "my friend must have found employment in some quarters since." (Loud laughter.)

Everybody would agree, continued Lord Morley, everybody who observed, that the temper of journalism was always being improved. Taken as a whole, criticism was not ungenerous, and as for literary criticism, in his opinion there had never been, either in England or even in France, so much critical power and knowledge applied as they would find in English journalism today. (Cheers.) But he wanted to ask two questions. Their knowledge of the press covered a wider area than his did. Was the newspaper the enemy of the book? Did people in England, in Australia, read more books? Did they know better the difference between a bad book and a good one? He had known more than one man of great influence who seemed to think it did not much matter, as a book was a book. (Laughter.) In his (Lord Morley's) opinion, the answer to the questions whether people read more and knew the difference between good and bad books was more favorable and encouraging. The book was sometimes its own enemy; it might come too soon or too late; the author might have invented a coin that was not in currency, or, like fruit or flowers in the garden, he might have planted his thoughts, choosing his season wrong. But the general result of his views was that in the matter of literature the authors of books were never more favorably placed.

One more question—a very important one, perhaps. Lord Morley continued:

It is said by critics of democracy, not merely in this country, but elsewhere in every democracy, that journalism of the newer type impairs and weakens the habit and faculty of continuous and coherent attention. If this were so, it would not be short of a disaster, because the habit and facility of continuous and coherent attention is one of the main gains of all education. I am not sure if it is not as much a gain for education as the knowledge itself which education supplies. Is it true that the newer type of journalism weakens the faculty of coherrent attention I am bound to say that when I see gentlemen coming up to town on a morning by the suburban train with a financial paper under one arm, a sporting paper under the other, and a general newspaper written, what is called, "crisply"—if he is of an aesthetic turn of mind he has also an illustrated paper—when I am told that this gentleman is having his career shaped and his opinions moulded, and his views settled by this process, I confess I am very sceptical.

During your proceedings a good deal has been said of the rebarbarism of Europe—the rattling back into arms and preparation for the use of arms. Herbert Spencer for a long time noticed this tendency to rebarbarism. I wonder how far the press has shared in the large flow of general forces that have brought and are bringing this about. There are those who say that though a minister may make a blunder, though a permanent official may wear his official blinkers too large and too tight, though diplomatists may be not crafty enough or too crafty, and though personal egotism may blind statesmen to larger considerations, yet the press is more answerable than all these things put together. I have heard that view expressed, and as I am putting one or two questions, I will put the question, whether you consider that the opinion of the press over-seas and at home, the opinion of the press is systematically and perseveringly used on behalf of peace among the nations

I only say this—there is nobody who is not bound to recognize that the press is a great centre and fountain of public-hearted duty and moral force; that it is the guide to an intellectual grasp of the facts of the world; and that it is, in its best forms, an organ of practical common-sense. I am very proud to have met you, and I am always very proud to have been a member of your profession. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. W. S. Douglas, New Zealand.

Mr. W. S. Douglas, "New Zealand Herald," Auckland, took advantage of the opportunity of his contribution to the debate to remark that New Zealand would do her best to assist the mother country in Imperial defence whenever she was called upon. "Tell us what to do," he said, "and we will do it." (Applause.) With regard to the subject under discussion the primary object of a newspaper was not to cultivate letters but the presentation of news and to give a vivid graphic, and interesting picture of the happenings in the world.

Mr. Winston Churchill.

Mr. Winston Churchill received a hearty reception on rising. Whatever opinion might be formed, he said, about the Imperial Press Conference, he thought there was one quality which was certainly very apparent in the discussions of the morning; and he would do himself the honor of congratulating members of the conference upon their courage. After all, they were living in anxious times, very critical situations had been unfolded to them; and after a week of discussions upon some of the most appalling prospects which could possibly be opened up before the most heated imagination of man, in which they could see great cataclysms—on the eve of an Armageddon, if they liked—they found themselves engaged that morning, at any rate, on a mild discussion on the relations of literature to journalism, and the relative position occupied by those two important subjects.

He thought posterity would greatly admire the proceedings of the conference. (Laughter.) They would say what wonderful command at such a moment, what noble equanimity in such periods of stress, what iron nerve on the part of those men when they could thus deliberate calmly on the verge of cataclysms. (Laughter.) But he ventured to think that the discussion upon which they were engaged that morning would have at least as much effect in maintaining the reputation for good sense and dignity of this country as some other addresses in other places which had lately attracted the attention of the country.

The power of the press was a fertile theme. It was gradually increasing, but was the power of the pressman increasing with the power of the machine He thought that was the question which, if they were to ask questions, must be answered in the near future, because whereas in former times an individual had the power to shape governments and politics, they could not fail to observe that in this walk of life, as in so many others, the human element was in great danger of being crushed underneath the power of the machinery which it had helped to create. When Mr. Birrell was drawing attention the other day to the spirit of partisanship which sometimes animated newspaper comment, he thought there was an explanation to be found in the fact that newspapers were ever changing the constituencies which they represented, and, as the years passed by, they had come less to represent the opinions of the writers than the opinions of their readers. That was the position that was being created at the present time, and the conference, which tended to increase the power and influence and strength of the man behind the sword, marked in a very distinct manner the recognition and revival of the authority of the individuals who were charged with the conduct of newspapers, and was an important landmark in the life of the indivdual writer. (Hear, hear.)

If a man sold partisanship, that was, after all, a humble trade, and he was only a merchant in a small way of business. In so far as the forces in which they were gripped at the present time might lead newspapers to write what the readers were anxious to learn, rather than give full expressions to their own internal conceptions and opinions, there, no doubt, they found that the profession did not reap all the fruits and all the honor which was its due; but when they found on honest and sincere attempt on the part of the writers for newspapers to correct evil prejudices which were spread abroad, there the work of the pressman or of the writer acquired a solemn and splendid character. (Hear, hear.)

An Academy of Language.

He was bound to say that in the latter sphere the writer belonged to the luckiest class of human beings. The great mass of the human race toiled all day, and their play did not commence until after their work was discharged, but the men who sold truth was one of those whose work was his pleasure. And, therefore, he ventured to say that they were celebrating that day the meeting of those who were among the more lucky of mankind, because the means by which they earned their living and discharged their daily duties were also those in which they gave the fullest, the freest and the best.

Lord Morley had spoken to them of the power of the British press. Let them not forget that the British press, the press of the British Empire, were the trustees of the English language.

The old process of growth by which local customs and local usages were selected by great writers and men of literary pre-eminence, had passed away, and a much more thoroughgoing wholesale mechanical process had taken its place. They saw that they were menaced by all sorts of barbarous attacks—phonetic spelling and unsatisfactory and slip-shod methods of expression; and though no one would wish to prison our language in harsh or abitrary rules, or deliver it over to judgment of any particular body of men, there were many powerful arguments which might be heard in supportport of some academy which, without restricting the growth of the national language, would place upon each phrase and expression and each new word the imprimatur of style.

At present the only control was that of the Censor of Plays—(laughter)—and that was exercised with a desire to give satisfaction, but it met with less success than this earnest desire perhaps deserved. He would like to say —and here he spoke with great trepidation as one who had never realized to the full the privileges and advantages of a classical education—(laughter)—that in the study of English we might borrow an example from the ancient Greeks. They had succeeded in making their language a model for the whole world, and the finest medium — so he was credibly informed, though he had never employed it—(laughter)—of human speech and human eloquence.

How did they do it? It was because they studied Greek. That was the cause and method by which the perfection of their language was achieved, and surely we, who already possessed a language which was one of the greatest and most expressive and powerful languages in the world, and hoped that our language would continue to exert an ever-increasing dominion over the whole world, and that it would exert a powerful influence upon the growth of the human race, ought to take the trouble to see that the English language was properly studied in the schools of the British Empire, and that boys and girls were taught to read its great writers and noble passages.

It had been said words were the only things which lasted for ever. Utterances which had passed from human lips, and which appeared to have been stilled almost at the moment they had been spoken, had endured and were enduring, while the most enduring and tremendous monuments which had been erected had crumbled and passed away altogether.

The way in which the British press and British writers could best serve the large and general interests of the British Empire was to write wise, good, and true words—words proclaiming the solidarity of Christendom and the interdependence of nations, and refrain from words which would cause friction and mischief-making among nations. Let them be words which asserted that confidence produced confidence between the nations, just in the same way as hatred and suspicion produced the very dangers which gave them birth. The great powers of the world were not great cut-throats and assassins, striking for sinister and infernal ends; but, on the other hand, should rather be considered as brothers pursuing the same high ideals as ourselves, and treading the same road, continually upwards, and ever approaching a brighter and more glorious end. (Applause.)

HARD TIMES IN SCOTLAND

Number of Men Out of Work in Glasgow Alone is Estimated at 40,000 to 60,000.

Scottish correspondence Manchester Guardian: Despite a number of large orders for new vessels placed on the Clyde, the prospect of some Government orders, and a fair amount of working going on in the Scottish iron and steel trades, the industrial situation is deadly dull in the large cities in Scotland, Edinburgh, Dundee, and Aberdeen are all worse off than they were a year ago, so far as the number of unemployed is concerned, and Glasgow is, according to the chairman of the distress committee, worse than it has ever been during the present period of depression. He stated recently that while the "Board of Trade Labor Gazette" showed 7.9 per cent of the trades reporting returned as unemployed at the end of last May, returns by 42 unions in Glasgow, with an aggregate membership of over 30,000 men, showed that 19.3 per cent were idle at present. Therefore, he concluded, Glasgow was 150 per cent worse than the kingdom generally. The Glasgow Trades Council estimate the total unemployed at 40,000 to 60,000, but no official census has been taken, and a large number of the unemployed, being unskilled laborers, are not tabulated by any trade union. But things are obviously bad enough. The distress committee's funds are exhausted, and after badgering the Government in vain for a big grant the committee find themselves at a standstill. Hence the declaration of Mr. W. F. Anderson on Monday—that he declined any longer to be the nominal chairman of a nominal committee, and would ask the corporation to relieve him of the duty. Mr. Anderson said that the critical position the committee were in had to a large extent been brought about by the unfair and untrue statements which had been circulated in Glasgow about the work of the committee.

Glasgow's special grievance is that while they have been urged on by the authorities above to take action to provide work, and have been bullied by the out-of-works below to provide more work, their funds have dried up, the unemployed remain on their hands even at midsummer, and though their condition was made known, and parliament had granted a certain sum, a considerable amount at the end of the financial year was, as unexpended, handed back to the treasury. Unable to move the local government board, the distress committee applied to the premier. Obviously Mr. Asquith could not pass the Scottish secretary, and he asked the committee, in the first instance to see Lord Pentland. The latter received a deputation from the committee last week, but he could not promise an immediate grant, though Glasgow is to be early and favorably considered in the disposal of the grant for next winter. Nor could he give a pledge that further sums borrowed from the corporation would form a proper charge against the next Government grant. A large number of the men working at the Palacerigg labor colony have been paid off. Frankly, there is good reason to believe that this colony has not been a success. It is cold and mossy land, and is not likely to make any reasonable return on the outlay, unless some profitable system of utilizing peat can be found.

Edinburgh's farm colony at Muriestion, however, is spoken of hopefully. It is about 200 acres in extent and twelve miles from the city, and it has been used as a dumping ground for the refuse from the capital, which must be got rid of anyhow. Two or three hundred men have been at work all winter removing the sod with spades, trenching the ground down to to "pan" to the depth of a foot, and then spreading above the lower soil twelve inches of city refuse. It was reported the other day at a meeting of the Edinburgh distress committee that the crops were growing very well. The committee decided to offer three allotments to let, and authority was granted to spend several hundred pounds to erect new buildings in order to make the allotments suitable for tenants.

The distress from unemployment is always accentuated in Scotland by two facts—one that so long as he or she is able-bodied nobody is entitled to poor law relief; the other, that by the system of yearly lets of houses a working man who may not have the certainty of three months' steady work in a place has to take his house in February or March for a year from the following May. A bill now before parliament, and likely to go through this year, will probably largely remedy the house-letting grievance for small houses. The Government's proposals, following on the poor law commission report, will be likely to meet the former grievance.

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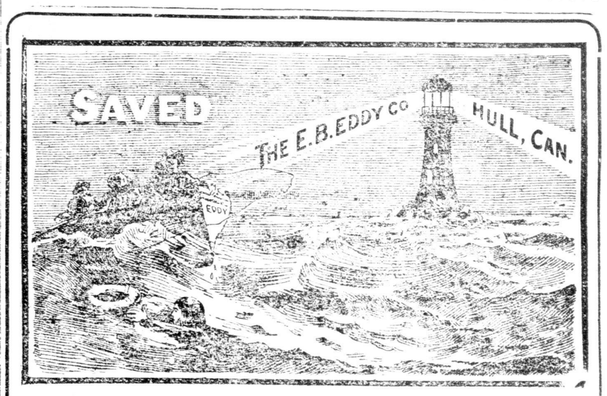

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3i 26 J. 3 17 31 A. 7

Mrs. Henry Wadsworth, an American society lady, and a friend of Mr Roosevelt, has beaten all the ex-President's achievements by riding 152 miles in sixteen hours. She had sixteen horses in relay along the route, and was accompanied by Dr. Grayson, who accompanied Mr. Roosevelt in his ride.

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A GLANCE AT LIFE IN GREAT BRITAIN---HAPPENINGS IN ENGLAND, IRELAND AND SCOTLAND BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

HAND-OVER-HAND

Dramatic Escape of Man in Elevator Shaft.

A lift attendant employed at the headquarters of the "B.-P." Boy Scouts, Victoria street, was descending in the lift on Sunday, when the hauling gear snapped. With great presence of mind he grasped the guide rope, while the lift, which had no roof, shot away from under him, and left him hanging in mid-air. He escaped unhurt by lowering himself hand-over-hand.

Some choice old wines were put up for auction at Christie's, the highest price realized being for two dozen bottles of Balfour's liqueur brandy (1801 vintage), which were knocked down at 280s a dozen. For three dozen Pommery and Greno champagne (1892), 158s a dozen was given.

McGregors to the number of 160 have lodged claims to be recognized as heirs to John McGregor, retired color mixer, 80 Middleton street, Alexandria, who died without leaving a will. His estate is valued at £8,178.

The postmaster-general has issued a notice that all articles of any value intended to be sent by letter post from the United Kingdom to Gibraltar or to Morocco should be registered. There have been robberies recently from the Gibraltar mail.

At a dinner given in honor of Lieut. Shackleton at Prince's Restaurant on Tuesday, a model in sugar of the Nimrod occupied the centre of the table, and at each end of the table were blocks of ice representing the north and south poles.

Captain Boe, of the steamer Noreg, and Miss Westerling, who are both Norwegians, and who had not lived in Swansea long enough to obtain a marriage license, were married off that port on Monday in a tug which out out beyond the three miles limit.

The old-time custom of holding "a pudding," is to be revived after fifty years at Paignton. This was decided upon at a meeting held at which a piece of the 1859 pudding was an object of interest.

Guildford rural district councillors have decided to prosecute the Duke of Northumberland on account of the village constable's bungalow, for which no water certificate has been first obtained.

Only 150 out of 1,500 miners employed by the Fife Coal Company have accepted the company's proposal to provide bathing accommodation for its employees at a cost of one penny each per week.

Princess Louise made a farewell inspection of her regiment, the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, at Chatham on Tuesday, prior to the departure of the regiment for foreign service.

Despite the fact that Prestatyn has a population of several thousands, and is a growing seaside resort, it has only one policeman.

A dog which had been washed in paraffin was set alight by a spark at Kingston, and rushed into a storeroom full of inflammable material, which caught fire and was destroyed.

Fined 5s and 5s 6d costs at Grimsby, Horace Empson, of Cleethorpes, tendered paymeat in three-penny pieces, which the police refused to accept. "I am advised that three-penny pieces are legal tender up to two pounds," said Empson, "and I shall not tender the money again."

DOG GAVE THE ALARM

And Plucky Policeman Saved the Family.

The caretaker of the Normanton Town Club, with his wife and child, would have been suffocated on Tuesday but for the alarm given by the howling of their pet dog in a burning storeroom. Hearing the dog, a police officer went through the flames to rescue the three occupants.

The late Lord Sheffield left estate of a gross value of £126,994.

Salaries of the royal household amount to £192,000 annually.

At Rothwell, in Yorkshire, it is stated that young people are delaying getting married because there are no houses to let.

The new covered wholesale market for Birkenhead has been opened by the mayor in the presence of a representative gathering.

Hay cutting was seen in more than one Cheshire district on June 16. This is unusually early.

A bulldog attacked Mrs. Harry Lauder, wife of the Scottish comedian, while she was conveying it home. She had to be taken to the hospital.

The Besses o' th' Barn Band will make another trip in Australia and New Zealand, leaving Lancashire in the autumn. They may call at South Africa on the outward journey.

By their decisive victory over the All-England team at Hurlingham, the American poloists won back the international cup, which crossed the ocean 23 years ago.

It has been estimated that if all the main roads of England and Wales were treated annually with gas-tar, one-fourth of the present production of tar in the United Kingdom would be absorbed.

Dr. Alex. Graham Bell, the inventor of the telephone, has arrived in London. Although regarded as of American extraction, Dr. Bell was born at Edinburgh, and educated in that city, and at University College, London.

A London clerk named Jefferies was picked up by a cargo boat four miles off Littlehampton, after drifting in the Channel for eight hours. He left Bognor in a small boat, and by accident lost both oars. He was taken to Poole, whence he returned to London.

During the proceedings of the select committee of the daylight saving bill, Mr. Churchill came into the committee room, and asked the loan of Mr. Kavanagh in order to make up a quorum for the standing committee on the marine policies bill.

"I have failed to find any authority to show that a letter written and posted can terminate a tenancy, a guarantee, or anything else, unless it can be proved that it was received," Judge Smyly declared at the Bow county tourt.

The Willesden guardians have placed all the able-bodied male paupers to cultivate the land, and have now decided to divide the workhouse grounds into allotments, and to let them to workingmen living in the neighborhood.

The annual report of the Manchester corporation tramways committee shows a gross profit of £279,108, of which £70,000 goes to the reduction of rates. Since the system was started in 1901, a sum of £377,000 has been paid in rates relief.

$870 FOR A PENNY

Big Price for Copper Coin Found at Dorking.

Hull city council purpose spending $25,000 for a municipal organ.

It is proposed to establish a meteorological station at Huddersfield.

Swallowing a farthing caused the death of Ellen Conroy, 2, of Canning Town.

Twelve hundred years old, the church of Kirkdale, near Kirby Moorside, is to be restored.

Mr. A. G. Ellis, of the British Museum, has been appointed assistant librarian at the India office.

The Rev. Lancelot Lewis, vicar of St. Martin's, Cardiff, shot himself in his vicarage.

Mr. William Metcalfe, who composed the famous hunting song, "John Peel," died at Carlisle, aged 80.

Mrs. Ann Roberts has died at Oswestry workhouse in her 101st year.

The King has sent $1,325 to the building fund of St. Barnabas Church in the working class district to Epsom.

In a London sale room on Monday, a Wigtaf penny, found at Dorking in 1817, realized $870.

A kettle of boiling water, which a Liverpool man named Michael Jones, threw after his wife as she fled from the house, scalded two boys who were passing, and Jones was sent to jail for six weeks for assault.

One hundred and seventeen miners living in the Tyneside village of Swalwell, and employed at a local colliery, were a fortnight ago committed to prison for seven days, in default of non-payment of fines for having absented themselves from work.

Manchester county police have instructions to take all drunken men home when they can ascertain their addresses, instead of locking them up. It is perhaps the cheapest and most comfortable way in the end for both parties.

A campaign has begun in connection with the forthcoming triennial election of the Battersea borough council.

Through licking the inside of a tin that had contained weed-killer, seven cows have died at Hawkstone, Shropshire.

A 16th century silver gift standing cup and cover, 11 inches high, was sold at Christie's in London for $2,400.

It has been decided that the opening of the lady chapel of the new Liverpool Cathedral should take place on June 29, 1910.

A Liverpool constable who had trouble with a prisoner, took him to the police station eventually by means of the jiju-jitsu lock.

"There is no such thing as new milk in London," said counsel in an adulteration case at the Stratford police court.

About $140,000 had been received from various London churches at the Mansion House by Saturday for the Hospital Sunday fund.

King Edward has forwarded a donation of 25 guineas towards the building fund of the new church of St. Barnabas, Epsom.

Damage to the extent of $200,000 was caused recently by a fire at a paint manufacturers' wharf by the riverside at Cubitt Town.

Five railway men were poisoned, one fatally, by drinking a bottle of beer they found near the track at Tyler Hill, near Canterbury.

WITCHES IN ENGLAND

Strange Stories Still Gain Credence.

Dr. Jamieson arrived in England recently in connection with the passing of the South African union bill by the Imperial Parliament.

Tariff reform resolutions were proposed from seven platforms and passed unanimously at a tariff reform fete held recently at Chatham.

Princess Christian visited Sandgate to open the new military hospital, which has been erected in connection with Shorncliffe camp.

Private Richard James Smith, of the Royal Marine Light Infantry, died at Forton Barracks from injuries received while walking in his sleep.

The Crown Prince of Sweden will be present at the opening of the international congress on alcoholism on July 19, at the Imperial Institute.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd-George were presented recently at the unveiling of a memorial to their daughter, at the Welsh Calvinistic Methodist chapel, Battersea.

Almondbury Grammar School, Huddersfield, this year celebrates its tercentenary, the school having been founded in 1609 under an order issued by James I.

Remarkable stories of the prevalence of witchcraft in Somerset and of strange medical beliefs common in the county, were told at a meeting of teachers at Bury, near Dulverton, on Saturday.

At Sotheby's London saleroom the other day Burns' autograph of the song "To the Woodlark," with an inscription from the poet's son to the eminent actor Macready, brought £146, and a Burns letter to David Blair, of Birmingham, on a sheet of excise paper, £61.

Thomas Fuller, a young police constable, stationed at Kentish Town, was committed for trial at Marylebone police court recently on five charges of theft and one of assault.

At the sale of the Rashleigh collection of British coins at Sotheby's on Monday a gold noble of Henry IV. brought £61, a silver half-groat of the same reign £30 10s, and a groat £24 5s. A silver penny of Richard III. brought £25 10s.

A baby seal was killed on the beach at Holy Island on Tuesday by a resident, named John Markwell. It measured 2 feet 6 inches and weighed three stone. The fishery board gave a reward of 15s for the production of the tail.

The vigilance of the Thames Conservancy has so far prevented any floods on the river banks, in spite of the extraordinary rainfall. Over the whole Thames watershed inspectors are engaged to watch carefully the effect of the rainfall on the tributaries, and to advise the chief inspector, who is in constant communication with the Conservancy authorities in London. To assist lock-keepers the Conservancy makes use of telephones, and lock-keepers may remain on duty all night to avert the floods so destructive to summer crops.

Lord North has resigned the chairmanship of the Warwickshire hunt committee, after having been connected with the hunt for sixty years, during the masterships of the present Lord Willoughby de Broke, his father, and grandfather.

The report for 1908 of the mission to lepers in India and the east, issued from the London office in Henrietta street, tells of work in seventy-three station and among 7,295 lepers. The society has offered to admit the Chinese leper discovered in Cardiff to one of its Chinese asylums.

$5,000 FOR SIXPENCE

Remarkable Insurance Claim—A Widow Wins.

The House of Lords has decided that Mrs. Hunter, the widow of a commercial traveller, is entitled to £1,000 under an insurance policy. The husband bought in 1905 a six-penny Lett's diary for 1906, which contained a coupon policy in which the General Accident and Life Assurance Company promised to pay £1,000 to the executors if the holder were killed in a railway accident, and if the claim were made within twelve months. Mr. Hunter filled up the form on Dec. 25, 1905, and an official acknowledgement was received from the company dated Dec. 29, 1905. The holder of the policy was injured in the railway collision at Elliot Junction, and died on Dec. 29, 1906. The widow claimed the £1,000, which the insurance company refused to pay, claiming the policy had expired, but the House of Lords declared that the widow was entitled to the money on the ground that the date of registration of the insurance was the date when the bundle of receipts was alphabetically arranged and filed.

In connection with the bi-centenary of the birth of Dr. Samuel Johnson, there will be held in September at Lichfield an exhibition of Johnsonian manuscripts, books, portraits, pictures, relics, etc. The mayor of Lichfield appeals to all who possess mementoes of Johnson to allow them to be exhibited.

The English revenue returns for the first quarter of the financial year 1909-1910 shows an increase as compared with the corresponding period of last year, amounting to £1,382,065. Only certain additions to taxation under the budget became operative at once. The increase for the quarter is to be attributed in the main to the "windfall" from Mr. Morrison, the millionaire.

A Bristol child named Florence Evelyn Sparrow, aged 2 years and 4 months, who was put to bed on Friday evening, slept soundly in spite of the attempts of the parents and a medical man until Monday morning, a period of about 62 hours.

Two men, named Eyre and Higgs, were killed at Clifton Colliery, Nottingham, while working an electrically-propelled coal-cutting machine. Eyre, upon turning the current, received a shock. The charge was also communicated to Higgs, who was standing close by, and death in both cases was instantaneous.

Beer is dearer all over the country as the result of the decision taken by the brewers to raise the price of the 36-gallon barrel by 6s, or ½d per quart.

BOYCOTTERS FINED

They Were Members of the United Irish League.

Mr. Edward Dolan, auctioneer and merchant, of Moate & Co., Westmeath, has just been awarded £100 damages against four members of the United Irish League, whom, he claims, injured his business by proclaiming a boycott against him.

By the direction of Lord Darnley, the town of Athboy was put up for sale this week in 110 lots. The tenants attended in force and were the chief purchasers.

The Limerick corporation, at a recent meeting, decided to make a knowledge of Irish compulsory in the election of a coroner for the city, although they have no legal authority to do so.

Captain Rushbrooks, who owns a large part of Queenstown, to mark the coming of age of his eldest son, is bestowing a free site adjoining the cathedral for the proposed institute for the Nursing Sisters of the Sick Poor, and is also giving £500 towards its erection.

A large congregation gathered at the cathedral, Waterford, on Sunday, when the sacerdotal golden jubilee of the Right Rev. Monsignor Flynn, M.P., was celebrated. After the religious services, an address of congratulation was read in the sacristy by the Rev. W. O'Donnell, for the clergy of the city.

A porter named John Dolan, in the employment of the Hibernian Bank, Dublin, who brought an action for damages against Mr. William H. V. Jackson, of Inane, Roscrea County, Tipperary, for personal injuries sustained by him by being knocked down by the defendant's car in College Green, Dublin, in May last, has agreed to take £185 from Mr. Jackson in settlement of the claim, the defendant to pay costs.

A process-server recently visited the tenants of Lord Clonbrock in the agent's motor car, and served a large number of tenants with processes for rent due. On the previous day several seizures were effected on the same estate. The sub-sheriff, with a large force of police, visited the Killasalon tenants very early in the morning, and made several seizures of stock to satisfy decrees. Some of the animals were afterwards released on payment of the rent, but the remainder were driven to the pound, where a large crowd collected and loudly groaned the party, but no disturbance took place.

During the past year 480,685 dogs registered in Ireland.

Sir Charles Villiers Stanford is by birth a Dublin man, which probably accounts for the fact that he has done so much to popularize Irish music in England.

David Porter, ex-assistant Belfast rate collector, whose defalcations exceed £5,700, and for whose apprehension Belfast corporation offered £250 reward, is reported to have been arrested in Buenos Ayres.

"Have you any near relatives, Norah?" asked a mistress in the south of Ireland of her servant. "Only an aunt, ma'am," was the reply, "and she isn't what you would call near, for it's in Ulshter she lives, ma'am."

Mr. Thomas Alexander Dickson, an Irish privy councillor, factory owner, and former Liberal M.P. for Dungannon, County Tyrone, and the St. Stephen's Green division of Dublin, has died at his residence at Drogheda.

A shocking accident occurred at Ballymote on the Midland line. A railway guard, named Thomas Forde, who was in charge of the night mail from Sligo to Dublin, was run over during shunting operations, and had to have his leg amputated below the knee. While the train was leaving the goods store he fell on the metals, and several wagons passed over one of his legs. He was conveyed to Boyle without delay, there being no hospital accommodation at Ballymote.

COURAGEOUS RESCUE

Boy Swims Quarter of Mile With Drowning Man.

At a meeting of the Celbridge (County Kildare) board of guardians, a letter was read from Messrs. Brown & McCann, solicitors, with reference to a claim for maintenance, made against an old man named James Nolan, who some months ago, while an inmate of the workhouse, received a legacy amounting to $100,000, on the death of a relative in the United States. The claim of the guardians was for $400, and it was agreed that $325 should be accepted in full payment. Nolan, who is a native of County Wexford, is locally known as "The Millionaire."

A tragedy pointing to a double murder, has taken place in a thatched house at High Cross, near Stewart's Town, County Tyrone, inhabited by a man named Holt and his sister-in-law, two old age pensioners. The house was found to be on fire. The body of the woman was dragged from the flames, and when it was examined, a wound, apparently caused by some sharp instrument, was found on the left side of the head. The body of the old man was not recovered until the fire had been extinguished, and was then charred beyond recognition. The police believe the affair to be one of murder.

A meeting of the Dublin corporation at the Mansion House led to riotous scenes and a free fight. The lord mayor ruled a Sinn Fein amendment, "That this council has no further confidence in the Irish members of Parliament," out of order, and this brought the whole of the Sinn Feiners to their feet, shouting that they would not stand this sort of thing any longer. Feeling grew very hot, and a division on the original resolution was taken, amid continuous interruptions. The resolution was, however, carried by 19 votes to 15. The aspect of part of the chamber was suggestive of a football match. Mr. Owen Brady was knocked down by a Sinn Fein partisan and several members of the corporation were thrown to the floor. At this point the lord mayor left the chair, and the meeting broke up in disorder.

A particularly courageous rescue from drowning near Carrickfergus, by Robert Rice, a 16-year-old Belfast lad, is reported. Master Rice, who holds the certificate and medallion of the Royal Life-Saving Society, was cycling to Whitehead, when his attention was attracted by the peculiar movements of a man in a small boat a full quarter of a mile off the landing. Suddenly the boatman lost an oar, and in trying to recover it fell into the water. Rice ran across the intervening field and swam out to the man, who was clinging to the boat, and after a difficult struggle dragged him ashore, after being half an hour in a cold, choppy sea.

An application brought by John Smith, timber merchant, Dublin, for an order to set aside judgment of £175 damages entered for Mrs. Bridget Hickey and her four children, was refused in the king's bench division. Mrs. Hickey was recently awarded £175 damages for the loss of her husband, Denis Hickey, as the result of a collision between his pony trap and a traction engine drawing timber near Limerick.

CAUGHT BY THE TIDE

Dublin Boys Had a Narrow Escape from Death.

Bernard Kelly, a farmer of Creisil, was charged at the Monaghan petty session with making a false statement with a view to getting an old-age pension. It appears Kelly represented that all he possessed was a farm of nine acres, but, according to the prosecution, he had yearly means exceeding £31 10s. It is said that the defendant is in receipt of about £17 half-yearly from bank dividends, and that he sold two farms, one for £425 and the other for £415, by order of the court, and defandant was getting half of the proceeds. He also had a mortgage on Mr. Fitzgerald's place for £600. Kelly explained for the defence that after the sales he had to meet debts, which meant that he had only £13 14s 9d coming to him. Accused was only imprisoned till the rising of the court.

An heir to an Irish estate is alleged to have been discovered in a poor lodging-house in Naples, and as a sequel a strange story was told last week at the Four Courts, Dublin, when a case was opened by Richard Pelham Jephson on behalf of John Boyce vs. E. St. John Brenon. The plaintiff claims that a deed of 1875, whereby Boyce purported to grant and convey certain lands in Cork and Waterford upon trust for the defendant be set aside as fraudulent and void. Counsel for plaintiff contended that Boyce was under undue influence at the time he executed the deed. In 1907 Jephson, who is a nephew of Boyce's, went out to Naples and found his uncle, John Boyce, in the top floor of a poor lodging-house, in a terribly destitute condition—an old man of 70, sick in body and a hopeless imbecile. He brought him over to Ireland, and he is now an inmate of the Stewart Institute for Imbeciles.

Two Dublin boys were picking cockles near the dangerous part of the Strand at Dollymount, known as "Curley's Hole," when they got surrounded rapidly by the incoming tide. Two laborers, seeing their peril, waded out almost to their necks and brought the boys in to safety. Many accidents have occurred at this spot, where the tide comes in with extraordinary rapidity, cutting off people who have ventured to the higher sand beyond.

Fourteen head of cattle, which had been seized and impounded by the sub-sheriff at Longford, were driven away during the night, and up to the present no trace of them has been found. The cattle had been seized from Mr. Moore-O'Farrell's tenants, against whom writs had been issued for non-payment of rent, and placed in a field near the tawn of Longford, a short distance from the Midland Great Western station. In the morning the lock of the gate was found to have been broken and the cattle had disappeared. Mr. O'Farrell has since entered into negotiations with his tenants for the purchase of the estate, which he had previously declined to sell.

WELCOME NEWS

Cordite Works at Arklow to Have Big Contracts.

In answer to Mr. Craig's question in Parliament, Mr. Birrell said that the lord chancellor has communicated with Mr. M. J. Hanley, J.P., County Roscommon, asking for an explanation regarding an allegation that in March last he presented a barrel of stout to a mob of laborers who had successfully intimidated Strokestown district council into handing over the upkeep of the county roads to direct labor, and that members of the council were afterwards waylaid and beaten by the crowd. Mr. Birrell added that the first he had heard of the subject was gained from Mr. Craig's question.

A few days ago a deputation from Ireland waited upon the first lord of the admiralty to urge upon him that government orders should be given to the Arklow cordite works. The interview was a long one, and the result has not yet been disclosed; but it is said to have been most satisfactory, news which will be very welcome to Arklow, where there are a great many men out of work at present owing to the finishing of some big contracts in the cordite works, for the carrying out of which a large number of extra hands were taken on some time ago, and who were lately discharged when work became more slack.

LAND OF SEAFORTHS

Great Gathering Under Sir Hector Munro's Auspices.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ross-shire (Sir Hector Munro) and Lady Munro of Foulis gave a ball in the northern meeting rooms, Inverness, lately. It was a bright and fashionable meeting, having a strong dash of the military element in the guests. Ross-shire is the land of the Seaforths, and Sir Hector is an old Seaforth, occupying the position of honorary colonel of the third battalion.

Mr. Matthew Marshall, Bridgebank, Stranraer, has been busy of late exporting Shorthorn bulls. He has sent eight to Chili and twenty to the Argentine.

Mr. James Macbeth, music seller, one of the best known citizens of Aberdeen, died recently in his 75th year. The business with which he was associated for about 40 years was founded by his father some 65 years ago, and it made the name of Macbeth almost a household word in Aberdeen and the northeast of Scotland.

An old well has been discovered in the vicinity of the Castle Hill, Inverness, which, for historical purposes, the county council is causing to be explored. Sir John Macpherson-Grant suggests the well should be let to Inverness town council as a silent chamber for talkative councillors.

Congratulations were extended recently to ex-Baillie John Andrews by his civic colleagues and fellow-citizens of Paisley, upon entering his 95th year.

Daniel Brown, employed at Carrongrove paper works, when cleaning near a dynamo, accidentally touched a live wire and was electrocuted. Death was instantaneous. He was 64 years of age.

On June 14 the trawler Sunlight, of Aberdeen, was the first to land fish at Troon. She had about eight tons of fish, principally cod and haddock, which had been caught off Barra Head.

At a band concert at Barra Head recently, the first prize was won by the Kelty and Blairadam Band. Over 4,000 people were present.

An amusing scene was witnessed in the Waverley station at Edinburgh just as the King's Cross London train was leaving. A naval man in uniform rushed to get aboard, but was signalled away, but the sailor, determined not to be left behind, climbed on to the roof of a carriage. The train was stopped after going a short distance, and the sudden stop broke the carriage couplings. The sailor was arrested and allowed bail.

Marble monuments to the memory of the Marquis of Lothian, who died in 1900, and of his son, the Earl of Ancram, who was accidentally shot in New South Wales in 1892, were unveiled in Newbattle Parish Church by Gen. Lord Ralph Kerr, C. B.

Hamilton (Lanarkshire) town council propose erecting at Low Waters a public library, recreation room and public baths at a cost of $30,000.

Armorer-Sergeant A. Lawrance, First Dumbarton, won the Caledonian challenge shield at Malleny, with a total of 191 out of a possible of 205 points.

BATTLE OF BOTHWELL

Anniversary Celebrated With Religious Services.

The anniversary of the battle of Bothwell Bridge was celebrated in a field near the monument by the usual commemorative service on Sunday, the 20th ult. Fully 10,000 people were present, and the preacher was the Rev. A. B. Dykes, of Pollokshaws.

Mr. James Caldwell, county clerk of Renfrew, died at his residence in Paisley in his 92nd year. He was a native of Kilbarchan, and was the oldest county clerk in Scotland.

Lady Laurie, of Maxwelton House, Dumfries, who died on the 22nd ult., was the third daughter of Mr. Edward Rice, Dane Court, Kent, and was married to the Rev. Sir Emilus Laurie, Bart, of Maxwelton, in 1855. Four years ago, on the occasion of their golden wedding, the venerable couple were presented with substantial and elegant tokens of appreciation. Maxwelton House is well known as the birthplace of "Annie Laurie," celebrated in song.

Macduff (Bankshire) town council have arranged for a loan of £3,500, at 3½ per cent, repayable in thirty years, to meet the cost of the supplementary water supply.

At Campbeltown (Argyllshire), a trawling master was fined £100 for fishing within the limit.

The highest village in Great Britain is that of Leadhills in Lanarkshire.

At Stornoway the herring fishing continues to be prosecuted with gratifying success.

A motion to confer the freedom of Berwick burgh on Major-General Baden-Powell only received four supporters.

The King's Cup, won at Cork recently by the new Fairlie clipper Vanity, is the 34th royal trophy won by yachts designed by the Messrs Fife.

While at Seville with the Duke of Sutherland's yacht recently a Spanish boy was rescued from drowning by Hector Macdonald, son of Alex. Macdonald (Baikie), Golspie, near Dunrobin.

Lord Aberdeen, who was late in getting to a meeting in Aberdeen, attributed the delay 'to an antiquated cab that was pulled by an antiquated horse."

On the east coast the herring fishing has opened encouragingly, and several of the leading stations, such as Peterhead, Fraserburgh and Wick, have substantial catches to their credit.

HUGE HAUL OF FISH

Scotland's Catch Last Year Worth $12,512,162.

During the operations in connection with the refacing of Dumfries Midsteeple the tower has swayed toward Union street. Its condition is so serious that the ringing of the town bell has been discontinued.

During the year 1908, 433,263 tons of fish were landed in Scotland, exclusive of shellfish, the value being £2,512,162.

The late Miss Janet Ziegler, George Square, has left $5,000 to the infirmary, and $15,00 0to the North U. F. Church in Edinburgh.

Owing to dull trade in the building line there are said to be from 500 to 600 joiners idle in Edinburgh.

A new postoffice, including telegraph and sorting tables, has been opened in Main street, Bothwell.

There died at Rutherglen road, in Glasgow, recently, on the eve of his golden wedding, David Cameron, aged 74 years, one of the "Thin Red Line," Crimean veterans.

An appeal is made in the border district for the Flodden memorial fund. The memorial will cost $5,000, of which close on $1,000 has already been subscribed.

The Ross-shire and Argyllshir batteries of the Fourth Highland Mountain Artillery Brigade took six of their artillery pieces to the summit of Arthur's Seat, Edinburgh, which is 822 feet high.

The Institute of Bankers of Scotland has now 2,121 members.

A fine new organ is to be installed into the Colmonell parish church.

At Lerwick two trawlers were fined, respectively, $500 and $250, for illegal trawling.

Burntisland, Fifeshire, Episcopal Church congregation have purchased an eligible house for the rector, Rev. H. Hardy, at a cost of about $4,00.

Dundee corporation's motor car cost $1,505 to maintain last year. That would have kept half a dozen horses.

Inspectors Martin and Aitken, Dundee police, are retiring, the former after 40 years' service and the latter after about 37 years.

There is a much bigger population in Rosehill Cemetery, Montrose, which has been open for 70 years, than there is in the burgh itself.

Rev. J. Alexander, Dudhope Crescent Road U. F. Church, Dundee, has resigned owing to his conviction of the impossibility of the situation for a church being conducted on usual congregational lines.

Mary Johnston, Glamis, has attained the 100th anniversary of her birth. The occasion created considerable interest in the village and district.

In leaving Forfar Rev. John Weir advised his old congregation to pick a minister who had a stock of at least 150 old sermons, as no man was fit to do the visitation and other work connected with the parish and write two sermons a week besides.

The death occurred lately in Inverness combination poorhouse of James Skinner, a Crimean veteran. He joined the Seventy-second Highlanders in 1846 and was 81 years of age.

AULD BRIG OF AYR

About $10,000 Still Needed to Preserve Structure.

Against the Largs (Ayrshire) town council actions for damages have been raised for $7,500, $5,000 and $3,500 for gas poisoning in New street, caused by the road roller crushing the gas pipes in that street and the fumes getting into dweiling-houses.

A Crimean warrior who died the other day in a Scottish poorhouse resided there of his own choice. He preferred the comforts of the institution to those he might have enjoyed outside.

The annual bowling competition for the silver cup presented by Lord Galloway took place on the 19th ult. on the greens of Newston-Stewart. The trophy was won by the Newton-Stewart Club for the third time in succession.

Ayr has decided to prepare bylaws to regulate open-air preaching enterprise.

About $10,000 is still required to preserve the Auld Brig of Ayr.

A porter in collusion with a woman pled guilty on the 21st of June to stealing from a warehouse in Glasgow 42 cups and saucers, 43 plates, 17 jugs, 14 ornamental jugs, 51 vases, 24 ornaments, 5 porcelain figures, a kettle, and two cans.

The Oddfellows in Edinburgh district now number 2,397, and have £37,864 of funds.

Hyndland, the fashionable tenement district of Western Glasgow, was invaded by bees lately, and quite a number of persons were stung.

Glasgow distress committee say that there are 21,000 tradesmen idle in and about the city.

At the annual prize meeting of the Queen's Edinburgh Rifles at Malleny on the 19th of June, two competitors scored 101 out of the possible 105.

A new record in coal shipment was constituted at Leith, when about 60,000 tons were exported between Monday morning and Saturday night, the 12th of June.

A bronze tablet in commemoration of the donors of Paisley Free Library and Museum, Sir Peter Coats and Sir James Coats, was unveiled in the library buildings by Mrs. W. H. Coats, of Woodside.

Sir Thomas Glen-Coats, Bart., formally opened the new Central Senior School at Gourock. The school has been erected at a cost of about $50,000, and will accommodate 700 children.

Mrs. Kerr, Earlston, Berwickshire, has just had extracted from her arm a needle which enfered the palm of her hand 15 years ago.

At Kingscavil, Linlithgoshire, a little girl, 4 years of age, has been fatally poisoned from eating laburnum leaves.

The building trade in Cowdenbeath, Fifeshire, is quite brisk. Over 70 dwelling-houses are in course of construction, besides a number of shops.

At the farm of Dhuloch, Fifeshire, tenanted by J. B. Tulloch, the spectacle may be witnessed of a Clydesdale mare suckling a calf.

A remarkable state of affairs exists in Dunfermline. There seems to be a housing famine. One family lives in a hall, and others are occupying houses which have been closed for several years.

At Aberdeen, on the 22nd of June, Charles Milne, auxiliary postman, was fined $20 for failing to deliver circulars. He said that he supposed he had taken a fit of laziness.

The famous old farmhouse at Kirkton, which figured prominently during the Jacobite rebellion, is being demolished to permit of the extension of Fraserburgh Cemetery.

Mr. Keir Hardie, M. P., and Mr. Philip Snowden, M. P., intend to address meetings in Orkney and Shetland this autumn.

At Lerwick on the 16th of June, the masters of the Aberdeen trawlers Drumblade, Rubishaw, and Caithnessshire, were fined $375 each, or 40 days' imprisonment, for trawling inside the limit.

ELEVEN CENTS HOUR

Small Wages Gladly Accepted by Masons.

Not very far from Stirling, masons are said to be working for 11 cents an hour, and glad to get it, though 18 cents is the union wage.

Glasgow at last term showed a decrease of flittings of about 3,000.

The Prime Minister has agreed to receive the freedom of Glasgow.

June 12 was Lifeboat Saturday in Glasgow. The collections amounted to $1,805.

Stirling school board has purchased a mail cart to enable a cripple girl to attend school.

The new lifting bridge across the Union Canal at Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, was opened recently.

Sixty-five motor cars started from Glasgow on the Scottish Automobile Club's reliability run to Aberdeen.

Paisley folk are pleased with their civic rulers. On the upkeep of the roads this year $450 is to be saved.

The Dumfries and Galloway Territorials go into camp at Craigton, near Castle-Douglas, from 10th to 24th of July.

The extension to Buchanan street goods station of the Caledonian Railway in Glasgow was formally opened. Considerable progress has been made in the construction of the new waterworks for Port Glasgow at Hareslaw.

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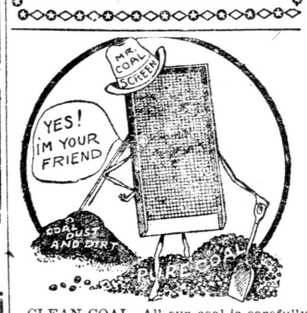

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JOHNSTON BROS.

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London and District

Baths Popular.

There was a busy day at the swimming bath yesterday. Three relays of little girls took advantage of the opportunity to enjoy themselves, and in all about 300 were in the water.

Shoulder Dislocated.

The many friends of Mrs. Wm. Singer, of 5 McGarvey Terrace, will regret to learn that she has met with a painful accident in falling and dislocating her shoulder. She was attended by Drs. Hogg and Wilson, of York street.

The Late Mrs. Armstrong.

Mrs. Mary Armstrong, relict of the late Robert Armstrong, formerly of 610 William street, who died in Buffalo on Wednesday, for many years lived in Brussels, Ont., later removing to London. She is survived by four sons and three daughters: David and William, of Buffalo; Robert, in Alberta; Bert, of Toronto; Mrs. S. Drewe, of Winnipeg; Mrs. Johnston, of Buffalo, and Mrs. Grabill, of Toronto. Mrs. Armstrong was 75 years old. The remains arrived yesterday, and the funeral was held from the Grand Trunk station to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Hannon.

For the Children

Presents for the tots. Spoons, Baby Pins, Knife and Fork Sets, Rings, Bracelets, etc. Assortment large and varied.

SUMNER

THE QUALITY JEWELER,

380 Richmond Street.

Up-Town Office Closed Till September

Phone 470, or call at 425 York, cor. Burwell St

John Mann & Sons

COAL, COKE, CEMENT.

TEMPTING! APPETIZING!

These are the requisites of Good Bread at this season of the year.

PARNELL'S BREAD always looks so tempting, and when tasted, is so appetizing that it stimulates the appetite, even in this warm weather.

Phone us and we will be pleased to have a driver call with a trial loaf.

PHONES 929 and 1390.

Our Phone Is Quick

Perhaps you are in a hurry and haven't time to visit our store?

Perhaps it is raining and you don't care to venture out?

Perhaps the strees of home duties prevents you from shopping here in person? AND YET YOU WANT SOMETHING FROM US?

What to do: Simply call us up. 'Phone No. 880, and the article you wish will be promptly delivered. Our free messengers really hurry.

Two Telephones.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

216 Dundas St. London, Ont.

Ministerial Alliance.

A meeting of the London Ministerial Alliance was held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors yesterday. The nominations for the coming year, which will be voted upon at the next meeting, were arranged, and a programme of subjects for discussion was drawn up. Those present were Rev. Canon Hague (president), Rev. A. J. Bowen (treasurer), and Rev. H. A. Graham (secretary).

Swam in Altogether.

A youngster who went in swimming too close to a bridge, appeared before Magistrate Love this morning. He explained that he had on old clothes, and after advising him to go farther away next time he felt like a bath, the court allowed him to go. Another lad, who rode a wheel on a sidewalk, promised never to be guilty of such an offence again, and he was also let go.

Will Meet Commission.

The power committee of London will meet the power commission in Toronto on Tuesday next. Arrangements were made yesterday by Mayor Stevely, and they will leave early on Tuesday to meet with the engineers and commissioners in Toronto. "It was impossible to have them come to London," said Mayor Stevely. "All their books and other information are in Toronto, and it would be easier for the committee to go to Toronto than have the commission come here."

Grocers' Excursion to Niagara Falls.

For the convenience of citizens intending to go with the grocers to Niagara Falls on Wednesday next (July 21), tickets may now be procured in advance from the following grocers. Cash refunded on unused tickets: T. A. Rowat & Co., 250 Dundas street; T. A. Rowat & Co., South London branch store; J. C. Trebilcock, 235 Dundas street; F. Harley & Son, 487 Richmond street; Connor Bros., 751 Richmond street; A. E. Rosenberger, 212 Richmond street; Jas. Jupp, corner Ridout and Chester; Alf. Johnson, corner Talbot and Horton; T. H. Janes, corner Wortley road and Elmwood avenue; H. J. Glanville, 133 Wharncliffe road; A. J. Denney, 610 Dundas street; P. A. Sands, corner Dundas and Lyle; A. W. Rennie, 474 Dundas; Geo. Finnigan, 45 Blackfriars St.; F. Boug, Wharncliffe road, West London; A. Cattnach, Adelaide street north, and M. C. R. ticket office. Get your tickets in advance and avoid the rush on Wednesday morning.

Ladies who appreciate a flowery perfume should use "Ideal" Orchids, the perfume of refinement. Sold by leading druggists.

Train orders receive prompt attention. Hueston's Livery.

A FAMOUS BAND IS M'CLARY DREADNOUGHT

Immense Crowd Went Down to Lakeside From Biggest Stove Works Under the British Flag.

Two big special trains, carrying more than two thousand, picnickers, were put on the Pere Marquette this morning to accommodate the crowds going down to Port with the McClary employees. The picnic is without doubt one of the largest of the season, and promises to be a great success.

The trains left at 9:30 and at 9:45, and both stopped at Ottaway avenue to take on large parties of picnickers who had gathered there.

A Dreadnought Band.

Prior to the departure of the first train something funny and at the same time unique was shown the citizens, when a street parade of McClary's Band was made. The band marched down Dundas street playing "The British Grenadiers" on dustpans, kettles, tin horns and various other things manufactured by the firm. They made a hit everywhere they went and attracted general attention. The band will also parade in Port Stanley. A splendid programme of sports has been arranged.

FINE ENTERTAINMENT ON ERIE REST SHORE

First Bonfire and Taffy-Pull of the Season—Pleasant Fishing Party.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, July 16. — The first bonfire and taffy-pull of the season was held last evening on the shores of Erie Rest, and a most enjoyable time was spent by those present. Mrs. John Macpherson, of Knox Church choir, London, sang the solo "Victoria" in a most effective manner. Miss Beatrice Rowe gave an excellent interpretation of the amusing reading, "The Bonfire." The duet, "Because 'Twas in the Paper," by the Misses Muriel Graham and Florence Jackson, was very amusing, and received hearty applause. Master Marshall Macpherson gave a reading in his usual fine style. Last, but by no means least, Miss Verna Graham rendered a beautiful solo. She has a very sweet voice, and bids fair to become a singer of much ability. After the programme a dainty lunch was served by the Misses Harriet Manning, Marjorie Rowe and Lola Graham.

Mrs. Charles Haight, of Antiler, Sask., is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Day.

Two bright little boys, Masters Billie Yealland and Martin Bluethner, of London, are camping at Erie Rest over Sunday

Pleasant Fishing Party.

A very pleasant fishing party, of which Miss Hilda Keene was hostess, took place to the "trout pond" yesterday afternoon. The party consisted of the Misses Blanche Rowe, Helen Davidson, Beryl McLoud, Ethel Wilson, Mabel Hamilton, Ravina Clarke, Florence Keene, Pauline Ward, and Amelia Dangerfield. The expedition was most successful in every way, but the ladies do not wish to make their fish stories public.

Mrs. Robert Tait and family, London, have left for their new home in Ottawa.

Three and Three.

Mr. D. H. Gillies, of London, has arrived to spend the summer at Maplehurst Cottage on Erie Rest. In Maplehurst Cottage are three families, and in each family three children.

Mrs Adam Ballantyne, Miss Myrtle Lewis, of South London; Mrs. William Mooney and Miss Mabel Mooney, who have just returned from California, spent the day with Mrs. A. C. Kerr at Wastena Cottage, on Fraser Heights.

VETERANS WILL HOLD A PICNIC

Will Go to Springbank For Outing on the 11th of August.

The Veterans of 1866 held their regular monthly meeting in the city hall last night, and decided to hold a picnic to Springbank on Aug. 11. Capt. Dreaney, president of the association, and Comrades Chittick, Busby, Webb, and McBride were appointed a committee to look after the arrangements. The bylaws, which have been in course of preparation, were discussed, but it was decided to leave them over to the next meeting on Aug. 6 before finally passing them.

EXCURSION WILL BE A WHOPPER

Grand Trunk Employees Will Go in Force to Detroit.

It is estimated by the members of the committee in charge of the annual excursion of the employees of the Grand Trunk carshops that nearly four thousand will take the trip to Detroit July 24.

The tickets are selling rapidly and nearly every man employed by the company around London has applied for transportation. A number of trains leave the East London station between 5 and 6 o'clock and a couple will be made up at the city station.

The picnickers will spend the day at Detroit and return late in the evening.

ARE YOU GOING AWAY?

Have The Advertiser follow you. Change of address will be made as often as desired. Drop a card or phone 107.

A popular idea used to prevail that all teas were pretty much alike, but "Salada" Tea is proving a pleasant surprise to thousands of particular tea-drinkers. Sold by grocers everywhere. 59

CHAPMAN'S

STORE OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK.

Employees' July Sale

A Day Among Net Dress Robes

Very unusual chances in Handsome Embroidered and Sequin Dress Robes for this week. We believe this to be the first time that these goods have ever been offered in such numbers, so far under their regular prices. We advise an early inspection of them. See window display.

6 only, Embroidered Swiss Net Robes, in white, clearing price $6 00

Cream Net Dress Robes, with heavy guipure applique, $20 00 value for $15 00

Pink Brussels Net Robe, $12 00 value for $8 00

2 only Silk Embroidered Swiss Mull Robes, delft blue shade, $20 00 value, choice $15 00

Black Silk Brussels Net Robe, very handsome, $35 00 value for $26 00

1 only, exquisite Black Silk Brussels Net Robe, with esqueral lace pattern, $45 00 value for $34 00

1 only Dotted Net Robe, black, $20 00 value, for $15 00

1 only, Brown Silk Net Dress Robe, embroidered, $40 00 value, for $30 00

1 only, White Brussels Net Robe with silver sequin, $20 00 value, for $15 00

Silver Sequin Net Robe, $35 00 value for $26 00

1 only, White Brussels Net Robe, elegantly embroidered, with copper sequin; regular $60 00, for $35 00

1 only White Net Robe, embroidered in silver and irridescent sequin. The finest in the collection; $60 00 value; clearing price $39 00

4 only Black Sequin Robes, $15 00 value, choice $11 75

Black Sequin Robes, $20 00, for $15 00

Black Sequin Robes, $35 00, for $26 00

Black Sequin Robes, $45 00 for $34 00

SPECIALS FOR MONDAY

MEN'S NIGHT SHIRTS—This is too good an item for customers to overlook. Men's Heavy White Twilled Cotton Night Shirts, extra good quality. Some have finished braid on front pleat and collars. Slightly soiled garments that sell regularly at $1 and $1.25 each. On sale Monday at **50c**

CRETONNES FOR DRAPERY

And covering purposes, 30 and 36 inches wide. Nice colorings. Choice of eight pieces, worth up to 25c a yard, Monday, a yard ..... **12½¢**

SILK TAPESTRY

A beautiful furniture covering, in gobelin blue and red stripes; also one gilt and floral design. $1.50 and $2.00 a yard. Monday, a yard ..... **87¢**

FLORAL TAPESTRY

For drapery curtains and coverings. Worth $1.50 a yard. See window. At, a yard, **75¢**

FRINGES.

Heavy Full Fringe, with double heading, suitable for tapestry hangings. Colors to match any material. Regular 20c a yard. Monday ..... **9¢**

LONG GLOVES.

Ladies' Long Silk Gloves in tan, brown, navy, reseda, nile, cardinal, grey and mauve. All sizes in the lot. Regular $1.00 value. On sale Monday at, a pair ..... **39¢**

BOOKS OF POETRY

Richly-padded Books, including Milton, Holmes, Lowell, Pope and others. Regular 75c each. Monday ..... **39¢**

ANNUALS.

Very large Books: "The Girls' Own, 1907," "Sunday at Home," etc., on sale Monday, at, each ..... **59¢**

BIBLES.

Large size, Morocco-bound Bible, with full concordance, helps and maps; lap-leaf cover, red under gold edges. Regular $1.25 value. Monday ..... **75¢**

CAT SHOW WILL BE A BIG SUCCESS THIS YEAR

Committee Met in Western Fair Offices and Furthered the Arrangements.

The cat show committee of the Western Fair Association held a meeting in the offices last night to rearrange the prize list, and make other necessary arrangements for the show.

All fears as to the success of this department of the exhibition were set at rest, when Secretary Hunt read the list of those organizations and individuals who had provided prizes.

Among the clubs and associations who have donated prizes are a large number from the United States, showing that this branch of the fair is finding a widespread appreciation, and it is likely that there will be a very large entry list from across the line. Some of the clubs donating prizes and cups are as follows: The Royal Canadian Cat Club, the Washington Cat Club, who have donated four cups; the Siamese Cat Society of America, who have donated six cups and trophies; the Syracuse Cat Club, who have donated ten special prizes. Prizes have also been received from the following clubs: The Genesee Valley Club and Cattery, the Short-Haired Cat Society of America, the Beresford Cat Club, the Tortoiseshell Society, the Blue Cat Society, the Cat Review. Beside these prizes there are some 150 others from individual owners and fanciers all over Canada. This is in addition to the association's list of $150 in prizes. So every appearance seems to point to the fact that this will be a record-making year for this department.

The Prize List.

The matter of the prize list was carefully considered, and the necessary changes made, the list was then left in the hands of Secretary Hunt to prepare for the printers. The list will be issued within the next couple of weeks and will be sent immediately to all prospective exhibitors and interested parties.

The matter of ribbons was left for the secretary to deal with.

Arrangements were also completed for the help at the show, and for the feeding and care of the animals exhibited.

As there is no space available for the exhibition in any of the fair buildings it was decided to hold it in a large tent. The sides of this will be boarded to give additional protection, and the cages will be placed on long tables, ranged around the sides.

The members of the committee were greatly pleased at the prospects for this year, which exceeded their most sanguine expectations.

The members present were: Mr. R. Oke (chairman), W. McNeill, Dr. Niven Thos. Knott, Arthur Keene, W. J. Reid (president), Miss Lee and Secretary A. M. Hunt.

Pianos to Rent.

Pianos to rent from $2 per month upward, six months' rent allowed in case of purchase. Williams' Piano Company, Limited, 261 Dundas street. tf

Only one person in fifteen has perfect eyes, the large percentage of defectiveness prevailing among fair-haired people.

ROSS' Store for Women

SPECIAL SALE OF

WASH SUITS AMERICAN DRESSES LAWN WAISTS

Wash Suits in Linen, Repp, etc. All shades. Price, $6.75

American Raquet Cloth Dresses, latest designs, newest colorings. Price $6.75

Waists of fine quality lawn, embroidered fronts, tucked back and sleeves. Price $1.00

THESE THREE SPECIAL LINES are exceptionally good values, and if you are in need of any of this high-class merchandise, and you will inspect our goods, satisfaction is assured.

196 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

LIGHTNING'S HAVOC IN PERTH COUNTY

Several Houses Struck by Bolts at Stratford.

Stratford, Ont., July 15.—A terrific electric storm passed over here at noon today, accompanied by a tremendous downpour of rain and hail. For the space of an hour the air was filled with vivid flashes of lightning bolts, which caused thousands of dollars of damage in the city and vicinity.

The houses of Mr. C. E. Clifton, Huron street, and Mr. D. A. MacLachlan, principal of the Central Business College, were ignited by lightning bolts during the storm, but the flames were extinguished. Chimneys on three other dwelling houses were demolished and the power plant of the Stratford Electric Light Company completely disabled.

Damage to the crops can hardly be estimated, but it will be considerable owing to the hailstones, which were as large as marbles.

Word was received here at 2:30 p.m. that a team of horses valued at $500 the property of Mr. J. Klien, concession 2, Downie Township, had been instantly killed during the storm by a bolt. Young Klien, who was driving at the time, was rendered unconscious by the shock, and the escape of father and son was miraculous.

THREE HUNDRED KILLED.

London, July 16. — Special dispatches received here from Athens say that 300 persons were killed or injured by the earthquake that occurred yesterday in the Province of Elizin Southern Greece. The damage to property was also very great.

NEARS DEATH'S DOOR.

Kingston, July 16. — Wm. Robinson ex-M.P.P., who was so near death's door, has recovered, and today left for his summer cottage at Sharbot Lake. He stood an operation with great fortitude. He is in his 85th year.

In New York city last year the fire loss amounted to $7,250,000, while the maintenance of the fire department cost $7,000,000.

Big Shirt Sale Today and Tonight

$1.00 and $1.25 SHIRTS FOR ..... 68¢

$1.25 and $1.50 SHIRTS FOR ..... 74¢

$1.50 and $2.00 SHIRTS FOR ..... 88¢

ALL NEW GOODS—LATEST PATTERNS.

GRAHAM BROS

SHOP EARLY—STORE CLOSES 10:30 P.M.