

The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXVI, No. 39

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, March 14, 1916.

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One week of Lent gone already. Snowshoeing is quite fashionable at present.

Communion services will be observed in Zion church next Sabbath.

Mr. Sherman Willows will be here again next Saturday to purchase horses.

The Lord's Day Alliance will hold a meeting this evening in the Baptist Church.

Came to the Shamrock Tea in the Red Cross Rooms, Friday afternoon, March 11th. Refreshments served from 3 to 6 o'clock. Silver collection at the door. Proceeds in aid of the Red Cross Funds.

Have you renewed your subscription to THE HERALD for the current year? See address label.

Miss Retta McFadden left yesterday for Toronto, where she is engaged as milliner for the coming season.

The blockade has stopped all movement of material from the country, grain, wood, hay, timber, stone and sand.

Mr. Frank Rogers left for Toronto to-day to take a position with Mr. C. C. Allan, who recently had the misfortune to meet with a severe loss by fire.

Mr. A. W. Merritt, Deputy Supreme Commander of the Maccabees, Smiths Falls, is here in the interests of the Order, and will remain for a few days.

Have you heard the latest arrangement of "Tipperary"? It is not drop into this office and hear the "Tipperary" played by R. M. Scott's Guards Band on Columbia Gram Records, 10 inch, 85 cts. 25's a winner.

Mr. Matthew Webster, Ottawa's independent piano tuner, will be in town this week. Orders left at McIntosh's Drug Store early will receive prompt attention.

The entertainment announced by the Young People's Guild of Knox Church, Black's Corners, for Friday evening last, had to be postponed on account of the weather, and will probably be held on the 24th.

Mr. J. T. Hopewell, of Montreal, succeeds Mr. W. L. Thorp as accountant in the Union Bank here, the latter having severed his connection with the bank to accept a secretaryship with a financial firm in Toronto.

Mrs. J. W. Morphy and baby Edgar, who has been spending the past three months visiting her mother, Mrs. A. Bradley, and her sister, Miss K. Burroughs, and other relatives hereabouts, left last week for her home in Regina.

Do not fail to attend the High School Commencement Exercises in the Town Hall, Friday evening, March 17th.

Brock Lodge, No. 9, I.O.O.F. was instituted in Brockville 70 years ago this month and in honor of the event the annual "at home" took place last week, some 300 members and lady friends being present to commemorate the occasion. Added interest was lent to the affair in that two members, both of whom at present reside elsewhere, were made recipients of veteran jewels, being 25 years in the Order.

Friday next will be St. Patrick's Day. Mr. Edward Shail's auction sale takes place to-morrow.

Sergt. E. Hockenbuhl, of the 80th Battalion, Picton, is visiting his parents here.

High School Commencement Exercises will be held in the town hall next Friday evening, the 17th.

Mr. W. A. McGibbon left for Saskatoon, Sask., Saturday night, after spending the winter at the old home in Beckwith.

Mr. C. F. Stone, of Perth, Inland Revenue collector for this district, passed through here on his round up the line one day last week.

Still on hand a number of last week's issue of THE HERALD containing the list of subscriptions to the Patriotic Fund, should any require.

Be sure and be present at the High School Commencement Exercises on Friday evening, March 17th, in the Town Hall.

The Ottawa Valley Press Association will meet in the Council Chamber, Carleton Place, next Saturday morning, and will likely hold two sessions.

Rev. Mr. Glassford occupied the pulpit in St. Andrew's last Sunday, Mr. Monds being in Montreal attending a meeting of the Synod's Home Mission Committee.

By defeating Quebec last night (4-0) the Ottawa hockey club has still a chance for the championship. The match to-morrow night with the Canadians will settle the point.

A train passed through here last week, which included a special car that carried a leper who was on his way to the hospital in Eastern Canada. He was in charge of a doctor. The car will be destroyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevenson are leaving the 9th line of Fitzroy township to take up their abode in Carleton Place. They have purchased the property on High street formerly owned by Mr. Jas. Cavers.

STAR SPECIAL—Mary Pickford, in "The Dawn of a Tomorrow," achieves one of the greatest triumphs of her brilliant career, Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. L. Kenny, wife of a Kingston insurance man, is heir to an English estate worth between two or three million dollars. She was kidnapped as a little tot 3 years of age, and had searched for her parents for over a quarter of a century.

Emma Shane, beloved wife of Mr. Harry Phillips, died on the 16th ultimo, aged 27 years. She had been ill for several months. She is survived by her husband, one daughter (Gertrude, aged 7), one sister, Mrs. Jack Stacey, of Carleton Place, and a brother, Isaac Shane, of Carleton Place, and another, Jack Shane, of Smiths Falls, and mother, Mrs. Mary Shane and Willie Shane, of Carleton Place. At the funeral there were sprays from Polishers in the foundry and from sisters and brothers.

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The Senecas Win.

A friendly game of hockey took place on the rink Friday evening between the Royal Club of this town and the Senecas of Ottawa, but the boys from the capital were too many for the locals, and won out, the score being 3-0. In the first period there was no score, the locals holding their own, but the superior training of the visitors told as the game progressed, with the result as indicated above. The local players were, F. McDiarmid, L. Devlin, H. Williams, H. Sinclair, R. Robertson, R. Huxtable and A. Watchorn.

Two Men Arrested Here.

Something of a sensation was caused here yesterday morning, when Chief Wilson, acting on instructions received in a telegram from Capt. Moffatt, of Pembroke, with a squad of military police, searched the train from Pembroke on its arrival at 10:30, and arrested two men on suspicion of being implicated in an alleged attempt to destroy military works or buildings at the county seat of North Renfrew or Petawawa. The men taken into custody are Edwin Bartscher and Arthur Zinker. They were placed in the lock-up and in the evening sent back to Pembroke. Their baggage was also taken off the train, but was not searched. The baggage was checked through to Galt, Ont. The prisoners made no statement to the local authorities. They were taken back to Pembroke on the evening train.

Address and Presentation.

On Friday last the co-workers of Mr. Sam Dunfield in the Bats & Innes mill waited upon him and presented him with a wrist watch and bible, and the following address which explains itself:—

March 10th, 1916.

MR. SAMUEL DUNFIELD, Carleton Place.

DEAR SAM,—We your co-workers in the past, now learn that you are about to sever your connections with us to answer the call of duty, and although we cannot, but feel proud of you for this resolve, yet before you leave us, we wish also for you to know how deeply we have appreciated you many excellent qualities as a man, and you have at all times made your presence with us a very great pleasure.

As a small token of our regard for you, we wish you to accept this watch and bible, and while you are away from us fighting for King and Country it is our earnest wish that you may enjoy good health, and be spared to return to your native country with distinction after victory is won.

Signed on behalf of your fellow workers.

PEARL BRAZER,
IDA HUGHES,
C. C. BROWN,
ROBT. BURNS.

The new volunteer was somewhat taken aback at the unexpected attack made upon him by his friends, but rallied in time to make a good defence and express his deep appreciation of the good-will shown and the interest taken in his welfare. He has enlisted with the 61st Battery in Ottawa.

Patriotic Is \$20,417 41

The Full List Brings the Total of the Recent Canvases to the Above Sum.

Carleton Place has no reason to be ashamed of its contribution to the Patriotic Fund, and the Committee who had the canvass in hand desire to thank the citizens for their cordial and generous response.

The following is the supplementary list, which brings the grand total up to the magnificent sum of \$20,417.41.

\$25 each—Chas H Abbott, G M Barclay, J R McDiarmid, R J Robertson, Elizabeth McNeely.

\$20—E Fanning, B G Michel, W J Warren

\$16 90—James Macklem.

\$10—Jas Brophy, Miss I H Caswell, W C Cram (Raleigh, N. C.), W Dezell, J W Given, E LaRose, Misses Helene and Hilda Morphy, Dr J J McGregor.

\$8—Thomas Mullett.

\$5—Miss Kate Baird, Mrs D Drummond, Miss Fannie A McArthur, Ernest McGonigal (Toronto), Alfred Stanzel.

\$2.50—Phil Barclay.

\$2.00—Mrs Annie Cram, William Gibson.

\$1.00—Miss Florence Douglas, J W Donaldson.

Total \$233.40. Previously acknowledged \$20,094.01. \$20,417.41.

Lieut. Harold Baxter, Smiths Falls, has been appointed machine gun instructor of the 130th Battalion at Perth.

Renfrew ratepayers will vote on a by-law on March 27th providing for the raising of \$125,000 for a new collegiate institute.

Six C.P.R. conductors and three other men were committed for trial at Ottawa on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the company.

The boys and girls of the first form in the high school played a hockey match last night, the girls winning the honors by a score of 3-2.

Rev. Dr. MacGillivray, Moderator of the General Assembly and pastor for 29 years of Chalmers' church, Kingston, proposes to resign his charge.

Snow, snow, snow; well if you only saw it in our backyard, mountains high. Yes, we have had some snow fall this winter—open winter as it was said to be.

The civic budget in Chicago cuts \$20,000,000 off the estimates of last year. Carleton Place cannot be expected to do anything so generous, even though some ratepayers talk as though they thought their civil legislators might do so if they wished.

Smiths Falls Methodist Church Board asked the congregation for \$2,000 on anniversary day. It gave \$2,169, the largest offering ever taken on an anniversary Sunday. It will be augmented by contributions of a few who could not be present. It is estimated that it will reach \$2,400.

While returning from the funeral of the late John Gardiner at Lombardy the hearse belonging to J. J. Marsh was overturned in the immense snow drifts on the Lombardy road. It was so heavy that those in charge could not set it right side up again so had to leave it and return to town.

George W. Ritchie, a brakeman on the C.P.R., met with an accident in having his hand badly crushed. Mr. Ritchie had to be taken to the Public Hospital, where it was necessary to amputate three of his fingers. At the time of the accident he was in the act of coupling cars and his hand being between the bumpers was forced into the coupling.

Promotion has come to Capt. Thos. R. Caldwell, Lanark in the advancement to acting major 21st Battalion, which places him practically second in command. Maj. Caldwell has been at the front continually since last summer and retains in a marked degree the loyalty of his men. He is a capable officer, but that has never stood in the way of practicing little acts of kindness to those under him.

At a special meeting of the Kingston Presbytery held in Chalmers church, Kingston, Tuesday afternoon, the call extended by St. Andrew's church, Gananoque, to Rev. C. E. Kidd, of Union Bay, B.C., was sustained, and arrangements made for his induction as early a date as possible.

At the annual meeting of the Carleton County Agricultural Association, the following officers were elected for the coming year: president, Mr. F. A. Honey; vice-president, H. S. Conn, and W. F. Garland; directors: Hugh Riley, Bower Henry, R. C. Channonhouse, M.D.; J. B. Wilson, Robt. Richardson, F. W. Bell, R. H. Grant, T. C. Lewis, Ed. Boath, Walter Graham, W. J. Armitage, and Geo. Hopper; hon. presidents, Hon. R. L. Borden, R. H. McElroy, M.P.P.; Sheriff Richardson, and Wm. Graham; hon. directors; the warden and members of the Carleton County council, George Craig, J. C. Clarke, Geo. Boyce and Jas. Nesbitt. The appointment of a secretary will be made at the next meeting.

We Sell Everything that Men and Boys Wear.

ODD CAPS

Last week we offered our Odd Hats and a great many men got a real Bargain in a Hat. This week we offer all the Odd Caps at a fraction of their cost. A few dozen worth 25 and 50c to

Clear at 15 cts

Another lot, regular 50c and 75c lines, to clear at 25 cents

ODD BOOTS

We have odd sizes in Moulders Gaiters, to clear at \$1.49.

Odd sizes in Men's Heavy Oil Grain Wearing Boots, regular \$3.00. To clear at \$2.15.

F. C. McDIARMID

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Have you ever tried

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A guaranteed Pure, Fresh, Olive Oil. By far the best value we ever handled. Per tin only 50 cts

Sauces and Relishes

Punch Sauce a great appetizer. Per btl 25c

Lea & Perrins Sauce

Admittedly the best Worcestershire Sauce in the market. Per bottle 35c

Mustard Ketchup

A combination of Mustard and Tomato, very fine. Per bottle..... 25c

Bon-Ton

A Pickle and Relish combined. It's hard to beat. Large bottle..... 25c

T. STEVENS

Phone 121.

P.S.—Eggs and Butter Wanted.

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

A FAITHFUL FRIEND.

Perhaps all dogs are not worthy of mention in our Home Circle Column, but as there is a dog in most homes, the following words from Lawyer Vest will cause you to be more patient with your canine friend if you have one.

Mr. Vest's speech in praise of the dog was made while attending court in a country town. He was prevailed upon to help the attorneys in a case where suit was brought for \$200 for loss of a dog. The defense tried to show the dog had viciously attacked the defendant, while the plaintiff sought to prove the killing of the dog was an act of malice. Mr. Vest made no reference to the evidence. In a low voice he said:

"Gentlemen of the Jury: The best friend a man has in the world may turn against him and become his enemy. His son, his daughter, that he has reared with loving care, may prove ungrateful. Those who are nearest and dearest to us, those whom we trust with our happiness and our good name, may become traitors to their faith. The money that a man has he may lose. It flies away from him, perhaps when he needs it most. A man's reputation may be sacrificed in a moment of ill-considered action. The people who are prone to fall on their knees to do us honor when success is with us may be the first to throw the stone of malice when failure settles its cloud upon our heads.

"The one absolutely unselfish friend that man can have in this selfish world, the one that never deserts him, the one that never proves ungrateful or treacherous, is his dog. A man's dog stands by him in prosperity and in poverty, in health and in sickness. He will sleep on the cold ground where the wintry winds blow and the snow drives fiercely, if only he may be near his master's side. He will kiss the hand that has no food to offer. He will lick the wounds and sores that come from encounter with the roughness of the world. He guards the sleep of his pauper master as if he were a prince. When all other friends desert, he remains. When riches take wings and reputation falls to pieces, he is constant in his love as the sun in his journey through the heavens. If fortune drives the master forth an outcast in the world, friendless and homeless, the faithful dog asks no higher privilege than that of accompanying him to guard against danger, to fight his enemies.

"And when the last scene of all comes and death takes the master in its embrace and his body is laid away in the cold ground, no matter if all other friends pursue their way, there by the graveside will the noble dog be found, his head between his paws, his eyes sad but open in alert watchfulness, faithful and true even in death."

The jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$200.

Oh, if you would gather all the tender memories, all the lights and shades of the hearts, all banquets and reunions, all filial, fraternal, paternal and conjugal affections, and you had only just four letters with which to spell out that height, and depth, and length, and breadth, and magnitude, and eternity of meaning, you would, with streaming eyes, and trembling voice, and agitated hand, write it out in those four living capitals, H-O-M-E.

THE POOR.

The cold weather of the week that is past has set us all to thinking of the poor. We wonder to how many of us the weary, dreary phrase of hopeless poverty is anything more than a romance. Sitting in our warm and comfortable homes, by pleasant fires with luxurious beds waiting to receive our well fed bodies, we can have no more comprehension of what grinding poverty means than an angel in the full glory of paradise can know of the deepest depths of hades. Think of it! No fuel. Absolutely none. No bed, but piled up rags; little children wailing with cold and helpless hunger; closets bare as old Mother Hubbard's; smells that reach high heaven in their foulness. And in their depth of poverty, to which even our imaginations can scarcely descend lies a lurking curse like the wild beast in its lair. The sordidness of poverty eats out the soul of a man as a rat drinks blood. Brutality, apathy, the cruelty of fiends, are begot when pride and ambition die utterly.

Home should be made the most interesting and best loved spot on earth, not merely four square walls of wood and brick; it should be the foundation of civilization, the very word should touch every fiber of the soul, and strike every cord of the human heart with its angelic fingers a place where that is central to the higher and better things of life, bringing forth in the highways and byways an influence that will be felt by all with whom it comes in contact. It should be a place where the heart is, a place where out feet may leave but not our hearts, a place where angels unfold their wings, the place we love best, because it is the place where mother is.

What is your weight in your home and social circle? Test it by considering how many pounds of good nature you have contributed to make your home and cheerful. An ounce of sweetness will make you weigh more at home than a pound of undue harshness or of forgetfulness.

ROLL OF HONOR

Several thousand officers and employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company enlisted for active military duty with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, and the majority of them are now in Europe, bravely battling for Canada and the Empire. As particulars of Army Reservists are not available, these lists of those who have given up their lives for their country or been wounded in action are necessarily incomplete, and do not therefore indicate fully the extent to which the Company's officers and employees have participated in the great struggle.

NAME	IN COMPANY'S SERVICE	NATURE OF CASUALTY
Akerley, Percy	Clerk	Wounded
Allen, Charles T.	Freight Checker	Wounded
Blackett, William C.	Stenographer	Montreal Killed in action
Butman, John	Loco. Fireman	MacLeod Killed in action
Carr, Frederick	Apprentice	Ogden Suffering from shock
Clent, George	Shed Clerk	Regina Killed in action
Clough, B. G.	Elevator Boy	Vancouver Wounded
Cummings, John	Painter	Winnipeg Wounded
Daniels, F. W.	Chief Clerk	Revelstoke Wounded
Deblies, Joseph	Loco. Engineer	Quebec Wounded
Duff, John	Fitter	Ogden Died of wounds
Gay, Aubrey H.	Loco. Engineer	Calgary Wounded
Geddes, Percy M.	Walter	Montreal Believed drowned
Glithero, John H.	Cable-maker	Wounded and prisoner
Goulet, Emanuel	Helper	Quebec Wounded
Henry, William	Porter	St. John's Killed in action
Hodre, Robert S.	Hostler	Winnipeg Died of wounds
Johnson, Lacey A.	Draughtsman	Arctic Died of wounds
Lacey, Richard	Watchman	Fredericton Wounded
Laurence, Benjamin	Constable	Wounded
Marr, Henry E.	Clerk	Keewatin Wounded
Motherall, Percy	Trainman	Br. Col. Div. Wounded
Middleton, James	Loco. Fireman	Medicine Hat Wounded
O'Connell, W.	Clerk	Toronto Killed in action
Pratt, Richard B.	Freight Porter	Medicine Hat Wounded
Pushie, William J.	Loco. Engineer	Wounded
Robertson, Oliver	Helper	Killed
Saxelby, Walter	Ass't. Accountant	Port William Killed in action
Shaw, Francis W.	Stenographer	Montreal Wounded
Skinner, Sidney E.	Baggage Checker	Winnipeg Wounded
Sutherland, Benjamin	Loco. Engineer	Kenora Killed in action
Sydes, James	Clerk	Montreal Died of wounds
Thomas, George W.	Brakeman	MacLeod Wounded
Wheelhouse, C.	Helper	Glen Yard Wounded
Wood, Herbert	Template maker	Angus Wounded

The following casualties to members of the European Staff on active service have also been reported:

Candeland, William	Clerk	Liverpool Killed in action
Harden, Robert J.	Junior Clerk	London Wounded
Moore, Edward G.	Clerk	London Wounded
Patterson, John B.	Clerk	Liverpool Killed in action
Reed, Joseph	Clerk	Antwerp Wounded
Stannard, Herbert J.	Clerk	London Wounded

Montreal, February 13th, 1916 (List No. 6).

Destroy the Early Fly.

The bright sunny days of March and April are an inducement for the house-fly to appear. An early start in destroying these pests should be made on the first fly seen, and the good work should be consistently and effectively carried on. The destruction of the early fly will mean the saving of valuable lives, as there is no more persistent carrier and distributor of disease than the house fly.

The Government does not intend purchasing any more horses for military purposes in Canada during the summer. This was stated in the House of Commons in reply to an Opposition question. There are 1,769 on hand in the various divisional areas.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Ontario war tax raised \$1,980,000 last year.

Hon. Dr. Pyne has returned from a lengthy absence in England. The commander of the raider Moewe was decorated by the Kaiser.

Rev. Richard Hobbs, Toronto, retired Methodist clergyman, is dead.

Two Americans were reported killed by the Villa bandits in Mexico.

It is rumored that Enver Pasha, Turkish Minister of War, is dead.

Forty-five persons were killed in England during the recent Zeppelin raid.

Australia will disenfranchise all German-born electors for the duration of the war.

Mrs. Caroline Wetschmidt was asphyxiated in her home, Euclid place, Toronto.

An arrangement has been made by which Canada may ship potatoes to the United States.

Neutral ship owners have been warned by Great Britain against carrying coal to Germany.

Hydro power for Central and Eastern Ontario has been decided upon by the Ontario Government.

The twin eleven-week-old children of Mr. and Mrs. Burk, Montreal, were asphyxiated by coal gas.

The destruction of the Electrochemical plant at Niagara Falls was the result of an accident.

Premier Hearst told the great prohibition deputation that the proposed bill would carry on a bare majority.

A woman's suffrage bill was introduced in the Ontario Legislature, and a debate to place on the patronage evil.

The reduction in liquor sales over the bar in Ontario during 1915, as compared with 1914, is nearly \$1,600,000.

Five hundred were lost when the Spanish steamer Principe de Asturias struck a rock and sank off the coast of Brazil.

Charles Respa, found guilty of attempting to dynamite buildings at Windsor, has been sentenced to life imprisonment.

Prof. L. R. W. Mulloy, the South African War hero, has been made an Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel of the 146th Battalion.

Stovepipes which enter chimneys in attics, or other unused rooms are extremely dangerous. Such arrangement should be avoided.

British Columbia's population has declined 25 per cent since the war began owing to enlistment, cessation of railway work, and other causes.

Col. A. E. Ross, C.M.G., has declined the appointment to the head of the Ontario Hospital at Orpington, preferring to stay at the front.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Canada's oldest Parliamentarian, has offered his services in the Forestry Battalion, which is being organized at Ottawa.

German officers at Verdun, acting under orders from the Kaiser, are now reported to be leading their men, instead of following them as formerly.

A fire which started from a lead-burner in the hands of a workman partially destroyed the "Still House" at the O'Brien plant at Renfrew last Wednesday.

Eighteen persons were killed and a number more may die from the effects of an explosion which occurred in the disinfecting bath-room at the jail in El Paso, Texas.

During 1915 the fur trade of Saskatchewan prospered greatly. Over 950,000 pelts, valued at approximately \$600,000, were marketed, as compared with slightly over 700,000 pelts in 1914. The number of dealers reporting was 131.

The British official report on last night's air raid over England says that twelve persons were killed and 33 injured. Three Zeppelins are believed to have taken part in the attack, which was over an area including eight counties.

The human element, the one thing that money cannot surround with safeguard, is the primary cause of fully four-fifths of our accidents. The crime of carelessness is responsible for a large percentage of the widows, orphans and cripples.

Representative Robert N. Page, a Democrat from North Carolina, and brother of the present Ambassador in Great Britain, announces his retirement from public life because of President Wilson's policy in the armed ship controversy.

Sergt-Major Blood and Private Schaefer of the 18th Battalion, at Berlin, Ont., accepting full responsibility for the attack on Rev. C. R. Tappert, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, were convicted of assault and remanded for sentence.

There is more money in circulation in Newfoundland and more being deposited in the banks than in any previous year in its history. So much, indeed, is this the case that the Canadian banks are opening several branches in important "outposts" or principal fishing stations in the various bays.

WHAT CATARRH IS

It has been said that every third person has catarrh in some form.

Science has shown that nasal catarrh often indicates a general weakness of the body; and local treatments in the form of snuffs and vapors do little, if any good.

To correct catarrh you should treat its cause by enriching your blood with the oil-food in Scott's Emulsion which is a medicinal food and a building-tonic, free from any harmful drugs. Try it.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

MADAME DARE DEVIL.

Death of French Woman Who Proved Her Mettle in the War.

Madame Dare Devil, a heroine of the war, is dead at 73.

Madame Dare Devil was the name given by French soldiers to Mme. Meunier, the wife of a farmer at Lessart, near where the English passed on the great retreat from Mons.

The peasants of Lessart, most of them, piled their personal effects into carry-alls and carts and fled before the conflict. Mme. Meunier, however, refused to budge.

Solidly braced against her door sill, she turned a deaf ear to all appeals. She remained there alone.

From the surrounding country there succeeded wave after wave of thick ranks of gray. Five army corps, nearly 300,000 men, marched through that region toward the Marne. In the early morning hours of the next day a German officer knocked on the door of Mme. Meunier's farmhouse with the hint of his sword.

"I must have milk, bread, meat, wine, salt, and pepper for my men," he cried.

Madame Meunier got together all the provisions that were visible in the house, and when the count had been made the German officer offered her a bank bill. Madame Meunier drew herself up, and pushed the bill back with her hand.

"I have only given you what you would have taken if I had refused. I do not want your money. You can take everything you find here free of charge," she added. "But on one condition."

"A condition?"

"Yes, on condition that I shall go and come at will. I will attend to my affairs in my own way. Otherwise you shall have nothing more at all."

"So be it," the officer replied. "But let me give you a little advice. Take good care of yourself. My men don't trifle."

Scarcely had the officer turned upon his heels when Madame Meunier, it is said, ran to the stable, hitched up the only conveyance she had, stuffed her cart full of the provisions she had secreted, and in a few minutes the old horse was trotting at top speed along the road between the lines of German troops on the march. At Verny a patrol stopped her, searched the cart, and showed their delight at the find they had made.

Mme. Meunier, with a raised whip, exclaimed:

"Down with your paws. These provisions are for the German general staff."

At this the patrol divided respectfully and allowed the cart to pass on.

Violating all orders by her audacity Mme. Meunier got through the German lines, reached the hospital at Nanteuille-Haudouin and distributed her provisions among the wounded French and English soldiers.

The next day she did the following and for ten days thereafter Mme. Meunier passed through the German lines every day until the French returned.

Mme. Meunier would have received the war cross certainly, and probably the military medal, but the privations she underwent, her heat, were too much and she died of physical exhaustion.

FRANCE TURNS FARMER.

She Demands That Every Foot of Arable Land Be Cultivated.

The republic of France is going to turn farmer, is going to tuck up her skirts, roll up her sleeves and use her own strong arms to plant and harvest crops if it becomes necessary to insure maximum production.

The cultivation of every available arable square foot of land in France is the aim of the French Government, and to bring this about the Government itself will act temporarily as a farmer. A bill has been prepared under the direction of Jules Meline, Minister of Agriculture, and for ten days thereafter Mme. Meunier passed through the German lines every day until the French returned.

Mme. Meunier would have received the war cross certainly, and probably the military medal, but the privations she underwent, her heat, were too much and she died of physical exhaustion.

Not Marches Now.

"German musicians at the beginning of the war," said John Philip Sousa, at his recent birthday celebration, "were busy, all over Germany, composing marches of victory. Every week three or four marches of victory made their appearance. But of late the output has stopped."

"Output stopped, eh?" said the reporter. "I wonder, then, what the German musicians are composing now?"

Mr. Sousa smiled.

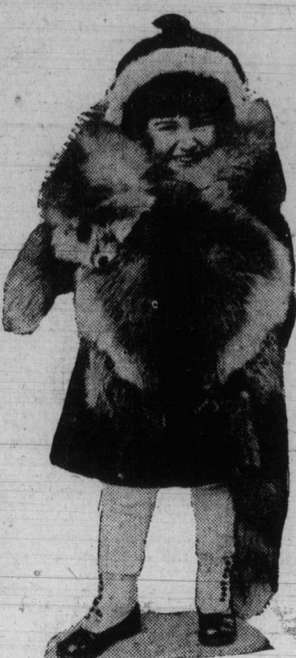
"Peace overtures most likely," he said.

First Actor V. C.

Temporary Lieutenant William Dartnell, who sacrificed his life near Maktau (East Africa), and to whom the V.C. has been posthumously awarded, is believed to be the first actor who has ever gained this distinction. Lieutenant Dartnell was by birth an Australian, and was for some time well known as an actor. He served during the South African Campaign.

For the Children

A Small Lady and a Big Set of Real Furs.



The smiling little lady in the picture is very happy, as her expression indicates. She has good reason for her joy, because now she has a set of real furs for her own. Formerly this young lady used to wear mamma's on occasion, usually in the house. Not long ago, however, she had a mysterious visitor at night—he probably came down the chimney—and the next morning there was a beautiful set of furs bearing her name. Wasn't that a splendid surprise? The little girl thinks it was the finest thing that ever happened in her short lifetime.

Queer Bird Islands.

The most curious bird "islands" are to be found among the islands of Santa Barbara and in the California seas. These resting places for the birds are very small indeed, and often you can see the "island" disappear from sight, while the bird flutters hastily away to another.

They are simply fish that are perhaps the laziest in the whole world of ours. The natives call them the moai-moai, and the white folks know them as mole, or moon fish. They bask in the sun and seldom leave the surface of the water except when chased by an enemy. They vary in size up to ten feet across their backs. As for tails, they are satisfied with very rudimentary ones, a mere fringe of finlike growth serving as such. They are not afraid of the gulls and cormorants, for these birds settle down on their backs and rest there, preening and oiling their feathers and having a fine time. These fish are not good to eat, being of about the tenderness of India rubber.

Skating Corset.

The skating vogue has been responsible for all manner of dress accessories from shoes to caps, with the inclusion of jackets and suits between. And now comes the skating corset, designed especially for the devotees of that exhilarating sport. This particular type of corset has silk webbing over the hips, and the fact that there is no steel down the front makes every movement exceedingly easy and graceful. The corset comes in pink, delicately trimmed. Its price is a little over \$5.

Potato Peeling Race.

A potato peeling race is good fun if the party is informal and the guests not too daintily clad. The hostess provides a clean potato for each guest, and at a signal all start peeling at once. The one who gets through first and produces an unbroken peel gets the prize. This is more fun than an apple peeling contest because of the little knots and eyes in the potatoes.

Peanut Butter Fudge.

Two cupsful of light brown sugar, a half cupful of milk and a scant two-thirds cupful of peanut butter. After boiling the sugar and milk to the soft ball stage, remove it from the fire and gradually beat in the peanut butter. Replace on the fire a moment, then spread on a buttered pan, and when partly cool cut into squares.

Waiting.

The first little cat said, "Meow-ow-ow!" The next little cat said, "Split-ti!" The third little cat looked very wise. And the fourth one near had a dit.

The first little cat reached out a paw. The next little cat sang a note. The third little cat twitched its whiskers. And the fourth one stroked down its coat.

The first little cat said, "Oh, hurry!" The next little cat said, "Oh, wait!" The third little cat said not a word. And the fourth one cried, "Don't be late!"

Then four little kittycats scurried away off to an old apple tree. Where four little birds, safe in their nest. Were cozy and sweet as could be.

And the four little cats, they waited, and four little birds waited, too. Until, with song and flurry of wings, Mother came—and waiting was through.

Then four little cats scampered homeward, and four little birds in the trees. Just warbled and chirruped and twittered As happy as small birds could be.

HOW LONG WILL THE WAR LAST?

The War Against Health Is Quickly Ended By "Fruit-a-tives".



MRS. DEWOLFE East Ship Harbour, N.S.

"It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For years I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, I feel like a new person and I am deeply thankful to have relief from those sickening Headaches."

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES", the medicine made from fruit juices, has relieved more sufferers from Headaches, Constipation, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

If they Told the Truth.

"I never saw your wife looking worse."

"I would love to go to church, if it weren't for your sermons."

"Come on home and take dinner with me, old fellow; there's nothing I can think of that would make my wife any madder."

"Nothing pleases me any more than to sit in a stuffy room. I love bad air."

"Darling, my only thought in marrying you is my own happiness."

"I assure you, madam, that this operation is purely an experiment. You may live, but—"

Statistics of Forest Fires.

The collection and publication of statistics of forest fire losses is a matter to which increasing attention has been paid in recent years. Progress in this respect is especially notable in Western Canada. In Eastern Canada, as a whole, the forest fire losses have not been known, on account of the incompleteness of the data published. It is important that information be collected on all fires, not only as to the area covered, but also as to the amount, character and value of the property destroyed. This is necessary in order that the intensity of fire protection may be adjusted to the conditions as well as to afford a basis for the administration of the area in other respects.—C.L.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY

Have you an Insurance on your Dwelling, and have you protection from fire upon your Personal Effects?

A number of Standard Fire Insurance Companies are represented by

W. H. ALLEN

Will be pleased to quote you rates at any time.

THE SUN LIFE

Is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

W. M. ALLEN, Carleton Place.

Total assurance in force 1915—\$257,404,100.00

Assets.....\$74,326,423.00

JOHN R. & W. L. REID

Managers Eastern Ontario, Sun Life Building, OTTAWA.

INSURANCE

Fire, Accident, Sick ness, Plate Glass

Guarantee and Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.

W. H. ALLEN.

MARCH 14, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

3

Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietors, Bridge Street, Carleton Place (next door to Post Office).

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES—In Canada, One Dollar a Year, payable in Advance; \$1.50 if not so paid. To United States, \$1.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Transient advertisements 10 cts. per line for first insertion; 5 cts. per line for each subsequent insertion.

Rates for Display Advertising on application. Advertisements will be changed once each month if desired.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts. per line, first insertion, and if the same matter is continued, at 5 cts. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted till forbidden and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 8 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,
Carleton Place, Ont.

ADVICE TO POTATO GROWERS.

Late Blight and Potato Rot caused considerable damage last season to the potato crop particularly throughout the Eastern section of the continent of America. In many instances, the loss amounted to 25% of the total crop, and more in certain localities. In consequence, farmers were induced to part with their potatoes more readily this winter owing to high prices paid for this commodity for domestic use. This it is probable, will result in the scarcity of superior seed, since the general practice is for farmers to use for that purpose the remainder of their potatoes in storage towards spring. Seeing that the crop was much diseased at the commencement of the season and considerably affected by storage rots, and with all or most marketable potatoes sold for table use the quality on hand for seed purposes will be very inferior, when the time for planting comes.

We would, therefore urge farmers to immediately reserve for further losses through rot, required for seed purposes. These should be hand-selected tubers, sound, and free from any sign of rot or decay, of uniform size and pure in variety. Tubers slightly larger than a hen's egg are most economic for seed purposes. They should be kept until planting time in a dark, well-ventilated and cool place of storage, spread out in a layer not more than three potatoes deep.

Inquiries which are reaching us, not only from many sections of the Dominion but also from the United States, indicate that the above caution, is justified. There can be little doubt that farmers who have a good quantity of sound seed potatoes on hand, will obtain a high price for them, when others begin to realize the scarcity of such seed. Consult Circular No. 9 for prevention of Late Blight and treatment of seed tubers to prevent disease, published by the Dominion Botanist, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, and obtainable from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Specific inquiries relating to disease questions addressed to the Dominion Botanist, Central-Experimental Farm, Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.

Do Something.

No man ever accomplished anything by waiting until he was sure that he was absolutely correct in what he did or said. In the business world you must run the risk of a mistake. While you are waiting to be quite certain the other fellow pushes in with something that answers the purpose. Try what you can do. If you make mistakes use them as a warning in your next venture. If this does not succeed, follow a new tack. The chances are good that you will come out ahead. Profit by your own mistakes and your own brains. The head of the firm assumes the responsibility for mistakes; the poorly paid bookkeeper does not venture away from the path laid out for him. In advertising as in business, "nothing venture nothing gain."—Advertiser's Aid.

New Agricultural Representative at Perth.

The County of Lanark is fortunate in securing as their representative of the Department of Agriculture, Mr. F. Forsythe. Mr. Forsythe spent his early life on the farm before attending the College at Guelph. While at Guelph, he was intensely interested in farm crops, so much so that he spent three years with Professor C. A. Zavitz, in the Field Husbandry Division, and gained a thorough knowledge of the various varieties of all farm crops. During his career at College, he distinguished himself as a judge of live stock, as well as seeds, and was one to represent the College at the International Livestock Show in December, 1913. He comes to the people of Lanark to give them the benefit of all his experience. He will be glad to meet farmers at his office at any time.

Spurgeon was once asked if he thought that a man who learned to play the cornet on the Sabbath day would go to heaven.

The reply of the great preacher was characteristic.

"I don't see why he should not," he answered, "but I doubt very much if the man who lives next door will."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Mr. Stephen Leacock



CANADA as a rule very quickly loses her successful authors to the United States—Bliss Carman, for instance, or Arthur Stringer—or C. G. D. Roberts—for the rewards of literature are greater there than here. But Stephen Leacock is still a Canadian citizen in spite of the international reputation he has gained by such publications as "Sunshine Sketches of a Little Town," or the "Adventures of the Idle Rich," or "Moonbeams of the Larger Lunacy." Montreal is his winter home, for he holds the chair of Political Economy at McGill University, but in summer he never fails to come back to Orillia, the little town of Ontario which is proud to claim him as her son. In the preface to "Sunshine Sketches" Stephen Leacock gives a delightful account of his early life, which only a sense of humor enabled him to survive. There are, however, many incidents in his career which are not recorded in this preface. The turn of the tide in his fortunes is said to be due to the lucky accident that the C. P. R. found it necessary to acquire the right of way through some land he had bought for a song. Stephen Leacock has the reputation of being as good an exponent of economics as he is a writer of humorous stories, and his lectures attract many students to the great University at Montreal.

Fatal Shooting at Smiths Falls.

A sordid story of domestic trouble was revealed in a shooting tragedy on Saturday when Wilbert Vandusen, a man 48 years of age took his own life. It seems that he and his wife got into an argument about family matters, and he grew so angry that he grabbed a little 22 rifle and threatened to shoot her. He did fire off the weapon and it is said the bullet grazed her lips and then she ran to the house of her daughter—Mrs. Vincent Banville—a few doors away. He followed her with the rifle, still in hand, but when he came in at the front door she went out at the back and away up the street. After pleading for a few minutes to see her he said to his daughter, Mrs. Banville, that he would kill himself and going into the woodshed of her home he carried out his threat. Putting the little rifle to his head he discharged it and fell dead. Dr. McCallum, the coroner was called, but he did not deem an inquest necessary. The deceased had lived about Port Elfrasley for some time but late had been living in Smith Falls on Abbott street. He was a quite kind of man and in this tragedy liquor has no part. He spent most of his time trapping and hunting. A son Arthur Vandusen, is serving in the war.—Rideau Record.

New Inventions.

The following Canadian patents have been recently secured through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, Patent Attorneys, Montreal and Washington: Hervey Chauvette, Montreal, Bed; Charles Robt. Montgomery, Bristol, Eng., Appliance for shearing metal; Joseph A. S. Vincent, Montreal, Dumping wagon; Charles P. Barry, Paris, France, Fusing apparatus for molten or other fusible substances; K. H. V. von Porat & E. E. Odelstierna, Stockholm, Sweden, Method and apparatus for manufacturing peat-powder; Joseph Bouteille, Neuilly-sur-Seine, France, Carburetor for internal combustion engine; Joseph E. Caya, Sorel, Que., Stamping mallet; Frans H. Johansson, Karlstad, Sweden, Flooring blocks; Joseph A. Roy, Montreal, Sewer well; Thomas Vegay Vega, Buenos Aires, Argentine, Sewing machine.

How to be Happy.

A Chicago couple celebrated their fifty-ninth wedding anniversary some time ago. Believing their long years of wedlock have qualified them as experts on the subject, they have drawn up the following recipe for marital happiness—and the Chicago Tribune prints it:

1. Love each other all the time.
2. Keep silent when she wants to argue.
3. Keep silent when he wants to argue.
4. Use good common sense in times of depression.
5. Don't blame your husband when he is doing his best.
6. Don't scold.
7. Have a few children playing around the house.

This married couple have lived up to the seventh of their commandments, and now that their own youngsters have grown up they have seven grandchildren and four great-grandchildren. And we notice this detail of the recipe: these rules are applied to both parties, not just to one of them. We haven't arrived at that stage of civilization wherein we honestly apply the Golden Rule in all life's everyday relations, but applying some part of that rule at home means having a home.—Collier's Weekly.

WHEN BABY IS ILL.

When baby is ill no other medicine will so quickly relieve him as will Baby's Own Tablets. They go right to the root of most childhood ailments—those derangements of the stomach and bowels which cause difficult teething, colds, constipation, vomiting and simple fevers. They cleanse the bowels and sweeten the stomach and drive out all cause of illness. Concerning Mrs. Wm. Evers, Gilks, N.B., says:—"We always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house as we have found them an excellent medicine for little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from "The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

A Good Defence.

When James G. Blaine was a young lawyer he was once asked to defend a tramp accused of stealing a watch. Convinced of the tramp's innocence, Mr. Blaine pleaded with such convincing energy and eloquence that the court was in tears; even the tramp wept, and the jury almost immediately returned the verdict "Not guilty."

Then the tramp drew himself up and, with intense gratitude, said: "Sir, I never heard so grand a plea. I have no money with which to reward you, but—" drawing a package from his ragged clothes—"here's that watch! Take it and welcome."

Judge—You are charged with contempt of court. Can you give any reason why sentence should not be passed upon you?

Prisoner—Yes, your honor. The charge is false. This court is utterly beneath my contempt.

If a man's heart is all right his head is not far out of line.

It was officially announced that there are now 2,834 munition plants in Great Britain controlled by the Government.

Fifteen thousand Collegiate and High School students in Ontario will be freed from school in May to work on farms in the Province.

The Government at Ottawa, at a caucus, decided to prohibit the importation of liquors into Provinces which have gone "dry."

The Cabinet of the United States has decided that Villa and his bandits must be captured, even if American troops have to go after them.

The United States Ambassador at London, Walter H. Pagz, and Mrs. Page took luncheon at Buckingham Palace with King George and Queen Mary.

Ten Americans—four soldiers and six civilians—have been killed at Columbus, New Mexico, when a band of Villa bandits made an early morning raid on the town.

John F. Lindsay, who was arrested and later released on bail in connection with charges against the Saskatchewan Government, dropped dead of heart failure at the breakfast table at his home in Swift Current.

The Naval Prize Fund derived from the sale of contraband goods seized by the British navy and condemned by Prize Courts now amounts to over \$30,000,000. This fund will be distributed among all men of the navy after the war.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CREATORS OF WEALTH.

Civilization demands that farmers raise things—for the sustenance of others, for the development of the nation and especially for their own business and social advancement. The men who raise most at least cost, who find best markets for their products, who are not given to waste and extravagance—these men are the substantial farmers and solid citizens of our nation. They are creating wealth out of the soil, the sunshine and the rain without impoverishing any man or destroying any asset of civilization.—National Stockman and Farmer.

SELECT SEED BEANS.

Should Be Immediate Selection and From the Pod.

Bean growers who would avoid repetition next year of the heavy losses from disease suffered this season are advised by the Department of Agriculture to give their personal attention to the immediate selection of a stock of seed beans free from disease infection. They should select the seed beans in the pod and not after threshing.

They should simply pick the pods that are free from all spots, save and thresh separately. The planting of infected seed is primarily responsible for the troubles experienced. Weather conditions greatly influence the subsequent development of disease but clean seed on clean land will go far toward giving a clean crop even in a season like the present, which has been exceptionally favorable to the development of disease and unfavorable to the growth of the bean crop.

Two bean diseases are commonly prevalent, anthracnose and bacterial blight. Both attack and spot the pods, penetrate them and enter the beans, remaining dormant over winter under the seed coats, where they cannot be reached by disinfectants.

When the beans are planted these diseases attack the young seedlings causing a root rot and blighting of stem and leaves, and if the weather is cool and wet they spread again to the pods. Bacterial blight is conveyed by wind and other means to a greater extent than anthracnose and is less easily controlled, but clean seed and crop rotation will give best results. Old bean ground should not be replanted next year.

As far as possible each farmer should save his own seed. Beans have been so generally affected by disease that the farmer should not rely on ordinary so called northern grown seed, or elevator stock for planting. If he has to buy seed he should make certain that it has been selected from disease free pods. Examine all threshed seed carefully, and if it shows suspicious spots or other evidence of disease it should not be used. Home selection also will tend to build up a strain adapted to the locality and better than seed brought from a distance.

A survey just completed shows that there are fields in all parts of the bean states where clean pods or even plants with all pods clean may be found, though some fields are hopelessly affected. The farmer who expects to continue bean growing—and this valuable crop should not be abandoned because of this year's discouraging experience—should pick enough clean pods to plant his next crop or at least a large seed plot. These should be shelled by hand and carefully stored. If the quantity is small it will be well to plant by hand two beans every twelve or fifteen inches in ordinary rows in a separate seed plot.

There should be organized effort on the part of county agents, bean dealers, and community leaders to have all available clean seed saved for local use and not sold with the general crop. This must be done before the beans are threshed.

SOME FARM NOTES.

Never breed from immature stock. Salt is cheap. Give the cows all they care for.

A good orchard on the farm is a fine form of life insurance.

Raising dairy cows is one of the most profitable lines of farming.

A henhouse without a south window is a mistake, and will not give satisfactory results.

My prefer to two-year-old hens for breeders. At least have yearling hens well developed if they are the breeders.

The stiff old broom is an excellent thing to clean out the feed troughs, and this should be done after every feeding.

He who makes a success in the chicken business from the start will be the man who does things, not he who waits for a favorable opportunity.

Wireworms sometimes destroy seed corn. It has been found that they can be destroyed by the following: Dilute arsenate of lead paste to the consistency of paint. Put the seed in it and stir, then spread out to dry before planting.

How Much Silage to Feed.

When cattle are fed on silage with no other roughage thirty pounds of the ration to each thousand pounds of animal is about the right amount a day, whether the herd is kept for beef or milk. This assumes that grain will be fed to balance the ration. Horses may be properly fed twenty pounds a day for each thousand pounds of horse. When cattle are fed on both silage and pasture fifteen pounds of silage to a thousand pounds of animal is a good ration. Sheep will safely take care of two pounds of silage a day for each member of the flock.

Rich Yet Delicate— Clean and Full of Aroma.

"SALADA"

is blended from selected hill-grown teas, famed for their fine flavoury qualities. Imitated yet never equalled.

Spring Fire Prevention Suggestions.

Keep basements, attics and closets free from rubbish. Many fires originate in the rubbish heap.

Beware of the defective flue or chimney. Take down stovepipes and have chimneys carefully examined at the same time.

Keep oily rags and floor polishing mops in metal boxes or cans, as they are liable to cause fires from spontaneous combustion.

Use care in the handling of matches. Keep them in metal receptacles and teach children how to use them. In putting away clothes remove all matches from pockets.

Bonfires have been the cause of much property damage. If one is necessary have it well removed from buildings and wooden fences, and before leaving it make sure it is thoroughly extinguished.

The safest place to use gasoline or other dry-cleaning compounds is out of doors, where the dangerous gases formed may be dissipated in the atmosphere.

What Modern War is Like.

The Germans in their assaults on Verdun used several sorts of burning liquid projectors. One of these is in the form of a small tank, which is carried on the back, filled with a composition liquid, which seems to be mostly kerosene. Attached to the nozzle is an igniting apparatus. The liquid is projected by means of a hand pump. The radius of action of the oil depends on the skill and physical effort of the man who projects it, but it is ordinarily from sixty to ninety feet. Some French soldiers have been burned to a crisp by the flaming liquid. Other chemical weapons used by the Germans in this battle include asphyxiating shells, vapors which irritate the eye, and incendiary shells.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of J. C. Fitch

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD.



Made in
Canada



The World's Music is Yours
When You Own a

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

The long winter nights are now here. You will want musical entertainment both for yourself and visitors

Hence the suggestion of a

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

A moment's notice and you sit and listen to the wonderful harmony of the many Quartettes, Trios and Duets, Sentimental Songs and Ballads, Orchestral Selections from all the Operas, Violin Duets. Columbia Records are so varied that they include every kind of music that appeals to you. They play on any other make of talking machine.

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS are made in various sizes, but they all have the incomparable Columbia TONE and the exclusive Columbia TONE control leaves—not the awkward old-fashion doors.

Prices from \$20.00 up.

W. M. ALLEN,
Local Representative.

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The Herald Office

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, MARCH 14TH, 1916

The offensive of the enemy in France appears to have ended in failure.

The province of Manitoba has voted dry by a majority of over two to one, all the cities as well as the country districts being for prohibition. The new law will go into effect in June.

The Government seems to have commandeered the grain at the wrong time. Prices have fallen, and they are still falling. Perhaps our Commerce Department can unload on some one, or nation, and perhaps it cannot. It may get a lesson that will keep it out of the commanding business for all time.

The reason why the Germans are trying so desperately to force a decision before the armies of the Grand Alliance open their spring campaign is possibly to be found in the relentless logic of numbers. The Germans are slowly facing exhaustion of man-power, and know that they will soon be fighting against overwhelming superior numbers. When the Germans started the war, the armies of Great Britain and Russia were, comparatively speaking negligible quantities. Now Great Britain has built up one of the greatest armies in the world, and Russia has trained and equipped vast hosts of teeming millions. Germany's opponents have been getting stronger, while the German losses have been proceeding at an even more rapid rate than the French anticipated when they published their first estimate over a year ago.

CANADA'S AGRICULTURAL WEALTH

A bulletin issued by the Census and Statistics Office summarizes the results of reports made by crop reporting correspondents respecting the values of farm land, of farm help and of farm live stock in the year 1915.

VALUES OF FARM LAND.

For the whole of Canada the average value of farm land held for agricultural purposes, whether improved or unimproved, and including the value of dwelling houses, farms, stables and other farm buildings, is returned as \$38.90 per acre. Last year the average value was returned as \$38.41. By provinces the averages per acre range from \$22.48 in New Brunswick to about \$123 in British Columbia, the values for the other provinces being as follows: Prince Edward Island \$37.64; Nova Scotia \$28; Quebec \$31.36; Ontario \$32.49; Manitoba \$30.36; Saskatchewan \$24.20; and Alberta \$23.15. In British Columbia the higher average is due to orcharding and fruit growing.

WAGES OF FARM HELP.

The wages paid for farm labour in 1914 fell to a lower point than in any other year. The causes for this decrease were the small crops of 1914 for the gathering of which fewer hands were required, the release of other labourers on the outbreak of the war and the increased cost of board. In 1915 owing to the abundant harvest and the effects of recruiting for the army, there was some reaction, and the average wages were more than in 1914 if not quite equal to those paid in 1910, the lowest of the previous inquiry. For the Dominion the average wages per month during the summer, including board, were \$37.10 for male and \$20.20 for female help, as compared with \$35.55 and \$18.81 last year. For the year, including board, the average wages were \$341 for males and \$200 for females, as compared with \$333.30 and \$189.55 1914. The average value of board per month works out to \$14.57 for males and \$11.45 for females, the corresponding figures of 1914 being \$14.27 and \$11.24. Average wages per month were lowest in Prince Edward Island, viz. \$26.67 for males and \$14.59 for females; in Nova Scotia the averages were \$32.95 and \$16.85; in New Brunswick \$33.73 and \$16.11; in Quebec \$33.08 and \$16.44; in Ontario \$31.09 and \$17.12; in Manitoba \$45.18 and \$27.29; in Saskatchewan \$42.22 and \$23.81; in Alberta \$44.02 and \$24.20 and in British Columbia \$49.37 and \$31.21.

VALUES OF FARM LIVE STOCK.

The value of horses is somewhat less than that of last year, but the prices of cattle show an increase, especially for milch cows. Swine are appreciably dearer except in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where they are about the same as last year. Sheep too have risen in price, and there is a notable increase in the value of wool, the average for Canada being 28 cents per lb. for unwashed and 38 cents per lb. for washed wool, as compared with 19 and 26 cents respectively in 1914. The average values for Canada are as follows: Horses \$123 as against \$126 in 1914; milch cows \$67 as against \$67; other cattle \$44 against \$42; sheep \$8 as against \$7 and swine \$15 as against \$12. Approximately the total value of farm animals in Canada at the end of December may be estimated as \$750,667,000 compared with \$725,530,000 1914, the values for each description being as follows: Horses \$370,378,000 as against \$371,430,000 in 1914; milch cows \$164,224,000 as against \$153,633,000; other cattle \$151,477,000 as against \$143,498,000; sheep \$16,225,000 as against \$14,551,000; and swine \$46,363,000 as against \$44,128,000.

TWO ATTACKS FAILED

Germans at Verdun Gained Little Over the Week End.

Small Trench North of Elix Represents Total Advance of Enemy After Two Desperate Assaults—Saturday's Attacks Were Repulsed With Most Murders Slaughter in the History of the War.

PARIS, March 13.—No infantry attack was made by the Germans hammering at the gates of Verdun yesterday, although their artillery showed a considerable amount of activity on both sides of the Meuse. The French guns were equally active, bombarding points where German troops were being concentrated in the ravine to the north of the Cote du Poivre and shelling German batteries west of Louvemont.

Two attacks were made by the Germans Saturday night; one, executed by a small force armed with hand grenades, was directed against the woods adjoining the Cote du Poivre. This attack was easily repulsed. The second, made with artillery preparation against the region north of Elix, gave the Germans a small trench adjoining the Etain road.

The German artillery directed heavy bombardments Saturday night against the wooded hills south of Ville and Bois, north of the Aisne; on the Bethincourt region, west of the Meuse, and on the Douaumont-Vaux line to the east of the river. No effort has been made by the Germans to repeat the attack on the Vaux plateau.

Further official details given Saturday night of the infantry fighting west of Douaumont that day show that the Germans suffered with extreme severity in these encounters, in which they were able to make no appreciable progress. Three attacks were made in all. Each attack was made by four lines of men. The French artillery and machine guns mowed down the lines as they came on, and the ground was covered with German dead.

Saturday morning the Germans made new and stronger efforts to capture the Vaux positions. After a prolonged bombardment further infantry attacks were made against the village, and the Germans gained a foothold in some houses to the east of the village church. When an effort was made to continue these gains to include the western part of the village the Germans were driven back and the French were left in possession of the western part.

The Germans then turned their attention to the Vaux Fort and were able to make some progress along the slopes leading to the fort, but failed under the French fire to reach the barbed wire entanglements.

The Germans made a spirited attack on the French salient at Bois des Buttes, near the Ville aux Bois, northwest of Berty au Bac. Several hours of preparatory artillery work preceded the attack. French counter-attacks drove the Germans from the north-western and western extremity of the wood, which the Germans had won.

The Germans also won temporary possession Saturday night of an important communication trench on the west side of the Meuse between Bethincourt and Chattancourt. The French recovered the trench immediately by a counter-attack.

It was reported yesterday that Colonel Briant, the hero of the defence of the Caures woods, who it was feared had been killed in the action, has been picked up by German stretcher-bearers.

Assaults made by the French in massed formation Saturday against the newly won German positions on the left bank of the Meuse, north-west of Verdun, were repulsed with heavy losses to the attackers, says the official statement issued yesterday at the German army headquarters. Since the present operations were commenced in the Meuse region, the statement adds, 26,472 unwounded French officers and men have been taken prisoner and 189 guns and 232 machine guns have been captured.

Bulgars Attack Roumanians.

LONDON, March 13.—The Odessa correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphs: An engagement is reported between Roumanians and Bulgarians near Lokova (Rahovo?). A Bulgarian frontier guard fired from trenches on a Roumanian ship which was loading a barge on the Rumanian zone. The Bulgarians signaled to an Austrian gunboat, which ordered the Roumanian vessels to the Bulgarian shore. The Roumanians ignored the order. The gunboat then fired with machine guns and rifles. The Roumanian troops replied. There were many casualties on both sides.

Road Foreman Arrested.

REGINA, Sask., March 13.—William Ozmun, a road foreman in the employ of the Saskatchewan Highway Commission, has been arrested at Kinistino, charged with obtaining money under false pretences. The arrest was made by Provincial Police. A preliminary hearing has been held, and Ozmun is on bail of \$2,000. His arrest followed investigations by the department in road work during the years 1913-15. The department swore out the warrant.

Major-General Long Resigns.

LONDON, March 13.—A sensation has been caused at the War Office by the sudden resignation of Major-General S. S. Long, Director of Supplies and Transport.

LEAGUE WITH ROUMANIA

Russia Is Reported to Have Enlisted Her Aid.

German Paper Declares That Roumania Will Soon Throw Her Weight Into the Struggle on the Side of the Entente Allies—Russia May Give Roumania a Part of Bessarabia as Her Price of Action.

LONDON, March 13.—The Sofia correspondent of the Berlin Vossische Zeitung telegraphs, according to a despatch from Amsterdam, that it is expected that Roumania will shortly decide in favor of intervention on the side of the Entente. The Roumanian Minister to Bulgaria, the correspondent says, is expected to return to Sofia with instructions, which it is generally assumed will settle the future relations between Bulgaria and Roumania.

A telegram from Bucharest says that the session of the Roumanian Parliament has been extended to March 28.

An agreement has been reached between Roumania and Russia, which is believed to indicate the definite decision of Roumania to adhere to the cause of the Entente allies, according to a Bucharest despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The agreement permits Roumania to purchase war materials in Russia and to transport through Russia war materials purchased elsewhere.

It is reported that Russia has agreed, further, to give to Roumania part of Bessarabia.

The renewal of Russian activity along the Bessarabian and Riga fronts is indicated in the official statements issued at Petrograd. So far this has been confined to artillery combats, and to the bombardment of the German positions.

That the Germans are concentrating large bodies of troops in Bukovina in preparation for Roumania's entry into the war on the side of the Allies, is also reported from Petrograd. The Russians have succeeded in shelling several of these columns on the march.

ALLIED WARSHIPS SUNK.

Two Small Russian Craft Destroyed by Mines in Baltic.

LONDON, March 13.—The Russian torpedo boat destroyer Lieutenant Pushtchin has been sunk by a mine, according to a report from Sofia, Bulgaria. Four officers and 11 sailors of the crew of the destroyer were rescued by Bulgarians.

The Russian official report says: "On the 9th two of our destroyers reconnoitring near Varna, on the Black Sea, were attacked by enemy submarines, which sank the destroyer Lieutenant Pushtchin. Part of her crew was rescued by the other destroyer."

It was officially announced at the British Admiralty yesterday that the mercantile fleet auxiliary Fauvette of 2,644 tons gross has been sunk as the result of striking a mine off the east coast of England. Fourteen members of the crew were lost, including two officers.

The Fauvette was formerly in the service of the General Steam Navigation Company, Limited, of London. The vessel was built at Middlesbrough in 1912. She was 315 feet long, 43 feet beam, and 18 feet deep.

Gets Eighth Aeroplane.

PARIS, March 13.—The French official communique reports that Sunday morning Sub-Lieut. Guyemer brought down a German aeroplane, which fell in flames inside the French lines near Thiescourt. This is the eighth aeroplane brought down by this pilot, six having fallen within the French lines and been sunk as German lines. Another aviator similarly brought down an enemy aeroplane inside the French lines near Dombasle, in the Argonne. The passengers of the two destroyed machines were killed. The same day French battle aeroplanes fought 18 aerial engagements in the region of Etain in the course of which the adversaries were put to flight.

Detroit Gunmen Rounded Up.

DETROIT, March 13.—Seventy-seven men and eight women were taken in custody by the police early Saturday in the second raid in 24 hours on hotels and pool halls, which have been under surveillance for several weeks. The announced purpose of the raids is to break up a large band of so-called gunmen and other alleged criminals who have been making Detroit their headquarters.

Burned to Death in Texas.

BRANTFORD, March 13.—That Thos. D. James, an old Brantford boy, had been burned to death in a fire which destroyed his home at El Paso, Texas, was the word received here yesterday by his brother, Simon James. The deceased man left Brantford in 1898 and has been engaged in saddle-making in El Paso. He was married and is survived by six children.

Saskatchewan Probe Begins.

REGINA, March 13.—The Royal Commission, consisting of Justices Brown and Elwood, investigating bribery charges against members of the Scott Government and the alleged conspiracy against the Government last year, held an organization meeting Saturday, being the first of the commissions to start work.

Churchill Returns to Front.

LONDON, March 13.—Colonel Winston Spencer Churchill, who had an interview with Premier Asquith Saturday, has finally decided his place is with his regiment, according to Reynolds' Weekly. Colonel Churchill, the newspaper adds, is understood to have left for France early Sunday morning.



If you are interested in Ready-to-wear Garments for Spring, justice to yourself demands that you look at the Stock we are offering.

SEPARATE COATS
Very Smart, at
\$9.00, \$10.00, \$12.00

SUITS
certain to please at
\$15 to \$25.

SKIRTS
Just in, made of good
Serge, Navy or Black,
wonderful value at
\$4.00

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BAIRD & RIDDLELL

BIRTHS.
SMITH—In Carleton Place, March 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Herb. Smith, a daughter.
GARMICHAEL—In Beckwith, March 18th, to Mr. and Mrs. Norman Garmichael, a son.
MCGREGOR—In Beckwith, March 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. M. McGregor, a daughter.

DEATHS.
LOOPER—In Carleton Place, March 10th, Irene Pearl, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lodge, aged 7 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
HORSES WANTED
THE UNDERSIGNED will be at the Queen's Hotel, Carleton Place, Saturday, March 18th, prepared to purchase a quantity of Mares from 4 years old up and weighing not less than 1,300 pounds. Arrange to be in Carleton Place on this date.

SHERMAN WILLOWS.
NOTICE.
THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of Beckwith will meet at the Township Hall, on Saturday, March 18th, 1916, at 10 o'clock a.m. for general business. The Board of Health will meet at 9 o'clock.

FOR ADOPTION.
THE Children's Aid Society of Carleton Place, are looking for a home for an infant baby. This is a good opportunity for anyone wanting to adopt a child of tender age. Apply to either of the undersigned.
DAVID FINDLAY, President. J. H. MCDIARMID, Secretary.

PIANO TUNING.
THE PIANO is a valuable instrument but unfortunately very sensitive to climatic conditions, hence the necessity of keeping it in tune. Do not let your Piano deteriorate for lack of tuning. Orders left at Neilson's Jewelry Store, or mailed direct will receive prompt attention.

H. A. HARFORD,
55 Spruce St., Ottawa

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Drop in and see our stock of Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Parlor Suites, Kitchen Cabinets, Buffets, Sideboards, etc.

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All Orders Promptly Attended To.
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COOK BROS. & ALLEN LIMITED

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MARCH 14, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

SOCIETY REGISTER

STELLALODON No. 10, L.O.F., meets every TUESDAY NIGHT, in the Hall, in Taylor's Block. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. B. MOORE, N. D. McALLAN, Noble Grand, Rec. Sec'y.

COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 78, L.O.F., meets every 2nd and 4th Monday in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Visiting brethren invited. J. F. DUBREUIL, C.R., J. BENNETT, R.S. N.B.—All Dues must be paid in advance on or before the 1st of the month. W. HAMMOND, F.S.

CARLETON COUNCIL No. 27, C.O.F.C., meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth Tuesday evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock. Visiting friends welcome. JOHN BAIRD, C.O., W. H. ALLEN, Rec.

COURT ORION, No. 634, C.O.F., meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. A. McLAUREN, C.R., G. W. DAINES, R.S.

DISTRICT NEWS.

APPLETON.

Special to THE HERALD.
Pte. Merrill Neilson, of Montreal, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Neilson.
Mr. Fowler, Jr., who has been in Toronto for some time, returned to his home last week.
Miss Annie Lorimer, of Ladore, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Olive Lorimer.
Miss Tena Struthers is visiting friends at Ramsgate and Ottawa.
Mrs. M. Lester, of Almonte, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Cavers.
Mr. John Caustick, who is employed in the Woollen Mill here, met with a very bad accident last Friday evening. In some way he got his right hand caught in the carding machine which he was working. It was so badly injured that medical assistance had to be obtained. All hope for his speedy recovery.

LANARK.

From the Era.
Mrs. Boyd A. C. Caldwell is visiting relatives in Toronto.
Mrs. Andrew Craig, who has been visiting her daughter in Reston for the past few months, returned home last week.
Mrs. Alex. Prentice returned home yesterday from a few days' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Alex. Closs, Carleton Place.
Mrs. Patterson, of Kingston, is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. B. Caldwell.
Rev. J. C. MacLeod was called to his old home in Nova Scotia last Saturday by the death of his sister. A short time ago Mr. MacLeod made a similar journey for the purpose of attending the funeral of his father.
Robert Cooke died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. W. Echlin, Perth, last Thursday morning, aged 72 years. He had been ill five weeks with creeping paralysis.
The wedding of Rachel Gertrude, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Moulton, to Mr. Arthur Wilson of the Scotch Line, was celebrated at the bride's home on Wednesday evening, March 1st.
Dr. W. E. Stuthers, some years ago a practitioner here, has been appointed medical officer of the 216th Bantam Battalion now being recruited in Toronto. Captain Struthers is a qualified officer of the Army Medical Corps.
A great gloom was cast over the home of Mr. John Jackson, of Elliott, when his beloved wife was called to rest, about 4 o'clock Friday morning, Feb. 25th. Deceased, whose maiden name was Matilda Nagle, daughter of the late Joseph Nagle of Bathurst, was taken ill five months previous to her death.

PERTH.

From the Courier.
Last Friday morning Eddie, the six-year old son of Mr. W. G. Thompson, of 7th line, Drummond, experienced a painful injury when he was thrown to the ground, having been struck by a log rolling off of a sleigh. His leg was broken.
Messrs. T. B. and Boyd A. C. Caldwell and Mr. C. Grierson, superintendent, all from Lanark, were here on Wednesday engaged in the work of laying out the floor space for the machinery to be installed. Some of the cards are in the building already, and more are constantly arriving. Considerable new machinery will constitute the working plant here, which will comprise both a knitting and a weaving outfit. All the looms, cards and jacks of the carpet company have been removed, leaving the space wholly bare for the new industry. The factory is intended to be ready by the first of May.
From the Examiner.
Expositor employees received this week a letter from their old associate, Norman Miller, whose battery is now "somewhere in France" on the firing line.
Gordon Ball was drafted to France in February as a signaller. He was one of seventy, and was accompanied by his instructing officer for his quickness and accuracy in picking up the work, for he accomplished in a few weeks what generally takes four months.
Mr. Charles Osborne got a nasty bunt from a bull on Sunday. He was showing the animal, which is a beauty, to Pte. Butt, who was down from Petawawa, and the bull seemed to resent the appearance of khaki and took after the visitor. Mr. Osborne went to his friend's assistance, but the bull caught him and hurt him under the right arm.
The appointment and personnel of three Royal Commissions to investigate J. E. Bradshaw's charges against Liberal members of the Saskatchewan Legislature were announced by Acting Premier Calder.

ALMONTÉ.

From the Gazette.
Messrs. Knight Bros. brought in a Chevrolet automobile last week, and lifted out one of the plate glass panes in order to get it into their store.
Little Miss Lorna Guthrie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Guthrie, was born on Feb. 29th, 1912, and this year had the pleasure of celebrating her first birthday, although four years of age.
The Almonte Millinery House has engaged Miss Weir of Carleton Place as milliner for the coming season.
One of Mr. R. W. Young's sons of Blakeney was reaching for an article on the kitchen range when he slipped and fell into the hot water tank and one foot was pretty badly scalded.
A quiet wedding took place in St. Mary's church on Monday morning, when Miss Clara Ryan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Ryan, of town, became the wife of Mr. John Brown of Huntley, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Father Cavanagh.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

What the Government promised the deputation—a majority vote on the proposed prohibition referendum.
What Mr. Rowell said about the deputation: "I congratulate the Committee of 100 and the 35,000 workers, on the magnificent results of their efforts. I was also gratified at the frank statement of the Premier that when the vote is taken it will be on the majority basis."
NO REFERENDUM NOW?
There seems to be a growing tendency in public opinion that there should be no vote on the prohibition question at present, but that the Legislature on its own responsibility should enact prohibition, followed by a referendum at the close of the war as to whether prohibition is to be continued or not. This solution, for example, would solve the difficulty about the soldiers' votes.
The "World" (Con.) says, "If the Government intends to enact a prohibition measure it does not seem wise that a campaign should be inaugurated either for or against the principle. * * * He (the Premier) would lose nothing by taking the step he proposes as a war measure without delay or the agitation which will accompany a referendum."
Toronto "Telegram" (Con.) also says, "Every objection that can be urged against a vote on Federal issues in war time is applicable with multiplied force and fervor to a provincial vote in war time. * * * If the Hearst Government feels that Ontario has given the rulers of this Province a mandate to accept the N. W. Rowell Committee of One Hundred policy, let the Hearst Government legislate in fulfillment of that mandate and spare Ontario the affliction of a war time election on the license issue."
Mr. Rowell's views on the matter were expressed as follows: "I hope the Premier and his colleagues will see their way clear to provide in the bill that it shall go into effect at the earliest practicable date as a war measure, not to be repealed except by a majority vote of the electors after the war is over."

LIBERALS AND HYDRO.

Liberal enthusiasm for Hydro power and Hydro radicals was shown in the debate on the resolution of Thomas Marshall, Liberal member for Lincoln, asking the Federal Government not to interfere with provincial rights by granting of charters to electric roads merely provincial in their scope. This resolution was aimed against the application at Ottawa by the C.N.R. for the renewal of charters for railways which would interfere with the proposed Hydro radicals in the Niagara district. The Government accepted the principle of Mr. Marshall's resolution and by an amendment of their own drafting forwarded a memorial to the Ottawa Government.
In addition to Mr. Marshall, Mr. Rowell, Mr. Carter, Mr. Munro, Mr. Clark and other members of the Opposition urged the necessity of extending and developing the Hydro system, especially now in Eastern Ontario.

NOTES.

Provincial Treasurer McGarry estimates a surplus of \$271,000 on current revenue and expenditure. Mr. Bowman, financial critic of the Opposition, on the other hand claims that actual conditions of affairs shows a deficit of \$2,209,000, not including war expenditures.
Mr. Bowman also pointed out that since 1904, under this Government, the public debt of the Province had increased more than four fold, from \$11,000,000 to \$44,000,000. During the last year the debt has increased by \$9,000,000.
The Government announced that the one mill war tax would be continued during the coming year, and they will also levy a special tax on race tracks and all places of amusement, such as moving picture shows, theatres, concert halls, skating rinks, base ball parks and circuses. The tax on these latter places will be one cent on each admission. The total revenue from this source is expected to be \$450,000 for the year.

Bulgarian and Austrian troops fired on a Rumanian ship. There were casualties on both sides.

Major-General Funston has orders from President Wilson to take Villa and his outlaws dead or alive.

The King of the Belgians has conferred the Grand Croix of the Order of Leopold on Sir Robert Borden.

Rev. James Walker's wife died at Guelph on Saturday two days after he passed away so there will be a double funeral.

The Canadian Produce Association will memorialize the Government to make the selling of bad eggs a criminal offence with a penalty attached.

RUSSIANS IN KIRIND.

Natives Are Now Joining Grand Duke in March on Bagdad.

PETROGRAD, March 13.—It is officially announced that the Russians have occupied the town of Kirind, Persia, in the direction of Bagdad.
Russian prestige is increasing, by leaps and bounds. The fierce tribes of Luristan, said to have been bought over by the Germans, have been impressed by the capture of Kermanshah and are now yielding submission to the Russians.
The Tiflis paper, Kavkaz, publishes an interview with the recently captured Turkish Ambassador in Persia, Assim Bey. Assim declared that in his opinion Russia possessed an inexhaustible power of resistance.

The calculations of German diplomacy on a holy war in Persia, with participation of the nomad tribes, had proved an irreparable error, a political mirage that would soon fade away, since there were no German or Turkish forces on the Persian front and there was no likelihood that they could be sent hither after the Russian successes in Armenia.

On the Black Sea coast the Russian fleet keeps up a steady fire on scattered detachments of Turkish troops, and cruising along the coast shells Turkish transport trains and checks every effort to bring up supplies to the hard-pressed Third Ottoman army.

That the Turks are in desperate straits is shown by the fact that in spite of the presence of Russian warships they persist in trying to transport supplies along the open coast road. The Russian ships shell bridges that span the river, now swollen to torrents because of the melting snows, and so make the final coastal road impassable for the Turks. The want of bridges, however, does not impede the progress of the Russians, who have the fleet on their flank.

MUST PROPOSE PEACE.

Germany Must Move, and at Once, Says Maximilian Harden.

LONDON, March 13.—Maximilian Harden is most outspoken in an article in Die Zukunft, which has been received here. He makes a strong demand for peace, and urges that the German Government start negotiations immediately.

"Germany," he says, "has heaped victory upon victory. Upon her therefore devolves the duty of making an offer of peace. Such an offer could only add to, and not diminish, her prestige. It would be proof of her strength, not weakness. Besides, Germany must propose peace, because she is in need of peace. Germany is victorious in the field, but internally she is beset with difficulties. We cannot deny that the preparations for the third harvest are more difficult than for the second. We do not yet lack men, but we can no longer procure certain raw materials."

"Meanwhile, our war expenditure is increasing to an alarming extent. At the end of three years of war we should have lost every one of the commercial markets where we had established positions which were seemingly unassailable."

"If Germany waits longer she will find herself reduced to obey the will of her enemies. It thus becomes necessary that she invite the world to conclude peace. This invitation may be interpreted as a sign of weakness, but that matters little. If our offers are declined we shall have fulfilled the final duty which our conscience dictates toward Europe and toward humanity."

Americans Cross Border.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—In three columns, American cavalry, under command of Major-General "Fighting" Fred Funston, the advance guard of a punitive expedition of 20,000 started across the Mexican border yesterday and began the pursuit of Francisco Villa and his bandits. The mounted columns started from Douglas, Ariz., Columbus, N. M., and El Paso, Texas. The advance was made simultaneously by Villa, with his bandits, is believed to be heading for the fastnesses of the Sierra Madre, further south. He is seeking to get into a wild country of which he knows every foot and where pursuit by the American troops will be most difficult.

Brazil With Allies.

RIO JANEIRO, March 13.—Germany's declaration of war on Portugal has called forth expression of sympathy in various quarters here with the cause of the Entente allies. Saturday night there were enthusiastic demonstrations in the streets of the capital.

The Epocha, commenting on the Governmental decree of neutrality, says:

"We are not neutral. We entertain the most ardent wish for the victory of Portugal and the allies, and in order that that may become a reality the majority of Brazilians will do all that they are able, both from a material and a moral point of view."

Conductors Sent to Trial.

OTTAWA, March 13.—Six C. P. R. conductors and three others, charged with conspiracy to defraud the C. P. R., were committed for trial in the Police Court Saturday. A seventh conductor, Robt. J. Willoughby, was not sent for trial on this charge, the magistrate holding no evidence had been presented to connect him with the conspiracy. Willoughby, however, will face an individual charge of defrauding the company. The six conductors are Silas Alexander, Mark Baker, Thomas Carter, Harry Dunham, Charles A. Dunham and Francis Nelson, and the others, Clarence Bortse, Harry Merson and Abraham Pinco.

Avalanche Buries Austrians.

VENICE, March 13.—An avalanche has buried several houses in the Agordo district. The victims so far reported number 26.

Brigadier-General Logie, in orders, declares that commanding officers who cannot maintain discipline in battalions are not fit men to take them overseas.

The plans of the Federal Town-planning Commission for the beautification and replanning of the Canadian capital were presented to the Commons.
John Aris, a linemen, was electrocuted while at work in Belleville, smoke from a passing engine probably obscuring the wires so that he touched one carrying 2,200 volts.

Catarrah Cannot be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrah Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrah Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Send for free literature, from F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 7c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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Just try Nyal's Fig-Sen—the effective laxative, in the form of pleasant easy-to-take candy-like lozenges.

They promote full and pleasant action of the bowels relieving constipation and its resulting evils, like—coated tongue, bad breath, dull headache, and sallow-ness.

TRY A BOX.

8 lozenges—10 cents; 27 lozenges—25 cents. In a convenient tin box that just fits the vest pocket.

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SPECIAL SALE of MEN'S HATS

A large assortment of Shapes and Shades, from \$1.50 to \$2.50. This week only 98 Cents

We have been compelled to advance the prices of Brotherhood and Peabody's Overalls and Smocks to \$1.50 a Garment.

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Quality guaranteed satisfactory

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A Carload of Coarse Salt

Dried Fruits a Specialty

Choire Prunes, per lb 10c Evap. Apples, per lb 12½c
Evap. Peaches, per lb 10c Extra Choice Apricots

Still in stock a quantity of Good Apples, also No. 1 Potatoes.

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Sawlogs Wanted!

I WILL PAY HIGHEST PRICE FOR Basswood, Ash, Spruce, Hemlock, Pine, Rock Elm and Soft Elm or Tamarac Logs and Shingle Blocks.

Delivered on the Mississippi Lake or at the Sawmill, Carleton Place.

ALSO CEDAR RAILWAY TIES, must be 6 ins. thick, 6 ins. face and 8 ft long

CUSTOMS SAWING of Shingles and Lumber during the winter at the Planing Mill or Sawmill here.

W. A. NICHOLS, Carleton Place.

THE SPRING DRIVE

We'll put your stock in a thriving condition. Make the ailing ones healthy and expel the worms.

I urge every farmer to see to it right now that his work horses are put in condition for the hard work of Spring, so that when the sun shines your horses will be rid of their old coats and ready for business.

Be sure also that your Milch Cows are conditioned for the long heavy milking season.

Remember your stock have been cooped up for the last few months and have been on dry feed, as hay and oats do not contain the laxatives supplied by grass, your Stock are pretty apt to be out of fix.

Try DR. HESS' STOCK TONIC

Also POULTRY PANACEA and INSTANT LOUSE KILLER. At all Prices, for Sale by

W. J. MUIRHEAD, HARDWARE.

And Now Bulgaria Has Objections to William of Wied as Albanian King

A NEWS agency despatch from London says: Bulgaria has informed Austria that the reported plan for reinstatement of Prince William, of Wied, on the Albanian throne would be regarded as an act of hostility, according to a Rome wireless despatch.

Prince William organized bands of Albanian irregulars and co-operated with the Austrians in harassing



WILLIAM OF WIED.

Serbs and Montenegrins during the recent fighting. William of Wied had a chequered career since first the Teutonic powers proposed him as ruler of Albania a few years ago. That turbulent strip of territory was largely under the sway of Essad Pasha when William went to assume the crown, and things finally became so hot that the Teuton princeling hurried home for health considerations. Now that the Kaiser wants to put him back in Albania, Bulgaria has objections.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

Hon. Mr. Macdormid is Working Hard for Highway Cause.

Hon. Findlay G. Macdormid, Minister of Public Works in Ontario, is giving real leadership to the good roads movement. Within the past three weeks two gatherings have been held in Toronto that have an important bearing on highway improvement. The first was a conference of road supervisors, the second of its kind, brought about by the department. Here the men who have most to do with county road construction and maintenance held a round-table discussion, where ideas and methods were freely exchanged. These men, it is safe to say, return to their counties as active propagandists for highway betterment.

The second gathering was the annual meeting of the Ontario Good Roads Association. In speaking to the members of this association the Minister said that good roads were an economic necessity and not a luxury as was often supposed. While it was true the country was passing through a period of stress, he did not think the pinch was as severe now as it was eighteen months ago. There was abroad a feeling of composure and confidence that was truly remarkable. "This is not a time for reckless expenditure," he said, "neither is it a time for standing still. The Ontario Government asks your co-operation. We hope for great prosperity and great immigration after the war, and we want to be prepared to meet it."

Since the new Highway Act was brought into force at the beginning of the year, making an increased Government grant for county roads, Frontenac county has been the first to take advantage of its provisions, and has asked for the appointment of a commission to determine a suburban area around Kingston. This commission will shortly be named, but little actual construction is likely to be done until the war ends.

The counties in the Province that are now linked up with the Government in the good roads movement are: Carleton, Frontenac, Halton, Haldimand, Hastings, Lanark, Leeds and Grenville, Lincoln, Lennox and Addington, Middlesex, Oxford, Peel, Perth, Prince Edward, Simcoe, Waterloo, Welland, Wellington, Wentworth, York.

At the coming session of the Legislature it is likely that some provision will be made to finance road expenditures. The million dollars voted in 1912 has been used up, and it is a question of policy now under the new Act whether the money will be voted in a lump sum, or a statute passed under which all payments may be authorized without any special vote of the House.

Wood Wanted.

So scarce and costly is wood in Persia (reports the American Vice-Consul at Teheran) that even the branches of trees that are removed from the groves of walnuts when the size of a man's finger are carefully collected and transported to the towns to be used for firewood and for other purposes.

Major at Twenty-three.

The youngest major in the British army is said to be Major Grogan, of the 33rd Monmouthshire Regiment, now stationed at Oswestry. He was promoted to that rank when he was under twenty-three years of age.

Inventor of Famous Fokker Aeroplane Is Dutchman by Birth

MINHEER FOKKER, the inventor of the monoplane which has created havoc and consternation in Great Britain and France, is a native of Holland and is said to be not more than twenty-three or twenty-four years old. He has spent the greater part of his life in Germany, but would appear to be thoroughly familiar with the French flying machines.

The appearance of the Fokker is almost identical with that of the French Morane monoplane, which was often used by Gustave Hamel and which was used by Brock in England in the early part of 1914 in winning the race from Hendon to Manchester and back, while the rotary engines of the Fokker are declared to be German copies of the French Gnome, though claimed to be the Mercedes engine of 200 horse-power.

The bullet proof deviators attached to the blades of the Fokker, rendering the machine almost immune from the fire of the enemy, are said



MINHEER FOKKER.

by the French to be the invention of one of their fliers, Garros, who was captured by the Germans in Flanders only a few months ago.

Fokker, apparently the guiding genius in German monoplane activity, had this bullet proof device on his machines which first attracted the attention of his adversaries last December. During that month he and his assistants brought down sixteen British aeroplanes without damage to their own machines. The French loss is believed to have been fully as large, although statistics in this as in all French casualties have been withheld from the public.

The chief value of the Fokker is its speed, this being over a hundred miles an hour and exceeding by twenty-five or thirty miles an hour anything which the British or the French monoplanes can accomplish, and Fokker himself seems to be responsible for this unique feature of his machine. The gun is stationary. The flier has only to steer the monoplane.

In action the Fokker rises swiftly to a great height, 1,500 feet or more and above the air craft of the British and French, and there it awaits the appearance below of the enemy. Then it stands on its head and dives, sending down a stream of bullets which forms a cone, at the apex of which is its own gun. The cylinder covers every inch of the victim's immediate area of escape. Two men operate the steering gear, and a passenger is apt to be found in front working a machine gun in those cases when the Fokker is able to take range directly behind its enemy, aiming then along a straight line which covers the enemy's pilot, engine, and tanks, destroying or injuring everything in one fusillade.

About five years ago Fokker made his appearance in the German flying corps, and his first monoplane was received with such small enthusiasm there that the invention was offered to the British Government. Some English experts examined it, recommended it as being uncapable, but so badly constructed that it made the flier's life anything but secure. They therefore declined to recommend its purchase by Britain.

Nothing more was heard of Fokker except in a general way until his formidable new monoplanes entered the field last December.

Blue Uniforms Barred.

Among other steps taken by the Canadian hospital authorities towards bringing back to health men who have been invalided home from the front is the abolition of the blue hospital uniform, which is declared to have a harmful effect on convalescence.

\$70,000 Conscience Money.

The Chancellor of the British Exchequer has just received \$615 in one amount as conscience money. That is nothing compared with the \$70,000 which the Chancellor received in 1841 from a person who stated that he had made that much in several years' smuggling.

All Silos Are Good.

There is no one silo that has all of the good points. But any silo has enough good points to make it a paying investment.

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The twelve pages of Millinery show much smarter styles than usually found in Mail Order Catalogues.

There are over forty remarkable Chain Bargains, two of which are reproduced below. These special offers cover many necessary items, and they are displayed throughout the Catalogue in such a way that you cannot miss them. Send for these two bargains to-day and read about the many others.

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T. EATON CO. LIMITED
TORONTO - CANADA

WORDS IN FETTERS.

Many Expressions That Are Slaves to the Tyranny of Custom.

There is no bondage more galling than that of custom, and it is inescapable also. Words which by nature have a wide latitude of real and metaphorical meaning are fettered to a single significance by the custom of using them more commonly in one way than in another.

When it was announced that a preacher had been sued for "breach of promise" every one at all interested in the case immediately assumed that he had declined to marry a woman whom he had agreed to make his wife. As he had a wife already, there were the elements of a scandal in the report. But it seems that the minister is not accused of breaking his promise to marry, but his promise to pay certain sums of money in a business contract. "Breach of promise," however, is chained so securely to the post of a single meaning that it connotes but one idea in the popular mind.

"Elope" is another word that is not free. It means merely to run away, but only people who run away to marry surreptitiously are allowed to elope. "Notoriety" is simply the state of being known. A notorious man, however, is a man of bad reputation. "Suggestiveness" likewise means merely having the ability to suggest, but it is used in a bad sense. And "criticism," however much it would like to describe friendly as well as hostile comment, finds itself unable to convey any meaning save that of faultfinding. The number of such slaves might be multiplied indefinitely to prove that words are but symbols that mean what we agree they shall mean and not what their ancestry would justify us in supposing that they do mean.

Same Thing.

Sharp-I punctuated my tire the other day. Friend-Punctuated! You mean punctured, I suppose. Sharp-P'rap I do; but, anyway, I came to a full stop.

Any Headache

-Sick
-Nervous
-Dyspeptic
-Monthly

Cured by Zutoo

AMUSING POLITENESS.

When a Couple of Natives Pass the Time of Day in Japan.

I had always heard that there was lots of politeness in Japan, but I had hardly expected to find that it often blocked traffic. When two Japanese meet on the narrow streets you've got to wait until the ceremony is over or go around. On meeting they do not shake hands and have it over with, as we do back home, but begin bowing and each asking the other the latest news from his worshipful ancestors. It would be an open insult-smack in the face-for one Japanese to meet another without asking him how his ancestors fared. Their ancestors are always an open subject for discussion. A Jap is never too busy to engage in conversation about his dear, departed forbears. The weather can look out for itself. The gripping topic is how some of the ancestors are getting along who passed to their reward a couple of hundred years ago.

When two Japanese meet they stop squarely in the middle of the street and begin bowing. Their bow is not just a twitch of the head. Instead of that it begins at the waist, sweeping over the entire upper part of the body, even to the outlying hands, bending the figure over until it looks like a great inverted V teetering for a moment on one prong. There are traces of the colonial in their bow, with a pronounced military strain running through it.

When they are doubled over one of them says to the other, "Oh, honored sir, to what do I owe my great good fortune that I have the pleasure of meeting such an esteemed man this day?"

The other man, with his head down, comes quickly back with: "You do me a great honor with such words, and I only wish that I were worthy of them. May I crave your indulgence while I ask how your stomach finds itself this morning?"

The first concern of one Japanese on meeting another is to know how the other's stomach fares, and after this momentous question is settled they pass on to their ancestors, who while the conversation is on the stomach have to take a back seat.

Advancing Ideals.

"How is your daughter progressing in music?"
"Well," replied Mr. Cumrox, "I think her taste is improving. She is getting so she thinks enough of some of those songs not to try to sing them."-Washington Star.

\$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery of whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

Queer Looking Worms.

New Zealand, Australia, the Samoan and the Solomon Islands as well as portions of the Hawaiian group are the homes of various species of worms with thick, heavy bodies and with a well defined neck connecting the body with a head that is a startling reminder of that of the monkey. In the Sandwich Islands they are called "me-ta-lu-ki," which means "creeper with a child's head." An old New Zealand legend says that at one time they were of immense proportions and threatened the extinction of all human life on the islands.

North American Camels.

Camels were common in North America during the miocene epoch, and several forms have been found. One was about the size of a sheep and is supposed to be the ancestor of modern camels and llamas. Others were large and had long necks like the giraffe. All these ancient camels had hoofs like cattle.

A Pungent Player.

The comedian had his benefit and, thankful for the patronage of "kind friends in front," let off this impromptu, which was applauded:

Like a grate full of coals I glow,
A great full house to see,
And were I not grateful, too,
A great fool I should be.

-London Mail.

Road Edges.

Experts estimate that unused land lying at either side of the country roads is capable in many cases of bearing 500 bushels of corn to the mile strip. Thousands of miles of the best European roads are only a rod wide, but Uncle Sam's edge trimming is largely a matter of theory.-Exchange.

BIG PULL OF THE ROBIN.

To See it at its Strongest Watch Him Get Breakfast.

Relatively speaking, the robin has more pull than the wildest politician that ever drew breath or a contract. We mean, of course, in comparison to their sizes. By similar comparison, he's stouter than a 100 horsepower stump puller or a steel magnet. If you want to see him test his strength get up early some seasonable morning, go out on the lawn and watch your friend, the robin, grubbing for worms.

You'll have to be early because the robin is. Likewise the robin is early because the worm is! Earthworms, you know, crawl out of their underground tunnels at nighttime and feed on dead leaves and grasses scattered over the lawns. The robin gets his breakfast before the worms have time to get far down in their burrows.

Mr. Robin goes hopping around over the grass like a boy in a sack race with his feet tied, stopping to inspect a hole so tiny that you'd never see it. He shoots his bill down in the hole, gives his head a little twist-yes, he's found a worm.

Then begins the tug of war. With the end of the worm fast in his bill the robin braces his legs and pulls. He doesn't jerk the worm out. If he did the worm might break, and you'd seldom see a robin get only half a worm. No, he plays with it like a skillful angler who has caught a big fish on his line. Little by little the worm gives way, and presto, the robin has him in his mouth.

Once in a great while a young robin, who hasn't learned the art yet, will be caught off his balance by a sudden release of the worm and go tumbling on his back. But that doesn't happen often.

Want of care does us more damage than want of knowledge.

Thousands Take

this mild, family remedy to avoid illness, and to improve and protect their health. They keep their blood pure, their livers active, their bowels regular and digestion sound and strong with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

MARCH 14, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

7

The Kokuro Vase

How It Established a Man's Good Name

By CLARISSA MACKIE

"It is understood that I purchase the house as it stands now, with all of its contents," warned John Day, as he sat in the office of the Japanese agent.

The Japanese bowed deferentially. "Yes, Mr. Day, it shall be as you desire. My clerk has made an inventory of the contents of the Tatsuyo house, and you will find that not even a shoji is out of place or a kakemono missing from the walls."

John Day nodded approval, and before the day closed he found himself the owner of the Tokyo residence of the late Henry Burdick, a self exiled American, whom he had known many years ago in the United States.

The house sat back from the street perhaps a hundred feet and was surrounded by a high stone wall without a door or any other sign of entrance to break its rough surface.

At the end of the wall was a red lacquered gate that led into a narrow lane bordered on either side by bamboos, whose feathery tops interlaced and formed a pale green roof overhead.

Halfway down this lane of bamboos was a door set in the wall leading straight into the garden of the house purchased by John Day. This was the main entrance and led up a flower bordered path to the veranda of the house.

Farther down the lane there was another door in the wall that gave entrance to the kitchen gardens and the servants' quarters.

The Tatsuyo house, as the place was called in reference to the original builder and owner of the pretty residence, was now the home of John Day.

On that first evening spent in his new home Day wandered from one room to another with the inventory in his hands, checking off the contents of each apartment, until he felt assured that since the day of Henry Burdick's death not one article had been disturbed.

Henry Burdick's will had been a brief one. It directed that the house be sold and the proceeds, together with certain securities, be given to his relatives in New England. To John Day's surprise, he found himself named as an executor of the will.

It was a surprise because he and Henry Burdick were bitter enemies and had been since Day had discovered that Henry Burdick had deeply wronged him in a business matter and fled to Japan. Day's appearance in Tokyo a few days before Burdick's death was purely accidental, and he did not know that Burdick was aware of his presence. But the hastily drawn will and naming of Day as an executor gave color to his suspicion that Burdick had known of his presence in the Japanese capital and for some reason had desired to bring him in close touch with his affairs.

In their youth these two men had both been employed by the same firm of jewelers. A magnificent diamond was missed from the safe, and suspicion was divided between John Day and Henry Burdick. Burdick managed to clear himself of blame, but John Day was judged guilty by his firm, but permitted to remain with it and repay the value of the missing gem.

By denying himself of everything, even the barest necessities, by remaining unmarried and devoting himself entirely to earning and saving money to pay back something which he had never taken, John Day had worked for twenty years. And now, forty-five years old, he found himself clear of debt to the jewelry firm of which he had been elected an honored member and was taking a well earned vacation and a trip around the world. It was a strange coincidence that landed him in Tokyo a few days before Henry Burdick's death, and that brought him into close touch with the affairs of the man who had deeply wronged him, for Day had always believed Burdick guilty.

"If Burdick had that diamond and never disposed of it, and I can find no trace of it in any of the markets of the world, then it is either untouched among his possessions or else he dropped it in midocean," mused John Day as he completed the inventory of the contents of the house.

He was strongly of the opinion that Burdick had concealed the diamond somewhere in the house, trusting to John Day to discover it and thus, in a fashion, right the great wrong that had been done.

The drawing room of the house was the most promising place, for it was furnished in a style that combined the rich simplicity of the orient with all the comforts of the occident.

John Day lingered long in this room before he went into the library adjoining. This room was a replica of the other, save that the walls were lined with bookshelves, which were burdened with curios.

Here Henry Burdick had spent many hours, and this was the room which must have witnessed his remorse if he had ever felt any for the dishonor he had brought upon John Day.

John Day touched a bell and summoned the house boy. It happened that he had been fortunate enough to engage the same faithful Japanese who had served Henry Burdick during his long residence in Tokyo.

"Hatsu," began John Day, looking keenly at the impassive face of the oriental, "I wish to ask you a few questions concerning the last hours of your late master, Mr. Burdick."

"Yes, honorable," returned the man, but Day fancied that the impassivity of his face was broken by a quiver of surprise.

"Did Mr. Burdick appear to be particularly concerned about any matter? Was he troubled in mind?"

"He had that appearance," returned Hatsu cautiously, after long thought. "In what way?" asked Day sharply.

"He talked much to himself, and he was usually a silent man," said Hatsu thoughtfully. "One day, the very day he passed out into the hands of the gods, I found him wandering about the rooms, looking into hole and corner, and he was muttering words."

"What words?"

"I could not make for sure, honorable," returned the man after another interval of thought, "but it seemed that he wished to hide something, for he said over and over that he must conceal it, yet it must be found. 'Hidden and found, hidden and found,' those were his words."

"I was alarmed at his behavior, and I ran out for help. When I returned he was stretched on the floor of this room senseless, and it was later in the day that he died without a word."

"And you found nothing in the room—the thing that he might have tried to conceal?" questioned Day.

"Nothing, excellency," returned Hatsu.

Day dismissed him, and later in the evening when all the servants had retired to their quarters John Day made an exhaustive search of the house. He left the library till the last, and it was long after midnight when he turned into that dimly lighted room.

He looked around. Where would he conceal a large diamond as big as a hazel nut if he had been minded to conceal such a gem?

Under the rug? Within the vase? In a niche of the carving? Within that grinning idol?

There were a score of places to choose from. He began with the rug, groping carefully over every inch of their surface for the missing stone.

The rug refused to divulge the secret. Then the innumerable curios. The grinning idol when shaken gave back a dust of sandalwood and a smell of joss sticks. The ivory elephant refused to offer any hiding place.

The Kokuro vase on the mantelpiece—

John Day looked at its graceful outlines. There was a gray surface traced with delicate cherry boughs and flying birds. The neck was very small. He took it down and examined it. The missing diamond would never have entered that tiny orifice, yet it must be somewhere.

Suddenly in the silent house there came a sound.

John Day extinguished the light, replaced the vase and stepped behind a carved screen.

Into the darkened room came a bent form holding a lighted lantern. The glow of the light showed the tense features of—Hatsu, the house boy.

He looked furtively around, and then his feet led him swiftly to the mantelpiece, where he took down the Kokuro vase. He glanced over his shoulder into the dusky corners, turned the vase upside down and shook it vigorously. Just as he replaced it there came the sound of another step in the room, and there was the evil countenance of the gardener peering in.

Hatsu turned, saw him, and instantly the two men leaped for each other's throat.

They wrestled silently, each one struggling for a death hold. John Day, standing there behind the screen, marveled at the deadly struggle.

What was it that each one desired—the Kokuro vase?

He stepped forward, removed the vase from its place and slipped it in his pocket. Then as the forms remained silent on the floor he glanced once at them, and, convinced that they would fight it out between them, he went upstairs to his own bedroom and locked every door and window.

He wrapped the vase in a cloth and then shattered it against the edge of his trunk. When he unwrapped the broken pieces there fell into his hands an envelope rolled into a tube. In one end was something round and hard. The envelope was sealed with Burdick's private seal, and on the outside it was addressed to the firm of jewelers in New York of which John Day was now a member.

He slipped the sealed envelope into his inner pocket, and then, his search ended, he went to the library to discover that the fighting servants had vanished. He never saw either of them again.

John Day's trip around the world ended there and then. He took the next steamer for San Francisco, and six weeks later he stepped into the private office of his firm with Henry Burdick's confession and the missing diamond.

Why the guilty man had deferred his confession until the day of his death and why he had never had the courage to use his ill gotten gains no one ever knew. The great diamond had been a curse to him, and its possession had undoubtedly shortened his miserable life.

Now that he was vindicated in the eyes of his fellow men John Day married the girl he loved and retired from business. But he directed that the house in Tokyo be sold, and so the lovely house in the garden by the lane of bamboos has passed into other hands.

As for the shattered Kokuro vase, John Day treasures it highly. He has had it repaired, and it occupies the place of honor in his library.

DANGER IN MUSHY FOODS.

They Affect the Saliva and Lack Necessary Mineral Elements.

If you want to prevent your teeth from decaying keep your saliva alkaline. The saliva has two functions, the first of which is to saturate the food while it is being chewed and to prepare it for the action of the gastric juice. The second, and no less important, is to keep the teeth and the cavities of the mouth clean.

In an article in the Medical Review of Reviews T. Benedict Furniss says that we have got so far away from natural life that only five persons in 100 have alkaline saliva.

Chewing stimulates the salivary glands. Soft, starchy, mushy foods, from which the mineral salts have been extracted, need little or no chewing, so the salivary glands are not stimulated. And they do not supply the mineral elements that are necessary to the fluids of the body. Such foods stick between the teeth and in the recesses of the mouth, where they ferment and decay and become the breeding ground for bacteria. The bacteria generate acids which eat away the substance of the teeth, making holes in which more food lodges, and so the evil process goes on.

The normal alkaline saliva is one of the best of the protectors of the body against the attack of bacteria. Not only is the saliva slightly bactericidal, but its alkalinity counteracts the acids produced by these bacteria.

Starchy foods should always be accompanied by fruits or berries, for the acid in these has the peculiar property of changing to an alkali in the body, and besides, they are the best of stimulants for the salivary glands.

Coal Mines of Holland.

Though the coal mines of Holland have not been developed to any great extent, yet it is known that extensive beds underlie Limburg, the most southerly province. Strange as it may seem, the coal mines of Holland are probably the most ancient, their records showing workings near Kerkrade as early as 1113. The pits now owned and worked by the state were for many centuries exploited by monks from the abbey of Kloosterade, who continued their mining operations until as late as 1795. The pits, now named the Wilhelmina, the Emma and the Hendrik, gave employment to 167 officials and 4,332 pit men.

A Sort of a Bull.

One day Pat and Mike got into an argument over the height of a mutual friend. For awhile the discussion was quite animated, and finally they began to produce money.

"O' tell yez that he is six feet high!" emphatically declared Mike, holding out his hand. "An', phat's more, here's 50 cints to prove it."

"G'wan, g'wan!" came back Pat in a loud voice. "O'ill bet yez fifty that he couldn't look over the top av that stone wall."

"Shure, an' that stone wall is more than six feet high," declared Mike, glancing at the structure, "but O'ill bet yez that he could do it with his hat on."

A Wise Doctor.

Some time ago Brown began to feel a little under the weather, and a physician was summoned. A few days later a friend called to see how the patient was getting along.

"Sorry to see you panned up, old boy," remarked the caller sympathetically. "What seems to be the trouble?"

"Just run down a bit," answered the patient. "The doctor says I will be all right in a short time."

"I see," thoughtfully returned the visitor. "I understand the doctor told you to take plenty of fresh air."

"Yes," smiled the patient. "He knew it was the only kind of medicine that I could afford to get."—Exchange.

WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XII.—First Quarter, For March 19, 1916.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Acts viii, 4-17. Memory Verses, 5, 6—Golden Text, Acts viii, 30, 1, c.—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The persecution of the saints, which began with the murder of Stephen, continued under Saul as a leader or at least a very active persecutor, for he is said to have entered every house and committed men and women to prison. The persecution was so great that it is said that all the believers, except the apostles, were scattered abroad through Judea and Samaria, but they went everywhere preaching the word, and thus God made the wrath of man to praise Him (verses 1-4; Ps. lxxvi, 10). Philip, the second of the seven Spirit filled men who were chosen to serve tables, now comes to the front as a preacher and is the prominent worker in the rest of this chapter. First we see him preaching Christ in the city of Samaria and working miracles, the people giving heed with one accord so that there was great joy in that city, many men and women believing the words of Philip concerning Jesus Christ and the kingdom of God and confessing the same by baptism (verses 5-8, 12).

There was a man in Samaria, who had been bewitching and deceiving the people by sorcery, drawing people to himself as a great man, but when he saw greater works wrought by Philip he naturally became interested and professed himself a believer and was baptized. But Peter and John, having come from Jerusalem to help in the good work, found him out when he offered them money if they would give him the power of the Holy Spirit (verses 9-25). The gifts of God cannot be bought, nor does a true messenger of Christ ever seek any honor or glory for himself, for the Lord Jesus never sought His own will nor His own glory and told the people that they could not believe unless they sought honor from God only (John v, 30, 44; vi, 38; viii, 50). The Holy Spirit never honors any mere man; but through men honors Jesus Christ.

We must cease from men and see no man save Jesus only (Isa. li, 22; Mark ix, 9). When Peter and John had helped the believers in Samaria they also preached the word of the Lord in many Samaritan villages as they journeyed back to Jerusalem (14 to 17 and 25). The Lord Jesus had said before His ascension that when they received the power of the Holy Spirit they would be His witnesses not only in Jerusalem and Samaria, but unto the uttermost part of the earth (Acts i, 8). The first part was being fulfilled, but some of the ends of the earth have not heard yet after nearly 1,900 years. How great is His patience! In the power of God, manifest in the words and works of the apostles and evangelists, we have seen something of the interest of heaven in the work of giving the good news to men. We have also seen the ministry of angels in taking Peter and John out of prison and sending them to preach in the temple (chapter v, 19, 20), and now, while Philip is busy in the midst of this great work in Samaria, a messenger from heaven is sent to him to tell him to leave it all and go away down to the desert road from Jerusalem to Gaza, but seemingly without giving any reason as to why he should do this.

Did ever a busy preacher of the gospel receive such a strange command? There did not seem to be any reason or common sense in it, but rather an interference with a great soul saving work. Might not Philip seem justified in saying, as Nehemiah once did, "I am doing a great work, so that I cannot come down?" (Neh. vi, 3). It was an evil spirit who was seeking Nehemiah, but it was the risen Christ who sent His angel to Philip because he saw a man of Ethiopia returning from Jerusalem without having heard the gospel, although the apostles were at Jerusalem. I see two or three important things here—the necessity of trying the spirits to see whether they are of God (I John iv, 1-3), the necessity of always making plain the way of life in Christ lest some hungry seeking soul may go away without knowing how to be saved and the necessity of prompt obedience when God speaks, no matter how unreasonable it may seem to us.

We are glad to read that Philip arose and went (verse 27). If he had any doubts as to whether he would probably have been hindered; but, like Samuel, he was a man of God and had an ear for God and a willing heart. It is certainly most interesting to see this traveler, this treasurer of the queen of Ethiopia, reading the book of Isaiah as he journeyed and to be just at the place which told of a suffering Messiah, which we call Isa. liii, 7, 8, when a stranger approached the chariot, and, hearing the words being read (for he was evidently reading or being read to aloud), he asked, "Understandest thou what thou readest?" Then followed the invitation to Philip to ride and to explain the Scripture, and we see a heart opened to receive Jesus Christ as Saviour and Messiah, a desire and readiness to confess Him in baptism, and a truly happy man went on his way rejoicing, having found in his chariot, by the word of God, what he had not found in Jerusalem. The Spirit of the Lord, who controlled Philip (verses 29, 30), carried him to Azotus, and he went on preaching everywhere.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Literary Beginners.

Robert W. Chambers gave this advice to the literary beginner some years ago, says the London Strand, and it holds good today:

"Have something to say and learn by experience how to say it. The important thing, to be sure, is something to say. The trouble with most people who try to write stories is that they have nothing to write about. Next, don't talk about it; do it. A writer can make his own market."

"It is the only way to do. Write what appeals to you and find a publisher who will take it. Don't go to a publisher and ask him what he wants. Make him want what you have to offer. If it is the real thing you won't have much difficulty. You will 'break into print' with your first effort."

The Janizaries.

The Janizaries were the most fearless soldiers the Turkish empire has ever known, and they were not Turks. It has been said that the most zealous religionist is the convert to the faith, and so it was with these converted Christians. When they took the faith of Mohammed under Sultan Orkhan in 1330 and formed the nucleus of his bodyguard they became the most extreme Mussulmans. It was they who stormed the walls of Constantinople in 1453, the city that had hitherto been considered impregnable.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Franklin's Fate Prefigured.

The fate of Franklin, the famous explorer, was unwittingly prefigured and on the eve of his starting on his last voyage at the hands of his own devoted wife. As he lay dozing on a sofa Lady Franklin threw something over his feet, on which he awoke in consternation, saying: "Why, there's a flag thrown over me! Don't you know that they lay a union jack over a corpse?"

A City Once Too Loyal.

Bristol has always been a loyal city and once displayed its loyalty to its own eminent disadvantage. When Henry VII. paid the city a visit in 1490 the citizens turned out in such style to welcome him that the miserly monarch, casting an eye upon the fiery displayed, promptly levied an impost of £20 on each inhabitant "because their wives went too fine."—London Chronicle.

The Lamp of a Man's Life.

Dr. Holmes said the lamp of a man's life has three wicks—brain, blood and breath—and to turn down any one of them makes the other two go out. The wounds a man will survive and even disregard so long as his head, heart and lungs are unharmed have long been one of the wonders of war history.

Voltaire and the Doctors.

Voltaire despised doctors and, like Macbeth, thought it well to "throw physic to the dogs." The French author once said, "A physician is a man who pours drugs of which he knows little into the body of a man of which he knows less."

Attentive.

"Is Watson still paying attention to that widow he was courting two years ago?"

"You bet he is. They are married now, and he has to pay strict attention to everything she says."

Fame.

Little Lemuel—What is fame, paw? Paw—Fame, son, is a high ladder with grease on each rung.—Exchange.

The Loss of an Eye.

The loss of an eye, it is stated, deprives the individual of one-sixth of the field of vision. The power of attention is also lost, so that a person with one eye cannot hit a given point until he becomes accustomed to the changed conditions.

Impressed Her.

"You will never be able to make her believe that he is a liar."

"I wonder why?"

"I believe that he once told her she was beautiful."

He Was Out.

Short—If the collector calls with that bill tell him I'm out. Mrs. Short—But that would be a lie. Short—No, it wouldn't; I'm out of cash, ain't I?

The Wretch.

Ethel—Did you tell the reporter that your engagement was a secret? Marie—Yes, and the horrid thing never put it in the paper at all.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have no Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Bilelessness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

A REPRESENTATIVE WANTED AT ONCE FOR Carleton Place and District For the Old Reliable

FONTHILL NURSERIES

Farmers! Why remain idle all Winter when you can take up a paying agency?

Choice list of varieties for Spring Planting. Liberal Terms. Handsome Free Outfit. Exclusive Territory. Write now for particulars.

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PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.

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UNION BANK OF CANADA

Give Your Wife an Interest

in the family's financial progress by opening a Joint Account in the Union Bank of Canada, in her name and your own. You will find it a very convenient arrangement for then either can attend to the banking when in town, making deposits or withdrawing money. In case of death, the balance automatically goes to the survivor.

Carleton Place Branch—D. B. OLIVER, Manager.
Stittsville Branch—W. A. BURCHILL, Manager.
Kinburn Branch—T. McMILLAN, Manager.
Pakenham Branch—A. C. HOFFMAN, Manager.

What a 25 p.c. Increase For Trainmen Would Mean in Wages

THE demands being made by organizations of railway train service employees on Western railways for a 25% increase in wages, a demand which affects Canadian as well as the United States railways, would mean the disbursement of no less than \$100,000,000 a year. In order to acquaint the public with some of the facts in the case the Executive Committee of the Association of Western Railways has issued the following statement:

TRAINMEN DEMAND A WAGE INCREASE OF \$100,000,000.
The average yearly compensation of all engineers on the railroads of the United States in 1914 was \$1,771; of all conductors, \$1,533; of all firemen, \$1,037; of all trainmen, \$1,023. These employees number 309,000. The 1,381,000 other employees averaged a year.

(From Statistics of Interstate Commerce Commission.)

WHAT A 25 PER CENT. WAGE INCREASE MEANS.

For doing exactly the same work they now are and have been doing, railway engineers and trainmen are demanding a wage increase of \$100,000,000, or an average of over \$300 a year for each man. To give the same rate of increase to all railway employees would add over \$330,000,000 a year to the payrolls of the roads. That is nearly equal to all the net railway dividends paid in 1914, and more than those paid in 1913. One-third of the railway stock paid in no dividends in 1914.

TRAINMEN GET THEIR FULL SHARE.

The railway engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen who demand \$100,000,000 a year more pay for the same work constitute about 18 per cent. of the total railway employees and now receive 23 per cent. of the total wages paid.

Back of the demand for 25 per cent. more pay for these highest paid employees is a thinly-veiled threat to stop every train in the country if the raise in pay is refused. Are the rights of other railway employees, the stockholders and the public not to be considered in this issue?

Excepting engineers and firemen, who collectively get the highest wages of all railway employees, those in other branches of train service are paid much more on the average than all other employees of the roads. On Western railroads the average yearly compensation of conductors in 1914 was \$1,593, and of other trainmen was \$1,058. The average wages on Western roads are slightly higher than on Eastern lines. The following figures, taken from actual payrolls of Eastern railroads in 1912, show the average hours on duty per day or trip for all trainmen, as follows:

Service	Conductors	Flagmen and Baggage Masters	Brakemen
Through passenger.....	6.08	6.52	6.08
Local passenger.....	6.10	6.12	6.06
Suburban passenger.....	6.38	6.12	6.37
Fast freight.....	9.38	9.25	9.38
Slow freight.....	11.40	11.41	11.40
Local and Pick-up freight.....	12.04	12.01	12.04
Work and Wreck train.....	11.58	11.53	11.55

What the conductors and trainmen actually earned during the same year is shown in the following table:

CONDUCTORS	
1,064 conductors (6.7 per cent.)	earned less than \$1,000 a year.
1,982 conductors (6.8 per cent.)	earned from \$1,000 to \$1,100 a year.
3,895 conductors (12 per cent.)	earned from \$1,100 to \$1,200 a year.
2,706 conductors (17.4 per cent.)	earned from \$1,200 to \$1,300 a year.
2,743 conductors (17.4 per cent.)	earned from \$1,300 to \$1,400 a year.
2,391 conductors (14.7 per cent.)	earned from \$1,400 to \$1,500 a year.
1,482 conductors (9.3 per cent.)	earned from \$1,500 to \$1,600 a year.
548 conductors (5.9 per cent.)	earned \$1,600 to \$1,700 a year.
446 conductors (4.1 per cent.)	earned \$1,700 to \$1,800 a year.
392 conductors (5.6 per cent.)	earned over \$1,800 a year.
OTHER TRAINMEN	
5,446 other trainmen (18.9 per cent.)	earned from \$1,000 to \$1,100.
3,394 other trainmen (11.8 per cent.)	earned from \$1,100 to \$1,200.
1,745 other trainmen (6 per cent.)	earned from \$1,200 to \$1,300.
578 other trainmen (2 per cent.)	earned from \$1,300 to \$1,400.
540 other trainmen (1.9 per cent.)	earned from \$1,400 to \$1,500.
133 other trainmen (0.4 per cent.)	earned from \$1,500 to \$1,600.
2	earned \$1,700.

Without expecting any change whatever in their hours of service, the engineers, firemen and trainmen on all the railroads in this country, and some in Canada, are demanding a wage increase of 25 per cent. amounting to \$100,000,000 a year.

March Rod and Gun.

March Rod and Gun has interesting table of contents for the year of outdoor life. Bonnydale Dale contributes the leading article "The New Sport for the Spring Duck Shooter"; E. V. Williams writes of "Jim's Fox"; R. J. Fraser of "The Men who can't come back"; Norman Lett describes a "Three Weeks' Canoe Trip in Algonquin Park"; and E. O. Perrin contributes the story of "Blanchard's Trap," the hero in which sets out to capture a bear and succeeds in landing an even more valuable and quite unexpected prize. There are other stories as good as these and besides the regular departments devoted to Guns and Ammunition, Fishing Notes, The Trap, The Kennel, etc., are calculated to attract sportsmen who are interested in matters of this kind. Rod and Gun is published by W. J. Taylor, Woodstock, Ont.

St. Mary's aimed at \$12,000 for the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and collected \$18,000 in two days.

A gift of 25 band instruments, the full complement for an overseas force has been presented by Mr. A. C. Hardy, of Brockville, to the 256th Battalion, Leeds and Grenville overseas corps. The military band will be organized at once.

The following is the Honor Roll for S.S. No. 9 Beckwith, for the month of February: Sr. IV—1, Eric Simpson, 2, Lorne McFarlane, 3, Isabel McLaren. Jr. IV—1, Violet Turner, 2, Dorothy McEae. Sr. III—1, Vera Campbell, 2, Rebecca McLaren, 3, Grant Timmons. Sr. II—1, Wilhelmine Switzer, 2, Gordon McEae. Sr. I—1, Peter Timmons, 2, Annie Robertson. Sr. Primer—1, John Fumerton, 2, Orville Turner. Jr. Primer—1, Ernest Robertson, 2, Gerald Campbell.

CARLETON PLACE COUNCIL.

The regular monthly meeting of the Carleton Place Town Council was held last night, Mayor Smythe in the chair and every member of Council present. The minutes of previous meeting were read and confirmed.

A petition was presented, signed by Mr. John Dolan and others, asking to have drain on Town Line from property of John Duck lowered so as to carry away surplus water. Referred to Street Committee.

A letter was read from the Salvation Army, soliciting a grant. No action.

A receipt was read from the C.C.G.P. Hospital at Ottawa acknowledging the grant of \$100 recently forwarded.

A number of accounts were read and referred.

The Mayor and Messrs. Pattie and Chief Wilson reported that they had waited upon Capt. Bates regarding a night patrol, and he had agreed to place three men on duty, subject to the Chief's orders, and they are now on duty.

The Mayor reported that he had received several complaints about the icicles hanging from the roofs over the pavements, and had instructed the owners of the properties referred to to have same removed.

Mr. McNeely, for the Fire and Light Committee, reported that a deputation from the Fire Company had waited upon them suggesting that the Council procure new uniforms for the men.

The matter was left in the hands of the Committee, to have the present uniforms repaired and cleaned and put in shape for the present.

Moved by Mr. Pattie, seconded by Mr. Nichols, that the following accounts be paid and that the Mayor grant the necessary orders on the Treasurer.

Morgan & Co., insurance.....	\$25 00
J. R. Edwards, relief, etc.....	2 10
Wm. Warren, wood.....	33 75
John Baird, repairs to wagon.....	2 50
C. F. Burgess, hay and oats.....	20 10
W. J. Bailey, team to station.....	2 00
Municipal World, blanks, etc.....	19 10
Pay sheet, No. 1.....	38 10
Pay sheet, No. 2.....	33 98
A. T. Hudson, insurance.....	25 00
W. C. Maguire, hay.....	5 50
Peter Turner, hay.....	22 40
Taylor Bros., sundries.....	18 76

—Carried.

The matter of insurance on the town property was very fully discussed, and referred to the Finance Committee to look into and report.

Mr. Bates referred to the plan adopted in many places of paying the taxes in instalments, and a general discussion ensued. The Mayor suggested that the Council think the matter over for future action.

Council adjourned at 9 o'clock.

Said to Have Been 116 Years of Age.

After a two days' illness the death occurred at her home near Harlem, Leeds county, on March 3rd, of Jane Chapman, wife of Thos. Chapman. The deceased had attained a great age. She was born in the county of Antrim, Ireland, and came to this country about the year 1812, when she was twelve years of age. This was the year of the short oats in Ireland. This she had many times stated. According to her own account, she was 116 years of age a few months ago. She was married late in life, and about a year ago Mr. and Mrs. Chapman celebrated their golden wedding. She was a kind and loving wife, and will be greatly missed by her husband and neighbors.

Marriage at Scotch Corners.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Armstrong, Scotch Corners, was the scene of a very pretty but quiet wedding last Tuesday afternoon, at three o'clock, when their second daughter, Mary Isabel, became the bride of William Ernest Miller, only son of Mr. Young Miller, of Pakenham, the ceremony being performed by Rev. G. Brunet, Clayton, in the presence of about thirty guests. The bride was attended by her little sister, Essie, who acted as flower girl in white embroidered voile over pale pink crepe, and carried a little basket of roses. After the ceremony the wedding guests repaired to the dining room where a sumptuous repast was partaken of. In the evening a reception was held, at which about fifty guests were present to extend their congratulations to the young couple. The young couple left Wednesday for their future home in Pakenham, amid the best wishes for happiness and prosperity in their future life.

The Russians have occupied the town of Kerind, Persia.

General Smutt has occupied Taveta and Salaita in German East Africa.

Colors, the gift of Mayor Church, were presented to the 75th Battalion.

Bulgarians threaten to dethrone their King, also to conclude a separate peace.

Those rejected for military service will hereafter be given a button to wear.

Mrs. Michael Burke was fatally injured when struck by a street car in Peterboro.

German losses in the Verdun battle were 300,000 and those of the French 40,000.

Germany assures Turkey she will not make a peace without compensation to Turkey.

The Canadian artillery aided greatly in the advance of the British forces in Flanders.

Speakers in the Ontario Legislature favored wiping out the bars without a referendum.

Rev. C. W. Shelley, Brockville, has received an appointment in the overseas forces, and has resigned the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Rowell, in the Legislature, urged the need for advanced measures in order that the Government might cope with the situation in the readjustment period following the war.

SPRING IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.

A Tonic Medicine is a Necessity at This Season.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all year round tonic, blood-builder and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these Pills helps to make new, rich, red blood. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions, and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, erysipelas and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time when all nature takes on new life that the blood most seriously needs attention. Some people dose themselves with purgatives at this season, but these only further weaken themselves. A purgative merely gallops through the system, emptying the bowels, but it does not cure anything. On the other hand Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, which reaches every nerve, and organ in the body, bringing new strength, new health and vigor to weak, easily tired men, women and children. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring—they will not disappoint you. You can get these health-renewing Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Red Cross Donations

The Carleton Place Branch of the Red Cross Society shipped during the month of March, 19 cases containing: 425 triangular bandages, 155 hospital pads, 29 feather pillows, 17 convalescent robes, 162 night shirts, 78 pyjama suits, 900 surgical dressings.

Donations to the Carleton Place Branch of the Red Cross Society for February were: Miss Margaret and Elizabeth Kidd, 6 prs of socks; Mrs. W. E. McNeely, 6 pillows; Mrs. Robt. McGregor, 6 prs of socks, 3 pillows; Miss Stewart, Tennyson, 3 pillows; Miss May Doherty, 5 pillows; Miss Tomlinson, Prospect, 2 pillows; Miss Stewart, Scotch Corners, 2 pillows; Mrs. R. C. Patterson, \$10 worth of surgical supplies; Sunshine Y, 144 cheese cloth handkerchiefs; Mrs. J. G. Steele, 6 prs of socks; Shakespeare Club, 760 surgical dressings; West Branch St. John's Guild, Boyd's, 50 triangular bandages, 24 hospital caps, 19 handkerchiefs, 18 face cloths, 24 pillow cases, 1 pr socks, 7 hospital shirts, 1 suit pyjamas, old linen and cotton.

M. E. GALBRAITH, Sec.

The French liner *Louisiane* was sunk by a submarine.

J. A. DACK.

Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Carleton Place.

This week we specialize on

RINGS

anything from a plain Gold Band to the choicest Diamond. See our display. Prices to suit every pocket-book.

Having taken a special course in Optics, I am also prepared to test your eyes and fit you with glasses to suit your vision. No charge for examination.

Jas. Cavers & Son Sash and Door Factory

All Kinds of House Finish.

We Sell

NEPONSET PRODUCTS
SLATE COVERED SHINGLES,
PAROID ROOFING and
FINISHED SURFACE WALL BOARD.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Homesekers' Excursion
every Tuesday

March to October 30

For Further Particulars apply to

J. F. WARREN, Agent.

TABER'S



NEW SERGE DRESSES

Of good quality Serges in all colors, pretty styles and moderately priced.

\$6.00 to 11.00

DRESS SERGES

In every Color and in good quality, priced from 70c to \$1.25 yard.

NEW BUTTONS

—IN—
Steel, Gilt and Silver.
All Sizes to match.

NEW TRIMMINGS

—IN—
Military Braids in Black and White.
Nets in Gold, Black, Green.

Pretty Silk Mixed Crepes for Dresses,
In 5 Shades. Special Value at 65c yard.

Silk Poplins for Suits and Dresses

In Navy, Saxe, Black.

Special 85 cts to \$1.50 yard.

TABER'S

CAMERON BROS.

Butchers and Grocers.

TELEPHONE NO. 136.

BRIDGE STREET.

Grocery Department

Rolled Oats 6 lbs for.....	25c	Boat Polish, 1 Time and Nugget, 3 boxes for.....	25c
Corn Flakes, 3 boxes for.....	25c	Liquid Boot Polish, 3 bottles for.....	25c
Rose Brand Baking Powder, 1 lb tin.....	20c	Homemade Bread, per roll.....	6c
Fancy Biscuits, 2 lbs for.....	25c	Dried Peaches, 3 lbs for.....	25c
Pure Maple Syrup, per gal.....	\$1.10	Dried Apples, 2 lbs for.....	25c
Cream Tartar, per lb.....	55c	Shredded Coconut, 3 bottles for.....	25c
Shredded Coconut, per lb.....	25c	Tomato Catsup, 4 oz bottle.....	25c
Taylor's Infant Delight Soap, 4 for.....	25c	Lee's Pickles, 4 oz bottle.....	25c
Cosmos Soap, 6 for.....	25c	Potato Flour, 15c pkge, or two for.....	25c
Soap Chips, 3 lbs for.....	25c	Seal Brand Coffee, per lb.....	40c

Prompt Delivery of all Goods.

Telephone No. 136

FRESH FISH

Just received our annual supply of Fish, consisting of

DRESSED PIKE, HALIBUT, SALMON

HERRING AND HADDOCK.

Also Smoked Finnan Haddie

and Cured Codfish.

J. A. MCGREGOR, APPLETON.

N. B.—We buy Dressed Pork every day, and live Hogs every Saturday.

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DUNLOP

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And a service you are proud to tell your friends about.

Notice the number of Traction "spares" that are not in envelopes on the car, but out in the open wearing the "V" smile that won't come off. Price in possession accounts for this—the desire to have the car look its best.

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