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See pages 3, 6 and 49


You may do business without advertising, so will grain grow without fertilizing, but how about the harvest?

## ASK THE WHOLESALE HOUSES FOR

## LISTER'S Rainproof Sealettes.

 LISTER'S Black and Colored Velvets. LISTER'S ${ }_{32}$-inch Velours du Nord. LISTER'S Dress Plush. LISTER'S Printed Art Velvets.

THEY ARE UNEQUALLED



## | WOULD USE NOOTHER

Is the universal verdict of those who have tried the

## "Harding" Hose Supporter

The patent clasp will fasten to corset or waist without the use of safety pins or buttons. Has no sharp edges and will not tear the hose. Will not become unfastened.
Requires just one touch on the right spot to release it, and just one snap to fasten it.

THE GBEATER THE STRAIN, THE TICHTER THE GRIP
In All Sizes and Material. . . .
For Ladies, Misses, Boys and Babien
Ask for the HARDING, and give your customers the liest.

8ULE AOENTB FOR CATIADA $\qquad$

WHOLESPLE ONLY

## S.Sreenshields.Sons@.



## Fall and Winter, 1896

Our 20 travellers will be on their respective grounds with full ranges of samples in the following



Sole Selling Agents for Canada for

## Priestley's Celebrated Dress Fabrics

Leigh Mills Co.'s Dress Serges and Coatings


## WHAT IS "WAKEFIELD" LEATHER?

"Wakefleld" Leather Skirt Binding is a combination of thls Famous Leather and LAMA Braid.

PATENTED 1896 <br> \title{
"Wakefield" Leather Skirt Binding !
} <br> \title{
"Wakefield" Leather Skirt Binding !
}


#### Abstract

"Wakefleld leather" means a special process in the prepanation of the finest leathers, which is known only to the Wakefleld Co., and is the result of o (mine) years experments. Its preparation (which is the secret of its universal popularity) renders it soft and phable and impervious to the effects of moisture.

The name "Wakefleld leather" on each yard, like all English manulacturers" brands, indicates the world's standard.

Many have tried and $m$ every case failed to produce ieathers of the same unt. form and listing quallties.

The "Wakefield leather" by its preparation will outwear any skirt or hirmo and has proved itsclf an articie of domestic economy.

That those who pay for the real article may not be deceived or imposed upon, the Wakefield Co. will protect its customers by every act which the law will permit

Fivery "ard is marhed in gold letters "Wakefield Specially Prepared Leather." It will be to sour adiantane to set :hat your stock is marked this way.

When solled, a damp cluth and a hatle shoe or tan polish will restore it ous pristine freshness.


Merchants are cautioned agame hays. fraudulent imitations, whech are liable t. selzure. You are safe in bandung the gouds matked $\qquad$ "Hakefield Specially Prepared Leather" ANY HHOLESALE House will GUARANTEE thls about

## Do Not Go to Bed To=night

Until you decide about your advertisement for the Fall Trade Edition of The Dry Goons Review to be published July ist, and in time to catch all fall orders.
Advertisements of any color, size, style or design, all combining drawing qualities, a specialty.
If your business is young, foster and strengthen it by a judicious course of advertising. Try The Review cure for stagnant trade. Its columns are open to you, and there is no secret about its successful methods.

## THE DRY GOODS REVIEW

## Blouses

A spoclal range In Fino Scotch Zophyrs and Noveltios made by oursolves to retall at $\$ 1.00$ to $\$ 1.25$. Latost Fashion, as worn In Parls and Now York, and sold there at doublo the money. Thoso qoods will help to keop up roturns during June.

KNOWING THE GREAT IMPORTANCE of having tho GOODS IN DEMAND to malntain the JUNE TRADE, wo havo kont our stock CAREFULLY ASSORTED In following lines :

Dress Muslins-Spots and Sprigs, White, Black and Colored.
Wash Fabrics - Crinkles, Crepons, Piques, Zephyrs, etc.
Victoria Lawns-Scotch Jaconets, Check and Lace Stripe Muslins, etc.
Parasols- Fancy Silk, Laced and Frilled, Fancy Cotton, Plain Silk, Black, Brown and Cream.
Velveteens-18 in. to 32 in., Black and All Colors.

Velvets-All Shades, Assorted Qualities.
Embroderies-Edgings, Insertions and All-Overs.
Laces-Valenciennes, Chantilly, Guipure, etc.
Ribbons Splendid Assortment, all Colors, Satin and Faille, all widths and many qualities.
Velour du Nord for Capes, just opened. Dress Fabrics-Summer Sicilians, Lustres and Serges, very large stock. all prices.

## CALDECOTT, BURTON \& SPENCE, Toronto



## Our Travellers



## Letter Order <br> Department

All we ask for is a trial. That guaranters . . .

FUTURE BUSINESS

## The brook which runs on forever is the brook the fish live in. Moral-Advertise continuously.



Vol. VI.
MONTREAL AND TORONTO, JUNE, 1896.
No. 6.

## The MacLean Publishing Co., Ltd.

> Trade Newiparer Publishers, Fine Magane Printers.


Sintuntipine, s...s
Pulthich the Fint of each Mumit.

## TOO MANY WHOLESALE HOUSES.

ONE cause of the small profits of wholesale houses is the number of firms there are competing for the trade. New ones are constantly coming into existence. The promoters do not consider whether there is room for then. They know that there are enough now in business to do all there is to he done, but they hope to take away a share of it. This leads to price cutting the worst feature in Canadian trade to day.

We have far too many importung houses. You can count the number of those in New York on the fingers of two hands, and they supply $60,000,000$ people. In Canada we have nearly a hundred fallung over each other, trying to supply $6,000,000$. It must be quite evident to any clear-headed business man that the limit as to number thas been about reached. There are some people who advocate, in Toronto for instance, some form of consolidation between a few of the existing houses which would at once reduce operating expenses and prevent overcrowding. The firms themselves are the best judges of the practicability of such a system of syndicating. If it imparted a heaithier tone to trade, gave cheaper goods to the retailer, promoted the cash system, and relieved the retailer from some of the worry now occasioned by ceaseless solicitation for orders,
it ought to be good policy. The main principle, in Tur Keview's opinion, is that business should be done on a sound basis, and that cutting should cease. Alyy other line of action means depression, sometimes disaster. If some of us think we have unusual ability, and feel we must be in business on our own accoumt, let us take up an unoccupied field-a field in which there is no danger of competition and price cutting. The latter means no profits. Above everything, let us ask ourselves if the field promises large profits before we take a fatal step. Many of the men now in business would have been much better off had they remained in employment instead of embarking on their own account.

Our aim rather should be to make ourselves so useful that we may become partners in our employers' business, or in some other way secure a share of profits.

## COLORED ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE of the features of special editions of Tue Review which attract attention are the advertisements printed in colors. This feature is peculiar to The Review, no trade paper in America having get reached this state of perfection, owing probably to the fact that they do not operate their own plant, and are, therefore, umable to get the price of two color work within range of their advertisers.

The mechanical plant of The Review was purchased, and is operated, specially for the publishing of trade news. papers, and the presses are specially arranged for color printing. This is why we are able to give our advertisers color work at so small an expense.

In this age of advertising the demand is for something new, something original, attractive and out of the ordinary, The Review supplies this in advertisements in colors.

We are making special efforts in color work for the Fall Trade Edition, and if you want anything in this line let us know inside of ten days.

## IMPORTANT NOTIOE TO ADVEPTIEERE.

O
WING to the greatly increased size an circulation of Ture. Dr Goous Ryusw within the lasysix months, we have been laborng under heavy dificiculties on ccount of advertisers not furnishin advertising copy by date flled for. The delay we are put to cact month now threaten to destrny several of the most valuable fe ures of Tus: Re rew, viz., attistic and attractive display, clean tess work, a promptness of issuc. In our own interests we cant $a^{2 r}$ no to sacrifice any one of these features. In fact, oury $\boldsymbol{f}$ aim is to improve on each of these points. It is y air to he majority of our advertisers, who never fail send their con on time, that they should suffer thron whe neglect of others.

We think we are the only pue ishers in America who notify advertisers of date of issucs, and we a not think there is another publication that gives its advertisemen the attention The Revirw does. This, however, has been boh a ! yeasant and profitable task, and we have no intention of alh ring our methods; ill lact, we would like to do more in this diresion-if there is still room left for development.

The value of a trade newspaper to an advertiser based on iis value to the retailer. A paper irregularly published, poorly printed, miserably-displayed advertisements, with indistunct and old fashioned $\mathfrak{y}$ pre, containing no bright reading matter for its supposed readers, is of no value and without circulation (notwithstanding what its advertising canvasser may tell you), and if without circulation, of what value to the adveriser? Why has Tue Day Goons Review increased in size from sixteen to fifty pages in eighteen months? Because the trade throughout the Dominion appreciate a paper that they can get so much useful information from. It pays advertisers; they get results.

In future we ask our advertisers to have all changes of advertisement in our hands on date called for on regular notification card. Copy received after that date will be held over for folloring issuc.

## RETURNINA GOODS.

INN the last Knvinw the question of returning goods nac dealt with by Mr. Cressman, of Norwich, from the retailer's standpoint. He makes out a good strong case by pointing out that the fault is by no means all on the one side. No doubt it is annoying to a well-conducted wholesale house to have goods returned without reason, and that many firms have ground of complaint is shown by the matter being discussed in the dry goods' associations. But Mfr. Cressman gives his own experience. One invoice with eighteen entries was analysed as follows: No. 1-Correct. No. :-Goods substituted. No. 3Coods sent before. No. 4-Correct. No. 5-Ditto. No. 6Goouds sent before. Nos. ;, S, 9, 10, 11, 12--Goods sent in wrong sizes. No. 13-l'rice not correct. No. if-Ditto dito. No. 15-Goods sent before. No. 16-Prices wrong. No. 17Correct. No. iS-Ditto. This, let us hope, is a glaring case, and that merchants are not often troubled with such an un-
satisfartory delivery. The retailer, to avoid such errors, should in all cases insist on getting a duplicate of the order from the salesmen, and then see that the goods ordered are the one sent and no others.

## NOT ENOOURAGING.

$T$HE reports we get of the dry goods trade in the States ate not satisfactory. Doubtless it will soon pick up, but, for the present, trade is languid. A prominent Canadian, who lately passed through New York on his way from England, tells Tus Review that he took a run through some of the leading retail stores there, and they were not so busy as the Toronto stores.

It is not easy to account for continued dull trade in the States. The wish in Canada is for business in the Republic to be good. Situated beside an immense country like that, par. ticipating more or less in the fluctuation of prices and volume of commerce, Canada must necessarily be involved in some degree with the commercial conditions across the boundary line. The Dominion's aggregaie foreign trade last year was nearly $\$ 219,000,000$; of this we did nearly $\$ 96,000,000$ worth. or over 43 per cent., with the United States. Our exports across the border last year were over $\$ 40,000,000$, so that, whether we like it or not, we must consider carefully at all times the state of trade with so large a customer and near neighbor.

One of our American contemporaries has been attempting to analyse the situation and to account for the dulness. It de clares that early in $\mathbf{1 8 9 3}$, when the retail dry goods men began to feel the depression, they put forth special efforts to stimulate trade.
"The tariff changes which reduced the cost of many lines of dry goods were most opportune, and the change in values which immediately followed the lower tanff placed a whip in the hand of every merchant which he proceeded to use with more vigor than discretion. Bargain sales and phenomenal price re ductions lit up the lurid advertisements of the dry goods trade throughout the land. The individual merchant hugged himself for his good fortune and hammered away. The public at large. yielding to the influence of lower prices, specious advertising and the alluring fascinations of the bargain sale, bought and bought again."

Cheap sales thus flourished, and the consumer, finding prices really low, over-bought. Many goods, our contemporary argues, have just changed hands-that is, while merchandise no longer, they are still in consumers' hands, unconsumed. The accumulation is not worked off, and until it is, revival in the retail trade cannot be counted upon.

Whether this is the true solution of the dulness in the States or not, or whether it is due to a combination of tariff uncertaint; presidential election, and currency muddle, Canadians naturally; hope to see a speedy end to the trouble.

It is related to The Review that one Toronto firm which makes a specialty of ladies' tailor-made costumes has had orders during the racing season for $\$ 11,000$ worth of ladies' dresses. So much for the value of the races to trade.

## THE :- DRY ::- GOODS :- REVIEW

## BETTER THAN LAET VEAR.

C.NDIDIAN trade abroad continues brisk. Compared with the same period last gear a distinct improvement is monn. The ollicial figures for the monsl. of April bave just - an sssucd, and this completes the first four months, or one ?hrd. of the calendar year 1890 . Both in imports and exports an reases are shown. In innorted goods, free and dutiable, the - apmanson is over two million dollars worth, and in exports the arrease is nearly six millions. The details of imports are:


In exports a creditable advance is recorded, all the more a.tusfactory sunce it covers so many products of the farmer, who is, ultimately, the customer of so many of our wholesale and retail firms. Animal products and grains have all been sold abroad in larger quantities than during the first four months of 1595 , the increase in value exceeding $\$ 500,000$. This year, so far, the expansion in the lumber trade is also good, our forest products exported up to May ist being valued at $\$ 3.289,608$ compared with $\$ 2,649,800$ for the first four months of isor, a gain of another half million or so. Good times alroad seems to account for this increased demand for our lumber, and if it keeps up during the year the districts affected b) the lumber business will feel it. In fisheries, too, an increase is recorded, being for 1896 valued at $\$ 1,965,826$, against $\$ 1$, 5.35.157 in IS95. In analysing these details of exports we have taken only the volume of Canadian products and omitted the figures of foreign stuff shipped via Canadian jorts, but of United states origin. The latter is valuable as carrying trade, and helps the railways and steamships, and Camada is always glad to do a carrying trade. But we are dealing with the stuff sold by the actual customers of our merchants, and consider it fairer in disrussing details not to include foregn stuff. If we took total monorts the showing is:

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| Aint |  | ... . . | 3.087,003 | 4,R39 M ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
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|  |  |  | S1R.61.53\% | स1,40,08 |

The imports of dry goods for the four months contain some interesting facts. Increases are noted in carpets, dyed cottons, cuttm clothing, cotton threads, etc., not on the spool, manu. fartured cottons generally, fringes and braids, silk goods. women dress goods, knitted woolens, and woolens goods that the ingures do not classify. Decreases are recorded in undyed contons, spool cottons, laces and nettings, furs, and silk and feit hats. On the whole, the imports of dry goods show some increase over the same period last year, the details being :


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|  | 87.96,383 | \$ 3511,114 |

Kaw materials come in rather slowly, the imports being under those of the period of 1895 . As prices of such articles as wool, cotton, etc., are rather higher than last year, the figures would indicate a slight falling off in demand for factory and mill materials. The uncertainty of tariff legishation may have something to do with it, or the foreign markets may be influencing our manufacturers. The period covered by the returns is too brief to enable one to draw any general decisive conclusion. The principal imports of raw materials are :


## A COMPLAINT ABOUT CITY BUYING.

From tho Mitelsall, omt Adrocate.
The Owen Sound Times is waging a "righteous war" aganst city departmental stores, or rather the country patrons of them. The facts stated by The Times are just as true of Mitchell and neighborhood as of Owen Sound. It is well known also that the thing complained of is sapping the life-blood of all the towns and villages of the Dominion. If people will only give Mitchell merchants the opportunity, the merchants will prove conclustvely that not only can there be found in this town as wide a selection as all of the departmental stores will show, but as a matter of values Mitchell merchants can at least save the purchaser the expense of writing to Toronto, getting samples and then sending for the goods and paying the carriage on their Toronto departmental store purchases. And, we might add, customers can avoid the almost inevitable disappointment which comes from buying by sample.

## BLAOK OARD.

The black card darning cotton, mentioned in our last issue, is put up in one gross handsome wooden cabinets. Every retailer should have one or more in stock.

## WHERE QUALITY TELLS.

T1iE wool grown in the Maritime Provinces is much softer and richer in appearance than that from sheep bred inland. This is probably due to the action of the salt sea air. The finer qualities of Maritime IProvince wool are not unlike the good wools we get from abroad it has thus treen an easy matter for some of the mills to make a reputation for ther product. They followed The Reniew's advice. They worked away unul they were satisfied their goods were as near perfection as possible. Then they put their name or mark on them. They saw that nothing imperfect bearing that name went out. If they had a second qualty it went to the trade under a different name. Ketailers and consumers in time recognized the brand as one which had given satisfaction, and enquired for it spectally when they were again buying.

At liureka, a place just outside New Glasgow, N. S., a woolen company has made a hit with blankets in this way. They hac a very fine soft wool to begin with. They took great care in selecting and preparing it, then in weaving it into blankets, and finally in finishing and puttung the blankets on the market in the most attractive style. People who bought one or two always asked for the blankets made at Eureka. The makers kept up the quality and, where possible, improved it. They now have the most popular blanket in the provinces. Salesmen and dealers in quoting another blanket frequently say " as good as Eureka" -the highest compliment that could be paid to the Eureka Woolen Mifg. Co. The Eureka blankets command a better price owing to their high rejutation. More than a gear ago Tue Review pointed out that when prices were being cut this brand more than he!d its own.

## TWO WAYS OF DOING BUSINESS.

The difference between the old established business houses of Great Brituin and many Canadian wholesale houses is that the former endeavor to show big profits while in Canada we are too much inclined to show a big turnover. The firms at home last for generations. In Canada, but few concerns live bejond the men who established them. We laugh berause some British houses refuse to sell goods to an unknown customer, though he offers to pay cash. In Canada we are so anxious to get a new customer that we often let him have all the goods he wants, though he has neither cash nor financial standing. It docs not occur that the laugh is really on us. A Britush dealer will tell you he is making 25 per cent. profit on the goods he is selling you, and is proud of 1 A . The cry of a Camadian dealer is that he is letting you have the goods for actual cost, and he seems proud of it. The British dealer becomes richretures from active business carly in life. He devotes his later jears to enjoyment, travel or politics. He sees that his sons are thoroughly tramed in the business, so that they can take the helm when he passes away. He often goes into Parliament and works for the good of the mation. On the other hand,
look at the Canadian: He does an enormous business, neas himself out, but makes no money. If he does not fail t: slaves until the end of his days, which are generally shontence, and he dies poor. His sons, seeing no future in the business but hard work and little profit, seldom get beyond small cletships, une-horse lawjers, or something of that sort. The ma, has done nothing for himself, his family or his country.

Let us cultivate the British system.

## amalgamation in cottron thread.

THE announcement that an amalgamation, to come into operation on June 30 , of the business of Messts. J. \& P. Coats, L.td., and Messrs. Clark \& Co., L.td., has taken place is the subject of considerable discussion in business circles, and by no onc, we fancy, will it be received with closer interess than by the shareholders of Messrs. James Chadwick \& Brother, l.td. On the news of the amalgamation Coats' ordinary shares advanced to $401 / 4$ on the Glasgow Exchange, and in Mar. chester on Tuesday they advanced to $403 / 8$ x.d., London being a shade lower than these figures. These rates mark a striking advance since last week, when the quotation was only 35 . Whether the price is not too inflated is a matter for investors to consider. One thing is certain. The amalgamation will practically bring about a monopoly of the cotton thread trade, and as such the change is not likely to be regarded with any favor with English lovers of freedom in trade. Trusts, rngs monopolies, syndicates, combinations-cill them what you mill -have never flourished in the free commercial atmosphere of this country, and if we are to regard the new Paisley more as 2 step nearer the perfection of a vast thread ring, it is nol likeds to have the good wishes of business men at large.

Those who have followed the working of the Paisley thread trade ever since the foundation of the Central Apency will find it difficult to look upon the latest development without suspicion The paid-up share and debenture capital of Messrs. J. \& P. Coats amcunts to five and three-quarter millions, and if ner shares are issued to cover the purchase of Messtr. Clark's bursness, we have at once a company with a capital not far short $\alpha$ eight millions sterling, if it does not exceed that amount Messrs. James Chadwick \& Bro. have a paid.up share and debenture capital of $f_{750}, 000$, which, though a respectable figure enough, is small in comparison with the vast totals given The question is naturally asked, in view of this amalgamation, whether Messrs. Jonas Brook $\&$ Bros., of Huddersfield, who are members of the Central Agency, are likely to be absorbed. As to this no information is at present obtainable. Meosrs Brook have two mills, one at Meltham, the other at Holmforth. There are other thread manufacturers at Leicester, Skipton and in Iancashire, but the Coats-Clark combination far surpasses them in magnitude-The Warehouseman and Draper.

The Review saw Messts. R. Henderson \& Co., Canadian agents for Chadwick $\&$ Bro., L.td., but Mr. Henderson sad be had no information on the matter. His firm had never gone into the combination, on principle, and he thought the dry goods trade of Canada should encourage those firms not in the monopoly to hold cut by giving them increased orders for theit spools.

## IS JOHN BULL A BETTER PARTNER THAN JONATHAN?

## Th. Die Dilitor Dat tionim lievisw:

I)EAR Sir, - We maturally think that biggest which looms up most to our own vision, and we are so near to "Statia" and sec ... unuh of her people that we easily follow her lead more than . A., whe are far remuved from us. Braggadocio has one ad -abiage, it sets people talking, and though we may know it is bras, jet some of it is sure to stick. Tonathan teaches his chuldren from the time they deave the cradle right on to their सtaves, that theirs is the biggest country on earth-the biggest rwers, the biggest lakes, the biggest mountains, the biggest everything, and the tarnation smartest people in the world; in lact. that smartness would atone for everything, and enable you to get along without honesty and humanity when these were not convement. Now, we may admire a smart fellow, as one sometumes admires a smart girl. Hut to take one as a partner is atoother matter. There is always the fear that in a short time your partner may have your money and you will have the expernence. One would naturally prefer a partner who was willing (o) let you have some of the money as well as the experience-10 hue and let live.

It was not many years since people across the line thought they would soon transfer the money centre of the world from I.ondon to New lork. But they forgot they were living largely on borrowed money. Britain is the creditor nation of the world. The published trade returns of countries give usually unly tixe exports and imports. Home consumption is lost sight of and the movements of money also 1 : is estimated that dirtain receives annually from abroad $\$ \$ 00,000,000$ in interest alonc not to speak of those investments which pay mothing. Bratan dows nearly half of the carrying trade of the world, and It is estmated that this in freight and passengers brings her in about $\$(000,000,000$ a jear. So she yets about $\$ 1,000,000,000$ a year which does not appear in the usual trade returns, and thus can aiford to import a few hundred millions a year more ahan she exports and still have a nice pile to the good. Now, just lieie suie the difference between her position and our own. Wi. ars a debtor nattun. Our debt is owned abroad and not at hume like all young countries, he had to borrow money to buald uar camals, railways and other public works, and also to carr) un many of our wilier concerns. Therefore we must be careful that the value of our exports exceeds the value of our mports at least enough to pay the interest we owe abioad-and, therefore every dollar's worth of goods that wee can manufacture here instead of importing helps to reduce our foreign indebted. ness and hasten the tume when we can own our own debt. So It is impossible and impracticable to have frec irade as they hate in Eiggland, and necessary for us to protect our own inAnstries, whether of the field, the farm, the forest or the factory.

Jonathan also is a debtor. It is estimated that "Statia" lias to send to Europre $\$ 120,000,000$ a year for interest, as much more for the carrying trade, nearly all done on forcign ship, and as much more for her folks who go abroad, and live Ahruad and spend abroad, or say $\$ 350,000,000$ to $\$ 400,000,000$. l.r. while no one would question the intense conviction duel'as in the breast of every American that one mati is as good i. $2 \cdots$ ither and better -still they seally do like a handle to their "ane and the attention which servants who don't live in the land of freedom are in the habit of giving. sind as they lave luts oi professors, colonels, generals, etc, at heme, no wonder ihey so abroad for other titles. Thus it comes that all their
surplus products and their gold are swallowed up by the needs of their outside indebtedness.

Now, while we should avoid their follies, we can learn from their mistakes. A drop in their tarni on woolens of one-halt stagnated that business for 1894 , mproved it in 1895 (when they plunged heavily, and $18 y 6$ has bruught the reaction. Thus, 1894 starvation, 1895 gorging, 1896 digestion. Now, it is better to bave a moderate feed all the time, and the best thing for busines: all round is steady, regular diet, neither dis. turbed by tariff changes nor speculation.

Clearly; then, our best partner for money is Britain.
Now, then, for commercial character as a nation. 13ritain's boast is that her word is as good as her bond. The best people in "Statia" are of the same sort, but politically and nationally they are not so considered in Europe. There is a strong mistrust, and not without cause, that they will always consider themselves first and their creditors afterwards, if conventent. This is why their securities fell so sharply when Cleveland gave bis Venezuclan message. Their buying is often purely speculative, everyone trying to squeeze the other fellow. They will put down enormous orders and crowd other people out if they think the ma:ket will advance, and then, if things don't turn out as expected, cancel without compunction. This is, of course, having its effect in this way: that they will not always get the first chance, and manufacturers will not put themselves out of the way to cater for their market. All the same they make it very awkward for other people, and unsettle markets and hurt legitimate trade. So there is no getting over the fact that if we want a partner who has money, who is willing to lend is to decent people on decent terms, who can be trusted to do the fair thing and not squeeze you out of all you have, John luall is the man every time.

Yours very traly,
Toronto, May 22, 1896.
1'. H. I3URTON.
[Mr. Burton is a staunch and able Englishman, who spends a great deal of his time on business abroad, and should be thoroughly posted as to the feeling across the ocean. We have no desire to take part in the controversy, except to remind him that England thinks a good deal of American trade, and that Canada has for thirty years kept on her statute books a " stand. ing offer" of freer trade with the States.-En. I)ky Goobs Ke: vifw.


## PRAOTICAL HINTS ON:BUSINESS SUOCESS.

WIl' are some men more successful in business than others? writes W. P. M. in N. Y. Journal of Com merce. This fact in human experience has been variously accounted for, the subject being a wide one. Thus gifts or accomplishments wheh lead to success in one cirection may act as hindrances in another. To be successful in some lines it will be to one's advantage to be born a fighter. That is to say he must be aggressive, always on the alert to stand up for his interests rather than literally to love his neigh tor as himself. The question under review is not considered on its merits from a moral standpoint, but strictly in its practical bearings.

Many suceessful men who have amassed wealth have done so because every other constderation was made to freld to the one of making money. It may be that they have become more grasping and utiscrupulous in proportion as they felt the sense of power whel large possessions are apt to give. It is considered that A. I. Stewart. John Jaceb Astor, Cornelius Vandetult of a past generation, and Jay Gould of the present, developed a genius for money-naking, from better or meaner motives. We know of some men whose fortunes have been amassed by money-lending on real estate, which property became theirs through foreclosure, leecause the borrower could nether pay principal nor interest : others we know who disclamed the right, alhough legally marranted to put it in execution. This, however, does not bear directly on our main yuestion

Some men are excellent salesneen, ether because they have anglib tongue to throw a glamor over the desirability of their wares, of becatse of personal magnetism in making the customer like to deal with such a man in spite of hamself. A degree of this faculty often makes up for deficiencies, intellectual or otherwises on the part of the salesman. Many are successful because thes good: are desirable, as low in price as those of competators and popular in those tames. Sonae men have a trock of holdme certun customers against all competition from the feclugg of oblyation, ether by oceasionally getting them langans or in some way or other creating the impression that it is the huyer's interest to keep in with the seller.

Ifany a salesman loses lis trade by changing to an mfenor house an she temptation of lager salary. as at the traveler neressanly owned his comecthon and could take $n$ with him to the new house represented. Some men are propular beeatise they have ampatied useful weas to their custumers, theteloy helpugs them to some eatent io make sales. Habitual chece fulness and a habin of tellusi one good ancedote each time they meet have had a wonderful mfluence in drawing an order out of a bujer after his protestations of beng unable to gram a single lane. Croakets, or those whe habitually look on the glommy sude of ihngs, are likely tu give up in despar because nowhere made welcome.

No metchant necels to be told too often alout hard times or commercial stagnation. Some men succeed lrecause they are known to adhere to the truth always; they never represent a thang different from what it is; at she same thene they secure comfilence by amtacipating the wants of the buycr, makng it appar that this is the prime objoct. Some men beconce falures twinuse they ireat a buyer as if he did not know anything, or, as af be had no aghes of chomee. A customer may tre loss by allowing hun so find wat the meretant dies not know enough
about his business. While some buyers are wide-awake enough to make their own selection every time, more are willing to be set right if the seller is able to present an alternative. In the latter case the buyer is belped toward the selection, although ostensibly it was conceded he had used the rimht of choice. Knowledge of human nature is a most important factor in the art of selling goods. Respectfulattention and promptitude will often make up for the lack of other faculties, in any calling. To be always on time at one's post is a good reputation for anyone serving the public. The boy never late at school bids fair to win favor by promptness in after life.

Some young merchants have scored a success by sending an inmediate reply to an order they were unable to fill, suggesting where it might be filled. This kind of alertness (especially in wholesale) is sure to be appreciated. implying a sense of obligation. Owning a useful patemt has created many a fortune. Certann houses get a large share of business by making reasonable concessions in cases of emergency or distress. The man who acts a dishonest part is soon found out ; the strain to reputation may outlive him. A clean record is the best recommendation to a renewal of credit after it has once been lost.

Heavy expenses cause many a merchant to lose credit and the confidence of friends. It may have come from extravagant habits of living, or from an over-ambitious spmit, as if to astonish the world by this semblance of success. Some men can work well in a subordinate position, but could never succeed as the responsible head. Over-sensitive natures often break down, and such persons die before their time because unequal to the strain of responsibility, involving much care and worry. Stolid indifference has sometimes been uilized to good purpose, since it often passes for stability of character, inspiring a degres of confidence on the part of creditor and customer. Verily "the race is not to the swift nor the battle to the strong."

The man may count himself fortunate, in any sphere in life, who has found his proper niche. Many a good man never finds is, but becomes a waif as it were on the billows of so-called fate. In not a few instances this is the result of parental preference misplaced. Many a boy has been obliged to learn a profession who would have shone as a business man and vice versa. A more pudent course would have been to test the boyish preference for trade or profession: also to watch the bent of aptutule: The origin of most commetcal failures mas lee set down cither as insufficient cappital or the giving of to0 much credit.

While in places remote from business centres it may be casy to net a handsome profit, the crying evil of our time is that so many fall into the temptation to sell without adequate profit. This touches on another topic -one of supreme importanceviz, commercial demoralization, its cause, and dire results. We are assured "There is a tide in the affairs of men, which when taken at its food will lead to fortune." "There is no royal road to learning ": neither can any one puth be outined which leads to inctitable success.

## flannelettes, etc.

Mc.laster \& Co. are just opening out their flannclettes and shirings for fall, both imported and Canadian, and an exceedmgly brisk demand for them 15 already manifested. They show this season an opaline moire for blouses in wave and fancy floral effects. which are charrning and have every appearance of silk, sellung at sight.

## DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

JUNE is the month aloove all others in which bathog suits are rnade, and mohairs or alpacas are amongst the best goodzto make them from. Brouhy; Canns © Co. show a range from 25 c . to. $\$ 1.20$ per yard; they are fast black, keep ther shape, and look "chic."

The new beltings are being shown in great variety by Caldecolt, Burton $\mathbb{E}$ Spence.

In summer silks, McMaster \& Co. are showing low-priced lines in bright colors, stripes and checks.
S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. have received a shipment of velveteens in navies. browns, cardinal, etc. These colors have been scarce lately.

Caldecott, Burton \& Spence draw attention to the large assortment of sicilians and lustres, all colors, summer weights.
S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. report a large demand for tartans in sitk and wool, all wool, etr.., for blouses and children's dresses. They have new shipments just arriving.

John Macdonald \& Co. have made a special purchase: of 27 -inch plain Japanese silks in light blues, pinks, jellows, etc., which are being sold cheap.
S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. say there will be a large demand for boucle effects in dress goods for fall season. They are shewing a very large variety in styles and prices in this make.

Caldecott, Burton \& Spence are fully assorted in the new lace and silk mutts, and carry a full line of ladies' and children's summer gloves, black, cream and assorted colors, every size.
S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. have over thirty desigus in crepons for fall trade. They are constantly receiving high-class novelties in these goods. The leading designs are crepe soutache, crepe ruban, tricotine, damasse, etc., etc.
W. R. Brock $\mathbb{E}$ Co. are showing in their dress department for this month two ranges of tartans, three ranges of shepherd checks, black alpacas, black and colored sicilians and black crepons, all new goods, just received. They are also clearing out at reduced prices a few odd lots of fancy dress goods and bouse silks to make room for fall deliveries, i.hich are expected in Tuly. Their prepanations for autuma and winter are very extensive, much in excess of any previous season. The complete range of samples is now in the hands of their travelers.

Mchaster \& Co. are well prepared to meet all demands for Swiss spot and figured muslins, black creplons, etc., having just reccived a lange shipment of these goods. They are also showing plain colored mohairs in navy, brown, myrtle and black, which are going off lively. They have many taking novelites in striped summer silks in all shades, of which they will be pleased to forward samples on applization.

The special feature for June in W. R. Brock \& Co.'s linen department is the arrival of several lines of genuine Russia crash, Scoteh crash, kitchen toweling, glass towelling, loom
diced and damask table linen, and bleached damask table lanen and suggle cloths. These were all purchased at a great redue tion from manuf.aturers anxious to clear out stock on hand at thus season of the gear, and are meeting with a very ready sale at the prices $W$. K. Brock \& Cu. are prepared to offer them at.

Mone: ahoct crepons.
The bujers are now nearly all back from Europe. They all verify the reports in The: keview of the big run on crepons in Europe. They are handsomer than ever. In fact, they are the most universally worn material in Paris and Iondon to diay. (nne genteman said: "That was a point on whech I and others were most anxious to be posted before starting for home. Mr. I. and myself sauntered through the west end of London, and 1 honestly think that two out of every three ladies we met wore crepon, and no wonder, for the new desigus surpass anjthing heretofore shown. They make such elegant costumes that the:; cannot but be popular as well as fashionable."

## THE MOVFMEST IS MONTKL:M..

Montreal houses report a good demand for dress goods of all kinds suitable for quick consumption. Checks have been prominent in the enquiry, all kinds of designs of this nature going with a celerity that has kept the market well sold up. liabrics such as covert cloths and homespun effects for suitings have gone well; also mohair, alpaca and the like in phan and fancy goods. Business for fall has not opened out yet, but rough effects of a mild character in all lines promise well. Plaids and tartans promise to be good selling lines in plainfaced fancy worsteds, silk and woolen goods. Staple goods, such as flannel suitings, broadeloths, helrictas, cashmeres, serges and sackings have only moved as yet in an indifferent sort of way.

Wm. Agnew \& Co. note a revival in velour henriettas, as evidenced by the increased demand which they are experiencing for these goods. They have in stock a complete list of all numbers, widths and prices of these goods. They have found good deniand for peau de soie and black broche silks; also cheviot ard estamene serges.

SFW stl.k Falikics.
The preference shown for strongly lustrous fabrics, and especially for silk goods and silk and mohair matures, brings into use quamtities of silk. In the new combinations of alpaca and silk, we find the latter generally preponderating, and manufac turers are all the more readily inclined to cater to this tendency because alpaca, mohair, and other glossy wools have become dear. Several of these silk and mohair fabrics are indeed beautiful. For instance, "Sbect Maric," a light summer stuff with the texture very much like mousseline de hing has colored flower bouquets in silk, through which run narrow silk stripes upon a delicate cream ground. The fabric is peculiarly well suted for bl ases. Most of swivelled silk alpacas have close delicate flower or fancy patterns, occasionally in auractice color combinations, upon the most glossy grounds that can be produced. One of these fabrics has flowers of lettuce green, willow green, tan and medium blue, another pale brick.red, rose and marine green ; again, others, hehotrope and willow green, pale blue and lettuce green or red, heliotrote and serpeent green. The designs are frequently diversified by interrupted length or diagonal stripes of contrasting tones.

## WINDOW DRESSINQ.

AWELI.ARRANGED window without price tickets is like a well dressed man who cannot talk. Give him a tongue, and his thocghts speak. Give a mute window the tongue of tickets and you have a salesman who never tires of talking in your interests. Ill that is necessary is to give him a new theme -that is, change jour windoxs often.

A contemporary describes a handy and easily made device for window displays which will interest merchants not desiring to go to any great expense in dressing the window, but are awake to the value of showing new goods well. From the accompanying illustrations it will be seen that the contrivance is very simple mechanically, and when draped is calculated to show off dress stuffs, silks, laces, wash groods or any soft material.

The eut here given represents a silk drapery. To drape with silk, fold the silk in middle, lengitoways of the piece, so that the two selvage edges rome together, then drape in graceful folds with the doublefold or centre of the silk out or towards you. Go around the form, throxing a fold over each arm of the cross, the first fold hanging low just so as not to touch. Go around after this fashon shortening each succeeding fold, making in al! four or five folds. The effect is decidedly handsome, especially with seft silks that it is dificult to dis. play well, ordinarily. No pins are neces. sary and the :tuff is nut mussed.

The height of the form should be about twenty-seven inches and the length of arms une or ten inches.

In trimming with lace a background of some pretty color may be draped or hung from each atm. I lace window with a color scheme of a sungle tone is very altractwe when properly carried out.


One of the greatiost dificuities attached to photographong a nindun dispiny is the reflection an the phate glass from of the buldings on the oppestee stde of the strect and of the passing throng Vany trenmen will tiank us for indicatiag a successful way in wheh their effots may be taken by the cimera without this annoging fraturn If tio: ar:is! w:? ;ros:di himsclf with a black curtain, mounted at each end on wooden poles, nothing more will be needed, it must le of suticient size to seteen the largest window, and a centre aperture must be cut in order to insert the camera. This curtam, when held in place by assis. tants, will cut off the undamatic refleztuna and siall admat lyght sufficient for all purpeses from the top and sides. An addtoonal advantage will be that she sensitized plate may be given as tong an exposure as desited. When not in use the curtain cin be tolled on the standards and thus be casily camed about from jlace to place.

A great many merchants and window trmmers who ate fully alure th the amprtance and advertusing value of show windows hact an appreciation of the necessity of keeprig the displays of
goods in the interior of the store attractive and up-to date. They devote time and expense in arranging goods in their front kindows in a manner that will attract trade, but leave the goods inside the store practically unchanged from month to month. Window displays, says The Dry Goods Reporter, are excellent things, but they will not make sales if the goods about the store are slovenly arranged. It is a great thing to arouse the interest of a probable buyer, and to get him inside the store. This the show window does. But when once inside everything depends upon what he sees and hears there. Be sure that he sees an interior that is neat, and an arrangement of goods that is consistent with what he saw in the window. It is in the province of the window trimmer to make a tasty display of goods above the shelving or at other places in the interior of the store.

A NUSE1. Gi.uve mishlat.
An exchange gives a suggestion for a glove display which is a sufficient departure from stereotyped ways of handing hand wear to assure an attractive window.

Comparatively few gloves are needed, and these are stretched upon dummy hands and profected through a sheet of paper or of cloth, placed about two feet from the front of the window and extending to the top. The gloved hands present a very natural appearance. These are enough in themselves for a very creditable display, but the trim can take in other goods, the sheet through which the hands project being utilized on which in pun handkerchiefs or laces, and the space in front affords room for anything which will not be out of harmony.

## HOW THE REVIEW BRINGS ORDERS.


Dfik Sir, -We thank you for making room at the last moment in May issuc of The Review for our telegram te new crepons that were then being recened. You will be interested in knowing how they sold, and pleased, we think, to hear that within $=4$ hours of receiving the fuur cases referred to, one-third of them were sold. The buik were in the higher priced lines- $\$ \mathrm{~s}$ and upwards. TuE Dry Goons Reven was the only paper in which they were advertised. I few days later we cabled our Mr. Mrophy, who was then in the London market, for more, and we are now receiving exss. laurentian a shipment of handsome black crepons, in designs whach we beheve will be an no other hands. They run from 50 C . to $\$ 1.3 .5$ per yard. Samples are being sent to our travelers to might.

Wic are hlad to hear that your July Special lall Number will be ready on Duminiun Day. May it mect with the success and approva: which sour effurts deserve.

> Yours very truly; $$
\text { Вкоיн; Cans: } \& \text { Co. }
$$

Montreal, May $=$ zith, 1596.
[First form for the Fall : Sgh issue closes June ig. Every dry noods dealer in Canada will receive a copy?

## LACE CURTAINS AND CARPETS.

Mc.Master $\&$ Co. have a shipment just to hand, making all lines of lace curtains again complete. These goods, being rapid sellers, were getting very low, and this shapment relieves the pressure. Carpets and house furnishings ate moving freely, necessitating constant repeats to keep pace with the demand, which has been very good this season.

# THE DRY GOODS ANTHEM. 

Moderato.
Con molly expressions


For foraker information app to

$$
196 \text { in Ell Shat }
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Montreal.

## imports deolining at new york.

T11E: imports of dry goods continue to show a remarkable decline. In the first five months of the calendar year the total entries at this port were valued at $\$ 53,300,000$, against $\$ 66,200,000$ the same time last year, a decrease of almost $\$ 13$,000,000 , or about 20 per cent. The heaviest declines were in woolens and silks. Nearly half of the shrinkage was in woolens alone. Three causes can be given for this sudden tluctuation. First, the unsatusfactory condition of business in the home market, wheh checks importations; second, the better state of foreign markets, which lessened the inducements here, and, thisd, a spirit of caunon in importing circles caused by the overimportations of 1895 . As a result, domestic manufacturers complain less of foreign competition, an I less gold has gone abroad in payment for imports : but the national revenue has suffered constderably. If a lurther advance in the tariff is to be expected, we may lonk for another spasmodic rush of imports beforehand and a fresh derangement in certain textile markets, to say nothing of a possible fresh stimulus to gold shipments. The desirability of a stable tariff was never more apparent than to day.

## A GOOD THING.

The llarding hose supporter, which is now being placed on this market, is an article tha: the trade will find as near perfectoon as anything can well be. By using it the use of buttons and safety pins is enurely done away with, and, at the same

tume, there is no jensibility of the snap becoming unfastened. The accompanyug cuts show the supporter open and closed. They ate made on whes, gold and black in lisle, frilled silks for ladies, in all colors, with silver clasps, and fancy silks for gents, also in all colors. Messrs. Baker A Brown, $=60 \mathrm{St}$, james street. Montreal, are the agems for Canada, and will be pleased to send samples and prices so the trade.

## COLORED COTTON CO.

The shareholders of the Canadian Colored Cotton Mills Company, limited, at their annual anceting held this month, elected officers. Mr. A. F. Gauh, president, occupied the charr, and there were also m atlendance: Messrs. I. King, C. 1) (1wen, 1). Mornce, 1). Morice, ir., S. H. Ewing, James Crathern, II. Barber, Jacpues Cizenier, K. Macdonald, Percy (iauht T. (i. Coursoulle (Ounwa), Hon. A. W. Ogilvie, J. G.

Russ, C. E. Gault, C. E. Spragge, I. H. Archambault, E. Lichtenheim, W. Weir, K. H. Brand, James Wilson, Jr., F. I. Bengue, W. J. Morrice and Hon. J. O. Villeneuve. The annual statement, which was of a most satisfactory character, was received and adopted, and the retiring directors were re-clected, viz., Messrs. A. F. Gault, 1. King, C. D. Owen, D. Morrice and D. Morrice, Jr. Messrs. Gault and Owen were re-elected president and vice-president respectively.

## SOLO ONE-THIRD THE CONSIGNMENT.

To the Fiditor Dxv Goous Rxvixw.
I) fak Sik,-In the April number of Tif: Review we advertised a special importation of dust-proof serges and vigoureux for cycling costumes. Since that time we have sold onethird of the entire consignment, and the demand for these goods still continues.

We think we may safely say that this advertisement in your paper is fairly entitled to a considerable amount of credit for these sales so early in the season, and we are pleased to acknowiledge the fact unsolicited herewith.

> Yours faithfully;
> Wh.LaM ACNEW \& Co.

Montreal, April 29, 1896.

## THE RELIANCE HOBE.

The makers of the Reliance brand of hose, the Williams, Hurlburt Co., L.td., of Collingwood, announce for this month boys' fast black, ribs, and gents' last black cotton half-hose to retail at 10 cents per pair. Their bicycle hose is also a specialty, and any enquiry by letter will be promptly responded to.

## A NEW SUMMER OUSHION.

A new style of summer cushion is inaugurated by the Alaska Feather \& Down Co., of Montreal. It is made of fancy sateen top and back, the rume being very wide and made of silkette, a close imitation of silk. It is sold at a popular price and large orders are being taken for it by the company's travelers.

## SUMMER PRINTS, ETC.

Wyld, Grasett \& Darling amounce a special line of indigo and turkey prints. Another shipment of aniline black sateens is reported. A job line in American wide sateens, colored grounds, is being offered. Mention is made of the latest effects in grey grounds. A choice range of English flannelettes are in.

## CANADIANS DOINQ WELL.

Say John Muldrew S Co.: "We are having a very gratifying demand from all parts of the Dominion for our domestuc dress goods and golf cloakings for next fall. The orders are greatly in excess of last year, showing the growing popularity of these goods."

## ACTIVE TRADE IN BLOUSES, ETO.

F. F. S. C. 13. Kelly, Montreal, are still keeping up the sale of blouses, and their factory is working overtime The thitd cable repeat in black and colored chiffons is expected in one week.

Customers who had this house's job line of hop shirts last season are ordering freely by le:ter of the new lot. They have had to refkeat leather belts twice already.

## DISHONORING DRAFTS.

THOSE wholesale houses who have been subjected to a great deal of amoyance in the treatuent of drafts by outof town customers, will fully endorse the sentments expressed by The Chicago Apparel Gazette. That journal says: " lhere are too many who are injuring themselves irreparably by refusing to honor drafts that are drawn upon them for bills that are due. There are few things that will arouse a man to a state of greater disgust towards a customer than to have a draft that has been honestly drawn returned unpaid. An account is overduc, and a statement is sent which says that unless a remittance is made before a certain date a draft will be drawn for the amount. No attention is paid to this, which the seller takes as meaning that the draft will be honored, and, consequently, when the time allowed has elapsed, a draft is made, only to be returned in nine cases out of ten without comment. It is not only an unbusuesslike transaction, but it is a positive msult to the wholesaler to treat his request in such a manner. Frequently the most trival and absurd excuses are given for dishonoring drafts. A claim of 50 or 75 c . for freight, if the goods were to be delivered, or a similar amount tor damaged goods or something of the kind. But even allowing that the claim may be a just one, is it not a thousand times better and mote honorable to pay the full amount of the draft, notify the house of the slight discrepancy or overlooked rebate and politely request an adjustment? There is not a respectable house in the country that would not see that the clam met with an immediate recognition. Buyers fall to apprectate the amoyance that it gives sellers as well as banks by having drafts returned when thej are rightully due, and should meet with prompt acceptance and
payment. 'To say that you 'have written' or 'will settle with their traveling representative' are paltry and lame excuses, will only hurt you in many ways, and will put you under suspicion as being a man who desires to be unfair and trick) in business affars. Endeavor to err on the side of right and you will always be fairly dealt with."

## THE NEW PARKS FLANNELETTES.

The wholesale trade who have seen the samples of the new flannelettes which the mills of Wm. Parks ic Son, I.d., St. John, N. B., have lately added to their lines of manufacture, speak in the highest terms of them. Tue Review coincides with this verdict, having personally inspected samples of the goods. They are shown in all the new styles of pinks, blues, and combination stripes, and the delicate coloring and superior texture rank them among the beet in the market. The Parks mill intend to turn out these goods in large quantities, and are prepared to meet any competition. The quality of those Tine: Review has seen indicates that much enterprise has been exmbited in the manufacture, and that the trade will be well pleased with the new flannelettes.

## THE SUSPENDER TRADE.

Notwithstanding the cry of dull trade, the output of the Berin Suspender and Buton Co. has been beyond lormer seasons, and, with present prospects, trade will be largely increased next season. The makers receive no complaints, but only satisfactory reports with respect to their goods. They aim to do neat work and tastily match all the different parts of a suspender.


We beg to advise our customers and the trade in general, that we are again in the market with our

## Special makes of White and Colored Cotton Blankets.

and from the orders already booked, are satisfied our sales will be largely in advance of last year's.

Those who handled our goods, will readily concede that the quality was unepualled, and as we are showing a much larger range this season, made exclusively for ourselves, would ask you to examine our samples before ordering elsewhere. and advise you to place orders as quickly as possible, so that good delivery will be ensured, theus placing you in a position to meet the demands of the E:arly Fall Trade.

WE ARE SHOWING A MUCH LARGER RANGE IN
Shirts and Drawers, Ladies' Vests and Hosiery THAN EVER BEFORE.
P.S.-Will be pleased to submil Samples on application.

## SHORTER TERMS OF OREDIT.

DUKIN(; the past month the Montreal wholesale branch of the Board of Irade have sent out a circular to the trade generalls; in Montreal and (Yuelvec urging that credits should be shortenced. It was pointed out that already in many lines, notably carpets, men's furnishings and mollmery, many of the houses had adopted the four months basis.

The evils consequent upon long dating were fully exposed and dwelt upon by "Ine Dry (Gooms Rewilew over two years ago. In interviews that it had with leading menbers of the trade in Montreal and Moronto, it was elicited that without exceptoon they were in favor of shortening the terms of credit on many lines. Since then a certain amome of reform has been effected, but there is yet room for more, and it would appear that matters are in fair shape to effect it. ill the replies that have been received by Secretary Irwin, at Montreal, are favorable to shorter terms of credit, with the single exception of linglish woolens. On these the tepresentatives of English houses allow a long term, and for this reason there is a reluctance to sell these four months. When the conditions which govern sales made by English houses are analysed, however, the real difference is not so great. For instance, an importer buys goods from an English agent. They are dated six months from the first of September. The goods are shipped to the importer in August, and when the goods arrive the duty and freight have to be paid promptly before delivery. This means from $37 / 2$ to +0 per cent. of their value that has to be: paid down on the nail, net cash. With the same goods bought from a Canadian jobber the case is different.

The buyer gets the goods in July, and if the reform is effected they will be dated four months from the ist of October. He has no duty to pay, however, and the cost of the package, which, in the original English one, is from 155. to 20s., is much lighter in tise Camadian one. Whereas, therefore, the dealer gets an extra month by purchasing fron the English agent, it is open to argument whether this is not more than offset by the fact of the extra cost of package and the payment of $371 / 2$ to 40 per cent. of tise cost of the goods net cash.

The Montreal association have held several meetings during the month, and finally decided that as an association they would take no action, but that the members individually would use every effort to have the terms on all goods shortened.

## NEW GOODS.

'Thibaudeau Bros.' buyer has just returned from a visit to the chief centres in the States. He-picked up at Boston and New York some fine lines of duck suitings in all colors-indigo blue f.nd amline blacks. These goods all show a fancy weave and are entirely new. The same shipment included dimities and crepons in the latest effects, also Persian muslins. The patterns in all these goods are new and original with this firm alone in this market. The shipment is now in stock and orders will be promptly attended to.

## COMMENCING STOOK-TAKING.

All the big general houses in Montreal commenced stocktaking on the 26 th. They will be through in the course of a day or so, and their different traveling staffs will start out in real earnest on their campaign of hunting for fall orders.

## Hutchison

 Nisbet \& 34 wollington 8i. Wost . . . PRONTO

JUNE-mering this month
WE Cl.EAK OL"T Al.I. (O)D) I.INES


Letter Orders given special attention

## The Two in 0ne . . .

It is one thing to sell profit-making goods. It is a decidedly different thing to sell satisfactory goods. The first often means but a single sale, while the latter means continuous selling.

## BRUSH'S PEERLESS <br> DOUBLE DRESS STAY

combines the two. It pays the retailer a handsome profit, while, at the same time, it constantly attracts the customer to his store. And why shouldn't it do so ?

> "'Twllf never stay bent, That's good from the start: They cant cat she dress, And won't actr apart."

Thus it overcomes all faults known to DRESS SIAYS, -in other words. it is perfect. Did you ever know a perfect article that wouldn't sell?
Brush's Pecrless Double Dress Stays are made up in sizes 6 to 9 inches; also in setts of nine steels each, 6 to 9 inches. Colors-Drab, Black, White, Old Gold, Pink and Blue.

## SAMPLE ORDERS SOLICITED

BRUSH \& CO. TORONTO

NOW
is the time to make your selections of Down Quilts, etc., for FALL, before our choicest coverings are picked out.

## HERE

 is an object lesson.IFthese Brownies were provided with a "Swan Brand" down quilt they would not be hugging the stove all night and allowing their backs to freeze.

## Toronto Feather \& Down Co. Ltd.

 BOULTER \& STEWART, Sole Selling Agents.

## Dainty Coverings for the Wee Ones

 exclusively HAND-MADE GOODS.


Bootees and Mitts. (zs sylyes.) To mran from zocts. to \$i.0.
Skirts, Overalls, Shirts, Tams, Et.

## MEN'S FURNISHINQ8.

ASlPCIALITY is being made of Windsor silk ties for ladies by K. Ishikawa \& Co. One line retailsat 15 c . Special patterns are shown to retail at 15 and 25 c. A fresh shipment of the latter, in a range of patterns, is expected soon. The firm are also showing made-up ties in neat patterns, very new and stylish.
W. K. Brock \& Co. claim never to have shown such an altractive range of men's stammer waistcoats as thos season. llain and fancy ducks, Bedford cords in white, navy blue, fawns, etc., are amongst the selection.

In men's furnishngs department S. Greenshields. Son \& Co. are showng an immense range of neckwear in knots, derby bows and lombards, etc.; English collars, braces and umbrellas; also open windsors in tartan, chinas and fancy silks for boys' and ladics' wear.

## BUSINESS IN BRAMPTON.

Mr. Butler, of Rumnions \& Butler, Brampton, who was in Toronto a day or two ago had a chat with The Revew about trade matters generally and the business outlook in particular. Mr. Butler speaks hopefully both of present trade and future prospects. His firm are doing a good business, and notwithstanding Brampton's proximity to Toronto and the temptation for people to buy in city stores, his firm have no reason to complain of the patronage received from the prosperous district in which Brampton is situated. Rumnons $\&$ Buther do a cash business, and endorse the system of buying and selling for cash.

In dealing in country produce also the firm pay cash and have every reason to lelieve that this satisfies their customers as well as it does the firm. Mr. Butler is a live, hopeful merchant, and has long been a reader of The Review.


T'c be in the swim you want a range of colored and black alpacas for bathing suits. Brophy, Cains \& Co. have them. They also have a stock of black cotton and cashmere hose at all prices.

## THE SIMPSON CO., LTD.

Mr. Simpson, the proprictor of the large department store on Yonge street, Toronto, is turning his business for purposes of convenience into a joint stock company. Its name is the Robert Simpson Co., Lid., with a capital of $\$ 500,000$ in 5,000 $\$ 100$ shares. The company has the power "to buy, sell, manufacture, and deal in goods, wares, and merchandise generally." The members of the company are: Robert Simpson, Mary Ann Simpson, his wife; lames B. Campbell, one of his buyers; Arthur R. Parsons, his manager, and Mrs. Hamiton Meritt, his daughter.

Mr. Karel Boissevain, of the Alaska Feather \& Down Co., of Montreal, was in Torc:to last week. Mr. Boissevain is the Consul-General of the Netherlends, and was here on consular as well as other business.

## A Gem

REPRESENTS GREAT VALUE IN A STIALL COMPASS


One of Kieinert's D-ess Shiclds is ver;'; appropiately named the ' UEIT'
ITS GREAT VALUE IS APPREGIATED BY THE WEARER.

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Thereare
Oftimere-
THEPGATHERWESORT Por lameace.
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## 'Toronto:

24 and 2: Sront $8 t$. Woat.

ALL TADE BY
I. B. Klineret Rubber Co.,

## New York:

715 to 787 mroadmay

## IRVING Umbrella Co.

Eimited.
Manufacturers


## Quick Delivery During Sorting-up Season.

## 20 Front Street West TORONTO.

HOMOSDU11S $\begin{aligned} & \text { We are showing a handsome range of these } \\ & \text { goods, both } 3 / 4 \text { and } 6 / 4 \text {, in all the new shades of }\end{aligned}$ greys and browns. These goods are particularly adapted for gentlemen's wear during June, July and August.
a an mage of Flannel Suitings Tennis and Cricketing, in Cream, White, Plain and Twills.

## B1ue Neroes $\begin{aligned} & \text { In all the standard numbers, from 25c. to } \$ 2.40 \\ & \text { per yard, in } 3 / 4 \text { and } 6 / 4 \text {. }\end{aligned}$

## SAMPLES FURNIBHED THE TRADE ON APPLIOATION

## an anecoote of the trade.

TIIE: trade jubilece of Mr. Kobert Maule, of Rebert Maule S Som, l.dmhurgh, was bately relebrated, and, in reply to ant addess from bis assistants, told the following story of his early ratecer
"I went dirert to (ilasgow; called only at one warehouse Stewart \& Mollomald', and was engaged by Mr. Mellonald, in IIIf eyes to this day a Napoleon in the drapery trade. (Ap. plause) I will guse you an meident that occurred on the first afternoon I entered. I was placed in the fiench merino depatment. I customer was brought who wanted to see a certain merno The asostant neat me showed we where the goods were. thery were high up bejond my reach. I looked round the department for steps, but could see none. I weent connd to the neve departmem, being the linen, and was helping myself to a pare of steps, when the bead of the department rushed forward, clutehed the steps, shouting to me: "'ou dare not take these; it is agamst the rule.' (langhter.; I looked at him for a moment. 'Are you trying to see what is in the joung man from the country ${ }^{2}$ rushed through my mund (laughter) -and bemg amosus about the customer, with an almest superhman power I took the nefen from the head of the department, and seried ily constomes, after which 1 rephaced them. (I aughter and applause) 'hontly he came to me, and said, - You dad wromg, and don't try it agallo.' I sad, defiantly, 'If the same crecumatances artse to morrow, I sball do the same thinge'-(applause)-feelmg that if every department should have a par of steps, that someone had broken the rules, and take: away the memos neps. Befute the close of the day 1 got to know that I had had a stand np fight whth the oldest hand in the retal thughter) a areat favortle with Mr. Stewart, and fellow chler it: a free church Well, this made me thank there would be at least a courtmarmal danghtery bue no He, Vr. Mason by name, and there ate some here to-mght who knew him for many sears (applatese) came around to me neat day very bland and plasant, and asked me where I cance from: I told ham I cane from Kincardme. When be heard the place named, Kimeatence, he ppotared as if an electre shock had passed up and down ha vane. Fon efute understand 1 am putting it in a lute strong here (laugher and applause) -but he shorly came to hmode from that day onward we were great friends. (Applatuse.)"

## CYCLING FOR WOMEN.

 lienten, M . .. M. I)., has an arncle on cychagy for lades, in which be states it as ha, opmon that the exercise is very health; and benefietal. We are pleased to thank that the learned doctor approses of tt. though we are anclued to belleve that, did be not do so, hav opmon would bate had but hate elfect upon the present volent boom on cychng among lidios Ir. Fenton also maduges in a few abser atoms upon the guevitun of dress, which, he derlates, heavaly handeaps the female reder, and it is with thas pathon of bis attacte that we dengiter because one las omlv to make . sour of mane thon of the leading wholesale doper housen. to lind not one hat docens of reverty designed
 thated with a due revpert th the sucephothenes of that egregous
 a veromdarn whe with lir leontom, though, as far as he is con--rined with e.ntumes, be oblenates Ingh collars and ught fitums
sleeves; while as to under-clothing he advises lady riders to wear warm absorbent garments, and to avoid those made of cotton. It is when he studes eycling as a remedy for the ills that young lady shop assistants are heir to that the learned medico gets enthusiastic: for he declares that a girl who has to stand for hours and hours behind a counter gets relief untold from an evening spin on her "bike." It improves her circulation, removes the aches and pains that tend to make her prematurely old, and generally cehblarates her.-Drapery World.

## ENGLISH TRAVELERS AND THE RAILWAYS.

The leading railway companies in England have come to an important decision with reference to commercial travelers. On and after July t commercinl travelers will be granted tickets, ist, and and jrd class, for return to their homes from liriday to Monday at single fare for the double journey, to all places over thirty miles distant. In order to prevent fraud, travelers who wish to avail themselves of this privilege must be members of the Commercial 'Iravelers' Assoctation or kindred bodies, who furnish them with a ticket of mem. bershy and a form to be filled up when applying for railway tickers. The association ticket of membership will bear on it a photograph of the member, and the presentation of this unques. tomable testimony will secure him the advantages of the new regulation.

## PARASOLS ACTIVE.

June with the retailers is always a busy month in this de. partment. probably the most active one of the year. Just at presem, the few drops of rain we have had have made umbrella commers in the big retail stores as busy as a bechive. The holiday season just commencing makes it necessary for those sing out of town to prepare themselses for every emergency, and to make the less fortunate, who remain at home, carry some protection for one's self against old Sol's rays. The season, although dry, has been a good one, and, at present, that as. sorting is active is demonstrated by the Irving Uimbrella (io. working overtime. The feeling for steel rods is strong, and orders on this style reported better than on wood sticks, es. pecially so in the better grades.

Naties, to some extent, are seen in the store windows at $\$ 1.50$ with natural wood handles, and $\$ 2.25$ for steel rods with lresden knobs.
(ream parasols, for the hot weather, are good property, in frills, and also without, the latter being entirely phain, and have white ribs and handles.

## A HANDSOME STORE.

The Hudson Bay C. . have lately moved into their new premises erected by them at Portage la Pratic, Man.

Their store is situated in the centre of the town, and is a handsome white brick. filled with all modern improvements, and contams basement, first and second flats. The windows are large, and fitted with plate glass mirrors; and a new feature in the dry goods department, which has a good effect, is mirrors at mervals the full length of the store. The grocety department is, perhaps, one of the most attractive in the lominion.

## FOR DECORATION.

John Macdonald \& Co. have chiffon paper in all the new art shades for summer decoration purposes.

# A.A. ALLAN \& CO. wYLD, GRASETT \& DARLING 

WHOLESALE

## HATS, CAPS, FURS wo STRAW COODS

Straw goods department replete with all the newest styles of English, Canadian and American manufacture.
Men's Hats in reat varcty

ENGLISH GALATEAS and LADIES' SHADES SPECIAL VALUE
HARVEST HATS LOW PRIOES

Letter orders shipped sams ding.
A. A. ALLAN \& CO. ${ }^{n w \text { wnmm } \text { tORONTO }}$

Have received shipments of Scasomable (ioods for

## June Trade....

 NEW PRINTSFor Blouses, Dresses, ete. Stylish l'atherns and ('olorings.
VICTORIA LAWNS SPOTTED MUSLINS DIMITIES

In great variety.
Stock in all Departments well assorted. Travellers' and Letter Orders Sollcited.

Wyld, Grasett \& Darling TORONTO


WhOLESALE DRY GOODS, 12 front street west. TOEROINTO

## SOMETHINQ ABOUT THE METRIC SYSTEM.

THERE is a good deal of talk about the metric system coming mino vogue in the United States, and in Great Brtain too. There are strong agitations in both courtres, and a bill is actually before Congress, but in the meantime a compulsory change is not likely. That its adoption may conte soon is not improbable, and then Canada would have to fall into line with the Mother Country and the States, her twe biggest customers.

A Boston reporter has been asking various authoritues how the metric system would work. Dr. Gould, of Cambndge, stated: "To day the metric system is generally understood in the Uuited States. Everybody who has had a grammar school training should know it by heart, because no inteligent person has dared to say that it is difficult to learn. Of course, it is not common in everyday life; that is, a housewife would le looked upon as an ignorant foreigner or a person of unsound mind if she should ask her grocer for a kilogram of :ea or a litre of milk, or inquire at a dry goods store for the price of two metres of blue nbbon, a decimetre wide and all silk.
"The decimal system, you know, originated fom the fact that there are ten figures, ten digits, in a man's hands. The linited States used the decimal system first, as the basis for its coinage formula. Then !rance took the hin, and put it into tables of weights and measurement. But the metric system is not, as some encyclopedias say, the 'modern Firench system.' It was never exclusively firench, but an international system. It belongs to the whole world.
" lts use is now obligatory all over the world, excepting in Kussia, England and the United States. Russia is ready to adope it whenever we do. And England, usually conservative, is agitating the subject with considerable liveliness. I should be exceedingly mortified." satd the doctor, smiling, "if England should get in ahead of us. Hut I think thete is no likelibood that the Btitish will take up the metric unit before we do. The Hurley bill will pass; it must pass. Then we should have but one legal system of weights and measures. We shall no longer have thisty or forty different kinds of pounds and miles, but one universal pound and one universal mile.
"The people of this country should take to the system easily. It is now understood so well throughout the country that at will come into use without serious trouble. We have had thirty years' traming, with no serious opprosition. Ten or fiffeen years ago the people knew the system bether, but because it has been slow in coming they have incluned to forget it. It is perfectly clear in all its simplicity to ciny to all reputable scientic men, :o persons who have traveled in Europe, to druggists and many Covernment emploges, and io European immigrants-not to speak of people in general who are well eduated.
"The changes, you sec, will ixe in favor of the people every time. A kiogran is more than two prounds, and thinty grams is more than one ounce; and the labor and liability to error in calculating are unspeatiably less. The only thing worth considering in the way is the long names; but we shall have Eng. lish erpuivalents of them in spelling and promunciatoon, and with our high rate of intelligence, higher than that of Europe, we should take to the metric system easily:
"I won't take to it at all," sad a butcher. "I was brought up to tatk hundredweight, pounds and quarters. You might as well try to make me leave off linglish and talk Duteh."
"The llurley bull's a joke ; that's what it is," obsereed a dry noods dealer. " lut l'm not running the Government. If it
wants to adopt this new-fangled system, why, let it go ahead. Only there's no Government on earth that can compel me to mensure cloth and such stuff by any other system than that which my customers use. And 1 think it will be a long time before the people stop talking as they do now."

Another person was logical and to the point in his answer: "Nations are very careful and slow in radical reforms," said he. " People are not evenly enough educated to adopt new systems for everyday use, to think in metres and litres and kilograms, as if those terms were second nature to them. Consider the case with the Fiench. They abolished their money piece, the sou, a hundred years ago, and substituted the 5 centimes piece. But the sou is as common to day in France as it ever was. So if the metric system were introduced here, we should keep right on talking in quarts and feet and inches."

## NOTES.

Mr. W. R. Brock and Mr. B. B. Cronyn, of Toronto, have returned from Europe.

A special purchase of print blouses for retailing at 50 c . has been made by W. R. Brock \& Co.

Iadies' parasols and sunshades in special lines to retail at $50 c ., 75 \mathrm{c}$. $\$ 1$ and $\$ 1.25$, are noted at Wyld, Grasett \& Darling's.

Japanese glove baskets, opren and folding fans, toothpncks, are some of the new Japanese goods shown by John Macdonald $\&$ Co.

Mr. A. J. Meharg, buyer for S. Greenshiclds, Son \& Co.'s mens' furnishing: and notions departments, has just returned from Europe:

John Macdonald $\mathcal{S}$ Co. report a full range of striped dimities, linen effects. The season's odds and ends in fancy and plain silks are being cleared out, as well as vanous lines of dress goods. A special line of dimity striped and print blouses in all colors, to retail at Goc., is neted.
"There is another point." said a man to Tue Review, "about your timely article on underweights in yarns. I hear that some makes guarantee 16 oz to the 16 ., which looks all right, but they don't guamantec 6 lbs . to the spindle, and when you weigh them you will find about $51 / 2$ lbs."

Repeats in laces are reported to hand by Wyld, Grasett \& larling. The sale for all the fine makes in valenciennes, ete, in white and butter is very good. Lines of ladies' ribbed underwear, bleached and unbleached, the latter retailing at $10 c$, are reported. Fast black cotton hosiery, which is a specialty with the house, is in demand. A z-inch black belt ribbon, retailing ${ }^{15 c}$. per yard, is a feature.

## REDUCTION IN AMERICAN PRINTS.

The chicf feature in the United States market for prints last week was the reduction in price of the American indigo blues to +c. per yard, a lower price than these goods have ever touched before. The gencral effect upon the market has not been important. It will allow jobbers to sell these prints yec. per yard lower than before.

## OVERMAKES AT INTERESTING PRICES.

John Macdonaid \& Co. are offering several lines of overmakes in overalls, underwear. neglige shirts, half-hose, braces, etc, which will be specially interesting to the trade.

## Silk Premier

New, very new! Nothing like it ; nothing can be made like it. Made from a fibre grown in the tropics. Contains properties equal to silk; has the appearance of silk; possesses wearing qualities that are superior to silk; as brilliant a lustre as silk, and the necessary rustle which is looked for in silk; is employed instead of silk ; gives better all-round satisfaction than silk; sells quicker than silk because, being cheaper, more serviceable and pliable, dressmakers prefer it to silk.

Altogether it is great, grand, attractive, lasting, novel, genuine-the most beautiful lining ever produced, and of which we are the SOLE manufacturers. All colors, including fast black. Talk about a new lining, here is something to talk about. If you want SILK PREMIER you must place orders now-this very hour-so as to get deliveries in season.

## WIDTH 30 INCHES

## It is the Best Lining Made

It can be found at the following representative retailers' in New York and Brooklyn, and will, as rapidly as orders can be filled, be in the hands of the leading stores of other cities.

NEW YORK

James $\boldsymbol{A}$. Hearn \& Son. Hilton. Hughes \& Co. Le Boutillier Bros., 14th St. McPartland \& O Flaherty. James McCreery \& Co.
H. ONelll \& Co.
M. C. Spencer \& Co. J. D. Walton \& Co. Westervelt \& Demarest. D. M. Williams \& Co.

BROOKLYN
Abraham \& Straus. Henry Offerman.
The Liebman Co. Joseph Wechsler's Sons.

514.518 Broadway . . .

## REPORTS FROM THE WEST.

SATICFAC"IORY reports of the Northwest were given to fill Revnw the week by Mr. J. I). Allan, of A. A. Allan $\mathcal{\&}$ (o., who has just returned from an cetended tap there. Mr. Allan has gone west once a year for about i.s years, and notes a sieady and marked improvement in the material prosperity of the country. The rattle trade has grown to respectable dimen. stons, and whle the present ramy season has interfered somewhat whth the Manitoba wheat crop, further west on the prairies the monst spro:is has resulted in fine pasturage, from which stockmen will sensibly benefit. The people of the west, Mr. Allan says, ate evedently gething beller of as a whole. farm buidness show improved aprearance, and there is lar less tendency to discomant future crops. Merchants adhere to a cash busmess whth much persistence, and the trade outlook is, on the whole, distunctly favombic. Both in the rich Kootenay district of Bratish Columbia and about Kat Portage, in northwest On. sario, the country is evidently on the eve of a mining expansion of no speculative chameter, liut based on actual results and on the proved rea urees of these rich terntories. Some of the Jobannesterg people, who ate feeling the set-back to mining there due to the South African troubles, are going into the Kootenar; anci the future development is vere promisug. Mr. Allan, who is a stalwatt Canadian and an admirer of Bratish institutions, notes whth satisfaction that in our mising districts law and order prevail and authonty is respected. The rough types who come over the thorder from the states from lawless minng camps re cogmae the difference in our laws and act accordingly:

## MODERN NAME ABSURDITIES.

TCll: modern vernaculas as appleed to textile fabrics is one of the surpuses of thes fertile day and age. Men who irom
 are dale confronted whe wods, trade terms and phrases so new and stanherg as to cause them to look for a modern babel to kecp company wath the apparem confusion of tongues.

The modern dre sonds neolvist (arss The l)ry (ioods Eiconomst) gropes not in the ancient classics nor in a modem Thesaurus for his voxabuiars, but boldly pluck from any source a name for the arncle wheh is io lve brobitat mon notice. An ordinus stom serge woven to prowiuce a seceledeffect is classed be some department a $"$, hatkhile:" This sem is readity un-
derstood by barbers as applied to razor strops, but no lady would care to boast of being attired in sharkhide, and the average country merchant would be groping in Egyptian darkness so far as knowing what was being quoted.

A manufacturer, long in the embrondery business, who ought to know the technical terms for embroidery of all kinds, was asked by a dress goods man if he had a "pompadour." Being a bald-headed man be disclamed any pretensions, and proceeded to display his types. Imagine his surprise to see the dress goods man take up a piece of embroidery with a very coarse round thread prominently thrown to the surface, and ca!l it a "pompadour."

Fine silk and linen batuste comes to us this season under the gauny name of chiffon. India linen is brought out by one house as linen de India; and another, not to be outdone, classes this fabric as India linon. Common fc. lawn, starched stiff enough to stand alone, masquerades under the sobriquet of batiste. Ordinary cheviots are termed piccaditlies, a name also applied to shoes, hats, and collars. Domestic dress goods, woven on loms old enough to vote, are termed printed warps. dew and appropriate names for old favorities may be all right to arrest attention and bring them into notice, but modern mis. applications frepuentl) indicate flashes of incipiem insanity. It has been well said that "the greatest thougnts are the simplest, and so are the greatest men." L.et us have a little more sim. plicity in trade terms for staple articles.

## A SPECIAL IN SUPERIOR BLOUSES.

Caldecolt, Burton \& Sjence have manulactured some splendid lines in blouses, stylhsh goods, which the) are offering so as to enable the retailer to sell for $\$_{1}$ and $\$ 125$ with good
profit.

Caldecott, Burton $\&$ Spence show a splendid lot of wash fabrics, meluding crinkles, piques, zephyrs and spot mushins.

In underwear, Caldecolt, Burton $\mathbb{N}$ Spence have cleared several mill lots, which they offer at a small advance to the trade.

The new shaped collar canvas is held by Caldecoth, Burton


Caldecott, Bureon \& Spence are showing amongst other things the latest novelties in parasols and sunstades, specially the new fad--inside trimmings.
 Our travellers are now on the road
and will call on you shortly with our
samples of Fur Skins, Manufactured
Furs, Cloch Caps, Gloves, Mitts, Moc-
casins, and we would kindly ask you
to defer placing your orders until you
have examined our collection. We can
safely assert that for completeness of
detail in regard to finish, fit and
tasteful selection of materials and de-
signs, our lines will be unsurpassable.
Z. PAQUET,


## Beter Pin this up where you will See it again.

For two months or more this lall, we will do some heavy bill. posting throughout Canada, advertising the bucreased and he:atinful warmth obtained through libure Chamois Interlining, in liall and Winter Clothing. The Poster has been designed by one of the best known artists, and is now being lithographed by the largest house in New York. Size, \& feet 6 inches high by 7 feet across.
A series of cuts is also being prepared and will be sent free of charge on application, when the liall season opens, to assist you in your own advertising.

300,000 pamphlets were issued this Spring, and the same number, talking warmith in clothing, vill be sent out to your customers early this fall.

All this is bound to attract additional attention to our and jour newspaper work.
Contracts have been made by us with neanly ewery daily, weekly and religious paper of any value in Canada.

Some live man in your town is going to realize the full force of all this advertising and take advantage of it. Others will not, and will have hard work to keep their trade together. A few good ads. of Fibre Chamols lined Clothing will attract the attention of all in your section.

# John Fisher <br> WOOLLENS <br> And Tailors' Trimmings 

## Son \&

442 and 444 St. James St.
MONTREAL

WAKI: enabled to keep our stock in Montreal constantly well assorted with latent noveltes in all classes of WOOLLEN and WORSTED cloths, as our house in Huddersfield. Eng., keeps a large stock ready for shipmen, from which they supply other markets. especially English, Irish, and Scotch, where they do a large trade with tailors and clothern, besides having constantly in work various lines especially selected for the Canadian trade.

Oiten Montreal orders (especially cables) are despatched same day as received in Huddersfield.
All Canadian woollen buyers visiting the English markets would find exceptinual advantages in buying and ordering from our Huddersfleld House, as, in addition to holdang a large stock to select from, we are at all times in complete tuuch with the makers of every chass of woollen and worsted suitings and coatings.

The senior member of our firm has had many gears eaperience there, both as manufacturer and merchant.

II' is learned that the location of the new Brussels Carpet Co. will be at Sherbrooke. Mr. Talbot, the promoter, has lavored that city as a suitable pomt on account of the splendid water prower, shipping and other facilities available. The new company's will be the only Brussels carpet plant in Canada, and the market for the a.ticle is very large. Mr. Talbot, who is looking after the otganization of the company, is a practical man, having commenced the trade of carpet weaving in England at the eatly age of eight, and since dat time has been constantly employed in the different branches of the carpet industry. He brought the first plant of English carpet machinery to the U.S. in 1870 , and since that date has established and managed several of the latfe concerns now in successful operation in that country: About a year ago he and his brother came over to Canada, bringing with them a complete Brussels carpet plant, and located in Ontario, where, in conjunction with Mr. E: Cockroft, they operated a successful business, and have in that short time succeeded in phacing their goods in tine hands of the leading trade throughout the Dominion. Owing to the growth of their trade they now find their present premises too small and the location unsuitable. They decided that Sherbrooke was most sumable for their jurpose, and it is now almost a certainty that the new industry will be: in successful operation there by the ist of January next. The new company will be organred under the name of the Talbot Brusseis Carpet Co. of Sherbrooke It is expected to employ about three hundred hands, and to ping oit: in wages over $\$ 75,000$ anmually.

## FAST BLAOK.

The permanent value of fast black goods depends upon their bemg what they chaim to be. This is a case where a name comes in. The name of louis Hermsdorf is now synonymous with perfect black dyeing, and the hosiery and gloves with that brand upon them sell owing to that very fact. There is, of course, something due to the scientific skill and knowledge winich invented the processes that produce perfect results. But the genius of keeping the product ever up to the standard is also a vital element, and this is one of the secrets of the Hermsdorf popularity-an unchanging hue, and a never-varying excellence.

## THE SEALSKIN HARVEST.

The sealing vessels which have so far arrived at Victoria, 13.C., report only fair catches for this season. The labrador, Capt. Haan, reports a total of 94 skins: she is one of the small schooners of the fieet, and her catch, therefore, is not so unsatisfactory as would seem. The luck of Capt. Gould, of the Carrie C. W., is also poor, he having secured only $16 y$ skins; but these are fine large pelts and should bring good prices. The schooner Sapphire has returned to Clayoquot to fit out for her Behring sea cruise. Her skipper, Capt. Wilham Cox, returned home recently and reports a catch of it skins.

Aubrey Iarke, for it years salesman in the staple department of John White \& Co., Woodstock, Ont., was presented before leaving, by his fellow employes, with a pair of opera glasses and a fountain pen.


# Finley, Smith \& Co. 

Inmporters of . . .

## WOOLLENS and TAILORS' . . . TRIMMINGS

## 

## 29 VICTORIA SQUARE

## NEW THINQS IN ART GOODS.

TCllERE are one or two new features to note in art needlework. Cords are coming in to replace tassels as ornaments. These woolen cords are shown in colors to match the materials, and Frank Robertson \& Co., Toronto, are showing samples of the new goods which are quite attractive. Another late feature is the employment of fancy embroidered banding for the edges of art cloths. These are in colors, and will be used much in conjunction with demans and colored lonens. In art goods a range of silks, Moorish patterns, are very striking.

Another novelty is the Rob Rny design an unted cloth. The design is thrown up on a delicate tartan ground, and as table coverings and cushions the material looks handsome.

For two seasons there has been a run in cut out work, but cheap materials and the labor necessary are causing it to decline. It will be replaced by hem-stitched linen, especially wide hems, which give it weight and stylish appearance. These will retail at $\$ 2$.

Yet another idea seen at F . Kobertson $\mathbb{S}$ Co.'s is a range in linen of table covers, doyleys and pillow shams, the centre being done in fancy design, while the border is left in the rough, the idea being to embroider the edge in art scalloped design.

A new frame on colored linen was seen in sample at $F$. Kobertson $\&$ Co.'s, the linen in this case being green and the design being carried out with green ivory rings, in the middle of each ring being placed a colored jewel. The effect is brilliant.

THE SAMSON, KENHEDY ESTATE.
The Samson, Kennedy $\mathcal{S}$ Co. estate is still in process of liquidation. The paper in the bank is nearly all run out now.

There have been some renewals and some compositions, and in about two months the affairs of the firm will, it is expected, be wound up. The total net dividend will be about $27 / 1 / 2$ to $=8 \mathrm{c}$. The Manitoba lands sold for ${ }^{1} 5 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{sc}$ an acre, a large tract being low lands east of Winnipeg and of no market value.

## A STRIKE IN BLOUSES.

The announcement elsewhere of Caldecott, Burton $\mathbb{N}$ Spence of their new line of blouses refers to a very fine range in fine Scotch zephyrs and novelties made in the newest imported styles. These goods are of fine appearance and superior grade, and yet retail from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.25$. They are likely to meet the popular taste for a dressy article at a moderate price.

## GOES IN FOR CASH.

One of the latest live merchants to adopt the cash system is John Hall, of Exeter, who does a thriving business. His store is $25 \times 135$ feet, he keeps a good stock, with carpets, etc., and upstairs he has a well-fitted department. Mr. Hall adopted the cash basis $\lambda$ pril 1 , and so far is well satisfied with its working.

## TO KHL COMPETITORS.

The cotton syndicate has been selling shirtings and other colored lines to the wholesale trade at to per cent. off the list. These are amounced as job lots, but the talk in the trade is that they are regular lines. In this connection it is said that the cutting is done to suppress competition.
J. Sproule Smith, representung Wm. Parks © Son, cottons, St. John, N. B., spent a few days looking over the factory last week and getting ready for next spring's trade.

## eugène JAMMET'S Kid Gloves

GUARANTEED in all details.
+

## Atrractive Styees

Early Fall Delivery

If you have not seen them, write us, and we will send representatiye or mail samples.

# Perrin's Gloves 

## PERRIN FRERES \& CIE.

## The Glove house of (anion

7 Victoria Square, MONTREAL.

FACTORY:
GRENOBLE, FRANCE Paris, London, New York

gloves
A LARGE STOCK ON HAND

Our travelers are now on the road with NEW SAMPLES and SHADE CARDS for Fall

## SUMMIR MHLIINIERY．

A＇T the operning of the l＇aris salons this season the milliners display was vaned and attractue．Ma：e．B．，the corres－ pondent of The lify（ioods Economist，pives some particulars．

The most stuming bat there was extremely simple．It was a wide brim leghorn，tuted slightly and tilted back by a half wrenth of rech red roses under the left side and a lot under the back．The crown was a huge puff of black velvet of the Tam $0^{\circ}$ Shanter order，but fluted upward like an umbella turned in． side out．It was set lighely around the crown by several rows of shimme and finished at the headline by a band of narrow black welvet robbon ted an a stmple bow in frome．One hand－ sume tall black ostrich feather，curled Prince of Wales style， was fastened on the right stde by a rich rhinestone brouch．
小 いい! バい!い!

Inother hat whit a big paff of black velvet，the flutes set up． ward．the base banded around the head by a coronet of rhine－ stones and pearls，was set into a wide brim of old point de Venise，cieam in color．The supportung wites were bound over with black velvet．The back was turned right up and trmmed with a porfusion of mixed sweet－pea blossoms，and from the left a very latge bunch of black crosse aigrette．

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cot NHIII IIJII.
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A round hat of mednum width was of shirred white tulle over gold wires．
（In the low crown was a huge bow of white mousseline de soic spangiled with gree＂and ridd，whic sere：al wh real look me dragon fles $m$ ：all their natural gorgeousness nestled among the folds of gaure．therr stiver）＂inges glistenang in the sunshone． The loops were supprorted on gold wires and some fell sofly． over the upturned back．

A full wreath of the new gause roses in every shade of pink and red，whth plenty of bright green foliage，was set around the bnm and carned over the edge across the back．
"HIH HBKM IKIMWIN心.

Another hat was of yellow wlle，also shared．but with a big double fulling of the tulle at the edge．The crown was a large irregular puff of white mousselune de soie with a tiny white silk dot．It was trimmed with orcheds of various colors and delicate ferns．The brim was lent in cecentric waves that were becom－ ing to the yellow－hared herl who wore the hat，and would pro－ bably not have berome any one else．

Her frock nas of the dotted mousseline，over jellow silk， whh limpre waise having a double or ceinture sash of gellow satin mbton．

> 心 いた!いい HHf!

There was anothet girl with y cllow hare who wore what，at a litele distance，lowited simpiy like a wreath of white star daisies， whth some wild rose spray＇s risme out of it on etther sitie．When close to her one saw a hulle crown of green straw in the centre． The haur was wom in large lenose waves，low on to the collar quite：hodmg the cars．

Cirls wer the forchead are commgin apam，but they must be lange and natural looking．
cortue NWh Hat is Gitz.

With a cosiume of pale bleuet gray mohatr，trimmed with a lace of gold thread and white silk ransed blowers over white sam． was a full vest of gellow mousselme de sote．lins matched a
hat of mugh hut tranciatent sellow straw，whth that brim tilted over the face．The back turned up，and against it was a wide bow of ribbon velvet matching the gray blue．

All round on the brim was a full wreath of immense green rose leaves，with two very large crimson roses on each side，a tall spray of the same with half open buds rising from the left bach． On the back were white lilacs．

A beautiful picture hat was of heliotrope rough straw edge with a broad band of purple chip．The wide brim was bent up away from the face，with a knotted bow of dark green velvet just over the fair hair，the end twisted over the brim，holding it back to the crown．High up over the brim was piled a perfect garden of flowers，iilacs，roses and lots of foliage．

The back was also turned up and trimmed with a bow of heliotrope and purple tulle，secured by wo green bectles with damond eges．A similar insect was in the velvet bow in from．

## millinery in lóndon．

THIS is the height of the season in London，and new millin． ery styles are in great demand．Many of the West End houses，says The Millinery Record，are more like fancy fars than anything else at certain hours of the das：

A decidedly original and most tastetul model，shown is Bond street，was a capote，the front formed of a fine black lace ruche，the crown covered with delicate crinkled leaves in palest green，with an upstanding aigrette formed of two similar leaves． Strings were added in narrow black velvet，with an under ribbon in pale green satio．

Another expuisite model was a small bonnet of black tulle， with rosettes of tulle，and on the left side a pigutet of black and yellow orchids．In front rose a stylish combination bow of pink，pale reseda and biscuit－colored ribbon，with wide black net wings outspreading across the crown，these appligued with iridiscent sequins，turquoise pailletes，and narrow point inser－ tion edging them．

A model toque，which in a measure indicates the mode we are to expect a little later，had a very stylish bow of wide cherry and damask red velvet ribbon，standing erect from a crown of damask and pink roses，on a close topue shape，the further ornament being a wide fan bow outspread across the back of black Kussian net，edged with three rows of liuscan fancy plait．

Black Kussian net takes the place in many instances of black tulle，and we have noted that black－ring net and black net with white rings looks remarkably well when used to veil brightly．colored or flowered ribbous．

High crowns to broad，round brimmed lace，and lace－straw hats are covered with roses closely laid on，and a stylish mode is to wreath the extreme edge of the crown with a chaplet of roses．

A lange black chip hat，with wide leaf，was encircled around the top，of the crown in this fashion，while loose petals of pink roses were scattered over the wide brim，and were sewn on with dewdrop paillet：es，which also glittered on the deep black velvet headband．

## HATS FOR LADY CYCLISTS．

The fashion abroad is to have mote stylish hats for lady bi－ cyclists than seems the sule in Canada just now．A l．ondon correspmadent sass：＂For cyeling，a hat which pleased nue

## Summer Goods

Special Attention
Given to Mail Orders

Fromi Parla and Iondon . . .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PatTERN HATS } \\
& \text { and BONNETS }
\end{aligned}
$$

and latest novehies in MII.LINERY TRIMMINCBS, also 200 cases latest styles of AMERIC:AN STKAW HATS.

## Caverhill \& Kissock

91 St. Peter Street . . .

## Wm. Taylor Bailey

Successor to
Peter Schneider's Sons $\boldsymbol{A}$ Co.

27 Victoria Square. Montreal.

## Upholstery ${ }_{\text {and }}$ Drapery Goods

Sprecial Designs in Chenille Curtains for Spring 'Irade. Saxony, Bengal and Nepaul Chenille Table Covers Cotton U6rby Curtains Cotton Derby Piece Goods
satin reusse COTTON NEPAULS For l'pholstering Work-Finges, SILK TAPESTRIES BROCATELLES

BLACK HENRIETTA CLOTH

We cannot be beaten in any value in these goods.

Henrietta Cloths are one of our SPECIALTIES and we have them always in stock.

Full range of prices.
William Agnew \& Co.
MONTREAL.
much was in Panama straw, trimmed with green ribbon velvet, the edges of which were overlaid with a narrow combination guipure, and grass hawn lace in the shape of rosettes on either side of the band, with fans in addition on the left. One cannot put 100 many yuills, it seems to me , on the morning or afternoon hat, for on a white chip displaying round the crown many loops of white glace ribbon, I saw a small black quill tipped with white, and sometumes two, peeped out from underneath each loop, while seven more were assertive on the left side." It seems probable that as women became expert with the wheed dhey will waint to diess as well as they do for the strect costume. Now plain dresses are chosen, owing to the chances of tumbling off into the dust.

## WOOLENS.

JOIN MULDREW \& CO. report liberal orders by the best trade for the firm's nobby suitings and trouserings for next fall. They have already received large orders for their special twills and venctian worsteds for fall trade.

John Macdonald \& Co. are showng at low figures this month a lot of Canadan suitings and trouserings. Several lines of clay twill worsteds and serges are being jobbed. Odds and ends of mante cloths and box cloths, serges and worsteds will interest the trade.

## prices of woolens.

An experienced buyer for a large Canadian house wrote his firm from England a few weeks ago that wool prices were still improving, and promised to remain firm. Suce returning to Canda he has seen no reason to alter his opinion, as prices in all classcs, from raw material to cloths have in England, given no sign of declining.

## IMPORTS FROM THE STATES.

It is probable that the Customs Department will issue instructions to collectors thioughout Canada to carry out long ex. isting rules, which have been neglected, regarding the duties to We paid on imports of all goods coming from the United States. The imports from abroad into the States have, in some lines, ghuted the market there. (ioods are bonded at New York, if no immediate trade demand neecessitates their withdrawal and the payment of the duty thereon. Any attempt to sell these in

Canada, as direct imports from Europe, thus escaping all United States duty and market values, will not be allowed. It is said the Customs authorities in Canada will insist on goods so imported paying duty on the basis of the American selling price, as the law directs, as they were imported for that market and must be governed by its prices. Any other course would be simply making Canada a dumping ground for the over-importations of the United States. This, of course, does not apply to goods imported directly for Canada via the United States.

## SPECIALS IN SUMMER GOODS.

S
EVERAL special lines are noted by H. I. Caulfeild \& Co. this month. A line of white duck coats and pants for yachting and other summer pursuits will readily retail for $\$ \mathbf{2} .50$ to $\$ 3.50$ per suit.

A line of white unshrinkable flannel in shirts and trousers for cricket. tenms, etc., will retail at. $\$ \mathbf{2} .50$ for the set of shirt and trousers.

They have secured a clearance from the mill of some sample lines of black and white and brown and white hopsack tweeds, which are made up into bicycling and outing suits of prime value to retail at $\$ 6$.

Among other seasonable goods this month are mentioned: A large range of summer neekwear in hopsack ties; bathing suits to retail from soc. to $\$ 2$ per suit; neglige shirts, a fine range in fancy silk mixtures to retail from 75 c . to $\$ 2$ apiece; a full line of sweaters retailing at 50 c . to $\$ 2.50$ apiece, with a full range of colors in the popular lines that retail at 50 c and $\$ \mathrm{x}$; a line of belts and sashes retailing from roc. to $\$ 2$ apiece. A very cheap line of fancy and white washable vests, to retail at 75 c ., is being rapidly disposed of, as the run upon it is marked.

## WILL ENLARGE THEIR STORE.

Messrs. Northway, Anderson \& Co., of St. Thomas, will, this summer, make their store one of the largest and best equip. ped dry goods establishments in the province. An addition $41 \times 20$, three storeys high, will be erected, electric elevator, electric fans, ladies' lavatory and all modern improvements and conveniences provided. A large skyhght will also be put in for purposes of light and ventilation.

IF YOU WANT..

## Good Thread

THAT WIl.I, II.E:ABE: YOIIS ('LsTuMtils, Kł:il'.

## GLAPPERTON'S



SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON THE Spool Blacks Warranted Fast Dye. This Thread is Free from Knots.

Wm. Clapperton \& Co.<br><br>. . . Montreal

Strong LINEN Threads Give Best Results for All Uses.

## BAMBOMBS <br> 11. . <br> SUPERIOR

to all uther makes
First Prize Medals at all Exhibitions.


## all leading dealers and manufacturers

in evers part of the World. sell and use only HARIOUUR'S celebrated limen Threads and flover for all pmopmes. Sce that all your timen Theat carries the alouve Trade Aark.

Every Wholesale Housc can supply lt. Barbouris

THOMAS SAMUEL \& SON. Sole Agents for Canada.


SPECIAL PURCHASE

OF

## Mens' Top Shirts

1,000 doken-worth from $\$ 6$ to $\$ 7.50$. Can be retailed at 50 c . Send for samples, which may be returned if desired.

## Beautiful Blouses

Penty of them. See our leader to retail at 75 c . Full assortment of leather belts and beit buckles; also Broadway stock bows for blouses.

## Chiffons

Full stock-the right thing in styles, colors and prices-butter, white and black laces-butter lace collars-ladies' sailor collars in white duck, embroidered, to retail at $50 c$.
Ex ss. Laurentian - 200 gruss of "Uur Own" reliable Skirt I'rotector.
F. F. \& C. B. KELLY, ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL.

## UNDERVALUATION OF CLOVES.

T11E, repmet in the ipnol issue of the fine of $\$ .4,000$ bellis imposed on an emporting house for the Customs undervaluation of ploves, $t$ is explamed, does not refer to a firm engaged exclusively in that business. Several houses in fact had goods detained unthl comparisons were made with similar lanes impotted by other (anadian houses. Detectives of the Department also went to New York for this purpose. Several importers were compelled to change their valuations as a result of therse enquiries. The Customs Department now seems to be thoroughly aroused, and there is every probability that the disgraceful practices of the past few gears will not be repeated. Few in the trade know how far reaching they were, for more than one wholesale house lost almost their entire kid glove business through these undervaluations.

## OOING TO EXTREMES.

The New York Recorder tells a story of two rival dry goods stores in lort lervis. located directly opposite one another on the same street. A lively competition began between the two in the sale of women's underwear. Several cuts in price were made by each in turn until one bulletin announced a complete suit of underwear for one cent. Not to be outdone, the competitor offered a premum of one cemt to each person accepting a suit. Several raises in the premium were made by each until as high as ten cents was paid to the person taking a suit of underwear from the store. There was a panic at both stores, and women fought to see who would get the most underwear. Normal prices were resumed when the underwear stocks were cxhausted. Just what was gamed by such rank tomfoolery. unless at be a reputation as a lunatic, is hard to understand ; it certanly is not healihy advertisung. 1 can understand a mercham meeting the price after a sensible business fashion, but 1 can see nothon reasonable in such a reckless disregard of common horse sense.

## KEEP YOUR TRADE AT HOME.

It's a well-known fact, says a contemporary, that there is all over the countis an ever-mereasing demand for fine dress goods and auxilary stuff in the early season, which the "left-overs" from lasi year will not satusty.

Thete are few towns that camot boast of a fair number of "dressy" prople who demand tine goods and want them early, and who are satustied to pay full value for new and fashionable rament, who are fored to go away from home for their first sujphes on account of the procrastonatug policy of home merchants who, blind to the value of this early trade, refuse to satisfy it. and watt untal the season is well adsanced before bungug on their new goods.

## THE MURRAY STORE AT HAMILTON.

It is now certam that the long estabhshed dry goods business of A. Murmy N Co. one of the oldest in this part of the country, will not be connmed, says a liamiton report. several firms have been nerotating for the purchase of the busmess with a vew to carryme ton. but all of these negotia. tums have lathen through. The whole of the stock has been what whomas ' Wathons at a low figure, and for the neat two of theee months it will be desposed of at apecial clearng sales. The anount pad for the stock is said whave leen over $\$ 100,000$.

#  <br> Toвovito 

bprcial salx of Real Brussels Point Lace.<br><br>」 D. M. Ma BUR 5 Soo, w.

J. D. M. Macburnie rCmple, -:- MONTREAL.


Champion . .
Cash Railways
3 Yearitial have provelt them tho rery lorat Storestrritro In
the market In um fromit. I: I. the market. Inumfromit. Fi 1 . to Viczoria. Kenul for circilat
giving all particulara
S. S. KIMBALL

977 Craig Sureet, Montreal

# NORTHERN <br> Established 1836 

LONDON

Caplat and Funds, $\$ \mathbf{3 6}, \mathbf{4 6 5 , ( 0 )}$<br>Revenue, $\$ 5,545,000$<br>Dominion Deporit, $\$ 2(00,000)$

Canalian litanh C Office:
1724 Notre Hame St, Nomteal. ROBERT N. TYRE,
G. 5. Moborloy, Insuector.

Manager.

## MARINE INSURANCE

## Tho <br> MANNHEIM INSURANCE CO.


favinhile rates further particulats ohtainalile bis appibaug to taxal \xemt, or to

## Jas. J. Riley \& Sons, <br> Managets for Canada

. . Montreal

## BEAVER LINE STEAMSHIPS

## Proposed Summer Sallinga, Season 1896.

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late Wintugas
late HIunus
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D. \& C. MACIVER,

Tu*er Huhhinase Idverimot. 18 Ifmidial Strret. Montreat
BEAVER LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

# Thibaudeau Bros. \& C 0 . Importers of  



THIBAUDEAU FRERES \& CIE. Quebec. THIBAUDEAU BROTHERS \& CO. London, Eng. THIBAUDEAU BROS. \& CO. 332 St. Paul St.

MONTREAL

James Johnston \& Co. 26 St. Helen Street,

MONTREAL

## Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

. . . WhOLESALE . . .

Our atock in now woll ansortod tn tho following Dopartmonts:
Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings, Dress Goods, Velveteens, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear (Gents', Ladies' and Children's), Smallwares, Handkerchicfs in Silk, Linen, Cotton, Muslin, Laces, Embroideries; Cloths, Tweeds, and Gents' Haberdashery. Some special lines in Blouse Silks and Trilby Velveteens. Domestic Cotton Goods of every description.

Special attention given to Lecter Orders . . .
$\substack{\text { Agents } \\ \text { tho }} \substack{\text { tor }}$ ANTISEPTIC SANITARY DIAPER
Put Lip in 10 Yard Lengting, 18 to 27 in.

HOW TO WRITE BUSINES8-PAPER ADVERTISEMENTS. Ily Niathil. C Fionler. Jr.

ADVIERTISING pays. Some advettising pays better than some other advertising. The good of an advertusement is in how it looks and in what it says.

Don't make your irm mame too prominent.
Advertise what you have for sale.
If you're for sale, advertise yourself.
If you have something to sell, advertise that something.
Have your name in type large enough for folks to sec it, but not so large that they can't see anything else.

Don't put your name at top and bottom of the advertisement. Once is enough.

If you can, advertise spuecifically, not generally.
An advertisement shouldn't be like a business card. It should say something in particular.

Conventional advertisement writing pays.
Irogressive advertisement writing pays better.
The advertisug pages of a tmde paper are departments of information. They rise above mere advertising space.

The erade paper advertisement is as much in the interest of the reader as for the advertiser.

Write your advertisements as you would a letter of solicitation, with more display to it, and with more brevity, your strong points leing brought out in large tyje:

Don't ask people to send for orders. That's unnecessary. 'That's understood.

Tell people what you have. Use argument.
If your goods and your argument are not strong, then your advertisement isn't any good.

## John Blank \& Co.

MAKERS OF Everything, Something, Most Everything, A.S!

## What You Want.

Our Blanks are the Best. Your onder solicited.

John Blank \& Co. BLANKVILLE.

Phaic Nil 1.
In the quality of your goods, and in your ability to write alwout them, is the selling streagth of your advertising.

Ilate No. I presents the conventional form of advertisement
writing, with the firm name inserted twice, and in more prominent type than that used for the articles for sale.

Plate No. 2 presents the same advertisement as illustrative of the simple and effective modern style.

The typographical display of the second example gives the

## Best Blanks

Quality guaranteedoriginal excellencesuperlative effectiveness. All you want when you want it.

## John Blank \& Co. Blankville

Platk No 2.
advertisement increased value, for in display, alnost as much as in words, is effectiveness.

In sending advertising copy to a trade paper, always specify the words, or lines, you desire to have promine:nt. A good way is to underline the words or paragraphs, the very unimportant words not to be underlined, and one, two and three or four underhnes to represent, respectively, the degrees of type sizes. The meaning of this underlining will be understood by all compositors. Whenever it is necessary to bring out one word, or line, in unusually large type, it is well to specify it with a note to that effect.

Plate No. 2 is so arranged that the two strong words stand in bold relief, and will be seen by even the casual reader.

It is always advisable to bring out some word, or illustration, as a surt of eye-arrester, in order that the skimming-over reader will absorb it if he gives only a glance at the advertising pages.

An advertisement must contain argument, and be of a typographical, or illustrative, character that will focus attention.

## THE AQENCIES FOR BARBOUR'S.

Thomas Samucl \& Son, Barbour's sole agents in Canada, report business being tairly good in all branches of trade they supply. Messrs. Samuel have stores in Montreal, Toronto and Quebec; also agencies at St. John, N.B., and Halifax, N.S., where the wholesale are supplied with Barbour's threads for all purposes.

## MITTS.

W. R. Brock \& Co. have a full supply of black, tan, cream and white lace mitts, in pure stlk and lisle, to retail from to to soc. per parr.

## TO THOSE INTERESTED <br> VALUES IN MEN'S WEAR <br> 0000000

Two-Thread Balbriggan, (Domestic) 34 to 46, retail at 50c. Real French Balbriggan, 34 to 50 . four first sizes retail at 50 c . Natural Colored Balbriggan, low and superior quality. Silk Balbriggan, sixth of a dozen in each box. Tan Colored Balbriggan, sixth of a dozen in each box. Sky Blue Balbriggan, all tast color, sixth of a dozen in each box. Tan Silkene, sixth of a dozen each Shirts and Pants, and third of a dozen Half Hose to match, in each box. Tan and Sky Blue Spotted, sixth each Shirts and Pants, and a third Half-Hose to match, in each box. Natural Wool Shirts and Pants, in all prices from $\$ 6.50$ up. A large variety of Summer Stripes, imported goods, at reasonable prices. Netted Underivear, to retail from 25 c . up.

## NECKWEAR

A Thousand Dozen of neat classical Jasper Silks, silk-lined, in Bows, Derbys and Knots, just received. Five Hundred Dozen ditto, in Pin Dots, all silk-lined, to retail at 25 cents. Three Hundred Gross of Fiber Matted Ties we are offering at $\$ 9.00$ per gross. Samples forwarded on demand.

## GLOVER de BRAIS, ${ }^{184} \mathrm{McGIII}$

# KYLE, CHEESBROUGH \& CO. The Lace Warehouse of Canada. 

-: informers or sove.tres is: :-

Dry Goods, Trimmings, Silks, Braids, Curtalns,

Embroideries, Gloves, Hosiery, Muslins, and Dress Goods, etc., etc.

Our travelers are out with a full line of sorting samples which it will interest the trade to see. We are showing some unusually pretty designs in Cotton Fabrics for Summer Dresses and Blouses, also Boating and Tennis Jerseys, Beaded and Plain Cape Velvets, 32 in. , and many other entirely novel lines for the present trade.

We are, obediently yours,

## Kyle, Cheesbrough \& Co. <br> MOINTEREAI.

## HEAVY DECLINE IN AMERICAN PRINTS.

IN prints some heavy cutting is reported from New York, prices being from ac. lower on American indigo blue prints to 4/4c. on American blacks. These prices are the lowest on record on these particular fabrics, and report has it that a considerable quantit: has been purchased on Canadian account. Some such developments have been anticipated in these goods for some time. In other directions the print market discloses no change of any moment in regular prints. In ginghams, business is quiet, with moderate call for staple ginghams and a fair enquiry for napped fabrics.

## BUSINESS INCREASING.

The demand for Barbour's linen thread has increased so much in the last six months through all Canada that every wholesale house can now supply this thread. Messrs. Barbour well deserve this mented success, shewing themselves to be the most enterprosing linen thread and shoe thrend manufacturers in the world. In all their seven or eight mills in Ireland, Linted States and Germany, they employ over 5,000 people and make the greatest variety of threads, gilling nets, etc., etc., it is possible to produce.

## MONTREAL WATERPROOF FAILURE.

One of the heasiest falures recently in the dry goods business was recorded on Thursday, the aSth May. It was that of the Montreal Waterproof Clothing Co., 522 St. Paul street, with liabilities in the aeighborhood of $\$ 75,000$. The creditors include firms in England, Scotland, America and Canada. The demand of assignment was made by Genpe Harnis, of New

Lork. The largest creditors are Ceorge Harris, $\$ 7,562, \mathrm{~J}$. \& R. Mc:Allister, $\$ 17,18_{3}$; Campbell $\&$ Co., $\$ 6,174 ;$ D. Moseley \& Sons, $\$ 5,878$; Lawley, Everett $\&$ Sons, $\$ 5,1 c 7$; Recha, Daniels $\mathbb{S}$ Co., $\$ 4,217$; M. Vineberg $\&$ Co., $\$ 4,008$; Canadian Kubber Co., $\$ 6.089$; Ferguson. Sheirs $\&$ Co., $\$ 3.369$; Ames, Holden $\mathbb{S}$ Co., $\$ S_{13}$; Northern Rubber Co., $\$ 460$; (iault Bros. \& Co., $\$ 4.48$ : Gladman \& Jones, $\$ 342$; J. Y. Shantz \& Co., $\$ 332$, and James Cranshaw, $\$ 300$. Indirect creditor, Bank of Nova Scotia, $\$ 16,201$. The assets are the stock-in-trade, machinery and book detts.

## A NOVEL MATERIAL.

The new 30 -inch material known as Silk Premier is made from a tropical fibre, and has the lustre and feel of real silk. Its merits as a lining are evident, but as a blouse material, suitably trimmed, it appears to have better wearing qualities than silk, and possesses much of the rustle-and brilliant surface of the silk, with, of course, the advantage of cheapness. Tur: Revinew has seen samples of Siik Premier, and is impressed with its possibilities for fine lining purposes, and as a material for moderate trade. The sole makers are the Gilbert Manufacturing Co.. 5 It Broadway, New York, who offer to send samples to the Cana. dian trade.

## FOR JUNE.

For the month of June only W. R. Brock \& Co. are offering a few odd lines in fancy cottongoods (prints, zephyrs, ginghams, chambrays, crimps, sateens), at very special prices to clear. There are only a few pieces in each range, and it is well worth ever, hody is tume tu at least have a louk at these lots. etc., for the Fall Trade before you buy a dollar. Special lines are being made for us exclusively. English finished Collars are selling faster than we can turn them out at present.

Known to the men's furnishing trade in the fashionable centres of London, New York and Paris will be represented in our samples for next season, which you are cordially invited to inspect now. Our range of fine goods now in process of manufacture has never been so complete. Wait on us and we will wait on you.

Matthews, Towers \& Co. r3st. peters. Montreal



## SORTING BUBINE8S.

GENIERAI, reports made to Tur Dry Gooms Review in Montreal agree that the aggregate sorting business during the past month has been satisfactory. In fact one or two leading houses class their April and May sorting trade as equal to, if not better than, that for the same period in any previous year in the history of their business. These, however, are the exceptions.

## A DROP IN OOTTONS.

A circular dated May 27, from the Merchants Manufacturing Co. reduced prices of gres cottons, drills, and pillow cotton 5 per cent. Certain lines of bleached sheetings were dropped $71 / 2$ per cent. The other mills have not get met the cut. Some of the trade, seen as Tur Review went to press, expressed surprise at the drop and could see no reason for it at this juncture. Said one staple buyer: "Even with this new drop colton prices are still to per cent. higher than when purchases were made last August for the spring trade." In the United States the prices both of raw cotton and manufactured goods are tending down. ward.

## PARASOLS AND SUNSHADES.

In fancy parasols and plain sunshades W. R. Brock \& (io. appear to have had an unusually large trade this season. Their "testing value" lines to retail at $50,75 \mathrm{c}$. and $\$ 1$ command attention and have proved "trade attractors."

## PERSIAN LAMB AND ASTRACHAN.

The Canadian Manufacture of Furs, of (luelrec, have just reccived a lange and selected assortment of naw Persian lamb
and astrachan skins. They also have an important shipment of raw G. L. seal skins, which is expected in a few days. These skins have all been bought at the right sources, and, being dyed and dressed in their premises, they can be offered to the trade of Canada at reasonable figures.

## OFF FOR JAPAN.

Mr. 'logou, of R. Ishikawa \& Co., leaves early this month for Japan to buy new goods and to look after some Canadian orders already placed. On his way to Vancouver to catch the Empress he will stop at Winnipeg and several other places in the west.

## SMALLWARES DEPARTMENT.

S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. have on hand a full assortment of misses' and ladies' mitts, gloves, and cotton and cashmere hosiery for June trade.
S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. have a complete stock of black and colored satin faille and gros-grain ribbons in all widths and qualities. They have also a full assortment of new valenciennes laces in white and beurre color.

## CAUTIOUS ABOUT FALL GOODS.

The cautious feeling that was noted and advised some time ago in these columns in regard to ordering for fall account it is satisfactory to note is being closely adhered to at Montreal. Jobbers in this respect complain that orders for fall goods, though they are coming in, are in the main difficult to secure, as bujers prefer to be more certain as to the outlook of the crops and other matters before ordering heavily so far ahead.
$\qquad$

## SEND FOR SAMPLES

. . or orta. .

## Windsor <br> Ties

To retail at 15 c . and 25 c .
SPECIAL-Summer Siks at a big reduction.

## K. ISHIKAWA \& C0.

This season we are introducing our new

## GENUINE IRISH SERGE



COLORS GUARANTEED. This cloth will be a favorite with the public, and will gaia their confidence and merit it. Registered in Canada and the United States. Stamped with registered trade mark every $: 1 / 2$ yards.

MCDOUGALL, BARRETT \& CO. Sole Proprictors

## H. J. CAULFEILD \& Co.

## Three Special Drives for June Trade

Nc. 1.-Regatta and Neglige Shirts, including the balance of our own make at clearing prices.
No 2.-Vests, in Fancy and White Duck, White Drill, Fancy Cashmeres and Silks. Several special lines can be sold for 75 c . The latest in a Fawn Shade Cord, with detachable buttons, to retail for $\$ 1$.
No. 3.-Canadian Underwear and Half-Hose. Mill's ends and overmakes at special prices, the balance of our own stock included.
JUST RECEIVED-WIndsor Ties, with hemstitched ends, also Tartans. Repeats of Belts in popular numbers.

## H. J. Caulfeild \& Co.

Wholesale Men's Furnishers.

## EXTENDINO THEIR WAREHOUSE.

AN increase in warehouse accommodation is a certain sign of an expanding business. S. Greenshields, Son \& Co., Montreal, have twice before extended their premises on Victoria square, and are now about to do so for the third time. They have leased the premises at 15 Victorin square, which were formerly utilized as office apartments. This will give the firm the complete square, extending from Melntyre \& Sons' premises to Craig street, the whole forming one of the most extensive premises devoted to dry goods in Canada. The first flat of the new annex will have the general counting room and private office of the senior partner, the remainder of the flat and the old premises as well being utilized for the firm's extensive stock of the heavier hanes of goods of all descriptions. The warehouse now takes in the following numbers: $15,17,19$ and 21 Victoria s'quares and 730, 732, 734 and 736 Craig street.

## BICYOLE SKIRT WEICHTS.

Macdonald Bros., Montreal, are agents for Rojal bicycle skirt weights. They are used for keeping the skirt down when a lady is siding fast in the wind. They are put up one gross in a box and sold at $\$ 1$ a box. They have been found indespensable in the Stales, where nearly all ladies use them. This is the first of the kind brought on the Canadian market.

## A NEW APPOINTMENT.

Mr. (i. S. Page, of the late firm of B. levin \& Co., is now interested in the Canadian Manufacture of Furs, of Quelece. This firm is adding the hat and cappline to their fur department. Mr. lage will superintend the Montreal branch. He left last week for

Europe to buy the hats and caps for next season. Being wellknown by the Canadian trade, and having had such a long experience in the busing of hats, he will surely meet with success.

## FANOY WAISTS.

The latest fancy waists are a pleasant change from the shirt waist ; they are cool and dainty. Brophy; Cains \& Co. have the groods to make them from-gossamer muslin effects fine as a spider web.

## A GOOD SHOWINQ.

Wm. Agnew \& Co. report that during May and April their cash sales increased 50 per cent., while the movement of goods direct from warehouse with them is 100 per cem. larger than it was for the same period in 1 S 95 .

## STAPLE COTTONS.

Business in staple cottons has ruled on the quiet side, the demand being dull and readily met in most grades at prevailing prices, which show no material change.

## TAILORS' TRIMMINGS.

'To keep a stock in tailors' trimmings and linings to satisfy all the demands of the trade at the present time means that it must be large and varied. Such has always been, and is to day, the aim of W. R. Brock \& Co., and they claim to have lines bought in big quanuties and marked especially close, which wholesale clothiers can and do buy from them to advantage and which they are selling very largely to merchant tailors who have heretofore been importing direct.

# The Celluloid Company 

REMOVED TO THEIR NEW BUILDINQ
340, 32, 34. 36
Whabingtorn Place
_NEW YORK
ORIGINAL and ONLY
Manafncturers of
"CELLULOID" IMTERLINED WATERPROOF

## COLLARRS AND CUFFS


all goods manufactured by us are stamped as follows:
Absolutely No


## Others Genuine

CAUTIONIt having come to our notice that certain manufacturers are producing and advertising imitations of our goods under the name of "Celluloid," we desire to notify the trade that the word "Celluloid" is a registered trade mark, and our rught to its caclusive use having been upheld by the courts, we shall hold responsible not only such manufacturers but also all dialers handlug any goods, other than our make, under the name of "Celluloid."


These cuts show The Rubens Health Vest. No buttons, double-breasted, no trouble. Same price as ordinary. Largest sale in United States.


## "RANDOM"

is the NEWEST fabric for "Men's Underwear." Made in the most beautiful shades. A great feature of London and New York best gents' furnishing houses this season.

## SOLID SILK-FACED UNDERWEAR

Lined with Wool. Gives all the advantages of Pure Wool with the beauty of Silk. Another New Fabric for Men's Underwear.

## For Ladies and Children

New shades in plain woven fabrics, "Shaped Goods."
New styles in Regular Health goods.
Wait to see our Samples before placing any orders.

## TRAVELERS ON THE ROAD.

THE travelers of the Canadian Manufacture of Furs, of Quebec, are on the road with a complete range of samples of fur skıns, manufactured furs, cloth caps, gloves, mitts and moccasins. In regard to finish, fit and tasteful selection of materials and designs, their lines are surely unsurpassable.

The dressing and dyeing departments of the Canadian Manufacture of Furs, of Quebec, as well as their manufacturing department, are now in full operation.

## HAVE YOU DEOIDED?

If you have not already made your arrangements for your stock of down quilts, pillows, etc., for next season, it will certainly pay you well to examine the goods shown by the Toronto Feather \& Down Co. Judging by the statement made, they appear to have knocked the bottom out of prices for down quilts. In their new "Snowflake" they claim to have a quilt which almost equals "down filling," and which for price is ahead of anything so far shown on this market. Boulter $\mathbb{E}$ Stewart are the selling agents.

## SOMETHING NEW.

Woolen goods, such as hoods, booties, jackets, tans, etc., (made entirely by hand) are a line which until very recently has been hard to obtain. The trouble, it is said, has been on account of the length of time required to produce them. The; are so much daintier than machine-made goods, that there is hardly a lady who does crocheting or knitting but appreciates the hand-made goods. Boulter $\&$ Stewart make this a special
department of their business, and since increasing their premises, now have them made under their personal supervision.

## NEW LACES, ETO.

McMaster $\mathbb{\&}$ Co. are just in receipt of a full range of new laces-black silk mechlins and nine-inch tulles in all shades. Very stylish goods these, and ready sellers. This firm report a great sale for Wakefield leather dress binding; it is a very durable, serviceable article, at a reasonable price, and deserves its popularity.

## SUMMER TIES.

W. R. Brock \& Co. have closed a large purchase of sum :er washing Derby ties. Samples are in the hands of their travelers. They can be retailed at roc. each or three for 25c, and are a rattling line to attract trade; put up $3 \cdot$ doz. in a box; the num. ber of the line is 300 .

## JAPANESE MANUFAOTURES.

McMaster $\&$ Co. are showing several excellent lines of hair brushes, tooth brushes and nail brushes of Japanese manufacture, put up in the quaint straw ornamented boxes which are so popular with the public. These goods are finding a ready sale and will be continued as one of the lines in the fancy goods department. In dressing and ornamental combs are to be found several patterns in vulcanite, horn and tortoise-shell.

## LINEN DEPARTMENT.

S. Greenshields, Son \& Co. report a large job line in honeycomb quilts, 10.4 , 1 1-4 and 12.4, at special close prices.


## TORONTO'S FINE NEW BUILDING.

ONL: of the handsomest new buildings in Toronto is that on the corner of Melinda and fordan streets, in the heart of the city, beside the banks, and just off king street. It is due to the enterprise of Mr. S. F. Mckimmon, of S. F. McKimnon © Co. The fire which wiped out The (ilobe last year also practucally destroyed the new Mckimnon building then about completed, but Mr. Me大innon wasted no tme in van regrets. With the energy and enterprise whel have always characterised his business career he set to work to repart the destructive work of the flames, and the result is a structure creditable to its owner and to Toronto In preparng the plans of the original building provision was made for the occupation of the upper storeys bys. S. F. Mckimon \& Co.'s millinery business, but when the fire had destrojed the building it became necessary fot the firm to seek new quarters. These were found in the substantial warehouse now occupied by Mckinnon \& Co. at on Bay street. Before the plans for the second buildng were pre pared Mr. McKinnon decided that the structure should be exclusively devoted to office and light commercial purposes, and on that basis the architect proceeded with his arrangements. $s$. F. Mckimnon \& Co. will remain where they are for the presem, and the whole of the new building will be available for tenams. It is finished in the finest style, modern decorations, quick elevators, well lighted, and in all respects up to date. In the basement is a new feaiure-a storage room for 50 bicycles-so that the staffs of the various rompanies in the building may store their wheels during business hours. The third floor is luxuriously fitted up for the Manufacturers' Insurance Co.

## BICYCLES AND LAOES.

Complants are heard that the rage for bicycling is adversely. affecting the home demands for lace. Veils, indeed, are in request for the riders, but the severity of costume approprate to the exercise forbids the frivolity of lace trimmings. On the other hand, cycline hosiery for men is keeping many workers busy, and woolen vests are in denand murth more since cycling trecame a craze. There is also an increased sale for woolen and merino stockings in black and tan color, as firmness of texture is repuired for pedalling. Lindyed back stockings, made fron: the wool of black sheep, and consequently not needing dye, are being put forward as excellent from a hygienic pom of view. Textile Mercury.

## A PERFECT IMITATION.

THE Cellulod Co., New Lork, are now making what may be called a perfect imutation in celluloid of the English fimish on linen shin fronts, collars, and cuffs. The result is that gentlemen who hitherto refused to wear these goods are now adopting them. They have made quite a hit among military men. They have got out a special design, following one of the hiost popular Enghsh patteans worm by ofticers of the staf. It is impossible to distunguish is from real linen, when worn. For all officers in mess, these warm mighes, at dances and after entertainments, they are much to be preferred, because they will not wilk when on, if the weater should perspire freely. There should tre a good sale for them at this nume of the gear for tour. ists, campers, and residents at summer resorts, who cannot conveniently carry much bagrage.

There are several initations on the market whech have not as good an appearance and will not wear as well. Enquirers
should send direct to the New York office for an illustrated list and samples. The New York concern hold a copyright on the word "celleloid," which originated with them. In the face of this, one Canadian concern, however, is actually using the name.

## assorted in hosiery and oloves.

W. R. Brock \& Co. amounced to Tue Review that their stock of hosiery and gloves in any size, any price, and any style was in splendid shape for the June trade, they having placed large contracts on acenumt of the advancing prices, in order to be in a postion to supply their customers at old prices all through the season. During May they received between 30 and 40 cases of their celebrated " leader" hose; also a large shipment of their well-known (German lines "Magnet," D 26 and I) 10.

## HANBURY A. BUDDEN

Attorney and Sollcitor
offic for Patents, Trade Marks, Etc, Montreal.

## NOW POBIISERED <br> Lovell's Business and Professional Directory FOR 1896-87

Of every City. Town and llanhing Village in the Iominion. A volume of nearly 2,000
 A limáe sum of money and great rare lins lects price of 5 s .00 .


<br>JOHN LOVELL. $\&$ SON. PUB1,ISHERS.<br>\section*{Monnteal, May isth. ispa}

CANADA FEATHERBONE CO.
Manufacturera of high grade

London, Ont.
CORSETS
LEATHER BINDING SKIRT BONE SLEEVE EXTENDERS

Our Ines are the best Corsets, Skirt Protectors, Skirt Extenders, Sleeve Extenders in the Dominion to-day
B. LEVIN \& CO.

Importers ard
Manufacturery of . . .

# Fine Furs and Caps 

491 and 493 St. Paul Street,

MONTREAL.

## Re-dyers and Finishers THOMAS MEALEY \& CO. <br> of dry goods in the piece ALSO MILLINERY GOODS

## AN HONEST OLAIM

 OSTRIOH FEATHERS DYEDThat we hye iffuren Wumision: that we have the best lankest ard benterpipped (ieneral D;e Works in the Thinision; that we have the beet teclinical Djere and Finishers in our cmploy: and that wut wurk is far superior to that of any other dsers in the Bonsmion.
Customers can prove this claim by comparing our work: other dyers can teat it when
they like, work for work, in any plar:-

- british american dyeing co., - Gold Medallst dyers Irincipal Offices:
221 Mcalll 8t, Montroal 183 tisnk St.. Ottava 90 King St. Kint, Toronto dy junt Nt., Quelsec Juskpli Aleke, W. K. Alles, Technical Chemical Dyer, and Neelaliat City and Managing lastner. Guilds of Iordon Inst., Eind., in Charse of Works


## ANADIAN OLORED OTTON MILLS CO.

## FALL <br> 1896

# Wadded Carpet Lining 

EEALEY STAIR PAD


STAIR PADS ramurom ONT.
OFPICE.24 Catharine St. Morth.

## Gilmour, Scholfield \& Co. <br> 384 8t. Panl 8treot MONTREAL

Domestic and Forelgn

## DRY GOODS JOBBERS

Established to protect the cash buger and the man who has brains enough to buy at the cheapest house. We have purchased the entire output of a large Nottingham lace House and are selling them at $33^{1 / 3}$ per cent. discount off regular prices. Mamafacturers are invited to send us samples of any lines they wish to clear out.

GILMOUR, SCHOLFIELD \& CO.

THE .

## C. Turnbull Co. 

 ananuractuxkms or att. hinga orFull-Fashioned Underwear, Ladies' and Children's Combination Suits, Men's Shirts and Drawers. Jersey Ribbed Perfect Fitting Ladies' Vests. Drawers, and Equestriennes. Ladies' and Children's Knit Grippe Bands. Sweaters. Striped Shirts and Knickers.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION AND DERFECT FIT.

TORONTO OFTICE:
GOULDING \& CO.
27 Wellington Street Bast.

## ALLOW THE HELP TO SIT DOWN.

T'IIERE seems no good reason why saleswomen who are em. ployed in a cloak department should not be permitted to sit down when not showng goods. It is noted that in many departments there is a strong objection to their taking this form of test ; rather they are expected to stand about the room or at certain spots designated as their section while awaiting a call.

If a saleswoman were allowed to sit during the interval after each customer she would be much refreshed and better enabled to handle the following onc. "What a worn look that saleswoman has!" and again, "I'm sure I can't ask her to scrve me when I'm only looking," are the frequent thoughts of refined and considerate customets. Often a possible purchaser is turned aside by the sight of a saleswoman's jaded look.

There are women in the large cities who have banded themselves into clubs for the express purpose of working in unison against this heartless rule, which is prevalent in so many of the stores, positively refusing to trade there and using their mfluence to bear upon their friends to the same end.

Let the stock be put moo order early in the morning, and if there be garments in need of repair let the saleswomen sit and do this work, which will consume a part of the morning; the hatter part and the afternoon are sure to furnish sufficient employment.

Don't restrict the saleswoman to sitting before 9 and after 5 ; it is the few moments between waiting on customers that do them good.

Taboo flippant conversation or so-called visiting. If there be any of the latter let it be upon business. Place the chairs sufficiently apart to avoid this. But don't, on that accoumt,
refuse them the moments of rest which their physical natures imperatively demand. The milk of human kindness wins every time.-D). (i. Economist.

## SUMMER SUITINGS.

McMaster \& Co. are offering many special lines for summer wear in temnis flannels and serges of neat patterns. Also a special import just opened up of twill worsteds, cheviots and vicunas: of these it would be well to get samples, which are to be had for the asking. They are showing a special line of ligl. weight Canadian job tweeds, which will be found a snap for summer requirements.

## DRESDEN PRINTS.

Brophy, Cains \& Co. are showing a range of patterns that will make handsome morning wrappers, fancy waists, etc.

Darro dimity and batist brodie are light summer goods, just the thing for cool, dainty, fancy waists. Brophy, Cains $\mathcal{\&}$ Co. are showing some very pretty designs.

GOOD MEN.
Messrs. Baker \& Brown, who have opened an office in Montreal as manufacturers' agents, are pretty well known amongst the trade throughout the Dominion. Mr. Baker was the active member of the late firm of Baker, Taylor \& Hasket of this city, and anyone who has had business transactions with him can only say, "he's all right." "Tom" Brown, has been covering the ground, looking after the interests of Lamb, Findley \& Co., of New York, and has filled the position for over six years. Tue Revinw wishes them every success.

## Distinguishing Merits of Serviceable...

COTTON

BATTING


Long Staple Stock<br>Cloth-like Strength Cleanliness

THMSE OUAMITIES ARE alit. OMTALSED

WHEN YOU BUY

## North Star, Crescent or Pearl

Even an the lowest grades.

## These are Old Brands, hut always in Front Rank.

ANY WHOLESM.E HOUSE:

## WHY IS IT ?

All your customers want the under-mentioned goods. . . .

## bECAUSE THEY ARE THE BEST

## Be sure you get them.

Victoria Crochet Thread Morse $\boldsymbol{d}$ Kaley Knitting Cotton M. $\mathfrak{A}$ K. Turkey Red Embroldery Cotton
M. © K. Fast Black (Black Card Registered), Darning
Put up in 1 gross Handsome Wood Cabinets or $1 / 4$ gross boxes
M. \& K. Ball Mending-Black, Tan, Light Tan, Dark Tan Chadwick's Spool Cotton Chadwick's Mending Wools Dunbar McMaster's Linen Thread Star, Crescent andPearlBattIng $A, B, X X$ and $X$ Wadding
Ask for the above goods and be sure you get them. If your jobber does not keep them write for names of those who do.

# Rosamond Woolen Co. Almone ONTARIO. 

ESTABLISHED 1857

Manufactures of


in WOOLEN and WORSTED

OUR manufactures of Woolen and Worsted Cloths, besides being cheaper, are equal in point of style, colorings and quality to anything imported. Canadians, as a people, should frown down the existing prejudice-for it is only prejudice-in lavor of the imported article. To the general purchasing publlc we would say, try the goods made by this Company, and be convinced of their merits.

To the Retall Trade we would say, carry a proper selection of our goods in stock, and we have no doubt your sales will increase. Ask any of the leading wholesale houses to see samples of our productions.

## Wri. Parks \& SOŇL

Grey Cottons, Sheotings, Drills and Whito Ducks, Ginghams, Shirtings. Tickings, Donlms and Cottonades, in Plain and Fancy Mixed Pattorns. Cotton Yarns, Carpot Warps, Ball Knitting Cottons, Hosiery Yarns, Beam Warps, for Woolen Mills, and Yarns for Manufacturers' use.

## THEDNLY "WATER TWIST" YARN MADE IN OANADA

## AGENTS

J. SIROUI. SMITII, 24 Wey ston Strert West, Toronta
D.AVID KAY, Fraser Hui Mg, Montreal.

JOHN HALLAM, fortont Sireet East, Toronto, Special Agent for Bean Wr Tor Ontaria

MIL.LS
NEW BRUNSWICK COTTON MILLS. ST. JOHN COTTON MILLS.

## FALL NEOKWEAR.

AI.OOK through the new styles shown for fall by E. ※. S. Curric shows the pulection to which the dyers' and weavers' art of the gresent day has been brought. All the blending of colors, and in many cases the actual designing of the weave patterns, is done by this firm themselves, with an eye solely to the wants of the Canadian trade. The richness and the tastefill blending of the colors certainly show the subject to have been most carefully thought out. Here the new gold is seen sode by sude with all the colors with which it will live in harmony. The correct shades of green, which are still the largest sellers in New York and london, are shown in some silks, as are also the new reds and purples in the most bewildering combinations and patterns. The neat small effects are not forgotten. nor the pin spot designs for the tasty dresser.
F. \& S. Currie say they have just now decided on, and got ready, their new shapes for fall, which they presume will be much later in style than those purchased in Europe last February and March. Their travelers are now going out with a full range and no wide-awake furnisher can afford to give less than a thorough examination of this most carefully selected assortment for men's neckties.

## BIOYCLE COSTUME POINTER.

" Tell your lady customers," say Brophy, Cains \& Co., "to have their bieycle costume and underskirts for the summer made of alpaca or mohair. We have the goods in brown, navy, cream and black. Have the skitts made a litte shorter than ordinary walking skirts. Costumes made of these goods allow free action of the limbs: they do not cling to the cycle like woolen goods. hence less exertion is necessary, and a shake of the skirts frees them from dust."

## Ladies' blouse sets.

Mc.Master \& Co. have imported largely in ladies' belt buckles and blouse sets, and are showing both in silver and filt in very attractive patterns. They also show steel and enamelled belt buckies in equally desirable designs. Ladaes' narrow leather belts seem to have caught the popular fancs; and McMaster N Co. are certainly prepared to meet it with an unusually fine assortment of styles in these serviceable goods.

## Gloves.

Messrs. Perin, Freres 太 Cie report a very good business in fall orders for their well-known gloves. Most of their old fnends whom they had been foreed to neglect during the last two seasons are coming back to them. Mr. H. laurencelle, the Canadian representative, will sail on the soth June, by the ss. Iabrador, for the European markets. White in Cirenoble he will look after the Canadian orders.

## JUNE AND JULY FABRICS.

W. K. Brock i Co. are making a lange display of summer wash muslins at ropular prices, inciuding a number of odd lots whech they are offering at greatly reduced prices to clear. The productions of factories in Switzerland, Scotland, Manchester, (amada and America are to be seen in the selection.

## TRADE WITH NEW ZEALAND.

SS. Warnmoo arrived in Vancouver, B.C., on May 2.3, hav mg broken the record from sydney as well as from Honolulu. Mr. Max Kuemg, parther of Kocnig \& Stuffman, was a passen.
ger from New \%ealand. This firm, it will be remembered, are not only agents for the P.D. corsets for Canada, but they control the New Zealand trade as well. Mr. Koenig reports very satisfactory sales in New \%ealand; in fact, they do the bulk of the corset trade in that country. Koenig \& Stufman are the only merchants in Canada who do an extensive trade with New Z.ealand.

## A HEALTHY SIGN.

Tur: Review notices an ad. in the local papers for one hundred more hands for the "Rooster Brand" factory. This speaks for itself. There can be no lack of orders for this popular brand.

## LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG

From all pimis we can sive expenac to direct importers of small shiphent The cooprerative aystem does it.
Write For Partioulara.
BLAIKLOCK BROS.
Montreal.
BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, MESBITT, CHADWICK \& RIDDELL Barristern, Solloitors, Notarles, Eto.
Officrs-Bank of Toronto, cor. of Wellington and Church Sts. TORONTO,

ONTARIO.
Solicitors for Itank of Toronto; thond of Trade, Turonto; R. G. Dun \& Co. (Mercan tile Agencs'). etc.

## MILLER BROS. \& (0. Monrreat . .



"HIT LIKE A GLOVR.' THOMSON'S english made,
 "Move-Eitting** Lome Wafnten. Trade Marh CORSETS nemamer Prices.
7uc Porsoction of Shepe. Finuth and Drabatity. APPROVED by the whole pollto world. sale ofxk OI:z MILLION PAire anmally. A large rock of theac GOOD VALUE Corsets always on hand as

JOFN BACDORALD CO'8, TORONTO.
XANDPACTONERE: W. 8. THOMSON \& CO., LIMITED. LONDON.
Sre that erers Comet is maked "THOMSON'S Gi.OVF. ilTTING." and beast

## Successfully Launched



Advertising is moderately plain sailing. We have been constantly in charge of successful advertising expeditions for many years. Our long experience has taught us what channels lead our passengers most directly to the people they wish to reach. The Dry Goons Review will make a Special Expedition for Fall Orders, starting July rst. As the ship will be taxed to its utmost we would suggest that you secure your berth at once.
Remember, this number will go into the hands of every responsible buyer, and will be studied from cover to cover, and read and re-read, for every business man knows that a single paragraph or a single advertisement may give him information absolutely necessary in the conduct of his business.

## THE DRY GOODS REVIEW

c

A. 13. MITCHELIA'S Rubberine, Vulcanitc and Waterproof Linen

Collara, Cuite, and suirt Fronte, white and rolors, specially adaped for Travelen, Sportumen, and Mechanion for wale by, all wbolesale hiones. if you cannot procure, write dites for amples and prices markest and leading omplacturet in Ca nada of these sood
Office and Factory : 16 Sheppard St., Toronto, Ont.
CHARLES H. RICHES SOLICITOR OF PATENTS

Canada Life Bldg., KIng St. West
Patents and Trade Marks proxured in Canada and foreign


"BEEN MAKING HOMESPUNS 29 YEARS"
proll
Golf
Bicycle Sporting Business Suits

## Oxford. . Homespuns <br> are the

NOBBIEST THINGS OUT
Wholesalers havo them. Have you seen them?
 cuil of surs mole:

OXFORD MFG. CO. - OXFORD, N.S.

## Reliance Hose

## SEASONABLE GOODS

Boys' Fast Black Ribs.
Gonts' Fast Black Cotton Half Hose, rotall at 10 conts per pair.
Bicyclo Hose-Best In the Market.
Letter Oreore prompty attended ta
the hilliams, hurlburt co. of COllingwood, limited.


## A Pension for Life

DO YOU WANT ONE ?

See one of our agents about it, or send for explanatory circular to Head Office.

MANOPACTORERS' LIPB INSURAMCB COMPANY
McKInnon Bullding, TORONTO, CANADA


GEO. A. COX, Presldent.
J. J. KENYY, Vice-Presldent and Man. Director.
C. C. FOSTER, Secretary.

## Central Business

## College

[^0]
## To the Trade



These three are contributing largely to our continued success in

## Dry Goods <br> Men's Furnishings Haberdashery Woollens, Carpets

The value we show in our Five Great Departments ; the orders we daily receive personally, through our travellers and by letter, from all parts of Canada; demonstrate the fact that we are the distributing centre, and that our goods are equal to what they are represented to be, either from sample or stock.

At present we are showing some special lines of manufacturers' overmakes in

## Men's Summer Underwear Flannelette Shirts and Half Hose

We shall be most happy to forward you samples and quotations for these or anything that
you may require for assorting your stock.
... Filling Letter Orders a Specialty ...

## JOHN MACDONALD \& CO.

Wellington and Frons Streets East


[^0]:    Two great business schools under one management. Students admitted at any time. Free circulars.

