

AUCTION SALE, REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWN OF GUELPH.

MR. N. CROFT has instructed the undersigned to sell by public auction On Tuesday 28th of April...

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate.

THERE will be offered at Public Auction at the Market House, in the Town of Guelph, at the hour of two o'clock...

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE BY AUCTION

F. J. B. FORBES has been instructed to sell by public auction the following valuable town property:

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

LOT No. 11, in the Town of Guelph, nearly a quarter of an acre of land, with three frontages...

Also, a choice Farm in Erin.

THAT valuable Farm, composed of the Eastern half of Lot No. 11, in the 10th Concession...

Also, a Farm of 133 Acres.

EXCELLENT LAND, being composed of Lot 1 in the 5th Concession, and part of Lot 1 in the 7th Concession, Division C, in the Township of Guelph...

Dominion Store!

JUST RECEIVED, a large assortment of English and French Patterns for Dress Goods.

New Oranges and Lemons.

For sale GATE'S & CO'S VICTORIA SEWING Machines. Don't forget the stand, next to the Wellington Hotel.

NEW Oyster Rooms VALENTINE WALK

BEGS to announce to the public that he has fitted up Oyster Rooms in connection with the Hotel, on MACDONNELL STREET.

ALBION HOTEL! St. Paul-st., MONTREAL.

MR. DECKER would say that having resumed the management of the Albion, he hopes by personal attention to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him during the last 12 years.

W. B. COWAN, M. D. HOMEOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Acupuncturist. Graduate of New York Homeopathic College, and Licentiate of Canada.

AGENTS WANTED!

FIVE good men wanted in every Township, to sell on salary, CLARK'S PATENT SASH LOCKS and CAN OPENERS.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of building an addition to my Brewery, I have opened a depot on Norfolk Street, for the sale of my XXX ALE in bottles, and appointed Mr. John Nicholson my agent.

FARM LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP.

FOR SALE CHEAP, in a good settlement with every convenience. Apply to C. J. BLOMPFIELD, Sec., Canadian Land and Emigration Company.

POTATOES!

Potatoes of all Kinds Wholesale and Retail, AT WEBSTER'S Grain and Flour Store, West Market Square, Guelph.

GALLERY OF ART.

R. W. LAIRD, MANUFACTURER, 79 King-st. West, TORONTO.

PAINTING, GLAZING, & C.

THOMAS BREADON DOUGLAS-ST. GUELPH, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.

GOOD WORKMANSHIP

And MATERIAL will allow. Shop, - - Douglas Street, Next door north of Wm. Hoover's Livery Stable, and directly opposite Wm. Brownlow's Undertaking Establishment.

MRS. DAVIS'S Eating House & Grocery

MRS. DAVIS begs to inform the public of Guelph and vicinity that at her Eating House meals can be had at reasonable prices.

FRESH GROCERIES

Always in stock an excellent stock of Groceries, comprising Tea, Sugar, Coffee, &c., at prices as low as they can be bought for in any store in town.

STANDARD Life Assurance Company

Accumulated Fund £3,700,005 1s. 4d. Stg. DAVIDSON & CHADWICK, Agents at Guelph.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET

TO RENT, a Furnished Cottage, in a pleasant and central part of the town, for six or twelve months, as may be agreed upon.

Notice to Builders.

ANY quantity of sand for sale at the Pit, next to the Cemetery, or delivered. WILLIAM CHIPCHASE, Guelph, April 24, 1868.

THOROUGH-BRED BULL.

THE fine thorough-bred Durham Bull, Royal Dane, bred by Mr. F. W. Stone, will serve cows this season at the subscriber's farm, Lot 14, 4th Con. Llanosco. TERMS—Thorough-bred cows, to insure calf, \$4; Grade, to insure calf, \$1 25.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers having contracts with this office are notified that unless their changes for the EVENING MERCURY are handed in before 12 o'clock, their advertisements cannot be altered until the following day.

Evening Mercury.

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET. MONDAY EV'G., APRIL 27, 1868.

THE FREE GRANTS.—We have received from P. Gov., Esq., M.P.P., a list of the Free Grant Lands, also a printed list of the townships in the district, and a record of the number of acres contained in each lot.

RATHER BOLD.—On Saturday evening last a private of the 33rd entered a jeweller's shop in London, and asked to look at some rings. His request was complied with, and he selected three of the most valuable, one of them being worth \$37.

CONJUGAL HAPPINESS.—The Lindsay Post man has looked in upon a son of St. Crispin and his valiant spouse, and he tells what he saw. Husband led off, but they were left in ignorance as to where the first "stinger" was planted.

SHOP BREAKING.—A week ago on Sunday morning the office of Mr. Mattice, of Cornwall, was broken into at Cornwall, and after much trouble in forcing the safe open, the robbers took \$450, besides some small change that was in a drawer, and a small quantity of goods.

AN HONOR.—The St. Regis Indians, in solemn pow-wow assembled, have elected Dr. Allen, of Cornwall, to be a chief of their tribe. The compliment is intended to be in recognition of his warm sympathies for their interests.

THE POINT EDWARD SHOOTING AFFAIR.—We mentioned a week ago that a man named Reid had shot another named Moore, in a house of evil repute at Point Edward, wounding him in the face.

JACKSON & HALLET.—Our readers will see by the advertisement in another column that Messrs. Jackson & Hallet have purchased the Grocery business of Mr. John L. Lewis, and will in future carry it on in the same store on their own account.

A GIRSY TRICK.—A most curious occurrence happened in the Prussian province of Posen. Some time ago a poor woman fell sick, and as she felt she was near her end, she sent for the priest.

A FRENCH CONSRIPT.—A young Frenchman, twenty-seven years of age, has just been tried before the Military Tribunal of Bordeaux for evading the duties required by law of every French citizen.

Fire on the Elora Road.

Guelph was visited with another fire on Tuesday. Shortly after noon the bell rang the alarm, and the usual excitement followed; Mr. Mays' fine brick dwelling house, on the Elora road, was on fire.

THE BOARD MET ON Monday night. Present—Mr. Peterson, Chairman, Messrs. Price, Newton, McNeil, Harvey, Bruce, Knowles, Mitchell, Innes, Rev. Mr. Ball and Mrs. Herod and McGuire.

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Parliament of Canada.

HOUSE OF COMMONS. OTTAWA, April 27.

A message was brought down from His Excellency as follows:—The Governor-General desires to communicate to the House of Commons the following telegram, which reached him on the morning of Saturday, April 25th, from the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"To Lord Monck, Ottawa, Canada. 'An unsuccessful attempt was made at Sydney to shoot the Duke of Edinburgh by one O'Farrell. His Royal Highness was wounded, but is getting on well, and hopes shortly to resume his duties and sail for England in the next week. The assassin was arrested, avowed himself a Fenian, and is under trial.' 'DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM, 'London.'"

Sir John A. Macdonald moved that the message of His Excellency be referred to a Select Committee, with instructions to report an address to Her Majesty thereon, said Committee to consist of Messrs. Cartier, Dorion, Mackenzie, McLellan, Fisher, Campbell and the mover, and that they retire immediately to the Speaker's Chamber.

Mr. Chamberlain moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Act of the present session relating to the indemnity of members.

Sir John A. Macdonald moved the one month's hoist. Yeas, 83; nays, 47. Hon. Mr. Rose moved the third reading of the bill to enable banks in any part of Canada to use notes of the Dominion instead of issuing notes of their own.

Hon. Mr. Rose moved the third reading of the bill respecting the currency. Mr. Bourassa moved an amendment to make British silver coin a legal tender to the amount of \$100 instead of \$10, a British shilling being received as equivalent to 25 cents.

The amendment was lost on a division. Mr. Bourassa then moved an amendment that British and American silver coin be received to the amount of one-fourth part of any payment of \$40 and upwards. Lost on a division.

A bill respecting the Consolidated Revenue Fund was introduced. Mr. Cartier's bill respecting railways was also introduced, also the bill for the better security of the Crown and government. A bill respecting British copyright books—making the duty on such not to exceed 20 per cent ad valorem, the same to be paid to the parties interested in such copyrights—was introduced and read a first time.

The New Series of School Books. To the Editor of the MERCURY. SIR,—As the new series of school books is being generally introduced I take the liberty of thus publicly referring to them.

Several members complained that the committee had reported without laying before the Board the applications and testimonials which had been received since the previous meeting. It was thereupon resolved that the Board go into Committee of the Whole on the report.—Dr. McGuire in the chair—when the Secretary read applications and testimonials from the following parties, which had been received since the first application had been sent in:—Messrs. Porter, Richardson, Hill, Pringle, Hamilton; Bryce, Toronto; Stewart, Brantford; Houston, Toronto; and Jones, Mohawk.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

THE ASSASSIN FARRELL TO BE EXECUTED.

Confirmation of the Report of Victory in Abyssinia.

THEODORUS A SUICIDE.

THE VICTORY COMPLETE

Trial of the Clerkenwell Conspirators in London.

BARRET FOUND GUILTY.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, April 27th.—Still later advices were received here from Sydney, Australia, to-day. Farrell, who attempted to assassinate Prince Alfred, was duly indicted, tried, found guilty, and sentenced to death.

The trial of the Fenian prisoners who are accused of causing the Clerkenwell explosion, was resumed this forenoon.—The Attorney General concluded his summing up to-day. He sifted the evidence designed to prove an alibi in the case of the prisoner Barrett, as asserted by all the witnesses who had sworn to his presence in Glasgow on the 13th December, were either avowed members of the Fenian organization or persons who sympathized with it.

London, April 28.—Both Houses of Parliament to-night, without a dissenting voice, voted an address to the Queen upon the subject of the recent attempt to assassinate Prince Alfred at Sydney, expressing the sympathy of the British nation with the royal family in the untoward event which has filled them with sorrow and the country with horror, and the hope that the Prince may soon be restored to health.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Darnell in reply to a question by Mr. Lydell, made some remarks on the subject of the Abyssinian war, in which he spoke in the most flattering language of the achievement of Gen. Napier and his army, and all who gave aid to the expedition to rescue the English prisoners in the hands of King Theodoros. The conquest of Abyssinia, said the premier, was only equalled by that of Mexico by Cortez. The House subsequently went into committee on the Irish Church question.

The first of Mr. Gladstone's series of resolutions was debated at length, but none of the more prominent members of the House took part in the discussion. No points were made by the speakers which have not already been repeatedly urged in former discussions. House adjourned at one o'clock.

New York, April 28.—A London special says: The Times' telegrams state that King Theodoros made an attack on the British advance on the 10th of April, when he was repulsed, having about 500 men killed, and that he was subsequently deserted by almost all of the remainder of his troops. The King then retreated inside the fortress of Magdala, where, supported by some few devoted followers, he made a desperate resistance to the English, but finding his cause made hopeless by the assault of Napier's stormers, he committed suicide by a pistol shot as the British approached his last stand point.

London, April 27, evening.—Great joy prevails throughout the nation over the glorious news from the British troops in Abyssinia, and the safety of Prince Alfred. National hymns were sung and enthusiastically for the Queen given, and the press and people everywhere are exultant. To-day was the first day of the Newmarket spring meeting. The Prince of Wales' stakes, a free handicap of twenty-five sovereigns, was won by 'Kingsland.' The case of the prisoner Barry, connected with the Greek fire plot at Buckingham Palace, came up at Bow Street to-day for preliminary examination. The Greek fire plot was proved to exist only. The case against the prisoner was strong, and he was remanded for trial.

Berlin, April 27.—The third session of the North-German Parliament commenced to-day. King William of Prussia made an opening speech. He said to the members that their aim should be the mutual and material interest of Germany. He advised the fulfilment of the treaties with Austria and Spain, and hoped that a desire for the national good would rule them in all their proceedings. He congratulated them on the peaceful and friendly local relations, and trusted that those of North Germany with the Powers of Europe would justify the belief that the maintenance of peace was the great and only object. The King's speech was pacific throughout. He concluded by expressing the hope that during the present session, and in all events, he might count upon the united power of Germany. His remarks were very favorably received. On the conclusion of his speech he shook hands heartily with the Bavarian Minister. The latter called for three cheers for the King, which were given with a will.

THE NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL.—A correspondent writes:—I learn, upon what I believe to be good authority, that the Governor-Generalship of Canada has recently been offered by Mr. Disraeli to Lord Cranborne. This nobleman, it will be remembered, succeeded from the Derby Cabinet upon the Reform Bill, and since then has been vindictive in his attacks upon the Ministry. He is a staunch Tory, a writer for the Westminster Review, a consistent but unpopular politician. Probably he will decline the office; but Mr. Disraeli could well afford to offer it, since he completely used up Lord Cranborne in the debate on the Irish

The South American War.

Most people are aware that war is raging in South America, and that it has been carried on with perseverance, not to say animosity, for a number of years, but comparatively few are aware of the causes which led to its being waged. As it assumes a considerable degree of importance on account of the heroism of the Paraguayans, who have fought like Trojans against the power of the extensive empire of Brazil, it may not be out of place to rehearse the events which led to this desperate and protracted struggle. About the year 1863 Gen. Flores who had been exiled by the Republic of Uruguay, returned to put himself at the head of a revolutionary movement. The Legislature at once issued a proclamation of outlawry against him, and despatched a body of troops to quell the rebellion. Flores was at first defeated, but afterwards won a signal victory, and with his triumphant forces advanced on the capital. Through the mediation of foreign ministers resident in the Republic, negotiations were opened between the contending parties, but the attempt to settle the differences was rendered abortive by the unreasonable demands of Flores. Meantime the sympathies of the Brazilian subjects resident in Uruguay were strongly in favor of the insurgent chief, and on this account they were subjected to many annoyances. Their own Government interfered on their behalf, and demanded indemnity for the losses they had already sustained, and those they might afterwards sustain by the actions of the belligerents. The demand was met by a refusal, and Brazil immediately espoused the cause of Flores, blockaded the ports of Uruguay, and sent an army into the territory.

It was now that Paraguay became embroiled in the quarrel. She protested against the action of Brazil, but finding her remonstrances disregarded made cause with Uruguay, and proclaimed war against Brazil. But in the meantime Montevideo, the capital of Uruguay, had been taken by the Brazilians, and Flores was installed as President. Of course there was an alliance formed between the Republic and the Empire against the courageous Paraguayans. In 1865 the Argentine Republic violated the laws of neutrality, and exhibited its sympathy for the cause of Brazil. Paraguay at once declared war against this new enemy, and as a consequence forced her to league with the other two. A solemn covenant was then entered into by the three powers, by which they bound themselves never to desist until they had not only subdued but disabled Paraguay by compelling her to surrender her munitions of war. This was a formidable combination, but Paraguay remained undaunted, and success smiled upon her first efforts. One Brazilian town after another submitted to her arms, and for a considerable time she went on conquering and to conquer. But reverse came, and her troops were beaten back into their own territory, and compelled to take up a position in Humaita, a strongly fortified city on the Parana. All that offensive and defensive art could do was done to render the place impregnable, and since that time it has defied the efforts of the besiegers. Attempts have been made by other powers, but without avail, to produce a reconciliation. Brazil is powerful, and it looks as if Paraguay with all her heroism must at last succumb. A day or two ago we published a description of a naval engagement between the belligerents, in which the bravery of the Paraguayans and the power of the Brazilians were conspicuous. The former were defeated, but with characteristic contumacy they announce their determination not to submit yet.

JOBBERY.

The Montreal Witness says the Vine Growers' Association is again before Parliament. This is one of the most transparent humbugs of the day, by which a few individuals, as managers, expect to make a good thing out of the stockholders and the public. We say the public, for there is a remission of excise duties on their products, which may, by clever parties, be turned to a profit of an indefinite amount annually. Let Parliament beware of all private jobs; and, speaking of such, the Bank-Note Engraving Company, in which the proprietors of the Gazette are or were interested, appears to be one of the most profitable of the day. The history of the affair, so far as we can glean it from speeches and documents, is briefly as follows:—Two companies of engravers, each, it is believed, abundantly capable, tendered for the work—one at 20 per cent. and the other at 25 per cent., below the rates charged by American engravers; but our Government (we wonder which of the Ministers of the Crown was responsible for this proceeding), advised the two to unite, and Mr Chamberlain, who was a partner in a government organ, and a partner in the Ministerial candidate for Missisquoi, was united with them. This united company then got the work to

enterprise, that their requisites should come in free of duty, and, if they had to print notes in Ottawa, that they should get accommodations in that city free. Mr Chamberlain, we see, says that he sold his stock when he became a candidate for Parliament; but he does not say to whom. This company has already for less than two years' work \$50,000 from Government, which by one of the former tenders, would have been only \$60,000, and by another \$64,000. How much of this profit, over and above a business profit, went for political purposes, we are not informed, but the affair appears to be just another instance of the way things are too often conducted in Canada.

Great Western Railway.

The report of the half yearly meeting of the Shareholders of the Great Western Railway Company lately held at London, shows the line to be in a most flourishing condition. The management is all that the Company could reasonably expect or desire, the per centage of running expenses are diminishing, while the semi-annual receipts from through traffic are increasing. There is, however, a small falling off in the local traffic. The laying of the third rail has proved a wonderful advantage to the Company; and the Detroit and Milwaukee road, which is under the control and direction of the Great Western, is also assuming a more and more hopeful condition. The chairman adverted to the claims now being pressed upon the Government with reference to the loans advanced to aid the Great Western, and expressed the hope that a satisfactory arrangement be made. We heartily congratulate the company and all concerned in the management of the road on the exceedingly gratifying condition of its affairs.

The London Times summarises the report of the Directors as follows:—The report of the Directors states that the total receipts on capital account amounted to £5,260,508, and the total expenditure to £5,361,806, leaving a balance to the debit of capital of £101,298. The outlay on capital account during the half-year has been £24,241, including the completion of the works on the Car ferry boat, additional signals and sidings for the narrow gauge line, additions to rolling stock, stations, &c. The gross receipts on revenue account amounted for the half-year ending the 31st of January to £400,813, and the working expenses, including renewals, to £193,667, leaving a balance of £207,145. From this was deducted £50,911, for interest on bonds &c., £66,612 loss on conversion of American funds, £4,110 for Detroit fire claims, and £1,285 for deficiency in working the Erie and Niagara Railway, leaving a profit of £84,255, to which was added £1,681, being the surplus from last half-year, making £85,936. Out of this the Directors recommended a dividend at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent per annum, free of income tax, leaving a surplus of £5,725, of which the Directors proposed to set apart £3,000, for the renewal of the ferry steamers, making the renewal fund £5,000, leaving £2,725 for the current half-year. The loss on the conversion of American funds for the half-year amounted to £66,612, as compared with £48,229 for the same half of the previous year. The working expenses, including renewals, were 48.31 per cent of the receipts, against 50.26 per cent for the corresponding half-year. The cost of maintenance and renewals was £43,589 against £39,582 for the corresponding period, being an increase of £3,907. The gross earnings of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway for the year 1867 were £361,913, and the working expenses £203,942, leaving the net revenue £157,970.

QUICK WORK.

The latest advices from Sydney state that Farrell, who shot Prince Alfred, had been tried (probably by special commission) found guilty, and sentenced to death. It is probable he would be allowed but a short shrift, and there is every likelihood that before now he has made, as far as mankind are concerned, atonement for his crime. That the murder was not actually perpetrated would not likely be considered a valid plea for Executive clemency, and Farrell's intent has in all probability proved as fatal to him as if he had succeeded in killing the Prince. The promptitude with which the would-be assassin has been brought to justice presents a singular contrast to the tardiness with which retribution visits criminals of a like character in Canada. We are not informed of the circumstances under which the shot was fired at the Duke, we do not know if it was in the public streets, and in presence of a multitude of people, but we may infer that the criminal was detected and his guilt decided with no more than ordinary difficulty. In the assassination case which the Canadian authorities are now investigating there were many obstacles to be surmounted before any man could be definitely pointed out as the murderer. Step by step Whalen has been brought to the foot of the gallows, and there is scarcely an individual not of his ilk but believes he should be compelled to ascend the ladder. We are told the case is clear against him, and it is, why defer his trial till October? Why give his associates time to conspire for his liberation, or allow his own ingenuity an opportunity of planning means for his escape? Bolts and bars and warders have been found unavailing to detain less daring criminals than he, unaided by a less reckless band of sympathizers. Kilmalham prison

Mike Murphy's feat may also be remembered with advantage. Something about a special commission was mentioned in the Ottawa news on Monday, and most people will admit that it would be one of the most effectual means of preventing Whalen, if he is guilty, from cheating Calcraft.

New Advertisements.

Senior Girls' School.

THE Senior Girls' School will be re-opened on MONDAY, 4th of MAY, in the new School Room, West Ward School, under charge of the newly appointed Teacher, Miss Walker.

DOG LOST.

LOST on Thursday, the 23rd inst., on the Mark of Square, a black and tan Colley Dog, medium size, answers to the name of "Ponto." Any person leaving him at O'Neil's Hotel, Guelph, or with the subscriber will be rewarded.

AUCTION SALE

CLOTHING!

W. S. G. KNOWLES HAS received a consignment, comprising a vast assortment of GENTS' COATS, VESTS, PANTS, HATS, CAPS, Boots, Shoes &c., &c. Which must be disposed of. He has therefore rented the Store OPPOSITE the MARKET

Commencing on Wednesday Even'g, April 29th, 1868, and continue each evening until the entire Stock is disposed of.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of John and Adam Kinnon, Insolvents.

Second and Final Dividend Sheet has been prepared, subject to objection till the Sixteenth day of May next. Dividend payable at my office on the 15th of May.

SPEED LODGE NO. 180.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of Speed Lodge No. 180, G. R. U. C. A. P. and A. M., will be held in the Masonic Hall on Wednesday Evening next the 29th Inst.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

MAPLE SUGAR!

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

BISCUIT

Arrowroot, Cream, Fruit, Victoria, Abernethy, Wine and Ginger Nut BISCUITS

AMBER SYRUP

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

DAYS BOOKSTORE.

ENGLISH APRIL MAGAZINES.

Bow Bells, Belgravia, Englishwoman, Family Herald, St. Pauls, Cassel's Magazine, People's Argosy, Temple Bar, Cornhill.

SCOTTISH JOURNAL.

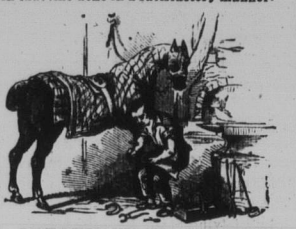
At Day's Bookstore, opposite the Market, Guelph.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, Paper Hanger, Glazier, &c.

Shop on QUEBEC STREET, near Mr. Howard's Store and Tin Depot.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP

THE subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph and surrounding country that he has leased and fitted up the Blacksmith Shop, being that old and well-known stand on Cardigan Street, near Goldie's, formerly known as the People's Mills, where he intends to carry on the Blacksmith business in all its branches.



IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—The subscriber begs to intimate to farmers that he is now manufacturing, and has for sale first-class Steel Mould Board Ploughs, (Gray's pattern), Ploughs of other patterns made to order. Wagons and all kinds of Farm Implements made to order and repaired on the most reasonable terms.

WOOD WORK.—A first-class wood worker kept in connection with the shop. The subscriber having had long experience in the above business, hopes by strict attention to the wants of his customers to merit a share of public patronage.

Don't forget the Stand, near Goldie's Mills. CALEB CHASE, 41m-6m.

Apothecaries' Hall!

Sewing Machine Oil.

Sewing Machines

Superior to all other Oils. Will wear longer, and does not clog up the finest parts of the machine.

A. B. PETRIE,

Chemist, Market Square.

Insolvent Act of 1864 FOR SALE

BY ASSIGNEE.

THE Stock-in-trade of ROBERT RUTHERFORD of Guelph, Ont., at so much on the Dollar of the Inventories, Prices, Goods and Inventory to be seen on the premises.

Up to Saturday, 2nd May, and may be made either en bloc or separately for DRY GOODS or GROCERIES.

Terms cash, or approved credit. PHILIP S. ROSS, Assignee of Estate of R. Rutherford. Montreal, 20th April, 1868.

Insolvent Act of 1864 AND AMENDMENTS.

In the Matter of GEORGE ROYCE, of Decatur, in the County of Halton, AN INSOLVENT.

WILL be sold by Public Auction, in the Market Square, Guelph, ON SATURDAY, 2nd MAY, 1868, by W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer, one span of Horses, without any reserve.

The Town of Guelph. TENDERS WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned till MONDAY, 4th MAY, for removing the Weigh House, Scales and Market Clerk's Office, and for fencing in Cattle Yards in connection with the said Weigh House.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and full information obtained, by applying at the Town Clerk's Office. GEORGE S. HEROD, Chairman, Market House Committee. Guelph, April 27, 1868.

TO FARMERS. WANTED by a young man, a situation with a respectable Farmer. Enquire at THE EVENING MERCURY Office. Guelph, April 13, 1868.

ALE AND CIDER! JUST RECEIVED AT H. WALKER'S, 100 Doz. Magnificent Sparkling CANADIAN ALE!

in Prime Order, at \$1.50 per dozen. Also, in Pints and Quarts at \$2.00 and \$3.00 per dozen.

HUGH WALKER, Wholesale and Retail Fruit Dealer, Wyndham-St., Guelph.

JACKSON & HALLETT (SUCCESSORS TO JOHN L. LEWIS.) No. 7, Wyndham-St., GUELPH. The Subscribers having purchased from JOHN L. LEWIS the whole of his extensive GROCERY AND LIQUOR BUSINESS! ARE PREPARED TO CARRY IT ON IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. CASHE FOR PRODUCED Their Stock of Liquors will be found heavy, well selected and assorted. DANIEL JACKSON. J. HALLETT.

BEDDING PLANTS!

C. & A. SHARPE HAVE for sale a large number of the following assortment of BEDDING PLANTS!

VERBENAS, LANTANAS, PETUNIAS, HELIOTROPES, GERANIUMS, Etc., Etc.

VEGETABLE PLANTS.

CABBAGE PLANTS, in best Varieties, CAULIFLOWER, in best Varieties, KEYS' TOMATO, 30 days earlier than any other Variety extant, CUCUMBER and MELON.

Also, a choice assortment of FLOWER SEEDS of last year's growth, selected by ourselves from the most reliable Seed-growing Establishments in Europe.

BRITANNIA HOUSE

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH. ANOTHER CHEAP LOT OF GREY AND WHITE COTTONS!

500 PIECES NEW Canadian Tweeds, very Cheap JUST ARRIVED AT HEFFERNAN BROS.

LOOKING UP

WITHIN the last few days trade has been looking up considerably, and A. O. BUCHAM

A. O. BUCHAM

Satisfied that his Spring Stock is such as will meet in every respect the wants of the community. ATTRACTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

Dress Goods, Straw Goods and Millinery, Jackets and Jacket Materials, Buttons and Trimmings in all the Newest and Leading Styles.

Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Stock. A. O. BUCHAM. Guelph, April 21, 1868.

The South American War.

Most people are aware that war is raging in South America, and that it has been carried on with perseverance, not to say animosity, for a number of years, but comparatively few are aware of the causes which led to its being waged. As it assumes a considerable degree of importance on account of the heroism of the Paraguayans, who have fought like Trojans against the power of the extensive empire of Brazil, it may not be out of place to rehearse the events which led to this desperate and protracted struggle. About the year 1863 Gen. Flores who had been exiled by the Republic of Uruguay, returned to put himself at the head of a revolutionary movement. The Legislature at once issued a proclamation of outlawry against him, and despatched a body of troops to quell the rebellion. Flores was at first defeated, but afterwards won a signal victory, and with his triumphant forces advanced on the capital. Through the mediation of foreign ministers resident in the Republic, negotiations were opened between the contending parties, but the attempt to settle the differences was rendered abortive by the unreasonable demands of Flores. Meantime the sympathies of the Brazilian subjects resident in Uruguay were strongly in favor of the insurgent chief, and on this account they were subjected to many annoyances. Their own Government interfered on their behalf, and demanded indemnity for the losses they had already sustained, and those they might afterwards sustain by the actions of the belligerents. The demand was met by a refusal, and Brazil immediately espoused the cause of Flores, blockaded the ports of Uruguay, and sent an army into the territory.

It was now that Paraguay became embroiled in the quarrel. She protested against the action of Brazil, but finding her remonstrances disregarded made cause with Uruguay, and proclaimed war against Brazil. But in the meantime Montevideo, the capital of Uruguay, had been taken by the Brazilians, and Flores was installed as President. Of course there was an alliance formed between the Republic and the Empire against the courageous Paraguayans. In 1865 the Argentine Republic violated the laws of neutrality, and exhibited its sympathy for the cause of Brazil. Paraguay at once declared war against this new enemy, and as a consequence forced her to league with the other two. A solemn covenant was then entered into by the three powers, by which they bound themselves never to desist until they had not only subdued but disabled Paraguay by compelling her to surrender her munitions of war. This was a formidable combination, but Paraguay remained undaunted, and success smiled upon her first efforts. One Brazilian town after another submitted to her arms, and for a considerable time she went on conquering and to conquer. But reverse came, and her troops were beaten back into their own territory, and compelled to take up a position in Humaita, a strongly fortified city on the Parana. All that offensive and defensive art could do was done to render the place impregnable, and since that time it has defied the efforts of the besiegers. Attempts have been made by other powers, but without avail, to produce a reconciliation. Brazil is powerful, and it looks as if Paraguay with all her heroism must at last succumb. A day or two ago we published a description of a naval engagement between the belligerents, in which the bravery of the Paraguayans and the power of the Brazilians were conspicuous. The former were defeated, but with characteristic contumacy they announce their determination not to submit yet.

JOBBERY.

The Montreal Witness says the Vine Growers' Association is again before Parliament. This is one of the most transparent humbugs of the day, by which a few individuals, as managers, expect to make a good thing out of the stockholders and the public. We say the public, for there is a remission of excise duties on their products, which may, by clever parties, be turned to a profit of an indefinite amount annually. Let Parliament beware of all private jobs; and, speaking of such, the Bank-Note Engraving Company, in which the proprietors of the Gazette are or were interested, appears to be one of the most profitable of the day. The history of the affair, so far as we can glean it from speeches and documents, is briefly as follows:—Two companies of engravers, each, it is believed, abundantly capable, tendered for the work—one at 20 per cent. and the other at 25 per cent., below the rates charged by American engravers; but our Government (we wonder which of the Ministers of the Crown was responsible for this proceeding), advised the two to unite, and Mr Chamberlain, who was a partner in a government organ, and shortly to be the Ministerial candidate for Missisquoi, was united with them. This united company then got the work to

enterprise, that their requisites should come in free of duty, and, if they had to print notes in Ottawa, that they should get accommodations in that city free. Mr Chamberlain, we see, says that he sold his stock when he became a candidate for Parliament; but he does not say to whom. This company has already for less than two years' work \$80,000 from Government which would have been only \$60,000, and by another \$64,000. How much of this profit, over and above a business profit, went for political purposes, we are not informed, but the affair appears to be just another instance of the way things are too often conducted in Canada.

Great Western Railway.

The report of the half yearly meeting of the Shareholders of the Great Western Railway Company lately held at London, shows the line to be in a most flourishing condition. The management is all that the Company could reasonably expect or desire, the percentage of running expenses are diminishing, while the semi-annual receipts from through traffic are increasing. There is, however, a small falling off in the local traffic. The laying of the third rail has proved a wonderful advantage to the Company; and the Detroit and Milwaukee road, which is under the control and direction of the Great Western, is also assuming a more and more hopeful condition. The chairman adverted to the claims now being pressed upon the Government with reference to the loans advanced to aid the Great Western, and expressed the hope that a satisfactory arrangement be made. We heartily congratulate the company and all concerned in the management of the road on the exceedingly gratifying condition of its affairs.

The London Times summarises the report of the Directors as follows:—"The report of the Directors states that the total receipts on capital account amounted to £5,260,508, and the total expenditure to £5,361,806, leaving a balance to the debit of capital of £101,298. The outlay on capital account during the half-year has been £24,241, including the completion of the works on the Car ferry boat, additional signals and sidings for the narrow gauge line, additions to rolling stock, stations, &c. The gross receipts on revenue account amounted for the half-year ending the 31st of January to £400,813, and the working expenses, including renewals, to £193,667, leaving a balance of £207,145. From this was deducted £50,911, for interest on bonds &c., £66,612 loss on conversion of American funds, £4,110 for Detroit fire claims, and £1,285 for deficiency in working the Erie and Niagara Railway, leaving a profit of £84,255, to which was added £1,681, being the surplus from last half-year, making £85,936. Out of this the Directors recommended a dividend at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent. annum, free of income tax, leaving a surplus of £5,725, of which the Directors proposed to set apart £3,000, for the renewal of the ferry steamers, making the renewal fund £5,000, leaving £2,725 for the current half-year. The loss on the conversion of American funds for the half-year amounted to £66,612, as compared with £48,220 for the same half of the previous year. The working expenses, including renewals, were 48.31 per cent of the receipts, against 50.26 per cent for the corresponding half-year. The cost of maintenance and renewals was £43,589 against £39,682 for the corresponding period, being an increase of £3,907. The gross earnings of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway for the year 1867 were £361,913, and the working expenses £203,942, leaving the net revenue £151,970."

QUICK WORK.

The latest advices from Sydney state that Farrell, who shot Prince Alfred, had been tried (probably by special commission) found guilty, and sentenced to death. It is probable he would be allowed but a short shrift, and there is every likelihood that before now he has made, as far as mankind are concerned, atonement for his crime. That the murder was not actually perpetrated would not likely be considered a valid plea for Executive clemency, and Farrell's intent has in all probability proved as fatal to him as if he had succeeded in killing the Prince. The promptitude with which justice presents a singular contrast to the tardiness with which retribution visits criminals of a like character in Canada. We are not informed of the circumstances under which the shot was fired at the Duke, we do not know if it was in the public streets, and in presence of a multitude of people, but we may infer that the criminal was detected and his guilt decided with no more than ordinary difficulty. In the assassination case which the Canadian authorities are now investigating there were many obstacles to be surmounted before any man could be definitely pointed out as the murderer. Step by step Whalen has been brought to the foot of the gallows, and there is scarcely an individual not of his ilk but believes he should be compelled to ascend the ladder. We are told the case is clear against him, and if it is, why defer his trial till October? Why give his associates time to conspire for his liberation, or allow his own ingenuity an opportunity of planning means for his escape? Bolts and bars and warders have been found unavailing to detain less daring criminals than he, unaided by a less reckless band of sympathisers. Kilmainham prison

Mike Murphy's feat may also be remembered with advantage. Something about a special commission was mentioned in the Ottawa news on Monday, and most people will admit that it would be one of the most effectual means of preventing Whalen, if he is guilty, from cheating Calcraft.

New Advertisements.

Senior Girls' School.

THE Senior Girls' School will be re-opened on MONDAY, 4th of MAY, in the new School Room, West Ward School, under charge of the newly appointed Teacher, Miss Walker.

ROBT. TORRANCE,  
Guelph, April 27th, 1868. d3w1 Secretary.

DOG LOST.

LOST on Thursday, the 23rd inst., on the Market Square, a black and tan Colley Dog, medium size, answers to the name of "Ponto." Any person leaving him at O'Neil's Hotel, Guelph, or with the subscriber will be rewarded.

JOHN CARD,  
Guelph, 28th April, 1868. d3 w1

AUCTION SALE

OF READY-MADE CLOTHING!

W. S. G. KNOWLES

HAS received a consignment, comprising a vast assortment of

GENTS' COATS, VESTS

PANTS, HATS, CAPS,

Boots, Shoes &c., &c.

Which must be disposed of. He has therefore treated the

Store OPPOSITE the MARKET

Lately occupied by Mr. T. J. DAY, where he will offer the entire Stock by Public Auction.

Commencing on Wednesday Even'g,

April 29th, 1868,

And continue each evening until the entire Stock is disposed of.

Terms, Cash. - - No Reserve.

Guelph, April 28, 1868. do 1/2

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of John and Adam Kinnon, Insolvents.

A Second and Final Dividend Sheet has been prepared, subject to objection till the sixteenth day of May next. Dividend payable at my office on the 15th of May.

W. F. FINDLAY,  
Hamilton, 23rd April, 1868. w2

SPEED LODGE NO. 180.

A. F. and A. M.

A N E M E R G E N C Y M E E T I N G of Speed Lodge No. 180, G. R. U. C. A. F. and A. M., will be held in the Masonic Hall on Wednesday Evening next the 29th Inst.

JOHN CRIDFORD, Secretary.

Guelph, April 26th. d-1

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

MAPLE SUGAR!

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

BISCUIT

Arrowroot, Cream, Fruit, Victoria, Abernethy, Wine and Ginger Nut BISCUITS

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

AMBER SYRUP

At JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, April 15th 1868 dw

DAYS BOOKSTORE.

ENGLISH APRIL

MAGAZINES.

Bow Bells, Belgravia, Englishwoman, Family Herald, St. Pauls, Cassel's Magazine, People's Argosy, Temple Bar, Cornhill,

SCOTTISH JOURNAL.

At Day's Bookstore,

opposite the Market, Guelph.

Guelph, April 24, 1868. daw 1/2

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER,

Paper Hanger, Glazier, &c.

Shop on QUEBEC STREET, near Mr. Howard's Store and Tin Depot

All orders from the Town and Country will receive prompt attention.

Guelph, April 25, 1868 daw m

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP

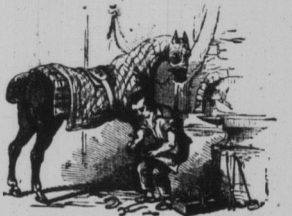
THE subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph and surrounding country that he has leased and fitted up the Blacksmith Shop, being that old and well-known stand on Cardigan Street, near Goldie's, formerly known as the People's Mills, where he intends to carry on the Blacksmith business in all its branches.

HORSE SHOEING.—Particular attention paid to Horse Shoeing. As the subscriber intends to keep none but a first-class horse-shoer, the public can rely on getting all work in that line done in a satisfactory manner.

Don't forget the Stand, near Goldie's Mills.

CALEB CHASE.

Guelph, 24th April, 1868. d1m-6m



IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—The subscriber begs to intimate to farmers that he is now manufacturing, and has for sale first-class Steel Mould Board Ploughs, (Gray's pattern.) Ploughs of other patterns made to order. Wagons and all kinds of Farm Implements made to order and repaired on the most reasonable terms.

WOOD WORK.—A first-class wood worker kept in connection with the shop. The subscriber having had long experience in the above business, hopes by strict attention to the wants of his customers to merit a share of public patronage.

Don't forget the Stand, near Goldie's Mills.

CALEB CHASE.

Guelph, 24th April, 1868. d1m-6m

Apothecaries' Hall!

Sewing Machine Oil.

JUST received, a supply of very fine Oil, made to suit

Superior to all other Oils.

Will wear longer, and does not clog up the finest parts of the machine.

A. B. PETRIE,

Chemist, Market Square.

Guelph, April 23. daw 1/2

Insolvent Act of 1864

FOR SALE

BY ASSIGNEE.

THE Stock in trade of ROBERT RUTHERFORD of Guelph, Ont., at so much on the Dollar, of the Inventories Prices, Goods and Inventory to be seen on the premises.

Tenders will be seen by D. GUTHRIE, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, Guelph, or by the Assignee.

Up to Saturday, 2nd May,

and may be made either en bloc or separately for

DRY GOODS or GROCERIES.

Terms cash, or approved credit.

PHILIP S. ROSS,  
Assignee of Estate of R. Rutherford,  
Montreal, 20th April, 1868. dw3

Insolvent Act of 1864

AND AMENDMENTS.

In the Matter of GEORGE ROYCE, of

Dacota, in the County of Halton,

AN INSOLVENT.

WILL be sold by Public Auction, in the Market Square, Guelph,

ON SATURDAY, 2nd MAY, 1868,

By W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer, one span of Horses, without any reserve.

CHARLES SHARPE,  
Official Assignee.

Guelph, April 25, 1868. do 1/2

The Town of Guelph.

TENDERS WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned till MONDAY, 4th MAY, for removing the Weigh House, Scales, and Market Clerk's Office, and for fencing in Cattle Yards in connection with the said Weigh House.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and full information obtained, by applying at the Town Clerk's Office.

GEORGE S. HEROD,  
Chairman, Market House Committee.

Guelph, April 27, 1868. d 6 m

TO FARMERS.

WANTED by a young man, a situation with a respectable Farmer.

Enquire at THE EVENING MERCURY Office.

Guelph, April 13, 1868. 3w

ALE AND CIDER!

JUST RECEIVED

AT H. WALKER'S,

100 Doz. Magnificent Sparkling

CANADIAN ALE!

in Prime Order, at \$1.50 per dozen. Also,

Penner's Champagne Cider,

in Pints and Quarts at \$2.00 and \$3.00 per dozen

HUGH WALKER,  
Wholesale and Retail Fruit dealer, Wyndham-St., Guelph.

Guelph, April 28, 1868. daw y

JACKSON & HALLETT

(SUCCESSORS TO JOHN L. LEWIS.)

No. 7, Wyndham-St., GUELPH.

The Subscribers having purchased from JOHN L. LEWIS the whole of his extensive

GROCERY AND LIQUOR BUSINESS!

ARE PREPARED TO CARRY IT ON IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Having made the purchase on the most favorable terms for cash, they are enabled to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS, and complete with any house in the trade. Will pay particular attention to country trade, and will continue to supply every variety of

CASIE FOR REPRODUCER

Their Stock of Liquors will be found heavy, well selected and assorted.

The Subscribers feel confident that, with Mr. JACKSON'S ten years' experience in the establishments of both Messrs. Rutherford and Lewis, they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their support.

DANIEL JACKSON.

J. HALLETT,

Guelph, 2nd April, 1868.

BEDDING PLANTS!

C. & A. SHARPE

HAVE for sale a large number of the following assortment of

BEDDING PLANTS!

VERBENAS, PETUNIAS, GERANIUMS, LANTANAS, HELIOTROPES, Etc., Etc.

VEGETABLE PLANTS.

CABBAGE PLANTS, in best Varieties, CAULIFLOWER, in best Varieties, KEYES' TOMATO, 30 days earlier than any other Variety raised, CUCUMBER and MELON.

Also, a choice assortment of FLOWERSEEDS of last year's growth, selected by ourselves from the most reliable Seed-growing Establishments in Europe.

For further particulars apply at the Store, Market Square, for Catalogues.

Guelph, April 25, 1868. do 1/2

BRITANNIA HOUSE

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

ANOTHER CHEAP LOT

OF GREY AND

WHITE COTTONS!

500 PIECES NEW

Canadian Tweeds, very Cheap

JUST ARRIVED AT

HEFFERNAN BROS.

Guelph, 28th April, 1868 daw 1/2

LOOKING UP

WITHIN the last few days trade has been looking up considerably, and

A. O. BUCHAM

Is satisfied that his Spring Stock is such as will meet in every respect the wants of the community.

ATTRACTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

Dress Goods, Straw Goods and Millinery, Jackets and Jacket Materials, Buttons and Trimmings in all the Newest and Leading Styles.

Ladies are invited to call and inspect our Stock.

A. O. BUCHAM.

Guelph, April 21, 1868.

Advertisements in this paper... Our daily and weekly editions are double those of any contemporary.

Guelph Evening Mercury

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET.

TUESDAY EVE, APRIL 28, 1868.

# The Maiden's Choice

OR THE LADY OF BIRKENLEUCH  
A Tale of the Covenanters.

"Oh, Richard, for the love of heaven, bear us," exclaimed Helen. "By the love you had for me, I beseech you to listen."

"Love!" he shrieked. "My love is turned to hate—bitter, inextinguishable hate! Oh, faithless, perfidious woman!"

"No, Richard, not faithless—not perfidious. Your thoughts, your belief, wrongs me. You have cause for that—amplify cause—and yet I am innocent."

"Innocent! Great heaven! hear her! and she the wife of Charlie Allan!"

"I am not—I swear to you I am not! I am free! and my love for you has never changed."

"Liar! I saw you with him at the altar." "You did; and yet what I say is truth. Only be patient, and listen, and when you have heard all, you may go if you will."

"Yes, listen, Richie, and then gang your ways in the devil's name if ye will," gasped Sir Gilbert.

"Release me, then," demanded the youth, sternly.

"Promise that ye'll hear us first!" "I promise; but I warn you beforehand that all words of yours will be useless."

"Say nae mair," said the youth, "but just answer me this—if I quit my hand will ye stay where ye are for the next ten minutes?"

"I will. You have my word for it, and you have no reason to distrust me."

"Nae mair have ye the distrust me or Helen either, Richie," rejoined Sir Gilbert, as he removed his arms. "Ye think ye have, and as matters stand I dinna blame ye; but ye are wrang for a' that—wrang a'thegither, Richie!"

"Say on," said the youth, folding his arms on his heaving bosom, and addressing himself to Helen, regarding her as he spoke with a withering and scornful glance, while his lip curled in bitter mockery.

"Say on," he repeated; "I have nerve myself to endure this last misery. My hate and scorn sustain me. Speak, and I will watch in your face the lying demon that possesses you."

"I can bear your hard and bitter words, Richard," said Helen, with a gentle and forgiving smile. "They are but the just and righteous expression of your belief, and your belief is grounded on circumstances which I am amply justified in. In your eyes I can be nothing but the meanest and most despicable wretch in existence, and had I the same apparent reason to estimate your character, my thoughts of you would not be less severe. But I tell you solemnly and calmly that I am guiltless of all that you suppose. In our parting scene at Brankwood and since I have suffered even perhaps more than you. But the blame rests entirely on others—on the man you know as my father, and on Charlie Allan."

Helen paused a moment to master the emotion which struggled in her bosom.

"Go on," said Richard, "in your earnestness of indignation. 'Kenin' as I dae what an angel o' goodness Helen is, it's mair than mortal man can endure ta' hear ye insult her sae cruelly."

"Patience, Sir Gilbert," observed Helen. "Richard is in ignorance yet. But at the risk of being incoherent, I will in a few words indicate the truth. A few hours before our last meeting and parting in the Glen, Jabez Cringan came to Brankwood in seemingly great agitation, and communicated to me a discovery he said he had made on the previous evening. He had, he said, come upon a paper in a private drawer written by my mother, confessing that you were her lover, and that Sir Gilbert Barton was your father. He imposed on me an oath not to reveal, this to mortal, and fidelity to my mother's memory combined with this oath to seal my lips. I never dreamed this statement to be a lie, and there was but one thing for me to do—When we met in the Glen I told you we must part, and I could not tell you why."

"But, oh, Richard, this was but a deep plot, concocted by Cringan and Charlie Allan—who desired to marry me, and who bribed Cringan to put forth the diabolical lie. It was months after my return home ere Charlie hinted of his love, and I need not wait now to tell you how I was prevailed on to consent to be his wife. Sir Gilbert, who up to this time knew no more than you, was very wroth with me, and cherished the same hard thoughts."

"I did," the Baronet here put in by way of parenthesis, "God forgive me, I did."

"On the day of the marriage," resumed Helen, "he attended at the church to pay the legacy, and deliver to me a sealed packet left by Lady Barton to be given to me on my wedding day. That night, at Birkenleuch, I opened the packet, and found papers there containing several astounding things, which brought Cringan's plot to light, and made the marriage ceremony void. These papers revealed that you are the lawful son of Sir Gilbert, and that my father was not Jabez Cringan, but Captain Robert Allan, Charlie's father. Now Richard, you have an outline of the truth. There is still much to tell, many, many details to fill in, but enough has been told to enable you to judge of the possibility of your hard thoughts of me being undeserved."

"The time we named is mair than oot, Richie," observed Sir Gilbert, jocosely. "Are ye still thinkin' o' takin' a race ower the hills amang the snaw?"

"The Baronet was encouraged to make this sportive remark by seeing the youth stand motionless and spell-bound. The tide of a revulsion had set in upon his soul. Bewildered, doubt, hesitation, dismay began to break like so many waves over it, and to struggle against the bitterness, the rage, the scorn, and the hate which had for many months possessed him. There had been a raging tide set in the opposite direction—a seething, boiling, full-blooded tide, sweeping and rushing towards the shore of darkness and despair. An opposing current had set in—the first beginnings of a tide setting back to the sunny shore of peace and love. But oh, that tide must be tumultuous and stormy too, for it had to sweep back by surges of remorse, regret, self-reproach, and the most stubborn self-condemnation. In proportion as he caught glimpses of the truth of things the torture of his soul increased, for in the same proportion he saw the purity, the integrity, and heroic devotion which Helen had displayed, and alongside of these he had to contrast and measure his injustice towards her, his cruel, cutting words, his scorn, his insult. His rage and hate gave place to anguish, misery, and hopeless humiliation of spirit."

"TO BE CONTINUED."

RAILWAY COMPANIES AND DRUNKEN EMPLOYEES.—The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has decided in the case of Gilman vs. Eastern Railway Company, that if a flagman employed by a railway corporation is an habitual drunkard, and is usually intrusted with the management of a switch, and these facts are known, or, by the use of care, which would be known by the officers of the corporation and he through intoxication fails to adjust properly a switch, whereby an accident happens to another person employed by the corporation, the corporation will be responsible in damages. This is an important and just decision. It has been held that railway employees take the ordinary risks of the service, and cannot recover damages for injuries received. The "ordinary risks" very properly, do not include those happening from the acts or neglect of drunken switchmen, engineers, trackmen or conductors.

## THE SPRING TRADE

STEWART

SPRING DRESSES, NEWEST STYLES.

SPRING DRESSES, BEST MATERIALS.

SPRING DRESSES, MOST MODERATE PRICES.

STEWART

HAS JUST RECEIVED the largest and most choice stock of New Spring Goods he has ever shown, and respectfully requests attention to the great difference in price from last year, being at least One-third Lower.

STEWART

HAS opened a case of White Drab and Grey Stays, that fit the body and not the body stays. Highly recommended by the Faculty.

STEWART

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STEWART'S

CARPET STOCK is the largest west of Toronto, and being all the season's importations the designs and colors are new.

STEWART'S

STOCK OF TAPESTRY is large and choice. Styles are new, and will be offered very low, commencing at 75 cents.

STEWART'S

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STEWART'S

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"The time we named is mair than oot, Richie," observed Sir Gilbert, jocosely. "Are ye still thinkin' o' takin' a race ower the hills amang the snaw?"

STEWART'S

The Baronet was encouraged to make this sportive remark by seeing the youth stand motionless and spell-bound. The tide of a revulsion had set in upon his soul. Bewildered, doubt, hesitation, dismay began to break like so many waves over it, and to struggle against the bitterness, the rage, the scorn, and the hate which had for many months possessed him. There had been a raging tide set in the opposite direction—a seething, boiling, full-blooded tide, sweeping and rushing towards the shore of darkness and despair. An opposing current had set in—the first beginnings of a tide setting back to the sunny shore of peace and love. But oh, that tide must be tumultuous and stormy too, for it had to sweep back by surges of remorse, regret, self-reproach, and the most stubborn self-condemnation. In proportion as he caught glimpses of the truth of things the torture of his soul increased, for in the same proportion he saw the purity, the integrity, and heroic devotion which Helen had displayed, and alongside of these he had to contrast and measure his injustice towards her, his cruel, cutting words, his scorn, his insult. His rage and hate gave place to anguish, misery, and hopeless humiliation of spirit."

STEWART'S

"TO BE CONTINUED."

RAILWAY COMPANIES AND DRUNKEN EMPLOYEES.—The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has decided in the case of Gilman vs. Eastern Railway Company, that if a flagman employed by a railway corporation is an habitual drunkard, and is usually intrusted with the management of a switch, and these facts are known, or, by the use of care, which would be known by the officers of the corporation and he through intoxication fails to adjust properly a switch, whereby an accident happens to another person employed by the corporation, the corporation will be responsible in damages. This is an important and just decision. It has been held that railway employees take the ordinary risks of the service, and cannot recover damages for injuries received. The "ordinary risks" very properly, do not include those happening from the acts or neglect of drunken switchmen, engineers, trackmen or conductors.

STEWART'S

NEW DAMASKS,

NEW REPS,

NEW CHINTZES,

NEW LENO CURTAINS,

NEW MUSLIN CURTAINS,

NEW LACE CURTAINS.

WM. STEWART.

Guelph, April, 1st, 1868.

ESTABLISHMENT.

GUELPH, ONT.

TO TAILORS.

AMERICAN Shears, Trimmers, and Points of all sizes, Squares, Carved Rules, Straightedges, Improved Irons, English and American Crayons, Bartlett's Needles, and Sewing Machines, Buttons, and all the best quality, and at lowest prices.

RYAN & OLIVER, Importers of Hardware—114 Yonge-st. Toronto. Toronto, 1st April, 1868.

TO MACHINISTS.

STEEL Squares, Steel Rules, Centre Gauges, Vernier Callipers, Steel Calliper Rules, Caliper Squares, Ames' Universal Squares, Self-regulating Callipers and Dividers, Stubs Files and Tools, Patent Oilers, Sheet Steel, &c. For sale by

RYAN & OLIVER, General Hardware Merchants—114 Yonge-st. Toronto, 1st April, 1868.

Cabinetmakers & Upholsterers.

HAIR Seating, Curled Hair, Tow, Sofa Springs, Twine, Chair Web, Buttons, Screws, Hinges, Locks, Tacks, Flint Paper, Glue, Piano Stool screws, Collin Trimmings, Upholsterers' Needles and Regulators, Adhesives, Carvers' Tools, Extension Lip Auger Bits, Meloclon Hardware, &c. For sale at lowest prices.

RYAN & OLIVER, General Hardware Merchants—114 Yonge Street, Toronto. Toronto, 1st April, 1868.

CASTLE GARDEN SALOON

MARKET SQUARE,

GUELPH, ONT.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has leased the above premises for a term of years, and has refitted it in a very superior and substantial manner, and hopes to share a portion of the patronage of the public.

THE BAR will be supplied with the best

Wines, Liquors & Cigars

And the table with all the delicacies of the season. In fact no expense will be spared to make it a first-class establishment.

LUNCHEON! Every day from 1 to 3 o'clock.

OYSTERS AND GAME, Etc. Dinner and Supper parties provided short notice, at reasonable charges.

JOHN MILLER, Proprietor.

Late of the Commercial Hotel, Whittier.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Guelph, Jan. 29, 1868.

Toronto Advertisement

W. & D. DINEEN

BEG to inform the people of GUELPH and surrounding country that they have the Largest, Cheapest and Best Stock of

HATS, CAPS AND FURS

Ever brought into Ontario, at No. 80 Yonge Street, three doors north of King-st.

Wholesale and Retail. TORONTO. Toronto, 20th March, 1868.

NOT RUN AWAY YET.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his old friends and the Public, that though several noted characters have lately been constrained to leave Guelph for the sake of their health, he is still hale and hearty, and hangs out his shingle at the old spot.

CORK STREET,

DEADY'S HOTEL,

OPPOSITE

Where he is prepared as formerly to make up CLOTHING of every description at short notice and in a superior style.

To Farmers!

Having had 30 years experience, and devoting all his time to the business, he can make up

Home-made CLOTH!

And trim it CHEAPER than can be done at any other Establishment in Town.

All Work carefully finished, and at Moderate Rates.

Guelph, Feb. 27, 1868. WM. MITCHELL, Main-st.

HORSE BILLS

PROPRIETORS and Travellers of Stables will please note the fact that at

THE MERCURY OFFICE

Macdonnell Street, opposite the Great Western Hotel Stables, second door east of the Golden Lion, Guelph,

They can get better, cheaper and handsomer Horse Bills than at any other office in the County, and printed while they wait.

Orders by post will be promptly attended to, and forwarded by the earliest conveyances. Give us a call.

MCLACAN & INNES, EVENING MERCURY Buildings, Macdonnell-st.

Division Court Sittings

COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.

THE Division Courts for the County of Wellington, will be held as follows:—

Orangeville..... Feb. 4, April 14, June 30, 1868

Erin..... 5, 17, July 1 "

Guelph..... 7, 17, 3 "

Elora..... 18, 28, 21 "

Arthur..... 19, 29, 23 "

Mount Forest..... 20, 30, 23 "

Fergus..... 21, May 1, 24 "

Rockwood..... 25, 12, Aug. 4 "

Paslinch..... 26, 13, 5 "

Drayton..... March 3, 26, 18 "

Harrison..... 4, 27, 19 "

Glenora..... 6, 28, 20 "

By order, ALFREDA BAKER, Clerk No.

Guelph, Dec. 1867.

Boarding and Day School

for Young Ladies.

CHURCH-ST. - - GUELPH

MRS WIGHTMAN begs to announce that her school will re-open (D.V.) on the 20th of April. Vacancies for two or three boarders. Guelph, 6th April, 1868.

FOR SALE.

SODA ASH—"Gambles."

CAUSTIC SODA—"Gambles," "Wildes," "Alkali Compd.," "Garrett's."

SAL. SODA.

CHLORIDE OF LIME.

PALM OIL.

W. T. BENSON,

37 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

Montreal, 1st April, 1868.

ESTABLISHMENT.

GUELPH, ONT.

1868.

1868.

JOHN HOGG

AT IT AGAIN.

From unforeseen circumstances, I am obliged to once more plunge into the torments of active business life. It affords me no small degree of pleasure and satisfaction to know that I am still to continue to serve and be a means of profit to the great mass of the inhabitants of the County of Wellington and its vicinity. I shall in the time to come, as in the past, make it a study and one of the leading features in my business affairs at all times to be in a position to secure Goods in the very best markets, and to the best possible advantage. My purchases will all be made for Ready Money—and money will command Bargains such as credit cannot. This advantage will be given to my customers. It is needless to remind my numerous friends and supporters that the immense variety of every description of Goods presented to select from is a very great advantage, together with the undeniable fact that my Goods are all imported from the manufacturers direct, ensures to my patrons a saving of a fair profit over that of any other establishment in the trade. I possess great advantages this season for offering extra inducements to my customers.

COTTON GOODS have all advanced very rapidly within the last month. During the period of panic prices I bought heavily, indeed sufficient to do my business requirements during the summer. Since an advance of fully forty per cent. has taken place.

My stock now in every branch is full, and an early call from my old friends will be well repaid both as regards variety to select from, and the great saving to be effected in price.

Thanking you for past favors,

I remain yours,

JOHN HOGG.

Guelph, 3rd April, 1868.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

THE GREATEST ATTRACTION OF THE SEASON IS THE DISPLAY OF

NEW HATS & CAPS

AT

THE GUELPH CLOTH HALL

A. THOMSON & CO.

Guelph, 4th April, 1868.

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORE.

FRESH IMPORTATIONS

OF

NEW SPRING GOODS!

WILL BE OPENED

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH INST.

The Subscribers are now enjoying the Third-half yearly dividend.

W. MACKLIN & CO.

Guelph, April 7, 1868.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

GRAND OPENING OF

SHOW ROOM

AT THE

BRADFORD HOUSE

PHILIP BISH,

WILL SHOW ON

FRIDAY, the 24th of APRIL, 1868,

Some of the Greatest Novelties in

MANTLES & MILLINERY

Ever exhibited in Guelph, which for extent and quality is not surpassed in the Province.

Ladies should Call at once and Examine the Pattern Bonnets and Mantles.

The above Department is superintended by a first-class artist. Ladies can rely on having every attention by calling at the BRADFORD HOUSE, Guelph.

PHILIP BISH.

Bradford House, Wyndham Street, Guelph, April 23, 1868.

TAILOR,

ST. GEORGE'S SQUARE, GUELPH,

In rear of the English Church,

BEGS to inform the Inhabitants of Guelph and vicinity that he has rented the premises lately occupied by Mr. J. J. Baker, Water-maker, where

Parties Furnishing their Own Goods

Will always find him on hand ready to attend to their orders. All work carefully executed and on reasonable terms.

Garments Altered, Repaired and Cut with Neatness and Despatch.

Guelph, April 8, 1868. 4th wim

Medical Dispensary

HARVEY'S

PATENT

BENZOLINE

For instantly removing

Grease, Oil, War. Paint, Tar and other Spots from Silk, Velvet, Cloth and Kid

Gloves, Carpets,

And all kinds of fabrics, without injuring the most delicate colors. Price 25c per box.

Utica, April 27th.—Saturday afternoon last at Pond Hill, a little girl eight years old, daughter of Mr Levi Sanders, was brutally outraged. Her throat was then cut and her head smashed in with a stone. Wm. H. Carswell has been arrested for the inhuman deed. Carswell is said to be a simple fellow and an irresponsible character.

Havana, April 27th.—The war still continues in Hayti. It is reported that the Caocs are commanded by American officers. President Salnave was losing ground daily. The attempt of Gen. Chevalier to reinforce Salnave failed. The party under his command defeated by the Caocs, with difficulty got back to Cape Haytien.

The people of St. Domingo threaten a revolution against Baez, who continue to imprison and banish his enemies. Herald's special says General Baez has taken the oath as President of the Republic.

### A Terrible Woman in the French Army.

An extraordinary female military character is now an inmate of the Hotel des Invalides. Lieutenant Madame Burlon entered the hotel more than fifty years ago, and is the only female soldier ever admitted to receive the support, Angeli que Marie Joseph Duchesmin was born in 1772. Twenty years later found her up on the most exciting stage the world has ever known. Louis XIV. was beheaded, and France a republic. Angeli que was a wife, a mother, a citoyenne, a soldier. She served 7 years in the various capacities of a corporal, corporal-fourrier and sergeant-major. At the age of 27, in the year 1795, she was admitted to the Hotel not because she was a woman, a widow, but by her right and merit as a wounded soldier. There she received her support and the small pay allowed to non-commissioned officers, and in addition to this, for some time, a salary of \$80 a year clerk in the magazine of clothing. At the age of 35 she became the chief of this department with a salary of \$650 per annum. By her economy she was enabled to establish her daughter, and more recently to aid her grandchildren and great-grandchildren. At the age of 17 she was a wife, at 18 a mother, at 20 a widow. Her husband fell at Ajaccio, in Corsica. Three days after she learned his fate she took the uniform of his regiment, and demanded permission to average his death. Two brothers had fallen in active service, her father had died on the field of battle—her heart, head, and hand burned to send destruction to the English and Corsicans. She told the history of the siege of Calvi. Eleven months they had been blockaded, 75 days bombarded, but she brought relief to the garrison of the fort of Gesco; and the Cross of the Legion of Honor on her breast is her country's acknowledgement of her heroic action. Madame Burlon said she did not mind wounds in each arm nor fear the dark, but set out alone, at midnight, evaded the guards, rescued sixty starving women, and led them to the fort, which was reached at two o'clock in the morning. She gave the women each a pound of rice, which all considered an excellent bargain. Still later, at the siege of Calvi, all the cannoniers having been killed, the non-commissioned officers were called upon to fill their places; it was thus, while defending a bastion in aiming a 16-pounder, that she was wounded in the leg by the bursting of a bomb. This last wound disabled her from service and entitled her a place in the Hotel des Invalides. October 23, 1833, upon the proposition of General de Latour Maubourg, Governor of the Invalides, she received the grade of second lieutenant. She never threw off her military uniform but once, and that for a moment's amusement to her grandchildren, when she assumed female attire. But the children, instead of being amused, burst into tears, and begged their grandamma to go back again to her soldier's clothes.

THE QUESTION.—"What shall we do with Fenianism?" is a very pertinent question which the Leader asks this morning, and then answers the query in more than a solid "column of dismay." The remedy is simple. Pass M. Cartier's Militia Bill, and thereby disband the Volunteer force. The question will soon be settled, but will unfortunately give rise to another: "What will be done with the Canadians?" What has the Leader to say to that?—*Hamilton Times.*

### COMMERCIAL.

Guelph Markets.	
MERCURY OFFICE, GUELPH, 1868.	
Flour, per 100 lbs.	\$ 4 00
Spring Wheat, per bush.	1 70 @ 1 75
Oats, per bush.	1 00 @ 1 05
Peas, do.	0 70 @ 0 75
Barley, do.	1 20 @ 1 25
Hay, per ton.	15 00 @ 16 00
Straw, do.	4 00 @ 5 00
Shingles, per square.	1 00 @ 1 50
Wood, per cord.	3 00 @ 3 50
Eggs, per dozen.	0 12 @ 0 12
Butter, per lb.	0 20 @ 0 25
Grease, each.	0 20 @ 0 25
Turkeys, each.	0 50 @ 0 60
Chickens, per pair.	0 20 @ 0 28
Ducks, do.	0 80 @ 0 90
Potatoes, do.	0 20 @ 0 25
Apples, per barrel.	2 00 @ 2 00
Lamb, per lb.	0 06 @ 0 07
Beef, do.	0 05 @ 0 06
Pork, per 100 lbs.	5 00 @ 5 50
Sheep Pelts, each.	0 50 @ 0 75
Lambskins, do.	0 40 @ 0 45
Hides, do.	0 00 @ 0 00

Money Market.	
JACKSON'S EXCHANGE OFFICE.	
Guelph, April 28, 1868.	
Gold, 138.	
Greenbacks, bought at 71 to 74; sold at 72 to 73.	
Silver bought at 43 to 46; sold at 44 to 47.	
Upper Canada Bank Bills bought at 65c. to 65c.	

MONTREAL MARKETS.	
Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co's report by Special Telegram to Evening Mercury.	
MONTREAL, April 28, 1868.	
Flour—Fancy, \$7 50 to \$9 00; Superior No. 1, \$7 25 to \$7 35; Welland Canal, \$7 62. Bag flour, \$3 20 to \$3 70. Oats 45 c. to 49c. Barley \$1 15 to \$1 20. Butter—dry 15c. to 22c.; store packed 15c. to 22c. Ashes—Pots \$5 85 to \$5 90; pearls \$6 00 to \$6 10.	
Flour—Receipts 2100 barrels. Market quiet and but trifling business done. Rates generally unchanged. Grain—No sales reported.	

TORONTO, April 27, 1868.	
Flour—Receipts, 5000 bbls.; No. 1, at \$7 00 to \$7 15; Fall Wheat—\$1 68. Spring Wheat—\$1 64 to \$1 66. Oats—60c. Barley—\$1 35 @ \$1 40. Peas—55c.	

HAMILTON, April 27, 1868.	
Fall wheat, \$1 62 @ \$1 72. Spring do—\$1 53 @ \$1 62 per bushel. Barley—\$1 35 @ \$1 40. Oats—40c. @ 70c. Peas—55c @ 60c. Pork—\$6 00 @ \$7 50.	

### FREEMAN & FREEMAN

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, CONVEYANCERS, &c. Office over Berry's Confectionery Store, Wyndham Street Guelph. Guelph, 4th December 186

**DR. MAGGIEL'S** is the founder of a new Medical system. The quantarians, whose internal doses anesthe the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite with from one to two of his ordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent forms of cholera or so of his wonderful and all-healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superseding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the so-called remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box full taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiel's Pills suffice to keep the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirit light and buoyant. There is no griping and no weakness in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected, its functions are restored, and if the nervous system is feeble, it is invigorated. This last quality makes the medicine very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcers and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant use of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that Maggiel's Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhoeic Pills cure where all others fail—While for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Cuts, and all Abrasions of the Skin, Maggiel's Salve is infallible. Sold by J. HAYDOCK, 11 Pine Street, New York, and all Druggists, at 25 cents per box.

**MR. R. J. JEANNERET.** From England, (Established in London, Ont., 1842, and in Guelph 1863.)

### WORKING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, DAYS' BLOCK,

Opposite the Market, Guelph. For sale cheap, best quality of English and other Fine Gold Wedding Rings, also, a fine assortment of Ladies' English Dress Rings. Guelph, 8th April, 1868.

### The Music Book FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS AT HOME

**MERRY CHIMES:** CONTAINING Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises and several Hundred Popular Songs. This New Book will be found superior to all similar works, in many points essential to a popular instruction book in Vocal Music and Collection of Melodies for the Young. FORTY EDITIONS have already been published, and the demand continues unabated. Many of the Songs have been written expressly for the work, and none of the songs are old and time-worn-sung through a dozen books, but **NEW and Sparkling**, adapted to all Occasions, and **Alive with the Spirit of the Times.** Price 50 cents. Sent postpaid. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broad-way, New York. Boston, April 14, 1868. dan tf

### INDIA AND CHINA TEA COMPANY

A LARGE SUPPLY OF THIS CELEBRATED TEA FOR FAMILY USE. Just received at the MEDICAL HALL. N. HIGINBOTHAM, Sole Agent for Guelph. Guelph, 19th March, 1868.

### Savings Bank.

**THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE** OPEN a Savings Bank Department at their Branch in Guelph this day. The rate of interest allowed on all deposits will be four per cent. per annum, to commence from day of deposit, and five per cent. on all sums remaining in the Bank six months from 3rd of June or 21st of December. The terms in other respects have been made as favorable as possible to depositors. Further information will be given upon application at the office of the Bank in Guelph. For all deposits made in this Savings Bank, the Canadian Bank of Commerce is fully responsible. R. J. DALLAS, Cashier. Guelph, 1st April, 1868. Herald copy four weeks.

### FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS ASHES, LEATHER, &c.

CONSIGNMENTS solicited. Highest prices realized, and returns promptly made. Every possible information afforded, consignors in reference to the Markets, packing of Pork, Manufacture, &c., as required. Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co., MONTREAL. Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, HALIFAX. ADVANCES. DRAFTS authorized against Consignments to Montreal and Halifax may be made at the option of Consignors, on either City. Cash advances made on shipments to our Correspondents in Foreign Markets. Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co., MONTREAL. Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, HALIFAX. FISH, OILS, &c. ORDERS for Fish, Oils, or West India Produce carefully and promptly executed. Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co., HALIFAX, N. S. W. LAWY 12 1867.

### PRIZE DENTISTRY. DR. R. CAMPBELL

OFFICE next door to the Advertiser's office, Wyndham Street, Guelph. REFERENCES—Drs. Clarke & Orton, Mc Guff, Herald, Messrs. Guelph; Dr. Buchanan & Philips, Toronto; Dr. Elliott and W. Myers, Dentists, Toronto. Teeth Extracted Without Pain Guelph, 20th June, 1866

### Home Depot at London and Liverpool, Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street, Montreal.

**THE India and China Tea Company** beg to call the attention of the Canadian community to their directly imported Teas, which for purity and excellence will be found unequalled. The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire produce of some of the best plantations in Assam and the slopes of the Himalayas, and by a judicious blending of these magnificent Teas with the best varieties of China produce, they are enabled to offer to the public Teas of quality and favour hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority. The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great brilliancy and favour, combined with colour and strength, and to be entirely different to the flat and vapour article usually sold as Black Tea; while their Green Teas are altogether free from the deleterious mineral powder so commonly used for coloring the leaf. PRICES: Rich, full-flavoured Tea, for family use, a real genuine and fine article, one dollar per lb. Finest quality procurable, one dollar per lb. The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed. To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of 5 lbs. and upwards, from the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada.—N.B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Teas will consequently retain their flavour any length of time. Orders—All packages have the Company's trade-mark, without which none are genuine.

### MR. N. HIGINBOTHAM

Agent, Guelph. Guelph, August 3, 1867. **1868.** Liverpool & London & Globe INSURANCE COMPANY. THIS Company has been in existence Thirty-two years, and during that period has paid Losses amounting to the sum of half a million Pounds Sterling. The disbursement of this enormous sum over a wide area, has without any contribution to the establishment of this Institution, in the confidence of Public Corporations, Merchants, Householders and Business men generally, wherever it is represented. In its 1st year, 1836, the Fire Premiums alone amounted to £ 9,700. In its 10th year, 1845, £ 17,703. In its 20th year, 1856, £ 22,279. In its 30th year, 1866, £ 79,532. On the 31st day of Decr. 1867, £ 815,055. The Fire Reserve Fund is now \$9,282,468. The Company is represented throughout Ontario and Quebec by influential Agents, to whom application for Insurance may be made. G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary, Montreal.

### FUNERALS.

**WILLIAM BROWNLOW, UNDERTAKER,** SHOP, in rear of the WELLINGTON HOTEL, Stone's Store, and fronting the Fair Ground. The subscriber intimates that he is prepared to attend **FUNERALS** As usual in Town and Country. Coffins always on hand and made to order on the shortest notice. Terms very moderate. Guelph, March 29, 1868. WM. BROWNLOW. d.w.v.

### CHEAP Photographs

**W. BURGESS** BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public of Guelph and surrounding country that he has received a large lot of **FRAMES** suitable for **Christmas Presents, REDUCED PRICES.** Parties wishing to make presents of Photographs to their friends should call at once. All kinds furnished in the first style of the art. Gallery above John A. Wood's Grocery Store. Guelph, 18th December, 1867. W. BURGESS.

### TROTTER & GRAHAM, DENTISTS!

**GUELPH and BRAMPTON.** Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario. (Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.) OFFICE: Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store. REFERENCES.—Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker, Hulse, Guelph; A. F. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. Pattullo, M. M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold Brampton. Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel's Dist. Dr. Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital. The new anesthetic agents used for extracting teeth and for pain. R. TROTTER, W. K. GRAHAM. Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (d.w.v.)

### Funerals, Funerals!

**NATHAN TOVELL** has to intimate that he is prepared to attend funerals as usual Coffins always on hand. Hearse to hire. His Steam Planing Mill is in constant operation. All kinds of lumber, sashes, doors, blinds, mouldings, &c. He solicits a share of public patronage. Guelph, 27th Aug. 1867. NATHAN TOVELL, Nelson Street.

### Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT.

No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gorton Street. Guelph, July 1st, 1866 (d.w.v.)

### WHO CAN TELL

How Nature Colors the Branch? How Nature Colors the Plum? How Nature Colors the Grape, and Berries of various kinds? The celebrated Portuguese Chemist and Botanist, Professor Esmeraldo, has contributed one of the most useful and valuable discoveries of the age for the benefit of mankind, and known as

### PROFESSOR ESMERALDO'S PELLATITE.

This Pellatite is the Concrete Juice of the Fruit of the Anthesis Preshum, a Brazilian Shrub that grows along the banks of the Amazon River. This fruit and its juice possess the peculiar properties of imparting its color to the Human Hair only, and gives it an elegant, Soft, Glossy, Brown or Black Color, promoting its rapid and luxuriant growth.—It will not stain the skin or clothing. Among Ladies and Gentlemen whose hair is turning or already become grey, the Pellatite stands as

### THE VICTORIA GREY HAIR RESTORERS!

It differs from all others as follows: **The Joyful Side.** It is clean and harmless. It imparts its colour at once. It is free from minerals and chemicals. It softens and glossens the Hair. It is healing to the scalp. It removes Dandruff and Scurf. It combines a Hair Dressing.

**The Melancholy Side.** Other Preparations Are all made of preparations of Lead, Sulphur, Lime, Chemicals and Minerals. They crystallize on the hair and make it stiff and harsh. They stain the skin and clothing. They are filthy—excrescent and cause itching.

WHICH WILL YOU HAVE? WHICH WILL YOU USE? Compare them. Test them and decide. Away with filthy, dangerous Compounds, and use the clean and Harmless Pellatite. At one bound it sweeps the field, and the old fogy crucibles of Minerals are dropped by the public like a red hot iron. Go to your nearest Druggist and ask him to furnish you with the Pellatite. Don't fail to give it a trial, and don't wait until your Hair is destroyed or you are the inmate of a Lunatic Asylum. Go at once. What the People Say: "It does not stain the skin, but colors the Hair immediately." "Professor—My head was sore from other Dyes. Your Pellatite healed my scalp and colored my hair beautifully." "I am delighted with your Pellatite—I will never again use any other wash or dye." "No more lead or sulphur dress for me—your Pellatite is a Botanic Wonder, and no mistake." "It operates like magic." "Enclosed find \$5 for six bottles more. Send immediately." "Your Pellatite leaves my hair soft and smooth. Other dyes made it harsh and brittle." "Since using your Pellatite my head is entirely free from pain and ache."

### PROF. ESMERALDO'S PELLATITE!

is sold by Druggists. Price \$1. Sent to any address on receipt of the price. Send for a pamphlet. **JOS. HAYDOCK, 11 Pine-st.** P. O. Box 5272, New York. Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, to whom all orders should be addressed. For sale by **A. B. PETRIE, Druggist, Market Square, Guelph.** dw-764.

### TORONTO SAFE WORKS.

**J. & J. TAYLOR'S PATENT FIRE PROOF SAFES, Fire & Burglar Proof Combined** The only real security against **FIRE AND BURGLARS!** READER, if you want a reliable safe, purchase none but **TAYLOR'S** Remember the best is the cheapest. We also manufacture every description of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, such as Vault Doors, Locks, &c. &c. Please send for a Price List. Manufacturers, 198 & 200 Passage-St., Toronto. Toronto, April 11, 1868. daw tf

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**STEPHEN BOULT, Architect and Builder,** Has Removed his Workshop and Planing Factory to QUEBEC STREET, (site of the old Congregational Church,) a short distance east of Wyndham Street. Plans, Specifications & Estimates, Supplied, and work superintended in all its branches. **STEPHEN BOULT** having succeeded to the old established Lumber Yard of Thos. McGee Esq, begs a continuance of public patronage. All kinds of Lumber on hand. Prompt attention given to all orders. **Planing Done to Order,** AND ALL KINDS OF **Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds, and Machine Joiners' Work,** Executed with despatch and kept always on hand for the benefit of the public. Guelph, March 19th, 1868. Gmwy

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