

**SEPT.**



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W. C. MILNER, Proprietor.

# CHIGNECTO POST.

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 15.—NO. 16.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1884.

WHOLE NO. 745.

## FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—Nebraska has 250,000 acres planted in forest.

—California produces figs eight inches in circumference.

—The Delaware peach crop this season is the largest since 1875.

—Three hundred men are engaged in killing alligators for the sake of their teeth and hides.

—A pyramid made of 20,000 plates of fruit will be one of the features of the New Orleans Exhibition.

—A dressing of pure tar repeated once a week is strongly recommended as a remedy for shelly and brittle hoofs in horses.

—The farmers of Indiana have entered upon a lively campaign against the lightning-rod who have been infesting that State.

—The potato rot has appeared in some sections of Massachusetts and is causing serious damage. Some fields are already nearly destroyed.

—It is estimated that one hundred tons of Paris green, costing \$50,000, were used in Maine this year for killing potato bugs. One dealer in Portland sold ten tons.

—It is stated that the odor from strips of paper dipped in coal tar will drive rats and mice from the garret, weevils from the granary and lice from the hen house.

—A Maine apple tree, sixty years old, measures five and a half feet in circumference and has branches spreading 36 feet one way and 32 feet in the opposite direction.

—Sharps are out in various sections of the country swindling the unwary. All hands look out how you sign your names to papers either for orders or as a memorandum.

—Landed estates are at present quite a drug in the Scotch market. One week recently eight estates were exposed to auction in Edinburgh, and there was not a bid for one of them.

—Owing to the rapid spread of the cattle plague in Illinois, the owners of infected herds have been notified to maintain a strict quarantine until notice to the contrary is received from the State authorities.

—It is a mistake to keep pieces of stale bread in an earthen jar, as it will surely mold. It should be put into an open dish and covered with a wire cover or coarse muslin. It will then dry and keep sweet till required.

—When a woman boasts that she has spent the leisure of ten years in making tapestry backs for four chairs, it is fair to conclude she has not found the portion of work that belongs to her in this world, and that somebody else is doing it.

—Several horticulturists are turning their attention to improving our native blueberries and blackberries, but so far their success is not very great. They are getting of the catfishes of the garden and so far do not take kindly to pecking.

—The apple crop of Europe, taking it as a whole, will be considerably under that of last year. In Great Britain, owing to cold weather in blossoming time and dry weather in June, there will not be more than half a crop.

—What termed the "bad lands" west of the Missouri River are turning out to be as arid as the Sahara. There are now 40,000 head of stock in that country, valued at \$1,000,000. The country furnishes ample shelter, and not above 2 per cent. of the stock has been lost from all causes.

—Where butter is properly churned, both as to time and temperature, it becomes very tender, and it is then tenacious; but its most desirable state is waxy; when it is moulded into any shape, and may be drawn out a considerable length without breaking. It is then styled gilt-edge.

—Hon. M. H. Cochrane, of Compton, P. Q., owns an extensive sheep ranch in the North-West. He has just finished the season's round-up and reports the last winter's losses very slight and the prospects highly encouraging. He has recently placed some 8,000 Montana sheep on his ranch, and is using Shropshire rams upon them.

—In 1820 two hills of an area of about eight hundred acres, of almost no agricultural value, on the property of Lord Cawdor, in Scotland, were planted with fir and other trees, and after successive thinnings, the sale of which realized large sums, the remainder of the wood was sold off for the sum of \$16,000. The same realized for the wood on this land during the fifty years, stated to be equal per acre to the returns from the best arable land in the country.

—A small piece of resin dipped in the water which is placed in a vessel on a stove, says one who knows, will add a peculiar property to the atmosphere of the room, which will give great relief to persons troubled with a cough. The heat of the water is sufficient to throw off the aroma of the resin, and gives the same relief that is afforded by the combustion of the resin. It is preferable to combustion because the evaporation is more durable. The same resin may be used for weeks.

## The First Lightning-Rod.

The attention of scientific men in Paris was quickly drawn to the method of defence proposed by Franklin, and M. Dalibard, a man of some wealth, undertook to erect the apparatus at his country residence at Marly-la-Ville, some eighteen miles from Paris. The situation of the house was considered to be eminently favorable for the purpose, as the building stood some four hundred feet above the sea. A lofty wooden scaffold, supporting an iron rod an inch in diameter and eighty feet long, was erected in the garden. The rod was finished at the top by a sharp point of bronzed steel, and it terminated at the bottom, five feet above the ground, in a smaller horizontal rod, which ran to a table in a kind of sentry-box, furnished with electrical apparatus. On May 10th, when M. Dalibard was himself absent in Paris, the apparatus having been left temporarily in the charge of an old dragoon named Coiffier, a violent storm drifted over the place, and the old dragoon, who was duly instructed for the emergency, went into the sentry-box and presented a metal key, partly covered with silk, to the termination of the rod, and saw a stream of fire burst forth between the rod and the key. The old man sent for the Prior of Marly, who dwelt close by, to witness and confirm his observation, and then started on horseback to Paris to carry to his master the news of what had occurred. Three days afterwards, that is, on May 13, 1752, M. Dalibard communicated his own account of the incident to a meeting of the Academie des Sciences, and announced that Franklin's views of the identity of the fire of the storm cloud with that of the electrical spark had been thus definitely established. From "Protection against Lightning," in Popular Science Monthly for September.

## Oatmeal Nine Days Old.

I find that oatmeal-porridge is greatly improved by being made some days before it is required, then stored in a closed jar, brought forth and heated for use. The change effected is just that which theoretically may be expected, viz., a softening of the fibrous material, and a sweetening due to the formation of sugar. This sweetening I observed many years ago in some gruel that was partly eaten one night and left standing until next morning, when I thought it tasted sweeter, but to be assured of this I had oatmeal again two nights afterwards, so that it might be tasted under the same conditions of temperature, palate, etc., as at first. The sweetness was still more distinct, but the experiment was carried no further.

I have lately learned that my colleague notion is not absolutely new. A friend who read my Cantor lectures tells me that he has long been accustomed to have seven dishes of porridge in his larder, corresponding to the days of the week, so that next Monday's breakfast was cooked the Monday before, and so on, each being warmed again on the day fixed for its final execution, and each being thus seven days old. He finds the result more digestible than newly-made porridge. The classical nine days old pease-pudding is of similar anticipation, and I find, rather curiously, that nine days is about the limit to which it may be practically kept before mildew-mouldness—insufficiently established to spoil the pudding. I have not yet tried a barrel full of pease-pudding, or moistened pease-meal, closely covered and powerfully pressed down, but hope to do so. From "The Chemistry of Cookery," by W. MATTIEU WILLIAMS, in Popular Science Monthly for September.

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## Blaine, Cleveland, and Hendricks were all school teachers in their early days.

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## A Physiological Check to Population.

If we consider special cases of noted men, the great generals of the world, the commanding statesmen, the distinguished scientists, the celebrated authors—all, in fact, who have become distinguished for superior mental ability—an almost universal result appears: they have either left no descendants, or their families were very small. And, for that matter, we need but look at evidence everywhere surrounding us. We think it will be a general rule that persons constantly exercised in mental labor have few or no children; those of less active minds have larger families; while the largest families belong to those who do not trouble themselves to think at all.

There is abundant reason to believe, then, that such a physiological check to population really exists; and, in its operation, it is not difficult to perceive a rich promise for the future of the human race. For it is in no sense, in its superior phase, a starvation check. Nor does it need any of the violent repression of natural desires exercised in the prudential check. At first sight, it appears as if its tendency must be to constantly place the cultured at a disadvantage in numbers as compared with the dull and ignorant. But this disadvantage is more than counterbalanced by the progress of education and the brain-culture of modern civilization. Thus, the class brain-workers is being continually recruited, despite its lack of fecundity, and we can see indications of an immense future augmentation of this class of the population at the expense of the unthinking, and consequently of the barbaric, and consequently of the population to the progress of civilization, whose efficacy is now but beginning to appear. From "The Problem of Population," by CHARLES MORRIS, in Popular Science Monthly for September.

## Scientific Curiosities.

Gold-beaters, by hammering, can reduce gold leaves so thin that 282,000 must be laid upon each other to produce the thickness of an inch, yet each leaf is so perfect and free from holes that one of them laid on any surface, as in gilding, gives the appearance of solid gold. There are so thin that if formed into a book 1,500 would only occupy the space of a single leaf of common paper; and an octavo volume of an inch thick would have as many pages as the books of a well-stocked library of 1,500 volumes, with 400 pages in each. Still thinner than this is the coating of gold upon the silver wire of what is called gold leaf. Platinum and silver can be drawn in wire much finer than human hair. A grain of blue vitriol or carmine will tinge a gallon of water so that in every drop the color may be perceived. A grain of musk will scent a room for twenty years, and will at that period have lost little of its weight. The carrier's crow smells its food in many miles off. A burning taper uncovered for a single instant, during which it does not lose one-thousandth part of a grain, would fill with light a sphere four miles in diameter, so as to be visible in every part of it. The thread of the silk worm is so small that many of them are twisted together to form our finest sewing thread; but that of the spider is smaller still, for two draughts of it by weight would reach from London to Edinburgh, or 400 miles. In the mill of codfish or salt water in which vegetables have been infused the microscope discovers animalcules of which many thousands together do not equal a grain of sand; and yet nature, with a singular prodigality, has supplied many of these with organs as complete as those of the whale or of the elephant, and their bodies consist of the same substance, or ultimate atoms, as that of man himself. In a single pound of such matter there are more living creatures than of human beings on the face of the globe.

## Verdict For Defendant.

"George," said his wife, with a countenance more in sorrow than in anger, "George, some one has cut down my favorite cherry tree. Do you know anything about it?"

Young Washington did not quail before his father's accusing glance. He looked him straight in the face, and with an expression of honest resolution gleamed in the clear eyes and countenance.

"My father," he said, "I will not deceive you. I do know something about it, but that is not the issue at all. You have, in effect, charged me with being privy to the destruction of your favorite tree. Now, the question is, since you have filed information and laid this charge against me, what do you know about it?"

"I know that you have a hatchet," replied his father sternly. "I know what a boy with a hatchet is liable to do. I know that some one has cut down my favorite cherry tree—'Stop right there,' interrupted the father, 'what do you know about it?'"

"You say this was your tree?" "I do."

"How came it yours?" "I planted it."

"Now, sir, are you certain it was not on this farm before you came here?"

"No, sir, it was not."

"Then why did you say so?" "Why did I say what?"

"That's right; evade, quibble, crawl out of it somehow. All right, if you don't want to answer a fair, plain, simple question you don't have to."

"But I didn't say it was on the farm when I came here."

"Oh, very well, deny it. Is there any other retraction you would like to make?"

"I don't retract anything. I merely declare that I never said that tree was on the farm when I came here."

"Oh, well, father, don't get excited and talk loud. You may go back on your own entire statement, if you wish. Perhaps you will not try to make us believe that this farm wasn't here, either, when you came."

"Why, of course it was here. I don't."

"Didn't you say a moment ago that it was?"

"That was the tree!"

"Ah, yes, you turn it off on the tree now. You've been talking about the tree all this time, then?"

"Why, certainly I have."

"Then you just admitted that it was here when you came here?"

"No, my son; that was the farm."

"But not half a dozen questions ago you admitted that. You said in these very words, 'Why, of course it was here; deny it.'"

"I said those words, but I was speaking of the farm."

"And yet you said but this very moment that all this time you have been talking about the tree. It is useless to continue this examination. My father, of all human beings living in the place of the one you are talking of, is the most sensible; it leads us to distort and exaggerate simple statements of fact; it blurs our powers of intelligent observation, until even a man of ordinary scholarship and intellectual development is unable to tell whether he is talking about a farm or a cherry tree. The complaint is dismissed. I doubt very much if you can ever establish the fact that you ever owned a tree. Go to the nursery, and if you intend planting a tree in the place of the one you imagine you have lost, you had better take a man with you to show you the ground lost you might plant the new tree that if he had a hundred boys he wouldn't let another one of them study law.—Burdette.

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SACKVILLE, N. B., SEPT. 4, 1884.

## BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

The British Association for the Advancement of Science has met for the first time in the fifty years of its existence outside of the British Islands. The meeting at Montreal is an indication of the advancement of a closer intimacy between the Mother Country and her offspring, and as Lord Lansdowne pointed out at the opening, is quite consistent with the design of the founders of the Association, whose object included the promotion of intercourse between scientists in all parts of the British Empire. The service which may be rendered to the cause of Science is only part of the good which must result from the present meeting. The presence within our borders of nearly a thousand of the most famous men of the age in every department of knowledge, will be of incalculable benefit in making the resources and attainments of the Dominion understood and appreciated, and in refuting and correcting the slanders and misrepresentations which have been so industriously circulated. These men will be able to see for themselves the extent and fertility of the country, and they will be in a position to form a correct estimate of the loyalty and prosperity of our people. Before the meeting of the Association a number of its members had visited the Rocky Mountains and returned with their most sanguine expectations more than realized. Other excursions have been definitely arranged to Quebec, Lacine Rapids, Toronto, Ottawa, the Rocky Mountains and various other places, and our visitors will have an opportunity of taking at least a hasty glance at many of the most striking features of the Dominion before returning to their homes. They will see the country under favorable circumstances and they will be able to correct the personal observation of the stories of blue ruin and disaster which have been so injurious to the interests of Canada. Those who visit our North-West will see flourishing farms and abundant harvests in those districts which have been described as utterly worthless; they will see prosperous and contented husbandmen where they might naturally expect to find a people groaning under a grievous burden of oppression and ready at any moment to break into open rebellion, and they will find the towns and villages with all the requirements of modern civilization where but a few years ago there was nothing but unbroken prairie. In the older provinces they will find pleasing and diversified scenery, rich farms, busy manufacturing, and a thriving, energetic and industrious people; and they will see but little trace of the depression, stagnation and failures of which they may have heard so much from certain sources. They will find the industrial and commercial life of the Dominion comparing favorably in every respect with the same classes in the Mother Country; they will see that thousands of good homes are awaiting the industrious immigrant, and best of all, they will not hesitate to make known what they have discovered in a manner that cannot fail to be beneficial to Canada.

American politics are in a state that might well puzzle the proverbial Philadelphia lawyer. In addition to the regular Republican and Democratic candidates, Ex-Governor St. John is running on the Prohibition ticket and Ben Butler has got himself put into the field as Greenback and Anti-Monopoly candidate. There is every reason to suppose that Butler has really come out in Blaine's interests. The Hon. Mr. Chandler, Secretary of the Navy, recently had a couple of very suspicious interviews with Butler in the course of the trip in which the "Tallapoosa" got lost, and immediately afterwards Butler announced his acceptance of the candidacy. It is beginning to appear, however, that Butler's course will in reality help Cleveland and correspondingly damage Blaine. For some little time after Cleveland's nomination his election appeared to be pretty well a foregone conclusion, when up popped the Maria Halpin scandal and threw a somewhat "stygian hue" upon his rosy prospects. The scandal was set afloat, however, a little too soon for its effect will be considerably impaired by the time the election takes place, especially in view of the fact that if Cleveland is bad in one respect, Blaine is bad in a great many more. There are doubtless a good many conscientious men who will feel unable to vote for either Blaine or Cleveland. These will either abstain from voting or will vote for St. John, the Prohibition candidate, who is a man of the highest integrity and represents a great moral question. He will undoubtedly poll a very large popular vote, but will scarcely succeed in carrying any State with the possible exception of Kansas. His candidacy will damage Blaine very much more than Cleveland, inasmuch as moral reformers who have the courage of their convictions are mainly to be expected from among the Republican ranks. Upon the whole, while St. John and Butler will greatly complicate the canvass, the Presidency will fall either to Blaine or Cleveland, with the chances, we think, in favor of the latter.

The deposits in the Postal Savings Bank for July amounted to \$732,575, or \$104,575 more than the June deposits. The balance to the credit of depositors at the end of July was \$13,483,968, an increase of \$1,392,534 over the balance at the end of the corresponding month last year.

## ST. JOHN BUSINESS.

A recent number of the St. John Globe invited Sir Leonard Tilley, with a good deal of gusto, to visit the various factories of St. John, inspect the tall chimneys, witness the fires blown out, machinery stopped, hands unemployed, &c., &c. It is evident that St. John is experiencing a period of very hard times; it is also evident that papers like the Globe relish the hard times with immense satisfaction, as not only proving their own wisdom and foresight but as a knock down argument against Sir Leonard Tilley's commercial theories and policy.

Has not the observant Editor of the Globe noticed that St. John does not possess a monopoly of hard times? Complaints come from all parts of the United States, from England and the Continent. The depression in iron, woolen, cotton and other industries is universal. A hundred cities in the United States have tall chimneys with no fires below them; the Clyde, Leeds, Manchester, Sheffield and other manufacturing districts all complain of hard times, no employment for labor, and distress amongst operatives. Why, not, with as much reason, give Sir Leonard a contract to visit these great centres of trade and industry and depression, home and abroad, invite him to inspect their tall chimneys and call upon him to explain the reason of a collapse of business on the Clyde, or a closing of mills at Lawrence or factories at Lowell?

In addition to widely prevailing depression, St. John has been subjected to three special influences that have been operating to make times hard there. The condition of the English lumber market has most injuriously affected the business of the whole Province, and more particularly St. John, from the fact that lumber is its one great staple export. Next to lumber, St. John is most interested in shipping, and that business has perhaps never proved less profitable than of late. Added to these causes, is the almost total extinction of capital by the St. John fire, from which that city will not recover for many years. The Globe having called upon "Sir Tilley" to correct the evils of a world wide depression as they affect St. John, can now ask him to visit the boom countries and saw mills, and show why he does not get better prices for our lumber in England; to inspect the vacant ship yards, and demand of him "why, under the N. P., are not South American or United States grain freights better?" These are all as pertinent enquiries as the little cheap-clap-trap that the Globe gets off every week about Sir Leonard Tilley and St. John.

There is an undercurrent of uneasiness at present pervading European politics. The French and German papers, for some unknown reason, have of late been attacking England with uncommon ferocity, giving her such a bad name for cowardice, perfidy, &c., that one wonders how she ever came to occupy so commanding a position in the world's history. The English press have so far in the main treated these outbursts with the unmeasured tolerance of conscious strength and rectitude. But it has not been so indifferent to the French operations in China which are drawing forth very severe comments from the British papers, and which will most seriously affect British commercial interests if continued much longer. Germany, too, has been adding to her fustian by her contumacious words. Englishmen are prone to regard themselves as being by divine right sole colonizers of the world at large. This notion has been treated with the most callous disrespect by sundry Germans who have taken possession of a large tract of country in Upper Guinea. While France and Germany are thus somewhat cool towards Great Britain, Russia is declaring herself most friendly towards her old Crimean foe. In all these changes of feeling, however, there is probably nothing to portend anything of a serious nature. There is not a single European power that could at present safely indulge in war.

We take our kerosene lamps so much as a matter of course that we rarely reflect how short a time it is since petroleum was introduced into the household as an illuminating fluid. It has been known and even used to a limited extent for centuries past in Eastern Countries, but it was reserved for America to produce and refine it in large quantities and to secure for it an important place among the world's great articles of commerce. Twenty-five years ago the 28th of August the first oil well was sunk by one Colonel Drake near Titusville, Pennsylvania. It was only 99 feet deep and yielded but of a barrel a day, which sold for 50 cents a barrel. From this trifling yield of between three and four thousand barrels a year the production rapidly advanced till in 1882 it attained its maximum of 31,789,190 barrels. The importance of petroleum to the United States, as an article of commerce, is shown by the fact that last year there were exported, mainly to England and Germany, 500,000,000 gallons, valued at \$4,100,000. Within the past quarter of a century over \$400,000,000 have been invested in oil-producing property, 38,000 wells have been drilled at a cost of \$170,945,000, and oil obtained to the value of \$425,000,000. The oil-trade is not only one of the most satisfactory states. There is an accumulated surplus stock amounting to 41,000,000 barrels, the outcome of an overproduction of from 6,000,000 to 8,000,000 barrels annually. Nevertheless for ten years back about \$10,000,000 has been annually invested in new wells, some of them going down to the enormous depth of nearly 4,000 feet.

The Montreal Witness is publishing a "prophetic symposium" by some of the leading writers and thinkers of the day. The first paper of the series is furnished by the veteran statesman Sir Francis Hincks, and his subject is "The Future of Canada." Sir Francis has been regarded as an Imperialist, but he pronounces Imperial Federation the most impracticable of all the schemes that have been propounded in reference to a change in the political institutions of the Dominion. Objectable as it is, however, he thinks it is, probably, the only change that could be effected without civil war. Annexation he regards as more plausible than independence, which at one time was proposed simply as a means to accomplish annexation and as likely to be more acceptable to Great Britain. Neither of the great parties in Canada have adopted either of these schemes, and the only demand that has been made in the name of the Opposition is the right to negotiate treaties with foreign powers. It is difficult, Sir Francis thinks, to comprehend why the advocates of this right want to accomplish, as they profess to be free traders, and must, therefore, disapprove of the propositions that have been made to grant special privileges conditional on other nations or the subsisting connection with Great Britain. At present Canada is practically independent, while enjoying the protection of the Mother Country, and in the opinion of Sir Francis Hincks, "there is not the slightest ground for believing that the subsisting connection with Great Britain is in the least danger of being dissolved."

That we should ever know any thing about the structure and even the constituent elements of the sun is something our forefathers would have regarded as beyond measure absurd. By means of improved instruments, however, he has of late years been brought within speaking distance, and we can study him as if only 200,000 miles away instead of 93,000,000 of miles. Some of the results of the study of Langley have been given in the "Century" for September, discussing first the Photosphere or luminous surface of the sun, which is composed of vapor, and the spots with which that surface is generally decorated. These spots are regarded as giant whirlpools sucking down the partially cooled surface into the interior to be heated and sent up again. A regular process of circulation is therefore constantly going on with a velocity and force which the imagination is wholly unable to grasp. A fine chronological antithesis to Prof. Langley's article is formed by Mr. Stillman's "On the Track of Ulysses," which takes us back nearly three thousand years from the present to trace the wanderings of the great Greek hero. "From Coventry to Chester on Wheels" gives us some pleasant sketches of English scenery as seen by a "tricyclist." Mr. R. M. Johnston contributes what is probably the worst of the uniform bad stories. Why both the "Century" and the "Argosy" print such utter nonsense must remain a mystery. Very readable is the sketch of the distinguished Frenchman Littré, though, judging by the portrait attached, he was very far indeed from being noted for his personal charms.

Excursion tickets at one fare are now issued every Saturday from a number of booking stations on the I. C. R. to Parrsboro, good to return on the following Monday, and this opportunity of enjoying a pleasant trip at a moderate cost appears to be daily appreciated. Sackville, unfortunately, is not included among the favored stations, but this is evidently an oversight which we trust will be corrected. The beautiful scenery of Parrsboro, Pointe St. Pierre, and the fine views which may be obtained of Cape Blomidon, Cape Split and other points of interest would, doubtless, attract many visitors from this section if excursion rates were granted. More than this, it is currently reported that the operation of the Scott Act is not the same in Parrsboro as it is in Sackville, and it is quite possible that some of our people might wish to make a personal investigation of the matter. Will the Chief Superintendent kindly direct that Sackville be added to the list of excursion stations?

The Halifax Herald opposes the idea of allowing Mr. Pipes to take the Attorney-Generalship without a contest, and reminds the Post that there are other men who can do much more for the Joggins Railway as Mr. Pipes. Perhaps so, but it seems from the Herald, they cannot be found in the Conservative ranks—that is if the Herald is an authority—for it has shown no friendship for the project, but, on the contrary, last winter stirred up all the opposition it could and endeavored to render the efforts of the promoters (including Mr. Pipes) entirely futile. We regret to see the origin of the party lend itself to a course of factious obstruction to a most important public undertaking, and the result is that the promoters, nearly all of whom are Conservatives, are forced to look out for their own party, but to the neglect of the interests of the Grit Government for assistance.

The Pall Mall Gazette says there is not the slightest foundation for the report that China wishes to come to an agreement with France. The Chinese consider the Foo Choo affair an act of treachery on the part of Admiral Courbet, who took advantage of the permission accorded the warships of friendly powers to enter Chinese ports. The barbarity of continuing his fire hours after the Chinese vessels had ceased is the cause for intense excitement against Europeans.

## On the Clyde.

Yachting Cruise—Sights and Scenery—Politics—Depression in England.

Four of us went for a yachting cruise on the Clyde and West of Scotland. We were accompanied by a good sea-boss and provided ourselves with chart and compass. You will see our course by the small map. We saw most of the very picturesque part of Scotland—the West Coast and Highlands. We took canned provisions and made our coffee and soup on board, as we had a stove in the fore-cabin. We were very careful and watchful, and happily came off without the slightest accident. We sailed all day and at ten at night, when we anchored in a bay or harbor along the coast. We had a variety of boats, and were in great luck. We fished and collected a great many specimens of Natural History, saw sharks, among which were some large "hammer-heads," porpoises, in abundance and a few whales. We had the rare treat in Bute Sound of seeing a right whale breaching the surface of the water. The sword-fish goes under the whale, attacking its belly with sword, and then thrusts his long, sharp, pointed snout into the whale's mouth, and then, as the whale's back with a thump which can be felt a mile off, he strikes the whale, and how the affray ended, as we were suddenly along at a good rate and soon left the combatants astern. We saw hundreds of yachts of all descriptions, and carrying an immense press of canvas. Every family that can afford it keeps a yacht, as the city people both of Scotland and England. There are very many splendid houses among them. At the head of the famous Firth of Clyde we did not loch out, as Robert Stephenson, the great engineer. The scenery on the lochs is wonderful, especially in the evening when the sunset tints the sky and the lochs. Sailing down the Firth of Clyde we could see away behind us the high tops of Ben Lomond and Ben Yoidich, while in front lay the island of Arran and beyond it in the haze appeared the peaks of Mull of Galloway. 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## Corsets! Corsets! Corsets!

The Largest and Cheapest Stock in Amherst.

The Famous Coiled Wire Corset, very low.

HOOP SKIRTS &amp; BUSTLES.

Warren's Health Corset.

W.D. MAIN CO.

Douglas Block, Amherst, N. S.

New, Stylish, Perfect Fitting Clothing!

## OUR CLOTHING IS

MANUFACTURED from the very best of All-Wool Cloths, Cut and Made in the Latest Styles, superior to the most Custom Made, and offered at the following Low Prices:

Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... \$4.95
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 5.75
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 6.75
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 7.50
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 8.50
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 10.00
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 12.00
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 14.00
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 16.00
Men's Union Tweed Suits	..... 18.00

MEN'S BLACK DRESS SUITS TO FIT BIG, FAT MEN; TALL, SLIM MEN; SMALL MEN; MEDIUM SIZED MEN.

Boys! Boys! Boys!

Boys' All-Wool Tweed Suits; Boys' Blue Serge Suits; Boys' Navy Blue Suits; Boys' Knickerbocker Suits; Boys' Suits, Boys' Fitted, Boys' Suits.

We can fit any boy from 3 years old up by having the breast measure, waist measure, length of sleeve and leg. We purchased at a Bankrupt Sale a quantity of TATS and VESTS at a very Great Bargain and are offering the public the benefit of it for cash.

Men's and Boys' All-Wool Vest.....\$0.50  
Men's and Boys' All-Wool Pants.....1.25  
Tats and Vests to match.....1.25

WE KEEP A LARGE VARIETY OF PATTERNS AND STYLES AND ARE PLEASED TO SHOW OUR GOODS.

ETTER &amp; PUGSLEY,

Corner Victoria and Havelock Streets, Amherst, N. S.

Spring Stock Complete, NEW MUSIC BOOKS.

20 Cases Dry Goods, CONTAINING

Black and Colored Cashmere, Black and Colored Persian Cord; Black Taffeta, Col'd Lingerie; Flannel Lingerie, Flannel Sateen; Black Brilliantine, Victoria Crapes; Black Broadcloth Lingerie; Oatmeal Cloth, in Pink, Blue &amp; Cream; Gloves for Ladies, Misses and Children; Fringes and Laces, Buttons, Corsets; Window Curtains, Hostess; An endless Variety of Small Wares; 28 Pieces Oxford Shirtings; 400 " English Prints and Cambrics; 100 " Grey Cottons; 100 " Tickings; 100 " Gingham; 100 " All-Wool Carpet; 100 " Duck Carpet; 100 " Ducks and Demins.

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

35 Dozen White and Regatta Shirts; 30 " Linen Collars, 4 Ply; 40 " Dozen of Gent's Tie; 10 " Dozen Silk Handkerchiefs; 20 " Dozen of Gent's Tie; 15 " Real Undergar and Merino Undergar; 20 " Balbriggan and Merino Socks; Umbrellas from 50c. to \$6.

Hats. Hats.

8 Cases American Hats; 10 Cases Canadian Hats; The Best Assortment in Sackville.

Hardware. Hardware.

TO BUILDERS.

100 Kegs Nails; 2 Tons Dry Paper; 100 Tons Tarred Paper; 2 Casks Zinc; 2 Bbls. Putty; 3 Bbls. Roofing Putty; 10 Casks Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil; 1 " Spirit Turpentine; 2 Tons White Lead-Brandman's and other makes; 1 Ton Colored Paints; 75 Boxes Glass- to arrive; 40 Dozen Mortar and other Locks; 40 " Door Knobs; 40 " Hinges- all kinds.

We keep a full line of Sheet Hard ware. All the above Goods will be sold at prices that defy competition.

EARTHEN AND GLASS WARE.

DINNER SETS, CHINA TEA SETS, COLO'D TEA SETS.

In all the most complete line of the above Goods in the place.

J. E. HICKEY.

Sackville, June 4, 1884.

DOWN TOWN VARIETY STORE.

NEW GOODS!

DRY GOODS,

Croceryware, Glassware,

Earthenware, Hats &amp; Caps, Boots &amp; Shoes, &amp;c.

FULL STOCK OF

Choice Groceries,

Flour and Meal,

Choice Confectionery, &amp;c.

Bargains! Bargains!

C. W. KNAPP.

BRANDMAN'S

White and Colored Paints,

Raw Boiled Oil.

A full Stock just received, and for sale very low by

M. Wood &amp; Sons,

June 25th

## Advertisements this Day.

For "Property for Sale or Let," see fourth page. "Business Cards" on first page.

First Fall Importations.....J. Wood  
Patent Mill Cases.....J. W. Barnes & Co  
New Goods.....J. W. Barnes & Co  
Book Lost.....R. C. Bonall  
W. C. P. Alliance.....A. M. Hubby  
Tee Meeting.....Mrs. W. Bonall

Special Locals.

For Sale—A quantity of Cord-Wood, E. Chase, Westcott. 11

Wanted—Two tons of Butter for which I will pay cash.—J. A. McQueen. 11

Herring—Just received: Bay Herring, in barrels and half barrels.—Ed. Read. 11

Why have your Sakers dull when you can get them sharpened for 5c, small, 10c, large?—Wm. Knight. 11

To Ladies and House-keepers.—Sakers sharpened at the Sackville Hair Dressing Saloon.—Wm. Knight. 11

Sample of Excellent Salt Bluing sent free to any address. Write to C. G. Brown &amp; Co., Manufacturers, 74 Germain St., St. John, N. B. 11

Salesmen Wanted.—Active and respectable. Enclose 6c, stamps for particulars, London Rubber Printing Co., 45 King St., St. John, N. B., W. B. DeTours, 3c. 11

The Roads.—To Delinquents.—Parties who have not performed Statute Labor are required to pay the amounts due or they will be put in prison for collection.—J. T. Carter, Commissioner. 11

To Let—1 Front Store, 75c per week; 1 Side Store, 50c per week; 2 side per week. Apply to J. A. McQueen, 11

A Girl of Haverhill, Mass., resigned her place in the Haverhill Academy because she lost twenty-eight pounds of flesh in two months and couldn't afford to sacrifice any more. The school was closed for a week. 11

All the trees along the railroads by which the Czar will proceed to Warsaw are to be cut down, and a general war is being made for secret mines which may have been laid by Nicholas. 11

Richard S. Storr, professor of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Hartford, Conn., and well known literary, killed himself on Saturday while suffering from mental depression. 11

Despatches from various parts of the Empire, Vermont and Connecticut, report heavy frosts. The crops were damaged in many places. In the vicinity of New York, corn and buckwheat were damaged. 11

At Sackville, Pa., Monday morning, Peter Seaworth's baby daughter-in-law, Mrs. Seaworth, died of a fever. She had been ill for several days. 11

The Canadian Government, replying to the memorial of the ranch-owners of the United States, asking for freedom to export cattle and horses, has refused to grant the request, as there would be a risk of introducing disease. 11

War, famine and pestilence all combined to produce the dire consequences to a nation which result from the outbreak of the Russo-Turkish war. 11

A frost last week caused great damage to corn and buckwheat in North New England. In many places corn is still in the field, and the frost will prove a total failure. Following the drought the frost will cause serious loss to farmers. 11

The Presbyterian Church of Sackville has been holding a church which is to be built at Haverhill during the coming year. The proposed church is to cost \$2,500 and the funds will be free. 11

We offer no apology for frequently calling attention to *Johnson's* *Medicine* for the cure of the various ailments which have been produced. It is a sure cure for dysentery, cholera and cholera morbus. 11

The potato crop in the Annapolis valley will be a comparative failure this season. Many fields were not hoed, owing to the extremely wet weather, and the recent heat has caused a large part of the crop to be struck with the blight. 11

The United States peanut crop, now approaching maturity, is the largest ever gathered in that country. The general estimate places the yield at 3,600,000 bushels, the largest yield in any other year being 3,000,000 bushels in 1881. 11

The Ladies of Little Shamogoe intend holding a tea meeting and refreshment at Oulton's Corner on Wednesday, 24th inst. No pains will be spared to make the affair enjoyable to all. See advt. 11

WANTED.—A notice posted in the post office of a reward of \$500 for the arrest of John J. Mahon, who stole \$20,000 from the Leather Manufacturers National Bank, New York, last month. 11

NOT CORRECT.—The statement made in some of the papers that Messrs. T. &amp; C. Calhoun, who own and operate the steamship, Mammoth, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors, is incorrect. 11

N. B. &amp; P. E. R.—Tracklaying is proceeding as fast as the rails can be procured. Nine car loads arrived yesterday, the engine purchased by the Company is expected to-day or to-morrow. A water tank has been built near Morrice's Pond. 11

BUSINESS CHANGE.—Mr. Charles Pickard has bought Mr. C. A. Bowser's stock and will carry on the business at the same stand. Mr. Pickard has had considerable experience in the dry-goods trade and has excellent prospects of success. 11

Mr. C. A. D. SIDDALL, who for several years past has successfully carried on the blacksmith business at Point de Bate, has purchased the Albert Wells farm at Bristol, and has moved to that place, where he will combine farming with blacksmithing. 11

COLONIAL FOUNDRY.—Messrs. E. Cogswell &amp; Co. have opened an office and sample room in the W. U. Telegraph building. They have recently sold one of their celebrated Charter Oak Ranges for shipment to England, and it is quite possible that this beginning may lead to an extensive trade. 11

I. C. R.—Part of the freestone piers for the new bridge at Humphrey's Crossing are completed, and the foundations for the others have been laid. The superstructure is to be built of steel rails, and the bridge when completed will be very strong and durable.—The work of relaying the track is making good progress, some thirty men being employed. 11

FROM BOSTON.—The crop of hay will be up to the average and is being secured in good condition. Grain on good land will give a good yield, and there are some excellent fields of oats in various parts of the parish. Potatoes will not be more than half a crop. Some of the fields will scarcely be worth digging.—Quite a large quantity of lumber is being cut just now by rotary saw mills. 11

## GENERAL NEWS.

—Another new ship of 1,000 tons is to be launched to-day by the Eatons, of Eatonville. 11

—Six thousand packages of impure and adulterated tea were seized within four weeks at the port of New York. 11

—The English Government has contracted with a Chicago firm for 500,000 pounds of compressed beef for the Egyptian relief expedition. 11

—It is reported from Washington that another polar expedition will be sent out in the fall of next year, under command of Chief Engineer Melville. 11

—Mary Reilly, of Clinton, P. E. I., drowned herself last week by jumping from the steamer from Point de Chene as it was nearing the wharf at Summerside. 11

—The Indian Arran House, Dalhousie, has 140 guests from the United States and the Province. Dalhousie promises to become a very popular summer resort. 11

—The Montreal Sugar Refinery lost the past year only \$4,000 and \$5,000, which is a good showing considering the general character of the trade the past year. 11

—It is stated on good authority that one Canadian firm has lost \$200,000 in cattle trade in the last three years, and the losses of another are close on to \$100,000. 11

—Another cyclone swept through Dakota on Thursday, blowing down houses, demolishing barns, and killing many people, and leaving a large number of persons. 11

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—The United States peanut crop, now approaching maturity, is the largest ever gathered in that country. The general estimate places the yield at 3,600,000 bushels, the largest yield in any other year being 3,000,000 bushels in 1881. 11

—The Ladies of Little Shamogoe intend holding a tea meeting and refreshment at Oulton's Corner on Wednesday, 24th inst. No pains will be spared to make the affair enjoyable to all. See advt. 11

—WANTED.—A notice posted in the post office of a reward of \$500 for the arrest of John J. Mahon, who stole \$20,000 from the Leather Manufacturers National Bank, New York, last month. 11

—NOT CORRECT.—The statement made in some of the papers that Messrs. T. &amp; C. Calhoun, who own and operate the steamship, Mammoth, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors, is incorrect. 11

—N. B. &amp; P. E. R.—Tracklaying is proceeding as fast as the rails can be procured. Nine car loads arrived yesterday, the engine purchased by the Company is expected to-day or to-morrow. A water tank has been built near Morrice's Pond. 11

—BUSINESS CHANGE.—Mr. Charles Pickard has bought Mr. C. A. Bowser's stock and will carry on the business at the same stand. Mr. Pickard has had considerable experience in the dry-goods trade and has excellent prospects of success. 11

—Mr. C. A. D. SIDDALL, who for several years past has successfully carried on the blacksmith business at Point de Bate, has purchased the Albert Wells farm at Bristol, and has moved to that place, where he will combine farming with blacksmithing. 11

—COLONIAL FOUNDRY.—Messrs. E. Cogswell &amp; Co. have opened an office and sample room in the W. U. Telegraph building. They have recently sold one of their celebrated Charter Oak Ranges for shipment to England, and it is quite possible that this beginning may lead to an extensive trade. 11

—I. C. R.—Part of the freestone piers for the new bridge at Humphrey's Crossing are completed, and the foundations for the others have been laid. The superstructure is to be built of steel rails, and the bridge when completed will be very strong and durable.—The work of relaying the track is making good progress, some thirty men being employed. 11

—FROM BOSTON.—The crop of hay will be up to the average and is being secured in good condition. Grain on good land will give a good yield, and there are some excellent fields of oats in various parts of the parish. Potatoes will not be more than half a crop. Some of the fields will scarcely be worth digging.—Quite a large quantity of lumber is being cut just now by rotary saw mills. 11

## GENERAL NEWS.

—The Alma House, Summerside, P. E. I., is in course of construction for 102 years, and is estimated to cost \$5,000,000. 11

—It is estimated that the Gordon relief expedition will cost \$5,000,000. 11

—The British of New York State had a family present last week there were 3,000 of them present. 11

—There are 94,000 white and 423,000 colored Baptists in the Southern States, total, 1,741,000. 11

—Catholic church in the City of Mexico has been in course of construction for 102 years, and is estimated to cost \$5,000,000. 11

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## Odds and Ends.

An action for breach of promise the other day in England the defendant's counsel asked the fair plaintiff, "Did my client enter into a positive agreement to marry you?" "Well not exactly," she replied, "but he courted me a good deal, and told my sister he intended to marry into our family."

"George, dear," said a very young wife to her husband, "I've had a talk with the servants this morning, and have agreed to raise their wages. They said everything was so dear; rent so high, and meat and butter and things had risen to such a fearful price—that everything considered, especially as you have often said the same yourself—I thought it was but reasonable, you know."

The Rev. Mr. Symthes has been told that it is the custom to honor the families of the inmates in the lunatic asylum. Inmate—Great murder at Chicago was a very sad affair, wasn't it? Mr. S.—Yes, indeed; very. Inmate—Hayes was assassinated at Cincinnati, was he not? Mr. S.—Yes. Inmate—And was not Queen Victoria murdered in her palace? Mr. S.—I believe so. Inmate—Well, your dress looks like a minister, but you're the worst liar I ever talked with.

A colored preacher in New York, who was very popular, and who had overflowing audiences, was suddenly called upon to arrange his congregation, a little more to the satisfaction of those in the rear. He did so at once by saying: "My dear brethren, for mutual convenience, do fore part ob de church will please accommodate themselves and others by sitting down; so de hind part ob de church can see de fore part; for de hind part can't see de fore part ob de fore part persist in stan' in de hind part, to the utter exclusion ob de hind part by de fore part." Nothing could be more lucid.

## The Cheapest Place to Buy Watches, Jewelry, &amp;c.

D. R. McELMON'S.



NEW STOCK Waltham Watches

In Key and Stem Winding, Open Face and Hunting Cases, Gold or Silver.

The Pat. Screw Bent Cases Ladies' Gold and Silver Watches

A Large Assortment of Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Comprising Long and Short Sight, Double Vision, &c., in Rubber, Steel, and Gold Frames, and from the latest styles.

Special care taken to properly fit the eye, and any kind of Glass fitted to order.

Our Watch Repairing Department is equal to any in the Province, and will GUARANTEE work to be correctly done and proper material used for the purpose. Twenty years' experience has enabled me to know what to buy and how to buy, so I can recommend what I sell, and sell it at the lowest possible prices. Call and inspect at any time.

Silver-Ware of all kinds, Fine Gold Jewelry, on hand and made to order, cheap.

Upper Sackville.

NEW DEPARTURE.

NEW GOODS.

NOTWITHSTANDING the exodus from Upper Sackville, the subscriber offers for sale cheap, for Cash or Produce, the following New Goods:

1 Case Milk-Pans, Cream and Butter Crocks, 1 and 1/2 Gal. Jars; Good Assorted General Groceries; 5 Dozen Brooms, 3 Dozen Pails; 3 Wash-Basins, 2 Boxes Soap; 2 Bags Timoth, 200 lbs. Clover Seed, a choice assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds; 1 Bbl. Fried Apples; 20 Bags Liverpool Salt; 1 Bbl. Cider and White Wine Vinegar; 25 Branches Cotton Warp.

And other articles usually found in a Country Store.

Wanted—Eggs and Butter, for which part Cash will be paid if required.

GEO. A. READ,

UPPER SACKVILLE.

MILLINERY.

MRS. C. H. BENT wishes to inform her numerous friends and the public that she is prepared to do

All kinds of Millinery.

Having secured the services of Miss McKays, of St. John, N. B., for this department, whose long and varied experience we feel assured will give satisfaction. In addition to her large and complete Stock she is daily receiving

NEW GOODS

OF THE LATEST STYLES IN

Plain and Fancy Straw, Chip and Tape.

Also Trimmings of the Latest Designs. She wishes to further inform her patrons that she has added to her assortment of Ladies' and Children's Underwear, and at prices to suit the times. Styles is collected at the Old Stand formerly occupied by Mrs. Barnes.

MRS. C. H. BENT,

AMHERST, N. S.

866

Portland, Maine.

## Summer Millinery! Reduced Prices!

THE SUBSCRIBER IS SELLING

The Balance of her Stock of Summer Millinery

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

JUST RECEIVED:

A Splendid Assortment of WOOL SHAWLS

Which are being Sold at Very Low Figures.

MRS. DAVID DOUGLAS.

Amherst, July 29, 1884.



—A colored preacher in New York, who was very popular, and who had overflowing audiences, was suddenly called upon to arrange his congregation, a little more to the satisfaction of those in the rear. He did so at once by saying: "My dear brethren, for mutual convenience, do fore part ob de church will please accommodate themselves and others by sitting down; so de hind part ob de church can see de fore part; for de hind part can't see de fore part ob de fore part persist in stan' in de hind part, to the utter exclusion ob de hind part by de fore part." Nothing could be more lucid.

GENTLEMEN—PERMIT US TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE SUPPLY EVERY REQUISITE FOR A GENTLEMAN'S TOILET, FROM A COLLAR BUTTON TO AN ULSTER, OVERCOATS, COATS, WAISTCOATS, PANTS, TROUSERS, CRAVATS, COLLARS, GLOVES, CIGARETTES, GUINNESS, WHISKY, &c. WE WATCH OUR CUSTOMERS' INTERESTS, AND THEREBY SERVE OUR OWN.

Dunlap, MacDonald & Co.

AMHERST, N. S.

CHIGNECTO POST

JOB PRINTING

DEPARTMENT.

HAVING added to our already well equipped Job Printing Department some of the latest Designs in Printing Materials, we are now prepared to execute in the best style of the Art

Business Cards, School Rate Bills, Letter-Head Cards, Hand Bills, Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Note Heads, Memorandums, Statements, Envelopes, Shipping Tags, Bills of Lading, Tickets, Ball Invitations, Programs, Book Printing, &c.

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## SOUTHAMPTON WOOLLEN MILLS

THESE FIRST-CLASS MILLS are now in full blast, and to fully meet the requirements of the trade and to prevent delay that have heretofore occurred in filling orders and supplying the wants of customers, we are arranging to work the Factory extra time, which with some improvements contemplated will double our producing capacity.

In order to supply the demand of our constantly increasing patronage we have manufactured and have on hand a great variety and different styles of

Homespun, Tweeds, Flannels, Women's Dress Goods, &c.

Among which are many of the Latest and most Attractive Patterns. We also keep constantly on hand a full supply of different Grades of Yarns. Our Blankets, of which we make a specialty, are acknowledged to be superior to any other manufactured in the Maritime Provinces. Wool taken in exchange for Goods and the highest rates allowed therefor. Special attention given to country customers.

SOUTHAMPTON MFG. COMPANY,

Southampton, Cumberland Co., N. S.

July 22nd

## PORT ELGIN WOOLLEN MILLS

MANUFACTURE

Tweeds, Homespun, Flannels,

Ladies' Ulster Cloths & Yarns,

All Made from Pure Wool, and for Durability and Finish are not

Exceeded by any made in the Lower Provinces.

Wool taken in exchange for Cloth. Orders entrusted will receive prompt return. A Large and Varied Stock on hand. Samples sent on application.

AGENTS: Miles Blackney, Petticoat, Humphrey & Teakles, Sussex, Stewes, Godeau & Steves, Elgin, James A. Keizer, Albert, Samuel J. Calhoun, Hillsboro.

Shipping Address, An Lac Station, I. C. R.

JOHN READ & SONS,

PORT ELGIN, WERTON CO., N. B.

June 3rd

## A MAN

WHO UNDERTAKES TO FIND THE GEOGRAPHY OF HIS COUNTRY

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## Poor Tired Mother.

They were taking of the glory of the land beyond the skies, Of the light and of the gladness to be found in paradise, Of the flowers ever blooming, of the never-ceasing song.

"What a joyful thing 'twould be to know that when this life is o'er One would straightway hear a welcome from the blessed shining shore!" And Isabel, our eldest girl, glanced upward from the road

And Marian, the next in age, a moment dropped her book, and murmured, "Yes, indeed! But mother, gray-haired mother, who had with a patient smile on her face, leaned lightly on her broom—

Wool taken in exchange for Cloth. Orders entrusted will receive prompt return. A Large and Varied Stock on hand. Samples sent on application.

AGENTS: Miles Blackney, Petticoat, Humphrey & Teakles, Sussex, Stewes, Godeau & Steves, Elgin, James A. Keizer, Albert, Samuel J. Calhoun, Hillsboro.

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## Ruth glanced at the flushed face of

hysterical, and promptly changed the subject. "It is almost time to hear from our venture."

"It's the best thing we ever did; I can't help feeling hopeful," said Alice. "If we do get the prize we must do something for mother; she looks pale and hasn't any appetite."

"We'll take her to some high place of low price, where she can eat dinners of other people's cooking, and where we can wear mountain dresses and take long tramps."