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# McGifb FORTNIGHTby 

A Fortnightly Journal of :iterature, University Thought and Event.

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-EDITORIAL BOAROO

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## EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

## CHRISTMAS GRI:I:TINGS

King out, wild bells, to the wild sky, The flying cload, the frosty light: The jear is dying in the night; Ring cat, wild bells, atul let him dic-

Ring oat the old, riug in the new: Ring, lapppy bells, across the snow: The gear is going, let him go:
Ring out the false, ring in the true.
Christmas time has come again with all its hallowed associations. Pleasant thoughts of the home far away Alt through the mind, and bring a bright gleam to the ege of the weary student. Visions of roast goose and its accompanying plum.pudding loring a smile to his fact as w.ids eager heart he shuts up his books and sets out on a wellearned vacatiou. Examimations are past, and an opportunity is given for needed relaxation and preparation for the final struggle in the spring.

Christmas, of all seasons of the year, is the time when a man is preemimently at peace with himself and all
tine world. It takes us back eighteen ecnturies and more to an event of momentous importance in the world's, history, graced by the Augels" soug of " Peace on earth, goorlwill toward man."

It signalizes the death of the Old and the birth of the New. In evcry nation, Christian and otherwise, Chistmas is the cime of universal festivity and joy: The loolly, the mistletce, the yule-log, and the carols, all are jinks leetween the present and the past. The bells from their joyous throats sing a song of peace and happiness which rolls in a harmonious flood over the length and loreadth of the land. To Canadians, Christmas is above all the time for pleasure. What a delight it is to biad on the snowsioce and take a run over the crisp snow that sparkles like diamonds in the moonlight! With What a throb of exultation does the blood leap in our veins as the rapid sleigh, with its tuneful bells, glides orer the snow, and we draw in the keen, lifegiving air ! No wonder a Canadian loves his winter: it brings happiness and rosy health to every cheek. Let us then cujoy our holiday to the best of our ability, and may peace and good-will le the lot of all of us. The Fortnightir wishes everyone a "Merry Christmas" and a "Mappy New Year."

## THE UNION CLUB.

When the subject of a Union Club for McGill was first broached in our columns 2 few weeks ago, there seemed to be little prospect of its realization at any time in the sear future. When we thought of the deliberation with which the promoters of the University Song Book, and, we might add, the University pin, had proceeded, it did not at first sight appear likely that so serious an undertaking as the formation of a Union Club should, during the present session at least, advance beyord the stage of discussion. In all this, however, we have been agrecably disappointed. It seems as if there were a latent desire on the part of the undergraduates for some such institution, and the mere suggestion enabled them to realize how deeply the want of a common meeting.place for the students of the different faculties was felt.

Our readers will have noted with pleasure the communication in our last issue, from the Executive Cotnmittee of the University Glee and Banjo Club, in which they announce their intention of devoting the proceeds of their Christmas tour to the proposed Union. This action on the part of the Glee Club gives them a new
claim upon the support of their friends, which graduates and undergraduates alike will not be slow to acknowledge. The amouncement is particularly welcome, as an indication that the students are in earnest, and that the question of a (inion Club) has, as the statesmen say, come within the range of practical politics. Other evidence is not wanting of the strong undercurrent of fecling whicl:as we leliete, prevails among the sttodents of the different licadies. At the Medical dimer, two at least of the ricakers strongly supporied the schene, and the wartath with which their remarks were received showed law completely they had enlisted the sympathies of ticir audience.

The advantages of a Union Clubare so well maderstool, that it hard!y secms necessary just now to discuss then at any length. Wetrust that many whoare suow andersraduates may have an opportunity of experiencing them before they have finished their courses: Men who can look forward to only a few more months of lite in McGill are by no means the less cuthusiastic on tiat account. They believe that, as Dr. Adaini has pointed out, the proposed Union will ultimately be of incalculable benefit, not only to the University; but to the country at large, and that anything they can do to forward it is worthy of their best efforts.

Other universities with smaller opportumities than MeGill are making strenuous efforts towards a similar end. The following clipping from the Modical News speaks for its:1t:
"The movement for establisining a students' union at Quee:'s Coliege Melinst, contintes to make satisfactory progress. The gencral subscription list now anounts to f.3.j00: and a committec has been for some time at work organizing a bazair and summer fair, to be held in the College grounds uext June, in aid of the proposed unions. President Hamilon is pressing forward the movencat be cere meansin hispower, and isreceiving mucil sympathy and support. It is hoped that the total amount realized will not fall short of $£ 6,000$."

It may scem no light matter for the Students of McGill to raisica similar stum, but we have great faith that, once they have shown themselves in earnest, they will not ask in vain for assistance from the graduates and friends of the Einitersity:

We heartily commend the suggestion, that a mass meeting of the undergraduates be held as soon as possible, to take some defmite action. We hope that our readers will put on their thinking caps during vacation, and that with the Niew Year we shall be able to announcea still more sitisfactory prospect.

## FRANCIS PARKMAN, LLID.

On November Sth, iSgs, the eminent historian, Dr. Francis l'arkman, died at his home at Jamaica Plains, agel jo year.

Dr. l'arkman was born at Boston: Spptember 16th, 1823. graduated at Harvard liniversity in 1844, and two years later he travelled the Western plains with a view of studying the manners and characters of the Indians. On his return he pablished his observations
in a series of papers in the Kinickerboiker Mragasine, and subsequently embodied them in a volume under the title of the "Oregon Trail" (1849).

While yet at college, as we are informed by a note in one of his later works, he followed on foot the trail of Rogers the Ranger in lis retreat from Lake Memphremagog to the Connecticut in 1759 , and his subsequent expedition demanded as much courage as endurance; he penetrated what was still the Wild West, as far as the Rocky Mountains, living for months among the Dakotas, as yet untainted in their savage ways by the pale face. The privations of this journey were too much for his vigorous constitution, and left him a partial cripple for iife.

The criticisms on this first publisined volume of the author serve to show the success it achieved. It was said: "He writes with much vivacity and good taste, "and his story has all the air of truth with the attrac"tiveness of fiction; it is one of the few books from "which we can obtain anythin. like accurate inform"ation of the character of the country between the " Mississippi and the Pacific. The volume throughout "is instinct with the spirit of the wild life which it "describes."

This was followed by the Conspirary of Pont.ac, published in 1851 . This is an uncommouly meritcrious work. It gives a more complete and accurate picture of Indian life aud character, and of Indian warfare such as it was a century ago, than had before appeared in print, and it is written with so much spirit anci picturesque effect that it is as entertaining as a nursery tale. We have, in the form of authentic and detailed record, exactly such incidents as make the materials in the most delightiul of Cooper's novels.

His subsequent works may be named in the order of publication as follows:-

France and England in North America.
The Huguenots in Florida, 1865.
Pioneers of France in the New World, 1867.
The Jesuits in North America, 1867.
La Salle and the Discovery of the Great West, 1869.
The Old Régime in Canada, 1874 .
Frontenac and Neu France under Lotiis XIV, 1877.

Montcalm and Wolfe, 1834.
A Half Century of Conflict, 8892.
They form a connected scries, in which, however, a gap remains to be filled. between Frontenac and Wolfe. They have all passed through several editions, and have also been translated into the French and German languages.

This series is known to every student of Canadian history. The collection of the necessary material involved an immense amount of labor. The chief sources werc the archives of France and England, the use of which required repeated visits to those countries. Many documents were also obtained from the rollections of societies and private individuals on both sides of the Atlantic.

Candid and impartial, with an insight into character unclooded by any mists of prejudice, there are few
historical writers who combine such rare gifts as Francis Parkma. If we except Washington Irving and Prescott, there is no American writer who shows greater skill in giving full value to his researches. Firen Motley, though a writer of considerable talent, is not, on the whole, so great a master of his pen as Parkman; indeed the latter pleases, both by what he says and hy an impression which he leaves of saying less than he might say, and by avoiding alike undue emphasis and artificial exaggeration.

His "Montcalm and Wolfe" will take its phace as a master-piece in military history. It is probably the thest account of the most inportant war in our coionial period.

In atdition to the iaportant historieal writings. be furnished mutuerens aticles to magazines, "and in 1850 put forth a movel entitied "linsial Morton." The scenes of the stery are those of recent day's, and in its progresis the reader is presented wi. pictures of life on both sides of the Atlantic.

In $1 S 66$ le pubiisined " The Book oi Kosess;" and it may almost have escaped recollection that during 1875-72 he was Protcssor of Horticulture at Harvard.

He received the degree of IB.A. at Harvard in is.tt. and a few years later that of M.A. ; he was afterwarls made an homorary LL.D., a degree winch had previously been conferred upon him by McGill University and by Williams College of Massachusetts. At the time of his deatil Dr. Parkman was one of the seven members of the Corporation of Harvard University, a position he had held for sixteen years. He was also President of the Massachusctis Historical Society, corresponding nember of the Royal Society of Canada, and
member of most of the historical societies of Canada and the United States, as well as of various learned societics in England, and on the Continent of Europes.

It may be added that during the later years of his life he suffered from a disease of the eyes which made the use of them often impossible and at best precarious ; but such was his eneryy and indomitable perseverance that he worked on at his lifenork in spite of all inpediments.

## THE ROYAI, VIC'IORIA HOSPITAL.

On Saturday, the ist of Decemier, this great monument of generosity was formally oecarel by His Excellency Lord Alverdeen. This event is of importance not merely to the city of Montreal but to Canada at large. The conception of this noble tribute to our gracious Queen, intended to commemorate the jubilee of her illustrious reign, we owe to ford Mount-Stephen and Sir Donald A. Smith, the latter of whom is the Chancellor of our University: To both the ie generoushearted men Montreal is indebted for many solid advantages. McGill University especially owes a debt of gratitude to Sir Domald. which it can only repay by making the most of the great boons which he has conferred upon it. To the University, and more particularly to the Medical Faculty, the completio:i of this Hospital is a matter of vital moment.

It is the proud boast of McGill that the clinical training which ter students receive is unsurpassed on the continent. Apart from the admirable and enthusiastic staff of teachers, much of this is due to the excellent hospitals which are found in Montrcal. Sit-

uated as the city is at the head of ocean mavigation, and at the same time being the largest city of the Dominion, it is to be expected that Montreal would be one of the great medical centres upon the continent. For years back McGill has trained her students at the Gencral Hospital, where there exist great facilities for practical clinical work, this being one of the few hoipitals wheie students have actual charge of cases upon which they have to ieport.

This feature sires at traning of the atmost value When these students go out into practice and it is largely owiny to this that the McGill Medical sehool has won its wide reputation. 'The thorovigh work must tell. Recently the Gencral Hospital lass been enlarged hy the construction of two large wings, intended for the reception of surgical cases. This extension conamins a well-cenupped operating-room and a pathologyical hahoratory. The older part of the building is also to tee remodelled in the mear future. This will enhance its
arreaty great efficie:acy. The Royal Victoria is not intended to eclipse the Geacral by its nore brilliant light, but will amplify its work. An important feature of the new Hospital trom a seientific point of view is the pathological laborators. Neither pains nor money have been sipared to remder this near perfection, and it
 seareh. 'lo a larse degre. bacilite: for this have been lacking umil now. This jaboratory is vary complete and weli ordered, ane is mader the direction of out genial proliesser oi batialogs, Dr. Adanhi. It camnot fail to lutine Medical acience in Montreal, and will sreatly henctit the Medical school of our University. Nieate ghal wion: that the lriacipal of McGill University and the lean of its Medical baculty are members of tixe socraing hody ex officio, while three of our profe siors are unom its visiting stafi, Drs. James Stewart, 'I' G. Korddick and J. G. Adami. The latter also holds the pesition of ${ }^{1}$ :ahologist to the General Hospital.


TIIE MONTREAL GENERAI. HOSPITAI, DORCHESTER STREET-FRONT VIEW.

The advantages of the original research referred to above are obvious, and this is one thing that we should aim at in McGill hereafter. To do this we must have more buildings and increased equipment. We are like Oliver Twist, we " want more." It is a good healthy sign, however. An educational institution like McGill, should it not ask for more, and should it not strive after greater things, is very likely to retrograde. We have not yet reached the stage of perfection in McGill. Much has beell said recently with regard to a six years course, by which a student might attain a degree in Arts in well is liis professional degree, arranging some of the
preliminary medical subjects in an Honor Course in Natural Science in the Faculty of Arts. This is a project that has much to recommend it. but brings us face to face with a great nced, and that is a well-equipped Biological laboratory. Such an institution would be a great boon both to Arts and to Medicine. Toronto University has a good Biological department, and so should we look forward in hope, however, and some day in the near future some of our ideas may be realized.

For the accompanying views we owe our thanks to Dr. R. F. Ruttan of the Medical Faculty, and to Mr. Patton of the Montreal General Hospital.




## CONTRIBUTIONS.

THI: MEDICAI, FACULTY DINNER.

" Jonxl fills the wain and keeps us livin'."
It is said that one of the chief characteristics of the old saxons was their love of eating and drinking. Heredity with its iron law has reproduced this laudable trait in their modern representatives. Even the Medical will at times unbend his brow from a contemplation of the great truths enunciated by Nicias, Galen and Hippocrates, and turn from this feast of reason to another of a more objective and, for the time heing, a more seductive nature. Such was the state of affairs on the 7 th inst., when the Students of the Medical Faculty dined at the St. Lawrence Hall. None ventured to speculate upon the relative proportions of proteids, carbolyydrates and fats in the tempting array of viards that was presented; all were above such sublunary considerations as this. One of our genial Professors has said: "The cook has outstripped the physiologist, if not the chemist also," and we quite agreed with him.

A goodly number of Students and Professors met at the appointed time, and clustered in little groups in the handsome parlors of the Hotel, discussing the weather sind other kindred topics, their immaculate shirt fronts glowing with anticipation. An adjournment was soon made to the dining-hall where lay the field of operation. The tables were tastefully decorated, and an orchestra enlivened the proceedings from time to tine. With unlinited pabulum, with sweet music, with a two liours' limit, what more could a man desire?

Mr. E. J. O'Comnor, of the Final Year, presided, and right well did he do it.

On his right sat Prof. T. Wesley Mills, Mr. Louis Sutherland, Dr. James Bell, Dr. Adami, Dr. Wyatt Johnston, Dr. Armstrong, Ir. Martin, Dr. J. M. Elder and Dr. McCarthy, and on his left Dr. Girdwood, Dr. W'. Gco. Beers, Dr. J. C. Cameron, Mr. A. W. Morris, M.P.P., Dr. Ruttan, Dr. Lafleur and Dr. Wilkins.

Among others present were: Drs. W. E. Deeks, D. J. Scully (of Aspen, Col.), Birkett, Kirkpatrick, Messrs. N. J. McCallum, Toronto University; J. M. Jory, 'Trinity College; J. R. Allan, Queen's College; A. A. Detchman, Dalhousie College, Halifax; S. A. Daudelin, Laval ; and George Fisk, Bishop's College.

Messrs: P. R. Lewis, J. R. Shaw, McDougall and Larmonth represcited respectively the sister faculties of Arts, Comparative Medicine, Law and Applied Science.

The chairman, before toasting "The Queen" said he regretted that Sir William Dawson was not present with them that night. Sir William, in writing his regrets, stated that whilst it would have given him the greatest pleasure to have been present, in doing so he would be acting in open violation of the judgment of leading members of the Medical faculty itself, who enjoined on him great care and avoidance of late
hours for the present winter. He asked them to accept his sincere good wishes and kindly regards, instead of his presence.

The toast of "The Queen" was drunk' with much enthusiasm, and all present united in a hearty rendering of the National Anthem.

Mr. J. E. Robertson, the Secretary of the Dinner Committee, read several letters of regret at inability to be present from The Right Hou. Sir John Thompson, Hon. J. J. Curran, Vice-principal Johuson, Dr. T G. Roddick, Dean Campbell, Dean Bovey, Dean Irent holme, Dean McEachran, Dr. W. F. Hamilton, Mr. R. B. Angus, and others.

Mr. C. G. L. Wolf, B.A., then proposed the toast of "Old McGill." In the course of his remarks he said that McGill well merited the encomiums which had been bestowed upon her was apparent to the most casual observer. Even in the memory of the class of 1894 their Alma Mater had made giant strides. In every department the progress McGill had made would appear incredible to one not acquainted with her methods of advance. Truly had it been an example of foundations wisely laid, sufficient to bear the tests of time and of criticism, and the superstructures thereon erected had been such as to challenge the applause and admiration of the collegiate world. That she had not only gained in the more material sense of brick and stone was almost too well known to bear mention; but it was only right to say that the acquisition she had made in skill, experience and prestige of nuen from other universities had been of the greatest advantage to her. That these gentlemen were helping to make McGill known as the home of untiring and patient research was only evident, and they all looked forward to the day when their Almz Mater would be a centre for original investigations, well worthy of a place beside the oldest universities of Europe and the United States. McGill, in the year which had just gone by, hac been especially fortunate. Two needs had been supplied, of which she long stood in want. By the donations of Sir Donald Smith, Mr. Peter: Redpath and Mr. Molson she had now a home for her books and a place for pathological study.

He also referred to the project on foot for-establishing a Union Club in McGill, which he thought would be productive of great good.
Dr. Mills, who was received with great cheering, made a very happy speech, in the course of which he said that during the two years he had been with them he was proud to know that lie had their sympathy. After speaking of the regret which McGill felt at losing Sir William Dawson, he said that the pride of McGill had been in having such a gentleman with them for so many years. McGill's history showed that she gathered around her great men, and that she had enough life and modern spirit in her to appropriate what is good in other institutions.

He thanked the Students for the great honor they had done him in placing quotations from his works upon the menu card, and jocularly remarked that it was a surprise to have them placed alongside those of such a genius as Shakspeare.

Mr. L. Y. McIntosh next proposed the toast of the "Dean and Professors." He expressed the warin feeling which liad always existed between Students and Professors, and suggested some points which he thought might, in the good time coming, increase the comfort of the classes.

Dr. Girdwood, in the absence of the Dean, replied. He referred to the illness of Dr. Craik, which all would regret.

He hoped that the reputation of the Medical faculty of McGill would be no less prominent in the future than it had been in the past. Through the generosity of some of the Governors; who had placed considerable funds at their disposal, the Professors would be able next year to give to the Students increased accommodation in the way of lecture room and library, and well equipped laboratories for the prosecution of their studies. They also hoped before long to beable to give them a good reading room, and in the time to come to have residences within the College, with a large dining hall, where the Professors could ineet around the social board, not once a year, but often during the season.

Dr. Bell, who also spoke to the toast, was warmly received, and after thanking them for their kindness, said the work of McGill had never been interrupted, and that the best fellowship existed between the Professors and Students. He regretted that the annual dinner was the ouly time in the year that they could meet for social intercourse, but he hoped the time would come when they would meet more frequently.

Mr. W. H. Sinyth, B.A., proposed the health of the "Sister Universities," congratulating Queen's upon having obtained the Dominion Football Championship. He emphasized the cordial feeling existing between the different universities of the country, and expressed the hope that in the future a system of Intercollegiate games would be established, as this would do mus in to increase this fellow feeling. This was responded to by Messrs. N. J. McCallum, Toronto ; J. M. Jory, Trinity ; J. R. Allen, Queen's ; A. A. Detchman, Dalhousie ; Geo. Fisk, Bishop's; and S. A. Daudelin, Laval.

The toast of "Class ' $9+$ " was proposed by Mr. J. H. Gleason, and responded to by Mr. A. Bazin; and that of "The Freshmen," pruposed by Dr. Elder, was re sponded to by Mr. W. Gesner Allan.

During the evening, songs were rendered by Messrs. Scott, H. M. Kinghorn, BA., and F. M. Fry, B.A., which were very well received.

The song rendered by Mr. Scott was a clever parody of "The Man in the Moon" by Mr. W. M. Mackerracher, and has beell sung with great eclat before.
The success of the Dinner was due to the following Committee:-

## Officers.

President-E. J. O'Connor.<br>rst Vice-President-A. T. Shillington:<br>and Vice-President-E. M. Sau̇nders.<br>Hon. Chairman-G. P. Girdwood, M.D.<br>" Secretary-J. C. Cameron, M.D.<br>* Treasurer-J. G. Adami, M.D.

Membris.
Hon. Member--H. S. Birkett, M.D.
Chairman-A. J. Richardson.
Sec.-J. E. Robertson.
Treas.-A. G. Allan, W. T. Scott, W. R. Ferguson, T. I. Lynch.

## FROM CALLIMACHUS.

Calitiong the deeds of heroes sings;
Great Clio sweeps to history the strings; Eutenpi teaches mimes their silent show: Milipomene presides o'er sceues of woe; Trarsichore: the flute's sof power displays; And frato gives hymis the gods to praise; ronimena's skill inspires melolious strains; Ukania wise the starty course expiains; And gay Thatia's glass points out where folly reigns. MIGNON. (from the german of cofthe.)
Knowest thou the land where now the citrons bloom, Where the golden oranges glow from out the gloom, Where soft and gentle winds from the clear blue heaven sigh, Through the lowly myrtle and fragrant laurel high ? Know'st thou it well?
Thither! would I with thee, $\mathbf{O}$ my beloved, flee.
Knowest thou the houre,-its roof on pillars tall, O'er many a brilliant room and sun-illumined hall? These alabaster statues, wrought by the artist's hand, Seem e'en to pity me, as motionless they stand.

Know'st thou it well?
Thither! would I with thee, 0 my protector, flee.
Krowest thou the monnt, ascending through the clowal, Where seeks the mule his puth amid the minty ahroud, Where dwell in caves the dragons, so famed in mythic lore, And o'er the jagged cliff the rushing torrents pour? Know'st thou it well?
O father! I beseech thee, thither let us flee! E. A. H.

## CI-GIT KITTY.

Thou art dead ! Eien now the rigor mortis Stiffens out thy tiny limbs and makes thy muscles rigid. Scarce did I dream that ibou shouldst part so soon, Thy life was morn ; not yet thy elders hard Responsibilities had preseed thy shoulders down. From morn till night and e'en long aner shadows weird Had fallen cross the ice-bound strcam from waving pines That live its banks, thou foundest trifies pleasures, And 'mused thy watchers with thy playfal ways. Rut Death ere larks in bideous form upou our path To snatch the loved ones from our side, abd make Us sorrow. He came to thee in form leat thought. He whose care should be to guand thee from all ill, Grown vicious with old age and the heavy weight of life, Could no more support thy happy playfalmess. And with one sharp and horrid snarl, he pierced thy bsain With these fell canine teeth. Ah Kitty, woald I had not seen thee die! Or would I had; Some wondrons apple of Arabian lore That I might place it on thy noelrils chill And give thee further lemee of life! But no, It was not thus to be. Thy struggles soon Were o'er; but white they lasted how my heart Was pierced by thooe drend shiversiof thy frume. We were sucth frieuda! Aud who has not looked on The dreary world with sighs and tears when Dealh Hes robbed them of a friend? No louger shall I feel thy velvet pawe as roand my neck Thou clizabret, to purr into my rendy ear The antisfiction that thom feel'st. Ak me! I sigh, the tears come rubidien to my eyes.
Aleo ! then art mo mone!
WYDOWA.

## WIT AND HUMOR.-(Continued).

Douglas Jerrold was most widely known by his wit, for his wit was very nimble and original. His reading was wide, and his memory for what he read was prodigious. His wit, however brilliant, was not his finest gift -he was remarkable for the extraordinary rapidity of his apprehension. He perceived analogies invisible to other men, and these analogies sometimes made him merry, sometimes indignant. His essays over the signature " $Q$ " in the early volumes of Punch are wondrous specimens of deep wisdom, and would alone have been sufficient to raise the character of that periodical.

I venture to say that Douglas Jerrold's writings are not so much read as they deserve to be-he is perhaps best known by his "Black Ey'd Susan" and his "Caudle Lectures"-.but his "Comedies," his "Cakes and Ale" and "Men of Character," his "Story of a Feather " and " Chronicles of Clovernook," are all more worthy of careful and thoughtful reading than scores of the ephemeral outpourings of the present day.

At the risk of being regarded tedious I must furnish two or three further illustrations of his quaint humor. In his " Cakes and Ale" is given a " Gossip at Recul-vers"-a place, I should explain, on the coast of Kent in England, where the sea is gradually encroaching, and the old church and burial-ground is being washed away. Herne Bay, close by Reculvers, was a favorite resort of Jerrold's for a summer holiday, and he tells that:
"One day, wandering near this open grave-yard, we " met a boy, carrying away, with exulting looks. a
" skill in very perfect preservation. He was a London
" boy, and looked rich indeed with his treasure.
" 'What have you there?' we asked.
" 'A man's head-a skull,' was the answer.
"' And what can you possibly do with a skull?"
" "Take it to Loudon.'
" ' And when you have it in London, what then will you do with it?'
"'Iknow!'
""No doubt. But what will you do with it ?"
" And to this thrice-repeated question, the boy three times answered 'I know.'
"'Come, here's sixpence. Now, what will you do with it?'
"The boy took the coin, grinned, hugged himself, hugging the skull the closer, and said very briskly, ' Make a money•box of it!'
"A strange thought for a child. And yet, mused we, as we strolled along, how many of us, with, pature beneficent and smiling on all sides-how many of us think of nothingi so much as hoarding sixpences-yea, hoarding them even in the very jaws of desolate Death !"

In Punch's "Letters to his Son," there is a rich fund of wisdom "sugar-coated." In the first letter, we have the story of the "Bright Poker":
"The widow Muggeridge, in her best room had two pokers. The one was black and somewhat bent; the other shone like a ray of summer light-it was effulgent,
speckless steel. Both pokers stood at the same fire-place. 'What !' you ask, ' and did the widow Muggeridge stir the fire with both ?' Certainly not; was a coal to be cracked-the black poker cracked it ; was the lower bar to be cleared-the black poker cleared it; did she want a rousing fire-the black poker was plunged relentlessly into the burning mass, to stir up the sleeping heart of vulcan; was a tea.kettle to be accommodated to the coals-the black poker supported it. 'And what;' methinks. you ask-' did the bright poker?' I answer nothing-nothing save to stand and glisten at the fireside; its black, begrimed companion, stoking, roking, burning, banging, doing all the sweating work. As for the bright moker, that was a consecrated thing. Never did Mrs. Muggeridge go from home for a week, to visit her relations, that the bright poker was not removed from the grate; and, carefully swathed in oiled flannel, awaited in greasy repose the return of its mistress. Then, once more in glistening idleness, would it lounge amongst shovel and tongs; the jetty slave, the black poker, working until it was worked to the stump, at last to be flung aside for vile old iron ! One dozen black pokers did the bright poker see out ; and to this day-doing nothing-it stands iustrous and inactive!!
"My son, such is life. When you enter the world, make up all your energies to become-A Bright Poker."

And so on, through twenty-three letters, and the series is brought to end as follows :-
"I had not heard from my son for a long time. I was thinking of him, when I was startled by the knock of the postman. I know not how it was, but the smitten iron sent a chill through my heart, and the goose-quill fell from my fingers.
" Our landlady-we were then in lodgings-brought me up a letter. My wife was happily from home. I immediately recoguized the handwriting of my son, and, with trembling fingers, I broke the wafer. I give the contents :-

> " ‘ Condemned Cell, Newgate.
" "Honored Parent,
"' I have to the best of my abilities followed the advice sent to me from time to time in your letters. You will, therefore, as the Ordinary says, not be surprised to find I write from this place. It is a case of mutton, and I am to hanged on Monday.

> "' Your son,
" ' PUNCH THE YOUNGER.'
""P.S.-You will find that, in spite of my misfortunes, I have the credit of my family still at heart. I shall therefore be hanged as John Jones.'
"My heroic boy kept his word; and until this very hour, his mother is ignorant of his fate, believing him to be at this moment Ambassador at some foreign Court."
I cannot refrain from giving one more illustration of his humor:
Jerrold in his youth entered the Royal Navy as a mid-shipman, and served for some months in the Baltic. One day he went in command of a boat to take some letters ashore, when one of the sailors asked permisaion
to go ashore to buy some apples, a request which Jerrold grauted, at the same time tossing the man a piece of money, asking him to buy some for him. The man deserted, and Jerrold got into serious trouble for having granted him leave. Twenty-seven years afterwards, he was walking in one of the most crowded thoroughfares of London, when he saw his sailor looking into a shop window. Jerrold stepped up to him, and tapping him on the shoulder, said, "My friend, you've been a long time gone for those apples."
On the first publication of Jerrold's "Cakes and Ale," it was dedicated to Thomas Hood, with these words:-
"A writer whose various pens touched alike the springs of laughter and the source of tears."
On the issue of a later edition, after Hood's death, Jerrold added the following tribute: "This humble offering is herewith renewed, with the expression of a regret, that it was necessary for Thomas Hood still to do one thing, ere the wide circle and the profound wealth of his genius were to the full acknowledged ; that one thing was-to die."
Every word of which dedication might be applied to Jerrold himself.
His death on June 8th, 1857 , is thus told by his son : -" We saw a dreadful change. We called to the dear "ones in the next room, and in wild agony they "gathered about the bed. For a moment again his "eyes regained their light; he saw all about his death"bed; his head leaned against my breast; he looked
" up, and said, as one hana tell in mine, and my bro"ther took the other, 'This is as it should be.'
"In a moment, without a struggle, peacefully as a child falls asleep in its nurse's arms, he fell into his long rest, with a smile upon his face."

The "In Memoriam" verses in Punch which have appeared from time to time on the occasion of the death of eminent men have generally been of high tone, and these on the funeral of David Livingstone in Westminster Abbey may well take their place among the best of them. The closing lines are well worthy of quo-tation:-

> "Open the Abbey doors, and bear him in, To aleep with king, and stateaman, chief and sage, The miamionary, coue of waver kin, But great by work that brookn no lower wage, He needs noepithph to gruard a name, Which men shill prize wiile worthy work is known. He lived and died for good-be that his fame, Let marble crumble, This is LivingStone."

And the graceful tribute to our own Sir John A. Mac. domald may also serve as an illustration.

## I. MRATOBLAT.

"OLD TO-MORKOW."
The Right Elon. Sir John Alexander Macdomald, late Premier of Canada.
Punck aympathises with Canadinn sorrow For him known lovingly as "Old To-morrow." "Bhail to the Chieftaia!" He lies mute to-day, But farme still spenks for him, and ahall for aye "To-mporrow and to-morrow $1^{x}$ Shakeapeare siftha, So rime the round of time ! tian livea and diem

But death comes not with mere surcease of breath
To such as him. "The road to dusty death"
Not "all his yesterdays" have lighted. Nay!
Canada's's Old To-morrow" lives to-day
In unforgetting hearts, and nothing fears
The long to morrow of the coming years.
We cannot afford to despise the jester Punch, for some of the best specimens of wit and wisdom have appeared in its pages. I well remember that Christmas number in 1843, when Hood's "Song of the Shirt" appeared, that song which did more to attract attention to the condition of the needlewomen of London than all the police reports ever published :

> "Oh! men with sisters dear, Oh! men with mothers and wives, It is not linen youre wearing out, But human creatures' lives."
> "Stitch, stitch, stitch, In poverty, hunger and firt, Aud still in a voice of dolorous pitch, Would that its tone could reach the rich, She sang the 'Song of the Shirt." "

In the pages of Punch, too, appeared many of the best effusions of Gilbert Abbott a Beckett, that extraordinary genius whose talent was so versatile, that on one occasion the whole of the leaders in the Times newspaper were from his pen.

We have all met with Mrs. Partington, but some of you may not be aware that we are indebted to the Reverend Sydney Smith for the invention of the character. At the time of the agitation of the Reform Bill in England, the House of Lords had brought upon itself a great deal of abuse, by resisting the popular measure, and the Reverend gentleman thus wrote upon the question :-
"I do not mean to be disrespectful, but the attempt of the Lords to stop the progress of reform " reminds me very forcibly of the great storm at Sidmonth, and of the conduct of the excel. lent Mrs. Partington on that occasion. In the winter of 1824 there set in a great flood upou that town; the tide rose to an incredible height, the waves rushed in upon the houses, and everything was threatened with destruction. In the midst of this storm, Dame Partington, who lived upon the beach, was seen at the door of her house with mop and pattens, trundling her mop and squeezing out the sea water, and vigorously pushing awry the Atlantic Ocean. The Atlantic was roused. Mrs. Partington's spirit was up, hut I need not tell you that the conteat was unequal. The Atlantic Ocean beat Mrs. Partington. She was excellent at a slop or a puddle, but she should not have meddled with a tempest.
The British House of Commons would be a rich mine if we had time to explore it for examples. Sheridan, one of its most brilliant members, said of Kelly, the musical composer, who had turned wine-merchant, and had been unsuccessful in everything he had attempted:
"That Kelly was most enterprising fellow, for he compoced his wines and imported his music."
I heard Dr. Bowring (the celebrated linguist) recite the following epigram on Dr . Goodenough being chaplain to the House of Commons:

[^0]and this he paroclied on the occasion of the first return of John Bright to the House of Commons:

> ence.
> For sure enooxh, lifey're dull enough and matuting to le liright. enel."

If I felt that I had wot already cincroached upon your time, 1 should ask your attention to the " Rejected Addresses" of Horace and James Smith and the "Addrexs to the Nummy:" loy Horace Smith. and a fuller sotice of tie eserions pmenis of Thomas Hoowl, proving that wit is chosely allied to the deepest pathos: but it is tiane that I should thank you for the patience with which you have listered to my (I fear) tedious gossip. and I will conclade with some lines on the aforesaid John Howring (who was comversant with as or so lan. guages) by the aforesaid Thomas Hood :-

- Tol Ihmoridg. man of many songues,
. Ill orer icmpucx, like rumour.
This tributary verse leloogs.
To snit his hearmed humour.
All kiadx of -a, bb le knowx, I wix,
Sierrian Sclavorian, Scolish,
As facme axan urrof is,
Rut far mone MW/r-glotiah.
No hanguage too discure be moets.
llowever dark or verb-1:
He gablikes (ireek almont the stecets.
Aned ofien Rins(x) in mir.

Strange tongwer, whakier men may them call, In shoot the man is able.
To sell yoa "Whan'; ociock" in all The diaflects of Babel.

IVe talks them all with cyual casce, The Cremman amil sbe Syapish.
The Mixerar, Inish, ivertugurse. Holvemian, Tuscan, Danich.

Try hiw with ibese and iwerty sorlh, His skill will mond diminish.
Ahbough you shoolid logiva with forlch, And end like we with fin-mish.
11. $\mathbf{x}$.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## To she Editar of the NoGill Fompinciutliv:

## Deax Sita,

In jour hast issac under "Correxponklence," refer ewe is made to a lecturer on mission wrok who, passiak through Montreal, was denied an oppportunity of xpeaking to the V..N.C.A. of this T'niversity.

Allow me to state that safficient lime was oht given (by those who mande the reymesti) in which to loring the matter thefore the Fisculty:

Cixpercimabeats:

THE UNITERSITV I,ECTURIE- (Ciontinued.)
The High School, under the rectorship of Sor. Howe, was an affiliated school, and we could look to it as likely in a few years to furminh us with a larger muminer of student:-a anpe t:ot diampointed. But our great difficulty was lack of money: and the seat of goternment being at the time in Toronto I was asked (t) spead my first Christmas vacation in that city, with the view of securing some lesislatite aid. There was as yet no direct railway communication letween Montreal and Toromos and of couric mo Victoria bridge. I crosed the river in a cano amongst floating ice, and had to tratel hy way of Albays. Niagara and Hamilton. The wather was storme and the roads bhocked with suow. $s$ that the joniney to Toronto ocenpied fige days. givimg me a shorter time there than I had anticipated. Sir lidmund Head was very kikk. and under inis alspices I sinv munt of the members of the Govermment, and some initiatory diewsions were had as to the Hom. Mr. Cartier's comemplated Superior Education Ac:, passed in the following year, and which securea the status of the preparatory schools, while giving aid to the aniversitic: I was also encouraged by Sir lidmand and Cartier to comfer with the Superintexdent of Eiducation and the Governors of MoGill on my return to Montre:al, with reference to the establishment of a Sormal school in comection with the Ciniversity, which was successfully earried out in the following year. I may lere remark. in passing, that MoGill Normal Shool has, in my judgmeme. been oue of the most sliceessful nistitutions of its kind. It has provel indisjemsilte :o the growth of our provincial education of every grade, has indirectly aided the Clinversity, has lexin dexervedly popular throughout the country, and has had the grool will and support of the successive supmintendents of education and of the provincial zovernments of both political partics:

Thedirectaid, however, which could be obtaised frein the Government wiss suall, and the next movement of the Board of Governors wasis our first appeal to the citizens of Montreal, resulting in the endowment of the Mulson claair of English Language and Literature with S $\mathbf{2 0 . 0 0 0}$ inubrequently augmened to Syo.000 by Mr. J. II. K. Mulson). and $\leq 35.000$ from other bencfactors This was a great help at the time, and the beginning of a stream of liberality which has foated our luiversity basque up to the present date. In connection with this: should be placed tike gith of the Menty Chapman gold medal, the first of our gold medals. The liberality of the citizens in 1 s.5je cnemraged the bmard of governurs to strengthen and extend the leaching staff in Ats by the appointmeut of ltofessors Johnson anil Comish, and shortly afterwards of Pmessior Darey. Who still, after all thesc years of ariduons and faithful serrice. remain to the l'iniversity, and are mon the semior menikers of is profesminte.

To counterialiance these sulcesses and adrantages, in the early part of isisf the luilding occupied by the High Seluol atsl hy the liaculty of Arts was destroyed by fre. alowg with some of the few books which had lieen collected and sumbe of our apparatus, and a large
part of $m y$ private collections which I had been using for my lectures. The specimens, apparatus and books were not insured, and the insurance on the building was quite insufficient to replace it, so that this was a great pecuniary loss, but one which our Governors bore with admirable fortitude and equanimity, and took immediate steps to repair. For the remainder of the -ession the College classes were transferred in part to the original College buildings above Sherbronke street, and in part to the Medical Faculty's building on Cote street. The classes were not interrupted, and plans were at once prepared for the erection of a new and better building.

The year ${ }^{185}$ J was signalized not only by the opening of the NcGill Normal School and by the addition to our staff already noted, but by the institution of a chair of Civil Engincering. the first small beginning of our Faculty of Applied Scicucc. At the same time, in the hope that the Facuity of Arts niglit be able before many years to occupy permanently the College buildings, the improvement of the grounds was legun by planting, draining and making walks. At first 1 did this at my own cost, as a labor of love, with the aid of the late Mr. Sheppard in laying out the walks, merely asking permission of the lboard. Dr. Howe, who resided at that time in the centre buiding. gave some aid, and the meve sectetary, Mr. Bayucs. took a dexp interest in the matter. The graduates undertook to plant trees along one of our walks, and eventually the looard gave small sums toward this object, and at a later date appointed a caretaker, for whom a loxige was erected by a subscription among our friends.

We had proposed that io sorill as the studentsin Arts should exceed fifty we would venture to occupy the old bailding. This happened in 1560 , and we accordingly proceeded to move up and take possession of the centre block, the east wing being used for residences. The movement was a fortumate orke. for it suggested to our friend, Mr. William Molson, the erection of a third block. corresponding to the eastern onc, to be named the William Molson Hall, and which was to contain the Conrocation room and I,ibrary: This was the original limit of Mr. Molson's intention; but, driving up oue day in company with Mrs. Molson to wote the progressis of the work, she suggested that it would $x_{x}$ a $\mathrm{g}^{\text {ity }}$ to leave it unfinished, and that it would inc well at once to connect the three blocks of buildings in o:te pile, according to the uriginal plan. The hint was taken, plans were prepared, and one of the conmecting luildings: becance our first museum, while the other provided a Chemical and Natural Science class 100 m and laboratory: Both buildings, as well as the library, were seeds of greater thing:- The library was provided with shelves for 20,000 volumes, while we prossessed less than 2,000. ami at finst it was disiressing to see its emptiness; but the time has long passed when, alter crowing it with additional book-cases and extending it into an adjuining romm, we leeran to desire larger space, now happily supplied by the magnificent Peter Redpath Library: The musetam; equally emply; re ceived in the fins instance a portion of my own collec.
tions, and others obtained in exchange and by purchase from my own resources. In this way it was possible almost from the first to fill it respectably, for a musenm without specinens is even more forlorn than a library without books. Dr. Carpenter's magnificent collection of shells was added in 3S69. The whole furnished the nucleus for the Peter Redpath musenm, which stands at the head of Canadian educational museums. The other connecting building lecame the home of our Chemistry and Assaying, in which Dr. Harrington, with the aid for a time of the late 1)r. Sterry Hunt. built upour schools of Practical Chemistry ard Mining and Assaying which have trained so many young men for useful chemical and manufacturing employment. for mining enterprises and for the Geological Survey, and has sustained indirectly the honor course in Geolog: in the Faculty of Arts. Thus our rviuming possession of the old buildings was successful and fruitful of new enterprise, and Mr. Molson's timely aid laid the foundations of greater successes in the following years.

About this time a number of our sraduates resident in Montreal formed themselves ints the mucleuc of a University socicty, which has continued to grow and expand up to the present time, and has still room for further extension, more especially by the formation of iranch or local associations, of which the Ottava Valley Graduates' Society has set the first and a brilliant example. One of the early efforts of this Society; at the time under the presidency of Brown Chamberlin; M.A. D.C.L., was the institution of the Founders' Festival, 2 social gathering on Mr. Mçill's birthdar. It was continued with spirit for some jears, but failed to attract gradnates from a distance, and was ultimately dropped in favor of other movements. The time may shortly come for its reviral.

Ia 1860 we entered on the new de:parture of affiliating colleges in Arts, by the affliation oíSt. Francis College, Richmond, and this was followed in a year or two by Morrin College, Quebec. In this matter the president of the Board of Governors, Judge Day, and the Hon. Judge Dunkin were very carnest. believing that these affiliated colleges might form important local centres of the higher education, and might give strength to the liniversity. They have not, it is truc. grown in magnitude as we had hoped; but so far they have maintained a useful existence, and have nnquestionably done educational good; and, more especially; have cnabled some descrving and able men to ob:ain an academical education which rouk otherwise have been denied them In the circumstances of the Protestant jopulalation of the province of Quebec thi.: is an end worthy of some sacrifice for its attainment. The only additional college of thisclass is that of Stanstead, added at a comparatively recent date. In is65 the Congregational Coliege of British America, a:s institution for theological education only, was rem י!ed to Montreal, and became affiliated to the linive:city, and has been followed by three others. The vaine of these institotions to the University no onc call douls. They not only add to the number of our studicnts in Arts, but to their character and standing, and they enable the lini-
versity to offer a high acadenical training to the candidates for the Christian ministry in four leading denominations, thus rendering it helpful to the cause of Prolestant Christianity, and enabling us to boast that we have aidel in providing for the scattered l'rotestant congregations of this prowince a larger number of welleducated pastors than they could possibly have obtained in any other way, while the ministers they sent out into the country have more than repaid us by sending students to the clasees in all our faculties. Our system in this respect, which bas been imitated elsewhere, presents, for colonial communities at least, the best solution of the duestion how to combine Christian usefulness with freedom from denominational control.

The year $18 ; 0$ brings me to the beginning of a most important movement not yet completed, but which has already proved itself a niarked success, that for the higher education of women, respecting which a few chronological statements may be in place bere. At a mecting of citizens ccnvened by the Board of Governors in the early part of the year 1870 , for the purpose of soliciting additional endowments, a resolution was moved by the late Ket: Dr. Wilkes, and with the explicit approval of our clancellor, Judge Day, to the effect that the University should'at as carly a date as possible extend its benefits to women. It is true that no special endowments for the purpose were at this time offered, nor were there any applicants for admission; but in spending the summer of 1870 in England, my wife and I made it our business tocollect all the information we could on the morements in this matter then in progress in the mother country. The conclusion at which we arrived was that in our circumstances the methods of the Iadies' Educational Association of Ediuburgh were the most suitable : and seconked by Mrs. G. W. Simpson, whose experience and influence as an educator were of the highest value, weendeavored to promote such an organization in Montreal. At a meeting of ladies, cons. vened by our friend Nrs. Nolson, of Belmont Hall, in her drawing soom, the prelimiuaries were agreed on, and the classes were opened in October, 1851 , on which occasion I delivered the introductory lecture. This Association conducted an admirable and most useful work for fourteen years, until its place was taken by the Ciniversity special course for women.

About the same time, with the organization of the Iadies' Educational Association, two other movements coccurred beariug on the same question. One was the fompation by furmer pupils of Miss Hanmah Willard Lyman of an endowment incommemoration of that gifted lady; and the income of which was to be expendell to found a scholarship or prive' in the college for wowen" affiliated to the Ciniversity, or in classes for women approved by it. This endowment was used in the first instance for prizes in the classes of the Asoociation, and its terms furnished an indication ats to the precrailing sentiment with respect to the educativn of women, and were in accordance with the fact that Miss Lyman had been the lady principal of one of the greatest and moat saccessful colleges for women in the Uaited States. The otber, and practically more important, was the
establishment of the Girls' High School of Montreal. This was suggested by the Ker. Dr. Jenkins, the ciairman of the Protestant Commissioners of Schools, in his report for iSj1. and alter some delays, owing to the claims of other objects, 1 moved as a member of the Board, in February, sifit $^{\text {the }}$ appointment of a committee with power to establish such a school. The committee acted promptly, prepared a plan, recommended teachers, and engaged a temporary building, and the school came into operation in the autumn of 1874. In moving in this matter I fully expected that the establishment of a school giving the training necessary for our matriculation examination would lead in a few jears to a demand for college education on behalf of the passed pupils of the school, but trusted that means would be found to meet this when it should arise, though I de precated any premature action on the part of the University itself in this direction. The attention of the corporation was again directed to the subject by the Rev. Dr. Nurray in 1982, and the matter was referred to a committee to collect information, but the demand did not actually develop itself till 1884 , when several pupils of the Girls' High School had distinguished themselves in the examinations for Associate in Arts, and formal application was made by eight qualified candidates for admission to University privileges. At first the only resource seemed to be to appeal to the public for aid in this new departure; but at the moment when the difficulty pressed,

## Siz Dosiln A. Sairh

voluniarily came forward with an offer of $\$ 50,000$ to provide separate classes in Arts for women for the first and second years, leaving the question of how their education was to be continued afterwards in abeyance. This generous offer was thankfully accepted by the University, and thus our classes for women were commenced in 1884. Subscquently the same liberal bepefactor increased his gift to $\$ 120,000$, to continue the work over the third and fourth years, and, besides, contributed $\$ 4,000$ annually in aid of sessional lectures, while the corporation, without hesitation: admitted the women to all the privileges of examinations and degrees. Under these arrrangements the Donalda special course for women has been going on successfully for eight years; but it will decolve on my successor to carry cut the development of the plans of the founder into a separate college for women. In this form. and with a suitable bailding in proximity to the other buildings of the liniversity, and aided by its library, museum and laboratories, it camnot fail to attract a much larger number of students, and to become more than ever a leading departmest of the work of the University:
(To de covfinuch.)

## SOCIETIES.

## DELTA SIGMA.

In spite of the cold and stormy afternocn, the William Mokon Hall was mearly filied on Tuesday, December 5th, to bear the lecture to the Deita Sigma

Society,-an annual event which is always looked forward to with interest.

This year the announcement that, for the first time in the annals of McGill, a lecture would be delivered in its halls by 2 woman and a graduate of a sister University filled not only the Donaidas, but all those interested in the University with pleasurable anticipation.

Mrs. Ashley Carus-Wilson disappointed no one, and her practical, eloquent advice on "The right use of Books" will not readily be forgotten.

As Mrs. Carus-Wilson has kindly conseuted to allow the Formightiy to publish her lecture in extenso, any remarks on its substance would be de trop.

It only remains to add, that the thanks of all lovers of books are due to the Iecturer for a great incentive 10 reading.

## YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION:

The meetings during the last few weeks have hardly averaged so large a gathering as carly in the session. Can we not unite to maiutain a higher average throughout the entire Spring term?

The Friday Evening Prayer Meeting will be continued during the Christmas Holidays; the next meeting on Sur.". afternoon will take place on January 7th, 1894

The Bible Training Classes have been a most emsouraging feature of the work; 24 men have been entered in 3 different classes, or rather groups. The plan pursued has been as follows:

Course "A"-The members entered on a mutual agreement of regular attendance and a: least one bour's preparatory study ; the lessons hare consisted of one half hour's drill on some fundamental Bible topic, and the remainder of the bour is given to informal confer. ence on personal Christian life or work. Course "B" -The agreement was as abrve, with the addition that each member participate in Personal Work; the course of study has been confined to this theme, dealing theoretically and practically with the methods to be pursued in doing Personal Work. Daring the spring term we shall study the Life of Christ as a "Personal Worker." We sincerely trust a largely increased number of Students will become "students" of the Bible. Confer with the Gemeral Secretary before you leave on your vacation.
In speaking ofjourmalismias a profession, Charks A Dana, of the New York Swa, makes this statement concerning the literature a dewspaper man should be familiar with: "First and foremost is the English Bible, which, cousidered merely from the point of view of profeaional preparation and ability, far outranks any other that conid be mentioned. Its suggestivemess, its sablime simplicity, and its jofty integrity in motive and in style make it a volume withoat a paralkl."

If this is true in speaking of a man of the world, how mech smore in "the man of God," who must be "thoroughly furnished unto all good works."

The roth Annual Mreeting of the Association is called for Saturday, January 13th, 1894, at 7.30 p.m. Let us close the first decade in the history of the Association. with a large and representative meeting ; let the occasion mark the time from which we shall "reach forth unto those things which are before."

Mr. Fenwick, returned missionary from Corea, addressed a large and interested meeting in the Y.M.C.A. Building on Sunday afternoon, Dec. 3rd. In order to give the Students an opportunity of hearing Mr. Fenwick, the regular Sunday afternoon meeting of the McGill Y.M.C.A. was dispensed with. The Rev. Dr. Wardrope presided, and introduced the speaker as a representative of the Canadian Colleges' Mission.

Mr. Fenwick first spoke briefly of the field of work, and then outlined the religion of the Coreans, which consists almost entirely of the worship of demons. In cases of extreme peril they offer prayer to a god who they believe can deliver them, whom they recognize as alnuighty and call the Heavenly King; but for the most part the purpose of their worship is to propitiate the demons. There are in man three spirits. At death, ove of these enters an ancestral tiblet, which is preserved in the family. The eldest son in presence of other mourners, bows before this tablet, and offers prayer and incense to the demons, that they may not disturb the spirit of the departed. Ansther remains in the grave where the body; has been l.iid, and a dutiful son offers sacrifice daily for three years at his father's tomb, that the spirit may be at peace. The third spirit takes up its abode among the ancestors; and hence a Corean never speaks of his departed friends as dead, but as "gone back," i.c., to their ancestors. Ou all occasions of danger and misfortune the demons must be propitiated.

The College Nission movement was begun by the Toronto University Y.M.C.A. in 1888 , when Mr. Jas. Gale, B.A., Went to Corea as the representative of the Association. Two years later the Medical Students Y.M.C.A. sent Dr. R. A. Hardie and family; but it was not till 1892 that the Canadian Colleges' Mission was formed by the union of the two Associations mentioned. There are now nine associations in the Mission. The movement is Pan-IRemominational, and supports rather than opposes Denominational effort. Its object is two fold: first, to evangelize one heathen country vir,, Corea; and secondly, to stimulate missionary interest at home. Mr. Fenwick made a strong appeal to the Students 20 support the mission, urging that it was distinctly collegiate; that it was to their own advantage to join it, as it fostered the missionary spirit ; that it was Pan-Denominational and popolar with the churches; and that it was distipctively Camadian.

At the close of this intensely interesting addreas, Dr. Wardrope, who was for a long time closely identified with Foreign Mission Work in connection with the Presbyterian Church, made a Kw remarks courmendatory of the Canadian Colleges' Mission move ment.

## MCGIIL MEDICAI SOCIETE.

A regulir mectiag of the above Socicty was held Saturday eve:ing, Dec. mud.

A fier the transaction of sumdry busiacsis items, C. ©i. Wioll. 13.A., read an admirable paper on " lirinary Analysis." Having given a brief sketch of the work duace un the subject from the earieest times, he gave a short dexcription of the normal secretion, and then took u! the:abormal constituents with more detail. Different tests li.p each were aceurately descrilsed, and the great assistuce rembered by the carly detection of these abnurmal substance: :o a correct diagnosis was dwelt upon at lengith.
As Mr. WVit hats deroted much time to the study of this subject, lee was able to point out many of the differlties likely to occur to thic practitioner in lisis work, and to recommend the apparatus best suited to his wants. The payer had beell very careful! y prepared. ami stands at the head of the many gool papers read before the Socicty this sexsion.
Anter temering Mr. Wiolf a vote of thataks, the meting adjourned umil the shats.

## NONTKI:AI. VETERINARI MIEICAI. ASSOCLATION.

Kegular mecting was held in Iecture room of Comparative Medicinc liaculty, Thusday evening, ith inst., the Monorary l'resident. Prof. McEachran: occupying the chair. After the regrular business of the Association had lecen transicted, Mr. A. H. Hall reported an operation on a pig. the details of which stimulated a lively discussion.

The exayists of the evening were Mr. J. R. Hollings: worth and Mr. J. MeI.tod. The former gentleman presented the subject. The External Parasites of the Honse, in whicit le gave detailed account of the different specicu habits and general effects on the Equive races. :aho remedies and means of cradication.

The later gentleman read ann exiny on pleurol'semmoni: Conatagiosa in cattle, welting forth early history, caunc: and general forms of the disease, symptoms. mean. of diagnosing and treatment. cic. The sulject leing so important to the Veterimarian in this cumaty bo-diny, a special mecting was called for Monday ereaniug, which was hedel. I'resident Adami occupying the chair, and disens-jon followetl. 1'rof. 1). Mcliar-liran and Prof. Adani piexo:ied interestiag remarks on this suliject. whuli ca:ie.i sreat interest and discussion from the menalarr.

## A1PPLII:1) SCIE.NCI: (31.1:1: CI.l'13.

The weekly procticer ar this Club lave leed dimen::tinusel until after the bolidays: fley will rccommese sul Wedicenday. Jaunary soli. Why don't all the members turn up to cirry practice? The Club this year has the use of a fine griano, the services of a very alike instructor have lecn securev, and there are a goodly number of nombers but omly a faithful few attend the practices:

The feeling of the Aunual Meeting last year was that the Club should give a concert this spring. but this will be impossible unless we have a large chorus. The Club made its first public appearance this year at the Smoking Concert, at which it was well received. The Annual Drive, which is always an enjoyable event, will take place carly next term. Do not think that because you "have no voice" you canmot beconse a member: the clief object of the Club is to find a voice for cicily mall. or rather to put him in the way of finding it for himself, and this it can do. as mas be proved by listening to the really excellent manner in which the above-ncutioned "few" render the rousing choruses of the Toronto College Song Book.

## SPORTING COLUMN.

## FOOTBAJ.

A pleasant incident occurred the other evening when the members of the McGill II XVF. M. Club Intermediate champions for 1 Sg, waited upon their popular captain, Mr. Jornc Drumm, and presented him with a handsomely painted picture of the team.

Mr Alcx. Cuwan. president Sesond varar Comparative Merdicinc, made the presentation, and in a short speech alluded to good fecling existing beiween captain and members of club. and irusted that Mr. Drumim would have the success as captain of ist $\mathrm{XI}^{\circ}$ as had already characterized his efforts in connection with Intermediate champions.

Mr. Drumm thanked the nembers for their kindness, after which a pleasant social erening was spent.

## CLASS REPORTS.

## ARTS NOTES.

The Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the different years have been appointed a committee to have charge of the room formerly cocupied by the library; and which has recently been opened as a study room for the students in Arts.

Mrs. Dr. Alexander Johnson entertained the First and Secomd years at an "At Home" on the evening of Saturday, the gth inst. On the same crening Mri; Chass. Moyse was "at home" io the members of the Third and Fourth lears It is needless to say that those who were present at either gathering spent a very enjoyable crening.

The Arts men have decided to hold a Conversazione this year, instead of the usual Facults Dinner. The wilsole of the students by no means thought well of the proposert change, and two lively meetings were held before it was ikevided loy a fair majority to have the Conversarionc. The prospects are that we will have a very successful crent at an carly dale next year. A
committee of twelve undergraduates, with Mr. Garrett of the Fourth year as convener, have charge of the arrangements. The following professors, at the request of the Students, have consented to act on the com-mittee:-Dean Johnson, Dr. Murray, Prof. Moyse and Prof. Cox. With such a committee of management as this, the success of the Conversazione is assured.

The Students in Arts were represented at the Conversazione of Victoria College. Toronto, on the 15 !h inst., by Mr. Frank J. Day of the Fourth S'ear.

Mr. Lewis of the Fourth lear represented Arts at the Medical Dinuer on the sth inst.

Mr. M. O. Lambly, Arts '94, was chosen by the Literary to represent McGill at the amnual Conversazione of Queen's College, Kingston, held on the 15 th inst.

We understand that all these gentlemen performed their duties in a manner highly creditable both to their Faculty and to themselves. Evidently the Arts men believe in mingling Theology with the secular in life.

A Junior remarks, that though vacation always begins with a $V^{1}$, it just as invariably ends with a great scarcity of them.

One of the " light-fingered gentry" seems to have visited the halls of the Arts building the other day, for when our semior came to get his overcoat, it was gour, while another could not find his otter cap. If the thief be caught, it will be made rather "hot" for him.

Seteral of our Profesiors have betal suffering from "La Grippe" of late. Wie are pleasel to see that some are again able to re: ume their work, and sincerely hope for the speedy recovery of the others.

The feathes are fying in the Molson Hall and will cominue to do so wi,ile this kind of weather lasts:

How did you do?

That the men thoroughly appreciate the benefis derived from the excrcises in the Gymnasium is demonstrated by the way they tum out to their clasies there even during these examination times. The Gymnasium is to remain open during the holiday:

Mre Dr. Eaton incited some of the Profesisors, the members of the Classical Clab, and a few others to her home. on Wednestay; the $3^{\text {th }}$ inst., to meet Miss Peck. Daring the course of a most enjoyable evening Miss leck gave an informal talk upon Mordern Athens. which was much appreciated by all.
"I am looking for one of your class-reporters," said a contributor to the editor, "but I have forgotten his name."
"Can you describe him ?" asked the editor.
"He is short."
" Ob , that is no means of ideutification. Classreporters are always short (of news). You will have to be more explicit."

The First Year had their lecture in English the other day alone. We wonder what the matter with the Science men was.

## FEATHERS FROM THE EAST WING.

We accept the hounage ; but, if the liaster salutation is to be adopted in this country, we would recommend its votaries to practise the rise and fall at home, before trying to accomplish a graceful Salaam on a highly polished floor like that in the Physics Building.

How much room is generally required to make a Freshie comfortable in class?
A light moat brilliant shone from out the magic lantern Throwing resplendeat colors on the snow-white screen: Designs whose beauty far surpassed the efforts of the sculpton Sograceful were the oatlines. Slowly the scene is changing. For see, how gradually the colors fale and dim.
Ouly to reappear, in all sheir former loveliness and glory ! Aud once again we gase mi tints so delicate
As oaly now and theu the morning or evening skiex display.
Seddenly, without one word of warning, l'romelheus Has stolen frow the altar of the gods their fire: Hecause forsooth the bourglass bas ran out. And the four Satcliter. Irst in the darkness risible Stand antomished while mighty Jove rows repgeance On the base wretch below, the one wio pressell the button.

## MEDICAL CLASS REPORTS.

The opening of the new Royal Victoria Hospital and the enlargement of the General Hospital are of considerable importance to the Meds, and inf fact 20 Medical education throughout Canada. In this issue are presented several views of these buildings. which will no doube be of interest to all the Students.

Dr. Joseph Hayes of the Ciass of ior has juse been admitted M.R.C.S. I, K.C.P. of England He is now taking a course in Practical Pathology and Bacteriology.

Whed a bad tells you that he has a cold id the head you cad reasodably codelude that he has ad attack of the fashiodable eqidelic

With respect to " new growihs" and the consequent slandular hypertrophy hefore referred to, we believe that there must have beell smme hair-red-ilary predisposition.

Two students were weuding their homeward way one evening, when one of then referred to the beauty of the Dogstar which is now visible in the heavens. His companion remarked that it was a rather fine example of a sky.ferrier, but doubtless he could hardly be Sirius.

Please, Mister Ductor, do you think that a Turkey's bath would do me mo liarm?

A good many of our nuubber are the victims of grippe at present. It is hard indeed to have Christmas exams and influenza grip one at the same time-

Hasn't nobody Ecen nothing of no dog nowhere about here?

Drs. W. E. Deeks and W. A. Brown have been appointed to the Royal Victoria Hospital as resident medical officers on the Medical side. Dr. Scane has also leen appointed to the surgical side of the same hospital.

We are pieased to note that our esteemed Professor of Materia Medica has recovered from a very severe cold, and is able to lecture again in his usual distinet and pleasing manner.

## SCIENCE JOTTINGS.

Mr. J. H. Larmonth, '94, worthily represented Science at the Medical Dinner.

Descriptive Geometry has lost none of jits terrors:-Prof.-"Well, C, what are you doing?"
Sopf. (gaxing ruefully at bis muchly mixed diagram), "Please, sir, nothing : I'm just looking at it, sir."

Dowalda.-" How fast that machine is moving; it hardly takes a'moment to turn, does it?"

Science Prof.-"Well, ihat depends on how loug a moment is."

Dawalde (with surprise).-"A moment! Why, a moment's just the shortest possible space of time. Did you never know that?"

At a recent meeting of the new committee of the Football club, it was decided 10 purchase a tackling bog, and have it set up in the Gym. This is a move in the right direction, as the men showed a great lack of good scientific tackling in all the matches played this year. The apparatus will probably be in place by the beginsing of the New Year, when it is hoped that the football men will avail themselves of it.

The results of the summer essays in the Third Year are posted. The Electrical students have distinguished themselves.

## Suggestion for next year's calendar:

"Children in the kindergarten, in case of absence, must bring a writteu excuse from their parents or guardians, in default of which the birch rod will be administered."

A handsome photograph of last year's graduating class has made its appearance in the Reading Room.

One of the prize competition stories for the ForrNightis is said to be entitled, "Original research in the Detective line ; or D .......... the sleuth-hound of Science '94."

The class pin of sc. '95 rescmbles Encke's comet. It is now fast receding from view in its elliptical path, but our astronomer prophesies that it will come back with the New Year, none the worse for its journey.

Professor.-"What did you find in your analysis of that meteorite, Mr. C.?"
S/udent.-" Principally striae, sir, with about 10 per cent. of nickel."

Have you seen the new window curtains in the museum?

Freshic.-"What's that you're doing, sir?"
Soph. (knowingls)-I'm just finding the specific gravity of this number of the Fonrnigatis. It contains 2 new joke which I'm afraid will break the jolly balance."

The graduating class regret the loss of Scott, '94, who was obliged 10 go home as a result of his recent illness. Mr. Scott will'probably return next year.

Dr. Harrington and Mr. Carlyle were confined to their rooms last week with severe colds. We are glad to see that they are both able to be out again.

The unkindest cut of all is given by the Profescor who wishes you a Merry Christmas after plucking you.

Our representative to a recent dinner regretted that he was unable to attend lectures on the following day. We had expected better things.

## COMPARATIVE MEDICINE CLASS REPORTS.

The Stadents of this lisculty are very busy contending with Christmas examinations.

It is said that the number of dogs at the clivics on Mondays and Fridays has increased lately. The Students will no doubt benefit by the increase, as wery few, if any, ever expect to become judges at doy ehows.

The number of students who intend remaining during the holidays will be smaller than last year. The heroes of the "scavenger ride" will remain, and no doubt make merry those who are inclined to get lonesome.

We are pleased to have Mr. J. A. Ness back in the charmed circle.

Some of the Third year men are evidéntly preparing to play the role of Santa Claus. We are sure they will succeed admirably.
"Jack" takes a malicious delight in telling about the " little man."

## zeading Notes.

Sombenes, teachers and glaysicisms get Turkich beths at hall price, at the Turk-
 an bever thath.

Molical men generilly are wow recominemaing the Tunkish Hash for the genera heakth, med anere cespecialy for sheumaism, cooghes and calds. It is a very plexssat rumety.



Testimonials like the following are rarely obtained by evea makers of ofd standing, who have been manafacturing and invproving for years ; but when they are written in praise of the very first instrument turned oat of a newily extablisbed factory. as in this instance, the ease is unprecedented in the history of piano-making and is the strongest possible prosf of the swecesk achieved.

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Sis,
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Fleate accept my heartfit thanks.
En. Aleaki Gyy.
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Prior 20 my departare for Eugland, I write to thank you for the very excelleat instrument you sent me for my use.
The piamo as I nuderstand is of your own manufactere, arkl as sweh does you credit. The tone is rich fall and of a " velvety" quality sach as artists approciate, whilst the touch is every. thing, to my mind, that can be desired.

Your piano-fortes will ascaredly command a high standing amongt the profewion and those secking a really firstelass inntrment.

> Wishing you success,
> Prelieve me to remain,

> Yours iruly, EnwakD Idiosis.


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