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THE TRADE REVIEW.

VOL. I.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1865.

No. 32.

ANGUS & LOGAN,
PAPER MANUFACTURERS AND
WHOLESALE STATIONERS, 206 St. Paul st.

H. W. IRELAND,
NAIL AND METAL BROKER,
Agent for Cut-Nail and Spike Manufacturers,
235 St. Paul st., Montreal.

MUNDERLOH & STEENCKEN,
IMPORTERS OF STAPLE AND
FANCY DRY GOODS, 235 St. Paul st., corner
of Custom House square, Montreal.

EDWARD MAITLAND, TYLER & CO.,
WHOLESALE WINE, GENERAL
and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
10 Hospital st.

M. LAING,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT, 97 Commissioners st., Montreal
Hams, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Butter, Flour, &c.

JOHN RHYNAS,
COMMISSION AND SHIPPING
MERCHANT, Montreal—Cash advances made
on Consignments to myself, or to friends in England.

**TO THE MAKERS AND PURCHASERS OF
BUTTER THROUGHOUT CANADA.**

At the beginning of another season we take the
liberty of respectfully commending our customers
and the trade generally, that we have for many years
given special attention to the Butter Trade of Canada,
no inconsiderable portion of which has passed through
our hands, and consequently that we have an estab-
lished connection for the sale of Butter to the best
advantage, that we have extensive cellars, remarkably
suitable for the storage and sale of Butter, and that
our charges are as low as those of any house of standing.
Consignments are respectfully invited, and will receive
our best attention.

JOHN DOUGALL & CO.
Montreal, 1st June, 1865.

JAMES DOUGLAS & CO.,
DEALERS IN TEAS AND TOBAC-
COS, attend to sales of Butter, &c., &c.
235 St. Paul st., Montreal.

WALTER MARRIAGE,
WHOLESALE AGENT, AND IM-
PORTER OF ENGLISH GROCERIES,
22 Lemoine st., Montreal.

B HUTCHINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND
IMPORTER OF GENERAL GROCERIES,
88 McGill street, MONTREAL.

THOMPSON, MURRAY & CO.,
COMMISSION AND GENERAL MER-
CHANTS, St. Sacrament st., Montreal

GREENE & SONS,
HAT AND FUR MANUFACTURERS
AND IMPORTERS. [See next Page.]

CAMERON & ROSS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS for the
sale and purchase of Grain, Flour, Pork, Butter,
Ashes, Wool, Flax, and General Merchandise, Montreal

GEO. WAIT,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT, Montreal.
Young's Buildings, No. 2 McGill st.

S. H. MAY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF STAR & DIAMOND
STAR WINDOW GLASS, Paints, Oil, Varnish,
Brushes, Spirits Turpentine, Benzole, Gold Leaf, &c.,
274 St. Paul st. Montreal

THOMAS HOBSON & CO.,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS, Commissioners street, Montreal.
Consignments of Flour, Pork, Butter, Lard, Tallow,
Ashes, and all Descriptions of Produce, promptly
realized.

BROWN & CHILDS,
MANUFACTURERS OF BOOTS,
SHOES, AND LEATHER, Montreal
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE—Corner St. Peter and
Lemoine sts.
MANUFACTORY—Corner Queen and Ottawa sts.
TANNERY—Corner Bonaventure and Canning sts.

The articles manufactured by us are under one
general superintendence during the whole process of
manufacture, beginning with the raw hide, and end-
ing with the finished boot and shoe. By this arrange-
ment we secure uniform quality throughout.
Orders received by post promptly executed, and
should the goods sent not be approved of, they may
be returned at our expense.
To occupy the extensive facilities which we have at
our command for the manufacture of Boots and Shoes,
it is necessary that we should send goods to all sec-
tions of the Province, however remote, every induc-
ement allowable in commerce will be granted to this
end.

THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Montreal—Consignments of Flour, Grain, Leather,
Ashes, Butter, &c., receive personal attention

FOR SALE
Olive Oil, in qr. casks. Coal Oil, Cedar Creek.
Hemlock Sole Leather, Spanish Sole Leather,
Waxed Upper, Waxed Calf,
Pebbled Calf, Prime Mess Beef in tins,
Prime, Prime Mess and Mess Pork,
Butter in tins and Kegs,
Upper Canada Leaf Tobacco,
Flour, Superfine, } of well known brands
Flour, Extra, }
Flour, Superior Extra. }

THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,
15 St. Nicholas Street
Agent for Hamilton Powder Company

LINTON & COOPER,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE-
SALE DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,
305, 308 & 310 St. Paul st., Montreal.

We invite the attention of Merchants, East and West,
to our large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes now
on hand, and in process of manufacture for the Spring
trade. Goods in every conceivable style will be found
in our establishment, from the best kind of Sam
Gaiter, to the strongest Stoga or Hungarian Boot.
Men's, Boys', Youths', Ladies', Misses' and Children's
wear, in over 20 different patterns. Special notice is
requested to the fact that all our goods are hand-made,
and of the very best material. The introduction of
Pegging Machines having thrown a large number of
workmen out of employment, and consequently re-
duced the cost of labor, we are thereby enabled to
manufacture neater and more substantial Boots and
Shoes, at no greater cost than if made by machinery,
and are prepared to offer the choicest goods at the
very lowest possible figures.
Orders personally or by Post, will have our immedi-
ate and most careful attention.

J. TIFFIN & SONS,
GENERAL MERCHANTS, IMPORT-
ERS OF TEAS, SUGARS, and GENERAL GRO-
CERIES, WINES, BRANDY, &c., Nos. 184 and 186 St.
Paul st., and 49 and 50 Commissioners st.

Offer for sale the balance of TEAS, viz. Lattice
Catherine, from Shanghai, consisting of
Imperial Gunpowder. Japan, Colored
Old Hyson. and Uncolored.
Young Hyson. Oolongs.
Hyson Twankay Souchong.
Twankay.

Also several Inventors' FRESH TEAS, just received
per Steamer via Portland, together with a full assort-
ment of other STAPLE and GENERAL GROCERIES.
The cargo of the Brig John J. Traer, consisting of:
28 Hhds. } Choice Grocery Sugar
62 Boxes }

Montreal, 4th April, 1865.

A. KIN & KIRKPATRICK,
A GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, do-
ing an exclusively Commission business, and possess the
amplest experience and facilities for its efficient man-
agement. Consignments of GRAIN FLOUR ASHES,
PORK, BUTTER and general produce receive per-
sonal attention—sales effected, and returns made with
the utmost promptitude. Liberal advances made on
goods for sale in this market or shipment to Britain.
Charges the lowest adopted by the responsible houses
of the trade.
Corner William and Grey Nun streets.

DAVID ROBERTSON,
IMPORTER TEAS, TOBACCO, AND
General GROCERIES, 24 St. Peter st., Montreal.

REUTER, LIONAIS & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF WINES
AND SPIRITS, 11 and 13 Hospital st., Montreal.

ROBERT MITCHELL,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND
BROKER, 21 St. Sacrament st., Montreal.
Deals authorized and advances made on shipments
of Flour, Grain, Pork, Butter, and General Produce,
to my address here.
Advances made on shipments to Europe
Purchase and purchase of Stocks and Exchange will
receive prompt attention

GREENE & SONS
INVITE the attention of close buyers to
their Fall Stock of Cars, Hats, &c. [See next P.]

J. A. & H. MATHEWSON,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
GROCERS. A complete and extensive assort-
ment of General Groceries. Special attention TEAS.

HALL, KAY & CO.,
Young's Buildings, McGill street,
MONTREAL,

IMPORTERS OF
Charcoal Tin plates, Sheet Copper and Brass,
Coke Implates, Ingot Copper and Tin,
Canada Plates, Composition Tubes,
Galvanized Iron, Malleable Iron Tubes,
Sheet Zinc, Copper and Brass Tubes,
and every description of Furnishings suitable for
Tin-smiths, Plumber, Brass-founders, and Gas-fitters.

GREENE & SONS,
HATS, FURS, BUCK MITTS, &c.
[See next Page.]

W. D. MILLER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPOR-
TERS OF Boots and Shoes,
Corner of McGill and Lemoine sts., Montreal.

A. RAMSAY & SON,
IMPORTERS OF WINDOW GLASS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c. 21, 23, & 25 Recollet st., Montreal.

MCMULLAN & CARSON,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTU-
RERS OF CLOTHING. Wholesale, have con-
stantly on hand a very carefully manufactured Stock
of Ready-made Clothing, suitable for the country
trade.
Merchants are respectfully requested to call and
examine.
No. 66 McGill st., Montreal.

LADLAW, MIDDLETON & CO.,
Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,
Montreal.

JOHN MCARTHUR & SON,
OIL, LEAD & COLOR MERCHANTS,
Importers of Window Glass, &c.,
118, 120 and 122 McGill st., Montreal.

I. L. BANGS & CO.,
(Successors to T. L. Steele & Co.)
MANUFACTURERS OF FELT,
COMPOSITION AND GRAVEL ROOFING,
ENGLISH FELT ROOFING, &c.
Keep constantly on hand Felt Composition, &c.
Parties building, in any part of Canada, can be sup-
plied with the requisite materials; also, a Competent
Workman to apply the same.
Office, No. 5 Place d'Armes Hill, opposite City Bank,
MONTREAL.

A. H. FORBES,
IMPORTER OF IRON, ALL KINDS
of HEAVY HARDWARE, &c. Has always in
stock Iron Tubes for Gas, Boiler Tubes, Horse Nails,
Sole Springs, &c.
Drain Pipes, Fire Bricks all shapes Roman and
other Cements, Artificial Paving-Stones, Hearths,
Burr Blocks for Millstones, Bolting Cloths, Terra
Cotta Vases, Fountains, Chimney-Tops, &c., &c.
Queen st. Montreal

FROTHINGHAM & WOREMAN,
IRON, STEEL, AND HARDWARE
 MERCHANTS, ST. PAUL STREET
 Opposite the Custom House Sq.,
 Montreal.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL, ST. LOUIS
 STREET.
 This well-known HOUSE, which, during the past winter, has been not only enlarged by an addition of a new wing four stories in height, and which, otherwise, has been much improved by the complete, and of a commodious, easily accessible, airy, and well-lighted **DINING ROOM**; by the introduction of all the modern improvements known in similar first class establishments—Baths, Billiard Rooms, Steam Laundry, &c. and by the complete furnishing of the whole building—Lobby, Drawing Rooms, Private Parlours, Bedrooms, Reading Rooms, &c., was reopened for accommodation of the travelling public on **THURSDAY, 6th JUNE, 1865.**

The undersigned proprietors have spared neither pains nor expense to make their Hotel in St. Louis Street fully equal to any establishment of the kind in British North America, with a view to obtain a continuance of that support and encouragement which has been so long extended to them in Quebec, and which it has been their care to merit.
WILLIAM RUSSELL & SON
 Quebec, July 7, 1865.

CRATHERN & CAVERHILL,
IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE,
 IRON, STEEL, TIN PLATES, &c., WINDOW
 GLASS, PAINTS & OILS, 137 St Paul st., Montreal
 Agents, Victoria Rope Walk, Vieille Montagne Zinc
 Company.

A. A. BARBER & CO.,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE,
 Nos. 23 and 25 St. Sacramento st.

EVANS & EVANS,
WHOLESALE HARDWARE
 MERCHANTS, MONTREAL.

AGENTS FOR
HARE'S CELEBRATED PAINTS AND COLORS
 AGENTS FOR
CURTISS & HARVEY'S POWDER.
 263 St. Paul street, Montreal.

CHOICE PORTO RICO, BARBADOS, AND
CUBA SUGARS.
THE Subscribers are now landing, and
 have in Store.
 280 hhd's } Choice Muscovado SCORR
 112 bbls. " " " "
 200 puns } Centuegos SYRUP
 20 " Cuba Rum, strong, proof, and fine flavoured.
 35 hhd's United Vineyard Proprietors' Brandy,
 pale and dark.
 Bags 1imento, Jamaica Lime Juice, &c., &c.
MITCHELL, KINNEAR & CO.,
 No. 5 St. Helen street.
 28th July, 1865.

HENRY J. GEAR,
 (Late MITCHELL & GEAR)
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
 Importer and Dealer in Teas, General Groceries,
 Havana and German Cigar, 58 St. Peter st., Montreal.

JEFFERY BROTHERS & CO
GENERAL AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS, 41 St. Sacramento st., Montreal

BACON, CLARKE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF WINES, SPIRITS,
 CIGARS, &c.,
 St. Peter street, opposite St. Sacramento street,
 MONTREAL

KIRSHAW & EDWARDS,
 ESTABLISHED YEAR 1838.



IMPROVED FIRE PROOF SAFE.
 The favor these Safes have won by their many and severe trials during the last quarter of a century, from the fact that not one has ever failed in preserving its contents, thoroughly establishes their reliability, and with recent improvements made during the past two years, we offer them as the most perfect Fire Proof security extant, and free from dampness.

Our Burglar Proof Special Boxes made of combined iron and steel in a manner peculiarly our own, the steel slightly tempered and placed as to be beyond the reach of, and defy the tools of the most ingenious burglars, and when placed inside of one of our Fire Proofs produce a most perfect Fire and Burglar Proof security. Merchants having large amounts of silver on hand should not be without one.

We also manufacture Patent Combination Bank Locks, and the most modern Bank and other securities.

Lists of sizes and prices mailed on application.
KIRSHAW & EDWARDS,
 82, 81 & 80, St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

FURS, HATS, BUCK MITTS, &c
GREENE & SONS
 INVITE inspection to their FALL
 STOCK of
LADIES' FURS, MEN'S WOOL HATS,
MEN'S FURS, BOYS' FANCY HATS,
BUFFALO ROBES, WHITNEY CAPS,
BUCK MITTS, &c. SILK HATS,
FURS, SKINS, &c.
HAT and CAP TRIMMINGS, &c.

The attention of the Trade is directed to our Stock this Fall which is very complete embracing all the

NEW AND LEADING STYLES,
 among which will be found a large variety of Mens and Boys' STEEL BRIM RESORT HATS, which are becoming very fashionable. Samples sent by Express to parties not visiting the city.

Orders promptly executed.
GREENE & SONS,
 Montreal.

DAVID E. MACLEAN & CO.,
PRODUCE, COMMISSION MER-
CHANTS AND SHIPPERS. Advances made on
 all descriptions of Produce, either for sale in this market, or shipment. No. 3 St. Nicholas street, Montreal.
DAVID E. MACLEAN. BENJ. HAGAMAN.
THOS. C. CHISHOLM.

WEST BROTHERS,
TOBACCOS. — PLUG, VARIOUS
BRANDS, CUT SMOKING, FINE CUT
CHEWING. CIGARS.—HAYANA,
 GERMAN,
 DOMESTIC
WEST & BROTHERS,
 Montreal.

MORRISON & SAMPSON,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS,
CONVEYANCERS,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY & BANKRUPTCY,
 Offices corner Church and Colborne streets,
TORONTO.
 Collections made at all points in Canada West.
ANDREW MORRISON. D. A. SAMPSON.

CHARLES G. DAGG,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE
DEALER in British and Canadian Stationery
 Goods, Writing Papers, Wrapping Papers, Envelopes,
 Steel Pens, Inks, Pocket Books, Twines, &c.; also,
 Account Book Manufacturer, Publisher of the National
 Series of School Books, Canadian and Progressive
 School Copy Books, Bookbinder, &c. **MANUFACTURED FOR, AND NOW IN STOCK,** several hundred reams each, of Manila, Brown, Tea, and Coffee Papers, all sizes. Several tons Straw Wrapping Papers, all sizes. The above goods will be sold at very low prices, and a liberal discount will be allowed to **CASH BUYERS.**
 87 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.
 Montreal, Feb. 27th, 1865.

MULHOLLAND & BAKER, IRON
AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS, offer for
 sale **PIG IRON,** Scotch (chiefly Govan), Best
 Refined English, Swedes and Three Rivers IRON;
 Hoops, Bands, and Sheets of all sizes; **BOILER**
PLATES, of best brands and sizes; **Firth & Sons' Cast**
STEEL, Spring, Sleigh-shoe, and other steel; Cut,
 Pressed, and Wrought **NAILS,** and the celebrated **F**
HORSE NAILS AXES of their own and other
 approved brands. A complete assortment of **HEAVY**
GOODS, Chains, Anvils, Vices, &c. An extensive
 assortment of most valuable **CUTLERY, SHELL**
GOODS in great variety, of English, French, German,
 and American make. **GLASS, PUTY, OILS, &c.,**
CORDAGE, LEATHER and RUBBER BELTING.
 Also, a first class **SHAVING MACHINE** made by
 Smith, Beaceck & Lannet, of Leeds, England, will
 plane or shape a flat surface 18 x 12 inches, will plane
 circular work to 30 in. dia. by 12 inches broad, will
 plane any angle or curve, cost £90 sterling in Leeds,
 and has been only a short time in use.

243 St. Paul street,
 Yard entrance St. Francois Xavier street

F. SHAW & BROS.,
TANNERS AND LEATHER MER-
CHANTS—Our Leather is tanned at the well-
 known Roxton Falls Tanneries, under our own super-
 intendence, thereby enabling us to produce an article
 of superior quality at the least possible cost, which
 we are prepared to offer to the trade at lowest market
 prices. All orders promptly attended to.

HUA & RICHARDSON,
LEATHER IMPORTERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have always in
 Stock an excellent assortment of **FRENCH CALFS,**
KIDS and PATENTS, &c. Also a large supply of **O.**
L. Richardson & Sons' Spanish Solo and Slaughter
Leather, for which they are agents in Canada.
 Consignments of leather respectfully solicited.
 Sole Agents for Alexander's Kid Gloves.
HUA & RICHARDSON,
 St. Peter st., Montreal.

LEEMING & BUCHANAN,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
 St. Nicholas street, Montreal.
 Special attention devoted to the Sale and Shipment
 of **FLAX,** and liberal Advances made on consign-
 ments of either Fibre or Seed.

SINCLAIR, JACK & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, St. Andrew's
Buildings, St. Peter street, Montreal.

Constantly on hand, a large Stock of **TEAS,**
COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, 10-
BACCONS, DRIED FRUITS, &c., &c.
 Consignments of **BUTTER, PORK, FLOUR,**
WHEAT, and other products solicited.
 The Sale of **POT and PEARL ASHES** shall have
 the very best and most prompt attention.
 Agents for Coors's celebrated **GROUND ROCK**
SALT, for Dairy and Table use.

MESSRS. BAUKHAGE, BEAK & CO.
 WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF
DRY AND FANCY GOODS, have the
 pleasure of announcing to their Customers and
 the trade, that they have removed to 451 St. Paul
 street, a new spacious building, opposite Messrs
 Andrew Robertson & Co., and Thos. May.
 They beg to draw the attention of Buyers to their
 well assorted and selected Spring Stock.

KERR & FINDLAY,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS,
 Manufacturers of Gum Drops, Choccolates, and
 other Cream Drops, &c., &c.
 516 St. Paul street, Montreal.

**CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
TEA DEALERS AND IMPORTERS**

OF
GENERAL GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.,
Corner of Hospital and St. John Streets, Montreal.

Offer for sale a large assortment of FRESH TEAS, now arriving from England, per Steamers via Portland; comprising, Hysons, Young Hysons, Imperials, Gunpowders, Colored and Uncolored Japans, Congous, Souchongs, and Scented Teas, and their usual variety of Coffees, Tobaccos, Wines, Brandy, Cigars, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1812.

STEAM MADE CONFECTIONERY.

GUM DROPS and JUJUBE PASTE.
PAN GOODS, and CANDIES of all kinds
in VARIETIES of every description.
FRENCH CREAM BON-BONS and CHOCOLATE
CREAM DROPS.

Manufactured and sold at his New Block, erected on the Old Stand, 213 (New No. 31) Notre Dame Street.

CHARLES ALEXANDER,
Wholesale and Retail Confectioner

FITZPATRICK & MOORE,

**IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS** in Groceries, Teas, Sugars, Wines,
Liquors, Tobaccos, Cigars, Fish, Oils, &c. &c.
No 4 Lemoinne st

SMITH & McCULLOCH,

**MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,**

Importers to order of China, Glass, and Earthenware; Japanned and Tinware; Hardware and Electro-Plate, Plumbers', Photographers', and Chemists' Ware, Iron Stable Furniture, Eucastic Flooring Tiles, &c., &c.

We are now receiving our Spring consignments of China Tea and Breakfast Sets; White Granite and Printed Dinner and Toilet Ware; Tumblers, Wines, Lamp Chimneys, etc., which we offer for sale to the Trade in original packages.

Office, Sample Rooms, and Warehouse:
18 AND 20 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

**J U S T L A N D E D,
EX "HIBERNIAN,"
FIFTY BALES COTTON YARN.**

This Yarn is made from American Cotton, and is superior in quality to any Yarn in the market.
Numbers and Weight guaranteed.

ALEX. WALKER,
Montreal.

JAMES LOCKHART,

**COMMISSION MERCHANT AND
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT,** No. 3 St. Sacra-
ment street, Montreal.

ROBERT SIMMS & CO.,

**GENERAL AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,** 8 Gillespie Buildings, Common
street.

F. H. SIMMS,

**MONTREAL IRON WORKS.
MANUFACTURES** to Order, and has
in Stock, Carriage Bolts of all sizes, Nuts and
Bolts of every description, Rivets, Lifting Jacks,
Ratchet Braces, Copying Presses, &c., &c.

W. F. LEWIS & CO.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
St. Peter st., Montreal.

**CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COM-
PANY.** Established 1847. Head Office, Hamil-
ton, C W Capital, \$1,000,000. Sums Assured over
\$4,000,000; Annual Income, over \$750,000; Assets,
over \$600,000.

Manager: A. G. RAMSAY
General Agent: T. W. MEDLEY.

LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND PRIVILEGES.
Perfect security, and Rates Lower than those offered
by English or Foreign Companies.

POLICIES CAN BE EFFECTED WITHOUT TROUBLE OR
DELAY.

H. ABBOTT, Agent,
28 Great St. James street, Montreal.

W HOLE TRADE, 1865.

OUR STOCK will be
COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
BY THE
TWENTY-FIRST OF AUGUST.
THOMSON, CLAXTON & CO.

GEORGE OFFORD & CO.,

Contractors and Civil Labor at the Provincial
Penitentiary,

**MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE-
SALE DEALERS** in every description of BOOTS
and SHOES, made almost exclusively by hand.

All orders will receive prompt attention.
Office and Warehouse—Kingston C W

GEORGE CHILDS & CO.,

**IMPORTERS AND GENERAL
WHOLESALE GROCERS,** No. 13 St. Francis-
Xavier street, Montreal.

Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not find-
ing it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt
attention; and goods not in stock will be purchased
and charged at lowest market rates.

ROBERTSON & BEATTIE,

**IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE GRO-
CERS,** and General Commission Merchants, com-
McGill and College streets, Montreal.

ROBERT CROOKS & CO.,

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.**

Execute Canadian Orders on the best terms, giving
special attention to the Grocery Department. They
make liberal Advances on Produce consigned to them,
and give prompt dispatch to the Forwarding and
Insurance of Goods.

DUNDAS.

OSLER & BEGUE,

**BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS
AT LAW,**

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries and Conveyancers,
DUNDAS, C. W

OFFICE:—Moore's Buildings, Main Street.
B. B. OSLER, LL.B. T. H. A. BEGUE, LL.B.

FRESH SEEDS.

Catalogues of our Stock of GARDEN AND
FIELD SEEDS now ready.

LYMANS, CLARE & CO.,

St. Paul Street, Montreal.

**LINSEED OIL CAKE FOR STOCK
FEEDING.**

LYMANS, CLARE & CO.,

St. Paul Street, Montreal.

FLAX SEED.

**IMPORTED RIGA, AMERICAN,
AND SELECTED CANADIAN,** for sowing.
LYMANS, CLARE & CO.

LINSEED OIL.

**20,000 GALLONS RAW, RE-
FINED, AND DOUBLE BOILED
LINSEED OIL.**

For Sale low, for CASH.

LYMANS, CLARE & CO.

PAINTS, PUTTY, AND WINDOW GLASS.

LYMANS, CLARE & CO.

KINGAN & KINLOCH,

**IMPORTERS AND GENERAL
WHOLESALE GROCERS,** and Commission Mer-
chants, corner St. Sacrament and St. Peter streets,
Montreal.

WM KINLOCH W B LINDSAY.

THOMAS MAY & CO., IMPORTERS
of STRAW and FANCY DRY GOODS, 280 St.
Paul, and 105 Commissioners street, Montreal.

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

WAREHOUSE, 473 St Paul Street,
Montreal, 13th August, 1865.

WE take this medium of intimating to
our friends and customers, that we are now
receiving by every steamer our

ALL IMPORTATION
OF

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

A considerable portion are to hand, and we hope to be
able to show our complete assortment by the first week
in September, when inspection is respectfully solicited.
A. ROBERTSON & CO.

FOLINGSBY & WILLIAMSON,

**PRODUCE, COMMISSION MER-
CHANTS, and SHIPPERS,** Nos 17, 19, and 23
William street, Montreal. Advances made on Con-
signments of Produce or General Merchandise for sale
in this market, or for shipment. Personal attention
given to the sale or purchase of same.

**ALEXANDER MCGIBBON,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,**

63 Great St. James street, Montreal.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

McEwan's Portland HADDIES and other smoked Fish
Keller & Sons Dundee MARMALADE
Ballantyne's Edinburgh Albert Gem BISCUITS
Waters and Williams' Quinine WINE
Christie & Bell's celebrated Hochelaga SOAPS
McLennan's fancy BISCUITS—tins and boxes
Fitts and Watson's do do do do
Wm Dow & Co's E. J. XXXA XX ALES and
FORBES' Wood and Bottle
Guinness & Sons' Extra STOUT } Direct
Crosse & Blackwell's PICKLES, SAUCES, } Import-
CONDIMENTS, &c. } tations.

The subscriber keeps constantly in stock a full and
complete assortment of the finer kinds of Family
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, TEAS,
COFFEES, &c., selected with the greatest care in the
cheapest markets, and can therefore offer superior
inducements to the country merchant and wholesale
buyer in sorting up with quantities suitable to their
wants. Terms liberal.

ALEX MCGIBBON.

FOULDS & HODGSON,

IMPORTERS OF

Grey Cottons,	Laces,	Spools,
White Shirtings,	Bonades,	Fine,
Regattas,	Handkerchiefs,	Needles,
Prints,	Fancy Dresses,	Tapes,
Bea Tricks,	Umbrellas,	Buttons,
Denims,	Parasols,	Combs,
Silks,	Shawls,	Brushes,
Coburgs,	Hoop Skirts,	Hair Oils,
Orleans,	Table Oil Cloths,	Colognes,
At de Laines,	Yarns,	Soaps,
White Muslins,	Batings,	Stationery,
Jean- Mole-kins,	Silks,	Brooches,
Fam. C's,	Veils,	Spectacles,
Blankets,	Linen Threads,	Dolls,
Cloths,	Playing Cards,	Mirrors,
Furceils,	Jewellery,	Barrow,
Vestings,	Tea Trays,	Pocket Knives,
Hosiery,	Snuff Boxes,	Table Knives,
Gloves,	Pipes,	Chaplets,
Braces,	Bag Purses,	Crosses,
Ribbons,	Pencils,	Marbles,
		Slates,

And a large variety of other Fancy and Staple Goods

WHOLESALE

Perhaps the largest assortment of Goods suitable
for a General Country Store of any house in the
Province.

268 and 270 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.

**IMPORTERS OF HEAVY
HARDWARE, &c., and COMMISSION MER-
CHANTS.**

Dealers in Drain Pipes, Roman Cement, Water
Lime, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Ornamental Chimney
tops, &c., &c.

Young's Buildings, McGill & Grey Nun sts., Montreal.
11th May, 1865.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

**BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY,** 1 Princess street, Bank of England
London Empowered by Special Act of Parliament
4 Vic. cap 9.—NOTICE is hereby given that JOSEPH
JONES, Esquire, Coroner, has been appointed Agent
to this Company for Montreal. Detailed prospectuses
and all requisite information as to the mode of effecting
Assurance may be obtained on application to the Resi-
dent Agent, at his office, 34 1/2 Little St. James street,
Montreal.

Medical Referee—JOHN REDDY, M.D.

ANDREW FRANCIS, Secretary.

LIFE AND GUARANTEE ASSURANCE.
THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
 Empowered, by Special Acts of British and Canadian Parliaments

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA—MONTREAL.

In addition to Life Assurance, this Society issues Bonds of Security for persons holding GOVERNMENT, or other situations of trust.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.—Persons for whom this Society is Surety, can Assure their lives at considerably reduced rates.

Life Policy-holders in this Society can avail themselves of the Society's Surety-ship, to a proportionate amount at any time, *free of expense*.

All Premiums received in Canada, invested in the Province.

EDWARD RAWLINGS, Secretary

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO.

Chief Office—Liverpool, London, Montreal

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS

T. B. Anderson, Esq., chairman, (Pres. B. of Montreal), Alex. Simpson, Esq., Dep. chairman, (Ch. Ontario Bk. Henry Starnes, Esq., (Manager Ontario Bank) Henry Chapman, Esq., (mer.) R. S. Fiske, Esq., (mer.) E. H. King, Esq., (General manager Bk. of Montreal), Capital paid up, \$1,350,000. Reserved surplus fund, \$5,000,000. Life Department Reserve \$7,250,000. Un-divided Profit \$1,500,000. Total Funds in hand \$15,250,000.

Revenue of the Company.—Life Premiums \$2,900,000 Life Premiums \$1,950,000. Interest on Investments \$800,000; Total Income, 1883, \$5,750,000.

All kinds of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted on reasonable terms.

Head office, Canada Branch, Company's buildings, PLACE D'ARMS, MONTREAL.

G. F. C. SMITH, Res. Secretary

READY-MADE CLOTHING

RINGLAND, EWART & CO.,
 IMPORTERS OF
 DRY GOODS, &c.

Are giving special attention to the READY-MADE CLOTHING, and our East Goods, for style, quality and finish, will be second to none in the Province.

Our Travellers will call on buyers in every section of Upper and Lower Canada, and we advise those wanting goods got up with taste, and suitable for a Canadian climate, not to purchase before examining our samples.

GENTS' HABERDASHERY—This department will comprise the latest novelties.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES—A full stock of plain and fancy.

LEICESTER KNITTED GOODS in great variety

422 ST. PAUL STREET,
 MONTREAL.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Chief Office, 19 Cornhill, London, England.

Capital, \$12,000,000. Invested, over \$2,000,000.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—The distinguishing feature of this Company is the introduction of an equitable adjustment of charges, proportionate to each risk incurred.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.—For the pre-eminent advantages offered by this Company, see Prospectus and Circular—80 per cent of profits divided among participating Policy Holders.—Economy of management guaranteed by a clause in the Deed of Association.

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

General Agents for Canada

FRED COLE, Secretary.

Office, 385 and 387 St. Paul street, Montreal

H. MUNRO, Montreal, T. C. LIVINGSTON, P.L.S.I.C., Inspectors.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS, STERLING.

Head Office—Edinburgh and Montreal.

Manager for Canada W. M. Ramsay

Inspector of Agencies, R. Bull.

Income of Company, 411,821 81/2

Accumulated Fund, 555,753 "

Unconditional policies granted. Claims settled without delay and liberally.

No expense connected with obtaining policies.

Profits divided every five years. As an example of the additions to policies by profits—A policy taken out in 1847 for £1,000 is now increased to £1,310.

Agencies in every Town in Canada.

W. M. RAMSAY,

Manager for Canada.

Montreal, 19 Great St. James street.

THE HOME AND COLONIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited

Chief Office, 69 Cornhill, London, England.

Authorized Capital, \$10,000,000. Issued \$5,000,000. An Agency of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted on reasonable terms.

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted without recourse to England. General Agents for Canada.

MESSRS. TAYLOR BROTHERS.

All Premiums received in Canada, invested in the Province.

HEAD OFFICE—CANADA BRANCH,

No. 13 and 15 Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.

TAYLOR BROTHERS,

Brokers for Sale and Purchase of Stocks, Securities and Real Estate.

Brokers and Commission Merchants for purchase and sale of Produce.

Agents for the Merchant Banking Company of London (Limited).

Nos. 13 and 15 Merchants' Exchange, Montreal

WILLIAM NIVIN & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

SHIPPING AGENTS, purchase and sell all descriptions of Produce on Commission, and likewise advance on consignments of same made to their friends in London, Liverpool, and Glasgow.

Also are prepared to import on Commission and on favorable terms, all description of Groceries, Drugs, oils and Lard, having first class connections in Great Britain for the execution of such orders.

Montreal, St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas streets.

THE TRADE REVIEW.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1885.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC RETURNS.

IN addition to the Bank Statement, the Provincial Auditor has commenced to publish monthly Railway Traffic Returns in the *Canada Gazette*. He gives us returns for last month from ten out of the twelve independent Railways of the Province, and evidently expects, in the future, to have his statements complete for all the Grand Trunk, Great Western, and Northern Railways have been in the habit of publishing their traffic weekly, in the newspapers, from the other lines we have hitherto heard nothing, so that the Auditor's statement contains a great deal that has not hitherto reached the public. Moreover, it is of interest and of advantage to have the whole Railway Traffic of the Province thus brought before the commercial community at one view. The Auditor classifies the receipts under the three usual heads—Receipts from Passengers, Freight, Mails and Sundries—and then presents the following totals:—

NAME OF RAILWAY	Total		Miles in operation.	
	July, 1885.	July, 1884.	1885.	1884.
Great Western Railway	\$211,375	\$176,669	345	345
Grand Trunk Railway	440,731	412,229	1,377	1,353
London and Port Stanley Ry	3,110	3,324	25	25
Wendell Railway	9,757	12,934	25	25
Northern Railway (week)	31,404	37,048	94	94
Port Hope and Lindsay Ry	8,881	10,371	43	43
Cobourg & Peterborough Ry				
Brookville and Ottawa Ry	6,431	7,225	81	64
Pre-scott and Ottawa Ry	6,243	7,056	54	54
Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly R. (week)				
St. Lawrence and Industry Railway	967	801	12	12
Carillon and Grenville Ry.	657	1	1	1
Total	\$745,996	\$687,917	2,556	2,556

It is interesting to calculate, from this table, the receipts of the various roads per mile per week. The average on all the lines is \$22.7, and the earnings, per mile, on each of them are as under:—

Carillon and Grenville	\$10.33
Brookville and Ottawa	19.41
St. Lawrence and Industry	20.77
Pre-cott and Ottawa	28.50
London and Port Stanley	31.16
Port Hope, L. & B.	50.47
Grand Trunk	84.74
Wendell	97.95
Northern	111.36
Great Western	153.17

* No return for July.
 † No returns received.

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

Importers of all descriptions of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE

IRON.

STEEL.

PIG IRON.

PAINTS.

OILS.

GLASS.

CORDAGE.

RUBBER and LEATHER BELTING, &c., &c.

Manufacturers of

S A W S .

Circular, Gang, Cross-cut, Web, &c.

Mocock's celebrated

AXES, EDGE TOOLS, &c.

MONTREAL REFINED IRON:

Bars and Sheets, Cut Scrap Nails.

Pressed, Clinch and Finishing Iron and Zinc Sheet.

Bills, Brads, &c.

Agents for Sharpe & Davy's English Gunpowder

Agents for Commercial Union Assurance Company

Fire and Life, of London, England

Agents for National Provincial Marine Assurance

Company of London, England

Warehouse and Offices, 385 & 387 St. Paul street.

Manufactories on Laehne Canal

Montreal.

Thus it does not seem to be the roads that have the greatest amount of traffic per week per mile that are the most profitable to their owners. The Great Western, which has the heaviest traffic, is often without dividends, while the Carillon and Grenville, which has the least, is reported to pay well.

We understand that this Railway traffic statement is only one of a set of tables which the Government intend laying before the public every month, and which will, taken together, give our merchants and economists a complete view of the foreign commerce, internal traffic, public revenue and expenditure, and banking transactions, of the country. If this be so, and if the Government continue such publication regularly, the *Canada Gazette* will be looked for with far more interest than it has hitherto been. To bring the Government *bureau* thus into friendly relations with the community at large, will be a step deserving of the greatest commendation, showing that the Administration understands, at least in this one respect, the spirit of the times in which we live.

PORK-PACKING IN UPPER CANADA.

SOME time ago we gave an article on "Pork-packing throughout the year," in which we pointed out to the few months of the Winter season, and pointed out the advantages which would result, if this course were generally adopted. It will be remembered that we referred to an establishment in Hamilton designed for this purpose, which had been consumed by fire some time previous. We are glad now, however, to notice that it is again in successful operation, having been re-erected in the most complete manner, with every appliance, and at very considerable expense. The establishment is owned by Mr J. T. Davis of Liverpool, England, who is represented in Canada by Mr Atkinson, a most worthy and efficient manager. The quantity of live hogs which they buy from the farmers throughout the year, and which they kill and prepare for the English market, is much larger than is generally understood, and the exportation which this house is making of Canadian bacon and hams cannot fail to have a most beneficial effect. The whole business is conducted on scientific principles by thoroughly practical and experienced men and Mr Davis, in Liverpool, finds no difficulty whatever in disposing of the entire products of his establishment at satisfactory profits. In view of the possible repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, this mode of transacting business in pork is most important. There is no doubt whatever that we could produce a much larger quantity of this article, and procure a remunerative market for it, if the trade were only conducted on proper principles.

We notice, also, with pleasure that the building in Toronto known as the "Commercial Mills," is about being prepared for an extensive pork factory, we presume under similar arrangements as those at Hamilton.

REFORM NOW.

NO position in the world requires a greater amount of ability and prudence than that of the merchant. No profession demands closer attention and more constant supervision, and in none is there so large an amount of apprehension and anxiety. The career of the merchant is essentially a game of skill. Without ability it is almost impossible he should succeed, and without the strictest attention to details, there is no hope of success. Yet how futile does it seem that a merchant should labour the year round to accumulate profits, and find at the end of the year that the balance to his credit is greatly lessened by bad debts. He labours to no purpose for the extension of his business if the result of increased exertions is counterbalanced by increased losses. There is no department of business which requires greater watchfulness, and none in which there is greater liability to failure, than in granting credits. The firm that continuously assumes hazardous accounts is certain to collapse. The experience has been, and always will be, that no matter how profitable may be the prices obtained, they will never compensate for improper risks. Besides the prospect of positive loss from weak accounts, the anxiety and increased exertion which they necessitate is most trying.

Any rapid extension of trade is sure to result in the creation of a number of this class of accounts. This was especially the case in Canada from 1860 to 1863, the rapidity with which new establishments sprung up all over Canada West was startling. There was hardly a locality in which the legitimate trade was not divided and subdivided by a number of new establishments in the proportion of three to one, as compared with even the palmy days of '61. The consequence was an amount of competition and reckless trading which was most destructive of all profits and very generally disastrous. We believe the merchants of Montreal were a good deal to blame for this condition of things. A very great increase had taken place in the imports at this point, and more, the usual pressure was made to sell goods; and, we fear, not the greatest amount of discrimination was exercised in the choice of parties to whom sales were made. Other cities were not quite blameless, however, and the general result could not fail to be unsatisfactory. Unquestionably the depression of the past year was greatly enhanced by the existence of a large number of unnecessary and unprofitable establishments throughout the country, and there is no doubt that next to the deficient crops, the failure of this class of traders has largely augmented the misfortunes of the year. A new season is now upon us. We have lived through a most critical period in the commercial history of the country, and we think it is most important that an improved system of transacting business should be adopted. If it is a fact that risky accounts are dangerous, is it not wise to avoid them? Should the experience of the past three years be lost upon our importers? We are now receiving an amount of imports which will require no very great exertion to place in profitable and safe hands, and it appears to us very desirable that more than the ordinary care should be exercised in discriminating to whom these should be sold. There can be no excuse whatever for assuming undue risks; and if the trade of the country is ever to be placed on a proper and legitimate footing, there never was a period when so much could be accomplished toward that end as now. Every importer has an interest in the success of the legitimate and honest retail trader, and if he encourages the unworthy and unnecessary dealers by unwise credit, he effectually prevents success to the more deserving. Men lacking alike capital, character and capacity, who may be successful in obtaining credits, act as financial lepers, and taint the commercial atmosphere in which they exist. With nothing to lose, and everything to gain, it is useless for the capable and honest trader to contend with them. A moral responsibility rests with every grantor of credit, and he who is in the habit of entrusting his goods to this class, deserves not only to make bad losses, but should be held up to the condemnation of the entire trade.

There will for the next few months be a great effort made on the part of the retailers to collect in their outstandings, and we believe it will result in the reduction of a large amount of their indebtedness to importers. Experience, however, teaches us to suspect that the amounts said to be due by farmers to store-keepers have been greatly exaggerated, and in not a few cases we fear it will be found that the surplus which apparently existed in outstandings has no existence at all. After the developments of the past

year, in seasonality, we are prepared to hear almost anything in the shape of misrepresentation and deceit by a certain class of traders; and our importers will do well to closely scan the statements submitted to them before granting new credits. It is a pretty safe rule that where doubt exists, the grantor of credit should take the benefit of the doubt; and if our importers will but pursue the conservative policy which so far, in this year has guided them, we cannot but think that the best results will follow.

PRODUCE PROSPECTS.

THE Department of Agriculture at Washington has just completed a statistical showing of the condition of the crops in the United States as reported by its correspondents on the 1st of August. At that time the harvest had not been secured, but from the estimates made, a marked deficiency was apprehended as compared with 1864. The figures are as follows:—

Crop of 1864	bush	160,635,823
Estimates for 1865	134,454,125
Decrease bush.	26,211,698

The loss is as follows:—

In the New England and Middle States	bush	657,383
In Maryland and Delaware	1,719,675
In Western and Northwestern States	23,834,744
Total	bush	26,211,698

The Department has issued another circular calling for similar returns on the 1st of September, when, it is probable, information of a more definite character will be obtained. An attempt will also be made to ascertain the amount of old wheat in the country. If it should prove to be a fact that the crop of this year is even less than that of last, it may have a most important effect upon prices, especially in view of the existing condition of things in Europe. The last two or three steamers indicate a continual advance in bread-stuffs. In Liverpool, within ten days, wheat has got dearer nearly in twopenny a bushel, and in other places in proportion. In France also marked improvement has taken place. These circumstances imply an anticipated deficiency in the growing crops, which, if correct, will influence prices all over the world to a very material extent. While we cannot but deplore the misfortune of bad crops anywhere, it should make us doubly grateful that in Canada we have a large surplus, and will be benefitted thereby.

We present herewith an important table, showing the proportions of wheat and flour received in Great Britain from all quarters of the globe for the six months ending June 30th last, as compared with the two previous years:—

	WHEAT.		
	1863.	1864.	1865.
Total importation.	10,758,059	10,047,102	7,402,268
From	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Russia	11	12	36
Prussia	23	23	59
Denmark	1	4	3
Schleswig	1	14	2
Mecklenburg	2	3	1
Hanse Towns	1	31	3
France	1	4	6
Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia	21	21	5
Egypt	15	4	—
United States	35	28	3
British North America	2	11	01
Other countries	2	21	71
	100	100	100

	FLOUR.		
	1863.	1864.	1865.
Total importation.	2,425,255	2,771,751	1,922,375
From	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Hanse Towns	7	6	8
France	27	48	79
United States	57	10	7
British North America	6	4	1
Other countries	3	2	5
	100	100	100

The changes indicated by these figures are startling. It will be observed that while America contributed in 1863 and '64 over one-third of the entire quantity of wheat imported by the United Kingdom, the amount fell off in 1865 to three per cent! The deficiency has been supplied by Russia, the proportion having risen from twelve to thirty-six per cent in the year. The London Times remarks that "few instances have been known of sudden changes in the course of trade more striking than that which these figures exhibit."

If the result of the harvest in the United States should be as indicated by the above figures from Washington, and if the fears of a partial failure in crops in England and France should prove true, it seems more than probable that the recent advance in prices may be maintained. Still the fact that in a

single year Russia should trouble her exports, and this during the season of depressed prices, shows how impossible it is to calculate upon future supply or demand in the English market. After all, that policy is the true one which realizes a profit at the earliest moment. The recent advance in prices ought to stimulate early deliveries of Canadian grain; and it is to be hoped that both farmers and shippers will hasten to avail themselves of the improved condition of the market, and not run unwise risks in the hope of better rates.

The condition of Produce matters in England at latest dates is thus epitomized in the circular of Messrs. Biddell, Picard & Co., London, August 12, by the Paris Press:—

"A great deal of rain has fallen the last forty-eight hours, which has stopped harvest work entirely. About one-fifth of the English wheat crop has been housed, two-fifths more have been cut, and are waiting to be carried; and the remaining two-fifths are still standing. Complaints of blight, rust, and mildew are on the increase, and some of the white wheats have sprouted. There can be no longer much doubt that the crop will fall below an average, and that a considerable portion of it at least will be in such condition as to render it unfit for market till the Spring. Under these circumstances, there is no doubt that we shall require more than an average import of foreign wheat and flour, during the next six months; and considering that the crop, but a middling one, at best, both in Europe and America, it would seem unquestionable that to attract to our shores the necessary supplies, we must offer the temptation of higher prices than those now current. Such is the general feeling of the trade, but expectations of improvement have been so often disappointed of late years, that people seem to regard any price above 40s. per qr. as unsafe, and follow an advance with great hesitation. The potato disease has appeared in a bad form in some parts of Ireland, and the present damp hot weather is calculated to develop it. Our markets have been in a feverish state this week, varying with every change in the weather, but closing at a further advance of 1s to 2s. per quarter. In France, prices continue to tend upwards, and the crop is unquestionably short and the quality poor."

CANADA GLASS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THIS enterprising Company held its First Annual Meeting recently at the office of its secretary, Mr. A. McK. Cochrane, St. Paul st. The President, Benjamin Lyman, Esq., who was one of the founders of the Company, occupied the chair, and presented the Annual Report. It appears the Company has been in operation eight months, and has given a dividend of eight per cent, beside placing a small amount to the contingent fund. The glass manufactured was declared by some of the largest dealers to be equal to the English, and superior to that imported from the United States. The buildings of the Company, erected at Hudson, are of a superior class, and the houses built for the work people are very comfortable, and well suited to their wants. Over eighty hands are employed in the works. It is the intention to increase this capital, and commence the manufacture of flint glass, which is generally more profitable than the green, to which the attention of this Company has hitherto been confined. If well managed, glass manufacture is one of the most profitable of all the industrial arts, and we congratulate the Company upon its success.

Canadian Iron.

We are happy to hear that the great mineral resources on the Canada side of Lake Superior are attracting the attention of American capitalists, and that very enterprising efforts are about being made towards their development. We understand that a Boston Company have bought several thousand acres of rich mineral land, some thirty miles north-west of Sault Ste. Marie, and are erecting machinery and all the necessary appliances for a success. There is no possible doubt that iron and other minerals exist in paying quantities in all parts of this region; and it needs only the magic touch of capital and skilled labour to be productive of the most satisfactory result. We trust that the new enterprise, although it is composed of foreigners, may be eminently successful. Better that our resources should be developed even by strangers, than not developed at all.

Custom House Receipts.

We give daily receipts at the Custom House here for week:—

	1864.	1865.
Friday, 18th August	\$24,061.99	\$14,991.09
Saturday, 19th "	23,572.41	833.00
Monday, 21st "	6,477.86	23,422.18
Tuesday, 22nd "	33,591.99	41,318.76
Wednesday, 23rd "	20,630.41	16,753.69
Thursday, 24th "	39,997.61	13,732.01
	\$148,272.27	\$116,832.72

THE FUTURE OF OUR COUNTRY.

(ARTICLE IV.)

THE third and last topic we proposed to consider was "The Future of our Country." It was remarked by the Hon. D'Arcy McGee, that the first shot fired at Fort Sumter was a warning to Canadians that North America was entering upon a new era of its history. We do not entirely agree with the inferences which Mr. McGee drew from this event; but nothing can be truer than that the present time is pregnant with great events. The neighbouring Republic is rising, phoenix like, from amid the fires of a great revolution—her soil red with the blood of her sors, and wet with her widows' and orphans' tears. In Canada, thank Providence, we have no anarchy—no violence—no bloodshed. But that man is slow to discover the signs of the times, who perceives not that our country is on the eve of great changes—that a peaceful revolution is at our very doors. To use the words of Lord Monck, that "a new nationality" is about to spring into existence.

In choosing our future state of political existence, there are but three courses open to us. We must either continue a colony of Great Britain; join our fortunes to the United States; or become an independent government. A great deal of false delicacy has been manifested by Parliament and the Press in referring to these topics. We find no such "gingerbread" loyalty among the statesmen and writers of the mother country. They have "ventilated" every one of these contingencies as to the future of Canada; and in the remarks we propose to offer, we shall endeavour to speak with the same manliness, fairness and candour. Patriotism is described by a wise man to be "an enlightened self-interest," and it is therefore the highest patriotism for Canadians to consider and choose the best political condition for their future happiness and prosperity.

The writer will yield to none in his veneration for Great Britain, and attachment to many of her noble institutions. During last year he stood amidst her bustling, enterprising cities; he viewed the rich meadows of England, the mountains and lochs of Scotland, and old Erin's green hills, and he felt proud of our nursing mother. And what true-hearted Canadian could feel otherwise? Was it not there that civil and religious liberty had its birth? Have not her warriors covered her flag with glory in every clime; her statesmen been renowned in every age; and her poets, philosophers, divines, and scholars, been the wonder and admiration of the world? And does she not stand to-day, as for centuries past, "Mistress of the Seas," her fleets whitening every ocean, and laden with the riches of commerce—riches more precious than Ophir's gold? Contrasted with Britain, the achievements of ancient Greece and Rome pale; and in these national triumphs we have been permitted to share. We feel proud of our connection with "the sea-girt isle;" and, whatever may be our country's destiny, we shall ever cherish the warmest affection and reverence for the dear old land.

But what contemplative mind has not felt of late that, though our affection for Great Britain remains undiminished, the inexorable march of time is loosening the ties of interest which bind us together? As a colony, the mother country has been of great advantage to us; her support and protection have been given ungrudgingly and unselfishly. But Canada cannot now be called a colony with propriety. Disguise it as we may, when Confederation takes place, a new nation will be born. This fact it is which, conjoined with our internal commercial relations with the United States, is fast causing our paths to diverge—our interests to clash. The defence question well illustrates this point. What has been its history? At the breaking out of the slaveholders' rebellion, Great Britain urged Canada to make preparations for defence. Our Parliament replied by throwing out the costly Militia Bill brought in by the Government of the day. Every few months since—and now as strongly as ever—we have been impudently to erect fortifications, and place our militia on a war footing. Our Government delays and hesitates to comply—and why? Simply because nine-tenths of our people are utterly opposed to the building of fortifications, and regard such an expenditure as a useless, unnecessary and reckless waste of public money. Now, is Great Britain wrong in persistently pressing us to arm? We cannot say she is. From her point of view, her statesmen are acting wisely. The Alabama and other disputes have evidenced that war with the United States is not impossible. They see that Canada is their weak point; that,

situated side by side with the American Republic, and three thousand miles from them, there is danger that the empire may be humbled through this country. They therefore insist that we shall erect costly defensive works. Well, then, is Canada wrong in refusing? Who can say she is, when we see no danger of trouble, except in consequence of some Imperial dispute, and our interests lie not in arming against, but in cultivating the most friendly commercial intercourse with our American neighbours? The truth is, that what is the best policy for Great Britain on this important question, is the worst policy for us. The sooner this is candidly acknowledged and explained to the Home Government, the better it will be for both countries.

The connection subsisting between Canada and Britain has become anomalous and dangerous to both. We are connected with Europe, whilst our interests are essentially those of this continent. The only danger in the world which menaces the mother country, arises from her unprofitable guardianship of British America; and it is no less true, that our greatest danger arises from our connection with her! If war should unhappily arise—which God forbid!—Canada must be the battle-ground, and a single campaign would make it a heap of ruins! British troops and Canadian militia might defend the country so as to retain possession of it, but they could not defend it from war's horrors and desolation. Fortifications or no fortifications—victorious or defeated—the complete destruction of Canada would be certain. Is it to be wondered at, under these circumstances, that some of the foremost politicians of Great Britain are desirous of relieving their country from the danger which its connection with Canada entails, or that many in this country anxiously wish to be relieved from a position so unfortunate as the selected battle ground for the two most powerful nations in the world?

The arguments advanced regarding defence and war apply with equal force to commercial affairs. Every unit added to our population, every dollar to our wealth, increases the divergence between our interests. With far-seeing wisdom and generous liberality, British statesmen have long taught us to expect and prepare for a change in our political relations; and many believe, with Goldwin Smith, Lord Bury, and other writers, that the change would now promote the interests of both countries. Regarding the question there is no necessity for haste or rashness. But we submit to our statesmen whether the time has not arrived, when the welfare of the empire, not less than the safety and prosperity of Canada, demand that we should enter upon a new state of political existence.

RAILWAY POSTAL SERVICE.

THE following is an abstract of the Report of the Commission appointed to determine the rates to be paid to Railways for Postal service.

Mr. Brydges considers that the difficulties encountered by the Grand Trunk Railway Company, in carrying out these undertakings, should influence the rate to be paid for work done by them. The Commission exclude this consideration.

The Railways urge the high prices paid in Great Britain and Ireland, as justifying similar prices here. The Commissioners think that argument entitled to no weight whatever, because these high prices are all for "Post-office trains," of which the Postmaster-General prescribes the hour of departure and the stopping places. Besides, they argue, the greater the traffic, the greater the danger of interference, and the higher the remuneration must be.

The Railways then put forward, as precedents, the rates paid in the States. The Commissioners examine the circumstances of the mail service on several of the U. S. lines, and come to the conclusion, that, as the cases are not analogous to those of our railroads, it would be unwise to follow the example set in any one of them, while it would be unsafe to strike an average.

The Railways next state that the Post-office compartment would hold fifteen passengers, and that the Government should pay for each trip the through fare of that number of persons. The Commissioners are clear that mail bags are not passengers, but freight; and that, moreover, the carriage of the mails does not exclude a single passenger.

Upon the whole, the Commissioners think that the Post-office Department, requiring a space capable of containing three and one-third tons of freight, must pay for that weight at the same rate that the public would have to pay for the like accommodation.

But to what class of freight does mail matter be-

long? The Commissioners say it cannot be regarded as first-class freight, by reason of its peculiar bulk, or weight, or value. Not by reason of bulk, because the Post-office is charged for all the space it requires, and the mail matter must be contained within it. Its weight is ridiculously below the weight paid for. Its value is indeed great, but as it is in charge of the servants of the Post-office, the responsibility of the Company is reduced to a minimum. The Commissioners justify this view, by an examination of the rates paid by Express companies for their space.

The rate is, therefore, fixed by the Commissioners at 5 cents per train mile, for freight train speed.

To allow for passenger train speed, the Commissioners examine the relative cost of running freight and passenger trains, and make what they consider a liberal addition of 60 per cent. for quick trains, and 20 per cent. for slow ones. This makes the allowance, payable on all

ORDINARY ROADS,

8 cents per train mile for quick trains.
6 cents do. do. for mixed do.

In the case of the Grand Trunk road, which carries a much heavier mail than the others, and "without "conducted," an extra allowance is made; and, for similar reasons, a somewhat higher rate is allowed the Great Western, the sums being:—

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

10 cents per mile for quick trains.
6 cents " " mixed do.

CHAMPLAIN RAILWAY.

10 cents per mile for quick trains.
6 cents " " mixed do.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

9 cents per mile for quick trains.
6 cents " " mixed do.

If the Post-office Department should require more than one-third of a car, the extra space to be paid for in proportion. No extra charge is to be allowed for conveying the officers of the P. O. Department—this being considered an offset against the continuity of the Government business. And in cases where the Department pays for a double service, it is to be entitled to send mail bags, in charge of the Company's servants, by any other train that may be run.

As regards the Grand Trunk, Great Western, and Northern roads, these rates are to commence from September, 1868, when these Companies protested against the payment then fixed.

It will be seen, from the above, that Vice-Chancellor Blake, Judge Day, and Mr. G. W. Wicksteed have at any rate made a clear report, easy to understand. We apprehend it will govern all future relations of the Railways with the Post-office Department.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

James Baillie & Co.
Bankhage, Beak & Co.
Wm. Benjamin & Co.
James P. Clark
John Dougall & Co.
Foulds & Hodgson.
Gilmour, White & Co.
Lewis, Kay & Co.
Thomas May & Co.
McIntyre, Denoon & Co.
Munderloh & Steencken.
Ogilvy & Co.
Bingland, Ewart & Co.
A. Robertson & Co.
Stirling, McCall & Co.
William Stephen & Co.
Thomson, Claxton & Co.
Alexander Walker.
George Winks & Co.

THIS may be considered the first week of Fall season. During the past ten days a considerable portion of the early fall importation has changed hands. The first demands on our trade have been made by buyers from the extreme South and West of Canada, showing that the demand for goods near the frontier must be good. We can hardly consider the stocks as yet complete for this season of the year. Many kinds of goods are scarce, and hard to obtain. During the present week, however, these wants will be supplemented. As far as we can gather, we learn that Grey Domestic, Prints, and all classes of Cotton goods will be scarce this season. It is questionable if there will be any surplus stocks of this class of goods. Woollen goods will be in fair supply, and may be slightly in excess of early requirements. Of Fancy goods there will be plenty. Next week promises to be the heaviest of the season. The large Catalogue Sale,—perhaps the largest ever held in Montreal,—consisting of about 400 packages of assorted goods, will attract a large number of buyers from all parts of the Province. At one time it was supposed the importations for the Fall would be light. The improved tone of things generally, however, has had its effect, we notice, on business on the other side. Some of the shipments, as per late manifests, are large, and there is evidence of pretty large importations. The harvesting of Fall and Spring Grain is now pretty well over, and, as far as can be ascertained, things promise most favourable for the Fall.

THE INSOLVENT ACT.

THE following defects in the operation of this Act in Upper Canada have been pointed out to us. They concern that portion of it under which an insolvent's estate is placed in compulsory liquidation. It was surely to have been expected that sufficient attention would have been devoted to the process by which this is effected to prevent its being the miserable burlesque it has proved to be. Our informant has noted *seriatim* the objectionable features, and he calls our attention to the fact that the facility with which judgment by default is obtained is not due to the Insolvent Act, but to the ordinary practice existing under the Common Law Procedure Act in force in Upper Canada. The Insolvent Act however provides no remedy for the injury done to creditors by this operation of the law.

1. Under sub-section *d*, section 3, a debtor who has procured his property to be taken in execution, thereby renders his estate subject to attachment. Although writs of attachment have been issued where debtors have suffered judgment by default in favour of one creditor, and put in a sham defence to the claims of others, there is no doubt that in such cases the writs have issued within the spirit, but altogether without the letter of the statute. The introduction of the words in italics (making the clause read thus: "Or if with such intent he has *suffered* or procured his money, &c., to be taken in execution") would have effectually prevented all the hardship complained of.

2. Under sub-section 3 of the same section, it is enacted that "after hearing the parties and such evidence as may be adduced before him, the judge may grant the prayer of the petition" to set aside the demand for an assignment. In one instance a judge refused to admit any other evidence than what was embodied in affidavits, believing that to be the true meaning of this clause. The introduction of the words "and witnesses" would prevent the possibility of so strange a construction being put on these words in any future case. The county judges in Upper Canada are not all men of first rate abilities; some of them are mere political appointees, others successful but not very learned lawyers, and even the learned among them are not infallible. An Act for ready use and prompt application, such as an Insolvent Act ought to be, should be clear, precise and yet wide enough in its terms, that "even a fool may not err therein."

3. Under sub-section 9, no power is given to the sheriff to break open doors as under a commission in bankruptcy. In one case the want of such a provision has been a loss of \$400 or 10s. in the £ to creditors. The insolvent had his doors closed when the sheriff came with the writ, and forbade his entrance to his dwelling. The place was watched, but the fellow managed to get the goods through a trap on the roof, and fly the country with the greater part of them before a writ of replevin enabled the assignee to enter. Again, the same paragraph provides that the authority of the sheriff's officer shall be established by a copy of the writ. Why should not a sheriff's warrant be sufficient, as in ordinary cases?

4. The right to oppose the writ of attachment is reserved to the debtor only. Suppose the case of a fraudulent attempt to place an estate in compulsory liquidation (and one such is fully known to the writer), no creditor has any right to interfere. Even should one be more precipitate than the rest, dissenting creditors may only stand by and look on.

5. If a county judge refuses to grant a writ of attachment, or if he quashes a writ on insufficient grounds, or if he decides that a debtor's stoppage of payment is only temporary in the face of his request for 15 months' time, as was the case in one instance, there appears to be no appeal. The Court of Chancery seems willing to insinuate its jurisdiction, but there does not appear any well defined appellate jurisdiction vested in that or any other Court by the Act.

The Leather Market.

Spanish Sole.—In consequence of the large sales lately effected, this description has been firmly held during the past week, and prices have now advanced about 1c. per lb., and best No. 1 may be quoted at 19c. to 20c. Sales have been moderate, and receipts limited. **Slaughter Sole** comes forward sparingly; and for Heavy the demand is good, at about the same rates as Spanish. **Harness**—Stocks are limited, and the inquiry for Medium is fair, at from 19c. to 21c. **Waxed Upper**—There is not much stock in market, and the demand is small, from Heavy to Light; prices range from 25c. to 30c.

HARVEST HOME!

I looked o'er waving fields
Of golden, bearded grain,
That danced on gentle uplands,
Rippled o'er many a plain,
And my heart was glad and thankful,
Earth's promise seemed so fair;
"Oh, give our hope's fruition!"
Hope found a voice in prayer.

I looked again—and lo!
The reaper had been there,
And shouts of joy and gladness
Rang through the ambient air,
And my heart was still more thankful,
Thankful to God the good:—
Hope had become fruition:
Earth, rich with garnered food.

MONTREAL, August 24, 1865.

BANK STATEMENTS FOR JULY, 1865.

ASSETS INVESTED.	
Loans.....	\$43,237,560
Other Debts.....	3,604,683
Government Securities.....	7,042,799
Landed property.....	2,897,392
	\$56,782,434
AVAILABLE.	
Specie.....	\$5,362,547
Banks, net due by.....	100,567
	\$5,463,114
LIABILITIES.	
Deposits not bearing Interest.....	\$10,884,292
" bearing Interest.....	14,092,620
Circulation.....	8,066,202
	\$33,043,114

1. *General position of the Banks.*—Compared with that of previous month the total investments have increased \$260,000, and the indebtedness to the public decreased \$965,345; the available assets are less by \$1,229,204. So that if these figures were to bear the usual interpretation, they would indicate that the business of the country for July was not only flat but decidedly retrograde.

2. *Loans.*—There is a decrease of \$53,458 only in the total loans, but the changes for the month in some of the Banks are considerable. It is not worth while however to particularize, as the month of July is generally a dull month, coming as it does between the close of Spring operations and those of the Fall, and offers but little attraction to statistical criticism.

3. *Other Debts due.*—There is a small increase here, to which we only allude as an evidence of the slow process of collecting debts once they get into arrear. Each year's earnings or product of labour, looking at the nation as a whole, lasts but one year. "Give us our daily bread" is all that the highest records asks for; and if either Banker or Merchant depends on the future efforts of the debtor after his capital is gone, experience is against a happy issue to such expectations. But "hope tells a flattering tale," and the first loss is rarely looked upon as the least. The total amount of past due paper held by the Banks is half a million more than this time twelve months ago.

4. *Government Securities.*—These are increased \$304,330, nearly all in the Montreal Bank; but as we have not heard of the issue by Government of any long Debentures in the usual way of making Government loans, this is connected very likely with the working of the Government banking business; and, although *Government security*, there may be no permanent investment in it. Let us hope that returning prosperity in the trade of the country may render it unnecessary for the Banks to go out of the usual course for investment.

5. *Specie.*—The total decrease is \$1,014,573, or a loss of one-sixteenth of the stock in thirty days. Half of this is returned by the Bank of Montreal; the Quebec Bank \$100,000; the Bank B. N. America, \$60,000; Molsons Bank, \$34,000; the Ontario Bank, \$200,000; Bank Nationale, \$77,000; with of course corresponding effects on other items in the returns—such as balances with other Banks, deposits, and circulation. We doubt if the specie line has for several years been so low in proportion to liabilities as at present. The movement of the Grain now harvested should give our bankers assistance in the way of incidental means to keep up their specie line, as well as to extend their business.

6. *Circulation.*—There is a decrease in this liability of \$161,922. As may be seen from the above statement of the general position of the Banks, the circulation stands now at \$8,066,202. At the corresponding dates in 1864, \$8,811,433; in 1863, \$8,749,267; in 1862, \$10,144,546. From the 1st August to the 1st November, three months, circulation rose \$1,000,000 in '64;

\$2,500,000 in '63; and \$1,000,000 in '62. There being an abundant harvest this year, the Banks should have fully \$3,000,000 more capital from this source in the next three months, besides deposits; that is to say, the Banks, in a position to pay out to farmers through wheat buyers, will enjoy this benefit. To the country Banks circulation is of value proportionate to their small capital; to the large Banks, not of great value as compared with several corporate disadvantages. With a free interest it would be less a snare to the acceptance of weak or uncertain accounts to both than now. When Lower Canada will be ripe for this, is not in any one's gift to say, except to the leader of that section in the House, who will seize the moment of power, and make this slow people take a step in advance, in spite of their antiquated notions.

7. *Deposits.*—Those not bearing interest are reduced \$812,811—nearly all in the Bank of Montreal, the Ontario, and Banque Nationale; whilst others have increased considerably—the Merchants Bank, for example, and the specie of this Bank also, since our last review. Deposits at interest are quite steady, though there is a considerable decrease in the Bank of Upper Canada, made up by increases in other Banks.

8. *Bank Balances.*—Those due to Banks are steady, but those due from Banks have been availed of to the extent of half a million.

THE GROCERY TRADE.

James Austin & Co.	E. Maitland, Tveie & Co.
I. Buchanan, Harris & Co.	J. A. & H. Mathewson.
Bacon, Clarke & Co.	H. J. Gear.
H. Chapman & Co.	Mitchell, Kinnear & Co.
Geo. Childs & Co.	William Wirtin & Co.
Converse, Colson & Lamb.	Reuter, Lionais & Co.
Jas. Douglas & Co.	Rimmer, Gunn & Co.
Forester, Muir & Co.	Robertson & Beattie.
Fitzpatrick & Moore.	David Robertson.
Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.	Haviland Bouth & Co.
B. Hutchins.	Sinclair, Jack & Co.
Jeffery, Brothers & Co.	Joe. Tiffin & Sons.
Kingsan & Kinloch.	David Torrance & Co.
Law, Young & Co.	Thompson, Murray & Co.
Loeming & Buchanan.	Alex. Urquhart & Co.
	Winn & Holland.

THE market does not manifest much increased activity, although some slight local demand is apparent, and jobbers are to a certain extent sorting up their stocks. The variations during the week in prices are not, of consequence, worthy of note; arrivals since our last have been insignificant, and stocks are on all hands light. Considerable enquiry still exists for goods in bond for the American Markets, but, as we intimated in our previous issue, stocks are very bare. Advances by the Persia report Tea unchanged with exception of inferior, which are lower. Large purchases have been made for America of Uncoloured Japans and fine greens, which classes are firm with an upward tendency. Considerable parcels of Sugars are reported having been bought on Canadian account, which staple has declined 6d. Coffee inactive. Rice very firm.

Petroleum.

The price of crude oil at the wells is now \$6.50 per barrel. The stock on hand of refined all over Canada is less by at least ten thousand barrels than at this time, last year. A large number of refineries have been closed and there appears every prospect of a firm market. Of course the demand increases as the season advances; and unless some very remarkable development takes place at the wells in the next two months, Canadian oil is likely to maintain the present price. We understand that two or three American Companies at Bothwell declined to sell the product of their wells, preferring to take it to their own country, where, although they pay an exorbitant duty, they get a drawback when manufactured and exported. This, in some measure, accounts for the scarcity of oil in this Province in view of the increased production. Accounts from the oil regions during the past week continued favourable.

Freights.

Business during the week has been very dull, and our prices are more or less nominal. We give the prices for this year as compared with corresponding period of last year.

	1864.	1865.
	S. D.	S. D.
To Liverpool—Grain.....	5 3	4 0
Flour.....	2 6 to 2 9	2 6 to 2 9
Potashes.....	22 6	30
Pearl ashes.....	27 6	40
" Glasgow—Grain.....	5 9	4
Flour.....	2 6 to 2 9	2 6 to 2 9
Potashes.....	22 6	30
Pearl ashes.....	27 6	40

To the Lower Ports freights rule exactly the same as last year, 2s. to 2s. 3d. for flour to Halifax, and the same rate to St. Johns, Newfoundland.

FAILURES-MEETINGS OF CREDITORS FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF ASSIGNEES UNDER THE INSOLVENCY ACT OF 1864.

Table with columns: NAME AND RESIDENCE, TO BE HELD AT OFFICE OF, DATE. Lists various creditors and their meeting locations and dates.

ASSIGNEES APPOINTED.

Table with columns: NAME OF INSOLVENT, RESIDENCE, NAME OF ASSIGNEE. Lists insolvent names and their appointed assignees.

WRITS OF ATTACHMENT ISSUED.

Table with columns: DEFENDANT'S NAME AND RESIDENCE, PLAINTIFF'S NAME, DATE. Lists legal proceedings and dates.

STOCK MARKET.

Table with columns: Bank/Institution, Closing prices, Last Week's Prices, Corresponding week, 1864. Lists various banks and their stock prices.

IMPORTS FROM 1st JANUARY.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

We present herewith a table showing the imports at Montreal of the leading items in trade, from 1st January to 24th August of present year as compared with the same period last year:-

Table with columns: Item, 1864, 1865, Decrease. Lists various goods and their import values for 1864 and 1865.

AVERAGE PRICES OF GRAIN.

Table with columns: Grain type, Friday Aug. 15, Saturday 16, Monday 17, Tuesday 18, Wednesday 19, Highest prices 24, For the week, Corresponding week 1864. Lists grain prices over time.

WEEKLY PRICES CURRENT-MONTREAL, AUGUST 24, 1865.

Large table with columns: NAME OF ARTICLE, CURRENT RATES, NAME OF ARTICLE, CURRENT RATES, NAME OF ARTICLE, CURRENT RATES. Lists various commodities like Groceries, Wine, Hardware, Soap, etc. and their current market rates.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

THE past week has been one of considerable activity in all kinds of Breadstuffs and Provisions. The news by the Persia from Liverpool of unsettled weather and damage sustained by the crops, added to the accounts from the Western States of injury from the same cause to the wheat, which had been cut, caused an active demand to spring up. The market is cleared of all desirable brands, and closes firm at the advance; and although the sudden rise is viewed with suspicion as being too rapid to last, the prospects for a good demand for shipment to Britain are brighter this Fall than for some considerable time past.

Provisions have shared in the general activity, and prices have also slightly advanced. Ashes form an exception, and are dull and drooping. The cheaper substitutes discovered appear to be gradually superseding the use of the vegetable alkali, except at a reduced price.

Flour.—Arrivals have continued small, and, with the speculative advance in the West, and a corresponding rise in the Eastern States, in which our own market has in a considerable measure participated, we have to note an active demand, and some advance in most goods. Extras, being wanted for the American market, have been quite excited for the past few days, and sales of the choicer brands have been made at \$6 to \$6.50, while good samples of Single Extra have latterly brought in the vicinity of \$6, more or less, according to quality, &c. Fancies, though actively competed for, are less excited, and may be quoted at \$5.40 to \$5.60. Superfine of all kinds have steadily advanced, Western now taking rank with ordinary brands of Canada Supers. Strong Bakers' Flour, however, still commanding exceptional rates; we give as the range \$4.90 to \$5.25, the latter exceptional, and only for the choicest samples. No. 2 is scarce, and wanted, all samples finding buyers at their full relative worth; \$4.40 to \$4.60 may be given as the range. The lower grades are in fair supply, and the damage to the Western Wheat making it probable that the supply of such will be large this season, there is little speculation; some improvement, as the result of the general advance, may, however, be noted.

BAG FLOUR.—The arrivals and demand have both been, as usual at this stage of the season, light, strong bright samples of U. C. Spring having the preference even at an advanced price; \$2.65 to \$2.80 may be quoted as the range from Western to good reliable Canadian.

WHEAT.—Has in some degree participated in the general activity. Canada Spring has advanced to 98c. to \$1. Red Winter has been sold at \$1.05, and White Winter is saleable at \$1.07 to \$1.10, according to quality.

COARSE GRAINS.—Remain without change or transactions worthy of note.

PORK.—Continues firmly held at \$23, at which there is a moderate demand for small parcels.

BUTTER.—Receipts during the week have been light; and, with a stronger feeling and somewhat advanced rates in Britain, there has been during the past day or two a good deal of competition for good to fine parcels; and rather higher prices have been secured in some instances, from shippers having orders on hand, which they were anxious to fill for the next steamer. It is most probable that these high prices will stimulate the manufacture of the article during the fall months, when large quantities will be placed on the market. Shippers then having a larger assortment to select from, are certain to be more discriminating in their purchases, and inferior will be either totally rejected, or only taken at a material reduction in price. Merchants having summer made Butter on hand will consult their interests by profiting by the present activity and high prices, sending their stocks to market while they are likely to meet with a ready and profitable sale.

CHEESE.—Is in better demand, and full prices are more readily paid, especially for strictly choice Factory—the British market having recovered from its depression, and a slight advance on previous quotations having been established.

LARD.—Stocks and demand are both light, and prices continue unchanged.

ASHES.—Pots continue to droop; heavy tars alone command full prices. The British market shows no signs of rallying. Pearls, in consequence of an advance in Britain, are in better demand, and a rise of about 5c. has been secured on the week, especially for good tars. Pots are quoted at \$5 to \$5.05 both for Firsts and Inferiors; Pearls \$5.30 to \$5.32.

The Stock Market.

The business done this week has been limited compared with previous weeks.

The demand still continues good, but the limited amount of favourite stocks in the market keeps the prices firm and a tendency upward. Ontario Bank has been sold at 100; La Banque du Peuple at 101; City Bank at 94, and Merchants Bank at 103.

Sterling Exchange is advancing, the rates to day for Bank Bills being from 109½ to 110.

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KINGSTON, C.W.
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The "GROCER" (Weekly). Subscription—20s. per year; post free if paid in advance. The Grocer is published every Saturday morning, and extensively circulated amongst Grocers, Oil and Colormen, Provision Merchants, Drysalers, General Dealers, Manufacturers, and General Merchants throughout the world. It contains the most reliable Price Current published, a LIST OF DUTIES PAID on every article in the Trade, Foreign and Home Correspondence, Latest Market Reports, Fairs, Markets, &c., &c. In the Advertisement pages may be seen the Price Lists of many of the principal Wholesale Houses and Manufacturers, and in fact a fund of most important information is supplied which is not to be obtained from any other source; thus from week to week the Tradesman is kept posted up in all matters relating to his business.

The "OIL TRADE REVIEW" (Monthly); Gratis to Subscribers to the Grocer. Subscription—5s. per year in advance. The Oil Trade Review is wholly devoted to the interests of the Trade which it represents. It contains Editorial Articles on the Prospects and Progress of the Trade, Letters from Reporters at the Canadian and Pennsylvania Oil Springs, New York, Montreal, Philadelphia, Havre, Hamburg, Liverpool, Bristol, Hull, &c.; Articles describing the various Modes of Manufacturing and Refining; the current Trade News, Prices Current, Patents, Correspondence, &c.

The "WINE TRADE REVIEW" (Monthly). Subscription—10s. per year in advance. The Wine Trade Review, as its title implies, is the special organ of the Wine Trade, and the recognised authority upon all matters relating to its interests. It is edited by a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with this branch of commerce, who is assisted by an able staff of contributors. The success which has attended the publication of Trade Journals, proves that the utility of class literature is properly appreciated. The advantage to the Man of Business of being able to obtain all the information he requires from one Journal is too evident to need argument.

The "BREWERS' JOURNAL" (Monthly), Gratis to Subscribers of the Wine Trade Review. Subscription—10s. per year.

The Advertisement Agent to the above named Periodicals will wait upon Advertisers by appointment. REMITTANCES to be addressed to WILLIAM REED.

Books for Review, General Business Letters, Orders for Advertisements, &c., to HENRY S. SIMPSON, Publisher.

Subscriptions and Advertisements received by Mr. J. V. MORGAN, 23 Hospital street, MONTREAL.

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GENERAL MERCHANTS,

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Also 200 hds. Choice Porto Rico Sugar; and 250 hds. Prime retailing Molasses.

10th August, 1865.

JOHN W. HOLCOMB,
M.A., LL.B. OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO, MEMBER
OF THE LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA,
OSGOODE HALL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 65 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

MR. HOLCOMB will give his attention to professional matters in New York and the adjacent States entrusted to his care by correspondents in the Western States and British American Provinces.

REFERENCES:
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Messrs. W. DARLING & Co., Montreal.
PATERSON, HARRISON, & PATERSON, Toronto.
Messrs. LYMAN ELLIOTT & Co., Toronto.
Messrs. GEORGE MICHIE & Co., Toronto.
MILES O'RIELLY, Esq., Q.C., Hamilton.
Aug. 11. 3 ms.

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	Tons Register.	Commander.
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THAMES	1876	J. PINKERTON.

THE above first-class powerful Screw Steamships are intended to be dispatched from London for Quebec and Montreal as follows:—

THAMES	Wednesday	19th July.
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OTTAWA	Wednesday	27th Sept.
ST. LAWRENCE	Wednesday	18th October

And from Quebec for London:

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OTTAWA	Saturday	9th Sept.
THAMES	Wednesday	4th October
OTTAWA	Wednesday	25th October
ST. LAWRENCE	Wednesday	15th Nov.

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Steerage " " " "	7 7s. "
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Steerage " " " "	\$25

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Special arrangements made with families.

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Quebec, July 27, 1865.

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July 21, 1865.

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THOS. SWINYARD,

General Manager, Great Western Railway.

June 15, 1866.

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22-35

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With gold at a premium of 40 per cent. (as at present) \$71.44 Canadian Currency will purchase \$100 of this loan, on which amount the U. S. Government pays \$7.30 interest annually. Should U. S. Currency reach par in two years—and now that the war is over there is every reason to believe that it will do so much sooner—the hundred dollar bond, which to-day costs \$71.44 in gold, will then be worth, interest included, \$115.10 in gold, which would be equal to 30 per cent. per annum on the investment. And for the payment of this the whole lands and other property of the United States are pledged.

DIRECTIONS TO PARTIES WISHING TO OBTAIN BONDS. Remit the amount you desire to invest to the undersigned, or apply through any of the Banks of Canada, stating the exact amount in U. S. currency you wish Bonds for, the interest on which will date from the day of your order, and the Bonds will be furnished you as soon as obtained from the Treasury Department at Washington.

Cash advanced on Warehouse Receipts and negotiable paper. Collections made in all parts of Canada and the United States.

P. D. BROWNE,
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June 22nd, 1865. }

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30 Casks BLEACHING POWDER.

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Do BORDEAUX do } octaves and
Do CLARET, "St. Emilion" } cases and
Do do. "St. Julien" } casks
Do BORDEAUX WHITE WINE VINE-
GAR—triple clarified
Milton & Co.'s Superior BURGUNDY PORTS
Galand & Co.'s BORDEAUX CLARETS, "St. Julien"
Do BORDEAUX CLARETS, "St. Emilion"
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cases, Bruch Foucher & Co.
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Henry Starnes, Esq., Montreal, Manager Ontario Bank.
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Hon. Wm. McMaster, Toronto, C. W.
Wm. Maxwell Strange, Esq., President Commercial
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Messrs. Denny, Rice & Co., Boston, Mass.
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A new and important article, calculated to work a
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little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no
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USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
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and L. B. Lord.
Montreal, January, 1865.

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