

4 O'clock
EDITION.

VOL. XXIX., NO. 191.

London Advertiser.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 2, 1892.

Two Cents
PER COPY.
WHOLE NO. 9270.

Ended at Last!

Close of the Durham Miners' Long Strike.

Outbreak in Honduras—The Rebel Leader Captured.

Two Hundred Men Perish in a Bohemian Silver Mine.

Michael Davitt Wounded.

DEATH, June 1.—A collision took place at Navan, county Meath, to-day between the London and North Western Railway and the Great Northern Railway, during which Michael Davitt received a severe wound on the head.

Durham Miners' Strike Ended.

LONDON, June 1.—The long strike of the Durham coal miners was ended to-day, and they will resume work at the reduction which the strike was inaugurated to prevent. The strike was disastrous to both interests.

Humbert Wants War.

PARIS, June 1.—Simon Lockroy writes that the King and court party of Italy are in favor of war, and that the King will endeavor to provoke a war between Germany and France in order to divert Italy's attention from domestic financial difficulties. These assertions have caused a sensation.

His Allowance Was Too Small.

LONDON, June 1.—Mr. G. F. Greatrex, a wealthy citizen of Leamington, was shot and killed yesterday by his son, who declared he killed his father because his allowance of £1,000 a year was too small. The son is 40 years old and the father was 80. Two shots were fired. The tragedy occurred in the street in the presence of many people.

Train Wrecked by a Cyclone.

VIENNA, June 1.—The mail train running from Agram to Brod was struck by a cyclone to-day while at the Nowska station. Two of the passenger cars were hurled bodily into the air and hurled down an embankment. Others were knocked over by the violence of the storm and were badly smashed. Twenty persons on the train were badly injured, some fatally.

Rebellion in Honduras.

LONDON, June 1.—Latest news from Honduras shows that in the battle between Gen. Bonilla (not Borneo as before reported) and the Government troops at Puerto Cortez, about 100 persons were killed or wounded. Gen. Bonilla retired from Puerto Cortez to Livingston after securing all the arms and ammunition which had been stored in the custom house. While the insurgents were in Livingston Gen. Bonilla and four of his officers were captured by the Government troops and put in prison, where two of the officers died from fever. The army of Bonilla retreated to the forests, where they remain.

Two Hundred Miners Killed.

PRAGUE, June 1.—A late dispatch from Przemysl states that 500 men were working in the mine when the fire broke out. Latest news from the scene of the disaster indicates that the loss of life is much larger than was at first reported. After investigation it is reported that the list reaches the startlingly large number of 200. At last accounts 25 dead bodies burned and blackened in a terrible manner had been recovered from the mine, and 25 of the miners were rescued from the death trap in a very precarious condition. Most of the victims, including three men who lost their lives while bravely engaged in the work of rescue, died of suffocation, being overcome by the fatal gases which pervaded the mine.

Banished to Siberia.

LONDON, June 1.—Five persons concerned in the riots at Leeds have been banished to Siberia. Thirty Germans and 25 Austrians, suspected of being agitators, have been expelled from Russia without warning.

The Derby Starters.

LONDON, June 2.—The starters in the Derby yesterday were Sir Hugh, L. L. Anthony, Lafceche, Baccantua, Rucel, Bonavista, St. Damien, Thessalian, St. Angelo, El Diablo, Perisive, Hatfield and Galeopsis.

The Cholera Epidemic.

LONDON, June 2.—A dispatch from Tcheran says conflicting accounts are received of the cholera epidemic at Meshad. It is stated 115 deaths from the disease have occurred in a single day. The disease has now appeared in the hills, compelling the removal of the English camps. The inhabitants are fleeing from their homes. Movements of pilgrims are prevented by Cordons.

Jules Simon's War Opinions.

PARIS, June 2.—Jules Simon was asked yesterday whether war was likely to result from the fates that are to be held at Nancy next week. His reply was: "Neither France nor Germany has any desire or intention of provoking a war, but we can never be sure. Some accident, trivial, even absurdly insignificant in itself, may precipitate the struggle." In answer to another question Mr. Simon said: "If there is war between France and Germany it is my firm conviction that France will be the victor in the fight."

No Religious Ceremony Needed.

BERLIN, June 2.—The town council of Gelsen, Saxony, having discovered that one of their number, named Hoffman, had never been married by religious ceremony, but only according to the civil code, seized upon this pretext to practically expel the delinquent, who was not popular among his fellows. They, therefore, refused to allow Hoffman's vote to be recorded on any question that came before the body. Hoffman appealed to the High Court of Justice of Saxony, which has just rendered a decision in the case, holding that a civil marriage being valid in law, Hoffman had committed no act which would disqualify him from sitting as a member of a municipal council.

Royal Matrimonial Talk.

New York, June 2.—The Herald's London special says: With his accession to the title of Duke of York, Prince George

of Wales is again brought into prominence as a marriage candidate. It was confidently expected that among the Queen's birthday honors which gave the dukedom to the heir presumptive would contain also the announcement that the title of royal highness had been conferred upon Princess Victoria Mary of Teck. It was expected some months ago unofficially that the Queen had signified her intention of raising Princess Mary to the royal ranks, this being only one of the many signs of sympathy and affection which the Duke of Clarence, the Duke of York's younger brother, has shown upon the unfortunate young princess after the death of the Duke of Clarence. The omission of Princess Mary's name from the list of birthday honors is therefore regarded by the holders of court secrets as a sign of the Queen's displeasure at the energetically circulated rumor of the forthcoming betrothal of the Duke of York and Princess Mary, and it is in this manner that the Queen has put the royal negative upon this much desired and important question. She is as decidedly opposed to a match between Princess Mary and the Duke of York as she was to the engagement of the Duke of Clarence, to which she gave her consent only after many protestations from the Prince and Princess of Wales. Whether the Prince will now adopt a similar course and plead again for the second son remains to be seen, but as the Duke of York's wishes may be the Duke will have to be managed off as expeditiously as possible after the year of mourning has elapsed.

TERRIFIC TORRENTS!

Heavy Rains Bring Death-Dealing Floods

In Indiana, Oklahoma, Texas and Arkansas.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 2.—White River has broken its banks in this vicinity at several points, and the low lands are all flooded. The river is higher to-day than yesterday, and is still rising. Many people along the banks in this city have abandoned their homes, and several factories are in danger of being undermined if the rain continues. Three persons are missing, one of whom, named Henderson, is known to have been drowned. The other two are supposed to have met the same fate. The body of Amanda Cook (colored), who was drowned last night, was recovered this morning.

GUTHRIE, Okla., June 2.—Heavy rains have again caused the streams to rise rapidly and much damage has been done. A report reached here last night that an entire family of man, woman and three children were swept away and drowned while fording the Canadian River.

WYNNE, Ark., June 2.—The rain fell in terrific torrents in the entire Arkansas valley yesterday and last night and no levee along the right bank of the Mississippi between Memphis and Vicksburg is now considered safe. Thousands of acres that were considered safe yesterday are inundated to-day.

DIXON, Tex., June 1.—For 24 hours it has rained unintermittently. The storm is one of the most violent of the present year. The whole country is overflowed with water. A number of bridges are reported carried away by the flood. The damage to crops cannot at present be estimated, but is great. Trains are delayed by a number of wash-outs on several divisions centering here. Similar reports of flood damage at Gainesville and Greenville reach here.

THE ASSEMBLY ADJOURNS.

Windup of the United States Presbyterian Parliament—The Briggs Case Disposed Of—Sunday at the World's Fair.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 1.—Yesterday found great issues in the Presbyterian Church settled—the protest of Dr. Agnew, of Philadelphia, and others, that the action taken in the Briggs case was unconstitutional; the protest of Dr. Sprague and numerous other commissioners, who considered that an evil precedent had been established in giving such powers to the committee on prosecution; and in the Union Seminary case the directors of that institution are to be held responsible for the proposed restriction on transfers. The first topic of interest to-day concerned the World's Fair, in disapproving of the section styled the "parliament of religion."

It was voted that if the fair should be opened on the Sabbath the exhibit of the Presbyterian Church should be offered on condition that it be closed on that day.

A resolution was adopted saying "Our church holds that the inspired word as it came from God is without error. The vow of ordination recognizes that the Bible is not only infallible but also the rule of faith and that those officers of the church who have ceased to hold this view should seek a congenial place outside of the denomination without waiting for discipline."

An earnest plea for a difference against the "practice of Lynch law" was made in the assembly.

An amusing scene occurred upon the introduction of resolutions calling the attention of ministers, elders and students to the evils of the tobacco habit. The resolutions passed with a shout.

The assembly adopted the report of its committee with respect to its authority over theological seminaries and settled the matter by an overwhelming majority. It voted to arbitrate with the Union Seminary directors the transfer of Prof. Briggs from one professorship to another.

Late Canadian News

John Boulton Meets Death by Drowning at Sarnia.

The Montreal Lotteries Must Go—Toronto's Burials for the Month of May.

Judge Dugas gave judgment at Montreal that the Dominion law forbidding lotteries must be carried out.

It is probable that the Chieftimi election matter will be referred to the Privileges and Election Committee.

The experiment of sending sailors to Vancouver by way of the Canadian Pacific Railroad is pronounced a success.

Hon. Mr. Kirkpatrick was duly installed as Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario at the Government House, Toronto, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Palmer, of Galt, has been arrested on account of suspicious circumstances attending the death of a babe left in her charge.

In Toronto there was an advance in coal of 25 cents on Wednesday, but the price for small consumers will remain as before.

Donald Harrison, a Toronto boy, aged 6 years, was probably fatally injured on Wednesday night through the explosion of a toy cannon.

The difficulty between the Toronto City Council and the railroads regarding the water front is reported now to be in a fair way for settlement.

The hearing of the Bennett divorce case was resumed by the Senate Divorce Committee Wednesday. The evidence in support of the bill was deemed insufficient.

John Boulton, aged 35, was drowned in the river at Sarnia this morning. He was in a small boat and the swell of the steamer Cole overturned it. His parents live on the sixth line of Moore.

The Toronto cemetery records for May show 272 burials, a decrease of 28 compared with April this year, and an increase of 11 compared with May last year. There were 39 deaths from diphtheria.

Mr. John McEwen, of Buckingham, Que., and Miss Emma Forin, daughter of Mr. John Forin, contractor, of Belleville, were married Wednesday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents. Among the presents to the bride was a check from the groom for \$50,000.

A Toronto dispatch says Col. Volney Ashford and others have been arrested at Honolulu on a charge of treason. The Ashford brothers were a year or two ago respectively attorney-general and commander of the forces of the Hawaiian Islands, but their party was defeated at the recent general elections.

It is settled that Hon. J. A. Chapleau will succeed Mr. Angers as Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert and a Miss McBride were smothered to death in a fire at Montreal Wednesday.

Fred Peck, aged twenty, was drowned in the Magnetawan River by the upsetting of a canoe.

A large party of farmers from the neighborhood of Simcoe and St. Thomas visited the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph Wednesday.

The attention of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries has been called to a statement in the Chatham Planet of May 25, that white bass is being sold in the market of that town, although the close season for bass extends from April 15 to June 15, and the question has arisen what kind of bass may lawfully be caught during close season. The ruling of the department is that the close season applies to all kinds, whether black or speckled, yellow, white, striped or rock bass.

THE DERBY.

LONDON, June 1.—The Derby stakes is \$50,000, of which \$25,000 goes to the winner, \$25,000 to the second horse and \$1,500 to the third. Distance about 1½ miles. There were 260 substitutes. The time of the race was 2 minutes and 45 seconds. Sir Hugo was ridden by Alsopp, Lafceche by G. Barrett and Buccantua by Christman.

The Coal Combine.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Gov. Abbott, of New Jersey, was asked yesterday if he thought the coal combine could be broken, and replied: "I know it can. The courts will examine into the agreements between the different companies, and I think I am confident that the combination will be broken. The fight will undoubtedly be a long and bitter one. The most eminent lawyers will be called into the case. I anticipate seeing the greatest contest that New Jersey has ever witnessed."

Lightning 1,500 Feet Under Ground.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., June 2.—Lightning, which struck a column pipe, ran down the slope at Otto colliery and showed Charles McConkey, who was standing by the mine shaft door, rendering him senseless. He now lies in a precarious condition. Three other miners, who were near by, were likewise affected, but not so seriously. The slope is 1,500 feet deep, and, through instances of the lightning striking the earth to find a victim have been known, no bolt has ever reached such a depth before. In its passage into the bowels of the earth the electric fluid burned, tore and twisted the pipe in such a way as to necessitate the temporary suspension of the colliery. During the storm in which this electric freak occurred a number of barns were struck and destroyed by the fire that followed.

Steamship Arrivals.

June 1. From New York to Liverpool, Southampton, London, Glasgow, Cardiff, Swansea, Bristol, Plymouth, London, Liverpool, New York, Boston, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax, Sydney, Melbourne, Auckland, San Francisco, Honolulu, Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Canton, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Amoy, Swatow, Hong Kong, Canton, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Amoy, Swatow.

From \$2,000,000 the National Electric Watch Company contemplates increasing its capital stock to \$5,000,000 and perhaps \$8,000,000, and to give present stockholders a stock dividend of nearly or quite 200 per cent. Farmers are not in the ring and will not profit by the transaction. Some of their profits, however, will help to enrich the company.

For Sale—A splendid chance to obtain a cheap home. Terms, \$200 down, balance in easy payments of \$200. Apply T. H. LECOMBE, 169 Dundas street.

QUEBEC'S PROTEST

Against the Injustice of the Gerrymander.

Second Day of the Redistribution Bill Debate—The French Members Heard From.

[Special to the ADVERTISER.]

OTTAWA, June 1.—To-day's sitting of the House has been uninteresting. It was the second day of the Redistribution Bill debate, but the speeches were almost all in French. As the chief gerrymander is in Quebec, the members from that Province are bearing a large part of the brunt of the fight. The speeches were made by Messrs. Choquette, Dupont, Rinfret, Desjardins, Monet, Leduc, O'Brien and Edwards.

Mr. Davies moved the adjournment of the debate at 11:40 o'clock.

THE EPSOM RACE.

Grand Prize Won by H. J. Bailey's "The Lover."

LONDON, June 2.—The race for the Epsom Grand Prize to-day was won by H. J. Bailey's "The Lover; Prince Soltykoff's Curio second, R. H. Combe's President third.

"MAN SHOT ME IN TRAIN."

The English Railway Carriage Has Another Tragedy.

LONDON, June 2.—A young gentleman named Mancini, of Cheltenham, while on his way to St. John's College, Oxford, was found unconscious in a railway carriage, but was rescued in time. He had been hit at Radcliffe Infirmary at Oxford. When found he had a gold pencil case in his right hand, having written on a scrap of paper in his pocket, the following words: "Man shot me in train." The police are engaged in investigating the matter.

PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITIES.

The New York Democratic convention that met in Syracuse on Tuesday chose a delegation to the national convention favorable to Cleveland, but they were instructed to act as a unit according to the determination of a majority of its members. Among other statements the platform adopted says: "We denounce the McKinley tariff; we declare that a tariff is a tax; that all taxation is a burden; that it should never exceed the necessities of a government wisely and economically administered. We condemn the present tariff not only because it is excessive and restrictive of the commercial development of the country, but because it has been enacted in the interests of a few at the expense and for the oppression of the mass of the people. It is class legislation."

BAPTISTS IN COUNCIL.

Middlesex and Lambton Association of Women's Mission Circles.

[Special to the ADVERTISER.]

DENFIELD, June 1.—The annual convention of the Middlesex and Lambton Association of Baptist Women's Mission Circles was opened to-day by an open meeting with the president, Mrs. G. E. Robertson, of London, in the chair, Mrs. Weld, of London, acting as secretary. The meeting opened with devotional exercises, followed by an address of welcome to the delegates from Mrs. Carey, of Denfield. A number of papers were read and short addresses made by delegates from the various circles, these proceedings being agreeably interspersed with excellent singing by the choir of the Denfield church and a duet by the Misses Rendell and Edie Harrison, of London.

To-day's meeting officers for the ensuing year were chosen, Mrs. G. E. Robertson and Mrs. Weld (both of London) being re-elected president and secretary respectively.

Encouraging reports were received from all the circles through delegates. Professor Massie also gave a report of the Grande Ligne mission work—one of the fields in which the circles are most directly interested.

After a well-rendered solo by Miss Burns, of Parkhill, resolutions were introduced and adopted to the effect that the publication, "The Link," for foreign missions, and "The Visitor," for home missions, should receive the energetic support of the denomination; also deploring and condemning the traffic in opium and the sale of Chinese girls. A resolution was also adopted expressing the opinion that the Dominion Government had no right to vote the people's money for the support of denominational schools.

After passing a vote of thanks to the people of Denfield for their hospitality, the meeting closed with the benediction.

Middlesex and Lambton Baptist Association.

DENFIELD, June 1.—The Middlesex and Lambton Baptist Association began its annual convention here to-day. Proceedings opened at 9:30 a.m. with a prayer meeting led by Pastor Carey, of Denfield.

At 10:30 the annual sermon was preached by Rev. C. C. McLaurin, of Sarnia, who took for his theme, "The Mission of the Church is to Save the Lost," his remarks being based on the passages, Luke, xix, 10, and John, xxi, 20. The preacher emphasized the three points—first, that the church must clearly understand its mission; second, that it must realize the importance of that mission, and third, that this mission must be practically carried out. After the sermon the election of officers was taken up, resulting as follows:

President—Rev. Ira Smith, London. Secretary—J. J. Westland, London. Executive Committee—Rev. C. C. McLaurin, Sarnia; Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, B.A., Strathroy; Rev. W. A. Walker, Wyoming; and Rev. W. M. Baldwin, B.D., South London.

The afternoon session was largely devoted to the reading and discussion of letters and reports from various churches.

Fatal Accident While Casting.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 2.—At the water works pumping house last evening a number of men were releasing a casting weighing five tons when the supporters gave way, and the casting dropped 25 feet among the men. Thos. Duffy, the foreman, was killed, and four others were injured.

Johnstown's Unidentified Dead.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 1.—The monument erected to the unidentified victims of the great flood here was formally dedicated in Great View Cemetery yesterday. There was an immense crowd of people present. It was the third anniversary of the awful calamity.

THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Preliminary Business of the London Conference.

The Ministerial Session—Some of the Transfers—Probationers Advanced—Mr. Fowler's Case Discussed and Decided—A Fortnightly Query—Supernaturalities—A Profitable Evening Meeting.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

ST. THOMAS, June 1.—The Ministerial Session of the London Conference opened this morning at 9, President Clement presiding. The devotional exercises consisted of singing, reading the Scriptures and prayer offered by Rev. T. Cosford and Rev. R. Parsons. The Transfer Committee showed that Rev. A. C. Courtice was transferred to Montreal Conference, and Rev. Dr. Antliff, of Montreal, was transferred to this conference. Rev. Mr. Wigle was transferred to the Manitoba Conference. All the ministers' characters passed without question or complaint.

The question of the reception of probationers into the full work of the ministry was the first business. London district had recommended Mr. Fowler, B.A., for reception into full connexion and ordination, but exception was taken to his eligibility this year. He was received on probation last conference, and one year was then allowed him for the year's work done under direction of the chairman. It was claimed that the discipline allowed him two years as a graduate in arts without being on probation. Objection was taken to this and a lengthened discussion ensued. Both sides had some good reason for their contention. If the recommendation was adopted the contention for him then it was possible for a young man after one year's probation to be ordained. Strong arguments were used to show that this certainly was not the intention of the law. As the president must decide the law, he was allowed till the afternoon session to consider his decision.

Mr. Morrison, C. P. Wells, B.A., and D. E. Martin were also recommended by other districts and received.

Only one young man, viz. G. N. Hazen, is on probation as a three-year man.

The two-year men were also advanced a stage, viz. C. A. Smith, J. A. Ayscough, C. B. Kenney, B.A., Simon Schofield, J. A. Snell. At 11:30 the conference adjourned to meet at 2 p.m.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Conference assembled at 2 p.m. After devotional exercises and reading of minutes the morning session of the question left for the president to decide as to whether Mr. Fowler was an eligible candidate for ordination was the first order of business. The ruling of the president was verbal, and was adverse to the reception of Mr. Fowler this year.

It was then moved that he be continued on trial and regarded as having traveled two years. Carried.

One-year men came next—W. B. Creighton, J. Baird Wilson and—Switzer. During the consideration of the case of one of the young men an ex-president asked whether he had good common sense. Some thought the question irrelevant, but its relevancy was abundantly manifest. The superintendent of the young man made it stronger by hesitating to answer. Strong statements were made, and in the midst of these Dr. Sanderson, in reply to someone, said at the close of his speech it was this question was not asked when Mr. — and himself were on trial. The conference roared at the happy hit.

Candidates received on probation came next. Samuel McVitty was received and allowed the year traveled under the chairmanship of Robert A. Miller, Charles Clark, I. W. Reed and Byron Snell. Mr. Reed's year under the chairmanship was allowed him.

C. A. Smith was given a letter of standing, his intention being to unite with some conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Simon Schofield was granted a similar favor.

The cases of the supernumeraries mentioned all passed. The case of Rev. L. Gaetz occupied some time. His failure to report in regard to himself rendered it difficult for the conference to act intelligently in regard to his case. It was shown that he returns to the supernumerary board the amount of his claims, and so is no burden on the fund.

In the case of Rev. C. Bartrop, whose health has failed during the year, he was recommended by the Exeter district to be supernumerary. His case was referred to the Committee on Conference Relations.

St. Thomas district recommended that Rev. J. R. Phillips be restored to the active work.

It was moved to adopt this recommendation.

An amendment it was moved to refer this case to the Committee on Conference Relations. This amendment prevailed.

Rev. James Kennedy asked to be supernumerary for one year. His case was referred to the Committee on Conference Relations.

Before action can be taken on these recommendations the case of each is inquired into to determine whether the minister is really a worn-out minister or not. The committee consists of Revs. S. Bond (chairman), J. R. Gundy, W. McDonald, R. Parsons, R. Thomas, E. Middleton, J. Reynolds and A. G. Harris (secretary). This committee met and considered the three cases referred to them, viz.: C. Bartrop, J. R. Phillips and James Kennedy, and in each case recommended that they hold a supernumerary relation. The first two on Sunday next will perform the work with skill and ease, and the young men showed themselves well up in the subjects on which they were examined, viz.: The fundamental doctrines of the Holy Scriptures.

Before meeting of the Methodist Sunday school of St. Thomas was held in the evening. The church was filled and the meet-

Baking Powder.

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Dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions a specialty.

ing was very enthusiastic. Addresses were given by Rev. E. E. Scott on Epworth Leagues' work, Rev. G. W. Henderson and Mr. Maxwell, of Sarnia, also spoke. The choir of the church was in its position and led in the singing. Rev. H. T. Crossley sang a solo with fine effect.

Mr. Scott's address presented the objects and benefits of those leagues. He showed that when the young men of the church are trained in these societies they will abolish political corruption.

Rev. G. W. Henderson addressed the children. He said he would assume they were true Christians. His address was directed towards leading the children to the knowledge of salvation.

Mr. Maxwell's address closed a very excellent and effective meeting.

THE LONDON CONFERENCE.

Rev. J. G. Scott Elected President and Rev. W. J. Ford Secretary.

[Special to the ADVERTISER.]

ST. THOMAS, June 2.—The London Conference at first ballot for president elected Rev. J. G. Scott, of St. Thomas. At first ballot for secretary Rev. W. J. Ford, of Parkhill, was elected.

BURNING OF THE GLENGARRY.

The Cook, Caught in the Flames, Springs Overboard and is Drowned.

KINGSTON, Ont., June 2.—The propeller Glengarry, owned by the Montreal Transportation Company, while lying at dock with a cargo of wheat waiting to be unloaded, took fire early this morning and was badly damaged. The cook, Mrs. Lamb, of Toronto or St. Catharines, being caught in the flames, jumped overboard and was drowned. The cargo is not supposed to be damaged.

THE CAMPBELLFORD SMASHUP

Caused by Train-Wreckers—Reward Offered by the G. T. R.

CAMPBELLFORD, Ont., June 1.—The body of Brakeman Robert Purdy, who was killed in the Campbellford accident of four miles east of here yesterday, was sent home to Port Hope this morning for burial.

A jury was empaneled, the body viewed and the evidence of Conductor Fares taken, when the inquest was adjourned till Monday.

The G. T. R. Company are offering a reward of \$500 for the arrest of the person or persons who placed the obstruction on the track causing the accident.

INCIDENTS OF INTEREST.

The News of the Day Culled and Condensed.

A Prague dispatch says 67 bodies have so far been taken from the Birkenhead silver mine, and 150 men are still missing.

Her Werthe, cashier for Banker Richard Landsberger, of Berlin, has committed suicide with a revolver on being detected in the embezzlement of \$30,000 marks from his employer.

In response to a letter from Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, requesting the Pope to disavow Archbishop Ireland's school plan, the Pope has sent a letter to the bishop of the Province of New York reproving the Fairbairn-Stillwater scheme.

For some time back there has been a Mohammedan community at Liverpool, and an Englishman of the name of Quileam is its prophet. He magnified the work that was being done, and represented that converts were flocking to the society. A special cable shows the entire community does not exceed 30 members, of whom several are Hindus residing in Liverpool, and cannot be counted as converts. It appears that the movement is in danger of a collapse.

No Adjustments for Derby Day.

LONDON, June 2.—The House of Commons took the unprecedented course of refusing to adjourn over Derby Day. The motion to adjourn was defeated by a vote of 158 to 144. Mr. Balfour said that upon adjournment for Whit Sunday the House of Commons would assemble again on Thursday following Whit Sunday, which would be June 9.

Won By a Russian.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

ELGIN.

The fire in Duncombe's drug store, St. Thomas, Monday night, did \$1,000 damage. An explosion of a keg of alcohol is supposed to have been the cause. Insured. The heirs of the estate of the late E. M. Farwood, St. Thomas, received notice the other day that there was \$148 to the credit of Mr. Farwood in the Molsons Bank, in this city, which had been there since 1867. Tommy Jordan, a St. Thomas boy, rigged himself out in a new suit of clothes at his father's expense, and without the latter's permission, and ran away from home. The youngster, who is only 12 years old, was found at Cayuga and sent home.

ESSEX.

P. G. Marantette, Belle River, recently assigned, has offered 60 cents on the dollar for the stock.

Bishop O'Connor will hold confirmation services at Walkerville on June 19, and will also consecrate the new cemetery. The Knights of St. John and the C. M. B. A. will attend.

Monday evening J. B. Clarke and Maggie Audette, employees in the kitchen of the Crawford House, Windsor, became involved in a quarrel, when Clark picked up a knife and threw it at the woman. The point of the blade struck her in the left thigh, inflicting a wound about two inches in length. Dr. Casgrain was summoned, stitched it up and does not anticipate any serious results. Clarke was locked up by Officer Giles Tuesday afternoon. In the evening he was released on bail and will have his trial as soon as the injured woman is able to appear.

LAMTON.

It is said that O. S. Clarke, Sarnia, will be selected for the customs deputyship at Point Edward.

The Warwick Methodists are progressing under the pastorate of Rev. C. Cousins. The contract for the erection of a new church at Bethel, Warwick circuit, has been let and building operations commenced immediately. The new church will be a credit to the congregation in a new township. It will have a first-class basement for Sunday school, etc., gallery, alcove for choir, slate roof, etc. The contract has been awarded to Messrs. Hume & Marwick, Watford. The corner stone is to be laid on Dominion Day, and is to be finished by Oct. 15.

OXFORD.

Crossley and Hunter, the evangelists, have sold their cottage near Beaumont, Muskoka, to E. D. Tillson, of Tillsonburg. There are upwards of 1,000 voters on the West Zorra assessment roll this year.

Complaints are made of pilfering from church sheds at Harrington on Sundays.

PERTH.

There will be a large meeting of Orangemen in Listowel on June 14. At 2 o'clock the county lodge of North Perth will hold its semi-annual meeting. At 4 o'clock the Elms district meeting will be held, and at 8 o'clock the Royal Scottish Chapter will be opened for business.

John French, a prisoner in Stratford Jail, made his escape Monday morning. He had been sent down from Mitchell and was serving a sentence of five months for wife-beating. He had put in about two months out of the five. He is described as about 5 feet 2 inches in height, of light build, hair blue, eyes very dark, small dark mustache, straight nose, features fairly regular. When last seen he had on jail pants and vest, one side of each light grey, well-worn old dog-skin cap and coarse, old shoes. He claimed to be 35 years of age, but looks younger. Supposed to have been married, and when last seen he was in his walk. Jailer Nichol has offered \$25 reward for his capture.

The Milverton correspondent of the Stratford Herald has the following with reference to the late Rev. Thos. Lowry:

"The oldest Presbyterian minister in Canada passed to his reward on Saturday last in the person of Rev. Thos. Lowry, who died at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. James Whaley, near Milverton Station."

Mr. Lowry was ordained a minister of the Gospel in 1833 and spent 59 years in the pastorate of the Milverton congregation from 1861 to 1897, and it was during his incumbency that the first Presbyterian church was built in our village. He then removed to the city of Brandon and spent fourteen years in that city, extending the Christian religion. Thence he went to the city of Toronto. His has been a grand and noble life work. A truly good man, whose name from among his remains were conveyed to the family to the Presbyterian cemetery here on Monday afternoon, six former members of his congregation acting as pall-bearers. The funeral service was held at the residence of Mr. Kay, who delivered a very eloquent and impressive sermon, taking for his text the 23rd Psalm. Mr. Lowry lived to the ripe age of 81 years, and passed peacefully away without a struggle."

Everything.

Mr. W. H. Holabird, General Agent, Coronado Beach Co., San Diego, Cal., U. S. A., says: "I have used St. Jacobs Oil in my family for years, as well as in my kennels and stables, and it has never failed me in a single instance to do everything that could be expected of it."

The smallest paper in the country is published at Jacksonville, Fla. It is called the Villa De Laura Times, is four inches in length by three in width, and contains six pages.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confused with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are extremely unlike them in every respect. Only Little Liver Pills will prove their superiority.

Nuremberg, the great toy-making center, has had a banquet to celebrate the completion of the 300,000th model steam engine by a certain well-known maker.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially in her husband; but if she is weak and nervous and uses Carter's Little Liver Pills, she will make her "feel like a different person at least to their ally, say, and their husbands say so, too."

The mines of the world produce 25 tons of gold every week, but the precious metal remains as rare as ever.

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and sinuses and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

The site of the city of Boston was sold in 1635 by John Blackstone for \$150.

The world's newspapers number 40,000. Of these 18,700 are published in the United States.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels, promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, THURSDAY, JUNE 2.

THE GREAT SALE

Continues to Meet with Unbounded Success.

The Rare Bargains That John H. Chapman & Co. Are Offering—a Bee-Hive of Industry.

"Competition is the life of trade," as the old saying is. There seems to be plenty of the former in the city just now, especially in the drygoods line, and as a natural consequence trade ought to be lively. Whether such is a fact or not in individual cases, there is one leading merchant who seems to be getting a fair proportion of it, and that is John H. Chapman. A Dundas street, would instantly convince one of the truth of this statement. A few days ago Mr. Chapman announced a great clearing sale. It is equally true, and small profits" is one of his business axioms, goods were marked down to the very lowest margin. The result has been mutually satisfactory to the firm and to the public—the former because of splendid patronage and to the latter because of rare bargains. The rush of customers, always large at Chapman's, has been enormous since the opening of this great sale, which was announced on 20 days. The slaughter is no humbug, but the deliberate move of shrewd business men who realize that a rousing spring trade is of vital necessity, and that with such a heavy and complete stock it is imperative to clear in order to keep that stock as new and excellent as it has always been in the past.

A reporter visited the mammoth store yesterday and found it a veritable beehive of industry. To see is to appreciate. Low prices and good quality were the predominant features; courteous and experienced clerks were agreeable accessories. Dress goods were remarkably low, and quilts, prints, lace curtains, table cloths, diaphanettes, and everything conceivable in the drygoods line were selling at astonishingly low prices. The public are cordially invited to inspect this stock for their own opinion, and to the genuineness of the sacrifices, and purchase or not purchase as they feel inclined. Such an opportunity is rarely offered to the people of London or vicinity.

One of the secrets of Mr. Chapman's success is a liberal and judicious use of printer's ink. He makes his announcements through the true medium of the press, and what he promises in print he carries out to the letter. A call at 125 and 128 Dundas street will prove this.

ESTIMATED AT \$40,450.

No. 3 Committee's Estimate for 1892—Fruit Peddlers to Pay License—Police to Assist in Enforcing the Market By-law.

The following estimates for 1892 will be presented to the council by No. 3 Committee:

Street watering.....\$ 2,500

Lighting.....20,000

Market.....1,000

Fire department.....35,000

Total.....\$40,500

This is \$2,050 less than last year.

A report from the market clerk received at a meeting of the committee last night recommended that the city should be allowed to enforce the market by-law. The telegraph companies have been stringing wires on the market buildings and have loosened the shingles, causing the leakage in several places. The committee will be instructed to repair the damage. A few minor repairs will be made.

The Council will be recommended to have a double closet erected on the market at a cost of \$400. Plans and specifications have been prepared.

The claim of W. W. Fitzgerald for injury to James Ballantine's child, who was run over by No. 3 horse, was referred to a sub-committee—Ald. Parnell, Fitzgerald and J. Heenan.

The city engineer reported that the lights of the Ball Electric Light Company were fully up to the standard. He also reported that the petition for an electric light on the corner of Gray and Colborne streets was laid over until the engineer's report is received.

A street railway pass will be purchased for the street watering inspector at a cost of \$10.

James Guymer complained to the committee that peddlers had been selling fruit around the city without having any license or paying any rent in the city. It was an injustice to fruit dealers who paid big rents. There is a by-law covering all peddlers and it would be enforced in these cases.

Accounts were passed and the committee adjourned at 9:30. There were present: Ald. Fitzgerald (chairman), Mayor Spencer, Ald. Wm. Hume, John H. Chapman, James Parnell and Monie and Secretary Bell.

MALARIA IN MALARIAL DISTRICTS.

A Source of Much Sickness and Discomfort.

Have it Averted!

Canada, notwithstanding its situation and excellent climate, has many malarial districts where sickness is prevalent. These malarial districts are wet and marshy, and vegetable decomposition is continually going on. It follows, of course, that the air is poisoned, and life in such localities is unsafe.

People in malarial districts suffer from the water they drink. The impure character of the water causes derangement of the stomach. Then we find a consequence diseases of the liver, spleen and kidneys; the blood becomes thick and sluggish, the muscles are relaxed, the nerves unstrung, and the whole system is prostrated.

Experience has proved that Pain's Colery Compound is the only safe remedy to use in malarial districts. It has the power of neutralizing the malarial poison, and it removes all impurities from the system, operates mildly on the bowels, tones and fortifies the body, and lessens the liability to malarial attacks.

Our best physicians have recommended its use for malaria, and hundreds have testified to its grand power and effects as a preserver and recuperator from malaria. Every home in Canada, near malarial districts, should have a bottle of Pain's Colery Compound ready for use. Taken at the proper time, it will save calling in a physician.

Worms cause liver-aches, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

THE WEEK'S MARKETS.

Demoralization and Low Prices in the Canadian Cattle Trade.

Continued Heavy Losses on Shipments to Great Britain.

A Plethora of Eggs at Very Low Prices—Big Shipments of Hay.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

MONTREAL, June 1.—My budget of news could hardly be worse this week, so far as the live stock trade is concerned. The losses on the other side continue very heavy, and shippers are getting thoroughly frightened. All the cables to-day were of the most discouraging character. One lot of American cattle, owned by Montrealers, which went across in a 20s freight, and cost only \$4 25 per cwt. in Chicago, sold at a loss of 10s per head. It is hardly reasonable, then, to expect that Canadian cattle, costing \$5 25 per cwt. and going over on 60s freight, can come out anything like even a fair price.

Another cable from Liverpool says: "Canadians, \$3 1/2; see no prospect of an advance until supplies diminish." All the drafts on the Okenelme cattle have been refused. She carried 434 head, shipped by half a dozen exporters. One salesman said to have refused to receive a consignment at all owing to the state of the markets. To make matters worse, the steamship lines have advanced freights 5s all round, and as space is bound to be scarce during the month of June, the exporters will simply have to stand it. Some shippers are complaining of the poor class of cattle that are coming forward, but are loath to say whether this is owing to the fact that the good cattle are all out, or that the farmers are holding off. It is said that the owners of distillery cattle intend holding them till the middle of July.

There is little or no business in the local market. Shippers are still laying out lots to fill space, but no transactions of importance are reported. The price now ruling is 4s to 5s for export stock. The run of 10s to 12s 1/2 for heavy, prime, prime, off 1c, the top being about 6 1/2. Shipments this week were 3,852 cattle and 126 sheep.

THE FLOUR MARKET.

The flour market is quiet under a very slow demand. The general feeling is better, however, in view of the settlement of the flour market, and a good demand is expected. Some business has been done on English account, but at an unprofitable figure. The following prices are presently nominal: Winter patents, \$4 90; spring patents, \$4 90 to \$5; straight roller, \$4 30 to \$4 45; extra, \$3 90 to \$4; superfine, \$3 40 to \$3 75; very strong bakers, \$4 70 to \$4 75; strong bakers, \$4 50 to \$4 55. The oatmeal market is in better shape, as holders are beginning to realize that they cannot replace stock except at an advance. The general feeling is fair, and stocks are being reduced. Quotations are \$3 75 to \$2 for standard and granulated in barrels and \$1 75 to \$1 90 in bags.

The feed market is steady, bran selling at \$14 to \$14 50, shorts at \$15 to \$16, middlings at \$15 50 to \$16 75, and mealie at \$18 to \$22 per ton.

The local grain market is quiet. The shipments continue heavy, and complaints are being made about the delay in delivery of the wheat. The coarser grades are receiving the most attention. Wheat is held too high, but oats are moving freely for all points for export at 35s to 36s per 34 pounds for No. 2 about Montreal, and peas are in good demand at 77s to 78s.

The large exports of hay are beginning to be felt, and the market shows a firmer tone. Prices are made about \$1 50 to \$2 per ton. The exporters who have made considerable money in the British market are now paying \$14 50 for No. 1 and \$13 50 for No. 2, landed in Montreal. Owing to the bad state of the weather a great portion of the space is being filled with hay.

PRODUCE MARKET.

The butter market is dull, business being confined to a small jobbing trade. Holders are being made about \$1 50 to \$2 per ton. The market has been in the buyers' favor. Creamery is quoted at 18s to 19s; butter, 17s to 18s, and Western dairy, 14s to 15s.

There is not much doing in the local market in cheese, but some of the Western markets show an excited feeling. The market has ruled firm, however, at 10s to 11s for white, and 9s to 10s for colored. The shipments to date are 15,939 local and 9,923 foreign, compared with 15,933 local and 10,651 through in 1891.

The receipts of eggs are very heavy and receivers find it very difficult to keep their stores clear. Packers are working night and day putting down stock. The local demand is fair at 9s to 10s. Good large eggs suitable for export would bring more money, however.

The broken and distorted foot of a Chinese lady is called a "golden lady" by Chinese admirers of such distortions.

Apollinaris

Pure Healthful Agreeable Refreshing "The Queen of Table Waters."

JAS. PERKIN BUTCHER,

239 Dundas Street.

A CALL SOLICITED.

W. J. TREMBLE, Barrister, Solicitor, Etc., 24 King Street East, Toronto. Money to loan. No commission.

LAW OFFICE

WM. J. CLARKE, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, Commissioner, etc.

IF YOU WANT Any Thing Any Where Any Time SAY SO IN THE ADVERTISER

WANT COLUMN

And you will get the best results. The price can be cut to 15c.

1c. per Word for 1 Insertion

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Persons who advertise for Situations in the ADVERTISER usually get the best places in the city.

NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

TICKETS TO EUROPE

Allan State, Beaver, Dominion, Inman, Guion, Hamburg and Netherlands Lines.

F. S. CLARKE, 416 Richmond Street, next door to "Advertiser" Office.

FROM ALL STATIONS IN ONTARIO ON THE LINES OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Tickets will be sold for excursion leaving Toronto, 11 p.m., on JUNE 14, 1892. Good to return until July 21.

—ON— JUNE 21, 1892. Good to return until July 31.

—ON— JUNE 28, 1892. Good to return until Aug. 7.

JULY 18 AND 19, 1892. Good to return until Aug. 28.

To the following points at rates named: NESBITT, OXBOW, DELORAIN, MOOSOMIN, BINSCHART, REGINA, YORKTON, PRINCE ALBERT, CALGARY, EDMONTON \$40.

The Winnipeg Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition will be held from July 25 to 30, inclusive, and July 31 and 19 have been fixed upon for excursion to Quebec passengers to attend the exhibition.

An auction sale of Canadian Pacific Railway lands will be held at Edmonton on July 5. Passengers taking advantage of the excursion of June 2 will reach Edmonton in time to attend the sale.

For further particulars apply to any agent of the company.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Ticket Agent, No. 1 Masonic Temple, next door to City Hall. City ticket office open 7:30 a.m.

HAMILTON STEAMBOAT CO.

Palace Clyde Built Steel Steamers

Macassa & Modjeska

Between Hamilton and Toronto.

Leave Hamilton, 7:45 a.m. and 2:15 p.m.

Leave Toronto, 11 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

Four trips each way after 11th June.

F. S. CLARKE, J. R. GRIFFITH, Agents, Hamilton, Toronto.

BEAVER LINE

Montreal to Liverpool.

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Founded by John Cameron in 1863.

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THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

FOUR WEEKLY EDITION

By mail, per annum.....\$1 00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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BRANCH OFFICES:

Toronto—E. Dickie, 260 Dundas Avenue.
Montreal and Maritime Provinces—A. McKim & Co., Montreal, Que.

London, Thursday, June 2.

By the way, are all the sermons delivered "able and eloquent," or are the reporters always kind and lenient?

Mr. GRIEVE, M. P. for North Perth, had a cordial reception from his associates on the Liberal benches when he was introduced to the House of Commons last evening. The member for North Perth is one of the most popular of the recent accessions to the Liberal ranks in the House.

It will be seen from our telegraphic columns that Rev. J. G. Scott, of St. Thomas, has been elected president of the London Methodist Conference. It is an excellent choice. The new president was for three years pastor of Queen's Avenue Church in this city, and he has hosts of friends here who will congratulate him on the distinction he has attained.

Are Canadian men less gallant than formerly? It has been put on record that when two girls were carried off and criminally assaulted in this neighborhood recently their appeals for assistance were unheeded by the men who heard them. Perhaps a timely protest would have been sufficient to stay the hands of the assailants, but if not, many men should have taken more severe methods to prevent so gross an outrage.

A HAMILTON woman is reported to have drawn the \$3,000 prize in the Dorby drawing gambling enterprise at Montreal. She is to be pitied, for it is an evil day when any person obtains money for which he or she has not honestly toiled. It has been said that such money comes lightly and goes lightly, and in all probability this is the case. But the effect of such gambling practices is never good. The reward of honest toil alone can give permanent satisfaction to anyone.

LONDON IS HIT HARD.

We observe that members of Parliament continue to speak of London as a city with 22,000 of a population. That is the size of the city, according to the decree of the present Administration. The members of Parliament talk of London as they find it cut down to suit the whims of the men who have decreed that the people of this city shall not vote together, but in three separate constituencies. This is a humiliating arrangement, for it minimizes the size and importance of London and tends to make outsiders believe that it is not the important commercial, manufacturing and educational center that it is. If Mr. Hyman, M. P., had not been deprived of his seat by gross and outrageous as was ever perpetrated under an infamous law, London's interests would today be properly set forth at Ottawa, and a demand so persistent, so justly made would be kept before Parliament till justice was done the city. While every other city with a population as large as that of London has two members, while Victoria, B. C., with 18,000 has two members, while Quebec city, with 63,000 has three members, London, with its 32,000 citizens has only one member, its people are kept voting all over rural constituencies, and its interests are sacrificed. How long is this sort of thing to be tolerated? Surely no self-respecting Londoner, who honestly desires the city to maintain that prestige which nature and the enterprise of her citizens has established, can defend the gettymander so far as it affects London. It is not too late to compel the doing of justice to this important constituency. Why should London be singled out for humiliation and why is no voice raised in Parliament on her behalf?

A CROWN OF M. P.'S GOING.

No fewer than 58 Conservatives, 10 Liberal "disidents," and 20 Liberals have announced that they will retire from the British Parliament before the general election now pending. Sir R. Knightly, who has been in Parliament nearly 40 years, heads the list of the retiring members with unimpaired records. There are 46 retiring members whose Parliamentary careers have commenced since the passing of the Redistribution Act in 1885, 31 being Conservatives. Members of Parliament would not so soon get tired of public life if the sessions were reasonably short. The best way to make Parliamentary life attractive, and ensure the prompt transaction of imperial business, is to establish local legislatures for the disposal of purely local questions, leaving the Imperial Parliament to deal with those questions relating to the empire as a whole. This reform would bring immense benefit to the British people. It is coming perhaps more rapidly than is yet apparent.

THE PRESENT AND THE COMING MAN AND THEIR FOOD.

One of the most interesting articles in the last number of the Forum is contributed by W. O. Atwater, and is entitled "What the Coming Man Will Eat." The author makes telling comparisons between the inhabitants of Europe and those of the United States as regards the nourishing quality of their food. He thinks that the people of North America eat too much; but however that may be, he shows that our neighbors eat more food and more expensive food than any other people in the world. The author prefaces the results of his inquiries by reminding us that food nourishes our bodies in two ways—first, by building and repairing the tissues, and, secondly, by furnishing fuel to keep the body warm and give it strength to do its work. The protein or nitrogenous compounds, such as the myosin, which forms the basis of lean meat, the albumen of eggs, the casein of milk, and the gluten of wheat, are sometimes called flesh-formers, because flesh, or, in other words, muscle and sinew, is formed from them, though they make blood and bone as well. The fuel ingredients are the fats and carbohydrates, such as butter, olive oil, and the oils of corn and other vegetable foods. It is customary for chemists to compute the fuel value of nutrients in heat units or calories, the calorie being the amount of heat needed to raise one pound of water about four degrees Fahrenheit. A pound of potatoes, which are three-quarters water, contains about 240 calories; a pound of rather fat sirloin of beef 900, a pound of wheat flour 1,600, and a pound of butter 3,500 calories. Mr. Atwater is right in saying that diet should be so adjusted as to provide at once enough protein for the building and repair of tissue, and enough fuel to keep it warm so as to do its work, but there can be no doubt that erroneous habits of eating cause disease and shorten life to a very considerable extent. It is not so much the quantity a man eats, but whether his system assimilates the food without over-taxing the machinery of his body.

Taking the outcome of Mr. Atwater's comparisons it is found that the dietaries of American wage-workers examined the very smallest furnished 3,500 calories of energy per man a day. The average of seven dietaries of 421 persons in Massachusetts, factory operatives and mechanics engaged in moderately fatiguing work, was 4,415 calories; and the average of four dietaries of mechanics and laborers in Connecticut engaged in severe work was 6,705. The dietary of a number of brickmakers in Massachusetts was found to supply 8,850 calories per day. On the other hand, in a multitude of European dietaries, for which statistics are accessible, there are many which range from only 1,700 to 1,900 calories. The average of eleven dietaries of poorly-fed wage-workers in Saxony and Prussia is 2,290. The largest European dietary for men employed even in the hardest labor, of which Mr. Atwater has found a record, does not reach 4,500 calories. Volz's standard, based upon observations of the food of such wage-workers in Germany as are well paid and well fed, allows 118 grams of protein and 3,055 calories of energy. For men engaged in severe physical labor Volz's standard calls for 145 grams of protein and 4,800 calories of energy. In the dietaries of professional men in Germany, Denmark and Sweden, lawyers, physicians, university professors and students, the amount of energy furnished varied from 2,325 to 2,835 calories a day; the average was 2,670. In the German army the peace ration is computed at 2,800 calories, and the extraordinary ration, given in war time for service in the field, at 3,985 calories. Contrast with this the above-mentioned dietaries of Massachusetts and Connecticut factory operatives, mechanics and day laborers at moderate work, which average 4,500 calories of energy a day.

The statistics collected put beyond question what has long been asserted that workmen are better fed in the United States than anywhere else in the world. Whether the workers in North America will continue to be so well fed in the future depends a good deal on themselves. In the past they have had, and will continue for some time to come to have, a distinct advantage over the workers of Europe. On the other side of the Atlantic, the land has all been appropriated, and few opportunities for the betterment of their condition are open to the toilers. On this continent, with its immense natural advantages, wages have been kept higher than in old world lands through the comparative plentifulness of opportunities for workers to make a living. If their trade has been dull they have always been able to go on the land, and as they brought the virgin soil under subjection they have given employment to others. Thus food supplies have been made plentiful while wages have been kept high, in spite of many stupid restrictions in the international exchange of the products of labor. By and by the land will be all taken up, as in Europe. If the same conditions prevail here as prevail there—God grant they may not!—there will be the same small quantity of food for the workers, and the same difficulty to maintain a decent standard of comfort. Life in North America is rendered more tolerant because of the comparative fewness of titled idlers and of armed hosts, which swarm over Europe and are all maintained at the expense of the workers. It has been easier to prosper here because this is a new country, with boundless natural resources, but when these resources are all appropriated where will North America stand? Governed by right principles, we have no fears for the future of the northern half of the hemisphere. But there must be a constant struggle against that which is dishonest or inequitable in the management of the great heritage which the American branch of the English-speaking people controls.

CANADIANS AT HOME AND ABROAD

The ADVERTISER recently chronicled the appointment of a clever young Londoner to a professorship in a Kentucky university. This young man is the son of a Dominion Government official who cannot be said to be prejudiced in favor of the United States, but he could not prevail upon his offspring to remain in Canada under the present system while a better opportunity to make a living was offered elsewhere. The fact of the matter is, young Canadians can hold their own with the best men of any nation, as was evidenced more fully in a recent gathering of consulting engineers at Boston. No fewer than eight of the number were Canadians, who all occupied lucrative and honorable positions in this one line in the States. When Canadians do so well abroad, can there be any good ground for the assertion of the opponents of reciprocity with the United States that at home the Canadian is a poor, puny, sickly fellow, unable to make a living except by the assistance of taxes imposed upon his neighbors? It does not stand to reason that the trade restrictionists are right. In this bracing northern atmosphere we rear the best of men and women, as is evidenced by the position they take when they enter into free competition with the people of other countries. With their boundless natural resources, added to their native ability, Canadians should have nothing to fear from liberty to trade freely with their neighbors. The monopolist alone, who is in a combine to obtain class advantages, would be injured by throwing off the shackles on international commerce.

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

Ex-President Barillas of Guatemala is in a bad way. About 12,000 citizens have signed an accusation against him. President Barrios is said to be under a sworn obligation to save him, but in spite of this it might be unpleasant to a nervous man to stand in the shoes of Barillas.

A process for making flour from bananas has been discovered. The importance of this discovery is enhanced by the fact that the same area of ground that will grow 40 pounds of wheat will produce annually 4,000 pounds of bananas. A banana plantation after once being started lasts for 25 years without breaking up or plowing. Giovanni Giolitti, the Premier of Italy, is the youngest man in the Ministry. He is only 50 years old, which is nowadays considered very young for a leading statesman. Giolitti always advanced rapidly. In his 24th year he was a judge, and was nicknamed "The Baby." A native of Piedmont, he is very fond of Alpine climbing, is a sportsman, and expert fencer and a hardy athlete. He does not by any means look his age. As a financier, he is one of the best men that Italy possesses, having been trained by Sella, the great Finance Minister.

One of the most expert money handlers in the treasury department at Washington is a woman, who has the remarkable record of counting 85,000 coins in a single day. So delicate and sensitive is her sense of touch that even when counting at this tremendous rate she detects a false coin with unerring instinct. The coins are spread upon a glass-topped desk and counted four at a time, one under each fingertip, and so familiar have the trained fingers become with the weight of the true coin and the amount of its resistance upon the desk that a bit of spurious metal is detected by each finger with equal exactness.

Two self-reliant young women of Philadelphia have demonstrated the possibility of a European tour for people of moderate means by traveling for three months on the continent, "doing" 50 places and several countries for the modest sum of \$350. This included every expense from the time they left their native city until they returned to it. They traveled without luggage, except the light and strong linen bags which they carried without inconvenience in their hands. The traveling dress consisted of a union suit of wool, a divided skirt gathered into elastic bands below the knee, broad-soled spring-heeled shoes, a dress of genuine Scotch cheviot, with a shirt of silk and another of wool for comfort in extremes of heat and cold, a heavy rubber coat and a felt hat.

TERSE TELEGRAMS.

Death of a Prominent Woman Writer in Jersey City—A Highbinder's Battle in the Streets of San Francisco.

The Irish Education Bill passed its third reading in the British Parliament by 152 to 53.

Coster & Martin, the Chicago grain brokers, have assigned. No schedule of assets and liabilities has been filed.

It is understood that the Duke of Devonshire fully approves the decision of the Government to appeal to the country at the end of June.

John Jacob Astor agreeably surprised the New York Police Commissioners the other day by presenting them with \$5,000 for the pension fund.

Maria Morgan, known as the foremost woman writer on horse and cattle in the country, died Wednesday morning in St. Francis Hospital, Jersey City, N. J.

The backers of John L. Sullivan and Jim Corbett on Wednesday deposited \$2,500 on each side, the second installment of the \$10,000 a side for which they are to fight.

E. H. Randolph, of the Prince of Wales North Staffordshire Regiment, committed suicide Wednesday by jumping into the sea at Weymouth. He had become insane from over-study.

It is reported that a revolution has broken out at Puerto Cortez, Honduras. Gen. Bormas, with a warlike force from Guatemala, attacked the city and captured it after a hard fight, with much loss of life and property.

About 11 o'clock Tuesday night a high-binder war broke out in the Chinese quarter of San Francisco not 50 yards from the main business part of the city. For half a minute there was a perfect fusillade in the streets. Two Chinamen were found dead, and it is probable that the bodies of other victims were carried away.

The Bank of Pueblo, Col., closed its doors Wednesday. Extremely dull times and inability to make collections on overdue accounts caused the failure.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S

READY RELIEF.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST
MEDICINE FOR FAMILY
USE IN THE WORLD.
NEVER FAILS TO RELIEVE
PAIN.

It surpasses all other remedies in the world for durability they have no equal. Below we give a few names of the purchasers of the Radway's Pills, and we can furnish fifty others on application at our warehouses who will testify to the great excellence of the Radway's Pianofortes.

RHEUMATISM

AND NEURALGIA

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throats, Inflammation, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing, Influenza.

CURES THE WORST PAINS IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one suffer WITH PAIN.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty or pain exists will afford ease and comfort.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

An Excellent and Mild Cathartic.

Mildly Laxative or Strongly Purgative, according to dose.

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous System, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS. By so doing

DYSPEPSIA

Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Bitterness, will be avoided and the food that is eaten contribute to the nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood, Headache, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disquiet for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering in the Pit of the Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Hurred or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever or Dull Pains in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the Wrist.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of the above-named disorders.

25 Cents a box. Sold by all druggists.

Send stamp for postage to RADWAY & CO., Montreal, for our book of advice.

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The Cod

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The disagreeable taste of the COD LIVER OIL is dissipated in

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The patient suffering from

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