

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

VOL. XXXIX

ST. JOHN N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1901.

NO. 77.

IMPORTANT MATTERS IN TRADE OF CANADA WITH SOUTH AFRICA.

Report Tells of Conditions--Loss on Recent Consignment of Flour--Shameful Delay at New York--S. S. Tugela from St. John.

Ottawa, Ont., June 17--(Special)--The department of trade and commerce today received from James Cummings, Durban, Natal, his report as to the conditions in all South African ports...

Natal contains about 60,000 whites, 60,000 East Indians and over 600,000 natives. The imports during 1900 were \$26,800,000. Australia takes a lead in sending cattle, frozen meat, butter, cheese, apples, potatoes...

"A consignment of Canadian flour recently arrived here from London and damaged and, as port charges are high, the loss would be considerable. They receive a kind welcome and their goods will have a fair chance at least, and in many cases a preference, over things being equal...

In addition, Mr. Cummings states that steamer Tugela, with hay from John, N. B., was in Durban for three weeks waiting to reach a wharf.

"THE WAR POLICY" IN BRITISH COMMONS.

London, June 17--The division in the house of commons today on the motion made by Mr. Lloyd-George (Welsh Nationalist) to adjourn the debate on the question of the treatment of Boer women and children...

The Daily News and the Chronicle, respectively the organs of the pro- and anti-imperialist sections, displayed the greatest irritation at this open split in the Liberal party.

MISS DOBELL WEDDED IN LONDON.

Toronto, June 17--(Special)--The Telegram's special cable from London says: St. George's Anglican church was the scene of a fashionable wedding today, in which the Canadian colony in the metropolis took a very interesting part.

REACHING CANADA AS STOWAWAYS.

Montreal, June 17--(Special)--Steamer Lake Superior brought into port from Liverpool 19 stowaways who state they were anxious to get to Canada because they had read the railway advertisements stating there was all the work necessary for thousands of young men on Canadian farms.

BREAK IN P. E. ISLAND PROHIBITION DEADLOCK.

Charlottetown, June 17--(Special)--The deadlock in regard to prohibition was broken this morning, the city marshal consenting to serving summons in prohibition cases which he had before refused to do on instructions of the police committee.

The marshal has consented to see the liquor summons served by himself rather than face instant dismissal at the hands of the stipendiary magistrate. During the temporary deadlock of the prohibitory law...

C.P.R. Trackmen's Strike Under Way.

THE ORDER TO CEASE WORK OBEYED IN MOST PLACES FROM ATLANTIC TO THE PACIFIC.

Road Experiences No Trouble As Yet, and Officers Say Strike Will Not Last Over a Day--Conditions in the Principal Places.

As was expected, the C. P. R. trackmen went out on strike at 6 o'clock yesterday morning and the strike extends from St. John to the Pacific coast.

As far as the Atlantic division is concerned, there are some of the trackmen at work, but the greater part stopped yesterday. There were no new developments in the matter up to late last night and all trains are running on schedule time.

A gentleman who arrived in the city yesterday from the Maine Central line, says that a number of the strikers have returned to work on the road, south of Bangor, and among them are some competent men. There are also a number returned to work north of Bangor.

A number of the men on strike on the C. P. R. Atlantic division have expressed themselves as being well satisfied with the company's terms.

All Out at Woodstock. Woodstock, N. B., June 17--(Special)--All the C. P. R. section men in this neighborhood went on strike this morning. Six C. P. R. detectives arrived in town Saturday and are here today.

From conversation with the detectives, one is led to judge that they think the men have a grievance, but the way to get redress is not by striking. One of the striking section men said this evening: "We have a grievance and the C. P. R. knows it. The sum of \$1.15 per day is not sufficient for a day's work; we want at least \$1.75. Seals cannot be secured to do the work properly, and railway travel is unsafe, after three days, without section men attending to their duty. We can stand it for three weeks without pay and after that time we will draw from the union \$30 a month each. The sympathy of the people is with the strikers, one is led to believe can be relied upon to do no injury to railway property."

Three Men on Quebec Division. Quebec, June 17--(Special)--Only three trackmen are on strike on the Quebec division.

The Ontario Centres. Toronto, June 17--(Special)--Reports at the office of the Ontario division of the C. P. R. show that about 60 per cent of the trackmen struck work, according to notice. On western portions of the line, from Toronto to Windsor, the men are pretty well at work, but on the section from Smith's Falls to Owen Sound most have been reported.

No disturbance of any sort has been reported. There are 115 sections on the division, with 460 men in all. The strike does not greatly affect traffic here, as all the railway tracks within the city are under the control of the Union Station Company, with whom there is no trouble. A number of trackmen at Parkdale and Toronto Junctions, who are out to-night, have been reported.

The men claim the company has been preparing for a fight by engaging Italians and holding them in reserve. London, Ont., June 17--(Special)--The anticipated strike of C. P. R. trackmen did not materialize here. The statement is made that no order is yet received by the men.

Brookville, Ont., June 17--(Special)--Every C. P. R. trackman on this division went on strike today. Among the number were two non-union men.

North Bay, Ont., June 17--(Special)--The section men and bridge men of this division went out today. Everything is quiet. The C. P. R. have about 20 special detectives stationed along this line.

Many at Ottawa. Ottawa, June 17--(Special)--A large number of Ottawa men are affected by this strike. The C. P. R. authorities refuse to say anything on the matter, whatever.

Winnipeg Men Out Last Night. Winnipeg, June 17--(Special)--There was no move among the local trackmen towards a strike, all section men of this division are at work and as far as could be learned there has been no order notifying them to go out.

Winnipeg, June 17--(Later)--The trackmen here went out tonight. Personally they have no grievance and have gone out in sympathy with their fellow workmen in the east. Between 200 and 300 are out.

Points Further West. Moosejaw, N. W. T., June 17--The trackmen's strike is not taken seriously here. If the men should go out there will be no difficulty in filling their places.

Calgary, B. C., June 17--The Crow's Nest Pass road is not affected by the trackmen's strike. The wages were recently advanced to \$1.40 and \$1.50 per day.

T. J. Labor is very plentiful here and the trackmen have not yet decided to go out on strike.

Grand Forks, B. C., June 17--The section men here are asking \$1.75 per day, but feel that in getting \$1.60 and \$1.50 per day the committee should have accepted. Several of the gangs have refused to go out.

Nelson, B. C., June 17--A few of the trackmen have gone out. Much dissatisfaction is expressed at the action of the Montreal committee.

Montreal, June 17--A special to the Star from Vancouver, B. C., says: "The trackmen on the Pacific division of the C. P. R. have struck work. They must be 700. They had absolutely no grievance, but were ordered out and obeyed. The wages now paid are: Bridge foreman, \$3 per day; bosses, \$2.50 per day; men, \$2.25 per day; track men, \$2 per day. On ordinary sections, \$1.75. Near switches the men are paid \$1.40 and \$1.25 per day all the year round, with no wet days off. It is stated officially that among the men who have refused to keep the track in effective repair."

As to Freight Shipments. Montreal, June 17--W. B. Balling, general freight agent of the C. P. R., has issued the following circular to the shippers of this city, dated Montreal, June 15:

Two Desperate Negroes. Filialade of Shots Heard and the Man Found Dead on Road. Welborn, Fla., June 17--News reaches here that Tom Thomas and Moses Maxwell, two desperate negroes, were killed Saturday afternoon on the road four miles east of this place. Maxwell had worked for W. R. O'Gain, a farmer, and had been in dispute with his employer during the day. He threatened the life of O'Gain and was driven from the plantation.

Subsequently O'Gain went to Live Oak on business and while away Maxwell, in company with Thomas, returned, both heavily armed with guns and pistols and asked the whereabouts of O'Gain. They left and stationed themselves on the roadside to await the return of the man they hunted. Late in the afternoon a fusillade of shots was heard and the negroes rushed to the scene to find both negroes dead in the road.

Playing with Matches. Children Thus Cause Fire at Jordantown, N. S.--Total Destruction. Digby, June 17--Fire destroyed the house of George Barton, Jordantown yesterday afternoon. Only three chairs were saved, the remainder of the furniture being destroyed. There was no insurance. The fire was caused by children playing with matches in a bedroom. It was discovered by neighbors going to church, but it was too late to save the building, which was soon burned to the ground.

Charged With Broaching Cargo. Boston, June 17--The steamer Virginian, of the Furness line, arrived today, with five of the crew in irons for "broaching" or stealing a case of old port wine.

Two Fires in Ottawa. In One There is Suspicion of Incendiarism--Two Total \$8,000 Loss. Ottawa, June 17--A fire took place this forenoon at the corner of Cooper and Bank streets. The building was owned by City Solicitor Pratt, and was in course of construction. The loss is about \$3,000. One of the workmen, Fred Geddes, says that a man came to him and said that he (Geddes) would not be long at work there. Later on Geddes saw this man in a shed to the rear of the building. A few minutes afterwards the place was in flames.

Fire broke out this evening in the gent's furnishing store of Bellemare & Julien, Sussex street, near the geological museum, and although well handled occasioned damage amounting to about \$5,000. The stock, which was chiefly injured by water, is insured for \$2,500 with the Ottawa Fire Insurance Co.

GUILTY OF MURDER IN FIRST DEGREE THE VERDICT AGAINST GRAFFAM.

Jury Decides He Killed Farmer Mosher--Prisoner's Nerve for a Moment Forsook Him as He Heard His Doom Pronounced.

Portland, Me., June 17--"Guilty of murder in the first degree" was the verdict returned by the jury in the Graffam case tonight, after just two hours and ten minutes deliberation.

For the first time since the trial began the defendant for a moment lost control of himself when he heard his doom pronounced. When he heard the verdict that meant for him nothing but a succession of years behind the sombre walls of the state prison, his lips faltered, his limbs trembled and his eyes filled with tears. This lasted only a moment, however, and then Graffam assumed the same cool, collected and almost defiant attitude that has characterized him.

As soon as the verdict had been rendered, Charles A. True, the prisoner's counsel, filed a motion for an arrest of judgment, but although the motion was granted it is doubtful if Graffam profits in the least by it beyond the fact that it may delay for a few days his ultimate departure to Thomaston to serve out a life sentence.

It was 5.20 p. m. when the jury passed out of the court room to the apartment set aside for their use. For some time the throng in the court room retained their seats, but as an hour went by and nothing was heard from the jury, the crowd commenced to thin out a little. An hour later there were still fewer people in the court room.

At 7.30 p. m. one of the deputy sheriffs in charge of the jury came down stairs and entered the judge's office and a few moments later Judge Bonney and the attorneys came out and entered the court room. There was a rush for seats. When quiet was restored, the jurors rendered the verdict which will send Edward Graffam to state prison to spend the remainder of his life.

In excusing the jury Judge Bonney commended them. In conclusion he stated that he considered, in view of the evidence, that their verdict was both just and righteous. When adjournment was announced the crowd surged forward and surrounded both the jury and the attorney of the state. Relatives of Clifford Mosher and many residents of Gorham shook hands with the jurors and congratulated them on the verdict.

After the first scene, Graffam sat silent and unmoved, deserted by all save his counsel, with the awful fate of life imprisonment staring him in the face. An instant later a pair of handcuffs snapped about his wrist and he was led away to his carriage and taken back to jail.

Tomorrow William Hands will appear in court and it is believed the state will accept a verdict of manslaughter from him and that he will plead guilty and take a state's prison sentence for a term of years.

BRITISH FIGHTING THE MAD MULLAH.

London, June 17--A despatch to the foreign office from the consular general of Siamland says that the Mad Mullah expedition had heavy fighting May 28.

The flying column of mounted infantry, under Captain Meriweather, struck the Mullah's supply camp during a night march and captured another, covered 100 miles, fought a sharp action and returned to its base, all in 24 hours.

The main force of the British, under Colonel Swayne, departed for Eldab June 2, leaving Captain M. H. Neill with 300 men to guard Zariba. Swayne's column advanced against the Mullah's base. In the meantime the Mullah, with 3,000 followers, attacked Zariba three times. He was finally driven off by McNeill with a loss of 500 men. The British in Zariba had ten men killed and nine wounded. The Mullah is now cut off from his base and a decisive action is imminent.

When the afternoon session began Attorney General Sieders continued the final summing up for the state. Judge Percival Bonney then began his charge to the jury. He began by a general explanation of the duties and powers of the jury. He explained that the jury were the sole judges of every fact in the case, of every item of evidence, and of the credibility of every witness. He instructed the jury that they were not obliged to accept every word of testimony as fact merely because it was given under oath. It is important to consider the appearance of the witness and see how far the testimony of one witness is corroborated by that of others.

The judge maintained that it was due the jury that they know something of the past of Edward Graffam since he has been placed on the stand as a witness. Judge Bonney discussed the question "reasonable doubt" to considerable length. He stated the burden of proof in the guilt of the respondent is never lifted from the state and that the state must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that on January 12 Graffam was in the Mosher house at Gorham.

The judge then explained the legal meaning of the crime of murder in the first degree and after a few final instructions the jury retired to their room to consider the evidence. The bloodstained clubs, the clothing of Hands and Graffam, the photographs and diagrams of the Mosher house and the other articles introduced and admitted as evidence were then removed to the jury room.

HON. MR. MULOCK EN ROUTE HOME.

Toronto, June 17--(Special)--The Telegram's special cable from London says Hon. William Mulock, Canadian postmaster general, who represented the dominion at the inauguration of the Australian commonwealth, is on his way back from the Antipodes with Mrs. Mulock and Master Cawthra Mulock. He sailed from Melbourne for London by steamer China June 4. On his arrival here he will confer with the post office authorities. Key Miss Debell wedded in London.

BARK ANNIE ASHORE AT JACQUET RIVER.

JACQUET RIVER, N. B., June 17--(Special)--A heavy wind storm prevailed along the coast Saturday night. The Norwegian barge Annie, Captain Jensen, which had just finished loading a cargo of deals and was preparing for sea, drifted on the bar, despite the efforts of the crew. Work was begun lightening the deckload and strong hopes are entertained that she will float at tonight's tide. The hull is reported undamaged.

NEW ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH DEDICATED.

Archbishop O'Brien Officiated--Large Concourse of People. Yarmouth, N. S., June 17--(Special)--Archbishop O'Brien, assisted by Monsignor Murphy, Rev. Dr. Foley and Fathers Hamilton and Crozier laid the cornerstone of the new Catholic church at Amiros last yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was witnessed by a large concourse of people from all parts of the county and was very impressive.

Rev. Father Hamilton preached in English and in French. A collection in aid of the building fund was taken and a large sum realized. Music was furnished by St. Ambrose Choir, of Yarmouth, assisted by Ed Brook choir.

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BY A WOMAN. Facts, Fashions, AND Fancies. FOR A WOMAN.

FASHION'S HOUR-GLASS. Attractive Flowered Fabrics - "Celestial Blue," the Newest Tint of Color.

The new guimpe shirt waist is supplied with a shawl collar that is nearly covered with lace and insertion. The guimpe is joined to a closely fitted undergarment that has a trimmed front, the neckline finished with a turnover lace collar.

"Celestial blue" is the name of the very newest of tints of this still remarkably popular color. It is an even more beautiful shade than blue or turquoise blue and blue celeste appears among the lovely crepe de chine, batistes, creped satins, summer broadens and tulleas as well as in the list of dainty belt and neck garnitures in chiffon, velvet or satin, and in fabrics and trimmings innumerable.

The sailor collar with ruff fronts, the folded fish with scarf ends and the new shirt waist cut away in the neck and worn with a guimpe and narrow blouse neck are among popular effects; the shawl collar is likewise noted on many of the new garments, including jackets, tea gowns and fancy waists.

For summer wear, says the Millinery Trade Review, "it seems probable that a taste for very wide hat-brims will be in evidence, but perhaps more as the season wears on than the hat, and have very low crowns. One of the latest in fancy white straw is encircled by a wreath of large, very soft, white silk poppies, slightly shot with faint gray and green. A second hat, in crease chip, is wreathed with white cherry blossoms and foliage. A third hat, in pale mauve straw, is trimmed with La France roses and mignonette clusters.

People of the Sister Province. Mrs. June 17-Mrs. John W. Fulton and Miss Dorothy Fulton, of Otter Brook, spent last month with friends in Charlotte, N. C.

Katleen, are spending a short time in Truro. Mr. McCully has lately been on a hunting party in Montreal on account of the illness of his eyes.

He has delivered several lectures of great interest during his stay in these parts. Miss Susie Ogilvie, of Mansfield, Mass., and Mrs. E. L. Blackinton and son, of Providence, are among the visitors for the summer at Henderson Settlement.

WATER FOR ANIMALS. Unless It Is Absolutely Pure Disease Will Inevitably Invade the Stock.

We feel that we cannot mention this subject too often or write too strongly on it, says the American Cultivator. The pond of stagnant water or the sluggish brook draining from a swamp full of decaying vegetable matter or even decomposing animals, or the more rapid stream which receives the wash of the hillsides where fertilizer is spread or the cattle are pastured, is not clean enough at its best for either man or beast, but it is often much worse than appears from the above description.

Home Table Hints. The recipes below will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of dessert, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently palatable.

Did You Ever Think of It? A correspondent of The London Live Stock Journal writes as below. "Horses and men are subject to many diseases of the eye, ending in blindness. Men and dogs frequently become either partially or wholly deaf. I have never yet known of a deaf horse. When driving a car, a deaf horse will go on a spring to which no animals can go, with the water conveyed by pipes to a trough which has an overflow at the top to carry off such impurities, usually lighter than the water, are the best safeguards, and even then the trough should be occasionally emptied and cleaned out.

The Trucker's Wagon. It is a convenience, when peddling produce, fruit, etc., to have a long bodied wagon, rather than to pile barrels and boxes high. With a long bodied wagon, you can load and unload with ease. The plan herewith shows a board platform extended beyond the body of the wagon and on it barrels, boxes, etc., can be placed so that they are secured by a rope. B. D. Thompson, in Farm and Home.

Unsalted Butter, all made by Frieburg peasants, produced in part from sweet and in part from ripened cream, was in 1900 examined for the bacillus of tuberculosis. Guinea pigs were fed with three of the samples, with which they were inoculated and died from peritonitis, while of the remaining 17, virtually tubercle bacilli were found in four samples. The cream, which is reported by Frieburg, should set to rest, any doubt as to the possibility of danger arising from butter which is sold in our shops and stores without the slightest knowledge where it was made and under what conditions.

Replacing an Old Orchard. It is probable that the land on which an old apple orchard stands is not very rich, and has been so for a long time. It would almost certainly be well to have the soil thoroughly plowed and cultivated in some such crop as potatoes for a year before planting to orchard again. Of course fertilizers should be applied. Stable manure is very good, and so are such commercial manures as contain plenty of potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen. Good winter plow will probably pay better than pears. Rural New Yorker.

Sheep as Weed Destroyers. Sheep are excellent destroyers of weeds. They will eat certain weeds that cattle will not accept, and they graze very close to the ground, preferring the young plants that are just appearing above the surface. They consequently give weeds no opportunity to grow. Even thistles 200 to 250 pounds give large hams and shoulders, and their meat is not so fat as bigger ones. The time for soot, fat pork for the farmer's table has gone by. Lon. Crowe, a Truro boy, son of late Sheriff Crowe, has resigned his position in the Royal Bank of Canada at Summerside, P. E. I., and will go west.

SEEDS AND CHEMICALS. Why Commercial Fertilizers Should Be Applied With Discretion.

If nitrate of soda, muriate of potash and superphosphate are applied in some what heavy doses at the hill or drill, and the seed is dropped directly upon the fertilizer before it has been mixed with the soil, there is very great danger that the germ of the seed will be destroyed. We have many times killed the germs of seeds in this way. But if the fertilizer is applied with the soil, there is no danger whatever that the ordinary application of fertilizer will in any way injure the seed or plant. Should fertilizer be applied in extra large doses, say 500 to 1,000 pounds per acre, and should the season following be very dry, it is entirely probable that the plants might be injured by the heavy application of fertilizer. The reason for this is that the soil is not enough moist to present to sufficiently dilute it. Nitrogen is especially liable to be concentrated, and there is not enough moisture present to sufficiently dilute it. Nitrogen is especially liable to be concentrated, and there is not enough moisture present to sufficiently dilute it.

THE PEANUT PLANT. A Member of Legume Family and First Cousin to Bean and Pea.

The peanut differs so much in appearance from the bean and pea, and is so different in its uses, that it is seldom thought of as a legume. A study of the growing plant immediately shows the resemblance. It is a climbing vine, with a long, trailing annual, with leaves characteristic of the legumes, and the butterfly-shaped blossoms, whose ovaries develop into a seed pod. As the flower withers the stock or spike of the ovary rapidly grows and matures into a nut, beneath the surface. Peanuts are widely grown throughout our southern States, and are used extensively in that section as a food for hogs. The illustration, here reproduced, from a bulletin of the United States Department of Agriculture, shows the different parts of this plant. Orange Judd Farmer.

Fruits and Vegetables. Plant sweet corn every two weeks. Rhubarb should have the flower stalks broken out. Rhubarb should have the flower stalks broken out. Rhubarb should have the flower stalks broken out.

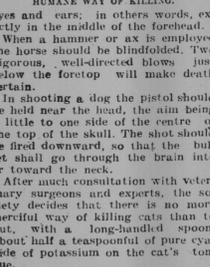
Bees from Buzzards. Swarming bees are often kept in a cool place. A swarm may be induced to enter a hot hive, but if it is too hot they are liable to desert it, leaving off of the crowns of hives will kill them.

Buying Fruit Trees. Fruit trees, especially an apple, require a long time from planting to bearing. If a mistake in variety has been made, it is a serious matter. All over the country one hears farmers say that they bought varieties highly recommended by some agent, only to find the variety worthless for their locality or not true to name. The man of whom any one buys trees should be known to possess honesty and intelligence. Honesty alone is not enough. The agent must be intelligently honest and honestly intelligent, or the farmer should have no business with him. The agent must know enough not to be the tool of dishonest nurserymen or tree dealers. If farmers and orchardists deal with no other kind, there would be comparatively few disappointments. Buy only of men known to be all right.

Medium Sized Hogs. Medium sized hogs are the best to look for family use. Those dressing 200 to 250 pounds give large hams and shoulders, and their meat is not so fat as bigger ones. The time for soot, fat pork for the farmer's table has gone by. Lon. Crowe, a Truro boy, son of late Sheriff Crowe, has resigned his position in the Royal Bank of Canada at Summerside, P. E. I., and will go west. C. C. Byrne and T. W. G. Troop, of Digby, are at the Royal.

METHOD IN KILLING. How to Shoot a Horse or Dog and Dispose of a Car in the Least Painful Way to the Animal.

The Illinois Humane Society is distributing circulars containing instructions for the quickest and least painful method of killing animals. The instructions state that for shooting a horse the revolver should be held within a few inches of the head, the aim being toward the center of the head midway between the



BIRDS HELP THE FARMERS. The bulletins on birds and mammals published by the biological survey of Washington correct widely prevalent errors as to the economic status of species that affect agricultural interests and demonstrate the inefficiency and wastefulness of bounty laws, under which millions of dollars have been expended by the various states and territories without accomplishing the object for which they were intended.

Birds are the farmers' most valuable aids in his lifelong battle with the insect pest that prey on his crops. How important, therefore, that he should not destroy them that do him the greatest service. In the case of the poultry papers say that it is too rich feeding that does it. The size of the hives must be settled by the locality of the apiary. No one size of hive will answer perfectly in all places.

Heat Spill the Ducklings. They will stand almost anything, but they cannot endure too much heat. One of the most common troubles is that the ducklings get weak-legged and almost invariably die. The remedy is to keep them in a cool place. A swarm may be induced to enter a hot hive, but if it is too hot they are liable to desert it, leaving off of the crowns of hives will kill them.

Watch the Horse's Shoulders. Don't let the horse get sore shoulders. See that the collar fits. Just because a horse's collar has all right shape and is not tight it will fit the season. You owe it to your teams to work them in comfort and in no other way will you get the best out of them. It is the greatest cruelty to work a sore-shouldered animal and in nine cases out of ten it is the owner's fault-negligence or carelessness.-Ohio Farmer.

A CERTAIN METHOD FOR curing cramps, diarrhoea and dysentery, by using Pain-Killer. This medicine has sustained the highest reputation for over 60 years. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Etc. and 50c.

St. John Markets. Country Market-Woolens.

Table listing market prices for various goods including woolens, provisions, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including fish, sugar, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including oils, raisins, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including apples, molasses, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including flour and meal, matches, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including coffee, tea, and other commodities.

NAILS. Out, 50 ds, & 80 ds, per 100 lb.

Table listing market prices for various goods including nails, oaks, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including lime, tar and pitch, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including spruce deals, lumber, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including American water white, Canadian water white, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including raisins, apples, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various goods including flour and meal, matches, and other commodities.

HARTLAND SCANDAL.

A Wedding Which Did Not Materialize.

Hartland, N. B., June 14-(Special).-The people of this place are now talking over the biggest sensation of its kind which has ruffled the serenity of this village for years. Active preparations have been making for a wedding, to have been celebrated Wednesday and for which 160 invitations had been issued. The contracting parties were Crownfield, one of the best known lumber operatives in the country, who for years has been in the employ of E. L. Colton, and Miss Bessie Nevers, 17 years of age-quite the prettiest girl in the village. At the appointed hour Wednesday the guests were waiting, the bride was ready, the church was decorated but the bridegroom had changed his mind in relation to his approaching nuptials and decided that single blessedness was good enough for him for a while yet. Acting on this decision he had a friend, Daniel Brooks, drive him to Bridgewater on the American side of the line, where he took the train on the Bangor & Arctostook line for Fort Kent and there disappeared. It was afterwards given out that his destination is the western states. Whether this is true is not known but at any rate your correspondent is in a position to state that he has not been in Hartland since and that before he departed he had made preparations for a lengthy stay. With respect to what prompted his peculiar proceeding brought out the fact that Mr. Crownfield was not satisfied with everything about the Nevers home. He learned that his bride to be was receiving the ardent attentions of a married man named Birmingham and when it was revealed to him by D. H. Keowick, a prominent merchant of this place that the relations between Miss Nevers and Mr. Birmingham were more friendly than propriety would allow he called the marriage off and decided to fit. It is understood he communicated this to his bride a few hours before the time appointed for the ceremony; she pleaded with him to reconsider his determination, but he was obdurate with resolute as stated. At any rate he is now numbered among the missing while pretty Bessie Nevers is mourning for the husband she has lost. Birmingham is also said to have disappeared from view and several of Hartland's sturdy citizens have announced their intention of giving him a warm reception should he again appear in this locality, as he is blamed for all the trouble. All the parties to the affair are well known in St. John and Fredericton. D. S. McLaughlin, an energetic and trusty Economy boy, has recently been promoted in the employ of a Boston street railway company.

OVER THE PROVINCES.

A SUMMARY OF EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

What is going on Among Ourselves—The Daily Doings of Our Neighbors Talked About—People you know or of Whom have heard.

Toronto, June 15—(Special)—Lady Minto this afternoon laid the corner stone of the new preparatory building in connection with Upper Canada College here.

Toronto, Ont., June 14—(Special)—E. Stranger, local manager of the Bank of British North America, retiring from service, was presented today with \$1,000 by his associates of the Clearing House.

Halifax, N. S., June 15—(Special)—The death occurred at Dartmouth tonight of J. W. Jago, secretary of the Dartmouth ferry commission. He was about 60 years old.

Ottawa, June 16—(Special)—Hodrick McLeod, father-in-law of commissioner of customs John McDonald, died here today. The remains will be forwarded to Westville, N. S.

At 4 o'clock Saturday morning last, the death occurred of Mrs. Belyea, widow of Mr. Lawrence Belyea, at her home, Lower Greenview, Kings county. Deceased leaves one little daughter.

Montreal, June 14—(Special)—A coroner's inquest this evening over the remains of Mrs. Reppath and her two children, victims of last night's tragedy, declared the shooting done by Clifford Reppath, while in the state of insanity brought on by an epileptic fit.

Belleville, Ont., June 14—(Special)—The Bay of Quinte Steamboat Company's steamer Hero was burned early this morning. Members of the crew and several passengers were in bed at the time. All were rescued. The steamer was valued at \$25,000, and was insured for \$20,000.

Toronto, June 14—(Special)—The Ontario medical council today adopted report of special committee appointed to consider Dr. Roddick's bill for introduction of Dominion registration, with some minor amendments as to provincial representation.

Toronto, June 15—(Special)—The old established firm, Taylor Bros., Donvalley Brick Works and Paper Mills, assigned today with liabilities of \$750,000, assets not obtainable, but it is expected that there will be a substantial surplus. Arrangements have been made to keep the works running in the meantime.

London, June 15—British steamer Nantuxian, Allan line, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday for Montreal via Montreal, Rimouski and Quebec, is lying in Leigh Foyle with her hawser pipe cracked and a photo started. She left her anchor and forty fathoms of chain, in consequence of a wrench slipping. Repairs are being effected.

The death occurred yesterday of Mr. Alex. H. Earle, aged 30 years, at his home, Pleasant Point. Deceased had long been ill. He leaves a wife and one son. Brothers are Messrs. John E. Earle, of Pleasant Point, and James Earle, of Messrs. T. McAvily & Sons' employ. Sisters are Mrs. John Campbell and Mrs. Edward Dunham of Pleasant Point, and Mrs. Wm. Cowin, of Pleasant Point. Deceased's mother is Mrs. George W. Earle, a widow.

Halifax, June 14—Arr. strms Armenia, from Boulogne and sailed for New York; Olivette, from Boston and sailed for Havre; and the whole fleet from the Atlantic to the Pacific to begin Monday. The order affects over 3,000 men. President Wilson left tonight for Portland, called in connection with the strike on the Maine Canal. He will return Monday to conduct matters in connection with the strike of C. P. B. trackage which will be inaugurated Monday morning.

C. P. B. authorities are taking steps to replace the strikers.

Gagetown, June 15—A very heavy thunder storm was felt here yesterday afternoon. The rain came in torrents and was accompanied with hail which was the heaviest known in this locality for years. Many of the hail stones measuring fully an inch in diameter. Many panes of glass were broken and considerable damage will doubtless be done from trees and late crops. A number of bridges are said to be washed out and the telephone wires much damaged.

Inspector of Lighthouses John Kelly has had a crew of men working on the Gagetown lighthouse which was overturned by ice during frost season, and has it now raised ready to be placed on the foundation when that is made ready.

Sussex, June 15—fine annual school meeting was held this morning at the office of the secretary, J. A. Freeze. The sum of \$3,500 was voted for the ensuing year. The accounts for the last year were certified by the auditor as correct.

J. A. Humphrey, the retiring trustee, is re-elected. W. B. McKay was elected trustee for the year.

W. Stockton sold by auction today a number of wagons and a quantity of hay. Belonging to the estate of the late I. White.

M. Huestis, inspector of the Great St. Life Insurance Company, was in town today.

Chatham, June 17—(Special)—Flags are flying at half-mast on the Richards mill today, on account of the death of Mr. William Richards, junior of the William Richards Company, which occurred at Montreal on Saturday.

Montreal, June 17—The city council, this afternoon, appointed Apt. D. Legault chief of the Quebec Provincial Police, to be chief of Montreal police in succession to Lieut. Col. Hughes, who will shortly retire.

Chatham, N. B., June 17—(Special)—This afternoon a man named McCaskell, belonging to P. E. Island, while working on a scow at Nelson, fell into the river and was drowned. He was 22 years old. The body was recovered.

Ottawa, June 18—(Special)—Dr. S. A. McLean, professor of economics in the University of Ottawa, is a Canadian, has been appointed by the government to inquire into the transportation question and to gather information in regard to matters of discrimination in regard to rates and kindred subjects.

Chatham, N. B., June 16—Miss Eliza Savory, daughter of Benjamin Savory, of Tabusintac, died in Boston of pneumonia Tuesday. Miss Savory lived in Chatham several years and had many friends here. The remains arrived Saturday and were interred in the Moorefield cemetery Sunday afternoon.

Perry Sound, June 17—(Special)—The lumber yards of the Ontario Lumber Company at French River, about 50 miles north of here, were destroyed by fire yesterday. Between 14,000,000 and 15,000,000 feet were burned. The loss is about \$250,000. The lumber was insured. The Charlebois boarding house and a couple of dwellings were also destroyed.

Toronto, June 17—(Special)—Chief Justice Fiddler, Justice Street, has given judgment relative to the apportionment of costs in the West Durham election case. C. T. Thornton, the unsuccessful Conservative candidate, is ordered to pay costs in the petition to declare the seat vacant. In his suit against the deputy returning officer the judges decided each party should bear its own costs.

St. John's, Nfld., June 17—Another fishing schooner bound for Labrador has been lost in the crushed ice in the Strait of Bellefleur. Forty-seven persons on board were rescued.

Later reports indicate that the fishing schooner lost in the Strait of Bellefleur was the Lady Clara.

Two other fishing vessels have reached St. Anthony. Their crews were in a destitute condition, having lost everything they possessed.

The British flag ship Charlybis arrived here this evening.

Truro, June 7—(Special)—One of the oldest hotel men in the province joined the silent majority this afternoon. Deceased was a native of Truro, but for a long time did an extensive trade and shipping business at Tatamagouche, N. S. He carried on farming. He married Miss Kaulback, of Musquodoboit, and opened the Railway Hotel, which was later enlarged and is now known as the Stanley House, conducted by a son of deceased.

Deceased leaves his widow, two daughters and one son. The children are Mrs. John Stevens, Amherst; Mrs. James Cairn, Wallace; Stanley Murphy, Truro.

Woodstock, June 17—One of the oldest residents of the town, Philip McCaffrey, passed away yesterday afternoon at 9 o'clock at the residence of John Lambden, where she had made her home for several years. Mrs. McCaffrey was the widow of Philip McCaffrey, a leading magistrate and town councillor for many years. The deceased was an ideal woman—one whose whole attention was given to the duties of the home, ever solicitous for the welfare of her children, and the good of the community at large. Her death will be deeply lamented. She leaves three children—Mrs. Thibodeau, Thomas, who is of the customs staff in town; James, who lives in Aroostook county, Me., but who has arrived home for the funeral which will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, after requiem mass at St. Gertrude's church.

Sussex, June 17—The members of Zion Lodge, F. and A. Masons, accompanied by the Sussex band, marched from their hall to Trinity church yesterday afternoon. Rev. Scott Neales, chaplain of the lodge, preached an instructive and appropriate sermon, taking as his text 13th verse, 12th chap. of 1st Corinthians.

Reports from different parts of the country indicate that much damage was done by the frost on Saturday night.

Dr. McLaughlin, of Truro, was in the village today, looking over the plans of the water and sewerage system, with a view to tendering for the work.

W. W. Hubbard left today on the Atlantic express for Souris, P. E. I.

Arthur McFarlane, of Markhamville, has bought the McLaughlin property at the Upper Corner.

Woodstock, June 17—The summer session of the Carleton county council will be held tomorrow morning.

Darcy Graham and bride returned from their wedding trip on Saturday, were the guests of the bride's father, George F. Graham, and went to Hartland today, where Mr. Graham is the obliging agent in the branch of the People's Bank. Friends of the bride invited her to meet them at the Carleton Hotel, where, at 9:30 on Saturday night, an address was read by Mayor Belyea, accompanied by a very handsome and costly combination breakfast, dinner and tea set of 128 pieces. Mr. Graham replied to the address of his friends in brief, but well-chosen remarks. Speeches were also made by Inspector Meagher, Coun. A. G. Bailey, Coun. Geo. Balmain, H. Paxton Baird and others. The address was signed by about 40 of the leading business men in town.

A CELEBRATED CASE.

Trial of Barker, Who Shot Rev. John Keller.

New York, June 17—Thos. G. Barker was placed on trial today, before Judge Blair, charged with assault with intent to kill. On February 3rd last, Barker shot the Rev. John Keller, of Arlington, N. J., pastor of Trinity chapel in that place. Barker told the authorities he shot the minister because his wife had told him that Keller had been guilty of a criminal assault upon her. Mr. Keller for weeks lay in a dying condition, and it was feared that even if he recovered he would lose his eyesight, but he recovered and the retinae of his eyes were saved.

Mr. Keller has always said that he did not see his assailant when he was shot and immediately after the shooting he called a physician to examine him. Mr. Keller on that ground. When informed of the alleged confession of Barker's wife, he denounced the whole story as utterly false.

Mr. Erwin told in detail the circumstances attending the shooting of the clergyman and described the nature of the wound inflicted. Several witnesses were called, including Mary Roome, who said she heard four shots fired. While looking from a window of her home she saw Barker standing over Keller, who was lying on the sidewalk. She saw Barker fire the fourth shot at Keller.

Dr. Piny Barber, the next witness, said he heard one shot fired and saw a man running. He found Mr. Keller lying on the ground. He helped him up with the assistance of Mrs. Roome, and took him to his home.

Mrs. Jennie F. Buckley testified that she heard three shots fired and, running to a window, saw Barker fire a fourth shot at Mr. Keller.

Frederick G. Buckley told her he had pursued and caught Barker. He said that when he reached Barker he asked him: "Whom did you shoot?" "Keller, and I hope I killed him," replied Barker.

After unimportant testimony was given by three witnesses court adjourned.

ANOTHER TROLLEY CAR DISASTER.

Head-on Collision, and a Number of People Hurt.

River Point, R. I., June 15—Two of the Rhode Island Suburban Electric Company trolleys collided head on this afternoon and five persons were seriously hurt and a number of others bruised and shaken. The cars were a bloomer and one of the big vestibule cars. The bloomer partly telescoped the closed car, demolishing the front vestibule and the controller and other apparatus on the front end. The bloomer, besides smashing in the partition which divided the front vestibule from the rest of the car. The bloomer car escaped injury, but did occasion with the exception of the motorman.

J. H. Fisk, motorman on the River Point car, had both legs broken; E. B. Andrews, conductor of the same car, had both legs broken and his hand hurt; Michael Hobert, of Centerville, a passenger on the Providence car had both legs broken and sustained other injuries; Henry C. Johnson, another passenger had both knee caps broken and Eugene Gibson, motorman of the bloomer car was cut and bruised about the head and face.

MARITIME FAT STOCK AND POULTRY SHOW.

Breeders Association Meeting at Amherst Decides Upon One.

Amherst, June 15—(Special)—The executive of the Breeders' Association of the Maritime Provinces met at the Terrace Hotel last evening. Those present from outside were J. A. Peters, deputy commissioner of agriculture of New Brunswick; W. W. Hubbard, of Sussex, N. B., secretary of the association; Colonel Campbell and Mr. Parlee, of Sussex; Bliss Fawcett, of Sackville; P. L. Fuller, and C. A. Black, of Truro; R. Robertson, superintendent of the Government Experimental Farm, Nappan, and William Atkinson, of Amherst.

The meeting was called to consider the advisability of holding a fat stock and poultry show in the maritime provinces, similar to that held at Guelph, Ont. It was decided to hold one if details could be arranged. Committees were appointed to get information and assistance from the cities and towns in the provinces. The Nova Scotia committee consists of W. W. Black and P. L. Fuller. It is likely that the first show will be held next winter in Halifax or St. John.

WHAT CATARRHOZON IS AND IS NOT.

Catarrhozone is not a wash. You cannot force liquids into the lungs. It is not an ointment to be snuffed up the nostrils. Ointments are useless and disgusting. Nor is it a powder to be blown up the nostrils and still further irritate the already congested and irritated membrane. It is simply balsamic and healing substances combined into the lungs and throat. Cures of course. That is nature's way of cure, and nature's way is the only true way. If you suffer from disease of the throat, lungs, nasal passages, sinuses at all druggists, 25c. and 50c. Guaranteed to cure Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis and Hay Fever, or your money back.

Albert County News.

Hopewell Hill, June 14—The marriage took place at Hillboro, yesterday, of Chisum, Bishop and Miss Florence Stevens. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. W. Townsend, of the Baptist church.

Barry Avoca has arrived at Grandstone Island and will load with Mr. J. Nelson Smith's deals. Barry Carle L. Smith is being loaded with Mr. Smith's lumber at Gray's Island, Hillsboro. Barquentine Enterprise passed down the bay yesterday, lumber laden, for Grand Britain.

Schooner Glanza is loading hay at Riverside for St. John.

Mrs. Hansen, of Truro, N. S., is the guest of Mrs. George M. Russell at this place.

Over 70 rods of new dyke is being put up on the Riverside marsh, under the supervision of W. B. Keiver.

When Baby is Sick

Don't dose him with nauseous castor oil, or other harsh, griping purgatives. Don't give him "soothing" medicines that in most cases contain poisonous opiates. These things only make him worse.

Baby's Own Tablets

are what your little one needs. They are a gentle laxative, and make baby sleep because they make him well. They cool his hot little mouth, ease his sour little stomach, and help his obstinate little teeth through painlessly. They are what every mother needs for her baby—and for the older children too.



Guaranteed to contain no opiate or poisonous "sleepy stuff." THEY HELP ALL BABIES. TRY THEM FOR YOUR BABY. The genuine package looks just like this



FROM A TRAINED NURSE. The following is from a lady who graduated as certificated trained nurse from the Western Hospital, Montreal: "Having used Baby's Own Tablets for several years in the course of my professional experience as sick nurse, and latterly with my own baby, I wish to testify to the superiority of the Tablets over any other medicine for babies. They both prevent and cure the ailments to which babies are liable, with certainty and promptness." (Signed) MRS. MARTHA SOPER.

Sold by druggists or sent post paid on receipt of price (25 cents a box) by addressing THE DR. WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO., BROCKVILLE, ONT.

FREE TO MOTHERS.

Any mother who will send her address on a post card will receive free a handsome little book telling how to treat the ills of little ones and how to help them in the emergencies of every day life. Mention this paper.

DRIVE MAN MAD.

Nickel-in-the-Slot Machine Drives Reason from Its Throne.

The nickel-in-the-slot machine has driven wealthy C. A. Thilo, of San Francisco, to madness. For days, he has been unable to get the polished gambling boxes in a forlorn effort to get five cents.

Finally, his strange mania was declared a new form of absolute insanity by the courts, and he was committed to the Napa Asylum by judicial order to stop the head of the machine.

Thilo himself maintains that he is not mad and throughout his struggle for liberty still avers that it is possible to get five cents, or a nickel and win a big prize. Other men who have "played the slot machine" and their name is legion, told him it could not be done.

Once early in his strange quest he nearly had it, but the fifth ace fell and a king took its place. That proved his undoing, for it held out alluring hope of sometime he would succeed, and his passion for playing the "slot machine" superseded everything else, even his personal pride in the Oberon, the small hall that brought him a monthly revenue of over \$1,600. Here he had seen thousands of men before and to his growing riches, while trying to "beat the machine."

At the Oberon there are many card machines where men gamble to get drinks and cigars. Many a good dollar they brought the house. One day, strangely enough, while watching them, the proprietor himself grew interested. He wished to try his own fortune there in a gambling game of solitaire against himself—and he must have lost. But he would not give it up.

On his last big play he hired a small boy to pull down the handle, and dropped \$1,600 without stopping in a Coverdale machine.

SURE CURE FOR SEA SICKNESS.

Maladies of this type yield instantly to Poison's Nervine. If you suffer periodically from these complaints, just keep Nervine at hand. A few drops in sweetened water gives relief, and in the course of half an hour the cure is complete. A large 25 cent bottle of Nervine in the house will save doctor bills and a vast amount of suffering every year.

May Be Elevated to Cardinalate.

Washington, June 17—The name of Archbishop Chappelle, of New Orleans, has been brought to the attention of the Vatican authorities and the pope for elevation to the rank of cardinal.

Because of his services as penal inspector for the Philippines and West Indies. During one of the audiences when this was urged upon the pope, the latter expressed high regard for the work of the archbishop.

W. L. Waring returned home yesterday from Boston. He has been inspecting the St. Croix.

NEWS OF DE WET AT LAST; HE IS BADLY DEFEATED BY BRITISH UNDER ELLIOT.

London, June 15—Lord Kitchener reports to the war office from Pretoria:

"During the march from Vrede, General Elliot's column engaged De Wet near Reitz, June 6. After severe fighting they captured 71 loaded wagons, 45 prisoners, 58 rifles, 10,000 rounds of ammunition and 4,000 cattle. The Boers left 17 killed and three wounded. Our casualties were three officers and 17 men killed and one officer and 24 men wounded."

London, June 16—Lord Kitchener has cabled from Pretoria under today's date:

"Near Wellmansrut, 20 miles south of Middelburg, 250 Victorian Mounted Rifles from General Beaton's column, were surprised in camp at Steenkopspruit by a superior force of Boers at 7.30 p. m. June 12. The enemy crept up to within short range and poured a deadly fire into the camp, killing two officers and 16 men, and wounding four officers and 38 men, of whom 28 were slightly wounded. The remainder were taken prisoners and later released. Two pan pomms were captured by the enemy. Full details have not yet been received."

London, June 16—The serious reverse which Lord Kitchener reports is the first accident of the kind that has happened to the Australian contingent, and it is supposed to be due to neglect of proper picketing. Although it is offset by the defeat inflicted upon De Wet, the loss of the guns is regarded as a serious matter, which will encourage the Boers to continue the struggle.

More or less fanciful accounts are published on the continent of alleged peace negotiations, but there is nothing in them and nothing has come of the interview between Mrs. Botha and Mr. Kruger, beyond revealing the fact that Mr. Kruger will listen to no proposals unless they are accompanied with a guarantee of the independence of the republics.

The Daily Mail's Cape Town correspondent says that Cecil Rhodes speaking at Bulawayo Saturday, predicted that a federation of South African states would come in three or four years but he contended that to grant self government to the republics before federation would render federation impossible.

THE DARK SIDE OF LIFE.

Ithaca, N. Y., June 16—James Churchill, a farm hand who worked near Ithaca, murdered his wife today at her father's home in Newfield. He mutilated her head with a heavy bar of iron while she slept beside her daughter, seven years old. Her father, Daniel Minturn, over 80 years of age, also fell a victim to his wrath, his skull being fractured by a blow from the iron bar. Mrs. Churchill died in two hours after the assault. She was 30 years old. The old man will probably survive but a few hours.

Churchill attempted suicide by taking an ounce of carbolic acid, but he was revived and arrested. The crime was the result of jealousy.

New York, June 16—Wm. Meinholfer, a young man who last night shot Mary Bolte and himself, died today at Fordham hospital, where a few hours earlier Miss Bolte also died. The history of the tragedy is believed to have been jealousy.

The woman was employed as cashier in a dry goods store. Employed at the same store was William Strickler. These two were walking late last night when five shots were fired by Meinholfer from behind a tree. One struck Miss Bolte and two had been fired by Meinholfer at himself. In Meinholfer's clothing was found the following letter:

"I sit here and calmly smoke my pipe. After great deliberation I propose to kill her. She deceived me. I killed her for revenge. She wrecked my life. I have nothing more to live for." (Signed) WM. MEINHOLFER.

Meinholfer and Miss Bolte had a quarrel recently. She formerly lived in Los Angeles, California, and is said to have lately come into a small fortune.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH. A six-page paper and is published every Wednesday and Saturday at \$1.00 a year, in advance, by the Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements making the run of the paper: Each insertion \$1.00 per inch. Advertisements of Wants, For Sales, etc., 50 cts. for insertion of six lines or less.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters alleged to contain money remitted to this office we have to request our subscribers and agents when sending money for the Telegraph to do so by post office order or registered letter, in which case the remittance will be at our risk.

FACTS FOR SUBSCRIBERS. Without exception, names of new subscribers will be entered until the money is received. Subscribers will be required to pay for papers sent them, whether they take them from the office or not, until all arrears are paid.

Write on one side of your paper only. Attach your name and address to your communication as an evidence of good faith. Write nothing for which you are not prepared to be held personally responsible.

THIS PAPER HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES. AUTHORIZED AGENTS. The following Agents are authorized to canvass and collect for the Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz: Wm. Somerville, W. A. Ferris.

ARE LIBERALS DISLOYAL? It is humiliating to see with what determination Tory journals are seeking to keep the disloyal cry alive in Ontario. One would think that after the general election, if for no other reason than considerations of decency, this senseless and malicious campaign cry would be dropped.

The cabinet finding that Sir Charles Tupper had committed himself to Imperial aid and undertaken to arouse racial feeling for the political purpose of destroying Sir Charles in the province of Quebec.

No effort to cool the sentiment of Canada towards the Empire or to sow the seeds of division shall succeed. We are enjoying liberty with unity, and independence with alliance.

The "we" referred to in the last sentence probably means the Conservatives of Canada, as nothing in the article from which these extracts were taken leaves room for even the suggestion that Liberals entertained their own entertain any feelings of sympathy with the Empire.

It is hard to treat such silly rubbish seriously, and yet we wish to say that it is needless insulting to the Liberals of Canada. No one can say that the government at Ottawa conspired in 1899 to prevent Canada from showing her fidelity to the cause of the Empire without giving unwarranted offence to every Liberal who supports it.

There can be no question that a general reduction in the United States tariff would stimulate our export trade very much, and it is hoped the present mood of our neighbors will lead to something but in national affairs, as in those of a purely domestic character, it is never well to count too much on what one's neighbors may do.

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thrashed out before the people should be allowed to drop. No sane man seriously questions the loyalty of Liberals or rates it below the loyalty of Conservatives.

From the great grain producing plains of the west come the most encouraging reports of the outlook. The total acreage under crop this year is 2,961,469 acres. Of this total 2,219,201 acres are under grain crops, and for the first time in the history of Manitoba the wheat acreage has exceeded the two million mark, being 2,011,855 acres.

A "hold up" took place in the railway yard at Westport, N. B., June 15. The Henderson House at Charlottetown is now open and under one of the most famous and scenic resorts, patronized by tourists from Montreal and Ottawa.

ALONG THE NORTH SHORE. Three Men Lay in Wait to Assault Manager Murray of Reid Cannery—Badly Beat the Wrong Man—Important Salmon Fishing Matter.

Along the north shore of the Bay de Chaleur, three men lay in wait to assault the manager of the Reid Cannery, Mr. Murray, who was badly beaten. The wrong man was assaulted, and an important matter concerning salmon fishing was raised.

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year's crop; but we are still so thoroughly an agricultural people that every interval feels the effect of a bountiful or a short harvest. Happily, we have not often known what a really poor harvest over the entire country means.

From the great grain producing plains of the west come the most encouraging reports of the outlook. The total acreage under crop this year is 2,961,469 acres. Of this total 2,219,201 acres are under grain crops, and for the first time in the history of Manitoba the wheat acreage has exceeded the two million mark, being 2,011,855 acres.

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BIG BATHURST BLAZE. Town Was Threatened Saturday Afternoon.

Bathurst, N. B., June 15.—(Special)—An immense fire threatening the village and town broke out in Bathurst's lumber yard at 11 a. m. The fire originated from the mill burner churning sparks on the warehouse and spreading all over the lumber between the warehouse and the store, destroying in the vicinity of \$30,000 to \$40,000 worth of lumber.

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Don't Waste Your Money. Begin today—don't waste another cent on clothes.

"But how do I know what is best for me?" You don't. You tell us what you like; we tell you how it is going to wear, etc. If it doesn't turn out to be as good as it looks, or disappoints you in any way, be fair enough to come back and give us a chance to make it right.

Men's Sack Suits. Of stylish cut and popular fabrics in tweeds of fancy checks and plaids and blue serge, \$5, \$6, \$7.

Men's Worthy Suits. Newest patterns and effects, in mixed tweeds; also blue serge and black worsteds. The proper cut in coats, splendidly tailored, perfect fitting, thoroughly guaranteed. Such suits as elsewhere would cost you all of \$10 marked here for \$8.

Men's Stylish Spring Suits, 4-button sack style and cutaway. Fabrics, linings, fit and finish the equal of anything obtainable elsewhere at \$12. Our price \$10.

Men's Very Swell Spring Suits. In the favorite sack styles, and with every touch and turn of custom-made suits. Fancy tweeds, all-wool serges and worsteds. Hundreds to choose from and every size. The price \$12.

OUR SPRING BOOK CONTAINS SAMPLES. MAILED FREE.

GREAT OAK HALL. King Street, Corner Germain.

SCOVIL BROS. & CO., St. John, N. B.

Wool taken in Exchange for Goods.

ODD FISHING DEVICE. Strange Ways in Which the Finny Tribe Are Caught.

A curious trap used in India for fish-catching is a funnel-shaped affair made of long branches of horn and set on the bottom among the weeds, in which a certain amount of bait is placed. The fish, attracted by the bait, enters the funnel and is unable to get out again, because all the thorns point inward.

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METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING AT AMHERST. Rev. A. W. Nicholson, After 45 Years Faithful Service, Becomes a Supernumerary—Other Amherst News.

Amherst, N. S., June 11.—The district meeting of the Methodist ministers of Cumberland has been in session during the past few days. There was a good attendance. Rev. A. W. Nicholson, pastor of the Methodist church here, after 45 years of faithful service in the ministry, was compelled to ask for a supernumerary relation. Mr. Nicholson is one of the ablest and most successful ministers in the denomination, and much respect was expressed by those present that he is obliged to retire from active work. He has occupied every position of honor the conference could confer; he was for seven years the editor of the Wesleyan, has been several times chairman of district, a member of the hymn book committee and book steward. He was a member of the union committee which resulted in the first union of several branches of Methodism in Canada, a representative to the first general conference in London, England, and also president of the Nova Scotia conference. He has filled some of the most important circuits both in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

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LETTERS OF THE WORLD. THE HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK IN BRIEF.

Despatches from points of interest in different parts of the World—Domestic and Foreign events—The Dark and Sunny Side of Life.

Nyack, N. Y., June 17.—Wm. Terrell, colored, shot and killed George Manley at Haverstraw last night. Terrell escaped. They quarreled while playing craps. Medford, Mass., June 15.—At the College Minister Conger, who will attend the commencement exercises next Wednesday, will receive the degree of LL. D. Rome, June 15.—The Princess Yolanda, daughter of the King and Queen of Italy, was christened at the Quirinal today. In a crash a number of school children were injured. Washington, June 15.—The correctness of the new latitude of Illinois, according to almanac for 1901, is 37.45, or slightly better than the usual time figure given. South Bethlehem, Pa., June 15.—Instructor Bronson, who was hazed by freshmen and sophomores of Lehigh University Thursday, has resigned and left for New Haven today. The faculty are seeking the identity of the hazers. Westbrook, Me., June 14.—Mrs. LeRoy Rand was horribly burned while turning her clothes into live coals in a stove, tonight, and will probably die. Miss Laura Snow, her daughter, in attempting to save her, was badly burned. New York, June 15.—The Tribune will say Senator Platt will retire from the U. S. senate at the end of the term in March, 1902. It is expected by his friends that Sen. Platt will make public some day this week his reasons. Lynn, Mass., June 15.—Donald Megaraj was arrested this afternoon on the suspicion of being blind, the husband of the woman found murdered in Chelmsford. Megaraj proved sane and was merely an ineffective fence. He was given his liberty. South Weymouth, Mass., June 15.—The second day of the South Drivng Club was held today and an attendance of over 5,000 people. The attraction was an old-fashioned firemen's contest. The Arctics of Weymouth, won the first money, \$100, with a play of 101 feet 1 1/2 inches. London, June 15.—The British steamer Dean, Captain Hamilton, from St. John's, was wrecked on the coast of Newfoundland, towing the British steamer Westwater, from Halifax via Halifax, May 31 for England. Berlin, June 15.—The Magdeburg Gazette publishes a letter from Johannesburg which states that there is a famine among the British and Boer population of that day recently 12 Boer women and children in an encampment died of hunger and want. Entire families are dying of starvation. Philadelphia, June 15.—Today the directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company, and of the Bethlehem Iron Company, authorized calls for special meetings of the stockholders. The plan of the proposed sale of the companies to interests represented by Charles M. Schwab, will be submitted at the meetings. Cleveland, O., June 14.—Senator Hanna today announced the appointment of Hon. John Blodgett, of Grand Rapids, Mich., as a member of the Republican national committee. Mr. Blodgett fills the vacancy in the national committee caused by the recent death of Hon. Wm. Elliott, of Michigan. Washington, June 15.—A U. S. transport will carry 170 female teachers and 400 male teachers to the Philippines, sailing from San Francisco July 23. The war department has received from Judge Taft approval of the selection of 250 teachers who will be ready to sail. One hundred and fifty girls are being detained. New York, June 15.—Everything is in readiness for the trial which will begin Monday morning in Jersey City of Thomas G. Barker, on indictment of assaulting the Rev. John Keller in Arlington, Feb. 3 last. Barker is under three indictments, for an assault with intent to kill, for an atrocious assault and for a simple assault. New York, June 15.—Gen. Max Weber died today at his home in Brooklyn, aged 70 years. He took part in the revolution in support of the German patriots in 1849. He served in the Union army as colonel of the twentieth New York volunteers and brigadier general after April, 1862. He had been assessor and collector of internal revenue in this city. He was United States consul at Nantes, France. Kingston, Jan. 15.—Reports from Demerara, British Guiana, announce the arrival at Berbice of an open boat containing four Frenchmen. They were convicted and are believed to be life convicts who escaped from French Guiana. They are being detained. A fortnight ago six Frenchmen arrived in British Guiana in a similar manner. They were detained and afterwards released, owing to lack of evidence. Rome, June 14.—In the Chamber of Deputies today, Signor Prinetti, minister of foreign affairs, made a long speech in explanation of the government's foreign policy. Italy, he announced, would abstain for the present from any modification of the tariff, so as not to throw difficulties in the way of renewing the commercial treaties with Germany and Austria. He emphasized Italy's adhesion to the triple alliance. Albany, N. Y., June 14.—Governor O'Dell has granted a reprieve to Frank Wenneholm, under sentence of death for the murder of his sweetheart, Wenneholm was to have been executed at Auburn the coming week. He was convicted for the murder of his sweetheart near Jamestown, Chautauq county, in September, 1899. The reprieve is granted on application of the condemned man's attorney, who claims that evidence which will prove his innocence has been discovered. Boston, June 17.—In glorious style the one hundred and twenty-first anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was written on the page of history in Charleston today. The elevated road officials claim to

have handled half a million passengers during the day. Buffalo, N. Y., June 17.—The anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was fittingly observed at the Pan-American exposition today. New England's beautiful building was dedicated. London, June 15.—The correspondent of the Daily Express at Cherbourg learns that Emperor William intends to meet the returning German troops from China with a naval squadron which will be joined at Cherbourg by President Loubet and a French squadron. London, June 17.—Sir Harry Hamilton Johnston, special commissioner, some in the Uganda protectorate, has returned to London after an absence of two years. He brings stories of Uganda rivaling Henry M. Stanley's description of "Darkest Africa." Sir Harry relates that the country surrounding Mount Kenya is totally depopulated as a result of inter-tribal wars and is consequently marvellously stocked with big game that are as tame as English park deer. St. Petersburg, June 17.—It is said the committee of ministers having the matter under consideration has decided to renew the lease and contracts of the Commander and Turkey Islands for 10 years for 3,500,000 roubles. The Commander Islands belong to Russia. They lie in the line of prolongation of the Aleutian Islands, near the Kamchatka coast, in about latitude 53° N and longitude 167° E. New York, June 17.—Since the arrival here a few days ago of Arthur Carl, chief of police of Bremen, Germany, some inside information concerning the mysterious gold bar robbery last April aboard the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse has leaked out. It is said that the bar was made, but the prisoner, Theodore Mager, the bedroom steward, is believed to have been only the tool of the thief. Mager is locked up in Germany. Newport, Me., June 14.—Schooner Henry, Captain Coffin, from Boston, was wrecked on the Indian Island ledge yesterday, but was pulled off and towed to Johnson's Bay, badly damaged and full of water. She will be towed to Calais. Steamer State of Maine Thompson, from St. John for Boston, reports at 11 a. m. today in Bay of Fundy, passed the schooner Anne, of St. Andrews, N. B., from Rockport for Beaver Harbor, with main rigging gone and mast hanging over the side. She was proceeding under head sail, and no assistance was required. Vineyard Haven, June 15.—Stm. Winifred, of New York, from Newport News for Bangor with a cargo of coal, arrived in Vineyard Sound off this port today and signalled for medical assistance. A seaman on board was stricken with smallpox. An attempt was made to land him, but the health authorities would not permit it. The steamer proceeded for Bangor. Steam war boat Susie D., which made several trips to the steamer is being damaged. Her captain and crew were overtaken. Montgomery, Ala., June 15.—An ordinance proposing regulation of women suffrage was introduced today in the constitutional convention. It provides that women permitted to vote must be over 20 years, able to read and write, and the husband must pay \$5 in taxes or must have earned \$300 the year preceding. If single, the woman must pay \$5 in taxes or have earned \$300 the year preceding. Divorced women, excepting those granted a decree on the ground of adultery, cannot vote. Newport, Vt., June 15.—Four prisoners of the county jail knocked down Turner Pike today when he brought them their dinner, and beating him till he was nearly unconscious, secured their liberty. They trespassed in the woods and stole trout, but had not been captured. It is feared they may be able to get across to Canada before overtaken. New York, June 15.—The brigadier, was serving a term for giving away liquor, two of the others for stealing mileage books and the fourth for a petty offense. The attempt was very bold and desperate considering the bad character of the offences. Turner Pike will recover. Northampton, Mass., June 15.—Miss Nina Louise Altrud, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a member of the Smith College senior class, is taking a leading part in the turning of the Shrew, tonight under sad circumstances. Her young sister died last night in Brooklyn as the result of an accident. Knowledge of the affliction is kept from her, but she will be told after the play tonight. Her parents, who came here to witness the play returned home last night on a pretext. Miss Altrud plays Petruccio, in which she has developed considerable dramatic powers. New York, June 15.—Frank Marchetti of Pawtucket, R. I., arrived tonight on the steamship Umbra, accompanied by his son Thomas, 9 years of age. A detective met them on the arrival of the vessel to guard the boy. Mr. Marchetti was afraid that someone might try to kidnap the child. Marchetti and his wife quarreled in September, 1899. The boy was taken to Philadelphia by his mother and afterward to Newport. Finally the child was located in Brewster, Scotland, where his mother was living with her sister. The father went over and after a fight in the courts secured possession of the child. He is taking him home. Boston, June 17.—A five days' debate on the immortality of the soul began at the Park church this noon. The disputants are Elders Miles Grant, of this city, and Rev. Hubert C. Brown, of New Orleans. For two days Elder Grant is to defend the position that both the Bible and science teach that man is wholly mortal and is totally unconscious between death and the resurrection, while Mr. Brown is to defend the negative. Then for three days Mr. Brown is to affirm immortality, while Elder Grant has the negative.

LETTER FROM THE FRONT.

Trooper A. Hughes Writes Entertainingly from South Africa.

Mr. William Hughes, of the North End, received yesterday the following letter from his brother of the South African Constabulary, which will be read with interest by the young man's many friends in this city. South African Constabulary, Heidelberg, May 2nd, 1901. Dear Will: I sit down in the old camp grounds to write you a few lines to try and keep you informed of how I am. I am very well, and have not seen side but one day, and that was a kind of faint, produced from the excessive heat of the climate and the fatigue of a long march.

SENATOR HANNA AS A MARRIAGE BROKER.

Pre-Election Promise Which Was Not Fulfilled, and the Girl Has Not the Husband.

There was a promise made by Senator Mark A. Hanna before the re-election of President McKinley that has never been fulfilled. The person to whom the promise was made has never asked for its fulfillment, though the conditions under which it was made have come about, and the witness to the agreement was no less a person than President McKinley.

A DAY WELL SPENT

Proceedings at the Y. M. C. A. Convention.

Boston, June 14.—Today's sessions of the International Young Men's convention were grouped in sections so that departmental work might be discussed. Naturally, delegates were more generally scattered about in the churches than at any time during the week. To the ministers delegates there came notices of assignment to Boston pulpits for Sunday, which had been made by the Y. M. C. A. will be brought to the greatest number of people.

A HUGE SALARY FROM WORKING OVERTIME.

John A. McCall's Career—Had a Turning Point—His Industry and Reward.

The story printed by one of the New York papers that the salary of Mr. John A. McCall, president of the New York Life Insurance Company, is to be raised an additional \$25,000 a year, recalls the incident that proved a turning point in Mr. McCall's career. It reads like a chapter from the books that used to be published for good little boys, and incidentally shows that it pays to do more than your mere duty.

A NERVOUS WRECK.

THE BEST CONDITION OF MISS GILL FOR EIGHT YEARS.

The Best Doctors' and Hospital Treatment Failed to Help Her, and She Had Almost Lost Hope of Ever Being Well Again—Her Earnest Advice to Other Sufferers. One of the most common, at the same time one of the most to be dreaded, ailments which afflicts the people of this country is nervous debility. The causes leading to the trouble are various, overwork or worry being among the most common. But whatever the cause, the affliction is one that makes life a burden.

WILL RUSSIAN BECOME THE WORLD LANGUAGE?

Conflict to Be Between the Bear's Growth and the Lion's Roar—The Question Studied.

Russia, last of European nations to rise out of barbarism, occupies half the territory of Europe. She also possesses the vast fertile plains of Siberia. Every decade carries her possessions farther south. Already she reaches Afghanistan, and casts covetous eyes on that country and Persia. To the east she has just taken Manchuria, and her next step will be the Chinese provinces in the latitude of Peking.

HE CANNOT BE BOUGHT.

Pastor, Well Known in St. John, Not to Be Dictated To in Rockefeller's Church.

The remarks of Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton, late of Boston, now pastor of the Rockwell Avenue Baptist church, in Cleveland, on the occasion of the reception of himself and family last week, were sensation to the view of the past troubles of the church.

TO DEVELOP RICH BEAR GULCH PROPERTIES.

Mining Company Formed in Spokane—Capital Stock \$2,500,000—Construction of a Smelter Also Planned.

Spokane, Wash., June 13.—A new mining company has been organized for the development of rich Bear Gulch properties near this city. The company is capitalized at \$2,500,000, with Spokane and Chicago men interested. Henry Bush, of Spokane, will be president, and Alexander Livingston, of Livingston, Mont., will be vice-president, and Elmer N. Smith, of Spokane, formerly of Elmira, N. Y., secretary and treasurer.

HYPNOTIZING ANIMALS.

Exhaustive Experiments Which Show Power of the Influence.

An eminent scientist, Professor Max Verroon, has made a series of exhaustive experiments in the hypnotism of various animals, with the result, it is claimed, that almost any kind of animal, bird, or reptile, may be subjected to the hypnotic influence. The phenomena investigated in his laboratory, when guinea pigs, rabbits, frogs, and venomous serpents were brought under the influence, were most remarkable.

Lacing Seams and Edges.

A popular fancy in the way of trimmings on all kinds of materials is lacing.

The smallest, simplest and best protected postoffice in the world is in the straits of Magellan, and has been there for many years. It consists of a small painted keg or cask, and is chained to the rocks of the extreme cape in a manner so that it floats free opposite Terra del Fuoco. Each passing ship sends a boat to take letters out and put others in. This curious postoffice is provided with a postmaster, and is, therefore, under the protection of all the navies of the world. Never in the history of the unique "office" have its privileges been abused.

AGAIN, THEMOLINEUX CASE.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 17.—The second plea for the law of Roland J. Molineux, claimed by the law for the mysterious murder in

ROYAL VISITORS IN NEW ZEALAND.

Wellington, N. Z., June 17.—The steamer Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, has arrived here.

A MUCH TRAVELLED COSSACK.

A remarkable traveller has just arrived at Cork, a Russian Cossack, who is journeying around the world on foot.

ALL DISEASES AND WEAKNESSES OF MEN

From whatever cause arising, quickly and permanently cured at the old reliable PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE. NO. 4 BULFITCH ST. (Opposite Everett House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1850. Chief Consulting Physician for 30 years, graduate of Harvard Medical College, class of 1864, also Surgeon 1st Reg. Mass. Volunteers; Assistant Physician and Surgeon from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1855. These physicians cure where others fail. Know Thyself! Manual free, 6c. post-charge. Write for it to-day. Key to health. Consultation in person or by letter, 9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 1. Expert Treatment. Harry H. McDonald left for Woodstock yesterday.



FOUND IN A POUND OF COAL.

Dyes, Food, Medicines, Perfumery, Heat and Light, and Other Things.

A pound of cannel coal is a lump about the size of a man's fist, says Answers. Out of this dye can be distilled sufficient to color the following lengths of flannel, three-quarters of a yard wide: Five feet of yellow, three and a half feet of scarlet, two feet of violet, two inches of orange, four inches of turkey red, and eight inches of magenta. Six judicious bleedings you can obtain 16 distinct yellow colors, 12 can obtain 30 red, 15 blue, seven green and nine violet; in all, 89 separate tints. These colors are made from the waste left over after the gas has been extracted, and distilled in a gas retort. It will give 10,000 cubic feet of gas, 25 gallons of ammoniac liquor, 30 pounds of ammonium sulphate, 15 hundredweight of coke, and 12 gallons of coal tar. It is this liquid which 40 years ago was burned in the furnaces or sold as cheap wagon grease at five shillings a ton, that now yields not only these lovely colors, but medicines and scents enough to stock a chemist's and perfumery's shop.

The first man who, 100 years ago, tried to experiment with coal tar—a German called Scheer—very nearly died from miliary eczema. It was 120 years before chemists learned to deal with coal tar and first obtained the beautiful aniline purple, mauve dye. Two million and a half of money was spent in 1890 on coal tar dyes in British factories.

So great was the excitement when the purple aniline dye was first discovered that a Parisian manufacturer made the city authorities an offer of \$40,000 if he might be permitted to take up the asphalt in one of the principal streets in order to distill it for use in his dye works. Purple became the fashion, and remained so for four successive seasons.

The newer coal-tar dyes owe their discovery to the guanine fumate of 1850. In that year guanine became so expensive that Professor Dewar and other scientists began experimenting to find a substitute which would do equally well to color the blood in fever. The first results of their experiments were the delicate yellows and browns obtained from benzene. Then quinoline was hit upon—a drug with just the same bitter taste as guanine, equally powerful in fighting fever, and leaving none of guanine's evil effects. Quinoline, also, costs less than half as much quinoline. And, even stronger and more lasting in its effects, and without any bitterness at all, was the next development. Hundreds of pounds of guanine have been shipped lately to South Africa, to help the doctors in their fight against enteric fever.

Small amounts of coal tar is the drug called thalin, which is much the best medicine known to cure a patient of the dreadful yellow fever. In all, 17 new medicines owe their existence to coal tar. "Extract of new-mown hay" and other similar delicate perfumes are obtained from a substance called cumarin, which a few years ago was extracted from sweet woodruff and other scented grasses. Dr. Perkin discovered that cumarin could be obtained by distilling the residue of the evil odor of coal tar. White hellebore is also made almost entirely from coal tar, together with seven other scents, generally known by the names of the flowers they used to be extracted from. The Island of Mauritius lost much of its scent industry through the rivalry of coal tar scents.

Vanillin, one of the most delicate products of coal, is used by the gallon in making the extract of vanilla, for flavoring custards and puddings. Besides these dyes and scents, coal tar gives us that greatest boon of the man whose doctor won't let him take sugar, namely, saccharin. Of this substance, one pound is equal to two hundredweight of sugar, as far as sweetening power goes. It is quite wholesome, and is into fact, a capital disinfectant. Jam made with saccharin ought to keep forever.

Coal tar dyes and scents are by no means cheap and nasty substitutes. They are all harmless—sometimes more harmless than the original preparations they have superseded. And, in spite of the evil odor of coal tar, not one workman has ever been made ill by dealing with it.

KRUGER WRITING A BOOK?

Paul Kruger is said to be busy writing a book in the seclusion of his Hliverum location which will place several well-known Englishmen in a very awkward position, for Oom Paul means to make a clean breast of the matter, and he will state the facts of the case as he understands them, quite irrespective of the possible complications which his statements may bring about. The book will not be published so long as the war goes on, but when the last card of South Africa, and when the dream of the Afrikaner nation is entirely a thing of the past, there will be nothing to restrain him, and then, so the story goes, it will be time for those in England who have played their country false to look out.

The book will be furnished with maps and plans, and will contain facsimile reproductions of the letters he has received from the Englishmen in question. There can be no evasion of facts, for the hand-writing will condemn them. That is held to be Oom Paul's object; he wishes them to be condemned, because their promises misled him.

Edwards Captured. Memphis, Tenn., June 17—A special from Monroe, La., says Prince Edwards (colored), the alleged murderer of John Gray Foster, of Shreveport, has been captured.

MUCH-TRIED DR. KENNEDY AGAIN FACED BY JURY THAT DISAGREED.

Result of Third Trial in Famous Murder Case--The Jury on the Last Ballot Were Eight to Four for Acquittal.

New York, June 16—The 12 men who, since 12.15 o'clock yesterday afternoon, at the conclusion of the judge's charge, considered the evidence against Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy for the murder of "Dolly" Reynolds, reported to Judge Newberger at 12.25 o'clock this morning that they were unable to agree on a verdict. The judge at once discharged the jury from further service and remanded the prisoner to the Tombs.

All through last night the jurymen struggled with the evidence. They breakfasted at 7.30 this morning and again took up the case. At 10.15 o'clock Judge Newberger ascended the bench, having been informed of the failure to agree. Ten minutes later the jury filed in. The prisoner was brought over from the Tombs. The judge asked the foreman if it was true that it was useless to hope for an agreement and the foreman answered: "That is right."

For a second Dr. Kennedy seemed to comprehend. Then the tears came to his eyes and his face showed the effort he was making to control himself and crush his disappointment. Then the smile that has marked his face through most of the trial came back and seemed to grow to a brightness as he caught the eye of Mr. Moore, his attorney.

Five ballots were taken. The first stood three for conviction and three for acquittal with six blanks. The last was four for conviction and eight for acquittal.

Mr. Moore will ask District Attorney Philbin to move the quashing of the indictment. In case of failure to have the indictment quashed, Mr. Moore will move that his client be admitted to bail in a moderate sum or released on his own recognizance.

Mrs. Kennedy bore the disappointment cheerfully. One of the jurors said tonight that the principal point which caused the eight to be in favor of acquittal was that they did not believe that the identification of Kennedy as the man who was seen leaving the Grand Hotel early in the morning after the murder, was reliable. If the employees of the hotel had obtained a full view of the man's face it would have been different.

NEW IRISH NATIONAL MOVEMENT IN UNITED STATES.

Chicago, June 15—Michael Davitt, founder of the Land League, is coming to Chicago to inaugurate a new Irish national movement. The importance of his mission in the United States is reflected in the preparations for his reception in this city on August 15, which are already under way. It is expected by local Irishmen that he will start a propaganda that will surpass in its fervor the agitation in behalf of Ireland, which swept the country a quarter of a century ago.

THE LANCASTER DISPUTE. Civic Sub-Committee Hears Claims of Exclusive Sewer Rights.

A sub-committee of the water and sewerage board had a conference last night with the residents of Lancaster who claim the exclusive right of the sewer in that district. Nine of the residents paid \$30 each to the city to have the sewer connected. Afterwards the city granted a permit for the privilege of the sewer to G. S. Mayes, for a fee of \$10, hence the dispute. The sub-committee will report to the regular meeting of the board.

NEWS OF THE LOCAL FISHING.

Halifax, June 17.—The reports from the fishing centers are: Digby—Cod and lobsters fair; hake, haddock and halibut scarce; no herring or mackerel. Yarmouth—Cod, haddock and halibut fair; salmon poor; mackerel traps report very small catches of mackerel. Clark's Harbor—Cod and halibut very plentiful; haddock fair; no herring or mackerel. Prince Edward Island. Point St. Peter—Cod average one qt. per man; always scarce. Whitehead—Herring reported struck in off this coast. Canso—Cod plentiful; lobsters scarce. Port Malcolm—Always fair; no cod or herring. Gabarus—Lobsters good; cod fair; no mackerel or herring. Lunenburg—Cod and lobsters fair; boats carrying one thousand mixed herring and mackerel. Ingonish—Lobsters and salmon fair; cod, haddock and mackerel poor. Prince Edward Island. Grand Manan—North channel, hake and haddock fair. Grand Manan—Flags hake cod plentiful. Quebec. Gascons—Cod fair; herring and salmon scarce. Newport Point—Cod fair; inshore, all bank boats out. Percé—Herring fair. Point St. Peter—Cod and salmon plentiful; lobsters scarce. Shelburne and Thunder River—Caplin plentiful; cod fair. Magpie to Agnes—Caplin very plentiful; cod good; salmon fair. Natas-liguan to Mutton Bay—Cod and lobsters very plentiful. All launches dull at Port Hood, Cheticamp, Margaree, Pabnico, Malpeque, Meac Cove, Petit de Grat, Arichat, Descoaise, West Arichat, Grand River and Southwestern Point, Anticosti. Bait and ice—Bait can be obtained at Douglstown, Gabarus, St. Ann's Curquet, Georgetown, Yarmouth, Magdalene Islands, Westport, Long Point, Spry Bay, and Panmure Island. Ice at Arichat, Digby, St. Mary's Bay, Tiverton, Granville, Freeport, Georgetown, Westport, Douglstown, Isaac's Harbor, Hawkesbury, Lunenburg, Yarmouth, Pabnico, Lockeport, Port Malcolm, Liverpool, Whitehead, Mulgrave, Panmure Island and Canso.

WESTERN RAILROADS. Far-Reaching Arrangement for Insuring Perfect Harmony.

New York, June 17—The Commercial Advertiser says: "The acquisition by Union Pacific interests of a dominant interest in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad is incidental to a far-reaching arrangement between powerful financial interests by which the control of all of the important western railroads is to be conducted, as to insure permanent harmony in traffic and rate matters. 'J. Pierpont Morgan, E. H. Harriman, Geo. J. Gould, the Rockefellers and James J. Hill, it is believed, will soon control the entire western railroad situation. Each interest will take in charge a group of railroads and a community of interest will embrace all of the roads.'"

Good Results Showing. Secretary Shaw, of the Tourist Association received yesterday a letter from the New England Summer Resort Association of New York relative to literature descriptive of New Brunswick. The N. E. association is a distribution centre and in the letter a liberal supply of the N. B. Association's literature is asked for, particularly of the publication, "St. John River, the Rhine of America." The letter states that so many applications have been received for literature relative to the resorts in this section that much can be disposed of to our advantage. The St. John river being specially mentioned in the letter, indicates that there are many enquirers which forebode an influx of tourists. It is now for the river residents and hotel keepers to be in readiness for them with such accommodations that will tend to make their visit fully pleasurable. Allan Ledingham, who went to South Africa on the Tanagra, has returned home.

WILD ANIMALS IN WINTER. Peculiar Provision Made by Nature for Almost Complete Suspension of Life.

The devices of animal life to bridge over the winter season, and the habits during this time, present an interesting, indeed fascinating, page of nature. Charles F. Holder, in the Scientific American, says that certain forms should defy the elements and roam abroad, seeking a precarious livelihood, while others, much stranger and apparently better equipped by nature to survive the struggle, enter the strange and remarkable winter sleep with all their functions in abeyance, and stay away the winter, in one of the problems that is of more or less interest. The fox will illustrate the former with its winter habit of prowling over the snow.

At the approach of winter, animals are affected in various ways. In the north all the reptiles—snakes, lizards, frogs and toads, a vast concourse—clasp one another in a most marvellous manner. The snakes enter holes and crevices, projecting themselves far into the earth as possible, and, coiled tightly, assume a condition, a state of coma, in which they remain until the heat of the sun comes to waken them in the following spring, when they appear vigorous, and eager for prey to rehabilitate them physically after months of fasting. The frogs plunge down into the mud of the ponds where they hibernate during the long summer; and the same is true of turtles. Lizards affect the same places as snakes, and when taken out at this time are apparently lifeless, in a most marvellous manner the functions of life are arrested. There appears to be a minimum consumption of tissues; nature apparently making an exact calculation of the functions of life being so almost completely arrested that they are enabled to live in this quiescent state without food or water or until the food supply comes again, and the conditions are favorable to outdoor life.

This is the case with the reptiles of the eastern and middle states, or wherever there is a cold winter, ice and snow; but on the Pacific slope, in Southern California, in the same latitude as above, a different condition holds. Here—and the San Gabriel Valley may be taken as an example—the lizards are subjected to winter and summer every 24 hours. There is no snow, the days are bright and beautiful, resembling a cool eastern summer, and insect life does not disappear. All winter I have found lizards basking in the sun on these bright days, but as the winter day wears on and 4 o'clock approaches there is a very material change—a strange chill that affects reptilian life at once. It is their winter, and just as the eastern lizard creeps down for hibernation, so the California lizard crawls out of sight beneath rocks, into crevices or under the bark of trees, and in a few days is dead and lifeless. It seems to me that, in this case, the lizard, becoming seemingly entirely cold, often stretches out its entire length, and lies, to all intents and purposes, dead and lifeless. This curious sight comes in, so far as appearances go, identical with the winter sleep of eastern lizards. The functions are arrested for the time and lie in its lowest ebb. In observing these sleepers I have found them by turning over the piles of stones early in the morning, and have often found a row of them, limp, cold and apparently dead, lying in the sun, to watch the gradual return of life. It came very gradually; these lizards plucked on their bodies a row of shining scales, and a quivering of the limbs, which were then drawn up; then the long tail would move, and finally the little steeper would chime out an upright position; and as the direct rays of the sun struck and warmed it into life its eyes would grow suddenly, and, although through touch by some magic wand, its head would be lifted high, the blue breastplate gleamed in the light, and, with an air of astonishment, it would stare at the observer. When the direct rays of the sun struck and warmed it into life its eyes would grow suddenly, and, although through touch by some magic wand, its head would be lifted high, the blue breastplate gleamed in the light, and, with an air of astonishment, it would stare at the observer.

On the Pacific coast the birds, perhaps present the most remarkable spectacle. With some few exceptions they move away from the conditions which threaten them, and in what is popularly called the departure and return of the birds we contemplate a wonderful migration, in which the highest instinct of self-preservation appears to be secured. The birds of the coast have a definite line of migration; the shore line at this time constitutes a bird highway, and when tens of thousands are passing—in the autumn to the south, where there is a food supply; in the spring to the north, to the fields they know so well, and the nesting places where the young are to be raised. Much of this migration is carried on at night high in air, and during stormy nights of this kind are often confused and killed by dashing blindly into the light-houses that mark the highway. At Heligoland Light the ground in the morning is frequently strewn with birds, from ducks and geese, to the small songsters. In the interior the birds follow valleys and the mountain ranges.

On the Pacific coast the Coast Range and Sierra Nevada Mountains constitute a well defined line of travel. In Southern California the flight of cranes and geese along this pathway is a remarkable sight. The birds, especially the crane, cover long distances by soaring, gradually reaching within rifle shot from the ground; when they stop and begin a spiral movement, turning in graceful curves, flashing like silver dollars in the sunlight as they turn and dip, and rising ever higher until they are a mile or more above the valley, above the summit of the Sierra Madre; and, as though at the command of the leader, they turn, and in long lines soar away with remarkable velocity, literally sliding down hill, covering six or seven miles or more before the manoeuvre is repeated.

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OVER 100 SAMPLE SUITS TO BE HALF THEIR VALUE. We have purchased from a leading factor over one hundred sample suits in plain and checked homespun, blue and black cover cloth, and fine of vicunas in browns and greys, in 34 to 38 bust measure. The jackets are lined with silk. All to be sold at half their value. SUITS—\$25.00, \$17.50 and \$10.00.

OIL PROSPECTS IN WESTMORLAND.

A Visit to the Property Where Fine Oil Was Struck Wednesday--Company Met Decided to Develop--Analysis Being Made.

A great deal of interest has been aroused in the province over the discovery of crude petroleum of excellent quality, at St. Joseph's, near Memramook, in Westmorland county. Yesterday a member of The Telegraph staff visited the oil fields and viewed the new well, near St. Joseph's College, which has been found to be a producer. For some time the New Brunswick Petroleum Company have been making explorations for oil at various points, in what is known as the oil belt of Westmorland. The first ground tested was at Dover, about seven miles from Moncton, where a well was sunk to the depth of 1,400 feet. Oil bearing sands were found, but no oil. This, however, was probably due to the fact that the operations had not been carried to a sufficient depth. Last autumn the company sank their second well behind St. Joseph's College. At 325 feet the oil sands were reached, and oil was obtained in small quantities, but the well was not deepened, which should have been done to ascertain the value of this sand.

The company, however, continued boring until the drill had reached a depth of 1,100 feet, when it was decided to test every layer of oil sand separate. Consequently, a new boring was commenced for a definite line to the surface of the oil, but before reaching the oil sands a quiescent was encountered, which offered difficulties and the boring was abandoned. Early in May a new well was commenced on the college farm, just back of the LeFebvre Memorial Hall, and at a depth of 300 feet the oil sands were struck and a quantity of oil obtained. This is the well which was seen yesterday and from which oil was being obtained.

The operations have just reached the first oil sands and, notwithstanding that fact, considerable work has been obtained and of a particularly good quality. The company reports sinking about 100 feet deeper and then torpedoed the well, which should enable them to obtain reliable information regarding the true worth of the first sands of this district.

The exhaustive reports of Professor Shaler, of Harvard University, and Professor Goodrich, of Boston, who had made a thorough geological survey of the province in the interests of the company in 1890, were given to The Telegraph for perusal, and the following extracts from these reports are of special interest. Professor Goodrich says: "However, the preliminary investigation shows that in an area of many hundred square miles, petroleum exists not only in the form of albertite, but in the fluid condition. Wherever oil sands outcrop they are found saturated with petroleum. The oil being present, the question arises: Is it in paying quantities? The field discoveries show that, although large quantities have escaped during past ages, still enormous quantities must remain. Even at the Albert mines, the locality of the greatest escape of petroleum in the province, its conversion to the solid state has not been by any means complete. Among all the facts together, it seems that, under favorable conditions and with intelligent locations of borings, the returns should be great. The facts demand and the chances warrant a thorough test of the entire field by many borings. These alone can prove the available quantities of petroleum."

"In view of the facts, it appears to me to be an excellent mining venture to prosecute the inquiry under the conditions of your concession from the authorities of the province. A few thousand dollars should determine the matter, and if oil is found it is likely from the samples yielded by the wells above mentioned to be of excellent quality. It will be near transportation-means, indeed, than any other source of supply to the open market. The conditions for refining will be excellent and the market unlimited. You are doubtless aware of the fact that there is a prospect of a considerable increase in the price of petroleum. The sources of supply are waning and no important new fields have been discovered of late years. In my opinion it will not require more than half a dozen wells to determine, in a sufficient manner, the prospects of the country. It is not likely that these need be made of great depth, so that the aggregate expense would be extremely moderate in proportion to the prospects of profit in case of success. The search for petroleum has always to be undertaken with a chance of failure, but I have not seen any field where the general conditions were on the whole more satisfactory than they appear to be here. You may say to any of your friends that I am decidedly of the opinion the field is one eminently fit for exploration, and that the chance of finding oil is

extremely good. In fact, I have seen an unexplored district which promise is more distinct than that region in which you are now boring. In another portion of Professor Shaler's report, he specially mentions the place where the largest oil producers of the Westmorland district will be found. This is not the site of the well which is present producing the oil, and a well be sunk in this more favorable district an early date. The oil obtained from the well at present yielding is of a dark brownish-green color, with a pronounced fluorescence characteristic of crude petroleum. It is free from empyreumatic odor and the specific gravity at 60 Fahr., as determined from a sample taken from the well yesterday, was 0.880 (water=1.00). The gravity of the American crude oils varies between 0.79 to 0.88, and even higher, while the distillation of Scotch shale ranges from 0.82 to 0.885. The company have not, as yet, had the oil analyzed, but from its appearance and specific gravity it was probably yield at least 30 per cent of burning oil, 15 per cent of lubricating oil, and 10 per cent of solid paraffin. The actual tests may be a good deal better than this, as American oils of the same nature average as high as 50 per cent of burning oil. The company are now having the oil analyzed in New York, and will soon know the actual results. The quantity of the output from the present well will largely depend on the results of the torpedoing. At a meeting of the directors of the company, held yesterday at Memramook, it was decided to push operations. The present well will first be driven to a depth of 400 feet, when it will be torpedoed to give an opportunity for freer output. It was also decided to sink a number of other wells in the same district. After that has been done, the company proposes to have Professor Shaler, of Harvard, visit the oil fields and locate another territory in the oil belt for further operations. Altogether, the prospect of oil production on a large scale with a first-class product in this district, is certainly very bright. If this expectation be confirmed, that portion of New Brunswick will receive a development more rapid than the most optimistic has ever dreamed.

BIG FIRE IN BOSTON LUMBER YARD.

Boston, June 17—C. W. Leatherbee's lumber yard, corner Albany and DeLima streets, was burned about 1 o'clock this morning, and is probably a total loss. It is thought there were between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 feet of dressed lumber nearly all of which was destroyed. The same lumber yard was burned on the night of July 3, 1900, when 2,500,000 feet of lumber were destroyed at a loss of \$100,000. The dryhouse is entirely gutted, but there is very little damage to the other buildings of the plant. The loss will probably be much less than at the fire a year ago.

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