+ + white his

witticisms at the expense of ister, who had recently return-he fold. Evidently Dr. Monended setting up a green groepartment, but he would not votes in that way. (Laughknew the bolters wo Nothing humbled pride like (Laughter.) sey followed, speaking up to

ey continued after six o'clock. nded that the present session ed for a special purpose, and ould not be right for the govto consider the estimates for

Millan of Huron followed on ijournment of the debate was by Hon. David Mills, and the at 9.45 p. m. Mullin, the great liberal econ ves notice of a return relat-e Intercolonial railway, which a staff of clerks menths to

ning year or any other busi-

CHATHAM.

rties Preparing for the Poli-Battle in Northumberland.

l Conservatives Will Meet on Thursay to Select a Candidate,

m, Jan, 20.—Sunday morning imes Crisp preached in St. Rev. Geo. Steel, delivered a le address. His subject was n of Life. Thursday was the coldest day

son here. The thermometer ed at 20 1-2 below zero. 23rd inst, the Women's Misety of St. Luke's will hold a the basement of that church programme and refreshment

cers sand some of the m Miramichi lodge, F. and A. M. am, paid a fraternal visit to erland lodge, Newcastle, night. The visiting brethren. accompanied by Worshipful Robinson, spent a most enjoy-ening. Northumberland lodge n the visit tomorrow night, the regular meeting night of lodge.

mberland municipal council r the despatch of business at cil chambers, Newcastle, at k, noon, tomorrow. Flanagan, the proprietor of popular Adams house, is rene congratulations of friends

oon on Saturday announcing writ for an election to fill the in the commons caused by ation of Mr Adams to the h; polling, 4th February, caused sensation in political cirliberals are on the fly, and the date of their general from the 28th inst. at Chatthe 21st inst. at Newcastle. dress a meeting at 7 o'clock p. sonic hall that evening. The tives, though they cannot a candidate till next Thursen their convention meets in a for that purpose, are busy rything points to a sharp conrding to good conservative the choice is now between ark, James Robinson and Hon. r General Tweedie. Mr. Robill probably be the standard

oms formerly occupied by the social club have been openthe conservative headquar-The headquarters of the libipstairs over the Winslow law

SPRINGHILL, N. S.

of the Late Stipendiary Magstrate-General News.

hill, Jan. 18.-The funeral of stipendiary magistrate took st Wednesday. The Orange-the town were present and an crowd of people. The Methch vas crowded on the ocurch vas crowded on the oc-nd could not contain all who to enter. Memorial discourses en by the Revs. England, Wilson and Smith

cal government have appointk Peers as stipendiary magisthe town of Springhill. prporators of the Cottage hos-ld their annual meeting yes-. A. Stansfield was elected corto fill the vacancy caused by h of Dr. Byers. The work of bital had considerably increasof Dr. Byers. The work of g the year. The receipts from es reached the sum of The current expenses were Fifteen hundred dollars had ated during the year towards ved bed. The committee in its rnestly commends the matter I endowment of the hospital spectful attention and symits friends. The managing elected for the ensuing year W. Chas. Wilson, treasurer; . Murray, secretary, and Dr.

ove and Messrs. H. Boss and ansfield. portant mass meeting of the was held last evening to proon, an association of masters pagers, to the government to for monthly pays. The men against any change being the bi-monthly law, and furrested that if any change was weekly pay should be insti-

Warwick sailed for Glasgow onday afternoon with a full

PAGES. ST. JOHN WERKINSUN. PAGES.

VOL. 19.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1896.

Tenth Annual Cotton Sale.

We have much pleasure in calling your attention to our TENTH ANNUAL COTTON SALE, which is now under way. We have bought plenty and at the right prices, and an inspection of the goods will convince you that our prices (a few of which we give below) are Money Savers.

In WHITE COTTONS we are selling

10 YARDS FOR 98 C. FOR 13 YARDS 12 YARDS FOR 16 YARDS FOR 15 YARDS FOR SIXTEEN (16) YARDS.

All one (2) yard wi latter, which is a heavy 32 inch Cotton with a strong round thread. They are a firm, sightly materials that will wear well.

Extra Value in Grey Cotton. Ready-made White Sheets from 50c. each upward (2½ yards long and 2 yards wide.) Ready-made Pillow Cases from 13c. each upward.

DOWLING BROS., 95 KING STREET, B. ST. JOHN, N. B.

the Toronto W. C. T. U. She has been dominion secretary since 1885. As a mater of course she is a graduate from the Band of Hope, having been thoroughly indoctrinated not only in temperance principles, but methods of temperance work from her childhood. She was the first superintendent of scientific temperance instruction in her own province, and while she held this office the bill for scientific temperance instruction in the schools was

perance instruction in the schools was

"She has a good memory and has all the movements of the W. C. T. U. from the start on her finger ends." This quotation is from the pen of Miss

Julia Tilley, daughter of Sir Leonard

Tilley, and corresponding secretary of the Bominion W. C. T. U., from whom

Miss Tilley adds: "We feel that God led us in the choice of officers and we

look to Him to carry us through."

I earnestly hope that these two dauntless workers will be with us at

our next convention, and on behalf of the World's W. C. T. U., of which Mrs.

Mrs. Youmans even unto this hour.
FRANCES E. WILLARD.

KING OF A LONELY ISLAND.

a handsome silver medal and diploma

rescuing the crew of the Italian

together with a sum of \$40 to divide

sel which was wrecked on the rocky shore of Tristan, The president of

the United States had previously sent

chain as a token of his appreciation

of an American vessel.

residence at Tristan, has be

the sturdy old hero a chronometer and

of a similar noble action in the case

Green, by reason of his protracted

attached to the Island, and now ex-

presses his intention of ending his

saw any of his relatives. He has latsaw any of his relatives. He has ac-terly become vested with the duty of solemnizing marriages, and on one me-morable day he "spliced" no fewer than five courses—two of them natives

of Tristan, two of them belonging to

Italy and one couple from England. The aged chief records with satisfaction a visit to Tristan d'Acunha

from the governor of St. Helena, who

was on his way to that island, and states that the latter was successful

in "putting to rights" his clock, which had stopped for a long time. At the urgent request of Mr. Green a "national anthem" for Tristan has been

specially written by G. Newman of Finsbury road, Woodgreen. The lat-

of the ship Benares—who was ship-wrecked off Tristan in 1868, rescued

CONSTRUATIVE ELECTED.

THE FAT MAN DEAD.

has called there once a year.

lays there. It is sixty years since he

obtained the foregoing partic

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

By the Women's Christian Temper ance Union of St John.

Trust the people—the wise and the ignor-nt, the good and the bad—with the gravest nestions, and in the end you educate the

FREDERICTON WOMAN'S CHRIS-TIAN TEMPERANCE UNION. The annual election of officers was held in the parlor of Temperance hall on Wednesday, Jan. 8th. Mrs. L. W. on Wednesday, Jan. all. Mrs. L. W. Johnston was elected president; vice-presidents, Mrs. Rev. Dr. McLeod, Mrs. R. Blackmer, Mrs. H. C. Creed, Mrs. Twining, Mrs. Chas. Fisher,; treasurer, Mrs. R. H. B. Philips; auditor, Mrs. Geo. Hatt; cor. sec., Mrs. Akerley (dur-ing Mrs. Steadman's absence; rec. sec.,

The treausurer's and recording secretary's reports were read, which showed a large increase of member-ship during the year, mainly the result of the labors of Messrs. Hunter

on mortgage, insurance, etc., the funds have been depleted, as will be seen by the treasurer's report. Total income, \$893.68; disbursements, \$893.75. The union has engaged the services of Rev. J. H. Hector, the Black Knight, for a few nights, and hope to be bene. Owing to a large outlay for payment for a few nights, and hope to be bene-fited morally and financially.

FATRVILLE W. C. T. U. The annual meeting for the election of officers was held a short time ago.

The result was: President, Mrs. (Dr.)
Grey; vice-president, Mrs. L. P. Baker; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. L. A. Long.
The union is encouraged by a continued interest in the work and by the addition of two new members.

The Life that Peter Green Leads on Tristan d'Acunha.

(London Telegraph.)

A correspondent states: One of her majesty's men-of-war recently paid the annual visit to Tristan d'Acunha, the addition of two new members.

THE YOUMANS' FUND. out two months ago the p of the New Brunswick W. C. T. U. sent out an appeal to the unions to contribute to the fund to aid the honorary president, Mrs. L. T. Youmans. igh but few societies have reonded, the result has been gratifying on account of the liberality of the few. The treasurer has sent us the following report: Fredericton, \$20; St. John, \$6.05; Fairville, \$1.50; north end, \$1; Chatham, \$2; Petitcodiac, \$2, making a total of \$32.55 from six only of the New Brunswick branches. We are now waiting to hear from the committee in charge of the fund to know whether we shall forward this amount

at once or keep it in reserve to be called for when needed. called for when needed.

At the dominion convention a committee was appointed to consider the importance of the Youmans' fund. It recommended the appointment of a standing committee, whose business it would be to make necessary suggestions and appeals to provincial presidents. Mrs. Rutherford of Toronto and Miss Tilley are the committee. It was also suggested that each province was also suggested that each province be recommended to send their moneys to their provincial treasurer, and that she hold each in a separate fund, notitying the dominion committee of the amount, and holding it subject to tee be requested to draw upon these funds in sums proportionate to the numerical strength of each union, and that Mr. London receive all orders for money from the dominion committee,

but that drafts come from the prov-incial treasurer to Mr. London. In a circular letter Mrs. Rutherford and Miss Tilley say: 'We have looked into the matter closely, and have with Mr. London decided that it will take about \$600 a year to keep Mrs. You-mans in the comforts she should have and which we feel she has been denyng herself. Owing to Mrs. Youmans physically helpless condition she is obliged to keep two nurses, which must, we can see, add materially to her expenses. We would suggest that each union in your province be asked to give to the amount of one or two dollars annually to this fund, and thus by contributing each year we would keep in close touch with one. would keep in close touch with one who is the mother of Canadian unions and whose suffering condition is largely owing to her faithful labors for the cause in which we are engaged. As we have 422 unions it is readily seen it ought not to be difficult to raise."

MRS. A. O. RUTHERFORD.

London, Jan. 22.—A by-election was held today to elect a member from North Belfast to succeed Sir Edward Harland, conservative, elected without opposition in the last general election, and who died on Dec. 24 last. The election today resulted as follows: Haslett, conservative, 3,595, and Turner, independent unionist, 3,434.

It is pleasant to be one who cannot be thought about save as a bringer of good cheer. This is the impression I first received and have longest retained concerning Mrs. Rutherford. She is a young married lady, rather tall, of fine figure and bearing, with a face full of high thought, generous sympathy and Christian purpose. It is a bright and a rather brunette face, if I remember correctly, and has a certain archness that is pleasant and inspiring to contemplate. It is pleasant to be one who cannot is a bright and a rather brunstte face, if I remember correctly, and has a good sanitation, the Lancet points out, will be a simpler matter. There will be an end to the contagion from the stable pit, and glanders and other diseases derived from the horse will clai work, and was, during nearly all disappear.

HON. J. I. FELLOWS DEAD.

The Agent-General Passes Away at His London Residence.

An Account of His Life and Public Services -A Patriotic Chizen.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 22.)
A cable from London Wednesday announced the death at Saxon Hall, his London residence, of Hon. James I. Fellows, Agent-General in London of the province of New Brunswick.

The news of the event will cause widespread and deep regret in this province, for the deceased gentleman had hosts of personal friends, and had by his zealous efforts done much the make the province and its resour-(Daily Sun, Jan. 22.) had by his zealous efforts done much to make the province and its resources and capabilities better known to the British public. Whoever called upon him at his London home will have lively recollections of an open-hearted hospitality, devoid of all affects ion, and marked by unfailing kindness and solicitude for the welfare of the visitor.

Hon. James I. Fellows was born at lows made valuable contributions to the St. John public library. He was always a warm and devoted friend of the city that was the scene of his early struggles.

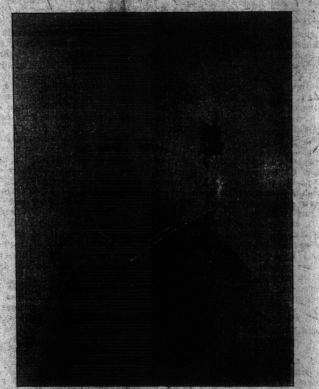
In 1891 Mr. Fellows was appointed a member of the legislative council of New Brunswick and took his seat for a portion of the session of 1891-92. He was then on a tour around the world, in which he was accompanied by Mrs. that time, recording secretary of her own province of Ontaria, and for a year past was district president of the Toronto W. C. T. U. She has been

presented at court, and his beautiful home was the scene of splendid hospi-

It was as Agent-General for New It was as Agent-General for New Brunswick that Mr. Fellows was best known in recent years. In that capacity he not only performed any duties imposed upon him by the government of the province, but he lost no opportunity to press upon the British public the claims of New Brunswick as a field for immigrants, and during the last few years has made earnest efforts to get this province properly represented, through its products, in the Imperial Institute. When here in 1892 he offered to arrange at his own expense in the Institute any exhibits sent

he offered to arrange at his own expense in the Institute any exhibits sent forward from this province.

Among other acts for which he will be kindly remembered, Hon. Mr. Fellows made valuable contributions to the St. John public library. He was always a warm and devoted friend of the city that was the scene of his early struggles.



THE LATE HON. JAMES I. FELLOWS.

(London Telegraph.)

A correspondent states: One of her majesty's men-of-war recently paid the annual visit to Tristan d'Acumha, a small volcanic island in the South Atlantic, to bring home letters from the little community of ninety persons who live on that isolated spot. These who live on that isolated spot. These have just reached England and it are built and occupied the building on the proposition of the legislature built and occupied the building on the vent via New York to London. been instrumental in saving the lives probably unique. The government King Humbert has sent Mr. Green business to the United States market. of life in those countries. among his people, in recognition of the gallantry displayed by them in Finally he removed to London, where

who live on that isolated spot. These have just reached England, and it appears from the communications that Peter Green, the venerable chief of the island, is still alive, and has again been instrumental in saving the lives of shipwrecked crews. The old man's record of life-saving on his lonely islet is probably unique. The government main street, on a site now occupied nitaries in the places visited and af-by Hutchings & Co. In parinership forded exceptional facilities to secure with Harris Allan, he extended his information and observe the manner

Hon. Mr. Fellows was twice married, he made a fortune.

While in St. John Mr. Fellows took an active interest in all public matters. He was for two years a member of the Portland town council. The park project being now carried out by Grahamville, South Africa; Mrs. Bac-



SAXON HALL, MR. FELLOWS' LONDON RESIDENCE.

and succored by Green, and since then Mr. Newman has corresponded with him. For several years his let-ters were sent by ships of war from the admiralty; of late a man-of-war public spirited citizens was a pet chus of Paris, Mrs. C. F. Harrison of scheme with Mr. Fellows years ago. this city; Mrs. Lambert of England He may be termed the father of the Mrs. Kenny of India, and an unmar London, Jan. 22.-A by-election was

West Greenwich, R. I., Jan. 21.— Stephen Alldrich, the faitest man in Rhode Island, died tonight of heart disease. He was 81 years old and weighed 498 pounds. He was married three times and died a widower.

HAPPENED ON NEW YEAR'S DAY.

Edmund Burke was born January 1, 1738.

Plazzi, the Sicilian astronomer, discovered the planetoids on January 1, 1806.

The Emmedication Proclamation of President Lincoln was issued January 1, 1863.

The state prisoners of Russia are allowed a day of rest and holiday on New Yess's 1, 1860.

red granite industry of New Bruns- ried daughter. In 1871 Mr. Fellow wick, and he was also for a time actively interested in the development of R. Crain of this city, and two daughter coal measures of Nova Scotia. Enters and one son are the issue of that terprising and energetic, he believed marriage. Mrs. Fellows survives, and in the great future of this country and her mother, who was a well known sought to promote the development of school teacher here, lives with her. sought to promote the development of its resources.

Mr. Fellows has himself stated that when he went to London some sixteen years ago he had little more than means sufficient to support himself and family for a year. The wealth he afterwards enjoyed was accumulated by the exercise of shrewd and careful business qualities, and his position, both in a business and social way, steadily improved. His family moved in high circles, his daughters were

MILITARY MATTERS. Some of Canada's Sons Who Have Won Honors Abroad.

(Montreal Gazette.) Among the New Year's honors which Her Majesty was pleased to confer was the dignity of a baronetcy upon Sir Joseph Fayrer, K. C. S. I. Sir Joseph Fayrer is connected with several well-known Montreal families. He accompanied H. R. H. the Prince of Wales on his memorable trip to India. He is the author of a very able volume on the poisonous snakes of that country. One of the other New Year's honors was the conferring of the Companionship of the Most Dis-tinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George upon Captain the Hon. Assheton Gore Curson-Howe, R. N., C. B., for special services rendered while engaged in the protection of the Newfoundland fisheries

The English Broad Arrows ays: Cap-tain John Irvine Lang, Royal Engineers, whose name appears in the New Year's Honor Roll as a Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George for services in connection with the railway survey and delimitation of the western boundary of the Gold Coast colony, is one of the several graduates of the Royal Military College of Canada, who have come well to the front in the imperial service. The descendant of an old Yorkshire family, ettled in Canada after the year 1812, Capt. Lang en-tered the Royal Military College of Kingston in 1879, and, graduating with honors in 1883, was gazetted as a lieuenant in the Royal Engineers in Jun of that year. After passing through the usual two years course at Chat-ham, he was sent to the War Office, and was subsequently made A. D. C. to Sir Andrew Clarke, inspector-general of fortifications, and, on the expiration of this appointment, was appointed to British Columbia, to carry the defences of that portion of the empire. His work was so well done that. on his return to England, he was se-lected for special duty on the Gold Coast, and has now been rewarded for Coast, and has now been rewarded for his important services in connection with the Boundary Commission and his extensive surveys in the surrounding district. Capt. Lang, like his countrymen generally, is a man of splendid physique, and, like all those who at the Royal Military College of Canada have gained the coveted prize of a commission in the Royal Engineers, has justified the confidence of the imperial authorities in their are the imperial authorities in their appreciation of the splendid training of our years' duration which cadets receive at that important institution.

Captain Lang is now on the staff of the School of Military Engineering, Chatham, as assistant instructor in Estimating and Construction.

Henry J. Morgan, editor of the Canadian Men and Women of the Time, writes in the Ottawa Citizen as follows of Captain Lang, under the head of Canadians Honored: Captain John final Irvine Lang, R. E., the officer selected for this honor, is a native of St. This, it now appears, was on Friday Mary's, and graduated from the Royal last. The prince was in a very weak Military College, June, 1883. The decondition, but the cooler sea air had ment of services rendered in connecion with the railway survey and the delimitation of the western boundary of the Gold Coast colony. Captain Lang, it will be remembered, was sec-retary of the Canadian commission of defence, 1888, and conducted a deof defence, 1888, and conducted a deer and weaker until he expired on tailed survey at Victoria, B. C., in the Monday evening, it is now announced,

Another Canadian, who has lately won increased distinction for himself, won increased distinction for himself, is Dr. John Murray, a native of Nova Scotla and a graduate of Edinburgh University, to whom has been awarded the gold medal of the Royal Society of England for his work in connection with the famous Challenger of Carlsbrook Castle. ety of England for his work in con-nection with the famous Challenger expedition around the world. Mr. Morgan says that, so far as he can mouring by the count for the death learn, this medal has never before of Prince Henry of Battenburg has been conferred upon a Canadian, excepting the late Sir William Logan, London, Jan. 22.—The Court Circucepting the late Sir William Logan, the first director of the Canadian Geological Survey.

to our fellow-countrymen. In the re-cent negotiations in South Africa for London, Jan. 22.—The the acquisition of Pondoland, Her Majesty was represented on the occasion by an Ottawa boy, Major Henry George Elliot, C. M. G., who had previously highly distinguished himself in the army, both at the taking of Sebastopol and during the Zulu war. Major Elliot succeeded in acquiring the territory in question in the face of unusual difficulties, his Canadian tact and powers of diplomacy, no doubt, serving him well in his intercourse with the native chiefs. Major Elliot is a brother of Mrs. J. C. Patterson of Government House, Winniers and of Mrs. Tringham, at present a guest at the Russell house, Ottawa. THE NORTHUMBERLAND CON-TEST.

Liberal Meeting at Newcastle Not Largely Attended-Peter Mitchell on the School Question.

despatch from Newcastle says that the liberal meeting there was rather the liberal meeting there was rather a disappointment, as the people expected a larger attendance and greater enthusiasm. Mr. Mitchell's remarks on the school question were also regarded as unfortunate, especially the argument that the Roman Catholics of Canada had no rights as compared with the negroes in the south before the war. His remarks in this connected the war. His remarks in this co tion were a surprise to both parties. The applause which Mr. Mitchely obtained was far from general, and if the feeling in Newcastle is an index to the sentiments of the whole county, the liberal candidate will fare badly.

Steam tug Geo. W. Chrids has arrived at Key West with derelict sch. Scotia. The Scotia is leaking, has lost spars, sails and tieckload. Her hull is slightly damaged, The Childs found her ashore on northeast end of Elbow Reef.

PRINCE HENRY DEAD.

Queen Victoria's Son-in-Law Dies on the Cruiser Blonde.

Her Majesty Expresses Her Grief in the Court Circular.

The Warship Leaves Storra Leone With the Body for England.

London, Jan. 22.—Despatches received from Sierra Leone today contain details of the death of Prince appears, was greatly upset at the speedy death of his old friend Major Ferguson, who was attacked with fever while out walking with the prince. The latter, however, continued on the march until within thirty miles of Coomassie, where he became so seriously ill that the officer in com-mand insisted that he should be im-

mand insisted that he should be immediately conveyed pack to Prohusu.

When the prince reached there his condition was desperate and the doctors almost despaired of being able to get him back to the coast.

Prince Henry, however, railied slightly before reaching Cape Coats Castle. Once there, although sick unto death, the prince did everything possible to prevail upon his medical possible to prevail upon his medical attendants and commanding officers to allow him to remain until the news



an invigorating effect and he again

In fact, on Saturday he became quite cheerful, and hopes were enter-tained of his recovery. On Sunday, however, there was a decided change ion for the worse. The prince grew weak-

Prince Henry Maurice was the third son of Prince Alexander of Batten burg, uncle of Ludwig IV., Grand London, Jan. 22.—The period of

lar says of Prince Henry's death: "The Geological Survey.

The strife and din of politics must not allow us to overlook another oir cumstance of equal pride and interest and affectionate son-in-law, to whom

London, Jan. 22.—The Standard will the territory in question in the face stitutions and readily succumbed to illness. Everybody feels this untime

London, Jan. 22.—Ex-Empres Eugenie, in telegraphing her condolence to the Queen for the death of Prince Henry, referred to the death of the Prince Imperial, her son, who was killed by the Zulus in 1879, having accompanied the Freiligh army in the companied the English army in the Sterra Leone, Jan. 22.—The British

cruiser Blonde, with the embalmed body of Prince Henry of Battenburg on board, has sailed for England.

SOL JACOBS' GREAT RUN.

Gloucester, Mass., Jan. 21.—Schr. Ethel B. Jacobs, Capt. Sol Jacobs, arrived today, breaking the sailing record for St Jacques, Fortune Bay, N. F., in fifty-nine hours, or ten hours better than the best record heretofore, by the schooner Tallsman. The Jacobs carried her summer sailing rig.

A SHOCKED COMPANY.

Jack—Please pass the corn.
Tom (of the same fraternity)—Don't eat
it. It will spoil your chances for the glee Jack—That's good. Why?
Tom—It might make your breath husky.
And the table was shocked.—Wrinkle.

The Amalgamation of the Synod and Church Society.

Special Meeting of the Synod for the Purpose of Adopting Canons.

A Committee Appointed to Draft Resolution Touching the Death of C. W. Welden.

TUESDAY'S SESSION.

A special meeting of the Dioc Synod of Fredericton opened in the school room of Trinity church Tuesday morning week, for the purpose of sidering and adopting canons, of conetc. made necessary by the amalgamation of the Synod and Diocesan Church so-

The Lord Bishop of Fredericton presided, and there was a large attendance of both clerical and lay representatives.

Among those present were: Dean Among ruse present wers: Dean Partridge, Archdeacon Brigstocke, Archdeacon Neales, Canon Retchum, Canon DeVeber, Canon Roberts, Revs. S. J. Hanford, E. A. Warneford, H. M. Spike, D. I. Wetmore, W. LeB. McKiel, J. R. Campbell, W. B. Armstrong, L. A. Hoyt, J. M. Davenport, R. Mathers, O. S. Newnham, J. de Soyres, J. W. Millidge, W. O. Raymond, W. J. Wilkinson, A. J. A. Gollmer, H. Montgomery, T. Dickinson, W. H. Sampson, C. P. Hanington, A. J. Cresswell, G. E. Lloyd, A. D. Dewd-

ney, W. C. Hansen, A. G. H. Dicker.

The following laymen among others answered to their names: Henry Wilmot and C. E. A. Simonds, Burton; W. J. Cornfield, Joseph T. Mosher, Carleton; George Burchill, Chatham; Mr. Justice Hanington, John B. Forster, Dorchester; A. Vail, Gagetown; W. Otty, E. R. DeMill, Hampton; Wolfred Smith, Musquash; S. G. Kilpatrick, Portland; A. C. Fairweather, J. M. Robinson, Rothesay; R. W. Crookshank, C. H. Smith (St. James'), St. John; Geo. A. Schofield, Hurd Peters (St. John Baptist), St. John; C. E. L. Jarvis, H. L. Sturdee (St. John), St. John; Geo. E. Fairweather, A. H. Han-ington (St. Mark), St. John; C. Miller, St. Martins; Henry Town, S. G. Olive (St. Mary), St. John; Hon. T. R. Jones, J. R. Campbell (St. Paul's), St. John; J. M. Deacon, St. Stephen; W. DeMill, Upham; E. J. Wetmore, Viotoria, Carleton; T. C. L. Ketchum, C. L. S. Raymond, Woodstock; C. F. Haning-

The meeting opened with the usual devotional exercises, led by His Lord-

The secretary, Rev. O. S. Newnham, having certified that the re-quirements of the constitution been fulfilled by the insertion of the usual summons in the Royal Gazette and the sending of the proper notices, the Bishop proceeded to explain the object of the meeting of Synod. His Lordship said it was called for the purpose of considering the canons and a bill providing for the canons are canons and a bill providing for the canons are canons and a bill providing for the canons are canons and a bill providing for the canons are canons a other times than was permitted under the old act. It had been hoped that his honor the lieutenant governor would be able to be present to introduce the bill. He was, unfortunately, unable to Then T. C. Allen was chosen to do that work, but his physician had forbidden his leaving home. His Lordship went on to point out that the bill was intended to provide for the sale of church lands in parishes where there was no rector in charge. There were two lots of land which could be osed of at any time after the act had been amended. They were being occupied and would be lost to the church without the change contemplated. The occupier of one lot was willing to buy, provided he could get a proper title. He hoped the bill would be adopted and sent to the legislature for enactment. (Applause.)

The rules of order were suspended, and Ven. Archdeacon Brigstocke moved the following resolution, which was seconded by Rev. J. deSoyres and

That Rev. Jos. Smith, formerly rec tor of Welsford, and Rev, Alfred Bareham be given seats on the floor of

Geo. A. Schofield, in introducing the canons drafted by the committee of Synod, explained that very few of them were new. The majority of them were re-drafts of the regulations, etc., so that little change was contemplated. He submitted the canons, which were printed, and moved that the first one, Canon 20, be taken up section by sec-tion, considered and adopted.

The first section of Canon 20 read

as follows: THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. 1. The executive committee shall consist of the bishop of the diocese, the bishop coadjutor, the dean and archdeacons, if any, the standing committee, the rural deans of the several deaneries, the secretary and treasurer of the Synod, and twelve clergymen

which laymen need not be members of the Synod. Objection was taken by Rev. Mr Lloyd to this section. He did not believe in the appointment of laymen on the executive committee who were not members of Synod. He moved in

and twelve laymen elected by the

amendment: The executive committee shall consist of the bishop of the diocese and all clergymen resident in the diocese who are duly licensed by the bishop, the Synod or otherwise duly qualified for election on such committee, to be annually elected by the Synod, together with the secretary and treasurer

A. H. Hanington/ seconded the amendment, speaking strongly in sup-

Mr. Justice Hamington did not think the Synod could make laymen mem-bers of the executive who were not

change proposed. The first section of the canon was a change from the popular and democratic system to a basis of centralization. He spoke eloquently and strongly in favor of the amend-

In closing the debate, Geo. A. Schofield said he had always been an opponent of amalgamation. But as a loyal son of the church his opposition must cease. Mr. Lloyd proposed to put 70 clergymen on the committee. The section of the canon under consideration contemplated putting 30 clergymen on it and 12 laymen. The committee was to be elected. It was simply proposed to give the Synod the right to elect somebody other than members of the Synod to the committee. It did not compel the choice of outside men by any means. He

urged the adoption of the section.

The amendment was lost by a vote of 48 to 17. Rev. S. J. Hanford moved, seconded by Rev. A. G. H. Dicker, that the

out of the section. Rev. W. O. Raymond moved in

Rev. J. M. Davenport urged the A. A. Slipper, A. W. Teed, H. E. Dib-blee, W. Eatough, A. A. Bryant, J. T. Bryan, R. P. McKim, W. Hays and A. support of it also.

> the church, men who had served such that served ser for years and years.
>
> Scetion 7. The committee shall have and exercise all such rights and powthe synod should have the right to ers in and connected with the manage-elect any one they saw fit to the com-ment, control and disposal of all lands,

words left out of the section. Rev. H. Montgomery favored the permissive, and this synod should not

bind future synods.

Rev. J. de Soyres made another appeal aginst the passage of the section A. H. Hanington suggested that if it

were ever found necessary to elect men outside of the synod the canon could be changed. The laymen on the executive should be chosen from among the representatives sent to the

Rev. A. D. Dewdney did not think it advisable to have anything in the canons which would make people inquire why they were there. People would ask what the qualifications of the men were who were on the committee and not members of the synod. Rev. Dean Partridge was going to vote for the striking out of the last few words in the section. He would

Rev. W. O. Raymond made a few re narks in support of his amendment. Rev. J. Roy Campbell favored the section as it stood.

Geo. A. Schofield said section 3 of the bill set forth that all life members of the D. C. S. existing on 31st Dec., 1897, being otherwise qualified to be members of the synod under the contitution shall be considered ipso facto duly qualified for election at any time as members of any or all the boards or committees which may thereafter be appointed by the synod. Why then object to the latter part of

Both amendments were put and lost and then the synod adjourned for din-AFTERNOON SESSION

The synod met at 2.30 o'clock. Mr. Justice Hanington moved the following amendment to the first sec-That after the word "members" in

the last line the words be added "but must be qualified to be elected mem-This was seconded by Rev. A. G. H.

Dicker. Rev. G. E. Lloyd moved in amendment to Judge Hanington's amend-

The executive shall consist of the bishop of the diocese, the dean, and archdeacons, if any, the standing committee, the secretary and treasurer of the synod and twelve clergymen and twelve laymen elected by the synod. Mr. Lloyd said it might alm taken for granted that the synod had no legal right to elect laymen to its committees who were not members of

Geo. A. Schofield took the point order that the synod having voted not to strike out the words "which lay-men need not be members of the synod for some parish within such synod," Mr. Lloyd's motion was out of deanery.'

A. H. Hanington, held that Mr. Lloyd's amendment was in order, and transaction of business.—Adopted the bishop decided that it was. Section 5. The board shall meet Mr. Lloyd, continuing, said the sec-

clerical votes and 13 lay. Judge Hanington said Mr. Lloyd now as may be fixed by the notice of the argued against the section because it meeting.—Adopted. put 25 clergymen on the executive and only 13 laymen. In the morning Mr. secretary, who shall keep the minutes Lloyd advocated making it up of all of the board issue notices of meetings, the clergy (some 72 in all) and 24 lay- and perform such other duties as the men. Mr. Lloyd must have forgotten board shall direct.—Adopted.

what he said in the morning. Some of Section 7.—The board shall adminthe speakers had a mistaken idea as ister, distribute and control the anto the duties of the executive. would have to do with the financial waged against the rural deans. They esented the various deaneries and had a better knowledge of their af-fairs than any one else. Why should Mr. Lloyd wish to put the secretary and treasurer (who were not necessarily members of the synod) on the

Rev. W. H. Sampson opposed any change in the constitution of the executive, and said he would vote for Rev. J. deSoyres asked if there was

executive if he wanted none but mem-

Mr. Lloyd's amendment was lost, 54 opted.

Section 8. The board shall present s

to 12. Section 1 was then adopted as amended.
Section 2. The clerical and lay mem-

bers of the committee elected by the synod shall be chosen by ballot at ing of the synod a general report of each annual meeting of the synod, and shall hold office until the next annual which shall include:

members of the committee shall form a quorum for the transaction of business.—Adopted.

words "which laymen need not be Section 4. The committee shall meet members of the Synod" be stricken at such an hour and place and on such days in the months of January, March, June, July and October in each year as may be directed by the bishop.

amendment to the amendment:

'That the following words be added to the section: provided they shall have been on the 31st of December A. D. 1897 life members of the Diocesan Church society and otherwise qualified to be members of the synod under the constitution."

This was seconded by Rev. J. de Sovres op's commissary, or the standing committee, to meet at such time and place

support of it also.

Archdeacon Brigstocke hoped the words would not be struck out as it would preclude from appointment on the committee some of the ablest men in the church, men who had served her for years and years.

Section 6. The committee shall eject a secretary, who shall keep the minutes of the meetings, issue notices of the same, and perform such other duties in connection with such committee as the committee shall direct.—Adopted.

Section 7. The committee shall have

mittee. It should be qualified in some real estate, and property of every way. Rev. Leo A. Hoyt desired to see the synod, and with respect to the com-words left out of the section. Rev. H. Montgomery favored the have or exercise when in session, subsection in its entirety. It was only and shall also have and exercise all such other rights, powers, functions, and duties as may be vested in such committee, by any canon or regulation of the synod.

It was amended by the insertion after the word "land" in the third line of the words "real estate, moneys, funds, stocks, property and assets of every kind and description.
Section 8. The executive committee

shall present a report of their proceedings during the year at the annual meeting of the synod .- Adopted. Mr. Schofield moved the adoption of the canon as amended, which passed, the vote taken by orders being as

follows: Clergy-Yea, 36; nay, 7. Laity-Yea, 20; nay, 4. Several of the laymen did not vote. Canon 21 was then taken up and

sions shall consist of the bishop or his commissary, the bishop coadjutor, the dean, the archdeacon, if any, the secretary and treasurer of the synod, and five clergymen and seven laymen elected by the synod, together with one clergyman or layman chosen by each deanery, and resident within the same. name shall be certified to the synod by the secretary of such deanery as having been duly elected at a regular meeting thereof, all such persons being contributors to the mission funds of the synod within the year ending the 30th day of June then last past.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Lloyd, the number of laymen on the committee was made 10 instead of seven, and each deanery was given the right to elect a clergyman and a layman to

The rules of order were suspended allow Rev. J. M. Davenport to move that Rev. Wm. Ball Wright, rector of East Acklow, Yorkshire, England, be invited to a seat in the synod. His lordship welcomed Mr. Wright

to the synod and he was given a seat at the right of the bishop. Section 2. The clerical and lay m ers of the board elected by the synod shall be chosen by ballot at each annual meeting of the synod, and shall hold office until others be chosen in

their stead.—Adopted. Section 3. The clergymen to be elected shall be members of the synod, and the lay members shall be either lay representatives or substitutes, upon the roll of the synod at the time of their election. Laymen, chosen by the several deaneries, need not be mem-

bers of the synod. This was adopted by the addition of

Section 4. Nine members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the tion made the committee consist of 25, his commissary, or any five membe of the board, at such time and place

(5) Provision for clergymen Section 6. The board-shall elect a mity.

It nual income and revenue of or received by the synod available for home affairs of the church. He could not mission purposes, including the yearly understand why any warfare was income of invested funds, the grant received from the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, all donations, subscriptions and contributions received for such purposes by the treasurer of the synod, and not limited by the donors or by any canon or resolution of the synod to capital account, and all funds nembers of Synod.

Rev. W. H. Sampson opposed any hange in the constitution of the excutive, and said he would vote for he amendment.

Rev. J. deSoyres asked if there was a quorum of clergymen and laymen Sheriff Sturdee said this was in re
Sheriff Sturdee said this was in re
synod to capital account, and all runds voted or granted by the synod for the same; and shall also administer, distribute and control such other funds or property as may be made subject to their management or direction by any canon or resolution of the synod; pro-

ality no change. Laymen came to the society years ago representing churches were made members of the executive, and continued as such although they ceased to hold positions as representatives.

Rev. J. deSoyres was opposed to the change proposed. The first section of the canon was a change from the popor regulations made or adopted by the synod regarding the same. If in any case the proceedings of the board shall be disapproved by the executive ittee, no further action shall be taken by the board in the matter so disapproved of, contrary to the direc-flons of the executive committee-Ad-

> Judge Hanington's amendment was report of their proceedings at each then put and carried by a vote of 52 regular meeting of the executive committee, and at any special meeting of the executive committee, if required by the bishop, his commissary, or the executive committee so to do; and shall also present at the annual meet-

connected with home missions, to-gether with a statement of contributions and subscriptions from the several parishes or missions for the en-

(c) A list in detail of grants made or (c) A list in detail of grants made or proposed to be made for any of such purposes during the ensuing year, with the conditions attached to each.

—Adopted.

Section 9. It shall be the duty of

each rector, incumbent, or missionary having cure of souls in the diocese (and in case of the vacancy of any parish or cure, of the church war-dens) to cause the parish or mission to be canvassed annually for subscriptions and donations on behalf of home missions, and also to preach or case to be preached annually in each church . within the cure a sermon on behalf of the home mission work of the diocese, the collection on such oc-casion being devoted to home mission

A long discussion took place with regard to this section, several amend-ments being offered. Action had not been taken at the hour of adjournment.

During the discussion one or two clergymen accounted for the falling off in their churches' contributions for home missions by stating that certain things had occurred of which their parishioners did not approve. In the course of debate Rev. Mr.

Lloyd said he found this feeling in his Rev. Mr. deSoyres said his church's contribution fell off from \$1,000 to a couple of hundred dollars. This was pecause his parishioners disapproved of a certain event. It was very obectionable to them.

Geo. A. Schofield denied that the board of home missions had done any such thing.

(c) Should such agreement not be enRev. Mr. deSoyres—Do you deny all | tered into to the satisfaction of the wardens as to the sum which parishes responsibility for the introduction of Staley's Catholic doctrine? Mr. Schofield declared that he never did anything that partook of a party

Here Judge Hanington interfered, and the bishop called the synod to order. Synod adjourned till 8 p. m.

was spent in the discussion of section 9. It was finally adopted as follows: It shall be the duty of each rector, incumbent, or missionary having cure of souls in the diocese (and in case of the vacancy of any parish or cure of the church-wardens) to cause to be taken in the parish or mission annually, by envelope or otherwise, sub-scriptions on behalf of home missions, and also to preach or cause to be preached annually in each church within the cure a sermon on the home mission work of the diocese, the col-lection on such occasion being devoted

to home mission work. The following section was adopted: 10. Each rector, incumbent or missionary (and in case of a vacancy of any parish or cure, the church-wardens) shall furnish the secretary of elect a clergyman and a layman to the board, on or immediately before the committee. The section thus the board, on or immediately before the (20th) twentieth day of June in each year with a statement in detail of the amount of all contributione from the parish or mission to the synod for home mission purposes during the year, so far as the same shall have statement of such contributions to the secretary on or before the thirty-first day of December, which final state-ment shall be accompanied by an account and payment in full of all contributions to the synod for home mis-

sion purposes received during the year.

11. The board shall, as soon as pracicable after the 31st day of Dece in each year, issue a report which shall contain a list of contributions and collections actually received during the preceding year, and such other

information as they may deem proper.

12. The following objects connected with home mission work shall be specially promoted by the board: (1) The maintenance of the ministrations of the church in missions re-

quiring aid. (2) The bulding of parsonages and the building and enlarging of churches and chapels in such missions.

(4) The establishment of divinity cholarships, and assistance, when necessary, to those who may be under preparation for the ministry, especially sons of clergymen.

may be incapacitated by age or infir-(6) Provision for the widows and orphans of the clergy. (7) Provision for the education the children of the clergy.

Archdeacon Brigstocke brought up the matter of seamen's mission. St. John, he said, was a seaport and there were other ports similar to it in the province. He trusted the church would never lose sight of that fact. St. John would, he trusted, become all that we expected to see it. Already large ocean steamers were coming here, and still more of them were looked for. He referred to the immense trade that had been developed during the winter months and said the synod would do well to include such missions ment of missions to sea-

nded by Rev. Mr. de Soyres, who alluded to the good work being accomplished by means of the present mission. He was glad to say that some of his congregation, the Tilleys and others, were deeply interested in the work.

Rev. Mr. Sampson spoke in the sup-port of the motion, and the object men-tioned was one of those which the board should promote. It was num-bered three and the numbers of the

others were changed accordingly.
Section 13. Subscriptions, contributions, and donations for home mission purposes not limited to any special object, may be applied to such of these purposes and in such sums or propor-tions, subject to the terms of any canon or resolution of the synod, as the board shall direct.-Adopted.

synod after 31st Dec., 1897, shall be considered to be made for home mis sion purposes, unless the testator shall proper from any of the parishes or otherwise direct, and shall, in the abmeeting.

This was amended by the addition of the following words: "or until others are elected in their stead."

Section 3. Five clerical and five lay members of the committee shall form. which they may unless on recommendation of the board of home missions, the executive committee shall as to any fund not specially appointed by the donor at any time otherwise direct and shall appropriate the same or any part there-

> The following sections were adopted: 16. All grants made by the board shall be for the fiscal year only in which they are made, and shall expart of the rector or church wardens pire with it.

16. When any mission receiving aid from or through the board shall become vacant, the grant from the board shall thereupon cease, and shall only be renewed upon application to board, and upon such terms as the board shall consider equitable.

17. When a missionary is absent from his mission on account of ill health, with leave from the bishop, the devotional exercises the roll was board may direct payment to such missionary of the whole or any part of the sum granted for such mission. 18. In order to encourage missions S. Newnham, and confirmed. The to become gradually self supporting, bishop stated that Mr. Newnham was all grants made by or through the occupied until a late hour in the board in aid of home missions shall morning writing up the minutes, and be conditional on the contribution by said he was deserving of the thanks the mission itself of a stated sum to- of the Synod. (Applause.) wards the home mission fund

19. All such grants shall be made proceeded with. subject to the following regulations: (a) The board shall forthwith, after of the 23rd section of canon 21. the first day of October in each year, This was adopted, with the undercommunicate with the church wardens or other lay members of the commit the Synod to everything conchurch in each mission, requiring them tained in form E. to enter into agrement (A) with the synod, to contribute the sum required and sections 25 and 26 were adopted. of the mission for the year, whenever. Then came a number of forms of

board before the 15th day of Novem- or missions shall undertake to pay in ber then next, they shall communicate quarterly to the treasurer of the with the missionary requiring him to Synod so give each of his congregations notice continued. (B) of the withdrawal of all payments to him as a missionary receiving gregations which fall to enter into the stipend through the board on the 1st agreement required by the board of

January then next, unless the agreement be meantime completed. considered section by section.

EVENING SESSION.

(d) Should such agreement not be entered into to the satisfaction of the board of home mis
11.15. The greater part of the time

(d) Should such agreement not be entered into to the satisfaction of the board before the 1st of January then next all payment sto the missions are next, all payment sto the missions stipend through the board shall cease. stipend through the board shall cease. D.—The notice to be given by the Provided that any such missionary, treasurer withdrawing the grant to if not appointed to any new mission, missions. may be permitted by the board on special application to draw on the 1st of Diocesan Synod of Fredericton. April for a sum in their discretion not These were adopted without discus-

exceeding his previous quarter's, sion. stipend from the board. the missionary, who will thereupon (unless the terms of such agreement shall not be fulfilled, as hereinafter provided) be entitled to draw upon the board for the full amount of his pended to permit of the introduction quarterly stipend, including therein of the bill relative to the sale of he sum required for the quarter from

the mission itself. (f) The amount required from the mission may be paid either in money or produce, and shall be so paid by equal quarterly instalments at least one month before the last day of each quarter. If paid in money, the same remitted direct to the treasurer; and if paid in produce, such produce to be furnished to and received by the missionary, and his receipt in lieu of noney forwarded to the treasure within the time aforesaid. Provided that, if necessary, the mission may have one month's grace to complete the payment.

(g) Should the missionary give any such written receipt for produce, he shall keep a record therof, and shall make his next quarters' draft for such sum only as shall be due him after he shall be debited with such receipts in the treasurer's books.

(h) Should neither the money no receipts for produce to the full amoun required for the quarter be received by the treasurer by the last day of the second month of the quarter, it shall be the duty of the treasurer at once to send to the missionary, and to each of the persons who shall have signed the agreement, the notice (C) and should neither such money receipts have been so received by the last day of the quarter, the grant shall thenceforth cease, and it shall be the treasurer's duty at once and in ike manner to send the notice (D) If, however, the arrears be subsequent ly paid, the grant shall be thereupon ipso facto revived, unless the board order to the contrary, in which case the board shall notify the mission and state the reason for such order.

(i) It shall be optional with board to permit any mission to make

a quarterly, half-yearly or yearly pay ment at any period in advance, and these regulations, mutatis musta shall thereupon apply generally to any such mission. (k) The board shall have power with the approval of the bishop, to make any grant that the funds

allow, in aid of any mission not al-

ready receiving aid, upon such con-

tions as they may arrange.

(1) A certificate shall be added the parochial agreements, which shall be signed by the representatives of the mission, declaring that the am given by the mission is a bone fid contribution, and that no part is derived from the rent of the gle the interest of investments, the prop

erty of the mission, or held in trust

20. The board, with the approval of the bishop, shall appoint deputations of clergymen and laymen for each deanery, for the purpose of holding missionary meetings in the several parishes or missions, with the consent of the rector in charge, and taking up collections thereat, not interfering however, with the usual collections of the parish or mission, on behalf of home missions, and further of making enquiries as to the power of the mission to contribute to the home mission fund. Such deputations shall make full report to the board.

21. The board, with the approval of the bishop, may further appoint special deputations to enquire into the causes of any deficiency of contribu-Section 14. All bequests made to the tions or other pecuniary difficulties in any misison, and shall have power to call for any returns they may think the board.

22. The board shall be authorized to require from the church wardens of every parish or mission receiving aid from or through the board, full details of all glebes, church lands and other investments, yearly or oftener, as they shall see flit, and if it shall appear that any part of the income from the glebes or investments held for the rector's use is taken to make up the sum required by the board from the mission, the board may forthwith increase to collect the interests or rents, the board shall be authorized to enquire into the matter, and, if there be sufficient cause, to suspend the grant to the mission until the management

made satisfactory to the board. WEDNESDAY'S SESSION. The Diecesan Synod resumed work Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. After

called. The minutes of yesterday's sessions were read by the secretary, Rev. O. The consideration of the canons was

Geo. A. Schoffeld read the adoption standing that its adoption did not

Section 24, sub-sections 1, 2 and 3, such agreement shall be required under agreement and notice, which were the terms of this canon.

adopted. Briefly put, they were: (b) Such agreement shall continue A.—The memorandum of agreement in force until revised by the board. (referred to in sub-section a of section

> Synod so long as the minstrations are B.-The notice to be given by con-

C.—The notice to be sent by the trea-

Tefers to statistical returns to the

When such agreemnt is entered missionaries and the form of receipt into, the board shall forthwith notify to be employed, submitted by the com-The canon 21 was then adopted as amended by a unanimous vote.

The order of proceedings was suschurch or glebe lands. His lordship explained the need of

having such an act passed by the local legislature Sheriff Sturdee submitted the bill which is as follows: Be it therefore enacted by the lieutenant governor and legislative as-

sembly, as follows: That notwithstanding anything contained in the said act when it shall have been found by the Diocesan Synod of Fredericton, or the standing committee thereof, that it would be for the good of the church in any parish that church or glebe lands should be sold at a different time of year, or in a different manner than as provided for in section 51 of the aforementioned act, then it shall be lawful for the said synod, or the standing committee thereof, to authorize the sale of such lands by public auction or by private contract as they shall deem advisable, and such lands may be sold at any time; provided, in case of sale by auction, that such notice of such intended sale, signed by the rector and churchwardens, if any, shall be posted at the places named in section 51 of the said act, at least one month previous to the sale, specifying the lands intended to be sold as aforesaid and that such notice shall also be published during the like period of one month previous to the sale in a newspaper published in the county where the lands are situate, if any; and if there be no such newspaper then in the Royal Gazette for the like

period of one month. 2. That where there is no rector at the time of giving such notice, the notice of such sale shall be signed by the Bishop of Fredericton and the churchwardens, if any; and where there are no rector and churchwardens, it shall suffice that the notice be signed by the bishop and two members of the standing committee of the Diocesan Synod of Frederleton.

3. That in such sale the conveyance

of the land so sold, in addition to being executed under the corporate seal of the said rector, churchwardens and vestry (if any), shall receive the sametion of the Diocesan Synod of Freder-icton, or the standing committee there-of, signed by the secretary of such synod, executing the same under corporate seal of the said synod; and also the sanction of the bishop of the diocese, signified by his being a party thereto and executing the same.

4. That in case there shall be no rector and no churchwardens, the (Continued on page five.)

KINGS COU

Inspector Weyr cil Come

And He is Re app

Four Hun nent to End Paupers at A

Hampton, Jan. cil opened its J court house at 10 is made up as Cardwell-Hav ter McCully. Greenwich-C.

Belvea. Hampton-S. Kingston-J. Hammond-T. Havelock-R.

Kars-G. W. I Norton-G. W. Rothesay - W Saunders. Springfield-Gi Freeze. Studholm-H.

bell, W. D. Fen Sussex-O. P. Upham-J. M. Upham. Waterford-Jan Myers. Westfield-F. Fowler.

Ora P. King ed warden. Standing com as follows by th Public buildin Upham, G. W. Printing-G. V F. E. Nase. Public meadow W. Palmer, S. T L. Belyea. Finance-Jas.

B. Hatfield, Jas The buildings that coal for fue \$4.80 per ton, 1 season for \$4.30, of A. W. Hicks at \$57.75 had be ent snow storm portion of the natch. These Mr. Langstroth were made on th jailor's residence ceived and ador Coun. J. A.

committee of five and G. W. For appointed to comman and his co rangements can against the cou board.-Carried. The warden mittee Couns. Palmer, J. M. and H. J. Fowle Coun. J. A ed by Coun. Jas. semi-annual mee held in June.—C On motiion o seconded by Con granted the pet

road from Long Crowe's to Suss ishs, be exempt A similar peti regard to the Smith's creek J. H. & R. O. M ing the said ros rection until it south side line G. McNaught's and following easterly direc Ridge road, all

The report mittee, which that the sale island was a year over last, still much les age. Nothing Kennebeccasis ravages of a utterly destro of the Belleis last year ame ed till 2 p. m. Council reas Hon. G. H.

pality to be Jan. 1st, 1895. To amount to o To receipts on s To contingent Total By paid school
By Contingenci
By highway ac
By C. T. Act
By rauper lun

auditor, subm

secretary-trea

the financial

Total On motion and the audi ent a further On motion onded by I the fees of Studholm N \$21.75 to \$13.7 Assessme were fixed a Cardwell

for the sup Kingston, \$

SCO' Inspector nual report ard, with the approval of shall appoint deputations n and laymen for each the purpose of holding meetings in the several nissions, with the consent in charge, and taking up thereat, not interfe th the usual collections of mission, on behalf as, and further of making to the power of the misribute to the home mission deputations shall make the board.

ard, with the approval of may further appoint spe-tions to enquire into the ny deficiency of contribur pecuniary difficulties in and shall have power to returns they may think any of the parishes or eiving aid from or through

ard shall be authorized to the church wardens of or mission receiving aid ugh the board, full details s, church lands and other yearly or oftener, as they and if it shall appear rt of the income from the stments held for the rectaken to make up the sum the board from the misrd may forthwith increase required in proportion rector or church wardens interests or rents, the be authorized to enquire ter, and, if there be suffito suspend the grant to until the management of ictory to the board.

ESDAY'S SESSION. san Synod resumed work morning at 10 o'clock. After exercises the roll

s of yesterday's sessions y the secretary, Rev. O. and confirmed. The that Mr. Newnham was itil a late hour in the ting up the minutes, and deserving of the thanks d. (Applause.) ration of the canons was

hofield read the adoptio ection of canon 21. adopted, with the underat its adoption did not Synod to everything conrm E.

sub-sections 1, 2 and 3 25 and 26 were adopted. e a number of forms of and notice, which were lefly put, they were: randum of agreement in sub-section a of he Synod and the church to the sum which parishes shall undertake to pay in o the treasurer of the g as the minstrations are

otice to be given by con-which fail to enter into the equired by the board of

tice to be sent by the treathe stopping of the mis-end in the event of the by the home mission board.

Lotice to be given by the

rithdrawing the grant to

o statistical returns to the ynod of Fredericton. re adopted without discus-

of draft to be used by and the form of receipt yed, submitted by the comadopted.

21 was then adopted as a unanimous vote, r of proceedings was sus-permit of the introduction relative to the sale of glebe lands. nip explained the need of an act passed by the

urdee submitted the bill follows: efore enacted by the lieurnor and legislative as follows:

he said act when it shall ound by the Diocesan Sydericton, or the standing thereof, that it would be of the church in any parirch or glebe lands should different time of year, or manner than as provided shall be lawful for the or the standing committee thorize the sale of such blic auction or by private they shall deem advisovided, in case of sale by such notice of such insigned by the rector and ens, if any, shall be post-places named in section 51 act, at least one month the sale, specifying the led to be sold as aforesaid; ich notice shall also be luring the like period of published in the county lands are situate, if any; Royal Gazette for the like ne month.

here there is no rector at giving such notice, the of Fredericton and the ens. if any; and where suffice that the notice be the bishop and two memnod of Fredericton.

such sale the conveyance so sold, in addition to bed under the corporate seal rector, churchwardens and ny), shall receive the same-Diocesan Synod of Freder standing committee thereiting the same under the eal of the said synod; and ction of the bishop of the ified by his being a party executing the same. case there shall be no no churchwardens, the

inued on page five.)

KINGS COUNTY COUNCIL.

Inspector Weyman and the Council Come to Terms,

And He is Re appointed at a Salary of Four Hundred Dollars.

Movement to End the Practice of Selling Paupers at Auction—The Parish

Hampton, Jan. 21.-Kings Co. council opened its January sitting at the court house at 10 a.m. The new board Cardwell-Havelock E. Freeze, Lester McCully.

Greenwich-C. H. Gorham, Hampton—S. H. Flewelling, H. J. One person convicted in 1894 served out his term in jail. Summing up the Kingston-J. O. Dann, S. T. Holder. Hammond-T. A. Kelly, D. J. Fowl-

Havelock-R. O. Mace, Jonah Keith. Kars-G. W. Palmer, W. Helms. Norton-G. W. Titus, D. B. Hatfield. Rothesay - Wm. Maynes, Isaac Saunders.

Springfield-Gilbert Crandall, Jas. Freeze. Studholm—H. Montgomery Campbell, W. D. Fenwick. Sussex-O. P. King, H. R. McMon-

Upham-J. M. Campbell, Albert H. Waterford-James A. Moore, Jas. H. Westfield-F. W. C. Nase, Fred R.

Ora P. King was unanimously elec-Standing committees were appointed

Fowler.

L. Belvea.

F. E. Nase.

Finance Jas. Moore, A. Belyea, D. B. Hatfield, Jas. M. Campbell.

The buildings committee reported that egal for fuel, which last year cost season for \$4.30, and that the tender for examination. at \$57.75 had been accepted. The violent snow storm last month blew off a w. H. Ba: hatch. These had been repaired by Mr. Langstroth. Some small repair were made on the court house, jail an jailor's residence.-The report was re

ceived and adopted.
Coun. J. A. Moore moved that ommittee of five, also the secretar appointed to confer with C. W. Wey man and his counsel, see what ar rangements can be made as to his sui against the county and report to the oard.—Carried. The warden appointed as the con

mittee Couns J. A. Moore, G. V Palmer, J. M. Campbell, G. W. Titt

ed by Coun. Jas. M. Campbell, that n semi-annual meeting of the council held in June.—Carried. On motion of Coun. J. A. Moore, seconded by Coun. Myers, the council petition praying that the road from Long settlement via Geo.

Crowe's to Sussex, in Waterford parishs, be exempted from cattle regula-

regard to the road leading from Smith's creek to Butternut Ridge, commencing at the Spring brook near J. H. & R. O. Mace's mills, and following the said road in a northwardly disouth side line; also the road by Jas and following said road in a northeasterly direction to the Butternu Ridge road, all in the parish of Have

The report of the meadows' com that the sale of grass on Grassy island was a slight improvement this year over last, realizing \$501.25, though still much less than the former average. Nothing was realized from th Kennebeccasis meadow owing to the ravages of a species of worm that utterly destroyed the grass. The sale of the Belleisle meadows fell below last year amounting to \$9. Adjourn-

Council reassembled at 2 o'clock. Hon. G. H. Flewelling, the county auditor, submitted his report on the secretary-treasurer's accounts, showing the financial standing of the munici-

To amount to credit of county To receipts on school fund account. To contingent account To highway account To C. T. Act account. To pauper lunatic account. To school site deposit, Cardwell.	6,950 6,292 711 1,753 260
Total	.\$21,859
Cr. By paid school drafts	.\$ 6.912
By Contingencies	. 5,435
By highway account	. 352
By C. T. Act account	
By pauper lunatic account	. 195
/ Total	.\$13,605
Balance to credit of county	\$8,253

On motion the report was received and the auditor granted leave to present a further report. motion of W. D. Fenwick, sec onded by H. Montgomery Campbell, the fees of the collecting justices of Studholm No. 2 were reduced from \$21.75 to \$18.78.

ere fixed as follows for 1896: Westfield ... 50 00
Following assessments were made
for the support of pauper lunatics:
Kingston, \$130; Hampton, \$65; Spring-

this report he said he had not as much supreme court work as usual. Edward Simpson was sent to jail, but let out by the judge on the ground that his name was Edmund, not Edward, as set out in the charge. Simpson has left the country, so the inspector has not pressed the other case against him. Susan Upham was sent to jail. An Susan Upham was sent to jail. An application for a judge's order to release her was decided against the application. Judgment was also given in the act's favor in the Frank Howe

The inspector had sixty-two cases before the courts during the year and succeeded in securing fifty-eight convictions. Four cases were dismissed; two of the convictions were third of fences and two were second offences, The total of fines imposed was \$2,900 and the total collected was \$1,700. Seven of those convicted have laid out their fines in prison, making in all forty cases collected in the past year's account Besides this Mr. W. collected on conviction accounts for ed for fines and \$112.65 for costs, making a total of \$2,112.65 to the credit of the county, and eight convictions Tithhave been worked out in prison, eighty B. days for each conviction, thus making a total of forty-eight cases collected for this year. This gave Mr. Weyman an average of 1 1-5 cases per week which involved very great work. As he was expected to account for all fines, etc., he urged that all Scott ec moneys collected should pass through his hands. He recommended that the Norton Studholm Waterford and Cardwell be reappointed, they having done their duty in a most satisfactiry man

In his report the inspector referred now pending in the courts and stated that at the solicitation of the warder standing committees was as follows by the warden:

Public buildings—H. J. Fowler, A. J. sent, to give the council an opportunity to settle it. Mr. Weyman returned ity to settle it. those friends of Printing—G. W. Titus, H. E. Freeze, his hearty thanks to those friends of The Scott act who had assisted him in Salms, Jas. Wilson, John Kennedy, Public meadows—John O. Dann, to his work and referred with pride to Wm. H. Demill, John McCarron, Hugh W. Palmer, S. T. Holder, J. M. Freeze, the fact that as a result of the enforcement of the act, twenty persons had gone out of the liquor business The report was accepted and the

financial statement accompanying it ton, had been procured this was referred to the finance committee The following bills were ordered to

鰀	De paid.
2	W. H. Baxter, postage, etc
e	W. McLeod, constable's services '8
7	Geo. H. Wallace, warrant
S	Geo. H. Wallace, Queen v. Howie
d	F. W. Morton, Queen v. Howie
	Huestis & White, supplies for jail
	W. Alexander, constable ,etc
20	G. O. D. Otty, postage, etc
a	W. Bovaird, masonry
y	G. & G. Flewelling, roofing felt
e	Dr. Wetmore, medical attendance
	J. W. Nowlan, poll in Studholm
8	E. C. Nowlan, booth in Studholm
1	Dr. Glichrist, view of body
e	W. L. Belyea, auctioneer
	J. W. & M. Freeze, warrant, etc
ı-	A. Brittain, glazing window
7.	W. H. Fairweather, constable, etc
	- Lefurgey, constable, etc
IS	W. H. Fairweather, constable ,etc 1
	C. Spooner, printing
1-	N. M. Barnes, attendance at court 1 Jas. Lefurgy, constable, etc
10	Robert Morrison, warrant
oe	F. W. Freeze, attendance on furnace 1
	G W Tahmeton M D avamining lung

dic 2 00
G. M. Pearson, M. D., certificate. 2 00
A. A. Lewin, M. D., certificate. 2 00
C. DeMill, attendance at court. 35 00
G. F. Johnston, M. D., quarantine work 7 75
Thos. A. Peters, re Peck case. 21 90
Hy Pierce, constable in Peck case. 10 70
A. S. Wetmore, repairs county pro-

On motion it was ordered that the pay of the overseers of the poor for the parish of Cardwell be reduced, to six dollars instead of \$12, as hereto-

fore. Hampton, Jan. 22.—The municipal ouncil opened its second day's ses sion at 9 o'clock this morning with a full attendance. Considerable time was taken up in the receipt of petitions for the abatement of taxes. The etitions of the following were favorably acted on: Margaret J. Campbell, Sarah Burgess, Heber Folkins, Ora P. King, Mrs. Lamb, Mrs. Allen McLeod, McCully, Cornelius McIntyre, Mrs. S. Dickson, Hiram Parlee, John McMullan, Joseph McFall, John A. Humphreys, John H. Mace, Daniel

Atherton, Mrs. Wm. Frost. On motion of Cun. S. H. Flewelling econded by Coun. S. T. Holder, the county school assessment for the year was passed at \$6,950.

The council ordered the printing of 2,000 copies of the minutes of this session of the board. motion of Coun. W. D. Fenwick, seconded by Coun. H. E. Freeze, the

"Whereas, under the provisions of

the law relating to assessment of rates, ratepayers have the right, if they consider their property or income is over-valued, to make application to assessors for reduction, and if assessment of the reduction, and if assessment of the reduction sors decide against applicant, an appeal is provided to the valuators; "Therefore resolved, that in future all petitions for relief from alleged ment must state that such iminary steps have been taken, or set out satisfactory explanation (verified by statutory declaration) of the reasons why such preliminary steps reasons why such have been omitted."

SURVEYORS OF LUMBER.

The following persons were appointed surveyors of lumber for Kings Co. for the ensuing year:

Greenwich—Asa Jones, W. S. Belfea; D. H. Whelpley, A. M. Mabee.

Cardwell—John Moore, Chas. McNair, Byron Freeze, S. B. Weldon.

Hammond—Robt. Myles, R. C. McMonagle, Iss. Faulkner, Wm. Welch. nagle, Jas. Faulkner, Wm. Welch,

Hampton—Isaac N. Faulkner, D. J. Fowler, Samuel A. Fownes, Thomas Smith, Jas. A. Smith, Theodore C. Titus, Cornelius Sullivan, John Ma-Havelock-Chas. Stewart, Wim. 50 00 Seely, A. Thompson Stockton, J. H. 150 00 Mace, A. C. Mace.

Kars-Edward Vail. Kingston-Geo. McCluskey, for the support of pauper lunatics:
Kingston, \$130; Hampton, \$65; Springfield, \$93.70.

SCOTT ACT REPORT.

Inspector Weyman submitted his annual report as Scott act inspector. In Campbell.

Kingston—Geo. McCluskey, R. W. Wetmore, W. A. Pitt, C. D. Fairweather, Geo. Hennesy, L. Deveber Lyon.
Norton—Thos. E. Smith, Thos. Stratton, Wm. Robinson, John E. Inniss, Jas. Gilchrist, David Travis, Peter Campbell.

Rothesay-John Darling, Geo. Wright, Jas. T. Logan,
Springfield—Abraham Hatfield, John Muir, Wm. Purdy, Joseph Wiley. Studholm—S. A. Finniss, Howard W. Linden, Edwin E. Fenwick, Chas. H.

Foshay, Fletcher Oldfield. Sussex—Armour Mills, John Mark-ham, W. S. Hunter, Jas. Faulkner, C. W. Stockton, Edward L. Price, S. H. S. Sherwood, H. W. Folkins, J. W. Campbell

Upham-Jas. M. Campbell, Robt. Simon, John Jameson, Aiken McFarlane, Ernest Wanamake, R. C. Foster, A. J. Upham, John McCarron. McNutt, Andrew Stevenson, Samuel Gordon, Chas. Kelly, Daniel McShane, Wm. Armstrong, W. J. McGarrigle, Westfield—Wm. McRae, Ned Wood,

D. M. Hamm, Thos. Lingley. PARISH OFFICERS. The lists of parish officers were filed today and confirmed by the council, as

Overseers of poor—A. Sherwood, Chas. Titus, Geo. B. Reid.

Assessors-Wm. Barnes, R. C. ter, G. B. Reid. Highway commissioners—Jacob D. Titus, No. 1; Robt. Simson, No. 2; Jas.

3. Allaby, No. 3. By-road commi Foster, Wm. McDade, Robt, Lackie. Revisors-Jas. M. Campbell, Abt. H. Upham, Robt. Simson. Game warden-Frank Titus.

Parish clerk—C. N. Gay. Road surveyors—Thos. Patk. Farren, Wm. Baxter, Jas. Duncan, John S. Baird, Geo. Stevens, Saml. Fletcher, David Kilpatrick, Thos. McMahon, Hugh Payne, John McCordick, John Rodgers, Herbert H. Sherwood, Robt. T. Smith, John Tait, John Carson, Arthur W. Debow, John Jamieson, Beverly Campbell, Irwin Wilson, Chas. Allaby, Henry Burney, D. D. Bonney, Peter McDade, John Dempster, H. Fowler, Allen Green, Benj. Kilpatrick, jr., Jas. H. Lackle, Geo. Morrison, Chas. Lackie, Jas. M. Robertson, Alex. Weatherhead, Geo.

Overseers of poor-A. Miles Saunders, J. C. McLaughlin, Robt. McMa-

Assessors of rates-J. Lee Flewelling, H. E. Dickson, Peter Brannan, Highway commissioners—Wm. Mc-Mahon, David Maynes, G. A. Saun-

By-road commissioners-Wm. Mc-Mahon, David Maynes, G. A. Saun-Revisors-J. J. Saunders, Wm.

Maynes, Wm. Thompson. Game warden-L. J. Almon. Collector of rates—Anthony Dobbin,

Parish clerk-Walter S. Saunders. Parish clerk—Walter S. Saunders.
Health officer—Anthony Dobbin, Jr.
Surveyors of highways—Jas. Saunders, Oscar Saunders, Robt. Smith,
Elias Saunders, Frank Vincent, Alex.
McAffee, Albert Berger, Jas. Dobbin,
for district No. 1; John Porter, Saml.
Prince, Chas. Sherwood, Chas. Maynes,
Hedley V. Dickson, A. C. Fairweather,
W. Kilnatrick, T. Montgomery, Jas. dill, Wm. Marr, Geo. Mundee Buckley, Stephen McGuire, Fred Pace, bank. for district No. 3. Revi

CARDWELL. Overseers of poor-Albert Stone, John Hawks, Alex. McAnespy. Davidson, Jas. Purtell. Highway commissio Moore, E. J. McCready, Alfd. Dunfield.

By-road commissioners—Chas. Mc-Nair, Chas. Osborne. Revisors-Havelock E. Freeze, Lester McCully, John M. Freeze. Game warden-Michael P. Morton,

Collector of rates-Thos. Morton. Parish clerk-Winslow McLeod. Surveyors of roads-Bertram Whelpey, Warren Hall, David Hawks, Ed. Breen, Jas. Hayward, Timothy Pur tell, Edward Cook, John Long, Chambers, John Kelly, jr., Wm. Webster, Havelock Brentnall, Richd. Mc-Affee, W. H. Steevens, Chas. E. Yeo-mans, Walter Wallace, Wm. McGur-gin, for district No. 1; Hiram Secord, S. B. Weldon, Conrad Hendricks, Dan. Tait. John Scott, Reed M. Quinn, Marshal Stewart, Albert Hall, Dunfield, John Maggot, John Whalen, for district No. 2; Hugh Teakles, Thos. Dunfield, Humphrey Davidson, Jas. Boyle, Elias Kinnear, John Linden, for district No. 3.

Overseers of poor—Gabriel Vanwart, Wilmot Price, David P. Williger. Reicker, Isaac Vanwart. Highway commis Worden, John D. Morrell, Herbert

ner, Jas. I. Vanwart. By-road commissioner-David Mills. Game warden-Geo. H. Vanwart. Game warden-Geo. H. Jones. Collector of rates—Robt. Vanwart. Parish clerk—John McIntyre.

Road surveyors—John T. Jones, Arthur Erb, Abner Brennan, Charles Downey, Lemuel Reicker, Michael P. Lunn, Geo. Brown, Isaac Vail, Smith Spragg, David P. Williger, John Uruhart, Martin Reicker, Geo. Reicker, A. M. Pickett, John Scribner, Seymour Vanwart, Jonathan Jones.

WATERFORD. Overseers of poor-Robt. Cox, F. E. McNair, John M. Patterson Assessors-W. S. D. Moore, Fordon, W. T. McManus. / Highway commissioners—Wm. strong, Wm. H. Kyle, Chas, Kelley. Kelley, Wm, H. Kyle.

Myers, John McAffee. Game warden-John Dalling, jr. Collector of rates John Cha

Parish clerk-W. E. S. Flewelling. Parish clerk—W. E. S. Flewelling.
Road surveyors—W. J. Patterson,
Joseph Gulliyer, Robt. Hawks, Jas.
Gormelly, Geo. H. deForest, Robert
Snider, Wm. McCauley, Jas. H. Murphy, Geo. Crothers, Wm. Walker, A.
B. Snider, Wm. McEwen, Wm. Crothers, John Forsythe, John Black, Saml,
Doherty, Wm. Snider, Jas. McNutt, Jr.,
Henry Buchanan, Jr., Wm. J. Crothers,
Geo. Crow, for district No. 1; Jas. A.
Chambers, Moses Adair, Jas. Adair,

Edgar Hamilton, Joseph Watson, Geo. Richardson, Jas. Patterson, Thomas Morrisey, John O'Leary, Timothy Cartin, jr., Wm. J. McGarrigle, Daniel McGlone, Danl. Ross, Jesse Myers, for district No. 2; F. E. McNair, Robt. W. Lockhart, Hamilton McManus, for dis-KINGSTON.

Overseers of poor-Norman Pudding-in, Robt. Fullerton, Smith Pickett. Robt., C. Williams, John W. Chaloner Highway commissioners—James A

ey, W. Fred. Flewelling, John Pears. Revisors-John O. Dann, S. T. Hold-Collectors of rates—C. A. Holder, Lesne Scribner.

Parish clerk—Lesile Scribner.
Road surveyors—Jas. A. White, D.
Oscar McDougal, Jas. W. Fullerton, Jas. F. Crawford, Albert B. White, Alex. Catheline, John McCarron, D.W. Alex. Catheline, John McCarron, D.W. Long, Jas. Roper, Wesley Patterson, John MoFarland, W. J. Megan, John Martin, Joseph McColgan, John Redmore, John Rodgerson, A. R. Wetmore, Norman Puddington, Hy. Ganong, W. L. Nutter, Richard Coffee, Geo. Dunham, Jas. Kierstead, Geo. Lamb, Leonard Crawford Hanry, Earl, Sandal ard Crawford, Henry Earl, Sandal Prince, Smith Pickett, Geo. Erb, John Cosman, Jas. Worden, Otty Hazen, Lem. Flewelling, John Paddock, Gil-ford Flewelling, Alonzo Mabee. SUSSEX.

Overseers of poor-Samuel Killen, jr., John Wanamake, Robt. Crawford. sors-Gordon Mills, S. C. Mc-Cully, Geo, Ellison, Highway and by-road co

rs-E. O. McIntyre, John E. Ryan, Robt. Armstrong. Revisors—H. R. McMonagle, Chas. W. Stockton, Ora P. King.

Game wardens W. H. Fairweather, Dickey. Jas. R. Smith.

Collector of rates-Chas. Erb. Parish clerk-D. M. Fairweather. Road surveyors—Samuel Sullivan, eo. McCain, Seth Jones, Oliver Hallett, H. A. McIntyre, Daniel Whalen, Edward Sullivan, Elias Bell, Owen
O'Regan, Luke Burke, jr., Samuel A.
Freeze, Geo. Goggin, Peter McKay,
Arthur Dole, Wm. Hannah, Geo. Hayes, Wm. Garrett, Chas. J. Ryan, Michael Creighton, Jas. T. Kirk, for dist. No. 1; Chas. Drury, Geo. Second, Geo. Patton, Jas. McMasters, Colin Campbell, Wm. DeCourcey, Wm. J. Norris, Robt. Wilson, James Cumming, Jas. Wiles, Jas. Buchanan, Jas. A. Henderson, Chas. Oates, John Delong, John Virtue, Edwd. McTiernan, Patrick Mc-Ginnis, Wm. Kirkpatrick, sr., Jas. Farlane, Chris. Lisson, Jas. Jeffries, Robert Norris, Stephen Sherwood, Wm. Walsh, Aiken McFarlane, Otis Anderon, King McFarlane, Wm. Nodwell, Dawson Richardson, Arthur McCar-thy, Peter McGinn, Wm. Price, Jas. Friers, Patrick DeCoursey, Richard Walker, for dist. No. 3.

Overseers of the poor—Henry History J. Belyea, Wm. H. Darrah, ander, Wm. Crowe, Thos. H. Scott.

Assessors—Robt. Myles, A. Marchbank, Spurgeon Smith.

Highway commissioners—J. U. Pick-

Highway commissioners le, L. Scott, Oscar Seely. Wm. Kilpatrick, T. Montgomery, Jas. le, L. Scott, Oscar Seely. Renshaw, for district No. 2; Wm. Ma-By-road commissioners—Chas. Alex-Geo. ander, Robt. Ferguson, John March-

Revisors-T. A. Kelly, D. J. Fowler, Game wardens-Richard Scott, Jos Collector of rates-John Lefurgey.

Parish clerk-I. N. Faulkner. Road surveyors—Merritt Tabor, John McLong, Daniel G. Odell, Albert Sherwood, Cassius Sederquest, John Devine, Mathew Devine, Jas. Storey, for dist. No. 1; Thos. H. Scott, John Duf-John Porter, Patrick McHugh, ert Scott, W. Fowler, Jas. Brown Allen McCarthy, Wm. Crowe, for dist No. 2; T. A. Scott, Jas. Scott, John Crawford, King McFarlane, Luther Wallace, Wm. McGarrigle, for dist.

SPRINGFIELD. Overseers of the poor-Simon Lake, Philo Z. Northrup, John F. Ganong. Assessors—Martin W. Freeze, Lem-uel Spragg, Thos. T. H. Scovil. Highway commissioners—Sylvester

Gray, Abraham Hatfield, H. N. Ray-Isaac Spragg, Isaac Z. P. Folkins. Revisors—Gilbert Crandall, Jas. W. Freeze, Samuel H. Burns. Game wardens-D. H. Crandall, Thos.

W. Farmer. Collector of rates-Azor B. Spragg for dist. No. 1; A. B. Crawford, for Parish clerk-Wm. Urguhart.

District clerk-Howard Freeze. Road surveyors-Wm. Greenslade John Smith, James Davis, Lemuel Cain, Samuel Bates, Nelson Bickford, Geo. W. Sharp, Win. Kierstead, Azor Revisors-Wm. Helms, G. W. Pal- B. Spragg, Jas. O. Jones, Joseph Gray, Ambrose Earle, Allen Ganong, Wm. Huggard, L. Crawford, John Galla gher, H. C. Marvin, Wm. C. Benson for dist. No. 1; Wm. Keiner, Joseph Taylor, Jas. Somerville, Banford Spragg, Cardwell Lake, Jas. Gallagher, C. S. Gillis, Robt. Duff, Jas. Maley, Lemuel Spragg, Joseph Cowan, Jas. Huggard, Joseph Douglas, Geo. Edgar, Anthony Nobles, Thos. C. M. Long, Thos. Cain, Wm. McAdoo, for dist. No. Whitfield Vail, G. I. Northrup, Peter Branscombe, Elnathan Benson, Geo. Linall, Thos. W. Farmer, Wm. Freeze, Geo. Kirk, Jas. Ritchie, John King, Robt. Williams, Jas. Miller, Jas. Brown Ernest Northrup, Abraham Carter Leverett Fairweather, H. A. Northrup Geo. H. Long, Albert Northrup, Wa ren T. Bettinson, for dist. No. 3. WESTFIELD.

Overseers of the poor-D. J. Whele pley, Leander Lingley, Parker Craig. Assessors—Chas. T. Hayter, Thos. Palmer, Wm. Cunningham.

Highway and by-road commissioners—J. A. Gilliand, Fred. E. Currie Revisors-F. W. C. Nase, Fred. Fow er, Jas. A. Lingley.

Game wardens-M. O. McKenzie, W H. Watters.
Collectors of rates—Geo. Eccles, J.W.

Parish clerk-Johnston Lingley. Road surveyors—Geo. Hamm, Capt. John McCordock, W. H. Lingley, Seymour Sharp, C. R. McKenzie, John Calvin, Jas. Greer, Wm. Finley, for dist. No. 1; David McGovern, S. G.

Geo. Nell, Levi Harrington, Jai. S. signed.

Parker, Jas. Whelpley, jr., for dist. No.

2; Jas. H. Williams, Jas. Baxter, Joseph McCluskey, Robt. Buckley, Albert McBeth, Henry Davie, Michael Rush, McBeth, Henry Davie, Michael Rush, The collecting justice of Rothesay. John Nesbitt, Wm. Miller, Joseph Long, Samuel McColgan, Thos. Johnston, for dist. No. 3.

STUDHOLM. Overseers of the poor—David Little, rancis J. Kierstead, Thos. McGaughy. Assessors—Jas. A. Fenwick, Jacob Kierstead, Henry S. Parlee.

Highway commissioners—Jas. C. Coates, Wellsly Parlee, John Lester.
By-road commissioners—Wm. Armstrong, Isaac Gaunce, John C. Kelly. Revisors—H. Montgomery Campbell, W. D. Fenwick, Thos. Roach ectors of rates-Lewis Frazee,

Wm. N. Biggar.
Parish clerks—Jas. A. Fenwick, for dist. No. 1; Jas. W. Nowlin for dist.

Road surveyors Bedford Hayes, John McLeod, Norman McLeod, Michael Guilford, John Reynolds, Fenwick Folkins, Geo. Ganong, Fred Long, Frank Ward, H. H. Northrup, Jas. Law, David Muir, W. L. Klerstead, Jas. Mc-A. Leiper, Jas. Gamblin, Casper Ridley, Jas. Schofield, Mordical Kierstead, Watson Beales, Jas. O'Brien, Wm. B. Morgan, Thos. A. Gibbons, Benj. Lesfor, jr., Millard McLeod, Patrick Murphy, J. W. Derry, Chas. Beatteay, a member of the board of health for Chris. Hayes, W. B. Long, Arthur Hampton parish. Raymond, Wm. H. S. Gamblin, Fran-Coun. H. J. Fowler, chairman of the

cis Watson HAVELOCK Overseers of the poor—Samuel T. Chittick, Michael Logan, Jonathan

Assessors-C. B. Keith, Spurgeon Perry, A. T. Stockton.
Highway commissioners-Keith, Freeman Alward, Wm. S.

By-road commissioners-Benj. Perry, Wm. A. Price, Thos. Elliot. Revisors—Jonah Keith, R. Oldfield Mace, Wm. J. Kelsoe. Game warden-Wm. H. Price.

Collector of rates-Frank H. Rouse. Parish clerk-A. W. Keith. Road surveyors—Dennis P. O'Regan, Daniel Coates, Thos. Doran, Wm. Henderson, Timothy O'Regan, Beverly Coates, Rainsford Keith, Asa Perry, A. W. Keith, S. Alward, Abraham V. Price, Isaiah Curry, Samuel Perry, Frank Dubee, Thos. Gailey, Bart. Taylor, Freeman Carson, Wilfred Carson Jesse Perry, Emerson Thorne, Thos. Keith, Geo. M. Fowler, John McFarlane, Dan, Burgess, Hardney Kier stead, Oliver Frazee, Jas. C. Branscombe. John McCrossin, Geo. W. Man-Durnian, for dist. No. 2; Wm. J. Mc- ning, W. John Proctor, Nathaniel Mc Cafferty, Theodore Chambers, Geo. McCann, John Elliott, Thos. H. Paynter, Wilford J. Harper, Thos. Samuel Chittick, G. Worden Hunt, Michael Foley, Jas. Chapman, Hugh McNaught, jr., David Fannell, Lawson Brown, John Tierney, Alex. Elliott,

John Barrett. HAMPTON. Overseers of the poor-Henry Hicks,

Parish clerk-Allen W. Hicks. Surveyors of roads—A. W. Hicks, Ar-

chie Murdoch, Jas. Nodwell, M. H. Nathan Ryder, John McManus, John H. Smith, David Porter, Noble Beatty, Neal Bonney, Robt. Bannerm J. W. Smith, Thos. A. Robertson, H. B. Dixon, Thos. Robertson, W. E. Yeomans, Jasper Beatty, W. H. Darrah, Joseph McFall, R. W. Barnes, John B. Scovil, Milton Bull, Andrew Bull, Mullin, Chas. O. Prince, Henry J. Beyea, Lawson Giggey, E. R. Demill, S. L. Clarke, Thos. A. Peters, Craven Langstroth, Peter Linehan, Chas. Wanamake, David Twigg.

NORTON. Overseers of poor-John F. McVey, John E. Fowler, W. H. Sharpe. Assessors—Alex. McKinnon, C Dixon, jr., Herbert Cother. Highway commissioners - Gilbert lixon, Geo. Raymond, Geo. Robertson By-road commissioners—John Huggard, John McVey, John

Revisors-G. W. Titus, Beverly Hatfield, John E. Titus. Game wardens-Fred Forrester, John McKinnon. Collector of rates-Jas. Hughson.

Parish clerk-Edwin A. Hayes. Road surveyors—E. L. Perkins, Geo. Campbell, Wallace Babcock, Hugh Patterson, John Givan, John Walker, ohn Floyd, W. E. S. Wetmore, W. H. harp, Oliver Mathews, Thos. Hod ens, S. E. Frost, Jas. Forrestal, Thos. Barle, H. H. Cochrane, Jos. L. Bell. Wm. Ross, Jas. Hodgens, jr., R. H. Warneford, Arthur Fairweather, Hiram Parlee, Geo. Dixon, Geo. White, John Boyle, John Tays, jr., Stephe Fairweather, D. B. Hatfield, Geo. W. Langil, A. Teakles, R. Huggard, Frank Hayes, Geo. Stratton, W. H. Stackhouse, Patrick Coggan, Herbert Innis. Jos. N. Pickle, Bart Graham. GREENWICH.

Oversers of the poor-Robt. Belyea, Danl. Perry, W. P. Belyea. Assessors—Daniel Jones, Richards, D. H. Whelpley.

Highway commissioners—Z. Ric ards, W. S. Belyea, Isaac Haviland. ioners-Albert G. Flewelling, H. B. Belyea, Geo. Revisors Chas. H. Gorham, W. L. Belyea, Daniel J. Boyd.

Game warden-Chas. A. C. Gorham. Collector of rates Edmond Flewel-Parish clerk-Wm. McLeod. Road surveyors—Saml. Adams, Jas. Walton, John Brundage, John Hamilton, LeBaron Lacy, Chas. W. Bacon, Lawrence Belyea, Develor Crabbe, John McBey, Joseph McBey, Benj, Cronk, Wm. A. McKiel, E. C. John-

son. Fred Lee, Jas. Francis, Thos NEW VALUATORS. Gideon McLeod, Geo. T. Seely and Jas. E. Fairweather were appointed county valuators for the ensuing three

Dr. L. R. Murray of Sussex was ap-pointed chairman of the county board

cles, Frank Morris, Benj. Bonnell, of health, vice Dr. G. F. Johnson, re-

was ordered to pay the parish asses sors for 1894-95; and on a further reso At the July session of 1895 the council passed a resolution instructing the commissioners of Rothesay to relieve L. J. Almon of his road work from

year to year till he becomes reim-bursed for the cost of 600 feet of plank sidewalk he had laid down in the village. The commissioners recently reported that they could see no legal way to relieve Mr. Almon of his road tax, and the council this afternoon by

A motion to increase the court crier's salary from \$30 to \$50 was sidetracked by the council's refusal to suspend the rule requiring 12 months' notice On motion, Dr. White was heard by the council with regard to his bills The doctor explained several of the further hearing before the finance

Dr. F. H. Wetmore was appointed

buildings committee, brought up the matter of repairs to the court house slate roof, etc., which would necessi-tate a much larger expense than the

Coun. D. J. Fowler moved, seconded by Coun. Nase, that the buildings what repairs were absolutely necessary on the court house, jail and outbuildings.-Adopted.

SCOTT ACT MATTERS. The special committee on Mr. Weyman's claims reported that a settlament had been arrived at, the council to pay him \$1,200 in full for all claims

the end of 1895. Ex-Warden Moore, chairman of the committee, explained the report at some length. He said the inspector had suits pending against the county for salary and damages; that at yes terday's meeting Mr. Weyman made a claim for \$2,200, but after several concessions on both sides the sum of \$1,200 was offered, and accepted by Mr. Weyman. There was no doubt, that W. had been badly treated in the past and that he had a good claim against the county. By this settlement there was a reduction of \$1,000 in the claim. This settlement did not McCully's fees or the cost of defend-

ing the municipality.

The warden said that \$1,443.65 would cover all the costs as well as Mr. Weyman's claims. The case of Galla-gher, who was dismissed as valuator of Westmorland, cost that county a

There was no further debate and the report was unanimously adopted.

The report of the finance committee on Scott act bills was submitted, rec-Highway and by-road commission-ers—J. W. Fowler, for No. 1; Newton Smith, for No. 2; Jas. McG. Fraser, for No. 3.
Revisors—S. H. Flewelling, H. J.
Fowler, W. C. Crawford.
Collector of rates—Noah M. Barnes.

Parigh clork Allow W. Highs Constable Alfd. Thomson, \$2.50; Constable Arthur Smith, \$48.10; F. A. Mc-

> (McCully's bill to be paid out of Scott act money in the secretary-treasurer's hands, after payment of the receding nine bills and \$750 to Mr. Weyman on account of the settlement The warden explained this was for Mr. McCully's services as counsel in

Scott act cases brought by Mr. Wey-The report was adopted and the bills ordered to be paid in the manner recommended by the committee; also the bill of \$218.65 to Geo. W. Fowler for services on behalf of the county in defending itself against Mr. Wey-

man's action. Thus quietly ended the trouble with the inspector, to whom the majority of the special committee recommended that a generous salary be given for

the current year.

Coun. Moore submitted a resolution affirming the desirability of obtaining such legislation as would enable the county to build an almshouse. He explained that the object was to make it legal for two or three parishes to assess themselves for an almshouse, instead of not less than five parishes, as provided by the present act. That would not affect in any way those parishes that did not desire to adopt the almshouse system.

well to make this clear in the resolu-tion, which was very vague. Coun. Helms feared it was an attempt to trap the whole county into building an almshouse.

The resolution was amended by the mover to meet Coun. Palmer's objec-The warden made a clear and very forcible explanation of the terms the present act, showing that the cost

Coun. Palmer suggested it would be

of buying a poor farm and erecting an almshouse would only fall on those parishes that came in under the law. Coun. J. Montgomery Campbell supported the resolution and expressed the fervent hope that the time would oon arrive when the inhuman practice of selling the poor by auction would be abolished.

The warden instanced the experience of Moncton, Chatham, etc., to show that the result of building an alms house was to largely cut down the assessment for the support of the poor.

assessment for the support of the poor.

He was thoroughly satisfied that it
would pay the parishes of Kings to
take this step.

Coun. Palmer opposed the adoption
of the scheme so far as his parish
was concerned. It might suit Sussex,

the state of the support the the ses, but he doubted the wise of the rest of the county entertaining

Coun. McMonagle defended Su against the remarks of the last speakresolution was finally adopted

on division, without the yeas and nays being called for.

On motion of Coun. Holder the council ordered an assessment of \$6,000 for the contingent fund—an increase of

LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is

esponsible for the pay.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, continued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters said to contain money remitted to this office, we have to request our sub-scribers and agents when sending money to THE SUN to do so by post office order or registered letter, in which case the remittance will be at our risk.

Subscribers are hereby notified not to pay their subscriptions to any per-son except a regularly accredited traeller for THE SUN.

Whenever possible, remittances should be made direct to THE SUN office by post office order or registered

THE WEEKLY SUN

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THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 29, 1896.

A ROYAL BEREAVEMENT. Tidings of the death of Prince Henry

of Battenburg will be heard with sorrow in Canada, not only so much on his own account as because of the grief that has come to our beloved sovereign. Princess Beatrice has been the nearest companion of the Queen for several years, and Her Majesty was strongly attached to the husband of her youngest daughter. In her old age the Queen forms few new attrachments, and there will be mone to fill Here are the figures: the place of the pleasant young German whose untimely death she mourns. The British people will sympathize with the widow, who only the other day saw her husband go from her in the service of the country. For Prince Henry himself, who desired to do orthy of his soldier ancestry and described as a fine manly fellow, a favorite with all his friends, who tried | States, and a navy more than equal to make himself agreeable and sought to six United States navies. With to be as useful to the people among whom his lot was cast as one in his place could be. A royal marriage narrowed the range of possibility for him. In the end he broke from his surroundings, and made an effort to go out into the world of action and win some honor on his individual merits Death by disease, far from home and friends, on the dreary and desolate West African coast, has been the fate of many a soldier before Prince Henry of Battenburg. The palace and the cottage know the same sorrow, and are entitled to the same sympathy.

HON. MR. FELLOWS

The death of Hon. James I. Fellows removes a whole souled, kindly man, who in days of affluence never forgot the friends of earlier times. Mr. Fellows was enterprising and public spirited. He devised good things for he was not then able to carry out all that he contemplated. After he left us he sent from his London home many substantial reminders of his continued interest in our public and charitable institutions. As agent general for this province at London Mr. Fellows had few official duties. But he went out of his way on every possible occasion to perform any public service to New Brunswick that occurred or was suggested to him.

THEIR FIGHTING CAPACITY. Some of the colonels in the United States who discuss the prospects of a war with Great Britain assume that the British Empire would not be able to raise and equip a military force so large as the United States could provide in an emergency. The facts are all against the colonels. The resources of the British Empire both in men and money are certainly greater than those of any other nation, though of course the continental powers have much larger permanent armies. In the event of a war with the United States Great Britain would start out with a standing army of 155,000 regulars, without including 77,000 British soldiers and 141,000 natives comprising the standing army of India. The United States would begin with a regular force of 25,000 men. Great Britain would begin with an army reserve, organized militia.

British Islands alone, numbering 450,-000. In addition-there is the militia of the colonies. The United States would the hour of need. It is not surprising begin with an organized militia of that Mr. Chamberlain suggests a re-109,000. Great Britain has at this moment 490 war craft, of which at least Many will join him in giving thanks ed 00 are battle ships and first class cruisers. The United States fleet comprises 70 vessels, whereof 15 are first class cruisers and battle ships. The British navy is manned by 77,000 men, that of the United States by 12,000.

the call to arms half a million, or a still more closely together the colonies whole million men in the United States and the mother land, and so build up will volunteer for service. Great Bri- a nation which no single power, nor tain has never had occasion to make such a general call on her citizens, but perhaps it is safe to say that such call would not be less effective than one made by President Cleveland. In the civil war bounties as high as one chousand dollars or more were paid for men who enlisted. The rush to arms was general, but this gentle stimulant was required to bring all the recruits that were needed. Perhaps the response would be more enthusiastic now, but we see no reason for supposing that more volunteers would offer in the States than in Great

Britain and the colonies. Something has been said on the question of the cost of war. On this point Harper's Weekly points out that the United States pays more for a war than any other country. The pay does not stop when the war is over. The end of the war is the beginning of the greater expense. Thirty years after the close of the civil war the annual payment for pensions is \$140,-000;000, or more than one-third of the total revenue. The Mexican war pension list is still large, though nearly half a century has gone by. There are pensioners and widows of the war of 1812, and a few widows of the war of independence. It appears therefore that for at least half a century the late war will be a charge on the people of the United States, additional to all the pensions occasioned by new and greater wars threatened by the colonels.

We are told of the great cost of the war equipment of Great Britain. It will surprise our readers when they are informed that the army, navy and pension charges of Great Britain are much less than the same three items of expediture in the United States.

Breat Britain. United States.

The British army and navy pension are included in appropriations for the respective services. Even if we add the interest charge of the national solution of the proving to show that he was not the interest charge of the national solution of of the national s States pays as much as Great Britain. to this generous ambition, many kind In return for the outlay Great Bri- knight's toes hardly called for a sumwords will be spoken. He has been tain has an army equal at least to six armies like that of the United these figures before us it seems rea- a ruffian. But some allowance must sonable to conclude that war would be a much more expensive luxury to Charles Tupper has come back. The the United States than to Britain, The Toronto Mail suggests that Sir Richluxury of a war is one in which the wise people of both countries will not be anxious to indulge. But the colonels must not suppose the argument of

THE COLONIES AND FOREIGNERS.

The secretary of state for the colonies spoke like a true Briton last week. There is no tone of apology or complaint in his references to the attitude of foreign nations toward Great Britain. In noble words, Mr. Chamberlain speaks the sentiments of the empire when he regrets that hostile expressions have come from quarters where friendship was looked for, but rejoices that the hostile feeling St. John when he lived here, though has found expression. Great Britain understands now if ever she required to be taught, that she must depend upon herself. Statesmen who control the empire, but represent only a small fragment of it, are learning a lesson that they should have mastered long ago. They are beginning to com-prehend that it is not good policy to fast of coffee and a roll. It was ever prefer foreign to colonial interests. They are discovering that it is not meet to take the children's bread and in his coffee. cast it to the dogs. Imperial statesmen have made it their boast in the past that they have shown no more of its glories. Those who aim at a res consideration for the commercial and toration of the vigor of the Puritan industrial welfare of their fellow citi- should begin by restoring "pie" zens in the colonies than for the strangers in foreign lands. A Canadian, a hemisphere where the Monroe Australian, or South African producer trine and the pie should reign sup has been on the same footing in the British market as a subject of a foreign power, however unfriendly that power might be. Britain alone, as Mr. Chamberlain says, holds her possessions throughout the world in trust for other nations, and admits foreigners to British markets as freely as British citizens. Lord Salisbury very truly said some years ago that this might be noble, but it was not business. If it bought the favor of foreign countries at the risk of a loss of a va of colonial confidence, it would be open to grave question as imperial policy. But in spite of it all, the empire stands isolated and friendless among the nations for which she has sacri-

nanry and volunteer force, in the ficed so much; and in spite of it all KINGS COUNTY COUNCIL. the colonies, with one accord, are found offering sympathy and help in consideration of imperial relationships. that the nations which have been given lof this co an equal share with the coionies of British favor should have done this nation the great service of making public their unfriendliness. Now let Mr. Chamberlain and his fellow minist-Of course we may be told that at ers take such steps as they may to bring all the powers together, can match in arms, and which in war or in peace, need depend on no foreign land for food or clothing.

GO ON WITH THE BUSINESS.

Possibly Mr. Casey is supported by his grit associates in the house when he contends that parliament at the present session should deal only with the school question. He is certainly not correct in speaking of this as a special session. Long ago it was announced that the session would be the regular one for the year. It begins only a month earlier than the usual present session should deal only with only a month earlier than the usual time, and there is no reason why it should not transact all the annual business. Without doubt the session will occupy more than thirty days. even if it deals with nothing but the Manitoba question. The members and senators will therefore be entitled to their whole indemnity and the country will have to pay about the usual legislation expenses. The amount paid to members, senators and the sessional officers will be over \$400,000. The cost of Hansard and other expenses to about half a million. We see no reason why the people should be asked to pay all this now and then pay it all over again next summer to complete the work that might be done \$300 before prorogation. It would be all Dhe motion setting the salary at \$400 right for Mr. Casey if the business were left over. In case of his re-elec- whose petitions for relief from taxation tion-and he has a safe seat-he would were favorably considered. get an extra sessional allowance out by Coun. Mase, that Mr. Weyman be of the postponement. But the people notified that the council would not pay of the postponement. But the people

vantage. We expect the budget to be brought down and the estimates prepared as at er having been asked for by Coun. other sessions. It will perhaps be in McMonagle, that officer said in his the power of the opposition to ob- judgment the county was not bound struct proceedings and make it impossible to vote supply for the next fiscal | year. If that happens the responsibility for the waste of money will be placed where it belongs.

ed by the crowd that he trod on the mons to the police court. As the lad is a civil fellow and could not help being pushed Sir Richard need not have taken hold of him and called him be made for the knight since Sir ard may have taken the reporter for a Nova Scotian.

Not long ago a writer in the St. prudence applies only to Great Bri- John Globe, discussing the selection of Coun. Holder, that the acting Scott a candidate in the place of Mr. Weldon said: "I think we should not lay too much stress upon character at the sacrifice of capacity." Since then people not in the inner circle have been wondering who that writer's candidate might be.

BREAKFAST IN THE OLD DAYS.

(From Harper's Weekly.) In old days a hungry man could ge more things to eat at a New England breakfast table than are today served at many a banquet. Hungry men have declined in number and influence, and European travel has had a depleting effect upon that fine old institution-breakfast. No man but the "Auto-crat" ever talked much at that meal for the viands were too tempting—great beef-steaks, hot rolls, buckwheat cakes, omelettes, potatoes, coffee, and even, at Mr. Emerson's, pie. Then re-turned travellers began to bring back narrated that an Italian gentleman thought that he had eaten a very hearty breakfast when he put cream So pie was first banished, and the

other heavy articles gradually followed it into exile, and breakfast is shorn tal breakfast" should be banished from

CHOATE FOUND HIS EQUAL. Joseph H. Choate seldom meets a successful antagonist in repartee, but he met its metch while trying a case in the Surcogate's court not long ago. An old woman vas being questioned about how a certain estator had looked when a certain incident

At the Budapest millennial exhibi-tion next year there will be shother steel tower like the Eiffel tower. but 1,625 feet high, instead of 975.

(Continued from page three.) \$1,000 over last year, to cover cost of

new roof on the court house, etc.

It was moved by Coun. Nase, secondd by Coun. Maynes, that in opinion this council the municipality council memoralize the local govern-ment to amend the provincial act in After a short debate the res

was lost by a vote of 14 to 15 as fol Yeas-Couns. Hatfield, Freeze, F. Fowler, Keith, Myers, Mace, McMonagle, H. J. Fowler, Mains, Dann, Helms, Gorham, Crandall, Mace—14.

Nays—Moore, Upham, Kelly, Flewelling, Fenwick, D. J. Fowler, Saundan, McCall, Machan, McCall, McC

ders, Palmer, Holder, Belyea, McCully, Titus, J. M. Campbell, H. Montgomery Campbell, Freeze—15.

The following additional bills were passed: Dr. W. A. Fairweather, viewng body, \$4; Dr. Thorne, examinin unatic, \$2; Wm. Langstroth, repairs to court house, \$6,76; A. & W. Hicks, The Business Put Through in About

salary be \$400.

Coun. Nase moved in amendment, seconded by Coun. McMonagle, that

the inspector's salary be \$300.
This opened up a pretty lively discussion, in which Couns. Moore, Mc-Monagle, Palmer, Fowler and others took part. Inspector Weyman was heard on motion. He explained that the work

occupied a great part of his time, and he held that he should be sufficiently remunerated for his absence from his farm, on which he could make a living. He would like to get a salary of 500, but would not refuse the offer of \$400. Replying to the warden he said cost of Hansard and other expenses he could not promise to collect enough will bring the outlay of the session up to cover his salary and expenses. He disbursements last year. He collected \$2,112 in 1895, and his disbursements, ncluding his salary, were \$1,769. The amendment fixing the salary a

was lost, 13 to 16. was then adopted. Scribner was among those

who would have to pay the half mill-ion would not so easily see the adto be settled by the courts and not The opinion of the secretary-treasur

> to pay the counsel fees of the Scott act inspector where there were no Scott act funds to draw upon. Certainly there was no warrant for tak-Replying to some remarks by Coun, Nase and McMonagle, Warden King

any matter coming before the board As a lawyer he felt impelled to warn the board against passing a resolu-Coun. H. Montgomery Campbell op-

posed tying the hands of any county officer as this resolution proposed. Coun. Palmer took the same view of

The resolution was lost, 11 to 15. Adjourned till 7 p. m.

EVENING SESSION. The buildings committee were authorized to make the best possible terms of the court house for the ensuing

act inspector be required to make up his accounts for 1896, showing all the his ac receipts and expenditures from 1st January, 1896, to Dec. 31st, 1896, and file the same with the auditor during the first weak of January, 1897.

The mover explained that this was intended to give time for the official

auditing of Mr. Weyman's accounts pefore the meeting of council.—Adopt-Dr. W. H. White's bill for services,

etc., in connection with the board of health, was passed at \$20, and Geo. Hi Wallace's bill of \$17.85 re the Chapman-Keith perjury case was stood over till July for fuller information about the attorney general's instructions to Mr. Wallace. After some discussion Geo. H. Wallace's bill of \$5.25 for firewood for the Sussex lockup, a county building, was rejected, 13 to 9. The following bills swere passed:

THE RED CROSS SOCIETY

Relief Committees Start to Investgate Affairs in Armenia.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The following official notice was issued from the headquarters of the American Na headquarters of the American National Red Cross society today:
Washington, Jan. 22.—In accordance with its understanding with the National Armenian association of New York and the American relief committees of Boston and Worcester, the American National Red Cross starts today for Turkey, to investigate on the spot and determine whether or not it will be able to distribute relief among the sufferents of Armenia in different sections of

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Send us at once your name and address, and we will send you free, our New Illustrated Book

ST. JOHN COUNTY COUNCIL

One Hour.

Report of the Finance and Accounts Committee-The Fairville Fire Department

The regular meeting of the St. John county council was held on the 21st instant, Warden Baxter presiding. In

cent through illness. L. A. Currey oc cupied that post. The business to come before the council was light and only occupied one hour. Those present be-sides the warden, were: Couns. Mc-Carthy, Purdy, Smith, McLauchlan, Wilson, Blizard, McRobbie, Christie, McGoldrick, Catherwood, Evans, Mc-Leod, Fownes, McDonough, Balcon and Dunn. After the reading of the minutes, the

finance and accounts committee reported as follows, recommending the payment of the following bills:

found by the secretary to be correct.

The following accounts to be paid to the board of examiners for survey- of the 15th inst., contains a warning

Wilson, \$4; the secretary, \$14. These amounts to be charged to the board of examiners' fund. nauper lunatics for the quarter ing Dec. 31st, 1895, \$170.35.

The committee further recommend that the bill committee be requested to memorialize the local government praying that a bill authorizing the maintenance of pauper lunatics to be paid out of the contingent fund instead of as at present, charged to the city and the several parishes, may be

introduced and become law. In the matter of the petition of C. Doherty of the parish of Lancaster. nent, the committee after careful con sideration, recommend that the prayer of the petition be not complied with.

The committee recommend that the

cretary be requested to call for tenders for county printing, and that each ender must be accompanied by a certified check for one hundred dollars as security for the proper fulfilment of the contract, and that the warden and chairman of the committee on finance and accounts, with the secretary, committee to receive such tenders and accept any tender they may deem proper, with full power to act.

The report was adopted. The special committee on the salary f the chief inspector of licenses reof the ported that they are yet unable to make a recommendation and that further consideration be referred to the finance committee with instructions to report at the next meeting of the coun-II.-Adopted

Registrar McLellan sent a communiation of the council showing a balance of \$121 in the receipts of the office over the expenses.

Dr. Gilmore's bill of \$5 was ordered to be paid. The bill of High Constable Stockford of \$4 for services in connection with the Langford McFrederick inquest was referred to the finance committee, with

power to act.

Coun.Catherwood referred to the fact that some repairs had been made in connection with the Lancaster fire department and asked that the firewards be made a loan of \$200.—Referred to a

special committee. Coun. Blizard moved that the buildings committee be authorized to pur-chase for the chairs in the supreme court room one and a half or two

dozen cushions.—Carried. Coun. Fownes moved that the resolution passed at a previous meeting relating to the distribution of public and school lands in Quaco be rescinded and that the moneys now to the cre-dit of the account be divided among the schools in the parish of St. Martins in proportion to the number of scholars in each school, except the Middletown school, and that the proportion of that school be placed to he credit of the road board .- Carried. Coun. Catherwood moved that bill be prepared authorizing the municipal council to appoint two out of the three councillors for the parish to

Lancaster ferry commission.—Carried.
Coun. Christie moved for the preparation of a bill to provide for the better enforcement of the law regarding the survey and exportation of

The municipal council asked for with them and the city council of St.

John with reference to the prevention of tuberculous diseases slaughter houses.—Carried. The warden appointed Coun. Lee, Fownes, Catherwood and Dunn.
The usual allowance was ordered to

be paid to the high constable; AN IMPORTANT CASE.

A Victoria County (Ont.) Peddler Before the Courts.

Detected in Selling a Pink Colored Pill Which He Represented to Be Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—The Court Grants a Perretual Injunction Restraining Him From Offering an Imitation of This Great Medicine—Some Facts the Public Will Do Well to Bear in Mind.

In the High Count of Justice yeserday morning, before Mr. Justice Meredith, the case of Fulford v. Mc-Gahey was heard. It consisted of a motion for an injunction to restrain Fred McGahey from selling a pill which he claimed to be Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Mr. Douglas E. Armour appeared for the plaintiffs and stated that the defendant had been peddling these goods about Victoria County, claiming them to be Dr. Wil-liams' genuine Pink Pills. It was impossible, however, on the face of it, that they could be genuine, as he sold them greatly below what they cost at wholesale price. The defendant had given consent, Mr. Armour said, that the motion should be changed to one fence was offered, and his Lordshir

ors of lumber for seven examinations which every person in Canada in need held under 50 Vic., chap. 29: C. F. Clinch, \$6; W. II. Rourke, \$4; S. K. and shows the care and pains the Dr. Williams Medicine Company takes to protect the public from imposition, and to preserve the reputation of their

more than usual merit that is worth imitation. Ordinary medicines are not subject to that kind of treatment, as there is not sufficient demand for such

nedicine worth while People have achieved a reputation for sterling merit unparalleled in the hisof the dominion the remarkable cures wrought by the use of this great medcine have given it a name and a fame

which has made the sale of Pink Pills imply wonderful. It is because of this great merit, and he consequent enormous demand for the medicine, that it is being imitated by unscrupulous persons in various parts of the country. The imitation s cheap, usually worthless, and is only pushed because the imitator can make much more money by its sale than he can by the sale of the genuine Pink Pills. Hence the pains he takes to sell the imitation.

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Com

pany annually spends thousands of dollars endeavoring to impress upon the public that the genuine Pink Pills can only be purchased in one form— namely, in packages enclosed in a wrapper (or label), which bears the trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." No one can buy them in any other form, not even if they offered many times their weight in gold for them. And yet in the face of these continuous warnings there are people confiding enough to permit unscrupulous dealer to convince them that he can supply them with the genuine Pink Pills in loose form by the dozen or hundred, or ounce, or who prenteds to be able to do this is telling an untruth. Bear this in mind and refuse all pills that do not bear the full trade mark, no matter if they

the dealer says. Please bear in mind also that the ula from which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is compounded is a secret known only to the company, and any one who claims he can supply you with some other pill "just as good" is guilty of presentation, for he does not the ingredients of the genuine Pink Pills and is only trying to sell you some other pill, because he makes more money on its sale.

are colored pink, and no matter what

The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company is determined to spare no expany and themselves against these unscrupulous imitators, and will always be thankful to receive information concerning any one who offers to sell an imitation of Pink Pills purporting it to mitation of Pink Pills, or "the Pills, Such pany's detective, and the name of the person giving the information will not be made public, while any expense entailed in sending us the information will be promptly refunded.

Pale People and take nothing else.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. **PROVI**

Some Five Hund Among Robb's

York County Coun ness-The N

General News from

New B CHARL

St. Stephen, Jan. was re-elected m ition. Howard M. C. H. Grimmer. c ward without opr ges and J. T. Wh Kings ward with Dukes ward co and Hugh Love ward M. Stewart. 68: Stewart, 63; Boyd, who was a ber of the last through the ove friends. The asses T. K. McGeachy Mayor Murchie

number of the el this evening. It is currently erally believed th has been reinst Mace's Bay J

Mrs. David May the 14th inst. after of suffering fro Long since it was could not recover ness and love co to alleviate her left a heart-brok children, all of mother's care. the sympathy of ity, and he wish thanks to the ma sympathy during

Sussex, Jan. 21 meeting of the British and Fore held in the Pre evening. After tional exercises, travelling agent esting address, of the doings of over, at the c exhibited some of the Holy Lan culties experience only abroad but the portraits of suffered and wo lent addresses ered by Rev. dist, and Rev. Mi The latter mo

lution: Whereas, The writings in the Whereas, The reveals the fac-survived the mo

reveals are fact to survived the most rations, and so tri are the most widel any upon the earth almost four hund globe; and whereas, The mo are such a change, noble order the das field and enriched w of holiness society, of war, abolishing vice and immorality and pleasures of lift. Therefore be it rhas unswerving fand inspiration of that its preservatic accomplished by admighty Creator of grace of God is see vidual lives upon nations of the wor Further, That the presidence of the work of the w

This was sec ilton and carrie brought to a amd John The

tary. Dr. Johnson south on a p to be absent A number provements in arrangements here will be spring. Sussex, Jan. ware merchan

this week on

onto and other

turned home Southern Brit Queen hotel t The remain dard were br States yester South Branch formerly resid Norton Stat trict lodge, I. Fidelis lodge, sentation of t trict was pre Chief Templa Scott Act Ins lutions were sympathy and to Justices Pi cently impea

WES Moneton, J head, travel Halifax, str and continu The ember is reported cal as well life is desp carrying six surance in found in his been carryi s on a q of these I

estimated ti

hundred

party. In th

perance mee

Rev. David

wn Disease!

spine, nones and muscles. The state of scolds, coughs, pleurisy, brondiammatory troubles. The vitatre inflammation anywhere is felt Dr. A. Johnson, an old fashioned IMENT, in 1810, to relieve pain inversal Household Remedy.

u free, our New Illustrated Book, Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

reference to the prevention ulous diseases houses.—Carried. den appointed Coun. Lee. therwood and Dunn. allowance was ordered to the high constable;

IMPORTANT CASE.

County (Ont.) Peddler efore the Courts.

Selling a Pink Colored Pill, k Pills—The Court Grants a Injunction Restraining Him ring an Imitation of This Great Some Facts the Public Will Do ear in Mind.

High Court of Justice yesrning, before Mr. Justice the case of Fulford v. Mcheard. It consisted of a an injunction to restrain hey from selling a pill which to be Dr. Williams' Pink ale People. Mr. Douglas E. eared for the plaintiffs an i the defendant had been hese goods about Victoria aiming them to be Dr. Wiluine Pink Pills. It was imcould be genuine, as he sold tly below what they cost at price. The defendant had nt, Mr. Armour said, that should be changed to one offered, and his Lordship der for judgment restrain ney from continuing to vend as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

ve paragraph, taken from ans of the Toronto Globe inst., contains a warning e'will do well to heed, the care and pains the Dr. he public from imposition ve the reputation of their nk Pills.

usual merit that is worth Ordinary medicines are not that kind of treatment, as t sufficient demand for such worth while.

ams' Pink Pills for Pale achieved a reputation for erit unparalleled in the his-edical science. In every part nion the remarkable the use of this great mednade the sale of Pink Pills

lerful. ause of this great merit, and quent enormous demand for ne, that it is being imitated the country. The imitation sually worthless, and is ed because the imitator can an by the sale of the genu-Pills. Hence the pains Il the imitation.

ually spends thousands of avoring to impress upon that the genuine Pink Pills be purchased in one formpackages enclosed in a mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pale People." No one can in any other form, not even ed many times their weight them. And yet in the face ntinuous warnings there confiding enough to permit rupulous dealer to convince he can supply them with e Pink Pills in loose form en or hundred, or ounce, or her kind of a box. Any eds to be able to do this is all pills that do not bear de mark, no matter if they savs.

ear in mind also that the om which Dr. Williams' Pink npounded is a secret known company, and any one who can supply you with "just as good" is guifty of tation, for he does not ingredients of the genuine and is only trying to sell ther pill, because he makes

y on its sale. Williams' Medicine Cometermined to spare no exprotecting both the public elves against these unscruators, and will always o receive information cony one who offers to sell an f Pink Pills purporting it to lliam's' Pink Pills, or he genuine Pink Pills. Such be investigated by the comctive, and the name of the ing the information will not ublic, while any expense ennding us the information

omptly refunded. Dr. Willams' Pink Pills for and take nothing else. when all other medicines

PROVINCIAL.

Some Five Hundred Notes Found Among Robb's Private Papers.

York County Council Finishes its Business-The Minchin Estate.

General News from Many Sections of New Brunswick.

CHARLOTTE CO. St. Stephen, Jan. 22.-The town elections were held today. F. M. Murchie was re-elected mayor without opposition. Howard M. McAllister and W. C. H. Grimmer, councillors for Queens ward without opposition. Isalah Brid-ges and J. T. Whitlock, councillors for Kings ward without opposition. In Dukes ward councillors J. A. Boyd and Hugh Love were opposed by Edward M. Stewart. The vote was, Love, ward M. Stewart. The vote was, Love, 68; Stewart, 63; Boyd, 62. Councillor Boyd, who was a very valuable member of the last council, was defeated through the over confidence of his friends. The assessors are L. A. Mills, T. K. McGeachy and John Lochary. Mayor Murchie entertained a large number of the electors at his residence this evening. It is currently reported here and generally believed that John D. Bonness

has been reinstated in the customs Mace's Bay, Jan. 21.-The death of Mrs. David Mawhinney occurred on the 14th inst. after more than a year of suffering from internal cancer. Long since it was evident that she could not recover, and all that kindness and love could suggest was done to alleviate her suffering. She has left a heart-broken husband and seven children, all of whom still need a

the sympathy of the entire community, and he wishes to express warmes thanks to the many kind friends who have sent letters of condolence and sympathy during this season of sor-

KINGS CO.

Sussex, Jan. 21.—A very interesting meeting of the Sussex branch of the British and Foreign Bible society was held in the Presbyterian church last evening. After the customary devo-tional exercises, Mr. McKelvie, the travelling agent, gave a very interesting address, furnishing a statemen. of the doings of the society the world over, at the conclusion of which he exhibited some very interesting views of the Holy Land and other countries of the East. He also related the difficulties experienced in first introduc ing the Bible amongst the people, not only abroad but at home, exhibiting the portraits of the celebrities who suffered and won in doing so. Excellent addresses were afterwards delivered by Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Methodist, and Rev. Mr. Hubly, R.E. church.

almost four hundred languages of our globe; and Whereas, The moral effects of the Bible are such a change to a higher and more noble order the character of mankind purified and enriched with grace, and the beauty of holiness society, mitigating the horrors of war, abolishing poligamy, suppressing vice and immorality, both in the business and pleasures of life; Therefore be it resolved, That this society has unswerving faith in the divine origin and inspiration of the Bible, and do believe that its preservation has been ordered and accomplished by the will and power of the Almighty Creator of all things and that the grace of God is seen in its efforts upon individual lives upon countries and upon the nations of the world; and Further, That this society records its expressions of thanksgiving to Almighty God for being permitted to share in the glorious privilege of extending the circulation of this blessed favor with increasing effectiveness and by a generous support from all his saved people.

ilton and carried, and the meeting was rought to a close. Hiram J. Folkins, J. P., presided,

md John Thompson acted as secresouth on a pleasure trip, and expecto be absent from six to eight weeks A number of greatly needed improvements in the sanitary and other arrangements of the L here will be made on the opening of

Sussex, Jan. 22.-H. H. Dryden,hard ware merchant, who had been absent this week on a business trip to Toronto and other towns in Ontario, re-

turned home last night. Charles W. McCann, barristesr of Southern British Columbia was at the Queen hotel today.

The remains of the late E. J. Goddard were brought from the United States yesterday, to be interred at South Branch in Cardwell, where he

Norton Station, Jan. 18-Finch dis trict lodge, I. O. G. T., convened with Fidelis lodge, Norton station, on the afternoon of the 16th. A good representation of the lodges within the district was present as was also Grand Chief Templar W. L. Waring and Scott Act Inspector Weyman. Resosparty. In the evening a public temperance meeting was addressed by G. C. T. Waring, Inspector Weyman, Rev. David Long and others.

WESTMORLAND CO.

Moncton, Jan. 21.—Beresford Great-head, travelling from Vancouver to Halifax, struck here this afternoon and continues his tramp tomorrow. The embezzling City Treasurer Robb is reported tonight in a state of physical as well as mental collapse, and his life is despaired of. He has been carrying six thousand dollars life insurance in the Canada Life and Muual Life, and a large bundle of notes found in his vault shows that he has been carrying on a note shaving business on a quite extensive scale. Some of these notes are overdue, but it is estimated that they will realize twelve hundred dollars. Investigations show

that Robb has been speculating since December, 1894, and a memorandum has been found showing his profit on margins from December, 1894, to June, 1895, were sixteen hundred and twenty-three dollars and losses over three housand. There is no record of the ransactions since June last, but it is known he kept going on deeper and leeper.

deeper.

Moncton, Jan. 23.—The statement sent from Moncton to one of the St.

John papers today to the effect that a deficiency had been discovered in the city accounts for 1894 equal to that for 1895 is incorrect. It is not believed that there is anything wrong with the accounts of 1894. Some perwith the accounts of 1894. Some person obtained access to the city books and comparing the each receipts for 1894 with the bank deposits in that year found the latter to be over \$3,000. short. About \$4,000 of this amount was accounted for by eash on hand at the end of year and various advances accepted as correct. A further examination reveals a large bundle of oity checks, duly signed by the mayor and treasurer and endorsed by those in whose favor they had been made. These checks had been issued after banking lours or for other reasons had not been presented to the bank but had been cashed by the treasurer from cash in the city vault, an irregular proceeding but no more. Thus, instead of being put through the bank as deposit, they had been retained by the treasurer in the city vault. In this way the entire difference between cash

there is not the slightest deficiency in treasurer's private papers reveals a surprising state of affairs. A package of some five hundred notes, most of them for small amounts, from \$5 to \$30, was found, the aggregate being about \$7,000. For many of these re-newals had evidently been taken and which would be collectable in time. These notes are evidence of note shaving on a pretty extensive scale, the operations extending over about five years. Robb obtained considerable cash on his brother's death two years. ago, but evidently had some money before this, and had a private account in one of the banks.s There is no evidence that he tampered with city funds previous to engaging in stock speculations. The stocks he has been dealing in lately have advanced a

receipts and bank deposits in 1894 i

accountd for with exception of about 260, which it is thought will be found

The city officials are satisfied tha

point or two within a few days, and the margins he holds now are esti-mated to be worth \$1,200. They will of course be realized upon at once. NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Chathani, Jan. 23.—The Robinson arriage and sleigh works, under con-

struction for about ten weeks, are about completed. The rain building is 24x44 teet, with 20 feet posts. It has a large

late conflagration. James W. Dickson, Napan, who was burned out on the 6th inst., moved into a new house on the old site on the 20th inst. Mr. Dickson supplied the material and neighbors and friends did the work. The house is one story and a half high and containing four rooms on each floor. It is now finished with the exception of plastering. The county council met at New-castle on Tuesday. Its time since then

has been taken up chiefly in waiting for the decision of a committee ap-pointed to investigate a protest, made by a Rogersville elector, against the sitting councillors for Rogersville. Irregularities in the election are the cause of the protest. R. B. Bennett appears for the plaintiff and E. P. Williston for the defendants.

YORK CO. Fredericton, Jan. 22. About six years ago a house was burned at Bolestown one night, and from the evidence of Wm. Greer at Kir the inquest the jury were led to be-lieve the fire accidental, and that

Greer's mother, sister and brother had been burned in the house. The surviyor went west after the calamity and word has just been received here that this William Greer has been convicted of murder and hanged in the western states. On the scaffold Greer is said to have confessed that the death of his mother, sister and brother at Bolestown were not accidental but murder, and that he was the murderer. He said he and his brother had a quarred one night coming home from the woods and he killed his brother, buried his body in a swamp and then burned the house with his mother and sister to cover up his crime.

Fredericton, Jan. 23.
William G. McKeen of Keswick Ridge died at the Weverly hotel to-day of cameer in the stomach. He came to the city for treatment three Scott Act Inspector Weyman. Resolutions were introduced expressing sympathy and offering financial aid to Justices Piers and McLaughlin, recently impeached by the anti-Scott act party. In the evening a public temperance meeting was addressed by G. C. T. Waring, Inspector Weyman, Rev. David Long and others. partiment, Otawa, is here taking a survey of the river channel for dredging purposes next summer.

> When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castori

Rev. Dr. McLeod has been invited to deliver the baccalaureate sermon on commencement day at Cobb Div-inity college, Maine, in May next.

म्भः। व्यवस्थिति । स्थानिस्थिति । अस्ति ।

The Interview Between Sir Francis Scott and King Prempeh.

The Great Display of the British Troops Impressed the Ruler.

Failing to Pay Fifty Thousand Ounces of Gold the King Was Made a Prisoner.

(Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated

Africa, Jan. 22.—The following details of the palaver between Sir Francis Scott, commander of the British expeditionary force, and King Prempeh of Ashanti, when the latter made his submission to Great Britain at Cooassie, have just been received from that capital.

The troops formed in the principa square of Coomassie at seven o'clock in the morning, on Monday last, pre-paratory to the grand palaver which had been arranged three days pre-vious for this dete. Sir Francis Scott and his staff were seated in a semi-circle in the square. Shorty after-wards an officer was sent to the relthe mind of King Prempen that if he did not appear before the British ommander within five minutes after the ons he would be taken from lis palace by force and brought to the spot occupied by Sir Francis Scott. The king made a show of resistance,

but, seeing there was no trifling with the officer, who was accompanied by an escort of British soldiers, his majesty reluctantly accompanied him, surrounded by the escort, to the square, Arriving there, King Premsome of them are of doubtful value, peh took his seat upon the stool of but the valid notes are believed to state. After a few formal words had amount to about \$4,000, a good part of passed between the king and Sir Franpassed between the king and Sir Fran-cis, through the interpreters, the king

descended from his stool and shook hands with the British commander. The latter was then introduced to the British governor, who recited at length the negotiations which had been conducted between the represen Great Britain and Ashanti, ending by informing the king that he must formally submit to Great Britain and give up immediately 50,000 ounces of gold as an indemnity for the expenses incurred by the British government in sending an expedition to bring his majesty to terms. The king was also informed that he must keep the streets clean, maintain order among the populace, and that he would be held responsible for any disturbances among

the natives. King Prempeh was greatly impres by the show of force, the Maxim guns being conveniently posted and every yard being utilized by the British and lent addresses were afterwards delivered by Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Methodist, and Rev. Mr. Hubly, R.E. church. The latter moved the following resolution:

Whereas, The Bible contains the oldest writings in the world; and Whereas, The world; and the scriptures have survived the most malignant enuity, opposition and provocation of peoples, kings and paint shops. An elevator connects the feet posts. It has a large shop front facing on the Weilington their native allies. Finally the king, there into a fine show room 24x24 feet. Behind this is the woodworking room, 20x24 feet. Folding doors in this room open into the blacksmith shop, a separate building, 20x28 feet, with 11 feet part of the was ready to submit to the British and their native allies. Finally the king, there is the was ready to submit to the British, and took off his crown and sandals and advanced to the seats, formed by biscuit boxes, upon which Sir prancis Scott and the governor were posts. The second story of the main structure comprises the varnish room and paint shops. An elevator connects tion and provocation of peoples, kings and nations, and so triumphed that today they are the most widely circulated writings of any upon the earth, and are translated into almost four hundred languages of our globe; and whereas, The moral effects of the Bible only work now remaining undone is whereas, the moral effects of the Bible only work now remaining undone is plete submission to the power of the the sheathing of some of the walls and Queen of England. ceilings. The new buildings are much

This display of helplessness on the part of King Prempeh greatly impressed the Ashantees present. They were greatly agitated and talked ex-

greatly agitated, said he only possessed 380,000, divided into sixteen hundred shares of 500 each. The amount of the capital stock actually subscribed is ounces demanded by the British. To

King Prempeh then asked for time, but the governor answered that upon a previous occasion the Ashantees had failed to keep their promises made to the British, and that the latter had been subscribed. no intention of giving them the oppor-tunity of doing the same thing again. The governor then abruptly annot ed that King Prempeh, the queen's mother, the king's father and other

mother, the king's father and other chiefs of importance present would be taken prisoners under escort to the Cape Coast Castle.

The governor's words fell like 3 thunder-bolt upon the assemblage of Ashamti natives, and there was an impetuous movement forward which boded trouble. But the troops, which had been at ground arms, were prompty ordered to "carry arms," and the machine-like precision with which the Martini-Henri carbines were lifted from the ground to the carry struck dismay into the Ashantees, and probably averted serious trouble, for they fell back as if fearing a volley from the troops. the troops.

the troops.

One of the chiefs, however, rose from his seat near King Prempeh and uttered some shrill words in a loud tone. of voice. These were interpreted as saying that the Ashantees complained that the replies which their ambassadors had brought back from Great Britain had misled them and that the Ashantees, therefore, were not to

The governor, in reply, said that their ambassadors would be made prisoners and taken to Cape Coast, Castle, where they would be charged with forgery in having put their names, apparently, to documents of a misleading nature.

arried out. The prisoners were re-arried to a large house, which was urrounded by the guards, and the shantees were quietly dispersed by

The whole affair was splendidly arunged and admirably executed. Inct, from first to last, there has not
een a single hitch in the arrangeent, and it has not been necessary to fire a shot. Every provision which it was possible to make for the health and provisioning accommodation of the troops was made with the perfect

At each halting place huts were erected for the accommodation of the British troops and advance parities were sent forward daily to prepare the necessary refreshments. Thus when they reached each point of their journey they found shade and comfort, food, and even Bass's ale and brandy and soda for those who needed stimulants. The troops have suffered very little from sickness, considering the unhealthy climate, and, strange to say, it was the men of the well-seasoned East India regiment who suffered the most from sickness.

soned East India regiment who suffered the most from sickness.

Finally, it may be said, that the submission and capture of King Prempeh will ensure British supremacy in that part of Africa for many years to come. His majesty, his relatives and the chiefs captured will be kept at Cape Coast Castle until the fifty though the chiefs of sold demanded by the and ounces of gold demanded by the British government are forthcoming. The Ashanti ambassadors accused of having misled their people will be tried, and if found guilty, severely

punished.

Near Coomassie, the British discovered and burned the motorious sacrificing grove, full of skulls and bones of the victims of King Prempeh, which has been fully described in various manners for years past. The making of human sacrifice was one of the leading complaints which the British had against King Prempeh and his. pad against King Prempeh and his ow been put a stop to.

VISITED JERUSALEM

Wm. Kinghorn, H. C. R., visited Jerusalem, Queens Co., on the even-ing of the 16th inst., and addressed a meeting held under the auspices of Court Inchby, No. 1,844, I. O. F., after which, assisted by H. W. Woods of Count Welsford, he publicly installed the following officers: John A. Mc-Kee, C. R.; W. S. Inch, V. C. R.; John M. Webb, chaplain; W. A. Machum, R. S.; Charles E. Webb, F. S.; A. E. Burgess, treas.; D. H. Moore, S. W.; B. R. Pender, J. W.; Leslie McKee, S. B. G. A. Machum is P. C. R.; W. Teed Inch, C. D. H. C. R., and W. A. Machum representative to High Court for the ensuing year.

NEW COMPANIES.

Alexander Gibson, jr., of Marysville, Joseph McAfee of St. John, Philip Alex-ander Logan of Gibson, John Gibson of Marysville, Archibald McNeill Shaw, Horatio Nelson Fradsham, Edward Johnson of Gibson, John Carten of Fredericton, John Frederick Miles, Thomas Daniel Babbitt and James Edrange Daniel Babbitt and James Edward Simmons of Gibson, James Stewart Neill of Fredericton, James Pickard of Gibson, Hamilton George Kitchen, James Dennis Shea, Fred St. John Bliss and John Black of Fredericton, are seeking incompanies. pamy, to manufacture iron, brass and other metals at Gibson. The capital stock is \$20,000, divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each; \$10,400 is already

H. Paxton Baird, Spenry L. Shea, J. Chipman Hartley, Charles A. Mun-roe and Edgar W. Mair, all of Woodwere greatly agitated and talked excitedly together. But they made no attempt at resistance, a step which would have been useless in the face of almost the entire British expedition and the deadly rapid-fire guns already referred to.

The governor finally made the king arise, and recalled to his majesty's mind that he had been requested to immediately pay 50,000 ounces of gold to the representatives of Great Britain.

In reply, his majesty, who was greatly agitated, said he only possessed 320 courses of gold and that he had shares of \$50 each. The amount of the

ounces demanded by the British. To this the governor replied that such a statement was merely child's play and that the demands of the British must be complied with, as the king's ability to pay the amount demanded was too well known to admit of any discussion.

449.000.

Almon I. Teed, Frank Todd, David H. Bates, Charles W. Young of St. Stephen, and George Murray of Benton, Carleton Co., are seeking incorporation as the A. I. Teed Company, to carry on a general wholesale provision. vision, grocery and coal busine

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A GENEROUS GIFT.

(Woodstock Press.)

Asa Dow of Canterbury is now in his 88th year; and though he has lost the elastic movement of his earlier years his intellect is yet quine clear. He drove up from Canterbury last Monday and spent a few days in town to attend to some business matters. A few years ago he possessed considerable property, but realizing that he could no longer use it to advantage, on account of the weight of years, he concluded to dispose of several amounts while he yet possessed his natural faculties to make a wise disposition thereof. Among his most generous gifts was upwards of \$1,000 to the Victoria hospital, and a similar amount to the College at St. Martins, besides many others of a personal character. But his last gift eclipses any of the preceding ones in generosity. A few weeks ago he gave \$2,000 to establish scholarships in the New Brunswick University. He appointed Judge Vanwart of Fredediction and Major Vince of Woodstock trustees of this fund; gave them a check for the money and directed them to invest it, and the interest accruing therefrom is to pay for scholarships to the university for the benefit of poor students who are otherwise worthy and competent. The gentlemen named have accepted the trust, and the income may be applied as soon as it is available.

Such a generous gift for such a worthy object can only command words of highest commendation.

May such a worthy example be followed in some similar manner by many others. May such a worthy example be followed

May such a worthy example be followed in some similar manner by many others. Mr. Dow resilized the responsibility of using the faculties with which God had endowed him while yet in vital activity to make a useful disposition of the material accumulations of his life; so that when he has passed from the activities of life those who come after him may be benefited by his years of labor and economy. May his future life be as glorious as his earthly career has been prosserous.

SPECIAL NOLICE

To the Girl or Boy, Lady or Gentleman, who sends to

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY...

. . . WILL PRESENT A-

the "Sun" Office the largest number of paid yearly sub-scriptions for the WEEKLY SUN before ist May, 1896. All rsons wishing to enter for this contest will please apply

ALFRED MARKHAM. Sun Office, St John, N. B.

THE DIOCESAN SYNOD.

(Continued from Page Two.)

OLASS

onveyance under the seal of the said synod shall be good and valid for the conveyance of the title of the lands so sold, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding:—Provided that in no case shall any such conveyance of the amendment, read from Mr.Alex-be valid without the concurrence of ander's letter. It was never written be valid without the concurrence of the bishop of the diocese, signified as

nereinbefore provided. 5. The proceeds of such sales shall be invested and laid out in such manner as is provided for in section 53 of the aforementioned act, and in no

other way whatsoever. 6. Nothing in this act shall be taken to prevent the sale of church or glebe lands in the manner provided by the said Act 48th Victoria, Chapter 36. The bill was considered section by section, adopted, and ordered to be sent to the legislature for enactment,

of it.

Geo. E. Fairweather thought it would section did not compel the appointment of clergymen. It said that at
least five of the nine members elected
by the synod should be leavest five of the synod should be leavest five of the nine members elected.

After a lengthy discussion section
13 of canon 24 was amended so as to
provide that in the case of a clergyman who may have left the by the synod should be laymen. Sheriff Sturdee thought the mem

His Lordship held that it was im-

Mr. Schofield showed that a nur

very well. Hanington's motion was adopted. After dinner sections 2, 3 and 4 were adopted. | Section 5 provoked a lot of discus-

siosn. It was amended so as to read as follows: 5. The board shall have power to advise and direct the treasurer in the performance of his duties, and shall have and exercise all rights and powers in and connected with the management, control and disposal of all Glek lands vested in the synod by any act of assembly, or otherwise, and respect to the use of its common seal, for such purpose as the synod could or might have or exercise when in sesion; and further, shall have power and authority to make any investr of the funds of the synod subject to the limitations in section 6 of the can-on and to alter and vary the same from time to time in their discretion, provided that such board shall in all. cases act in accordance with any rules or regulations made by the executive committee, and shall be subject to its guidance and direction; and if, in any case, the proceedings of the board shall be disapproved by such executive

disapproved of, contrary to the direction of the executive committee. Sections 6 and 7 were adopted. The canon as amended was then

The consideration of canon 23 was then proceeded with, it being taken up section by section. up section by section.

Section one was adopted, with the addition of the following words: "Together with any members of the Society for the Promoting of Christian Knowledge who may be residents of the diocese."

The other sections were adopted.

The canon was then adopted as a

Canon 24, relating to the clergy, widows and orphans' funds, was taken up and the first twelve sections adop-

Section 13 was read, as follows: Any clergyman who may have left the communion of the Chruch of England, or who may have been degraded or or who may have been degrated of suspended permanently from the min-istry, shall not be entitled to any of the benefits of the fund, unless he shall have been a member of the said fund for ten years.

Its adoption was moved, and Rev.

Mr. Lloyd moved that the last 14

words be stricken out. The synod spent a long time in its discussion, but had not reached any conclusion at six o'clock relative to

During the discussion the Alexan der matter was mentioned. It was unged by some members that if the

a misleading nature.

A strong guard of British troops then moved forward and surrounded the king, the queen's mother, the king's father, the prominent chiefs and the ambassadors without any trouble. So suddenly was the movet ment made and so effectively was it the rives opens.

Bas glorious as his earthly career has been that it was better to be generous. When a minister paid in year after year to the fund and then left the church, surely his widow and children were entitled to some consideration in the event of his death. Ministers paid in what was required of addellows'

them and got their congregations to Rev. H. Montgomery, speaking of

the Fredericton case, said Mrs. Alexander and her son felt very badly over Mr. Alexander's change of faith. It was believed by many that Mr. Alexander was not responsible for his conduct. Rev. A. Dewdney, speaking in favor

by a man of unsound mind.

Rev. Mr. Montgomery said the belief was that Mr. Alexander never worte

the letter. It was felt that it was renned by another. Mr. Montgomery protested against the use of Mr. Alex-Rev. Mr. Dewdney said Mr. Mont-

gomery used it before he did. Sheriff Sturdee rose to a point of order. This had nothing to do with

the matter under discussion.

Rev. Mr. deSoyres said Mr. Montgomery had first used Mr. Alexander's the standing committee to take charge name when he uttered the base calof it.

Canon relating to the board of finSheriff Sturdee urged his point of
ance was then taken up section by order, which the bishop decided had

Mr. Justice Hanington moved the addition of the following words to the section: The lay members must be qualified to be elected members of the synod or qualified to be members of the committee under the act.

Geo. E. Fairweather, thought it would heen well taken.

EVENING SESSION.

ion of the Church of England, or who may have been degraded or suspen bers of the board of finance should permanently from the ministry, his widow or orphans shall not be entitled to any of the benefits of the clergy widows' and orphans' fund. All the remaining sections except 14 were adopted.

Canon 25, relative to the clergy, widortant to have good financiers in var-ous parts of the province on the adopted, with slights mendments adopted, with slighta mendments.
Canon 26, with regard to the incorporated clergy fund, was adopted as

of the ablest men on the present fin-ance committee were not members of the synod. They could not be spared ity scholarship fund, was adopted, with slight amendm

> divinity scholarships fund; No. 29, with regard to the education of the children of the clergy fund, and No. 30, regarding parochial endowments and special trusts, were adopted, with slight It was voted that no canon, from 20

> to 30 inclusive, shall come into force or effect till Jan. 1st, 1898. His lordship asked for a suspension of proceedings, and then referred feelingly to the loss sustained by the death of Chas. W. Weldon.

> The rules of order were suspended, and Archdeacon Brigstocke moved the following resolution, which was sec-onded by Judge Hanington and

passed:
That a committee be appointed to repare a suitable resolution of respect and esteem of the memory of the late Charles Wesley Weldon, Esq., one of the most valued members of this synod, and long representative of the parish of St. John, to be transmitted by His Lordship the Bishop to the widow of the deceased, and the same be entered on the minutes of the journal of this special session of the synod. The following committee was appointed by the bishop: Archdeason ommittee, no further action shall be aken by the board in the matter so Brigstocke, Judge Hanington and Sheriff Sturdee. It was ordered that the minutes be

printed along with an interim report of the registrar relative to church Votes of thanks were passed to the rector and church wardens of Trinity church for the uses of the school room;

Rev. Mr. Newnham, the efficient and accommodating secretary; Geo. A. Schoffeld, and the press. At the request of the synod the bishop left the chair, which was taken by Archdeacon Brigstocke. Then Rev. J. de Soyres moved that the he and sinecre thanks of the synod be tendered his lordship.

Judge Hanington seconded the mo tion, which was passed with a standng vote amid storms of applause. The bishop thanked the synod, which adjourned after the singing of the Doxology and the Benediction by his

English tradesmen are indignant because the dried potatoes, carrots, and turnips provided for the Ashanti expedition were ordered by the govern-

Stenographers

Wanted_

Five applications for our students have been made within the last few days. Three of these have been for YoUNG MEN who could write Short Hand.

This is an indication of the demand of the times. Bookkeeping alone is good; Short Hand alone is good; the COMBINATION is much better. much better.

Our Revised Terms give just the opportunity required by those who wish to take the combined course.

Send for catalogue giving terms, etc.

tcher's Castoria.

ren Cry for

Grant, McShane, Davies and Tupper on the Address.

Sir Hibbert Tupper Shows up Laurier and His Position on School Question.

American Cattle Can be Shipped by Beaver Line-Winter Port in the Senate.

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—At the opening of the house this afternoon Hon. Mr. Foster and Mr. Laurier paid touching tributes to the late John Bryson, M. P., whose sterling qualities and genial disposition made him popular with both sides, and by whom his timely demise is greatly deplored.

Mr. Mills of Bothvell continued the debate on the address. He complained that during the speeches of Messrs sey and McMillan last evening only one minister was present in the cham ber. Either the government did not think the speeches of the opposition worth listening to or else they had acquired the habit of "gotht out" and uld not overcome it. (Laughter.) tack on Sir Richard Cartwright. Con-tinuing, Mr. Mills devoted himself for some time to refuting the contention land, who argued that the provincial legislatures were to a certain extent under the authority of the dominion Mr. Mills argued that ours was a fedthat the creation of the dominion in no way destroyed the autonomy of the their separate parliaments, etc. He quoted several legal decisions to show that within the scope given them the provinces remained after the union possessed of the same powers which they had before the un

hey had before the union. Proceding, Mr. Mills took the government to task for their action with respect to commuting the sentence of Shortis, the Valleyfield murderer. He held that it was one of the duties of the government to decide upon the questions of capital punishment, and that according to the widely circulated statement the government shirk-ed their responsibility in this case and ent the papers to the governor gen-

eral without any recommendation.

Mr. Daly justified Mr. Kenny's of the other evening, and said Sir Richard Cartwright brought the castigation upon himself by his stigmatization of Nova Scotia as a dry nurse of boodlers. Taking up the question of remedial legislation, he Manitoba elections was not the school question Mr. Greenway had got a snap verdict by use of partisan enuors and the manipulation of vot-

It being six o'clock the speaker left

Mr. Daly continued after recess. He censured the liberals for charging the ernment with harshness in connection with its action on the school question, and contended that Mr. Greenway's purpose had been to make the whole question a political one. He held Mr. Greenway was determined not to do anything to bring about an amicable settlement, pointing out that he ignored alike the petition of the Catholics addressed to him and the judgment of the privy council. With regard to Mr. Laurier's contention that the dominion government should have approached Manitoba with the "sunny rays of patriotism," he pointed out that in July, 1894, months be-fore the judgment of the privy council and the issuing of the remedial order, the dominion government passed an order-in-council urging Manitoba in conciliatory tones to take the school question into consideration and re-move, if possible, the grievances of

the Catholic minority. Mr. Forbes spoke for over an hour on the trade question. He denied that Sir Richard Cartwright had cast any slight upon the public men of Nova Scotia last week, his refereinces being solely to Sir Charles Tupper. The charge, he claimed, was backed up by the facts Cartwright produced.

Northrup, who it is suggested may be made solicitor general, delivered an able speech, principally on the schol question. He quoted a speech of Mr. Lauriers' in 1891 to the effect that if privy council gave the decision which it subsequently did, the parlia-ment of Canada would have no alternative but to interfere. He appealed to both sides to endeavor to settle this. question, which threatened the very existence of confederation, in a peace

Mr. McDonald, Huron, moved the adjournment of the debate, and the house adjourned at 11 p. m.

the change is to define Mr. O'Keefe's duties more clearly and render his position more secure. When the senate adjourns tomorrow it is expected it will stand adjourned until February 5th, by which time some private bill legislation will be ready for consideration.

A report was current today tha copies of the remedial bill found their way into the hands of the public, but the minister of justice informed your correspondent that this is wholly in-

correct, as the measure has not yet been finally drafted.

Mr. Powell, M. P. for Westmorland, who has been ill for some days, was around the house today.

The government has decided upon a line of action with reference to the rearmament of the militia force. It was generally thought in militia circles that the Lee-Metford rifle would be procured for the forces generally, but it is proposed to continue the use of this weapon to the permanent force. The authorities consider that the mechanism of the Lee-Metford is very delicate, and there would be great danger of the weapon getting out of order in the hands of unskilled men. With the permanent force, however,

this would be different. Col. Lake, quarter-master general, is meeting with every assistance from the war office and horse guards, and before he leaves England a contract will have been entered into for the supplying of Canada with forty thousand stand of Martini-Enfield rifles. This new weather the Martini-Enfield rifles. This new weather the Martini-Enfield rifles and according to the Martini-Enfield rifles. This new weather the Martini-Enfield rifles and according to the Martini-Enfield rifles. This new weather the Martini-Enfield rifles and according to the Martini-Enfield rifles. This new weather the Martini-Enfield rifles and the Martini-Enfield rifles and Capadians. He declared that Sir oliver Mowat attended the liberal convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils, and that since the convention of 1893 to stamp out the obnoxious doctrine of commercial union and its attendant evils.

rifle will weigh about nine pounds, would be carried out. This and will without doubt prove a most contended, had been followed. erviceable weapon. The

ity to withhold assent to the terri-torial school ordinance of last session. The ground for his action was that the measure was only placed in his hands a few minutes before the legisout the successive steps afforded out the successive steps afforded out the successive steps afforded Senator Perley complained that Gov. fackintosh had squandered, the do-linion grant to the territorial exhi-

bition, and many poor people in the territories were deprived of their just a short time this afternoon, when Sir point. At Victoria in September, 1894 Richard Cartwright explained how it he said the question to be considered came about that he is charged with was whether the Roman Catholic min

introduced to the speaker today by ed there were many more things to Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Mc-Millan and took his seat amid oppos-

tion cheers. bank directors from borrowing more from the bank than the amount of

debate on the address.

Sir James Grant followed. He recommended the proposed fast Atlan-tic service and welcomed the acces-sion of Sir Charles Tupper, bart., into the cabinet. He referred to the new cretary as a man whose power and ability were recognized not only in ingland and Canada, but throughout the civilized world. He prophesied that the government's policy and action

lominion at the next elections. Mr. McShane, the newly elected mber of Montreal, took Hon. Foster to task for what he termed the insulting references made to him and his constituency the other day. he turned to Sir A. P. Caron and Hon Mr. Ouimet and chaffed them for their inability to secure votes. It being six o'clock the speaker left

he chair. After recess Mr. Davies continue the debate. He devoted considerable time to endeavoring to force Mr. Foster to apologize to Mr. McShane for the strictures of which Mr. McShane the speaker and the mace.

Mr. Foster denied that he made any charge against Mr. McShane, but that he simply referred to Mr. Mc-Shane's record in the courts and to the vigorous apposition offered that for Montreal tonight. He will pro-

organ of Montreal, the Witness.

Mr. Davies insisted there should be an apology, but Mr. Foster refused to

questison of arming the nilitia, and said the liberals would agree to the expenditure of the requisite amount of money if the government brought tion fight in Sir Charles 'Lupper's Indown a proper scheme. He dilated on the loyalty of Canadians, and said if the recent war scare dissipated the idea of the Americans that Canadians were not thereughly British in sentiwere not thoroughly British in senti-ment it would not have been in vain. Referring to the school question, he said the establishment of free schools said the establishment of free schools in three maritime provinces twenty or and the port of St. John, now that thirty years ago was an object lesson that should not be lost sight of. At the port of Canada for lines of steamers lisallowance, but it falled, and today, from that port to the British Isles, the question had been worked out by these provinces. He wished that the house when considering the Manitoba chool question would show as much said is one of the drawbacks to the school question would show as much common sense and shrewdness as it did in the case of the maritime provinces. Mr. Davies contended the Manitoba schol question had not been properly investigated when before the Canadian privy council, instancing the case of affidavits produced by comcase of affidavits produced by com-plainants, which were withdrawn rath-He believed that the time was comer than wait till the Manitoba govern-

there was no doubt where the sympa-thies of all Canadians were. Despite the fact that the loyalty of the liberals was brought into question in the elec-tion of 1891, he considered they were true to the mother country. However, he held that the liberal agitation for commercial union or continental free trade justified the suspicion that was thrown on their loyalty. (Hear, hear.) Even Mr. Blake pointed out in 1891 the dangerous ground that the liber-als were standing on. Sir Charles cen-sured Mr. Laurier in this connection,

Canada with forty thousand stand of Martini-Enfield rifles. This new weapon will have the Martini lock and action with the Enfield barrel or modification of it. The regular Enfield has four grooves, and the new weapon will be confined to three grooves. This change will render the new rifle less school question he quoted Sir John liable to fouling. It will take a 303 Thompson's speech delivered in Torbullet, the same as the Lee-Metford, onto in 1893, in which the late premare that the regulars at Hallfax, the so that the regulars at Halifax, the jer declared that the government would permanent force, and the Canada be guided solely by the opinion of the militia will all use the same ammuni-highest judicial authority, and that With the bayonet attached the whatever this opinion might be it would be carried out. This policy, he large consignment of rifles will be in the vicinity of \$80,000.

In the senate today Premier Bowell explained that Lieutenath Governor with the decision of the courts, then a powerful and justifiable agitation would arise. Whe oppose carrying out the decision of the judictal committee? (Hear, hear.) Adverting to Mr. Davies' argumen the dominion privy council to the Manitoba government to explain their nly question to be settled was wheth-

The house sat with closed doors for sion was not needed to settle that assaulting Editor Laferriere. He de-nied committing the assault, and ask-their children to Protestant schools ed that steps be taken to better con- Did Mr. Davies want a comm trol the crowds seeking to gain access to the chamber. investigate that fact? In 1895, however, Mr. Laurier shifted his ground, Ottawa, Jan. 22.-M. C. Cameron, the and to strengthen the liberal conten ew old member for West Huron, was tion in favor of a commission he claim

If this school question was n tled on the lines of justice and fair-Mr. Jeannotte introduced a bill to ness towards the minority in Manitobs mend the Bank Act and to prohibit it would create a bad feeling both a ank directors from borrowing more home and abroad (Hear, hear.) He be lieved when the government brought shares they hold.

Mr. McDonald of Huron resumed the to be one which even the liberals would be compelled to support. Mr. O'Brien moved the adjournment of the deb and the house adjourned at 11.40.

NOTES.

Last year there were 1,787,775 let ters, cards and newspapers delivered in Halifax by letter carriers, and in St. John 1,939,697. The total amount of railway mail travel last year was 30,351,115 miles, a decrease of half a million, due to a reduction in the train ervices. The total number of letter sted in Canada last year was 110,-500,000; postcards, 24,500,000; newspapers, etc., 23,000,000. The revenue of the department for the year was \$2,-792,782; expenditure, \$3,593,647.

The rival claimants for the adju-

ant generalcy of the militia are bringing a strong pressure on the govern-ment. Col. Smith of London had a large delegation of members in his favor, and then Col. Aylmer's friends

M. C. Cameron of Huron nearly shattered the constitution today by crossing the floor of the chamber between

A. W. Wright, the commissioner appointed by the government to investigate the alleged prevalence of sweatthe vigorous opposition offered that gentleman by the staunchest liberal organ of Montreal, the Witness.

for Montreal tonight. He will be ceed to St John and Halifax at the end of the week.

Messrs. Hazen and Chesley watted

upon Hon. Dr. Montague today to secure permission to the Beaver line to ship American cattle from the port of Proceeding, Mr. Davies took up the St. John. The request will be grant-

Senator McDonald left for Cape Bre

carrying valuable cargoes of freigh

The writ for Northumberland, N. B., was issued today. Nomination will take place on January 30th and polling February 6th.

About twenty members of parliament went to Coulogne today to attend the funeral of the late John Bryson, P. J. O'Keefe, chief inspector of the preventive service for the maritime provinces, has been created chief landing waiter at St. John. The effect of the change is to define Mr. O'Keefe's the maints, which were withorawn rather and the Manitoba government in t would be printed, so that this diffi-cult question might receive most care-ful consideration before any change was made.

The governor general has received the following message from the Queen in reply to the telegram of sympathy which his excellency addressed to Her Majesty this morning:

Many thanks for the kind sympathy in the grievous sorrow which has betailen my dear daughter and myself.

(Signed), V. P.

A UNITED EMPIRE.

Chamberlain's Powerful Speed at a London Banquet

British Hearts Beatilin Unison

Throughout the World.

_____ The Secretary for the Colonies Quotes From Mr. Foster's Speech in Parliamen

Toronto, Jan. 22, 1 a. m.-Wind mostly northerly; fair and moderately cold. Washington, Jan. 22, 1 a. m.-Fair and slightly colder; northerly winds. London, Jan. 21.—A banquet was en tonight at the Hotel Metropole n honor of Baron Lamington, who out to assume the governorship of

Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, sec-retary of state for the colonies, in casting Lord Lamington, compilmented the colonies upon their loyal-ty. He preferred, he said, to say nothng upon the Transvaal question pending the judiciary inquiry which was to be made, and he felt confident, he said, that the country would wait to hear both the indictment and the defence before pronouncing judgment. With reference to the recent references to the isolation of England, he said that long standing defended. ences to the isolation of England, he said that long standing difficulties ap-peared to have suddenly assumed threatening proportions, "from quar-ters from which we might have exected friendship and consideration."

The secretary then continued: "We were confronted with suspicion and even with hate, and we had to recognize that our success itself, however legitimate, was imputed to us as a crime; our love of peace was regarded as a sign of weakness, and our indif-ference to foreign criticism was con-strued into an invitation to insult us. regarded with hardly disguised satis faction by our competitors, who must be forced to admit that we alone hold or possesions throughout the world trust for them all, and admit them markets as freely as our own-(Cheers.) While regretting the existence of such a feeling, we re joice that it has found expression No better service was ever done to this nation. We were enabled to show

our united determination to maintain our rights three weeks ago. dominion parliament: "The great mo-ther of the empire stood splendidly How stands she today She stands secure in the strength of her own resources. From Australia and from Canada come expressions of patriotism and enthusiasm as the natural response to the outburst of the national spirit at home, and a proof that British hearts beat in unison hroughout the world.

Let us to the utmost cultivate this nt. This is the lesson to derived from recent events. In the

Let Britain's myriad voices call, Her sons be welded one and all, In one imperial whole.

Lord Lamington goes to an infant colony destined to become a giant. sland has an area—shall I say thrice greater than Germany? (Laughter, cries of "Bravo!" and prolonged cheers.) Yet this great colony is only one of seven, all equally important.

Lord Lamington having responded, Secretary Chamberlain toasted the Italian ambassador, Lt. Gen. A. Ferrero, expressing sympathy for Italy's friendship to England and admiration for the bravery of Italian soldiery, and a hope for their ultimate success

in Africa. The proceedings were closed by the guests singing Rule Britannia, and, with reference to Mr. Chamberlain, He's a Jolly Good Fellow.

MISS FRANCES WILLARD

To the Front With a Movement for the Relief of Armenians.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The reported decision of the Sultan of Turkey forbidding the Red Cross society from entering his domains to relieve the suf-ferings of the Armenians has led Miss Frances E. Willard and her sister officers of the National W. C. T. U. to send a petition to congress; also to request every state in the W. C. T. U. to do the same and to duplicate this petition to every state legislature. this practical effort will cause some-thing to be done on a large scale for thing to be done on a large scale for the Armenians, that will attract wide attention and will doubtless cause other societies of women to send sm-ilar petitions. The petition to the senate and house of representatives urges that "our country should no longer remain a silent spectator of the agony and outrage inflicted by Moslem savages upon our brother and sister savages upon our brother and sister Christians, whose only fault is their devotion to Christ and their loyalty

to a pure home."
"We beg you," the petition concludes,
"as the legally constituted representatives of the wives and mothers of our nation, to give heed to our devoted prayer and aspiration that Amroice prayer and aspiration that America may, through her highest legislative authorities, give expression to all the world of her abhorrence of the atrocities in Armenia, and may make an appropriation from the people's money for the relief of our brothers and sisters who have been driven to the last extremity by the fatal fanati-cism of the Sultan and his soldiers."

CABLE TO HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

It is Probable a Bill Will be Presented in the U. S. House Authorizing it.

Washington, Jan. 21.-From the acwashington, Jan. 21.—From the action of the house committee on commerce, there seems to be little doubt that a bifi authorizing the Pacific Cable Co. to lay a cable from the Pacific coast to the Hawaiian Islands and Japan, will be favorably reported within a short time. The committee to greater a sub-committee to gre directed a sub-committee to prepare a bill embracing certain changes con-

sidered desirable from the bill outlined by the company. There will also be a conference between members and the state department officials regarding arrangements for a cable station on the Marshall Islands, which are are owned by Germany. The prin-cipal points of difference between the cable company and the committee are the amount of government subsidy to be granted and the time to be allowed for laying the cable. It is reported by the company to have the cable working to the Hawaiian Islands in eighteen months and completed Japan in three years. The subsidy asked is \$180,000 a year for a term of twenty years, the government to have free use of the cable in that time. In the course of the discussion it was argued that the subsidy asked was too large in view of the estimated cost of the work, \$6,500,000 to \$7,000,000, and the probable amount of government business which the committee estiamted at from \$20,000 to \$30,000. The suggestion was also entertained the subsidies might be granted by the Japanese government, and possibly China. The bill to be framed will probably reduce the subsidy. It will also embrace provisions to secure to the United States government the right of way in the use of the cable. James Scrymser, president, and E. L. Baylis, vice president of the company, have written Chairman Hepburn accepting the suggestions made by the comm tee that the company shall deposit in the treasury \$100,000 in bonds to be forfeited in ease it fails to comp

THE VENEZUELA QUESTION.

the work within the specified time;

States and the island of Hawaii shall

not exceed 75 cents per word, and to

China \$1.05, and after two years shall

be carried at press rates not to ex-ceed one-quarter of the business rates.

that the rates between

Washington, Jan. 21.-The prediction freely made by members of the committee on foreign affairs that if the proposed reaffirmation of the Monroe doctrine is adopted by the senate and sent over to the house for action, it will be allowed to rest quietly in the committee files. A canvass of more than a majority of both republican and democratic members failed to discover any men who would endors

Courtesy to their colleagues of the enate impels the members of the comttee to refrain from putting themselves on record in interviews as opposed to the resolution, but in conversation they do not hesitate to criticise it and leprecate the policy which brings it rward at this time. One authority on diplomatic matters said he deemed it very poor diplomacy to take any steps tending to increase the tension etween the government and Great Britain in which is practically amount

The committee members would be better policy to sidetrack the resolution without any demonstration of disapproval than to make an adverse report on it to the house. They say it would be impolitic to invoke any appearance of discord in ongres upon a question of foreign policy, and that if the concurrence of use is not to be secured for the resolution, and they believe that it will not be, the friction over it should

London, Jan. 21.—The Globe this afternon publishes a severe article on the invitation of the United States New Evaporated Apples, Venezuelan commission to the govern-ments of Great Britain and Venezuela to submit to the commission all of the evidence in their possession. The Globe says: "Great Britain will

ever allow this monstrous claim to determine the territory of a British colony within its jurisdiction. ower could admit it except at the lose of a long and disastrous war. Were such a demand made by any other power, our only reply would be to hand its ambassador his passports and mobilize the fleet."

London, Jan. 22 .- G. W. Smalley of the London Times cabled from Washington to his paper today as follows:

The full force of English objection t The full force of English objection to the Venezuelan commission has never, I think, been appreciated here. Americans are surprised when they are told that the British recognition of the commission is impossible. They hardly understand why they should be warned by a London evening paper than an American claim to determine a British boundary line is one which could only be conceded after defeat in a long war, and that, if such a demand were made by any other power it would be met by handing their ambassador. His passports and mobilizing a fleet. Such language does not clarify the visions of the Americans. It simply creates irritation and resentment. The writer who used it might have read the American mind if he had merely asked what Americans would say if the case were reversed and if England should appoint a commission to determine the boundary of an American state.

Mr. Smalley Suggests that in view

of the sincers desire in Washington to see the full text of the British case, that Lord Salisbury publish the documents as a supplement to the London Gazette. New York, Jan. 22.-The World's copyright special from Caracas, Vene-zuela, says: Michael McTurk, the head magistrate of British Guiana, who has been identified for years with the usurpation of Venezue has been relieved of his duties in order that he may command an expedit ion charged with fortifying the en-tire length of the Cayuni river, lying

Mr. Smalley suggests that in view

in the disputed territory. El Liberal in a leading editorial calls the attention of the government to the military preparations of the Guiana frontier, which, although Lon-don denies it, are actively going for-On the British Island of Trinidad the forts are being repaired and the mil-

handling the new heavy guns.

The English plan is believed to be to fortify the disputed territory while the American commission is investigating, and if its report is adverse to Britain to be prepared to hold it for-Ex-President Guseman Blanco deni

tia is being drilled in the method of

that there is a conspiracy against Venezuela. The news of the proposed adoption and definition of the Monroe doctrine by the U. S. congress has

mittee two great countries are now pursu-pare a ing. The Chronicle proceeds: Only do con- not let us deceive ourselves. It is very

pleasant to read such speeches as Senator Wolcott's, but America is absolutely solid for arbitration over Venezuela, and arbitration we cannot and will not refuse.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Casto it.

BRITISH TRADE.

London, Jan. 21.—Courtney Boyle, eaking to the Bradford Chamber of Commerce, said that the year 1895 had witnessed a steady impro in British trade. There was, he said. a 2 per cent. increase in mainly of partially manufactured articles, and £10,000,000 increase in exports, more than half of which was woollens and worsteds, the American takings of these being immensely large.

> ANSY PILLS SAFE AND SURE, SEND 4G, FOR "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD!" WILCOX SPECIFIC CO. PHILA PA

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APPLE

Wealthy, Walbridge, Haas, Ben Davis, Tetofsky, Hyslip Crab, Etc., Etc.

THE Undersigned not being in a position to canvass for or deliver personally the trees noted above, wishes to sell the whole lot outright. The nursery is located in Stanley, York Co. It will be to the advantage of any person wishing to set out a lot of trees to send for terms by the hundred. Circumstances over which I have no control have thrown these trees upon my hands, and they will be disposed of at a bargain.

HENRY T. PARLEE, Westfield, N.

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SAINT JOHN . .

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operatines of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocca, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverge, which may save us many heavy doctors bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to relate every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtile maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a tatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazetts.

HAILED AS

Sir Charles Tupp From St. John

Moneton, Sackville an Their Resp

Truro, N.S., Jan. 21 .desire greater evidence ple than those offered Tupper during his flyi tawa to Truro en rou ton. Not only is he h est esteem, but the u turn to public life ar tion at the marvell hibits, shows that he the hearts of the per man of today is ensh At St. John many

ed him during the train stopped there, Amherst, Springhill thousands of people station platform to w , present address ice and shake his ha The spontancity of of the people, the vi the grand old chief his speeches, surprise

Sir Charles has but this is not to be it is remembered that late Dr. Tupper, prea most powerful discou crossed the octogena have been demonstr esses at Moncton.Sa Springhill and Trur Charles reached the biggest crowd of a there, and enthusiasm The fact that the horse is now leader of party in the common life and confidence gressiveness into th visit to the province that feeling among correspondingly enra ed his opponents. Accompanied by S and Messrs. McDoug Sir Charles proceede on a special at midn

rive there about noo

AT MONO Moncton, Jan. 21.of people assembled cheer Sir Charles Tu through on thet rain presentative citizens into the car were M. P. P., J. W. Y. Sm ris, C. P. Harris, G. Higgins, J. M Walla M. G. Teed Rev. Fr Borden, H. G. Wood ald, Mr. Pottinger, Cole, Geo. Blakney, C. J. Butcher, F. F. and J. W. Henders Mr. Masters read sociation, which, am said: "We beg to ass return to the active is a source of gre the liberal conservafeel assured that th advocated by you in the imperial offices important bearing Canada, and, when complished, will pla most advantgeous po commercial affairs long experience in ada and Great B friends in Canada e your influence in of the affairs of th sult in greatly pro stantial interests have an important ture welfare. We ple success in the Cape Breton, and your voice shall the floors of parlia The car rang wi Charles community reply, in the cours "I can assure you is received with and gratitude by you that I would today occupying t with the feeling all but-perhaps tirely-unanimous throughout Canad to the Pacific, that substantial service again returning t mons. (Cheers.) that call with, of hesitancy. At was not exactly enter a position much labor and but I feel now a

that whenever a be of service in interests of the of my country, any hesitation, anything includin to comply with spirit I am here, are all but con have a direct a bearing upon the and the great fuelly awaits them had come when hesitation in att sume the heavy connection with this country. I out a moments what I believe and I say more: ed sufficient of throughout this shore to shore, tory will again ners of the gree complished so m past-(cheers)that victory carry this great of progress and still higher, at

Important advan

read such speeches as Sentt's, but America is absofor arbitration over Venarbitration we cannot and

as sick, we gave her Castoria. a Child, she cried for Castoria. me Miss, she clung to Castoria. Children, she gave them Casto

RITISH TRADE.

Jan. 21.—Courtney Boyle, o the Bradford Chamber ce, said that the year 1895 sed a steady improvement rade. There was, he said, nt. increase in imports, artially manufactured ar-£10,000,000 increase in exthan half of which was lens and worsteds, the Amgs of these being immense-

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reigned not being in a position r or deliver personally the trees wishes to sell the whole lot outnursery is located in Stanley, will be to the advantage of any ag to set out a lot of trees to ms by the hundred. Circumwhich I have no control have trees upon my hands, and they sed of at a bargain. HENRY T. PARLEE, Westfield, N. S.

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ough knowledge of the natural povern the operations of digestion, and by a careful application, and by a careful application, and by a careful application properties of well-selected pps has provided for our breakper a delicately flavored bevary save us many heavy doctors y the judicious use of such arguments of the puntil strong enough to readency to disease. Hundreds of es are floating around us ready erever there is a weak point, be many a tatal shaft by keepwell fortified with pure blood y nourished frame."—Civil Ser-

HAILED AS CHIEF.

Sir Charles Tupper's Passage From St. John to Truro.

Moneton, Sackville and Amherst Pav Their Respects.

The Secretary of State Replies to Addresse at Moncton and Amherst

Truro, N.S., Jan. 21.—Few men could desire greater evidence of the popular ity in which they are held by the peo than those offered to Sir Cha Tupper during his flying trip from Ottawa to Truro en route to Cape Breon. Not only is he held in the highest esteem, but the unanimity of the expressions of approbation at his return to public life and the appreciation at the marvellous pluck he exhibits, shows that he is enhanced in the hearts of the people as no other man of today is enshrined. At St. John many old friends greet-

ed him during the few minutes the train stopped there, and at Moncton, Amherst, Springhill and Truro many thousands of people crowded to the station platform to welcome and cheer him, present address listen to his ad-

The spontancity of the enthusiasm of the people, the vigor and vim that the grand old chieftain throws into his speeches, surprises friend and foe

passed through

AT AMHERST.

Amherst, Jan. 21.—An immense

Sir Charles has wonderful vitality, but this is not to be wondered at when it is remembered that his father, the late Dr. Tupper, preached some of his most powerful discourses after he had crossed the octogenarian line. There have been demonstrations and addresses at Moncton, Sackville, Amherst, Springhill and Pruro. Notwithstanding that it was ten o'clock when Sir Charles reached the latter place, the biggest crowd of all had assembled there, and enthusiasm knew no bounds. The fact that the Cumperland waihorse is now leader of the conservative party in the commons has infused new life and confidence and fighting ag-gressiveness into the party, and his visit to the province has intensified that feeling among conservatives and correspondingly enraged and depress-

ed his opponents.

Accompanied by Senator McDonald and Messrs. McDougall and McKeen, Sir Charles proceeded to Cape Breton on a special at midnight and will arrive there about noon tomorrow.

AT MONCTON.

Moncton, Jan. 21.-A great throng of people assembled at Moncton to cheer Sir Charles Tupper as he passed through on thet rain. Among the rentative citizens who crowded into the car were ex-Mayor Sumner,

the Moncton Liberal-Conservative association, which, among other things, said: "We beg to assure you that your return to the active politics of Canada is a source of great satisfaction to the liberal conservative party, and we feel assured that the preat principles advocated by you in connection with the imperial offices must have a most important bearing on the future of Canada, and, when successfully accomplished, will place Canada in a most advantgeous position in the great commercial affairs of the empire. Your long experience in public life in Canada and Great Britain gives your

most advantgeous position in the great commercial affairs of the empire. Your long experience in public life in Canada and Great Britain gives your friends in Canada every assurance that your influence in the administration of the affairs of the dominion will result in greatly promoting all the substantial interests of our country and have an important bearing on its future welfare. We wish you most ample success in the coming contest in Cape Breton, and shall rejoice when your voice shall be again heard on the floors of parliament."

The car rang with applause as Sir Charles communicated his informal reply, in the course of which he said:
"T can assure you that your address is received with unfeigned pleasure and gratitude by me. I need not tell you that I would not have been here today occupying the position that I done in the said and stant importance, one who at in promoting the fast Atlantic service, the Canada and Grallway the Pacific cable and steam services, has done much towards for index of stant and steam services, has done much towards for index only a central link, but the strongest link in that chain.

Sir, you in co-operation with car, sir, you in co-operation with our late the strongest link in that chain.

Sir, you in co-operation with car, with such a same enough the hearts of the people to insure another victory, but, sir, with such a grand and broad platform as imperial unity and the battle cry of "Brittama for the Britons," your success should be triumphant and complete.

Let us in closing express the pleasure we have in finding you to the possession of your old time health and vigor, and perhaps in addition of the acknowledgment we have already made of your honorable and success. In the course of which he said:

"T can assure you that your address is received with unfetgned pleasure we have in finding you to the possession of your old time health and vigor, and perhaps in addition of the acknowledgment we have already made of your honorable and success.

Sir Charles Tupper in replying was

"I can assure you that your address is received with unfeigned pleasure and gratitude by me. I need not tell you that I would not have been here today occupying the position that I do if I had not become deeply impressed with the feeling that there was one all but—perhaps I might say an entirely—unanimous sentiment existing throughout Canada, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, that I could render some substantial service to my country by substantial service to my country by again returning to the house of com-mons. (Cheers.) I have responded to that call with, I admit, a good deal of hesitancy. At my time of life it was not exactly desired by me to reenter a position that would entail so much labor and exertion on my part, but I feel now as I have always felt. that whenever and wherever I could be of service in furthering the best interests of the people of Canada and of my country, I was bound without any hesitation, without reference to anything including myself personally, to comply with the demand. In that spirit I am here, and the very importart measures which after a long effort are all but consumated, and which have a direct and most important bearing upon the position of Canada, and the great future which undoubt-edly awaits them, I feel that the time had come when I could not have any hesitation in attempting again to assume the heavy responsibilities in connection with the government of this country. I have, therefore, without a moments hesitation, yielded to what I believe to be the call of duty, and I say more: I have already learned sufficient of the sentiment inspired throughout this great dominion, from shore to shore, to assure me that victory will again perch upon the ban-ners of the great party which has ac-complished so much for Canada in the complished so much for Canada in the past—(cheers)—and that the result of that victory will be that we shall carry this great country in fts career of progress and prosperity, and attain still higher, and greater, and more important advantages than have hither to the people of Canada, and their only hope is to break down the men whom they believe are going to prevent them reaching the treasury benches of this country. (Cheers).

I read in the Montreal Witness of yesterday a charge which I will detain you for a moment in refuting, as I am

That will be my constant effort, and sustained by the great liberal conservative party of this country. I believe which the most malignant members of that great party opposed to me can make, that is the charge of grasping at the public money, of having added the salary of the secretary of state to that of the high commissioner of Canada. (A voice "Shame.")

All the foundation they have for the electors of the constituency of Westmorpand, and I hope again to have an opportunity of meeting a large body of the electors here at no very distant date, and of discussing with them these great qualities that are so important to the country."

When that time comes I shall be

when that time comes I shall be of Canada. (Cheers).

The prepared to answer many enquiries that may be made, to go into the fullest discussion that any elector requires, and I trust to be able to satisfy the result of the results of the salary which latter office of \$7,000. I am discharging the duties of high commissiosner and secretary of state for the salary which attaches to the latter office of \$7,000. In addition to that, my son abandoned his salary of the people of this great and important constituency that the interests of the \$7,000, so that between father and son there has been a renunciation of \$21,-

country may be safely reposed in me, and that I shall administer them as far as my humble abilities and en-ergies will permit. (Loud cheers). I think you will agree with me that a party must be hard driven when Sir Charles then addressed a few they rest a charge of grasping public words to the crowd on the platform money against a public man on such money against a public man on such grounds, the facts being that instead om the rear end of the car. He from the rear end of the car. He thanked the people for turning out in the storm to greet him in such large numbers, and expressed the hope that at an early date he would have the opportunity of speaking in the town.

Sackville, Jan. 21.—Mount Allison students in a body met the evening secondary of the students in a body met the evening secondary. students in a body met the evening

Sir Charles paid a handsome com-pliment to Mr. Dickey, his successor as the representative of the county of Cumberland, and congratulated the people upon having as a member one who stood so high in the estimation Sir Charles Tupper and party as they crowd greeted Sir Charles Tupper on his arrival here this evening. He was of both political parties and was an given rousing cheers. Many old friends

honor to the country.

As the train pulled out the band struck up Auld Lang Syne, mingled the liberal conservative party he was presented with the following address: with the cheers of the populace. Truro, N. S., Jan. 21.—At Springhill passented with the following address:

To the Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart.:
Sir—We, representatives of the liberal constrainty party of the county of Cumbertland, and citizens of the town of Amherst, cannot permit you to re-enter your old constitutency without expressing our continued admiration and confidence in your honorable career and extending to you a cordial welcome to your native province and the area of public affairs.

We must express our regrets that the county which had the honor of returning you as its representative contituously for upwards of thirty years, is not again to depend the party. Over 200 people were in a special train, placel at their disposal by Manager Cowans. Representatives were present from Advocate, Port Greville, Parrsboro, Oxford, Pugwash and many other towns in the vicinity. Nothing could exceed the warmth with which Sir Charles was greeted. In response Sir Charles spoke in his usual felicitous style.

AT TRURO.

Enthusiastic as were the receptions at the other towns along the railway, the ovation at Trouro at ten o'clock tonight eclipsed them all. A great throng crowded the spacious station and heartily cheered Nova Scotla's famours son as he stepped from the car.

throng crowded the spacious station and heartily cheered Nova Scotia's Canadian birthright, that the interests of Canada have ever been nearest your affections, that wherever Canada's honor or trade has been endangered you have never been afraid to speak and act with promptness and vigor on her behalf, and that you have done much to elevate Canada and Canadians in the minds of the British public, has been fully acknowledged by your political opponents as well as by your friends. famous son as he stepped from the car He was escorted to Gunn's Opera house, accompanied by the Truro band. Notwithstanding the lateness of hour, the Opera house was packed to its fullest capacity with an audience into the car were ex-Mayor Sumner, M. P. P., J. W. Y. Smith, John L. Harris, C. P. Harris, G. F. Marsters, L. Higgins, J. M Wallace, David Trites, M. G. Teed Rev. Fr. Cormier, R. A. Borden, H. G. Woodman, K. C. Donald, Mr. Pottinger, T. V. Cooke, E. C. Cole, Geo. Blakney, Dr. F. J. White, C. J. Butcher, F. Reed, Wm. Weldon and J. W. Henderson.

Mr. Masters read the address for the Moncton Liberal-Conservative association, which, among other things. that made the roof ring with the en-D. H. Muir, Dr. J. H. McKay, C. B. Whidden, ex-M. P. P., ex-Warden James Graham, Hector Sutherland, J. E. Bigelow, Joseph A. Chisholm, William Craig, Hugh Graham, George more legs, which ing to the severity McLean, George A. Hall, W. B. Alley, C. W. Lunn. A large number of ladies comprised a part of the audience. The Pictou counties conservative associa tions was read by Dr. Mackay. The audience gave Sir Charles a greeting as he rose to reply that might gladden the heart of any idol of the people.

DOGS RESCUED BY DOGS 10 Imprisoned in a Rabbit Warren for Thirteen Days

(Chicago Tribune.) One of the most peculiar incidents in the annals of animal instinct occurred at Santa Fe, a small village near Peru, Ind., the facts of which, as reported, are as follows: Squire Thorne, of the village mentioned, 's one of the best known characters in ing dogs, and the general supposition was that they had been stolen. Yessir Charles Tupper in replying was that they had been stolen. Yestoudly chered. After rendering thanks terday, however, he was surprised to see one of his pet dogs walk into the house, followed a minute later by the house, followed a minute later by the that he was re-entering public life at other, both wearing the appearance of what he believed to be the demand of utter destitution.

the great liberal conservative party. Investigation revealed the following said in part: "I am delighted beyond facts. While out hunting, William Investigation revealed the following acclamation with which my return to public life has been greeted by that party. I am still more fattered to find the second two of his dogs showed to be the second two of his dogs showed two of his dogs sh public life has been greeted by that of his dogs showed uneasiness at a party. I am still more flattered, how-hole in the ground. Nothing he could ever, at the wild denunciations with do would induce the dogs to leave the which my return to public life have been greeted by our opponents. (Laughter and cheers). I do not flatter myself for a single moment with the belief that these denunciations are sincere further than this, that our opponents believe the necessaries of their position demand that they should assail in the most violent and extrava-

assail in the most violent and extrava-days, and were nearly famished. On their return to the squire's house they turn to the house of commons and to public life in this country they feel is rescued them, and prompt treatme ringing the death knell of their hopes. saved the lives of both.

THE PURPLE EAST. (William Watson in The Westminster Gazette.)

(Cheers).
They therefore have adopted, I think

very unadvisedly, the policy of calumny and slander and malignant

aspersions of my character. This is

unfortunate for them on two grounds. First, because after having stood in public life for more than forty years,

they have no policy that commends them to the people of Canada, and

Never, O craven England, nevermore Prate thou of generous effort, righteous aim! Betrayer of a people, know thy shame! Summer hath passed, and Autumn's threshing floor Been winnowed; Winter at Armenia's door Snarls like a wolf; and still the sword and flame

public life for more than forty years, I defy any number of men in that party to maintain one single assertion that will touch my character or honor. (Cheers). In the second place, it is unfortunate for them because there is no man of intelligence in this dominion who does not know that the fiame
Sleep not; thou only sleepest; and the same
Cry unto Heaven ascends as heretotore;
And the red stream thou mightest have
stanched yet runs;
And o'er the earth there sounds no trumpet's tone
To shake the ignoble torpor of thy sons;
But with indifferent eyes they watch and see
Hell's regent sitting yonder, propped by
theeminion who does not know that the reason they meet me with this scur-rility and malignant slander is because Abdul the Damned, on his infernal throne.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

A Subscribe son Term WEITERLY, AUS.

when we speak of the laws of here-dity, and that degree of sagacity, pa-tience, judgment and skill essential La producing a horse, cow, sheep, or fowl possessing in a superlative degree the characteristic excellence common to the best individuals of their severa produce a new type, in which are con bined the valuable qualities in two more breeds and is able to transm intensify and make persistent these traits and qualities, we call him a breeder, The breeder must bring to his work a different equipment, both ha-tural and acquired, from that of the horseman, flockman, feeder or dairy-

Strictly considered, the function the successful stock raiser or dairy man may be limited to the keeping an man may be limited to the keeping and proper management of such animals as are known to possess the best adapted to the purpose for which they are kept, and the use of such means and methods as are best suited to secure the largest profit from the labor and capital employed, with the least hazard and loss. The function of the breeder may not be defined within breeder may not be defined within these narrow limits. A definite and in telligently conceived standard of exce lence must be set up. Experience, judg ment, skill, and patience must aid in laying ancestral foundations, and these nust be so built upon that this stan dard may be realized or approximated. Education and experience are ess tial in this line of work, but the sagacity, the faculty to discern the con-ditions and successfully meet the requirements upon which success de-pends must be born in the man. A live stock grower may learn that like begets like, that prepotency inheres in paternity, rather than in maternity; that treatment, food, care and the like are potent in developing disposition, constitution, functional capacity and specific performance, but the faculty that discovers superiority, in company with or half hidden by inferiority, that is able by patience, and skill to eliminate inferiority, and preserve and intensify and make persistent and sufound in the best families of horses, perior qualities and characteristics cattle, sheep, poultry, and swine, together with a love for the task, is born, not made. Among the names of their race, whose genius and accom-plishments have commanded recogniion and reward, none are more worthy of permanent respect than those w have given us the noted families our domestic animals in their symmetry and excellence.

RHFIIMATISM IN HOGS.

This is a very common disease amon pigs, especially young ones. It is im-possible to say what causes rheumaconditions, where the pigs are well kept, or where they are not. Symptoms: There is lameness in one or more legs, which is noticable accord-ing to the severity of the case. The joints often swell at the fetlocks. When the muscles are affected, it must assume the form of imflammatory rheumatism and will cause an elevation of temperature and sickness. In such case the animal will be very stiff and refuse its food, its breathing dry, and if the animal is made to'move it may squeal with pain. When the legs are the parts affected it may shift from one leg to the other, but if the joints swell it will likely remain stationary until relieved. Treatment: Keep the animal in a comfortable place, and if it is in good flesh give it a dose of epsom salts, one or two ounces, or it may be dropped in the mouth. Croton oil seems to be a use ful medicine in rheumatism. Follow this by giving ten to fifteen drops of oil of gaultheria to the adult pig three times a day in a little sweet oil. For pigs two or three months old give this part of the state. A few days half this quantity. I have given iodide ago he missed two of his best hunt-ing dogs, and the general supposition ten-grain doses two or three times a day in a little water with good results but I have excellent results by giving see one of his pet dogs walk into the the oil of gaultheria. Rub the sore swollen joints with equal parts of turpentine and sweet oil. In cases of inflammatory rheumatism, after giving the physic, give from three to five drops of the tincture of aconite every two hours for the first two days, hen give the oil of gualtheria as directed.

Sprains-Young and old pigs are able to sprains of the ligament at the top of the hoof and fetlock joint, which may be mistaken for rheumatism, as the symptoms resemble it; but as the treatment for rheumatism of the joints will answer the purpose for sprains, it will make no difference if a istake is made.-Dr. McIntosh.

Making a farm Roll r. The roller ought to be more com monly used on the farm in fining the soil for a seedbed, as well as in pack-ing down the soil about the seed when sown. A roller may be made by covering old mowing machine wheels in the manner suggested in the sketch, the narrow strips of plank having slots cut in them to fit projections on the wheels. When the strips are in place,



shrink an iron hoop around each end Old wagon tires are useful for this purpose. The ends may be boarded up to keep out the dirt. Beveling each strip makes a neater job, but this is

Advertise in THE WHERLY SUN.

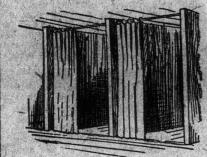
OF COURSE YOU HAVE.

Win in Breeding as in Every Other Line.

who thinks he knows, and who really does not know, what constitutes cordoes not know, what constitutes correct type in the breed of dogs he is breeding, always considers his dogs better than those at any kennels he has visited or at the shows, In many cases he is honest in saying so, as he becomes wedded to some type or style of his own, and not knowing the correct type, naturally includes the dogs of his brother breeders are "off," when in reality his are wrong. Again there ar instances where breders made such renarks, that they are not so ignorremarks, that they are not so ignorant as selfish and stubborn. On the other hand, as is often the case, where a breeder has some really good specimens of nearly correct type, and he is continually studying his animals, and has not been away from home, or on a visit to other kennels, or to a show for considerable time, he will, so to speak, "get an attack of the blues," and he will about conclude there is no use trying, he can't get them anywhere near right. His old stock does not look as good as of yore, and he imagines his last matings were wrong, as the pure do not come up to his exas the pups do not come up to his ex-pectations. Let me say right here, the best and surest cure I know of, is to start right out on a visit to two or three other breeding kennels. Spend a day at each, as it will do you good look the stock over thoroughly, then look each dog over again. You will see scmething the second time you did not see the first. Compare them with those at home and I'll wager "five to

one" your dogs appear better than they did before you left home. Certainly you may see one, two, or several better than any you own, but they are really not as much better as you ex-pected. You see plenty that are no better than several you own, and several poorer, than anything you have on your place. The pupples you see are not in any better, and often in far poorer, condition than yours, and as an average are no more typical. You feel encouraged and quite well satisfied with what you have and you return with that same old resolve "wait until next season, and then I'll have them better yet." That's right, that's the stuff true blue fanciers are made of, and they are the men that eventually do breed the good ones. Brains, time and determination, are bound to win. This is good advice, not only to dog breeders, but to breeders of sheep, swine, cattle and horses, all should follow the advice here given.

Where the horse stalls are at one side of a stable, and not shut off from the large open space by a close partition, the occupants of the stalls are likely to suffer from cold during severe weather, even though well blanketed. Much more feed is consumed in this way, the extra amount doing the animal no good except to aid in keeping



STABLE PORTIERES

him warm. Moreover, chilly quarters tend to get an animal out of condi-tion, and so less able to do his work A plan is suggested in the accompanying sketch for keeping horses warm in such open stables. A stout wire or light iron rod is stretched across the rear of the stall near the ceiling, and on this is hung a curtain of burlap or old carpeting. On cold hights and days this can be drawn across the opening, to the great com-fort of the occupant of the stall. Rings of stout wire hold the curtain to the

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

Simple Freezing Apparatus-Testing Milk by Freezing.

H. N. Warren suggests that a simple and powerful freezing apparatus can be made by placing 10 c. e. each N. Warren suggests that a simof ether and corbon disulphide in a small distilling flask, which is placed neck of the flask is passed a rubber tube, terminating in a glass point, which should almost touch the surface of the ether. A current of air is then forced into the flask by means of a corstant-acting bellows. As the mixture vaporizes the temperature sinks almost to zero, and ice begins to form. The inventor has frozen a liter of water in this manner in half an hour, when the temperature of the room was 70 degrees F.

Professor M. Winter, who has specially investigated serum and milk, has observed that the freezing point of organic liquids is invariably below that of pure water. He suggests from this that freezing is a convenient means of recognizing the adulteration of milk with water.

The vocal chords in action have been photographed by Professor Hallock and Mr. Muckey, who have thus shown that the pitch of a note is raised by rotating the arytenoid cartilage without stretching the cords at all; much as a riolinist makes high notes by shortening the strings by the pressure of his

Poison and Politics.

Fox, the English statesman, was once approached with the proposition which he indignantly declined, to poison the Emperor Napoleon. But long before the time of Fox, the Romans had rejected a scheme to poison Pyrrhus while Tiberius refused to entertain a proposition to poison the German General Company of the Company o era! Arminius.

We May Come to This. "I want a fine, juicy steak, waiter." "Yes, sir. Cart or carriage, sir?"—De roit Free Press. Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN.

FANCIER'S POULTRY HOUSE.

Fifty Hens Ought to Furnish Eggs for a

Pamily the winter through.

Poultry keeping presents no greater source of profit than the winter egg supply. Fifty hens ought to furnish groceries for an average family the winter through, They will do this all summer, when eggs are worth half a cent apiece, and why not in the winter, when eggs oftentimes reach four times that price? Poor hens, fat hens, lazy hens, or rather improper food which makes them such, will hinder egg production; but the best of food given in the most approved way will not prothe most approved way will not pro-duce eggs unless the hens are provided with comfortable quarters. Horses, cat-tle, hogs, are well provided for, but the hens—well, they're only hens and don't amount to much anyway. Don't amount to much? "I have sold \$90 worth of eggs since Jan. 1," said a neighbor on an early spring day; 100 hens bringing the value of a half dozen hogs, and the hens left. This result was produced by a warm sod hen



A FANCIER'S POULTRY HOUSE use, and sunny nooks in convenient straw piles, in addition to judicious treatment. There was no extra ex-pense, and this is the point I want to treatment. make. Comfort can be secured with little outlay.

"Yes, my hens never lay in the winter, so I pack for my own use in the fall," a friend said recently. Quite a contrast to the above, but who could wonder? About the same number of ns crowded into a light board 8x10 house on a well-improved farm, too, There is no one so poor or no farm so destitute that a few dozen hens can not be comfortably housed. Corn fodder can be set up around a board house or a few posts and boards can be covered with straw, making a place where the hens will delight to pick and scratch holes in the straw. There'll be eggs in some of these holes. Temporary additions can be made in this way if the houses are small. I want such a one with a south exposure, where the chicks can hunt for their grain this winter, with the hen house floor a foot and a half above ground. I have go and dig in the dirt. There will be ear corn there for them to labor with. They must have employment of some kind.

ORIGIN OF PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

Said to Be a Cross Between a Dominique

A woman in Texas writes as follows: "Will you please inform me of the ori-gin of the Barred and White Plymouth Rocks? I have bred both for some time, but never have found out their origin, with the exception of the Langshan. I have kept other kinds of fowl, but, the Plymouth Rocks are the best layers I have had.

The origin of all breeds, except perhaps, the Golden Wyandotte, is clo ed in mystery. The originator of this variety tells us how he made them. And, as he lives now, and we have his word for it, we are certain that we have authentic and positive informa-tion as to the origin of this one breed. But who originated the grand Barred

Here is a fowl originated in the lifetime of many people living to-day, and yet the oldest breeders, right in the section where the Plymouth Rock is supposed to have originated, are totally unable to tell of its origin, or who really perfected it. Even so old and dis-tinguished a breeder as I. K. Felch can not tell. And Wallace, in his book on Barred and White Plymouth Rocks, is unable to tell what our correspondent asks. We quote from Wal-

lace, as follows:
"The Plymouth is said to have or ginated from a cross between a Don que cock and Black Java hen." present Plymouth Rock is in no wise connected only in name, to the fowl produced by Dr. Bennett. Who originated the modern Plymouth Rock is a matter of dispute. Gles. Drake, Ramsdell and Upham are mentioned, but to whom the honor is due will perhaps forever remain unknown. Such a state of affairs should not exist. To say that the origin of a fowl made right in our midst, and but recently, can not be told is amazing. But, when it comes to the White Plymouth Rock, we have semething more authentic. Mr. Wallace says this variety originated with Mr. O. F. Frost of Maine, about 16 years ago, dating from 1888, when his book was written, and that is an offshoot of the Barred Rock. He claims it shoot of the Barred Rock, he claims in to be a sport—a sport from the Bar-red variety. And that is all we know of the origin of the White Plymouth Rock. The origin of the Jaya is unknown. We know nothing of the ori-gin of the modern American Domini-que, or the Silver Wyandottes. One thing is pretty sure. The Barred Plymouth Rock owes its origin to the old Dominiques and Black Javas. But the originator of this great fowl will never have his name handed down to fame and posterity.

About irtichakes. About Artichokes.

In order to add to a variety of chear home-grown feed for hogs, I concluded to try artichokes. I planted a bushel last spring and raised something like a hundrd bushels. I do not know how much nutriment there was in them, but hogs enjoy them, and I think they are good for them. I had thought of planting on a larger scale next spring, but I notice in Farm and Fireside an editorial condemning them as side an editorial condemning them as pests of which one cannot rid his land. I do not care for their being hard to kill out on the particular spot where they are planted, for if they are of real value I can afford to give them a permanent place, but if they are at all inclined to spread to adjoining fields. I do not want many of them. I would like to hear from any one who knows about them, and especially those who have had experience.

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"SAY SO" THE SUBJECT OF DR. TAL-MAGE'S DISCOURSE-

The Eminent Divine Believes in Ontspoken Religion-Nothing Can Stard Before Prayer-Let the Redeemed Show Their Colors-Personal Testimony.

Washington, Jan. 19.-Rev. Dr. Talmage never produced a more practical and suggestive sermon than this of to-day. We believe it will stir Christendom. His subject was "Say so," and the text selected was Psalms cvli, 2, "Let the redeemed of the Lord say

An overture, an antiphon, a doxology is this chapter, and in my text David calls for an outspoken religion and requests all who have been rescued and blessed no longer to hide the splenthem and, as far as possible, let all the world know about it. "Let the redeemed of the land say so." There is a sinful reticence which has been almost canonized. The people are quite as outspoken as they ought to be on all subjects of politics and are be on all subjects of politics and are fixent and voluble on the Venezuelan question and bimetallism and tariffs, high and low and remodeled, and fe-male suffrage and you have to skill-fully watch your chance if you want to put into the active conversation a modest suggestion of your own, but on the subject of divine goodness, religious experience and eternal bless-edness they are not only silent, but boastful of their reticence. Now, if you have been redeemed of the Lord why do you not say so? If you have in your heart the pearl of great price, worth more than the Kohinoor among worth more than the Kohinoor among Victorian jewels, why not let others see it? If you got off the wreck in breakers, why not tell of the crew and the stout lifeboat that safely landed you? If from the fourth story you are rescued in time of conflagra-tion, why not tell of the fireman and the ladder down which he carried you? If you have a mansion in heaven awaiting you, why not show the deed to those who may by the same process get an emerald castle on the same boulevard? By the last two words of my text David calls upon all of us who have received any mercy at the hand of God to stop impersonating the asy-lums for the dumb, and in the presence of men, women, angels, devils and all worlds, "say so."

In these January days thousands of ministers and private Christians are wondering about the best ways of starting a revival of religion. I can tell you a way of starting a revival, continental, hemispheric and world-wide. You say a revival starts in heaven. Well, it starts in heaven just as a prosperous harvest starts in heaven. The sun must shine, and the rains must descend, but unless you plow and sow and cultivate the earth you will not raise a bushel of wheat or a peck of corn between now and the end of revival start? By all Christian people telling the story of their own peaple tening the story of their own conversion. Let the men and women get up next week in your prayer meet-ing, and, not in a conventional or cant-ing or doleful way, but in the same they employ in the family or ed the line, and the revival will begin then and there if the prayer meeting has not been so dull as to drive out all except those concerning whom it was foreordained from all eternity that they should be there. There are so many different ways of being conso that our own case may be helped. It always puts me back to hear only one kind of experience, such as a man gives when he tells of his Pauline conversion—how he was knocked senseless and then had a vision and heard voices and after a certain number of days of horror got up and shouted for joy. All that discourages me, for I was never knocked senseless, and I never had such a sudden burst of religious rap-ture that I lost my equilibrium. But after a while a Christian man got up in some meeting and told how he was ught up by a devout parentage and had always been thoughtful about re-ligious things, and gradually the peace the gospel came into his soul like the dawn of the morning-no perceptible difference between moment and moment—but after awhile all pertur-bation settled down into a hope that had consoled and strengthened him during all the vicissitudes of a life-time. I said, "That is exhiliarating; that was my experience." And so I

was strengthened... her prayer meeting a man got up and told us how he once hated God, and went through all the round of iniquity until we were all on nettles lest he should go too much into the particne should go too much into the particulars, but one day he was by some religious power hurled flat, and then got up a Christian, and had ever since been going around with a Baxter Bible with large flaps under his arm, a floating evangelist. Well, under this story many are not helped at all, for they know they never hated God and they were never dissolute. But after were never dissolute. But after awhile some Christian woman arises and says: "I have nothing extraor-Yet I think the cares of life, the anxieties about my children, and two graves opened in our family plot made me feel the need of God, and weak and helpless and heartbroken I flung myself upon his mercy, and I feel what the Bible calls the 'peace of God which passeth all unthat I may live nearer to the Christ who has done so much for me." I declare that before that woman got through we were all crying, not bitter tears, but tears of joyful emotion, and in three days in that neighborhood all ice had gone out of the river in a ingtime freshet of salvation. "Let redeemed of the Lord say so." ed of the Lord say so."

I have but little interest in what beeple say about religion as an abstracpeople say about rengion as an interest in tion, but I have illimitable interest in what people say about what they have ally felt of religion. It was expersonally felt of rengion. It was pression of his own gratitude for personal salvation which led Charles Wesley, after a season of great despond-ency about his soul and Christ had spoken pardon, to write that immortal

bright boy of the White House, that he said, "I now see as never before the preciousness of God's love in Jesus Christ and how we are brought near to God as our Father by him."

What a thrill went through the meeting in Portland, Ore., when an ex-Attorney-General of the United States arose and said: "Last night I got up and asked the prayers of God's peoarose and said: "Last night I got up and asked the prayers of God's people. I feel now perfectly satisfied. The burden is rolled off and all gone, and I feel that I could run or fly into the arms of Jesus Christ."

What a record for all time and eternity was made by Gellacious, the play actor, in the theater at Hellopolis. A burlesque of Christianity was put upon the stage. In derision of the ordinance

the stage. In derision of the ordinance of baptism a bathtub, filled with water, was put upon the stage, and another actor, in awful blasphemy, dipped Gellacious, pronouncing over him the words, "I baptize thee in the name of the Father, of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost." But coming forth from the burlesque baptism he looked changed, and was changed, and he cried out to the audience: "I am a Christian. I will die as a Christian." Though he was dragged out and stoned to death, they could not drown the testimony made under such awful circumstances. "I am a Christian. I will die as a Christian." "Let the redeem ed of the Lord say so."

What a confirmation would come if what a confirmation would come if all who had answers to prayers would speak out; if all merchants in tight places because of hard times would tell how, in response to supplication, they got the money to pay the note; if all farmers in time of drought would tell how, in answer to prayer, the rain if all parents who prayed for a wan-dering son to come home would tell how, not long after, they heard the boy's hand on the latch key of the

Samuel Hick, an English Methodist preacher, solicited aid for West India missions from a rich miser and falled. Then the minister dropped on his knees and the miser said, "I will give thee a guinea if thou wilt give over." But the minister continued to pray, until the miser said, "I will give thee two guineas if thou wilt give over." Then the money was taken to the missionary meeting. Oh, the power of prayer! Melanchthon, utterly discouraged. Melanchthon, utterly discouraged, was passing along a place where children were heard praying, and he came back, saying, "Brethren, take courage. The children are praying for us." No-The children are praying for us." Nothing can stand before prayer. An infidel came into a Bible class to ask puzzling questions. Many of the neighbors came in to hear the discussion. The infidel arose and said to the leader of the Bible class, "I hear you allow questions asked?" "Oh, yes," said the leader, "but at the start lefus kneel down and ask God to guide us!" "Oh, no," said the infidel, "I did not come to pray. I came to discuss." us!" "Oh, no," said the infidel, "I did not come to pray, I came to discuss." "But," said the leader, "you will of course submit to our rule, and that is tath schools, in unheard of places who always to begin with prayer." The leader knelt in prayer, and then arose and said to the infidel, "Now you pray." The infidel replied, "I cannot pray. I have no God to pray to. Let

prayer was answered. Then let us say There lingers on this isde of the river that divides earth and heaven, ready at any time to cross over, the apostle of prayer for this century, Jeres Calvin Lanphier, the founder of the Fulton street prayer meeting, and it he should put on his psectacles and read this I salute him as more qualified than any man since Bible times in demonstrating what prayer can do. Dear Brother Lanphier! The high heavens are full of his fame. Having announced a meeting for 12 o'clock Sept. 23, 1857, he sat in the upper room on Fulton street, New York, waiting for peo-ple to come. He waited for a half hour, and then a footfall was heard on the steps, and after awhile in all six persons arrived, but the next day twenty, and the next day forty, and from that time to this, for over 38 years, every day, Sabbath excepted, that Fulton street prayer meeting has been a place where people have asked prayer and answers to prayer have been announce ed, and the throb of that great heart of supplication has thrilled not only into the heavens, but clear around the world, more than any spot on earth. That has been the place where the re-

deemed of the Lord said so! Let the same outspokenness be employed toward those by whom we have personally advantaged. We wait until they are dead before we say so. Your parents have planned for your best interests all these years. They may sometimes, their nervous system used up by the cares, the losses, the disappointments, the worriments of life, be more irritable than they ought life, be more irritable than they ought to be, and they probably have faults which have become oppressive as the years go by. But those eyes, long before they took on spectacles, were watching for your welfare, and their hands, not as smooth and much more deeply lined than once, have done for you many a good day's work. Life has been to them more of a struggle than you will ever know about, and much of the struggle has been for you and how much they are wrapped up in and how much they are wrapped up in your welfare you will never appreciate. Have you by word or gift or behavior expressed your thanks? Or if you cannot quite get up to say it face to

face, have you written it in some holi-day salutation? The time will pass and they will be gone out of your sight, and, their ears will not hear, and their eyes will not see. If you owe them any kindness of deed or any words of appreciation, why do you not say so? How much we might all of us save ourselves in the matter of regrets if we did not delay until too late an expression of obligation that would have made the last years of earthy life more attractive. The grave is deaf, and epitaphs on cold marble cannot

In conjugal life the honeymo soon past, and the twain take it for granted that each is thoroughly understood. How dependent on each other they become, and the years go by, and perhaps nothing is said to make the hymn:
Oh, for a thousand tongues to sing
My great Redeemer's praise!
It was after Abraham Lincoln had been comforted in the loss of Tad, the course that the two will, Advertise in THE WEEKLY SUN. . THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR,

alk the path of life side by side untn | srind and a conflic., he editary der bout the same time their journey dendes to be overcome, accidental er chout the same time their journey shall be ended, but some sudden and appalling illness unlooseness the right hands that were clasped years before at the altar of orange blossoms, the parting takes place, and, among the worst of all the sorrow is that you did not oftener if you ever did at all, tell there never so much as had a 1032 pin ned to their coat label in admiration. They never had a song dedicated to their or tell him how indispensable she was or how indispensable he was to your happiness, and that in some plain, square talk long ago you did not ask for forgiveness for infirmities and neglects, and by some unlimited utterance make it understood that you fully appreciated the fidelity and re-enforcement of many years. Alas, how me ny such have to lament the rest of their lives, "Oh, if I had only said so !"

They never so much as had a 1032 pin ned to their coat label in admiration. They never had a song dedicated to their name. They never had a song dedicated t

My subject takes a wider range. The Lord has hundreds of thousands of people among those who have never joined the army because of some high ideal of what a Christian should be, or because of a fear that they may not hold out, or because of a spirit of procrastination. They, have never publicly professed Christ. They have as much right to the sacraments and as much right to the sacraments and as much right to all the privileges of the church as thousands who have for years been enrolled in church mem-bership, and yet they have made no positive utterance by which the world may know they love God and are on the road to heaven. They are redeemed of the Lord, and yet do not say so. Oh what an augmentation it would be if by some divine impulse all those outsiders should become insiders! of tell you what would bring them to their right places, and perhaps nothing else will. Days of persecution If they were compelled to take sides as between Christ and His enemies, they would take the side of Christ and the faggots, and the instruments of torture, and the anathemas of all earth and hell would not make then blanch. Martyrs are made out of such stuff as they are. But let them not wait for such days, as I pray to God may never come. Drawn by the sense of fairness and justice and obligation, let them show their colors. Let the re-

deemed of the Lord say so! This chapter from which I take my text mentions several classes of persons who ought to be outspoken.
Aniong them all those who go on a journey. What an opportunity you have, you who spend so much of your time on rail trains or on shipboard whether on lake or river or sea

There are many Christian we out any recognition. They go and come, and no one cheers them. Per-haps all the reward they get is harsh me go! Let me go!" The spectators, who expected fun, found nothing-but overpowering solemnity, and a revival started, and among the first who were brought in was the infidel. That prayer did it. In all our lives there have been times when we felt that prayer was answered. Then let us say criticism, or repulse, or their own fatigue. If you have ever heard of almost in despair because of the ing lack of results. One word from you may be an ordination that will start them on the chief work of their lifetime. A Christian woman said to her pastor: "My usefulness is done. I do not know why my life is spared any longer, because I can do no good."
Then the pastor replied: "You do me great good every Sabbath." She asked: "How do I do you any good?" and he replied: "In the first place, you are always in your seat in the church, and that helps me, and in the second place you are always wide awake and alert, looking right, up into my face, and that helps me; and in the place I often see tears running down your cheeks, and that helps me." What a good thing he did not wait until she was dead before he said so!

There are hundreds of ministers who have hard work to make sermons because no one expresses any apprecia-tion. They are afraid of making him vain. The moment the benediction is pronounced they turn on their heels and go out. Perhaps it was a subject on which he had put especial pains. He sought for the right text, and then did his best to put the old thought into some new shape. He had prayed that it might go to the hearts of the people. He had added to the argument the most vivid illustrations he could think of. He had delivered all with a power that left him nervously exhausted. Five hundred people, may have been blessed by it, and received have been blessed by it, and received upon a higher life and nobler purposes. Yet all he hears is the clank of the pew Yet all he hears is the clank of the pew door, or the shuffling of feet in the eisle, or some remark about the weather, the last resort of inanity. Why did not that man come up and say frankly: "You have done me good?" Why did not some woman come up and say, "I shall go home to take up the burden of life more cheerfully?" Why did not some professional man come up did not some professional man come up and say: "Thank you, dominie, for that good advice? I will take it. God bless you." . Why did they not tell him so? I have known ministers, in the

nervous reaction that comes to some after the delivery of a sermon with no seeming result, to go home and roll But to make up for this lack of out-

spoken religion there needs to be and will be a great day when, amid the solemnities and grandeuss of a listen-ing universe, God will "say so." No statistics can state how many mothers have rocked cradles and hovered over infantile sickness and brought up their families to manhood and womanhood and launched them upon useful and successful lives and yet never received one "Thank you!" that amounted to anything. The daughters became

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washed and made white in the blood of the lamb." God will say so! We miss one of the chief id as of a last judgment. We put into the picture the fire, and the smoke, and the earth-quake, and the descending angels, and the uprising dead, but we omit to put into the picture that which makes the

last judgment a magnificent oppor-tunity. We omit the fact that it is to be a day of glorious explanation and commendation. The first justice that millions of unrewarded and unrecognized and unappreclated men and wo-men get will be on that day when services that never called forth so peal or diamond type, as the printers term it, shall be called up for corona-tion. That will be the day of enthrone-ment for those whom the world called "nobodies." Joshoua, who commanded "nobodles." Joshoua, who commanded the sun and moon to stand still, needs no last judgment to get justice done him, but those men do need a last judgment who at times, in all armies, under the most violent assault, in obedience to command, themselves stood still. Deborah, who encouraged large to be be to be the still. Barak to bravery in battle against the oppressors of Israel, needs no last judgment to get justice done her for thousands of years have clapped her applause. But the wives who in all ages have encouraged their husbands to the battles of life, women whose names were hardly known beyond the next street or the next farmhouse, must have God say to them: "You did well! You did gloriously! I saw you down in that dairy. I watched you in the old farmhouse mending those children's clothes. I heard what you said in the way of cheer when the breadwinner of the househould was in despair. I remember all the sick cradles you have sung to. I remember the backaches, the headaches, the heartaches; I know the story of your knitting needle as well as I know the story of a queen's scepter. Your castle on the heavenly hill is all ready for your castle on the heavenly hill is all ready for you. Go up and take it!" And turning to the surprised multitudes of heaven he will say: "She did what she could." God will say so.

And now I close with giving my own personal testimony, for I must not enjoin upon others that which I decline myself to do. Born at Bound Brook, N.J., of a parentage as pious as the world ever saw, I attest before earth and heaven that I have always felt the elvating and restraining influences of having had a good father and a good mother, and if I am able to do half as well for my children as the old folks did for me I will be thankful forever. The years of my life passed on until, at about 18 years of age, I felt the pressure of eternal realities, and after prayer and religious counsel I ed into what I took to be a saved state, and joined the church, and I attest before earth and heaven that I have found it a most helpful and inspiring association. I like the com-panionship so well that I cannot be satisfied if I have a day less of it than all eternity. After graduating at col-legiate and theological institutions I had the hands of ten or twelve good men put upon my head in solemn or-dination at Belleville, N.J., and I attest before earth and heaven that the work of the gospel ministry has been delightful, and I expect to preach until my last hour. Many times I have passed through deep water and bereavement, and but for the divine promise of heavenly reunion I would have gone under, but I attest before earth and heaven that the comfort of the gospel is high, deep, glorious, eternal. Many times have I been maligned and my work misrepresented, but all such false-hood and persecution have turned out for my advantage and enlarged my work, and I attest before earth and heaven that God has fulfilled to me the promises, "Lo, I am with you always! and the gates of hell shall not prevail against you!" For the cheer of younger men in all

departments let me say you will come out all right if you mind your own business and are patient. The assault of the world is only being rubbed down by a rough Turkish towel, and it improves the circulation and makes one more vigorous. While the future holds for me many mysteries which I do not pretend to solve: I am living in expectation and when my poor work is done, I shall go through the gates and meet my Lord and all my kindred and who have preceded me, a precious group whom I miss more and more as the years go by, and I attest before earth and heaven that the glories of the heavenly world illumine my pathway. In courts of law the witness may kiss the Bible or lift his right hand in oath, but as I have often kies. hand in oath, but as I have often kissed the dear old book I now lift my right to take oath by Him that liveth forever and ever that God is good, and that the gospel is a mighty consolation in days of trouble, and that the best friend a man ever had is Jesus, and that heaven is absolutely sure to those who trust and serve the blessed Redeemen, to whom be glory and do-minion and victory and song, and chorus of white robed immortals standing on seas of glass mingled with fire. Amen and amen!

Turnpike on His Hands Isaac W. Raven of Millheim, became the owner of a turnpike the other day that he didn't know what to do with. Three years ago he was thrown one "Thank you!" that amounted to anything. The daughters became queens in social life or were affianced in higher realms of prosperity; the sone took the first honors of the university and became radiant in monetary or professional spheres. Now the secret of all that uplifted material influence must come out. Society did not say so, the church did not say so, the world did not say so, but on that day of all other days, the last day, God will say so.

There are men to whom life is a sufficient was Raven and he got the pike. Raven compromised with the company by giving back the turnpike and accepting \$3000 cash, they to pay all posts.—Boston Herald.

SERMON ON THE MOUNT.

FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, FEBRUARY 9.

Text of the Lesson: Luke vi., 41-49-Golden Texts Why Call Ye Me Lord, Lord, and Do Not the Things Which I Say? Luke vi., 46.

41. "And why beholdest thou the mote that is in thy brother's eye, but perceivest not the beam that is in thine own eye?" We have in this chapter own eye?" We have in this chapter the all night prayer, the choosing of the twelve apostles and the sermon on the plain, of which our lesson is the closing portion. It is sometimes called "The Sermon on the Mount," but, while it is somewhat the same in substance, as that discourse of our Lord, found in Math. x, to vii., a glance at verse 17 of our chapter will show that this discourse of the control of the c of our chapter will show that this dis-course must have been delivered at another time and certainly on a plain to which He had come down after choosing the tweive. He closes this discourse by telling them that the main thing for each one is to be right with God himself before he attempts to set his brother right, lest what seems like beam in our brother's eye may be due to a beam in our own eye, while

there is but a mote in our brother's 42. "Cast out first the beam out of thine own eye, and then shalt thou see clearly to pull out the mote that is in thy brother's eye." It is too often the case that in judging another we condomn ourselves, being guilty of the same things (Rom. ii., 1). In this very sermon, as well as the sermon on the mount (verse 37 and Math. vii. 1) He commands us to "judge not," and in L Cor. iv., 5, by the same Spirit through by the people of Cape Breton county. Paul, He commands us to "judge nothing before the time, until the Lord come who will make manifest the coun- Grand Narrows to Sydney, throngs of sels of the hearts." While we are not to judge others until we ourselves are more like Christ, we are always at liberty to judge ourselves (I. Cor. xi., 31) by the light of His life and His law, and this we should do continually, but the best way to do this is to set

law, and this we should do continually, but the best way to do this is to set the Lord always before us, and to let His presence and approval be the constructest.

43. "For a good tree bringeth not forth corrupt fruit; neither doth a corrupt tree bringeth forth good fruit." It seems to me that it is not another, but ourselves, we are to contemplate as the tree in question. Am I a plant or tree of the Lord's planting? For if not I shall some day be surely rooted up (Math. xv., 13)—in other words, unless I am born from above I shall surely perish, but if I have become a child of God by faith in Christ Jesus then I am a tree or plant of the Lord's planting, rooted and grounded in love (Eph. 44. "For every tree is known by his own fruit, for of the thorns men do not gather figs, nor of a bramble bush gather they grapes." When God created plants and trees, he caused that each should yield fruit after his kind (Gen. i., 11, 12). When He created man, He made him in His image, after His likeness, and commanded him to be fruitful, but before man began to be fruitful he sinned and fell and lost the image of God and begat children in his own likeness, after his limage (Gen. i., 27, 28; v, 3); hence every child of Adam has been born in sin, is a corrupt tree (Rom. viii., 7, 3), and cannot bear fruit unto God until made a good iree by being born again.

45. "For of the abundance of the heart his mouth measure of the beart his mouth measure of the largest planting within them to-day." The opinion of independent men is thus voiced by Rev. Father McPher-

bear fruit unto God until made a good tree by being born again.

45. "For of the abundance of the heart his mouth speaketh." A good man from the good treasures therein and an evil man from the evil treasures therein. There is no patchwork with God. He does not put new cloth upon an old garment nor new wine into old bottles (chapter v., 36-38). Not reformation, but regeneration, is the Lord's way of saving men. If any man be in Christ, he is a new creation, born of God. Christ has come to dwell in him, his body has become a temple of the Holy Spirit, and the old nature which once lived in us and controlled all things is now to be reckoned dead, wholly subdued.

46. "And why call ye me Lord, Lord," "And why call ye me Lord, Lord,

only be overthrown overthrown.

49. "But he that heareth and doeth not is like a man that without a foundation built an house upon the earth." There is no word about "coming to Christ" here, and therefore there is no foundation. It is simply hearing, and the hearing does no good because it is not mixed with faith (Heb. iv, 2), There may be a beautiful moral character, not mixed with faith (Heb. iv, 2), There may be a beautiful moral character, a fair exterior, but without a foundation all will be swept away. "The hall shall sweep away the refuge of lies and the waters shall overflow the hiding place" (Isa. xxviii. 17). In Luke viii, 21, Jesus says, "My mother and My brethren are these which hear the word of God and do it." By hearing and receiving we are saved (John v, 24; Rom. x, 17). Then by keeping the word we bring forth fruit with patience (Luke viii. 15).

Weak Women

and all mothers who are nursing babies derive great benefit from

Emulsion

The Secretary of State Given a Perfeet Ovation Along the Line.

Rev. Father McPherson Styles the Libera

Sydney, C. B., Jan 22 - Enthusiastic as was Sir Charles Tupper's reception at the chief towns along the Intercolonial railway during his trip down, it was nothing to be compared to the whole-souled welcome extended him Notwithstanding the driving snow, at every station along the line, from people had gathered to cheer the train bearing Sir Charles, as it swept by, and to catch a glimpse of the man grit leaders so dread, fear, hate and abuse. At Grand Narrows, Boiesdale, North Sydney, Leitch's Creek and Sydney addresses were presented, and the re-

the doubt thus voiced by Rev. Father McPhergood son, brother of Joseph McPherson, exgrit M. P. P., and a clergyman of great influence in the county. He said to the Sun correspondent: "Mr. Murray is a personal friend of mine and a gentleman for whom I have very great respect, but I regard his present candidature as the most unfortunate step he could take at the present time. He cannot have the slightest hopes of winning now, and this election will which once lived in us and controlled all things is now to be reckoned dead, wholly subdued.

46 "And why call ye me Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say?" He tells us in chapter xill. 25-77, that when the door has been shut many will saw the things which I say?" He they controlled the sermon on the mouty ou are. In the sermon on the mouty of the work of heaven, but he that doeth the will. 21) James tells us in chapter 1, 22, that we are to be doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving our own selves. It is the plain and universal teaching of Scripture that we are not saved by any works of ours, but wholly and only by the work of another, but if is equally plain that being saved by His work it is in order than saved by any works of ours, but wholly and only by the work of another, but if is equally plain that being saved by His work it is in order than search that see that the faith show you to whom he is like." Salvation is seen here in the "coming to Him." Compare John vi. 37, for if we are not cat. out we are surely accepted. Then comes the service included in "hearing and doing." See Eph. Il., 8, 9, and Titus iii. 5, on salvation apart from any works of ours, then see Eph. Il., 10, and Titus iii. 5, on works as the result of that salvation apart from any works of ours, then see Eph. Il., 10, and Titus iii. 5, on works as the result of that salvation for the sell of the sell destroy his prospects for the next decade. I find that people are overwhelmingly in favor of Sir Charles Tupper.

FOUND GUILTY.

Smith May be Placed on Trial for Perjury.

Hopewell Cape, Jan. 23.-In the case of the Queen v. Smith, the jury today brought in a verdict of guilty. His honor Judge Landry spoke to Hon. Wm. Pugsley in reference to the advisability of communicating with the attorney general, with a view to pro-secuting Smith for perjury, he having been called as a witness in his own defence. In the meantime the pris-oner was remanded to jail. He will be sentenced before the court disses

Scott's Emulsion. This preparation serves two purposes. It gives vital strength to mothers and also enriches their milk and thus makes their babies thrive.

is a constructive food that promotes the making of healthy tissue and bone. It is a wonderful remedy for Emaciation, General Debility, Throat and Lung Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Anaemia, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases of Children. Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free. Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

SIR CHARLES AT SYDNEY.

Opposition Most Unfortunate.

The opinion of indepe

"Don't you thin is a very sweet "Oh, yes, very st "that is to say, sh The Nova Scot offered a reward tion that will lead fired at and kill Alexander Horne, the door of his fa Bridge, Pictcu.

TELEGR QUEB

Montreal, Jan. 21 .-

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Cape Breton. Montreal, Jan. 24

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Montreal, Jan. 27.—

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Montreal, Jan. 22,-

ak Women mothers who are nursing lerive great benefit from Emulsion. This preparaves two purposes. It tal strength to mothers enriches their milk and

kes their babies thrive. Scott's mulsion

structive food that prohe making of healthy ad bone. It is a wonderedy for Emaciation, General Throat and Lung Complain Colds, Anaemia, Scrofula a Diseases of Children Scrofula and nphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.

ne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1,

HARLES AT SYDNEY. etary of State Given a Per-

vation Along the Line. McPherson Styles the Libera

si ion Most Unfortunate.

C. B., Jan. 22.-Enthusiastic Charles Tupper's reception ef towns along the Intercolvay during his trip down, it ng to be compared to the welcome extended him ple of Cape Breton county. tanding the driving snow, tation along the line, from rrows to Sydney, throngs of gathered to cheer the train Charles, as it swept by, ch a glimpse of the man grit dread, fear, hate and abuse. Narrows, Boiesdale, North eitch's Creek and Sydney adere presented, and the re-Charles were cheered

ose present can appreciate rally the heather is on fire inty and to what a pitch the of the sturdy highlanders raised. The better class of rarty depresated opposition arles' election, and many of not support their party. A -law of a cabinet minister ickenzie government, a life characterizes at as factious

eppett, one of the largest owners of North Sydney. Chomas Smith of the same had been elected delegates it convention, declined or, and will tomorrow atliberal conservative conven te for the nomination of Sir upper. Even the leaders who of fight a few days ago find ts sinking within them togrit convention was not at ous or enthusiastic, as it own Mr. Murray is running r the strongest pressure of e pullers at Halifax and

n of independent men is ed by Rev. Father McPher-er of Joseph McPherson, ex-P., and a clergyman of great n the county. He said to orrespondent: "Mr. Murray nal friend of mine and a genwhom I have very great it I regard his present canthe most unfortunate step ve the slightest hopes of low, and this election will s prospects for the next ded that people are overwhelm ake at the present time. He that people are overwhelfavor of Sir Charles Tupper. nited his party and created lasm that no other man ple of this county are fully honor and importance of their representative the minister and the most powical personage that Canada ced. It is specially approp-Sir Charles should be electmost easterly constituency This fact will do more than else to attract attention to on and canot fail to be bentill further uniting national welding the extremes of ion together. His defeat is, contemplated for a moment, ction of the majority ob-McKeen, if that be possible, interpreted as an evidence Breton no longer desired luty, which it owes almost ir Charles Tupper, and which not only to continued pres-

only one thing that the ve party have to fear in its majority," said Rev. Pherson in conclusion, "and er-confidence."

Cape Breton but to all Nova

twithstanding this the grit ill fight this election with action of despair. They have hly organized and unscrup-os of stump speakers cover-section of the county. As em said: "We will not only man the fight of his life. nake it a fight for his life. g is fair in war, and it is is to kill off your enemy as possible. Tupper is the foe sed by the grit party today, ust hound him out of the e hounded Joe. Howe out of

a frank confession, but it note of the grit plan

FOUND GUILTY.

be Placed on Trial for Perjury.

Cape, Jan. 23.-In the case en v. Smith, the jury today a verdict of guilty. His ge Landry spoke to Hon. y in reference to the adof communicating with the eneral, with a view to promith for perjury, he having d as a witness in his own In the meantime the pris-remanded to jail. He will ced before the court closes

TELEGRAPHIC

QUEBEC.

Montreal, Jan. 21.-It is now asc tained that all of the French libera members except Legris from Maskin onge will support Laurier's amend ment to the government bill of re dial legislation.

The conservatives of Montreal will organize a monster demonstration to Sir Charles Tupper on his return from

Montreal, Jan. 24.—Her majesty the Queen and Princess Beatrice have both cabled their thanks to Bishop Bond for the sympathy of the Montreal synod extended to the royal family.

Montreal, Jan. 22.—The cable to the

Star says: London, Jan. 22.—The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain made Hon.

Geo. Foster's reference in the Car house of comons to the empire's splen-did isolation the text of a stirring speech at the Queenslanders' banquet last night. He said that none of the silly talk of Great Britain's offence to foreign nations should prevent the strongest British efforts to be put forth to consolidate all the British peoples into a self-sustaining, self-protec-ting empire. The practical cable isolation of South Africa is expected to result in the addition of a South Af-rican delegate to the Pacific Cable conference. Mr. Chamberlain is also giving his attention to the extension of the Halifax-Bermuda cable to the West Indies to relieve these colonies

Lieut. Col. Lake, quartermaster gen eral of Canada, is here in close con-sultation with the colonial and war sultation with the colonial and war offices, and is pursuing his mission very quietly, but I believe he is finding the ministers anxious to eo-operate in every reasonable way in support of Canada's wishes respecting the defences. The officials say Canada's plans are not the result of the war scare. It is understood the dominion government is negotiating for Enfield rifles. The weapons combine the Martini lock with the Enfield barrel.

Oneshee Jan 27—The returns from

of the dependence upon the United

Quebec, Jan. 27.—The returns from Charlevoix, all of which are in except four polls, indicate that Angers, the liberal candidate, has been elected by 170 majority over Cimon, independent

spatch has been sent by the Junior Conservative club to Sir Charles Tupper in Cape Breton: "This club at its annual meeting assembled desires to welcome you back to the dominion and to Canadian public life, feeling that your return has already inspired new life into the party and will again."

The following desired to the conservative candidate and defeated the conservative candidate, the Hon. M. Adams. It is within the memory of most of the electors of this county—in fact it is a matter of history—that in 1872 Hon. Peter Mitchell was a member of the conservative government, under the leadership of the late Sir John A. Maddonald Vest in 1872 the Macdonald vest Montreal, Jan. 27.-The following denew life into the party and will again bring about the triumphant vindica-tion of conservative principles in Can-

MANITOBA.

quate returns for investment, the poor man, who would give his unremitting ald. In the election of 1882 Mr. Snow-toll to the cultivation of land is, in tall at first took the field against Mr. many cases, unable to come. After all, there can be no doubt that the influx of many industrious colonists without money would be of more fasting benefit to a country than the coming of a ada is populated by farmers who change natrual resources into national wealth, the capitalists will need no coaxing to venture investment. The problem, then, for an immigration convention is, to formulate some tangible plan, to outline some practicable scheme by which desirable settlers can be aided at first. What such plans should be is for the assembled detegates to devise, and it should be regates to devise, and it should be remembered that even if careful guidance and substantial aid be given colonists, when settlers first come to the country, reasonable expenditure of public money for such purposes would be amply repaid by the ever-thereasing increase to the dominion's wealth. Winnipeg, Jan. 23.—Henry N. Hunter, an ex-Winnipegser, brother of R.

er, an ex-Winnipegger, brother of R. H. Hunter of the department of in-terior, Ottawa, was accidentally killed by a train at Helena, Montana, re-cently. Particulars have just reached

Mrs. Patterson, wife of the lieuten-

Mrs. Patterson, wife of the lieutenant governor, has been chosen president of the Winnipeg branch of the Lady Aberdeen association.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 23.—The provincial legislature convened this afternoon amid salvos of artillery. A distinguished gathering of military and naval officiall were in attendance, including Admiral Stephenson of the North Pacific squadron. Governor Dewdney's message dealt principally with the internal development of the province. The mining, fishing, lumbering and other industries being referred to, the strained relations between the imperial government and certain foreign powers was adverted to, compelling the spirit of loyality to, compelling the spirit of loyality manifested in all parts of the em-pire, in which British Columbia cordially unites. In concluding his excel-Henry of Battenburg, expressing sympathy for the royal family in their

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 24.—The Italian cruiser Christoforo Colombo arrived in port today from Honolulu and will stay here till tomorrow, when she leaves for San Francisco. She had a crew of thirty officers and 200 men, her speed being sixteen knots. The Colombo is on a trip around the world, Among the officers is the Duke of Abruzzi, nephew of the King of Italy.

"Don't you think that Miss Brown is a very sweet girl?" taked Henry. "Oh, yes, very sweet," replied Jane; "that is to say, she is well preserved." The Nova Scotia government, have offered a reward of 500 for information that will lead to the apprehension. tion that will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person, who fired at and killed, on the 5th, Dec., Alexander Horne, while standing at the door of his father's pare at Howe's Riving Plates.

A LOSING BATTLE.

Peter Mitchell Getting Little Sympathy in Northumberland.

He Now Denies That He Was Ever a Liberal Conservative.

Mr. Robinson Being Well Received and Making Friends in all Parts of the County.

(From our regular correspondent.) Chatham, N. B., Jan. 27.-The camreached a fever heat. When it opened hopes were expressed by the conservative speakers and press that the battle would be fought on party lines only. But the liberals as usual have started fellow med on the second servative speakers and press that the battle would be fought on party lines only. But the liberals as usual have started fellow med on the second server and selection of the second selection of the selection of the second selection of the second selection of the started firing mud, and as a matter of course the conservatives returned fire. Friday night hostilities were introduced at the close of the Mberal mass meeting. After their speakers had had a good hearing and threw torrents of abuse on the heads of the torrents of abuse on the heads of the liberal conservative party, they were afraid to allow Surveyor General Tweedie to speak in defence of himself and the party he represents. They had organized for that purpose beforehand and attempted to how him down, but his well known staying rower proved too much for the hoofower proved too much for the hoot ers and he got a hearing after awhile. Mr. Tweedie had been called to the platform several times during the

ourse of the meeting and was only doing his duty in mounting the stage and replying to the grit speakers. The arguments presented by them—Hon. Feter Mitchell, John V. Ellis, John T. Hawke and Hon. John P. Burchill were along the usual lines of decrying the country and declaring for commercial union, unrestricted reciprocity,

The statement made by Hon. Peter Mitchell that he has always been a liberal is not entertained seriously by any one. The most of the electors know that Peter Mitchell was always a conservative up to 1887, when he for the first time in his political career contested this county as the lib-eral candidate and defeated the con-Macdonald. Yet in 1873 the Macdonald administration resigned and the Mackenzie government came into power. For five years, or until 1878, the Hon. Peter Mitchell fought conserva-Winnipeg, Jan. 22.—The members of the board of trade met yesterday to organize a company to undertake the construction of locks at St. Andrew's Rapids and make the Red River navigable. The correspondence from Premier Bowell on the subject was submitted and considered very incouraging.

Speaking of the immigration convention to be held here in the interests of the Consideration of the Conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative party. In the same year the Hom. Peter Mitchell came to this country and contested it as the liberal conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative party. In the conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell, who was then a supporter of the identical conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell in the conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell in the conservative candidate and was defeated by Hon. J. B. Snowbell in the conservative party in the conservati

Mitchell, but feeling that a supporter of the existing government should be sent to represent Northumberland at Ottawa, he retired from the contest and Hon. Peter Mitchell was for the last time in his political career elected by acclamation a supporter of the liberal conservative government. Shortly after this election Mr. Mitchell took the stand of an obstructionist or third party, and that has been his policy ever since. It is true that Mr. Mitchell with some prominent liberals joined the conservative government to carry confederation, but when the question of confederation was settled some of the other liberals returned to the liberal fold, with Mitchell, Tilley and McDougall remaining in the conservative party.

tive party. It is hard to understand what Mr. It is hard to understand what Mr. Mitchell means by making such absurd statements. The only sulution seems to be that Mr. Mitchell is in his dotage, and having rehearsed his liberal policy so often he has brought himself to believe that he is telling the truth. His opponents in this county realizing the fact that Mr. Mitchell is an old, feeble man, do not care to come out bluntly and tell him he is fabricating, but in justice to truth and honesty they should do so. He makes a great deal of capital out of the famous "Murphy cow" matter, but he does

fabricating, but in justice to truth and bonesty they should do so. He makes a great deal of capital out of the famous "Murphy cow" matter, but he does not tell the electors that at the time of the Murphy cow episode he was a liberal conservative and did battle shoulder to shoulder with Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper, the man he now dubs as the high principally and of the ding, iumberd the man he now dubs as the high pricest of corruption.

Mr. Mitchell is an old man now, and did well when he was a young man and a member of the conservative party, but he is now a back number, and, on the 6th of February will be snowed under by an overwhelming majority of liberal conservative votes. It is to be hoped that in the interest of this county and in the interest of this county and in the interest of this county and in the interest of good government that this defeat will teach Mr. Mitchell and his friends that Northumberland can get along very well without his assistance.

Chatham, N. B. Jan 27.—A meeting was held in the Masonic hall on Friday evening at which Mr. Mitchell, and Messrs. Burchill, Ellis of St. John and Hawke of Moncton were the speakers. At this meeting one of the most disgraceful scenes occurred which has ever been enacted at a political meeting in this county. The audience, which was composed largely of conservatives, gave an attended the platform when an organized of the speakers.

Before the close of the meeting both these gentlemen were loudly called for and in response Mr. Tweedie ascended the platform when an organized effort was made by a small crowd to prevent him getting a hearing.

Mr. Tweedie stood his ground quietly, lighting a olgar and informing the noisy gang the could hold out as long as they could. After a lapse of fifteen in the liter of the man how as the high bridge of the man how at the part of the man how as a pound and the conservative part of the man how as a pound and the conservative part of conservative part of conservative part of conservative part of conservati

minutes the crowd gave out, their throats being too dry to continue the interruptions. Mr. Tweedie gained a hearing, followed by R. B. Adams. Both dealt with the speakers of the evening in a masterly manner, confuting the statements of the liberal speakers, and apparently carrying the meeting with them, the feeling of which seemed to favor the conservative candidate. The other crowd were by this time beyond shouting and only

by this time beyond shouting and only a feeble cheer could be raised for Mr. The disgraceful proceeding is de-plored by all respectable liberals. On Saturday night R. B. Adams and J. OBrien, M. P. P., addressed a meeting in Rogerville. Despite the fact that the first notice of the meeting was only given at noon about a hundred attended, who gave close attention, and the meeting was decidedly in fav-or of Mr. Robinson.

A joint meeting was also held Sat-A joint meeting was also held Saturdiay evening at Black River, at
which Messrs. Robinson, Mitchell,
Tweedle, Stewart, Murray, Crocker
and Rainsborrow spake. Mitchell's
speech contained many statements
which were contradicted by the conservative speakers. Mr. Mitchell denied ever being in the conservative cabinet, which led Mr. Tweedle to suggest that Mr. Mitchell was still suffering from the effects of the Montreal ng from the effects of the Montreal

Robert Murray in his speech attempted to prove that the present administration had not carried out the promses they had made at confederation when Michael Rainsborrow jumped up and said although opposing Mitchell he could not allow the old man to be thus maligned. The point made by Rainsborrow captured the audience, snecking out Murray so that he could not proceed. Robinson has plainly de-nied the Montreal interview to Mitchell's face. Mitchell's only reply was: "It is a lie," with a showing of great

in Hardwick today. A meeting in sup-port of Mr. Robinson is being held in Douglastown tonight, and Mr. Mit-chell's few ardent supporters are busy convassing one another.

FREDERICTON.

Sudden Death of Jeremiah Hanlon, Engineer of the Parliament Buildings.

(Special to the Sun.) Fredericton, Jan. 27.—Jeremiah Han-lon, engineer of the parliament build-ing, died suddenly tonight. He attended to his duties as usual today, and went to his home about 9.30 o'clock. Shortly after getting in the house he was taken ill and died a few minutes after. Heart trouble is supposed to be the cause. The de-ceased had charge of the heating ap-

N. S. FARMERS

leet in Special Convention at Kentville.

They Endorse the Proposition to Hold Annual Exhibitions at Halifax

And Ask Provincial Aid for Cold Storage Some Important Points in Fruit Culture—The Papers Read and

Discussed.

Kentville, Jan. 21.—A special convention of the Nova Scotia Farmers' association opened here in Mangeson's hall at 11 o'clock, a. m. Several representative farmers were present from different parts of the province. In the absence of President John B. McKay of Stellarton, Vice-president S. C. Parker of Berwick occupied the chair. The morning session was taken up with the transaction of the preliminary business of the association.

iness of the association.

The afternon session opened at 2.20. Mayor Ryam and members of the town council of Kentville and representatives of the Kentville board of trade occupied seats on the platform. Mayor Ryan cordially welcomed the farmers to Kentville and spoke of his high appreciation of the great interests which preciation of the great interests the farmers' association were desirous of promoting. Kentville was the ous of promoting. Kentville was the shire town of what was considered the finest agricultural county in the province and was a proper place for such a meeting. He wished the farmers much success in their deliberations and trusted that they might neet again here at some future an-

nual meetings.
Vice-president G. C. Lawrence of
Port Hastings responded.
President De Wolfe of the Kentville board of trade also extended a wel-come to the association.

The first paper of the afternoon was

presented by Wm. Young of Cornwal-lis on "Judging at Exhibitions." He believed that heretofore there had been general dissatisfaction at exhib-itions in the manner of judging and the awarding of prizes. An exhibition the swarding of prizes. An exhibition if properly managed would be a school for our farmers, but it is of no use to hold them unless the best products of the country are shown. Very often ludicrous appointments are made in selecting judges. A scale of points should be used in awarding prizes, with 100 as the standard. He considered that short horns were the only beef cattle deserving of prizes. Here-

beef cattle deserving of prizes. Here-fords and Polled Angus had not provceased had charge of the heating apparatus of the parliament buildings since they were opened, and was well known to all members and those who attended the assembly during the sessions and supreme court sittings.

ACROSS THE BAY.

The Grit Convention Postponed Owing to the Want of a Candidate.

Annapolis, N. S., Jan. 27.—On account of the scarcity of sacrifices the grit nomination tomorrow has been postponed. No one appears willing to

could of the acardy of actification like before the part of the latter class. The formation of the part of the latter class. The count of the acardy of actification like postponed. No ope appears willing to prospored. No ope appears willing to the count of the actification like postponed of the latter class. The party in the country is considered, and the Chevrots are to the country and the party in the country is considered the country of the work of the persons for which they have not considered the work. Asked the my be taken when the country is considered the country is considered to the country and the work. Asked the proposed for a fine persons for the proposed for which they have not considered the work. Asked the proposed for a fine persons of the proposed for a fine the work. Asked the proposed for a fine persons of the person

the orchardists in the United States and part of Canada for supplying this element. This clover has never had a fair trial in this province. Peas and buckwheat were good crops for an orchard. A very important thing was proper drainage.

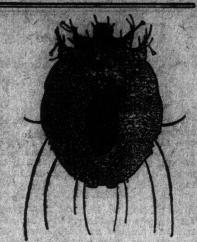
proper drainage.

The professor thought that in Nova Scotia there was a better field for the development of cranberry culture than in any part of the United States. The winter work of the farmer was often neglected. A shallow ploughing of the orchard should be done late in the fall. This turns under and destroys many insects. Trees should be scraped each year, so as to destroy the pests ed each year, so as to destroy the pests which are in the bark. Scions should be cut early in the winter and they

be cut early in the winter and they should be carefilly selected from thrifty, productive trees. The professor mentioned the different enemies of the fruit grower. There were insects that suck and those that chew. Emulsion was used on the former and poisons on the latter. The barklouse was the most prevalent in this province, especially in Cape Breton. The fork of the tree borer could easily be seen, and they should be dug out and a wash of soft soep and washing soda applied. No definite remedy is known for the pin borr, but in Germany they use crude petroleum, and that is what is being tested here. In marketing fruit great care should be given to the sortgreat care should be given to the sort-ing and packing. Englishmen do not like excelsior in their barrels, but pre-fer to have heads lined with paper. He emphasized the practise of the intensive system of horticulture and men-tioned one man who had raised a crop worth \$300 in one year on one-fifth of

In the discussion which followed Prof. Faville said the best time to prune was in winter, after the tree had stopped its growth. Crimson clover does the best when it is sown in Aug-ust. When asked about sap blight, he replied that no one, as far as he knew, had found a remedy for it. Leander Rand of Canning spoke of losing 40 trees in one winter by this blight. In answer to a question, the professor stated that it would be of no benefit

to subsoil an old orchard. W. W. Hubbard of Sussex, N. B. was called upon for an address. He said when coming from his province into the fertile land of Nova Scotia he felt like raising his hat. He was a representative of the New Brunswick Farmers and Dairymen's association. There ought to be more interprovincial reciprocity and unity of action in the reciprocity and unity of action in the agricultural pursuits of the two provinces. He cordially invited the farmers present to attend the meeting to be held at Frederioton in a few weeks. He considered that sheep raising was an important one, but he was sorry to know that many people preferred raising dogs to sheep, and that the latter were being exterminated. Legislation should be enacted against the keeping.



A Lousey Colt or Calf

Cannot thrive and put on flesh. Lousey poultry cannot lay eggs. Shives' Insect Powder is a sure

It is certain death to insect life, yet harmless to the most delicate child.

Get a package from your nearest erchant; if he is out of it, send 25c. n stamps to J. W. Manchester & Co., Veterinary Surgeons, St. John, N. B., and they will send you a package, post paid, by return mail.

Demand the Best. Take No Other,

J. W. MANCHESTER,

VETERINARY SURGEON, 30 Leinster St., - St. John, N. B. Office Hours, 11 a m to 2 p. m. Tele-

D. A E. PROGRESS.

Good Times Reported at the General Meeting.

A general meeting of the above company was held at Camden street ho-tel, London, on Tuesday, December 31st, when the report for the financial year ending September 30th, 1895, was submitted. C. Pitch Kemp (who with W. R. Campbell has acted as voluntary liquidator of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway company during its conversion into the Dominion Atlantic Railway company) was in the

The general manager and secretary, W. R. Campbell, read the notice convening the meeting.

C. Fitch Kemp then said: It is a easant duty to move the adoption of the report, together with a propos-al that a dividend of five per cent. be paid on the preference stock of the Dominton Affantic rallway. The subance of the report, with the story of way, with the voluntary liquidation of the former necessitated thereby. All these stages have been made known to the supporter providing the stages. these stages have been made known to the company's proprietors from time to time at the special meetings of this past year. When we came into possession of the Yarmouth and Annapolis railway on October 1st, 1894, we found our purchase of that concern was amply justified by the facilities we waste analysis to give our torsitory of external to the contract of extern oly justified by the facilities we were enabled to give our territory of easier ccess to new markets. But the growth access to new markets. But the growth of traffic and the opening up of new markets carried with it accompanying responsibilities of additional train facilities. A large amount of produce was carried during last winter, and the number of special trains run and the expenditure involved had an appreciable effect on expenses. This also took place at a season of the year between November and March, when the Carr

place at a season of the year between November and March, when the Canadian winter, like our own, was severe. Some idea of the stability of our property is therefore obtained when I say that at a time when other railway concerns, both in Canada and the States, were struggling with poorer trade we were consistently advancing. I have to inform you on behalf of the directors of the Dominion Atlan-I have to inform you on behalf of the directors of the Dominion Atlantic railway, of whom I am one, that the Dominion Atlantic railway has placed on our service to St. John a well equipped paddle steamer. You have thus come into possession of business which promises large developments. Nearly all our local business goes to Hollies or to St. John as to Boston. Halifax, or to St. John, or to Boston With the two latter centres of indus-With the two latter centres of industry your communication is by sea route, and in the interest of your important property and business the directors of the Dominion Atlantic railway will probably have to consider the ordering of a new steamer before very long. The proposed fast Anglo-Canadian mail steamship service will probably take shape very shortly now, and will likely bring additional business to the company. Mr. Chamberlain has evinced a warm personal interest in the scheme, and has stated that nothing under a 20-knot service will satisfy the imperial government. As one of the imperial government. As one of the large receivers of traffic at Hali-fax, and with a swift passenger ser-vice to Boston and St. John, our com-pany will be benefitted to an apprec-iable extent.

iable extent.

In obedience to the shareholders' insructions the legislation incorporating the Dominion Atlantic Rallway company was duly introduced and carried through the parliament of Canada, Mr. Campbell himself seeing after that on the spot. We have now brought you to a stage of advancement from which, under the new title of the Dominion Atlantic rallway, your property will go on to still greater development and prosperity. The resolutions were carried unanimously, and, with votes of thanks, the proceedings terminated.

"I believe I've lost my wits," said a worried husbanl to his wife. "Indeed! I didn't know you had any to lose," she answered, sarcastically. "Oh yes, dear, I had some once." "Well, I never observed them." "No, love; I lost hem just before I met you." He didn't want to say it, but she drove him to it.

PROVINCIAL.

General News from Many Sections of New Brunswick.

KINGS CO.

Sussex, Jan. 24.—Thomas Roach of Roachville, near here, who has become famous as a breeder of Ayrshire cattle, sent three Ayrshire helfers and one bull to Quaco yesterday, Black & Osburn of that place being the buy-

YORK CO.

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 24.- Mrs. Isaac Burden, milliner, filed an as-signment for the general benefit of her creditors, with Sheriff Sterling, this afternoon. The liabilities and assets are not known yet.

Mrs. Hamilton McKee fell last night

Rev. Wm. Tippett, pastor of the Methodist church, will sail from St. John by the next Beaver line steamer for a trip to England.

Dr. McNally went to Halifax this

morning to assume his duties as sur-geon on the Mackay-Bennett cable KENT CO.

Richibucto, Jani 22.—The county court opened yesterday. Judge Wells presiding. There was no criminal business. The case of Thos. Clark, merchant, of Bass River, against Sumner & Co. of Moncton was taken up. The plaintiff was shipping oats to St. John via Harcourt and had nearly 400 bushels stored in a barn there owned by James Brown. The Merchants' Bank of Hallifax had a judgment Brown's property. They were sold at auction to Sumner & Co., Clark forbidding the sale. The case was concluded last evening, the jury giving a verdict im favor of Clark. Phinney & Carter for plaintiff; C. J. Sayre for defendants. The case of George W. Robertson v. A. C. Storer has been postponed until April. Court adjourn-ed this morning.

QUEENS CO. Hampstead, Jan. 18.—The church at Upper Hampstead held a donation at the residence of Mrs. Pysant Belyea's presented Rev. Geo. W. Foster with forty dollars in cash and twenty-five

John Rathburn, sr., died on Friday night. His throat had been paralyzed for some time and for the last few weeks he could not speak. He carried on butchering for the Gagetown market for a great number of years. The deceased leaves a wife, one son and three daughters, one brother and a

Jan. 20.—Rev. Geo. W. Foster bap-tized seven more converts on Sabbath morning, making twenty in all. The meetings are still going on. Among those baptized on Sunday was a father

and his two eldest children.

Stephen Hamm laid in his ice last will help the system for the time being, week. It was about ten inches thick. The river is frozen in a very rough condition in many places.

There were eighteen or twenty head

of beef cattle sold in this neighborhood White's Cove, Jan. 24.—J. D. Richardson and Lee Knight threshed about Dead at the Age of Nearly.

Ernest Durost, Mrs. Mary Ferris and C. D. Titus' family are down with la grippe and Ferris Malcolm and Judson Durost are sick with measles.

mill has been shut down for two weeks for want of water.

James Stephens, who bought the old school house at Mill Cove last summer, moved it across on the ice of Satur-

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Northesk, Jan. 21.—There was a liberal conservative meeting held in the Union hall, Whitneyville, on Monday evening, the 20th, to elect two delegates to go to the liberal conservative convention to be held at Chatham on Thursday, the 23rd of January. There were quite a large number present. Robert Adams acted as chairman. John McColin and William Jones were un-animously elected as delegates.

A congregational meeting was held in the Presbyterian church, Hed Bank, on Friday at ten o'clock. Afterwards there was service. Eighteen came forward and united with the church. Rev. W. Aitken of Newcastle and Rev. Neil McKay of Chatham assisted Mr.

A son of John Allison, who worked in one of Thomas Johnstone's lumber camps, took a severe cold, which terminated in pneumonia. He died short-ly after reaching home.

William Hare killed two very fine beef cattle yesterday, which he sold to Messrs. Ritchie for the lumber woods. Miss Porter, teacher in the Strath-adam school, was called away suddenly on Friday on account of her brother's illness.

Albert Hutchinson's children have been ill with scarletina.

ALBERT CO. Albert, Jan. 20.-The court of Justices Pipes and Peck was occupied all day with Scott act cases. Mrs. Ann McAnulty admitted two offences after they had been proven and was fin-ed one hundred, dollars and costs. Frederick W. McKay, druggist of Albert, was convicted of two offences After one case was proven he acknowledged both convictions. As a result of these parties admitting the offences they will be called upon to only pay one of the fines and costs at present. The others will stand to insure future

compliance with the law. Lorenzo Chapman went upon stand and swore he was a licensed vendor under the act and had not sold or dealt in liquors illegally during the last three months. The case against him was therefore withdrawn.

n the case of Warren W. Jones of the Globe hotel, it was proven that a sale of liquor was made. This case stands adjourned until Monday, the 27th inst. Six convictions in all were

Hopewell Hill, Jan. 23.—At the residence of Rev. I. B. Colwell, the officiating clergyman, last evening, James Robinson of Chemical Road was unit-

took place at 6 p. m., the happy couple drove to the residence of the bride's father, where the wedding supper was served. The bride was the recipient of a number of handsome presents. The newly married couple will take up their residence here, Mr. Robinson having recently acquired the property belonging to his uncle, the late S. F. Starratt.

Elgin, Jan. 21.—Rev. A. Lucas spent part of last week in this vicinity. He addressed meetings at Forest Glen on Wednesday evening, at Prosser Brook Thursday evening, and attended the Elgin parish S. S. convention on Fri-day at Pleasantvale. The convention day at Pleasantvale. The convention met at 2 p. m., with opening exercises led by Rev. H. H. Saunders, after which, A. Colpitts, the retiring president, addressed the meeting briefly. The officers elected for the ensuing year were: R. A. Smith, pres.; W. H. Smith, vice-pres.; Mrs. Samuel Colpitts, sec. treas. Rev. A. Lucas gave a very instructive normal class lesson on the New Testament. In the evening interesting reports were given from schools, and addresses by Field Secretary Lucas and pastors. Much credit is due to the choir for excellent music is due to the choir for excellent mus

A BERLIN LADY CURED LIKE MAGIC

Miraculous Case Told of by Mrs. J. Halls of Berlin, Ont.—Stubborn facts that Cann



capes and miraculou freedom from disaste is in the common way of life that seriou

ten follow. Men and women will battle with some of the worst forms of dis-ease, and come out conquerors. But the outcome of some slight indiscre-tion will lead to an undermining of the system, and there will follow gen-eral debility and break-up. It is in cases like this that that

great discovery and wonderful 19th century remedy, South American Nervine, gets in some of its greatest work. Mrs. J. Hallam, wife of a well known produce merchant of Berlin, Ont., found herself a short time since completely run down in health. Strive as she might she could not gain strength. Medicines were taken in generous quantity, but terrible weakness reained. She secured a bottle of South American Nervine, and in her own words: "The result was like magic, It restored me to perfect health, and I have never felt better in my life. Some time ago my little girl was trou with summer complaint, and this left

her weak and nervous to a degree that her system. I used Nervine in her case and in one week she was as well as ever." There is nothing artificial about

MRS. MOODY,

Ninety-one Years.

East Northfield, Mass., Jan. 26.-Mrs Betsy Holton Moody, mother of Dwight Lyman Moody, the famous evangelist, died this morning at her home here Had Mrs. Moody lived till Feb. 5th she would have been ninety-one years of age. About a week ago she contracted a slight cold, but was about the house until yesterday, when she was compelled to remain in bed. She failed rapidly from them until her death. At her death she was surrounded by her four sons and one of her four daughters. Dwight Moody, who came on from Philadelphia last evening, did not know of her illness until he arrived. In one of her periods of consciousness he received her last statement. Mrs. Moody was a strong woman of Puritan ancestors. When her son was four years old she was left a widow, with a family of nine small children. She had a hard struggle to give her children an education Of late years, however, in view of th institutions of religion created by the nious of her son, and surrounded by her children and grand children, her life had been one of peace and plenty. During the yearly religious conferences she was visited by hundreds, and her physicial and mental strength made these occasions a great pleasure to her. Mrs. Moody is survived by four sons and two daughters. The fueral will take place Wednesday after-

NONE BUT CITIZENS

Wanted in Boston by the Building and Trades Council.

Boston, Jan. 26.-The building trades council today had a lively discussion on the question of non-citizens being employed on public works.

It was claimed by some of the delegates that many of the workmen em-

ployed on public works during a cer-tain portion of the year came from Canada and St. Johns, N. F. It was also claimed these transient visitors took the best part of what they earned away with them at the end of he summer months, and they at all times

refused to become citizens.

Resolutions were adopted calling upon the legislature to enact a law prohibiting the employment of any but citizens on public buildings.

JIM CORBETT KNOCKED OUT.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.-Champion J. J. Corbett while playing at the Na-tional theatre last night became involved in a fight with a fireman named William M. Murphy. Blows were struck-on both sides and Corbett was unceremoniously tumbled down a flight of stairs. The fight started after Corbett had ejected the fireman from his dressing room, which he had entered to order the champion to stop smoking.

Robinson of Chemical Road was united in marriage to Miss Lizzie Bishop, second daughter of James Bishop of Hopewell. After the ceremony, which

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET. There is a distinctly weaker tone to the market in several important lines. The supply of beef is far greater than The supply of beef is far greater than the demand just now, largely owing to the receipt of car lots from Ontario; and anything of poor quality sells very slowly and very cheap. Butter is also cheaper and very dull, and eggs have declined about 2c. per gozen. Turkeys are also lower. This will not be a good week, therefore in which to be a good week, therefore, in which to rush stuff to market.

93	Lamb, per lb	0 0516		0 06	
	Beef (butchers') per carcaes	0.05	40	0 67	
0		0 03	44	0 05	
D.	FORK (Irean) Der carcass.	0.05		0 06	
	Shoulders	0 00	44	0 09	
22	Hams, per Ib	0 10	-	0 11	
0	Butter (in tubs), per lb	0 14		0 17	
硼	Butter (roll), per lb	0 16	**	0 19	
833	Fowl	0 30	**	0 50	
t	Chickens	0 30		0 50	
C	Turkey, per lb	0 09	44	0 11	
		0 50	44	0 80	
1	Ducks, per pair	0 60	**	0 90	
	Cabbage, per doz	0 40	**	0 60	
602	Bggs, per doz	0 14		0 16	
		0.18	**	0 20	
A		0 04		0 05	
2063	Potatoes, per bbl	0 80	-	1 25	
n	Lamb skins, each	0 50	**	0 60	
7	Calf skins, per lb	0 05	44	0 06	
	Hides, per lb	0 0416	44	0 05	
	Carrots, per bbl	0 80		1 00	靈
題	Beets, per bbl	0 60	44	0 80	
9	Turnips, per bbl	0 50	**	0 65	
83	Squash, per owt	1 60		2 00	333
	Cheese	0 08	**	0 09	
23	Celery, per doz	0,60	46	0 80	B.)
8	Vegetable marrow	0 001/6	-	0 01	
	Cranberries, marsh, per bbl.	6 00	**	7 00	
	Apples	2 00	**	2 50	36
t	Retail				
8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ESECTION OF THE PERSON OF THE	19.72		
S	Beef, corned, per lb	0 06	"	0 10	
崵	Beer tongue, per lb	0 07	"	0 08	
	Roast, per lb (choice)	0 10		0 14	
9	Pork, per lb (fresh)	0 07	**	0 10	
鹭	Pork, per lb (salt)	0 07	200	0 10	

Hams, per ib (sait)
Hams, per ib ...
Shoulders, per ib ...
Bacon, per lb ...
Butter, in tubs ...
Butter (roil), per lb ...
Butter (creamery roll)
Eggs, per doz ...
Eggs (henery), per doz ...
Lard (in tubs) ...
Mutton per lb ...

Never before at this season, so dealers say, were frozen fish so scarce for so long a time. Supplies are far short of the demand, and customers must content themselves for the most part wint cured fish. Supplies of rozen stock are expected today and probably more during the week. Canso herring are lower, purchases having been made for the market at a lower range than previously held. In other lines there is no change. The new steamer service to Porto Rico, if it can be made a permanent thing, will afford our mer-chants a market for fish, though not an extensive one, as Nova Scotia sends very large quantities down there. Stocks of fish of all kinds are mod-

erate in this market.	шоч
Wholesale.	
Codfish, smalls	2 50 3 50 3 75 5 50 0 00 0 00 1 30 1 30 2 75 2 00 1 60 2 75 4 50 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 0
Retail.	0 00
Codfish, fresh, per lb. 0 00 "Haddeck, per lb. 0 00 "Einnen haddes, per lb. 0 06 "Halibut 0 10 ""	0 03 0 08 0 07 0 12
Prices ex Vessel.	0.00
Cod large 340 "	0 00
Cod. small 2 00 "	0 00
Pollock, per qtl 1 30 "	1 35
Unite new atl 0.00 #	1 90

Lengthwise	0 05		0 0
Frozen herring, per 100	0.00	**	0.00
Frozen cod, per 1b			0 00
Lobsters, small, each	0.04	-	0 00
	Barbara.	1	
Retail			
Codfish, fresh, per lb	0 00		0 03
Haddeck, per lb	0 00	46	0 08
Finnen haddies, per lb		-	0 97
Halibut		a	0 12
			1
Prices ex Vessel			
Cod, medium, per qtl	3 25	"	0 00
Ood, large	3 40	-	0 00
Cod, small		44	0 00
Pollock, per qtl	1 30	44	1 35
Hake, per qtl	0 00		1 20
Haddock, fresh	0 06		0 07
Cod. fresh			0 01
Grand Manan herring, hf bbl			1 10
	T 00		0 00
	0 04		
Herring, fresh, per 100		46113965	0 00
Lobsters, small, each	0 08	866	0 10
GROCERIES.		SAST.	
GROUPRIES	1000		P. Plety
Current and all manifold hi	200	-	4 01

very firm at the advance, this marke being still 3-8c. or thereabouts lower than New York.

體	Java, per lb, gr.en	0	24		Ò	
	Jamaica, per lb	0	24	44	0	28
錢	Matches, gross	0	29			30
Š	Molasses-		936			
器	Barbados	0	32	**	0	33
羉	Porto Rico, choice		34			86
爱	Nevis		30	-		31
ā	Rice		0314	44		03%
鷾	- Salt-	Y	UU74		v	0978
6	Liverpool, per sack, ex store	۸	50	46	^	52
器	Tiverpool, per sack, ex store	U	90		U	94
졐	Liverpool, butter salt, per	58	00		38	
æ	bag, factory filled		00		1	70
3	Spices	踴		**	35	
蓍	ream of tartar, pure, bbl Cream of tartar, pure, bxs		25			26
덿	Cream of tartar, pure, bxs		28	**		30
麗	Nutmegs, per lb		60			80
궒	Cassia, per lb, ground		18	**	0	
쩅	Cloves, whole		12	44	0	
麗	Cloves, ground		TO	-		20
g	Ginger, ground		18	**	0	22
3	Pepper, ground	0	12		0	16
重	Bicarb soda, keg	12	30		2	40
됳	Sal soda	0	01		0	011/2
樶	Sugar	38		56		
g	Standard, granulated	0	04%	**	0	04%
쪞	Canadian, 2nd grade	0	0416		0	04%
텧	Yellow, bright	0		*		041/4
á	Yellow	0	04	**	0	041/6
麗	Dark vellow	0	0376	te		04
됞	Dark yellow Paris lumps, per box	0	051/2	a		05%
锯	Pulverized sugar	0	05%	**		06
8	Tea	160	7.70			
쿒	Congou, per Ib, common	0	11	44	0	15
髮	Congou, per 1b, finest		22	a		28
8	Congou, good	ň	18			22
ŝ	Oolong	à	30			40
器	Tobacco-					2
	Black 12's long leaf ner lh.	0	43	**	0	47
	Black 12's, long leaf, per lb. Black, 12's, short stock	á	41	**	ň	7
g	Black, Solace	n	17		0	
꿦	Bright				0	
ş		3350	-	1	9	
曹	PROVISIONS		227	7	1	100
3	The market is firm, in sy	-	not	h	538	4+1-
g	THE MAINET IS HIM, [II S)	4	pat	шУ		Tril

GRAIN, HAY, ETC. Oats are higher than a week ago, and the dealers in the west were ask-

ing higher rates still on Friday and

change.
据是自由的。 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Dats (local), on track 0 32 " 0 33 Dats ((Ontario), on track 0 3314 " 0 3414
Beans (Canadian h p) 1 20 " 1 25
Beans, prime 1 15 " 1 20
plit peas 3 65 " 3 75 ot barley 3 65 " 3 75
tound peas 3 55 " 2 65
lay, pressed, car lots 10 50 " 12 80
eed, Timothy, American 3 20 " 8 30
'imothy seed, Canadian 8 00 " 8 50 led clover 0 1114 " 0 1214
leike clover 0 1114 " 0 12%
FLOUR, MEAL, MA

Flour and oatmeal are marked higher than a week ago, and the market is strong. Middlings and cotton seed meal are also firm.

Oranges are lower than a week ago Oranges are also easier. Lemons are firm. There was a sale of lemons in Boston last week, and later one in New York, and at the latter the rate

New lork, and at the fatter the rate
was 15 to 37c. per case higher.
Raisins, Cal L L, new, 20 lb
boxes 1 60 " 1 80
boxes 1 60 " 1 80 falt ga Clusters 3 25 " 3 75
California Clusters 0 00 " 3 25
laisins, California Muscatels 0 05 " 0 061/2
Raisins, Sultana 0 61/2 " 0 07"
alencia, old 0 0314 " 0 04
do., new 0 04% " 0 05%
Alencia, layer, old 0 04 " 0 041/2
de., new 0 06 " 0 06%
currants, cases, new 0 041/2 " 0 05
dilants, per ppi, new u us/a u us/a
Oried apples 0 051/4 " 0 051/2
ovap apples, new, per ib 0 07 " 0 071/2
Jourous, missing 2 00 2 00
OW HES, HOL ID VII VIA
amaica oranges, per bbl 6 00 " 6 50
amanda uranges, per nox o ou
Valencia oranges, case 4 00 " 4 50 Cal. oranges, box 3 75 " 4 00
loney, per lb
lew French Walnuts 0 11 " 0 12
lew Chili walnuts 0 09 " 0 10
lew Naples walnuts 0 13 " 0 14'
lmonds 0 13 " 0 14
Brazils 0 12 " 0 13
liberts 0 10 " 0 11
Opping corn, per lb 0 10 " 0 11 0 000 000 000 000 000 000 0
eanuts, roasted 0 09 " 0 10
ocoanuts, per sack \$ 50 " 4 00
ocoanuts, per doz 0 60 " 0 70
occanuts, per doz 0 60 " 0 70 ri nes, choice 0 064 " 0 074
ecans 0 12 " 0 13
runes, fancy 0'09 " 0 09%
runes, extra fancy 0 10 " 0 1014
lew dates 0 04½ " 0 05
nions, per bbl 2 25 " 2 50
LUMBER AND LIME.
Continuous shipments of deals are

made by steamer to England, and very little lumber of any kind is now going to the U.S. market. The snow affords

ound for confidence that the logs
ll yet all be got out. The outlook for
mber continues good.
ch deals 9 00 " 9 50
ch timber 0 00 " 5 50
ruce deals B. Fundy mls. 0 00 " 9 25
ruce deals, city mills 0 00 " 0 00
ngles. No. 1 0 00 " 1 00
ngles, No. 1, extra 0 00 " 1 40
ngles, second clears 0 00 " 1 80
ngles, clears
ingles, extra 2.75 " 0 00
ostook P. B., shipping 0 00 " 14 00
nmon
uce boards 6 00 " 7 00
nmon scantling (unst'l) 6 00 " 6 50
uce, d'mensions 11 00 " 14 00
e shippers
e clapboards, extra 35 00 " 40 00 1 0 00 " 30 00
2 0 00 " 20 00
3 11 00 " 12 00
hs, spruce 0 00 " 1 25
hs, pine 0 00 " 1 25
ings, spruce 6 00 " 6 25
00 000000 00000

Lime, barrels 0 60 " 1 06 FREIGHTS. There is practically nothing offering at present, and rates are nominal. Liverpool (intake measure). oston 000 "
ound ports, calling V H fo. 000 "
urba-los market (50c, x) nom 0 00 "
Sid. Cuba (gld), nom 0 00 "
saw York piling ... 0 02 "
oston piling, nominal ... 0 014 "
oston piling, nominal ... 0 014 "
oston lime 0 00 "
ow York, lime 0 25 " 0

OILS. There is no change in quotations thi

week.			
There is no change in	n au	ota	tions
this week.	45		
American water white (bbl			
free	0 21%	44	0 234
Canadian water white (bbl			
free)	0 20		0 21%
free) (DDI	0 17	44	0 19
Linseed oil (raw)		-	0 56
Linseed oil (boiled)	0 57	66	0 59
Turpentine	0 45	-	
Cod oil	.0 28	**	0 80
Seal oil (steam refined)	0 38	**	0.43
Seal oil (pale)	0 34		0 37
Olive oil (commercial)		*	0 90
Castor oil (commercial) per lb Extra lard oil	0 061/2		0 70
MANGE IGIU ULLI CALLACTE CALLACTE	0 65	154 (0)	41 70

IRON, NAILS, ETC. per 100 lbs or oidi-

| Common | C

BOSTON LETTER.

Republican Candidates for Presi dential Nomination in June.

Maine Farmers Want Legislative Pro tection for Their Sheep Against the Dog Pest.

The American Press on Canada's Loyalty the Throne-The Venezuela Qn. stion-Latest Quotations in Lumber

and Fish Markets

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Boston, Jan. 25.—This is the year of the federal election in this country as well as in Canada, and already great preparations for the nominating conventions are being made. The republicans are doing the most "hustling," in spite, of the fact that their candidates and protection are sure to have a walk over. This is accounted for by the super-abundance of presi-dential candidates who have well de-yeloped bees buzzing in their bonnets. The men who stand the best chance of being nominated are ex-Gov. Me-Kinley of Ohio , the man whose name Maine, ex-president Benjamin Harrison of Indiana and Gov. Levi P. Morton of New York, who was vice-presiing at the convention which meets at that the centest will in reality narrow down to McKinley and Reed, with the possibility that the delegates will go and the great scarcity has been re-over to Harrison in the event of neither securing the necessary number of votes. From present appearances Maj.

McKinley is the strongest candidate
as he is favored by the great bulk of
the manufacturing interests and a
large proportion of the southern and
signs of improvement. Prices at first western states. It is also understood that the A. P. A. is in favor of the high tariff champion, although the organization is friendly to Harrison. Mr. Morton will get 'he vote of New York and some of the middle Atlantic states, but no one believes he can win. The great manufacturing state of Pennsylvania, which turns out more iron and steel than he rest of the country, and where the big boats of Sam's navy are built, will support McKinley, as will the majorit of the southern states. Reed, while a popular man and the pride of Pine Tree state citizens, will be supported by United New England and will re-ceive a respectable scattering vote of the majoriey of the other states, but it is a question of grave doubt if he can secure enough

votes to nominate him. Among other republican candidates are Allison of Iowa and two or three western men, who are not well known in the east. It is believed that in the absence of a

Several provincialists came up here The coal trade has been very dull this week to attend the convention of owing to mild weather and a large outthe Marble Dealers' association of New England and the maritime provinces. Among them were Jas. E. Stanton of St. John and George B. Baxter operations of St. John and George B. Baxter operations. of Fredericton. The former was elect-ed vice-president and the latter a di-

J. G. Hall & Co. of this city have had agents in the provinces buying lumber for shipment to Central and South American markets. Gilbert Perker, the Canadian auth-

of a British empire." That the Venezuelan question will be settled amicably is becoming more and more certain. The organ of Senator Chandler, a well known rabid, anti-

in Canada, this praise is at least du

them that they had in mind this idea

March to menufacture his winter cut of logs, which will amount to a milion and a fast.

T. B. Carsoz, who has the contract for building the breakwater at Gardner's Creek, will get out about a milion and a fast this winter. After taking out what he needs for the breakwater he will have the remainder sawed into deals and scarting for shipment to the United States

O'Nelli & Low will cut about two milions for Manufacture at Ten Mile Creek and Gardner's Creek.

W. H. & J. Rourke expect to get out two milions for their mili at St. Martins.

C. M. Bostwick & Oo. will cut five or six millions at Salmon river.

At Little Salmon river S. H. White & Co. will bring out three millions.

Schr. Resolute, from Bank Quero, put into Halifax on the 24th with loss of anchors and cable.

difficulty and the fisheries have been in militoral arbitration, why would it not be as well to have the settled by international arbitration, why would it not be as well to have the leading feature of the leading feature of the lumber trade just now. A semi-panis prevails among dealers because of reports from the east of the sective of snow up to the present and the probable greatly curtailed supply for next season. The weather has been fine and as favorable for building and all out door operations as any one could desire, and there has been a considerable demand for spruce frames, boards, clapboards and hemilions of the exclusive botanical garden in Regent's park. They must not, however, be brought near the application, why would it not be as well to have the latest question arbitrated.

The position of spruce and hemlock is strong and easily the leading feature of the lumber trade just now. A semi-panis prevails among dealers because of the province at its next season to revive, continue, alter and amend an act passed on the 23rd of Grand Falls, with amendments as to the application will be made to the legistation will

from the east within a week or so, another dollar per thousand will be ad-ded for nearly all spruce lumber. The

lumber brought by water from the provinces last season has about been cleaned out. Only a few cargoes are arriving just now. Quotations are as

Spruce-Provincial cargo lumber, 2x8 in. and up, \$12.50 to 13; random do, \$12; matched boards, 6, 7and 9 in., clipped, \$14; spruce, 8 in. and up, stock width.

\$14 to 14.50; laths, \$1.75 to 1.90; clapboards, clear, \$28 to 30; car lumber, No. 1 floor boards, air dried, clipped, \$20 to 21; frames, 10 in and under, ordered, \$14.50 to 15; yard orders, \$14; 12 in frames, \$15.50 to 16; 14 in. frames, \$17

to 18; laths, 15-8 in. \$2 to 2.25; 11-2 in., \$1.75 to 1.90; 4 foot extra clapboards, \$32; clear, \$30; second clear, \$24 to 25. Pine—East pine, coarse No. 2, \$16 to 17; refuse, \$15; outs, \$9 to 9.50. rough edge pine box boards, etc., \$9 to 12.50; eastern clapboards, sap, \$45 to 48; clears, \$35 to 40; matched boards, \$19

to 22. Hemlock, etc.-Eastern hemlock, planed and butted, \$11.75 to 12; random, \$11 to 11.50; rough provincial boards, \$9 to 10; planed, \$10 to 10.50; extra standard cedar shingles, \$2.75 to 3; clears, \$2.40 to 2.50; second clears, \$1.90 to 2; extra No. 1, \$1.75; No. 1, \$1.50. The fish trade is improving gradually, and dealers hope that the change is permanent, as business has been very poor for some time. Mack rel are selling well and are yet high in price. is undoubtedly the most familiar to The provincial smelt trade has been Canadians; Hon. Thomas B. Reed of large during the past ten days, and The provincial smelt trade has been hundreds of tons have been received. keeping prices pretty well down. The weather has not been soft ten days, dent during Mr. Harrison's term of and comparatively few fish have reachoffice. All three will be a strong showing at the convention which meets at
for smelts is good and will probably St. Louis in June, but it is probable be sustained for two or three weeks yet. The provinces have sent larger shipments of live lobsters here of late,

ally good at all times. Canned lobsters hands follow: Fresh fish-Provincial smelts, frozen,

5c; extras, 8 to 10c; natives, 10 to 12c; white hallbut, 12 to 14c per lb; gray, 10 to 12c; chicken, 15c; frozen salmon, 18 to 20c; fresh Oregon, 12 to 14c; frozen mackerel, 23c for large; medium, 15c; market cod, \$2.50 to 2.75 per 100 lbs; large, \$4 to 4.25; steak, \$7; haddock and pollock, \$2 to 2.25; large hake, \$3 to 3.50; frozen herring, \$1.25 to 1.50 per 100; lake trout, 10c; eels, 8 to 10c; live lobsters, \$12c; boiled do, 14c.
Salt fish—Provincial extra mackerel,

\$22 to 23 per bbl; provincial No. 1s, \$19 to 21; large Georges cod, \$3.75 to 6 per qt1; medium, \$3.50; large dry bank cod, \$3.75; medium, \$2.121-2 to 2.50; pickled cod, \$2.50 to 3.50; hake, haddock and pollock, \$1.50; N. S. split herring, 400 count, \$4; Labrador, \$5; round shore, \$2.50 to 3; Newfoundland salmon, No. 1, \$18; No. 2, do, \$16.

Canned fish-Native sardines, quarter oils, \$2.50; three-quarter mustards, \$2.10 to 2.15; best grades lobsters, \$2 to free silver candidate, the 16 to 1 men will support McKinley, as he is believed to be more friendly to silver than any of the other men.

Several provincialists came up here The coal trade has been very dult. So great has been the depres

sion that the wholesale dealers and mine owners have determined to cease operations for a period of a month or EDWARD MCPHELIM INSANE.

Is a Son of the Late Hon, Francis Mc-

Phelim of Buctouche and Was Edu-

cated at St. Joseph's College.

had agents in the provinces buying lumber for shipment to Central and South American markets.

Gilbert Perker, the Canadian author, for rather, English author, for he is now a resident of England, has been spending some time in this city renewing old acquaintances. Mr. Parker is a native of Quebec and has written many stories with scenes laid in Canada.

The Maine farmers are complaining of the great sheep-killing nuisance, and have requested their legislators to provide better legislation on the lise central properties of the great sheep-killing nuisance, and have requested their legislators to provide better legislators to make the control of the last year. Phere are hundreds of Feb. 10.

I. D. Pearson of the Sun was in the city a few days ago and visited newspaper row.

The American press is still paying much attention to Canadians for their loyalty, and said that "when Canadians utter sentiments of loyalty, it is with this thought in mind, that they are part of a great Anglo-Saxon empire, of which they hope, even as we may become a member, and fined be, the leading member." Regarding the loyalists, the paper addis: "Whatever part of a great Anglo-Saxon empire, of which they hope, even as we may become a member, and fined be, the leading member." Regarding the loyalists, the paper addis: "Whatever part of a great Anglo-Saxon empire, of which they hope, even as we may become a member, and fined he loyalists, the paper addis: "Whatever part of a great Anglo-Saxon empire, of which they hope, even as we may become a member, and fined he, the leading member." Regarding the loyalists, the paper addis: "Whatever part of a great Anglo-Saxon empire, of which they hope, even as we may become a member, and fined he,

GRAND FALLS INCORPORATION. A Grand Falls correspondent writes:

At a meeting held here a few days ago by the committee on incorpora-tion, Alex. W. Baird of St. John, bar-LUMBERING NOTES.

Geo. R. McDough of St. Martins has purchased a new rotary mill which he will place at Ten Mile Creek about the first of March to manufacture his winter cut of logs, which will amount to a million and a half.

To Chandler, a well known rabid, anti-rister, was duly elected a member of the committee to fill the vacancy causpide by the death of the late Edward Jack, C. E. Mr. Baird was also unansettled by international arbitration, why would it not be as well to have the caust for incorporation, and has this late.

however, be brought near the museums and conservatories.

NOVA S

Nova Scotia Centra Apple Warehou

HALI Halifax, N. S., J. a scene in the sup noon today. George under the influence very uncomfortable
The limb of the law der several times. Constable Wilson. lawyer and asked refused and grabbe adjoining the bench removed by force, a went with him. H hotel minus his o shoes. The hotel take him in, and on the street. The contract for

new immigration water terminus ha Rhodes, Curry & C G. H. Murray wa grit convention toda for the by-election Rev. Father McF ago renounced the returned to his for now at the monas where he has been

At the liberal contoday G. H. Murra Messrs. Longley, ray were the prin Longley made so marks regarding at the public mee the convention the ensued. One man ed from the hall, turn, and severa fights. Neil Fergus a young rit lawyer formation charging

Halifax, Jan. 21.of trade at its and dealt with the wind a vigorous manne solved that they ha ed the Canadian g delegations to Otta sidized steamship make a Canadian terminus, instead and other America sidered further ap tion useless, and r to England and done towards plaints.

Pleasure was strained relations States and Great Venezuela affair we hope expressed the ciation of each na will be the outcome Halifax, Jan. 23.for twenty-seven y at S. Cunard & Co

Daniel O'Connell dead in a barn on The body was parti O'Leary was a Br had many medals. weak. The Dalhou some years pla of him, using him Halifax, Jan. 26. Central railway, ru water and Lunenb

dleton, on the Don way, has for some hands of F. B. Was der an act charcteri way company with the Nova Scotia Co to construct and or railway, the Nova been sold at a price will pay all claims on a good basis. quently will retire ship, and a genera

appointed. Chase & Co.'s lar with a full stock was completely de morning. The orig known, as there building yesterday is no insurance stock.

SHAKESPEARE 1st. "At First PRUSSIAN OIL and Colic. Disc old Paregoric. Use PRUSSIAN (you'll not scoff) sore throat, or

3rd. "And then t

'tis grand for Note the direct shake. 4th. "Then a Solo Oaths." 'Tis g wounds or spr bruises, cramps 5th. "And then Round Belly." tism, or indige OIL is good the 6th. "The Sixth

Towards Childi with PRUSSIA fail you, for pa ness, or the agt 7th. "Last Scene ond Childishne your joints up young again. it, says Mr. O Use It

National Alliand in Securin

THE IRISH

New York, Ja council of the I met today an d resolutions:

Whereas, the constitute dungeons is the Irish and Irist oners is brutal, bar be it.

Resolved, That the Irish National preves of the adm. James Fagan on be their families.

Timt we piedge of the alliance, be to the movement and call upon everates to the amn. Monday evening, their power to asset resolutions:

t within a week or so, anper thousand will be adght by water from the season has about been Only a few cargoes are now. Quotations are as

ovincial cargo lumber, 2x8 12.50 to 13; random do, \$12; rds, 6, 7and 9 in., clipped 8 in. and up, stock width. laths, \$1.75 to 1.90; clap-, \$28 to 30; car lumber, No. air dried, clipped, \$20 to 10 in and under, ordered, yard orders, \$14; 12 in. to 16; 14 in. frames, \$17 15-8 in, \$2 to 2.25: 1/1-2 in 4 foot extra clapboards. second clear, \$24 to 25. pine, coarse No. 2, \$16 to 15; outs, \$9 to 9.50. rough x boards, etc., \$9 to 12.50; pboards, sap, \$45 to 48; 40; matched boards, \$19

etc.—Eastern hemlock, butted, \$11.75 to 12; ran-11.50; rough provincial o 10; planed, \$10 to 10.50. rd cedar shingles, \$2.75 to .40 to 2.50; second clears, tra No. 1, \$1.75; No. 1, \$1.50 ade is improving gradualers hope that the change it, as business has been ind are yet high in price. al smelt trade has been tons have been received s pretty well down. The tively few fish have reachgood and will probably for two or three weeks inces have sent larger live lobsters here of late at scarcity has been reugh the market is generall times. Canned lob ce and high. There is a market is well sustained. ddock have also shown

Provincial smelts, frozen t, 12 to 14c per lb; gray, ken, 15c; frozen salmon. rel, 23c for large; medium cod, \$2.50 to 2.75 per 100 4 to 4.25; steak, \$7; hadock. \$2 to 2.25; large hake, en herring, \$1.25 to 1.50 trout, 10c; eels, 8 to 10c; \$12c; boiled do, 14c. vincial extra mackerel. bbl; provincial No. 1s, \$19 orges cod. \$3.75 to 6 per n, \$2.12 1-2 to 2.50; pickled 3.50; hake, haddock and ; N. S. split herring, 400 orador, \$5; round shore, wfoundland salmon, No. 1,

-Native sardines, quarthree-quarter mustards, rades, \$1.90 to 2: flats, \$2.25 a salmon, \$1.25; Columbia o 1.95; mackerel, one lb lb do, \$2.75.

trade has been very dull weather and a large outwholesale dealers and have determined to cease or a period of a month or

MCPHELIM INSANE. f the Late Hon. Francis Mc-Buctouche and Was Edu-t St. Joseph's College.

in this province as well as a doubtless be surprised as a do to learn that Edward Mont the late Hon. Francis Montepresented Kent county in the ck legislature before confedwho at one time was postled in the province, is now consane asylum in New York. The lim was born in Buctouche, there kept a store. After his he and his mother moved to later he went to St. Joseph's maramoook, from which place in 1879. After that he went d entered the newspaper busiin 1879. After that he went d entered the newspaper busical ability soon carried him to place in journalism in that as dramatic critic of the Chihis clever criticisms earned highest place among the draft of America. Henry Irving at d he was one of the best cs in the world. Some little went to New York to enter the alism there, and now it is his clever career is about end-

a's misfortune was sent to impily telegraphed to this city uld defray every expense in-ing him cared for in the best er. He has been sent to a re-recover, as his mental aber-

LLS INCORPORATION.

alls correspondent writes: g held here a few days mmittee on incorpora-Baird of St. John, baruly elected a member of e to fill the vacancy causath of the late Edward Ir. Baird was also unaned solicitor to the appliorporation, and has this otice through the Royal Woodstock Press that an ill be made to the legisprovince at its next sese, continue, alter and passed on the 23rd of incorporate the town of with amendments as to of the act, election of ofto manage and control

ve been admitted into the e exclusive botanical gart's park. They must not,

NOVA SCOTIA.

Nova Scotia Central Railway Sold-Apple Warehouse Destroyed.

HALIFAX. Halifax, N. S., Jan. 21.-There was a scene in the supreme court about noon today. George King of Windsor, under the influence of liquor, made it very uncomfortable for Judge Ritchie. The limb of the law was called to order several times. The judge was obliged to send for the sheriff and Constable Wilson. They caught the lawyer and asked him to leave. He refused and grabbed a small railing adjoining the benches. He had to be removed by force, and part of the rail went with him. He was taken to his hotel minus his overcoat and overshoes. The hotel people refused to take him in, and he was soon again

on the street. The contract for the erection of the new immigration shed at the deep water terminus has been awarded to Rhodes, Curry & Co.

G. H. Murray was selected by the grit convention today as the candidate for the by-election in Cape Breton.
Rev. Father McRae, who some time
ago renounced the Catholic faith, has returned to his former church. He is now at the monastery at Tracadie, where he has been for more than a

At the liberal convention in Sydney today G. H. Murray was nominated. Messrs. Longley, McIsaac and Murray were the principal speakers. Mr. Longley made so many insulting remarks regarding Sir Charles Tupper at the public meeting which followed the convention that a fierce uproar ensued. One man was forcibly ejected from the hall, but managed to return, and several engaged in free fights. Neil Ferguson was struck by a young rit lawyer, against whom information charging assault has been

of trade at its annual meeting today dealt with the winter port question in a vigorous manner. The board reas follows: solved that they had so often petition ed the Canadian government and sent delegations to Ottawa to have a sub sidized steamship line compelled to make a Canadian port their winter terminus, instead of Portland, Me. and other American ports, they con-sidered further appeal in that direc-tion useless, and resolved to go direct to England and see what could be done towards obviating the com

Pleasure was expressed that th strained relations between the United States and Great Britain over Venezuela affair were relaxing, and the hope expressed that a better appre-ciation of each nation by the other will be the outcome.

Halifax, Jan. 23.-Fred W. Symonds for twenty-seven years head checker at S. Cunard & Co.'s, died this morn-

Daniel O'Connell O'Leary was found dead in a barn on South street today. The body was partially eaten by rats. O'Leary was a British veteran and had many medals. His mind has been weak. The Dalhousie students have for some years playfully made much of him, using him at football matches

Halifax, Jan. 26.—The Nova Scotia Central railway, running from Bridge-water and Lunenburg, 74 miles, to Midlleton, on the Dominion Atlantic railway, has for some time been in the hands of F. B. Wade as receiver. Under an act charctering the Central rail-way company with power to acquire the Nova Scotia Central realway and to construct and operate other lines of railway, the Nova Scotia Central has been sold at a price, it is said, which will pay all claims and put the road on a good basis. F. B. Wade conse-quently will retire from the receivership, and a general manager will be

appointed.

Chase & Co.'s large apple warehouse, with a full stock, at Port Williams, was completely destroyed by fire this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown, as there were no fires in the building yesterday or last night. There is no insurance on the building or

SHAKESPEARE'S SEVEN AGES. 1st. "At First the Infant." Try

old Faregular of Whining School Boy.

I. David H. David H. David H. Jarvis T. Corey, Frank Clark, J. A. (you'll not seoff). For colds on chest, (you'll not seoff). For colds on chest, Corey, Revisors—The councillors and Calvin Clark. 2nd "Then the Whining School Boy." sore throat, or whooping cough.

3rd. "And then the Lover." Ah, well, 'tis grand for Head or Heartache. Note the directions; well the bottle

ond Childishness." It will limber your joints up and make you feel young again. Now, don't you forget it, says' Mr. O'Blanaghan. Use It and Prove It.

THE IRISH PRISONERS.

National Alliance Pledges its Support in Securing Their Release.

New York, Jan. 26.—The municipal council of the Irish National alliance met today an dadopted the following

be it.

Resolved, That the municipal council of the Irish National Alliance formally approves of the admission to this country of James Pagan on behalf of the prisoners and their families.

That we pledge the unhesitating support of the alliance, both material and moral, to the movement in favor of their release and call upon every council to send delegates to the amnesty meeting to be held Monday evening, and by every means in their power to assist in ending the unwarrantable purishment of our fellow citises and fellow countrymen.

COUNTY COUNCILS

Municipal Affairs Discussed in Queens and Charlotte.

The Warden of the Latter County Criticises the Scott Act Inspector.

QUEENS CO. COUNCIL.

Gagetown, Jan. 21.-The annual neeting of the Queens county council was held at the Court house today. The council was called to order at 9.30 a. m., Councillor Snodgrass in the chair. The following councillors were

Brunswick-Rowlen Corey, Joseph Cambridge-Wellington Cox, Arch.

Canning-Daniel Palmer, jr., A. McM. Therault. Chipman-Dr. Hay, Isaac Frazer. Gagetown-John W. Dickey, Thomas

Hampstead—D. O. Nickerson, Edgar A. Palmer. Johnston-John Leonard, Solomon C.

Petersville-Harry W. Woods, Peter Waterboro-William Snodgrass, Alonzo F. Barton. Wickham—James McCrea, F. Mel-

bourn Carpenter. Wellington Cox of Cambridge was unanimously elected warden for the

ensuing year. The following committees were ap pointed by the warden: Bills and accounts-Councillors Hay, Perry and Nickerson. Parish accounts—The coun-cillors of each parish. Apportionate of rates and taxes—Snodgrass, Gilbert, Lingley, Palmer and Barton. Auditor's report-Edgar Palmer, Frazer and Perley. Councillors' mileage—Woods Corey and Leonard. Lands and buildings-Perry, Dickey and Purdy. By-

laws—Gilbert, Palmer and Beach.

The county auditor, C. D. Dykeman of Jemseg, submitted his report, which showed the financial standing

20		0.4
t	Contingent fund—	
勰	Cash on hand per last audit	\$438
諷	Net receipts 1895 2	720
0	Expenditure, 1895 2	
	Cash on hand Jan., 1896	
	School fund—	
	Cash on hand as per last audit \$3	3.071
	Net receipts	
3	Expenditures	3.683
t	Cash on hand Jan., 1896	
	Due from parishes on county fund.	
e	Due from parishes on contingent	
	fund	532
	Paid overseers of poor and for pauper	
	insane	1.361
e	Amount due on Thatch Island notes.	
d		
e	Assets over liabilities contingent	

On motion the auditor's report was received and adopted. Mr. Dykeman Adjourned to 1.30.

the afternoon Sheriff Perry, Peter Knight and Simeon Fanjoy were appointed to look after the sale of grass on Thatch Island, Sheriff Perry The report of the committee on

councillors' mileage was as	follows:
Peter Lingley	\$5 20
Harry W. Woods	5 60
Wm. Snodgrass	4 60
Alonzo F. Barton	7 00
James McCrea	
-T. Melbourne Carpenter	2 40
Rowlen Corey	
Joseph Beach	
Wellington Cox	
Arch. Purdy	80
A. McM. Therault	7 00
Daniel Palmer	
Dr. Hay	
Isaac Frazer	
Edgar Palmer	
D. O. Nickerson	
John Leonard	
Court Dooman Court	

S. C. Perry 3 60 Ordered that the arrearages on chool fund from 1885 to 1891, both rears inclusive, and the arrears contingent fund from 1882 to 1891, both years inclusive, be assessed on the de-linquent parishes the present year.

A petition prohibiting cattle and eep from running at large over a portion of the parish of Chipman covered by school district No. 5 was preented and passed.

Jan. 22.—The appointment of parish cers was the first order of busi ness. The following are partial lists: Brunswick-By-road commissioners Jarvis T.Corey, Fred Small, Asa T. Ry st. "At First the Infant." Try
PRUSSIAN OIL for Earache, Croup
and Colic. Discretely used it beats
old Paregoric.
nd. "Then the Whining School Boy."
Use PRUSSIAN OIL for Tootharhe

Cambridge—Commissioners of high-ways—District No. 1, Fred W. Springer; No. 2, A. E. McAlpine; No. 3, L. J. shake.

4th. "Then a Soldier, Full of Strange Oaths." "Tis good," you bet," for wounds or sprains, For frost-bites, bruises, cramps and pains.

5th. "And then the Justice in Fair day, W. H. White and F. E. MacDonald."

5th. "And then the Justice in Fair day, W. H. White and F. E. MacDonald." wounds or sprains, For frost-bites, bruises, cramps and pains.

5th. "And then the Justice, in Fair Round Belly." For gout or rheumatism, or indigestion, that PRUSSIAN OIL is good there is no question.

6th. "The Sixth Age Shifts." "Towards Childish Treble." Not so with PRUSSIAN OIL; 'twill never fail you, for pain in limbs, or numbness, or the ague.

7th. "Last Scene of All * * * is Second Childishness." It will limber the state of the state cillors and Sydney Butler. Overseers of poor—Robert McMann, James E. Bailey, John H. Estabrooks. Collect of rates—Joseph Denton and J. G. Sypher. Parish clerk—Isaac A. Palmer. Commissioners of highways—District No. 1, Benj. Coy; No. 2, Harry Balmain; No. 3, Jas. E. Bailey.

Chipman—Overseers of poor—John Corey, Geo. Chase and Samuel Baird, sr. Commissioners of highways—Dis-trict No. 1, John C. Fulton; No. 2, R. T. Baird; No. 3, Wm. Lucas. Asses-sors—W. C. King, J. G. Nugent, Dan. Dunbar. Parish clerk-A. D. McPhee. Collector of rates-James Connor. Har bor master—Andrew Darrah. Revi-sors—Parish councillors and Robert

Erb, Charles Gunter and J. Armstrone Collector—James Barnett. Commissioners of highways—Harvey Chase,
John Law, Thos. Gilbert. Wharfingers Thos. Crothers and Wm. B. Dingee.
Revisors—Parish councillors and William Hamilton. Parish clerk—William Holmes. Assessors— of rates—A. E. Crothers, William Cooper and Jas.

Johnston—Assessors of rates and taxes—R. B. Akerley, James F. Roberts, A. H. G. Vradenburgh. Overseers of poor—Hazen Starkey, Walter Lawson, C. H. Akerley. Commissioners of highways—District No. 1, David Herman No. 2, Polysta Wilson. No. 2

Hamm; No. 2, Robert Wilson; No. 3, David M. Pearson. Collector of rates terson. Revisors—Parish councillors and James F. Roberts. Wharfingers and harbor masters—T. M. Tood, Aaron Jenkins, Alfred West, H. White Somerville, Dan. Starkey and D. A. Perry. Petersville—Commissioners of high-ways—Jas. Nutter, Richard A. Gra-ham, Mathew McCarthy. Assessors— Albert M. Corbett, Patrick May, Wil-liam Howe. By-road commissioners— William Barnett, Henry Fergerson, Patrick Donovan. Overseers of poor-Govern. Collector of rates—Wm. Kirk-patrick, sr. Parish clerk—Richard

Leonard. Revisors—Parish councillors and John A. McKee. Waterboro—Commissioners of high-ways and by-roads—District No. 1, Jas. McLean; No. 2, Charles Spence; No. 3, Duncan McLean. Assessors of rates— George H. Smith, Clarence Mott and H. O. Branscombe. Collectors of rates—Michael Kelley, William A. Barton. Benjangs—Parish councillors and R. H. Revisors-Parish councillors and B. H. Smith. Overseers of poor—Isaac Snod-grass, Andrew Smith and Enoch Mc-

Wickham-Overseers of poor-B. C. Parks, John Huggard, Alvin Smith. Commissioners of highways—J. R. Van-wart, R. J. Craft, Wilford Robinson. By-road commissioners—B. C. Parks. Henry McCready, John J. Huggard. Revisors—Parish councillors and M. H. MacDonald, M. D. Assessors—Alfred MacDonald, J. F. H. Carpenter, R. B. McCready. Collector of rates— G. Whitfield MacDonald. Game war-

den—James W. Belyea, Parish clerk -James F. Hendry. The following amounts were assessed

the poor, inc	ludi	ng the	paup	er insane
Brunswick Canning				
Gagetown .	12,325			400
Waterboro				100
Cambridge Chipman				275
Hampstead Petersville				108
Wickham . A petition	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	953907545.00(0):59	DESPISATION VALUE	

between Hampstead and Wickham as regards Long Island was not granted. A petition to prohibit cattle from running at large in a certain section of the parish of Johnston, to come in force May 1st, 1896, was passed. Sheriff Perry was voted \$6 for at-tending to the sale of grass on Thatch

Island. Council resumed work at 7.30. The committee on apportionate of rates and taxes reported that the sum of \$38,000 be assessed for school purposes and \$11,000 for configurate touch

and \$11,000 for contingent fund.
School—
Brunswick \$158 32
Canning 322 21
Cambridge445 10
Chipman 192 29
Gagetown
Hampstead
Petersville
Waterboro
Wickham 289 36
Contingent—
Brunswick 98 97
Canning 132 02
Cambridge
Gagetown
Hampstead 166 55
Johnston 128 14
Petersville 119 21
Waterboro 107 76
Wickham 68 56

The date of selling grass on Thatch Island was changed from the 15th of July to the 25th. Ordered that one thousand copies of the auditor's report be printed and distributed in the usual manner.

Moved by Coun. Woods, seconded by Coun. Lingley, that the collector of rates for the parish of Petersville receive three per cent. on collections .-

Resolved, that the land and building committee be empowered to collect back rents, to lease and re-lease coun-A hearty vote of thanks was tender-

ed to the warden, auditor, secretarytreasurer, sheriff and janitor, and the council adjourned to meet again on the third Tuesday in January, 1897. CHARLOTTE CO. COUNCIL.

St. Andrews, Jan. 21.-The annual sion of the Charlotte county municipal council was convened at the county court house at 11 o'clock a. m. The representation of the parishes and incorporated towns are: St. Andrews-N. G. D. Parker, Wm.

St. James-A. B. Christie. W. For St. Croix-David Johnson, John Ru St. Patrick-J. H. Dyer, J. W. Stev-St. George-James McKay, H. V

St. David-G, F. Beach, Stillma Smith. St. Stephen-J. S. Maxwell, M. Mc Monagle.
Pennfield—David Eldridge, John W Lepreaux-R. Mawhinney, T. Mul-

Clarendon-G.W. Kupkee, Archibald Nixon. Campobello—Wm. Mathews, L. P Grand Manan-Peter Russell, Delhi

West Isles-J. H. Ward, C. H. Con Dufferin-F. P. Hunter, Woodbury Mc Beam Dumbarton-Jaseph Hill, William

St. Stephen (town)—Isaiah Bridges.
Militown (town)—John L. Ray.
Upper Mills (town) S. C. Woodside.
At roll call all the councillors with
the exception of Councillor Conley of West Isles answered.
Councillor James McKay of St.
George was unanimously re-elected

warden. Before taking his seat Warden Mo Kay made a short speech, in which he set forth how, in his opinion, the funds of the municipality could be augmented: 1st, the collection of license from auctioneers and pediars and the impo-

Hampstead—By-road commissioners—Samuel Beckett, James Hawshaw and Wilford Vanwart. Wharfingers—Edward Hastings and Abram Fox. Overseers of poor—Thomas Mullin, Bradford Palmer; William Harrison. Cellector of rates—George Ratiburn. Parish clerk—David McCorkle.

Johnston—Assessors of rates and municipalities in the province. He latively than was paid in some other municipalities in the province. He latively than was paid in some other municipalities in the province. He also paid his respects to the Scott act inspector, who, he thought, got too much salary for the work performed. The warden said he was a total abstainer and sometimes preached temperance, yet he was of the opinion that the inspector was paid too much for the services performed. Instead of hunting up the violators of the law, he simply remained in St. George until information with the proof was sent to formation with the proof was sent to him, frequently dictated by personal formed upon. He, the warden, would suggest that payment should be made by results, and that if the inspector was zealous in the performance of duty the council could vote him any addition to his salary they thought he was deserving of. He also thought the bill for postage last year, amounting to-forty-two dollars, was large, and the

council should have more knowledge of expenditure on that head than they usually had placed before them. He threw out these suggestions for consideration of the members of R. E. Armstrong was appointed official reporter.
On re-assembling after the dinner hour the warden appointed standing

Finance-The council, with Coun. Maxwell chairman. Printing-Couns. Ray, Snodgrass and County property—Couns. Parker, Dyer and Russell.

ittees as follows:

rtionment and Couns. Stevenson, Dewar and Hill. The auditor, M. N. Cockburn, presented his report, in which he called attention to the practice of some parish officers not making returns until the eve of the meeting of council, a custom that is contrary to law.

On motion of Coun. MacMonagle the

It was ordered that the official re port of the proceedings of the council together with the accounts and the auditor's report thereon, be published in newspaper form and distributed in

report was referred to the finance com

the usual manner.
On motion, Coun. MacMonagle, Parker and Hill were appointed a committee to look into the question of the county officers' salaries and report at the present session.

Council then adjourned until ten

o'clock a. m. Wednesday. It would appear from the report of the accounts that the financial position of the municipality is most satisfactory and that the assessment for count contingencies this year will be fully one thousand dollars less than last year. The county continu count is as follows:

Bastardy Overseers of poor ... Road damage Bal. due secretary 427 5

In bidding for the new first-class ruisers for the British navy there was but one per cent. difference between the bids of the three competing firms. About \$2,150,000 will be paid for each 11,000 ton vessel.



MONTHLY

Frank Leslie's Pleasant Hours FOR BOYS AND CIRLS. Bright, Wholesome, Juvenile Month ly illustrated. The best writers for you ple contribute to it. 10 cts.; \$1 a year

SEND ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS TO FRANK LESLIE'S PUB. HOUSE 42 and 44 Bond Street.

NEW YORK. Indoubtedly the Best Club Utters

LET US SEE

Suppose we have twenty hens, and are feeding corn, oats, meal, etc., and getting but four or five eggs per day. We begin to feed green cut bone; n less than a week we are getting eleven or twelve eggs per day, an increase of seven eggs per day; in even days we would get forty-nine eggs more than

we were getting before. Forty-nine eggs a week for ten weeks equals 490. We will call the price of eggs two cents each, which is a low estimate, and we have the sum of \$9.80 clear gain over feeding without green bone. Now, suppose instead of twenty hens we keep 100 or 200, every intelligent poultryman can see at a glance what a vast difference it will make to his profits, and will admit that it is a stupid folly to try to dispense with a Bone Cutter.

The increase of eggs is only one of the many sources of profit that follow.

Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs Larger.

Green Cut Bone Makes Eggs More Fertile.

Green Cut Bone Makes Chicks Grow Faster and Hardler.

Green Cut Bone Keeps Hens in Health.

Green Cut Bone Prevents Roup

Green Cut Bone Prevents Egg Eating and Feather Picking.

Green Cut Bone Reduces the Grain Bill.

Green Cut Bone Gives Better Color to Plumage and Comb.

It is not a stimulant or a medicine, but is simply a perfect food, which has in it every constituent of the egg, and the hen instead of having to wait days or weeks to accumulate enough material from common food to make the egg, finds just what is wanted in green bone, and in consequence she just can't help

This is a plain statement of the facts, which will appeal to every thoughtful and intelligent person. Investigate it, and the results will surely compel you to

A BONE CUTTER WILL PAY!

W. H. THORNE & CO. (LIMITED) - MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN.

DON'T FORGET BAILEY'S CELEBRATED BROOMS

We guurantee them for Price, Quality of Corn, Strength and Finish, to be superior to any in the market. We de iver in 5 doz. lots and upwards, freight paid to your station direct from the factory.

JARDINE & CO., 28 and 30 Water Street



BOLD ASSERTION **ABOUT** KOOTENAY

. . . CURE THE NEW REMEDY AN ABSOLUTE .. CURE..

RHEUMATISM SKIN DISEASES KIDNEY TROUBLE

8. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO.

RHEUMATISM:

Keep Milch Cows In Good Health

lean, run-down cow to have a good flow of milk, though she will eat more than an animal in good flesh. The difficulty is the nutriment is not all extracted from the food because her digestion is out of order.

Dick's Blood Purifier

will strengthen the digestion and make the food produce milk. It will cost but fifty cents to try it on the poorest cow you have and you will get back your money with interest in a few weeks.

For sale by Druggists, at general stores or sent post paid on reteipt of 50 cts.

Dick & Co., P. O. Box 482, Montreal.

To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir-Some short time since you kindly published a letter of mine in regard to the advisability of establishing at convenient points along the lines of our railways, places where railwaymen might meet for the purpose of mutual intercourse, with a view to an improvement in their moral and religious environments. I am glad to be able to inform you that the necessity of such a work has appealed to Mr. Hoyt of H. M. customs at McAdam, and he has been in communication with me in regard to the opening of a room at McAdam for the purpose named. He informs me that the question has been discussed among the men there and he finds quite a number of the employes are in favor of the movement, and he day now making final arrangements for the opening of a reading room, which, he hopes to conclude in the course of a few weeks.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, the 7th Oct ber, 1895, the trains of this Railway will re daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:— TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN. dation from Moneton... The trains of the Intercolonial Railway are heated by steam from the locomotive, and those between Halitax and Montreal via Levis are lighted by electricity,
All trains are run by Eastern Standard

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 29, 189 NORTHUMBERLAND

There is little more to be desired in the way of harmony when a party liberal conservatives of Northumberland have found a candidate whose popularity appears to be admitted by all, and who enters on the campaign with the most cheerful prospects. Mr. Robinson has been three times elected to the legislature. His personal strength is shown by the fact that on the first and last occasions he received the largest vote of the four successful candidates. He is a merchant and lumberman of Derby, and is manager of the Miramichi Boon and Lumber Company, Mr. Robinson is connected with local industries other than lumbering and has a large stake in the county which he aspires to represent at Ottawa.

When his name was first mentioned in connection with this candidature the opposition press reprinted an alleged interview which appeared two years ago in the Star of Montreal. Mr. Robinson was then represented things of Mr. Mitchell, and some rather unkind things of his competitors and opponents. As this interview is used against him in Mr. Mitchell's interest, Mr. Robinson now explains that the Star reporter was Mr. Mitchell himself, and intimates that many of the remarks were not made by Mr. Robinson but by the other party to tion it does not appear that the report of the interview will be of much

value to Mr. Mitchell's interests. fight. It would not be like him to do anything else. He has about him a small and gradually diminishing circle a representative grit candidate he will receive a share of the regular opposition vote. But his last term of service at Ottawa is much against of Northumberland cannot say what of his election. It has been difficult to convince Mr. Mitchell that his pubito career was brought to a close by the unfortunate truth. He will probably never cease to charge Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Leonard Tilley, Sir Charles Tupper and other old asseclates with his own loss of influence in the affairs of this country. But they are not responsible for it.

HOME GOVERNMENT AND NEWFOUNDLAND.

The reference made to Newfoundland by Sir Charles Tupper in his spech at Sydney is of more than passing interest. It was plain to every the imperial government held the key which he suggested some doubt, the to the situation. The financial position people of Cape Breton could depend of the colony was such that her publie men could not see hew to carry on the provincial government on the On the other hand, the Camadian government, made a proposition offering more liberal conditions than are enjoyed by other prvomces. Camada virtually proposed to give Newfoundfand a bonus. It was suggested that the home government should do the same. This proposition was declined, Lord Ripon explaining that a dangerous precedent would be established by its adoption. These were the days when the colonial office was more afraid of making precedents than it is

Sir Charles Tupper intimated politely that Lord Ripon was perhaps not quite abreast of the times. This observation was not made with reference to the Newfoundland policy, but in connection with the quaetion of preferential trade. Lord Ripon submitted a and advocated by Mr. Foster in a speech which was regarded as the pressed the view of the delegates and reflected enlightened public opinion in Canada. This journal remarked at the mond said: time that there was no reason to suppose that Lord Ripon had spoken the last word on the subject. It is equally improbable that he has given the last opinion concerning Newfoundspectable minister who sits in the colonial office and studies precedents, oedenits. He has already been at the making of two or three not less dan gerous in their way than a marriage

The London Times, referring to Mr. ered thair another great statesman has This is true, and it is fortunate that the statesman is found in the office

THE WEEKLY SUN, and seidom had him. Of the two first atsteemen in the imperial government the one who has most regard there a continuity of policy is re-tuined. The man who cares less for where a continuity of the traditional ed, and where new departures are now taking place. Lord Ripon's deliverances were all very conservative and egard them as final utterances. He is not that kind of a man.

THE TARIFF ON COAL.

gan the grit party leaders engaged in it have been hedging on bec province. It may also convince the coal duty. The coal industry is him that he is not leading his party. the most important business in Cape Breton county. It is the support of half a dozen busy villages, and pracfloally sustains the two larger towns of Sydney and North Sydney. The man who aims a blow at this great industry has a poor show of election in

Now Mr. Laurier has been going about in Ontario and Quebec declaring that his party is in favor of free raw materials. There are many substances that are raw materials for some in dustries, but Mr. Laurier has selected two which are not at present extensively produced in the larger provinces. Coal and fron are the goods which he has proposed to make free.

Everybody knows that the coal industry of Nova Scotia would be destroyed by the abolition of the coal duty. The Cape Breton people can remember 1878. At that time the sales of Cape Breton coal amounted to a bare quarter of a million tons. The shipment had been something larger in former years, but the trade had gone down and down, so that it was literally on the eve of extinction. The small market offered in the provinces was the mainstay of those mines which had not been closed down. The adoption of the national policy developed the industry by leaps and bounds. The output of the Cape Breton mines in 1894 was almost exactly five times what it had been in 1879. In 1879 only 40,000 tons of Cape Breton coal was sold in Quebec province. At present the shipments to Quebec are in the neighborhood of 750,000 tons a year, If the duty had not been imposed this coal would remain under the soil of Nova Scotia. If it should be removed the condition fifteen years ago would Attorney General Longley, D. C.

Devlin, M. P., and other campaigners are on the stump against Sir Charles not been saying any more than they could help about the coal duties. But when pressed they have thrown doubt upon the free raw material policy of their leader. Mr. Longley, speaking in a mining town, said that even if Mr. careful observer at the time of the Laurier's reference to raw material conference with Newfoundland that were intended to apply to coal, of upon it that when the party came into powed no injurious interference with the coal industry would be allowed to terms of union suggested by Canada, take place. Of course it was a grossly dishonest to intimate a doubt that Mr. Laurier meant to include coal in the raw materials, for coal was the particular material which Mr. Laurier mentioned over and over again, There is also dishonesty somewhere in carrying on a campaign for free coal in Quebec, while the party promises protection to coal in Nova Scotia. Mr. Murray's card in favor of retaliatory coal duties is not only in flat opposition to Mr. Laurier's policy, but is a direct attack on his general policy in regard to the United States.

Mr. Laurier's argument was course based on the alleged fact that the duty added to the price of coal makes the cost excessive. On this question it will not be out of place to repeat a statement made the other day in the legislative council of Nova Scotia by one of Mr. Laurier's followraither discouraging report on the pre- ers. The speaker was Mr. Drummond ferential trade resolution which had of Ptoton county, who publishes a been adopted by the colonial confer- weekly paper in the ostensible interence. This resolution was proposed est of the coal miners, and is himself the secretary of their provincial organization. A few years ago Mr Drumablest address of the meeting. It ex- moned supported with all his power Mr. Fielding's syndicate coal bill. In his speech the other day Mr. Drum-

I was in hope that the amaignmation of the several collieries under one head, would lead to better prices in the Montreal market. I was under the fond fancy that competities, the bane in the past of our coal trade, would be mitigated if not removed. I am sorry it has not turned out so. Competition is as active as ever, and prices in Mesatreal last year were lower than ever; net. e result, mark ye, of foreign competities, but of competition among our own operators, a competition as foolish as it is strange.

Here we find a follower of Mr. Laurier affirming that he supported a easure of the grit government of Nova Scotia in the hope that it would establish a combine to raise the price Chamberlain, says that the people of it had failed of its purpose. Continu-Great Britain have suddenly discoving. Mr. Drummond referred to the of coal, and was grieved to find that contention of Professor Russell of Dalhousie college, that the Whitney syndicate, which had been recently established when Mr. Russell wrote, which has always needed one most would advance the price of coal. The

professor, it seems, thought that this object was sought. Mr. Drummond hoped that it would be obtained. But so far one has been agree by disappointed, and the other bitterly disappointed in his hopes. For Mr. Drummond adds:

These obsessvations may convince Mr. Laurier that the coal duty has not Since the Cape Breton campaign be- yet created a monopoly and is not oppressive to the manufacturers of Que

M. Mitchell and his friends made a technical mistake in reprinting from the Star the alleged interview with Mr. Robinson. Had the matter been allowed to drop it would not have been necessary to discuss the means adopted by Mr. Mitchell when he was pronoting his own claims to the govervices performed by Mr. Mitchell fn his younger and better days have protected him from many severe reflections which his personal attacks on former comrades and his own conduct in the for. The memory of other times, and some personal sympathy have led many men and several journals to speak as kindly as possible of Mr. Mitchell, even when he was seeking a position to which no one seriously thought he ought to be appointed. It would have been better if Mr. Mitchell and his Northumberland friends had not recalled circumstances leading to detailed explanations of the campaign

Montreal Gazette: "The Halifax board of trade has issued another complaint on the winter port question. St. John has three lines of steamships running from its port this winter, one to Liverpool, one to London, and one to Glasgow. It looks a little as if the winter port question, so far as freight is concerned, was set-

A contemporary is greatly troubled because a large number of Roman Catholic clergymen are said to be supporting Sir Charles Tupper. The case is really more serious than that. Sir Charles is supported by a still Fraser, M. P., C. McIsaac, M. P., Mr. larger number of Protestant clergy-

> eve on his was threatened in Nicaragua.

DEATH OF C. C. CARMICHAEL.

A Highly Esteemed Resident of English Settlement, Kings Co.

After a painful illness, borne with nce and fortitude born of Chris tian faith, Colin Campbell Carmichael of English Settlement, Kings Co., N. B., passed away from earth on the ok place at the residence of R. D. date he drove from his late home to Sussex for the purpose of consulting tire time from that date to his deat quired attention night and day. Mr. and Mrs. Boal desire hereby to express their sincere thanks to the neigh bors and friends for the sympathy shown and practical assistance rendered during the illness and in connection with the funeral of their late amented brother.

ADDRESS.

To the widow and relatives of our brother, Celin C. Carmichael:
Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst, by death, our worthy brother, Cohin C. Carmichael, a much respected member of our order;
Therefore resolved, That we, the officers and members of Valley lodge, No. 23, I. O. O. F., place on record our deep sense of the loss we have thereby sustained, and extend our heartfeld sympathy to the widow and other relatives of our deceased brother, and trust that the All Wise Father will grant unto her and them all the comfort and consolation needed in this their hour of sore trial and bereavement;
Further resolved, That a copy of the above resolution be sent to the widow and other relatives of our deceased brother.

Signed on behalf of the lodge.

J. THOMPSON,

REPLY. the members of Valley Lodge, No. 33, To the members of Valley Lodge, No. 33, I. O. O. F.;
We, the widow and relatives of the late Colin Campbell Carmichel, desire to gratefully acknowledge the receipt of your very kind address expressive of your sense of loss and of your deep sympathy with us in this time of our sore bereavement.

Next to the aid of our Divine Father, which you devoutly wish for us, we prize the kindness and help of our earthly friends, amongst whom we are glad to reckon the members of Valley lodge.

May heaven's best blessings come to you in your individual lives and rest upon your beloved order throughout the world.

Signed—Mrs. Colin Campbell Carmichael, Mrs. Robt. D. Boal, Mrs. S. B. Folkins, David L. Carmichael, James L. Carmichael, Duncan Carmichael.

HOULTON FIRE.

Houlton, Me., Jan. 27.-The Putnan and Rice block, corner of Court and Main streets, occupied by Fred Ver-The fire is now beyond centrol. The building is a total loss. The block building is a total loss. The block adjoining, known as the Blue Store, was destroyed. The offices were occupied by F. A. Nevers, M. D.; Geo. L. Mickerson, dentist, and Thos. S. Dickinson, M. D., who saved most of their furniture. The buildings and stock of Verplast are insured. The

GRAND MANAN.

Wholly of Fishermen.

Death of a Sea Captain Who Had Rounded Every . . Cape Horn Forty-two Times.

of the season made its appearance here on the 25th, and there has been a moderate but almost steady fall up to date. This is hailed with delight by a large number of our people hav-ing business in the woods. Fishing has been dull the past week, moderate been a poor one for the fishermen, the catch being very light, except at Dark Harbor, where herring, it is reported, have been very plentiful and prices good, but as this fishery is controlled by one individual this is of but little portance or benefit to fishermen in

a concert and hop in the hall on the evening of the 23rd inst., which was well patronized. This band has made great progress during the last three month, and although only about one year has elapsed since its oganization, will compare very favorably with any of the amateur bands down east, Mach credit is due to the instructor. credit is due to the instructor, F. A. Gillis, for the manner in which the boys acquitted themselves on the occasion referred to, as well as many others very recently. The hand is composed principally of fishermen, and is not only a credit to those hardy tollers of the sea, but to the island, and is deservedly very popular.

No doubt the people of the island will be surprised to hear that Dr. L.

H. Price, who practiced very successfully here for three years, has opened an office at Moncton, N. B. The doctor has been studying in New York for the last year or a little more, and was expected to return to the Island, but has seen fit to do otherwise. This people. The doctor proved himself to be a very skilfull physician while here, and had a very large practice and won for himself a host of friends, who will wish him every success in his

Grand Manan, Jan. 24.-Capt. Daniel McLaughlin, who died at his residence at North Head on the 13th inst., was born at Lower Granville, N. S., Nov. 23, 1823. His family moved to this island landed all the large granite blocks used in the construction of the granite wall around the base of the tower of the Gannet Rock lighthouse. In the same year he left Grand Manan and Eastport, Me., becoming a citizen of the United States and sailing as master in some of the finest of Eastport. He took the fine ship A. Etas, and remained in command of her till she was sold in England. He then went into business in London, England, with a southern man as his partner, under the firm style and name of Ewing & McLaughlin, ship chandlers. They remained in the business till the breaking out of the southern nership, as Mr. Ewing was rebel in his sympathies and Capt. McLaughlin was a loyal Yankee. His ship, the Swallow, was used as a transport ship, and he, with Ben Butler's forces, followed the heroic old sea dog and fighter, Farragut, to New Orleans. He was one of the best known ship masters in the United States mercantile marine, and commanded some of the finest clipper ships out of Boston and New York. His last ship was the clipper Glory of the Sea, and in her he made his last voyage, going to Call-forn'a, where he left her and settled

convenient residence. He built a small boat, the Tramp, and in her visited Lower Granville, the place of his birth, also St. John. He was the prime nover in getting up a series of races between the erack fishing boats of the island, and in organizing a yacht club. Richardson Bros. of Deer Island were engaged in building him a yacht at the time of his death. A thorough seaman, he loved the ocean and had circumnavigated the globe more than once, sailed around Cape Horn 42 voyages, and had visited all the principal ports of the world. He now lies at rest in the little country churchyard at Seal Cove, with his father, mother, brother and sisters and kinsmen. He has two brothers, W. B. Mc-Laughlin and James McLaughlin, living, and four sisters. Capt. McLaughlin was an own cousin to Sheriff Walter S. Butler of Grand Lake, Queens county. He leaves a wife and four

Harbor will be a busy little village this spring and summer.

Mrs. G. P. Newton has presented her

Isaac Newton is doing considerable business at Dark Harbor this winter; plenty of herrings there and hone all in the woods.

Richibucto, Jan. 25.—About twenty-five couples attended a driving party last evening to Kingston and return. It was followed by a dance and refreshments at the residence of Malcolm

McKinnen.
Henry O'Leary started a large crev H. Percy Chestnut, the new representative in this locality for T. B. Barker & Sons, was in town yesterday.

Wire Fence Manufacturing Co.,

Factory on Johnston's Wharf, Off Water Street,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

. Farmer

WIRE FENCE MANUFACTURING CO.

Gives the farmer The Strongest Farm Fence on the market, and one that meets every requirement as to cheapness and durability.

Ornamental Lawn, Garden and Cemetery Lot Fencing a specialty.

SEE OUR STOCK AND GET PRICES. A. J. MACHUM, Manager

P. E. SLAND.

Meeting of Bedeque Branch of Farmers' and Dairymen's Association.

General News From Charlottetown, Bedeque, Pownal, Little York and Montague.

Charlottetown, Jan. 24.—On the even ng of the 22nd a happy wedding ceremony was performed in the presence of a good number of friends, at the this city, when Albert W. Mitchell, beokkeeper for Prowse Brothers, was united in marriage to Miss Annie, daughter of the above. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Addie Stentiford, and John S. Lewis, of the Bank of Montreal, ably supported the groom. The Rev. Mr. Corey tied the knot. The happy couple were the recipients of numerous presents

The three mile race was won by Thos. Howatt and the one mile by Fred. Rat- ft. 10 in. depth of hold, and 24 ft. beam The elections for the city officials are announced, and it is understood that Mayor Dawson will again be in the field for re-election. Hon. Mr. Laird has declined to run, and Coun- tion of which will be found elsewhere cillor Hazard will likely oppose him.

The election takes place on Feb. 12th. at its annual meeting gave an encouraging report, and declared 21-2 per board of directors resulted as fol mand of the schooner Olive Branch, ard, Hector McLeod, R. R. Fitzgerald, Benjamin Rogers, P. Blake, F. L. Haz-F. H. Beer and J. J. Davies.

Messrs. Johnson & Johnson, druggists, of this city, have established a branch store at Souris, under the mangement of James Ferguson, who has had thirteen years' experience in the The Upper Prince street Methodist

church has undergone a complete change in the interior, by which the platform and choir and all the pews have been reversed to the opposite of the building.
The mails are to be transferred to the

tual reports are very gratifying. The C. E. societies of this city have promised to entertain over 400 delegates at the Maritime Union convention to be held here next July or August. Bedeque, Jan. 23.-A revival wave is

beginning its sweep over Bedeque. Special meetings immediately followed the union services, and they are largely attended.

deque is suffering from a very severe fall which he received a few days ago. In descending from a loft in his barn he in some way slipped and fell heavily down as the proprietor of a fine grape and fruit ranch. He returned to this island in 1892, settling down at North forward, striking first with his head an ugly cut on the face and a very se-Head, where he owned a pretty and vere shaking up. The old gentleman phones. is recovering slowly.

Ewer Clark, whose illness we report-

ed last week, though remaining very much the same, is thought to be out of

Bedeque, Jan. 25.—The death of Joseph Morris of Lower Bedeque occurred at his residence yesterday afternoon. For a number of years M. Morris had been afflicted with Bright's disease, but it was little expected that it would so soon close his career. Mr. and enjoyed the high esteem of every one. He leaves a wife, two sons and two daughters to mourn his loss.

The Bedeque branch of the Farmers' meeting in the Lower Freetown yesterday afternoon. A goodly number was in attendance. The most important feature of the proceedings was the paper prepared and read by the Hon. Alex. Leard, M. P. P., on Farm N. H. Cole is here overseeing the building of Burnham & Morrell's lobster factory at Grand Harbor. It will be run by steam power. Capt. E. A. Holmes of Eastport will also build a lobster and sardine factory here. Grand Harbor will be a busy little ville. nearly all being that it proves to be quite impossible to keep such accounts as the case required. Among other topics the management of the Government Stock Farm was criticised and

commended. The next meeting will be held at Centreville, Feb. 11th. Joseph Rogers of North Bedeque has just left for an extended tour in Eu-

been marked by two very sudden and unexpected deaths. On Sunday morning the only child of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Moore of Pownal passed away. On Tuesday, the 22nd, Mrs. William Dockendorf of Southport breathed her last. She was only married last year, and was known to everybody as a kind and lovely woman prevalent among many of the familie of York and surrounding communities.

A few days ago the head of a spike,
which Donald McMillan of Stanhope
was driving, broke off and struck him

eye at least.

William Miller of Marshfield sold a fine Barrister mare on Monday last to a Yarmouth, N. S., man for \$160.

Rev. W. T. D. Moss of Marshfield was presented on Monday evening

E B. KETCHUM, Secretary. with a handsome fur coat, according ied by a very flattering address.

Montague, Jan. 21.—Prosecutor Baers is enforcing the Scott act with great

Sickness is very prevalent here. Mrs. Capt. Joseph Fairchild of Georgetown died on the 18th. John D. Collings of died on the 18th. John D. Collings of Sturgeon passed away recently under sad circumstances, dying from inflam-mation of the lungs, after nursing his brother Hugh successfully through a severe illness. He was 19 years of age, a faithful member of the Methodist church and a staunch Good Templar.

LUNENBURG SHIPBUILDING

The Lumenburg Argus says: "On Monday afternoon we visited the ship-yards at the east end. On arriving at the yard of Peter Young he gave us the following information: The vessel standing farthest east belongs to Capt. Eleazar Zinck and others and is 75 feet keel, 114 ft. on deck, 9 1-2 ft. depth The races at the rink were quite ex- of hold, breadth of beam, 24 feet. The citing to the large number attending. next in order was another in rapid owned by Albert Himmelman and others. The third just being raised will be 60 feet long, 22 ft. beam and 8 3-4 feet hold. There is also in building in this yard a pilot boat, a full descripcrafts and the yard presents a scene The P. E. I. Exhibition association of activity. On our return to town we stopped at the yard of Count David Smith and there we were told that dividend. The balloting for while on Thursday last there had been one staunch craft shoved from the stocks 68 feet long, 100 on deck, 23 1-2 beam, 9 1-4 depth, called the B. G. Anderson, and commanded by Capt. Thos. Zinck another would be ready for the fleet in a short time. In the place of the one launched on Thursday last stands the frame of another finished to keep up with the tim This industry gives employment to a we trust, always remain in this pr

WEDDING BELLS.

The Portsmouth, N. H., Times of the land Centre of his daughter, Miss Leona Hayden, and Frederick T. Huges, formerly of Queens Co., N. B. The bride, who was charmingly attired, was supported by her sister, Miss Augusta M., and Miss Mabel Marden, and the groom was attended by Donald A. Golding of Boston. Afte wedding supper, given by the bride's honeymoon trip to the south. On their return they will reside at Portsmouth. The gifts to the bride were numerous

> work on the English warships, owing to the rattling of the machinery, the admiralty has determined to try tele-

VETERINARY

DEPARTMENT. Conducted By J. W. Manchester.

The Weekly Sun takes pleasure in notifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Man-chester, V. S., whereby all questions with respect to diseases of the lower animals will be answered by him, and treatment prescribed in those cases where it is asked for through the col-

V. S., St. John, N. B.

All enquiries must be addressed: VETERINARY DEPARTMENT Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

lump on the shoulder. It came on about a menth ago and is getting larger. It is very tender to the touch. Will you let me know what to do for

Ans.—I could recommend nothing but complete excision of the growth by consult your nearest veterinary sur-geon. Local applications such as blisters are of no use in such a case.

W. B. K.-What had I better do to ture bad case of scratches? Ans.—Feed carefully and see that the horse's blood is in good condition. Local treatment would consist of washing the parts carefully with casle soap and warm water; then dry thoroughly and apply a little of the following ointment: Zinc oxide 1 part to lard 4 parts. Mix.

D. McB.-I have a mare twelve years cld that got lame on the nigh foreleg. There is a puff above and on the outlittle sprung, and the mare appear to want to rest on the toe.

Ans.—Yours is a case of tendinous symovitis, and the best line of treatent would be to put on a shoe with was driving, broke off and struck him with great force in the eye. It is feared he may lose the sight of one lost the enlargement repeatedly with the following: Mercury biniodide 1 part to lard 6 parts.

P. J.-I wish to thank you through The Sun for advice given me last fall.

The case made a complete ours under the treatment you advised.

CITY The Chief Ev

Week in Together With

from Corresp

Excha When ordering t WEEKLY SUN to the NAME of the which the paper is that of the office to it sent. Remember! The office must be sem

NOTICE TO COR News corresponding to the contract of the corresponding to the correspon to ensure insertion SUN of the follow The local legislat

J. S. Atkison of The Baptist ehr

S. E. Campbell's Hartland, Carleton the ground on the

J. H. Copp of App out timber for a building in the spri be employed in carr John for C. T. Whit

Wm. Smith of who was convicted Steeves, has been year in Albert cou A Methodist churc

pacity for 160 perso at Wickham, Carle 19 inst., by the Re-Chapman and A. H. George Hamm arri home in Hampstead

Dr. R. D. Wilson the city, the guest law. J. R. Bruce. shortly for Colorad cate for the practic

York, looking hale

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-(Moneton Times. Rev. Father Arse eph's, Memramcool ferred to Notre Dan place as prefect of taken by a brothe

of discipline at Far J. D. Baird, sr., Baird of Grafton, John O'Leary, si leton county, died o

inst., at the age of

H. H. McLean the New Brunswick director of that cor positions having be

In the Phillamore jury returned a ver on Saturday. The prosecuted and Geo. prisoner. At the case the court adj

O. A. Flewellin old horse again burn's Bashful Gir him half way bet and Hibernia for at any date Mr.

There cleared fr 17th, schr. Glean Bar Harbor, with schr. Amy D., I with 175 tons coal Hatfield, for Portional; Melinda, Kin 155 tone coal.

H. Percy Steven leton Co., was ma Jan. 15th, at the bride's parents, i large conccurse friends. The your in Somerville. Application will

session of the legi Killeen, C. E., for porate a company way from Freder called the Centr Railway company Chris. Conrolly.

business at She past nine years, Halifax and rest ness again, at Ca making arrangen bably start here

At Chubb's corr ate near Emerso of Fundy, belong The property wa mortgage claim. John A. Smith at

E. L. Temple insurance busine Thomas Temple, known as Thoma or member and well known E. L. Temple ? perience, and then

eturing Co., Water Street,



URING CO.

the market, and one that Fencing a specialty.

T PRICES.

KETCHUM, Secretary.

me fur coat, accomp y flattering address. Jan. 21.—Prosecutor Baers the Scott act with great

very prevalent here. Mrs. Fairchild of Georgetown 18th. John D. Collings of ances, dying from inflam-e lungs, after nursing his a successfully through a ... He was 19 years of age, nember of the Methodist a staunch Good Templar.

BURG SHIPBUILDING.

ourg Argus savs: east end. On arriving at Peter Young he gave us and others and is was another in rapid h of hold, and 24 ft. beam, lbert Himmelman and re is also in building in will be found elsewi are all fine looking yard presents a scene our return to town we e yard of Count David rsday last there had been craft shoved from the long, 100 on deck, 23 1-2 denth, called the B. G. commanded by Capt. another would be ready in a short time. In the one launched on Thurs-nds/the frame of another, rapidly the work is being gives employment to a of workmen and will. ways remain in this pro-

DDING BELLS.

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ARY DEPARTMENT.

By J. W. Manchester. St. John, N. B.

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ARY DEPARTMENT. Sun, St. John, N. B.

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to thank you through lvice given me last fall. a complete cure under you advised.

CITY NEWS.

The Chief Events of the Week in St John,

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.
Remember! The NAME of the Post.
Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS. News correspondence must be mailed in time to reach this office not later than Saturday afternoon to ensure insertion in THE WEEKLY SUN of the following week.

The local legislature is sur to meet on Fabruary 13th.

ton timber for St. John by rail. The Baptist church at Alexandra, P. E. I., will be opened on February

S. Atkison of Albert is shipping

S. E. Campbell's steam saw mill at Hartland, Carleton Co., was burned to the ground on the 19th.

J. H. Copp of Apple River, is getting out timber for a vessel he intends building in the spring. The vessel will be employed in carrying lumber to St. John for C. T. White.

Wm. Smith of Demoiselle Creek, who was convicted before Judge Lan-dry of arrgavaed assault on Ingram Steeves, has been sentenced to one year in Albert county jail.

A Methodist church, with seating capacity for 160 persons, was dedicated at Wickham, Carleton Co., on the 19 inst., by the Revs. A. LePage, D. Chapman and A. Hayward.

George Hamm arrived at his father's

law, J. R. Bruce. Dr. Wilson leaves shortly for Colorado, where he will lo-cate for the practice of his profession. Rev. Father Arsenault of St. Jos-

eph's, Memramcook, 'has been arns-ferred to Notre Dame, Indiana. His place as prefect of discipline, has been taken by a brother, formerly prefect of discipline at Farnham.

H. H. McLean has been appointed of the Land Department of the New Brunswick railway and also lirector of that company and director of the Fredericton branch, the above positions having been made vacant by

the death of C. W. Weldon. In the Phillamore adultery case the jury returned a verdict of not guilty on Saturday. The attorney general prosecuted and Geo. H. V. Belyea and A. Á. Stockton, Q. C. defended the prisoner. At the conclusion of this case the court adjourned sine die.

O. A. Flewelling of Oak Point is anxious to trot his twenty-three year old horse against George Rath-burn's Bashful Girl, and offers to meet him half way between Brown's Flat and Hibernia for fun or for money, at any date Mr. R. may fix for the

There cleared from Parrsboro, Jan. 17th, schr. Gleaner, Bullerwell, for Bar Harbor, with 173 tons coal; 18th, schr. Amy D., Llewelyn, for Calais, with 175 tons coal; 21st, schr. Brenton, Hatfield, for Portland, with 265 tons coal; Melinda, King, for Calais, with 155 tons coal.

H. Percy Stevens of Somerville, Car-leton Co., was married to Miss Mary Simonson of Presque Isle, Maine, on Jan. 15th, at the residence of the bride's parents, in the presence of a large concourse of relatives and friends. The young couple will reside

session of the legislature by Frank P. Killeen, C. E., for authority to incorporate a company to construct a rail-way from Fredericton or Gibson to Moncton. The new company will be called the Central New Brunswick Railway company.

Chris. Conrolly, who has been doing business at Shediac, N. B., for the past nine years, intends to return to Halifax and resume his livery busi-ness again, at Casey's old stand. He has been in the city for the past week making strangements, and will pro-bably start here about March 1st.

At Chubb's corner yesterday George W. Gerow sold 300 acres of land, situ-ate near Emerson's Brook, on the Bay of Fundy, belonging to Daniel Smith. The property was sold to satisfy a mortgage claim, and was bid in by John A. Smith at \$600.

E. L. Temple has entered into the insurance business with his father, Thomas Temple, and the firm will be known as Thomas Temple & Son. The senior member of the firm is an old and well known insurance man, while E. L. Temple has had ten years' experience, and there is no doubt the new firm will secure a large share of business.

Collections also bought, and unused N. B. and P. E. L. in quantities.

Rice throwing at a newly married couple has been adjudged an assault by one English magistrate.

Robert Conley, the well known lumberman, was injured in the back in the woods near Point Wolfe last week and had to be brought to his home in Sussex, and is now confined to his bed. It is hoped that he will be about again in a few days.

Last month a rifle match was held at Singapore, in which a young St. John man distinguished himsesif by making the best score, which was as follows: At 200 yards, 20; 500 yards, 33; and at 600 yards, 34; total, 97. This match is reported in the Singapore Free Press, which paper has been sent by Lleut. DeBury, R. A., to his father, Count DeBury. Count DeBury.

A service in memory of the late Hon. James I. Fellows was held in Trinity church at 2.30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. A number of the friends of the deceased were present and Archdeacon Brigstocke, assisted by Rev. Mr. Eatough, conducted a very impressive service. The Dead March in Saul was rendered on the organ very heartifully by Mr. Steeped. beautifully by Mr. Strand.

The causes of death reported at the board of health office for the week ending January 25th were: Anaemia, 2; consumption, 2; bronchitis, 1; measles, 1; heart disease, 1; heart failure, 1; Bright's disease, 1; bronchitis (capillary), 1; congestion of lungs, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; congestion of brain, 1; inflammation of lungs, 1; tubercular meningitis, 1; total 15.

William D. Bell died at his son's re Witham D. Bell died at his son's residence, Lakeside, on Friday morning. He leaves a widow and four children, Wm. H. Bell, the well known piano dealer, whose place of business is on Dock street, and Annie A., wife of Frank Fales of this city. The bereaved family will have the sympathy of a wide circle of friends. The late Mr. Bell had attained the age of 65 years. Bell had attained the age of 65 years.

Samuel Campbell's mill, above Hartland, was totally destroyed by fire early Sunday, 18th inst., and a large mill went up in flames also, says the Woodstock Press. The mill was valued t \$6,000 and was insured for \$3,000. The value of the stock burned amount ed to \$5,000, and was insured for \$1,700. This makes Mr. Campbell a losesr at least \$6,300 worth of property.

Work on the Vaughan creek bridge at St. Martins and the breakwater George Hamm arrived at his father's home in Hampstead, on January 21st, after an absence of ten years in New York, looking hale and hearty. He was warmly welcomed by all of his old friends.

On the father's there has been suspended till April. The present bridge has a span of 50 feet, but an abutment will be built which will reduce the span to 38 feet. The breakwater is being repaired by the local government. It is intended to retent the readway feet. Dr. R. D. Wilson of Miramichi is in croachment of the sea. W. E. Skillen is the superintendent of the work.

Isabel H. Upham, wife of George W Upham, died after two weeks illness at her home in Woodstock. She was a daughter of J. J. Hale of Grafton, a a daughter of J. J. Hale of Grafton, a niece of C. L. Smith, M. P. P. Mrs. Upham was a young woman, only 22 years old, and her many friends will grieve to learn of her death. She leaves a daughter about two weeks old. Mr. Upham has the sincere sympathy of the community in his loss.

in less than fifteen minutes breathed her last. She leaves six children, youngest only three months old. Mrs Davis was a daughter of Isaac True man of Sackville, where her parents and only sister still reside.—Amherst

At a meeting of the recently elected directors of the Exhibition associatio held Thursday afternoon, they elected the following ten additional directors for the ensuing year: John J. Barry, W. F. Burditt, J. Pope Barnes, Jas. Pender, Josiah Fowler, DeB. Carritte, Wm. J. Parks, G. A. Hetherington, C. H. Peters, Wm. M. Jarvis. The above ten with the twenty-one elected by the stockholders constitutes the board for

Edwin Oulton, postmaster at West orland Point, is one man out of one undred. He is over 81 years old. He as been married 60 years and celebrated his wedding anniversary a few days ago. He has a family, but they are all away from home, and he and the patient sharer of his sorrows and joys live alone. Mr. Oulton attends the post office, looks after a horse and cow or two, and generally supervises the affairs of the place. He is enjoy-ing the best of health, and is as lively as a school-boy.

The executive of the Liberal Con rvative association of St. John city and county, consisting of the president and vice-presidents of each ward net at Foster's building Thursda afternoon and, in accordance with the constitution, chose fifteen additional members. They are: A. C. Smith, Alex. Macaulay, W. C. Pitfield, Jas. Masson, Alf Markham, Dr. Daniel, Jas. C. Robertson, F. L. Tufts, C. B. Lockhart, J. T. T. Hart, Geo. Robertson, Dr. Wm. Christie, W. J. Forbes A.A. Stockton and Geo. McLean.

The annual meeting of the Lawton Saw Company was held on Tuesday, 21st inst. W. H. Thorne was elected president, and E. B. Ketchum, secretary-treasurer. The directors for the ensuing year are Messrs. W. H.Thorne, T. C. Lee and E. B. Ketchum. Th ompany have recently purchased the right to manufacture woven wire fen-cing, and have erected three machines for the manufacture of the article. The new venture is under the control of A. J. Machum, a Fredericton gentleman, who thoroughly understands the

LOOK UP YOUR OLD LETTERS. Parties having old Postage Stamps received on letters before 1870 can get good prio for them by writing to Juo Lindsay, fo box 3, Paris, Ontario. He furnishes the bes of references, and pays from \$1.00 to \$150.00 each for the rarer kinds. The stamps are worth more when left on the envelopes. Old collections also bought, and unused N. B. and P. E. I. in quantities.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ssuing weekly 8,800 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this.

Alex. Crawford, lumber operator on the Tobique, vouches for the truth of the following: On the 18th inst., Benj. Finnamore started at daybreak to beat the chopping record; by dark he had felled and topped off fifty-seven spruce trees, which scaled seven thouand sup. feet. This, he claims, beats the record, and wants to hear from Carleton Co.

John Connor of this city; Nicholas K. Connolly of Quebec, and Michael Connolly, Edward A. D. Morgan and Connolly, Edward A. D. Morgan and John Ogilvy of Montreal have become incorporated as The Continental Twine and Cordage Co., Ltd., with power to purchase and sell all kinds of rope, binder twine, cordage, oakum and other products of hemp, jute, sisal, flax, manilla and cotton, and to purchase, make, manufacture, sell and deal in all kinds of machinery, plant and fixtures required in the business. The tures required in the business. The capital stock of the company is \$50,000, divided into five hundred shares of

The Bible class of Main street Baptist church, north end, held a reunion and social gathering at the residence of their pastor on the 23rd, and presented him with a dressing gown. They also presented Mrs. Gordon with a rocking char. Mrs. Gordon thanked the class for their approach. thanked the class for their apprecia-tion of his services. He also spoke of the class, which numbered in all about one hundred, as one of the most vigorous in the city, and hoped with their help to see it grow to be the banner class of the dominion. After Mrs. Gordon had thanked the class, the gathern than the company to the second of the class. ering sat down to a sumptuous re-past. The gathering broke up about 11 o'clock, after having spent a very

Last fall Robert Christie, who lives a few miles below St. Stephen, and is probably the oldest man resident in that vicinity, visited St. John and was the guest of D W. McCormick of the Victoria hotel. It was his first visit to St John, and the old gentleman enjoyed thoroughly the exhibition and what he thoroughly the exhibition and what he saw about town. Mr. McCormick is in receipt of a letter from Arthur M. Hill of St. Stephen, dated January 18th, in which he states that on that day Mr. Christie celebrated the 92nd anniversary of his birth. Mr. Hill wrote at Mr. Christie's request, thanking Mr. McCormick for his extreme kindness during his stay in St. John kindness during his stay in St. John Mr. Christle, he says, wishes to visit St. John again, but seems in no great hurry, as he hopes to live eight or nine years longer.

While the rumors of war and strife between nations are upon us we must not neglect the necessity of providing place as prefect of discipline, has been taken by a brother, formerly prefect of discipline at Farnham.

J. D. Baird, Sr., brother of Lt. Col. Baird of Grafton, N. B., died at the home of the latter on Wednesday last. John O'Leary, Sr., an old and respected resident of Williamstown, Carleton county, died on Sunday, the 19th inst., at the age of \$8. brim full of useful information de scribing a most varied and complete list, including many new varieties of seeds, bulbs, plants, fruit, etc., and with full instruction as to cultivation. It is a valuable work of reference from which the most practical grower can find items of interest. The cover is a clever piece of lithographic skill; on the back is shown their new greenhouses seed barn, stables and grounds, and while it has been prepared at great expense they mail it free to all Don't fail to get a copy. The house is the largest and most progressive in

> The death of Marina Deborah Avery, relict of the late Richard Avery, occurred at an early hour Friday mor ning after an illness of but a few days with pneumonia. Mrs. Avery was a native of Plymouth, England. Her father, Mr. Mitchell, was a naval architect in Plymouth. Mrs. Avery was one of the first settlers in Fairville, coming here some fifty years ago. He at one time owned all the land from where the old homestead now stands down to the falls, taking in the ground where the provincial lunatic asylum stands. The grounds were pur-chased from Mrs. Avery by the government years ago. When Mr. Avery was married and came to Fairville to live there were but two houses, that of the late Bernard Tilton and the present Avery homestead. Mrs. Avery was a kind and devoted mother to her children. She was a faithful member of the Church of the Good Shepherd, and was highly esteemed and beloved by all who knew her. About six weeks ago her son, Wm. Avery, dled after out a short illness of pneumonia. She leaves one son, John Avery, and two daughters, Mrs. Robert Armstrong and Mrs. Thomas Gault of South Bay also one sister. Mrs. James Ritchie of the city. The family have the sympathy of the people in their sad reavement.

Know What You Chew



Is free from injurious coloring. The more you use of it the better you like it.

THE ORA, E. THERETT & NONE CO. | LTC.

"The Heaviest Yet" Fired Into Retail Clothing Prices.

Another chapter added to OUR-NEVER-TO-BE-FORGOTTEN-DECEMBER-SALE-AT-NEXT-TO-NOTHING-PRICES. All attempts to imitate have failed. Our wonderful sale of the Bankrupt Stock of J. W. MacKedie & Co., Montreal, brought us offers from leading manufacturers of their unsold stocks of Ulsters, Overcoats and Reefers. We selected the best and handsomest. And here they are, the finest stock of Suits, Overcoats, Ulsters, Reefers you ever looked at, at the smallest prices ever known.

Bring this paper with you and compare the goods with the advertisement.

MEN'S OVERCOATS. LOT 1.

Dark grey twilled tweed, single breasted, plaid lining. Bankrupt LOT 8. sale price, \$5; February's price, Men's

LOT 2

Men's Overcoats, blue nap, single breasted, plaid lining, silk corded edge, velvet collar. Bankrupt sale price, \$7.50; February's price, \$5.00. LOT 3

Men's Overcoats, blue cheviot, all wool, Italian lining, double breasted, plain collar. Bankrupt sale price,

\$7.50; February's price, \$4.50. LOT 4 Men's Overcoats, heavy beaver, blue, black and brown shades, plaid wool lining, double breasted. Bankrupt sale price, \$9 50; February's price

\$7.50.

LOT 5. Men's Overcoats, blue and brown Melton, double breasted, plaid wool lining, velvet collar. Bankrupt sale

price, \$11; February's price, \$10. LOT 6. Men's Overcoats, black worsted, collar, Bankrupt sale price, \$10.50 February's price, \$8.50.

LOT 7. Men's Overcoats, brown nap, single breasted, plaid lining, velvet collar. Bankrupt sale price, \$12; February's price, \$8.50.

Men's Overcoats, long black frieze, single breasted, velvet collar, plaid wool lining. Regular price, \$14; February's price, \$10.

LOT 9.

Men's Overcoats, long blue Pilot, double breasted, box back, plaid wool lining. Bankrupt sale price, \$12; February's price, \$10.

LOT-10.

Men's Overcoats, blue beaver, all wool, single and double breasted, plaid lining, velvet collar, stitched edges. Regular price, \$14; February's price, \$10.

LOT 11.

Men's Overcoats, fine all-wool beaver, single and double breasted, whole back, velvet collar, plaid wool lining. Regular price, \$15; February's sale \$11.75.

Bring this paper with you single breasted, plaid lining, velvet the advertisement.

MEN'S ULSTERS.

Men's Ulsters, Canadian frieze, dark

LOT 3.

Men's Ulsters, grey and fawn hop-sack tweed, fine all-wool flannel lining, mohait sleeve lining, high storm collar, side hand warmers. Regular price, \$14; sale price for February \$7. Only small sizes left, 36 and 37 in. chest measure.

Men's Ulsters, grey, brown and fawn frieze, best quality Canadian cloth, all sizes. Regular price, \$14; February's price, \$10.

Bring this paper with you

SCOVIL BROS. & CO.

Rev. John Goldsmith of Vernon River, P. E. I., has complied with the wishes of the official board of the Carnarthen street Methodist church, and will assume the pastorate at the exastor. Mr. Goldsmith's friends will be pleased to have him a resident of

Mrs. Eliza Cross, wife of Christopher Cross, died Sunday morning at Beaver Harbor at the advanced age of 85 years, 2 months and 23 days, leaving an aged husband, two sons and two daughters, also twenty-two grandchildren and twenty-one groatgrandchildren. The deceased was a very kind hearted and affectionate wife and mother and will be much missed by her many friends. Her remains were buried in the F. C. B. burial ground

at Beaver Harbor. A correspondent at Bath of the Carleton Sentinel writes: "Business in Bath is booming. The three new stores, which were built last fall, are now occupied by their owners, viz., E. D. R. Phillips, C. E. Gallagher and E. F. Shaw They are very handsome buildings and add much to the appearance of the rapidly growing village. Then again worthy of note is the new residence of John Bohen and the hotel of J. R. Tracey. These buildings are large and finely fitted up. Bath can low boast of seven large stores, four blacksmith shops, one tin thop, one tannery and shoe shop, two hurches and three hotels. Large quantities of farm produce is handled by C. E. Gallagher, E. D. R. Phillips and Rupert Hutchinson. Then mill-ing is carried on quite extensively by Bohan Bros. and Chas. Giberson. Dr. McAulay has a well equipped drug

MILITIA EFFICIENCY RETURNS.

The Canada Gazette of Saturday last contains the general efficiency returns of field and garrison batteries: In the field the 2nd battery, Major Bliss, Ottawa, takes first place with 518 points; the 12th, Newcastle, LA. Col. Coll. is fifth, with 489.55, and the 10th, Woodstock, is sixth, with 482.75 peints.

In the garrison artillery there are two divisions. Among the companies on the old establishment of 45 officers and men, No. 1, P. E. I. Capt. Davidson, takes first place, with 248 points; No. 1, N. B., Capt. Crawford, is second, with 246; No. 2, P. E. I., Capt. Moore, third, with 239; the Cobourg company, Capt. MacNachtan, fourth, with 237, and No. 4, N. B., Capt. Armstrong, sixth, with 231. This is a very good showing for the N. B. regiment, 167 \$-10. In the 5th Princess Louise, N. B. Hustars, "H" troop, 2nd Lieutenant Edwin Ketchum Parks is promotion is made in "G" troop of Guy Stanhope Kinnear.

In the 7th Princess Louise, N. B. Hustars, "H" troop, 2nd Lieutenant Edwin Ketchum Parks is promotion is made in "G" troop of Guy Stanhope Kinnear.

In the 1st, York, battalion, Harry F. Molecular of the most useful of farm fences. The other most useful of farm fences. The company manufacture and keep m stock woven fencing of the most useful of the most useful of the most useful of farm fences. The company manufacture and keep m stock wo MILITIA EFFICIENCY RETURNS.

"Would you take me for twenty?" said a young lady who looked much younger. "Bless you, my child," said an admiring bachelor, "I would take

A NEW ST. JOHN INDUSTRY. The Wire Fence Manufacturing Co.,

Johnston's Wharf, Off Water St. The Wire Fence Manufacturing Co. E. B. Ketchum, secretary, and A. J. Machum, manager, with factory and offices on Johnston's wharf, although on orders for 20 tons of fencing, with bright prospects before it of a large and profitable output. Many things combine in favor of the location. The raw material can be laid down on the wharf as cheaply as at any point or the Canadian seaboard, and cheaper than at any interior manu facturing centre, while in the low cost of fuel and power St. John stands without a rival. The company manufacture all styles of woven wire fen cing for farm and railroad purposes also ornamental lawn and cemetery fencing, iron fence posts, gates, win-dow guards, bank and office counter rallings, etc., and use only the best galvanized wire in all their fencing. In woven wire fencing for farms they are turning out an article that for

cheapness, strength and durability stands at the top of the ladder. Its novel feature is a straight wire run ning through every mesh or diamond, the mesh wires being twisted around each other as well as around the straight or parallel wires. This fence cannot sag, sway or narrow between the posts. They make this fencing in four styles, each of which has its special advantages. More of No. 2 is put up than any of the others, and is undoubtedly the best fence for general purposes. Every wire and every twist in it is a brace to all other wires and to all other twists the full height of the fence. Style No. 4 is the only fence made with a large mesh at the top and a small one at the bottom, the latter to keep out small stock, while the former protects against large cattle.

An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an Basa India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitts, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lum Affections, also a positive and radical ceur for Nervous Deblity and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderfucurative powers in thousands of cases, hafelt it his duty to make it known to his enfiering fellows. Actuated by this motive am a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, the recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sen by mail by addressing with stamp, namin this paper, W. A. NOYES, \$20 Powers' Block Rochester, N. Y.

LOT 1.

Fawn twill tweed, heavy, all-wool, heavy plaid lining, large sizes only, 40, 42 and 44 in. chest measure. Bankrupt sale price, \$4.90; February's price, \$3.90.

LOT 2

grey, tan brown, medium grey, strapped seams, plaid flannel lining. Bankrupt sale prices, \$8. February's price, all at one figure.

LOT 4.

and compare the goods with and compare the goods with the advertisement

ST. JOHN

AMHERST. Death of Martin C. Halliday, a Well

Known Cumberland Man. Amherst, N. S., Jan. 27.-Martin C. Halliday of Dorchester died Saturday, aged 62. He was a son of John Halliday, a pioneer settler in that part of Cumberland. About thirty years ago deceased was appointed a justice of the peace, and since that time has held a conspicuous place in the county affairs. In 1680 he was elected to the county council and was never defeated, although on two occasions he resigned. He carried on the lumbering business, and had two mills in Westchester. In politics he was a staunch conservative and an active worker in

Edward Dayle of Doyle's Mills, Tyndall road, died Saturday night, aged 65. He was a prominent lumberman and mill owner.

\$1.25 to say address in Canada on receipt of price, GURNEY & LUNDY, Barbars, 59 Germain Street, St. John, N. B.

OLD POSTAGE STAMPS WANTED—Of Canada, U. S., New Brunswick, Nova Scotias, P. E. I. and Newfoundland that were used before 1879. High prices paid for rare varieties, Send stamps (or a list) to me for prices and references, Address, C. H. W. NEWTON, Paris, Ontario, Canada.

AGENTS WANTED—In unrepresented districts to sell the leading lines of American and Canadian Farm Machinery, Buggies, Carts and Harness. Prices low. Terms easy. We carry the most complete and best selling stock on the market. Address, giving particulars and references, P. S. MAGNUTT & CO., St. John, N. B. WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our Show Carda tacked up on Trees, Fences and Bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or Salary, \$65.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write

THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRIC CO., 28 Lendon, Ont., Canada H. H. PICKETT, B.C.L.

ATTORNEY, NOTARY, ETC. BARNHILL'S BUILDING ST JOHN, N. B.

Accounts collected in any part of Maritime **ACTUAL BUSINESS**

FROM THE START.

the Exhibition held in this city last September, our attendance has increased to such an extent that two more teachers being required were engaged, and a new bank built and placed in our Business Department. The new bank is 35 feet long, with glass front and seven windows, the set of books in it costing more than one hundred dollars. There is nothing to equal it this side of Boston.

Our system is patented and copyrighted and cannot be used in the other colleges in this victimity.

New pamphlet sent free to any address.

CURRINES BUSINESS COLLEGE.

YORK COUNTY.

Proceedings at the Sessions of the Municipal Council.

Councillor David M. Fisher Elected Warder of the County.

Fredericton, Jan. 21.—The York municipal council met in annual session in the county court house this morning at ten o'clock. The following councillors for the different parishes were present: Bright-Dr. O. E. Morehouse, Frank

Bird. Cniterbury-Geo. F. A. Jamieson James H. Carr.
Douglas-W. Harvey Lawrence, George Seymour. Dumfries-John Scott, Thomas Sim-

Kingsclear-John C. Murray, Addington E. Cliff. Manners-Sutton-John Mowatt, Thos. McAdam-E. W. Brownell, John

New Maryland-David M. Fisher. Absalom A. Nason. North Lake-David Cropley, George

Prince William-William W. Graham, Archie McMullin. Queensbury-Alanson McNally, Geo. F. Knox. Southampton-James T. Mastin Timothy W. Smith.

Stanley-Donald Fullerton, St. Marys-Spencer Inch, Luther

Goodspeed. The auditor's report for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1895, was submitted, and comprises a printed volume of 130 pages. This report shows the total assessment of the county in 1895 of \$22,592.38, of which \$16,801.53 has ben collected and paid in to the secretary-treasurer. The total receipts from all sources during the year were \$23,638.04, and the total payments \$25,428.70. The floating debt due the Merchants' Bank on Nov. 30 last was \$1,758.60. At the same date last year this balance was \$4,877.34, so that the floating debt has been reduced by \$3,118.74 during the last fiscal year. The funded debt of the county is shown to be \$15,800. The uncollected rates due from the parishes, as compared with 1894, is given as fol-

OWO.	
Parishes. 1894. 1894. 1894.	1895.
Bright \$ 931 48	\$ 739 0
Canterbury 1 A27 26	743 94
Duugias 7 190 19	1.340 93
Kingsclear 416 32 Manners Sutton 177 93	723 43
Manners Sutton 127 02	
McAdam	383 94
New Marriand	104 03
New Maryland 81 57	79 41
Prince William 358 57	336 35
Queensbury 336 30	452 89
DL Marys 989 80	899 14
Southampton 909 27	1.076 34
Stanley 1,124 08	1,574 20
	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Totals\$7,406 71	\$8,453 62

The parish of Dumfries has a credit balance of \$150.61, and North Lake \$32.14

After routine this forenoon, Coun-cillors David M. Fisher of New Maryland and Thomas Simmons were nom-inated for warden. Mr. Fisher was elected on a vote of 14 to 13. Coun. McNally, from the administration of justice committee, reported that the accounts had been adjusted with the accounts had been adjusted with the city of Fredericton in December, but the amount coming from the city, vs. \$1,069.72, had not The warden then appointed the following committees:

secretary-treasurer's account Couns. Fullerton, Goodspeed, Scott, Mowatt, McNally, Public accounts Simmons, Moore

house, Carr, Nason, Cropley, McMul-Knox, Smith, Hinchey, Spencer Assessments-Couns. Geo. S. Inch, Moorehouse, Jameson, Lawrence, Scott, Cliff, Fisher, Eales, Graham McNally, Masters, Hinchey, Good-

of \$466.09.

The archbishsop of Dublin, through his solicitors, Geo. F. and A. J. Gregory, petitioned the council for the payment of \$800, being the amount of a county debenture held by the Minchin estate, which is alleged to be lost. A special committee was appointed to investigate and report.

Recorder Yerxa submitted his first report under the new registry act. The total receipts of the office for 1895 were stated at \$2,248.63, which, after deducting the salary of recorder, \$2,-

auditor for the ensuing year.

After considerable discussion the

After considerable discussion the tion and its cure.

After considerable discussion the tion and its cure.

rop's letter:

To the editor of the Evening News: the parish assessors in connection with the valuation be paid on the certifi-cate of the councillors from the par-

Fredericton, Jan. 22.-The York municipal council did not finish its business today and meets again tomorrow. Today was principally taken up with parish matters and routine Dr. Mullin of St. Marys was appointed chairman and J. W. Hoyt, member of the county board of

health in place of Dr. Morehouse, and A.W.Coburn resigned. This afternoon a resolution passed without debate authorizing the secretary-treasurer to revise and codify the county by-laws.

Audit-Couns. Geo. S. Inch/ Geo. Jamieson, Dr. Moorhouse. buildings-Couns. Spencer Inch, J. C. Murray, A. A. Nason.

Printing-Couns. Murray, Sales, Law-Administration of justice-Couns. McNally, Geo. Seymour,

Luther Goodspeed. Fredericton, Jan. 23.—The York municipal council concluded its session the forence was occupied with a discussion upon the peling since. This was effected by takcupied with a discussion upon the pe-ing tition of the Archbishop of Dublin to ing be paid \$800 of county debentures alleged to be held by the Minchin estate for and lost. The matter was referred to and report at the next July ses In the afternoon the parish indebt-edness was discussed under a reso-lution of Coun. McNally, who wanted each parish to assess fifteen per cent. of its indebtedness. Finally the ques-tion was left to the discretion of the councillors for each parish.

Warden Fisher entertained a ber of county councillors at dinner at the Commercial hotel this evening. The menu was excellent and the speeches hurrorous and witty

A BROAD MINDED DIVINE.

Does Not Hesitate to Speak for the Good His Words Will Do.

Scholarly Christian and a Beloved Pastor Who Believes in Training the Body as Well as the Mind.

The twenty-ninth day of April is a otable day in the history in the May Memorial church in Syracuse, as it is the anniversary of the installation of the Rev. Samuel R. Calthrop, D. D., the eminent divine who so long has ministered to them spiritually as pastor of the church.

Dr. Calthrop was born in England and received his preparatory scholass tic training at St. Paul's school, Lon don. Entering Trinity college, Cam-bridge, he soon became a bright figure in that brilliant coterie of scholars literary men and wits that followed in the traditions of Macaulay and his associates at the university. In the associates at the university. In the middle of the century he visited Syracuse and received his first impressions of the young city that nearly a score of years later he was to choose as his home and in which his labors have been so long and effective. The mas-terly pulpit addresses of Dr. Calthrop have had their fundamentals drawn from the deepest research. His peo-ple have been instructed by him, not only in things spiritual, but in the lements of the broadest culture, literature, in art and in science. His young men have been taught a mus-cular system of morality. In these and in many other ways has he en deared himself to his congregation which is one of the most highly cul



Riev. Dr. Calthrop, Syracuse, N. Y.

Dr. Calthrop has a striking person ality. To the eye he is most pictur esque figure. His head and face, framed in luxurious masses of silky, snow white hair and baird, are of the type of Bryant and Longfellow. though over seventy years old, his rather spare figure is firm and erect, and every movement is active and graceful. His whole life long he has vanced age, plays tennis with all the vigor and skill of a young man. To Syracusans, perhaps, his remarkably versatile man is most widely known, apart from the prefession, as

On a bright April morning a reporter followed the winding driveway that curving around the hill leads to Calthrop Lodge, an old-fashioned red brick mansion, surrounded by a grove of oaks and chestnuts. Wearing, a black skull cap and a black coat of semi-clerical cut, the master of Calthrop Lodge graciously received the reporter who called to enquire about This afternoon the committee on the secretary-treasurer's accounts reported this health, for, though manifully resecretary-treasurer's accounts reported the committee on the health, for, though manifully resecretary-treasurer's accounts reported the committee on the secretary-treasurer's accounts reported the committee of had been the victim of a distres affliction, until by fortunate chance he was led to take the remedy which

has effectually cured him. During more than half of his pastorate in Syracuse, Dr. Calthrop has been troubled with rheumatism, and at intervals he suffered excruciating agony from it. At times the pain was so great as to prevent him from walking. Many remedies were tried with-out success and he and his friends had given up hope of a permanent cure or of more than temporary relief when over to the county.

John Black was re-elected secretary-treasurer and James W. McCready

McCready

of the took the preparation that drove the disease completely from his system.

In a letter written to the editor of the Evening News, of Syracuse, last year, Dr. Calthrop told of his afflic

> Dear Sir: More than 35 years ago I wrenched my left knee, throwing it almost from its socket. Great swell ing followed, and the synovial juice

> kept leaking from the joint. This made me lame for years, and from time to time the weak knee would give out entirely and the swelling would commence. This was always occasioned by some strain like a sudden stop. The knee gradually recovered, but always was weaker than the

About 15 years ago, the swelling recommenced, this time without any wrench at all, and before long I real-The following standing committees ized that this was rheumatism settling in the weakest part of the body. The trouble came so often that I was obliged to carry an opiate in my pocket everywhere I went. I had generally a packet in my waistcoat pocket, but in going to a conference at Buffalo, I forgot it, and as the car was damp and cold before I got to buffalo my length. cold, before I got to Buffalo, my knee swollen to twice its natural size. I had seen the good effects that Pink

> seven or eight boxes. I need not say that I am thankfu for my recovered independence, but I will add that my knee is far stronger than it has been for 35 years. I took one pill at my meals three

times a day. I gladly give you this statement. s' Pink Pills than he was then.

Williams' Pink Pills than he was then. To the reported he said:

"I' am continually recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to acquaintances and those I chance to meet who are troubled with rheumatism or locomotor ataxia.

"Pink Pills," continued Dr. Calthrop, "are the best thing of the kind I know of. They are infinitely superior to most medicines that are put up for sale. I know pretty well what the pills contain, and I consider it an excellent prescription. It is such a one ellent prescription. It is such a or as I might get from my doctor, but he would not give it in such a compact would not give it in form and so convenient to take. "I recommend the pills highly to all who are troubled with rheumatism locomotor ataxia, or any impoverish ment of the blood."

BURMAH-CHINESE TREATY.

The Chinese Government Has Decided to Open the West River.

Pekin, Jan. 20.—The government ha ed to open the West River provided China is allowed to rteain the ter-titory ceded under the Burmah-China convention in 1894. The opening of two courts on the west of Si-Kiang river namely, Shan-King and Wu-Chow.was namely, Shan-King and Wu-Chow, was stipulated by the Japanese as part of the terms of peace. The citizens of Canton and Hong Kong are situated on the bay in which the West river empties. The news that the West river was to be opened to foreign trade occasioned no small amount of satisfaction in Hong Kong The Tree Terms. verses one of the richest and most densely populated portions of South Chipa, and the Chinese have long guarded it against the entrench of faction in Hong Kong. The river traforeign commerce with a sort of superstitious reverence.

France has acquired the Mekong erritory. France's success in securing this territory was a part of the situation in the far west which has been most trying to Great Britain since the decline of her diplomatic prestige with the Chinese and Japanese. Great Britain claimed that the territory acquired by France, including parts of what were British Burmah, but had been ceded by Great Britain to China by a convention, which was ratified in London on August 23, 1894, in furtherance of Great Britain's project of the formation of buffer state, but, with the proviso that China should not alenlate its territory to any other power without the consent of Great Britain. By the terms of this convention, China on the other hand relinquished certain territory to Great Britain in limination of the frontier tween China and British Burmah. essions to France that Great Britain had procured the assent of China to the cession to Great Britain of four states on the Burmah-Chinese frontier, giving Great Britain's trade direct access to Southern China. Presumably China is now endeavoring to terminate these encroachments on her southwestern frontier by agreeing to open the West river to commerce.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Queens Co., poiso urday, January 18th, by taking two teaspoonfuls of Paris green mixed with water. Dr. Casswell of Gagetown, who was promptly sent for, tried stomach pump, but without avail, and Dugan expired on Sunday night. In his early days Dugan boated on the St . John river. He was captain and part owner of the Ben. Beveridge, but when that steamer was blown up he purchased a farm and settled Hampstead. His funeral took place on the 22nd, Rev. Geo. W. Foster preaching the sermon. Dugan was twice married. His second wife, four sons and four daughters survive him.

DEATH OF POSTMASTER WINSLOW. DEATH OF POSTMASPER WINSLOW.

John C. Winslow, who died at Woodstock at 2.15 Wednesday morning, was born in Fredericton on the 24th of May, 1828, and was the second son of the late J. F. W. Winslow, for many years sheriff of the county of Carleton. Mr. Winslow studied law at Fredericton in the office of the late D. S. Kerr. He went to Woodstock and formed a partnership in law with the late Edwin Jacob. Afterwards he was in partnership with W. B. Chandler. In 1872 he was appointed postmaster. He was also registrar of probates, succeeding the late D. L. Dibblee. In earlier days Mr. Winslow was very prominent in social affairs. He was at one time lieutenant in the artillery corps of which James Edgar was captain. He was also prominent in Masonic circles. He had had experience as a newspaper man, being proprietor of a paper called The Acadian of which James Edgar was editor. In 1859 Mr. Winslow married Charlotte L. O'Donnell of Amherst, N. S., deputy land surveyor of the county of Cumberland, N. S. Mr. Winslow division and four children: J. N. W. Winslow of Woodstock; Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. Sjostedt, and an unmarried daughter, Pauline. His wife is a sister of Mrs. C. M. Bostwick of this city.

Woodstock, N. B., Jan. 24.—The funeral of John C. Winslow was the largest seen in this community for many years. People were present from towns in a distance. Among them were Inspector King, Assistant Inspector Whittaker, A. F. Street, E. Burnhiam and others. Ab Sclock service was held in St., Luke's church, the choir singing appropriate hymns.
Archdeacon Neales officiated. The
casket was loaded with flowers contributed by sorrowing friends and relatives. The chief mourners present. were: T. B., E. D. and J. N. W. Wins low, Ernest Sjostedt, C. M. Bostwick and his son. The pall-bearers were: Wm. F. Dibblee, Robert Brown, Dr. Irinis of Houlton, Wm. Dibblee, Jas. Watts and B. H. Smith. The remains were interred in Christ church bury ing ground.

The funeral of John D. Baird, sr., took place today. His remains were interred in the Protestant ceme

A HINT TO ALL.

An advertiser in the Weekly Sun writes to the Sun office as follows: Answers from our advertisement are coming in fine. As usual, The Sun is going to pay. We have got nearly 100 already, and they will continue to come.

If you have anything to sell adver-

ROBINSON CHOSEN

Liberal Conservative Standard Bearer for Northumberland.

A Large and Thoroughly Representative Convention at Newcastle.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell Interviewed Himself for the Montreal Star at Mr. Robinson's Expense.

Chatham, N. B., Jan. 23.-The liberal conservative convention to nominate a camdidate to contest this country at the coming by-election met at Masonic stall tonight at 7.30 o'clock. Robert Swim was elected chairman. The secretary, James F. Malher, called the roll of delegates, and the following gentlemen answered to their

Loggisville—Robert Loggie, John Blake. Panish of Chatham—John Wilson, Michael Haley, Daniel Crimmen, Angus Užlock, F. Z. Neale, R. A. Murdoch, Hon. L. J. Twee-lie, Wm. Lawlor, John Sargeant, Richard Williams. Villiams.

Parish of Newcastle—W. C. Anslow, Dansi Hogan, W. A. Hickson, John Dalton, E.
lickey, D. Morrison, H. Lamont, L. Dayle,
leorge Clarke, Wm. Innis,
Parish of Ludlow—John S. Pond, Wm. A.

G. Scofield, Patrick Whalen, James Mandville.

North Esk—Thos. Power, John Betts.
Denby—Wm. Jones, John Malcolm, Michael Ryan, John B. Johnston.

Nelson—E. Hayes, Thos. Flett, Peter O.-Neil, Allan Sanders.
Glenelg—James Cameron, Andrew White, Wm. V. Ullock, Archibald Cameron.

Hardwick—Chas. S. Bremmer.
Alnwick—Wm. Ross Donald McEachren, Anthony Gratton, Bernard Pureaer, John Robertson. sr., Janes D. Robertson.

Rogersville—A. Richards, David Gaudet.
South Esk—Thos. Power. D. McAllister, Jared Towzer, David Power.

The chairman, after calling the meeting to order, explained the object of the convention. He was pleased to see such a large representation from all the parishes of the

tation from all the parishes of the

county. Thos. Flett moved, seconded by Wm. Lawler, that James Robinson of Derby be the conservative candidate to contest this county in the interests of contest this county in the interests of the liberal conservative party of this county. Some discussion followed by Messrs. Anslow and Hickson. The

The convention then proceeded to elect officers for the county associah in thon, which resulted as follows: President, W. A. Hickson; vice-presidents, Robt. Swim, Geo. Dickson, Donald Within a few weeks again it was reported, as a set-off to the Chinese conese con- lan, Thos. Flett, James D. Morrison, W. A. Hickson, John Sargeant and

Wm. Lawlor was appointed a committee to wait on Mr. Robinson and tender him the nominat Hon. L. J. Tweedie moved a resolu tion of regret at the death of the county association's president, John Gallo

John H. Dugan, 77 years of age, a farmer residing in Hampstead parish, Queens Co., poisoned himself on Satstanding in waiting outside soon filled it to overflowing. The committee, accompanied by Mr. Robinson, entered the hall and were cheered to the echo. Mr. Lawlor reported from the committee that Mr. Robinson had accepted the nomination, and three ring-ing cheers were given for Mr. Robinson, who came forward and made a very pointed and pleasing address. He thanked the party most heartly for the honor conferred upon him. When he found that Mr. Adams had nted to the senate and he was called to contest the county in the interest of the conservative party, he felt it was his duty to allow himself to be nominated. After pledging himself to attend to the best interests of this county at Ottawa when he got there, he referred to a report which has ben published in the Montreal Star concerning an alleged interview between himself and a Star reporter, and said: In 1893 Mr. Mitchell came to Fredericton and tried for the governorship, and I, with others, did our best to assist him to that position. He failed in it, however. Shortly afterwards I was out west on a trip, and in returning home met Mr. Mitchell in Montreal. He said if I would allow him to publish an interview and would not contradict it, it would assist him to get an appointment to the senate. I said I would do anything to help him. Mr. Mitchell acted reporter himself, and wrote with his own hand and had published the report to which

I refer. Mr. Robinson closed by asking all present to roll up a big majority for him on Feb. 6, and sat down amid

great applause.

Calls for Senator Adams followed, and R. B. Adams responded. He explained that Senator Adams was ill. planed that Senator Adams was in and unable to be present. He thanked the electors for the loyal support they had always given to Senator Adams, and asked all present to assist in roll-ing up a big majority for Mr. Robin-

Mr. Adams made a rattling speech and gave some good reasons why the county should support Mr. Robinson. He was cheered most lustily and sat down amid deafening cheers.

Hon. Surveyor General Tweedie, being called, commenced by complimenting Mr. Robinson on receiving the nomination and thought his (Robinson's) remarks most wise.

Mr. Tweedie made a lengthy and able address and the crowd seemed to be with him. He paid a compliment to Hon. Peter Mitchell as a most eminent man, an embraordinary man, but said he had had his day. He (Tweedie) would have his day, and would be Mr. Adams made a rattling speech

said he had had his day. He (Tweedie) would have his day, and would he forced to give way to younger and better men, even as his friend D. G. Smith had to give way to Coun. Cunningham. Mr. Tweedie dwelt on the untiring energy and industry of Mr. Robinson, and predicted for him a success as the representative at Ottawa. He claimed that the Manitoba school question should not enter the Yours, S. R. CALTHROP:
Since writing this letter Dr. Calthrop has not had any visits from his old enemy, and is even more cordial now in his recommendation of Dr.

If you have anything to sell advertise the first assured that your advertisement will be seen by a large proportion of the people in New closed a most straing address by asking the electors to give Mr. Robinson a trial and if he all the commendation of Dr.

could vote against him at the general

president, W. A. Hickson, who presided. In returning thanks for it, the president urged upon all the necessity to vote for the government candidate, so that we could obtain subsidies and

other needed public works.

The meeting was very largely attended and was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings which has ever met in Masonic hall.

Hom Peter Mitchell dadressed a large audience in Black Brook tonight.

He was in good form and spoke about an hour and a half. He was well received and cheered frequently during

Chatham, Jan. 26.—The campaign ere opens at high temperature. Mr. Mitchell has given the lie to about everybody who has spoken, including Mr. Robinson and Mr. Tweedie, Other speakers have bandied charges of

At the close of Mr. Mitchell's last meeting here, Surveyor General Twee-die rose to reply. Some of Mr. Mitin hour amid great uproar. This stirred up a good deal of feeling.

Mr. Mitchell at Black River Saturday night, and hot shot was fired from both sides. Mr. Robinson described the manner in which Mr. Mitchell had btained his assent to the publication of the Star interview for the purpose of booming Mr. Mitchell for the senate, squarely saying he had not had any such interview.

Mr. Mitchell said he lied Mr. Tweedie ridiculed Mr. Mitchell. who had boasted of his ability to wipe to bed. I also suffered a great deal the floor with six of his best opponents, getting Mr. Ellis to help him, I could scarcely get about the house. and then ordering the lights out to When I went shopping I had to ride prevent Mr. Tweedie from replying. He showed the insincerity of Mr. Mit- walk a few yards. chell in condemning Sir John Macdonald for postponing the school question to gain time, and in supporting Mr. Laurier in doing the same thing now. T. W. Crocker tried to make capital medicines and consulted a clever doc out of the fishery grievances and said | tor at Derby, who examined me and Mr. Mitchell would take advice from said my heart was weak. He also gave fishermen for the amendment of the me medicines, but I got only tempor-

views embodied in the regulations. nomination was put to the convention and Mr. Robinson was chosen the candidate, with Mr. Anslow voting the candidate with Mr. Ans be this time. The meeting was very really. My nerves and fancies ran largely in Mr. Robinson's favor. He invited Mr. Mitchell to his Hardwick eeting, and Peter angrily declared he would not go, nor would he allow Mr. ison to speak at his.

Mr. Tweedie retorted to one of Mr. Mitchell's many denials: "You would leny your maker like the other Peter." Mr. Robinson in going down the north side of the river met with alunanimous assurances of support.

VENEZUELA COMMISSION.

weekly meeting today. All of the members, and Mr. Mallet-Prevost, the secretary, were present. The principal business transacted was the reception of a partial report from Commissioner Gilman upon the general subject of maps of the territory involved in dispute. The geological survey in accordance with a request formulated at the last meeting of the commission, submitted some preliminary studies in the way of maps, showing the general topographical and physical features of the country, but without any definition of boundaries or lines of demartation of any kind. These were taken under consideration. In order to facilitate the procedure of the work of the commission, it was decided to relieve Secretary Mallet-Provost from routine office work and to charge him with the work of preparing the case for the consideration of the commission. The commission then adjourned till next Friday.

FAINT HEART NEVER WINS

Disappointment is apt to be lost ed by despair, no matter whether it be in the reach for wealth or in any twelve years was indigestion or dyspessa, an ailment sly and cunning as pepsia, an ailment sly and cunning as pepsia, an ailment sly and as danger-Disappointment is apt to be followappointed, for the despairing rarely succeed in winning the object of their desires. Some of the so-called cures toms in order that you may know for alcoholism and the morphine habit merely create a temporary aversion for stimulants after weeks' treatment; the Father Murphy treatment erad!cates the desire in two or three days and the remainder of the time spent in the institute is given to the restoration of the physical and mental health. This accounts for the fact that there has never been a single relapse among its graduates who sincerely desired to be cured. Evidence of the truth of these statements will be cheerfully supplied to inquirers by Superintendent Hayden, Father Murphy Gold Cure Institute, Hazen street. Saint John.

Houlton, Me., Jan. 22.-Canton Houlton, I. O. O. F., will attend the grand ball of Meductic encampment and Carleton lodge of Woodstock, Jan. 28, in a body and open the evening's en-tertainment by leading the grand march in full uniform.

Two candidates received the ordin-

ance of baptism at the Free Baptist church last Sunday evening. Company "L," N. G. S. M., will hold their third annual ball in the Opera house, Feb. 13th. It will be the swell event of the season. Music will be furnished by Pullen's orchestra of Bangor, and supper will be served by W. H. Buzzell at Hotel Exchange.

JAMESON'S PARTY.

Durban, Natal, Jan. 24.—The English troops who were members of Dr. Jameson's expedition have embarked on board the steamer Haklech Castle, while the colonial troops, who were taken prisoners at the same time, go on board the Roslin Castle.

THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 A YEAR.

A CASE OF NERVOUS PROSTRA-TION RESULTING FROM INDIGESTION.

They say that misery loves company, and they have said it so often it has passed into a proverb. Yet it isn't an all-round truth. Some kinds of misery detest company. They want to be left alone. They hate to be elbowed and questioned and talked to. A wounded dog will always crawl into some retired place by itself. The instinct of badly injured men, after a battle, is the same. Allments that are mostly fancy tend to set tongues wagging. But real, genuine and dangerous diseases don't incite to speech Crises which are big with fate usually

come and go in quiet.

That is why Mrs. Scuffham had no desire for the society of even her best friends at a certain time she is going to tell us about.

"Up to April, 1881," she writes, "I never knew what it was to be ill. A that time I began to feel that something was amiss with me. I had no relish for my meals, and after eating chell's friends tried to shout him my chest felt heavy and painful, and lown, but he held his place for half my heart would beat and thump as though it meant to leap out of its place. Presently I became so swollen Mr. Robinson and Mr. Tweedie met round the waist that I was obliged to unloose my clothing, as I could not bear anything to touch that part of

my body. "Even the lightest food gave me pain; a little fish setting my heart to beating at a great rate. My feet were cold, and cold, clammy sweats would break out all over me, leaving me exhausted and worn out. At night I got no sleep to speak of, and in the morning I felt worse tired than when I went from my feet being puffed up and sore. to the town and back, as I could only

"As time went on I lost my flesh and strength more and more, and gave up hope of ever recovering the precio health I had so sadly lost. I took regulations.

Mr. Robinson promptly declared time was as bad as before. All this that he intended to consult intelligent time I was so nervous and depressed fishermen and, if possible, have their that I had no desire for company. On the contrary, I seemed to want to be away with my knowledge and judgment. Thousands of women who have

suffered in this way will understand what'I mean. "Year after year I remained in this condition, and what I went through cannot put in words, nor do I wish to try. It will answer the purpose to say that I existed thus for eleven and a half years, as much dead as alive. I spent pounds on pounds in physic, but was not a whit the hetter

"In October, 1892, a book was left at our house, and I read in it of cases The First Regular Meeting Held at Washington Yesterday.

Washington Jan. 24.—The Venezue
Washington Jan. 24.—The Venezue
Land Complete Series Syrup. I got a bottle from Mr. Bardel, the chemist, in Normanton Street, Derby, and when I had taken this medicine for a few days, my appetite was better and I had less pain. like mine being cured by Mother Seion held its first regular | I kept on taking it, and soon my food agreed with me and I gained strength.
"After this I never looked behind me, but steadily got stronger and When I had taken three bottles I was quite like a new woman All the nervousness had left me, and my heart was sound as a bell. Since then I have enjoyed good health and all who know me say my recovery is remarkable. I am confident that Mother Seigel's Syrup was the means, in the hands of Providence, of saving my life; and out of grafitude and tr hope of doing good, I freely consent to the publication of this statement. (Signed) (Mrs.) Ann Scuffham Cooner's Lane, Laceby, Grimsby, May 1st.

This letter is endorsed by Mr William J. Tollerton, of the same town, who vouches for the truth of what Mrs. Scuffham has said, as he personally knew of the circumstances of her illness at the time they occurred. No comment can add a jot to the force of this open, candid, and sincere munication. Whosoever reads it must needs be moved and convinced by it. ous. Send for the book of which Mrs. Scuffham speaks, and read the sympwhat it is, and show to deal with it. The book costs you nothing, yet it would be worth buying as if every leaf were hammered gold.

KILLED BY HIS OWN AXE.

A peculiar and fatal accident occurred in Wellington Yerxa's camp in Township Number 8 range, Aroostook county, Maine, on January 15th, Neil Campbell, a native of Bass River, Kent Co., N. B., was going to his work from the camp with his axe on his shoulder. When near the place where he expected to commence chopping his feet slipped on the ice and he fell backwards. His axe in some manner turned edge up and the young man fell on it. The axe entered a fleshy part of his body and cut in so deeply as to sever the cords and main arteries. The poor fellow's cries were heard, and in a short time the foreman of the working crew came to his rescue. A team was obtained and the sufferer borne to the camp, but although surgical aid was obtained nothing could be done for him and in ess than an hour be bled to death. The remains were forwarded to the residence of his cousin, Joseph Campbell of Ludlow. The funeral service, which was held in the Union church, of Ludlow on the 18th, was conducted by the pastor of the First Baptist church, Rev. A. E. Ingram. His remains were interred in the Ludlow cemetery. William Neil of Hartland, N. B., arrived at Ludlow in time to attend the funeral services.

Foreigners who are not bachelors of arts or science are to be excluded from the Paris medical schools, as the laboratories are overcrowded, and even enough subjects for dissection cannot

NEWS FROM Debate on Address Thursday Without

Mr. Costigan Very Effe to Tarte on the Scho

Col Maunsell for Adjutant Re-Appointment-Hayhu

Ottawa, Jan. 23.-Fla on the parliament build of respect to the mem-Prince Henry of Ba ympathy felt for her Princess Beatrice which they have sust expression tonight by adoption of a lova was moved in sympa.
Hon. Mr. Foster and Mr. Laurier. The debate on the a

tonight after good spe John Costigan and Mi McCarthy abandoned ing an amendment. Otawa, Jan. 23.-Ne afternoon was taken the introduction of a tin's to amend the N entation act. Mr. Ma that the government roaded certain amend through the senate, franchising all the lik ritories.

Mr. Daly strongly a outation. After consider bill was read a first Mr. O'Brien continu the address. He com ernment on their poli the militia. He hoped no half measures in would have liked, no gone further in its p ing on the school q demned the proposed Manitoba. The Car province were entitle which the rest of the not enjoy. It made h Hon. Mr. Foster spec ing the constitution. a principle of the co

Mr. Tarte followed ferring to the new m the cabinet, Messrs. jardines. He chaffed that Tupper did not West as proposed, v would have been a f went down to Cape E ercion could be use worked in the mines government relied on these men. He said ben chosen to succee gers because the gove now carry a single Quebec. Hon. Mr. Costigan

was not afraid of the domination in the ever vote carrying the ren was afraid of the divis (Tarte) and his Onta not the re-establishm schools but simply giving the minorit unquestionably theirs. that the law which dress to the minority the benefit of the Pro but now it was invok olic minority. I only declared, that it was minority that was see order that I might sp tones for justice for Manitoba minority be feel somewhat delicate the matter. Continu the liberals with a lar sponsibility for the tude of Mr. Greenw stood up in the hou Mr. Greenway's ignore the constitu charged them with u for party purposes. servative party of intended to pass ren while elsewhere the were crying: "Are yo little Manitoba to be conservatives." The liberals to have a coned was simply to just tion that the conser pass the remedial While there had be the government on now stood in the ho support of the meas the bill would be pa the members approach in an honorable dig manner, there could to the happy solution Mr. Laurier point question of educatio made an exception of the province and preme power in the The judicial comm that the Catholic right of appeal. was what must be first place there w country aga over-riding the will a matter purely co ince, and this feeli must be overcome b

> Hon. Mr. Foster take missionary v thousands of years. Mr. Laurier-By a wider and bette sciences of my fell An enquiry, Mr. would have shown the population.

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Mr. Foster-The Mr. Laurier-No, how the population Provencher, for it population is so nsus did not sho quiry would. He commission it mig more easy to have than under the pr OF NERVOUS PROSTRA-RESULTING FROM INDIGESTION.

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yards. ent on I lost my flesh and re and more, and gave up r recovering the preciou so sadly lost. I took nd consulted a clever d who examined me and was weak. He also gave , but I got only temporm them, and in a short bad as before. All this so nervous and depressed desire for company. On , I seemed to want to be ny misery. Even a knock frightened me, as though bad news, yet I did not nerves and fancies rar my knowledge, and judgds of women who have this way will understand

year I remained in this nd what I went through t in words, nor do I wish ill answer the purpose to existed thus for eleven years, as much dead as was not a whit the better

, 1892, a book was left at nd I read in it of cases ing cured by Mother Seigot a bottle from Mr chemist, in Normanton for a few days, my aptter and I had less pain. me and I gained strength s I never looked behind eadily got stronger and hen I had taken three quite like a new woman, sness had left me, and sound as a bell. Since enjoyed good health, and w me say my recovery is I am confident that I's Syrup was the means, of Providence, of saving out of gratitude, and in g good, I freely consent cation of this statement. s.) Ann Scuffham, Coopeby, Grimsby, May 1st.

is endorsed by Mr. Wilerton, of the same town, for the truth of what m has said, as he personthe circumstances of her time they occurred. No add a jot to the force of andid, and sincere com-Whosoever reads it must ved and convinced by it. which filled this woman's n and misery for nearly was indigestion or dys-lment sly and cunning as he grass-and as dangerthe book of which Mrs. aks, and read the symper that you may know and how to deal with it. sts you nothing, yet it th buying as if every leaf red gold.

BY HIS OWN AXE. and fatal accident ocellington Yerxa's camp in mber 8 range, Aroostook e, on January 15th. Neil native of Bass River, B., was going to his camp with his axe on When near the place ected to commence chop-slipped on the ice and vards. His axe in edge up and the young The axe entered a his body and cut in o sever the cords and The poor fellow's cries and in a short time the working crew came to team was obtained and orne to the camp, but ical aid was obtained be done for him and in hour be bled to death. were forwarded to the s cousin. Joseph Campw. The funeral service, id in the Union church, 18th, was conducted by he First Baptist church, gram. His remains were Ludlow cemetery. Wil-Hartland, N. B., arrived time to attend the fun-

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NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

Debate on Address Ended Last Thursday Without a Division.

Mr. Costigan Very Effectively Replies to Tarte on the School Question.

Col Maunsell for Adjutant General-Bonness Re-Appointment-Hayhurst Rewarded.

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—Flags were flying on the parliament buildings today out

Otawa, Jan. 23.—Nearly the whole afternoon was taken up discussing the introduction of a bill of Mr. Martin's to amend the Northwest representation act. Mr. Martin complain that the government had in 1894 rall-roaded certain amendments to the act through the senate, practically dis-franchising all the liberals in the ter-

Mr. Daly strongly resented the imputation. After considerable talk the bill was read a first time. Mr. O'Brien continued the debate on

the address. He commended the gov-ernment on their policy in re-arming the militia. He hoped there would be would have liked, no doubt, to have gone further in its proposals. Speaking on the school question, he condemned the proposed interference with Manitoba. The Catholics of that province were entitled to no right which the rest of the country could not enjoy. It made him tired to hear Hon. Mr. Foster speak about upholding the constitution. There was not a principle of the constitution which the government had not violated.

Mr. Tarte followed after recess, re-ferring to the new material added to the cabinet, Messrs. Tupper and Desjardines. He chaffed the government that Tupper did not run in Montreal would have been a fair test, but he went down to Cape Breton, where coworked in the mines there, and the government to government relied on the coercion of secure the cancellation of the reappoint ment in the customs special service of Officer Bonness, which was they have any. In Cape Breton

vote carrying the remedial bill, but was afraid of the division between him (Tarte) and his Ontario friends. He comment tonight. It is a concession the carried out, would prove the death knell of Nova Scotia's great industries. was not arraid of the division between the vote carrying the remedial bill, but was afraid of the division between him (Tarte) and his Ontario friends. He maintained the question at stake was not the re-establishment of separate schools but simply the question of separate schools but simply the minority rights which were unquestionably theirs. He pointed out the dominion government the formation in the event of the French the death knell of Nova Scotia's great industries. (Tremendous laughter and appliance) of its coast line was practically six hundred miles the death knell of Nova Scotia's great industries. (Tremendous laughter and appliance) of its coast line was practically six hundred miles of its." (Tremendous laughter and appliance) of its coast line was practically six hundred miles of its." (Tremendous laughter and appliance) of its coast line was practically six hundred miles of the carried out, would prove the death knell of Nova Scotia's great industries. (Tremendous laughter and appliance) of its coast line was practically six hundred miles of the comment to fits." (Tremendous laughter and appliance) of its coast line was practically six hundred miles the death knell of Nova Scotia's great industries.

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(Tremendous laughter and appliance) of the possession of the coast line was practically in the coast line was practically in the coast line was practically in the coast that the law which guaranteed re-dress to the minority was 'ramed for the benefit of the Protestant minority, now it was invoked by the Catholic minority. I only wish to God, he declared, that it was a Protestant minority that was seeking redress in order that I might speak in thunder ones for justice for them. (Cheers). Manitoba m.n.rity being Catholic I feel somewhat delicate in dealing with the matter. Continuing, he charged the liberals with a large degree of retude of Mr. Greenway because they stood up in the house and defended Mr. Greenway's determination to ignore the constitution. He also charged them with using the question for party purposes. The French liberals in Quebec were saying the conservative party of Orangemen never intended to pass remedial legislation, while elsewhere the English liberals were crying: "Are you going to allow little Manitoba to be coerced by those conservatives." The anxiety of the liberals to have a commission appoint-ed was simply to justify their contention that the conservatives would not pass the remedial bill this session. While there had been differences in the government on the question, they now stood in the house unanim support of the measure. He believed the bill would be passed, and that if the members approached the question in an honorable dignified, and proper manner, there could be no doubt as to the happy solution. (Cheers).

Mr. Laurier pointed out that in the question of education the constitution made an exception of the sovereignty of the province and vested the su-preme power in the dominion house. The judicial committee had decided that the Catholic minority had the right of appeal. The question now was what must be overcome. In the first place there was strong aversion in the country against the dominion over-riding the will of the province in a matter purely concerning the prov-ince, and this feeling of repugnance must be overcome by showing the peo-ple there was substantial injustice done. He was sure the majority in Manitoba did not when exacting the school law do so with the idea that they were doing any substantial injustice to the minority. To make the case perfectly clear the difference between the conscience of a Protestant

and the conscience of a Catholic must Hon. Mr. Foster-To do so would take missionary work prolonged for thousands of years.

Mr. Laurier—By no means. I have a wider and better faith in the con-Sciences of my fellow men.
An enquiry, Mr. Laurier continued. would have shown the distribution of

the population. Mr. Foster—The census shows that. Mr. Laurier—No, it does not show how the population is grouped. Take Provencher, for instance, where the population is solidly massed, the census did not show that, but an enquiry would. He claimed that by a commission it might have been far more easy to have secured a solution than under the present method. Per-

conally he did not want to gain any olitical capital out of this question, ut he affirmed it would have been mony by following the liberal plan than by attempting to coerce Mani-toba. His sympathies were entirely with the Catholic minority, but he wanted justice done on terms which would satisfy public conscience as far as it could be satisfied. (Opposition

After some observations from Mr. Lariviere the address was passed and ordered to be transmitted to the gov-

Hom Ma Foster moved, seconded by Mr. Laurier thait the following address be sent to Her Gracious Majesty: on the parliament buildings today out of respect to the memory of the late Prince Henry of Battenberg. The sympathy felt for her majesty and for the Princess Beatrice in the sad loss which they have sustained was given expression tonight by parliament in the adoption of a loyal address which was moved in sympathetic terms by Hon. Mr. Foster and seconded by Mr. Laurier.

The debate on the address collapsed tonight after good speeches by Hon. John Costigan and Mr. Laurier. Mr. McCarthy abandoned his idea of moving an ammendment.

Otawa, Jan. 23.—Nearly the whole

said he would not offer any extended remarks. He was sure the house and remarks. He was sure the house and country would deeply sympatible with Her Majesty in this bereavement which had fallen on the Queen in her advanced years. The motion was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Foster then moved, seconded by

Mr. Laurier, that a message of con-dolence be sent by the house to H. R. H. Princess Beatrice, expressing the sorrow of the people of Canada on account of the death of Prince Henry of Battenberg, and to tender an expression of their earnest sympathy in the affliction which deprives her royal highness of a loving husband. This was also adopted and a reso lution passed asking his excellency to transmit both addresses to England. The house adjourned at 11 p, m.

NOTES.

Yet another aspirant for the posi tion of adjutant general has put in am appearance in the person of Col. Maunisell, D. A. G., for the New Brunswick military district, A New Brunswick delegation will interview the minister of militia tomorrow on Col. the colonel, being senior D. A. G. in Canada, is entitled to the position. The time for presenting petitions for private bills is extended to Feb.

7th, and for the introduction of pri-Vate bills until Feb. 14th.

Hon. James Mitchell, Ald. Teed and that Canada was the most honestly and cleanly governed country in the

realizes that our own transportation companies and ports ought to have a share of any trade that is going. Hence Messrs. McLeod, Hazen and Chesley's representations have received prompt and favorable considera-

Coll. Prior has made his first appointment by giving Mr. Hayhurst, winner of the Queen's prize at Bisley last year, a position in the inland revenue office at Hamilton. Mr. Hay hurst has not found a field for his regular calling, viz., that of surgical instrument maker, and was conten plating returning to England. The case being represented to Col. Prior, he has given Mr. Hayhurst this appointment, believing his services to Canada last year merit it.

The sub-committee of the cabinet agreed on the final draft of the remedial bill today. This will be considered in council Saturday and introduced in the house mext week.

Ottawa, Jan. 24.—The first hour of

today's session was taken up in dis-cussing the non-appearance of the auditor general's report, Sir Richard Cartwright threatening to prevent the public business being proceeded with unless the report was down shortly. Hon. Mr. Foster said the government was not to blame. The auditor general was an officer of the house and he government had no control over

Hon. Mr. Foster stated in reply to Mr. Casey that Sir Charles Tupper resigned the high commissionership on January 15th, 1896. He was re-appoint ed without salary and is acting high commissioner for the present. The af-fairs in the office in London are carried on by the regular staff directed from Ottawa. A number of pertinent questions

were put by Mr. Dawson relative to the recent cabinet cricis, but were not answered, Mr. Mulock asked if the published statement was true that the government, having despaired of securing the

removal of Great Britain's schedule of Canadian cattle, it had arranged to permit the transnipment of American cattle via St. John. Hon. Mr. Montague promised to lay the papers in the mater before the

on Monday. The house adjourned at six o'clock. Mr. Hazen received a telegram to-day from Manager Campbell of the Beaver line, stating that he had secured sufficient Canadian cattle for shipment. For the present therefore the cattle from the United States will

not be required.

The following militia changes will be announced in the Gazette tomorrow: 8th Princess Louise Hussars, H Troop-to be lieutenant, 2nd Lieut: Edwin Ketchum Parks; G Troop—to be lieutenant, 2nd Lieutenant Guy Stan-

hope Kinnear. 71st York Battalion of Infantry, No 7 company—To be lieutenant provis-ionally, Harry Fulton McLeod, vice

IN CAPE BRETON

Monster Nomination Convention at Sydney on Thursday.

Despite a Severe Snow Storm Six Hundred Delegates Were Present.

Sir Charles Tupper's Powerful Speech, Dealing With the Leading Questions of the Day.

snow storm raged throughout the county, blocking the roads and block-ading railways.

the adjoining town and mining cen-tres started for the convention this graphic language he sketched morning. The train which started great work of confederation, from Louisburg increased its passen-gers so rapidly that by the time it reached Glace Bay it carried six hun-lishment of the national policy. So Gred passengers, mostly delegates.

Nothwithstanding that the snow plow had been run over the road all night, the storm was so severe that the train was unable to get through the drifts and was stalled at Bridgeport, and did not get through until after the same and the establishment of the national poles. So great a man as Edward Blake, at first a bitter opponent of the conservative policy, the C. P. R., and the trade policy, had become a convert and confessed that he had been mistaken in his opposition and had

Meanwhile the convention, which met at eleven o'clock, remained in session until the train arrived, being addressed by Dr. McKay, M. P. P., John McCormick, M. P. P., Colin Chisholm, quagmire into which Canada had McCormick, M. P. P., Colin Chisholm, ex-M. P. P., C. E. Gregory, John Vooght, E. T. Moseley, ex-M. P. P., Dr. McKeen, Mr. McEachern, Mayor Purvis of North Sydney, H. F. Mc-Dougall, M. P., ex-Mayor McKinnon, hearts of the people. There is one thing the people of Cape Breton know how to do. They know how to

minister of militia tomorrow on Col. the national policy and corruption, Manusell's behalf. It is claimed that Mr. Gregory very effectively quoted MR. LONGLEY'S INTERVIEWS

in English papers, showing that Canada was the most prosperous country in the world, and also quoting an in-terview with D. C. Fraser, M. P., in Boston, in which he prided nimself pers because the government could not now carry a single constituency in Quebec.

Hon. Mr. Costigan said Mr. Tarte was not afraid of the cry of French domination in the event of the French domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the domination in the event of the French to the days ago.

The impression is growing prevalent in council permits the first trade policy. But at Montreal, in January and February of last year, Mr. Laurier made speeches in which he pledged himself to about the first trade policy. But at Montreal, in January and February of last year, Mr. Laurier made speeches in which he pledged himself to about the first trade policy. But at Montreal, in January and February of last year, Mr. Laurier made speeches in which he pledged himself to about the first trade policy. But at Montreal, in January and February of last year, Mr. Laurier made speeches in which the pledged himself to about the first trade policy.

> termination cannot be changed in any degree by all the money with which the liberals threaten to ficed

Ex-Mayor, McKinnon, an old tim liberal, said that whatever doubts he once had regarding Sir Charles Tup-per's statesmanship, imbibed while in the liberal ranks, those doubts had been entirely removed by recent lib-eral speeches. He was very much amused at the canvass against Sir Charles that he was "a stranger."

Mr. McCornick dwelt on the same theme. Sir Charles Tupper a stranger forsooth. What man was better known throughout the length and breadth of Canada? The band of eral stumpers who had gathered here rom Guysboro to Ottawa were guilty f the acree of impudence in talking of Sir Charles as an outsider. Sir Charles had thousands of dollars inested in the industries of this county,

while not one of his IMPORTED DETRACTORS was known to have a cent invested. Dr. McKeen concluded his remarks by saying: "The grand old man is all the grand old policy is right, Cape Breton county is all right (Cries of 'You bet') and on the th of February we shall send up a shout of triumph that will be heard on the shores of the Pacific. Gentlemen, listen, you're going to hear some thing drop.

David McKeen, ex-M. P., pointed out political giant as Sir Charles Tupper. ried all before it. (Applause.)

Prolonged applause).

The Temperance hall, the largest building in Sydney, had been crowded or four hours before the six hundred snow-bound delegates arrived. They came directly to the hall, and their arrival was greeted with a mighty shout that shock the roof, answered by an equally enthusiastic cheer by the cold and hungry men.

But they forgot their hunger in the excitement and enthusiasm of the hour. Crowded as the hall was before the snow-bound train arrived, it was packed to suffocation afterwards, and hundreds were unable to get inside. The enthusiasm of the audience, esecially of the sturdy miners, was of a kind never before witnessed in Cape Breton, and the cheers which greeted Charles Tupper, tendered by a stand-ing vote, made the great building shake. Finally a passage was made through the dense mass of humanity, and as Sir Charles stepped upon the platform the cheers broke out again and again, such cheers as were never Mr. Moseley, ex-M. P. P., chairman, tendered the nomination, and STR CHARLES

spoke for an hour and a half, while

ores of delegates stood on the plat-

rm, every foot of which was occu-ed. Sir Charles expressed the great easure that was afforded him by the ceived, an enthusiasm ne could never forget. It would be specially gratify-ing to him to represent Cape Breton because it was in this county in 1878 that he had unfolded the national pol icy, the results of which had already far surpassed his most sanguine ex-pectations. But they were not met to encourage each other with words, but

could point to magnificent evidences of what had been achieved for Canada under the national policy. syuney, C. B., Jan. 23.—The depth of feeling already elicited in this county was evidenced by the proceedings of today. Last night a wild northwest snow storm raged throughout their opponents (he would not call them the reform parts to the county between what the liberal conservative policy had accomplished and what their opponents (he would not call them the reform parts to the county the contrast to the county was evidenced by the proceedings of today. ading railways.

During yesterday scores of delegates people in the world, but it would be from the extreme ends of the county safe to call them the "Do nothing arrived at Sydney, but delegates from the adjoining town and mining centres started for the convention

ABANDONED HIS OWN PARTY and Canadian public life because of this prosperity was the coal industry. Coal was the great industry of Cape Breton. It was an industry vital how to do. They know how to cheer.

In that line they can give lessons to all parts of Canada.

In reply to the present liberal camor of coal were raised. In 1895 it. was In reply to the present liberal cam-of coal were raised. In 1895 it was paign of slander, of denunciation of 2,060,900 tons. (Applause.) That was the record. He pointed out the immense amount of labor involved in coal mining. But some one of the lights of the opposition had a new method of developing coal. He proposed to strike down the Canadian duty in order to induce the United States to take off their duty. (Laugh-

> At this point Sir Charles interjected BROUGHT DOWN THE HOUSE. It reminded him, he said, of a young

> doctor who was attending a very sick "What is the matter with it?" asked

the anxious mother.

"Well, I don't know," replied the doctor, "but I am going to give it something to throw it into fits; I'm Esquimault, The famous American, Seward, had predicted that Canada, with Halifax on the Atlantic and Es quimalt on the Pacific, was going to control the commerce of the world. That great American said that Can-

ada's geographical position would enable it to seize and hold and control the traffic of the orient against the wealth and the population of the United States. But Seward never dreamed that has prediction would be so soon realized. Yet it was not long ago that President Harrison devoted half a column of his message to bemoaning the fact that the United States had lost and

CANADA HAD CAPTURED that commerce. (Applause.) in this connection Sir Charles made public a party caucus secret. The policy of the prompt construction of the C. P. R., said Sir Charles, was his own: He had in his possession the original document submitted to council carrying that molecular than the control of the council carrying that the council carrying the council carrying that the council carrying that the council carrying that the council carrying the council carrying the council carrying the council carrying the carrying that the council carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying that carrying the carrying the carrying that carrying the carryi that policy into effect, and which surprised and delighted Sir John Macdonaid and his other colleagues when first submitted to them. But it got pretty rough usage in the caucus. Some members whose faith was weak thought he had ruined the party and the country; that the enormous liability incurred would break down the

"We will stand by you," they said, "but we will be scattered at the gen-eral election." Sir Charles said he the incomparable advantages of Cape reassured them with the prediction Breton county being represented by a cabinet minister and the premier, and after conferring with the Liberal Conservative association assured Sir Charles that he would have the unanimous and enthysicatic support of the policy of immediate developments of mous and enthusiastic support of the policy of immediate development of the country, of creating a great av ever done for Cape Breton and for canadian commerce, had so canada was to make way for such a aroused the national spirit that it carother man in the house would have grappled with such a gigantic under taking, (Applause,) The road was built in half the time stipulated for the contract, had created

ITS OWN TRAFFIC, and given Canada such a status before the world as it could not otherwise

And yet we had only so far scratched the fringe of our great Northwent wheat fields. (Applause.) pointing out its vast importance as an imperial highway, Sir Charles deferential trade, the importance which had been so STRIKINGLY ENFORCED

upon the minds of the British people during the past few weeks. (Great auring the past few weeks. (Great applause.) He urged the sending of delegates from all Canadian boards of trade to the next great congress of British boards of trade, and brought down the house by saying that he should be proud to represent the Sydney board of trade. It was true that this question must It was true that this question must be fought out in England, and it had already attained such prominence that leading British papers were declaring that the development of the colonies

mous geographical advantages that providence has given us. Ships with he speed of the Majestic would land passengers and mails at Sydney, Hall-fax or Quebec, and distribute them over the continent quicker than by

THE FASTEST VESSELS inning to New York, Lord Ripon's kindly sympathy was highly praised, but the prompt and decisive aid of Mr. Chamberlain, in the shape of £75,000 erling a year for ten years, added to the Canadian subsidy, made the project an assured success. Mr. Chamstincts, who believes in developing the outlying portions of the empire, has proclaimed his intention of pro-moting inter-imperial trade in preference to trade with any other country, who has shown his readiness to do any and every thing to draw the col-onies closer to the mother country, and to bind them still more indissolubly together. (Applause.) Sir Charles elt on what this great project wil do for the development of Canada. ADMISSION OF NEWFOUNDLAND

as a member of the confederation, Sir Charles said he had always attached great importance, and had told Sir John Macdonald—(applause)—when the question first came up that the roundng off of confederation by its entrance was an all important one. (Cheers.) He did not for a moment wish that that island should be brought into confederation unless it could be accomplished on terms that would substantially benefit the people of Newfoundland. He believed that union would contribute to the happi ness and well-being of that people. He had no desire to see them enter the confederacy except with their hearty concurrence, and he deeply regretted the collapse of the recent negotiations. He was vain enough to think that had he been consulted earlier in those negotiations the result would have been different. The stumbling block in the recent negotiations was the financial question, the refusal of the imperial government to contribute \$5,000,000 toward the colon's indebt edness. Lord Ripon consulted him locking the stable after the horse had been stolen. Lord Ripon pointed out that it was uterly impossible for the home government to

GIVE THE DESIRED AID to Newfoundland, because it would similar aid could not be refused to other colonies in similar financial difculties. But Sir Charles pointed cut to Lord Ripon that unique circum-stances surrounded thi case, inasmucr as under the old French treaty New-foundland had suffered most severely and that practically six hundred miles portion of the great confederation The question could be settled with-out much inconvenience. Equally trong reasons for imperial assistant could not be given by any other colony. Another point which would jus tify such a precedent was the imperial guarantee of the cost of the Intercol-onial railway at the time of confedration on the ground that it was in mperial interests Sir Charles expressed the belief that

Mr. Chamberlain would lend his POWERFUL ASSISTANCE consummating this very desirable object. (Great applause). He empha sized the importance of the unio of consolidating all the British Am-erican colonies, and he believed that solving it. (Renewed applause). He had discussed the project in the most way, and he thought he could venture to say that the Newfoundland premier would be quite disposed to resume negotiations upon any basis that would offer a satisfactory solution. Coming to the Manitoba school que tion, Sir Charles planted himself squarely upon the government policy. It had been said that that question ould only be settled by the opposi-ion. It probably could have been ettled before if they had not wanted ciences of such a large portion of the

population FOR PARTY PURPOSES. you coerce Manitoba? Would you makes them strong again. It restores strike a blow at the autonomy of a and invigorates the whole system, and self-governing province within the not necessary; that's not the position Confederation guaranteed certain rights to minorities. If the rights of any minority guaranteed by the British North America act were interfered with the question under the constition, too, a local one and became a general one. If the rights of the Proestant minority in Quebec or the Catholic minority were interfered luty of the federal parliament to re-store them. The same is true of Manitoba. (Applause).

Mr. Greenway has run his election and has a large majority at his back, and if in the spirit of compromise he is disposed to remove the difficulty, he will greatly add to the respect in which he is held. But suppose he does not; suppose that under the incite-ment of the opposition leaders, who crawl back into power, and

A MOST DEGRADING MEANS it would be of reaching power. (Applause). Then it only remains for par-nament to carry out the constitution

was the chief hope of the empfre. (Applause.) and to do justice to the Catholic min-ority in Manitoba, as it would be pre-Sir Charles said he regarded the fast Atlantic line project as lying at the foundation of the unity of the empire. (Applause.) It was a libel upon Canada, upon the intelligence of Englishmen and of the people of this country that means should not be devised to take advantage of the enormous geographical advantages that class of the people. (Applause). Sir Charles spoke for one hour and

forty minutes with great effect, mak-ing one of the most dignified and con-vincing addresses ever heard here, completely capturing the hearts of the vast audience, and amid a perfect hurricane of applause cheering re-newed again and aagin, and the singng of the national anthem, the meetwhich began at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, did not end until a quar-

The representative men of the county were present, and among the clergymen present were Archdeacon Smith, Very Rev. James Quinan, Rev. A. F. McGillivray, Rev. M. A. McPherson, Rev. Blowers Mullins, Rev. Charles McDonald, Rev. D. P. McDonald, Rev. Rev. C. F. McKinnon and Rev. Dr. Murray. These clergymen came from all sections of the county.

LORD LEIGHTON

The Remains of the Great Artist Lying in State in the Centre of His Study.

London, Jan. 26.-Lord Leighton, the lamented president of the Royal academy, whoses death occurred yes-terday, lies in the centre of his study, which is full of his pictures and sculptors, among the former being six unfinished paintings which were intended for the academy, arranged in a semi-circle at the head of the coffin. During his last hours his great desire, frequently expressesd, was that he might live three weeks to finish them. He believed that these pictures would be exhibited at the academy exhibi-

Lord Leighton's death was due to gout, which reached his heart. His offin is almost covered with wreaths. All the leading painters, resident in London, as well as the foremost reprethe metropolis, have since his death to express their repect for the deceased.

A DESPERATE CHARACTER.

It Took Six Hours to Dislodge Rattlesnake Bill From Behind Rocks.

Wichita, Kan., Jan. 26.-Rattlesnake Bill, who killed young Howard Robertson in his father's house at Belle Thursday night, is in the hands of the up the pursuit for more than twenty-five hours and brought him to bay in the Gyp hills. It took six hours to dis lodge the murderer, who entrenched himself behind rocks and fought desperately until his ammunition gave out. The mob came near lynching him, but finally concluded to turn him over to

ARMENIAN RELIEF.

Constantinople, Jan. 26.-In response to the representations made by Hon. A. W. Terrel. United States minister, the porte consents to permit any one whom Mr. Terrel recommends to distribute in Atolia without distinction. as to religion, the funds subscribed in America for relief, but declines to al-low the Red Cross society or any similar society to make the distribution. The porte has appointed a commission to study the question of reform in

THE REVUE CASE.

Montreal, Jan. 24.—The case of libel by the Canada Revue against Arch-bishop Fabre, who put the paper un-der the ban of the church, will be der the ban of the church, taken to the privy council and argued next November. The case was won first by the paper, but the judgment was reversed on appeal. Two thousand ollars to defray costs have been sub scribed in small sums by people of all creeds and nationalities in response o public appeal by the paper.

IT IS BRACING.

When we go abroad on a crisp winer mornig we say the air is bracing. That is also what the weak, nervous or debilitated person says of Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic after to use such a sacred question as that ker's nerve and stomach tonic after which touches the feelings and congiving it a trial. It is bracing. But it is more than that. It is a health restorer in the fullest sense. It enriches the blood, ensures a healthy digestion (Applause). A great many people look and promotes restful sleep. It rebuilds at the matter hastily and ask: "Would the wasted tissues of the nerves and is just the remedy needed by the sufsphere of its self-governing func-tions?" His reply was: "No; that's 'run down" condition following an attack of grippe or other disease. Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic grows in favor year by year as a great blood and flesh builder and nerve and brain invigorator, the friend of ver-taxed numan system. It is sold by all druggists and dealers at 50 cts. per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50, and s manufactured only by the Hawker with, no one disputes that it is the Medicine Co. (Ltd.), St. John, N. B.

THE YOUNG LIBERALS.

The annual meeting of the Young Liberals club was held on the 23rd, when the following officers were elected: G. Wetmore Merritt, president; R. O'Brien, first vice-president; H. Coaltes, second vice-president; A. Barnhill, third vice-president; A. E. Macintyre, secretary; R. J. Walsh, treasurer; executive, John Keeffe, John ment of the opposition leaders, who seem to prefer that this great question that touches the conscience of their own people shall be kept as a means by which they may disrupt the great literal conservative party and conservative Murray, Chas. F. Black, W. Fred. Barnhill, Fred. B. Dunn. A resolution was adopted expr ing regret at the death of C. W. Wel-

SHIP NEWS.

FOR WEEK ENDING JANUARY 28.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

from London via Halifax, Schoffeid & Ce, gen.

Str St Croix, 1064, Pike, from Boston, C E Laechler, mdse and pass.

Jan 22-Sch Greta, 122, McKinney, from Boston, N C Scott, gen.

Sch Progress, 93, Dickson, from Boston, D J Purdy, pine timber.

Sch W H Waters, 120, Belyea, from Boston, A W Adams, hal.

Coastwise-Schs Weenbna, 19, Morrell, from fishing; barge No 3, 431, Wadman, from Parrsboro, C E Laechler, mdse and pass.

Coastwise-Schs C U Chandler, 99, Haley, from Müsquash; Comet, 10, Beiding, from Bahing; barge No 5, 443, Warnock, from Parrsboro.

Jan. 25.—Coastwise-Schs Varnock, from Parrsboro.

Jan. 25.—Coastwise-Schs Varnock, from Parrsboro.

Parrsbore.

22nd—S S Taymouth Castle, Forbes, for West Indies via Halifax.

S S Lake Superior, Stewart, for Liver-Halifax. Maiden City, Humphrey, for Run-

CANADIAN PORTS.

Arrived.

Cleared.

At Part sboro, Jan 21, sch Gleaner, Buller-well, for Bar Harbor; Amy D, Liewlyn, for Calais; Melinda, King, for Calais; No 5, Warnock, for St John.

Hallfax, Jan 22—Cld, sch Minnie Maud, for Porto Rico. Porto Rico. Sld, str Baltimore City, for London.

BRITISH PORTS

At Laverpool, Jan 21, s s Lake Winnipeg, rom St John. At Manchester, Jan 18, bark Emigrant At lavetpool, Jan 21, 8 s Lake Winnipeg, from St John.

At Manchester, Jan 18, bark Emigrant, Wilson, from Halifax.

At Algoa Bay, CoH, Dec 26, bark Merritt, Gillmore, from Mauritins.

At Demerara, Jan 1, ship Sheila, Coule-shaw, from Port Spain; some Earl of Aberdeen, Howard from New York; 2ud, Garner, Stephenson, from Lunenburg, NS, and cleared 6th for Boston; 4th, Ernest de Costa, Beaott, from Charlottetown, PEI.

At Liverpool, Jan 20, bark M and E Cann, Fitzgerald, from Parrsboro.

London, Jan 22—Ard, str Bostonian, from Boston; St John City, from St John via Halifax. At Manchester, Jan 24, barks Emigrant, Wilson, from Halifax (not previously); M and E Cann, Fitzgerald, from Parrsboro via

FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived. At New York, Jan 19, brigtn Varuna, Brown, from St Marc.
At Havana, Jan 12, sche Slerra, Morris, from Carning, NS: Helen E Kenney, Merrell, from Apalachiolia; 14th, sch Dove, Dinsmore, from Canning.
At Delaware Breakwater, Jan 19, bark Howard D Troop, Corning, from Philadelphia for Hiogo.

At Monile. Cleared.

At New York, Jan 20, sch Wandrain, Wood, for Basse Terre.

At Pensacola, Jan 20, ship Everest, Larkin, for London.

At San Francisco, Jan 20, ship Ancatos, Fulton, for Tacoma.

Boston, Jan 22-Ard, strs Sagamore, from Liverpool; Norse King, from Antwerp; sch Josie, from Weymouth, NS.

Cld, str Borderer, for London; bark James H Hamien, for Portland, Me; sches Advance, for St John; Josephine, for Annapolis, NS; Tay, for St John.

Anchored in Nantasket Roads—Sch Neilie J Crocker, from St John for New York, New York, Jan 22-Ard, str Etruria, from Liverpool.

At Salem Lan 19, seth Porte.

from New York via Bluefields.

At Port Los Angeles, Jan 22, ship Andrina, Smith, from Gaiveston Jor Port Townsend.

At New York, Jan 22, bark Emma R Smith, Faulkner, from Mansanills.

At Boston, Jan 24, sohs Lynx, Lunn, from River Hebert; Frank W. Cole, and Silver Wave, Welsh, from Quaco; Marguerite, Dickson, from Alms.

At Manila, Jan 25, bark Artisan, Purdy, from Newcastle, NSW; will load for U.S.

At New York, Jan 23, ship A G Robes, from Mod's Hole; San Athy & Bentley, Price, from Wood's Hole; Sarah Hunter, Maxwell, from St. John.

At Charlesbon, Jan 23, sch John S Parker, Robertson, from Havana for Wilmington (put in for harbor).

At Darlen, Ge, Jan 21, brig Darpa, Bradley, from Brunswick, Ga.

At Salem, Mass, Jan 23, schs Chifford I White, Faulkinghain, from St. John for New

Cleared.

At Pascagoula, Jan 18, bark Alert, for Rosarto.

At Baston, Jan 18, schs Loreana Maud, for Halifax and La Have; H A Holder, for St John; Abana, for Quaco; Valetta, for St

for St John; Vincton, for St John; Galatea, for hainax.

Portland, Me, Jan 22—Cld, sch Edward Waite, for Arro and Ponce, PR.
Sid, bark Ethel V Boynton, for Buenos Ayres; schs Fronk W, from Dorchester for Salem; Thistle, from St John for City Island; Silver Wave, from Quaco for Boston; Marguerita, from Alma for do.

At Pascagoula, Jan 21, sch John E Shatford, Fernandez, for Cape Verde.

At Portland, Me, Jan 23, str Numidian, for Liverpool via Halifax, and sid.

At Boston, Jan 24 sch Bessie M, for Lunenburg,

At Boston, Jan 24 sch Bessie M, for Lunenburg,
At Darien, Jan. 23, bark Valona, Johnson,
for Mistley.

At New York, Jan 23, s s Salamanca, Hutchinson, for Tampico; brigt G B Lockhart,
Olsen, for Curacoa; sch Gypsum Emperor,
for Port Spain.

At Wilmington, Jan 25, sch Bertha H,
Lecain, for Turks Island.

At New York, Jan 25, sch Adelene, Mc.
Lernan, for St John.

Salled

Sailed.

From Havana, Jan 13, schs John S Parker, Robertson, for Wilmington, NC; 14th, Vamoose, Crowvil, for Jacksonville.

From Rio Janeiro, Jan 17, bark Corona, Percy, for Middleesborough.

From Mobile, Jan 22, sch Fred H Gibson, Milberry, from St John.

From Palm Beach, Fla, Jan 17, str Northumberland, Cameron, for Nasau, NP.

From Palm Beach, Fla, Jan 17, str Northumberland, Cameron, for Nasau, NP.

From Palm Beach, Fla, Jan 17, str Northumberland, Cameron, for Nasau, NP.

From Polaware Breakwater, Jan 20, bark H D Troop, from Philadelphia for Hiogo.

From New York, Jan 21, barks Bowman B Law, for Anjer; Angola, for Sydney, NSW; brigtn James Brown, for Berbice; sch Wandrain, for Basse Terre; Glendon, for St John.

From Batavia, Dec 19, ship Euphemia, for Boston.

Boston.

From Hyannis, Mass, Jan 21, sep Freddie A Higgins, for Graad Manan, NB.

From Brunswick, Ga, Jan 21, brig Darpa, for Union Island.

From Rio Janeiro, Dec 20, bark Linwood, McKensie, for Manila; 25th, brig New Dominion, Lemieux, for Paranagua.

From Havana, Jan 16, sch Delta, Prau, for Paranagua. a Boulogne, Jan 21, bark Arizona, Rob-for Buenos Ayres.

a New York, Jan. 23, bark Plymouth, for Port Elizabeth.

From New York, Jan 20, sch Gypsum Emperor, for Port Spain.

From Marselles, Jan 22, bark Birnam Wood, Smith, for Pensacola.

From Fernandina, Jan 24, sch Canaria, From Mobile, Jan 24, sch Fred H Gil for St Jago de Cuba. From Pensacila, Jan 21, bark Grei for Rio Janeiro. From San Domingo, Jan 11, bark I Sheraton, Mitchell, for Palenque (to load

Passed through Hell Gate, Jan 19, sch An Me A Booth, for Salem, Passed Vineyard Haven, Jan 19, sch Fred die A Higgins, from New York for Gran Manan. Passed Deal, Jan 18, bark Anglesea, Mc Nutt, for London. Passed Deal, Jan 18, bark Anglesea, McNutt, for London.
In port at Demerara, Jan 7, bark Sayre,
Roberts; brig John McDermott, Toker; schs
Ida C Southard, Blake; Synara, Hogan, and
Mystery, Richards, all discharging.
In port at Vineyard Haven, Jan 20, schs
Maggle J Chadwick and Carlotta.
Passed St Helens before Jan 7, ship Celeste Burrill, from Hong Kong for New
York; before Jan 15, ship Favonius, from
Manila for Delaware Breakwater.
Anchored in Nantasket roads, Jan 23, sch
Neille J Crocker, from St John for New
York.
Passed in at Cape Henry, Jan 22, brig
Electric Light, Rabodan, from Port Spain
for New York.
Boston, Jan. 24. Anchored in Nantasket
roads, sch Neille J Crocker, from St John
for New York.
Symonds, and Carlotta.
Passed Scilly, Jan 23(bark Endora, Og: vie,
from San Francisco for London.
In port at Witheyard Haven, Jan 22, scha
Two Brothers, Maggle J Chadwick, N E
Symonds, and Carlotta.
Passed Scilly, Jan 23(bark Endora, Og: vie,
from San Francisco for London.
In port at Demerara, Jan 8, sch Earl of
Aberdeen, Howard, for New York.
Passed Isle of Wight, Jan. 25, str Storm
King, Crosby, from Baltimore for AntwerpPassed Jeal, Jan 25, bark Abyssina, Hilton, from La Plata for Hamburg.

SPOKEN. Berk Athlon, from Dublin for New York, Jra 15, lat 28, lon 67.35.

Ship New City, from Pensacola for Rie Janeiro, Jan 17, lat 30.57, lon 76.35.

Str Derwent Holme, from St John nfor Liverpool, Jan 13, lat 44.29, lon 55.04.

Bark Violet, Lowry, from St John for Rosario, Jan 2, lat 14 S, lon 38 W.

Sch Gazelle, Christiansen, from Ship Island for Porto Rico, Jan 17, lat 26.27, lon 85.

Berk Minnehaha, Kavanah, from Liverpool for Pensacola, Jan 5, lat 44, lon 20.

Bark Ranger, Young, from Pensacola for Algoa Bay, Jan 18, lat 24 N, lon 22 W.

Ship Tillie E Starbuck, Curtis, from New York for Portland, O, Jan 9, lat 3 N, lon 28 W.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Boston, Jan 22—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that a lighted gas buoy, painted black, has been placed in 8 fathoms of water, about 106 feet NE by E. & E. from wreck of sci William Wilson, sunk off Monomoy Point, about midway between Handkerchief and Shovelful Light vessels.

Handkerchief Light vessel, bearing SW by W. & W. 22 miles.

Monomoy Point Lighthouse, hearing NE by N. 24 miles. N, 2% miles.
Shovelful Light vessel, bearing NE by E,
1% miles.
The least water over wreck is 3½ fathoms.
A spar buoy has been placed just to the
southward of the wreck in case the gas

A Glasgow letter of Jan 18th says City Island, Jan 23—Ard, schs Landseer, for Fortune Bay; Sarah Hunter, for St John.

Portland, Me, Jan 23—Ard, bark Jas H Hamlen, from Boston.

Cld, str Laurentian, for Liverpool via Halifax.

At Bridgeport, Jan 23, sch Sarah Hunter, Maxwell, from St John.

At Boothhay Jan 21, sch Walter M Young, from Grand Manan.

At Booton, Jan 23, sch I V Dexter, Dexter, from Liverpool, NS.

At Port Limon, Jan 10, str Spero, Lunn, at Yorkhill."

A Glasgow letter of Jan 18th says:

"An arrival of spruce deals and birch logs per Concordia, St. John, N B, is the principal litem in the imports for the week; the demand for spruce continues good, and the large supplies absorbed for some time past show an extending use of it here. Some sales of the above consignment have been made ex quay, the rest being yarded

Births, marriages and deaths occurring in the families of subscribers w be published FREE in THE SUN. In

MARRIAGES.

third daughter of James Curry of Lachure. No cards.

No cards.

HAYES-COCHRAN—On Jan. 3th, by the Rev. T. McFall, at the residence of the bride's parents, Robert O. Hayes, Canada Creek, and Jennie B., daughter of David R. Cechran. Somerset, N. S.

HOLMES-STINSON—At the Baptist parsonage, Jan. 9th, by Rev. C. W. Sables, Howard Holmes of Sand Point and Miss Clare Stinson of North East. Harbor.

HOVEY-SCOTT—Jan. 18th, at the Methodist parsonage Belestown, N. B., by the Rev. R. W. J. Clements, Howard H. Hovey of Ludlow to Miss Alice M. Scott of Hayes—ville. Children to Miss Alice M. Scott of Hayes-ville.

SEAMAN-GHLLESPIE—On Jan. 8th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. M. Parker, John W. Seaman and Susle P. Gillespie, eldest daughter of John W. Gillespie, all of Shulee, N. S. SMITH-WILLIS—In this city, on Jan. 20th, by Rev. James Bennett, D. D., William Smith to Mary Willis.

DEATHS.

widow of the late John Anderson, aged 75 years.

BARRY—At Melrose, N. B., Jan. 19, John Barry, youngest son of William and Catherine Barry, aged 15 years.

BELL—At Lakesde, Kings Co., on Jan. Mth. William D. Bell, aged 55 years.

BOYD—On the 24th January, after a lingering illness, Mary, third daughter of Andrew and the late Hattle Boyd.

BROWN—At the residence of his son-in-law, J. W. Borden, Kentville, Jan. 10, Frederic Brown, registrar of deeds for Kings Co., N. S., aged 63 years.

BUNKER—At Rusigorais Station, Sunbury Co., Jan. 2nd. after a severe illness, which he bors with Christian fortitude, Sherman Bunker, in the 43rd year of his age, leaving a wife and three children.

BUNTING—At his late residence, 25 Queen's Park, Toronto, on Tuesday morning, Jan.

Mr. McMillan of Hurom moved a resolution that Canada should take the advantage of the American offer of reciprocity in certain kinds of agricultural implements and remove the Canadian manufacturers to compete in the American market.

Mr. Wallace sakd such action would mean the destruction of the Canadian manufacturers and the placing of the Canadian farmer in the hands of the United States manufacturers, who would then increase the prices higher

years.

DAWSON—At Moncton, N. B., Jan. 18, of membraneous croup, Eleanor Eliza, only daughter of Peter and Alice Dawson, aged daughter of Peter and Alice Dawson, aged
12 years and 2 months.
DE MERCHANT—At Bath, Carleton Co., N.
B., Jan. 19th, Nellie, youngest child of
Jevemiah and Amrelia B. De Merchant,
aged three years, one month and thirteen
days.
BNGLISH—At West Branch, Kent Co., N.
B., Jan. 1201, Annie Jane, beloved daughter of Hugh and Maria English, aged 25
years. widow of the late James Lutes, in the 85th year of her age.

LYONS—At Blomidon, N. S., Jan. 3rd, Samuel Lyons.

HALL—At Lower Canterbury, York Co., N. B., Jan. 1st, 1896, of Bright's disease, Roy, eldest son of Chas. W. and Hortense Hall, aged 6 years and 7 months.

LOCKHART—At Ward's Creek, Kings Co., N. B., on Jan. 11th, Jane Lockhart, aged 60 years.

MADDIGAN—At White's Mountain, Kings Co., N. B., on Jan. 5th, Sarah Maddigan, aged 51 years.

MADDIGAN—At White's Mountain, Kings Co., N. B., on Jan. 5th, Sarah Maddigan, aged 51 years.

M'DONALD—At Newton Centre, Mass, Jan. 16, Sarah, beloved wife of Daniel McDonald, aged 33 years.

MCRAE—At his residence in Weodstock, N. B., on Tuesday, Jan. 7th, James B. McRae, aged 51 years. He leaves a wife and eleven children.

MOORE—At Moncton, Jan. 18th, William A. Moore, aged 25 years.

MORROW—At Waterford, Kings Co., N. B., on Jan. 10th, Henry Morrow, aged 9 years. NICKEITSON—At Clarke's Harbor, N. S., Jan. 7, in the 24th year of her age, Nettle, beloved wife of Downey Nickerson and daughter of Robert Colquboun.

O'NEILL—At Boston, Mass., Jan. 24th, Rosis J. O'Neill, aged 25 years.

PARK—On Sunday, Jan. 26th, after a lingering Illness, which she bore with Christian foritude, Agnes, beloved wife of Arthur Park, aged 70.

PICKMAN—At Hawthorn Villa, Digby, Nova Scotia, at the residence of his brother-inlaw, George Lynch, Hersey Derby Pickman, M. D., brigadier general, surgeon general, of Montans. used 51 years, last surviving son of the late Francis W. Pickman of this city.

RYAN—In Cambridgeport, Mass., Jan. 19, Ann Ryan, aged 82 years.

SMITH—At White's Mountain, Kings Co., N. B., on Jan. 7th, Anne Smith, aged 75 years. age. WARD—At Charlottetown, P. E. I., Jan. 12, after a lingering illness, Robert M. Ward, in his filst year, leaving a wife and family.

NEWS FROM OTTAWA.

Estimates for the Year Presented to Parliament.

Mr. Hazen Brings up the Matter of Trade and Navigation Returns.

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—In the house to-day Mr. McMullen introduced a bill to amend the customs tariff by pro-viding for the free admission of corn, whether for human or animal food. Hon Mr. Costigan informed Mr. Langelier that the Arctic exploring steam-er Alert had been sold to J. V. Lantal-um for \$4,155. The proceeds from the sale had been transmitted to the ad-

Hon, Mr. Costigan, answering Mr.

newspapers to show the alleged un-popularity of the lieutenant governor and condemized the manner in which he had mismanaged the affairs of the

ment assumed no responsibility what-ever for the exhibition. All that they done was to vote \$25,000 towards assisting the enterprise. There was no objection whatever in placing before the house whatever vouchers had been

Mr. Davin said the exhibition was a great success, but Governor Mack-ictosh had exhibited a foolish care-

than ever. The Canadian manufacturers could not compete in the United The resolution was opposed .by

Messrs. Sproule, Daly and Davin, and supported by McMullen and Grieve.

The debate was continued after recess by Mr. Stairs, who contended that the power of production of both the United States and Canada ex-oreded the demand. Estimating this at 10 per cent. the United States would have a surplus greater than the whole consumption in Canada, and in way would wipe out the Canadian nanufacturers. Reciprocity would at east mean a removal of the Canadian manufacturers to the United States. They get the most raw material there and if they intended competing in the United States they would have to pay the freight in the raw material and then the freight on the finished article back to the United States. If the Canadian market was to be as free to them if located in the United States as in Canada, naturally they would manufacture where they would not have to pay double freight rates. He contended the N. P. should, however, stand or fall as a complete polof the N. P. was to protect all. If the

igh commissioner at London while ecretary of state. He said it was ridiculous to have Tupper, commissioner, reporting to Tupper, secretary of

Mr. Milks declared that Tupper

Mr. Dickey said it was not necessary for the high commissioner to reside permanently in London. He could leave London or even England. He also held it was the practice to appoint an acting officer when there was a vacancy, and that it was as well to appoint Sir that the rule prevailing in the customs are the rule prevailing in the customs. Charles Tupper acting commissioner as to appoint any official in the London office to that position. Anyhow the arrangement was only a temporary one. He admitted that technically Mr. Mills' claim that the appointment was the goods would be credited to the illegal might be right.

From 20 cents to 25 cents on every dollar you spend for TEA if you don't get

UNION

BLEND

Wholesale Distributors.

Saturday by the Bishop of Chicou- New Brunswick was being shipped to timi. The people of Charlevoix were the United States, which produce was asked, he said, to support something not credited to any custom house in they had not seen, and he was proud they refused to do so. He said the opposition had to fight against the same ill-advised influence in Vercheres, but won. Surely, he said, the government should have been able to carry on the election without the interestrence of the Bishop of Chicoutimi. He asked the leader of the house if it asked the leader of the house if it leader of the house it lea was true the government had sumbitted the proposed remedial bill to the bishops of Quebec.

Mr. Foster shook his head.

John Sun of Saturday last, which extracted the matter very clearly. He thought an accurate entry and record should be procured of all exports from

Mr. Tarte-Do I understand that you have had no communication with the

bishops?

Mr. Foster—I had no communication with the bishops?

Mr. Tarte reterated that the liberal clause 101 of the Customs Act was definite on the point. It provided that becandidate had not pledged himself to the government's policy, and Caron repeated the charge.

Mr. Tarte asked Caron to produce the telegrams he said had been sent declaring the liberal candidate would by them and must attest this by oath.

Compliance with that clause would support the government's policy, and Caron in turn challenged Mr. Tarte to porduce any communication between him and the bishops. Neither did so, and the resolution was finally car-

THE ESTIMATES. The estimates for the next year were presented to parliament tonight and show a net decrease of \$170,- Mr. Wood's statement. 241. Among the items are:

Tracadie Lazaretto
Arisig repairs wharf
Digby pier
Georgeville wharf extansion
Grand Etange
Margaree beach protection Seaside wharf
Burnt Church wharf
Cardner's Creek, new wharf
Negro Point breakwater, St. John
harbor
River St. John, including tributaries.

The total vote for immigration is \$130,000, the same as this year. The pension to Judge Fornier, judge of the supreme court, is \$4,666.

Twenty-five hundred is to be voted for experimental fruit stations.

reports and \$1,500 for experiments in fall wheat growing.

Twenty thousand is to be spent in the construction of light houses.

MR. HAZEN ON TRADE RETURNS. On the motion to adjourn Mr. Hazen called attention to the trade and navi-He contended the N. P. should, how-ever, stand or fall as a complete pol-icy. No single class should be picked the country furnished by the customs cut to suffer reductions. The object authorities from time to time should be as complete as possible and that farmer was not protected enough he should be given to the counshould be given more protection on try for all goods exported. For some the lines of the N. P., not at the extension has been calpense of any other class.

The resolution was lost on division.

The resolution was lost on division.

Mr. Casey moved for a return of all goods was being exported from Canpapers concerning the appeintment of the high commissioner. He attacked the government for continuing Sir Charles Tupper, bart., in the office of try. During this winter, as many members of the house were aware, there had been large shipments of western produce from St. John to weeks on the lines of steamships now running from that port, about a mil-Ar. Milis declared that Tupper as running from that port, about a minister was required to reside in lion dollars worth of produce, chiefly of the high commissionership called for the resident agent in London.

Mr. Dickey said it was not necessary the board of trade and others, who

service was that this produce should be credited to the port nearest the district from which the produce came. For instance, in the case of goods from Ontario shipped for St. John, During the debate Mr. Lister referred to the Cape Breton campaign, and also gloried over the Charlevoix who had investigated the matter, a clection. Sir A. P. Caron declared that Charlevok was only carried by the liberal candidate pledging himself to vote against Laurier's proposed commission of the country a large quantity of the country at large quantity of the country and feeling the country at large quantity of the country at large quantity at large quantity at large quantity of the country at large qua

the United States, which produce was New Brunswick or elsewhere in the dominion. And so the Dominion of Canada was not getting credit for the full amount of the exports of the

should be procured of all exports from every port of the dominion, whether by sea or rail.

fore a clearance was granted to a vessel the owners, shippers or consigners of the cargo must deliver to the colector entries of the cargo shipped neet the case exactly. If there had been a mistake at St. John he must leave Mr. Hazen to fight it out with Collector Ruel. He could not believe the latter had neglected his duty no this important matter, but would enquire into it at once.

er Wallace o The matter dropped and the house adjourned at 10.30.

NOTES. It is definitely settled that the budget will be brought down by Mr. Foster this week. The finance minister was ready for tomorrow, but owing to Sir Richard Cartwright's absence he has postponed the budget until:

On Saturday Dairy Commissioner Robertson disposed of last season's output of cheese made in Prince Edward Island. The purchasers were Hodgson Bros. of Montreal, the total quantity being 23,000 boxes. The prices realized were good, and the result will be to give the farmers of Prince Edward Island a profit of \$20,000 on their Twenty-five hundred is to be voted season's work. In disposing of the cheese Prof. Robertson stipulated that Fifteen hundred for dominion crop half the profit obtained in the English market shall go to the P. E. I. far-

It is reported that H. B. Small, secretary of the department of agriculture, will shortly be superannuated, after twenty-eight years' service. It is stated by officials of government house that the fancy dress ball fixed for the 17th of February has been post-

There will be no by-election to fill the seat for Pontiac, vacant by the death of John Bryson. All city and rural militia corps are

to be drilled this year. In the exchequer court today the case of O'Neill and Campbell, a claim for \$100,000 arising out of the construc tion of the Digby and Annapolis rail-Mr. Hazen will ask for a copy of the contract of the government with the Beaver line for the winter service.

CURLING MATTERS.

(Daily Sun, Jan. 24.)
At last night's meeting of the St. drew's club the fellowing letter was refrom E. LeRol Willis, the proprietor of Dufferin: from E. LeRoi Willis, the proprietor of the Dufferin:

In view of the deep interest I have always taken in winter sports in St. John, I desire to submit a proposal, which, I trust, may prove acceptable to New Brunswick curlers generally, and may give additional impetus, if such were necessary, to that delightful sport. I hereby offer for competition at a bonspeil to be arranged for some time dwing the present winter that may be mutually convenient, eight gold medals. My idea is that the victors in this bonspeil shall own them and that the contest be open to all New Brunswick curling clubs, each club represented by two rinks. Will you kindly submit this proposal to the St. Andrew's club at your earliest convenience and confer a favor. The bonspiel to be held in St. John.

Mr. Willie' offer was acceptable. John.

Mr. Willis' offer was accepted and he was voted the thanks of the club.

A. O. Skinner, W. A. Stewart and W. C. Whittaker were appointed a committee to communicate with the different clubs in the

European sugar cables are lower: and freight must be added for re the school question and to support the government's policy in that respect.

It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular," that was wired on produce for which the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular," that was wired on the northern counties of the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular, that was wired on the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular, that was wired on the credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular, that was wired on the credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular, the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large omunt of the produce from Minastoral circular, the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large of the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large of the country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, that a large of the country got not country got no credit whatever in the trade returns. It was claimed and he thought it could be proved beyond question, the country got not control to the country got not control to the country got not

VOL. 19.

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CEO. S. Who

TEMPERANCE

By the Women's Chr ance Union of

The quarterly conve John county W. C. T. in the hall, north end, ery 7th, at 3 o'clock. public meeting in the cordial invitation is ex

ant, the good and the b

Owing to important up for discussion, the cers for the St. John poned until Tuesday, ports of president, treasurer and in elec the year 1896. Tuesda be mothers' meeting, row. A short but business meeting will clock, sharp. A good

requested.

From a private lette our dominion presiden Rutherford, I take the gestion, in the hope unions may see the upon it: As a domini occurred to me in no vance our cause more for a general crusa ship. Not confining i sending out the wor sion that the year m one right through. I Miss Willard says: goal for the increase ship which must alv the indwelling of the of the progress co I cannot but hope t for a house to house tation. This is the o to build up our we ford further says: comes from Quebec organized since the presses the hope tha may be sent out from

> A well attended an Powell, M. P., Sac evening last. The evening last. music, after which erved. The affair W. C. T. Union an was about fifteen d

As I have receive munications asking nian fund, I have of Mrs. F. E. Palme The united Woma

cieties of the city fasting and prayer sufferers. In the a a public meeting, Centenary chur of the leading wo there made was f Red Cross society feared the Red C not be able to rea Miss Palmer , the t and the reply was the Red Cross soc vented from accou of relief through the opposition of ment, responsible will be utilized, or ed that their gifts possible, reach the an of the under date of Jan