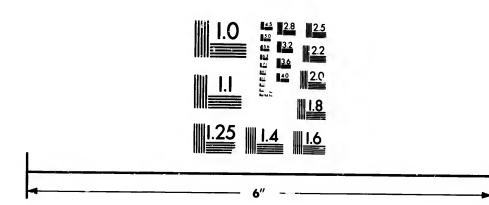


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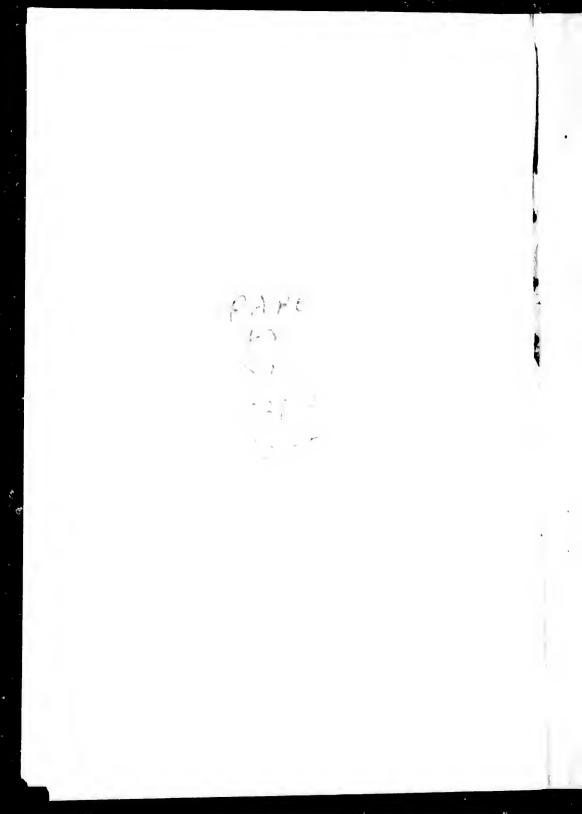
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PRESBYTERIAN

YEAR BOOK

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ALMANAC

FOR THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

AND

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Edited by RBV. JAMES CAMERON, CHATSWORTH.

TORONTO:

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1875.

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PRESBYTERIAN

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DOMINION OF CANADA

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'Edited by REV. JAMES CAMERON, CHATSWORTH.

TORONTO:

JAMES CAMPBELL & SON,
1875.

423**3** PREFACE.

THE year 1875 is expected to be a memorable year in the history of Presbyterianism in the Dominion of Canada. This year, as is now fully expected, will witness a union of the four Presbyterian Churches of British North America, and will thus constitute a new and important era in their history. The occasion seems a favourable one for beginning the publication of a Presbyterian Year Book for the Dominion of Canada, to be continued henceforward from year to year.

The Year Book is intended to be a handy book of reference on all important matters connected with the Presbyterian Churches of British North America; a means, further, of spreading information among Presbyterian people, as to the history, work and prospects of Presbyterianism in this land and in other lands; as a beginning also in the work of collecting statistical, ecclesiastical and historical materials, that may be useful in after times as a contribution to the history of the Presbyterian faith in this section of North America; and as an offering, lastly, from Canada to her sister Presbyterian Churches throughout the world, for the work, already begun, of ascertaining the strength of Presbyterianism in Christendom, of bringing its scattered branches to know each other better, and of uniting them in such work as may be common, and possible to both.

The Year Book, therefore, contains a calendar marked with days famous in Presbyterian Church history; the officers and members of the four Churches now negotiating regarding Union; the Presbyterian Colleges in the Dominion, with names of Professors and subjects of study; sketches of the origin and progress of some of our leading Presbyterian Congregations; a glimpse of the branches of the Presbyterian family in other parts of the world; obituaries of Presbyterian Ministers in Canada deceased during the past ecclesiastical year; together with short articles on Presbyterian topics of practical interest, such as Presbyterian Literature in the Dominion, Pastoral Sustentation Fund, Mission

Work, and Ecumenical Council of Presbyterian Churches.

Correspondence was opened up with leading men in various countries for obtaining official documents and personal information, and we have now to return sincere thanks to the Clerks of the Supreme Courts of all the Presbyterian Churches in the Dominion, in the United States, and most of the Churches in Great Britain and Ireland, for their prompt and polite attention in forwarding the Minutes and Reports of their respective Churches for 1874. It is matter of regret that our limited space forbids a fuller use of the interesting and important collection of Presbyterian Blue Books that lies on our table. Special thanks are due to Dr. Edwin Hatfield, of New York, and Dr. Donald Fraser, of London, for assistance; also to Dr. Blaikie and Dr. McCosh, for indicating sources of information, and to James Croil, Esq., Montreal, the Rev. Wm. Reid, Toronto, and the Rev. Robert Murray, Halifax, for contributions and corrections.

Correspondents will much oblige the Editor by pointing out any inaccuracies they may observe, and supplying additional information in regard to such matters as Presbyterian literature and history of congregations, so that this Book may become, year by year, more correct and more complete.

TAS. CAMERON.

CHATSWORTH, ONT., Dec. 14th, 1874.

ory of Presly expected, North Ameistory. The Presbyterian prward from

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CAMERON.

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CALENDAR-1875.

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The year 5636 of the Jewish Era begins September 30th, 1875.

Ramadan (month of abstinence observed by Turks) begins
October 1st, 1875.

The year 1292 of the Mohammedan Era begins February 7th, 1875.

THE SEASONS.

Sun enters Aries, Spring begins March Sun enters Cancer, Summer begins June Sun enters Libra, Autumn begins September	D 20	H 12	1 4 8
Sun enters Cancer, Summer begins June	: 1	9	THE STATE OF
Sun enters Libra, Autumn begins September	22	23	Gree
Sun enters Capricornus, Winter begins December -	21	17	

ECLIPSES.

In the year 1875 there will be two eclipses, both of the Sun.

I. A total eclipse of the Sun April 5, 1875, visible in portions of Africa and Asia, and in the intermediate Indian Ocean.

II. An annular eclipse of the Sun September 28-29, 1875, visible in Canada. Begins on the earth generally September 9-10, I a.m., mean time of Greenwich, in longitude 61° W., latitude 38° N.; ends on the earth generally September 29, 3.34 p.m., in longitude 30° E., latitude 20° S

In the Calendar, the Sun's rising and setting are given for the centre, corrected for refraction; the Moon's rising is given from full to change, and setting from change to full.

JANUARY—1875

Moon's Phases

a.	н	M		D	H		
New Moon,	11	51	M	Full Moon,21	0	23	E
First Quarter,	1 4	04	В	Last Quarter, 29	7	10	ME

New Firs.

		REMARKABLE EVENTS,	Ri	un ses.	S	iun ets.	Moon Rises.
I 2	FS	1801, Union of Great Britain and Ireland.	7	34 34	4	34 35	I 49 2 52
3	5	COD RESTED ON THE SEVENTH DAY, Gen. ii. 2.	7	34	4	36	3 58
4	M Tu	1580, Archbishop Ussher born in Dublin.	7 7	34 34	4	37 38	5 04 6 08
5	w	1793, John Howie, Author of Scot's Worthies, died. TWELFTH DAY. 1706, Ben. Franklin born.	7	34	4	39	SETS.
7 8	Th	1815, Battle of New Orleans.	7	33	4	40	4 23
8	F	1650, Rouse's version of Psalms approv'd by S. Par.	7	33	4	41	5 32
9	S	1873, Death of Napoleon III., at Chiselhurst, Eng.	7	33	4	•	6 45
10	S	GOD BLESSED THE SEVENTH DAY. Gen. ii. 3.	7	33	4	43	8 00
II	M	1817, Dr. Dwight died, aged 65.	7	32	4	• •	9 14
I 2	Tu	1842, Sir Charles Bagot, Gov. Gen.	7	32	4		ro 28
13	W	1749, Fox born.	7	32		46	11 42
14	Th	1784, Treaty with Gt. Brit'n ratified by U.S. Cong.	7	31	4	•	A. M.
15	F	1559, Coronation of Queen Elizabeth.	7	31	4	49	0 58
16	S	1707, Act securing Pres. Ch. Gov. in Scotland.	7	30	4	50	2 17
17	S	THE PEOPLE RESTED ON THE SEVENTH DAY. Ex. xvi. 30.	7	30	4	51	3 37
18	M	1840, Penny Postage commenced.	7	29	4	52	4 55
19	Tu	1793. James Watt born.	7	28	4	54	6 07
20	W	1790, John Howard died.	7	28	4	55	7 07
21	Th	1712, Patronage restored.	7	27	4	56	RISES.
22	F	1733, Greenland Mission began.	7	26	4	58	6 01
23	S	1806, William Pitt died.	7	25	4	59	7 13
24	S	THE LORO HATH GIVEN YOU THE SABBATH, Ex. xvi. 29.	7	25	5	00	8 22
25	M	1858, P. Roy'l of Eng. marr'd to F. Wm. Pr. of Prus.	7	24	5	02	9 28
26	Tu	1759, Robert Burns born.	7	23	5	03	10 32
27	W	1784, Sabbath Schools begun.	7	22	5	04	11 35
28	Th	1581, Scot's Con. of Faith signed by James VI.	7	2 I	5	o 6	A, M.
29	F	1645, Copy of Cov. in every Church.	7	20	5	07	0 39
30		1649, Charles I. beheaded.	7	19	5	08	1 44
31	S	REMEMBER THE SABBATH DAY TO KEEP IT HOLY, Ex. xx. 8.	7	18	5	10	2 49

FEBRUARY-1875.

Moon's Phases

D H M .21 0 23 E .29 7 16 M

> Moon Rises.

I 49

6 o8

4 23

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A. M.

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RISES.

SETS.

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		REMARKABLE EVENTS.		Sun ise s .		oun ets.	Moor Rises	1
I	M	1789, First Presidential Election, United States.	7	17	5	ΙI	3 5	4
2	-	1 ' *'	7	16	5	12	4 5	:
3	W	1754, Andrew Fuller born.	7	14	5	14	5 5	
4	Th	1555, Rogers, first Protestant Martyr.	7	13	5	15	5 3	
5	F	1788, Sir Robert Peel born.	7	12	5	16	SETS.	
6	S	1685, King Charles II. born.	7	11	5	18	5 4	
7	S	THE SEVENTH DAY IS THE SAB. OF THE LORD THY GOD. Dt. v. 14.	7	10	5	19	7 O	
8	M	1872, Assassination of Lord Mayo.	7	08	5	21	8 10	5
9	Tu		7	07	5	22	9 3	2
10	W	1831, Dr. Andrew Thomson died.	7	o 6	5	23	10 48	
ΙI	Th	1826, London University founded.	7	04	5	25	A. M.	
12	F	1662, Dr. Cotton Mather born at Boston.	7	03	5	26	0 0	7
13	S	1554, Lady Jane Grey beheaded.	7	02	5	27	1 36	_
14	S	THE LORD BLESSED THE SEVENTH DAY AND HALLOWED IT.	7	00	5	29	2 44	
15	M	1597, National Debt commenced.	6	59	5	30	3 57	,
16	Tu	1497, Melancthon born.	6	57	5	31	4 59)
17	W	1688, Renvick, Scottish Martyr, beheaded.	6	56	5	33	5 49	
18	Th	1546, Luther died, aged 63.	6	54	5	34	6 26	j
19	F	1473, Copernicus born:	6	53	5	35	RISES.	
20	S	1823, Tithes abolished in Upper Canada.	6	51	5	37	6 05	
21	S	TO-DAY IS A SABBATH TO THE LORD, Ex. xvi. 25.	6	50	5	38	7 12	
22	M	1732, George Washington born.	6	48	5	39	8 17	,
23	Tu	1863, Source of the Nile discovered.	_	47	5	41	9 21	
24	W	1872, Rev. Dr. Guthrie died.	_	45		42	10 25	
25	Th	1848, Republic proclaimed in Paris.	_	43	-	43	11 30	
26	\mathbf{F}	1714, Rev. James Hervey born.	_	42	-	44	A. M.	
27	S	1872, Thanksgiving for Recovery of Pr. of Wales.	_	40	5	46	0 35	
28	S	KEEP THE SABBATH, THEREFORE, FOR IT IS HOLY UNTO YOU.	-	38	-	47	1 40	

MARCH—1875.

Moon's Phases.

		MOUNS THASES.						
	Moon t Qua	7 3 03 E Full Moon rter				••••	D H 21 (. ,,
		REMARKABLE EVENTS.	S Ri	un ses.	S	un ets.	Mo Ris	
I	M	1625, John Robinson died.	6	37	5	48	2	4 3
2	Tu	1792, John Wesley died.	6	35	5	50		41
3	W	1765, Isle of Man united to Great Britain.	6	33	5	51	4	
4	Th	1789, First U. S. Cong. met at New York.	6	32	5	52	5	12
5	F	1861, (4th) Inauguration of Abraham Lincoln.	6	30	5	53	5	
6	S	1796, First Missionaries landed at Tahiti.	6	٠.	5	55		14
_7	S	KEEP MY SABBATHS: I AM THE LORO YOUR GOD. Lev. xix. 3.	6	26	5	56	SET	
8	M	1702, William III. died, aged 51.	6	25	5	57	7	12
9	Tu	1451, Americus Vespuc, born.	6	23	5	5 9	8	31
IO	W	1863, Pr. of Wales m'd to Princess Alex. of Denm'k	6	21	6	00	9	51
ΙI	Th	1709, First London daily paper.	6	19	6	10	ΙI	13
12	F	1857, Desjardin Canal calamity.	6	18	6	02	A.	М.
13	S	1556, Cranmer burnt.	6	16	6	03	0	34
14	S	OBSERVE THE SABBATH AS A PERPETUAL COVENANT, Ex. xxxi.	6	14	6	05	I	50
15	M	1685, Ralph Erskine born.	6	12	6	06	2	25
16	Tu	1812, Badajoz taken by Wellington.	6	10	6	07	3	48
17	W	432, St. Patrick died.	6	09	6	08	4	29
18	Th	1766, Repeal of the Stomp Act by British Parliam't	6	07	6	09	5	01
19	F	1860, Missionary Conference at Liverpool.	6	05	6	ΙI	5	26
20	S	1727, Sir Isaac Newton died. [Neh. ix. 14.	6	03	6	12	5	46
21	S	THOU MADEST KNOWN UNTO THEM THY HOLY SASBATH.	6	02	6	13	RIS	ES.
22	M	1758, Rev. Pres. Jona Edwards, Princeton, died,	6	00	6	14	7	90
23	Tu	1564, Shakspeare born. [aged 55.	5	58	6	16	8	13
24	W	1603, Queen Elizabeth died.	5	56	6	17	9	17
25	Th	1843, Rev. Robt. Murray McCheyne died, aged 29	5	54	6	18	10	22
2 6	F	GOOD FRIDAY. 1819, Duke of Cambridge born.	5	52	6	19	ΙI	28
27	S	1701, James I. died.	5	51	6	20	A.	м.
28	S	[Neh x. 31. EASTER SUNDAY. WE WOULD NOT BUY IT OF THEM ON THE SAB.	5	49	6	21	0	31
29	M	1788, Charles Wesley died.	5	47	6	23	I	31
3Ó	Tu	1814, British troops enter Paris.	5	45	6	24	2	23
31		1807, Slave trade abolished by British Parliament.	5	43	6	25	3	07

APRIL—1875.

D H M	Moon's Phases.			
29 11 07 Vew	Moon			
Sun Moon Rises.	REMARKABLE EVENTS.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon Rises.
5 48 2 43				
5 50 3 41	Th 1873, S. S. Atlantic lost and 563 lives.	5 42	6 26	3 43
5 51 4 31 2	F 1705, Rev. John Howe died.	5 40	6 27	4 13
5 52 5 12 3	S 1872, Earthquake at Antioch. [Neh. xiii. 22.	5 38	6 29	4 38
5 53 5 46 4	S I COMMANDED THE LEVITES TO SANCTIFY MY SABBATH.	5 36	6 30	5 00
5 55 6 14 5	M 1849, Great fire in Toronto.	5 34	6 31	SETS.
5 56 SETS. 6	Tu 1814, Napoleon sent to Elba.	5 33	6 32	7 25
5 57 7 12 7	W 1499, Canada discovered.	5 31	6 33	8 48
5 59 8 31 8	Th 1692, Hudson's Bay Company formed.	5 29	6 35	10 13
6 00 9 51 9	F 1641, Episcopacy and Liturgy abol'd by Long Par.	5 27	6 36	11 35
6 or 11 13 10	S 1853, Clergy Reserve Bill passed.	5 26	6 37	А. М.
6 02 A. M. II	WHAT EVIL THING IS THIS THAT YE DO, BUYING AND SELLING,	5 24	6 38	0 47
5 03 0 34 12	M 1861, American civil war commenced.	5 22	6 39	1 46
05 1 50 13	Tu 1829, Catholic Emancipation in England.	5 21	6 41	2 31
06 2 25 14	W 1865, Abraham Lincoln assassinated.	5 19	6 42	3 05
07 3 48 15	Th 1861, Inundation at Montreal.	5 17	6 43	3 31
08 4 29 16	F 1746, Battle of Culloden.	5 16	6 44	3 53
09 5 01 17	S 1790, Benjamin Franklin died.	5 14	6 45	4 12
11 5 26 18	S FROM THAT TIME FORTH THEY CAME NO MORE ON THE SABBATH.	5 12	6 46	4 29
12 5 46 19	M 1560, Melancthon died.	5 11	6 48	RISES.
13 RISES. 20	Tu 1653, Long Parliament dismissed by Cromwell.	5 09	6 49	7 06
21	W 323 B.C., Alexander the Great died.	5 07	6 50	8 11
22	Th 1850, Wordsworth died.	5 06	6 51	9 17
17 23	F 1616, Shakspeare died.	5 04	6 52	IO 22
-0 9 1/ 24	S 1731, Daniel Defoe died.	5 03	6 54	11 23
19 11 28 25	S I WILL CIVE THEM (THAT KEEP MY SABS.) AN EVILTO NAME.	5 01	6 55	A. M.
20 A. M. 26	M 1599, Cromwell born. 1800, Cowper died.	5 00	6 56	0 17
21 0 31 27	Tu 1813, Battle of York. Toronto captured.	4 58	6 57	1 04
28	W 1794, Sir William Jones died.	4 57	6 58	I 42
20	Th 1822, President Grant born.	4 55	6 59	2 13
24 2 23 25 3 07 30	F 1789, Washington tirst President United States.	4 54	7 01	2 39

MAY-1875.

Moon's Phases.

		rter, 2 2 19 M Last Quarter,						12/4	71
		REMARKABLE EVENTS.	Ri	un ses.		iun ets.	Mo Ris	oon ses.	7
1 2	S S	1850, Prince Arthur born. [Lam. i. 7. THE ADVERSARIES SAW HER AND DID MOCK AT HER SABBATHS	-	52 51	7	02 03	3	OI 23	= I
3	M	1807, (2nd) English slave trade abolished.	4	49	7	04	3	44	2
	Tu	, . =	4	48	7	05	4	07	3
• 1	W	1799, London Religious Tract Society instituted.	4	46	7	06	SE1	S.	4
	Th	1776, Siege of Quebec raised.	4	45	7	о8	9	08	5
7	F	1868, Lord Brougham died.	4	44	7	09	10	28	1
7 3	S	1859, (7th) Humboldt died.	4	43	7	IO	11	35	8
9 8	S	GAVE THEM MY SAB. TO BE A SIGN BETWEEN ME AND THEM.	4	42	7	H	A. 1	M.	
~	M	1865, Union of Presbyterians in South Australia.	4	40	7	12	0	27	3
I '	$T_{\rm u}$	1778, Earl of Chatham died	4	39	7	13	I	o 6	1
2	W	1629, Puritans sailed for Massachusetts.	4	38	7	14	τ	35	12
3 '	Th	1836, Eng. Col. Miss. Soc. established.	4	37	7	16	1	5 9	1 2
	F	1796, Vaccination first tried.	4	36	7	17	2	18	
5	$s \mid$	1847, Daniel O'Connell died.	4	35	7	18	2	36	[2
	S	THEY (THE PRIESTS) SHALL HALLOW MY SABBATHS.	4	33	7	19	2	53	I
7 []	M	1854, Great fire at St. Hyacinthe.	4	32	7	20	3	10	I
8 '	Tu	1843, Disruption of Gen. Ass. of Church of Scot'nd.	4	31	7	2 I	3	29	I
9 1	W	1642, (18th) Montreal founded.	4	30	7	22	3	51	I
o l'	Th	1506, Columbus died. 1873. Sir G. Cartier died.	4	30	7	23	RIS	ES.	2
I :	$\mathbf{F} \mid$	1843, Gen. Ass. of Free Church of Scotland.	4	29	7	24	9	16	2
2	S	1867, Confederation B. N. America proclaimed.	4	28	7	25	10	13	2
3	S	THE PEOPLE SHALL WORSHIP BEFORE THE LORD ON THE SAB'HS.	4	27	7	26	11	02	2
4	M	1819, Queen Victoria born.	4	26	7	27	11	42	2
5 '	Tu	1615, First R. C. Priests settle in Canada.	4	25	7	28	A. 1	M.	2
	W	1661, Marquis of Argyle executed.	4	25	7	29	0	14	2
7 '	Th	1574, Calvin died, aged 54.	4	24	7	30	0	41	2
	F	1660, Restoration of Charles II.	4	23	7	31	1	04	2
9	S	1842. (21st) Dr. Chalmers died.	4	23	7	32	I	25	2
- 1	S	I WILL GAUSE ALL HER MIRTH TO GEASE AND HER SABBATHS.	4	22	7	32	I	46	3
	M		4	21	7	33	2	06	1

J U N E-1875.

	D H M	Moor	MOON'S PHASES D H M 1			
Sun Sets.	Moon Rises	7	REMARKABLE EVENTS.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon Rises.
7 02 7 03 7 04 7 05 7 06 7 08 7 09 7 10 7 11 7 12 7 13 7 14 7 16 7 17	3 2; 3 44 4 07 SETS. 9 08 10 28 11 35 A. M. 0 27 1 06 1 35 1	1 Tu 2 W 3 Th 5 S 5 S 7 M Tu 9 W 1 F 2 S 3 S	1866, Fenian skirmish at Limeridge. 1814, Paris Treaty of Peace. 1859, Battle of Magenta. 1813, Battle of Stony Creek. CALL THE SABBATH A DELICHT. Isiah Iviii. 13. 1861, First meeting of Synod of Can. Pres. Ch.	4 21 4 20 4 20 4 19 4 19 4 18 4 18 4 18 4 18 4 17 4 17	7 34 7 35 7 36 7 37 7 38 7 39 7 39 7 40 7 41 7 41 7 42 7 42	2 32 3 00 SETS. 9 15 10 15 11 01 11 35 A. M. 0 01 0 23 0 42 0 59 1 16
7 18 7 19 7 20 7 21 7 22 7 23	2 36 I 2 53 I 3 IO I 3 29 I 3 51 I	4 M 5 Tu 6 W 7 Th 8 F 9 S	1381, Insurrection of Watt Tyler. 1215, Magna Charta signed. 1520, Luther Ex- 1872, Dr. Norman McLeod died. [communicated. 1703, John Wesley born. 1775, Bunker Hill. 1815, Battle of Waterloo. 1834, C. H. Spurgeon born. 1868, Maximillan shot. OALL THE SABBATH HONOURABLE. Isiah Iviii. 13.	4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 18 4 18	7 43 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 45	I 35 I 56 2 20 2 51 RISES. 8 59 9 42
7 24 7 25 7 26 7 27 7 28 7 29 7 30 7 31 32 32 33	10 13 2 11 02 2 11 42 2 A. M. 2 0 14 2 0 41 2	5 F 6 S 7 S 8 M 9 Tu	1837, (20th) Accession of Qn. Victoria. Longest day. 1714, Matthew Henry died. 1870, Hudson Bay Territory transferred to Canada. 1848, French Revolution. MIOSUMMER DAY. 1784. First Wesleyan Conference. 1314, (25th) Battle of Bannockburn. THOU SHALT HONOUR IT. Isiah lviii. 13. 1838, Queen Victoria crowned. 1810, Organization of Am. B. of C. at For. Mission. 1865, Sir S. Baker discovered sources of Nile.	4 18 4 18 4 19 4 19 4 20 4 20 4 21 4 21 4 21	7 45 7 45 7 45 7 46 7 46 7 46 7 46 7 46 7 46 7 46 7 46	10 16 10 45 11 08 11 30 11 50 A. M. 1 10 0 32 0 57 1 30
		Ph				

JULY-1875.

MOON'S PHASES. D H M New Moon 3 0 7 M First Quarter 10 5 22 M Last Quarter 25 3												
-		REMARKABLE EVENTS,		ises.		un iets.	Mo Ris:	10.20				
I 2	Th F	1867, Confederation of Canada. Dominion Day. 1608, Quebec founded. 1620, Pilg. Fathers sailed.	4		7		2	1				
3	S	1817, First Synod of Pres. Church of Nova Scotia.	4	9	i _	45	SET:	3				
5	M	NOT DOING THINE OWN WAYS. Isa. lviii. 13. 1776, (4th) American Independence declared.	4	Ŭ	7 7		9:	4 5				
6 7	Tu W	1795, Rev. G. Henry, first Pres. min. in Can. died, 1795, Associate Presb'y. of N. S. [aged 86.	4	_	7	• •	10 ;	6				
8	Th F	1874, (6th) Earl of Dalhousie died. 1814, Battle of Chippewa.	4	26 27	7	44 43	II c	8				
10 11	S	1509, John Calvin born at Noyon, in France. NOR FINDING THINE OWN PLEASURE. Isa. lviii. 13.	4	28 28	7	-	11 3	10				
I2 I3	M Tu	1786, (11th) Dr. James McGregor land. in Halifax.	4	29	7	42 41	A. M.	12				
14 15	W Th	1803, (12th) Dr. Thomas G hrie born.	4	30	7	40	0 2	14				
16 17	FS	1857, Massacre at Cawnpore. 1560, Confession of Faith ratified by Scot. Par.	4	32 32	7	39	I 2 2 I	16				
18	S	NOT SPEAKING THINE OWN WORDS. Isa. Iviii. 13.	4 4	33	7	38 38	RISES	18				
19 20	M Tu	,,a, moditation in bootinging,	4 4	35 36	7 7	37 36	8 4 9 1	20				
2I 22	W Th	1683, Lord W. Russell exec. 1796, R. Burns died. 1839, Revival at Kilsyth, Scotland.	4 4	37 38	7 7	35 34	9 3	22.				
23 24	F S	1840, Upper and Lower Canada united, 1725, Rev. John Newton born.	4	39 40	7 7	33	10 1	23				
25 26	S M	BLESSED IS THE MAN THAT KEEPETH THE SAB. Isa Ivi. 2.	4	41	7	31	II o	25				
27 28	Tu W	1866, Atlantic cable laid.	4	43	7	30 29	11 28 A. M.	27				
29 30	Th F	1689, Siege of Derry ended. 1648, Shor. Cat. approved. 1833, Wilberforce died.	4	44	7 7	28 27	0 0	23				
31	~	1588, (29th) Destruction of Spanish Armada. 1743, (30th) Paley born. 1771, (31st) Gray, poet, d'd	•	46 47	7 7	26 25	1 54 3 07	28				

AUGUST-1875.

				1.5						
						Moon's Phases.				
	•••••	• • • • •	D H :	A Sec	t Que	n	••••	••••	•••••	D II M 23 8 21 E 30 6 23 B
n :s.		un ets.	Mo Ris	No.	4	REMARKABLE EVENTS.		Sun ises.	Sun Sets.	Moon Sets.
22	1 .	45		1	S	OBSERVE THE SABBATH FOR A PERPETUAL COVENANT.	4	48	7 2	4 7 59
22		45	1 3.	2	M	1834. (1st) Slavery abolished in British Colonies.	4	49	7 2	3 8 25
23		.,,	SET	3	Tu	1492, Collumbus' 1st voy. 1870, Bat. of Saarbruck.	4	51	7 2	1 8 47
23	7	45	9:	4	W	1583, Sir Humph. Gilbert takes poss. of Newfound-	4	52	7 20	9 06
24	7	44	10 (5	Th	1620, Pilg. fathers sail'd from Southampton. [land.	4	5 3	7 19	9 9 24
25	7	44	10:	6	F	1835, Dr. McCrie died at Edinburgh, aged 64.	4	54	7 1	8 9 42
25	1	44	10 4	7	S	1867, Atlantic telegraph cable laid.	4	55	7 10	10 02
26	7	44	II c	8	S	IT IS THE SABBATH OF THE LORD IN ALL YOUR OWELLINGS.	4	56	7 1	5 10 24
27	!	43	IJ 2	9	M	1812, U.S. troops and Gen. Hill evacuate Canada.	4	57	7 13	3 10 50
28	į	43	113	01	Tu	1759. Battle of Montmorenci.	4	58	7 12	2 11 23
28	7	42	11 5	II	W	1849, Queen Victoria visited Belfast.	4	5 9	7 11	A. M.
29	7	42	A. M.	12	Th	1830, First American railroad completed.	5	01	7 09	0 03
30	7 4	41	O 2	13	F	1667, Jeremy Taylor died. Old Lammas day:	5	02	7 08	0 54
31	7 4	40	0 5	14	S	1863, Lord Clyde died.	5	03	7 06	1 54
32	7 4	40	1 2	15	S	A SABBATH OF REST TO THE LORD. Ex. xxxv. 2.	5	04	7 05	3 02
32	7 3	39	2 1	16	M	1860, (14th) Tricentenary of Ref'rmat'n in Edinb'rgh	5	05	7 03	RISES.
33	7 3	38	3 0		Tu	1662, Farewell sermons of the 2,000 ejected clergy.	5	06	7 02	7 40
34	7 3	38	RISES	18	W	1792, Earl Russell born.	5	07	7 00	1 ' '
5	7 3	37 !	8 4	19	Th	1869, Dr. Burns died, aged 80.	5	ο8	6 59	
6	7 3	36	9 1	50	F	1857, Delhi taken.	5	09	6 57	
7	7 3	35	9 3	21	S	1860, Prince of Wales at Quebec.	5	H	6 55	
8	7 3	34	9 5	22	S	THEY SHALL KEEP MY LAWS AND HALLOW MY SABBATHS.	5	12	6 54	, ,
9	7 3	33	IO I	23	M	1818, First steamer from Buffalo to Detroit.	5	13	6 52	1
0	7 3	2	10 3	24	Tu	1572, "Black Bartholomew."	5	14	6 50	
I	7 3	I	II o	25	W	1867, M. Faraday died, aged 76.	5	15	6 49	1 4-
2	7 3	0	II 28	26	Th	1819, Albert the Good born.	5	16	6 47	
3	7 2	9	A. M.	27	F	B. C. 55, Landing of Julias Cæsar.	5	17	€ 45	
4	7 2	8	0 0	24 29	S	354, Agustine, bishop of Hippo, born.	5	19	6 44	1 '
5	7 2	7	0 5:	23	S	THEN SHALL THE LAND ENJOY HER SABBATHS, Lev. xxi. 34.	5	20	6 42	1
6	7 2	6		-	M	1856, Sir Jno. Ross died.	5	21	6 40	3 3
7	7 2	5	3 0;	31	Tu	2688, John Bunyan died, aged 60	,	22	6 39	1
				1200			•		37	. ,

SEPTEMBER—1875.

Moon's Phases.

		REMARKABLE EVENTS.		un ses.		un ets.	Mod Sets
I	W	1847, Insurrection at Lucca, Italy.	5	23	1	37	7
2	Th	1870, Nap. III. surrendered to King of Prussia.	5	24	6	35	7
3	F	1658, Oliver Cromwell died.	5	25	6	33	8
4	S	1870, Republic proclaimed in Paris.	5	26	6	31	8
5	S	THEN SHALL THE LAND KEEP A SABBATH UNTO THE LORD.	5	27	6	29	8
6	M	1774, (5th) First U.S. Congress met in Phila.	5	29	6	27	9
7	Tu	1854, Allies sailed for Crimea.	5	30	6	25	9
8	W	1860, Garibaldi entered Naples.	5	31	6	22	10
9	Th	1855, (8th) Fall of Sebastopol.	5	32	6	20	11
o	F	1813, Battle of Lake Erie.	5	33	6	18	A. 1
I	S	1513, Battle of Flodden field.	5	34	6	16	0
2	S	THE LAND ENJOYED HER SABBATHS. 2 Chro. xxxvi. 21.	5	35	6	14	I
3	M	(12th) First day of Jewish year 5635.	5	37	6	12	3
4	Tu	1735, R. Raikes, founder of Sunday Schools born.	5	38	6	H	RISE
5	W	1759, (13th) Quebec taken. Gen. Wolfe fell vict's.	5	39	6	10	6
б	Th	1827, (15th) R: Pollock, author of Course of Time, d'd	5	40	6	08	6
7	F	1792, First Parliament U. C. met at Niagara.	5	41	6	06	7
8	S	1791, First Pres. celebration of L'd's Sup. in Mont'l.	5	42	6	04	7
9	S	KEEP MY SABS. AND TAKE HOLD OF MY COV'T. Isa. Ivi. 4.	5	43	6	02	8
0	M	1870, The Pope's temporal power ended.	5	44	6	10	8 .
I	Tu	1792, Abolition of Royalty in France.	5	46	5	59	9
2	W	1825, Foundation of Knox's Monument, Glasgow.	5	47	5	57	10
3	Th	1815, Rev. J. Bethune died in Glengarry.	5	48	5	55	11
4	F	1690, First meeting of Synod of Ulster, in Belfast.	5	49	5	53	A. M
5	S	1870, Siege of Paris commenced.	5	50	5	51	1
6	S	KEEP THE SABBATH DAY. Deut. v. 15.	5	51	5	50	2
7	M	1540, Society of Jesuits founded by Paul III.	5	52	5	49	3
3	Tu	1808, Opening of Theological Seminary, Andover.	5	53	5	48	SET
9	W	1870, Capitulation of Strasburgh. Michaelmas Day.	5	54	5	46	5 5
0	Th		5	56	5	44	6

Moon's Phases.

	- W	The state of the s			
Sun Sets.	Moor Sets	REMARKABLE EVENTS.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon Sets.
6 37	7:	F 1794, First entry in Session Records of Niagara.	5 57	5 43	6 29
6 35	74	S 1873, Evangelical Alliance met at New York.	5 58	5 41	6 51
6 33	8 (S IS IT LAWFUL TO HEAL ON THE SABBATH DAY? Matt. xii. 10	. 5 59	5 39	7 19
6 31	8: 5	M 1860, Union of Pres. Ch. of N. S. and Free Ch.	6 00	1	7 53
6 29	84	Tu 1536, (4th) First English Bible printed at Zurich.	6 01	1 - 0.	8 35
6 27	91	W 1747, David Brainard died.	6 03		9 26
6 25	9	Th 1792, St. Gabriel St. Church, Montreal, opened.	6 05	1	10 25
6 22	10	F 1871, Great fire at Chicago.	6 06	1 -	11 33
6 20	11	S 1864, (10th) Intercolonial Conference at Quebec.	6 07	1 -	A. M.
6 18	A. M IC	S IT IS LAWFUL TO DO WELL ON THE SAB. DAYS. Matt. xil. 12	6 08	1 -	0 43
6 16	041	M 1808, (10th) Hugh Miller born.	6 09	-	1 56
6 14	Iji	Tu 1658, Savoy Confession of Faith published.	6 11	5 22	3 09
6 12	30	W 1492, America discovered by Columbus.	6 12	,	RISES.
6 11	RISE	Th 1812, (13th) Battle of Queenstown.	6 13	, ,	5 08
6 10	6 2 15	F 1866, (14th) Great fire in Quebec.	6 14	1	5 33
6 08	6 4 16	S 1555, Ridley and Latimer burnt at Oxford.	6 15	1 -	6 03
6 06	7 0 17	THE PRIESTS PROFANE THE SABBATH AND ARE BLAMELESS.	6 16	5 13	6 41
6 04	7 3 18	M 1803, (17th) Second Pres. of Md. constituted.	6 17	5 11	7 29
6 02	8 0 10	Tu 1873, Rev. Dr. Candlish died, aged 67.	6 18	5 10	8 30
6 оі	8 4 20	.W 1816, Henry Kirk White died.	6 19	5 09	9 42
5 59	0 21	Th 1872, Dr. Merle D'Aubigne died, aged 78.	6 20	5 07	10 58
5 57	10 4 22	F 1871, Dr. Roderick Murchison died.	6 21	5 06	A. M.
5 55	11 : 23	S 1641, Irish rebellion and massacre.	6 23	5 04	0 14
5 5 3	A. N 24	S JESUS HEALED ON THE SABBATH DAY. Luke xiii. 14.	6 24	5 03	I 27
5 51	1 0 25	M 1685, Revocation of Edict of Nantes.	6 25	5 01	2 36
5 50	2 : 26	Tu 1751, Dr. Doddridge died-	6 26	5 00	3 43
5 49	3 27	W 1553, Servetus burnt at Geneva.	6 27	4 58	4 49
5 49 5 48	SETS 28	Th 900, Alfred the Great died.	6 29	4 56	SETS.
5 46	5 ; 30	F 1870, Metz occupied by the Prussians.	6 30	4 55	5 00
5 44 5 44	6030	S 1618, (20th) Sir Walter Raleigh beheaded.	6 32	4 54	5 21
J 44	31	S THE SABBATH WAS MADE FOR MAN. Mark ii. 27.	6 34	4 54	5 52

NOVEMBER-1875.

		Moon's Phases.	-	-	-		
		orter		• • • • •	• • • •		D H 1 .19 7 2 .27 6 2
		REMARKABLE EVENTS.	R	Sun ises.	s	Sun iets.	Moo Sets.
I	M	 1609, Sir Matthew Hale born.	6	35	4	52	6 3
2	Tu	1770, Cruden, framer of Concordance, d'd, aged 69.	6	37	4	5 I	7 1
3	W	1650, King Wm. III. born. 1740, Toplady born.	6	38	4	49	8 1
4	Th	1704, London Missionary Society formed.	6	39	4	48	91
5	F	1605, Gunpowder Plot.	6	41	4	46	10 2
5 6	S	1860, Abraham Lincoln elected President of U. S.	6	42	4	45	11 3
7	S	THE SON OF MAN IS LORD ALSO OF THE SAB. Luke vi. 5.	6	43	4	43	A. M
8	M	1674, Milton died.	6	45	4	42	0 4
9	Tu		6	46	4	41	15
ió	W	1483, Martin Luther born.	6	47	4	40	3 1
ΙI	Th		6	49	4	39	RISES
12	F	1615, Richard Baxter born.	6	50		38	3 5
13	S	1618, Synod of Dort convened.	6	51	4	37	4 3
14	S	Mark xvi. 2. THE FIRST DAY OF THE WEEK THEY CAME TO THE SEPULCHRE.	6	52	i	36	5 1
15	M	1735, John Howie, author of Scots Worthies, born.	6	54	1	35	61
ıб		1847, Partition of Poland by Rus., Prus., and Aus.	6	55	4	34	7 2
17	W	1558, Queen Mary died. Queen Elizabeth's day.	б	57		34	8 4
18	Th	1794, (16th) Dr. Wetherspoon died.	6	58		33	101
19	F	1839, John Williams died at Erromanga.	6	59		33	II la
20	S	1863, Lord Elgin died.	7	01	4	32	A. M
2 I	S	[John xx 19.] THE F'ST DAY OF THE WEEK JESUS CAME AND STOOD IN THE MIDST.	Ĭ.	02		31	0:
22	M	1638, General Assembly met at Glasgow.	7	03	4	30	I 3
23	Tu	1872, Sir John Bowring died.	7	05	4	30	2 4
24	W	1572, John Knox died, aged 67.	7	06	4	29	3 4
25	Th	, 3 ,	7	07	4	28	4
26	F	1731, Wm. Cowper born. 1748, Isaac Watts died.	7	08	4	27	SET
27	S	1846, Wreck of steamer Atlantic	7	09	4	27	3
28	S	AND AFTER EIGHT DAYS CAME JESUS AND STOOD IN THE MIDST.	7	10	4	27	4
29	M	1847. Massacre of Missionaries by Oregon Indians.	7	11	4	26	5
30	Tu	1862, Sheridan Knowles d'd. St. Andrew's Day.	7	12	4	26	6
•		and the second s	•		•		2 /2 10

DECEMBER-1875.

	D 19	6 2. 4 Fir.	Quarter	MOON'S PHASES. D II M 5 8 39 E Last Quarter	• • • •				D II M 19 9 38 M 27 1 47 E
	Sun Sets.	Moot Sets.	REMARKABL	s	un ses.	s	un ets.	Moon Sets.	
	4 52 4 51 4 49	6 3 7 1 8 1 2	W 1844, Princess of Wa Th 1851, Coup d' Etat in F 1557, First Cov't. sig		7 7 7	13 14 15		25 24 24	7 10 8 16 9 23
	4 48 4 46 4 45	9 1 4	THE F'ST DAY OF THE WEED	ed version of Eng. Bible issued. [Acts xx. 7 K WHEN THE DISCIP'S CAME TOGETHER.	7	16 17	4	24 24	10 32
3	4 43 4 42	A. M. 7	M 1837, Rebellion brok Fu 1642, Mary Queen o W 1691, Richard Baxte	f Scots born.	7 7 7	18 19 20	4 4	24 24 23	A. M. O 51 2 O3
7	4 41 4 40 4 39	1 5 9 3 1 10 RISE:	Th 1608, John Milton bo	orn. her died at Potsdam.	7 7	20 21	4	23 23	3 21 4 43
9 0	4 3 ⁸ 4 37	3 5 12 4 3 3		sin Presb'y of Strathbogie sus. [t Cor. xvi 2. W'KLET EV'Y ONE LAY BY HIM IN STORE	7 7 7	22 23 24	4 4	24 24 24	3 54 4 59
2	4 36	5 1 14 6 1 15 7 2 16	Tu 1861, Prince Albert of 1545, (14th) Coun. of	lied. [died. Trent op'd. 1799, Washington	7 7	25 26	4	24 24	6 17 7 42
5 7 8	4 34 4 34 4 33	7 2 16 8 4 17 10 1 18	F 1792, First Lower Co	efield b. 1853, Dr. Wardlaw de anada Parliament met. f Niagara.	7 7 7	27 28 29	4 4 4	24 25 25	9 01 10 14 11 25
9 01 02	4 33 4 32 4 31	A. N 20	M 1817, Rev. John Nev		7	30	4	25 26	A. M. O 33
03 05	4 30 4 30	I : 22 2 - 28	N 1811, Archbishop of 1856, Hugh Miller d	Canterbury born.	7 7 7	32 32 33	4 4 4	26 27 27	1 39 2 43 3 50
o6 o7 o8	4 29 4 28 4 27	4 23	1870, Rev. Albert Ba	arnes died, aged 70.	7	33 33	4	28 28	4 56 6 00
10 09	4 27	3 27 4 28	1609, Rev. Dr. Masc U 1859, Lord Macaulay	y died.	7 7 7	33 33 33	4 4	29 29 30	SETS. 4 03 5 03
1 I I 2	1 .		N 1809, William E. Gla 1837, Steamer Caroli 1384, John Wickliffe	ne burnt.	7 7 7	33 33	4	31 32 33	6 07 7 15 8 23

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PRESBYTERIANISM IN BRITISH NORTH AMERIC

The Huguenots were the first Presbyterians that entered Canada, called La Nouvelle France. There remain to-day very few traces of existence. The Presbyterianism that now exists is of Irish and Scotch or It entered British America from different directions, at divers times, at varied circumstances. There were, however, four chief centres whence a like springs in our forests primeval, the Presbyterian streams that are now the eve of uniting into one great river, to gladden and bless large portion our Dominion.

JAMES MCGREGOR.

1. It lacks yet eleven years of being one century since the Rev. Met Smith, Cock, and Grahame, ministers of the Burgher Synod, organizer Truro, the first Presbytery of British North America. That very year, 1' the Rev. James McGregor, sent out by the Anti-Burgher Synod, arrive Halifax, sat, it would seem, with the new Presbytery, and pushed on to destination, Pictou, then consisting of one or two houses. After eight y of hard work, Mr. McGregor was joined by two ministers of his own com nion, who, along with him, constituted in Robert Marshall's barn, in 1794. Associate Presbytery of Nova Scotia. For twenty-three years the two 1 Robe byteries stood apart, but at length in 1817 they met, on common ground, after much consultation and prayer, formed a union (the first colonial union but h which there is any record) of all the Presbyterians of Nova Scotia, save | reque The divisions of old Scotland however, broke again the u the Re congregation. of New Scotland, for we find in 1844 again three Presbyterian churche own c Nova Scotia. By the union of the Free Church of Nova Scotia and town Ti unbro Presbyterian Church of Nova Scotia in 1860, these three became two. two, now on the eve of union, constitute all the Presbyterians of Nova Sciother save four ministers of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

GEORGE HENRY.

2. Four years before the Burgher brethren, David Smith and Darprese Cock, landed in Halifax, and six years after the taking of Quebec, the k and U George Henry, military chaplain at the time of the Conquest, organized 1765, a Presbyterian congregation in the city of Quebec.

"That fortress cliff that keeps of Canada the key."

Having resigned his chaplaincy, he continued for 28 years to minister the little congregation of Pre-byterians that met for worship on the shoul of Cape Diamond, and under the shadow of the old Cathedral church of G ada—erected last year into a Basilica. His successor, the Rev. Mr. Spa "entered on his official duties with all the formalities that circumstances wo permit," for as yet there was no Presbytery in the land.

JOHN BETHUNE.

3. Seven years before Mr. Henry's death (1793) there arrived in Cam the Rev. JOHN BETHUNE, a native of the Island of Sky. Soon after ordination he had been appointed to the charge of a congregation of Sec Highlanders in South Carolina. During the American War he was appoint in in 'H AMERIC

ntered Canada, few traces of and Scotch or livers times, ar ntres whence a: ns that are now

e the Rev. Me l's barn, in 1794,

chaplain to the 84th Regiment. On the return of peace he accompanied those of his people who had joined the Royal Standard to Canada, and held his first Presbyterian service in Montreal on the 12th March, 1786. In the following year he took up his residence at Williamstown, Glengarry, where he lived for some years, the first and only minister of the Scotch Church in Upper Canada. He organized the congregation of Cornwall, Lancaster, Martintown.

Williamstown and Charlottenburg.

It is almost certain, though there are no written records of the fact, that Mr. Bethune, Mr. Spark of Quebec, who had first assisted and then succeeded Mr. Henry in that city, and Mr. Young of Montreal constituted in 1793 the s large portion Presbytery of Montreal, just one year before the meeting already referred to in Robert Marshall's barn. This Presbytery perished "by unfortunate circumstances," leaving no written record, but out of its ashes arose in 1803 another Presbytery of Montreal, consisting of two ministers, Rev. John Bethune, Glengarry, and Rev. Alexander Spark, Quebec, with three elders, nat very year, I which held its first meeting on the 17th September of that year. In 1808 or Synod, arrived the Rev. William Smart, and compensed labours in Brockville in d pushed on to 1811, carrying to-day the honourable distinction of having formed in 1817 the first Bible Society in Canada, in 1818 the first Missionary Society, and in 1820 of his own com the first Religious Tract Society.

ROBERT MCDOWALL.

4. Just five years after the formation of the Presbytery at Montreal the Rev. years the two half and Just five years after the formation of the Presbytery at Montreal the Rev. ommon ground, Robert McDowall entered Western Canada by way of Niagara from Albany; rst colonial union but his story we can give in his own words, in a paper given by him at its

request to the Presbytery of Kingston in 1839.

The first Protestant settlers of Upper Canada were American Loyalists, who joined to the Royal Army during the Revolutionary War. Many of them had lived, while in their systerian churche own country, destitute of gospel ordinances, and while in the royal service they enjoyed ova Scotia and to vere ogospel privileges. After the conclusion of the war they settled here in a vast became two.

The first Protestant settlers of Upper Canada were American Loyalists, who joined ova Scotia and the royal service they enjoyed the very continuous control of the war they settled here in a vast became two.

The first Protestant settlers of Upper Canada were American Loyalists, who joined ova Scotia and the royal service they enjoyed ova Scotia and service they enjoyed the royal service they enjoyed the royal service they conclusion of the war they settled here in a vast became two.

The first Protestant settlers of Upper Canada were American Loyalists, who joined the Royal Army during the Revolutionary War.

Many of them had lived, while in their own country, destitute of gospel ordinances, and while in the royal service they enjoyed the royal service they enjoyed to the royal s Church, Presbyterian, Baptist, Episcopal an, and Scotch Seceders and other denominations. Some Presbyterians of different origins in the counties of Lennox and Addington, in the Midland District, sent a petition to the Church of Scotland for a minister, to which they Smith and Dar preceding; and in compliance with carnest solicitations sent from settlements both in Lower f Quebec, the k und Upper Canada to the Classes of the Reformed Dutch Church in the City of Albany, f Quebec, the kind Upper Canada to the Classes of the Reformed Dutch. Church in the City of Albany, and settled and the congregations which I organized in the townships of the key."

years to minister the should draid the should draid church of Canada to the Should draid church of Canada to the Rev. Mr. Specific state of the United States settled in that distant part of the Lord's vineyard. The whole districtions are settled and the United States settled in that distant part of the Lord's vineyard. The whole districtions was 282 miles. In this extent of country there were then three ministers of the Church of England, two Lutheran and four Baptist ministers, besides several townships of any labors was 282 miles. In this extent of country there were then three ministers of the Church of England, two Lutheran and four Baptist ministers, besides several townships of any labors was 282 miles. In this extent of country there were then three ministers where the inhabitants have long enjoyed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed on my mind the belief that led these beautiful and the country of the Lord's and of the church of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers, have imposed the Labors of any of our ministers. s where the inhabitants have long enjoyed the labors of any of our ministers, have im-sed on my mind the belief that had there been at that early period, a sufficient supply inisters of our church, we should have greatly outnumbered any other denomination; ky. Soon after the rebellion in 1837.)

gregation of Scrambard are he was appoint any of these people had long lived in the reached gospel, consequently but

few of them were indoctrinated in the fundamental truths of the gospel which were the fore greatly opposed: but by preaching them clearly and distinctly, and by publishing courses on justification and God's sovereignity in nature and grace, those doctrines heccome more popular, and have been cordially received by some who were inimical to the

Not a few Europeans who in the Fatherland went to the Ilof God and took sweet counsel with the great congregation, have emigrated into a vastiwhich required years to clear away, and to prepare the soil for the necessary product and also to make roads. Unacquainted with this kind of labor and often deficient of necessary funds to support their families, and to compensate others to perform the la they long continued to be unable to support the gospel and to remunerate good set masters for instructing their children. They sometimes continued mourning like captive Jews, "How shall we sing the Lord's song in a strange land," till at last they into despair of ever enjoying the gospel, and so into apathy respecting it; and their cren were brought up without catechetical and sanctuary instruction. This lack of k ledge exposes them to be led into delusion by men entertaining sentiments subversive the Gospel of Jesus Christ, entering among them, with much crattiness, disseminating: pernicions errors, which soon spread through the surrounding country. I have, how noticed one encouragement to cultivate such moral and spiritual wastes, that the dedants of Presbyterian parents, brought up without gospel ordinances and reemingly it ferent about them, would sometimes, when they were brought to them by a Preshyte minister, waken to an apparent veneration for them as the religion of their fatherwhich means they were more easily brought under the influence of the gospel. There now ten ministers of the Church of Scotland, and seven other Presbyterian minis within the 282 miles in which I labored 40 years ago. The extension of new settlem, has uncovered the moral desolations. These are now so numerous in comparison with number of ministers that some of them have Presbyterian preaching not oftener than or twice a year.

New settlements have generally the disadvantage of a scattered population, and newness and badness of the roads, which prevents them from going as ara as they notherwise do to hear the words of eternal life. Blessed be God who has inclined the he of a few approved shepherds who have removed to our moral wilderness to gather scattered sheep into the fold of Jesus. But this band is too small to accomplish the many labor in collecting them and death will soon end their labors. A larger supply must have or religion will decline. God will be with those who come with apostolic position to do them good. I have found it so when I came to this country the sements were small and far apart. The inhabitants were poor, merchandise high priced, farm produce low, and consequently they were greatly involved in debt, and could do little to support the gospel. But God, whom tipplied the Widow's oil and fed the Preby ravens, has in ways more mysterious to me, abundantly supplied all my wants, hand is not shortened. They who by faith put their trust in Him, shall not lack any.

thing.

Fredericksburgh, January 18, 1839.

ROBEBT McDOWALL.

83

FIRST SYNOD.

In 1818, the year after the union in Nova Scotia, four ministers, chief of the Associate Church in Scotland, met together as a Presbytery, with hope of uniting all the Presbyterians of the Province into one church, attempt failed, as the ministers in connection with the Established Church Scotland refused to join the "Presbytery of the Canadas." The follow year this Presbytery, whose very name foreshadowed events distant more:

1 If a century, met in Glengary and forned itself into "The United Sync Upper Canada," with one Presbytery in the Lower Province and three Poyteries (Cornwall, Perth, Niagara), in the Upper Province.

SECOND SYNOD.

In 1831 there met in Kingston the second Canadian Synod, attended by teen ministers and four elders. The Synod divided the church into Presbyteries, viz., the Presbytery of Quebec, six ministers; Glengarry, ministers; Bathurst, four ministers; and York (Toronto) five ministers.

cospel which were the c, and by publishing ce, those doctrines h o were inimical to the rland went to the H nigrated into a vasti e necessary product d often deficient of s to perform the la emunerate good set ed mourning like ting it; and their c m. This lack of k entiments subversiv ness, disseminating: intry. I have, how wastes, that the deces and reemingly is them by a Presbyte igion of their father the gospel. There Presbyterian minis in comparison with

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EBT McDOWALL.

Presbytery, with to one church. nts distant more 🗀

five ministers. 1

od declared itself to be in connection with the Church of Scotland. Towing is a list of its Moderators from its formation till its disruption, and formation of the Free Church in 1844:-

1811.—REV. J. MACKENZIE, M.A. 1838.—Rey. John Cook, D.D. 832.—REV. A. MATHIESON, D.D. 1839.—REV. ROBERT McGill, D.D. 833. - REV. JOHN MACHAR, D.D. 1840.—REV. H. URQUHART, D.D. 834.—REV. ÅRCH. CONNELL, M. A. 1841.—REV. JAMES GEORGE, D.D. 1842.—REV. HENRY ESSON, M.A. 1843.—REV. JOHN CLUCSTON. 1835.—REV. J. CRUIKSHANK, D.D. 1836.—REV. WM. RINTOUL, M.A. 1837.—REV. ALEX. GALE, M.A. 1844.—Rev. Mark Y. Stark, M.A.

Let us here, in passing, give a short sketch of one of the Presbyteries of his Synod as we have it from the pen of the Rev. Wm. Reid, M.A., himself one of the pioneers of Presbyterianism in the Presbytery he describes :

In 1833 the Presbytery of Kingston was formed, embracing the Midland and New-

astle Districts, or the territory now forming the Counties of Frontenae, part of Leeds, Addington, Lennox, Prince Edward, Hastings, Northumberland, Durham and Victoria. The ministers who at first formed the Presbytery of Kingston were, the Rev. John ar, M.A., of St. Andrew's Church, Kingston; Rev. James Ketchum, of Belleville; Rev. hew Millar, of Cobourg and Colborne, and the Rev. John M. Roger, M.A., of Peterpresbyteman ministry in the two last mentioned having been inducted in the beginning of November, 1833—in comparison with the previously been ordained. It may be mentioned as showing the necessities of the times, arising from the scarcity of ministers and the great distances which separated them rom each other, that Mr. Millar inducted himself, one week, and the next, inducted his brother, Mr. Roger, at Peterboro'. Mr. Millar was not spared to labour long in his Master's be let, Mr. having been drowned while travelling on the ice in the Bay of Quinte, and the close of winter in the year 1834. He was succeeded by the Rev. Thomas Alexing to that in 1835 we find the Presbytery of Kingston consisting of four ministers: the set Machar, Ketchum, Roger and Alexander. These increased by the addition of the R. McDowall, of Fredericksburg, Rev. Arch'd. Colquboun, of Otonabec and Dummer, Rev. Henry Gordon, of Gananoque. Mr. Colquboun had previously laboured for some this country the second with apostolic this country the second with apostolic this country the second with apostolic this country the second with the Lower Province, and Mr. Gordon had been previously settled at Whitehurch this country the second with the Presbytery of Toronto. Afterwards were added, Rev. James chandisc high priced, debt, and could do so il and fed the Presbytery of Denorestville, who is now in the United States, and Rev. James Douglas, of country the Presbytery of Toronto. Afterwards were added to so il and fed the Presbytery, other two had been ordained, the Rev. Robert Neill (now Dr. Neill), of the Presbytery of Toronto. They were ordained in Seymour, and Rev. William Reid, M.A., of Grafton and Colborne. They were ordained in January, 1840. Before 1844, when the disruption in Canada took place, the Rev. A. McLean, M.A., minister of Nairn Church, Flamboro', was ordained as pastor of the congregation of Picton, and the Rev. T. Wightman, who died a few years ago at lunisfil, as pastor of the congregation of Camden."

UNIONS.

In 1840 there was a union between this Synod and the "United Synod our ministers, chi of Upper Canada," this latter body being formed chiefly of ministers of the Associate Church of Scotland and the North of Ireland who first joined into Presbytery in 1818; but in 1844 there was a disruption in the Canadas, as there stablished Churd was in Scotland and in the Maritime Provinces, resulting in the formation again las." The follow of two Synods.

In 1832 three ministers, Messrs. Robertson, Proudfoot and Christie, com-The United Synd missioned to Canada by the "United Associate Synod of Scotland" arrived, rince and three F and laid the foundation of the "United Presbyterian Church" in Canada, rince. which united in 1861 with the "Free Church Synod" to form the Canada Presbyterian Church, which church, grown to the dimensions of a General Assembly, is now negotiating union with the Synod that retained its councesynod, attended by on in 1844 with the Established Church of Scotland, he church into But w can despise the day of small things, where

But w a can despise the day of small things, when the seven eyes of the ters; Glengarry, Lord which run to and fro through the whole earth rejoicingly regards it? (Zech. iv. 10). The little springs bubbling unseen by the great world, an rising to the surface here and there in the back woods, have become brook and the brooks have become rivers. After several unions and only one separation the Presbyterianism of the Dominion, with a chequered history of little over three-quarters of a century, consists to-day, as we enter (1875) that quarter of that century, of only two branches, (kept apart for 30 years of the great question that tore asunder the mother church in Scotland); for the subdivision of these two churches into four churches, which is the number negotiating for union, is really a geographical, not an ecclesiastical subdivision the result of distance, and not of logical or theological controversy. The following is the Basis on which these churches ecclesiastically divided into two and geographically subdivided into other two, propose to become the Presbeterian Church in Canada, discarding designations and controversies that I beyond that simple, ample name.

COD

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PREAMBLE TO BASIS.

The Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church Scotland, the Canada Presbyterian Church, the Church of the Maritim Provinces in connection with the Church of Scotland, and the Presbyteria Church of the Lower Provinces, holding the same doctrine, government, at discipline, believing that it would be for the glory of God, and the advancement of the cause of Christ, that they should unite and thus form one Presbyterian Church in the Dominion, independent of all other Churches in Epirisdiction, and under authority to Christ alone, the head of His Church, at head over all things to the Church, agree to unite on the following Basis, be subscribed by the Moderators of the respective Churches in their name at on their behalf.

BASIS.

1. The Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, being the Word

God, are the only infallible rule of faith and manners.

2. The Westminster Confession of Faith shall form the subording standard of this Church; the Larger and Shorter Catechisms shall be adopted by the Church, and appointed to be used for the instruction of the people in the being distinctly understood that nothing contained in the aforesaid Confession or Catechisms, regarding the power and duty of the Civil Magistrate, shabe held to sanction any principles or views inconsistent with full liberty conscience in matters of religion.

3. The government and worship of this Church shall be in accordant with the recognized principles and practice of Presbyterian Churches, as ladown generally in the "Form of Presbyterian Church Government," and

"The Directory for the Public Worship of God."

STATISTICS.

The following table shows the numerical strength of these four Presby terian churches in the Canadas, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick by the cens of three decennial periods:—

PRESBYTERIANS.	1852.	1861.	1871.
The Canadas (Ont. & Que.	237,683	346,991	401,607
Nova Scotia		88,755	103,529
New Brunswick		36,731	38,7∞
Total.		472,477	543,830

great world, and the become brookend only one separated history of the enter (1875) that for 30 years of scotland); for the ich is the number stical subdivisier troversy. The following divided into two become the Preshatroversies that I

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1871.
401,607
103,529
38,7∞
543,830

Numerical strength of Presbyterianism as compared with the other leadg religious denominations in the Dominion according to the census of 1871:

Numerical strength of the four Presbyterian churches when united as compared with the two Methodist churches already united, and the other denominations given above:—

Catholics (Roman).... 1,492,429
Presbyterians (deducting 20,000 as not at present entering the union)... 523,946

Episcopal (Ch. of Eng.)... 494,049
Methodists (Wesleyan and New Connexion)..... 410,979

From the above it would appear that after the union the "Presbyterian Church in Canada" shall stand first in numerical strength among the Protestant denominations of the Dominion; but after all, its strength in figures is not much more than one-third of the Roman Catholic Church.

Numerical strength of these four Presbyterian churches as compared with such other:

-				ters	- e.re		ni:-	Sab. S	School.	ested s and is.
		Colleges.	Presbyteries.	No. of Ministers	No. of Congregations.	No of Elders	No. of Communi- cants	Teachers.	Scholars.	Capital Inves For Widows. Orphans
-	C. P. Church	1 3	19	329	645	1,987	49,315	4,094	43,536	77,089
7	Ch. of S. in Canada	2	11	122	179	609	17,247	1,193	11,487	73,153
	Church of Lower Provinces.	1	10	124	133	832	18,082	1,710	13,401	20,000
	Ch. of S. in L. P	-	6	31	41	528	4,622	474	4,970	Begun
1	Total.	6	46	606	1,003	3,956	89,266	7,471	73,394	\$170,242

The above dates and statistics show the progress made by Presbyterianism in about three-quarters of a century, but let us remember that churches like truth are revisibled, not numbered.



The Canada Presbyterian Church.

The General Assembly will meet at Montreal, and in Erskine Church, at 7:: o'clock, on 2nd Tuesday of June, 1875.

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MODERATORS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

1870. The Rev. M. Willis, D. D., LL. D.. Toronto, Out. 1871. The Rev John Scott, London, Ont. 1873. The Rev. Wm. Reid, M. & Toronto, Out.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

1874-5

The REV. THOMAS MCPHERSON, Moderator
"" WILLIAM REID, M.A. } Joint Clerks of Assembly.
"" WILLIAM FRASER.

BOARDS AND COMMITTEES.

SUBJECTS.	CONVENERS.	POST OFFICE
Home MissionsRev.		
Foreign Missions "	Prof. McLaren	. Toronto.
Knox College Board"	Dr. Proudfoot	
" Senate. "	Principal Caven	. Toronto.
" Examiners	J. M. King, M.A	. Toronto.
Montreal College Board"	Dr. R. F. Burns	. Montreal.
" Senate "	Principal McVicar	. "
" Examiners	R. M. Thornton, B.A	. "
State of Religion	T. Wardrope	.Guelph.
Sabbath Observance "	W. T. McMullen	. Woodstock.
Sabbath Schools "	J. Thompson	. Sarnia.
Widows' and Orphans' Fund Mes	srs. W. Alexander and T. V	V
	Taylor, Joint Conveners	
Aged and Infirm Minsr's FundRev.	J. McTavish	. Woodstock.
French Evangelization "	Principal McVicar	. Montreal.
Buxton Finance	J. Scott	. London.
Home and Foreign Record "	D. H. Fletcher	. Hamilton.
FinanceHon	. J. McMurrich	. Toronto.
Statistics Rev.		
Manitoba College Board Mr.		

I. SYNOD OF MONTREAL.

Synod Clerk, REV. A. YOUNG, Valleyfield...

Meets at Ottawa, in Bank St. Church, on 1st Tuesday of May, 1875.

I. PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL.

	I, TRESPUTING OF MONTREE.
	MINISTERS. ORD. CONGREGATIONS. POST OFFICES.
	Arch. Henderson, A. M 1810 St. Andrews St. Andrews, Q.
	William Taylor, D. D 1831 Erskine Ch. Montreal Montreal, Q.
	Tohn Irvine
	Robert F. Burns, D. D 1847. Free Ch., Cote St. Mont'l. Montreal, Q.
	James Watson, A. M 1849. Huntingdon & Athlestane. Huntington, Q.
	William Scott 1853. New Carlisle, &c New Carlisle, Q.
	William Forlong1853 Henry's Ch., Lachute Lachute, Q.
	Tames McConecly 1854. Leeds Kinnear's Mills Q.
	Alexander Young 1857. St. Louis and Valleyfield. Valleyfield, Q.
	John Mackie 1859. First Church, LachuteLachute, Q.
	John McKay
	Mathaniel Paterson1859Martintown & Williams'nMartintown, O.
	D. H. McVicar, LL.D 1859. Pres. College, Montreal Montreal, Q.
	William Ross
	Daniel Paterson, A.M1860St. AndrewsSt. Andrew's, Q.
	James Hanran 1861. St. Sylvester St. Sylvester, Q.
ı	Charles M. McKeracher 1861 English River & Howick Howick, Q.
ľ	Malcolm McKenzie1862. Inverness Inverness, Q.
	John McDonald 1864. Winslow Stornaway, Q.
ı	Coussirat, A.M., B.D. 1864. Pres. College, Montreal Montreal, Q.
1	John Jones, A.M 1865. Chalmers' Ch., Montreal. Montreal, Q.
	Kenneth McDonald1866AlexandriaAlexandria, Ont.
	William A. Johnstone 1867. Rockburn and Gore Rockburn, Q.
	John Campbell, A. M 1868. Presbyterian College Montreal, Q.
j	William Grant1869. Vankleek Hill, O
	R. M. Thornton, B.A 1871. Knox Church, Montreal Montreal, Q.
	John McFarlane1872. Farnham Centre Farnham Cen., Q
Section 1	John McAlister, B.A1872. Danville
Interest	Henry Sinclair1872. Lingwick
and the last	James Hally1872Ste. Therese, &c., &cSt. Therese, Q.
90075	John Scrimger, A. M 1873. St. Jos. St Ch., Montreal Montreal, Q.
SALTER	Iames Wellwood1873. Cote des NeigesCote d'Neiges, Q.
200	George Mackay1873. Calvin Church, LaGuerre. St. Anicet, Q.
SAME.	J. S. Black
SALANS.	
PARTY COM	Thomas Fenwick
1000	Vacancies Indian Lands; Chalmer's Ch., Quebec; Erskine Ch. Mon.
	in part); Hampden; Lancaster; Roxburgh & Finch; Kenyon.
	Mission Stations Dalhousie Mills; New Glasgow; Harrington; Chateau-
7	Basin; Hemmingford & Covey Hill; Rintoul Ch., Riviere du Loup;
4	Nazareth St. Ch. Montreal; Lake Megantic.

JAMES WATSON, Presbytery Clerk.

urch.

ne Church, at 7:

MBLY.

m. Fraser, Bon

Vm. Reid, M. A

BLY.

f Assembly.

POST OFFICES

.. Brantford. .. Toronto. .. London. .. Toronto. .. Toronto.

.. Montreal.

. . Guelph. . . Woodstock. . . Sarnia.

. Toronto. . Woodstock. . Montreal.

. London. . Hamilton. . Toronto.

.Guelph. .Winnipeg.

2. PRESBYTERY OF BROCKVILLE.

MINISTERS.	ORD	CONGREGATIONS.	POST OFFICES,
John Morrison	. 1829	Waddington	. Madrid Sp. N.
William Lochead	. 1830	Without Charge	. North Gower. (
Andrew Melville	. 1846	Without Charge	Spencerville, O
David Taylor	1852+	Spencerville, &c	. Spencerville, O
		Cornwall	
A. Brown	· 1864··	Lyn and Yonge	Lyn
		Kemptville & Oxford Mil	
James Hastie	.1969•	Prescott	. Prescott, O
A. J. Traver, M.A	. 1867.	Brockville	Brockville, O
Andrew Kowat	. 1871 -	Winchester & Marwood	. W. Winchester, (
Loby M. Malatana	. 1873	No. Augusta & Fairfield	Lunculuum O
E. D. McLaren, A.M., B.	. 1873. D1873.	Osnabruck & Colquh <mark>oun .</mark> Merrickville	. Merrickville, O
		oucester: South Gower &	

Mission Stations.—Newboro' & Westport; Dunbar.

IAMES HASTIE, Presbytery Clerk.

3. PRESBYTERY OF OTTAWA.

3
Robert Stevenson1854. Admaston, Douglas, &c Admaston, O
John Crombie, A.M1855. Smith's Falls Smith's Falls, (
James Whyte1857. Osgoode Osgoode,O
William McKenzie1858. Almonte
John McEwen1359. PembrokePembroke, O
George Bremmer1860. McNab
Joseph White, B.A 1862. Wakefield Wakefield, Q
William Moore1866. Bank St. Church, Ottawa. Ottawa, Ont
James Tait1866, Fitzroy and TarboltonFitzroy Hr., 0
James Carswell1867. Carlton Place & Beckwith Carleton Place
William Burns 1869. Perth Perth, O
H. J. McDiarmid1871. Russell & Gloucester Ottawa, O
Robert Whillans, B.A 1872. Merivale & Bell's Corner Ottawa, O
James Stewart 1872, Pakenham
Alexander McLaren1873, Bristol Bristol, Q
Mark Turnbull1873. Missionary to Upper Ottawa Des Joachims.
W. Armstrong, M.A Daly St. Church, Ottawa Ottawa, O
Variable Danier Charle Ottom

Vacanciez.—Ramsay; Knox Church, Ottawa.

Wn Nat Wn Don A. Mission Stations, -Ashton; Alice & Petawawa; Aylwin; Aylmer; Bal urst and S. Sherbrook; Clarence and Bearbrooke; Cumberland; Dalhow & N. Sherbrooke; Hull; Kinburn; East Templeton; Upper Gattines. Wilberforce.

JAMES CARSWELL, Presbytery Clerk.

4. PRESBYTERY OF KINGSTON.

William Smart	. 1811 Without	Charge	Gananoque, 0 *
James McIntosh			

11	
	MINISTERS. ORD. CONGREGATIONS. POST OFFICE.
POST OFFICES,	enry Gordon 1833. Without Charge Gananoque, O
Madrid Sn V V	Patrick Gray 1846. Chalmer, S. Ch., Kingston, Kingston, O.
North Gower,	Andrew Wilson1851 Brock St. Ch., KingstonKingston, O
Spencerville, O	John Scott
. Spencerville, O	Thomas S. Chambers 1855. Storrington & Pittsburgh. Sunbury, O
. Cornwall, O	David Wishart
Lyn	John McMechan 1857. Picton Picton, O
lsKemptville, O	D. Beattie 1857. St. Col. & St. Paul, Madoc
.Prescott, O	Walter Coulthard 1860. Gananoque Gananoque, O
Brockville, O	John Turnbull
. W. Winchester, (John Burton
No. Augusta, 0	John B. Watt
Lunenburg, O	Join Gallaher1871Glenvale & HarrowsmithGlenvale, O
Merrickville, O	R. W. Leitch1874. Camden and Sheffield Newburgh, O
Mountain.	Vacancy.—Lansdowne.
ery Clerk.	Mission Stations.—Mill Haven & Wilton; Consecon; Huntingdon; Mill Point; Wollaston & L'Amable, Carlow & Mayo, Monteagle & McLure
cry cicrio	(No. Hastings's Group.)
	THOMAS S. CHAMBERS, Presbytery Clerk.
. Admaston, O	II. SYNOD OF TORONTO
Smith's Falls, (Name :
. Osgoode,O	Synod Clerk, REV. J. GRAY, Orillia.
Almonte, O	Meets at Toronto, in Knox College, on first Tuesday of May.
Pembroke, O	L.M. Roger, M.A 1833. Peterborough Peterborough
White Lake, O	John Paterson1840Bobcaygeon & VerulamDunsford
Wakefield, Q ! Ottawa, Ont	John Ewing 1846. Mt. Pleasant, Omemee, &c. Mt. Pleasant
Fitzroy Hr., 0	Wm. C. Windel 1847. Cartwright & Ballyduff Burton
Carleton Place	John W. Smith1849. Grafton & Vernonville Grafton
Perth, O	Francis Andrews1851. Keene & Westwood Keene
Ottawa, O	William Bennett
Ottawa, O	Peter Duncan
Pakenham, O	Wm. DonaldPort HopePort Hope
Pakenham, O Bristol, Q	Wm. McWilliam, M.A 1863 Bethesda & Alnwick Bowmanton
wa Des Joachims	Jas. DouglasCobourgCobourg
Ottawa, O	Wm. Mitchell1869Millbrook & CentrevilleMillbrook
	Wm. A. Mackay, M.A 1870. Baltimore & Coldsprings. Baltimore
. A 1	Nathaniel Clark1871LakefieldSouth Douro
win; Aylmer; Ba	Wm. Reeve
nberland; Dalhow	Donald Sutherland1873Percy and CampbellfordWarkworth
; Upper Gattinea.	A. Hodnett1874 Perrytown & Oakhills Perrytown
ytery Clerk.	Vaeancy.—Norwood & Hastings.
vary corn.	WM. DONALD, Presbytery Clerk.
	4 DEFENUTEDA OF CAMEADIO
N.	6. PRESBYTERY OF ONTARIO.
Gananoque, 🖯	R. H. Thornton, D.D1833 . Oshawa Oshawa
Stella, Ō	Alex Kennedy Dumbarton & CantonDunbarton

R. I. (P. To

Ra A.D. A.D. A.

28	PRESBYTER	IAN YEAR BOOK.	
MINISTERS.	ORD.	CONGREGATION .	POST OFFICES.
Arch Cross	1848Nev	wton & Newcastle	Clarke
Jas. R. Scott	1849Car	nbray	Cambray
John Smith	1851Bov	vınanville	Bowmanville
James Thom, B.A			
Wm. Peattie			
Donald Stewart	1 866Em	uskillen & Cartwrig	ghtEnniskillen
W. M. Roger, M.A	1866Asl	ıburn & Utica	,Ashburn.
J. B. Edmondson			
John McNabb	1867Bea	verton	Beaverton
J. L. Murray	1868 Wo	odville	Woodville
W. D. Ballantyne			
John A. G. Calder			
Ed. Cockburn, M.A			
Ebenezer Panton	1873. Lin	dsay	Lindsay
J. McClung	1874 Wie	ck & Greenbank	Wiek.
J. Campbell, M.A	Mai	nilla & Cannington	Manilla.
Mission Stations.—Is Dalton & Carden; Kir	lay & Palestir	ne; Head Lake and	Digby (Three Stations
Daiton & Carden, 1ch		•	
		R. H. Thornton,	Poesoytery Clerk.
7. 1	PRESBYTE	RY OF TORON	.O.
M. Willis, D.D., LL.	D. 1821 Ex.	Pr. Knox Col	London, Eng.
Alexander Topp, D.D.			
T 1 T	-0-0 0		'T'

7. TRESULTERT OF TORONTO.
M. Willis, D.D., LL.D. 1821., Ex. Pr. Knox ColLondon, Eng.
Alexander Topp, D.D1838. Knox Church, Toronto Toronto.
John Jennings, D.D1838SuperannuatedToronto.
Wm. Reid, M.A1840. Agent of the Church Toronto.
James Dick
Robert Wallace 1846. West Church, Toronto Toronto.
Wm. Gregg, M.A1847 Prof. Knox Col., Toronto Toronto.
G. P. Young, M.A 1847. Prof. in University College. Toronto.
James Pringle18481st Brampton, &cBrampton.
William Meikle1848. OakvilleOakville.
Jos. Alexander, M.A1851Norval and UnionNorval.
James Adams 1852. King King.
William Caven1852Principal Knox CollegeToronto.
Wm. McLaren1853Professor Knox CollegeToronto.
Robert Jamieson 1854. British Columbia New Westminstr.
J. M. King, M.A1857. Gould St. Church, Toronto. Toronto.
Alexander McFaul1858CaledonCaledon.
John Eadie
George HaighLaskey, &cLaskey.
Robert Ewing 1865. Georgetown, &c Georgetown.
R. M. Croll
G. Burnf. id, B.A 1871. Scarborough Scarborough.
James Breckenridge1871StreetsvilleStreetsville.
John Baikie1871Knox Church, BramptonBrampton.
John M. Cameron 1871. East Church, Toronto Toronto.
Robert Pettigrew, M.A 1873. Weston
Donald McIntosh1873MarkhamCashel.
Alex. Carrick1873OrangevilleOrangeville.

OST OFFICES.
larke
Cambray
owmanville
ort Perry
Claremont Enniskillen
Ashburn.
Columbus
Beaverton
Voodville
Vhitby
)rono
Jxbridge
indsay
Vick.
Ianilla.
(Three Station

London, Eng. l'oronto. oronto. oronto. Richmond Hill. Coronto. oronto. Coronto. Brampton. Dakville. Vorval.

rland. ytery Clerk.

King. l'oronto. l'oronto.

New Westminstr. Coronto. Caledon. Milton. laskey. Georgetown. Claude. carborough. streetsville. Brampton. Coronto.

Cashel.

Veston.

Drangeville.

MINISTERS.	ORD_{\bullet}	CONGREGATIONS.	POST OFFICES.
R. H. Gray		ork Mills and Fishe	rville. York Mills.
I. G. Robb, B.A		⊸oke's Church, Tord	onto Toronto.
		Vaughan	
Vacancies Mono	; Charles S	treet, Toronto; Chel	tenham; Bay St. Ch.,
Toronto; Mount Alb	ert; Newm	arket and Aurora; M	ulmur and Melancthon.
		R. Monteath,	, Presbytery Clerk.

8. PRESBYTERY OF SIMCOE.
Wm. Fraser18341st West GwillimburyBond Head
L McLean 1844. Knox Church Nevis P.O.,
Robert Rodgers1850CollingwoodCollingwood
Tohn Gray, B.A1851OrilliaOrillia
Wm. McConnell 1854. Innisfil Lefroy
George Craw1859Flos and MedonteHillsdale
Robert Moodie1863Stayner and SunnidaleStayner
las. A. McConnell 1864 1st and 2nd Tecumseh Tottenham
Robert Knowles1866Alliston, Burn's Ch. & Angus Alliston
Mungo FraserBarrieBarrie
D. B. Cameron1869. Bradford & 2nd w. Gwill'y Bradford
Thomas McKee 1871. Carluke and 1st Essa Clover Hill
Robt. Fairbairn 1872. Esson & Willis' Churches. Jaratt's Corner
R. Douglas Fraser, M.A. 1873 Cookstown, Townline, &c Cookstown
John Marples* Monck, Bracebridge, &c. Bracebridge
Vacancies.—Guthrie Church, Shanty Bay; Penetanguishene.
Mission Stations Bowmore and Nottawa; Lake Couchiching Group;
Stephenson and Raymond; Lake Rousseau Group; Waubashene, P. Leroux,
&c. Tay and Medonte; Minising & Big Bay.
Supt. of Muskoka Mission, and Corresponding Member of Presbytery.
ROBE MOODIE Preshutery Clerk

ROBT. MOODIE, Presbytery Clerk.

9. PRESBYTERY OF OWEN SOUND.

Robert Dewar1855Lake ShoreAnnan
Jas. Cameron
A. McDiarmidLatonaLatona
D. H. McNaughton1868North KeppelKemble
Alex. McLennan 1869 Knox Church, Sydenham Hoath Head
D. J. McInnes1869 Thornbury, &c Clarkeburg
D. B. Whimster 1873. Meaford, &c Meaford
Arch. Stevenson 1874. St. Vincent, &c Blantyre
** ** ** *** Amabel. *** Amabe
Mission Stations.—Griersville; Derby and South Diagonal.
D. J. McInnes, Presbytery Clerk.

III.—SYNOD OF HAMILTON.

Synod Clerk, Rev. W. COCHRANE, Brantford.

Meets at Elora, in Knox Church, on first Tuesday of May.

10. PRESBYTERY OF HAMILTON.

William Hancock1834.. \ Crowland, Welland, \ Welland Pelham & Pt. Colborne

MINISTERS.	ORD.	CONGREGATIONS.	POST OFFICES,
John Porteous	1842.	.Beverly	Kirkwall
Samuel Fenton	1843.	Vittoria, Charlotteville Centre & Miller s. Sc	\ Vittoria
Alex. McLean	1843.	.Nairn	Strabane
S. C. Fraser M.A	1844.	. Nairn	. Thorold
James Black	1853.	Argyle St. Caledonia, & Allan Settlement	Caledonia
John Laing	1854 .	. Dundas	. Dundas
William Craigie	1856.	.Knox Church, Port Dove	r. Port Dover
John G. Murray	1858.	.Grimsby & Mufr Settlemer	ntGrimsb y
D. H. Fletcher	1860.	.McNabb St., Hamilton .	. Hamilron
Thomas Wilson	1863.	.Sutherland St. Caledonia	, Caledonia
Alex. Dawson, M.A.	1863.	. Beamsville and Clinton	Beamsville
Alex. Grant, B.A	1864.	.Oneida, Indiana & Cayug	a. Dufferin
George Burson	1804.	. St. Catharines & Pt. Dalh'si	e.St. Catharines
		.Central Church, Hamilton	
J. A. F. McBain	1869.	. Drummondville & Chip'ew	a. Drummondville
D. D. McLeod	1869.	. Ancastor Village & Barto	n. Ancaster
George Chrystal	1869.	.Silverhill & Lynedoch	Silverhill
		. Ancaster, East and West	
W. H. Rennelson, N	1.A1874.	.Knox Church, Hamilton	. Hamilton
		.Flamboro' West	
T. McGuire	1864.	. Jarvis and Walpole	Jarvis
S. W. Fisher	1874.	. Waterdown & Wellington S	SqNelson
Isaac Campbell	1874.	.Kilbride	.Kilbride
		lle; St. Anne's & Wellan	dport; Blackher
& E. Seneca, Caistor;	Binbrook		
		John Porteous, P	resbyte r y Cle r k.
_	- 1111710	DUTEDU OF DADIC	

II. PRESBYTERY OF PARIS.

11. 11(1)(5)(1124) 01 111(10)
Thomas Lowry1833. Wellington St., Brantford Brantford T. Alexander1835. Mt. Pleasant and Burford Mohawk
Walter Inglis1842Stanley Street, AyrAyr
John McTavish1844 Chalmer's Ch., Woodstock. Woodstock
John Dunbar
W. T. McMullen1856Knox Ch., Woodstock Woodstock
Wm. Robertson, M.A1859ChesterfieldChesterfield
Wm. Cochrane, M.A 1859 Zion Church, Brantford Brantford
Robert Hume, M.A1860. St. GeorgeSt. George
James Robertson1862 River Street, Paris Paris
Wm. Caven
R. N. Grant1865 Knox Ch., Ingersoll Ingersoll
H. McQuarrieDrumbo & PrincetonDrumbo
F. W. Farries 1867. Dumfries St. Ch., Paris Paris
John M. Aull
Vacant
Peter Wright 1870. Erskine Church, Ingersoll
John Thomson, M.A1871Knox Church, AyrAyr
H. Thomson 1874. East Oxford Eastwood
Mission Station.—Beaceville.

WM. COCHRANE, Presbytery Clerk.

1				
POST OFFICES.	12	. PRESI	SYTERY OF GUELPH	
. Kirk wall	MINISTERS.	ORD.	CONGREGATIONS.	POST OFFICES.
Vittoria			. Melville Church	
			. First Church, Eramosa	
. Strabane	Richard Bentley	1844.	. Union Church	Cail
.Thorold	Polyet Torrance	1816	Chalmer's Church	Chelph
Caledonia	Wm. S. Ball	1849.	.Knox Church	Guelph
. Dundas	Tames A. Thomson .	1855.	. Erin	Erin
:Port Dover	James Middlemiss	1856.	.Chalmer's Church	, Elora
ıtGrimsb y			Rothsay and Palmerstor	
. Hamilron			. Knox Church	
. Caledonia	Wm. Millican	1859 .	.St. John Ch., Garafraxa	Garafraxa
Beamsville			. Duff's Church	
ı. Dufferin			.Knox Church	
e St. Catharines			.Glenallan and Hollin	
ı. Hamilton			.Knox Church, Manto	
ı.Drummondville			Alma and Cumnock	
n. Ancaster			. Nassagaweya & Camp'vil	
. Silverhill			. Eden Mills & Rockwood	
. Alberton			.St. Andrew's Church	
. Hamilton	Daniel Mallenald	1372.	. Doon and Hespeler	Hespeier
. Rockton	D. I. Malauran	1872.	. Arthur	Arthur
Jarvis			Galt; Everton & Mimosa;	
sqNelson Kilbride	wile : West Puslingh	North 1	Luther; Chalmer's Ch., W	Zinterhourne : Cuts
dport; Blackher			dener, onemerson, v	initeriourne, en
aport, blackies	Was and the same of the same o		ROBERT TORRANCE, A	Presbytery Clerk.
resbyte r y Cle r k.		DDECT	WEEDLY OF DUDIES	•
			YTERY OF DURHAM	
Brantford	William Wale	1854.	Normanby	. Orchardville
. Mohawk	Toba Maxillan	1854 -	- Carrick and Clifford	Clinord
Ayr	Pobt C Mogati	1857.	.Mount Forest	Mount Forest
k. Woodstock	William Paul	1857.	. Walkerton	Walkerton
Glenmorris	Charles Cameron	1861	.Durham	Priogrillo
Woodstock	Daniel Duff	1864	. North & West Brant	Malcolm
Chesterfield	John Morrison	1866	. Proton	Cedarville
Brantford	Hugh Crozier	1860	.Egremont	Holstein
St. George	Wm. Matheson	1872.	.North Arthur	Arthur
Paris	VacantHanover	& Bentin	ck	
. Tilsonburgh	D. McKeyacher, Or	d. Miss	P. Arthur's Landing.	D. I. Casswell, Ord.
Ingersoll	Miss., Silver Islet. V	V. Kav.	Ord. Miss., Sault St. Mari	e.
Drumbo	3 13	-		
Paris			BYTERY OF BRUCE.	
. Ratho	W. Graham	1845.	.Pine River	Amberley
Norwich	John Fraser	1845.	. Knox's Church, Kineardi	ne. Kincardine
Ingersoll	Andrew Tolmie	1853.	. Southampt'n & W. Arrai	n Saugeen
Ayr	uncan Cameron	1854.	. Lucknow & S. Kinloss .	Lucknow
Eastwood	John Anderson	1854.	.Tiverton	Tiverton

resbytery Clerk.

MINIS	TERS.	ORD.	CONGRE	GATIONS.	POST OFFI	CF.
John Stewart		. 1855.	Chalmer's Cl	h., Kincardine	Kincardine	
David Wardr	оре	. 1855.	. Teeswater .		Teeswater	
John Straith		. 1857	Paisley Knor	x Church	Paisley	- 1
				ervie		1
Duncan David	dson	. 1872	Langside		Holyrood	
Wm. Ferguso	n	. 1873	Glammis		Glammis	
				nd Dunblane		lru:
				and Salem Ch		

IV.—SYNOD OF LONDON.

Rob John Rob Alla Jas.

Synod Clerk, REV. J. FOTHERINGHAM, Woodham P. O. Meets at London, in First Presbyterian Church, on first Tuesday of May 15. PRESBYTERY OF LONDON.

15. PRESBYTERY OF LONDON.
Duncan McMillan 1831. Lobo and Caradoc Lobo
Donald McKenzie 1834. Embro Ingersoll
W. R. Sutherland1848EkfridStrathburn
James B. Duncan 1848. Forest and Mackay Forest
J. J. A. Proudfoot, D.D 1848. First Presby, Ch. London London
Lachlan McPherson 1849 . Williams Williams
John Scott 1850 St. Andrew's Ch., London.London
John Rennie Ailsa Craig Ailsa Craig
George Cuthbertson1857St. ThomasSt. Thomas
John McRobie1857 Petrolia Petrolia
John Milloy1859 Argyle Church, Aldboro' Crinan
Robert Scott1860North and South Plympton.Camlachie
Neil McKinnon 1861. Belmont and Yarmouth Belmont
Peter McDermid1861 Moore
George Simpson1862WestminsterWilton Grove
L. Cameron1862ThamesfordThamesford
Arch. Stewart
John Thompson 1866. St. Andrew's Ch., Sarnia Sarnia
George Sutherland1866FingalFingal
Neil McDiarmid1868Wallacetown & Duff's ChWallacetown
Atex. Burr 1869. Point Edward Point Edward
John A. McDonald1869. Dorchester Dorchester
John Abraham1872WatfordWatford
J. R. Hay 1873. Delaware Delaware
D. F. Sage1873Park Hill & McGillivrayPark Hill
Gustavus Munro1873EmbroEmbro
Robt. Scobie 1873. Strathroy Strathroy
Alex. McNaughton 1873. North and South Adelaide. Adelaide
J. Munro

Vacanciez.—English Settlement, Proof Liuc; Lucan & Biddulph: Chalm Ch., Dunwich; Wardsville; Port Burwell & Vienna; Napier; Alvins Euphemia, and Brooke; New Glasgow; Kintyre; West Williams.

GEORGE CUTHBERTSON, Presbytery Clerk.

POST OFFICE	16. PRESBYTERY OF STRATFORD.
e.Kincardine	MINISTERS, ORD, CONGREGATIONS, POST OFFICES,
Teeswater	
Teeswater	momas Macpherson1836Knox Church, StratfordStratford
Paisley	niel Allan
Dingwall	James Boyd
Kinloss	Mex. A. Drummond1847. Shakspeare and Hampstead Shakspeare
	Daniel Gordon1849 Harrington
Glainmis	Robert Hall1800. Nissouri, North and South Thorndale
Ch.	John K. Hislop 1862 Avon C., Downie & Carlgfr'd Avonton
ли .	Robert Renwick 1863. Elma Cen. & W. Monckton. Newry
	Allan Findlay1867BiddulphGranton
	Jas. W. Mitchell, M.A. 1869. Knox Church, Mitchell Mitchell
dham P. O.	(Burn's Cla. Milverton.)
Tuesday of May	Peter Musgrave 1868. Burn's Ch., Milverton, Milverton and N. Mornington
,,	Ledgar Croley, M.A 1868. Millbank, Mornington Millbank
Labo	on W. Bell, M.A 1868. Molesworth and Listowell . Listowell
Lobo	Peter Scott1872. Hibbert Cromarty
Ingersoll	J. McAlpineSt. Mary'sSt. Mary's
Strathburn Forest	Varancies.—Burn's Ch., E. Zorra, & McKay's, Tavistock.
n. London	
Williams	JOHN FOTHERINGHAM, Presbytery Clerk, Woodham P.O.
n. London	DDECDATEDA OF CHATHAM
. Ailsa Craig	17. PRESBYTERY OF CHATHAM.
St. Thomas	Charles Chiniquy t833 St. Anne's, Ill., U. S St. Anne's Kan-
. Petrolia	kakee, Ill., U.S
. Crinan	Mex. W. Waddell 1847 Harwich Rondeau
ı.Camlachie	Angus McColl1848Adelaide St., ChathamChatham
. Belmont	William KingBuxtonBuxton
. Birkhall	William Walker 1853. Wellington St., Chatham Chatham
. Wilton Grove -	James Maclaughlan 1854. First Scotch Ch., Chicago. C. (498 w Mad. s.)
. Thamesford	William Forrest 1857. Tilbury East Valetta
. Kilmartin	Archibald Currie 1800. Ridgetown & Kilmarnock Ridgetown
Sarnia	Robert H. Warden 1866. Bothwell Bothwell
. Fingal	G. M. Milligan, B.A 1868. Scotch Presby. Ch., Detroit, Detroit, Mich
. Wallacetown	John Becket
. Point Edward	John Gray 1870. Windsor Windsor
. Dorchester	Vacancies.—Elmira, Ill., U.S.; Florence & Dawn; Amherstburgh; Sombra:
	Maidstone.
. Delaware	Mission Stations Wallaceburgh & Dresden; Dover; Tilbury West &
.Park Hill	Mersea.
. Embro	ROBERT H. WARDEN, Preshytery Clerk.
Strathroy	- Control of the Cont
Adelside -	18. PRESBYTERY OF HURON.
Lingwood	Thomas Goldsmith1845SeaforthSeaforth
100	John Logie
dulph : Chalm	Robert Ure1850Knox Church, GoderichGoderich
apier ; Alvins Williams.	John Ross1851BrucefieldBrucefield
24.0	Samuel Jones1853Knox Church, BrusselsBrussels
sévterv Clerk. 🝱	

resbytery Clerk.

MINTORDO	ODD	CONCREGNETONS	IVVED OFFICE
MINISTERS.	OKD.	CONGREGATIONS	. POST OFFICE
Matthew Barr	1854	McKillop & Tuckers:	mithSeaforth
George Brown	1856	Wroxeter & Fordwick	ıWroxeter
Alex. Grant	1856	Ashfield	Kintail
Finlay McCuaig	1860	Willis' Church, Clinto	onClinton
John Ferguson	1865	Mciv'le C. Brussels & V	Valt'n. Brussels
Henry Gracey	1865	Thames Road & Kirk	tonFarquhar
Robert Leask	1865	St. Helen's & E. Kin	loss St. Helen's 🕛
Stephen Young	1866	Manchester & Hullet	Auburn
Arch. McLean	1866	Blyth & Belgrave	Blyth
James Pritchard			
Mark Danby	1873	Bayfield & Berne	Varna
Alex. Y. Hartley	1873	Dungannon, &c	Carlow
Vacancies.—Egmondy	ille ; Di	aff's Ch., McKillop:	Cranbrook & Eth
Bethany; Stephen & H		•	
	•		

ARCH. McLEAN, Presbytery Clerk.

19. PRESBYTERY OF MANITOBA—WITH SYNODICAL POWER

John Black	1851 Kildonan	Kildonan
Alex. Matheson	1860 Portage la	ı Prairie, &c Portage la Pra
		tain, &c Low. Fort Ga
James Robertson	1869Knox Ch.	., Winnipeg Winnipeg
Geo. Bryce, M.A	1871 Manitoba	College Fort Garry
Edward Vincent		
S. Donaldson, B.A	1872Springfield	d, &cSpringfield
Vacancias Prince Al	Part Mission . Has	adingly . Knoy Church Winnig

Vacancies.—Prince Albert Mission; Headingly; Knox Church, Winnip Palestine, &c; Rockwood, &c.

A. FRAZER, Presbytery Clerk.



POST OFFICE

ı..Seaforth ...Wroxeter

. . . Kintail . . . Clinton 'n. Brussels . . Farquhar

...St. Helen's . . . Auburn ...Blyth ...Wingham ...Varna ...Carlow

Franbrook & Eth

Presbytery Clerk.

DICAL POWER

...Kildonan ...Portage la Pra ...Low. Fort Ga ...Winnipeg ...Fort Garry

...Springfield : Church, Winnip

Presbytery Clerk.

ALPHABETICAL LIST-CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

[The figures following the names denote the Presbyteries to which they belong].

aham, J15	Craw, G 8	Hall, Robt16	McClung, John 6
Taines 7	Croll, R.M 7	Hally J 1	McColl, Angus, 17
ms, James 7	Croly, J E16	Hamilton, Robt 16	McConechy, Jas 1
rander, J 7 kander, T 11 in, Daniel 16 lerson, D 12	Cross, Archibald 6	Hancock W10	McConnell, W 8
kander, I			
n, Daniel10		Harrian, J 1	McConnell, J A 8
erson, D12 erson, John14 drews F 5 Austrong, W 3	Currie, Arch17	Hartley, A.G18 Hastie, J 2	McCuaig, F 18
erson, John14	Currie, Peter14	Hastie, J 2	McDermid, P15
Andrews F 5	Cuthbertson, Geo 15	Hay, J R15	McDiarmid, A 6
Assetrong W 3	Danby, M 18	Henderson, A 1	McDiarmid, H J . 3
1 T	Davidson, D14	Hislop, JAK16	McDonald, A D12
Balantyne, W D 6	Davidson, J12	Hodnett, W 5	McDonald, D12
Balantyne, W D. C.	Dawson, A 10	Hume, J 1	McDonald, J 1
Rall W S 12		Humo Dobt 11	
Bailie, J 7	Dewar, Robt 9	Hume, Robt11	McDonald, J A 15
Barr Matthew 18	Dick, James 7	Inglis, Walter 11	McDonald, K 1
Bar e, Wm 12	Dickie, J F 12	Irvine, John 1	McEwen, John 3
e, Wm 12 ie, D 4 et, J, 17 J W 16 ett, W 5	Donald, Will am 5	Jamieson, R 7	McFarlane, J 1
Per I	Donaldson, S19	Jennings, J 7	McFant, Alex 7
1 10	Douglas, J 2	Johnston, W.A 1	McGuire, T10
att W	Drummond, AA. 16	Jones, S18	McInnes, DJ 9
Ett, W 3	Duff, D13	Kay, W 14	MeIntosh, D M 7
ie, R 2 c, James 10			Motate to Inc.
k, James 10	Dunbar, John11	Kennedy, Alex 6	McIntosh, Jas 4
k, Johnin	Duncan, Peter 5	King, John M 7	McIntyre, J.M 2
6 k, J S 1	i Eadie, John 7	King Wm17	McKay, Alex12
, James 10 2, JS 1 W 13 , James 16	Edmondson, J.B., 6	Knowles, R 8	McKay, Geo 1
James16	Ewing, John 5	Laing, John10	McKay G L 0
Road J M	Ewing, R 7	Leask, R18	McKay, W A 5
rangidgo I	Fairbairn, R 8	Leitch, R W 4	McKee, T 8
the kennage, 5 7		Little, J12	McKenzie, M 1
mer, G 3	Fenton, S10		
room, A 2	Fenwick, T 1	Lochead, W 5	McKenzie, Wm. 3
rown, G18	Γerguson, John18	Logie, John 18	McKera her, D 14
e, G19	Ferguson, W14	Lowry, T11	McKirnon, Neil15
Brokenidge, J. 7 In hner, G	Fisher, S W 10	Marples, J 8	McLaren, A
Burns, W 3	Fletcher, D H10	Matheson, A 19	McLaren, E.D., 2
Burns, R.F 1	Forbes, AG14	Matheson, W13	McLaren, W 7
Burr, A15	Forlong W 1	Meikle, W 7	McLean, Arch18
Burson, G 10	Forlong, W 1 Forrest, W17	Middlomics Inc. 19	McLean, J 8
	Forrest, W	Middlemiss, Jas 12 Milliean, W 12	
Burton, J 4	Fra er, J B	Minican, W12	McLennan, A 9
Calder, J.G 6	Fraser, John14	Milligan, G17	McLennan, DD12
Crombie, John 3	Fraser, M 8	Milloy, John 15	McLennan, G12
Cameron, Chas13	Fraser, R D 8	Mitchell, J.W16	McLeod, D D10
Cameron, Duncan 14	Fraser, S C10	Mitchell, W 5 Moffatt, R C13	McMcchan, J 4
ameron, D.B 8	Fraser, William 8	Moffatt, RC13	McMillan, D15
eron, James 9 eron, J. M 7 eron, Lachlin 15	Frazer, A19	Monteath, R 7	McMillau. John., 13
harron J.M. 7	Gallaher, J 4	Moore, W 3	McMullen, WT11
Jeron Lachlin -5	Clandinning A 9	Morrison, J13	McNabb, J 6
pbell, J	Glendinning, A 2 Goldsmith, T 18	Morrison, J 2	McNaughton, A 15
1. U. T	Goldshith, I 10		
pbell, Isaac19	Goodwillie, J M12	Munro, G 15	McNaughton, D., 9
pbell, John 1	Gordon, Daniel16	vunro, John 15	McPherson, L15
ek, A 7	Gracey, 1118	Murray, John G10	McPherson, T16 McQuarrie, II11
well, DJ13	Graham, Wm14	Murray, J L 6	McQuarrie, II11
well, Jas 3	Grant, A10	Musgrave, P16	McQueen, A.F14
aven, William 7	Grant, Alex18	MacAlister, J M 1	McRobie, John 15
aven, Wiliam11	Grant, R N11	Mackay, John 1	McTavish, John . 11
hambers, TS 4	Grant, W 1		YeVicar, D.H 1
hiniquy, C17		Maekie, John 1	
mandal C	Gray, John 8	Maclanghlan, J 17	McWilliam, W 5
hrystal, G10	Gray, John18	Maclean, Alex10	Panton, E 6
sirat, D 1	Gray, Patrick 4	McAlpine, J16	Park, Wm13
K, N 5	Gray, Robt 7	McBain, J A F10	Paterson, D 1
ranc, W11	Gregg, Wm 7	McKeracher, C 1	Paterson, John . 5
thard, W 4	Greig, P13	McKeracher D13	Paterson, N 1
sirat, D 1 k, N 5 irane, W 11 thard, W 4 ie, Wm 10	Haigh, G 7	McCall, John10	Peattie, W 6
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Pettigrew, Robt 7	Straith, John14	Ministers with
Porteous, John 10	Sutherland, D 5	charge & retire
Pringle, Jas 7	Sutherland, G15	charge a renre
Pritchard, J18	Sutherland, W.R., 15	Cairns, Jas
Proudfoot, J15	Tait, J 3	Cheyne, G
Reeve, E12	Taylor, Wm 1	Clark, W D
Reeve, W 5	Thom Jas 6	Coutts, D
Reid, Wm 7	Thompson, J 15	Donaldson, Jas
Rennic, J15	Tnomson, J11	Duff, John
Renwick, R16	Thomson, J A12	Dunlop, J J
Rennelson, W.H 10	Thornton, R H 6	Fayette, J S A F
Robertson, Jas11	Thornton, R.M 1	Fletcher, C
Robertson, Wm11	Tolinis, And 14	Fotheringham, J
Robb, J G 7	Topp, Alex 7	Gordon, Il
Rodgers, R 8	Torrance, Robt12	Grant, G
Roger, J M 5	Traver, A.J 2	Hay, Wm
Roger, W.M 6	Turnbull, J 4	Inglis, Wm
Ross, John18	Turnbull, M 3	Kennedy, A
Ross, W 1	Ure, Robt18	Lawrence, G
Rowat, A 2	Waddell, A.W17	Lochead, W M
Sage, D.F15	Walker, Win17	Lowry, M
Scoble, R 15	Walker, WP .10	McKay, R D
Scott, John15	Wallace, R 7	McKenzie, D
Scott, John 4	Warden, R H17	Melville, A
Scott, J R 6	Wardrope, D 14	Milne, A
Scott, P 16	Wardrope, Thos., 12	Robertson J
Scott, Robt 15	Watson, Jas I	Scott, John
Scott, W 1	Watt, J B 4	Stuart, W
Serimger, J 1	Wellwood, J 1	,
Simpson, G 0	Whillans, R 3	Probat ners & A
Sinclair, H 1	Whimater, D.B., 9	
Stewart, Arch15	White, Jos 3	Anderson, John
Stewart, Donald 6	Whyte, Jas 3	Barkie, J P
Smellis, Gco12	Wilson, And 4	Bethune, John
Smith, John 6	Wilson, T 10	Brimlette, T
Smith, J.W	Windell, W.C 5	Bruce, G
Smith, TW 0	Wishart, D 4	Bryant, Jas
Stevenson, A 9	Wright, P11	Burnett, JRS
Stevenson, R 3	Young, Alex I	Cameron, J
Stewart, Jas 3	Young, G.P 7	Carswell, James
Stewart, John14	Young, S18	Chesnut, J W

Ministers without	Christie, W M
charge & retired.	Cochrane, J
charge a rettreat	Currie, Hector
Cairns, Jas	Currie, Hugh
Cheyne, G	Currie, N
Clark, W D	Dowsby, A
Coutts, D	Elliott, Joseph
Donaldson, Jas	Ferguson, James
Duff, John	Gindlay, A
Dunlop, J J	Fotheringham, T
Fayette, J S A F	Gilray, Allen
Fletcher, C	Gemley, James
Fotheringham, J	Gunn, Ř F
Fordon, II	Johnson, D C
Frant, G	Leishman, John
lay, Wm	Lyman, B
nglis, Wm	Martin, W M
Kennedy, A	Munro, J M
Lawrence, G	McDiarmid, N
Lochend, W M	McGregor, H
lowry, M	McKechnie, L
JeKay, R D	McKutchon, J
McKenzie, D	McKellar, H
felville, A	McLeod, F J
Milne, A	McLennan, D H
Robertson J	McPherson, H H
Scott, John	McRae, Alex
stuart, W	McRobbie, G G
,	, Richardson, W
Probatners & Miss.	Scott, J B
	Sinclair, Gavin
Anderson, John	Somerville, John
	114

Stewart, James Thomson, T

Urquhart, Edw

Thynne, R Torrance, E F

Vincent, E

Wright, W Young, W C

Watt, R

Sc an ba

DEATHS.

	Ministers who	died during ecclesiast	ical year ending	June 2nd, 1874.
No	NAME.	CONGREGATION.	PRESBYTERY.	DATE OF DEAT
		rd Vaughan & Albion.		
		Without Charge		
		Port Elgin		
4	Jas. Barron, A	.M. Without Charge	Kingston	.26th Sept., 187

STATISTICS.

The Statistical Report of the Canada Presbyterian Church may be of prised under four heads :-- The FIELD in which the Church works; the BOURERS therein; their SUSTENTATION; the RESULTS of their labour-

I. The FIELD. It extends over the country that lies between Metis the St. Lawrence and New Westminster on the Pacific, and thus compre the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, and British Columbia. In vast district the Canada Presbyterian Church held during 1873-4, Regular Charges (being an increase of 17 over preceding year); 79 vacance and 86 Mission Stations, being an increase of 11 over preceding year.

Christie, W M Cochrane, J Currie, Hector Currie, Hugh Currie, N Dowsby, A Elliott, Joseph Ferguson, James Gindlay, A Fotheringham, Ti Gilray, Allen Gemley, James Gunn, Ŕ F Johnson, D C Leishman, John Lyman, B Martin, W M Munro, J M McDiarmid, N McG egor, H McKechnie, L Mckutchon, J McKellar, H McLeod, F J McLennan, D H McPherson, II H McRae, Alex McRobbie, G G Richardson, W Scott, J B Sinclair, Gavin Somerville, John Stewart, James Thomson, T Thynne, R Torrance, E F Urquhart, Edw Vincent, E Watt, R Wright, W

Young, W C

June 2nd, 1874.

DATE OF DEA:
..29th Aug., 1873.
..21st Sept., 1873.
..26th Sept., 1877.

Church may be of their labour. It is between Metis and thus comprose Columbia. In during 1873-4, [year]; 79 vacance ceeding year.

re thus in all 815 regularly recognized *centres* of Christian work, (having conected with them 28,260 families and 50,702 communicants) whence the seed being scattered over the field).

II. The LABOURERS. They consist of 329 Pastors, being an increase of 4 over preceding year; 33 Probationers, 116 Missionaries, (ordained, student, ettechist), 1,987 Elders, 3,091 Deacons or Managers, and 4,094 Sabbath School Teachers. The workers thus consist of (1) a band of 478 educated and trained men who devote their whole time to gospel ministrations; (2) a band of 9,172 men and women, part only of whose time is given to ruling, or to finance, or to instruction of the young.

III. SUSTENTATION. For the support of settled Pastors there has been contributed during the year \$237,901.25, an increase over last year of \$15,-619.51, giving an average stipend of over \$700 to each pastor.

IV. RESULTS. These it is difficult to weigh or number. The following rults are however on the surface. There have been added to the church by baptim 4,703, by profession of faith or certificate 5,847. In Sabbath Schools 35,020 have been under instruction, and 9,269 in Bible Classes. The gospel has been reached to 141,190 hearers, the sacrament of the Supper dispensed to 50,702 communicants. Twenty-one new manses have been erected, and 28 churches, while a total of \$619,359.30 has been collected and expended in carrying on, at home and abroad, the Lord's work. It should be remarked that the difference between some of the figures given above and the figures in the appended Summry is owing to our including in the above remarks some reports that came too late for the Statistical Tables.

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.

TABLE I .- Average for year ending 31st March, 1874.

The following is the average contribution of each Family and each communicant throughout the Church to the enterprises in which she is engaged:

For Stiper 1 Promised	\$8.23	per family,	and \$4.66 pe	r Communicant.
Paid	8.33		4.71	
Expended on Church or Manse	5.71	66	3.23	4.4
Other Congregat'n'l Contri'ns.	3.21	4.6	1.81	66
Av. Con. for Cong'l Purposes.		4.6	9.69	• • •
College Fund	-43	4.6	.24	
Home Mission Fund	.62	**	·35	""
Foreign Mission Fund	.31	66	81.	"
W. & O. A. & In. Min's,' Fund	.13	"	.07	66
Assembly Fund	. 10		.06	66
French Evangelization	. 1.4	• 6	.08	4+
Kankakee Mission	.07		.04	4.
Total for Schemes of Church	1.97	6+	1.11	4.6
College Buildings	1.02	66	58	"
Penevolent Objects	.87	"	.41	**
verage for all Purposes			arly 11.90	6.6

Montreal Toronto Hamilton London Manitoba Total (inc. Delayed Ret's)	NAME OF			Delayed Ret's.	Montreal Toronto Hamilton London Manitoha	NAME OF SYNOD.
aved Ret's)	, J a		232564 75	230764 75 1800 00	\$ c. 49291 91 55268 22 69875 66 55165 46 1163 50	Stipend paid by Con- gregations alone.
88 25 5 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Ministers. No. of Vacancies.	Тлвге	75 159491 64	157711 83 1779 81	c. 8 c. 91,53363 83 22,24942 744 66,53378 444 46,24187 81 50 1839 00	Amount expended on Church or Mansed ing the year.
17 132 10 195 3 152 3 148 14	Mission Stations. Regular Charge.	III.—C	64,89540 27	88733 14 807 13	\$ c. 20828 91 24160 83 25166 95 18303 70 272 751	All other Contribution not otherwise report
4 : 4 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 5 :	Not in Regular Charge.	III.—Church Officers and work from 1st April, 18,3, to	271 11972 17	$\begin{smallmatrix} 11947 & 17 \\ 25 & 00 \end{smallmatrix}$	2562 74 2562 74 2690 49 1716 92 31 16	College Fund.
	No. of Communicants.	ficers an	17484	$^{16890}_{594}\ ^{22}$	3768 4601 4880 3591	Home Mission Fund.
9893 410 646 10542 830 678 16173 959 928 11716 610 625 129 20 11 49315993 9914	Certificate. Addition	d work	25 8711 681	8678 68 <u>}</u>	c. \$ c. 661701 69 462513 77 412430 56 99 2032 66}	Foreign M ission Fun
692 760 1343 708	Diminution by Death, Removal, Sec.	from 1st	3836 37	3825 37 11 00	\$ C 927 21 1093 291 1036 38 755 141 13 34	Widows and Orphas Aged Ministers' Fu
20 22 22 26 26 26 27 28	Adults.	'April,	2966 802	2954 30 ₂ 12 50	\$ c. 582 50 668 4 9 929 79 773 52]	Assembly Fund.
6074 2241 7988 2179 10875 2568 8531 2034 89 94	Sabbath School. Bible Class.	18,3, 1	4073	4056 05 17 00	1356 48 1856 48 1007 93 1007 93	French Evangelizati
9 488 75 9 488 75 8 574 89 4 458 75 9 1987 300	No. of cluers, No. of other Off,-bearers,	0 31st 1	05.2148 98	2134 95 14 00	\$ c 406 94 459 65 580 25 688 14	Kankakee Mission.
664 738 5 720 982 5 895 1374 4 895 1374 4 740 893 1 740 893 1 740 893 1	Sab. School Teachers	31st March, 1874.	1428 69	1423 69 5 00 .	\$ C. 932 741 1466 16 1462 02 562 77	Sabbath School Conbutions for Mission
2407 17344 2349 21849 4955 22711 1220 23544 200 300	Congregational.	1874.	28645 2-385	28645 24	18627 5 8467 5 8467 5	College Building Fu
14 30108 19 32070 19 32070 14 340397 14 34985 141190	No, of sittings in each C.			24385 02 58 63 18	5881 7711 5881 7711 9575 2518 5127 9211 9658 88 11 141 25	Lenevolent Objects otherwise specified
6074 2241 423 664 738 2407 17344 30108 7 Ch., 6 M. 7088 2179 488 720 982 2349 21849 32070 2 Ch., 6 M. 10975 2568 574 8951374 4955 22711 40297 0 Ch., 7 M. 8531 2034 458 740 893 1220 23544 34985 19 Ch., 2 M. 859 94 13 29 23 200 300 620	Did Congregation build Church or Manse		20 585859 91	580820 76 5079 15	8 C. 15074C GI 139519 515 173788 385 113238 405 3527 845	Total Contributions Congregational puposes, Schemes of Ch. & Ben't Object
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	during the year?		196	ლ ლ		Is there a Manse?

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tipend paid by Congregations alone.

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All other Contribution not otherwise reper

Home Mission Fund

Aged Ministers' Fd

Assembly Fund.

French Evangelization

Kankakee Mission.

Sabbath School Coat

Henevolent Objects otherwise specified

Total Contributions Congregational property of the congregation of

Ch. & Ben't Object

butions for Mission

College Fund.

Church or Mansed ing the year.

COLLEGES OF THE CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

1.-KNOX COLLEGE, TORONTO.

thens on the first Wednesday of October, and closes on the first Wednesday of April.

PRINCIPAL, -The Rev. William Caven.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

Rev. J. M. King, M.A., Convener.

Revds, R. Dewar, J. McCall, R. Torrance, J. Breekenridge, W. Donald, T. Wardrope, and the Professors and Lecturers of the College.

STAFF OF INSTRUCTORS.

Rev. Principal Caven, Professor of Exegeties and Biblical Criticism.

William Gregg, M.A., Professor of Apologetics and Church History.

William McLaren, Professor of Systematic Theology. Dr. Proudfoot, Lecturer in Homiletics, &c.

Hebrew is taught by Prof. Hirschfelder, in University College.

Prof. J. W. Taverner, Teacher of Elocution.

P. Straith, M.A., and A. M. Hamilton, M.A., Classical Tutors.

CLASSES—FIRST YEAR—Exegetics, Principal Caven; Biblical Criticism, Foreign Mission Fur Principal Caven; Apologetics, Professor Gregg; Church History, Professor Gregg; Systematic Theology, Professor McLaren.

SECOND YEAR.—Exegetics, Principal Caven; Church History, Professor Widows and Orphan Gregg; Systematic Theology, Professor McLaren; Homiletics, &c., Dr. Proud-

THIRD YEAR.—Exegetics, Principal Caven; Systematic Theology, Professor McLaren; Homiletics, &c., Dr. Proudfoot.

Students of the First Year are required to prepare a Homily; of the Second Year, a Lecture; and of the Third Year, a Sermon, a Critical Exercise, and a Latin Thesis.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND BURSARIES.

The following Scholarships and Bursaries were offered for the Session 1874-75:-

For Students of First Year in Theology.

Bayne Scholarship, \$50 for proficiency in Hebrew: Examination on Entering Theology.

Gallies Scholarship, (I.) \$40 for Systematic Theology: Closing Examination. College Building Fur

Goldie Scholarship, \$40 for Exegetics, Closing Examination.
Goldies (II.) \$40 for Church History, Closing Examination. Gillies 66

Danbar \$40 for Apologetics, Heron 66 \$40 for Biblical Criticism,

Students of Second Year.

Alexander Scholarship, (I.) \$50, General Proficiency in the Classes, Closing Examination.

Bonar Scholarship, \$40, Church History, Closing Examination.

oghrin, \$50, Systematic Theology, Closing Examination.

Sexander " (II.) \$50. Exegetics, Closing Examination.

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Students of Third Year,

Fisher Scholarship, (I.) \$60, Systematic Theology, Closing Examination, Fisher Scholarship, (II.) \$60, Exegetics, Closing Examination. \$60, Essay on the Nature of Regeneration; to Central Ch.

given in not later than the 31st of October.

Students of Second and Third Years,

Lindsay Scholarship, \$40, Homiletics, &c., Closing Examination. Esson Scholarship, (I.) \$60, Biblical Church History, Closing Examination Esson Scholarship, (II.) \$40, Biblical Church History, Closing Examinat.

Students of First, Second and Third Years.

Clark Prize, (Lange's Commentary), New Test. Greek, Closing Examination Galbraith Prize, (Lange's Commentary), Hebrew, Closing Examination. Prince of Wales Prize, \$60 for two years. Essay-"Is man free in Consion?": open to 1st and 2nd year's Students. Essay to be given in later than 31st October.

His Excellency the Earl of Dufferin has generously signified his intent. of giving a silver medal and a bronze medal annually, during his stay Canada, to be awarded as may seem best to the Senate. The department the College in which, and the conditions under which these medals shall offered to competition, will be announced at the opening of each Session.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR UNIVERSITY STUDENTS OFFERED BY BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

To encourage Students to take a University Course, a limited number of Scholaris offered for competition to Undergraduates of the University of Toronto, who are presented in the University of Toronto, and the Univer enting their studies with a view to enter the Ministry of the Canada Presbyterian Chu The following Scholarships are offered :-

Two Scholarships of the value of \$00 and \$50 will be open for competition to Stud who have passed successfully their Matriculation examination; two of the value of 860 850, to Students entering on the second year of their course; two of the value of 860 850, to Students entering on the third year; and one of the value of \$50, to Students c ing on their fourth year.

The examination will take place in Knox College, and on the following subjects:-

FOR STUDENTS OF THE FIRST YEAR. Homer, Illad, B. L. Xenophon, Anabasis, B. I., chaps. vii. viii. Euclid, I. II. III. Algebra, first four Rules and Simple Equa-

Virgil, Æneid, B. H.

Cicero for the Manilian Law. English Grammar and Composition. Outlines of English History

Outlines of Ancient and Modern Geography. FOR STIDENTS OF THE SECOND YEAR. Nenophon, Anabasis, B. \

Homer, Iliad, B. VI. Euclid, B. L., H., HL, and IV. Algebra, Quadratic Equations, livy, B. ', chap. i. to xxv. Horace, Odes, B. III.

Orthographical, Etymological, and Rhetorical Forms of the English Language. (Fowler's English Lauguage, Parts III., IV..

and VII.)

FOR STUDENTS OF THE THIRD YEAR.

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Demosthenes, Phillippies, I., H. Statics, (Cherryman's); or, Elements General and Comparative Physiology. Hallam's History of the Middle Ages, chi i., (part 2nd) v., viii. Virgil, Georgies, B. IV. Translation from English into Latin Pri Murray's Logic, (Walker's Edition.) Locke, H., III., IV.

FOR STUDENTS OF THE FOURTH YEAR

Euripides, Alcestis. Reid, Intéllectual Powers. Calderwood's Hand-hook of Moral P. sophy.
Paley, Natural Theology.
Livy, B. XXI Horace, Satires, B. H. Nicholson's Text-book of Zoology. Hebrew Granumar.

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gnified his intental during his stay.
The department ese medals shall of each Session.

ED BY BOARD OF

number of Scholars Toronto, who are pr la Presbyterian Che

competition to Studen of the value of \$600 of the value of \$600 of \$50, to Students of

ollowing subjects :-OF THE THIRD YEAR.

ppies, I., II. n's); or, Element-parative Physiology. the Middle Ages, cha /iii.

IV nglish into Latin Pr ilker's Edition.)

F THE FOURBLE YEAR

owers. -book of Moral Pl

ology.

ock of Zoology.

PREPARATORY COURSE, KNOX COLLEGE.

Classical Tuition is provided in Knox College for such Students as are

able to take a full University Course.

Students availing themselves of this tuition are required to give three cars' attendance on certain classes, (as indicated below) in University College, and to pass the terminal examinations in these classes.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

Entrants on the Preparatory Course, Knox College, will be examined on the following subjects :-

Latin: Grammar; and Cæsar de Bello Gallico, Book I.

Greek: Grammar; and Xenophon, Anabasis, B. I., chap. i. to v.

English: Geography; Grammar; History of England; Arithmetic; Euclid. rst book : Algebra, first four Rules.

N.B.—It is absolutely necessary that Students applying for admission pass a fair examination on the above subjects.

Students desirous of entering the Second Year of the Literary Course be required to pass an examination in the following subjects, in addition those prescribed for entrants on the First Year :-

Lain: Virgil, B. II., Sallust's Jugurthine War, chap. i. to xlii.

Cek: Iliad, B. I, Xenophon, Anabasis, B. I., chap. vi. to x.

thematics: Euclid, Books I., II., III., and Algebra, to Simple Equations, finclusive).

English: Composition, Orthographical. Etymological, and Rhetorical Forms of the Language, (Fowler's English Literature, Parts III., IV., VII.)

N.B.—The Senate of Knox College and the Board of Examiners are of opinion that the Preparatory Course should not be shorter than three Sessions, unless in cases of very exceptional attainments on the part of those entering. A really creditable examination, therefore, on the above subjects, must be passed below any candidate can get the standing of a Second year Student on first appearing.

H.-PRESBYTERIAN COLLEGE, MONTREAL.

Opens on the first Wednesday of October, and closes on the first Tuesday of April

PRINCIPAL. -- The Rev. D. H. McVicar, LL.D.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

Rev. J. M. Gibson, M.A., Chairman.

Rev. R. F. Burns, D.D.,

Re . Prin. MacVicar, LL.D., Prof. Campbell, M.A.

J. Watson, A.M., . . I. Crombie, M.A.,

" Prof. Coussirat, B.D., M.A.,

W. Moore, A. J. Traver, M.A.,

Rev. R. M. Thornton, B.A.

SENATE.

Rev. Principal MeVicar, LL.D., Chairman. Rev. J. M. Gibson, M.A., Secretary.

Rev. Prof. Campbell, M.A.,

Prof. Coussirat, B.D., M.A.,

W. Taylor, D.D., R. F. Burns, D.D.,

Rev. J. Watson, A.M., " D. Paterson, A.M.,

Hon. Justice Torrance, Principal Dawson, LL.D.

STAFF.

Rev. D. H. McVicar, LL.D., Principal, and Professor of Sytematic Theol and Homiletics.

Rev. John Campbell, M.A., Professor of Church History and Homiletics. Rev. D. Coussirat, B.D., M.A., Professor of Sacred Criticism, &c. in French).

Rev. John Scrimger, Lecturer in Old and New Testament Exegesis. Rev. A. DeSola, LL.D., Professor of Oriental Languages, (in McGill Colle

Mr. J. Andrews, Lecturer in Elocution.

S. P. Robins, M.A., Lecturer and Instructor in the Theory and Practical Music.

Mr. W. J. Dey, M.A., and Mr. John Alian, B.A., Classical and Mather cal Tutors. cal Tutors.

Rev. J. Wellwood, Librarian.

MEDALS, SCHOLARSHIPS, CERTIFICATES OF HONOUR, &C.

The following distinctions and rewards are open to competition in theological course:-

To Students Entering the First Year.

The John Redpath Scholarship of Fifty dollars. For General Profic in all the subjects of the entrance examination.

To Students of the First Year.

I. A Scholarship of the value of One Hundred Jollars. For General? ficiency in all the subjects (pass and honour) of the Sessional Examination the First Year.

II. A Scholarship of the value of Seventy dollars. For General Proficial in all the subjects (pass and honour) of the Sessional Examination of the F year.

III. A Scholarship of the value of Fifty dollars. For General Proficie in all the subjects (pass and honour) of the Sessional Examination of the F Year.

To Students of the Second Year.

I. A Scholarship of the value of One Hundred dollars. For General Pa ciency in all the subjects (pass and honour) of the Sessional Examination the Second Year.

II. A Scholarship of the value of Seventy dollars. For General Proficient in all the subjects (pass and honour) of the Sessional Examination of Second Year.

III. A Scholarship of the value of Fifty dollars. For General Proficie in all the subjects (pass and honour) of the Sessional Examination of Second Year.

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f Sytematic Theol

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r General Proficie Examination of

To Students of the Third Year.

For General Proficiency in all the subjects (pass and I. A Gold Medal. nour) of the Sessional Examination of the Third Year. II. A Silver Medal. For General Proficiency in all the subjects (pass and anour) of the Sessional Examination of the Third Year.

III.—MANITOBA COLLEGE, WINNIPEG.

The classes in Manitoba College were begun on the 10th of November, 1871, by the Rev. George Bryce, M.A., a graduate of and examiner in the University of Toronto, and at the time of his appointment assistant in Chalbeen maintaining classes in classics, and Mr. D. B. Whimster, sent out by the Home Mission Committee, had given instruction in English and mathematics. The Rev. John Black took during the first year several classes in Greek and Letin. A master also gave instruction in commercial subjects. The College to an with seven students, and during the first session this number rose to

enteen.

During the summer of 1872 arrangements had been made between the peory and Practic shod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church Scotland and the Assembly for joint action in college and missionary work. sical and Mather Accordingly, this session began with the Rev. Thomas Hart, M.A., a graduate of Queen's College, Kingston, and favourably known in Central Canada as Principal of the Perth Grammar School, in charge of classics and French. A mmercial teacher was also employed. There were during this session 24 students on the roll, at various stages of advancement. A strict and full examination was held at the end of each of the three terms.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

A. G. Bannatyne, Chairman; D. Sinclair, D. McArthur, Rev. John Plack, Hon. William Fraser, John Sutherland, M.P.P., Hon. D. A, Smith, M.P., G. McMicken, John F. Bain, Rev. S. Donaldson, Rev. A. Matheson, K. McKenzie, Hon. D. Gunn, Rev. Thomas Hart, Rev. Professor Bryce.

STAFF OF INSTRUCTORS.

Rev. Ge ge Bryce, M.A., Professor of Science and Literature. Rev. Thomas Hart, M.A., Professor of Classics and French.

Mr. D. D. Frazer, (Knox and University Colleges), resident tutor and elementary teacher.

Steward, J. Villiers.

MEDALS, BURSARIES AND PRIZES.

The prizes, &c, awarded last year were distributed at the public opening on the 5th of January. No bursary or prize is awarded except when a certain andard of merit is reached. The bursaries are in money, the prizes in books. The following are the donors, amounts and recipients :-

III. Form, Gordon Bursary, (Joseph McKay, Esq., Montreal), W. Black..\$40 Prize, (Manitoba College), W. R. Sutherland.......... 10 Form, Prize, (P. Peebles, Esq., Quebec), S. Polson........... 10 Extra Prize, (Manitoba College), R. Laurie................... 10 nglish Reading, J. McBeth. 5
cripture Reading, R. McBeth. 2

The Senate has, in this connection, to mention that the Governor-Gene has expressed his intention of giving annually to the College, during his star Canada, a silver medal. The Senate has agreed to award that medal to best student of the highest form who reaches a requisite standard, and expressed to Lord Dufferin its appreciation of his thoughtfulness and generos

HOME MISSION WORK.

Home Missions are to the Church what the nursery is to the orchard. the work of Home Missions to create new congregations, and to foster them: strength, till they become self-sustaining. Its Home Missions is therefore "Scheme" of a rising or falling church. There are five fields loudly claim help at present. I. The PROVINCE OF QUEBEC—Very interesting work going on here under the French Students of Montreal Theological I 2. Muskoka—The Rev. Mr. Marples works this district as a sort of Mission Bishop, assisted by Probationers, Students, and members of the Presby of Simcoe. Three new churches are being erected. 3. LAKE SUPE REGION—This is a mining country, and its population of a very mixed acter. Appointments have been made for two years or more to (a) Saul Marie, (b) Silver Islet, (c) Prince Arthur's Landing. 4. MANITOBA-In Province the Canada Presbyterian Church, and the Presbyterian Churd connection with the Church of Scotland, have forestalled the coming U: by labouring now in unison. This immense North-west, into which new lers are crowding from all parts of the Dominion, will tax the energy liberality of the Church to its utmost for a generation or two to come present matters in Manitoba stand thus:

Sustentation of Ministry.—a. Winnipeg, self-sustaining, raises \$ b. Palestine, &c., promises \$325 for tirst year. c. Burnside and Porta-Prairie, promises \$400 for first year. d. High Bluff, Poplar Points probably, only \$200 promised yet. c. Headingly and Boyne, probably!—\$150 each. f. Little Britain, &c., almost certain of \$300, but on act of the famine can do not ing just now. g. Springfield and Sunnyside tainly \$150.

Building Churches during the Year—Knox Church has been again enlate Little Britain, Church creeted; Rockwood, Church creeted.

Being Erected now-Springfield Church; Burnside Church.

Decided on to be Era ted - Sunnyside Church; Palestine Church; B. Church.

5. BRITISH COLUMBIA—When the Pacific Railway is built, a g Home Mission field will open up to the west of the Rocky Mountains, the at present, as the Rev. Mr. Jamieson remarks, there is "little or no optunity for interesting results."

The agents in the Home department of the Church's work are as follow (1). Ministers and Licentiates, 10; (2). Probationers, 45; (3). Theolog Students employed during the Summer months, 64; (4). Student Catechists (5.) Lay Catechists, 6.—Total, 151.

The following table exhibits Home Mission work in the two-fold dements of assisting, 1. Weak Stations; 2. Supplementing Weak Congregation

he Governor-Gene ge, during his stay d that medal to e standard, and ilness and generos

to the orchard, I and to foster themsions is therefore fields loudly claimly interesting wor at Theological E as a sort of Missic ers of the Presby 3. LAKE SUPE of a very mixed more to (a) Saula, MANITOBA—In resbyterian Churdled the coming U, into which newsill tax the energy or two to come

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way is built, a good Mountains, the s' little or no of

s work are as follow , 45; (3). Theoleg . Student Catechist

in the two-fold design Weak Congregation

Total	1 Montreal 2 Brockville 3 Ottawa 4 Kingston 5 Cohourg 6 Ontario 7 Toronto 8 Sincoe 9 Owen Sound 10 Hamilton 11 Paris 12 Guelph 13 Bruce 14 Durham 15 London 16 Chatcham 17 Stratford 18 Stations under H M. Com. 20 Stations under H M. Com. 20 Kations under H M. Com. 21 Knox Coll Stud Miss Socy	Presbytchies.
	8-13-48-48-11-8-11-8	Mission Fields.
	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Aid Requirea.
	::: -:: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Gaelic Needed.
200	85: 32275 1122 1 5: 3176 8 8 25 15	No. of Preaching Stations.
19976	916 1190 1291 1291 1391 1391 1391 1391 1391 1391	Average Attendance.
	214 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	Families connected with the Mission Field.
	1175 124 124 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137	Communicants.
200	395 200 100 209 507 507 508 508 508 508 508 508 508 508 508 508	Attendance at Bible Class and S. School.
2490	8: : 0 86:	No. of Sabbaths Supplied during the year.
376 25	6. 154786546648861788822 4 6. 254786868686558666	Amount per Sabbath promised by Stations.
1035 79	1244 80 11244 80 11244 80 1124 80 1124 80 1127 90 1137 90 1137 90 1132	Amount paid by Stations for Supplies during year.
7184 00	200 00 22 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	Amount paid for Building,
70 BEL		Home Mission Grant per Sabbath for the year.
10067 58	\$615 55 60 1016 58 152 60 60 50 75 60 60 50 60 60 50 75 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	Amount received from H. M. Committee during the year.

Total	18 Huron	17 Stratford	16 Chatham	14 Durham	13 Bruce	12 Guelph	II Paris	IO Hamilton	o Owen Sound	•		6 Ontario	_	4 Kingston		2 Brockville	I Montreal		PRESBYTERIES.
67					-		٠	_	-		_	•	•	•	<u>. </u>		<u>:</u>		Congregations.
79	- 2									40.0							-		Churches.
79.2)	-	-	ب دن		-	:	: ,	دن	$: \]$	_	'						S		Manse.
5776 00 3015 4388	600 00	:	300 00	:	:	26 00		650 00	:	70 00		1240 00	:	:	1000 00	:	1890 00	\$ cts.	Debt on Church Property.
3015	70 23	127												417	191	115			Families connected with Congregation.
4388	33	241	158	136	114	281	76	390	128	178	207	134	189	490	301	227	640		Communicants.
9094	250 80	500	944 410	330	350	360	140	555	285	330	380	215	385	1145	675	310	1450		Average Attend- ance.
23023 56	145 00 463 00	950 00	929 50	740 00	800 00	1064 36	400 00	2264 12	1050 00	1050 00	1370 00	695 45	900 00	2675 13	1082 00	1720 00	2225 00	\$ cts.	Amount of Salary contributed by Congregation during the year.
8583 17	35 00 1000 00	125 00	300 00	200 00	225 00	299 00	100 00	125 00	350 00	125 00	371 00	346 00	575 00	701 00	325 00	717 70	1598 15	8	Total Supplement received from H. M. Com. during the year.
489 3	00 137 00		: :	:	:	:	:	30 0 0	:		:	:	:	:	:	262 0	60 37	\$ cts	Arrears of Stipend due by Congregation.
8583 17 489 37 1529 65	0 I2 00	:	180 75	:	. 87 15	. 51 78	28	189	:	<u>. </u>	:	39 30	. 192 25	: 14 54	. 131 52	138		69	Amount contributed to the science of the Church during the year.

total receipts for Home Missions for the year 1773-4, are as follows:

From Presbyteries of the Church.......\$20,581 27

Hom resolvence in the chart \$20,381 27
Knox College Missionary Society 2,385 22
Montreal " " 1,099 47
Mission Stations in Manitoba 445 00

Taking the sum of \$24,430 96 as against \$21,242 90 for 1872-73.

In this connection it may be allowed to quote here the words in which the liter of Grant's Presbyterian Year Book concludes his review of the Home

"The Home Mission is one of the most important schemes of the Free Church. The late Mr. Handyside, who watched over it with an anxious olicitude, and who was ever ready to encourage a faithful worker, regarded to as the scheme of the Church. Often have we heard him say, 'If I had ouble the collection I could turn it to good account in the Home Field.' It not too much to say that, but for her Home Mission, the Free Church of sotland would have become by this time a mere sect in the land. Her contegations which, at the Disruption, numbered something less than 500, numer at this moment above 900. This increase is mainly owing to her Home ission; and every year, through the same agency, is she adding to the numer. From this it is not difficult to see that her success as a Church, and the coess of all her schemes, depend upon the prosperity of her Home Mission, brough its agency she goes to the eareless, and arouses them y she follows e lapsed, and raises them up."

Debt on irch Property.

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FOREIGN MISSIONS.

In this department of Christian work it is as yet the day of small things ith the Canada Presbyterian Church. Its Missions embrace, as their field of bour, the Saskatchewan, China and India.

SASKATCHEWAN—This is a Mission to the Cree Indians, having its centre of Prince Albert, which at the beginning of the Mission was some 400 miles test of the nearest white settlement; but the "whites" are pushing westwards, the red man as usual retiring before them, so that the Indian camping grounds are now 200 miles further west than at the beginning of the Mission, while Prince Albert is fast becoming a regular settlement of white people. Now hat Mr. Nisbet is dead, it is with melancholy interest we read this description of his work from his own pen.

"The Church is well filled every Sabbath. We have fortnightly Sabbath ervice in the house of one of the settlers six miles west of this, and an occasional service in another's seven miles east, and in each of these sections a ortnightly prayer meeting is held. In the Church a Sabbath school, Bible class, and weekly lecture are maintained. The communion was held November 30th, when *eleven* names were added to the roll. Five of those received were members of our Church in Ontario and Manitoba, five were connected with the Episcopal Church in this country, and one was received on examination. There are 44 names on the Gommunion Roll. There have been 21 Baptisms since September, 1872. Of those baptized, three were adult Indians and six were Indian children. There have been two marriages during the same period, one of which was that of an Indian couple."

Formosa—This Island, with a population of 2,500,000, lying in the China Sea, between 22 and 25 deg. north latitude is about 245 miles long and 100 miles wide at its broadest part, being thus somewhat about the size of Scotland. It is not unlike Scotland in its scenery. A ridge of snow coveremountains, the highest summit of which is 12,000 feet (nearly thrice the height of Ben Nevis), intersects the Island from north to south; the declivities clothewith trees and pasture grounds, watered by mountain streams running dow to the sea, looked so beautiful in the eyes of the Portuguese that they called the island "Formosa," or the beautiful island. The productions of the island are, wheat, millet, maize, sugar-cane, oranges, pine-apple, guava-cocoa-nuts, areca-nuts, peaches, apricots, figs, grapes, pomegranates, chesnumelons, and vegetables of various kinds are also grown in large quantities. It addition to rice, camphor, salt, sulpher, maize, fruits, timber and other produce are exported from the island.

The Dutch became masters of the island in 1632, from which however they were expelled by the famous pirate Coxinna, whose followers held the country until its present masters, the Chinese, obtained possession. Here the Rev. Mr. McKay, the Missionary of the Canada Presbyterian Church, is not labouring. Dr. Fraser, a son of the Rev. Mr. Fraser, one of the Assembly Clerks, joins Mr. McKay this year as Medical Missionary. To show the nature and results of the work thus far, we subjoin a few sentences from one

of Mr. McKav's letters:

It is now about a year since I admitted five into communion on profession of faith, a I rejoice in being able to state that they have faithfully followed the Lord Jesus, and for lessly testined to the truth unto this day. The only man I brought from the south or memorated the dying love of Jesus with us a year ago. Since that time he has been crue murdered and bely aded in the woods; his headlessbody is yonder by the winding path, his is not is in the highest heavens with the Lord of Glory. Last Sabbath we observed the Lord's Supper at Go-ko-khin, where the first chapel was erected. There I admitted for old and three young men, who have steadfastly followed the Lord since they first heards gospel. The five who were admitted last year were present, so that exactly twelve me converts sat around the table of the Lord. In a quit retired spot, away from the disploid heathenism and the inquisitive gaze of outsiders, with our usual hearers present, we hap recious communion. I believe the Master was with us. I never enjoyed a sweeter of munion in America, Scotland, or my dear native land. Several of the hearers scenarous day and all appeared serious and thoughtful during the services. If any heart we touched, if any soul was awakened, to Jehovah alone be the everlasting praise and glory.

INDIA—Two young women, Misses Roger and Fairweather have bee designated to India (where they now are), and appointed to labour under the control and care of the Board of Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, as the Canada Presbyterian Church has no missions of its owin that country.

RECEIPTS.		
Balance from last year	\$ 5150	56
Receipts during year	12084	44
PAYMENTS.		
British Columbia, balance	\$ 148	
On account of Saskatchewan Mission	4395	55
" China	1806	31
India, Misses Fairweather and Rodgers	188 6	54
Expenses of the Committee	137	35
Proportion of General Expenses	200	00
" Salary of Agent	230	00
Balance on hand	8431	25
•		— \$17235 α

245 miles long and about the size of the of snow covered about the size of the of snow covered about the size of the declivities clothered ams running down as that they called productions of the pine-apple, guavalegranates, chesnutarge quantities. In the of the production of the pine-apple, guavalegranates, chesnutarge quantities. In the of the production of the pine-apple and other productions of the pine-apple about the production of the

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profession of faith, at

e Lord Jesus, and fer t from the south on time h**e** has been crue. withe winding path, bil bbath we observed to There I admitted far ince they first heard : t exactly twelve na away from the dispohearers present, we ha enjoyed a sweeter col of the hearers seem ices. If any heart w ting praise and glory. weather have her to labour under the rian Church in th

missions of its ow

8431 25 ------ \$17235 α The Four following Churches stand here compared as to their position in regard to Foreign Missions:

· NAME.	Miss. Stations.	Missionaries.	Native Ministers	Communicants.
Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces	23	12	5	655

KANKAKEE MISSION.

Fourteen years ago the Rev. C. Chiniquy abandoned the Church of Rome, and along with him there went his congregation in St. Ann's and neighbourhood.

This village, situated in the County of Kankakee in Illinois, U.S., contains a population of 400 or 500, chiefly Frenci Canadians. When they first settled there they were Roman Catholics, but we the great majority of them are Protestants, belonging to four Churches—Episcopalian, Baptist both very small) American Presbyterian with 64 families and 133 members, and Mr. Chiniquy's with 162 families and 358 members. During the last three and a-half years 33 new names were added to the roll, of whom 24 were converts from Rome. There is a school connected with the Mission, with an average attendance of 85, in which the shorter Catechism is repeated and the Bible daily read.

The following table shows the receipts and expenditure for over three rears:—

-	RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.		
From	Ontario\$2651 91	Debt on Ch. when burn'd\$1088 27		
	Quebec	New Bldg. mat \$2870 51)		
46	Nova Scotia, &c 1704 66 Prince Edward's I 1014 83	" work. 2279 59 5773 40 furn'g 604 30		
4.6	New Brunswick 233 64	Insur., lightning rods, &c 451 07		
"	N. Y. & Philadelphia. 440 00	Law expenses 1252 00		
**	Ireland 739 00	Printing, Pamphlets, &c 344 80		
•••	Scotland 100 00	Salaries, of tech. & pul. sup. 654 72		
"	New Zealand 60 00	Cur. exp., coal, reward bks 270 31		
"	St. Anne 1189 00	Sundry other expenses 130 00		
	\$8939 14 Balance due 1015 43	Total\$5954 57		
	Datance (140: 1013 43			
	\$9954 57			

It has been arranged that Mr. Chiniquy is to devote himself to Evangelistic work among his countrymen in the Province of Quebec, for which he is so

eminently fitted, leaving his congregation to be supplied by a French paster when, it is expected, a union may be formed between it and the America Presbyterian Congregation, the united congregation to find its connection with the sister church in the United States.

STATE OF RELIGION.

To the questions sent down to Sessions in regard to the State of Religin the congregations of the General Assembly, replies were returned by E Sessions, the largest number that ever reported. From a conjunct view the reports these facts are inferred by the Committee:

That, in the congregations from which returns have been received, there has been most cases a considerable increase in the membership; that family worship is generated observed by heads of families that are members of the Church; that in almost every egregation there is a congregational prayer meeting, and that in some there are disc incetings for prayer, conducted by Elders or other members of the Church, in which c siderable interest has been manifested; that the congregations, with few exceptions, h a Sabbath school or schools, in which many of the elders, as well as other members of: Church, engage in the instruction of the young, and that the schools are, in some deg although not so fully as they should be, sustained by the sympathy and aid of the congations; that in the congregations there is a growing liberality in the support of God ordinances among themselves, and that in many cases a more liberal support is given the schemes of the Church; that the Sabbath is on the whole well observed, althoughe plaints come from various quarters of temptations to disregard the holy day which are readily yielded to; that intemperance is on the decrease. But that, in many communities drinking usages of the day are still exerting a most baneful influence; that in many communities are still exerting a most baneful influence; that in many communities are still exerting a most baneful influence; that in many communities are still exerting a most baneful influence; that in many communities are still exerting a most baneful influence; that in the decrease is the decrease in the decrease in the decrease. congregations there is a growing interest in the cause of Christ, as well as a more reg attendance on public ordinances; and that, among young men and young women, then a greater readiness to improve the opportunities afforded them for Bible Class instruct while a goodly number of them have joined themselves to the Lord in a perpetual cover that shall not be forgotton.

FRENCH EVANGELIZATION.

In this Mission considerable progress is being made towards rather native ministers whose home is the Province of Quebec, and whose tong the French. Misael Paradis has been licensed to preach the Gospel, is labouring in New Brunswick. There are several students in course of training for the ministry, whose spheres of labour where thus assigned last summer

I. Calvin Amaron stationed at Aylmer; 2. Telesphore Bronillette. Riviere du Loup; 3. Charles Brouillette, at Lancaster; 4. A. B. Crondin New Brunswick and Nova Scotia; 5. M. F. Bondreau, in the lumber region of the Upper Gatineau, in connection with the Miss. Soc. of the Mitreal Presbyterian Col.; 6. Charles Chavez, in the Sixes portage on the Gineau; 7. G. Mousseau, colporteur in connection with the Bible Society. 8. E. D. Pelletier, is teaching at St. Anne's, Kankakee.

The statement of accounts is as follows:-

INCOME.	EXPENDITURE.
To balance	Sundries
	H. Mission Work 661
	\$3041

Balance due....

y a French paster and the America lits connection with

he State of Religiere returned by the conjunct view

ived, there has been ly worship is generat in almost every esome there are dist. Church, in which et few exceptions, has other members of the source of the source of the support of General support is given the support of the support is given the support of the support is given the support of the support in the

and whose tongeach the Gospel, ats in course of transigned last summer sphore Bronillette, r; 4. A. B. Croneeau, in the lumber diss. Soc. of the Mesoportage on the Gether the the Bible Societies.

ENDITURE.

Coussirat .	. 1600
due	\$3041

.\$ 350

HOME AND FOREIGN RECORD.

At the beginning of the year the circulation of the *Record* was about \$,000; it is now over 12,600, showing an actual increase over the former ver, of 4,600 or nearly 66 per cent.

RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE,		
ance from last year \$9 75 seceived during the year 3051 53	Printing		
desired the second second second	Postage and distribution General expenses	391	00
	Salary of Agent Balance on hand	200	00
SADDARDI C	CHOOLE	C6-	

SABBATH SCHOOLS.

\$3061 28

Sabbath Schools are reported as increasing in number and efficiency. Conferences (congregational, sessional, or Presbyterial) are recommended, and the following topics suggested as subjects of consideration.

1. The relation of the Sabbath School to the Church.

2. The special relation of Christian parents to the Sabbath School.

3. The qualification of Sabbath School teachers.

4. The character and duties of Sabbath School teachers.

5. How all Christians may co-operate in Sabbath School work.

6. Defects in Sabbath School management.

7. W...at are the requisite to a proper instruction and government of Sabbath Schools.

8. How best to interest the Sabbath Schools in missions, so as to secure their aid in the furtherance of them.

9. The music of Sabba h Schools.

to. The importance of detrinal teaching, and of the Shorter Catechism as a text-book.

11. Are pic-nics, soirees, &c., conducive to the great end contemplated by the Sabbath School.

12. Practical suggestions as to the best methods of teaching,

13. The honour and dignity of the Sabbath School work.

14. The same lesson for all the classes in the school.15. Teachers' meetings for the study of the lesson.

16. The place and purpose of the Sabbath School.

AGED AND INFIRM MINISTER'S FUND.

There were in June last 13 aunuitants on this fund, consisting of ministers who had become old or infirm in the service of the Church, each receiving from \$100 (the lowest annuity), to \$400 (the highest annuity).

-01	RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURES.
	Bal. at beginning of year \$1,651,97	Annuities to Ministers paid \$2,496 67
VI	Receipts during year from	Proportion for Printing and
100	congregations, donations,	General Expenses 75 00
35	&c 2,349 06	Proportion for Salary of
	Interest 280 00	
		Balance
d	\$4,281 03	
		\$4,281 00
		1' 1 Amount invested 1 000 c

N.B.—Amount invested . . . 4,000 o_3

WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

Widows' and families on fund, 26; last year there were 23.

STATE OF THE FUND.	EXPENDITURES.
Municipal Debentures at	Annuities paid \$3796 ∞
par\$50400 00	Rates unpaid 64 25
Mortgages 25284 92	Invested 8452 64
Cash 1404 64	Credited to Fund for Aged
	and Infirm Ministers 1764 oc
\$77089 56	Proportion of general ex-
RECEIPTS.	penses 250 α
Balance from last year \$887 IC	Proportion of Salary of
Collections and Donations 3528 01	Agent 460 α
Ministers' Rates 1575 oc	Solicitors' Charges 43 5
Interest 4400 00	Balance
Investments falling due	
and paid 5844 49	\$16234 66
\$16234 66	

THREE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES COMPARED.

The following comparison is made between the Canada Presbyteric Church and two Presbyterian Churches in the United States that are womach its equal in strength and size.

NAMES.		Churches.	Communicants.	Families.	New Communic'ts.	Infants Baptised.	Catechumens.	Sab. Schools.	Contributions.
Reform\$d Church (Dutch)	520	489	69149	43099	6687	4378	22764	64164	\$ 1207720 E
United Presbyterian Canada Presbyterian	433	776	74833		7839	3460		49086 34257	863293 619359

From a comparison of the above figures, the following important porare seen:—I. That, while in the Reformed Church the number of minist exceeds the number of congregations (which implies that some of the congrations have two or more pastors), in the other two churches compared, number of congregations is double that of the pastors, which implies overwof pastors.

2. That Infant Baptism is falling into disuse in the Reform Church, for we find, that with 200 ministers more than the Canada Presterian Church, it has baptized, of infants, 208 less than its Canadian signature. That the Canada Presbyterian Church stands lowest of the three in prof contributions, giving only one-half of what the Reformed Church gives

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF CANADA,

IN CONNECTION WITH

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MPARED. anada Presbyteria tates that are ve

..... \$3796 ∞

64 25

8452 64

1764 00

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Contributions.

863293

2764 64164 1207720

49086 34257 619359 ving important por number of minis t some of the con urches compared, hich implies overw suse in the Reform n the Canada Pres an its Canadian sis t of the three in page med Church gives.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

List of Moderators from 1844.

1844.—Rev. John Cook, D.D.	1859.—Rev. John McMurchy.
1845.—Rev. Wm. Bell, M.A.	1860.—Rev. A. Mathieson, D.D.
1846,—Rev. G. Romanes, LL.D.	1861.—Rev. Wm. Bain, D.D. 1862.—Very Rev. W. Leitch, D.D.
1847.—Rev. Walter Roach. 1848.—Rev. John Barclay, D.D.	1863.—Rev. Jno. Campbell, M.A.
1849.—Rev. Jas. C. Muir, D.D.	1864.—Rev. Archibald Walker.
1850.—Rev. J. M. Smith, M.A.	1865.—Rev. G. Thompson, M.A.
1851.—Rev. Robert Neill, D.D.	1866.—Very Rev. W. Snodgrass, D. D
1852.—Rev. John McMorine, D.D.	1867.—Rev. K. Maclennan, M.A.
1853.—Rev. Alexander Spence, D.D.	1868.—Rev. R. Dobie.
1854.—Rev. J. Williamson, LL.D.	1869.—Rev. John Jenkins, D.D.
1855.—Rev. Alex. McKid.	1870.—Rev. Solomon Mylne.
1856.—Rev. Alexander Mann, M.A.	1871.—Rev. D. Morrison.
1857.—Rev. George Macdonnell.	1872.—Rev. John Hogg, D.D.
1858.—Rev. George Bell, LL.D.	1873.—Rev. James Patterson.

OFFICERS OF THE SYNOD:

REV. JOHN RANNIE, M.A., Moderator. REV. J. H. MACKERRAS, M.A., Clerk. JAMES CROIL, Esq., General Agent.

BOARDS AND COMMITTEES:

SUBJECTS.	CONVENERS, &C.	POST-OFFICES.
Foreign Missions	Thos. G. Smith	Kingston
Temporalities' Fund	Sir Hugh Allan, Chairman	Montreal
Queen's College Board	Wm. Ireland, SecTres	Kingston
Queen's College Senate	Very Rev. W. Snodgrass, D.D.	Kingston
	Rev. J. Hogg, D.D	
Morrin College, Gov'rs	Rev. John Cook, D.D	Quebec
	Rev. D. Morrison	
Sabbath Observance	Rev. Jas. C. Smith	Hamilton
	G. M. McDonnell, B.A	
Widows' & Orphans' Fund.	Rev. R. Campbell, M.A	Montreal
French Mission	Rev. John Jenkins, D.D	Montreal
	Rev. G. Lang	
	Rev. K. McLennan	
Statistics	James Croil, Esq	Montreal
General Sustentation	Rev. John Jenkins, D.D	Montreal
Manitoba Mission	Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, D.D.	Toronto
Mission to Lumbermen	Rev. D. M. Gordon, B.D	Ottawa
Styles & Forms of Procedure	Rev. George Bell, LL.D	Walkerto n
Cor. with Ch of Scotland	Prof. Mackerras	Kingston

Missionaries to Manitoba REV. PROF. THOS. HART, M.A REV. W. C. CLARK, Ph. D.

1. PRESBYTERY OF QUEBEC.

Meets at Quebec on	the third Wednesday of May and October.
MINISTERS.	APPOINTED. CONGREGATIONS. P. O.
John Cook, D.D	.25 Dec., 1835 Quebec Quebec
Peter Lindsay, B.A	.12 Oct., 1853. Sherbrooke Sherbrooke, Q
Duncan Anderson, M.A	.26 Dec., 1854 Point Levi Levis, Q
James McCaul, B.A	.24 Aug., 1864. Three Rivers Three Rivers, Q
Henry Edmison, M.A	. 18 Oct., 1866 Melbourne Melbourne, Q
Vacancy.—Valcartier.	
201 1 0 1 21 21 2	**

Mission Stations.—Windsor, Brompton Gore,

Licentiates .- James Douglas, BA; George Weir, M.A.; Alex. N. McQuarrie, B.A.

REV. DUNCAN ANDERSON, Presbytery Clerk.
-1
2. PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL,
Meets at Montreal on the first Tuesday of February, May, August and Nov.
James C. Muir, D.D29 Apr. 1836. Georgetown N. Georgetown, Q William Simpson16 Mar. 1840. Lachine Lachine, Q John McDonald28 June 1854. Beechridge St. Remi, Q
James Patterson 8 Sep. 1858 Hemmingford Hemmingford, ()
Donald Ross
R. Campbell, M.A10 Apr. 1862 Montreal Montreal, Q
[St. Gabriel's.
John Jenkins, D.D27 June 1865St. Paul's Montreal, Q
Donald Ross, B.D 3 Oct. 1865 Chatham & Cushing, Q
James B. Muir, M.A31 May 1865Huntingdon
J. S. Lochead, M.AII Sep. 1866 Elgin and Athelstane Kelso, Q
Charles A. Doudiet23 Aug. 1869. Montreal Point St. Charles [St. Matthew's
Charles A. Tanner27 Oct. 1869. Montreal
[St. John's
Gavin Lang 28 Nov. 1870MontrealMontreal, Q [St. Andrew's
William M. Black 7 Mar. 1871MontrealMontreal, Q [St. Mark's
D. W. Morrison, B.A 4 Mar. 1874OrmstownOrmstown
Vacancies.—Russeltown; Beauharnois; Laprairie; St. Louis de Gonzague:
St. Eustache.
Mission Stations.—Augmentation of Grenville; Montreal, East End Mis-

sion; Montreal, Victoria Mission.

Retired Ministers.—Thomas Fraser, Montreal, 14 June, 1844; Hugh Niven, Herdman's Corners, 17 Feb., 1857.

William C. Clark, Ph. D. (Manitoba), Charles G. Glass, M.A., Ord. Mis. Robert Laing, B.A., Assistant St. Paul's Church, Montreal.

REV. JAMES PATTERSON, Presbytery Clerk.

3. PRESBYTERY OF GLENGARY.

1	3. 2112021 02 021111
October.	Meets at Cornwall on the first Wednesday in February, May, Aug. and Nov.
P. O.	MINISTERS. APPOINTED, CONGREGATIONS, P. O.
. Quebec	Macpherson, M.A28 Dec. 1836. Lancaster Lancaster, O
. Sherbrooke, Q	olin Davidson Sept. 1844. Williamsburgh Williamsburgh ()
. Levis, Q	Peter Watson, B.A 4 Sept. 1856. Wiiliamstown. Williamstown, ()
.ThreeRivers,Q	George Porteous 22 Aug. 1860. Matilda Dixon's Cor., O
.Melbourne, Q	James S. Mullan31 Dec. 1861. Osnabruck Woodlands, O
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	John S. Burnet I July 1868. Martintown Martintown, O
.A.; Alex. N.	M. McNish, B.D., LL.D25 Nov. 1868. Cornwall Cornwall, O
.11. , 11cm 11.	Neil BrodieLochiel
vtery Clerk.	Vacancies.—Cote St. George; Dalhousie Mills; Indian Lands & Roxboro'.
,,	Mission Stations.—Alexandria, East Hawkesbury,
	Alexander Jamieson, B.A. Probationer.
August and Nov.	William Ferguson, M.A., Catechist.
L. Georgetown, Q	REV. JOHN S. BURNET, Clerk.
achine, Q	DD HCDWEDDW ON DEDWIN
t. Remi, Q	4. PRESBYTERY OF PERTH.
Iemmingford, 🕕	Meets at Porth and Carleton Place on the second Tuesday of January, May
undee Centre, 🖓	and September.
Iontreal, Q	Alex. Mann, M.A16 Feb. 1841. Pakenham Pakenham, O
Iontreal, Q	William Bain, D.D29 Oct. 1845. Perth Perth, O
	Solomon Mylne
Cushing, Q	Tames Wilson, M.A
Kelso, Q	William Cochrane 18 Sept. 1866. { Middleville & Dalhousie } Middleville
Point St. Charles	D. McGillivray, B.A16 July 1867. Brockville Brockville, O
ont St. Chane	John Bennett
47	R. Campbell, M.A26 Oct. 1871 { Macnab & Horton } Renfrew, O
7	506
Iontreal, Q	Vacancies.—Kitley; Lombardy & Oliver's Ferry
Montreal, Q	Mission Stations.—Darling; Palmerston; Lavant.
nonnem, G	Rev. Wm. BAIN, D.D., Presbstory Clerk.
Ormstown	DDECDWEEDY OF OTTAWA
ouis de Gonzague:	5. PRESBYTERY OF OTTAWA.
	Meets at Ottawa on the first Tuesday before the second Wednesday of January,
al, East End Mis	May and September.
	Thomas Scott 12 Jan. 1844 Plantaganet Curran, O
ne, 1844; Hugh	William T. Canning10 Oct. 1859. Oxford Oxford Mills, O.
	D. J. McLean, B.A 11 Feb. 1863. Amprior Amprior, O
M.A., Ord. Mis.	Elias Mullan
eal.	D. M. Gordon, B.D
bytery Clerk.	ames Fraser, B.A13 Jan. 1870. LitchfieldBryson, Q. oseph Gandier31 Dec. 1872. CoulongeFort Coulonge, Q.
oftery cura	Contolige, Q
1	MA CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO

	1.2
MINISTERS. APPOINTED. CONGREGATIONS. P. O.	10
Alex. Campbell, B.A 9 Oct. 1873. Westmeath Beachburgh, 0 John Fairlie 24 Feb. 1874. L'Orignal and	100
[Hawkesbury L'Orignal, O Frederick Home12 May, 1874. Buckingham and	I
[Cumberland Buckingham,	ran N
Alex. H. Cameron12 Nov. 1874 \{\begin{align*} \text{Mountain & S. Gower} \\ \text{S. Gower} \end{align*} \text{Heckston}	hn Fe
Alex. Smith23 June 1874ChelseaChelsea, Q Vacancies:—Huntley; Ross; Richmond.	aith I
Mission Stations:—Lochaber, Clarence, Cantley. Retired Ministers:—Alex. Spence, D.D., Elgin, Scotland, 27 July, 184	Ret
James Sinclair, Huntley, 24 Oct., 1853; T. Scott, Curm, O, 12 Jan., 18	hn Bo
Ordained Missionary: - Hugh J. Borthwick, M.A., 19 Feb., 1862.	One
REV. JAMES FRASER, B.A., Presbytery Clerk.	2 3
6. PRESBYTERY OF KINGSTON.	ects at
Meets at Belleville on the first Wednesday of May and August, and at Kinston on the first Wednesday of February and November.	. Macle
Robert Nett, D.D29 Jan. 1040seymoutbumblae, O	avid W
J. Williamson LL.D25 Feb. 1845. Queen's CollegeKingston, O Alexander Buchan12 Nov. 1856. Stirling Stirling	rch. Cu
J. B. Mowat, M.A 2 May 1850. Queen's College Kingston, O	Alliste
J. H. Mackerras, M.A20 Sep. 1853. Queen's College Kingston, O	ex. Mo mes Cl
G. D. Ferguson, B.A16 May 1855. Queen's CollegeKingston, O W. Snodgrass, D.D 4 Nov. 1856. Queen's CollegeKingston, O	Vaca
Thos. G. Smith I Oct. 1862KingstonKingston, O	
M. W. McLean, M.A15 Aug. 1866. Belleville Belleville, O.	anto at
James M. Gray 4 Aug. 1869. Roslin&Thurl'w Roslin, O Vacancies.—Wolfe Island; Pittsburg.	ets at
Mission Stations.—Portsmouth; Rawdon; Seymour West.	P. Sy
REV. M. W. McLean, M.A., Presbytery Clerk.	bert I
7. PRESBYTERY OF TORONTO.	bert I
Meets at Toronto on the third Tuesday of January, April, July and Octobe	W. 1
John Brown30 Aug. 1854NewmarketNewmarket, O	nes Ho urles (
James Ball	liam 1
James Carmichael 2 Oct 1860 King Laskey O	n Ho
Walter R. Ross 6 Feb. 1861 Pickering Pickering, O	A. Y
A. Maclennan, B.A 2 July 1862. Scott&UxbridgeUxbridge, O D. Macdonald, M.A11 Jan. 1865. Purple Hill & E.	W. AV
[Nottawasaga Creemore, O	ies C.
William Aitken I Nov. 1865 Vaughan Maple, O	Vaca
A. Macdonald, B.A31 Jan. 1866. Nottawasaga Collingwood,	Miss.
D. J. Macdonnell, B.D20 Nov. 1866. Toronto Toronto, O Adam Spenser 4 Aug. 1868. Darlington Bowmanville,	Retir
Donald Strachan 8 Sept. 1868. Erin Hillsburgh, O	orda
David P. Niven, B.A 1 Mar. 1870. GeorginaSutton, O	1

	PRESDITERIAN TEAR BOOK.
Р. О.	MINISTERS. APPOINTED, CONGREGATIONS. P. O.
Beachburgh, O	m Cleland 2 Aug. 1854W. Gwillimbury
.'Orignal, O	[and Innisfil. Bradford, O B. MullanFergus; O
	Fraser, B.A21 Sept. 1865 Whitby Whitby, O
Buckingham,	Macaulay 3 Oct. 1866. Caledon Mono. Mono Mills Ferguson, B.A 22 April 1868. Osprey Maple Valley
Heckston	Carmichael, M.A10 Nov. 1870. MarkhamMarkham, O
Chelsea, Q	hith Hutcheson
	Mission Stations:—New Lowell, Gravenhurst; Washago.
d on July 18 o.	Raired Ministers:—Samuel Porter, Bradford, 29 April, 1846; Alex. wis, Mono, 4 Aug., 1840; James Stuart, Toronto, 22 Aug., 1849;
O. 12 Jan., 18	hn Barclay, D.D., 6 Dec., 1842.
Feb., 1862.	Ordained Minister without a charge William McKee, B.A.
sbytery Clerk.	REV. WALTER R. Ross, Presbytery Clerk.
	8. PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA.
	cets at Lindsay on the first Tuesday of February, May, August and Nov.
gust, and at Kin	mee T. Paul
······································	vid Watson, M.A30 Aug. 1853. ThorahBeaverton, O
burnblae, O	"illiam White24 June 1857ClarkNewtonville, O
exingsion, O	rch. Currie, M.A23 Oct. 1861BrockSonya, O
Stirling Kingston, O	Alliser Murray 9 Oct. 1867. Lindsay Lindsay, O
17.	ex McKay, M.A11 Dec. 1867. Eldon
Kingston, O	Vacancy:—Balsover & Kirkfield.
Kingston, O	Rev. J. Allister Murray, Presbytery Clerk.
Kingston, O Belleville, O.	5. PRESBYTERY OF HAMILTON.
Roslin, O	ets at Hamilton and Guelph alternately, on the third Wednesday of April,
	August and December.
Vest.	P. Sym
esbytery Clerk.	bert Dobie
	[Andrew's, Hamilton, O
July and Octob	W. Livingstone19 May 1858. Simcoe Simcoe, O
Newmarket, 0	ies nerald30 June 1858DundasDundas, O
. Woburn, O	liam Masson 2r Sept 18r8 Colt Colt O
Orangeville, 0	n Hogg, D.D30 June 1859. Guelph Guelph, O
Laskey, O	Stewart 26 Dec. 1860HornbyHornby, O
. Pickering, O eUxbridge, O	A. Yeomans, B.A22 Sept. 1869 Woolwich Winterbourne, O
4	W. Waits12 June, 1873. Nels'n&Water'nWaterdown, O
aCreemore, O	1864. Hamilton, [St. Paul's Hamilton, O
. Maple, O	Vacancies:—Richwood & Showers' Cor: Ancaster: Saltfleet & Binbrook.
.Collingwood, .Toronto, O	Mission Stations:—Dover, Lyndoch and Windham Centre.
. Bowmanville,	Ministers:—William Johnson, M.A., Hamilton, 15 Nov., 1852:
. Hillsburgh, O	ordained Missionary.—Robert G. McLaren, Flamboro', 14 Aug., 1862.
.Sutton, O	REV. ROBERT BURNET. Presbytery Clerk.
	NEV. NOBERT DURNET, I 1030VCTV CUTK.

REV. ROBERT BURNET, Presbytery Clerk.

10. PRESBYTERY OF LONDON.

Meets at London on the first Wednesday of January, May and Septen
MINISTERS. APPOINTED. CONGREGATIONS. P. O.
Hamilton Gibson13 Nov. 1850Bayfield & Varna Bayfield, O
James Gordon, M.A28 Sept. 1854N. DorchesterCrumlin, 0
Jas. Sieveright, B.A30 July 1857. Goderich Goderich, 0
John Rannie, M.A15 Sept. 1859. Chatham Chatham, 0
David Camelon 12 Dec. 1859LondonLondon, O
Hugh Cameron 8 Oct. 1862KippenKippen, O
J. S. Eakin, B.A 11 Aug. 1869. Park Hill Park Hill, 0
R. Chambers, B.A 5 July 1870. East Williams. Nairn, O
Wm. T. Wilkins, B.AII April 1873. Stratford Stratford, 0
J. B. TaylorLucknowLucknow, 0
J. J. Cameron 3 Sept. 1874N. Easthope Shakespeare
Vacancies.—Southwold; East Oxford; Glencoe and Dunwich;
minster.
Aftering Continues Alllander L. Dank Alland Zama

Mission Stations: - Aldborough, Port Albert, Zorra.

Retired Minister.—William Barr, London, 28 Sept., 1849,
REV. JAMES GORDON, M.A., Presbytery Cleri

II. PRESBYTERY OF SAUGEEN.

Meets at Owen Sound and Paisley alternately on the second Tues January, May and September, at 5 p.m.

January, May and	September, at 5 p.m.
D. Morrison, M.A22 Oct.	1851Owen Sound Owen Sound
George Bell, LL.D30 May	[and Derby Well-orter
John Gordon, B.A21 Feb.	1867 Paisley Paisley Ob
Donald Fraser, M.A14 Aug.	1867. Priceville Priceville u
W. M. Anderson, M. A 20 July	1869. Kincardine Kincardine
E. B. Rodgers 19 Oct. M. M. McNeill 14 Aug.	1873 Mount Forest Mount Fore
Vacancy Sangeen	

Vacancy.—Saugeen.
Mission Station.—Proton.

.—Proton.

Rev. Duncan Morrison, M.A., Presbytery Cler Will
Will
Win

LL



N.	ABETICAL L	IST—PRESBYTERIA CHURCH OF	N CHURCH IN CO	NNECTION WITH
May and Septemb				ah ahasa kalasa si
CIONS. P. O.	The figures folio	owing the names denote	the Presbyteries to win	cn they belong j.
Chatham, 0 London, O Kippen, O Kippen, O Park Hill, 0 ms. Nairn, O Stratford, 0 Lucknow, 0 pe. Shakespeare and Dunwich; I rra. pt., 1849, , Presbytery Clent EEN. the second Tuest p.m. ound Owen Sort errby. m. Walkerton Paigley, O h	Wm	Douglas, James 1 Eakin, Joseph 10 Edmison, Henry 1 Fairlie, Jno 5 Ferguson, G D 6 Ferguson, John 7 Ferguson, W 3 Forbes, Alex 9 Fraser, Donald 11 Fraser, J 7 Fraser, James 5 Fraser, J F 00 Gandier, Joseph 5 Gibson, II 10 Glass, C G 2 Gordon, D. M 5 Gordon, John 11 Gray, James M 6 Hart, Thos 00 Herald, James 9 Hogg, John 9 Hutcheson, S 7 Jamieson, Alex 3 Jenkins, John 2 Johnson, Wm 9 Laing, Robt 2 Lamont, Hugh 3 Lang, Gavin 2 Lewis, Alex 7 Lindsay, Peter 1 Livingstone, M W 9 Livingstone, M W 9 Livingstone, M W 9 Livingstone, M W 9 Livingstone, P S 6 Lochead, J S 2	the Presbyteries to whi Macaulay, Evan. 7 Macdonnell, D J. 7 Mackay, Wm E. 7 Mackay, Alex. 8 McKee, Wm . 7 Mackerras, J H . 6 Maclennan, Alex. 7 Maclean, D J. 5 Maclean, D J. 5 Maclean, M WJ . 6 Mann, Alex. 4 Masson, Wm . 9 McCaul, James 1 McDonald, D . 7 McDonald, John. 2 McEwan, Jas. 10 McGillivray, D . 4 McLaren, R G . 9 McNeil, M M . 11 McNish, N . 3 McPherson, T . 3 McPherson, T . 3 McQuarrie, A N . 1 Morrison, D . 11 Morrison, D . 12 Mowat, J B . 6 Mullan, Jas B . 7 Mullan, Jas B . 7 Mullan, James B . 2 Muir, James B . 2 Muir, James C . 2 Murray, Jas A . 8 Mylne, Solomon . 4 Neill, Robi . 6 Niven, Hugh . 2	Patterson, Jas 2 Paul, James T 8 Porter, Sammel 7 Porteous, Geo 3 Ramnie, John 10 Rodgers, E B 1 Ross, D 2 Ross, Donald 2 Ross, Walter 4 Ross, W R 7 Scott, Thomas 7 Scott, Thomas 7 Scott, Thomas 7 Sieveright, J 10 Simpson, Wm 2 Sinclair, James 5 Smith, James C 5 Smith, James C 5 Spencer, A 7 Stewart, Wm 9 Strachan, D 7 Stuart, James 7 Sym, Fred P 9 Tamer, Chas 2 Tamer, John E 2 Tamer, John E 2 Tawes, John 7 Taylor, I B 10 Waits, E W 9 Watson, David 8 Watson, David 8 Watson, David 8 Watson, Peter 3 Weir, G 1 White, William 8 Wilkins, W T 10 Williamson, J 6 Wilson, James 4 Yeomans, G 5
Priceville, uc	liet, Chas 2	Macaulay, D00		, ,
ne Kincardine, . ·		DEA	THS.	
	Ministers who	died during ecclesias	stical year ending Ju	ine 2nd, 1874.
orest., Mount Form				
1	NAME.	CONGREGATION.		DATE OF DEATH,
A., Presoytery Cury	Villi am Bell	North Easthope	zLondon zLondon Ottawa	17th Dec. 1873.
1	4.00		ERIAN CHURCI URCH OF SCOTI	
1.4				
9	QUEE	N'S UNIVERSITY AI	ND COLLEGE, KING	STON.
22	as on the first	Wednesday of Octo	ber and closes on	the last Thursday

ins on the first Wednesday of October and closes on the last Thursday of April.

PRESENT OFFICERS:

Principal—The Very Rev. William Snodgrass, D.D. SENATE. - President-The Principal; Secretary-Prof. Mowat.

Professors.

LECTURER. - Modern Languages -- Rev. G. D. Ferguson, B.A.

Registrar-Professor Mowat.

Chairs.

Examiner for Matriculation in Medicine.—Samuel Woods, Esq., M. CONVOCATION.—Members—Trustees, Professors, Lecturers, F. Graduates. President—The Principal. Secretary—Professor Mowat.

OBSERVATORY.—Board—The Principal, Professor Williamson, M. gan, Esq. Director—Prof. Williamson. Observer—Prof. Dupuis. Sc.-Professor Mowat.

THE LIBRARY.—Curators—The Principal, Professors Mowat and kerras. Secretary—Prof. Mowat. Librarian—Prof. Dupuis. Cur. the Museum—The Professor of Natural History. Janitor—John Co.

I .- SUBJECTS AND HOURS OF STUDY IN ARTS.

Hou	rs. Monday.		Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday
10 12	Mathematics. Eng. Language.	Greek. Mathematics. Latin	Greek. Mathematics, Latin, Eng. Language,	Greek. Mathematics. Latin. Eng. Language.	Greek Mather Latin,
10 11 12	Mathematics. Classics. French. Chemistry.	Mathematics. Classics. Eng. Literature. Chemistry.	Mathematics, Classics, French, Chemistry,	Logie. Classics. French. Chemistry.	Logic Classic Eng. t Chemia
9 10 11 12	Botany, Metaphysics, Nat. Philosophy.	and Metaphysics, Nat. Philosophy, Classics.	THIRD YEAR. Zoology. Metaphysics. Nat. Philosophy,	German. Metaphysics. Nat. Philosophy. Classics.	Frenci Metaj Metaj Classic
9 10 11 12	German. History. Ethics. Nat. Philosophy.	German. History. Ethics. Classics.	German. History. Ethics. Nat. Philosophy.	Geology. History. Ethics. Classics	Geolog Histor N. Phis Classics

II.—SUBJECTS AND HOURS OF STUDY IN THEOLOGY. 1. DIVINITY.

Hours-9-10 A.M., and 2-3 P.M.

Lectures on Systematic Theology, the Pastoral Office, and Homiswith prelections and examinations on Hill's Lectures on Divinity, Branalogy, Paley's Evidences, and Greek Testament for Doctrinal Exertiscents have opportunities of conducting devotional exercises, prapulpit elocution, and performing missionary work.

Professors.

Primarius Profe

Mowat, M.A. illiamson, LL.D Mackerras, M.A. ipuis, M.A., F.B. D. Ferguson, B.A. M.A.

Ferguson, B.A.

el Woods, Esq., \ s, Lecturers, Professor Mowat.

or Williamson, Mi rof. Dupuis. See

fessors Mowat ar. of. Dupuis. Cur. Janitor - John Co.

IN ARTS. rsday. Friday

ek. Greek thematics. Mather m Latin. g. Language.

rie. Logic. ssies. Classie Eng. 1 nch. mistry. Chemia

man, Frence aphysics. Metay . Philosophy. Metaj: ssics. Classic

logy. Geoleg tory. History ics. N. Phi Ssics. Classic

THEOLOGY.

Office, and Home for Doctrinal Exe al exercises, pra l

2-HEBREW, CHALDEE, SVRIAC AND ARABIC.

First Year.

10-11 A.M. fe's Hebrew Grammar. esis I-III t. XXXIII. labbakuk. Translations into Hebrew.

Second Year.

4-5 P.M. Gesenius' Hebrew Grammar. The Messianic Prophecies, Translations into Hebrew.

Third Year,

11 12 A.M. Gesenius' Hebrew Grammar Ps. I-XXX; Jer. VIII-X. Translations into Hebrew, Rigg's Chaldee Manual. Ezra IV; Daniel II-III. Uhlemann's Syriae Grammar. Syriac New Testament, Stewart's Arabic Grammar. Arabic Old Testament.

Third Year.

Tues. Wed. and Friday, 12-1.

Acts of Apostles in Greek.

Trollope on Acts, Angus' Bible Handbook,

3. -BIBLICAL CRITICISM.

First and Second Years. Mon. and Thurs., 3-4 P.M.

I and Il Epistles to Corinthians, in Greek. rus' Bible Handbook. Lecures.

4 -- CHURCH HISTORY.

First and Second Years. Mon. and Thurs. 3-4 P.M. Killen's Ancient Church. Lectures.

Third Year.

Mon. and Thurs., 12-1. Wharey's Church History. History of the Church of Scotland Lectures.

Lectures.

III. DEGREES .-- z. Degree of Master (M.A.)

This Degree cannot be taken until after two years from the date of graduation as Bachelor. The candidate must compose a satisfactory Thesis some subject taught in the Faculty or closely bearing on one of the Departments. Intimation of the subject must be given to the Secretary of the Senate on or before 12th March, and the Thesis must be in his hands on or **before** 8th April, together with a certificate of moral character and of age which nust be at least twenty one years.

Graduates of other Colleges are admitted ad cundem gradum (B.A. or

M.A.) on producing satisfactory proof of rank and character.

The Degree of Doctor of Laws (LL.D.) is honorary, and is awarded for literary, scientific, or professional distinction.

2.—Degree of Bachelor of Divinity (B.D.)

To obtain this Degree three-fourths of the marks allotted to each of the following subjects must be gained at the Final Examinations:—

1. Prelections of the Third Session.

2. Greek-Acts of the Apostles. 3. Wharey's Church History and History of the Church of Scotland.

4. Angus' Bible Handbook, Ch. IV, Rules of Interpretation. 5. Hebrew-Psalm I-XXV; Chaldee-Daniel II-III.

Paley's Evidences.

Butler's Analogy.

8. Hill's Lectures (Evidences excepted.)

Alumni of former years or of other Colleges may compete for the Degree. In their case the subjects of Examination are 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 of the above s on Divinity, Brasist; Hebrew, Exodus I-XXI, and Psalms I-XLI; Chaldee, Daniel, II, III. All candidates must be Bachelors of Arts.

The Degree of Doctor of Divinity (D.D.), is honorary, and is given for

literary, scientific, or professional distinction.

IV. SCHOLARSHIPS.

With the exceptions noted below, scholarships are awarded up Matriculation Examinations of the years with which they are respectively nected. The years of the course in which they are tenable are indicated the last column but one.

FACULTY	OF	ARTS.
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No	NAME.	BY WHOM AND WHEN FOUNDED.	VALUE a
1	Mowat c	Late John Mowat, Esq., Kingston 1861	\$50 00
2		Hon. Alexander Campbell, Kingston1862	80 00
3	Watkins e	John Watkins, Esq., Kingston1862	80 00
4		Subscribers	57 00
5		Congregation of St. Paul's, Montreal 1865	60 00
6		Sir Hugh Allan, Montreal1857	50 00
7		Mrs, Edw. H. Hardy, Kingston 1871	50 00
8		The Church	70 00
9		Students, St. Andrew's, Scotland 1862	50 00
10		Mrs. Glass, Sarnia	35 00
11		Ladies of Kingston	35 00
12		The Church	70.00
13		Students, Aberdeen, Scotland 1856	50 00
14		A Friend, Ki gston1867	50 00
15		The Church	70 00
16	Russel g'	James Russel, Esq., Hamilton, Ont 1872	50 00
		FACULTY OF THEOLOGY.	
1	Leitch Memorial (2)h	Subscribers	\$80 00
- 2	Dominion i	A Gentleman in New Brunswick1870	50 00
3	Colonial Committee (1)	Church of Scotland1855	50 00
- 1	Colonial Committee (2)	1000	70 00

a Scholarships in Arts have Endowment Nominations connected them, securing exemption from class fees for one session, and thereby vin adding \$20 to the given value of each.

b O-Scholarships open for competition to all students of the year. pos Scholarships open only to students for the ministry in connection will Church of Scotland.

c Awarded for the best oral examination in Arithmetic.

 5
 Colonial Committee (3)
 1855

 6
 Colonial Committee (4)
 1855

d Competition for this Scholarship takes place in Newburgh (1874) (1875), and Kingston (1876) Grammar Schools in rotation. The best date must ar juit himself satisfactorily and produce a certificate of at less year's attendance at the school.

e Open only to pupils of the Kingston Collegiate Institute.

nomination to a full free course of four sessions.

f Awarded for the best written examination on White's Eighteen Chi Centuries, 14-18 inclusive.

g Awarded for the best written examination on the historical portulation the Bible.

h Tenable for three successive years, subject to annual matricular except for the third session if spent at a Scottish University. Compet must have the degree of B.A. The third triennial competition will take

i Competitors may belong to any Presbyterian Church in the Domition

...1867 \$80 00 ...1870 50 00 ...185550 00 ...186050 00 ...185555 00 50 00 ...1855...1860 60 00 inations connected on, and thereby vir

udents of the year. in connection with

metic. Newburgh (1874). tation. The best certificate of at leaf e Institute.

BURSARIES.

are awarded up These are awarded to deserving students, being matriculants, when pre-hey are respective tring for the ministry in connection with the Church of Scotland. Recipients tenable are indicional sign a written obligation to repay the money should they change their intention with regard to the ministry. Recommendations accompanying contributions for the benefit of particular students, whether matriculants or not. are daly observed. (See By-laws.)

MORRIN COLLEGE, QUEBEC.

(Founded by Dr. Joseph Morrin in 1860. Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1861.) The Session begins on the first Wednesday of November, and ends on the first Wednesday of May.

PRINCIPAL—Rev. John Cook, D.D.

CHAIRS.	PROFESSORS.
Divinity	The Principal, Primarius Prof.
Hebrew and Church History .	Rev. Geo. Weir, M.A.
Moral Philosophy	
Classics	Rev. Geo. Weir, M.A.
Chemistry	Rev. James Douglas, B.A.
Mathematics	Rev. A. N. McQuarrie, B.A.
	GOVERNORS.

Rev. John Cook, D.D., Chairman. Rev. Peter Lindsay, B.A. Rev. James McCaul, B.A. Rev. James Douglas, B.A. William Walker, Esq.

Michael Stevenson, Esq. Daniel Wilkie, Esq. Alexander Rowland, Esq. Andrew Thomson, Esq. Frost Wood Gray, Esq.

Daniel Wilkie, Esq., Secretary-Treasurer.

TEMPORALITIES BOARD.

The fund of this Board originated in 1855, when 73 ministers of the Church of Scotland in Canada, threw into one common fund, for church purposes, the capital coming to each as his share of the Clergy Reserve. Of these 73 ministers, only 33, known as Commuting Ministers, now survive, of whom 8 have, with leave of Synod, retired from the active duties of their office, and 3 are Professors in Queen's College. To each of these 33 ministers the Synod is bound to pay \$450 during their lifetime and good standing in ie church. The money left after the Commuting Ministers are paid and given to Queen's College, is divided (at the rate of \$200 to each) as far as he funds permit, among the remaining ministers of the Synod who in this It car some expended on the Non-Privileged Class. Last year this class on Synod roll numbered 90, of which number 50 ranking first in seniority, hite's Eighteen Charles stated \$200 each, leaving forty to be dealt with by the committee of the General Sustentation Fund. The total number of ministers having claims on the historical portion fund, through the College and otherwise, is 133.

LIST OF COMMUTING MINISTERS.

to annual matricula con Cook, D D Alex Lewis
University. Compared Muir, D D Alex Mann, M McPherson
Tawse Neill, D D Thomas Scott
Church in the Domain Simpson John Davidson Alex Mann, M A Geo Bell, LL D

Thos Fraser Wm Bain, D D Samuel Porter Wm Barr A. Spence D D Jas Stuart

Jas T Paul Solomon Mylne H Gibson D Morrisen, MA Fred'k P Sym

W Johnson, MA

K Macleman, MA David Watson, MA Robert Dobie Peter Lindsay, BA Robert Burnet Geo. Welr, M A

Abstract of Account, 1873-74.

		,			
1873.		Rec	eipts.		
May 2-B	alance fror	n last ve ar		· · · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$
Iı	nterest on .	\$38500 Corpora	tion Stock C	ity of Montreal for	r
	half year	at 31/2 per cent			
Iı	nterest on 3	\$15000, do. at :	3 per cent		
	"	\$236000, City I	Debentures a	t 3 per cent	
	ividend Ci	ty Bank on \$35	500 at 3 per	cent	
July 2	" N	Terchants' Bank	on \$48590 a	it 4 per cent	,
I	nterest on .	Harbour Bonds,	\$88500 at 3	per cent	
	• 6		\$1000 at 3	1/2 per cent	
	"	Bank account to	or half year		
Nov. I—			ock as above	·	
		Ψ-J		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
D D		\$236000 Deben	tures "		
Dec. 1—I	nvidend Ci	ity Bank	••	at 3½ per cent.	,
1874.			_		
Jan. 2., D	ividend Me	erchants' Bank,	as above, 4	per cent	
J.1	nterest on	Sorel Mortgage,	I year to 2:	2nd July, '73	
	St. M	latthew's Church	, 2 years to	11th Dec., '73	
5	Harbe	our Bonds, as al	ove		
Ō	ne Harbot	ar Bond, mature	d		
11	iterest St.	Andrew's Chu	rch Mortgag	çe	
m	on	Mr. Craig's lega	icy, \$100, ic	or one year	
1	wenty cop	ies of Church A	gent's Repor	rt sold	
11	nterest on .	Bank account 10	r nan year		,
В	aiance due	ine Treasurer	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
					\$31

TEMPORALITIES' BOARD—Investments.

I EMI ORALITIES BOAK	D-Incesemen	113.
	Par.	Cost.
462 shares Merchants' Bank	\$ 46200 00	\$ 47921 50
10 per cent. paid on 239 new shares		4780 oo
355 shares City Bank Stock		40250 52
Harbour Bonds for		91218 34
Montreal Corporation Bonds		215024 81
City of Montreal Inscribed Stock	38500 00	41391 09
66 66 66 66 66 FORM	15000 00	15654 17
Mortgages	1900 00	1900 00
Uninvested	100 00	100 00
	\$464 0 90 00	\$458241 43

Montreal, 1st May, 1874.

JAMES CROIL, Trus

1347

GENERAL SUSTENTATION FUND.

As the Temporalities' Fund cannot provide for all the ministers Synod, the General Sustentation Fund was formed to meet the case of not reached by the former fund. The number of ministers on this fundamental July was forty.

betract of Account for the year ending 31st December, 1873.

	1	Receipts.	., 10	' 3.		
Montreal for	9 773 ne 1347	30-To Balance from last year	4.06	90	54130	44
cent	70 Dec.		67 3910	94 30	3978	
r cent	25	Total for the year		\$	8018	77
cent	1873 13 July	Contra. I—By paid equal dividend to 39 ministers, at the rate of 100 each	53842	50		
3½ per cent.	7° 12.	Expenses of management— Secretary's salary	200	00		
ent	11.5.7 7	Proportion of Office Rent	6	50	4062	50
Dec., '73 · ·	Dec.	31—By paid equal dividend to 37 Ministers, at the rate of \$100 each	3609 200	67		
 e year	10	Proportion of Office Rent	12 14	50 85		
d		Printing, Postages, Stationery, &c	16	31	20=0	
					3978	33
icuts.	\$3m	CHRISTIAN LIFE AND WORK.		4	8018	77

The following questions (we give them slightly abridged) were sent down to congregations to which the answers (abridged also) here appended were retained by 51 Kirk Sessions.

Question I.—The spiritual condition of the people (a) What proportion of whose conversion there is good evidence? (b) What fruits of this change are visible? (c) What indications of revived interest in religion?

Answers-A goodly number of those reporting-about one-third-speak in very hopeful terms of the spiritual condition of their people, and in some instances speak definitely as to their opinion of the number that are safe. One-half, one-third, one-fourth, one-fifth have been named as the proportion in this condition; and others, while declining to speak definatively as the proportion in this condition, and centers, while destining to agree actions, as seen in increasing numbers that wait upon the ordinances, that attend the prayer meetings, and offer themselves for Christian work.

o \$458241 43

(ES CROIL, True

Guestions I, —THE SACRAMENTS:—(a) How often is the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper

dispussed, each year, in your Church? (b) What proportion of your congregation, above

eighteen years of age, have not participated in the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper? What

FUND.

FUND.

What proportion of your congregation, above

the number of the unbaptized, over two years old, in your congregation? What are the chief

reasons why this Sacrament is not sought by the parents of these children? or why, if sought,

all the ministers between refused?

meet the case of meet the case of meet in second representation and the second representation on this function representation on the second representation of the second representation ord nance only once or twice in the year—of doing so hereafter more frequently.

icnts. Cost.

It would appear from these sheets that fully one-half of the adult population of the Church that is, those over eighteen years of age—stand aloof from this holy ordinance, and are living unpledged to a Christian life. The proportions range from one-twelfth to three-fourth of those of ripe years that are living in this state, and though the returns as a whole are mi so definite on this point as could be desired, yet the Committee believe that they are not for from the truth when they say that fully one half of the adult population of our Church decision. entering into its Communion or taking Christian ground! Among the causes assigned for this deplorable state of things are the love of the present world—the dislike of being under the obligations involved—the high style of fencing the tables, common in some places, an he air of mystery and awe which has been thrown around the ordinance—the inconsistence of some of those who have made a profession of their faith and the feeling that it is bette not to vow, than to vow and fail to perform—and above all—" unfitness" a sense of unworkness restrains. This last is by far the most frequent excuse that is offered for neglecting to command of our Lord: This do in remembrance of me.

Questions III.—ORDINARY AND WEEK DAY SERVICES:—What proportion of your on people may be set down as regular in their attendance on the services on the Lord's Dar (a) In the case of those who do not attend, or are very irregular in their attendance, wh chiefly hinders? (b) What proportion attend the prayer meeting? and (c) what the we day services, such as Thanksgiving and Sacramental occasions?

Answers - Only 27 of the Congregations reporting condescend to name the proporting attending the regular service. The average is a little over seven-twelfths. Then with regard the prayer meeting during the week, the almost universal complaint is that the attendancedown at one-tenth by several-is most discouraging. Nothing very definite can be gather from these sheets in regard to the meetings for prayer. The main fact which strikes the Ca mittee in this connection is the small attendance of our people on the regular Sabbath serval While seven-twelfths is about the ascertained average of those reporting, some put downs attendance much lower.

Question IV.—BIBLE CLASSES AND SABBATH SCHOOLS:—Would you state, in a gend

way, the condition of your Bible Class and Sabbath Schools?

Answers—It would seem from these 51 sheets that 30 of the reporting Ministers sup intend the Sabbath Schools themselves, even though there may be a Lay Superintende and take an active part in their management, in some instances teaching a class, and that have services in the Church steadily for the children. It would seem, moreover, that ne all the children capable of attending avail themselves of the instruction offered in Sabbath School.

Question V-Church Work: - Do you find any lack of willing and intelligent per to perform the duties of Elders, Managers, or Trustees, Sabbath School Teachers, Collection Members of the Choir, &c., &c.? (a) What proportion of your people are doing any kind Church Work? (b) Are there any persons in your Congregation fitted to conduct Evanges work, to whom an incrity might safely, and with advantage, be given to carry on such under your supervision? (c) Is there any room for Church extension, or Home Mission efficiency in connection with our own Church, in your Congregation?

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Answers - A few of the returns to this question are of the most cheering description revealing much life and much of the presence of the Master; but for the most part they me of a very painful kind. With the exception of 11 all speak of great difficulty in gent willing and intelligent persons to discharge the duties stated, and the proportion of perdoing any kind of Church work is noticed only by 7. That proportion ranges from one-forto one-twentieth. There are 11 places reported open for Church extension or Home Missipare. effort, but only five persons competent to engage in evangelistic work. On no subject the returns so meagre and unsatisfactory as on this, and from them the Committee feel many of the Congregations must be suffering from a lack of organization, and some Ministra must be left almost alone in their work.

Ouestion VI.—The Moral Condition of the People:—What special sins pres in your Congregation? (a) Any efforts made last year to check the evils of Intemperant if so, what success? (b) Any cases of discipline last year, or calling for discipline last year

Answer.—The moral condition of the people is represented as on the whole fair, perhal as fair as any other section of the Church. Only thirteen cases of discipline are report although there were cases which called for private remonstrance or admonition besides the thirteen. Worldliness, intemperance, irreverence, Sabbath profanation—the same sins short which the Committee noted last year in the returns brought before them—are mention again this year, as marring the Church and preying upon its life. Special efforts have be put forth during the past year by seventeen Ministers to stay the evils of intemperance. revived interest seems to have been awakened in the subject by a large section of Church.

tion of the Church ordinance, and an 10th to three-fourth as a whole are man that they are not for four Church decling causes assigned faislike of being under in some places, and that it is better a sense of unworth of the ordinance of the ordi

roportion of your on on the Lord's Day's leir attendance, who id (c) what the wen

name the proports. Then with regards the attendance—ifinite can be gathes which strikes the Coegular Sabbath servers, some put downers.

you state, ina gener

orting Ministers sup a Lay Superintender ing a class, and that , moreover, that ner truction offered inc

and intelligent per ol Teachers, Collects are doing any kind to conduct Evangels to carry on such wo or Home Missioness

t cheering description the most part they are at difficulty in gent at difficulty in gent and the proportion of permanes from one-formation or Home Missier on subject and Committee feel the lon, and some Minister.

at special sins prenewils of Intemperation discipline last yethe whole fair, perbasicipline are report discipline are report ation—the same sins re them—are mention pecial efforts have bels of intemperance, a large section of a

WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

The number of widows receiving allowance from the Fund is 38, and the number of orphans 53.

General Account Current for the year ending 25th May, 1874.

\$28762 27	\$28762 27
Ferguson, 127 00 Collected by J. L. Morris 80 00	By balance 602 02
"Corporation bonds sold14752 57" Collected by Archibald	
Returned loans 3960 00	
Fund 444 00 1566 00	
"Sustentation	
"Temporalities \$1122 00	Charges 76 25
tions	1874 2720 75 " " July 2707 75
To balance of last year\$ 853 02 "Congregational Collec-	Invested\$22615 30 Annuities to widows, Jan.

INDIAN ORPHANAGE AND JUVENILE MISSION.

This Mission has, under Christ, a three-fold object in view, viz: (1) To pport, convert, and train for Christian usefulness orphan girls in India. During the past year forty-two of these were supported in different orphantes throughout that country. (2) To employ these girls when educated and grown to womanhood as teachers in Christian schools, and as missionaries among the women of India. One is now at work as a Zenana teacher in Calcutta. (3) To foster in the hearts of Canadian Sabbath Schools an interest in mission work by assigning to different Schools the privilege of supporting one or more orphans between whom and the Sabbath School regular correspondence is encouraged. Thirty-four Sabbath Schools are now engaged in his interesting work.

Condensed Statement of Treasurer's Account for the past Year.

Remittances to Scotland\$1059 88
Paid for Printing 9 00
Postage and Stationery 4 50 Discount on Bank Drafts 1 50 Balance in hand 63 87
 \$1138 75

Statement of Remittances to A. T. Niven, Esq., Edinburgh, Treasurer to the Scottish Ladies' Association for Female Education in India.	
Remitted for support of Orphans£170 0 0	
Presents to Orphans	

Remitted for support of Orphans	£17000
Presents to Orphans	340
Canadian School	1300
For Zenana Teacher	1480
For Zenana School	1400
For News of Female Missions and general purposes	280

£217 0 0 \$1059 88

MISSION TO LUMBERMEN IN THE VALLEY OF THE OTTAWA

The Lumbermen are a useful, hardy army of workmen whose circumstances and temptations, buried in the woods all winter, should enlist in their behalf Christian sympathy and effort. The Rev. Joseph Gandier, For Coulonge, was appointed to labour among them last winter. He travelled 86 miles, visited 34 shanties, 8 depots, and was thus enabled to bring the gospel before about 900 persons. He also distributed religious literature in the English and French languages, which was thankfully received and eagery read.

"THE PRESBYTERIAN."

The average monthly issue for 1873 was 8575, from which, deducting single subscribers, exchanges, and stock kept on hand, the average numer subscribed for by each of 126 congregations was sixty-five.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE ENDOWMENT FUND ACCOUNT FOR 187:

Amount received to 10th April, 1869\$21255 83
From April, 1869, to 10th April, 1870 33166 73
From April, 1870, to 10th April, 1871 22786 66
From April, 1871, to 10th April, 1872 14819 90
From April, 1872, to 10th April, 1873: 8380 34

Total received to 10th April, 1873\$100509 46	
Deduct expenses to 10th April, 1873, as per	
Deduct expenses to 10th April, 1873, as per	
statements \$ 827 05	
Transfers to Revenue to 10th April, 1873 6669 84	

					7490 09	\$92912
Received from	10th April,	1873, to	10th April,	1874		2164

	\$95077
Balance	 \$94924 `

DISBURSEMENTS.

From 10th April, 1873, to 10th April, 1874.			
Bank Agency	\$ і	25	
Travelling expenses	11	35	
	140		
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alance.......94924

Treasurer to the India.

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whose circumold enlist in their Gandier, Fort He travelled 860 bring the gospel literature in the ived and eageny

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Presbyterian Church of Lower Provinces of B.A.A.

The Synod will meet at the call of the Moderator.

OFFICERS OF THE SYNOD:

1874-75.

The REV. P. G. McGregor - -Moderator. ALEX. FALCONER Clerk, pro. tem. R. McKay Clerk of Bills.

BOARDS AND COMMITTEES:

CONVENERS, &c. SUBJECTS. Educational Board. R. P. Grant, Esq., Chairman. Pictou. N.S. Theological Hall Dr. Forrest Halifax. Home Missions......Rev. John Forest Halifax, N.S. Foreign Missions...... Rev. J. Stewart..... New Glasgow. Public Education Rev. C. B. Pitblado Halifax, N.S. Sabbath Schools......Rev. A. Simpson......Halifax, N.S. Temperance..........J. M. McLeodCharlottetown, P E I Sabbath Observance.....R. Laird.............................. Princeton, P. E. I. Widows' Fund...... Rev. Dr. Bayne..... Pictou, N. S. Statistics...... Professor McKnight..... Dartmouth. Aged and Infirm Ministers. Rev. G. Paterson......Greenhill. State of Religion Rev. J. McLean Shubenacadie, N S.

I.—PRESBYTERY OF ST. JOHN. NAME OF CONGREGATION. POST OFFICES. Rev. Andrew Donald. Londonderry&Campbell SetLondonderry, N.B. James Bennet. St. John P. Ch., St. John. St. John, " Lewis Jack Springfield & English Set. Springfield, " William Millen Bocabee and Waweig Bocabee, " Robert Wilson St. Stephen St. Stephen, Samuel Johnson Harvey Harvey, James Gray, A. M ...Sussex.......Sussex, " James Salmon Chipman, Chipman, D. Waters, LL. D. St David's, St John St. John, 46 John D. Murray Buctouche and Cocagne .. Buctouche, William Stuart.....Fredericton......Fredericton, John K. Bearisto Salt Springs Salt Springs, J. C. Burgess, Clerk. Carleton, St. John....... Carleton, St. John. J. W. Nelson. Bailie, &c Bailie, " Kenneth McKay....Richmond..........Richmond, Isaac S. Simpson....Nerepis, &c......Nerepis, &c.

D. Maclise, LL.D... Calvin Ch., St. John..... St John.

Vacancies—St. James'; Moncton; New Kincardine.

II.—PRESBYTERY OF MIRAMICHI.

Manisters. Name of Congregation. Post offices. Rev. Angus McMaster New Mills New Mills. " James Law Richibucto Richibucto. " Jas. Fowler, Clerk Bass River Bass River. " Thomas Nicholson River Charlo River Charlo. " T. G. Johnstone Blackville and Derby Blackville. " John M. Allan Chatham Chatham. III.—PRESBYTERY OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.
Rev. R. S. Patterson, A.M. Bedeque. "Alex. Campbell Strathalbyn. Strathalbyn. "James Allan. Cove Head. Cove Head. "Isaac Murray Cavendish & New Glasgow. Cavendish. "Alex. Munro. Brown's Creek Brown's Creek. "Henry Crawford Port Hill. Port Hill. "J.M. McLeod, Clerk. Zion Church, Charlottetown. Charlottetown. "Neil McKay Summerside. Summerside. "Robert Laird Princetown Princetown. "Allan McLean. Dundas Dundas. "Wm. R. Frame Mt. Stewart & W. St. Peter's. Mount Stewart. "John G. Cameron Souris & Bay Fortune. Souris. "S. C. Gunn West River & Brookfield West River. "Charles Fraser West Point, Cambelton, &c. West Point. "Arthur F. Carr, A.M. Alberton. Alberton. "John Murray. New London. New London. "John Sutherland Woodville. Woodville.
Vacancies-Murray Harbour; Richmond Bay; Tryon and Bonshaw
IVPRESBYTERY OF CAPE BRETON.
Rev. Hugh McLeod, D.D.Mira and Sydney
Rev. Murdoch Stewart Whycocomagh Whycocomagh Wm. G. Forbes Port Hastings & Riv. Denis. Port Hastings Baddeck Baddeck Baddeck Baddeck Baddeck Baddeck Baddeck Middle River Lake Ainsley Lake Ainsley Lake Ainsley Mabou Wacancy—West Bay.

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VI.-PRESBYTERY OF TATAMAGOUCHE. NAME OF CONGREGATIONS. POST OFFICES. MINISTERS

Rev. James Watson New Annan New Annan. John Munro......Wallace...........Wallace. W. S. Darragh.....Goose River................Goose River. " H. B. McKay.....River John......River John. "T. Sedgwick, Clerk. Tatamagouche Tatamagouche.

OFFICES.

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CHMOND.

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barus. be North.

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Hill.

VII.—PRESBYTERY OF TRURO.

Rev. John I. Baxter... Onslow Onslow. " Ebenezer Ross Londonderry Londonderry. " A. L. Wyllie Great Village Great Village. " I. McG. McKay Economy...... Economy. Alex. Cameron Riverside............ Riverside. " Duncan McKinnon .. Parrsborough Parrsborough . James Sinclair Springside Springside. Edward Grant Stewiacke.... Stewiacke. " J. Layton, Clerk Coldstream............ Coldstream. Vacancies-Acadia: Maccan.

VIII.—PRESBYTERY OF PICTOU.

Rev. George Walker..... Primitive Ch, New Glasgow. New Glasgow. James Bayne, D.D., Prince St., Pictou..... Pictou. A. P. Miller.....French River.....French River. D. B. Blair Barney's River & Blue Mt. Barney's River. George Patterson....Salem Ch., Green Hill...Green Hill. James Thomson Central Ch,, West River .. West River. William Maxwell . . . Little Har. & Fisher's Grant. Little Harbor. John Lees........Westville...........Westville. George Roddick West River.............. West River. Alex. Stirling Scotsburn Scotsburn. J. McKinnon, Clerk ... Hopewell Hopewell 66 Alexander Ross Knox Church, Pictou Pictou. Peter Goodfellow....Antigonish.......Antigonish. Thomas Cumming .. Stellarton Stellarton. E. A. McCuldy James' Ch., New Glasgow. New Glasgow. A. McL. Sinclair....Springville.....Springville. J. F. Forbes.....Lochaber & Union Centre Lochaber. A. C. Gillies.....Sherbrooke.....Sherbrooke. " William Grant Earltown Earltown. Hugh M. Scott, D.B.Merigonish.....Merigonish. Robert Cumming....Glenelg, &c......Glenelg.

IX.—PRESBYTERY OF HALIFAX.

Rev	. Robert Sedgwick	Musquodoboit	Musquodoboit. hHalifaxWarwick, Bermuda.
4	P. G. MacGregor	Agent of the Churc	h Halifax.
1	Walter Thorburn	Warwick, Bermuda	Warwick, Bermuda.

MINISTERS. NAME OF CONGREGATIONS. POST OFFICES, Rev. John Cameron Elmsdale & Nine Mile Riv. Elmsdale.
" Moses HarveySt. John's, Newfoundland St John's, Newfl'd,
" James McLeanShubenacadie&L. StewiackeShubenacadie.
" Jas. K. Smith Fort Massey, Halifax Halifax.
" Alex. Ross Harbour Grace, Nfld Harbor Grace, Nfl'd
"Alex. StuartLawrencetown, &cLawrencetown.
" Prof. McKnight Theol Hall Dartmouth
" Prof. Currie Theol Hall
" John GauldGore and Kennetcoot Gore,
" Donald S. Gordon Annapolis & Bridgetown Bridgetown.
" Alex. Falconer Dartmouth
j. D. McGillylayNewport Newport
1. A. F. Sutherland, 15t. Clork and Engishanse, 15t. Clork
" C. B. Pitblado Chalmers' Ch. Halifax Halifax Windsor Windsor Windsor Windsor Windsor Windsor
" Allan SimpsonPoplar Grove, HalifaxHalifax.
" John Forrest Clerk St. John's Do Do
" John Forrest, Clerk St. John's, Do Do " Joseph Hogg Cornwallis, North Cornwallis,
" John B. Logan, A.M. Cornwallis, South Kentville.
" Samuel Bernard Noel Noel.
" A. B. Dickie Sheet Harbour Sheet Harbour.
" L. G. MacNeill Maitland &c Maitland.
"Jas. Rosborough Musquodboit Ha pour, &c. Musquodoboit Har.
"K. F. Junor St. Andrew's Hamilton Hamilton, Bermuda
Vacancies—Kempt & Walton; Cornwallis, West; Gay's River & Millfor
X.—PRESBYTERY OF LUNENBURG AND YARMOUTH.
Rev. George Christie Yarmouth
" William Duff Lunenburg Lunenburg.
" D. McMillan La Have La Have Chyla River
Matthew G. Henry, Clyde River, &cClyde River,
" P. M. Morrison, Clerk.Bridgewater Bridgewater " Ebenezer McNab Mahone Bay Mahone Bay.
" John C. Meek Carleton and Chebogue Carleton.
" Ebenezer D. Millar Shelburne, &c Shelburne.
PROFESSORS IN THE SERVICE OF THE CHURCH.
Rev. James Ross, D.D., Principal of Dalhousie College, and Professor Ethics and Experimental Physics, Dartmouth.
Rev. Wm. Lyall, LL.D., Prof. of Psychology and Metaphysics, Dartmout
THEOLOGICAL PROFESSORS.
Rev. A. McKnight, Prof. of Systematic Theology and Ch. Hist., Dartmout
Rev. JOHN CURRIE, Professor of Hebrew and Exegetics, Halifax.
FOREIGN MISSIONARIES.
In the New Hebrides—Rev. James D. Murray, Aneiteum.
" "John W. McKenzie, Eraker and Pango, Fate.
" " Joseph Annand, Iririk.
In Trinidad—Rev. John Morton, San Fernando and Iere.
" K. J. Grant, San Fernando.
" Thos. Christie, Conva.

post offices. asdale. John's, Newfl'd. abenacadie. lifax.

lifax.
.rbor Grace, Nfl'd.
wrencetown.
rtmouth
difax

ore. idgetown. urtmouth. ewport

. Croix. alifax. indsor. alifax.

Do ornwallis.

entville. oel. neet Harbour.

(aitland. Iusquodoboit Har. Iamilton, Bermuda 1y's River & Millfor.

YARMOUTH.

armouth.
unenburg.
aHave.
llyde River.
ridgewater
Iahone Bay.
arleton.
bhelburne.

E CHURCH.
ge, and Professor

aphysics, Dartmout

Ch. Hist., Dartmouth, s, Halifax.

n. r and Pango, Fate.

LPHABETICAL LIST.—PRESBYTERIAN CIL OF THE LOWER PROVINCES OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

The figures following the names denote the Presbyteries to which they belong].

[A He Higher	9		
Allan, John 2 Allan, Jas 3 Annand, Jos, F Miss Earter, J I 7 Eayne, James 8 Earisto, J K 1 Bennet, Jas 1 Bennet, Jas 1 Bennet, Jas 1 Bennet, Jas 7 Cameron, John 9 Cameron, John 9 Cameron, John 9 Cameron, Jex 7 Campbell, Alex 3 Carr, A F 3 Chaste, Geo 10 Christie, T, F Miss Clarke, Peter 4 Crawford, H 3 Cunning, Robt 8 Curning, Thos 8 Curning, Thos 8 Currie, J 9 Durragh, W S 6 Dickie, A B 9 Dorragh, M S 6 Dickie, A B 9 Dorragh, M S 6	Fraser, Chas 3	McKay, Neil	Pitblado, C B
Clarke, Peter 4 Crawford, H 3 Cumning, Robt 8 Cumning, Thos 8 Currie, J 9 Detragh, W S 6 Dickle, A B 9	Junor, K F 9 Laird, Robt 3	Millar, E D 10 Millar, A P 8 Millen, Wm 1 Morrison, P M 10 Morton, J, F Miss Mowitt, A J 9 Munro, Alex 3	Stewart, J

DEATHS.

David Roy, D.D. East River Pictou5th Aug., 1873.

James Fraser Boularderie Cape Breton..7th April, 1874.

STATISTICS.

The statistical tables of this church, for the past year, exhibits the names of 138 pastoral charges, and returns from 129 of them. The blanks, all save belong to vacant congregations.

The returns as to ministerial support are thus classified:—
15 Town Congregations: aggregate, \$14537; average, \$969.

68 Rural Congregations (self-sustaining): aggregate, \$43874; average, \$645.
29 Supplemented Congregations, aggregate, \$15030; average, \$518.

Supplemented Congregations, aggregate, \$15030; average, \$518. City Congregations: aggregate, \$13260; average, \$1657.50.

The total contributions exceed those of last year by \$18,675, and the rage rate per family exceeds that of last year by \$1.50.

14	PRESBYTERIAN YEAR BOOK.	
Total	No. of Families. No. of Churches. No. of Strings in these. No. of sittings in these. No. of sherr Preaching Stations. No. of Baptisms. No. Communicants. No. Accessions No. Accessions No. Fladers. No. Sabbath Schools No. Teachers. No. Pupils. No.	No of Adherents including children
\$3481 \$6 86	\$100 \$100	1 " 1
\$14631 \$7 47	1957 9176 9176 32 9176 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 6	Island
\$15706	1542 9450 9450 167 2150 2150 2150 2137 1837 1837 2785 2785 2785 2785 2785 2785 2785 278	Truro
\$14631 \$15706 \$30801 \$7 47 \$10 25 \$13 123	2627 16855 23354 53058 530	Pictou
\$46364 \$24 78	1871 1872 1280 1334 334 3355 146 6782 2476 6782 2476 6782 2476 6782 11530 1250 1450 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157	Halfax
\$11001 \$15 45	700 700 700 700 700 700 700 700	127
\$9400 \$6 03	7990 7990 18 354 986 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	Breton
\$5610 \$5 09	1102 4000 503 503 503 503 503 503 503	Richmond 6215
\$19659 \$14 16	1388 7745 38 248 248 249 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	St. John 5472
\$7165 \$11 61	:: %	
\$163818	19570 216 2411 18882 1255 320 379 1710 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 13401 1350 378 3160 68400 4263 3360 68400 4263 4263 4263 4263 4263 4263 4263 4263	74461

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HOME MISSIONS.

There are two leading departments of work under the Board It provides, first, supply for vacant congregations. There were 24 such during the past year under its care as follows:—Five in Halifax Presbytery and five in Pictou, two in Truro, three in P. E. Island, three in Cape Breton Island, one in Lunenburg and Varmouth, and five in the Presbytery of St. John.

The second department of its work consists in providing preaching, catechetical instruction, and so far as practicable, church organization and the administration of divine ordinances to smaller or larger groups of worshippers all over the land who may not be so numerous or so supplied with pecuniary resources, as to be able to support a pastor. Such bands are to be found in all these Provinces, and in the greater number of all the counties of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Islands of Cape Breton and Prince Edward Island. To supply these statedly for four, five, or six months, is the special work of the Theological Students, when sent forth as a Catechist. To missive to them for shorter terms, is also one part of the work of the Probation, and of the ordained minister too, who, as opportunity offers, is authorized by the Presbytery employing him, to administer Baptism and the Lord's Supper, in accordance with the laws of the Church.

1. 7	CATECITIS	TS.	
1.	dam Gunn, Pict	ou Presh	ytery.
211	Chomas Murray,	Halifax	""
	. G. Russell,	6.6	4.6
	D. C. McIntyre,	• 6	4.6
	ohn Boyd, Truro	Presbyt	ery.
6 40	. Creelmon, Lun	enburg a	and Yar.
7.47	. Creelmon, Lun D. McGregor.	G	
A 16 P	H Hoyt Mirar	nichi.	
9.3	V. P. Archibald,	St. Joh	n.
10.	Villiam Ross,	"	
	ohn J. Casey,	4.4	
	E. Bayne,	44	
13.	J. Richad	1.4	
14.	Tenry Hoyt,	* .	
183			12.1

I sland

Truro Pictou

Halfax

Breton

Richmond

S

PREACHERS,

Rev. Samuel Archibald. "Samuel McCully.

" John Gillis.

" J. P. Baikie, for a time.

Mr. A. F. Thompson.

John Wallace.Jas. P. Bryant.

" M. McLeed.

FUNDS

Received, year ending 1st June, 1874	.\$2576	19
Expenditure " "	. 2791	73
Expenditure over receipts		
Beance in Fund, 1st June, 1874	. \$327	19

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

The Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces has a mission in PRINIDAD and another in the NEW HEBRIDES.

TRINIDAD.—Two missionaries, Messrs. Morton and Grant, are stationed this the most important island in the West Indies next to Jamaica. Mr. ton has been six years at work and M1. Grant three, with the following its according to last report:

Twelve Schools with 323 Asiatics and 145 Creoles, in all 468 receiva Christian education under the superintendence of the Missionaries.

2nd. A band of nine native teachers engaged in teaching, and of those are evangelizing, as well as teaching the children of their fell countrymen.

3rd. The public awakened, His Worship the Mayor of San Ferm presiding at a public examination of the Coolie School in that town, expressing the thanks of the Government and community for public be conferred.

4th. A Church of the Lord Jesus formed and flourishing, (distinct) the Church at Iere, which is made up chiefly of British people and Crewith 23 members who were nearly all, three years ago in a state of heather. These have been individually instructed and impressed, and in responsitheir own application, examined, trained and received. Farther, they been baptized, persecuted, confirmed and settled.

at

te

5th. A house of worship has been built specially for the use of Asir finished dedicated and occupied every Lord's day by a congregation varfrom 20 to 100, and by Sabbath School and Bible Classes.

6th. A Book of Hymns, (a small collection, but a commencement) been published, and is in daily use by Hindoos of all sects.

7th. School houses have been built by proprietors of Estates, and \$ per annum paid for the support of teachers, chiefly by the proprietors of \$\mathbb{E}\$

Lastly. A third missionary has been located, and his entire surprovided by proprietors interested in the spiritual and general welfare of Coolies on their Estates.

And Lastly. The appointment of a native evangelist."

NEW HEBRIDES.—This group of Islands number about 30 wipopulation of 100,000. The mission associated for ever with the name of Geddie, has been in existence for a full quarter of a century. There are missionaries in the Gd. (1) Rev. Jas. D. Murray. He is the successor. Geddie on Aneiteum. The following statistics have been furnished Mr. Murray:—

"The population of Aneiteum is estimated at 1500. There are a churches and fifty-five schools on the island. Church members 600, whole population attend church and school. All above infancy can None have ever professedly gone back to heathenism, although you occa ally observe a man who paints his face and lets his hair grow after the he fashion, thus declaring that there is still among these people some & propensities of their forefathers. All wear European clothing. At Am there is a school for the education of teachers, attended by from So 10 teachers and their wives, and the more advanced young men and women live within 3 miles of the mission station. At certain seasons, the e beg that distance attend. The school is kept four months in the ye. The subjects taught are reading, writing, arithmed January to May. geography, English and singing. At Anelcanhat there is a similar institution to be re-opened, we hope, this year. The books printed in the native langare the New Testament, Psalms, Genesis, Exodus, six chapters of Daniel Book of Jonah, a catechism, hymn book of 50 hymns, a geography, a Scrip history, abridgement of part first of Pilgrim's Progress, several primers a Last year missionaries were sent out as follows: yearly almanac. Futuna, 2 to Aniwa. 5 to Kwamera, 4 to Port Resolution, 3 couples and

s, in all 468 received tissionaries.
Tissionaries, and second sec

ldren of their fel

yor of San Ferna ool in that town, nity for public be

rishing, (distinct for people and Creat a state of heather.

1, and in response Farther, they have

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ets. of Estates, and \$1 ne proprietors of the and his entire supgeneral welfare of

Hist."
ber about 30 with the name of tury. There are:
He is the successive been furnished

500. There are a nembers 600. ove infancy can hlthough you occ grow after the heal e people some 🚭 clothing. At Am cled by from So to men and women, seasons, the e ber ths in the ye. r-, writing, aritume is a similar institu in the native lang chapters of Daniel. geography, a Scrip several primers an out as follows: ion, 3 couples and

single man to Efate, and 3 single men to Erromanga. We generally supply a boat's crew of 5 or 6 men to the *Dayspring*. About 20 Anciteumese teachers and their wives have been assisting the missionaries on the neighbouring islands, for several years past and 5 or 6 unmarried men are out as assistants. Repeatedly parties from 10 to 20 men have gone to Tanna and other islands for the purpose of creeting or repairing the houses of the missionaries."

(2). Rev. J. W. McKenzie. He is settled in the Island of Fate. "The people," says the report, "are nominally Christians, and with few exceptions attend both Church and School. Two plastered Churches have been erected since Mr. McKenzie's settlement, and the fence around one of them is made of pieces of wood once venerated as gods. Mr. McKenzie is gaining rapidly a knowledge of the language and he is labouring faithfully in his work. Population, 270: Church members, 77.

(3). Rev. Wm. Annand. He is settled at Iririk, some four miles from Mr. McKenzie. The New Hebrides, have in all, including other churches at work, 12 missions extending over 10 islands, 43 preaching stations, 3000 church-going people, 726 communicants, 80 schools, 2000 scholars, 94 trained

feachers, and two training institutions at which 80 or 90 attend.

FUNDS.

Received year ending 1st June, 1874:
Church collections.....\$5105-30

Drawn from Crerar Fund 1219 19

EXPENDITURE.

Year ending 1st June, 1874 \$6839 62

Expenditure over receipts. ..\$515-13 Bal. due Treas. 1st June, '73. . 617-27

\$6324_49

Bal.due Treas. 1st June, '74..\$1132-40

THEOLOGICAL HALL OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF THE LOWER PROVINCES OF B. N. A.

Professors.—Theology and Church History—Rev. Alex. McKnight; Hebrew and Exegetics—Rev. John Currie.

April. There were ten students last session.

The Library is extensive embracing some thousands of volumes.

The following Bursaries and Prizes are granted at each commencement:—
Two Bursaries of \$40 each to Students speaking the Gaelic language with fluency; Three Prizes called the *Hunter Prizes* of \$50, \$40 and \$30 respectely for examination in prescribed portions of Hodge's Systematic Theology, d on the Greek of the New Testament. The Matheson Bequest \$60 per num, applied at the discretion of the Board of Superintendence to aid dents one or more.



CHURCH OF SCOTLAND

IN

NOVA SCOTIA, NEW BRUNSWICK & ADJOINING PROVING

The Synod will meet at the call of the Moderator.

OFFICERS OF THE SYNOD:

The REV.	THOMAS DUNCAN, Charlottetown, P. E. I.,	Modera
6.6	WILLIAM MCMILLAN, Salt Springs, Picton Co., N.S	. Clerk.

BOARDS AND COMMITTEES:

SUBJECTS.	CONVENERS.	POST OFFICES
Foreign MissionsRe	v. J. F. Campbell	Halifax.
Home MissionsRe	v. Alex. McLean	Belfast, P. E. I.
Christian Life and WorkRe	v. Thos. Duncan	. Charlottetown, P.
Bursary FundRe	v. J. F. Campbell	Halifax.
Monthly RecordMr	. J. J. Bremner	Halifax.
Sabbath SchoolsRe	ev. R. McCunn	River John, N. S.
Dalhousie Col. Endow Fund Re	v. D. McRae	St. John, N. B.
Synod Fund Re	v. James Anderson.	Newcastle, N. B.
 Widows' & Orphans' Fund, Re 		
DevotionRe	ev. A. W. Herdman	Pictou, N. S.

I.—PRESBYTERY OF PICTOU

	CHARGE.	MINISTERS.	POST OFFICE
I	New Glasgow	Geo. Coull	New Glasgow, N
2	McLellan's Mountain	Wm. Stewart	McLennan's M.,
3	Stellarton & Westville.	.Chas. Dunn	Stellarton, N.S.
4	Saltsprings	. Wm. McMillan, Clerk	Saltsprings, N. S
5	Roger's Hill & Cape John	ıJ. W. Fraser	Roger's Hill, Na
6	Pictou	.A. W. Herdman	Pictou, N.S.
7	Earltown & W. B. R. John	ıJas. McColl	Earltown, N.S.
8	River John	Robert McCunn	River John, N.S.
9	Pugwash	. J. M. Sutherland	Pugwash, N.S.
10	Wallace		Wallace, N.S.

Vacancies—West Branch E. R; Gairloch N.S.; Barney's R. & Lochile H.—PRESBYTERY OF HALIFAX.

1	St. Matthew's,	Halifax, G. M	L. Grant, M. A	AH:	alifax, N. S.
2	St. Andrew's,	doJohn	Campbell		Do.
	T) 1 1 3.F				

4 Truro, &c John McMillan, B.D., Chrk. Truro, N.S.

HI.—PRESBYTERY OF RESTIGOUCHE.

Truro, N.S.

	CHARGE.	MINISTERS.	POST OFFICES
ING PROVINCE	1 Campbelton 2 Bathurst 3 New Richmond Vacancy—Dalhousie.	P. Galbrath	Bathurst, N. B.
lerator.	IV.—PR	ESBYTERY OF ST	r. John.
- Modera Co., N.S. Clerk. POST OFFICES. Ialifax.	2 St. John, St. Andrew's 3 Nashwaak and Stanley 4 W'dstock & Northamptor	Robt J. Cameron Wm. Fogo	Nashwack, Do
elfast, P. E. I.	V.—PRE	SBYTERY OF MIR	AMICIII.
harlottetown, P.: Ialifax. Ialifax. River John, N. S. St. John, N. B. Vewcastle, N. B. St. John, N. B.	Tabusintac	James Anderson John Robertson	
Pictou, N. S.			
J POST OFFICE: New Glasgow, N	2 Belfast & Cardigan	Alex. McLean	Georgetown, Do
McLennan's M., N. Stellarton, N.S.		IURCH OF SCOTLAN K AND ADJOINING F	D IN NOVA SCOTIA, NEW PROVINCES.
Saltsprings, N. S. Roger's Hill, N.S.	[The figures following the	names denote the Presbyt	eries to which they belong].
Pictou, N.S. Earltown, N.S. River John, N.S. Pugwash, N.S. Wallace, N.S.	Begg, Wm P 4 Fogo, V	Villiam	Mex 6 Stewart, Wm I Wm 1 Sutherland, J M 1 John 2 Wells, Jno 3
AX.	7	FOREIGN MISSIO	N.
Halifax, N. S. Do	will, in spite of failing heal of the New Hebrides gro	th, has stood at his por oup. Mr. Robertson	n Mission field. Mr. Goodst in the Island of Santo, one is stationed on Erromanga. osition as a teacher in Halifax,
770 N. S	to devote howelf to Fami	Mission mode have	Laws appointed to labour in

devote herself to Foreign Mission work, has been appointed to labour in

Musquodoboit, N.: Ismale education in India under the direction of the missionaries of the Church of Scotland.

DEATHS.

Ministers who died during ecclesiastical year ending June 26th., 1874. NAME. CONGREGATION. PRESBYTERY. DATE OF DEATH Peter Kay..... St. Andrew's (St. J.).. St. John's, N.B.. 29th Dec., 18 SABBATH SCHOOLS.

													-
Сниксн.	No. of Schools	Scholars on Roll	Average Attendance	Over 15 years of age	No. of Teachers	No. not Communicants	Moneys raised		How expended	Schemes of Lessons	Teacher,s Meeting	Vols. in Library	Section by the Bergell Spiritual of the section of
St. Matthew's, H	1	423		160	60		\$404	00	H. & F. Missions	Synod's.		1700	-
St. Andrew's, H		170					105			"	11	950	. :
Richmond, Hx		178							Sch. exp. & F. M.	**	66	480	ď
Musquodobit		180				1				**	None.	180	
Truro		170			14	1	168	74	Sch. exp.& Miss.	44	Yes.	704	
Spring Hill	:1		60	15	10	4	11			None.	"	000	
Pictou	1		150	70	17	4	67	68	Sch. exp.& F.M.	Synod's.	None.	550	1
Stellarton	2	200	100	4	17	0	100	00	Books,		44	400	
Roger's Hill, &c.	.4				12	0			Books.		"	200	
McLellan's Mt			120		20	10				None.	"	250	
Pugwash	3	110		32	14	2		00	Sch'l expenses.	Synod's.	66	190	
Charlottetown		240	180	80	21	1		00		""	Yes.	300	,
Georgetown	10	350	300	120	45	11	50	00	Sch. exp.& F.M.		Oe'ly	500	
St. Andrew's S J	1	155	100		22	5	\$165	00	Sch. exp & Miss.		None.	350	
Fredericton	1	114	80	29	11	1	70	00	Library & Miss.		Qtrly.	800	
Nasl.w'k, Stanl'y	3	60	40	11	-4	0	• • • •			•	None.	65	1

Union Schools.

HOME MISSION.

The work of the Home Mission is, almost exclusively, the supplement of weak congregations. In this department very praiseworthy progress been made in the direction of getting congregations to "stand on their feet." Five years ago, the sum of £1308 was drawn from the Colonial (Alexander) mittee of the Mother Church in Scotland to aid weak congregations; this £180 was found sufficient.

Very little has been done in the way of Church extension. the field," such is the statement of the Report, "the same number of minist and missionaries that we had five years ago. Two things lie in the way church extension, and they are thus stated by the Board;

1. "A glance at the records of our Church within the last few years we show that we have not had so much difficulty in getting ministers to come the field, as in keeping them. There has scarcely been a year in which have not had a number sent out from Scotland. But as regularly se the men have come, a corresponding number has departed. If this has been evil in the past, it will be a much greater evil in the future, ar less produ

[†] Including amount raised by Juvenile Missionary Association, &c.

[†] This School has had a separate organization for only a few weeks. § Including amount raised by S. S. Concert for school expenses.

^{||} Education of Orphan Girl in India.

ne 26th., 1874.

DATE OF DEATH
...29th Dec., 18

Schemes or nesson .≘ Vols. 1700 od's. Yes. 480 6 6 None. 180 " 704 Yes. 000 one. None. 550 %. nod's. 400 " 200 " 250 one. 190 nod's. Yes. 300 500 Oc ly 350None. 800 Qtrly. None.

ely, the supplement eworthy progression their on their on the Colonial (Alengregations; this pare)

&e.

nsion. "We have ne number of ministings lie in the way

the last few years we ministers to come en a year in which as regularly as the If this has beneather, urless prosections

is made against it. Our country is changing, the expense of living is increasing, the labours are becoming greater, and yet our ministers have had no increase of salary. They are not going to ask the people for such an increase as altered circumstances demand, but, when they cannot live in a way that is becoming to them, and meet the payment of expenses, and at the same time make some provision for those who may be depending on them, they will be compelled to go where they can do better for themselves and families. For this reason it is the feeling of the Board that something should be done with the object of increasing salaries in proportion to the increase of living in the country. Indeed, the usual salary should be \$1000 per annum, this being an increase of \$270.

2. "Part of last year's report was devoted to showing that the reason

why we did not extend as a Church, was because—not having a Divinity Hall—we had no catechists to break up new ground and occupy small stations."

MONTHLY "RECORD."

From the Committee's Report it appeared that the circulation of the Record had increased about 509 copies—being now 5,500.

MONTHLY RECORD.

Th	e following	figures will	show the increased c	irculation of the	RECORD sin	ce 1870:—
1.70	Year.	Copies.	Yearly increase.	In 2 years.	3 years.	4 years.
100	1870	1531				
ME.	1871	1681	150			
1	1872	1836	155	305		
3	1873	1970	134	••••	439	
1	1874	2238	268	••••		707

Mormed Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces

The Rev. William Sommerville, Somerset, Cornwallis. Somerset, N S

" J. Stewart, - - - Wilmot, N. S. Wilmot

G. Thomson, - - - Cumberland, N. S. Amherst, N S

J. Stevely, - - - St. John's, N. B. St. John, N B

DIED DURING LAST YEAR.

	NAME.	CONGREGATION.	DATE	OF DE	ATH.
ex.	Clarke, D.D	Amherst	March	13th,	1874.



History of some of the Presbyterian Congregations of the Dominion of Canada.

ONTARIO.

ST. ANDREWS, KINGSTON.

The first minister of the Presbyterian Church at Kingston was the R-John Barclay, who was sent from Scotland in accordance with an applicat from the congregation in 1821. He carried on his ministerial labours w great success for five years, when God in His inscrutable but wise dealremoved him by death. On an application being again made to the char of Scotland, Dr. Machar (then Mr. Machar) was sent out in 1827. He a himself to his work with great devotedness and diligence, and carried i during the entire period of his pastorate with great success. some of the old members of the congregation say that Mr. Barclay, there pastor was a man admirably fitted for planting, while Mr. Machan specially qualified for watering. Dr. Machar was a superior scholar, a. student, a faithful and impressive preacher, a painstaking pastor, a kinds affectionate friend. He was deeply interested in the establishment and sug of Queen's College, and was for several years officially connected with its discharged for some time the duties of Principal and Professor. After death, which took place 7th Feb. 1863, the congregation of which he had for many years the pastoral oversight, passed through a period of some trying and painful experience, and had several disappointments. A life has recently been settled, the Rev. T. G. Smith, who, it is hoped, will a happy and successful ministry. In the year 1844, the disruption of church having taken place, a number separated themselves from St. Andm Church, and afterwards were formed into two congregations, one know Chalmer's Church, and the other as the Brock Street Church. Of the fire Rev. R. F. Burns, (now Dr. Burns of Montreal,) the Rev. D. B. Pearce the Rev. Patrick Gray have been, in succession, ministers, and, the other Rev. R. Reid, and the Rev. Andrew Wilson.

The writer cannot leave Kingston without calling to mind a few methave passed away, but who in old times took a deep interest in the progrand progress of the Presbyterian Church, and were ready to welcome ministers to Canada. We might mention Alexander Pringle, Mr. Mowat, one of the elders of St. Andrew's Church, and father of the predattorney-General of Ontario. Others might be mentioned some of whomslive to take a part in the affairs of the church.

FREDERICKSBURG.

Fredericksburgh was the principal sphere of the labours of the Robert McDowall. But he had itinerated so much that he had not been to spend very continuous labour on any particular part of his extensive in It is thus that we account for the fact that no very large or strong congretion survived him. But his labours up and down the country were abundantly blessed. He sowed the seeds, not only of Presbyterianism, but of true

Congregation

ingston was the R e with an applicat nisterial labours w ble but wise deal made to the char ıt in 1827. ce, and carried iccess. I have z Mr. Barclay, them ille Mr. Machar queior scholar, a. ng pastor, a kindu tablishment and suc connected with it: After Professor. on of which he had a period of some pointments. A le it is hoped, will , the disruption of lves from St. Ands egations, one know hurch. Of the first Rev. D. B. Pearce iters, and, the other

to mind a few met iterest in the pross eady to welcomey: ler Pringle, Mr. nd father of the pres oned some of whom:

ie labours of the H

gion, over a wide region, and kept alive many small congregations which might otherwise have become extinct. He was, till enfeebled by age and long continued toil, a strong, powerful man, well fitted, both physically and mentally, to be a pioneer. He loved the old orthodox faith, and was ever ready to contend for it. As he was for a time the only Presbyterian minister in the country, some looked upon him as a sort of intruder, and many a battle he had to fight in defence of the old doctrines of the Westminster and Heidelburg confessions. He was present at my ordination in 1840, and remained with me a few days. I well remember to this day some of the wise counsels which his experience, both as a Christian and a minister, so well fitted him to give. The last time I saw him was at a communion at Demorestville. He was scarcely able to walk or stand, or even to sit, but he reclined in a sort of couch during the service, and addressed the communicants with great impressiveness and tenderness. He died soon after, in 1841.

BELLEVILLE.

The Rev. James Ketchan came out from Scotland, and was settled in Belleville in 1832. He was for several years clerk of the Presbytery of Kingston. He was a devoted and faithful minister, of a retiring and gentle disposition, but affectionate and genial. The Presbytery very often met at Belleville, and Mr. Ketchan spared no trouble to make all comfortable. He went to Scotland in 1843, and did not return to Canada. He was called to minister of the Free Church at Mordington, in Berwickshire, where he died a few years ago.

In 1844 a separation took place, the first minister of the new congregation, John Street, being the Rev. W. Cregg, M.A., afterwards of Cooke's Church, Toronto, and now of Knox College. He was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Whyte, who afterwards went to Ireland. After him was the Rev. W. Laren, afterwards called to Ottawa, and now Professor of Systematic Theology in Knox College. The present pastor is the Rev. John Burton, formerly of Prescott. The ministers in the old Church have been in succession, Rev. Dr. George, afterwards of Queen's College, and subsequently of Stratford, where he died a few years ago, Rev. Mr. McEwen, Rev. Mr. Walker, Rev. Mr. Smith, now of Hamilton, and the present pastor, Rev. Mr. McLean.

COBOURG.

The Rev. Matthew Miller, who has been already mentioned, was the est minister of Cobourg, with which Colborne was at first visited. Mr. Miller was one of the first missionaries sent out by the Glasgow Colonial Society was a man of ability and energy from whose labours much was anticipated. His premature death was deeply regretted. After his removal, the Rev. T. Alexander, now of Mount Pleasant, near Brantford, was called by the congregation of Cobourg. He preached frequently at Grafton and Colborne, till these places were supplied with the means of grace. After Mr. Alexander's at he had not been signation the Rev. D. McLeod, formerly of Gourock, Scotland, was called tof his extensive ad discharged the duties of the pastoral office for several years. On his country were abundance of the pastoral office for several years. On his country were abundance of the pastoral office for several years. On his country were abundance of Dundas, was called by the congregation. He was iauism, but of true acceeded by Mr. Douglas the present pastor.

PETERBORO'.

The country around Peterboro was settled about the year 1826, chiefly by emigrants from Ireland. But before this, several Presbyterians from Scotland had settled here and there in the district. The Rev. John M. Roger was settled at Peterboro' in November 1833. His field was large and new, and his labours for many years were very arduous. He preached Cavan, and afterwards in the township of Smith, and took a general oversighof the extensive country to the north and west of Peterboro. In 1844 the greater part of the congregation adhered to Mr. Roger, but several did no. These after a time were organized as a congregation, occupying the church while Mr. Roger's congregation built a fine, commodious church in the town There Mr. Roger continues to minister to a large and attached congregation having for upwards of forty years enjoyed the respect and affection not only a his own people, but also of the community at large. Of the congregation occupying the old church the Rev. J. Douglas, the Rev. D. J. McDonnell, B. J. minister St. Andrew's Church, Toronto, and the Rev. K. McLenna: the present incumbent, have been successively ministers.

It may be stated in conclusion that while in 1835 there were four minists within the bounds of the Presbytery of Kingston, there are now within the same bounds no fewer than forty-four, viz: in the Presbyteries of Kingston and Cobourg of the Canada Presbyterian Church 33, and the Presbyteries of Kingston and Victoria of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland 11. These members do not include professors and minister without charge, nor vacant congregations and mission stations.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, TORONTO.

A number of persons who had been connected with the Church of San land had settled in York. Some of these, aided and encouraged by memis of the Legislative Assembly who had to attend the Session in York, united forming another congregation, that of St. Andrew's Church, about the year 1830. At the first meeting of parties interested in the matter, Mr. Hinds now Sir Francis Hincks, was in the chair, and Mr. W. Lyon McKenzi afterwards well known in connection with the history of Canada, was Seen The Church (St. Andrew's Church) was opened for public worshit: June, 1831. The first Minister was the Rev. W. Rintoul, M.A., a grade of the University of Edinburgh, and previously minister of a Presbytes congregation at Maryport, in England. After a few years, Mr. Rintoul signed the pastoral charge of the congregation, and after a short time, dis ing which he was engaged in missionary work in various places, was settle at Streetsville. Subsequently he was Professor of Hebrew in Knox College and for a few years before his death, was minister of St. Gabriel Street Church Montreal. He'died in the year 1851. He was a faithful evangelical minister whose name should be recorded as one of the honoured pioneers of the Pre byterian Church in Canada. He was succeeded in St. Andrew's Church the Rev. W. T. Leach, M.A., who afterwards removed to York Mills, at subsequently joined the Episcopal Church, and now occupies the imported positions of Archdeacon of Montreal, and Vice-Principal of McGill College The Rev. John Barclay, now Dr. Barclay, succeeded him in St. Andrew Church, and was in turn succeeded by the Rev. D. J. McDonnell, B.D. the present pastor.

BAY STREET CHURCH, TORONTO.

In 1837 there were two Presbyterian Churches in Toronto. First, that in charge of the late Rev. Mr. Harris, who had belonged to the denomination known as the United Synod of Upper Canada, which, with very few exceptions, became merged in the Church of Scotland, but at the time referred to, stood alone. The second was St. Andrew's Church, having as minister the Rev. Mr. Leach, now Archdeacon of Montreal. About the end of that year 1 few persons desired to be connected with the "Missionary Presbytery of the Canadas," in connection with the United Secession Church in Scotland. They received a few Sabbath's supply now and then, and held their meetings in a carpenter's shop. In 1838 they rented a church belonging to the Baptists, situated in Stanley Street. In 1340 they rented first, and ultimately purchased the Church belonging to the Episcopal Methodists. In 1847, on the union of the United Secession and Relief Churches in Scotland, the congregation came under the name of "United Presbyterian." In 1848 the present Church was erected and dedicated to the worship of God on the last Sabbath of the

The Rev. John Jennings, D.D., filled the pastorate during the whole period, commencing in Dec., 1838, till the 12th of March last, when he resigned, in the utmost harmony with the congregation, owing to ill health, and chiefly to bronchial affection which affected his power of public speaking. At the date of writing (Nov. 26th) no one has been chosen as successor. There are now twelve places of worship connected with the Presbyterian Church

in the city.

KNOX CHURCH, TORONTO.

The congregation, known as that of Knox Church, may be regarded as the oldest Presbyterian congregation in Toronto, having been established in the year 1820. For some years before that date the Presbyterians in what was then Little York had occasional visits of ministers and supplies of preaching. The Rev. W. Jenkins, originally from Scotland, and who came from the United States to Canada in 1817, and settled at Richmond Hill, gave what assistance he could in gathering the Presbyterians together and forming them into a congregation. In 1820 the Rev. Jame. Harris, who but lately passed away from the midst of us, arrived, and at the request of the Presbyterians in York settled amongst them, and immediately began to organize a congregation. A place of worship was built, the land having been generously given by Mr. Jesse Ketchum. The church was erected in 1821, and in 1822 certain rules and regulations were drawn up as a constitution for the new congregation, which remained in force till 1857 when some changes which were considered beneficial and necessary were effected. In the year 1844 the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland was divided into two parts, one still retaining the old name and remaining in close fellowship with the Church of Scotland. A large number of the members of St. Andrew's Church sympathizing with the Free Church, and feeling it their duty to bear testimony to her principles, separated from the church with which they had been connected. This was formally resolved upon, at a meeting held on the 13th July, 1844. The chair was occupied by Isaac Buchanan, Esq., now the Hon. Isaac Buchanan, and among there present may be mentioned the names of Messrs. Shaw J. McMurrich, (now

ar 1826, chiefly by ans from Scotland John M. Rogerld was large and a general oversight oro. In 1844 the out several did not pying the church in the town offection not only of the congregation. McDonnell, B. I. v. K. McLennaz

were four ministence within the sames of Kingston and Systemies of Kingston with the Churchessors and ministences.

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I. McDonnell, B.D.

the Hon, John McMurrich), George Brown (now the Hon, G. Brown), C. M. Smith, George Leslie, James Leask, John Fisken, &c., &c. Arrangements were made at once for the organization of a congregation and the erection of But before anything definite was done a proposal was made place of worship. by the managers of "The Presbyterian Church of York" (under which title the congregation of the Rev. James Harris was known) that the two bodies should unite and form one congregation, Mr. Harris retiring with an annuity The proposal was agreed to, and it was resolved to unite and form one church to be known as "Knox Church." The union was accordingly carried into effect and worked harmoniously. The congregation increased and an addition wa made to the place of worship. It was agreed to call the Rev. Dr. R. Burns then of Paisley, Scotland, who had visited the country in the early part of 1844 On the 23rd May, 1846, he was inducted as Pastor of the congregation, the duties of which he discharged for eleven years with zeal, fidelity and ability For some months previous to the arrival of Dr. Burns, the Rev. Andrew King afterwards Professor of Divinity at Halifax, and who but recently we removed by death, discharged, most satisfactorily, the duties of Pastor. It 1847, while Dr. Burns was absent in the Lower Provinces, on a missionar tour, the old church was destroyed by fire. Steps were promptly taken erect a new one. On the 21st Sep., 1847, the foundation stone was laid, at on the 3rd Sept., of the following year, the present most commodious churd was opened for public worship.

In June, 1856, the Supreme Court of the Church appointed Dr. Burns: the chair of Church History and Apologetics in Knox College. The duts of this new office were entered on with his characteristic energy, and wer discharged for several years, with ability and success. Shortly after his turn from a visit to Britain, in August, 1869, he was removed by death, lesing a name and memory dear to many, and honoured and revered by all had known him.

After Dr. Burns' retirement, a vacancy of two years took place, is congregation having in the meantime addressed calls without effect to the Rev. W. Fraser, now of Edinburgh, and the Rev. J. D. Paxton, of Glasgow. In April, 1858, a call was unanimously and cordially given to the Rev. A. Topp. M.A., of Roxburgh Free Church, Edinburgh, and formerly of Elgin. The call was accepted, and Mr. Topp, (now Dr. Topp.) was, on the 16th Sept. 1858 inducted as pastor of the congregation.

Two years ago most commodious apartments giving ample accomodation for lecture room, Sabbath School room, vestry, session room, deacons' room library, &c., were erected at an expense of about \$16,000. At the present time, with its handsome and well proportioned Church, its spacious accormodation for Sabbath School purposes, its staff of twenty-four elders, at twenty-five deacons, and about sixty Sabbath School teachers, the congregation of Knox Church, Toronto, may be regarded as second to none in the whole Church, in its equipment and working. Its present membership is 750, and the amount raised for all purposes during the past financial year was within a few dollars of \$18,000. Besides sustaining their own work, and aiding liberally the missionary and benevolent enterprizes of the Church, the members of Knox Church have contributed liberally towards the erection the churches more recently erected in the city. The increase in the membership from 28 in 1823, when the first communion took place, and 215 at the

G. Brown), C. M. ke. Arrangements nd the erection of a proposal was made funder which title hat the two bodies ng with an annuity nd form one church ly carried into effect nd an addition wa Rev. Dr. R. Burns early part of 1844 congregation, the fidelity and ability Rev. Andrew King but recently was ities of Pastor. 1: es, on a missionar promptly taken

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se of the ministry of the Rev. J. Harris, in 1844 to 750 the present numr, is very marked, especially when we bear in mind that not a few have been disjoined for the purpose of connecting themselves with the more newly formed congregations.

NOVA SCOTIA.

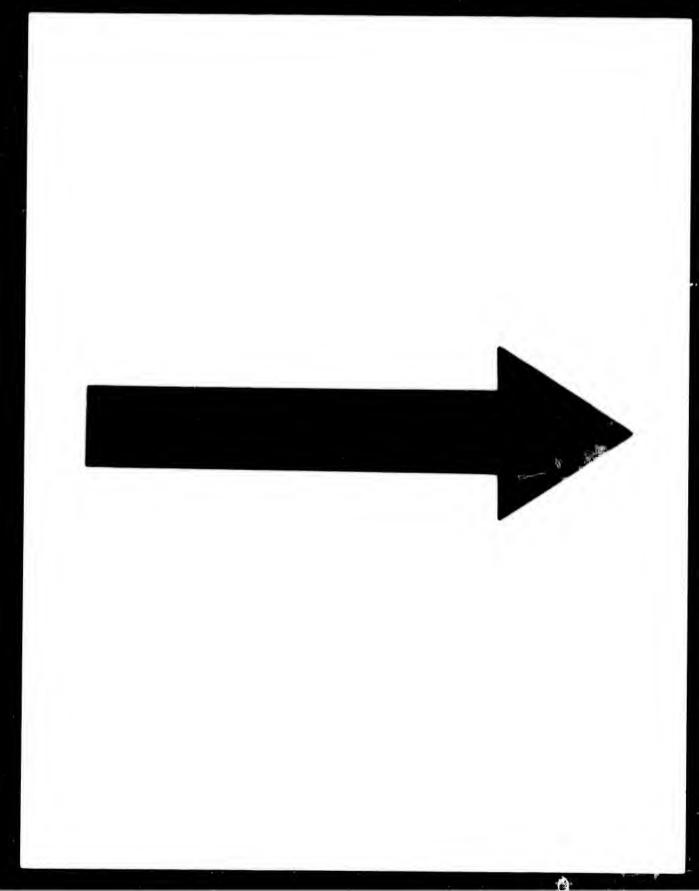
TRURO.

In 1760 or 61, subsequent to the expulsion of the French, the first settlers arrived in Truro. These were originally from Londonderry, Ireland, but

latterly from New Hampshire, U. S.

Eight days after their arrival they selected a spot for the erection of a sanctuary. In 1763 there were about 60 families in and around Truro. In answer to an application to the Associate Presbytery of Glasgow, Scotland, the Rev. Mr. Kinloch was sent out-received a call-declined it-returned to Scotland, and settled in Paisley. This was the first Presbyterian call ever even in Nova Scotia. In 1767 the Rev. Daniel Cock, of Cartsdyke, on the elyde, was appointed to visit Truro. This appointment he was unable fulfil until 1769, in the fall of which year Mr. Cock arrived in Truro. After labouring a year he was called to the pastoral charge of the congreganon in 1770, in which year (Sept. 1) the first Session was elected,—stipend £60 for two years, £70 next two, and £80 thereafter, ½ cash and ½ produce. Mr. Cock was for various reasons not settled till 1772. On the 2nd of Aug., 786, the first Presbytery was constituted at Truro, seven additional ministers having arrived from Scotland. Sederunt Messrs. Cock, Graham, McGregor, Smith and Gilmore, Ministers, and John Johnston and John Barnhill, Elders. In 1708 Mr. Cock obtained a colleague and successor in the person of the Rev. John Waddel, A.M. Mr. Waddel was born at the Kirk of Shotts, studied at Glasgow College, where he passed A.M. -received his Theological training under Dr. Lawson, of Selkirk, was licensed, and shortly after, (in 1797) ordained an Evangelist, designated to Nova Scotia, and arrived in Truro on Nov. 5th, same year, to the charge of which congregation he was called and settled Nov. 16, 1798. He was a man of a commanding presence, tall, erect and well proportioned, bald, and with powdered head he formed the beau ideal of a man. In Nov., 1828, he was struck with paralysis, yet still continued to labor till by a fall from his carriage in 1836 he was entirely disabled, and in November following demitted his charge. On the 13th Nov., 1842, he passed peacefully away, and was laid in the grave by his brethren of the Presbytery. After his death two calls were moderated, but both being unsuccessful, a third was given to Mr. Wm. McCulloch-the present pastor-In 1838, and the ordination took place on the 14th Feb., 1839. The Church stood then a mile from the village, for the accommodation of what was called the Lower Village and Old Barns, now Clifton. About 21 years ago the dilapidated condition of the church, together with the growing population and wants of Truro proper, led to the erection of a new church in the village capable of seating 600 persons. After a few years, being found insufficient, a large addition was made to it. To-day (1874) it is found so inadequate that although two new congregations with settled pastors have been creeted out of the original charge, the Presbytery has sanctioned the erection of a third new ase in the member congregation, which erection it is expected will take effect this year—1874.

This congregation has the honor of establishing the Bible Society of Nova



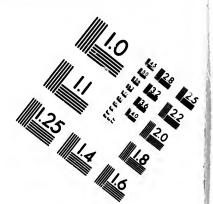
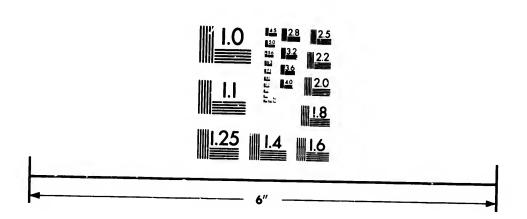
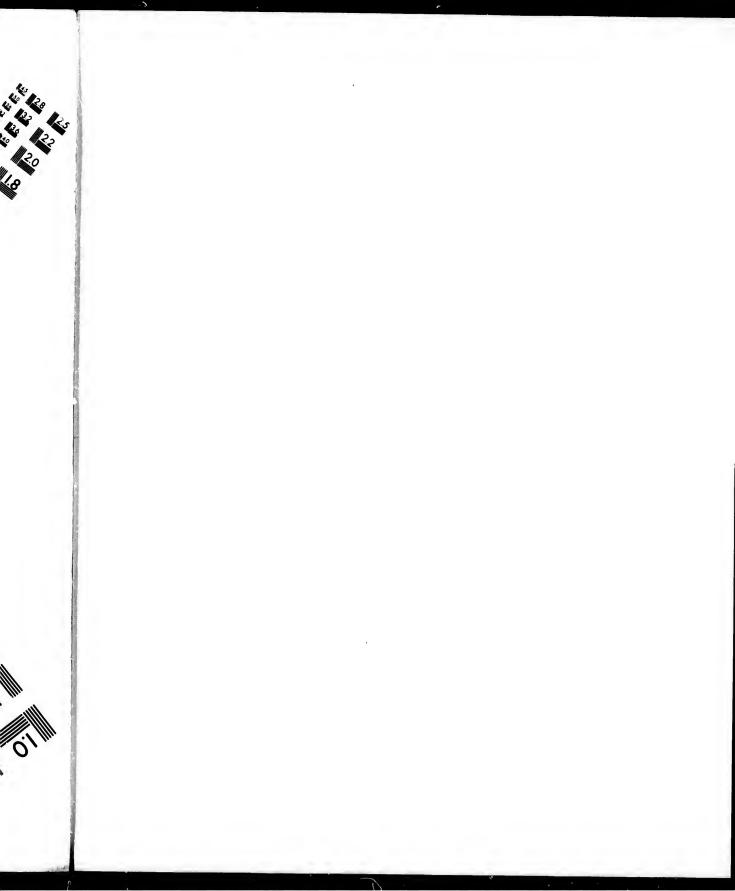


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Scotia, under Mr. Waddel in 1810, also the Bible Class and Monthly Missionary Concert of Prayer in Nova Scotia, at least in the Presbyterian Church At the settlement of Mr. McCulloch the Communion Roll numbered 178; it is now 490, notwithstanding the erection of two new Congregations.

The centenary of the Congregation was celebrated in 1870, in which year 120 were added to the Church, 27 on the Centenary morning. In a Pastorate extending from 1838 to 1874, there were 845 baptisms, 595 deaths, and 407 marriages. In 105 years the Congregation has had only three Pastors, and this promises to be a fact for some years to come. Large and flourishing Sabbath morning and weekly prayer meetings and Bible classes, and Sabbat Schools are in successful operation, and doing a great work for the future of the Congregation.

CHALMERS' CHURCH, HALIFAX, N. S.

This Church, situated in the centre of the city, was erected in 1848c and was first opened for public worship on the last Sabbath of October, 18st by Rey, Alexander Forrester, D. D. The congregation was organized in 18c under Rev. Ralph Robb, who subsequently removed to Hamilton, Onta-It was the "Free Church" in Halifax. Dr. Forrester ministered with a tinguished ability to the congregation till 1855 when he accepted the positive of Superintendent of Education for Nova Scotia and Principal of the Normal The next Pastor was Rev. John Hunter, who continued his laba in the church for four years, and retired on account of ill health. succeeded by Rev William Maxwell, now of Pictou, who also retired on a count of ill health, after a ministry of five years. Rev. Edward Annand wa the next Pastor, and his ministry was crowned with much success, but it con tinued only two years. The growth of Presbyterianism in the city necessitated the formation of new charges. In 1862, a section of the congregation found St. John's Church in the north end of the city, -now a large congregation. In 1872 another section of Chalmers' congregation moved to the South Ed of the city, and in conjunction with a section of Poplar Grove Church, formal a strong congregation known as "Fort Massey Church," now under the particle of the strong congregation is a strong congregation who was the strong congregation which was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation which was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation which was the strong congregation who was the strong congregation which was the strong congregation which was the strong congregation which we want to strong congregation which was the strong congregation which was the strong congregation which we want to strong congregation which was the strong congregation which we want to strong congregation which was the strong congregation which we want to strong congregat toral charge of Rev. James K. Smith, late of Galt, Ontario. The last migstion from Chalmers' Church included more than half the membership at more than two-thirds the wealth. Rev. Mr. Annand accepted a call to Presbyterian Church in Boston. He was succeeded in Chalmers' Church Rev. Charles B. Pitblado, under whose ministry the congregation is rais more money for the support of the Gospel, and doing more work than ex

The following are the Presbyterian Churches of Halifax according to the age: St. Matthew's, St. Andrew's, Poplar Grove, Chalmers', St. John's Richmond, and Fort Massey. The first and the last named are the stronges

NEW FOUNDLAND.

ST. JOHN'S.

The first Presbyterian Church in St. John's, Newfoundland, in connection with the Church of Scotland, was opened on December 23rd, 1842. The Rev. Donald A. Fraser was chosen as minister. He died after a pastorate of only three years. The Church was supplied by ministers from Scotland and Nova Scotia till 1849, when the Rev. Francis Nicol became minister. In that year

nd Monthly Mission. Presbyterian Church all numbered 178; r gregations.

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ndland, in connection 3rd, 1842. The Rev. er a pastorate of only m Scotland and Nova inister. In that year

ecession took place of the portion of the congregation holding Free Church naiples, who built Free St. Andrew's Church, which was opened in 1850. The first minister was the Rev. A. S. Muir, who was succeeded in 1852 by Rev. M. Harvey, who has been partor till the present date. The Rev. F. Nicol removed to Canada and was succeeded by the Rev. and Markae, who was minister for twelve years, and in 1871 accepted a to a Church in Nova Scotia. He was succeeded by the Rev. D. McDoull, who resigned his charge in 1874, in consequence of ill health. The work is at present without a minister.

HARBOUR GRACE.

The Free Church at Harbour Grace was opened in 1857. The Rev.

Lapers on Presbyterian Topics.

L-KNOX COLLEGE.-ITS ORIGIN AND PROGRESS.

The seat of this Theological Institution will hereafter be in the west part he capital of Ontario, at the upper end of Spadina Avenue, and not far the University College. The building is of white brick and cut stone; tyle of architecture is Gothic. The form of the building resembles the r.E. The facade fronting the Avenue is 230 feet long, and the wings run 150 feet. Over the main entrance a massive tower rises to the height of feet, tastefully and substantially finished, with cut stone ornamentations. College contains a large hall and four commodious lecture rooms, with s for the Professors, Secretary, Senate and Visitors. The Library and rum are in keeping with the general elegance and good arrangement of building. Every convenience has also been provided for boarding a large ber of students. The entire cost will not be under \$100,000, a large and, but already almost provided by the liberality of the people.

For the last nineteen years the work of the College has been carried on building near the centre of the city, which was purchased and fitted up the purpose in 1855. It was formerly known as "Elmsley Villa," and in the time of Lord Elgin the vice-regal residence. Of late years, how-this place has been regarded as not worthy of the increased wealth of the mination, and unequal to the requirements of the College, so that it will fit for the more imposing building just erected. Tracing back this history, emember the grateful feelings with which in 1855 the College was moved "Elmsley Villa" from a more humble rented house on Front Street, the now forms part of the Queen's Hotel. And we go further back still, scall the first classes held in an upper room on James Street, in the house ne of the Professors.

Immediately after the disruption in 1844, a temporary arrangement was a under the Rev. Dr. King, afterwards of Halifax, and the Rev. H. Esson, St. Gabriel Street Church, Montreal, to give instructions to young men rous of entering the Christian Ministry. Fourteen were that year enrolled. 845, the Rev. Dr. Burns, of Paisley, Scotland, was appointed Professor

of Divinity, and Mr. Esson of Literature and Philosophy, in the College w was to be established. Fr. Burns held this appointment only for a short. but several years afterward was called to the chair of Church History, w he held at the time of his death. In 1846, an Academy was extablished connection with the College, to give preparatory training, under the care Rev. Alex. Gale, of Hamilton, and Rev. Thos. Wightman. This arms ment only continued for a few years, when the change of the National States are the change of the National States and the change of the National States are the change of the National S University from a sectarian to a non-denominational basis rendered it unpresary, and Knox College became a purely Divinity school. In 1847, Michael Willis, D.D., from Glasgow, began to conduct the Theological Conduct t department, and continued with eminent ability and success in that work twenty-three years. Valuable assistance from time to time was rendered Rev. R. McCorkle, of St. Ninian's, Scotland, Rev. Mr. Rintoul, Rev. W. L. and Rev. Ralph Robb. Or the death of Professor Esson, his place was by Rev. G P Young, who did excellent service for eleven years. On acceptance of a chair in the University College, Rev. W. Cavan, of St. Ma was called to the vacant chair, which he fills efficiently, and he is now Prin of the College. Dr. Willis having retired in 1870, Rev. D. Inglis, D.D. of Brooklyn Heights, N.Y., occupied the chair of Systematic Theolog one year, and was succeeded in 1873 by Rev. W. McLaren, of Ottawa. W Gregg was appointed in the previous year to the chair of Apological These two last mentioned gentlemen, with the Principal, constitute the pa Valuable assistance has been at various times rendered by Ref Proudfoot, of London, Dr. Topp, of Toronto, and Mr. Ure, of Godern lecturers in special departments.

At the Union of the Churches in 1861, the Hall of the United Paterian Church was merged in Knox College. It was established in 1861 the City of London, and was efficiently conducted by the Rev. Dr. Producted for a short time by Rev. Alex. McKenzie. In 1860 the Expremoved to Toronto, and after the death of Dr. Proudfoot, in that year under the care of Rev. Dr. John Taylor, now of Busby, in Scotland, who tinued to render excellent service until the Union, when, to the regret

he returned to his native land.

Thus grew Knox College. In the course of thirty years, the small of fourteen, with two teachers, meeting in the upper room of a private dwe has become a College, with over one hundred students, under three Profes possessed of an extensive and valuable Library; and occupying a buildin appearance, comfort, and convenience, second to none of its kind on this tinent. During its short career, three hundred and eighty-nine names have entered as matriculants. Some of these did not finish their studies, others some during their course and some after ordination; others still, have to foreign lands and are there labouring as ministers of the gospel; by present, about one hundred and sixty are engaged in the active service of Canada Presbyterian Church. So that to-day, about half of the minister that Church have been trained in Knox College.

Now thoroughly equipped, and under the guidance of able, earnest devout Professors, with every facility for prosecuting their other studie University College, with which Knox College is affiliated; with flourist societies of a missionary, scientific and literary character, this institution, in the blessing of God, promises in the future to accomplish still greater res

in furnishing able ministers of the New Testament.

phy, in the College w nent only for a short f Church History, w demy was extablished ining, under the can ightman. This array change of the Nation or eleven years. Ot W. Cavan, of St. M. y, and he is now Primal kev. D. Inglis, D.D. Systematic Theolog Laren, of Ottawa. the chair of Apolog

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II.—SUSTENTATION OF THE CHRISTIAN MINISTRY.

There are five ways in which men employed in the Christian ministry. find sustenance while employed i their Master's work.

WORKING WITH HIS OWN HANDS.

1. The minister may provide sustenance for himself by combining with inisterial work some secular calling. It was thus Paul sustained himself change of the National Mainisterial work some securar caring. It was thus Paul sustained himself basis rendered it unit in Corinth. Against this way Paul, while following it for exceptional vectors. In 1847, in Corinth, as being against the series protest (1 Cor. ix.) as being against the light of conduct the Theological Corners and fair dealing, (v. 11); as being against the use and to time was rendered to time was rendered for the corresponding to the corresponding to the corresponding to the church has shown clearly that this mode conducted was provided in the corresponding to religion, and injurious to the church and its pastors.

ROBBING OTHER CHURCHES.

STATE ENDOWMENTS.

The minister, while at work in one congregation, may be sustained by ounties of other congregations who share no portion of his services. was often thus enabled, by the liberality of such churches as that of donia, to labour where the people were unable or unwilling to sustain him. on this principle missionaries to the heathen are sustained. This way is as a temporary arrangement, but it is wrong and injurious to minister and e when adopted as a permanent mode even in the poorest heathen egation.

The minister may be paid by the State. It is not fitting to touch here fficult and delicate question of the relation of Church and State; nor is essary to give any opinion as to whether it is always, everywhere, and er, the duty of the church to refuse government money. It is enough n this Dominion men are generally agreed that in the past, state endowhave been hurtful to the church, and that in the present it would not be for a Christian church, in British America, to throw on the government hen, to the regret state astentation, total or partial, of its pastors. Enough on this point the nent of Dr. Buchanan, the Convener since the death of Dr. Chalmers, in of the Sustentation Committee of the Free Church of Scotland, made in beech last year before his General Assembly:—

For my part I greatly prefer this noble annual revenue for the support Gospel, coming in as it does from the countless and continuous free-will ngs of the church's own members, rather than to have it provided by the itic and once for all contributions, whether of a whole community (State wments) or of half-a-dozen millionaries. I frankly confess I was once of her mind. I can now look at it from more sides than one. I have had a pretty full experience of both systems, and I have come to a clear conclusive judgment in favour of the one with which Christ's Church n and which he evidently meant to be permanent when, by His Holy It He guided an apostle to say, "Let him that is taught in the word municate to him that teacheth in all good things."

CONGREGATIONALISM.

4. The minister may be paid by his own congregation. This mode is hitted by reason, by Scripture, and by the practice of many congregations of primitive church. It is nearer, indeed, the right mode than any of the

modes above stated; but it is not the mode with which the church of C ought to rest contented. It is liable when carried out fully, to objections: 1. It leaves poor congregations without pastors if they are able to support them. 2. It suppresses the corporate spirit, so beautiful healthy in a church, by which each member has a care of the whole and the body a care of each member. 3. It developes a selfish spirit, is to that rebuked by Paul in its manifestation round the Lord's table in Con "For in eating every one taketh before other his own supper; and on hungry and another is drunken." I Cor. xi. 21. Under the operation this mode we see, in the same church, and doing the same work. ministers in dangerous affluence while others are in abject poverty, rend necessary for churches on this continent the advice of Paul, "Wherefor brethren when ye come together to eat (to divide the revenues of the tarry one for another." 4. It lowers the independence of Pastors. church as a whole may suffer from the tyranny of the magistrate, is the danger that individual pastors may suffer from the tyranny of the " multitude" that is found journeying, since the days of the desert, with Israel? When the stipend comes direct from the hands of his congre there is often no break-water in money affairs between the floods of u men and the servant of Jehovah, over whose head the billows often go the indeed, they cannot overwhelm him.

PRESBYTERIANISM.

5. The minister may be paid by the church. The word church is here in the Presbyterian sense, collectively, like the word nation, as ma all the adherents, communicants, office-bearers and congregations that by their representatives in one common Synod or General Assembly. the servants of the nation are paid by the nation out of national fund according to this mode, the ministers of the church being in the serviced church, under law to the church, should be paid by the church The difficulties in the way of this mode are: 1.1 church funds. it might encourage idleness on the part of the pastor who is paid at proportion to his own exertions but in proportion to the exertions of other That it might encourage stinginess on the part of congregations whose would be paid whether they did or did not give. 3. That in the tone temper of Presbyterianism at present the scheme would be found impract The force of these objections largely disappear in the face of these following:—I. The sustentation of pastors by the church in general w rule under the law of Moses. 2. It is an instinct of the Christian ch best life thus to scatter abroad, as we see from the spirit manifested all outpouring of the Holy Ghost on the day of Pentecosi, "They sold possessions and goods and parted them to all, as every man had m 3. The principle of the whole caring for each part runs like a golden to through the web of primitive Christianity. "The active brotherly low each church," says Neander, writing of early Christianity, "was not com to its own immediate circle; it extended even to the wants of the church distant lands." 4. This principle is implied in Presbyterianism according which each minister belongs to the whole church, and the whole church therefore to be held responsible for his teaching, his character, his work therefore, surely for his maintenance. To maintain the opposite is to abase Presbyterianism as far as finances are concerned and take the first

which the church of Courried out fully, to the ut pastors if they are rate spirit, so beautiful a care of the whole opes a selfish spirit, so the Lord's table in Compown supper; and out the under the operating the same work,

a abject poverty, render of Paul, "Whereform the revenues of the chandence of Pastors. It is the magistrate, is the net tyranny of the "soft the desert, with hands of his congreseen the floods of une billows often go the

The word church e word nation, as me d congregations that eneral Assembly. & out of national fund being in the serviced id by the church m his mode are: 1. 1 pastor who is paid m the exertions of other ongregations whose 🗐 3. That in the ton: uld be found impraction. n the face of these church in general w of the Christian cha spirit manifested all itecosi, "They sold is every man had ne runs like a golden in e active brotherly love cianity, "was not com he wants of the church sbyterianism according and the whole churd s character, his work the opposite is to abase and take the first

rds Congregationalism. 5. This principle has been successful wherever it been fairly tried in *living* churches all over the world under two forms: of the now a few words.

SUPPLEMENTARY FUND.

The principle of the whole church being responsible for the decent atenance of all its pastors exists in a modified shape in most Presbyterian ches under the form of a supplementary fund, such as is found in the ed Presbyterian Church of Scotland, and all the Presbyterian churches in da, out of which fund poor congregations receive help as a matter of the same principle exists in the fullest proportion and most advanced opment it has yet received in Christendom (though not yet perfect) in the matation fund of the Free Church of Scotland, out of which each congregation are an equal share as a matter of right, on the belief that when each egation does its best, the rich and the poor, there will always be bread the and to spare in the Father's house for all His servants.

SUSTENTATION FUND.

To understand what are the leading features in a scheme of finance to which yes of all Protestant non-endowed churches are now directed as containhe probable solution of one of the great questions of the day, let us hear
leading principles as laid down by Dr. Thos. Chalmers, its illustrious
der, before the *Convocation* that met in Edinburgh in the month of Novem1842, to prepare for the impending disruption of the Scottish Established
rch.

In laying his financial scheme before the meeting, he expressed great conce in its success, and then went on to say:—

"The arithmetic on which, under God, I found the confidence I feel, is told. It is not because I count on a multitude of great things. These be either more frequent or more numerous than I shall attempt to specify. I do count on a multitude of little things. It is not on the strength of sums that I proceed, it is on the strength and accumulation of littles. I not looking for much that is remarkable in the way either of noble efforts oble sacrifices; nor yet is it on the impulse of strong but momentary ng that I at all reckon. It is on the assiduities of habit and principle, as a very common and every day exertion in each district of our land ht secure if begun, and such as the general influence of custom alone might ce to perpetuate. Such is the character—the plain, unimaginative character—of the premises with which I am now dealing; and the conclusion I from them, what I call my minimum result, because the very least to th I aspire is a hundred thousand pounds in the year."

After a full exposition of the grounds on which his confidence rested, he med up the principle of his scheme as follows:—

Firstly, then, the money raised in any given locality ought not to be reved for the expenses of that locality. All the means raised throughout all localities should be remitted to a large central fund, whence a distribution t should be made of the requisite sums or salaries for the ministers of all parishes. The benefits of such an arrangement are manifold and inestible. It becomes an operation of infinitely greater delicacy and good taste

when the offerings called for, in any given neighbourhood, are for the distant personal behoof of their own elergyman. He could do nothing to ever or stimulate such a process. But his deacons and even himself might, with the violation of decorum, bestow upon it their full countenance and active when seen in its true character, as part of a general scheme for the high triotic object of supporting a ministry of the gospel throughout the whole Scotland.

"Secondly, And what gives a still more disinterested character to scheme is the noble resolution announced at the memorable meeting held the West Kirk (of Edinburgh), in the month of August, 1841, wherein town ministers—the ministers of the most opulent parishes, and whence largest contributions will be made to the general fund—agree to share a share alike with the ministers of the poorest parishes in Scotland. This of equal division among the clergy will give rise to the operation of pure high principle both in the rich and in the poorer parishes. The liberalin the former will be stimulated, not by the near and narrow consideration support for their own minister, but by the great and soul-expanding constation that they are helping out a provision for the gospel in the most desilocalities of the land. And the efforts and sacrifices of the latter will be sulated by the honourable ambition of raising their contributions as near to dividend as possible."

"But thirdly, you will observe that on this system of the equal divisi right and beautiful as it is, yet aid our financial operations stop here, proceed no farther, then the clergy in different parts of our establishment with nominally the same means, might yet fare very unequally." After plaining how this inequality would necessarily arise under such an arm ment, owing to the great differences in the cost of living, house rent all in towns, as compared with the same charges in remote and rural point he went on to say. "It is for this reason that our financial system we not to stop at the lowest point to which I have yet carried up my explanant There is one step more . . After that the organization had be set up in each parish for behoof of the general fund, or, in other words, that an association has been formed and put into regular working order the raising and the remitting of its quarterly or yearly proceeds to what a be called the great central treasury of the Church, there can be no objecti nay, it were most desirable that a distinct supplementary effort should made in each parish for the express purpose of eking out and extending allowance of its own minister.

The best commentary on the plan of "Sustentation" proposed by It Chalmers is first, the history of this fund for thirty-one years, during wint time it has held quietly on its triumphant way, though there were in the land adversity as well as prosperity, and in the Church nearly a complete change leaders; and, second, the speech of Dr. Buchanan in presenting his repulast May.

ITS HISTORY.

Here is the History of the Fund in a nut shell, wherein is given and hibit of the Sustentation Fund since the Disruption, showing—(1.) To amount contributed each year; (2.) The number of ministers participating in the Fund; (3.) The amount of dividend paid each year; and (4.) To number of ministers who drew a full year's dividend:—

urhood, are for the discould do nothing to ever yen himself might, with countenance and action l scheme for the high throughout the whole

terested character to emorable meeting held angust, 1841, wherein parishes, and whence und—agree to share; is in Scotland. This he operation of purer rishes. The liberal harrow consideration soul-expanding consistent in the most desiof the latter will be a ntributions as near to

n of the equal divisi perations stop here, ts of our establishme unequally." After under such an arm living, house rent, al note and rural puis financial system irried up my explanit e organization had be or, in other words, ular working order proceeds to what m ere can be no objecti nentary effort should out and extending

on" proposed by Inne years, during what there were in the landly a complete change on presenting his repu

wherein is given and on, showing—(1.) To ministers participati ch year; and (4.) T

	Amount Contributed to the Sustentation Fund.	No. of Ministers participating in the Fund each year.	Amount of Dividend paid each year.			No, of Ministers who drew full equal Dividend,	
	68,704 14 8	583	£105	0	0	470	
44	77,630 12 0	627	122	o	0	557	
34 6	82,681 17 4	672	122	0	0	580	
247	83,117 16 10	673	120	0	O	590	
18		684	128	0	О	596	
40	87,115 3 4	705	123	0	0	623	
Ko	89,764 3 6	720	123	0	0	68o	
KI.	91,527 8 8	736	123	0	0	668	
32	90,794 10 5	745	I 22	0	0	675	
33		759	121	0	0	691	
54	94,635 10 6	765	119	О	0	696	
55	103,553 17 3 108,972 12 5 108,638 4 5	786	132	O	O	700	
5 5 5 6	108.972 12 5	790	140	0	0	712	
	108,638 4 5	811	138	0	О	700	
58	108,920 7 0	825	138	0	О	703	
59	110,141 11 8	827	138	S	0	713	
60	109,259 17 11	846	135	0	0	723	
61	112,093 5 0	859	138	0	0	731	
62	112,616 6 5	872	137	0	0	724	
63	114,1 2 19 9	885	137	0	0	722	
64	115,704 19 6	894	138	О	О	715	
65	119,450 3 11	903	144	0	0	710	
6 6	120,296 11 5	902	143	О	0	741	
67	120,296 11 5 121,725 6 3 131,312 10 5	917	144	O	0	73I	
6 8	131,312 10 5	923	150	Ο.	0	728	
57 58 59 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	132,125 16 7	942	150	0	O	740	
70	131,26 2 19 1	947	150	О	0	757	
7 I	137,034 14 б	948	150	0	0	775	
72	137,677 15 5	957	150	O	0	778	
73	136,322 19 10	1 969	150	O	0	783	

ITS PHILOSOPHY.

The opening paragraphs of Dr. Buchanan's recent speech, which is the portion we can quote, are valuable specially, not only because it asserts annualified confidence as to its general features in this plan of finance, because he indicates the true cause of its prosperity:—

"Moderator, this, which I now lay on the table of the General Assembly, he thirty-first annual report of the Committee on the Sustentation Fund. The course of the lengthened period our Church has passed through many ng vicissitudes. Thrown as she was, by the Disruption of 1843, into a tion altogether new, and compelled in consequence, to deal with questions to adjust herself to a state of things of which she had no previous expece, it is no wonder that serious differences should have at times arisen the new differences grave enough to have more than once greatly agitated

us all, and to have threatened the Church itself with dangers of a truly paint From these conflicts of opinion the Sustentation Fund has by no metal been altogether free. Views at entire variance with one another, as to the principles and methods of its distribution, have been occasionally discuss and pressed with a keenness which it was impossible to contemplate with anxiety. If hitherto we have been carried safely through these commotion and if our great Central Fund has gone on steadily increasing in spite of the all, I believe it is due to the fact that our differences were in the main, how and sincere. If brethren took opposite views of what was best and wisest, most for the good of the Church. He who is "the Head of the Body," whose patience with us presents such a striking contrast to our impaties with each other, has borne with us in consideration of the ends we were set ing; though, doubtless, the way in which we sometimes sought them m have been deeply grieving to His holy and loving Spirit, and ought, in recollection and review of it, to humble us in His sight. Surely it is on so such grounds as these that alone we can explain the present singularly. couraging condition of our Sustentation Fund. . . . The revers of the Crown, imposed and exacted by statute law and civil force, do not el into the nation's treasury with greater steadiness or regularity than does It has in it the Divine "quality" of that "mercy which not strained, but droppeth as the gentle dew from heaven." It blesses "b him that gives and him that takes." To the givers it is a means of gracemeans of elevating and ennobling their own souls. To the receivers it precious encouragement in their work, and a sweet assurance of the love faithfulness at once of the people to whom they minister and the Master! serve."

This mode of Pastoral Sustentation has been inaugurated with comid success in the English Presbyterian Church, and with partial success in the Presbyterian Church of the United States.

III. PRESBYTERIAN AUTHORS AND LITERATURE IN THE DOMINION.

The Dominion of Canada is not favourably situated for a vigorous grow of native literature. Men are too busy, generally, with the dal affairs of life, to find leisure to write for publication, beyond what a find expression in the monthly, weekly and daily press. Then, again, should be a suppression of the monthly of the control o men write, it is too generally the case that no market can be found of sufficient extent to encourage publication: and this, because of Canada's nearness to United States from whose prolific press there is a constant flow, of every kind of literature, and further, because Canada, as a colony, has not got beyond colonial tendency to magnify the productions of the imperial press, and belittle its own authors. In these circumstances it can be easily understood that the time has not yet come, wherein we can say much of any kind of native literature, national or denominational.

It would be interesting to trace Presbyterian authorship in British North America from its beginning till to-day, and we trust something of this kill may be attempted for this Year Book at some future day, but our view in the article must be limited to recent writing, and writers, Presbyterian; and the

not in the way of criticism as to merit, but of record as to fact.

dangers of a truly pains on Fund has by no meah one another, as to en occasionally discussed e to contemplate with rough these commotion ncreasing in spite of the were in the main, home was best and wisest, Head of the Body," ntrast to our impatien f the ends we were see etimes sought them m Spirit, and ought, in ! ht. Surely it is on see ne present singularly · . The rever l civil force, do not e regularity than does f that "mercy which nven." It blesses " t is a means of grace-To the receivers it

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orship in British Nori something of this kin ty, but our view in the Presbyterian; and the to fact.

1. PAMPHLETS, ESSAYS AND REVIEWS.

It is impossible from the material yet at hand to give anything like full rmation on this matter. Simply as a beginning towards a fuller record let in the meantime indicate the following:—

By Professor J. Campbell of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, in the adian Journal. 1. "The Pharaoh of the Exodus identified in the myth Adonis." 2. "The Birth place of ancient Religions and Civilizations." "The Coptic element in languages of the Indo-European family. 4. "The cites." 5. "The Shepherd Kings of Egypt. By the Hon. A. Morris, the ernor of Manitoba, and an elder of the Presbyterian Church: 1. "Canada her resources," a prize essay of 1855. 2. "Nova Britania," a lecture appendix, 1858. 3. "The Hudson Bay and Pacific Territory, 1859. he late Rev. C. C. Stewart, Owen Sound, Out, "Exegema;" an exposiof some difficult passages of Scripture. By the Rev. Alexander ean, "The more priests the more crime," "The Tercentenary the Reformation." By J. W. Dawson, LL.D., Principal of the Gill College, Montreal, "Primitive Man and Revelation;" an ress before the Evangelical Alliance, New York. By Rev. Robert ray, Halifax, N. S., "Religion in the British Provinces of North erica;" an address before the Evangelical Alliance, New York. By Rev. es Cameron, Chatsworth, in "British and Foreign Evangelical Review;" resbyterianism in British North America."

2. BOOKS ON GENERAL SUBJECTS.

By Mr. James Croil, an elder of the Presbyterian Church, and editor-of Montreal Presbyterian there are the following works:—1. "Dundas;" a tch of Canadian History. 2. "Historical and Statistical Report of the sbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland." Mr. Duncan Campbell, an elder of one of the Presbyterian churches in lifax, "Nova Scotia;" in its historical, merchantile, and industrial relations. Rev. George Grant, Halifax, "Ocean to Ocean." By the Rev. William II, L.L.D., "Intellect, Emotions and Moral nature." By the Rev. Mr. rvey, St. John's, Newfoundland, a volume of "Essays."

III. BOOKS OF BIOGRAPHY, SERMONS AND THEOLOGY.

As is the case in almost every Christian country a very large proportion the literature of Canada is theological; for notwithstanding the attempts of me literary men to cry down theology and doctrine, it is found that the ought and literature of all Christian nations always gravitate towards the emes connected with man's relation to the spiritual and the eternal.

I. BIOGRAPHY.

In this department, these following are the issues:—"Memoir of the Rev. is. McGregor;" by the Rev. George Paterson. "Memoir of Messrs. latheson and Johnston;" by the same author. "Life of Dr. Bayne;" by the lev. Mr. Smellie. "Life and Times of the Rev. R. Burns, D.D.;" by his in, the Rev. F. T. Burns, D.D. "Life of Dr. Matheson;" by James roil, Esq. "Memorials of the Rev. John Machar, D.D.;" by members of is family.

2. SERMONS.

Without taking into account single sermons or lectures, published pamphlet form, which are too numerous to be noted here, the follow volumes in excellent type, paper and binding, have been issued receive chiefly by the publishing firm of Messrs. James Campbell & Son, Torol "Sermons;" by ministers of the Canada Presbyterian Church, 2 v "Sermons;" by the late Rev. Mark Y. Stark, A.M. "Sermons;" by Rev. A. Melville. "Sermons;" by the late Rev. James George, D. "Sermons;" by the Rev. Mr. Cochrane, A.M.; "Pulpit Discourses," Dr. Willis; "Discourses and Expositions of Scripture," by Professor You

3. THEOLOGY—SPECULATIVE, PRACTICAL AND DEVOTIONAL.

"On the Trinity;" by the Rev. George Paterson. "The Wisdom the King;" by the Rev. James Bennet. "On Baptism;" by the Rev. W. Sommerville. "Church Government;" by the late Rev. C. C. Stew "The Dynasty of the House of David;" by the late Rev. James Dune "Book of Prayer for Family Worship; by Professor W. Gregg; "Heat Converts to the worship of the God of Israel," "Sermons and Devotion designed chiefly for the use of Sailors; "Aid to Sacramental Communication by the late Rev. George Macdonnell."

IV. WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PRESS.

In the interest of the Presbyterian Churches there are published in Dominion, three weeklies, none of which, however, are official. In Hall N.S., there is the *Presbyterian Witness*, first issued 27 years ago, publish by James Barnes, Esq., edited first by the Rev. Dr. Forrester, and edited for eighteen years by the Rev. Robert Murray. In St. John's, M. there is the *Presbyterian Advocate* published in connection with the b Telegraph and edited by Mr. William Elder. And in Toronto there is British American Presbyterian, published by the Presbyterian Publish Company and edited by C. B. Robinson, Esq. There are four monthless published as the official organs of their respective Churches. The Record the Church of Scotland in the Maritime Provinces is edited by the Rev. V G. Pender. It has a circulation of 2000. The Record of the Presbytens Church of the Lower Provinces is edited by the Rev. Robt Murray. circulation is over 5,000. The Record of the Presbyterian Church Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, is edited by James Co Esq. Its eireulation is 8,500. The Record of the Canada Presbytens Church is edited by the Rev. Wm. Reid. Its circulation is over 12,00 Arrangements are made to start in January of this year a Presbyterian paper in Prince Edward Island.

From the figures given above as to the circulation of the monthlies, at the figures in our possession as to the circulation of the weeklies, which is do not give because not authorized, it would appear that upwards of 34,00 are subscribers, in the Dominion, to Presbyterian papers.

IV. HOME MISSION WORK OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCI IN CANADA.

Presbyterianism is about to enter on a new chapter of its history. Church extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the United Star frontier to the northern bounds of civilization, presents not only a large and

lectures, published ted here, the followbeen issued recenopbell & Son, Toron terian Church, 2 vs James George, D. Pulpit Discourses," e," by Professor You D DEVOTIONAL.

"The Wisdom n;" by the Rev. W Rev. C. C. Stew Rev. James Dune W. Gregg; "Head rmons and Devotion ramental Communic

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re official. In Hal 27 years ago, publis Dr. Forrester, and In St. John's, M. ection with the b n Toronto there is !! Presbyterian Publish e are four monthlisal irches. The Record edited by the Rev. W ord of the Presbyters ev. Robt Murray. resbyterian Church edited by James Cro e Canada Presbytens lation is over 12,00 r a Presbyterian pag

of the monthlies, and the weeklies, which hat upwards of 34,∞

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bter of its history. from the United Star

fluential body of Christians, but a wide field for earnest and varied missionary fort. Whatever schemes be undertaken in the way of missions to the distant ations, the work at home must still claim a place equal if not superior to ese in the affections, prayers and liberality of God's people. To supply the by increasing demand for Gospel ordinances over this wide territory will tax e resources of the Church both in men and means. We must follow our resbyterian settlers from Scotland, and Ireland, as well as our own children. hen they go to cut out their own homes in the unbroken forest, or to turn the d prairie into fertile farms. We must evangelize large tracts of old settled antry where religion is at so low an ebb that the people are unwilling to supt ordinances. We must proclaim Christ among immigrants who speak other ones, from Germany, and Norway, and Sweden, and Ireland. We must eavour to reach our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens of both French and h origin; while the red men of the forest and prairie, as they gradually from before us, must not be overlooked, nor the adventurous spirits who ht the ontposts of civilization among them.

The past reads us an instructive lesson, as surely as the apathy of the rches fifty years ago has produced many evils and much irreligion, and the ours of devoted men have accomplished much good in our land, so will the are be, what the energy or remissness of the present generation makes it. Home Mission work of Presbyterianism has some peculiarities which st not be overlooked in the efforts which the uni ed Church will most cerly make in the wide field open before her. The object of Home Missions to preach the Gospel in new and neglected districts; (2) to organize rches; (3) to aid weak localities in supporting Gospel ordinances. In this we must distinguish missionary from properly pastoral operations. Our sbyterianism in its conception is admirably adapted to the circums ances of organized church securing order and liberty; and providing for it wants churches already gathered and homogeneous. Experience however shows our Evangelistic arm is weak, and that in order to establish churches in localities, and among people having diverse religious convictions, or none Il, measures unknown to the parent churches must be adopted. Many tes are not in a state sufficiently advanced to c. 'I a minister, and yet a for must be settled without a call if any permanent good is to be done. h an ordained minister sent into a mission district would require to open a aber of small stations, preaching in each as often as possible, but superinding all, and availing himself of such assistance as Christian men in the eral localities can give by maintaining public worship and Sabbath Schools en he is not present. This is in effect the itinerant system with local achers, which has been so eminently successful in Methodism. Presbyans are slow to adopt such an innovation, having on the one hand a prejudice inst lay preaching, and on the other, a backwardness to assume the office of dic teacher. Then, although a most laudable spirit has been manifested by dents, and they are generally ready for mission work, hitherto it has appeared possible to prevent their settlement, immediately after license, in some vacant gregations. Thus the work oftentimes begun by students with fine promise s away or struggles for my years in great feebleness for want of unorned missionary care. The great need of the Church is a class of men who not wish to be settled as justors, but are prepared to labor in organizing ingathering. These should include ordained ministers having all the rights not only a large and pastors, and student and lay catechists, all of whom could be removed from

place to place (without the interference of the people) as might be seen to be expedient. For the support of such labourers a large increase would be required in the contributions of the Church. For want of this, many section of the country have had to be abandoned by Presbyterianism, and are no occupied by other denominations which can avail themselves of the services worthy men whom Presbyterianism rejects. Even to-day, though there is marked improvement in this respect, Presbyterianism is in the wane in no few places. Our prospects at present are good, if the Church will only rise the emergency. God is putting it into the heart of many to enter the Christian ministry, and everywhere there are places open for our entering in. Noth is needed but to make suitable arrangements for the maintenance of missip aries, in localities where pastoral settlements are as yet impracticible; and the United Church will strengthen the Evangelistic arm, by establish Mission Districts where organized congregations cannot exist, will appropriately appro ordained missionaries for limited terms of service where calls cannot be entained, and liberally supplement where sufficient means cannot be raised on spot, so that young men of ability, both mental and physical, can go labour, we shall see an advance in our Home Mission work, which will glad the heart of every well-wisher to Scriptural Presbyterianism.

Lootsteps of the Presbyterian Lioneers.

The following anecdotes and incidents of men to whom Canada much as the pioneers of its Presbyterianism, are extracted from their lives tained in such books as "Memoirs of the Rev. James McGregor, D.I." "Memorials of the Rev. J. Machar, D.D." "Life and Times of Rev. Role Burns, D.D." "Memoir of the Rev. M. Y. Stark, M.A." books that out to be in every Presbyterian household in our Dominion, as interesting a instructive records of patient continuance in well-doing.

A SABBATH SCHOOL BEFORE RAIKES.

Among the first settlers in Pictou was one named James Davidson, was instrumental in doing much good. He gathered the young for religionstruction on the Sabbath day, at Lyon's Brook. This was the first Sabba School in the County of Pictou, and I think I may safely say in the Province and was established some time before Raikes commenced that movement which has rendered these institutions everywhere a part of the machinery the Christian Church.

BIBLE READINGS IN THE BUSH.

The Scottish settlers (this refers to Nova Scotia), were not unmindful of the lessons of their native land. They were accustomed to assemble on the Sabbath day for religious worship. Robert Marshal, holding what the Highlanders call "a reading" in English, and Colin Douglass in Gaelic. The exercises at these meetings consisted of prayer and praise, and especially, at their name indicated, reading the Scriptures and religious works. Marsh was a man of great theological information, and good gifts. Douglass had not the same gifts, but he was one of the few among the Highlanders who could reconstruct the same gifts, but he was one of the few among the Highlanders who could reconstruct the same gifts.

e) as might be seen to irge increase would int of this, many section vterianism, and are no nselves of the services o-day, though there is is in the wane in not Church will only rise iny to enter the Christ r entering in. Noths maintenance of missign et impracticible; and tic arm, by established nnot exist, will appor re calls cannot be ens cannot be raised on l physical, can go i work, which will glad

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to whom Canada * ted from their lives nes McGregor, D.M. d Times of Rev. Rela I.A." books that our ion, as interesting z

RAIKES.

James Davidson, w the young for religions s was the first Sabb ely say in the Province toware control that movement last. ert of the machinery

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landers who could read

plerably well. But there were scarcely any books in Gælic, and as the old cople among the Highlanders understood no English, they were under great isadvantages. The books in English were also few. Even those that the humfries people had brought out with them had been mostly consumed by the nice in Prince Edward Island. The few they possessed were well used. An apperfect copy of "Boston's Fourfold State" did good service. An old nan, now living, at the age of eighty-eight, dates back some of his earliest eligious impressions to the reading of it, and feels such a veneration for the rork as to regard it as next to the Bible, the best ever produced. Of these beetings we cannot help thinking, that they realized the divine word: "Then hey that feared the Lord spake often one to another, and the Lord hearkened and heard it, and a book of remembrance was written before him for them hat feared the Lord, and that thought upon His name."

THE GOSPEL STANDARD UNFURLED.

The Squire gave orders to lay slabs and planks in his barn for seats to he congregation; and before eleven o'clock next morning I saw the people athering to hear the gospel from the lips of a stranger, and a stranger who elt few of its consolations in his own soul, and had but litte hope of communiating them to his hearers. None came by land, except certain families who ived a few miles to the right and left of Squire Patterson's. Those who came from the south side of the harbour, and from the rivers, had to come in boats r canoes; and I doubt not but all the craft in Pictou available at the time vas in requisition. It was truly a novel sight to me, to see so many boats and anoes carrying people to sermon. There were only five or six boats, but many canoes, containing from one to seven or eight persons. The congregation, however, was not large; for numbers could not get ready their craft. the notice was so short. I observed that the conduct of some of them coming from he shore to the barn was as if they had never heard of a Sabbath; I heard and laughing and talking, and singing and whistling, even before they reached he shore. They behaved, however, with decency so long as I continued to speak, and some of them were evidently much affected. I endeavoured to explain to them in the forenoon, in English, "This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners:" and in the afternoon, in Gælic, "The Son of Man is come to seek and to save that which is lost." The first words which I heard after pronouncing the blessing, were from a gentleman of the army calling to his companions, "Come, come, let us go to the grog-shop!" but, instead of going with him, they came towards me, to bid me welcome to the settlement; and he came himself at

SPEAK KINDLY TO THE BOYS.

On Mr. McGregor's way back from Truro in company with Thomas on Mr. McGregor's way back from Truro in company with Inolias Frascr, the elder, at the lower part of the Middle River he met four boys. He asked Fraser, "What boys are those?" "Oh, they are some of your congregation assemble on the olding what the High-have had no minister to teach them, but they will do better after this." He uglass in Gælic. The have had no minister to teach them, but they will do better after this." He then spoke to them, asking each his name, and enquiring regarding their respective families, and telling them to come and hear him preach next Sabbath, and pay attention to what he said, and he was sure that they would hereafter good boys. He talked to them in this kind way till he completely won their hearts, and they were all eagernesss to hear him preach. The preaching took place under the shade of a large elm tree, and they listened with intense interest. He at that time gained a place in their affections which he never lost. One of those boys, who related the circumstance, was John Douglass, so well known throughout the church as deacon Douglass.

A PRESBYTER IN DIFFICULTIES.

The Presbytery of Hamilton extended from Lake Ontario to Amhers burgh. For a short time Mr. Stark had but few fellow labourers within react Soon after his settlement at Ancaster and Dundas, the late Rev. Alex. Gawas settled at Hamilton, Mr. Stark conducting the services at his induction. The Rev. Mr. Stewart, then minister of the congregation at Galt, was appointed to take part in the induction services at Hamilton. But, as y learn from one of his letters to Mr. Stark, he had to excuse himself from the duty, on the ground that it was out of his power to reach Hamilton. He was not able to walk, and he could not get a horse at Galt or in the neighbourhofor love or money. As for a public conveyance from Galt to Hamilton, the would appear to have been nothing of the kind at the time.

A CHRISTIAN CHAMPION.

Beside the bed where the parting life was laid, And sorrow, guilt and pain, by turns dismayed, The reverend champion stood."

Mr. Machar, in common with other ministers, passed through many experiences during this afflictive season. He was called to attend during to of cholera the sick and dying at all hours of the night, as well as the day being often aroused from sleep to minister at a dying bed, and he need shrank from promptly obeying every call. He was himself delivered from fear of contagion, and often went to the sick, when near relatives were a to venture into the infected atmosphere, going fearlessly even into the wretage abodes where foul air and want of cleanliness were most likely to be The calm possession of the mental faculties and consciousness approaching death, which he thankfully noticed as a striking features of choles made him more especially anxious to visit those dying of that disease, as speak to them the words of eternal life. He willingly went, also, to sympaths with the bereaved families, in cases where it was difficult to procure assistand for laying out the corpse, and he and his beadle were sometimes the on persons, beside the newly made widow or widower, or the childless father, follow the coffin to the grave. One aged man, decent and respectable in appearance, had just arrived from Scotland on his way further west, with h daughter, his only child, when she was seized with cholera and died. came in Scottish fashion to "the minister" who, deeply sympathising with him, made arrangements for the funeral, when he accompanied the sorrowing father to lay his child's remains in a stranger's grave. The desolate old ma departed the next day, bowed down by the bereavement, but still grateful for the kindness and sympathy he had received. Such demands upon Mr. Machar time and sympathy were incessant during that trying season.

THE WAY HOME.

The first missionary sent out, the Rev. Matthew Miller, who was a young man of much energy and zeal, and whose arrival had been hailed with jor was, however, prematurely called away before he had been two years in he new field of labour. He had been settled at Cobourg, and in 1833, Mr. Macha

ear him preach. The tree, and they listened in their affections which ircumstance, was John Con Douglass.

TIES.

e Ontario to Amhers labourers within reace late Rev. Alex. Garvices at his induction gregation at Galt, whamilton. But, as we can be a superior in the neighbourhous Galt to Hamilton, the lamilton, the lamilton in the neighbourhous Galt to Hamilton, the lamilton, the lamilton in the

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sed through many ed to attend during time it, as well as the da ng bed, and he nee nself delivered from ear relatives were 🚌 even into the wret e most likely to bree es and consciousness king features of cholen ng of that disease, and ent, also, to sympaths It to procure assistant ere sometimes the on the childless father, and respectable in h further west, with h holera and died. H ply sympathising with ompanied the sorrowing The desolate old may nt, but still grateful fo nds upon Mr. Machar

Ciller, who was a young been hailed with joy I been two years in he and in 1833, Mr. Machan

ad much pleasant intercourse with him, recognising in him a steady growth f piety; but the spring of 1834 was saddened by his sudden death, under ery affecting circumstances. In February, 1873 he had travelled from bourg to Ramsay, a distance of nearly two hundred miles, with his own orse and cutter. The sleighing was good as he travelled downward, but on is return a thaw had set in, and the snow was rapidly disappearing. He rrived at Mr. Machar's house in Kingston about noon on Friday, and emained only for luncheon. His mind seemed much occupied in contemlating some portions of the Gospel of St. John, of which he delighted to beak, and it was remarked after his departure how much he was growing in s spiritual-mindedness. He was feeling undecided whether to travel home the ice, (the frozen waters of the lake,) or by land. The ice was beginning be insecure, and the roads were in many places bare, so that sleighing by nd was tedious and difficult, and he had to be home on Saturday, in order to each on the Sabbath. Just before leaving, he said with a shrug, "I am aid about that ice, I shall go by land." But as he was starting he was met a person who had travelled by the ice and told him it was safe. This formation caused him to change his plan and he accordingly took the route the Bay of Quinte by the ice. He remained all night in Fredericksburg. th the Rev. Mr. McDowall, a venerable missionary poincer in Canada. Mr. cDowall gave Mr. Miller a chart for his guidance when he started on his ay home next morning, hoping for a prosperous journey. understorm set in, accompanied by torrents of rain, a most unusual occurrence that season, and Mr. Miller seemed to have lost his way, and to have been aking for the shore, when his horse and cutter broke through the ice and ent down in ten feet of water. When found, his watch was standing at 9 m., the moment at which the accident must have happened. A severe ost set in the same afternoon, and on Sunday some boys, skating near the ot, observed the shaft of the cutter protruding from the ice, and discovered e lifeless form of Mr. Miller lying underneath, with his horse beside him. he sad event was a cause of profound grief to his own congregation, to his ethren in the ministry, and indeed to the whole church in Canada.

In Memoriam.

Your fathers where are they? And the prophets do they live forever?

Rev. Peter Glassford, Vaughan and Albion, Ont., died Aug. 29th 1873. Ir. Glassford was born and educated in the city of Glasgow. After being tensed as a preacher of the Relief Church, and after fulfilling appointments the in Scotland and England, he was duly ordained in Alnwick (county of orthumberland) on the 10th of October 1833. From that town he was anslated, in four or five years afterwards, to the village of Leitholm, in the unty of Berwick, where he laboured for other ten years or so. In the mmer of 1854 he came to Canada, and on the 3rd of July the following year was inducted into the charge of Vaughan and Albion. In that charge he rformed the varions duties of the ministry with not a little vigour, and with mifest acceptance and success, till after a few week's illness he was called ace on the 29th of August 1873, aged 70 years. The Presbytery of

Toronto, with which Mr. Glassford was connected, put on his record his death, the following testimony regarding him: "His many est qualities, his earnestness in preaching the everlasting gospel, his assiduit pastor, his faithfulness in the discharge of every duty, not to mentigeneral and amiable spirit and temper in the more private relations of secured from him high respect and warm affection on the part of a knew him." It may be added that he left a widow and five children to his loss.

REV. JAS. HARRIS, TORONTO, ONT.—DIED SEPT. 5TH, 1873. Harris, a native of Ireland, and a Licentiate of the Secession Presby Monaghan, arrived in Canada 1820, and chose, (by the advice of the Rev Smart of Brockville) York (Toronto) as his field of labour. There we that time only two settled congregations in York, an Episcopal Church Dr. Strachan, and a Methodist congregation; and only two Presb ministers west of Kingston. The Rev. Robert McDowall of Ernestow the Rev. William Jenkins. Mr. Harris was ordained as pastor of the gation on the 10th of July 1823, and on the 14th of that month dispersion sacrament of the Lord's supper to 28 communicants. In 1844 Mr. resigned his pastoral charge; but up till his death, on the 14th of Septe 1873, in the eightieth year of his age, exactly fifty years, to a day, from first communion, he continued to labor in the ministry as occasion offered take a deep interest in the Presbyterian Church, of which he was an howard useful pioneer.

REV. D. G. McKAY, M.A., PORT ELGIN, ONT.-DIED, SEP 1873.-Mr. McKay was born at Thurso, in the North of Scotland, is With his parents he came to Canada in 1855, and settling with his ! family in Kingston taught school in that neighbourhood. Queen's College and graduated in arts. For three years he was maste Grammar School at Sterling, west of Kingston. His theological str pursued at Princetown, N. J., United States. He was licensed Presbytery of New Brunswick, U. S., but in 1872 was received a licent the Canada Presbyterian Church. He received a call to the congregation Latona, Presbytery of Owen Sound, which he declined. On the r August 1873 he was ordained, and inducted into the pastoral charge of Elgin (in the Presbytery of Bruce,) a small town situated on the shore of Huron. He was however, only a few weeks in charge of this congre when after bathing in the lake he caught a severe cold which iss fever and hemorrhage of the lungs. His illness continued only for four His death at his young age and so close on his settlement as minister, a many years of diligent and toilso preparation, and happening so sud deeply affected his people and the community at large. The Rev Mulligan, of Detroit, preached his funeral sermon.

REV. JAMES BARRON, M.A., GANANOQUE, ONT.—DIED, 26, 1873.—Mr. Barron was born in Glasgow, but his early days were near Waterdwon, Ont., where his parents had settled. He studied University of Toronto and graduated with honours, being the first manyear, winning, after keen competition, the Prince of Wales' prize as gold medal in Metaphysics and Ethics. His theological studies he finite Glasgow. On his return to Glasgow he received a call to Gananoque he was settled in 1869; but after two years 'pastoral work he found to

ted, put on his record, in: "His many estaing gospel, his assiduing y duty, not to mention ore private relations of tion on the part of all w and five children to

the Secession Presby, by the advice of the Rev. of of labour. There we an Episcopal Church and only two Presby and Cowall of Ernestownined as pastor of the coof that month dispense cants. In 1844 Mr. It is, on the 14th of Septency years, to a day, from stry as occasion offered; of which he was an house

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OQUE, ONT.—DIED, So this early days were so settled. He studied at its, being the first man of the ce of Wales' prize and plogical studies he finished a call to Gananoque woral work he found that

was two heavy for him, labouring, as hethen, was, under the disease, which tely carried him to his grave. He therefore resigned his charge and retired sion work in M. skoka, where he hoped to recover under the influence of its ir and bracing summer weather. In this, however, he was disappointed, for sease—consumption—continued to gain ground in spite of a trip to Scotill the end came, or rather the beginning, when, on the 26th of September, 29th year of his age, he entered, after much suffering meekly borne, into y of his Lord.

EV. JOHN LOGAN MURDOCH, M.A., WINDSOR, N.S.-DIED. 23RD, 1873.—(Abridged from Synodical obituary.)—The name of this ed brother is closely connected with the history of the Presbyterian h in Nova Scotia. His labours in the Ministry extended over half a with results glorifying to God, and encouraging to those who are to the work of the ministry. His field of labour was at first very ve including more than half of the County of Hants. Within the which first constituted his congregations, there now four or five gations, all of which may be said toowe their existence, under to his pastoral labors. Mr. Murdoch was born in Truro, but he was very young his parents removed to Pictou. Here reived the principal part of his education for the ministry under the r. McCulloch, and his co-labourers. After licensure, he, along with his students, Messrs. McLean and Patterson, under the advice of their sor, repaired to the Mother Country, where, through the powerful ce of Rev. Dr. Mitchell and others, deeply interested in the prosperity ou Academy, they were introduced to the Senatus of Glasgow University, ter the usual examination, received severally the diploma of A.M., date Feb. 15, 1825. On his return to Nova Scotia Mr. Murdoch was alled, ordained and inducted into the pastoral charge of Windsor or Western Hants, including Newport, Kempt, Ardoise Hill and St. Croix, as Windsor. In Church Courts he ever proved himself a deeply ted member, and very earnestly sought to forward the outward business House of the Lord. To his sagacious counsels and personal influence urch is largely indebted for the formation of the domestic mission, now is the Home Mission, which has done so much to enlarge and strengthen her in. The good hand of the Lord sustained and directed him until he had igh reached his 74th year, and the 50th of his ministry.

REV. DAVID ROY, D.D., EAST RIVER, PICTOU, N. S.—DIED, AUG. 1873.—(Abridged from Synodical obituary.)—Dr. Roy was born in ell, Perthshire, Scotland, in the year 1791. At mature age he made e of the ministry as his profession. Aving completed creditably his ecourse, he attended the Divinity Hall in .816, and was licensed to preach 20, about the time of the Union which formed the United Secession ch. He was induced to emigrate to Nova Scotia in 1830, and after a nonths of highly acceptable probation, received a unanimous call from the regation of East River, vacant by the death of Rev. Dr. McGregor. In gaccepted of the call he was ordained in 1831, and continued to labor the same field with great zeal, fidelity and efficiency, until within a years of his decease. Notwithstanding the formation of new charges in and around, which of necessity diminished the numbers and resources parent congregation, it continued, under his fostering are, greatly to

About 8 years ago the degree of Doctor of Divinity was confe prosper. on him by the College of Austin, Texas, U. S.; on the recommendation its Principal, and with the cordial consent of intimate friends and co-presimate His aptitude for business early won for him the honorable post of Preston clerk, the duties of which he performed for many years, with singular and much advantage to the Church, in what was then the largest Present within its bounds. In Synod he was also for a long period Clerk of Committee of Bills and Overtures. About two years before his decease Roy had a slight paralytic stroke, from which he never fully rallied, and gradual withdrawal from all public business was the natural precursor of dissolution which took place August 5, 1873. His memory will be lond fondly cherished not only by his brethren in the ministry, and by members the congregation over which he presided with great acceptance for or years, but by his associates in the cause of Common School Education Temperance, which received his efficient and unflinching support. righteous shall be held in everlasting remembrance."

REV. ANDREW KING, S.T.P., D.D.—DIED FEB. 24TH, 18 (Abridged from Synodical obituary.)—Dr. King was born at Glassian Scottand, January 27th, 1793. Educated for the ministry, he spent the years of his manhood, as was customary with Students at College and Ha teaching. Ordained to the ministry he was first inducted in the quiet parish of Torphichen, April 27, 1830. His faithful performance of parish duty, and the earnest tone of his pulpit services were duly appreciated flock, so that after nearly six years amongst them, it was to their great that he removed to Glasgow, on his appointment to the newly erected of St. Stephen, into which he was inducted February 9th, 1836. He around him there, a large and attached congregation, to whose interests he devoted himself for eleven years, with much zeal and fideling took an active share in all the stirring events which ushered in the disruption, and in the general and local arrangements consequent on the mation of the Free Church. Subsequently he was sent to America deputation work and shortly after his return to Scotland was appointed h of Theology in the newly formed College at Halifax, N. S., an office this which he was eminently qualified by the direction and extent of his prestudies, and by the precision and force wherewith he conveyed his meaning other minds. He entered on his professoriate in 1848, and continued in active and full discharge of its duties for about twenty-one years. When Union between the Presbyterian Church, N. S., and the Free Church, N. drew on, Mr. King took a very active and leading part in the negotiati and contributed very materially to its happy consummation. Struggling bad health and growing infirmities, he was reluctantly compelled to resign active work in 1871. He returned to his native land, residing for a time Edinburgh, thence removing to Helensburg, where he died Feb. 24th, 18

REV. JAMES FRASER, A. M.—DIED FEBRUARY 24TH, 187. (Abridged from Synodical obituaries.)—The subject of this notice was bor Fodderty, Rosshire, Educated at Aberdeen, he took the degree of M.A. 1824. He studied Theology, partly at the same University and partly we Dr. Chalmers in Ediuburgh. In the year 1835 he came to Cape Breton, we the auspices of a Ladies Association in Edinburgh, which took a deep into in the spiritual interests of the Highlanders who had emigrated to that is

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IED FEB. 24TH, 18 was born at Glass inistry, he spent the nts at College and Ha inducted in the quiet il performance of par re duly appreciated 🗟 it was to their greates the newly erected y 9th, 1836. He gain gation, to whose nuch zeal and fidelin h ushered in the 🔙 nts consequent on the was sent to America tland was appointed , N. S., an office this and extent of his prev e conveyed his meaning 348, and continued in ity-one years. When d the Free Church, N. part in the negotian hmation. Struggling tly compelled to resign ind, residing for a time he died Feb. 24th, i

of this notice was bord this notice was bord ok the degree of M.A iversity and partly me to Cape Breton, which took a deer into emigrated to that is

labouring for a year as a Missionary through the many destitute lements, he became pastor of the congregation of Boularderie. His mishary labours and toils did not cease then. The labourers being then very and the people numerous and widely scattered from the Strait of Canseau Louisburg to Cape North, the ministers sent out by the Ladies' Association. has the late Rev. Messrs. Farquharson, McLean, and Mr. John Stuart, now New Glasgow, spent a greater part of their time in visiting the destitute lities outside the bounds of their respective congregations. The state of country at that time, the almost entire want of roads and bridges, &c., &c.. rendered these missionary journeys most arduous and trying; and Mr. ser took his full share of them. An excellent constitution enabled him to are such toils apparently without injury, for more than 30 years. During ast few years, however, his strength began to fail rapidly. Still he coned his pastoral labours, on Sabbath and week days among his own people, within a few months of his death. His piety was decided and deep, but cheerful. Whatever his trials, bodily or mental might be, and they were v. no complaint was ever heard from his lips. His gentlemanly bearing. al disposition, and loving sympathy, made him a favourite with all who

w him.
THE REVD. FRANCIS NICOL, LONDON, ONT.—DIED OCT. 30TH., 3.—(Synodical obituary).—The Rev. Francis Nicol was a man of high blarly attainments, of most amiable disposition, and fine literary taste. Mr. ol, previous to the severe illness with which he was overtaken, and under that length he sunk, took a lively interest in all the Schemes of the rch, and laboured most assiduously to promote these Schemes. The labour, the so cheerfully undertook as Convener of the Committee appointed by Synod to prepare a Hymn Book for the use of the Church, and also with ew to the erection of a church in London, is well worthy of being held in

embrance by this Synod.

THE LATE REV. WILLIAM BELL, NORTH EASTHOPE, ONT.—DIED 1. 17TH, 1873.—(Synodical obituary).—The Rev. William Bell, M.A., of the Easthope, though seldom taking any very prominent part in the prolings of the Synod, was long a faithful Minister of the Church, and was ly esteemed amongst his own people and in the neighbourhood in which esided. Punctual in the discharge of the duties devolving on him as a ister—sound and evangelical as a preacher—prudent in his general conduct genial in all his intercourse with the brethren, his death has caused much

deep regret.

THE LATE REV. WILLIAM MACLENNAN, L'ORIGNAL & HAWKES-Y.—DIED DEC. 8711, 1873.—(Synodical obituary).—The Rev. William clennan, M.A., of L'Orignal and Hawkesbury, has been removed in early having been engaged but a few years in the work of the Ministry. His erior natural talents, his great proficiency in his preparatory studies, his ent piety and the untiring assiduity with which he discharged the duties of Ministerial office, gave much promise of success in the work to which he devoted himself, and which he loved so well. But it pleased the Master remove him in the midst of his labours. Mr. Maclennan was greatly oved not only by his own people, but by all who enjoyed his acquaintance. The Rev. Peter Keay, N.S.—Died Sept 29711, 1873.—(Synodobituary).—Therev. Peter Keay has been a minister of the Church of Scotin the Maritime Provinces for nearly twenty years. In the several places

in which he has laboured, he has, by his zeal and diligence, and un exertions, gained, in a more than ordinary measure, the affection of the committed to his care; and the grief which was so strikingly shown was suddenly and unexpectedly removed from them, proved most conveto all the high esteem in which he was held. Mr. Keay was a ripe so sound theologian, an earnest preacher, and by his Christian work and sation, he adorned the Gospel which it was his delight to set forth to the to whom he ministered. For some years past he discharged the dw Clerk of Synod, and, by his careful attention to business, his accuracinvariable courtesy, he deserved and obtained the highest approbation.

DR. CLARKE, AMHERST, N.S.—DIED MARCH 13TH, 1874 Clarke, of Amherst, N.S., was one of the pioneers of the Reformed! terian Church in the Lower Provinces. He was born near Kilren, I in 1795. Sent out to America by the Synod of the Reformed Churarrived in St. John in 1827. At that date there was no Reformed Prest Chuch edifice in all the land: now there are fifteen, in whose erection Dr. was mainly instrumental. In 1856, Mr. Clarke received the degree of D.I. the Pittsburg University. His sight failed as old age came: but still, as ever, he continued as long as strength remained to serve his Maste memory is held dear not only among the "Covenanters," but among the Presbyterian Churches. He died March 13th, 1874, aged 79 years.

Servants of God, well done!! Rest from your loved employ, The Battle fought, the Victory won, Enter your Master's joy.

Soldiers of Christ, well done!!
Praise be your best employ,
And while eternal ages run,
Rest in the Saviour's joy.

Presbyterian Churches of the United States

Within the bounds of the United States we meet with six distinct of Presbyterianism. We meet there (1) Dutch Presbyterianism, from Howhich came in as early as 1623 having its seat chiefly in New York English Presbyterianism, which at a late period came in with the Puhaving its home in New England. (3.) German Presbyterianism, from "Fatherland," which took root in Pennsylvania and Northern Virginia French Presbyterianism, identical with what is better known as the church the Hugenots, which chose the sunny South for its country. (5.) South for its country. (5.) Presbyterianism, after the manner of John Knox, which, however, was rather downfall of the Stuart dynasty; and (6.) Irish Presbyterianism, which, a remarkable fact, has asserted a controlling influence in moulding to its type the other forms of the Presbyterianism since the days of Franciskenzie, down till this last union of old school and new.

The first Presbytery, that of Philadelphia, consisting of seven minis was organized in 1705; the first Synod, composed of four Presbyters 1717; and the first General Assembly in 1789, having for its Moderator,

nd diligence, and un re, the affection of the so strikingly shown w em, proved most conve r. Keay was a ripe so s Christian work and ight to set forth to the he discharged the du business, his accurac e highest approbation.

MARCH 13TH, 1874 ers of the Reformed! s born near Kilren, 🛭 of the Reformed Chur vas no Reformed Presh , in whose erection Dr. eived the degree of D.I age came: but still, ed to serve his Master anters," but among the 374, aged 79 years.

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United States

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ring for its Moderator,

, the same who as a boy at night on the steps of the Court House, in lphia, dropped the lantern he held for the use of Whitfield, as the truth flashed into his own soul.

the United States, North and South, for ecclesiastically they are still here are at present eight Presbyterian Churches at one in all essents of faith, worked and governed and kept apart simply by the traditions past or on such questions as whether hymns should be sung in the o of God.

E PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.

is Church is composed of the New School and Old School Assemwhich in 1870 united into one body, to be known henceforth by the designation. Its fifth General Assembly met last year in the city of is, Missouri, on the 21st day of May, when the Reverend Samuel I. of the Presbytery of Pittsburgh, was ehe en Moderator for the year. he "Narrative of the State of religion" presented to the Assembly by oderator, Mr. Wilson. A document of importance, as showing as a w in the heart of the church, we make a few extracts: Only eight short years have passed since, in this same goodly city of uis, our beloved Church represented by two General Assemblies. What

s those years brought! The two Assemblies of 1866 are now one. The lamentable division of three years has been healed—so healed that neither scar nor seam can cerned in the expanding, peaceful, hopeful, thoroughly one Church of

REVIVALS.

large proportion of the Presbyteries report revivals of religion; some d as "powerful" and "protracted," or "Pentecostal," not only quickstrengthening, sanctifying the people of God, but gathering a multitude somed souls into the Church of Christ.

he work of grace in this city, for example, is defined as of almost uneled power; healing sectional strifes and divisions; promoting heavencharity; reaching the poor, the intemperate, the debased, and enrolling

ousand names in the army of our God.

In the other hand, from some quarters comes the cry of lamentation over ht and barrenness. Nevertheless this sweeping survey reveals a year of dant benediction; a Church edified and advanced; the Lord having to the Church, daily, the saved—tens of thousands redeemed.

SABBATH DESECRATION

requently alluded to. The power of worldliness to mislead, and long neys on business in our ever-enlarging country made excuses for Sunday as almost unavoidable, lead us once again to proclaim, "Remember abbath day, to keep it holy."

FAMILY RELIGION

ported as in some sections of the Church very largely neglected; though other Presbyteries, we learn of a more consistent and hopeful estimate of family altar.

We note, also, among

VISITATION BY RULING ELDERS, ccordance with their high office, and the teaching of God's word, is specially orted to the Assembly. In one Presbytery in Pennsylvania, a revival of religion is traced directly to the use of this scriptural instrumentality, denvisitation from house to house, with words of prayer, encouragement, a counsel.

THE FREE PEW SYSTEM

is declared to be successful, whenever fairly tested, in increasing both attendance on the sanctuary, and the revenue of the congregation. The and dance on the means of grace, in the Church at large, is reported as a manifecture on the past.

This church, the largest Presbyterian organization in the world, composed of 35 Synods, 174 Presbyteries, having in its service 4,597 Ministers, and Licentiates. Its communicants number 495,654, and its total income dethe past year amounted to \$9,120,792. It supports thirteen Seminaries preparing men for the work of the ministry. There are (1) Princeton, N (2) Auburn, N.Y.; (3) Western Pennsylvania; (4) Lane, Cincinnati; Union, New York City; (6) Danville, Ken.; (7) North West Chicago: Blackburn, Ill.; (9) San Francisco, Cal.; (10,) (11) German; (12) Line (13) Biddle Memorial Institute, N.C. It has 1,012 Missionaries employs Home Mission work: it aided 550 candidates for the ministry on the reamendation of Presbyteries, to prosecute their studies: it issued during the year 646,350 publicatious, and employed 136 colporteurs: it has missions Syria, India, Siam, China and Japan, of which the Report says: "The E. Spirit has descended out several of the Missions in unusual manifestations.

year has been 1400; which is an increase of 25 per cent. on the present membership." The next General Assembly meets at the first Presbutta Church in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on the third Tuesday of May, 18;

II.—THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (SOUTH) IN THE UNITED STATES.

This Church is composed of congregations and ministers, old school a new school, who during the civil war separated from the respective General Assemblies, North, on political grounds. Its recent General Assembly ment Columbus, Miss., on the 21st of May, 1874, when after receiving into unioned old Synod of Missouri, the Rev. J. L. Girardeau was chosen Moderator the ensuing year. This Church, which is recovering from the disastrous effect of the civil war, consists of 12 Synods, 64 Presbyteries, 1056 Ministers at Licentiates, 1764 Churches and 105,956 communicants, while its total inconduring the past year amounted to \$1,111,461. This Church has two Senaries Union Seminary, Virginia, and Columbia, S. C. It is only 8 years since it began Foreign Mission work, and already it occupies 7 different points one of these being in Italy, another in Athens, and two in the great cities the Chinese empire. The following paragraph from the Report of Commiss on Evangelistic Labour, deserves to be widely circulated.

"The office of the Evangelist is one of Divine appointment, for what Christ ascended to heaven, among his gifts to his Church was the Evangelist no less than the pastor; and until the earth is filled with the knowledge of God, the need of evangelistic labour will not cease.

"The nature of the work and office demands that the evangelists shat have pre-eminent gifts and graces. Presbyteries should therefore diligently are prayerfully seek out men qualified for this work, and call them to it. Nor will be a seek out men qualified for this work, and call them to it.

instrumentality, de er, encouragement.

in increasing both ongregation. The arise is reported as a mark

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appointment, for whe rch was the Evangelis with the knowledge

t the evangelists shat therefore diligently and I them to it. Nor wa progress in this matter be made until the dignity and importance of this ce and work are recognized, and men acceptable to the people, whom every agregation will gladly hear are called to be evangelists. Men broken down, her in strength or usefulness, are unfitted for the work. This office requires recry best men—men of experience and good judgment."

III .- - UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCI

The United Presbyterian Church of North America was organized on the h of May, 1858, in Pittsburg, Pa., by the union of the Associate and Assate Reformed. The two prominent features of this Church are:—
That in her worship she is contined to the Inspired Psalmody of the Testament; and 2nd. That she excludes from her communion all who are mbers of political or benevoler, associations which impose an oath of sery. The sixteenth General Assembly of this Church met at Monmouth, May 27th, 1874, when the Rev. J. G. Brown, D. D., was elected Modor. The Assembly has under its jurisdiction 8 Synods, 56 Presbyteries, Ministers, 776 congregations, 74,833 communicants, and received as contions during the year, \$863,293. It owns 5 Theological Seminaries, have 6 students in attendance. Its Foreign Missions constitute one of the tinteresting and successful departments of its work, having 37 Missions in active service. We give the report of the Mission to the land of the troahs.

EGYPT.

Though one of the latest, this is one of the most important missions. It commenced at Cairo, in 1855, by Rev. Thomas McCague, and has graduextended until now it has 9 regular stations and a large number of outions. It has 6 foreign and 2 native ordained ministers, I foreign and I nalicentiate, 54 teachers, and a total of 78 laborers. It has 6 fully organized teles, with 508 communicants, and an average attendance of 650 persons he Sabbath. It had an increase of 83 to its communion roll during the year,—79 by profession and 4 by certificate,—and there were also 70 tisms. The decrease of membership was 16, viz.: 13 by removal, 2 by th, and I by suspension.

This mission has well organized schools in each mission, besides more or complete ones in the various stations. In the regular schools there are scholars; in the Academy or Institute at Osiout, 85 and in the theologiclass, 6. Most of this class will, ere long, be qualified to enter fully upon work of the ministry among the hundreds of thousands of their country-

In this mission, the people have been especially taught the duty of conuting to the support of the gospel, and to promote the cause of Christ. ring the year, the sum of \$2,952 in gold was given by the natives themes, being an average, in some of the churches, of over \$20 per member,—that, when not more than one-third of the entire membership of the rches receive \$150 a year, and many of them not \$100.

There is every prospect that an incorporating union will be formed, ere s, between the Church (U. P.) and the Associate Reformed Synod of the th, as they are in substantial unity in their principles, faith, and usage in

worship of God.

IV.—REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

This Church is the same as the "Covenanters" or "Cameron Scotland. When in 1788 a union was formed between the Reform enanters) Church and the Associate (Seceders) Church, in the Unite two Ministers of the Reformed Church refused to go into the union. a Reformed Presbytery was constituted, and ten years thereafter a but in 1833 a division took place and there are in consequence tw formed Churches at present in the United States.

I. The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, is a d body consisting of three ministers for each five members of each Presbyter minutes of last meeting do not seem to have been printed; but the Cle kindly, sent us the list of ministers, 16 in number, and other interesting info but has given no information as to such details as we make room for

other Presbyterian churches.

2. The Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, met in Phil the 27th, day of May 1874, when the Rev. John Gilbraith was moderator. In connection with this Synod there are 105 congregat ministers, and 9,726 communicants whose contributions for all purpose the past year amounted to \$200,099.26. This Church is carrying an im mission in Syria. When their first "communion," in the mountain Antioch, where the disciple were first called Christians, was dispens Report tells us that, "The house was full to repletion. Around the do windows crowded a strangely promiscuous assembly. Fierce and mountaineers were there, armed with guns and swords, and some with trained for hunting, perched on their arms. All looked on in silent &c." The Synod adjourned to meet in Coultersville, Illinois, on the day after the fourth Tuesday of May, 1875, at 2 o'clock, P.M.

V.—CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

This church originated in the revival of religion that occurred in Ka in 1801-3, when the Cumberland Presbytery of that State licensel laymen, without the usual training, for which, and other irregularities Presbytery was censured by the General Assembly, when it withdrew, a became the germ of a large denomination, which, however, is now nego for union with the parent church. The last General Assembly met in S field, Missouri, on the 21st May, 1874. In connection with the Ass there are 25 Synods, 106 Presbyteries, 1173 ministers, 2116 congreg 95,123 communicants contributing last year \$377,800.

VI.—THE REFORMED CHURCH (DUTCH).

Reference has been made already to this church as being the first up Presbyterian ordinances in New York. Its General Synod was organ 1794, under which there are this year four particular Synods, 34 C (Presbyteries) 489 churches, 520 ministers, 69, 149 communicants with tributions amounting to \$931,256. It met last in Poughkeepsie, on t day of June, 1874.

The foreign mission work of this church is truly remarkable consi its size, and well worthy the attention of the "Presbyterian Church in Car which, after the contemplated union of next June, will be about equali i. e. in ministry and communicants, to this Reformed Church. At 72 cd

RIAN CHURCH.

nters" or "Cameronia between the Reformed Church, in the United o go into the union. I ten years thereafter a s re in consequence two

yterian Church, is a delease of each Presbytery of printed; but the Clented other interesting information we make room for far

Church, met in Philai John Gilbraith was are are 105 congregation butions for all purposes hurch is carrying an impon," in the mountain Christians, was dispensification. Around the desembly. Fierce and swords, and some with looked on in silent wille, Illinois, on the eville, Illinois, on the evi

RIAN CHURCH.

ion that occurred in Ke of that State licensel, and other irregularite ly, when it withdrew, as however, is now neggieral Assembly met in Sp punction with the Assinisters, 2116 congrega-800.

CH (DUTCH).

rch as being the first the meral Synod was organize rticular Synods, 34 Class communicants with in Poughkeepsie, on the

uly remarkable considents byterian Church in Canale, will be about equal in the Church. At 72 cealed

church in China, India, and Japan, employes at present 13 missionaries, sistant missionaries, 5 native ministers, 38 Catechists, 29 Bible-readers, 42 hers, 22 colporteurs, 2 academies, 47 day schools and 3 dispensaries with where in 1873, 12,282 patients were treated. It is to be hoped that one tof the union will be to give the Canadian church ambition, wisdom, and liberality to stand at least on a level with the Reformed (Dutch) the United States. This church is negotiating for union with the esbyterian Church of the United States."

VII.-REFORMED CHURCH (GERMAN).

The missionaries of this church came from the classes of Amsterdam. In it became an independent Synod. It has a theological school at ersburgh which is widely known beyond the bounds of the denomination report of the last General Synod having failed to reach us we give in our ral summary the report of the preceding year, as to congregations, ters, and contributions.

VIII,—ASSOCIATE REFORMED (SOUTH).

It is only the political feeling, arising out of the civil war, that keeps this chesparate from the United Presbyterian Church, both churches being of mind on Psalmody. This Synod met at Hopewell, Maury Co., Tennessee, ath September, 1874, and their minutes (without statistical tables) have to hand as we go to press. It has been decided to take up Egypt in unction with the United Presbytery Church of the United States as a mission. Its next meeting is at Due West, S. C., on the Thursday before the Sabbath of September, 1875.

MMARY OF STATISTICS OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES IN UNITED STATES FOR YEAR ENDING MAY, 1874.

CHURCHES.	Synods.	Presbyteries.	Congregation.	Ministers.	Communicants.	Total Contributions.
esbyterian, Northern Do. Southern ited Presbyterian formed Presbyterian mberland do formed (Dutch) formed (German)* sociate Reformed*	35 11 8 1 25 4	174 57 56 9 106 34 29	4946 1585 776 105 2116 489 1290 214	4597 869 595 95 1173 520 476 116	495634 93993 74833 9726 95123 69149 128771 12000	\$ 9120792 1071428 863934 200099 377800 931256 69970
Total	84	475	11521	8441	979139	\$12635279

^{*} The statistics for these two churches are given for 1873, as the requisite formation for 1874 did not reach us before going to press.

Presbyterian Churches of Europe.

.--GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

1. The Established Church of Scotland issues a handsome volum of 496 pages, bound in cloth, descriptive of its work in the various department of education, missions, &c. Its report on "Christian Life and Work", fuller and more thorough than any we have seen. There are only nine quetions asked. Four relate to statistics, and five to morals and religion. We give the substance of this latter class; (1) State causes of alienation from Church of Christ; (2) Is it possible to prevent waste of effort, by co-operating with other denominations in reaching the godless? (3) Suggestions as to how congregations can be made to take a deeper interest in Christ's cause. (1) Suggestions as to young men's meetings. (5) Give an account of any religion movement that has come under your notice. One of the answers to question 3 is somewhat in the direction of our Presbyterian Year Book. "To prepare annually in a popular form a Report embracing the principal points in the Reports to the General Assembly.

The Committee, further, has prepared a form of certificate for adherer as well as communicants. It is not simply a certificate of disjunction, which too often is its effect, but of transference, a portion of such document being retained by the minister to be sent by post ahead of the party to his new paster, and the other portion given to the party to be delivered by his own hand.*

2. THE FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, of all the Presbyterian bods issues the largest Blue Book containing about 1,000 pages. This contains full report of the principal speeches delivered before the Assembly and

reports of all the Committees.

The revenue of the Church, from all sources, amounted last year to \$255,000, which as an annual income would represent a capital of \$65,000,000. It is believed that next year each minister will receive \$1,000 a year from the Sustentation Fund. From the Report of the Colonial Committee we make one extract possessing considerable interest to the Presbyterians of Canada in view of the immense demand to be made on them for men and money in the opening up of the North-West.

"We are sending thousands of our people to that country,—we have many preachers of the gospel here in Scotland—ought we not to do our utmost by provide, out of our abundance of ministerial supply, for their destitution? In addition to the cost of passage and outfit of ministers for Canada, the Committee have during the past year granted £100 in aid of church extension in the territory of Manitoba, into which so many emigrants are flocking, and which is manifestly destined to be the future abode of a great community."

3. THE UNITED PRESENTERIAN CHURCH still retains its pre-eminence as a missionary church. Its members in full communion number 184,033, and its congregational income last year amounted to \$1,222,205, being an average of \$1985 from each congregation. This church is beginning to take a deeper interest Canadian work to judge from then words following from minute of Mission Board:—

"The Committee agreed, in reference to the claims of the English-speaking colonies, to bring the matter under the attention of the Synod and the

^{*} These certificates (for communicants and adherents in any proportion desired) can be had from Messrs. Blackwood & Sons, 45 George Street, Edinburgh, at 3s. (75c.) for a book of 100 forms.

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party to his new pasto, 🌃 by his own hand.* ie Presbyterian bods nges. This contains he Assembly and 2

Committee we make Church. byterians of Canada in men and money in the

t to do our utmost to their destitution? In for Canada, the Comchurch extension in the re flocking, and which community."

tains its pre-eminence 5, being an average of 🛚 o take a deeper interest 🖥 om minute of Mission 🖫

of the English-speak of the Synod and the

roportion desired) can be n, at 3s. (75c.) for a book

ch, with the view of obtaining in the first place, by means of an annual ction, a separate fund for the promotion of Christian work in the said nies, in accordance with the instructions of Synod repeatedly given during nt years."

the sa handsome volume and tyears."

4. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN ENGLAND, is known throughout the world the various department in Life and Work."

5. Mission to China inaugurated by Rev. W. C. Burns. That Mission mues to prosper, employing 11 missionaries, 4 medical missionaries, and religion. We have been fully realized, the effort to establish a Sustenselfort, by co-operation. Fund on the plan of the Free Church has been successful. "The hopes and compared the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the count of any religion of the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at the plan of the first year of £150, (\$750) the aimed at

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN IRELAND has a Presbytery in India, two the answers to question in the phase in China, and five to the Jews in Europe and Syria. The contri-te principal points in the storage salary to ministers is The General Assembly is not representative. Every minister has a e of disjunction, which the of which number there were present at last meeting 446 ministers and such document being the last meeting 446 ministers and

Besides the five Presbyterian churches given above there are in Great and Ireland the following smaller churches. (6) Reformed Presbyterian herepresenting the progressive element of the covenanting body. (7) med Presbyterians in Scotland, adhering rigidly to all the Covenanting onies, and ordinances, and statutes of the past. (8) Synod of United al Seceders. (9) Presbyterian Church in England in connection with hunch of Scotland. (10) Eastern Reformed Presbyterian Synod (Ireland). unted last year to \$2 thursh of Scotland. (10) Eastern Roformed Presbyterian Synod (Ireland). capital of \$65,000,000. Reformed Presbyterian Synod of Ireland. (12) United Presbyterian \$1,000 a year from the \$1,000 a year from the

II.—THE CONTINENT OF EUROPE.

t is very desirable that the Presbyterians in Canada should have a better untry,—we have many therefore of attempting the whole of the Continent of Europe. therefore of attempting the whole field which is very wide, we purpose ear to give all the space at our disposal to three of these Churches, hopat in after years the "Year Book" will be able to overtake the rest of in the same manner.

THE REFORMED CHURCH IN THE NETHERLANDS.

lowhere die the seed of the Reformation in the sixtenth century find a tains its pre-eminence congenial soil than in the Netherlands. That seed became a great tree. by being an average of the Spanish steel and Spanish fire, and though at 18,000 men and women perished for truth's sake at the stake and on the d. Holland came out of the 80 years war a vigorous State while Spain was maimed for ever. The Dutch Reformed Church adopted the Heid-Catechism as its creed, Presbyterianism as its system of government, corporated the five articles of the Synod of Dort (1618, 1619) as part of its Is. For nearly two centuries after the Synod of Dort the Reformed h was a stronghold of orthodoxy, honoured by the labours of such men as Voetius, Cocceius, Witsius, Vitringa, and the Shultenses, but ration came in with the beginning of this century, and the battle between faith reason, which is known every where, is at this moment very close and ke Holland. The Reformed Church was the established Church of the Provinces of the Netherlands, but in 1795, the union of Church and Stat dissolved, and all religions are now free.

The Reformed Church is governed by ministers, elders, and deacons there is a Synod held annually at the Hague. To this Church belong the Walloon, or French Protestant Church, twenty-three in number, an English and Scotch Presbyterian Churches constituent members of the formed Church in Amsterdam. Rotterdam. Flushing and Middleburg,

the services are performed in English.

There are in the Netherlands 1,333 Reformed Churches, 1,594 min with 2,010,846 of a membership. Three theological halls form facult the three national Universities of Utrecht, Leyden, and Groningen, has staff of eleven Professors, with recognized professors of theology at Am

dam and Deventer.

In 1834, the Rationalistic party had carried matters so far, that and dox party, a sort of a Old light body, seceded from the National Church set up the *Christian Reformed Church*, which holds by the old confession fair honest sense, which cannot be said of the National Church. The Church, however, contains still within its bounds the largest and more dential portion of the strictly orthodox party, who are labouring (by asserting male members a more direct part in the choice of ministers and elders ally to purify the Church from rationalistic error. It is on this gradual

contest is now being fought.

2. THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF HUNGARY owes its original Waldensian Church, which it strongly resembles. Peter Waldo, who faith from the Waldensian church, after translating the Scriptures into Fra was driven by persecution from France, and thereupon took refuge in mountains of Bohemia, whence he proclaimed the gospel by book and Within one century, there were 80,000 believers in Hungary alone. But church has had to pass through a baptism of fire. Forming part of Austrian Empire, which bound itself by Concordat to do the bidding a Pope, Hungary was well nigh crushed. The Government, at the instignation of the Jesuits, destroyed their printing presses, and their Bibles, silenced faithful pastors, closed up their schools, and banished their leading under the leadership of Kossuth, Hungary, however, rose in 1848. demanded a popular Constitution. That effort failed by the intervention But when Austria felt on its throat the grip of Prussia, it turn kind face on Hungary, at whose mercy it now lay, and gave it prate independence (mainly the Constitution of 1848), though it still remains the Austrian crown. Now that great grain country, very much resemi our Western Prairies, is advancing with rapid strides to wealth and ence in Central Europe. It has built 4,000 miles of railway, 6,000 miles telegraph; it has got trial by jury; its press is free; education is within reach of the poorest child; in the pulpits Christ is preached; Hung students are found in Edinburgh and Princeton, pursuing their students Vienna is regarded by many as a city of the past; Pesth, the capit Hungary, is the great Austrian city of the future. As to its church organic tion, this is the report of an American writer:

Shultenses, but rational ne battle between faith ment very close and ke shed Church of the U on of Church and State

rs, elders, and deacons To this Church belong v-three in number, and tituent members of the ing and Middleburg,

d Churches, 1,594 mini gical halls form facultid n, and Groningen, hard sors of theology at An

natters so far, that and n the National Church ls by the old confession. National Church. The the largest and more re labouring (by asserting ministers and elders . It is on this growing

GARY owes its original Peter Waldo, who g the Scriptures into Free ereupon took refuge in e gospel by book and n Hungary alone. But Forming part of fire. lat to do the bidding vernment, at the instig d their Bibles, silencedt anished their leading by wever, rose in 1848, ailed by the intervention grip of Prussia, it tum lay, and gave it pract hough it still remains ntry, very much resemb trides to wealth and

Two millions of Reformed, or Presbyterian, Calvinists, and one million Lutheran Calvinists, control the nation. The church organization of those t named is the most completely Presbyterian of any in Europe, except of the Scotch. It is thoroughly democratic and representative; so much indeed, that the church session, the presbytery, or the general assembly... ch elects two joint moderators to preside over its meetings—one a minister, e other an elder, or, as they style him, a "curator." The only marked culiarity is the office of superintendent; a sort of general evangelist, or mi-bishop.

3. THE WALDENSIAN CHURCH is without any doubt a remnant of the Italian church, as it was before the corruptions of Popery destroyed that ble church, "whose faith was spoken of throughout t e whole world." hen the sea retires, it leaves little pools far up among the rocks, where its rgin stood when the tide was full. So when true Christianity retired from plains of Italy, leaving them dry and parched, like the sea sands at ebbe, there remained sheltered by the Alps little pools of that sea that will re again cover the face of Italy and the world. The Waldenses, therefore, not Protestant. They say they never came out from Rome, inasmuch as y were never in Rome. That their Church Government is essentially Presterian, is acknowledged by Pastor, J. P. Mills, of Turin, in his recent "Life General Beckwith." When writing of the wish of the good General to roduce into the church he loved so much, a modified Episcopacy, his ographer says, "For more than twenty years he had imposed silence on education and his Anglican habits, to make himself as much a Vaudois d a Presbyterian as possible." It affords a touching proof of the attachent of the Waldenses to their ancient faith, that even their love to their best end, General Beckwith, did not betray them into innovations on the worship d government bequeathed to them by their ancestors.

The Waldensian Church has only fifteen regular charges in the valleys: t they have some forty missions throughout Italy, conducted by upwards of enty ordained ministers, the smaller or rural ones being in charge of lay angelists. The torpid existence of this church since the Reformation is w changed into one of active, aggressive work, as it descends into Italy th its ancient banner, having on it the motto, "Sit Lux," "Let there be

The Presbyterian Church of Australasia.

I. VICTORIA.—In the colony of Victoria the Presbyterian church forms e third largest religious body, numbering 120,000 or one-sixth of the populaon. This church comprehends with only three exceptions every Presbyterian inister in the colony. Its minimum stipend is \$1,500. A theological hall is been instituted with five professors.

2. QUEENSLAND.—This church, suffering like all the Australasian

hurches for want of ministers, has resolved to erect a theological man, for hich a liberal gentleman has handed to the convener of the scheme "a bag ist is preached; Hungson, pursuing their states on, pursuing their states as New Zealand.—"Our church," says one of the Presbyterian past; Pesth, the capital inisters, "occupies a prominent place in the social history of the colony. In the social directions there is a movement betokening religious activity."

4. NEW HEBRIDES.—The 12 missionaries from the Presbyterian charof Nova Scotia, New Zealand, and Australia have united into the "Ma Synod of the New Hebrides," and the Synod which covers 8 Islands me year in Ancityum, for business.

Summary of statistics of the Presbyterian church of Australasia.

NAME.	MINISTERS.	CHARGES,
Victoria	135	150
New South Wales	63	70
Queensland	ıš	30
New Zealand	38	50
Otago, N. Z		
Tasmania		
South Australia	12	14
Synod of New Hebrides	I2	I2
Unconnected with any Colonial Ch		5
	220	284

Confederation of Presbuterian Churches.

A "Confederation" means an alliance of independent States for promand protecting objects of common interests. Such a union of Presbyte Churches is a very old idea, being in fact the logical consequence of Presbyterian co-relation of church courts. If it is not a human but a drarrangement that all the Synods of a country should meet in one Garangement that all the reason for stopping short of bringing these Garangements into an assembly more general still, which might be called Ecumenical Council, with this rule of course in operation, that the highest court the more general and weaker becomes its authority?

The effort to secure such a court is not at present made by enthuse and inexperienced youth, but by men like President McCosh who have weighed their hopes and their fears before setting their hand to the work is impossible for us to express in better language than the following whim Dr. McCosh's reasons for this movement:—

Ist. It would exhibit before the world the substantial unity, quite content with minor diversities, of the one great family of Presbyterian Church

2nd. It would greatly tend to hold up and strengthen weak and strugged Churches, by showing that they are members of a large body. The Protest Church of the Continent of Europe, for example, feel the great need sympathy and support from Churches more favorably situated.

3rd. It would enable Churches, which are not inclined to organic unit to manifest their belief in the unity of the Church and to fraternize with the whom they love, while still they hold to their distinctive testimony.

4th. Each Presbyterian Church would become acquainted with the stitution and work of sister Churches; and their interest in each other we be proportionately increased. Some might in this way be led to see in a churches excellencies which they would choose to adopt.

5th. The Churches may thus be led to combine in behalf of the truth, against prevalent errors; as, for instance, to defend the obligations of Sabbath, to resist the insidious efforts of the Papacy, especially in the matter education, and to withstand Infidelity in its various forms.

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ch of Australasia.

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in Churches.

endent States for prom h a union of Presbyts ogical consequence not a human but ad ould meet in one Gam of bringing these Ger which might be called eration, that the high hority?

sent made by enthus nt McCosh who haver heir hand to the work. han the following which

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etive testimony. e acquainted with the terest in each other will way be led to see in ou dopt.

in behalf of the truth, end the obligations of: especially in the matter forms.

6th. Without interfering with the free action of the Churches, this ouncil might distribute judiciously the evangelical work in the great field which is the world;" allocating a sphere to each, discouraging the planting two congregations where one might serve, or the establishment of two issions at one place, while hundreds of other places have none. In this way he resources of the Church would be husbanded, and her energies concentrated n great enterprizes.

7th. It would demonstrate to the Christian world these great facts in the orking of the Presbyterian system: That, by its reasonable polity. it consists ith every form of civil government; that, by the simplicity of its usages, it is dapted to all the varying conditions of the Church upon the earth; and that. its equal distance from license and arrogance, it is best prepared to

ecognize, the kindship of all believers.

8. It would manifest the proportions and power of the Presbyterian hurches, and thus offer effectual resistance to the exclusive pretensions of Prelacy d Ritualism in all their forms.

o. From such a Council, hallowed and quickened by the Redeemer's resence, there might proceed, as from a heart, new impulses of spiritual life, inging every member of the Church into closer fellowship with his Divine laster, into deeper affection for his brethren for his Master's sake, and into

ore entire consecration of all his powers to the Master's Work.

Should it be found possible to gather into a General Council, though it ere only once in four years, the wisest and holiest men of those Presbyterian hurches, at which we have just glanced in the preceding pages, there is no bubt that under the guidance of the Holy Spirit their collective experience on me general questions, might be gathered into decisions and actions that would kercise a mighty influence on the world.

Alissions in India.

We have always had two valuable sources of information in regard to issions in India; I. The Reports of the Missionary Societies, which give merally a very truthful picture of the work, with its lights and shades. 2. he testimony of such men as Lord Lawrence, Sir Donald McLeod, and Sir artle Frere. But there is new evidence come into court. We refer (3) to be recent Blue Book of the Indian Government, which devotes a section to be Mission work and Missionaries of India in their social and educational spects.

According to this official document the Protestant Missions of India, Burmah and Ceylon, are carried on by 35 missionary societies, which employ of foreign missionaries, occupying 522 principal stations, and 2,500 subordiate stations.

The Report bears valuable testimony on these points: I. The unity that revails among the different denominations. During twenty years they have eld five conferences; and at the last 121 missionaries met belonging to 20 ifferent societies.

2. The missionaries have done important work in collecting native literaure. They have issued during ten years from 25 mission presses, 3,410 new vorks in 30 languages.

3. They have done much to promote education in their vernacular schools

and Training Colleges.

4. They have exercised a most beneficial influence on the community in raising its moral tone.

5. They have gathered into their churches a quarter of a million of m Christian converts, who form a leavening element in the mass of heather

6. They have destroyed the power of idolatry over the rising general

so that the feasts are deserted.

This report closes forever the mouths of those who say that mission India are a failure; on the contrary their success is great beyond human culation.

Universities of the Dominion.

The four Universities following are public institutions. The Presbyte Church in Canada is, however, deeply interested in their efficiency, not of from the influence they ought to exert over the educated youth of the Domin but from the place 'hey already occupy, and shall occupy to a great degree time to come, in affording candidates for the ministry education in a previous to entering the various Theological Seminaries.

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of Senate.

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THE ROYAL FAMILY.

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Her Royal Highness Victoria-Adelaide-Mary-Louisa, Princess Royal of Engla Prince of Prussia, Jan. 25, 1858; issue, four sons and four daughters.

His Royal Highness Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, born Nov. 9, 1841; March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born Dec. 1, 1844; issue Albert-Victor, born Jan. 8, 1864, and George-Frederick-Ernest-Albert, born June Louisa-Victoria-Alexandra-Dagmar, born Feb. 20, 1867, Victoria-Alexandra-Olga-Majuly 6, 1868; Maud-Charlotte-Mary-Victoria, born Nov. 26, 1869.

Her Royal Highness Alice-Maud-Mary, born April 25, 1843; married to His Roya ness Prince Frederick-Louis of Hesse, July 1, 1862; issue, one son and five daughters. His Royal Highness Alfred-Ernest-Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, born Aug. 6, 18, ried Jan. 23, 1874, Her Imperial Highness the Grand Duchess Marie-Alexandra Russia: issue, Albert-Alexander-Alfred-Ernest-William, born October 15, 1874.

Her Royal Highness Helena-Augusta-Victoria, born May 25, 1846; married to His Highness Prince Frederick-Christian-Charles-Augustus of Schleswig-Holstein-Sond Augustenburg, July 5, 1866; issue, two sons and two daughters.

Her Royal Highness Louise Carolina Alberta born May 25, 1846; married to His Royal Highness Prince Frederick-Christian-Charles-Augustus of Schleswig-Holstein-Sond Augustenburg, July 5, 1866; issue, two sons and two daughters.

Augustenburg, July 5, 1866; issue, two sons and two daughters.
Her Royal Highness Louisa-Carolina-Alberta, born March 18, 1848; married Ma

1871, Marquis of Lorne. His Royal Highness Arthur-William-Patrick-Albert, born May 1, 1850. His Royal Highness Leopold-George-Duncan-Albert, born April 7, 1853. Her Royal Higness Beatrice-Mary-Victoria-Feodore, born April 14, 1857.

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of Great Britain and Ireland Palace, May 24, 1819; successivilliam IV.; was crowned. ess, Prince Albert, who died yal Highness, Edward, D.

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LES, born Nov. 9, 1841; m., born Dec. 1, 1844; issue, hornest-Albert, born June 3, toria-Alexandra-Olga-Mary , 1869.

843; married to His Royal me son and five daughters. NBURGH, born Aug. 6, 1844; Duchess Marie-Alexandron rn October 15, 1874. y 25, 1846; married to His f Schleswig-Holstein-Sonde

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