

THE OBSERVER

Vol. 4.

HARTLAND, N. B., Nov. 21, 1912.

No. 23.


NOW

You can see what we are giving away with different amounts bought before Dec. 25th. We have the Gifts on Exhibition.

Granby Overshoes

In all styles, for men and women

GRANBY RUBBERS




WE FIT YOU RIGHT

Most people think of rubbers as "just rubbers." We don't. We think there are no rubbers made equal to **GRANBY RUBBERS**.

We know about these fine rubbers. We know what good material goes into them, how carefully they are made, and what careful inspection every pair gets.

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Purity and 5 Rose Flour
Cracked and Whole Corn
Corn Meal

AT

BAIRD'S

Opposite the Bridge

"White Rose"

Gasoline

NOT the kind we had last. We guarantee the high standard of quality of this carload of "White Rose" gasoline and will stand behind it for perfect satisfaction in every particular.

C. M. Sherwood, Ltd.

Centreville, N. B.

MRS. ARMSTRONG STILL LEADS.

But Other Candidates are Drawing Close---The Contest Bound to be Exciting---New Candidate Does Good Work.

SPECIAL GOLD PRIZE NEXT WEEK

It is doubtful if any of the numerous prize contests that have been conducted by other newspapers have been provocative of so much interest so early in the course of the contest. Not so many candidates, however, have entered as we would like to have at work. As a special inducement to new candidates to come forward we will give a bright and Shiny Five Dollar Gold Piece to that candidate who secures the greatest number of subscriptions next week. Next week means the week beginning Dec. 1.

It is very much easier for new candidates to get subscribers than it is for those who have already canvassed their neighborhood. A candidate in the vicinity of Glassville, in Woodstock, Richmond, and one or two in Victoria county would succeed in capturing some special prize money beyond a doubt. So far as the piano is concerned it is not possible to foretell who will win it. While Mrs. Armstrong's chances seem bright this week one cannot tell who may come in with fifty or sixty subscribers in a single day. Any new candidate could get this number in a few days. No candidate who is in the lead should feel sure that they are going to remain in the lead. In the same way no candidate who is apparently hopelessly behind should feel discouraged. Every contestant has a source of help that they do not know of. That source is this: Every day subscribers are coming to The Observer and some candidate is given a thousand votes for each subscription that comes from any quarter.

Mrs. Arthur Armstrong who at present leads the contest is getting very much sympathy for

her earnestness and devotion to her work. She has five small children and abundant household cares and she has wanted a piano all her life. She feels that the door of Opportunity has opened to her at last and she is leaving no stone unturned in her efforts to keep ahead. Her energy and ambition has won so much admiration that a host of friends are working for her. Every candidate who shows similar pluck and courage will find many a helping hand.

When you make a cash purchase at the stores of A. L. Baird, Hartland, S. W. Smith, Mount Pleasant, and East Florenceville, Mrs. C. A. Phillips, Bristol, Bohan & Co., Bath, or C. M. Sherwood, Centreville, be sure and ask for a coupon made out in favor of your favorite candidate. Every reader is urged to do this. Candidates should canvass all their friends to patronize the stores that give the coupons.

Now Candidates get to work next week as never before. Remember there is five dollars in it for the one who does the best work. The standing of the candidate on Monday last was as follows:

Mrs. A. Armstrong	55,000
Miss Myrtle Dickinson	27,000
Miss Lizzy Wiley	7,000
Ellis Carmichael	12,000
Mrs. Harry Sewell	7,000

This does not represent the total votes credited to any candidate, but it shows their relative positions.

It would be an easy matter for a new candidate to overtake Mrs. Armstrong by one week's good earnest work.

Read the Rules and Regulations on the Supplement, accompanying this issue.

HORRIBLE INJURIES.

Two Men Loose a Hand Apiece.

On Saturday forenoon, Fred Dickinson, a well known farmer living a few miles below Victoria Corner, lost his right hand by having it caught in the mechanism of a threshing machine. The member was fearfully mangled and broken, and while amputation may not be necessary the hand will be of little use to him again. This sad and painful accident comes as a double bereavement, for some years ago his left hand was injured and left practically useless. From this hand, also, a horse once bit a finger off cleanly.

Mr. Dickinson has the sympathy of many friends. He is 70 years old and not well able to bear so serious a loss. Arthur Y. Dickinson of Hartland and Carey Dickinson of Middle Simonds are his sons.

Byron Wilson, of Hartford, met with a most distressing accident Tuesday while operating a threshing machine. In some way his hand got caught in the feeding gear and was so badly mangled that amputation below the elbow was necessary. The operation was performed at the Fisher Memorial Hospital, where

the unfortunate man was rushed after the accident.—Sentinel.

Mysterious Cave in Victoria County

Some excitement has been caused by the discovery of a cave in Blue Mountain, Victoria county. A man named Jenkins, accompanied by three others who made the discovery say that a huge stone door, with three holes drilled through, stands at the entrance, with stone figures of some animal, not unlike a dog, guarding each side of the entrance. They did not explore the cave on this trip owing to the darkness and not having torches. They will, however, carry on the explorations of what some think at one time was an impregnable fortress for the Indians.—Telegraph.

The teachers and pupils of the High School are preparing an amateur play to be given in the Foresters Hall next Tuesday evening. The affair is being carefully rehearsed and as it is the first time anything of the kind has been attempted it should have the patronage of everyone whose sympathies are with the young people and the broadening and development of their minds and ambitions.

UNUSUAL

XMAS

Bargains

Big, Quick Sales will be the result of our having bought the Christmas Import Samples of some of the largest Fancy Goods houses in Canada. This means that we get a tremendously varied assortment at less than the cost to manufacture. We don't want to carry over any of this stock and we are ready right now to begin disposing of it.

Christmas Goods Going at Less Than Wholesale Cost.

Do you realize what that means on Holiday Goods? While others are looking to make 100 per cent profit on these lines we are selling cheaper than they bought. Call and see our big no-two-alike stock of

Books, Games, Fancy Boxed Stationery A Wilderness of Toys, Dolls, etc.

We also have a fine array of

Skates and Sleds Silverware, Cut Glass and Crockery.

Prices low for quick disposal

Don't Buy from Pictures. Come in and SEE our Stock.

Mrs. C. A. PHILLIPS

BRISTOL

Winter is Here

But we are fully prepared for it with a very large range of Winter Goods of the very best quality and at very Low Prices. Here are a few of the Famous lines we carry:

Stanfields, Hewsons, and Pennmans Underwear and Sweaters.
Maltese Cross Rubbers and Overshoes.
Palmer's Shoe packs and Moccasins.
Hart, Linton, and McCready Shoes.
Hewson's All-wool Heavy Pants and Jackets.
Peabody Overalls and Jumpers.

We are very strong on Ladies' Coats and Furs of the very latest importation and at very reasonable prices. We also have a few Coats and Furs carried over from last year. These we are closing out at one half the old prices. There are some great bargains on these. Better call at once before they are all gone. All are guaranteed in perfect condition.

We want all your Produce and will pay highest prices at all times for Butter, Eggs, Meal, Pork, Poultry, of all kinds, Beef, Hides, Tallow, etc.

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Mount Pleasant - East Florenceville.

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YOUNG WOMEN

We prepare young men for positions with the Railways and young women for positions with the Commercial Telegraph Companies. We guarantee to secure positions for all our graduates. The C.P.R. pays from \$55. to \$150. a month for its operators. We are turning out young men and women who are getting these salaries. Let us tell you about it. Only \$50. for a course. Fall term begins September 1st. Call or write, C.P.R. SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, 13 Mill Street, St. John, N. B. M. B. Innis, Manager

Among Canadian Industrial Bonds PACKING HOUSE SECURITIES hold the premier position

Excellent security—broad markets and satisfactory income are the outstanding features of an investment in any one of these bonds.

\$100, \$500 and \$1,000 denominations are available.

P. BURNS AND COMPANY, LIMITED (Ranchers, Packers and Provisioners of Calgary, Alberta) 6% First Mortgage Bonds, due 1924, issued in 1909 at 100 and interest, are now selling at 103-104 and interest yielding 5.58%

6% First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, due 1931, issued in 1911 at 100 and interest, are now selling at 102 and interest yielding 5.83%

WM. DAVIES COMPANY, LIMITED (Packers and Provisioners of Toronto) 6% First Mortgage Bonds, due 1926, issued in 1911 at 100 and interest, are now selling at 103 and interest yielding 5.68%

GORDON, IRONSIDE & FARES COMPANY, LIMITED (Ranchers, Packers and Provisioners of Winnipeg) 6% First Mortgage Bonds, due 1927, recently issued at 100 and interest yielding 6%

We have special circulars which cover fully the assets and histories of these concerns as well as a complete description of the bonds.

For the distribution of funds we could suggest a list of bonds—Municipal, Railroad, Public Utility and Industrial, including some of these packing house securities.

SEND FOR THIS INFORMATION

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION
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ESTABLISHED 1901
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CANADA LIFE BLDG.
MONTREAL

ROTHSCHILD'S COUP RETOLD

FAMOUS INCIDENT OF WATER-LOO RECALLED.

Paid \$400 For a Channel Fare, But Won a Cool \$5,000,000 By It.

In commemoration of the centenary of the death of Mayer Rothschild, the founder of the fortunes of the great financial house that still bears his name, Herr Ignaz Halla has written a book entitled "The Rothschilds," which gives a graphic account of Nathan Rothschild's famous coup at Waterloo.

Nathan Rothschild, the London representative of "the five Frankforters," rendered the cause of the Allies invaluable services during the Hundred Days, and had amassed huge profits for the Frankfort firm. But Napoleon's dramatic return from Elba confronted him with the prospect of losses no less enormous, and there were rumors that even the Rothschilds, whose credit even then was looked upon as firmly established, would not be able to weather the storm if the war were to go against them.

So far as Nathan was concerned, it is a fact that he stood to lose every penny he possessed. In a fever of apprehension he hurried across the Channel to follow Wellington's army. When, on the edge of the forest of Solignies, he found all the preparations for a pitched battle, he could no longer master his excitement, and, though essentially a

The Food Tells Its Own Story

It's one dish that a good many thousand people relish greatly for breakfast, lunch or supper.

Post Toasties

Crisped wafers of toasted Indian Corn—a delectable and most delightful dish. Try with cream and sugar.

"The Memory Lingers"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co. Ltd. Windsor, Ontario.

man of peace, he took up a position in the field, whence, with every nerve tingling, he could watch the issue of the day.

Long before Napoleon had called upon the Old Guard to make their last desperate attempt to break the British lines, the financier was in full retreat. He had seen enough to convince him that the fate of the First Empire was decided, and his nerve was restored. Riding post haste to Brussels, he set off for Ostend. He now had a campaign of his own to attend to.

Here the fortune of war seemed to have declared against him, for it was blowing a full gale in the Channel, and not a shipper would put out. In vain he offered \$100, \$100, even \$200. Not a man held his life so cheaply. In the end the young master of a smack came forward and offered to attempt the passage on condition that his fare paid \$400 to his wife before they started.

The financier gladly clinched the bargain. He reached Dover half drowned after a terrible crossing, and rewarded the plucky skipper handsomely. From Dover he posted to town without a minute's delay.

Early on the following morning he was at his accustomed place, leaning against a pillar on Change.

HIS FACE DEATHLY PALE; he looked like a man who had aged ten years in a single night.

The tension in the city was very high that morning. Even iron nerves were beginning to feel the strain, for every kind of ugly rumor was on the wing. Reports that Blucher had been disastrously defeated and that Wellington himself was in full retreat passed from mouth to mouth.

A sudden wave of panic swept over the house. Not even the soundest securities were proof against the general sense of alarm and uncertainty. They were caught and swept away in the current.

The pale-faced man, propped up against his pillar, was an object of sympathy to every one who could spare him a thought. He was watching, they imagined, the crumbling of the fortunes of his house. What he was watching was his confidential agents acting under secret instructions, buying up sound securities at panic prices.

On the following morning the official news came through of Blucher's success at Ligny and of the crowning victory at Waterloo. Prices rose as rapidly as they had fallen on the previous day. The battle of Waterloo, it is estimated, was worth over a million sterling to Nathan Rothschild, so whatever his fare for the Channel crossing may have cost him it was cheap at the price.

NOT AFRAID OF KAISER.

Pilot Refuses to Take Orders From Emperor When on Bridge.

A member of the German Yacht Club is responsible for the following story:

One day when the Hohenzollern was entering a Norwegian port the Kaiser, impatient at the ship's slow progress, himself rang the engine-room telegraph bell and ordered increased speed. To his stupefaction the pilot, an old Norwegian named Nordhuns, jumped to the telephone and called to the engineers to take no notice of the signal, but to slow down again.

The Emperor, after a glance at the man who dared to speak thus in his presence, ordered the pilot to go and put himself under arrest; but the old man, without moving an eyebrow, replied:

"I shall not leave this spot. The ship is under my direction and nobody, not even an emperor, is going to give me any orders."

The officers present, knowing that the pilot had maritime law on his side, looked on in silence and were surprised to see the Emperor quit the bridge and leave. The pilot in charge of the ship's navigation. On the following day his mood passed and he decorated the old sailor, at the same time appointing him his official pilot in Norwegian waters.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The smaller the man the bigger the boast. A kisser seldom makes good in a business of his own.

Only the office without a salary has to seek the man. In the language of lovers, kisses speak louder than words.

There is always a big demand for a thing that cannot be had. There are more brands of cussedness than there are brands of religion.

Anyway, a married man never has to waste any time in making up his mind. It takes a brave man to face a little woman at the head of the stairs at two a.m.

Some women are so changeable that they never wear the same complexion twice. The wine wife never sings for her husband as a means of trying to keep him home evenings.

Most people are anxious to get away from the noise when a man begins to blow his own horn.

Sometimes a man who clamors for people to patronize home industry marries a girl from another town.

Next to running the government as it ought to be run, a man is seldom sure what he could do best.

Perhaps a man can't be married against his will, but many a poor man discovers later than he was married against his better judgment.



THE REAL REASON.

Householder—"That furnace isn't mended properly. It smokes all the time."

Workman—"Did you light a fire in it?"

Householder—"Of course I did."

Workman—"Ah, that's what done it, you may depend."

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

INTERESTING COSSIP FROM ONTARIO'S CAPITAL.

Mem. Mr. Borden's Visit—The St. Clair Case—From Baseball to Rugby—The Senate Vacancies.

Toronto has appreciated recent visits from both the Federal political leaders. The reception to Mr. Borden was unique. There has never been anything like it in Canada. Seven thousand people at a banquet, fifteen hundred of them at a reception, the size of which may be said to be a record. The size of the largest dining room in Toronto will not seat more than 400 banqueters. The non-partisan character of the event has occasioned much favorable comment.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, on the other hand, had during his tour, made no public appearance in Toronto, though he has, in passing from one point to another, spent a day or two privately with friends here. No doubt, had he so chosen, he could have had a rousing meeting here, but he has had rousing meetings in Toronto before. Only to see the Conservative majority grow higher than ever on political day, from politics altogether it is doubtful if Toronto has ever fully appreciated the significance of the visit.

It is understood that Sir Wilfrid has never equally true that Sir Wilfrid has never understood Toronto. On the other hand, it was with Sir Wilfrid in Quebec on the evening of September 21, 1911, recalls that when among the first returns to come, were the supporters of the Conservative majority. Sir Wilfrid quickly remarked, "but city does not seem to like rapidly."

Whether it is Toronto's ultra Protestantism, or its ultra Imperialism, or its ultra protectionism, or whatever it is, it is clear that Sir Wilfrid has been poorly satisfied in matters relating to Toronto politics, the fact is that he has been disappointed. The fact is that he has been disappointed. The fact is that he has been disappointed. The fact is that he has been disappointed.

A JUDGE DRAWS FIRE.

Judge J. H. Denton has drawn fire for his decision in the Rev. R. H. St. Clair case, which is a new sensation for him, as it is not the kind of a personality that thrives on publicity.

Judge Denton found St. Clair guilty of circulating obscene literature, though he suspended sentence. At the same time he declared that what Mr. St. Clair had written was a substantially correct report of what had taken place at St. Clair's theatre.

For the friends of Mr. St. Clair, however, the judge's decision was not a surprise. They had expected it. They had expected it. They had expected it. They had expected it.

Another judge who is said to be sensitive to criticism is Judge Winchester, who has to criticism in many civil investigations. He has been the victim of persistent attacks on the part of a local weekly publication. That these attacks are said to be inspired by one who not long ago was himself under investigation by a judge himself does not altogether remove their sting.

RUGBY TO THE FRONT. In sports the scene has changed with lightning rapidity. Yesterday we were holding the winning of a baseball pennant. To-day we are cheering like mad for a "touch down."

In Toronto the Varsity Rugby team again holds the centre of the stage by reason of the fact that they promise to maintain the quality of play set in recent years by their predecessors. Our enthusiasm for the team is so great that we are in the city proper for things connected with the University, and if there was a chance for a city team to beat Varsity as the greatest bunch of players in the city, it would be a long time before we would see it in a local game.

Setting its present place, such a team is an impossible organization that can command a tenth of the enthusiasm and expert corps of players that the Varsity team has. The Varsity team is a team of stars and makes a team in the past for a long time. The organization there is permanent and there are always new candidates of brave and muscle, and as the dates of the year pass, the team is a team of stars and makes a team in the past for a long time.

Besides, even given the Varsity team, it is not possible for any city club to get the practice indulges in. It is not possible for any city club to get the practice indulges in. It is not possible for any city club to get the practice indulges in.

On the whole it looks as though history in the United States would be repeated, and that only intercollegiate Rugby would survive eventually. Under the hands of it is surprising that city football has survived as long and as well as it has.

THE SENATE VACANCIES.

The death of Sir Richard Cartwright leaves three vacancies in the Senate to be filled by Ontario and politicians are speculating as to who will get the plum.

Speculation as to who will get the plum is much more keen in this district, but have occurred in this district, but have occurred in this district, but have occurred in this district.

One of the seats should fall among the numerous party stalwarts here. Besides Sir Cartwright's seat the other vacancies are those caused by the death of Senator Wilson and the disqualification of Senator Sullivan.

Among the names that have been mentioned as possible successors to Senator Wilson are Mr. Denis Murphy, Senator of Ottawa, at present a member of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Association, Mr. George Gordon, Senator for Nipissing, who resigned his seat for Hon. Frank Cochrane, and Mr. Thomas Birkbeck, ex-M.P. for Ottawa.

For Western Ontario a name frequently mentioned is that of Mr. W. S. Bannerman, of Stratford and a past president of the Canadian Press Association. It is of the Ontario Press Association. It is of the Ontario Press Association. It is of the Ontario Press Association.

ROYAL YEAST

LOOK FOR THE BLUE PACKAGE

BE CAREFUL TO SEE THAT LABEL ON PACKAGE IS BLUE. NO OTHER COLOR EVER USED ON ROYAL YEAST

REMEMBER THE COLOR BLUE

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TORONTO - ONT.

tries are expected by the governor to wait on the prisoners. When the correspondent was about to leave, David Bey said, "I will accompany you in your way." The prison doors were opened to him without the slightest demur, and half an hour later the ex-Minister bade the correspondent farewell, saying that it was too cold to stay out late and that he was "returning home."

WHY MILK CURDLES.

Every one knows that milk has a tendency to curdle during thunderstorms, and that meat seems to spoil more quickly at such times. Monsieur Trillat of the Pasteur Institute has discovered the cause of these changes. The results of his experiments prove that electrical fields have no effect, either upon milk or upon meat, but that in consequence of the lowering of atmospheric tension there is an emanation of gases from the soil that stimulates the decomposition of organic substances and the growth of putrefactive microbes. He suggests that this may explain the sudden change for the worse in extensive wounds that often occurs with a low barometer, and the rapid increase in epidemic diseases under the same conditions.

LUXURY IN TURKISH JAIL.

David Bey, ex-Finance Minister, Enjoys Life of Royalty.

Luxury in jail is not unknown, but it pales before the luxuries of prison life in Constantinople. A European newspaper correspondent recently visited the imprisoned David Bey, ex-Minister of Finance. After signing the visitor's book he was ushered into a magnificently furnished room where the governor and several attendants were receiving the prisoner's guests.

A large table in the centre of the room was laden with cakes and Oriental sweetmeats, and coffee was being handed round by uniformed waiters. David Bey was delivering a political speech at the far end of the apartment. He concluded amid rounds of applause from his fellow prisoners and then welcomed the correspondent.

Together they made a tour of inspection of the sumptuous house of detention, where the prisoners' rooms are decorated every day with fresh cut flowers and where the sen-

OLD NEWSPAPERS IN DEMAND

China Imports Many Tons for Wall Paper and Waitecoals.

The Chinese are the greatest consumers of old newspapers in the world. The official returns of the Custom House at Newchwang state that that port alone in 1911 received 1,918 tons of old European newspapers, valued at \$72,500.

The fact is the middle class Chinese prefer newspapers to the native variety as a covering for their walls. It has a greater power of resistance and affords a more effective barrier to the invasions of the vermin that plague Chinese houses. Moreover, the natives are cry- ing at outting out of the newspapers waitecoals which they wear next to the skin. These paper waitecoals are said to be the best possible protection against a sudden cold snap.

About the first thing a child learns after it begins to sit up and take notice is that mother's per is far superior to father's.

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SASKATCHEWAN VALLEY FARM LANDS

From the Land Grant of the Canadian Northern Railway

All clean, open land, good soil and available by traction plow. Sale subject to inspection of property, with special rate of transportation. Price and terms reasonable.

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For the investment of surplus funds or the reinvestment of dividends we recommend any of the following securities as combining absolute safety of principal with high interest.

	Price	Yield
TORONTO PAPER, 6% First Mortgage Bonds.....	92	6 1/2%
Due 1940. Interest 1st March and 1st September.		
Denominations: \$100, \$500, \$1,000.		
SPANISH RIVER PULP, 6% First Mortgage Bonds..	98	6 3/4%
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DOMINION CANNERS, 6% First Mortgage Bonds..	103 1/2	6 1/4%
Due 1940. Interest 1st April and 1st October.		
Denominations: \$500, \$1,000.		
CARRIAGE FACTORIES, 6% First Mortgage Bonds..	98	6 1/4%
Due 1940. Interest 1st April and 1st October.		
Denominations: \$500, \$1,000.		
CANADA MACHINERY, 6% First Mortgage Bonds..	99	6 1/4%
Due 1940. Interest 1st February and 1st August.		
Denominations: \$500, \$1,000.		
ONTARIO PULP & PAPER, 6% First Mortgage Bonds..	94	6 1/2%
Due 1931. Interest 1st January and 1st July.		
Denominations: \$100, \$500, \$1,000.		
MUNICIPALITIES		
MUNICIPALITY OF POINT GREY, B.C., 5% Notes....	97 1/2	5 1/4%
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Due Sept., 1915. Interest 1st March and 1st Sept.		
Denominations: \$100, \$500, \$1,000.		

Any of these securities may be bought on our Periodical Payment Plan. Complete details will be sent on request.

DOMINION BOND COMPANY, LIMITED

DOMINION BOND BUILDING TORONTO VALCOUVER

DOMINION EXPRESS BUILDING MONTREAL LONDON, ENG.

PRESENTS FOR THE BRIDE

WEDDING GIFTS HAD THEIR ORIGIN IN LOANS.

Why the Third Finger Carries Ring—Why Old Shoes Are Thrown.

The origin of wedding customs is an appropriate subject of inquiry just about now. Why do people make wedding gifts? Why do they throw rice and the old shoes? Why do they use a ring, and why place it on the third finger of the left hand? Why are certain seasons and days more favored than others?

In answering these questions, a writer in the Uncle Remus Magazine says that the custom of giving wedding presents runs back in England at least to the Norman conquest. The money or articles then bestowed by one peasant upon another were understood to be but loans to be returned when the couple were well established. But as the feudal lord grew in power he came to expect gifts for his children's marriages from all persons dependent upon him, and indeed had laws passed compelling a present in value up to one twentieth of the tenant's yearly rent.

The common people, seized with the same greed, originated the "bidding" or "penny" wedding, at which light refreshments were served, and a plate was passed around for each gratuity. As much as \$100 was sometimes collected by this means. The custom survives in a slightly changed form in this.

"POUND PARTY"

often given the newly married in this country.

The present at length became so important a part of the institution of marriage that many churches kept a register for the accurate listing of such tokens and the terms of their presentation. Frequently, to increase this source of matrimonial income, the bridesmaids collected the gifts during the wedding at the church porch.

In the old days, as now, the bride generally dressed in white. From early Saxon times down to the eighteenth century, a bride of the poorer classes came to the wedding arrayed in a plain white robe as a public warning that since she brought nothing to the marriage her husband was not responsible for her debts. Brides soon began to add some little touch of color. Blue was for constancy and green for youth, but in some places these might not be used because of feuds between families using these tints in their liveries. Yellow might not be worn, as it stood for jealousy; golden might not, as it meant avarice.

The Anglo-Saxon bride went to the wedding with her hair hanging loose as a sign of freedom, but upon reaching her new home immediately bound it up as a sign of submission. In the days of Shakespeare the veil began to take the place of the flowing tresses, but this, however, was not original with the British, for centuries earlier the Roman and Hebrew brides had worn yellow veils, while the early Christians of Southern Europe had enveloped both man and wife in one large cloth.

Whatever was lacking, however, in gorgeousness of dress was compensated among all nations by the profusion of flowers chosen for their significance. There was long a custom for each guest to dip

A SPRIG OF ROSEMARY

into his cup of wine before drinking to the couple's health. Then, too, the bride (if she were not a widow) and the bridegroom wore garlands of wheat as a symbol of plentifulness and increase, and at the present time the bridal wreath of orange blossoms possesses the same meaning. Garlands, garlands everywhere—so many that often men had to be hired to carry them in the procession. Even the rejected suitor sometimes wore the garlands of gray willow.

As for the wedding music, for ages it has been a token of binding authority. As connected with marriage the gold symbolizes purity of affection; the circle the endlessness of love; the price takes the place of the ancient purchase money. If the ring be lost it is a warning that the husband's love will soon pass away; if broken, that he will soon die.

How long it has been considered a necessity for weddings cannot be told. Tradition says that the first ring was made of iron and adorned by Tubal Cain for a man named Prometheus; the iron, thought Cain, signified lastingness and the adamant perfect accord. The early Romans commonly used a plain iron ring while the poorer English, even in the nineteenth century, used the ring for the church keys.

In the days when the espousal was in vogue the girl invariably received a ring if her lover had the money to buy it, and this hand she wore on the right hand until the wedding day.

TRANSFERRED TO HER LEFT.

If the future husband was too poor to buy or rent a ring he gave her a kiss—a binding token that the law allowed the woman, if jilt-

ed, to retain half of his presents. The common people even considered it sacred, named it the mystic kiss and declared that it made the two lives one. After the giving of the ring or the kiss wine was generally drunk by the bride and the bridegroom, and this ceremony, known as a wet bargain, made the contract even more binding. Oftentimes, too, at the espousal a silver coin was blessed and broken and a piece given each partner to be hung over the heart; and this also took unto itself a sacredness and a power to drive away trouble and cure disease.

Among the wealthy a French invention called a geminal gimmel or geminal ring, constructed with a clasp so as to become one hand or two, took the place of the broken coin, and when brought together at the wedding by the couple and the witnesses, who each took a portion at the espousal, was found to be engraved with a rhyme incomplete without every small golden band.

To-day people invariably put the ring on the third finger of the left hand. Why this choice? It has not always been customary; old pictures of the Virgin Mary, such as Raphael's Espousal, show the hand on the right. There is a definite reason for the modern convention. Besides being less used and, therefore, less exposed to dangers, and being the weaker finger, and therefore symbolizing

THE WIFE'S DEPENDENCE. The third digit of the left hand has been supposed, from the days of the Egyptians until this hour, to be connected directly with the heart by a vein called the *vena amoris*. This finger, thought the ancients, resisted disease longest; gout never attacked it until the heart had become affected, and then the pain in the finger was the death sign; the *lohemists* believed it the quickest to give warning of poison, and they habitually stirred their potions with it. It was indeed the finger of life.

The symbolism of the shoe is doubtless older than any existing nation. Ruth's kinsman pulled off his shoe to indicate that he had resigned all command over her. Among the Assyrians and Jews, when a bargain had been made, a man sometimes gave his sandal as a token of good faith. But the wedding shoe is thought to be a relic of the ancient times when the pursuing father hurled missiles at the robber bridegroom.

Among the Anglo-Saxon it was customary to throw a sandal after the bride to show that authority had been transferred to the bridegroom, who, by way of reminder, tapped his wife's head with it. It was then hung over the bridegroom's pillow in the bridal bed, but sometimes, when the bride was known to have a will of her own, practical jokers slipped into the chamber and transferred it to the wife's pillow! The medieval Germans always threw the bride's slipper from the bedroom to the guests, and then indeed there was scrambling for the person capturing it would be the next to marry. Then would the gallant carry it to the dining-room, fill it with wine and drink to the bride's eternal prosperity.

TRAPS FOR SMALL TRADER

BAD BOOKKEEPING CAUSE OF BANKRUPTCY.

Valuable Hints to Small Store-keepers By An Expert Accountant.

"I feel convinced that thousands of small tradersmen lose money year by year by careless, primitive bookkeeping," recently remarked a chartered accountant of varied experience to a London Answerer's representative. "Now, there is no class that better deserves success or has to contend against keener competition in the struggle for life. And it is quite discouraging to find that far too many handicap themselves by this neglect of bookkeeping."

"For some inscrutable reason many shopkeepers seem to distrust bookkeeping, preferring to keep their business 'in their heads.' They think it too small for systematic account-keeping, forgetting that the biggest enterprises have been slowly built up by strict attention to this, among other vital factors. When the average shopkeeper is absent through illness or some urgent call, whoever takes control often finds the accounts in inextricable confusion. These customers who call to settle go away again with their money, because the bills are not ready! They cannot be made out, the details being in the principal's head!"

SYSTEM AT FAULT.

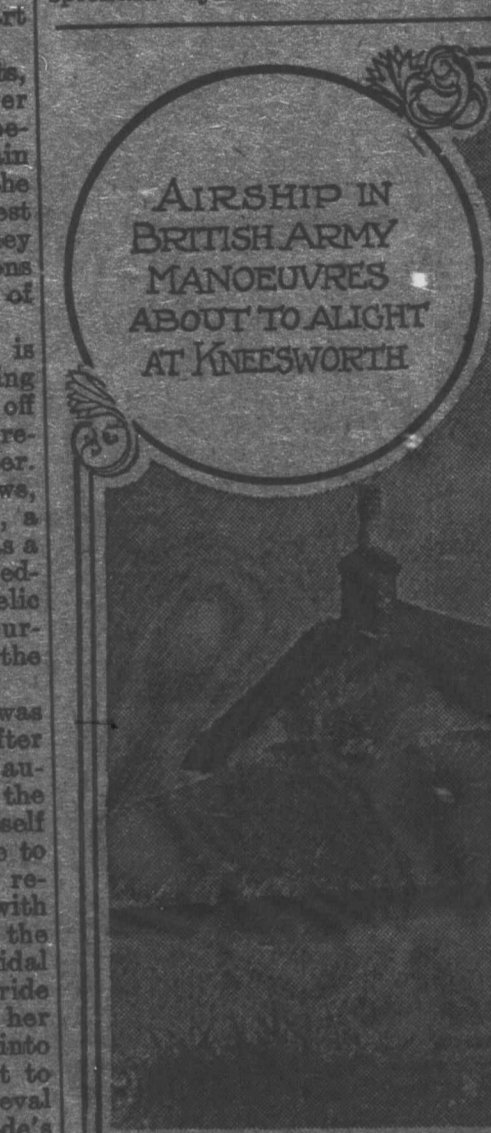
"Bankruptcy statistics show that in many failures faulty bookkeeping has been a prominent feature. Either the tradesmen have omitted to keep books in order not to reveal the dubious nature of their transactions, or they have muddled their business, lost money, and practically ruined themselves before they quite realized how they stood, because they did not keep books."

"I find that many tradesmen like to get their books kept by their wives or children. At odd moments they will give details to their amateur 'accountants,' who dash them down in happy-go-lucky style. 'Among certain tradesmen, notably green-grocers, a date is a favorite feature of the shop. On this they dot down orders, accounts, items paid, etc. Some scribble short accounts on scraps of paper, which they hastily jam into their pockets with other trifles. Not always do they find these precious documents when the fatal moment arrives to 'do their books.' Then they grumble, and exclaim: 'Oh, dear! Let those bits go!' Now, during a year, such lost items represent a respectable amount."

THE PRUDENT TRADESMAN.

"There is another reason why all prudent tradesmen should keep a proper set of books. They may, sooner or later, want to sell their business, and the first thing necessary is the production of their books. Unless the latter be well kept and up-to-date, the purchaser is likely to have his suspicions aroused, and he decides to look round for some other business. Shrewdly he argues that, if the books have been badly kept, it is impossible to estimate the real value of the concern. Usually, if the selling tradesman has failed to keep books, that is an excellent reason for giving somebody else a chance of buying his business."

"Most experts agree that the splendid system of bookkeeping



adopted by all big firms, notably dry goods stores, has proved a dominant factor in their success. Obviously, a system suitable for a mammoth concern would not prove adaptable to a small business; but for the latter, it is quite easy to evolve a simple, effective system which would benefit the tradesman, because he would then know exactly how his money came in and went out, and far too many have to-day only hazy notions on these important points.

CASH-TILL RAIDS.

"When the business is not sufficiently large to justify the periodic services of a qualified accountant, the owner would benefit considerably by engaging an expert to study his shop, etc., and open a small set of books, which the tradesman himself could afterwards keep without too much trouble. When he knows no accountant, a cheap advertisement would bring him into touch with the right man."

"The very fact of having engineered this reform would act on the tradesman as a sort of tonic. In the first place, he would know how he stood. Then the dubious features of the business, the mysterious little leakages that mean so much, the irregular raids on the cash, would all stand revealed. Probably he would not rest until a remedy had been applied, and he would be surprised to find how one little reform would suggest another."

HOW TO BE HAPPY.

"Don't try to get something for nothing. About the only thing you can get for nothing is a contagious disease."

"Find your pleasure in work and be sure that somebody else does it. Start your son to taking lessons on the slide trombone, and then you will get even with all the neighbors."

On Pat's arrival in New York his Yankee friend began to boast of the heat and said it was so hot that it burnt the wings off the flies. Pat replied: "Oh, that's nothing to the heat in Ireland. Why, they have to feed the hens on ice cream to keep them from laying boiled eggs."

On the Farm

HAY RACK.

A practical and cheap hay rack may be made very simply. The bed frame is fifteen feet long, the rear end is three feet six inches wide, and the front one foot eight inches wide. Being narrow in front permits of the wagon being turned in a smaller place.

There is a bolster made on the frame. When the rack is to be used on the wagon, remove the bolster from the wagon and let the one made on the frame take its place. The side rails are made of 2½ by six-inch stuff. The cross-pieces are two by six inches and six feet six inches long. The two boards that form the bows that protect the wheels are made of one by eight-inch elm, or some wood that is tough and will not break in bending.

The frame is put together with three eight-inch bolts, assorted lengths to suit the different thicknesses of material.

The knees that support the front cross-pieces are one foot tall, without the tons; these are six inches on the lower end and three on the upper. If well put together out of good materials, and painted, and well taken care of, this frame will last for 30 years.



You cannot afford brain-boggling headaches. **NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers** stop them in quick time and clear your head. They do not contain either phenacetin, acetanilid, morphine, opium or any other dangerous drug. 25c a box at your Druggist's. 131 NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

butter for early fall prices, because it will not keep.—W. D.

FARM NOTES.

Turn the scrub bull into bolognas and fill his place with a sire that will add dollars to the value of the herd through his progeny.

Eggs that cost 45 cents per dozen will bring 77 or 78 when hatched and sold as broilers.

Cattle on farms do not need horns. Dehorn your young calves. Can you tell just how much it costs to feed a cow a year?

Ever see the man who works like a bee every place but at home? A storage place for eggs should be free from any bad odors.

Bour alops have no place on the well regulated farm.

Dipping hogs is cheaper than feeding lice.

Cheap meat can be made only from young pigs.

MONEY IN BRITISH BANKS.

Unclaimed Deposits Are Used for Various Purposes.

Two hundred millions of dollars of unclaimed money in the coffers of British banks—derelict gold which nobody owns, and which the banks are naturally pleased to take care of! Gold more than sufficient to pave every square foot of Champs-Élysées with sovereigns, says London Tit-Bits.

The sum total may be exaggerated. But make a liberal deduction and you still have many millions to which no rightful owners make a claim. There is no bank in the whole length of Great Britain (or elsewhere) which has not its list of these bank balances that may be said to go begging. Some are for trivial sums, scarcely worth the trouble of pocketing; some are for amounts running into thousands.

Some years ago it was found that the Bank of England alone had nearly 11,000 of these dormant accounts. Forty of them had more than \$50,000 apiece to their credit; one balance was written in six figures, \$907,990. The total at the bottom of the long list was \$39,384,875. This amount was very largely made up of unclaimed dividends on government stock.

Scottish banks have, it is said, \$45,000,000 of this overlooked gold. English banks at least double this sum.

It seems inconceivable that so much money for all of which there must have been owners at some time or other, should be thus lost to sight. A score or more of simple causes account for the seeming impossibility. A man may, for private or business reasons, have accounts with more banks than one. He dies, his executors know nothing of any but his usual bank; the balances at the others remain unclaimed.

He may die abroad or disappear, leaving no clew to his banking affairs; he may even forget that such and such an account is not closed. In these and many similar ways—mostly the result of carelessness—money is left in the hands of bankers to swell the dormant funds.

For seven years the bankers keep the accounts open, prepared to pay over the balance to any one who can prove a title to it. This term

expired, they regard the forgotten gold as their own. Five million dollars of such ownerless money went to build London's splendid law courts. The city, it is said, has more than one magnificent bank building reared from the same handy material. The Bank of England, one learns, provides pensions for clerks' widows out of such a fund.

JERUSALEM WILL BE MODERN.

Electricity, Tramways, and Water Works Soon Complete.

A Syrian journal gives some interesting details of the industrial development of Jerusalem, which, according to the paper, will before long be one of the most up-to-date and comfortable towns in the near east.

A large number of companies, financed by European capital, have, it is stated, recently been applying for concessions with a view to organizing the public services on a modern basis.

An English company which is erecting a large power station will soon supply electric current all over the city. Even the sacred hill will before long be lighted with electricity.

A complete new system of tramways is under construction by a French company, while a German concern is laying mains for a house to house supply.

To complete the international character of the modernization of Jerusalem, a series of fire stations with modern fire engines and ladders is being instituted under Austrian management.

ARMY SERVICE FOR GIRLS.

Prof. Witzel of Dusseldorf advocates compulsory military service for German girls. An army of nurses should, in his opinion, follow each army of male combatants not only to care for the wounded, but to attend to everything connected with food and clothing. Every healthy German girl, says the professor, should look on training for this object as a patriotic duty, and the knowledge acquired will be useful in the home if it is not utilized on the battlefield.

No matter how much other people may run down the theatre the billposter always sticks up for it.

Home Dyeing
Has no transfer for me—It's simply my delight.
Even Discolored Dyes can be dyed my Dyola results.
DYOLA
It's the CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, and BEST HOME DYE. One can buy—Why don't you have to know what KIND of Cloth your Goods are made of—So Mistakes are impossible.
Look for Free Color Card, Dyeing Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over other colors.
The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Canada.

FARMERS: MILK!

We are now contracting for fall and winter milk. If you are producing two or more cans of milk per day and have good stables, milkhouse, etc., and a train service to Toronto before 1 o'clock, write us. We take all you produce—furnish sufficient cans, and pay on the 10th of each month.

CITY DAIRY COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

Take A Handful Of "St. Lawrence" Sugar Out To The Store Door
—out where the light can fall on it—and see the brilliant, diamond-like sparkle the pure white color, of every grain.
That's the way to test any sugar—that's the way we hope you will test **St. Lawrence Sugar**.

Compare it with any other sugar—compare it pure, white sparkle—its even grain—its matchless sweetness.
Better still, get a 50 pound or 100 pound bag at your grocer's and test "St. Lawrence Sugar" in your home.

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERS LIMITED, MONTREAL.

THE OBSERVER

Pub. H. Stevens, Editor and Managing Director.

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VOL. 4 NOV. 28 No. 24

Our Neighbours

River Bank.

Sorry to learn Mrs. B. R. Tompkins is laid by with an attack of la grippe.

Mrs. J. N. Bell has gone to Houlton to visit her sisters, Mrs. J. W. Smalley and Mrs. H. Smith.

Mrs. B. E. Tompkins and Miss Delilah Campbell, our teacher, was calling on Mrs. James Brooks one evening last week.

Mrs. C. J. Smalley was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Lovely on Sunday.

The praying band from Hartland held services in the hall, morning and afternoon, Nov. 17. They were cordially invited to come again.

Mrs. Fannie McClusky of Woodstock is visiting Mrs. C. M. Dow and Mrs. J. H. Long.

Wicklow.

On Sunday evening, Rev. Dr. Heine spoke in the U. B. church in the interest of the Canadian Bible society.

Clara Estey, who has been confined to the house for two weeks is able to be out again.

The Baptist circle met at the home of Mrs. Boardman Wheeler on Tuesday afternoon.

Bird Kilcollins of Summerfield has moved in the house here owned by Rev. G. A. Giberson.

Israel Drost has been doing some carpenter work for Beecher Hutchinson.

Mr. and Mrs. James McIsaac and daughter Della visited their son, Bennie, at Florenceville before his going to the hospital.

Miss Roxie Farley of Bristol is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Upton Squiers.

Solomon Drost sold a fine colt to Dexter Barker of Listerville.

Miss Edith Barker of St. John who is home with her parents for a while is the guest of Mrs. Byron Hutchinson.

Mrs. Ezekiel Crane of Holmesville visited her daughter Mrs. Stanley White, a few days.

Miss Lillian Shaw entertained a number of young people at her home Saturday afternoon and evening. A good time reported.

Frank Sparks, Elwood Sparks, and Henry Drost started for the woods on Friday.

Ray Giberson of Carleton spent a day with his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Squiers.

Holland Estabrooks, telegraph operator at Carleton, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Estabrooks.

Middle Simonds.

Rev. J. M. Mallory and wife have moved to Nova Scotia where he has accepted a call to the Primitive Baptist church. They will be much missed in this place as they have made themselves very sociable with all denominations and a help to society in general.

Miss Gertie Raymond visited relatives and friends in Woodstock last week.

Mr. Chas. Holmes has returned home from a visit with friends at Peel and Landsdowne.

Shaw & Hatfield and Shaw & Foster are busy threshing grain for the neighbours.

Rev. J. McClusky preached in the Baptist church on Sunday afternoon to a large congregation.

Mrs. Archie Hatfield remains about in the same condition—confined to her bed.

Upper Brighton.

Miss Alice Day entertained a number of her girl friends on Saturday afternoon in honor of her birthday. A very nice time was spent, after which tea was served.

Chas. Carr was visiting relatives at Perth a few days.

Mrs. W. B. Dickinson and Mrs. R. Bourke were callers at Mrs. Maurice Jordan's one day last week.

Randolph Day of Hartland was a caller at Bert Day's this week.

Mrs. Maurice Jordan, her daughter, Mrs. Crab, Mrs. W. B. Dickinson and Mrs. Bert Day were visitors

at Mrs. Bourke's on Thursday. All enjoyed a very pleasant time.

Chas. Carr and W. B. Dickinson were in Woodstock on Friday.

Mrs. Alfred Nason of Woodstock was visiting her sister, Mrs. G. Luskey, on Thursday and Friday.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. Clara Hallett, who has been sick, is able to be around again.

Mrs. Addie Campbell and family took tea with Mrs. Bert Day on Sunday.

Mrs. Sydney Hagerman and Mrs. Henry Nevers were visiting Mrs. G. Luskey one day this week.

Distribution of Seed Grain and Potatoes.

By instructions of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution of superior sorts of grain and potatoes will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers. The samples for general distribution will consist of spring wheat (5 lbs.), white oats (4 lbs.), barley (5 lbs.), and field peas (5 lbs.). These will be sent out from Ottawa. A distribution of potatoes (in 3 lb. samples) will be carried on from several of the experimental farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. All samples will be sent free, by mail.

Applicants must give particulars in regard to the soil on their farms, and some account of their experience with such kinds of grain (or potatoes) as they have grown, so that a promising sort for their conditions may be selected.

Each application must be separate and be signed by the applicant. Only one sample of grain and one of potatoes can be sent to each farm. Applications on any kind of printed form cannot be accepted. If two or more samples are asked for in the same letter only one will be sent.

As the supply of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early, but the applications will not necessarily be filled in the exact order in which they are received. Preference will always be given to the most thoughtful and explicit requests. Applications received after the end of January will probably be too late.

All applications for grain should be addressed to the Dominion Cerealist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Such applications require no postage. If otherwise addressed delay and disappointment may occur.

Applications for potatoes from farmers in any other province should be addressed (postage prepaid) to the Superintendent of the nearest Branch Experimental Farm in that province.

J. H. GRISDALE,
Director, Dominion Experimental Farms.

Col. D. McLeod Vince.

Col. D. McLeod Vince, one of the best known barristers in New Brunswick, and a man held in the highest esteem by all denominations, passed away at his home at Woodstock on Monday evening at 10 o'clock. He had been in failing health for the past year, but was able to attend to business until about five weeks ago.

Col. Vince was born in Berwick on Tweed, Nov. 20, 1848. His father, Robert Vince, was a veteran of the Crimean war, and his mother was a McLeod. He was educated in Dublin, and came to New Brunswick in 1866. He first engaged in teaching under the old school law and afterwards became active in mercantile business. For a year he was in partnership with J. T. G. Carr at Hart-

land. In 1879 he entered the office of the late Hon. L. P. Fisher as a law student, and was a graduate of the Boston Law School, and in 1883 was admitted as an attorney, and has since that time worked up a large practice. The real purpose and energy of his life, however, was given to the work of the Canadian militia, and he was known in Canada as one of its most efficient officers. Col. Vince was a member of the United Baptist church, and since the amalgamation of the two churches, was chairman of the New Brunswick conference. When the public utilities commission was appointed, Col. Vince was made its chairman. He unsuccessfully contested three elections as candidate of the Conservative party, in 1887 against the late F. H. Hale, and in 1891 against Dr. Colter. This election was protested, and in the by-election in 1892 he was again defeated. He was a member of Woodstock Lodge, F. and A. M.

The death will be mourned by many friends. He will long be remembered by all who knew him, because of his splendid exemplification during life of a true Christian gentleman. He is survived by a widow, whose maiden name was Nevers, and two daughters, Mrs. Guy Fisher, of Kalamita, B. C., and Lulu, at home, and two sons, Neville and E. Rabino also at home.

The School Play advertised for next week is postponed on account of the death of Principal Alexander's brother.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Used 102 years for internal and external ills. It alleviates coughs, colds, sore throat, colic, cuts, burns and bruises.

25c and 50c everywhere

J. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

SHEEP

FOR SALE: a few of the famous Dorset Rams. FOR SERVICE: A fine Oxford Ram and a number of Dorset Rams, 25 cents per ewe. At a small outlay you can improve your flock by buying or leasing a good ram. Also 2 Purebred Ayrshire Bull Calves of best breeding for sale or exchange for other cattle. Call and see Angus Gordon, Mgr. Cloverbrook Stock Farm, (Hartland Post) Hartland, N. B.

THOMAS W. McAFEE Barber and Hairdresser

Razors Honed and put in Good Condition. When in Hartland and need a haircut or shave give me a call at the Allen Shop.

Hartland Farmer's Exchange

ESTABLISHED 1891

Special Bargains in Ladies' Sweater Coats, Underclothing and stockings. Ladies' and Girls' Cloth Coats left over from last season will be closed out regardless of cost. Call early the assortment is good.

Millinery Sale

All Felt Hats will be closed out at extremely low prices. Large assortment to select from. This is your opportunity to get an up to date Hat very reasonably.

Stock Reducing Sale!

Big Bargains for Next Two Weeks.

Fall and Winter Suits, Sweaters and Overcoats

My stock of General Merchandise is very complete and I ask your examination of quality, style and price.

Farm Produce of All Kinds Wanted Highest Cash Price for Hay

Let me know what you have and I will look at it and quote a price. I also ask you to bear in mind that I have a Furniture Store full to the doors with all staple goods. Prices low as the lowest. Have also a big line of Framed Pictures and Picture Moulding.

C. HUMPHREY TAYLOR

OVERCOAT WEATHER

The Weather Man says "rain and snow much colder and freezing"—just a melee of all sorts of weather. But never mind—we've been expecting just such conditions and have made ample provision for your comfort and appearance. Here are

Handsome, Warm And Stylish Overcoats

They'll knock out old Winter, but spare your pocket-book.

That's one great feature about this store—your pocket-book is always safe from fakes.

You're sure of best goods—new goods—dependable, satisfactory clothing—and the more you investigate and compare the more our money-saving prices stand out in your favor. Overcoats Medium or Long cut—Tolloring and the fabric, the best—perfect in every detail.

\$9.00, \$12.50, \$16.00, and \$19.00

Now, where's the Man that can't be Overcoat satisfied here? Your pleasure in buying is part of our profit.



JOHN McLAUCHLAN Co., Ltd.

HARTLAND AND WOODSTOCK

"L. E. WATERMAN"

AND

"IDEAL"

are two words that suggest all that is good in a Fountain Pen and a total absence of any troublesome defect.

The editor of this paper writes this ad. for Estey & Curtis with a Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen that he has used with the maximum of satisfaction for seven years. This pen cost \$2.50 and it has never been out of kilter.

If you want a perfect writing pen to last you all your life go to the sole agents:

ESTEY & CURTIS CO., LTD.,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

Hartland.

Do You Intend to Build

or repair your house this year?

Call and see us. We can quote you on anything you require.

Plans and MATERIALS at lowest Prices

Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Stair Finish, Hardwood, Spruce and Pine Flooring, Verandah Posts, solid or built. Rail, Flooring and Balusters, Clapboards and Siding.

Ask to see Sketches of Verandahs and Porch Fronts

We handle the very best grade of Roofing.

Hartland Woodworking Co., Ltd.

\$400.00 PIANO CONTEST.

Rules and Regulations.

Any person without restriction may enter this contest—man or woman, boy or girl, anywhere. Each will have an equal chance to get subscribers and thus win votes. The person who wins the most votes will get a beautiful Willis Piano, in a handsome Mahogany case—a piano which always sells for \$400. A Gold Watch will be given as a consolation award to the candidate who, failing to win the piano, gets the most votes in the district he or she resides in. The districts are described as follows:

District No. 1—Parishes of Brighton, Peel, Wakefield and Simonds.
District No. 2—Parishes of Aberdeen, Kent, Wicklow and Wilmot.
District No. 3—Parishes of Northampton, Richmond and Woodstock and Woodstock town.
District No. 4—Victoria county.

How to Get Votes.

For every new or renewal subscription to The Observer votes will be given as follows: For one yearly subscriber at 75 cents a year, 1000 votes; for one subscriber at \$2.00 for three years, 5000 votes. Those who are now paid into 1913 may pay still further ahead—into 1914 or 1915 if they want to. The rate, remember, is 75 cents for 1 year, \$2.00 for three years. Subscribers in the United States must pay \$1.00 a year on account of extra postage.

A candidate may secure subscriptions in any or all districts, or anywhere outside.

To become a candidate it is only necessary to fill out the Nomination Blank below and mail it to "The Observer Contest," Hartland, N. B. TO REMAIN a

candidate it is necessary to increase one's number of votes by 1000—the amount given for one subscriber—each week.

No candidate can withdraw in favor of another; votes once cast cannot be changed.

Certain merchants will give voting coupons for cash purchases. A list of them will shortly appear. They will give 5 votes for every cent spent with them.

Every candidate should ask their friends to assist them by paying a few years ahead for The Observer and by securing voting coupons from the merchants.

Below is a subscription blank which may be used, but so long as names and addresses are written plainly and the amount each subscriber has paid is correctly indicated any kind of paper may be used. More blanks will be supplied candidates. The names of old subscribers should be given just as we have them on our books.

Candidates are invited to call at The Observer office. We can offer some helpful suggestion, perhaps. Anyway we want to meet personally each one who enters the contest so that we can be sure of no misunderstanding, but of course it is not absolutely necessary.

Make remittances promptly by postal note, post office order or registered letter. Do not send postage stamps.

No candidate should at any time become discouraged. Always remember that someone will surely get the piano and no one has a favor over another.

Address all communications to OBSERVER CONTEST, Hartland, N. B.

Shoepacks Gum Rubbers Shoe Rubbers

No one can show a more extensive line, few can quote prices so low, none can give better satisfaction.

You lose money if you neglect this opportunity for getting warm fall and winter Footwear.

We sell more Gold Bond Shoes because they give perfect satisfaction.

H. R. NIXON

Local News and Personal Items

This is thanksgiving day in the United States.

George F. Burt was in Fredericton last week.

Woodford Craig was home from the woods over Sunday.

Mrs. Moses Taylor and little son have gone for a visit in Boston and Lowell.

The local barbers are to boost the price of haircutting from 20 to 25 cents on Dec. 1st.

Ransford Drake of Houlton was visiting his cousins, Mrs. R. Birmingham and Mrs. Jos. York this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. James of Arthurette were in Hartland Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Searles is prepared to do dressmaking at the home of her brother, N. B. Searles, or will go to patrons' houses.

G. I. Dickinson, genial postmaster and obliging mail courier of Newburg Jet., called on the editor on Friday.

Mrs. Harry Sewell of Lower Brighton was in Hartland last week and enrolled as a candidate in our Piano contest.

Rev. and Mrs. J. M. Mallory departed on Tuesday for Reynard's Bridge, N. S., where Mr. Mallory has accepted a pastorate.

Honoring his birthday, which occurred last week, Ward Ginson of Somerville entertained a few young friends at an oyster stew.

C. W. Dunphy of Island Falls was the guest of Mrs. J. E. McCollom, his sister-in-law, on Saturday. It was his first visit in 21 years.

J. M. McLeod of Wilmot called on The Observer on Monday. He is provincial agent for the Colonial Fertilizer Co. of Windsor, N. S.

A burning flue in the house of J. S. Faulkner was cause for a fire alarm on Monday morning. The services of the firemen were not required.

Mrs. Pyne has returned to her home at Pitchburg, Mass. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. James Scott, who will spend the winter with her.

A subscriber in West Sumnerland, B. C., writes: "Find enclosed payment for the Observer another year, as I like it best of the Carleton county papers."

Mrs. Harry Scull of Lower Brighton, the latest to enter the Piano Contest, has made excellent progress in a few days. Keep your eye on her, you other candidates.

Ralph Turner of Wilmot, who was recently emancipated from the grinding toil and hateful odors of the printing office, revisited the Observer for a look around on Thursday.

James E. Davis, a well known C.P.R. conductor, died in Fredericton on Sunday. He was a native of Gibson and was employed on this division for years. He was 41 years of age and leaves a wife and two children.

Word has been received by George G. Gray that in the latter part of October his son-in-law, W. A. McLaughlin, of Los Angeles, Calif., met his death while bathing at the beach. His wife was formerly Miss May Gray of Hartland.

One day last week, Patrick Murray, a prisoner in the Woodstock jail, made good his escape by the route numbers of others have taken. The officers of the law respectfully ask the prisoners to kindly remain in jail until court sits and greatly oblige.

J. W. Lawson was this week down from Jardine Brook, on the International railway, where he is getting out lumber for W. C. Craig. He says there is very little snow and no frost, but operations are going along smoothly. Mr. and Mrs. S. H. White of Hartland are looking after his commissary department.

No. 2427 is a new engine running on the express. It has the latest improvements put on locomotives, being a superheater with tremendous steam pressure and being fitted with what railway men call "the grasshopper movement", a mechanism for operating the slides and reversing apparatus attached outside the driving wheels. To watch the operation of this contrivance makes one dizzy headed. Its usefulness is that the "works" of the engine are more accessible than when the old-fashioned eccentrics were used.

Robert Goodwin is home from Presque Isle.

S. Hayden Shaw is able to be out again.

G. W. Boyer is seriously ill at home.

Secretary J. B. Daggett visited Hartland last week.

Miss Lou Smith visited Woodstock friends this week.

H. H. Smalley has gone to St. John where he will work at the building trade.

Shorts, Middlings, Puritan Feed, Whole and Cracked Corn, for sale at Carr's.

H. A. Sipprell left on Monday to accept a position in F. E. Sayre's store at Chipman.

Rair Shaw, who is employed on the Valley railway, was in Hartland on Monday and Tuesday.

Craig & Clark's mill in Simonds is soon to begin cutting laths. They will ship from Hale's siding.

Those in a position to purchase 40 or more gallons of kerosene will find it advantageous to call on Keith & Plummer.

An excellent program has been prepared for the Masonic "at home" to be given at East Florenceville tomorrow evening.

You'll like the flavor—or your money back.

35, 40 and 50c. per lb.

KING COLE TEA

The C.P.R. is putting in gates at the Depot street crossing. This crossing has long been known as one of the most dangerous on this division.

Keith & Plummer have just received their last load of lime for the season. Those requiring any had better call at once.

Mrs. Hugh Judge of Woodstock visited Mrs. Owens one day last week. The latter has also been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Bowland, in Woodstock.

The advanced department of the school has been closed this week on account of the absence of Principal Alexander, who was called to Fredericton Jct. by the serious illness of his brother.

Hartland Grist Mill, fitted for grinding meal and feed, will run on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays of each week. Buckwheat wanted, for which we will pay highest cash price. James Rogers.

Last Saturday John Loupin got a clip over the head by a board falling from the Morgan & Rideout building, on which work is being done. The wound was very painful and laid the industrious truckman up for a few days.

Samples of private greeting Xmas cards are now on exhibition at this office. They are beautiful creations, designs all new this year. The values range from \$1.00 per doz upward.

Next Sunday is the second anniversary of Rev. S. W. Schurman's commencement of work in Hartland; he will then enter upon his third year as pastor of the United Baptist church. Service will be held at Upper Brighton in the afternoon and at Hartland as usual in the evening.

A government paper says that the Valley Railway between Woodstock and Fredericton may possibly be ready for operation next year. The people in this county have the knowledge that if it is not completed to Centerville by Nov. 1913, just a year hence, the I.C.R. will be under no obligation to operate it. But of course the C.P.R. is ready to accept gifts from the Flemming government. On January 1st that company takes over the Central railway which Mr. Flemming presented them with.

Mrs. J. W. Doucette who has been at Knowlesville during the summer left yesterday for West Upton, Mass., where she will spend the winter.

Mrs. Alexander Henderson of Woodstock died last week, aged 76 years. Three daughters are left to mourn a notably kind and loving mother. They are Mrs. S. S. Miller of Hartland, and Mrs. J. D. Baird of Winnipeg and Miss Emma, at home.

Purebred improved Berkshire Pigs, seven weeks old, from imported sire and dam, for sale at moderate prices. Also a few pure bronze turkeys for sale. Here is a chance to improve your stock. Highland Stock Farm, Victoria, N. B.

Word has been received by his friends in this county that Duncan Hannah, late of Jack-sonville, was recently drowned at Riverside, Calif., where he has been residing for some time. Mr. Hannah visited Carleton county last year.

Arthur Estabrooks and family have gone to British Columbia to make their home. Mr. Estabrooks is one of the men the county can ill afford to lose. He leaves a long, profitable and honorable business career to start anew in the west. While the many friends of the estimable couple regret their departure one and all wish them the best of fortune, and what is more especially desired in their case, the best of health.

Hartland Village Fire and Waterworks bonds for \$3000. were disposed of to a resident of the town at par. The commissioners say that several townsmen were willing to invest. Only 18 years ago it was difficult to place Hartland bonds with local investors, and in fact the first bonds were sold outside of the village at less than par. The present issue, to run for ten years, will net the investor a little better than five per cent.

U. B. DISTRICT MEETING.

Waterville, Dec. 16 and 17.

MONDAY EVENING.
7.30—Evangelistic Sermon, Rev. E. B. McLachy, B. D.
—Social Service, Rev. E. C. Jenkins.

TUESDAY MORNING.
10.00—Devotionals, Rev. J. A. Corey.
10.30—Laymen and the Finances of the church, Rev. S. W. Schurman.
—The Need of Better Financing, Bro. Davis.
—Christian's Financial Obligation, Bro. F. L. Atherton.
—System in Church Finances, Bro. W. D. Keith.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.
2.00—Bible Reading "Units of Christian Experience" Rev. S. W. Schurman.
2.20—The Church's Claim on the Pastor, Rev. J. A. Corey.
—The Pastor's Claim on the Church, Rev. W. C. Walden.
—What Can the Laymen Do, Bro. H. H. McCain.

TUESDAY EVENING.
7.30—Gospel Sermon, Rev. A. C. Berrie.
—Testimony Service, Rev. E. C. Jenkins.

All the churches are requested to send delegates. Those who come by train will be met at Hartland if they send their names to the pastor, Rev. E. C. Jenkins.

William J. Harper.

On Oct. 20 the death occurred of William J. Harper at Aberdeen, S. D. He was sixty years of age and was the only son of the late Robert Harper of Victoria Corner. He spent the greater part of his life in the west and 35 years ago married Miss Mary Kuttentuburg at Stillwater, Minn. Besides his wife two grown-up children survive. Mrs. Serena Harper of Fredericton is the mother of the deceased. She has many friends in this vicinity who deeply sympathize with her in her sad bereavement.

Fredericton and Woodstock papers please copy.

The Market Prices.

Market prices remain about the same this week as they were last. There is not so much hauling as there would be if the roads were in good condition. A good fall of snow is much to be desired. Potatoes are bringing \$1.10; hay, \$5. to \$7. \$8.; oats, 45; pork 84 to 94; eggs, 25 to 30; butter 24 to 25.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful Marvel Douche. Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

Be Sure and See
"Our Church Fair"
an Amateur Play, in 2 Acts given by the
HARTLAND SCHOOL
AT
8.30, Tues. Ev'g, Dec. 10
at Foresters Hall, Hartland.
There will also be a mirthful
COMEDY SKETCH
and Songs by the School.
Luscious Homespun Candy will be on
Sale. Come! Patronize home talent.
A Quarter lets the grownups in; 15c. admits the youngsters.

When in Hartland call on
W. E. THORNTON
for up-to-date work in
Barbering and Hairdressing
You cannot get better Satisfaction in any
barbershop north of Woodstock.

\$15. Buys
A Sleigh, Robe and Single Harness.
Apply to—
Mrs. B. E. TOMPKINS
River Bank, N. B.

FOR SALE.
Sleigh, Robe,
Turnip Pulper
Fodder Cutter
Cultivator
Fanning Mill
Sundry Other Things
For sale low by
H. M. STEVENS
Somerville.

Produce
Wanted

Potatoes
Oats
Pork
Butter
Buckwheat
B. W. Meal
Hay
Table Turnips
Fresh Eggs

Get our Prices Before Selling.

Hatfield & Scott.
POTATOES
Hay, Oats, Pork, etc.
WANTED

for which we will pay highest market prices in CASH.

Buffalo Fertilizer
is equal to the best. Ask us for Proof.
BOHAN BROS.
Bath, N. B.

Produce
Wanted

for which we will pay highest cash prices. Bring us your

Potatoes, Hay, Oats,
Pork, Butter, etc.

I am in a position to pay you all they are worth, at Hartland, Hales, or at Peel. Remember I market through the Montreal agency of the McCain Prime Co., the well known shippers at East Florenceville, which is a distinct advantage.

Scotch Fertilizer, Cross Brand, is excellent. I am sale agent.

A. A. RIDEOUT
Office at
Hartland, N. B.

Fort George, B. C.

Record Railroad Construction will cause British Columbia to be the scene of greatest development in Western Canada during the next decade. Premier McBride says.

\$100,000,000.00

will be spent in British Columbia between now and the end of 1915.

Fort George

Is in the centre of this great development

All lots in Central Fort George were sold in sixty days. Other Additions have been put in since. These are going rapidly.

Lots may be had from one hundred and fifty dollars each—Double Corners, three hundred and twenty-five, payments \$10 per month per lot or 10 per cent discount for cash.

Now is the time to buy, before the railroads get there. Those who invested in Fort George one or two years ago have already made big profits, but the growing time is ahead.

If you have a few or many dollars to invest

Fort George

is the place to put it. I can sell you lots in town sites from St. John to Vancouver, but I believe Fort George is the surest and quickest money maker.

Write me for further information.

JOHN T. G. CARR

Sales Agent for New Brunswick.

Hartland, N. B.

A Good Life Policy

will compel a young man to save money. He will be glad of it when he is older. It trains him also to the habit of saving, and is the only sure way to guarantee adequate estate to this family—when he has one.

The Manufacturers Life Insurance Co.

Issues None But Good Policies
Communicate with or consult

T. A. Lindsay, Inspector, Woodstock, N. B.
or The E. R. Machum Co., St. John, N. B.

Managers for Maritime Provinces.

Selling Out Our Entire Stock of Clothing Below Cost

Men's Suits, \$7.50	Suits for 5.00	Ladies' COATS as low as \$3.00
8.00	5.75	A few sizes Reversible Cloth Coats that were \$15. now selling for 10.00
9.00	7.00	Capes, \$2.00
10.00	7.75	A very Special Bargain in One Heavy Coat, Rubber-lined.
12.00	8.50	1 Ladies' Fur Coat, only \$5.00
13.00	9.50	Ladies' Rubber Coats reduced to \$4.50
15.00	11.00	Men's ditto reduced to \$4.75
Men's Black and Blue Serge Suits that once sold for \$12., now only \$9.		A few Furs, 25c., 40c. to \$1.75
Boys' Suits, \$3.50 and upwards		White Furs, Satin Lined, \$2.25
Youths' Suits, \$1.75 to 2.75		
Men's Overcoats \$6.00 and \$7.50		
Boys' Overcoats, 4.00 and \$5.00		
Youths' Overcoats, \$1.45 and upward.		
Mackinaw and Etoffe Jackets		
Sheep-lined Coats, a good supply on hand.		
The Famous Bannockburn Pants always on hand.		

Come Early and Make the Best Selection.
This Sale lasts only 25 Days.

BOHAN & CO.

BATH, N. B.

We Give Coupons in the Observer Piano Contest

New Meat Shop

We have opened a Meat Store in Taylor's Building, opposite the Exchange hotel, with a full line of
Beef, Pork, Poultry, Fish, etc.

You will find our service good and prices right.

Luskey & Nevers.

Notice to Delinquents.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons whose taxes remain unpaid for the year 1912, in Front District Brighton Parish can pay the same to me without costs on or before November 30th. After that date taxes will be given to another to collect WITH COSTS added.
C. J. CONNOLLY, Collector.
Hartland, N. B.

MISER HAYNES

On a lowly wooden headstone in a certain churchyard in Wales is inscribed the following epitaph:

"Here lie the remains
Of Miser Haynes,
Whom no one forgets
And no one regrets."

Who put the headstone there, or who carved those bitter words upon it, nobody knows. But they are felt to be so true, and so well deserved, that nobody, not even the vicar, has ever troubled to have that strange memorial removed.

Miser Haynes had come to that Welsh village from London, a middle-aged man, intending to spend his declining years there in peace and quietness. But all his life he had been amassing money. He had lived for money. It seemed to him the only thing worth living for. At first he had made some attempts to cultivate a garden, and he had tried to lead the idyllic life of a prosperous man, retired from business, and enjoying his accumulated savings. But he could not. Very soon he was dealing in houses and land, stock and scrip, in shares, and in every other form of investment that promised a substantial profit.

It became known through Penmorfa that he was always willing to lend money on good security. His rate of interest was high, but he was such a pleasant, hearty old fellow, and he had such a blunt way with him over a friendly pipe and glass, that many of the farmers and tradesmen eagerly availed themselves of this opportunity to lay out a little much-needed extra capital upon their village or their business. Thus, in a few years, he held mortgages upon half the property in that neighborhood, and there were not many houses in which he had not a bill of sale upon the furniture.

And when the time came to pay arrears of interest, or to renew acceptance, he was not so pleasant or hearty as he had been in the past, though quite as blunt. It was discovered, moreover, that he had invented a harsh system whereby it was impossible for anyone to clear himself except by prodigious sacrifices.

It was not to be wondered at, then, that everybody hated him. And he was hated all the more because, though he was so rich and grew rapidly richer, he was so mean and grasping that he begrudged himself the very necessities of existence. He did all his own cooking, such as it was, and all his own housework, too, rather than spend a shilling or two occasionally on outside help. He never sought any diversion, or did anything whatsoever that might cost him a penny.

And yet times were so bad and cash was so scarce that sooner or later nearly everybody had to go to him for a loan; and so it came about that his power increased daily until, in time, he had most of his neighbors in his clutches, and could lord it over them like any emperor. As he passed through the High Street all the women bobbed to him, all the men touched their hats, and all the children stood and gaped and trembled.

Among his humblest victims were Mr. and Mrs. Purvis, a couple not long married, with one baby girl. Purvis was a carrier. It was to buy a horse and cart that he had borrowed money from Miser Haynes just before his marriage. And he had not been married many months before, one night, his horse was killed and his cart smashed by a powerful motor-car that whizzed away into the darkness and was never traced.

To replace his lost Jim Purvis had to obtain a fresh loan from Miser Haynes, and the burden of this new loan, added to his old obligations, was slowly crushing all the joy out of his young life. In vain he and his wife stilled themselves in order that their baby girl should lack nothing. They fell ever more and more into arrears with their payments. Every week Miser Haynes grew more and more rapacious and threatening, until there seemed to be nothing but utter ruin before them.

"It isn't as if I had repaid the loan over and over again in mere interest," said Jim Purvis one evening, to his pretty young wife. "The money that man has had out of me these last two years or so would have set me up with another mare and bought a go-cart for Babs into the bargain. And yet, if I don't find another six pounds before Saturday, he'll come down on us and take away all we've got."

Mrs. Purvis raised her tear-stained face from the cot over which she was bending.

"Perhaps he ain't quite so bad as what people make out, Jim," she said soothingly. "Perhaps—"

"I tell you, Nance, he's hard to the core. And I wish he was dead! Though even if he was dead," added Jim, on reflection, "that wouldn't help us, 'cos there would still be that bit of paper I signed. Ah, well, I think I'll do as I said—just have a look round and see if I can find a friend to need."

And, having kissed his wife fondly, he went out.

Nance stood at the door of their cottage watching his dejected figure as it retreated slowly from her and disappeared in the gathering dusk. When he had gone she went hastily indoors, dressed herself and the baby-girl in their best clothes, and went her way along the deserted High Street towards Miser Haynes' house.

It was now quite dark. A fierce hurricane was blowing off the sea. But as she went along a new light of hope kindled in her breast and seemed to brighten her path. Her idea was to go and see Miser Haynes herself. She would plead with him. And if he still proved obdurate she would show him her little baby girl.

She arrived at the house and knocked timidly at the door.

After a long interval it was opened, and the face of the miser peered out. He was wearing his battered old hat and ragged, threadbare overcoat, as if about to start on a journey.

"Oh, it's you," he snarled.

"Come to pay the money!"

"N-no," she stammered. "I have come—"

"Then go away again," said he.

"And look out for someone to take you in next Saturday. You'll need a home then."

He tried to shut the door on her, but she pressed against it with her shoulder.

"Please, dear Mr. Haynes," she pleaded, "see here! I've brought my baby—"

He swore at her and pushed her away roughly.

Then there was a loud resounding slam, and she was alone in the darkness, weeping.

On the other side of the door Miser Haynes stood seething and trembling, his evil face showing livid and distorted in the murky rays of the candle he carried in his shaking hand.

He sniffed the air. It was heavy with the reek of paraffin.

"I wonder if she noticed the smell?" he quavered aloud. "If she did—"

His voice sank to a muttering undertone as he went slowly up the narrow passage to a cupboard under the stairs, and looked into that black hole. Here the odor of paraffin was almost overpowering, and his feeble light showed a great heap of paper and shavings and wood soaked in the oil. A broken lamp lay on the floor of the passage, immediately underneath a bracket affixed to the wall whereon it ordinarily stood.

Obviously, the old man had been about to set his house on fire when poor little Mrs. Purvis knocked at the door. But why should a man so rich be guilty of the crime of incendiarism? Ah, there is the mystery of miserliness! A while ago one of his many nefarious schemes had failed, and he had been mulcted in a sum of three hundred pounds. That loss had preyed on his mind.

He felt he could not rest, he could not eat or sleep or have any satisfaction in life, until he had made it good. So he had thought of firing his house and getting the insurance money. It seemed so easy and so safe.

But now—had this woman suspected anything?

He decided that she had not. He struck a match.

Ten minutes later he was hurrying through the tiny village toward the steep little hill beyond, from which he purposed watching the blaze.

Then suddenly a devastating thought occurred to him. He had forgotten something. He had carefully banked his board: that was all right. But he had forgotten the old oak chest in his bed-room. And that chest contained all his bonds and securities, all the deeds and documents that represented so much wealth. If those papers were destroyed, he would lose the bulk of his fortune. What a fool he had been not to think of that before firing his house!

He stood stock-still, then wheeled about, and started off in the direction of his house.

Already there was a red gleam in the distance. He saw the smoke going rolling up in a pulsing plume. He began to run, haltingly, stiffly, against the furious opposition of the gale.

The streets had been deserted because of the inclemency of the night. But the sound of his hurrying footsteps echoing on the slate pavement drew a hundred faces to the doors and windows. He tore along the narrow, winding way at the head of an excited mob; and as he raced across his weed-grown front garden the mob burst through the gate after him.

Jim and Nance Purvis were there. They saw the miser plunge into the burning house. But by this time the fire had taken such hold, the heat was so intense, and the roar and the crackle of the flames so menacing that none dare follow him.

Alone he groped his way through the smoke, along the passage, up the stairs, until he gained his bed-room. There the fire had as yet made no headway.

He found the chest, and began to drag it across the floor. It was very heavy—too heavy for him to carry downstairs. But he decided that if he could drop it out of the window that would serve him equally well.

So he strained and tugged at it, and by an almost superhuman exercise of strength he tilted it up on to his bed, and lodged it firmly and securely against the inner sill.

He threw up the window, and instantly the smoke and heat rushed in, scorching his face, blinding him, choking him.

But just one last heave, and all would be well. He got his hands under the sharp edge of the chest.

He hoisted it up, bit by bit, higher and higher. For an instant it toppled, balanced precariously, on the window-ledge. Then he gave it a final thrust, and it hurtled out with a screeching sound into the busy void.

For a moment he stood there, panting, with a glad thrill of relief at his heart. Then he realized his imminent peril, and turned to find a way out of the house.

By this time it was blazing like a box of matches. Tongues of flame were licking under the door. The floor was intolerably hot beneath his feet.

He flung open the door, and instantly the fire lunged at him, lapped him about in a searing embrace.

He closed the door again and ran back to the window. There also was an impenetrable wall of smoke and sparks that bristled with a myriad spears of flame and soared up to the sky.

He caught a dim glimpse of horrid faces staring up at him, and heard hoarse voices crying out:

"Jump! Jump!"

But he was dazed and dizzied by the stupefying fumes. His limbs were as water. The strength was clean gone out of him. His wits were all astray.

Between those two fires he raged hither and thither, tearing his scanty white locks, and screaming horribly, until at last he sank down on the floor and was no more seen by the watching crowd of villagers.

His last conscious thought was of thankfulness that at least his precious chest was safe.

But his chest was not safe. It was so old and brittle, and so seamed and cracked and warped by the dry-rot and hard usage of years, that, as it struck the ground, it burst into fragments. Its contents were thus scattered over the garden.

And the fierce gale caught them up, and flung them broadcast, far and wide, chased them over fields and woods, up hill and down dale, until it cast them into the sea, or otherwise consigned them to oblivion.

Thus, with the destruction of this documentary evidences, were Jim and Nance and baby-girl, together with hundreds of their neighbors, set free from the heavy, black, incubus of debt, that had brooded like a dark thunder-cloud over the whole village.

And thus it comes about that to-day there is inscribed upon a certain grave in Penmorfa Churchyard this mocking epitaph:

"Here lies the remains
Of Miser Haynes,
Whom no one forgets
And no one regrets."

—London Answers.

FAMINE CAMP IN GERMANY.

500 Fat People Doing Strict Diet in Order to Get Thin.

There exists not far from Dresden, Germany, a "famine camp," where a colony of 500 Germans is established.

The purpose of the camp is to fight the ever-increasing adipose tissue, and one can find there men and women of all dimensions.

A severe regime is in force, and as the servants employed there are incorruptible, it is possible to reduce flesh at the rate of four or five pounds in a few days.

Here is the day's menu: At seven o'clock in the morning is the first breakfast, a plate of cherries or grapes with a cup of coffee and a piece of bread the size of your watch or two biscuits.

At ten o'clock there is a second breakfast, consisting of a glass of lemonade, another plate of cherries or grapes.

At one o'clock a luncheon of two small slices of meat, lettuce "ad libitum," and a fruit marmalade.

Again at four o'clock one eats, but only a small plate of cherries or grapes with a glass of lemonade.

The dinner is at six o'clock, and it consists of a plate of vegetables (potatoes forbidden), a plate of cherries, two little slices of bread, lettuce "ad libitum," a glass of milk and sometimes a half dozen nuts.

But one must be willing to get thin at all costs, for a warning is posted saying that there is a café just opposite the camp, and those who steal over there under the shadow of darkness for a glass of beer or a "kartoffelsalat" will never, never get thin.

PROTECTION FROM FROST.

To the long list of the means heretofore proposed of protecting fields, orchards, and vineyards against frost, a new one has recently been added by a French scientist.

He points out the fact that frosts are not feared when the wind blows; he is thus led to suggest the creation of an artificial wind by the installation of electric fans among the plants to be protected. He considers this plan applicable chiefly to vineyards, but also possibly useful in orchards.

SIR JOHN'S WIT.

Sir John Boyd, the eminent Toronto judge, is noted for the keenness of his intellect.

The Chancellor grasps a counsel's argument almost invariably before the lawyer has finished his speech, and it irritates him when the lawyer is at all verbose or has not his case well up.

The Chancellor also has a sharp wit.

The other day in the somewhat informal court known as Judge's Chambers, a young lawyer commenced to argue a case with which he was obviously not well acquainted.

He fussed and hummed and

hesitated. He wandered all about the point in a vague manner. Sir John, however, had seen through the case like a flash. It was really a very simple one.

"What have you to say upon this point?" at last asked the Chancellor, a little sharply, referring to the key of the situation.

"Oh, I was just coming to that," said the young lawyer brightening.

"No, you weren't," retorted Sir John, evidently fearing that the lawyer was getting to make a fresh start. "You passed it long ago."

OUR EPITAPHS.

For the Memory of Everyone That Knew Us.

We are all very busy—busy writing epitaphs. We do not let a day pass without doing something in this line, and we are all busy, not in writing epitaphs for others, but in writing our own. And we are making it very sure that people will read what we have written when we are gone. Shall we not be remembered? If not by many, we certainly shall by a few, and that remembrance we are making sure of by the tenor of our lives.

Our characters are the inscriptions we are making on the hearts of those who know and will survive us. We do not leave this office to others. We are doing it ourselves. Others might fail and deceive by what they may say of us. But we are telling the truth. The actions of our passing life are facts visible, plain, undeniable. We engrave them on the minds of all observers. How interesting the question. What kind of epitaphs are we writing? Will they be read with joy or sorrow? Remember the epitaphs we write are not for the marble that tells where we lie, but for the memory of everyone that knew us.

NAMING THE BABY.

Choosing a name for a new baby is always a matter of anxious consideration; but in certain lands the anxiety has been minimized by the laying down of rules to guide the choice.

The Mohammedans, for example, write five names on slips of paper, and place them in the Koran. One slip is drawn out, and the name written thereon is bestowed upon the baby.

With the Egyptians three lighted candles are taken and named—one name always being of Biblical character—and the candle which burns the longest determines the child's name.

The Hindus allow the mother to name a baby when it is twelve days old, but the father does not like the chosen name, he selects another. Then the two names are written on slips of paper, and held over a lighted lamp, the name which burns the brighter being the name finally adopted.

In China, girl babies are considered not worth naming, and are simply numbered in order of birth. Chinese boys are named until they are twenty, when they receive fresh names, specially chosen by their fathers.

HOW TO BE HAPPY.

Don't borrow another man's automobile and break it.

Don't start any argument on religion or women's suffrage.

Don't take a deaf party to the theatre with you.

Don't ever expect any returns for a favor. Then maybe you'll get it.

Always carry a dozen extra collar buttons in your pocket and three or four safety pins.

Don't polish your shoes with a bath towel and let your wife find it out.

ELIXIR OF YOUTH FOUND.

Extract Made from Ductless Glands Has Wrought Marvel.

A remarkable series of experiments, first conducted upon his aged mother, then upon himself and later upon 50 of his intimate friends, has enabled Dr. Frank R. Starkey of Philadelphia to discover an extract made from various ductless glands that will prolong life for a period of years and make old folks appear much younger.

In fact, it is really an elixir of youth that he has found, although he resents his polyglutular extract being given that name. Working along entirely different lines from Metchnikoff, the French scientist, the Philadelphia doctor has actually produced the results the scientist has aimed for and has living witnesses to attest the wonderful results.

Dr. Starkey has taken extracts from the pituitary gland in the base of the skull which influences the growth of the body, and when administered to children of stunted growth it is said to make them grow larger. He has extracts from the thyroid gland which influences the flesh and tissue development of the body and also from various reproductive glands.

The combination of these various extracts, Dr. Starkey has found, increases the cell reproduction, purifies the blood, gives added vitality to the nervous system, all of which is conducive to longevity. His first experiments were made a number of years ago upon his mother, who, although 70 years old, is as active and appears to be a woman of 50.

Although in age not yet at the half-century mark, the doctor spent years in research work abroad following his graduation in Philadelphia so diligently as to make him appear much older than he was. He began to inject his extract into his own body with most remarkable results. Although he is still a great and as diligent a student of science as ever, his face is fuller than two years ago, wrinkles and drawn look have disappeared.

In a paper recently read before the Medical Society of Philadelphia, Dr. Starkey told of a number of unusual and obstinate cases of neurasthenia he had cured with the extract. He has also found it of benefit in typhoid fever, pneumonia, constipation and locomotor ataxia.

FITS OF THE BLUES.

Look Up and Be Cheerful and Live Down the Blues.

If we could only take the lid off and peep into others' lives, as a cook looks into a kettle, we would find others secretly in mourning of ten when we would least expect it from externals. The happiest and the best of us have "fits" of the blues" once in a while. Sometimes we make a luxury of sorrow; we pet and nurse and dandle the real or supposed affliction and make it our coddled darling, our spoilt child. We actually resent the effort of anyone to clear away the fog and show us that the sun is shining and that if we are blue so is the sky. When we have "the blues" we are as anxious to be let alone as a traveler drowsily perishing in a snowbank. Yet if we had the courage every time the spell came on us we would sit down, as Robinson Crusoe did, and put in parallel columns our reasons for joy and our causes for repining. And then we would find how far the first overlaps the second. When we feel "blue" if we look hard we will discover nothing there but the dreary, melancholy color. If we would only look up we would see that it isn't the world that is blue; it is only the sky. If we have the "blues" let us have the heavenly blues!

INCENTIVE TO YOUTH.

Page Boy's Rise to Rank of Major-General.

The career of Major-General W. R. Robertson, C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O., should be a valuable incentive to all boys, and especially those who are interested in military affairs. General Robertson, who is now 52, started life in the very humble capacity of odd boy in a gentleman's house. Later on he became a waiter and ultimately enlisted in the Army. He served with great distinction as a private, and was granted a commission in 1893. His rise was rapid, and he became a colonel in 1903. He is now the head of the Staff College at Camberley, and is recognized as one of the three cleverest and best informed men in the British Army, and also as one of the greatest authorities in the world on military matters. He has taught himself many languages and possesses remarkable knowledge of military history and tactics. He is universally popular and occupies the chief position in the most exclusive military academy in the world with dignity and honor. At a recent dinner party at which several Cabinet Ministers were present, each guest was asked what man, whom he did not know, he would most like to meet. Curiously enough two of the Cabinet Ministers answered: "A man named Robertson, head of the military college at Camberley."

SOME TRICKS WITH FIGURES

MENTAL GYMNASTICS FOR THE YOUNG AND OLD.

How You May Find Two Numbers Thought of at Once By Another Person.

Most boys and girls know the method by which a person can tell any number thought of by another person. A more difficult trick is to find two numbers thought of at once by a person. The trick may be done by two different persons each selecting a number, but in that case they would have to do their calculations on paper, or send the guesser out of the room.

The process is the same in either case, and an explanation of the method for one person will show how it is done for two.

First of all you ask the person to add the two numbers together and then to multiply their sum by their difference and to add to the product the square of the lesser of the two numbers thought of, and to tell you the result.

Upon hearing this you can at once name the greater of the two numbers thought of.

In order to arrive at the smaller number the person is asked to subtract the first product from the square of the larger number thought of, which you have already named, and to state the remainder. This enables you to give the other number thought of.

VERY EASY TO FOLLOW.

Let us suppose the numbers thought of are simple ones, such as 5 and 8. Their sum is 13, and their difference 3. The product of 3, the lesser number, we get 39, and when you add 25, you take the square root of 64 as the greater number.

For the lesser number, returning to our first product, which was 16, which is to be taken from 39, we have 23, the lesser number sought. The following method may seem simpler, but is more likely to be seen through.

To the sum of the two numbers thought of add their difference and state the sum. Half of this will be the greater number thought of. Then subtract the difference from the sum, and half the remainder is the smaller number thought of.

Suppose the numbers are 8 and 5. Their sum is 13 and their difference 3, which gives us 16, half of which is 8, the greater number thought of. Subtract the difference, 3, from the sum, 13, and the remainder is 10, half of which is the smaller number thought of.

Still another way to do the same trick is to tell the person to multiply the two numbers together and then to multiply their sum by whichever-number it is desired to discover first, and to subtract from the product thus found the product of the two numbers.

BY WAY OF EXAMPLE.

Suppose the numbers thought of are 7 and 4. The product of their multiplication is 28; their sum is 11. If the person multiplies this sum by the greater of the two numbers thought of he gets 77, and when he is asked to subtract the product of the two numbers multiplied together, which is 28, he has a remainder of 49. The square root of this is 7, the greater number thought of. For the lesser number the sum 11 is multiplied by 4, giving the product 44, and when 28 is taken from that, it will leave 16, the square root of which is 4, the number sought.

You can vary this trick by asking that the two numbers thought of should neither exceed one figure. The process then goes this way.

Add 1 to the triple of the larger number thought of, and then multiply the sum by three. To this add the sum of the two numbers thought of and state the result.

Whatever figure is named take off 3, and the figures that remain are the two figures thought of.

All these tricks are excellent mental practice for any boy or girl, as they concentrate attention.

PEARLS OF TRUTH.

It is good to pardon, to be merciful, to be liberal; but it is better to be just.—Timur.

The man who is old enough to know better is usually too old to do better.—Walter Pulitzer.

In the land of the lodger confidences are often given, but friendships are rarely made.—Mr. Norman Keith.

If you live according to Nature you will never be poor; if according to opinion you will never be rich.—Seneca.

When one-half of the Sabbath is given to pleasure, religion is not likely to share much of the other half.—Sir Walter Scott.

I shall pass through this world but once. If, therefore, there be any kindness I can show or any good thing I can do to any fellow human being, let me do it now; let me not defer, nor neglect it, for I shall not pass this way again.—Thomas Carlyle.

Eczema Cured Three Years Ago

Best City Doctors Failed, But Cure
Was Effected by Use of
Dr. Chase's Ointment.



Mrs. A. T. Smith.

You apply Dr. Chase's Ointment for eczema and feel the benefit as if by magic. It may take some days to get the sores cleaned out and the healing process fully established, but from day to day you can see the old trouble gradually disappearing and know that you are getting rid of it.

Mrs. A. T. Smith, 1 Mt. Charles St., Montreal, Que., writes:—I had eczema on my leg for four years, and tried many remedies and doctors in Montreal and Boston, without any benefit. I used three boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment and was cured completely. Since then I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for irritations and eruptions of the skin, and easily got rid of them with two or three applications. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a wonderful preparation.

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 50 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

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Resident in Carleton Co. six years. Always here to back up the guarantee of perfect satisfaction in glasses for any defect of vision. Office at Day's Hotel, East Florenceville. Write or call if you want glasses. Can arrange to examine your eyes either at office or at home.

THE HOULTON Business College

More than 1/3 of our students are from New Brunswick, and we could assist twice as many. If you have been considering the matter, why not enter now. YOU WILL FIND FRIENDS HERE.

O. A. HODGINS, Prin., Houlton, Me.

Notice to Delinquents.

Notice is hereby given that all persons whose taxes remain unpaid for the years 1906 to 1912, both inclusive in Peel Parish, can pay the same to me without cost on or before Nov. 30. After that Taxes will be given to another to collect WITH COSTS added.

A. B. LOVELY, Collector.
East Florenceville.

Dentistry

Dr. J. E. Jewett
in Hartland every Monday.

The Go-Preachers.

EDITOR, OBSERVER: The letter that appeared in your paper, re the so-called Go-Preachers calls for some words on the opposite side while yet not in any strong controversial way. The communication reflects credit on the writer because of its clear presentation of the situation under consideration as the residents of Highgate see it, and for the fair spirit manifested.

WHO ARE THESE GO-PREACHERS?

The so-called Go-Preachers had their origin in Ireland from whence they have been driven by law, mob rule, club rule and egg rule. They have within the last three or four years come to Canada, settling in P. E. I. and Nova Scotia and finally came to New Brunswick. They go by various names and titles such as "Cooneyites", "Jesus Way", "No Sect", etc. The favorite of these is "No Sect" for by this they can the more easily deceive the very elect.

The following resolution will speak volumes to the residents of Highgate, to the writer of last week's letter, and to every other open minded person:

Whereas certain men and women under various names such as "Twins", "Cooneyites", "No Sect", "Jesus Way", "Go-Preachers", etc., have been holding so-called Evangelistic meetings in different parts of the Maritime Provinces for the past two or three years; and whereas these men and women have almost all come from Great Britain, where there is an organization of "go-preachers" under the leadership of Wm. Irwin and Edward Cooney;

And whereas the teachings of these men and their followers are subversive of some of the fundamental doctrines accepted by the Christian church, both Protestant and Roman Catholic, and are avowedly antagonistic to the very existence of the the church; And whereas the said go-preachers denounce all ordained ministers as "money-seekers", "mammon worshipers", "false leaders of the people", and "blind leaders of the blind", all who follow their teachings as "poor blind fools, doomed to suffer in hell";

And whereas properly attested affidavits, letters, and newspaper extracts now before, and in possession of members of the Presbytery, allege that many of these "go-preachers" in Great Britain are acting in conjunction with men and women, whose object is to lure young girls from their homes;

And whereas we know that a number of young women have been induced to leave their homes in Prince Edward Island and in Nova Scotia, being compelled to go out in the so-called "Jesus Way", "without purse or change of raiment, etc." and that some of these girls have disappeared, and are not now in communication with their parents and friends;

And whereas members of this body of "go-preachers", both men and women have been, and are at present, working within the bounds of our Presbytery, seeking to alienate families from the church, to create religious dissension, and to stir up unseemly strife and discord between neighbors and friends;

And whereas at a public meeting held in Napan a couple of weeks ago, two of these men, Messrs Cook and Busby, were compelled, because of evidence submitted, to acknowledge their connection as "fellow-preachers" with Irwin and Cooney, and also that through their teaching, at least one young woman had been induced to leave her home in P. E. Island, and go to the United States as a "go-preacher", to the great sorrow of her father and mother;

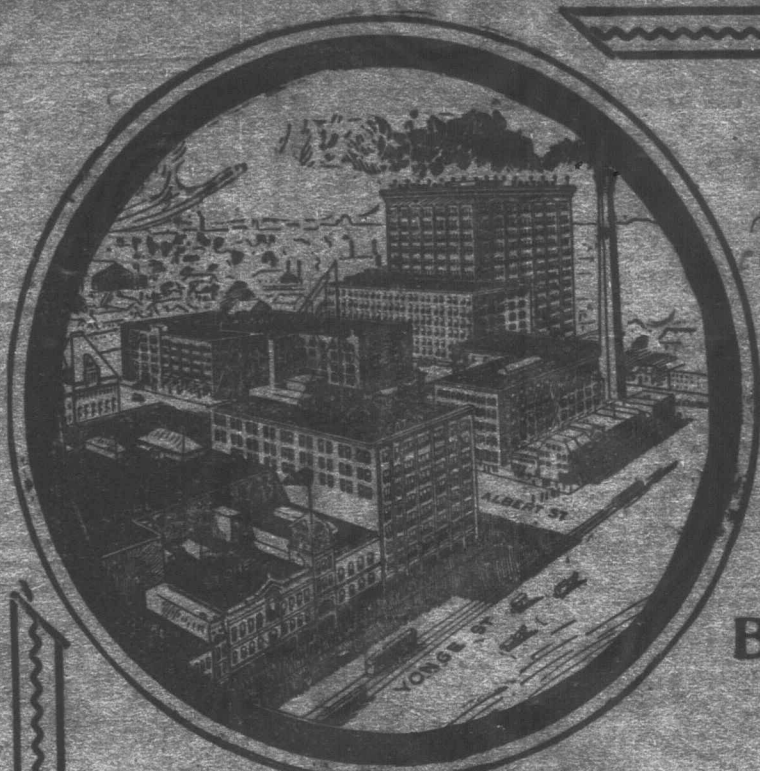
Therefore resolved, That in view of the manifest danger to the young people of our congregations, the Presbytery feels bound to warn, and does herein warn, ministers, sessions and families against these wandering preachers, who without credentials, and under the specious plea of preaching the Gospel of Jesus Christ, gain access into Christian communities, and seek to undermine the true faith, thus doing immeasurable harm to the cause of pure religion and morals.

Added to the above, the word of such an authority as Dr. Shearer, Secretary of the Board of Social Service and Evangelism, which exists for the purpose of investigating such subjects, should cause the readers to at least inquire fairly into the matter before us.

Dr. Shearer's words are:

The go-preachers are a very mischievous people. They worm their way into the confidence of many good people, and then do everything within their power to break up and hinder the work of regular churches. They also entertain lax views as to the relation of the sexes and as to marriage, views which may very easily expose female adherents of their sect to being victimized, especially young girls that go away as preachers into strange countries or communities, going as they require them to go without even a second change of raiment.

Among the names of go-preachers working in P. E. I. N. S., and N. B.



NO WORRY

NO DELAY

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USE YOUR CATALOGUE

because throughout its pages we have listed a most complete assortment of almost every need for the home or person. At this time of the year, with the near approach of the Yuletide season, your Catalogue should prove doubly valuable, and worthy of your closest scrutiny. Again, we remind you to use your Catalogue—now, when the stock is most varied, and so that we can give you the best service and the satisfaction we so eagerly strive after. And if you are not acquainted with EATON service, send us a trial order and let us prove how helpful we can be to you. High quality merchandise, savingly priced, prompt shipments, satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

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SOLVE YOUR
PROBLEMS



A Choosing Worth While

DON'T put off to the last minute what you should attend to now.

There's nothing so tiresome—so fraught with doubt—as ordering gifts at the eleventh hour; so we say, look over your latest

EATON Catalogue (Fall and Winter, No. 104) and judge for yourself how helpful a medium it is, suggesting as it does so many useful and desirable tokens of Yuletide good fellowship. It's really a boon to have this interesting experience of buying through EATON'S Catalogue, so very conveniently suited to you—to buy as you may feel disposed, without any undue influence on our part, and with a positive guarantee of satisfaction, or your money refunded in full.

THERE'S NO MORE PROFITABLE
EXPERIENCE THAN SHOPPING
THROUGH THE

"EATON"
CATALOGUE

WRITE FOR A COPY NOW



and across the water are "John Cook", "Wm. Snadden", "Allen".

(More next week)
REV. S. W. SCHURMAN.

Good Corner.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. Jonathan Merrithew is slowly improving.

Guy Carmichael and Henry Boone attended the chicken supper at Florenceville, Tuesday night, Nov. 19.

The young people met at the home of I. H. Harold on Nov. 19. All report a good time.

This community was very much saddened by the news of the death of Mrs. Ann Ritter, Bridgewater, Nov. 17. Interment was made in the Carleton Cemetery, Tues. Nov. 18. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved family.

Ellis Carmichael has entered the Observer Contest. We wish him all success.

Inspector J. E. Meagher passed through this place one day recently.

By the looks of the house on the hill, Mr. Sam is about to lose one of his fair young damsels.

Our teacher, Frances J. Sinnott, has resigned her position as teacher of this school.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, protruding Piles. No surgical operation required.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 50c a box. All dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.



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New Empress Range

manufactured by the National Mfg. Co., of Ottawa and Brockville, is the best on the market today. Come and see it. Ask us to prove the assertion.

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Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, etc.

WOODSTOCK N. B.

Money to Loan

on Real Estate

Large or Small Amounts

M. L. HAYWARD,

Hartland, N. B.

MONEY WANTED

Every man who does a credit business, meets sometimes great difficulties in meeting his own bills. That is my difficulty right now. People owing me must pay all or part right away. Just now we are offering special bargains in Rifles, Ammunition, and heater stoves. These are all being offered for little more than half price.

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Exchange Hotel

W. F. Thornton, Proprietor

Well equipped in every way. Livery Stable in connection.

Main St., Hartland, N. B.

Watches, Clocks, Wedding and Engagement Rings.

Repair work neatly done. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Agent Crown Tailoring Co.

T. B. THISTLE, Hartland, N. B.

Hartland

Roller Rink

Open every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening and on Saturday afternoon, in the Foresters' Hall.

A First class, Clean, Orderly place of Amusement

Splendid Floor, Good Skates, Fine Music Admission, Gents, 10c, ladies free. Skates 15c.

C. Raymond Rideout, Proprietor.

Fall and Winter

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Suits and Overcoats, Henslow's and Stanfields' Underwear and Sweaters.

Splendid new line of

Footwear

M. W. Caldwell,

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Exchange Hotel

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Turney Gibson, Proprietor.

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Dionne Hotel

Dionne & Stevenson, Props.

Perth, N. B.

Modern equipment. Free back from station. Good sample rooms and livery in connection.

THE OBSERVER

SUPPLEMENT

Vol. IV.

Hartland, N. B., Nov. 28, 1912

No. 23

\$400.00 PIANO CONTEST.

Rules and Regulations.

Any person without restriction may enter this contest—man or woman, boy or girl, anywhere. Each will have an equal chance to get subscribers and thus win votes. The person who wins the most votes will get a beautiful Willis Piano, in a handsome Mahogany case—a piano which always sells for \$400. A Gold Watch will be given as a consolation award to the candidate who, failing to win the piano, gets the most votes in the district he or she resides in. The districts are described as follows:

District No. 1—Parishes of Brighton, Peel, Wakefield and Simonds.

District No. 2—Parishes of Aberdeen, Kent, Wicklow and Wilmot.

District No. 3—Parishes of Northampton, Richmond and Woodstock and Woodstock town.

District No. 4—Victoria county.

How to Get Votes.

For every new or renewal subscription to The Observer votes will be given as follows: For one yearly subscriber at 75 cents a year, 1000 votes; for one subscriber at \$2.00 for three years, 5000 votes. Those who are now paid into 1913 may pay still further ahead—into 1914 or 1925 if they want to. The rate, remember, is 75 cents for 1 year, \$2.00 for three years. Subscribers in the United States must pay \$1.00 a year on account of extra postage.

A candidate may secure subscriptions in any or all districts, or anywhere outside.

To become a candidate it is only necessary to fill out the Nomination Blank below and mail it to "The Observer Contest," Hartland, N. B. To REMAIN a

candidate it is necessary to increase one's number of votes by 1000—the amount given for one subscriber—each week.

No candidate can withdraw in favor of another; votes once cast cannot be changed.

Certain merchants will give voting coupons for cash purchases. A list of them will shortly appear. They will give 5 votes for every cent spent with them.

Every candidate should ask their friends to assist them by paying a few years ahead for The Observer and by securing voting coupons from the merchants.

Below is a subscription blank which may be used, but so long as names and addresses are written plainly and the amount each subscriber has paid is correctly indicated any kind of paper may be used. More blanks will be supplied candidates. The names of old subscribers should be given just as we have them on our books.

Candidates are invited to call at The Observer office. We can offer some helpful suggestion, perhaps. Anyway we want to meet personally each one who enters the contest so that we can be sure of no misunderstanding, but of course it is not absolutely necessary.

Make remittances promptly by postal note, post office order or registered letter. Do not send postage stamps.

No candidate should at any time become discouraged. Always remember that someone will surely get the piano and no one has a favor over another.

Address all communications to OBSERVER CONTEST, Hartland, N. B.

NOMINATION BLANK.

I Nominate.....
as a candidate in the Observer Piano Contest.

Nominated by.....

SUBSCRIPTION BLANK.

Date.....1912

OBSERVER PIANO CONTEST, Hartland, N. B.

Enclosed find.....Dollars.....Cents for which send The Observer

to me for.....years and credit.....

with.....votes.

Name.....

P. O. address.....

Do You Intend to Build

or repair your house this year?

Call and see us. We can quote you on anything you require.

Plans and MATERIALS at lowest Prices

Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Stair Finish, Hardwood, Spruce and Pine Flooring, Verandah Posts, solid or built, Rail, Flooring and Ballusters, Clapboards and Siding

Ask to see Sketches of Verandahs and Porch Fronts

We handle the very best grade of Roofing.

Hartland Woodworking Co., Ltd.

THE DORSET SHEEP.

Fine Flock at Clovernook Farm.

The Clovernook Stock Farm (Hartland Poultry Yards) of Hartland has one of the finest flocks of Dorset sheep in the Maritime Provinces which they have demonstrated at all leading exhibitions. They believe the Dorset sheep excel every other breed for conditions as found in the Maritime Provinces. They are a very hardy close-wooled sheep and well adapted to our Maritime climate. They are fearless and with nature's gift of useful horns will make a determined stand against prowling dogs, overcoming one of the greatest hindrances of the sheep industry in these provinces. The extract below is conclusive evidence of their mutton qualities as it has been proved time and again that the Dorset Cross gives the fastest growing and heaviest lambs of any other cross.

The strongest point claimed by Dorset breeders is that they are the most prolific sheep on earth. Dorset ewes will not only average more lambs than any other breed but can be bred to raise lambs both fall and spring. This can be done in our own climate and when on a visit to Clovernook Farm you will see a number of Dorset ewes that have done the trick. You will also see one ewe raising her third pair of lambs in thirteen months. Can any other breed of sheep approach this? This is the breed of sheep for the progressive farmer, and if you cannot get into purebred stock at once you can at least grade up your flock to increased value by breeding a Dorset ram.

From a circular issued by an Ontario breeder we quote:

Not every one can have pure-bred Dorset ewes. A multitude of men are engaged in producing mutton lambs and do not care a fig what sort they are, so they bring the most dollars.

"The Dorset ram crossed on ewes of any kind whatever will make lambs grow faster and get heavier than any other cross on earth. We know this. We have proved this over and over. Here is a recent instance: At the International Exposition at Chicago, Dec., 1910, the finest carload of lambs at the show was a car of half-blood Dorset lambs, mostly from Shropshire and grade ewes, coming from Heart's Delight Farm, Chazy, New York. These lambs were 7 pounds heavier, per head than any other lambs at the show and the best lambs of America were there.

"Joe Henderson brought a splendid carload of half-blood lambs from Merino ewes, big and lusty and fat and fine. You, Mr. lamb grower, if you have Merino ewes or Shropshire ewes or Western ewes or any kind of ewes, try a good Dorset ram and see if your lambs do not average from 5 to 10 pounds more to the head than those from any other sires. Five pounds of lamb means about 30 cents a head, then there will probably be more twins from the Dorset ram. Try him and see."

Concerning Greenwood Cemetery.

MR. EDITOR: With your permission it seems in justice to all concerned that a short history of the events leading up to the present condition of Greenwood cemetery would be necessary.

About twenty-five years ago land was given by John Bradley, G. R. Burt and W. P. McMullin for the burial ground, and private parties enclosed it with a wooden fence, which has rotted down.

A few years ago my late wife with others solicited sufficient money to pay John Bradley for a public road leading thereto, and the commissioner, J. F. Richardson, laid it out and recorded it. We paid Mr. Bradley twenty-five dollars as damage and five dollars more, collected, was paid Commissioner Glyde Rideout towards making the road.

Now this season a movement was started to get sufficient funds to put a substantial wire fence around it as well as around additional ground on the east side which was bought from G. R. Burt. The whole is now enclosed.

It required nearly sixty dollars cash besides team work and my time thrown in.

Great praise is due Miss Elsie Reid, Mrs. Amanda Boyer, and others, for collecting, and thanks are offered to all who contributed, as well as to Claude McMullin, Charles Bradley and James Rogers for hauling posts and braces.

Pd. Price & Nevers for posts, etc., \$12.65

H. N. Boyer 63 1/2 rods fencing 28.46

50 lbs staying wire 1.75

gate and staples 7.00

John Graves Digging, 8.50, spikes .18, 8.68

\$58.64

Therefore the account is balanced

Yours truly,

G. G. GRAY

Hartland, N. B.

Edward McSheffery

Blacksmithing and Horse Shoeing

Jobbing Promptly attended to

BATH, N. B.

John K. McIntosh

BLACKSMITH

Horse Shoeing a Specialty

Jobbing Work of all Kinds

Bath, N. B.