

VOL. 19.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1896.

NO. 31.

YOT LOSE

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THE ODDFELLOWS.

The Grand Lodge of the Maritime Provinces in Session at Truro.

The Officers Elected at the Grand Lodge of Oddfellows.

Reports Submitted—Reception and Speech Making at the Park.

Truro, N. S., Aug. 12.—The forty-first annual session of the Grand Lodge of Oddfellows of the Maritime Provinces of British North America convened at 10 o'clock. S. T. Rogers, grand master, presided. After the usual opening ceremonies the grand master delivered his annual address. In opening he said: "Officers and representatives, it affords me great pleasure to welcome you to the our forty-first annual session. After a year of labor you have assembled for mutual counsel; to review the work of the order; to overlook its situation; to regulate its operations; to meet the requirements of its future. Let us return thanks to the Giver of All Good for His kindness and manifold blessings and for permitting us to again meet together to renew old and to form new friendships; and that He may grant us wisdom to so legislate that the principles of our beloved order may continue to advance." The grand master regretted that he was not able to make a tour of visitation, and he also regretted the tardiness of a number of district deputies in sending in their reports, but, judging from the reports that are to hand at this date, he congratulated the order in this jurisdiction on a fairly successful year, and he was led to believe that the lodges are progressing peacefully and harmoniously, and that greater gains may be expected in the year we are about to enter upon than in the one just closed.

Speaking of the Rebekahs, the grand master said: "It affords me very great pleasure to refer to the Rebekah branch of our order, and in doing so to be able to report a very satisfactory increase in the membership. Two new lodges have been instituted and there are good prospects of at least three more being organized in the near future. This indicates a hopeful outlook, not only for this branch of our order, but also for the good of the subordinate lodges."

During the year, said the grand master, two subordinate and two Rebekah lodges were organized, and he recommended charters be granted to them as follows: Marmion lodge of Sherbrooke, Guysboro Co., N. S.; Rebekah lodge of Sunny Brae, Pictou Co., N. S.; Bonnie Brier Rebekah lodge, Port Matland, N. S.; and Pearl Rebekah lodge, Moncton, N. B. Reference was also made to the appeal of the Italian lodges for relief of widows and orphans of brothers killed in the Abyssinian war. There were no questions of any importance before the grand lodge for decisions. In his recommendations the grand master recommended that deputy district grand masters be retained longer in office than they generally are. In conclusion the grand master thanked the grand officers and others for their assistance during the year, and said: "In the discharge of my official duties I have often erred, but if I have, I can assure you that they were errors of the head and not of the heart, and I trust that you will pass them over in brotherly love. My greatest ambition has been to discharge the duties appertaining to this high office impartially, and in accordance with the constitution and usage of the order. And now, brothers, the work of the year is before you, and I trust that it may meet with your approval. Let each and all of us give our best energies to the work before us, that we may so legislate that the best interests of this noble order may be advanced."

Grand Secretary J. C. P. Frazee in his report said: "The year has been one of fair progress. In some sections a very gratifying state of activity and progress is apparent. In others, though no increase of numbers appears, yet the mission of the order is being steadily and loyally pursued, and its principles are being worked out with zeal and integrity, to the admiration of the communities where such work is being performed. A few lodges have decreased in membership, but among these are some of our best lodges, with whom the lessened membership is but an indication of unrelaxing vigilance and careful administration." The secretary referred to the Oddfellows' Relief association, and the grand master also spoke highly of the management of the association. The following statistics show the strength of the order: Rebekahs—Seven lodges, with a membership of 412. SUBORDINATE LODGES. The total number of members enrolled in 87, being an increase of two over last year. The membership last year was 85, and this year it is 87, an increase of 1%. During the year 79 members withdrew by card, and 32 died. Deaths averaged 6.72 per 1,000 members.

The following table shows the amount distributed for relief during the year: Amount paid for relief of brothers, \$4,631.33; amount paid for relief of widows, \$2,308.26; amount paid for relief of orphans, \$2,308.26; amount paid for special relief, \$11.36. Total relief, \$9,259.21. The total receipts for the year were \$25,632.93, and the total expenses were \$15,373.72.

The amounts invested, etc., are: Widows and orphans fund, \$26,556.56; in banks and other institutions, \$73,923.46, making a total investment of \$99,480.02.

Grand Treasurer J. A. Baicom's report showed that the total amount received by him during the year was \$2,831.68, and the expenses \$2,144.63, leaving a balance on hand of \$1,187.05. The reports were received by grand lodge and referred to the different committees.

The morning session was taken up by initiation, reading of reports and routine business. The grand lodge accepted the invitation of the Truro brothers to a reception in the park in the afternoon. A band was present and speeches were made by prominent members of the order. Tea was served on the grounds by the ladies. A large number of other citizens were also present.

One of the features of the meeting today was the presentation to the grand lodge of a handsome enameled badge by the Truro brothers as a souvenir.

Halifax, Aug. 13.—There were two nominations for grand master of the order, O. P. Daniels, Bridgewater; grand secretary, J. C. P. Frazee, Halifax (re-elected); grand treasurer, J. H. Baicom (re-elected); grand representative, J. H. Sutherland, Halifax.

It was decided that the next session be held at Pictou.

THE HOT WAVE.

New York, Aug. 13.—There was but slight improvement in the condition of the weather today, and but for a breeze blowing at the torpid rate of 15 miles an hour from the northwest, the mortality roll might have surmounted Wednesday's list. The dead from heat today number 64, and the prostrations were 125.

SPANISH WARSHIPS.

Glasgow, Aug. 13.—The Thompson ship building firm has booked Spain's order for two first-class cruisers of the type of the British warship Niobe, now building at Barrow-in-Furness.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN

The Bryan Meeting in New York Was a Remarkable One.

Colorado Has Two State Committees to Represent the Republicans

Candidates Bryan and Sewall Spend Yesterday in New York Receiving Callers.

New York, Aug. 12.—WILLIAM Jennings Bryan of Nebraska, and Arthur Sewall of Maine were tonight formally notified of their nomination by the democratic party for the offices of president and vice-president at a meeting in the big Madison Square Garden, which was a notable political event and a remarkable climax for the remarkable tour of the presidential candidates across the continent. In the hall, which was a fiery furnace, Mr. Bryan spoke to twenty thousand ticket holders for nearly two hours. His address was more argumentative and less eloquent than his historic Chicago speech, which won for him a presidential nomination, and only in a closing appeal to the citizens of New York did he speak in the strain which had captured the Chicago convention.

Mr. Sewall spoke briefly after Mr. Bryan and was heartily cheered. Governor Stone of Missouri delivered the notification speech, which declared that the work of the Chicago convention had been the work of the plain people and that Bryan was the candidate. After the notification meeting, Mr. Bryan was driven to the Hotel Bartholdi, where he spoke again, standing on the balcony with Mr. Sewall and Mrs. Bryan, who shared with her husband all the honors and attention of the day. This second audience, composed mostly of working men, and then Mr. Bryan exhorted the support of the cause of free silver with one of the most effective open air speeches which he has made in the campaign.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 13.—The executive committee of the Honest Money Democratic League of Maryland has decided not to call a state convention, nor will the league send delegates to the national convention. The committee adopted resolutions setting forth its purpose to stand on the platform adopted by the recent democratic state convention, which declared for gold standard and against the issuance of silver. Washington, Aug. 13.—Chairman Faulkner of the democratic congressional committee returned today from New York, where he took part in the Bryan meeting last night. "It was the most remarkable outpouring I ever seen," said he. "The people were not drawn by fireworks or any of the accessories which usually attract a crowd. They came to hear Bryan and his cause. The speech of acceptance in Colorado two state committees claiming to represent the republican party and two state conventions have been called, one for September 3 in this city, and the other September 20 in Colorado Springs. The latter convention was decided upon at a meeting of the state committee July 29, at which the followers of Senator Wallcott, who will support McKinley and Hobart, were in control. Chairman Holmes and the McKinley members of the committee ignored the call for another meeting, which was signed by a majority of all the members. This meeting was attended by forty-six of the one hundred and twelve members in person and twenty-five others were represented by proxy. A new chairman was elected, Henry C. Bess, who adopted repudiating the action of the previous meeting, declaring the silver question of paramount importance, endorsing Senator Teller and endorsing the democratic national ticket, and make nominations for state officers. The other convention will nominate McKinley and Hobart electors and probably also a full state ticket.

New York, Aug. 12.—Candidates Bryan and Sewall and Mrs. Bryan remained at the Windsor hotel all day. During the afternoon Messrs. Bryan and Sewall received callers in the private parlors on the 47th street corner of the hotel. Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Bland and Mrs. Stone, the latter the wife of Governor Stone of Missouri, and Mrs. Stewart, wife of Senator Stewart, received a number of ladies in the ladies parlor on the second floor.

In reply to the invitation of the delegation from Pittsburg for Mr. Bryan to make a trip through the Lackawanna Valley, Mr. Bryan replied that he was in the hands of the national committee.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Mr. Babcock had not read the Bryan speech up to noon. He promptly dismissed a report that a joint debate had been arranged between Major McKinley and Mr. Bryan. While he says he has no authority for saying what Major McKinley will do, he is satisfied that Bryan speaking tours will not bring about any change of plans on the part of

Major McKinley, and certainly nothing like a joint debate. London, Aug. 13.—The evening newspapers here reproduce various extracts from Mr. Bryan's speech at Madison Square Garden last evening. The Fall Mall Gazette has a column leading editorial on the subject, headed "The Bubble Burst is Tissue," and says: "His managers have discovered that it is unsafe to estimate him at more than fifty cents to the dollar," and concluding with the remark that "The gold standard may breathe freely."

The St. James Gazette, referring to the income tax feature of the speech, says: "If Mr. Bryan collides with the supreme court he will frighten away more citizens than he would by fiscal or economic excesses."

Indianapolis, Aug. 13.—The executive committee of the national democratic party this afternoon sent out to every member of the national committee the official call for the national convention. Each member was instructed to write the executive committee the names of delegates as soon as they are chosen. The committee expects to have the delegates selected listed by the 26th of August, the day before the Texas convention.

Gen. Benjamin Harrison will be at the disposal of the republican state committee during this campaign and the latter will attend to arranging his dates for speeches. Practically so much information is conveyed in a letter-written by the general to his old friend, Daniel Ramsdell.

A LETTER FROM HOME TONIGHT.

By Judge Ellison.

"As a stranger who scans all the faces of people he might among, I expect to meet with features of someone who knew him when young. And it seems I can see the old orchard and all parts of the earth. With a prayer for one only, to bring me home, and my heart is there. The jet of the banquet frosts me; his music has drowned that seem to break me away from my nothings, till toward I drift in a dream through a mystical mass of letters and words, and in my heart I feel that I've a letter from home tonight."

"The very same kind of a letter, with the same kind of a look in each line. She wrote me when I was her lover and she was a sweetheart of mine. And it seems I can see the old orchard and a little blue bonnet about. On the blows of blossoming bud, and the old roses that were in bloom. And read her a boyish poem that somewhere she had written, 'The river of two lives flow into one.'"

"And it is in the pressure of a hand that I tender and white. And there's perfume of never all over my clothes from home tonight."

"A letter from home! And the critic might draw at will a look in each line. Or urge with a send analysis the grammar of the lines in hand. But to me it is perfect and perfect, and I'll read it with joy and with pride. As I read it, my heart sends me my letter from home tonight."

"Just a wee bit of womanly greeting, a budget of news and good-by—That's all! But it's richer in treasures than all the cards and the alms. For over it all comes the wistful, we face of a baby of three. With a faint baby voice begging mother 'Weight papa sometimes 'bout me. God pity the child who never has known what a father is!'"

"To see a glad smile on the face of the wife and the children of his. Take, if you will, all earth's triumphs that I can give you, with delight. But to me the wife and my wee one and my letter from home tonight."

THE NORTH POLE.

Dr. Nansen Failed to Reach His Destination.

Malmö, Sweden, Aug. 13.—The newspaper Dagens Nyheter has received communications from Dr. Nansen and Lieut. Scott-Hanssen from the island of Vardö. These communications state that they abandoned the Fram in the autumn of 1895 and resorted to the ice. The steamer Windward, carrying supplies to the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, picked them up near Franz Josef land. They expected that the Fram would eventually drift to the east coast of Greenland.

Dr. Nansen failed to reach the north pole, but he touched a point four degrees nearer than any other explorer has done. The steamer Windward took letters for Nansen when it started to the relief of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, as Mr. Jackson expected to find Nansen, and was convinced that his idea of drifting across the pole in the ice was impracticable. He was also convinced that Nansen would return in the direction of Franz Josef land.

Ysido, Norway, Aug. 13.—Dr. Nansen left the Fram on March 11, 1895, in 84 degrees north latitude. He traversed the Polar sea to a point 86 degrees 14 minutes north latitude, situated north of the New Siberia Islands. No land was sighted north of 82 degrees latitude, or thence to Franz Josef land, where he passed the winter, subsisting on bear's flesh and whale blubber. Dr. Nansen and his companion are in the best of health. The Fram is expected at Vardo or Bergen shortly. She stowed the less well. There were no sick persons on board when Nansen left her.

THE IRISH LAND BILL.

London, Aug. 13.—The house of lords has adopted the Irish land bill as it came back from the house of commons, with only one division, which was on the amendment relating to town parks, upon which the government received a majority of six. It is now probable that the house of commons will be prorogued tomorrow.

Watermelons, peaches, and pears glut the market at Arredondo, Fla.

HARMONY HALL.

Fellow Laurier's Washington of the North Programme.

Some of the Statutes that Will Adorn Parliament Hill.

Les Beaux Arts as Interpreted by the Members of the Ancient Order.

Fellow Laurier occupied a seat at the right hand of the President last evening. He and Fellow Tarte entered with Fellow Andrew G. from the rear of the platform just as the meeting was called to order. Few recognized him at the moment, but a whisper went quickly round, and when the President rose and with great solemnity said: "Fellows, behold the Deliverer!" there was an instant prostration of worshippers.

The back benches were particularly impressed. "Say," whispered one, nudging his neighbor, "can you see his wings?" The neighbor peered cautiously through his fingers and presently replied: "No, I don't see any. Does he always have them on?" "I thought so," said the other. "But I s'pose he can put them on or off as he likes."

"He can't course!" said another. "He can do anything." "Could he cure rheumatism—I don't know?" queried another Fellow, rubbing an aching joint. "I can cure anything," proudly declared the Deliverer. "I wonder would he speak to me?" muttered the rheumatic Fellow. "He'd be likely to," sneered the other. "What would he speak to the likes of you for?"

The question appeared to be a crusher, for the rheumatic Fellow said no more. "Fellows," said the President, "you have heard that our Dear Leader has resolved to make Ottawa the Washington of the north." "Ah! gentlemen!" cried Fellow Laurier. "It is true. We will make the arts flourish. We will make Ottawa a great centre of culture. There will be galleries of art, schools of art, museums of art, and every thing we will make very beautiful—with parks, gardens, fountains, monuments, and statuary."

"The first monument," said Fellow Tarte, "will be erected on Parliament Hill. It will be a statue of the martyr Chénier." "But I thought he was a rebel," said one of the Fellows. "Ah! The Saxon calls him so," cried Fellow Tarte. "But he was not. Nor were the men who were hanged by the Saxon for that matter in '37. We French liberals know better. They were heroes. Ah! I have wept under the shadow of their monument in Cote Des Neiges cemetery many times. Did we not try to have the remains of Dr. Chénier brought here, too, on Saint Jean Baptiste Day in 1891? There was a great procession. Carriages were loaded down with flowers. Count Mercier sent a wreath dedicated to 'The Heroes of 1837.' We decorated the monument. The Papal Zouaves were there in uniform. Ah! It was a grand day. But they would not let us bring the ashes of the martyr Chénier. No! The Saxon was angry. There was talk of a riot if we did that. So the priest refused to let us take the remains of the patriot from the place where he was buried. Peste! We shall do it yet. And his statue shall be on Parliament Hill!"

"I may add," observed Fellow Laurier, "that it is contemplated also to have a heroic statue of Louis Riel, armed with my Saskatchewan musket, on Parliament Hill. We will pay particular attention to statuary—and the statues of heroes. The statues will be by the best French artists." "Will the picture galleries be modelled on the Parisian plan?" queried a Fellow. "To be sure," said Fellow Laurier. "The Fellow took out his handkerchief and modestly covered his eyes. "Now, gentlemen," said Fellow Laurier, "what will you do? Will you not make certain the election of my minister of railways in Quebec and Sunbury—that he may aid me in my encouragement of art and patriotism?" "French art and the patriotism of rebellion," said a Queens county Fellow, "won't cut no ice on Grand Lake."

"But the art of Humbug," said Fellow Laurier. "Ah! You could not say no to that. If you are a true Fellow you know its value. It will make you rich."

"May-be," rejoined the Fellow. "But I think you had better say as little as possible about those other arts just now." "Ah!" cried Fellow Tarte, with a tragic air. "Who shall muzale me? Shall I not speak? Vive Chénier! A bas l'Anglais!" "Hurroo!" yelled a back bencher. "That's the stuff."

"I guess," muttered another Fellow, "you don't know what he's saying." "Didn't he say he'd fight the Tories?" queried the first. "The English are not all Tories," dryly responded the other. "Well, he talks fireworks anyhow. That's what I like."

"Fireworks," was the sharp rejoinder.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

der, "never hurt anybody—unless it was the operator. Blather kills nothing. You'd better shut up."

"Will there be any mistakes of living Heroes placed on Parliament Hill?" queried the Colonel from Kings. "A few equestrian statues," said Fellow Laurier, with a graceful bow. "would greatly add to the effect. I have yet in mind, Colonel, the statue of the Colonel from Kings."

"Will there be any statues of Heroic postmasters?" queried Fellow G. G. "Undoubtedly," said Fellow Laurier. "Journalists?" queried the Historian. "They live in brass already," smiled Fellow Laurier. "Why think of bronze or marble? But if you wish it—yes, certainly."

"And yet," muttered the Historian, "the Sun aneers at Canadian art and literature and the Washington of the north." "How about Heroes who draw checks?" queried the St. John Colonel. "They must never die," said Fellow Laurier. "If they did, the Washington of the north would collapse like the fabric of a vision."

"The Colonel heaved a weary sigh. This prospect of immortality was not without a certain air of gloom. "The art of drawing checks," said Fellow Laurier, "is one to which special attention will be given under the new dispensation. It and the art of Humbug will be under the direction of the most skilled masters." "Hurroo!" yelled the back benchers.

"But the Museum?" queried one of the Fellows. "Ah," said Fellow Laurier, "it will be a rare collection—especially the manuscripts. We will have there the manuscript copy of the Ottawa platform; originals of the Hon. the Chairmen's notes bearing the signatures of Tarte, Pacaud, Mercier, Langelier and other patriots; copies of Tarte's notes of hand and letters of credit, and of that check for \$5,000 sent down here to buy some pure votes. Mr. Blather's letter that was kept concealed so long; Blather's farewell address to the electors of Queens, and his winter port letter to the citizens of St. John; the 'Come along John' letter; and a great many more. These will be in honor of yourselves, a model of the Woodstock bridge. The Museum, gentlemen, will be a great attraction—a great education for the young Canadian who loves his country."

"Hurroo!" yelled the back benchers. "And the Fellows forthwith adopted a resolution endorsing the great art programme of the Great Leader. There are great days in store for Canada."

ST. JOHN COUNTY RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

At the annual prize meeting held Thursday on Drury road, the first competition, seven shots, standing at 200 yards, and ten shots, any position, at 500 yards, for the P. R. A. silver medal and \$40. Capt. J. H. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, won the medal and first prize.

The following are the prize winners: Capt. J. H. McRobbie, 8th Hussars, 72; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 71; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 70; Major J. T. Hart, 2nd Fusiliers, 69; Pte. E. B. Manning, 2nd Fusiliers, 68; Pte. E. B. Manning, 2nd Fusiliers, 67; Pte. A. M. McLaughlin, 2nd Fusiliers, 66; Pte. T. Richardson, 2nd Fusiliers, 65; Pte. H. Sullivan, 2nd Fusiliers, 64; Pte. A. M. McLaughlin, 2nd Fusiliers, 63; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 62; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 61; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 60; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 59; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 58; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 57; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 56; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 55; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 54; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 53; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 52; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 51; Pte. J. O. McKay, 2nd Fusiliers, 50.

A WHEAT AND CORN MILL.

Flourishing New Industry in the Town of New Glasgow. The flour and cornmill at New Glasgow, N. S., is an important and promising industry. It is owned and operated by the New Glasgow Milling Co., Ltd., J. Howard, promoter and general manager. The mill has been in operation since February last. The capital is \$250,000. The mill is 400 feet long and 50 feet high. It has a capacity of 150,000 bushels. An iron shaft, 12 feet in diameter, is driven by a steam engine. The mill is fitted for the roller process of grinding and does excellent work. A market for its products is found in Cape Breton, P. E. Island and the Magdalen Islands, and the company are well pleased with their success thus far.

The above facts are of interest in view of the fact that such a mill is to be erected, with the roller, by a St. John firm this year.

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& SONS, utors.

found necessary to remove the cable of the 8th story, which arrived here ago with her bows stove by a fire.

IRISH LAND BILL

Third Reading by the Lords without Division.

Aug. 10.—The house of lords voted the Irish land bill without division. The bill was passed in the opinion expressed in parliament that if the lords should their amendments to the bill, the passage of the bill would be delayed.

The debate, Earl Spencer, the admiralty in the last net, strongly commented on the bill. Lord Salisbury, in the presence of the bill, maintained their amendments, the strength and independence of the house of lords would be maintained.

Lord Londonderry, who was a factor in securing the bill, repudiated the wrecking of the bill. All of the consequences, on the side of the bill, he hoped would adhere to him.

Mr. Dunne urged that should not press their bill. If the bill were not passed, the effect would be to Ireland, and the bill would be recalled upon the heads of the people.

REDRIGTON.

Aug. 10.—The city school board has decided to make the following changes in the staff this afternoon: Mr. Kee to the position in the school, vacated by the resignation of Mr. Van der Vliet.

Mr. Van der Vliet's mills school; Miss Baber to the vacancy in the school. A colored lad eleven years of age was drowned this afternoon with another boy on a near the west end mill. He was going over the logs and fell in going under the raft, and before the body was recovered.

Mr. Murray came up from yesterday and this morning New Dominion dredge to the dredge had only been in a short time ago to complete the work of the year. A council meet in special session evening to consider the bill.

Mr. Johnston representing Brunswick Cold Storage consumption from city and for the proposed cold storage to be established. There was no opposition to the tax and the only question to be decided is whether the present rates are capable of supporting an additional amount of work.

The bill is to be maintained efficient domestic supply. The cold storage estimated to take between seven million gallons a year which at present rates would cost \$40 and \$50 per annum. Mr. Chas. A. Burchill, and Miss May Barlow were at the cathedral wedding.

Mr. C. D. Roberts and Mr. man, both of Fredericton, the Canadian Magazine for the year.

I feel awfully cheap. I've just been comparing with what I think it ought to be.

I've just been comparing with what I think it ought to be.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Opening of the Grand Lodge Meeting at Moncton.

Aspects of the Grand Chancellor and Keeper of Records and Seal.

Moncton, Aug. 11.—The Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, met this evening in annual session.

After the opening ceremonies the report of the grand chancellor and grand keeper of records and seal were read as follows:

REPORT OF GRAND CHANCELLOR.

St. John, N. B., August 5, 1896. Pythian Period xxxiii.

To the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, Grand Domain of the Maritime Provinces.

It seems that Brother Kennedy is right and it might be best to leave the title as it appears in charter. Do not think it necessary for Newfoundland to appear in name in order to have control.—J. C. H.

Section 4 only gives authority to a new lodge to elect two Past Chancellors, whereas, under Article V, Section 1, Par. 4, Supreme Constitution, every Lodge at its institution has a considerable right to elect four (4), a right you cannot circumvent.

Section 9 is illegal—under Article II, Section 1, Supreme Lodge Constitution, membership begins with the rank of Page.

(This I cannot read like Brother Kennedy, there is nothing in regard to membership commencing. 268 of Statutes says dues should commence with the Page rank, but cannot see point Deputy Grand Chancellors also would recommend that 268 be added as a section to Article VI.—H. V. C.)

Section 2—This in many of its provisions is contrary to Sections 236, 234, 235, Supreme Statutes, especially as to ballot. You should conform to the Supreme Law, and all must be treated alike, irrespective of the time they were suspended.

(Do not agree with Brother Kennedy—H. V. C.)

(I agree with Brother Kennedy and think change should be made.—J. C. H.)

Section 13—You cannot cut off a member because of not applying for "advancement"—you may do so before he takes the rank of Page, but as Pages and Esquires are liable to dues, you can charge nominal rates of dues, and suspend after 12 months' failure to pay.

(Do not intend to cut him off. You have not read the section right; read again. Don't see how we can charge an applicant, even Pages, dues when he has not been initiated.—H. V. C.)

I agree with Brother Kennedy and think the word "advancement" in sixth line of section should be struck out. A person becomes a member as soon as initiated a Page, and is liable to dues, and cannot be dealt with as a Knight. See Supreme Constitution, Article 4, Section 1, (J. C. H.)

Section 3.—The holder of a withdrawal card is not now entitled to receive the password or not to use it if he has it.

(No one said he was in this section, but the previous section, which he is going wrong. But how are you going to prevent him from using it if he has received it before withdrawal card was granted? Of course, his membership and all rights in connection therewith cease. But what outside lodge will know the fact unless he enlightens them?—H. V. C.)

(I agree with Brother Cooper.—J. C. H.)

Section 5 is contrary to section 398, Supreme Statutes, in that it allows that they be dealt with at this convention, and without causing new constitutions printed, have slips with changes inserted.

Chicago, Ill., 21st Nov., 1895. John C. Henry, Esq., St. Stephen, N. B.

My Dear Brother Henry—Many thanks for copy of Journal of Grand Lodge Proceedings for '95.

While writing you, let me call your attention to many errors that appear to have crept into your constitutions, by reason of your making a piece of patch-work composed of part of your own and part of the Supreme. Of course I don't want to appear to interfere, but simply point out the mistakes, so that you may guard against them.

GRAND LODGE CONSTITUTION. Article VI.

Section 2.—There is now no such office as the sitting Past Grand Chancellor.

(Correct.—H. V. Cooper.)

Section 3.—There is now no such term as "dispensation" used in the connection mentioned in the end of the second last line on bottom of page 46—the word now is "warrant."

(Correct.—H. V. C.)

Section 6.—The rank of member should not be stated in a card—that is, if you mean past officer.

(Don't agree with Brother Kennedy, if Past Chancellor's rank should be stated.—H. V. C.)

(Correct, Section ambiguous. See note to Section 288, Supreme Statutes.—J. C. Hartley.)

Section 1.—Does not contain the full qualifications.

(This is fully correct in laws for government of Subordinate Lodges, although I think a clause should be added to Section 1, of Grand Lodge Constitution, giving full qualifications as laid down in Chapter XIV, Section 111 of Statutes.—H. V. C.)

(I agree with Brother Cooper.—J. C. H.)

Sections 1 and 3 contain the word "dispensation," when it should be "warrant."

(Correct.—H. V. C.)

Section 3 gives authority to Past Lodge to confer the ranks of Page, Esquire and Knight on a member up-

on request of the lodge electing him—Section 253 of Supreme Statutes only gives the sister lodge the power to confer the Esquire and Knight ranks.

SUBORDINATE LODGE CONSTITUTION.

Article I.

Here you use a different name from your charter, by adding "Newfoundland." It is true that Newfoundland is attached to you, but your title has not been changed.

(Perfectly aware of the fact, but Newfoundland is not one of the Maritime Provinces. If we are to be called the Grand Domain of the Maritime Provinces alone, then some one else will have to assume Newfoundland, or else make it subordinate to Supreme Lodge. If Brother Kennedy will look up geography, he may get some important points.—H. V. C.)

It seems that Brother Kennedy is right and it might be best to leave the title as it appears in charter. Do not think it necessary for Newfoundland to appear in name in order to have control.—J. C. H.

Section 4 only gives authority to a new lodge to elect two Past Chancellors, whereas, under Article V, Section 1, Par. 4, Supreme Constitution, every Lodge at its institution has a considerable right to elect four (4), a right you cannot circumvent.

Section 9 is illegal—under Article II, Section 1, Supreme Lodge Constitution, membership begins with the rank of Page.

(This I cannot read like Brother Kennedy, there is nothing in regard to membership commencing. 268 of Statutes says dues should commence with the Page rank, but cannot see point Deputy Grand Chancellors also would recommend that 268 be added as a section to Article VI.—H. V. C.)

Section 2—This in many of its provisions is contrary to Sections 236, 234, 235, Supreme Statutes, especially as to ballot. You should conform to the Supreme Law, and all must be treated alike, irrespective of the time they were suspended.

(Do not agree with Brother Kennedy—H. V. C.)

(I agree with Brother Kennedy and think change should be made.—J. C. H.)

Section 13—You cannot cut off a member because of not applying for "advancement"—you may do so before he takes the rank of Page, but as Pages and Esquires are liable to dues, you can charge nominal rates of dues, and suspend after 12 months' failure to pay.

(Do not intend to cut him off. You have not read the section right; read again. Don't see how we can charge an applicant, even Pages, dues when he has not been initiated.—H. V. C.)

I agree with Brother Kennedy and think the word "advancement" in sixth line of section should be struck out. A person becomes a member as soon as initiated a Page, and is liable to dues, and cannot be dealt with as a Knight. See Supreme Constitution, Article 4, Section 1, (J. C. H.)

Section 3.—The holder of a withdrawal card is not now entitled to receive the password or not to use it if he has it.

(No one said he was in this section, but the previous section, which he is going wrong. But how are you going to prevent him from using it if he has received it before withdrawal card was granted? Of course, his membership and all rights in connection therewith cease. But what outside lodge will know the fact unless he enlightens them?—H. V. C.)

(I agree with Brother Cooper.—J. C. H.)

Section 5 is contrary to section 398, Supreme Statutes, in that it allows that they be dealt with at this convention, and without causing new constitutions printed, have slips with changes inserted.

Chicago, Ill., 21st Nov., 1895. John C. Henry, Esq., St. Stephen, N. B.

My Dear Brother Henry—Many thanks for copy of Journal of Grand Lodge Proceedings for '95.

While writing you, let me call your attention to many errors that appear to have crept into your constitutions, by reason of your making a piece of patch-work composed of part of your own and part of the Supreme. Of course I don't want to appear to interfere, but simply point out the mistakes, so that you may guard against them.

GRAND LODGE CONSTITUTION. Article VI.

Section 2.—There is now no such office as the sitting Past Grand Chancellor.

(Correct.—H. V. Cooper.)

Section 3.—There is now no such term as "dispensation" used in the connection mentioned in the end of the second last line on bottom of page 46—the word now is "warrant."

(Correct.—H. V. C.)

Section 6.—The rank of member should not be stated in a card—that is, if you mean past officer.

(Don't agree with Brother Kennedy, if Past Chancellor's rank should be stated.—H. V. C.)

(Correct, Section ambiguous. See note to Section 288, Supreme Statutes.—J. C. Hartley.)

Section 1.—Does not contain the full qualifications.

(This is fully correct in laws for government of Subordinate Lodges, although I think a clause should be added to Section 1, of Grand Lodge Constitution, giving full qualifications as laid down in Chapter XIV, Section 111 of Statutes.—H. V. C.)

(I agree with Brother Cooper.—J. C. H.)

Sections 1 and 3 contain the word "dispensation," when it should be "warrant."

(Correct.—H. V. C.)

Section 3 gives authority to Past Lodge to confer the ranks of Page, Esquire and Knight on a member up-

The granting of dispensations has been left with my deputies, mainly, except in a few cases, and will be fully dealt with in their reports.

On 22nd February, I granted dispensation to Border, N. S., to confer the three ranks on a candidate, satisfactory reasons having been shown. I was obliged to refuse a dispensation to New Brunswick, No. 1, to confer different ranks on candidates on other than their regular meeting night, they showing no good reason therefor.

March 17th, 1896, I received a communication from the Grand Chancellor of Maine for permission to confer the several ranks upon a resident of this Grand Domain. Such permission I duly granted.

On December 27th, 1895, I received communication from Deputy Grand Chancellor of Frontier, asking as to the lodge's liability as to sick benefits of a deceased brother. I replied that I considered the lodge liable. Attached hereto you will find an annual report given in re Fredericton Lodge, No. 8.

October 10th, 1895, I received communication from Deputy Grand Chancellor of Westmorland, asking: "In conferring the rank of Page, is it proper to open in that rank before putting the candidate through the usual ritual? It is proper to put while open in that rank."

I would recommend that the several lodges in this domain procure jewels for their Grand Representatives.

I am pleased to see that the order is in a flourishing condition in this domain, and although we have not made a large increase, still there is an increase—a fact for which we should be gratified.

In concluding this brief report, I wish to thank the Grand Keeper of Records and Seal for his assistance during my term of office, and the tendency the members of the order have shown me at my seeming neglect at the same time assuring me that though I may have appeared careless, I have always had the order at heart, and only regret that my business prevented me from fulfilling the high duties of the office.

Yours fraternally, H. V. COOPER, Grand Chancellor.

REPORT OF THE GRAND KEEPER OF RECORDS AND SEAL.

St. Stephen, N. B., August 10, 1896. Pythian Period xxxiii.

To the Members of Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of the Maritime Provinces.

Brethren—According to custom and constitutional requirement, I now present for your consideration the tenth annual report of the business of this office.

State of the Order.

Notwithstanding the continuation of business and financial depression, the past year, a careful study of the tables forming the bulk of my report will show that nearly all of our subordinate lodges, both in membership and finances, are in a satisfactory condition.

In many cases have made very material progress. This is particularly noticeable in the city of St. John, where the two lodges have now a membership of almost four hundred, with a widow and orphan fund of over three hundred dollars, and having assets at the 30th June last of nearly eight thousand dollars. In our grand domain, at the close of the term we had a total membership of eleven hundred and thirty-two, grand total of over seven hundred dollars for the year. The total assets of lodges amounted to eighteen thousand five hundred and ten dollars and seventy-eight cents, representing a gain for the year of nearly eleven hundred dollars over the year before.

Brothers, widows and orphans, and funeral benefits, the sum of twenty-one hundred and seventy-four dollars was expended.

One new lodge was instituted during the year, and I am now corresponding with two lodges in Nova Scotia, one living in Nova Scotia and another in New Brunswick, who expect during the fall to have two lodges added to our grand domain. While recognizing the laudable ambition and energy exhibited in the creation and institution of new lodges, yet for the permanent good of the order in every locality, I believe that the saving of one lodge from disintegration is more to be sought than the replacing of it with two new lodges.

In the history of every subordinate lodge when interest becomes deadened, and when unwise events tend to discouragement. At these times interest cannot be re-kindled and a lodge awakened to new energy by the action of a new lodge. The grand lodge should be no less loyal than the subordinate lodge, and there should be a closer fellowship than the business correspondence from the office of the grand keeper of records and seal.

I beg to submit a synopsis report of the WORK OF THE YEAR.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Membership June 30, 1896 (1,115), Initiated during the year (146), Reinstated (6), Total additions (1,261), Number of members suspended during the year (66), Number of members expelled by card (1), Number of members deceased (10), Total deductions (83), Membership June 30, 1896 (1,193).

SUBORDINATE LODGE FINANCES.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Assets, June 30, 1896 (\$18,510 78), Amount of widow and orphan fund (included above) (\$4,464 40), Net paid for funeral benefits (\$1,074 47), GRAND LODGE FINANCES, Cash paid for August, 1896, (\$486 16), Receipts for records August 10.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes 1896 (708 18), Paid out as per warrants (81,904 67), Cash balance in the hands of the grand master of the exchequer (685 18), Total value of supplies in my office (140 75), Total assets of grand lodge (18,510 78).

PER CAPITA SUPPLY.

Table with 3 columns: Lodge, No., Per Capita Supp. Includes New Brunswick, No. 1 (\$100 84 76), Union (100 75 1 56), Westmorland, No. 2 (51 00 4 36), Frontier, No. 4 (47 25 1 50), Cumberland, No. 5 (47 25 1 50), Fredericton, No. 6 (40 75 1 00), Border, No. 8 (30 00 1 20), Seattle, No. 9 (30 00 1 20), Myrtle, No. 11 (30 00 1 20), Chignecto, No. 11 (30 00 1 20), Kenilworth, No. 13 (21 00 1 00), Par East, No. 15 (25 75 1 25), Bridgewater, No. 15 (25 75 1 25).

FRANCIS WINS.

Fowler Division Captures the Prize in the Drill Competition.

Moncton, Aug. 11.—The Knights of Pythias demonstration here today was a grand success. At 9 o'clock this morning the Fowler Division, Moncton, met at their hall and formed a body guard, and headed by the Citizens' Band, marched to the I. C. E. station, where they welcomed their visiting brethren, who numbered in the vicinity of two hundred. From the station they marched to the Brunswick and American hotels, where they dispersed for dinner.

This afternoon at 2.30 o'clock they gathered at the above named places, where they formed up in line of march as follows:

Body Guard, Victoria and Owen Divisions, No. 1 and 5, St. John.

Citizens' Band, Moncton. Moulton Division, Moncton. Westmorland, No. 2. 14th Regt. Band, Moncton. Frontier Division, St. Stephen. Industry School Band, Fredericton. Fowler Division, Fredericton.

The Knights looked exceedingly well, attired in their handsome uniforms, and throughout the line of march their appearance and marked military bearing was favorably commented on.

The procession proceeded up Bonaccord to Queen street, along Queen to Church, down Church to Main, from Main to Steadman, up Steadman to St. George, along St. George to Weldon, down Weldon to Main, thence to the M. A. A. grounds, where the competitive drill took place, in which Fowler division of Fredericton under Capt. Fowler carried off the prize.

The drill was a brilliant assemblage of grace and splendid drill excited frequent applause. At the close of the competition the sports took place, as follows:

100 yards dash—Humphrey, Moncton, scratch; Glendening, Moncton, 21.2 yards; Dana, Hampton, 5 yards; Homes, Sussex, 6 yards; Humphrey won by a yard; Dana, 2nd; Glendening, 3rd; time, 10 seconds.

40 yards—Glendening, Moncton, scratch; Malcolm, Moncton, 8 yards; Lamb, Sussex, 10 yards; Glendening won by a yard; Dana, 2nd; time, 55 seconds.

Half mile bicycle—Bailey, Windsor; Sanction and Jones, St. John, scratch; Cannon, Summerside, 12 yards; Lamb, Sussex, 11 yards; Bailey, 1st; Cannon, 2nd; Jones, 3rd; Sanction, 4th; time, 1.10.

Mile bicycle—Bailey, Sanction and Jones, scratch; Cannon, 25 yards; Lamb, 35 yards; Bailey, 1st; Sanction, 2nd; Jones, 3rd; time, 2.30. At the third quarter Sanction and Cannon led and the latter retired with a broken wheel.

WEDDING BELLS.

Caverhill Hall, the palatial residence of ex-Mayor Simson Jones, never looked prettier than on the 12th, when in the presence of a brilliant assemblage the eldest daughter, Katherine Edwards, was united in marriage to Frank J. Usher, son of John Usher of Norton and Ratho and John Usher, Scotland, tastefully and artistically trimmed with bright flowers and beautiful plants the spacious parlors presented a scene of rare beauty. Palms and ferns were everywhere, making a most attractive background. The drawing room, in which the wedding took place, was decorated entirely in pink and had a beautiful arch of smilax and pink carnations, with a large bell of white carnations lined with pink sweet peas and a clapper of sweet peas. The decorations of the other rooms were equally tasteful and attractive. The colors in the library were yellow and green; in the billiard room, where the presents were shown, pink; and in the dining hall white and green. In the main hall was a large screen of palms, and behind it the orchestra discoursed sweet and appropriate music. The wedding took place at 2 o'clock, Venereable Archdeacon Brigstocke officiating. The guests, all relatives and intimate friends of the bride, were assembled in the parlors when she appeared with her father, who gave her away. Miss Jones was attired in a beautiful wedding gown of white Duchesse satin, trimmed with orange blossoms, and chiffon and Brussels lace fichu, court train of satin, with ruching of crepe. Her bouquet was of roses and stephanotis. The bridesmaid, her sister, Miss Edna Jones, wore a magnificent costume of white and cornflower blue taffeta silk, trimmed with chiffon and lace. Her bouquet was of cornflowers. The groom, Frank J. Usher, was supported by his brother, Fred Usher. After Venereable Archdeacon Brigstocke pronounced the happy couple man and wife the guests extended their congratulations, and then all repaired to the dining hall, where luncheon was served. The bride received many costly and magnificent presents, evidence of the good will and esteem in which she is held by her friends in this city. By whom she will be greatly missed. Her present from the groom was a beautiful diamond and emerald bracelet. Mr. Usher's present to the bridesmaid was a bracelet of diamonds and pearls. After the wedding dinner Mr. and Mrs. Usher drove to the depot and took the C. P. R. express on a honeymoon trip to Newport, en route to their future home in Scotland. Many friends went to the depot and gave them a hearty send-off, showering them with confetti, rice and old shoes, and exploding torpedoes. Mrs. Usher's travelling dress was of blue broadcloth with a Louis XV. coat trimmed with gold embroidery and Rhinestone buttons, a white cloth vest, and white satin veils.

John Usher came out from Scotland to attend his son's wedding.

The marriage of Phil M. O'Neill to Miss Agnes Connell was solemnized in the cathedral on the 12th between 7 and 8 o'clock. Miss Montgomery of Model Farm acted as bridesmaid and P. Higgins supported the groom. Rev. Father Casey officiated. After the ceremony the bridal party returned to the residence of the bride's parents on Cliff street where they were serenaded by the City Cornet band, of which the groom was a popular member. The band accompanied the party to the station, when they left on the Quebec

APORAQUI FIRE.

Apohaqui, Aug. 11.—The Apohaqui Machine and Knife Works was destroyed by fire tonight at 10 o'clock. The citizens labored faithfully and kept the flames from spreading to neighboring buildings. The cause of the fire is unknown. Insured for \$2,500 in the Western; total loss, \$8,000.

REV. L. G. MACNEILL AT ST. JOHN'S.

The new and beautiful St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, St. John, N. B., was dedicated on Aug. 2nd, the services being preached by Rev. L. G. Macneill of this city. Of his sermons the St. John's Observer says:

St. John's has a St. John's congregation that is a noble sermon that delivered by Rev. L. G. Macneill. It was worthy of the occasion and the high reputation of the preacher, and from beginning to end he was in command of his audience. He sustained attention with brilliant appeals to the feelings, and the illustrations were vivid and often touchingly beautiful. The preacher is a man of a high calibre, and his preaching is of a high order. He is just as important as any other, in one sense, it is more important, because without it the business cannot amount to very much.

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LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office...

SPECIAL NOTICE

Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters sent to contain money...

THE WEEKLY SUN

Is the most vigorous paper in the Maritime Provinces...

ADVERTISING RATES.

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising.

THIS PAPER IS MAILED REGULARLY TO ITS SUBSCRIBERS...

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUGUST 19, 1896.

(Daily Sun, August 12.) QUEBENS AND SUNBURY.

While the organs and emissaries of the minister of railways were boasting about the certainty of Mr. Blair's election...

Mr. Wilnot, who is to oppose Mr. Blair, made a creditable campaign against Mr. King...

It is understood that the retirement of Mr. King is not pleasing to many of his supporters...

But if Sir Cecil Rhodes seems to have fallen on evil days, not the less will the hearts of patriotic Britons turn to him...

The people of Queens and Sunbury cannot do a better thing now than elect Mr. Wilnot...

THE PROHIBITION QUESTION.

During the late election campaign the Telegraph and other papers...

Lord Salisbury has made it clear that no surrender was made by the British government to the United States in the Venezuela dispute...

It is a good deal more than a literary and artistic centre that Mr. Laurier proposes to make of Ottawa...

United States campaign talk has a perilous likeness to the political speeches which preceded the civil war.

The delegate was described as a Presbyterian minister.

SIR CECIL RHODES.

It is said that Sir Cecil Rhodes is no longer a rich man.

Our new rulers are going about their work with light and cheerful hearts, which would not be a bad thing if it went with a sense of responsibility.

Li Hung Chang is going to do more than pass through this country. He will visit Canada and stay one day in Ottawa...

SPORTING MATTERS.

The Starlights Defeat the St. Johns in a League Game Yesterday.

The Sparring Exhibition Between Eddie Connolly and Stanton Abbott Friday Night.

CRICKET.

London, Aug. 12.—The rubber cricket match between England and Australia, which commenced yesterday...

YACHTING.

The Races on the Kennebecasis on August 11th, under the auspices of the St. John Yacht Club...

The second class race was sailed by the Clyde, owned by H. Gilbert, Lillie, owned by Geo. R. Davis...

After the race the Police Magistrate Ritchie presented the cups to the winners thereof at the club house.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 12.—In the international yacht race today, the finish was made in a 12-mile breeze...

Cleveland, O., Aug. 13.—A splendid sailing breeze, continuing steady from daybreak to nightfall...

The steam yachts raced on a straight course from Fairport to the Cleveland Yacht club house...

The Winnipeg Crew Victorious.

Halifax, Aug. 12.—The carnival crew committee met tonight to settle up business.

Lord Salisbury's observation of the Turkish official and diplomatic methods at the time of the Armenian affair...

Li Hung Chang is going to do more than pass through this country.

A Canterbury pilgrimage started from Saint Ethelred's church in Holburn a few days ago...

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SAFE SOOTHING SATISFYING

You can safely trust what time has endorsed for nearly a century.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

This certifies that Dr. A. Johnson, whose name is signed to every genuine bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment...

Parsons' Pills

Parsons' Pills are the best for all ailments of the bowels and stomach.

The Saratoga Regatta. Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The closing day of the 24th annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen...

SUMMERSIDE SHIPMENTS.

On Saturday morning, Mr. Kane, St. John, shipped 23 sheep and lambs from here to St. John.

W. S. McKie, Charlottetown, shipped seven horses on the Northumberland Monday morning...

The schooner Mary P. Capt. J. Benoit, sailed from here Sunday afternoon for Trinidad...

PATENT RECORD.

Below will be found the only complete weekly up to date record of patents granted to Canadian inventors...

CHEBSE STILL ADVANCING.

Montreal, Aug. 13.—Cheese prices continue to advance in the country...

EDUCATIONAL.

IS ALWAYS THE BEST TIME TO STUDY.

Summerside Study with us in just as agreeable as at any other time.

Vertical ventilation assured in our rooms, of 20 feet in height...

MT. ALLISON ACADEMY

Commercial College, SACKVILLE, N. B., RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 3, 1896.

Thorough education in a comfortable home.

Preparation for matriculation. General education.

Complete Business Course with actual business department.

Apply for Calendar to JAS. M. PALMER, M. A., Principal.

DAVENPORT SCHOOL. Situated in One of the Most Picturesque and Healthful Suburbs of St. John, N. B.

PR

Hopewell ship Hunted Laughlin at the latter at H. Mrs. Ocas Mass, came visit to her Almon.

Edward G. Miss Wm. Mass, are here.

George W. ing a few d. the Hill. M. from Los brothers, D. Moore, are y. Miss Ross rived in the ridden down miles-on he a graceful

Woodstock mains of L. ed this affe farmer on a about four y. just gone u searching for body caught opened an t her father J. James A. A. viewing the M. Miss Ross funeral will Woodstock been excited

different in of ment of view. T. Niles success ment, but the waters great major and acquaint ed. The re was a grea body, and d. ever who ha

Canadian patents—53070. A. J. Gau-ther, Upton, valves handle—53120. Kethering, Campbell, Montreal, car-boat, to the New Brunswick market.

The schooner Mary P. Capt. J. Benoit, sailed from here Sunday afternoon for Trinidad, B. W. I., with the following cargo, shipped by A. M. Wright, and valued at \$4,696, 95c.

Below will be found the only complete weekly up to date record of patents granted to Canadian inventors in the following countries...

Canadian patents—53070. A. J. Gau-ther, Upton, valves handle—53120. Kethering, Campbell, Montreal, car-boat, to the New Brunswick market.

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LOCAL PARTY LINES.

An Interesting Paper Read Before the Liberal Conservative Association...

Last Week, by Dr. J. H. Morrison on Party Lines in Local Politics.

On August 11th Dr. J. H. Morrison read an interesting paper on Party Lines in Local Politics before the Junior Liberal Conservative Association...

Party government is an essential adjunct to the free constitution of Canada. The provincial legislature being modeled after the federal parliament must necessarily have its governmental party and its loyal opposition. The question to which I invite your attention this evening is, What, both from the standpoint of conservatism and that of good government for the province, should be the line of cleavage between these two parties? Since confederation no great question with the single exception of the school question, has arisen in the legislature of New Brunswick demanding a sharp party division. When Mr. King introduced the school bill the great struggle for free non-sectarian education began, and the entire province was aroused to its remotest corner. But after free education had become a settled fact the government parted between the parties in the legislature gradually faded away and was finally extinguished when Mr. Hanington, a fierce opponent of the free school system, entered the government. Mr. Fraser, who had been Mr. King's most trusted colleague and lieutenant throughout the contest over this great question. In the province of United Canada previous to confederation the government was carried on upon straight party lines. When the dominion government came into existence its first cabinet contained both conservatives and liberals, but the men who rallied around it were mainly the old conservatives and liberals, while the reformers and Progressives, calling themselves liberals, ranged themselves under the old reform leaders of Upper Canada. Since that time the political contests in Ontario and Quebec have been carried on upon straight party lines, Nova Scotia and Manitoba have followed suit, while in New Brunswick since the contention over the school question subsided there has been a coalition government. A coalition government is not to be commended. It is largely a system of one man government. The premier is practically the government. He must of necessity be a strong personality, must necessarily have strong political convictions. To himself he must have power he must practically purchase the support of those opposed to him in the wide domain of dominion politics. This does not tend towards the development of political morality, but on the contrary it tends to the accomplishment of deals to which we in New Brunswick are not entire strangers. Men whose political opinions, associations and affiliations widely differ cannot be expected to work together in harmony in the government of the country. There must of necessity arise a succession of concessions in order to hold or secure support from men and localities from where support could not naturally be expected. This system of trading favors for support is seldom freighted with good to the public exchequer. There can be no efficient party organization under a coalition government. In the selection of candidates the voice and will of the people is not to be obtained. The absence of any machine presents the very best opportunity for what is known as machine politics. What is everybody's business is nobody's business, and a few interested parties settle all the candidates and select the candidates. The people at large have no voice in the matter, but must content themselves with saying which batch of the candidates so chosen shall be elected. In this way a very objectionable system is allowed to slip into the legislature. In this province it has been customary for the government to suddenly spring the elections upon the country for the avowed purpose of preventing the organization of opposition to the candidates. While this may be considered a piece of political astuteness, it is not a remarkably honest manner of securing an expression of the sentiment and will of the electorate. A coalition government is a government for the few, not for the people. It is a government for the good of the men who compose it rather than for the good of the country. A premier's political opponents will support him so long as it pays them to do so. They hang upon him as a parasite, and he will do anything to keep them on. What grants they can secure for their respective counties, which they in turn expend with a view to obtain sectional support, is a matter of far greater importance to them than the good government of the province. Under party government this condition of affairs would be improved upon. The regular party organization would call for the votes of the great mass of voters in the selection of suitable candidates. Cut and dried nominations would be to a large extent things of the past. Every man would take a personal interest in local politics, because he would personally have a hand in it. One of the best political educators is the primary party caucus. It is so because it awakens interest in the indifferent voter and sets him thinking for himself. The candidates chosen would be all likelihood be men of influence and prominence in their counties. Men who have been accustomed to work together and to think along similar lines would still be working and acting together, without the distrust and envy which is a notorious feature of our local campaigns. There would be less temptation for men to sell out their influence for personal gain. Better results would be accomplished by a good party organization than by the present go-as-you-please method. A respectable portion of the liberal press has apparently thrown down the gauntlet to the conservative party to enter into a contest for supremacy in local politics. I unhesitatingly say that the conservative party should with alacrity and cheerfulness accept the challenge. In the recent dominion campaign and in the campaign pre-

ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

A Liberal Conservative Caucus Called for Today.

The Camps of Military Instruction Will be Held Next Month.

Ottawa, Aug. 11.—Hon. John Costigan will attend the national convention in Dublin on September 1st.

The north shore line of Lake Erie is being topographically surveyed by the dominion government surveyors.

An interesting announcement is conveyed in a telegram received by the government today from Vowell, the Indian superintendent for British Columbia. The message reads as follows: "Credible information received by Agent Lomas from two Indian parties, separated by a long distance at the time of the observation, that the Arctic coast has been sighted, latitude 55.1, longitude 137.7, pursuing a nearly northerly course."

The point indicated by latitude and longitude as given in Vowell's despatch is about 100 miles up the Skeena river and nearly 500 miles north of Victoria.

Andrea and his adventurous companions were waiting at Amsterdam Island, Spitzbergen, at the extreme north of Norway, last August, for the arrival of an expedition had reached here that the balloon had actually started. If they had left and the balloon reported its whereabouts, it would have been the first of its kind to have reached the North Pole.

The minister of militia decided to hold camps of exercise in the different military districts as far as is practicable next month. This is in accordance with the views of the militia as forwarded to the department by adjutants general. In Ontario camps will be held in districts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Application was made to the fisheries department today, through the collector of customs at Charlottetown, by the captain of an American fishing vessel, asking permission to land a cargo of herring and dispose of it at Charlottetown on the payment of duty. The request was refused, as there is nothing in the convention of 1818 or the local administration, entitling the vessel to such a privilege.

A suggestion has been made to the minister of militia to furnish free ammunition for the D. R. A. matches. As this will be the last year for Marching, the minister will be obliged to do one way in which to dispose of any surplus on hand. It would, however, materially change the complexion of the D. R. A. meeting, as doubtless the surplus of ammunition will be greatly augmented, necessitating a longer time in which to fire the matches.

Hon. T. M. Daly, ex-minister of the interior, is busy upon the preparation of his report on emigration, and has returned to his residence in Ottawa today. At this meeting the question of the department will be likely to be a very lengthy one.

Mr. MacFarlane, chief dominion analyst, is expected home from Europe about the 23rd inst. He has been engaged in making a report on other things, the question of the disposal of sewage in large cities.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—This afternoon the thermometer registered over 90 in the shade, being the hottest day since the 1st of August, 1893. John Connolly, who lives at 400 St. Dominique street, succumbed to the heat while coming down town at 2 o'clock. He was taken to the hospital and died almost immediately.

St. Charles Tupper has caused an urgent circular to be sent out to the conservative senators and members of the commons, asking them to attend a party caucus to be held in this city next Wednesday, August 12th, at 10 o'clock. The party leadership will be decided and the policy of the party discussed. The post office department, rather than keep the Vancouver's mails over for a week, sent them by the Teutonic, leaving New York today.

Professor Robertson, the agricultural commissioner, left for the maritime provinces today. John Lowry, guardian of No. 7 fire station, was instantly killed by being struck on his head on his way to a fire this afternoon.

The newspaper despatches that there had been trouble on board the government cruiser Lansdowne was the first intimation which the department had of the difficulty. Much annoyance has been caused by the publication of the news in advance of its reaching the department, and the minister has caused enquiries to be made on the subject. Even all that can be learned here, eight of the crew were charged with mutiny and were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. The trouble arose over the quality of the food supplied to the men. The Lansdowne was sailed for the Straits of Belle Isle, with W. B. Dawson, tide surveyor of the department, on board. Mr. Dawson is about to spend some weeks between the eastern end of Anticosti and the Straits of Belle Isle making observations on the tides and currents.

In connection with the newspaper report that a large slice of the Yukon district containing valuable mines has recently been appropriated by Canada, the deputy minister of the interior states that the boundary line on the Yukon river was run by Surveyor Ogilvie two years ago, and its accuracy has since been verified by the American surveyors. In one case, the crossing of Fortye Mile Creek, the distance of only six feet was covered. At the crossing of the Yukon there was a difference of 600 feet, but in order to avoid disputes this was allowed to the American party. The first appearance since he joined the ministry.

St. Scholastica, Que., Aug. 12.—Hon. J. I. Tarte spoke here today, as well as several local M. P.'s. The minister of public works is evidently

at the end of his revelations, as the speech was particularly tame. The only important utterance was that the rebel leader Chénier should some day have his monument erected on parliament hill.

NORMAL SCHOOL EXAMINATION And Preliminary Examination for Advance of Class, July, 1896.

Class I. Fredericton Station—Harry C. Fraser, Lower Prince William; Eliza Dougherty, Fredericton Grammar School; Lillian Flewelling, Fredericton Grammar School; Chas. D. Richards, Keswick Ridge; Susie Atkinson, Fredericton; Edith Alward, Fredericton Grammar School; Jos. W. Howe, Stanley; F. C. Jewett, Sheffield; Agnes Alward, Fredericton Grammar School; Mildred Weddall, Fredericton Grammar School; Edna Douglas, Stanley; Nora O'Connell, Fredericton; Ethel McPherson, St. Mary's; Chas. R. McKee, Keswick Ridge; Laura Smith, Fredericton Grammar School.

St. John Station—Flora E. White, Narrows; J. Vernon Fletchall, New Brunswick; Albert C. Brundage; Sarah Muir, Mill Settlement; Mary L. Jenkins, Downeyville; Alice Gilmore Gale, Victoria School, St. John; Isabella Donaldson, Victoria School, St. John; Duncan Kirkpatrick, Gaspereau; Albert D. Duff, Beaver Harbour; Lorne Thompson, St. Andrews; William Johnston, St. George; Edward Moore, Moores Mills; James S. Lord, Lord's Cove; Nellie Young, Lower Hill; Mary Conley, Black's Harbour; Mercy Murray, St. Stephen; Port Elgin; Joseph C. Turner, Base Verte; H. R. Allen, Spence; John B. Doyle, Port Elgin; Mervile A. Oulton, Jolicoeur.

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THE CANADIAN WEST.

Reason Why Manitoba's Wheat Crop is Likely to Fall Short.

Reports Received from Provincial Points Indicate an Average Crop.

An Appeal to Laurier to Settle the School Question—Winnipeg's Garsmen.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 11.—There is an impression among leading liberals in the city that the interior portfolio will not be filled by Hon. Mr. Laurier until the school question has been settled. There is also talk of the portfolio being abolished and the work placed in the hands of a commissioner, whose acts and recommendations, especially with regard to financial matters, would have to be first approved by council before being put into effect. This would in a measure be following the suggestion of the Winnipeg immigration convention, held in Winnipeg last winter.

The C. P. R. land commissioner here says that a large number of men are already wanted for harvesting in the country. Wheat cutting has started at Griswold and they are asking for five hundred men without delay. DeLoraine has also a big order filed, as cutting is going on there. Mr. Hamilton believes that notwithstanding the drawbacks of this year's crop the province will supply work for about three thousand men.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 12.—A letter received from Archbishop Langevin, in Rome, states that he has had a satisfactory interview with Pope Leo on the Manitoba school question. His Grace returns to Winnipeg in September.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 12.—The principal reason why Manitoba's wheat crop is likely to fall short of last year's is that the season having been unusually backward, many farmers yielded to the temptation of sowing on stubble, the result is everywhere apparent. Farmers who took the time and sowed on land prepared in the usual way in every instance have magnificent crops. The Free Press editorially discussing the matter, says: "This brings us back to the old story of Manitoba farmers trying to do too much. Most farmers have more land in crop than they can handle properly, and the result is everywhere. One hundred acres of wheat returning thirty bushels per acre would be better than one hundred and fifty acres giving a yield of twenty bushels per acre. The aggregate quantity of wheat sown in each case, but there would probably be more expense on the one hundred and fifty acres poorly farmed than on the one hundred acres carefully farmed. In many cases there would be a direct saving and larger aggregate profits by reducing the area and cultivating the land more carefully. One-third difference in the yield is not too much to make between well cultivated and poorly cultivated land."

The crop reports now being received in Winnipeg from provincial and territorial parts are of a favorable character and indicate a good average crop. Certain grain dealers seem to be interested in circulating pessimistic reports in Eastern Canada, but the reports from the farmers themselves are of an encouraging nature. The fact that at least 2,500 farm laborers from the east are required to help in harvest operations is a conclusive proof that the crop is not a failure.

The farmers of Dakota and Minnesota would be happy had they such a crop as Manitoba is producing. The Northwest Review, the Winnipeg organ of the Roman Catholics, has an editorial today, making a strong appeal to Premier Laurier to restore Catholic schools in Manitoba. It reminds him of his campaign statements in Quebec, that the remedial bill was an inadequate measure and urges him to include in his remedial measure government grants.

The Winnipeg rowing enthusiasts were going to spend a lot of money celebrating the victories of their four-oared crew at Saratoga today for the American championship, and Brockville last week for the Canadian championship. But the wise suggestion was made that instead of this waste they start a fund to send the crew to Henley next year. The suggestion was promptly adopted and next year Manitoba may become known to the world through some of its rowing men than the parochial school question.

CABLED FROM LONDON. Fast Atlantic Service—The Imports from Canada.

Montreal, Aug. 12.—The Star cable says: London, Aug. 12.—Regarding the war government intends to modify the conditions of the fast mail service to obtain an improved freight service for Canadian exports, it is understood that this would not meet with the colonial officers' views. The imperial treasury was induced to share the subsidies with Canada to the extent of one-third because the service was to be of steamers of twenty knot speed, available for fast mails, and in emergency as armed cruisers. To abandon these features would probably mean to forfeit imperial aid.

The Anglo-Canadian trade is still most satisfactory. The exports to Canada increased six per cent. in July, as compared with July, 1895. The exports from Great Britain to all countries increased only four per cent. The imports from Canada increased seven per cent, and the imports from all other countries decreased two per cent. Wheat and flour from Canada increased \$44,000; bacon and hams, \$18,000; fish, \$21,000; copper, \$28,000; wood, \$75,000; cheese, \$245,000.

The imports from Canada during the seven months increased 25 per cent, while the imports from all countries increased only five per cent.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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New York persons were thousands of dollars destroyed out in a fire in Greenwich at the time the ground reached the fire. It reached the ground in the front of the building. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen. The fire spread to the ground floor and reached the second floor. The fire was extinguished by the fire department. The damage was estimated at \$10,000.

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Aug. 12.—A letter

Archbishop Langevin,

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the Pope in relation to

the school question. His

visit to Winnipeg in Sep-

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Aug. 12.—The prin-

cipal Manitoba wheat

FATAL NEW YORK FIRE

At Least Three Persons Burned to Death.

Disastrous Conflagration in a Green-

wich Street Six Story Building.

Smoke and Flames Made the Fire Escapes

Almost Useless.

New York, Aug. 11.—At least three

persons were burned to death and

thousands of dollars worth of property

was destroyed by a fire which broke

out in a six story brick building on

Greenwich street this afternoon. From

the time the fire was discovered on

the ground floor of the building until

it reached the roof was only a few min-

utes, but many employees in the build-

ing were cut off from escape.

The fire started in the rear on the

ground floor of the six story building

at 465 Greenwich street. How it ori-

ginated is not known. There were

about fifty employees in the building

at the time of the fire. Many of them

were in the front part of the building,

while others sought safety by way of the

roof and rear windows. Those who got

to the fire escape were met by flames and

smoke, which was pouring out of the

building on all the floors and most of

them had to jump to the ground. Some

were injured, while others were over-

come by the smoke and flames and

fell on the fire escapes, where they

were burned to death.

The ground floor of the building was

occupied by K. Warren & Co., who

operated the New York electrical

shop.

The second floor was occupied by

Julius Cohen as a distillery, and the

third floor was occupied by Eliot

Brook, manufacturing jewelers. This

building was completely gutted and

so was the one adjoining it at No. 467.

TO BE CANADA'S GUEST.

Li Hung Chang Accepts the Invitation

of the Canadian Government.

Sir Donald Smith's Interview With the Dis-

tinguished Chinese.

London, Aug. 11.—Sir Donald Smith

today held a lengthy interview with

Li Hung Chang, and formally invited

him to be the guest of the Canadian

government during his Canadian visit.

The British government, whose guest

Li Hung Chang now is, suggested that

he should be most happy to be the

guest of the Canadian government and

said he looked forward to his Cana-

dian visit with much interest. He said

he had heard much of Canadian scenery

in the mountains and knew that many

of his countrymen had settled in

British Columbia. He was offered

facilities to call from San Francisco

to China, but preferred the shorter

route. He said he would leave South-

ampton by steamer St. Louis on Aug-

ust 22 and would enter Canada from

New York at Niagara Falls and spend

a day at Ottawa, proceeding thence

straight through to Vancouver and

sail in a Canadian Pacific steamer on

September 13 or 14. I understand Li

Hung Chang will be met at New York

by a Canadian representative. He

will be conducted to Canadian terri-

tory. The governments of Ontario,

Manitoba and British Columbia will

be requested to extend every honor to

Canada's guest. Li Hung Chang asked

Sir Donald many questions about

Canada.

Sir Donald Smith pointedly informed

Li that the Queen's representative in

Canada could only act on the advice

of the Canadian ministers. It is un-

derstood that he has earnestly rep-

X RAYS.

Some Sayings Clipped from The Sun's

Exchanges.

UNDER LIBERAL RULE.

(Yarmouth Times.)

The advent of a tariff-for-revenue-

only party led to an immediate reduc-

tion of labor and closing down of in-

dustries in the United States. The de-

pressing effects of a similar condition

we regret to see are beginning to be

felt in Canada. The latest indication

of it in our own province is in the re-

duction of employes in the Drummond

coal mine.

One after another the employes of

the building came tumbling down the

fire escapes, some of whom were in-

jured and others escaped injury. It

was believed that while the fire was

in progress that there were at least

five bottles with the building and prob-

ably more. Hoses were stretched across

the elevated railroad tracks, and traf-

fic in this direction was cut off. The

same was the case on the street. For

more than an hour the firemen fought

the stubborn flames, and finally they

got the fire under control. Streams

of water were kept continuously at

play on all adjoining buildings to keep

them from catching fire. Only the

roughest sort of an estimate could be

given as to the loss in the aggregate.

It is estimated that the loss will

not be less than \$150,000.

The principal loss is A. K. Warren

& Co., who had a stock which was

worth at a rough estimate \$25,000. It

was a total loss.

A boy named John Cunningham,

who lives at 233 East 143rd street, was

on the fifth floor of the building when

the boy Greenwood shouted that the

WITHOUT CAPITAL.

How the Successful Co-operative Danish

Creameries are Run.

The Danish method of starting and

managing creameries is remarkably

successful in profitable returns to far-

mers because the product is of the

finest quality and is made at the least

expense. Prof. Georseon, who has

made a special study of the matter,

says that after ten years' use of the

following system, not a single creamery

in Denmark has failed.

1. The members elect a board of di-

rectors from their number and this

board has full control of the business

and their action is binding on the as-

sociation.

2. Each member subscribes a given

number of cows and is entitled to a

number of votes in the meetings of the

association in proportion to the num-

ber of cows he has entered.

3. Each member pays into the treas-

ury of the creamery a certain amount

varying in different associations from

50c to \$3 or \$4 for each cow he enters.

This becomes part of the capital stock.

4. The association borrows the addi-

tional money required for the erection

of the creamery and each member be-

comes responsible for a share of this

debt in proportion to the number of

cows he has entered. The creamery

erected is always a most substantial

structure, built of brick with all ap-
pointments and equipped with a full

line of modern dairy machinery.

5. A competent expert is placed in

charge of the creamery. He is under

the supervision of the directors and is

usually paid part salary and part com-

mission together with certain perquis-

ites, such as house, garden, light fuel,

etc., and he usually hires and pays his

A MODEL MODERN BARN.

How the Question of Ventilation Was

Satisfactorily Settled.

Recently the London Farmers' Ad-

vocate gave a description, with exten-

sive plans, of the commodious modern

barn of Mr. E. D. Tilson of Tilson-

burg, which is rated as the model

building of its kind in Canada. It was

built in 1882, when no pains nor expense

was spared to make it the best pos-

sible structure for convenience and

durability. The farm upon which it

stands is a choice 400 acres, most of

which is in a high state of cultivation.

The fields are of convenient size and

each provided with hydrants connect-

ed with an excellent waterworks sys-

tem. All sorts of grains and fodders

are grown, and a considerable acreage

is devoted to test plots of different

crops.

The barn, which is slate roofed, is

of white brick, having two-foot walls

up to the very peak. The main portion

which stands east and west, is 125 feet

long by 60 feet wide. Joining the south-

west is a 45x55 addition, which is to

all intents and purposes a portion of

the main structure. The entire floor-

ing of the basement 4x4 of cement,

which has gutters, 14 inches wide 17

feet deep, behind each row of cattle. The

main part is 2 1/2 feet wide, the back

board of which projects a few inches

into the passage to receive the feed.

There are water boxes and salt boxes

in each stall. Each water box is of

iron and supplied with a pipe leading

up through the bottom. There is a

continuous stream running through

the boxes, which cannot reach higher

than within half an inch of the top of

the boxes. By turning a certain stop-



ROAD IMPROVEMENT.

How This City Could Be Made More

Convenient to the Traveller.

The Toronto World knows a great deal

from that will have a beneficial effect

on the farming community. It is the

making of good roads that is the

country. It is the only way to make

almost wholly appropriate to the

requirements of the country. It is the

only way to make a country as well

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CLOTHING

We have just the kind of Clothing you want because you want the good kind. None of our customers think our prices high. Examine our goods and compare prices and you will become our customer any of our stores at St. John, Halifax, Amherst, Truro, New Glasgow

FRASER, FRASER & CO.

GOLD OR SILVER.

The Gold Standard People of Maryland to Have Women Canvasers.

Meetings at Milo and Blue Hill, Mo., the latter in a Congregational Church.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 17.—C. Vey Holman announced that Hon. R. P. Pel... of New York has accepted the invitation of the Maine gold standard...

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 17.—William B. Green, chairman of the democratic county committee, resigned...

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 17.—The "honest money" league of Maryland, composed of democrats opposed to Bryan...

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Blue Hill, Me., Aug. 17.—Governor Cleaves spoke tonight to an audience that fairly overflowed the Congregational church building in this town.

Tipper Red Hook, N. T., Aug. 17.—William Jennings Bryan's itineracy after he has rested, has been partially arranged. He will not go back to New York to answer the speech of Cockran.

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BOSTON LETTER.

Laurier's Friends Form a Separatist Club.

The True Inwardness of the Silver Agitation Over the Border.

Spence Lumber Very Dull—The Latest Quotations in the Fish Markets.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Boston, Aug. 15.—Everything has been very quiet here during the past week, the blistering heat having paralysed pretty nearly everything except the exodus, and that has been unusually large. Even politicians found the temperature too hot for them, and much campaign work had to be suspended. Business is almost at a standstill, a sort of hand to mouth system prevailing in nearly every trade.

All but two of the Boston papers of Thursday morning served up to their readers a report of an alleged \$500,000 conflagration at Apohaqui, N. E. The Sussex fire was mixed up with the one at the former place, and the result was otherwise misleading.

Another club has been formed in this country, which has for its object the separation of Canada from Great Britain. The organization was launched at Biddeford, Me., on Thursday night by seventy-five men, and is called the "The True Inwardness of the Silver Agitation Over the Border."

The promoters of the club say it is the forty-sixth of its kind which has been formed in the United States. The meeting was held at the office of Editor J. B. Rouillard of "The American," a paper, by the way, which we do not consider over the success of Mr. Laurier. Of course it does not follow in any sense that Mr. Laurier favors the project undertaken by his adherents. The honorary president of the Separatist club, as it is called, is Mr. Rouillard. L. P. Gardner is president, and J. S. Bourdon secretary. The secretary says that the club will send large numbers of circular letters to French-Canadians at home, setting forth the desirability of separation from England. No doubt this formidable organization will be the means of Canadians losing countless nights of sleep, or perhaps the colonies in parliament will urge a further appropriation for strengthening defenses along the Maine boundary.

The refusal of several Canadian business centres to accept American silver except at a heavy discount was not a surprise here, as American banks at home and in Canada have long been known to refuse to pay more than ninety cents on a United States dollar. Turn about is fair play. In Boston we are used to having Canadian coins refused at post offices, at banks and on railways.

Everybody is still discussing the much agitated financial question. It is very hard to judge from a Boston standpoint just which side has the better of the issue of the Canadian gold standard, or so called "sound money" men. Most of the newspapers are gold organs, and it is impossible to tell from their columns how strong are the feelings of the Canadian people, especially those in the maritime provinces, do not grasp the situation. Most of them speak of the silver movement as a "crisis," a campaign term used here by the gold papers for effect. As the silver movement is a new issue in some parts of the south and west in the last campaign, and it is quite well known that the national senate has been controlled by silver men for nearly two years.

The telegraph silver movement to a plan set on foot by capitalists. This statement is not so, as it is a recognized fact that free silver was first advocated by the farming states of the west and south, where the population was strongest. There is no question but that a certain percentage of silver mine owners desire free silver, and are prepared to spend money to that end, but it must not be forgotten that people in the east are shareholders in silver mines, and as a rule most of these shareholders are against free coinage. Such men as Hon. Stephen Elliott, Mark A. Hanna, Calvin S. Brice and other gold men are owners of silver mines. Very little is heard of the tariff while the money agitation is going on, although it is certain that the sceptre of free trade has about crumbled to dust. Were the tariff issue to be raised in the campaign, McKinley would carry over 30 states of the union.

It is said that a big lumber railroad will be built through the lumber section on the Kennebec river in Maine next year. Immense quantities of fire timber could be cut on Dead river if there was any way of getting it to civilization.

Levi Bradshaw, a French Canadian, now living in Danielson, Conn., has 41 children, all but one of whom are living. It is said he holds the New England record.

The dredge Ajax, which was owned in Gloucester, has been sold to the owners of the Broad Cove mines, Cape Breton. It will be used in deepening and broadening the cove, so as to facilitate coal shipments. The price paid was \$30,000.

John Bowers, a Prince Edward Island man, died here early in the week. He was 79 years of age. John O. Strain, 49 years old, formerly of St. John, died Aug. 11, at Brookline.

David H. Blanchard, formerly a backer of John L. Sullivan, has purchased salmon fishing rights on the head waters of the St. Margarets river, a branch of the Kennebec. Sullivan is now landlord of the Hotel Clarendon, once owned by Landlord Risteman, and also by Landlord Tessier, both of whom are former Canadians.

Spring is not quite as plentiful here just now, owing to the falling off in the arrivals of shipments both by air and water. The market is still in a sluggish condition, and no man can tell when it will improve. Charges are very dull, with no improvement in prices. Matched boards and clapboards are selling fairly well. Quotations are as follows:

Spence—Provincial cargo lumber, 2 in. and 3 in. to 12 in. random, \$10 to \$15; shingles, \$1.40; laths, \$1.50 to 1.75; boards, rough, \$10 to 11; frames, 10 in. and under, ordered by car, \$13 to 13.50; yard orders, cut to lengths, \$13 to 13.25; 12 in. frames, \$14 to \$15; 12 in. frames, \$15 to 15.50; boards, 3 in. and up, stock width, \$14; matched boards, 6, 7 and 8 in., clipped, \$13 to 13.50; laths, by car, 1.5-8 in., \$2 to 2.10; laths, 1.1-8 in., \$1.90 to 2; shingles, \$1.30; clapboards, 4 foot extra, \$22; clear, \$28 to 30; second clear, \$24 to 26.

Pine, hemlock, etc.—Course No. 2 eastern pine, \$16; refuse, \$12 to 13; extra, \$3.50 to 3.60; rough edge pine, \$9 to 10; matched boards, \$18 to 20; clapboards, \$14 to 15; clear, \$45; hemlock, \$20 to 22; provincial cargo, \$9 to 10; rough boards, \$9 to 9.50; planed one side, \$10; planed and butted, by car, \$11; random, \$10.50; extra standard cedar shingles, \$2.75; clear, \$2.25 to 2.35; second, \$2.15 to 2.25; extra No. 1, \$1.40 to 1.50; No. 1, \$1.25 to 1.35.

The mackerel trade is in a very good condition, with more orders than usual in the market. Codfish is also firm, and prices are well sustained. Forging and hull sardines are firm, although the demand is particularly strong. Lobsters are still scarce, and fresh fish slightly higher. Prices at first hands are:

Fresh fish—Market cod, 1.1-4 to 1.2-6 per lb.; large, 2 to 2.1-4; steak cod, 3 to 3.2-4; haddock, 2 to 2.1-4; large hake, 2 to 2.1-4; small, 1 to 1.1-4; pollock, 1 to 1.1-4; steak cod, 2 to 2.1-4; white halibut, 1.5; gray, 1.2; chokens, 1.5c; eastern salmon, 17 to 18c; haddock, 6c; fresh mackerel, 1.5 to 1.6; mackerel, 1.5 to 1.6; small, 3 to 6c; lobsters, live and boiled, 15 to 18c (nominal).

Salt fish—Provincial mackerel, No. 1, extra, \$14.50 per bbl.; No. 1, \$14; No. 2, large and plain, \$12; No. 3, \$10 to 11; large Georges cod, new, \$3.75; medium, \$3.75; large dry bank, \$3.75; medium, \$3.75; hake, haddock, etc., \$1.50; N. S. split herring, \$3.50 per bbl.; round hake, \$2.50 to 3; Scatterie, \$4 to 4.50; New Brunswick salmon, No. 1, \$2.75; No. 2, \$2.50.

Canned fish—American sardines, quarter oil, \$2.85 to 2.95; half oil, \$3.40 to 3.55; three-quarter mustards, \$3.25 to 3.50; salmon, \$1.25; lobsters, nominally \$2.50; \$2.35; hails, \$2.65; mackerel, 1 lb. ovals, \$1.40.

SPORTING MATTERS.

St. John and McLeod-Sullivan Crews Sign Articles and Post Money for Their Race.

It Will Be Rowed on Labor Day at a Place to be Hereafter Decided On.

Women's Six Day Bicycle Race Started at Winnipeg Last Night—Base Ball Games.

CRICKET.

Toronto, Aug. 17.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Canadian cricket association, the following team was chosen to represent Canada in the international match in Philadelphia, Sept. 18th. W. H. Cooper, Toronto; A. Gillespie, Hamilton; P. C. Goldingham, Toronto; W. A. Henry, Halifax (captain); J. Horstead, Chatham; J. M. Land, Toronto; Fritz Martin, Hamilton; J. H. MacKintosh, Halifax; H. B. McLean, Hamilton; Geo. S. Lyon, Rosedale; H. Walker, London Asylum.

LAUREL. Cornwall, Ont., Aug. 14.—At the lacrosse match here yesterday Cornwall defeated the Montreal team by six to one, while at Toronto the Redoubts defeated the Shamrocks at an exhibition match.

THE TURF. Shepperton Bay, race track, Aug. 15.—The Purdy colts, by a length; Ormsland, second, by a length; Redoubts, third, Time, 1:30. Thon, Dean's trotting horse Deceiver was shipped Monday to Danforth, Me., where he is entered for the races at that place.

The Halifax driving club has arranged the following programme for Labor Day: 2.25 class, trotters, \$300; 2.25 stake (closed), \$350; 2.40 class, trotters and pacers, \$125. Mile heats, 3 in 5 to harness. Four to enter, three to start. Purse divided, \$5, 25, 15 and 10 per cent. Entrances fee 10 per cent. of purse. Horses entitled to one money only. Entries close Wednesday, September 2nd.

THE WHEEL. The C. W. A. Championship. The C. W. A. championship which will come off on the 19th and 20th inst. at the Young men's athletic association, the secretary of the C. W. A. club is already receiving enquiries by mail from intending visitors concerning hotel accommodations, etc., and the outside attendance at the races promise to be very large.

Extra men will put to work from now on at the Young men's athletic association, and the men's basketball team combined roller and basketball, the purpose of the track will be made to special in accordance with any of these interests.

The Great Women's Race in Winnipeg. Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 17.—A six days bicycle race, two hours each night for female riders, was begun here tonight in the presence of a enthusiastic throng. The conditions are the winner to receive eight hundred dollars, second four hundred and third two hundred. Eight riders had entered, but only five came to the scratch, they being the fashionable world's female record, Dottie Farnsworth of Minneapolis, Frankie Nelson of New York, May Allen of Liverpool, England, and the champion of the world, Alice Appoll. At the finish of tonight's riding the scores were: Farnsworth, 36 miles 1 lap; Nelson, 36 miles 1 lap; Allen, 36 miles 1 lap; Anderson, 36 miles 1 lap; Peterson, 35 miles 11 laps.

THE Y. M. C. A. Preparations on a large scale are already being made for the fall and winter work of the Young men's Christian Association. The building will be brightened up by fresh paint, and the parlors will be transformed. In the gymnasium the walls will be sheathed with wood and painted, and new apparatus will be added. The water service for the bath will also be improved. There is every prospect that the high record made in the attendance at the gymnasium classes last year will be improved upon this season. This will be particularly the case in the business men's classes.

The educational committee is at work in outlining a course even more attractive than that of last year. The committee is a strong one, and when its programme is set it will be seen that considerable advance is being made in this important department. Among the new classes proposed are algebra, geometry, commercial arithmetic, electricity and English. The valuable services of Morton Harrison have been secured for a class in oratorical music. This committee will also arrange a course of talks. There will likewise be a course of lectures in connection with the St. John's Ambulance society, to be given by a prominent local surgeon.

In connection with the religious work advance will also be made. A class for Bible study, to be conducted by the general secretary, Mr. Williams, on Sunday afternoons, will be one of the new features. It will be popular in its character. The juniors are not to be forgotten, as the energetic boys' work committee is getting its plans into shape.

The need of more room in the building will be felt in a greater measure than ever. The increased work will only be possible by using rooms for two or three purposes on the same evening.

The season will open on October 1st. Preparations are under way for the prospectus and it is hoped it will be ready by the middle of September.

Oxford's Ashmolean Museum, where are kept the most valuable collections and the university pictures, was struck by lightning recently and set on fire, but the damage was confined to the building, no harm being done to the collections.

The disabled British steamer Ventenator was safely placed in the dry dock at Quebec on the 14th.

MAINE MATTERS. Seb. Evolution, Capt. Fitzpatrick, arrived at Grandis on the 21st ult. from this port. She went out in 24 days.

Bar Vallybrook, which sailed out from Liverpool to Halifax and then loads down to Grandis.

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up the companionway and captain's wife in the boat to one of the falls, and men to wait for me, with her right hand.

There were six men besides myself and the captain's wife in the boat. Each man had a gun, and all were aboard my boat, the others one of our two boats, and, telling them to haul off, we pulled away back so as to be clear of her into her flurry.

The sight of the other boat had been rowing ten minutes was ever heard or afterward.

As no use in trying to land at Plungo, for we were better off in the boat than we would have been on the island, with no except ourselves, and a lot of landing to be done, the men we would keep on board, and that, as soon as the Pacific, we should have been sure to be picked up.

I think the captain's wife and I since the boat cast off by sat in the stern sheets and she knew that she was killed without my telling it.

Rockland, Me., Aug. 17.—C. Vey Holman announced that Hon. R. P. Pel... of New York has accepted the invitation of the Maine gold standard democrats to address their convention at Portland on Thursday, Aug. 21.

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 17.—William B. Green, chairman of the democratic county committee, resigned today. He had bolted the Chicago platform and nominations, and was requested by the county committee to step out. In his letter of resignation he says the platform adopted at Chicago is neither democratic nor patriotic, and that its success would lead to dishonor and business ruin.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 17.—The "honest money" league of Maryland, composed of democrats opposed to Bryan, opened their headquarters here today and will begin an active campaign throughout the state. One of the novel features of the fight will be the introduction of women canvassers in this city, who will be organized in groups to go from house to house, distributing gold standard literature and urging the women to use their influence to bring about the defeat of free silver. It is understood that the work will be confined to the homes of mechanics, clerks and the laboring classes.

Milo, Me., Aug. 17.—About 1,500 people came to Milo today to attend the republican rally. At three o'clock a campaign flag bearing the names of McKinley and Hobart and Lowell...

Blue Hill, Me., Aug. 17.—Governor Cleaves spoke tonight to an audience that fairly overflowed the Congregational church building in this town. He occupied his pulpit, and his method of expounding the doctrine of sound money was concise and inspiring.

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PROVINCIAL.

ALBERT CO. Hopewell Hill, Aug. 13.—At Albert, on Tuesday, the thermometer registered 92 degrees. Today cool easterly breezes prevail.

Miss Lizzie Hughes, formerly teacher at St. Martin's seminary, is visiting her father, Rev. B. N. Hughes of Riverside. Miss Hughes leaves shortly for India to take a position in a mission school.

H. G. Colpitts, a student at Wolfville, formerly assistant station agent of the I. C. R. at Petitcodiac, and more recently of the general offices, Moncton, preached in the Baptist church here on Sunday afternoon. The discourse received very favorable comment.

A. M. Kelver of the I. C. railway, Moncton, and family have been enjoying a visit to Mr. Kelver's old home here.

Barkentine Enterprise arrived today. She will load deals at Hillsboro for J. L. Peck.

Elgin, Aug. 15.—The death of Robert Colpitts, sen., at the residence of his son in Moncton, Aug. 13, removed from our midst probably the oldest man in the county of Albert. He was the son of Thomas Colpitts, who emigrated to this country in 1783 along with his father, mother, five brothers and three sisters, from Durham, England.

Mr. Colpitts married, in 1825, Mary, a daughter of the late Leonard Beck, and the family here until they numbered fourteen, ten sons and four daughters. They all grew to manhood and womanhood.

Those who survive the father are William A. Colpitts of Mapleton, B. P. Colpitts of Pleasantville, T. M. Colpitts, now living in Albert, Mrs. Phebe Smith of Harcourt, Kent Co., and Mary, wife of Geo. Day of Wickham, Queens Co. He was one of the earliest settlers on the Pollet River, in the parish of Elgin, where he lived ever since, except the last few months at the home of his son. The deceased was in his early life a very active worker in the temperance cause, being for a number of years president of a total abstinence society. He also took an active part in all the political reforms of the day in which he lived, having decided convictions that responsible government was the right of the people and for the people's good.

Thus he stood opposed to the "old family compact" and the "old party system" by the government of the day, the benefits of county municipalities, and later in life used all his influence in favor of the free school system of today. During the agitation and consummation of confederation he was clearly on the side of the progressive cause, and has been since the consolidation of the dominion a staunch conservative.

He united with the First Baptist church of Elgin in 1851. He was the last one that Rev. Joseph Crandall ever baptized. He continued his connection with that body until his death. He retained very much of his mental and physical vigor, until the ripe age of ninety working around his farm and taking a lively interest in all the current news. He died without the aid of glasses. On Tuesday, the 18th of August, he would have reached the ripe age of 95 years. He was buried in the cemetery at Elgin, and appropriate services were conducted at the home and the Baptist church by Rev. H. H. Saunders.

CARLETON CO. Hartland, Aug. 13.—Several candidates were confirmed members of the Church of England yesterday by Bishop Kingdon, assisted by Venerable Archdeacon Neales, Rev. Kenneth Kay and the curate.

Rev. S. W. Benson was stricken down in the street by the heat last evening. This morning he is feeling somewhat better.

The boys' concert in Burri's hall was a decided success. It is to be repeated at Centreville ere long.

Woodstock, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Thos. McIntyre of Richmond, Corns had a peculiar experience this afternoon. She was driving a horse and carriage on Victoria street. Suddenly the horse sank up to his middle. It was a badly filled in sewer that caused the trouble, and only after an hour's hard work was the animal extricated.

A meeting of the town council was held this evening to deal with the proposition made by the New Brunswick Cold Storage company. Councillor R. B. Jones moved a resolution that the company be exempted from taxation for twenty-one years; that the necessary water be furnished at a rate of ten cents for each thousand gallons for the same period; that the town appropriate a fund not exceeding \$1,000 for the purchase of a building site, to become the property of the town should the said company cease to operate; appropriation of a sum not to exceed \$250 for the purchase of a dynamo to put in said company's building.

Councillor Gallagher seconded the motion. Councillor A. E. Jones moved his amendment that the company be exempted from taxation and be given water at the cost of pumping. There was no second, however, and the original motion passed. Coun. A. E. Jones was the only nay voter.

KINGS CO. Sussex, Aug. 14.—The following is the result of the hearing of the appraisers appointed yesterday to ascertain the amount of damages done by the recent fire: To damages done to Depot house, \$400; insured in British North American and Western, Major G. Edwin Arnold agent; damages done to stock in Debo house, owned by J. A. Sinnott, \$100; insured in Atlas, T. E. Arnold agent; to damages done to furniture of P. Doherty, Queen street, \$50; damaged to Debo house, wholly destroyed, \$1,000; Union Insurance Co., Ernest Fairweather of your city agent. The appraisers will continue the work of appraising the damages to the furniture of the Depot house tomorrow. The dwelling house and contents owned by James Kyle and Cedar Camp road, in the parish of Waterford, were burnt this morning. There is said to be an insurance of \$200 only, held by Geo. H. White, who had a mortgage on the premises.

The collector of customs here has been requested to procure one dozen

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET. In meats, mutton is easier. There is no change in the market for butter, eggs or poultry, quotations remaining as before. Potatoes are more plentiful and cheaper, as supplies are coming in by schooner as well as from up river. The berry season is drawing to a close. Turnips and beets are now arriving in barrels. Vegetables generally are cheaper, as the supply is increasing. The market does not show any special features of interest.

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NOVA SCOTIA.

AMHERST.

A Young Man Killed in the Hayfield and Two Others Drowned.

Amherst, Aug. 14.—Word received here today states that Captain Thos. Rutherford of River Hebert died on board his ship North Riding at Rio de Janeiro, South America, on July 31, aged 43 years.

Amherst, Aug. 15.—A fatal accident last evening befel a young man named William White on the farm of Edwin Atkinson at Macoon. While working in the hay field he slipped from a load he was building and fell upon the prong of the hay fork he had been using. The prong of the fork entered his groin and taking an upward course penetrated his abdomen some six inches. He was removed to Mr. Atkinson's residence and medical aid called in, but it was then found that little vitality remained, and he died about six hours after the accident. The deceased was about nineteen years of age and a stranger in the place, his home being in Bridge-water, Lunenburg Co. He had been working with Mr. Atkinson only a short time during the haying season. He was considered in good health, and asked that his mother at Bridge-water and his father, who is at present employed at Windsor, be notified.

A terrible and awfully sad drowning accident happened yesterday afternoon about 1 o'clock at a place near here called Big Marsh Point, whereby two young men lost their lives. A young man named Smith, from Boston, who has been spending the summer in Lower Cove, built a yacht and with two young men, Cormier and Brien, went out for a sail in her. When opposite Big Marsh point the centre board of the yacht struck on the flats and immediately the yacht upset and sank and the young men were thrown into the water. They clung to the shad nets which were strung along the river. The boat came to the surface again and Smith, being a good swimmer, jumped from the nets and swam to the boat, got into it and was carried by the tide up river. Brien and Cormier held on to the stakes until washed off by the heavy swell, when they immediately sank in the presence of a large number of people who witnessed the accident but for want of boats and owing to the tremendous force of the tide it was totally impossible to render any assistance. A man on horseback rode round to Minulle and told Joshua Downey, the ferryman, of the accident, and he, who is over 67 years of age, immediately left with the ferry boat and rowed against the tide up stream a mile and was just in time to rescue Smith from a watery grave, but was too late to help the other two men. Brien was a married man, thirty years of age, and leaves a small family. Cormier was nineteen years of age, unmarried, and employed by Rufus Hibbert at Lower Cove. A searching party consisting of Leander Allen, George and Robert Mitchell, left here early this morning and with a large number from Lower Cove and Minulle searched all day but without recovering the bodies, although at one time one of the bodies was seen on the flats stripped naked, but the tide immediately covered it. As quicksands abound in the river it is probable that the bodies will never be recovered.

BRIDGETOWN.

Bridgetown, N. S., Aug. 12.—A sad drowning accident occurred at Belle Isle this morning. Henry Brown, a man whose mind is partially deranged, was washing down the decks of the barkentine Argentina, loading with lumber for Buenos Ayres, and was drowned by falling overboard. The body has not yet been recovered. Russel Cropper, chairman of boat racing yesterday by the intense heat, but hopes are held out for his recovery.

Protest papers were served on Mr. Mills yesterday. This is contrary to the deal made allowing Mr. Longley to go without opposition, and the grists say it is personal spite and their party will endeavor to buck the treacherous scheme.

HALIFAX.

Halifax, Aug. 11.—The Halifax banks today issued the following notice, said to be due to the uncertainty of United States financial arrangements: "The chartered banks doing business in Halifax hereby give notice that on and after Monday, 17th instant, the charge on American currency in the maritime provinces will be five per cent."

The hardware firm of H. H. Fuller & Co. threaten a sensational expose in regard to City Hall awarding of contracts. The firm claims that Mayor McPherson and the department of works gave Black Brothers a contract for the year's hardware supplies at a higher rate than offered by H. H. Fuller. On behalf of the latter, it is claimed that there was manipulation of price lists in the board of works office in the interest of Black Bros. At a meeting of the council tonight an investigating committee was appointed.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 12.—At a meeting of the board of trade today several matters were referred to the maritime board of trade, which meets in St. John about Sept. 25th. The delegates to this were appointed as follows: James Moscow, A. M. Payne, G. E. Faulkner, James Hall, E. DeWolfe, Geo. E. Boak, H. L. Chipman, J. W. Allison, C. C. Blackadar, Geo. Mitchell, W. A. Black, A. Stephen, J. Hughlin, J. A. Chipman, H. G. Bault, G. S. Campbell, W. J. Stewart and C. K. Creed.

Halifax, Aug. 14.—Company Sergeant Major Cundy of the Royal Engineers died this morning after a short illness of pneumonia. The deceased was one of the best cricketers in the garrison and much liked. His death will be heard with general regret. He was well informed on cricket and had written articles on the subject for local and foreign papers. Six months ago an article on Cricketing in Nova Scotia, written by himself, was published in the Standard, and he furnished the lengthy reports the Chronicle printed of the recent Philadelphia-Halifax matches.

A cross petition was filed in the

prothonotary's office yesterday against E. M. McDonald, who contested Pictou county as a gait candidate in the recent election. The petition charges McDonald personally with various corrupt practices and prays for his disqualification for a period of seven years. The usual deposit of \$1,000 was made as security for costs.

The Canadian military cadets or high school militia is a flourishing corps in this city. Lieut. Harold Swart paraded in the new uniform today for inspection of Col. Irving, D. A. G. It is gray, with blue facings. The arms used are short snider and bayonet.

The Y. M. C. A. have leased the old Crescent grounds for the remainder of the season. They have been vacant all summer.

Halifax, Aug. 15.—The local elections in Colchester and Lunenburg resulted in the election of the liberal candidates. In Colchester, McClure was elected by over 300 majority, and captured the seat from the conservatives. In Lunenburg, Moreash, liberal, has a majority of 700, an increase of 100 per cent. over the last local election there. John B. McDonald attempted to swim across Little Glace Bay harbor, was taken with cramps and drowned. Weymouth, N. S., Aug. 15.—Fire broke out in the unoccupied house of Cal. Johnson, one mile from here, at 8:30 this evening. By the courageous efforts of the up river fire brigade the barn in the rear of the building was saved. The place was formerly owned by Parker & Eakins, Yarmouth. Johnson had bought the place two weeks ago and intended moving in tomorrow. Cause unknown; no insurance.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The following officers have been installed in Elmisdale, Kings Co., today: I. O. G. T. James White, C. T.; Mrs. L. A. Bostwick, V. T.; Mrs. W. W. Patterson, S. J. T.; Louisa White, treas.; Emeline Dunlop, fin. sec.; Jennie Rogers, sec.; Mahalah Vanwart, A. sec.; George Porter, M.; William Long, D. M.; Mary Rogers, G.; Fred Vanwart, S.; Geo. Rogers, P. C. T.; D. O. Macdonald, L. D. Elmisdale lodge, which was organized only a few months ago, has now a membership of forty-three.

TEXAS HEAT.

The Thermometer Sunday Registered Over Hundred and Eight.

Dallas, Texas, Aug. 15.—The sun went down last night on a parched and withered earth, the mercury registering 105. It came up boiling hot this morning, and at 10 o'clock it scored 104; at 3 o'clock this afternoon the mercury reached the unprecedented height of 108 degrees, the hottest ever on record for this section. Men panted like tired hounds from the chase, and sought in every way to avoid the intolerable heat. At 11 o'clock a little shower came with a gust of wind came upon the parched earth, which sent the thermometer down to 98, and gave the people hopes that this was the culminating day of the most extraordinary heat ever experienced in Texas.

CUBANS PLANS UPSET.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 15.—The seizure of the steamer Three Friends at Mayport by the United States authorities has upset the plans of the Cubans here entirely, and they are now waiting developments. Yesterday afternoon a special train was to leave here with about seventy Cubans, under command of Augusto Aerno. They were to meet the Three Friends somewhere between Jacksonville and Fernandina, but advised from Jacksonville they detained there. Everything was ready for them to leave today, but as the Three Friends is still held they will remain here until she is released.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE M. U. C. E. CONVENTION.

The annual convention of the Maritime Union Christian Endeavor society meets in the first Methodist church, Charlottetown, on September 1, 2 and 3. Each society of C. E. and E. L. of C. E. or other affiliated societies is entitled to send one delegate for whom free ticket will be provided if the name reaches G. Beer, Charlottetown, chairman of hostess committee, on or before Aug. 20th. A committee will meet delegates at Point du Chene and Pictou on Aug. 31, and they will be thus registered en route. The usual railway and boat rates on the certificate plan on the I. C. R. and P. E. I. and S. N. G. lines, also Nova Scotia lines, have been granted.

REVISORS SWORN IN.

The revisors were sworn in Thursday morning. They will hold a meeting at 7 o'clock each evening from October 20th to the 24th. Tenders for printing the lists were opened. The offers were: Telegraph Publishing Co., 3 cents per name; E. S. Carter, 1-1/2 cents, and G. W. Day 1-1/2 cents. Mr. Day's tender was accepted. The lists as now made up show the following number of voters:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Number. Includes Ward, Gays, Brooks, Sidner, Dukes, Kings, Wellington, Prince, Victoria, Dufferin, Latford, Lorne, Stathe, Non-residents, Total, Struck off, Total on list.

LET NO DOG BARK.

That distinguished person, the gentleman usher of the black rod, has officially requested those invited to the opening of parliament not to talk while the governor general's speech is being read at the capital. It will be seen, gets its lessons in good manners in public.

Latest news in THE WEEKLY SUN.

HARMONY HALL.

The Editor of the Telegraph as a Humorist.

Fellow Harry Presented by the President With a Muzzle.

The Case of the Esteemed Postmaster of Marsh Hill, Ontario.

"Mr. President, who writes the Harmony Hall reports for the Sun?" inquired one of the Fellows at Saturday evening's session.

"Well," said the President, hesitatingly, "it is not usual to give names in such cases. There might be some objection."

"Not the slightest objection in this case," observed the Historian. "Then," said the President, "of course I will answer the question. I have great pleasure in stating that the report was specially prepared for the Sun by the editor of the Telegraph."

"You don't say so?" cried the Fellow who had asked the question. "I'd never have thought it."

"You are entirely wrong in that last remark," said the President. "At least so far as recent editorials in the Telegraph are concerned. They are bubbling over with humor of the most refined type. Everybody is laughing at them. Take for example, this sentence from Saturday's issue: 'The tory excuse that can be urged on behalf of the tory newspapers 'who have been misrepresenting Mr. King and Mr. Blair is that they are morally and mentally incapable of understanding such noble and disinterested conduct as that displayed by Mr. King.'"

"Hal! hal! hal!" laughed Fellow Andrew G. and Fellow G. G. and both of them rose up and said: "The tory excuse that can be urged on behalf of the tory newspapers 'who have been misrepresenting Mr. King and Mr. Blair is that they are morally and mentally incapable of understanding such noble and disinterested conduct as that displayed by Mr. King.'"

"The plan of Mr. Bryan after his vacation include speeches in Baltimore, Erie, Cleveland and St. Louis. It is undecided whether the second New York speech will be made before Mr. Bryan goes west, or when he returns to speak in New England. He said tonight that it rested with the campaign committee to decide whether he speak in New York again."

The candidates' party spent the day very quietly. They attended the Presbyterian church in Irvington in company with General Samuel Thomas and Mrs. Thomas. It was not known that Mr. and Mrs. Bryan would be present, so that the congregation was of only its usual size.

The Rev. Mr. Ingraham preached. No political allusions were made in the sermon, and after the service the pastor and many others shook hands with Mr. and Mrs. Bryan. He said tonight that it rested with the campaign committee to decide whether he speak in New York again.

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mark. He has a rare sense of humor—has Fellow Andrew G.

"Mr. President," said a Queens county Fellow, "did you see that article in the Gleaser that part in about office holders taking part in political campaigns? It said that G. King, postmaster of Marsh Hill, Ontario, was taking an offensively partisan attitude in the Queens county campaign, and that Fellow Laurier would have to cut his head off. I want to say that if there should be a vacancy made in that post office I'd like to fill it—as I understand the next office in the direct line of promotion would be a senatorship. I have no hard feelings against the present postmaster for Marsh Hill, but if Fellow Laurier is bound by solemn pledges to put him out on account of his conduct I'd like to be next in the line of succession to that job and the senatorship."

"Fellow Laurier," said the president, "will bounce tory office holders only. The last speaker will kindly bear in mind that what is a crime in a tory is a virtue in one of us. How do you forget what is one of the cardinal principles of our Noble Order?"

The Queens county Fellow accepted the rebuke and went over and sat down alongside of Fellow Harry. Each of them assisted the other in adjusting his muzzle.

The Presidential Campaign.

Candidate Bryan Will Speak in Baltimore and St. Louis.

Major McKinley and Chairman Hanna have a Conference in Cleveland.

Irvington, N. Y., Aug. 15.—To the itineracy already published democratic candidate Bryan has added Baltimore and St. Louis. The fact that Baltimore has been added at the special request of Senator Gorman is evidence that pleasant relations exist between Mr. Bryan and the Maryland senator, and that Mr. Bryan will assist Senator Gorman in his Maryland campaign in return for assistance from the senator. Mr. Bryan was a trifle annoyed today by the story that he and Senator Jones were at logheads over the choice of national headquarters.

He intimated that while he had favored Chicago personally, he had not demanded its selection, but had left the choice to a number of democratic leaders, among them Governor Stone, Mr. Sewern, Senator Jones and Governor Angold, and that the majority had decided upon the western city, Washington, he said, would have a branch, and Senator Gorman would do a good deal of work there, in fact, as much as he could in view of his own campaign.

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Advertisement for Acme Davenport Single Barrel Breech Loading Gun, featuring an illustration of the gun and text describing its quality and price.

Advertisement for French Vinegar by JARDINE & CO., featuring an illustration of a bottle and text describing its purity and availability.

McKinley made no change in his plans. He will not take the stump in this campaign. It has been hinted that he might go to Milwaukee to address the convention of the republican league. He will not do so. Major McKinley will return to his home tomorrow and Mr. Hanna will start for New York tomorrow evening.

NEW ST. JUDE'S.

The Carlton Church Formally Opened Sunday Morning for Divine Service.

Afternoon Service Participated in by Archdeacon Briscoe, Rev. Messrs. Spike, Dicker and Raymond.

New St. Jude's church, Carlton, was opened on Sunday morning. The edifice is a neat and pretty one, and though it is not as large as its predecessor, yet it will comfortably accommodate quite a large congregation. The corner stone of the new building was laid a little over a year ago, on the 11th July, 1885. The church is not quite free from debt, but at the present exertions of the congregation are maintained the debt will soon be a matter of the past.

At the morning service the sermon was preached by the rector, Rev. Mr. Wythecombe, who took for his text Ps. cxviii, 1: "I was glad when they said to me, Let us go into the house of the Lord."

There had been a time when this was not possible for the native, though from the accession of David there had been a revival of religion. It was due to him that the ark, so long interred, should be brought up from Kirjath-jearim. Worship had been carried on at Gibeon, but God desired to be worshipped in His special place. David was at first prevented from bringing up the ark by an invasion of the Philistines. Then those who were not Levites sought to touch the ark, and an accident happened which all would remember. This showed the danger of carelessness in the things of religion.

David became displeased with God for the death of Uzzah, but after the defeat of the Philistines he returned to the idea of bringing up the ark to the city of God. When the work was accomplished David's heart was poured out in the psalm of rejoicing. His idea went further. He desired to build as a home for the national religion a temple in the city of Jerusalem. As his life was drawing to a close he felt more and more keenly the need of a house of cedar, while the ark of the Lord rested under a canopy of curtains. Hence he gathered together materials for the building of that temple, which he was destined never to see. His psalm, however, was destined to be sung at the opening of the grand building. As in this case, so with many of us, anticipation could afford happiness as well as misery. The edifice opened this morning was due to a sentiment of loyalty. But for this work there could have been nothing but a scattering of loaves here, which had happily been avoided. But it was love for God and a desire to maintain His worship which had resulted in the beautiful and convenient house in which they were assembled. At the opening of the great temple there must have been some who thought of David and how he would have felt upon that occasion. As there were always some who did not forget the dead, they might now think of some who had looked forward to this day, but who beheld it in another congregation.

We dare not contemplate what the loss to the world would have been if the ark had been carried back to Kirjath-jearim and the world had reverted to barbarism and ungodliness. It was true there was one place where there was no temple, St. John saw it from his lonely isle. But there the Lamb of God was the temple, and none other was needed. It did not strike us with the shock which the absence

of a place of worship in any city upon earth would do. Some argued that there was no necessity for a place of public worship, but history showed that the absence of such places caused a falling away from God. The song of a bird was not so glad and glorious as when it was joined with a choir. The pilgrim's journey was never so lonely when he had companions, and the worship of God was never more fervent than when others joined in the celebration. The church was erected for the purpose of there joining in common prayer. The great strength of the church was its community, which brought all together and touched all in some point. Was there sorrow? In the church there was healing for it. Was there sin? In the church there was pardon and cure for it. All might join and say "I was glad when they said unto me, Let us go into the house of the Lord."

In the afternoon service was held at 6 o'clock. An amalgamated choir added special interest to the occasion. The clergy who took part were Archdeacon Briscoe, Rev. H. M. Spike, A. G. H. Dicker, W. S. W. Raymond and the rector.

The sermon was preached by the venerable the archdeacon, who took for his text Ps. cxviii, 1: "I was glad when they said to me, Let us go into the house of the Lord."

The church was decorated with potted plants, and the interior is very neat. The walls and roof are finished in wood, with which the pulpit, reading desk and altar correspond. The pews are capacious and comfortable, and the church is excellently ventilated.

MASSACHUSETTS. S. S. King, Esq., Capt. Hebron, sailed yesterday for Liverpool. Mr. King, Esq., S. S. King, Esq., Capt. Hebron, sailed yesterday for Liverpool. Mr. King, Esq., S. S. King, Esq., Capt. Hebron, sailed yesterday for Liverpool. Mr. King, Esq., S. S. King, Esq., Capt. Hebron, sailed yesterday for Liverpool.

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