

CLOSE AT 1 SHARP SATURDAY.

St. John, N. B., August 2nd, 1905

RUSSIAN PEOPLE OPPOSED TO A HUMILIATING PEACE.

Emperor's Message Has Struck a Responsive Chord--Portsmouth Making Preparations For Peace Delegates.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 1, 2.30 a.m.—Emperor Nicholas' martial message to the Orenburg clergy, in which he expressed his determination never to conclude a peace dishonorable to Russia or unworthy of her greatness, and which was gazetted yesterday, is reprinted in every paper in Russia today. It has struck a responsive chord in many quarters, even among the friends of peace. The emperor's words, however, by no means bear out the construction placed upon them by the jubilant war party, nor do they at all exclude the idea of a successful termination of the approaching negotiations at Portsmouth, but they certainly strengthen the military spirit aroused by the cables versions of the State interviews and the cold figures representing the supposed extent of the contribution to be demanded by Japan. Subsequent explanations have failed to efface the idea of oppression entirely, and many voices have been raised to urge the government to resist too onerous conditions. For example, the merchants of Moscow, who are largely Old Believers, and who control much of the wealth of the nation, are sending an address to the emperor, in which they express confidence that the army will defend Russia's honor and that a humiliating peace will not be made. While many influences tending to unify the nation, if it should be necessary to continue the war evidently in operation, no disposition is shown to anticipate the results of the peace conference nor to make the task of the commissioners more difficult and Mr. Witte's presence at the head of the mission is regarded as a guarantee that acceptance of a basis of peace will be found if possible.

In significant connection with the peace conference is the meeting of the Emperor's chosen counsellors, twenty-two in number, representative of both the liberal and conservative schools, as well as the ministers, which will be held tomorrow, a day earlier than expected, to pass their verdict on the national assembly project. The deliberations probably will continue a week, perhaps longer, but the Emperor wishes to reach a conclusion before the birthday of Grand Duke Nikolalevitch, heir to the throne, Aug. 12, and a manifesto generally is expected on that day. The promulgation of an assembly project would make the acceptance of the decision of the peace conference, either for or against peace, much easier. Several papers today comment on the proposition to make the Baltic a mare clausum. The question is generally regarded as one between Great Britain and Germany, in which Russia is a disinterested spectator.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., July 31.—The arrival here next Monday of the Russian and Japanese envoys will probably be one of the interesting events in the history of this old New England city. Arrangements for their reception were practically completed today by Assistant Secretary of State Pelere and Governor McLean. The two ships bearing the envoys are expected to arrive in the harbor at ten o'clock, after an unusually slow run from Oyster Bay. As soon as the Mayflower with the Russian representatives on board and the Dolphin bearing those from Japan, have anchored off the navy yard, Rear Admiral W. W. Meade will then visit both vessels, going first to the Mayflower and then to the Dolphin. Upon his return to the navy yard the two will land from their respective vessels, and as they go over the side the Mayflower and Dolphin will each fire a salute of 19 guns. The salutes will be repeated upon their arrival at the navy yard, which will be at about 11 o'clock. After they have returned the call of Admiral Meade, breakfast will be served at the General Stores building. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon carriages will be taken to Portsmouth, the envoys being driven through Kittery and over the long bridge at the head of the harbor. The formal welcome to the state of New Hampshire will be extended by Governor McLane at the Rockingham county court house on State street. The envoys will then be taken in automobiles to their permanent quarters at Hotel Wentworth. It is expected that a detail of the New Hampshire militia will act as guard at the court house, but this matter will be definitely settled at the regular meeting of the governor and council at Concord on Wednesday.

OSYSTER Bay, July 31.—Baron Rosen, who recently succeeded Count Cassini as the Russian ambassador to the United States and who is associated with the committee of ministers, as one of the envoys to the Washington peace conference, was a guest today of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt at luncheon. He remained at Sagamore Hill for several hours, during only a part of that time was he in conference with the president. The ambassador's visit to the president was for the purpose of making arrangements to present formally his confere on the peace conference. Mr. Witte, who is expected to arrive in this country tomorrow evening or Wednesday. The desire of Baron Rosen is to present to the president Mr. Witte precisely as Baron Komura was presented last week by Minister Takahira, in advance of the formal reception which President Roosevelt will tender the peace envoys, and their suites on board the cruiser Mayflower next Saturday.

Baron Rosen arrived in Oyster Bay at 12.20 on a Long Island R. R. train from New York. He was met at the station by confidential messengers of the president, who conducted him to an open survey which the president had sent to the station for him and for Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture, who arrived on the same train. It was arranged by the president and Baron Rosen that Mr. Witte should pay a formal call to Oyster Bay by Ambassador Rosen. They will be the guests at luncheon of the president and Mrs. Roosevelt and will have an interview during the afternoon to discuss the pending peace negotiations. Baron Rosen returned to New York on the train leaving Oyster Bay at 4.20 p. m. He declined to discuss his interview with the president, saying that it would be improper for him to make public any diplomatic matter. He consented cordially to pose with Secretary Wilson for a photograph and remarked as the camera snapped: "It does not take long, does it?"

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Mr. Hlcki, secretary of the Japanese legation, called at the state and war departments today to present Colonel K. Takahara, the navy military attache of the legation, who will act as military adviser to the Japanese members of the peace conference at Portsmouth.

ANOTHER MAY RECOVER; BOSTON, July 30.—Dr. J. W. Johnson, the physician attending Ezekiel Butterworth, the author and poet, who is ill at his home, 25 Worcester street, this city, expressed tonight a hope of the author's ultimate recovery. Mr. Butterworth is suffering from nervous prostration.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—The international cricket match between the Marylebone eleven of England and the Gentlemen of Philadelphia was resumed today on the grounds of the Marion Cricket Club at Hartford. P. H. Stark, the not out of Saturday, and W. B. Morice opened the batting for the locals. When play began today Philadelphia led by 207 runs. Rain during the night followed by warm sun today improved the wicket.

BORDEUAX XTREME For Killing Potato Bugs And Preventing Rust. Is now becoming generally used. It is the best as well as the cheapest. Every farmer should have the recipe, which is as follows: 6 pounds Blue Vitriol, 4 pounds Unslacked Lime, 4 ounces Paris Green, 30 Imperial gallons of Water, to be thoroughly mixed and used freely. We can quote very low prices on Blue Vitriol and Paris Green W. H. Thorne & Co. Ltd

COMPARED CANADIAN WITH AMERICAN CITIES.

Rev. Frank Baird Tells of Impressions Received During Extensive Tour—Other News of Sussex.

SUSSEX, July 31.—The evening service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday was of unusual interest, and was largely attended. Rev. Mr. Baird gave impressions of his six weeks' holiday spent in Canadian and American cities. After referring briefly to Quebec, Montreal and Ottawa the reverend gentleman proceeded to give an interesting comparative study of the religious life, as he saw it, of the cities of Toronto and New York. It was pointed out that the church and religion were much larger factors in the Canadian than in the American cities. The mayor is a Sunday school superintendent, the governor is an elder. The premises of the province, as well as many of his cabinet, are all prominent church workers.

In New York the conditions were quite different. It was exceedingly difficult there to trace the church connection of any of the prominent civic or business officials. Everything in New York of the immense business houses, some of which are sixty feet higher than the tallest church steeple. In a sense was shown to be typical of the religious things in the great city. Interesting comparisons were also drawn between the art galleries of New York and those of the old country, nearly all of which Mr. Baird has visited.

In making applications and deducing lessons from what had been seen of the religious life of the foreign element in New York, a note of warning was sounded lest, in our zeal to please our own country, we make the mistake of New York, where, in elections, the foreign vote exceeds the native-born by almost 100,000.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine E. McPeters of St. John, N. B., who died here last Saturday morning, was held this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. H. Dryden, interment being at Kirk Hill cemetery. Rev. Mr. Camp conducted the services.

W. A. Magee returned today from the west, where he has spent the last two years in Montana, British Columbia and Alberta. From an agricultural point of view he considers the Canadian west a wonderfully rich country, and the prospects this year are excellent for a very heavy crop. Chester Clear of Boston is spending a few days here. Mr. and Mrs. John Corbett of Moncton spent Sunday here. Miss Mary Spear and Miss Mitchell of St. John spent Sunday at Miss Spear's home. Miss Helen Turner of Belle Verte, who has been visiting Miss Magee, returned to her home today. Geo. Conroy and family leave tomorrow to spend a week at "Squirrel Cot," Chisholm Lake. Miss McCain, who has been visiting Miss Mabel Wilson, left today for her home at "Squirrel Cot."

QUARTERLY MEETING OF WOODSTOCK DEANERY.

The deanery of Woodstock held its quarterly meeting in St. George's church on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 25 and 26. Rev. F. M. C. Bell, who Rev. J. C. Koon and Rev. H. G. Alder of Woodstock, Rev. E. E. F. Ellwelling of Canterbury, Rev. E. M. Simons of Centreville, and M. A. F. Watkins, lay reader, from Centreville, Everson, and St. George's, were present on Tuesday at eight o'clock, the preacher being Rev. J. C. Koon. Wednesday morning there was a celebration of the holy communion at eight o'clock, Archdeacon Neale and Rev. F. M. C. Bell. After the communion the clergy breakfasted together as the guests of Robert Wallace. The business sessions were held morning and afternoon. A paper read on various points discussed as regards the Greek testament and the Book of Common Prayer. Wednesday evening evangelistic sessions were held, the preacher being Rev. E. M. Simons. Special music was sung by the choir at each service and great credit is due to them for their efforts. Large congregations were present at the services, especially on Wednesday evening and it was felt on all hands that the meeting had been a great success. Extensive alterations and improvements were made in St. George's church in preparation for the many years have been removed, platform built to serve as chancel and sanctuary, and a new communion table and other new furniture ordered for the church. The cost of the improvements and of the furniture valued in hundred dollars, is being borne by the Women's Aid Association of St. George's church, and the work was done free of charge by the men of the congregation.

MR. LEGERE'S APPOINTMENT.

J. A. Legere, C. E., who has been for the last year or two assistant engineer for the northern counties of New Brunswick, has been appointed superintendent engineer for the maritime provinces, with headquarters in Halifax. As Mr. Legere is one of the youngest engineers on the staff and has not done anything that indicates superior ability, it is evident that his promotion is the result of a political pull. The experienced engineers who have been placed under the superintendency of our young friend, fresh from college, must feel a deep sense of humiliation—Chatham World.

TO FIND WORK FOR SOLDIER IMMIGRANTS.

TORONTO, Ont., July 31.—At the opening meeting of the Army and Navy Veterans' Association tonight it was decided to establish a bureau to assist young English soldiers coming to Canada to obtain work. It is stated that a large number of these athletic young Britishers among immigrants arrived recently and that many of them, being unable to obtain employment, returned to the old country on cattle boats. Refrains is expressed that this condition of affairs should exist and a committee was appointed to draft plans for a reliable employment bureau under supervision of the association.

BISHOP'S FUNERAL.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 31.—The funeral of Bishop I. W. Joyce of the Methodist Episcopal church was held today, beginning with private services at the family home at noon and continuing with a public service this afternoon at Wesley church. Rev. Fayette L. Thompson directed the services.

SYDNEY GARNIVAL OPENED BY GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Earl Grey Welcomed to Cape Breton-- French Warships Fired Salute--Visit to Iron and Steel Works.

(Special to the Sun.) SYDNEY, July 31.—The Sydney carnival was opened by Earl Grey, the governor general of Canada, this afternoon under favorable circumstances. The weather was fine and three thousand people were in attendance. Their Excellencies and party were met by Mayor Fullerton and the City Council and a detachment of the 94th Argyle Highlanders, who acted as a guard of honor. The landing was greeted by a salute from the French warships Troude and Chassouy Laubart and the 17th Field Battery. The party were then conveyed to Victoria Park, where His Worship Mayor Fullerton, on behalf of the city, presented His Excellency with an address of welcome. In responding, His Excellency thanked the citizens for the welcome which had been extended him as the representative of the King, and then proceeded by saying: "It had long been his ambition to visit Cape Breton, which history had canonized for all time with an imperishable halo of adventure, endurance, romance and heroism."

QUEBEC A FINE STATE IN AMERICAN UNION.

Mr. Monet, Ex-M. P., Gives Expression to His Opinions Concerning Future of French Canadians. MONTREAL, July 30.—"Would not the province of Quebec be a fine State in the American Union? A State where you would be as much at home as we are today in Rhode Island, in Massachusetts, in New Hampshire?" The above is an exact quotation from a speech delivered by D. Monet, ex-M. P., and now M. L. A. for Napierville, in the Franco-American picnic held on Thursday at Crescent Park, Rhode Island. "Will we be eternally a British colony?" asked Mr. Monet. "Certainly not," he replied, "for in fifty years the population of Canada will be twice as much as most of the independent States of Europe. Will we then be annexed to the United States, or will we rather take rank amongst the independent countries of the world? Whatever the future may be, or even the long status quo, which is reserved to us, we have only one ambition, and that is to play a preponderant role in the changes that will take place in Canada's destiny. We cannot hope to lead, as the Canadian West will certainly overflow us, there is no possible addition under the discussion which took place last week at the banquet of the two new provinces. "We must therefore conserve as faithfully as possible our national character. We must improve and render popular our system of primary education in the province of Quebec. To do all this we must count on the moral support and sympathy of the French Canadian people of the United States. If the millions of our compatriots who reside in the States conserve our tongue and their national character, in fifty years' time will there not be at least ten or twelve million French Canadians in this continent, and then what element will be sufficiently strong to get along without us in Canada? "If it is annexation to the States the only condition that we must have for us, if, however, it is independence, we will then try to exchange with the government at Washington our English province of Western Canada for the French Canadian States of New England."

THE CORNER IN JULY WHEAT.

Ended Yesterday With the Close of the Grain Exchange in Winnipeg—What It Has Cost. WINNIPEG, July 31.—The "corner" in July wheat ended today with the close of the grain exchange at Winnipeg. This terminates for the time being, at least, the first successful corner ever engineered in Canadian grain. The agony is over, and those who sold wheat which they did not own know approximately what the amusement costs, but the public will never know, as there have been private settlements made from day to day at prices all the way up to \$1.33. There is a well grounded idea abroad among men that there is also a very considerable short interest in August, which, however, has been accumulating in a different way, as August is not what is known as a speculative option month, such as July. The August sales of wheat, especially to eastern and foreign mills, who must have the wheat for milling purposes, is reported to be considerable, but as these sales were made in the way of supply and demand, and though large in the aggregate, yet in small lots, it is not likely that any sensational advances will again be recorded, but this too cannot be definitely determined until the last few days of August draw near. A general review of the situation brings out the following points: that there is scarcely a bushel of contract wheat in the farmers' hands, and practically all the high grade wheat is now owned by the Ogilvie company, and the Ontario millers and foreign companies must come to them for what wheat they require.

EASTPORT OFFICERS MAKE SEIZURES.

EASTPORT, July 30.—Deputy Marshal and Deputy Sheriff J. Lincoln Parker had an eye out Saturday for shipments of alcoholic beverages into the city for it is usually on that day that more business in pocket peddling is anticipated than on so many strangers here. While no large consignments reached here by steamer from Boston the officer did, however, manage to discover a suspicious barrel and on opening it found it contained 124 pints of whiskey which he took under his protection and placed in the storehouse at police headquarters with other seizures of the kind that he had made in the past. There is yet to be a barroom in the city and one of the hardest hunts to find any kind of a drink, while it is even more difficult to buy a bottle of the "pizen" with such a close watch being kept by the different officers. There are of course a few places that have somewhat of a suspicious look, but as yet no direct evidence has been gathered in and no arrest made, but there may be "something doing" later.

STILL NO TRACE.

WOLFEBORO, N. H., July 30.—Search was continued today for Miss Mary A. Tucker, a Providence, R. I., woman who disappeared from her cottage at Camp Ossipee, Lake Umbagog, last Tuesday. A bundle containing a shawl, identified as Miss Tucker's, was found in the woods near Milton, 20 miles from here, but other than that there has been no trace of the missing woman. The police of all the towns and cities in southern New Hampshire have been asked to aid in the search.

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A correspondent writing from Victoria, B. C., under date of July 15 says: "I was now the Baptist convention of British Columbia is taking place in Calgary Baptist church here, and maritime province people form a good proportion of the membership. The president of the convention, C. A. Stevens, either for Kamloops, or Colchester, P. M. R. or for the absorption of it. A similar situation prevails now. The C. P. R. states that it is not negotiating any arrangements as reported with either the Great Northern system or with the Pere Marquette, which is a part of that system.—Montreal Gazette.

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Selling Men's Suits Worth \$6 to \$10 for \$3.95, \$5, \$6 and \$8.00. We're not only talking men's suits, but selling them like "hot cakes." It would seem as though people were just waiting for the sale which they know always means a genuine saving. Most of those suits are suitable for wear any time of year. Better see them tonight! Remember these suits are regular \$6 to \$10 suits. NOW Selling for \$3.95, \$5, \$6 and \$8.00.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier, 199 and 201 Union St.

WHEAT CROP OF THE NORTH WEST. C. P. R. Convinced That it Will Reach 90,000,000 Bushels Mark—Extensive Preparations to Handle It. As the season advances, the C. P. R., taking its crop reports as a basis of calculation, is more firmly convinced that the wheat yield of the Northwest and Manitoba will reach the 90,000,000 bushels mark. The movement of such an amount of grain implies a task which is almost inconceivable. A box car measuring 36 feet inside, with width and height proportionate, will hold in the neighborhood of 1,000 bushels of grain. Taking this as a fair figure, although many box cars are much smaller, it would require 90,000 cars to move the crop which is reasonably expected, if all the grain were to be moved at once. This would mean 3,000 trains, with a train of 30 cars. The rush movement, however, begins towards the end of September and continues until November. At present the C. P. R. has from 11,000 to 12,000 box cars on its lines west of Port Arthur. This number will be supplemented by 3,000 or 4,000 by the time harvesting is well advanced. The company will, therefore, have upwards of 15,000 box cars in the west ready for the conveyance of grain to Port Arthur and Port Arthur. Every day there are from 25 to 30 empty box cars going west from the company's eastern lines, in accordance with the time regular loaded cars, many of these being from Angus shops, where an output of 20 box cars a day is going on. It is true the western freight movement is much heavier than in former years, and for this reason cars are sent loaded with general freight to the west and brought east loaded with grain, but with so enormous a movement of grain to Port Arthur, it is necessary to make every provision for handling that portion of the business it secures, and to do so it is sending out large numbers of empty cars. The C. P. R., of course, is not the only route by which grain travels eastward. The Canadian Northern carries considerable, while the way goes by way of St. Paul and Chicago, but calculating on the business it is certain of handling, the company estimates that beginning toward the latter part of September, it will have approximately 4,000 cars daily east of Winnipeg to meet requirements. This movement will last until November. During the winter, conditions will grow easier, and the grain which is stored by the farmers west of Winnipeg will be moved by all-rail route to Montreal and St. John.

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WANT B. T. P. EXTENDED TO HALIFAX. HALIFAX, N. S., July 30.—Following some criticism of Halifax by the royal transportation commission, which met here on Tuesday, the following telegram was sent yesterday by Deputy Mayor Johnson to Mayor MacDuff, now on his way home from Winnipeg: "Commercial committee of city council and board of trade request you to call on General Manager Hays to find out what Nova Scotia and Halifax can do to induce him to continue the railway from Moncton to Truro and Halifax, and if possible, to get him to visit Halifax or send expert to look over ground."

MARITIME PROVINCE PEOPLE IN THE WEST. A correspondent writing from Victoria, B. C., under date of July 15 says: "I was now the Baptist convention of British Columbia is taking place in Calgary Baptist church here, and maritime province people form a good proportion of the membership. The president of the convention, C. A. Stevens, either for Kamloops, or Colchester, P. M. R. or for the absorption of it. A similar situation prevails now. The C. P. R. states that it is not negotiating any arrangements as reported with either the Great Northern system or with the Pere Marquette, which is a part of that system.—Montreal Gazette.

SCRR. LYRA WRECKED. The two-masted schooner Lyra, Capt. George E. Evans, of St. John, went ashore at Starboard Island, Machias Bay, Saturday morning, and is believed will be a total loss. The Lyra had sailed from St. John loaded with lumber for the Cushing Company, having loaded here some days ago. The word reached the city on Saturday. The Lyra was a vessel of 99 tons register and was built at Cambridge, N. B., in 1883. She was owned by Capt. Evans, whose home in this city is at 25 Seely street.

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

To cure Headache in ten minutes use Kumfort Headache Powders, 10 cents.

A patient at the General Public Hospital caused some excitement about one o'clock yesterday morning by jumping out of a window. This individual was suffering from a cut on the head and in a temporary state of unrest got out of his bed, opened the window and sprang out. The doctor and night nurse, assisted by some passers by, however, caught the man, and he was taken back unharmed. The ward was on the ground floor, so that he wasn't injured by his leap.

The hull of the new steamer Hampton, which is to replace the Clifton, was towed to the city from Hampton yesterday afternoon. After the boiler had been placed in her the Hampton will be taken up river again and the necessary work about her completed. When this is done the engine will be put in position. As yet the after-houses is the only part of the boat's upper works unshipped. It is expected that the river before navigation closes for the season, but she will not be put on the route until next spring.

"OZONE SOLUTION"—SPECIAL OFFER.

There is just one way by which you can get a package of "Celery King" free with a bottle of "Ozone." That is ask your druggist for "Solution of Ozone, the coupon kind." Each bottle of this contains a coupon, for which we send you a full twenty-five cent package of "Celery King." Never take "Ozone" without "Celery King" if you want the best results. We are putting coupons in our "Ozone" good for "Celery King" because no other dealer or firm in the world has the right to manufacture "Celery King" but ourselves, and no other remedy in the world will give such good results. "Celery King" is a tonic laxative. Ask your druggist for "Solution of Ozone, the coupon kind," manufactured by the Public Drug Co., Bridgeburg, Ont.

A KITTEN GOES TO JAIL.

There arrived in the north end police station on Saturday a drunk and a kitten. The officers know how the first came in, but cannot account for the appearance of the small feline. The first they saw of it was when they brought some water to the prisoner, and there on his knee gambolled a little kitten of unknown breed, but inclined to the mongrel stock. The kitten seemed quite satisfied with its habitation, and refused to come out into a more congenial atmosphere in spite of the wiles exercised by the officers. The kitten shared the bed and board of its friend, and when he went in the morning it was disconsolate. He returned later in the day with a quarter pound of juicy beefsteak, so the kitten accepted this in lieu of his companionship, and signified her contentment by a gentle purr. It is now a steady inmate of the station, if not the cells.

OTTAWA, July 28.—The Dominion government has had under consideration the mail contract between Canada and Britain. It is understood that a decision has been reached that in future contracts the mail steamers must call at Sydney (C. B.) to deliver the mails during that period of the year when they run north of Belle Isle. From Sydney the mails will be forwarded to Montreal by special train, the same as was done recently. When the mail steamers run north of Belle Isle, then the mails will be landed at Rimouski, the same as at present. H. A. Allan, of the Allan line was here today conferring with the government in regard to this matter.

DID IT PAY TO DISCOVER AMERICA? The discovery of America cost just \$7,000—\$3,000 for Columbus' fleet, \$200 for the ship's crew, \$300 each for the two captains accompanying the expedition, and \$2.50 per month for the several members of the crew. And yet there are folks who say that no legitimate investment can possibly pay more than 6 per cent.—Cent Per Cent for August.

HE'LL CATCH UP. (Philadelphia Ledger.) "Hello! Where are you walking in such a hurry?" "Fellow, he stole my auto and went down this road."

"But surely you don't expect to overtake him on foot?" "Sure. He forgot to take the repair kit with him."

PAULINE AT EASTPORT. EASTPORT, Me., July 20.—Tuesday evening Pauline, the noted typist and mind reader, will open a three nights' engagement at Memorial Opera House and the city is well billed for his coming. It is stated that some remarkable feats in mind reading will be introduced, many of which have not yet been seen in this city before, and in the hypnotic entertainment he will put on some very amusing as well as instructive features which will give satisfaction and prove that he is one of the best on the road in his line. A performance of this kind is usually well attended and it is probable that Pauline will be greeted with a large audience.

BISHOP DYING. NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 30.—Bishop R. K. Hargrove of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, is reported in a dying condition at his home here. Infirmities of old age caused the bishop to resign the presidency of Vanderbilt University board of trust this spring.

Piles. To prove so you must Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is the only absolute cure for each and every form of Piles. It is the only medicine that has been guaranteed to cure the disease in ten days. You can get it at all dealers of EDWARDS, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment. The manufacturers have guaranteed to cure the disease in ten days. You can get it at all dealers of EDWARDS, BATES & Co., Toronto.

The New Fog Whistle Now Being Installed at Lepreaux.

A Very Expensive Plant is About Completed—Whistle Can Be Heard 25 Miles—Mr. Thomas Resigns And Will Go West.

In about a week's time the construction work at Point Lepreaux which has been going on since last fall will be completed. The principal work has been the installing of a new compressed air fog whistle to take the place of the old steam whistle. For this purpose two large additions have been made to the original engine house and a large reservoir has been built outside the building. All the buildings have been newly painted and other improvements made. The whole cost of the work is said to be something over fifty thousand dollars.

The present lighthouse at the point, which was built a few years ago, has always given good satisfaction. It contains six large lights revolving once a minute, so that some time during each revolution a light is thrown in all directions. The machinery used to run the lights is the same in principle as the works of the old-fashioned clock. From the balcony of this lighthouse, which stands on an eminence a short distance north of the engine house, may be seen number of points of the historic islands. A few rods to the north is a small cape which for a hundred years or more has been occupied each winter by certain members of the Passamaquoddy tribe of Indians who remain only during the season for porpoise hunting. These Indians come from Pleasant Point, just across from Pleasant Point, where is situated the Indian reservation of which only about 400 representatives now remain. Parties of these Indians were known to have made excursions down to the point to the happy hunting grounds and the custom is still kept up. The old men around the point who became acquainted with these Indian visitors in earlier days have noticed of late years that some of the older members of the party were found to be missing and their places filled by youths. One by one they learned of their departure for the happy hunting grounds until today the swarthy faces familiar to many years to the older men about Lepreaux Point have all disappeared and their places are filled by strangers. These Indians are described as a most industrious race. They have been found to be very quiet and respectable citizens and their canoes have come to be rather a welcome sight as they approach the point to year in the month of November to pursue their peaceful calling.

In the opposite direction from the Indian Point, a few rods away, loom up a number of ridges which less than a quarter of a mile from the old State of Maine lay for three months in a helpless and hopeless condition. This wreck, it will be remembered, took place on the rocks of July, 1888. It cost the owners of the steamer over \$50,000 to undo what was done in a few seconds' time.

At the time of this wreck Mr. Thomas, as fog whistle keeper, the present lighthouse keeper, had the fog whistle and lived on the point in the house now occupied by his son. It was during the time the State of Maine was lying on the rocks that George Thomas was appointed to the position of light-house keeper, his father having died suddenly while he was home on a visit. The same position was held previously by his father, who had charge of the first lighthouse on the point.

The new compressed air whistle is a rather complicated and expensive affair. In the engine house have been installed five new American air compressors, three of high pressure and two of low pressure. These are operated by steam power, only two of them—one of each kind—being kept in operation at once. The other compressors are kept in reserve in case of anything going wrong with the machinery. The air is pumped into the compressor with considerable force through large strainers, and pumped out into tanks placed outside the building. It is from these tanks, which are three in number, that the compressed air is drawn to produce the whistle. The air in the two larger tanks, which are 12 feet long and about 18 feet in circumference, is under a pressure of 30 pounds to the square inch. In the third tank, which is considerably smaller, the air has a pressure of 50 pounds to the square inch. From all three tanks the air is carried in pipes which meet in the diaphane of the trumpet, the lower pressure from below, the higher pressure from above. The air, coming in contact with a rapidly revolving piston set in the diaphane, cause the whistle to sound. The megaphone, or trumpet, is 5 feet 3 inches in length, having a 3 inch diaphane and a 14 inch resonator. The whistle blows once a minute, giving 12-2 second blasts.

There have been quite often at the point continuous fogs for 50 hours, during which time the whistle has blown constantly. During the month of July, when the whistle was kept in operation 350 hours, while in the same month this year there was only about 250 hours of fog.

The new whistle is guaranteed to throw the sound twenty-five miles out to sea, which is considerably better than the old one would do. Vessels near the shore, however, cannot hear it so distinctly as they could the old one. A few days ago a sea captain off Grand Manan, over twenty-one miles away, heard the whistle from the point very clearly.

The compressed air in the boilers will last for a space of sixty hours when the whistle is not in operation. While the whistle is going steam must be kept up constantly, keeping the compressors at work.

WOLFVILLE NEWS.

WOLFVILLE, July 31.—Invitations are out to the marriage of Professor Frank R. Higgins, teacher of mathematics at the Indiana State Normal College, son of the late Dr. D. F. Higgins, for many years professor of mathematics at Acadia, to Miss Idella Hope Vickroy, daughter of James M. Vickroy of Terre Haute, at eight o'clock August 9th.

George Roy, a well known and respected citizen of New Minas, died on Monday, aged 73 years. Mrs. A. N. Griffin and Mrs. Caspard Roy and daughters, William Roy, who resides on the homestead, is the only brother. A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday at night, when Miss Laura Messenger was united in marriage to J. Joseph Rudolf, merchant of Lunenburg. After the ceremony, which was performed in the presence of a number of friends by the Rev. F. M. Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Rudolf left for St. John and the upper provinces.

Frank Dennison of Montreal, who has been a frequent visitor here, has gone to St. John. Rev. D. E. Hatt of Canard has returned from Liverpool much improved in health, and will resume his pastoral duties at night.

C. D. Wilson of Macaulay, B. N., and bride, who have been spending a week at Kentville, have returned to Macaulay. A quiet wedding took place at Scott's Bay on Tuesday, when Dr. J. D. Legge was united in marriage to Alfred Corbin of Berwick.

Rev. J. F. LaFramme, returned minister of St. John, has returned from a trip to Ontario and St. John. Rev. H. H. Saunders has returned to Clarence from a successful canvass in the St. John district. Lewis A. Bilby, who was recently at his home at Billtown, was taken with a terrible pain in his hip, and death came in 24 hours. His wife and daughter were with him at the time of his death.

A very interesting event took place at Fairholme, Colchester Co., when Miss Winifred Bell was united in marriage to Frederick L. Murray, chief ranger of the Royal Bank of Canada at Sackville.

Miss Jennie Jewett, who has been engaged in the business firm of Miss Jewett at Kentville for some years, has returned to her home at Fairholme, N. B., for a short time before going to visit relatives at Edmonton, Alberta.

The engagement of Miss Nora Black, daughter of Mr. Black, Windsor, is announced to William Begg, barrister, at Sydney, C. B.

Rev. T. W. Savery, rector at Winnipeg, and bride are visiting at the home of their father, Judge Savery, at Annapolis.

TYPES OF LONDON LIFE.

The following is the eighth of a series of sketches of life in the great city of London, written by a member of the Star staff, who while engaged in newspaper work in that city was brought into intimate acquaintance with the types described.

No. 8.—THE NEWSBOY. "Orrible slorter of the British. One man and two dawgs killed." This was the sensational and alarming announcement sent me thinking that some very interesting information might be got from one of these young fellows; so selecting my victim, I got him to tell me the story of the "Newsboy."

"Buy a paper, Kernell!" "All the latest war lies!" "Yer don't want one?" "Garn, yer ain't got the bloom'n' price!" "Does I want ter make a bit of money, I think so. I beg yer pardon, Milford, for gassin' likes I did ter yer." "Yer wants ter know how I earn my livin'?" Why, a sellin' newspapers, and I don't get nothin' out of it. I use ter get, Oh, ah! its bin much better lately, and if this 'ere war would only last for a bit 'ere 'ave a chance of gettin' our own back a bit. I always sticks ter the City, 'cause I 'as my reglar beat, and the I make a decent bit out collectin' 'alps' for the torfs what 'as a bit on with the bookies. Yer see, I'm much safer lettin' the likes of me do this 'ere for 'em, for the coppers are always after the 'bookies' and doin' troubles us much. Oh! I only works for one bookie, o' course—'e keeps the apper end of the book. 'O'ah, ah, I beg yer pardon, 'ere's many a toff goin' to do with his brass; no offence, Kernell."

"I only sells the 'evenin' papers, but that means startin' early enuff, as the 'evenin' papers, generally comes out arter eight o'clock in the mornin'. I always goes ter fer fetch mine, and when I make I makes straight fer this 'ere pitch, where I 'ave been fer years. Yer 'as got my reglar customers, and they wouldn't flink of buyin' off any other bookie."

"Why, when I was laid up for a week last year, believe me, lots of 'em never bought a paper the whole time! Oh, it's a terrible trade, 'ere's the gloves Sir Henry, I does a bit with 'em in the evenings, and I reckoned a bit 'andy with the mauls. Only once did some one get 'ere afore me, and believe me, 'e was a toff, but it's pretty soon; I was just a toff, but 'e 'as 'er own 'ere called time. In course, times like the present, is a terrible trade, 'ere's the gloves Sir Henry, I does a bit with 'em in the evenings, and I reckoned a bit 'andy with the mauls. Only once did some one get 'ere afore me, and believe me, 'e was a toff, but it's pretty soon; I was just a toff, but 'e 'as 'er own 'ere called time. In course, times like the present, is a terrible trade, 'ere's the gloves Sir Henry, I does a bit with 'em in the evenings, and I reckoned a bit 'andy with the mauls. 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WHAT ST. JOHN WOMEN WEAR, AND ARE LIKELY TO WEAR.

A little Common sense Chat, not on New York or Paris Styles, but Home Styles.

By POLLY CADABOUT.

MANY ARE READY FOR THE WEST.

C. P. R. Getting Lots of Applications

Excursions—Five Thousand From the Provinces.

GOING A LONG WAY TO GET FATHER'S CONSENT

John Colgan Making a Trip from Boston to P. E. I. Because He Wants to Wed Miss Perry.

How to Cure A Burn

Apply Pond's Extract—the old family doctor—it will relieve the inflammation, soothe the pain, and prevent the burn from becoming serious. It is the best remedy for burns, scalds, sunburn, and all other skin troubles. It is sold in every drug store.

ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE.

RUSSIA IS STANDING AT THE PARTING OF THE WAYS

Constitutional Monarchy or a Continued Autocracy With An Advisory Body Elected By The People.

NOTICE.

The Canvassers and Collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The Manager hopes that all subscribers in arrears will pay when called on.

EDGAR CANNING in Albert and Westmorland Counties, N. B.
F. S. CHAPMAN in Kings Co. N. B.
J. E. AUSTIN, in Sunbury & Queens

BARRING THE SHOPPING SLUMP WHICH FOLLOWS CHRISTMAS, this is about the most uninteresting period in the whole year. Then I start out of an afternoon and meander through the shops I begin to feel weary, and frequently find myself wishing for September, so that I may nose about among the new goods. All one sees nowadays are lines of fabrics and clothing of which we read so much and which we have ogled out of contentment since early May. They are stale to us now, and certainly they have served their day and generation. It almost seems as if the storekeepers, too, were tired of seeing them linger around, for many advertisements announce great price-cutting, and yet, after all, this is a good procedure, for if these summery materials and garments remain over winter they are very likely relegated to the shelves of old-fashioned when spring arrives. While retail establishments are drifting along, as it were, until the fall show commences, the large wholesale concerns are throbbing with business—bright, new, fresh goods are being handled, and they are sure that they have not been privileged to feast my eyes on the monstrous array.

It has been announced by the C. P. R. that at least thirty thousand extra men will be required in the Northwest during the next few months to assist in garnering the immense crop of wheat. Five thousand of these laborers will be wanted from the maritime provinces, and the officers of the C. P. R. passenger department are now beginning to size up the situation. Since they are being held up all along the line, and that it looks as though half the people of the provinces were getting ready to move. Last year about thirty-seven hundred people went from St. John, and this year five thousand will be required. The present indications are that fully this number will be ready to go.

FATHER SAVAGE, OF SUSSEX, SUCCEEDS FATHER MEAHAN.

(Special Cable to the Star.)
MOSCOW, July 23.—The disposition of the Russians of the educated classes to insist upon the holding of the Zemstvo at the disposal of the autocratic and despotic forces in Russia to prevent these gatherings has created a situation as interesting if not more interesting than anything that has heretofore developed in the history of the Russian Empire. Leaving the question as to which side the Czar will ultimately decide in favor of a limited monarchy or a continued autocracy, it is apparent that the disposition of the educated classes in Russia to insist upon the holding of the Zemstvo at the disposal of the autocratic and despotic forces in Russia to prevent these gatherings has created a situation as interesting if not more interesting than anything that has heretofore developed in the history of the Russian Empire.

ST. ANDREWS.

ST. ANDREWS, July 27.—Mrs. King, widow of the late Judge King, and Miss King, Toronto, arrived by C. P. R. today to visit Lady Tilley at Linden Grove.

On Wednesday the St. Stephen Methodist Sunday school scholars, teachers and friends, under charge of Colonel John D. Chipman, numbering over three hundred, came down river on the steamer "Lafayette" to St. John. Mr. H. P. Eaton, Toronto, was an excellent time picnicking in the park. Late in the afternoon a sudden downpour of rain caused a stampede for shelter to the C. P. R. station house and freight shed.

against it in any form of government. The authority of the autocratic monarch may, for instance, be usurped by his own servants. In speaking of "an autocracy supported by the active cooperation of the representatives of the nation," the marshals of nobility were influenced by the consideration that the present disorganized state of Russia is due "not to lack of good will on the part of the autocracy, but to the fact that his autocratic power was unduly limited by an irresponsible, arbitrary and antiquated political machinery, wholly foreign to the life of the Russian people."

M. Shiphoff has drawn up a detailed scheme which has evidently been closely studied by M. Bulgine, and which may possibly be explained by supposing that in the United States the townships elected members to the counties, the counties to the states, and the states to the national congress. The number of representatives of the imperial council would, according to his scheme, be approximately in the proportion of one to every 250,000 of the population, the total number being 507, of whom 372 would represent 50 provinces of European Russia, Poland would have 86 representatives, the Caucasus an equal number, Central Asia 29, Siberia 23 and Finland 10. The right of voting would be directly exercised by all who had an income of 800 roubles or occupying lodgings valued at 80 roubles per annum.

The programme of the Conservative party has many good things in it, though it is hardly in keeping with the ideas of the people of Western Europe and America. Besides it apparently fails to satisfy the political aspirations of the overwhelming majority of the members of the Zemstvo.

Meanwhile the conservative reformers in sympathy with M. Shiphoff had also had time to define their attitude more precisely. In March the marshals of nobility of twenty-two provinces met to discuss the czar's rescript, and published the results of their deliberations in a special memorandum. They pointed out that for the last ten years the general dissatisfaction with bureaucratic police regime had been steadily growing, and that the war had revealed the inadequacy of our political system demoralization. After the war the czar's rescript summons to "all friends of law and order regardless of the political opinion," to join in constructive work for the regeneration of their country the signatories of the memorandum warn their readers that "in entering upon a new political life we must not close our eyes to the fact that we have before us not only work but conflict. Among those engaged in the public life of the country there is a very considerable group, closely united and strong, by virtue of the personality of those who compose it, which looks favorably upon the theories of constitutional government existing in Western Europe. There can be no doubt that this group will endeavor to give a strictly constitutional direction to the power of the nation, and will resist. We do not believe that the existence of forms of government familiar to Western Europe excludes the possibility of all other forms. There is no reason to suppose that the creative power of nations has said its last word in the matter of political organization. We declare emphatically that only the autocracy supported by the active co-operation of representatives of the nation is capable of satisfying the needs of the many classes represented in the Russian empire, and of its many interests and classes, the peasantry above all. The representative power of nations referred to in the Imperial Rescript is a political organization through which the czar is brought into immediate contact with the thought of the nation and with public opinion. It must not limit his autocratic power after the model of the constitutional forms of government. We must put an end to the arbitrary procedure of government officials, by the means of the people and the country. They must also have the right to discuss the imperial budget and to control the expenditure.

What School Shall I Attend?

That is the question which will be considered by many within the next few months. It is an advantage to be gained by attending

FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

were fully known it would not be difficult to decide.

Send at once for catalogue. Address:—

W. J. OSBORNE, Principal, Fredericton, N. B.

NEW CATALOGUE For 1904-5

Just out. It gives our terms, courses of studies, and general information regarding the college. Send name and address today for free copy.

S. KERR & SON
Oddfellows' Hall
GAGETOWN.

AGAIN I HAVE SEEN SOME SUMMER CLOTHES I DO NOT LIKE, on the other hand some get-ups were decidedly chic and seasonable. Just imagine yourself proceeding up a river on a hot day, and you are actually sticky, humid smells—and observing a group of young ladies strolling on the wharf posing to the passer-by on deck and hand-looking girls rumped over the hill. One had a blue striped cotton costume, a la sailor; another wore a crash suit, and each miss was decked out with accessories, as the proverbial cucumber. Which goes to show that the real summer girl is the one who makes her outfit, spell comfort.

REV. F. G. POLLY.

Inducted into the Pastorate of Richmond Presbyterian Church.

(Woodstock Sentinel.)

The presbytery of St. John met in St. John's church, Mackenzie Corner, on Thursday evening, the 29th inst., for the purpose of inducting Rev. F. G. Polly, B. A., late of Waterford, Kings Co., into the pastoral charge of the congregation of Richmond. There were present Rev. J. H. A. Anderson, Moderator; W. J. Fowler, F. J. Polly, Ministers; and Henry Hay, elder. Rev. A. D. Archibald of Roxton, Miramichi, presbytery and Rev. Kenneth McKay, Houlton, Me., presbytery of Boston, both former pastors of this congregation, were invited to see to the ordination, and a representative congregation was present to witness their new minister. After devotional service the moderator inducted Rev. F. G. Polly into the pastoral charge of the congregation. Rev. Mr. Archibald and Mr. Fowler suitably addressed the newly inducted minister and the people respectively.

TO THE TOBIQUE.

Members of Roberts Family Going For a Holiday.

Something About the Work These Clever Writers Have Been Doing.

Charles G. D. Roberts, poet and novelist, who reached his native province yesterday, does not appear a day older than at the time he gave up his professorship at Windsor, when the scholars who are now going into the woods with him, were infants. Now Lloyd Roberts is assisting in the editing of a book for a younger of twenty. The head of the family has for some six or eight years ceased to do editorial work, and his business claim all the time he has and more, and the list of his published books is stretching out to great length. Someone recently prepared a record of his work as a writer of books, which contained nearly thirty titles. He has a good deal of work out for the next year or two. Twice a year he seeks refreshment of his mind in the woods of the Tobique, renewing his acquaintance with his kindred of the wild.

ANOTHER VOICE ON THE PRAIRIES

T. B. Bartleman Could Get No Relief From His Kidney Trouble.

W. G. Bartleman could get no relief from his kidney trouble. He had tried the Great Canadian Kidney Pills, but they did not cure him. He was advised to try DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, and he was cured.

HOW TO LIVE LONG.

"Length of days is in her right hand," said Solomon of Wisdom, "and in her left hand riches and honor." It must have been part of the recipe of Dr. Edward Everett Hale, who is in himself a fine example of hale and hearty old age at 83 and who has lately given a reporter a talk on how to live long. These are his twelve rules:

1. Go to bed at 9 p. m.
2. Arise at 7 a. m. and drink a cup of milk, made brown with coffee.
3. Breakfast at 8 a. m.
4. Drink another cup of milk at 11 a. m.
5. Lunch at 1 p. m. and then sleep for an hour.
6. Dinner at 7 p. m., and if light, eat bowl of soup at bedtime.
7. Don't drink tea or coffee after 2 p. m.
8. Don't engage in hard brain work after 4 p. m.
9. Spend all the time possible in the pure air, rain or shine.
10. Sleep ten hours every night.
11. Do not go to bed on an empty stomach.
12. Do not work too constantly at one subject.

Quite as important, however, as living right is being born right. "You must start with a good constitution," says Dr. Hale, "and this is a thing to do. He finds himself here without any choice of his own, and he simply has to take the kind of constitution that is handed down to him from his progenitor. Oliver Wendell Holmes put it in another way when he enlarged on the importance of making a right choice of a grandfather and

NINETY-SIX YEARS OLD AND CALLS HIMSELF YOUNG.

NEW YORK, July 25.—In testifying before George T. Crammer, clerk of the United States district court of New Jersey in Jersey City yesterday, Chas. Dimmers, who is defending a suit to enforce payment for lumber, said he was ninety-six years old and that he had been working on canal boats for seventy-seven years. When Andrew Zabriske, counsel for the plaintiff John Swanson, who owns a shipyard in Jersey City, expressed disbelief, Dimmers smiled and said: "I am still young. Why? I have a sister in Jersey who is 123 years old. My father died at the age of 138. I expect to live a great many more years."

Dimmers has made \$100,000 in the canal boat business. He is the owner and captain of the H. H. Baker, which carries coal between Perth Amboy and New York, and it is said owns a row of tenement houses in Buffalo, from which city he came to this port two years ago.

Dimmers, it is said, has been married four times, outliving all his wives. In spite of his age he takes his turn at the wheel and can throw a line from his canal boat as accurately as a boatman a third his age. He served in the Franco-Prussian war. Although of small stature, he is a powerful physical boatman who has known him for thirty years declare he is a wonderful specimen of manhood. Additional testimony will be heard in September.

MARITIME COAL.

Prof. S. F. Peckham, chemist and expert mineralogist of New York city, has recently made a report on the mines to be opened up by the Maritime Coal Company at Norton, near Hampton Village. After giving the percentage of combustible matter in the different samples of coal tested, Prof. Peckham says:

"I think the Maritime Coal Company has all the facts they could reasonably expect to encourage a careful expenditure of capital to test the extent and quality of the vein at the great depth, with the prospect that on their property there is a large extent of semi-anthracite coal of merchantable quality.

"I would advise sinking a shaft to a depth of 100 feet and driving from the bottom of it on the vein of coal a tunnel 200 feet in length to the west under the hill. The end of the tunnel would be about 200 feet below the surface of the hill. Of course, a very careful estimate would be carried forward as to the quantity and quality of the coal produced."

THE LATE MAJOR WALSH.

Imposung Demonstration at Funeral.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., July 23.—The funeral of the late Major Walsh, which took place today, was one of the largest and most representative ever witnessed here. Thousands of mourners from all parts of the country were in attendance. The funeral service was conducted at the house by Rev. Norman McLeod, of the First Presbyterian Church. The casket was surrounded by a wreath of floral tributes sent from all parts of Canada, including the distant Yukon, the government of which contributed a magnificent wreath. The funeral was of military character.

SULTAN SAYS GOD SAVED HIM AS A REWARD OF VIRTUE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 23.—In reply to a Mussulman address of loyalty and gratification at his escape from assassination by the explosion of a bomb on Friday last, the Sultan said that the protection of divine Providence on that occasion was God's reward to him for his constant endeavor to promote the peace and happiness of his people. The only feature of which the Sultan said that deeply affected him was the fact that so many of his dear, devoted soldiers and well beloved people were killed or injured.

A BRAZILIAN HOUSEHOLD PET.

Brazilians train a snake called the gubois as a rat catcher. It is fifteen feet long, is harmless to the human being, becomes quite a household pet, is lazy in the daytime, but at night roams about the house in quest of its prey. These animals it promptly kills whenever they come within its range. In the dark they first put on their red eyes. It would not be pleasant to plant one's bare feet on a cold slimy snake of that size.

TEST THE KIDNEYS.

Allow the urine to stand in a glass vessel for twenty-four hours and if at the end of that it is clouded or has left a sediment in the bottom of the vessel you may be sure that your kidneys are diseased. As a means of invigorating the action of the kidneys and making them strong and healthy, there is no preparation so prompt and none so thorough as Dr. Cassell's Kidney Liver Pills.

CASTORIA.

The Kidney and Liver Always Suffer.

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SATURDAY QUIET IN CHARLOTTETOWN.

Appropriate Sermons by City Pastors.—J. W. Robertson to Visit Hillsboro School.

CHARLOTTETOWN, July 30.—Saturday of old home week was quietly observed in the city, and today appropriate sermons were preached by the city pastors. The festivities will be ended tomorrow in a big picnic, and the annual races at Souris, in which all the fastest island boats are participating.

Professor J. W. Robertson arrived last night, and will visit the Hillsboro consolidated school tomorrow, and afterwards the other schools where nature studies are taught.

James McMillan and Gordon Hughes leave tomorrow for Sydney, where they will partake in the old home week festivities.

Lifeguard Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

