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## The FS Study - Updated Final Report

From:
To:
Date:
Summary:

The Steering Committee of the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers
All employees at Headquarters and at missions
2002-10-17
The Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers (The FS Study) has been updated to include additional data and information provided by three of the participating countries.

Shortly. after presenting the Final Report on the FS Study to the four stakeholders, PwC Consulting received additional information from three of the 16 participating OECD countries. We have now updated the Final Report and the appendices of The FS Study to reflect the most current data within the timeframe of the study.

The updated report can be found

- on the DFAIT HR Intranet site at http://intranet/department/hr/wgfs/menu-en.asp (Extranet: http://lbp.dfait-maeci.gc.ca/messages/wgfs/menu-en.asp)
- and will soon be on the CIC HR website at http://www.cichq. dfaitmaeci.gc.ca/cicexplore/english/org/rid/ris/fs2002/index.htm
- as well as on the PAFSO website at http://www.pafso-apase.com

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Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers
(The FS Study)

- Three Perspectives on FS Retention - 2002-08-19
- Appendix A - Overview of the Findings of the June 2001 FS Retention Survey
- Appendix B - Three retention data sets sourced from the Public Service Incumbent System or Pay
- Appendix C - Two tables that denote actual reasons for separations from the Foreign Service as
stated by DFAIT and C\&I FS employees
- Final Report of the FS Study - 2002-05-03 (modified 2002-07-18)
- Appendix A - Questionnaire
- Appendix B - Final Summary Results Table
- Appendix C - Detailed Results Table

Part I - Part II - Part III

- Appendix D - Participant Profiles
- PricewaterhouseCoopers' Slide Presentation
- Report on the Findings of the FS Retention Survey - 2001-07-26 (1.4 Meg pdf file)
- Update message - 2001-06-08
- Update message - 2001-05-10
- Launch message - 2001-03-05
- The Terms of Reference -2001-02-28
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Human Resources

# Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers - Three Perspectives on FS Retention 

## From:

The Steering Committee of the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of
Employment of Foreign Service Officers
To:
Date:
Summary:

All employees at Headquarters and at missions<br>2002-08-19<br>As a direct follow up to the June 2001 FS Retention Survey, Mercer Human Resource Consulting reviewed three specific data sets on retention of officers in Canada's Foreign Service

## Three Perspectives on FS Retention

At the conclusion of our June 7, 2002 message that broadcast the results of the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers (The FS Study), we stated that further information would be forthcoming on FS retention at both DFAIT and C\&II. As part of the comparative study, and as a direct follow-up to the June 2001 FS Retention Survey, Mercer Human Resource Consulting was contracted to review three specific data sets on retention of officers in Canada's Foreign Service.

## The Three Retention Data Sets

The three data sets were: the Findings of the June 2001 FS Retention Survey, a September 2001 Treasury Board Secretariat's FS Retention Data Report, and a sampling of the actual reasons stated by some 66 C\&I and DFAIT FS employees, hired between 1990 and 2002, who separated from the Foreign Service over the same time frame. Mercer's primary task was to ascertain whether the reasons cited by 66 FS employees who separated from DFAIT and C\&I could be appropriately linked with the TBS retention data and the findings of the June 2001 FS Retention Survey, i.e were there convergent or divergent trends amongst the three data sets.

## Mercer's Initial Findings

After considerable work, Mercer Human Resource Consultants concluded that significant differences in data composition and collection methodology applied in each of the three data sets did not allow for a clear delineation of where the trends amongst the three data sets converge or diverge. For example, the June 2001 FS Retention Survey data is based on 837 FS respondents and reflects three reasons at the time of the survey for potential separations, while detailing feelings and attitudes of FS towards their work, their management and their compensation. The sample of "reasons for separation" of DFAIT and C\&I employees is based on historical data for separation from the Foreign Service, but a considerably smaller sampling, notably 16 C\&I FS Officers and 50 DFAIT FS Officers. In most cases, only one reason explaining the separation appeared on an employee's file. As such, only that reason could be captured. Similarly, the TBS Retention Data Report is based on objective, statistical data, but is limited to broad reasons for separation (e.g. retirement, resignation). Given
the mix of factual and potential retention data and information and the different samples, a roll-up has not proven feasible.

## Adopting a Different Approach - Perspectives on FS Retention

In response to the variances and difficulty in identifying trends, the four stakeholders adopted a different approach in respect of meeting their commitment to communicate Mercer's findings on the three data sets. That approach was to ask Mercer to review each of the three retention data sets separately, and then to set out the key findings from each of the three, again separately.

Mercer's further review has resulted in three distinct data sets set out in the following three appendices.
Specifically, these are:

- Appendix A: Provides an overview of the Findings of the June 2001 FS Retention Survey
- Appendix B: Sets out three retention data sets sourced from the Public Service Incumbent System or Pay System. The tables summarize the results of:
- FS Departures by Cohort and Length of Service (see pages 1 and 2 )
- Retention, Separation and Movement between Groups from March 89 to March 01 (see page 3); and,
- Separation rates from from the Public Service FY 1990/91 to FY 01/02 for AS, CO, ES, FS, LA, PE and PM (see page 4).
- Appendix C: Provides two tables that denote actual reasons for separations from the Foreign Service as stated by DFAIT and C\&I FS employees. Table 1 also highlights some of the job competencies of 50 DFAIT and 16 C\&I non-retirement eligible FS employees hired between 1990 and 2002 who separated from the Foreign Service within that same time frame.

Please note that Appendices A, B and C, as well as Mercer's Report on the June 2001 survey are available on the Intranet at: http://intranet/department/hr/wgfs/menu-en. asp (Extranet http://lbp.dfait-maeci.gc.ca/messages/wgfs/menu-en.asp)

## The Three Perspectives - In Summary:

Mercer's Report on the Findings of the June 2001 FS Retention Survey confirmed three main reasons why FS Officers chose, or may choose, to leave the Foreign Service:

- Better financial remuneration
- Potential for career advancement outside the FS; and,
- To some extent, spousal/partner considerations.

DFAIT and C\&I had assumed that most of the employees who were leaving the Foreign Service had between 6 to 10 years of experience in the Foreign Service. However, Mercer's review of Treasury Board's September 2001 Retention Data Report, which used data from the Public Service Incumbent System or Pay System, demonstrated otherwise. Specifically, of the 285 FS recruited between 1984 to 1991, a greater number who left the Foreign Service for reasons other than retirement, had less then 5 years of service ( 53 FS had 1 to 5 years of service v.s. 35 with 6 to 10 years of service).

And finally, amongst the sampling of employee files of DFAIT and C\&I FS who separated from the Foreign Service between 1990-2002, Mercer determined that about a third of the 66 Foreign Service Officers, whose files were reviewed, were fluent in foreign languages. Many of these employees were trained in that competency at public expense.

## What Next:

Over the next few months, DFAIT and C\&l will hold Town Hall meetings to review with Foreign Service Officers
the findings of the Comparative Study, and the analysis of the data on retention in the Foreign Service. C\&/ established an Employee Departure Feedback Program last year at the departmental level. DFAIT will begin piloting a new Exit Interview process shortly. Such initiatives will provide both departments with a better sense of the reasons why officers leave the Foreign Service. And, as we approach September, the four stakeholders will meet again to consider further areas of best practices in respect of the terms and conditions of employment of Foreign Service Officers. Stay tuned.

## Appendix A

Mercer Findings of the 2001 FS Retention Survey

## Background

In 2001:
[ Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT),
[ the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers (PAFSO),

- Citizenship and Immigration (C\&I), and
$\square$ the Treasury Board Secretariat (TBS)
partnered with Mercer Human Resource Consulting to conduct the first Foreign Service Officers Retention Survey (FS Survey) to quantify factors contributing to employees' decision to stay with or leave a career with their Department

Five Content Areas Were Tested in the FS Survey A total of 837 employees responded to the survey in June 2001, representing a response rate of $80 \%$

## Survey focussed on:

- Nature of Foreign Service Work
- The extent to which employees are satisfied with, and value, various aspects of Foreign Service work
- Career Path and Personal Growth
- The extent to which employees are satisfied with specific aspects of career growth and personal development
- Assignments Abroad
- The extent to which various characteristics of assignments abroad impact a decision to accept an assignment abroad
- Pay and Foreign Service Directives (FSDs)
- The extent to which employees perceive pay to be fair and are satisfied with Foreign Service Directives
- Management Practices
$\square$ The extent to which employees perceive that management practices are equitable and are applied fairly


## At a high level, the survey data revealed a number of significant factors impacting retention in the Foreign Service, including:

- Nature of Foreign Service Work
- Gaps between FS expectations and experience with respect to work that provides a sense of accomplishment and makes good use of the employee's skills and abilities
- Career Path and Personal Growth
- Dissatisfaction with career path and personal growth opportunities, particularly related to processes for promotions, assignments and available training
- Assignments Abroad
- Spousal/partner considerations and work/life balance issues with respect to accepting assignments abroad
- Pay and Foreign Service Directives (FSDs)
- Perception that compensation packages are not market competitive
- Management Practices
- Inconsistent performance management practices
- Low confidence in their department's system for handling employees' problems and complaints

FS Departures By Cohort and Length of Service
This data reflects the number of officers, from each cohort, who departed the FS during varying lengths of service. The data for each service petsod -- 1-5 years, 6-10 years, and greater than 10 years -- is separate, not cumulative.
$\left.\begin{array}{|lllll|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Cohort/ } \\ \text { Recruits }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { \% of Total } \\ \text { Cohort } \\ \text { Departures } \\ \text { within 1-5 Years } \\ \text { of Service }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { \% of Total } \\ \text { Cohort } \\ \text { Departures } \\ \text { within 6-10 } \\ \text { Years of Service }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { \% of Total } \\ \text { Cohort } \\ \text { Departures with } \\ \text { Greater than 10 } \\ \text { Years of Service }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Total FS Cohort } \\ \text { Departures }\end{array} \\ \hline 1984(22) & 14 \% \text { (3 people) } & 5 \% \text { (1 person) } & 0 \% \text { (0 people) } & 18 \% \text { (4 people) } \\ \hline 1985(5) & 20 \% \text { (1 person) }\end{array}\right)$
*Sample size of 5
The data shown above, which reflects headcount for each cohort, differs from the data shown on page 3, which reflects separation rates by year.
Note (1): Departures include FS leaving the FS group to other groups, and FS separated from the Public Service.
Note (2): Data also includes FS remaining as FS or becoming EX.

## FS Departures By Cohort and Length of Service (con't)

This data reflects the number of officers, from each cohort, who departed the FS during varying lengths of service. The data for each service period - $1-5$ years, 6-10 years, and greater than lears -- is separate, not cumulative.

| Cohort/ Recruits | \% of Total Cohort Departures within 1-5 Years of Service | $\%$ of Total Cohort Departures within 6-10 Years of Service | \% of Total Cohort Departures with Greater than 10 Years of Service | Total FS Cohort Departures |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1992 (55) | $16 \%$ (9 people) | 15\% (8 people) | N/A | $31 \%$ (17 people) |
| 1993 (53) | 23\% (12 people) | $6 \%$ with at least 6 years of service ( 3 people) | N/A | 28\% (15 people) |
| 1994 (43) | 9\% (4 people) | $7 \%$ with at least 6 years of service (3 people) | N/A | $16 \%$ (7 people) |
| 1995 (30) | 13\% (4 people) | $13 \%$ with at least 6 years of service ( 4 people) | N/A | 27\% (8 people) |
| 1996 (27) | 11\% (3 people) | $4 \%$ with at least 6 years of service ( 1 people) | N/A | 15\% (4 people) |
| 1997 (28) | 18\% (5 people) | N/A | N/A | 18\% (5 people) |
| Sub-total <br> (236 <br> recruits <br> from 1992 <br> to 1997) | 16\% (37 people) | 8\% (19 people with at least 6 years of service) | N/A | 24\% (56 people) |

The data shown above, which reflects headcount for each cohort, differs from the data shown on page 3, which reflects separation rates by year
Note (1): Departures include FS leaving the FS group to other groups, and FS separated from the Public Service.
Note (2): Data also includes FS remaining as FS or becoming EX.

## Retention, Separation and Movement Between Groups from March 1989 to March 2001 <br> This table belowindicates the year-by-year movement of FS employees beginning in March 1989 through to March 2001

| Retention, Separation and Movement Between Groups March 1989 to March 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Status at year end - March 31st following year |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning Period |  | Remained in FS Group |  | SM/EX (see note 2) |  | Switched to Another Group or Left the PS |  |
| Date | No. | No | \% | No | \% | No | \% |
| Mar-1989 | 1176 | 1143 | 97\% | 6 | 1\% | 27 | 2\% |
| Mar-1990 | 1177 | 1075 | 91\% | 31 | 3\% | 71 | 6\% |
| Mar-1991 | 1126 | 1075 | 95\% | 20 | 2\% | 31 | 3\% |
| Mar-1992 | 1226 | 1144 | 93\% | 11 | 1\% | 71 | 6\% |
| Mar-1993 | 1185 | 1119 | 94\% | 19 | 2\% | 47 | 4\% |
| Mar-1994 | 1173 | 1120 | 95\% | 20 | 2\% | 33 | 3\% |
| Mar-1995 | 1170 | 1111 | 95\% | 19 | 2\% | 40 | 3\% |
| Mar-1996 | 1152 | 1070 | 93\% | 2 | 0\% | 80 | 7\% |
| Mar-1997 | 1116 | 1072 | 96\% | 2 | 0\% | 42 | 4\% |
| Mar-1998 | 1135 | 1063 | 94\% | 35 | 3\% | 37 | 3\% |
| Mar-1999 | 1115 | 1079 | 97\% | 1 | 0\% | 35 | 3\% |
| Mar-2000 | 1150 | 1081 | 94\% | 15 | 1\% | 54 | 5\% |
| Mar-2001 | 1187 | 1017 | 86\% | 104 (note 3) | 9\% | 66 | $5 \%$ $5 \%$ |

Source: The Public Service Incumbent System or Pay System.
Note (1): The population includes term employees and employees on leave without pay. Groups
are based on the position for which the employee is being paid.
Note (2): SM / EX includes rotational and non-rotational positions.
Note (3): The number of employees under SM/EX also includes FS acting in EX positions.

## Separation Rates from the Public Service By Fiscal Year Full-Time Indeterminate

This table below indicates the overall separation rates for full-time indeterminate employees of the comparative groups for the period from fiscal 1990/91 to fiscal 2001/2002.

| GROUP | $90-91$ | $91-92$ | $92-93$ | $93-94$ | $94-95$ | $95-96$ | $96-97$ | $97-98$ | $98-99$ | $99-00$ | $00-01$ | $01-02$ | AVERAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AS | $5.6 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |
| CO | $6.0 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |
| ES | $4.9 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| FS | $5.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ |
| LA | $5.5 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ |
| PE | $4.8 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $9.0 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| PM | $4.9 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ |

Source: The Public Service Incumbent System or Pay System.
Note: The population includes all full-time and part-time indeterminate employees.
Table 1 (see notes ${ }^{1}$ and ${ }^{2}$ below)
SUMMARY OF EMPLOYEE FILE DATA
DFAIT: Political-Economic (P-E)

| Group/ Separations* | Gender | Classification Level At Separation | Foreign Languages | Years | Separations <br> (Years at Current Classification) | Separations (Years of Service) | Categorized Reasons for Separation** | Separations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { C\&I/16 } \\ & \text { 1990-2001 } \end{aligned}$ | Male - 9 (56\%) <br> Female - 7 (44\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FSDP/FS00-2(13\%) } \\ & \text { FS01-6 }(38 \%) \\ & \text { FS02-8 }(50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | Data Not Available/Applicable | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { yrs. or less } \\ & 6-10 \\ & 11+ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12(75 \%) \\ & 4(25 \%) \\ & \text { N/A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4(25 \%) \\ & 11(69 \%) \\ & 1(6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | Nature of foreign service work Career path and personal growth Assignments abroad Pay and foreign service directives Management practices Other <br> No reason on file | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & 6 \text { (38\%) } \\ & 1 \text { (6\%) } \\ & 6 \text { (38\%) } \\ & 0 \\ & 1 \text { (6\%) } \\ & 2 \text { (13\%) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { P-E/25 } \\ & \text { 1990-1999 } \end{aligned}$ | Male - 19 (76\%) <br> Female-6 (24\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FSDP/FS00-0 } \\ & \text { FS01-22 (88\%) } \\ & \text { FS02-3 (12\%) } \end{aligned}$ | Data Not Available/Applicable - 14 <br> Spanish-4 <br> Mandarin - 2 <br> Arabic - 1 <br> Russian - 1 <br> German-1 <br> Indonesian \& Spanish - 1 <br> German \& Italian - 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { yrs. or less } \\ & 6-10 \\ & 11+ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18(72 \%) \\ & 7(28 \%) \\ & \text { N/A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16(64 \%) \\ & 9(36 \%) \\ & \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | Nature of foreign service work Career path and personal growth Assignments abroad Pay and foreign service directives Management practices Other No reason on file | 0  <br> 5 $(20 \%)$ <br> 2 $(8 \%)$ <br> 15 $(60 \%)$ <br> 0  <br> 1 $(4 \%)$ <br> 2 $(8 \%)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { C-E/25 } \\ & 1990-2002 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Male - } 10(40 \%) \\ & \text { Female - } 15(60 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FSDP/FS00-0 } \\ & \text { FS01-17 (68\%) } \\ & \text { FS02-8 (32\%) } \end{aligned}$ | Data Not Available/Applicable - 15 <br> Japanese - 3 <br> Spanish - 3 <br> Mandarin, Japanese \& Korean - 1 <br> Arabic - 1 <br> Portuguese - 1 <br> Indonesian \& Spanish - 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { yrs. or less } \\ & 6-10 \\ & 11+ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21(84 \%) \\ & 3(12 \%) \\ & 1 \text { (4\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $14(56 \%)$ $10(40 \%)$ $1 \quad(4 \%)$ | Nature of foreign service work Career path and personal growth Assignments abroad Pay and foreign service directives Management practices Other No reason on file | 0  <br> 3 $(12 \%)$ <br> 1 $(4 \%)$ <br> 20 $(80 \%)$ <br> 0  <br> 1 $(4 \%)$ <br> 0  |
| TOTAL=66 ( a total of 273 non retirement- eligible $^{2}$ employees separated between 1990- 1991 and 1999-2000) | Male - 38 ( $58 \%$ ) <br> Female - 28 (42\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FSDP/FS00-2 (3\%) } \\ & \text { FS01-45 (68\%) } \\ & \text { FS02-19 (29\%) } \end{aligned}$ | Data Not Available/Applicable - 45 <br> Spanish - 7 <br> Mandarin - 2 <br> Japanese - 3 <br> Arabic - 2 <br> Russian - 1 <br> German-1 <br> Portuguese - 1 <br> Indonesian \& Spanish - 2 <br> German \& Italian - 1 <br> Mandarin, Japanese \& Korean - 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { yrs. or less } \\ & 6-10 \\ & 11+ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \text { (77\%) } \\ & 14(21 \%) \\ & 1 \text { (2\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 34 $(52 \%)$ <br> 30 $(45 \%)$ <br> 2 $(3 \%)$ | Nature of foreign service work Career path and personal growth Assignments abroad Pay and foreign service directives Management practices Other <br> No reason on file | $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & \\ 14(21 \%) \\ 4 & (6 \%) \\ 41 & (62 \%) \\ 0 & \\ 3 & (5 \%) \\ 4 & (6 \%) \end{array}$ |

*For more accurate comparison among C\&I, P-E, and C-E groups, we have only used separation data for employees who were hired from 1990 onward.
** The various reasons for separation have been compiled into broad categories for purposes of comparing data with FS Retention Survey results. Refer to attached for description of each category. ${ }^{1}$ excludes (a) departures under Work Force Adjustment (WFA), (b) departures of retirement-eligible employees, and (c) promotions
$\square$

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## PRICEWATERHOUSECOPERS 圈

Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade/
Citizenship and Immigration Canada/Treasury Board Secretariat/PAFSO
Comparative Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers

## Final Report

July 18, 2002

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## 1 Introduction and Context

Members of the Foreign Service group and other professional rotational groups, mainly at the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT) and the Department of Citizenship and Immigration (CIC), play a key role in the delivery of the Government's international policy, trade and immigration agendas.

The DFAIT Human Resources Strategy and recent contract negotiations with the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers (PAFSO) have brought to the fore the unique conditions and environment in which members of this group operate. They have also pointed out that the majority of Foreign Service Officers are of the opinion that they are not being compensated equitably for the aforesaid conditions or environment. The importance of an effective and motivated Foreign Service to the continued well-being of Canadians makes it imperative that the facts of the situation be determined in an agreed, thorough and objective manner.

Other factors have also led to a need for a study of comparative terms and conditions of employment for Foreign Service Officers, including:

- levels of attrition among all officers;
- new social realities such as dual income households, the impact of rotationality on foreign service spouses, and elder care;
- highly competitive labour market;
- concerns about recruiting and retaining the most suitable candidates;
- issues of internal and external relativities in the conditions and terms of employment in the Foreign Service;
- current demographic challenges;
- retention of senior officers eligible for early retirement; and
- initiatives to make the Public Service an exemplary employer.

This study is designed to provide the parties with a common set of comparators to evaluate issues of joint concern.

## 2 Objective and Mandate

The objectives of the study are:

- To provide a common factual understanding of some of the key comparative characteristics of the nature of the work of Foreign Service Officers and of the environment under which they operate; and
- To establish comparisons with relevant occupational groups in the Canadian Public Service, other like-minded foreign services, and a number of relevant private sector and international organizations with a view to drawing conclusions that can serve as a guide to develop a compensation and management framework that will respond to the issues noted above.

The mandate of the study is:

- To compare the compensation (salaries and benefits) of Foreign Service (FS) officers with equivalent professional groups within the Government of Canada, with Foreign Services of relevant OECD countries, and with a number of relevant private sector and international organizations;
- To compare conditions of service abroad, particularly dual career issues, and the impact of rotationality, with those of the Foreign Services of relevant OECD countries and a number of relevant private sector and international organizations; and
- To review management policies and best practices regarding human resource management, rotationality and postings, particularly with other relevant OECD countries and with a number of relevant private sector and international organizations.


## 3 Methodology

We began this assignment with a review of documents relative to the FS population, including the following:

- TBS Report on Foreign Service Retention Data, September 10, 2001 and PAFSO commentary on TBS Report on Foreign Service Retention Data
- Mercer Report on the FS Retention Survey, June 2002
- Results of File Review on Reasons for Departure
- Selected articles from the literature review
- The Foreign Service handbook
- FSDP pay plan and policy
- Public Service Rates of Pay
- Document addressing "Issues Concerning Spouses of Employees Assigned Abroad" 26 March, 2001 and supporting documentation
- Foreign Service Directives
- Human Resources Management Manual
- HR Strategy and Action Plan
- TBS demographic information (separations, promotions, movement between groups) on FS, EX, AS, CO, PM, ES, LA.
- Blueprint for Organization Renewal for the Trade Commissioner Service
- Royal Commission on Conditions in the Foreign Service (McDougall Report), 1981
- Report to DFAIT: External Market Review for Foreign Service Positions - Draft for Discussion Purposes; 17 March, 1997
- Public Service Commission Report on Demographic Profile of Key Executive Feeder Groups, 1991-1998.

We also conducted interviews with key stakeholders to gain an understanding of the FS situation. The following individuals were interviewed:

- Guy St-Jacques, DG HR, DFAIT
- Martha Nixon, ADM Operations, CIC
- Kerry Buck, an FS Officer who left the Foreign Service
- Nancy Fraser, Representative of the Foreign Service Community Association (FSCA)

The table below lists the organizations we used as comparators. The four stakeholders provided a list of countries, international organizations, and private sector companies, to which we added additional organizations to ensure sufficient response.
Survey Participants

| Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private Companies |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Canada | Inter-American <br> Development Bank <br> Australia <br> Austria <br> Belgium <br> Denmark <br> Finland <br> France <br> for the Red Cross | Several Canadian <br> financial services and <br> manufacturing <br> Gempanies with <br> international operations |
| Ireland | World Bank |  |
| New Zealand | United Nations |  |
| Netherlands |  |  |
| Norway |  |  |
| Spain |  |  |
| Sweden |  |  |
| Switzerland |  |  |
| United Kingdom |  |  |
| United States |  |  |

We developed the survey questions in consultation with the four stakeholders. Appendix A contains our survey questionnaire sent out to the comparator organizations above. Certain questions were omitted on the versions of the questionnaire sent to international organizations and private sector companies because they were not applicable.

We identified contact points in each organization and elicited participation. The questionnaire was sent to each organization by e-mail and faxed or e-mailed back. We received responses from the participants indicated above (including DFAIT/CIC). One country, which was not on the stakeholders' original list, and several private companies, declined to participate. Despite considerable efforts, not all respondents completed every question.

After receiving completed surveys, we conducted follow-up calls with each survey respondent to confirm and clarify responses. In the course of these calls, we confirmed that participants understood the job match exercise and were indeed comparing their jobs to the right levels of Canadian jobs indicated in the surveys.

We also asked that DFAIT/CIC complete the survey to enable us to provide a benchmark for the other responses. The four stakeholders approved the responses before forwarding them to PwC.

The scope of the study also included comparisons with other public service groups. We have collected data from Treasury Board Secretariat that is pertinent to this comparison. Section 4 of this report contains the results of this comparison.

## 4 Findings - Comparison to Other Canadian Public Service Groups

The scope of this study, as stated in the Request for Proposal, included comparisons with the following Canadian public service groups: ES (Economics, Sociology, and Statistics); CO (Commerce); PM (Program Administration); LA (Law), AS (Administrative Services), CA (Career Assignment Program), and MM (Management Trainee).

### 4.1 Salary Comparisons

The table below presents the salary ranges of the various levels of these groups. The table specifies the effective date of each of the Public Service employee groups' salary bands. All figures are in Canadian dollars.

Public Service Salaries

| Employee Group | Level | Minimum Salary | Maximum Salary |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ES <br> Effective June 22, 2001 <br> Signing date: June 27, 2001 <br> Expiry date: June 21, 2003 <br> new effective rates will be available on <br> 22-Jun-2002 |  |  |  |


| Employee Group | Level | Minimum Salary | Maximum Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LA <br> Effective March 1, 2002 <br> Signing date: February 1, 2002 <br> Expiry date: February 28, 2004 |  |  |  |
|  | LA-1 | \$48,605 | \$69,466 |
|  | LA-2(I) | \$70,567 | \$96,564 |
|  | LA-2(II) | \$87,807 | \$107,025 |
| Excluded LA employees <br> National Rates of Pay for all regions except Toronto <br> Effective April 1, 2000 |  |  |  |
|  | LA-DEV | \$24,780 | \$36,990 |
|  | LA-1 | \$45,900 | \$65,480 |
|  | LA-2A | \$66,520 | \$91,255 |
|  | LA-2B | \$82,770 | \$100,885 |
|  | LA-3A | \$94,000 | \$119,200 |
|  | LA-3B | \$109,100 | \$133,100 |
|  | LA-3C | \$124,200 | \$151,400 |
| AS <br> Effective June 21, 2001 <br> Signing date: Nov 19, 2001 <br> Expiry date: Jun 20, 2003 <br> New effective rates will be available on 21-Jun-2002 | AS-DEV | \$24,383 | \$36,548 |
|  | AS-01 | \$38,404 | \$42,952 |
|  | AS-02 | \$42,793 | \$46,107 |
|  | AS-03 | \$45,868 | \$49,421 |
|  | AS-04 | \$50,105 | \$54,141 |
|  | AS-05 | \$59,817 | \$64,670 |
|  | AS-06 | \$66,628 | \$71,878 |
|  | AS-07 | \$70,135 | \$80,191 |
|  | AS-08 | \$72,417 | \$85,239 |
| CA <br> Effective June 22, 2000 | CA-01 | \$57,421 | \$73,278 |
|  | CA-02 | \$67,390 | \$81,957 |
| MM Annual Rates of Pay <br> Effective July 1, 2000 <br> Note: The MM Group's rates of pay are linked to the PM group's rates of pay. | MM-1 |  | \$39,570 |
|  | MM-2 |  | \$43,858 |
|  | MM-3 1st Step |  | \$49,984 |
|  | MM-3 2nd Step |  | \$51,937 |
|  | MM-3 3rd Step |  | \$57,421 |

Source: Rates of Pay from Collective Agreements, TBS

Foreign Service (FS) salaries are as follows:

| Employee Group | Level | Minimum Salary | Maximum Salary |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Effective July 1, 2000 |  |  |  |
|  | FSDP | 39,570 | $\$ 51,937$ |
|  | FS-01 | 37,857 | $\$ 51,507$ |
|  | FS-02 | 50,475 | $\$ 75,423$ |

Although three levels of FS are indicated above, in effect, there are only two: FSDP and FS02. There are some individuals, recruited prior to 1998, who are still at FS-01 level. However, in 1998, the Foreign Service Development Programme (FSDP) was instituted, replacing the FS-01 level. As of 1998, all new recruits enter the Foreign Service at the FSDP level. This is a five-year development programme, after which successful candidates are promoted to FS-02.

The salary figures from the table above are presented on the chart below.
Public Service Salaries Chart


### 4.2 Promotion Comparisons

This section contains two tables related to promotion. The first table contains information on the percent promoted to EX. The second table contains information on time in grade.

The table below indicates the proportion from each group who became EX (Executive Group) in 1998-1999. This was used as a representative year because in subsequent years, promotions were held up due to an appeal against a competition to promote employees from FS-02 to EX01. Promotions to EX are indicated in the "EX" column. The figures in the columns labeled "Stayed" refer to those who remained at the same FS level. Note that the EX category in this table includes both rotational and non-rotational EX.

Proportion of Public Service Employees Becoming EX, 1998-1999

|  |  |  | Number |  | Percentage of the total \# |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group | Yrs Cont Service | Total \# of Employees | EX | Stayed | EX | Stayed |
| FS | 0 to 9 | 453 | 2 | 434 | 0.4\% | 95.8\% |
| FS | 10 to 19 | 304 | 26 | 276 | 8.6\% | 90.8\% |
| FS | $20+$ | 378 | 7 | 362 | 1.9\% | 95.8\% |
| FS Total |  | 1135 | 35 | 1072 | 3.1\% | 94.4\% |
| ES | 0 to 9 | 1517 | 23 | 1404 | 1.5\% | 92.6\% |
| ES | 10 to 19 | 992 | 50 | 917 | 5.0\% | 92.4\% |
| ES | $20+$ | 800 | 23 | 723 | 2.9\% | 90.4\% |
| ES Total |  | 3309 | 96 | 3044 | 2.9\% | 92.0\% |
| CO | 0 to 9 | 607 | 6 | 548 | 1.0\% | 90.3\% |
| CO | 10 to 19 | 726 | 21 | 667 | 2.9\% | 91.9\% |
| CO | $20+$ | 718 | 14 | 655 | 1.9\% | 91.2\% |
| CO Total |  | 2051 | 41 | 1870 | 2.0\% | 91.2\% |
| PM | 0 to 9 | 14478 | 21 | 13503 | 0.1\% |  |
| PM | 10 to 19 | 12101 | 33 | 11397 | 0.3\% | 93.3\% |
| PM | 20 + | 9642 | 43 | 8603 | 0.4\% | 89.2\% |
| PM Total |  | 36221 | 97 | 33503 | 0.3\% | 92.5\% |
| LA | 0 to 9 | 987 |  |  |  |  |
| LA | 10 to 19 | 504 | 2 | 938 | 0.0\% | 95.0\% |
| LA | $20+$ | 212 | 2 | 197 | 0.4\% | 96.2\% |
| LA Total |  | 1703 | 4 | 1620 | 0.2\% | 92.9\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Proportion of Public Service Employees Becoming EX, 1998-1999

|  |  | Number |  | Percentage of the total \# |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Group | Yrs Cont Service | Total \# of <br> Employees | EX | Stayed | EX | Stayed |
| AS | 0 to 9 | 3816 | 11 | 3552 | $0.3 \%$ | $93.1 \%$ |
| AS | 10 to 19 | 5534 | 35 | 5233 | $0.6 \%$ | $94.6 \%$ |
| AS | $20+$ | 5360 | 33 | 4948 | $0.6 \%$ | $92.3 \%$ |
| AS Total |  | $\mathbf{1 4 7 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 7 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 3 . 4 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: TBS, Feb. 27, 2002
As can be seen above, the percentage of FS becoming EX differs from the percentages of other groups promoted to EX.

The following table provides information on time in grade for the groups shown above. Note that only indeterminate and on-strength employees are reported.
Public Service Groups - Time in Grade

| Substantive <br> Classification | Active Employees in <br> Indeterminate Position | Average Length of Time in <br> Years in Substantive <br> Classification |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| FSDP | 176 | 1.4 |
| FS -01 | 161 | 6.3 |
| FS -02 | 758 | 10.8 |
| ES -01 | 75 | 0.7 |
| ES -02 | 179 | 1.1 |
| ES -03 | 355 | 3.3 |
| ES -04 | 928 | 3.4 |
| ES -05 | 1027 | 4.5 |
| ES-06 | 924 | 4.8 |
| ES-07 | 213 | 4.4 |
| CO-00 | 15 | 0.8 |
| CO-01 | 249 | 2.6 |
| CO-02 | 1176 | 5.7 |
| CO-03 | 761 | 6.7 |
| CO-04 | 53 | 3.4 |
| PM-00 | 3 | 0.2 |
| PM-01 | 1479 | 5.4 |
| PM-02 | 4598 | 7.9 |
| PM-03 | 1772 | 4.7 |
| PM-04 | 2326 | 4.6 |


| Substantive <br> Classification | Active Employees in <br> Indeterminate Position | Average Length of Time in <br> Years in Substantive <br> Classification |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| PM-05 | 1786 | 4.7 |
| PM-06 | 1201 | 4.9 |
| PM-07 | 1 | 11.8 |
| LA-01 | 208 | 1.9 |
| LA-2A | 998 | 5.7 |
| LA-3A | 129 | 6.2 |
| LA-2B | 251 | 5.7 |
| LA-3B | 58 | 7.1 |
| LA-3C | 14 | 6.3 |
| LA-2(I) | 26 | 5.2 |
| LA-2(II) | 20 | 6.8 |
| CA-01 | 57 | 1.2 |
| CA-02 | 58 | 1.5 |
| MM-01 | 82 | 1.0 |
| MM-02 | 50 | 1.1 |
| MM-03 | 28 | 1.9 |

Source: TBS Incumbent database.
Again, as can be seen above, the time in grade for the levels of FS differs from the time in grade for the other groups.

## 5 Findings - Survey of Other Foreign Services, International Organizations and Private Sector Companies

We present our findings from the survey in this section and in Appendices B, C and D. Appendix B (Summary Results Table) indicates the percentage of all respondents, countries, international organizations, and private companies that answered each response option. Averages are provided for certain questions (e.g., compensation). Appendix C (Detailed Results Table) indicates the response for each question for each respondent, except those that requested complete confidentiality.

Note that some respondents requested one of two levels of confidentiality. Some requested that they only be identified by a letter (e.g., Country "A"); others requested complete confidentiality, i.e., that their data only be provided together with the data of other participants in an average, as in Appendix B. Since one private company requested full confidentiality, all private company data is presented only in aggregate. The number of respondents in each category, for countries and international organizations, are shown below:

Number of Survey Participants by Level of Confidentiality

|  | No confidentiality <br> issue | Represented by a <br> letter | Complete <br> Confidentiality <br> (Included in the <br> summary table only) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Countries | 4 | 8 | 4 |
| International <br> Organizations |  | 4 |  |

In addition, the identity and number of the private companies has been kept confidential. Four of the private companies are identified with a letter; others are included in the aggregate tables only (Appendix B).

Appendix D (Participant Profiles) contains short profiles for all respondents other than those than requested complete confidentiality.

### 5.1 Structure and Management Practices

### 5.1.1 Foreign Service Structure (asked of countries only)

The first questions in the survey sent to the countries listed in Section 3 above focused on the structure of their Foreign Service. Respondents have an average of 3.5 levels corresponding to the two Canadian Foreign Service levels below EX-01. (See Jobs A, B, and C, as described on pages 14-15 of the attached questionnaire). The distribution is shown below:

Number of Foreign Service Levels Per Respondent (below EX-01 equivalent)

| Two levels | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Three levels | 9 |
| Four levels | 5 |
| More than four levels | 1 |

DFAIT/CIC has two levels below the EX-01 level.
In 15 of the 16 countries surveyed, the Foreign Service is part of the overall Public Service, as is the case with DFAIT/CIC.

In all countries, Foreign Service Officers are responsible for Political/Economic affairs. Most countries' officers are responsible for Administration (13 out of 16) and Trade (10 out of 16). In 12 out of the 16 countries, Foreign Service Officers are also responsible for Aid.

Foreign Service Officers in 8 out of 16 countries are responsible for Immigration. In the other countries, Immigration Officers are not part of the Foreign Service. In three of the countries where immigration is separate from the Foreign Service, Foreign Service Officers have responsibility for Consular Affairs, which may include issuing visas, as do Canadian officers. Canada may differ from some other countries in the fact that it has open and active immigration policies that involve selecting from skilled workers, businesspersons, temporary workers, and others.

Most countries ( $75 \%$ ) have specialist immigration officers in at least some postings. Of those who have specialist immigration officers, most are part of the Foreign Service.

Trade officers and Aid officers are included in the Foreign Service in $56 \%$ and $69 \%$ of countries respectively. At DFAIT/CIC, Trade officers are included in the Foreign Service, but Aid officers are a separate group.

In 13 out of 16 countries, Foreign Service Officers are represented for bargaining, as is the case at DFAIT/CIC.

### 5.1.2 Recruitment

We asked other countries and international organizations about their recruitment practices. The minimum education level for consideration as a recruit in half of all countries and in three-quarters of international organizations is a Master's degree or higher. At DFAIT/CIC and in five other cases, an undergraduate degree is required. Three countries have no minimum education requirement or require high school level only. In actual practice, new recruits in $76 \%$ of countries and all organizations have a Master's degree or higher.

Seventy-nine percent of countries, including DFAIT/CIC, require no prior work experience; but $21 \%$ of countries and international organizations require a minimum of two years of experience. Forty-four percent of countries and all international organizations indicated that new recruits actually had two or more years of work experience. Ten out of 16 countries and all international organizations require knowledge of one or more foreign languages. Since 1998, in Canada, all new Foreign Service Officers must speak French and English.

Ninety-four percent of countries indicated that they recruit to the Foreign Service in general, like DFAIT/CIC. Half of the countries also recruit into specific specialties such as economic officer or lawyer. In $19 \%$ of countries, officers are recruited into a specific assignment abroad. In $87 \%$ of countries (and in $75 \%$ of countries that recruit to a specific specialty or position), officers are compensated as Foreign Service Officers and not according to their profession.

Unlike DFAIT/CIC, more than half of countries (and all international organizations) indicated that they recruit officers at mid-career. Fifty-seven percent of countries noted that mid-career recruits need at least two years of work experience, and all international organizations indicated they need at least four years of experience. Mid-career recruits are generally placed at an appropriate level commensurate with their work experience ( $78 \%$ of countries and $100 \%$ of international organizations), and progress at the same pace as early-career recruits.

The percentage of locally hired professionals is rising in half of the countries surveyed and in two-thirds of international organizations and private companies. (Please note that throughout the rest of the text, the term "other organizations" is used to refer to international organizations and private companies that responded to the survey.)

### 5.1.3 Professional Orientation and Training

All respondents provided an orientation and training program ranging from a few weeks to more than two years. Training programs in 10 countries are less than one year, and training programs in other organizations are generally less than six months. Only two respondents (both of them countries) provided training programs of more than two years. DFAIT/CIC provides a five-year training and development program. Most countries provide on-the-job
training, classroom courses, and language training ( $94 \%, 100 \%$, and $94 \%$, respectively). Seventy-five percent of other organizations provide classroom-setting courses, with half providing on-the-job training. After the initial training period, countries indicated they provide an average of 6.8 days of training per year ( 5.3 for DFAIT/CIC), while other organizations provide 3 days.

### 5.1.4 Posting Information

The average length of a foreign posting for other countries is 3.4 years, which is slightly less than at DFAIT/CIC ( 3.5 years). Postings in other organizations average 2.9 years. Among the countries surveyed, officers in 7 out of 16 typically rotate between home and foreign postings; officers in five return home only after two or more postings, and officers in five are posted from one location to another, and consider a posting to the home country as temporary (i.e., there is not an expectation that they will spend much time at home during their career). Among international organizations, the proportions were similar. In $60 \%$ of private sector companies surveyed, individuals undertake one assignment abroad and then return home without the intention of going abroad again. At DFAIT, officers tend to rotate between assignments at home and postings, while at CIC, officers return to Ottawa after two or more postings, and then go abroad again.

In $63 \%$ of countries and $75 \%$ of other organizations, and at DFAIT/CIC, other factors override personal choice in the decision as to where an officer will be posted. In $25 \%$ of countries and $25 \%$ of other organizations (and at DFAIT/CIC), officers may turn down a posting without consequence. In $63 \%$ of countries, the Human Resources department decides where an officer will be posted, in the case of competing interests. In other organizations, this decision is usually made by the head of the relevant section at headquarters (for 67\%). At DFAIT/CIC, the head of mission has the final say.

Officers in other countries are given an average of 5.7 months notice regarding their posting location and date ( 2.9 months in other organizations). At DFAIT/CIC, officers are given six months' notice.

Half of all countries and $89 \%$ of other organizations indicated that officers were not required to take any hardship postings. Five of 16 countries require one or more hardship postings. DFAIT/CIC does not require officers to go on hardship postings. The typical duration of a hardship post for other countries ranges from an average of 2 years ( 2.2 in other organizations) for postings with more difficult living conditions to 3.5 years ( 3.6 in other organizations) for hardship posts that are not as difficult. These durations are similar to those at DFAIT/CIC (two years and three years respectively).

The most common reasons for turning down postings were local conditions (isolation, personal security cultural differences, climate, lack of health care facilities), parental responsibilities (care of children) and inability of the spouse to work at the posting location. At DFAIT/CIC, the top responses were inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location, inability of same-sex partner or common-law partner or common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa, location conditions, and inadequate compensation.

### 5.1.5 Career Progression

The most commonly cited criterion for promotion at all levels ( $75 \%$ for the two lower levels, $81 \%$ for higher levels) in other countries was a review of performance appraisals, as at DFAIT/CIC. The second most cited criterion was the existence of an opening at the next level, especially for more senior levels. At DFAIT/CIC, an opening must be available for promotion to the highest level. The number of years of experience in grade was cited in nearly half of all cases for promotion to the second level, increasing somewhat at higher levels. Postings abroad and interviews were cited less often; simulation exercises were only cited in two cases (other than DFAIT/CIC). In other organizations, performance appraisals, years of experience in grade, and the existence of an opening at the next level are criteria in the majority of cases.

Officers spend an average of 3.2 years at the entry level; 5.8 years at the second level, 7.8 years at the third level, and 8.8 years at the fourth level, as shown below:
Years in Each Level

|  | DFAIT/CIC | Countries | Other Orgs |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Job A | 5 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| Job B | $*$ | 5.8 | 3.8 |
| Job C |  | 7.8 | 4.2 |
| Subtotal of A, B \& C |  | 16.8 | 10.8 |
| Job D |  | 8.8 | 4.8 |

* DFAIT/CIC only has two levels and two salary scales.

Among countries, $22 \%$ of officers at entry level are promoted from the entry level to the second level in a typical year, $15 \%$ from the second level to the third level, $13 \%$ from the third level to the fourth and $11 \%$ from the fourth level to the fifth. DFAIT/CIC has two levels below the EX-01 level, as indicated above. As the FSDP was only initiated in 1998, no FSDP officers have actually been promoted from FSDP to FS-02. The first such movement will only occur in 2003. However, for comparison purposes only, based on annual intake and on recent FS-01 to FS-02 promotion experience, about $18 \%$ of the FSDP officers at DFAIT/CIC are
expected to be promoted from FSDP to FS-02 each year. In respect of FS-02 to EX-01, an average of $3-4 \%$ are promoted each year.

### 5.1.6 Attrition

For the purposes of this study, we defined attrition as any individual who left the Foreign Service, not including promotions. Fifty-seven percent of countries have attrition under two percent, and $21 \%$ have $3-5 \%$ attrition. Attrition is somewhat higher at the second and third levels. At DFAIT/CIC, attrition is $3-4 \%$ among Foreign Service Officers. Voluntary separation is higher than attrition for any other reason, except at the highest levels. The most cited reasons for voluntary separation are compensation at the entry level, career change at the second level, family or spousal career at the third level, and career change at the fourth level. For DFAIT/CIC, family or spousal career is the primary reason for attrition for FSDP and FS02.

Most of the countries (73\%) and other organizations (75\%) reported that turnover has remained steady over time. Twenty percent of countries reported an increase in turnover.

### 5.2 Compensation

### 5.2.1 Job Matching and Base Salary Comparison

Respondents were asked to match their positions to the four positions (Job A, B, C and D) explained in the questionnaire, and to indicate if the jobs had heavier or lighter responsibility than those described in the survey. We then asked for the minimum, maximum, and average actual salary for each level indicated by the respondent. The minimum and maximum refer to the top and bottom of relevant salary ranges set by the employer. The average actual refers to the average of current actual salaries received by all officers at a particular level (as distinct from the midpoint between the minimum and maximum).

Where a respondent provided two matches to one of the jobs, we took an average and calculated the figure as one data point. Note that despite considerable efforts, not all respondents provided full salary data.

PwC confirmed that participants understood the job match descriptions and the job match exercise and were indeed comparing their jobs to the right levels of jobs indicated in the surveys. Although the point of demarcation between foreign service officer and executive level differs in each case, those participants comparing jobs to Job D fully understood the responsibilities involved at that level. ${ }^{1}$

The table below summarizes the information and provides an average for each level, where each respondent is counted as one data point. Figures associated with Job D are shaded to distinguish them from the Canadian Foreign Service levels. Matches at Job D are comparators to EX-01, which is the executive level (and not an FS level). Comparators at Job C do not include responsibilities at the Job D level.

All compensation figures were converted to Canadian dollars before averages were calculated. We caution any direct comparison due to differences in taxation levels, the cost of living and purchasing power.

[^1]Base Salary - All Respondents

|  | No. Respondents Min/Max | Minimum Salary |  | Maximum Salary |  | No. Respondents Avg. Actual | Average Actual Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |
| Job A | 17 | \$39,570* | \$49,055 | \$51,937* | \$68,034 | 12 | \$40,249* | \$58,918 |
| Job B | 17 | \$50,475 | \$62,255 | \$75,423 | \$85,979 | 12 | \$67,450 | \$75,385 |
| Job C | 18 |  | \$83,739 |  | \$119,749 | 12 |  | \$101,478 |
| Job D | 20 | \$82,700 (EX-01 Min) | \$102,963 | \$97,400 (EX-01 <br> Max) | \$148,461 | 14 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 91,066 \\ (\text { EX- } \\ 01)^{* *} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \$135,727 |

*FSDP
**EX-01 in all Public Service, based on rates of pay prior to most recent adjustment

Base Salary - All Countries

|  | No. Respondents Min/Max | Minimum Salary |  | Maximum Salary |  | No. Respondents | Average Actual Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |
| Job A | 14 | \$39,570 | \$42,412 | \$51,937 | \$58,049 | 10 | \$40,249 | \$49,141 |
| Job B | 14 | \$50,475 | \$55,486 | \$75,423 | \$75,024 | 10 | \$67,450 | \$65,187 |
| Job C | 13 |  | \$73,396 |  | \$101,593 | 9 |  | \$84,457 |
| Job D | 14 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 82,700 \\ (\text { EX-01 } \\ \text { Min) } \end{gathered}$ | \$90,070 | \$97,400 <br> (EX-01 <br> Max) | \$124,459 | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 91,066 \\ & (\text { EX-01) } \end{aligned}$ | \$114,480 |

Base Salary - Other Organizations

|  | No. Respondents Min/Max | Minimum Salary |  | Maximum Salary |  | No. Respondents | Average Actual Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |
| Job A | 3 | \$39,570 | \$80,053 | \$51,937 | \$114,627 | 2 | \$40,249 | \$107,804 |
| Job B | 3 | \$50,475 | \$93,842 | \$75,423 | \$137,103 | 2 | \$67,450 | \$126,371 |
| Job C | 5 |  | \$110,629 |  | \$166,954 | 3 |  | \$152,539 |
| Job D | 6 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 82,700 \\ (\text { EX-01 } \\ \text { Min) } \end{gathered}$ | \$133,047 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 97,400 \\ & (E X-01 \end{aligned}$ Max) | \$204,467 | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 91,066 \\ & (E X-01) \end{aligned}$ | \$173,971 |

Among countries that provided compensation information, six have higher salaries than DFAIT/CIC overall, including two with salaries that are more than $60 \%$ higher; six have fairly similar salary levels, and three have somewhat lower salaries. All other organizations that provided compensation information have higher salary levels for the comparator jobs. Among international organizations, however, education and work experience requirements are higher.

Only one country and none of the other organizations place any controls on the ability of an officer to earn a salary higher than the midpoint. Officers in $40 \%$ of countries, but only $11 \%$ of other organizations, move through the salary range by a step-rated grid based on seniority. Officers at $20 \%$ of countries and $33 \%$ of other organizations move through the range by a percentage-rated grid based on performance. At DFAIT/CIC, officers in FSDP move through the salary range by steps in the scale based on performance, and officers in FS-02 move through the salary range by annual percentage increments based on performance. For the remainder of respondents, officers move through the range by individually determined increments based on performance ( $20 \%$ of countries and $44 \%$ of other organizations), or by other means. To move from the minimum to the maximum in a salary range, most countries (76\%) and most other organizations ( $71 \%$ ) indicated that it takes five years or more, as it does at DFAIT/CIC.

### 5.2.2 Other Compensation

We asked respondents to indicate the value of additional compensation, including bonuses, benefits, pension plans, perquisites, and allowances as a percentage of base salary. Answers varied widely as different respondents included different elements. Eight respondents indicated that a bonus was provided at an average of $12 \%$ of salary. In some cases, this was in the form of a $13^{\text {th }}$ month of salary. Three countries indicated that a foreign language bonus is provided.

Twelve out of twenty-five respondents provided information on their pension plan. The average value of the employer contribution for these 12 was $15 \%$ of salary ( $14 \%$ at DFAIT/CIC). In our follow-up discussions, we asked respondents to indicate the value of assignment-related benefits as a percentage of salary. Respondents noted that this could vary from $30 \%$ to $300 \%$ of salary, depending on the posting location and family situation.

### 5.2.3 Comparison to Other Civil Service Professionals

We included some questions in this section asking respondents to compare FS salaries to other professional salaries in their civil service. Of all countries that responded, $42 \%$ reported that that their Foreign Service salaries were comparable to those of other public service occupations; $21 \%$ (and DFAIT/CIC) were in the top 30 percent; $7 \%$ were in the top 20 percent; and $14 \%$ were in the top 10 percent. Sixteen percent of the countries that responded indicated that their Foreign Service salaries are lower than other professional salaries.

### 5.3 Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues

Respondents were asked to provide information on assistance for spouses of Foreign Service Officers or expatriates while on postings. Sixty-three percent of countries, but only 22 percent of other organizations, responded "Allowances provided to the FS officer include an amount for the spouse." DFAIT/CIC also provided this response, but noted that this amount was provided for either a spouse or other dependent. Most other organizations ( $56 \%$ ), including all private companies, indicated that no assistance is offered.

Of the 13 countries that provide some sort of assistance, nine provide pension-related assistance (with one country providing more than one type of pension-related assistance): three countries provide spouses with supplemental pension benefits, four countries provide compensation for the loss of a spouse's public or private pension; and three countries allow spouses to continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program. One other organization allows spouses to continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program.

For those who do assist spouses, we asked in our follow-up calls what the value of this was. Responses ranged from $2.5 \%$ of salary to up to $\$ 16,000$ US per year. The average value was approximately $\$ 6,203$ for the seven respondents who provided figures. In three cases, this amount is comprised of additional allowances provided to officers with dependents.

At DFAIT/CIC, the additional allowance amount (for spouse or another dependent) provided to accompanied officers is equivalent to approximately $8 \%$ of the officer's salary, or $\$ 4,560$.

We also asked respondents what type of job search assistance spouses received. Nine of sixteen countries that responded provide assistance in obtaining a work permit in the host country, while eight countries reported employing the spouse as a local staff member abroad if a suitable position is available. Most other organizations (56\%) provide no assistance. In addition to the two types of assistance mentioned, DFAIT/CIC canvasses other organizations for available jobs (on posting); pays an allowance to cover job search expenses (on posting and on return); provides an annual allowance to cover home country professional certification or training under certain conditions (on posting and upon return), provides career counselling (upon return), and provides a series of workshops on career search, self-employment, consular training, and immigration.

Fifty percent of the countries indicated that fewer spouses are accompanying officers on postings due to career-related issues, and $31 \%$ reported no substantial changes in the trends. Forty-four percent of other organizations reported a decrease in the number of spouses
accompanying officers on postings due to career-related issues and $22 \%$ reported no substantial change in the trends.

Half of the participating countries and over $70 \%$ of other organizations provide no special home leaves or family visits to the host locations for unaccompanied Foreign Service Officers. Forty-four percent of the countries provide such trips, and a third of other organizations provide such trips. DFAIT/CIC provides two trips per assignment year to its officers when one or more dependents remain behind.

### 5.4 Conditions of Service Abroad

Questions in this section of the report focused on the types of allowances, benefits, and conditions provided, as opposed to the total value represented by these. Virtually all respondents have in place specific policies governing the conditions of service for employees abroad. For $76 \%$ of respondents ( $81 \%$ of countries), the primary objective of these policies is to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. Twenty-eight percent of respondents also indicated that the objective was to provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers/expatriates. While most other organizations ( $67 \%$ ) reported that the conditions of service (other than perquisites) did not vary with the level of employee, $56 \%$ percent of the countries reported different conditions at the senior levels (senior managers, ambassadors, etc.).

### 5.4.1 Posting Orientation and Relocation

Like DFAIT/CIC, most countries (63\%) and other organizations (56\%) do not offer cultural sensitivity/ psychological suitability testing, but do offer cross-cultural training and language training, as at DFAIT/CIC. Also similar to DFAIT/CIC, $81 \%$ of countries and all other organizations provide orientation meetings to discuss relocation and other posting issues.

Three-quarters of the countries and other organizations pay for shipment of household goods but impose weight and/or volume limits. Most countries (75\%) provide an incidental allowance to cover miscellaneous items, mostly as either as a percent of salary; or a fixed amount. Sixty-seven percent of other organizations provide an incidental allowance; either as a percent of base salary or as a fixed amount.

Sixty-nine percent of countries and $44 \%$ of other organizations provide repatriation counselling for officers and their families upon their return from a posting.

### 5.4.2 Incentive and Hardship Premiums and Cost-of-Living

Ten out of 16 countries indicated that they do not provide an incentive premium. However, among those who do not provide incentive premiums, three provide a separate allowance ("overseas" or "special" allowance) associated with the posting, and one will be introducing a new overseas conditions of service allowance in July 2002. In addition, six of these ten countries do not require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing on posting. Of the six countries that do provide an incentive premium, four do not require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing on posting.

Among those who do provide an incentive premium, most provide it in the normal pay cycle, which is the case at DFAIT/CIC. Three of the countries calculate incentive premiums according to a step-rated table, as does DFAIT/CIC. Fifty-six percent of other organizations provide an incentive premium, either paid in the normal pay cycle or paid as a lump sum.

Fourteen out of 16 countries provide a hardship premium that is paid in the normal pay cycle, as at DFAIT/CIC. Five countries calculate hardship premium as a flat amount and four countries calculate the premium according to a step-rated table, as at DFAIT/CIC. Among other organizations, most pay a hardship premium in the normal cycle, as a percentage of salary (ranging from $5 \%$ as the minimum percentage to $23 \%$ as the maximum, on average)

With respect to a cost-of-living allowance, nine out of 16 countries provide a certain percentage of base salary, and four countries provide a lump sum. Fifty-five percent of other organizations also provide a cost-of-living allowance as a percentage of base salary, most without a monetary cap. Most countries reported that the cost-of-living amount is adjusted twice a year ( $38 \%$ ) or once a year ( $19 \%$ ). Other organizations adjust the amount either whenever new data are received ( $44 \%$ ) or whenever differential changes by $5 \%(22 \%)$.

Incentive premiums are non-taxable in all countries and in $89 \%$ of other organizations. Hardship premiums are non-taxable in $87 \%$ of countries and $89 \%$ of other organizations. Cost-of-living allowances are non-taxable in all countries and in $78 \%$ of other organizations.

### 5.4.3 Housing Assistance - Home Country

The vast majority of respondents do not provide assistance with home country housing. Only one of the countries and one-third of other organizations pay expenses for third party home management services. In contrast, DFAIT/CIC pays for third-party home management services.

None of the countries, but $56 \%$ of other organizations, provide support for the sale of the home country residence. Only one country, and $33 \%$ of other organizations, provides support with the purchase of the home country residence. Again, in contrast to the majority, DFAIT/CIC provides assistance with the sale and purchase of the home country residence once per career.

As at DFAIT/CIC, half of the countries and two-thirds of the other organizations provide some form of assistance to officers whose families remain in the home country temporarily and join them after the start of the assignment.

### 5.4.4 Housing Assistance - Host Country

All countries and $67 \%$ other organizations always provide housing assistance to officers at the host location, as does DFAIT/CIC. However, 10 out of 16 countries do not require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing. Most other organizations ( $89 \%$ ) do require the officer to pay a portion of housing costs, as at DFAIT/CIC. Among those countries and organizations that do require the officer to pay a portion, this amount is based on a housing deduction norm of approximately $15 \%$ of salary. At DFAIT/CIC, the rent share is based on rental costs in the Ottawa/Gatineau area.

With respect to utilities costs (other than telephone), officers at $38 \%$ of countries and $22 \%$ of other organizations are reimbursed for actual costs. Officers at $31 \%$ of the countries and $22 \%$ of the other organizations are not reimbursed. At DFAIT/CIC and in 19\% of countries and $33 \%$ of other organizations, utilities costs are included in the housing/cost-of-living allowance.

### 5.4.5 Medical Costs

The majority of countries cover the additional costs of medical/dental care while on posting, either through a special home country or international medical plan (38\%) or through a cash reimbursement ( $25 \%$ ). Other organizations cover these costs through a special home country or international plan as well ( $56 \%$ ) or through a host country group or individual medical plan ( $22 \%$ ). DFAIT/CIC covers these costs through its standard private medical plan.

### 5.4.6 Perquisites (Perks)

As at DFAIT/CIC, 12 out of 16 countries and $56 \%$ of other organizations do not provide recreational club membership to officers. Eleven countries provide an automobile to the head of mission only. Most other organizations provide an automobile to specific levels and/or in accordance with the host country norms for the position being filled. Most countries ( $69 \%$ ) do provide a representation allowance, either at specific levels or only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled. In two cases, however, the officer must bear a portion of the cost. DFAIT/CIC provides a representation allowance at specific levels.

### 5.4.7 Education/Care of Dependents

Forty-four percent of countries and $56 \%$ of other organizations pay for elementary and secondary education as a matter of course. Thirty-eight percent of countries and $33 \%$ of other organizations pay for these costs if local public schools are deemed inadequate, as at DFAIT/CIC. Thirty-one percent of countries and $33 \%$ of other organizations indicated they would pay all reasonable education costs, including boarding, if local schools are inadequate.

Nineteen percent of countries and $22 \%$ of other organizations indicated they would pay all reasonable costs up to a maximum amount, as at DFAIT/CIC.

Most countries ( $75 \%$ ) and other organizations ( $56 \%$ ) do not pay for post-secondary education of dependents while the officer is in the home country. Most countries (69\%) do not pay for post-secondary education of dependents when the officer is on a posting, but $56 \%$ of other organizations do, as does DFAIT/CIC. Of those who do, most provide an amount up to a fixed limit, as does DFAIT/CIC.

Only $6 \%$ of the countries, and none of the other organizations, pay for day care in the home country. Forty-one percent of countries and $22 \%$ of other organizations pay for day care on posting. In contrast, DFAIT/CIC pays for the difference in cost between the home and host country.

### 5.4.8 Leave

Frequency of home leave varies among respondents, as shown in the table below. At DFAIT/CIC, the frequency varies from one trip per four-year posting to one trip per year in hardship locations. The table below summarizes this information.

| Frequency of Home Leave Trips |
| :--- |
|  More than 1 trip <br> per year One trip per year One trip every two <br> years One trip every <br> three years <br> Countries $13 \%$ $44 \%$ $25 \%$ $18 \%$ <br> Other <br> Organizations  $67 \%$ $33 \%$  <br> DFAIT/CIC   (frequency depends on location)  |

One-quarter of countries and $56 \%$ of other organizations allow the employee to use home leave to travel to a different location, as at DFAIT/CIC.

In more than half of the countries (63\%) and other organizations (56\%), rest and recreation trips are provided to officers in hardship locations. DFAIT/CIC provides such trips to all officers posted abroad. Thirty-one percent of the countries and $44 \%$ of other organizations do not provide any rest and recreation trips. The number of R\&R trips generally depends on the posting location in $55 \%$ of countries and $40 \%$ of other organizations. At DFAIT/CIC, R\&R trips are provided once per year. Typically, the officer may choose the location of the R\&R trip (in $73 \%$ of countries and $60 \%$ of other organizations), as at DFAIT/CIC.

Finally, $53 \%$ of the countries offer the same number of holidays as in the home country (as does DFAIT/CIC). Other countries either offer the greater of the home and host country entitlement, or some other combination. In contrast, seventy-eight percent of other organizations offer statutory holiday equal to the host country's holidays.

## 6 Highlights

The survey results indicate that Foreign Service Officers at DFAIT/CIC have similar terms and conditions of employment to the comparator group in most areas. This section highlights key points and areas of difference.

### 6.1 Structure of the Foreign Service

- Other countries have an average of 3.5 levels corresponding to the two FS levels at DFAIT/CIC.
- Unlike DFAIT/CIC, in 12 out of the 16 countries, Foreign Service Officers are also responsible for Aid.
- Similar to DFAIT/CIC, in most countries, Trade officers are part of the Foreign Service. However, in 7 out of 16 countries, Trade officers are not considered part of the Foreign Service.
- Foreign Service Officers in eight out of 16 countries are responsible for Immigration. In the other countries, Immigration Officers are not part of the Foreign Service. However, even where immigration is separate, in three cases, Foreign Service Officers have responsibility for Consular Affairs, as do Canadian Immigration Officers.
- The minimum education level for consideration as a recruit in half of all countries and in three-quarters of other organizations is a Master's degree or higher. At DFAIT/CIC, an undergraduate degree is required.
- Fifteen out of sixteen countries indicated that they recruit to the Foreign Service in general, like DFAIT/CIC. However, eight of the 16 also recruit into specific specialties such as economic officer or lawyer. These individuals are compensated as Foreign Service Officers and not according to their profession
- Unlike DFAIT/CIC, more than half of countries (and all other organizations) indicated that they recruit officers at mid-career, in addition to recruiting in early-career.
- Only two respondents provide training programs of more than two years. DFAIT/CIC's initial orientation and training program is five years in duration.
- In the case of competing interests, the Human Resources department decides where an officer will be posted in $63 \%$ of countries. In other organizations, this decision is usually made by the head of the relevant section at headquarters (for 67\%). At DFAIT/CIC, the head of mission has the final say.


### 6.2 Highlights - Compensation

- Among countries that provided compensation information, six have higher salaries than DFAIT/CIC overall, including two with salaries that are more than $60 \%$ higher; six have fairly similar salary levels, and three have somewhat lower salaries. Among other organizations that provided data, all have higher salary levels for the comparator jobs. Among international organizations, education and work experience requirements are higher.
- Pension, one of the few comparable benefits, is a similar percentage of salary at DFAIT/CIC as among the respondents that provided information for this question.
- Three out of 16 countries indicated that a foreign language bonus is provided. DFAIT/CIC does not provide a foreign language bonus.


### 6.3 Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues

- Ten out of 16 countries, as well as DFAIT/CIC, indicated that allowances provided to the FS officer include an amount for the spouse.
- Of a total of 12 countries that provide some sort of spousal assistance, nine provide pension-related assistance: three countries provide spouses with supplemental pension benefits, four countries provide compensation for the loss of a spouse's public or private pension; and three countries allow spouses to continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program. DFAIT/CIC does not provide pension-related assistance to spouses.
- Nine of fifteen countries provide assistance in obtaining a work permit in the host country while eight countries reported employing the spouse as a local staff member abroad if a suitable position is available. Most other organizations (56\%) provide no assistance. In addition to the two the types of assistance mentioned, DFAIT/CIC provides five other types of assistance, as noted on page 19.


### 6.4 Conditions of Service Abroad

- Ten out of 16 countries indicated that they do not provide an incentive premium. However, three of these 10 provide a separate allowance ("overseas" or "special" allowance) associated with the posting, and one will be introducing a new overseas conditions of service allowance soon. In addition, six of these ten countries do not require
the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing on posting. DFAIT/CIC provides incentive premiums for officers going abroad.
- Only one of the countries and one-third of other organizations pay expenses for third party home management services. In contrast, DFAIT/CIC pays for third-party home management services.
- None of the countries, but $56 \%$ of other organizations, provide support for the sale of the home country residence. Only one country, and $33 \%$ of other organizations, provide support with the purchase of the home country residence. DFAIT/CIC provides assistance with the sale and purchase of the home country residence once per career.
- Ten out of 16 countries do not require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing. DFAIT/CIC requires the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing.
- Only $6 \%$ of the countries, and none of the other organizations, pay for day care in the home country. Forty-one percent of countries and $22 \%$ of other organizations pay for day care on posting. DFAIT/CIC pays for the difference in cost between the home and host country.
- At DFAIT/CIC, officers are permitted to use home leave to travel to different locations. Only one-quarter of countries (and $56 \%$ of other organizations) allow the employee to use home leave to travel to a different location.

As the stakeholders have requested that we present only the facts, we will not comment on the implications of any of these differences.

## Appendix A

## Questionnaire <br> ("Foreign Service in Other Countries" version)

# PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada 

## "Foreign Service in Other Countries" Version

The Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and the Department of Citizenship and Immigration in Canada are conducting research to compare terms and conditions of employment of Foreign Service Officers to those in other countries. These two departments employ Foreign Service Officers who are stationed at Canadian missions abroad and across Canada. Throughout their careers they rotate between Headquarters and international postings. Canadian Foreign Service Officers are Public Servants with their own collective agreement. They are posted abroad based on a formal annual posting process that takes into account a number of criteria, including openings, employee skill sets and career objectives, employee preferences and management requirements.

Your country's Foreign Service has been selected as a comparator. The attached questionnaire contains questions relating to four areas:

Section I - Structure and Management Practices<br>Section II - Compensation<br>Section III - DualCareer and Dual-Income Issues<br>Section IV - Conditions of Service Abroad

Before completing the questionnaire, please refer to the Glossary of Terms that follows the Participant Information page. The Glossary has been provided to explain the meaning of certain terms used in this survey. We have left room for you to indicate if your definitions of the terms differ from ours.

The survey will take approximately two hours to complete and may require the input of one or more of your colle agues in addition to your own input. We recognize that this is asking a significant contribution of your time and effort, and we deeply appreciate your assistance.

In return for your participation, you will receive a report summarizing the findings of this comparative study. This information will be available early in the new year.

Please complete the survey and submit it to Sharon Clark by fax, at 1-613-237-3963.
If you have any questions, please contact Sharon Clark by telephone at 1-613-755-5953 or by email at sharon.r.clark@ca.pwcglobal.com , or contact Ian Fernandez at 1-613-237-3702, extension 8408 or ian.n.fernandez@ca.pwcglobal.com.

Thank you in advance for your participation.

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

 Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration CanadaPARTICIPANT INFORMATION (Please Print):

Country: $\qquad$

| Survey questionnaire completed by: | Survey Report to be addressed to: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Name: | Name: |
| Title: | Title: |
| Mailing Address: | Mailing Address: |

Telephone (with country code):

Fax: $\qquad$ Fax: $\qquad$
E-mail address:
E-mail address:

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada

## Glossary of Terms

Please indicate in the space provided if definitions of these terms differ in your country's foreign service.

| Term | Definition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assignment/ <br> Posting | Tour of duty outside the home country for a minimum of 12 months, from which the staff member is <br> expected to return to the point of origin or to be posted to another location |
| Benefits in <br> Kind | Benefits provided to staff in the form of goods or services paid for by the employer. For example, <br> housing, meals, transportation, food vouchers |
| Cap | A limit, usually monetary, above which no benefit is provided |
| Compen- <br> sation | The remuneration paid to an employee. Compensation can include salary or wages, insurance and <br> other benefits provided by the employer, short-term (annual or shorter) incentive or bonus payments, <br> long-term incentive payments, benefits in kind (non-cash goods, e.g., automobiles, meals, housing), or <br> perquisites (benefits available only to certain levels of employees (e.g., club membership) |
| Foreign <br> Service <br> Officer | A professional staff member of your country's Foreign Service who will generally be assigned to a <br> number of foreign postings during his or her career to represent your country. |
| Cost-of- <br> Living | An allowance meant to offset the additional cost of meeting day-to-day living expenses in the host <br> location. Also called COLA, Goods and Services Allowance, Cost-of-Living or Goods and Services <br> Differential, Post Index |
| Forced |  |
| Attrition | An employer-initiated termination of employment |
| Aependant | Spouse and any unmarried child for whom the staff member or the spouse is the main support and/or <br> who normally lives with the staff member or the spouse |

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| Hardship <br> Allowance/ <br> Premium | An allowance payable in recognition of undesirable conditions existing at certain posts, including any combination of the following factors: <br> - Geographic isolation <br> - Personal security/safety <br> - Cultural differences/language <br> - Climate/environmental factors |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hardship Location | A location that is more difficult to live in than the assignee's home location. Hardship may be caused by any combination of the following factors: <br> - Geographic isolation <br> - Personal security/safety <br> - Cultural differences/language <br> - Climate/environmental factors <br> Locations may be classified according to the level of hardship encountered. |
| Headquarters Location | Typically, the capital city or seat of government of the home country |
| Home | The country or specific location from which an expatriate is sent |
| Home Leave Travel | Entitlement to a paid trip to the home country or elsewhere as part of the assignment regardless of the host location |
| Host | The country or specific location to which an expatriate is sent |
| Housing Share or Deduction | A fixed amount charged to expatriates which offsets the cost of host country housing provided or paid for by the employer |
| Incentive Premium | An amount provided to expatriates in recognition of the differences, some of which may be financial, that could result from serving abroad. The incentive premium also serves to attract and retain employees to positions requiring service abroad. |
| Pay (verb) | In the context of providing a benefit to an exp atriate, paying will include direct provision of a benefit to the staff member, direct payment to the staff member, reimbursement of the staff member for incurred expenses, and payment to a third party on behalf of the staff member |

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP <br> Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada

| Per Diem | A fixed amount of money provided for general daily expenses |
| :--- | :--- |
| Perquisites | Benefits provided only to certain levels of staff. Typical perquisites include cars, social club memberships, <br> personal expense accounts |
| Range <br> Maximum | Under normal circumstances, the highest salary payable to an employee in a certain position |
| Range Mid- <br> point | The salary halfway between the minimum and maximum of the range <br> Separation <br> Vinimum |
| Range <br>  <br> Recreation <br> Trip | Enter normal circumstances, the lowest salary payable to an employee in a certain position <br> Salary |
| Statutory <br> Holiday | Say designated as a non-work day for most workers and on which most government offices are closed. May <br> be a legislated or religious holiday <br> allowance) paid to all staff as a normal part of the annual remuneration (but excluding any payment for termination of employment <br> knowledge of an additional language) |
| Spouse at a hardship location to take a paid trip to a non-hardship location |  |

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada

## SECTION I - STRUCTURE AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following questions address the structure of your country's Foreign service and management practices such as recruitment, training, and promotions. The purpose of these questions is to gain an understanding of how your Foreign Service is structured, as compared to Canada's Foreign Service, and to examine some of the less tangible aspects of employment.

## Structure of the Foreign Service

1. Is your Foreign Service part of the overall Public Service or separate from it?
(a) Part of the Public Service
(b) Separate from the Public Service

2. What are the primary responsibilities of your Foreign Service Officers?

Please check all that apply
(a) Political/Economic
(b) Trade
(c) Administration
(d) Immigration
(e) Aid
(f) Other: $\qquad$

3. Are trade officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group, or are they a separate group?
Please check one response only.
(a) Trade officers are included in the Foreign Service Officer group
(b) Trade officers are a separate group

4. Do you have officers who specialize in immigration at postings abroad?
(a) Yes, at all postings
(b) At some postings
(c) No

5. Are immigration officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group, or are they a separate group?
(a) Immigration officers are included in the Foreign Service Officer group
(b) Immigration officers are a separate group
$\square$

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6. Are aid officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group, or are they a separate group?
(a) Aid officers are included in the Foreign Service Officer group
(b) Aid officers are a separate group

7. Are your Foreign Service Officers represented for bargaining, that is, are they part of a collective bargaining agreement? (This may be a professional association, a union, or other formal group)
(a) No
(b) Yes


## Recruitment

8. What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a Foreign Service Officer recruit?

Please insert specific response for each category.
(a) Educational level (High School, Undergraduate Degree, Master's Degree, PhD)
(b) Years of work experience (number)
(c) Foreign languages (number of languages)
(d) Other: $\qquad$
9. In actual practice, what is the highest level of education possessed by most new recruits?

Please check one response only.
(a) Undergraduate degree
(b) Master's degree
(c) PhD
(d) Other: $\qquad$

10. In actual practice, how many years of work experience do most new recruits have?
(a) Two years or less
(b) More than two years but less than five years
(c) Five years or more


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11. To which of the following do you recruit?

Please check all that apply
(a) Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in general
(b) Officers are recruited to a specific assignment abroad
(c) Officers are recruited to a specific speciality or position

Please specify which specialities/positions $\qquad$
12. If your Foreign Service recruits are specialists in particular areas, are they compensated as Foreign Service Officers, or according to their profession?
(a) Compensated as Foreign Service Officers
(b) Compensated according to their profession


## Mid-career Recruitment

13. Do you recruit Foreign Service Officers at midcareer, that is, professionals or others with extensive work experience who wish to make a career change?
(a) No, all officers are recruited early in their careers (Please go to Question 16)
(b) Yes, but only from within the Public Service
(c) Yes, from within the Public Service and the private sector

14. What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a midcareer recruit?

Please insert specific response for each category.
(a) Educational level (High School, Undergraduate degree, Master's Degree, PhD)
(b) Years of work experience (number)
(c) Foreign languages (number of languages)
(d) Other

15. At what level are mid-career recruits typically placed?
(a) Same level as early-career recruits
(b) Same level as early-career recruits, but on a faster progression path
(c) Appropriate level commensurate with work experience
(d) Other:


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## Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment

 on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada
## Locally Hired Professional Staff (staff hired in the host country to work at a mission in that country)

16. What is the overall trend of staffing foreign missions with locally hired professionals instead of Foreign Service Officers?

Please check one response only.
(a) Percentage of locally hired professionals is falling
(b) Percentage of locally hired professionals remains steady
(c) Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising
(d) Other


## Professional Orientation and Training

17. What kind of orientation and training are provided to new Foreign Service Officers?

Please check all that apply
(a) On-the-job-training
(b) Classroom-setting courses
(c) Self-study courses
(d) Domestic training assignments
(e) Foreign training assignments
(f) Language training
(g) Other: $\qquad$
18. How long is the orientation and training program for new Foreign Service Officers?
(a) 6 months or less
(b) More than 6 but less than 12 months
(c) 12 to 24 months
(d) More than two years

19. After the initial orientation and training period, how many days of training are typically provided per year? Please insert the number of days.


## Posting Information

20. What is the average length of a standard foreign posting (to one country), in years? Please round to the nearest year.

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21. Do officers typically return to their home country after a foreign posting?
(a) Yes, they typically return home and do not undertake any more foreign postings
(b) Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings
(c) Yes, but only after two or more consecutive postings
(d) No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(f) Other: $\qquad$

22. Are Foreign Service Officers able to influence if and where they will be posted?
(a) No, they have no influence
(b) Yes, but other factors override personal choice
(c) Personal choice weighs heavily
(d) Officers may turn down postings without consequence.

23. In the case of competing interests, who makes the final decision regarding where a Foreign Service Officer will be posted? Please check one response only.
(a) Personnel or human resources department
(b) Head of mission
(c) Head of relevant section at headquarters
(d) Other $\qquad$

24. On average how much notice are individuals given regarding their posting location and starting date, in months?

25. What is the typical duration of a hardship posting, in years?

Enter specific number of years, rounding to the nearest year.
(a) "Easiest" hardship location
(b) "Hardest" hardship location
(c) Other
(d) Other
(e) Not applicable

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## Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment

 on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada26. In a typical Foreign Service career, how many hardship postings must an Officer take?
(a) None
(b) One
(c) Two or more
(d) Other

27. The following is a list of possible reasons for candidates to turn down a foreign posting. Please rank them in order of frequency of occurrence in your organization.
Please enter " 1 " for the most common reason, "2" for the next most common, etc. Please do not use the same value twice.
(a) Inadequate compensation offer
(b) Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills
(c) Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location
(d) Inability of same-sex partner or common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport
(e) Parental/other adult care responsibilities
(f) Local conditions (isolation, personal security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities)
(g) Other:
(h) Other: $\qquad$


## Career Progression

28. What criteria are used to determine if an individual will be promoted?
(Please check all that apply)
(a) Performance appraisals
(b) Interview
(c) Simulation exercise
(d) Years of experience in grade
(e) Postings abroad
(f) Existence of an opening at the next level
(g) Other:
(h) Other:

| From |
| :---: |
| entry level |
| to 2 |
| nd |
| level |


| To 3 <br> rd <br> Level | Te 4 <br> th <br> Level | To 5 <br> Level <br> Level or <br> Higher |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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| Level | Entry/ <br> Trainee Level | Second <br> Level | Third Level | Fourth <br> Level |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

30. Does career progression differ for mid-career recruits?
(a) Not applicable / No mid-career recruits
(b) No
(c) Yes

Please describe: $\qquad$

## Attrition

31. For each of the levels below, what is the annual level of attrition of Foreign Service Officers, that is, Foreign Service Officers leaving the Foreign Service?

|  | Percentage Leaving |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Level | $\mathbf{0 - 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 - 5} \%$ | $\mathbf{6 - 9} \%$ | $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 - 2 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{> 2 0 \%}$ |
| Entry or Trainee Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Foreign Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |

32. Of the Foreign Service Officers who leave at each level, please indicate the percentage leaving for each of the reasons below:

| Level | Retirement or <br> Death in <br> Service | Voluntary <br> Separation | Forced <br> Attrition | Promotion | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entry or Trainee Level |  |  |  |  | $100 \%$ |
| Second Level |  |  |  |  | $100 \%$ |

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| Level | Retirement or <br> Death in <br> Service | Voluntary <br> Separation | Forced <br> Attrition | Promotion | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Third Level |  |  |  |  | $100 \%$ |
| Fourth Level |  |  |  |  | $100 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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33. Of those who leave due to voluntary separation, please rank the top three reasons for leaving at each level. In each row, place a " 1 " in the column that reflects the most common reason, a " 2 " for the second most common reason, and a " 3 " for the third most common reason.

| Level | Compensation | Family or <br> spousal <br> career | Career <br> Change | Lifestyle | Other | If Other, <br> Specify |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Entry or Trainee Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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34. Which of the following statements best characterizes turnover within your Foreign Service?

Please check one response only
(a) On average, turnover is falling
(b) On average, turnover remains steady
(c) On average, turnover is rising

35. What initiatives are in place in the organization to encourage retention of Foreign Service Officers?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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## SECTION II - COMPENSATION

The objective of this section is to gather information on the base salary of comparable positions as well as other aspects of compensation, including bonuses, pension plans, benefits and perquisites.

In order to produce valid comparisons, we have provided brief descriptions of the qualifications and work of Canadian Foreign Service Officers below. We request that you provide descriptions of comparable jobs in your Foreign Service and the relevant compensation and benefits data for these jobs.

## Job Matching

In this part of the survey we ask you to match certain Canadian Foreign Service Officer positions with similar positions in your Foreign Service. This will enable us to compare the compensation of similar positions.

Below you will find short descriptions of four levels of Canadian Foreign Service Officer positions. The job descriptions encompass activity in the following main subject areas, and related programs and services: $\overline{\mathrm{y}} \quad$ foreign policy (political, economic, international security)
$\breve{y} \quad$ trade policy
$\breve{\mathrm{y}} \quad$ international business development
$\breve{y} \quad$ investment, science and technology promotion
$\breve{\mathrm{y}} \quad$ social and immigration policy and operations
$\breve{y} \quad$ public diplomacy
$\breve{y} \quad$ international cultural relations
JOB A
This is an early career position. Individuals at this level would participate in a combination of formal training and on-the-job assignments. The incumbent would typically carry the designation of Second Secretary after one year on assignment abroad, reporting to a head of section at a mission.

Responsibilities might include:
$\breve{y} \quad$ Analyzing and reporting on issues and developments in assigned subject areas
$\breve{y} \quad$ Researching and compiling information
$\breve{y} \quad$ Doing field work on particular aspects of bilateral or multilateral matters affecting national interests
$\breve{y} \quad$ Participating in projects or working groups to advocate or promote national positions internationally
$\breve{y} \quad$ Assisting in planning and implementing particular programs, policies and initiatives
$\breve{y} \quad$ Processing an assigned caseload

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## JOB B

This is an analyst position. Individuals at this level might also manage a component of a program. The incumbent would typically carry the designation of First Secretary, reporting to a head of section at a mission or act as head of section at a small mission.

Responsibilities might include:
$\breve{y} \quad$ Analyzing and reporting on issues and developments in assigned subject areas
$\breve{y} \quad$ Distilling the results of research and providing policy advice and recommendations
$\breve{y} \quad$ Actively promoting national positions on bilateral or multilateral matters with foreign governments, international organizations, non-governmental organizations, the media, and private corporations
$\breve{y} \quad$ Taking the lead on projects or working groups to advocate or promote national positions internationally
$\breve{y} \quad$ Preparing plans and implementing particular programs, policies and initiatives
$\breve{y} \quad$ Managing a component of a program

## JOB C

This is an operational or program manager position. Individuals at this level would manage an operation or program. The incumbent would typically carry the designation Counsellor, reporting to the Head of Mission.

Responsibilities might include:
$\breve{y} \quad$ Formulating strategic responses to developments affecting national interests in assigned subject areas
$\breve{y} \quad$ Directing and overseeing policy in assigned subject areas
$\breve{y} \quad$ Managing, coordinating and implementing programs, including managing related operational budgets and supervising and directing both national and locally-engaged officers and support staff
$\breve{y} \quad$ Providing leadership in promoting, advocating and negotiating national policies and positions
$\breve{y} \quad$ Monitoring control and enforcement activities, and liasing with domestic and international organizations on security-related issues
$\breve{y} \quad$ Managing an operation or program.

## JOB D

This is an executive-level position. Individuals at this level would typically carry the designation of Minister-Counsellor at a larger mission or Ambassador at a smaller mission.

## Responsibilities might include:

$\breve{y} \quad$ Overseeing the management of bilateral relations with another country or national representation at an international organization.
$\bar{y} \quad$ Developing, coordinating, and managing national policies and programs on specific issues and developments
$\breve{y} \quad$ Providing authoritative policy advice and briefings to Ministers and senior managers on policy priorities and objectives
$\breve{y} \quad$ Developing and implementing operational policies, guidelines, and procedures to ensure costeffective pursuit of national objectives and delivery of services to priority clients.

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## Job Match Comparisons Guide

Since no two matches are expected to be identical, we have provided a guide to matching the positions:
Match ++: Your job matches many of the characteristics of the Canadian position, and it exceeds certain of them by a wide margin, or
Your job exceeds many of the characteristics of the Canadian position by a small margin
Match +: Your job matches many of the characteristics of the Canadian position, but it exceeds certain of them by a small margin

Match: Your job is a close match of the characteristics of the Canadian position
Match -: Your job matches many of the characteristics of the Canadian position, but it is lighter than certain of them by a small margin

Match --: Your job matches many of the characteristics of the Canadian position, but it is lighter than certain of them by a wide margin, or Your job is lighter than many of the characteristics of the Canadian position by a small margin

1. In the following table, please match your country's Foreign Service Officer positions to the Canadian Foreign Service Officer positions described above. In the first column, indicate the level of your country's Foreign Service Officer to which you are making the comparison. In the middle column, please indicate the level of Canadian Foreign Service Officer to which you are making the comparison. In the right-hand column, indicate the degree of match based on the instructions above (e.g., "match -" if your officer has a lower level of responsibility than the Canadian officer)

| Your Position Title | Canadian Position Title <br> (Job A, Job B, Job C, or Job D) | Degree of Match (+/-) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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## Salary Ranges

2. For the positions matched in the previous section, please provide the following data:

|  | Salary Range (Annual Rate) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Job Title | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual Salary |
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3. Do you place any controls on the ability of a Foreign Service Officer to earn a salary higher than the mid-point?
(a) No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum
(b) Yes, salaries above the mid-point are restricted to special exceptions
(c) Yes, the amount of salary above the mid-point must be earned each year by superior performance
(d) Yes, other: $\qquad$

4. How do Foreign Service Officers typically move through the salary range?
(a) By individually determined increments based on performance
(b) By a percentage-rated grid based on performance
(c) By a step-rated grid based on seniority
(d) Other: $\qquad$

5. On average, or by formula, how long would it typically take a Foreign Service Officer to move from minimum salary to the maximum or other control point?
(a) Two years or less
(b) More than two years but less than five years
(c) Five years or more


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## Other Compensation

6. Please describe the total remuneration package provided to your Foreign Service Officers and estimate the cost or value of each element as a percentage of the position's salary range midpoint (half-way point between the minimum and maximum).

| Compensation Type | Value as <br> \% of Base <br> Salary Mid- <br> Point |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Base salary | $100 \%$ | Description |
| Annual bonus or <br> incentive plan(s) |  | Please specify the nature of the plan(s): |
| Other cash compensation <br> (including foreign <br> language bonus, if <br> applicable) |  | Please specify the nature of the plan: |
| Long-term incentive <br> plans |  | Please specify the type of plan(s): |
| Pension/Retirement/ <br> Superannuation plans nature of the compensation: |  | Please specify which benefits: |
| Employee benefits |  | Please specify which benefits: |
| Other (if significant) |  |  |
| Benefits in kind |  |  |

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## Comparison to Other Civil Service Positions

7. As an approximation, where do Foreign Service salaries fall when compared to other professional groups in your civil service?
(a) In the top 10 percent?
(b) In the top 20 percent?
(c) In the top 30 percent?
(d) Other: $\qquad$
$\square$
8. Please provide the salary minimum and maximum for the following positions in your civil service.

|  |  |  | Trade officer (if <br> separate from Foreign <br> Service Officer and not <br> locally engaged) | Immigration <br> officer (if separate <br> from Foreign Service <br> Officer) | Investment <br> Officer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Level 1 Min |  | Lawyer |  |  |  |
| Level 1 Max |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 2 Min |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 2 Max |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 3 Min |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 3 Max |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 4 Min |  |  |  |  |  |
| Level 4 Max |  |  |  |  |  |
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9. Please provide your civil service's executive salary range, from the minimum salary for the lowest level executive to the maximum salary for the highest level executive.

|  | Title/Position | Salary |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lowest Executive | (Minimum) |  |
| Highest Executive | (Maximum) |  |

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## SECTION III - MANAGEMENT OF FAMILY, DUAL-INCOME AND DUAL-CAREER ISSUES

The questions below focus on aspects of life and work that affect a working spouse accompanying the Foreign Service Officer abroad.

1. What is your policy regarding compensation for the loss of spousal income and pension while on foreign postings? (Please see the Glossary for a definition of "spouse.")

Please check all that apply.
(a) No assistance
(b) No policy
(c) No policy yet, but currently under consideration
(d) Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse
(e) Accompanying spouses are entitled to receive unemployment insurance or other social security system loss-of-employment compensation only if they are not permitted to work in the host location
(f) Accompanying spouses are entitled to receive unemployment insurance or other social security system loss-of-employment compensation under any circumstances
(g) Compensation is provided for the loss of a spouse's public or private pension
(h) Accompanying spouses are provided with supplemental pension benefits
(i) Accompanying spouses continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program while on foreign posting
(j) Accompanying spouses are provided compensation or an allowance in recognition of their representational responsibilities

Lowest level eligible (if applicable)
(k) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(1) Other: $\qquad$

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2. Do you assist the spouse to find employment at the posting location and upon return from a foreign posting?

| Please check all those that apply: | OnUpon <br> posting return |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

(a) No
(b) Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available
(c) Employ at foreign/home location as a Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is available
(d) Canvass other organizations for available jobs
(e) Pay allowance to cover job search expenses (e.g., curriculum vitae preparation, translation, employment agency fees)
(f) Assist to obtain work permit
(g) Provide allowance to cover host country certification/continuing education/training programs if required for spouse to work
(h) Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training or personal interest programs
(i) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(j) Other: $\qquad$

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
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|  |  |
|  | N/A |
|  | N/A |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

3. What is the trend with respect to spouses not accompanying Foreign Service Officers on posting due to career-related issues?
(a) On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting due to career-related issues.
(b) There has been no substantial change in the number of spouses not accompanying officers on posting due to career-related issues.
(c) Don't know
(d) $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$
(e) Other


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4. Are unaccompanied Foreign Service Officers provided with special Home Leaves or family visits to the host location?
(a) No
(b) Yes, one extra trip per assignment year
(c) Yes, two extra trips per assignment year
(d) Yes, more than two extra trips per assignment year

5. Please describe any policy changes that you are considering that would affect your answers to any of the questions above (please use a separate sheet of paper if necessary):
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## SECTION IV - CONDITIONS OF SERVICE ABROAD

The objective of this section is to gather information about the unique factors that affect life abroad for a Foreign Service Officer.

## Administrative Information

1. Do you have specific policies governing the conditions of service of Foreign Service Officers abroad?
(a) Yes
(b) No


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2. What strategic objectives determine your general foreign assignment terms and conditions?

## Please check all that apply

(a) Provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers
(b) Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole")
(c) Exceed home country living standards and purchasing power
(d) Match host country living standards and purchasing power
(e) Match terms and conditions typically offered by multinational companies
(f) Other

3. Do the conditions of service abroad (other than perquisites) vary with the level of the Foreign Service Officer?
(a) No
(b) Yes

Please indicate the level at which the distinction is usually made:


## Posting Orientation

4. Please indicate if the following services are provided:

Please check one box in each column.
(a) No
(b) Yes, Foreign Service Officer only
(c) Yes, Foreign Service Officer and spouse
(d) Yes, on a case-by-case basis
(e) Other $\qquad$

| Cultural <br> Sensitivity/ <br> Psychological <br> Suitability <br> Testing | Language <br> classes | Cross- <br> Cultural <br> Training |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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5. Do you provide an orientation meeting to discuss relocation and other posting issues?
(a) Yes
(b) No


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## Relocation

6. Do you pay for the shipment of household goods to and from a foreign posting?
(a) No
(b) Yes, all reasonable costs
(c) Yes, but with weight and/or volume limits
(d) Yes, but only if the staff member leases unfurnished housing
(e) Yes, but only partial if fully/partially furnished quarters are leased
(f) Other: $\qquad$

7. Do you provide an additional incidental allowance to Foreign Service Officers moving to and from a foreign posting to cover miscellaneous items not specifically covered in the policy (e.g., telephone or cable connections)?
(a) No
(b) Yes, expressed as a percent of base salary without a cap
(c) Yes, expressed as a percent of base salary with a cap

Percentage of salary for response (b) or (c)
Annual salary cap for response (c)
(d) Yes, fixed amount

Monetary amount
(e) Other: $\qquad$


## Incentive and Hardship Premiums and Cost-of-Living

8. Please indicate whether you provide an incentive premium (e.g., Foreign Service Premium, Assignment Bonus) to Foreign Service Officers accepting an overseas posting, and whether you provide a hardship premium to Foreign Service Officers accepting a posting at a hardship location.

Please check one box in each column.
(a) No
(b) Yes, paid in a lump sum
(c) Yes, paid in the normal pay cycle (e.g., monthly)
(d) Yes, paid annually
(e) Yes, at the end of posting
(f) Yes, but format varies by location
(g) Other: $\qquad$

| Incentive <br> premium | Hardship <br> premium |
| :--- | :--- |
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 on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada9. If you provide an incentive premium and/or hardship premium, on what basis is it calculated?

Please check one box in each column.
(a) Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap
(b) Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap

Please respond to the following if you checked off (a) or (b)
Percentage, if the premium is the same for all postings
Lowest percentage, if the premium varies by location
Highest percentage if the premium varies by location
Annual salary cap for response (b)
(c) Varies according to a step-rated table
(d) Expressed as a fixed number of months of base salary

Number of months
(e) Flat amount for all officers

Annual flat amount
(f) Other: $\qquad$

10. Do you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance for Foreign Service Officers on posting?
(a) No
(b) Yes, paid out as a fixed amount
(c) Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap
(d) Yes, as a percentage of base salary with a monetary cap

Annual salary cap
(e) Other $\qquad$
11. If you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance, how often is the amount adjusted?
(a) Allowance is fixed for length of posting
(b) Adjusted annually
(c) Adjusted whenever new data are received
(d) Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage

Minimum percentage
(e) Other: $\qquad$


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Please check all that apply
(a) Incentive premium
(b) Hardship premium
(c) Cost-of-living allowance
(d) Other: $\qquad$


## Assistance with Home Country Housing

13. Do you have a housing assistance program designed to help a Foreign Service Officer maintain a residence in the home country?
(a) No
(b) Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services
(c) Yes, pay third-party home management services to a set maximum

Annual maximum
(d) Yes, but organization reimburses for only specific fees
(e) Yes, organization pays a flat amount

## Flat amount

(f) Yes, organization reimburses on an ad hoc basis
(g) Other: $\qquad$
14. Do you guarantee to a Foreign Service Officer reimbursement of a loss from the rental of the home country principal residence?
(a) No
(b) Yes, with a cap of a specified monetary amount or number of months rent
(c) Yes, organization absorbs the loss without limit
(d) Will stop housing share/deduction for a period
(e) Reduce housing share paid by the Foreign Service Officer to offset this loss
(f) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(g) Other: $\qquad$

15. Do you provide assistance with the sale and/or purchase of the home country principal residence?
(a) No
(b) Yes, once per posting
(c) Yes, based on a different frequency $\qquad$

| Sale | Pur- <br> chase |
| :--- | :--- |
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16. Do you provide special financial assistance to Foreign Service Officers whose families remain in the home country temporarily and join them after the start of the posting?
(a) No
(b) Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence.

Please specify maximum period
(c) Other: $\qquad$

## Assistance with Host Country Housing (Abroad)

17. Do you provide assistance for housing to Foreign Service Officers at the host location?
(a) No
(b) Yes, always
(c) Only where housing costs are higher
(d) Other $\qquad$

18. Do you require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing at the host location?
(a) No
(b) Yes

If yes, on what basis is the amount determined?
(c) Other $\qquad$

19. Do you pay for host location utilities costs (excluding telephone)?
(a) No
(b) Yes, included in the housing/Cost-of-Living allowance
(c) Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs
(d) Yes, reimbursed in selected locations only
(e) Other: $\qquad$


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## Employee Benefits Abroad

20. Do you cover the additional costs of medical/dental care while on a foreign posting?

Please check all that apply
(a) No
(b) Yes, though the home country organization's standard private medical plan
(c) Yes, through a special home country or international medical plan
(d) Yes, through a host country group or individual medical plan
(e) Yes, through a cash reimbursement
(f) Other $\qquad$
(g) Not applicable


## Perquisites Abroad

21. Please indicate if you provide the following perquisites: Please check all those that apply.
(a) No
(b) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(c) Yes, without cost to Foreign Service Officer
(d) Yes, with the Foreign Service Officer bearing a portion of the cost
(e) Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled
(f) Only in specific locations
(g) Only at specific levels

Lowest level eligible:
(h) Other: $\qquad$

* compensation to offset the additional costs (e.g., clothes, entertainment) of representing your country


## Education

22. Do you pay for private schooling in the host location?
(a) No
(b) Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate
(c) Yes, as a matter of course
(d) Yes, but only if the language of instruction is not spoken by the student
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis

Elementary Secondary

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada

23. What dependant education costs (elementary and secondary grades) incurred by Foreign Service Officers on international posting do you pay for?
(a) All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate
(b) All reasonable costs excluding boarding
(c) All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount
(d) All reasonable costs above a fixed amount
(e) Fixed amount
(f) Specific costs only
(g) Other: $\qquad$
Elementary Secondary

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

24. Do you pay for any costs for post-secondary education of dependents?
(a) No
(b) Yes, up to a fixed limit

> Annual flat amount
(c) Yes, but tuition only
(d) Yes, dormitory room and board
(e) No experience/No policy
(f) Other $\qquad$

25. Do you pay for day care (formal, "home day care" or nanny)/preschool/nursery school costs?
(a) No
(b) Yes, difference between home and host
(c) Yes, if cost is above a fixed amount

Annual amount above which costs are covered
(d) Yes, but only if mandated in the home country
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(f) No policy/no experience
(g) Other: $\qquad$

In the home In the host
country country country

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP <br> Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada

## Home Leave, R\&R Leave, Vacation and Holidays

26. Do you provide Home Leave travel to your Foreign Service Officers?
(a) No (Go to Question 28)
(b) Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year
(c) Yes, organization offers more than one trip per posting year
(d) Other:

27. Do you permit a Foreign Service Officer to use Home Leave to travel to a different country and still be eligible for reimbursement?
(a) No, the assignee must return to the home country
(b) Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country
(c) Yes, the assignee receives a cash allowance to use as he/she desires without providing receipts
(d) Other: $\qquad$
28. Do you provide Rest \& Recreation trips separate from home leave travel to Foreign Service Officers?
(a) No (Go to Question 31)
(b) Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations
(c) Yes, to all Foreign Service Officers posted abroad

29. What is the frequency of Rest \& Recreation trips allowed?
(a) Once a year
(b) Twice a year
(c) More than twice a year
(d) The number of leaves depends on the posting location
(e) Other:

30. Who chooses the Rest \& Recreation destination?
(a) Organization
(b) Foreign Service Officer $\square$

## PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment on Behalf of the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade and Citizenship and Immigration Canada

31. What is the Foreign Service Officer's statutory holiday entitlement during the posting?
(a) Same number of holidays as in the home country
(b) Host country's holidays
(c) Greater of home or host country entitlement
(d) Other:


## Repatriation

32. Do you provide repatriation counselling for Foreign Service Officers and their families upon their return from a for eign posting?
(a) No
(b) Yes

33. Are Foreign Service Officers who voluntarily terminate their posting early and return to the home country required to pay a portion of the repatriation cost?
(a) No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation
(b) Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation
(c) Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay the full cost of relocation
(d) Depends on the circumstances
(e) Other: $\qquad$


## Current Concerns

34. Please provide information about any issues that have been voiced among Foreign Service Officers or others within the organization, and the response or intended response of the organization. These may be concerns that have been brought up by individuals or their bargaining agent, or by management.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Thank you for your cooperation in completing this questionnaire. Please fax the completed questionnaire back to Sharon Clark at 1-613-237-3963. Please call Sharon Clark at 1-613-755-5953 if you have any questions.

## Appendix B

## Summary Results Table

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Structure of the Foreign Service

1. Is your Foreign Service part of the overall Public Service or separate from it?
(a) Part of the Public Service

| (a) Part of the Public Service |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (b) | Separate from the Public Service |

(9) $94 \%$

| $94 \%$ | $n / a$ | $n / a$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $6 \%$ | $n / a$ | $n / a$ |

$n=16$
2. What are the primary responsibilities of your Foreign Service Officers?

| (a) | Political/Economic | $\theta$ | 100\% | 100\% | n/a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Trade | $\theta$ | 69\% | 69\% | n/a |
| (c) | Administration |  | 81\% | 81\% | n/a |
| (d) | Immigration | $\theta$ | 50\% | 50\% | n/a |
| (e) | Aid |  | 81\% | 81\% | n/a |
| (f) | Other: |  | 56\% | 56\% | n/a |

3. Are trade officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group, or are they a separate group?

4. Do you have officers who specialize inimmigration at postings abroad?

| (a) | Yes, at all postings |  | 25\% | 25\% | n/a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | At some postings | $\theta$ | 50\% | 50\% | n/a |
| (c) | No |  | 25\% | 25\% | n/a |

5. Are Immigration officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group, or are they a separate group?
$\mathrm{n}=16$

| Immigration officers are included in the Foreign Service Officer group | $\Theta$ | 44\% | 44\% | n/a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Immigration officers are a separate group |  | 56\% | 56\% | n/a |

6. Are aid officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group, or are they a separate group?
$\mathrm{n}=16$

| (a) | Aid officers are included in the Foreign Service Officer group |  | 69\% | 69\% | n/a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Aid officers are a separate group | $\square$ | 31\% | 31\% | n/a |

7. Are your Foreign Service Officers represented for bargaining, that is, are they part of a collective bargaining agreement? (This may be a professional association, a union, or other formal group)

$$
n=16
$$


8. What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a Foreign Service Officer recruit?


## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| (b) |  | DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International Organizations | Private Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Years of work experience (number) | $\theta$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0 |  | 61\% | 79\% | 0\% | n/a |
|  | 1 |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | n/a |
|  | 2 |  | 22\% | 21\% | 25\% | n/a |
|  | 3 |  | 6\% | 0\% | 25\% | n/a |
|  | 4 |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
|  | 5 |  | 6\% | 0\% | 25\% | n/a |
|  | $>6$ |  | 6\% | 0\% | 25\% | n/a |
| (c) | Foreign languages (number of languages) | \% |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0 |  | 25\% | 31\% | 0\% |  |
|  | 1 |  | 10\% | 6\% | 25\% | n/a |
|  | 2 |  | 65\% | 63\% | 75\% | n/a |
|  | 3 |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | $n / \mathrm{a}$ |
|  | 4+ |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | n/a |
| (d) | Other: | $\square$ | 45\% | 56\% | 0\% | n/a |
|  | Common responses: competitive exams |  |  |  | 0\% | n/a |

9. In actual practice, what is the highest level of education possessed by most new recruits?

| (a) | Undergraduate degree | 20\% | 25\% | 0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Master's degree | 65\% | 63\% | 75\% |
| (c) | PhD | 15\% | 13\% | 25\% |
| (d) | Other: | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |

10. In actual practice, how many years of work experience do most new recruits have?

| (a) Two years or less | $\theta$ | 45\% | 56\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) More than two years but less than five years |  | 40\% | 38\% | 50\% |
| (c) Five years or more |  | 15\% | 6\% | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \% \\ & 50 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| To which of the following do you recruit? |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in general | $\Theta$ | 80\% | 94\% | 25\% |
| (b) Officers are recruited to a specific assignment abroad |  | 20\% | 19\% | 25\% |
| (c) Officers are recruited to a specific speciality or position |  | 60\% | 50\% | 25\% |
| Please specify which specialities/positions (Common Responses): Economist, lawyer, political officer |  | 60\% | 50\% | 100\% |

12. If your Foreign Service recruits are specialists in particular areas, are they compensated as Foreign Service Officers, or according to their profession?

| (a) | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | \% | 84\% | 87\% | 75\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Compensated according to their profession |  | 16\% | 13\% | 25\% |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

## Mid-career Recruitmen

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

13. Do you recruit Foreign Service Officers at mid-career, that is, professionals or others with extensive work experience who wish to make a career change?

| No, all officers are recruited early in their careers | Q | 35\% | 44\% | 0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes, but only from within the Public Service |  | 10\% | 13\% | 0\% |
| Yes, from within the Public Service and the private sector |  | 55\% | 44\% | 100\% |

14. What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a mid-career recruit?


## Other - Common Responses:

Exams
15. At what level are mid-career recruits typically placed?
(a) $\quad$ Same level as early-career recruits

| (b) | Same level as early-career recruits, but on a faster progression path |
| :--- | :--- |
| (c) | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience |
| (d) | Other: |
| Other-Common Responses: |  |
| Level calculated on case by case basis |  |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

Locally Hired Professional Staff (staff hired in the host country to work at a mission in that country)

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

16. What is the overall trend of staffing foreign missions with locally hired professionals instead of Foreign Service Officers

| (a) | Percentage of locally hired professionals is falling | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Percentage of locally hired professionals remains steady | 36\% | 38\% | 50\% | 20\% |
| (c) | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | - $60 \%$ | 56\% | 50\% | 80\% |
| (d) | Other | 4\% | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% |

## Professional Orientation and Trainin

17. What kind of orientation and training are provided to new Foreign Service Officers?


## Other - Common Responses:

Work placement during orientation, Integration Courses
18. How long is the orientation and training program for new Foreign Service Officers?

| (a) | 6 months or less |  | 40\% | 31\% | 75\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | More than 6 but less than 12 months |  | 30\% | 31\% | 25\% |
| (c) | 12 to 24 months |  | 20\% | 25\% | 0\% |
| (d) | More than two years | $\Theta$ | 10\% | 13\% | 0\% |
| After the initial orientation and training period, how many days of training are typically provided per year? |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 3.0 |

## Posting Information

20. What is the average length of a standard foreign posting (to one country), in years?
21. Do officers typically return to their home country after a foreign posting?

| (a) | Yes, they typically return home and do not undertake any more foreign postings |  | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% | 60\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings | DFAIT | 32\% | 0\% | 5\% | 60\% |
| (c) | Yes, but only after two or more postings | CIC | 20\% | 25\% | \% | \% |
| (d) | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting | CIC | 20\% | 25\% | $25 \%$ $50 \%$ | $0 \%$ $0 \%$ |
| (e) | Managed on a case-by-case basis |  | 12\% | 6\% | 0\% | 40\% |
| (f) | Other: |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002
22. Are Foreign Service Officers able to influence where they will be posted?

| (a) <br> (b) | No, they have no influence |  | 0\% |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes, but other factors override personal choica | $\theta$ | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (c) | Personal choice weighs heavily |  | 65\% | 63\% | 75\% |
| (d) | Officers may turn down post without consequence |  | 30\% | 38\% | 0\% |
|  | Oficers may turn down post without consequence |  | 25\% | 25\% |  |

23. In the case of competing interests, who makes the final decision regarding where a Foreign Service Officer will be posted?

24. On average how much notice are individuals given regarding their posting location and starting date, imonths ?

|  | $\mathbf{n = 2 1}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | "Easiest" hardship location |  |
| (b) | "Hardest" hardship location | 3.0 |

26. In a typical Foreign Service career, how many hardship postingsmust an Officer take?

| (a) | None | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | One |  | 64\% | 50\% | 75\% | 100\% |
| (c) | Two or more |  | 28\% | 38\% | 25\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Other_ |  | 4\% | 6\% | 0\% | 0\% |
|  |  |  | 4\% | 6\% | 0\% | 0\% |

27. The following is a list of possible reasons for candidates to turn down a foreign posting. Please rank them in order of frequency of occurrence in your organization.

| (a) Inadequate compensation offer <br> (b) Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills <br> (c) Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location <br> (d) Inability of same same-sex partner or common-law partner to be included on the <br> officer's visa and/or passpor  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| (e) | Parental/other adult care responsibilities |
| (f) | Local conditions (isolation, personal security, cultural differences, climate, lack of <br> health care facilitie |


| 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

## Career Progression

 DFAIT/CIC28. What types of things are used to determine if an individual will be promoted?


(h) Other:

| Countries | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ Level | 4th Level | $5^{\text {th }}$ Level or Higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , $\mathrm{n}=16$ |  |  |  |
| entry level to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level |  |  |  |
| 81\% | 81\% | 81\% | 81\% |
| 13\% | 6\% | 13\% | 19\% |
| 19\% | 6\% | 13\% | 19\% |
| 44\% | 50\% | 44\% | 44\% |
| 13\% | 6\% | 25\% | 13\% |
| 56\% | 75\% | 75\% | 81\% |
| 13\% | 13\% | 19\% | 19\% |
| 6\% | 6\% | 19\% | 19\% |

(a) Performance appraisa
(b) Interview
(c) Simulation exercise
(d) Years of experience in grade
(e) Postings abroad
(f) Existence of an opening at the next level
(g) Other:

International Organizations $\quad \mathrm{n}=4$
(a) Performance appraisals
(b) Interview
(c) Simulation exercise
(d) Years of experience in grade
(e) Postings abroad
(f) Existence of an opening at the next level

| entry level to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level | $33^{\text {rd }}$ Level | 4th Level | $5^{\text {th }}$ Level or Higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| 25\% | 25\% | 25\% | 25\% |
| 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| 50\% | 75\% | 75\% | 75\% |
| 25\% | 25\% | 50\% | 50\% |
| 75\% | 75\% | 75\% | 75\% |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

29. For each of the levels below, on average, how long (in years) will a Foreign Service Officer remain in that level before being promoted?
(a) Entry/ Trainee Level
(b) Second Level
(c) Third Level
(d) Fourth Level

29b. What percentage of officers are promoted from each level each year?
(a) Entry/ Trainee Level
(b) Second Level
(c) Third Level
(d) Fourth Level

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |

30. Does career progression differ for mid-career recruits?

| (a) | Not applicable / No mid-career recruits | H0 | 42\% | 47\% | 25\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | No |  | 42\% | 33\% | 75\% |
| (c) | Yes |  | 11\% | 13\% | 0\% |

31. For each of the levels below, what is the annual level of attrition of Foreign Service Officers, that is, leaving the Foreign Service?


|  | Percentage Leaving |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level | 0-2\% | 3-5\% | 6-9\% | 10-15\% | 16-20\% | >20\% |
| Entry or Trainee Level | 59\% | 18\% | 6\% | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Second Level | 63\% | 19\% | 19\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Third Level | 53\% | 12\% | 35\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Fourth Level | 71\% | 18\% | 12\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| All Foreign Service | 56\% | 17\% | 17\% | 11\% | 0\% | 0\% |


|  |  | ountries |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{n}=$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Perc | Leaving |  |  |  |
| Level | 0-2\% | 3-5\% | 6-9\% | 10-15\% | 16-20\% | >20\% |
| Entry or Trainee Level | 57\% | 21\% | 7\% | 14\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Second Level | 57\% | 21\% | 21\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Third Level | 50\% | 14\% | 36\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Fourth Level | 71\% | 14\% | 14\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| All Foreign Service | 57\% | 21\% | 14\% | 7\% | 0\% | 0\% |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| International Organizations |
| :--- |
| $\quad n=3$ |


|  | Percentage Leaving |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level | 0-2\% | 3-5\% | 6-9\% | 10-15\% | 16-20\% | > 20\% |
| Entry or Trainee Level | 67\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Second Level | 100\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Third Level | 67\% | 0\% | 33\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Fourth Level | 67\% | 33\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| All Foreign Service | 50\% | 0\% | 25\% | 25\% | 0\% | 0\% |

32. Of the Foreign Service Officers who leave at each level, please indicate the percentage leaving for each of the reasons below:

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Retirement or <br> Death in <br> Service | Voluntary Separation |  |  |


| Level |  | All Respondents |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Retirement or Death in Service | Voluntary Separation | Forced Attrition |
| Entry or Trainee Level | 7\% | 80\% | 6\% |
| Second Level | 17\% | 73\% | 2\% |
| Third Level | 49\% | 43\% | 1\% |
| Fourth Level | 76\% | 22\% | 1\% |
| Fifth Level | 58\% | 32\% | 11\% |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|r|r|}\hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { Retirement or } \\ \text { Death in } \\ \text { Service }\end{array} & \text { Voluntary Separation }\end{array}\right)$

|  |  | International Organizations ${ }^{\text {n=2 }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Level | Retirement or Death in Service | Voluntary Separation | Forced Attrition |
| Entry or |  |  |  |
| Trainee Level | 0\% | 91\% | 9\% |
| Second Level | 0\% | 88\% | 13\% |
| Third Level | 100\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Fourth Level | 75\% | 20\% | 5\% |

33. Of those who leave due to voluntary separation, pleaserank the top three reasons for leaving at each level.


| Level | Compen- <br> sation | Family or spousal career | Career Change | Lifestyle |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FSDP | 2.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| FS-02 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| EX-01 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| All Respondents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level | Compensation | Family or spousal career | Career Change | Lifestyle |
| Entry or <br> Trainee Level | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Second Level | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Third Level | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Fourth Level | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Countries $n=8$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Level | Compensation | Family or spousal career | Career Change | Lifestyle |
| Entry or Trainee Level | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Second Level | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Third Level | 2 | 1 | 2 | - |
| Fourth Level | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
|  |  | International Organizations |  |  |
|  |  | $n=2$ |  |  |
| Level | Compensation | Family or spousal career | Career Change | Lifestyle |
| Entry or Trainee Level |  | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Second Level |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Third Level |  | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Fourth Level |  | 1 | 3 | 2 |

4. Which of the following statements best characterizes turnover within your Foreign Service?

| (a) | On average, turnover is falling |  | 9\% | 7\% | 33\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | On average, turnover remains steady | 6 | 74\% | 73\% | 67\% |
| (c) | On average, turnover is rising |  | 17\% | 20\% | \% |

35. What initiatives are in place in the organization to encourage retention of Foreign Service Officers?

## DFAIT/CIC

DFAIT has initiated a Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of FS Officers. DFAIT and CIC are placing more emphasis on attempting to address spousalrelated issues. DFAIT/CIC are looking at new salary packages and are considering the possibility of rewarding the acquisition of skills, such as foreign languages.

Training Enhancements, Competitive Salaries, Financial Assistance for Education, Rewarding Career Opportunities

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

## SECTION II - COMPENSATION

Job Matching-Compensatio

1\&2. In the following table, please match your country's Foreign Service Officer positions to the Canadian Foreign Service Officer positions and provide the salary minimum,
maximum, and average actual salary for each level provided. maximum, and average actual salary for each level provided.


| Job B | Match -- | 0 | \$ | - | \$ | - |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Job B | Match - | 2 | \$ | 57,088 | \$ | 97,391 | 1 | \$ |  |
| Job B | Match | 11 | \$ | 61,830 | \$ | 83 | 9 |  | 5,431 |
| Job B | Match + | 5 | \$ | 58,948 | \$ | 78,942 | 3 | \$ | 75,714 |
| Job B | Match ++ | 1 | \$ | 40,380 | \$ | 43,164 |  | \$ | 75,698 |
| Job B | All | 17 | \$ | 62,255 | \$ | 85,979 | 0 | \$ | - |
| Job C | Match -- |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | 12 | \$ | 75,385 |
| Job C | Match - | 3 | \$ | 92,416 | \$ | 118.838 |  | \$ | - |
| Job C | Match | 11 | \$ | 79,253 | \$ | 12,558 | 1 | \$ | 99,840 |
| Job C | Match + | 4 | \$ | 115,528 | \$ | 170,649 | 7 | \$ | 97,188 |
| Job C | Match ++ | 1 | \$ | 44,568 | \$ | 58,488 | 4 | \$ | 109,394 |
| Job C | All | 18 | \$ | 83,739 | \$ | 19,749 | 0 | \$ | - |
| DFAIT/CI JOB B AND C MATCH |  |  |  | \$50,475 | \$75,423 |  |  | \$ | 101,478 |
|  |  |  |  | \$67,450 |  |  |  |


| Job D | Match -- | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Job D | Match - | 1 | \$ | 153,336 | \$ | 163,049 |  |  |  |
| Job D | Match | 13 | \$ | 98,029 | \$ | 140,855 | 1 | \$ | 155,296 |
| Job D | Match + | 4 | \$ | 116,604 | \$ | 140,855 | 8 | \$ | 125,890 |
| Job D | Match ++ | 3 | \$ | 108,420 | \$ | 151,112 | 5 | \$ | 142,641 |
| Job D | All | 20 | \$ | 102,963 | \$ | 148,461 | 2 | \$ | 162,581 |
| DFAIT/CI JOB D MATCH |  |  |  | \$82,700 | \$97,400 |  | \$91,066 |  | 13,727 |

[^2]DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002


| Job B | Match -- | 0 | \$ | - | \$ | - |  | \$ | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Job B | Match - | 2 | \$ | 57,088 | \$ | 97,391 | 1 | \$ | 35,431 |
| Job B | Match | 9 | \$ | 52,600 | \$ | 67,778 | 8 | \$ | 63,258 |
| Job B | Match + | 4 | \$ | 54,988 | \$ | 73,717 | 2 | \$ | 74,859 |
| Job B | Match ++ | 1 | \$ | 40,380 | \$ | 43,164 | 0 | \$ | - |
| Job B | All | 14 | \$ | 55,486 | \$ | 75,024 | 10 | \$ | 65,187 |
| Job C | Match -- |  | \$ | - | \$ | - |  | \$ | - |
| Job C | Match - | 2 | \$ | 94,944 | \$ | 122,098 | 0 | \$ | - |
| Job C | Match | 8 | \$ | 66,258 | \$ | 92,688 | 0 | \$ | 78,428 |
| Job C | Match + | 3 | \$ | 112,681 | \$ | 152,261 | 6 | \$ | 96,516 |
| Job C | Match ++ | 1 | \$ | 44,568 | \$ | 58,488 | 3 | \$ | - |
| Job C | All | 13 | \$ | 73,396 | \$ | 101,593 | 9 | \$ | 84,457 |


| Job D | Match -- | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Job D | Match - | 1 | \$ | 153,336 | \$ | 163,049 | 1 | \$ | 155,296 |
| Job D | Match | 10 | \$ | 88,632 | \$ | 127,209 | 5 | \$ | 107,169 |
| Job D | Match + | 2 | \$ | 78,016 | \$ | 103,904 | 3 | \$ | 106,589 |
| Job D | Match ++ | 2 | \$ | 112,710 | \$ | 142,429 | 1 | \$ | 194,121 |
| Job D | All | 14 | \$ | 90,070 | \$ | 124,459 | 9 | \$ | 114,480 |

DFAIT/CI JOB D MATCH
$\$ 82,700 \quad \$ 97,400$
$\$ 91,066$
Note: Number of observations may differ from the number of respondents for each level because some respondents submitted two figures for one level.
In the average for each level, each respondent counts as one data point. Where a respondent submitted more than one salary for a level, the figures were averaged and counted as one data point.

1A. How many of the levels you have indicated are considered executive or senior management?

| (a) | 0 | $67 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (b) | 1 | $83 \%$ |
| (c) | 2 | $17 \%$ |
| (d) | 3 | $17 \%$ |
| (e) | 4 | $0 \%$ |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002


| (a) | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | ¢ | 96\% | 93\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, salaries above the mid-point are restricted to special exceptions |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \% \\ 0 \% \end{array}$ |
| (c) | Yes, the amount of salary above the mid-point must be earned each year by superior performance |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Yes, other: |  | 4\% | 7\% | 0\% | 0\% |

4. How do Foreign Service Officers typically move through the salary range?

| (a) | By individually determined increments based on performance |  | 29\% | 20\% | 25\% | 60\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | By a percentage-rated grid based on performance | $\square$ | 25\% | 20\% | 50\% | 20\% |
| (c) | By a step-rated grid based on seniority |  | 29\% | 40\% | 25\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Other: |  | 17\% | 20\% | 0\% | 20\% |

5. On average, or by formula, how long would it typically take a Foreign Service Officer to move from minimum salary to the maximum or other control point?

| (a) | Two years or less | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| (b) | Three to four years |  | $0 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| (c) | Five years or more | $76 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $67 \%$ |

Other Compensation
6. Please describe the total remuneration package provided to your Foreign Service Officers and estimate the cost or value of each element as a percentage of the position's salary range mid-point (half-way point between the minimum and maximum).

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International Organizations | Private Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | Compensation Type | Value as \% of Base Salary MidPoint | Value as <br> $\%$ of Base Salary <br> Mid-Point | Value as $\%$ of Base Salary MidPoint | Value as \% of Base Salary MidPoint | Value as \% of Base Salary MidPoint |
|  | Base salary | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 8 | Annual bonus or incentive plan(s) | 0 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 26 |
| 2 | Long-term incentive plans | 0 | 31 | 6 | 5 | 55 |
| 12 | Pension/ Retirement/ Superannuation plans | 14 | 15 | 12 | 24 | 15 |
| 5 | Employee benefits | 4 | 15 | 5 | 7 | 28 |
| 3 | Benefits in kind | 0 | 17 | 1 | 25 | 28 |
| 3 | Perquisites | 0 | 23 | - | 25 | 23 |
| 0 | All assignment-related benefits |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 2 | Other (if significant) | 0 | - | - | - | - |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

## Comparison to Other Civil Service Positions

## $n=14$

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |

7. As an approximation, where do Foreign Service salaries fall when compared to other professional groups in your civil service?

| (a) | In the top 10 percent? | $14 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| (b) | In the top 20 percent? | $7 \%$ |  |
| (c) | In the top 30 percent? | $7 \%$ |  |
| (d) | Other: | $21 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
|  | Common response: generally equal to other occupations | $57 \%$ | $57 \%$ |

## SECTION III - MANAGEMENT OF FAMILY, DUAL-INCOME AND DUAL-CAREER ISSUES

1. What is your policy regarding compensation for the loss of spousal income and pensionwhile on foreign postings?


1B. What is the estimated actual amount provided to spouses through the various forms indicated above \begin{tabular}{l}
(based on average salary)?

 

$\$ 4,560$
\end{tabular}$\$ 4,570$

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

2. Do you assist the spouse to find employment at the posting location and uporreturn from a foreign posting?


DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT
Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| International Organizations |
| :--- | :--- |
| $n=4$ |


| (a) | No | 75\% |  | 75\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is | 0\% |  | 25\% |
| (c) | Employ at foreign/home location as a Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is available | 0\% |  | 25\% |
| (d) | Canvass other organizations for available jobs | 0\% |  | 25\% |
| (e) | Pay allowance to cover job search expenses (e.g., curriculum vitae preparation, translation, employment agency fees | 0\% |  | 0\% |
| (f) | Assist to obtain work permit | 0\% | N/A |  |
| (g) | Provide allowance to cover host country certification/continuing education/training programs if required for spouse to work | 0\% | N/A |  |
| (h) | Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training or personal interest programs |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0\% |  | 0\% |
| (i) | Managed on a case-by-case basis | 0\% |  | 0\% |
| (j) | Other: | 0\% |  | 25\% |

Private Companies
(a) No
(b) Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available
Employ at foreign/home location as a Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is
(d) Canvass other organizations for available jobs
(e) Pay allowance to cover job search expenses (e.g., curriculum vitae preparation, translation, employment agency fees translation, employment age
(f) Asovide allowance to cover host country certification/continuing education/training programs if required for spouse to work
(h) Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training or personal interest programs
(i) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(j) Other:
$r \quad$ a case-by-case basis

| $0 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $20 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $20 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $80 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| $20 \%$ | N/A |
| $20 \%$ | N/A |
|  |  |
| $40 \%$ |  |
| $20 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $0 \%$ |


| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

3. What is the trend with respect to spousesnot accompanying Foreign Service Officers on posting due to career-related issues?
(a) Fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting due to career-related issues.
(b) There has been no substantial change in the number of spouses not accompanying officers on posting due to career-related issues.
(c) Don't know
(d) N/A
(e) Other
E)
48\%

| $50 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| $31 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $19 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

4. Are unaccompanied Foreign Service Officers provided with special Home Leaves or family visits to the host location?

| (a) | No |  | 56\% | 50\% | 50\% | 80\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, one extra trip per assignment year |  | 24\% | 25\% | 25\% | 20\% |
| (c) | Yes, two extra trips per assignment year | 4 | 12\% | 19\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Yes, more than two extra trips per assignment year |  | 4\% | 0\% | 25\% | 0\% |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

5. Please describe any policy changes that you are considering that would affect your answers to any of the questions above (please use a
DFAIT/CIC

DFAIT and CIC are considering/ exploring two new policies: provision of a spousal premium; and provision of Employment Insurance benefits for spouses who accompany the employee
All Respondents

Considering spousal assistance, Annual family visits being considered, Support to allow spouse to work abroad

## SECTION IV - CONDITIONS OF SERVICE ABROAD

Administrative Information

1. Do you have specific policies governing the conditions of service of Foreign Service Officers abroad?

| (a) | Yes | E | 92\% |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | No | 2 | 92\% | 94\% | 75\% | 100\% |
|  |  |  |  | 6\% | 25\% | 0\% |

2. What strategic objectives determine your general foreign assignment terms and conditions?


VP, Senior Manager, Ambassador

Posting Orientation
4. Please indicate if the following services are provided:
DFAIT/CIC

|  |  | Psychological Suitability Testing | classes | Training |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | No | 6 |  |  |
| (b) | Yes, Foreign Service Officer only |  |  |  |
| (c) | Yes, Foreign Service Officer and spouse |  |  |  |
| (d) | Yes, on a case-by-case basis |  | G8 | $\underline{0}$ |
| (e) | Other |  |  |  |
|  | All Respondents |  |  |  |
|  |  | Cultural Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability Testing | Language classes | Cross-Cultural Training |
| (b) | Yo Yes, Foreign Service Officer only | 60\% | 12\% | 28\% |
| (c) | Yes, Foreign Service Officer only Yes, Foreign Service Officer and spouse | 8\% | 8\% | 8\% |
| (d) | Yes, on a case-by-case basis | 20\% | 76\% | 44\% |
| (e) | Other__ | 12\% | 4\% | 20\% |
|  |  | 0\% | 4\% | 0\% |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| Countries |
| :---: |
| $n=1$ |



Other - Common Responses:
Private Companies

| (a) | No |
| :--- | :--- |
| (b) | Yes, Foreign Service Officer only |
| (c) | Yes, Foreign Service Officer and spouse |
| (d) | Yes, on a case-by-case basis |
| (e) | Other |


| Cultural Sensitivity/ <br> Psychological <br> Suitability Testing | Language <br> classes | Cross-Cultural <br> Training |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $40 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $60 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

5. Do you provide an orientation meeting to discuss relocation and other posting issues?

|  |  | 0 | 88\% | 81\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | Yes |  | 12\% | 19\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (b) | No |  |  |  |  |  |

## Relocation

6. Do you pay for the shipment of household goods to and from a foreign posting?

| (a) | No |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, all reasonable costs |  | 12\% | 13\% | 0\% | 20\% |
| (c) | Yes, but with weight and/or volume limits | 9 | 76\% | 75\% | 100\% | 60\% |
| (d) | Yes, but only if the staff member leases unfurnished housing |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (e) | Yes, but only partial if fully/partially furnished quarters are leased |  | 8\% | 13\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (f) | Other: |  | 4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% |

7. Do you provide an additional incidental allowance to Foreign Service Officers moving to and from a foreign posting to cover miscellaneous items not specifically covered in the policy (e.g., telephone or cable connections)?


Incentive and Hardship Premiums and Cost-of-Living
8. Please indicate whether you provide an incentive premium (e.g., Foreign Service Premium, Assignment Bonus) to Foreign Service Officers accepting an overseas posting, a whether you provide a hardship premium to Foreign Service Officers accepting a posting at a hardship location.


DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| All Respondents |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| (a) | No |
| (b) | Yes, paid in a lump sum |
| (c) | Yes, paid in the normal pay cycle (e.g., monthly) |
| (d) | Yes, paid annually |
| (e) | Yes, at the end of posting |
| (f) | Yes, but format varies by location |
| (g) | Other: |

$n=16$

No
Yes, paid in a lump sum
Yes, paid in the normal pay cycle (e.g., monthly)
Yes, paid annually
Yes, at the end of posting
Yes, but format varies by location
Other:

| Incentive <br> premium | Hardship <br> premium |
| ---: | ---: |
| $52 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| $40 \%$ | $76 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ |


| Incentive <br> premium | Hardship <br> premium |
| ---: | ---: |
| $63 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $31 \%$ | $88 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| $6 \%$ | $0 \%$ |


| Incentive <br> premium | Hardship <br> premium |
| ---: | ---: |
| $50 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $50 \%$ | $75 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

Private Companies

## No

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
(f)
(g)

Yes, paid in a lump sum
Yes, paid in the normal pay cycle (e.g., monthly)
Yes, paid annually
Yes, at the end of posting
Yes, but format varies by location
Other:

| Incentive <br> premium | Hardship <br> premium |
| ---: | ---: |
| $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $60 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

9. If you provide an incentive premium and/or hardship premium, on what basis is it calculated?

## DFAIT/CIC

Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap Percentage, if the premium is the same for all postings Lowest percentage, if the premium varies by location Highest percentage if the premium varies by location
Annual salary cap for response (b)
Varies according to a step-rated table
Expressed as a fixed number of months of base salary Number of months
Flat amount for all officers
Annual flat amount
Other: $\qquad$
All Respondents

Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap
Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap
Percentage, if the premium is the same for all postings
Lowest percentage, if the premium varies by location Highest percentage if the premium varies by location
Varies according to a step-rated table
Expressed as a fixed number of months of base salary Number of months
Flat amount for all officers Annual flat amount
Other: $\qquad$

Countries $\quad n=14$

Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap
Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap
Percentage, if the premium is the same for all postings Lowest percentage, if the premium varies by location Highest percentage if the premium varies by location Annual salary cap for response (b)
Varies according to a step-rated table
Expressed as a fixed number of months of base salary Number of months
Flat amount for all officers
Annual flat amount
Other: $\qquad$

| Incentive premium | Hardship premium |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7\% | 7\% |
| 7\% | 0\% |
| 8\% | - |
| . | 25\% |
| - | 13\% |
| . | - |
| 21\% | 33\% |
| 0\% | 0\% |
| - | - |
| 0\% | 33\% |
| - | - |
| 7\% | 13\% |


| Incentive premium | Hardship premium |
| :---: | :---: |
| 33\% | 33\% |
| 0\% | 67\% |
| 10\% | - |
| - | 6\% |
| . | 25\% |
| 0\% | 0\% |
| 0\% | 0\% |
| - | - |
| 33\% | 0\% |
| - | - |
| 33\% | 0\% |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

## Private Companies

(a) Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap
(b) Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap Percentage, if the premium is the same for all postings Lowest percentage, if the premium varies by location Highest percentage if the premium varies by location Annual salary cap for response (b)
(c) Varies according to a step-rated table
(d) Expressed as a fixed number of months of base salary Number of months
(e) Flat amount for all officers Annual flat amount
(f) Other:
10. Do you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance for Foreign Service Officers on posting?


Other - Common Responses:
Varies with number of dependants, position and location
11. If you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance, how often is the amount adjusted?

12. Which of the following are taxable?

| (a) Incentive premium | $4 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (b) | Hardship premium | $12 \%$ |
| (c) | Cost-of-living allowance | $8 \%$ |
| (d) | Other: | $58 \%$ |


| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $13 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $47 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $80 \%$ |

Other - Common Responses:
Transfer allowance, Risk allowance, None are taxable

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

Assistance with Home Country Housing

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

13. Do you have a housing assistance program designed to help a Foreign Service Officer maintain a residence in the home country?

14. Do you guarantee to a Foreign Service Officer reimbursement of a loss from the rental of the home country principal residence?

15. Do you provide assistance with the sale and/or purchase of the home country principal residence?


## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

16. Do you provide special financial assistance to Foreign Service Officers whose families remain in the home country temporarily and join them after the start of the posting?

| (a) | No | 48\% | 50\% | 50\% | 40\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence. | 24\% | 19\% | 0\% | 60\% |
| (c) | Other: | 28\% | 31\% | 50\% | 0\% |

Other - Common Responses:
Separate maintenance grant is provided
Assistance with Host Country Housing (Abroad)
17. Do you provide assistance for housing to Foreign Service Officers at the host location?
(a) No
(b) Yes, always
(c) Only where housing costs are higher
(d) Other

(.) | $0 \%$ |
| ---: |
| $88 \%$ |
| $8 \%$ |

| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $100 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

18. Do you require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing at the host location?

| (a) | No |  | 44\% | 63\% | 0\% | 20\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes | 9 | 56\% | 38\% | 100\% | 80\% |
| (c) | Other |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| ou pay for host location utilities costs (excluding telephone)? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) | No |  | 28\% | 31\% | 50\% | 0\% |
| (b) | Yes, included in the housing/Cost-of-Living allowance | $\square$ | 24\% | 19\% | 25\% | 40\% |
| (c) | Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs |  | 32\% | 38\% | 0\% | 40\% |
| (d) | Yes, reimbursed in selected locations only |  | 4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 20\% |
| (e) | Other: |  | 12\% | 13\% | 25\% | 0\% |

Other - Common Responses:
Officer contributes portion as well

## Employee Benefits Abroad

20. Do you cover the additional costs of medical/dental care while on a foreign posting?

| (a) | No | 12\% | 6\% | 50\% | 0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, though the home country organization's standard private medical plan | 28\% | 13\% | 50\% | 60\% |
| (c) | Yes, through a special home country or international medical plan | 28\% | 38\% | 0\% | 20\% |
| (d) | Yes, through a host country group or individual medical plan | 8\% | 0\% | 0\% | 40\% |
| (e) | Yes, through a cash reimbursement | 16\% | 25\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (f) | Other_____ | 16\% | 25\% | 0\% | 0\% |
|  | Common response: Through location allowance, According to special legislation |  |  |  |  |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

Perquisites Abroad
21. Please indicate if you provide the following perquisites:
DFAIT/CIC
(a) No
(b) Managed on a case-by-case basis
(c) Yes, without cost to Foreign Service Officer
(d) Yes, with the Foreign Service Officer bearing a portion of the
cost
(e) Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled
(f) Only in specific locations
(g) Only at specific levels
Lowest level eligible:
(h) Other:-_

Automobile $\begin{gathered}\text { Recreational Club } \\ \text { Membership }\end{gathered} \begin{gathered}\text { Representation } \\ \text { Allowance }\end{gathered}$

| $\sigma$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | - |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Automobile Recreational Club Representation Membership Allowance*

| $24 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| $12 \%$ | $12 \%$ |  |
| $8 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $56 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| 0 | 0 | $36 \%$ |
| $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ | 0 |
|  | $8 \%$ |  |

Automobile \begin{tabular}{c}
Recreational Club <br>
Membership

 

Representation <br>
Allowance*
\end{tabular}

| $31 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $69 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $0 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $13 \%$ |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

|  | International Organizations | Automobile | Recreational Club Membership | Representation Allowance* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $n=4$ |  |  |  |
| (a) | No | 25\% | 100\% | 25\% |
| (b) | Managed on a case-by-case basis | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (c) | Yes, without cost to Foreign Service Officer | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Yes, with the Foreign Service Officer bearing a portion of the cost | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (e) | Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled | 25\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (f) | Only in specific locations | 25\% | 0\% | 25\% |
| (g) | Only at specific levels | 50\% | 0\% | 100\% |
| (g) | Lowest level eligible: | 0 | 0 |  |
| (h) | Other:___ | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
|  | Private Companies |  |  |  |
|  |  | Automobile | Recreational Club Membership | Representation Allowance* |
| (a) | No | 0\% | 20\% | 60\% |
| (b) | Managed on a case-by-case basis | 0\% | 20\% | 20\% |
| (c) | Yes, without cost to Foreign Service Officer | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Yes, with the Foreign Service Officer bearing part of cost | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (e) | Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled | 40\% | 60\% | 20\% |
| (f) | Only in specific locations | 20\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (g) | Only at specific levels | 20\% | 0\% | 0\% |
|  | Lowest level eligible: | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (h) | Other:_______ | 20\% | 0\% | 0\% |

## Education

22. 

Do you pay for private schooling in the host location? DFAIT/CIC
(a) No
(b) Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate
(c) Yes, as a matter of course
(d) Yes, but only if the language of instruction is not spoken by the student
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis
Elementary

|  | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\sigma$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

(a) No
(b) Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate
(c) Yes, as a matter of course
(d) Yes, but only if the language of instruction is not spoken by the student
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $36 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| $48 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |


(a) No
(b) Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate
(c) Yes, as a matter of course
(d) Yes, but only if the language of instruction is not spoken by the student
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $38 \%$ | $38 \%$ |
| $44 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| International Organizations |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
| $n=4$ |

```
(a) No
(b) Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate
(c) Yes, as a matter of course
(d) Yes, but only if the language of instruction is not spoken by the student
```

(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $75 \%$ | $75 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ |

## Private Companies

(a) No
(b) Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate
(c) Yes, as a matter of course
(d) Yes, but only if the language of instruction is not spoken by the student
(e) Managed on a case-by-case basis

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $60 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| $40 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

23. What dependant education costs (elementary and secondary grades) incurred by Foreign Service Officers on international posting do you pay for?

DFAIT/CIC
(a) All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate
(b) $\quad$ All reasonable costs excluding boarding
(c)
All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount
(d)
All reasonable costs above a fixed amount
(e)
(fixed amount
(g) Specific costs only
Other:


All Respondents
(a) All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate
(b) All reasonable costs excluding boarding

All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount
(d) All reasonable costs above a fixed amount
(e) Fixed amount
(f) Specific costs only
(g) Other:

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $32 \%$ | $32 \%$ |
| $24 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ |


| Countries |
| :---: |
| $n=16$ |

(a) All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate
(b) All reasonable costs excluding boarding
(c) All reasonable costs up to a maximum amoun
(d) All reasonable costs above a fixed amount
(e) Fixed amount
(f) Specific costs only
(g)

Other: $\qquad$

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $31 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| $19 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| $19 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ |

(a) All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate
(b) All reasonable costs excluding boarding
(c) All reasonable costs up to a maximum amoun
(d) All reasonable costs above a fixed amount
(e) Fixed amount
(f) Specific costs only
(g)

Other:

| Elementary | Secondary |
| ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| (a) | Private Companies | Elementary Secondary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 60\% | 60\% |
| (b) | All reasonable costs excluding boarding | 40\% | 40\% |
| (c) | All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | All reasonable costs above a fixed amount | 0\% | 0\% |
| (e) | Fixed amount | 0\% | 0\% |
| (f) | Specific costs only | 0\% | 0\% |
| (g) | Other:___ | 0\% | 0\% |

24. Do you pay for any costs for post-secondary education of dependents?

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| DFAIT/CIC |  |
| (a) | No |
| (b) | Yes, up to a fixed limit |
| Annual flat amount |  |
| (c) | Yes, but tuition only |
| (d) | Yes, dormitory room and board |
| (e) | No experience/No policy |
| (f) | Other_ |

(a) No
(b) Yes, up to a fixed limit

Annual flat amount
(c) Yes, but tuition only
(d) Yes, dormitory room and board
(e)
(fo experience/No policy
(f) Other

| Home | When Posted |
| ---: | ---: |
| $68 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| $20 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $\$ 13,960$ | $\$ 17,988$ |
| $8 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |


| Home | When Posted |
| ---: | ---: |
| $75 \%$ | $69 \%$ |
| $19 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $\$ 6,758$ | - |
| $6 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |


| Home | When Posted |
| ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $50 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| $\$ 21,162$ | $\$ 21,162$ |
| $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002


25. Do you pay for day care (formal, "home day care" or nanny)/pre-school/nursery school costs?


Other Common Responses:
A portion of the costs, Pre-School costs are covered

| Countries |
| :---: | :---: |
| $n=16$ |


| (a) | No |
| :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, difference between home and host |
| (c) | Yes, if cost is above a fixed amount |
| (d) | Yes, but only if mandated in the home country |
| (e) | Managed on a case-by-case basis |
| (f) | No policy/no experience |
| (g) | Other:_____ |
|  | International Organizations |
| (a) | No |
| (b) | Yes, difference between home and host |
| (c) | Yes, if cost is above a fixed amount |
| (d) | Yes, but only if mandated in the home country |
| (e) | Managed on a case-by-case basis |
| (f) | No policy/no experience |
| (g) | Other:______-_ |
|  | Private Companies |


| Home | When Posted |
| ---: | ---: |
| $94 \%$ | $69 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $6 \%$ | $31 \%$ |


| Home | When Posted |
| ---: | ---: |
| $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

(a) No
(b) Yes, difference between home and host
(c) $\quad$ Yes, if cost is above a fixed amount
(d) $\quad$ Yes, but only if mandated in the home country
(e)
Managed on a case-by-case basis
(f) No policy/no experience
(g)

| Home | When Posted |
| ---: | ---: |
| $100 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

| DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Home Leave, R\&R Leave, Vacation and Holidays
26. Do you provide Home Leave travel to your Foreign Service Officers?

27. Do you permit a Foreign Service Officer to use Home Leave to travel to a different country and still be eligible for reimbursement?

28. Do you provide Rest \& Recreation trips separate from home leave travel to Foreign Service Officers?

| (a) | No |  | 36\% | 31\% | 50\% | 40\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations |  | 60\% | 63\% | 50\% | 60\% |
| (c) | Yes, to all Foreign Service Officers posted abroad | 6 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Other: |  | 4\% | 6\% | 0\% | 0\% |

29. What is the frequency of Rest \& Recreation trips allowed?

| (a) | Once a year |
| :--- | :--- |
| (b) | Twice a year |
| (c) | More than twice a year |
| (d) | The number of leaves depends on the posting location |
| (e) | Other: |

E. | $25 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $67 \%$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |  |
|  | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | $50 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
|  | $25 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $31 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $67 \%$ |
|  | $69 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $33 \%$ |

31. What is the Foreign Service Officer's statutory holiday entitlement during the posting
(a) Same number of holidays as in the home country
(b) Host country's holidays
(c) Greater of home or host country entitlement
(d) Other:

## DFAIT/CIC SURVEY OF FS TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

## Summary Results Table - July 18, 2002

Repatriation
32. Do you provide repatriation counselling for Foreign Service Officers and their families upon their return from a foreign posting?

|  | DFAIT/CIC | All Respondents | Countries | International <br> Organizations | Private <br> Companies |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | No |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | Yes | DFAIT |  |  |  |

33. Are Foreign Service Officers who voluntarily terminate their posting early and return to the home country required to pay a portion of the repatriation cost?

| (a) | No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation |  | 36\% | 19\% | 75\% | 60\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | 4 | 16\% | 25\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (c) | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay the full cost of relocation |  | 4\% | 6\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| (d) | Depends on the circumstances |  | 40\% | 50\% | 0\% | 40\% |
| (e) | Other: |  | 4\% | 0\% | 25\% | 0\% |

## Current Concerns

34. Please provide information about any current issues that have been voiced among Foreign Service Officers or others within the organization, and the response or intended response of the organization. These may be concerns that have been brought up by individuals or their bargaining agent, or by management

## DFAIT/CIC

Compensation for loss of spousal employment
FS structure and salary
Employment insurance benefits for spouses
Spousal pension
Promotion appraisal systems

## All Respondents

Repatriation - finding suitable positions back in home country is an issue
Constantly managing the cost of assignments and working to increase flexibility for hiring managers.
Hiring headhunter to assit spouses with finding employment
Remuneration levels are an issue that will be addressed.

## Appendix C

## Detailed Results Table <br> (excluding those requesting complete confidentiality)

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECTION I-STRUCTURE AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Is your Foreign Service part of the overall Public Service? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2. | What are the primary responsibilities of your Foreign Service Officers? | Political/Economic <br> Trade <br> Immigration | Political/Economic <br> Trade <br> Administration Immigration Aid Public Diplomacy | Politica//Economic Trade Policy Administration | Political/Economic Trade <br> Aid | Politica//Economic <br> Trade <br> Administration Immigration Aid | Political/Economic Trade <br> Administration Immigration Aid Consular, Cultural, Information | Political/Economic <br> Administration Immigration Aid | Political/Economic <br> Administrative <br> Immigration <br> Aid <br> Protection of home country citizens, Consular Affairs | Political/Economic Administrative Aid |
| 3. | Are trade officers included in the Foreign Service? | Yes | Yes | Yes (Trade Policy, not Trade Promotion) | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| 4. | Do you have officers who specialize in immigration at postings? | At some postings | At all postings | At some postings (with Dept. of Immig. \& Multicultural Affairs) | No | At some postings | Yes, at all postings | At some postings | No | At some postings |
| 5. | Are immigration officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group? | Yes | Yes | No | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| 6. | Are aid officers included in the Foreign Service? | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| 7. | Are your Foreign Service Officers represented for bargaining? | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recruitment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a Foreign Service Officer recruit? | Undergrad 0 yrs work exp 0 for. languages Other: Minimum pass park on personal suitability introduced in 2001 | No education requ. <br> 0 yrs work exp <br> 0 for. languages <br> Other: US Citizen between 21 and 59 years of age | Undergrad 0 yrs work exp 0 for. languages | B.A <br> 0 yrs work exp <br> 0 for. language <br> Other: NZ citizenship required | No minimum criteria | Master's <br> 0 years work exp <br> 2 for. languages | Master's <br> 0 years work exp <br> 2 for. languages <br> Other: completion of exams | Master's <br> 0 years work exp <br> 2 for. languages <br> Other: Competitive exams | Undergrad <br> 2 years work exp <br> 2 for languages |
| 9. | In actual practice, what is the highest level of education possessed by most new recruits? | Undergrad degree | Master's degree | Undergrad degree | Undergrad degree | Master's degree | Master's degree | Master's degree | Master's | Master's degree |
| 10. | In actual practice, how many years of work experience do most new recruits have? | Two years or less | Five years or more | More than two years but less than five years | Two years or less | More than two years but less than five years | Two years or less | Two years or less | Two years or less | More than two years but less than five years |
| 11. | To which of the following do you recruit? <br> Please check all that apply | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in general | Officers are recruited to a specific specialty or position (Political, economic, consular, administrative, and public diplomacy career tracks) | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in general <br> Officers are recruited to a specific assignment abroad Officers are recruited to a specific specialty or position (accounting, finance, passports) | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in general | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in General Officers are recruited to a specific specialty or position (Economists, Lawyers, trade people) | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in General | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in General Officers are recruited to a specific specialty or position Cultural Affairs, IT-Technical Personnel | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in General | Officers are recruited to the Foreign Service in General Officers are recruited to a specific specialty or position - Only for jobs in the Ministry, not abroad |
| 12. | Are specialists compensated as FS Officers, or according to their profession? | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers Compensated according to their profession | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated as Foreign Service Officers | Compensated according to their profession |

Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in the Summary Results Table.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I-May 3, 2002

Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in the Summary Results Table.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Language training |  |  |  |  |  | Language training |  |  |
| 18. | How long is the orientation and training program for new Foreign Service Officers? | More than two years | More than 6 but less than 12 months (varies by assessment, but generally in this range) | 12 to 24 months | More than 6 but less than 12 months | More than 6 but less than 12 months | 12 to 24 months | More than two years | 6 months or less | More than 6 but less than 12 months |
| 19. | After the initial orientation and training period, how many days of training are typically provided per year? | 5.3 days | 0 | 5 days | 5 days |  | 3 days | 14 days | 7 days | 2 days |
| Posting Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | What is the average length of a standard foreign posting in years? | 3.5 years | 3 years | 3 years | 3 years | 4 years | 3 years | 3 years | 4 years | 4 years |
| 21. | Do officers typically return to their home country after a foreign posting? | DFAIT - rotate between home and posting. $\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{I}-$ rotate after 2 or more postings | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting. | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings | Yes, return home but only after two consecutive postings | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting | Yes, but return home only after two or more consecutive postings | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting Other: Officers must return to home country for at least two years after nine years of being abroad | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings |
| 22. | Are Foreign Service Officers able to influence if and where they will be posted? | Yes, but other factors usually override personal choice. | Yes, but other factors usually override personal choice | Yes, but other factors usually override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Personal choice weighs heavily | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Personal choice weighs heavily |

Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in the Summary Results Table.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY-C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23. | Who makes the final decision regarding where a Foreign Service Officer will be posted? | Head of Mission | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or human resources department Other: Diplomatic Board | Head of relevant section at HQ Formally the Minister for higher positions or the Director General. The administrative department presents a proposal. |
| 24. | On average, how much notice are individuals given regarding their posting location and starting date, in months? | 6 months | 6 months | 6 months | 9 months |  | 6 months | 6 months | 3 months | 6 months |
| 25. | What is the typical duration of a hardship posting, in years? | Easiest Hardship: 3 years Most difficult: 2 years | Easiest <br> Hardship: 3 years <br> Most difficult: 1 year | Easiest hardship: 3 years Most difficult: 2 years | Easiest hardship: 4 years <br> Most Difficult: 2 years Other: East Timor ( 18 months) | Easiest Hardship: 4.5 years <br> Most difficult: 3.5 years | Easiest Hardship: 3 years Most difficult: 2 years | Other: Managed on a case by case basis | Easiest Hardship: 5 years Most difficult: 2 years |  |
| 26. | How many hardship postings must an Officer take? | None | 0 | 0 | 0 | Two or more | One | One | One | None |
| 27. | Reasons to turn down a foreign posting | 1. Inability of spouse/ partner to work at posting and inability of same sex/commonlaw partner to obtain visa <br> 2. Local conditions <br> 3. Inadequate compensation offer | 1. Local Conditions <br> 2. Other: Inadequate schooling for children. <br> 3. Inability of spouse/ partner to work at the posting location. <br> 4. Poor fit of | 1. Other: Level of professional stimulation <br> 2. Other: Lack of education and other facilities at the locality <br> 3. Local conditions <br> 4. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location | 1. Local Conditions <br> 2. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location <br> 3. Poor fit of posting responsibilitie s with officer's skills <br> 4. Parental/other adult care | 1. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location <br> 2. Parental/other adult care responsibilitie s <br> 3. Poor fit of posting responsibilitie s with officer's skills | 1. Local Conditions <br> 2. Parental/other adult care responsibilitie s <br> 3. Poor fit of posting responsibilitie s with officer's skills <br> 4. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the | 1. Parental responsibilities <br> 2. Local conditions <br> 3. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 4. Inability of spouse/partner to work at posting location <br> 5. Poor fit of posting | 1. Local conditions <br> 2. Parental responsibilities <br> 3. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 4. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills <br> 5. Inability of same-sex/ | 1. Parental responsibilities <br> 2. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location <br> 3. Local conditions <br> 4. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills |

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FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 4. Other: Does not meet career aspirations <br> 5. Parental/other adult care responsibilities <br> 6. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills | posting responsibilit ies with officer's skills. <br> 5. Parental/oth er adult care resps. | 5. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 6. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and /or passport <br> 7. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills <br> 8. Parental/other adult care responsibilities | responsibilities <br> 5. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 6. Inability of same-sex partner to work at the posting location | 4. Local conditions <br> 5. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 6. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport | posting location <br> 5. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport <br> 6. Inadequate compensation offer | responsibilities with officer's skills <br> 6. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport | common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport | 5. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport <br> 6. Inadequate compensation offer |
| Career Progression |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. | What criteria are used to determine if an individual will be promoted? | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Years of experience in grade | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Interview <br> Simulation exercise <br> Existence of an opening at the next level <br> Other: Written application Other: Written and oral referee reports | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Other: Assessment of potential to perform at the next level | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Years of experience in grade Existence of opening at the next level | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance Appraisal Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of opening at the next level | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance Appraisal |
|  |  |  | To $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ leve | To 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level |
|  |  |  | Performance appraisal | Appraisal <br> Interview | Appraisal <br> Existence of an | Performance appraisal | Performance Appraisal | Years of experience in | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal |
|  |  |  | Existence of an opening at the next level | Existence of an opening at the next level., Other: Written application Other: Written and oral referee reports | opening at the next level <br> Other: Assessment of potential to perform at the next level | Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | Years of experience in grade Existence of an opening at the next level |  | Years of experience in grade Existence of an opening at the next level | Existence of an opening at the next level |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Existence of an opening at the next level | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Appraisal <br> Interview <br> Existence of opening at the next level <br> Other: written application Other: Written and oral referee reports | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Appraisal <br> Existence of opening <br> Other: Assessment of potential to perform at the next level <br> Other: experience/posting s relevant to some degree, but not fundamental determining factor | To ${ }^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance <br> Appraisal <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Years of experience in grade Existence of an opening at the next level | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Postings abroad <br> Existence of an opening at the next level |
|  |  |  | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Existence of an opening at the next level | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level <br> Performance appraisal <br> Interview <br> Existence of an opening at the next level <br> Other: Written Application Other: Written and oral referee reports | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level <br> Performance appraisal <br> Existence of an opening at the next level <br> Other: Assessment of potential to perform at the next level Other: experience/posting s relevant to some degree, but not determining factor | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance Appraisal <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal <br> Interview <br> Postings abroad <br> Existence of an opening at the next level |
| 29. | How long (in years) will a Foreign Service Officer remain in a level before being promoted? | FSDP: 5 years FS-2: 10 years | Entry level: 4 years <br> Second level: 5 years <br> Third level: 7.5 years <br> Fourth level: 8.5 years | Entry level: 1 year <br> Second level: 2.5 years <br> Third level: 6.5 years <br> Fourth level: 6 years | Entry level: 4 years <br> Second level: 4 years <br> Third level: 5 years <br> Fourth level: 9 years | No average figures | Entry Level: 3 years Second level: 6.5 years <br> Third Level: 6.5 years <br> Fourth Level: 4 years | Entry Level: 3 years Second Level: 6 years <br> Third Level: 10 years <br> Fourth Level: 20 years | Entry Level: 9 years Second Level: 6 years <br> Third Level: 12 years | Entry Level: 3 <br> years <br> Second Level: 5.5 <br> years <br> Third Level: 8 <br> years <br> Fourth Level: 4 years |
| 29b | What percentage of officers are promoted from each level each year? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To FS-2: } 18 \% \\ & \text { To EX-1: 3-4\% } \end{aligned}$ |  | To second level: 1.1\% <br> To third level: $8.8 \%$ <br> To fourth level: 3.4\% | To Second level: 25\% <br> To Third level: $25 \%$ <br> To fourth level: 25\% |  |  |  |  |  |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | To fifth level: 6.8\% <br> To sixth level: <br> 6.1\% <br> Overall: 5\% | To fifth level: 25\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. | Does career progression differ for midcareer recruits? | No | No | No | Yes - posted quickly, but no fast track to management |  | N/A | No | N/A | N/A |
| Attrition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31. | What is the annual level of attrition of Foreign Service Officers, that is, Foreign Service Officers leaving the Foreign Service? | All levels: 3-4\% |  | Entry level attrition: $11.5 \%$ <br> Second level attrition: 7.6\% <br> Third level attrition: 8.6\% <br> All FS: 8.4\% | Entry level attrition: 3-5\% <br> Second level attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third level attrition: 6-9\% <br> Fourth level attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fifth Level attrition: 3-5\% All FS: 3-5\% | All FS: 14.2\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level <br> attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level <br> attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fourth Level <br> attrition: 0-2\% <br> All FS: 0-2\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 0-2-\% <br> Second Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fourth Level <br> Attrition: 3-5\% <br> All FS: 0-2\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fourth Level <br> attrition: 0-2\% <br> All FS: 0-2\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 3-5\% <br> Second Level <br> Attrition: 3-5\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 6-9\% <br> Fourth Level <br> attrition: 0-2\% <br> All FS: 3-5\% |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32. | Of the Foreign Service Officers who leave at each level, please indicate the percentage leaving for each of the reasons below: | FSDP: <br> $0 \%$ retirement or death $100 \%$ voluntary separation <br> FS-02: <br> $58 \%$ voluntary separation 42\%Retirement or death <br> EX-01 level: <br> 69.6\% retirement or death $30.4 \%$ voluntary separation | Specific statistics not available | Entry level: <br> 74.7\% retirement or death 25.3\% voluntary separation Second level: <br> 39.5\% retirement or death $60.5 \%$ voluntary separation Third level: 43.9\% retirement or death $56.1 \%$ voluntary separation Fourth Level: 51.8\% retirement or death $48.2 \%$ voluntary separation | Entry level: <br> $0 \%$ retirement or death $0 \%$ voluntary separation Second level: 100\% voluntary separation <br> Third level: <br> $100 \%$ voluntary separation <br> Fourth Level: <br> 100\% Voluntary Separation Fifth Level $80 \%$ retirement or death $20 \%$ voluntary separation | Retired 1.9\% (No other figures available) | Very low attrition | Entry Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 100\% Voluntary Separation Second Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 100\% Voluntary Separation <br> Third Level: <br> 100\% Retirement or death $0 \%$ Voluntary Separation Fourth Level: 100\% Retirement or death | Entry Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death <br> $100 \%$ Voluntary Separation Second Level: $0 \%$ Retirement or death $100 \%$ Voluntary Separation Third Level: $0 \%$ Retirement or death $100 \%$ Voluntary Separation Fourth Level: 100\% Retirement or death | Entry Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death 100\% Voluntary Separation Second Level: $0 \%$ Retirement or death 100\% Voluntary Separation Third Level: $80 \%$ Retirement or death 20\% Voluntary Separation Fourth Level: 96\% Retirement or death 4\% Voluntary Separation |
| 33. | Of those who leave due to voluntary separation, please rank the top three reasons for leaving at each level. | FSDP: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> FS-02: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> EX-01: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change |  | Entry Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Lifestyle <br> Second Level <br> Career Change <br> Compensation <br> Lifestyle <br> Third Level <br> Family or spousal career <br> Career change <br> Compensation <br> Fourth Level <br> Career Change <br> Lifestyle <br> Family or spousal | Entry Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Family or Spousal Career <br> Second Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Family or spousal Career <br> Third Level <br> Family or Spousal Career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Fourth Level <br> Career Change <br> Compensation | Entry Level <br> Family or spousal career <br> N/A <br> Compensation <br> Second Level <br> Family or spousal career <br> N/A <br> Compensation <br> Third Level <br> Family or spousal career <br> Career Change <br> Fourth Level <br> Family or Spousal <br> Career <br> Career Change |  | Entry Level <br> Compensation Career Change Family or spousal career Second Level Career Change Compensation Family or spousal career Third Level N/A Fourth Level N/A | Entry Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Family or spousal career <br> Second Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Family or spousal career <br> Third Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Family or spousal career <br> Fourth Level <br> Compensation <br> Career Change | Entry Level <br> Career Change <br> Compensation <br> Family or spousal career <br> Second Level <br> Career Change <br> Compensation <br> Family or spousal career <br> Third Level <br> Career Change <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Fourth Level <br> Career Change <br> Family or spousal |

[^3]|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | career | Family or spousal Career |  |  |  | Family or spousal career | career <br> Compensation |
| 34. | Which of the following statements best characterizes turnover within your Foreign Service? |  | Steady | Steady | Steady | Rising | Steady | Steady | Steady | Rising |
| 35. | What initiatives are in place in the organization to encourage retention of Foreign Service Officers? | DFAIT has initiated a Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of FS Officers. DFAIT and CIC are placing more emphasis on attempting to address spousalrelated issues. DFAIT/CIC are looking at new salary packages and are considering the possibility of rewarding the acquisition of skills, such as foreign languages. | Family Liaison office works with families. Community Liaison office at most posts abroad to support families. Working to expand employment options for spouses, | The Department offers staff professionally rewarding career opportunities, incentives for high performance; attractive conditions of service; and fair and transparent staffing processes. | Family Friendly Policies, Training and Development, efforts to improve remuneration levels | Higher salaries; better conditions for dual careers | Turnover is very low | Fluctuation in the Foreign Service is on such low level, that no initiatives are necessary to retain Foreign Service Officers | None | Increasing salaries. Improving the possibilities for spouses to get a job abroad. Compensating economically families where the spouses live apart |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECTION II-COMPENSATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Please match your country's Foreign Service Officer positions to the Canadian Foreign Service Officer positions | FSDP - Job A <br> FS-2 - Job B <br> FS-2 - Job C <br> EX-1 - Job D | Junior Officer (grade 6, 5, 4) Job A (Match) Mid-Level Officer (grade 2 or 3 ) Job B (Match -) <br> Mid-Level Officer (grade 1)-Job C (Match -) Senior Officer (grade OC) - Job C (Match +) Senior Officer (grade MC, CM) Job D (Match) | $\begin{aligned} & 3^{\text {rdd }} 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Secretary - } \\ & \text { Job A (Match) } \\ & 1^{\text {st }} \text { Secretary - Job } \\ & \text { B (Match) } \\ & \text { Counselor-Job C } \\ & \text { (Match) } \\ & \text { Ambassador-Job } \\ & \text { D (Match) } \end{aligned}$ | Policy Officer 1 Job A (Match) <br> Policy Officer 2 Job B (Match -) Senior Policy Officer - Job B (Match) External Policy 4 Job C (Match) External Policy 5 Job D (Match) | Second Secretary Job A (Match) <br> First Secretary Job B (Match) <br> Counselor, Deputy Director - Job C (Match) <br> Ambassador, Director - Job D (Match) | Second Secretary Job A (Match + ) <br> First Secretary Job B (Match) <br> Counselor - Job C (Match -) <br> Min. Counselor/. Consul Gen - Job D (Match) | Second Secretary Job A (Match -) <br> First Secretary Job B (Match) <br> Counsellor - Job C (Match) <br> Ambassador - Job <br> D (Match) | Second Secretary Job A (Match +) <br> First Secretary Job B (Match) <br> Counsellor - Job C <br> (Match) <br> Minister- <br> Counsellor - Job D <br> (Match +) | 1st and 2nd <br> Secretary - Job A <br> (Match ++) <br> Counsellor - Job C <br> (Match) <br> Minister- <br> Counsellor - Job D <br> (Match + ) <br> Ambassador - Job <br> D (Match) |
| 2. | Salary - Job A <br> Match <br> (including <br> Match -, <br> Match, <br> Match + ) | FSDP: <br> \$39,570 - \$51,937 <br> (Average actual - <br> $\$ 40,249$ ) | Junior Officer: \$54,352-\$97,903 <br> Mid-Level Officer (grade 2 or 3 ): (10.23\% more in home country) | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Secretary: <br> \$33,422-\$38,324 <br> (Average actual - <br> $\$ 35,873)$ <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Secretary: <br> \$36,143-\$44,835 <br> (Average actual: <br> $\$ 40,484$ ) | Policy Officer 1: \$22,075-\$33,374 (Average actual: $\$ 26,050)$ | Second Secretary: \$37,356 - \$50,436 (Average actual: $\$ 45,768$ ) | Second Secretary: $\$ 44,547-\$ 64,851$ | Second Secretary: \$34,292 - \$38,579 (Average actual: $\$ 37,150$ ) |  | 2nd Secretary: \$47,659 - \$53,055 (Average actual: $\$ 49,458$ ) <br> 1st Secretary: \$50,537-\$54,853 (Average actual: \$52,156 |
| 2. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salary - Job B } \\ & \text { Match } \end{aligned}$ | FS-02: \$50,475 \$75,423 (Average actual - $\$ 63,703$ ) | Mid-Level Officer (grade 2 or 3) $\$ 82,276 \text { - }$ $\$ 149,114$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ Secretary: \$40,006-\$54,507 (Average Actual: $\$ 47.250$ ) | Policy Officer 2: \$31,900-\$45,667 (Average actual: $\$ 35,431$ ) <br> Senior Policy Officer: \$37,891 \$57,149 (Average actual: 43,246) | First Secretary: \$37,356-\$50,436 (Average actual: $\$ \$ 45,768$ | First Secretary: \$49,593-\$70,865 | First Secretary: \$38,580 - \$51,437 (average actual: $\$ 45,722$ ) |  | N/A |
| 2. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salary - Job C } \\ & \text { Match } \end{aligned}$ | FS-02: $\$ 50,475$ \$75,423 (Average actual - $\$ 63,703$ ) | Senior Officer <br> (grade OC): <br> \$171,521 - <br> \$197,622 <br> Mid-Level Officer <br> (Grade 1): <br> \$125,312- <br> \$162,910 | Counselor: $\begin{aligned} & \$ 56,220-\$ 65,878 \\ & \text { (average actual: } \\ & \$ 61,039 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | External Policy 4: \$47,118-\$78,290 (Average Actual: $\$ 55,055$ ) | First Secretary Job C: \$52,308 \$65,376 (Average actual: $\$ 59,772$ ) | Counselor: $\$ 64,575-\$ 81,285$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Counsellor: } \\ & \$ 54,294- \\ & \$ 125,733 \\ & \text { (Average actual: } \\ & \$ 71,722 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Counsellor: \$57,911-\$69,242 <br> (Average actual: <br> $\$ 64,745$ ) |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | Salary - Job D Match | EX-01: \$82,700$\$ 97,400$ (Average actual - \$91,066) | Senior Officer (grade MC, CM): $\$ 179,542 \text { - }$ <br> 197,622 | Ambassador: $\$ 72,848-\$ 80,901$ | External Policy 5: \$66,144 - <br> $\$ 105,451$ (Average Actual \$79,084) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Job D - } \$ 56,040 \text { - } \\ & \$ 78,456 \end{aligned}$ | Minister Counselor: $\$ 71,314-\$ 90,650$ | Ambassador: <br> \$85,724 - <br> \$154,303 (Average actual: $\$ 107,161$ ) |  | Minister- <br> Counsellor: <br> \$71,580-\$77,354 <br> (Average actual: $\$ 74,655)$ <br> Ambassador: $\$ 71,580-$ <br> \$107,936 (Average actual: $(\$ 79,153)$ |
| 3. | Do you place any controls on the ability to earn a salary higher than the midpoint? | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salary up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salary up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salary up to the range maximum |
| 4. | How do <br> Foreign <br> Service <br> Officers typically move through the salary range? | FSDP: By increments based on performance FS-02: By a percentage-rated grid based on performance | By a step-rated grid based on seniority | By individually determined increments based on performance | By a percentagerated grid based on performance | By individually determined increments based on performance | By a step-rated grid based on seniority | By a step-rated grid based on seniority | By a step-rated grid based on seniority | By individually determined increments based on performance |
| 5. | How long would it typically take to move from minimum to the maximum in a salary range? | Five years or more | Five years or more | More than two years but less than five. | Five years or more |  | Five years or more | Five years or more | More than two years but less than five | Five years or more |
| 6. | Please describe the total remuneration package provided to your Foreign Service Officers and estimate the cost or value of each element as a percentage of the position's salary range |  | Annual bonus: 0\% <br> Other cash: Varies: Language incentive pay of $\$ 8,000-\$ 12,000$ for officers assigned to "incentive language" posts Long-term incentive: 6\% (Foreign Service Officers may participate in a | Annual bonus: $5.65 \%$ <br> Pension: 14.6 employer contribution <br> Other: <br> Language allowance amount varies depending on skill level, location of posting | Annual bonus: 0\% <br> Other cash: 0\% <br> Long-term incentive: $0 \%$ <br> Pension: 5\% - <br> Superannuating contribution valued at $5 \%$ of base salary <br> Benefits: When overseas, all medical and some dental costs are | Pension: According to a collective agreement for Civil Servants | Annual bonus: <br> 6\% - Approx 80\% of one month base salary <br> Other cash: 80\% 250\% - Foreign posting compensation, housing allowance, schooling allowance Benefits: Approx 1\% - Home Leave payment | Annual bonus: 14\% - Quarterly payments of $50 \%$ of monthly income | Long-term incentive plans: $3.84 \%$ - Increase every three years Pension/Retireme nt: $8 \%$ Retirement | Perquisites: Car (a few of our Ambassadors have cars to their disposal) |

Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in the Summary Results Table.
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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
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|  | salary range mid-point |  | participate in a long-term savings and investment program designed to provide retirement income. <br> Pension (defined benefit): $6 \%$ <br> Benefits: 8\%: <br> (Health Insurance, Life Insurance) Employer Pays 75\%, Employee pays $25 \%$ | $858$ | paid - In NZ, State pays <br> Other: telephone rental paid for EP5 staff in Wellington (i.e. Division Director level) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. | Where do <br> Foreign Service salaries fall when compared to other professional groups in your civil service? | In the top 30\% | Other: The Foreign Service Salary scale is tied to the civil service salary scale, or FSO salaries vary in a manner similar to that of professional civil servants. | Top 20\% | Top 30\% | Other: Not very high in comparison with the rest of the Government | Other: Exactly equal | Other: Salaries in the Foreign Service are calculated according to pay scale and regulations binding for all members of the civil service | In the top 10\% | Other: Average |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Same as other groups |  | Economist: <br> Level 1: \$44,789- $\$ 46,761$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Level 2: } \$ 46,042 \text { - } \\ & \$ 62,049 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Level 3: \$52,256- } \\ & \$ 67,798 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Level 4: \$65,460 \$95,695 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lawyer: <br> Level 1: \$44,789 - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 46,761$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Level 2: \$46,042 - $\$ 62,049$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Level 3: \$52,156 \$67,798 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Level 4: \$65,460 - $\$ 101,660$ |
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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
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|  |  |  |  | Level 5: \$69,251\$77,883 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECTION III - MANAGEMENT OF FAMILY, DUAL-INCOME AND DUAL-CAREER ISSUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | What is your policy regarding compensation for the loss of spousal income and pension while on foreign postings? | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse | No Policy | No Policy | Allowances provide to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse ( $20 \%$ is added to expatriate allowance and additional allowances) | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse. <br> Accompanying spouses are provided with supplemental pension benefits Other: Spouses receive unemployment compensation when returning home provided they have not been abroad more than seven years | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse | Accompanying spouses are provided with supplemental pension benefits Accompanying spouses are provided compensation or an allowance in recognition of their representational responsibilities | Accompanying spouses continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program while on foreign posting only if spouse is a civil servant | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse. <br> Accompanying spouses are provided with supplemental pension benefits Accompanying spouses are provided compensation or an allowance in recognition of their representational responsibilities |
| 2. | Do you assist the spouse to find employment at the posting location and upon return from a foreign posting? | On posting: <br> Employ at foreign/ home country as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Canvass other organizations for available jobs Pay allowance to cover job search expenses <br> Assist to obtain work permit <br> Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training | On posting <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Canvass other organizations for available jobs <br> Assist to obtain work permit <br> Upon Return: No | On Posting: Managed on Case-by-case basis. <br> Other: Provision of general information on work prospects and local requirements Upon Return No | On posting: <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available. <br> Employ at foreign/home location as Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is available <br> Assist to obtain work permit <br> Upon Return: <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is | On posting <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Managed on a case-by-case basis Other: Establishing a CRdatabase for spouses on the internet | On Posting: <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Canvass other organizations for available jobs <br> Assist to obtain work permit Upon Return: Canvass other organizations for available jobs | On Posting: Assist to obtain work permit | On Posting: Assist to obtain work permit | On Posting: <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Canvass other organizations for available jobs <br> Assist to obtain work permit Upon Return No |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
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|  | \% | or personal interest programs <br> Other: Career counselling offered to spouses on return from posting; a series of workshops are provided to spouses <br> Upon return: Employ at foreign/ home country as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Employ at foreign/home location as Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is available <br> Pay allowance to cover job search expenses <br> Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training or personal interest programs Other: Career counselling offered to spouses on return from posting; a series of workshops are provided to spouses |  |  | available <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is available <br> Pay allowance to cover job search expenses (e.g. curriculum vitae preparation, translation, employment agency fees |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | What is the trend with respect to spouses not | On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting | Don't Know | On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting | On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting | There has been no substantial change in the number of spouses not | On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting | There has been no substantial change in the number of spouses not | Don't know | On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting |

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|  | accompanying Foreign Service Officers on posting due to career issues? | due to careerrelated issues. |  | due to careerrelated issues. | due to careerrelated issues. | accompanying officers on posting due to careerrelated issues. | due to careerrelated issues | accompanying officers on posting due to careerrelated issues |  | due to careerrelated issues |
| 4. | Are unaccompanied Officers given special Home Leaves or family visits to the host location? | Yes, two extra trips per assignment year | No | No; but Heads of Mission are entitled to mid-term-leave and consultations (with spouses). | Yes, more than two extra trips per assignment year | Yes, one extra trip per assignment year | Yes, more than two extra trips per assignment year | No | No | Yes, one extra trip per assignment year |
| 5. | Please describe any policy changes that you are considering that would affect your answers to any of the questions above (please use a separate sheet of paper if necessary): | DFAIT and CIC are considering/ exploring two new policies: <br> - Provision of a spousal premium <br> - Provision of EI benefits for spouses and who would otherwise have been eligible for EI benefits in Canada. |  <br> Recuperation travel. <br> Unaccompanied (voluntarily or involuntarily) FSO's receive a Separate Maintenance allowance of Cdn $\$ 3,500 /$ year to \$12,800/year depending on family size. | Introduction of one home leave per posting - effective from January 2002. | Three return airfares per year for a recognized partner, up to a maximum of the return fare between the post and the head office location, even if the partner is resident of a third country. In addition, $7.5 \%$ of salary is provided as an expatriate allowance for each dependant child accompanying the officer. |  | More bilateral agreements to allow spouse to work abroad (underway) |  |  |  |
| SECTION IV - CONDITIONS OF SERVICE ABROAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administrative Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Do you have policies for conditions of service of Officers abroad? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

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FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | What strategic objectives determine your general foreign assignment terms and conditions? | Provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e. "keep whole") <br> Match terms and conditions typically offered by multinational companies | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers <br> Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") Exceed home country living standards and purchasing power | Provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") |
| 3. | Do the conditions of service abroad (other than perquisites) vary with the level of the Foreign Service Officer? | No | No | No | Yes - Depends on level and family size | No | No | No | No | No |
| 4. | Please indicate if the following services are provided: | Language classes for FS and spouse Cross-cultural training for FS and spouse | Language classes for FS and spouse Cross-cultural training for FS and spouse | Language classes for FS and spouse Cross-cultural training for FS and spouse | Language classes for FS and spouse Cross-cultural training for FS and spouse | Language classes for FS and spouse Cross-cultural training On a case-by-case basis | Cultural sensitivity /psychological suitability testing: case-by-case basis Language Classes: On a case-by-case basis <br> Cross-Cultural <br> Training: On a case-by-case basis | Language Classes: for FS and spouse Cross-Cultural Training: for FS and spouse | Language Classes: For FS and spouse No Cross-Cultural Training | Cultural sensitivity/ psychological suitability testing on a case-by-case basis <br> Language Classes - For FS only Cross-Cultural training - on a case-by-case basis |
| 5. | Do you provide an orientation meeting to discuss relocation and other posting issues? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY-A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Relocation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. | Do you pay for the shipment of household goods to and from a foreign posting? | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and /or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid with reasonable costs | Shipment of household goods is partially paid if fully/partially furnished quarters are leased | Shipment of household goods is partially paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits |
| 7. | Do you provide an additional incidental allowance to Officers moving to/from a posting to cover miscellaneous items not specifically covered in the policy? | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed amount of \$2,177. This amount is reviewed and revised annually. | Additional <br> incidental <br> allowance $-3 \%$ of salary with a cap of $\$ 4,969$ | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed amount (Accompanied) of Cdn \$1,180 (Unaccompanied) of $\$ 610$ | Additional incidental allowance - fixed amount with a monetary cap of Cdn \$5,256 | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed amount | Additional incidental allowance - base salary without a cap | Other: There is a special allowance paid before every move to a posting abroad. The calculation of the allowance is based on the marital status and the number of children of the office to be posted | Additional incidental allowance - base salary without a cap $-10 \%$ of salary | No |
| Incentive and Hardship Premiums and Cost-of-Living |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Do you provide an incentive premium and a hardship premium? | Incentive premium paid in normal cycle <br> Hardship premium paid in normal cycle | Incentive <br> Premium: No <br> Hardship premium paid monthly | Incentive premium: No (but new posting allowance will be introduced in July 2002) <br> Hardship premium: paid in the normal cycle | Incentive premium paid in normal cycle Hardship premium paid in normal cycle | No Incentive premium <br> Hardship premium paid normal cycle | Incentive premium: paid in normal cycle <br> No Hardship premium | Incentive <br> Premium: No (but special allowance is paid before moving abroad) <br> Hardship <br> Premium: Paid in normal cycle | No Incentive premium <br> No Hardship premium | Incentive <br> Premium: No <br> Hardship Premium <br> - Paid in normal cycle |
| 9. | If you provide an incentive premium and/or hardship premium, on what basis is it calculated? | Incentive premium varies according to step-rated table <br> Hardship premium varies according to step-rated table | Hardship premium expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap 5\%$25 \%$ with no salafy | Hardship premium Flat amount for all officers. Annual flat amount varies from post to post | Incentive premium with a monetary cap, 15\% premium, Salary cap $\$ 51,246$ Hardship premium: Fixed amount paid to all officers at the same location | Hardship premium flat amount for all officers | Incentive premium varies according to a step-rated table | Hardship Premium varies according to a step-rated table Other: calculated on a case by case |  | Hardship premium - flat amount for all officers |

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FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

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|  |  |  | $25 \%$ with no salary cap |  |  |  |  | basis and payable to all categories of service at a certain post |  |  |
| 10. | Do you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance for Foreign Service Officers on posting? | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percent of salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Other: Amount based on differential for each location with a cap | Yes, paid out as a fixed amount | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, paid out as a fixed amount |
| 11. | If you provide a Cost-ofLiving allowance, how often is the amount adjusted? | Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage of 3\% | Adjusted whenever new data are received | Other: Fortnightly - (Based on realtime exchange rates) | Adjusted annually | Adjusted annually every six months | Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage of $5 \%$ | Adjusted whenever new data are received Reviewed and adjusted monthly | Adjusted annually <br> Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage | Other: Adjusted twice a year |
| 12. | Which of the following are taxable to the staff member? | Other: None | Hardship premium | Hardship premium | Other: None |  | Other: None | Other: None | Other: None | Other: Transfer allowance, risk allowance |
| Assistance with Home Country Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | Do you have a housing assistance program to help Officers maintain a residence in the home country? | Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 14. | Do you guarantee reimbursemen $t$ of a loss from the rental of the home country principal residence? | Yes, with a cap of a specified monetary amount or number of months rent | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 15. | Do you provide assistance with | Sale: Yes- One buy and one sell per career | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |

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|  | the sale and/or purchase of the home country principal residence? | per career <br> Purchase - Yes One buy and one sell per career |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | Do you <br> provide special <br> financial <br> assistance to <br> Officers whose families remain in the home country temporarily and join them after the start of the posting? | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence | Maintenance Allowance | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence | No | Other: Child allowance for children staying alone in the home country | Other: Temporary separation allowance if separation deemed necessary | Other: Separation allowance of 6 $10 \%$ to replace representational amount the spouse would receive | No | No |
| Assistance with Host Country Housing (Abroad) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Do you provide assistance for housing to Officers at the host location? | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Other: Only if no housing is provided by the state | Yes, always |
| 18. | Do you require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing at the host location? | Yes - rent shares equivalent to what employee would pay at home | No | Yes, based on salary | No | No | Yes, fixed percentage of basic salary - $18 \%$ | No | Yes, part of the salary is meant to cover housing costs | No |
| 19. | Do you pay for host location utilities costs (excluding telephone)? | Yes, included in the housing/Cost-of-Living allowance | Yes, included in the housing/Cost-of-Living allowance | Other: Yes, but officer makes a contribution | Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs | Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs | No | No | No | Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs |
| Emplovee Benefits Abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Do you cover the additional costs of medical/dental care while on a foreign posting? | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | Yes, through a cash reimbursement | Other: All medical costs are covered and some dental costs are met up to specified limits | Yes, through a special home country or international medical plan | Yes, through a cash reimbursement up to $50 \%$ costs | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan Yes, through a special home | Yes, through a special home country or international medical plan | Yes, through a special home country and/or international medical plan |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | country or international medical plan |  |  |
| Perquisites Abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. | Please indicate if you provide the following perquisites: Please check all those that apply. | No Automobile <br> No Recreational club membership <br> Representation allowance provided without cost to FS-02 | Automobile provided without cost to Ambassador No Recreational club membership Representation allowance provided without cost to Ambassador who allocates for whole embassy | Automobile provided without cost only to Head of Mission <br> Recreational club membership provided without cost to FS officer <br> Representation allowance provided without cost to head of mission | Automobile provided without cost to Head of Mission. <br> Other: 1-Available to head of mission only <br> 2-Notional provision is included in allowance package, 3Supplement included in allowance package for most officers | No Automobile <br> No Recreational club membership <br> Representation allowance provided without cost to Foreign Service Officer | Automobile for Head of mission No Recreational Club Membership Representation Allowance: Yes, FS officer bearing a portion of the cost | Automobile for Ambassador <br> Recreational Club Membership Managed on a case-by-case basis Representation Allowance - with the Foreign Service Officer bearing a portion of the cost | No Automobile No Recreation Club Membership Representation Allowance - For Ambassador, Consul | Automobile for Ambassador No Recreational Club Membership Representation allowance - Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22. | Do you pay for private schooling in the host location? | Elementary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course <br> Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course | Elementary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate <br> Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | Elementary: No <br> Secondary: No | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course | Elementary: Managed on a case-by-case basis Secondary: Managed on a case-by-case basis | Elementary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23. | What dependant education costs (elementary and secondary grades) incurred by Foreign Service Officers on international posting do you pay for? | Elementary: All reasonable costs up, to a maximum amount <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs, up to a maximum amount | Elementary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate | Elementary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate | Elementary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding (children overseas only) <br> Other: Boarding costs are met for children remaining in the home country <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding (children overseas only) Other: Boarding costs are met for children remaining in the home country | Elementary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate | Elementary: <br> Other: <br> Approximately $20 \%$ of the cost <br> Secondary: Other: Approximately $20 \%$ of the cost | Elementary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding Secondary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding | Elementary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount | Elementary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding Secondary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding |
| 24. | Do you pay for any costs for post-secondary education of dependents? | At Home: No When Posted: Yes, up to a fixed limit - Shelter assistance only, Currently $\$ 3,173$ | At Home: No When Posted: No | At Home: No When posted: Dormitory room and board | At Home: Up to fixed limit Annual flat amount \$1.875 pa \& \$981 pa for maintenance and accommodation for tertiary students boarding in the home country When Posted: No | At Home: No When Posted: No | At Home: No When Posted: No | At Home: No When Posted: Yes, but tuition only | At Home: No When Posted: No | At Home: No When Posted: No |
| 25. | Do you pay for day care (formal, "home day care" or nanny)/preschool/nursery school costs? | Home country: No When Posted: Yes, difference between home and host | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home country: No When Posted: Yes, for children over 3 years | Home country: Reimburse childcare costs in the home country up to a set amount per employee per year (Cdn\$1,969) <br> When Posted: Preschool costs are paid for the equivalent number of hours provided in the home country. | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home country: No When Posted: Other: $20 \%$ of the cost | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No |

Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in the Summary Results Table.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY-E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Home Leave, R\&R Leave, Vacation and Holidavs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. | Do you provide Home Leave travel to your Foreign Service Officers? | Between 1 trip per 4 year posting to once per year for hardship locations | Mid-tour on a four-year assignment, or between overseas postings if on a three or two-year assignment | Yes, one trip per posting | One home leave airfare is met officially for officers and accompanying dependants undertaking a four year assignment | Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year | Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year | Yes, but frequency depends on geographical location of the post abroad and varies from yearly to once every 24 months | Other: One trip every two posting years | Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year |
| 27. | Do you permit an FS Officer to use Home Leave to travel to a different country and still be eligible for reimbursement? | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country Other: At least for part of the leave | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country |
| 28. | Do you provide Rest \& Recreation trips separate from home leave travel to Foreign Service Officers? | Yes, to all Foreign Service Officers posted abroad | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations | No | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations | No | Yes, but only to a Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations | No | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations - Compensation paid by a Hardship allowance |
| 29. | What is the frequency of Rest \& Recreation trips allowed? | Once a year | Once a year | The number of leaves depends on the posting location |  | The number of leaves depends on the posting location <br> Other: Max. 2 per year. In Teheran and Riyadh female officers and spouses (and daughters) have an extra trip costcoverage to Athens |  | The number of leaves depends on the posting location |  | The number of leaves depends on the posting location |
| 30. | Who chooses the Rest \& Recreation destination? | Foreign Service Officer | Foreign Service Officer | Foreign Service Officer |  | Organization chooses the destination for cost coverage |  | Organization |  | Foreign Service Officer |
| 31. | What is the Foreign | Same number of holidays as in the | All 11 Government holidays, plus up | Same number of holidays as in the | Same number of holidays as in the | Greater of home or host country | Greater of home or host countr | Same number of holidays as in the | Greater of home or host country | Same number of holidays as in the |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3,2002 Detailed Results Table Part I - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | USA | COUNTRY - A | NEW ZEALAND | COUNTRY - B | COUNTRY - C | COUNTRY - D | COUNTRY - E | COUNTRY - F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Service Officer's statutory holiday entitlement during the posting? | home country | to 9 host country holidays for a total cap of 20 | home country | home country <br> Other: A set entitlement of 13.5 statutory days is provided to officers in the host country | entitlement | entitlement | home country | entitlement Other: Depends on post | home country Other: In Addition - Bonus day (Maximum 9 years) |
| Repatriation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | Do you provide repatriation counselling for Officers and their families upon their return from a posting? | No. However, CIC has a specific briefing that all employees returning from abroad must attend. | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| 33. | Are Officers who voluntarily end their posting early required to pay a portion of the repatriation cost? | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | Depends on the circumstances | Depends on the circumstances | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation | Depends on the circumstances | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | Depends on the circumstances | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation |
| Current Concerns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | Please provide information about any issues that have been voiced among Foreign Service Officers or others within the and the response or intended response of the organization. | Compensation for loss of spousal employment. FS structure and salary. <br> Employment Insurance benefits for spouses. Spousal Pension. Promotion appraisal systems | Spousal <br> employment opportunities are a key employee concern. A headhunting firm was hired to help spouses find employment in Mexico City, as a pilot project. This is being rolled out to other big capitals | The Department has fully reviewed overseas conditions in recent months, with a view to issuing a new set of provisions (i.e. June 02). During this review process, management and staff have sought to address all outstanding issues of concern | Remuneration levels, Partner issues (management of dual careers; de facto/same sex partner recognition and access to employment in host country. Education provisions |  | Bad career prospects due to general budget cuts. Lobby Parliament to improve budgeting situation of Foreign Office |  |  |  |

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FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2
Question numbering is as per "Foreign Service in other countries" survey. Questions that were not asked of international organizations and private sector companies
are marked "N/A". A blank indicates that the responding country, business or organization did not complete that particular question.

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECTION I - STRUCTURE AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Is your Foreign Service part of the overall Public Service? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2. | What are the primary responsibilities of your Foreign Service Officers? | Political/ <br> Economic <br> Trade <br> Immigration | Political/Economic | Political/ <br> Economic <br> Trade <br> Administration <br> Immigration <br> Aid <br> Other: <br> Consular, <br> Public <br> Diplomacy | Political/ <br> Economic <br> Trade <br> Administration <br> Culture <br> Aid <br> Other: Protocol, public diplomacy, Consular | Political/ Economic Administration Immigration Aid | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3. | Are trade officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group? | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4. | Do you have officers who specialize in immigration at postings abroad? | At some postings | At some postings | Yes, At all postings | At some postings | Yes, At all postings | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 5. | Are immigration officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group? | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 6. | Are aid officers included in the Foreign Service Officer group? | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\underset{\text { A }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { ORGANIZATION }_{\text {C }}$ | $\underset{\text { D }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. | Are your Foreign Service Officers represented for bargaining? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Recruitment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a Foreign Service Officer recruit? | Undergrad 0 yrs work exp 0 languages Other: Minimum pass mark on personal suitability introduced in 2001 | MA <br> 2 years work experience 2 Foreign Languages | High School 0 years work experience 0 Foreign Languages | Undergrad 0 yrs work exp 1 language | Master <br> 0 years work experience 2 Foreign Languages | Undergrad Degree <br> 2 years work experience 2 Foreign Languages | Master's Degree 5 years work experience 2 Foreign Languages | PhD <br> 9 years work experience 1 Foreign Language | Master's <br> 3 years work experience 2 Foreign Languages Other: Driver's Licence |
| 9. | In actual practice, what is the highest level of education possessed by most new recruits? | Undergrad degree | Master's degree | Undergrad Degree | Undergrad degree | Master's Degree <br> PhD <br> ENA (National <br> School of <br> Administration) | Master's Degree | Master's Degree | Ph. D. | Master's degree |
| 10. | In actual practice, how many years of work experience do most new recruits have? | Two years or less | Two years or less | Two years or less | Two years or less | Two years or less | More than two years but less than five | Five years or more | Five years or more | More than two years but less than five |
| 11. | To which of the following do you recruit? Please check all that apply | Recruited to the Foreign Service in general | Recruited to the Foreign Service in general. <br> Recruited to a specific assignment abroad <br> Recruited to a specific specialty or position | Recruited to the Foreign Service in general. <br> Recruited to a specific specialty or position | Recruited to the Foreign Service in general | Recruited to the Foreign Service in general. | Recruited to a specific specialty or positionEconomists, Lawyers etc. | Recruited to a specific specialty or position - Sector Specialist (Finance, Natural Resources, Sanitation etc.) | Recruited to the organization in general <br> Recruited to a specific assignment abroad <br> Recruited to a specific specialty or position - Technical/ Economic | Recruited to a specific specialty or position |
| 12. | Are Officers compensated | Compensated as Foreign Service | Compensated as Foreign Service | Compensated as Foreign Service | Compensated as Foreign Service | Compensated as Foreign Service | Compensated based on the position | Compensated based on the position | Compensated based on the position | Compensated according to their |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION <br> B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | as Foreign Service Officers, or according to their profession? | Officers | Officers | Officers | Officers | Officers |  |  |  | profession |
| Mid-career Recruitment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | Do you recruit Officers at mid-career, that is, professionals or others with extensive work experience who wish to make a career change? | No | Yes, from within the Public Service and the private sector | Yes, from within the Public Service and private sector | Yes, but only from within the Public Service | Generally, no, but a few recruitments take place from within the public service | Yes, from within the organization and elsewhere | Yes, from within the organization and elsewhere | Yes, from within the organization and elsewhere | Yes, from within the organization and elsewhere |
| 14. | What are the minimum criteria for consideration as a midcareer recruit? | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | Master's <br> 8 years work experience <br> 2 Foreign <br> Languages | High School <br> 0 years work experience <br> 0 Foreign Languages Other: Recruitment is through an assessment centre | Undergrad <br> 0 years work experience <br> 1 Foreign <br> Language <br> Other: <br> Competitive examination and interview conducted by the civil service Commission | Experience and status | Master's Degree <br> 10-15 years work experience <br> 2 Foreign Languages | Master's Degree <br> 7 years work experience <br> 2 Foreign Languages | PhD <br> 10 years work experience <br> 1 Foreign language | Undergrad 4 years work experience |
| 15. | At what level are mid-career recruits typically placed? |  | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience | Appropriate level commensurate with experience and status. | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience | Appropriate level commensurate with work experience |
| Locally Hired Professional Staff |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | Are there more locally hired professionals instead of Foreign Service Officers/ expatriates? | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | Other: Has been rising, but now levelling off | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising, especially in Africa | Percentage of locally hired professionals remains steady (50/50) | Percentage of locally hired professionals remains steady | Percentage of locally hired professionals remains steady | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION <br> A | ORGANIZATION <br> B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Professional Orientation and Training |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | What kind of orientation and training are provided to new Foreign Service Officers? | On-the-job training <br> Classroom-setting courses <br> Self-study courses <br> Domestic training assignments <br> Foreign training assignments Language training | On-the-job training <br> Classroom-setting courses <br> Language training <br> Work placement during the orientation period | On-the-jobtraining <br> Classroomsetting courses Language training | On-the-job training Classroomsetting courses Self-study courses Domestic training assignments Language training | On-the-job training <br> Classroomsetting courses Self-study courses <br> Domestic training assignments Foreign training assignments <br> Language training | Classroom-setting courses Language training | On-the-job-training | On-the-job-training Classroom-setting courses | Classroom-setting courses |
| 18. | How long is the orientation and training program for new Officers? | More than two years | 6 months or less | 6 months or less | More than 6 months but less than 12 months | 6 months or less | 6 months or less | More than 6 months but less than 12 months | 6 months or less | 6 months or less |
| 19. | After the initial orientation and training period, how much training is typically provided per year? | 5.3 days | 8 days | 5 days | 1-3 days | 8 days | 5 days | 0 | 0 | 7 days |
| Posting Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | What is the average length of a standard foreign posting? | 3.5 years | 4 years | 4 years | 3 days | 3 years | 2 years | 4 years | 4 years | 1 year |
| 21. | Do officers typically return to their home country after a foreign posting? | DFAIT - rotate between home and posting. $\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{I}-$ rotate after 2 or more postings | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings | Yes, but only after two or more consecutive postings | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings | Yes, but after two or more consecutive stays. | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting | Yes, they typically rotate between home and foreign postings | No, they are typically posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting |
| 22. | Are Officers able to influence if and where | Yes, but other factors usually override personal choice. | Personal Choice weighs heavily | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Personal Choice weighs heavily, but other factors weigh heavily | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Staff may turn down assignments without consequence | Yes, but other factors override personal choice |

II-4

Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in Summary Results Table.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\underset{\text { A }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\underset{B}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\underset{\text { C }}{\text { ORGANIION }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { D } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | they will be posted? |  |  |  | on personal choice |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. | Who makes the final decision regarding where an Officer will be posted? | Head of Mission | Personnel or human resources department | Selection Board | Management Advisory Committee, consisting of Secretary General and Assistant Secretary level | Personnel or human resources department | Personnel or Human resources department | Head of relevant section at headquarters | Head of relevant section at headquarters | Head of relevant section at headquarters |
| 24. | How much notice is given regarding posting location and starting date? | 6 months | 3 months | 9 months | 7.5 months | 6 months | 2 months | 4 months | 7 months | 1.5 months |
| 25. | What is the <br> typical <br> duration of a <br> hardship <br> posting, in <br> years? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Easiest Hardship: } \\ & 3 \text { years } \\ & \text { Most difficult: } 2 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | Easiest Hardship: 4 years <br> Most difficult: 3 years | Easiest <br> Hardship: 3 <br> years <br> Most Difficult: <br> 1 year | Easiest <br> Hardship: 3 <br> years <br> Most Difficult: 2 <br> years | Easiest Hardship 3 years Most Difficult: 10 months | Easiest Hardship: 3 years Most Difficult: 1 year | Other: Most Hardship posts: 3 years | Easiest Hardship: 4 years Most Difficult: 4 years | Easiest Hardship: 2 years <br> Most Difficult:9 months |
| 26. | How many hardship postings must an Officer take? | None | Not specified | None | None | None | None | None | None | One |
| 27. | Reasons to turn down a foreign posting | 1. Inability of spouse partner to work at posting AND inability of same sex/common -law partner to obtain visa <br> 2. Local <br> conditions <br> 3. Inadequate compensatio n offer <br> 4. Other: Does not meet | 1. Inability of <br> spouse/partner to work at the posting location <br> 1. Local Conditions <br> 2. Parenta/other adult care responsibilities <br> 3. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills <br> 4. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be | 1. Inability of spouse/partn er to work at posting location <br> 2. Parental responsibilit ies <br> 3. Local Conditions | 1. Parental responsibil ities <br> 2. Inability of spouse/ partner to work at posting location <br> 3. Local conditions | 4. Family <br> situation (including rising concerns about the inability of spouse/ partner to work at posting locatio <br> 5. Local condition | 6. Inability of <br> spouse/partner to work at <br> posting <br> location <br> 7. Parental responsibilities <br> 8. Local Conditions <br> 9. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 10. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or | 1. Parental responsibilities <br> 2. Local <br> Conditions <br> 3. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with staff member's skills <br> 4. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or passport <br> 5. Inability of spouse/partner | 1. Local <br> Conditions <br> 2. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location <br> 3. Parental responsibilities <br> 4. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or passport <br> 5. Inadequate compensatio | 1. Parental responsibilities <br> 2. Inability of same-sex partner or common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or passport <br> 3. Inability of spouse/ partner to work at the posting location <br> 4. Local Condition <br> 5. Poor fit of assignment responsibilities |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { A } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ORGANIZATION B | $\underset{\text { C }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\underset{\text { D }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | career aspirations <br> 5. Parental responsibilit ies <br> 6. Poor fit of posting responsibilit ies with officer's skills | included on the officer's visa and/or passport <br> 5. Inadequate compensation offer |  |  | $180$ | passport <br> 11. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with staff member's skills | to work at the posting location <br> 6. Inadequate compensation offer | offer <br> 6. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with staff member's skills |  D <br>  with staff <br> member's skills  <br> 6. Inadequate <br> compensation <br> offer |
| Career Progression |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. | What criteria are used to determine if an individual will be promoted? | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Years of experience in grade |  | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Simulation Exercise | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Years of experience in grade <br> Postings abroad Existence of an opening at the next level | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisals Existence of an opening at the next level | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Years of experience in grade Existence of an opening at the next level |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | level: |  |  |  |  | Promotion to $2^{\text {nd }}$ level: <br> Performance appraisal Years of experience in grade Existence of an opening at the next level | Promotion to 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ <br> level: <br> Performance <br> appraisal <br> Existence of an <br> opening at the next <br> level | Promotion to 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ <br> level: <br> Performance <br> appraisal <br> Interview <br> Postings abroad |
|  |  |  | Performance <br> Appraisal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Existence of an opening at the next level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: | To $3^{\text {rd }}$ level: |
|  |  |  | Performance <br> Appraisal <br> Existence of an | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal <br> Existence of an | Performance appraisals | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal |
|  |  |  | Existence of an opening at the next level |  | Existence of an opening at the next level | Existence of an opening at the next level | Years of experience in grade <br> Existence of an | Years of experience in grade | Existence of an opening at the next | Interview Years of experience in grade |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Existence of an opening at the next level | Existence of an opening at the next level | level | Postings abroad |
|  |  |  | To 4th level: | To 4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ level: | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: | To 4t ${ }^{\text {th }}$ level: | To $4^{\text {th }}$ level: | To 4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ level: | To 4th level: | To 4th level: |
|  |  |  | Performance appraisal <br> Existence of an | Performance appraisal Simulation | Interview <br> Existence of an | Performance appraisals | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal |
|  |  |  | opening at the next level | exercise | opening at the next level | Existence of an opening at the next level | Years of experience in grade | Years of experience in grade | Existence of an opening at the next | Interview <br> Years of experience in grade |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Existence of an opening at the next level | Postings Abroad <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | level | Postings abroad |
|  |  |  | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: |  | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: | To $5^{\text {th }}$ level: | To 5 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ level: |
|  |  |  | Performance <br> appraisal <br> Existence of an | Simulation exercise | Interview <br> Existence of an | Performance appraisals | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal | Performance appraisal |
| Note: Some of the |  |  | $\mathrm{i}_{\text {included }}$ |  |  | Existence of an | Years of experience | Years of experience | Existence of an | Interview <br> Years of experience |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION B | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | opening at the next level |  | next level | opening at the next level | in grade <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | in grade <br> Postings Abroad <br> Existence of an opening at the next level | opening at the next level | in grade <br> Postings abroad |
| 29. | How long (in years) will an Officer remain in a level before being promoted? | FSDP: 5 years FS-02: 10 years | Entry Level: 6 years <br> Second Level: 10 years <br> Third Level: 12 years <br> Fourth Level: 10 years |  | Entry Level: 4 years Second Level: 6 years <br> Third Level: 5 years <br> Fourth Level: 6 years | Entry Level: 1 year <br> Second Level: <br> Third Level: <br> Fourth Level: <br> 10 years | Entry Level: 3 years Second Level: 3 years <br> Third Level: 4 years Fourth Level: 6 years | No average available | Entry Level: $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ years <br> Second Level: 3.5 years <br> Third Level: $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ years <br> Fourth Level: 3.5 years | Entry Level: 2 years Second Level: 5 years <br> Third Level: 5 years |
| 29b | What percentage of officers are promoted from each level each year? | To FS-2: 18\% <br> To EX-1: 3-4\% | Entry level: <br> Second level: <br> Third level: <br> Fourth level: | Entry level: <br> Second level: <br> Third level: <br> Fourth level: | Entry level: <br> Second level: <br> Third level: <br> Fourth level: | Entry level: Second level: Third level: Fourth level: | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 30. | Does career progression differ for midcareer recruits? | No | Yes - Although this is not a deliberate policy, it often works out that way | No | No | No | No | No | No | N/A |
| Attrition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31. | What is the annual level of attrition of Foreign Service Officers, that is, Foreign Service Officers leaving the Foreign Service? | Attrition at all levels: 3-4\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level Attrition: 3-5\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 3-5\% <br> Fourth Level <br> Attrition: 3-5\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 6-9\% <br> Second Level <br> Attrition: 6-9\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 6-9\% <br> Fourth Level <br> Attrition: 6-9\% <br> All: 6-9\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fourth Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> All: 0-2\% | Entry Level Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level Attrition: 0-2\% Fourth Level Attrition: 0-2\% All: 0-2\% | Entry Level Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fourth Level Attrition: 0-2\% All: 0-2\% | Entry Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Second Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Third Level <br> Attrition: 0-2\% <br> Fourth Level attrition: 0-2\% <br> All: 0-2\% | All Professional Levels: 6-9\% | Entry Level: > 20\% <br> Second Level: <br> Third Level: 6-9\% <br> Fourth Level: 3-5\% |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION <br> B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32. | Of the Foreign Service Officers who leave at each level, please indicate the percentage leaving for each of the reasons below: | FSDP: <br> 0\% retirement or death <br> 100\% voluntary separation <br> FS-02: <br> 58\% voluntary separation 42\%Retirement or death <br> EX-01: <br> 69.6\% retirement or death <br> $30.4 \%$ voluntary separation | Average of all level: <br> 36\% Retirement or death <br> 43\% Voluntary Separation <br> 21\% Forced <br> Attrition | Entry level: <br> 19\% retirement or death <br> $71 \%$ Voluntary Separation <br> $10 \%$ Forced <br> Attrition <br> Second Level: <br> $52 \%$ retirement or death <br> 33\% Voluntary Separation <br> 15\% Forced <br> Attrition <br> Third Level: <br> $35 \%$ retirement or death <br> $11 \%$ Voluntary Separation <br> 54\% Forced Attrition <br> Fourth Level: <br> $81 \%$ retirement or death <br> 2\% Voluntary Separation <br> 17\% Forced Attrition | Entry level: <br> $0 \%$ retirement or death <br> 100\% Voluntary Separation <br> 0\% Forced <br> Attrition <br> Second Level: <br> $100 \%$ retirement or death <br> 0\% Voluntary <br> Separation <br> 0\% Forced <br> Attrition <br> Third Level: <br> $100 \%$ retirement or death <br> $0 \%$ Voluntary <br> Separation <br> $0 \%$ Forced <br> Attrition <br> Fourth Level: <br> $100 \%$ retirement <br> or death <br> 0\% Voluntary <br> Separation <br> 0\% Forced <br> Attrition | N/A | Very low attrition | Very low attrition | Entry Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 87.5\% Voluntary Separation <br> 12.5\% Forced <br> Attrition <br> Second Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 87.5\% Voluntary Separation <br> 12.5\% Forced <br> Attrition <br> Third Level: <br> $100 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 0\% Voluntary Separation $0 \%$ Forced Attrition <br> Fourth Level: <br> $100 \%$ Retirement or death 0\% Voluntary Separation $0 \%$ Forced Attrition | Entry Level: <br> $0 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 95\% Voluntary <br> Separation <br> 5\% Forced Attrition <br> Second Level: <br> N/A <br> Third Level: <br> N/A <br> Fourth Level: <br> $50 \%$ Retirement or death <br> 40\% Voluntary <br> Separation <br> 10\% Forced Attrition |
| 33. | Of those who leave due to voluntary separation, please rank the top three reasons for leaving at each level. | FSDP: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> FS-02 <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> EX-01 <br> Family or spousal career <br> Compensation <br> Career Change |  | Entry Level <br> Other <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Second Level <br> Other <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Third Level <br> Other <br> Compensation <br> Career Change <br> Fourth Level <br> Other | Entry Level <br> Career Change Lifestyle <br> Compensation Second Level <br> Career Change Lifestyle Compensation Third Level Career Change Lifestyle Compensation Fourth Level Career Change | Very low attrition <br> Career change is the main reason for those who do leave. | Very low attrition | Very low attrition | Entry Level: <br> Career Change Second Level: Career Change | Entry Level: <br> Lifestyle <br> Family or spousal career <br> Career change <br> Second Level: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Lifestyle <br> Career change <br> Third Level: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Lifestyle <br> Career change |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION <br> D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Compensation Career Change | Lifestyle <br> Compensation <br> Family or spousal career can also be a factor |  |  |  |  | Fourth Level: <br> Family or spousal career <br> Lifestyle <br> Career change |
| 34. | Which of the following statements best characterizes turnover within your Foreign Service? |  |  | Falling | On average, turnover remains steady | On average, turnover remains steady |  | Steady | Steady | Falling |
| 35. | What initiatives are in place in the organization to encourage retention of Foreign Service Officers? | DFAIT has initiated a Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of FS Officers. DFAIT and CIC are placing more emphasis on attempting to address spousalrelated issues. DFAIT/CIC are looking at new salary packages and are considering the possibility of rewarding the acquisition of skills, such as foreign languages. |  | Retention rates already good, but looking into development of e.g. Flexible Benefits Package. | Improved training and flexibility in regard to assignment | The overall modernization of the measures in the Department of Foreign Affairs, especially around HR issues such as training, posting, partners and mobility. |  | No observable problems attracting or retaining talent. Compensation package very competitive | Professional training enhancements | Financial Assistance for schooling, car and housing |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\underset{A}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\underset{\text { B }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECTION II-COMPENSATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Please match your country's Foreign Service Officer positions to the Canadian Foreign Service Officer positions | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FSDP - Job A } \\ & \text { FS-2 - Job B } \\ & \text { FS-2 - Job C } \\ & \text { EX-1 - Job D } \end{aligned}$ | Policy officer scale 11 - Job A (Match) Policy officer scale 12 - Job B (Match +) <br> Policy officer scale 13 - Job C (Match) Policy officer scale 14/15 - Job D (Match) | Third Secretary - Job A Second Secretary (C4) Job A (Match) First Secretary (D6) - Job B (Match +) Counselor (SMS 1)-Job C (Match +) Ambassador/ Ambassador (SMS 2) - Job D (Match) | Third Secretary Job A (Match) <br> First Secretary Job B (Match) <br> Counselor - Job C (Match) <br> Ambassador Job D (Match) | Foreign Affairs Secretary - Job A (Match +) <br> Foreign Affairs <br> Counselor - Job <br> B (Match) <br> Foreign Affairs <br> Counselor, Hors <br> Classe (1st <br> echelon) - Job C <br> (Match + ) <br> Foreign Affairs <br> Counselor, Hors <br> Classe (3rd <br> echelon) - Job C <br> (Match +) <br> Minister/ <br> Foreign Affairs Counselor Hors Classe - Job D (Match +) | Assistant Officer P2 - Job A (Match) Officer P3- Job B (Match) Senior Officer P5 Job C (Match) Director D1 - Job D (Match) | O4 - Job A (Match) <br> O3 - Job B (Match) <br> O2 - Job C (Match) <br> O1 - Job D (Match) | Senior Specialist/ <br> Economist - Job C <br> (Match + ) <br> Res. Rep/Country <br> Manager - Job D <br> (Match +) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Delegate - Job A } \\ \text { (Math ++) } \\ \text { Office Manager- Job } \\ \text { B (Match +) } \\ \text { Coordinator - Job C } \\ \text { (Math -) } \\ \text { Chief Delegate - Job } \\ \text { D (Match + +) } \end{array}$ |
| 2. | Salary - Job A Match (including Mateh -, Match, Match + ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FSDP: } \\ & \$ 39,570 \text { - } \\ & \$ 51,937 \text { (Average } \\ & \text { actual - } \$ 40,249 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Policy Officer Scale } \\ & \text { 11: } \\ & \$ 44,508-\$ 69,233 \end{aligned}$ | Second <br> Secretary (C4): <br> \$45,661 - <br> \$67,074 <br> (Average actual: \$54,010) | Third Secretary: <br> \$34,139- <br> \$60,344 <br> (Average actual: <br> $\$ 47,240$ ) | Foreign Affairs Secretary (Actual Average - \$43,192) | Assistant Officer P2: \$60,692 - \$77,736 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O4: } \$ 120,216 \text { - } \\ & \$ 192,312 \text { (Average } \\ & \text { actual: } \$ 149,023 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | N/A | Delegate: \$59,904 \$74,880 (Average actual: $\$ 67,392$ ) |
| 2. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salary - Job B } \\ & \text { Match } \end{aligned}$ | FS-02: \$50,475 \$75,423 (Average actual - $\$ 63,703$ ) | Policy Officer Scale 12: $\$ 52,418-\$ 78,673$ | First Secretary (D6): \$77,930 \$110,036 (Average actual: $\$ 87,339$ ) | First Secretary: \$62,163\$89,859 <br> (Average actual: <br> $\$ 76,006$ ) | Foreign Affairs Counsellor <br> (Actual Average - $\$ 55,535$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Officer P3: } \$ 72,849 \text { - } \\ & \$ 97,223 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O3: \$134,613-} \\ & \$ 215,407 \text { (Average } \\ & \text { actual: } \$ 176,315 \end{aligned}$ | N/A | Office Manager: \$74,880-\$99,840 (Average actual: $\$ 77,376$ ) |
| 2. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salary-Job C } \\ & \text { Match } \end{aligned}$ | FS-02: \$50,475 \$75,423 (Average actual - $\$ 63,703$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Policy Officer Scale } \\ & \text { 13: } \\ & \$ 58,594-\$ 88,186 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Counsellor } \\ & \text { (SMS 1): } \\ & \$ 99,348- \\ & \$ 175,669 \end{aligned}$ | Counsellor: <br> \$82,453 - <br> \$101,988 <br> (Average actual: | Foreign Affairs Counsellor, Hors Classe ( ${ }^{\text {st }}$ echelon) | Senior Officer P5: <br> \$102,229 - \$124,070 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O2: } \$ 159,749 \\ & \text { to } \$ 239,659 \text { (Average } \\ & \text { actual: } \$ 210,889 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Senior Specialist/ Economist: \$124,071 - \$225,815 (Average actual: $\$ 148,026$ ) | Coordinator: \$87,360 - \$112,320 (Average actual: $\$ 99,840$ ) |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (Average actual: $\$ 121,743$ ) | \$92,227) | (Actual Average - \$87,360) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Foreign Affairs Counsellor, Hors Classe ( $3^{\text {rd }}$ echelon) (Actual Average - $\$ 94,704$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Salary - Job D <br> Match | EX-01: \$82,700 \$97,400 (Average actual - \$91,066) | Policy Officer Scale 14: $\$ 66,314-\$ 97,650$ <br> Policy Officer Scale 15: $\$ 75,507-\$ 107,139$ | Counsellor/Am bassador (SMS 2): \$109,531\$222,198 <br> (Average actual $\$ 138,482$ ) | Ambassador Grade III: <br> \$121,265 - <br> \$139,163 <br> (Average actual $\$ 130,219$ ) <br> Grade II: <br> \$164,016 <br> (maximum) <br> Grade III: \$204,881(maxi mum) | Minister/ <br> Foreign Affairs <br> Counselor Hors <br> Classe <br> (Actual Average - \$143,057) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Director D1: } \\ & \$ 113,570-\$ 129,339 \end{aligned}$ | O1: \$182,485 \$266,129 (Average actual: \$239,932 | Res. Rep. Country Manager: \$205,284 \$320,299 (Average actual: $\$ 243,435$ ) | Chief Delegate: $\$ 99,840-\$ 168,480$ <br> (Average actual: $\$ 131,040)$ |
| 3. | Do you place any controls on the ability to earn a salary higher than the mid-point? | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum |  | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum |  | No, professional staff members may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, professional staff members may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, professional staff members may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, professional staff members may receive salaries up to the range maximum |
| 4. | How do <br> Foreign Service Officers typically move through the salary range? | FSDP: By increments based on performance FS-02: By a percentage-rated grid based on performance |  | By a percentagerated grid based on seniority Other: <br> Performance related Equity shares (Senior Management only) | By a percentagerated grid based on a combination of seniority performance and by interview | By a step-rated grid based on seniority | By a step-rated grid based on seniority | By individually determined increments based on performance | By a percentagerated grid based on performance | By individually determined increments based on performance |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION | ORGANIZATION B | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. | On average, or by formula, how long would it typically take to move from minimum to the maximum in a salary range? | Five years or more |  | Five years or more | Five years or more | Five years or more | Five years or more | Five years or more | More than two years but less than five years | Five years or more |
| 6. | Please describe the total remuneration package provided to your Foreign Service Officers and estimate the cost or value of each element as a percentage of the position's salary range mid-point | 285,106 <br>  <br> 30,268 <br> watisesky 12 <br> 642 829 |  | Annual bonus: <br> 2-10\% <br> Other cash compensation: Foreign Language allowance varies depending on the situation. <br> Pension/Retire ment: Approx 14-18\% of gross basic salary | Annual bonus: for Assistant Secretaries and Ambassadors <br> Pension: 6.5\% Pay Related Social Income <br> Benefits: 2.91\% employee benefits - Pay Related Social Income | N/A | Pension/Retirement: 15.8\% - Pension Plan | Other: 41\% - Home <br> Leave, education benefits, dependency allowance <br> Benefits in kind: 41\% - housing | Pension/Retirement: 40\% - <br> Approximately $40 \%$, this combines pension and other employee benefits, including medical, life etc. | Annual Bonus or Incentive Plan: 5\% salary increase, adjusted cost-ofliving, performance incentives <br> Pension/Retirement: $16 \%$ - 62 years old mandatory, 57 preanticipated retirement, (averages 70 and $80 \%$ of last of highest salary Employee Benefits: 7\% - Unemployment, Disability, Old Age Benefits in Kind: 10\% - housing, automobile |
| 7. | Where do Foreign Service salaries fall when compared to other professional groups in your civil service? | In the top 30\% |  | In the top 30\% | In the top 20\% |  | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\frac{\text { ORGANIZATION }}{\text { A }}$ | ORGANIZATION B | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | ORGANIZATION <br> D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECTION III - MANAGEMENT OF FAMILY, DUAL-INCOME AND DUAL-CAREER ISSUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | What is your policy regarding compensation for the loss of spousal income and pension while on foreign postings? | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse Accompanying spouses are provided compensation or an allowance in recognition of their representational responsibilities | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse Compensation is provided for the loss of a spouse's public or private pension | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Office include an amount for the spouse. | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse | No Assistance <br> No Policy | Allowances provided to the staff member include an amount for the spouse \$1360/year at home or abroad | No policy yet, but currently under consideration | Accompanying spouse continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program while on foreign posting |
| 2. | Do you assist the spouse to find employment at the posting location and upon return from a foreign posting? | On posting: <br> Employ at foreign/ home country as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Canvass other organizations for available jobs Pay allowance to cover job search expenses Assist to obtain work permit Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training or personal interest programs Other: Career counselling offered to spouses on return from posting; a series |  | On Posting: Assist to obtain work permit Upon Return: No | On Posting: No Upon Return: No | On Posting: Managed on case-by-case basis <br> Upon Return: No | On Posting: No Upon Return: No | On Posting: No <br> Upon Return: No | On Posting: No <br> Upon Return: <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Employ at home location as a professional staff member if suitable position is available <br> Other: For spouses of HQ based staff, we have a service that provides advice about obtaining work for spouses | On Posting: No <br> Upon Return: No |

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|  |  | DFAIt/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\underset{A}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { B } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { C }}{\text { ORGANIZATION }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { D } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | of workshops are provided to spouses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Upon return: Employ at foreign/ home country as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Employ at <br> foreign/home location as Foreign Service Officer if suitable position is available <br> Pay allowance to cover job search expenses <br> Trovide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education, training or personal interest programs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | What is the trend with respect to spouses not accompanying Foreign Service Officers on posting due to career-related issues? | On average, <br> fewer spouses are <br> accompanying <br> officers on <br> posting due to <br> career-related <br> issues. | Don't Know | No substantial change. | No substantial change. | No substantial change. | Don't know | N/A | No substantial change. | Don't know |
| 4. | Are unaccompanied Foreign Service Officers provided with | Yes, two extra trips per assignment year | Yes, two extra trips per assignment year | No | Yes, more than two extra trips per assignment year | No | Yes, one extra trip per assignment year | No | No | Yes, over 2 extra trips per assignment year |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | ORGANIZATION B | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | ORGANIZATION <br> D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | special Home <br> Leaves or family visits to the host location? |  |  |  |  | mel |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | Please describe any policy changes that you are considering that would affect your answers to any of the questions above (please use a separate sheet of paper if necessary): | DFAIT and CIC are considering / exploring two new policies: <br> - Provision of a spousal premium <br> - Provision of EI benefits for spouses and who would otherwise have been eligible for EI benefits in Canada. | Kes |  | The system of Foreign Service allowances is being revised to ensure that it complies with existing equality and employment legislation. | None |  | None | If a staff member goes to a posting on an unaccompanied basis, we provide a one time for the assignment separate maintenance grant and they don't have to contribute to our housing and utilities cost sharing scheme |  |
| SECTION IV - CONDITIONS OF SERVICE ABROAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administrative Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Do you have specific policies governing the conditions of service of Officers abroad? | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| 2. | What strategic objectives determine your general foreign assignment terms and conditions? | Provide incentives to recruit and retain Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Provide incentives to recruit and retain | Match host country living standards and purchasing power | Provide incentives to recruit and retain staff members | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") |
| 3. | Do the conditions of service abroad (other than perquisites) vary with the level of the | No | Yes | Yes, at each level | Yes, Ambassador | Yes, Ambassador | No | Yes | No | No |

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|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION <br> B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign Service Officer? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Please indicate if the following services are provided: | Language classes for FS and spouse <br> Cross-cultural training for FS and spouse | Language Classes: for FS and spouse Cross-Cultural training: for FS and spouse | Language Classes: FS and spouse Cross-Cultural Training: No | Language <br> Classes: FS and Spouse <br> Cross-Cultural <br> Training: Yes on a case-by-case basis | Cultural <br> Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability testing: FS and Spouse <br> Language Classes: FS and Spouse <br> Cross-Cultural Training: FS and Spouse | Language Classes: <br> No <br> Cross-Cultural <br> Training: No | Language Classes: <br> No <br> Cross-Cultural <br> Training: No | Language Classes: Staff member and spouse Cross-Cultural Training: No | Cultural Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability testing: Yes, expatriate only <br> Language Classes: No <br> Cross-Cultural Training: No |
| 5. | Do you provide an orientation meeting to discuss relocation and other posting issues? | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Relocation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. | Do you pay for the shipment of household goods to and from a foreign posting? | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods are paid with reasonable costs | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is partially paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is partially paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is partially paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits |
| 7. | Do you provide an additional incidental allowance to Officers moving to and from a foreign posting to cover miscellaneous items not specifically covered in the policy? | Additional incidental allowance Fixed amount of $\$ 2,177$. This amount is reviewed and revised annually. | No | No Additional incidental allowance | Additional incidental allowance Fixed amount. | No | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed Amount \$12,940. 30 days daily subsistence allowance for appropriate location | No Additional incidental allowance | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed Amount \$18,856 | No |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incentive and Hardship Premiums and Cost-of-Living |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Please indicate whether you provide an incentive premium and a hardship premium. | Incentive premium paid in normal cycle Hardship premium paid in normal cycle | Incentive premium: <br> No <br> Hardship premium: <br> Paid in normal cycle | Incentive <br> Premium: No (but Overseas Allowance is provided) Hardship Premium: Paid in normal cycle | Incentive <br> Premium: Other <br> - Additional <br> Leave <br> Entitlements <br> Hardship <br> Premium: Paid in normal cycle | No incentive or hardship premium per se; but housing allowance is 200 $300 \%$ of salary and is meant to cover other things. Housing allowance is paid in normal cycle but the format varies by location | Incentive Premium: <br> No <br> Hardship Premium: <br> Paid in normal cycle | Incentive Premium: <br> Paid in normal cycle <br> Hardship Premium: <br> Paid in normal cycle | Incentive Premium: <br> Paid in normal cycle <br> Hardship Premium: <br> Paid in normal cycle | Incentive Premium: <br> No <br> Hardship Premium: No |
| 9. | If you provide an incentive premium and/or hardship premium, on what basis is it calculated? | Incentive premium varies according to steprated table <br> Hardship premium varies according to steprated table | Hardship Premium varies according to a step-rated table | Hardship Premium: Other: Flat amount for all ranks but varying by location and marital status | Other: <br> Percentage of Net Means of Scale for each grade, percentages vary in accordance with the degree of hardship of the post | Housing allowance varies according to step-rated table | Hardship Premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap - 8\% to $25 \%$ | Incentive Premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap - $10 \%$ for all postings <br> Hardship Premium: Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap - $5 \%$ to $25 \%$ | Incentive Premium: Flat amount for all professional staff members - $\$ 25,000$ <br> Hardship Premium: Expressed as a percent of base salary with a monetary cap of \$174,942 |  |
| 10. | Do you provide a Cost-ofLiving allowance for Foreign Service Officers on posting? | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary with a monetary cap | Other: Uplift to spend able home income, lump sum paid with salary each month | Other: <br> Percentages of Net Mean of Scale for each grade using cost of living | Yes, as a percentage of base salary with a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary with a monetary cap of \$69,977 | Yes, paid as a fixed amount Other: If the cost of living is higher than in home country |
| 11. | If you provide a Cost-ofLiving allowance, how often is the amount adjusted? | Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage of $3 \%$ | Other: Adjusted twice a year | Other: BiAnnually | Adjusted annually | Adjusted whenever new data are received | Adjusted whenever new data are received | Quarterly review | Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage-5\% We review quarterly | Adjusted annually |
| 12. | Which of the following are taxable to the staff member? | Other: None |  | Other: <br> Language Allowance | N/A | None | None | Other: All payments are non-taxable | None | Cost-of-living |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION <br> A | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | ORGANIZATION | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { D } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assistance with Home Countrv Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | Do you have a housing assistance program designed to help Officers maintain a residence in the home country? | Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services | No | Yes, but organization reimburses for only specific fees (legal fees up to $\$ 2,000$ ) | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 14. | Do you guarantee reimbursement of a loss from the rental of the home country principal residence? | Yes, with a cap of a specified monetary amount or number of months rent | No | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 15. | Do you provide assistance with the sale and/or purchase of the home country principal residence? | Sale: Yes - One buy and one sell per career Purchase - Yes One buy and one sell per career | No | Sale: No <br> Purchase: Yes Once only after at least one overseas posting has been completed | Sale: No <br> Purchase: No | Sale: No <br> Purchase: No | Sale: No <br> Purchase: No | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Sale: No } \\ \text { Purchase: No } \end{array}$ | Sale: No Purchase: No | Sale: No Purchase: No |
| 16. | Do you provide special <br> financial <br> assistance to <br> Officers whose families <br> remain in the home country temporarily and join them after the start of the posting? | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence. | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence | No | No | No | No | No | Other: Separate Maintenance grant is provided; housing and utilities share not required | Yes, monthly allowance |
| Assistance with Host Country Housing (Abroad) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Do you provide assistance for housing to Officers at the | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Other: Rental subsidy scheme | Only where housing costs are higher | Yes, always - but staff reimbursed only after they have contributed 15\% of | The organization always pays for housing. |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \mathbf{B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ \text { C } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { D }}{\text { ORGANION }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | host location? |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | salary (up to the cap) |  |
| 18. | Do you require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing at the host location? | Yes - rent shares equivalent to what employee would pay at home | Yes, Percentage of the net salary | No | No | Yes - varies depending on the case | $\text { Yes - At least } 40 \%$ of the rent | Yes - 11-15\% of base salary, based on salary range and size of housing (\# of bedrooms) Employer pays up to $26 \%$ of salary but more if housing costs are higher. "Highest level" gets $20 \%$ more housing allowance | Yes - $15 \%$ of salary and any amount above the rental ceiling | No |
| 19. | Do you pay for host location utilities costs. (excluding telephone)? | Yes, included in the housing/Cost-of-Living allowance | Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs | Yes, Foreign Service Officer reimbursed for actual costs Other: Usually paid direct to utility | Other: Utilities are paid by all officers except Ambassadors | Yes, included in the housing/ Cost-of-Living allowance | No | Yes, included in the housing/cost-ofliving allowance | Other: Employee contributes $4 \%$ of pay and the rest is reimbursed | Yes, included in the housing/cost-ofliving allowance |
| Emplovee Benefits Abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Do you cover the additional costs of medical/dental care while on a foreign posting? | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | Other: through the location allowance | Yes, through a cash reimbursement | Other: The difference between the cost of private medical coverage by Ireland and the costs above | No | No | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | No | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan |
| Perquisites Abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. | Please indicate if you provide the following perquisites: Please check all those that apply. | Automobile No Recreational club membership No Representation allowance provided without cost to FS-02 | Automobile: No <br> Recreational Club Membership: No <br> Representation allowance - Yes, with the Foreign Service Officer bearing a portion of the cost | Automobile - <br> No <br> Recreational <br> Club <br> Membership - <br> No <br> Representation Allowance Only for Third Secretary | Automobile: <br> Head of Mission only <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership: <br> Representation allowance Yes, without cost to Foreign Service Officer | Automobile: Ambassador, General Counsel (level 1 and 2) <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership: No <br> Representation allowance - Yes, Ambassador, General Counsel (level 1 and 2) | Automobile - No <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership - No <br> Representation <br> Allowance - Only <br> for D2 | Automobile: <br> Representative only <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership: No <br> Representation allowance - <br> Representative only | Automobile: Only at specific locations, Eligible at Manager level <br> Recreational Club Membership: No Representation allowance: Only at specific locations, Eligible at Manager level | Automobile: Only in accordance with host country norms for the posting being filled. <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership: No <br> Representation allowance: Only at specific level - Chief of Mission |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22. | Do you pay for private | Elementary: Yes, but only if | Elementary: <br> Managed on a case- | Elementary: <br> Yes, but only if | Elementary: <br> Yes, but only if | Elementary: No | Elementary: <br> Managed on a case- | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course | Elementary: Yes, as a matter of course |

II-20 Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in Summary Results Table.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | ORGANIZATION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORGANIZATION } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | schooling in the host location? | the public schools are deemed inadequate <br> Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | by-case basis <br> Secondary: <br> Managed on a case- <br> by-case basis | the public schools are deemed inadequate Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | the public schools are deemed inadequate. <br> Secondary: <br> Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | Secondary: No | by-case basis <br> Secondary: <br> Managed on a case- <br> by-case basis | Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course | Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course | Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course |
| 23. | What dependant education costs (elementary and secondary grades) incurred by Foreign Service Officers on international posting do you pay for? | Elementary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs, up to a maximum amount | Elementary: <br> Specific costs only Secondary: Specific costs only | Elementary: <br> All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate Secondary: All reasonable costs, including boarding if local schools are inadequate | Elementary and Secondary: Other - Tuition Fees are paid for dependants on international posting. If dependants are at boarding school in Ireland, half of the tuition and boarding fees are paid. | Elementary: Fixed amount Secondary: Fixed amount | Elementary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount | Elementary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount Secondary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount | Elementary: Fixed amount <br> Secondary: Fixed amount | Elementary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding Secondary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding |
| 24. | Do you pay for any costs for post-secondary education of dependents? | Home country: no When Posted: Yes, up to a fixed limit - Shelter assistance only, Currently \$3,173 | At Home: Yes, but tuition only When Posted: Yes, but tuition only | Home Country: <br> No <br> When Posted: <br> No | Home Country: No <br> When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: To a fixed limit of \$27,581 <br> When Posted: to a fixed limit of \$27,581 | Home Country: To a fixed limit of $\$ 14,743$ <br> When Posted: to a fixed limit of \$14,743 | Home Country: Other - up to age 21 - Flat amount that varies by country When Posted: Other - up to age 21 - Flat amount that varies by country | Home Country: Yes, tuition only When posted: Yes, tuition only |
| 25. | Do you pay for day care (formal, "home day care" or nanny)/preschool/nursery school costs? | Home country: no When Posted: Yes, difference between home and host | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: Other: Limited Creche Facilities When Posted: Yes, but only if mandated in home country | Home Country: No <br> When Posted: <br> No | Home Country: No <br> When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: No <br> When Posted: No | Home Country: No When posted: No |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION <br> A | ORGANIZATION B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Home Leave, R\&R Leave, Vacation and Holidavs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. | Do you provide Home Leave travel to your Foreign Service Officers? | Other: Between 1 trip per 4 year posting to once per year for hardship locations | Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year | Yes, organization offers more than one trip per posting year | Other: One trip offered every 18 months | Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year | Other: In general, every 2 years | Other: One trip every two years | Yes, organization offers one trip per year | Yes, organization offers one trip per posting year |
| 27. | Do you permit a Foreign Service Officer to use Home Leave to travel to a different country and still be eligible for reimbursement ? | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | Other: As (b) but officer may vary expenditure within an overall travel package for the posting | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country |
| 28. | Do you provide Rest \& Recreation trips separate from home leave travel? | Yes, to all Foreign Service Officers posted abroad | Other: Through the location allowance for hardship locations | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations | Yes, but only to Foreign Service Officers in hardship locations | No | No | Yes, but only to professional staff members in hardship locations | No | Yes, but only to professional staff members in hardship locations |
| 29. | What is the frequency of Rest \& Recreation trips allowed? | Once a year | Other: Not determined | The number of leaves depends on the posting location | Once a year | N/A | N/A | Other: Every two years (so that every year the staff member travels, one year with home leave, the next with hardship leave some countries) | N/A | The number of leaves depends on the posting location |
| 30. | Who chooses the Rest \& Recreation destination? | Foreign Service Officer | Foreign Service Officer | Foreign Service Officer | Foreign Service Officer | N/A | N/A | Staff member | N/A | Staff member |
| 31. | What is the Foreign Service Officer's statutory holiday entitlement during the posting? | Same number of holidays as in the home country | Same number of holidays as in the home country | Same number of holidays as in the home country | Same number of holidays as in the home country; extra leave for hardship posts | Home country or host country's national holidays. | Host Country's holidays plus 2 days (Muslim holidays) | Host Country's holidays | Same number of holidays as in the home country | Host Country's holidays |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 2

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | NETHERLANDS | COUNTRY G | COUNTRY H | FRANCE | ORGANIZATION A | ORGANIZATION B | ORGANIZATION C | ORGANIZATION D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Repatriation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | Do you provide repatriation counselling for Foreign Service Officers and their families upon their return from a foreign posting? | No. However, CIC has a specific briefing that all employees returning from abroad must attend. | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | No | No | No |
| 33. | Are Foreign Service Officers who voluntarily terminate their posting early and return to the home country required to pay a portion of the repatriation cost? | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | Depends on the circumstances | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | Depends on the circumstances | Depends on the circumstances | No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation | No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation | No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation | Other: Staff members are required to pay repatriation costs only if staff members comes back within the first few months of their assignment. |
| Current Concerns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | Please provide information about any issues that have been voiced among Foreign Service Officers or others within the organization, | Compensation for loss of spousal employment. FS structure and salary. <br> Employment Insurance benefits for spouses. Spousal Pension. Promotion appraisal systems. |  |  |  |  |  |  | There is an issue with spouses, but no specific actions have been taken yet |  |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002
Note: Question numbering is as per "Foreign Service in other countries" survey. Questions that were not asked of international organizations and private sector
companies are marked "N/A". A blank indicates that the responding country, business or organization did not complete that particular question.
DFAIT/CIC

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY-A | COMPANY-B | COMPANY-C | COMPANY-D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Locally Hired Professional Staff |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | What is the overall trend of staffing foreign missions with locally hired professionals instead of Foreign Service Officers? | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | Percentage of locally hired professionals remain steady | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising | Percentage of locally hired professionals is rising |
| Professional Orientation and Training |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | What kind of orientation and training are provided to new Foreign Service Officers? | On-the-job training Classroom-setting courses Self-study courses Domestic training assignments Foreign training assignments Language training | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 18. | How long is the orientation and training program for new Foreign Service Officers? | More than two years | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 19. | After the initial orientation and training period, how many days of training are typically provided per year? | 5.3 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 20. | What is the average length of a standard foreign posting (to one country), in years? | 3.5 | 3 years | 4 | 3 | 2.5 |
| 21. | Do officers typically return to their home country after a foreign posting? | Other: DFAIT - rotate between home and posting. $\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{I}$ - rotate after 2 or more postings | Yes, they typically return home and do not undertake any more foreign assignments | Managed on a case-by-case basis | Yes, they typically return home and do not undertake any more foreign assignments | Yes, they typically return home and do not undertake any more foreign assignments |
| 22. | Are Foreign Service Officers able to influence if and where they will be posted? | Yes, but other factors usually override personal choice. | Staff may turn down assignments without consequence | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice | Yes, but other factors override personal choice |
| 23. | In the case of competing interests, who makes the final decision regarding where a Foreign Service Officer will be posted? | Head of Mission | Head of relevant department at the assignment location | Head of relevant department at the assignment location |  | Head of relevant section at headquarters |
| 24. | On average, how much notice are individuals given regarding their posting location and starting date, in months? | 6 | 1 month | 3 months | 3 months | 2 months |
| 25. | What is the typical duration of a hardship posting, in years? | Easiest Hardship: 3 years Most difficult: 2 years | N/A | Easiest Hardship: 3 years Most Difficult: 3 years |  | Easiest Hardship: 2.5 years Most Difficult: 1.5 years |
| 26. | In a typical Foreign Service career, how many hardship postings must an Officer take? | None | None | None - Not relevant at this organization | None | None |
| 27. | Reasons to turn down a foreign posting | 1. Inability of spouse/ | 1. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inadequate } \\ & \text { compensation offer }\end{aligned}$ |  | 1. Inability of spouse/partner to work | 1. Inability of spouse/partner to work |

Note - Some of the respondents are not included in the table - data are only included in aggregate report.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | posting AND inability of same sex/commonlaw partner to obtain visa <br> 2. Local conditions <br> 3. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 4. Other: Does not meet career aspirations <br> 5. Parental/other adult care responsibilities <br> 6. Poor fit of posting responsibilities with officer's skills | 2. Local Conditions <br> 3. Inability of spouse/partner to work at the assignment location <br> 4. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or passport <br> 5. Parental/other adult care responsibilities <br> 6. Poor fit of assignment responsibilities with staff member's skills |  | at the assignment location | at the assignment location. <br> 2. Local Conditions <br> 3. Poor fit of assignment responsibilities with staff member's skills <br> 4. Inadequate compensation offer <br> 5. Parental/other adult care responsibilities <br> 6. Inability of same-sex/ common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or passport |
| 34. | Which of the following statements best characterizes turnover within your Foreign Service? |  | Steady | Steady | Steady | Rising |
| 35. | What initiatives are in place in the organization to encourage retention of Foreign Service Officers? | DFAIT has initiated a Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of FS Officers. DFAIT and CIC are placing more emphasis on attempting to address spousal-related issues. DFAIT/CIC are looking at new salary packages and are considering the possibility of rewarding the acquisition of skills, such as foreign languages. | New repatriation process is being established |  | Turnover is not a significant problem unless it is company induced because of a lack of suitable position in the home country | N/A at this time. Entire employee population is being significantly downsized |

## SECTION II - COMPENSATION

| 1. | Please match your positions to the Canadian | FSDP - Job A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Foreign Service Officer positions
Note - Some of the respondents are not included in the table - data are only included in aggregate report.

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. | Do you place any controls on the ability of a Foreign Service Officer to earn a salary higher than the mid-point? | No, Foreign Service Officers may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, staff members may receive salaries up to the range maximum | No, staff may receive salary up to the range maximum | No, staff may receive salary up to the range maximum | No, staff may receive salary up to the range maximum |
| 4. | How do staff typically move through the salary range? | FSDP: By increments based on performance <br> FS-02: By a percentage-rated grid based on performance | By individually determined increments based on performance | By individually determined increments based on performance | Other: Competitive position, competencies, Comparison to peers | By individually determined increments based on performance |
| 5. | On average, or by formula, how long would it typically take a staff member to move from minimum salary to the maximum or other control point? | Five years or more | Three to four years | Five years or more |  |  |
| 6. | Please describe the total remuneration package provided to your staff members and estimate the cost or value of each element as a percentage of the position's salary range mid-point | $\cdots$ |  | Annual Bonus: 5\% to 28\% Annual Incentive Plan performance based Long-term Incentive Plan: $10 \%$ to $100 \%$ - Employee Stock Option Plan, Restricted Share Awards for Executives represent $20-37 \%$ of total compensation. Other awards specific to individual lines of businesses <br> Employee Benefits: 25\% Regular employee benefits, e.g. Health, Dental, Life Insurance, and Social Security etc. <br> Perquisites: 3\% to 20\%-Car, financial planning, club membership | Annual Bonus: 35\% - Bonus based on Company and individual performance <br> Perquisites: 7.5\% - Financial planning, Automobile |  |
| 7. | Where do salaries fall when compared to other professional groups in your civil service? | In the top 30\% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 3 - May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | Please provide the salary minimum and maximum for the following positions in your civil service. |  | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 9. | Please provide your civil service's executive salary range, from the minimum salary for the lowest level executive to the maximum salary for the highest level executive. |  | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| SECTION III - MANAGEMENT OF FAMILY, DUAL-INCOME AND DUAL-CAREER ISSUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | What is your policy regarding compensation for the loss of spousal income and pension while on foreign postings? | Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse |  | No Assistance | No Assistance | No Assistance |
| 2. | Do you assist the spouse to find employment at the posting location and upon return from a foreign posting? | On posting: <br> Employ at foreign/ home country as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Canvass other organizations for available jobs <br> Pay allowance to cover job search expenses <br> Assist to obtain work permit Provide annual allowance to cover home country |  | When Assigned: <br> Pay allowance to cover job search expenses (e.g.: curriculum vitae preparation, translation, employment agency fees) <br> Assist to obtain work permit Upon Return: No | When Assigned: <br> Provide annual allowance to cover home country professional certification, continuing education/training programs if required for spouse to work | When Assigned: <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available <br> Employ at foreign/home location as a professional staff member if suitable position is available <br> Pay allowance to cover job search expenses <br> Provide annual allowance to |

Note - Some of the respondents are not included in the table - data are only included in aggregate report.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. | Please describe any policy changes that you are considering that would affect your answers to any of the questions above (please use a separate sheet of paper if necessary): | DFAIT and CIC are considering/exploring two new policies: <br> - Provision of a spousal premium <br> - Provision of EI benefits for spouses and who would otherwise have been eligible for EI benefits in Canada. | There has been no substantial change in the number of spouses not accompanying staff members on foreign assignments due to careerrelated issues |  |  |  |
| SECTION IV - CONDITIONS OF SERVICE ABROAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administrative Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Do you have specific policies governing the conditions of service of staff abroad? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2. | What strategic objectives determine your general foreign assignment terms and conditions? | Provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Provide incentives to recruit and retain staff members Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e., "keep whole") | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") | Provide incentives to recruit and retain staff members | Maintain home country living standards and purchasing power (i.e.: "keep whole") <br> Match terms and conditions typically offered by multinational companies |
| 3. | Do the conditions of service abroad (other than perquisites) vary with the level of the staff member? | No | Yes - VP | No | No | No |
| 4. | Please indicate if the following services are provided: | No Cultural sensitivity/ psychological suitability testing <br> Language classes for FS and spouse <br> Cross-cultural training for FS and spouse | Cultural Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability testing: Staff member and spouse <br> Language Classes: Staff <br> Member and spouse <br> Cross-Cultural Training: Staff <br> Member and spouse | No Cultural Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability testing <br> Language classes for staff member and spouse Cross-Cultural Training for staff member and Spouse | Cultural Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability testing: Staff member and spouse <br> Language classes: Staff member and spouse Cross-Cultural Training: Staff member and spouse | Cultural Sensitivity/ Psychological Suitability testing: No <br> Language Classes: Staff member and spouse Cross-Cultural training: Staff member and spouse |
| 5. | Do you provide an orientation meeting to discuss relocation and other posting issues? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Relocation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. | Do you pay for the shipment of household goods to and from a foreign posting? | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is partially paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid but with weight and/or volume limits | Shipment of household goods is paid for all reasonable costs | Other: A cost benefit analysis is done in each situation. May rent furnished accommodation, or rent furniture, or purchase furniture |
| 7. | Do you provide an additional incidental allowance to cover miscellaneous items not specifically covered in the policy (e.g., telephone or cable | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed amount of $\$ 2,177$. This amount is | Additional incidental allowance - base salary without a cap - Equal to one | Additional incidental allowance - paid out as a fixed amount - $\$ 8,950$ | Additional incidental allowance - base salary with a cap of $16 \%$ | Additional incidental allowance - Fixed amount of \$6,336 |

Note - Some of the respondents are not included in the table - data are only included in aggregate report.
FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | connections)? | reviewed and revised annually. | month's salary |  |  | Other: US: $\$ 3,000$ OR US $\$ 5,000$ depending on assignment |
| Incentive and Hardship Premiums and Cost-of-Living |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Please indicate whether you provide an incentive premium and a hardship premium? | Incentive premium paid in normal cycle <br> Hardship premium paid in normal cycle | Incentive Premium: Paid in normal cycle Hardship Premium: No | Incentive Premium: No <br> Hardship Premium: Paid in normal cycle | Incentive Premium: Paid in normal cycle <br> Hardship premium: paid in normal cycle | Incentive premium: Other: Depends on assignment option. Affects whether we say premium or not and when it is paid <br> Hardship premium: Other: Depends on assignment option. Affects whether we say premium or not and when it is paid |
| 9. | If you provide an incentive premium and/or hardship premium, on what basis is it calculated? | Incentive premium Caries according to step-rated table Hardship premium varies according to step-rated table | Incentive Premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap $15 \%$ for all assignments <br> Hardship premium: None | Hardship Premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap <br> Other: As determined by International Compensation Data provider | Incentive Premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap $15 \%$ for all assignments <br> Hardship premium: Expressed as a percent of base salary without a monetary cap - varies by location - Lowest percentage $5 \%$, Highest percentage $15 \%$ | Incentive premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary without monetary cap - up to $15 \%$ <br> Hardship Premium: <br> Expressed as a percent of base salary without monetary cap - up to $25 \%$ |
| 10. | Do you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance? | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, as a percentage of base salary without a monetary cap | Yes, paid out as a fixed amount | Other: Part of the balance sheet process, ORC (Organization Research Counsellors) tables, based on position, family situation and location | Yes, as a percentage of base salary with a monetary cap |
| 11. | If you provide a Cost-of-Living allowance, how often is the amount adjusted? | Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage of $3 \%$ | Adjusted whenever new data are received - Twice a year | Adjusted whenever differential changes by at least a fixed percentage - $5 \%$ | Adjusted whenever new data are received | Adjusted whenever new data are received - Every six months |
| 12. | Which of the following are taxable to the staff member? | Other: None | Other: None of the above is taxable, but in the future, cash amount to travel to location other than home will be taxable | Other: Grossed Up | Other: Nothing is taxable, but base salary amounts are reduced to account for tax | Incentive Premium <br> Hardship Premium <br> Cost-of-living allowance |
| Assistance with Home Country Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | Do you have a housing assistance program designed to help maintain a residence in the home country? | Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services | Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services | Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services | No | Yes, pay all expenses for third party home management services |
| 14. | Do you guarantee reimbursement of a loss from the rental of the home country principal residence? | Yes, with a cap of a specified monetary amount or number of months rent | No | Yes, with a cap of a specified monetary amount of number of months rent | No | No |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15. | Do you provide assistance with the sale and/or purchase of the home country principal residence? | Sale: Yes, based on a different frequency - One buy and one sell per career Purchase - Yes, based on a different frequency - One buy and one sell per career | Sale: Yes, Once per assignment Purchase: No | Sale - Yes, once per assignment Purchase - Yes, once per assignment | Sale - Yes, once per assignment Purchase - Yes, once per assignment | Sale - Yes, once per assignment <br> Purchase - No |
| 16. | Do you provide special financial assistance to staff whose families remain in the home country temporarily and join them after the start of the posting? | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence. | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence | No | Yes, home housing share/deduction delayed until family vacates home country residence |
| Assistance with Host Country Housing (Abroad) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Do you provide assistance for housing at the host location? | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Yes, always | Only where housing costs are higher |
| 18. | Do you require the officer to pay a portion of the cost of housing at the host location? | Yes - rent shares equivalent to what employee would pay at home | Yes - Home Housing Norm is deducted from base salary | Yes - Home country housing norm deduction applies | Yes - Only if rental amount exceeds amount provided, which is calculated to be sufficient for the employee and family | Yes - $15 \%$ of salary to maximum (e.g. US \$1,500 per month) |
| 19. | Do you pay for host location utilities costs (excluding telephone)? | Yes, included in the housing/Cost-of-Living allowance | Yes, included in the housing/cost-of-living allowance | Yes, reimbursed in selected locations only | Yes, staff member reimbursed for actual costs | Yes, staff member reimbursed for actual costs |
| Emplovee Benefits Abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Do you cover the additional costs of medical/dental care while on a foreign posting? | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan Yes, through a host country group or individual medical plan | Yes, through the home country organization's standard private medical plan | Yes, through a special home country and/or international medical plan |
| Perquisites Abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. | Please indicate if you provide the following perquisites: Please check all those that apply. | Automobile No <br> Recreational club membership No <br> Representation allowance provided without cost to FS02 | Automobile: Only at specific Levels - VP <br> Recreational Club Membership - Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled <br> Representation Allowance No <br> Other: Transportation pass provided for VP and above | Automobile: Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled <br> Recreational Club Membership: Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled <br> Representation allowance: Only in accordance with host country norms for the position being filled | Automobile: Only in specific locations <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership: Managed on a case-by-case basis <br> Representation allowance: <br> Managed on a case-by-case basis | Automobile: Provided for specific program options with staff member bearing a portion of the cost <br> Recreational Club <br> Membership: No for staff member, provided to spouse only <br> Representation allowance: No |
| Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22. | Do you pay for private schooling in the host | Elementary: Yes, but only if | Elementary: Yes, but only if | Elementary: Yes, but only if | Elementary: Yes, but only if | Elementary: Yes, as a matter |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | location? | the public schools are deemed inadequate <br> Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | the public schools are deemed inadequate <br> Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | the public schools are deemed inadequate <br> Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | the public schools are deemed inadequate <br> Secondary: Yes, but only if the public schools are deemed inadequate | of course <br> Secondary: Yes, as a matter of course |
| 23. | What dependant education costs (elementary and secondary grades) incurred on international posting do you pay for? | Elementary: All reasonable costs up to a maximum amount <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs, up to a maximum amount | Elementary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding Secondary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding | Elementary: All reasonable costs including boarding if local schools are inadequate Secondary: All reasonable costs including boarding if local schools are inadequate | Elementary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding Secondary: All reasonable costs excluding boarding | Elementary: All reasonable costs including boarding if local schools are inadequate <br> Secondary: All reasonable costs including boarding if local schools are inadequate |
| 24. | Do you pay for any costs for post-secondary education of dependents? | Home country: no When Posted: Yes, up to a fixed limit - Shelter assistance only, Currently \$3,173 | Home Country: No <br> When Posted: No | Home Country: Yes, dormitory room and board When Posted: | Home country: No When Posted: No | Home country: No When Posted: No |
| 25. | Do you pay for day care (formal, "home day care" or nanny)/pre-school/nursery school costs? | Home country: no <br> When Posted: Yes, difference between home and host | Home Country: No <br> When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: No | Home Country: No When Posted: Yes, but difference between home and host - but not daycare only pre-school |
| Home Leave, R\&R Leave, Vacation and Holidavs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. | Do you provide Home Leave travel? | Other: Between 1 trip per 4 year posting to once per year for hardship locations | Yes, organization offers one trip per year | Yes, organization offers one trip per assignment year | Yes, organization offers one trip per assignment year | Other: Yes, one trip in 1st 24 months and then one trip per year thereafter |
| 27. | Do you permit staff to use Home Leave to travel to a different country and still be eligible for reimbursement? | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | No, the assignee must return to the home country | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country | Yes, the assignee will receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country |
| 28. | Do you provide Rest \& Recreation trips separate from home leave travel? | Yes, to all Foreign Service Officers posted abroad | No | Yes, but only to staff members in hardship locations | Yes, but only to staff members in hardship locations | Yes, but only to staff members in hardship locations |
| 29. | What is the frequency of Rest \& Recreation trips allowed? | Once a year | N/A | Once a year | Once a year | The number of leaves depends on the assignment location |
| 30. | Who chooses the Rest \& Recreation destination? | Foreign Service Officer | N/A | Organization, Staff Member | Organization | Staff Member |
| 31. | What is the statutory holiday entitlement during | Same number of holidays as | Host Country's holidays | Host country's holidays | Host country's holidays | Host country's holidays |

FS Survey of Terms and Conditions of Employment
Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002
Detailed Results Table Part 3-May 3, 2002

|  |  | DFAIT/CIC | COMPANY - A | COMPANY - B | COMPANY - C | COMPANY - D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | the posting? | in the home country |  |  |  |  |
| Repatriation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | Do you provide repatriation counselling for staff and their families upon their return from a foreign posting? | No. However, CIC has a specific briefing that all employees returning from abroad must attend. | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| 33. | Are staff who voluntarily terminate their posting early and return to the home country required to pay a portion of the repatriation cost? | Yes, the Foreign Service Officer must pay a portion of the cost of relocation | No, the organization assumes the full cost of relocation | Depends on the circumstances | No, The organization assumes the full cost of relocation Other: If they resign, no repatriation paid. If they terminate their assignment and return to home country for a new assignment, repatriation paid | Depends on the circumstances |
| Current Concerns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | Please provide information about any issues that have been voiced within the organization, and the response or intended response of the organization. | Compensation for loss of spousal employment. FS structure and salary. <br> Employment Insurance benefits for spouses. Spousal Pension. Promotion appraisal systems. | Repatriation - finding suitable positions back in home country is an issue. Company has recently developed a new repatriation process. Cost Containment Company currently reviewing | There are no issues at present. We continue to localize employees going on foreign assignments whenever possible | Constantly managing the cost of assignments and working to increase flexibility for hiring managers |  |

Note - Some of the respondents are not included in the table - data are only included in aggregate report.

## Appendix D

## Organization Profiles <br> (excluding those requesting complete confidentiality)

## Participant Profiles

Note: This section includes participant profiles only for those participants who agreed to have this information presented (as opposed to the participants who requested that their information only be presented in aggregate form with that of other participants). Some participants are indicated by a letter (e.g., Country A) based on their request for anonymity. In addition, general information on the expatriate policies of Royal Dutch Shell is provided.

## CANADA

Foreign Service Structure. Canada has two levels in its Foreign Service (Foreign Service Development Programme and FS-2), which is part of the overall public service. Executive levels (e.g., ambassador) are considered separate from the Foreign Service itself. Progression to the FS2 level is based on performance appraisals and years of experience in grade. Progression to the executive level is based on performance appraisals, years of experience in grade, the existence of an opening, an interview, and a simulation exercise. Officers spend five years in the Foreign Service Development Programme, which includes on-the-job training, classroom courses, selfstudy courses, domestic and foreign training assignments, and language training, and 10 years in FS-2.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, trade, and immigration matters. All officers are unionized.

New Recruits. New recruits must (and do) have an undergraduate degree. All new Foreign Service Officers must speak French and English. As mentioned above, the Foreign Service Development Programme is a comprehensive training and development programme lasting five years. Officers then have an average of 5 days of training per year. There is no formal midcareer recruitment; however, from time to time, recruitment that is separate from the entry-level recruitment exercise takes place to address shortages. Recruits in this case must have five or more years of work experience.

Assignments. Foreign postings average three to four years in length. Foreign Service officers typically rotate between home and foreign postings, with the exception of immigration officers, who return home after two postings, before undertaking additional postings. Personal choice weighs heavily in posting decisions, but other factors generally override personal choice. Officers may, however, turn down certain postings without consequence. In the case of competing interests, the head of mission makes the final decision regarding where an officer will be posted.

The primary reasons for turning down a posting are the inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location and the inability of a common-law or same-sex partner to be included on the officer's visa and/or passport. Local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities) and inadequate compensation are also common reasons. Attrition averages 3-4 percent.

## Participant Profiles

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FSDP | Job A Match | $\$ 39,570$ | $\$ 51,937$ | $\$ 40,249$ |
| FS-2 | Job B and C <br> Match | $\$ 50,475$ | $\$ 75,423$ | $\$ 63,703$ |
| EX-1 | Job D Match | $\$ 82,700$ | $\$ 97,400$ | $\$ 91,066$ |

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Allowances provided to Foreign Service Officers include an amount for the spouse. Spouses receive several types of employment-related assistance, including employment as a local staff member abroad, an allowance to cover job search expenses, assistance in obtaining a work permit, an allowance to cover continuing education or certification in some cases, carer counselling, and career workshops.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad have as their objective maintaining home country living standards and purchasing power, and providing an incentive recruit and retain officers. When abroad, Foreign Service Officers are required to pay a housing share based on what they would be paying in the home country. Officers also receive some assistance with home country housing: all expenses for third-party home management services are paid, and financial assistance is provided once per career for the purchase and sale of the home country residence. With respect to private schooling, tuition and other reasonable costs up to a maximum amount are paid if the public schools are deemed inadequate.

An incentive premium and hardship premium are paid in the normal pay cycle, with the amount varying according to a step-rated table. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary without a cap. None of the premiums is taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Officers receive an amount for home leave that they can use to travel home or to another location if desired. Rest and Recreation trips are provided once a year to all officers posted abroad, with the officer determining the frequency and location.

## Participant Profiles

## NETHERLANDS

Foreign Service Structure. The Netherlands has five levels (three levels below EX-01 equivalent) in its Foreign Service, which is part of the overall public service. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals and the existence of an opening at the next level. Most officers spend six years at the entry level, 10 years at the next level, 12 years at the third level, and 10 years at the highest level (equivalent to the Canadian "Job D").

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, trade, immigration, and aid matters. There are officers specializing in immigration at some postings. All officers are unionized.

New Recruits. New recruits must (and do) have a Master's degree, two years of work experience, and knowledge of two foreign languages. New recruits attend a training program lasting a few months that includes on-the-job training, classroom courses, and language training. They then have an average of 8 days of training per year. Recruiting is done in mid-career from with the Public Service, where recruits must have at least eight years of experience.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Foreign Service officers typically rotate between home and foreign postings. Personal choice weighs heavily in posting decisions.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is the inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location. Local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities) and parental responsibilities are also common reasons. Attrition averages 3-5 percent.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Policy Officer Scale 11 | Job A Match | 44,508 | 69,233 |
| Policy Officer Scale 12 | Job B Match + | 52,418 | 78,673 |
| Policy Officer Scale 13 | Job C Match | 58,594 | 88,186 |
| Policy Officer Scale 14 | Job D Match | 66,314 | 97,650 |
| Policy Officer Scale 15 | Job D Match | 75,507 | 107,139 |

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Allowances provided to Foreign Service Officers include an amount for the spouse. Accompanying spouses are also provided compensation in recognition of their representational responsibilities.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad have as their objective maintaining home country living standards and purchasing power. Foreign Service

## Participant Profiles

Officers are required to pay a housing share based on a percentage of their salary. The Foreign Ministry pays for the remainder of housing costs, and reimburses officers for utilities costs. Specific costs related to private schooling are paid for elementary and secondary levels, but this is managed on a case-by-case basis.

There is no incentive premium provided. A hardship premium is paid in the normal pay cycle, with the amount varying according to a step-rated table. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary with a cap. Neither the hardship premium nor the cost-of-living allowance is taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided (to the home country only) once a year. Rest and Recreation trips must be paid out of the location allowance for hardship locations, with the officer determining the frequency and location.

## Participant Profiles

## NEW ZEALAND

Foreign Service Structure. New Zealand has five levels in its Foreign Service (four levels below EX-01 equivalent). On average, a Foreign Service Officer will spend four years at the first and second levels, five years at the third level, and nine years at the fourth level. Progression to the next level is based on performance, but for advancement to the $3^{\text {rd }}$ level and higher, an opening must exist. Approximately $25 \%$ are promoted at each level each year, except for promotion to the highest level, which is at a rate of $15 \%$ per year. The rate of promotions into the second-highest level has increased recently in anticipation of a higher rate of retirements among officers at the highest level.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, trade policy and aid. Immigration Officers are not part of the Foreign Service. All Foreign Service Officers are unionized.

New Recruits. New officers must possess an undergraduate honours degree. Work experience is not a requirement. Mid-career recruits must meet the same educational criteria as their entrylevel colleagues, but must have between six and fifteen years of work experience. These officers are recruited from the private and public sectors and are typically placed based on their level of work experience. New recruits receive on-the-job training and training in a classroom setting. Orientation and training programs are six months to a year, and officers receive five days of training every subsequent year.

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Foreign Service officers typically rotate between home and foreign posting. Officers are usually provided with nine months' notice before leaving for a posting. Officers are not required to accept hardship postings. On average, officers are posted for a period of four years to less difficult hardship locations and two years to more difficult hardship locations.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities). The inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location, poor fit of the posting responsibilities to the officer's skills, and parental responsibilities are also common reasons. Attrition remains steady at 3-5 percent.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Policy Officer I | Job A Match | $\$ 22,075$ | $\$ 33,374$ | $\$ 26,050$ |
| Policy Officer II | Job B Match - | $\$ 31,900$ | $\$ 45,677$ | $\$ 35,431$ |
| Sr. Policy Officer | Job B Match | $\$ 37,891$ | $\$ 57,149$ | $\$ 43,246$ |
| External Policy IV | Job C Match | $\$ 47,118$ | $\$ 78,290$ | $\$ 55,055$ |

## Participant Profiles

| External Policy V | Job D Match | $\$ 66,144$ | $\$ 105,451$ | $\$ 79,084$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Officers usually move through salary ranges according to a percentage-rated grid based on performance. The average length for an officer to move from minimum salary to the next salary band is five years or more. When compared to other professionals in the Civil Service, Foreign Service Officers' salaries are in the top $30 \%$.

Assignment-related allowances range from $30 \%$ of salary for a senior officer with no children at a low cost post which attracts no location allowance to $200 \%$ of salary for a junior officer with a number of children at a difficult post which is also a reasonably high cost. Even at the same post (where cost of living and location category are the same) there can be a large difference between the percentages for individual officers depending on salary and family status.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse (the expatriate allowance is $20 \%$ higher for a spouse, and an additional $7.5 \%$ higher for each dependent child). Spouses of officers can be employed at the foreign or home location as a local staff member or as a Foreign Service Officer if suitable positions are available. Spouses are assisted by the Foreign Service in obtaining a work permit when on posting, and receive an allowance to cover job search expenses at home.

Relocation and Incentives. The objective of the policy is to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. Foreign Service Officers are not required to pay for housing or utilities when abroad. Private school tuition is paid at elementary and secondary levels. The cost of boarding is paid if the children remain in the home country. A fixed amount is provided to cover accommodation costs for postsecondary education of dependents while the Officer is posted abroad. A fixed amount ( $\$ 1,969 /$ year) is provided for childcare costs in the home country. Pre-school education costs are paid overseas for the equivalent number of hours provided in the home country.
Incentive and hardship premiums are provided in the normal pay cycle. The incentive premium represents an additional $15 \%$ of the officer's salary, while the hardship premium is a fixed amount paid to all officers at the same location. The cost-of-living allowances are adjusted annually. None of the allowances is taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided (to the home country only) to officers on four-year assignments. No Rest and Recreation trips are provided.

## Participant Profiles

## UNITED STATES

Foreign Service Structure. The United State has nine pay ranges in its Foreign Service and four levels in its "senior ranks." Five of the Foreign Service grades are considered professional levels; the four lower grades ( $6,7,8$, and 9 ) comprise secretaries and technicians. Grades 4,5 and 6 were matched to Job A because all three have the same level of responsibility. Pay differs depending on the academic qualifications and amount of work experience of the individual. Grades 2 and 3 were matched to Job B (Match - ) because both grades have the same level of responsibility (but again differ in pay depending on academic degree and work experience). Grade 1 is matched to Job C (Match - ). The lowest of the senior ranks (grade OC) was also matched to Job C (Match +), while two additional senior ranks (MC and CM) were matched to Job D.

While Foreign Service salary is linked to the Civil Service, staffing and promotion rules are different. The Foreign Service has an "up or out" approach. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals and, for movement to the third, fourth and fifth levels, the existence of an opening at the next level. Most officers spend four years at the Junior Officer level, 5 years as a lower mid-level officer, 7.5 years as a higher mid-level officer, and 8.5 years as a lower senior-level officer. Most officers do not get as far as the Canadian "Job D" equivalent.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, trade, administration, immigration, and aid matters. Officers are recruited into one stream and generally stay there for their entire career. Officers are unionized.

New Recruits. There are technically no education, work experience, or language requirements for entry. However, most entrants have a Master's degree and the average age for entry is 32 . New recruits attend a training program lasting several months that includes seven weeks of orientation, several months of on-the-job training, and language training. They then have an average of 14 days of training per year. Recruiting is done in mid-career from with the Public Service, where recruits must have at least four years of experience and be at a mid-career grade.

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Foreign Service officers are typically posted to a series of locations and consider an assignment to the home country as another temporary posting. Officers must serve in Washington once every 15 years, for approximately two years. They have some say in where they will be posted, but other factors override personal choice. Foreign Serivice Officers are not required to go to any hardship posts.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities). Inadequate schooling for children and the inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location are also common reasons. Attrition remains steady, but specific attrition statistics are confidential and are not even provided to the unions.

## Participant Profiles

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Junior Officer | Job A Match | $\$ 54,352$ | $\$ 97,903$ | Information not <br> available |
| Mid-Level Officer <br> (Grade 2 or 3) | Job B Match - | $\$ 82,276$ | $\$ 149,114$ |  |
| Mid-Level Officer <br> (Grade 1) | Job B Match - | $\$ 126,312$ | $\$ 162,910$ |  |
| Senior Officer <br> (Grade OC) | Job C Match + | $\$ 171,521$ | $\$ 197,622$ |  |
| Senior Officer <br> (Grade MC, CM) | Job D Match | $\$ 179,542$ | $\$ 197,622$ |  |

The salaries above are for overseas service. For salaries in Washington D.C., the home country location, an additional 10.23 percent is added. Employees may also participate in a retirement plan to which the employer contributes $6 \%$ of salary. Language incentive pay of $\$ 8,000-\$ 12,000$ is provided to officers assigned to "incentive language" posts, if they achieve a certain level of fluency in these languages (for most languages other than those in the Romance and Germanic families). Salary scales are comparable to those of economists and lawyers in the civil service.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Spouses receive no financial compensation. Spouses on posting may be employed as a local staff member if a suitable position is available. The State Department also canvasses other organizations for available jobs and assists in obtaining a work permit at the host location. Spousal employment opportunities are a key concern. An initiative is now being piloted in Mexico City, where an executive search firm has been hired to assist spouses in finding employment at the post location. This will be rolled out to other large postings where there is a reciprocal work agreement in place.

Relocation and Incentives. The objective of the State Department policy is to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. Foreign Service Officers are not required to pay a housing or utility share. Private schooling is paid for both elementary and secondary levels. There is no incentive premium provided. A hardship premium is provided in the normal pay cycle, ranging from 5-25 percent of salary with no cap. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary with no cap. The hardship premium is taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided (to the home country only) every two years to officers on four-year assignments, or between postings on a three-year or two-year assignment.. Rest and Recreation trips are provided once a year to officers in hardship locations.

## Participant Profiles

## FRANCE

Foreign Service Structure. France has five levels in its Foreign Service, which is part of the overall public service. Progression to the next level is based on a review of performance appraisals, years of experience and the existence of an opening at the next level. Most officers spend one year at the entry level, 5-10 years at the second level, 5-10 years at the third level, and 10 years at the fourth level.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, administration, culture, immigration, and aid. There are officers specializing in immigration at all postings. All officers have, if they so wish, the possibility to be unionized. Trade officers are separate from the Foreign Service.

New Recruits. New recruits must (and do) have a Master's degree and knowledge of two foreign languages. Certain categories of officers are required to be fluent in one language that is deemed difficult. . Based on a new policy, all new recruits must have a basic understanding of German. New recruits attend a short training program that includes on-the-job training, classroom courses, self-study courses, and language training. They then have an average of 8 days of training per year. There is little mid-career recruiting; where it does occur, individuals are hired from within the Public Service.

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Officers may rotate between home and foreign postings, or be reassigned immediately to another posting (return home after two consecutive stays). Although officers can influence the location of their posting, other factors override their personal choice.

One of the most frequent reasons for turning down a posting is the inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location. The French Foreign Service has noted an increase over the last few years in officers turning down posting for that reason. Attrition is very low, averaging $0-2$ percent.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foreign Affairs Secretary | Job A Match + |  |  | $\$ 43,192$ |
| Foreign Affairs <br> Counsellor | Job B Match |  |  | $\$ 55,535$ |
| Foreign Affairs <br> Counsellor, Hors Classe <br> $\left(1^{\text {st }}\right.$ echelon) | Job C Match + |  |  | $\$ 87,360$ |
| Foreign Affairs <br> Counsellor, Hors Classe <br> $\left(3^{\text {rd }}\right.$ echelon $)$ | Job C Match + |  |  | $\$ 94,704$ |

## Participant Profiles

| Minister/Foreign Affairs <br> Counsellor, Hors Classe | Job D Match + |  |  | $\$ 143,057$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Allowances provided to Foreign Service Officers for spousal compensation include an amount for the spouse if she doesn't work ( $10 \%$ of the housing allowance). This compensation is paid to the officer. The Foreign Ministry assists spouses in finding employment on a case-by-case basis on postings, but does not provide assistance upon return.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad are designed to provide incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service officers. The Foreign Ministry pays for housing and utilities costs through the housing allowance, which amount can be higher than the salary itself. The housing allowance also includes a "family allowance" (depending on the number of children and the posting) and a fixed amount to cover elementary and secondary schooling. The amount of the allowance varies based on the number of dependants and the posting location. There is no separate incentive premium or hardship premium. The allowance is not taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided every 20 or 30 months according to the posting (to the home country only). Rest and Recreation trips are not provided. Officers on posting observe their home country's and host country's national holidays.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "A"

Foreign Service Structure. Country A has five levels in its Foreign Service (four levels below EX-01 equivalent). On average, Foreign Service Officers will spend one year at the entry level, two to three years at the second level, six to seven at the third level, and six years at the fourth level.

Promotions to the second level require an interview, simulation exercise, the existence of an opening, a written application, and written and oral reference reports. At other levels, performance appraisals are also reviewed, in addition to the above criteria.

The primary responsibilities of Foreign Service Officers are political/economic, trade policy and administration. Aid and Immigration Officers are not part of the Foreign Service. (Immigration officers are represented through the Department of Immigration). However, at some postings, Foreign Service Officers undertake work on the behalf of the Department of Immigration. There is a separate Trade Commissioner function in many foreign embassies which are staffed by the Commerce Department. All Foreign Service Officers are unionized.

New Recruits. New recruits must possess an undergraduate degree. There are no requirements for work experience or foreign language at the entry level. In actual practice, most entry-level recruits have between two to five years of experience. Mid-career recruits have no specific entry criteria. Most of the mid-career recruits are recruited from the Public and Private sectors and are typically placed at a level based on their years of experience. All new recruits are trained on the job, in a classroom setting and through domestic training assignments for a period of six months to a year. Officers typically receive five days of training every following in subsequent years.

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Foreign Service Officers typically rotate between home and foreign posting. Officers are usually provided with six months' notice before leaving for a posting. Although officers are able to influence where they will be posted, other factors can override personal choice. Officers are not required to accept hardship postings. For those who do, on average, they will be posted for a period of three years at less difficult hardship locations and two years at more difficult hardship locations.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is the level of professional stimulation that would come with the posting. The lack of education and other facilities at the posting, the local conditions and the inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location are also common reasons. Attrition remains steady at around 8.4\%.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Secretary | Job A Match | $\$ 33,422$ | $\$ 38,324$ | $\$ 35,873$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Secretary | Job B Match | $\$ 36,143$ | $\$ 44,835$ | $\$ 40,484$ |

## Participant Profiles

| $1^{\text {st }}$ Secretary | Job B Match | $\$ 40,006$ | $\$ 54,507$ | $\$ 47,250$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Counsellor | Job C Match | $\$ 56,220$ | $\$ 65,878$ | $\$ 61,039$ |
| Ambassador | Job D Match | $\$ 72,848$ | $\$ 80,901$ | $\$ 80,901$ |

Officers usually move through the salary range based on their individual performance. The average length of time for an officer to move from minimum salary range to the next is two to five years. Officers can receive a $5.65 \%$ performance appraisal bonus. A language allowance is also paid, depending on the skill level and location of posting. Salaries are in the top $20 \%$ of the Civil Service.
Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Currently, there is no assistance offered for the loss of income for the accompanying spouse. The Foreign Service may offer assistance to spouses to find employment while on posting, but this is managed on a case-by-case issue. The Foreign Service will offer general information on work prospects and local requirements.

Relocation and Incentives. The objective of the policy is to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power and to match the terms and conditions typically offered by multinational companies. The Foreign Service pays for shipment of household goods to and from a foreign posting as well as a fixed incidental allowance to of $\mathrm{Cdn} \$ 1,180$ for Officers accompanied by spouses and Cdn $\$ 610$ for unaccompanied Officers. Officers are required to pay a portion of housing costs, and must make a contribution to utilities costs. Private School is paid for at the elementary and secondary levels if the public schools are deemed inadequate. Officers receive a partial remission for rent and utilities for dependents undertaking postsecondary studies in the home country while the Officer is abroad. The Foreign Service also pays for day care for children over the age of three in the host country.

There is currently no incentive premium, but a new posting allowance will be introduced in July 2002. Hardship premiums are provided in the normal pay cycle as a flat amount for all officers. The cost-of-living allowances are adjusted fortnightly and represent a percentage of the base salary without a monetary cap. Only the hardship premiums are taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided to officers once per posting and Rest and Recreation trips are provided only to officers who are in hardship locations. The number of R\&R trips allowed depends on the location of the hardship.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "B"

Foreign Service Structure. Country B has four levels in its Foreign Service (three levels below EX-1), which is part of the overall Public Service. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals, years in grade and the existence of an opening at the next level.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political, trade, administration and immigration affairs. Aid officers are a separate group.

New Recruits. There are no minimum education, work experience, or language criteria. In actual practice most new recruits have a Master degree and 2-5 years' experience. New recruits are in orientation and / or training for a period of 6-12 months. Most of their training is done through classroom setting, self-study courses and on-the-job training. New recruits also receive language training. Recruiting for mid-career officers is done through the public and private sectors. Mid-career recruits are placed at a level based on their career experience.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Foreign Service Officers generally return to their home country after two consecutive postings. Personal choice weighs heavily in their posting location. In a typical career, an officer would serve in at least two hardship posts.

The primary reason for turning down postings is the inability of the spouse / partner to work at the posting location. Other important reasons for turning down postings are parental responsibilities, poor fit of posting responsibilities with the officer's skills, and local conditions. Overall attrition is approximately $14 \%$.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Secretary | Job A Match | $\$ 37,356$ | $\$ 50,436$ | $\$ 45,768$ |
| First Secretary | Job B Match | $\$ 37,356$ | $\$ 50,436$ | $\$ 45,768$ |
| Counsellor, Deputy <br> Director | Job B Match | $\$ 52,308$ | $\$ 65,376$ | $\$ 59,772$ |
| Ambassador, <br> Director | Job C Match | $\$ 56,040$ | $\$ 78,456$ | N/A |

Salaries for Foreign Service Officers are considered to be "not very high in comparison to the rest of the Government Office."

Spousal Compensation. Accompanying spouses receive a supplemental pension benefit, allowances (allowances provided to the Officer include an amount for the spouse), and unemployment compensation upon returning home (if they have been abroad for less than seven years). Spouses on posting can be employed at the foreign location as a local staff member if

## Participant Profiles

there is a suitable position available. Furthermore, in an attempt to provide greater assistance to spouses, Country B has established a job database for them on the Internet.

Relocation and Incentives. The Foreign Service provides assistance for shipment of household goods within reasonable limits. An additional fixed incidental allowance is also provided. The Foreign Ministry pays for all housing and utilities costs abroad. Private schooling is paid for both elementary and secondary levels.

There is no incentive premium. Hardship premiums are flat amounts for all officers and are provided in the normal pay cycle. A cost-of-living allowance is paid and is adjusted every six months. Hardship premiums and cost-of-living allowances are non-taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided once per posting year. Rest and Recreation trips are provided to officers at hardship locations, with a maximum of two trips per year. The Foreign Ministry chooses the destination for R\&R trips.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "C"

Foreign Service Structure. Country C has four levels in its Foreign Service (three levels below EX-01 equivalent), which is part of the overall Public Service. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals, years of experience in grade, and the existence of an opening at the next level. Most officers spend three years at the entry level, 6.5 years at the First Secretary Level and at the Counsellor level, and four years at the highest level (Minister Counsellor/ Ambassador/Consul General).

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, trade, administration, immigration, aid, and consular and cultural affairs. Trade officers, Immigration officers and Aid officers are included in the Foreign Service group. Officers are not unionized.

New Recruits. New recruits must have a Master's degree and knowledge of two foreign languages. New recruits attend a Diplomatic Academy for one year, where they have classroom courses, self-study courses, and language training. They then have an average of three days of training per year. There is no mid-career recruitment.

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Foreign Service officers are typically posted to a series of locations and consider an assignment to the home country as another temporary posting. They have some say in where they will be posted, and may turn down postings without consequence. In a typical career, an officer would serve at least once at a hardship post.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities). Parental responsibilities and poor fit of posting responsibilities with the officer's skills are also common reasons. Overall attrition is under two percent and remains steady.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Secretary | Job A Match + | $\$ 44,547$ | $\$ 64,851$ | Not provided. |
| First Secretary | Job B Match | $\$ 49,593$ | $\$ 70,865$ |  |
| Counsellor | Job C Match - | $\$ 64,575$ | $\$ 81,285$ |  |
| Minister Counsellor/ <br> Ambassador/ Consul <br> General | Job D Match | $\$ 71,314$ | $\$ 90,650$ |  |

In addition to salary, an annual bonus of $6 \%$ of salary is provided to all officers. Salary scales are the same for Foreign Service Officers as they are for other professionals in the Public Service (i.e., they have one pay line).

## Participant Profiles

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Spouses generally receive five percent of the foreign posting allowance, equivalent to $5.75 \%$ of salary. If the spouse has a significant income, then this amount is reduced. When on posting, spouses may be employed as a local staff member if a suitable position is available. The Foreign Ministry will also assist the spouse in obtaining a work permit (on posting), and canvass other organizations for available jobs (both on posting and in the home country). On average, fewer spouses are accompanying officers on posting due to career-related issues. The Foreign Ministry is putting in place more bilateral agreements to allow spouses to work abroad.
Relocation and Incentives. Allowances are provided to create incentives to recruit and retain Foreign Service Officers and to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. Foreign Service Officers must pay 18-23 percent of their base salary as a housing share. The Foreign Ministry pays the remainder of housing costs, but not for utilities. Private schooling is paid for both elementary and secondary levels. Post-secondary tuition is not paid.

A Foreign Posting allowance is paid in the normal pay cycle. There are no hardship premiums per se, but Foreign Posting allowances take into account living conditions, distance from home, the security situation, and other conditions. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary with no cap. Neither the Foreign Posting allowance nor the cost-of-living allowance is taxable.
Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided once a year (to the home country only). Rest and Recreation trips are not provided

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "D"

Foreign Service Structure. Country D has four levels in its Foreign Service (three levels below EX-01 equivalent), which is part of the overall Public Service. Progression to the second level is based on performance; progression to the third and fourth levels is based on years in grade. Movement to the fourth level also depends on openings. Most officers spend three years at the entry level, six years at the First Secretary Level, 10 years at the Counsellor level, and up to 20 years at the highest level.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, administration, immigration policy, aid, and trade policy. These are not separate streams; officers usually work in all areas at some point during their career. Trade commissioners are in a separate group. Immigration officers fall under Consular Affairs, which is a separate unit. All Foreign Service Officers are unionized.

New Recruits. New recruits must have a Master's degree in law, political science, or business administration or 2 years at the Diplomatic Academy. Knowledge of two foreign languages, is required for entry. In actual practice most new recruits have limited work experience. New recruits go through a training period of approximately two and a half years, during which they have classroom and on-the-job training, and go on a six-month assignment at a mission abroad. They then have an average of 14 days of training per year. Recruiting is also done in mid-career from the public and private sectors; the level mid-career recruits are placed at depends on their career experience. The maximum age for entry into the Foreign Service is 40 .

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Foreign Service officers generally return after two or more consecutive postings. Most are abroad for $60 \%$ of their career. In a typical career, an officer would serve at least once at a hardship post.

It is rare for officers to turn a post since they apply for those they consider suitable and are not sent on a posting without their explicit consent. In the event that they do turn down postings, the primary reason is parental responsibilities. Overall attrition is under two percent and remains steady.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Secretary | Job A Match - | $\$ 34,292$ | $\$ 38,579$ | $\$ 37,150$ |
| First Secretary | Job B Match | $\$ 38,580$ | $\$ 51,437$ | $\$ 45,722$ |
| Counsellor | Job C Match | $\$ 54,294$ | $\$ 125,733$ | $\$ 71,436$ |
| Ambassador | Job D Match | $\$ 85,724$ | $\$ 154,303$ | $\$ 107,161$ |

## Participant Profiles

In addition to salary, an annual bonus of $14 \%$ of salary is provided to all officers. Salary scales are the same for Foreign Service Officers as they are for other professionals in the Public Service (i.e., they have one pay line).

Spousal Compensation. Spouses receive a representational allowance of 6-10\% of the Foreign Service Officer's salary. This amount is calculated from the base value of the post adjustment and is added to the officer's salary. Spouses also receive supplemental pension benefits, as well as assistance in obtaining a work permit when on posting.

Relocation and Incentives. The Foreign Ministry's objective is to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. The Foreign Ministry pays for all housing costs abroad, but not for utilities. Private schooling is paid for both elementary and secondary levels. Post-secondary tuition is paid for dependents on postings. If a Foreign Service Officer voluntarily terminates the posting, the officer must pay up to $50 \%$ of repatriation costs.

There is no incentive premium, but a special allowance is paid before officers move abroad. Hardship premiums, calculated on a case-by-case basis, are provided in the normal pay cycle. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary with no cap. Hardship premiums and cost-of-living allowances are not taxable.

Home Leave $/ \boldsymbol{R} \& \boldsymbol{R}$ Leave. Home leave travel is provided, but the frequency depends on the geographical location of the posting, varying from yearly to every two years. Rest and Recreation trips are provided to officers at hardship locations, with frequency depending on location.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "E"

Foreign Service Structure. Country E has four levels in its Foreign Service, which is part of the overall public service. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals, years of experience in grade, and the existence of an opening at the next level. Most officers spend nine years at the level of Secretary of the Embassy, six years at the Counsellor level, and 12 years at the Minister level. The number of years spent at the level of Ambassador depends on the circumstances; this is generally a political post. level.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, administration, immigration, and aid, as well as protection of home country citizens and consular affairs. Officers are generalists who have responsibilities in all of these areas. Trade officers are in a separate group, but aid officers are included in the Foreign Service. All officers are unionized.

New Recruits. New recruits must have a Master's degree and knowledge of two foreign languages, and must pass competitive exams. New recruits spend six months in the diplomatic school where they undergo on-the-job training, classroom courses, and language training. They then have an average of seven days of training per year. There is no mid-career recruitment.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Foreign Service officers do not typically return to their home country after a posting; they are posted to a new location and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting. Officers, however, must return to the home country for at least two years after nine years abroad. Other factors tend to override personal choice in the decision regarding posting location. Officers must take at least one hardship posting.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities). Parental responsibilities and inadequate compensation are also common reasons. Attrition averages $0-2$ percent. The most common reason for voluntary attrition is compensation, due to the fact that allowances are not always kept up-to-date with changing conditions in various countries.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Secretary | Job A Match + | Salary information is not comparable; base salary is equivalent to about $\$ 20,000$; this amount is multiplied by different amounts depending upon the posting. |  |  |
| First Secretary | Job B Match |  |  |  |
| Counsellor | Job C Match |  |  |  |
| Minister Counsellor | Job D Match + |  |  |  |

## Participant Profiles

Salary progression within a range is based on step-rated grid determined by seniority, where the range maximum is reached in less than five years.

The country considers that, when compared to other professional civil service groups, foreign service officer salaries are in the top 10 percent. In addition to salary, officers receive an eight percent employer contribution to the retirement plan.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. While on posting, a spouse continues to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program if the spouse is a civil servant. Spouses also receive assistance in obtaining a work permit abroad.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad have as their objective the maintenance of home country living standards and purchasing power. Housing costs are paid out of the allowances that officers receive, with the exception of the two highest levels, who are provided with houses. With respect to primary and secondary school, all reasonable costs up to a maximum amount are covered.

There is no incentive premium or hardship premium provided. A non-taxable cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary with no cap.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided (to the home country only) twice a year. No Rest and Recreation trips are provided.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "F"

Foreign Service Structure. Country F has five levels in its Foreign Service (three levels below EX-01 equivalent). On average, Foreign Service Officers spend three years at the entry level, five to six years at the second level, eight years at the third level and four years at the fourth level. Requirements for advancement differ across the levels. Performance appraisals are considered at all levels (and are the only criteria for promotion to the $2^{\text {nd }}$ level). For promotion to levels three and above, there must be an opening at the next level. For promotion to the fourth and fifth levels, postings abroad are considered. Promotion to the fifth level also requires an interview.

The primary responsibilities of Foreign Service Officers are political/economic affairs, administration and aid. Immigration Officers and Trade Officers are not included in the Foreign Service. All Foreign Service Officers are unionized.

New Recruits. All entry-level Foreign Service Officers must possess an undergraduate degree, two years of experience and speak a minimum of two foreign languages. In actual practice, most entry-level recruits have between two to five years of experience and a Master degree. No recruitment is done at the mid-career level. New recruits are trained on the job and in a classroom setting, and undergo language training. The orientation and training period is 6-12 months, followed by two days of training every subsequent year.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Foreign Service officers typically rotate between home and foreign posting. Personal choice weighs heavily in the posting decision. Officers are usually provided with a six-month notice before leaving for a posting. Foreign Service Officers are not obligated to accept a hardship posting in their career.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is parental responsibilities. The inability of the spouse/partner to work at the posting location, the local conditions and poor fit of posting responsibilities with the officer's skills are also common reasons. Attrition has been noted to be on the rise. The attrition rate is between three to five percent up to the second level, six to nine percent at the third level and zero to two percent at the fourth level.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Secretary | Job A Match ++ | $\$ 47,659$ | $\$ 53,055$ | $\$ 49,458$ |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ Secretary | Job A Match ++ | $\$ 50,537$ | $\$ 54,853$ | $\$ 52,156$ |
| Counsellor | Job C Match | $\$ 57,911$ | $\$ 69,242$ | $\$ 64,745$ |
| Minister Counsellor | Job C Match + | $\$ 71,580$ | $\$ 77,354$ | $\$ 74,655$ |
| Ambassador | Job D Match + | $\$ 71,580$ | $\$ 107,936$ | $\$ 79,153$ |

## Participant Profiles

Officers usually move through the salary range by increments based on their performance. The average length for an officer to move from minimum salary range to the next is five years or more. Salaries of Foreign Service Officers are similar to the salaries found in the Civil Service.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Foreign Service Officers are provided with an allowance that includes an amount for spouses. Accompanying spouses are provided with supplemental pension benefits, and continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program while being on foreign posting. Furthermore, spouses can be employed at foreign/home location as a local staff member if suitable position is available. The Foreign Ministry will also canvass other organizations for available jobs and assist spouses in obtaining a work permit on posting.

Relocation and Incentives. The objective of the assignment policy is to maintain home country living standards. The Foreign Service pays for shipment of household goods, but with weight and/or volume limits. Officers are not required to pay a portion of housing costs, and are reimbursed for utilities costs. Private school fees are paid for at the elementary and secondary levels if the public schools are deemed inadequate.
Hardship premiums are provided in the normal pay cycle and a flat amount is provided to all officers. Cost-of-living allowances are paid out as a fixed amount and are adjusted twice a year.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is offered once per posting year. Rest and Recreation trips are provided only to officers who are in hardship locations. The number of R\&R trips varies based on the level of hardship.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY G

Foreign Service Structure. Country G has five levels in its Foreign Service, with the top two levels considered senior management. Requirements for advancing differ across the levels. Performance appraisals are considered for progression to the third and fourth levels. Simulation exercises are used for progression to the second, fourth, and fifth levels.

The primary responsibilities of Foreign Service Officers are political/economic affairs, trade, administration immigration, aid, and consular affairs. Immigration Officers and Trade Officers are included in the Foreign Service, while Aid officers are a separate group. Foreign Service Officers below the senior management level are unionized.

New Recruits. There are no education requirements for entry into the Foreign Service, other than high school. There is no work experience requirement or foreign language requirement for entry. In actual practice, most entry-level recruits have an undergraduate degree and less than two years of work experience. Entry-level officers are recruited to generalist positions in the Foreign Service, to specific assignments abroad, and to specific positions such as accountant or scientist. Officers can also be recruited at mid-career, from within the Civil Service and from elsewhere, through an assessment centre. New recruits are trained on the job and in a classroom setting, and undergo language training. The orientation and training period is less than six months, followed by five days of training every subsequent year.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Foreign Service officers typically return home after two or more foreign posting. Factors other than personal choice generally override the decision regarding posting location. Officers are usually provided with nine months' notice before leaving for a posting. Foreign Service Officers are not obligated to accept a hardship posting in their career.

The primary reason for turning down a posting are parental responsibilities, local conditions, and the inability of the spouse or partner to work in the posting location. Because officers bid for postings and are appointed by a selection Board, it is very rare for an officer to turn down a posting. When they do, most of the above reasons have already been taken into account and do not feature regularly. The attrition rate is $6-9 \%$ at all levels and has been falling. Officers tend to leave for promotion and career prospects elsewhere, better compensation, and a career change. The Foreign Ministry is looking into the development of a flexible benefits package to improve retention.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Secretary | Job A Match - |  |  |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Secretary | Job A Match | $\$ 45,661$ | $\$ 67,074$ | $\$ 54,010$ |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ Secretary | Job B Match + | $\$ 77,930$ | $\$ 110,036$ | $\$ 87,339$ |

## Participant Profiles

| Counsellor | Job C Match + | $\$ 99,348$ | $\$ 175,669$ | $\$ 121,743$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Minister Counsellor | Job D Match | $\$ 109,531$ | $\$ 222,198$ | $\$ 138,482$ |

Officers usually move through the salary range by increments based on their performance. The average length for an officer to move from the minimum to the maximum in a salary range is five years or more. Foreign language allowances are paid in some situations. Other Civil Service jobs such as economist or lawyer have salaries similar to those in the Foreign Service.
Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Foreign Service Officers are provided with an allowance that includes an amount for spouses, as well as compensation for the loss of pension. Spouses also receive assistance in obtaining a work permit at postings abroad.
Relocation and Incentives. The objective of the assignment policy is to maintain home country living standards. Officers are not required to pay a portion of housing costs, and are reimbursed for utilities costs. Officers also receive reimbursement for legal fees in connection to their principal residence in the home country, and receive assistance with the purchase of a home country residence one time only, after at least one overseas posting has been completed. Private school fees are paid at the elementary and secondary levels only if the public schools are deemed inadequate. Day care costs are abroad in some cases. The Foreign Ministry provides limited day care facilities in the home country.
No incentive premium is provided, but an overseas allowance is provided as compensation for the extra cost of having to live and work overseas. Hardship premiums are provided in the normal pay cycle, with a flat amount is provided to all officers, varying by location and marital status. Cost-of-living allowances are paid as a lump sum with salary each month.

Home Leave $/ \mathbf{R} \& \boldsymbol{R}$ Leave. Officers receive a "travel package" when going on a posting that is based on the price of airfare to the home location once a year. This amount can be used as the officer wishes, but the Officer must provide receipts. Rest and Recreation trips are provided only to officers who are in hardship locations. The number of R\&R trips varies based on the level of hardship.

## Participant Profiles

## COUNTRY "H"

Foreign Service Structure. Country H has six levels in its Foreign Service (three levels below EX-01 equivalent), including three levels of ambassador. Progression to the next level is based on the existence of an opening at the next level for all levels, performance appraisals for promotion to the second and third levels, years of experience in grade for promotion to the second level, and interviews for progression to the two highest levels. Most officers spend four years at the entry level, six years at the First Secretary level, five years at the Counsellor level, and six years at the ambassador level.

Foreign Service Officers are responsible for political/economic affairs, trade, administration, aid, protocol, and information consular matters. Officers below the level of ambassador are unionized.

New Recruits. The minimum criteria for entry into the Foreign Service are an undergraduate honours degree and knowledge of one foreign language. New recruits attend a training program lasting 6-12 months that includes on-the-job training, classroom courses, self-study courses, domestic training assignments, and language training. They then have an average of 1-3 days of training per year. Recruiting is done in mid-career from within the Civil Service, where recruits must undergo a competitive process and interview conducted by the Civil Service Commission. Career progression is the same as for early-career recruits

Assignments. Foreign postings average three years in length. Foreign Service officers typically rotate between home and foreign postings. Personal choice weighs heavily in the decision regarding posting location, but other factors override personal choice. Officers are not required to go to any hardship posts.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is parental responsibilities. Attrition is under two percent at all levels, and is a result of officers desiring 1) career change; 2) lifestyle change; and $3)$ compensation change.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Third Secretary | Job A Match | $\$ 34,139$ | $\$ 60,344$ | $\$ 47,240$ |
| First Secretary | Job B Match | $\$ 62,163$ | $\$ 89,859$ | $\$ 76,006$ |
| Counsellor | Job C Match | $\$ 82,453$ | $\$ 101,988$ | $\$ 92,227$ |
| Ambassador | Job D Match | $\$ 121,265$ | $\$ 139,163$ | $\$ 130,219$ |
|  |  | (Grade II) | $\$ 164,016$ |  |
|  |  | (Grade I) | $\$ 204,881$ |  |

## Participant Profiles

Employees may participate in a retirement plan to which the employer contributes $6.5 \%$ of salary. They also receive $2.9 \%$ in Pay-Related Social Insurance.
Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Allowances provided to the Foreign Service Officer include an amount for the spouse. There has been no substantial change in the number of spouses not accompanying officers on posting due to career-related issues. The system of Foreign Service allowances is currently being revised to ensure that it complies with existing equality and employment legislation.
Relocation and Incentives. The objective of foreign assignment terms and conditions is to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. Foreign Service Officers are not required to pay a housing share, but are required to pay utilities (except for ambassadors). Private school tuition costs are paid at the host location if public schools are deemed inadequate.

Instead of an incentive premium, officers receive additional leave entitlements. A hardship premium is provided in the normal pay cycle and is calculated as a percentage of salary. The hardship premium percentage varies depending on the degree of hardship. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary. These allowances are non-taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided once every 18 months. Officers receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid if they had returned to the home country. Rest and Recreation trips are provided once a year to officers in hardship locations.

## Participant Profiles

## ORGANIZATION "A"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Organization A was able to match expatriate jobs to Canadian Jobs A, B, C and D. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals, years of experience in the present grade and the existence of an opening at the next level. Staff members spend approximately three years at the first and second level, four years at the third level and six years at the fourth level. Staff members typically move through levels via a step-rated grid based on seniority. It takes five years or more for a staff member to move to the maximum with each salary range.

New Recruits. The minimum requirement for new recruits is an undergraduate degree, two years of work experience and knowledge of two foreign languages. In actual practice, new recruits have a Master's degree and over two years of work experience. The minimum requirement for mid-career recruits is a Master's degree and 10-15 years of work experience, as well as two foreign languages. New recruits receive two days of orientation and classroom training, and are provided with a mentoring program. Staff members will generally receive an additional five days of training every following year.

Assignments. Foreign postings average two years in length. Staff members are typically posted from one posting to another, and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting. Although staff members can influence the decision around their future postings, other factors override personal choice. Staff are provided with a two-month notice prior to departure. Staff members are not required to accept a hardship posting in their career.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is the inability of spouse/partner to work at the posting location. Parental responsibilities as well as local conditions (isolation, personal security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities) are also common reasons. Attrition ranges between zero and two percent.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assistant Officer | Job A Match | $\$ 60,692$ | $\$ 77,736$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Data were <br> unavailable |
| Officer | Job B Match | $\$ 72,849$ | $\$ 97,223$ |  |
| Senior Officer | Job C Match | $\$ 102,229$ | $\$ 124,070$ |  |
| Director | Job D Match | $\$ 113,570$ | $\$ 129,339$ |  |

Employees receive benefits worth an additional $15.8 \%$ of salary (pension).
Spousal Compensation/Assistance. The organization provides spouses with an allowance while being in the host country.

## Participant Profiles

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad have as their objective matching host country living standards and purchasing power. The organization provides a 30 days daily subsistence allowance for certain locations to cover miscellaneous items not specifically covered in the relocation policy. Staff members sent abroad are required to pay a minimum of $40 \%$ of their housing costs and must pay the utilities costs in full.

Subsidization for private school is assessed on a case-by-case basis. When subsidized, all reasonable costs up to a maximum amount are paid. A flat amount for the post-secondary education of dependents is provided for staff in the home and host country.

The organization pays a hardship premium in the normal pay cycle. Hardship premiums are expressed as a percentage of base salary ( $8-25 \%$ ) with monetary cap. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary without a cap. Neither the hardship premium or the cost-ofliving allowance is taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided generally once every two years. Staff members have the option to travel to another location and receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had they returned to the home country. Rest and Recreation trips are not provided.

## Participant Profiles

## ORGANIZATION "B"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Organization B was able to match expatriate jobs to Canadian Jobs A, B, C and D. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals, years of experience in the present grade and the existence of an opening at the next level. Postings abroad are also taken into account for promotion to the third and fourth levels. Staff members typically move through the salary range via individually determined increments based on performance, and may take five years or more to move from the salary band minimum to the maximum.

New Recruits. New recruits must have a Master's degree, five years of work experience and knowledge of two foreign languages. New entry-level staff are recruited as sector specialists (finance, natural resources, sanitation, etc.). Mid-career recruits must have a minimum of seven years of work experience. All new recruits receive on-the-job training for a period of six months to a year and are not provided with any additional training in following years.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Staff members are typically assigned to a new posting following the completion of their previous assignment, and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting. Although staff members can influence the decision around their future postings, other factors override personal choice. Staff members are given four-months' notice prior to departure. Staff members are not required to accept a hardship posting in their career.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is parental responsibilities Local conditions (isolation, personal security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities) and the poor fit of posting responsibilities with staff member's skills are also common reasons. The organization attributes part of its low attrition rate $(0-2 \%)$ to its very competitive compensation package.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | Job A Match | $\$ 120,216$ | $\$ 192,312$ | $\$ 149,023$ |
| 02 | Job B Match | $\$ 134,613$ | $\$ 215,407$ | $\$ 176,315$ |
| 03 | Job C Match | $\$ 159,749$ | $\$ 239,659$ | $\$ 210,889$ |
| 04 | Job D Match | $\$ 143,476$ | $\$ 266,129$ | $\$ 239,932$ |

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. The organization provides assistance to staff members for loss of spousal income and pension while on foreign postings. The amount is included in the allowance provided to the staff member.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad are designed to provide incentives to recruit and retain professional. The organization provides housing

## Participant Profiles

assistance only if the housing costs at the host location are higher than the home country. Staff members are required to pay between $11-15 \%$ of the housing costs. The cost of the housing utilities is subsidized by the organization through the housing/cost-of-living allowance. The organization subsidizes all reasonable costs for private school up to a maximum amount, as well as post-secondary education costs up to a maximum amount for dependents under than 25 years old.
The organization pays incentive and hardship premiums in the normal pay cycle. Both incentive and hardship premiums are expressed as a percentage of base salary with no monetary cap. The incentive premium is ten percent across all posting while hardship premiums range between five and twenty-five percent. Similarly, cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary without a cap. None of the premiums or allowances is taxable.
Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided generally once every two years. Rest and Recreation trips are offered every years to staff in hardship locations only and are provided every two years, so that the staff member can go on either home leave or R\&R leave once a year.

## Participant Profiles

## ORGANIZATION "C"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Organization C was able to match expatriate jobs to the Canadian "Job C" and "Job D." Positions at levels A and B are filled abroad through locally engaged staff. Progression to the next level is based on performance appraisals and the existence of an opening at the next level. Most officers spend 3-4 years at each level.

New Recruits. New recruits must (and do) have a PhD degree, at least eight years of work experience, and knowledge of one foreign language. New recruits receive two weeks of orientation and some on-the-job training. There is generally no additional training provided following this period. Recruiting is done in mid-career from within the organization and elsewhere, of individuals with at least 10 years of work experience.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Expatriates typically rotate between home and foreign postings. Personal choice weighs heavily in posting decisions, and staff may turn down postings, but international assignment experience is critical to reaching senior positions.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, absence of health care facilities). The inability of the spouse or partner to work at the posting location and parental responsibilities are also common reasons. Attrition averages nine percent - half voluntary and half "forced" where a package is negotiated. The most common reason for voluntary turnover is career change; many leave to go into another job in their specific profession.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senior Specialist | Job C Match + | $\$ 124,071$ | $\$ 225,815$ | $\$ 148,026$ |
| Country Manager | Job D Match + | $\$ 205,384$ | $\$ 330,299$ | $\$ 243,435$ |

Employees receive benefits worth an additional $40 \%$ of salary (pension, medical, etc.)
Spousal Compensation/Assistance. There is currently no policy to compensate spouses. However, in July 2003, work will begin on exploring spousal benefits. Spouses may be employed at the home location as a professional staff member if a suitable position is available. The Organization Clso canvasses other organizations for available jobs in the home country, and has a service that provides advice about obtaining work.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad have as their objective maintaining home country living standards and purchasing power. Employees contribute $15 \%$ of their salary as a housing deduction, and the organization pays the rest, if the

## Participant Profiles

cost is higher. Employees contribute four percent of pay to cover utilities. Fixed amounts are provided to cover elementary, secondary, and post-secondary school costs, up to age 21.

Incentive premiums and hardship premiums are paid in the normal pay cycle. The incentive premium amount is Cdn $\$ 39,283$. The hardship premium ranges from five percent to 25 percent, with a cap of Cdn $\$ 43,736$. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of salary with a cap of Cdn $\$ 69,977$. None of these allowances is taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided (to the home country only) once a year. There are no Rest and Recreation trips.

## Participant Profiles

## ORGANIZATION "D"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Organization D was able to match expatriate jobs to Canadian Jobs A, B, C and D. Progression to the next level is based on a percentage-rated grid based on performance. On average, officers will spend 2 years at the entry-level and five years at the following levels. Expatriates will spend five years or more to move from the salary band minimum to the maximum.

New Recruits. New recruits must (and do) have a Master's degree, three years of work experience, and knowledge of two foreign languages.. New recruits receive one month of orientation and classroom-setting training. New expatriates will generally receive an additional seven days of training every following year. Recruitment of mid-career officers is done from within the organization and elsewhere. Mid-career recruits must have at least four years of work experience.

Assignments. Foreign postings average four years in length. Expatriates are typically posted from one foreign location to another, and consider a posting to the home country as another temporary posting. Other factors generally take precedence over personal choice in the decision regarding posting location. Staff members are required to accept one hardship posting in their career. The average length of the "easiest" hardship is two years while the "hardest" hardship averages nine months.

The primary reason for turning down a posting is parental responsibilities. The inability of a same-sex partner or common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa and/or passport and the inability of spouse or partner to work at the posting location are also common reasons. Attrition averages 12 percent. The most common reason for voluntary turnover is the conflict with family or spousal career.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delegate | Job A Match ++ | $\$ 59,904$ | $\$ 74,880$ | $\$ 67,392$ |
| Office Manager | Job B Match + | $\$ 74,880$ | $\$ 99,840$ | $\$ 77,376$ |
| Coordinator | Job C Match - | $\$ 87,360$ | $\$ 112,320$ | $\$ 99,840$ |
| Chief of Delegation | Job D Match ++ | $\$ 99,840$ | $\$ 168,480$ | $\$ 131,040$ |

Employees receive benefits worth an additional $38 \%$ of salary (pension, medical, etc.)
Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Accompanying spouses continue to accrue pension entitlement under the social security program while on foreign posting.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad have as their objective maintaining home country living standards and purchasing power. Housing is provided

## Participant Profiles

by the organization. Utilities must be paid out of other allowances provided. Private school costs other than room and board are paid at the elementary and secondary levels. Post-secondary tuition is also paid for dependents of officers when they are at home and abroad.

The organization does not provide any incentive and hardship premiums. A taxable cost-ofliving allowance is provided if the standard of living is higher in the host country.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided once per posting year. Staff members have the option to travel to another location and receive reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had they returned to the home country. The frequency of Rest and Recreation trips varies across locations. R\&R trips are offered only to expatriates in hardship locations.

## Participant Profiles

## COMPANY "A"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Company A was unable to match any expatriate jobs to the Canadian Jobs.

Assignments. Foreign assignments average three years in length. Expatriates typically return home after an assignment abroad and do not undertake any more foreign assignments. Staff members may turn down assignments without consequence.

Staff members are not required to accept any hardship assignments. The main factor for staff members turning down assignments is inadequate compensation. Other factors such as local conditions (isolation, personal security, cultural differences) and the inability of the spouse/partner to work at the assignment location are also common reasons. Attrition has remained steady, and the percentage of locally hired professional has been increasing.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Spouses may receive an annual allowance to cover professional certification, continuing education, or other training when assigned abroad.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad are designed to provide incentives to recruit and retain staff members and to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power.

The employer provides assistance with the sale of the home country principal residence (once per assignment) and pays all expenses for third party home management services. In addition, financial assistance is provided to staff members whose families remain temporarily in the home country.

Employees must pay a portion of the housing cost abroad, which is deducted from the base salary. Utilities costs, paid through the housing/cost-of-living allowance, are reimbursed in selected locations. Private schooling costs at the elementary and secondary levels are paid (except boarding) if the public schools are deemed inadequate.

Incentive premiums are paid in the normal pay cycle. The incentive premium amount is 15 percent of salary with no monetary cap. The cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of base salary with no monetary cap. Allowances and incentive premiums are not taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided once a year. Staff members can use home leave to travel to a different country and still be eligible for reimbursement. In such case, the assignee receives reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid had he/she returned to the home country. Rest and Recreation trips are not provided.

## Participant Profiles

## COMPANY "B"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Company B has three levels of expatriates, comparable to DFAIT/CIC's Job C and Job D.

Assignments. Foreign assignments average four years in length. While some return home after one assignment abroad, cases may differ. Other factors override personal choice with respect to location of the assignment. Staff are not required to go on hardship assignments.

No data were available on reasons for turning down assignments. Turnover remains steady among expatriates, and the percentage of locally hired professionals also remains steady.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table.

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manager/Consultant | Job C Match | $\$ 80,600$ | $\$ 134,200$ |

Employees receive a bonus worth 5-28\% of salary, based on performance; $10-100 \%$ of salary through an employee stock option plan and other business-line specific long-term incentives; $25 \%$ of salary in the form of benefits; and perquisites worth $3-20 \%$, covering car allowance, financial planning, and club membership. These perquisites are provided in accordance with host country norms for the position.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. There is currently no compensation assistance for spouses. Spouses receive an allowance to cover job search expenses abroad, and assistance in obtaining a work permit abroad.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad are intended to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power. Staff members are required to pay a housing deduction for housing abroad, if the cost is above a certain amount. Company B also assists expatriates with home country housing by paying all expenses for third-party home management services and by guaranteeing staff members reimbursement of a loss from the rental of the principal residence, with a cap. The company provides assistance with the sale and purchase of the home country principal residence once per assignment.

Private schooling costs abroad are paid (including boarding where necessary) if public schools are deemed inadequate. Room and board are paid for dependents pursuing post-secondary education while the staff member is abroad.

There is no incentive premium provided. Hardship premiums are paid in the normal pay cycle. Hardship premium amounts are determined by the International Compensation Data provider and are expressed as a percent of base salary with no monetary cap. A cost-of-living allowance is

## Participant Profiles

paid out as a fixed amount. None of these allowances is taxable, but base salary amounts are reduced to account for tax.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel (to the home country only) is provided once a year. Rest and Recreation trips are provided once a year to staff members in hardship locations.

## Participant Profiles

## COMPANY "C"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Company C has a small expatriate workforce, most of whom are in the United States. Company C was able to match an expatriate job to the Canadian Job D only. Lower level jobs are filled abroad through locally engaged staff.

Assignments. Foreign assignments average three years in length. Expatriates typically return home after an assignment abroad, and do not undertake any more foreign assignments. Other factors override personal choice in the decision regarding posting location.

In many cases, employees self-identify for assignments. In those instances where they do not volunteer, a predominant reason is the inability of a same-sex partner or common-law partner to be included on the staff member's visa or passport. Turnover is not a significant problem.

Compensation. Compensation is shown in Canadian dollars in the following table:

| Title | Job Match | Minimum | Maximum | Average Actual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vice President | Job D Match + | $\$ 105,000$ | $\$ 169,000$ | $\$ 150,000$ |

Employees receive a bonus worth up to $35 \%$ of salary, based on company and individual performance. Expatriates also receive perquisites - an automobile worth $7.5 \%$ of salary, and financial planning assistance worth 5-10\% of salary.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. There is currently no policy to compensate spouses. Spouses may receive an annual allowance to cover professional certification, continuing education, or other training when assigned abroad. Expenses associated with a job search are also covered in the home country location.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad exist to provide incentives to recruit and retain staff members. The company is moving towards "localizing" employees sent abroad. Employees pay a portion of the housing cost abroad only if the amount exceeds the amount provided, which is calculated to be sufficient for the employee and his or her family. Employees are also reimbursed for utilities costs abroad. Assistance is provided once per assignment in the sale and purchase of a home country principal residence. Private schooling costs are paid (except boarding) if the public schools are deemed inadequate.

Incentive premiums and hardship premiums are paid in the normal pay cycle. The incentive premium amount is 15 percent of salary. Hardship premiums range from 5 percent to 15 percent, with no cap. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a fixed amount based on amounts calculated by a company called Organization Research Counsellors. None of these allowances is taxable, but base salary amounts are reduced to account for tax.

## Participant Profiles

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel is provided once a year, in the form of a reimbursement up to the amount that would have been paid if the employee returned to the home country. Rest and Recreation trips are provided to employees in hardship locations once a year.

## Participant Profiles

## COMPANY "D"

Expatriate Workforce Structure. Company D was unable to match any expatriate jobs to the Foreign Service Jobs.

Assignments. Foreign assignments average two and a half years in length. Staff members generally are only assigned abroad once during their careers. Although staff members can influence the location of their assignment, other factors override personal choice. The Head of the relevant section at Headquarters will usually make the final posting decision. Expatriates are given, on average, 2 months notification before departure. There is no requirement to undertake a hardship assignment.

The primary reason for staff to turn down assignments is the inability of the spouse or partner to work at the assignment location. Poor fit of assignment responsibilities with staff member's skills and local conditions (isolation, security, cultural differences, climate, and health care facilities) are also common reasons. Turnover among expatriates is rising. The percentage of locally hired professionals is also on the rise.

Spousal Compensation/Assistance. Spouses may be employed at the foreign/home location as a local staff member or as a professional staff member if the suitable position is available. The company also provides an allowance to cover job search expenses both abroad and in the home country. Spouses are provided an allowance to cover professional certification, continuing education, or other training when assigned abroad.

Relocation and Incentives. Policies related to conditions of service abroad are intended to maintain home country living standards and purchasing power as well as to match the terms and conditions typically offered by multinational companies. The employer pays for all expenses for third party home management service for staff members that maintain a residence in the home country and provides assistance with the sale of the home country principle residence. The employer also covers the cost of housing and utilities abroad, the employee and provides additional costs of medical/dental care to expatriates while on a foreign assignment through a special home country or international medical plan. Private schooling costs are paid as a matter of course (including boarding where necessary) and the employer does cover the difference in costs between home and host for preschool care.

Incentive premiums and hardship premiums are provided on a case-by-case basis, depending on the location of the assignment. Incentive premium amounts are up to 15 percent of salary, with no cap, while the hardship premiums are up to 25 percent, with no cap as well. A cost-of-living allowance is paid as a percentage of base salary with a monetary cap. All of the premiums and the cost-of-living allowances are taxable.

Home Leave/R\&R Leave. Home leave travel (to the home country only) is provided once in the first 24 months of the assignment and then once a year thereafter. Rest and Recreation trips are

## Participant Profiles

provided only to staff members in hardship locations. The frequency of R\&R leaves is dependent on the location of the assignment.

## Participant Profiles

## ROYAL DUTCH SHELL

Royal Dutch Shell has 5,500 expatriates, including expatriates from joint ventures and subsidiaries. Employee wishing to move up the ranks can expect to be posted overseas at some point during their career.

Shell sponsors OUTPOST, an independent network of information centres around the world, created to provide practical information to Shell expatriates and their families. OUTPOST provides the following services:

- Information Services - Personal contacts throughout the Global Network in over 50 locations, and a lending library of personal reports, books, and videos.
- Inpost - A welcoming and information service for newcomers to The Hague.
- Shell Family Archive Centre - A collection or primary resources documenting the social history of Shell expatriates.
- www.outpostexpat.nl - An extensive listing of worldwide resources, for all expatriates both at pre-departure stage and for settling in.
- Destinations Magazine - A quarterly magazine for expatriate families.

Employees use OUTPOST to research jobs and locations before applying or accepting a new position.

In 1995, Shell created a Spouse Employment Centre to assist spouses of employees to find employment. The Centre provides information and advice to spouses pursuing career interests during expatriation and upon repatriation. Consultants in the Spouse Employment Centre meet with spouses to discuss their career and learning needs, as well as questions regarding opportunities and constraints in foreign locations. The consultants also scan several national and international publications for vacancies. The Centre provides career workshops and resume writing assistance, and assists with networking through a database of more than 1000 spouses worldwide.

Shell will reimburse up to 80 percent of the cost of eligible courses for spouses up to a certain value.


## Agenda

- Objective, Scope and Mandate of the Study
- Methodology
- Comparison with other Public Service Groups
- External Survey Findings
- Structure and Management Practices
- Compensation
- Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues
- Conditions of Service Abroad
- To provide a common factual understanding of key comparative characteristics of the nature of the work of Foreign Service Officers and of the environment under which they operate;
- To establish comparisons with relevant occupational groups in the Canadian Public Service, other like-minded foreign services, and a number of relevant private sector and international organizations to serve as a guide to develop a compensation and management framework.


## Scope and Mandate of the Study

- To review management policies regarding human resource management, rotationality and postings with other relevant OECD countries and with a number of relevant private sector and international organizations;
- To compare the compensation (salaries and benefits) of FS officers with equivalent professional groups within the Government of Canada, with Foreign Services of relevant OECD countries, and with a relevant private sector and international organizations;
- To compare conditions of service abroad, particularly dual career issues, with those of the Foreign Services of relevant OECD countries and a number of relevant private sector and international organizations.


## Study Methodology

- Developed survey questions
- Reviewed recent literature and data relating to the FS population
- Interviewed representative stakeholders to gain an understanding of the FS situation
- Gathered data on other Federal Public Service groups
- Elicited participation and conducted survey of Foreign Services of other OECD countries, major Canadian employers, and international non-governmental agencies
- Attended multiples meetings with the FS Study Working Group.


## Comparison With Other Public Service Groups

- Comparison groups included
- ES (Economics, Sociology, and Statistics)
- CO (Commerce)
- PM (Program Administration)
- LA (Law)
- AS (Administrative Services)
- CA (Career Assignment Program)
- MM (Management Trainee)
- Comparisons looked at salary, promotion and time in grade.

Comparison With Other PS Groups - Salary


## Comparison with Other PS Groups - Promotion

| Group | Total no. of <br> employees | No. promoted <br> to EX | \% promoted to <br> EX |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| FS Total | 1135 | 35 | $3.1 \%$ |
| ES Total | 3309 |  |  |
|  |  | 96 | $2.9 \%$ |
| CO Total | 2051 | 41 | $2.0 \%$ |
|  |  |  | $0.3 \%$ |
| PM Total | 36,221 | 97 | $0.2 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| LA Total | 1703 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| AS Total | 14,710 |  | $0.5 \%$ |

Source: TBS data for 1998-1999
Note: This was used as a representative year because in subsequent years, promotions were held up due to an appeal against a competition to promote employees from FS-02 to EX-01

## Comparison with Other PS Groups - Years in Grade ${ }^{\text {Page }}$

| FSDP | 5 | ES-01 | 0.7 | CO-00 | 0.8 | PM-00 | 0.2 | LA-01 | 1.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FS-02 | 10 | ES-02 | 1.1 | CO-01 | 2.6 | PM-01 | 5.4 | LA-2A | 5.7 |
|  |  | ES-03 | 3.3 | CO-02 | 5.7 | PM-02 | 7.9 | LA-3A | 6.2 |
|  |  | ES-04 | 3.4 | CO-03 | 6.7 | PM-03 | 4.7 | LA-2B | 5.7 |
|  |  | ES-05 | 4.5 | CO-04 | 3.4 | PM-04 | 4.6 | LA-3B | 7.1 |
|  |  | ES-06 | 4.8 |  |  | PM-05 | 4.7 | LA-3C | 6.3 |
|  |  | ES-07 | 4.4 |  |  | PM-06 | 4.9 | LA-2(I) | 5.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | LA-2 (II) | 6.8 |
| MTP-01 | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MTP-02 | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MTP-03 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: TBS, Incumbent Database - Active Indeterminate Employees as of March 2001

## External Survey

- Participants:
- 16 countries participated out of 17 countries approached
- 4 international organizations participated out of 4 approached
- Several private corporations participated
- We conducted follow-up calls with each survey respondent to confirm and clarify responses.
- Some questions were not answered despite considerable efforts.



## Survey Findings

- Structure and Management Practices
- Compensation
- Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues
- Conditions of Service Abroad


## Structure/Responsibilities of Foreign Service

Participating Countries

| Number of | 3.5 levels below EX-01 equivalent, |
| :--- | :--- |
| on average |  |


| Respon- | In all countries, officers have | responsibility for Political/Economic |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$ - Political/Economic

- 13 out of 16 countries Administration
- 10 of 16 - Trade
- Trade
- 12 of 16 - Aid
- 8 of 16 - Immigration, +3 who have responsibility for consular affairs

|  | Participants | DFAIT/CIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Education | Master's degree required in 50\% of countries; $75 \%$ of int'l orgs (most have Master's or higher) | - Undergraduate degree required (most have undergrad) |
| Years of Experience | $79 \%$ of countries have no work experience requirement (but 44\% have $2+$ years exp) | - No experience required (most have less than 2 years exp.) |
| Languages | $63 \%$ of countries and all int'l orgs require knowledge of one or more foreign languages | - Knowledge of English and French required |
| Positions recruited into | 94\% recruit into the Foreign Service in general, but 50\% also recruit into specific positions such as lawyer or economist - but pay as Foreign Service officer | - Recruit into Foreign Servi in general |
| Mid-career Recruitment | $57 \%$ of countries and all int'l orgs recruit in mid-career as well as early career | - No recruitment in midcareer |

## Training and Posting Information

Participants
DFAIT/CIC

|  <br> Training | In 10 of 16 countries, less than one year initial training | FSDP: 5 years training development |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length of Posting Term | 3.4 years among countries; 2.9 at other organizations | 3.5 years on average |
| Notice of posting | Countries provide 5.7 months advance notice, while other organizations provide 2.9 months | 6 months advance notic |
| Nature of Rotationality | 44\% of Countries rotate between home and posting; in other countries, either return home after two or more postings or go from posting to posting. | DFAIT: rotate between home and postings CIC: 2 postings, then home, then 2 postings |



## Career Progression

- Progression typically is based on performance and secondly on availability of an opening
- Progression is based on performance and years of experience in grade. For promotion to EX-01, also need simulation exercise, interview, and opening at that level.
- 3 years at lowest level; 14 years - 5 years at FSDP and 10 years at in combined $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ levels
- The annual rate of promotion for countries is $22 \%$ to the second level, $15 \%$ to the third level and $13 \%$ to the fourth level.

FS-02

- Annual promotion rate is approximately $18 \%$ to FS-02 and 4\% to EX-01.


## Attrition

57\% of respondents have 0-2\% attrition.

- $21 \%$ of respondents have $3-5 \%$.

Attrition at the lower level is mainly due to voluntary separation.
-1) At higher levels attrition is due mainly to retirement/death.

Career change is main reason for voluntary separation, followed by family or spousal career.

- DFAIT/CIC attrition: 3-4\% for all FS.

All separation at FSDP level is voluntary.

- $58 \%$ of FS-02 separation is voluntary; $42 \%$ is due to retirement/death.
- Family or spousal career is main reason for voluntary separation, followed by compensation.
- Structure and Management Practices
- Compensation
- Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues
- Conditions of Service Abroad


## Compensation - Matching Jobs

- Respondents were asked to match their positions to the four positions (Job A, B, C and D) explained in the questionnaire, and to indicate if the jobs had heavier or lighter responsibility than those described in the survey.
- Respondents were asked for minimum, maximum, and average actual salary for each level indicated by the respondent.
- Where a respondent provided two matches to one of the jobs, we took an average and calculated the figure as one data point.


## Base Salary - All Respondents

|  | No. Participants Min/Max | Minimum Salary |  | Maximum Salary |  | No. Participants Avg. Actual | Average Actual Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Job } \\ \text { A } \end{gathered}$ | 17 | \$39,570 | \$49,055 | \$51,937 | \$68,034 | 12 | \$40,249 | \$58,918 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Job } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | 17 |  | \$62,255 |  | \$85,979 | 12 |  | \$75,385 |
| Job | 18 | \$50,475 | \$83,739 | \$75,423 | \$119,749 | 12 | 67,450 | \$101,478 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Job } \\ D \end{gathered}$ | 20 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 82,700 \\ & (\text { EX-01 } \\ & \text { Min) } \end{aligned}$ | \$102,963 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 97,400 \\ & (E X-01 \\ & \text { Max) } \end{aligned}$ | \$148,461 | 14 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 91,066 \\ & (E X-01) \end{aligned}$ | \$135,727 |

Note: All figures have been converted to Canadian dollars, but have not been adjusted to take into account different taxation levels, cost of living, and purchasing power parity.


## Base Salary - All Countries

|  | No. <br> Participants <br> Min/Max | Minimum Salary |  | Maximum <br> Salary |  | No. <br> Participants <br> Avg. Actual | Average Actual <br> Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |  |
| Job <br> A | 14 | $\$ 39,570$ | $\$ 42,412$ | $\$ 51,937$ | $\$ 58,049$ | 10 | $\$ 40,249$ | $\$ 49,141$ |
| Job <br> B | 14 |  | $\$ 55,486$ |  | $\$ 75,024$ | 10 |  | $\$ \mathbf{\$ 5 , 1 8 7}$ |
| Job <br> C | 13 | $\$ 50,475$ | $\$ 73,396$ | $\$ 75,423$ |  | $\$ 101,593$ | 9 | $\$ 67,450$ |

Note: All figures have been converted to Canadian dollars, but have not been adjusted to take into account different taxation levels, cost of living, and purchasing power parity.


## Base Salary - All Countries Excluding Two Highest Data Points for Each Level

|  | No. <br> Participants <br> Min/Max | Minimum <br> Salary |  | Maximum <br> Salary |  | No. <br> Participants <br> Avg. Actual | Average Actual <br> Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |  |
| Job <br> A | 12 | $\$ 39,570$ | $\$ 36,946$ | $\$ 51,937$ | $\$ 50,265$ | 8 | $\$ 40,249$ | $\$ 41,939$ |
| Job <br> B | 12 |  | $\$ 48,335$ |  | $\$ 64,912$ | 8 |  | $\$ \mathbf{5 6 , 0 1 0}$ |
| Job <br> C | 11 | $\$ 50,475$ | $\$ 64,217$ | $\$ 75,423$ |  | $\$ 87,706$ | 7 | $\$ 67,450$ |

Note: All figures have been converted to Canadian dollars, but have not been adjusted to take into account different taxation levels, cost of living, and purchasing power parity.

All Countries Excluding Two Highest Countries Overall

|  | No. <br> Participants <br> Min/Max | Minimum <br> Salary |  | Maximum <br> Salary |  | No. <br> Participants <br> Avg. Actual | Average Actual <br> Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |  |
| Job <br> A | 12 | $\$ 39,570$ | $\$ 36,946$ | $\$ 51,937$ | $\$ 50,265$ | 9 | $\$ 40,249$ | $\$ 43,280$ |
| Job <br> B | 12 |  | $\$ 48,335$ |  | $\$ 64,912$ | 9 |  | $\$ 59,491$ |
| Job <br> C | 11 | $\$ 50,475$ | $\$ 51,691$ | $\$ 75,423$ | $\$ 88,854$ | 8 | $\$ 7,450$ |  |
| Job <br> D | 12 | $\$ 82,700$ <br> (EX-01 <br> Min) | $\$ 76,775$ |  | $\$ 97,400$ <br> (EX-01 <br> Max) | $\$ 113,285$ | 68 | $\$ 91,066$ <br> $(E X-01)$ |

Note: All figures have been converted to Canadian dollars, but have not been adjusted to take into account different taxation levels, cost of living, and purchasing power parity.

## Base Salary - Other Organizations

|  | No. Participants Min/Max | Minimum Salary |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Maximum } \\ & \text { Salary } \end{aligned}$ |  | No. Participants Avg. Actual | Average Actual Salary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Canada | Survey | Canada | Survey |  | Canada | Survey |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Job} \\ \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | 3 | \$39,570 | \$80,053 | \$51,937 | \$114,627 | 2 | \$40,249 | \$107,804 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Job } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | 3 |  | \$93,842 |  | \$137,103 | 2 |  | \$126,371 |
| Job | 5 |  | \$110,629 |  | \$166,954 | 3 |  | \$152,539 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Job } \\ \text { D } \end{gathered}$ | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 82,700 \\ & (\text { EX-01 } \\ & \text { Min) } \end{aligned}$ | \$133,047 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 97,400 \\ & (\text { EX-01 } \\ & \text { Max) } \end{aligned}$ | \$204,467 | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 91,066 \\ & (\mathrm{EX}-01) \end{aligned}$ | \$173,971 |

Note: All figures have been converted to Canadian dollars, but have not been adjusted to take into account different taxation levels, cost of living, and purchasing power parity.

## Progression Through the Salary Range

## Participants

- Officers in $40 \%$ of countries and $11 \%$ of other organizations move through the salary range based on a steprated grid based on seniority
- In $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ of countries and $33 \%$ of other organizations have a percentagerated grid based on performance
- In $20 \%$ of countries and $44 \%$ of other orgs - individually determined increments based on performance
- $76 \%$ - five years or more to move from the minimum to the maximum in a salary range


## DFAIT/CIC

- Step-rated grid based on performance - FSDP; percentagerated grid based on performance for FS-02
- 5 years or more to move to the maximum in a salary range


# Compensation of FS vs. Other Civil Service - Survey ${ }^{{ }^{\text {Pape }}}$ 

## Participants

DFAIT/CIC

- $42 \%$ of countries said salaries are comparable to other civil service jobs
- $21 \%$ said salaries are in top $30 \%$
- $7 \%$ - top $20 \%$
- $14 \%$ - top $10 \%$
- FS Salaries are in top $30 \%$ of the entire public service
- Structure and Management Practices
- Compensation
- Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues
- Conditions of Service Abroad



## Participants

- $63 \%$ of countries/50\% of int'l orgs/ $0 \%$ of companies said allowances include an amount for the spouse
- Amount of assistance equivalent to anywhere between $2.5 \%$ of salary to $\$ 16,000$ - average of $\$ 6,203$ for 7 respondents that provided figures
- $56 \%$ of countries and one int'l org provide some sort of pension assistance: 4 provide compensation for the loss of pension; 3 provide supplemental pension benefits, and 4 allow spouse to continue to accrue pension


## DFAIT/CIC

- Additional allowance amount for spouse or other dependent
- Equivalent to \$4,560 (8\% of salary) on average
- No pension assistance


## Employment Assistance

## Participants

DFAIT/CIC

- Typically none in home country
- $60 \%$ of countries assist in obtaining work permit in host country
- $50 \%$ of countries employ spouse as local staff member if a suitable position is available, usually as a local hire
- In Canada: pay for job search expenses; provide allowance to cover prof. certification; career counselling
- Abroad: assist to obtain work permit; employ as local staff member; canvass other orgs for jobs; pay job search expenses; provide allowance to cover prof. certification; provide career counselling


## Survey Findings

- Structure and Management Practices
- Compensation
- Management of Family, Dual-Income and Dual-Career Issues
- Conditions of Service Abroad


## Posting Orientation and Relocation

## Participants

- Language training for FSO and spouse is provided to officer and spouse for $76 \%$ of respondents
- Cross-cultural training offered by half ( $12 \%$ to officer only; $40 \%$ to officer and spouse)
- Pre-assignment suitability testing is uncommon
- Pre-move and pre-repatriation relocation orientation is typical

DFAIT/CIC

- Language training for officer and spouse
- Cross-cultural training provided
- No pre-assignment suitability testing
- Pre-move and prerepatriation provided


## Allowances and Premiums

## Participants

- 10 out of 16 countries do not provide incentive premiums - but 3 provide a separate allowance
- 14 out of 16 countries pay hardship premium
- All provide cost-of-living allowance - 69\% of countries as \% of salary; $25 \%$ as lump sum
- Allowances and premiums are generally non-taxable

DFAIT/CIC

- Incentive premium provided
- Hardship premium provided
- COLA provided as \% of salary
- Allowances are nontaxable


## Participants

Home - Assistance with home country
Country residence is rare

- Provides assistance with sale and purchase of home once per career

DFAIT/CIC

- Pays for 3rd-party home management services

Host - All countries provide housing
assistance

- $63 \%$ of countries do not require officer to pay rent share
- Half provide some assistance to families who stay behind temporarily
- Officers pay rent share
- Assistance to families who stay behind temporarily


## Perquisites, Education/Care of Dependents

## Participants

DFAIT/CIC

- No club membership
- Representation allowance at certain levels
- No car below HOM or certain Deputy HOM at major missions.

Education/ - Private school expenses are Care usually covered, but in 38\% of countries, only if local public schools are deemed inadequate

- $6 \%$ of countries pay for day care at home; 41\% on posting
- Private school costs covered if local schools inadequate
- Day care cost differential between home and host country is paid

Participants
Home leave eligibility is split between once per year (44\%) and once every 23 years for countries (43\%)

- Only $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ of countries and $56 \%$ of other organizations allow the employee to use home leave to travel to a different location
- R\&R leaves are common for hardship locations (63\% of countries)
- The number of R\&R leaves per year usually depends on the posting location

DFAIT/CIC

- Frequency of home leave varies from 1 trip per posting to 1 trip per year
- Will reimburse for travel home or elsewhere
- R\&R leave for all officers posted abroad
- R\&R leave once per year
- The findings from the study lead us to the question: What next?
- PwC Consulting would be pleased to assist in the development and implementation of a strategy to address issues raised by the FS Study.




## About the Survey (cont'd)

Response Rate: Of the approximately 1,047 potential participants, 837 responded to the survey, a response rate of $80 \%$. This is considered a high response rate for an Employee Opinion Survey, and supports a high degree of reliability in the results.
Survey Analysis and Reporting: Survey data was compiled and reviewed by William M. Mercer. In accordance with the project parameters established by the FS Study Team, three data books (sets) were produced as follows.

## 1) Total respondents 2) Single respondents 3) Married respondents

In addition, Mercer produced a data set for all respondents who answered "Strongly agree "or "Agree" to question 3.1b "/ intend to leave the Foreign Service within the next year or at the end of my current assignment." The fact that nearly $25 \%$ of respondents agreed or strongly agreed with the above statement, and a further $24 \%$ responded that they were undecided, provided a compelling reason to produce a separate data set in order identify key gap areas.
Respondents had the opportunity to provide written comments to 2 questions:

1) If you answered disagree or strongly disagree to the statement "My department will take action on the findings of this survey", what would it take to change your opinion
2) The most important action that could be taken in the next year to support retention of Foreign Service Officers is .
These comments are included in appendices 1 and 2 respectively.

Report Structure: This report is structured under the following sections:

## respondent demographics

[^4]
Highlights of Demographics
A total of 837 employees responded to the survey. Of these, 615 (73\%) were married, and $222(27 \%)$ were single.
A complete demographic profile is listed in the Background Information Section of the report. Below are key highlights of the demographic characteristics.

Nature of Foreign Service Work (cont'd)
Sixty-six percent of the respondents indicated that the best thing about the Foreign Service is the nature of the work.
Approximately half of the Foreign Service's employees agreed or strongly agreed with the statements:

- My work provides a sense of accomplishment (52\%)
My work is important to the success of my department (53\%)
Unfavourable Responses
Experiences
Less than half of the respondents stated that the work expected of them is appropriate:
- When they are based in their Headquarters city ( $42 \%$ ), with $20 \%$ stating that it is hardly every appropriate When they are assigned abroad (33\%), with $28 \%$ stating that it is hardly ever appropriate
Almost 25\% of employees would hardly ever recommend the Foreign Service as a good place to work.
Expectations
saying that it is unimportant.
Nature of Foreign Service Work (cont'd)
Expectations and experience comparison
In this section, participants answered questions about their experience related to various elements of their work. They were also asked about the importance of these elements. Comparing the responses to these two sets of questions enabled an assessment of areas where the nature of the work at the Foreign Service is and/or is not meeting employee expectations. (See Expectations and Experience Comparison section for more detailed charts of this comparison.)
Foreign Service work meet employee expectations in providing them with the opportunity to be part of a team influencing Canadian policy, teamwork amongst colleagues both when based in the Headquarters city and when assigned abroad, and working with quality colleagues. In these instances, the gap between employee expectations and their experience at the Foreign Service is less than $10 \%$.
The nature of Foreign Service work appears to fall short in meeting employee expectations of work that provides a sense of accomplishment, and that makes good use of employee skills and abilities. In these instances, the gap between employee expectations and their experience is more than $40 \%$.


## 

Participants were asked to comment on various aspects of their career with the Foreign Service, including processes for receiving assignments or promotions, training opportunities, transferability of their skills and other aspects of career and growth. They were also asked to indicate the top 3 factors that would cause them to leave the Foreign Service.
While $77 \%$ of respondents answered that when they entered the Foreign Service, they viewed it as a lifetime career, only $28 \%$ responded that they intend to spend their entire career with the Foreign Service. In fact, nearly $25 \%$ of employees indicated that they intend to leave the Foreign Service within the next year or at the end of their current assignment, and another $24 \%$ were undecided.
The top three factors that would cause employees to leave the Foreign Service include:

1) Better financial remuneration outside the Foreign Service-77\% 2) Potential for career advancement outside the Foreign Service - $54 \%$
2) Spousal-related issues (e.g., loss of income, pension, separation) - 39\%

## Less than $25 \%$ of participants agreed or strongly agreed that:

Assignments are based on a clear, transparent and defensible process (14\%)
The Foreign Service offers sufficient career opportunities compared with equivalent employee groups (18\%) They are optimistic that they can meet their career objectives if they stay with the Foreign Service (21\%)
$66 \%$ of employees agreed or strongly agreed that their training opportunities are sufficient to do their current job $39 \%$ that their training opportunities are sufficient to prepare them for their next assignment
$19 \%$ that their training opportunities are sufficient to prepare them for a promotion
The majority of employees responded that their skills are easily transferable to another government department or agency (90\%), an international organization (90\%), or the private sector (76\%).
Training is identified as another significant area of concern:

- $66 \%$ of employees agreed or strongly agreed that their training opportunities are sufficient to do their current job
$39 \%$ that their training opportunities are sufficient to prepare them for their next assignment
19\% that their training opportunities are sufficient to prepare them for a promotion
The majority of employees responded that their skills are easily transferable to another government department or agency
(90\%), an international organization ( $90 \%$ ), or the private sector ( $76 \%$ ).


## Assignments Abroad

Employees were asked to comment on how important various factors are in evaluating an assignment abroad. The following provides a list of factors in descending order of importance for the total group. The percentages below indicate the percentage of employees who responded that the factor was important or very important to them. The figure in
brackets represents the ranking of the top 5 elements. The table shows the responses for the total group, married, and
single groups.

| Factor | Total Group | Married | Single |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The job package (duties, responsibilities) | 95\% (1) | 94\% (1) | 95\% (1) |
| Your immediate supervisor and/or Head of Mission | 85\% (2) | 83\% (4) | 89\% (2) |
| The position or level being offered | 84\% (3) | 84\% (3) | 82\% (3) |
| Hardship-related elements (e.g., pollution, isolation, culture/language, medical care, and health issues, security/safety) | 70\% (4) | 72\% | 59\% (5) |
| Interest of your spouse/common-law partner in living and/or working abroad | 69\% (5) | 88\% (2) | 17\% |
| Quality of the team at the Mission | 67\% | 64\% | 76\% (4) |
| Impediments to spousal employment (e.g., cultural, language, wage rates, professional certification requirements, etc.) | 59\% | 74\% (5) | 16\% |
| Loss of spousal/common-law partner income/job career/pension/professional certification | 56\% | 71\% | 15\% |
| Culture or language issues which could impede mobility/comfort of spouse/common-law partner/children | 50\% | 62\% | 16\% |
| The Post Hardship Level (FSD 58) | 46\% | 45\% | 45\% |


| Factor | Total Group | Married | Single |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mission support to assist spouse/common-law <br> partner/children in integrating into new culture | $41 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| The Post Index (FSD 55) | $38 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| Access to affordable domestic help/childcare or supervised <br> after-school activities | $29 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| Distance of post from friends and family in Canada | $29 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $32 \%$ |

[^5]Approximately 60\% of employees agree or strongly agreed:
Unfavourable Responses

## fair and adequate (28\%)

provide sufficient financial incentives to serve abroad (27\%)
flexible enough to meet special circumstances (20\%).
Less than $20 \%$ of employees have confidence in the methodology used to calculate the Post Index. Thirty-eight percent
are satisfied with the Post Index (FSD 55) at their current (last) post.

## Favourable Responses

Approximately 70\% of respondents stated that their Head of Mission/Senior Manager stands behind his/her staff, and ensures all employees are treated with respect. Furthermore, $80 \%$ stated that their supervisor shows flexibility when employees have to face special demands in their personal or family lives.

## Management Practices

There are a number of mixed messages around management practices in the Foreign Service. Many of these messages refer to the Head of Mission/Senior Manager. For example, between 50\% and 66\% agreed or strongly agreed with following statements about their Head of Mission/Senior Manager:
My supervisor has sufficient knowledge of the department's performance measures to be able to assess performance fairly (63\%)
My Head of Mission/Senior Manager demonstrates leadership I respect (61\%)
My Head of Mission is held accountable for his/her actions (52\%)
I am satisfied with my involvement in decisions that are a result of my work. (65\%)
I have an opportunity to contribute ideas before changes are made which affect them. (51\%)
Unfavourable Responses
In terms of performance assessment, less than half of the respondents agreed or strongly agreed: - My supervisor sets clear, measurable objectives early in the year (40\%)
Fair measures are used to assess my performance (46\%)

## Management Practices (cont'd)

Participants also responded unfavourably that their Head of Mission takes steps to limit any negative effects of work on their life outside the office ( $42 \%$ agreed or strongly agreed), and that they are supported for taking action necessary to accomplish objectives rather than waiting for directions (41\%).

[^6]Final Thoughts
Less than $25 \%$ of employees stated that their department will take action as a result of the findings of this survey.
Respondents who disagreed, or strongly disagreed with the statement "My department will take action on the results of the findings of this survey" were asked what would it take to change their opinion. Six hundred and twenty participants responded that they disagreed, or strongly disagreed with the statement. Five hundred and ninety five participants provided comments on what it would take to change their opinion. These comments are included in Appendix 1. While these comments are very useful, it is important to review them with caution and to refrain from drawing conclusions from isolated comments.

Survey Highlights for employees who responded "I intend to leave the Foreign Service within the
next year or at the end of my current assignment (cont d)

| Question | Response | \% of respondents in the Total Group | \% of respondents in the subset | \% <br> Gap |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| My Head of Mission/Senior Manager deals in a timely manner with professional or personal concerns raised by employees | Strongly Disagree and Disagree | 29\% | 45\% | -16\% |
| Employees are supported for taking action necessary to accomplish objectives rather than waiting for directions |  | 46\% | 62\% | -16\% |
| My Head of Mission/Senior Manager takes steps to limit any negative effects of work on my life outside the office |  | 47\% | 62\% | -15\% |
| I have an opportunity to contribute my ideas before changes are made that affect me | Strongly Agree and Agree | 51\% | 36\% | 15\% |
| My Head of Mission/Senior Manager demonstrates leadership I respect |  | 61\% | 46\% | 15\% |
| My Head of Mission/Senior Manager is held accountable for his/her actions. |  | 52\% | 36\% | 16\% |
| My general work environment is satisfactory | All of the time and Most of the Time | 58\% | 40\% | 18\% |
| I would recommend the Foreign Service as a good place to work |  | 28\% | 10\% | 18\% |
| As of today, I am interested in being a rotational Foreign Service Officer serving in Canada and abroad | Strongly Agree and Agree | 76\% | 40\% | 36\% |

Working Group on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officer -... Page 1 of 2

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# Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers The FS Retention Survey 

## 2001-06-08 - The Steering Committee of the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers

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In May we provided you with an update on the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers. This study is a collaborative effort by the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT), the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers (PAFSO), Citizenship and Immigration (CIC) and the Treasury Board Secretariat.

We informed you that William M. Mercer (Toronto) had been hired to conduct a Retention Survey of FS Officers with a view to providing an understanding of the scope of the retention issues at DFAIT and CIC, along with the factors and rationale for separation. The four stakeholders worked together with Mercer to develop a retention survey questionnaire. That questionnaire underwent extensive testing, including with Focus Groups of FS Officers in Ottawa, Beijing, London and Paris. Mercer is now preparing the web-based version of the retention survey and expects to have it operational in about two weeks. At that time we will direct you to the website and provide instructions on completing the survey.

On Friday, June 15, we will send out the Web-based address and a generic password to be used by all FS Officers responding to the FS Retention survey. The online survey will be accessible from Monday, June 18 until Friday, June 29. Since the survey will be hosted on the Internet, you may access it from work or from your home Internet provider. As part of the web-based survey format, Mercer has implemented technical measures to ensure the confidentiality of all responses and to maintain the anonymity of individual FS Officer respondents. These technical measures ensure that individual characteristics cannot be identified in any manner, either during the collection, or the analysis of the data. You will not be asked to sign your name, or to identify your exact assignment at any point during the survey.

We cannot stress too highly the importance of responding to the survey. We have all heard anecdotal evidence about why FS officers choose to leave the Foreign Service. The survey will give us some hard evidence about conditions in the Foreign Service and why some of you may be thinking of leaving. There are no correct answers. We are seeking your candid response to each question.

The survey will be addressed to Foreign Service officers only, including those on Leave Without Pay and on Secondment. We will also ask the 29 FS Officers who left the Foreign Service in the last year to respond to the survey. Mercer will conduct the survey in its entirety and will compile, analyze and present the findings to the four stakeholders. The results of the retention survey will be made available on the HR Website shortly after Mercer provides them to the four stakeholders.

The survey itself is one of a number of components of the work underway on retention in the context of the Comparative Study. The Treasury Board Secretariat is examining the data available from the Public Service

# Working Group on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officer -... Page 2 of 2 

related to retention of FS Officers from 1985 to the present. At DFAIT and C\&I, we are reviewing our files to gather whatever information is available about the reasons why FS officers left the Foreign Service over the past five years.

Clearly, retention is an important element of the Comparative Study. A high response rate for the retention survey will provide a sound basis to inform the management practices of DFAIT and CIC, as well as provide a factual basis from which to set clear priorities for addressing some of the issues.
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# Update on the Comparative Study <br> on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers (FS Study) 

## 2001-05-10 - The Steering Committee of the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers

[Home]
In early March we provided you with an update on the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers. This study is a collaborative effort by the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT), the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers, Citizenship and Immigration (CIC) and the Treasury Board Secretariat.

As we said in March, the objectives of the study are two-fold:

1. To provide a common factual understanding of some of the key comparative characteristics of the nature of the work of Foreign Service Officers and of the environment under which they operate; and
2. To provide comparative data about Canadian public service groups with similar work responsibilities, other foreign services, and a number of private sector and international organizations which have assignments abroad.

## What has been accomplished since our last update?

1. Adele Furrie Consultants has produced a review of literature focussing on the practices and issues of managing a foreign service assignment process and environment as studied over the past five years. These findings are now being integrated into the Statement of Work of the Comparative Study.
2. Mercer International (Toronto) has been hired to conduct an FS Officer Retention survey with a view to providing an understanding of the scope of the retention issues at DFAIT and CIC, along with the factors and rationale for separation. This will be the first-ever retention survey to be carried out for DFAIT and CIC. The four stakeholders have worked together with Mercer International to develop a retention survey questionnaire, which has now been tested by Focus Groups of DFAIT and CIC FS Officers serving in Ottawa, Beijing, Paris and London.
All FS Officers will be receiving a web-based retention survey questionnaire in the next few weeks that will seek their input on these issues. We urge all FS Officers to respond to the questionnaire as their views are an important element of the Comparative Study. The findings of the retention survey will then be used to further refine the scope of the Comparative Study. The findings will also give us a sound basis upon which to inform our management practices and to prioritize some of the issues for action.
3. Consulting and Audit Canada (CAC) has worked with us to prepare the competitive process for selecting an independent consulting firm to conduct the comparative study. DFAIT will be the actual contracting authority for the study.

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## What are the next steps?

1. We anticipate launching the FS Retention Survey in the latter half of May. The results of the survey will be made available on the HR Website shortly after Mercer International provides them to the four stakeholders.
2. The Request for Proposal (RFP) to conduct the Comparative Study will be put out to tender later this month. Consultants will then have 40 days in which to submit proposals. Bids can only by evaluated at the close of that 40 -day period.
3. Once the 40 -day period has elapsed, representatives of the four stakeholders will evaluate the bids and select the successful bidder.
4. The proposed contract must then be reviewed by DFAIT's Contract Review Board to ensure that it meets all necessary criteria.
5. We are now anticipating a preliminary report on the findings of the Comparative Study in mid-November, with the final report due at the end of December.

This process has taken longer than the time frame of which we originally informed you in March. The extra time was necessary to ensure that we undertake a study that meets both the objectives set out above, as well as the best practices for contracting a study of this type. We believe that to be the case now.

For further information, please contact:
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# Update on the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers (FS Study) 

2001-03-05 - The Steering Committee of the Comparative Study on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers

Last September, Deputy Ministers Gaëtan Lavertu and Robert G. Wright announced the launching of a comparative study on the terms and conditions of employment of Foreign Service Officers. The study is a collaborative effort by the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade, the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers, Citizenship and Immigration, and the Treasury Board Secretariat.

What is the Governance Structure?
A Steering Committee has been struck and is chaired by Suzanne Laporte, Assistance Deputy Minister, Human Resources, Foreign Affairs and International Trade. Representing the other three stakeholders are Glynnis French, Assistant Secretary, Strategic Planning and Analysis, Human Resources Branch, Treasury Board of Canada, Secretariat, Martha Nixon, Assistant Deputy Minister, Operations, Citizenship and Immigration Canada, and James Gould, President of the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers. The Working Group also has representatives of each of the four stakeholders. Formerly chaired by Serge April, the new Chair of the Working Group as of February $14^{\text {th }}$ is Elaine Feldman. A Secretariat has also been established.

## Why do we need a comparative study?

The study was prompted by comments made by FS officers on the conditions of employment and the environment in which they operate, DFAIT's Human Resources Strategy, and the last round of FS contract negotiations. The study has been launched to provide current, credible data and documentation to evaluate issues relating to terms and conditions of employment of Foreign Service officers. The findings of the FS Study are not to provide the basis of a negotiation platform.

The objectives of the study are two-fold:

- -To provide a common factual understanding of some of the key comparative characteristics of the nature of the work of Foreign Service Officers and of the environment under which they operate; and,
-     - To provide comparative data about Canadian public service groups with similar work responsibilities, other foreign services, and a number of private sector and international organizations which have foreign assignments abroad.

The scope of the study will include:

- A comparison of salaries and benefits of Foreign Service officers with equivalent professional groups within the Public Serivce, with foreign services of relevant OECD countries, and with a number of relevant private sector and international organizations which have extensive foreign operations;
- -An analysis of dual-career and dual-income issues from the perspective of rotationality; and,
- 'A review of best practices regarding the management of a foreign assignment process.


## Outcome:

- -A study that provides current, credible data and documentation that can be used by all four stakeholders to inform the practices for managing the foreign service.
- -A study that provides a body of information and literature that can be used to broaden areas of agreement while limiting areas for potential disagreement within a rotational foreign assignment environment.


## What has been accomplished to-date?

- A Working Group representing the four stakeholders has developed the Terms of Reference to conduct the FS Study. (The Terms of Reference can be viewed on the HR Web Site at http://intranet/department/hr/wgis/wgfsTandC-e.asp).
-     - Consulting and Audit Canada has been contracted to provide advice on methodology on the statement of work.
- A consultant is being hired to conduct a retention study that will provide an understanding of the scope of the retention issues at DFAIT and C\&I, along with the factors and rationale for separation.
- -Adele Furrie Consultants have been hired to conduct a review of literature focussing on the practices and issues of managing a foreign service assignment process and environment as studied over the past five years.


## What are the next steps?

- -Consulting and Audit Canada (CAC) will manage the competitive process for selecting an independent consulting firm to conduct the comparative study. Tendering is to be completed by the end of April.
- -The findings of the Retention Study and the Current Literature Review, both due mid-April, will be used to refine the scope of the Comparative Study.
- A preliminary report on the findings of the FS Study is anticipated by the end of the summer, with the final analytical report being available at the end of September.

For further information, please contact:
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# Working Group on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers 

## The Terms of Reference

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## Background:

Members of the Foreign Service group and other professional rotational groups, mainly at the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT) and the Department of Citizenship and Immigration (CIC), play a key role in the delivery of the Government's international policy, trade and immigration agendas.

The DFAIT Human Resources Strategy and recent contract negotiations with the Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers (PAFSO) have brought to the fore the unique conditions and environment in which members of this group operate. They have also pointed out that the majority of Foreign Service Officers are of the opinion that they are not being compensated equitably for the aforesaid conditions or environment. The importance of an effective and motivated Foreign Service to the continued well-being of Canadians makes it imperative that the facts of the situation be determined in an agreed, thorough and objective manner.

Other factors have also led to a need for a study of comparative terms and conditions of employment for Foreign Service Officers, including:

- -high levels of attrition among all officers, notably the younger ones;
- -new social realities such as dual income households, the impact of rotationality on foreign service spouses, and elder care;
- -a highly competitive labour market;
- -concerns about recruiting and retaining the most suitable candidates;
- -issues of internal and external relativities in the conditions and terms of employment in the Foreign Service;
- -current demographic challenges;
- -retention of senior officers eligible for early retirement and
- -initiatives to make the Public Service an exemplary employer.

Such a study would provide the parties with a common set of comparators to evaluate issues of joint concern.
It is therefore agreed that a joint comparative study will be undertaken by a Working Group composed of four stakeholders (TB, C\&I, DFAIT and PAFSO).

## Objective:

The objective of the study is:

- To provide a common factual understanding of some of the key comparative characteristics of the nature of the work of Foreign Service Officers and of the environment under which they operate; and,
- To establish comparisons with relevant occupational groups in the Canadian Public Service, other likeminded foreign services, and a number of relevant private sector and international organizations with a view to drawing conclusions that can serve as a guide to develop a compensation and management framework that will respond to the issues noted above.


## Mandate:

The Working Group will produce studies that:

- Compare the compensation (salaries and benefits) of FS officers with equivalent professional groups within the Government of Canada, with Foreign Services of relevant OECD countries, and with a number of relevant private sector and international organizations;
- Compare conditions of service abroad, particularly dual career issues, and the impact of rotationality, with those of the Foreign Services of relevant OECD countries and a number of relevant private sector and international organizations; and,
- Review management policies and best practices regarding human resource management, rotationality and postings, particularly with other relevant OECD countries and with a number of relevant private sector and international organizations.


## Scope:

The Working Group will take into account the results of studies conducted since 1995 on these subjects and may refer to key earlier landmark studies, as well as the conditions of service in the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the Canadian International Development Agency and National Defense where rotationality and service abroad are, on occasion, factors. The Working Group will focus on the acquisition and tabulation of data to this effect.

Given the short time frame, the Working Group will focus on priority issues as identified by the Working Group and approved by the Steering Committee.

The Working Group will submit an analytical report, based on factual data, and highlight key findings. It will not make recommendations.

## Governance Structure:

The overall governance of the project will be under the authority of a Steering Committee composed of the Assistant Secretary, Strategic Planning and Analysis, Treasury Board Secretariat, the Assistant Deputy Minister (Human Resources) at DFAIT, the Assistant Deputy Minister(Operations) at CIC and the President of PAFSO.

The Steering Committee will operate by consensus to give overall direction on the scope and conduct of the study to the Working Group.

The Working Group will report to the Steering Committee on a regular basis and as frequently as required.

## Composition of the Working Group:

Working Group on the Terms and Conditions of Employment of Foreign Service Officers

The Working Group will be established with representatives from TBS, DFAIT, CIC and PAFSO, and will determine its methods of operation.

The Working Group will be coordinated by a senior official from the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade.

All members of the Working Group will have equal and unfettered access to all data collected and to the process and outcome of all consultations.

## Consultation:

The Working Group will consult with bargaining agents other than PAFSO that represent rotational groups, as well as with other interested organizations, such as CIDA and the Foreign Service Community Association (FSCA).

## Funding:

Source and level of funding will be determined by the Working Group.
The funding will allow for the hiring of experts and consultants, as required and approved by the Steering Committee.

## Resources:

Each department will contribute resources in kind, including experts and use of diplomatic staff abroad to collect information from foreign ministries, if necessary.

## Calendar:

# Foreign Service Pay and Benefits Working Group 

## Critical Path

- December: Creation of the Working Group with representatives from:


## Treasury Board Secretariat

Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade
Department of Citizenship and Immigration
Professional Association of Foreign Service Officers

- January: Terms of Reference approved by Steering Committee
- Mid-January: Costed Work Plan submitted to Steering Committee
- ": Consultants identified and selected

Gathering of Information/Date initiated

- End-March: Tabling of situation report
- End of April: Completion of information gathering
- End of May: Completion of analysis
- June: Tabling of Report


## Communications:

The Working Group is to establish an on-going process of communication amongst the major stakeholders and to the broader FS community. All outreach messaging is to be agreed by all stakeholders in advance of publication.

The Communication Strategy must incorporate mechanisms or vehicles that facilitate the provision of factual information at varying times to different interested parties or audiences.

A Secretariat will be established by the Working Group to act as the coordinator of all agreed messages communicated in respect of the study.

Dated: 11 January 2001

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[^0]:    *Additional categories not found in FS Retention Survey data

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ The reader should bear in mind that matching jobs and compensation plans between different organizations to obtain comparative data is challenging even when the organizations being compared are part of the same labour market. Matching such information between countries that may have very different classification and compensation regimes can present a particular challenge. PwC has endeavoured to mitigate this challenge by ensuring respondents read and understood the descriptions, including the fact that level D was an executive level in Canada.

[^2]:    Note: Number of observations may differ from the number of respondents for each level because some respondents submitted two figures for one level.
    In the average for each level, each respondent counts as one data point. Where a respondent submitted more than one salary for a level, the figures were averaged and

[^3]:    Note: Some of the respondents are not included in the table because they requested confidentiality. Their data are only included in the Summary Results Table.

[^4]:    graphic displays for each survey question, comparing three data sets (total, married, single) graphic displays correlating the expectations of and evidence of various nature of work factors
    graphic displays for those respondents planning to leave the Foreign Service, comparing three data sets (total,

[^5]:    In addition, 59\% of employees stated that the pre-posting briefings that were offered to them (and their spouse/common law partner) were suitable, compared to $19 \%$ who stated that the briefings to facilitate repatriation to Canada from abroad were suitable.

[^6]:    Employees also have little confidence (less than 30\% agreed or strongly agreed) in their department's system for handling employee problems and complaints, both when they are in their Headquarters city, or when they are assigned abroad.

    Twenty-one percent of employees responded that HR policies are applied equitably to all employees.

