LATORS

ice of Messry, Ball. & Son, P. Nouron, Tuos, Angue, ce, Charlottetown, and to be Masschine, the celebrated, Mill View, the Houble, Jas cived and returned with des

CLARKE.

overate.

OKER. &c., d the SCALES on

s Wharf, weighing of COAL, OATS

- P. E. Island. ERICAN HOTEL

- CHARLOTTETOWN erly known as the "GLOBE argest in the City and centrally hed for the reception of personaters. The subscriber trusts, by rants and comfort of his friends to merit a share of public pa Quons always on hand. Good of horses, with a careful hostles OHN MURPHY, Proprietor

mary Hair Cleaner, tion for the foliat and Nursery hignest degree, the property of re uff from the Head, and by its invi-casing the growth of the Hair. W.R. WATSON.

v. 23, 1867. PEST AND SAFEST

DOCTOR. way's Pills.

d edicine ranks among the leading It is well known to the world that ts other remedies cannot reach the d as that the sun lights the world. the Liver and Stomach. some period of their lives, suffer from nt of the liver, stomach or bowels, removed, frequenty settle into a dan-rell known in India, and other tropi-oway's Fills are the only remedy that a cases. Almost every soldier abroad cases. Almost every soldier abroad his knapsack. In England most Pills will cure them whenever the sare out of order, and that they

ess and Debility. weakness, or debitity, and those who hould at once have recourse to those tely purify the blood, and setting upon, give strength and vigor; to the system; ering into womanhoud, with a derange, and to mothers at the turn of life sit efficacions in correcting the tide of he turn. Young and elderly men suf-rat the same periods, when there is should therefore undergo a course of e, which insures lasting health.

ers of the Stomach. the deadliest mandies. Their effect is do of the body, and to send a poisoned the channels of circulation. Now what the Fills? They cleanse the bwels, reg the relaxed or irritated stomach into a ad acting through the scentific origans of, change the state of the system free y exercising a simultaneous and wholite parts and functions plaints of Femalos, comparing the seculiar to the weaker sex are

egularities peculiar to the weaker sex are without pain or inconvenience by the fills. They are the safest and surest may a incidental to females of all ages. ilious Affections.

ilious Affections.

n should have administered to them, from doses of these Bills, which will purify ble them to pass safely through the difference to children, such as measles, hopping and other infantile diseases. These Bills heir nature as not to injury the most delimitary nature as not to injury the most delimitary and are therefore more peculiarly adapted humors affecting whem.

Dropsy.

ured yearly by the use of these Pills, and Dintment, which should be rubbed very a parts affected.

generat of the Kidneys.

gement of the Kidneys.

d quality of the bile are of vital impport to part the liver, the gland which secrets. the for digestion, the Pills operate specifically, give irregularities and effectually curious remittants, and all the varieties of disease mustural condition of that organ, are the best remedy knows for the fallouting diseases.

Ility Jaundeo Lowing diseases, and the lower fallous plaints lipelas Lumbago los Irre-Piles Jundeo Lumbago dies Irre-Piles Jundeo Lumbago dies Irre-Piles Jungers dies Irre-Piles Jungers dies Lumbago dies Lum ement of the Kidneys.

VOL. IV.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SEPTEMBER

THE HERAED

EDWARD REILLY. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. at his Office, Queen Street

TERMS FOR THE "HERALD." For 1 year, paid in advance, £0 9 0

to inserted at the usual rates. JOB PRINTING description, performed with nearness and despate nearth terms, at the HRRALD Office.

ALMANACK FOR SEPTEMBER. MOON S PHASES. Full Moon, 1st day, 11h. 45m., even., S. NEW MOON, 16th day, 5h. 52m., even., S. NEW MOON, 16th day, 9h. 7m., morning, N. V. First Quarter, 23rd day, 11h. 9m., morn., W.

sun High Moon Son Water 5 22 6 35 10 24 6 5 13 13 26 34 11 6 6 59 8 28 31 11 53 7 24 3 30 30 even. 7 50 0 31 28 1 0 8 20 12 57 Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday 26 1 41 8 55 24 2 23 9 24

Monday 22 3 5 10 2 20 3 49 10 50 19 4 36 11 42 Tuesday Wednesday Thursday 11 Friday 12 Saturday 13 Sunday 14 Monday 17 5 25 morn. 15 6 19 0 42 13 7 14 1 52 11 8 9 2 29 9 9 5 4 18 Tuesday 43 Wednesday

7 9 59 sets. 5 10 55 7 5 Thursday Friday 4 11 46 7 42 Simorn. 8 18 1 0 33 8 47 19 Saturday 20 Sunday 1 29 9 28 Monday

Tuesday Wednesday 57 2 21 10 12 54 8 12 11 51, 4 5 11 53 11 59 49 5 1 morn. 55 46 5 50 0 42 52 Thursday Friday 51 55 56 57 59 24 Saturday 27 Sunday 28 Monday 44 6 55 1 40 43 7 37 2 36 41 8 26 3 36 29 Tuesday 80 Wednesday 39 9 47 4 35

Prices Current. Beef, (small) per lb.
Do by the quarter.
Pork, (careass)
Do (small)
Mutton, per lb.,
Lamb per lb. Lamb per lb. Veal, per lb. Ham, per lb.,
Butter, (fresh)
Do by the tub,
Cheese, per lb.,
Tallow, per lb.,
Lard, per lb.,
Flour, per 100 lbs.,
Oatmeal, per 100 lbs.,
Eggs, per dozen, Grain. Barley, per bushel, Oats per do., Vegetables. Green Peas, per quart Turnips per bush. Poultry.

Geese, Turkeys, each, Fowls, each, Chickens per pair, Ducks per pair, Codfish, per qtl. Herrings, per barrel, Mackerel, per dozen, Lumber.

Beards (Hemlock)
Do (Spruce)
Do (Pine)
Shingles, per M Sandries. Hay, per ton. riay, per ton,
Straw, per cwt
Timothy Seed,
Clover Seed, per lb.,
Homespun, per yard,
Caliskius, per lb.,
Wool,
Wool,
Sheepskins,
Acceleratory

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.

THE OLD PAVOURITE HOSPITABLE BOARDING HOUSE,

At The Head Of St. Peter's Bay. PSTABLISHED by the late John Sutherland, Esq., is now opened for the accommodation of travellers, and the Proprietor solicits a share of Public Patronage. No trouble or expense will be spared to make visitors.

ANTHONY McCORMACK. Head of St. Peter's Bay, }

RONALD MODONALD, Commission Merchant, 🛢 uctionecr.

COLLECTING AGENT. CORNS & WARTS re Permanently and Effectually Cured by the use of

SOURIS & CHARLOTTETOWN.

7s to 9s | 13s to 18s | The Fast-Salling and Commonious Schooner 'A R | McDovald," will run between Source & Charlotte-town, calling at the intermediate ports, as soon as the navgaition permits.

DOMINICK DEAGLE, Master.

January 29, 1868. 1 y

January 29, 1868.

I y

NIAILS.

Summer Arrangement

THE Mails for the United Kindgdom, the neichboring
Provinces, the United States, &c., will, until further
notice, he closed at the General Post Office, Charlottetown, as follows, viz:—
For Canada, New Brunswick and the United States,
via Shediao, every Tuesday and Friday evening, at 7
o'clock

For Nova Scotia, via Pieton, every Monday, Wednes-

o'clock.
For Nova Scotia, via Picton, every Monday, Wedneeday and Friday evening, at 7 o'clock.
Mails for Great Britain, Newfoundland and the West Indies, every alternate Monday and Wedneeday evening, at 7 o'clock.
Mails for Great Britain, Newfoundland and the West Indies, every alternate Monday and Wedneeday evening, at 7 o'clock.
Mails for Great Britain, Newfoundland and the West Indies, every alternate Monday and Wedneeday evening, at 7 o'clock.
Mails for Great Britain, Newfoundland and the West Indies, every alternate Monday, and 9.
Monday, May, 18.
Wedneeday, do 20.
Wedneeday, do 20.
Wedneeday, do 3.
Monday, October, 5.
Wedneeday, do 3.
Monday, October, 5.
Wedneeday, do 15.
Monday, do 29.
Monday, do 29.
Monday, do 29.
Wedneeday, do 4.
Monday, do 29.
Wedneeday, do 4.
Monday, do 27.
Wedneeday, do 4.
Monday, do 27.
Wedneeday, do 4.
Monday, do 27.
Wedneeday, do 4.
Monday, do 28.
Wedneeday, do 18.
Monday, do 29.
Wedneeday, do 19.
Wedneeday, do 10.
Wedn

Poetry.

AM I REMEMBERED IN ERIN.

Am I remembered in Erin?
Oh! tell, tell me true:
Has my name a sound, a meaning
In the place my hophond knew?
Does the heart of the glerious Island
From thesh at my homble mems? Ever throb at my humble name!
Oh! to be but loved in Erin

oread?

I have never tried.

Cannot you cook at all?

Thumph!

At this stage, Charles, who had been watching the deepening color, on Laura's cheek with some annoyance, broke in.

But she can speak two or three different languages, mother, and paint beautifully, and I visibly your could read some of the poetry she has written.

Thumph!

Thumph!

Thumph!

The open tried.

The street is voice faintly articulating in moved backwards!

Howering out its five dollar bill left.' said the old lady, clutching it greedily, as if fearful that it would take wings unto itself and vanish into thin air.

And,' resumed her son. 'what were we to do?' Might as well ask advice of the higgest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the deepening color, on Laura's cheek with some annoyance, broke in.

But she can speak two or three different languages, mother, and paint beautifully, and I visibly you could read some of the poetry she has written.

Thumph! gain enunciated the mother-in-law, 'Languages, and painting, and poetry-stuff won't make the kettle boil, you'll find, young lady!'

She has taught in a seminary, mother,' the young husband interposed, 'where she has had opportunity to learn the useful.

The control of the higgest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the show around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the show around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the higgest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the force of the biggest wax doll in the shop around the corner,' grumbled the f

AM I REMEMBERED IN ERIN.

[The following simule and patrictic lines were found hastily and almost illegibly scrawled in pencil, on a sheet of paper, folded in a book, in the library of the Hon. T. D. McGee. As they possess an interest as being a hitherto unpublished production of the marry statesman, and as they furnish, after death, a contradiction of the slander that he was untrue to Ireland, we deem it well to publish them.—Others Citizen.]

Am I remembered in Erin?

Oh! tell, tell me true:

Sant.

We won't let the old folks at home know of it, laura, soothing the old weman's agitation with a tender kiss. It was not until Mrs. Page the older had her intention called to the pre-eminent necessity of an apple pudding for dimer that she left on re-tracking a hitherto unpublished production of the slander that he was untrue to Ireland, we deem it well to publish them.—Others Citizen.]

Am I remembered in Erin?

Oh! tell, tell me true:

Tarmer Page and his wife!

We've no home of our own, now,' said Mrs.
Page senior, speaking bitterly and loud, and we've come to stay with you and your wife, son

it! I've scorned and despised you, as ugly as Cain to you, and now—

Now we will forget it all and be mother,' said Laura, soothing the ol

AN ALPINE PRECIPIO At the age of twenty one I was light of food, and, I fear, light of ...

MORE
OCHNIS & WARTS

A Pressuently and Efficiently Cored by the set of 200 EXTS 200

Humph!
At this stage, Charles, who had been watching the deepening color, on Laura's cheek with some annoyance, broke in.

But she can speak two or three different larguages, mother, and paint becautifully, and I wish you could read some of the pretry she has a written.

"I can be compared to the contents on the bed, close the pretry she has a written."

"I can be compared to the contents on the bed, close the pretry she has taught in a seminary, mother, the young husband interposed, where she has had no opportunity to learn the neefal thing you speak of All in good time. Home want built in a seminary, mother, and the young husband interposed, where she has had no opportunity to learn the neefal thing you speak of All in good time. Home want built in a stage of the compared to the compar

THE STAD WEST SHAY.

STATE*

STATE*

PROVED SHAY.

STATE

**S

A LEADING New York paper stat about negotiations between Mr. Sev concerning a new Redprecity Trust; fact. The subject has not teen tros any likelihood that it will be. It is these reports about a Treaty to applied not originate until Gen. Butler this colony to promote a special aris bjeet had been to me ment indifferent to Mr. Butler's mis It must be now evident that if Prin Canada bringe about so desirable Canada brings about so neutrons as will have to wait a long time. He in the successful prosecution of the clously inaugurated by the Congre our part we cannot see; why Conf they are doing, over the prospect thations; why lying "reports" sh a general Reciprocity Treaty; an mmittee should have their mot months at furthest will test their sin special agrangement can be mad ates to vent their ill-favor on th originated in the United States F The people do not forget these th in the future those gentlemen-I market in the world for their surple the people will remember at the pr tween those who hailed with de newal of a partial reciprocity, and exertions to obtain it; and those the prospect was bright; and laus when it promised to end in nothing or argument in what the advocat ev. there is much less in its oppo to it on the pure and simple group ates, and its success would ensur Dominton. The fact may speak but not for their honesty to their shall come to learn that it is only ious to our interests as a people, be willing for us to secure. cunning and lying "reports" w telegraph just as the Congression our shores, how cautious we sho nemy; for we must confess the time that Secretary Soward and 3 ng up the question of Reciprocit of the British North American P feel indifferent as to the mission mittee. Had such a feeling been Executive of the colony, in the city, and throughout the count the most kindly feelings, would them such a poor opinion as to them suca a manufacture that a the country in the country in the congressional Commit their eyes to the fact that an in penall colony rarely acc-ried to the world. We are full of hope world with successional colony are constant of the country in the colony rarely acc-ried to the world. snies, will probably assume t sent year is out, and any arm scolony and the United State doubtless seceive their rea receive their rewill be sure to follow.

One of the most stupidly i we have ever read, appear the Boston Commercial Bul Considering tha instruct the morehants of Bos are simply smazed at it. The absolutely nothing—of his su-ally be expected, he becomes may be described as imposed Watave been shown so

the pupils of Mr. Staples, note their progress during the in justice admit that Mr. Sta-gree the true system of im-beautiful art. We are plus opened classes in Summeral will receive the patronage. Tun Christian Curb-Ston

Test Christian Curb-Stom a new organization in New daties imposed on the memi-stand at street corners and every female as the passes in inition will hardly be needle system has become fully de the aid of a co operative m Tun Hon. Attorney Ger Princess of Wates, for New with the Telegraph Cable a that he will meet with suce the old cable will be repail before the close of the nav-main will be absent about a

Ws understand that Merice best musical talent of first class Concert. From rehearship, they are super line that has taken place

Nova Scotta.-The H Scotia presented their that delegates—Hone, Mesers.
Smith—within the bar of a deserving of the honor—il conferred by a liberty-lori Oun city presented a li

ance for the past few we fishing wessels, their unit September catch, which

n, 4th Sept., 1868.

question, and are between you and Mr.

te, how much land

being approved of, to

bedt, servant, SEPH HENSLEY, Attorney Genera

own, 7th Sept., 1868. the receipt of your letter after communicating to the Government appre-an opportunity of eman-ot 19, and that they are n selves of such opportu-tion with further particu-fered for sale by me, in a enabled to arrive at a by you, as stated in your

tween me and Mr. Todd, names of Terants. The quantity of wilderness each Tenant.

he purchase money.

of ormation of the Governin which are stated the
ties of land held by each,
farm respectively. I en-

aired in cash upon delivery particulars of agreement ine at present to funish, eccessary in order to enable bund and 'final conclusion. I, should they decide upon I have off-red them, shall I do not intend to receive e st of the estate, nor to their from, and I beg to asppy to afford the Commistinformation relative to the spact, and should the Ooving, will lay before them an

he honor to be, Sir. JAMES C. POPE.

ttetown, 11th Sept., 1968.

cknowledge receipt of your of 19 and of the plan of the me personally. I have not, or roll containing names of held by each, with terms of

s of your agreement with er of 1st Sept., you informed he estate from Mr. Todd,

ed the Report of the Com ey the estate should prove d to pay the purchase money with interest, if your agree-is to be pakt, or, as they dend views as nearly as the to the general public service, bject to said Report, to pay it turns out that you are £2,300 at execution of deed, ch, 1869, balance, say £2,950

purchase money within a llect, has not yet been furr obedt. servant, JOSEPH HENSLEY,

Attorney General

owledge receipt of your letter i inform me that the Govern-r do they think it advisable, ny offer to sell that portion of owned by Mr. Todd. uest that you will consider the as terminated, and return me and list of arrears, e.c., in your

Your obedt, servant, JAMES C. POPE.

BELL-HANGER AT seen by reference to our adr friends, Messre. George and ed a co-partnership under the a, and have opened up, in the yoccupied by Mr. J. G. Roka first-class hotel, called the hiesars, O'Neill are active, ens young men, and we have no vocation, an enterers to the all be eminently successful. We as them the fullest measure of

solling at 2s, 84, per muses, and Eggs is equal to the supply, utter bringing from 1s 2d to 1s and Eggs 11d to 1s per deson des is very good and bring ges brands of Flour rate from 45

THE HERALD, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1868.

A LEADING New York paper states that all the reports about negotiations between Mr. Seward and Mr. Thoraton, concerning a new Reciprocity Treaty, have no foundation in fact. The subject has not been broached at all, nor is there any likelihood that it will be. It is somewhat singular that these reports about a Treaty to sipply to all these Provinces and in Prussia this continued drain of men and these reports about a Treaty to sipply to all these Provinces this colony to promote a special strangement with reference to the sheries, etc. We do not think it would require a great free the districts lately annexed to Prussia.

The Parls owns of canance of the popularity of the provinces as a few days as a few da

the falleries, etc. We do not think it would require a great stretch of imagination to eaddle the reports on their right authors; but if their object had been to make the people and Government in different to Mr. Butlor's mission, they signally falled.

It must be now evident that if Prises Edward Island has to want for a renewal of Reciprocity until the Dominion of Canada brings about so desirable an end, we are afraid she can be now than the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the bride's father, on this 8th inst., by the Rev. Alex, Palconer, 19r. James W. Coles, to Annie L. C. Whitford, second daughter of Mr. George Whitford, all of Charlottetown.

Canada brings about so desirable an end, we are afraid she our champion. George Brown?—Hz. Unionist.

Died.

half came in the real trial control was been down and the control of the control

positions. **Calindricing that, the Buildrich protocols to search to Nace of States (1982) and the states of the s

the believe of the representative fight and many interesting that the properties of the representative fight and the properties of the pro

(The stand is well known as having been in the occupation of Mr. J. G. Eckstadt.)

It is the intention of the Proprietors of the UNION HOUSE to furnish First Class Accommodation to Travellers, and do all in their power to render a stay in Charlottetown pleasant and agreeable.

A First Class ICE CREAN and OYSTER SALOON, and Print Class ICE CREAN and OYSTER SALOON, and Sept. 9, 1863.

Cheapest School Books QUEEN STREET.

September 9, 1868. COGNAC BRANDY TUST RECEIVED, at the LTALIAN

various courses of said river eastwardly, to the place of commencement, containing forty-two acres, and six acres of Massh Land.

Terms made known at the time of Sale. In the meantime full information may be obtained on application to Mr.R.Reddin, Barrister, at his Office in Charlottetown.

MARGARET MACKENZIE.

MARGARET MESSALE.

Administratrix of the Estate Sep. 16, 1868. 4i of the late Peter McLellan.

LIGHT FRENCH WINES! CONSIGNMENT of above WINES, is offered

Sept. 9, 1868. Our NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on Thursday,
the 17th Septembor, at 2 o'clook, p. m., the Expending of £200 on Souris (east) Breakwater, agreeably to Plan and Specification to be seen at John Knight's,
Esq., Souris. Contract to be completed on or before
the lat August, 1869.

M. McCORMACK.

See's to Managing Committee.

Sec'y to Managing Comm.
Souris (east), Aug. 31, 1868. 3i Isl.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.
TO TENANTS UPON TOWNSHIP No., 18
THE TENANTS upon that portion of Tawnship No.
18, formerly owned by the late Mrs. Mary Stewart, of Charlottstown, decessed, and since by the underigned, in conjunction with her decessed sisters. Mary and Ellen Stewart, are hereby natified that the fee simple of the lands respectively held by them, being now axclusively vested in her, the ALONE is legally, authorized to receive the rents accuring therefrom,

MARGARET STEWART.

Charlottefown, June 30, 1868, 1960 line Notice!
TO TENANTS UPON TOWNSHIP 18.

Ch'town, Sept. 2, 1868.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY, consisting of half an A acre of LAND, on which are a Shop and Dwelling House, finished, also a large Kitchen, one large Granary, a good Shed, and a good Well of water, 6x., 6x. For Terms, 6x., apply to Martin Marin, Dundas, or to Martin Melanis, Esq., St. Peter's Bay.

Dundas, Sept. 2, 1868.

FRESH SALMON.

PARTIES wishing Fresh Salaton, may be
by leaving their Orders at the Subscriber
Water Street.

MeEACHERN & Co.

Sept 9, 1868.

WANTED.

WANTED, by the Subscriberes good Journeyman order Salmon may let them remain in the Ice until these who refer Salmon may let them remain in the Ice until they are wanted for use.

John Kelly,

Sept. 9, 1868.

It is leaving their Orders at the Subscriber's Store, Water Street.

Arrangements have been perfected to place the Salmon in Ice as eaon as taken from the Nets at St. Peters, then insuring, their, perfect freshower; and these who refer Salmon may let them remain in the Ice until they are wanted for use.

July 8.

WEEKI Y STEAM COMMUNICATION

OSTON AND HALIFAX.

THE STEAMSHIPS ALBAMBERGE,
(mtil further Notice,) will make weekly trips between this port and BOSTON, calling at BATES OF PASSAGE

Ladies Cabin, Gents Cabins Forward 50e, 55s. 45s. 24s. 30s. 18s. 90s. 25s. 15s. CARVELL BROS., Agents.

BRONZONETTE.

HEON ZUNE F.E.,

THE application of this most elegant preparation is

getremely simple, while its effect on the articles
enumerated below is almost magical, imparting to them
a glazed bronzed surface of great beauty :—

Inon-fenders, Stoves, Gas Fittings, Ornaments, Lamy
Stands, Copper Coins, &c., STRAW HATS, BONNIUS,
PLASTER BUSTS and ORNAMENTS, LEAVES, (real), TyLaurel, Holly, &c.,—"Effect most charming,"—Leaths
leaves may be bronzed LLUMINATORY and WHITTEN
Useful and Ornamental. Glass may also be illuminated
W. R. WATSON

City Drug Store, Victoria Building, August 14, 1868. AGRICULTURE AT

INDIT

HAMILTON'S HOTEL. P. E. ISLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COS. STEMERS PRINCESS OF WALES AND HEATHER BELLE.

AMHERST, NOVA SCOTIA,

W. J. HAMILTON, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber tenders his thanks to the Travelling
Public for their patronage during his occupation
of the Cumberland fiotel for the past six years, and
hopes by strict attention to beginess to merit a contineance of the same. He size informs them that he has
taken the house lately occupied by Mr. A. Coffey, and
has fitted it up as a first class Hotel, where his gues's
will find his

Rooms Large and Alry. The Steamer "Princess of Wales"
WILL leave CHARLOTTETOWN for PICTOU
every TURSDAY and THURSDAY morning, at
5 a. m., in time for the morning Train for Halifax.
Leaves PICTOU for CHARLOTTETOWN every

will find his

Rooms Large and Airy.

The Tables well supplied with all the Choicest Delicacles the country, can afford during the season, and all that can be required in a

First Claims Fracel. TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening, after arrival Train From Halitax.
Leaves PICTOU for PORT HOOD every THURS-DAY morning at noon, immediately after arrival of Train from Halitax, returning to Picton the following

Horses and Carriages at Livery, and parties conveyed to any part of the country, at moderate rates. Then is also on the premises, and careful Hostlers are in atten

August 12, 1868, 3m4 W. J. HAMILTON. TILTON & McFARLAND'S Burglar and Fire Proof

Train from Halitax, returning to Picton the following morning.

Leaves CHARLOTTETOWN every TUESDAY and FRIDAY night for SUMA ERSIDE and SHEDIAC, at 72 pg. m. Will connect with Wednesday and Saturday morning's Trains.

Leaves SHEDIAC for SUMMERSIDE and CHARLOTTETOWN every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY afternoons, immediately after arrival of Train from St. John.

The Steamer "Heather Belle"

Leaves CHARLOTTETOWN at 3 as m. every SATURDAY morning for PICTOU.

Leaves PICTOU at 9 as m., same day for MURRAY HARBOR, GEORGETOWN and SOURIS, remaining at either Souris or Georgetown over Sunday.

Leaves PICTOU every MONDAY for CHARLOTTE.

TOWN, after arrival of Train from Halifax.

FARES: THESE SAFES combine all the improvements and a gested by years of experience in their manufacture and are offered to the public with the fullest recommendations of those who have used them in the severest tests of fire, and as security against Barglars, in all parts of the country, from Maine to California.

TILTON & McFARLAND,

95 & 97, Liberty Street, New York;

110 Sudbury Street, Baston.

J. JACOBS, Agent.

Halifax, N. S. Steel Vaults and Combination Locks! Charlottetown to Picton or back, Pictou to Georgetown,
Port Hoad,
Ch'town to Sommerside,
Shedine,
St. John,

TOBACCO

CHARLES QUIRK.

L1 0 0 REASONABLE TERMS. 20,000 CIGARS.

CONSISTING of the following Brands, namely:
UPlor, De Casas, Prince of Wales, Star of the West,
La Plora and Punch.
Also, a large supply of Fancy Pipes.

200 Baxes Lazenges, and other Confectionary, 6 Cases 8 card Matches, 308 doz. Shoe Blacking, 115 Drums Figs. &c., &c., &c. Upper Queen Street, Charlottetown, } June 17th 1868,

L C. HALLA NOTE of HAND Bibks, Blank Forms of Sheriff's Executions, Sammonses, de., &c., at the Queen Street Bookstone.

E. REILLY Ch'town, May 20, 1868. Fishermen's Outfits, 1868. E. REILLY

STELLA COLA

Rim unel's Stella Colus Bouquet,
dedicated by pormission to this
talented Artist.

Alexandra. Guards. Fracebane,
Princes of Wales. Rimmel's. Lilly of the Valley
Jockey Club. Wood Violet, Milledeur,
Essence Bouquet. Patchouly. Violet.
West End. New own Hay, Loves Myrtle.
The Bard of Avon's Pertune, in a neat Rox; Sydenham Fau
de Cologa, Treble Lavender Water. Extract of Lavender
Flowers, Verbens Water, Tercentenury Sachet, Ferfuned,
Telecentenary Souvenit, Shakesper Golden Scented Locket
Extract of Line Julie and Glycerine, for making the Hair
work and glossy; Rose Leaf Powder, an improvement oil
Violet Towder; Bloom of Ninton, for the ComplexionDeputatory Fowder for removing superfluous hair without
nigury to the akin; Napoleon, Founade, for Ising the
Mustaches, and instantaneous Hair Dye, for qu'ing the Hair
and Whitkers a natural and permanent shade withou trouble
and danger.

Charlottetown, May 20, 1888. 6m

Fire Insurance Company.

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS ENTERPRISING MEN!

B undersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE or to RENT several valuable FREE and LEASE/HOLD /PROPERTIES and FARE in Burners and other parts of the Island in good cult reoded and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid it the and immediate possession

wel. wooded and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid a tias and immediate possession can be given.

Also four LOTS being the residue of thirteen Building Lots (the other nine having been sold the present Season) in that most advantageous mercantile situation known as SUMMER HILL' adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, tenmiles from Georgetown where close to 160000 bushels of Produce are annually chipped and nearly all paid for in Cash. Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain the United States &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time; with many Grist and Saw and Choth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds humber can be had a tradest low rates. Summa Hills "the only Preshold Property for eale in the place which renders it most desirable for the above class of articains now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on it rapable of holding 15000 bushels produce with a double Wharf and site for a Lize Klin, will be sold or tensor on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messre, Ball. & Sow, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. Saydenshow, F. P. Nouvor, Thos. As assa, Georgetown; Jas. Broderstor, Campbeltop, Lot 4; F. W. Houtes, Ezaminoviolice, Charlottetown, and to be subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the sale of Messray. Modwing Messcriptime, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Fulling Mills of Messra, Bourke, Mill View, the Honble, Jas McLaren, New Perth, Finlay W. McDonald, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with des patch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.



Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864.

" \$4.59 or " 6.00 " 8.00 " 9.00

4 00

E. & N. A. RAILWAY!

Summer Arrangement.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservation Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)
The Westminster Review, (Radical.)
The Borth British Review, (Free Church.)

ese periodicals are ably sustained by the co

F. W. HALES, Sec'r.

1868.

Halifax

" Sonris, May 20, 1868.

Port Hood, Georgetown,

A LOS

1868.

HE subscriber is introducing more MACHINERY into his Establishment, by means of which he wil be able to give the Public a better article, and

SOFAS and LOUNGES-cheap.

JOHN NEWSON. ON and after MONDAY, 11th MAY next, until further notice, Trains will run as follows:

Down TRAINS—GOING EAST:
Leave St. John for Shedine and Point du Chene at 7.
a. m., and 1.45 p m.
Leave St. John for Suesex at 5, p. m. CHAMBER SUITS-chenp.
JOHN NEWSON.

GREAT assortment of BEDSTEADS-cheap.

GILT MOULDING. LOOKING - GLASSES PLATES, &c.—cheap. JOHN NEWSON.

One Pillin a Dose! What one Hundred Letters a Day eay from patients il over the habitable Globe;

No more maxima dones for me in five or ten pille aken at one time. One of your pille circle the,

Thinks Donner, My headache has left me. Send laggiel's Pills cured me,

I had no appetite; Maggiel's Pills gave me a hearty

the noise lett.

Send me two baxes; I want one for a poor family.

I enclose a dollar; your price is twenty-five cents, but the medicine to me is worth a dollar.

POR ALL DISEASES OF THE Kidney, Retention of Urine, &c., Maggiel's Pills are a perfect cure. One will satisfy any one.

FOR PEMALE DISEASES, Nervous Prostration, Westmess, General Lessitude and want of Appetite, Maggiel's Pills will be found an effectual remedy.

MAGGIEL'S PILLS AND SALVE
Are almost universal in their effects and a cure
almost universal in their effects and a cure
almost guarante-il.

Das pill in a dose,
Sold by all respectable dealers in medicine the united States and Canada, at

25 cents a Bazior Pot.
All orders for the United States must be added J. Haydock, No. 11, Pink street, N. Y.
Patients can write free a shout their completely will be returned by following mail,
Write for Maggiel's greatment of Discasses.
Counterfeits Counterfeits! All readers
paper are warned notes purchase Maggiel's
Salve unless the number of J. Haydock, proprint

敬意。 医食管食管点:

(Late of the Customs Department)

SHIP BROKER, &c., Having rented the SCALES on

Queen's Wharf,

He will attend to the weighing of COAL, OATS HAY, &c Charlotetown, - P. E. Island.

KORTH AMERICAN HOTEL KENT-STREET, - - - CHARLOTTETOWN THIS HOTEL, formerly known as the "GLOBE HOTEL," is the largest in the City and centrally situated; it is now opened for the reception of permanent and transient Boarders. The subscriber trusts, hy strict attention to the wants and comfort of his friends and the public generally, to merit a share of public patronage.

tronage.

17 The Best of Liquors always on hand. Good stabling for any number of beauty. ng for any number of horses, with a careful hostle

JOHN MURPHY, Proprietor. Charlottetown, P.E. I. Nov. 25, 1863.

UNDER ROYAL PAIRONAGE THE "WAVERLY HOUSE," THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN PATRONIZED BY H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

H. R. H. PRINCE ALFRED. By all the British American Governors, and by the English Nobility and Gentry, as well as by the most distinguished Americans, whom business or pleasure may have brought to St. John, who have joined in pronouncing it

THE FAVORITE HOUSE OF THE PROVINCES
To The Proprietor, thankful for past favors, would respectfully intimate to the travelling Public that he will propose to pains of women to request the House still forces.

spare no pains or expense to render the House still fur-ther deserving their patronage.—Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

JOHN GUTHRIF. Proprietor.

Butler's Rosemary Hair Cleaner, possessing in the highest degree, the property of reing Sourf and Danduff from the Head, and by the highest degree, the property of reing Sourf and Danduff from the Head, and by the highest degree with the Head, and by the highest degree with the Head.

City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1867. ALL CURES MADE EASY

HOLLOWAYS OINTMENT Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts,
No description of wound, sore or ulcer can resust the field
ing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst rise
wally assume a healthy appearance whenever this medical,
ag, at is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of
the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin us ar parted

Rheumatism. Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complities in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When west simultaneously they drive all nflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and rumove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always beaffected, even under the, worst circumstance, if the use of these medicines be persevered p. Kruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.
or fomentation with warm water, the utiest cure can be readily obtained in all o

SPEE PP AT THE DEJEC

The Hon Jonern fluxer, va. as President, to propose the said he had an agreeable due the Queen was now in the reign, and it was his first as British subject, to propose the Queen and all the Royal ever, he might be permitted in which their distinguishe sured, join as heartily and e themselves. The manner in charged her public duties, a lence of her private life, had own subjects, but had secure tion and respect of the civil he believed, of the Great the people of P. E. Island and never known; and, as gracious sentiments towar monored on home songarate visits of their Royal Higgs and the Duke of Edinburgh, was everywhere respected a

"God save the Queen" we Mr. Galbraith's Brass Band Mr. Hensley said the nes was "The President of the U such a toast as that the! An an doubt, remember that it healths. at least, there was a drawn between American cit theirs was an elected head, w Monarch. When, therefore theirs was an elected head, w Monarch. When, therefore, subjects to drink the health of the States, it was simply in and a compilment to, the gre for the time being, the recog the undoubted rights and i this Island freely to discuss ti A diversity of opinion woul result; and the feelings of B times be enlisted on the one other. But of this he was a one wish, one general sen that was, that happiness an the American people in all t

wards playing the air. " Ya The Hon. EDWARD PALME called upon by the Chairman the next toast, said it affor comply with the request. He His Excellency the Lieut. Ge Island, for, had he not been not death. no doubt, have been honore occasion. Mr. Dundas wa tinguished Scotch family. If the head of the Government the head of the Government on all public occasions show people. The political prine ated as a public man were st desire evidently was, that c British subjects, the people should be conceded to them, gretted that the Lleut. Gov vented from dispensing if ment House, as the represent to the guests to do honor to met together. He hoped, he minent men to whom he all of the kind they were destin Republic; but that, on some Governor of this Island wou to avail himself of his official known hospitality, with eve apect, to such gentlemen as the honor and the privilege then proposed "The health Having been honored in Having been honored i

was followed by the air. '

The Chairman (Mr. Hensone that would, he though

The Chairman (Mr. Hensi one that would, he thought least one of the members of toast of "The Cengression stood as the fourth toast i been placed in his hands. It been placed in his hands. It is not been placed in his hands. It is not consider that we was "The Congress of the Unit lature would but very feebi United States; but, insign thought a good deal of ours and natural that we should but little of himself, and a jof themselves, would most i of the work o them, moreover, as Chairn Batter, a man wnose reput sematorial, and forensic: J teen, years, was Chief Just the Hon. James Heck, all member of Congress for the Hon. B.-H. Derby, who we have of the American Bar an had with them, too, Major astisfied with the military country by lorg service is galshed. himself and been the Greeks, They ought, visit as a great complime treated by the Congress of if they were a small nation—small as it was—the sub and a semirate Committee they were a small nation of all this would, at vil ey Island into a more promine tofore occupied. They c than drink. The Congress ling therewith the name of most distinguished memb Having been duly home Having been duly hor

played by the Band. Att Gen. BUTLER said it bee discharge an imperative duranteful task, viz: to thank grateful task, viz: to thank very distinguished manner deputation of which he was they had met with could no sion on all their hearts, and that, in coming to this Islam of hope, or with to interfere sisting between this Colony came simply to comider, the mutual interests and adjust countries might reap the little free interclaying of the distinguished to me the house holding the key of the fisher in the mouth of the Gulf or with respect to that most imfurther, because they were such as must, of necessity, Resiprocity came to be distinguished in the mouth of the Gulf or with respect to that most imfurther, because they were such as must, of necessity, Resiprocity came to be distinguished in the most of the control of the control of the countries and the control of the control Wharf.

ighing of COAL, OATS

. P. E. Island. ICAN HOTEL

- CHARLOTTETOWN known as the "GLOBE in the City and centrally for the reception of perma-The subscriber trusts, by and comfort of his friends merit a share of public pa-

as always on hand. Good with a careful hostler N MURPHY, Proprietor.

PATRONAGE RLY HOUSE," -St. John, N. B EEN PATRONIZED BY INCE OF WALES. VCE ALFRED. o Governors, and by the Eng-y, as well as by the most cans, whom business or brought to St. John, l in pronouncing it SE OF THE PROVINCES inkful for past favors, would travelling Public that he will to render the House still fur-nage.—Every attention paid

N GUTHRIE, Proprietor. 41-100 120 ary Hair Cleaner,

ary Hair Oleana Nursery rest degree, the property of ve from the Head, and be uts litting the growth of the Hair.

W.R. WATSON. 21, 1867.

MADE EASY S OINTMENT

us Sores, Bad Breasts In sore or ulcer can resut the beal lient Ointment. The worst resu ppearance whenever this medical, ash aprings up from the bottom of the surrounding skin is ar ashed near cure quickly follow th cases

Internal Inflammation I Internal Inflammation shering discuses may with every stress themselves, if they will us closely attend to the printed in, well rabbed upon the neighboring matter will be removed. A poulmay ametimes be applied at hed most acrupulous cleantiness must be experied as the property of their sequintances whom it may a service that will never be forgot-

Jout and Neuralgia. Jout, and Neuralgia.

of reducing inflammation and subkints in the same degree as Holloand purifying Fills. When used,
all affammation and depravities
and remove all eplargestim to the
as and unsceles law and uncontractbeeffected, even under the worst
of these medicines be persevered p

Head, Ringworm, and

in Diseases.

The same in all complaints affect the simultaneous use of the Ointmust be remembered that nearly all depravity of the blood and desangemank consequently in many cases, the blood, which will be effected by its. The general health will readily

tinguished Scotch family. He had been, for several years, the head of the Government of P. E. Island; and he had on all public occasions shown himself a true friend of the people. The political principles by which he was actuated as a public man were strictly constitutional; and his desire evidently was, that every privilege to which, as British subjects, the people of tils Island were entitled, should be conceded to them. He (Wr. Palmer) again regretted that the Lleut. Governor should have been prevented from dispensing the hospitalities of Government House, as the representative of their beloved Queen, to the guests to do honor to whom they had that evening met together. He hoped, however, that the visit of the eminent men to whom he alluded would not be the last of the kind they were destined to receive from the Great Republic; but that, on some future occasion, the Lieut. Governor of this Island would be found among the dist to avail himself of his official position to extend his well-thown hospitality, with every mark of courtesy and respect, to such gentlemen as those whom they then had the honor and the privilege to entertain. Mr. Palmer then proposed "The health of Lieut Governor Dundas."

Having been honored in the usual style, this toast was followed by the air. "Auld Lang Syne."

was followed by the air. "Auld Lang Syne."

The Chairman (Mr. Hensley) said the next toast was one that would, he thought, provoke a speech from at least one of the members of the delegation, although the toast of "The Congressional Committee," he observed, stood as the fourth toast in the programme that had been placed in his hands. He, nevertheless, thought they would get a speech from one of those gentlemen in response to the toast he was then about to propose, viz: "The Congress of the United States." Our island Legislature would but very fieeby compare with that of the United States; but, insignificant as we were we still thought a good deal of ourselves, and it was quite right and natural that we should do so; for a man who thought but little of himself, and a people who thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would most probably be thought but little of themselves, would make probably be thought but little of the state of the Committee of the Congress of the United States, who had been appointed with 'se special object of instituting certain inquiries respecting matters intimately connected with higher interests and Island interests. They had with them, moreover, as Chalrman of that Committee, Gen. Butler, a man whose reputation was at once mittary, senstorial, and forensie; Judge Poland, who, for nine-test, years, was Chief Justice of the State of Vermont; the Hon, James Heck, addistinguished lawyer, and a member of Congress for the State of Kentucky; and the Hon, B. H. Derby, who was also a distinguished member of the American Bar and an eminent financier. They had member of the Willed States almost as if they were a The Chairman (Mr. Hensley) said the next toast was

Having been duly honored, "Hail Columbia" was

played by the Band. After which,-Gen. BUTLER seid it became him, in the first place, to discharge an impectative duty, and, at the same time, a most grateful task, viz: to thank the gentlemen present for the very distinguished manner in which they had received the deputation of which he was the chairman. The reception they had met with could not fail to make the deep pest impression on all their hearts, and they would allow him to say that, in coming to this Island, they came not with any deeper of hope, or with to interfere with the happy relations substaints between this Colony and the Mother Country. They came simply to consider the best neans of fostering their mutual interests and adjusting extering tariffs, so that both countries might resp the largest an-ount of advantage from the free interchange of their respective commodities. They had come to me was because they resugnized this Island as holding the key of the fisheries, lying, as it did, like a tongue in the mouth of the Gulf of St. Lawres co, to dictate terms with respect to that most important interest. They came to us, further, because they were not likely, to create complications such as must, of necessity, be raised when the question of Resiprocity came to be dealf with in connection with the neighbouring Provinces. Here they found the most fertile soil in America, not excepting even the prairies of the West. Here was everything that could be desired in the way of raising immense quantities of valuable products. Why then should not the best markets be secured for those products? Much of the arid and rugged lands in the Rastern States could only be aurent to profundle account by Yankee energy and enterprise, whose manufactories gave supplyment to large animals and increased the wealth of the nation generally, and whose productions they would aladly exchange for the productions of this foliand. They had count to see this fine country, and they had, amongst other things, ob-Gen. BUTLER said it became him, in the first place, to

Inspected for the Henare by J. B. Copper, Edg.,

STRECTEDS

STREET PATE WIRE DEFECTED ST.

STREET PATE AND THE STREET PATE AND

"The British Empire and the United States: Acting together in unity, peace, and concord, it is due to their common origin and common language that they should occupy, subdue, and govern this Western World."

ties."

FREDERICK BIRCKEN. Require, on being called upon by the Chairman, said that he could have wished, after the cloquent and very cosmopolitan speech of the honorable gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. Beck), to which they had just been listening, to have been spared the necessity of offering any remarks on that occasion. He knew, however, that the high appreciation of the Common Law of Rugland which Mr. Beck had expressed was common to the more intelligent portion of the American people. That Hou, gentleman had remarked, he believed, that it was upon the Common Law that the rights and liberties of both Britain and America were unoinly based, an opinion in which he (Mr. Brecken) heartily concurred. The principal difference between the two mations appeared to him (Mr. Brecken) to be shaply this whilst British subjects live concented, happy, and prosperous under a limit-"The Boilt Employ and the Liuded Stayes', Agring the Chairmans, and the American collection of the date is their common singuage that they had a decrease the Chairmans and that he could have wheth after the content of the Chairman of the

pe toast just given, and regretted that a change in the rogramme had been made. He supposed this had been done, however, on the principle of making the youngen members speak first, as was the case in Courts Martial. He was to ut a novice in public affairs, having been but a year and a half in the Legislature and the Executive. Before that time, he was only a private individual. He had lately read an essay on "The World's Development," in which the writer asserted that, in the three great particulars of light, locomotion, and communication, all the great results had been arrived at during the last difty years. During that period, the railway and the steamship had been brought to perfection, while, as regarded communication they had cheap postage and the electric telegraph. The writer went on to say that, probably, in the matter of fodging, clothing, and food, the present inhabitants of the civilized world were little, if at all, better off than the Greeks, Babylonians, of Romans. Having attaiped the great results to which he (Mr. Haythorne) alluded, was there nothing left,—nothing for the present generation to accomplish? Were they to sit, dawn like the ancient Greekan, conqueror, simply to enjoy themselves? No, there was an important work for the people of the American Continent to achieve. That work was Free Trade and Reciprocity; and the state-men who might accomplish that great undertaking were as worthy of honor as the great engineers, the Stevensons and Brunels, to whom the gallant General on his left had alluded. There were difficulties in the way. It was true; but had any great object ever been accomplished without encountering difficulties in the way. It was true; but had any great object ever been accomplished without encountering difficulties in the way for the accomplished without encountering difficulties in the way for the particular and the relief difficulty in the case their and or the proper of the great of the press, and on the fivors of legislative assemblies. As an example of the period to gr

would not, therefore, detain them longer.

The Chairman then proposed "The Army and Navy of Great Britain and the United States," coupling Capt. Meryman of the U. S. Navy, and Lieut. Col. McGill. who represented the military department of P. E. Island, with the toast. When the war was proceeding in Chius, he (Mr. Hensley) recollected that on a certain occasion the crew of one of Her Majesty's ships were in danger of capture, when the Captain of an American shop of war, who happened to be near, rendered such effectual assistence in the emergency as was alike creditable to his own bravery and the country which he represented, showing conclusively, as did the warmhearted and declared feeling of the gallant Captain on the occasion, that "blood was thicker than water;" and he hoped that he Armies and Navies of England and America would hencefor he never look such other in the face again with any hostile or unfriendly feeling, but would continue to hall each other as friends as long as the world lasted.

Cupt Merryman, of the U. S. Navy, briefly returned

Cupt Merryman, of the U S. Navy, briefly returned thanks on behalf of his countrymen; as did also Lient. Col. McGill on behalf of his.

The Hon. Mr. Palmer, Vice Chairman, on rising to propose the next toast on the programme, viz., "Success to the nego latious for Reciprocal Free Trade" said he had very rarely spoken on a subject with greater satisfaction than he felt on that occasion. He never thought, until very lately, that he would live to see the day when any portion of our citizens would assemble in the Legislative Halls of the Colony to discuss, with the geotlemen whom they had the high honor that evening to welcome as their guests, the important question of Reciprocal Free Trade, or indeed any other question. These gentlemen were not the representatives of any necessation of the commercial Company or association, however respectable or influential. They were the representatives of the surreme Legislative Body, the Congress of the United States, and were, doubless, eminently distinguished states and were, doubless, eminently distinguished states and were, doubless, eminently distinguished states men. Could this movement, then, be looked upon in any other light than as a most auspicious beginning? He thought not. If any one had told him, three months, or even three weeks since, that they would hear the voices of General Butler, and the other gentlemen to whom they had just been fistening with so much pleasure, within the man had lost his senses. He was now proud, however, to acknowledge that his increduity had entire y vanished, and the initiative having thus been so happily taken, he sincerely trusted and believed that success would be the result. In hat was more likely to bring about the resultinent of Reciprocity than just such assemb ages as the one he then saw before him? Northing, cerainly, could conduce more directly to such a result than direct personal intercourse,—free, open, confidential communi-The Hon. Mr. PALMER, Vice Chairman, on rising to as the one he then saw before him? Nothing, certainly, could conduce more directly to such a result than direct personal intercourse. —free, open, confidential communication with one another.—a genuine reciprocity of feeling and sentiment such —s they enjoyed that evening. The Congressional Committee had, of course, come to P. E. Island to advocate the interests of their own country, and he (Mr. Palaner) would have thought very little of the gentiemen composing that Committee had they falled to d · so, —they would have in discharged the trust reposed in them had they neglected this important part of their duty.—cach party however should not refuse to repose confidence in the honorable and fiberal intentions of the other. He was sanguine enough to hope however, that the matter under consideration would speedily be adjusted to the satisfaction of all parties. Let them look at our fisheries. There were shouls and swarms of fish in our waters, and but few of our own people engaged at our fisheries. There were shoats and awarms of fish in our waters, and but few of our own people engaged satching them. Why, then, should not everyone use fill fiducate and see that these fisheries were at once throws open to the Americans, provided that no other interests were interfered with? Some of their friends, it appeared had not sumintent outsidence is meri attritute to accomplish the end in view.—some well-meaning colonists, which to have it believed that it was all labor in vester—tout time in short—to trouble themselves about a buffer which must constant. it appeared had not semistent conintence in the country to accomplish the end in view.—some well-meaning coloulats, wished to have it believed that it was all labor in waster does thus his hort—to trouble themselves about a matter which must eventually be submitted to a higher power. "We are," say they, "the subjects of Great Britan, and owe allegiance to her; Canada, too, would have to be consulted," etc. None, he hoped, would forget his allegeance to the Queen. Before any Act could become law, the Boyal assent was undoubtedly necessary. A British Minister, by a simple stroke of his pen, could defeat all their projects. This was fully admitted. But he (Mr. Palmer) could not bring himself to believe that an Act authorising Reciprocal Free Trade with the United States, duly passed by our Legislature, and provided such Act did not trench on the rights of any of our ister Colonies, would fall to receive the Royal allowance. Even should the Canadian Government, for the present, not pass a similar Act, that would be no valid reason why this Island should not, in the mentium, move in the matter.—In from it. It had often been in effect said to us: "You are a small Colony, and you cannot, therefore, be allowed to exercise the privileges you are seeking to obtain." Those privileges had, however, been obtained and they were now in the full enjoyment of them. The truth was a right once conceded to the larger Colonies could not well be donel to the smaller ones, for they were just as much entitled to consideration as were Jamaica, New Zealand, Australia, or the Cape of Good Hope. He trusted, therefore, that the people of P. E. Island would not supinely lie down in despair. He (Mr. Palmer) en trusted, therefore, that the people of P. E. Island would not supinely lie down in despair. He (Mr. Palmer) en trusted, therefore, that the people of the friendly intercourse so happily subsisting between the United States and the Mother Country was pleasingly illustrated in the admiration with which a Longfellew was received in Great

position.

The Hon. E. H. Dunny, of Boston, remarked that they had already heatd from the great Nation of the West, through tion Butler, the ox-Chief Jactice of Vermont, and the auccessor of Henry Clay. He was indebted to the politicenes of Geo. Butler for his presence with them that evening, and he begged to assure the gentlemen present that he would have great pleasure in doing all that lied in his power to promote Recipeoity and Free Trade. They had beard from the Great Republic, but he had come to this Island to represent the little State of Massachusetts, which produce I minus factores of various kinds to the value of £140,000,000

sterling, annually, to be distributed all over the American Contingent. The trade with the British Fromescotion and Contingent. The trade with the British Fromescotion in the expiration of the Becomes Transy and the two countries, and failless of the two property and the contingent of the property of

"Success to the Mission of the Great Republic to the Island of the Apostle."

"Success to the Mission of the Great Republic to the Island of the Apostle."

I. C. Hall. Esquire, on being called upon by the Chairman, said he was surprised, after the many able speeches they had afready instend to, to be called upon that night. He felt a little embarrassed also, for General Butler seemed, to regard the business in which he was engaged as a species of gambling. On further consideration, however, and especially when he remembered the fact that this Island was paying \$2.00 per barrel for the privilege of sending her mackered to the States, he saw their unfortunate position, and intended, he had no doubt, to give them a respectable character on his return to the United States. "It is a well known fact," said Mr. Hall, jecusely, "that our fish don't bite well now,—they have got to be large, respectable fish; and it is now,—they have got to be large, respectable fish; and it is now,—they have got to be large, respectable fish; and it is now,—they have got to be apposed that fish of that character will high where they have to pay \$2.00 into the U-stand Seates T. "for the privilege of being cates! I believe, how, r, that they will begin to bite soon. These fish k_b, we exactly where the threeeaten! I beheve, how r, that they will begin to bite soon. These fish h_b, w exactly where the three-mile line is located; and there never has been a season when they moved insede of that line until the present. When they heard what was going on, they had, it would seem, resolved not be caught outside; for they are now being taken close to and around our shores." He (Mr. H) believed that they had now commenced a movement that would, ere long, give free trade to the people of F. E. Island; and while he held that he ought not to have been called upon for a speech, he, nevertheless. of F. E. Island; and while he held that he ought not to have been called upon for a speech, he, nevertheless, fully realized the gravity of the position they now occu-pled, for he felt it in his pocket. He had lived here for several years, and he hoped ere long to see the fish of this Island again find their natural and most profitable market in the United States.

market to the United States.

The Chairman said he had arrived at the happy position of being able to propose, as a tonst, "Our Grests,"—coupling therewith the name of Mr. Laffin,—and whist doing so, he could not help expressing his high appreciation of the observations of Mr. Derby. He could only express the wish that they had as able a financier in 1. E. Island as Mr. Derby, a gentleman who could state in a moment the amount of the imports and exports of almost every country in the world, without reference to any document whatever!

To this tonst there was no response, although there were several gentlersen present who, had they thought it necessary, could have done so with good effect.

it necessary, could have done so with good effect.

The Hon. Mr. Hensley, on again rising, said he was thankful to say that his duty as Chairman was drawing to a ciose, as far, at least as toasts went. The last toast on the programme, he found, was "The Bar of all Nations," and with that he would couple the name of the Hon. John Longworth. It was a curious circumstance that the gentlemen who had spoken that evening, with but two or three exceptions, were all lawyers. The Bar might, as was alleged, be unpopular; but when people got into difficulties they would have, notwithstanding, to avail shemselves of its assistance, which was always freely and independently seconded.

The Hon. J. Longworts, on being called upon to re-

ly and independently accorded.

The Hon. J. Longworth, on being called upon to respond to the toast, "The Bar of all Nations," said he regretted exceedingly that the duty should have devolved upon him of responding to that toast. Biasmuch as he considered himself very inadequate to the task so unexpectedly assigned sim. He remembered a remark often made by an old friend (Kr. Worrell), to the effect that "lawyers were a necessary evil," and as such they were, doubtiess, regarded by a good many. But he would appeal to that audience, and he would ask them to what profession they were more deeply indebted than to the Bar? "Look," said Mr. Longworth, "at the Chairman of the Congressional Committee (Gen. Buther,) a gen-lemen as distinguished in the field as at the Bar; look at

that venerable gentleman, Judge Poland; at Mr. Derly and Mr. Beck, to whose splendid speeches they had just been listening with such rapt attention,—and all of them were legal gentlemen of high standing and brilliant assimusts. This sample alone ought to be sufficient, he thought, to convince the most sceptical of the wast influence whelded by the Bar, without referring to such men as Erskine. Mansfield, Hardwecke, or Broagham, who were to be classed amongst the highest ormanents of the profession in any age or country. Some, indeed, of the greatest minds that, the world had produced were lawyers. Passing by the great orators of ancient Greece and Rome. he would only advert to that great lawyer and profound philosopher of our own country, Lord Bacon, a man whose colossal mind grasped all subjects and compassed all knowledge; and atthough his name had been tarnished by the commission of dark offerces, he strond forth as one of the greatest lights of the world and been tarnished by the commission of dark offerces, he strond forth as one of the greatest lights of the world and been farnished by the commission of dark offerces, he strond forth as one of the greatest lights of the world and been farnished by the commission of dark offerces, he strond forth as one of the greatest the partial against them in the public mind, the Bar had undombreally sustained its reputation in all, ag s of the world. Of the Bar of P. E. Island he need say nothing further than this if not distinguished by high oratorical powers, for seriety prohity was unquestioned. On behalf then, of the Bar of the United S. ares, and also on behalf of the Ear of Great Britain, he returned thanks for the toat just gives. And with respect to the question of Reciprocity, he mast, before closing express the hope, that the negotial fine then in progress might prove emberstly successful. Reciprocal Free Frade with the United States and operated very favorably in P. E. Island, and atthough, since its abrogation. (at least as far as P. E. Island was concerne

British Colonies; and he trusted that are opening up result.

Auchinald McNeill. Esquire, on rising to propose, as a volunteer toast. The Press of Great Britain and America. Tremarked that the Press would have to discuss this matter fully. Much had already been done in the way of enlightening the people on the subject of Reciprocity and Free Trade, but much still remained to be accomplished in that direction. Some of the previous speakers had told them that, prior to their visit, they knew little or nothing of P. E. Island, but, now that they had seen it, they appeared to be highly pleased with all that they had seen. This ignorance was the Island's greatest drawback. It was not known in Great Britain, or even in Canada, until very recently. The question of a union of the Colonies, however, brought it prominently into notice; and they had reason to think that the negotiations now going forward would produce a similar result in the United States. The thirteen Colonies rebelled—justly rebelled against Imperial taration. This Colony was still a dependency of Great Britain, but was now cut off from the other Provinces, for she was not in the Dominion; and he would like to ask the gentlemen of the delegation whether they thought P. E. Island worthy of their admiration on that account, and whether they would give it. In case of need, a place under the Stars and Stripes? He (47. McNeill) did not, however, mean to say that the people of the Island would accept of their protection even if offered. The Anglo Saxon race would undoubtedly, as had been affirmed by Gen. Butter, govern America. Was it to be supposed, however, that the Mother Country would oppress little P. E. Island? P. E. Island was just as independent as Canada, and her people were, he thought, equally as competent to enter into, negotiations with the Unit-d States on the subject of Reciprocity as were the people of the New Hominion It was quite true, as had been observed by one of our ablest lawyers, they could not pass an act to prevent the going at large

David Laird, Esquire, Editor of the Patriot, in responding to the toast proposed by wr. McNeill, observed that the Press had, he thought, a little claim to consideration. Lawyers might be the fathers, but—if, so—the Press was certainly the mother of their 'berties; and they all knew that the mother had a great deal the most to do with moulding the character of her family. Just so soon as Britain and America lost a Free 'Press, so soon would their liberties begin to dwindle aud die away. Reference had been made to the 'Saa, s and Stripes,' but he (Mr. Laird) did not think the people' of P. E. Island were prepared for such a movement. He, how ver, was quite willing that the 'respectable mackerel' of which they had heard that eventing should have free access to the United States markets. They came, it appeared, within the limits of P. L. Island now, and he was perfectly willing to hand them over to the Americans. The Press, he believed would do its best to further the movement.—quite as maca so, indeed as the Bar, e pecially when they alone could give to the world all these statistics of which Mr. Derby had given them a sample that evening. DAVID LAIRD, Esquire, Editor of the Patriot. in re-Derby had giver them a sample that evening

Gen. Buil r then rose and intimated that the time was drawing near when it would be necessary for him-self and the gentlemen who accompanied him to lift their anchor and take an unwilling departure for their homes. He begged, therefore, to take leave of the nomes. He negged, therefore, to take leave of the gentlemen present, and whilst doing so, assured them that the delegation would, immediately on their return, report to the proper quarter their high appreciation of the hospitality and kindness with which they had been honored whilst here, concluding with the hope that their tist would prove to be but the beginning of the end, a recurrence of trade which would be highly advantagement all matters appeared by it. tageous to all parties concerned in it. The Hon Mr. Beck, instructed by a young member of the delegation, just wished to say before partiag-

"In heaven itself we'd ask no more, &o."

The party then broke up.

[A portion of the above report appeared in this Journal on the 9th instant, and, had our original intentention been carried out, the remainder would have appeared in the following issue. We subsequently deamed it advisable, however, to muse the first portion of this report,—which had, in the meantime, been distributed,—to be re-set, and have now the pleasure to pre-sent our readers with a Supplement containing the whole of these interesting speeches in one connected eeries.-ED. HERALD.]

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