

THE PARIS MAY DAY RIOTERS BALKED; POLICE BREAK UP PARADE WITH GUNS

French Capital Crowded With Thousands of Troops and Attempts at Demonstrations by Strikers Promptly Crushed—Great Lakes Shipping Badly Tied Up.

Paris, May 1. — 12:30 p.m. — The striking printers attempted to march in procession from the Bourse du Travail (labor headquarters), singing a revolutionary song. They attacked the police, who intervened, and the latter were compelled to draw their revolvers. The procession was then broken up.

Paris, May 1. — May 1, the day for which the Government made prodigious preparations, finds many quarters of the city presenting the appearance of an armed camp. The forces concentrated under Prefect of Police Lépine are estimated at 20,000 troops, 12,000 police, and 8,000 Republican Guards, gendarmes and detectives. Detachments of troops of all arms took up positions in the main centers at an early hour. The bulk of the military forces had been strictly confined to barracks since last midnight, and remained under orders to be ready to move at a moment's notice. The troops at midnight began to guard the public sources of water, gas and electric supply. The plan of the authorities was to avoid the use of military unless such a step was imperative to maintain order. Accordingly the aspect of the city during the early hours was little different from usual, but toward noon the military activity increased. The Metropolitan Railroad and omnibuses continued to operate, but cab traffic was crippled owing to the soldiers' fears. The extensive central markets were deserted, the country folk refusing to risk bringing in provisions. The suburbs, which are guarded by troops, were reported to be calm. Strong bodies of troops are posted at the main railroad depots in the city. The St. Lazare station is surrounded by a squadron of cuirassiers, several companies of infantry, and Republican Guards. Prior to the opening of the bourse a regiment of infantry took up a position on the terrace and detachments of cuirassiers occupied the neighboring streets. The bourse opened at the usual hour, but business was restricted.

Paris, May 1. — 6 a.m. — Cavalry and infantry detachments have taken up the positions assigned to them throughout Paris, and in the outskirts of the city, as a precaution against May Day disturbances. As this dispatch is filed, the authorities have completed all their arrangements to preserve order. There are no indications of any excitement in the central districts.

Paris, May 1. — 9:25 a.m. — The boulevards, the Place de la Concorde, the Place de l'Etoile, and the Place de la Bourse present their normal aspects. Traffic is uninterrupted except in the case of cabs. Workmen are quietly gathering in the Place de la République.

Paris, May 1. — 10:55 a.m. — In addition to the occupation of the Place de la Bourse by troops early in the day prior to the opening of the bourse, a battalion of infantry was stationed on the terrace of the building, and detachments of cavalry were drawn up at each of its wings.

Paris, May 1. — 11:20 a.m. — Owing to an increase in the excitement on the Place de la République, the troops intervened and a hundred arrests were made. The prisoners were immediately taken before magistrates, who quickly passed upon the cases, and the disturbers of the peace were taken to jail.

Detachments of troops have just taken up a position around the Bank of France.

Paris, May 1. — 3 p.m. — The Place de la République is the scene of continued excitement.

The Sultan Backs Down

London, May 1.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Cairo says that the Turkish Grand Vizier, in a telegram to the Ottoman commissioner in Egypt announces that he has ordered the restoration of the boundary pillars at Rafah and El Arish. The Grand Vizier says that it could not have been Turkish troops who removed the boundary stones, but that it was the outcome of some political intrigue.

BRICKLAYERS ARE ON STRIKE

Bosses Refuse to Grant Increase of Five Cents an Hour to All Men.

Nearly every union bricklayer in London went on strike this morning, owing to the refusal of the bosses to grant the increase in wages recently demanded by them.

The men have been receiving 40 cents an hour, eight hours to constitute a day's work.

They asked for an advance of 5 cents an hour all round.

The contractors were prepared to give the increase to the better class of their men, but they refused to do so for the men whom they did not consider worthy of it.

The union would not accept any such arrangement.

Hence the strike.

As far as can be learned, only two or three of the contractors have signed the new agreement with the bricklayers. Those who, it was announced today, had refused to come to terms, are: Simpson & Murray, Ed. May, Sing & Peck, Fred Doolley, Joseph Lunn, John Nutkins, John Hayman & Sons, Henry Hayman.

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The men are determined to hold out for the increase. Before going out on strike, they first had to secure the sanction of the International Union, and as long as they see fit to remain out they will receive financial aid from that body.

A prominent contractor stated today that the employers were quite willing to grade the men, giving the better men what is demanded by the union.

"How will the bosses be affected by the walkout of the men?" was asked.

"As far as I know, only one firm will be seriously affected, as they have a large building in course of erection, and it may be difficult to find bricklayers to take the place of the strikers. None of the others have big contracts on hand."

A strike of the local carpenters did not materialize, an arrangement having been reached by the employers and men.

The builders' laborers are also at work.

DR. ROSS MODERATOR

Brantford, Ont., April 30.—The Presbyterian Synod of Hamilton and London held its opening meeting in Zion Church tonight. There was a fair attendance of delegates. Rev. Mr. Currie, of Thorndale, the retiring moderator, presided, and preached the annual sermon, choosing for his text from Isaiah, His theme was "Redemption." Dr. John Ross, of Dalhousie, was unanimously elected moderator.

The synod will take up the regular order of business tomorrow morning. Some 200 delegates will be here.

Britain to Leave Tibet; China Pays for Campaign

ORMER GETS SUBSTANTIAL RIGHTS IN HERMIT LAND

Peking, May 1.—The Anglo-Tibetan treaty will be officially published after its ratification. According to information which has reached the Associated Press, the treaty in substance is as follows:

China pays the expense of the recent British expedition to Lhasa in installments, and Great Britain recognizes China's sovereignty over Tibet.

China opens two towns to trade—Gyangze and Katoke.

Railways, telegraphs and mines are to be built or operated by China and Great Britain, but Great Britain will not interfere where China or Chinese merchants provide the capital for en-

terprises of this character. Applications from British investors for interests in such enterprises are to be made to the Chinese governor of Lhasa. When he approves, ratification by the Chinese Government will be necessary.

On the full payment of the expenses of the military expedition Great Britain will withdraw her troops from Chumbi, but may withdraw sooner. After the withdrawal of British troops China must protect British trade. Political relations will be conducted with the residents at Lhasa.

A tariff on British imports will be arranged later by a separate convention.

COULDN'T AGREE AS TO SUNDAY

Lord's Day Alliance and Transportation Interests Unable to Compromise.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, May 1.—Rev. J. E. Shearer and R. MacPherson, of the Lord's Day Alliance, met in conference the representatives of the transportation interests this morning to endeavor to arrive at some understanding in regard to a compromise as to transportation steamboat companies operating on Sundays, so as to make the traffic a minimum. Mr. MacNeill and Mr. Drinkwater represented the Canadian Pacific; Mr. Blegar, K.C., the G. T. R.; Mr. Chrysler, K.C., Mr. Casgrain, K.C., Messrs. F. E. Meredith, Francis King, Robert Bedford and Sir Montagu Allen, represented other companies. Messrs. T. Blair and W. S. Stout represented the Dominion and Canadian Express Companies, and Mr. H. Hall represented the brotherhoods. Mr. MacNeill repeated the same views as he expressed before, throughout. Mr. King suggested that instead of prohibiting the handling of all freight on Sunday, some principle should be reached the same as was done in regard to passengers. Rev. Mr. Shearer thought the cleaning up of branch lines of empty cars should be prohibited. Mr. MacNeill agreed to prohibiting any freights which were not now run. A discussion took place on the necessity or otherwise of loading steamers on Sundays. The shipping interests insisted that it would tie up the business and drive it to the United States, and to stop loading on Sundays. Mr. MacNeill also showed that steamers would have to stay over a day at Port William if this was insisted upon. The conference over, the Sunday observance bill failed to agree upon anything definite, so that the committee will have to settle the matter.

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BRITISH SHIP SUNK

Five Persons and Cargo Worth \$250,000 Go to the Bottom.

New Haven, England, May 1. — The British steamer Blenheim, Capt. Isaac, which sailed from Junin, on March 10, for Dover, for orders, was sunk off Beachy Head today by the British bark Kate Thomas, Captain Hughes, from Antwerp for Chilo. The captain and nine members of the crew were landed here by a pilot boat, and it is believed that fourteen others were also saved.

Five persons are reported drowned. The cargo of the Blenheim was valued at \$250,000.

CARPENTERS TO STRIKE

Windsor Union to Go Out in Effort to Secure the Closed Shop.

Windsor, May 1.—The Carpenters' Union has decided on a strike, the effect next Monday against the Builders' Exchange, and all boss carpenters who refuse an increase of 7 per cent in wages and the closed shop. The Builders' Exchange is willing to concede the increased wage, but refuses to grant the closed shop demand. Six firms, however, have accepted the union's terms. This is the first trouble since the carpenters union was formed seven years ago.

HOUSE TO WIND UP ON 11TH

Mr. Hanna Says Legislature Will Be Through by That Date.

Toronto, May 1.—The municipal committee of the Legislature this morning approved of the municipal amendment act of 1906, which embodies the amendments contained in the bills passed by the committee during the session.

Hon. Mr. Hanna intimated that the business of the House would be finished about the 10th or 11th. The committee will devote Thursday morning to a discussion on automobile legislation. The bills introduced by Messrs. Lennox and Sutherland, purporting further restrictions, are under consideration by a select committee.

A HEAVY INCREASE

Customs Collections for London Exceeded \$66,500 Last Month.

The customs returns for the port of London for April show a very large increase over the same month of 1905. In April last year the collections totaled \$58,167.59, while during the past month they amounted to \$66,513.26, showing an advance of \$8,345.67.

STOLE THE CORNER STONE

Thieves Pry It from Edifice, But Make Poor haul.

Pasadena, Cal., May 1. — Thieves last night stole the corner stone of the North Pasadena Methodist Church. The stone weighs about 300 pounds and contained coins and other small valuables worth probably \$10. The church was just completed a few days ago, and is a large and expensive edifice. The corner stone was pried out of the building and was removed entirely from the premises.

AGREEMENT MODIFIED

The G. T. Pacific and Ontario Have New Arrangement.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, May 1.—Premier Whitney announced yesterday evening that the Government had after careful consideration, entered into negotiations with the Grand Trunk Pacific Company, which had resulted in modifying the agreement made between the company and the province two years ago. The act passed at that time gave the railway a cash bonus of \$2,000 per mile for the Port William branch of the G. T. P. and a land grant of 1,200,000 acres, the company agreeing to put 400 bond holders on the land each year for ten years. By the agreement just made, the company give back to the Province \$25,000 acres of the 1,200,000, and is released from its agreement regarding the placing of settlers.

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THE WEATHER

Tomorrow—Shrubby.

London, Tuesday, May 1. Sun rises, 5:11 a.m. Moon rises, 11:30 a.m. Sun sets, 7:19 p.m. Moon sets, 1:21 a.m. Toronto, April 30—5 a.m.

Showers have occurred today in Quebec and over the greater part of the Maritime Provinces. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been generally fair and in most districts comparatively cool.

FORECASTS

Tuesday, May 1—5 a.m. Today—Easterly winds; fine and moderately warm. Wednesday—Easterly winds and showers.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	4 p.m.	Weather.
Calgary	42	42	Cloudy
Winnipeg	40	40	Cloudy
Port Arthur	36	36	Clear
Perry Sound	38	38	Clear
Toronto	48	48	Clear
Ottawa	48	48	Clear
Montreal	42	42	Clear
Quebec	42	42	Cloudy
Father Point	40	40	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

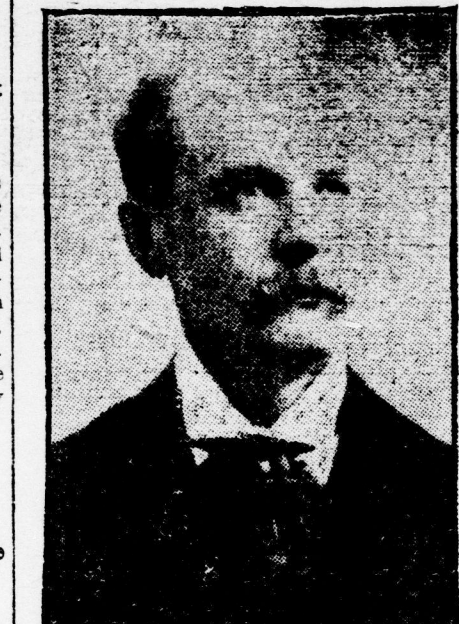
The weather is showery in the Maritime provinces, and fine and moderately warm in other parts of the Dominion.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

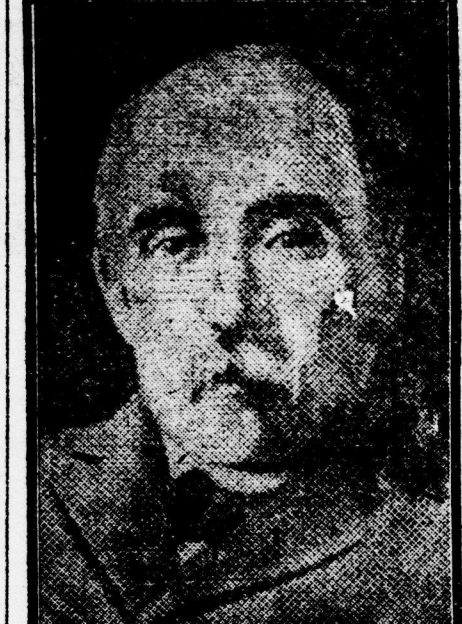
The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Monday were: Highest, 66.5°; lowest, 48° above.

LOOKS LIKE LIVELY FIGHT IN COUNCIL OVER SITE OF NEW GRAND TRUNK DEPOT

Proposal to Erect East of Present Situation Strongly Opposed by Dundas and Richmond Street Merchants—May Come to Tie Vote With Mayor Deciding.



HON. CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Canadian Minister of Justice is Likely to Succeed Sir Elzear Taschereau as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.



M. Clemenceau, Minister of the Interior, Who Has Taken Strong Measures to Prevent a May Day Revolution in Paris.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Ship.	From.
April 30.	Reported at.
Munich.	New York.
Vaderland.	New York.
Rydan.	New York.
Marquette.	Boston.
Blucher.	Cherbourg.
Kaiser Wilhelm.	New York.
Cherbourg.	New York.
Liverpool.	New York.
Colt.	New York.
Umbria.	Liverpool.
Columbia.	Glasgow.
Noordam.	Rotterdam.
Koenig Luise.	Glasgow.
Reydlitz.	Dover.

DIED FAR FROM HOME

Miss McGuire, of Hamilton, Scotland, Succumbs After Long Illness.

The remains of the late Miss Annie McGuire, who died in Victoria Hospital on Sunday evening, after a long illness, were interred this morning in St. Peter's Cemetery. The funeral was held at St. Mary's Church, where mass was said by Rev. Father Tobin.

Miss McGuire died under very sad circumstances. She came from Hamilton, twenty miles from Glasgow, Scotland, two years ago, and was employed here until three months ago, when she was taken ill. Her condition became serious, and when it was seen that she could not recover, word was sent to her parents in Scotland, and her father came to Canada on the first boat, arriving here nearly a month before the young woman died.

Mr. McGuire is still in the city. He is so favorably impressed with Canada that he has about decided to remain here and send for his wife and family.

PROPERTY WANTED BY SCHOOL BOARD

Purchase of Several Pieces To Be Recommended by Special Committee.

The special committee of the board of education appointed to consider the enlargement of school grounds met yesterday afternoon. Mr. E. J. MacRobert, chairman of the committee, presided. All the members of the committee were present except Trustee Gamgee.

It was decided to recommend to the board the purchase of the following properties:

Since Street—The McFadden property, east of the school, and if possible, 75 feet north from Messrs. Carrol and Brener.

Talbot Street—The Stiles property, 50 feet wide, and full depth of school property.

West London—122 feet north on St. Andrew's street.

Lorne Avenue — 90 feet from Mr. Saunders, and 68 feet from Mr. Baynes, with cottage.

St. George's School—The McNeil property.

Aberdeen School—65 feet, with the two cottages, east of the school.

These properties were the best available in the minds of the committee, and it was thought they should be acquired.

ONTARIO'S REVENUE

Gross Receipts Show Substantial Increase for Year Just Past.

Toronto, May 1.—The receipts of the Provincial Secretary's department for the current year promise to beat all previous records by a very large margin. Up to yesterday the gross receipts from Jan. 1 totaled \$70,665, an increase of \$23,847. The total gross receipts for 1905 were \$121,914. So that the first four months of this year show a total of more than half what was received last year.

No Consumptive Hospital.

Toronto, May 1.—Toronto will not build a hospital for consumptives for the present. The private bills committee of the Legislature were overwhelmingly against the plan this morning, and disallowed the expenditure of \$50,000 for the erection of a hospital.

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The indications now are that there is going to be one of the liveliest kinds of fights in the city council to determine the location of the new depot which is to be built by the Grand Trunk Railway.

A short while ago there was no talk of the building being built anywhere but on the present site, or at least between Richmond and Clarence streets. Then the Grand Trunk asked to be allowed to erect the structure across Clarence street, and a number of people south of the tracks at once jumped to the conclusion that they were going to be worsted if Clarence street was not allowed to remain open the full width, and a largely-signed petition was presented, praying the council to not allow the company to narrow the street.

It was at this time that the company sprung a surprise and assured the city that as far as the Grand Trunk is concerned the depot could be built east of Wellington street.

This was the beginning of the present strong agitation to have the depot go east, which is now being felt at the city hall.

It was said today that when the vote is taken in the council it will be found that it will be a tie, and that the location of the new station will rest in the hands of the mayor. However this may be, his worship today stated to The Advertiser that he is personally in favor of the site between Wellington and Waterloo streets, as he deems it the logical place for the station.

"The city is growing eastward," he said, "and the business of the city is going that way. I do not believe that the location of the new station there will in any way injure the business men of the heart of the city. In Toronto, Hamilton, Woodstock, Chatham, Stratford, Guelph, and many other places the depot is away from the business section, and its location has injured no one."

"If the depot is built between Wellington and Waterloo, there will be no reason for level tracks west of Wellington street. The Pere Marquette trains could then come in on the level to the G. T. R. depot, and so could the trains of the M. C. R. This would mean that we could clear the street off, and that we could sell the present Michigan Central depot, which belongs to the city."

His worship then produced a couple of letters he has just received from citizens. One was from Col. Garshore, manager of the McClary Manufacturing Company, who gives it as his opinion that the depot should go east. The city cannot grow westward, the colonel says, because of the river. It is bound to go east, and even at his own prejudice he would like to see the new station at Wellington street. He also points out that all level tracks west of Wellington street on Bathurst could be removed, and that the Pere Marquette and the M. C. R. could enter the Grand Trunk depot on the level. Thus the city would have practically a union depot, the outside road being the C. P. R.

What the Merchants Think.

This is one side of the question. The other side is the side of the merchants in the business center. One of these has made very strong representations to the city, and he declares that it will mean the loss of thousands of dollars of business to the merchants annually, if the depot is removed. In fact, it may safely be said that not a single business man on Dundas and Richmond streets wants the depot removed.

They intend to make their views known in a way that the council will not forget, and today they are, it is understood, circulating a petition to have the station remain where it is. This petition will be presented to the council without delay.

A Clarence street resident wrote the mayor today to the effect that when the mayor signed the petition to have Clarence street kept open the full width at all costs, they did not know what they were doing.

"Give us the 30-foot opening, but give

HAPPY TO DIE FOR THE CAUSE

Girl Tells Why She Killed Russian Officer, and Thinks It Was Justified.

St. Petersburg, April 30.—The following is the justification made by Miss Spiridonova, the girl who murdered Luzhenoffski, the chief of the gendarmes at Tamboff, to the court martial which sentenced her to be hanged. It is in every respect a remarkable story, painting a revolting picture. It is in part as follows:

"Yes, I murdered Luzhenoffski, and I desire to explain my deed. I am a member of the social-revolutionary party. Instead of meeting the needs of the people the Government used guns, bayonets and bullets, but they did not succeed. Then they invented the Manifesto of Liberty. But at the same time they also invented alleged popular demonstrations by the organization of the 'Black Hundred' outrages.

"The horrors of the reaction were worse than anything which had preceded. More than 200 men were murdered under the guise of executions, and the bureaucracy deliberately created conditions which made it impossible for the people's indignation to reach the supreme power, and the official reports were filled with tranquility, happiness and peace."

"I will not speak of the whole of the Province of Tamboff, but will confine myself to the work of Luzhenoffski. Villages which he visited he left looking like Bulgarian villages after Turkish raids. Young Pavel Ziltschiff, through the self-sacrifice of his family, had received a good education in the Yekaterinoslav normal school. He used to say 'All of my learning and knowledge I will bring back to my village for distribution among my brothers.' He and his friend Ostrovitshoff, when Luzhenoffski arrived, went to him as the delegates of the peasants, and Luzhenoffski replied to their request with a volley from his Cossacks. For four days Ziltschiff and Ostrovitshoff were tortured until they died.

"Alexander Dubrovina was a Social Democrat, who had come to the village to try to restrain the peasants' passions and organize them for the betterment of their condition. He was arrested, put on the rack and died under the inquisition. Disguised as a shoemaker, some of his relatives managed to persuade the keepers to show them the body, but it was unrecognizable.

"Luzhenoffski's method of procedure when he arrived in a village was to order the peasants to be assembled and undressed, and then he would go to his dinner and leave the poor devils shivering on their knees in the snow. I do not charge Luzhenoffski with being the man who inspired and organized, to the shame of Russia, the 'Black Hundreds.' Their organizer was higher up. But in the eyes of the committee of the social-revolutionary party of Tamboff he was the incarnation of evil, of tyranny and of violations—a typical representative of the worst side of bureaucracy. He was an oppressor of the people and he merited death.

"In the name of humanity, of truth and of justice the Tamboff committee and I condemned Luzhenoffski to death. With a full appreciation of the responsibility of my act I understood that my heart was breaking with sorrow and it was no longer possible to live with the tales of horror produced by Luzhenoffski's acts ringing in my ears. I was crushed and subjected to all those tortures which the Government used to practise about abolishing. Everything I wrote in my letter was true. I was tortured not only physically, but mentally.

"But in spite of all the horrors to which I have been subjected I am happy in the thought that I belong to the ranks of the protectors of the people and that I am to die for their cause."

BEST IN THE WORLD

IT SAVES BABIES' LIVES

Lactated Food surpasses all other prepared foods as a diet for the babies in the hot weather.

Lactated Food is the easiest to digest, and is of great nutritive value. Lactated Food is a perfect substitute for mother's milk. It is a corrective in all cases of irritability of the stomach and bowels. No other food could be so good of such valuable life-giving and life-building virtues.

Lactated Food is the safest form of nourishment for the baby during the time of teething. It saves from diarrhea and dysentery. Lactated Food "saves babies' lives." Druggists sell it.

A bull entered a china shop at Ashby-de-la-Zouch, England, the other day, took a walk around, surveyed the display with apparent interest and departed without having done more than 25 cents worth of damage.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE
Is sent direct to the diseased part by the internal bladder. Heals the urethra, clears the bladder, passes, stops droppings in the stream and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Paris automobile owners must make two declarations at the prefecture of police, one as to the type of vehicle and power of the motor, and the other for obtaining permission to drive after examination.

MOTHER GRAVES' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing. The Island of Capri possesses a unique cave of the blues, wherein the air is like a twilight of blue fire and waves, and grotto walls, and boats, and people—everything and everyone—look blue.

THE GREAT LAKE PORTS TIED UP

Six Thousand Members of the Longshoremen's Union Out on Strike.

Buffalo, April 30.—At midnight 6,000 men, every member of the Longshoremen's Union in this port, went on strike in accordance with orders from President Daniel J. Keefe. They include marine firemen, oilers, water tenders, lake pilots, grain scoopers, stationary dock firemen, coal handlers, tug firemen and engineers and ore handlers. It is said here that every port on the great lakes will be affected by the strike and that lake commerce will be tied up with one of the biggest strikes on the great lakes in years.

FRED W. GATES DEAD

Prominent Hamiltonian Dies at an Advanced Age.

Hamilton, April 30.—Frederick W. Gates, sen., one of Hamilton's most prominent and respected citizens, died at his home on Herkimer street today, aged 84 years. He had been ill a long and, and he died was not unexpected.

Mr. Gates, who had resided here 60 years, was president of the Hamilton Gas Company, vice-president of the Canada Life Company, and a director of the National Trust Company, Toronto.

Herbert Gates, of London, manager of the Canada Life Company, there, is a son. The funeral arrangements have not been made yet.

CARNEGIE AT CAPITAL

Laird of Skibo Visits Library and Tells Funny Stories.

Ottawa, April 30.—Honored by the presence of its founder, who officiated at the ceremony, the Carnegie library was formally opened this afternoon in the presence of a large and fashionable gathering.

Owing to the fact that he never speaks at length in the open air, the inaugural ceremony took place inside, to which only a limited number were admitted. The threatening weather let up, and sun and breeze brought out a large crowd, which blocked McClellan street in their anxiety to get a glimpse of the little man from Skibo.

Accompanied by Sir Sandford Fleming, whose quest he had been at lunch, and by his own party, Mr. Carnegie arrived promptly at 3 o'clock, and was welcomed on the steps by Mayor Ellis.

Mr. Carnegie began his inspection of the building, and went into the stack room. At the same time the crowd outside was admitted and there was much crowding.

Dr. Rutherford read the address, which spoke of Mr. Carnegie's munificence and the benefits which would flow from free public libraries. Behind his success in life, there was recorded that force of character belonging to the Scottish race. The hope was expressed that his life might long be spared to continue the good work.

Mr. Carnegie made a happy response. There might be those present who were not so fortunate as to have been born in Scotland or of Scotch parentage, and if so they could not understand devotion to St. Andrew. But the others in another, and St. Andrew would not come out behind. Wherever he was met St. Andrew's Society in Shanghai, on the Pacific coast, and elsewhere it was said that the drum-beat of England directed the world.

Following the sun in its course the songs of Scotland, too, had circled the world.

Dr. Rutherford for Camp Argyle, of the Sons of Scotland, presented the lady with a certificate of honorary membership.

"It is another life to find us," said Mr. Carnegie, "and you'll regret making me one of your lives."

Principal Peterson presented his young son.

"This is the lad who caught the fish at Skibo," he said.

"Oh, yes, I recollect," said Mr. Carnegie. "He caught twelve trout at Skibo."

"By the way, gentlemen, I'll tell you a little story," he continued. "One day in Scotland I met two little boys, the sons of Dr. Peterson. Their father had come to Canada. I said, 'How do you like Canada?'"

"It's a good place to visit," said one of the little fellows. "But I could not live away so far from the remains of Bruce and Wallace." (Laughter.)

HOW CURRIE DIED

Slipped on Pavement and Wagon Wheel Crushed His Head.

Paris, April 30.—The following details the fatal accident to Professor Currie given. He was killed in a street accident in the Latin Quarter, April 19.

The professor was walking up the Rue Dauphine, which leads to the river at the Pont Neuf, and had only gone a few yards from the river side when his passage was stopped by two people standing on the causeway.

He stepped into the carriage-way to pass them, but slipped on the curbstone and fell under a heavy wagon of the army service corps.

One of the wheels passed over his head, which was badly crushed. He was picked up and taken to the ambulance station at the Mint, close by, almost instantaneously.

Professor Currie was identified at the station by a messenger of the faculty of medicine.

The carter, although not, apparently, responsible for the accident, has been detained by the police, pending an investigation by a judge d'instruction, who has been appointed for the purpose.

MATHESON AWAY; BUSINESS BLOCKED

Whitney Postpones Legislation Until Return of the Treasurer.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, May 1.—Ten minutes sufficed for yesterday's sitting of the House. After putting through a little routine business, the Premier said that in the absence of the Provincial Treasurer, who was in New York, in connection with the \$500 loan guarantee, it would be inadvisable to take up certain matters in which the Treasurer was interested, while it would be equally inadvisable to consider the education bills with such a small attendance of members present.

Mr. Clark (Bruce) asked: 1. Has the attention of the Government been directed to the announcement that the insurance commission will not sit in Ottawa to complete the investigation of the insurance department, and that counsel, appointed by the Province, has not been afforded an opportunity to examine the superintendent of insurance and his assistants? 2. Is it the intention of the Government to make such representations, as will secure for counsel for the policyholders, an opportunity to carry out the work for which he was retained?

Replying to the questions, the Premier said that the Government had been notified and had instructed counsel to take any necessary steps to carry out the work for which he had been appointed.

Hon. Mr. Hanna moved the first reading of a bill to amend the consolidated municipal act.

The House in committee reported Mr. Fraser's bill to amend the act to prevent the waste of natural gas, and Mr. Tidball's bill respecting the town of Midland.

It was resolved that the House would in committee of the whole today consider certain proposed resolutions of Hon. Mr. Matheson, respecting the revenues of the Province; of Hon. Mr. Hanna respecting the salaries of dairy inspectors, and of Hon. Mr. Montet's, relating to the appointment of dairy inspectors, the prevention of fraud in the manufacture of butter and cheese, and the suppression of foot and mouth disease. These resolutions will supplement legislation now before the House.

The following telegram from San Francisco, in reply to the resolution of sympathy passed by the Legislature, was read:

"Charles Clarke, Clerk Legislative Assembly: Please accept our gratitude for your sympathy—E. E. Schmitz, mayor."

G. T. P. DEBENTURE BILL

Asks for Authority to Issue \$25,000,000 Debentures to Extent of \$25,000,000.

Ottawa, April 30.—The House took up in committee the measure respecting the Grand Trunk Pacific Company. This bill authorizes the G. T. P. Company to issue debentures to the amount of \$25,000,000 to purchase equipment, including rolling stock.

Two clauses of the bill authorize the G. T. P. Company to guarantee the bonds of the G. T. P. Branch Lines Company, a bill to incorporate which company is now before the railway committee.

This clause was, after some discussion, amended, making the authority to guarantee bonds "subject to the approval of the governor-in-council." On suggestion of Mr. Bowden the consideration of the bill was deferred.

ADVISED HIM TO RESIGN

Bishop Makes Statement in Connection With St. Barnabas Trouble.

St. Catharines, April 30.—In connection with the recent troubles at St. Barnabas' Church, between the majority of its adherents and Rev. E. Farrington Nevitt, the incumbent, the following letter from the bishop was given out:

Dioecesis of Niagara, See House, 26th April 1906.—Dear Sir:—Some time sent me the Star-Journal of the 18th inst., containing a statement by Mr. Nevitt. If Mr. Nevitt uttered the words in the second paragraph, referring to my advice to him to resign, they are disgraceful words. Mr. Nevitt knows very well that on April 5 or 6 I wrote a private letter to him, urging him more strongly than before to resign his charge at St. Barnabas.

The subsequent sending of a license to him did not alter the advice. The license was sent him on Easter eve, in answer to an urgent letter from him asking for it as the completion of his appointment, made weeks before. The fact remains, notwithstanding any attempt to evade it, that the bishop, from the beginning to the end of the trouble, and having heard both sides fully, advised him strongly to resign. Faithfully yours,

(Signed) J. PHILIP.

Her Rudder Gone.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., April 30.—The Canadian steamer, Joppat, which blocked navigation at this point last week by swinging across the river, left Detroit last night for Depot Harbor, Ont., in tow of the tug Boynton. Her rudder is gone. The steamer will be taken to Collingwood drydock after unloading her cargo of grain.

William H. Thilingshat, who confessed to the impersonation of other men in the jury box for several years in damage cases against the Metropolitan Street Railway Co., at New York, has been sentenced to three months in the penitentiary.

The German Government profited last year over \$16,000,000 by its postal, telegraphic and telephone systems. There are nearly 45,000 farmers in New Jersey and they are represented in the present legislature by only one member.

ROCKEFELLER, JR. DOES HOUSEWORK

Carries Coal to Aid the Hosts in Preparing His Supper.

Great Barrington, Mass., May 1.—The beautiful village of Sheffield that snuggles among the Berkshire hills half a dozen miles south of here has found out it has a special claim to distinction.

Friday night, two weeks ago, John D. Rockefeller, jun., and his cousin, Percy Rockefeller, rode into Sheffield mounted on mustang ponies and accompanied by a groom who drove a light wagon, which carried the baggage of the party. They were on the way from New York to Pittsfield, where the Aero Club was scheduled to hold a balloon ascension on the next day. They had been riding since early morning and were tired. Suppers and bed were matters of prime importance to them, and a native directed them to the Elmhurst, a summer hotel.

At the Elmhurst the cousins made known their wants.

"Don't know," said the sum of the information vouchsafed.

"The hotel ain't open, and won't be for a month."

"No; we are not fixed here to give you any supper, there ain't a spare bed in the place."

"Don't know; you might try Will French's."

The hungry equestrians turned away and hunted up Willard D. French. Boarders sometimes are taken in summer at French's, but there was nothing doing there. There were no accommodations, and it made no difference when the strangers offered to pay liberally. Possibly they might find something to eat and beds at Miss Hattie Smith's, they were told. So, with little hope, before setting their tired horses upon the long six miles to Great Barrington the travelers sought out the residence of Miss Smith.

There is no quaint old mansion in the whole of Berkshire County than Miss Hattie Smith's, a better cook, nor kinder soul than its mistress. Gently the stranded multimillionaires knocked at her door, and humbly begged for shelter and food for themselves, man and beasts.

"I seemed real nice young men," said Miss Smith, afterward. "I didn't have the heart to turn them away. You could tell to look at them that they were most starved, so I let them come in. I do take some boarders now and then, but they must let me know ahead or else come at a civilized hour, and if those young men hadn't been pretty polite I wouldn't have taken them. But they were just as nice as they could be."

"To tell you the truth, though, I sort of suspected they were young chaps on some kind of a lark, and it would not have surprised me much if they had paid me in promises the next day. So when one of them, the oldest one, offered to get me a scuttle of coal I just let him put it on the fire, too. Then I wanted some fresh water for the tea kettle, and the other one drew it. They didn't make a mite of fuss about anything, but just ate what I gave them as if it was the best supper they ever had tasted, and went off to bed like a couple of 12-year-olds."

"Next morning after breakfast they wanted to know if there was any one nearby that took photographs; said they wanted a view of the house. I sent for Miss Carrie Smith and she took a couple of negatives with her camera. Then the oldest of the young men handed me his card and asked me to have the prints forwarded to him in New York. You could have knocked me down with a feather when I saw the name of John D. Rockefeller, jun. Then he introduced Percy."

"They paid my regular charges for supper, lodgings, and breakfasts and on my taking a ten-dollar bill besides. No, I never told them I had a notion they wouldn't be able to pay their bills."

"I've heard a good deal about those Rockefeller boys doing such dreadful folks, but I don't believe it, do you?"

John D. Rockefeller, jun., and his cousin Percy are the same age—29. The more strenuous life of John D. Jun., caused his health to give way and he aged more rapidly than his cousin.

"This may account for the Berkshire hostess taking one of her guests for the 'oldest.'"

The largest industry in Japan is textile, there being some 4,337 factories of various sizes engaged in this trade, the majority being centered in and around Osaka. These are mostly worked by steam power.

TELLS BY THEIR SLEEP

"I can tell by my little ones' sleep when a cold is coming on," said a mother when speaking of the advance symptoms of colds in children.

"They toss about, are restless, their breathing is heavy and there are symptoms of night sweats. The next morning I start with Scott's Emulsion. The chances are that in a day or two they are all over it. Their rest is again peaceful and the breathing normal."

Here's a suggestion for all mothers. Scott's Emulsion always has been almost magical in its action when used as the ounce of prevention. Nothing seems to overcome child weakness quite so effectively and quickly as Scott's Emulsion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY Fine. THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Smarten up the Suit with these PRETTY BRAIDS

Take our collection of FANCY BRAIDS as an example from which to judge of the completeness of our Dress Trimming assortments.

Such a gathering of Braid Styles makes choosing a pleasure. Which turns to a delight when you see how smart they look on the new Pony or Eton Suits.

Many of these pretty braids were in such demand that we found ourselves entirely sold out of some lines sooner than we expected.

But they're here again. All leading shades. Nearly all touched with gold threads. Many novel serpentine effects. Yard..... 8c to 15c

And these Fancy 3/4-Inch Braids are very attractive. Cream and gray grounds brightened up with threads of green and gold. Draw strings. Yard..... 15c

Very Narrow Braids in shades of pink, mauve and navy with a single row of gold spots joined together with white threads. Would make simply stunning decorations for tailored suits. Yard..... 12c

If you admire Narrow Braids in ribbon effects with daintily corded edges and dotted with colors you'll want some of these. 7 different shades. Yard..... 10c

Large assortment of Silver and Gold Braids. All widths. Yard, 4c to 25c. The 25c kind makes very handsome belts or vest effects for suits.

COLORED UMBRELLAS

Turn the rain just as well as black, and so smart-looking, too. Navy, myrtle and brown. Coverings of silk \$4.00

Silk and wool coverings. Navy, brown and green. \$2.75 and \$3.00

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street.

BISON FURNACE

100° 137° 194°

11min. 15min. 29min.

In an actual test under ordinary conditions a prominent Montreal Professor of Physics reports the following results with a Bison Hot Water Heater:

Starting with the water at 65°, eleven minutes after the match was applied its temperature increased to 100° in the upper section.

Four minutes later it went up to 137°.

And 29 minutes after starting it was at 194°.

The bottom section gets as hot as in any other furnace—the great gain is in the top section.

Next morning, 15 hours after it had been left for the night, the water was at 124° in the top section and 100° in the lower.

THE H. R. IVES CO., LIMITED. MONTREAL.

New Idea in COMICS

REAL HUMOR BY REAL ARTISTS

Foremost German Humorists have come to America to amuse readers of the

Chicago Sunday Tribune

Watch for it and laugh.

In the Friends' burial grounds in Salem, N. J., there stands the largest oak tree in the state and possibly the largest in the United States. It is now used as the "trade mark" of the New Jersey Forestry Association. The tallest building in the world is being erected in New York by a life insurance company. It will be 560 feet high, or five feet higher than the Washington monument and 83 feet higher than St. Peter's, Rome.

Corsets

The Really Easy Corset

Most corsets are made as some man thinks they should be—so they have style, usually, but little ease. Here's a corset made on a woman's ideas—with ease, ramount. Modish to a degree, ever fact that bears the "D & A" mark—well-made, whatever their price, every one; but above all easy—comfort and comfort—that is the "D & A" supreme merit. Ask your favorite store to show you the "D & A"—no matter what make you think you like best, look at this make.

San Francisco is said to contain the largest families in the world. It boasts of having 39 families each having more than 14 children, and 63 families with more than 8 children each.

A London advertiser offers for \$42 a gramophone a gray African parrot, 6 years old, that can speak distinctly 800 words and uses sentences of from 20 to 30 words.

So strong are French peasant women and so frugal that one can bring home from the forest in a single load faggots enough for a month—since she uses them only to cook by, and moves about to keep herself warm.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office107

Editorial Department134

Job Department175

The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, TUESDAY, MAY 1, 1906.

What Do the Power Companies
Say?

The Niagara power companies have been curiously silent under attack. They represent an investment of tens of millions of dollars, which will be jeopardized by public competition. If the figures and estimates furnished by the municipal and hydro-electric commissions are approximately correct, but the men behind the great power interests at Niagara have not been visibly concerned over the agitation for Government or municipal ownership.

An official of one of the companies, whose name is not given, is quoted as saying that the findings of the two commissions are wholly chimerical, and that power can be delivered in Toronto at no such prices as they have named. If the companies are prepared to dispute the commission reports, the public would like to hear their side of the case. Perhaps it is outlined in the comments of the Canadian Electrical News, which is in close touch with the electrical interests, and may be presumed to have access to special information. The News deals only with the report of the Hydro-Electric Commission not having been published when the article was written. It makes the point that the amount of power estimated by the commission, upon what its figures are based, is greatly in excess of actual requirements, and no account is taken of the fact that the present companies, with their enormous equipments, are not going to step out and leave the field entirely to the municipalities. Contracts have been made for the greater part of the output, and the fact that the companies must remain in the field would still further reduce the amount of power to be disposed of by the municipalities, and therefore increase the price of municipal transmission. No account appears to have been taken of the fact that nearly all power consumers make use of intermittent power. For this reason, says the News, the figures given by the commission are totally inadequate. The commission fixed on a flat rate of \$21.97 per horse-power for Toronto customers, which means that a person taking, say, one horse-power, and using it for an hour, each day, would be compelled to pay the same price per horse-power as the customer who would use the power for the full 24 hours. On the basis of cost given by the commissioners, a customer in Toronto using 50-horse power would be required to pay approximately \$1,100 per year, which is much greater than the average now paid for 50-horse power in that city.

The loss on transmission is placed at 10 per cent, whereas no one in the least conversant with actual operation of transmission lines, the News alleges, would place this at less than 20 per cent. Overhead wires are also figured on. Three sub-stations are laid out for Toronto, to which 10,000 volt wires would have to be carried through the streets from the terminal station of the 60,000-volt line. "It is needless to say," the News adds, "that this would not be tolerated, and stamps the report of the commission as either wanting in engineering experience, or purposely confusing the issue, in favor of municipal ownership."

The News goes on to say: "A lump amount of 60,000-horse power is taken, and it is assumed that this will be used full time, and the costs are figured on this amount. Why limit the amount to 60,000-horse power? The figures would have been still lower if the amount were fixed at 100,000, or 200,000 horse power. The amount would be immaterial so long as the actual requirements of the market are so greatly exceeded in the estimates."

The power companies can afford to be indifferent, if they have reason to know, from practical operations, that the municipal and hydro-electric commissions are astray in their calculations; but it is a serious question for the public. The Ontario Government is now wrestling with the problem and will no doubt look into it, searching and cautiously, before making a move. The people of Western Ontario want Niagara power at the lowest rate consistent with its profitable production and delivery, and they sincerely hope that the two commissions have been on safe ground."

"Bad Politics and Worse Patriotism."

The Toronto Telegram is never so happy as when heaving bricks at the Laurier Government, but even then the Telegram has no stomach for the nauseating attacks of Armstrong, of East Lambton, and Henderson, of Halton, upon the Government's treatment of Germany—attacks which had the tacit approval of the entire Opposition.

The Telegram voices its disgust in these robust phrases:

"Canada either had to 'crawl' to Germany or else impose a surtax on goods imported from Germany."

"The United States, with its 75 per cent tariff against German goods, was given the most favored nation treatment at German ports."

"And the discriminating clauses of the German tariff were applied to goods from Canada with her tariff of 35 per cent against German goods."

"Canada's discrimination in favor of goods of British origin was emphatically none of Germany's business."

"Germany was insolent and absurd in her attempt to punish Canada for treating Britain better than foreign nations are treated, while at the same time treating Germany as every other foreign nation is treated."

"Whether the British preference is wise or unwise, whether it should go or stay, is not the question."

"It is bad politics and worse patriotism for the Ottawa Opposition to argue that Canada should drop the preference as a peace offering to Emperor William."

"The surtax on German goods in Canada's dignified, appropriate and effective answer to Germany's unprovoked discrimination against Canadian goods."

"The surtax will stay where it is, and the Ottawa Opposition will stay where it is, if its members have nothing better to do than stiffen the obstinacy of Germany with assurances that her paltry market is necessary to the life and prosperity of Canadian agriculture."

Free alcohol for the arts would be a popular move in Canada.

Whatever may be said of Stimson's immigration policy, it secured the immigration.

Britain's squabble with Turkey will end, as usual, in the Sick Man taking his medicine.

Gamay has taken to the lecture platform, and is tendering good advice to young men. His advice is necessarily much better than his example.

Prince Arthur of Connaught, hedged in by functionaries at every turn, has probably learned as much about Canada as if he had shot over the country in an airship.

Parliament will lose one of its keenest intellects and most industrious members if Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick goes on the bench. But the supreme court will be strengthened, and there are those in the legal profession who think it can stand improvement.

The British budget surplus of over \$1,000,000 indicates a revival of trade. According to the British practice, the estimated surplus for the ensuing year will be returned to the people in the form of reduced taxation. The new Government is redeeming its financial pledges, and next year will see a large reduction of national expenditure.

This is the day the Parliamentarians expected to start a revolution; but the police won't let 'em, as Pat complained. After averting that the Irish patriots could sweep the Sasenachs out of the Emerald Isle at a moment's notice.

Mr. McIntyre, M. P., of South Perth, brings forward a plan of Senate reform under which senators would be appointed for the legal term of three parliaments, and would then be eligible for re-election. When a senator's term expired he would be dependent for re-election upon the party in power for the time being, and would be under temptation to curry favor with it. Under the present system he can at least be independent of party. Mr. McIntyre's scheme has no obvious advantage.

The Two Travelers.
(A Fable.)
[St. Nicholas.]
In bygone times it came to pass,
A tall Giffard and a dwarfish Aes,
As fellow-travelers, side by side,
We journeyed through a country wide.
The Aes was much inclined to smile
At his companion's awkward style;
His great long legs to criticize,
And at his neck express surprise;
In short, to spare no cruel hit
Whereby he might display his wit.

But, as they moved the region through,
The vegetation scarce grew,
Till upon the sterile ground
We found the sea-anemones round.
And only on the tallest trees
Grew anything that could their hunger ease.
The hungry Aes was forced to wait,
And watch his comrade eat the fruit
A dwarf, he cried, "no more I'll chafe,
Nor at your neck and figure laugh
In truth, I find now, after all,
I'd give my ears to be as tall!"

Are You Cleaning Up?
[You Toronto Star.]
Making any headway with the backyard beautiful?
Naturally.
[Watson's Magazine.]
Knicker—There goes a man who would rather fight than eat.
Rocker—Soldier?
Knicker—No, dyspeptic.

Not a Square Deal.
[Brantford Expositor.]
The Ottawa Journal has just had a libel suit, which it won, but was nevertheless mulcted in \$1,400 costs, which could not be collected from the loser. This causes it to truthfully remark that "this is a common trouble for newspapers, and a difficult thing to provide against. Ontario law is better in this regard than law in most other places. Still, it could possibly be improved."

Canada Is Not Moved.
[Toronto Telegram.]
Canada's affection for Queen Victoria was a great unifying influence in the life of this country.
The influence of Victoria's prolonged

ed sovereignty did its work, so well that there is no place left for royalty in shaping the destiny of this country.

Canada, on returning from the diplomatic strength, tact and good sense of King Edward.

Canada pays her debts of gratitude with an abounding goodwill to King Edward and all his relatives.

But when the London Times gravely discourses on the significance of Prince Arthur's visit to Canada, it is time to suggest that so far as Canada is concerned no large significance attaches to the comings and goings of royal guests.

Glad to Be Alive.
[Mohl (North Dakota) News.]
The editor is back home after a five months' absence, health-seeking. Doctors at home, Minot, St. Paul and Minneapolis, all agreed ours was practically a hopeless case of diabetes, so they informed Mrs. Hall at all times. To us the real condition was not known. On returning from Europe, having improved so much I was let into their secrets. We now realize that we were nearer passing to "where no one returns" than we care to be until the final dissolution. As to the future we have the promise of specialists from both sides of the Atlantic, that if I will refrain from office work, excitement and worry, at all times diet and that means to use no starch, flour, liquor, sugar or sweetened articles. We may live for years, or even many years, but fatal is it to be who violates the above rules. We are down on a diet list, that if supplied to the ordinary mortal would be frowned at, but we are glad to use it and also glad we are alive. To have so many calls at our office congratulating in health, means much to us and highly appreciated.

Way of the World.
[Chicago News.]
He—I met two of the happiest men last night it has ever been my lot to encounter.
She—What was the trouble?
He—One of them had just been married and the other had just been divorced.

She Gave Him Hope.
[Detroit Journal.]
Twenty-five or 30 years ago the Rev. Charles G. Finney, president of Oberlin College, was carrying on a series of revival meetings in Boston. One day a gentleman called to see him on business, and was admitted by Mr. Finney's daughter, perhaps five years old, "Is your father in?" asked the stranger.
"No," replied the demure maiden; "but walk in, poor, dying sinner! Mother can pray for you."

K. of K. and the Indian Army.
[London Times.]
Lord Kitchener's attitude towards the native army has created both within and outside its ranks the impression that he holds it in very slight esteem, and that he regards its peculiar customs and traditions with impatience as senseless obstacles to the homogeneity of an ideal army. The mere neglect of personal courtesies to which native officers have hitherto been accustomed, and the absence of those kindly manifestations of comradeship which endeared so many of his predecessors to the Indian army, would not alone have sufficed to create that impression, had not various suggestions emanating from headquarters tended also to arouse apprehension of far-reaching changes in the organization of the Indian army.

The Mercenary World.
[London Sporting Times.]
What a venal, mercenary world is this! While waiting for a train the other day at a country station we saw an elderly porter pick up a country girl's dress-basket—a girl going to her first place in the "local time"—find a seat for her in the "local time" rattle. After he had shut the door, and she had seated herself, he put his hand through the window for the customary tip. The girl, not being acquainted with the art of tipping, however, shyly grasped the horny paw and shook it, and as the train started said, timidly, "Good-bye, sir, and thank you!" With one muttered word, which we are happy to have missed, the sort did wretch shuffled back to the lamp-room, while the maiden was borne away, all unconscious of having made her first enemy in a mostly unkind world.

An Expert in English.
[Washington Star.]
The principal of one of Washington's high schools relates an incident in connection with the last commencement day of the institution mentioned. A clever girl had taken one of the principal prizes in the close of the exercises her friends congratulated about her to offer congratulations.
"Weren't you awfully afraid you wouldn't get it, Hattie," asked one "when there were so many contestants?"
"Oh, no," cheerfully exclaimed Hattie. "Because I knew that when it came to English composition I had 'em all skinned alive!"

To an Old Lover.
[Catholic Standard and Times.]
There is silvery frost on your hair, old boy,
There are lines on your forehead, too;
But your clear eyes speak of the peace and joy
That dwell in the heart of you.
For the passing of youth you have no regret,
No sighs for the summer gloom
And the lovers' moon. They are with you yet
In the light of the lamp at home.

In your summer of youth, in that sunny hour
That will come to you never again,
When you wooed your love, as the bee
The sweets that you gathered then
You have lived and stored for your later life.
And your heart is the honeycomb—
Ah! I've seen your face when you kissed your wife
In the light of the lamp at home.

Oh, you rare old lover! Oh, faithful knight!
With your sweetheart of long ago
You are many days from the warmth and light
Of the summer you used to know.
But you need not yearn for the glimmer and gold
Of the fields you were wont to roam.
Oh, the light for the hearts that are growing old
Is the light of the lamp at home!

THE POPULARITY OF SHAKESPEARE
[From the Chicago Record-Herald.]
In various part of the world dramatic festivals have been held in honor of Shakespeare's birthday. Here in Chicago the notable Sothorn-Marlowe engagement, which is devoted exclusively to Shakespearean "revivals," is a festival in everything but the name. At Stratford-on-Avon, naturally, a most remarkable series of such revivals has been given by the famous Benson Stock Company.

These commendable anniversary celebrations serve to emphasize the significance of what may be described as the perpetual celebration of Shakespearean drama and poetry, which the intelligent reading public of the civilized world has spontaneously brought about. We refer to the amazing growth of the selling power of Shakespeare's collected works.

Sidney Lee, who is regarded as the foremost living authority on Shakespearean drama, has collected statistics, on a recent article on the present popularity of the immortal poet-dramatist. Taking cheap and expensive editions together, but excluding all single-volume editions, Mr. Lee estimates the number of sets put on the market during the nineteenth century at 10,000. At an average of seven volumes in each set, the circulation of the volumes approaches 6,000,000. The single volume must, according to Mr. Lee, be reckoned in hundreds of thousands.

The demand for collected editions of Shakespeare was sixteen times greater in the eighteenth than in the seventeenth century, and yet the nineteenth century surpassed its immediate predecessor. In the last decade of the nineteenth century the demand reached the high-water mark, and the added impetus still continues. Five new editions a year have thus far marked the twentieth century, and if this rate be maintained, the record of the last century will be passed. This demand is worldwide. There are today, Mr. Lee finds, as many German readers of Shakespeare in their tongue as there are English-speaking readers of the original in Great Britain. The French, Russian, Italian and other foreign readers of Shakespeare in translations make up another great army.

Some flippant philosopher said that classics were the things we do not read. This definition, apparently, does not embrace Shakespeare. It is improbable, to say the least, that so many editions would be required for "classics" purposes merely. Besides, there is additional evidence in the fact that books on Shakespeare are continually published by the dozen. In the British National Library there are two separate volumes dealing with and interpreting Shakespeare.

May we not speak of a perpetual Shakespeare celebration?

POEMS THAT LIVE
Nearer Home.
[Phoebe Cary.]
One sweetly solemn thought
Would not come over and over;
I am nearer my home today
Than I have ever been before.

Nearer my Father's house,
Where the many mansions be;
Nearer the great white throne,
Nearer the crystal sea.

Nearer the bound of life,
Where we lay our burdens down;
Nearer leaving the cross,
Nearer getting to the crown.

But lying darkly between
Winding down through the night,
Is the silent, unknown stream,
That leads at last to the light.

Closer and closer my steps
Come to the dark abyss;
Closer leads to my life,
Presses the awful crisis.

Oh, if my mortal feet
Have almost gained the brink;
If I be I am sinking;
Even today I think!

Father perfect my trust;
Let my spirit feel in death,
Your feet be firmly set
On the rock of a living faith!

MIND RESTORED THROUGH SURGERY
Man Who Was Insane by Accident for Two Years Is Finally Cured.

Tamaqua, Pa., April 28.—To use his own words the last two years have been "as a night" to Conrad Koenig, a young businessman of this town. His experience has, it is said, been without precedent, and is awakening great interest in medical circles all over the country.

Two years ago, while Koenig was walking along the street on a blustery winter morning, he slipped and fell on the ice, striking violently on his head. He was partially stunned, but soon recovered and thought little of the accident. A few weeks later he became morose and manifested lapses of memory. His condition rapidly became more serious, and in a short time he became a raving maniac. His family is one of the wealthiest in this town, and he was taken to various sanatoriums and placed under treatment, but all to no avail. Finally it became necessary to place him in an insane asylum.

As a last resort, Dr. A. B. Fleming, a graduate of the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia, and up to a short time ago resident physician at the State Hospital, was called in on the case. He carefully went over its history, learned of Koenig's fall two years ago and decided that the disorder of his brain was due to a depression of the skull.

A superficial examination tended to confirm this theory, and he decided to trephine the skull. With the assistance of Dr. Newton Stine, of Middleport; Dr. O.

K. Spear, of this town, both graduates of the Medico-Chi. and Miss Flora B. Smith, a trained nurse from the Ashtabula State Hospital School, Dr. Fleming performed the operation. With a conical trephine he bored a hole in the back of the head, at the spot where the center of visual and muscular energies is located. Physicians call a bullet wound of this nature a "bullet wound of the brain," and it is a fatal one. Four of these buttons were removed, each about an inch from the other. Then Dr. Fleming finished out the operation by removing the bullet from the brain. He found that the inner table of the skull had been depressed about an eighth of an inch. This depression irritated the brain and finally brought about insanity.

When Koenig recovered from the effect of the operation he sank into a deep, peaceful sleep, and finally awoke somewhat dazed. This gradually wore off, and he took up the threads of memory where he had dropped them, almost two years connected with his business and about certain matters in which he had been interested. Slowly, but surely, his mind clarified, and he asked if he had been ill. When told that he had, he inquired how long he had been so. He was told that he had no recollection whatever of what had transpired since about six weeks following the time that he fell on his head. He inquired as to what had occurred during the last two years. He was told that he had been on a long journey. His family is now engaged in selling from time to time what transpired in that period when he was a man without a memory.

Koenig is still confined to his room, but it is thought that it will be possible for him to be about again in a few weeks. His mental disorder is entirely cured.

THEIR COURTSHIP QUIET
Alfonso and Ena Having Pleasant Trips in Isle of Wight.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, May 1.—King Alfonso and Spain and Princess Ena of Battemberg are carrying on their quiet courtship on the Isle of Wight, with great satisfaction to themselves. They are together the whole day, from early morn till dewy eve, motoring, riding, walking together in the lovely country lanes, without attendants of any kind.

Everyone landing on the Isle of Wight is closely scrutinized by Spanish, English, French and Italian secret service detectives as dangerous anarchists.

The King received this week colored sketches of the wedding dress and five other robes which he is having made for his bride. The material is still unfinished at the Lyons silk works. The wedding dress will be made of white duchesse satin, trimmed with point d'Aiguille Brussels lace, twenty yards of which will be used for the mantle alone. The court train is to be an extra train, made detachable and worn hung from the shoulders. It will be covered with hand embroidery wrought in silver in a pattern representative of the rose, which is the emblem of Spain as well as of England. The bodice will be cut low and is to have square décolletage. This costume alone will cost about \$10,000. A superb cloak now making in Paris will also be heavily embroidered with roses.

WOODS' FAIR
Fresh Garden and Flower Seeds, 3 pks. 5c.

Waffle Irons, 25c
We now have a good supply of these goods on hand, and those that were disappointed at not getting them, when the demonstrator was at our store, can get them now. The price is usually 50c a set, but we will sell the balance of what we have now in stock at a set for 25c. Come in and see them.

Clearing Sale of Odd China Wednesday
At Half Price and Less

15c Plates 8c
25c Jugs 10c
35c Tea Pots 10c
50c Plates 13c
15c Mugs 5c

15c Syrup Jugs 5c
15c Tea Pots 8c
35c Blount Jars 10c
50c Tea Pots 13c
15c Jugs 5c

Carpet Tacks, 8 oz., best cut tack, 3 packages 10c

10-Piece Toilet Set, \$2.95
3 crates of Toiletware from one of the best English potteries opened up today. These goods we have in 4 prints, brown, dark blue, light blue, and green, and the 10-piece sets are big value at a set \$2.95

5-piece sets, in 5 colors, same quality, at \$2.25

WOODS' FAIR
Perforated Chair Seats with tacks, 10c each.

WOODS' FAIR
Sale price 10c.

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J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

Good News in Curtains

Seeing is believing—come and inspect these Lace Curtain values, special for Wednesday's selling.

Newest Nottingham Lace Curtains, overlook cord edge, choice of fine designs, full, ample size, per pair.....**\$1.75**

Extra Fine Lace Curtains, very artistic designs, border and panel effects, 3½ yards long, 50 inches wide, per pair.....**\$2.75**

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Very Fine Parlor Curtains, beautifully designed and fine quality, full length and width. A pair.....**\$3.00**

Nottingham Lace Curtains of fine quality, a beautiful curtain for parlors. Per pair.....**\$3.50**

Swiss Brussels Net Curtains for parlors and drawing-rooms.....**\$4.00 to \$10.00**

4 yard Lace Curtains, 70 inches wide, for large windows and high ceilings.....**\$4.00**

Bobbins! Curtains for Bedrooms. Snowy white muslin with frills, finished with lace and insertion, yard.....**20c and 25c**

Lappet Muslin, frilled and plain, a great assortment of these muslins suitable for bedrooms, yard.....**12½c to 25c**

Bed Spreads 85c
Heavyweight White Crochet Bed Spreads, full size 2x2½ yards, Worth \$1.25. House-cleaning's snap, on sale tomorrow.....**85c**

Tabling 45c
Unbleached Tabling, pure Irish Linen, choice of 4 patterns, firm heavyweight. Special from the linen counter for tomorrow, a yard.....**45c**

Bath Towels 5c
Wednesday snap, 20 dozen Bath Towels, 15x33 inches, for individual use, foot bath or barber's use, fancy stripes. Regular 8½c each, tomorrow only.....**5c**

Whitewear Snaps
The whitewear maker gave the snap in the first place—we pass it on at once.

White Cambric Drawers, hemstitched tucks on frill. Wednesday special.....**23c**

All-Over Embroidery Corset Covers, embroidery straps, ribbon trimmed. Wednesday special.....**40c**

Nainsook Night Gowns, fancy yoke, row upon row of valenciennes, lace insertion, low neck and full sleeves. Wednesday extra.....**\$1.35**

Cambric Petticoats, tucked flounce with 3 rows of torchon insertion and lace edge. Wednesday on sale.....**\$1.00**

Pretty Swiss Shams
You'll want them when your fixing up after housecleaning. Pretty shams and runners at very small prices.

Swiss Embroidered Shams, 32 inches square. A pair.....**50c**

Runners to match, 18x36 inches, at, each.....**25c**

And 18x54 inches, at.....**35c**

Shams, Swiss embroidered, at, pair.....**80c**

Runners to match.....**35c and 50c**

Swiss Embroidered Shams, with net ground, pair.....**\$1.00**

Runners to match.....**40c and 60c**

Hemstitched Swiss Embroidered Shams, 34 inches square, pair.....**\$1.50**

18x36 Runners, at.....**75c**

18x45 Runners, at.....**85c**

18x54 Runners, at.....**90c**

Rug and Square Shipment
Just arrived, complete shipments of English Axminster Rugs and All-Wool Squares, to meet every demand in size. Select now.

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

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15c Mugs 5c

15c Syrup J

TRY CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA

once and you will never return to the adulterated teas of Japan.

LEAD PACKETS ONLY.

25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c per lb.
At All Grocers.
Highest Award St. Louis, 1904.

Her Hidden Destiny

He made no remark, he gave no sign that he even heard her broken, piteous words.

"Ah, think," she continued, "what I am losing. Have some pity on me. The blow which has struck you fell upon me first, and bowed me to the ground. Your pain only adds to mine."

"I know—I know," he cried hoarsely. "Barbara, can you think that I do not pity you?"

A faint gleam of hope brightened the girl's sad eyes; she crept nearer to his side, and put her hand timidly on the arm of his chair.

"If we had but known before," he exclaimed passionately, "if you had kept it from me still. Why did you tell me, Barbara?"

"Because I loved you," she answered faintly. "But—that must be over now. She drew off the diamond ring she wore and placed it on the table by his side."

"I think the shame of it will kill me," he exclaimed, rising from his chair. All that the next few days brought came before him—the gossip, the conjecture, the wonder at the broken engagement.

"Oh, love," he cried, as he suddenly bent over her and lifted her from the ground, "why has this trouble come upon us? We were so happy!"

He held her in his arms as the broken despairing words escaped him, and he looked down with intense sorrow at her deathlike face.

"We were so happy!" she repeated, faintly. "But—that must be over now."

Sadly the word fell from his lips, and as he uttered it, he closed his eyes to shut out her despairing face.

Her head fell forward upon his breast, and lay there, heavy and listless. She had guessed what his decision would be, yet it fell upon her heart like a blow.

Silently, with pale lips and haggard, despairing eyes, he held her to his heart in that last supreme farewell. He loved her; but he was not noble enough to forgive the stain upon her birth, to bring an unknown, obscure woman to his home to bear his name.

That she would willingly have filled the position he must have been only too sure—she was the same woman whom he had loved and chosen—but his prejudice and pride were too strong. They must part!

Barbara had almost lost the sense of suffering in the deadly faintness which was creeping over her; she was dimly conscious that he held her to his breast and pressed with despairing kisses on her brow, and she clung to him with her falling hands.

"Everard, Everard!" she moaned, feebly, hardly conscious of what she said, of the agonized appeal in her low broken voice, of the piteous entreaty in the great eyes she raised to his, "do not go—stay!"

For one brief moment he hesitated; but pride was stronger than love, and he put her from him gently. Even then she made one last wild endeavor to keep the love she prized, and caught at his arm with feeble hands, looking up at him with anguished eyes full of a terrible entreaty; he shuddered as he averted his own from them in a silence which was eloquent as words could not have been.

Without a word she loosened her grasp upon his arm, and when he turned, and looked at her; she was standing where he had left her, erect, motionless, her hands at her sides, her eyes resting upon him, the heavy folds of her satin robe, with their shimmering edging of fur, gleaming in the freelight.

And as he saw her then he saw her often afterward in the life which they had hoped to spend together.

CHAPTER XXX.

The dining-room at Darley Hall had been the scene of many a gay banquet, supper, party, and lively ball; but it had never witnessed so strange an assemblage as on the morning when the adjourned inquest was reopened by the coroner for the district and his jury; and the faces round the long table and in the old room were all grave and serious, very different from the smiling faces of the convalescing guests.

A great fire of logs made the room bright and warm, and brought out the rich hues of the hangings and carpets.

How the Liver

Helps Digestion

It is the liver only that can remove the bile from the blood, where it acts as a poison and produces biliousness and jaundice, and pass it into the intestines, where it acts as a cathartic to hasten the passage of the food through the body.

Without the hastening influence of the bile the food ferments in the intestines and gives rise to such disagreeable symptoms of indigestion as wind on the stomach, choking feelings in the chest, heart palpitation, pain and feelings of fullness and discomfort.

By keeping the liver active Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills cleanse, loosen, and remove the very bile from the blood, and these are the very pills from which most people most frequently suffer.

When you fully understand the nature of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, you will find that they are indispensable as a family medicine. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or **Manasson, Bates & Co., Toronto.**

and was reflected back from the antique Benares salvers on the carved sideboard. Outside the whirling snow obscured the windows and mantled the terraces and grounds.

Unfavorable as the weather was, Lord Cheveley had rejoiced in the fall of snow, which had prevented any from attending the inquest save those who were perforce obliged to be present.

Quiet as they had all striven to keep the fact of Miss Hatton's attendance as a witness, it had become known, and many would have come from Arlington to be present but for the weather, which made the country roads almost impassable.

Mr. Derrington, the coroner, was a young man new to his office, and naturally extremely anxious to do all that most as the frathless which he had made public, not even the snow itself would have kept away a crowd of eager spectators from the dining-room at Darley Hall.

As it was, from those present a slight murmur arose as Lord Cheveley entered the room with Barbara upon his arm, while Lord Elsdale, haughty and erect, but with unmistakable annoyance on his face, followed.

Barbara was wrapped from head to foot in the rich dark furs in which she had traveled, and against which her pale face looked colorless and pure.

She inclined her head to Mr. Derrington, with whom she was slightly acquainted, and sunk rather heavily, Lord Cheveley thought, into the high-backed chair pushed forward for her, sitting motionless while the young gardener who had found the body of the unfortunate man was giving his evidence.

Many a curious inquiring glance was cast at the beautiful face framed in the soft dark furs; but Barbara either was or appeared to be, unconscious of the scrutiny. She sat leaning her head against the tall carved back of her chair, her eyes closed, her lips tightly pressed together, her hands clasped tightly in her muff.

She looked calm and collected, and no one could have guessed from her demure how close she was suffering; only how did her face change, and then when Lord Elsdale bent over her and said something in a low voice; then she raised her eyes to his face, and her own changed completely in the sudden sweet, sorrowful smile, so infinitely sweet, yet so infinitely sad, which she gave him as she shook her head, answering in the negative the question he had addressed to her.

The earl watched her with an anxiety which was at least equal to the curiosity of the less interested spectators, and yet even he had no conception of what she really endured. Never in her life could would the girl forget that terrible hour, during which she sat there so calm and still, but with every nerve thrilled, as she waited to be called to give evidence as to the death of the man who had brought her the most terrible sorrow she had ever known.

They had found her on the previous night in the winter drawing-room at the castle, lying in a heavy swoon on the floor, and the long folds of gleaming satin and dusky fur, and although they had revived her speedily, she had remained for some hours sunk in a deep stupor.

From this she had passed into a heavy sleep of exhaustion, and when she had awoke, Mrs. Fairfax, who had watched by her all night, found her calm and apparently quite recovered, while the language of her movements and her deathlike pallor were easily accounted for by her illness the previous night.

No explanation had taken place between her and Lord Elsdale. Lord Keith's hurried departure from the castle had left the earl all, and a great anger and a great sorrow followed it, but Barbara herself said nothing—still the look of patient resignation in the girl's lustrous eyes was terrible to see.

More than once, as she sat in the great arm-chair, the girl lost all consciousness of where she was, and what was going on; it seemed as if all this misery must be some terrible dream from which she would surely awaken to find herself once more the proud, happy girl who wore Lord Keith's diamonds on the fourth finger of her left hand; that she was still mistress of the stately castle; that the horrible secret, that drove to Arlington, the play, the ball, the awful event which followed it, were all part of a terrible nightmare which would pass away shortly and leave nothing behind save an unpleasant memory; and in the warm shelter of her muff, the girl's hands were clasped yet more tightly together. But, when she felt for the diamonds the touch of which had grown so familiar and so dear, they were no longer there, and she knew that it was no dream, but a terrible reality.

When the gardener had concluded his evidence, the doctor who had made the post-mortem examination was called. His evidence was brief, clear and conclusive. He, with his assistants, had examined the body of the deceased, which had been carried into one of the adjacent lodges; they had discovered but one wound—the wound in the temple which had caused death. The bullet, which was produced, had been found imbedded in the brain. There was no doubt as to the cause of death.

"Might such a wound be self-inflicted?" asked one of the jury.

"Certainly," Dr. Talbot answered quietly, and at the quiet tone a slight eagerness was manifested by those present.

"Death was instantaneous?"

"Instantaneous, undoubtedly."

"If the deceased had shot himself, would he have been able to throw the pistol from him?" queried the coroner.

"No; it would have been impossible," Dr. Talbot answered.

"Quite impossible, as I have said, have been self-inflicted; and death was instantaneous. Deceased would have fallen with the pistol beside him, possibly in his hand."

"You have no doubt of that?"

"None whatever," answered the doctor decidedly.

"Then, if the wound was—as you say it might have been—self-inflicted, some one must have removed the pistol?"

"Undoubtedly."

"What is your own opinion, Dr. Talbot?" inquired one of the jurymen.

"As to what, sir?"

"As to the cause of death."

"There can be but one," replied Dr. Talbot, with something almost like contempt. "There it is," he added, pointing to the bullet which Mr. Derrington held between his fingers.

"I did not mean that," said the jurymen in some confusion. "I meant to ask you whether you thought this a case of suicide or murder."

"Pardon me," replied Dr. Talbot with a slight bow. "I have told you the cause of death; the rest concerns you, gentlemen."

Mr. Derrington thought the doctor's manner slightly impertinent; but he was new to his work, and did not well know how to resent it.

"Was deceased a healthy man?"

"I should imagine so; but, not being his regular medical attendant, I can scarcely speak conclusively on the subject without more minute examination."

"Thank you, Dr. Talbot; that will do," said the coroner, and with a slight bow, Dr. Talbot turned away and went back to his former station by the door, near Barbara's chair.

From where he stood he could, without making his scrutiny evident, watch the young girl closely; for all his professional interest had been aroused by her intense pallor and the nervous languor of her movements; he saw what the others did not, that she was to some extent unconscious of her surroundings, and he feared more than once that she would lose all consciousness.

Even the appearance of the next witness did not rouse her, although his great likeness to the dead man was remarkable; but, when he spoke, Barbara shuddered, and half-closed her eyes—the voice in timbre and tone was so like the one she had grown to dread during those terrible days at Darley; and, had she raised her eyes, she might almost have thought that the dead man had come to life again.

"Your name is Antony Bryant?"

The witness bowed.

"You are the eldest son of Sir Antony Bryant?"

"I am."

"Deceased was your brother?"

"My second brother."

"Were you on intimate terms?"

"No, we were not. I had not seen my brother for some years."

"There was no quarrel between you?"

"None whatever."

"Will you explain how it was that there was so little intercourse between you?"

"The explanation is a very simple one," answered Sir Antony Bryant, who had always resided at Darley with his father. My brother left home when he was a young man, and he and I have never since seen each other. I have never seen him since he left home."

"Do you know anything of his associates or friends?"

"I do not; but I should suppose they were persons following the same profession as himself."

"Did you correspond?"

"We did not."

To be Continued.

A NEW SCANDAL IN THE ARMY

Cavalry Regiment Fears
Reputation Is Lost.

GAMING ON THE WARSHIPS

High Stakes the Rule in Play at
Poker and Bridge and Naps
Dares Complain.

London, April 30.—There is a terrible scandal in a certain "crack" cavalry regiment just now, in which two officers are deeply implicated. The most extraordinary secrecy has been observed, and I know for a fact that determined efforts are being made to prevent the affair reaching the ears of the secretary of state for war. The two young men concerned are highly connected, and their arrest and trial would be among the most sensational happenings of recent years. After the hideousness of the details in the Scots Guards "ragging" case, we are all praying that the cavalry scandal will be successfully hushed up, yet I doubt it.

I had a talk this week with the parent of a young officer on one of the biggest of England's "crack" ships. The officer has written a long letter home in which he makes serious allegations as to the extent of the gambling that goes on among some of the officers of these vessels. He makes charges of a specific nature, which obviously call for official investigation. The captain of the ship, says my correspondent, openly wink at this gambling. Power, bridge and other card games are played for stakes that are out of all proportion to the income of those who take part. Whether a man cares for cards or not, this latter goes on, he is bound to join in the game, or he becomes a "mark" for the officers who come to the ship to play. The captain, however, makes no complaint since the names of those who make any report to headquarters on no matter how trivial a matter, specially becomes, by some means or another, common knowledge throughout the fleet.

Ever since his return from India Lord Curzon has been looking for a country house, and I see he has taken Heddington Hall, a place just outside Oxford. The house is modern—a square, rather unattractive building—but it would be hard to find one more headily placed. It is just raised above the valley, and from the terrace at the back a perfect view is to be had of the loveliest site in England—looking across the grounds, and on to the towers of Magdalen, Heddington Hall belongs to George Morrell, who was for some years member of Parliament for the Woodstock division of Oxfordshire, but lost his seat at the last election. Mr. and Mrs. Morrell have long been known in Oxford and the dinners and garden parties at Heddington will be much missed.

One of the principal social lions of the coming London season will be Lord Burns. He will be much in demand, but it is unlikely that he will be able to accept one-tenth of the invitations that will reach him. He is married, his wife is the Duchess of Sutherland. She is, however, no mere society hostess, but a keen social reformer.

The tour of the Prince and Princess of Wales in India has not been as one distinguished person put it, the other night, an unalloyed success. From some of the returned Indian visitors I hear that at least one of the royal travelers assumed airs of such consequence that the feelings or more than one of the native princes were considerably hurt. Princes, whose lineage goes centuries beyond the great mogul, were treated with a hauteur by a party of Europeans. What is more, there was little attempt to conciliate the people.

It is announced that Queen Alexandra will not accompany the King to the race track this season. The Queen does not approve of the sport of kings. It is a pitiful thought to those who love the gee-gess that the royal countenance will seldom again shed radiance over the thronged levees of such a disreputable and unbecoming scene. It is a pity that the Queen, who has the good sense to know her own limitations, should have been so far from the paddock. Not merely will the Queen be absent from Ascot, but even Goodwood will know her not.

"Oh, sorrow, of course, for her father," said a distinguished personage at the dinner table.

"No," said another, "not altogether that. She simply doesn't approve of racing, or of incidents associated with it. The Queen was greatly distressed by a recent scandal in which a young northern peer was sadly mixed up. The peer's mother is one of her closest friends, and they have been inseparable companions at the race courses. Instead of listening to any further details of the unfortunate escapade her majesty has decided to remain away from public places where scandal is so freely aired."

BILIOUSNESS BURDENS LIFE.—The bilious man is never a companionable man, because his ailments render him morose and gloomy. The complaint is not so dangerous as it is disagreeable. Yet no one need suffer from it who can procure Farnell's Vegetable Pills. By regulating the liver and obviating the effects of bile in the stomach, they restore men to cheerfulness and full vigor of action.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

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STABBED TO DEATH

Night Murder of Italian in Streets of Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 30.—Set upon by several of his fellow-countrymen as the outcome of a dispute, following a drinking bout, at a Yonge street resort, Giovanni Romanelli, aged 26, was stabbed to death shortly before midnight last night. Six other Italians were arrested.

Evidence collected by the police is very meager, but it appears that as two Italians, Giovanni and Payoni, were going home, they were started by hearing someone crying on the street.

The wounded man was already too weak to give any particulars of the affair, and expired at the general hospital shortly after.

Police searched the house, 536 Yonge street. The only occupant was a little Italian girl, 10 years of age, who said: "I saw the fight from the front window. There were three men, two against Romanelli. One was a little man, and he fell down. After that Romanelli was stabbed. Then they brought the big knife into our kitchen and wiped off the blood with a red rag that they hid in the backyard. After that they washed the knife, and were as frigid as anything."

Her brother later corroborated her story in the main, and both stated that they would be able to identify Romanelli's assailants, who are still at large.

Nothing so Clean, Pure and Nourishing as

SHREDDED WHEAT

Not touched by chemicals or human hands—simply the whole wheat—cooked, shredded and baked—no yeast, no baking powder, no fats. Delicious for breakfast with milk or cream.

MADE IN CANADA OF Finest Ontario Wheat. Send for the "What Question Cook Book," postpaid.

CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

Colds or Fevers
Are broken up in a single night, and serious illness prevented, by taking

Hood's Pills
All drugists. 25 cents.

BABY'S OWN SOAP

prevents roughness of the skin and chapping.

Best for toilet and nursery use, see ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MRS. MONTREAL.

A STRONG HEART AND STEADY NERVES

Very important it is in this age of competition to have a clear head, a strong heart and steady nerves.

Too much rush and bustle, work and worry, fall to the lot of the average business man, and his nervous system will not stand it.

—he gives them too much work to do. Women are doing the same thing attending to their household duties and looking after their social obligations. The constant strain under which they have to continue day in and day out, the irregularities of habits and the irregularity of the strongest system.

Before long you become nervous, starting at the least sudden sound, the heart flutters and palpitates, specks float before the eyes, the pulse becomes weak and irregular, you have faint and dizzy spells, lack of self-confidence, rush of blood to the head, irritability of temper, shortness of breath, starting in sleep, sensation of pins and needles, sleeplessness, restlessness and finally physical breakdown or nervous prostration.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

are the remedy you require to restore your strength and health.

These powerful remedies manifestly immediately they are taken. Through the medium of the nervous system they impart a strengthening and restorative influence to every organ and tissue of the body. Many have been cured, among them being Mr. Ray V. Coomer, Wellington, P.E.I., Mr. E. Kilmer, Humberton, Ont., Mrs. C. McDonald, Portage la Prairie, Man., Mr. Walter Cleveland, Baywater, N.S., Mrs. Owen Martin, Alma, N.E. and thousands of others.

The price of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills is 50 cents per box or 5 boxes for \$2.50. Can be procured at all drug and general stores, or will be sent on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Can.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE AND WHOLESOME. ONE POUND CAN 25c

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Red Rose Tea costs no more than other teas

EVERYONE agrees that the best in anything is always the most economical even if it costs more.

But when you can get the best in tea at the same price you pay for inferior teas,

—when you can get that "rich fruity flavor" of Red Rose Tea,

—when you can get all the good qualities of both Indian and Ceylon teas with none of their weaknesses,

—when, in short, you can get Red Rose Tea at the same price as other teas; why not have it?

Red Rose Tea
is good Tea
T. H. Estabrooks
St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

Nothing so Clean, Pure and Nourishing as

SHREDDED WHEAT

Not touched by chemicals or human hands—simply the whole wheat—cooked, shredded and baked—no yeast, no baking powder, no fats. Delicious for breakfast with milk or cream.

MADE IN CANADA OF Finest Ontario Wheat. Send for the "What Question Cook Book," postpaid.

CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

Bank of Nova Scotia
Incorporated 1822.

Capital Paid Up, \$2,500,000 Reserve Fund, \$4,20

OIL AND RAILROAD TRUSTS IN PANIC

Appeal to Roosevelt to Delay Rebate Report.

BUT PRESIDENT'S "NO" IS FIRM

Special Message With Astonishing Revelations Will Be Sent to Congress Tuesday.

Washington, D. C., April 30.—Standard Oil is on the run. So are the railroads. Within the last few days extraordinary pressure has been brought to bear on President Roosevelt to induce him to suppress, or at least to delay, the report on the Standard Oil inquiry concluded by the bureau of corporations under the personal direction of Commissioner Garfield.

The report hits both the Standard Oil and the railroad companies squarely between their corporate eyes. It alleges and proves that the Standard Oil Company in some instances has received rebates on freight amounting to fully 50 per cent of the tariff rates. Practically every one of the eastern trunk lines and almost every part of every railroad system is concerned in these revelations.

The Standard Oil people have become frightened and they have enlisted the services of the railroad senators to help them out of the hole. The friends of the railroads in the senate are alarmed, because they believe this report, showing as it does direct collusion between the railroad companies and the most hated trust in America, will stir up the people to such an extent that all hope of preventing radical railroad legislation will be at an end.

For this reason the combination of the railroads and the Standard Oil has been sending emissaries to the White House begging the President not to send in his message, at least not until after the railroad bill is out of the way.

President Roosevelt thus far has understood the meaning of all these suggestions. He will not suppress the Standard Oil report. It will be sent in to the House of Representatives probably on Tuesday with a special message from the President showing that the work has been done by Commissioner Garfield, under the instructions of the House, pursuant to what is known as the Campbell resolution.

A more politic President, one who was in closer touch with the big financial interests, and one who was less devoted to the interests of the people, might find it convenient to suppress the Standard Oil report, at least for the time being. However, he is fully aware of the tremendous importance of this official indictment of the methods of the Standard Oil Company.

The President has read a complete synopsis of the report, and in addition, has gone over many of the details with Commissioner Garfield, with Secretary Metcalf, and with other members of the cabinet. He has decided to send in the report in direct opposition to the personal pleas of a number of senators, whose names might be made public if it were absolutely necessary, but whose identity can easily be guessed at.

Furthermore, the railroad contingent in the senate is about ready to throw up the sponge. Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, has been bluffing from the start. He has claimed a large majority of the Republican votes in opposition to the policy of the President. He has failed to demonstrate his ability to hold his forces together, and within the last few days specific proposals have been made looking toward a basis of compromise which will be a substantial triumph for the administration.

It has been hinted that the senate will be willing to allow the Hepburn bill to be passed as it came from the House if the President meanwhile would suppress or cut down the Garfield report on Standard Oil in such a way as to minimize the effect of the charges it makes.

At the beginning of the fight in the senate it was constantly asserted that the whole trouble had been in the giving and receiving of rebates, and that this difficulty had been stopped since the passage of the Elkins law. The Garfield report will show exactly the contrary is true. Rebates have been paid to the Standard Oil Company long after the passage of the Elkins law.

The great oil monopoly has made itself more and more independent of the railroads by building its own pipe lines, but in spite of that it has been obliged to use the regular transportation lines for all short hauls, and practically for all of the retail trade. It is in this way it has driven out local competitors everywhere.

In some cases it has forced railroad companies to raise rates, and it has received a rebate, while the opposition was made to pay the full tariff figures. In some cases where the Standard Oil found it difficult to compete with a rival it has compelled the railroads to fix ridiculously low rates, so as to enable it to get into a particular territory from a distant point.

THE MACLEAN IN A HURRY

Already Inquiring if Government is to Remove Insurance Directors.

Ottawa, April 29.—In the House today Mr. W. F. Maclean asked if in view of the revelations before the royal commission on insurance, sitting in Toronto, it was the intention of the Government to insist on the removal of certain directors.

Mr. Fielding replied that the investigation was not concluded, and until it was it would not be wise to come to any conclusion. When he made the basis of amendments to the insurance act.

Mr. Macdonell, of South Toronto, drew attention to the partial destruction of the Toronto postoffice by fire. He suggested that the Government ascertain at what points mail had originated that had been destroyed, so that persons could be advised and duplicate their correspondence.

Mr. Aylesworth, in the course of his reply, said the extent of the damage had been exaggerated. Some mail had been lost, but the registered mail was all safe in the vaults.

As to the destruction of the watchman, the report that his life had been lost in the fire, was a base refutation of the charge that he had been off duty when the fire broke out.

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The Man from Bruce in the Canadian West

He Is Numerous and Wherever He Has Located He Has Done Unusually Well.

Coutlee, B. C., April 29.—The man from Texas was a somewhat noted figure a few years ago. Before that there was the untamed gentleman from Borneo, and later the man from Glenagarry. And there have been other more or less famous personages from more or less famous localities. Their fame, however, is evanescent, and their place of origin will be as the desert of the past in comparison with the influence of "the man from Bruce" in the West, while the old county back by the sounding shores of Lake Huron and Georgian Bay will go down in history as the mother country of the greatest number of pioneer settlers of all the eastern counties.

I know that in slinging out "the man from Bruce" as the subject of these observations I run the risk of being charged with parochialism, that it may be thought that because I am a township Greenockian myself I am prejudicially impressed with the importance of my fellow countrymen. It is a fact that there are numbers of people from Bruce and Grey in the West, and most of them have done good things to group themselves with the Bruce crowd, and so you see the Bruce contingent in the West not only gains prestige by the number of those who actually come from Bruce, but also by those who come from near enough the Bruce borders to say they come from the "Bruce country."

It would be a safe bet that in nine out of ten cases the man from Bruce is a light in the West, and from the forty-ninth parallel to the north pole, wherever there is or has been a white man, there you will find a Bruce man or his descendants.

The Indian's remark that "Ontario hee hee hee kootee, but Bruce hee hee hee bigger," is only the natural outcome of the evidence of the senses. The Bruce man is everywhere in the West. I heard a man say the other day he was the most ubiquitous of the West.

Over a quarter of a century ago Huron and Bruce almost emptied themselves of settlers into the Dakotas and Manitoba. I remember well the huge piles of settlers' effects which blocked railway traffic at the Lucknow station, the long trains full of people, the waving handkerchiefs, the fearful farewells, the old song, "There's One More River to Cross," which swelled the throat of every man, woman and child, and the thousands of Bruce and Huron stalwarts entered into and overran the West like the Children of Israel overran Canaan.

And today you meet the Bruce man everywhere. And when he tells you he is from Bruce, you don't tremble nor his eyelid quiver. He is proud of it, and he ought to be. There is no nobler county in all Canada.

The Bruce man has ineradicably stamped his influence upon the country. He is farmer, lumberman, cowboy, banker, doctor, engineer, politician, newspaper editor, lawyer, publicist, contractor, member of the British Columbia's seven members of the Commons two are Bruce men, Duncan Ross and "Big Bill" Gallagher. The Bruce man is everywhere.

One of the largest contractors in the construction of the C. P. R. was Dan McCallister, who died a few years ago at the early age of 44, having accomplished more than most men would have been proud of in a full span of life.

The press of the West is largely manned by Bruce men. Duncan Macdonald, whose silvery eloquence has more than once won votes in York and Ontario, is a Bruce man. Hon. Frank Oliver's able lieutenant in Edmonton, and editor of the Bulletin, Ansley McGraw, holds public opinion at Hedley, B. C.; Duncan Ross, M. P., holds his pen on the "Boundary Times," and there are scores of more or less influential newspapers throughout the West guided by Bruce men. The Goodwives, of Rossland, successful business men, and one of them at present mayor of the city, are Brant township men.

Vancouver's assistant city engineer is Jack Kilmer. Back in Bruce Mr. Kilmer was a heavy athlete, and many years ago it was his delight to give his youngsters lessons in the many art. There are four or five Bruce merchants on one street in Vancouver, and there are lawyers, doctors, steamboat men, almost every station of life, in the Pacific terminal city.

As a cowboy and all-round ranch hand, the Bruce boy is a dandy. The on the continent told me he never had a good man on his ranch. "Why," said he, "those fellows from Bruce can do anything. Put them in the saddle, and the wildest outlaw can't track them out. They can ride like the mill Nick after a lost soul; they can frame buildings, build fences, make gates; they can lay out irrigation ditches and build them; they are sober and steady. I had seventeen of them on my ranch at one time. Most of them came from Bruce and Saugeen townships. I got so I used to ask every man who struck me for a job where he came from. If he came from Bruce, that settled it. He got the job. It was so that everybody who hit me for a job was from Bruce. I've heard that if a person says he's Irish when he asks for a job in Eaton's in Toronto, he has the job. I don't know, but I tell you, a genuine Bruce man, wherever he comes from, everybody who came here for a job was from Bruce, third concession back of the red pump. But the limit was reached one day when a Chinaman came along, and from a sheer force of habit, I asked him where he came from.

"Bruce," he said, right off the reel. That broke me off the habit. I gave the Chinaman the job, but I don't ask men now where they come from, because, be he Swede, or Dago, Slavish or Chinik, the "alike same Bruce" I ask him. But I tell you, a genuine

Bruce man is a dandy on a cow ranch, and you forget it."

One Sunday afternoon I was one of a group of men, all strangers to me, while away the time in Dr. Brett's hotel at Banff. I made a remark about Bruce, whereupon one asked me if I had ever been there. I told him I was there the day I was born, and for some time after that occasion, whereupon he informed me he was from Teeswater, while a third man volunteered his name as being from Bruce, learning their names I found them to be of families I had known all my life and mine was equally well known, to them. One of them has made a fortune in Edmonton the last year, and the other was already wealthy, dealing in land. Both came West without a bean.

Last summer a man got a letter of mine in mistake. It was an important one, so I ran to his ranch, twenty miles into the mountains, to get it. He had settled in that valley 30 years ago, had a family of grownup sons and daughters, but his own parents were both living back in Saugeen township. A younger brother of mine was a doctor in a small town in Wisconsin. I told him I could go on and give scores of instances of how one runs across Bruce men in out-of-the-way, as well as the prominent places in the West.

Not only has the Canadian West received her share of Bruce men, but the Western States have also benefited by their influx. They are to be met with in every state. Kinross, better known in Bruce as the Black Horse, is the birthplace of Jimmy Dyatt, a very prominent millionaire mine-owner in Colorado. Greck is the native township of a McKinnon, a California millionaire fruit-grower.

Of course there are men from other counties in Ontario, notably from Glenagarry, who have so accomplished big things in the West. But then you see the men from Glenagarry are pretty much the same breed as the Bruce men. There are also a good many Nova Scotia men here. Taken in the aggregate, the Bruce and Glenagarry and Nova Scotia men are easily the backbone of the country, so far as numbers and influence are concerned.

When I note the querulous fear of some of the eastern press that the great influx of settlers from the United States will "Americanize" our Canadian West, I feel inclined to smile. Why, bless you, there is as great a proportion of ex-Bruce men in that crowd as there are in the West at present. They are only coming back to their own land, to the country of their own birth, to the country of their boyhood. What with the Bruce men already here and those being repatriated, there is no danger of our Canadian West ever being "Americanized." The Bruce man is here to stay. He knows there is no other country in the world where he can find the same freedom and the waving Union Jack flag of boyhood's days.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and relatives learned that her compound relieved and cured it and it became quite popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price as a present of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused It to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkhams, some in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until to-day Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed away in her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever zealous in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice, and there were thousands—revealed symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and to-day thousands of women, together with hundreds of sick women the world over, are able to represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast correspondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its originator passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three sons and the daughter, with

"COME AND HAVE A CHIP" AT YOUR GROCER'S.

SAVES COOKING Always Ready

MRS. RORER'S SARATOGA CHIPS

CRISP AND DELICIOUS. 10c and 20c a pkg. NOT A CEREAL.

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Hunt's Diamond Flour

Better than all-Manitoba for general household use, being a blend of Manitoba and Ontario wheat.

HUNT BROS.

Cowan's Chocolate

for eating, drinking and cooking has no equal, being absolutely pure and of the highest quality.

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SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

Baseball is most uncertain. Pipe that Montreal bunch leading the Eastern League.

Ed Adamson, an old London boy, is to wrestle McMahon two weeks from tomorrow night. He is a good one, too.

That English clergyman who prayed for "rassler" Hackenschmidt should come to America. He would be busy all the time.

A Canadian was second in the walking race at Athens. He must have trained at the Woodbine.

The Russian beat the Turk at wrestling. In the Babel wrestling tournament at Buffalo, the American won. Now is the time to settle all differences between Russia and America.

The Boston Americans made only 23 hits off New York pitchers yesterday. That is fine cricket.

Hackenschmidt's defeat of the Turk may have been due to his being the better wrestler or the efficacy of the prayer in his behalf by Canon Harford of Westminster Abbey, himself an authority on wrestling, who, a few days ago, wrote to Hackenschmidt informing him that he was fervently praying for his success. Apparently, however, not depending entirely upon the effect of his prayer for the success of a man wrestling for a wager, the canon gave Hackenschmidt tips on certain secret leg holds, which he evidently thought would go far to make up for any lack of success of the churchly petition.

The Tecumsehs have given out their line-up for their lacrosse team in the N. A. L. U. They could not win the C. L. A. with a faster team, so it is not hard to figure out where they will land with the eastern outfit.

Some of Dan McEwen's and Pete Sellers' horses at working miles close to 20 right now. This is going to be London's banner for harness horses. The matinees will be better than ever with a very good entry and fast horses.

The board of education is moving very wisely in enlarging the play grounds for the "kiddies." If they carry out their present intentions along that line, they will have done a great service. Give the youngsters plenty of room, and let them play to their heart's content.

The East End League also get busy next Saturday. There are some good players signed, and a good season is before them. No baseball at Springbank will help the leagues immensely.

Everybody is getting interested in the opening of the City Baseball League season next Saturday. The boys have been practicing hard lately, and will be in splendid shape for the opener. There will be some surprises sprung on the fans, and they are bound to get their money's worth. Keep next Saturday free.

The programme of the fourth annual tournament of the Springfield Gun Club has been issued. It is a splendid one. The shoot, which takes place May 17 and 18, promises to break the record.

There is a corner in hops. Jawn L. Sullivan denies that he is the cause of it.

If you want to see a thing fine, get up early some morning and see the horses work out at Queen's Park. In a week or so there will be 50 horses at work.

Jim Jeffries doesn't intend to return to the fighting game except in a wholesale way. He is willing to beat up six men for \$120,000, and the more he looks at the figures the quicker he wants to deliver the goods.

A horse named Expect to See is racing and winning at Memphis. She must be kin to Don't Ask Me and Who'd 'a' Thought It.

New York automobilists are about to have a two gallon efficiency run. Some people could go the Marathon distance on a similar quantity and still have a little to spare.

A semi-professional, by the way, is either an amateur who gets what he considers good pay or a professional who doesn't.

Thirty thousand dollars has been paid by Philadelphia horsemen within the last three months for 45 trotters and pacers, an average of \$622 for each animal. The new speedway in the Quaker City has created an almost unprecedented demand for fast horses. Londoners, note that very carefully.

James R. Keene's Sysonby, regarded as the greatest race horse of the present time, is troubled with skin disease. It possibly is sympathetic.

Take a slant at Cincinnati's percentage and see what last formed habits are doing for Ned Hanlon.

No sooner had Shields' colt Halifax, who is a full brother to Handarra, taken the measure of Lady Amelia, than the stewards ordered the veterinary in charge at the track to examine the colt. The stewards were under the impression that stimulants had been used, but at last accounts the vet had been unable to discover any traces of drugs. Halifax proved a real good thing for the Shields family and the Canadians, who backed him to a man. Some of the Canadian militiamen now visiting this city were at the track and played Halifax purely out of sentiment.—New York Sun.

The one thing that amuses New Yorkers is the flunking of Jack O'Brien in his match with Fitzsimmons. They were to have met before the genial Tom O'Rourke's Tuxedo Club, and after signing the articles O'Rourke suddenly declared the bout off. O'Rourke, purple of face with indignation, asserts that O'Brien wanted more money than he consented to take when he signed articles, and he (O'Rourke) would never yield another penny if he had as much as Rockefeller. That's what O'Rourke says, but the genial Thomas is concealing something. He is not telling the whole truth. As a matter of fact, O'Brien did not ask for more money. He demanded protection. When Fitz agreed to meet O'Brien, the Cornishman and the wily O'Rourke realized that O'Brien would not enter the ring with Fitz on his merits. O'Brien has not forgotten the beating Fitz gave him two years ago in Philadelphia and he wants no more of it. So Fitz approached the Quaker and suggested a bout on the same conditions that prevailed in the San Francisco contest—Fitz to get the long end of the cash, and O'Brien to take all the glory. The Quaker readily consented. That is just the sort of arrangement he always was delighted to make, and he signed the articles in a hurry.

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COVERPOINT.

TRIGGER.

REDS TO HAVE SHOOT.

Montreal, April 27.—The first annual tournament and "pop-vote" of the Canadian Indians will be held May 24 and 25 on the grounds of the Montreal Gun Club. Fifteen events of 20 targets each and one event of 25 targets, open to Canadian Indians, will comprise the first day's programme. With the close event goes the silver cup donated by President Ewing of the Montreal Gun Club. The second day's programme will consist of 10 events at 20 targets and one event at 25 targets, open only to Canadian Indians.

Daily high average prizes will be

offered as follows: First day—First prize, Clarendon Hotel cup, value \$40; second prize, Bailey cup, value \$15. Second day—First prize, Itasca gun, No. 2, value \$70; second prize, Tomalin cup, value, \$35.

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PUBLIC SCHOOL LEAGUE FORMED

Half Dozen Teams Enter, and Draw Up Schedule for the First Round.

It was decided last night at a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. parlors to form a baseball league from the public schools of the city.

Six schools entered teams—Colborne street, Simcoe street, Victoria, St. George's, Princess avenue and Lorne avenue.

The players must be regular attendants at the school, for which they play. The games will be played on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

The officers elected were: Honorary President—W. T. Strong, President—Dr. Bryant, Secretary—Treasurer—Rob Macpherson.

Each team is to play the other teams two games. The schedule for the first round is as follows:

May 5—Colborne vs. Simcoe, Victoria vs. St. George's, Lorne vs. Princess.

May 9—Princess vs. Colborne, Simcoe vs. Victoria, St. George's vs. Lorne.

May 12—Colborne vs. Lorne, Princess vs. Victoria, Simcoe vs. St. George's.

May 16—Colborne vs. St. George's, Lorne vs. Victoria, Princess vs. Simcoe.

May 19—Victoria vs. Colborne, St. George's vs. Princess, Simcoe vs. Lorne.

TAYLOR IMPOSES FINES.

Buffalo, April 30.—President Harry L. Taylor of the Eastern League, today fined Manager Bannan, of Montreal, \$50 for removing his team from the field for Jersey City on Friday.

Players Vandergrift and Merritt, of Jersey City, are fine \$10 each for using obscene language towards Umpires Campau and Conlan.

That he has been asked to go the full journey. The time for the distance was 2:22 pulled up. The mile and an eighth was done in 2:09, and the first mile in 1:55. Mortlake was breezed a mile, doing it in 1:57. He was only galloping, and was not asked to extend himself. The filly clearly worked six furlongs in 1:22, and could have done it better. She finished out the mile in 1:59.

The two-year-olds, Judge Nelson, Kirkfield Bell and Rigby, went three furlongs in 39 seconds, finishing the five furlongs in 1:09. Rigby is the pater for next season.

The filly Wicklow Lass was breezed through the stretch.

The Hendrie horses were only galloped. The three placers were given stiffer work than the others in the lot.

Teston was breezed today in preparation for his work tomorrow.

The following owners will ship from Baltimore tomorrow with their strings for the spring meeting here: The last mentioned has a fine string of two-year-olds this season.

The Lepper Gold Run was breezed a mile, going the journey in 1:57½, with his left hind leg.

J. J. Walsh is back from Baltimore. His three horses, Allerton, Arable and Mark Leithenstein, will arrive tomorrow. This is a new stable that will race at the Woodbine this spring.

C. C. Maloney will bring up a couple of two-year-olds from New York, and it is likely that he will bring Jockey Digbys with him. This boy can ride at 97 pounds, and will be useful along the track for light-weight riding.

Fort Hunter Out After Lapase of Two Seasons—Seagram Nags All Worked.

Toronto, April 30.—This was a busy morning around the Woodbine. The principal attraction was the first appearance of the Dymont horses. They were not asked to do any fast work, merely being given stiff gallops, and through the stretch in preparation for the trials tomorrow. Kildale was greatly admired by the railbirds, and it was a welcome sight to see the well-known Fort Hunter out again after a lapse of two seasons.

The Seagram boys were all worked. The time made by them was only fair, partly due to the fact that the track was not as fast as on Sunday.

The players, Spade Guinea and Slaughter, were sent a mile in 1:55. Inferno went the same distance in 1:57, with his left at the finish. Sir Ralph and Haruko and Badger's Burrow worked a mile in 1:54. The placers were well out at the end.

Mary England, Clotter, Royal George, Scotch Plume and Deuce worked a mile pulled up. The first three-quarters were done handsily in 1:22½. The two-year-old Sea Wall went a half in 56 seconds. Reine, De Saxe and Half-a-Crown worked three furlongs in 39.

The work done by the Kirkfield horses was of a useful kind, though only one or two of them were asked to show speed.

Halifax worked a mile and a quarter and played Halifax purely out of sentiment.—New York Sun.

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Perhaps the most disappointed man at the track was Dave Johnson. When Rosen won the Sterling Stakes at Aqueduct from Ram's Horn last Wednesday Johnson said that the Excelsior would be a gallop for him.

Johnson said that Rosen would go the route as easily as he did the mile in the Sterling, and when Rosen went to the post Johnson had wagered nearly \$25,000 on the son of Ben Strong. It is said that no favorite in a big race ever received such public support before.

The plungers plastered the books with all sorts of wagers running up to the thousands, while the buyers took countless bets of \$100 or more from persons who were in search of sure money. When Rosen reached the middle of the back stretch, Johnson, who was watching his performance from a private box, exclaimed:

"He cannot win! He has no foot and can't get away from Merry Lark and Ormonde's Right."

Johnson called the turn then and there and did not hope for victory after that period of the race. Yet the noted plunger did not turn a hair when his horse came home in disgrace. He took the setback philosophically as anyone could hear. He said:

"That is horse racing all over. If a horse ran the same every time he started he would be a sure thing. Rosen did not run his race, that's all. He did not have the foot and the half mile in 0:47 and a fraction probably did him up."

"My experience with men of Keeler's frail physique taught me that they were absolutely too small to stand the strain of major league ball. Cast your eye over the players in big leagues and you will find them, as a rule, well-built athletes, weighing at least 150 pounds, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches at the shoulders, save in such rare exceptions as Keeler. It takes this stocky mold of athletes to stand the strain of every-day ball in the large cities."

"The little fellows can get on in a minor league, but mentally as well as the physical exertion is greater in the major league, as any of the players will tell you."

"I have played with the little chaps and have had them on my teams, and while some of them showed great promise, I noticed that they couldn't play steadily every day. They were in-and-outers, though if they were called to perform no oftener than three times a week they would probably be as valuable as the fellows of more weight and sturdier stuff."

"But Keeler, slight, almost fragile of frame, has run away from the majority of the athletes in the major league as a player, and is in the first flight as a hitter. He's what you might call a ball-playing genius."

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

Baseball is most uncertain. Pipe that Montreal bunch leading the Eastern League.

Ed Adamson, an old London boy, is to wrestle McMahon two weeks from tomorrow night. He is a good one, too.

That English clergyman who prayed for "rassler" Hackenschmidt should come to America. He would be busy all the time.

A Canadian was second in the walking race at Athens. He must have trained at the Woodbine.

The Russian beat the Turk at wrestling. In the Babel wrestling tournament at Buffalo, the American won. Now is the time to settle all differences between Russia and America.

The Boston Americans made only 23 hits off New York pitchers yesterday. That is fine cricket.

Hackenschmidt's defeat of the Turk may have been due to his being the better wrestler or the efficacy of the prayer in his behalf by Canon Harford of Westminster Abbey, himself an authority on wrestling, who, a few days ago, wrote to Hackenschmidt informing him that he was fervently praying for his success. Apparently, however, not depending entirely upon the effect of his prayer for the success of a man wrestling for a wager, the canon gave Hackenschmidt tips on certain secret leg holds, which he evidently thought would go far to make up for any lack of success of the churchy petition.

The Tecumsehs have given out their line-up for their lacrosse team in the N. A. L. U. They could not win the C. L. A. with a faster team, so it is not hard to figure out where they will land with that eastern outfit.

Some of Dan McEwen's and Pete Sellers' horses are working miles close to 20 right now. This is going to be London's banner year for harness horses. The matinees will be better than ever with a very large entry and fast horses.

The board of education is moving very wisely in enlarging the playgrounds for the "kiddies." If they carry out their present intentions along that line, they will have done a great service. Give the youngsters plenty of room, and let them play to their heart's content.

The East End League also get busy next Saturday. There are some good players signed, and a good season is before them. No baseball at Springbank will help the leagues immensely.

Everybody is getting interested in the opening of the City Baseball League season next Saturday. The boys have been practicing hard lately, and will be in splendid shape for the opener. There will be some surprises sprung on the fans, and they are bound to get their money's worth. Keep next Saturday free.

The programme of the fourth annual tournament of the Springwood Gun Club has been issued. It is a splendid one. The shoot, which takes place May 17 and 18, promises to break the record.

There is a corner in hops. Jawn L. Sullivan denies that he is the cause of it.

If you want to see a thing fine, get up early some morning and see the horses work out at Queen's Park. In a week or so there will be 50 horses at work.

Jim Jeffries doesn't intend to return to the fighting game except in a wholesale way. He is willing to beat up six men for \$120,000, and the more he looks at the figures the quicker he wants to deliver the goods.

A horse named Expect to see racing and winning at Memphis. She must be kin to Don't Ask Me and Who'd 'a' Thought It.

New York automobilists are about to have a two gallon efficiency run. Some people could go the Marathon distance on a similar quantity and still have a little to spare.

A semi-professional, by the way, is either an amateur who gets what he considers good pay or a professional who doesn't.

Thirty thousand dollars has been paid by Philadelphia horsemen within the last three months for 44 trotters and pacers, an average of \$682 for each animal. The new speedway in the Quaker City has created an almost unprecedented demand for fast horses. Londoners, note that very carefully.

James R. Keene's Synony, regarded as the greatest race horse of the present time, is troubled with skin disease. It possibly is sympathetic.

Take a slant at Cincinnati's percentage and see what last formed habits are doing for Ned Hanlon.

No sooner had Shields' colt Halifax, who is a full brother to Handara, taken the measure of Lady Amelia, than the stewards ordered the veterinary in charge at the track to examine the colt. The stewards were under the impression that stimulants had been used, but at last accounts the vet had been unable to discover any traces of drugs. Halifax proved a real good thing for the Shields family and the Canadians, who backed him to a man. Some of the Canadian militiamen now visiting this city were at the track and played Halifax purely out of sentiment.—New York Sun.

The one thing that amuses New Yorkers is the flunking of Jack O'Brien in his match with Fitzsimmons. They were to have met before the genial Tom O'Rourke's Tuxedo Club, and after signing the articles O'Brien suddenly declared the bout off. O'Rourke, purple of face with indignation, asserted that O'Brien wanted more money than he consented to take when he signed articles, and he (O'Rourke) would never yield another penny if he had as much as Rockefeller. That's what O'Rourke says, but the genial Thomas is concealing something. He is not telling the whole truth. As a matter of fact, O'Brien did not ask for more money. He demanded protection. When Fitz agreed to meet O'Brien, the Cornishman and the wily O'Rourke realized that O'Brien would not enter the ring with Fitz on his merits. O'Brien has not forgotten the beating Fitz gave him two years ago in Philadelphia and he wants no more of it. So Fitz approached the Quaker and suggested a bout on the same conditions that prevailed in the San Francisco contest—Fitz to get the long end of the cash, and O'Brien to take all the glory. The Quaker readily consented. That is just the sort of arrangement he always was delighted to make, and he signed the articles in a hurry.

Everything was delightful till O'Brien heard rumors that Fitz intended to work in a clever double cross and put him out as soon as possible. Then it was that the Quaker rushed with great trepidation to O'Rourke and demanded a contract, backed by a cash forfeit, binding Fitzsimmons not to be rude or land any knockout punches. O'Rourke was agast. He realized that the first important bout at his club must be strictly on the level, or the consequences would be sad. He couldn't agree to a fake, and so O'Brien said he wouldn't fight. There is the story in a nutshell.

O'Brien has had that sort of contracts with Fitz, Hart, Walcott and several other men he regarded as dangerous. He never goes into the ring on his merits unless he feels he has a lobster before him. Tommy Burns ought to go after O'Brien and make him climb a tree. He is the most ridiculous heavy-weight champion that this or any other country ever heard of.

TRIGGER.

REDS TO HAVE SHOOT.

Montreal, April 27.—The first annual tournament and "pow-wow" of the Canadian Indians will be held May 24 and 25 on the grounds of the Montreal Gun Club. Fifteen events of 25 targets each and one event of 25 targets open to Canadian Indians, will comprise the first day's programme. With the close event goes the silver cup donated by President Ewing, of the Montreal Gun Club. The second day's programme will consist of 10 events at 20 targets and one event at 25 targets, open only to Canadian Indians. Daily high average prizes will be offered as follows: First day—First prize, Clarendon Hotel cup, value \$40; second prize, Bailey cup, value \$15. Second day—First prize, Ithaca gun, No. 2, value \$70; second prize, Tomahawk cup, value \$25.

THE TURE.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.

At Jamaica-Dolke Dollars, 3 to 1; Ebony, 4 to 5; Garnish, 9 to 1; First Premium, 7 to 1; Melbourne Nominee, 10 to 1; Alsworth, 16 to 5. At Memphis—Elkino, 7 to 10; Uncle Henry, 8 to 5; Impertinence, 5 to 1; Embarrassment, even; Gov. Orman, 5 to 1; Banposal, 12 to 1.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LEAGUE FORMED

Half Dozen Teams Enter, and Draw Up Schedule for the First Round.

It was decided last night at a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. parlors to form a baseball league from the public schools of the city.

Six schools entered teams—Colborne street, Simcoe street, Victoria, St. George's, Princess avenue and Lorne avenue.

The players must be regular attendants at the school for which they play. The games will be played on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

The officers elected were: Honorary President—W. T. Strong, President—Dr. Bryan, Secretary—Secretary-Treasurer—Rob Macpherson.

Each team is to play the other teams two games. The schedule for the first round is as follows:

May 5—Colborne vs. Simcoe, Victoria vs. St. George's, Lorne vs. Princess.

May 9—Princess vs. Colborne, Simcoe vs. Victoria, St. George's vs. Lorne.

May 12—Colborne vs. Lorne, Princess vs. Victoria, Simcoe vs. St. George's.

May 16—Colborne vs. St. George's, Lorne vs. Victoria, Princess vs. Simcoe.

May 19—Victoria vs. Colborne, St. George's vs. Princess, Simcoe vs. Lorne.

TAYLOR IMPOSES FINES.

Buffalo, April 30.—President Harry L. Taylor of the Eastern League, today fined Manager Bannan, of Monday night for removing his team from the field at Jersey City on Friday. Players McCann, Vandergift, and Merritt, of Jersey City, are fine \$10 each for using obscene language towards Umpires Campau and Conhan.

DYMENT HORSES AT WOODBINE MAKE THEIR FIRST APPEARANCE

Fort Hunter Out After Lapse of Two Seasons—Seagram Nags All Worked.

Toronto, April 30.—This was a busy morning around the Woodbine. The principal attraction was the first appearance of the Dymont horses. They were not asked to do any fast work, merely being given stiff gallops, and breezed through the stretch in preparation for the trials tomorrow. Kinleydale was greatly admired by the railbirds, and it was a welcome sight to see the well-known Fort Hunter out again after a lapse of two seasons.

The Seagram horses were all worked. The time made by them was only fair, partly due to the fact that the time was not as fast as on Sunday. The players, Spitz, Guiton and Slaunder, were sent a mile in 1:55. The last mentioned was a fine string of two-year-olds this season. The lepper Gold Run was breezed a mile, going the journey in 1:57½, with lots left at the end.

J. J. Walsh is back from Baltimore. His three horses, Allerton, Arable and Mark Leitchstein, will arrive tomorrow. This is a fine stable that will race at the Woodbine this evening.

J. C. Maloney will bring up a couple of two-year-olds from New York, and it is likely that he will bring Jockey Nags with him. This boy can ride at 87 pounds and will be useful around the track for light-weight riding.

EGG DIET TO BE TRIED ON ATHLETES

Director at Ripon College to Make an Interesting Experiment on Squad.

Spurred on to experiment on his athletes by the success of Cambridge over Oxford in the great rowing race recently, George W. Cutler, director of athletics at Ripon College, Wisconsin, may form an "egg squad" to experiment on eggs as training diet for the athletes as Dr. Wiley did with his "poison squad" in his experiment at Washington.

The Cambridge crew defeated Oxford after a course of dieting on eggs and Dr. Cutler believes that experiments with the same sort of diet will produce equally good results in American athletes. It is not certain that this sort of training will be determined upon, but if it is, a squad of the track athletes will show considerable promise will be given egg diet at the training table instead of the rare meat customarily fed to athletes.

Dr. Cutler when he came to Ripon took measurements of all the important muscles of all the college students, and these measurements will be compared with those after the egg diet has been carried through to the anticipated success in inter-collegiate track and field meets. The condition of the men's hearts and lungs will be considered in securing results as part of the experiment.

TENNIS.

AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.

London, April 30.—The preliminary rounds in the amateur court tennis championship, of which E. H. Miles is the holder, began at the Queen's Club here today. Jay Gould, of Lakewood, N. Y., beat J. C. Crane, jun., of Boston, Mass., by 3 to 0.

PLUNGERS WERE HIT REAL HARD

Plastered Their Money on Roseben—One Sport Lost \$25,000 on Race.

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CANUCK SECOND IN WALKING MATCH

Was Beaten Out by Irish-American at Olympic Games Yesterday.

Athens, April 30.—America's athletes again have had a day of remarkable success. Pilgrim, Lightbody, Friend, Leavitt and Bonhag sharing the honors. The American team is considered here as probably the best all around combination in the world. The 500-meters race tomorrow is likely to fall to them, together with the hurdles. The general hope is expressed that the Marathon race, the great national event, will go to the Greeks.

This morning, which was cooler than the days of the games which have preceded it, was occupied by the athletes and tourists alike in strolling through the streets and buying souvenirs.

The King and members of the royal family again were present at the stadium in the afternoon. The first event, the 400-meters race, was won by Paul H. Pilgrim, Pastime Athletic Club, in faultless style. Another fine race, that of 1,500 meters, was won by James D. Lightbody, Chicago University. In the 1,500-meters walking match, George N. Bonhag, Irish-American A. C. won, with a Canadian walker second; Spiegler, Australian, and Wilkinson, English, who were leading, being disqualified for running.

In the final 100-meters race Paul Pilgrim, N. Y. A. C. won; time, 53 1-5 seconds; Lieut. W. H. Halswiler, England, was second, with 45 4-5 seconds; Nigel Barker, Australia, was third.

In the final of the 1,500-meters race today J. D. Lightbody, Chicago Uni-

versity, was first; McGough, England, second, and Hellstrom, Sweden, third. Time, 4:12.

It was a wonderful race, with a neck-and-neck finish. Lightbody won by half a yard, not two yards, as previously cabled. The same distance separated second and third man.

In the preliminary for the 120-meters hurdles, the first heat was won by Hugo Friend, Chicago University. Time, 16 1-4 seconds. Duncker, Germany, was second.

Second heat was won by G. L. Levitt, Williams (Williamstown, Mass.) College; Molnie, France, was second. Third heat was won by A. H. Healey, England. Time, 16 1-2 seconds. Sigones, Greek, was second.

In the semi-finals, hurdles, Duncker, Germany, was first. Time, 17 1-2. Molnie, France, was second, and Sigones, Greek, was third. The finals in the hurdles will be run tomorrow.

In the hop, step and jump, O'Connor, England, was first, with 14 meters 65 centimeters; Lehy, England, was second, 13 meters 98 centimeters, and Cronin was third with 13 meters 7 centimeters.

The 1,500-meters walking match was won by George N. Bonhag, Irish-American A. C. Time, 7:12 3-5. Linden, Canadian, and Spetzio, Linde, were second and third respectively.

BEST OF THE MIDGETS IS WEE WILLIE KEELER

Ned Hanlon, ex-manager of the Brooklyn team, now at the helm of the Cincinnati Reds, is enthusiastic over the ability of Willie Keeler, and thinks he is the greatest little man he has ever seen. Only recently he said:

"When you ponder and think of the failures of the Hittititan class of players who came into the major league and drifted back to the minors, you wonder at the career of that midget phenom, Willie Keeler, the New York American outfielder, who is such a brilliant exception to the rule. Keeler is the littlest big man, so to speak, that ever played ball for me."

"My experience with men of Keeler's frail physique taught me that they were absolutely too small to stand the strain of major league ball. Cast your eye over the players in big leagues and you will find them, as a rule, well-built athletes, weighing at least 150 pounds, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches at the shortest, save in such rare exceptions as Keeler. It takes this stocky mold of athletes to stand the strain of every-day ball in the large cities."

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STRATFORD MAY AGAIN VISIT WINDY CITY

Stratford, April 30.—"Bob" Eason today received a communication from the Calumet Lacrosse Club of Chicago, asking Stratford to send a team there on May 25. This is the same club that the Stratford team played with last year, and the boys were so delighted with their trip that there will not likely be any difficulty in getting a team together again.

A meeting has been called for tomorrow night at the Commercial Hotel for organization.

It is altogether likely that the proposed junior team will be organized at this meeting and entered in the Junior C. L. A. series.

Efforts will be made to arrange for a game with some outside team before the boys take their trip to Chicago. Practice will be commenced at once.

FOOTBALL.

GAME STILL ROUGH.

Lincoln, Neb., April 30.—A test of the new football rules was made on Nebraska field this afternoon between Nebraska University and Doane College of Crete, Neb.

Classed the visitors, but under the handicap of ten yards to gain and no hurdlings filled to show any marked superiority. It was probably a more open game, but old-time football players declared they could not see that any of the roughness was eliminated by the new rules.

DETROIT BLANKED.

Windsor, Ont., April 30.—The Thistles, of Windsor, won the opening game in the Peninsula Association Football League from Detroit by a score of 2 to 0.

The game was as close and exciting as one could wish, Windsor winning out by a fine rally near the end. Efficient work on the part of the goals kept down the score.

IRISH CHAMPIONSHIP.

London, April 30.—In the final match played in Dublin, for the Irish cup, representing the football championship of Ireland, Shelbourne defeated the Belfast Celtic by a score of 2 to 0.

PRESTON ENTERS SERIES.

Preston, April 30.—The Preston Football Club has decided to enter the intermediate series of the Western Football Association, in which they will be grouped with Waterloo, Guilford and Berlin.

The following officers were elected: President, W. J. Wilson; vice-president, Dr. J. Scott Hogz; secretary, treasurer, E. E. Freeland; managing committee, Menno Wiles (manager), W. Tink, Wallace Nair. As there is a lot of good material the club look forward to carrying off the championship in this series.

THE WHEEL.

C. W. A. MEET. Waterloo, April 29.—Waterloo is preparing for a monster celebration here on July 1. One of the attractions will be the Canadian Wheelmen's Association races. It will be remembered that in the pelmy days of the C. W. A.

the biggest meet of all was that held in Waterloo, and it is expected that this year's meet will take on something of the nature of a reunion of wheelmen, and perhaps awaken renewed interest in bicycle racing.

THE RING.

MIKE WARD SAFE.

Sarnia, April 30.—Mike Ward, the Sarnia boxer, was one of those who were in "Frisco" at the time of the recent earthquake. With his brother Andy, Mike has been at the coast for some time trying to get on at one of the big clubs. A message from Oakland announces that both of the boys are safe.

BASEBALL.

PRACTICE TONIGHT.

Somerville's baseball team of the East End League, will hold a practice this evening at Queen's Park.

SCHOOL BOYS PLAY.

Yesterday afternoon grade 6 and grade 5 of the Princess avenue school played a great game of ball. Grade 6 won, 21 to 8.

SEIVER PITCHES WINNING BALL

Cap'tures Another for Tigers—Yankee Pitchers Slugged for 23 Hits.

IN THE EASTERN.

At Baltimore—R. H. E. 15 15 2

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BASE BALL CLUBS

Get our prices on

SUITS, MITTS, GLOVES, BATS, BALLS, MASKS, BODY PROTECTORS, SHOE PLATES, ETC.

Largest stock—best goods—lowest prices.

Special discounts to clubs.

GURD'S Good Guns

185 Dundas Street.

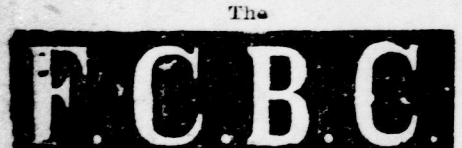
THREE SMALL BOYS EARNING FORTUNES

Jockeys Radtke, Sewell and Nicol Will Earn from \$20,000 to \$35,000 This Year.

Three

Competent Bookkeepers and Stenographers

were never in as great demand as today.



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J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.
Y. M. C. A., London.

Handsomeness Silk Waists

The weather will soon be warm enough to wear without coats, and separate waists will be in demand. Our New-Model Silk Waists meet the wishes of the most exacting.

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Ossington's Block Corner

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
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R. H. SMITH, Contractor and Builder,
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Manufacture of Cement Blocks and Slabs.
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AND EMBALMER

Reasonable charges. Best equipment.
Open day and night. Residence
on premises.
104 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 450.
GEO. E. LOGAN, Assistant Mgr.

ELLIOTT & OLSTED

FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Lady assistant when called.
Day phone 1775; night phone 1297.
238 Dundas. Residence, 238 King.

SMITH, SUN & CLARKE

Underliners and Embalmers
Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars.
112 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 556.
629 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678.
Residence on premises.

MONUMENTS GRANITE and MARBLE

Artistic Design. Prices Reasonable.
THE D. WILKIE GRANITE CO.
438 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

PURITY IN FLOUR.

You want a flour that does not fail. Daisy Flour has been in use long enough to make it the favorite flour from all grocers.

American Steel Fence....

Made of best No. 9 wire throughout. Hinge stay, its main feature, No. 9 coiled wire, and barbed wire short barbed.

Westman's Hardware

121 Dundas St. Market Square.

To the Farmers and Growers:

All parties wishing to grow fruit or vegetables for the coming factory, and who have not already contracted for same, would do well to call on Mr. Bates or Mr. Allen, at the City Hotel, London, as they are now completing contracts for this season's crop. Prices and all other information cheerfully given. See them at once. THE BATES MFG. CO., Limited, London, Ont.

There are 1,341,280 more men than women in the United States, and the same proportion prevails in almost every other country. The only exception is in Paraguay, where there are more than twice as many women as men. This is due to the fact that some years ago, in a political revolution and a war with Brazil and the Argentine Republic, the men were almost exterminated.

Mattie M. Marshall, a grandniece of former Chief Justice Marshall, of the United States supreme court, is one of the three women rural mail carriers in America.

The stock of trunks, grips and other leather goods displayed in connection with the up-to-date boot and shoe stock at W. B. Lawson's, 133 Dundas street, is of interest to those who have requirements in this line.

RAJAH-The new King. Hand-made, some-smoked, clear Havana filter. 10c.

London Loan and Savings Company

—ALLOW—

4 1/2 per cent on Municipal Bonds

3 1/2 per cent on Deposits

4 per cent on Debentures

5 1/4 per cent on stock.

What Interest Are You Receiving?

Our Porter

has been known for years as the favorite beverage. It has acquired a popularity unequalled by any other porter. Order a case from your dealer.

HAMILTON'S BREWERY.

Thos. Wilson

MERCHANT TAILOR

212 Dundas Street

Higgins Block. Telephone 596

WHERE GLASSES ARE MADE

Just a word about prices. The exceptional quality of our glasses and the accurate examination of the eye may lead to the conclusion that our prices must be high. But we manufacture glasses complete, thus saving the manufacturers' and jobbers' profits. Our \$2.50 glasses are just the same as are sold elsewhere for \$5. When others advertise \$5 glasses for \$2.50 they are simply meeting our regular price. Our Oculist's examination is free.

The Tait Optical Co.

Eyeglass Specialists, 237 Dundas St.

The only Opticians in London who manufacture glasses. Ask to see our grinding-room.

Nethersole: Armillo:

In plain hoop and antique productions. Fitted with secret fastener. The Bracelets for the short-sleeve dresses.

THOS. GILLEAN

402 RICHMOND STREET.

Full of Nourishment!

Johnston Bros.' XXX Bread is delicious in every way. If you try Johnston Bros.' XXX Bread you will not be disappointed. Log Cabin or Genuine Home-Made Bread you will not be disappointed. Baking at home, especially during the busy house-cleaning time. At Grocers or delivered. Phone 818.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mrs. W. A. Brock will not receive in her new home, "Brookside," until September.

—Subscriber—The habeas corpus provisions you refer to are still before the courts.

—The Pere Marquette Railway Company is now crossing 250 cars daily between Port Huron and Sarnia.

—R. R. Gamble lectured last evening on Northern Ontario. He gave the boys some good advice, but said nothing about cash book leaves or deposit slips.

—E. A. Bussard & Co., the contractors for the gas and oil well at Port Stanley, have bored 1,300 feet, having struck the oil rock. The Lake Shore Gas Company have decided to go deeper, and have given the contractors instructions to go 1,300 feet more.

—Duncan McIntyre has sold his farm on the Lake road, three miles west of Port Stanley, to H. Boxall, for \$6,500. Mr. McIntyre having previously sold the elm and maple to the London Barrel Company for \$2,500, thus making \$9,000 for a farm of 126 acres.

—Port Huron Times: William Wagner, the young man who has been making an effort to recover some articles of furniture, which he claims were seized by N. W. Hyatt, the Butler street furniture man, was arrested Friday evening by Police Constable Kernin Wagner has been acting queer for the past few days, and it is thought his mind is deranged. It has been learned that he was at one time in the Military School at London. He will be turned over to the immigration officers, and will probably be sent back to Canada.

TO VISIT THE WEST.

The railway commission has arranged to sit at Paris on May 1 and 2; at Stratford on the 3rd; at Chatham on the 4th, and on the 5th at Windsor; 7th at Waterloo; 8th at Hamilton, and the latter part of that week at Toronto.

SEVENTH HAS ROUTE MARCH.

The weekly route march of the Seventh Regiment last night saw nearly 375 men on parade. The regiment proceeded to the market square, where some regimental drill was indulged in for the best part of an hour. No recruits will be received after May 14. Pte. E. B. Campbell, of B Company, has been made a lance corporal.

COL. DAWSON RESIGNS.

Col. M. D. Dawson, who for nearly 23 years has been in charge of the

GOLD Filling, well done, is a work of Art. We pride ourselves on our skill in this Department.

Western Dental Office

Phone 15.

Over C. P. R. Ticket Office.

S.W. Cor. Dundas & Richmond Sts.

First Among Pianos, The Gerhard Heintzman

It pays to buy only the best; therefore, if you intend purchasing a piano, you can afford a Gerhard-Heintzman. It must be remembered that the life of a Gerhard-Heintzman Piano is much longer than that of other pianos.

We can sell them on easy terms, and we will also rent them.

W. McPHILLIPS,

189 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Why Use Poor Cement When You Can Buy the "VERIBEST"

JUST AS CHEAPLY?

John Mann & Sons,

401 Clarence St. 425 York St.

Phone 470

Now For Your Summer Bread

Our delivery wagons are at your service.

A phone message will promptly bring one of our door-to-door delivery wagons to your door with all the palatable loaves of our bakery. Phone 929.

PARNELL'S.

The Cost Does Not

regulate the quality of a prescription at this drug store. Whether it costs ten cents, one dollar or two dollars, it receives the same conscientious care—always containing "Just what the Doctor ordered."

Cairncross & Lawrence

Prescription Chemists.

216 Dundas St., London, Ont.

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European Hotel, Jerry McDonald.

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150-yr.

With a Little Paring, Tax Rate Will Be 20 1-2 Mills

Finance Committee Decides on a Boost in Salaries of City Hall Officials.

If the board of education will consent to pare from its estimates the sum of \$1,000, and if the water commissioners will agree to allow the reduction rates to go into effect this quarter, instead of making the reduction date from January, thereby allowing the city council to use the sum of \$3,700 of waterworks surplus now on hand, the tax rate this year will be 20 1-2 mills.

This was the decision arrived at by the finance committee at the conclusion of its meeting last night. Chairman Forristal, the mayor, and the members of the committee, with Auditor Jewell and Treasurer Pope, went over every item carefully, and applied the knife in many cases, but the best that could be done, unless the school trustees and the water commissioners take a hand in the game, was to give the people a 20 3-4 mill rate this year.

In figuring on a 20-mill rate, the mayor and others were not aware of the fact that Auditor Jewell had included in his receipts the sum of \$10,000 which will be saved this year on the consolidation of the waterworks debt. Consequently the rate will be about one-half a mill higher than would have been the case had it turned out, as was thought, that the auditor had not counted on this additional ten thousand when making up the table of receipts.

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people before these works could be proceeded with, and to take a vote now would mean a cost to the city of \$1,000. Instead, the question will be submitted to the people in January next.

His worship also pointed out that this year about \$100,000 worth of local improvements have been put through, whereas the auditor has laid down the rule that in order to keep down the tax rate the city should make it a rule not to put down more than \$80,000 worth of improvements in any one year.

The committee opened up its heart and granted a few salary increases. In all the increases amount to about \$1,000, and the sum of \$800 was set aside to provide for additional help in two of the offices during the busy season.

Miss Nora Toll, stenographer in City Clerk Baker's office, was remembered. Her salary was increased from \$416 to \$450 per annum.

The salary of Treasurer Pope was increased from \$1,600 to \$1,700.

City Auditor Jewell was given a raise of \$200, making his salary \$1,300. Assessment Commissioner Grant also came in on the recommendation, his salary being increased from \$1,600 to \$1,700.

Arthur Jolly, clerk in the assessment office, will get \$900, instead of \$800, as at present.

The salaries of the two city assessors, Messrs. Martin O'Sullivan and Alfred McCoubrey, were increased from \$600 to \$750. This year the assessors will work ten months, instead of nine, as formerly.

Market Clerk Maker's salary was given a boost of \$25, making it \$600 a year.

Weight Scales Clerk Dean's salary was increased from \$650 to \$700.

Tax Collector Hayes was given an additional \$50, making his salary \$1,350.

Assistant Tax Collector Turner was also given \$50. His salary will be \$750.

The sum of \$150 was set aside for an extra clerk to assist Mr. Hayes during the busy season.

A similar sum was also appropriated for extra work this year in the city clerk's office.

CHAIRMAN KNEW NOTHING OF IT

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150-yr.

AT WORK ON TIME

There is no danger of your being late for work if you carry a timepiece that is perfect.

The Webb C. Ball Watch is the most perfect watch made. Ask to see it at the only store in London that can sell it.

C. H. WARD & CO.

374 Richmond Street.

MARA'S

Opposite Market Lane.

MILL-END SALE

MILL ENDS OF EVERYTHING.

MILL ENDS of Extra Fine Lonsdale Cambrics, 36 ins. wide, regular 12 1/2c, 15c and 18c cambrics, to clear quick, yard..... 10c

MILL ENDS of Circular Pillow Cotton, fine and soft, free from dressing, 42, 44 and 46 inches wide, regular 20c yard, yours for, yard..... 12 1/2c

MILL ENDS of Sheet, extra heavy and fine, 36 ins. wide, regular 12 1/2c and 10c, for, yard..... 8c

MILL ENDS of Bleached and unbleached Table Linen, 1 1/2 to 5 yds. long, at ONE-THIRD LESS than regular prices.

MILL ENDS of PRINTS, 30 inches wide, fast colors, in all leading colors and patterns, length of pieces 2 1/2 to 10 yards; regular 10c, for, yard..... 8c

\$1.00 WHITE QUILTS FOR 79c

67 large size White Quilts, honeycomb make and fancy embossed patterns, regular \$1.00, for, each..... 79c

MILL ENDS SALE of TOWELINGS, comprising bag crash and birdseye ends, from 2 to 10 yards; on sale Tuesday, yard..... 4 1/2c

SURE TO BE A RUSH

175 YARDS of OLD ROSE CHAMBRAY and GRAY CHAMBRAY, with green and red checks, 32 inches wide, regular 15 1/2c and 12 1/2c, for, yard..... 9 1/2c

\$2.50 LACE CURTAINS FOR \$1.50

39 pairs Lace Curtains, 60 inches wide, buttonhole edge, fine lacy designs, regular \$2.50, for, pair \$1.50

WINDOW BLINDS, complete, all colors, each..... 25c

A TALK ABOUT A RICH FATHER

"The saving habit is better far than a rich father"—German Proverb.

Inherited riches are apt to take wings, but to the saving riches come to stay.

The opening of an account with our Savings Department will encourage you to save and add to it regularly. It will keep your savings growing and available when needed and will become a "Rich Father" to you.

INTEREST PAID 4 TIMES A YEAR

\$1.00 Opens an Account.

Begin today at

The Sovereign Bank of Canada

LONDON BRANCH, Opposite City Hall, F. E. KARN, Manager.

LONDON EAST BRANCH, 635 Dundas Street, W. J. HILL, Manager.

THE REASON WHY FIBERWARE

OTHER KINDS OF FIBERWARE

DO NOT G