

CALL FOR SIXTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF ALBERTA FEDERATION OF LABOR IN CALGARY LABOR TEMPLE, JANUARY 5TH

Questions of Legislation Regarding Workmen's Compensation, Housing and Sanitation, Minimum Wage, Mechanics' Lien, Factories Act, etc., Will Have the Attention of the Convention

The call for the Sixth Annual Convention of the Alberta Federation of Labor has been sent out from the office of the executive and is contained in the following:

To the Officers and Members of Central Labor Bodies and Local Trades and Labor Unions of the Province of Alberta, Affiliated and Unaffiliated with the Alberta Federation of Labor-Brothers and Fellow Workers:

The Sixth Annual Convention of the Alberta Federation of Labor will convene in the Labor Temple, City of Calgary, Alberta, commencing at 10 a.m. on Monday morning January 5th, 1920, and will continue in session from day to day until the business of the convention has been completed.

Headquarters will be at the Alexandra Hotel.

Article 1, Section 3, reads in part: Each Labor Union or Women's Auxiliary shall be entitled to two delegates for the first hundred members or less, and one delegate for each additional hundred or majority fraction thereof.

Central Labor Bodies, District Boards, Building Trades Councils, Allied Trades Councils and similar bodies shall be entitled to two delegates each. Delegates from Central Bodies must be members of unions affiliated with the Federation, and credentials from such bodies shall be attested to by their officers or the local unions of which the delegate is a member.

Your attention is called to Article 11, which reads: "All railroad fares of delegates attending the Annual Convention of this Federation shall be pooled. Each delegate on handing in his credentials, shall attach thereto a receipt for payment of fare (which will be given upon request by railroad agent on purchasing ticket)."

The Credential Committee shall compile a statement of all monies duly expended by delegates for railway fares (said fares not to include sleeping berths), and shall apportion the rate for each delegate. All delegates who have paid fare above said rate shall be refunded accordingly, and delegates having paid fare less than said rate shall pay balance to Secretary-Treasurer before close of convention.

Article 19, Section 4, reads: When possible resolutions shall be in the hands of the Secretary ten days prior to the opening of the convention, and by him be tabulated and handed to their respective committees. Kindly comply with the spirit of this law and thereby expedite the business of the convention.

Many questions of legislation affecting labor will have the attention of the convention, viz., Workmen's Compensation, Housing and Sanitation, Minimum Wage, Mechanics' Liens, Factories Act, etc., etc.

It is essential that due consideration be given to the problems confronting the workers at this time. The return of the soldiers and the release of men and women from work essential to the prosecution of war presents a critical situation, and the forthcoming convention should be prepared to formulate such a programme as would provide for the protection of the wage earners. There is a great amount of work to be taken up by the Convention, which warrants representation from every local union.

It is to the interest of every local union in the province to be represented. See to it that your strongest representatives are selected, that your voice may be heard in the deliberations of the Convention.

Fraternally yours,
W. SMITTEN, Secretary.

FOR MAYOR



JOSEPH A. CLARKE
Candidate of the Dominion Labor Party

LABOR PARTY'S PLATFORM IN THE CIVIC ELECTIONS

Policy of Collecting Necessary City Revenue From Land Is In Best Interests of City

The platform of the Labor Party in the civic elections, given below, was decided upon at a meeting of the Executive committee and the candidates on Tuesday evening last.

For the City Council.

1. The Abolition of the Property Qualification.
2. The Municipal Ownership of Public Utilities.
3. The principle that all civic promotions and appointments should be made from the ranks on the basis of seniority and efficiency.
4. The election by the vote of the people of all boards having the control of public institutions when the cost is borne by the city at large.
5. The retention of such land as the City now owns or may obtain in the possession of the City and the lease of the same for homebuilding, industrial or other purposes on such terms as would produce at least the amount of the city's outlay plus taxes.

NOTE—We again reiterate that our policy of collecting the necessary city revenue from the land is in the best interests of the people of Edmonton and that our experience during the past two years has amply demonstrated that the cost of living has greatly increased owing to the advent of the Improvement, Business, and other like taxes.

For the School Board.

1. The Provision of Kindergarten and Technical Schools.
2. The Policy that the Provincial Government should be expected to pay the expenses of the High Schools.
3. The Building of Permanent Schools.
4. The Support of the Teachers Policy (a) The Provincial Schedule of Teachers. (b) The Model form of Contract. (c) The Recognition of the Teachers as Advisers to the Board.

NOTICE
Legislative Committee of the Trades and Labor Council will meet on Friday evening, November 7th at 8 o'clock, in Labor Hall.

NEWS OF THE LOCAL UNIONS

CIVIC SERVICE UNION No. 52.

Of course you know that November 14th is the regular meeting night for the Union. Don't forget it on that night.

We can anticipate the competition between the members of the executive for the possession of the report of the 25th annual convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada.

F. H. Wilson is on a month's leave of absence. Anxiety is being felt for his safety. It is only the fearless who would undertake a trip into the wild regions north of Jasper Park, at this time of the year. Rumor has it that the bag of the mighty hunter is large and varied. We can surmise the elation felt when a deer or moose skin sheep is brought down. We are impatient to hear your story as the fourth floor has its reputation to retrieve, it being reported that some members of "52" during the early part of last August, when at Jasper Park, preferred to stand while eating their meals because the saddles on the cayuses had created a local soreness with the riders, which was extremely discomforting when seated.

On October 24th, the City Hall clerks of Chicago, organized an old clothes society. Its object is to glorify the wearing of patches, frayed, or shiny suits, etc. Necessity knows no law for the fashion set by the Civic Clerks of the Windy City has been a grim reality to some of us.

To have a shirt waist splashed with ink is vexatious. We suggest one all black.

You don't have to make excuses to your wife on November 14th for being away from home that evening. There's a reason! To be on time means getting home on time—that's logic she will appreciate.

Some people will aver that to "cuss" when occasion arises acts as a relief. The relief afforded to the meter man, by the applying of a few choice expletives to a church door, because it was difficult to open, was very short lived, for when he got the door open he found a ladies' sewing circle in session.

It would have been interesting to have witnessed the "unburial" of Bob on All Hallows' Night when discovered his mistake after trying to stop three young women, who were masquerading in boys fancy costumes, from entering certain offices on the 2nd floor.

Good nursing and a prescription will cure any cold. Ask Arthur! He has the evidence.

PLUMBERS & STEAMFITTERS 685

In a letter from Bro. Roberts of 479, Winnipeg, he states that local is in good condition after the storm and members returning at every meeting.

Local 685 is able to say that the O. B. U. has done them no harm at this point. We control members from Saskatoon to Port Mann and have all members in good standing on our books.

If you have been stung for 1.00 at the C.N.R. shops, "Investigate," as we have been told these dollars have been returned to their original owners.

Members of this local will notice the meetings of the local have been changed to the fourth Friday in each month.

As we have a non-attendance fine of 50c, which according to our constitution is payable before dues, any member missing a meeting will put in an excuse in writing which will be acted on at the following meeting. The local does not want the 50c, but they do want every member present as the proper place to discuss business affecting Organized Labor is the Labor Hall and not the street corner.

FOR ALDERMAN



J. A. KINNEY
Candidate of the Dominion Labor Party

INTEREST IN WORK OF TRADES' COUNCIL IS INCREASING

O. B. U. Mentioned For First Time in Months—Delegates Amused at Reports in Other Papers

The O. B. U. was mentioned at Monday's meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, for the first time in some months. The delegates were amused to know that according to the B. C. Federationist the moderate element is in the run in Edmonton and the O. B. U. is ruling the roost. The serious side of the untruthful propaganda being spread throughout the country, was pointed out by Delegate Clark and others, and the Secretary was instructed to write other trades' councils to the effect that the O. B. U. was non-existent in Edmonton, at least insofar as the International trade union movement was concerned.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters' local who have been reorganized and were on Monday night admitted again to the council. It was announced that the Dunvegan carmen would be reaffiliated with the council at an early date if information secured by the organization committee proved to be authentic.

The convention call of the Alberta Federation of Labor was laid over to a future meeting and the Legislative Committee was instructed to go into the matter of legislation mentioned in the letter.

A letter from Secretary Smitten of the Alberta Federation informed the council that the coal commission would sit in Edmonton on November 25th. The Legislative Committee was instructed to prepare evidence for submission to the commission at that time.

The matter of dispute between the Street Railwaymen's Union and the Council was brought up and an abusive letter from that organization's secretary was read. It was decided that the Executive Committee would prepare all the data on the case including the last letter received by the Council, and submit all to the International Union of Street Railwaymen.

A letter was received from Deputy Attorney-General Browning requesting the Council to appoint a member of the Factories Act Commission to represent Organized Labor. President McCreath was requested to act and was instructed to get in touch with Mr. Browning in regard to his duties.

Private employment bureaus came in for some criticism and delegates expressed (Continued on page 4).

PRESIDENTS OF ALL NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL UNIONS CALLED TO CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON, DEC. 13

Together With Executives of A. F. of L. and Four Railroad Brotherhoods To Take Counsel and Formulate Such Action As Is Necessary To Promote Rights and Freedom of Wage Earners.

The American Federation of Labor is sending out a call to the presidents of all the National and International Unions to meet in conference with the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, and the executives of the Railroad Brotherhoods at the headquarters of the A. F. of L., on December 13, 1919, to take counsel and to formulate such action as may be essential to safeguard and promote the rights, interests and freedom of the wage earners.

The appeal is signed by the executives of the A. F. of L. and the four Railroad Brotherhoods and is as follows:

To the Presidents of the National and International Unions:
Dear Sir and Brother:
Nearly a month before the declaration of war by the United States government, the executives of the national and international unions met in conference in Washington and then there declared Labor's attitude toward our government whether in peace or in war, and Labor made good.

The armistice was signed November 11, 1918. Automatically hostilities have ended. Technically we are yet in a state of war. The return of industry from a war footing to a peace basis is not readily accomplished. The patriotic fervor for our country in peril brought about by the dangers which threatened the overthrow of democracy and freedom, seems to have subsided.

In this critical reconstruction period, Labor is confronted with grave dangers affecting the very foundation of its structure. So grave is the situation regarded that at its recent meeting, the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor and the representatives of the Railroad Brotherhoods agreed that the executive of the national and international unions should be invited to participate in a conference at the headquarters of the A. F. of L. at ten o'clock on the morning of December 13, 1919, and there to take counsel and to formulate such action as may be essential to safeguard and

promote the rights, interests and freedom of the wage earners, the workers, who form the great mass of the people of our Republic.

It is imperative that the responsible representatives of the labor movement shall therefore consider the situation in the industrial and legislative field and agree upon fundamental principles and a program which the wage earners will accept in performing their duties as citizens and at the same time maintaining the right of free men in order to conserve human interest and welfare.

We conferred with the representatives of the various farmers' organizations. The conventions of these several bodies will be held within the next thirty days. The representatives of the farmers, while in sympathy with the purposes of the conference, did not feel that they had the authority to append their names to this call. However, formal communications will be sent to their conventions inviting them to appoint representatives to participate in the conference of December 13th with organizations they represent.

You are earnestly urged to attend the conference in person, and thereby give the most effective and responsible expression of the needs to meet the situation.

Executive Council American Federation of Labor,
Samuel Gompers, president; James Duncan, first vice-president; Jos. P. Valentine, second vice-president; Frank Duffy, third vice-president; William Green, fourth vice-president; W. D. Mahon, fifth vice-president; T. A. Rickett, sixth vice-president; Jacob Fischer, seventh vice-president; Matthew Wall, eighth vice-president; Daniel J. Tobin, treasurer; Frank Morrison, secretary.
Warren S. Stone, grand chief, Brotherhood Locomotive Engineers; Timothy Shea, grand chief Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen; W. E. Lee, grand chief Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; L. E. Sheppard, grand chief Order Railway Conductors of America.

TYPOS DECIDE TO "STAND PAT" ON ORIGINAL DEMANDS

Long Agenda of Business Before November Meeting of Local Typographical Union

The November meeting of the Typographical Union was held on Saturday, November 1st, in the Trades and Labor Hall, with a good attendance of members, several long absent faces being in evidence.

Two new members passed the ballot, and one, being in waiting, duly took the usual ceremonies. Three members were reported as sick in the hospital.

Saskatoon Gets International Sanction.
A telegram was received from Saskatoon Union, and its reading was welcomed by cheers: "Strike settled; two-year agreement: \$42—\$45; \$44—\$47; International sanctioned."

A letter from the Book and Job Printers of New York, out on strike, asking assistance was tabled.

A progress report from the special committee investigating the advisability of the formation of a Printers' club was received.

Sick Benefits Increased.
Notice of motion was given that the sick benefit be increased from \$5 to \$5 per week.

A discrimination grievance by a foreman against a certain member was introduced and charges were made. This was ordered to take the usual proper procedure.

The union decided to make a special grant to a sick and needy member and instructed the sick committee to issue a collection among the membership on his behalf if deemed desirable.

Assistance in Municipal Campaign.
The Edmonton Branch of the Dominion Labor Party wrote asking for assistance in the coming municipal campaign, financial and otherwise. The union ordered a donation of \$50, and if there should be two extra men in town the union will donate their services and pay them wages, all this in addition to what members as individuals may decide to do.

Will "Stand Pat."
The matter of scale negotiations was the big attraction, and after the full situation had been explained it was decided, very unanimously, to "stand pat" on our original demands, which are less than those now secured by Saskatoon union, and the report was referred back to the scale committee.

The matter of the proposed co-operative store and the Allied Printing Teachers what drive, on the 22nd inst., were brought to the notice of the members.

A long agenda was completed by 11:15 p.m.

FOR ALDERMAN



JAMES EAST
Candidate of the Dominion Labor Party

SASKATOON TYPOS WILL RECEIVE \$42 AND \$45 PER WEEK

The printers' strike in Saskatoon was ended after a few hours' duration Saturday by a compromise, effected by Mayor MacMillan, and a new agreement secured, under which the typos will receive \$42 per week for day work and \$45 for nights. The original demand was \$45 and \$48 per week. There was no suspension of publication by the newspapers as a result of the walkout.

BEN TILLET MAY SPEAK IN WINNIPEG ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Ben Tillett, prominent British labor leader, now in Washington attending the industrial conference, is expected to accept an invitation to speak at Winnipeg in aid of the labor party faction in the civic election campaign, according to an announcement made by officials of the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council.

WINNIPEG STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYEES RECEIVE BACK PAY

Employees of the Winnipeg Electric Railway company have received their first installment of the back pay awarded by the Mathers commission. This payment included back pay for the months of June and July. Back pay for the month of August will be forthcoming in a few days, and back pay for the month of September in the second week of November, according to a statement by the officials of the company.

Anti-Strike Bill Which Would Handcuff and Gag Workers is Before United States Senate

The Cummins railroad bill has been favorably reported to the senate by the committee on interstate commerce. It provides for the return of the railroads to their owners and penalizes striking railroad employees by fines not exceeding \$500 or six months' imprisonment, or both. In addition, any individual who induces, counsels or procures the commission or performance of an act made illegal under the anti-strike provision shall be held guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to the same penalties as a striker. Under this provision any one who insists that the anti-strike act should not be accepted, and if this sentiment developed in a strike such opponent of the law would be equally guilty with the strikers.

As a member of the committee on interstate commerce Senator LaFollette announced that he dissented from the committee's recommendations and stated that when the committee filed its report he would submit a minority report.

The proposed law also provides for the creation of several boards and committees. These are to be known as the transportation board, regional boards of adjustment and a committee of wages and working conditions.

The transportation board is absolute and there is no appeal from its decision on workers' grievances. It consists of five members, appointed by the president. Its main function is to arrange the railroads in competitive groups, to consolidate the railroads in the interest of service and to exercise a general supervisory character in questions outside the rate making powers of the interstate commerce commission.

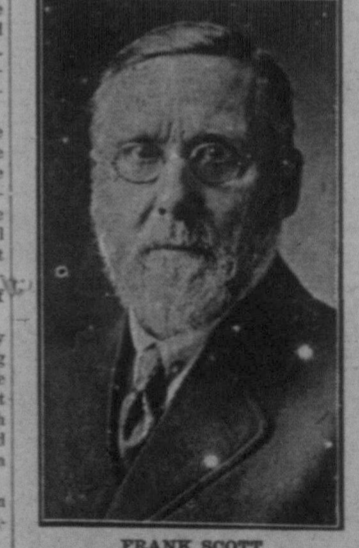
The committee of wages and working conditions will consist of eight members equally divided between the managers and employees. The various railroad crafts may present nominations for membership on this committee and the

transportation board will select from this list.

The regional boards of adjustment will consist of six members, equally divided between the employees and the managers. These boards shall adjust disputes regarding discipline and other issues arising in the usual railroad operations, other than wages and working conditions, and which cannot be settled by the railroad and its employees. Appointments on these regional boards shall be made in the same manner as the committee on wages and working conditions.

In every case where these boards or the committee of wages and working conditions cannot agree because of an equal division of its members, the matter shall be referred to the transportation board for final decision. From this decision there is no appeal, and if the employees strike they are liable to a fine of \$500 and six months in jail, or both.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE



FRANK SCOTT
Candidate of the Dominion Labor Party

ANOTHER LOCAL UNION FOR THE INTERNATIONAL

International Moulders' Union of North America Installs Officers and Will Seek Affiliation

The International Moulders' Union of North America, Local No. 373, got away to a good start Tuesday evening when at an enthusiastic meeting in Labor Hall the following officers were installed by John H. Barnett, third vice-president of the International:

President, Wm. Sturdy; vice-president, Ernest Baker; financial secretary, Wm. Winson; corresponding secretary, Stephen Settle, 9541 108th avenue; recording secretary, Charles Warner; treasurer, Alfred Lloyd, indurtor, Errand West; doorkeeper, John Adams.

The charter was received and duly hung, and the Union starts out 100% strong as every moulder in the city, fifteen in all, has joined up. Meetings will be held the 3rd Tuesday of each month in Labor Hall. At the next meeting, November 18th, they will take up the question of affiliation with the Trades and Labor Council.

FACTORIES ACT DOES NOT FULFIL REQUIREMENTS

Small Attachment to Sec. 26 Takes Away Value of Act, Which Is Only Political Football

(By Walter Smitten)
That provision for safety, sanitation and ventilation in the operation of Factories is an imperative necessity has been recognized by most of the Legislative bodies throughout the world, and when the Alberta Legislature passed the Factories Act in 1917 we believed a step in the right direction had been taken, but owing to the spotty display and the lack of administration of this measure we are forced to the conclusion that the government were not sincere when they adopted this.

That it is necessary to arrange standard methods for safety, sanitation and ventilation, that must be observed by all who desire to operate a business, will be conceded by all who have given any consideration to our industrial system, as also will the advisability of arranging for these provisions when industry is in its infancy in the district. It is easier and less costly to arrange for this in the original construction than to make the necessary alterations later so that any criticism that has been offered on the grounds that industry is too young in this province to be restricted in this manner is not only narrow but short sighted also. That it is profitable to the employer to provide healthy surroundings for his workers has been demonstrated too often to require further consideration at this time. But our Act goes further than this, it sets out to regulate the maximum number of hours to be worked and the minimum wages that shall be paid.

Employers Object.
This feature is not new, but a considerable number of employers have strongly objected to the government attempting to assume this right; why should they be regulated; is it not best for them to make amicable arrangements with their employes as to hours of labor and wages to be paid? Let us see how this usually works out; all employers are in business for the profits to be derived therefrom, and their contention is, if one can judge by the expressions of their representatives long hours and low wages are absolutely essential.

(Continued on page 3).

EDMONTON'S
Cut Rate Shoe Store

The Favorite Shopping Place for Thrifty Shoe Buyers.

A Gunmetal Calf Shoe with Good-year welt sole; extra special Reg. \$9.50, for **\$7.25**

Men's lined Mitts. Regular \$1.25, for **95c**
Boys' Mule Mitts, lined. Regular 85c, for **69c**

The CANADIAN SHOE CO., Ltd.
NEXT TO JOURNAL 10173 101ST STREET

SAY, PETE!

This morning at breakfast I was looking at my W.S.S. Certificate and Paw sees it and says: "How many green stamps, son?" and I says: "Eight," and Paw, he gives a sort of groan, Pete, that was awful and sad-like, and says:

"Could I float a loan with you, son?" and I says to him:

"What interest rate, Paw?" and he says:

"No, I won't deal with no financial pirates like you, son!"

Whatcha think he meant, Pete?

Don't Forget the Thrift Card

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE
ALBERTA DIVISION
W. H. Alexander, Chairman

Mayor Clarke thanks the Trades and Labor Council for their indorsation of his nomination, and appeals to all members of the Labor ranks to support the whole ticket in the forthcoming election.

POTS, PANS, KETTLES and anything else you may need for the kitchen. We have fitted out many a bride's kitchen, and she has been repaid many times for coming to us. We will tell you just what you need, and show you the most economical way to get it.

REED'S BAZAAR
10321 Jasper Avenue
Phones 4426-4655



PEMBINA HARDEST and HOTTEST
PEERLESS COAL

You spend a lot of money on Coal. Why not buy a coal from which you are going to get full value. Cheap coals are not worth bothering with. You more than expend the difference in cost on the time you waste in getting them to burn right. Pembina requires very little attention, having qualities that make it burn with a steady, intense heat.

Phone 2221
City Coal Company Ltd.
The Largest Retail Coal Dealers in Western Canada
WINNIPEG REGINA CALGARY EDMONTON

O.A.C. WAITRESSES STRIKE FOR AN INCREASE IN WAGES

Waitresses in the student's dining hall at the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, Saturday, went on strike to secure an increase in wages. It is understood that the waitresses have been receiving a monthly wage of \$20 with board and room included. The result is that a number of the freshmen had to be called upon to perform the duties of waiters. President Creelman was powerless to accede to the waitresses' demands, as the Hearst government had resigned and the department was without an authoritative head.

INTERNATIONALS NEEDED NOW MORE THAN EVER BEFORE

Destroy the Organization of Labor As It Is At This Juncture and the Whole Cause is Lost

If ever there was a time in the history of Organized Labor when Trades Unions require their Internationals, it is now. It would appear that the fight against Labor cannot, must not, dissolve itself into isolated independent sectional groups recognizing no central and directing force. The International has a perspective of every labor difference of moment which a local group cannot have. The International is not stumped into rash steps that may be destructive tomorrow although appearing advantageous today. The International is not moved by heat, passion, stubbornness and emotions which cause men to act contrary to dictates of their better judgments under normal circumstances.

The employers of Labor do few things hastily. Their combines are national in scope. The keenest brains supported by unlimited money are employed in handling their cases. There can be no doubt that the disruption of Trades' Unionism is an end they are seeking to bring about. If the O.B.U. promises to disrupt Labor organizations, there would be no hesitancy in financing such activities. Organized Labor today is a well organized and disciplined army. Destroy the discipline, destroy the organization of any army and it is defeated. Destroy the organization of Labor as it is, at this juncture, and the whole cause is lost.—The Advance, Guide.

AERIAL SERVICE NO FASTER THAN THAT OF RAILWAY

Here is something that President Ryan of the U. S. Railway Mail Association, tried out in early September, which is a test of the Aerial Mail service as compared with the Railway Mail service.

"Twelve letters were mailed at New York City, two each day, beginning September 9, 1919, and ending September 15, 1919, inclusive, omitting Sunday, September 14. One letter each day was mailed in train letter box at the Pennsylvania station in time for dispatch on Train No. 109, leaving New York at 8:08 a.m., and due to arrive in Washington at 1:45 p.m. These letters were addressed to the president of the Railway Mail Association, 604 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C. The following is a report of this test:

"Letters numbered 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 11 were mailed in the train mail box at the Pennsylvania Station in time for dispatch on Train No. 109. The letters numbered 1, 3, and 7 (train letters) were delivered on the afternoon delivery of the day on which they were mailed. The other three train letters were delivered on the first delivery of the next morning.

"Letters numbered 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 (aeroplane letters) were delivered on the first delivery of the next morning. "Washington city distribution is performed on train No. 109. In three instances the Railway Mail service advanced the time of delivery over that of the Air Mail service and in no instance did it fail to equal the time of the aeroplane service.

PURPOSES OF THE TEACHERS' ALLIANCE OF WESTERN CANADA

Many Canadian Teachers Feel That the Matter of Progress Depends on Organization.

(By H. C. Newland)

In each of the four western Provinces of Canada there now exists an Alliance or Federation of Teachers for the avowed purpose of raising the status of the teacher's profession more nearly to the level of the status of other learned professions. This fact shows plainly enough that many of our Canadian teachers now feel that in the matter of the progress and advancement of their professional interests they must no longer depend solely upon bureaucratic reforms imposed from without, but upon their own initiative as well; that instead of relying upon the well-meant but ineffective efforts of public-spirited citizens, benevolent schoolboards, and obliging politicians, they must rather be themselves the prime movers in this matter.

We may say that the Teachers' Alliance movement is the natural and necessary outcome of low status. The hackneyed oratory of teachers' conventions regarding the nobility of the profession and the great importance of the work of teachers ill comports with the almost universal commiseration of teachers because of unspcakably low salaries, lower in many cases than the wages of unskilled labor. Thus, teachers began to feel that they were living in a sort of fool's paradise, and this realization of their position in the face of the soaring cost of living has, during recent years, brought the teachers in most of the cities and towns of Canada to the point of agitating for a decent living wage. Banded themselves together in impromptu organizations suited to the exigence of their need, they have succeeded in obtaining substantial increases of salary; and, what is more important still, they have proved in a concrete way the advantages for teachers of organization. When the organization was strong enough to warrant it, there occurred in one or two places the rather new phenomenon of a teachers' strike. For instance, in Victoria, B.C., early in the present year the teachers "walked out" as a body. According to information received from the secretary of the B.C. Federation of Teachers, it appears that this strike was successful in every particular, and that the teachers concerned were granted all demands in their entirety.

There are, of course, causes other than the foregoing for this trend towards organization amongst teachers. Many teachers, for example, have been made to feel their helplessness as individuals against petty tyranny at the hands of school boards and departmental officials. Others deplore the low morale of the teaching body and its lack of professional etiquette. And when the slogan of the toilers and manual workers is, "organize and get what you want," when amongst farmers and grain growers, amongst middlemen and industrial magnates, powerful organizations have been built up, it would seem to be high time for teachers to take the same steps as a measure of self-protection.

(To be continued in our next issue)

EXPORT OF WHEAT DEPENDS ON LOAN

Canada May Export 113,000,000 Bus. of Wheat in 1919-20 if Victory Loan is Successful

The bountiful harvests of Canada's farms would lose their surplus market without the working capital supplied by the Victory Loan.

This is emphasized by an interesting estimate of the wheat crop for this year. The Government figures are 193,000,000 bushels or about 4,000,000 more than last year. According to economic experts Canada requires for home consumption purposes approximately 40,000,000 bushels of wheat and for seeding purposes about 25,000,000, making a total of 75,000,000 bushels.

Allowing for the carry-over of a few million bushels, it will be possible for Canada to export about 113,000,000 bushels in 1919-20, as compared with 103,611,000 in the last twelve months. This is good news for Canadians who realize how dependent all classes in the community are upon the country's exportable produce. Canada's surplus wheat will find a ready market in Europe where the production of wheat is down. Great Britain and Ireland will require at least 180,000,000 bushels or about 70,000,000 more than Canada has to export.

As Sir Thomas White, ex-Finance Minister of the Dominion, pointed out some weeks ago Great Britain is Canada's greatest market for her surplus wheat. But the pressure of war upon the finances of the Mother Country has been so heavy that unfortunately she is not in a position to pay ready cash for the supplies which she needs. Canada can only sell her surplus wheat at high prices in the British market if the Victory Loan 1919 is over-subscribed. At least 200,000,000 will be required by Canada for credits to Great Britain for the purchase of her surplus wheat. The circulation of this big sum will mean prosperity for a vast number of Canadians, if they will lend their profits and their savings with enthusiasm and unity.

HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO WORK FOR GENIAL JUDGE GARY?

Says Editor Barry of the San Francisco Star: "No basic industry has treated its employes with greater respect and consideration than the United States steel corporation," says kind-hearted old Judge Gary. Then he proves it by this tabulation: 40,284 of the corporation's employes worked a 12 hour day, 199,896 a 10-hour day, and 88,904 averaged an 8-hour day—which might mean they work 12 hours some days and not at all on others. How'd you like to work for the genial judge?

NATIONAL LABOR PARTY CONVENTION AT CHICAGO, NOV. 22

A.F. of L. Refuse to Endorse New Party Because of Principle of Political Neutrality

The proposed National Labor Party, has issued a call for a National convention to be held in Chicago, November 22. Organizer Max Hayes of the printer's union is chairman of the temporary executive committee of the new political party of which the Chicago convention is designed to be creative or to give the proposed party a character of positiveness. Before the war, Max Hayes was a widely known and influential character in the Socialist party. The committee, it is reported, will send the call for the convention to the various central and local labor unions of the country to be represented. The A. F. of L. has refused to endorse the proposed new party, basing its refusal upon its established principle of political neutrality, so far as political parties are concerned. The political purpose of the American Federation of Labor is to aid in the election of civic offices progressive spirits regardless of party affiliations and to, so far as possible, have all political parties adopt progressive principles that will be productive of the common interests of the people. This carries with it the purpose to defeat parties or persons not in sympathy with the common interests of the people. The American Federation of Labor bases its stand upon the past experiences in politically serving the interests of labor.

FRENCH ACTORS UNITE AND REFUSE TO PLAY WITH NON-UNIONISTS

The dramatic artists and comedians in Paris, France, have voted not to play with non-union artists and comedians.

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GIRLS' SLEIGHS
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CUTTERS FOR BABY
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Keep your feet warm and dry and your health is assured.



We have a very complete line of warm Shoes in all felt, light felt with leather sole, and a fine wool-lined vici kid Shoe with an elk sole. This is a very dressy shoe

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At this season of the year it is important that buildings, mercantile stocks and house furnishings be fully protected by fire insurance. In the event of loss or damage by fire, has it occurred to you the extra cost of replacing your property under the present high prices? We can assist you in determining the amount of insurance you should carry.

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UNION DIRECTORY

EDMONTON TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

Chartered by Dominion Trades Congress and American Federation of Labor. Meets first and third Mondays in each month in the Labor Hall, Curvis block, 101st street.

LOCAL UNIONS

Amalgamated Society of Carpenters—Secretary, G. P. Witty, Box 151; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, in Labor Hall.
Journemen Barbers Local 227—Secretary, J. W. Heron, 11945 105th street; meets 4th Tuesday, in Labor Hall.

Machinists Local 517—Secretary, H. E. Crook; meets 2nd and 4th Fridays, in Labor Hall.
Maintenance-of-Way Employees and Railway Shop Laborers, No. 95, United Brotherhood of—Pres. C. P. Dunston, 12320 Stony Plain Road. Secretary, E. Jones, 12917 122nd street; meets 1st Sundays of each quarter at Irma, Alta.

FACTORIES ACT DOES NOT FULFIL REQUIREMENTS

(Continued from page 1).

essential, and as there is no sentiment in business that is operative every often to the detriment of the welfare of the community and in fact to the whole community.

For recognizing the necessity for these measures nothing but commendation can be given the government, but by a small attachment to Section 26 by which the inspector is permitted to grant exceptions the whole value of the Act has been taken away and instead of being something of service it has been nothing but a political football.

Political Football. We find exceptions granted to men operating flour mills because bins have been made for a twelve hour run despite the fact that those operated day and night and that the change from one shift to the other would not necessarily stop continuous operation, then again we find employers permitted to employ engineers on twelve hour shifts because they could not find another suitable man, despite the fact that a number of engineers were idle, I venture the opinion that so long as this applied a suitable man would never be found.

That 'Compensation' Commission. We tried at the last session to secure definite provisions for a shorter work day and a material increase to the minimum wage, but the government, in its wisdom, passed an amendment providing for the appointment of commissions in each city whose duty it shall be to enquire into and make recommendations as to maximum hours and minimum wages for an industry when the employees in such an industry make application for an enquiry. Up to the present no such request has been made for almost without exception the workers affected by this provision are not organized without which it is practically impossible for a request to be made.

That 'Compensation' Commission. We tried at the last session to secure definite provisions for a shorter work day and a material increase to the minimum wage, but the government, in its wisdom, passed an amendment providing for the appointment of commissions in each city whose duty it shall be to enquire into and make recommendations as to maximum hours and minimum wages for an industry when the employees in such an industry make application for an enquiry.

In my next I will discuss the Compensation Act. (Fourth of a series of articles contributed to the Free Press by Walter Switten, secretary of the Alberta Federation of Labor.)

LABOR COURTS MAY BE INSTITUTED IN GREAT BRITAIN

The British ministry of Labor introduced in the house of commons on Monday, a bill providing for an industrial court and courts of inquiry to examine into special labor disputes. The industrial court's decision will be binding, but the parties to a dispute are not compelled to submit their case to the court.

Courts of inquiry could be set up by the labor minister, with power to summon witnesses and documents. Apparently their principal function would be to make a quick report on the facts, thus giving the public an opportunity of deciding upon the merits of the "wages act" by which war wages and bonuses are effective one year after its passage, the new bill providing that there shall be no reduction in wages before September 30, 1920, the same date as set in the recent settlement of the railway strike.

Some of the labor leaders maintain that the bill is unnecessary, suggesting that capital and labor might well come to grips on the wage question, as soon as the present law expires. The bill was drafted after conferences between the ministry and the labor leaders.

STREET CAR STRIKE ENDS AND MEN GET IMPROVED CONDITIONS

An eight weeks' strike of traction employees at Olean, N.Y., has ended by the street car men securing improved conditions and recognition of their organization.

SHIPYARDS WORKERS WITHDREW FROM O. B.U. AT VANCOUVER

When Given Their Choice of O.B.U. or Metal Trades Council They Chose the Latter

The Shipyards laborers have notified the Central Labor Council of their withdrawal from that Council. The reason for the withdrawal is contained in the following letter from the secretary of the Metal Trades Council to the Shipyards Laborers:

"Dear Sir and Brother—I beg to advise you that the following resolution was passed at the last meeting of the Council: 'That the secretary write to the Shipyards Laborers, Riggers and Fasteners' Union, or any other organization having connections with the O.B.U. Trades and Labor Council, to either sever their connections with that body or withdraw their delegates from the Metal Trades' Council. Kindly let me hear from you as to what action your local takes in this matter.'

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS ABOLISH PIECE WORK AT COLUMBUS, OHIO

The Journeymen Tailors' Union at Columbus, Ohio, has abolished piece work.

We Are All Working Men

WORKING MEN'S PRICES

Men's Vici Kid Blucher, welted, with cushion sole, for Saturday—\$7.95
This is a very comfortable Boot at a moderate price.
Boys' Kip Boots, 1 to 5, Saturday—\$3.45
Then we have a strong Kip Boot, Blucher Cut, Standard Screw, Saturday's price—\$3.90
Youths' Kip Boots, sizes 11, 12 and 13—\$2.65

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Victory Loan, 1919

Insures Your Job---Protects Your Wages

VICTORY LOAN, 1919, is the WORKERS' investment opportunity. Individually, and as Unions, they have taken their full share of the War-time Loans. But now—in the Peace-time Loan—their investment will assume a DOUBLE VALUE. And their efforts should have DOUBLE KEENNESS—for Victory Loan, 1919, means more to the WORKERS than to any other class in the community.

IT will help Canada discharge her duty to crippled soldiers, returned men and orphaned families. We must raise money to pay pensions and gratuities; to finance loans to soldiers taking up farms; to carry out the country's road-building, ship-building, and house-building programs. Victory Loan, 1919, is the only way this money can be raised.

COUNT that as a duty to the men who went overseas—tens of thousands of your fellow Unionists. But investing in Victory Loan, 1919, is still more a duty towards yourself—and your family.

THE war brought Prosperity to Canada, kept Industry busy, gave every willing worker a job—and big money.

ONLY by Canada's own efforts can this Prosperity continue. We cannot look to other countries for capital—as we have done in the past.

REMEMBER this. Every dollar raised in the Victory Loan stays in Canada, is spent in Canada. The more money there is in circulation, the more goods are bought. The more goods that are bought, the busier our factories will be. And the money raised by the Victory Loan, 1919, will go into immediate circulation.

YOUR present job is thus insured. Your present wages are thus protected. Victory Loan, 1919, is, therefore, more than a duty—it is a guarantee.

BE a booster for the Victory Loan, 1919. Boost it to your Union friends. Urge that your Union loan its funds to Canada—on the paying basis of big interest return.

OUT of your own savings, too, make an investment in 1919 Victory Bonds. Be a "coupon-cutter." Have your savings invested in the safest security in the world.

NOTE this. You need not have money in the bank to be the owner of interest-bearing Bonds. You can pay for your Bonds in installments. You SAVE—and make your savings earn.

DON'T pass up Victory Loan, 1919. It's too big an opportunity, too vitally important to you and your job to be "left to the other fellow."

START saving now. Figure to the limit. Every dollar you invest is so much saved for the "rainy" day. Every dollar is so much insurance, so much protection for your job and your pay-envelope.

Victory Loan, 1919—"Every Dollar Spent in Canada"

We commend to the hearty and loyal support of all Unions and Union Men the 1919 Victory Loan:

- Tom Moore, President Dominion Trades Congress.
John Munroe, President of Toronto District Labor Council.
J. Barwith, Canada's Well-known Labor Advocate.
Am Draper, Secretary Dominion Trades Congress.
H. J. Halford, City Controller, Hamilton, Ont.
R. A. Rigg, General Organizer Dominion Trades Congress.
A. J. Connor, President Halifax Trades and Labor Council.
Wm. Couvett, Fifth International Vice-President Moving Picture Projectionists.
Joseph Sinton, A.F. of L. Organizer for Nova Scotia.
J. W. Wilkinson, President Vancouver District Trades Council.
James G. Suggs, Workmen's Compensation Board, St. John N.B.

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MAHAR COAL CO.

Edmonton's Leading Coal Merchants Office: Rossam Building, Jasper Avenue and 102nd Street

Moose steak is selling in local butcher shops at from 25 to 30 cents a pound, and many people naturally wonder why the price is so high. The wholesale price of hind quarters ranges from 8 to 10 cents a pound, while a fore quarter seldom brings more than five cents. It is said that nearly all the meat, both fore and hind quarters, is retained as steak, so the dealers are in a position to clean up quite a profit.—Fredericton Mail. Moose steak sold in Picton at 35 cents a pound, but then it costs more to feed moose nowadays.—Eastern Federationist.

Stage, Music & Cinema

PANTAGES

All Next Week at 8 and 8:30 p.m.

Maurice Golden Presents
"THE CORINTHIANS"
 A Melodious Memory of 100 Years
 Ago with Ambrose Barker and
 Peggy Wynne

HICKMAN BROTHERS
 HOWARD AND WHITE
 DAVEY JAMIESON
 MARRY DORR
 THE CAVANAS
"THE CARTER CASE"
 and
 The Canadian Kinograms

MUSICAL SEXTETTE HEADLINES PAN'S VAUDEVILLE PROGRAM

A musical sextette such as Edmonton has not seen in many months will headline next week's Pantages vaudeville program when Maurice Golden sends his Corinthians, who are billed as "A Melodious Memory of 100 Years Ago." Costumed in the fashion of the days of the Napoleons, the troupe present a high grade musical program, in which Ambrose Barker and Peggy Wynne are featured.

Hickman brothers are two funsters with good voices and nimble feet. They present a burlesque act that is highly amusing. Davey Jamieson is a "surprise" performer, whose chief mission in life is to dance in a highly satisfying manner. Howard and White offer a clever man-and-wife sketch of domestic affairs, and Mary Dorr is an impersonator and comedienne of sterling merit. Harry and Nancy Cavana have an act which they call "The Free Exhibition," and the first of a series of exclusively Canadian news pictures will augment the program of pictures now confined to the latest episode of "The Carter Case."



Scene from "The Revelations of a Wife" which opens a four-day engagement at the Empire theatre next Monday, with daily matinees for ladies.

EMPIRE 4 DAYS STARTING MONDAY, NOV. 10

50c DAILY MATINEES FOR LADIES ONLY 50c
 Nights, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, for all over 15 years

THE REVELATIONS OF A WIFE

A STORY OF A WOMAN'S PAST

NOT A PICTURE

GIRLS! SEE THIS PLAY FIRST BEFORE YOU MARRY

AT MATINEES FOR LADIES ONLY

ALICE STERLING (a woman with a past) will address the ladies, married and divorced, ladies in love and ladies going into matrimony. The subject, "THE DUEL OF SEXES," giving real facts in her life, showing if it is best to tell the past before MARRIAGE.

LADIES GET THE TICKETS

The first 5 ladies solving this cipher puzzle will receive two tickets each for Monday night. It is worked by a code some of you used at school and have something to do with the play. Answer must be in ticket office before 6 p.m. Monday, November 10.

This story is running in 206 Leading Newspapers in the U.S. and Canada.

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INTEREST IN WORK OF TRADES' COUNCIL IS INCREASING

(Continued from page 1).

Peculiar interest attaches to the forthcoming visit of Sir Henry Drayton to Edmonton by reason of the fact that, while he has been here on many occasions in his capacity as Chairman of the Board of Railway Commissioners, this will be his first appearance in Edmonton since he assumed the duties and responsibilities of Minister of Finance for the Dominion of Canada.

He is making his first tour of Western Canada as Finance Minister in the interest of the Victory Loan and has already addressed meetings at Winnipeg, Regina and Calgary, as well as at Vancouver and Victoria. He will arrive in Edmonton Friday afternoon from Calgary, and will be the chief speaker at a public meeting to be held in McDougall Auditorium at eight o'clock that evening. Sir Henry has to leave the city at ten o'clock for Saskatoon, and in view of the necessity of closing the meeting early it will start promptly at eight o'clock, giving the speaker all the time possible.

He has already expressed himself as being very well satisfied indeed with the progress of the Loan up to date, and is confident of the ability and willingness of Canadians to subscribe the required amount between now and November 15th.

An organ recital from 7:30 to 8 o'clock by Mr. Arthur Putland and Miss Bessie Pilkie will be the soloist. Some vital facts about Canada's economic condition will be presented by Sir Henry Drayton at this meeting which will, no doubt, be attended by a very large number of Edmonton people.

SIR HENRY DRAYTON WILL SPEAK AT McDUGALL CHURCH

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ACTORS LABORERS WHO PRODUCE A VALUED COMMODITY

This is Age When Even Nations Are Unionizing and Actors Same As Other Laborers

"Are actors laborers?" is an interesting question raised by the Actors' Strike in New York, a question which would never have been put had not American actors followed the example of their confreres in England, in France and in Australia and affiliated themselves with organized labor. It may be presumed that in England where "Trades Union" is employed that the question is: "Are Actors Tradesmen?" Webster defines a "laborer" as "one who performs labor requiring strength, rather than skill," but, in the broad, economic, social sense, he is in common with the scenic-artist, the musician, the electrician, and the scene-shifter, a laborer, laboring in the performance of a single and common task, one of a large or small group, earning a weekly wage, and, although differing from the others inasmuch that although his product possesses only an intangible quality, it nevertheless consists of a negotiable commodity which his employers sell to the public for profit.

This is particularly exemplified when the actor engages in motion-picture work. The enormous incomes enjoyed by some actors in this field is not due so much to their superlative popularity as to the fact that the product of their labor can be (like chewing gum) manufactured and sold in unlimited quantities, in other words—their huge incomes are not derived from salaries but from sales. This argument is modestly presented in confutation of the managers' claim that an actor's services are "unique, special and extraordinary and that they cannot be sold to the public as a commodity."

An artist's affiliation with organized labor has no relation whatever to his Art, it affects only the conditions under which his Art is practiced. This condition is due to a weighty and gradual social development resulting from the inevitable elimination of the individual in large enterprises. The individual, whether he be employer or employee finds it is impracticable to deal with a combination. It is evident that in all cases where large interests, and large numbers of persons are involved that all business dealings must be transacted by combinations representing all parties concerned. This is rational and economic.

In connection with the foregoing—a well-known actress who refused to follow her associates when they went out on the recent regrettable strike, indignantly exclaimed: "This is outrageous, this is the age of individualism," quite unconscious of the fact evidently that this is the age when even nations are unionizing.

POWERFUL MYSTERY PLAY WILL OPEN AT EMPIRE MONDAY

It is a pleasure to announce that the theatre-goers of this city will be given an opportunity of witnessing a production of one of the most powerful mystery dramatic offerings of the season, "The Revelations of a Wife" which opens its engagement at the Empire theatre, starting Monday, for four days with daily matinees for ladies only. Club women from all parts of the country are interesting themselves on the very subject that forms part of the plot of this very successful play "Marriage and Divorce." In writing the play the author evidently has in mind the masses, for the play is filled with pathos, tears, and a bright vein of comedy. The play might be mentioned from an educational standpoint for it will no doubt show or put at rest the minds of a great many girls contemplating matrimony. It will probably show a great many married women the way to happiness. It will no doubt help a great many men to have more confidence in their better halves. It will show that a child in the house is a great doctor for broken hearts. Therefore it is a very beneficial play, as well as a play of mystery. The mysterious part cannot be explained and it will keep you guessing until the final drop of the curtain. It will no doubt prove a wonderful Broadway success and New York managers are sending out their representatives with a New York showing in view.

The World's Best Piano

The Piano that has made musical history

Sixty-five years of highest ideals

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 Phone 1621 W.M. J. DAVIS, Mgr.

VALLEY OF GIANTS COMING TO ALLEN

Wallace Reid returns to the Allen next Friday and Saturday in his new out-of-door drama, "The Valley of the Giants." This is a picturization of Peter B. Kyne's famous story of the California redwoods and is a compelling drama of love and adventure. The picture has been framed in appropriate locations and the deep forests of giant trees lend a rich atmosphere through the production. Mr. Reid plays the part of Bryce Cardigan, son of James Cardigan, a pioneer California lumberman, who has founded a city and opened up the lumbering industry. Before the death of his wife Cardigan had given to her an enchanting glade in the forest, which he named "The Valley of the Giants." On her death and burial in the glade Cardigan and Bryce vow they will protect with their lives, if necessary, this sacred valley. The young man returns from college and finds his father in financial straits and nearly blind. It is Bryce's object to prevent the sale of the property to Col. Pennington, a scheming land owner and business rival of Cardigan's; but conflict enters here, as the colonel has a niece, Shirley Sumner, with whom Bryce is deeply in love. The young man jumps into the fight, determined to do things: to beat Pennington and to win the latter's niece. He does them both, but only after he has risked his life in numerous ways and after he has exposed Pennington as a crook. So "The Valley of the Giants" is saved for the Cardigans.

AUCTION OF SOULS SENSATIONAL FILM

Announcement was made yesterday of the booking of "The Auction of Souls" for the Allen theatre, commencing Monday, November 10. This picture, which is without doubt one of the most remarkable ever produced, is certain to create a sensation among Edmonton theatre-goers and Edmonton church-goers as well.

The picture, when it was first shown in Los Angeles last season, was shown before an audience who paid \$10 per seat for the privilege of seeing this remarkable picture. It is declared to be the most sensational thing that the screen has ever seen.

It is the film version of the book "Havished Armenia," which tells the story of a Christian Armenian girl, who was subjected to the most horrible persecution by the Turks; she was the only one of 500 girls who came out alive after being driven across the desert by the blood-thirsty Turks.

It is not only a motion picture; it is founded upon the actual experiences of this girl and every statement that she makes and every experience which is depicted on the screen is vouchsafed by Viscount Bryce's official report for the British government.

The picture was, when first released, condemned by the Alberta censors, but when it was appealed to a Calgary board of censors, of which R. C. Edward and W. M. Davidson were members, it was passed.

No children under 16 will be admitted to see this picture.

MINERS AWAITING DECISION OF U.S. FEDERAL COURTS

Labor Leaders Claim Mines Are Closed For a Period of Four Weeks at the Least

"The country is in for a protracted industrial struggle in the bituminous fields," declared spokesmen for the United Mine Workers at Washington, Tuesday, despite the fact that the operators are giving out favorable reports to their interests. It is stated by labor leaders that the union mines are closed for a period of at least four weeks.

Government officials were of the opinion that the broad powers of the federal court injunction, in shutting off the strike funds would force the miners to return to work and bring the strike to a close, but some coal producers in the Pittsburgh district have expressed the opinion that the strike may be a long drawn out affair. Philip Murray, president of District No. 5, United Mine Workers of America, said there was absolutely no change in the situation; that all union miners are out and will stand firm, and that reports indicate that additional unorganized miners are joining the strikers' ranks.

At Indianapolis, officials of the United Mine Workers of America are maintaining an attitude of "nothing to say" as a result of the federal court restraining order issued last week, and both union leaders and government officials apparently are waiting the outcome of the hearing in federal court Saturday as the next development in the coal strike situation there.

Attorneys for both factions are at work preparing their sides of the case which, in addition to the question of whether a temporary injunction is issued involves a petition that the miners' officials be commanded to cancel the strike.

THE AMUSEMENTS TAX ACT

Every person attending an exhibition, performance or entertainment at a place of amusement to which an entrance or admission fee is charged shall on each admission thereto pay an amusement tax at the following rates:

- When the price of admission is from 10c to 20c inclusive, a tax of 1c.
- When the price of admission is more than 20c and not more than 75c, a tax of 2 1/2c.
- When the price of admission is more than 75c and not more than \$1.00, a tax of 5c.
- When the price of admission is more than \$1.00 but not more than \$2.00, a tax of 10c.
- When the price of admission is more than \$2.00, a tax of 25c.
- A tax of 25c shall be paid by every person attending any boxing bouts or contests.
- Where admission is given by pass or complimentary tickets a tax shall be payable at the highest rate charged for the performance to which admission is granted.

PENALTIES

Every person who, without having previously paid the tax provided by this Act, enters a place of amusement in the province for the purpose of attending an exhibition, performance, entertainment or game shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty of not more than \$50.00 for each offence, and in default of the payment of the fine and costs, to imprisonment for not more than six months.

Every owner of a place of amusement and every employee of an owner of a place of amusement who permits or authorizes or is a party or privy to the admission of any person to a place of amusement for the purpose of attending an exhibition, performance, entertainment or game therein, without payment of the tax provided for by this Act, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty of not less than \$25.00, nor more than \$200.00 for each offence, and, in default of payment of the fine and costs, to imprisonment for not more than six months.

E. TROWBRIDGE,
 Deputy Provincial Secretary,
 Edmonton, April 24th, 1919.

ALLEN

4 Days COMMENCING MONDAY

"AUCTION OF SOULS" with AURORA MARDIGAIAN HERSELF

The Truth and Nothing But the Truth

Children Under 16 should not see this picture.

EMPIRE THEATRE

Three Nights, Starting Thursday November 6 SATURDAY MATINEE

The Third Annual

ROTARY MINSTREL SHOW

Net Proceeds to Worthy Charity

Talented Principals! A Chorus of Forty! The Latest Tunes!

The Breeziest Wheezes! An Augmented Orchestra!

A Big Free Street Parade Participated In By Some of Edmonton's Most Sedate Victory Loan Workers, Under the Direction of Charlie Hepburn.

PRICES: Evenings—50c, 75c and \$1.00. Saturday Matinee—25c, 50c and 75c

Exchange Tickets on Sale at Mike's News-stand and Dominion Cigar Store.

"FREE" VERSE (By Heck)

"Let's finish the job." WHAT job, Mr. U. Government? WHAT else is there to do? BY winning the war the WORLD would be made safe FOR democracy. That was your STATEMENT, sir. THE war is finished. THE world is made safe FOR democracy. WHAT'S stopping you from finishing THE job? BRING in democracy! CANADA has ever Welcomed Strangers.

A blunt man frequently makes the most cutting remarks.

MONARCH THEATRE

NEXT WEEK

MON, TUES. AND WED.

DOROTHY DALTON

—IN—

"THE PRICE MARK"

Also Big Comedy

MONARCH THEATRE

NEXT WEEK

MON, TUES. AND WED.

DOROTHY DALTON

—IN—

"THE PRICE MARK"

Also Big Comedy

New Scale Williams Pianos
 Victor Victrolas, Records and Music
 Rolls

Used Pianos at Special Prices

JONES AND CROSS
 10014 101st Street (Opp. McDougall Church)
 Phone 4746

We Buy, Sell and Exchange All Kinds of Musical Instruments

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIR SHOP

We Repair all kinds of Musical Instruments

W. NEZIBOFA, Proprietor
 9729 Jasper Ave., Edmonton, Alta.

The Woman's Page

Correct Time-Keepers For Men and Women

Everywhere today, time is valued more highly than formerly. Workers command more higher wages. Artisans, professional men, all want to make their time count, so must count their time.

Guaranteed Watches

We recommend only those that give you the best service and value for the money you wish to pay.

ASH BROS.

Watch and Diamond Merchants
C.P.E. Watch Inspectors
Issuers of Marriage Licenses

THE STORE OF QUALITY

HALLIER'S SPECIALS

CAKES
PASTRY
BREAD
ALL QUALITY

J. A. HALLIER

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SIGNET RINGS

with Society Emblems, or all gold for Initials or Family Crest.

10k and 14k gold at
\$6.00 and \$25.00



Jackson Bros.

Marriage Licenses Issued
9962 Jasper Avenue

H. M. E. EVANS & CO. LTD.

Insurance—All Classes
Houses for Sale
House and Building Lot Listings
Solicited

VICTORY BONDS

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CREED ADOPTED BY MANITOBA WOMEN'S GRAIN GROWERS

The creed which many of the women's sections of the Manitoba Grain Growers Associations are adopting as an opening for their meetings, to be said in unison by all the members, was originated by the Little Souris Women's Section, and is as follows:

"Keep us, O God, from pettiness; let us be large in thought, in word, in deed.

"Let us put away fault-finding and leave off self-seeking.

"May we put away pretense and meet each other face to face, without any self-pity and always generous.

"Let us take time for all things and make us grow calm, serene and gentle.

"Teach us to put into action our better impulses, straightforward and unafraid.

"Grant us to see it is the little things of life that create differences—that in the big things we are one.

"May we strive to touch and to know the great, common woman's heart of us all, and O Lord God, let us not forget to be kind."

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Speculation is one thing. Investment is another. The majority of citizens want an investment, not a speculation. And they want a safe investment. Victory Bonds fill that requirement as does no other investment. Because behind every bond there is the national wealth of Canada—a wealth so great that it staggers the imagination.

WOMEN BARRED MANY U.S. CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS.

Woman's Bureau Discloses Fact That 260 Different Types of Positions Closed to Women

Women were barred from 60 per cent of the government positions for which examinations were held in the first six months of 1919, according to an official report made public by the woman's bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor. This statement covers examinations for 260 different types of positions, exclusive of manufacturing and mechanical positions in the ordnance factories, quartermaster depots and navy yards, and exclusive of unskilled labor.

According to the report women were not allowed to compete for 16 per cent of the clerical positions. The complete report which will be made within a few weeks, it is stated by Miss Mary Anderson, director of the woman's bureau, covers investigations which have been in progress for a month past, and are being extended in response to a request from the National Federation of Federal Employees in a resolution adopted at the recent convention of the Federation at San Francisco, calling upon the woman's bureau to make a thorough study of all the conditions of employment of women in the federal civil service, especially with reference to the disparity between women's opportunities for appointment, promotion, and rates of pay as compared with men.

The second and larger section of the report will consist of an analysis of the salary scale of women in the government service, the requirements of the positions they fill, and the specific inequalities in the pay they receive.

Miss Anderson announces that the report will be placed at the service of the reclassification commission for the civil service, for the special use of its advisory committees on employment policies and wages.

Although from the civil service law of 1870 "has sprung the custom of opening examinations or closing them to either sex at the discretion of the head of any department," there is neither rule nor law for such action, the report states. The 1870 statute reads: "Sec. 165. Women may, in the discretion of the head of any department, be appointed to any of the clerkships therein authorized by law, upon the same requisites and conditions, and with the same compensation, as are prescribed for men. (R. S., act of July 12, 1870). The civil service rule requires that "certifications shall be made without regard to sex unless sex is specified in the request."

EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN AND 48-HOUR WEEK

Are Being Debated at the International Conference at Washington. U.S. Delegates Not Present.

Employment of children in industries and the 48-hour week are being debated in the industrial conferences at Washington. Draft international conventions covering practically every item on the agenda paper have been prepared by the organization committee. One draft convention proposes that young persons under 18 years of age shall not be employed at night in an industrial establishment other than an undertaking in which only the members of the family are employed.

Another submitted to the conference provides that "Children under the age of 14 years shall not be employed or work in any industrial undertaking other than an undertaking in which only the members of the family are employed."

Tuesday's session opened with a debate between advocates of the eight hour day and those supporting the forty-eight hour week. The organizing committee recommended the forty-eight hour week instead of the eight hour day but some of the delegates voted for the principle of the straight eight-hour day.

Among the employers' group, objection to the 48-hour week is raised to the convention on the ground of the uncertainty of its being ratified. The claim is made that a state which fails to ratify would be under no further obligation to respect its terms and therefore from a competitive point of view, would be at a disadvantage. Three further objections are raised by members of the Canadian employers' group, unless the convention is universally adopted, they express the view that it should be opposed, so far as Canada is concerned, on these grounds:

1. Wide diversion of employment of the Canadian population. 2. Extension of the territory of the Dominion and the additional difficulty thereby entailed in transporting and marketing Canadian products. 3. Seasonal or climatic conditions largely governing production from natural resources.

They make particular references, in this regard, to the doubt whether the United States will officially participate

THE RED CROSS CREED.

(J. S. Cutler.)

Do something for somebody somewhere
While jogging along life's road;
Help some one to carry his burden,
And lighter will grow your load.
Do something for somebody gladly,
'Twill sweeten your every care;
In sharing the sorrows of others,
Your own are less hard to bear.
Do something for somebody striving
To help where the way seems long;
And the homeless hearts that languish
Cheer up with a little song.
Do something for somebody always,
Whatever may be your creed—
There's nothing on earth can help you
So much as a kindly deed.

ADAMLESS EDEN IS SOUGHT BY ILLINOIS GIRLS

Twenty Young Women Desire
Section of Land in Some Western
State Far From Man

A group of Kane county, Illinois girls plan to found an "Adamless Eden" in Wyoming or some other far western state.

Miss Nellie Grant is sponsor for the movement and has written to Gov. E. D. Carey for his assistance in starting a woman's colony far from the haunts of man. In making her unique request, Miss Grant stated that the party will be made up of twenty, of whom ten are employed in a watch factory, seven are housekeepers, two are nurses and one is a school teacher.

All are dissatisfied with their lot and assert that the future holds forth nothing that is sufficiently encouraging to warrant their remaining at home. They believe that they can make a success of farming and would like to obtain a section of land, 40 acres, in some unsettled region, far from a railroad and little frequented by man.

Miss Grant suggested to the Wyoming executive a tract in southwestern Wyoming known as the "Bad Lands," and which is really a desert. No man will be allowed about the premises.

Governor Carey admitted that it was the most unusual request that he had ever received. He turned the letter over to the immigration commission with a suggestion that he do everything in his power to find such a tract for the party from Illinois.

The young women are ready to pay for the tract, but have limited funds, and can only finance a section that has not yet felt the advancing tide of civilization in the way of price. Some members of the proposed colony object to Wyoming and believe that Montana or Idaho offer greater possibilities.

The decision, however, has been left with Miss Grant and the choice will follow the investigation of various sites now being made. The various members are studying farming.

CHURCH NOTES.

The Pro Cathedral of All Saints—Rector, The Rev. E. Pierce-Goulding. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10:30, Matins; 11, Choral Eucharist and Sermon; 3 p.m., Church school and Bible classes; 7:30, Choral evensong and sermon. Music: Morning, Communion service, Tours in F. Evening anthem, "The Sun Shall Be," Woodward, Church school at All Saints Mission, 3 p.m. Midweek service Wednesday, 8 p.m. Thursday, Holy Communion at 8 a.m.

CREDITS MUST BE ESTABLISHED FOR SALE OF SURPLUS PRODUCTS

Success of Victory Loan 1919 Will Insure Steady Markets for Farmers

It takes some six bushels of wheat to feed the average person in Canada annually. Roughly, therefore, the eight million people here consume about 50,000,000 bushels each year. But even in a poor year the crop is some five times that amount, and the surplus must be sold if the farmers are to get a return for their time and labor. But the sale of the crop must be financed. Great Britain, which provides our greatest market, has not the ready cash; and so Canada must find means of raising the money. Hence the Victory Loan 1919. In view of the fact that the prosperity of the Dominion is dependent to a considerable extent upon the sale of her surplus grain the necessity of the money being forthcoming is patent.

MEAT CUTTERS ORGANIZE UNION AT AUSTIN, TEX.

Meat cutters and butcher workmen in Austin, Texas, have organized. Striking plumbers and electrical workers have returned to work and their wage demands will be passed upon by an arbitration board.

Starting with the first of the month, the barbers' work day will be one hour less.

In the proceedings of the conference at all, and that action of Canada in the matter, they claim, should be largely governed by the action of the United States. There is no indication as yet that the United States Senate will ratify the treaty in time for their delegates to attend.

33rd Anniversary Sale

Women's Decidedly Smart House Frocks

FEATURED AS AN ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL AT \$1.95

35 Dozen or More of Them Regular Worth \$2.50 and \$3.00



Thirty-five dozen sounds like a great number, but as a matter of fact it is only 420 Frocks. And 420 Frocks in such smart styles will not last long with the thousands of women who'll attend this big birthday party tomorrow.

Designed especially for work-a-day service, in a good variety of neat patterns of extra fine quality of print, in all the light and dark shades. These are the loose straight Dresses, held in by belt, also the fitted waist line in several styles, neatly made and trimmed with collars and cuffs of contrasting color or of self, edged with piping of another shade. Sizes 34 to 44. Regularly \$2.50 and \$3.00. Sale Price

\$1.95

Women's \$5.00 to \$7.50 Skirts, Clearing at \$3.95

An Anniversary Clearance grouping of several lines in broken sizes, etc., from which dozens of women will make an enthusiastic choice. They are tailored of heavy dark greys and navy chevrons, black and white checks, black cotton reps, and mercerized silk poplins in greens, browns, navy and black. The styles are the shirred effects, with yoke belts, shirred back, belted and trimmed with pockets. Assorted sizes, 24 to 28 waist bands. Regularly \$5.00 to 7.50. Anniversary Sale Price.

\$3.95

150 Doz. Novelty Turkish Towels Reg. \$2.50 and \$3 Values at \$2 pr.

To say nothing of the saving these are towels of a quality one rarely meets with nowadays. So women should not hesitate to replenish their own supply as well as put aside a few pairs as Christmas gifts.

They are a splendid imported quality, thick closely woven, and very absorbent in white with colored borders in pink or blue, also in blue checks. An exceptionally good bath towel in a good large size, 24 by 40 inches. Regularly \$2.50 and \$3.00. Anniversary Sale, per pair.

\$2

Good Quality Pillow Cases at 75c Pair

Av ogue that almost savors of the good old pre-war days. Made of good quality evenly woven pillow cotton, free from dressing. Will wear well. Sizes 42 by 33. Regular \$1.00 value. Anniversary 75c Sale, pair

(Household Linen Section—1st Floor)

Feather Pillows at a Saving of 50c Each

Representatives from private homes, rooming houses and hotels will be here bright and early to share this Pillow Special. Made with strong coverings of fancy art ticking, well filled with sterilized, odorless chicken feathers. Size 19 by 27. Regularly \$2.00 each. Anniversary Sale.

(Home Drapery Dept.—3rd Floor)

\$1.50

An Anniversary Special in Comforters at \$10.50

Who ever heard of comforters at a reduced price right at the commencement of winter? Nothing other than an anniversary celebration would justify it. A splendid assortment of the celebrated Maish (American) Silkline Covered Comforters, filled with pure sterilized cotton. The designs and colorings are very smart and pretty. Banded with plain shades to match. Size 66x78. Anniversary \$10.50 Sale Special.

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UNITED FARMERS VICTORIOUS IN COCHRANE RIDING

'The Beginning of the End' When A. Moore Defeats E. V. Thompson By Good Majority

The United Farmers of Alberta scored their first victory Monday, when A. A. Moore defeated E. V. Thompson, candidate of the Stewart government, by a majority of 140 in the by-election in Cochrane provincial riding.

The following is the platform on which Alex. Moore stood and which proved to be the choice of the people in the Cochrane election:

Farmers' Platform Principles.

(1) Adoption of Farmers' Platform as drawn up by Canadian Council of Agriculture, in so far as it applies in this province—as follows:

(a) Taxation—Sec. (4) in Platform embracing clauses (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f).

(b) Returned Soldiers—Sec. (5) in Platform, clause (a) substituting for work "Canada" the words "Province of Alberta" and clauses (f) (g) (h) endorsing recommendations of Great War Veterans' Association.

(c) Labor, etc.—Sec. (6) in Platform.

(d) Land settlement—Sec. (7) in Platform.

(e) Co-operative Agencies, etc.—Sec. (8) in Platform.

(f) Public Ownership—Sec. (9) in Platform, also clauses (f) (h) (i) reform of Civil Service, entrance by competitive examination, promotion for merit only, providing always that returned soldiers get the preference.

Other Planks.

(2) Handing over by Dominion of all natural resources to province of Alberta.

(3) Putting into operation of Farm Loans Act and Co-operative Credit Act.

(4) Amendment of Bank Act in respect to farm mortgages.

(5) Rural Education—Some scheme to help promising pupils and equalize the opportunities for higher education with those who live in the towns. Properly qualified teachers.

(6) Simplifying of court procedure.

(7) Full and proper accounting of public expenditure and an itemized accounting to be made to each provincial electoral district of all government monies spent or allocated to be spent in such electoral district. Same to be published.

(8) Roads—Uniform system throughout province under government supervision. We advocate borrowing money on bond system as money from taxes is not enough. Proper maintenance of roads built.

We also advocate that the Dominion offer towards building roads to be taken advantage of to the fullest extent, and we advocate the distribution of the automobile tax towards providing money for roads.

(9) Telephone System—Greater efficiency, economy and more attention to repairs and upkeep; also general extension in rural parts without favoritism. Contracts for construction to be let to only bona fide contractors by public tender.

(10) Liquor Act—Strict enforcement and bringing same under criminal code, the penalty to be imprisonment without the option of a fine.

(11) Public Health—Government medical inspection of all rural schools, with earnest endeavor to stamp out throat, eye and ear troubles, tuberculosis, etc. Provision for maternity cases in rural parts and full support to the recommendations of the U.F.W.A.

(12) To legislate along the lines of Sec. 3 of the U.F.A. constitution as far as the province has the power, to the end that rural conditions may be so improved generally that the tendency of the rising generation to leave the country for the towns may be checked, and always remembering that equity is our motto—to be practiced towards all, whether farmers or not—that there may be liberty, equality and fraternity to all who live in this great province of Alberta.

GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE SEED FAIR AT WINNIPEG NOVEMBER 11, 12 AND 13

The annual Seed Fair conducted by The Grain Growers' Guide will be held this year on November 11, 12 and 13, at Winnipeg. Fifty cash prizes, totaling \$500, will be given. These will include \$100 for the best bushel of wheat. Each exhibit must be the progeny of seed secured through The Grain Growers' Guide, and will consist of a full bushel by measure. Exhibits must be forwarded by freight or express, prepaid, so as to reach The Guide not earlier than November 1, and not later than November 8. All grain exhibited becomes the property of The Guide.

A special class, known as "Wheat, the progeny of seed obtained from The Grain Growers' Guide" has been provided at the National Soil Products Exhibition, to be held in Winnipeg, February 24 to 28, 1920. Exhibits in this class are eligible to win the challenge cup, valued at 150, a bronze medal and any or all of the premiums, medals, trophies and cash prizes offered by the exhibition in open competition for seed grain.

deep, and if left in this condition all summer, is in splendid shape in the fall to spread on the land that is to be summer-fallowed the following season. The shaping of the pile can be done in the spring, and the spreading on the land can be done in the fall after the land is too much frozen to allow of any cultivation, thus allowing low wages for the doing of the work.



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Your job means your living.

Your wage or salary pays for your food, clothing, housing, amusements and all your daily needs.

So long as Canada is prosperous your job and hundreds of thousands of other fellows' jobs are safe.

You must help keep Canada prosperous.

Your job and Canada's prosperity are inseparable. Since the prosperity of Canada depends on the success of the Victory Loan you must not shirk your duty to the Victory Loan.

All the money subscribed to the

Victory Loan is spent in Canada and helps to fill the pay envelope.

It circulates and benefits all classes.

The greater, the more overwhelming the success of the loan, the better for Canada and for you.

Buy all the Victory Bonds you can pay for now and during the next ten months.

Last year employers co-operated with their employees by financing their purchases on an easy payment plan, thus enabling them to buy much more than they would otherwise have been able to buy. They will do it again.

Talk it over with your employer.

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The Sporting Page

THE MEN'S STORE

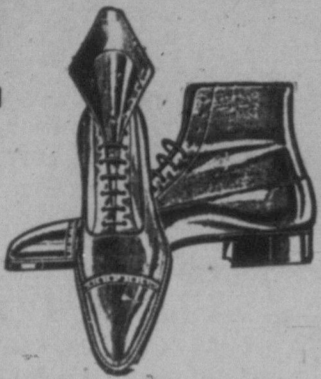
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W. P. BURTON WILL HAVE CHARGE OF LIPTON'S BOAT

Sir Thomas Lipton Is Already Preparing for Next Year's Contest for the America Cup

Since his return to London from America, Sir Thomas Lipton has set about the task of completing his arrangements for next year's contest for the America cup in earnest, says Yachting World. The most important decision so far arrived at, Sir Thomas told a writer in that periodical, is to send the 23-meter Shamrock to America early next year to act as a trial boat in the tuning up spins of the challenger, Shamrock IV. Asked who would have charge of the British boat, Sir Thomas replied W. P. Burton had consented to sail the challenger in the race for the America cup, and also take charge of the 23-meter Shamrock.

"Naturally, he will have his own professional skipper," Sir Thomas added. "Mr. Burton will also be responsible for engaging the crews of both boats, and, in fact, he will be in entire charge of the whole of the trials and the actual races on the other side. Charles E. Nicholson, her designer, is going over at an early date for the purpose of thoroughly examining Shamrock IV." "Do you think any alterations are likely to be made in her?" Sir Thomas was asked.

"That is a matter which I am leaving entirely to Mr. Nicholson's judgment. Many experienced yachtsmen are of opinion that Shamrock IV is far and away the best boat I have ever had to represent me in this great contest."

"If you lose this time, will you challenge again?" "I have the greatest hopes that I shall be successful in this, my fourth attempt to bring back the cup, but if I am not successful I can only say that I shall give Mr. Nicholson an order to build another boat."

DEMPSEY WILL BOX BECKETT IN NEW ORLEANS
Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion, has signed an agreement for a 20-round bout with Joe Beckett, the English heavyweight champion, on March 17th next, in New Orleans, providing Beckett wins his forthcoming bout with Georges Carpentier, the French champion. Beckett will meet Carpentier in December and should the latter win he will instruct his representatives in London to attempt to sign a contract immediately for the French champion to meet Dempsey.

WESTERN RUGBY FOOTBALL UNION WILL AFFILIATE

The Western Rugby Football Union, at their annual meeting held in Regina last Saturday, decided to apply for affiliation with the Canadian Rugby Football Union and will send a delegate to the annual meeting of that body. Alberta will be requested to produce a winner to play the final championship game of this season on November 15th. At the Regina meeting, the first held since 1914, the following officers were elected: President, J. E. Armstrong, Regina; first vice president, L. S. Fraser, Edmonton; second vice-president, E. S. Chown, Winnipeg; secretary-treasurer, E. Murray Thomson, Moose Jaw.

ATHLETES WHO HAVE BENEFITTED BY ACCIDENTS

Mike Doolan and Eube Marquard Both Acquired Popularity As Result of an Accident

Accidents have been known to benefit baseball players, strange as this may sound. Ball-tossers have landed in fast company, but have failed to show the "goods" until some mishap occurred which enabled them to blossom forth as stars of the first filament. A shift in playing position has frequently followed such mishaps, and the victim has changed from a mediocre apple-buster to one whose name has become well known in the baseball world.

Such a case was that of Mike Doolan. Mike was for nine years the shortest wonder of the Phillies. He then went to the Federal League, and this year came back with the Brooklyn Dodgers. He will always be remembered as one of the most astonishingly accurate underhand throwers from short that ever donned the spikes. He could throw from any angle underhand, and no shortstop in the last ten years covered more ground to his right.

Mike was originally an overhand thrower, and was by no means a wizard. He is a college man, and while at college he played football. In a game he was thrown heavily and dislocated his right shoulder, probably tearing some of the muscles at the same time. For many months after the injury apparently had healed, Mike could not lift his arm above his head and had great difficulty in putting on his collar.

Despite the pain and discomfort of playing baseball, when in such shape, Mike persisted, but found he could throw no way except underhand. He practiced steadily at that until he became the best long-distance shooter of that style in either big league.

Mike Mowrey was so noted for his accuracy in underhand throwing of short hits as Doolan was for proper handling of the hits to deep short, but their cases were entirely different.

Doolan's proficiency came as the result of compulsion after an accident. He had to shoot underhand or not at all. Mowrey was asked where his underhand throwing came from and he replied:

"I always wanted to play the infield and preferred third base, for no particular reason except that it struck my fancy. I was strictly an overhand thrower, but soon saw that it would be difficult for me to shine at third if I did not master the underhand style. What skill I have in shooting without bringing the arm over is due solely to determination and the will power to constantly practice. I set out to be an underhand thrower, and attained my object."

A distorted shoulder has put more than one ball player out of commission. Then, again, as in the case of Mike Doolan, it has been a positive benefit.

Fans have often wondered what gave Marquard the list to starboard that causes him to appear as if he were about to topple over. Most of them have put it down to the fact that in early youth he was a tall, gangling youth, whose feet had shot up quicker than his flesh could accumulate, but that is not the explanation of Marquard's peculiar attitude when standing at rest or when walking.

What threw the Eube out of plumb was not a dislocated shoulder, but two dislocated shoulders. His shoulders went astray in a football game. And they never entirely went back. To this day there is a large knot at the base of each of his shoulder blades. One is thus led to speculate whether, by that accident, Eube acquired some physical attribute that accounts for his efficiency as a southpaw pitcher.

ENGLISH RUNNER EXPECTED TO SHINE IN OLYMPIC GAMES

One of the English runners expected to shine in the Olympic games is A. G. Hill, of the London Polytechnic Harriers, the half-mile and one-mile champion who, in the recent sports of the Celtic Football club at Glasgow, finished second in the one-mile race, covering the distance in 4 minutes 16 4/5 seconds. He was scratch man. The performance beat Fred Bacon's Scottish record of 4 minutes 18 1/2 seconds made at Powderhill in 1894 and equals the British mark for the distance by amateurs.

MOOSE HUNTING IS THE GREATEST SPORT OF MEN

'Canuck' Sangster, Noted Canadian Hunter Comes from Abitibi Region, Que.; Moose Plentiful

"Horse racing may be the sport of kings, but moose hunting is the sport of the He-man."

At least that is the opinion of "Canuck" Sangster, noted Canadian hunter. His advice to you who would hunt the moose is simple:

"If you are one of the armchair fellows who gets a grouse if it rains, or who kicks about the lack of silverware, napkins or fingerbowls, or to whom a hike across a portage means sore feet and a sore head, then stay away. "But if you are a regular fellow, then you will find moose hunting the greatest sport ever."

"Remember though, 'Obey your guides strictly.' They have made a study for years of moose hunting, and if they tell you it isn't the sort of day for hunting, it isn't because they feel too lazy to hunt, but because they know there isn't one chance in a hundred of success."

"Maybe it is so windy and stormy that the moose couldn't hear the moose-call through the birch bark horn, with which the guides imitate the call of the cow-moose and attract the bulls. "Sometimes the guides find that the call of the bull-moose will attract the rival bulls and bring them on for combat. Sometimes that call will scare the younger bulls, who'll prow around silently to be sure none of the old bulls are around."

Sangster comes from the Abitibi region of northwestern Quebec, which region he claims is yet a virgin wilderness, untouched by civilization. Moose, deer and other wild game native to the country swarm within its borders and the innumerable streams and lakes are stocked with game fish.

UMPIRES DISAGREE ON WHAT CONSTITUTES AN INFELD FLY

American league umpires evidently don't agree on what constitutes an "infield fly." In one game a third baseman muffed a fly, just getting his hands on it, after a hard run into left field. Tom Connolly said it was an "infield fly." A few days later a shortstop lost an easy fly in the sun and it dropped safe four feet away. Umpire George Moriarity said it was not an "infield fly" because the shortstop did not reach it.

NEARLY 100 RETAIL CLERKS AT FREEPORT ILL., FORM UNION

Nearly 100 retail clerks in Freeport, Ill., have organized and joined the trade union movement.

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FEES

1. \$5 in case of a motorcycle, and for any other motor vehicle according to the length of wheel base in inches as follows:

For motor vehicles not exceeding 100 inches.....	\$15.00
Exceeding 100 inches but not exceeding 105 inches.....	17.50
Exceeding 105 inches but not exceeding 110 inches.....	20.00
Exceeding 110 inches but not exceeding 115 inches.....	22.50
Exceeding 115 inches but not exceeding 120 inches.....	25.00
Exceeding 120 inches but not exceeding 125 inches.....	27.50
Exceeding 125 inches but not exceeding 130 inches.....	30.00
Exceeding 130 inches but not exceeding 135 inches.....	32.50
For every motor vehicle exceeding 135 inches.....	35.00

2. The foregoing fees shall include the cost of one set of number plates.

3. The fee, payable after October 1 in any year, shall be one-half of the fee above prescribed.

4. Fire engines and fire patrol apparatus, police patrol and municipal owned ambulances shall be exempt from payment of the above fees, but such motor vehicles shall be registered and number plates issued on payment of fee of one dollar for each pair of number plates on filing of the statement required under section 3 of "The Motor Vehicle Act."

E. TROWBRIDGE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary,
Edmonton, April 24th, 1919.

NECKWEAR—

I have the largest and most complete range of Men's Neckwear ever shown in this city—Over two hundred patterns to choose from.

My Prices

are from 25% to 50% less than any other shop for the same line of goods. Make a point to see these Beautiful Ties. Priced from \$1.00 to \$4.00

MY ASSORTMENT

of Brushed Wool, Knitted and Silk Mufflers is supreme—Nothing better in this city, and at prices \$2.00 to \$8.00

THE SATISFACTION SHOP FOR MEN



Buy Your Christmas Ties and Mufflers Early

Sir Henry Drayton

Minister of Finance, will address

A MASS MEETING

in the interest of

1919 Victory Loan

—IN—

McDougall Auditorium

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7th

Chair will be taken promptly at 8 o'clock by

JAMES RAMSEY, M. L. A.

Doors open at 7 p.m.

Arthur Putland, Mus. Bac., L.T.C.L., will give an Organ Recital, commencing at 7:30

Miss Bessie Pickie Will Sing

This will be the Edmonton Citizens' first opportunity to hear the new

Finance Minister

EVERYBODY WELCOME

Buy Acreage

in the

BROWN ESTATE

Cars to Property at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

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THE HOME OF HART-SCHAFFNER AND MARX CLOTHES, HIGH GRADE FURNISHINGS and SHOES

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The Alberta Granite, Marble & Stone Co., Limited
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Underwood and Corona

TYPEWRITERS
DUPLICATORS AND
OFFICE FURNITURE

United Typewriter Co. Limited
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Phone 1774

For Life and Accident Insurance
Talk with **LOWRY** Pays
"The Traveler's Man"
653 TEGLER BLDG. PHONE 5518

HILLAS ELECTRICAL CO.
All lines of Electrical Repairs,
Contracts, Fixtures, Supplies,
Phone 4971 Night Phone 2578
10823 Jasper Avenue

ADVERTISE IN THE EDMONTON FREE PRESS



Edmonton Street Railway

New Schedule---South Side

Effective Monday, November 3rd, 1919

Highlands to Bonnie Doon	Bonnie Doon to Highlands	106th Ave. 97th St. and Whyte Ave., via Low Level	106th Ave. 97th St. and Whyte Ave., via High Level
Highlands to Bonnie Doon	Bonnie Doon to Highlands	106th Ave. 97th St. and Whyte Ave., via Low Level	106th Ave. 97th St. and Whyte Ave., via High Level
5:50 A.M.	5:50 A.M.	5:50 A.M.	5:50 A.M.
6:32	6:32	6:32	6:32
7:13	7:13	7:13	7:13
7:41	7:41	7:41	7:41
7:56	7:56	7:56	7:56
8:11	8:11	8:11	8:11
8:25	8:25	8:25	8:25
8:36	8:36	8:36	8:36
8:52	8:52	8:52	8:52
Every 20 Minutes	Every 20 Minutes	Every 20 Minutes	Every 20 Minutes
12:32 P.M.	12:32 P.M.	12:32 P.M.	12:32 P.M.
12:56	12:56	12:56	12:56
1:11	1:11	1:11	1:11
1:26	1:26	1:26	1:26
1:32	1:32	1:32	1:32
1:48	1:48	1:48	1:48
1:54	1:54	1:54	1:54
2:10	2:10	2:10	2:10
2:16	2:16	2:16	2:16
2:32	2:32	2:32	2:32
2:38	2:38	2:38	2:38
2:54	2:54	2:54	2:54
3:00	3:00	3:00	3:00
3:16	3:16	3:16	3:16
3:22	3:22	3:22	3:22
3:38	3:38	3:38	3:38
3:44	3:44	3:44	3:44
4:00	4:00	4:00	4:00
4:06	4:06	4:06	4:06
4:22	4:22	4:22	4:22
4:28	4:28	4:28	4:28
4:44	4:44	4:44	4:44
4:50	4:50	4:50	4:50
5:06	5:06	5:06	5:06
5:12	5:12	5:12	5:12
5:28	5:28	5:28	5:28
5:34	5:34	5:34	5:34
5:50	5:50	5:50	5:50
5:56	5:56	5:56	5:56
6:12	6:12	6:12	6:12
6:18	6:18	6:18	6:18
6:34	6:34	6:34	6:34
6:40	6:40	6:40	6:40
6:56	6:56	6:56	6:56
7:02	7:02	7:02	7:02
7:18	7:18	7:18	7:18
7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24
7:40	7:40	7:40	7:40
7:46	7:46	7:46	7:46
8:02	8:02	8:02	8:02
8:08	8:08	8:08	8:08
8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24
8:30	8:30	8:30	8:30
8:46	8:46	8:46	8:46
8:52	8:52	8:52	8:52
9:08	9:08	9:08	9:08
9:14	9:14	9:14	9:14
9:30	9:30	9:30	9:30
9:36	9:36	9:36	9:36
9:52	9:52	9:52	9:52
9:58	9:58	9:58	9:58
10:14	10:14	10:14	10:14
10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20
10:36	10:36	10:36	10:36
10:42	10:42	10:42	10:42
10:58	10:58	10:58	10:58
11:04	11:04	11:04	11:04
11:20	11:20	11:20	11:20
11:26	11:26	11:26	11:26
11:42	11:42	11:42	11:42
11:48	11:48	11:48	11:48
12:04	12:04	12:04	12:04
12:10	12:10	12:10	12:10
12:26	12:26	12:26	12:26
12:32	12:32	12:32	12:32
12:48	12:48	12:48	12:48
12:54	12:54	12:54	12:54
1:10	1:10	1:10	1:10
1:16	1:16	1:16	1:16
1:32	1:32	1:32	1:32
1:38	1:38	1:38	1:38
1:54	1:54	1:54	1:54
2:00	2:00	2:00	2:00
2:16	2:16	2:16	2:16
2:22	2:22	2:22	2:22
2:38	2:38	2:38	2:38
2:44	2:44	2:44	2:44
3:00	3:00	3:00	3:00
3:06	3:06	3:06	3:06
3:22	3:22	3:22	3:22
3:28	3:28	3:28	3:28
3:44	3:44	3:44	3:44
3:50	3:50	3:50	3:50
4:06	4:06	4:06	4:06
4:12	4:12	4:12	4:12
4:28	4:28	4:28	4:28
4:34	4:34	4:34	4:34
4:50	4:50	4:50	4:50
4:56	4:56	4:56	4:56
5:12	5:12	5:12	5:12
5:18	5:18	5:18	5:18
5:34	5:34	5:34	5:34
5:40	5:40	5:40	5:40
5:56	5:56	5:56	5:56

EDMONTON FREE PRESS
 Edited, Controlled and Published by
THE EDMONTON TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL
 Issued at Edmonton, Alberta, Every Saturday

Phone 5595 **ELMER E. ROPER, Editor** 101 Parriss Block
 VOL. 1, No. 31. NOVEMBER 8, 1919

UNTRUTHFUL PROPAGANDA

Edmonton trades' unionists will no doubt be surprised, and somewhat amused probably, to learn that in this fair city the moderate Labor element is on the run, fighting in the last ditch, while the victorious O.B.U. forces hold the fort. At least something to that effect is being heralded throughout the Dominion by the element that unsuccessfully attempted to dynamite the Labor movement. The same untruthful statements and gross and wilful exaggerations are being circulated with respect to other cities where conditions are similar to what they are in Edmonton. The trade union movement in this city is in a healthier condition at the present time than it has been for some years at any rate. A keener interest is being manifested by local unions and individual members; the organization of new locals and the steady increase of membership of locals already established, are features of the local Labor situation at the present time. Edmonton trades' unionists will be pardoned therefore, if they are amused when told that the O.B.U. is in the ascendency and the International movement on the rocks. As our Sporting Editor would say, "It is to smile behind one's hand."

But while there may be an amusing side to the question, there is also a grave danger in permitting such gross misrepresentation to go unchallenged. No man lives to himself alone, and the action of the trade union movement in one city is almost certain to have some influence in shaping the course of fellow workers in other centres. Edmonton has been recognized as a city where the organized workers refused to allow themselves to be torn asunder by the disrupting forces of the O.B.U. Edmonton trade unionists have, through the whole disturbance caused by the destructionist element, presented a united front to all opposition. If, then, the workers in other cities could be made to believe that Edmonton had gone O.B.U., it would stand as a great argument in favor of the secessionist movement. The decision of the local Trades' Council, to inform other cities of the most satisfactory situation prevailing here, was a wise one.

In view of the untruthful statements published regarding this city, it is only reasonable to assume that the propaganda respecting other cities is of the same misrepresenting nature. While the forces of disruption are endeavoring to bolster up a cause that was doomed to failure from the first, the recognized organizations of workers are becoming more firmly established than ever before in every part of Canada. In Calgary where conditions are misrepresented in the same manner as in Edmonton by the O.B.U. propagandists, the secessionist movement is practically non-existent. In Vancouver, which was considered an O.B.U. stronghold, in spite of desperate efforts on the part of Midgeley, Pritchard, Wells, et al, the workers are flocking back to the organizations which alone have advanced the cause of the workers. Regardless of misrepresentation and untruthful propaganda, in spite of vehement statements to the contrary, the destructionist movement is the one that is receiving the bumps as it travels the downward grade. "Facilis est descensus Avernii."

ALBERTA ALLIANCE GOING STRONG.

The writer, in the past week, had a first hand opportunity to size up the attitude of a section of Alberta teachers toward the Teachers' Alliance. To say that there is a great deal of enthusiasm for the organization, is putting it mildly indeed. In all parts of the province, the teachers in cities, towns, villages and the uttermost parts of Alberta, are only waiting to have an application placed before them. Realizing that their status is miserably low when the responsibility of their occupation is considered, the teachers are convinced that organization is their only hope. When they observe workers in every line of endeavor, outstripping them in every material direction, it is not to be wondered at that the pedagogues, of this and other provinces, as well as in other countries, are beginning to analyze their position.

And now that the teachers are adopting organizations along trade union lines, it would be wise to adopt methods of procedure that have proved beneficial in trade unionism. The Alberta Alliance has now a membership of over one thousand. It is confidently expected that by Easter over two thousand teachers will have been enrolled. No organization of that size can exist without proper business methods being applied, and the first step should be the appointment of a permanent financial secretary whose whole time would be devoted to the work of the organization. The Alliance can benefit very greatly in other ways by the experience of the Labor movement and should lose no time in allying itself with central bodies of trade unionism. If the spirit displayed by the teachers in the north-eastern part of the province, is typical of those in other parts, the desire is to go all the way in the matter of organizing along trade union lines.

If the great tide of enthusiasm that is carrying the Alberta Alliance from one end of the province to the other, is taken advantage of and wisely directed, we predict that the teachers in this section of the Dominion will emulate the example of the National Union of Teachers in Britain and will soon be found in the very vanguard of the Organized Labor movement in Alberta.

INSURANCE.

The insurance business as conducted on this continent is undoubtedly the most flagrant example of indefensible waste of energy and resources that might be put to productive use. In no other line of business enterprise is there a greater duplication of service and dissipation of human effort.

The principle of life insurance is sound. So sound, in fact, that the matter of making provision for wife and children on the death of any individual, should not be permitted to rest on the whim of any individual. What we term life insurance should be a national institution, and should be participated in by all who might be left unprotected for by the death of the husband and father. Or in other words, state insurance, after the principle of the Workmen's Compensation Act, is what should prevail. The Compensation Act provides for, in addition to payments to the injured worker, payments to the widow or other dependents on the death of a workman while engaged at his daily occupation. The broadening of that principle to make the same provision for dependents, regardless of how or where the worker met death, is most desirable, and sound in theory.

But apart from the social value of compulsory state insurance, would be the economic importance of the elimination of private enterprise in the insurance business. It is reasonable to assume that the administration forces employed by any one of the large life insurance concerns, would be sufficiently large to administer a national scheme of compulsory state insurance. Thus, a great army of workers would be released, whose energy could be directed to useful productive effort. In these days when the cry is "greater production," and the worker is admonished to refrain from demanding a shorter work-day on that account, would it not be well to eliminate the dissipation of potential productive effort?

CONDITIONS OF PROGRESS.

We are told that—
 The open shop is essential to progress and prosperity, and—
 The closed shop means less production, less work, higher costs. All of which is proved untrue by the records.
 What the opponents of Unionism call the closed shop is properly called a union shop. What they call an open shop is a non-union shop,

almost invariably closed-to-union-men. Certainly closed to active unionism.

Unions demand, a wage adequate to maintain the worker according to modern standards of living; proper hours of work, having regard for the health of the workers and their families; healthful working conditions in order that the health of the workers may be conserved and their usefulness to society prolonged and intensified.

These conditions do not make for high prices and low production. If unfair, wasteful forces, over which the worker has no control, did not enter into costs at other points, we should have fair prices and high production.

A contemporary writer states that:

What Judge Gary calls the open shop, which is the non-union shop, has been the dark nesting place of reaction in industry, the soggy standing ground of low wages, long work days (twelve hours a day now in much of the steel industry) and improper working conditions. The non-union shop has been the foe of progress. It has been the friend and co-partner of illiteracy, under-nourishment, under-development, broken health and premature death. Who does not know the shameful story of non-union cotton and woolen mills?

The union shop is essential to progress. The non-union shop is essential to industrial autocracy and reaction and is the principal agency through which the autocracy is able to practice injustice upon the workers.

The things that Organized Labor demands are conditions of progress; they are demands out of which progress is realized in the lives of men.

EDITOR'S NOTES.

The fine batch of local union news which we receive each week is encouraging. There is still room for more, however.

We note from our Labor exchanges that the Laundry Workers' Unions are active in many cities. Clark, Daly, Neale, et al, please note.

The Alberta Civil Service Association might well emulate the example of the City Hall employees. For a live organization, we'll say "52" is mighty hard to beat.

In the Labor movement solidarity spells success. An attack on Labor's corporate solidarity, from any source, can only have for its object the defeat of the workers.

Now that Sam Gompers is losing some of his prestige among those who recently were singing his praises so loudly, where are we to look for the "safe and sane" Labor leader?

Does any normal individual really believe that an employer wants the "open shop" in his industry in order to protect the "freedom" of his workers?

Is this live western city of Edmonton to be behind Hamilton, Cranford and other eastern cities in the matter of electing Labor representatives to civic offices?

An advertisement of the steel trust a few years ago read: "Men wanted—Syrians, Poles and Rumanians preferred." Evidently Gary's antipathy toward the "ignorant foreigner," is of somewhat recent birth.

After all, the matter of collective bargaining does not rest with a conference in Ottawa, Washington or Timbuctoo. If the workers want to bargain collectively they only need to organize in sufficient numbers, and collective bargaining will follow as a matter of course. Of course it will.

In 1892 when the Homestead steel strike took place, 90 per cent. of the workers were native Americans. Then started the influx of foreigners to eliminate the Americans. Now that the foreigners have become sufficiently Americanized to repeat the dose, we can look for the importation of more alien workers for the steel mills.

The model form of contract adopted by the Alberta Teachers' Alliance is excellent—as far as it goes. When the Alliance has its organization completed (and at the present rate of enrollment that will soon be), we hope to see the adoption of a collective bargaining contract which will be entered into by the Alliance and not by the individual teacher.

William M. Wood of the American Woolen Co., blames Labor for the existing unrest. He gives seven reasons to support his claim, the first of which is typical of the other six: "The desire of Labor to maintain an income adequate to meet the great increase in the cost of living." This is, at least, an important admission. We have, if our memory serves us right, been led to believe that Labor was responsible for "the great increase in the cost of living." Then if Labor is not responsible for the cause of unrest, why blame Labor for the effect?

**CIVIC SERVICE
 UNION REPLIES TO
 MAYOR'S LETTER**

No. "52's" Reply to Mayor's Communication Given Such Wide Publication

Civic Service to Mayor
 Civic Service Union No. 52 has addressed the following letter to Mayor Clarke in reply to his communication which was given such wide publication in the press this week:
 His Worship Mayor Clarke.

Dear Sir: We beg to acknowledge your letter of the 3rd inst. and that of the Commission Board of the 1st inst. It is not our intention to go into all the questions raised in your communication, as we consider that many of them are not within the province of this organization, and were intended for the information of the general public.

That a most important problem has to be solved by the Commission Board is apparent to this organization. We believe that the most important part of the problem is to find a man or men, who will see to it that the citizens of Edmonton are supplied with electric energy and water, not merely during the peak load periods, but throughout the entire year. Any individual interests must be subservient to this one great need. We do not feel, therefore, that the Commission Board should be hampered in the choice of this man (or men) in any form whatever. In fact, it is our desire to be of service to you in this regard. That was the spirit which actuated us in forwarding the communication in question. In fact we believe that the most efficient servants

**MUSICIANS' UNION
 WILL PUT "JAZZ" IN
 CIVIC CAMPAIGN**

Harry J. Clark, the popular delegate from the Musicians' Union, is chairman of the Organization Committee in charge of the civic election campaign. If Harry puts his usual "pep" into the work the candidates are as good as elected.

The Musicians' Union was pleased at the selection of one of their members to the important position at the head of the organization committee, and the members have intimated that they intend to put some "jazz" in the campaign.

An up-to-the-minute Buffalo firm has the last word on efficiency in collections printed on its billheads: "Man is dust. Dust settles. Be a man."

of the city have risen from the ranks. This fact actuated us in our decision and the letter was forwarded as a suggestion. No other motive was in mind, and we are not interested as a body what politicians may have in mind. We are not a political body nor do we dabble in municipal politics. This fact we cannot emphasize too strongly, and we hope that we have made ourselves perfectly clear.

Yours truly,
 Executive Committee, Civic Service Union No. 52.
 Per C. M. SMAIL,
 Recording Secretary.

ORDER NOW
Private
Xmas Cards
 Neat, artistic designs with bordered envelopes to match. Greetings are carefully worded and carry a true Xmas message with the personal value of being imprinted with your own name.
 Sample Books Are Ready
 A. H. ESCH & CO. LTD.
 Jasper Ave. at 104th St.
 Edmonton, Alberta.
 Phones 4534 and 1514

Does Your Watch
Keep Time?
 Our repair dept. is in a position now to handle watch repairs on a reasonably quick delivery through having been able to increase our staff.
 Try us with yours and get satisfaction.
D. A. Kirkland
 The Quality Jeweler

Alberta Lumber Co., Ltd.
 Dealer in
LUMBER
 and
BUILDING MATERIALS
 Corner Jasper Ave. and 93rd St.
 Phone 2138

Furniture, Carpets and Ranges.
 All new goods, sold on weekly or monthly payments.
J. CHISHOLM
 Apply Box 51, Journal

NOTICE
 We did not move, but are at our old address
 9225 JASPER
EDMUND P. JAEGER CO.

Sale of
SUITS
COATS
DRESSES
 and
FURS
 LAID OUT FOR SATURDAY SELLING
Forbes-Taylor Co.
 10514-18 Jasper Avenue
 PHONE 2535

SKY'S
GROCERY
 Goodridge Block
 Jasper Ave., corner 97th St.
 PHONE 2739
 Quality, lowest prices and prompt delivery is our motto
 Watch for specials in local papers
GIVE US A TRIAL

Warm Overshoes, Felts and Rubbers
For Every Member of the Family
at a Saving of 15 per cent.

We can actually save you this amount on Warm Winter Overshoes, Cloth Top Rubbers, Moccasin Rubbers, Plain Rubbers and Lace and Buckle Rubber Boots for Men, Women, Misses, Boys and Girls. An immense order was placed with the "Maltese Cross" makers to supply our whole chain of stores throughout Canada with Rubbers. We were able to negotiate a discount of 15 per cent. by paying cash, and this saving we are now giving you the benefit of. Buy "Maltese Cross" Rubbers, the best in the world, and Save 15 Per Cent.

Men's All Felt Boots

For the real cold weather these All Felt Boots can't be beaten. Some are of plain felt. Others have leather toe caps and tops. In black and tan. All sizes, special.
(MAIN FLOOR)

Warm Wool Lined Shoes for Women and Misses

We have just received a big shipment of this Winter Footwear. In black and tan leather wool lined and with guaranteed frostproof soles. You'll need these before winter is out. All sizes. Prices
\$7.45 AND \$9.45

Women's Warm Felt Boots Specially Priced

If you have difficulty in keeping your feet warm when the thermometer registers below zero—try these All Felt Boots with Felt Soles. Some are plain and others have leather toe caps and tops. In black and tan. All sizes. Special.
\$4.00
 per pair
MISSIES' AND CHILDREN'S at \$3.00
(SECOND FLOOR)

FLOOR COVERING

That Will Give You Endless Wear and Satisfaction

Tremendous stocks have arrived during the past few weeks giving you a wide choice of patterns and makes. Note these:

- Well Seasoned Inlaid Linoleum**
 The hardest wearing Floor Covering to be had. The patterns are woven right through to the back which ensures years of hard wear. In a wide range of tile, block and wood designs. Price, square yard, **\$2.25**
- Well Seasoned Oil Cloths**
 Splendid quality that will give lots of hard wear. Suitable for kitchens, halls or dining-rooms. A good range of patterns to choose from: 2 yards wide. Price, per square yard, **95c**
- Well Seasoned Printed Linoleum**
 We are showing a very extensive range of new designs in floral and conventional patterns. All good colorings. Made in 2 and 4 yard widths. Priced as follows: 2 yards wide, Per square yard **\$1.35**
 4-yards wide, Per square yard **\$1.50**
- Felt Base Floor Covering**
 A new and very satisfactory Floor Covering with the exact appearance of a linoleum. In a wide range of pleasing patterns; 2 yards wide. Price, per square yd. **\$1.25**

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

JOHN H. BARNETT
INSTALLS OFFICERS
IN MOULDERS' UNION
 John H. Barnett, third vice-president of the International Moulders' Union of North America, was in the city this week and officiated at the installation of officers in the new Moulders' Union just organized. The new union is a 100% organization, all the moulders in the city having joined up.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES
 Arrangements have been completed for the Allied Printing Trades' Whist Drive and Dance on November 22nd, in Oddfellows' Hall, corner Namayo and Jasper. The admission fee of 50 cents each, will not begin to pay for the big time the ink-slingers are planning for. It will pay you to keep Saturday evening, November 22nd open. Tickets may be obtained from the chapel chairmen of any printing office in the city.

JUST ARRIVED
 A carload of choice Baby Beef and Veal, and all the instructions we have received to sell them, so out they go Saturday. Same price as Beef. Come and help yourselves.
The
Stockyards Meat Market
 PHONE 1227. 10026 JASPER AVENUE

The unprecedented demand for our goods and our service comes from the fact that we guarantee satisfaction 100 per cent.
MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S
SUITS AND OVERCOATS
\$35.00, \$40.00, \$45.00, \$50.00
and \$60.00
Stanley & Jackson
 10117 JASPER AVENUE