

TWO CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

SITE FOR SMALL ARMS FACTORY AT QUEBEC

Hotel Servant Asphyxiated by Coal Gas

Quebec, April 16.—Work was begun yesterday on the plains of Abraham...

Small Arms Factory. Sir Charles Ross has selected a spot on the Cape fields for a new small arms factory.

Metapedia. April 16.—The "Globe" house and store, Ferguson house and store, Dorlan house and store, Catholic church and the residences of Dr. Pinaud and Laguerre, with all their contents, were destroyed by fire this afternoon.

Carnegie Library. Brampton, Ont., April 16.—A Carnegie has offered \$10,000 to the town for a library. The offer has been accepted.

Shipbuilder Dead. Hamilton, April 16.—John MacCollinson, shipbuilder, died here suddenly yesterday.

Sad Tragedy. Winnipeg, April 16.—At Overmore, about 20 miles from Emerson yesterday, Fred Franksy, a farmer, and his two small children, a girl aged 6, and an infant son, were severely burned, the children dying of their injuries in a few hours.

Badger Debate. In the Northwest assembly yesterday afternoon Hon. A. Sitton moved the House into committee of supply.

Lost His Legs. John Ross, who had just returned from the Yukon, slipped from a train as it was leaving McGeorge station last night.

One Dead. St. Mary's, Ont., April 16.—John McLaughlin, a 70-year-old man, was killed by a coal gas in his room last night, the stevedore passing through their rooms having come to see Miss Langford's party.

Marriage. Ottawa, April 16.—Dr. Hugh Fleming, of St. Andrew's Fleming, and Miss Ethel Gormally, daughter of J. J. Gormally, K. C., were married today.

Strike. Toronto, April 16.—Fifty-seven employees of Sanderson & Co. manufactory of jewelry, struck today to demand recognition of their union.

Nominations. Toronto, April 16.—Nominations today for the Conservative, Liberal, and Independent candidates for the House of Commons.

Postage of Newspapers. The secretary of the board of trade today received a letter from Postmaster General Mallock, stating that the British postal authorities held that no change could be made in the postal rates on newspapers to Great Britain without their consent.

Want Increase. Montreal, April 16.—A committee representing the C. P. R. telegraphers met C. W. Spencer, general superintendent of Eastern lines this afternoon, and before him a copy of their revised schedule embodying demands for increased wages and other concessions.

Iron Moulders' Wages. Iron moulders have given notice last after May let they will demand a minimum wage of \$2.50 per day instead of the present minimum scale of \$2.15, and it is just possible one of the largest strikes in the iron industry that has ever taken place in Canada will be inaugurated.

The strike will soon die out in Africa.

HAMILTON'S OPERATIONS. Result of March to Standerton Line—Removed Hitch in Peace Negotiations.

London, April 15.—The following dispatch dated Pretoria, April 15, has been received at the war office from Lord Kitchener:

"Prince Hamilton's columns arrived at the Standerton line last night, having taken 140 Boers, including killed and wounded, during the movements from the Middleberg line."

A Hitch. London, April 16.—The Daily Mail in its issue of this morning says that it understands that a serious hitch has occurred in the peace negotiations in South Africa.

The cabinet in council has decided to refuse strongly worded protests from the Boer leaders at Pretoria for an armistice pending the negotiations.

This alone is not likely to cause the Boers to withdraw from the conference. After the speech of the Daily Mail, but threatens to stop the negotiations is the fact that the government declines to place the Cape rebels on the same footing as the burghers with respect to amnesty, and is not inclined to withdraw the banishment proclamation.

These features are regarded by the Boers as two cardinal points in the irreducible minimum terms, which Lord Milner, the high commissioner in South Africa, went to Pretoria and in which the Boers agreed to the loss of independence and a general surrender.

Their other demands, continues the Daily Mail, under Great Britain shall rebuild and restock the farms, take over the legal claims and liabilities of the two republics and grant a representative government within a short period than is now contemplated.

FIRE IN ASSAY OFFICE. Employees Worked Hard to Prevent Flames Spreading to Public Treasury.

New York, April 16.—Thirty-one million dollars in silver bullion in the assay office at No. 30 Wall street has been in danger of being melted by a fire which burned for one of the basement rooms for two hours. None but the employees knew of the fire, and they finally overcame it without assistance.

Next door to the assay office is the public treasury, which the government usually has from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000 stored.

In some way a fire in the silver smelter room was communicated to a barrel of lead mixture used in the smelting process. There were 25 barrels of this mixture in the room and like a flash they were enveloped in a sheet of flames so great that the fire in the vault of the room would be met. There was no time to close the steel doors of the vault, as the flames from the barrels were so close that it was impossible for anyone to approach them.

Fifty employees in the basement, thoroughly drilled for such an emergency, were quickly to work despite the dense smoke. All windows and scuttles were closed to prevent giving the alarm to the public, and when after two hours' hard work, the last vestige of the fire had disappeared, the opening in the rear was used to carry out the smoke.

CABINET MEETING. Communications From South Africa Were Considered To-Day.

London, April 16.—The British cabinet had another meeting to-day for the purpose of considering a communication from the Boer representatives who are Lord Roberts' and a deputation from Lord Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa. The session was extremely brief.

After the cabinet meeting Lord Salisbury, the premier, had an audience with King Edward at Buckingham Palace, and stayed to lunch with His Majesty. The latter afterwards went to Sandringham.

Later it was asserted that the communication from Lord Milner considered at the cabinet meeting contained the most important declarations of the attitude of the Boer leaders, who either had not agreed to the peace terms they would accept.

The St. James' Gazette predicted an early public announcement of the progress of the peace negotiations. "The paper says there is little doubt that the British and Boer armies are in the understanding on the main points of the proposals peace will ensue. The banishment proclamation will be withdrawn and minor points, like restoring the farms, will be referred to a committee composed of British and Boer representatives."

MURDER OF MINISTER. Spigliagino's Assassin Says He Committed Act for Revenge.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—Later particulars of the murder of M. Spigliagino, minister of the interior, state that M. Spigliagino was on his way to attend a meeting of the committee of ministers. He had just entered the office of the Imperial Council when the assassin, who had driven up in a carriage, approached him, handed him a folded paper, saying he had been charged to deliver it by the Grand Duke Sergius. The minister stretched out his hand to take the document when the assassin fired five shots at him. Three of the bullets struck M. Spigliagino, and one wounded his opponent.

The assassin did not resist arrest. He said his name was Falschmidt, and that he was a student at Kiev where he was sentenced to compulsory military service for participation in the riots of 1901. He said that he was subsequently pardoned, but that he had not been reinstated at the university, and that he therefore revenged himself upon M. Spigliagino. The minister's assassin is the Russian M. Spigliagov, who he died in one hour.

IF IT'S CATARRH HERE IS A CURE. HERE IN 10 MINUTES. REFLEX IN 10 MINUTES.

Too many people daily with catarrh. It is a disease that is a danger to the health with a rapidity that no other disease does. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the only quick, safe and pleasant cure for the disease.

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British Columbia School of Politics. Regular Report. James Danahy, Terry Low, Dave McLean, Smith Curtis, etc.

THE FIGHTING ON SPION KOP, NATAL. OFFICIAL DISPATCHES WERE ISSUED TO-DAY.

Roberts Declares Buller's Endeavor to Put Responsibility on Warren Not Justifiable.

London, April 17.—All the official dispatches referring to the defeat sustained by the British troops under General Buller at Spion Kop, Natal, on January 24th, 1900, was given out this morning.

Those hitherto unpublished merely emphasize how hopelessly muddled were the preparations for that engagement.

The controversy between General Buller and the general, Charles Warren, is proved to have been even more bitter than previously hinted at, while a new extract from one of Lord Roberts' dispatches brings additional censure on General Buller.

Lord Roberts declares that General Buller's endeavor to put the responsibility for the defeat on General Warren was not justifiable.

It was Buller's duty to intervene when he saw that things were going wrong. This remark was caused by a dispatch from Buller in which he says: "I saw no attempt on the part of Warren to either grapple with the situation or command his forces himself. We lost our chance by Warren's sloppiness. It seems to me to be a man who can do well what he can do himself, but who cannot command."

Lord Roberts' dispatches are full of such criticisms. "I saw no attempt on the part of Warren to either grapple with the situation or command his forces himself. We lost our chance by Warren's sloppiness. It seems to me to be a man who can do well what he can do himself, but who cannot command."

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WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY. Britain Accepts Germany's Proposal to Hold an International Conference.

Berlin, April 16.—Great Britain has accepted Germany's proposition for an international conference to regulate wireless telegraphy. The other powers of the proposition, the United States, France and Russia, have not yet responded, but the officials confidently expect favorable answers, especially from the United States, which has taken such interest in the matter.

Germany's suggestion embraces merely calling a conference, but without definite proposals to be discussed. Germany has also asked the powers to set forth in their answers if they wished Germany to formulate propositions to lay before the conference or leave the matter entirely to the conference.

NORWEGIAN MINISTERS. Have Resigned—President of the Storting to Form New Cabinet.

Christiania, Norway, April 16.—At today's session of the Council of State, the Norwegian premier, Johannes W. C. Steen, resigned, and the other ministers then placed their resignations at the disposal of the Crown Prince Gustaf, who is acting as regent. Later the regent rejected C. O. Berner, the president of the Storting, to form a new cabinet.

RAILWAY MEETING. Albany, N. Y., April 16.—The stockholders of the New York Central & Hudson River Railway Company met in this city today, holding their annual election of directors and two special meetings.

At one of the special meetings an attempt was made to increase the capital stock of the company from \$115,000,000 to \$130,000,000, and at the other a new lease of the Mohawk & Malone railroads was approved. About \$75,000,000 of the capital stock was represented and voted upon. Senator Dewey voted for the American proxies and the foreign proxies were voted for by Mr. Temple Bledin, of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The Dinner Pail

Of the American working man is generally well filled. In some cases it is so full that it contains too many kinds of food, and yet often the food of the wrong kind—hard to digest and containing little nutriment.

Where there is indigestion or any other indication of dis-ease of the stomach, the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will almost invariably produce a perfect and permanent cure.

Mr. Thomas A. Buller, of the firm of C. Columbus & Co., Box 100, in the month of June, took with severe headache, brain-champs and a general feeling of weakness. He had been eating a very rich diet, and he had been drinking a great deal of beer.

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BRIEF MEETING OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Business at the Monthly Session of Hospital Management Disposed of in Short Order.

The board of Jubilee Hospital directors held their regular monthly meeting in the board of trade rooms last evening, when Messrs. Helmecken, Brett, Davies, Forman, Wilson, Braverin, Dr. Hazell and Secretary Elworthy were present.

In the absence of the president, C. A. Holland, H. D. Helmecken, vice-president, took the chair. Communications were taken up after the adoption of the minutes. The city clerk wrote acknowledging the receipt of a letter from the secretary of the board requesting a special grant of \$1,000. The letter has been referred to the finance committee.

Reginald Macdonald wrote the doctor thanking him for the treatment he and his wife received while in the hospital, and also paying a tribute to the management of the institution.

The resident medical doctor reported that during the month of March the number of patients admitted were 46; number treated, 94; total days stay, 1,438; number of patients, 43.20. Received and died.

Charles Steers, the handy man, wrote asking for an increase of salary from \$40 to \$50 a month. This was referred to the finance committee.

E. P. Alcorn, the matron, acknowledged with thanks the following contributions to the hospital: Mrs. H. D. Helmecken, papers and magazines; C. A. Holland, books and magazines; friends, per E. N. railway, box of Biscuits; Gerard Bolton, flowers. On behalf of the nurses she acknowledged with thanks the receipt of a "ping pong" table for use of the nurses when on duty.

Robt. Jenkinson, the steward, reported that supplies were being received satisfactorily and acknowledged a donation of two cases of Malt Breakfast Food from Henderson Bros. Received, filed and donors thanked.

The finance committee reported that the accounts for March amounted to \$89.98, and that salaries for same month, amounting to \$780.50, were paid on the 15th inst. The total disbursements were \$870.48 and the average per diem cost per patient was \$1.84. This was received and filed.

J. D. Pemberton, it was reported by the doctor, had presented the hospital with a splendid picture of J. D. Pemberton. A vote of thanks was tendered the donor.

The house committee submitted its report, which stated that a general plan had been decided upon for changing the recovery into sterilizing rooms. A bill of \$15 was presented as being due to Miss A. Woodrow for nursing a patient. It appeared not to have been clear to the staff that when private patients require special nurses the hospital is not responsible for their pay. The patient or the patient's friends, the committee stated, generally request the matron to engage the nurse; they suggested the advisability of having notices printed and put up in each private room, as well as in the office, making the position in this matter perfectly clear.

R. E. Day, not being present, submitted the report of the house committee with a written report stating that he had carefully examined the interior of the hospital, and in his opinion every part of the building was in a satisfactory condition. He suggested that the hospital be repainted and general renovating. In reference to the sterilizing plant he stated that S. Shore had generators on hand which he would sell at half cost. This was received and laid on the table.

Owing to the reports which have been circulated to the effect that the board is asking more aid for the maintenance of the hospital from the government than they are getting from the citizens of Victoria, a memorandum was submitted giving figures to show that of the total cost of the support of the institution, which was in the neighborhood of \$100,000, this city contributed about \$100,000. This will be forwarded to the Finance Minister.

It was decided on motion that all notices commencing next month should be held at the Jubilee Hospital. The meeting then adjourned.

THE STRIKE IN BELGIUM. Report That Three Million Men Are Idle—Serious Disorders.

Brussels, April 16.—Serious disorders have occurred in the coalfields of Seraing. A detachment of Lanciers was compelled repeatedly to charge a mob numbering about 2,000 persons, engaged in throwing stones at the troops. Many people were injured. The cafes in which the rioters took refuge were sacked.

The diplomatic, press and public galleries of the Chamber of Representatives were filled to their capacity to-day, when the debate on the proposed revision of the constitution began. Bernart, the former president of the Chamber, opened the discussion. He was frequently interrupted by M. Van der Velde, the Socialist leader, with periodical shouts of "Universal suffrage is supreme!" M. Bernart expressed the belief that the present Belgian electoral system was satisfactory.

It is estimated to-night that nearly 3,000,000 men have gone on strike. The movement is well organized, but as the men are short of funds, it has been arranged that in all trades where the cessation of operations would inconvenience the public, such as bakers, etc., the men shall continue working, and contribute to the support of the strikers.

At Vervens, near Liège, the Socialists have persuaded the taverns to close their doors in order to keep the idle men from the temptation of liquor.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS. No Definite Developments Have Yet Been Reported.

London, April 16.—The Associated Press has excellent authority for saying that up to a late hour to-night there have been definite developments in the matter of the Boer-British peace negotiations. The Associated Press learns that Lord Milner, the high commissioner in South Africa, has indicated certain propositions upon which peace may be secured almost immediately, but the cabinet is said to have disagreed upon the merits of Lord Milner's terms at its meeting to-day.

"Sparing for time," best describes the present status of the negotiations, neither side being willing to risk a decision which would break off the present conference. An agreement may be reached at any moment, but this is more likely to be the result of semi-independent action by Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener at Pretoria than the rather involved condition at the cabinet at the moment.

The broad lines of Great Britain's terms are now known to the government representatives at Pretoria. Upon these representatives the cabinet is presently shifting the responsibility of taking advantage of all opportunities providing no cardinal principles be sacrificed in an agreement.

The government has ordered that the cable and telegraph lines between London and Pretoria be kept clear to insure the most prompt transmission of the Boer proposals. It is understood that the Boers are to be given a fair opportunity to secure the same.

The government did not give the deputations any definite answer. They promised to take the matter into their earnest consideration, and to give an answer early next week.

Some members of the Canners' Association were seen by a Times representative this morning and asked regarding the proposed amalgamation of the canning interests in the province. While rather reticent about expressing an opinion regarding the progress of the negotiations, it was learned that the recent action of the government in lifting the reserve on foreshore rights had tended to stampede the Eastern capitalists, who were rather loath to invest their money in the industry, until the policy of the government in reference to foreshore rights had been announced.

Should the government give all an equal chance to secure fish trap sites, it is understood that Eastern capital will still be forthcoming for the consolidation of the fish sites are to be given to the particular friends of the government, the large amount of money that was available for investment in this province will be diverted to some other channel.

CANADIAN NEWS. New Commander of 65th Regiment—Charge Against Railway Conductor.

Montreal, April 17.—Militia orders to-day announce the appointment of Major F. W. McKay to the command of the 65th Regiment, and Major G. W. Stephens to command the field battery vice Major Kostigan, resigned.

New Manager. Toronto, April 17.—W. Duperon, chief clerk of the office of M. C. Dickson, district passenger agent, Grand Trunk, has resigned, and has accepted the position of general manager and secretary-treasurer of the Huntsville & Lake of the Shores Navigation Company, with headquarters at Huntsville.

Stricken With Paralysis. Kingston, Ont., April 17.—Rev. Dr. Campbell, agent of the Presbyterian twentieth century fund, is reported to have been stricken with paralysis.

Conductor Committed. Halifax, N. S., April 17.—Conductor C. A. Ferguson was committed to the custody of St. Peter's, C. B., to the Supreme court on a charge of causing the death of Capt. August Stewart, whom he put off the train. A fast freight came along and killed him.

TO STOP SMUGGLING. Mounted Police Will Be Placed on Duty Along Boundary of Alberta.

Vancouver, April 17.—Steamer North Pacific is going on the Seattle-Vancouver run on May 1st to alternate with the Mainlander, giving a daily service between the two cities.

J. C. Bourinot, son of Sir John Bourinot, who has been here in Victoria for a week, left this afternoon with several mounted policemen for Calgary, from which place he will organize an expedition to stop wholesale smuggling across the border into the United States in Southern Alberta.

Yern Holmes attempted suicide this morning by poisoning. She will probably die.

The Full court to-day gave judgment for the defendant, upholding the Yukon Partition court decision in Davignon vs. Jones.

DEATH OF LUNACY seemed the only alternative for a well known and highly respected lady of Winipeg, Ont., who had travelled to a friend recommended South American Nerveine. One bottle helped, six bottles cured, and her own written testimony is as follows: "I was cured by Nerveine. Sold by Jackson & Co."

Wm. Ivor Noot, son of this city, has succeeded in securing for him the chief assistant in the cement plant at Fresno County.

A warrant was issued by the sheriff of this city, on Monday afternoon, for the arrest of P. C. M. H. (three-year-old) who had broken the result of a conduct. The case will come on for trial on Monday.

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CANNERS CONFER WITH GOVERNMENT

REGARDING QUESTION OF FORESHORE RIGHTS

Strongly Urge That All Have Equal Opportunity to Secure Trap Sites.

A large and influential deputation from the British Columbia Canners' Association had a lengthy conference with the government this morning. The deputation was introduced by Thos. Kidd, M. P., and was composed of D. Bell, Irving, Vancouver; Alex. Ewen, New Westminster; W. McPherson, E. E. Evans, G. I. Wilson, J. E. McRae, N. D. Burdick, Vancouver; and R. J. Ker, of R. P. Rithet & Co., Victoria.

The primary object of the conference was to secure from the government some definite statement regarding the recent notice lifting the reserve of the foreshore. The canners feared that as a result of the notice, the foreshore rights would be given away without giving those engaged in the canning industry a fair opportunity to secure the same.

The canners urged that the provincial government should not put up with the Dominion

PERVERNMENT

ION MORE RIGHTS

All Have Equal Secure

deputation from... Association... Thos. Kidd, M... of D. Bell... Ewen, New... Pherson, E. E... B. McRae, N... and R. J. Ker, of... Victoria.

of the conference... government some... the recast... of the fore... as altho... leases had... were likely to... might lease... without giving... to secure the... the unreason... government, nor... special privileges... provincial govern... the Dominion... be allowed as to... be decided or... authorities decid... a provincial gov... on a well consid... the canners seg... ment were desir... able to all and... to any one, the... put up foreshor... They did not... the only method... portant question... that in no event... be given away... gaged in the cau... opportunity to secure... of give the depu... They prom... give an answer

the Cannery Ass... omes representa... asked regarding... of the can... province. While... pressing an argu... of the negoti... that the recent... in lifting the... has tended to... capitalists, and... about investing... industry, until... it in reference to... tely announced... give all an equal... trap sites, it... a capital will... consolidation, but... to the particu... ment, the large... was available for... force will be divert... el.

NEWS

35th Regiment... y conductor... Millia orders to... nment of Major... of the field battery... assigned.

Duperon, chief... C. Dickson, sec... and trunk, has... the position... secretary-treasur... & Lake of the... any, with head...

Paralysis... 17-Rev. Dr... Presbyterian... is reported to... paralysis... admitted.

17-Conductor... has been com... C. B. to the Su... of causing the... Stewart, whom... fast freight came

GGING... Placed on Duty... of Alberta.

Steamer North... to alternate with... a daily service

Sir John Bour... in Victoria... afternoon with... men for Calgary... ill organize an ex... cessive smuggling... the United States

She will probably... have judgment... holding the Yukon... in Davignon vs.

seemed the only... bottle helped... own written testi... words by Jackson & Co.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS

Victoria Meteorological Office, 9th to 15th April, 1902.

The weather during this week has been mostly fair, with occasional showers, the latter being more pronounced on Vancouver Island than on the Lower Mainland. In Cariboo there was no precipitation and only a trace of rain about Kamloops. During the 9th and morning of the 10th, an extensive high barometer area spread over the Coast to this province, where it caused a clear night and sharp frosts, particularly on the Lower Mainland. This fine spell was followed by lower barometric pressure and showers. By the night of Friday, the moderate south-west gale prevailed on the Straits of Fuca, due to the passage of an ocean storm area across this province to the Territories. By the morning of the 12th, another high barometer area moved up the Coast accompanied by frosts in the Puget Sound district and the Lower Mainland. Saturday, Sunday and Monday were fair spring-like days, with a moderate south-west gale prevailing on the Pacific slope. Upon Tuesday, 15th, the winds became light and variable throughout the western portion of the coast and the temperature rose, abnormally high, reaching 66 on the Lower Mainland and Kootenay district, 50 in Cariboo and over 70 in the states of Washington and Oregon.

During this week, the weather has been comparatively mild, and practically no precipitation has occurred throughout the Territories and Manitoba.

Victoria—Brightest, 78; rain, 24 inch; highest temperature, 50.3 on 15th; and lowest, 34.0 on 11th.

New Westminster—Rain, 22 inch; highest temperature, 66 on 15th; lowest, 34 on 10th.

Kamloops—Only a trace of rain; highest temperature, 66 on 15th; lowest, 26 on 10th.

Barkerville—No precipitation; highest temperature, 59 on 15th; lowest, 19 on 10th.

The following is a summary of the weather for March, 1902.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Rain, Snow. Rows include Victoria, Beaver Lake, Goldstream Lake, Alberni, French Creek, Nanaimo, Tuckan, Kippis Island, Vancouver, New Westminster, Garry Point, Port Simpson, Fort St. John, and Nade Harbor.

At Victoria 116 hours and 18 minutes of bright sunshine were recorded; highest temperature, 58.9 on 31st; lowest, 30.2 on 10th; mean temperature for month, 45.41.

The total number of miles registered on the automobile was 1,124, and the direction as follows: North, 638; northeast, 478; east, 1,121; southeast, 877; south, 244; southwest, 1,873; west, 1,839; northwest, 220.

French Creek—Highest, 57.0 on 31st; lowest, 28.0 on 29th.

Nanaimo—Highest, 60.0 on 31st; lowest, 25.5 on 29th; bright sunshine, 116 hours and 36 minutes.

Keeper Island—Highest, 69.0 on 31st; lowest, 26.8, mean, for month, 42.10; frosty nights, 20.

Vancouver—Highest, 59.9 on 31st; lowest, 22.0 on 29th.

New Westminster—Mean for month, 41.55; highest, 63.7 on 31st; lowest, 25.5 on 29th.

Spring Ridge-Beacon Hill run, was the result of a painful accident. While chopping wood at his residence the axe slipped over a knot and striking his hand almost severed one finger and cut very deeply into two others. He is now undergoing treatment at the Jubilee hospital, and it is thought will recover without it being necessary to amputate any of the injured fingers.

The police have received a circular from three lodges of Snrohish, Washington, asking for information concerning the whereabouts of John Pupplet, locally known as the Ripper, who is missing. He is of English birth, age 35 years, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches in height, weight about 145 pounds. He is of spare build, light hair, has a mustache and blue eyes. He is of blond complexion and his face is pitted with smallpox marks. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, Foresters of America and A.O.U.W. Information of his whereabouts will be received by the branches of the above three lodges.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)—Shorter hours and larger pay will be demanded by the millworkers of Victoria after May 1st. They now receive \$4.50 for a day of nine hours, and they want \$5 for eight hours.

Rev. H. J. Wood has accepted the rectorship of the Church of Our Lord in this city, rendered vacant by the resignation of Bishop Ridge, and will take up the duties of the parish early in May.

The infant child of Sergt. Major Malcalny was seriously burned yesterday. A can of lye was accidentally overturned and part of the contents poured over the child's face, burning it severely and seriously injuring its eyes.

Should English capital be secured for the development of the Nicola Valley coal lands, the creditors of the Greenock estate are hopeful of securing a large dividend. The coal lands which contain 2,900 acres, were bonded to C. E. Law some time ago for \$350,000.

The funeral of the late James Marvin Applewhite, the young fireman who was killed last Saturday by a fall from a fire escape, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from St. James' undertaking parlors, Box Elliott St. Rev. Elliott St. will officiate. The funeral of the late James King will take place tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock from the Roman Catholic church.

As was expected, a very large congregation followed the remains of Maggie McDonald to her last resting place in the North Saanich cemetery yesterday afternoon. Many floral emblems of sympathy were present. The Rev. Dr. Reid conducted services at the residence and the Rev. Mr. Wimberly and Dr. Reid at the cemetery. The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. W. H. Brethour, A. R. Gyle and M. A. Thomas.

A vestry meeting was held at Christ Church cathedral yesterday, when the following officers were elected: Warden, A. J. Dallan, people's warden, Church committee—Messrs. E. H. Hiscocks, H. Kent, J. A. Hall, J. W. Laing, M. A. G. Taylor, Alex. Martin, J. S. Cormack, J. S. Campbell, Capt. Clarke and Capt. Richardson. Stewards—Messrs. H. Kent, E. H. Hiscocks, H. P. Hewitt, W. B. Gooch, J. Russell, R. Wallaston, J. B. Taylor, C. A. Taylor, C. Elkington and Capt. Clarke. Delegates to synod—Messrs. P. Wallaston, J. A. J. Dallan, Alex. Martin, G. A. Taylor, E. H. Hiscocks and J. S. Cormack.

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The inquiry was adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

SOUTH AFRICAN CONSTABULARY—A CAMP ON THE VELDT.



From Picture Loaned by Constable Blackstock.

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DAWSON DELEGATES ARE SATISFIED

NEW CHARTER FOR TREADGOLD SYNDICATE

All Objectionable Provisions Will Be Removed—Allen Liner Chartered as Transport.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, April 17.—Commissioner Ross, of the Yukon, was interviewed to-day regarding the results of the consideration given to the terms of the Treadgold concessions. Mr. Ross arranged an interview with Sir William Laurier and Hon. Clifford Sifton for the Dawson delegates immediately upon their arrival. The subject was pretty thoroughly discussed at the time and since then the objections have been under consideration. The Treadgold people have been here, and it is understood that from the first they were anxious to meet the views of Mr. Ross and to remove any ground of criticism from their franchise. The latter has now been settled to the satisfaction of all parties, the monopolistic rights respecting the furnishing of water and the closing up of abandoned claims are done away with. The charter is to be rescinded and a new charter is to be granted from which the objections raised have been eliminated. Mr. Ross informed the reporter that the Dawson delegates expressed themselves as quite satisfied.

A Transport. The Allen liner Corinthian has been chartered as one of the transports for the fourth contingent.

Telegraph Line Inquiry. At the public committee to-day J. Y. Rochester was further examined in regard to the payments made to him in connection with the Yukon telegraph line. The chief point discussed was as to what he paid the sub-contractor for the telegraph line, and what profit he made. He refused to tell this and the committee upheld him. Altogether Mr. Rochester received from the government, for poles and wire, \$10,000.

Leave of Absence. Judge Irving has not three months leave of absence.

The New Judge. It is understood that Margaret McAllister, of Dawson, will be the third judge of the Yukon territory which, when appointed, will form a court of appeals for the mining cases. Police Magistrate McAulley went to the Yukon from Belleville, Ontario.

Trans-Continental Road. The Trans-Canada Railway Company, which is for a road from Quebec to Port Simpson on the Pacific Coast, applied to the railway committee in New York to complete the road, which was refused. Mr. Talbot, M. P., said that 70 miles were located and 400 miles surveyed. The company asks for the right to use the Lake St. John railway, and also to enter into an agreement for leasing its road to that company, or to the Canadian Northern.

Bill Thrown Out. The Red Deer Valley Railway Company's bill for a railway from Red Deer to Calgary was thrown out on a vote of 34 for 25 against. This is Elias Rogers's road, which carries with it a large land grant.

Bell Telephone Bill. The Bell Telephone Bill was taken up in the railway committee to-day. An amendment by Senator Bequa, appointing a sub-committee to prepare a clause providing control of the rates and services to the Government-Council, was carried.

Dealing With C. P. R. In the House to-day, a bill was introduced by Hon. C. E. Bennett, providing for the sale of the Canadian Pacific railway. The bill is the outcome of a bill introduced in the House in 1900, which was granted to the Canadian Pacific railway to increase its capital stock by \$20,000,000. The bill provides that no part of this stock shall be issued at less than par. It also provides in what way the money is to be used. It further provides that the increase of stock shall not in any way affect the question of the control of rates. One of the provisions of the bill will be that the C. P. R. must spend \$9,000,000 in rolling stock.

ALL QUIET IN BELGIUM. A Number of Strikers Will, It is Stated, Soon Return to Work.

Brussels, April 17.—The strikers in the Liege district now number 40,000 and the strike at Verrieres has extended to all the surrounding communes. The striking miners at La Touviere, however, declared to-day that they would resume work shortly. At Herlet, 2,000 men have returned to work. Quiet prevails everywhere this morning.

Threw Down Rifles. Brussels, April 17.—A detachment of the civic guards on duty in the suburbs of Etterbeek became disgruntled yesterday evening on account of being ordered to fire on the heavy rain and protested against remaining under arms any longer. Several of the guards threw their rifles in the gutter and shook their fists at the officers' faces. This, however, was an isolated incident.

The civic guards generally are thoroughly reliable. On their behavior depends the tranquillity of the city. Prince Albert, son of the Count of Flanders and heir presumptive to the throne, will visit the city in the presence of the guards, it is presently held in readiness for emergency. The Prince declined a proposition to be replaced by a new corps. It is in consternation. News and an observation secured this morning made its position right, reception 23 hours 8 minutes 10 seconds. Declination north 27 degrees 23 minutes. The comet has a daily motion of about 3 degrees south-easterly towards the sun. This is the twenty-third comet discovered by Dr. Boesha.

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ing for God's sake save us. The government had promised they would bring down a bill embodying the terms of the agreement as it stood. It should be the House wait for a bill. If a referendum were taken on the subject, the people would vote against it. It was an utterly bad bargain for the province, and if so the government should not be kept in office longer than was necessary. The House should not delay a day in turning the government out of office.

The Speaker said 9 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

On the House resuming in the evening the motion of Mr. McBride was negative on the following division:

Nays—Messrs. McInnes, Stables, Gilmore, Hayward, Prentice, Dunsmuir, Eberts, A. W. Smith, Ellison, Houston, Wells, Prior, Hall, Rogers, Hunter, Martin, Dickie, Mounce—18.

Ayes—Messrs. Curtis, Munro, Tatlow, Green, McBride, Murphy, McPhillips, Fulton, Gordon, Gifford, Neill, Hawthornthwaite, Oliver, E. C. Smith, Kidd, Helmecken—10.

Messrs. Taylor and Clifford were paired.

Mr. Green moved the following amendment: That all the words "the province and its contracting" be deleted from the contract of the 1st of March, 1902, with the Edmonton, Yukon & Pacific Railway Company, contrary to its declared policy and without proper authority, forfeited the confidence of this House.

Mr. Martin held the amendment was out of order, but the Speaker ruled it in order.

A vote was taken without debate with the following result: Ayes—Messrs. Curtis, Munro, Tatlow, Green, McBride, Murphy, McPhillips, Fulton, Gordon, Gifford, Neill, Hawthornthwaite, Oliver, E. C. Smith and Kidd—15.

Nays—Messrs. Stables, Helmecken, Gilmore, Hayward, Prentice, Dunsmuir, Eberts, A. W. Smith, Ellison, Houston, Wells, Prior, Hall, Rogers, Hunter, Martin, Dickie and Mounce—10.

Mr. McBride's motion was negative on the same division.

Oriental Labor.

Mr. Stables moved: That in all contracts, leases and concessions of whatsoever kind entered into, issued or made by the government, or on behalf of the government, provision be made that no Chinese or Japanese shall be employed in connection therewith.

He commended the resolution to the House.

The Minister of Mines said the government was going to bring in a bill in the same direction together with one dealing with immigration. Perhaps the member for Cassiar would withdraw the motion.

Opposition members—No. The Minister of Mines—Or perhaps he would move the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Stables thought he would adhere to his motion. The government brought in the bill it might be desirable, whereas his bill would not. (Laughter.)

Mr. Curtis said this proved what an opposition member could accomplish. He had drafted the same resolution at a previous session and the government was opposed to it.

Mr. Martin—How about the leader of the opposition?

Mr. Curtis—Yes, and I am glad to see they have changed their minds. But I was sorry to see members of the old opposition moment or two ago voting against the motion.

Continuing, he said the government was accepting the motion not because they favored it, but to save their political lives. The count was 18 to 10.

Mr. McInnes said there were other counts coming down. He read from the Times of last evening when Messrs. McBride, Taylor, McPhillips and other oppositionists had voted against a similar resolution. He claimed Mr. Curtis had not drawn the motion the previous session. It had been drawn by Mr. McInnes.

Mr. Curtis said he had moved the motion and Mr. McInnes had afterwards incorporated it in a bill.

Mr. McInnes adhered to his contention, and said Mr. Curtis was the man to hide his light under a bushel.

Continuing, Mr. McInnes said he hoped this was the initiation of deliberate policy on the part of the House, which was practically the first step in dealing with the matter of Oriental immigration.

Mr. McPhillips held up Mr. McInnes as a strong example of consistency. Opposition members had certainly progressed along certain lines, and hence were consistent. But Mr. McInnes had started out as a champion of the poor man. Yet today he stood for interests which he had a year or two ago condemned. That gentleman had voted against an amendment offered by the Speaker leveled against the employment of Orientals in public works.

This Mr. McInnes denied.

Mr. Gilmore was glad to see some converts to the principle in the bill. He said that if Curtis had his way the House would not have got a redistribution bill. He held that the Nobis Five had, with the assistance of the government, got the Redistribution Bill.

Mr. Oliver pointed out that there was not one word of this safeguard of the interests of the people in the form of provisions for the exclusion of Orientals from employment on public works in the railway bill which the government was now fathering providing for an expenditure of \$2,000,000. (Applause.)

Mr. Murphy said the vote taken but a moment ago showed how consistent some people were.

Mr. Martin wanted to know what had happened to change Mr. McPhillips' views. The province had not altered in any way. Would he confess next session that he was still growing?

Mr. McPhillips—I am going forward, but you are going backward.

Mr. Martin said he had not changed one iota. He had not changed his views.

Mr. McBride—But you change your vote.

Mr. Martin said no member could point to any inconsistency.

Mr. McPhillips accepted the challenge. The honorable gentleman had just tested for the government in a bill in which there were none of these safeguards.

Mr. Martin said he would not be got of records in that way. He never had to consider how he should vote because he adhered to principles he had imbibed long before he came to the province.

Mr. McBride—Will you vote for the Railway Bill?

Mr. Martin—None of your business. You attend to your business and I'll attend to mine.

Mr. Martin proceeded to criticize Mr. McBride's position and to maintain his claim that he would have 23 supporters in the House. Mr. McBride, he said, was unable to understand the Martin's. There was a vacant portfolio, and they didn't even lay hands on that. They were supporting the government for the country's good.

Mr. McPhillips—You've got the patronage.

Mr. Martin—Yes, that's a sore point.

Mr. McPhillips—Do you know how we could get that patronage. By supporting the government like you do? It was in order to discuss the Canadian North-West Railway Bill before the House.

He charged Mr. Curtis with favoring the increase of the number of members to 49 while Mr. Taylor sought a change in the electoral riding. Mr. Curtis, he said, had corrected him, pointing out that he wanted Cariboo deprived of one member.

He also suggested that Mr. Munro did not know how to read the House. On the records being turned up he found that that gentleman had not voted on that matter, being paired. Mr. Munro asked him as a gentleman then to withdraw. Mr. Munro said he was willing to devote his attention to the member for Chilliwack.

Mr. McBride said he was a supporter of the resolution. Referring to the charge against his former position on the subject he said that resolutions regarding Mongolian legislation was piled in last session when, as Hon. Mr. Turner pointed out, it would seriously affect fishing and other interests. It was Mr. Martin, however, with carrying out of these principles, when he was Attorney-General and in a position to do so, the other side of the coin. He stated as Minister of Mines, in a number of instances exercised his authority in Cariboo and otherwise to prevent the employment of Orientals.

But what of the position of Messrs. Martin and McInnes, who had not only voted for a contract which involved giving away millions in money and lands, but permitted the employment of Orientals.

The Minister of Mines—No. You haven't seen the bill yet.

The leader of the opposition said this was another evidence of the minister's insincerity. He had told the people of Victoria that this was the contract with Mackenzie & Mann, and now he repudiated it.

The Minister of Mines—I said nothing of the kind.

Mr. Martin denied that this construction could be put on what he said.

Continuing, Mr. McBride again drew attention to the fact that the Minister of Mines was ashamed to have the senior member for Vancouver on his political platform in Victoria, but was glad to sit in the House and applaud the remarks of the senior member for Vancouver.

He also recalled the promise to Vancouver people that he would support no grant to railways when the interests of the people were not conserved.

Continuing, he said the Minister of Mines was ashamed to have the senior member for Vancouver on his political platform in Victoria, but was glad to sit in the House and applaud the remarks of the senior member for Vancouver.

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health officer that Dr. Fagan ordered the prosecution dropped. He had complained of the matter on January 24th, and it took Dr. Fagan until March 3rd before he had made any report on the matter.

Because Dr. McAlpine, the local medical officer, had not acted the way Dr. Fagan would have him act, was that any reason why anyone should disregard the quarantine? Dr. Fagan.

Mr. Martin commented on the fact that Dr. Fagan had been busy bringing down the bill, and read the Newstraveller's report of the court proceedings, and under the circumstances he did not think any good could come from going on with the committee. He would say, however, that Dr. Fagan's explanations were unsatisfactory. If he was to interfere with warrants by local officers it would bring the administration of the law into disrepute. He asked leave to withdraw the resolution.

Mr. McPhillips pointed out that Mr. Martin had withdrawn the resolution before he had attacked Dr. Fagan, an officer of high standing. He was anxious that this government would give the subject the most earnest consideration.

Mr. Martin held that Dr. Fagan had no jurisdiction over city health officers.

Mr. McPhillips said it was absurd to say that in closing the House he had attacked Dr. Fagan, an officer of high standing. He was anxious that this government would give the subject the most earnest consideration.

Mr. Martin held that Dr. Fagan had no jurisdiction over city health officers.

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Hon. Mr. Prentice said Mr. McBride's insinuation was mean and cowardly.

Mr. Oliver protested against the practice of interrupting speakers. It was getting altogether too common.

The Speaker advised Mr. Hall and Mr. Prentice to not interrupt the leader of the opposition.

Mr. McBride then continued. He censured the government for not having been more aggressive in encouraging the shipping industry, and under the circumstances they had better also turn this over to their man Greenshields. He suggested that the subject should be taken up with the Dominion government in a serious way, so that something tangible might result in the interests of the province.

Mr. Hall pointed out that Nova Scotia was applying to the Dominion government for aid for the industry with good prospects of success, and he hoped that this government would give the subject the most earnest consideration.

Mr. Prentice moved the Attorney-General with having made similar remarks last year when the resolution was introduced in the House as he did to-day. Evidently no progress had been made. This was a case of high-class stalling, almost that the Ottawa mission was fruitless. He urged that something be done to encourage the manufacture of iron in this country. The instance of the iron works in the United States without producing any revenue for the province.

Mr. Prentice supported the resolution, and it was then carried.

Second Reading.

The Pacific Northern and Ozarkia Railway Act Amendment was read a second time.

Hospital Bill.

When the Hospital Aid bill came up for report, Mr. Neill introduced the following amendment to section 4: "but provided that in special circumstances where the number of days' treatment is below 900, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant such sum less than \$500 as they may consider commensurate with the circumstances."

Mr. Prentice opposed the amendment, and it was defeated on a vote of 18 to 16. Mr. McInnes voted for the amendment. On motion of Mr. Clifford section 5 was read a second time.

Mr. Helmecken suggested the appointment of a provincial board of directors to oversee the administration of the hospital.

Hon. Mr. Prentice agreed with this suggestion, but said there were difficulties in the way of carrying it out. He suggested that the bill be amended to provide for the appointment of a board of directors.

From Cities.

The House then went into committee with Mr. Oliver in the chair to consider an act to amalgamate the cities of Grand Forks and Pultney in the province. The report was then adopted.

Boiler Inspection.

The act to amend the Steam Boilers Inspection act was then considered. In his opinion, the bill was not a desirable one. Several members told what they knew about engines and boilers.

Mr. Gilmore and the Chief Commissioner of the Department of Lands and Works, in reference to certain amendments. Finally the Chief Commissioner said he would accept Mr. Gilmore's amendments.

Mr. Prentice moved the following resolution: "That an order of the House be granted for a return of all papers and letters received by the government, and the receipt therefor, in connection with the proposed drainage of the Fraser river between Harrison river and Stevenson, and whether under the jurisdiction of either the Dominion or Provincial authorities, or both."

Mr. Wells said there was no such correspondence in the department. Mr. McBride said he understood that Mr. Prentice had considerable correspondence, and he urged that an engineer be sent there to look into the matter. As Mr. Wells said there was no correspondence he would not support the resolution.

Misleading Report.

Mr. Oliver moved the following resolution: "That an order of the House be granted for a return of all papers and letters received by the government, and the receipt therefor, in connection with the proposed drainage of the Fraser river between Harrison river and Stevenson, and whether under the jurisdiction of either the Dominion or Provincial authorities, or both."

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Shipbuilding.

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AGRICULTURAL

Every business seems to have its times of prosperity, and its times of adversity. For a number of years, Canadian horses met with a ready sale at good prices, and then all at once came a period during which even the best were scarcely salable, and inferior stock could hardly be given away. This state of things was due largely to over production, the indiscriminate breeding of unsuitable animals, and the substitution of electric horsepower for the horse.

The result was that the majority of farmers have given up the breeding of horses, and many of those who continued in the business, became careless in regard to the sort of stock they bred. The importance of high-class stallions, almost ceased, and the trade became generally demoralized. During the past two or three years, business has been gradually reviving. The scarcity of good horses, due to the cessation in breeding, caused a rise in prices, and the requirements of the army in South Africa, increased the demand. While this increased demand has benefited the horse raiser to a certain extent, there are some classes that are more profitable than others for breeders to raise.

The first question for the breeder to decide is what sort of horse will bring the best returns. Success in the breeding of live stock must be measured by the actual value of the products, and the profits that may be derived therefrom. The draft horse is undoubtedly the most profitable sort that the farmer can breed. Good heavy horses weighing from 1,500 upwards, and of good quality, are in great demand. Success in the breeding of live stock must be measured by the actual value of the products, and the profits that may be derived therefrom.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA LEGISLATORS

No. 18.

THE member for Cowichan is of Irish descent, but he has manifested few of the traits of the race in his public speaking, and his whole conduct is marked by a deliberation and caution which one would not associate with natives of the Emerald Isle with their descendants. His seat mate is Mr. Mounce, of Comox, and they are silent legislators.

Mr. Dickie is primarily a business man, and he forms his conclusions as such, and expresses them in his vote, leaving the expression of them in speech to those of his party.

He was born in 1858 at Brookville, Ont., and educated at the public schools and at a commercial college. He has for many years resided at Duncan, the pretty little town in the constituency which he represents, and has been a heavy investor in the mining activities. He has a great faith in the mineral possibilities of the district, and has been a heavy investor in the district, and has been a heavy investor in the district, and has been a heavy investor in the district.

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Victoria. He was re-elected a Conservative in consequence of the distribution Bill recently passed by the House becomes law, and in Digby Clifford re-elected to the next legislature.

Mr. Curtis asked that the telegrams be produced and that the commission be ordered to this effect. An adjournment was taken for half an hour to allow Mr. Curtis to procure the telegrams.

Wire Fence

The Canadian climate is not so well adapted to the raising of wire fences as it is in the States.

INCREASING

On the morning that the R.M.S. Moana on her way to Victoria, the steamer did not connect with the other steamer.

WEDDED

Miss Rachel Anne Bloomfield, and Mr. Greoch, of this city, conducted at 7 o'clock of quite a number of guests.

HEALTH

Says He Found Him a Five Years Ago. Mr. J. B. Bourke, of this city, who has just been cured of a long illness.

WITHDRAWAL FROM ROYAL COMMISSION

SEVERAL TELEGRAMS WERE NOT PRODUCED

Mr. Curtis Denies Colonel Report—Reasons For Withdrawal—The Code Cipher.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Cipher telegrams which passed between the government and Mackenzie & Mann and Mr. Greenshield played an important part in yesterday afternoon's session of the royal commission.

Mr. Curtis asked that the telegrams be produced and that the commission be ordered to this effect. An adjournment was taken for half an hour to allow Mr. Curtis to procure the telegrams.

Mr. Curtis pointed out that Mr. Wells had stated on the witness stand that he had no recollection of telegrams being sent to him.

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ing's Times, because read by the commissioner, they were all ruled out. Two are from Mr. McNeill, assistant to Mr. Wells, to Mr. Mann and to Mr. Greenshield.

The remaining three telegrams were from Mr. Greenshield to Mr. Mackenzie & Mann, and were ruled out because the commissioner said they were from a solicitor to his clients.

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stioner overruled him. Mr. Curtis then said if such evidence was to be ruled out must withdraw from the commission.

February 23rd, 1902. Greenshield & Greenshield, Montreal. In making remittance found it required special warrant, which has caused delay.

February 23rd, 1902. Mackenzie, Mann & Co., Toronto. I regret your inability to be here, and strongly suggest that Mr. Greenshield be instructed to act for you or make such arrangements in your interests as he considers proper.

February 23rd, 1902. J. N. Greenshield, on Train between Northport and Spokane. Do you arrive Victoria Thursday or Friday? Answer: W. C. WELLS.

February 23rd, 1902. J. N. Greenshield, Rosland, B. C. I write you immediately when and by what route you arrive here.

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not give him a ruling he could not give any one else. Mr. Wells then took the stand as he expressed his desire to make an explanation.

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HEALTH

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A COUPLE OF NEW STEAMER RECORDS

SOME REMARKABLE MARINE PERFORMANCES

Fast Work Done on the Queen Mary by Local Stevedores—Pueblo in Collision.

Two remarkable records were made in British Columbia waters yesterday that totally eclipse any heretofore attained. One of these, that of the Princess May, was mentioned in last evening's Times, the steamer having made the round trip to Skagway and return in five days and 20 hours—eight hours faster than the best time of the City of Seattle.

Both the old Yosemite and the lost Islander have very fast runs to their record, having made the trip under favorable circumstances in something like four hours and 15 minutes.

CONDITIONS AT THE BELLA COOLA COLONY

Philip Jacobsen Tells of the Progress Being Made—Proposal to Build New Road.

The Scandinavian colony at Bella Coola, established some seven or eight years ago, is in a very prosperous condition, according to Philip Jacobsen, one of its original founders, who arrived from that place on the Danube.

RUSSIA DANAAGED

A mishap is reported to have befallen the City of Puebla in Tacoma harbor on Tuesday night, which may interfere with her sailing date from here on the evening of the 18th.

BERTHA INVESTIGATION

The decision of the Seattle board of marine inspectors regarding the steamer Bertha's wreck, Capt. Bryant, the senior member, has stated, with reference to the investigation of the wreck of the Bertha, that the vessel was not a United States vessel.

INSPECTOR GOES NORTH

One of the passengers embarking on the steamer Tees at Vancouver was F. W. Richardson, steamboat inspector. He goes north to inspect the steamers Monte Christo and Hazelton, which will this season, as formerly, ply on the Skeena river between Port Essington and Hazelton.

PRINCESS MAY IN PORT

Steamer Princess May, the greyhound of the Alaskan fleet, came in this morning after completing a record voyage from the North to Victoria.

CANADIANS WON

Toronto, April 16.—A special cable says: "A crowd of 1,200 people assembled at Forest Gate to witness the lacrosse match between the touring Canadian team from Toronto and the Essex team."

THE RIFLE

At the annual meeting of the Nanaimo Rifle Association the following officers and committees were appointed for the ensuing year: President, J. D. Quinn; first vice-president, Wm. Richards; second vice-president, R. Kirkwood; secretary-treasurer, Geo. Pittendree; patron, Ralph Smith; M. P. and general referee, the patron, Mayor Menon; J. H. Hawthornthwaite, M. P.; W. W. B. McInnes, M. P.; Premier Dunsmuir; rank officer, W. D. Davis; range committee, W. T. McAllan; R. Kirkwood; T. Haslam; prize committee, R. Adams, W. J. McAllan, Geo. Pittendree. The thanks of the association were tendered to M. Robins for the assistance which he had rendered during the year.

BILLIARDS

SCHAFFER'S CHALLENGE. New York, April 16.—Jacob Schaffer, the world's billiard champion, has arrived from Paris, where he has been giving exhibitions at the Grand Academy.

BASEBALL

EASTERN LEAGUE. (Associated Press.) New York, April 17.—The annual meeting of the Eastern baseball league was held here to-day, with President F. T. Powers in the chair.

THE KING

SULLIVAN AND CORBETT. Denver, Colo., April 17.—The police will permit young Corbett to appear in a sparring contest in this city on May 23rd. Dave Sullivan will give a smoke at the Coliseum hall on that evening, and it is said Dave Sullivan will be Corbett's opponent.

ATHLETICS

MEET TO-NIGHT. A meeting of the Victoria West Athletic Club will be held in the rooms this evening, when business of the club will be discussed.

EXCLUSION OF CHINESE

Platt's Measure Adopted by the United States Senate. Washington, April 16.—The Pacific Exclusion bill, originally framed by the senators and representatives from the Pacific Coast states, met defeat in the Senate to-day, and its place was substituted as a measure offered by Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, extending the provisions of the present exclusion law, and applying that exclusion to all insular territories under the jurisdiction of the United States.

FOOT ELM CURES CHILBLAINS

It also preserves shoe leather and prevents the feet from getting sweaty and clammy. 18 powders 25 cents.

Provincial News

WESTMINSTER

Mayor Keary has received word that Andrew Carnegie would put up a \$15,000 public library building in New Westminster provided a suitable site and \$1,500 annually for maintenance.

NELSON

Miss Eva Booth, the head of the Salvation Army in Canada, will lecture on the 23rd inst. in this city, when there will be a great rally of local Salvationists and friends.

NANAIMO

The United States cutter Grant, with a distinguished party on board, including the directors of the Pacific Steel Co., Prof. Winchell, geologist of Butte University, Mr. Cosella, a millionaire of New York, who is interested in Mexican mines; the United States consul at Victoria and others called here yesterday on their way to Texada Island to inspect the properties of the Pacific Steel Co. and for pleasure.

KAMLOOPS

Robert Smith, commonly known around town as "Steddy," and who has been an inmate of the Provincial Home since 1897, died at that institution on Monday at the ripe age of 75 years.

VANCOUVER

The wedding took place in Kitox church on Monday night of Mr. Richard Jackson and Miss Henrietta Richardson. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John Reid, jr., in the presence of a few friends. Mr. Jackson is the master of the steamer Stampedee. He is a British Columbian, being born in Victoria some 29 years ago. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Annie Richardson, 1600 Pender street, and was born in Walthamstow, England.

Judgment was handed down in the Supreme court yesterday in the case of R. E. Mowat estate and re the municipality of North Vancouver. This was a determination whether an island at high water came under the control of the province of municipality, the owners paying taxes to both. Justice Irving says it came under the jurisdiction of municipality. The shore line, Justice Irving ruled, included the island in low water. It was decided to enter a team in the Canadian Military Rifle League. The H. Wells range committee, W. T. McAllan, R. Kirkwood, T. Haslam; prize committee, R. Adams, W. J. McAllan, Geo. Pittendree. The thanks of the association were tendered to M. Robins for the assistance which he had rendered during the year.

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WOOD'S GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE. Sold and recommended by all the leading druggists. It is a medicine discovered by Dr. J. C. Wood, of Lowell, Mass. It is a cure for all the ailments of the throat, chest, and lungs. It is a cure for all the ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a cure for all the ailments of the head and eyes. It is a cure for all the ailments of the skin. It is a cure for all the ailments of the nervous system. It is a cure for all the ailments of the system.

