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${ }^{\prime}$ TION GUODS ARE NOT THE NEWEST GOODS, THIS IS TRUE ESPECIALLY OF GERMAN GOODS, VERY MANY LINES OF WHICH ARE SHOWN FOR THE FIRS' TIME AI THE LEIPSIC EASTER FAIR, AND CONSEQUENTJY CANNOT BE FOUND IN IMPORT SAMPLES OFFERED ON THIS CONTINENT BEFORE EASTER.

A Member of our firm is visitING EUROPEAN MARKETS SPECIALLY FOR NEIF FANCY GOODS FOR THE FALL TRADE OF 1880.

OUR TRAVELLERS WILL WAIT UPON THE TRADE IN AMPLE TSME FOR AN INTELLIGENT SELECTION IO BE MADE TROM SAMPLE OF GOODS IN STOCK AND EN ROUTE-AND IT WILL BE OUR AIM TO SHOW THE CHOISEST AND NEWEST lines in canada.

YOURS RESPECTFULLY,
SMITH \& FUDGER.

48 \& 50 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, MARCH, 1885.


VOLOME I.


## THE LAFE MAJOR JOHN BROWN,

Of the well-known firm of Brown Brothers, stationers, account book manufacturers, bookbinders, \&c., Toronto.
He was born at Newcastle-nn-Tyne, England, in 1832, and came to Toronto with his parents in the
year 1846. When his father, the late Thomas Brown, commenced business as a bookseller and stationer, a business that has descended from generations in the family. Johm llrown for some time, when a lad, was in the employment of Eastwood \& Co., papermakers
and stationers, of this city, and was then engaged with his father and brother Thomas in the hookbinding business until 1856, "when the threo brothers, 'lhomas, John and Richard (the eldest of the three, Thomas, died a comparatively young man about sixteon years ago) succeeded their father under the style of Brown Brothers, as stationers, account book mamufacturers, bookbinders, dic., and by their combined business efforts soon got to a foremost position in the trade, and which thoy hare evor sinco maintained. Their business is one of the largest and most complete in tho Dominion, and it is known far and wide whatevar they undertako can be depended upon." Over twenty years ago when, owing to the war, Amorican goods advanced to such high prices, to tili a much needed requirement, they commenced the publication of oftice and pocket diaries, which they have continued ever since, increasing in interest every year, until now they amount to over 160 varietics. Subseguently the manufacture of wallets, satchels, and other leather goods was added to their other departments.

Major Brown was a man of the most kindly disposition, genial, large-hearted and open-handed, of great integrity and high honour, he could not condescend to do a mean or small action, had an intuitive perception of the just and true; a good business man, onergetic and constantly at his post, early and late.

Joining the voluntecrs as far back as 1854, he was a member of Major Brooks' Company No, 1, subsequently that forco was disbanded, the Queen's Own formed sume time afterwards taking in wany who had formerly teen enrolled in the older companics. In 1850 he was enrolled as a private in what is now Company A of the Queen's Own. In 1860 he obtained his commission as Eusign, and four years later was promoted to a captaincy, going to Niagara in command of No. 1 Company, doing frontier servico; here he remained during tine winter of 1864.5 . In the Fenian troubles of 66 ho took an active part, and was present in command of his company at Ridgeway on that memorable Gith June, when he proved himself not only a brave soldier but a warm friend to the men of his command. He obtained his Majority in 1866, and in 1870 retired, retaining his rank, giving has entire attention to their constantly increasing business. His retirement was made the occasion of a presentation and address at the hands of the officers of the Queen's Own, who in losing Major Brown lost one of the most popular officers of the regiment.

He ded July 7th, 1882, at his residence, Gerrard St., Toronto, after a long and painful illness, leaving a wife and five childron The two eldest boys are now grown up, and following in the same line of business as their late father.

The Father of Bhblomania. - There is a growing tuste for autnbicgraphies. We can scarcely put M. Panl Lacroix in that entegory, but we will give the critic's views of one who did not write his own biography. The father of Bibliomania is dead, the famous "Bibliophile Jacob," as he called himself, M. Paul Lacroix. Tho good Bibliophile had reached a patriarchal age; he was of Victor Hugo's genoration; he was one of those who fought under the banner of Hernani, and entered literature with Alfred de Musset, Sainte Beuve, and the nuthor of Les Misérables. They are almost all gone now, all but the master of them all, the immortal Victor Hugo. The Bibliophile, of course, did not in nny way enter into rivalry with the Master. If ever he wrote poetry, which we doubt, it has passed beyond tho memory of man, and disappeared among the withered romantic lenves, only known to collectors. Though his genius by no means lay in that direction the biblophile, when a young man, wrote a great many novols. Every one was writing much, inspired more or less by Scott, and by a general belief (to use, a vulgarism) in the duty of "making things skip." Classicism was over, the reign of passion at any price had come in, and the Bibliophile, too went in for passion. Romance, revel, theknightly wooer, the fair frail chatelainc, the ferocious and inopportune husband, doublets, trunk hose, rapiers, convents, jesters, duels, vaults, graves, and all the rest of the materials were as much at the command of the Biblophile as of his neighbours. He, too, could write idylls of guillotined ladies and dead don-keys-so, at least, says tradition, for only three words of the Biblophile's novels can be said to survico. These words are l'orgic echerelec, quoted by Thinphile Gautier, and those words are quite enough. The resi can be taken as read. Not fiction but erudition, biblingraphy, book collecting, and research were the forte of the Bibliophile. He well deserved his name, for no one loved books better, and wrote better about them. He could not compete with Rothschilds and the Leopold Doubles, Pixérécourts, or even Charles Nodiers of this world as a collector. He was not a rich man, but he was always on the spot, always had his oyes open, and his sale will probably be am.ong thic nost interesting of our time. He once picked up ior a few pence a copy of "Tartuffe", which perhaps had belonged to Louis XIV. himself. The Biblophile was at the head of one of the great public libraries of Paris, the right man in the right place. His most valuable books are doubtless his Bibliographie and Iconographie of Moliers, volumes of prodigious research, full of every possible information about all editions, translations, criticisms, biographies, portraits, and illustrations of the great comedian. These books of course have no popular interest, but they aro delightful to the lover of letters. As a critic and Biographer the Bibliophile was, perhaps a trille too ingenious, too ready with his conjectures, always clever, but now and then disproved by Time, and by later discoveries. But hypothesis has its talue and use in literary as in scientific research. The most generally pleasing of the Bibliophile's works are probably his great and richly-illustrated books on the Arts of the Middle Ages. Better reading, for the right class of students, was provided in lus gussiping papers of anecdute about books and men. These he scattered in magazines, in the pre-
faces of catalogues, and in other more or less obscure places. A collected volume would find its own fit public among those who liked to hear the ancient man's memories, and to revero that patrinrch of hard literary labour. The longer he lived the better he seemed to write ebout well-belovod books, that wore as dear to him as to Southey.

The Press of Finiand.-In one of the reports recently published by the Governor-General of Finland, an account was given of the Press of the Grand Duchy. This consists of fifty-four periodicals; twenty-four editod in the Swedisla language, and thirty in Finnish. The first newspaper published in the country appeared in 1771. and belonged to the former category. The second came out five years later, and was printed in the vernacular tongue. After this the Press grew rapidly, although up to 1840 the Swedish journals outstripped in number the Finnish. The researches, howover, of Elias Lomuret into the national literature and the publication of the Finnish epic, "Kalewala," gave a remarkable impulse to the vernacular, and Swedish-until then the langnage of the educated classes-began to be pushed into the background. At present the Swedish language still prevails in polite socioty, though to a less degree, and it is therefore in the towns that the IIctsingerors Dagblad, the Abo Posten, the Ostra Finnlumed, and other Scandinavian papers appear. The $C_{\text {rusi }}$ Shometar, the Sanansatiaja, and other Finnish journals with equally umpronounceable titles, appeal moro to the peasants and lorer classes, and they circulate chiefly in the rural districts. A feature in the vernacular Press is the cheapness of the newspapers. The Uusi Suometar, which appears five times a week, only costs 13 marks, or 103 ., a year, which is less than a half-penny a number. Its circulation is 6,500 a day-insignificant, iudeed, for a "daily" boasting of the "largest circulation"'in Finland, but then the whole population of the province is barely $2,000,000$ people, and these are scattered over a superficial area twice as large as that of this country. At Helsingfors soveral illustrated papers appear weekly; at Jyvaskyia there are three reviews and a schoolmaster's journal, and in the southern districts every village has a readiug club that subscribes freely to the Press. In 1883, when the use of Swedish as the officinal language was abolished, and the vernacular compulsorily employed throughent the Duchy, the support accorded by the Government to the Swedish newspapors was withdrawn, and its transfer to the national Press gave a fresh impulse to the literature ennobled by the poetry of the late Jolm Rumnenberg, the Tennyson of Finland.

A Rusblas Acthor's llabits of Work. - Now that "Stepniak," the author of "Underground Russia," has a new book under way, some account of his manner of work will not be uninteresting. That he writes with the utmost conscientiousness and care is at once seen by the readers of his book. "He writes slowly," says a writer in the London Wurld, "and polishes with poetic care; there are whole chapters of his 'TVdergromed Russia' which were written and rewritten six times, and even then sent to the printer with relnctance, so far from perfection did they secm. The simplest parts-the meralisings, elucidative and didactic expositions-
were precisely those that gave him the most trouble: he could never mako his meaning sulficiontly clear, his arguments sufficiontly telling and easy of comprohension. The portraits, skotches, and descriptions came easier to him, but oven some of these were several times recast before assuming their fimal shape. For the life of him, Stopnink conld not work regularly and methodically, as, for instance, Anthony Trollope was wont to work. Like all men of nervous temperament, he is more in the vein at some times than at others, and, thongh the reverse of a desultory worker, ho writes by fits and starts. But the fits are of frequent oceurronce, and when he finds one coming on, ho places himself under what he calls the regime litteraire. He goes to bed at midnight, rises at two, and plies his pen without surcense-save for refreshment, which he takes as he writes-mintil noon. Then he sleeps for about three hours, when he again sets to work, and, until midnight, gives himself only one or two short spells of rest. This goes on for five or six days a week, or until the task he has set himself is accomplished ; and white it is in progress he drinks onormons quantitios of tell and coffee, the one as black as the other. Unly a man of iron constitution, and of otherwise temperate habits, could long endure such a literary regime as the late editor of the Norodnuia Volia has devised for himself. Like a good many other people, Stepniak finds the begiming of a book, an article, or a chapter the most difficult part of a writer's work. He seeks an effective opening, and it is generally some time before he gets fairly into his stride."

A Cmsese Work.-The North Chime Herald says that the last number of the illustrated Chinese periodical issued from the Tion Shih Chai is a soal work of art. The drawing is most elaborate, and the scenes depicted bave the merit of great originality. A Chinese artist, indeed, would be without one of the most important essentials of his trade if he lacked imagimation and inventiveness. For instance, one of the pictures represents a lady and gentleman -foreigners, of course-undergoing the ceremony of divorce. At a table behind a sort of mixed court railing sits a stout person with his hat on, while in front of him stand the unlucky pair. The lady with bowed head, is placing her hands on the shoulders of a ba'd gentleman, who, stooping with his hands on his knees, looks the picture of shame. Then wo have a terrible subject very realistically pourtrayed-the burial alive of a rebellious son. The wretched boy kneels at a short distance from his own grave, which is being dug for him by several choerful-looking coolies; on one side is a group of village elders, headed by a very venerable old man, who appears to be conducting the solemnity, while on the other there are a mumber of respectable-looking women, one with a baby in her arms, who form the congregation. The landscape in the background is rural and pretty, and this enhances the horror of the whole scene. There is also a napital, but strongly idealised, view of tho ships at Wousung, with the forts; an amusing presentiment of some imaginary French defeat, in which a French standard-bearer is represented standing upright, still grasping the flag, though his head lies on the ground beside him, having been sut off at one hlow by a truculent-looking genius behind, who appears to be executing a war dance; a most elaborate
picturo of the periodical elephant washing at leking, in which the figures and grouping are masterly; $\mathfrak{n}$ very pretty and characteristic scono in a Buddhist temple courtyard, and a fow others of lessor interest.

## ADVICE TO ENGLISH STATIONERS.

Ir is wise for the provincial stationer to exhibit some of his best stock is short time before Valentine's Day, a short tme before Easter Day, or even a short time before Christmas Daty; but he would not think of showing a Christmas card in his window at midbummer. Ho will not show Easter cards at Christmas because they are out of season. But birthday cards are never out of season. At the same time, it is unwise to keep in the window or ghass cuse on the countor the best birthday cards. They get stale in the oyes of would-be customers. I'heir novelty goes farther and farther away every time the eye rests upon them. The mode of dealing with Christmas cards should be different to that of birthday cards. In the first instance, a large glasy case with clever novelties will canse hundreds of cards to bo sold during the two weeks preceding and one week succeeding Christmas Day. It does not do to let the customer say, "Oh, I have seon that design so many times. Have you nothing that is new ?" Nor does the present gain in favour when the recipient says, "I have noticod this in Mr: Jones' window so many weeks, and ho's got a customer for it at last." lemember -tho design which has not before been seen will be the best appreciated.

The " Mizpah" ring of the past is now attached to many apropos gifts of the present, and the minterpretation, "The Lord watch between mo and thee when we are absent one from another," would seom to have voice to many individuals. In any way, pencils, penholders, inkstands, work boxes, writing desks, otc., with that magic word "Mizpah" upon them, soll well, and, in reality, sell for more money with less intrinsic valuo than the old-fashioned articles Fhich perhaps were formerly favourites. These kind of goods are useful ns "Stock-in-I'Irade." The attractive article leads on to the sale of inore general goods, which are required every day, and thus increase the business of a local stationer. At the present moment the "Mizpah" grods are on the ascendent, and are really a good line for any stationer to take up.

As we have often urged beforo, the local stationer should aways have new stuck to the front-new samples we mean-and withont these now samples very little husiness can be done. People in these competing days judge of a stationcr's enterprise from very small premises. Two hadies may visit the shop. Thoy want something new in birthday cards. They don't find it, and they never believe in that stationer. afterwards, but take their commissions for other articles where they com really tind modern designs and modern art.

There is a lnxity in provincial tradesmen which tonds to their loss in trade. Novelties tell, novelties lead to an extension of trade, and novelties tend to make the stationer an accepted pioneer in the work
of advancement. The world is progressing; the stationer in the provinces should progress too. It is too much the custom to say, "My father succeeded under such an arrangement. Why should not I succeed \}" It will not do. 'The provincial stationer must look ahead. The provincial stationer, if he succeeds at all, must place in his window modern thought and modern designs; and if behind the scenes he has ancient notions to suit the ancient minds of his customers, he must not exhibit them. He must cry "Excelsior!" and the very word will find him now customers and carry him through many difficulties. Those who do not advance are apt to fall back. -The British and Colonial I'rinter and Stationer.

Dumng; the cleaning out of the old Ivy Mills in Choster County, Pa., which is said to be tho oldest paper mill in the United States, a quantity of paper was discovered in a very good state of preservation, which had been made by hand about one hundred years ago. It is regarded as a great curiosity, as nothing like it can be found in the market at the present time.

In an article on "The Growth of Bombay industries," the Bombuy Gasette says :-"Papermaking is an industry which has for many years been favourably regarded by enterprising capitalists, but the chief obstacle is the difticulty in obtaining a site where a sufficient supply of good water could be had. The only paper-mill in Bombay is a small one at Girgrum, which turns out about $1,600 \mathrm{lbs}$ of paper, of a quality suitable for native account books, every day. All the production is sold at remmerative prices, but the supply of water has been restricted to a well, and this limits the production. There is a paper mill at lucknow which pays regular dividends. The Bally mills in Calcutta, have been established for many years and pay 10 per cent. Some new papermaking establishments are about to bo started at Lake Fife, near Poonah, and at Karakwasla, on tin banks of the Mutha"

Parea is coming to the front as a substitute for wood in the manufacture of flooring, and a very meresting test of its titness for the purpose has been made recently by its adoption by skating rinks. We have seen a report of the experiment of its introduction into a large skating rink in Indiamapolis, Ind. . where it has been practically tested, and thousands who have skated on its smooth surface are said to have pronounced it to be admirably adapted to the purpose. By the system of manufacture adopted, the whole floor is made as smooth as a sheet of ice, there being no seams that can be seen or felt; and, in addition, there is an inherent adhesive quality in paper which prevents any slipping of the rollers. These lloors will undoubtedly become very popular.

Ir is said that the paper made in imitation of a hem-stiched handkerchief has been one of the most selling novelties in the line of papers this season.

Oparpicent bevel-edged eards are among the late ideas in the fancy card line. They got their namos from the fact that they have all of the changes of colour peculiar to the opal.

## SPECIMEN PAGE OF PELOUBET'S BIBLE DICTIONARY.

## ARB

"the city of Arbnh" is always rendered elsewhere. Gen. 35 : 27.
Ar'bathite, a native of the Arabah or Ghor. [Ababaif.] Abi-albon the Arbathite was one of David's mighty men. 2 Sam. 23:31; 1 Chron. 11:32.
Ar'bite, a mative of Arab. Inarai the Arbite was one of David's guard. 2 Sam. 23:35. are of in the tenth year of his reign, or the erected at Rome, and still remaining ininth according to Dion Cussius, i.e. A.v.


Arch of Titus at Rome.
there, to commemorate the conquest of Judea and the destruction of Jerusalem by the emperor Titus. It was erected alter his death, a.n. 91, by the senate and people of Rome. It was a magnificent structure, decorated with bas-reliefs and inscriptions, and is of especial interest because its historic bas-reliefs rep. resent the captors carrying in trimmph to Rome the golden candlestick and saered utensils from the Jewish temple at Jeru-: salem. From these we obtan our hest idea of their shape. FED.

Matt. 2:22, but only that of ethmarch. 6, a complaint was preferred mgainst him by his brothers and his subjects on the ground of his tyranny, in consequence of which he was bunished to Vicme in Gnul, where he is generally said to have died.


Archery. [Anms.]
Ar'chevites, jerhaps the inhabitants of Erech, some of inhabitants of Erech, some of
whom had been placel as colonists in Samaria. Ezra 4:9.

Ar'chi. Josh. 16:2. A place in the neighborhood of Bethel, on the boundery between Eph-
raim and Benjamin. It desig. on the boundery between Eph-
raim and Benjanin. It designates a chan perhaps originally
from Erech in Babylonia, of nates a chan perhats originally
from Erech in Babylonia, of which IIushai was one. [ABCHITE.)

Archip'pus (master of the horse), a Christian teacher in Colosese, (ol. 4:17. called by St. Paul his "fellow soldier," 1phil. 2. Ife was probably a member of Philemon's family. (A.D. 62.)
Ar'chite, The (as if from a place mamed Erech, on the frontiers of Ephraim), the usual desigmation of David's friend Inshai. 2 Sam. 15: 32; 17:5, 14; 1 Chron. 27:33.
Architecture. The book of Genesis. $4: 17,20,22$, appears to divide munkind into two great claracteristic sections, 51 emp.)

Archeln'us (prince of the people), son of IIcrod the Great by a Samaritan woman, Mnlthake, and, with his brother Antiphs brought up at Rome. At the death of Herod (n.c. 4) hiskingdom was divided between his three sons, IIerod Antipas, Archelaus and Philip. Archelans never properly bore the title of kingr

## ghoolis and fotions,

## MONTHLY JODRNAL,

## DEVOTED TC THE INTERESTS OF THE

##  <br> OF CAINADA.

## PUBLISHED THE FIFTEENTH OF EVERY MONTH

## OEPICIE :



All Letters and Communications intended for publication must bo sent in not later than the sth of each month.
Subseribers will oblige ly informing us at onee of any irregulari. ties in delivery.
J. J. DYAS, Publishar.

Tue reply of the Publishers of School Readers to our challenge in the Fobruary number to dispute our figures, as to the profits has been a very eloquent one-Silence.

Ouis.-Among the many noble fellows who are now in the North-West "For Qucen and Country" are three of the staff of the Toronto Nows Co., Lieut. A. M. Irving, of tho loth, W. Sawyer, Queen's Own, and J. Skaith, of the Body Guard.

Capt. Thomas Brown (Brown Bros.) is another representative of the Book Trade who has "gone to the wars." May glory crown them.

Complaist is made that School Books are disposed of to dry goods dealers and others not ongaged in the Bork Trade. To the village dealer this is very injurious. It would be well for the wholesale trade to carefully consider this matter and try to remedy the evil.

Tut: Mertal. Nens Co. which promised so much, and of which so little was expected, has ceased business.

Tus: New York Newsdealers are not yet satistied with the discount allowed by the Merald, and continuo to sell that papor at 3 cents.

A Compamson.-A druggist the other day said, "I would be quite satisfied to get 20 per cent. off on some linos; many articles I have to sell very close." Granted. Yet the profits on others are very large, and properly so, because the gross sales of drugs is comparativoly small. Not so with the bookseller and stationer. He is in the predicament of having to sell the great bulk of his goods at small margin, and theroforo the reduction of discount on school books of even 5 per cent is to him an important item. Formerly thore was a fair profit on books as pointed out by "An old Booksellor" in last issue, but now with the chenpening of atandard works to ridiculously low prices, it requires a great many sales to make any profit worth speaking of, in fact were it not that the people must have the cheapest or go elsewhere, the bookseller would be better off to leave the Franklin Syuare class of books entirely alone.

Another and most important matter to the Bookseller, and one which deprives him of a large amount of profit, is the interference of other trades with his legitimate business. Of late we have had in Dry Goods stores and other places Christmas cards and other similar lines, old goods it is truc, last year's remnants, but originally bought under price and in many cases sold at bare cost as a bnit wherewith to draw customers for othor goods. We hear that the wholesalo dry goods houses in Toronto that have imported these goods and sold them indiscriminately, are going to withdraw from this line of business. We are afraid the news is too good to be true.

The Ontamo Boonshilers' Assoclation.-Slander does not leave alone the good repute of the Ontario Booksollers' Association. 'Tho iden is being whispered round that the Association is but the creature of a couple of wholesale houses, because, forsooth, these two houses united with the retail trade in protesting against unjust discount. Never was slander more false. The Association was formed by Retailers for Retailers and Retailers' rights; is ofticered by men who would scorn to be subservient to any house, and whose effort is to placs the trade of Ontario on an independent basis. And this does not necessarily conflict with the interest of the Wholesale dealers. What benefits the customer makes him a more reliable man to whom to sell.

Sicwar Parers. - We in no way advocate Sunday work. Leaving aside the great question of the first day of the week as a religious holiday, and that is param unt, the need of complete rest is absolutely necessary for the relief of body and mind. But the re are occasions when Sunday work is allowable,
and when, as in the commencenont of the ngitation consequont on the rising in the North.West, all excopt one of the daily papers in Toronto issued Sunday editions, we do not know that there was any great wrong in it. On the contrary, with the intenso excitement in the city, and the greed for reliable nows, the conduct of these papers was not only justitiable, but praiseworthy. We have no more fear of regular Sunday papers than we have of a rebellion once a week.

Newsumazas should be very carefil how they take up new papers to soll. In Toronto a scurrilonis sheet has found its way into somio of our best nows stands, and dire is the wrath of some of the subjects of abuse.

Portraits (3) of journalists have been the principal attraction of the paper, and many a Toronto soldior will rejoice in the revenge on these same jourmalists for the carpenter manufactured wood cuts of our heroes that have ornamented our dailies.

More objectionable than being on nowsidenlers' counters has beon the constant yelling of the newsboys, and the thrusting in the face of the passer-by of the filthy sheet. The Detroit plan of licencing the newsboys is a capital one. The fee for a badge is a mere trifle. No boy can sell a paper on the street unless he has this badge, and it is forfeited if he tries to dispose of objectionable papers. At least one dirty sheet was thus compelled to stop.

Reab and Profit.-Our valuable exchange, "The Stationer, Printer, and Fancy 'Trades' Rejister," says:-
"We should like our friends to address us on any subject interesting to their fellows and to the trade at large. We never could understand why a trade journal should do all the original matter ont of its own resources, and its subscribers do nothing in return. There must be many grievances, doubts, ideas, and suggestions, that are known only to one or other of our friends, young and old; and which, if they would only inform us what they are, we perhaps could do sonething in helping to solve, or to ventilate. Never mind whether you can write cloquently or otherwise: we can do the editing if you will supply the facts. You might make this journal very interesting mdeed, if yon would only act in this say : try. Fill our cohmens with your letters if you like; we shall, be the more pleased, the oftener we hear from you."

One of our great complaints is that the above sug. gestion never seems to occur to our friends. While appreciating Books ano Notrons that appreciation can be best shown in from time to time writing us on points of interest.

Interingence reaching us by the 8 th of the month will be in time for the current number.

## WHAT EXPERIENCE HAS TAUGHT ME.

A Sure Way to Sucers.-Do you remomber when you first commenced business, the first day you opened, the first weok, the first month, the first yoar, how thankful you were when a customer came and bought a vory small article? With what caro you sorved that lady, your face lit with thankfulness, because sho patronised you? How anxious you wore to get along, how you courted trade and by your courtesy and attention to your customers you got their pationce and good will? Why depart from this safe and sure way, why because of yourgetting along and doing a good trade, neglect the principles that brought you business? If you could only retain the same civility, thankfulness and promptness, that yon had the first year, sou would bo in a position to pay cash and have your stock paid for.

A New Experimert.-Take a littio money every day (for then you will have it,) out of your business oven a small amount and lay it by as a reserve fund, get into the way of laying up a little monoy now and then, not much at a time to be sure, but form this habit, even one dollar a day will be $\$ 300$ in a year. Get together a little ready money, got strong, get a rest outside of your business, don't allow your profits if any to be in old shop worn books or book debts, take the money out even if it makes you hard up, because this will compel you to collect your accounts and keep you from buying too mueh now stock to the great injury of the old stock in hand. If you don't take your profits out or a portion of them you will have nothing ontside of your business, nothing to fall back on. Try it. Commence even with a small amount. Get a Savings Bank account, your banker will like it, he will seo you are saving. Your credit will improve, you can buy cheaper, you will have a better heart to do business. 'Tis not so hard as you think, don't try or want to do tco much at once, little by little is the sure way. Form the habit.

An Olid Booksellar.

## 

Tononto. - Business is not brisk. There is a iair average trade being done by travellers on the rond, though many are still at home not anxious to try the muddy roads to the out-of-the-way places. Already Christmas card orders are being taken. Dealers should be careful in solecting. A good line will be almost sure to sell, but commonplace goods are in danger of being lofl over. The demand for better cards and better lizes of fancy goods for holiday trade is spreading. In England, during the last Christmas holidays, good goods were" sold out" and could not be repleuished. In Toronto those who had the best lines of goods had the most satisfactory trade. Some time, as is the case already in valentines, there will be a great falling off for the flimsier kind of jresents. Buy cautiously.
'the excitement in the North West has caused a boom in printiny paper. In all centres the circulation of the leading papers has greatly increased-one noted paper claims to have donbled.

- Collections are fair, better than would be maturally
exnected frum the comparative dulness of the past; couple of months.

Stocks are not as luw as we supposed last month. : There are more than enough of albums in almost ; overy book store. Of general goods there is enuagh for surrent wants. All agree in predicting a fair spring and summer business.

Winnipeg and west, except in the immediate neighbourhood of the rising, were at last reports, undisturbed in trade.

## UNITED STATES.

The Outlook of the Sping. -The country has survived the fever of another Presidential election and the shock which a change of administration and of party is supposed to bring, and there is little in the political atmosphere to cause alarm in the breasts of the strongest adherents of one party or the other. There are important guestions of currency and revenuo yet to be solved, whose solution will indeed greatly affect the course of trade for better or worse ; but the waste of political agitation is behind us, and there is good reason to feel that the country is ready to start forward, from the present basis of "bed rock," on a new career of business prosperity.

The indications, so far, do not show that the tide has yet furned to the flood; we are rather at that moment when the ebb hass stopped and the flood has not fairly begum. It is doubtless true, however, that the country will not be much longer kept back from its natural csurse of recuperation, and in the booktrade, cantion on the part of publishers will not hinder. but will help. It is more important to sell great numbers of good books than to puhlish great mumbers of now vnes. The announcements of publishers in this Spring Number are not great in mumber, but it will do no harm to the retail trade if it uses the opportunity to make the most of the sufficient supply of books the publishers' lists already furnish. Stocks are undoubtedly low and orders are not speculative in fact, scarcely speculative enumh. but based on fair assurance of orders. Publishers who recognize that the day is one of cheap books, and who put their goods before the public with the least possible fictitious expense, are likely to net the best of the prosent market, and we irust that with the revival of business we shall have an adherence to sombl methods of dealing. - Pullishors' Werkly.

Tine Stathoneri Mahket.-As a whole, the market is dull, but perhaps not m.re su than is expected at this time of the jear. The manufacturers are looking back at the seasun's work, and are making comparisons. which, as a general rule, are not unfavourable. The fancy stationery men appear to be satisfied with tho result of their wark and feel highly encouraged. They are casting: ahout for novel and striking ileas which may he worked into pretty and taking forms, and some of them promise that next season's zoods will far outshine thise of this seasom. The "Prugressive Enchre" crase has struck the bast, and the fancy stationers are reapling the benefit. There is still a good demamel for seiling was and seals, a fact which has cuased surprise to many of the dealors, who supposed that at hest it wouhd he only a short-lived "whim." Shaple goods do not show any improrement, and while a fair anmont of busi-
ness has beon dune during the seasun, the tutal results are nut very flattering. Patented novelties are in good demand and do nut seem to care whether the season ends or not. They so right along just like other munupolies. Blank-buok men are quiet, and say they will bo until June, when they will begin to sell for fall trade. Cards continue in very good domand, both for fancy and staple stock.-4merican stationer.

Our latest English exchange says: "In regard to trade in general, it has been looking up the last three weeks, and the orders for correspondence cards with envelopes in boxes have been immense. This is really one of the greatest features of the spring trade, and increasing week by week."

## 雨rave 啠otices.

COOKS AUTOMATIC POSTAL SCALE.


We have a decided novelty this month an Letter Scales represented in the preceding illustration, and wheh are designed at unce to meet a need fur somethins simple, convenient and correct for postal weighing. The novelty consists in the Self-adjustin!! Wichlets and Registeriney Lial, giving instantly the weight of article, and anmout of postage to be paid. A single indicatur tells the whole story by means of four curcles of accurately divided spaces, properly figured. The exterior circle shows the weight by half ounces; the next, the postage refuired for letters, the thard, that for book post; and the inner niret. indicates the cost of parcel post. The dial is marked up to cight ounces, thus doing away entirely with small weights that wero so liable to be lost. With each scale is furnished a half pound weight, and additional weights can be supplied when required. This we are safe in stying is the most complete Postal Scale that has been ever put in the market and we predict a large sale. The enterprising stationers, Hart $\mathcal{A}$ Company, 31 and 33 King Street West, Toront", are the sole arents for Camada. The dial of the seale gives the amomet of postage in Canadian pinstal rates.

Cumamas Camis. Some of the leading manufacturers of Christmas Cards and Nozelties have already placed their samples for the coming season before the Canalian trade. Amony these are the mensurably new. but wonderfuily successful tirm of Wirth Brothers and Owen, of London and New York, ior whow. Messrs. W. Wirsick and Son of this city
are sole agents for Canada. The great point viowed by Christuas Card mumufacturers is novelty, and thes firm's success is in a grent measure the result of their new idens introduced to the market just at the proper time. Thoy were among the tirst to introduce frosting, and in t!eeir new cards frosting plays an important part. This year, one of their improvements, viz., the substitution of heavy silk cord for fringe, will no doubt be a good success. Silk fringe has now done duty for four years mad the public want a change. Their line of plain frosted cards is over 150 . These again may be had, fringed or doublo fringed, corded or doublo corded, or mounted. The mounts this year are unigue. Thoy are shaped in frames, panels and banners and scented satchets. The materials used in the mounts are satin, silk, chenille, plush and swansdown, and as a further enrichment, a special line is manufactured with sprays of holly, ivy, or mistletoe attached to the nount. The designs of the pictures are all sensonable, being entirely winter scenery. The best selling liues will probably be the perfuaced satchets in silk and satin, and the satin mounts with silk cord binding. Altogeiher the assortment is a very fine one, and ilessrs. Warwick should secure heavy orders.
"Buannox" writes us, in answer to a query, that his figures as to expenses of a book store in Manitoba are based on the same sales as those named by "Old Bookseller" namely about $\$ 20$ a dry.
No. 1 of the Ilnestrated War Neus published by the Grip Publishing Co., has had an enormous sale. With the exception of the imaginary picture of the battle of Duck Lake, it is a very creditable produc-
tion. tion.

A New Dodge is being perpetrated by a man in Toronto, who, having got hold of empty ink bottles, having held Stephens' ink, has filled them with some vile stufl, and is selling them as the genuine Stephens'.
Selasy \& Co., Toronto, who have been doing their wholesale business at a disadvantage, owing to their distance from the centre of the city, intend moving into new premises, No. 28 Wellington St . East, on the first of Mra: They offer their retail business for sale, now being carried on at 344 Yongo St. It is a good opening for a thoroughly practical man.
Stile, Growinti-The manufacturers of the Shannon Letter and Bill Files, finding that they camot give proper attention to the numerous retail dealers, have made arrangements with The Barber \&e Ellis Co. Brown Bros., W. Warwick © Son, and Buntin, Reid \& Co., of Toronto, and Buntin, Gillies \& Co.. of Hamilton, to handle the greater part of the goods they manuficture. The first years business of the present manager, Mr. Lash, has just closed and has been very satasfactory. The demand for their cabinets has exceeded their expectations.
Chones. - We are in receipt, through the Toronto News Co., of L. Prang \& Co.'s handsome circular announcing their Christmas and New Years cards, \&c. They have excelled themselves in the production of this elaborate bit of haud-made velum paper, rough edged, and printed in red and black. A handsome picture of the "Babe in the Manger" adorns the artistic amonncement. It is certainly the handsomest trade circular we have seen.
J. S. Robertson \& Bros., Whitby and 'Ioronto have sold out their retail store at Whithy to Messrs. Stafford \& Willcox, the former an employe of the firme for the last six years They retain the 'loronto business as it was and will derolop more fully thonpublishing and subscription book departments, retainmg their headyuarters at Whitby.

A Pen Picture of Edwamd Everett Hale."A tall, trapper-like man, with a swinging gait, dressed in plain clothes, and wearing a soft slouch hat ; a canny face, bearded and tanned, and plowed into deep wrinkles and furrows; shoulders slightly stooping, as if supporting some great burden; eyes that see overything around them, and yet seem to be gazing invard or far away; voice sonorous on the rostrum, yet gentle in conversation; and the whole manner of the man breathing a compassionato holpfulness which both inspires affection and invites confilenco,-such, in outward savour and effluence, is that hard-toiling preacher and anthor, Edward Everett Hale; a genuine democrat and typical American, if there ever wore such."-The Century.

## BUSINESS FOR SALE.

That well known and lone established lbook and Stationery business. 34.t Yonge Street, 'loronto.

Owing to the subscribers retiring from tho retail trade, they are prepared to receive offers for the purchase of stock. Stock about $\$ 4,0 n 0$, which can be considerably reduced. Store can be leased at a low rental.

SBLBY \& (0.
344 Yonge Strect, Torinto.

## TO THE BOOR TRADE.

A FULI SURMI OF THE FOLLOWING ROOKS :-
MOIRS' BRITISH HISTORY NOTES Prier, lire nver $\pi 0.000$ sold. MOIR'S MAP GEOGPAPHY-I'rice ${ }^{2}$ ER.
MOIR'S CANADIAN HISTORY NOTES Price, 10 c
examination papers in arithmetic he Mcincanmos. Mass.
IPriee lis.
At Mersrs. Wim. Warwiek \& Son and Copp. Clark \& Co, Toronto.
11. Fret, SHARI, Publisher, St. Marys.

## WM: BARBER \& BRO'S,

## PAPER MAKERS,

GEORGTETOUN, ONTARIO.
BOOK, NEWS ANI GOLOMED PAYERS.
JOFIN R. BARBER.
JULIAN SALE \& CO.
MANUPACTGRKg: (or

## Ladies' Satchels, Purses, Eocket Bootes, \&

To the Wholesulc Trade only,
169 BLEEKER STREET, TORONTO.

## 

The Centinnialiof the Setthement of Uprei Ca-! saba by rap Cemeb Emphe Luyabists, 17841884. Rose Publishing Co., Toronto.

This is a full and accurate account of the neetings to celebrate the Centennial at Adolphustown, Niagara, and Toronto, and contains some eloguent speeches recounting the deeds of those whu for their love of Britnin's laws made wany sacrifices to reside under the dear old flag. The book is worthy of attention, particularly at this time, when the martial spirit so pervades our people.
Mabionif: Daw, and other stories. Thomas Bailoy Aldrich
My Sumer in a Gamona. Charles Dudley Warner. Houghton, Mifflin © Co., Boston. Williamson \& Co., Toronto.
As amounced last month, these two volumes (the first of the Riverside Aldine Series), have been issued, and give us a flavour of the treat in store. Neither of the books are new to us, but it seems that much as we relished both, originally in The Athentic, the dainty form of the volumes and the admirable style in which they are produced give new zest to the light reading in both; light but not frothy even as the bubbling, sparkling brook laviug the green banks.

Among the amouncements of Haight, Miffin \& Co., for April, are "Through Misai Land," by Joseph Thompson,-Misai being that region between the Central African Lakes and tho const of Eastern Africa. "Pilot Fortune." a Tale of the Coast of Nova Scotia, by Marian C. L. Reeves and Emily Reed. Another novel. "A Carpot Knight," anonymous; white the whame of the "American Men of Letters' Series" is to the life of $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{P}$. Willis.
"The Reignin! Melle," T. 13. Peterson Brothers, publishers, is another of Mrs. Ann S. Stevens' popzular novels.

A Rare Book.-A beantifully printed and well preserved copy of lather's "Hans Postillen" has come into the pussession of Mr. J. P. Clongher. It bears the imprint of Hans Lutft, 1503 , but an unfortunate blemish renders the namo of the town where Hans Luff lived and worked, indecipherable. This tine copy of one of Luther's best practical and devotiomal works was printed only seven years after the great Reformer's death. There is a short and characteristic preface loy Luther, and a largor one addressed to the magistrates of Nurnbery. by Vitus Dietrich, "Preacher m Subalder Parish Church." The titlo-pare is unfortumately wanting, but this is the only part that is deiective. To compensato for the loss, there are two pases of vellum mamuseript. containine double colmun latan texts, with abbreviated marginal amotations in Cierman, On the inside of one of the beards in neat (jerman hand are memoranda of the primepral erents of Lather's life. The linding is still strong and substantial, even the - paint elasps are in an excellent state of preservation. The work bexins with the (iospel for the tirst Sunday in Advent and continues in repular course. The book is copmusly illustrated with guaint, witen grotesque, woulents. In all respects this edation of the "Hans Postillen" is a anost valuable one, and will be highly prized by the book fanciers.

## KEEP A FULL LINE IN STOCK.

TEIE

## AMERICAN LIBRARY.

None but the most popular and best selling looks are published in this series.

The American Library is printed in large, bold type, and is by fir the most attractive in appearance of any Library published.

The American Library is on sale, and dealers RTVN NO RISK in keeping a full stock on hand.

## A IIIBERAL DISCOUNX TO THE TRADE.


5. A HAUNTED LIFE, By Bertha M. Chay.... " 2; "
6. LOST FOR A WOMAN By day Agnes Fleming. " 2i "
7. AN ambitious woman, $\begin{aligned} & \text { By Edgar Fawcett...... .. } 2 ; \text {. }\end{aligned}$
8. MAUDE PERCY'S SECRET,

By May Agnes Flemins. "a $\quad \because$
10. THE ACTRESS' DAJGETER,

By May Agnes Fleming. " 25 "
11, PASSION AND PRIDE,
By Eliza A. Dupuy..... ". 2; "
12. the earl's atonement,

By Bertha M. Clay..... " $2 ;$
13. A young giris moonng,

By E. P. Roe........." $2 ; "$
14. 49, THE GOLD SEEKER OF THE SIERRAS $\begin{gathered}\text { By Joaguin Miller ...... } 15 \text { " }\end{gathered}$
15. SWORN TO SILENCE,

My. Mrs. Alex. McVei;h Miller " $2 \boldsymbol{i}$ "
16. A GOOD BOY'S DIARY,

By the Author of "A B.an Bor's Dianr." " 1.; "
17. LADY ISABEL'S ATONEMENT.

Now Selections For Autograph Albums,.... " 10 "
Notes on Ingersoll. ly IRer. 1. A. Jambert. " $2 ; ~ "$

# The Toronto N'eurs Company TORONTO 

AND NIA(天ARA FALLS, ONTARIO, ANI)
The montreal news co., MONTREAL,
PUBLISEERS AGENTS.

The Buitisil Cohumbla Dinectory for 1884-85. R. T. Williams, publisher; Wn. Wolz, compilor, Victorin. Price, $\$ 1.50$.
This second year's publication is well up to the ! former in good arrangement, good printing and strong binding. It is much superior in general make up to : the ordinary directories of our eastern cities, and | contains a mass of reliable information about our fair Province.

Before another issue the iron band will have knit; together the east with the west, and no doubt the 3,000 names in the present work will have very largely increased.

A New Day of Issue. - The edition of The Century Magazine are now so large that it has become necessary either to gro to press at an early date or to postpons the day of issue. The latter alternative las been accepted. The April number, the edition of which was 225,000 , was delayed until the $2 \overline{0}$ th of March. The May number-edition, 250,000-will be issued on the first day of May, thus inaugurating with the first number of the thirtieth volume a change which has long been considered desirable by the publishers, and which it is believed will be heartily commended by the public. Future numbers of The Ccutury Magasine will be issued on the 1st day of the month of which each bears date.

## 㲅obaltics.

Selectel from the American Stationer.
A vew kind of porcelain is called the Matsunokee -the Japanese for daisy. It comes in the zoftest shades of amber, primrose, pale and turquoise blue, and ruby red, with daisies on the outside for decorations.

The next new things in Papeteries will be the electric light. Taking advantage of the well-known electrical qualities of paper an extra charge will be put in . The sheets well be made positive and the envelopes negative, and will be put up separately in boxes. They will be sold to parties who wish to present them to their acquaintances. When the letter is written and is put into the onvelope, there is a sudden disturbaise, a small crash of thunder and the letter and envelope disappear in sulphurous smoke.

It will not be long before the latest London craze will develop in this country. From things asthetic the furor is going to the other extremo. The "curiosity table" has become the rage. It is painted black, and glazed, and is decorated (?) with cards, bits of patchwork, photographs, addressed envelopes and all sorts of odds and ends.

The skim of fish is fast coming into voyue as a source of fine leather. Cat, sturgeon and the liko are carefully skinned, their hides tanned and used for covering travelling-bags, toilet-cases and smaller articles of use and ornament. The very latest, however, is the skin of toads, froys, large bats, (cc., tamned and used for covering portmonies, hand-bags, and other articles that ladies clamor for.

Large cut crystal balls are popular as umbrella handle tops. They are ornawented by having a colored bow tied just above them.-Trade Lowner.

## BROWN BRO'S,

S'AMIONERS, BUOKBLNDERS,


66 AND 68 KING STREET EAST,
TCOTEONTO.
Extaninhat $=9$ Trave
 Bindern Materals


Sperial attention given to this Department. Large Stock always on hanas. Sprecial pat. terns matc to order. Best material amil work. manship guarnutedr.
A most complete assortment of Mercantile. Gicneralandraute Stationery alwayson hand, selected from theilnst producers of the world, at lowest prices.

Tather, all kinds, Cloth, Marble-Paner $\because$

## BROWN BRO'S, MANUFACTURING STATIONERS, TORONTO.

## COOK'S <br> Automatic Postal Scale.

## something entirely new in postal scales.

No small loose weights. Weight of letter, book or parcel and rate or postage given instontly by the automatic action of the indicatior and reglatering dial.
Sce description and illustration in this number of books aso Notions on jage 142.
The Trade would do well to order a sample Scale amel push it with their beat customers. The action is simply perfect, nothing eang get out of order. Eacry bank, lost Oflice and largo business ullice will order one.
PRICE, $\$ 6.00$. DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

## Messrs. HART \& COMRANT

will be pleased to furnish the Trado with any samples of Fine Stationery: They earrs tho firest and laryest swek of Fine lopers in Canada. All the latest and standard yrades on hand.
They are also preparcit to extecute for tho Trade orders for lielicf Stamping of all descriptions. Derions for Monngrans, Cresta, Initials, Address Dics, llusiness Dics, submilted when requested. All the work is done on our own premisea, under carcful supervision. Send forsamples and prices.

## CRASS STYLOGRAPHIC PENS.

IIAkT \& CO. are tho Canawizn Agents for these Cclelurated Pena, and gire the Trado liberal discount. Send for liste.

## HART \& COMPANY,

Booksellers and Stationers, 31 and 33 king Street Fest, TORONTO.

From the Stationcry Trades Journal.
Stove screens are very rapidly growing in importance as standard lines for the summer trade. Several makers have ventured on hand-painted screons, and the class of work expended on chromo screens is fast approximuting to the standard of that used in Christmas cards. The production of screens is not, as formerly, in the hands of a few special houses, but has beon taken up as a reyular branch by most of tho chromo publishers, and the variety in price, size, style, and quality from which tho public may select is most abundant. The chiof point d'appui amongst the makers thes season has been the pruduction of screens which will entirely conceal the grates by means of hinged tops and sides that fall automatically into place when the screen is in position. Several such varieties have been blaced on the market, and doubtless others will fullow.

Oli) Labramans. - The old Librarian was a peculinr character, as these oflicials are apt to be. Thoy have a curious kind of knowledge, sometimes immense in its way. They know the backs of books, their title-pages, their popularity or want of it, the class of readers who call for particular works, the value of different editions, and a good deal besides. Their minds catch up hints from all manner of works on all kinds of subjects. They will give a visitor a fact and a reference which they are surprised to find they remember and which the visitor might have hunted for a year. Every good librarian, every private bookowner, who has grown into his library, finds he has a bunch of nerves groing to every bookcase, a branch to overy shelf, and a twig to evory book. These nerves get very sensative in old librarians, sometimes, and they do not like to have a volume meddled with any more than they would to have their naked eyes handled. They come to feel at last that the books of a great collection are a part, not merely of their own property, though they are only the agents for their distribution, but that they are, as it were, outlying portions of theirown organization. The old Librarian was getting a misorly feeling about his books, as he called them. - Oliver Wendrll Holmes in April Allantic.

A Sesse gr Hoson. - There is little doubt that the thing which most needs to be preached to this generation of Americans, by ministers of the gospel, by buth clerical and lay instructers of the youth, by all who have public influence or private anthority, ioa sense of honor: It must be shown and insisted upon that wery pition in life where one person is employed by annther to do a certain work, imposes an obligation to fultil the duties of the place with an honorablo and disinterested regard for the interests of the employer it must be shown that this view of employment applies to the cook, the errand-boy, the cashier, the legiliator, the Governor, the J'resident. This is a trite, and apparently simple, and perhaps somewhat stupid view of the opportunitics of a "smart" and ambitions young American of our day, but unless this commonplace verw of responsibility is laid hold of by increasug numbers in the future of our contry, we will not say that our suciety will go to pieces, but we will say that our calamitics will increase, and that we will get into troubles, and not soon out of them."-Editorial in the Cendery.

# NOW EREADY! "A DOUBLE LIFR" 

By ALLAN PINKERTON.

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