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# THE GITANA. 


found ajhelper and comforter in him. Besiden he wai the sole heir to the old merchant's im mense fortune.
Every one too was acquainted with the story of the friendship that had existed between Philip the union of the two children was all that could have been wished.
The few who had been introduced to Oliver's betrothed were lond in their praises of the young lady's extraordinary beauty. Public curiosity was raised to the highest pitoh and it was only evident that the church would be too small to accommodate the crowd of eager aight-seer hat iready the mbon postan the last touches to their epithelamiums put the various gullds and corporations had prepared their bouquets and their complimentary addresses. For that day business was entirely suspended.
For the first time since her arrival Don Jose's daughter was to discard her mourning robes. The feminine portion of the population could talk of nothing but the sumptuous trousseau of the bride ; the gorgeous wedding dress, the skirt of which entirely disappeared under a heavy trimming of Alencon point, that alone was
valued at 150,000 livres, set off with diamond loops. A pearl necklace, worth 200,000 livres, was to circle the bride's lovely neck, and diamond bracelets, worthy of a place among the crown jewels, were to enclasp her well rounded arms. Each of the diamond pins that were to fasten the wedding wreath had cost 25,000 livres at Boehmer's, the most famous jeweler in Paris.
Lace and jewela had cost more than six hun. dred thousand livres. And two millions more had been settled on the young bride. Philip Le magnificence. Let us take a peep into The former den girl was seated before a huge toilet-glass that was shrouded in lace. Two hand-maldens were weaving her hair into long and heavy plaits, for Carmen was justly proud of her maguificent tresses, and refuced to submit to the barbaroua usage which required that they should disappear under a heavy coating of powder.
In one corner of the room the wedding dress Was spread out in all its glory on a chair.
were fixed on the plle of diamonds and pearls were fixed on the pile of diamonds and pearls
strewed on the table before her, but she saw them without heeding them.
Just then her thoughts were wandering far away from Havre, and from the ceremony for which she was preparing. Her former life was passing in review before her. Once more she saw her childhood's days passed in misery and wretchedness on the streets and squares of MaWrid, Granada and Seville ; the sudden flight, quaintrd; the arrival in Hevens aith her brn ther; har songs and dances in the streets of the Cuban capital; Tancred and Quirino, her marriage, the flight from Havana, the news of her widowhood, the voyage, the shipwreck, the death of Annunziata, and the point from which she began the infamous part which had succeeded so well-one scene rapidly followed another in her mind.
"At last," she thought, "my dreams are reI shall be rich! the possessor for the present of two millions, and in the future of a princely for. tune. With the power that such a fortune gives I can aim at anytbing. In my hands my husband will be but a puppet, the instrument where. with I can accomplish my ambitious schemes: for I am too beautiful not to be loved, and too clever not to rule the man who loves me. Can it be true ? is it possible? Am I not the sub. ject of a strange hallucination.
on she seized a handful reality of her sltuatable, and flashed the brilisants jewels from the bruising her delicate ningers with the rich settings.
Suddenly she started as a knock was heard at the door. One of the attendants went to see what was the matter.
"What is"it ?" anked Carmen eagerly, as the girlireturued.
"Zephyr, Mr. Le Vallant's man, says some one wants to see you, miss."

A poor man,
"A poor man, a beggar apparently. He seems " want to ask a favor of you."
"Youssid I ©
"Yes, miss."
A few minutes passed, and another knock was heard.
Carmen uttered an exclamation of impatience. The girl again left the room, but this time she remained away longer than before.
"What is the matter now ?" asked Carmen on her return.
"Zephyr once more, miss. It seems that the man will not go aw
Carmen frowned
" He will not go amay : a beggar, eh ? Let, them give him something and send him away."
"Zephyr wanted to do so, but he did not dare ta." Why not?"
"Because the man says he comes from Havana, and that you know him, miss," Carmen felt her heart stop beating, and the blood turn cold in her velns. Swirt and stunning as a thanderboit the thought had struen her :-He knows Annunziata, al tempered. Likc a good steel blade it bent only to rise again.
The frrst thought that followed was :-If he is poor I can buy his silence.
"What shall I do, miss?" asked the girl. "Bring
of you,"

## xxxv.

## recoanition

Carmen rose from her chair, and went to one of the windows, where she leaned her burning forehead againgt the glass. She was unwilling to be seen, and recognized immediately by the
stranger. She was above all unwilling that any stranger. She was above all unwilling that any
ery or surprise should escape her in the presence cry of surprise
of the servants.

The door was opened and the unknown enterThe door was opened and the Carmen was alone with her visitor. The latter
was a tall man, frightfully lean, and of a most was a tall man, frightrully lean, and of a mort
unprepossessing appearance. His dress consisted of a most wonderful collection of dirty rags. The stranger stopped on the threshold and
bowed. Three steps forward and bowed again, this time more humbly than before. Carmen did not move, so the stranger opened the conversation.
"Madam," he said in a cracked voice, the ludicrousness of which was heightened by a nasal
twang, "I venture to hope that you will not retwang, "I venture to hope that you will not re-
fuse to recognize, in a wretched situation, a fuse to recognize, in a wretched sit unfortunate of man-"
On hearing the stranger's volce Carmen On hearing the stranger's voice Carmen
started. The cloud disappeared from her face as if by enchantment; for an instant her face
lit up. "Master your surprise," she said quickly, dis-
guising her voice as much as possible. "Be guising her voice as much as possible. "Be
careful not to let the faintest exclamation of surcarefal not to let
prise escape you. If you are heard we are both lost."
Here she turned round. and opened mouth and eyes in
"My sister!" he muttered.

Hush!" whispered the girl, going swiftly up to him and holding out her hand. "Hush, $m$ poor Morales!"
"Carmen!" continued the Spanlard, "Can I believe my eyes? Is it really you, Carmen?" "For Heaven's sake, not that name!"

## "Why not?"

" Because there is no such person."
"Because therson!"
"No such person!"
"And you say that when I see you, when
hear you talk, and when I hold your hand?"
"Come, come, Morales, you thought I was
dead, did you not?"
"Yes, I thought so. And Heaven
"What a good brother," said the girl ironi. oally. "I did not expect less of you."-" Well," she continued, "your tears are not lost, Carmen is really dead, and you no longer have a sister, Morales."
Morales." then are you, if you are not my
"Who
"Look at that dress," and she pointed at the White robe spread on the chair.
"It is a bridal dress."
"Yes."
"Yes."
"What does it mean?" that in an hour I shall be married to Oliver Le Valliant, the sole heir to fifteen millions."
Vuillant, the sole heir to Afteen milions." at the truth, "You, my stster!"
"I tell you once more that your sister is dead; that there is no such person as Carmen.' "I understand," sald Morales, rubbing his
hands, "and I beg to offer Don Jose's daughter hands, "and I beg to offer Don
my sincerest congratulations."
"I played my cards well, eh, Morales?" "I shonld think so-to win a game for fifteen
millions! It is sublime! But tell me how you millions
did it."
"What have I to explain? The situation is as plain as possible. Annunziata was to marry
Olivier Lee Vaillant. So Annunziata, the sole survivor of the shipwreck, who was saved by a
miracle, is married to her betrothed, Nothing miracle, is married to her betrothed, Nothing
could be more simple." could be more simple
"You are right,"

And you, Morales?
" you thought I, was lost." see. It seems to me "Alas, yes!"
"And you mourned my loss?"
"A little,"
"Well, you are straightforward, at all events. But I forgive gou with all my heart. You had no much to occupy yourself with that vou hal no time to think of that poor devi, Moral
Now, what do you intend doing for me?" "I hardly know yet. But within a few days I shall be ab
in the house."
"Try to give me the stewardship of the pro. Try to give me the stewardship of the pro.
perty.; It is a place that would suit me firstrate." " don't doubt it. But I take too great an interest in you to give you a chance of getting yourself hanged. I will take care that you have a good place with nothing to do. Don't be afrald, you will want for nothing."
"Then I count on you. The place will be all
the more welcome as I have absolutely not hing the more wel
"What did you do with your money?"
"Now you are touching me in a sore place. Here is my story. It is short and sad. When I threw myself into the sea on the night of the shipwreck, I was tied to a hencoop. Inside the coop was a small cask which contained my treasure. To all appearances we should have sunk or floated together."

The nothon was worthy of you. And then?" 'During the whole of the day that followed the loss of the "Marsouin," we foated, the by the
the cask, and I, tossed hither and thiter by waves, which carried us far away from the wreck. Although my cork belt and coop kept
be pretty well above water, I was exhausted be pretty well above water, I was exhausted
with fatigue, hunger, and thirst, besides being with fatigue, hunger, and thirst, besides being-
frozen to the marrow. Already I had given myself up for lost when I saw land a little distance away. The sight restored mp courage a little. Collecting all my strength I swam for the shore. I had almost reached it-cthere was only a ree on a rock. I lost all consciousness. When I reon a rock. I los lying on the sand, whither I had been thrown by the waves. But alas! the hencoop had been smashed to pleces on the rocks,
and my cask, consequently, containing every penny I owned in the world, was at the bottom
of the sea
"Poor Morales," said Carmen half pityingly "Poor Morales," said
had you have reason to say poor Morales, for I had not a penny left and I was in Spain where might have been discovered and punished for What could I do? I had often heard, on board the "Marsouin," of the generosity of Phillp Le Vallant. I resolved to go to Havre to apply to him for assistance. I set out at once. I traversed the whole of France on foot, begging my way, arrived at Havre, this morning, broken with atigue and privation. I learned with profoun of our shipwreck and that Annunziata was to be married this very day to the son of the ship owner. Convinced that she would receive Do Guzman Morales y Tulipano, the brother of Madame de Najac, I asked to be admitted to ber presence. I have now the honor to stand before
her." presen
her:"
"I
"I have listened to you with interest," siaid Carmen. "Now listen to me."
"I am all ears."
ary be, I am still that however cunning you
may be, I am still more clever than you are."
"I allow that with all my heart. Your plan to become Madame de Nujac was really superb and the magnificent business which you are terminating to-day is a masterpiece."
"Then you consent to be ruled by me"
"Entirely. Only answer me one question." "Namely?
"Will you make my fortune?"
"I will make your fortune!"
"Very well. I abandon myself to you. Dispose of Morales as you will."
"You will go out of this house without spe ikquestion which the servants may put to you."
"I will be dear and dumb."
On the harbor there is a modest inn that I have remarked more than once in passing. Its sign is a silver anchor. You will put up there, after having dressed yourselif in a suitable man
ner. You will live comfortably. Have all you ner. You will live comfortably. Have aurself,
want, but do not attract attention to yours
"That is easily done."
Go out as little as possible. Avold curious peopie, and manage so that no one will suspect the "Marsouln," or that you are acquainted with me."
"I will
object of all these precautions.
"You would never guess. However, I will
tell you. I do not yet know what story I shall tell you. I do not yet know what story I shall I can bring you to my husband's father-in-law. So it is important that you should not let fall any imprudent expressory.
"A ifht: y you are always right."
"As sion as possible I shall find
mmunicit with you, and to the means to what course you are to take.'
"I - hall wait patiently, and you may be sure that I will carry out to the letter any instructions you may send me."
"In that case all wil
Don Guzman, farewell, or rather, to the plea Don Guzman, farewell, or rather, to the plea.
sure of seetng you again. For the time fixed fo the'wedding is at hand. My tollet is not finishe
and my wailing-women will be surprised at "Miss Annunziata thinks she has provided or everything," said Morales, smiling, "and yet she has forgotten one thing of the highest im. portance."
"What is that ?"
"To give me some money."
"To give me som
Carmen went to a table, that was covered with jewels and thinkets, same of the wedding presents.
Among the heap of objects remarkable for
richness or their elegance, there was a their richness or their elegance, there was a
square casket, of polished steel, with band of chiselled silver.
Carmen opened this casket
It was fall or new pleces of
It was full of new pleces of gold, amounting to a hundred thousand francs.
Philip Le Vaillant had himself brought them tract.
"Hold out your hands!" said Carmen to
The Gitano did not wait to be told twice.
The young woman took a handful of gold and ald them in the palms of her brother
men.
Yes-at least for the present."
Go now quickly, for time presses."
"Go now quickly, for tim
"W Well?"
"Do you authorize me to witness your mar-
riage inoognito""
"On the contrary, I positively forbid you to be present."
" That'
"That's a pity-I should have wished-but
will obey."
You must.'
Write me as soon as possible.'
"I will."
"Au revo
"Au revolr, Annunziata!"
"As soon as he has.gone, Carmen sald to her two women.
"Finish my toilet."
She sat down and yielded her splendid hal to the dexterous manipulations of the maids. When the work was done, it was half-past ten
oclock, and the invited guests were arriving in oclock, and
the pariors.
Carmen let fall her dressing grown and put on her bridal dress, with the help of the women. then going to the A smile rippled on her lips, a light flashed in her eyes.
\# Yes," she murmared, "I am beautiful."
A servant entired, inquiring whether she w
ready to receive Mr. Phillp and Mr. Oliver.
"Let them enter," she answered. "They ar
"Let the
welcome."

## XXXVI

## CONSUMMATUM EST.

From the adjoining room, the old man and his son heard the
diately entered.
For the first time they saw Oliver's bride clad in other than those trailing garments of mourning which added so much to herfpensive beauty.
Carmen, in her white bridal robes, Carmen with arms and shoulders bare, Carmen crowned with flowers and adorned with jewels whose immense value did not exclude simplicity of design, Carmen transfigured and radiant, appeared before them like a dream, a madonna, the complete realization of the most impossible Ideal.
The looks of the young woman and of Oliver met. One was oharged with a tender languor and an amorous electricity. The other expreased a fond and ardent admiration.
Oliver drooped his eyes. He was troubled in mind, and he whispered to himself:
"I am a coward and a felon. My heart, which is not mine is already fiying to the enchantress. Oh ! Dinorah ! Dinorah, my beloved, I amlun-
worthy of you. Forgive me, for I have betrayed you."

## Meantime Carme Philip Le Vallant

Phip Le Vallani.
" Father," she murmured, in the act of kneeling before him, "bless me. I am to become your daughter. And I am worthy of this great And she added load enough that Oliver might And
hear :
" An

## "And for him."

The old man did not give Carmen time to kneel. He bent over her, ralsed her up, pressed her in his arms and
cheeks with hiskisses.
"Oh ! my dear child, your place is not at my feet, but on my heart whose love you share with
my son Oliver. The blessing which you ask my son Oliver. The blessing which you ask,
give with all my soul. I will owe you the happiness of my declining sears, for the dream of piness of my declining sears, for is being fulfiled. This is the happiest of all my days. Alas ! that your father is not of all my days. Alas ! that your
here to partake of our mutual joy."
"My father," muttered Carmen, "he beholds
us from on high. He blesses us. He thanks
you."
A considerable silence ensued, and the tears
fowed from the eyes of Philip Le Vaillant.
Finally, he exolaimed :
"O Annunzlata, but you are beautiful!

## "If what you say is true,"

Ollver took the hand of Carmen and bore it
to his lips, against which it pressed palpitating and feverish.
The touch of that perfumed hand increased
mo agitation of the youth and gent the blood up
bubbling to his brain. It seemed to him that he had drank a philter, or a draught of those waters of Lethe which bring on pleasant forgetStill Oliver did not forget Dinorah. Her image still floated, however dimly, before his vision. "My daughter, my Annunziata," resumed
Philip, "the hour approaches. Our friends and Philip, "the hour approaches. Our friends ande.
relatives await your presence with impatience. Are you ready and will you join them?"
Are your ready and will you join them ?"
"I am ready, father, and whatever you desire, desire also."
The old man offered his hand to Carmen and in the company of her and Oliver, he descended the magniflicent stairway covered with velvet carpet and fragrant flowers, crossed an antichamber where a double row of lackeys, stood in Hne and penetrated into the reception rooms where a large number or the most importas persons or
On the entrance of Carmen, a murmur of wonder and admiration ran around the apart ment. She was so radiant, so dazzling, so evi dently superior in beauty to all about, that eve the ladies present forget to be jealous of her. $O$ the other hand, all the gentlemen envied the
of Oliver. of Oliver.
Among
Among the guests, the one on whom the beanty of Carmen made the deepest impression wis
the Marquis George de Grancey, Governor of the City of Havre, for His Majesty Louis XV. The marquis was only twenty years of age, rich marquis was onty Le Valllant and asked to
without farther delay.
Carmen had already noticed him.
"He must be a courtisan," she sald. "He resembles no other man I have ever seen. Tapored was only a gentleman. This is a great lo of a great lord. Oliver is ten times a millionalre, but he is not even noble."
And the young woman sighed.
And the young woman sighed.
The hour approached. It was half-past elo
ven. The ceremony, as we know, was to tala ven. The cer
place at noon
The bells of the church were ringing. The workmen in the yards of Phillp Le Vaillan fired blunderbusses. The ship in the harbor wer gay with bunting. All the in habitan
Carmen, Phillip, Oliver and the Governor of the city took their seats on the velvet cushion of the superb cosch and the triumphant marC to the church was opened. The journey pied considerable time, but at length the sa vestibule was reached. The Marquis de Gra cey alighted the first and offering his han Carmen conducted her to the sculptured $p$. dieu which awaited her at the chancel ralling. in a low voice,
a low voice,
"She is a mad
"She is a madonna!" said some.
"She is a wonder!" was the general re
And they all added :
"How happy Oliver Le Vaillant must be." The wedding mass began. The Bishop of Rouen had come to Harre expressly to cele ${ }^{\text {br }}$ in-
it. The organ thundered ; the perfumed ${ }^{\text {in }}$ cense rose in spirals; the voic
At length, the prelate adve
At length, the prelate advancing toward the
young couple, demanded whether then and freely accepted each other as husband aud and fr
wife.
" $Y$
"Yes,", replied Oliver.
The Bishop murmured the sacramental words and added:
"You are united before God. Love one an" other."
These words were followed by a little sermon, aimple and appropriate. Then the ceremony
was over, and the parties, followed by a larg was over, and the parties, followed by a sig
number of friends, went to the vestry to the register.

All was done.
Carmen the dancing girl, Carinen the widow

Paul Riverston and I were exploring, one day;
we had passed in our gondola through sllent We had passed in our gondola through silent
Waters, deep, dark, and cool-we were out of
the the ordinary track of tourists. We came at last to a very ancient palace; the front was one
mass of magnificent sculpture, the water flowed under the tall, dark archways-there was something so .lld, so desolate, so strange, and so
pltcuresque about it that I turned at ouce to our pleturesque about it that I turned at ouce 10 our
buatman. I must explain that Paul and I spoke talian well.
"What bullding is that ?" I asked.
He shrugged his shoulders. " The Palazzo He shrugged his shoulders. "The Palazzo
Carint," he replied; "it is one of the oldest in Venice."
"Why is it empty-why is it falling into decay!
"The Carinis no longer live there, signor. It
as not been inhabited for some generations past. There is an old retainer of the family reMing there row. When the Carinis pension off their servants, they send them to the palace. sometimes there are three
at present there is but one."
at present there is but one."
We had drawn nearer to
e the magnificent carringe palace and could ree the magnificent carrings of fruit, fowers,
fand saty. Our gondola stood under the dark, frowning areh way.
"I should like to see the palace, Paul,"
The boatman shrugged his shoulders.
It was suah a sad place-so sod, sod sark, so
dreary for a bright snmmer's day-he thought dreary for a bright gnmmer's day-he thought
the signor would not care for it ; besides, there the signor would not care for it ; besides, there
Was a ghost story belonging to it-a strange,
weird story the eird story that rrightened everyone a way. owe hundred English ghould storles. Ine to heard one in Italy," said Paul.
"Old Nicoll will show you the palace," said little distance in the blessed sunshine, where shosts do not come."
I must confess to a feellng of awe as we
passed under the grim portals, and our footsteps Bounded in the quiet, desolate place; the very sound of our volces seemed to reverberate and
re-echo with a ghostly noise. It was so dark, re-echo with a ghostly noise. It was so dark,
so silent, the lotty rooms were all quilet as death so silent, the lofty rooms were all quiet as death
itself, the rich tapestry hung in tatters, the few itself, the rich tapestry hung in tatters, the few
pletures looked mouldy, the old-fashioned furniture, of which there was very little left, was "You wish to go over the palace, signor,"
said cld Nicoli. "It is a sad sight, all ruin and
desolation and death." He looked very
He looked very woebegone, this anclent servitor, but he brighted up at the sight of the
handsome gratulty dropped into his hand by Paul.
He took us through long vanited halls, through What had evidently been a plicture gallery, some few portralts of ancient Venetian counsellors in their robes of state, of ladies in court attire; at
the end of the gallery there was a ptcture the end of the galle
ed with green baize
"What is that?" I asked, touching the cover as though to undraw it.
"Do not touch that !" cried Nicoli. "Do not
"What that ploture, signor
It is the portrat or the
"It is the portrait of the most illustrious the
Princess Elinore Carini, who was considered the lincess Ellinore Carini, who was considered the
loveliest lady in Venice." veliest lady in
"Then by all
"Therly refrased.
"Why will "Why
" Beca
nely
"Because, sir," he sald, solemnly, "a atter she as dead, she came back to this word again."
I did not laugh; there was something in the desolate and solttary aspect of the place, in the Inclination to smile for me.
much to see rear," I said; "and I would give
He slowly undrew the long green curtain, and The gazed upon a face of almost divine beauty. We looked on it with reverent upon a pletured angel's face. I oculd not de-
scribe it ; there was something or patrician loveHeribe it; there was something or patrician love-
liness, of almost regal command, mingled with the sweetest and most winning grace. The perhair, it fell down crowned by a wealth of golden slittering vell.

We looked long, vith silent admiration.
1 asked.
"She did indeed, sir; not one, but dozens or
people saw her")
"Will you tell me the story, I should like to hear it so much," sald Paul.
He consented, after a time, and as I heard it You will tind the same story, too, amongst the legends of Venice.
Long years ago, the young Prince Luigi Carini He was one of the wealthiest and handsomest young men in Italy, and there was much wonder among the Venetian maidens as to whom he
would ask to sbare his heart and name. There Were two young ladies then in Venice, who bore DIsola, the other Elinore D'Alicante, Beatrice had a true Venetian face, darts. passionate, and for she had elinore was called the Star of Ventce, Bolden hair, that shone like sunbeams.
The young prince loved the Lady Elluore the palace, at that time one of the mont magni-
and Lady Beatrice showed no jealousy or anger
because her fairer rival had won the day. They gave grand balls and fetes-all loved the lovely and gracions young princess; her husband worshipped her, and they were universally cited as the happiest people known.
In time, the Princess Elinore had a little so a most lovely child, who had his father's dark ejes and his mother's golden curis. There is a picture stil extant in one of the Italian galleries, of the princely father, the lovely young mother, and the beautiful child.
for he came or a kuightive child, strange to say, easily frightened, terriffed almost into convulsons at the darkness or any sudden noise.
How tenderly the young princess loved him, how carefully she guarded him from all fears, how she sang him to sleep with soft lullables, clasping him in her own white arms. His little crib was placed by her stde, that in the night it was beautiful to and touch him.
It was beautiful to see how the little fellow
loved his mother. "Mamma! mer
"Mamma! mamma!" he would cry holding He would hide his curly head in his mother's neck: "I love you mamma." He thought of nothing else.
There came
There came a sad day for Venice-a day when away by hundreds. The lovely young Princes Elinore was the first almost to sicken of it. How they fought against it; how they summoned in hot baste the cleverest doctors, the most skiliful forth $\rightarrow$ she must die.
Her senses came to her perfectly before she died. Her husband, half mad with sorrow, was kneeli
him.
"Darling," she said. "Caro mio, you have been very good to me, and I have been very
happy. You will let me see my little one, my ittle Leo, before I die
He told her yes, she should see the ohild. The sun was setting, and the last golden rays lin gered on the lovely dying face
much, and I grieve to leave you; love you very much, and I grieve to leave you; but you are young yet, dearest, and you will, perhaps, when
your first sorrow is over, find someone to take my place; but no one, no woman in all the wide world can take my place with little Leo; no one can love him so much, or be socareful of him-
he is so nervous, so delicate. Oh, Lulgi, my he is so nervous, so delicate. Oh, Lulgi, my
heart is heavy to leave. Caromio, will you make heart is heavy to leave. Caromio,
to me one sweet, sacred promise?
o me one sweet, sacre
"I will," he sobbed.
"If in the after-years someone comes here to wake my place, will you swear to me that you it on this cross?
"I swear it !" he said. "I shall never marry again, Elinore; but if, as $Y$ y u say, in the after-
years, I should do so, then I swear to you Leo years, 1 should do so,
shall be my first care.
She thanked him with loving words, and the dying eyes were turned eagerly to watch for her " ${ }^{\text {Ma }}$ "Mamma! mamma!" he was heard crying, and when the deor was opened he ran into the
room, ran with his little outstretched hands to rom, ran with his little outstretched hands to
his mother's side. is mother's side.
ith you-take you going away? Take me He sobbed out the words, hiding his little face on the loving breast that should plllow it no
"Oh, take me with you!" he cried.
With all her feeble strength she gathered him n her arms, and ralsed his face to bers. The doath-damplay on her bro
to be fluttering at her lips.
"I cannot, my darling," she gasped, "I wonld ir I could; but, Leo, Leo, after I am gone, if you I will come. I would burst all bonds to get to you. Call me-ory 'Mamma'-and I shall hear
Then the feeble arms relaxed their hold.
"You will remember, Luigi i" she whis
"red. "I
will remember, my wife, my love," and hen she bent her fair young head and died. How he grieved for her all Venice knows.
For many days his life was despaired of. And she was laid to reat in the gloomy old family vault of the Carinis. This vault was about five minutes walk rom the palace; there was a
bridge to cross to get to it; the water did not reach it; and there the lovely goung Princess Elinore was laid to rest.

Three years afterwards, when little Leo was nearly six years old, the young prince married again. He espoused the Lady Beatrice, and
brought her home to the palace, as he had done is first wife.
The Princess Beatrice was very beautiful, but very haughty. No one loved ber as they had lonately attached to her husband; she loved him with the deepest love, but she hated the hild who had his mother's golden hair-hated him with fierce, hot hatred.
On the day whome he tince Carinl brought the Lady Beatrice home, he took her to the nursery where the child was at play
"Leo," he sald, "come a

His heart misgave him when he saw the rapchild made one bound, thinking bis own mother

Then he
dark face.
dark face looked with blank, dim ejes into the "It is not mamma" he said; "my own gold." gold." Hittle fellow turned quietly away with quiverin:; Lips, and Prince Carini took him in his arms, and covered his face with passionate

From that moment she hated him with a deep, deadly hate. It was never shown before the
prince, seldom before the servants. The prine prince, seldom before the servants. The prince To his father, she affected great zeal for his education; she made rules which seemed very wise to him, but he knew perfectly well she most reluctant to punish him, but to be rules were broken punished he must be.
Does it seem unnatural that a woman shou torture a child? Ah me, there is nothing, there is no one, so cruel under the wide heavens as econd wife jealous of a ifrst wife's child.
There is no meanness, no cruelty such a woman does not descend $t$. She, the Princess
Beatrice Carini condescended to torture her Beatrice Carini condescended to torture her
dead rival's child. She soon found out that he dead rival's child. She soon found out that he
was nervous and easily frightened. Under pretence of talking to him, she told him frightful curtains goblins that hid themselves bebind the robes who walked wailing and wringing their hands. Then she would send him on an errand and if terrified to death at meeting one of these ladies, be hesitated, she punished him. She complained of him to the Prince, affecting much reluctance, but the boy was stubborn, she said, and disobedient
Glve him some light punishment," said "To tell you
harshly to the the truth, Luigi, I could not speak "arshly to the little fellow."
"Beatrice, I love him too
"Beatrice, I love him too much. He has his Her hate le
he smiled a calm, deadly smile
shall be sorry toaly smile.
really think a little discipline needful for him."
Ah me, how she punished him! How she left deep, red marks on the thin, white arms. She by the Prince's desire she did so, saying it was cried shame ; and when the so. The nurses might reach Luigi's ears, she thought his cries That night Prince Luigi head a him away. He was lying in bed fast asleep, when the dom. of his chamber opened, and a bright light shone in the room. Then through the open door came his beloved wife Elinore, not dressed in a shroud, as he had seen her last, but wearing a white, fowing garment, her shining hair lying wilike a
vell around her. She went straight up to him and bent her lovely face over him.
" Luigi""
your oath. You have brought some not kept place, but she is not kind to little one in my very cruel, and I cannot bear it You must see to it."
The next moment she was gone. He woke up In a terrible fright. Ah! thank God, it was only a dream. He accounted for it by remembering how sorry he had felt yestorday when ittle Leo was punished.
And yet the vision was so vivid; it was
Elinore's face-Elinore's voice. He resolved to Elinore's ra.
see into it.
"Beatrice," he asked the next morning of his haughty

## She looked at him with a smile.

What a strange question, caro. Could I be
nything but kind to a son of yours? Why do you ask me?

I felt uneasy about him. You love him, "Mist do you not?"
Mist cortainly I do. Is he not your son, and poor Elinore's ? I loved Elinore,"
end him away. I should not lisesome, I will

## to be tried with him

"My patience is not so easily disturbed," she Luigi; he is no better and no worse. children, you know, be must be curbed. He has fanlt as well as virtues; his faults must be corrected." "Yes, that is right enough. Do
servants are all kind to him ?"
"They spoil him in the most absurd fashion possible," she replied. "More than half his
faults spring from their over-indulgence. Will you tell me what has disturbed you, Luigi ?"
"Only a dream," he replied. "I dreamt that Elinore came to me, and said her little son was not treated kindly."
The beautiful face grew livid with anger It growing up the beloved heir to her husband's place and name; it was not enough to know
that the dead wife must be loved far better than she would ever be, bit she must be annoyed with ridiculous dreams. Did it soften her heart towards the unfortunate child ? alas ! no. Her insane hate seemed redoubled. She dare not violence than ever.
At length Prince Carini was obliged to leave going to business for some few days - he was bye," with many tears.
"You will be good Leo - good and obedient, ride." will bring you a little pony, and you shail
He had better have left the hapless child in che jaws of a cruel
jealous stepmother
The little fellow was put to bed by his nurses
at the proper time, and they, finding him asleep, went downstairs; but Leo awoke, and remem-
bering his papa was gone, began to ory and sob bering his pa
Madame La Princesse, passing down the grand taircase, heard him. She went into his room ever was terrifed at her, and cried louder than to cease crying-the little fellow sobbed all the louder.
"I shall lock y
do not," she satd. and the princess kept terror at the thought of it, the lamp and locked his door. She went to the urses and told them what she had dcne. "He she said f then Madame in that babylsh way, The servants grew desperate to her own room the terrified child were terrible to hear.
"I shall burst the door open," said the nurse, even If I lose my place for it."
Then they beard the little voice calling in its agony of fear.
"Mamma ! mamma ! you said you would
come, and I am afraid. Oh, mamina do come!"
come, and I am arraid. Oh, mamma, do come!"
No need to burst open the door-she had said
No need to burst open the door-she had said
would break all bonds, and she did so.
"Mamma!" cried the child, and the terrifled servants stood gasping and breathless. People
crossing the bridge saw the white figure with its glittering vell of golden hair, not walking, but glittering vell of golden hair, not walking, but with its hands crossed on its breast, and a light on its face. A man standing elose to the eu trance of the Carini Vaults saw it come out of the door. It passed quietly and calmly along under the tall, dark archway, through the midst of the group of gossiping servants, who knew Elinore-through the long vaulted hall, up the wide marble staircase to the door of the room where the terrified child lay screaming.

Mamma ! mamma
ered.
In trembling awe and wonder they had followed her, herding closely together. They saw her touch the door-the lork gave away; they heard the weeping stilled, the child's ory of delight; and then for one moment there was
silence. The next, Lady Elinore came out of silence. The next, Lady Elinore came out of
the room with the child tightly clasped in her the room with the child tightly clasped in her
arma, his little golden head pillowed on her arms, his little golden head pllowed on her
breast. Slowly and gently she passed down. On the broad staircase, the princess running up to see what caused the strange uproarning up to dead mother holding the child in her arms. The princess fell downin the child in her arms. The passed on through the archway-over the bridge, where people watched in horror as it passed by -into the vault, the door of which closed slow ly after it. The terrifled servants, drawn as it
were by a spell, followed, and each one saw the were by a spell, followed, and each one saw the
figure of Lady Elinore re-enter the vault from figure of Lady El
whence it came.
A panic not to be described fell upon the Whole city. At first people would have it that it was a hoax--that the child was missing. They
sent in hot haste for the prince. The prince the bishop, and the civil authorities entered the vault together. The story must he true, for the lid was no longer on Lady Elinore's coffin ; but she lay there, beautiful yet, and, olapsed in her arms, his little head pillowed on her breast, his
Iittle hands holding her tightly, lay Leo, the little hands holding
heir of the Carinis.
The the Carinis.
child. No human down and tried to remove the child. No human power could do it, and the made a larger coffin, and let mother and child together
Prince Luigy never looked upon the face of into the again. At his death the estates passed count of that ghostly visitation, the palace has been uninhabited ever since.
I cannot account for the story. Paul and I
heard it, and I believed it is true. We came heard it, and I believod it is true. We came
away from the desolate old palace with heary away fro
hearts.
There are more things possible than we know poor ho shall say that God did not permit that poor mother to return and take her only and always believed since I heard it that there 11l-use a child.

## LUXURY DEFENDED

There is nothing else in this world quite so reasonable as luxury. It means pure air at table, which leaves one able to listen and free to talk and safe to sparkle. It means having our friends about us when we need them, and the abllity to fly from them to

## AFTER MANY DAYS.

Sad autumn winds are through the elm trees sighing-
heir troubled spirit pleadeth with a moan ; Dead leaves and broken sprays are round me lying,
And I stand here alone-
Alone, with heart that acheth, sick and weary; Alone, with soul that knoweth not its ways;
Alone, with anguished thought, and mocking Alone,
dreary Thus, after many days.
They told me of a stranger vessel sailing
Unto these shores - the saviour of a crew
Unto these shores-the saviour of a crew;
But, after prayers and watchings unavalling
Life weak and hopeless grew.
Breaik, woeful heart, and cease thy cruel then
Break, wooful
The beating waves keep count unto thy pain !
A sweet and pitying strain.
And in such dreams as these a voice of daty Quelleth the fear and husheth all the strife;
Yea, I can trust the hour's mysterious beautyThere is such change in life !
A ship! o he
thee ?
The breeze no longer maketh sorrowed lays ! Great joy-my yearning's hope-'tis thus I find

## Thus-after many days

## CURRIED COW.

My Aunt Patience, who tilled a small farm in Budger county, state or Michigan, had a favo-
rite cow. She was not a good cow, nor a proftrite cow. She was no a good cow, nor a proft-
able one, because, instead of employing a part
of her leisure in the secretion of milk and the of her eisure in the secretion of milk and the
production of veal, she concentrated all her faculties upon the study of kicking. In that business she embarked her entire intellectual and mus-
cular capital. She would kick all day, and get cular capital. She would kick all day, and get
up in the dead waste and middle of the night to kick. She would kick anything-hens, pigs, gate posts, loose stones, birds in the air, and fish
jumping out of the water; all were equal in the sight of this impartial beef--all simullarly deserving of a
thought that when Dryden wrote of some one
who " raised a mortal to the skies," he had my who "rasised a mortal to the skles," he had my
aunt's cow in his prophetic soul; " for she was aunt's cow in his prophetic soul; for she was
alwass dolng it, more or less. it was a choice delight to see her open a passage for hersesf
through a populous barn-yard. She would flash through a populous barn-yard. She would flash
out right and left, first with one hind-foot and ont right and left, first with one hind-foot and
then with the other, and would sometimes have a large and select assortment of domestic ant-
mals in the air at one time. Her kicks, too, were as admirable in quality
as inexhaustible in quantity. They were un. speak ably superior to those of the untutored kine who had not made the art a life study-mere
amateurs, who kicked " by earr, as they say in amateurs, who kicked "by ear," as they say in
music. I saw her once standing in the road, professedly fast asleep, and mechanically munching her cud with a sort of Sunday morning lassitude
as one munches one's cud in a dream. Snouting as one munches one's cud in a dream. Snouting
about at her side, blissfully unconscious of im. pending danger, and wrapped up in thoughts of
his sweetheart, was a rigantic black hog-a hog of about the size and general appearance of a rhinoceros. Suddenly, while I looked-without a visible movement on the part of the cow--
with never a perceptible tremour of her frame, nor a lapse in the placid regularity of her chew.
ing-that hog had gone away from there-had utterly taken his leave. But away towards the pale horizon a minute black speck was traver-
sing the empyrean with the speed of a meteor, and in a moment had disappeared, without audible report, beyond the distant hills. This is the
kind of cow she was. Currying cows is.
practlce, even in Michigan; but as this common prachee, even in Michigan; but as this one had
never needed milking, of courseshe had to be
subjected to some equivalent form of persecusubjected to some equivalent form of persecu-
tion; and irritating her skin with a currycomb was thought as disagreeable an attention as a thoughtful affection could devise. At least she
thought it so; though I suspect her mistress thought it so; though I suspect her mistress
really meant it for the good creature's temporal
advantage. Anyhow, my aunt always made it advantage. Anyhow, my aunt always made it
a condition to the employment of a farm-sera condition to the employment of a farm-ser-
vant that he should curry the cow every morning; but after just enough trials to convince mere local disturbance, the man would always give notice of an intentlon to quit by pounding the beast half-dead with some forelgn body, and
then llmping home to his couch. I don't know how many men the creature removed from my aunt's employ in this way, but fudging from
the quantity of lame persons in that part of the councry, I shonld say a good many; thongh
some of the lameness may the the some of the lameness may have been taken at
second-hand from the original sufferers by second-hand rom the original suffierers by their
desceudante, and some may have come by contag'on.
Ithink my aunt's was a fanlty system or
agriculture. it is true her farm labour cost her agriculture. it is true her farm labour cost her
nothing, for the thboures all left her service
before any salary had accrued ; but, as the cow's be fore any salary had accrued; but, as the cow's
fame spread abroad, through the several stales fame spread abroad, through the several states
and territories, it became increasingly difticult and territories, it became increasingly difficult
to otain hands; and, arter all, the favorite was but imperfectly curried. It, was currently
remarked that that cow had kicked the farm to
land was not properly cultivated, nor the buildings and fences kept in adequate repair. It was
useless to remonstrate, with my aunt; she would concede everything, amending nothing.
Her late husband had attempted to reform the Her late husband had attempted to reform the
abuse in this manner, and had had the arguabuse in this manner, and had had the argu-
ment all his own way until he had remonsment all his own way until he had remons-
trated himself into an early grave; and the funeral was delayed more than an hour, until a
fresh undertaker could be procured, the one oriIresh undertaker could be procurea, the one ori-
ginally engaged having confidingly undertaken ghany engaged having connest of the widow.
to curre the cow at the request
Since that time my Aunt Patence had not been in the matrimonial market; the love of that cow had usarped in her heart the place of a
more natural and proftable affection. But when she saw her seeds unsown, her harvests ungar-
nered, her fences overtopped with rank bram. nered, her fences overtopped with rank bram-
bles and her meadows gorgeous with the towerbles and her meadows gorgeons with the tower-
ing Canada thistle, she thought it best to take a partner.
When it transptred that my Aunt Patience intended wediock, there was intense popular
excitement. Every adult single male became at once a marrying man. The criminal statis-
tics of Badger County show that in that ingle at once a marrying man. The criminal statis-
tles of Badger County show that in that single
years more marriages ocourred than tin any years more marriages oocurred than in any
decade before or since. But none of them were decado before or since. But none of them were
my aunt's. Men married their cooks, their laundresses, their deceased wives' mothers,
their sisters-married whomsoever would wed; their sisters-married whomsoever would wed;
and any man who, by fair means or courtship, and any man who, by fair means or courtship,
could not obtain a wife, went before a justice
of the peace and some wives in Indiana. Such is the force of example in Badger County.
Now, where my Aunt Pationce's affection
whs concerned she was, as the reader will have already surmised, a rather determined woman ; and the extraordinary marrying epldemic hav-
ing left but one eligible male in all that county, ing left but one eligible male in all that county,
she set her heart upon that one eligible male, she set her heart upon that one eligible maie,
then went and carted him to her home. He
He turned out to be a long Methodist parson, named
Huggins I believe though I have had a multiHuggins i believe though I have had a multi-
tude of uncles in my 11 me , and never a discriminating memory. Asside from his unconscionable length, the Rev. Berosus Hugyns was not so
bad a fellow, and was nob ody's fool. He was, I suppose, the most nas nob ody's fool. He was,
ever, in the
bat ever, in the whole northern hal: of America--
thin, angular, cadaverous of visage, and solemn thin, angular, cadaverous of visage, and solemn
out of all reason. He commonly wore a lowcrowned black bat, set so far down upon his
head as to partially eclipse his eyes and wholly obscure the ample glory of his ears. he only of wrinkled cowskin boots, by which the word "polish" would have been considered the mean-
ingless fragment of a lost language) was a tight fitting black frock-coat, preternaturally long in the waist, and the skirts of which fell about his heels, sopping up the dew. This he always
wore suugly buttoned from the tliroat downwore siugly buttonet from the throat down-
wards. In this attire he cut a tolerabiy spectral
figure. His figure. His aspect was so conspicuonsly unnatu-
ral and uneven that whenever he went into a ral and uneven that whenever he went into a
cornfield, the predatory crows would temporarily Torsake their business to settie upon him in person, by person, by way of testifying their con
the shallow devices of the husbandman.
The da yafter the wedding my Aunt Patience
suinmoned the Rev. Berosus to the counclichamber, aud uttered her mind to the following intent:
"No

Now, Huggy, dear, I'll tell you what there is to do about the place. First, you must repair all the fences, olearing out the weeds and re-
pressing the brambles with a strong hand. Then
you will you will have to exterminate the Canada thislies, mend the waggon, rig up a plough or tho,
and get things into ship-shape generally. This
will keep you out of mischier for the botter will keep you out of mischief for the better
part of two years; of course you will have part of two years; of course you will have
to give up presching, for the present. As soon
as you bave- Oh! I forgot poor Phere.
"Mrs. Huggins," interrupted her solemn spouse, "I shall hope to be the means, under the husbandry of this farm. But the sister the husbandry of this farm. But the sister
you mention (I trust she is not of the world's
people)-have I the pleasure of knowing her? The name, indeed, sounds familiar, but"
" Not know Phebe! cried my aunt, with unin Badger knew Phobbe. Why, you will have to scratch her legs every blessed morning of your
natural life?",
"I assure you, madam," rejolned the Rey. Berosus, with dignity, "it would afford me a sacred pleasure to administer to the spiritual
netas of Sister Phebe to the atent of feeble an, unworthy ability; but, really, I fear the merely secular ministration of which your speak must be entrusted to abler, and, I would
respectrully suggest, feminine hand:" respectfully suggest, feminine hands."
"Whyyy, youuu, ooold foocool, !" "repled my aunt, spreading her eyes with unbounded ama-
zement, : Phere is a cow "In this case" said the husband, with un-
ruffled composure "it ruffled composure, "it will, of course, devolve
upon me to see that her carnal welfare is proupon me to see that her carral weifare is pro-
persy attended to; and I shall b happy to
bestow out sin, snatch from my strife with Satan and With that the Rev. Mr. Hug ins crowded his
Whe Cand diction upon his bride, and betook himseff to the barn-yarit.
Now, it is ne
Now, it is necessary to xplain that he had
known perfectly well from the first who Phoobe was and was familiar from hearsay with all her sinful traits. Moreover, he had already
doue himself the honour of paying her a visit
remaining in the vicinity of her person, just out of range, for more than an hour, and per-
mitting her to survey him at her leisure from every point of the compass. In short, he and Phecbe had mutually reconnoltered and prepared for action.
Amongst the articles of comfort and luxury Which went to make up the good parson's dot,
and which his wife had already caused to be and which his wife had already caused to be conveyed to his new home, was a patent castbeen deposited near the barn-yard, preparatory to being set up on the planks above the barn yard well. Mr. Huggings now sought out this
invention, and conveying it to its dest ination, invention, and conveying it to its destination, put it into position, scerewing ins. He next divested himself of his long
plan saberdine and his hat, buttoning the former cosely about the pump, which it almost concealed, and hanging the latter upon the summit. The handle or the pump, when depressed, curled
outward between the skirts of the coat, singuoutward between the skirts of the coat, singu-
larly like a tail ; but, with this trifing excepton, any unprejng Mr. Huggins, looking uncommonly well.
These preliminaries completed, the good man
carefully closed the gate of the barn-yard, knowing thased the gate of the barn-yara, paigning in the kitchen garden, should note the precaution, she would come and jump in to
frustrate it-which she eventually did. Her master, meanwhile, had lald himself, coatless and hatless, along the outside of the close board fence where he put in the time, oatching
his death of cold, and peering through a knothole.

At first, and for some time, the animal affected not to see the figure on the platform.
Indeed, she turned her back upon It directly she arrived, heaved up her cud, and pretended to go to sleep over it. Finding that this stratagem did not acheve its usual success, she aban
doned it, and stood for some moments irresol

Then she began noising along the ground, she wholy absocing a aut hither and thither but drawing all the time insensibly nearer to the object of her wicked intention. Arrived within speaking distance, she stood a few moments confronting the fraudful figure ; then protruded her nose to be caressed, trying to create the impression that fonding and dallance were prime necessities to her existence-that she had been
accustomed to them all her life, and could not get on without them. Thon she approached a ittle nearer, as if to shake hands, all the whll maintaining the most amiable expresson seductive nods, and winks, and smiles. Finding these endearments ineffectual, she wheeled suddenly about, and with the rapidity of lightning dealt out a terrible kick-a kick that sounded The effect was magical! Cows kick-not backwards, but sideways; and the inipai
which was intended to project the counterfelt which was intended to project the counterfelt
parson into the middle of the next Conferenoe week, reacted upon the animal hersell, and and the pain together set her spinning like
top. Such was the velocity of her revolution, that she looked like a vague eircular cow, surrounded by a continuous ring, like that of the at the extremity of her sweeping tall. Present ly, as the sustaining contrifugal force was expended, she began to sway and wabble from
side to side, and finally toppled over upon her side to side, and fnally toppled over upon her
side, rolled convulsively upon her back, and lay motionless with her feet in the air, honestly beheving the world has somenenow gupporting it at a great sacrifice of how, stood waveringly upon three legs, stared blankly about her, rubbed her eyes and was quite bewildered as to the points of the compass. his faith, she threw upon him a look of grieved reproach, and hobbled heart-broken into her humble shed, a subjugated kine.
For several weeks Phoobe's right hind-leg was swollen to a monstruous growth, but by a sea-
son of judiclous nursing, she was "brought round all right," as my aunt phrased it, or
"made whole," ferred to say. she was now as tractable and inoffensive ". in her daily waik and conversation" (Huggins) as a little boy. Her master used to take her leg trustrully into his lap, and might Her whole nature was radically changed-so altered that one day my Aunt Patience, who londly as he loved her, had never before so much
as ventu red to touch the hem of her garment. as ventu red to touch the hem of her garment,
as it were, went confldently up to her to soothe her with a pan of turnips. Gad ! how thinly she spread out that woman upon the face of a
tant stone wall! You could not have done it so evenly with a trowel.-Dod Grile, in "Tom
Hood's Comic Annual."

## THE WHITE HILLS.

"How it does raln, John ! I don't think I ever heard anything like it before. Hark! how the Branch is roaring! It must be over its banks
now. You don't think it can rise enough to come up here, do you, John ?"
as this since the water has not been up as high here by ten feet than it is on the bank of the Branch. It the water touches us here, I shall begin to think that the ralnbow was set in the aky
for nothing."

The young wife went to the one window of the cabin, and looked out into the night. But
there was nothing except inky blackness before there was nothing except ink blackesest before
her. She oould not see the rain as it descended in torrents without. A darkness that cong Wost felt hung shudder, Susan Nickerson turned sway from the window, and went back to the heartb where her husband sat. He bad been an invalld where her husbakd sat. He had been an invaifid
for several weeks rom an accldent that had chance. Ito him while at work in the forest. It
nad lamed him badly; but he was getting over it nad lamed him badly; but he was getting over it now,
stick.
To the young wife, the mountains and the wilderness about them were still a terrible dread. Reared in the southern part of that American
State, she had the yeur before become the wife of tate, she had the yeur before become the wife o
John Nickerson, who had been brought up at hardly a balf-score miles from the spot where their cabln now stood. Wlld beasts still had their haunts near them, and the rough, Jagged mountains seemed to her alway
bury them beneath their ruins.
The evening was now well advanced, but neither of them fell inclined to retire. The warring of the storm without alarmed her, and even he was not at ease. Never before could he semember when it had rained so hard and
so long a time. It did seem, indeed, as thougb there was going to be another deluge.
For several minutes the young couple sat in silence, while the rain poured down above them as though it would burst in the roof or the cabm Branch could be heard, and they knew that must be up to an unprecedented height.
"Father in heaven! what is that ?" cried
usau, starting to her feet, pale with terror and Susan, starting to
underfined dread.
And it was no wonder she uttered this exclamation. A dull booming sound rose above the roar of the raln, and she felt the floor of the "It must be thund their feek. I don't know What else it could be," said John, though in his heart he did not think it was.
"No, no, John, it was not that. I'm sure it can't be thunder. It seems to me as if one of
the mountalns had tumbled down. Hark : There tis ana '" and she clutched her husband's arm it is again!" and.
in wild affright.
"Calm yourself, Susan. Don't give way to such fears; "-but in spite of his words, he
glanced towards the window with a thrill of But susan was right, though he scoffed at the idea. The sounds they had heard, and which were reptated over and over again, came from on elther side doomed several ramllies to a terrible death, amid the gloom of that fearful
night.
With her hand still on her husband's arm, the young wife stood trembling, while together they
listened to the roaring elements without, that istened to the roaring element
momentarily seemed to increase
The rain poured with such force on the roor that they could hardly hear each other's volces; but still above it the roar of the angry waters of the Branch could be plainly heard, and they
could almost fancy they were moving the huge stones that lay thick in its bed
As the minutes wore on, John Nickerson grew nervous in spite of all his efforts to keep calm. If the rain did not cease soon, tie Branch would it must be far away, he thought.
For a short space there was a lull in the tempest. During that time the rain did not beat so
fiercely as it had done, and then t was that John heard a noise which startled bim from his seal. like tha sort or swashing sound, close at hat th bauk. Lighting a pitch-torch, which in those days did service in many a household instead
lamp or candle, he, with the aid of his suiok, lamp or candle, he,
hobbled to the door.
obbienting it a little way, he let the light flasil
Ophe cry the darkness. At the same moment sea of dark rushing waters met his gaze. The Branch was claimiming the whole valley for its
own; and its torrents sounding against the walls of the cabin, had made the swashing sound he had heard.
Susan had followed her husband to the door, and at the sight of the
uttered a cry of terror.

## ittered a cry of terror.

are lost !' she cried, wring ing her hands.
is Not so bad
n no danger if the rain win And he thrust the torch further out, that he might, if possible, judge the depth of the water inky darkness about them.
At that moment some large object, borne
down by the flood, struck against the cabin, making its solid logs tremble against the cabin, moment after, a stream of water came pouring along the floor from the upper slde or
cabin.
"We must leave here," cried John. "I wonder If the canoe I've been at work upon this weeks
bas flasted ofl" If it basn't, we can go over to If the canoe 1 ve been
has floated off? If it
the hill yonder easily." door as he said this, and plunged out into the water and the darkness. "For the love of heaven, be careful!" cried
Susan, wringing her hands, and he answered Susan, wringing h
her cheerlly back
He floundered onward, and at last reached the spot where his half-finished canoe had lain. madly on where it had been. At that moment
the scene about bim wes lighted up by a pale
flash of light, followed by a roar from the moun-
tainns. tallis. the rocks striking together, as they dass ed down
Into the valley, produced the spectral light he saw around him. Thougn it illed hinu with alarm, it also rendered him a service. By its aid he saw, a few yards off, the canoe lodyed against a clump
of trees. Rejoced at the ight, he at once
hier h:urried
session.
"Courage!" he shouted to his
doorway. "We're all right now."
But he was long way from right. It was all he coutd do with his impaired strength to bring the canoe up to the door, and it tork him so long would go tumbling down against Susan before he
could reach her. But by persistant effort he succeeded at last, and said, as he strugyled to hold it In tts place, "Quick, Susan! Leave everything
behind. Get in as soon as you can." She obeyed; and with a stick which he
had secured, he turned the prow of the canoe

## be safe.

But they were not a moment wo soon. When fell in with a crash; and in a mingled mass of rubbish their home went floatiug uff down mille below.
It was not without further danger hat they
gained their place of refuge, and took shelter galned their place of refuge, and took shelter
beneath an overhanging rock. Once they were nearly overturned by a boulder, and again
struck by a floating trice; but at last, to their great
Bited.
It was indeed a night of horror, and the
unorung's sun shone over a scene of terrible nornung's sun shone over a scene of terrible
desolation. Later, they heard of a ragedy
to the valles, and theirs were grateful hearts that the same fate had not been meted out to them.

## CURIOUS wills.

Some wills are curious from their brevity some from their prodigious length, sone from
being in rhyme; some testators bequeath property which they have not, in order to enable
them to enjoy, while living the considerate Them to enjoy, while living ahe considrale
attentions of the expectant legatees. A Welsh
kentleman, for the reason, as recited, that he might give way to the uufair importunities of
mis wife, secretly assigned, sulject to his life interest, all his property by deed, and afier-
wards gracefully gave way to his wife's solicitathons and made a wil in her favor, which, of
course, at his death, turned out inoperative There, are testators who think it yecessary that postertty should not be andy
religious bellef, and accordingly occupy a page
or on the subject ; some even thiuk it necessary to get out their pedigrees at full length. Some
wills are curious only from the method or arrangement of the paper or the document they are
written on, and require an inspection to appreclate their pecularity. There are few will made without some directions being given either
as to the place or the manner of burial ; fre quently the testator desires or some other mem ber of his familly. We remember one case buried in the space left for that purpose between the graves of his drst and second wivee, so that other on his left. More frequently still, the direction umits the expense of the funeral; in
mome cases no carriages are to be used, in others, the body is to be carricd to the grave by
persons employed on the deceased's estate ; in one instance the persons so to be employed were
laborera, and they were required on the occasion to wear clean white smock-frocks, and were to be pald fl each for their trouble. Mr. Zimpanied the direction for his funeral, in case they Were not carried out, with something 11 ke a
threat. In his will he says, "No person is to attend my corpse to the grave, nor is any
funeral bell to be rung, and my desire is to funeral bell to be rung, and my desire is to
be burited plainly and in a docent manner ;
and, if this be not done, I will come again and, if this be not done, I will come again
that is to say, if I can." The Countess
Dowager of Sandwhich, in her will, written by herself at the age of eighty, proved in November, 1882 , expresses her "wish to be buried decently no scarts hat onde or nonsense." Mrs. Kitty Jenkyn Pack Reading, although evidently pos-
seased of sufficient means, appears by her will, proved in April, 1870 , to have been very anxious
that one part, at least, of the expenses attending her funeral should be kept as low as possible. After asaying she is to be placed first in a leaden and then in a wooden coftiu, she provides that
if "I die away from Branssome I wish my reIr "I die away from Branissome in wish my ree
mains, after being duly placed in the proper
coffins, to be inclosed in a plain deal-box, so that no one may know their contents, and concost no mote than any other package of the same weight, from Pool station sald box to be
conveyed in a cart to Branksome Tower." The conveyed in a cart to Branksome Tower." The
contrivance of sending her remaius in a plain deal box by a goods train, so that it will cost no more than any other package of the same Veyed in a cart, sounds rather oddly in connec
tion with the dignifled name of its destination,
Branksome Tower Reading seems to have
considered the detalls of her funeral with much minuteness; among other things the states
" the easiest way to conver my coffin out of the house will be to take the window out of the dining.room." Some people-we do not know
whether they would rather not die-certainiy Whether they would rather not die-certainly
would rather not be buried. Mr. J. L. Greffulhe, whose will was proved in October, 1867 , thus Whose wil was proved in oclober, 1 body, "I I
directs as to the disposal of his bish to be burled. I enjoin my nephew
do not wish do cause my body to be embalmed and placed in a comfn, the top of which shall be glazed and not nailed down, so that the body be not depriv-
ed either of air or daylight. Subsequently to cause it to be burned, if that can be legally done." Che personal property in England was sworn under half a million sterling, and he left 400,000 francs tharity. Mr. Williame Kensett, by bis will, the same opinion as the members of a recentlyformed club, who have pledged themselves for
sanitary reasons to have their bodes burned at sanitary reasonsio have thenr that, "belleving in the impolicy of interring the dead amidst the
Hving aud as an example to others, I give my Hiving aud as an example to others, I give my
body, four days after death, to the directors of the Imperial Gas Company, London, to be placed in one of their retorts and consumed to
ashes, and that they be paid 10 by my executors for the trouble this act wimpose oa them superstition prevent them granting this my request, then my executors must submit to have my remains buried, in the plainest manner pos-
sible, in my family grave in St. John'swood Cemetery, to assist in poisoning the living in
that neighborhood." Generally the curious wills that neighborhood." Generally the curious willis are home made. The
made by a solicitor.

## DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

An authoress of the last century said, "The elegant and refined, when they are ennobled by entiment;" and they are truly ennobled when done either from a sense of duty, or consideration for a parent, or love to a husband. "To furnish a room," continues this lady, "is no holsterers and cabinet-makers; it is decoratin the place where 1 am to meet arrend or a meal o order dinner is not merely arranging a mea ith my cook; it is preparsors reccupations lewed in this light by a person capable o strong attachment, are so many pleasures and afford her far more delight than the games ind shows which constitute the amusements of he world."
Such is the testimony of a lady of the last century, to the sentiment that may be made to mingle in the most homely occupations. We
will now quote that of a modern female writer Will now quote that or a modern remaile wher "six weeks on the Loire," has thus described he housewifery of the daughter of a French nober. The travellers had just arrived and been
river. place :- The bll of fare for dinner was discussed in my presence and settled, sans facon, with inat delightrul frankness and gaiety, which in the
French characters gives a charm to the most French characters gives a charm to the mose men
trifling occurrence. Mademoiselle Loulse then begged me to excuse her for hall an hour, as she
ber was going to make I might accom pany her, and also render myself useful, we accordingly Went together the the dairy. Foctions and bonbons, and all manner of pretty things, with as much
ase as if she had never done anything else, and ease much grace as she displayed in the aaloon. I could not help thinking, as I looked at her, wit her servants about her. all cheerral, respectiul and anxious to attend upon her, how much
better it would be for the young ladies in England, if they would occasionally return to the habits of their grandmammaas, and mingie the
animated and endearing occupations of domesanimated and ene modest mannerss and social
tic life, and the amusements or and planos, and the incessan efforts at display and search after gaiety, which at the present day, render them anything but delicate sentiments would desire in the woman he might wish to solect as his companion or
life. But it was not only in the more trifiog affiairs of the housebold that this young lady acquitted herselr so agreeaors, the laborers, wives and farm, among the laborers, heir whes and
children, with the poor in the netghborhood, and the casualing, directing, kind, amiable, the
perintending comfort of all around, and the delight of her
family. She flew up and down the rocks with the lightness of a mountain roe; she sprang into a boat like the Lady of the Lake, and could manage an oar wilh as much grace and skill. f her own language ; understood Latin, Italian, nd English, and charmed me with her conver sation, whilst she employed her fingers in the fancy work, with which the French ladies oc which with chem are always sociably and gene rally caretully employed.
superintend all that belongs to domestic eco nomy is the proper vocation for a woman, let
her situation be what is tuay, and that, so far from being ashamed of it, she should dignify it by her manner of exercist'g it, a caution may be necessary against making its details too prominent in the social circle, and as is the per
much about them. Honourable and it formance of those daily dutles, it is bad taste to
fay much about them. A well-ordered hous has been atly compared to a watch, all the wheels and springs of which are out of sight,
nd it is only known that they exist, and are in and it is only known that they exist, and are in
order, by the regularity with which their results re brought about.
Tine time necessarlly consumed by these daily hey add to it by wasting a moment on needless hey add to it by wasting a moment on neediess
captulation and useless discussion of domestic affairs. When they bave done their housebold asks to the best of their abilities, they should ismiss the subjectrom uen mother things tha have their appropriate place in the day's occu
The disinterested affection of mothers often cads them to dispense with all assistanc from heir daughters in their domestic anons, so lon is the common phrase is, whilst they are getting their elucation." Where aborious, and much time is required to prepare lessons at home, it is particularly important that all the leisure a girl has, should be wisely health, that some of it should be given to the birring occupation of the household, than tha ne should be sitting over a frame or worsted
o lace work, hurting her eyes, and wasting ber me in maki deadi-bags, or some hilhe orna pains bestowed upon it

## SCIENCE IN THE KITCHEN

The student of the social economy of this cuntry will encounter no more remarkable nomply in the habits of our people than that, While we exhaust every possibily achleved by
hie progress of modern science toward the augnenting of our pecuniary wel:are, we as sedulously neglect the teachings derived from the mport nt causes of physicail health and comort. When a man undertakes to build himself ithouse, it is the general rule that he exercises hee closest care that every portion of the struc. Ho employs a capable architect, a thorough bullder, selects stone, brick, mortar and other components of his fabric with a rigid scrutiny whith leaves no doubtrong mind bat that hasting shelter.
dwelliug will be a strong and later Thien he decorates, furnishes, searches for ingetinally enters his new habitation secure in his bellef of its excellence. Is it not strange that its owner but untll to-morrow : for a home Which the vicissitudes of fortune may wrest from him in a day, or which of his own cholce he may abandon before the mortar is perfectly dry; while to the structure in which Providence
has ordained he shall exist for a llfetime, but secondary consideration is given
Our has been compared to the fuel whic heats a boiler, makes steam, and so drives the
machinery. The simile is not only trite but machinery. The simile is not only trite bu
unjust. The substances that we eat play even a greater part. It is as if the fuel, besides heating greater parter, contributed by its combustion to the existence of the boller-in other words, we are made of the materials we consume. Clearly
then, although we may subsist for a time on substances unsultable and comparatively non nutritious, in the end our phem aystem will suffer, if not break down, from the Improper nature
plied.

Cooking is the proper preparation of food for human consumption. We do not consider tha the term means applying heat until the sub
stance assumes any form whioh is edible, but the causing of the material to undergo certain changes, chemical or otherwise, in its condition, which render it in the most sultable state
for the nourishment of the body. Articles for the table, then, are elther cooked or ruinednecessarny one the other. Bad cooking, lik bad grammar, the dividing line happens to be between these very opposite conditions, it is odd that few persons can agree. Perhaps it may be as above noted; for a single material, 11ke the common potato, en properly cooked; while if it be boiled until it be waterlogged and wax-like is beneficlal nature is inst. Theoretically, then the gake of cookery should be the healthfunness
of its results; prac cically, however, the standard is simply and purely educated to rellsh compounds indigestible and worthless a brain and muscle producors, is fal
ible in the extreme. Hence, while this sense libre in the extreme. Hence, whe the means; in other words, so long as the builder of the fabric stone, mortar, or brick, no matter, if when they
are made ind insufficient a.s suppurts.
Dr. James, in an excelient paper recently read before the American Health Association,
upon a topic kindred to that to which wa aro
referring, points out with much clearness many of the abuses into which the preparation of our food has fallen, and invelghs with special vigor agalust the general assumptiou that women are
atural cooks. Perhaps it is to the invariable naccuracy which (our feminine readers will pardon us) is inherent to the gentler sex, more
than to any other cause, that the sclence of ookery has descended to the level of a rule or humb pursuit. Do we ever need a medicine,
we watch the druggists, that he compounds 11 with serupulous exactitude. Do we build a machine, we hire talent that will execute the work tsilled labor to supply, us with know empledge, to
nouse us, to dress us, and even to shave us, overything but to feed us. It takes an artist to make our coats, but the most foolish of Hiber-
nian virgins may be installed in our kitchen to prepare the food that makes our body.
If cookery were reduced down to rule, so that a person could follow recipes with the same dertainty of success, due o accuracy, with which in his text book of chemical analysis, it is oresumable that any individual could produce catable from the truth. Let the reader ask any accessful cook how he or she made such or such a compound, the chances are strongly that no atisfactory explanation can be given. "Practice", or "" luck." Let him turn to any so-called cookery book, and we would be willing to wager hat in nine cases out of ten the recipes for the nargins of inaccuracy than any formula extant for mixing mud concrete. What does a tearim? Or a teacupful? What size of teacup? How much is a pinch, or a handful, or a pennyworth? There is absolutely no standard system of measures conscientiously followed; and hence a woman will gage her ingredients by the grab
with the same unquestioning faith in the accu with the same unquestioning faith in the accu-
racy of the combination that she reposes in the fact that the distance from the tip of her nose to the end
The practical solution of the important ques tion, whether the masses can be educated possible that cookery can be taught as a science, as other necessary child's pla knowledge, not after the fashion of altempts in this direction, but as previous study. We do not expect every man's wife to entres which would not disgrace Delmepar but we do belleve that means milght be found of imparting information sufficient to relleve the eople of many of the nightmare-breeding com ounds of daily consumption. Make practica me a part of every woman's educahon, and principles of the same a portion of that o ary man. Let us, for recipes, have formula is the physician's prescription, and deduced by cientific investigation. Then with the materials whicheans which we have, better than our petition for daily bread will not be food estructive to our health as individuals and as a people.

## POOR PENELOPE.

"It is an established fact," says the Danbury News, "that an animosity exists between man In a married state and stoves in any state. The
case of Mr. Penelope, the cashier of the Slawson National Bank, is an lllustrative point. One till it with coal. He first opened the draft and hen the place at the top ${ }^{\text {which recelves the }}$ had ascended the chimney. Being thus assured he next did what might have been pardonable in a woman, or at least what would have been head in the top opening. With his head thus xed, his suspenders hanging down behind, and darkness and gathering insptration from its density, when a sudden and most horrible explosion wook place within the stove, and as a blinding cashier of the First National Bank of Slawson, made two back revolutions between the floor and pected a chair down very much as if ne exsuch provision had been made, however, and When Mrs. Penelope came in, which she immefound Mr With a broom in her hand, she taring with all his might at nothing. The entire absence of hair from about his eyes impart
ed an imposing effect to their glare which ed an imposing effect to their glare which
no pen can describe. Most of the hair from
the top of his head was missing; his whiskers of here gone, so was hissing ; moustache, While the end of his nose-scorched to the depth wilh spikes in it had swept triumphantly across it. 'Why, Penelope I' oxclaimed the astonish. ed lady, in a strong burst of feeling, and then
fell to prodding him with the broom. But it was some time before Mr. Penelope beoame As soon ad collected to get upon his feet even house and sound him to suochor come to the broken inside, and learning there wasing was got together a gun and fishing tackle, and is the late pand resting himself from the fallgues of
hively lines.

What fills my soul with musings black? What keeps my mind upon the rack,

My liver!
What makes me turn from wholesome food? What makes me sometimes cross
And would embitter paltry feud?

My liver :
What makes me disinclined for work? What makes me correspondence s
And oft its writers long to burk?

My liver:
What makes me always want to sleep What weakens me until I creep,

My hiver:
What makes me aye with fever burn,
What makes me recreation spur
My liver:
And what will cure the growing in
And stop my going down the bill,
Restore my health, and mend my
Medical Echw:-A rhubarb pill

## a summer evening tale.

"I tell you, I am uneasy about the girl, and "nady Elderton
Ladld, and addressing her daughter, the grand"But, dear mother," replied Mrs. Dudiey But, dear mother," replied Mrs. Dudley,
what is th you have observed aboat Isabel?
You know she never whe such a merry chatter. Yox as Lotty."
"Fxactly so. Aud those quitet, reserved, sentimental girls are always the ones most open to the dangers I am apprehending.
the listless itts of reverie, and mind about trifles, which I have absence of mind about trifles, which I have observed
lately. I believe I shall have to relate my early Iately. I belleve 1 shail have to relate my earily
experiences at the frst sultable opportunity."
"Will you. dear mother?" exclaimed Mrs Dudley joyually-"will you reaily once more re-
cite the story of your youth, that your graidcite the story of your youth, that your graid
daughters may protit by it? But ob, $I$ tear we the recollection is painful!
" That may be
"That may be. But once in a dozen years or
I am constraiued, ike the Anctent Mariner, to tell my tale; and the mood is on me to night."
Lady but a beautiful woman, with the stare pecume,
beanty that sometimes lingers beanty that somemimes lingers roure peculiar
tieth year. Tall and upright she had the ensy grace or walk and gesture that belonged to the well-bred people of her generation, who, it might
be said, emulated the gllde of the swan rather be said, emulated the gllde of the swan rather
than the strut of the peacock. Across her fore than the strut of the peacock. Across her forai-
head and duwn her cheeks, thlok braids of thair revealed how richly her tresses were sireaked
with silver. Not for their weight in gold and jewels would she have had them otherwise. Her sense of the real gitness of things was too thus touching her hair, had been a kindly beauthus touching her hair, had been a kindiy beatu-
tifier. Nor did she wish for any deeper tint onn
her cheetzs or fairer bloom of skiu, than beher cheeks, or fairer blo
came her autumn season.
Hardly had Lady Elderton finished her remarks, when the object of them-Issbel Dudiey And her sister Chariote-were seen in the dim
twilight crossing the lawn, and the next minute they stepped under the verandah, and entered the drawlog-room.
"Shall I ring for the lamp to be lighted:" asked Lotty, who was ever the thoughtul aid "Not yet, my dear," said Mrs. Dudley. " trees, and I think we need not shut out its glory this lovely summer night
"I like talking in the
Lady Elderton. "Do you?" exclaimed Lotty. "Then do twll
us something about old fashioned iumes. It
must have been so must have been so funny, and
when there were no rallroads."
"II tell you a story," replied Lady Flderton,
will certainy have nothing to do roads; yet it shall be something of real raife. However, I shall not detaln you with moralisings, but at once begin my tale, if I mayy coll
it so;" and her ladyship accordingly commenced.
"I think you know I was an only chlld-an
heiress, in fact ; but let that pass. Honestly, I heiress, in fact; but let that pass. Honestly, I
may say that my parents thought only of
wealth as astewardship. They had weakuerses Wealth as a stewardship. They had weakuensen
of pride; but the pride of ancestry, of the lirave
ment and virtuous women, men and virtuous women, whose honor in some ished. That they were fastidious in thep chathorn-
of friends, and kept a good deal aloof from what of friends, and kept a good deal aloof from what
is called general soclety, is quite true ; but this reserve did not arise fro..u vulgar pride. Halt a century ago, irreligion was more open, and fri-
volty more frivolous, than they are at the prevolity more frivolous, than they are at the pre-
vent day. The coarse language and mannery
of an earlier period had not yet disappeared, of an earlier period had not yet disappeared,
even among what are called the higher clasees. would not be callied the Purtan type; ; hnd she
had ia womanly intolerance for those who differ.
ed from her in opinion. Happily, she and my
father were one on all father were one on all great questions; and
this might well be the case, as, with votion, she had modelled her mind, perhaps un-consclousely-on his. Yet he, as beeame the man,
had wider viows than she uver had wider vlews than she ever entertained. In
his youth, he had travelled his youth, , he had travelled; and youthrul trav-
elling opens out rivers of thour elling opens out rivers of thought, that must
fertlise any but the most arid minds; whereas, fertuse any but the most arid minds; Whereas,
my mother had been the stay-at-home English gentlewoman, whose migratlons had been from
Yorkshire to London, varied by sea-bathing at Scarborough, ordrinking the waters at HarroScarborough, or drinking the waters, at Harro-
gate. A gentle, happy soul was hers, that had
always been sheltered and guid remained singularly ignorant of what is called
rem "the world and its ways;" but something was
there in my life or my nature that made me there in my life or my nature that made mee
feel, ay and acknowledge to myself in very girlibood, that I was self-willed and independent
with strong destres with strong desires and a warm temper; and
that never, never should I be as meek, and that never, never should I be as meek, and
gentle, and contdingly obedient to authority
as my dear mother was. And yet it is a fact as my doar mother was. And yet it is a fact
that her very gentlenass. awed me. It would
have seemed mean as well as undutiful to obshave seemed mean as well as undutiful to obs-
tinately thwart her; and meanness was not a
Percival falt Percival fault, whatever pride might be. On a
the whole, up to merely seventeen years of age It thathored up to merely seventeen years of age,
myself that I was a very good daughter, not taking into account that I had never "I had a a French temptation to be otherwises. Ah, how clever
" she was! Clever with the wicked cleverness minded people. Madame Barvillier was the
maughter daughter of emigrants who had taken refuge
In England during the Reign of Terror, and the widow of a fllow-exile. She was nearly thty
years of age when she became my instructress; but a halo of romance still lingered about her, and I well remember the respect and delicate,
kindness with which she was treated in our kindness with which she was treated in our
family. My father took a lively interest in the stories she had to tell of the ancien refgime; and
my mother, belloving her to be my mother, bellering her to be a woman of
sincere piety, respected her accordingly. In reality she was only an artful hy poocrite.
as I now know, by her subtie, implied flat erles, her caressing manners, and her seemlug sympathy with youthful, emotions, hopes,
and aspirations. Though in all wise ways most and aspirations. Though in all wise ways most
tenderly cared for, I had not been a spolit and petted caredild. Ior, I Indeed, in not been a spoilt
ande days, oblldren were kept far more in the baokground than
they are at present ; and there they are at present; and there was a stately
dignity about my parents quite opoosed to the
tmpulsive demonstrativ mane impulsive, dem
bewitched me.
"I was very fond of drawing and painting;
most girls are, I think, if in childhood they have had enough good instruction to smooth away the tirst difficulties, and give a littue mechanial
dexterity to the hand. Absolutely, I could so exterity to the hand. Absolutely, I could so cluded a proflle of our parish church, and the Visuase, was recognised by my mother at a
houn that lo
glance," "And praised?" added Lotty with a smile have expected raptures of admiration.
"Then you would have been greatly disap-
pointed," resumed Lady Elderton. "I never met with raptures or admiration ded me by her fiatteries to the brink of a precipice. Madame Barvillier did pretend to think that I had a gentus for painting-it answered
her purpose to encourage my taste for it-especially to encourage out-of-door sketching. Young people with mental activity are very apt to
take up one pursult after another with a sort of feverish eagerness; but it is a mistake to fancy such eagerness is a sign of special genlus.
Iam inclined to think that great and genlus works more quietly and sllently; with incredible rapidity, it may be, but altogether
without spasm. No, my dears, I assure you the Without spasm. No, my dears, I assure you the
world has nothing to regret in my not having uched a brush these forty years
My passion for sketohing was the material
adame Barvllier had to work upon. One day Madame Barvillier had to work upon. One day,
in our search for the picturesque, we wandered beyond the park gates, a thing not uctually prohibited by my mother, yet one I knew she did
not altogether approve. However I was not altogether approve. However, I was under by the account of a governess, who tempted me opened out by the felling of some trees-just in my style to paint, she declared-and so she
lured $m e$ on to the outskitte of lured me on to the outskirts of a neighboring
wood, where, dismissing the servant who had carried my portfolio and the camp-stools, she settled herself to her embroidery, and I began
cutting my pencll. Madame chattered away, cutting my pencll. Madame chattered away,
as was her wont, certainly in pure Parislan French, which I by this time understood per-
fectly, and spoke with a certain fuency I have often remembered how apt she was to glide out of educational discourse into ilitile ro-
mantic bistories in was sure to figure Nhich some grand however, that she drd so on this occasion; on the contrary, she talted learnedly about moths and butterfilis, and, con-
sidering the subject, was quite ponderous in her sidering the
erudition.
"It certainly was a pretty view she had
tempted me to sketch, and the golden light of a still August afternoon-just such as that of toI sketched the outline of a range of hills, I wondered, when I came to lay on my colors,
now nearly I could produce the soft haze which how nearly I could produce the soft haze which
velled, without obsouring objects, and marvelled
at the spell which I knew a really great water-
color painter might have exercised.
" Sud "Suddenly there emerged from among the
"ees a young man bearing a pedestrian's knap trees a young man bearing a pedestrian's knap-
sack. Long afterwards, I remembered, what I never noticed at the time, that he was by no
no means dusty or travel-stained, though he proday; for he stated that circumstance when he apologised to Madame for addressing her, saying that he had quite lost his way, and begging for
information as to his whereabouts. Madame responded in very broken Eaglish, which, after guage the stranger gilid into French, in which lan-
gusponded fuenty. There was a start, an apparently sudden recognition begged leave to present her friend, Monsiour the, Duc d'Alton.

What could I do but receive his salutations? He had the bearing of a gentleman, and seemed His present position was easily my governess. had been so long in England that he had acquired many English tastes, and he was now trian tour. Midland English seenery was his he be permitted scape-painting bis craze. Might Madame suffer him to sit beside her?-the stump of a tree was conveniently near. How endowed were all English wom ! How richly and phrases such as these were poured out with gmphasis and volubility; and something I gairy godmothers who must have presided at
fy my christening-this piece of pagan adulation belng ald
governess.
Hith my drawing cour le Duc was enraptured outlines talked learnedly of Poussaln those bare Lorraine. For the first time in my life, I felt treated not ooly as a grown-up young lady, but
as a personage distingulshed from the throng as a personage distinguished from the throng by
her natural gifts. My cheeks flushed, her natural gifts. My cheeks flushed, my voice
trembled, and, inflated by gratified vanity, I not good sense enough for ballast to keep my mind steady. Looking back to that scene as it shows in the sober light of memory, I seem to myself to have been featherheaded as a shuttlecook, and a girl whom only God's special probeing the plaything of those people.
"It was a curious coincidence that the Frenchman found himself obliged to take up his knapwhich Madame had directed himage inn to which Madame had directed him, Just ten
minutes before Gibson, the trusty old servant Who was a pattern of punctuality, came by the camp-stools. But there were portfolio and singular coincidences within the a goxt fortnight, which did not explain themselves till after wards.
narrated for my malification the romantic history of her newly discovered friend. Utterly unrea and highly improbable as were the detalls with Which she indulged mee, I could not recall them general impression left on my mind was that he Duc d'Alton was a peer of France, yet, for ravelling under other, he was a political exite to the inheritance of Which he had been
deirauded, he would be rich beyond the dreama of a Croesus-Madame was fond of classical illustrations and allusions-meanwhilie, he had a little mine of wealth in old family jewels,
which, happlly, he had secreted and brought to England with him. She told me all this, she and, because she loved me, because I exercised confidence, and veritably she could not hide things from ma; but on no account must I chere Laman-that we had met any one out of doors, or that she, Madame Barvilier had any acquaintance with the Duc d'Alton. The most to betray his whereabouts ; and here to-day, were I would be gone to-morrow ; and there could be he possible harn in my keeping silence; nay, had I not better try to forget the occurrences of that nernoon altogether:
"Very subtly put was that recommendation possible. But the boldest part of the scheme which was beling carried out was the trading on events and current history. Charles $X$ passing this time seated on the throne of France, and supposed to be an pxiled royalist playing at hide-and-seek. Yet she told her vague, complicated romantic history so well, that I positively o surround this handsome, clever, 111 -used man -who admired my drawing so much-with the myrmidons of a foreign government, who would drag him to a dungeon, and perhaps thence to of the French Revolution, though modern history was, for the most part, but meagrely
taught to girls in those days, and my notions were altogether crude and inaocurate.
the promise that Madame Barvillier had rivair ed, and not conscious as yarvilier had requir which I was submitting, the strongest feeling sonal importance.

The next day shone forth just such a one as
predecessor, and there could not be a doubt
to the expedience of proceeding with my
sketch. Accordingly, at the same hour, and ceeded to the wood! and while I arranged my portfolio and pencils, Madame again drew forth her thimble and scissors, and unrolled her strip of embroldary.
uld be said that the "illustrious exile with real gone on the morrow, therefore it wa advancing tigure before I had been settled at his task a quarter of an hour. Madamettled at my prise in the cleverest manner; and he explained tound change in his plans, by declaring that he had desirablers at the post-office which made it for anote that be should remain in that locality he was determy or two. As such was the case, ing-and as it was from the timeinsketch vew was to be obtained-he hoped he should lingered near us. He did not dare to skill, he said, or to attempt anything be my such small pencll-sketches as mifht beyond remind him of this beautiful spot-and-and of the ineffuceable recollections associated with it
" Again, however, he departed before trusty old Gibson came for the sketching equipmients, importance than I had even been on the previous day."
"O
Dudley. "I don't think Interrupted Chariotte justice. I don't believe you are doing yourself at sevanity-dignified, perhaps, you were even
"Thank you, my dear Lotty, for your good opinion; but I assure you I am giving you what
I believe would have been a true desaripulon of my state of mind; though I do not think I need proceed with every minute detail of my girlish
folly and wrong-doing. Under the guidance of folly and wrong-doing. Under the guidance of
my traitorous governess, I met the young Frenchman day parter day. Soon he assured me that neighborhood. Then he presented him in the verses, written, he said, in my honor-all copied, writers read. The next move was to implore my acceptance, as a souveniv, of a ring, apparently had belonged to hisge as a sixpence, and which possessor having been the unhappy Maria Lecsinski, wife of Louis XV. For a long while I and besides, it would be necessary to valuable ; secretly, as a metter of course. When retain it complied, he assumed a herole attitude and poured out a torrent of adoration, calling me his life, the star of his destiny-in short his afflanced wife.
"For this I was certainly not prepared, and "believe I showed on the occasion a itttle more
dignity" than had been expected from me. "digaity" than had been expected from me.
Nevertheless, the man had fascinated me; and I know not to what depths of imprudence I might have been lured, had not some small circums old Gibson, who took upon himself to tell my
father all he had discovered. "ent for I ever forget the morning when I was who had been summo with Madame Barvillier, haif an hour previously, and forbidden to leave the library till I had been questioned in her predrowned in tearmot her, who was seated, seemed anger, white with the supprather, white with man accustomed to experessed passion of a leaning on both hands at one end of a long, swood while Madame Barvillier, at of a long table; knelt on a footstool-on which, perhaps, she had dropped for some sort of support, rather than exactly in supplication.

I was arraigned, and pleaded guilty to the with a stranger, and of dellberately concealing from a stranger, and of deliberately concealing from my parents every transaction connected
with the acquaintanceship. Good old Gibson and, as I long afterwards discovered, had pleact, ed every extenuating circumstance, which, after all, could be only one-namely, that I had acted by the advice of my governess.
so turned my head fetch the verses which had in a little blue silk bag in so, carrying them hem. At the bottom of the bag was the ring; and when my father drew it forth, I covered
my face with my hands, and wept for very "Wame.

What is this q " said my father. "Be pleased "To my sut
dered that she left me to narrate the history of the precious jewel. But hardly had I mentioned possessed it the who was said to have once laugh; and carrying the ring nearer to the window, he gazed at it for half a minute; then,
by sheer strength, his fingers snapped it in two as he exclaimed: "Base metal and green glass! your mother to pardon you; and lead her away, while I deal with this woman."
"I felt I did not dare to touch my mother's wish, she instantly rose ; and I, helding open the door for her to pass, then mutely followed her out of the room.

When we were alone, I sat down penitently and poured out the whole story of my regret my mother herself was, I think my vehemence my mother herself was, I think my vehemence almostielightened her. But I knew that at last
shend lightly on my shoulders and putting her
forchead. But though that kiss of forgiveness
sonthed. But though that kiss of forgiveness ment were long in coming. Nor didmy father rauify his forgiveness quite so specdily as my mother had done. Those were bitter nights, When I was dismissed by him without the When I recelved only a frigld morning recognition.
"As fo
"As for Madame Barvillier-she was allowed One hour to pack up, and then a post-chaise
conveyed her to the next town. What became of her and her associate, the pretended duke, I bever knew with any degree of certainty. But twenty years later there was a cause ctlèbre, in
Which an old French woman appared and a Which an old French woman appeared and a
foreigner, accused of swindling and forgery, the description of whom singularly tallied with that of the impostor in question.
There was a pause; and it was Mrs. Dudiey who
broke the silence, saying, wlth evident emotion "Moke the silence, saylng, wlth evident emotion Mother, it was kind and generous of you to
give the girls the benefit of this story. Once Was like to me in my girlhood, and I think Was like a chart laid down, that warned me
from listening to flattery, or induiging idle
dreams about romantic admirers. But the dreams about romantic admirers. But the
strange thing is, that you are now the last strange thing is, that you are now the last
person in the world that could havs been
thonght gullty of an imprudence even in early though
Foutb.

That is," replied Lady Elderton, "because I Was blessed in my surroundings-blessed with sharp lesson I had learned. Yet do not think I associations which often arise. I gave up paint lng early in life, because the occupation con for emeralds red scenes I wished to forget. A they glare at me even across a room, as if in
their verdant beauty they were the eyes of a their verdant beauty they were the eyes of a
snake." surely, dear mother, you have had a
"But sur "But surely, dear mother, you have had a at least, for many, many years?" she added. returned Lady Elderton; "and my story would be incomplete, if I did not try to contrast the true love of an honorable man with the decep tive flatteries of an unprincipled fortune-hunter It may be taken as a golden rule, that no lover means well who prompts a young girl to conceal
ment, or seeks to load her with the ever ment, or seeks to load her with the ever-
lncreasing burden of a clandestine engagement. Poets and novelists have much to answer for in so often making what they call love paramount,
something to be indulged, and its blind impuises
obeyed, the greatest poets do not sin thus. Shakspeare and Capulets while their children lived. And the Moor might have trusted Desdemona til Iago was unmasked, had not Otbelle remem-
bered that she had deceived her father-though it was for him. Oh, that young people w.ul but believe that their elders do not ncessarily
forget the emotions and temptations of youth, forget the emotions and temptations of youth,
When they offer advice that is contrary to youthWhen they off
ful impulse!
"Ah, you don't forget!" murmured Lotty. and yet I declare that a breath of mysters about a young girl's affections dims their purity therpairs all her chances of happiness. Nay, there is no happiness in married life, except Wards a mand how can he do this, if he has not himself a true soul! How can he teach ber to through all the slippery paths of life-If he has ter-if he has offered her the false jewel of his pretended love, and in requital of her acceptance, has robbed her of her sincerity !
Lady Elderton had warmed with her theme, and her last sentences had been spoken with
real pathos. Her summer evening tale had een told and commented on, leaving a deep impression on the auditors. The twilight had trus obscured the moon. Presently, the clock to assemble, and Mrs. Dudley rose from her couch to conduct the family devotions.
till that the ticking of the hall-elcok wo utterly upon the silence; save in a large bedchamber, by Charlotte and Isabel Dudley. The two girls Were in their loose wrappers, with their long
hair plaited and arranged for the night, just as halr plaited and arranged for the night, just as
their maid had left them, so far as the toilet Was concerned, but both were weeping, and "It is a relief, Lotty, to have told you," exand ashamed. Can it-can it be that grandand so told her noticed or suspected something, of which touched my heart as an accusation? Can she have read his intentions-and suspected my folly?
"I cannot tell," replied her sister. "But, thing to grandmamma, and ask guidance
"Then do it at once" you I will.
she sits reading far into the Litty, "Often look if the light is shining from her room-it always shows beneath the dorr."
"Oh, surely she is asieep by this time.
resumed Lotty, opening the door gently. "Yes;
I see the light; she is still up. Go now-go
While you have the resolution."
Thile you have the resolution."
good counsel, Isabel knocked at Lady Elderton's door, and was promptly admitted. No room in bed-chamber, yet, to-night, its adornments impressed Isabel in a manner they had never done before. Her grandfather's sword and epaulets hung on the wall, with many memo-
rials to his fame and honor; his portrait looked down upon the scene; while the widow, maestic in her age, and serene in her sorrow, sat
with her gray hair floating over her shoulders, with an open Bible before her. Serene she was in the sorrow of her widowhood, but to-nlght here was a trouble arising from her bellef tha
sabel was entangling herself in a mystery. Yes, but a mystery that is not to be explain d, since at that midnight hour, in that sacred chamber, a full confession was made, and a
foolish letter, sealed and stamped quite ready for the post, was burned unread-burnt, together with the letter something worse than foolish, which had drawn it forth. Was it singing-mas ter, or handsome penniless ne'er-do-well ac had been seeking surreptitiously the hand of isabel Dudley, coheiress of a large property, but under age, and very inexperienced of the
world and its evil ways! I shall not tell. Such schemers' plans are singularly alike, though always with a difference. It is enough that
Isabel Dudley had strength given her to shake ff a brief infatuation. Travel and reading, and cultivated soclety, during the next year or two tual faculties, so that her standard of excellence was altogether heightened.
There is a rumor that both sisters are engaged o be married-to suitors perfectly approved by their parents. Perhaps "romantic" young people may say; "Approved because they are of wealth and position." But that is not
chtef "because; " though, princlples being good and characters being sympathetic, its no mea garantee of the ssociations and in net, have lived during heir early life in a similar social atmosphere And perhaps unfortunate marriages would sometimes be prevented, if elder friends and relatives spoke sympathetically to the young while ye there was tlme to retrace a false step; or ton, when, to point a moral," she related the story of her own girlish folly.

SANCTITY OF AN OATH "Abolish all legal punishment for perjury,"
said I, dogmatically, at the end of a desultory argument with some of the other clerks in the dozen would speak the truth. As for their oath -bah! They don't care that for them"-snapWho don't know, boys," said John Fleming, Who had taken no part in the discussion, lasing down his pen, and squaring about upon his stool; question worth listening to, but if you will stop your confounded figuring a moment I'll relate a iltile experience of mine that may be of service to this young gentleman who knows so very
much about the nature of an oath and most much about
other things."
There was a general snapping together of ledgers and all manner of clerks do not require much of a protext to stop
work. We all gathered about John, like bees about Hymettus, and he began :

I was a witness, once, in a murder case at
Pinkerton's Bluff, on the North Sandy, just above the falls. Bob D-, a friend of mine knew him in the States - was charged with having killed Dave Thatcher, known in all that region as Bet-you Dave. He had been a born
debater, had Dave. He was never known to agree with the opinions of any man at fhe
Bluff, upon any question under heaven; and Bluff, upon any question under heaven; and he
made use of but one argument-"I bet you five dollars."
The moment he heard any one make an as-
sertion, express a belief, or hint a rumor-frequently before possessing his mind of the speaker's full meaning-he'd bet him five dollars it wasn't so ! When nobody was talking he would try in all indirect ways to entrap some one into indicating an opinion upon some subject, and ing wager. He would put up the money, too, and what's more he would commonly win, unless there was a dead sure thing against him him poor. If, in Dave's presence, a man dared affirm that his dog was yellow, quick as light-
ning came an offer to bet him five dollars he ning came an offer to bet him five dollars he
wasn't ; and it came with such positive energy that if the man hadn't seen his dog since morn ing it was ten chances to one he would back squarely down or haggie for time togo and take
another look. I never saw Dave myself; it was anter his time that I came to The Bluff; but the after his of bis extraordinary wagers, and the no less extroordinary way in which he sometimes won them, was in everybody's mouth.
On the fifteenth day of July, in '58, Dave and
my friend Bob D- passed the whole evening together in the bar-room of the Spread Eagle Hotel, and during the time Bob lost three departed together, quarrelling about the manner in wh.
convinced.

Dave was never afterwards seen alive; but
the next spring a dead body, almost past recog.
nition, was discovered hiddon away in chappa. nition, was discovered hiddon away in chappawo have passed to reach their ho, abou the body was that of Dave, and as it had a bul let in it - not some old bullet, such ha a but might have somewhere in his system, but comparatively fresh one, which had passed through the heart-Bob was taken into custody, charged with the deed. In the meantime I had moved up from below the falls, and as the whole town had taken the other side I deter-
mined to stand by the friend whom I had mined to stand by
known in the States.
At the trial the court-room was packed with people, and the tide of public opinion set so to draw his six-shooter a dozen times to keep order. After a score of witnesses had been examined for the prosecution, every one of whom state rested its case. Then the attorney for the defence, arose and simply said

Your Honor, I shall make no preliminary statement, aud I shall call but one witness.
By him I shall prove an alibi, or give up the

Eh! What's that 9 " shouted the District At orney, bopping upon his feet-as fussy a little rascal as ever snorted law before a deaf Justice
of the Peace. "Will you prove that tho prisoner was not on Spauish Town road the night of the alleged murder
"No ; I'll proved that the deceased was not." There was a marked sensation in court as my name was called, and I was solemnly sworn to the the truth.
the
At ten o'clock on the night of July 15, 1858," I began, circumstantlally, "I was walking along the river bank, on the side of town opposite the
Spanish Town road, and just above the falls spanish Town road, and just above the falls. ing to the District Attorney - "to ask what I was walking th
"I appeal to the Court!" screeched the little rascal, springing to his feet, "if I'm to be insult od in this way-
"Keep still, will you,", sald his Honor, "and let the witness proceed." I had made a favor-
able impression at the start, and it gave me confidence. I resumed
"It was a warm moonlight evening, and the mist rising above the cataract was less dense
than usual ; so I could see tolerably well. Just at the brink, on an overhanging rock, I saw a tall bent igure in gray clothes, wearing a slouch hat
-a very bad bat; I don't see more than a hun. dred worse ones in this room." There was a smile all round, and then the District Attorney
asked me if I had known the deceased, Mr. asked me if I had known the deceased, Mr.
Thatcher, in his lifetime. I replied that I had Thatcher, in his lifetime.
not-had never seen him
"Remember that, gentlemen of the jury," said he, with a concelted smile; "remember the witness had never seen nor heard of the de-
ceased. We don't mean to controvert the witness's statement on that point, sir," he added, addressing the counsel for the defence, and which he would hold in reserve as a final crusher."
"Cuss you!" roared the Judge, " keep your
mouth shut, will you? The witness will proceed."

I approached this person on the rock," $I$ con. tinued, "and sald, ' Good Avenlng,'
" ، Bet you five dollars it aint ")"

Bet you five dollars it aint! '" said he, turn
At this there was a general snigger from the spectators, and Dave Thatcher's widow, who sat near, looked up with a sudden hope in her
face that was cheerful to see. I resumed my
"Do you see that oak on the other bank?" continued the man on the

I thought the
did not know just must be a maniac, and I did not know just what to answer ; but presaw it or not-it depended upon circumstances. "He was silent for some moments ; then he "، gnow b chatterid his teeth.
"'Snow before morniug,' said he. 'Perhaps
,' said I, non-committally ; 'seems thickening up, but that may be an optical illusion.'
What year General Jackson if I remembered What year General Jackson was elected Presi-
dent-' wasu't in '52 ?' I wld him I did not dent-' wasu't in '52 ?' I told him I did
collect. After a
"'They're talking, here at The Bluff, running Ben. Franklin for next President.' "I made no reply. Then be ca
and laid a hand on my shoulder
". See here, stranger,' said he, 'is there any
abject you feel at home on? Have you got any subject you feel at hom
hobby-any opinions,
"، I am not
have opinions, and some don't ; 'some people hat do have, had some don't haveany. Some time; and those that have them all the time often Aorget them.'
lang to jump over these falle, disgusted, 'I'm ars I will?

I said nothing, a id he continued: 'I shall be
exactly three seconds and a half getting to the 'Possibly't now?

- Possibly. Maybe a little more than thatmaybe a little less-maybe just that. I don't
remember ever jumping over any cascades my remember ever jumping over any cascades my
self.
"He gave me one look, lald off his hat, backe
himself down, hanging on to the edge with his
hands. Then he let go, falling three bundred feet into the bolling whirpool below !"
"May it please the Court," shrieked the little "May it please the Court," shrieked the little
District-Attorney, lunging forward upon his hind District-Attorney, lunging forward upon his hind feet, I You say, sir, you had never seen the de-
now
ceased Mr. Thatcher up to the moment you met him on that rock-and never heard of himand never beard of any of his relations. Now, sir, on your oath, on your Blble oath, sir! how do you know this man you saw go over the falls was Dave Thatcher? How do you know it,
"I don't know it. I know it was not he. For just before he let go the rock he looked
me, with his nose above the edge, and said
'You think I'm Dave Thatcher, don't
"I told him he might be, or he might not.
"' Just so!' maid he, desperately, as his fingers There was a Boot you five dollars I ain't ! ', after this, but the spectators would not listen to it, and Bob D—_ was triumphantly acquitted, being borne through the town on the shoulders
of the jury, to the music of a brass band and the of the Jury, to the music of a bra
cheers of the whole population.
But Dave Thatcher's widow persisted in putting up a handsome headstoneover the remains
of the unknown dead, and was going to have it inscribed with her late husband's name, and what she still regarded as the manner of his death, when Bob stopped the proceedings by marrying her.
"I don't see what all this has to do with the
question of the advisability of swearing with nesses in court," said $I$, when John had finished his yarn.
" Don't,
wasn't a wasn't a prison in the State which I had not broken out of a thousand times. If I hadn't been
put upon my Bible oath what was to prevent my teling a lie?
the st. petersburg floods.

The correspondent at St. Petersburg, of the London "Standard," writes of the recent floods
at that City :-"St. Petersburg lies very low at that Clty:-"St. Petersburg ind is always in danger of inundation when the current of the former times these floods did a great deal of damage and when the water had risen to a habitants of the danger; flags by day and lanterns by night were placed on the Admiralty
tower, and guns were constantly fred from the tower, and guns were constantly fired from the
fortress. This practice is still continued, but as fortress. This practice is still continued, but as
the soil has become gradually raised, serious inundations have of late years been rare, and Neva reached a height of eighteen feet about their usual level, there has been nothing equa their usual level, there has been nothing equal
to the rise of Tuesday last, the 14 th inst. The weather had been unusually warm during the day; at sunset it became evident that a storm was approaching, and towards 7 o'clock it blew a perfect hurricane. The water rose rapidly, and the lower parts of the town were completely flooded. By 2 oclock, a. m. the water was al
most ten feet above its usual hefight, so that it most ten reet above its usual hefight, so that it
flowed into many streets which had not been flowed into many streets which had not been
submerged since the great inundation. Some of the thoroughfares were literally converted into rivers. The trees in the public gardens wer broken or uprooted, ships in the river from their anchors and thrown against th
floating bridges, all of which were more or les damaged. Telegraphic communications were suspended, as many of the posts were thrown down and the wires torn away by the wind. A the extremity of the Vassili Ostroff, severs coasting ships were hoated into the streets, th carried away, chimney-pots thrown down, and roofs torn off. The poor people were panic strisken, and many were obliged to abandon th glad to save their lives. Some were taken off in his horse and gallop away to a place of safety leaving his drosky and harness to their fate The Zoological Gardens were completely unde culty in the proprithors had the greatest diffl particular, gave a great deal of elephant, in particular, gave a great deal of trouble, but $h$ stas al where we remained for the nearest police effects of the storm was felt for many miles around St. Petersburg
At Tsarkoe, Selo. Pavlovsk, and Peterhoff people were kept awake all night for fear of the roofs of their houses being blown off. At Cronstadt, considerable damage was done to the troyed by the violence of the waves, and two watchmen were drowned. To add to the horrors four fires, and the head police were no less than his wits' end as they were all reported to at his wits end as they were all reported to round to the north, and the current belng no had risen. On the following morning a locomo ive was seen plying along the Newsky offering 0 pump the water out of the cellars, and during reater parter of the weak the attentioh of a removing the traces of the inundation of property has been immense, bat it is The loss that ai St. Petersburg no lives were lost.
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No notice will be taken of contributions unaccompanied by the name and address of the writer (not necessarily for publication,) and the Editor will not be responsible for their safe keeping.

Queer Day's Fishing; A Wayward Woman; Christmas
Eve on the Snow; Miss March's
Christmas
Eve; Love in Poetry; Delays are Christmas Eve; Love in Poetry; Delays are
Dangerous : The Wrong Boat; Three Lovers; Poetical Temperance Tale, ; George Leitrim;
The Mysterious Letter; Trial and Triumphs of The Mysterious Letler; Trial and Triumphs of
Elizabeth Ray, School Teacher; Litlue Mrs.
Rivington ; Sentenced to Death; The New Rivington; Sentenced to Death; The Now
Toacher ; Harris Lockwood; The Back wowls Toacher; Harris Lock Wood; The Back wouls
Sohoolmaster; Mrr. Power's Lucky Day ; Nick
Plo Plowshare's Fairy Story; That Emigrant Girl;
The Phantom Trapper; A Romance of PoutsThe Phantom Trapper; A Romance of Pouts.
ville; My Cousin Coralie ; The Dying Year's Lament ; Dawn; Improvisation; Skeletons;
He Will Return; Susie ; The Merchaut's Re-
ward ; A Night at St. Aubets; And Then; som and Blight 1 Esther's Lovers; The Mystery som Boutwell Hall; Mount Royal Cemetery;
of
Bughted Hopes; Minnie Lee's Valentines ; Eva Blighted Hopes; Minnie Lee's Valentines; Eva
Hilltoce's Valentine; A Tom Catin the Breach;
The Fatal Stroke; Only The Fatal Stroke; Only a Farmer ; Meta's
Broken Faith ; How We spend a Hollday in
Newfoundland; Newfoundland; Twice Wedded ; John Jones
and His Bargain ; The Clouded Life ; My Own
Canalian Home Canadian Home; The Loost Atlanticic; Gay and
Grave Gossip; Lovely Spring; From India to Canada; Rosurgam ; A Rallway Nap nand its
Consequences; Love or Money; For His Sake; Showed In; The False Heart, and the Tree;
Leave Me; Is There Another Shore; Weep Not For Me; Those Old Grey Walls; The Step-
mother ;' Tom Arnold's Charge ; Worth, Not
Wealth; Mirtam's Wealth; Mirram's Love; Modern Conveniences ;
Little Clare; Mirabile Dictu; Up the Saguenay ; Ella Loring; Cbarles Foot; The Heroine of graphing Our First-born; Neskeonough Photgraphing Our First-born ; Neskeonough Lake;
A Midnight Adventure ; Jeau Douglax ; The Re. stored Lover; Woman's Courage; A story in a Story; Tried and True; Dr. Solon Sweetbottle;
Second Sight; Ellipses; Genevieve Duclos; Our Destiny ; Port Royal; Night Thoughts; ; Mr.
Bouncer's Travels ; Watching the Dead ; DeIusions; To Shakespeare; An Adventuress; The Wandering Minstrol; Spring; The White Man's
Revenge The Lilacs; ATrip Around the Stove Revenge; The Lilacs; A Trip Around the Stove; My First Bituation; An Cnfortunate Resurrec.
Hion; Our John; Kity Merle; History of William Won; Our John; Kithy Merle ; History or William
ning'; Wonslelg Hall; A Night at Mrs. Man-
not Lot ; The Lady of the Fullis. ning's; Won and Lost; The Lady of the Falls;
Chronicles of Willoughby Centre; Why Did She Doubt Him ; Jack Miller the Drover; Ellen May. ford; Rocompensed.
These MSS. will be preserved until the fou th of January next, and if not applied for by that
time will be destroyed. Stails should be for return postage.
The Age of Vulgar Glitter; Mrs. Seymure's To a Lover; A Fragment from the Scenes of Llfe; The Axle of the Heavens; The Correct View; Apostrophe to a Tear; June; A Debtor's
Dilemmas ; Proved; Wanted Some Beaut Can adian Ran' Storm After Long Drought; The The Murderer's Mistake; Yesterday ; Carrie's Hat and What Came of it; Leonle Collyer's Error ;
A Memory Autumn.

These MSS. will be preserved until the Twen-

## THE ART OF TALKING.

Conversation, as an art, has been made less the subject of study than might have been expected ; and professors of that art have, as one cannot but think, shown some degree of selfishness in keeping their discoveries in connection with it to themselves. Weare thrown then, upon our own resources. Let as see if we cannot grope our way to some few truths concerning it. Among these, one of the first which asserts itself strongly is the conviction that we mustavoid, by all means and at any expense, the practice of dragging in the topic on which we wish to talk, by main force. If our talk is to prosper, the subject of it mast be led up to gradually; and what is more, naturally; the conversation reaching it by easy stages, and, as one may say, in the course of nature. And this leading up must, you are entreated to remember, be the work of destiny, and by no means brought about by you who desir to profit by it.
Next in magnitude to the fault of dragging in your subject neck and heels, is the error of leading up to it yourself in a forced and unnatural manner. You must wait for your opportunity. Self-control and patience are as necessary to the attainment of conversation as of
any other distinction. You must be patient, any other distinction. You must be patient,
then, but you must also be vigilant; a combination of qualities rare, but indispensable to those who would be great in anything. You must be ready when that opportunity which
has been spoken of does come, to seize it and has been spoken of does come, to seize it and
hold it fast. You must hold your remark, your description, your story, or whatever it is, in check, as a skilful gillie does a deerhound; but you must be ready to let it slip when the right moment comes. If that moment is missed your chance is gone. You cannot revive the
subject : to assert that such resuscitation is pos subject : to assert that such resuscitation is por-
sible, would be to mislead many unoffending sible, would be to mislead many unoffending and perhaps deserving persons.
We have all of us seen resuscitation at-
tempted. " You were talking just now of dromedaries; it reminds me of a clever thing said by Professor Humps." We have all heard something of this sort in our time; but have we ever known the anecdote thus introduced
to succeed? The fact is, that there are some people, the peculiar nature of whose genius it is to suggest to them the most brilliant retorts and the most apposite remarks, some considerable time after the occasion when they would have been useful and appropriate has passed
away. We should be sorry to disparage the intellectual gifts of such persons, but we are compelled to say that we can give them no
comfort. Above all, we cunnot encourage any comfort. Above all, we cunnot encourage any ideas. If a good thing comes into your head after the opportunity of 1 etting it loose upon society has gone by, the best thing you can do, it by you, in gulp it doprn altogether, or keep the course of time.
In addition to this readiness, the importance of which has been so stro agly insisted on, it is necessary that any individual who $\mathrm{ho}_{i}$ es to morally thick-skined and tough, as he will have in the pursuit of the object which he has set to persons of a senitive nature, are exiremely distressing. It is, for instance-and still keep ing to the question of fortunate and unfur tunate times for starting a subject-by no means an uncommon thing with ian habitual talker to make a false start, and to find him self baulked hold fort moment when he is beginning to thus interrupted. best talk ers are liable to be gin, "I was travelling last summer in the Pyrenees," you should happen to find that sometor social standing, or bothe, has just ctarted
ter sith something else, or or botth, has just started person, whose conversabifonal innings you thought was over, is still, metaphorically, upon his legs, you must not miud, but must try again at the next opportunity, or at the once begur to baulk Dern n, when she has on doing so. One thing yotı must not do: you
on and must not let the matter drop. You must travel over those Pyrenees, even if you are hindered in starting on the journey, af; will occarionally happen, half a dozen times. You will get to have a very cordial detestation of the opening petition of them, and you will, moreover, find pedion of them, and you will, moreover, find
that any old established allkers who may be present will wear a surprised looks as you go you can. you must bear thesse thinigs as well as you can. There are difficulties connected with the pursuit of all the arts, and
ing is no exception to the rest.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications intended for this de partment should be addressed to the Editor Favority and marked "Correspondence."

JULIA.-Therr is no receipt for thickening the
rowth of the eyebrows.
A Shield.-The name George is derived from the Greek, and means, "husbandman.'
W. W.-A proper "four weeks' notice" is not
from date to date, but for twent Honesty. - You have acted quite correctiy Honessy.-You have acted quite correctly DatsY.-Superfluous hair, though removed by pilatory or tweezers, will always grow again. Moss-Rosk.-The engagement ring is worn,
in this country, on the fourth finger of the left hand.
E. B.-When an engagement is broken off, the letters
both sides.
max.-The gentlemen usually provides the home and furniture, and the lady the linen on narriage.
Souchong.-Green tea is usually held to pro-
duce nervousness. At all times it should be duce nervousnes
drunk sparingly.
Beta.-We belleve there is a school of art for ladies in Munich ; but we
There are plenty in Paris.
ALfreds. W.-Most certainly the master can punish his run-away apprentice, even though
he latter has since attained his majority he latter has since attained his majority.
Winifrid.-An engagement ring is the one given to a young lady by ber "Intended," on th
day when heobtained her assent to his suit Excelisior.-Archimedes was a celebrate anclent geometriclan, born at Sy Sracuse, ubout Fairplay.-It would be very improper and ndecorous for a young lady to wave her handkerchief at all to a gentleman on the opposite
vide of the street.
de or
Pollix.-We can give you no better advice that that already given. Some people are con-
stitutionally inclined to be stout, and cannot possibly get inin. Drinking vinegar is not o be thought of.
X. Y. I.-Under the clrcumstances you mendon, you cannot do better than you seem to be other, - namely, remaining faithful to each act for yourselves.
Joinc.-A young lady has no business to be walking at all with a young gentleman who is engaged to another young lady. A gentleman a lady when she has got her own gloves on.
Nellife.-When a lady, at a ball, does not wish to dance, she must say so to those gentleor that reason, she must not accept the offer of any other. If your former letter remained unan. wered, it must have miscarrled.
B. T.-1. To keep a good complexion wash your face in rain water and live moderately. Rise early and do not keep late hours. person by will can appolut trustees to pay the
interest of a certain sum to any one while a mlnor, and when of age the principal may be paid over.
Inci
Ince.-An ordinary clerk in an insurance of fice must write a good hand, be apt at figures, and possess, in fine, a good commercial educa-
tion. There is no such thing as an "apprentice ship" in such an office. Salaries vary very much As a matter of course, it requires interest with ship.
T. C.-Glycerine comes from the Greek, and neans sweet. It is obtained by saponifying
olive oil with oxide of lead mixed with a little water. It is then purified from the oxide of lead by means of hydrosulphuric acid. It is trans. parent, colorless, and devold of smell, and is really no more than carbon, hydrogen, and ox-
vgen.
Frank.-Marshal MacMahon, marshal and ives his des born at sully inish fancily wo deed and lost all for the last of the Stuart kings. The MacMahons carrying their national traditions, ancestral pride, and historic name to
France, mingled their blook by marriage with the old nobility of their adopted country. This member of the family entered the military ser wice of France in 1820, at the schcol of St. Cyr; ing as aide-de-camp to General Achard, act ing as aide-de-camp to General Achard, took attained to the rank of Captain in $1 \times 33$; and,
after holding the post of aide-de-camp to sevafter holding the post of aide-de-camp to sev-
eral African generals, and taking part in the assault of Constantine, was nominated Major of Foot Chasseurs in 1840, Lieutenant-Colonel o the Foreign Legion in 1842, Colonel of the 41st fise Line in 1845, and General of Brigade in Crimea, General MacMahon, then in left the was selected by Louis Napoleon to succeed him in the command of a division; and when the chiefs of the allied armies resolved on assaulting Sebastopol, Sept. 8, they assigned to General MacMahon the perilous post of carrying the works of the Malakoft. For his brilliant success on this occasiou he was made Grand Cross of
the Legion of Honor ; and in 1856 was nominat-
ed a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath. General MacMahon, who took a consplcuous part in the Italian campaign of 1859, received the baton of commemoration of created Duke of Magenta, France at the coronation of William III. of Prussia (now the Emperor of the German people) In November, 1861 ; was nominated to the command of the third corps d'armee Oct. 1862 , and was nominated Governor-General of
18 , Algeria by decree Sept. 1, 1864 . As Commander in Cblef the destinites of France now lie humany speaking, within his hands.

## NEWS NOTES.

Tue death is announced of Bishop Armitage a despatic A despatch from Cartagena says the blocked to off the harbor.
An attempt has been made to burn the Virginius," and thus prevent her delivery to the United States Government.
Ir is now said that the marriage of the Duke
of Edinburgh with the daughter of the Czar has of Edinburgh with the daughter
been postponed until February.
Besides the great consistory to be held at Rome on the 22 nd instant, another
consistory will be held aboul Easter.
President MacMahon and his wife have contributed 5,000 francs to the fund for the

THE crew of the "Loch Earn," which sank the "Ville du Havre," have been landed at Plymouth by another vessel, having abandoned their own n a sinking condition.
An imperial ukase has been issued requiring Russia men out of every 1,000 inhabitants of drafted into the army.
King Victor Emmanuel and the Chevaller Nigra, late Italian ambassador at Paris, had ${ }^{\text {long }}$ ong conference last week. It is understood Che-
The Reichstag has rejected, by 193 of $a$ majority, a motion censuring the Legislature,
introduced by the Goverument and directed introduced by the Goverument and
against the Ultramontane Catholics.
Mr. Charles Reed, M. P., addressing his constituents at Hackney lately testified to the
excellent effect of American temperance legisexcellent effect of American temperance les
lation, and urged its imitation in England.
crisis is imminent Madrid says: A Cabinel fested at President Grant's message and Caste. lar's alleged pandering to the Uulted States.
A sprelad to the Pall Mall Gazette says, as
Baron Reuter did not begin the Baron Reuter did not begin the works of inter
nal improvement in Persia within the time fixed upon, the Shah declared the convention void.
The Bazaine trial has been concluded. The accused has been sentenced to be degraded from of the Court afterwards signed the meal for mercy. It is not likely the sentence will bo fully carried oul.
The House Committee on appropriations has agreed to recommend that four millions be the navy, complying with the request of secretary Robeson, except os to the requast of sed for, which they cut down from five to four.
IT is said, at the time of writing, the demand of the United states set forth in the protocol has official signatures. This agreement reces not differ in terms in any essential particular from the protocol already printed, except that the inime, place and manner of delivering the "Virsalute to the flag, which United States and the the time the protocol had not been settlec an fixed. The "Virginius" is to be dellvered to our navy on Christmas Day.
In Congress last week Mr. Philips, of Kansas, asked leave to offer a resolution, reciting the
fact " that a state of war has existed for some years in the island of Cuba, and that under its excitement the steamer "Virginius" has been large neize American fiag hauled down, and as large number of those on board cruelly masstcongress recognized this act of barbarism unworthy of civilization; that the United States should use means to repress and check such cruel acts; that Congress reaffirms the doctrine can continent and the island thereof are the proper rulers of the country they occupy; that it is the duty of the United States whenever the indicate their desire to throw off the yolse indicate their desire to throw off the yo promptly to recognize and sympathize wild dictates the early recognition of Cuban indepenis incousist the contlanance of slavery in cabilization of the continent, and it is the duty of the United States to exert all means for its speeds overthrow ; that our maritime rights are disrespected; insult to the American flag should be
promplly met." It was referred to the Compromplly met." It was re
mittee on Foreign Affairs,

BYRON'S FAREWELL TO HIS WIFE.

Fare thee well, and if for ever,
Still for ever fare thee well,-
Even though unforgiven, never
Even though unforgiven, never
'Gainst thee shall my heart rebel.
Would that breast were bare before thee Where thy head so oft has lain, While that placid sleep came o'er thee,
Which thou ne'er canst know again

Would that breast by thee glanc'd over Every inmost thought could show
Then thou wouldst at last discover
'Twas not well to spurn it so.
Though the world, for this, commend thee, Though it smile upon the blow, Even its praises must offend
Founded on another's woe.

Though my many faults defaced me Than the one which once embraced me To infict a cureless wound!
Yet-oh, yet-thyself deceive not Love may sink by cold decay, But by sudden wrench belleve not
Hearts can thus be torn away

Still thine own its life retainethStill mast mine, though bleeding, beat, And the undying thought which paineth, Is-that we no more may meet

These are words of deeper sorrow Than the wail above the dead;
Both shall live, but every morrow Both shall live, but every morrow
Wake us from a widow'd bed.

And, when thou wouldst solace gatherWhen our child's first accents flowWilt thou teach her to say-father
Though his care she must forego.

When her little hands shall press thee ;
When her lip to thine is press'dThink of him whose prayer shall bless thee Think of him thy love had bless'd.
Should her lineaments resemble Those they never more mayst see-
Then thy heart would softly tremble Then thy hoart would softly tre
With a pulse yet true to me.

All my faults, perchance, thou knowestAll my madness none can knowThither yot with thee they go.
Every feeling hath been shaken Pride-which not a world could bowBows to thee-by thee forsaken,
Even my soul forsakes me now.

But 'is done-all words are idleWords from me are vainer stili Force their way without the will.
Fare thee well-thus disunited, Torn from every nearer tieSeared in heart, and sorce can dle.
[Registored according to the Copyright Act of 1868.]
PUBLICANS and SINNERS

## A LIFE PICTURE.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON,
Author of "Lady Audley's Secret," "To The
Bitter End," "The Outcasts," \&c., \&c.

## BOOK THE LAET.

CHAPTER 1.

## at rouen.

It was stlll quite early in the day when Lucius ontered Rouen, but the bustle of commerce had
begun upon the quays. Shrill volces bawled to emon other the quays. shiping, and it seemed as if a small slice of the West India Docks had been transferred to this bluer stres m. The bus-
tle of business here was a very small matter compared with the press and clamor of the Sha-drack-Basin district. Still the town had a prosperous progresivive air. i.ofty stone-fronted Banasions and lofty stone-fronted ware-houses
glared whitely in the sunhhine, some finished
and and occupted, but more in process of construcHon. This mashroom growth of modern comshadow the quaint old city where the warriormaid was martyred, Lucius, who had not seen
the place for some years, looked round him Eqhast. This broad Hme-white boulevard, these tall lime-white bulldings, were as new as Aladdin's palace.
"What has bocome of my Rouen?" he asked
himeolr dejectedly. The clty had pleased him
dre years ago, when he and Geofrrey peseed
through it during a long vacation excursion, but the queer old gabled houses, older than the Fronde-nay, many of them ancient as the fa-
mous Joan herself-the archways, the curious nooks and corners, the narrow streets and in. convenient footways, in a word, all that had made the city at once delightrul to the tourist
and unwholesome for its inhabitants, seemed to and unwholesome for its inhabitants, seemed to
be extinguished by those new boulevards and be extinguished
huge houses.

## huge houses.

A quarter of an hour's exploration, however, showed Lucius that much that was interesting
in his Rouen still remained. There was the in his Rouen still remained. There was the
narrow street and its famous sweetmeat shops, once the chief thoroughfare ; yonder the noble ond cathedral; there St. Ouen, that grandest and purest of Gothic churches. Modern improvement had not touched inese, save to renovate their olden spleador.
The traveller did not even stop to refresh himaself, but went straight to the Rue Jeanne d'Ar-
ques, a narrow quiet street in an out-of-theques, a narrow quiet street in an out-of-the-
way corner, behind the Palais de Justice; so quiet, indeed, thad it was diffcult to imagine, in the gray stillness of this retreat, that the busy, prosperous, near at hand
The street was as clean as it was dull, and had a peculiar neatness of aspect, which is, as it were,
the seal of respectabllity. A large white An. gora cat purred upon one of the doorsteps - a canary chirped in an open window - a pair of mirrors attached to the sides of another casement, in the Belgian fashion, denoted that there
were some observing eyes which did not deem Were some observing eyes which did not deem
even the scanty traffic of the Rue Jeanne d'Areven the scanty traffic of the Rue Jeanne d'Ar-
quess beneath their notice. Most of the houses ques beneath their notice. Most of the houses
were in private occupation, but there were two or three shops-one a lace-shop, another a watch. maker's, and
Lucius crossed to the opposite side of the way
and inspected this Number 17- the house frum and inspected this Number 17-the house from which Madame Dumarques, Lucille's mother, had written to Ferdinand Sivewright. It had no originality in its physiognomy. Like the rest
of the bouses in the street, it was dull and clean of the houses in the street, it was dull and clean
-like them it looked eminently respectable. It -like them it looked eminently respectable. It Inspired no curiosity in the observer - It sug-
gested no mystery hidden among its inhabigested
tants.
Should he pull that brightly-polished brase knob and summon the porter or portress, and There might be two or three different familles in the house, though it was not large. His eye wandered to the watchmaker's next door. A shop is neutral ground, and a watchmaker's trade is leisurely, and inclines its practitioners to a mild indulgence in grossiping. The watchmaker
would in all probability know a good deal about wouldin ail probability know a good deal ab
Number 17, its occupants past and present.
Number 17, its occupants past and present. Luclus recrossed the street and entered the
watchmaker's shop. He was pleased to find that mechanician seated before the window examining the intestines of a chronometer through a magnifying glass, but with no appearance of being pressed for time. He was old and gray and
small, with a patient expression which promised smail, with a patient expression which promised good nature even towards a stranger.
Luclus gave a conciliatory cough and wished
him good-morning, a salutation which the him good-morning, a salutation which the watchmaker returned with brisk roliteness. He
gave a sigh of relief and laid down the chronogave a sigh of relief and laid down the chrono-
meter, as if he were rather glad to be done with it for a little whlle.
"I regret to say that I do not come as a cus tomer," said Lucius. The watchmaker shrugged his shoulders and smiled, as who should say, "Fate does not always favor me." "I come ra-
ther to ask your kindly assistance in my search for information about some people who may be dead long ago, for anything I know to the con-
trary. Have you lived any length of time in this trary. Have you lived any length or time in this
street, sir?" "I have lived in this street all the time that I "I was born in this house, and my father was born here before me. There is a little notch in yonder door which indicates my height at five years old; my father cut it in all the pride of a paternal heart, my mother looking on with ma-
ternal love. My aftergrowth did not realise the promise of that period.

Lucius tried to look interested in this sinall domestic opisode, but failed somewhat in the endeavor; so eager was he to question the
watchmaker about the subject he had at heart
"Did you ever hear the name of Dumarques in this street?" he asked.
"Did I ever hear my own name?" exclaimed the watohmaker. "One is not more famlliar to
me than the other. You mean the Dumarques who lived next door
"Yes, yes-are they there still?"
"They! They are dead. It is not every one who lives to the age of Voltaire."

Are they all dead $q$ "asked Lucius, disheart ened. It seened strange that an entire family should be swept
" Well, no ; I believe Julie Dumarques is still living. But she left Rouen some years ago "
"Do you know where she has gone?"
"She went to Paris; but as to her address in Paris-no, I do not know that. But if it be vital to you to learn It-
"It is vital to me."

It is vight possibly put you in the way of obtaining the information, or procure it for you." favor., Any trifing recompense which I can ofter
you-"" I require no reward beyond the consci-
" I ousness of having performed a worthy action. I amtirely on vegetable diet; and I endeavor to
ensist my fellow-creatures."
"I thank you, sir, for your disinterested kind ness. And now perhaps you will lay me unde about these neighbours of yours?

Willingly, sir."
Were they tradespeople, or what, these Du
marques ?
thing," said ittle, sir, and I will tell you every thing," said Monsieur Gastin, the little watch maker. He ushered Laclus into a neat ilttle
gitting-room, which was evidently also his bed-gitting-room, which was evidently also his bed-
chamber, installed him in an armchair covered chamber, installed him in an armchair covered
With bright yellow velvet, took a second yellowrelvet chair for himself, clasped his bony hands upon his angular knee, and began his story
Through the half-glass door he commanded an admirable view of his shop, and was ready to spring up at any moment, should a customer in vite his attention.
"Old Andre Dumarques, the father, had been In the cotton trade, when the cotton trade, like himost every other trade, was a great deal better not very much, but just mough to money when judiclously in vested, in when judiclously in vested, an income that $h$ could manage wolive upon. Another man with IIve upon Andre Dumarques' income; but he was a man of penurious habits, and could make Nve-and-twenty centimes go as far as half a Iranc with most people. He had married late and too pretty for him, and the neighbors did and too pretty for him, and the neighbors did
not fall to talk, as people do talk amongst our Iively nation, about such matters. But Madam Dumarques was a good woman, and though happy marrigge pretlity well that hers wasn't a Whe did her duty, and slaved herself to death to make both ends meet, and keep her house neat and clean. Number seventeen was a model to the rest of the street in those days, I can assur
the rest
¥ou."
"She
What does that mean?" inquired Lucius.
It means that she became poitrinaire when but no son as as shars, us her mother at etn years old, and as pretty had seen the poor woman fading gradually the last six years, except her husband. He fow nothing, till the stamp of death was on her face and then he went on like a madman. Hespent his money freely enough then-had a doctor from Paris even to see her, because he wouldn't believe the Rouen doctors when they told hlm nything to save her; but it was too late. od her it, a ilttie pleasure might have lengthen could have if sher diad it in time; but nothin never forget old Andre's face when I saw him comil"

He had been fond of her, then?
"Yes, in his selfish way. He had treated her free country would submit to be treated in he had expected her to wear like a machlne he had always been hard and tyrannical, and him for the worse. He made his children's home so wretched, that two of his daughterspoor mother had taught out to service. Thel for Andre Dumarques vowed he wouldn't wast his money on paying for his daughters to be the Sacre Coeur, and was quite a lady. She taught them a good deal; but still people sald sses, so they got situations as lady's-maid way

Was Felicie the youngest?
"Yes, and the prettiest. She was the image father in them-thin lipes, cold grey much of the noses. She was all life and sparkle and prettiness; too pretty to go out into the world amon "Did she sixteen years old."

Did she begin the world so young?
"She did. The neighbours wondered that he father should let her go. I, who knew him may be, better than most people, for he made is triends, ventured to say as much.
ger ged his shoulders. "What would you ?" he I am too poor to keep them in idleness." In offect since his wife's death Dumarques had becom a miser. He had been always mean. He had now bu
"Do you know to whem Fellicle went, when "the began the world?"
to name and place. But it precisely; not as lady she went-I heard as much as that: as I sald just now. Dumarques spoke mor, freely to me than to others. An elderly English lady, an invalid, was passing through Rouen a maiden lady, he a bachelor. The lady's maid had fallen ill on the journey. They had been where and the lady attendant; but she would have no comman person, no peasant girl who talked loud and at garlic; she must have a young person of ate refinement, conversable-in brief, almost a lady Her brother applied to the master of the hotel. The master of the hotel knew something of Andre Dumarques, and knew that he wanted to and situations for his daughters. "I have the
very ling at the ends of my angers," he said,
and sent his porter upon the spot with a note one of hieur Dumarques, asking him to bring one of his daughters. Felicie, had been pining
ever since her mother's death. She was moat anxious to leave her home. She accompanied her father to the hotel. The old lady saw her, Was delighted with her, and engaged her on
the spot. That was how Felicie left Rouen." the spot. That was how Felicie left Rouen.
"Did you ever see her again?"
"Did you ever see her again?
east six years afterwards ; and I It was at least six years afterwards; and I had almost Orgotten that poor child's existence. . Andre
Dumarques was dead; he had died leaving a nice uttle fortuue behind him, 一the fruit of depriva tions that must have rendered his life a burdenpoor man, -and his eldest daughter, Hortence, rept the house. Julle had also gone into service soon after Felicie left home. Hortence had kept her father's house ever since her mother's death. She kept it still, though there was now no father for whom to keep it. She must have been very lonely, and though the house was a picture of neatness, it had a melancholy alr. Mademoiselle Dumarques kept three or four family for years . being young, not even I, who approach the age of my erent countryman, Voltaire" "And she came back-Felicie?"
cius, somewhat exercised in spirit by the wed maker's longueur.
"She came back; but, ah, how changed! It Was more like the return of a ghost from the grave than of that bright creature 1 remembered six years before. I have no curiosity about may nelghbours; and though I love my fellow creaabout particular members of my race mysel they make some direct appeal to my race, unlesi Thus, had I been left to myself, I might have remained for an indefinite period unaware of Felicie's return. But I have a houselzeeper Who has the faults as well as the merits of her Writers who have rendered my hative clanaic crious, she, worthy soul, glves her mind to the moup, and the allairs of her neighbours. One rain mig, aiter an autumnal night of wind and would hardy have wina humanitarian mind cur-my housetseeper handed me a and poured out my wine with more omele air than usual ; and I tnew that ore importan ing to tell me something about my nelghbours The omelet, in the preparation of which she is usually care itself, was even a trifle burned. mind.
"Yes, sir; 1 indulged the simple creature You may hear her at this moment, in the little court without yonder window, singing as she works, not melodious but cheerful."
This was in allusion to a monoton
ing nolce, something between the Irish bagpipes and a Jew's-harp, which broke the bagstillness of the Rue. Teanne d'Arques.
"chell, Marthon,' I said in my friendly way, 'What has happened?' She burst forth at once like a torrent. 'Figure to yourself then,' she would travel on such a night as last night. You might have waded ankle deep upon the pavement. ' People must travel in all weathers had not Marthon, 1 repiied philosophically. the storm of the preceding evening, and was therefore able to approanh the subject in a shrugged her shoulive frame of mind. Marthon vehemently, till her earringu jingled agaln. and beautiful woman! she cried; 'a young 2 new interest to the subject. My philanthropy woman woman out in the storm last night!' I exclaim ed. 'She applied for shelter here, perhape, and
you accorded her request, and now fear that shall disapprove. Marthon, I forgive your inat me see this child of misfortune,' I wos pre pared to administer consolation to the preleas wanderer, in the broadly Christian spirit of the divine Jean Jacques Rousseau; but Marthon began to shake her head with Lncredible energy, and in effect, after much efrcumlocution I obtalned the following plain statemonit of
Here the little watchmaker, proud of his Lucius for admiration; but seeing impatiod at rather than approval indicated in his visitor's countenance, he gave a brief sigh, icwardly de-
nounced the unsympathetic temperament nounced the unsympathetic temperament of his neat little legs upon the yellow-velvet foot tool, stuck his tumbs in the armholes of his Briedy, sir, continued thus
brieny, sir, Felicle Dumarques had returned. flacre from the during that pitiless storm in a keeper had heard the vehicle stope. My house W the door in time to see the traveller alight face by the light of the street-lamp, which, as you may have observed, is near my door, and she told me how sadly the poor girl was changed 'She looks as har mother did a year or two before she died,' sald Marthon. 'Her cheetrs on them, and there is a reverish spot of colour made her work too hard in her situation. She was evidently not expected last night, for the servant gave a scream when she saw her and Mademoiselle Dumarques came down, and I saw the siaters embrace. 'Felicie !' sald shortense.
'Thon art like the dead risen from the grave!'

Ant then the door shut, and my housekeeper "You saw Follcle yourself, I suppose, after-
"Yes. She passed my door now and then; but rarely, for she seldom went out. Sometimes I used to run out and speak to her. I had known her from her cradie, remember, and she had always seemed to lige me in the days when
she was bright and gay. Now she had an air that was at once listless and anxious, as if she had no interest in her present life, but was
waiting for something - sometimes hoping sometimes fearing, and never happy. She would speakell-her in the old sweet smiled, and if ever she did, the smille was al most sadder than tears. Every time I saw her
I saw a change for the worse; and I felt that she had begun that Journey we must all take some day, even if we live to the age of the im-
mortal Voltaire," mortal Voltaire.
"Did any one ever come to see her-a gentle-man-an Englishman?" inquired Luctus.
"Ah," cried the watchmaker, "I see You
know her history better than I. Yes, an Engilsh gentleman did visit her. It was nearly a year after her return that he came, in the middle o summer. He stayed a week at the hotel, the
same to which Felicie went to see the English lady with whom she left Rouen. This gentleman used to spend most of his time next door, and
he and Felicle Dumarques drove about in a he and Fellicie Dumarques drove about in a
hired carrlage together to different places in the hired carriage together to different places in the
neighbourhood, and for the first time since her return I saw Fellicle with a happy look on her too, clagr and plain enough for any eves the could read; and I think the Englishman musi have seen it as well as I. Marthon contrived to And out all that happened next door. She told me that a grand phystician had come from Paris new treatment, which was to cure her. And then I regret to say that Marthon, who has a wicked tongue, began to say injurious things
about our nelghboura. I
stopped her at once, forabout our neighboura. 1 soopped her at onee, for
bidding her to utter a word to the discredit of Fellcie Dumarques, and a short time after to say that I was right and Felicle was an hones woman. The old servant next door had told my housekeeper that the English gentleman was
Felicle's husband. They had been married in Felicle's husband. They had been married in England, but they were obliged to Keep their
marriage a secret, on account of the Englshmarriage a secret, on account of the English-
man's uncle, who would disinhertit him if he man's uncle, who would disinherrt him ir he
knew his nephew had married a lady's mald, for this gentleman was nephew of the invalid "I begin to understand," said then, producing the double miniature the watchmaker the two portrait "Is elther of those faces famlliar to you?" he asked.
"Both of them," cried the other. "One is a
portrait of Fellicle her beauty; the other of the Englishman who came to visit her. uired Lucius.
quired Laceius. ${ }^{\text {Never, though Marthon, who does not scru- }}$ diect to push curiosity to impertinenoe, asked the shect question of the old servant next door.
she was reputised with severity. 'I have told you there is a secret,', sald the woman, '‘and it
is one that can in no manner concern you. Madame' (meaning Fellcie) 'is an angel of goodness. And do you think Mademoiselle Hortense would allow the English gentleman to
come here if all was not right; she who is so correct in her conduct, and goes to mass every fied with this. Well, sir, the Englishman went away, I saw Fellicle drive home in a voiture de remise; she had been to the station to see him
off. Great Heaven, I never beheld so sad a face - Alas, poor child,' I salud to mysself, 'all the
physicians in Paris will never cure you, for you are dying of errow will And•er ware you, for your far wrong,
sir. The poor girl died in less than a month sir. The poor girl died in less than a month
from that day, and was buried on the hill yonder, by the chapel of
Secours,"
"And her elder sister?"
"Mademoiselle Hortense? She died two years ago, and lies yonder on the hill with the rest of
them."
"But one sister remalns, you say
"Yes, there is stlll Mademolselle Julle. She went to Paris to a situation in a magastn de
modes, I belleve. She was always clever with modes, 1 be
"And you think you can procure me her pre "I belleve I can, and without muoh difflculty. The house next door belongs to Mademoisell her address."
"I shall be beyond measure obliged again if " If you will it be kind enough to call again this evening, I will make the inquiry in the mean
time. "time" "I thank you, sir, heartily. You have already
given me some valuable information given me some valuable information, which
may assist a most amiable young lady to regain may assist a most amiable yo
her proper place in the world.
The disciple of Jean Jacques declared himself enraptured at
fellow creature.
"There is one polnt, however, that I might
ascertain before I leave Rouen," said $L$ nuclug ascertalin before I leave Rouen,", sald Lucluas,
"and that is the name of Felloce's husband, You say he stayed at the same hotel at which Fellcie had seen the English lady. Which hotel
was it ${ }^{\text {n }}$
"The Britannique.
"And can you give me the date of Felicle"
The watchmaker shrugged his shoulders.
"I cannot say. The years in our quilet life
" years."
"And I have a letter written by her after her return-dated. That will give me an approxi-
mate date at any rate. I'll try the Hotel Brimate date
tannique,"
Luclus paused in his passage through the shop to select some trifling articles from the watch maker's small stock or jewelry which migh
serve as gifts for Luclle. Slender as his means where he could not leave a service entirely un requited. He bought a locket and a pair or him delighted with hls visitor, and pledged to obtain Mademotselle Dumarques' address, even should the tenant of number seventeen prove
unWilling to give It .

## CHAPTER II

the story grows clearer.
The Britannique was a handsome hotel on the quay, bright-looking and many-balconied. The ong after noon-a long table in the gally-deco ated dining-room was already laid for the tapyramids of those wooly peaches and flavourless rrapes as thoden pears which grapes and wooden pears whe see apples of table-d'hote dessert. Already napkins, spread fan-shape, adorned the glasses, ranged in double ine along the vast perspective of table-cloth Waiters were scurrying to and fro across the hall, chamber-malds bawled to each other-a teep winding stair-case. An insupportable odour of dinner-strongly flavoured with garlic -pervaced the atmosphere. Tour ists were hur-
riedly consulting time-tables, as if on the point of departure ; other tourists, just arrived and burdened with lugrage were gazing disconso bardened around, as if doubtful of finding accom modation. Habitues of the hotel were calmly smoking their midday cigarettes, and walting for the dainty 11 tule breakfast which the har rassed cook was so slow to produce through
yonder hutch in the wall, to which hungry eyes lanced impationtly.
In a scene so busy it hardly seemed likely hat Luclus would find any one willing to len an ear, or to sit calmly down and thoughtfully
review the past, in order to discover the identity oriew he Enalish guests who had taken Fallt Dumarques away from her foyless home. H made ine attempt notwithstanding, and walked into a neat little parlour to the left, where two disconsolate female-strangers to each othor and regardless of each other's Woes-were
poring over the mysteries of a couple of railwayporing over whersteries o-la couple of railwayguides ; and where a calm-looking middle-aged
female, with shining black hair and neat little remale, with shining black hair and neat ilttle
white-lace cap, sat at a desk making out white-lac
accounts.
To this tranquil
The lady shrue proprietor of the hotel?" As a rule, she told Laclus, the proprietor did no permit himself to be seen. He had his servants who arranged everything
"Cannot I afford you any information you
may require monsieur " may require, $m$
agreeable smile.
"That, madame, will depend upon circumtances. May I ask how long you have been in
"From the age of elghteen. Monsieur Dolfe -the proprietor-is my nacle." ${ }^{\text {"That may be at most ten years," sald }}$ Luclus, with gallantry.
"It is more than twenty, monsieur
Lucius expressed his amazement.
"Yes, monsieur, I have kept these books more than twenty years
You must bery tired of them, I should good-natured, and Inclined to oblige him.
custom endears even the drest duty. I took a week's hollday at Dieppe last summer, for the benefit of my health, but belleve me I missed my books. There was a vold. Pleasure 18 all
very well for people who are used $t a$ it, but for a woman of business-that fatigues
"The inquiry which I wish to make relates to some English people who were staying tor a short time in this house-about four-and-twenty
years ago, and whose names I am anxious to years ago,
discover."
Mademolselle Dolfe elevated her black eye rows to an almost hazardous extent
"But, monsleur, four-and-twenty years ago Ynd-twenty years ago? English visitors - and this hotel is three-parts Alled with English Visitors every year from May to October.
Thirty Engltsh visitors will sit down to.day at Thirty English visitors will stt down to.day at
our table d'hote, that is to say, English and our table d'hote, that
American, all the same."
" it might be impossible to remember them un-asssisted; yet there are circumstances connected with these people which might recall
them to you. But you have books in them to you. But you have
visitors write their names?"
"Yes, if it pleases them. They are even
asked to write ; but there is no law to compel them; there is no law to prevent them writivg
a false name. It is a mere formula. And if a false name. It ts a mere formala. And if in
can find the names, supposing you to know the
exact date, how are we to identify them with the people you want ? There are several
names signed in the visitors'-book every day in names signed in the visitors'-book every day in
our busy season. People come and go so quickiy. it is an impossibility which you ask, mon
the "I think if $I$ had time for a quitet chat with you 1 might bring back the circumstances to - a matter which may seriously affect the hap piness of a person very dear to me, or I would
not trouble you." oot trouble you.
"A person very dear to you ! Your betrothed perhaps, monsieur ?" Inquir
Dolfe, with evident sympatity
Luclus felt that his cause was half won.
"Yes, madame," he sald, "my betroth Whose mother was a native of your city." This clenched the matter. lademoiselle the books, and the perpetual adding-up of din ners and breakfasts, service appartement bougles, siphons, bouteilles, demi-boutellies, and
those fatal sundries which so fearfully swell an those fatal sundries which so fearfully swell an
hotel bill-even this hard exercise of an exact hotence had not extinguished that vital spark of
sclen sclence had not extinguished that vital spark of

heavenly flame which Mademoiselle Dolfe called her soul. She had been betrothed herself, once upon a time, to the proprietor of a | rival |
| :--- |
| tions | only too constant to the brandy-bottle, ish had not forgotten that springtime of the heart, those alcyon summer evenings when she and

her Gustave had walked hand.in-hand in the her Gustave had walked hand.in-hand in the
shadowy avenues across youder bridge. She shadowy avenues across youder bridge. She
sighed, and looked at Luclus with the glance of sighed, and
compassion
" Would it be possible for you to give me asked Lucius pleadingly
"There is the evening," sald Mademoiselle gont. "My uncle is a severe sufferer from gout, and rarely leaves his room ; but I do not eventig for half an hour. He has all the old books of the hotel in his room-lhey are indeed his only llbrary. When in want of a distraction he compares the receipt of past years with tariffs, with a view to any modification, the reduction or increase of our present charges. If you will call this evenlng at nine o'clock, monHis mem induce my uncle to recelve yon. ible to recall events of which $I$ in my frivolous sirihood, took little notice.
"I shall be eternally obliged to him, and to you, madame," said Lucius. "In the mean
time, if you will kindly send a porter for my time, if you will kindiy send a porter for my
bag, which I left at the station, : will take up bag, which 1 left at the station, © Will take up
my abode here. 1 shall then be on the spot mhenever
recelve me.

You will stay here to-night, monsleur?" o-morrow morning
Mademolselle Doife surveyed a table of num"Show thls gentleman ar-mald.
"Show this gentleman to number eleven," she sald; and then, turning to Luclus, she added graciously, "It is an alry chamber,
giving upon the river, monsieur, and has but giving upon the river, monsieur, and has but
been this Instant tacated. I shall have a dozen applications when the next train from Dieppe comes in."
Lucius thanked Mademoiselle Doife for this
mark of favour, and went up to number refresh himself and went up to number eleven to tance of as much cold water as, can be obtalned by hook or by crook in a foreign hotel. His toilet made, he descended to the coffee-room, when
he endeavoured to derive entertainment from a flabby Rouen journal while his tardy breaka flabby Rouen journal while his tardy break-
fast was belng prepared. This meal dispatched, he went out into the streets of the city, looked his last picturesque old bits he remembered on the cathedral, looked in St. Ouen and finished his afternoon in the Museum of Arts, contemplating the familiar old pictures, and turning the
vellum leaves of a noble missal in the library vellum leaves of a noble missal in the library.
He dined at the table d'hote, and after dinner He dined at the table d'hote, and alt
returned to the Rue Jeanne d'Arques.
The little watchmaker had a triumphant air, and at once handed him a slip of fimsy paper leggish caligraphy.
"I had a good deal of troable with my neighbour," he said. "He is a disagreeable person,
and we have embroiled ourselves a little on the subject of our several dustbins. He objects to vegetable matter; I object more strongly to the appear to devour a's inordinate quantity, judging from the contents of his dustbin. When first put the question about Mademoiselle Dumar-
ques I found him utteriy impracticable. He knew his landlady's address, certainly, but it was not his business to communicate her ad. dress to other people ; she might object to have of conflence on known; it might be a breach startle. $\mathbf{l}$ when, with a sudden burst of rage, he brought his clenched fist di.wn upon the table. -Sacrebleu!' he cried; ' I divine your inten-
tion. Traitor ! You are are golng to write to Mademolselle Dumarques about my dusbin.' senses that nothing wes farther from senoughts than his dustbin. Nay, I suggested that we should henceforward regulate our dust bins upon a system more in accord with the prevailed between us. In a word, by some ju dicious quotations from the inimitable Jean
frame of mind, and induced him to give me the address, and to tell me
Mademoiselle Dumarques.
"For which devotion to my cause I owe you thousand thanks," said Lucius.
serve a fellow creature. Thuld do much more to there in your hand. It appears that Mademolselle Dumarques set up in business for herself some years ago at that address, where she reconfides the secrets of her art."
Lucius repeated his acknowledgments, and But hè did not quit the Rue Jeanne d'Arques without pausing once more to contemplate the quiet old house in which Luclle's fair young only child, and in a measure deserted by her glimpse of happiness at best,
He reentered the hotel a few minutes before nine. The little office on the left side of the all day, and ademoiselle Dolfe had been visible Mademolsallo life, and was ministering to her gouty uncle Lucius gave his card to a waiter requesting that it might be taken to Mademoiselle Dolfe with. could delay. The waiter returned sooner than he have hoped, and informed him ceive him
He followed the waiter to a harrow staircase ed to the entresol. Here, in a small sitting room, with a ceiling which a moderate-sized man could easily touch with his hand, Lucius beheld Monsleur Dolfe reposing in a ponderous a stout man, with very little hair on his head, ed smowng che small low room looked upon a courtyard like a well, and was altogether a stifling apartment. But it was somewhat lux urlously furnished, Lucius perceived by the sub dued light of two pair of wax candles-the unfin ished bougles of the establishment were evident ly consumed here-and Monsieur Dolfe and his niece appeared eminently satisfied with it, and
entirely unaware that it was wanting in airiness and space.
The books of the hotel, bulky business-like thes, were ranged on a shelf in one corner o mediam. Lucius's eye took that direction im pompous, and sipped his coffee as if in no hurry to satisfy the stranger's curiosity.

I have told my uncle what you wish, Mon sieur Davoren," said Mademoiselle graciously
and with a pleading glance at the old gentleman in the skull-cap.
"May I ask your motive in wishing to trace years back?" asked Monsieur Dolfe, with an im years back?" asked Monsieur Doife, with an im
portant air. "Is it a will oase, some disputed testament, and are you in the law ?" "I am a surgeon, as my card will show you,"
sains, "and the case in which I am inter ested has nothing to do with a will. I wish to discover the secret of a young lady's parentage
-a lady who at present bears a name which I believe is not her own."

Humph,' said Monsieur Dolfe doubtfully and there is no reward attaching to your in
may gain a father, or at least a father
ame, for the girl I love," answered Lucius frankly.
Monsieur Dolfe appeared disappointed, but "Ah, see you," she oried to her uncle, "is it interesting
Lucius stated his ease plainly. At the name o Dumarques Monsieur Doife pricked up his ears. face. A quiver of mental pain convulsed his triple chin.
"You are famillar with the name of Dumarues?" sadd Lucius, wondering.
"Am I familiar with it ? Alas, I know it too well!"

You knew Fellicie Dumarques?"
I knew Feltole Dumarques' mother before she married that old skinflint who murdered "B

Burt, my uncle !" screamed Mademoiselle. "Tais-toi, child! I know it was slow mur-
der. It came not within the law. It was an How often have I lasted months and year face: No smile ever brightened it, after her marriage with that vile miser. She did no heaven he did not complain. The angels wife and mother shoress than she wasle and she died by inches. No matter that sh ived twenty years after her marriage- it wa sradual death all the same."
Mushedieur Dolfe was profoundly moved. He head, which he rubbed despondently with his fat white hand.
"Did I know her? We were neighbors a
children. My parents and hers lived side bs father Her father was a notary-above m as childration; but she and I played togethe as little ones-for the notary was poor, and

Yea Mepeated Lucius.
cille." Madame Dumarques' name was Lue
I understand. Go on, pray, monsieur." repeat, and the children-there were sever
of each other than we might have done other-
Fise. Luclle and my sister were fast friends. Whise. Lucllle and my sister were fast friends. War in many ways more comfortable than the tamally troisiome occupted by the Valneau Lucllie. about fourteen. No word of love had pessed between us, as you may imagine, at that as well age but I had shown my devotion to her known that $I$ adored her. Whether she ever
cared and secret, even in the smallest degree, for me, is a age my father sent me,to Paris to learn my unknow, monsieur uncle preceded me, you must there till I was $t$, his house-and I remained Lucere till I was twenty-three. When I came back Damarques. My sister had not had the heart to write me the news. She suffered it to stun lacreased. mumaraues had oftered to balties had Lucille and to help her family; so the poor chill was sacrificed."
"A sad story," said Luclus.

## Dolfe.

"The young lady in whom I am interesteddaughord, my promised Wife-1s the grandLuclus, to the profound astonishment of Mon${ }^{5}$ Bur Dolfe.
He produced the miniature, which served in "I manner for his credentials.
Dolfe. "Fellicle Doth Daces," said Monsieur
Was who stayed in this house for a week, and
chappply that set people talking; but the poor
becild died only a month later, and carried her There was no
There was no shameful secret," said
"Thai man was Fellicie's husband." are you sure of that?
"I have it from the best authority. And now. Monsieur, you will do me a service. if you can

But it is dimicult," exclaimed Monsleur Dolfe. Was never god at rememberlig namese, Oven of my own nation, and to remember an
Q anglish name after twenty years-it is impos.
sible," Hechot twenty years. It cannot be more than
 ${ }^{1}{ }^{\text {Pan }}$ if you remembered, it might be but wasted To keep his marriage a secret. He would there-
tho most likely come here in an assumed
 At all," sald Monsieur Dolfe. "Many of our
Sinests are nameless-we know them only as ambere nameless-we know them only as
"Bor 10 or Number 20 , as the case may be." Blad int there is a name which I should be very
the lacall, and that tis the name or
tad5 and gentleman-brother and sister${ }^{\text {eldderly }}$ people-who took Feflicie Dumarques She if with them, as attendant to the lady, when
D ieft Rouen. As you were interested in the Wharques' family, that is a circumstance "I hich you may possibly remember.
Ih recall it perfectly,", cried Monsieur Doife, namat is to say, the circumstance, but as for the
thle it is gone out of my poor head. But in the case I think the books will show. Tell me It was in the autumn, I remember. They had The here before, and were excellent customers.
sently an an invalid, small, pale, fragile. The Bentloman also small and ppale, but apparently
In failr health. He had a valet with him. But
tole the ladyealih. He had a valet with him. But had fallen 110 on the road. They
had sent her back to her people. But I remem. Ver perffectly. It was my tdea to recommend
Yelele Dumaraues. Her tept on civill terms-in my heart of hearts I Oplmons-had told me his youngest girl was manpy at home stnce her mother's death, and loon mald-to a lady. The little pale old lady not be menuman was evidently rich. There could ${ }^{1} \mathrm{le}_{\text {se }}$ be much work to do, and there would doubtlesge be liberal pay. In a word, the situation
leemed made for Felicte. I sent for her-the
Old ${ }^{\text {Rpoof. Shas }}$ Whelighted, and engaged her on the Pear, and to was to have twenty-five pounds a
Whole se treated like a lady. There is the A thousand monsleur
A thousand thanks for it. But the name." to that presently. Think, Florine," to madeMaselue Dolfe, who rejolced in this euphonious monat, "you were a girl at the time, but you
stances,"
Plorine Dolfe shook her head with a senti-
thental air; indeed, sentimentseemed to run in
the Doll the Dolfe family. indeed, sentiment seemed to run in "It las, I remember but too well," she said.
that was in the year when-W When I bellieved
eart there was pertect hapiness upon the

"Bring me volume six of the day-book and
Polume one or the visitors' book," said Monsiear Dolfe, pone of the visitiors' bo
them niece brought two bulky volumes, and lald tarae on the table before the proprietor. He
June come leaves with a solemn alr, as if he had
${ }^{\text {Polumpmes. }}$.
lof his puafy forefinger along the Hist of names
" 2d, Binks, Jones, Dulau, Vokes, Stokes, Delphin." Luclus listened intently for some good Green Vancing, Thomitial G. 3d, Purdon, Green, Vancing, Thomas, Binoteau, Gaspard,
Smith." Lucius shook his head despondently "4th, Lomax, Travor, Dupuis, Glenlyne."
"th, Lomax, Travor, Dupuls, dleniyne."
Luclus laid his hand on the puffy foreflinger
" Halt there," he sald, " that sounds
"Halt there," he said, "that sounds like a
od name."
proprietor, "those are the people-Mr. Reginald Glenlyne, Miss Glenlyne, and servant, from Switzerland, en route for London. Those are the people. Yes, I
at the day-book."
He opened the other Sibylline volume, found the date, and pointed triumphantly to the page
headed "Numbers 5,8 , and 7 " beneath which heading appeared formidable entries of recherche dinners, cholce wines, bougies, innumerable
"They occupied our principal sulte of a
ments," sald Monsieur Dolfe grandly ; "the apartments we glve to ambassadors and forelgn
potentates. There is no doubt about it-these are the people
Monsieur Dolfe might have added, that in this age of economie and universal travelling he did not often get such good customers. Such thought
was in his mind, but Monsieur Dolfe respected the dignity of his proprietorial position, and did not give the thought utterance.
This was a grand discovery. Luctus const dered that to have found out the name of these
people was a strong point. If the man who signed people was a strong point. If the man who was in all probablity Glenlyne also. The initial betng the same, it was hardly too much to confamily name of his maiden aunt. Luclus felt that he could now approach Mademoiselle Dumarques in a strong position. He knew so him any farther information that it was in her power to give.
He had nothing to offer Monslear and Mademoiselle Dolfe except the exprestion or his gratitude, and that was tendered heartily
"If ever I am happy enough to marry the
young lady I have told you about, I will bring my wife here on our wedding tour," he said; a declaration at wh
almost to tears.
"I should be very glad to see Lucille Valneau's granddaughter," said Monsieur Dolfe. He when he had loved and dreamed his dream of happiness.
Luctus slept more soundly than he had slept
many nights on the luxurtous spring for many nights on the luxurious spring
mattresses of number eleven, lulled by the faint ripple of the river, the occasional volces of belated pedestrians softened hy distance, the
hollow tramp of footsteps on the pavement. He rose early, breakfasted, and set out for the cemetery on the hill, where, after patient
search, he found the Dumarques' grave. All the family, save Julie, slumbered there. Lucille Dumarques, the faithrual and beloved wife of Ande Domarques-Priez pour elle-and then
Andre Dumarques, and then Fellicle, aged twenty-four; here there was no surname-
only "Felicle, daughter of the above-named Andre Dumarques;" and then Hortense, at the riper age of forty-one. The grave was gally
decked with a little blue-and-gold rill decked with a little blue-and-gold raillng, enclos-
ing a tiny flower-garden, where chrysanthemums and mignonette were blooming in decent order. fae sister in Parts doubtless pa
Here Lucins Hagered a little while, in meditative mood, looking down at the noble curve country on ting river-the green Champagae the life that had ended in such deep sadness. Then he gathered a sprig of mignonette for
Lucllle, put it carefally in his pocket-book and Lucille, put it carefanly in his pocket-book and
departed in time to catch the mid-day train for Paris.

## Chapter ini.

Mademolselle Dumarques had thriven in a quiet steady-gotng way. She had not risen to be a court milliner. She did not give farhions to
Europe, Amertica, and the colonies, or employ the gentus of rising draughtsmen to design her costumes. She was or he bourgeotste, and lived
by the bourgeoise. Her abode was a second floor in one of the quitet respectable streets in that half-deserted quarter of Paris which lles on the unfashionable side of the Seine; an eminently glomy street which seemed to lead to nowhere, but was nevertheless the abode of two or three important business frms. Here Made-
molselle Dumarques confectioned gowns and moiselle Dumarques confectioned gowns and
bonnets, caps and mantles, on reasonable terms, bonnets, caps and mances, on reasonable terms,
year. With that all-pervading smen of stewed veget-
ables which is prone to distinguish French ables whes an odour which in some l.anner counterbalances the ad vantages of that more
savoury cusine, so often vaunted by the adm1sers of French institutions to the discredit of
rest Britlish oooks. A long way up the dingy staircase
Luclus ditscovered a dingy door, on which, by the Luclus discovered a dingy dor, on which, by the
doubtful light, he was just able to make out the name of "Mademolselle Dumarques, Robes et Chapeaux. Hed s shrill young person in a rustymonsk silk gown, who admitted him with a
black
somewnat dublous air, as if questioniag hts abillty to ordera gown or a bolnet. The saloon

Inte which he was ushered had a tawdry faded look. A few fyblown pink tissue-paper models
of dresses, ife size, denoted the profession of occupant. A marble-loped commode was surmounted by a bonnet, whose virgin beauties clean and udily yeliow gauze. The room was spolled by that cheap finery which is so often spoiled by thal rate French apartment. A clock whin a thirdgo; a pair or lacquered candelabra, green with age, yet modern enough to be commonnplace ; a sofa of the first empire, originally white and gold, but tarnished and blackened by the passage and clumsy; charp, velvet-oovered, brass-nalled, gaudy imitation tapestry.
Mademoiselle Dumarques energed from an she disposed of th the mouthrul or pins, which came. She was tall, thin, and sallow, might nce have been passably good-looking, but wa
"I come, madame," said Luclus, after the ponisted that he should take the trouble tady, who
himself in one or the uncomfortably square arm-chairs, Whose angles were dosigned in
defance of the frst principles of my-"I come to speak to you of a subject come to speak of the dead."
Mademoiselle Dumarques looked at him

> ome to you on an mortant mat nected with your sistar, Mademolsalle Folicis afterwards Mrs. Glenlyne." amme might not have been Glenlyne ; and the If it were, Mademotselle Dumarques mlght hav Known nothing about it. But the name ellctited
no expression of surprise from Mademolsell no expression of surprise from Mademolselle
Dumarques. She shook her head pensively, digmarques. She shook her head pensively,
sighed, wiped away a tear from her sharp black siges, and tben asked
ent

What can you have to say to meabout. my ster, Madame Glenlyne
"I come to speak of her only child, Lucille ;
Who has been brought up in Ignorance of her her rightfal position in soclety,"
"Her rightual position !" cried Julle Dumar ques, with a scornful look in her hard pinched liner's niece ! You are vastly mistaken, sir, if you suppose that $\mathrm{i}: 1 \mathrm{is} \mathrm{in}$ my power to assist my niece. I find it a hard struggle
self by the labor of $m y$ hands,
"So," thought Luctus, "Mademoiselle
Inhertis her father's milserly uature. She has a
hovee in Rouen which musy a hundred pounds must bring her in seventy prosperous bustuess, but repudiates the claim or her niece. Hard world, in which blood is no
thicker than water. Thank Heaven, my Lu"I I needs nothing from her kindred.
after a little pause, "that Miss Glenlyne aske and requires no assistance trom you oryne ask "Iam
"I am very glad to hear that," answered Ma to hear of the poor child's welfare, though have never seen her face, and though her mohor treated me in no very sisterly spirit, keepIng from me the secret of her marriage, though
nhe confled it to my sister Hortense. True that I was hers at the time of her return to Rouen, ings of her death took me by surprise. I had no oea of her danger, or 1 should naturaily hav or the birth or her child, I F knew nothing of elther event till arter the death of my sister Hortense, when I found some letters and a kind
journal, kept by poor Fellicie
pers."
"Will you let me see that journal and those "tters ? ${ }^{\text {" asked Luclus eageriy. }}$. I should hardly be jusified in showing them
"Perbaps
Perhaps not; but although a stranger to you,
ademolselle, I have a strong claim upon your kindness in this matter.'
"No. I have no mercenary interest in this
matter. Your niece, Lucllle Glenlyne, is my pro-
mised wife," nised wire.

## He produced the double miniature and the

"These," he sald, "will show you that I do your sister's life. My desire is to restorets cllle to her father, If desire is tis to restore Lu-
hetll Ites ; or in the event of his deatb, to win for her at least a father's name."
demolselle Julte ars fortune "' exclaimed Madeto be deprived of her just rights. This Mr. Glenlyne was likely to inherit a large fortune. I "Yet in all these years you harg mater. establishing out your nlece, or to assist her in reproach in his rights," sald Luclus, with some
"In the Arst place, 1 had no clue that would anes, " and in the second place, I had no Dumarto spend on lawyers. I had stll another rea. son - namely, my horror or crossing the sea,
But with you the case is different-as my nlece's amancod husband, you would pront by any good "Belleve me, that conting
my thoughts. I want to do my is very far from but a life of poverty has no terror for me if it
be put shared with her."
"The young are apt to take that romantic with a philosophic air; " but their Didean arques, nerally modified in arter-years. Adecent com petence is the only solace of age ;" and here she
sighed, as if that decent sighed, as if that decent competence were no
yet achleved. "Will you let me see those letters, mademol selle?" asked Lucius, coming straight to the those letters in your sister's hand must prove to you that I have some interest in this case even should you be inclined to doubt my own
Mademoiselle shrugged her shoulders, in poltte "I Liswal or any such mistrust. letters, in my presence," she sald ; "and I hope If by my assistance my niece obtains a tortune, "I whe not forget her poor aunt Julle.
doubt not, mademoiselle, that the nlece whe show more consideration for the aunt than
the aunt has hitherto shown for the nlece." Mademoiselle Dumarques sighed platintively.
"What was I to do, monsieur, with narrow means, and an "The transit from Calais to Dover is nodoubt appalling," sald Lucius.
den ; or the laboratory in which she concocter those costumes which were to ravish the Parc Monceau or the Champs Eiysees on a Sunday anent behind the saloon in which mademolselle a box or a rosan suspicion of cognac, und crowded with bread a of stuff and silk, lining, plncustions, yard measures, paper palterns, and all the apulances or the mantua-maker's art. Here the shrill-volced young apprentice stitched steadily with a little cilcering nolse, while Mademolselle Dumarques
opened a brass-Inlaid desk, and produced there. opened a brass-lulaid desk, and produced there. rom a small packet of papers.
ingle window, and a fittle table by the There were about a
them love-letters, written to a person, some of bler station than the writer. Vague at frst, aud expressing only a young man's passion for a Linctiy proposiug marriage-" since my Follise is inexorable on this point," said the writer, years to marriage must be kept a secret for are summoned home by your father, that you abruptly, not giving her or my nncle time for pany you to the station, taking your luggage with you, and you can leave by the elght-o'clook traln for Newhaven before the servant's eyes. At of the van, and bring you back to London in Hime for our marriage to take place at the
church in Plecadilly by balf-past eleven that morning. We are both resicents in the parish, Bo there will be no difflculty about the license. cribe you as an Englishwoman, and of age. have heard of a cottage near Sidmouth, in Defor our home ; an out-of-the-way deligbtrully from whioh I can run up to London when ab, solutely necessary. My uncle is auxlous that I have to spend some months of the wext two years at oxford ; but even that necessity needn't river, ai Nuneham, for instance, for von Read. ing for bonors will be a good excuse for continued and close retirement, and will. I think, even apart from all considerations about the future, I would not for worlds © frend. Would that he could gee things with my eyes, dearest ; but with one lin all things my superior exceept in ty that appalled me. cet me ways, he is tull of prejudice, and belleves the Glenlynes are a litile more exalted than the wait, not impatiently but resignedly, till ineHeaven is my witnesa that of our difficultios. injure, no wicked destre of mine should my uncle's end by an hour; but he is nearlyseint in nature that his iffe can long stand beThis was the and of of our unlon.
Thts was the last of the lover's letters; the
eext Lucius found in the little packet next Lucius found in the little packet was from
the husband, written some years laterwhen Felldo, wad returne years later-written This letter was durned to Rouen.
pairing, or rather, expressivin nay, almost deswhich men call despair
The writer, who in all these letters signed his degrin hill Henry Glenlyne, had falled to ge miniously plougbed; but that was an eveln wo years ago, to which he referred, retrospec tively, as a ouuse of discontent in his uncle.
" The fact is, I 've disapminte and a very litule more would induce fim to ho the we over altogether, and leave his estate natural enemies, who have courted him hisslduously for the last thirty years. The sons are Oambridge men, models of propriety; senio ols, and of course have done their bet dermine me. Yet I know the dear old man be at once vulgar and emphaulc-a and that un
less I did something to outrure
dice, he would never dream of altering: is will,
charm, they never so wisely. But to declare our marriage at such a time as this pould be imple madness, and is not to be thought I'l do it ; but I have a shrewd notion that my uncle has shies about him, and that my movements are rather closely watched, no doubt in
the interests of the Gleniyne Spaldings ; your exthe interests of the Gleniyne Spaldings ; your expectant legatees have generally their paid crea-
ture in the testator's household; so it would be difmeult for me to bring her myseelf, and it is just dimencult for me to bring her myself, and it is just
the last favor I could ask of sivewright, as he he pronts by the charge of her. It would be llke asking him to surrender the goose that lays golmay eggs; and remember, whas done us good service ; for had he not passed himself off as your husband when my uncle swooped down upon us that dreadful day at Sidmouth, the whole secret would have been out, and I beggared for life. I had a peep
at the little pet the other day; she is growing fast, and growing prettier every day, and seems
happy. Strange to say, she is passionately fond of Ferdinand, who, $I$ suppose, spoils her, and she looked at me with the most entire indiffer-
ence. I felt the sting of this strangeness. But in the days to come $I$ will win her love back again, or it shall go bard with me,
Then came a still later letter.
"My Dariina,-I am inexpressibly grieved to hear of your weak health. I shall come over again directly I can get away from my uncle, and will, at any risk, bring Lucille with me. At this present writing it is absolutely impossible for me to get away. My uncle is breaking fast,
and I much fear the $G$. Spaldings are gaining and I much fear the Grangler 1 s going to make a ground. The senior wrangerisg in fact, the very match mhlch my uncle tride, to foroe upon me. This is a blow
mor the old man is warmly attached to the young lady in question, and even thinks, entirely without reason, that 1 have treated her bad-
ly. However. I must trust to his long-standing affeotion for me to vanquish the aritices of my rivals. I hardly think that he could bring him-
self to disinherit me atter so long allowing me self to disinherit me arter so long allowing me
consider myself his heir. Keep ap pour spirits, rich or poor belleve in the continued devotion of your faithfully attached husband,

Henry Glenlifne.
"The was the letter of a man of the world, but hardly the letter of a bad man. The writer of that letter would scarcely repudiate the claim
of an only daughter, did he still 1 ve to acknowof an only
ledge her.
ledge her.
The journal, written in a russia-leather covered diary, consisted of only disjolnted snatches, life, and all full or a sadness bordering on despair - not the man's impatience of vexation and trouble, but the deep and settled sorrow of a patient unselish woman. Many of the lines were merely the ejaculations of a troubled spirit, brie snatches of prayer, supplications to che Mother
of Christ to protect the motherless chlld ; utter ances of a broken heart, penitential acknow ledgments of an act of deceit, prayers for
giveness of a wrong done to a kind mistress. giveness of a wrong didently written after the re
One entry was eviden celpt or the last letter. 1 was at lie end or the journal, and the hand thal weak.
"He cannot come to me, yet there is no unkindness in his refusal. He promises to come soon, to bring the darling whose tender form head may never more recilne on this bosom. 0 , head may never more recilne on this bosom. O , oo me in sweet delusive dreams ! I see the garden above the blue smiling sea. I hold my
little girlin my arms, or lead her by her soft itlittle girl in my arms, or leand out among she toddes in and crooked apple-trees in the orchard. Henry ham promised to come in a little while; but Death comes faster, Death knows no delays. I did not Hortense tarm my husband. I would not let biter truth. Yet, I sometimes ask myself sad ly, would that truth seem bitter to him ? Might not my death bring inm a welcome release know that he has loved me. I can but remember that we spent four happy years together in ficulties that surround him, the ruin which threatens him, can I doubt that my death will be a reller to him ? It will grieve that kind grant that when I am gone he may have cour age to acknowledge his child! The fear that he may shrink from that sacred duty racks my
heart. Blessed Mother, have compassion on my orphan child
Then came disjolnted passages-passages that were iltile mith pious bopes, with spiritual aspirmingled with pious hopes, with spiritua
ations, came the cry of human despair.
" Death comes faster than my husband. My Henry, I shall see thee no more. Ah, if thou lovest me, my beloved, why dost thou not hasfrom those dear eyes, one lender Wortrom that loved voice. Hast thou forgotten thy Felicie, whom thou didst pursue so ardently five years
ago? I wait for thee now, dear one ; but the end is near. The hope of seening thee once again we meet in heaven? A long life lies before thee ; we meeth hea new tien, and give to another the
thou wilt form ne thou wit form new thes, and ive In that far land where we may meet hereatter thou wilt look on me with unrecognising eyes. $O$, to see ing m!ue as life ebbs away !
sonnets-the early thrush.

Methinks that voioe exults most joyously That from the thrush's speckled bosom fio That the same Life that fills her throat glee cilmbs swiftly up each bark-bound, stem, and
Will show green tissues where the leaflets He Yet winter-held, and to the bluer sky Give fragrance fresher than the scents of June. Still howls the northern wind with angry power,
But this loud airy music rings his knell ; In her own tuneral tongue doth Nature tell Approaches last when a benigner reign Will beautify the world with greener

## again.

The song is not thine own that thou, fond bird, From thy lone perch upon the budding thorn Bestowest on the mighty-hooded morn: Through all the changes of aspiring years Full-hearted Hope, pavilioned by thy wings, Inspires thy breast, and in thy matin sings, Pouring a mirthful wisdom in our ears And we who histen, feel our spirits rise As to the dawning of a better day, Gesponsive to the presage of the lay
Green fields are with the coming spring and
Breasted
streams
Rejoicing in the presence of her brighter beams.

## WRECK OF THE "ADMELLA."

There have been many shipwrecks involving greater loss or life, but not many in which a een experienced by the survivors than in the She was a fine steamer, bullt on the clyde, of about 600 tons burthen and 300 horse--
power. For three years previous to her loss he had been trading regularly between Ade alde and Melbourne Anstralia
On Friday morning, 5th August, 1859, she left Adelajde with past four next morning, while running at full past four next morning, while running at full Reef, about twenty-five milles north-west of Cape Northumberland. This reef extends for it is Gullesen Bay, in routh Australia, forty
in lies north-west ; Portland, in Victoria, is miles north-west ; Portland, in Victoria, 1 is about eighty-five north-east, but no steamers, could be calculated upon nearer than Adelaide, 220 miles north-west, or Melbourne, 350 miles north-east. The country near the reef is very sorubby, and the population extremely sparse. and the nearest settlement to it is Mount Gambier, twenty-five miles inland, a station of the Melbourne and Adelaide Telegraph line. In about ten minutes after the ship struck she parted in three pieces, the mainmast and yunnel in their fall breaking the two waish ooats before they co fouled, and she was swamp d. Several passengers were at once washed break up, and the foremast, crowded with peo pre, fell over the ship's side. The scene is de scribed as being most heartrending.
About this time an endeavor was mado to reach the boat Which had been swamped, but
which was only about forty yards from the after part of the wreck. A seaman volunteered to swim to it with a line. The line given him was too short, and another was but on hauling on the line the bend, not beling securely fastened, it gave way. The poor fellow manfully struggled to bring her alongside, but drifted out to
sea 'They were thus deprived of their last hope of saving themselves without assistance. This boat was arterwards washed ashore, and the
boij of the man found near it. About elght body of the man found near it, About eight
o'clock the Havillah steamer, from Melbourne to Adelaide, passed about two mlles off. The people on the wreok did all they could to at-
tract attention, but the morning being thick tract attention, but the morning
and foggy they were not observed.
and foggy they were not observed.
The middle portion of the wreck had now sunk, and the other parts were about fifty yardasition since she struck. The stern of the poop pointed towards the shore, the water-tight bulk-head beling exposed to the whole roll of the Southern Ocean. This portuon of the ship was lying now on her beam-ends; all the cabins
on the port side were six or elght feet under water; the starboard state-rooms were dry, but it was almost a matter of impossiblity to get
into them, owing to the incline of the ship. into them, owing to the incline of the ship.
The broidside of the fore part was exposed to The swell, the sea making a complite breach position till Monday night, the fore part gradually breaking up.
During the afternoon the second mate volun-
teered ceered 10 swim on shore, taking one of the
ship's life-buoys to assist him. He succeeded sell as far as they could see till he reached the
breakers, when they lost sight of hima. He never
gained the shore. The night was passed by
those in the after part sitting on the rall of the those in the after part sitting on the rall of the
ship, with their feet on the moulding, the sea washing frequently over them. No Ilves were lost on Saturday, Sunday, or Monday nights.
During Saturday the P. and O. Mail steamer Bombay, from Suez to Melbourne, passed so closely that her red, green, and white lights,
her funnel and hull, were seen, and the beat of her fungilel and hull, were seen, and the water from her bows heard. The crew er attention, but unsuccessfully. On Saturday morning they succeeded in getting a rope to the fore-part, by which a
few managed to draw themselves to the after part of the wreck, leaving those only behind them who had not courage to venture through
the surf. These all pertshed before Wednesday night, including many women and children. The whole stock of provisions now consisted
of ten pounds of beef and mutton, a third of a of ten pounds of beer and mutton, a third of a
small ham, twenty pounds of cheese, six bottles sman ham, of prent, tive bottles of desiccated milk, six bottles porter, one bottle whiskey, nine dions were all consumed by Tuesday morning and neither bread nor water left. All the tools Were lost With the fore and middie parts of the
ship, so that it was impossible to attempt a raft on a large scale
On the Sunday afternoon two seamen had
 chopper, and part, of the main-boom. They
started successfully, and providentially reached the shore about 5 p.m. They were instructed to proceed to Cape Northumberland Lighthouse, twenty-ive miles distant, and report the dis
This was the only day when the sea did not break over the wreck; the wind being of the land and but iltule swell, any boat could have
reached it from the shore. A portion of the reached it from the shore. A portion of the
passengers spent that night in the cabin and on passengers spent that night in the cabin and on
the staircase, others on the rall and mizzen rigging. Towards dayllight the sea began to rise
and break heavily; and from this time till they were delivered the sea contluued to wash over hem. On Tuenday, about midday, the water uight bulk-head gave way, compelling all to
eave the cabin, washing down the staircas and cablins, making a clean breach through the
wreck. One of the passengers being unable to get out of the cabin, was drowned. After this none had any shelter, nor could any one say that he escaped a dreuching for more than
five minutes at a time. During this bitter night twenty ailed from cold.
One man behaved nobly, and did all he much that he perished from sheer exhaustion. and now the people on the shore had arrive Tor their assistance, and kept up large fires al
the night. Wednesday a heavy sea and no help. They had huddled together on that por hion of the deck which remained above water
at an augle of fifty-four degrees, and which was only kept in that position by the circumstanc of fifty tons of copper belng in the hold below. hove in sight and lowered a boat, but it was or no use. Those on shore twice attempted to punch a boat, but the surf was so high that
prevented them. During this afternoon one or the passengers, walking along the side of the ship, fell overboard. Having a good life-pre
server on, he continued to float, and tried to make the shore, but sunk about 300 yards fron them. At night numbers died from cold and
starvation, dropping off one by one as nature wore out; several died mad, throwing them elves overboard.
ho had reached the shor ighthouse, whence informaition was to the Mount Gambler, and telegraphed to Melbourne and Adelaide, where the wreck was generall known of on Monday night. The only boat on the coast was quite useless, and though an at tempt was made to launch one of the Admella boan whil hily became painfully apparent that reile must com
from Melbourne or Adelaide. In those cities Was at tirst supposed that here was not an from Adelaide on Tuesday, but could render no help. The excitement becaiue intense when
on Wednesday people were stul to be seen clinging to the wreck.
On Tuesday, the Ladybird steamer salled from Melbourne with extra coals on board. On
arriving at Belfast on Wednesday, a telegram arriving at Belfast on Wednesday, a telegram
was waluing her, with instructions to proceed at once to the wreck. She started at noon and steered direct for the Cape, with a strong gale
blowing and a heavy hoad-sea. When abreast of Cape Northumberland, on Thursday morning, she steamed slowly along the coast as near as possible to the shore, the sea being
very high, but seeing nothing of the wreck, im mediately returned to Pcrtland for more ac-
curate Information, and to get the Government life-boat lying there, with extra hauds, so as meet every possible emergency. After taking on boat, with crows and two doctors, she left Portland and proceeded again in search of the
On the following morning the Ladybird spoke a boat from Gulchen Bay, with two men on
board, who had bravely come to render assistance, but were forced to run to Cape North-
umberland for safety, and from whom she learned that the wreck was ten miles further westward. On nearing it the life-boat was
quickly manned, and along with the whale quack maned, and along with the whale-
going on with a safety line from the whale-
boat in case of accident. The surf was so great boat in case of accident. The surf was so greai
that the boat filled three times, the sea carrying away eight of the oars and washing one man length of the wrect but in consequence of thit ength of the wreck, but in consequence of tind
disaster could not reach it. Com munication was tried by means of rockets, but the une fouled. The crew belig much exhausted by the frequent immersions, the whale-boat took steamer
The survivors on the wreck nearly gave up
hope on seeing this atte hope on seeing this attenit'tt fail. In the arter noon the whale-boat made another effort, but ulght in a protracted anguish of soul and body, Within sight of shore, with help close at band
but debarred from reaching them by that gull of breakers. Little less than the agony of the ship-wrecked was that of her relatives on land the announcements by the telegraph had a fearful interest, as several well-known colonist were recognised by those on shore. Four dad
during that seventh and last night. The Lady ira stood off and on all night burning blue lights and firing rockets to cheer the peopie on
the wreck. At day-light she stood in for the wreck, and the life-boat was again manned succeeded in getting alongside in sarety, tide
weather having moderated a little, and nine teen survivors, including one female, threw themselves into the boat, caught in the arms of the men. The boat from the shore arrived a the same thme, taking three on board; thow making twenty-two saved, after being more
than seven days on the wreck, during five of wich they had neither food, water, nor shelter of any description. On their arrival on bor
every attention was paid to the sufferer every attention was paid to the sufferers,
they were provided with clothing, the saloon was fitted up as a hospital, and, owing to judious treatment, were gradually restored
rens landed safely in Portland.

## VERY SCOTCH ANECDOTE.

A person in the west of Scotland, who had on gaged in the manufacture of a certain desorip part of the country, found it necessary, or con ectured it might be profitable, to establish mercantile house in London. Wflh this desigl he packed up a quantity of goods, equipped him is for the journey, and then departed. Upo ho were likely to prove his best castomers and accordingly proceeded to call upon one a the most opulent drapers, with whom he When Saunders entered the draper's shop b bustling busily at the back of the counter hand ing out their several wares to their respectiv ing out their several wares to their resp
customers. Saunders waited what he th a reasonable time, then laid down his pack, b in his broad Scottish dialect, for "the head the hoose." One of the clerks asked what
wanted. The Scotsman's answer was, as usual a question, "Want ye aught in my lin
"No," was the prompt reply of the pe terrogated, who accompanied his monosyllab appearance of the itinerant Scottish merchan "Wull ye no tak' a look o' the gudes, e Saunders's next query. "No, not at all; I hap not time," replied the clerk; "take them awa "find them worth yer while; and I'll doubtio but ye'll buy," said Saunders, as he coolly pro ceeded to untie and unstrap his burden. away-go a way, was reiterated half ing Scotsman still persisted." "Get along, y old scotch fool," cried the clert, completely of temper, as he pushed the already
contents of the pack off the counter along." Saunders looked up in the individua face with a wide mouth and an enlarged pail eyes, then looked down to his estate that scattered among his feet, looked up again hae'na seen the yet;" and so saying he slowly gathered the up and replaced them on the counter. "and ang ders, with aret ravity and sple poss ders, with great gravity and
said, "Are ye in earnest frien
tainly," was the reply; and that reply was the part of the person who made it, w the street. The cool Scotchman stalked
erately and gravely in quest of his Ste head-gear. After giving it two or three slaps on the wall outside the door, he re-e
very composedly, wringing the moisture , looked over to the person who served and said, with a genuine Scottish smille, was but an ill-faur'd turn ; ye'll surely
look o' the gudes now!" The master imself, who was standing all the while op, admiring the patience and pers for the unceremonious manner in which reated, examined the contents of them to be articles he stood in purchased them, ordered an additional ent mercalle house that has now for several generations.

## ©ht cifulies' eghagr

## LACES AND LADIES

Dr. Johnson once said. "A Brussels trimSing, madam, is like bread-sauce, it takes away
the glow of color from the gown, and gives you hothling ins color of itom the gown, and gives you sauce was invented o belghten the flavor of our food, and trimming is an orrament to the manteau, or it is nothing.
On thrs Mrs. Palliser, whose scorn hardly allow on thls Mrs. Palliser, whose scorn hardiy allow hose cullinary ideas did not rise above bread sauce could scarcely pronounce upon ' point.'
The fashion of the present day shows that The fashion of the present day shows that eem, for there has been a marked revival in
he use of lace in ladies' attire. And it is well hae use of lace in ladies' attire. Ane abrics it is wel
bat it is so; for of all human fabres it most graceful, subtle, and ans it were aerial, so much need felds for labor, that the can be pro-
duced in its perfection only by the delicate fin duced in its per
Had the old Tory doctor been able to foresee What was to put lace under a ban for a season,
Te should doubtless have had him among its ercest upholders, since it would have been
pmbolioal to him or loyalty to Church Crown. For it was mainly the French revolution that For ifected its disuse. You see there was congruity between it and the bodies of beings like heroes as Marat, Danton, Robesplerre, an their Plutarchian compatriots. Nought save the gcanty drapery of the Muses and the Graces
are adapted to a people whose minds soared far are adapted to a people whose minds soared far
above the commonplace modesty, purty, and sentieness engendered by an obsolete religlon.
Hence "point") the stifness of which spake of tence "point," the stiffess of which spaise of
thraldom, was banished; and gauze so figurative of itiberte, held sway in company with the gulllotine.
We do not, however, belleve that every na he or Europe would have passively allowed Palix and St. Dents to cllp off its lace, , li its use
had not reached such a plt of extravagnce as had not reached such a pit of extravagance as
to lead to a natural reaction. We find that at the beginning of the last conturs some worBhipped this decoration so passionately that
not only did they by many absurdities display
thet their devotion to to in this thife, but, with a hitheir fondness even in the tomb. Thus an actrers named Oldfeld loved it so ent husiastically her chlef treasure a statuetto of the Earl of Strafford by Grinllng Gibbons, because it had
carved on it a beautifully wrought Vandyke carved on it a beautifully wrought Vandyke
collar, she no ordered it that before her burialin
Weastmine Westminster Abbey-what a resting place for
this tiol of an age of frippery
in she lay in state In Jerusalem Chamber in a splendid lace hood
and a Holland shift, with a tucker of double
ruge and a Holland
rufles. It was
known lines,
"Odlous! In woollen! 'twould a saint provok
(Were the last words which poor Narcissa
No, let a charming chintz and Brussels lace
Wrap my cold limbs and shade my lifeless
And, Betty, give these cheeks a little red," [dead: Aurora von Koningsmark, too, as notoríous
for her trailty as her beauty, which were both Tor her frailty as her beauty, which were both
Vory great, almost with her last breath direoted
that her worthless that ger worthost, almoss with her last breath direeted
great varned with jowelis of
Boas wo be swathed in thooe folds of lace value, was to be swathed in thoose folda
Wngleterre, Malines, or gulpure Whiloh now in Pueddinburg enwrap a hidoous
Mase or shrivelled parchment. But let us not
that think too harshly of the impious vanity of these
poor creatures, After all, they did not show poor creatures, After all, they did not show
paore folly than the Duke of Alva-an heroio Soul, an aristos, one of the best, mark you,
Who, in accorrance with his will, was intered
(1789) " in a shirt or the anest Holiand trimmed With new a sinit lace, a new coat of Vardeg cloth on tho dered with silver; a new wig, his cane
They right, his sword on the left oo his comnn. by takling a trip to Palermo, see a gratifying
speotacle. There the catacombs of the Capuchin convent have an embalming power, so that
through the glass lids of their comins grim mum miles may be seen with painted faces and robes
of the finest texture, tricked out with costly or the finest texture, tricked out with costly
lace. Such folly as these things indicate seems
to to have prevalled in the sensual days of the
Britilib Solomon, as a good bishop of London Was forced to exclaim. ". Fashion has brought the judge of the quick and the dead shall ap pear, He will not know those who have so de-
faced the fashion he hath made." The men-
tlon lion of ruffis reminds us, we are told by Ben
Jonson, that even men " thought nothing of
then two or threur or five hundred acres of land into ment we shall not marvel when we know how great ae part the ruff played, and that to edge Which Was grounded on lace squares or cut amay in front and standing up stiff behind to form the gorget-a capital contrivance to shield the falung or Vandyke collar, with its elaborate seometrical pattern, hanging
batoes, and rumer.-Queon.

Drkess of Nurses.-Nurses in the siok room should always dress in ligbt-coloured clothes,
and these should be of cotton, so that they may and these should be of cotton, so that they may
be less liable to harbour infectious matter, and bore easily cleaned.
mole
on the Training of Childrbn.-Thelwall thought it very nurair to infuence a
mind by inculcating any opinions before it mind by inculcating any oplilions bering and be able to choose for itself. I showed him my ge abren, and told him it was my botanical
garden. "Hew so ?" said he. "it ts covered with weeds." "Oh," I repiled, "that is only
wits age of disbecause it has not yet come to its age of dis-
cretion and choice. The weeds, you see, have cretion and chocce. The weeds, you see, have
taken the liberty to grow, and I thought it unfair in me to prejudice the soll towards roses and strawberries."- Coleridae.
UNPREPARED
SPEECH
UPPREPARED SpEECH.-One of "Mark Twain's" latest jokes is that which he
perpetrated at a dinger to which he was reperpetrated at a dinner to which the that his
cently invited. He had been notified it was. But Mark was armed and equipped. He drew from his pocket a large roll of manuscript,
and proceeded to read to his astonished audiand proceeded to read to his astonished audi-
tors that he was entirely taken by surprise, tors that he was entirely taken by surprise,
was wholly unprepared to reply, and so on, as is customary with after-dinner speakers. Such
a very Twainish joke could not, of course, pass without apprecotation, and as soon as the momentary perplexity had subsided, roars of laugh-
t ter testifed to the success of the hit. If only all speakers were as honest as Mark Twain 1 SQUARE NECKS \& SLEEVES. SIno the first
introduction of the " square" neck, as it is popuintroduction of the "square" neck, as in is popu-
larly called -otherwise " Pompadour and larla cape", and other historic names-it has
"Raps" been a favorite, and has been revived always; been a favorite, and has been revived
times without number. In fact, it has never entirely gone out; there are always cultivated and charm "dress," and who realize fully the artistic beauty and picturesqueness of the design. the long and the short sleeve. It can be made extremely dressy, and so as to display the mosi
beautiful part of the arm, and can be worn by all ages. By lengthening or shortening the upper
part of the sleeve or the ruffles, it could be part of the sleeve or the ruffles, it could be
brought nearly to the wrist, or only just over the brought nearly to the wrist, or only just over the
bend of the arm, according to taste, and thus adapted to every requiremen
THE TRUE GENTLEMAN.- how us the young man who can quit the society of the young,
and take pleasure in listening to the kindly voice or age; show us a man who is ever ready
to pity and help the deformed; show us a man
who covers the faults of others with a mantle
of charity; ;how us a man who bows as poli-
tely and gives the street as freely to the poor sewing girl as to the millionaire ; who values vir tue, not clothes, who shuns the company of
such as congregate at public places to gaze at such as congregate at pubilc places to gaze at
the fair sex, or make unkind remarks of the passing poor giri; show us the man who
the llbertine, who scorns the ridicule mother's sex, and the exposure of womanly reputation; show us the man who never forget Toman, as a woman, in any condition or classand you showus a true gentleman
Diffident davghtrrs.-It is a painful spectacle, says a contemporary, in families where
mother is the druge, to see the daughters, ele a mother is the druge, to see the daig ease, with
gantly dressed, recluniug at their their drawing, their music, their fancy- work,
and their reading, begailing themselves of the and their reading, begailing hemselves never
lapse of hours, days, and weeks, and never lapse or hours. days, and weiks,
dreaming or their responsiblities, but, as a
necessary consequence o neglect of duty, grow ing wery of their useless lives, laying hold of drooping energy, and blamiog their fate, when they dare not blame their God, for having placed them were they are. These individuals will
often tell you, with an air of affected compas-ston-for who can believe it real ?-that "poor
mamma" is working herself to death; yet no mamma sooner do you propose that they shonid ausist her than they declare he qould never be happy it she had only half so much to do.
Pretty Old.-The obituary column in the Times of a recent date contained some remar. seventeen persons, viz., nine gentiemen and eight ladies, but more particulariy in the case
of five of the former sex and four of the lattor, of five of the former sex and four of the latter,
whose united ages amounted to 781 yeara, giving an average of elghty-six years and more
than nine months to each of these persons, The oldest, as usual, was a member of the falr sex who had reached the great age of 95 years,
the youngest of the same sex being 84 . Of the gentlemen, the oldest was 88, and the youngest

80 years of ame. The respective ages of these 80 years of age. The respective ages of these | nine |
| :--- |
| 80 , three at $84,86,87,88,93$ and 95 years. or the | septuagenarians there were elght, viz.: four

of each sex, whose united ages amounted to
603 years, giving an average of 75 years and more than four months to each. The united ages ounted to 1,384 years, giving an average
amoure An ECcenntric Port.-A private letter from
Rnme, dated November 2, has divulged the
 was present him to Miss Hosmer, the sculptor. The interilew was thus described to me: When on the threshold to recelve her guests. After
the presentation, Without makling the usual salutations, Miller, stopped short, and, in his
pecullar maner, examined corioumy his
hostoss, and then blurted, 'Hosmer, I like your eye.' The circuit of the studio was then begun.
Milier tad but little to say until the party approached a fine statue, around the base of Which were two serpents twined around one - Hosmer, I'm a savage. I don't know muoh about your beautiful forms and ilgures, but I do know what a serpent is like; and dern me if they ain't the best I ever saw.' The last atatue
was some beautiful deal affair of Miss Hosmer. This seemed to attract the poet immensely, for after a long stare, he ejaculated, gazing up
the marble, ' Hosmer, you're a great man!") Hindo way of Putting babies to SleEf.-Some of the hill tribes in Northern India have a particular way of sending their
babies to sleep, which is thus described by a correspondent of a Bombay paper:-"Near a hollow bamboo which served as a spout, through which the cool water or the mountain stream
poured forth in a jet, was disposed the head or an infant, who was lying covered warmly and fast asleep. The bamboo spout was so placed
that the water played upon the crown of the that the water played upon the crown of the
baby's head over a part which sembled bald of hair, a consequence, perluaps, of the habitual was not touched by the water. The ohildren right sides and perfectly still, one would fancy in a state of stupefaction. They had been lying for a hour and a halr we were told, and would be there sill 9 at night, in all between four and then held the wrist, but could detect no pulse Yet these hill people are convinced that the strange practioe, whioh is quite general, helps
to strengthen the brain, and make the children not only healthy, ut hardy and fearless."
heautiful capital of Bohemla, an old man slender dressed in a very ordinary suit of black is to be often seen. He waiks in a painful, shuffing manner, and halts requent work
breatb. He looks
like a Government clerk on half pay. He is almost shabby and very solita-
tary. Few persons speak to him. Many regard him curiously, but only beggars approach him. He is a forgotten Emperor. He has ruled one of the oldest and most powerful nations in head that wears a crown. In 1834 he ascended the throne of the proud Hapsburgs, as the Em the subtle and cruel Metternich. He relgned but did not rule. Metternich attended to state affairs, while the King, whose intellect is not
of the brightest, made,
like Louls XVI., a work-shop of his palace. The one was a tirst rate locksmith, but a poor King ; the other, the
shadow of an Emperor, but a most excellent shadow of an Emperor, but a most exceelient
cabinet-maker. ${ }^{\text {such }}$ are the pranks that the cabinet-maker. sich are the pranks that the
aceldent of birth sometlmes play. Paor old March, 1848, and returned to Prague, where unremembered oven by his family, he lives

Eyes during Bayonet Charges.-The power of the eye is most strikingly illustrated
by the fact, that when two bodies of infantry meet in a charge of bayonets, the front rank on one side or the other, almost invariably give way direotly the bayonets are orossed, that is,
before the cold ateel enters the body of either party. The front ranks giving away, the rear The dreadful passion and fixed resolve in the yes of the rront rank on one eide overpowers
that of their antagonists, whose hearts fall serore them. Calculations have been made to
supersede thia, by the order that each soldier's bayonet shall not take the man directly in front or him in the enemy's raniss, but the next man to the left. A sysiematuo mutuality of reliance
was thus provided for, and the effect of the enemy's eyes anperseded. It was a horribly will only shimner, and wavers, between the two -trembles for the midriff-and no doabt gives point is wrace the man whow bayonelBetween the two he generally fails, or takes to of war reflects the prefulgent horror of the cold steel-point. It is remarkable, on examining the dead bodes on a field of battle after there has
been a successful charge of bayonets, how few have been kllled by the point in charging thrusts. The men have died from thrasts during the or plierced when on the ground, or have been CHARMS FOr ANTA. A tongue taken from a llving fox was thought to prevent disease or
any kind attacking the fortunate possessor any kind attacking the fortunate possessor.
The slough of an adder hung on the rafters of The slough of an adder hung on the rafters
a house renders insuring that house unnecesagainst the lightning's flash. When a Northamp. that the nest contains an odd number of eggs, and is careful to mark each egg with a smail A large stone having natural hole through it hung outside a cowhouse, prevents the cattie hav-
Ing the nightmare ; and farmers of the fifteenth ing the nightmare; and farmers of the ifteenth
century thought their beasts secure againgt murrain if marked with the mark of a saint, for one Thomas Eglishton was pald ninepence
for putting St. Wilfridd's mark upon sixteen oxen belonging to Cardinal Langley, Biahop of Durham, to the intent that they might escape no mishap could chance to his horse so long as he wore something he had tied round its neck;
a curlous urchin stole the charm, whilo t:rned
out to be the thumb of an old leather glove, contaning a copy or harse, belonging to a wollveterlnary surgeons where summoned to as to what should be done. as the patient, they found something tied round the animal's neek, and making inquiry, were told by the farmer's wife that she and her husband agreed, that the horse was bewitched, and she had therefore thed one of
round tis neck to break the spell.
Too much Houss Cleaning.- Many houser called homes, zept with waxy neatness by In their nicety as to exclude all home feoling in their nicety as their spotless precincts. The very name of home is synonymons with personal freedom and relaxation from care. But neither of these can e felt where such a mania for external clea 1iness pe vades the household as to rende - verything elss subservient thereto. Many housewives, if they see a speck on floor or wall,
or even a morap of thread or bit of paper on the oor, rush at ft , as int wese the seed of pestil hoit $m$ de of perfect purity and order. If there be any of perfect purity and order. If there be any
fallure on their part, or any combination of clrcumstances against or any, they fall into a pathetic despalr, and can hardly be lifted oat. fal to home than all the spoliossness that ever shone. Their disposition to wage war upon immaculateness of any sort increases untll they
become slaves of the broom and dust-pan. Neatness is one thing, and a state of perpetual

## HOUSEHOLD RECE1PTS

Bourllon Gras.- Choose meat very red and fresh for this soup; the best is the rump of beer.
When the meat is very frothy, add salt, also vegetables, well plcked and cleaned, such as celery, onions, carrnts, parsnips, leeks, and cab. bages; boll gently for flve hours, strain it through a sieve or cloth, leave it to settle before
serving. Serve the meat at the same time with

Ham Toast.-Chop some ham (whloh has been previously dressed) very small, and to a up, a small bit of butter, and a ittle cream. Mlx all together over the are till quite hot. Have ready some neatly cut pleces of bread, about the
size of a crown ploce, but a little thicker, frled in good butter; spread the mixture on these, a napkin.

To Pickle Red Cabbage.-Take a fine large closely grown cabbage, strip the outside leaves
off, cut it across in rather thin slices, and lay them on a dish, strewing salt equally all over them. Cover with a cloth, and let them remain so for twenty hours. Tuen drain the cabbage, and a little ginger sliced; pour cold white-wine Finegar over it, and the closely from the atmos phere
MUPFIN or Cabinet Pudding.--Slice three milk, and let it get cold; simmer half a ping of cream, the peel of a lemon, half a nutmeg
grated, and four ounces of lour sugar. When cold, stir in eight yolks and four whites of eggs Well beaten, and a wineglassful of brandy side of the muffin, upon which place dried cher ries and the crumb of the muffins in alternate layers, pour in the custard and bake half an Serve with aance.
Porridge.-Suppawn, or porridge, is made With bolling milk, broth, or water, thlckened people in the south of England thicken them with wheat fiour, and that people in the north thicken with oatmeal. Put into water, this 1 a breakfest, supper, or dinner for little children put into milk or broth, it is the same or grown people. It is excellent in all disorders arising strong meal, sufficient for a man to work upon. It takes about thre* pounds and a half of Indian than hale to make porridge for ten persons, les one man, and a warm comfortable meal that fils and strenglhens the stomach. Three pound and a halr of wheaten flour would make fou pounds and a half of breal, but it would be dry
bread, aud bread alone, and not affording half gTEWED BEEF.-Take a piece of freah silve beer (7lb or 8ib), wha a sharp knife make fiv pleces of bacon, fat and lean, long enough to go right through from one slde of the plese of
meat to the other. Roll each plece of bacon in a mixture of powered pepper, spices, and sweet herbs, and incert one into each incision; tie up the meat carefully, line the bottom of a stew pan with some onlons and carrots cut in allicee, somesweet herbs, a couple of bay ceaves, parsley, whole pepper and salt to taste; add a pint o set the whole to stew gently for some hours, turning the meat occaisionally. At the time of remove the string from the meat, pour the gravy over it, and garnish with any vegetablea bolled.

## ANTICIPATION.

When falling health, or cross event,
Or dull monotony of days,
Has brought me into disconte
Has brought me into discontent
That darkens round me like a haze, Ifind It wholesome to recall
I find it wholesome to recall
Those chiefest goods my hife has know
Those whitest days that brightened all
The checkered seasons that are ho
No year has past but gave me some;
Oh! unborn years, nor one of you-
so from the past I learn-shall come
I can be patient, since amid
m so overcast
As those I see amid the past.

The Romance of a Donkey.

## Poor foal of an oppressed race

love the languld patience of thy face And oft with gentle hand I give thee bread,
And clap thy ragged coat, and pat thy headd.

Among the various stories of pet animals, w do not remember any regarding the donkey. o be thought intelligent or capable of showing affection in return for kind treatment. That kindness however, will not be thrown away on this humble aud willingly useful animal, we propose to tell the story of a donkey which cir
cumstances brought into our possession. Donald, as we call him, is said to be a native
of Ireland, whence he was brought when very of Ireland, whence he was brought when very
young, and sold for the moderate sum of thirtyyoung, and sold for the moderate sum of thirtytwo shillings to a young man who had set up as miles south from Edinburgh. We have no date
of bis birth, but understand he is now from five to six years old, and may accordingly be said to be still in his iufancy. As for personal appearance, Donald is of the ordinary dun color, coat good, white about the muzzle, breast, and inside
the upper part of the fore-legs, feet small and neat. One may note with interest the well defined dark stripe across the shoulders, and
stripe on each fore-leg diagonally across the stripe on each fore-leg diagonally across the
knee, as showing the usual trace of relationship, generically, to the zebra. He possesses a meek composed aspect, is full grown, and aitogether is as handsome a donkey as is ordinarily seen and hard usage have had the effect of deteriorating the race to which he belongs.
decent hard-working man, who did jobs in hls line of business for the farmers and carters in the nelghborhood. On some occasions, he did
work for persons in town, and was esteemed by them as au obllging tradesman. Though young health had led him to make the purchese of the donkey, in the hope that, when properly trained and equipped with a small spring-cart, he migh e of use in driving about the neighborhood. The arbt thing the saddler did was to train Donald to run in harness, and the training was effected admiration. Good usage was not thrown away The animal diligently, and we might almost say the work to which he was put.
The saddler's 11 ness was a grievous misfor dally becoming more feeble, he could neither benent by driving about with Donsid, nor could he work. Jobs that came in could not be
attended to. His business fell off; it ceased. Day by day, poverty crept over the miserabl establishment. The children could no longer indulge in the luxury of giving Donald cruats of
bread. They had barely food for themselves, and were fain to make up for deficiencles by bringing in from the roadsides a double allowance with quiet and grass for Donald, which he at of stable run up with wooden boards at the back of the house
In his last days, in order to enjoy the sun shine, the dying mnn had a seat outside hls if conscious of his master's infrmity, was pleased to stand beside him, looking mournfully
in his face. When the invalid spoke a few aid his bead came affectionately to him and aid his head fondly on his shoulder, and so $h$ ben the saddler becaule so ill as to be con aned to bed, the donkey would stand for houra at the window, listening for his masters volce and was glad to be called into the slek room to the invalid was interested in the falthful animal. When barely able to sit up in the bed he called for Donald's harness, which needed a
littie mending ; and this was the last plece of ftle mending; and this was the last place o
work that be was able to execute. His labor were over-hls race was run Vistong of the piritual world were opening upon him. amity. Besides limiting ways and mearrible casent exigencies, debts were necessarily insurred to keep things going, though, on the poorest What was to become of the family when the head of the house was removed? The dismal utate of affairs was at timen discuseed by the discon-
colate huiband and wite, it watio blank look.
out. To disoharke obligations, every atom o
property would probably have to be sold off. "Jeanie," sald the saddler faintly, a day or
two before his death, "I say, Jeanie, I should like you to keep Donald for my sake ; but I fear ye'll hee to pairt wi' him ; ye canna teep him.
I thocht we could hae made him a usefu' beast, by lettin' him out for hire, and sae bringin' in a Ilttle siller. If ye could man ige to keep him, it
would be a grand thing for you and the bairns, would be a grand thin
when I'm ta'en a way
It was evident that the poor man viewed the pet donkey as in some sort of means of liveli-
hood for his bereaved family. Donald was in hond for his bereaved ramily. Donald was in Lhe saddler was consigned to the kirk-yard of pprectated the idea, assured her husband she
would do all in her power to maintain the family connection with Donald.
"He canna do the work o' a horse, puir fellow," she observed, "" but he's very willin'. He
would work till he fa's doon. I never kenn'd sid a willin' cratur. And h's sic a guid-natured
wee beastie : Keep yersel, essy a Wee beastie ! Keep yersel' easy, Andrew, about
Donald. We'll try to make a fend. I wadna wonder but we might make half-a-croon a day The wife's determination to set the donkey to work for the benefl of the familly was particu larly soothing to the exhausted; and dying sad-
dier. In consideration of Donald's prospective services, there was an agreeable sense of comAnd $h$
prayer,
As if aware the family, the little animal was dull and listless; he did not gambol out as was his wont,
neither did he seek to stretch himself before the neither did he seek to stretch himself before the
kitchen fire in the society of the children. kitchen fire in the society of the children.
During the last day of his master's hife, he
vith visited the door of the sick room, throwing for ward and sidewise his long earrs, to hear, If pos-
sible, any sounds which migit be addressed to him. On the circumatance beling reported to
the saddler, Donald was permitted once more to
 Wife and children were assembled round the death-bed, to which, drawn by affection, Donald closely advanced, asif to bid a final adien to one
he dearly loved. With life fleting fast away, he dearly loved. With life fieeting fast away,
the invalid could only with a kind look lay his the invalid could only with a kind look lay his
palld hand on the meek face of the faithful anipalld hand on the meelk face of the faithful ani-
mal, faintly murmuring the words " Poor Donald ; " and shortly afterwards he bre.thed his
last.
been much respect the village saddler, who had caused some sensation in the locality. All saw usual in such cases, things, in a plain business Way, took their course. The debts that had
been incurred by the protracted illness, to say been Incurred by the protracted illness, to say
nothing of the funeral expenses, required to be nothing of the funeral expenses, required to be
discharged. And as there was no money to discharge them, the transaction naturally and legally resulted in a public auction of effects, with a red flag hung out
of household desolation
On the day of the sale, Donald munched his grass and thistles in the wooden booth with his accustomed gravity, though the ohlldden's attentions were a little boisterous. One patted bis face, another rubbed him down with a wisp of straw, while a third clasped him round the neck, cryling bitteriy, as if his heart were like to
break. They were distracted with the possibility of loalng Donald, and what could console
them 9
About noon, the auctioneer arrived with the red flag. He was accompaniled by an assistant, a man of middle age, to act as clerk, who had milles sold out, and who, at his departure, had left nothing but bare walls. On the present melancholy occasion, as was his practice, he went to work imperturbably, like a man of business Having unfurled the red flag and fixed it up consplououaly to the door-post, he arranged an ink-bottle at his batton-hole, took out his note-
book, and was reudy for aotion. The children, coom, and was rendy for antion. The children,
cocedings which they conjectured would lead to some dire mistortune, were peremptorily ordered to get out of the way and mined.
Donald, the fondly cherished Donald, was ranked as part of the "goods." In the advertisement announcing the "Sale for behoof of
Creditora," a prominent place, as follows, was Creditora," a prominent place, as follows, was
siven to him "Also an excellent young male Donkey, well trained, and able to draw a small spring-cart, which, with harness, will be sold along with
him: very userul for dealers in coal, Ash, vegehim: very userul for deal
tables, and other articles.

## The harangu

Here, gentiemen, is a lot such as you seldom neel with. A donkey, young, gtrong, and
healthy. He is sound in limb well trat or drawing a load of from eight to ten hundred welght, so docile that a child might drive him, noeds no urging or beating, is so willing to do his work that the chiof diffloulty is how to hold animal for many useful purposes. He must, animal for many uneful purposes. He must,
however, be sold, along with his harness and however, be sold, along wiln ils harness and
cart. To insure competition, I will put up the lot at two prunds. Who bids more than two

## there he goes!

Returned from his trot, in which a host or
woys kept running arter him, Donald is brought
to a standstill, and the biddings begin. The price offered rises shilliny by shilling to three pounds; then by leaps of five shillings at a time, it
mounts to four pounds, and ultimately to eight mounts to four pounds, and ultimately to eight
pounds. There the competition stops. The last bidder to a geatleman belonglog to the neighbornood, against whom it is thought unless to contend. He is, to all appearance, resolved to be the purchaser. With a wave of the hand and was the last call, the auctioneer bringa down his stick with a smart rap on the chair, and the donkey and his cart are declared to be sold at elght pounds. "A great bargain, str!" he adds
quietly and confidentially, addressing the sucquietly and contid
The smart blow with the stick sounded Hike the knart of fate in the the sars of the disconso late woman. And yet, as by a Providentlal act, a better turn was given to her affairs. RequestIng a youth to lead Donald back to his crib, and see him properly attended to, the gentleman Who had been his purchaser entered the cottage and sought out ity mistress in her grief and ob-
scurity. Laying his hand on her shoulder he surity. Laying his hand on her shoulder he
spoke to her a few kind words. "Do not be so spoke o her a few kind words. "Do not be ko
distressed about the loss of your favorite donkey. I have bought it for you, and you need iter settling price, when you are able to do so good use of the uttle animal as you designed for the benefit of yourself and children.
The woman looked up wonderingly and gra-
tefully. "It is very kind $\mathrm{o}^{\prime}$ you, sir", she said but I have na words to thank ye. For what y, hae done, ye'll hae the blessing o' the wldow The donkey
The
he firgt adey may now be sald to have gotover the first adventure in his life. What followed was less picturesque. His mistress, the saddler's
wife, made a resolute effort to make a livelihood by hiring him out to execute jobs for the grocer and others in the village. The necessity, however, for attending to him as a subject of hire, and at the same time performing other duties for the sake of subsistence, was beyond her forced to sell Donald. It was a painful, but vo untary and unavoldable act. As the animal wa beast of draught it was not difficult to customer.
Donald and his spring-cart were bought for the adjoining village of Lasswade, for dellvering bread round the neighborhood. With tears and a sad heart, the poor widow and her three boys had to part with her much-loved, much-caredthe deceased husband and father. The parting being over, Donald was led down the hill to his ne quarters, to undertake the business of by no means heary routine of duty, he acquitted himsel! admirably. As Lasswade is within that, in making his rounds, the donkey was sometimes seen by his former mistress, who continued to remain in the village, and, "as is understood, remains still, making a livelihood going out to char and wash; in which respects she affords a good specimen of a well-disposed industry.

A change has now to be recorded in Donald's sion to. In the autumn of 1872, we found occa riety of purposes cor a donkey, to help in a vaThe grass in the avemue and grounds generally could not be conveniently kept down by the gardener and his assistant, and a donkey was suggested as being imperative to draw the
mowlng-machine. Then, there were often luggage and parcels to be taken to and from the rallway station, two milles distant. Lastly, it was alleged that in doing mere ordinary jobbing would be effected by procuring a great saving donkey. For these and other important reasons the advertisement was issued.
A response come from Lasswade. A baker has a donkey with harness and a neat springcart to dispose of-price wanted for the whole
f12 10s. The reason assigned for parting with the donkey is, that the business to parting with ceeds its powers. Its place must be taken by a required. The gardener was quite the thing we restigate the character and qualifications to in animal. A favorable report being presented the bargain was struck at the specified price. Donald quitted Lasswade, of which pretty village on the Esk he had been some time a denizen, iven to his his spring-cart after him, was It was a journey of upwards of twenty miles. One arternoon in August, he came merrily he passed under general review, and received he passed under
his first welcome

Money had been given to pay Donald's ex penses on the road, it being reasonable he should required no such outlay. He did not, would not eat oats. He did not understand oats as an article of diet. He lived chlefly on coarse grassonly luxury he cared for was bread, no matter of what kind or quality. Old crusts would do very well. A small loaf bought for the purpose For long the journey
nothing of his early history. Most of the particulars just mentioned were learned from a lady quarter whence he had come, It may be the
posed that a discovery of the Loanhead incidents tended to raise our respect for Donald. He had been well brought up, and come through triba
lation. There was a degree of sentiment attach. lation. There was a degree of sentiment attacis ed to his history. Consistently with obligations
which he would not feel very onerous, we should which he would not feel very onerous, we should
do all in our power to render his existence plesdo all in our power to render his existence pleas
sant and comfortable. On this basis, things
have

With no more than twelve months' experience of Donald, we are unable to offer any accumulation of anecdotes respecting him. He has become a general favorite on account of his
good temper and familiar behavior. The young ladies who happen to be our guests-almost emulating the fondness of Titania for Bottom in patting him, and ministering to him with crusts patting him, and ministering to him with crusir
of bread, which he takes delicately from their open palm.
As for work, he goes to it with a zest thal nowe of thorce of character. There is about him frequently slow sleepy indifference which wo rienced ill-usage, and are cruelly under-fed and over-wrought. In his own case are exemplifled falthrully served considerate treatment. As he falthfully served the saddler, his former master so he serves us. He does his work with good-
will, and he does it well. In drawing a grass. cutting machine, he gets through as mach in through in a day; and roked in his garden-cart with high sparred sides, he clears awoy all tha has been cut with amazing expedition. With the driver, he executes all sorts of jobs at a distance. In bringing packages friom the railway
station, he trots with persevering assiduity. He can easily get over the two miles of ground in rom ten to fifteen minutes, which is goo
running. As was honestly said of him by the auctioneer, the only difficulty is how to hold him in
Such is the story of our donkey, as far as it has been a got over any distressful reminiscences concern robis kind friend, the deceased saddler, into which fortune has drifted him. Somethins might be added in the way of moral, but it show that in the case of the donkey, as with many other animals, kindness will not be despised for its apparent stupidity, is found to mossess a considerable degree of shrewd intell ence, and to be susceptible of that amount as a useful, a willing, and, we will add, a grateul servant of man

## CHINESE PHYSIOLOGY

In some respects the Chinese are an intell ent people, but they are not strong in science cording to their is especially whimsical. AC human economy is the the chier organ or are manifold. It rubs against the stomach an rinds the food, it keeps up the proper degree of nd the lips, and thus regulates the musi the mouth ; furthermore, it directs opening deas so that they become known to us. The iver regulates the tendons and ornaments the nalls of the hands and feet. The heart regulate the blood veasels, beautifies the complexion, an by its means we are enabled to open the ear lood, the Chinese are profoundly ignorant. Th lidneys govern the bones, beautify the hair the head, and open the orifices of the two yim The diaphragm, being spread out like a mem the ribs and apine heart, and joined all round to o that the foul atr cannot rise The gall vapo s the seat of courage ; hence the gapular be er that whoever eats the gall of a brave man o beast will inherit the valor of its original pos y competition for the galls of remarkable ani mals.
Of the function of the brain, the Chinese have but a vague idea, still they think it has some hing to do with the intellect. In proof of thi aspiolon, they offer the case of a man of grea to fall from a horse with such vilene as to break his skull. The physicion tho was called to treat the case hit upon the happy thought o supplying from the skull of a cow the portion was only wise man had lost. The operatio minent powartal success, since the subjeos raila, and from that thme forward he was very different man from what he had been. Whether his residual intelligence exhibited any
bovine characteristics, our informant unhappily neglects to say
Hereafter we expect to see this case given as ginal discoverers of everything. It is certain tha it greatly antedates the operation recently re ported from Leipole for the edification of raral editors : a case in which the brain of a good-na tured wine seller, dead of heart disease, was transplanted into the cranium of a soldier
condemned to death for murder, with a corresponding transference of mental and moral traite skillul imitator

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.
Mechanical Piano-Playing.-The teachers the plano will have to find something else to do for a living as, "human ingenulty," in attreched to the instrument, and play music on sight. The playing cannot be distinguished from that of a llving player.
A Happy Anniversary. - Bridgeport, Conneticut, witnessed a few days since a pleasant and quite unusual incldent-the celebration of he golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Henry
Curtis, on which occasion all their children and grandehildren were present. No death had o cured in the family in half a century.
New Toy.-A Yankee has invented a new
toy which should become popular. It is a wax doll which should become popular. It is a wax clothes and in a dalnty lace cap. By some mechanism the doll baby at certain intervals, after being wound up, lifts itself up in the crib, puts Epiorman. -The following epigram was made Carisle, one day

## Tis well enough that Goodenough Before the Lords should preach <br> Before the Lords should preach;

He undertakes to teach.
a milikman's Confrsiton.-A German had made a fortune in Philadelphia by selling milk. On shipboard he with two bags of sovereigns. A mischievous monkey was watching his oper. ations. As soon as it was replaced and tied up
and the other bag emptied, Jocko snatched up and the other bag emptied, Jocko snatched up the full one and was soon at the mast-head. He opened the German's bag, and after eyeing
the pretty gold, be proceeded to drop one piece the pretty gold, he proceeded to drop one piece
upon the deck and another in the water, until he had emptied the bag. When he had finished "He must be the tugvil, for what came from de water he does give to de water, and what came from de mill he gives to me.
Ready Money.-Keep ready money on hand if you can. No matter if it is only a little sum. It is a great conventence, to say the least. Any One who has tried and compared the credit with
the cash system will readily admit the correctness of the above remark. When you buy for cash you generally get things cheaper-get
better welght and measure, and all the favours the dealer can extend to hls patrons. On the versed if you try to evold credit by borrowing you improve matters very little, if any. Hence we give this advice, "TTurn an honeat penny"
whenever you can, and always have sumfient Mhenever you can, and always have sumficlent
money on hand to meet your small engagements.
A oood story is told or a certain actor whose
tate it was to represent the inferior personages In the drama such as messengers, serving-men etc. One night, a certain great tragedian being
engaged, the poor actor, enacting the character or a servant, had to repeat these words: "My to say, but turaing to the gallery part of the "and he added, with a stentorian voice. man who raises his hand against a woman name of Briton." Shouts of applause followed Ater the play, on being remonstrated with by the great tragedian for his innovation, he re
plied, "I regret to have annoyed you but it's my plied, "I regret to have annoyed you but it's my
beneat, next week, and I must make myself "obal
Father Taylor's Rebuke.- When Jenny Beth was in this country, she once attended th membered Father Taylor was pastor. The good was who did not on amusements. The sermon opposed dancing, card-playtng, and theatre-going, but approved music. The preacher pald a glowing tribute to and charity of the sweetest of all singers, "now lighted on these shores." Jenny Lind was lean ing forward and clapping her hands with de-
light, when a tall person arose on the pulpit stairs, and inquired whether any one who died
at Miss Lind's concerts would go to heaven
Disis. Disgust and contempt swept across Father "A Cbristian," said he, " will go to heaven ver he is heven if he is on the steps of the pulpit.'
Frifing Meat.-A common habit in Amer can cookery, is most unprofitable to the enter. lure. The extreme heat of the fat not only burns the outer layers of the meat, so as to in Jare their value for nutritive purposes, but also
Changes the chemical condition of the fatty acids, giving rise to products whlch obstruct the oyeathing and cause tingling of the nose and eyes of the cook, and which are more or less
harmaful to the eater. The peculiar flavor of the meat is in a great measure lost by frying, and it is is substituted the flavor of the fat in which meat in such This fat permeates the fibres of the ble in the watery fluids of the mouth and stom-
ach, and thus cause difficult digestion. Brolling on, and thus cause difficult digestion. Broiling lime and trouble, and very likely fuel also, but
by this process the juices of the meat are sealed
up (to a certain extent) instead of being evapo
rated, and the nutritive value is thereby much increased.
Variety of Food.-Experience has proved that, for some reason unknown to science, varwhen we are tial to health after reaching the perpetual recurrence of the same edibles, even though their number be considerable, becomes in all periods of life except infancy, not only
wearisome, but positively injurious. The lack wearisome, but positively injurious.
of variety in many cases is due to the poverty of poorer classes and the difficulty of buying fresh provisions in places remote from markets. Salt-pork, salt-fish, and potaties, with pies, poor thousands of families during our long winters. It should be understood how needful a change of diet is from time to time. Fresh vegetables,
particularly in the country, are readily obtained and preserved, and should be unsparingly used. The odible roots, as turnips, carrots, onions, and beets, and cabbage, are as well worth preserva
tion as the omnipresent potato. All these vege tables need thorough boilling, and more than they generally get.
Gamblers' Tricks.-The Loulsville Courrier Journal gives the annexed description of some gaming tools sensisted of two reflectors of different coustruction. One of them consists of a pile of poker chips, about six in number, the topfand bottom ones being perfect, but the inter mediate ones were only semicircular, and cut out so that a small bright plece of steel placed an the bottom of the pile would reflect the hand dealt directly over this reflector. Knowing his in fleenting hand, thd gambler had easy work in fleecing his victim. The other contrivance is of a one dollar greenback note having a stift piece of paper pasted on the bill. A small piece
of wood is pinned to the paper, having on its ace a small glass mirror. When the game commences this bill is laid upon the table and
twenty or more dollars placed upon it in such a twenty or more dollars placed upon it in such a
manner as perfectly to conceal the mirror. The manner as perfectly to conceal the mirror. The
dealer of the cards, as in the former instance dealer of the cards, as in the former instance,
knowing his adversary's hand, can easily win every game."
Lincoln and the Contraband.-President incoln once got into conversation with a negro d in a regiment that suffered severely at the battle of Fort Donnelson, asked if he was in that fight. The darkey owned he had a little ensued: "Stood your ground, did you?" "No sa, and would ha' run sonna had I knowed it commin'" "If our soldiers were all like you traitors might have broken up the Government
without resistance." "Yes, sa; dar would hab without resistance." "Yes, sa; dar would hab
been no help for it. I wouldn't put my life in he scale 'gainst any government dat eve existed, for no gobernment could make you think your company would have missed you if you had been kilied!" Maybe ogers, let alone a died nigga; but I'd ha' missed myself, and dat was de pint wid me!" Mr Planche's Irish coachman took much the same
view of things. When a traveller, seeling him fold an extraordinary comforter round his neck, semarked that he took very good care of him all the
How he drd IT.-We know a farmer, now in comiortable circumstances, who, beginning with few cows ani constantly increasing thei farm, all the grain bills, and brought up his farm to a splendid condition solely from the profits of his milk. His system of management
was to buy good cows at the outset. He required that they should average each more than one can per day, season in and out, which man
milk raisers are content with. His farm at the milk raisers are content with. Hots fiel hat enough hardly to pay for the cutting.
Buying grain by the ton, and feeding it out to and turning it over and sowing rye and oata and millet to be used successively for fodder; turn ing over more land and laying and buying grain and more cows, he now produces 10 ry cans day; is obliged to sell hay, because his make gement is such that he actually more than pays for all the grain that he buys solely from hay sold off his farm
He belleves in solling cows; in fact, he saya he can't afford to pasture them, belleving tha compe
Two
men cen do all his work and not butcher when they have reached the minimum product of miliz that he counts on; and the prices realized are, because of their nne cond
tion, often greater than the original cost of the animal. We know another farmer who man ages much the same way, depending on a lib eral grain feed and solling, and putting every be termed poor stock, that is, cheap, thirty or forty-dollar cows, and looks to less profil from his milk than from the increase of his manure plle. However, he is now rich, and his money ment

SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.
Cement for Wood Vessbls.-A mixture o ime clay and oxide of iron, separately calcined and reduced to fine powder, then intimately mixed, kept in a close vessel, and milxed with will make a vessel watertight if the ingredient are good.
What is an Inch of Rain?-Anacre con-
sists of $6,272,640$ square inches; and an inch deep of rain on an acre yields $6,272,640$ cubic nches of water, which at 277,274 cubic inches o the gallon makes $22,622.5$ gallons; and as a gallon of distilled water weighs 10 lbs., the rainfall on an acre is 226,225 lbs. avoiraupois weighs 100,993 tons, or nearly 101 tons per acre. For every
per acre
CAMPHOR WOOD.-This wood promises to become, at no distant day, a very valuable and mportant article of commerce. It grows freely especially thrives near the sea-coast, where 1 may be easily obtained for shipment. It attains large proportions, being sometimes found fifteen feet and upwards in diameter, and of propor
tionate hetght. It is very valuable for carpen ters' work, being light, durable, a a do not liable to injury from insects. Its aromatic, agreeable perfume is also well known. The wood is strong and very durable, and it is especially applicable for shipbullding, and may be appli
poses for which teak wood is used.
New Nosebag for Horses.-It is common to supply horses with their necessary noon luncheon of oats by means of a canvas bag, shaped like a bucket, and hung from behind the
animal's ears over the nose. To secure the animal's ears over the nose. To secure the mouthful the horse is obliged to give the bag a ame time throws out and wastes a portion of hese common nosebags is estimated as some these common nosebags is estimated as some
thing enormous. A variety of devices have bee nvented to prevent this loss, one of the lat being that introduced by an ingenlous A merican who puts an additional bottom within the bag, on which the oats are placed. Under this
bottom is a spiral spring. The weight of the oats compresses the spring, which expands a fast as the oats are eated, thus keeping the supply
always at the same level within the bags. The principle is the same as the spring candle princip
holder.
Co correspondent Country Gentleman says: Use but little water a once; keep it warm and clean by obanging it
often. A flannel cloth takes off fy specks beter than cotton. Soap will remove the paint for cleaning varnished paint, window panes and dispensable for cleaning out corners. A sauce of sifted ashes should always be at hand to clean unvarnished paint that has become badly smoked; it is better than soap. Never put soap
upon glass, unless it can be thoroughly rinsed upon glass, unless it can be thoroughly rinsed Wash off the specks with warm tea, and rub the panes dry; then make a paste of whiting pane. Take a dry cloth and rub it all over the glass, and then rub it off with a chamois skin or flannel,
crystal.
Braring Agr of Nut Trres.-The Oneida rees one of them in the 17 th year producing three and a half barrels of nuts "as they came from were yet in the burs when measured. They were not cultivated When first planted, and
mate a very poor growth for several years, but at the time of bearing measured about a foot in walnuter near the ground. A dozen black but no mention is made as to when they began to bear frult. Chestnut trees bore fruitin sixteen years from their planting in the seed bed. But them to stock known to be good, and cultivating well, the writer is confldent that frult can se grown in considerably less time. The con-
stant advance in the price of nuts, he also thinks, will render their increased cultivation JUTE.-Jute is a thro
bigh stalk varying from siant that grows to It is raised in the lowlands of the East Indies. The jute plantations are operated somewhat on the system of rice plantations. The water used for flooding purposes is taken from rudely of the Himalaya Mountains. The plant is kept growing in about eighteen inches of water, sun from destroying tit. When the stalk has attained its full growth it is pulled up by the roots or cut off near the roots. It is then laid market.
The bark is removed, the root is cut off where it is pulled up with the stalk, and where the is cut ofr and thrown into a class commerolally known as jute butts. The remainder is then and lustre of fibre. The first quality is a beautiful, clear, long fibre, much of it resembling in for chignons, but it is also used in Scotland in
the manufacture of ane jute cloths.

## HUMOROUS SCRAPS.

Krougheaige is the way they spell a popular same in Western Missourl
A preacher in an Illinois town, while laying since, said: "If boys and girls do their not long at church, I say Amen to it. I have a daughter whom I cherish as the apple of my eye. When she is of suitable age, I had rather she should be
courted in the house of God than in a theatre," A RLVEREND gentleman, during a sojourn mong the hills of New Hampshire, stopping at the door of a cottage, inquired of the oc-
cupant if there were any Episcopalians in the neighborhood. "I don't exactly know," replied the dame, rubbing her head with a kniting-needie, "but belleve John shot one a chipmunk.'
Archbishop Whately was once accosted at the table of the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland by an
alde-de-camp, with the question, "What is the difference your Grace, between on archbisho and a donkey?" His Grace owned that he did breast, and the donkey on his back." "Yes his oh ! I see; very good. And," added hls Grace, "What is the difference belween an aide-de,
camp and a donkey?" "I do not see any,"
was the unsuspeoting reply. "Nelthe do was the unsuspeoting reply. "Neither do I,"

Fixed Ideas in the Mind or Woman.That she has nothing fit to put on. That things there is company in the kitchen. That she is not allowed sufficient money for houseteeplng. That she never goes out anywhere. That her best black slik is getting awfully shabby. Tha she requires a change about the month of August. That her allowance is too small. That That there is som be seen. That cook drinks Mrs. Orpington ts dreadfully gone off, or dreadfully made up, or,never was so very good-looking after all

Jere Johnson, jun., a noted auctioneer of New York, advertises for sale at "Far Rock-
away, Long Island," " nine elegant cottages and away, Long Island," "nine elegant cottages and
seventy-five glorlous ocean villa plots," and adds seventy-five glorious oc
the following invitation

Then come to the sale with Johnson,
By the roar of the ocean surf,
Corae, buy a home by the salt
In the fairest spot of earth; sea foam,
In buy home

## In the fairest spot of earth

## As now, shall resound with evermore

A parne writes that he is annoyed and pained by his young son staying out at night, and asks a remedy for this rapidly growing
evil. There are several remedies. The most
effectual dothing.
ear "break in" boots or shoes. If they are not easy when new, don't take them; for the boots will break your feet oftener than you 2. If you go on "breaking in" boot leather,
you will need a special last, made with all sorts of knobs and protuberances to correspond with your distorted joints. Then you will be sorry. 3. If you have large feet, admit it in all
honesty and have your boots made accordingly Then you will be happy

THE following aneadote of Count D'Orsay 1 given in the "Autoblography, Memolr, and published :-"I have heard the Count tell how when he was in England for the first time (very young, very hanisome, and not abashed), he was placed at some dinner-party next the late Lady succeeded in ringund retalning a distinguished circle, longer than either fuscination or tyrann might singly have accomplished, chanced the day to be in one of her imperious humors. She dropped her napkin-the Count picked it up gallantly; then ber fan, then her fork, then her spoon, then her glass--and as often her neighbou
stooped and restored the lost articie however, the patience of the youth gave away and, on her dropping her napkin again, he "im. "Put my couvert on the floor," said he; much more convenient to my Lady Holland.

Mark Twain once bought a horae by auction creature into the Plaza, and certain citizens the him by the head, and others by the tall, while placed all his feet in a bunch they let go, he his back, and then suddenly arched it upward three or four feet! I came as stralght dow again, litt in the saddle, went instantly up agait again, and almost on the high pommel, shot up in the space of three or four seconds. Then he rose, and stood almost straight up on his hind feet and I, clasping his lean neck desperately, slid down, and immediately held on. He came the air, delivering a vicious kick at the shy, and once more, and feet; and then down he came shooting me straight upagain. The third tim buck though!" Whilanger say, "Oh, don't h leather the horse a sounding thwack with

## OUR PUZZLER.

## 205. DOUBLE ACROSTIO.

1. I'm a town, and my name to desery, To Stberla please turn your eye
2. Here a fanciful island you see Represented a model to be.
3. It's a gem which in shell-fish is found, And is valued the most when it's round.
4. THs a mountain; and it you may view, If you ever should go to Peru.
5. When a man breaks the law, and is caught, Then to this he expects to be brought
6. A most famous believer in fate Had to spend his last days in this state.
7. If the name of this port you would learn To the state of La Plata you must turn.
The initials read downwards must be, And the finals, if also read down, An astronomer's name of renown.

## 206. TRANSLOCATIONS.

1. As I stand, I am the abhreviated name of a great prophet; change the vowels consecutively, and I become the place where he was preserved from danger, a tap-room wr
Spanish title, and a clamorous creditor.
2. As I stand, I indicate a body ; ohange the vowels, and I am reminded of Joseph and his brother Benjamin, an unmarried lady, rural verdure, and an obsolete term for a soramble. companion; change the vowels, I reduce to measure, I am proverblally little, and I never join in a chorus.

## 207. CHARADE

My first in many a fleld doth growMost easy 'tis to guess ;
Without it we should come to woe To trouble and distress.
yy second in a farmer's barn
You very of may ind;
And when I say 'tis made of yarn,
It may come to your mind.
And nsed to carry in
My dear and precious first : so you To guess may now begin.

## 208. LITTLE CHARADES.

1. My first's part of the body, my second is acon, my whole is a game.
. able, my whole is husbandry.
2. My first is an English river, my second is a
as, my whole is heavy
, my third a coperition, my second is a lens.
3. LOGOGRIPH.

A look is my whole, so don't refuse :
Behead, I am an instrument doctors use ;
Transpose, an Engltgh town see plain;
Again transpose, I am without a stain;
But, if you behead, and then transpose,
What is not fat it will disolose ;
But if you take away the tall,
An English river will prevall
Transpose a beverage, there is not a better ; Begin again, behead and drop a letter A shoe-string you will quickly se
210. ARITHMITICAL PUZZLE.

Take forty-five from forty-ive, and forty-ive emaing.
211. DOUBLE ARITHMOREM

500 and shore (a Mediterranean ialand) 100 E " truth (a German town)
50 " faster (a Danish island)
1 " for (a Brazillan mountain)
501 " be seen (a Prussian town)
5611 " grrub (a Prussian town)
1001 " ess boque(t) (a river of Guiana) 1001 " a mast (a clty in Jesso)
101 "duet (Austrian mountains_beheaded) 551 "enter "oro" (a Mexican river). found in Madagascar : the finala will show peculiarity for which it is remarkable

## 212. ARITHMETICAL QUESTION.

1 purohased tumblers at 10s. a dozen, and sold pounds on $£ 100$. At what price did I sell them

## 213. CHARADE.

A portion of a ship
A certain kind of ring
A certain kind of ring
My third one will be een
To"form part of a pheaso
If total was in you,
You'd think it far_from pleasant.


## 

White to play and mate in three moves. INETRUCTION IN CHERS. By "Cheormatn."
GAMI NO. 23.
One of the matoh games at the Vienna Congresa : Ruy Lopen Attack.
White.

Blaok.

## De. Flurgsig.

Mr. Blackburare.

## 

1. P. to K. 4th
2. Ki. to Q . B. 3 rd
3. Kt. to Q. 5 th

Bleok counter-attacks. This move has been ge-
nerally condemned by the books, but Mr. Bird by frequently adopting it and with success gave it quite run at the Vienna Congress.
$\begin{array}{ll}\begin{array}{l}\text { 4. Kt. takes Kt. } \\ \text { S. Castles. }\end{array} & \text { 4. P. takes Kt. }\end{array}$
Prof. Anderesen almout invariably plays 5. P. to $Q$. better as it avoids the oh. With the $Q$, is Blank's 4th.
6. B. to B. 4th.
5. P. to Q. B. 3rd.

Mr. Whicker bolieves B. to R. 4th to be better than this as it prevents the second player indoubling
his Queen's PaFns by $P$. to $Q$. Atn, and the weak $P$.
at $Q$. 5th is liable to be lost.


Taking the Q. Kt. P. would haro involved Black
in A fearful attack commonoing with 13 . B. to Q. B.
5th. 5 th.
13. Q. to K. R. 5 th.

Taking the Kt. with B. and afterwards playing Q . to Q. B. 3rd would have beon move sorviceable than
the move in the text.

## 14. B. takes Kt 15. Kt. to B .3 rd 16. Q. to $\mathrm{K} . \mathrm{2nd}$ 17. Kt. to $\mathrm{K} .4 \mathrm{4th}$

Hazardous in appearance, but sound in substan it the proper continuation be adopted, unfortunatels

## 

Black here sets a trap for White but is himself ing the K. B. P. is the most promising course.

> 25. P. to K. B. 3rd

Had White taken the B. Black would have mated in three moves beginning with R. to R. 8th (oh.) Th his clever opponent.

## 26. B. P. takes B. 27. Q. takes B. 28. P. to Q. 5 th

25. B. takes Rt
26. B. takes R
27. 

The position of this $R$. is decidedly againgt Black.
If he take $P$. with $P$., White retakes with $R$. threatening P. to Kt. 5th
29. P. to Q. 6 th
30. Q. to K .7 th
29. R. to Q. 1st

Well played. The seoond player is compelled to he prevent the adranced Pawn reaching the eighth square.

## 31. P. takes Q. 32. K. to B. 2nd

30. Q. takes Q.
31. R. takes R. (ch).

Taking the R. With B. Would net do, beeause. Blaok
would then win by R. to K. 3rd.
33. R. to K. 2nd
32. R. to K. B, 3rd (ch)

And Black resigned.

## GAME NO. 24.

We concludo"our review of games in this oponing
with the following illustrating a not often adopted With the following illustrating a
method of continuing the attack

| Ruy Loper Attack. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Black. | White. |
| Ernist Mubpiy. | J. P. Cadman. |
| 1. P. to K. 4th | 1. P to K. 4th |
| 2. Kt. to K. B. 3rd | 2. Kt. to Q. B. 3rd |
| 3. B. to Q. Kt. 5th | 3. P. to Q. R. 3rd |

Mr. Murphy commends this move as the very best
5. Castlos.
4. Q. takes B.

The attack may now play $P$. to $Q$. 4 th, and if the
defence take the $P$. retake it with the $Q$.
6. P. to Q. 4th
5. B. to Q. 3rdi
6. P. takes P.
7. P. to K. R. 3rd

Wasting time.

8. Kt. to K. 2nd Kt. to K. 2nd
Castles.
B. to Q.
P. B. 4th
Bi 3rd
Kt .3 rd

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