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VOL. II.

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CATALOGUE OF DRAUGHT HORSES, AND THOROUGH-BRED CATTLE, SHEEP, &c.,

IMPORTED BY THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE OF NOVA SCOTIA UNDER AUTHORITY OF THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

To be offered for sale at Public Auction, by James Duggan, on the Grand Parade, Halifax, on Thursday, 31st October, 1872, at 11 o'clock, A.M., precisely, under restriction that the Animals are to be kept in the Province for breeding purposes.

Numbers in brackets, thus [448], refer to Canada Herd Book.

Numbers in parentheses, thus (17742), refer to English Herd Book.

Numbers not enclosed, thus 245, refer to American Herd Book.

Numbers in Roman Capitals, thus XLVII, refer to the Nova Scotia Stock Register.

TERMS.—Cash on delivery.

Animals must be taken charge of by purchasers immediately after the sale.

In order to encourage the more general diffusion of Thorough-bred Stock throughout the Province, the Board have determined to allow a discount on the sale prices of 10 per cent. to all purchasers from Cape Breton Counties, and of 5 per cent. to other purchasers who reside at a distance of not less than 30 miles from a Railway Station. No discount will be allowed upon animals purchased for localities within a distance of 30

miles of a Railway Station, and should any animals not be taken forthwith to the localities for which discount is allowed, the respective purchasers will be required to refund whatever amounts of discount they may have received.

Societies desirous of making available for this sale, their annual grants for 1872 (payable at the end of December) may arrange to do so by applying to the Secretary of the Board.

Pedigrees not fully given in this Catalogue will be supplied to purchasers either on the day of sale or when received from the breeders.

HORSES.

LOT.

1.—Marquis of Lorne, LXI. An English Draught Horse (entire.)

Marquis of Lorne is of a beautiful brown color, stands 16 hands high, with strong muscle and well-set limbs, has good action and moves in a fine graceful style, and of docile temper. He will be 4 years old in May, was sired by the well-known Champion, imported from Scotland in 1863, and who gained the first prize at the Kirkmichael and Dalrymple Agricultural Shows. He was bred by Mr. Wm. Kirkwood, Shankston, Patna, Ayrshire, Scotland, out of a first-class Clydesdale mare which took two first prizes in succession at Dalrymple, and two at Kirkmichael and Patna. Her dam was considered by eminent judges to be the best ever shown in the district. Champion was sired by Sir Charles Napier, the horse of J. W. Headre, Esq., Ladybank, which gained the first prize at Castle Douglas of £40, where a large number of horses were shown. He also

took many other local prizes, and was sold to go to Australia, for £300 sterling. Sir Charles Napier was sired by the celebrated horse Prince. Prince was sired by Mr. Fulton's horse, Clyde. After arriving in Canada he took all the first prizes wherever exhibited at Provincial or local Shows.

His dam was a very fine brood Mare that took the first prize as such at the Centre Wellington Show, when only 4 years old; and has taken other prizes, both singly and as one of a pair of Carriage Horses. Her sire was Duke of Wellington, grand-sire the imported Duke of Wellington; and her dam was a very fine Mare got by a popular blood-horse.

Marquis of Lorne, for beauty and style, cannot be surpassed. He has already taken 7 first prizes; he received a third prize at the Provincial Show held in Toronto, 1870, and at the present Spring Shows he took the following prizes: Waterloo, a diploma; Galt, second; Striton, first. In 1871 he took the following prizes: At the Centre Riding School 1st., at the Western Fair, London, 1st., at the Central Fair, Hamilton, 1st., and diploma. His stock are turning out well, and he is also a sure foal getter.

2.—Netherby Junior, LXII. An English Draught Horse (entire), Dappled Bay, 4 years old, stands 16 hands high. Bred by Mr. John Burns, Whithy, from his celebrated black Mare, by Mr. Hebrall's Horse Farmer's Glory, imported from England, and a good prize taker. Netherby Junior was sired by the celebrated Horse Netherby, a pure Clydesdale, bred by Mr. Favkes, Outertown, Annan, Dumfriesshire, out of a pure Clydesdale Mare, Jess, by Byron. Netherby was got by Mosstroper, a pure Clydesdale Bay, free from all blemishes. Netherby took the following prizes:—When one year old, the first prize at Carlisle. When 3 years old, the second prize at Cockermouth, competing against aged horses. Since, in Canada, he took the first prize at the Provincial Exhibition at Hamilton in 1864; the first prize at Whithy, and the first prize at the Union Fall Fair at Markham, Ontario, in 1864, beating three aged horses. In 1865, he took the first prize at Whithy, and also the Sweepstakes for being the best horse on the ground. In 1866, he gained the first prize at the Provincial Fair at Toronto; and in 1867, the first prize at the Whithy and Pickering Spring Show.

SHORT HORN DURHAM BULLS & BULL CALVES

3.—Lord York, LXIII. (26766), Roan.

Imported by and purchased from Simon Beattie, Bangor Pickering, Ontario, Canada.

Roan, calved January 17th, 1868.

Bred by Mr. Harward, Winterfold, England, got by Third Duke of Wharfedale (21619).

Dam, Duchess of York by seventh Duke of York (17754).

g.d., Grand Duchesse, by fourth Duke of Oxford (11387).

g.g.d., Juliet, by Sol (8698).

g.g.g.d., Kate, by Leo (4208).

g.g.g.g.d., Ada, by Treasurer (5513).

g.g.g.g.g.d., Lady Byron, by Rupert (2580).

g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Lady Noel, by North Star (460).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., —, by Cripple (173).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., —, by Minor (441).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., —, by Freeman (259).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., —, by Dauby (190).

Lord York is half brother to Duchess 97, the 1000gs Heifer, imported by M. H. Cochrane, Esq., Compton. He has three crosses of Bates blood, two of them the most celebrated Sires in England. Lord York has been exhibited three times. He was awarded the third prize at Highland and Agricultural Society, Scotland, second at the Provincial Show, Ontario, Canada, and first at the County Show, York, Canada. He is the sire of some very promising stock both in Scotland and Canada.

4.—General Grant, LXIV. Roan, 3½ years old.

Bred by Alexander Stewart, Eremosa, Ont.

Sire, Matt [448].

Dam, Primrose, by Prince of the North, the Second [571].

5.—Mara Duke, LXV. Red with some white, calved January 16th, 1871.

Bred by Geo. Miller, Markham, Co. York, Ont., and purchased by the Board from John Miller, Mongolia.

Sired by Bell Duke of Oxford [830].

Dam, Mara 3rd by, Bell Duke of Oxford [830].

g.d., Mara, by The Priest [743].

g.g.d., Molina, by Lillivick (10421).

g.g.g.d., Lily, by Young Zealot (8797).

g.g.g.g.d., Lily, Young Vandyck (8733).

g.g.g.g.g.d., Duchess, by Young Spectator (8619).

g.g.g.g.g.g.d., —, by Phantassie (8389).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., by Young Rockingham (8498).

6.—Duke of Greenwood, LXVI. Red, a little white, calved April 24th, 1871.

Bred by Messrs. Birrell and Johnston, Pickering, Co. Ont.

Sire, Bell Duke of Markham [945].

Dam, Young Dumpy, by Prince of Bourbon [568], 7141.

g.d., Old Dumpy, by Young England [822], 5281.

g.g.d., Elgin Cow, by Lord Elgin [407], 662½.

7.—Oliver Twist, LXVII. Roan, calved May 20th, 1871.

Bred by Messrs. Birrell & Johnstone, Maple Hall, Pickering Co., Ont.

Sire, Bell, Duke of Markham [878, Reg. 4].

Dam, Kentucky Jane, by Prince of Bourbon [568].

g.d., Miss Elgin, by Lord Elgin [407], 662½.

g.g.d., Miss Crummy, by Red Kirk [600].

9.—Sir Roger Tichborne, LXIX. Roan, calved October 20th 1871.

Bred by and purchased from Simon Beattie, Bangor P. O., Pickering, Ontario, Canada, got by Clifton Duke 2nd [133].

Dam, Graceful, by imp. Sweetmeat (20324).

g.d., Sallie Mills, by Duke of Thorndale, 2787.

g.g.d., Ohio Belle, by the Marquis, 1031.

g.g.g.d., Imp. Prize Flower, by Prince Charlie (13503).

g.g.g.g.d., Lilly, by Fitz Leonard (7010).

g.g.g.g.g.d., Quartz, by Granite (7047).

g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Beauty, by White Bull (5643).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Young Broad Look, by Young Lady Kirk (4710).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., —, by Albion (713).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Europa, by Sirius (598).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Short Tail, by Wellington (679).

g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Honeysuckle, by Sultan (631).

"Sir Roger" is by the famous stock bull Clifton Duke 2nd, by Clifton Duke [3760.] It will be seen from his pedigree that Sir Roger has other strains of the oldest and most fashionable blood.

10.—William, LXX. Red and White, calved February 8th, 1872.

Bred by William Aitchison, Guelph, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Canada Short Horn Stock Register, No. 1784.

Sire, His Majesty [847].

Dam, Isabella, by Albert [9].

g.d., Sanspareil, X., by Windsor [811], 4484.

g.g.d., Sanspareil, V., by Twelfth Duke of Oxford [198], (17742), 2315.

g.g.g.d., Sanspareil, imported, by Gauntlet (10260).

g.g.g.g.d., Serenade, by Charles I. (8947).

g.g.g.g.g.d., Seraphina, by Earl of Essex (6955).

g.g.g.g.g.g.d., Sapphire, by Stratton (5336).

g-g-g-g-g-g.d., Ruby, by Fanatic (1996).
 g-g-g-g-g-g.g.d., Rufe, by Red Rover (1902).
 g-g-g-g-g-g.g.d., by Rufus (2576).
 g-g-g-g-g-g.g.d., by Emperor (1014).

AYRSHIRE BULLS AND BULL CALVES.

11.—Lord Lisgar, LXXI. Red and White, 2 years and 4 months old.

Bred by Alexander Crawford, Montreal.

Sire, Lord Cuthbert.

Dam, Pailey 2nd, by Cuthbert.

Lord Lisgar took the second prize in the class of two year old Ayrshire Bulls at the Hamilton Exhibition, 1872, in which class there were nine entries, several of newly imported bulls.

12.—Lord Raglan, LXXII. White and Red, 2 years and 4 months old.

Bred by George Morton of Morton, Ontario.

Sire, Carrick Farmer, L.

Dam, Maggie the Third, by Prince of Wales [17.]

Lord Raglan took the third prize in the Class of 2 year old Ayrshire Bulls at the Provincial Exhibition at Hamilton, September, 1872.

13.—Independence, LXXIII. White and Red, 1 year and 2 months old.

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

Sire, Lion [677.]

Independence took second prize in class of Yearling Ayrshire Bulls at Hamilton, September, 1872, in which class there were ten entries.

14.—Lord Dufferin, LXXIV. Red, some white, 4 months old

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

Sire, Lord Lisgar [693.]

Dam, Gurta, by Prince of Wales [17.]

15.—————, LXXV. (Not yet named. Calf, 3 months old.

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

16.—Bangor Duke, LXXVI. Red and white, 4 months old.

Bred by Simond Beattie, Pickering, Ontario.

Sire, Morton's Bull.

Dam, from Morton's Stock.

AYRSHIRE COWS AND HEIFERS.

17.—Effie the Second, LXXVII. White and Red, 4 years and 2 months old.

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

Sire Jock [62.]

Dam, Effie, by Prince of Wales [17.]

Effie the Second is in calf to Lord Raglan, and will calve in February, 1872.

Effie the Second gained the first prize in the Class of Ayrshire Cows at the Hamilton Exhibition, September, 1872, in which Class there were 27 entries.

18.—Flora, LXXVIII. Red and White, nearly 3 years old.

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

Sire, Jock [62.]

Dam, Effie, by Duke.

Flora has a Heifer Calf, calved 17th October, 1872, which will go with the Cow. The calf is sired by Lord Lisgar.

Flora gained the first prize at Hamilton, September, 1872, in Class of 2 year old Heifers, in which there were 15 entries,

19.—Lily, LXXIX. White with some Red, about 17 months old.

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

20.—Cindirella the Second, LXXX. 17 months old.

Cindirella the Second is in calf to Independence.

Sire, Bell Duke of Markham [945]. xxx.

Dam, Kentucky Jane, by Prince of Bourbon [568].

8.—Royal George, LXXVIII. Roan, calved 8th October, 1871.

Bred by George W. Miller, Grantham, County of Lincoln, Ontario.

DEVON BULLS AND BULL CALVES.

21.—General Grant, LXXXI. Five years and three months old.

Bred by W. and L. Courtice, Darlington, Durham, Ont.

Sire, Duke of Darlington, 63.

Dam, Queen of Cleverdon, by Conqueror, 105.

General Grant took the second prize in the Class of Devon Bulls, aged 4 years and upwards, at the Hamilton Exhibition, September, 1872.

22.—Lion, LXXXII. Nearly 1 year old.

Bred by W. Aitchison, Guelph, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, General Grant, 411.

Dam, Lady Pink, 332, by Wilmot, 262.

23.—Prince, LXXXIII. Three months old.

Bred by W. Aitchison, Guelph Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, General Grant, 411.

Dam, Primrose, by Wilmot, 261.

24.—Ontario, LXXXIV. Three months old.

Bred by W. Aitchison, Guelph, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, General Grant, 411.

Dam, Lady Anne, 245, by Lord Elgin, 156.

25.—Duke of Wellington, LXXXV. Calved, Feb. 9th, 1872.

Bred by George Rudd, Puslinch, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, Hartland, 363. G. Sire, Duke of Darlington, 63.

Dam, Maggie, 341, by Samson 6th, 310.

g.d., Daisy, 111, by Prince Albert, 109.

g.g.d., Queen, 108, by Coke 2nd, 163, &c.

26.—Curly Prince, LXXXVI. Nearly one year old.

Bred by George Rudd, Puslinch, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, Young Curly Prince of Wales, 487. G. Sire, Lord Portman, 249.

Dam, Slickey, 338, by Samson 6th, 310.

g.d., Fanny, 107, by Coke 2nd, 163.

g.g.d., Silvey 3rd 281, by Major (240).

Curly Prince gained the third prize at Hamilton Exhibition, September, 1872, in Class of Devon Bull Calves under 1 year, in which there were 12 entries.

27.—Hartland the Second, LXXXVII. Seven months old.

Bred by George Rudd, Puslinch, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, Hartland, 363. G. Sire, Duke of Darlington, 63.

Dam, Lady, 337, by Samson 6th 310.

g.d., Fanny, 107, by Coke 2nd, 163.

g.g.d., Silvey 3rd, 281, by Major (240), &c.

28.—Tichborne, LXXXVIII. Eight months old.

Bred by Thomas Guy, Oshawa, Ontario.

Sire, General Grant.

Dam, Helena, by Surprise.

DEVON COWS AND HEIFERS.

29.—Lady Ann. LXXXIX. Calved May 12, 1865.

Canada Devon Stock Register, No. 245.

Bred by Daniel Tye, Wilmot, Co. Waterloo, Ontario.

Sire, Lord Elgin, 156. Grand Sire, Duke of Devonshire, No. 34.

Dam, Fanny, 244, by Don Juan (347.)

g.d., Roulette (1483), by the Duke (570.)

g.g.d., Adelaide (1143), bred by the late Mr. Ewart, Dundas, from Sire and Dam from the Herd of H. N. Washbou, Otsego County, New York State.

Lady Ann took the third prize in Devon Cows at the Hamilton Fair, in which Class were fifteen entries.

Lady Ann is in Calf to General Grant.

30.—Primrose, xc. Canada Devon Stock Register, No. 330. Calved June 3, 1868.

Bred by George Rudd, Puslinch, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, Wilmot, 261. G. Sire, Young William, 103.

Dam, Lady Ann, 245, by Lord Elgin, 156.

g.d., Fancy, 244, by Don Juan, (347.)

g.g.d., Roulette (1483), by the Duke (570).

Primrose gained a third prize at the Hamilton Exhibition, September, 1872. Primrose is in calf to General Grant.

31.—Lady Pink, xci. Calved May 6, 1869. Canada Devon Stock Register, No. 332.

Sire, Wilmot, 261. G. Sire, Young William, 103.

Dam, Lady Ann, 245, by Lord Elgin, 156.

g.d., Fancy, 244, by Don Juan (347.)

g.g.d., Roulette (1483), by the Duke (570).

Lady Pink took the third prize in class of Three year old Heifers at Hamilton. Lady Pink is in calf to General Grant

32.—Margaret, xcii. Calved April 26th., 1870.

Bred by George Rudd, Puslinch, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Canada Devon Stock Register, No. 381.

Sire, Wilmot, 261. Grand Sire, Young William, 103.

Dam, Lady Ann, 245, by Lord Elgin, 156.

g.d., Fancy, 244, by Don Juan, (347.)

g.g.d., Roulette (1483), by the Duke (570). &c., &c., (See Devon Herd Book).

Margaret took the first prize at the Hamilton Exhibition, September, 1872, as the best two year old Heifer.

33.—Maid of Miller Hill. xciii. Calved April, 26, 1872.

Bred by William Aitchison, Guelph, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Canada Devon Stock Register, No. 452.

Sire, Wilmot, 261. Grand Sire, Young William, 103.

Dam, Lady Ann, 245, by Lord Elgin, 156.

grand dam, Fanny, 244, by Don Juan, (347.)

g.g.d., Roulette (1483), by the Duke (570).

34.—Blossom, xciv. Eleven months old.

Bred by W. Aitchison, Guelph, Co. Wellington, Ont.

Sire, General, 411.

Dam, Margaret, by Wilmot, 561.

SHEEP.

35—One COSTWOLD RAM, two shear, bred by Beattie.

36—One do do., shearling, do.

37—One do do.

38—One do do.

39—One do do.

40—One do do.

41—One COTSWOLD EWE, shearling.

42—One do do do.

43—One do do do.

44—One LEICESTER EWE LAMB.

45—One do do do.

46—One do do do.

47—One LEICESTER RAM, two shear, imported from England, bred by Wiley, Yorkshire.

48—One LEICESTER RAM, one shear, imported from England, bred by Wiley, Yorkshire.

49—One do do shearling.

50—One do do do.

51—One do do do.

52—One do do do.

53—One do do do.

54—One do do LAMB.

55—One SHROPSHIRE RAM.

56—One do RAM LAMB.

57—One SOUTHDOWN RAM.

58—One yearling SOUTHDOWN RAM.

59—One yearling SOUTHDOWN EWE.

60—One SOUTHDOWN EWE LAMB.

61—One do do do.

62—One POTATO DIGGER AND CULTIVATOR COMBINED, gained first prize at Hamilton Exhibition, September, 1872.

63—One Potato Digger and Cultivator, same pattern.

64—One do do do do.

CHAPTER 27.

AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER 13 OF THE ACTS OF 1871, RELATING TO THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

(Passed the 18th day of April, A. D. 1872.)

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, as follows:

1. The first section of Chapter 13 of the Acts of 1871, entitled "An Act to amend Chapter 96 of the Revised Statutes "Of the Encouragement of Agriculture," is amended by omitting therefrom the words "twenty-one persons," and by adding at the end of such section the words "having an agricultural society or societies."

2. All proceedings of the Board of Agriculture had or taken since the passing of the Act hereby amended are legalized and confirmed.

CHAPTER 28.

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH FARMERS' CLUBS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

(Passed the 19th day of April, A. D. 1872.)

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, as follows:—

1. The Central Board of Agriculture for the purposes of this Act shall be called the "Bureau of Agriculture," to be governed and controlled as at present constituted.

2. The Bureau of Agriculture may establish one or more societies in the different Counties of Nova Scotia, to be called "Farmers' Clubs," for the purpose of mutual agricultural and horticultural improvement.

3. Any number of persons not less than fifteen, may organize and form themselves into a Farmers' Club for any

County or district in a County, by signing a declaration in the form in Schedule A to this Act, to be addressed to the Bureau of Agriculture. Such declaration shall be in duplicate, signed by the persons aforesaid, one part thereof to be held and filed with the secretary after his election, and the other to be filed with the Secretary of the Bureau of Agriculture.

4. The Club so formed shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, to be elected by a majority of the Club, who with one other member to be chosen shall constitute a standing committee. All such officers shall be elected annually.

5. The fee for membership shall be two dollars a year.

6. It shall be the duty of such Club to keep a record of their respective transac-

tions, to prepare statistics in all the branches of agricultural and horticultural industry in their several counties, and to publish in such manner and form as to secure the widest circulation in the Province among the Clubs and Agricultural Societies, and farmers generally, all such reports, essays, lectures, and other useful information as such Clubs may respectively procure and adjudge suitable for publication.

7. The Bureau of Agriculture shall from time to time prepare papers for the consideration of Clubs, to embrace among others the following subjects: drainage, the best fertilizers and manner of application, the improvement of dyked, marsh and swamp lands, rotation of crops, lands best adapted for cereals, grain crops in their various departments, horticulture, and the improvement of stock, together with such other matters as may from time to time in the judgment of the Bureau be considered necessary.

8. Any Club formed under this Act, having funds at its disposal, may offer prizes or premiums in the County for essays on questions of scientific enquiry relating to agriculture or horticulture; on the arising or improvement of stock, and the breed of horses, sheep and swine; the invention or improvement of agricultural or horticultural implements and machines; the production of grain, cereals, plants, flowers and fruits, and generally for excellence in any branch of agricultural, horticultural, or floral industry.

9. Such subjects shall be discussed at the different Clubs, and the results arrived at shall be transmitted by the Secretary to the Bureau of Agriculture.

10. The Bureau of Agriculture shall annually epitomize the results arrived at in the various discussions before the Clubs, and cause the same to be published for general sale and distribution.

11. The Clubs shall meet semi-annually, or oftener. Their proceedings and debates shall be conducted under such rules and regulations as the Bureau of Agriculture may prescribe.

12. Every Club established under this Act shall be a body corporate, under such name as may be selected by a majority of the Club; and such name shall be reported by the Secretary to the Secretary of the Bureau.

13. There shall be allowed, for the purposes of this Act, out of the Agricultural grant from the Provincial Treasury, the sum of four hundred dollars, to be under the control of the Bureau of Education.

SCHEDULE A.

We, the undersigned residents of the County (or District) of _____, hereby undertake and agree to form ourselves into a Farmers' Club for such County (or District), under the provisions of Chapter 29 of the Acts of 1872.

THE TRURO EXHIBITION.

(From the Sun.)

In our last issue we strung together a few remarks on the late Exhibition, the most prominent point touched on, being the fact that as a County we are ready, able and willing to hold an Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition each year, and we think there can be no doubt whatever, in the minds of any, that the year 1873 will have numbered among its leading events a first class exhibition. The public mind in general seems to be prepared for it, expects it, yea longs for it. No one who was present at the large and respectable meeting held on Exhibition evening and heard the rapturous applause that greeted the remarks made by Major Blair, on this head—will for a moment attempt to deny such is the case. We therefore feel warranted in saying that next year we will have an exhibition, which—for various reasons, that may possibly be hereafter enumerated—will eclipse all former efforts in this line. We may further add, that the remarks made by Major Blair, in opening the meeting for the distribution of prizes, were fraught with a large amount of good common sense, and had we been aware that the Major was going so fully into the subject as he did, we would undoubtedly have taken more copious notes, and have given our readers the benefit of his remarks. Let it, however, for the present suffice, that those who did hear him, lay his remarks to heart, ponder over them, think of them. From memory, and the few notes which we took at the time, we think part of what he said was pretty much as follows:—

“Every one present was aware of the object of the meeting, we meet on this occasion to pay to the successful competitors the prizes awarded by the judges, as specified in the prize list. I will not detain the meeting with any lengthened remarks, even were I capable of doing so, but I cannot allow this opportunity to pass without saying, that I hope that on future similar occasions such as this, there will be some one appointed to deliver an address worthy of the grand object for which we have met together. Few would deny that as a community, we were in a large measure, if not altogether, dependent on the success of our agricultural pursuits, and if such was the case, did it not behove us to foster, stimulate and encourage, by all and every means within our reach, the farming interests of this country, and I think and believe that no better means can be adopted than by the holding of exhibitions similar to the one which has passed off so successfully to-day. Allow me to congratulate you on the success of this Exhibition. In most of the departments it has exceeded my expectation; in a few, however, I

am disappointed. Doubtless there are good reasons why we should be behind in some points, but on the whole I am more than pleased, and have come to the conclusion that we need, and must have, an Exhibition every year. To this end then, let every one, particularly every farmer, bend his energies to the task of promoting our agricultural industries; these things should not be left in the hands of a few, those who have their own and their country's welfare at heart, should lend a helping hand. There is much to be done, and I regret to admit that farmers as a class are indifferent to their own, their best interests; they do not push or drive their business to the extent required. There is not that life in them that is exhibited by the merchant, the manufacturer, or the trader. We must be up and doing, for it we, as farmers, do not look after our own interests, who else will?”

Much more was said by the Major that was brimful of good sound sense, but we will not do him any further injustice by attempting to tell all he did say. There were one or two other points in his remarks, however, which we feel called on to allude to. He spoke of the importation of improved stock, and very pointedly showed wherein the province had been the gainer by such judicious expenditures of money. He referred to the prices that had that day been paid for cattle—steers, &c.—prices such as our forefathers never dreamed of in their philosophy. Let the importation of good stock be therefore encouraged. A few years will suffice to give us cattle equal to those of any of the older countries. We were right glad to hear him speak of the formation of farmers' clubs throughout the country. This is a subject on which the Sun once or twice, on former occasions, endeavoured to shed some feeble rays. Our local Legislature during its last session enacted some laws having reference to such matters, but we have been told that said laws are not at all practicable. We have not as yet obtained a copy of them, but shall take steps to do so, and will hear from some of our intelligent farmers wherein they are defective, and at once bring to bear on them—we mean the laws—

“The mightiest of the mighty means,
On which the arm of progress leans—
THE PRESS.”

with the view of having the attention of our legislators called to them, to the end that they may be altered in such a manner as to make them of some practical benefit. [The Editor of the Sun is probably mistaken.—Ed. J. A.]

After Major Blair had ceased speaking, I. Lougworth, Esq., made a few short remarks, in which he urged the necessity of people being satisfied with the awards of the judges, in determining on the arti-

cles which were to take prizes. Wm. Cummings, merchant, also made encouraging remarks in which he said, that, although he had been an unsuccessful exhibitor of a carriage horse, which in his estimation—but unfortunately not in the estimation of the judges—ought to have taken a prize, but did not; still he felt so well satisfied with everything that transpired during the day, that he felt disposed to, and would double his subscription towards another exhibition for next year, and urged the necessity of opening the list at once. We may here remark that much praise is due the collectors for the late exhibition, particularly Messrs. James and Leaman, for the manner in which they did their work. Their industry is very commendable.

For stallions there were but two entries; the show should have been much better, but as our correspondent "D." is writing on this subject, we will leave the matter in his hands. For Brood Mares there were eight entries. For pair Team Horses but two. Single Draft Horses, eight. For Pair of Carriage Horses there were three entries, but only two appeared on the ground. For single Carriage Horse, there were 17 entries, 16 appearing on the ground. Seven Saddle Horses were also entered. Altogether the horses made a good show, and it was remarked by one of the Judges, who came from another part of the Province, that he had never before seen such a respectable show of Carriage Horses. There were 8 entries of 3 year old colts; seven 2 years old; 2 one year old, and seven sucking colts—all of which were very creditable. Of Neat Cattle of all ages and sizes there were on the ground nearly 160 head, among which there were oxen, bulls, and cows that were indeed creditable; not the least noticeable being Capts. Jinks, senior and junior, the former having, it appears, frightened the wits out of the correspondent of the "Express," by his bull-ship endeavoring to imitate the whistle of a locomotive. For sheep there were 33 entries. Many of them very fine animals; but we are inclined to think that more attention should be paid to the improvement of this class of stock. There were 24 entries of the various kinds of swine, and the show was creditable. Only seventeen entries for fowls, but some of the specimens were good. In grains the show was small, but we think the samples were very fair. The roots and vegetables were first class, and the show large. A very prominent feature in this class was the immense squash shown by Jas. E. Cole, of Shubenacadie, which measured 59 x 69 inches, and weighed, we think, 79 lbs. The show of fruit was considered good for this county, and we now think that no doubt can exist in the mind of anyone that the soil and climate

of this county is well adapted for fruit culture. The immediate vicinity of Truro should be further on in such matters than it is. Besides the collections of apples from New Annan that took prizes, we accidentally had our attention called to a collection exhibited by D. H. Muir, M. D., and we think that very shortly the doctor's efforts will be rewarded. There should have been a more extensive show of dairy products. In farming implements our mechanics in different parts of the county did well.

Our industrial manufactures should have been better represented, and should another exhibition come off without a larger show having been made in this department, by our manufacturers and mechanics, we shall feel very cross. McRoberts & Co's. furniture looked well. Archibald's Washing Machine deserves especial mention; we know it to be good. Only one collection of harness was exhibited, but that was indeed creditable, and the maker, Mr. Tupper, would have been well pleased had there been competition. One sett looked magnificent, the mounting was gold, plated on Oroide. collection of trunks were very good. Only one entry for leather. Layton's buggy was certainly very fine. Griffin and A. A. Archibald did very well. The competition for these articles ought to have been much keener. Mr. D. Chisholm, of New Glasgow, who reputation is world wide as far as harness, trunks, and buggies are concerned, arrived by the morning train with a good collection which were too late to be entered. The trunk made by his son, a mere lad we informed on the best authority, was a superb article, which would have done credit to any trunk manufactory. The collection of stoves from the establishment of Clish & Crow, Truro, were first rate, and we doubt if they could have been surpassed in the Dominion. Peppard's & Co., of Great Village, Londonderry, deserve great credit; their work is attracting attention. The collection of boots from the Truro Factory well sustained the good reputation already gained by that establishment. The boots by Alex. Blackie were hard to beat. Under the heading Domestic Manufactures we find about fifty entries, and this department, we have no hesitation in saying, ought have assumed three times that proportion. Only think of one entry for ten yards of all wool cloth, filled and dressed. Five for pair of men's socks. Two for wool carpeting and three for rag carpeting. The only creditable number of entries under this heading being for rag mats, which numbered 17. The mats were indeed very fine; in fact, we have not a word to say against the class of goods; all that we complain of is that the competition was not keener. There are many establishments in the county

that should have been represented. The handiwork of many more of our thrifty housewives should have been found in that building. We hope they will do better next time.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT FARM BRED STOCK, P. E. I.

At Holland Grove, on Tuesday, 8th of October, agreeable to advertisement, Mr. Archibald McNeill sold by Auction the following animals, under the direction and superintendence of the Stock Farm Commissioners. The prices, as will be seen, were very moderate. The list is as it appeared originally in the *Patriot*.

Ayrshire Bull Calf, purchased by Wm. Poole, Montague	£15 10 0
Durham Bull Calf, purchased by D. McDonald, New Perth	13 0 0
Durham Bull Calf, purchased by Peter Melnis, Souris	5 0 0
Durham Bull Calf, purchased by George Moar, Georgetown	6 0 0
Durham Heifer Calf, purchased by John Longworth	6 0 0
Durham Heifer, purchased by Dr. Jenkins	7 10 0
Do. do. do. Jas. C. Pope	7 0 0
Do. do. do. do.	6 0 0
Do. do. do. do.	7 5 0
Ayrshire Heifer, purchased by Col. Gray	7 10 0
Ayrshire Bull, 3 years old, purchased by James C. Pope	13 10 0
Farrow Cow, (imported) purchased by Dr. Jenkins	7 12 6
Sucking Colt, purchased by R. Hibbett	17 5 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by F. Bell	3 0 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Bruce Stewart	2 5 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Stephen Wabey	2 0 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Henry Longworth	2 0 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Wm. Lawson	1 15 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Peter McInnis, Souris	1 12 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Dr. Jenkins	2 10 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Alex. McRae, Lot 49	1 16 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Stephen Swabey	2 10 0
Ram Lamb, Leicester, purchased by Geo. Sellers	1 0 0
Ram Lamb, South Down and Leicester, purchased by Benj. E. Wright	2 11 0
Ram Lamb, South Down and Leicester, purchased by John McKinlay, North River	1 4 0
Ram Lamb, South Down and Leicester, purchased by Andrew Crosby, West River	1 5 0
Berkshire Boar Pig, 3 months, purchased by F. Bell	1 10 0
Berkshire Boar, purchased by John Deacon	0 16 0
Do. Sow, purchased by W. Partridge	0 18 0
Do. Boar, purchased by F. Bell	0 12 0
Do. do. do. W. Cousins, B. P. R.	0 12 0
Berkshire Sow, purchased by Albert Laird, New Glasgow	0 14 0
Berkshire Sow, purchased by John McMillan, B. P. R.	0 14 0
Berkshire Sow, purchased by Wm. Lawson, Covehead	0 15 0
Berkshire Boar, purchased by C. Fisher, Clyde River	0 11 0
Berkshire Sow, purchased by A. Traynor, New Glasgow	0 14 0
Berkshire Boar, purchased by Wm. Ross, West River	0 9 6
Berkshire Sow, purchased by Alfred Thorne	0 11 0
Yorkshire Boar, purchased by H. Scales, St. Eleanor's	0 11 6
Yorkshire Sow, purchased by Wm. Cairns	0 10 0
Yorkshire Sow, purchased by H. Scales	0 16 6

—From the *Islander*.

THE PRESIDENTS ADDRESS AT THE GUELPH EXHIBITION.

DEAR FRIENDS.—Another Agricultural year has passed over our heads, and we are now brought to the close of this our second Central Exhibition in the town of Guelph, and in accordance with a time-honoured custom in connection with gatherings of this kind, I would submit a few remarks, by way of parting address. And I offer no apology for want of ability to treat the subject in a proper manner. But before speaking of the present, or attempting briefly to foreshadow the future, allow me to indulge in a few thoughts concerning the past, and you will the more readily accord me that privilege, when I tell you that for the past forty-one years I have lived in the immediate vicinity of where we now stand, and it is very pleasing indeed to reflect upon the changes which have taken place during that time. Then nothing but dense forests predominated, where now waving fields of golden grain reward the labour of the husbandman. The old bush tracks winding through the woods, which could only be followed by noticing the blaze upon the trees, have been superseded by gravel roads running in almost every direction, and they in their turn by railways, into the most distant parts of the country. The rude and primitive shanties of the early settlers, roofed with hollow bass-wood logs, as they often were, have become things of the past, and now may be seen rising in their stead stately farm-houses, conveying to the mind of the passer-by that they are the abodes of peace and plenty; and if there is a dash of poetry in his composition he will in memory recall what Mrs. Hemans has said about the stately home of England.

But changes other than these force themselves upon our recollection.

Our fathers, the first settlers, the pioneers of the forest, have nearly all passed away.—Men who with hope beating high in their hearts left all that was near and dear to them in the Old Land, all those scenes of youth and childhood's happy days, and who by dint of industry and perseverance succeeded in hewing out for themselves and their families happy homes in the wild woods of America. May it ever be our aim to emulate their virtues, to follow in the paths of frugality and industry which they have trod before us; and though passed away from this changing scene, and no longer with us here, yet they will continue to live fresh and green in the hearts of those whom they have left behind, to take up their part in the great drama of life.

And whilst we are now reaping the fruits of their labours, our requiem over them shall ever be "Honour to their memory; and peace to their ashes."

To me at least it is pleasant thus to

muse upon the past, to look back upon those days of endurance and of toil, and contrast them with the more prosperous but perhaps not more happy days of the pre-ent. So much for the past; let us now turn to the present.

We are met this week in the town of Guelph to show to Canada and to the world what the people, not of the county of Wellington only, but of Ontario, can achieve in the way of an Industrial Exhibition, and I think the measure of success which has crowned our efforts in the past is such as to inspire us with greater vigour in the future; and I am sure that every one who has honoured us with their presence on this occasion will endorse the sentiment I have just uttered.

And in our opinion, after having attended a great number of gatherings of a similar kind in different parts of the country, and in Hamilton during the past week, as an exhibition of industrial wealth it is second to none.

The excessive drought of the past season, following upon that of 1871 of a similar character, must have had an injurious effect upon several departments of this exhibition.

Owing to the scarcity of pasture, stock could only be kept up in proper condition at a great deal of extra expense. The root crop, one of the main things on which a stock farmer depends, has suffered very severely in some parts for want of rain, but this appears only to have been sectional.

Yet, notwithstanding all these drawbacks, we have here an exhibition of stock of various kinds of which we have just reason to feel proud.

All honour to breeders who, heedless of expense, are determined to maintain the high position they have already obtained in that way. It is always very pleasing to notice the interest manifested in such gatherings as this by farmers, mechanics, and the people generally, thereby showing that they appreciate the benefit the country will receive by the holding of such exhibitions, by bringing together practical men from every part of the country, where they may compare notes and profit by one another's experience, and from which we believe much good will result. We believe that agricultural societies are exerting a very favourable influence on the best interests of our country, by stirring up a spirit of emulation and rivalry among its inhabitants generally, a sort of friendly strife and rivalry which goes far to show how Ontario can contribute to advance the interest of the whole community. Nor is the unsuccessful exhibitor discouraged, but rather encouraged, to go home and, profiting by what he has seen and heard, resolve to do better in future.

We also claim that agricultural exhibitions of this kind may go far to remove a

cause of complaint we often hear made in connection with our social system; that is, a desire on the part of our young men to leave the farm and seek some supposed more genteel way of making a living.

We believe that if such herds of cattle and flocks of sheep as we see here exhibited were more generally diffused among farmers—and it is by farmers attending these fairs that such will be done—we should hear less about the boys wanting to leave the farm. Let the boys attend to the stock, show them at the fairs, keep the pedigrees and records of breeding, and we will be surprised at the interest they will manifest in it. By doing so, we will make home pleasant and the business attractive. In this connection let me say a word to my brother farmers.

Are we as a class doing all we can to render home attractive? Are we not overlooking the fact that the children playing round our doorsteps are receiving their impressions from their surroundings?

If it is bleak and barren, are they to be blamed for seeking other pursuits. It may be that there is too much of a desire amongst us to add acre to acre and dollar to dollar, but we would say: Away with your broad acres, your bank deposits, if they fail to bring to me and my family those comforts and enjoyments in life which we as rational and reflecting creatures have a right to enjoy. Let us ever endeavour to make the old homestead attractive and I have no fear of the results.

Let us also see to the education of our children.

Education is as necessary in connection with farming as any other pursuits. Men who have risen to the highest position, men of the highest intellect, were not ashamed to say that they were farmers. Teach our young men that it is not calling that enobles character, but character that enobles calling.

"Honour and shame from no condition raise,
Act well thy part, in that the honour lies."

One word to our young, and I am pleased to see so many listening to me on this occasion. Whatever may be your calling in life, be it agricultural, professional or otherwise, hard labour is the price you must pay for success in the world, and it is not purchaseable with any other currency. It is also pleasing to notice the interest manifested by the Government of our country in connection with agriculture, and the near prospect they are affording us of having established in our midst an agricultural and experimental farm, from which I anticipate the best results, particularly in the way of experimenting on the different seeds and roots before going into general use; and I would here reiterate the sentiments of my predecessor, James Anderson, Esq., in his able address of last year, when pressing upon all who had an opportunity afforded, to avail themselves of the ad-

vantages to be derived from attending such an institution. One feature of this Exhibition specially deserves attention, namely, the ladies' department. Without the work of our mothers and daughters the Exhibition would be comparatively tame and uninteresting, but it shows itself in a still higher way.

It goes far to show that the mothers of Ontario are teaching their daughters those useful and domestic duties which alone can fit them for becoming useful wives and taking their part in life. Go on, mothers of Ontario, in the good work you have so nobly begun. Rest assured that it is of more importance to cultivate the minds of your daughters than to adorning their persons. Ever remember the lessons you are now teaching are of infinitely more importance than ball-room accomplishments.

And now, my friends, in coming to a conclusion, and in looking over this grand display of agricultural, mechanical and manufacturing wealth, whilst in one sense it is the work of our own hands, in a higher and nobler sense it is not, for we should ever remember that we are but the instruments in the hands of a Higher Power in the perfecting of such grand results as we have now witnessed. It is very encouraging to notice the great advancement that has been made in developing the different branches of industry in the Province; and, in comparing the past with the present, surely there is good reason to believe that under the blessing of God a great future is before us. Let us go forward to the work, feeling that ours is the task under Divine Providence of raising our country to the level of the highest, or sinking her to that of the lowest. Nature has endowed our country with all that is necessary. Let us step in and complete the picture of a happy, a contented, and a God fearing people. And now, my friends, in one word, I wish you all good bye, and may God bless you all.

WINDSOR, October 14th, 1872.

Sir,—The Annual Show of the Windsor Agricultural Society was held on the legal day, Tuesday, 8th inst. The show of cattle was about the average, three or four pairs of fine, fat cattle being shown. The show of horses was also about the average; also young stock. Owing to a large part of the fence being blown down, the usual regulations of the Society (that all stock should be tied) could not be complied with. Some fine pigs were shown.

The root show was very poor, although a few good specimens were shown. Grain show exceedingly poor. In accordance with the invitation to exhibit machinery, the following articles were exhibited:—One tined Scarifier, one

double-furrow plough, steel mould boards, one set three horse equalizing whistle-trees, tubular iron; one potato digger, one two horse set (eight feet wide) chain tripod harrows by Howard & Co, Bedford; one patcher for sowing small seeds and turnips, and mangold sower, with manure attachment, by Cower & Co; also, one wheel hoe for garden use, exhibited by Mr. Thomas. Also one Cucumber wood pump, manufactured and exhibited by Mr. Edward Curry. Mr. Daniel Mosher of St. Croix also exhibited some fine specimens of apples in glass case. Some fine cheese was exhibited by Mr. Palmer, putting one in mind of the small cheese, put up in rushes, that the natives of Devon and Somerset are so familiar with. The Society are also indebted to Professor Hind for a fine assortment of grapes. As an addition to the Report, we give the list, with remarks from the Professor, as it may be useful to grape growers. Concord, a very prolific variety; Adironda, very fine grape, ripens early; Diana, a fine grape for this climate, ripens earlier than any other variety; Rebecca, early; Sweetwater, ripens well in the open air; Catawba, worthless in this climate.

ALFRED THOMAS, Sec'y.

ABSTRACT YARMOUTH COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	Total.	Average.
Society organized in October, 1867.	77	111	126	175	190	183	619	136
Number of Members.	\$179.60	\$207.00	\$366.50	\$384.00	\$379.00	\$367.00	\$1183.50	\$313.91
Amount Subscribed.	\$165.00	\$192.00	\$191.50	\$189.00	\$192.00	\$187.00	\$921.43	\$184.28
Grant from Government.	00	60	70	120	83	94	427	85
Number of Exhibitors.	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Admission Fees.	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Exhibition Premiums.	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Classes 1, 2 & 3 Male and Female Cattle Stock.	20	20	20	41	16	21	118	24
4 Sheep, Swine and Poultry.	87	88	79	118	101	109	603	101
5 Grains and Seed.	34	34	32	124	70	85	362	72
6 Vegetables.	35	35	32	61	35	35	202	34
7 Fruits and Flowers.	96	80	80	115	115	103	763	127
8 Dairy Products.	46	46	46	369	31	31	753	125
9 Poultry, Preserves and Pickles.	12	12	12	19	19	19	107	18
10 Fine Arts.	05	05	05	62	38	31	202	34
11 Domestic Manufactures.	28	28	28	40	21	21	94	16
12 Miscellaneous.	03	03	03	30	50	51	94	16
13. Articles not in Premium List.	00	00	00	12	12	12	36	6
Total.	388	413	410	910	623	640	2733	457
Annual Expenditure.	\$714.29	\$961.48	\$2087.90	\$1096.70	\$1871.00	\$1872.00	\$14800.63	\$1216.11
Yarmouth, 15th Oct., 1872.								

CHAS. E. BROWN, Sec'y and Treas., 1867-1872.

* 5 years. † 4 years.

NEWPORT, Oct. 15th, 1872.

Sir,—A meeting of farmers and others interested in agriculture, was held in Newport, on Tuesday, 15th, for the purpose of reorganizing the Newport Agricultural Society.

The officers were elected, after which a committee was appointed to purchase animals for the improvement of stock. A list of officers and members will be forwarded as soon as possible.

Yours, &c.

JOHN W. HARVIE, Sec.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

GREAT SALE

OF

DRAUGHT HORSES,

THOROUGH BRED

HORNED CATTLE,

Sheep, &c.

Imported from Ontario, under authority of the Provincial Legislature of Nova Scotia.

THE Animals will be sold by Public Auction on the Grand Parade, Halifax, on Thursday, 31st October, at eleven o'clock, a.m., under restriction that they are to be kept in the Province for breeding purposes.

HALIFAX COUNTY

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, Hollis Street, on MONDAY, 28th inst., at twelve o'clock, noon, for the purpose of making arrangements for purchase of imported stock. A full meeting of members is requested.

The Hon. Sir William Young, President of the Society, will preside.

GEORGE LAWSON,

Halifax, 29th Oct., 1872.

Secretary.

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