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DHVQRMD TO TRMPHRANCE, SCIFNCW FDUCATION, AND ITTERATURT.


mis finst chrismmis morning.

## HIS FIRST CHRIS'MAS.

The blessed Christmis time knows no difference in nation or people or kindred or tongie. Wherever the wonderful story there prevails the same spirit of peace on earth to men of good-will. For did he not make of one blood all the nations
the earth? Well may the poet carol : the earth? Well may the poct carol:
'God rest yo little children, let nothing you For fesus

Wherever the story of Tesus has gone there childhood has grown dearer and motherhood more sacred. 0 tell this best of all stories to the little ones this Christmas time; tell it to them so that it will be dearer than any fairy tale ever hearid. We would not agree with some to abolish the sweet myth of Santa Claus, or St. Nicholas, sw Kris Kringle, but we would have the
or
little ones enrly little ones early know the sweet truth that
underlies the myth. Children love myth in its place, but they love truth more, and the boy or girl who is not early told all the story of the Christ-child is robbed of the best part of his inheritance.

Oln, the benuty of the Christ-child

Oh. hhe nearness of the Chris-chila,
When or n suntred spnce

Light of the human race
Wo know him nut we hiov,
WO man to us need prove him,-
Yot man for nised nrorch

## A COUNTRY LIBRARY.

For those of our readers who live in the country, where there is no circulating library, the following oxperience giv
in exchange may prove sugrestive. Each woman who wished to become a member of the association was to pay twenty-five cents as in initiation fee, and dues to the same amount quarterly. Sho Wis also to denote. one book at the beginning. Officers were electerl, consisting treasurer, librarian, and book cummittee of three persons. Meetings were held one in two weeks at the homes of the members for the exchunge of books. A constitution and by-laws were adopted, and
the association incorporated under the laws the associntio
of the State.
Socinls were the means of raising money for the purchase of books, and when it became generally known that we hatd such an enterprise under way, donations of money and of books were often given us.
Ono of the nembers room in her house as a place to kecp the books; shelves were put up, and regular meetings held there for two years.
In the meantime the number of books had increased until wo had nearly a thousand volumes, comprising history, biography, travels, poems and fiction. We
still kept up every possible device to obtain money, and snon decided to ercect a building to be used as n permanent library. A lot was chosen from a number offored free for the purpose, and the structure,
which, when completod, cost about three which, when completod,
hundred dollars, put up:
At the end of four years we now hive eleven hundred books, and the building all paid for. Books are let to persons not wishing to become inembers, at twentynud many quarter, or me dolar a year, tunity. None of the memivers are askerl to give more than their regular dues, the money all having been raised in the usual mamer,--socials, entertainments, etc. It
is needless to say that it is considered a is needless to say that it is considered a
great bencfit to the comnunity, and every one is willing to help it along.-Houschold.
EFFECT OF TOBACCO SMOKE ON MEAT.
Cases of poisoning due to meat which seemed thoroughly wholesome have someplained. In the hevie d' Hune unexplained. In the Reve de Hygieale, M. M.
Bourrier, inspector of meat for Paris, deBourrier, inspector of meat for Paris, de-
scribes his experiments with meat impregnated with tobacco stioke. Some thin slices of beof were exposed for $n$ considerable time to the fumes of tobacco, and
afterwards offered to a dog which had been afterwards offered to a dog which hat been
deprived of food for twolvo hours. The
dog, after smelling the ment, refused to oat it. Some of the ment was then cut in-
to small pieces and concealed within bread. to small pieces and concealed within bread.
This the dog ate with avidity but in twenty minutes commenced to display the mos distressing symptoms, and soon died in great agony. All sorts of moat, both raw and cooked, some grilled, ronsted, and boiled, were exposed to tobaccosmoke and then given to animals, and in all cases produced symptoms of acute poisoning. Even the process of boiling could not extract and similar substances have facilities of absorption in proportion with their fineness absorption in proportion with their fineness readily inpregnated, and stands in orden of susceptibility as follows-pork, veal, rabbit, $\because$ ry, beef, mutton, horse. The effect also varies considerably according to the quality of tobacco. All these experi ments would seem to denote that great are should be taken not to allow smoking where foods, especially moist foods, such as mea
posed.
THF MOTHER'S DUTY TO THE TEACHER.
by Julta a. terhune.

Said a mother to tho teacher of the primary Sunday-school class in which her little ones were: "I am glad to have my
children in your class; for you can teach children in your class; for you can teach
them so much better thin I. I can never tind time, neither do I know how.'
This was not an ignorant mother from a tenement-house. She knew how to attend intelligently to all the details of the secular education of her children. She was not overworked ; she always round time to plan family. She was not indifferent to their religious training, but she had not rightly settled the place religion should occupy in her home, and she totally misunderstood
the true relation of the Sunday-school to the home.
Whine the Sunday-school is designed as $\pi$ help to the parent, there are corresponding daties from the parent to the teacher. Many will naturally surgest themselves to the thoughtful mind, but none seem to me more important than those which
should be done before the child enters Sunday-school. I do not now refer to the religious teaching which every pareit shbits in children which will render ensier the future work of teacher and prencher. The parable of the sower tenches that good The parable of the sower tenches that good
soil is necessary, as well as good seed ; the prepared heart, as well as the truth to be sown therein. What habits, then, are
so important that it may truthfully be said so important that it may truthfully be sa
of them, "They prepare the ground?"
First, the very old-fashioned and unfashionable habit of obedience. In the
Sunday-school, order is absolutely neces-Sunday-school, order is nbsolutely neces-
sary, that the words of the teacher may sary, that the words of the teacher may forcoment of discipline to compel order, as in a week-diy school; there can be little or no punishment. Order must depend largely upon the power and force in the teacher, coupled with the willing obedience of the children. Those who have been trained to such obedie
It is a mistake to think that little chil dren like best always to have their own way. They like order better than dis-
order, and are never so happy as when under:wise restraint, especially when such restraint is begun, as it should bo, at a
iery early age. The best powers of mind very enrly age. The best powers of mind
and heartare developed when the discipline is strict, but not severe; and a child more readily obeys the commands of God when ho has learned to submit cheerfully to the words of an earthly parent. How shinll very early to exact it; by making few rules, giving few commands, but always securing bedience to them.
A second habit which is of great importance in the Sunday-school is attention. A well-known writer on principles of eeducation says, "Habits of attention nre per-
manent mainsprings of cducntion". In the manent mainsprings of educntion." In the Sunclay-school much, of course, depends
upon the power of the teacher to secure and hold attention; but her labors are greatly lightened if the children have been
tilught to listen quietly when an older tiught to listen quietly when an older
person is speaking. How often parents person is speaking. How often parents
and teachers uro asked to repeat directions
already plainly given. "I did not hear" is a frequent excuse for disobedience. "I
did not heed" is the true reason. Since did not heed" is the true reason. Since
nothing touches the heart which has not nothing touches the heart which has not
first arrested the attention, it is an obvious part of the mothor's work to train children into this habit.
A third habit which is of inestimable value in proparing the heart of the child for further religious instruction, is rever ence,-for God's word, for his day, and for his house. When children see that the
Bible is loved and daily studied by their parents. that "it answers questions, decides differences, and refutes errors," in the home, a reverence for it will niturally spring up in their hearts, and they will lenrn to consider it supreme nuthority, through examplo even more than from pre Some one has said, "A great injustice far-reaching injustice, is done to the children when they are robbed of the Snbbath day by any use of it for any other purposes If it inose for which it was set apart.' made happy is woll as holy for the childrent mace nappy as wali aments in which they can take part and find enjoyment, they wil early learn to "call the Siubath a delight, to welcome its weekly return, and to spend
it in a suitable and profitable way. Reverence for God's house may be as early and onsily taught.
I need scarcely say that the hearts of children so trained will more readily accep ater religious teaching than those who or Sabbath or church sacred.
But so many mothers say, "I do not know how to so train my children," and leave the matter there, not realizing that the responsibility of knowing how to do a duty rests quite as heavily upon them as the duty itself. If God gives a child, and says, "Train it for: me," he never with-
holds ability and opportunity to learn how to do it. The truth is, too many mother hink nothing about the training, or of the careful study necessary to do it aright. If the potter must understand the nature and-properties of the clay which he fashions and if the goldsmith must be acquainte vith-the precious metals on which he is to ork, surely he who has to fashion hiving mmorial souls, needs to know at least inl.' Besides studying the children themselves, books should be studied as well. Training hildren is an art. Skill in an art is no intuitive ; it camnot be "picked up."
reat -work devolving upon teachers de great work devolving be specially fitted or it. Is not the demand far more im perative, that the mother should, as far as
possible, prepare herself for her wonderful possible
This preparation includes also a careful raining of her cwn henrt and lifc. The mother is the child's first book. Whatever ho fails to reid, he never fails to read her. that must slie make herself. The influence of personal character is stronger than any ther influence in moulding the hearts of hildren. The vital element in the train puts of herself into it. To continually give puts of herself into it. To continualy give plenishing, by daily study of God's Word, and by earnest prayer for help, for wisdom or guidance.-S. S. Times.

OALLING BACK A LOS'I SOUL.
Miss'M. Graham Brown, of Lan-Chau, says: "Our woman, Mrs. Chang, has been very ill with her chest since she went out one wet day. To-day wo received i message to ask whether her dhughter hight come to our compound to 'cand back Chinese imagino that a fright can ciluse a person to lose one of the three souls which each person is supposed to possess. Ono day Mrs. Chang was carrying littlo Colin was much startled lest baby had been hurt. Was much startled lest baby had been hurt. He was not, but she thinks thit then ono
of her souls dropped out, and has been wandering about ever sinco ; therefore, she wandering ibout ever sinco ; therefore, she
has been ill. Of course we firmly refused, as kindly as we could, to have any such ceremony in our courtyard. But our hearts are saddened to think of $i$ woman who has heard this Gospol so long, boing still in so
great dirkness."-China Inluad Mission.

A HINT FOR READING CLUBS Let each nember write on a bit of pinier what book he or sho would like to read dui-ing the next week or two weoks, thati is, between the layses of the club meetings: Then, when the votes are all collected -for hese really are votes-let the boos that has the greatest numbor bo the one that is cvery member will come with a little notebook in which is writtion what the opinion of the book is, any little anecdote noout the characters or the places where the scene is laid, something. that has been heard or rend opinion of the book as a specimen of good English, as to what its influence would be on the average reader, and whether it is a book that might be enlled permanent or cannescent. These written opimions should ing, and you will bo surprised to find what a fund of imformation is yours when the even

SCHOLARS' NOTES.
LESSON II -JANU QRY 10 Book.
a song of salvation.-Isuiali 20:1-10.

## Commr ro menory vs. 1-f: GOLDEN TEXIT <br> GOLDEN TEXI

 home readings.




## the Throne. LESSON PLAN,


Trab,-About b.c, rie; Hezolkiah king of Judah. PLace,-Jorusalem.
opening words.
This chaptere contains a song of thanksiving

 -
HELP IN STUDYING THE LESSON.

1. In that day-that is, in the day of deliver-
ance foretold in the preceding chapter. Astrong ance foretold in the preceding chapter. A strong
citl/Jernsalem. strong jn Jehovih's protecting





 0. Xel favor ueshoved to tha wicked- Continned prosp.

## QuEsTIONS.

Intronductony. What was the subiect of the
inst lesson? What was foretold in it about
rist the King? What about

 Who may cnicer the stronercity dows it begin,
bo liept? What are the exhorted to do? Why
Whey may they thus trust in the Lord forcever?
II, A Sowg of Jupament. .vs. .5-7.- What
jud rment will the Lord bring upgin the opmressors jud, ment will the Lord bring nom the opmressors
of his people? What is meant by the lofly cily? What is said of the way of thusust?
thou dost weifh the path of thejust? III. A Song of Warrivg. vs, $8-10$ - For whom
had Gods people waited Miching of in the


PRACTICAL LIESSONS ITAARNED. 1. Go
2. Ho
fidener
3. 11 e
of their fullest trust and con
Ho will make them from all their enemics.

## REVIEW QUESTIONS

1on? hat is the beginning of this Song of Salya-
vin? Ans. will god appoint for walls and bulwarks. 2. What nre God's redcemed people calied upon n tho Jord Jehovah is everinsting strengelh. for
3. What will the Lord do for his trusting
cople? Ans, Thou wilt keep him in perfect people Ans, Thol witt kecp him in perfect
nustoth in mind is staycd on thec: becnuso he nusteth in the
Ans. What will b $\underset{\substack{\text { Ans. The inha } \\ \text { rightcousnoss. }}}{ }$


From the Painting by B. Ploctiorst
sifper hittle children to come unto to me.

## Captain jandary

## (By Laurul E. Richicurls.)

Chapter V.-captain january's star.
And where was little Star, while all thi was going on down on the beach? Oh she had been having a delightful afternoon. It was cloudy, and Daddy was going to be
busy, so she had determined to spend an busy, so she had determined to spend an
hour or so in her own room, and enjoy all hour or so in her own room, and enjoy all
the delights of "dressing un." For the the delights of "drossing up." For the
great chest that had been washed ashore from the wreck, the day after she herself had come to the islind, was full of clothes belonging to her "poor mammis"; and as we have seen, the little woman was fully inclined to make use of them.
Benutiful clothes they were; rich silks and velvets, with here and there clondy laces and strange webs of Hastern gauze.
For she poor mamma, and it had been the delight of Gugh Maynard, her proud and fond husband, to deck his lovely wife in all rare
and precious stuflis. Some of them were and precious stufis. Some of them were
stained with sea-water, and many of the stained with sea-water, and many of the
softer stuffs were crumpled and matted hopelessly, but that mattered little to Star: Her eyes delighted in soft, rich colors, rad she was nevor weary of turning them over
and over, trying them on, and "playing and oper, trying $t$
s'pose" with them,
"S'pose," slee would suy, "my poor mamma was going to a banquet, like the Capulet one, or Macbeth's. Ol, no!
'causo that would have been hiorrid, with ghosts and daggers and things. S'pose it was the Capulets! Then she would put on this pink silk. Isn't it pretty, and soft,
and cramm!. Just like the wild roses on the south side of the ineadow, that $I$ made $n$ wrenth of for Imogen on her birthday. Dear Imogen! It was so becoming to her. Well, so my poor mamma put it on-so and then sho paced through the hall, and All the Lords turned round and said, 'Mark'st thou yon lady ?' 'Chuse she was
so beautiful, you know. This is the way so beatiful, you know. This is the way
she puced !" and then the little creature
would fall to pacing up and down the room dragging the voluminous pink folds behne her, her head thromn back, and a look of lelighted pride lighting up her small face It was the fumniest little place, this room of Star's, the queerest, quaintest little elfin
bower ! It was built out from the south bower I It was built out from the south
side of the tower, almost like a swallow's side of the tower, almost like a swallow's
nest, only a swallow's nest has no window nest, only a swallow's nest has no window
looking out on the blue sen. There was looking out on the blue sen. There was a
little white bed in a corner, and a neat chest of drawers, and a wash-stand, in mado by Captain January skilful hands, and all shining and spotless. The bare floor was shining too, and so was the little looking-glass which hung upon the wall. And besile the looking-glass, and above it, and in fact all over the walls, were trophies nad wonders of all linds and descriptions. There was the starfish with ten legs, pinned up in sprawling scarlet; and there, beside up in sprawing scariet; and there, beside splendent with green and purple horns. And here were ropes of shells, and branches of coral, and over the bed a grent slining star, made of the delicate gold-shells. last birthdny. Dear Daddy! There, sitlast birthday. Dear Daddy ! There, sitting in the corner, was Mrs. Neptune, the
doll which Captain Jinnary had carved out of a piece of fine wood that had drifted nshore after a storm. Her eyes were tiny black suail-shells, her hair was of brown sea-moss, very thick and soft ("though as
for combing it," said Star, "it is im-possible !"), and a smooth pink shell was set in either cheek, "to make a blush." Mrs. Neptune was somewhat battered as Star gainst the wall when she was in her head but she maintained liergravity of dememon, and always sat with her back perfectly straight, and with an air of protest against straight, and with an
overything in general.
In the window stood the grent chest, at once a troasure-chamber and a seat; and over it hung one of the most procious
things of Star's little world. It was $a$ things of Star's little world. It was a
string of coconnut-shells. Fifteen of them
there were, and each one was covered with curious and delicate carving, and each one the nuts my grod mate Job Hutham and me, on that Islind. So when the nuts was ripe agin, ye see, J Jewel Bright, we knowed 'twas a year since we kem. So I took my jack-knife nnd carved this first shell, as a thad of token, yo know, and not thinkin shell was all covered with ships; fair vesshels, with snils all set, and smooth seas sels, with sails all set, and smooth seas
rippling benenth them ; the ships that were even then on their way to rescue the two castaways. And the second was carved with anchors, the sign of hope, and with coils of rope, and nautical instruments, and things familiar to seaman's eyes. But the third was carved with stars, and sickle curved moons, and broad-rayed suns, "Beciuse yo see, Peach Blossom, enith]! hope bein' as ye might say foundered, them things, and what was above em, stiayed where they was; and it stiddied $\Omega$ man's mind to think on 'em, and to make a note on 'em as fur as might be." And then came one covered with flowers and berries. and another with fruits, and another with shells, and so on through the whole fifteen They hung now in little Star's window, a strange and piteous record; and every night before the child said her prayers, slie kissed the first and last shell, and then prayed that Daddy Captain might forget the "dreadful time," and never, never think about it again.
So, on this gray day, when other things were going on out-of-doors, stir was hat ing a "good time" in her room. She hatd found in her treasure-chest a short mantie of gold-colored velvet, which made "a just exactly skirt" for her, and two ends trailing behind, enough to give her a sense of dignity, but not enough to impede her moveshe said. "I 1 ammot a princess to-day. long ones get round my feet so I can't run." Then came a loug web of what she calle "sunsline," and really it might have been woven of sumbeams, so airy-light was the silken-gauze of the fabric. This my lady had wound round and round her small person with considerable art, the fringed ends hanging from either shoulder, and making, to fer mind, a fair substitute for wings. "See!" she cried, ruming to and fro, and glancing backward as she ran. "They wave! they really do wave ! Look, Mrs. Neptune! area't they lovely? But you are envious, and that is why you look so cross. 'Merrily, merrily, shall Ilive now, under the blossom that hangs on the bough,'" She leaped and danced about the room, light and radiant as a creature of mother world ; then stopped, to survey with frowning brows har little blue stock ings and stout Jaced boots. "Ariel never ore such things as those !" she declared; if you say she did, Mrs. Neptune, you show your ignomace, and that is all Thare
to say to you." Off came the shoes and to say to you." Off came the shoes and stockings, and the little white feet were certainly much prettier to look at.
"Now," cried Star, "I will go down "Now," cried Star, "I will go down mait for: Daday Captain, and perhaps he will think I an a real fairy. Oh, wouldn't that be fun! I ann sure I itted lone and down the she in the kitchen, the housewife in her triumphed for a moment over the fairy; she raked up the fire, put on more wood, and swept the hearth daintily, "But-Ariel did such things for Prospero," she said. Im a riel just the same, so 1 maly as wel fill the kettle and put some apples down to her hands with delight the "tricksy spirit" began to dance and frolic anew.
"' Come unto thesc yellow sands,
she sang, holding out her hands to invisible companions.

Courtesied when yo lave, nid kissed
(Tho wild waves whist)
Fott it featly here end there.'
"Oh! foot it featly, and fent it footly, and dance and sing, and tootle-ty ting !" cried the child, as she flitted like a golden cloud about the room. Then, as she whirled round and faced the door, she stopped short. Her arms fell by her side, and she stood as if spellbound, looking at the lady who stood in the doorway
The lady made no motion at first, but only gazed at her with loving and tender
eyos. She was a benutiful lady, and her
eyes were soft and blue, with a look of ng softness in the starry eyes of the child ; only a wide, wild look of wonder, of anger perhaps of fear. Presently the lady, still silent, mised both hands, and kissed them tenderly to the child ; and then laid them n her breast, and then held them out to " with it gesture of loving appeal.

1 don't know whether you are a spirit "f health or a goblin damned," said Star; "but anyhow it isn't polite to come into people's houses without knocking, I think knowed you were a spirit when you looked at me yesterday, if you did have a red shawl on."
"How did you know that I was a spirit?" asked the lady, softly. "Oh, little Star, how did you know?

Cause you looked like my poor mamma's picture," replied the child, "thant my poor papa had round his neck. Are you my mamma's spirit?"
The lady shook her heid. "No, dur ling, ' she said, "I an mo spirit.. But I have come to see you, little Star; and to tell you something. Will you not let me Some in, Swectheart
Star blushod, and hung her head for a moment, remembering Ciptain's January's lessons on politeness and "quarter-deck mamers. She brought a chair at once, and in a more gracious tone said (mindful of Willum Shakespeare's lords and ladies), Tpriy you sit!
The lady sit down, and taking the child's hand, drew her gently towards her. "Were you playing fairy, dear?" she asked, shiciothing back the golden hair, with loving touel.
Star nodded. "I was delicate Ariel," sle said. "I was footing it featly, you now, on these yellow sands. Sometimes Daddy likes Ariel best and so do I. Did you ever play it ?" she asked, looking up into the kindly face that bent over her
The lady smiled and shook her head.
"No, dear cliild," she said, still with that motherly touch of the hand on the fair head. "I never thought of such a pretty play as that, but I was very happy as a had playing with my-with my sister. I like to hear about her ?"
"Yes," snid Star, with wondering eyes. "Was she a little girl ?"
"Such a lovely little girl!" said the didy. "Her hair was dark, but her cyes were like yours, Star, blue and soft. We played together always as children, and we rew up together, two loving, happy girls Then my sister married; and by-and.by dear, she had a little baby. A sweet little
cirl baby, and she named it Isabel, after dear birl
me."
"I
"I was a little girl baby, too," said Star, "but I wasn't named anything' ; I came so, ust Star.

LLittle Isabel had mother name," said the lady. "Her othor name was Maynard, becnuse that was her father's name. Her father was Hugh Maynard. Have you cever seen or heard that name, my child ?"
Star shook her head. "No !" she said "my poor papa's name was H. M. Jt was maked on his shirt and han'k'chief, Diddy Siys. - And my poor mamma's name was Helena, just like Helena in Midsumimer Night's Drem." The motherly hand trembled, and the lady's voice faltered as she said, "Star, my dear sister's name was Helena, too. Is not that strange, my little one?
The child looked curiously at hor. Where is your dear sister?" she asked. Why do youcry when you say her name? Is she niughty?
"Listen, Star," said the lady, wiping the tears from her eyes, and striving to speak composedly. "My sister made a voyace to Europe, with her husbind and her little baby. They spent the summer travelling in benutiful countries; and in the autumn, in September. Star, ten yenrs ago this very for home the my dear --icy because the sen-voyage was thought good for your-for my sister. And-and-the vessel was never heard from. There was a terriblo storm, and many vessels wore lost in it."

Just like my poor mamma's ship!' said the child. "Perlaps it was the same storn. "Do you think-why do you look at
me so ?" she cricd, breaking off suddenly.

the mityle boy stoppled chying and openel his moumi

## LTITLE TIM'S CFIRISTMAS.

A TRUE STORI.
(By John Lain, in Pall Mrall Bualyct.) Pares.
The sun lay like a red ball in the fogeg sky, high up above the London houses. One could not see neross the strect, or reonegnize the faces of pissers-by, for the yellow fog blinded one's eyes, and confused one's senses. It was thick in tho city, thickest of all in tho borough.
There, in in garret, two little boys stood with thoir faces pressed to a pane of glass, watching the red bill and wondering.
"Whit is it, Tim?" asked the youngest.
"Er's the moon, Bill;" replied Tim. "When I wos down opping I seed er all bloody like that, and Siully siad 'er wos the 'irvest, moon. I guess 'er's come to Lumnon."
A knock at the door made the children draw their faces quickly away from the winclow.
"'Ush !" whispered 'Tim to his brothe
"I guess it's School Board after us."
The knock came again. Tim went softly to the door and peoped through the keyhole.
"It's Silly!" he cried; "I'll unlock the cloor:"
"I thought you wos School Board," he explained is an old woman came into the room carrying a jug. "Mother's took our boots, and 'or satid if School Board comed we wosn't to let 'in in. What 'ave you got in that jug?"
"Was mother drunk?" inquired the visitor, without heeding his question.
"Well 'er sleep" 'avy last night."
"Avo yer had any breakfast?"
'Nothink. Baby cried 'isself to sleep, and Bill and me's been lookin' at the iarvest moon, whit you and me seed when we wos 'opping. What's in the jug ?"'
ve wos pp
"I'ea."
"Te.!"
"Yea, my son. Taste it:" Sally poured something cut of the jug into two broken something out of the jug into two brok
teacups, and handed it to the children.
eacups, and handed it
"Good?" she isked.
"Prime!" sitid Tim.
"Sweet?"
"Treacle!"
Silly chnckled. She was old and weather-beaten ; dressed in rags and a cripe bonnet. Wrinkles scored her fice, creases furrowed her neek; her eyes were sunk deop down in their sockets, but they smiled lovingly on the boys while she watched them enjowing her own senty breakfast.
"Ere's summat for the fire," she said, opening her apron, which she held together with a horny hand, and showing Tim some bits of paper and a few cinders. "Got
any sticks ? hearth. hearth.
"Now I'll be off," she satid, when a fire burnt in the grate. "Ifeanyone comes after me, just yer siy, "Does yer want rags sorted?' and if the party siys 'Ies,' then yer sily, 'Well, Silly wiln't bo 'ome for a bit.' All right,"
be back?
you be backi
Siyiner this, the old womy.
Shying this, the old womin left the room casting a giance at the bure that gleamed through the fog, and athaty look at the red ball in the sky whick "Nim called the
"arvest moon." She linew it was the "'arvest moon." Sho knew it was the
sum, but why should sla confuse the minds sun, but why sho
of the children?
After the door was slurt the boys weint to the tire and crouched diawn on the hearth. Fellow fog filled the roum, hiding the old bed where the baby lay under a dirty blanket, and throwing in curtain over the broken chatirs and bores. Tim held his hands up before the bunning sticks. He Gleams fell on his wiso in the fore how. ing his wizened ferturos, from which all traces of childhood semond to have vimislied. He had been soEe protector of his ished. He hat ber two little brothers for the space of a year
and $a$ half, ever since his father found a and in in the cemetery. Elis mother dramk, home in the cemetery. Elis mother dirmk, Ho hith seen a good deill of life, although he was only eight, for le lived in a Southwark lodging-house. Eights, murders, suicirles, and deaths made epochs in his existence, and he talked of "when I wos young" as though the time lay fir back in his memory.
Presently the baby begin to ary, and Lim went to fetch it from tho bed. He brought it to the fire, and fed it with some of the tea which old Sally had given to him for his breakfast. Whale he was busy with the baby, Bill cra wled to the window.
"Oh, Tim!" he said, "the red ball 'as grone out o' the sky."
"I guess," said Tim, "cers gono back to the country."
Then Tim's thoughts wandered to the days when he had gonelacpping with old Sally to the harvest moon and the hopfields. He would hia wo been perfectly happy then if he had not "worrited" about the childyen.
"When I wos young, "ke said aloud, "I never worrited nbout nolnink! "'

Just as the words were fatid a shrill cry came from the window.
"What's the matter ?" asked Tim.
"I's cut my thumb wicl a bit o' glass," sobbed Bill.
"Come to the light and let me see," said Tim.
The little boy arme howling to the hearth, holding out his twamb, and pointing to the blood upon it.
ang "Whatever will I do"" uxclaimed Tim. "It's lock-jaw he's got, I linows it."
It's lock-jaw he's got,
Only the week before an man had died
from lock-jiaw in tive room below the garret ; and 'lim had heard his mother dis cussing the matter with her neighbors. "If they'd stuck his jiows open directly he cut his thunib, he'd hiave palled through," some one land said, "but all the doctors. in London couldn't force his jiws open after he got to the hospitil."
Tim laid the baby on the bed, where it lay crying as loud as it could cry, because it was cold and fromished; then he went back to the fireplace, and found a square piece of stick.
"'Old yer mouth open," he said to Bill.
The little boy stopped crying and opened his mouth.
Tim slipped the stick between his teeth. "Now," salid Tim, "come along to the ospital!'
But Bill threw himself on the flonr and kicked. His thumb was blceding and he felt suffocated, so he rolled on the ground until he lost his breath. Directly he be came pale and stiff, Tim picked him up and struggled with him out of the room and down the staircase. No one saw the children leave the house, for the place wis full of fog and very dink; so-thoy arrived in the street, where Tim liaid his brother down on the parement, and stopped to pant and to stietch his arms for a minute. Then he picked Bill up igain, and strugrled bravely along with his burden until he reached the hospital
he reached the hospital.
"What is it?" inquired the hospital porter as he passed through the gate.
"Lock-jaw, sir!" panted Tim.
"I thought it was a bundle of rigs," said the nan; "there, to the left, that's the Out-patients' Dopartment."
Tim struggled into the receiving-room, holding his brother tightly round the waist.
"What is it?" asked it cloctor.
"Lock-jaw," gasped Tim, "but I've stuck his jaws open."
Loud peals of langhter made him stare at the doctors and students who had gathered round Bill.
'Ain't it lock-jaw?' he whispered to nurse, who was standing by
"No," said the woman, " of course it n't."
For a moment Tim could not believe his enses. Then an awful vision floated before him, a vision of his mother. Supposing she came home while he was away, and
found the baby alonc, crying? What would happen then? It is but a step, they sily, from the sublime to the ridiculous; but sometimes that step is across a precipice. Tim shuddered when he heard the students latughing at his mistake. Fin had meant to save bill's life, and all he had done was to make himself a latughing-stock.
Without a word he took his brothor's hand and left the hospital. Bill trotted by his side through the foggy street, pointing to the sticking-plaster on his thumb, and chattering about the penny he had received from one of the medical students.
"P'raps mother ain't come home," thought Tim, "or p'raps 'er's so drunk 'el wun't see us!"

Pairic II.
An hour later the doors of the hospitn receivingr-rom was pushed open by old Sally, the ras-sorter. She hurried through them, carrying little Tim, whose head lay
agninst her arged dress, while his aims
and legs dangled down, and blood streamed from his forchead

Why, this is the boy who came here an hour ngo with the lock-jaw case," said tho doctor, when Sally laid. Tim on the tible. The students crowided round to luok, buit they did not laugh at Tim now, for they thought he wasdead. They listened to the doctor's questions, and watched old Silly's face as she explained that the boy hatd fallen on the hearth in tho girret.
"Is he your grandson?" inquired the loctor as ho felt Tim's pulse.
"No, he ain't. I'm a lone woman.
I've sot no children. I fend for myself." I've sot no children. I fend for myself." ductor said. "I believe the boy has been ductor sitid. "I believe the boy hats been
knocked down, or licked; his head's knocked ",
smashed."
The fors hind lifted by the time Sally left the hospital. She went bick to the lodg-ing-house, up the stitircise, and into her room. Rags covered the floor. A large heap of rags made a bed, another heap served is a seat. A homid stench filled the place, but Sally was accustomed to tho smell, and she never opened the window, smell, and she never opened "he window, saying that she liked to be ". Wimm and comfor cinders together in the grate, ind patting 2 black cat that had maised its back to welcome its mistress, the door was opened, and Tim's mother came in with the baby in her arms, and Bill hanging to her skirt.
"Sally," she said, "I was drunk when I did it!".
"Yes, yer wos," said sally, and yer'd best make yerself scarce, for the p'leece 'as been told, and if yer don't take yerself off yer'll swing for it!
"Will he die?"
"The doctor say's'e 'ull."
"Will you mind the children a bit?"
"Yes, till Christmas."
IThe woman placed the baby on the heap fras and vanished.
Sich day Sally visited the hospilal, and sat beside the bed on which Tim lay unconscions. "Tears strenmed down her cheeks, and sho wiped them awiy with the back of her hand, silying to the nurse, "I'vo loved 'im like a son. I'm a lone woman. I never hid no childtren."
At last, on Christmas Eve, when she went to the hospital at about seven o'clock, she found Tim himself argain.
She sat down beside him, smoothing cut her maged dress, and trying to malso her cripe bonnet sit strilight upon her head. Tim's white face frightened her, and she could not speak. She did not wanthim to could not speak. She ad
sce that she was crying.
A great fire blazed opposite Tim's bed, and round the firc sit boys and men, reading, playing gemmes, and discussing politics. Nurses flited about, decomating the walls with ivy and holly, while they chatted to one another and laughed with the patients. No one seemed to be very ill except Tim, but a single glance at his face told Sially that he was dying;
"Tim, my son," she said at last," "this is a beatiful place, ain't it?"
"Ies," answered Tim faintly, "it's like 'eaven.".
Neither spoke agnim for a few minutes. Then lim pointed to some toys on tho bed.

tha's mother came in.
"Take "em 'omo to the children," he silid. Hhon I wos young I set my eart Christhans. Take it'ome to Bill.'
Christuns. Thke it ome to Bill."
The old womm pretended to admire the
toys, whilo her tears dropped on the blanket.
"Sally," snid Tim presently, "does you remember when w
"Yes, my smi."

Yes, my sm."
"Well, that wos
wos like eaven."
it wos like 'eaven."
Old Silly's eyes wandered over the ward and sho udmired the decorations. Tim lay with his eyes shut, thinking of the time when ho liat, gone hopping. He had now he felt that he was going away from them for a long time, going to the stringe them for anong time, gomy to the stringe
land his father had talked about when fie hand has father had tiked about when he
"wos young." He was not sorry, to go, but he could not help "worriting" about the children. One of the nurses began to sing a Christmas cirrol, and Tim opened
lis eyes to lowk at her. Then he saw old lis eyes to lowk at her. Then he saw old
Sally beside his bed, diessed in the same raigged dress, and the same old crape bomnet she had wom when they went into the country tugether. Silly had always been grood to him, ind
broke a promise.
"Silly," he siaid, "when I'n gone yer'll look after the children?"

Yes, my son," said Sally, "I ull."
Tim give a sigh of relief. He closed his eycs uggin, and by the time the nurse had finisherl singing he was asleep, with one hand under his cheek, and the other in
Sally's horny fingers. Sally's horny fingers.
The next morning when the sun was
shining, and the Christomas bells were ringshining, and the Christmas bells were ring-
ing, Silly wont again to the hospital. A ing, sally went again to the hospital. A
heivy snow had fallen cluring the night, and now the Borough was covered with i white pall that hid all its deformitios. Children shouted while they snow-balled passers-by, and the policemen pretended not to see whit was going on, unless (by
some accident) $a$ snowbill hit them. Every some aceined to rojoice beciuse King Sol had
one seen put in in appenrance, for he comes seldom put in in appenrince, for he comes seldom
to London, so he gets.i riglat royal welto Lond
"Don't on upstairs," said the porter after Sally had climbed the Hospital steps, " your little lad's not there any longer."
"Where may 'e be ?"
"I'll show you."
She followed the porter along the passages and down a staircasc.
'Is 'e dead?'" she asked, when the porter stopped to unlock an iron door.
"Yes, I've just brought him down here," said the porter.
Old Sally went into tho mortuary, and stood arying while the man uncovered it little coffin. There lity Tim, with a smile on his face, and his hand holding,"
holly, "becuuse it was Christmas."
For a minute Silly looked silently at him. Then she bent down to kiss his forelicad. "Tim, my son," she whispered, "I wun't forget my promisc."
It is several years since little Tim went
homo. His mother has not been heard of home. His mother has not been heard of since. The children live in Silly's room, with the cat. Bill has developed in genius for surting rags, and the baby has been taught to pick out the papers froin the rubbish Sally finds in the dust heaps.
Somehow or other the old womin manages to pay the rent and to provide food
for the children; how she does this is only known to herself. She has not forgotten little Tim. Often at dusk, before shio -little Tim. Often at chask, before shin
lights the dip candle, she calls tho boys to lights the dip cand
the fire, and says:
"Now, my sons, I ull just tell yer 'ow
yer brother Tim kept 'is last Christmas!"

## THEIR CHRISTMAS GIFT.

Chapter I.
It was growing dark very fast in one of the principal squares of a large city, though the clocks had just struck four. Delivery
wagsons of all descriptions were starting waggons of all descriptions were starting
out on their last rounds for the dhy, henvily out on their last rounds for the day, henvily
laden, for it was Saturday, and little more laden, for it was Saturday, and little more
than a week before Christmas. The wiud whirled fine arrows of snow through the whirled fine arrows of snow through the
air, already piercing enough, and drove the shoppers before it like leaves, into the stores, which were a blaze of light and
warmth. warmth.
best florist's in the square. Arching thei
necks, pawing the ground, stood the imneeks, pawing the ground, stood the im-
patient greys, as if they, too, knew that patient greys, as it they, too, knew that
there was no time to be wasted. The footman stood holding the door.

A dozen pink ones, Mr . Garrett, just budded, and the same in white. Yes, in a
box. And then for Christon box. And then for Christmas night, won't you send me ten dollars' worth of varieties suitable for decorations?
"Will that be all; Mrs. Adams?"
"Yes, all to-night. Let me see, I might as well buy the wreaths now, it's almost
time. Give me half a dozen of holly, with a good many berrics. No, not any mistletoe ; there are no young people at our house, you know."
With these words, and a low sigh, Mrs. Adams hurried out and entered the carriage, and the footman closed the door. closing the winclow, she busied herself distributing the many packages in her pockets, to make room for her husband
"Ah, my dear, so grood of you to come to meet me, in spite of tho snowy air. Shopping, I see-looks like Christmas. Which is for me? You won't tell? Well, it'll be sure to be something I wint!"
"If only they all were as easy to buy for as you, it would be a simple matter. But this considering, and twisting, and wondering! Grace Murray will expect me to give her something exactly equal to what she gave me last year, or even a little more and then she has everything she can need or wint beside!"

What makes you do it, my dear?"
"Custom, Frank, custom, of course. I
dechare, ''m almost discouraged; it is such a task!
"That makes me think, speaking of being discouraged, I had a letter from Will to-day. He is very despondent; says this ever spent-houso seems so londy, the children don't get any care ; and. worst of all, crops have been very poor this year."
"So he had to write to you ibout it. declare, it is too bad, the only brother you have is no comfort to you, but writes you all his troubles. Why couldn't he have stayed here, and let you help him into some good business?"
"We might is well get out, here we are at the door. Church as usual to-morrow, John, if it's not too snowy," said Mr. Adinns, hastening after his wife, who had
entered the house while he was speaking.
entered the house while he was speaking.
"We'll have tea immediately," said sho hungry and tired. Put these flowers into cool phace until afterwards.'
While Mr. and Mrs. Adans are eatimg upper, let us glance at their surroundings, and look even at themselves a little more closely. At the right of the front door opens the spacious drawing-room, its costly
furnishings telling of wealth, while the furnishings toling of wealth, while the
benutifully chiselled Venus, group. of bronze slaves, cases of choice engravings and photographs, besides the rare paintings on the wall, give evidence of the love of art of those who have placed thom thero. At the back of the roon, in stately rows, stand the organ-pipes, silent now, but with mouths wide open, ready to breathe out the library Our fpposite you see, are lovers of books as well as of art and music, for here are wide, roomy bookcases, their contents virried as the tastes of their renders.
So much for their surroundings. Now do us peep through the portieres in the hall, and perhips wo may read through tho
veil of their faces the charncters of those veil of their faces the charncters of those
within. Happy ones, you sity, surely, but Within. Happy ones, you sity, surely, but
I fear not quite; for upon all the loveliI fenr not quite; for upon all the loveli-
ness of their home thore is no loving touch of the wear and teir of children. Perhaps they aro longing now for a battered spoon or it worn-out chair. We shall see.
Mr. Adims, in man of forty, with hair just tinged with gray, and grave, thoughtmischief, sits back and smiles at lis wife as she tells lim it is Saturday night, and it quiet, sweet Sabbath all to themselves waits then. And she? Yes, she hos been a very happy woman, butsorrow lines have deepened round her eyes, and her black dress tells that not long since affiction has been her unwelcome visitor. Well, now they have finished their meal, and thoy
walk arm-in-arm to the library. He takes
draws one close to it for her, but having also taken his evening jnper, does not notice that she has not taken the chair until he feels her gentle touch on his forehead Now, she has taken his hand and led him to the other side of the room, where hang pictures of a benutiful boy and girl, alnost bubies, siaging, "Come and see, dear.
Have you forgotten? It is their twelfth Have you forgotten? It is their twelfth
birthday, and I have placed the rose-buds birthday, and I have placed the rose-buds
here as before. During those three Christmasses while we had them, how bright were our anticipations of these happy ones, we thought, to come; but no
there was no Christmas !"

I was thinking of it to-night as we sat at table; it seemed to me the very silence of the house cried out rebelliously to my heart. We are both of us blue to-night. let us think of something cheerful. Hive
you sent out the invitations for the dimnerparty Christmas night?"
"No, I cennot think of that now. I would rather have tho children.
"Yes, I know what a different thing Christmas used to be. Yet, denr, we must not murmur ; it was our father's will."
There was silence for a fer minutes. They had taken the seats by the fire, and bund's tender grasp, while with the other she wiped her tearful eyes. But soon she spoke, reminding lim that these diays of joy to others were doubly sad to her, bechuse of dear ones gone, father, paother, brothers, sisters, ending with these words : Why, even the mistletoe I see in the
stores brings tears to my eyes, recalling holiday joys in the old home, and how we made it ring with our laughter. But all
that is past, and I must say good-by to it forevor."

Why say that, dear? Cau we not makc those happy who have no homes? I've the day-nursery, or even take one or two for our own."
"How cruel, Frank, how sacrilegious, to have another's children rumning round the rooms which our dear little ones had but just learned to tread! What would it No, Frink, I can't ; don't ever ask me. Come, play mo something soothing on the organ.
Fill an hour she lay on the divan, amidst its soft cushions, while the organ plaintively, melodiously sang andantes from Beethoven. She had lain quite still, and so enraptured was she and absorbed in watching her husband's fingers slowly following the keys, that she did not hen the loud peal of the door-bell, nor glance at the envelope placed in her hand till the ast notes died away and he stood by her side.

Why, this
"Business, I suppose. I hope that new gent hasn't got discouraged. No, it isn't that. Anything for you to $k$
exactly. Come, let us retire."
So any. Come, let us retire;
So saying, he took his wifo's arm and led her gently upstairs, and sleep, that sweet restorer, was soon doing its blessed work
for them. Did I say "them"? I should have said "her," for many hours passed before he slept. When the regular sound of her breathing told that she was asleep, he rose, tumed up the gas, took from his vest-pocket the telegran, and read it once, twice, three times. Then he folded it, sirying, "To-morrow I must tell her," and kneeling by the bedside silently he prayed norrow.
Aftor breakfint, Mr. Adams followed his wife into the library, where she was alding water to the frucrent rose-buds, waited until she had finished and seated herself then laid the bit of brown paper, so heavily reighted, before her. She real it aloud :
"House and burns destroyed by fre last night.


The paper fell from her fingers, she lanted back in her chair, shading her eyes with her hand. The tall clock in the hal ticked loudly, each bent seeming to echo in her hent, "Can you?" "Will you?" "Can you?" "Ought you?" Mr. Adams understood his wifo, knew that silently ould the battle bo fought, waited until ho church-bells began to ring, and then "
think best. We shall have till to-morrow morning to think about it. The carringe is here to take us to church; perhaps there the Lord will show us our duty.'
And does God ever leave those unaided who look to him for guidance? Has he not said. "I will guide thee with mine eyo?" The minister announced his text: "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the lenst of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me." As he syoke of the many homeless, naked, sick and hungry in the world to be cared for, Mrs. Adams eyes were opened, and again the door of her heart, for, she thought, " while I keep hese little ones from my home, I shut out the Siviour also. It has been once opened they rode home. Mr. Adams seated limself in the library, but his wife went
sed hamdirectly to library, but and walling down the hall tuer bonnet, and walking down the hall, turned into a large, sumny room at the end.: At one end of this room were two little beds, side by side, and beside the chimney-place at the other two tiny-rockers. On a liuge table, a hubby-horse, box of blocks, two large balls and a doll lay patiently waitine for childish hands. Mrs. Adams closed the door, Jocked it, went to the burenu, opened the drawers, took out each article one by one, looked at it lovingly, and laid it backTwo pairs of little shoes, worn but onceCould she?" "Would she ?" "Inasmuch! Yes, she could. Hurriedly she flow town the ous lew down the stas, as thongh she forred it might bo too late, glided into the room and threw her arms about her husband's neck: "Write it quickly, dear, tell him to send them it once. We are quite rendy to make them happy.

How can I thank you, dear? Let us rejoice that he gives us this to do for him. Perhaps he has a blessing in it, and something like the old joy will revive in seeing them happy. He has answered our prajer, and given us what we longed for, the noise and prattle of children.

## Chapter II.

It was Christmas night, and in the draw-ing-room windows of the Adams mansion hang the holly-wreaths, and the house is brilliantly lighted. Mrs. Adims is putting
the last touches on the vases and dishes of flowers in the dining-room. "Here, Lulu," to a girl of ten who stands by her side, "carry these into the drawing-roon. I will put these others on the mantel. Here's Sarah to ring the tea-bell. Oh, anywhere you think they'll look prettiest and not tip over, and then knock on the librarydoor and tell Uncle to leave the rest till after tea. It's five o'clock, and the children will be coming.'

Just then in nurse entered with a boy of five and a girl of three. As she seated them at the table, Mrs. Adams pressed fond kiss on each lovely forehead, and took her seat.
Before they had quite finished, peal after peal of the door-bell told that company had come, and when all wore assembled, a happy group gathered round the piano and sang it merry carol.
Then Mr. Adans opened the library-door and invited them in, where the prospect of a glittering tree met their eyes, and when Mr. Adims wont up to the tree and began to take off dolls and books, and toys of all kinds, and Lulu and lramk and even little Bess himaded them round to the other children, how their eyes did sparkle ! llow they did clay their hands, and how fast they tilked!
When all the candles were blown out, and the last curriage hat rolled away, and all threo children were saffely tucked in "保: Mrs. Adimens said to her husbind : had such a happy, merry Christmas ; mud, had such a happy, merry Christmas; and,
stringer than that, Harold and Rose seem strunger than that, Harold and
nearer and dearer than ever."
"Yes, strange things have happened, a great denl of joy has come to us in is short
time but wo must remember that it may time ; but we must remember that it may not alwiys be so. Trying days mily come words. 'My ruce is sufticient for thec; but let us thank him again and again for our singular Christmas gift."-Visitor.
Asketh how nenr is Paradise, thou who for it haststriven?
How far socier from Truth thou art, so far art thon from heaven
anicapo Inter-Occan.


BETHLEHEM.
0 LTTTLE TOWN OF BETHLEHEM. by phluips moons.
O little town of Bethlehem How still we see theedifit.t. .
Abovo thy dark and druanless sieep The silent, sturs go by:
Yet in thy durk strects shineth The everlasting light; The hopes and fears of all the years Are met in thee to-night.
O morning stars, together Proclaim the holy birth! And praises sing to Fod the King, And perce to men on earth.
For Christ is born of Mary And, gathered all nbove While mortals sleep the angels keep Their watch of wondering love.

How silently, how silently, The wondrous gift is given ! So God imparts to humnn hearts The blessings of his heaven.
No car may hear lis coming ; But in this world of sin,
But in this world of sin,
Where meek souls will receive him still, The dear Christ enters in.
Where Charity stands watching, And Faith holds wide the door, The dark night wakes ; the glory breaks, And Christmas comes once more.

## $O$ holy child of Bethlehem,

Cast out our sin and enter in :
He born in us to-day.
We hear the Christmas angels
The great glad tidings toll;
Our Loud Ambur with
THERE WAS NO ROOM FOR THEM IN THE INN.'
hy the author of "thes marvest of QUHET Eye.
Chistmas day again, and again for us that old, old story of the first Christmas. An old story, but that yet keepsits newness, I think, more froshly than any other long familiar story can do. An old story, but indeed ever full of marvel, if we once set ourselves to think of it. A Saviour born into this sin-worn world; the Star in the into this sin-worn world; the Star in the
east that led to him, the great light that eist that led to him, the great light that
shone from heaven upon the sleeping shepshone from heaven upon the sleeping shep-
herds ; their dread, and the glad tidings of herds; their dread, and the glad tidings of
the Angel of the Lord, swelled on the instant by the sudden chorus of the multitude
of the Heavenly Host, maising God, and saying, "Glory to God in the highost, and on earth peace, good-will towards men. How familiar itallis to us, and yet how ever new! How niturally we look for the old Christmas texts when Christmas comes, and yet how they strike a chord in our heart equalled, by the joy of Easter-Cheristmas time, the very word comes fuli of kindly thoughts, and kindly words ; and well may lands, "A happy Christmas to you all, my friends."

But I am going to take you back now to that first Christmas-time, and to the Iinn it Bethlehem, and to the manger hard by Let us try to fancy the scene, coluring it "There was no room for them in the Imi." Luke ii., 7 .

No room for them." For whom? Even for the Virgin Mary, and the child Josus No room, in the Inn at Bethlehem, for the Siviour of the world!
Picture the sconc. Crowding guests, some bound on traffic; some on pleasure the imn thronged, two weary travellers, even the aged Joseph and his virgin wife, coming late, knocking for admittance. Both trwel-worn ; one especially needing rest, care and comfort. But the blunt answer comes from the door held half-open "No room ;" other enrlier guests" had thronged tho resting place
no room for them in the inn no room for them in the inn.
Theire, in that lowly manger, jostled and pushed on one side because of the press of man-.important guests, our God became Wonderful, Counsellor, the Mighty God the Everlasting Father, the Princo of Peaco. He whose name is called King of Kings, and Lord of Lords-was born of it lowly Virgin, and became the Babe of Bethlehem. Think : our God, our maker, enduring such humilintion in order to become our Redeemer I Think of that little babe, the maker and sustainer of all these worlds !
No room for him; and so the world's maker and the world's Siviour was born in a manger, no better place found for his wol come; even thus early, he came to his own world, and his own creatures received him not. "The kingdom of God cometh not with observation." This was seen even in its first beginning, and the hour that the whole world had waited for, whether con sciously or not, arrived, and was fulfilled;
and who lnew of it, or who cared for it The lowly carpenter and his virgin wife the Dastern sages that followed the brigh star ; the simple Jewish shepherds who had witnessed that irrepressible joy of heaven which contrasts so strangely with the apathy of earth. No room for him, on that night of his first lowly advent, no room for himin the inn. Yes, and it has been, ever since the same, I speak not now of his sad earth-life, of his facing even worse than his brute creatures; "Foxes have holes, and the birds of the air have nests; but the son of man hath not where to lay his head I speak not now of what lappened 1500 yours ago; I speak of what has been ever since ; of what is the rule even at the pres ent time.
There is room in this world of ours, in thesn liearts of ours, for a thousand thronging guests, cares, businesses and pleasures for him, on, too on, theom for him, no room for him, the Saviour, the inn is full. If he can find a spare neg lected corner, inywhere, why, that is the best often that is allowed for him. Many in their thronged lives as it were an out house unoccupied where ho may bo born to them. A thousand occupations crowd, a housand businesses importune; sometimes apologetic, sometimes sharp and rude, the answer comes still when he seeks admit tance, "There is no room for thee,"
O precious Saviour ; and hast thou endured, and wilt thou yot endure, this reand from the creatures whom thou madest with which of us here, hast thou not thus graciously dealt? Which of us, even if he ave happily received thenat last, has not ime after time, yeplied to thy condescending importunity, "There is room nearly for presses and that presses, and thou, oh sard presses and that presses. anct thou, oh sard, house thee where thou canst. Come again, it a more convenient season; at a more eisure time ; there is no room for thee-in the imn."
No room in the inn, in the preoccupied heart, in the life of busy traffic, room for this and room for that; room for sorrow and room for joy; room for work and room is still kept outside, outside of our hearts outside of our best love; all the crowd of world tiaflic, and world merrymaking is ad mitted, but ho stays without

How few take him into their heart's iun, How few take him into their heart's iun,
-well called an inn, for how its inmates change with the passing days ;-how few change with the passing days ;-how few
take him in at all; how few give him their heart's best room; how few take chio their heart's best room; how few take caro to be not over-crowded, but that, whoever else is shut out, there may be, for him, always yeception, always attendance, always
the best of all ready ; and let who - will the best of all ready ; and let who will slift as they may, all that the heart is and all that the hemt has, may be ready at his call. How seldom we find this; no, he is put off, if he ve not quite and rudely rejected. There is.no room for him in the mn ; perhaps some by-place may bo found ; some manger, where he can be sometimes, however rarely, visited; and where he will not be always in the way. A poor manger, perhaps, we some of us reserve for him. ship and cobservances, (if these even ever rise so hifrli as worship,) be called much better? But not in the inn's best room ; not in the heart's throne ; not, indeed, in the inn at all ; not at all in the heart's absorbed regard, cain Jesus find joom. And so, 0 miracle of love! ! He condescends still to plead, and still to be rejected. "Lord, there is no room for thee!"

Oh, how meekly didst thou take
Thy sore portion for our sake! All sorg the path of pain, Urging the sume plea pain win, Entrance now-as entrance then, Entrance to the souls of mm
Must ghe nuswer ever be.
"Lord, there is no room for thee"
-Now I call it keeping only a manger for Christ, if we do offer to him and in his name, some degree of devotion; but only as were the seraps and leavings, not the have. Do the wints of the body crowd and press out our timic for quict meditation, for holy prayer'? Is Sunday a day tion, for holy prayer? Is Sundiay a day
of open-hemredness for him ; in day for drawing near to worship, as the linstern drawing noar to worship, as the laseern
Sages and as the blessed Virgin did; or Sages and as the blessed yirgin dial ; ond even on that his day, are minny cares and
interests suffered to thong and disturb us? Is there, in fine, room for him in every Is there, in fine, room for him in every heart here, or must he sadly at last turn
way and leave you, think of this, more forsway and lea ve you, think of this, moro for
lorn than the world was ere his first coming. t expected and yenmed for a Saviour but for you lie would hive come, and gone! Think of it ; he would hive come; sought admittance, been shut out from your too crowded and busy heart, and have gone! No Saviour to look for any more; only it certilin fearful looking forward to judgment and fiery indignation.
For some will not keep any place at all for him, even a manger for him ; they will have none of him ; ho must co. Ah, blindness and self-cruelty! While ho was at hand, even though withont, in the manger, there was hope for better things, hope that at east, when its throngs of guests first served late and deserted, and it was empty, desograciously, at last, he mirgt bo invited to graciously, at last, he might bo invited to till no room as life roes on oom at all, and ill no rom ance, e be quitednon the mithe coming, when carth must make room for
the Judge, whom she slut out as the the Jud
Saviour.

> Son of God, when thou shalt come,
Ieralded by trump of doom-
> Companied wilh legions bright
> Stecping all the world in light
> Laying baro tho secrets dread
of the quailing quick and dead,
> Late, too Inte, the cry will be,
Lord. we must make room for thec."

Nay, then, at this Christinas time, letus and, let us make, room, among other lironging pleasures and importunities, let s make room for him, the chiefest Guest of all. Let us beseech him, if he hat hitherto been kept out, to breik in, to force the losed door by the might of his grace. Room there is room there must ba, for him, room in the noisiest, busiest heart here is while he is kept out ever a vacmer ver a hollow craving ; until he be taken in no guest an compensatont all, or tuke his
 tands empty When we see lim shall we ot wonder, even those who did sot a ther cluive him from the previse ether drive e not wonde, those whose preoccupied eats shot shall we not wonder, beholding him at last; the King in his beauty ; the Rose of Shart, the King in his beauty; the Rose of Sharon
and the Lily of the Valley; the chiefest and and the Lily of the Valley ; the chiefest and
the best, that we ever could have kept him the best, that we ever could have kept him
without, and cared instead, to let in any without
other?


Everybody there, sitys an English writer, can skate: it is not a mere sportive or fashionable accomplishment; the peasanit goes in this way tomarket, the tradesman to his shop, the artisan or laburer to his work; whole families, carrying bag or basket or baty, skato from their rustic homes to thenciucest town
for a holiday treat or a frimandy visit. The distances fin Holland arenottoo Great; students of
the t'niver:ity of 'Utreclit, for' example, ean skato in the day to a social dimer even sct back to collere by the appointed hour at night; tho
jomey between Leyden and Amsterdam has been done, by verygood skaters, in litho The ladies of Rotterdim,.. Anhsterdam, and the Hague aro the
most graceful lady skaters in Europe.
here are two different schools of the art of skating; that of Friesimu, which is the more practical. aiming at formance of loner journeys in a short perfectly erect and rigid position of the body, darting strajght forfashionable Dutch school is rather school is rather
intent on the artistic display of skillin windingand turning, usually with a swaying motion of the hips, from right to left and from left to right, keeping a fine balance of the hend and arms. The practitioners of this ornamental scribe the most complicated and fintinstic figures, or write their names and other words, even whole sen tences, on the jee; fincy work. Skntfincy work. sing among the
ing ing among the part of the ordinury customs of lifc, and is one of the things which Dutch
chiidren have to learn at an early age.

Gong jo maiket in hoiland
Lamy Hisniy
Somenser told the

SKATING IN HOLLAND.
Who would imagine that any country could offer more inducements in winter to pleasure loving people, than could this Canada of ours? With our consting, tobog. ginning, suowshoeing and skating, what tale of balmy breezes and sunny climes could win us from our allegiance? How the sleighs are brought out before the ground is
more than covered with the first fall of how tantalizing it is that we can get so lit- she paid to a poor old blind woman, in a snow, and how the boys watch every stream the of $i t$. Ponds and stremms are not broken down hat on the west const of Scotand pond from the time the first hint of plenty, especinlly near cities, and evon if land, to whom she lind said, "Oh, Titty, frost is in the air, until the ice is thick they were, in few hours of a Canadian snow- h nough to bear them for fear that throngh
nemerm they might miss the uso of their the bestopen air rink ever
seen. But in Hoiland, what is with us only skites for one day How quickly the seen. But in Hollan, what mo us only skates for one day. How quickly the a pastime, seems to be mart of orchary only waiting a little while until he sball pased around that the ice is safe. And everyday life. In that land of canals men, call me home." She had

Milly sighed ngain more dole Mully than before
Down at school that afternoon the girls had been tell ing what they expected to get:for presents at Christmas. Everybody hid told of some thing they winted and ex pected-everybody but Mag gie "Drew.
Margie?" asked Cora Clairke.
"Nothing," answered Maggie, with $n$ quiver in her voice, and her eyes brimming over with tears. "I haven't I can remember."
It seemed drendful to Milly; she did not wonder thait Maggie could not keep back the teurs.
'I wish I could give her something ; it will just spoil my "Christmas to think of her," thought Milly, as she hurried directly home from school to see if she could not manise it in some way.
"I cin't. leave out par nor mamma, of course, nor grandpa nor grandma either. nor' Susie, for we have always given ench other something. That tikes every cent of money T've got, and numma won't let me borrow, I
know. ()-oh!" Milly gave know. ()-oh !" Milly gave
a little startled exclamation, a little startled exclamation,
and then sat very still for

PEEPING.
When the world is fast asleep; Out of bed the children creci ust to talke a stolen peep At their Christmas stocking!
"Santa Claus!" the children cry, "Did you tumblo from the sky ? Did you down the chimney fly. With our Christmas stocking?"

## a CHRISTMAS CAROL

Everywhere, everywhere, Christmas to-night Christmas in lands of the fretree and pinc, Christmas in lands of the palm-trec and vine;
whito
Christmas where corn-flelds lic sunny and bright Everywhere, everywhere, Christmas to-night
Christmas where children are hopeful and gay! Christmas where old men are patient and gray Christmas where peace, like $n$ dove in its night Broods o'er brave men $i, 1$ the thick of the fight Every where, every where, Christmas to-night.

## or the Christ-ehild who comes is the Master o

 all;No palace too great and no cottage too small.
The angels who welcome him sing from th height,
"In the city of David a King in his might."
Everywhere, everywhere, Christmas to-night
Then let every heart keep its Christmas within, Christ's pity for sorrow, Christ's hatred for sin Christ's care for the weakest, Christ's courng for right,
Christ's dread of the darkness, Christ's love of
Everywhere, everywhere, Chisistmas to-night
All the stars of the midnight which compass us round
Shall seo a strange glory, and hear $n$ sivect sound And ery: "Look, the earth is aflame with delight 0 sons of the morning, rejoice at the sight.
Everywhere, everywhere, Christmas to-night
Phimilss Brooks.

## MILLY'S SACRIFICE

by kate s. gates.
" Oh, dear me!" said Milly Carter dole fully; "I don't see what I am going to do." She was upstairs in her own room, with the contents of her "bank" spread out on the floor before her, making her calculis tions for Christmas; but, do her best, she could not make the amount of cash that she had on hand equal to the amount she wished to expend.
"That is for papa," she said, tapping one little pilo with her finger, "and that for mamma; that is grandma's, and that grandpa's,and that is Susie Chrin's; and that is every single cent thint I have got in tho world. I don't see how I can do it :" and
a minute or twro.
Why not trllk to Susie about it, and instead of giving to each other, give to Maggie ?
But somehow Milly did not want to do that. Susie always gave her such pretty presents, and it was so nice to have lots of things. She was ever and ever so sorry for Migggie, but it seemed a little hard to give up at present of her own.
"I I don't believe it would be very polite to Susie either," she said, rathering up lier quarters, dimes and pennies, and puatting them back. Then she went downstars
and tricd to forget all about Magrie and Christmas, but Maggie's sorrowful words Christmas, but Maggie's sorrowful words
seemed to ring in her ears. "I should think you would just be aslanmed of yourthink you would just be ashamed of your-
self," whispered the still, small voice. "Just think of all the nice Christmas Tresents you have had, and she cannot remember having one single one. You don't member having one single one. You don't
deserve any yourself. Don't you rememteserve any yourself. Dont you remem-
ber the verse Miss Wells talked to you nbout in Sunday-school- 'Treely ye have received, freely give?' Don't you remember she said that for everything you
received you ought to give something away? received you ought to give something away? If you have a happy time, you must give a happy time to some one else, and so on. You have had lots and lots of happy Christmas times; I should think you had better givo one a way now.
Milly's conscience did not say all this at once, but it kept snying it, and do her best, she could not stop it, and presently sho began to be ashamed of herself for trying to do so.
"Oh, dear! I did not know that I was so selfish. I will go right over to Susie's now, and see what she says, and I will make Maggie hive a happy Christmas this year if I possibly can."
"Mamma," said Milly, hesitatingly, on Christmas day, "you won't be hurt, or mind what I tell you, will you? Your splendid as they could be, but somehow they didn't make me quite so happy is seoing Maggic, and Susie says the same. You don't know how happy she did look, and oh, I am so glad we did it! I mean to mike a happly Chiristmas every ye
for somebody that don't have one."
"'Inasmuch as ye did it unto
ast of these, ye did it unto me," mammin tenderly.
A STORY OF CFIRISTMAS DAS.
I never like a Christmas season to pass without telling to some one a thrilling incident which happened at my house just eight years ago this coming Christmas.
Wo had just distributed tho family presents Christnas morning when I heard a
great cry of distress in the hallway. say from a neighbor's house cane in to doors off, and, I think, in two minutes we were there. There liyy the old Christian sea-crptain, his face upturned toward the vindow as though he had suddenly seen the headlands, and with an illuminated countenance as though he were just going into harbor. The fact wis he had aready got through the "Narrows." In the adjoining room were the Chyistmas presents waiting for his distribution. Long ago, one night, when ho had narrowly escaped
with his ship from being run down by a with his ship from being run down by great ocean steamer, he had mado his peace with 'tod, and a kinder neighbo thin Captain Pencleton you would no find this side of hearen.
He had often talked to me of the goodness of God, and especially of a time when lee was about to go into New York lambor with his ship from Liverpool, and he was suddenly impressed that ho ought to put back to sea. Under the protest of the crew and under their very threats he put back to sen, fearing at the sime time lie was losing his mind, for it did seem so unreasonible that when they could get into harbor that night they shoulle pat back to sea. But they put back to seit, and Citptain Pendleton said to his mate, "You call me at ten o'clock it night." At twelvo o'clock the captain was aroused and said "What does this mean"? 1 thourght I told you to call mo at ten o'clock, and here it you to call mo at ten oclock, and here it is twelve." "Why," said the mate, "I did call you at ten oclock, and you got up this same course for two hours, ind then to call you at twelve o'clock." Said the Cilptain, "Is it possible? I hare no remen brance of that." At twolve o'clock the captain went on deck, and throurg the rift of the cloud the moonlight fell upne the sea and showed him a shipwreck with on hundred struggling passengers. Fe helped them off. Had he been any earlier or any later at that point of the sea he would hitw been of no service to those drowning pleo ple. On board the captain's vessel, they begin to band together as to what they should pay for the rescue, and what the should pay for the provisions. " $\Lambda$ h, said the captain, " my lads, you can't pry me anything; all I have on brard is yours I feel too greatly honored of God in has ing saved you to take any.pay." Just lik ing sand.
hin.
Oh
Oh; that that old sea captain's God may be my God and yours. Amid the stormy seas of this life may we have always some one as tenderly to takc care of us as the captain took care of the drowning crew and the passengers. And may we come into the harbor with as little physical pain and wit as bright a hope as he had; and if it shoul the presents a Chro being distributed and wo the presents are being distributed and wo are celebrating the birt of him who came to sinve oun shrect wrighte Christ mas-present could wo lave thin heaven? T. De Witt Talmaye.

A MERRY MIRRY CHRISTMAS
to you all, readers of the Northern Messenyer. It does not seein possible that it is a whole year since wo greeted you last it seems only a few weeks. Yet so it is. Here we are at the end of 1891. Standing at the close of this year, the Messenger looks back on a year of good success, and we look forwurd to much more in the year to come. In this we again bespeak the help of every friend of our paper. To double our circulation this year it is only necessury that each subscriber secure one more. Could an easier task be proposed, could any request bo more easily complied with? Will you not help us, as you have done in the past? By doing so you will not only widen the influence of your pir per but you will very greatly aid in stem ming the tide of trashy literature which is continually pouring in upon us. Give our young people the best reading matter and before long they will not bo satisfied with any other. A study of our announcements alroady made and others still to come will show you the inducements we offer to our
workers. With your co-operation -we shall in a year from now wish to doublo the number of friends, what we now wish to every render of the Messenger
A.Merry, Merry Ohristmas

## and

A Happy Neiv Year

## VOLUNTEERS WANTED

The Northern Messenger calls for volunteer workers in making it better known It depends upon them vory largely to increase the number of subscribers to it The readers of the Messenger who like it, and who enjoy themselves in reading it want others to do the same, do they not? If so, they will do well to talk to their riends about it, and get them to subscribe lso. What a fund for conversation and pleasure there is when your friends have ead the same stories nind articles as your elf. We request every Messonger volunfer worker to send us a post card with ame and address, and we will send in re turn a cony of the Witness and several ex in copies of the Messenger for distribution and a blank subscription list. From now on, the Sundiy school edition will bo mailed to Sunday schools weekly, instead of fortnightly as heretofore.

## A PLPASANT LETTER.

INere is one of the pleasant letters the Messenger has received litely. It is from a minister in Pemmsylvania, but as wo have not his permission to print this we with hold his nume.
Dear "Nomphern Messengele,"had thought of stopping your bi-weckly visits to my study, because my funds were low, but I would miss you so much, and you are really so inexpensive to keep, that I must renew, if I have to go without some other luxury for it. . Some years ago I subscribed for my Sunday school class in now. I feel impelled to do the same cousin of my class here. You and you cousin of New york, fin a noble work for the Lord. May he speed and prosper you.

NEW CLUB RATES.
The following are the New Crub Rates for he Musionar which mo


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## The peored shming magnis. <br>  

## EPPS's cocooi

 BREAKFAST.
## "By n thorough knowledge of the natural haws which

 govern the operations of dijestion and nutrition, nim hy upuntil strong enought to resist cevery tendencey to disecses Ilundreds of subte milndies are flonting around us read many n fatal shaft by keoping nurselves well fortified with
mare hloon and in properly nourished frame."-CitilServic Mado simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in JANES EPR'S d © OB, Momeropnchic Chemists, Lontion, England.

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