

# THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

## AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

ELLEVILLE, ONTARIO. THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916.

MORTON & HERITY, Proprietors.

ESTABLISHED

### FELL OFF TOP OF FREIGHT CAR

Accident to C.P.R. Brakeman at Central Ontario Junct.

On Tuesday night Mr. J. Legault of Ottawa, Canadian Pacific Railroad brakeman out of Trenton, fell backwards off the top of a freight car at Central Ontario Junction. He was thought to be seriously injured and the Montreal passenger train was stopped and the injured man was brought to Tweed. Tweed operator was notified to have the C. P. R. physician, Dr. Robertson on hand, but as he was not available, Dr. Kindred was quickly called. He discovered that the patient's arm was badly out of joint and his ankle badly sprained. After administering chloroform, he set the injured arm and doctored the sprain. Mr. Legault was taken on the eastbound express to Perth where he has relatives. He will be laid up for a short time, but will be able to resume his duties in about ten days.

### REILLY MUST STAY IN STATES

Convict Released from Pen by Mistake Writes that He Wants to Come Back.

Another chapter in the chequered history of Thomas Reilly, late of Portmouth Penitentiary, present place of residence uncertain, has been written. It will be remembered that Reilly, who was a Southerner by birth and had taken occasion to express his lack of affection for the colored race by attacking a negro with a bottle while acting as a bartender, was released from Portmouth Penitentiary in mistake for another man of the same name. The other Thomas Reilly had served a considerable portion of his sentence, and an order was issued for his parole. As a result of confusion in the identity of the two men, Thomas Reilly was led across the American border and there released, a free man.

When the mistake was discovered extradition proceedings were commenced but there was considerable difficulty in locating Reilly, as he seemed to have the general sympathy of his new neighbors. However, Reilly later wrote to W. P. Archibald, Dominion Parole Officer, asking what he was to do. The reply was that he had better give himself up and trust to the mercy of the Canadian police authorities. The latest development is a naive answer from Reilly to the effect that as he was led across the border by the Dominion police when released, and told to stay there, he regards it as an inexcusable violation of this mandate to come back.

As the Justice Department has been unable to think of anything to say in answer to this argument, nothing has been said.—Kingston Standard.

**GREAT LIVING FLAG AT THE EXHIBITION.**  
One of the Features of Empire Spectacle—Colonies Send Over Official Flags.

One of the features of the Federation of Empire pageant at the Canadian National Exhibition this year will be a living flag, 150 x 100 feet, which will be unfurled at a moment when it will seemingly put a great loyal seal on "Federation" just proclaimed from the House of Parliament, which will form part of the background for the patriotic pageant. Several of the Colonies and Overseas Dominions, which will be represented in the Federation procession have sent greetings to Dr. Orr and best wishes for the success of the Exhibition, together with official flags to be carried at the head of the contingent representing them.

**A 38 POUND SALMON.**

One of the largest salmon ever caught in this district was hooked on Tuesday at Buff Lake, by Mr. George Green, of that place. The fish was sent by Mr. Green to Mr. A. K. Routley, Princess street, and is a fine sample of the funny tribe. It is 3 1/2 feet long and weighs 38 pounds. It was caught on the troll and fought for three-quarters of an hour before it was finally landed. It has teeth about a quarter of an inch long and certainly would throw a scare into the average fisherman. Mr. Routley intends to have the fish stuffed.—Kingston Standard.

An automobile ran over a valuable Scotch collie pup at Bayville and killed it. The dog belonged to Mr. Sam Carr.

### NEW DRIVE ABOUT TO BEGIN; VERDUN FRONT BOMBARDED

Russians Take 360,000 Tendon Prisoners Since June 4—Hans Heavy Losses in Artillery and Machine Guns—Thiepval Is in Precarious Position—Minor Engagement Near Pozieres During Night.

**NEW BRITISH OFFENSIVE COMING.**

LONDON, Aug. 16.—British headquarters report says that minor engagements occurred in the region of Pozieres last night. Otherwise there is no change in the situation on the Somme front.

Other despatches state that the loop around Thiepval has been drawn tighter and that town is now in a pocket with the Leipsis redoubt in a similar position. All signs indicate that a new offensive is coming.

**VIOLENT BOMBARDMENT ON VERDUN FRONT.**

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The French War Office announces that a violent bombardment was carried on last night on the Verdun front at Thiamont, Fleury, Vaux and Chapitre, east of the Meuse.

**HUGE RUSSIAN CAPTURES IN TWO MONTHS.**

PETROGRAD, Aug. 16.—The War Office announcement says the Russian armies under General Brusiloff have since June 4 captured three hundred and sixty thousand Austro-German prisoners, 405 cannon and 1,300 machine guns.

**HOPE OF SOLUTION ABANDONED.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The deadlock in the railway trouble continues. Hope of arbitration has been abandoned.

**ITALIAN ARMIES NEARING TRIEST.**

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Italians are vigorously pressing their advance on the Carso plateau and have captured several sections of Austrian trenches and more than 1,600 prisoners. Unofficial despatches from Italian sources claim that General Cadorna is now within thirteen miles of Triest and that the Austrian fleet has left the harbor.

The Austrian official statement reports the repulse of Italian attacks on the Vipacco Valley, about eighteen miles east of Goritz, but the official statements from both sides are very meagre and leave the general situation vague.

Press despatches from Geneva and Paris declare that Tolmino, considered one of the most formidable barriers between the Italians and Triest, is being evacuated by the Austrians and that the Italians are already in the suburbs of the town.

According to a message from Buchs today, the southern and western suburbs of Tolmino are burning and the fall of the city is expected at any moment.

Tolmino lies eighteen miles northeast of Goritz. It is a town of 2,000 persons, and is one of the strongest defensive points established by the Austrians all along the Isonzo River. The bridgehead there is regarded as second in importance to that at Goritz.

**FRENCH AND ITALIAN AEROPLANES MAKE RAID NEAR TRIEST.**

ROME, Aug. 16.—A squadron of French and Italian aeroplanes made a raid near Triest and is reported to have inflicted extensive damage. A French aeroplane was lost.

**HENRY FORD'S PEACE MOVEMENT IN EUROPE.**

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 16.—The neutral conference for continuous mediation resulted from Henry Ford's peace movement has decided to establish bureaus in Berne and Stockholm and headquarters at The Hague with Louis Lockner, Ford's secretary in charge.

**MEMBERS OF STEFANSSON'S PARTY RETURN.**

NOME, Alaska, Aug. 16.—Six members of the Canadian Arctic Expedition under Vihjalmur Stefansson arrived here yesterday on the power schooner Alaska. They said Stefansson would remain in the Arctic exploring newly discovered land.

**GERMANY MAKES OFFER TO ROUMANIA.**

BUCHAREST, Au. 16.—The Epoca announces that Germany has offered territorial compensation to Roumania at the expense of Austria in return for Roumanian neutrality in the war.

**STRONG TURK POSITIONS CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS.**

PETROGRAD, Aug. 16.—An official report today says: "Caucasian front: Our offensive in the region of Sakki, Persia, resulted in our capture of a very strong Turkish position in the vicinity of this town. The enemy, pursued by our cavalry is retreating hurriedly to the south."

**CANADIANS NOW ON SOMME FRONT.**

OTTAWA, Aug. 16.—The Canadian troops at the front, now numbering four complete divisions, or approximately 90,000 men, are being transferred from the Ypres salient, which they have so bravely held for a year past, to the Somme front, where with the British and Australian troops they will take part in the present concerted offensive of the allies. It was in the Ypres region in April that the Canadians were badly gassed. The 4th Division, under Major-General David Watson of Quebec, which has been in process of organization and training in England for three months past, has now been safely transferred to France.

### EX-ALD. WALLACE PASSED AWAY

Well Known Business Man Succumbed to Illness on Sunday.

Archibald Wallace, well known grocer and ex-alderman of this city passed away on Sunday afternoon after an illness of some time. The public generally were not aware that Mr. Wallace, was in such a dangerous condition and in consequence the news of his death was received with many expressions of regret. He had not been actively engaged in the grocery trade for some months, his place having been taken by his son, Mr. Theodore Wallace of New York, who came here to relieve his father.

The late Archibald Wallace was born in Ireland 64 years ago and came to Canada while young in years. He entered the service of the Grand Trunk and occupied for many years a prominent position on that system. About 20 years ago he left the G.T.R. and entered the grocery business conducting several stores in this city at different times. For the past number of years his grocery had been at 139 Victoria Avenue.

Mr. Wallace was for some years a member of the Belleville City Council and occupied positions of honor in the gift of that body, having been elected chairman of several important committees. At the council board he was always considered an able representative and his witfulness during the progress of debate were much enjoyed by his fellow aldermen. A few years ago he removed from the seat of municipal politics again into private life. He was a member of Moira Lodge No. 11, A.F. and A.M. and in religion was a Methodist, being a member of Bridge Street congregation. In politics he was a staunch Liberal.

Besides Mrs. Wallace, he leaves to mourn his loss, three sons, Theodore, of New York, now of this city, Harry and Edward of the 159th Battalion, one daughter, Miss Edna, at home; one sister, Mrs. John Barle of Picton, and one brother, Joseph, of this city. The family have the deepest sympathy of the public in their bereavement.

### PRIZE WINNERS IN FIELD CROPS

James R. Anderson Wins Highest Honors For His Field of Oats.

The prize-winners in the Standing Field Crop Competition under the auspices of the Ameliasburg Agricultural Society are given below. The expert judge, Mr. James McLean, of Richmond Hill had a difficult problem to determine the awards, but Mr. Jas. R. Anderson, the well known agriculturist of Mountain View with his fine field of the Yellow Russian variety had a considerable lead when the final summing up came to be made. The judge took into consideration such matters as freedom from weeds, smut, rust, and other varieties of grain or oats, the probable yield, length and standing quality of straw, etc. The field had to be not less than five acres in extent. Following are the names of the winners, the score in each case and the variety.—  
Jas. R. Anderson, 90 Yellow Russian W. J. Barber, 86 1/2, Banner  
J. S. Wallbridge, 84 1/2, Banner  
John A. Walker, 84, Yellow Russian  
Harold Young, 82, Yellow Russian  
W. H. C. Roblin, 81 1/2, "  
M. G. Eckert, 81, .....

### RATHER STRANGE AND UNCOMMON

Ice House Catches Fire From Spontaneous Combustion And Burnt Down.

A rather strange and somewhat hard-to-believe incident happened at Rice Lake last Thursday, when the ice house on The Island, property of Miss Cruso, exploded from spontaneous combustion, and the house was burnt to the ground. According to insurance agents an ice house is just about as bad a risk as a dynamite factory, as the danger from spontaneous combustion is great. The sawdust on the top of the ice develops a terrific heat, and unless the building is well ventilated, allowing the free current of air through, the danger from fire is very great.—Cobourg Sentinel-Star.

### PORTUGAL WILL SEND SOLDIERS TO PICARDY

Republic on Verge of Larger Co-operation With Entente Allies in Western Europe—Announcement of President Machado.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—"Portugal is on the verge of larger co-operation in the world war. She is taking thorough stock of her military and naval resources with a view of not only further strengthening her ancient alliance with Britain, but with the idea of becoming a considerable factor in the broader arrangements of the Entente."

Dr. Bernardino Machado, President of the Republic of Portugal, made the above announcement of Portugal's future war policy in Lisbon today in an interview.

"In accordance with well-understood conventions between the two governments," he said, "the military participation of Portugal in the Anglo-Portuguese alliance heretofore has been confined to operations in Anglo-Portuguese East Africa, where at this moment our splendidly-equipped troops are engaged along a thinly-held but long and difficult front. Our help now is asked in the campaign on the western European front. Portugal is ready to undertake whatever measures are necessary to convince the Entente of our sincerity and persistence.

Our troops will take the field in France at the precise moment the British, French and Portuguese General Staffs decide Portuguese aid is necessary to exert the maximum pressure.

"Our military efforts in Europe will be made with our own money and our own resources as a nation. Britain has agreed to loan us whatever sums are necessary. Portugal is prepared to wage war in the most modern manner. We are to purchase British-made munitions at current prices, the same as France and Russia have done. We have arranged a comprehensive plan of campaign.

"Until Britain requisitioned the German ships taken in our ports, after Germany's declaration of war, their rental was affording Portugal an income of \$900,000 monthly. Money borrowed from Britain at current rates of interest will be repaid within two years after peace is signed. This means an indemnity and a foreign loan. Funds borrowed from Britain during the continuance of the war will be expended in allied countries only."

Does that mean the purchase of war materials from neutral countries will be discontinued?" he was asked.

"Purchase of war materials in neutral countries, such as the United States and Spain, will continue as before," said President Machado.

### ADVANCE SLOW; BUT IS SURE

Nature of the Enemy Positions Makes It Impossible for British and French to Use Their Wings—Preparing for a Fresh Drive.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The apparent slow rate of progress by the French and British forces on the western front since July 1, as explained in military circles here, is due to the methodical nature of the Entente offensive against a line of strongly-fortified positions extending virtually from the North Sea to Switzerland and the fact that infantry must wait until the artillery has done its work. The front of the Central Powers in the western theatre of war is much more strongly fortified than the front with which the Russians have had to deal, so the latter are in a better situation for manoeuvring on a large scale.

One of the principal drawbacks against the Entente allies on the western front is the nature of the Teutonic positions, which prohibit the use of the wings of the Entente armies. The Russians, however, face no such obstacle. The Russian operations it is explained further, have not been planned with political considerations such as necessarily have arisen on the western front, owing to the co-operation of various Entente armies.

The methodical, if relatively slow, policy of the Entente leaders on the western front is held here to be justified by the fact that the losses in the field are now much smaller as compared with what they were earlier in the war. Since July 1 the Entente losses have been only about one-fifth of what they were during the push in the Champagne region last fall or during the first months of the battle of Verdun it is claimed.

Today the British reported the recapture of ground lost northward of Pozieres and the French made a gain northeast of Verdun on a 300-yard front to a depth of 100 yards. The mid-night British and French reports tell of heavy artillery duels on the Somme, probably preparatory to fresh allied advances.

**FRYATT MURDERERS EXECUTE BELGIANS.**

LONDON, Aug. 16.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says that seven Belgians who were tried before the same court-martial that condemned Captain Chas. Fryatt of the steamer Brussels were executed, and that the total number of Belgians shot for treason by the Germans up to date is 500.

**MEATLESS DAY A WEEK FOR GERMAN SOLDIERS.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The German military establishment has now brought down its meat allowance for the fighting troops in the front line to 10.5 ounces for six days in the week. On the seventh day no meat can be served or eaten. For troops not in the first line the six-day meat ration is only 7.7 ounces.

This information, disclosing for the first time the lack of supply for the fighting soldiers of the Kaiser is contained in an order issued to the Fourteenth German Reserve Corps.

### GIRL WAS FOUND ON C.T.R. TRACK

Crew of Freight Train Early Sunday Morning Made Discovery.

**DOPED OR ILL-TREATED?**

City Police Investigating—The Story Told by Annie Holland

On Sunday morning at eight o'clock as a freight train from Belleville was proceeding west over the Grand Trunk the crew saw the form of a person lying on the right of way not far from Gunn's crossing, about five miles above the city. The train was brought to a stop and the railway men found a young girl, who was in what they thought was a drugged or exhausted state. Unwilling to leave her in this state, they proceeded to the farm house of Mr. George Castleman and told him their story. They asked him to make enquiries as they could by no means get any details from the girl. Mr. Castleman at once hitched up and drove to Belleville police station, arriving at 8.30.

At police headquarters she gave the name of Annie Holland, stating her age to be eighteen years. Five years ago she came out from Manchester, England, under the auspices of the Marchmont Home. She had worked part of two years at Mr. William Peters at Magog. She has a married sister living at Whitby.

Owing to the condition of the girl, the police held her on the charge of vagrancy. She seemed very dull and answered questions almost entirely monosyllabically.

This morning she appeared before Magistrate Masson and was remanded to jail pending inquiry, a fact which she believed there is something to be investigated. In the girl's possession were many photographs of people, including soldiers. The names of some of the persons he told, others she claimed not to know, and in still other cases she did not answer the questions of the police. She has worked for a Mr. Denyes and had been engaged at Mr. Bennett's of Sidney.

All that she remembers is that she was at the milk stand when a stranger came along and took hold of her. She said he declared he would come back in a buggy but did not. He did not give her anything to drink nor any candy. From the time she was at the stand until she was found on the track, the police say, she declared she remembered nothing. She did not know the man's name.

Her brother is a soldier in the band of the 77th battalion which left Ottawa some months ago.

Whether she has been drugged or ill-treated by some person at present is unknown, will be investigated by the police.

Annie Holland is a fair-haired girl, short in stature and wears a middie with a crimson sash and white shoes.

### FUNERAL OF MRS. D. GALLAGHER

Mass at St. Michael's—Interment in St. James'

The funeral of the late Mrs. Ellen Gallagher, wife of Mr. Daniel Gallagher took place this morning from her late residence, Front St. to St. Michael's church, Rev. Father Hyland celebrated solemn requiem mass in the presence of a large congregation. Many were present from Tweed and vicinity to pay their last respects. Large numbers of spiritual offerings had been made by friends of the departed. The bearers were Messrs. Wm. Williamson, L. P. Hughes, F. P. Carney, C. Mullens, T. Coughlin, and F. Allors. Interment was in St. James' cemetery.

**OBSEQUIES OF YOUNG GIRL**

Services Held at St. Paul's Church at Roslin, Yesterday.

The obsequies of Dora May Colden, took place on Tuesday afternoon from the residence of her parents, ninth of Thurlow to St. Paul's church at Roslin. Rev. Mr. Boultle conducted services in the church after which interment was made in St. Paul's cemetery. The bearers were Messrs H. Alford, M. Cockins, A. Cross, and A. McLean. A large number of flowers had been contributed by friends.

Mr. Thos. Hogan, of the Union Bank staff has returned from spending a pleasant holiday at Ottawa, Perth, Smiths Falls and Merrickville.

**WIMS & CO.**  
**AUGUST SALE**  
**Special Sale of Waists**  
**400 BLOUSES ON SALE.**

This collection of waists comprises many beautiful creations—Volles, Crepe de Chine, Silks. They are in the newest styles and will be cleared as follows:

LOT No. 1 ..... 89c.  
 LOT No. 2 ..... 98c.  
 LOT No. 3 ..... \$1.19  
 LOT No. 4 ..... \$1.50  
 LOT No. 5 ..... \$1.95  
 LOT No. 6 ..... \$2.25  
 LOT No. 7, Middles, worth up to \$1.50 for 75c.  
 Every Blouse worth 50 per cent. more

**Wims & Co**

**WELLINGTON.**

A number of young ladies will go to train for nurses from this place.

Mrs. H. E. Pottingill visited her son and family in the country a day this week.

A. Haight, of the Bank of Montreal, Toronto, spent last Sunday at his home here.

Miss Broad, B.A., is home from Toronto.

A few summer cottages should be built at this place as a number would rent or buy them.

Mrs. Tennant, of Melville, visited Mrs. B. A. Fanning last week.

Meat and everything is very high here. Look out for heavy taxes.

Mr. and Mrs. Dougall Dingman of Florida, are at Fair Hall, guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Dingman.

The Misses Mills of Belleville, also Mr. and Mrs. Sam Mills, of Chicago, are at Wellington for a time.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hallingwait of Picton, was at Mill's Cottage a day last week.

Tag day again at this place on the 17th.

Miss Bell and others from Belleville, are at Mrs. Chisholm's.

Mrs. Backus of Belleville, also Mrs. Vanderwater and Mrs. Walker of Winnipeg, called in town last week.

A number of boarders have arrived at Hotel Alexandria.

Mr. Fred Tice of Oshawa, is in town.

Mrs. McCurdy and child from Stirling, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Bull over Sunday.

We had a nice shower one evening this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Osborne and son and daughter have returned to Chicago after a visit here.

A number of our soldiers were at home on Sunday.

Mrs. Mark Cross, of Roblin's Mills, has returned to Mrs. T. H. Young's home on Maple avenue.

Miss Mary Minns, of Madoc, is at Picton on a visit.

Miss Lillian and Susie Ferguson was at Smithfield the past week.

**PHILLIPSTON.**

The farmers are very busy with their harvest and all report an abundance of hay, but the prospects for grain are not quite as good and a shower now and again would add to the quality and quantity.

A number from here were among the spectators when the colors were presented to the 155th at Belleville, on July 29th.

We are glad to learn that Miss Lena Phillips has returned from the hospital where she has been for a number of weeks.

Miss Edith Sayers was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. Ketcheson a few days last week. We are always glad to have Miss Edith with us at any time.

On Sunday evening a surprise was given to Mr. Wm. Styles and a purse was presented in honor of his khaki, and also the duties performed while on the battlefield at St. Julien where he won the distinguished service medal for bravery.

On Thursday afternoon Mrs. E. F. Comins, Mrs. F. Osborne, of Belleville, Mrs. Falconer of Harrisburg, and Miss Beryl, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. McKee and Miss Nicholson.

Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Mylkes. It's a son.

Miss Leah Phillips is now spending her holidays with parents and friends in this vicinity.

We are glad to learn that little Miss Mary Caldwell is improving after

**CASTORIA**  
 For Infants and Children  
 In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer*

**BAYSIDE.**

Alkens W. M. S. were at-home to Bayside and Wellbridge W. M. S. on Wednesday. A splendid programme was given by the following ladies: Mrs. Massey was in the chair. Mrs. Massey is honorary district organizer. Mrs. Mowatt gave an excellent paper on missionary work. Scripture reading was given by Mrs. Lloyd, and Mrs. Grills, and prayer was offered by Mrs. Gilbert. A solo was given by Miss Moon, reading by Miss C. Lane, Solo by Mrs. F. Alkens by request, reading by Mrs. Parord, the Watch Tower by several ladies, reading by little Miss Grills, a duet was sung very sweetly by two of the ladies, a short address by the pastor Rev. Mr. Sharp, after which they retired to the refreshment room to partake of a very dainty lunch served by the ladies of Alkens church. Every one voted it to be a splendid meeting. There was a large turnout from all three churches.

Mr. Everett Reid and family motored over from across the line to visit their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hogle.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ketcheson and daughter Edith have gone to spend a week at Duck Island.

Miss Stella Wilson, Miss Susie Brown and Miss Queenie Gardner called on Miss Edith Ketcheson last week.

Miss Marie Brown has returned home after visiting Miss Edna Barker on the Second.

Miss Alice Wilson is visiting her sister Miss Wilson at the Kingston Hospital.

Mrs. R. Hunt, Mrs. L. Wilson, Mrs. M. Way have gone to Kingston to visit their aunt.

The Bayside Women's Institute are holding a lawn social on Wednesday Aug. 16 on the school house lawn for Red Cross work.

Master Emery Carr was visiting his cousin Miss Kathleen Carr.

Mr. F. Wilson, Miss Pauline Sables and Miss Q. Gardner, also Mr. Arthur Langdon, Miss S. Wilson and Miss S. Brown drove to Belleville on Sunday evening.

Mrs. F. Gardner had a very bad fall on Saturday evening which may lay her up for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Bolton spent Sunday on the York Road.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Haddrell motored to Picton on Sunday. They report having had a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Gay from the 4th spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Burke last week.

Miss Pauline Sables has returned home after spending a week with Miss Queenie Gardner.

Mrs. Wm. Haddrell spent Thursday with Mrs. F. Gardner.

Prof. Taylor and Miss Taylor and Mrs. (Dr.) Jacques spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Gardner.

Mr. D. Gunn and Miss E. Sandercock spent Sunday evening in Belleville.

**CARMEL.**

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Vanderwaters were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Van-alien of Plainfield on Sunday last.

Master Earle Gilbert spent Saturday with Mrs. J. Robinson, of Corbyville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pitman took tea with Mr. C. Pitman, Foxboro, last Sunday.

Mr. Ed. Clarke of Peterborough is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Sam Clark.

Mrs. C. Reid and daughter Wanda, spent the week-end with friends in Trenton.

Mrs. C. Garrison, of Bethany, spent Sunday at E. S. Gilbert's.

Mrs. J. Symons is visiting her daughter Mrs. Black Pitman.

Miss Leah Gilbert spent last week with her friend Miss Minnie Ketcheson, Zion Hill.

Mr. Seldon Homan visited friends at Zion Hill on Sunday last.

Mr. Long, of Peterborough, is visiting at Mr. Albert Riss'.

**WINNERS OF HOME GARDEN CONTEST.**

Of the 25 competitors in the Home Garden Contest in Hastings County, under the direction of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, all of whom were given blue print plans of their gardens and the seeds, plants, etc., for the same, 18 might be said to be fairly successful, with 10 of these scoring 80 per cent and upwards. The prize winners are:

1st.—Irvin Ray, S. S. 12, Hunt-ington, 95 per cent., prize \$5.00.  
 2nd.—Fred Farney, S. S. 1, Raw-don, 91 per cent., prize \$3.00.  
 3rd.—Roy Pope, S. S. 12, Sidney, 87 1-2 per cent., prize \$2.00.

The extreme of wet and dry dis-couraged some of the boys, but every-body's garden, this year, seems more than usually infested with weeds.

**Asthma Victims.** The man or woman subject to asthma is indeed a victim. What can be more terrifying than to suddenly be seized with paroxysms of choking which seem to fairly threaten the existence of life itself. From such a condition Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought many to com-pletely restored health and happiness. It is known and prized in every sec-tion of this broad land.

**LIEUT. BAKER HOME.**

With the French Croix de Guerre and the Military Medal pinned to his breast for bravery on the field, Lieut. Edwin A. Baker, F. E., arrived in Kingston on Saturday and was met by his father who conducted him to his home in Collins Bay. Lieut. Baker lost the sight of both eyes while directing a working party in a communi-cation trench, which was subjected by the German enfilading fire.

Lt. E. A. Baker at one time at-tended school at Farrott's Bay near Bath, when Mr. W. D. M. Shorey, of this city was schoolmaster there.

**IRON WORKS HEAD BECOMES BENEDICT.**

James Sloan Married in Chicago on July 27th—Honeymoon Begins Tuesday.

James W. Sloan, President and General Manager of the Oklahoma Iron Works, the largest institution of its kind in the Southwest, was married on July 27th, in Chicago, to Miss Mary Rose Quick, of Brighton, Ont., Canada. News of the event came as a surprise to Mr. Sloan's many friends in Tulsa. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley D. Quick.

Miss Margaret Purcell, of St. Catharines, Ont., Canada, was bridesmaid, and Mr. H. A. Triplet, of Tulsa, Okla., home, best man.

The couple leaves tonight for a trip of about a month's duration. They will go first to Vancouver, British Columbia, and later through the States of Washington, and Yellow Stone Park. Upon their return here they will reside in Mr. Sloan's beautiful home at Fourth and Cheyenne—From Tulsa Daily World, Aug. 5th, 1916.

**SOMETHING WITH A KICK.**

There was a man in our town last week for a few days and he became thirsty for something stronger than water, so he tried a couple of glasses of "two and a half per cent. beer," but it gave him "terrible pains" in the chest, so his next visit was to a drug store for something with a kick in it. The druggist was a very stubborn man and would not sell him the remedy asked for. Then, "dye know," he said, "I tried five cents worth of peppermint, and they fixed me all right." We have heard complaints about that local option stuff before, so here is a simple remedy. Wonder how it would do to put peppermint in the beer?—Uxbridge Journal.

**WARNING TO SMOKERS.**

Last Saturday a man driving along Ontario St., (Sand Road) carelessly threw a lighted match in the dry grass on the roadside after lighting his pipe. Before the dust from his rig had settled Mrs. John Tinson discovered that the grass was ablaze, and working rapidly along the grain in an adjacent field. Water happened to be near at hand and by the use of soaked sacks after a hard fight Mr.

**500 PAIRS OF SOCKS**

Sent to French Soldiers by Women of Belleville.

The result of the sock shower held recently in the armourees was that five hundred pairs of socks were sent by the women of Belleville to the French soldiers.

**Sinclair's** THIS WEEK YOU CAN BUY **Sinclair's**  
**Ladies' and Misses' Palm Beach Suits**  
**at HALF PRICE**

**\$11.50 Suits selling for \$5.75**

12.50	"	"	"	6.25
14.50	"	"	"	7.25
16.50	"	"	"	8.25
17.50	"	"	"	8.75

There is no reserve. Every Palm Beach Suit in our store is clearing at HALF PRICE, Ladies' sizes 36 to 40 bust measure, Misses sizes 16 and 18 years.

See These Suits in Our Window  
**Sinclair's Half Price Suit Sale**

**MARKET WAS LARGE TO-DAY**

**High Price of Pork—Butter a Little Advanced—Green Corn Offerings—Apples Plentiful**

Farmers and citizens were numerous at Belleville market this morning. Yesterday's downpour has kept the men off the land and as a consequence the presence of agriculturists in town was quite marked.

Produce was plentiful and in season. Yet some prices were rather advanced.

Berries which have been the center of attraction for six weeks past are today small in the quantity offered. Blueberries selling at 10c, blackberries at 15c and black currants at 15c make up the sales. Purchasing seemed slow in comparison with the July competition for berries.

Hogs have come into their own on the market or are "hogging" more than passing attention. The high prices for live hogs, namely \$12.00 and \$12.25, and for dressed hogs at \$16.50 per cwt. have caused advances in the price of hams. These porkers many of them well grown and advanced were held at \$12 to \$15 per pair. The offerings were large, a good share of the north side of McAnnamay street being given over to the pigsties.

Beef is dull at \$12.25 to \$12.50 for hinds. All the lamb that is brought into town is eagerly bought up by the butchers at 22c per pound.

Fish is still a heavy seller on warrin days. Salmon and white fish from Lake Ontario are brought in on Thursdays and Saturdays and sold at 12c per pound, which is considerably less than the price of meats.

Tomatoes have made their advent although the price is high, 15c per box or two for 25c. A considerable quantity was offered by the market gardeners at this figure.

Green corn although held at 20c per dozen today proved popular. Corn is quite small yet.

Eggs are going at 28c to 30c per dozen, while butter is high at 33c to 35c. Both were fairly plentiful.

The manipulation of the wheat market in Chicago has made itself felt here a little. Wheat is now quoted at 95c to \$1.00. Oats remain at 55c wholesale.

Hides are selling at 13c to 14c. Lamb pelts are a little lighter at 50c.

**MARKET WAS LARGE TO-DAY**

One dollar and a quarter was the price asked for chickens by the pair. This would figure out at considerably beyond twenty-two cents per pound, although the birds were fairly large and well nourished for this early time. Ducklings, cut off in the very morn of their youth, were quoted at \$1.25.

A distinct aroma of harvest apples pervaded the market square. As one walked up and down the pavements, the Canadian apple seemed everywhere in all stages of ripeness. The quotation was 20c per peck.

Potatoes generally sold at 50c per peck, although one farmer was holding a salient at 60c per peck. His price was rather lonely.

Vegetables were as plentiful as the hail could desire. Beets, carrots, onions, radishes, cabbages, beans, all held the stage at popular figures. Cucumbers have declined in price but grown in size. They are now sold at three for five cents.

Hay is slow. Ten dollars was today's market price by the ton. Baled hay is quiet at \$14 per ton offered.

**FIRE DESTROYED LANDMARK**

**Sidney Residence Prey to Flames—Spark From Engine Cause.**

Fire supposed to have originated from the spark of a passing train destroyed an old landmark on the second of Sidney township about two miles west of the city on Sunday, namely the residence of Mr. A. Thompson. So fast did the flames spread that only a few articles could be saved from the dwelling which was entirely burned. Mr. Thompson had \$850 insurance on the building and \$300 on the contents. The farm is known as the old Duxstator farm and the building was one of the oldest in the township.

**FANNIE WARD AT GRIFFIN'S ON MONDAY**

No star of the legitimate stage, who has entered in the greater field of photoplay acting, has achieved within so short a time, the extraordinary success that has come to Fannie Ward, the famous American comedienne. She is now the star in the Paramount picture, "For the Defense," produced by the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Company and written by Hector and Margaret Turnbull, which is to be exhibited at Griffin's Opera House on Monday and Tuesday evenings.

This will mark Miss Ward's fourth Lasky production. Her first was the comedy photoplay, "The Marriage of Kitty," and then in succession followed "The Cheat," the sensation of the year; "Tennessee's Partner," and now "For the Defense."

In this production Miss Ward will appear as a petite French girl who, coming to this country as a stranger, is suddenly thrown into the midst of a great tragedy. By accident she becomes the sole witness to a murder for which a young man, unknown to her until he later assists her, is accused. When this man, who has kept secret from her his true identity, is later accused of crime, none but the little French girl is able to prove his innocence. The scenes of "For the Defense," are laid in New York and in the beautiful West. It is a story of great suspense from beginning to end. The double resurrection which is the title of the 15th episode of "The Iron Claw series will also be exhibited, along with a program of refined comedies.

**SUDDEN DEATH OF E. M. SMITH**

**Well Known Carter Passed Away Suddenly This Morning.**

Elias McPherson Smith, who has for many years been engaged in Belleville in the cartage business died quite suddenly this morning at his home, 13 Foundry street. Mr. Smith who was known to his friends as "Mack" Smith, had not been in the best of health for some years and had not been very actively engaged in his business. This morning he arose in his usual health apparently and had done some chores. About 9 o'clock he complained of a pain in his back. Mrs. Smith gave him a remedy, but at a time when he passed away in about twenty minutes. A physician was summoned and he diagnosed that death was due to heart failure.

The late Mr. Smith was 73 years of age. He attended the Salvation Army. Mr. Nelson Smith is a son and Mrs. Bowen is a daughter. F. W. Floyd Smith of this city is a grandson.

**CATERPILLER PEST.**

A large species of caterpillar has appeared on some of the trees of West Belleville and entirely denuded them of foliage. The new comers are about two inches in length and breed in colonies similar to the tent caterpillar, but are much larger than that variety. Butternut and walnut seem to be the favorite fodder for the rapacious crawlers. Two walnut trees in Mr. T. Blackburn's lawn have been entirely stripped of leaves.

**POLICE WANT TO PLAY.**

The Constabulary of Belleville have issued a challenge to the married barbers of the city to a game of baseball on August 23rd.

**News**

**CAMPBELL**

At the board of education evening last Monday, B.A., of Madoc, was principal of Campbellton a salary of \$1,800.

Lieut. C. S. Stewart, T. J. Hume, who are recruiting depot here, best endeavors to a of the 235th Batt. cult at present to g to the urgent need of es of industry, we the officers have s from quite a numbe join later on in the s

A sad occurrence Healey Falls on week when Ivan Cro 20 years of age, lost ing. A party of friends came over to Healey the afternoon, and young men, Messrs. and Crowe went in dinner. They went d pier in front of Mr. Crowe, who was not jumped off in deep boat on coming to the water, but was unab ing the danger in w lon was, Barlow wa and in his attempt, he himself drowni came to his assistan save his life. Meant while was present drowing. Much sym the grief-stricken fa A feeling of gloo cast over this commu mourning when the s nounced that Pte. F. Williams died from a France. Mrs. William sage on Friday date ing that her husba wounded while pr throwing in France in the General Hosp the following day t his death. Pte. Will English regular bei the Royal Army Me he left England ten was a Londoner by family he came to about ten years ago a played in various li tery being an emp Company. He enlis battalion September in the same month son-in-law, Albert he same battalion. member of the Ang a memorial service Sunday morning at He was a member of der of Foresters. Bes Jack Williams of the wife and two daugh Cowan and Miss Mau have been flying at the news came in toke feeling of sympathy zens for the bereave

We copy the follow Peterborough Review Peterborough citize today on their civic he able to go to Lake On if they have the notio ent plans of the G. T. ment engineers do no

The Government ha rangements for a qu tion of the present b riever at Campbellfo structure to a regulati so that the traffic fro to the upper waters w be impeded.

The Hamilton Brid contract for the new w will be ready for th when the traffic closes G. T. R. Saturday nigh In the meantime th of underconstructive a ded to by the govern engineers.

Not a hitch in the pl is looked for, and the per waters of the Tren cleared away for mo and pleasure craft.—T

**HUNTINGDON**

Moir meeting present. The min meeting were read.

An affidavit was rec Norman for sheep kil adopted; motion, was ordered p An affidavit was re Gary for sheep being motion was ordered p A communication from the General Hosp motion was laid over meeting of the Council

A by-law was introc through its severa levy a sum or sums s The following accou

News Notes From the Countryside

CAMPBELLFORD

At the board of education on Thursday evening last Mr. T. E. Moffatt, B.A., of Madoc, was engaged as principal of Campbellford High School at a salary of \$1,800.

Lieut. C. S. Stewart and Sergeant T. J. Hume, who are in charge of the recruiting depot here are using their best endeavors to add to the number of the 235th Batt. While it is difficult at present to get recruits owing to the urgent need of men in all classes of industry, we understand that the officers have secured promises from quite a number that they will join later on in the season.

A sad occurrence took place at Healey Falls on Thursday of last week when Ivan Crowe, a young man 20 years of age, lost his life by drowning. A party of friends from Havelock came over to Healey Falls to spend the afternoon, and three of the young men, Messrs. Whitley, Barlow and Crowe went in swimming after dinner. They went out in a boat to a pier in front of Mr. R. Keller's and jumped off in deep water. Young Crowe, who was not a good swimmer jumped off intending to catch the boat on coming to the surface of the water, but was unable to do so. Seeing the danger in which his companion was, Barlow went to his rescue and in his attempt to bring him up was himself drowning when Whitley came to his assistance just in time to save his life. Meantime young Crowe was drowned. He is an only son. His mother was present at the time of the drowning. Much sympathy is felt for the grief-stricken family.

A feeling of gloom was suddenly cast over this community on Saturday morning when the sad news was announced that Pte. Harry James Williams died from an accident while in France. Mrs. Williams received a message on Friday dated Aug. 2nd, stating that her husband was seriously wounded while practising bomb-throwing in France and that he was in the General Hospital at Havre. On the following day the news came of his death. Pte. Williams was an old English regular being connected with the Royal Army Medical Corps until he left England ten years ago. He was a Londoner by birth. With his family he came to Campbellford about ten years ago and had been employed in various lines of work, latterly being an employee of the Purp Company. He enlisted in the 59th battalion September 6th, 1915 and in the same month his son Jack, and son-in-law, Albert K. Cowan, joined the same battalion. Deceased was a member of the Anglican church and a memorial service will be held next Sunday morning at Christ Church. He was a member of the Ancient Order of Foresters. Besides his son, Pte. Jack Williams of the 59th Batt, his wife and two daughters, Mrs. (Pte.) Cowan and Miss Maude survive. Flags have been flying at half-mast since the news came in token of the general feeling of sympathy felt by our citizens for the bereaved ones.

We copy the following from the Peterborough Review of Monday last: Peterborough citizens a week from today on their civic holiday, will be able to go to Lake Ontario by water. If they have the notion, and the present plans of the G. T. R. and government engineers do not miscarry. The Government has completed arrangements for a quick transformation of the present bridge across the river at Campbellford from a fixed structure to a regulation swing bridge so that the traffic from Lake Ontario to the upper waters will never again be impeded.

The Hamilton Bridge Co. have the contract for the new swing, and it will be ready for the iron workers when the traffic closes down on the G. T. R. Saturday night.

In the meantime the minor details of underconstructive are being attended to by the government and railway engineers.

Not a hitch in the plans as arranged is looked for, and the way to the upper waters of the Trent system will be cleared away for merchant vessels and pleasure craft.—The Herald.

HUNTINGDON COUNCIL

Moirs, July 31, 1916. The Council met, all members being present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and on motion an affidavit was received from A. Norman for sheep killed which, on adopted.

Two walnut motion, was ordered paid.—\$33.35. An affidavit was received from W. Gary for sheep being killed which on motion was ordered paid.—\$10.00. A communication was received from the General Hospital which on motion was laid over until the next meeting of the Council.

A by-law was introduced and passed through its several readings to levy a sum or sums sufficient to meet the demands for the year. The following accounts were order-

ed to be paid:— Robt. Rollins, bridge covering . . . . . \$99.32 A. Norman, sheep killed . . . . . 33.35 W. Gary, sheep killed . . . . . 10.00 Binding Roll and Exp. . . . . 1.10 Councillors' pay . . . . . 12.50 Moved by Mitts, seconded by Geen, that the Council adjourn until first Monday in October.

D. L. FLEMING, Clerk.

STIRLING.

Miss Louise Fleming, of Belleville, is visiting at Mrs. W. S. Martin's. Mr. C. F. Bailey, B.S.A., Assistant Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Toronto, was in town on Thursday of last week.

Miss M. M. Laing, B.A., formerly of the local High School staff, has been appointed principal of the Streetsville High School.

Mr. Wm. Kerr, B.S.A., Maritime representative of the Poultry Division Ottawa, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McIntosh one day last week.

Mr. W. G. Heath and bride, of Edmonton, Alberta, arrived here last evening, and were given a reception at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. U. Heath.

Mrs. H. V. Hoover received a telegram from Ottawa on Tuesday stating that Private Thos. Young of the 39th Batt., was dangerously wounded on Sunday, Aug. 6th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Ashley, Bessele and Miss Maud Ward motored to Belleville and took in the excursion run by steamer Brockville to Deseronto on Civic holiday.

Miss Lillian MacIntyre, for two and a half years assistant in the High School here, has received appointment to the principalship of North Augusta Continuation School.

Lieut. T. Hume Bissonnette, of the 95th Sask. Rifles, Regina, leaves on Saturday to attend the infantry school of instruction at Barriefield Camp, to qualify for his captain's certificate. Miss Annie T. Hume, B.A., who taught school last year in Beaverton Continuation School, has accepted a position on the staff of the New Lis-kard Continuation School, to begin on Sept. 5th.

On Wednesday, August 4th, a quiet marriage was celebrated at the Methodist parsonage, Frankford, by Rev. J. D. P. Knox. Mr. David Gilbert Hanna, of River Valley, and Miss Minnie Estella Reynolds being the contracting parties. They were accompanied by Mr. Marvin Cooney, of Stirling, and Miss Lloyd, of North Bay. Immediately after the ceremony all motored to Belleville, where Mr. and Mrs. Hanna would take the train for Toronto and Niagara Falls, where a short honeymoon will be spent.

After a lengthy illness, Mr. John W. Brown passed away on Saturday morning last. He was born in Norwood, Nov. 21, 1856, but had spent the greater part of his life in Stirling, having been in business here for over 30 years, working up from a small beginning until he had one of the largest and best appointed boot and shoe stores in the county. He was one of Stirling's most respected citizens, and will be missed in the community. He leaves two daughters, Misses Florence and Ella, and one sister, now living in the United States, Mrs. J. E. Paddy. He was a member of Stirling Lodge I.O.O.F., and of L.O.L. No. 110, and also of the Chosen Friends, and was a member of the official board of the Methodist church.

The funeral took place on Monday last and was largely attended, service being conducted at the house by Rev. S. F. Dixon. The funeral was under the auspices of the Odd Fellows, a large number of members of the order being in attendance. During the funeral all the shops and stores in the village were closed.—News Argus.

MADOC.

Mr. Bruce McEain, of Belleville, is spending the holidays at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam McGuire of Belleville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Ketcheson, of Sidney, last Sunday motored to Moira lake to visit at "Kilcare camp."

The Misses M. Palmer, of the Madoc High School, and L. Rollins, of Cooper, have arrived home from Belleville, Trenton and Wellington.

Mr. A. Y. Snyder, manager of the Bank of Commerce, returned on Saturday after a two-weeks' holiday recreating in the province of Quebec and as far west as Toronto.

Rev. John Connell of Newcastle, is holidaying at Moira Lake and in the absence of Rev. W. B. Tucker, will conduct the services in the Methodist church here for the next two Sundays.

Mr. Miles Hoover had a serious accident a few weeks ago as a result of a runaway by a spirited team while ploughing. After partially recovering Mr. Hoover was taken to Belleville hospital on Saturday and operated on and an internal abscess re-

moved. The latest reports are that he is in a serious condition. Last week, for the first time this summer, the staff and students of the Madoc Summer Model School, observed the Thursday half-holiday.

At a suggestion from the teachers some of the citizens of Madoc showed in a tangible fashion their interest in Madoc's newest industry—the Summer School—by providing a number of automobiles to carry the students to Delora. Arrangements were made with Mr. Wright, the manager of the Delora Mining and Reduction Company, to have the students make a tour of the plant; and a delightful two hours were spent in viewing the processes there in operation.

Following the inspection the party re-entered the cars and went to Mar-mora for tea, returning to Madoc at a seasonable hour.

On Thursday night the most important matter before the village council was the striking of the tax rate for 1916. Owing to the greatly increased expenditures the past two years it became necessary to greatly increase the rate. Last year the rate was not increased to the sum of \$3,300 of a refund from the G.T.R. This sum was spent along with taxes. This year there was no such revenue and the expenses have all to be met out of the taxes. There was much reluctance on the part of the Reeve to strike so high a rate and several times pleaded for an adjournment hoping that perhaps further examination of the figures might give some improvement. However Councillors Atkins and Whytock were insistent that a rate must be struck that would pay all the years expenditures and not leave a deficit for next year. With the rate fixed at 34 1-2 mills it is expected that taxes will pay off all current indebtedness and leave a clean sheet for 1917. During the discussion Reeve Tufts offered considerable criticism of the methods of the High School Board as they required a requisition from the village considerable in excess of the actual amount involved. This surplus is refunded to the village at the end of the year but in the meantime the village must pay the bank 6 per cent, while the school board receives only 3 per cent. This is apparently unavoidable as the next expenditures cannot be accurately estimated in advance.—The Review.

TWEED.

Mr. Thos. Donohue who recently left for Orangeville to conduct a movie theatre has completed his arrangements there and will open up business this week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Casey and children accompanied by Mrs. W. J. O'Sullivan and children of Belleville, spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Gabourie, Queensboro.

Messrs. Jos. Rashotte and Peter Laberge have been in Flinton for several weeks engaged in building operations. This week they expect to complete a new frame residence for Mr. Francis Lessard near the village.

Some good catches of pickerel and bass have been reported during the past week. A resident of Sulphide has beaten last week's marksmen record, having captured a 15 pounder.

Reports from the lake on Wednesday has the fishing stocks of our good old lake soaring. A party of three gentlemen reports 17 pickerel as a result of three hours fishing while another party reports a catch of 14 bass and a number of pickerel. The capture of two lunge weighing 15 and 16 1-2 pounds respectively is also added to the list. Bass fishing was never so good in the history of the oldest inhabitant and is probably accounted for from the fact that several years ago the lake was stocked with a hatch from the government hatchery, and we are informed by the local Overseer of Game and Fisheries that another consignment of bass from the hatchery was received today and deposited in the lake.

The first threshing of the season is reported from the farm of Mr. Thos. Meraw where one afternoon this week Mr. Fred Sedore put through the separator over 300 bushels of No. 1 fall wheat. This yield was taken from an eight-acre field and is considered a record crop. Before the threshing was completed the entire output was bought up by the Deseronto Milling Co., at \$1 per bushel, the price asked by the owner, and delivery was made this week. In this report we not only see evidence of a good crop but we also fully realize how fortunate the farmers are in having located in their midst such a concern as the above named company where they can dispose of their grain crops without the convenience of long hauls or troubles of shipping. The mills are an asset to Tweed that would spell ruin to our community if dispensed with and should be given preference by the farmers in all their dealings in this line.

When bringing the cattle from the field one day last week Nelson Trudeau, son of Mr. Mitchell Trudeau, of

Hungerford, had an experience that might have resulted seriously, but fortunately he escaped with a few bruises and a slight shaking up. He had been working with a team and was astride one of the horses and leading the other, driving the cattle ahead of him and when crossing the bridge that spans the river on the farm the structure gave way precipitating several head of cattle, the horses and the boy into the stream. Below there was about 3 feet of a drop and while the water was not over 3 feet deep, eliminating immediate danger from that source, the bed of the river is very rough with boulders and it would almost appear incredible that the accident could happen without some broken bones at least. As it was he was plinned in so that he could not get out until his cries for help attracted attention and he was extricated from his perilous position.—The Advocate.

BANCROFT.

The children of St. Paul's Sunday school and their parents and friends held their annual picnic at Baptist.

Mr. F. Mullett, whose illness caused his family and friends a good deal of anxiety last week, has so far recovered as to be able to sit up.

Dr. Embury is expected to arrive in Ottawa on the 11th. He will likely remain there for a couple of days and come on to Bancroft about the first of the week.

Nearly an inch of rain fell in this section on Tuesday. It was badly needed. Had the dry spell continued much longer the root crop would have been a failure.

Mr. Wm. O'Neill of Rainy River, is spending his holidays with his brother, Mr. Mytes J. O'Neill, of Faraday. He is accompanied by his mother.

The Presbyterian and Methodist church will unite for holidays on Aug. 20 and 27. Both services will be conducted by Mr. Frank in the Methodist church.

Mr. James Park passed away on Sunday afternoon July 16th, after a long illness due to leakage of the heart, at his home, Ormsby. He was a most cheerful, patient sufferer. All his brothers and sisters were with him at the last, except Frank and Mrs. B. W. Gerow of Halbrife, Sask.—The Times.

TRENTON.

Miss L. Sansom is visiting friends in Belleville and Point Anne.

Pte. Fred Clarke was in Belleville yesterday.

Dr. J. W. and Mrs. Crews motored over from Rochester, N.Y., and are spending a few days with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Turney of Toronto and Mrs. Thos. Burt, of Shannonville are in town this week attending the obsequies of the late Mrs. George Burt.

From the Los Angeles Examiner we learn with regret of the death in that city on August 1st inst., of Mr. George A. Smith, a former well-known and esteemed citizen of Trenton.

The I.O.D.E. Governor Simcoe Chapter are working at the Red Cross supplies every Tuesday afternoon in the Town Hall. All those interested are welcomed. The afternoon teas discontinued until fall.

The Board of Education has secured an option on land in East Trenton for High School purposes and is ready to proceed with the erection of a new High School as soon as the money is furnished. The site has been approved by the Department of Education. The whole matter will be discussed at a public meeting of the ratepayers next Monday evening in the Town Hall and it is to be hoped the ratepayers will attend and take part in the discussion. At the same time new industrial propositions will be considered. We trust there will be a large attendance.—The Advocate.

DESERONTO.

Mr. Fred Froste Belleville is spending the week-end in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Henry of Belleville, spending their holidays with Mrs. Henry's parents, left on Saturday for their home.

The tax rate for Deseronto is not high as in other nearby towns. The rate for this year is Nepanee 34 mills, Belleville 32 3-10 mills, Deseronto 32 5-10 mills.

Dominion Hardware Limited are erecting a portable sawmill east of their old plant, with which to saw into lumber the several thousand logs piled on their yards.

Bass fishing is quite good this season at the lighthouse. A number of local anglers went angling on Wednesday with good results. Mr. Geo. Houle and party caught about 23 and another party caught over the twenty mark.

The Standard Ideal Plant, Port Hope, has been sold to L. M. Wood, president of the Standard Chemical Company and his associates. The new company will take possession at once and in addition to carrying on the present line of business may engage in

RITCHIE'S AUGUST:—A MONTH OF CLEAN UP SALES ON ALL SUMMER GOODS. Absolute Clearance Of All Our Summer Dresses And Palm Beach Suits At Half Price. Reg. Prices From \$2.98 to \$18.50 Clearing at From \$1.50 to \$9.00. Price 1-2. This startling offer embraces every summer dress both white and colored and every Palm Beach Suit in stock, not old undesirable garments, but all New York importations for this seasons selling. There are several dozen pretty Dresses included in the offer also 12 Palm Beach Suits and many of them will be displayed in the windows tomorrow for your seeing. Just think of securing a \$10.00 or \$15.00 pretty wash Dress at just Half that amount or at \$10.00 Palm Beach Suit at \$5.00 those are just examples of the Savings awaiting you in the Half Price Dress Sale. Price 1-2. A New Shipment of Slightly Damaged Linen Table Cloths. Sale of Summer Millinery Your Choice of any Straw Shape 95c. This does not mean odd undesirable shapes, but includes every remaining Straw shape, both Black and Colored, they are all this seasons and sold regularly up to \$6.00, final clearing price 95c. Panama Outing Hats \$1.39. There are still many of these wonderful Panama Hat Values left at this price they are made of genuine Panamas in medium size shapes and every one a Bargain at \$1.39. Your Choice of any Trimmed Hat \$2.75. Store Closed Wednesday at Noon. The RITCHIE Company Limited. manufacture of shells. Sneak thieves are quite busy about the water front of late and several small, though not worthless articles have been commandeered from boats owned by residents. On Saturday evening last a boat lantern was stolen from Mr. N. D. Carter's launch. The party is known, and if the lantern is not returned by Saturday evening prosecution will follow.—The Post. AUTOIST WAS SPEEDING. A Belleville autoist was detected speeding last night. His machine is declared to have been making thirty-five or forty miles per hour.

# News Notes From the Countryside

## BIG ISLAND

Pte. Harold E. Cobourne of the 155th battalion of Barfield Camp at Kingston is spending a few weeks at his home here.

M. and Mrs. Arthur Vitler of Bethesda, spent Sunday at Mr. Wm. Vitler's.

Mr. H. Moran is visiting friends at Detroit.

The Women's Institute met at Mrs. H. Moran's on Tuesday last.

Mrs. Sweeney of Syracuse is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Thurston.

A number from this vicinity went to Picton on Thursday.

## BIG ISLAND

Miss Ida Pitman of Plainfield is the guest of Miss Nellie Cunningham.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Mills, of Shannonville spent the week-end visiting here.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wager and Mr. and Mrs. T. Carr spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Wager.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wardner entertained friends on Sunday.

Miss Kathleen Warren of Chicago is the guest of Miss Irene Barragar.

Pte. H. E. Cobourne is home for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Sidney Fox is spending this week at her home in Brighton.

## FRANKFORD

Mr. Mac Bowen of New York, arrived home on Tuesday to visit his mother and sister, Mrs. and Miss Bowen.

The members of the Methodist S.S. held their annual picnic on the island belonging to the Trent River Paper Co., on Wednesday.

Mr. Jas. Johnson and Miss Lela Meyers attended the Morrow-Hagerity wedding on Wednesday, Aug. 9th.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Miller, Mrs. Mac Rostie and Eleanor and Misses Gladys and Muriel Clarke arrived home from camping on Thursday.

Miss Irene Herrington of Toronto is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. G. Sarles and other friends in town.

The funeral of Mrs. Jas. Sharpe was held on Friday afternoon from the home of her son-in-law, Mr. J. Bartley, service being held in Stockdale church and interment in the cemetery there.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bell took in the excursion to Rochester on Tuesday.

Miss Anita Corey went to Belleville to visit friends on Friday.

Mrs. W. W. Pettit and her mother, Mrs. Peter Murray arrived home on Thursday after visiting friends in St. Catharines and Niagara.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Windover and family motored to Queensboro on Sunday, spending the day there.

Rev. and Mrs. McMillan of Lindsay were calling on old friends and neighbors on Monday afternoon.

## NILES CORNERS

The weather is some cooler since the recent beautiful showers which were duly appreciated by all.

A number from here attended the show at Picton on Thursday the 10th.

Miss Alma Reid, of Melville, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Harry Dafoe.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Ellis spent a recent Sunday at Wellington guests of Mr. David Spring and his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan went to Picton on Wednesday.

Mr. Herbie Pettinelli spent Sunday with relatives at Wellington.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ellis entertained company on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud McCartney and children, Rose Hall, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. Anwell Ready is very sick with typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Cruckshanks and children of Melville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Ellis on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Way and son, of Little Kingston, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Ryan on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dafoe and little son Herman visited relatives at Melville on Sunday.

Mrs. Ben. Ellis, also Mrs. Fred Ellis were quite under the weather last week but are better now.

Mrs. F. H. Mease is away visiting relatives at Belleville, Trenton and other places at present.

## VICTORIA

Threshing is the order of the day. Church was well attended on Sunday. With much pleasure we listened to Rev. Mr. Johnson, of U.S.A., who at the request of the pastor and the congregation gave us a splendid sermon. Rev. and Mrs. Johnson then favored us with a solo which was very much enjoyed by all.

We have no church service for a few Sundays. Rev. Mr. Edwards is taking his vacation.

Our Sunday School intend holding their picnic at Twelve O'Clock Point on Saturday, Aug. 26. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bryant and child-

ren, of Gilead, and Mr. and Mrs. D. Vandervoort, of Wellington, motored up and took tea at Mr. Lorne Brickman's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. McConnel and two sons, also Miss McConnel, of Bigh-ton, motored down and took dinner at Mr. Norman Weese's. They were entertained at Mr. J. F. Weese's in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanton Fox, Mrs. A. Lont and Miss Vera Brickman called at Mr. J. Howell's on Sunday evening.

Master A. Pulver is visiting his grandpa for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Andra, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Redner motored to Trenton on Thursday evening.

There was a large attendance at the funeral of Baby Elton Hubbs on Thursday. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Stoneburg took dinner at Mr. W. Loveless' and tea at Mr. David Calnan's on Sunday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson and son, also Mrs. Irwin and family of U.S.A., and Mr. and Mrs. Percy Dench of Carrying Place, were Sunday guests at Mr. Morton Weese's.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Crouter Sundayed at Mr. H. Lamb's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Sager, Miss Bessie Sager and friend spent Sunday at Mr. Will Hubb's.

Mr. Henry Wannamaker, of Consec-on, is visiting his brother, Mr. L. Wannamaker.

Miss Mae Sarrels, of Stirling, Mrs. Mary Vandervoort, Messrs. Geo. and Rob. Bush, of River Valley, motored over and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Brickman and Andra, and Mr. and Mrs. Everett Brickman spent Sunday evening at Mr. Morton Weese's.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Pearsall and friends, of Collingwood, will spend this week visiting at Messrs. Stanton and Rae Fox's.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hennessy spent Sunday at Mr. Sidney Hennessy's.

Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox and Vivian Sundayed at Mr. Edgar Redner's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sager visited at Mr. Geo. Sager's on Sunday.

Mrs. F. Brickman called at Mr. Rae Fox's on Sunday evening.

Sorry to report Miss Minnie Weese is on the sick list.

## HOLLOWAY

The weather is somewhat cooler than in the past. The farmers are very glad to have it so.

Miss Bessie Kelly was very ill with appendicitis last week. Pleased to report that she is convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Whaley, of Carrying Place, spent over Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. Rose.

Mrs. McInroy and daughter, Hazel, of Springbrook, spent a few days visiting at Mr. Walter Lidster's recently.

The stork visited at the homes of Mr. Sydney Bird and Mr. Willie Wilson and left baby boys last week.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. McCloud visited at Mr. R. Townsends last Sunday.

Several from this place attended the garden party at Zion Hill last Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. Hagen, (nee Ethel Hough), of Kitchener, is spending a few weeks here visiting her parents and friends.

Mrs. James Bushell, of Belleville, visited her son Seymour, last week.

The friends of the late Roy Simons were sorry to hear of his death. Roy left with the 80th Battalion for Overseas last spring.

Miss Bessie Scott and Mr. Harry Townsend took tea at the home of Mr. Will Cadman's last Sunday evening.

The farmers of this vicinity report a great shortage in the potato crop.

## HALSTON

A severe wind storm passed over this section last Monday night but no serious damage was done.

Quarterly Service was held at St. Pleasant on Sunday night.

Mr. S. Moutt, Misses Ethel and Margaret were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wager, of Napanee, on Sunday.

Rev. H. Seymour was calling in this neighborhood on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Goodman and son and family motored from Hay Bay on Sunday and spent the day at Mr. Wm. Goodman's.

Misses Margaret and Agnes Anderson, of Campbellford, visited at Mr. S. Moutt's last week.

Mrs. Snider and son Earl spent a few days with the former's sister Mrs. E. F. Barber.

Helen McCreary is visiting her friend Mary Maines of Latta.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Pascoe, of Oshawa, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. McCreary recently.

The W. M. S. met at the home of Mrs. Howe on Wednesday afternoon. A good number were present.

Mr. Mair, our former pastor, assisted Mr. Seymour with service on Sunday. His many friends were glad to see him again.

Mr. H. Goodman, of Hay Bay, has returned home after spending a week

with his brother Mr. Wm. Goodman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Anderson, of Consec-on, spent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. M. Boldrick, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Parks visited the former's brother Mr. E. Parks of Stoco, who is seriously ill.

## THIRD LINE THURLOW

The farmers have their fields dotted with stacks of hay besides having large quantities in their barns.

The recent rains have greatly improved late crops and pastures.

Farmers are quite pleased with the prices of pork and cheese. \$12.75 per hundred for pork and 18 cents a pound for cheese.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wilson of Cannifton, and Mrs. Wilson's sister, Prof. Doxsee's wife from Regina, were callers on Mr. and Mrs. A. Rutan one day recently.

We expect a good time at our annual picnic next week by excursion to Twelve O'Clock Point.

Prof. Doxsee, of Regina College, gave us a very interesting discourse at Bethany church last Sunday. We were pleased to hear him again.

Mrs. A. Rutan, Mrs. H. Wallbridge and Mrs. E. B. McKenzie were visitors at Mrs. Wm. McCreary's, Halston, one day last week.

Mr. Harold Beatty and Mr. J. Elliott have begun threshing with their outfits.

Fall wheat is turning out good and is a fine sample.

Mrs. Chas. Liddell, Mrs. A. Rutan and Mrs. E. B. McKenzie were the guests of Mrs. Wm. Latta one day last week.

Mr. O'Brien's fine barn is completed. Our cement man, Mr. Gilbert Clapp put in the floors.

## STOCKDALE

Mr. and Mrs. Norrie Roberts spent Sunday at Mr. Chas. Canase's.

Mrs. G. Sanborne and Mrs. W. Drew visited at Mr. H. Pitcher's on Wednesday.

The members of the Helping Hand Bible Class met at the home of Mr. E. W. Bates on Wednesday and presented Miss Minnie Loveless with a gold maple leaf brooch. Miss Loveless is leaving shortly for Rochester.

Mrs. Williamson and Mrs. Adams of Crookston, visited at Mr. J. Williamson's the past week.

Mrs. W. G. Bryant, has returned home after spending a couple of weeks with her grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Mills spent a few days visiting relatives in Prince Edward county last week.

Mrs. Thos. Farnsworth is visiting friends in Frankford.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Burd, of Stirling, called on friends here on Monday.

Mrs. Oliver, of Deseronto, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. Murphy.

Mrs. R. H. Liddle is spending a few days with her brother, Mr. O. Sine, at Napanee.

## AMELIASBURG

The ice cream social, which was held in the school house on Tuesday evening, Aug. 8th, was a decided success. The Red Cross ladies, under whose auspices the social was given, have every reason to be proud. Thirty-two dollars was the amount realized.

Several from this neighborhood attended the funeral of Mr. and Mrs. W. Hubb's baby at Victoria on Thursday last.

A goodly number of the Red Cross members attended the At-Home in Salem church last Wednesday afternoon given by the W.M.S. of Salem church. All enjoyed a pleasant and profitable time.

Mrs. Stephen Aleya, Bay City, Mich. have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Aleya for a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Clapp, Rednerville, spent Monday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Pulver.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Adams, Halleybury, are spending their holidays with Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Adams.

Mr. Holmes, a former school teacher here, is holidaying at Roy Dempsey's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Elvin, of Murray, spent Sunday at Mr. Wm. Elvin's.

A number from here motored to Presque Isle on Sunday.

Mrs. F. Bowerman and little daughter, Elrena, of Cornwall, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Irene Hopkins, of Toronto, spent last week with Misses L. and N. Rathbun.

## MELROSE

The patriotic social held under the auspices of the Women's Institute was well attended. People of all denominations responded readily to render all help possible in this needful cause. Rev. Mr. Mair accompanied by his captain gave brief but very interesting addresses on the duties and the requirements of the department which they were filling which was very interesting. Rev. Mr. Winter, of Shannonville, and Rev. Mr. Seymour, gave brief addresses after which the

programme closed with singing of the National Anthem. Proceeds were ninety-eight dollars.

Rev. Mr. Mair remained after the social for a few days visiting several homes of his former circuit.

Mr. Herald McKinney, who is at present at Valcartier, paid a flying visit to his parents last week.

Mr. William Colter, of Kingston, visited friends in this locality for a few days.

Miss Lenora Lauer, of Detroit, has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. John Morden for the past few weeks.

We wish to extend our sympathy to Mrs. Andrew Pringle who has recently been bereaved of a loving father.

Mrs. Bridgland, of Saskatoon, formerly of Melrose, made a short visit to Mr. Homer Demille's. All were delighted to see her again but sorry to think it was impossible for her to remain longer.

Mrs. Cranston and daughter, of Stirling, motored to the former's brother, Mr. Reuben Howard, on Saturday evening and remained over Sunday.

Pleased to report Mrs. Robt. Sherman is slowly recovering from another attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Roy Badgley and little girl, have been the guests of the Misses Marjorie and Jean Emmons for a few days.

Pleased to report that Mrs. Phillips Badgley is improving.

Sorry to report that Mr. Samuel Osborne remains much the same.

Miss Edna Lawrence, of Gilead, is visiting the Misses May and Pearl Morden for a few days.

Mr. Blake Glass is stopping with Henry Smith helping through the harvest.

## SHANNONVILLE

Mrs. D. Houston and children have returned to their home in Toronto.

Mrs. Lee, of Toronto, is visiting W. Pearsall.

Mrs. B. Hinchey has returned home after spending a couple of weeks with her daughter Mrs. Baldwin, of Burlington.

Mr. A. Farnsworth and family motored to Newburg on Sunday last.

Mrs. A. Cranston and children, of Tweed, spent a few days last week with Mrs. F. Palmer.

Miss L. Coulter, of Belleville, is spending a few days with Mrs. James Houston.

Quite a number from here attended the social at Melrose on Wednesday evening last.

Miss Susie MacFarlane has returned home after spending a couple of weeks with her grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Mills spent a few days visiting relatives in Prince Edward county last week.

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## S. S. NO. 18, AMELIASBURG

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Mr. Holmes, a former school teacher here, is holidaying at Roy Dempsey's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Elvin, of Murray, spent Sunday at Mr. Wm. Elvin's.

A number from here motored to Presque Isle on Sunday.

Mrs. F. Bowerman and little daughter, Elrena, of Cornwall, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Irene Hopkins, of Toronto, spent last week with Misses L. and N. Rathbun.

## MASSASSAGA

Mr. and Mrs. E. Ward and children of Stirling are spending their holidays at the latter's mother's and brother's.

Miss F. Card has returned home

# STRAW HATS at One Half Price

Starting to day we are clearing out all our Men's Straw Sailor Hats at exactly one half the original price. Plenty of hot weather yet, and now is your chance.

\$3.00 Sailors \$1.50 | \$2.00 Sailors \$1.00  
\$2.50 Sailors \$1.25 | \$1.50 Sailors 75c  
\$1.00 Sailors 50c

See our Panama Hats to be cleared at \$3.00 each.

## OAK HALL

# Announcement

Of the dissolution of Partnership between W. D. Hanley and T. P. Netterville of the Hanley Netterville Co.

We wish to thank our friends for their patronage during the past two years and cordially invite a continuance of the same.

The business will be conducted along the same lines by the undersigned who will endeavor to make every transaction one of pleasure and mutual satisfaction.

W. D. Hanley & Co.  
Phone 812 329 Front St. Belleville

after spending the past two weeks at Geo. Ackerman's.

Miss G. Rayfield of Belleville, Mrs. H. Ball and baby daughter of Toronto are at their uncle's W. Osborne, for their holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Ackerman and children of Toronto, spent the past few days at Mrs. A. H. Snider's.

H. Jose and wife accompanied by M. Lynch and wife of Belleville, A. Broad and family and sisters, F. Lont and family, W. Osborne and wife, G. Rayfield and C. Simonds motored to the Sand Banks on Sunday.

Mrs. J. Broad, sr., has gone to spend a few weeks visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harris, at Madoc.

Mrs. Jose, Jr., went to Salem on Wednesday to give the report of the W.M.S. held at Oshawa.

W. W. Post has the contract of remodeling the Centre School House.

We are pleased to report that Miss E. Simonds is improving after a severe attack of neuralgia. Dr. Connor is in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Snider and Mr. and Mrs. Ackerman of Toronto motored to Smithfield on Sunday.

## BURRS

Some refreshing showers have fallen lately, for which we are very thankful, after the recent dry weather.

Miss Eva Lazier, Belleville, spent last week with her friend Miss Ida Burkett.

Mr. Murillas Doolittle, Orillia, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Marshal Moon.

Mr. and Mrs. Seymour Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Egbert Hough and daughter, Keitha, Thurlow, and Miss Olive Bryant, Gananoque, motored to Mr. Bride Hough's on Sunday. Miss Gladys Hough accompanied them home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. McPaul and family, Allisonville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Moon.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Fox visited Mrs. and John A. Conley, Gilead, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Nelson visited Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Nelson, Bloomfield.

Mr. Jasson Tice and sons, Stirling, visited his brother Mr. John Tice on Sunday.

Mr. Manley Doolittle has gone to visit his son, Mr. Jasper Doolittle, in Winnipeg.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Doolittle visited Barfield Camp on Thursday.

Pte. Maurice White of the Cycle Corps, Niagara Camp, visited friends at Burrs on Sunday.

Mr. Clayton Tice, Bowerman's, visited his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Tice, on Sunday.

Don't forget the L.O.L. Ice Cream Social at Allisonville, Aug. 28, Belleville Band in attendance, also an address by Pte. C. Gibson, lately returned from France. Come and have a good time and help the L.O.L. to build their new hall.

## CROFTON

Mr. W. H. Mabey was around last week calling on his old customers in the interest of the Merrill Co., Toron-

to be called at a certain place in this locality and while trying to effect a sale he had forgotten all about his horse, which had been left standing outside untied in the lane. Poor Pat had become quite restless while waiting for its master and after a time and evidently thinking business rather slow, he decided to search for more congenial surroundings. In this he was quite successful as the search party found him some hours later under a nice shade tree by the side of a hay stack enjoying a little recreation.

Mrs. J. W. White and daughter, Bernice, returned to Chicago a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Clark motored down from Toronto recently and spent a few days with friends and relatives in this locality.

Mr. Lorne Caughey, who has been indisposed for some time has gone to Detroit to visit his brother, Dr. M. D. Caughey.

Miss Addie Rorabeck accompanied her friend, Miss Aletha Young to Napanee on Saturday.

Mr. Allan Weeks has rented Mr. George Flindall's farm, Third Con. Hillier.

Mr. Raymond Calnan attended to circus at Picton on Thursday.

Mr. J. A. Graham intends starting for the West on Thursday.

Miss Winnie Purtell is spending a few days with her grandmother, Mrs. J. Henderson, of Mt. Pleasant.

## MOUNTAIN VIEW

Mrs. Geg Titus and Miss Grace Titus are down from Toronto visiting friends here.

Mrs. Laurel Wannamaker from Barfield, spent over Sunday with her parents.

Miss Emma Barlow returned home Saturday after staying a month with her sister, Mrs. George Lough.

Mrs. L. F. Sprague, who has been ill is able to be about again.

Mrs. Earl Anderson returned home Thursday after two weeks in Napanee. The people of Mountain View are sending wrist watches to Messrs. A. Gorman, W. Whittaker and L. Wannamaker to be presented to them at Barfield Camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Keble and Mr. and Mrs. Juby spent Sunday evening with friends in Belleville.

## BICYCLE (CADET) STOLEN

FROM JOHN DOREEN'S SHED ON Saturday night, Aug. 12, front tire diamond tread, hind tire traction tread, frame cracked below handle bars. Herbert Houston, Shannonville, Ont. a14-41d

## PERCHERON STALLIONS

Three fine stallions during August and September will stand for service at the home farm of N. Vermilyea & Sons. 2tw

## WANTED—LADIES TO DO PLAIN

and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal 3td-3tw

## TRAPSHOOTERS HERE TODAY.

In Last Shoot of Season. Clubs Competing For Flag.

The Trent Valley Trap Shooting Association meets in this city this afternoon for the last shoot of the season. Clubs are present from various towns and villages in the district covered by the Association.

Miss Letha Cunningham and her mother of Peterborough are visiting friends in Belleville.

# AN ANXIOUS FOR ALL

Children Often Suffer and Ordinary Not Help

The health of children ages of twelve and particularly in the source of serious every mother. The development takes so strength that in malnally seem to be go The appetite is fl given way to depre headaches, fits of tion of the heart at tion, and sometimes blood has become t and the sufferer mus that will bring the normal condition. A mother medicine can lams' Pink Pills. T sion is to make n which reaches every bringing back health energy. Miss Helen Toronto says: "Two so badly run down that some of my frett I would get better go upstairs without a suffered from headac petite, and for two time was confined to was under the care of the medicine I took in the least. A frie mother to give me Dr Pills, and although they would help me a medicine had failed, might be worth tryi ed change for the be asked me if I had c and I readily told th that was helping m taking the pills until boxes, when my he restored, and I hav the best of health. perience may be th vincing some sick Williams' Pink Pil them to health."

You can get these dealer in medicine, paid, at 50 cents a b for \$2.50 from The Medicine Co., Brockv

## NORWOOD

Miss Ethel Scright visiting at her home. A fatal accident occurred last week w Millage, a well know was killed by falling his barn onto the top breaking his neck. H of age and was of a str frame, having taken season's haying. He Douro for 40 years. Naughton, of Dumme ter of the deceased.

The village was ov thick pall of smoke o aroused no little app serious fires were rag The odor of smoke h houses and the sun's dimmed. Some sugges he home in Demorestville for a vacation during her absence Miss Lilian Sprague fills her place.

Mr. B. O. Frederick made some visits in this neighborhood last week.

Miss Jenny Monaghan, Hillier, visited Mrs. Lewis Wallbridge recently.

Miss Zetta Caslake has accepted Mountain View School for the next year.

Mr. and Mrs. Armistead.

Mr. S. S. Potter took a trip to Port Hope on Saturday.

The W.M.S. was held at the church last Wednesday. The reports from the convention given by Misses Lauder and Anderson were much appreciated. Lunch was served at the close and all had a pleasant and profitable time.

Miss Libbie Jordan has gone to her home in Demorestville for a vacation during her absence Miss Lilian Sprague fills her place.

Mr. B. O. Frederick made some visits in this neighborhood last week.

Miss Jenny Monaghan, Hillier, visited Mrs. Lewis Wallbridge recently.

Miss Zetta Caslake has accepted Mountain View School for the next year.

While taking a stroll hills back of the pond of lads from the village c khaki uniform comple hidden in a cedar bush. of the boys was first a military cap which h been blown out of the b ination they found the soldier's uniform. The respond with those of two members of the Norwo Buck and F. Baker, wh from the ranks was an time ago. The uniform over to Caretaker McKe armouries, who notified D pt.—The Register.

HEARD CRY FOR

It Was Husband Try Wedding Ring Fro

A citizen was walk along Mill Street on Sa at ten twenty, when he for help. Looking up, he seizing a girl, who was decided to notify the police investigated and f was a young man who y take the wedding ring fr The police found the w dance on the street, but to lay a charge. Cons action was taken. In may be noted that the n in the case do not harmo apart.

AN ANXIOUS TIME FOR ALL PARENTS

Children Often Seem to Pine Away and Ordinary Medicine Does Not Help Them.

The health of children between the ages of twelve and eighteen years, particularly in the case of girls, is a source of serious worry to nearly every mother. The growth and development takes so much of their strength that in many cases they actually seem to be going into a decline. The appetite is flake, brightness gives way to depression, there are headaches, fits of dizziness, palpitation of the heart at the least exertion, and sometimes fainting. The blood has become thin and watery and the sufferer must have something that will bring the blood back to its normal condition. At this stage no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Their whole mission is to make new, rich blood which reaches every part of the body, bringing back health, strength and energy. Miss Helena Taylor, West Toronto says: "Two years ago I was so badly run down with anaemia that some of my friends did not believe I would get better. I could not go upstairs without stopping to rest, suffered from headaches, loss of appetite, and for two months of the time was confined to the house. I was under the care of a doctor, but the medicine I took did not help me in the least. A friend advised my mother to give me Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and although I did not expect they would help me after the doctor's medicine had failed, I thought they might be worth trying. After taking two boxes there was such a marked change for the better that people asked me if I had changed doctors, and I readily told them the medicine that was helping me. I continued taking the pills until I had used eight boxes, when my health was fully restored, and I have since enjoyed the best of health. I hope my experience may be the means of convincing some sickly person that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can restore them to health."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NORWOOD

Miss Ethel Scarratt of Belleville, is visiting at her home here.

A fatal accident occurred on Tuesday of last week when Mr. Alex. Millage, a well known Douro farmer, was killed by falling from a beam in his barn onto the top of the granary, breaking his neck. He was 78 years of age and was of a strong and robust frame, having taken part in the season's haying. He had resided in Douro for 40 years. Mrs. H. McNaughton, of Dummer, is a daughter of the deceased.

The village was overhung by a thick pall of smoke on Sunday which aroused no little apprehension that serious fires were raging not far off. The odor of smoke penetrated the houses and the sun's light was even dimmed. Some suggested the smoke had drifted from the big fires in New Ontario, but the true origin was known on Sunday night, when word was brought in that, the huckleberry plains some miles to the north-east were on fire. It is said the district surrounding the plains was threatened. A dry underbrush, which covered the plains, made good fuel for flames. Rain on Monday, however, cleared the air and no doubt quenched the fire.

While taking a stroll over the big hills back of the pond on Sunday, two lads from the village came across a khaki uniform complete with belt, hidden in a cedar bush. The attention of the boys was first attracted by the military cap which had evidently been blown out of the bush. On examination they found the balance of a soldier's uniform. The numbers correspond with those of two well known members of the Norwood platoon, F. Buck and F. Baker, whose desertion from the ranks was announced some time ago. The uniform was handed over to Caretaker McKelvie at the armouries, who notified the Militia Department.—The Register.

HEARD CRY FOR HELP.

It Was Husband Trying to Take Wedding Ring From Wife.

A citizen was walking quietly along Mill Street on Saturday night at ten twenty, when he heard a cry for help. Looking up, he saw a man seizing a girl, who was shouting. He decided to notify the police. An officer investigated and found that it was a young man who was trying to take the wedding ring from his wife. The police found the wife at a residence on the street, but she refused to lay a charge. Consequently no action was taken. Incidentally it may be noted that the man and wife in the case do not harmonize and live apart.

Social and Personal

Victrolas ranging in price from \$21 to \$400. Sold on easy terms. C. W. Lindsay Limited, 299 Front St., F. M. Barrett, Mgr.

Pte. George Allcock of Belleville was among the invalided Canadians landed at Quebec on Thursday.

Mr. Joseph Powell, of the Brantford Courier staff, is in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Conlin, Montreal spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Miss Ora Wickware of Madoc is the guests of Miss Bailey, St. Charles street.

Master Ray Embury, Cedar street, is spending a few days in Eldorado visiting relatives.

The Trenton stage took up seven passengers on its trip from Belleville on Saturday.

Special bargains in used organs all in first class condition. \$15 and upwards. Terms to suit purchaser. C. W. Lindsay Limited, 299 Front St., F. M. Barrett, Mgr.

Frank Hodgson of Rossmore has enlisted in the Queen's University Field Ambulance.

Mrs. Morgan and daughter, Lela, of Cleveland, Ohio, are spending a few days in Belleville.

Miss Kathleen Moxam is spending a week's vacation with Miss Rhea Haynes of Gananoque.

Mrs. Lassand, formerly of Belleville, now of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Mary Doran, George St. has returned from Marmora where she was spending her vacation.

Cash paid for used pianos or taken in exchange for new pianos or victrolas. C. W. Lindsay Limited, 299 Front St. F. M. Barrett, Mgr.

Mr. John Drumm of Kingston, who has been visiting his mother, Wellington street, returned home today.

Mr. Chas. Schuster and Mrs. Schuster, of Pittsburg, Pa., are in the city, the guests of Mr. Schuster's mother, Dundas street.

Mrs. Alexander Ray has gone to Toronto to attend the marriage of her nephew, Thomas R. Caswell Flint, B.S.C., of the Hydro-Electric Co.

Mr. Frank Fitzpatrick, Hotel Quinte, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Wm. Fitzpatrick, are visiting her son, Harry Fitzpatrick, of Rochester, N. Y.

Mrs. Mark Sprague of William St., has gone to visit her daughter, Muriel, at Tetherairn Convalescent Home, for disabled soldiers, Rideau Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Pittis, Miss Audrey Pittis and Mr. A. E. Sturgess, who motored down from Toronto on Sunday stayed over night in the city and left on Monday for a trip East.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. L. Walters and son Austin, Catherine St., have returned home after a week very pleasantly spent with friends and relatives at Penelon Falls. They made the journey by touring-lar.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Graham have left for a tour to British Columbia and will be gone some weeks. Mr. Graham controls several evaporating plants in the Okanagan valley and will look after the handling of this year's crop of fruit and vegetables.

Lt.-Col. Adams and the officers of the 155th know how to quickly build up in the woods a good mess table, and they were just as generous with its contents as they always are in camp.

Mr. P. P. Clark, West Bridge St., is again seriously ill.

Pte. James Saylor, 155th Battalion spent a few days in town.

Corporal Harold Bateman, of the 155th Battalion is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan. Baker, of Montreal, are visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Pte. Jones of the Signallers 155th Battalion, Barrielsfield is in the city visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Jones, Yeomans Street.

Mr. Frederic Slater and Mrs. Slater left this morning for Sturgeon Lake to visit their son, Mr. L. R. Slater, of Toronto, at his summer cottage.

JUNIOR MATRIC. RESULTS OUT

Successful Students From Hastings and Prince Edward Counties.

The following list contains the names of the candidates who were successful in whole or in part on the pass junior matriculation examination. Normal Entrance candidates for matriculation have been considered in the results.

In group I, under each county are given the names of all candidates who have obtained complete matriculation by passing on the twelve required examination papers.

In group II, under each county are given the names of those who have passed on at least nine of the papers required for complete matriculation and have obtained the minimum required on the whole examination. They have, therefore, failed in not more than three papers. These papers are indicated in brackets after the candidates' names.

In group III, under each county are given the names of all those candidates who have failed to obtain the minimum required on the whole examination, but who have obtained forty per cent. on each of at least eight papers, with an average of sixty per cent. on the same. Such candidates have been awarded partial matriculation and in order to complete their matriculation must obtain at one examination forty per cent. on each of the remaining papers with an average of sixty per cent. on the same. The papers required to complete their arts matriculation are indicated in brackets after the names of the candidates.

Hastings

Group I—M. E. Aylmer, I. F. Benjamin, F. E. Baker, V. M. Calvert, E. M. Cook, H. K. Coughlin, F. Cushing, A. L. Foley, T. S. Gault, J. E. Hamilton, E. M. Holland, A. James, E. R. Laughlin, H. D. Maginley, B. McBain, M. E. McLean, K. F. O'Connor, W. C. Parrell, E. Perry, K. W. Rowe, M. S. Vandervoort, R. I. Young. Group II—F. Fangford, (alg.) Group III—M. Bowyer, (phys) L. M. Chute, (alg., geom.), N. K. Embury, (anc. hist., Lat. C.), H. J. Holland (Lat. C.), M. H. McDonnell (anc. hist., Lat. C.), O. K. Pimlott, (anc. hist., phys., chem.) A. Quinn, (geom.), F. Ramsay (alg., phys.), V. W. Richardson (B and C hist., alg., phys., chem.), L. M. R. Roblin (alg., geom., Lat. A, Fr. C.), E. M. Sayers, (anc. hist., chem., Lat. C.) H. B. Sulman (anc. hist., alg., phys., chem.), Mrs. E. L. Taylor (Lat. A., Lat. C, Fr. A., Fr. C.), L. E. Williams, (Eng. C., geom., Fr. C.)

DRUNK WHILE DRIVING

Visiting Chauffeur Fined in Police Court This Morning.

An out of town automobile liveryman came to Belleville last evening with a couple of passengers and imbibed too freely. When he got in his car to go off, he backed up into a hotelman's automobile and damaged the body to the extent of about \$15. He was arrested later on lower Front St. and locked up for the night. This morning he was fined \$50 and \$3.50 costs for driving a car while drunk. He also agreed to make good the \$15 damage to the Belleville hotel-keeper's car.

REMAINS BROUGHT HERE

The remain of the late Mrs. Charlotte Neal arrived yesterday afternoon from Wilmington, Delaware, and were taken to the Belleville cemetery for interment. The Rev. Dr. Scott conducted service at the grave.

DEED

WALLACE—At Belleville, Archibald Wallace, aged 64 years, on Sunday, Aug. 13th, 1916.

GALLAGHER—In Belleville, August 14th, 1916, Ellen Gallagher, beloved wife of Mr. Daniel Gallagher, in her 46th year.

SECURED SEVEN RECRUITS

Recruiting Officers of Heavy Battery of Cobourg at Picton

Major McKinnon, officer commanding the Heavy Battery, Cobourg, Surgeon Captain Dr. Field and Sergeant Harry H. Ponton were in Picton on Sunday and recruited seven men for the Heavy Battery. They spent some time in the city and are about to make a descent on Belleville for the best class of recruits for the battery.

WAD LOST AND FOUND

A Thurlow farmer on Saturday lost \$25 in bills in Belleville. He thought he lost it on Front street but it was discovered in a tore. He recovered the wad.

SOUGHT REFUGE IN THEIR WELL

How Former Bowmanville Family Perished in New Ontario.

Mr. S. H. Reynolds has just arrived home at Bothwell, Ont., from Monteth, New Ontario, where he was looking after the burial of his son Arthur Reynolds, his son's wife and baby who were suffocated in the well on the Reynolds farmstead along with Mrs. G. Green and her two children, all of whom fought fires around their home, and then took refuge in the well, close to the Reynolds house. This well was about 18 feet deep and they descended by a ladder. This well was curbed up square from bottom to top with 4 inch scantling and contained about 3 feet of water. It looked like a first-class place in which to take refuge in an ordinary time of fire but in this case the burning house was only about 20 feet from the well and the blaze with the seething, burning air driven right over the well sucked all of the oxygen right out of the well and the six persons had nothing to breathe but smoke. To make conditions worse the curbing of the well took fire which prevented escape at the top.

Mr. S. H. Reynolds had been there several times before and knew the place and told his people at home when he saw the news of that awful fire that that well was where they could take refuge at the last resort and it was their only available place to get escape from that awful fire. The very air was on fire about there which was proven by animals being suffocated with smoke just a few yards from the house and well, out in the open. Half a mile from there ten human bodies were taken out of a root house and a mile from there on the railway track 57 persons were smothered and then burned. Those 57 people were running from Nуска for life on the track and in a few minutes more they could have landed on the Monteth Model Farm in a green field of hay and probably been saved. There were plenty of places of safety for all if they had only time when they knew they had to go.

Mr. S. H. Reynolds was telling a lady in Monteth that he had told his people at home that if Arthur perished he would die with his wife and child. "Yes," she said, "he did more, he died trying to save them all" for he was found spreading his arms and body over the rest, which looked like doing what our Saviour said: "I would that I could gather you all under My wings as a hen gathereth her brood."

The first Mr. Reynolds knew of the sad news was when going through Matheson, 12 miles from Monteth. Mr. Green got on the train, shook hands with him and said, "Mr. Reynolds you need not go any farther. They are all buried." Mr. Reynolds went to Matheson next morning to see that they had been buried all right and were placed in proper coffins placed in the graves in Matheson cemetery. While there he witnessed the burial of some others and had some photos of the graves of his dear ones and then went to Arthur's farm home. Eight nice homes had been built along that road, near Arthur's, which was near Nуска and Monteth. All those homes were destroyed and most of the people perished.

Monteth was saved by the people fighting and by the mill's water works and the Experimental Farm's green fields. Since that fire people have been leaving from all the towns about there as they were in grave danger of yet having another fire.

In Matheson cemetery 24 relatives had been buried together in one row. The country has not lost by the fire, had it not been for the loss of life, Every settler should now have a place of refuge built, such as a dugout.

DESERTER ARRESTED

John S. Hughes, a deserter from the 155th battalion, has been arrested in Peterboro and in the police court at Kingston pleaded guilty to the charge of desertion. He is being brought to Barrielsfield camp by an escort and will likely be sentenced in a Kingston court.

DEATH OF MRS. DANIEL GALLAGHER.

Well Known Belleville Lady Succumbs to Illness Early this Morning

After an illness of seven months, Ellen Collins, beloved wife of Mr. Daniel Gallagher died this morning at an early hour. She was a daughter of the late Charles Collins and was born in Moira 45 years ago. The greater part of her life she spent in Belleville. She was well and favorably known. Mrs. Gallagher was a devout member of St. Michael's parish. Besides her husband, she leaves three daughters, Marguerite, Agnes and Catherine. The deepest sympathy is extended to the bereaved family.

TWO BURGLARS IN COBOURG STORES

Dobensky & Co.'s Store and Henderson Bros.' Planing Mill Entered.

Some time late last Thursday night or early Friday morning, burglars evidently of the amateur kind, attempted a wholesale cleanup in Cobourg, three places being entered but in no case was the plunder worth the energy expended in breaking in. All three places appear to be the work of the same party. At the rear of Dundas' store on Division street a window was broken, but nothing was missed. At Dobensky's, entrance was also gained at the rear, and from the till about \$1.00 in coppers was taken. A pair of braces and a belt were also taken. At Henderson Bros.' Planing Mill the loss was nothing, but the damage was worse. Taking the safe out of the mill they hammered the combination off and the lock, and then knocked the tops off the hinges of the safe door, evidently figuring the door could be opened by that manner. Nothing is missing there however. The same screwdriver that was used by the burglars in forcing windows at Dundas' and Dobensky's was found beside the safe.—Sentinel-Star.

NAPANEE NOTES.

Mr. Rab Burns of the Hydro Electric office, had two fingers badly burned while working at the sub-station on Saturday last.

Dr. R. A. Leonard went to Montreal on Tuesday, and was operated on on Thursday afternoon. His condition is serious.

Misses Grace, Lizzie and Kathleen Moxam of Belleville, Mr. Mark Adamson, Mr. Joe Emloe of Belleville, Mr. Ralph and Frederick, of Picton, motored to Napanee Sunday to spend the day with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Richardson, Union Street.

Chas. Seagriff, a C.P.R. section foreman, was run down and killed on the C.P.R. track near Enterprise, on Tuesday. He was riding a "jigger" and was caught by an express train. An inquest will be held at Enterprise on Monday.

All are very sorry to hear that Pte. Percy Ashley of Yarker has been killed in action. He wasn't in the trenches two weeks. There are left to mourn his loss, his father and three brothers, John in France, Carman on the farm, and Arthur in the 146th Battalion, training at Valcartier.

William H. Hall of Bath has received a small piece of the Zeppelin which was brought down at Saloniki Greece from a soldier there. He has also received word from the government of the official declaration of the death of Clayton C. Hineman, who has been missing since the battle of Langemark, April 22nd, 1915.—The Express.

PICTON NOTES.

Mr. S. McBrien of Toronto, was before Police Magistrate Williams on Wednesday last on a charge of obtaining money by false pretences. The warrant for his arrest was issued by Chief Portland of Picton. He was arrested in Toronto and brought here and lodged in the county jail until bail was furnished.

The action arises out of certain negotiations carried on by McBrien with Mr. M. E. Knox and other Picton parties. Mr. McBrien was organizing a company to promote the sale of a consumption cure, and the Picton parties invested in this company.

McBrien who was the promoter of the company, later represented to the Picton investors that he could dispose of the American rights to a U.S. company at a profitable figure, and it is in connection with this deal that the charge was laid against him. The amount involved is said to be about \$1800.

Mr. Knox, on whose information the warrant was issued, claims fraud on the part of McBrien.

McBrien had Toronto counsel defending him, but the Police Magistrate decided on the evidence offered to commit the defendant for trial at the next court of competent jurisdiction.

BLESSINGTON

The showers of last week were a great benefit to the corn and potato crops.

Master Franklin Sheman spent Thursday with Arthur Miller.

Mrs. F. Corrigan and children and Mrs. R. Miller spent Tuesday the guests of Mrs. A. W. Tueday.

Mrs. Aivy Hagerman spent Monday evening at Geo. Badgley's.

Mr. George Badgley has purchased Robt. Miller's farm and Mr. Miller has bought a farm at Hillier, P. E. County. We will all miss Mr. and Mrs. Miller very much.

Miss K. Gordon who has been spending the last few weeks at A. Hagerman's has returned to Toronto.

DEATH OF CHILD

Norah May Colden, six year old daughter of Mr. James Colden, died on Sunday of cancer after two years' illness.

PRISONERS SHORT OF FOOD

That is the Inference From Letter Sent by Her Son to Mrs. Newton, Hillcrest Ave.

Mrs. J. I. Newton, 46 Hillcrest Ave. has received the following additional message from her son Pte. Rodney Newton, now a prisoner of war at Dulmen, Germany. His request for bread, meat and fish conveys an indirect message that our boys, who are captive, are not receiving any too much food in their prison camps.—Dulmen, Westphalia, July 21, 1916 Mrs. J. I. Newton, Hillcrest Ave., Belleville, Ont., Dear Mother,

Just a card to let you know I am quite well. I hope you got the cards and the letter all right. Don't forget I believe that Dickens' Cream loaves would be the best to send. Send a lot of canned meat and fish. Love to all, Rodney.

Mr. Newton also received this morning a letter from his elder son, Driver Harold G. Newton, who writes from France that he is enjoying the best of health and everything is going well. Harold enlisted with the 34th battery at Belleville and left for the front with the first contingent. He has had exceptionally good luck, never having been on the casualty list for any cause.

MARMORA.

Mr. Norman Nayler left last week for Oshawa, where he has obtained a position in the Chevrolet factory.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Williams and Miss Lucy, of Stirling, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haight, at Crowe Lake.

Mrs. John Boyd and children, who were reported to have perished in the Northern Ontario fires, are safe at Timmins.

A typical week day in Delora was last Monday when Main street was filled to overflowing with automobiles, the occasion being the visit to the plant of the Madoc Summer School. The embryo school ma-ams were deeply interested in all the various processes, mostly perhaps in the acquisition of attractive looking kam-plees—and kodak snaps.

Although the work of renovating St. Andrew's church was not quite completed, the reopening services were held last Sunday when Mr. Munroe preached exceptionally fine sermons both morning and evening.

The church will present a very pleasing appearance when completed. The walls are a pearl gray, the ceiling a rich cream color and the woodwork buff colored. The new system of indirect lighting is being installed and the improvements will make the interior of the building very attractive indeed.

On Tuesday, Aug. 8th, Randall Brownson, who resides near Eldorado appeared before H. R. Pearce, J.P., on a charge of committing a serious assault upon Charles Percy Sager. It appears the parties are neighbors and the complainant visited the prisoner to receive some money which was due him, when a dispute arose and according to evidence the defendant attacked Sager with a pitchfork, striking him on the head and inflicting a serious wound which required surgical aid.

The prisoner was convicted and fined \$20.00 and costs, amounting in all to \$49.03, and in default of immediate payment two months in the County jail. The fine and costs were paid.

A. A. McDonald, Barrister, appeared for the Crown.

The tax rate will be the highest in the history of the village this year, but the responsibility does not rest with the Council. The County rate has been going up each year by leaps and bounds until it has become a grave injustice. A few years ago Marmora paid from \$1000 to \$1200 into the County. Last year it was a little over \$1950 and this year the County demand is \$2804.87. In proportion to the village Marmora pays a higher county rate than any other municipality in proportion to what it receives from the County.

The rate this year for school purposes will be 13 mills, one half a mill lower than last year. The county rate is 8.7 mills and the rate for the various debentures 8.1 mills, or a total of 29.8 mills without allowing anything for village purposes.

The expenditure for charity and Board of Health will be about \$500 this year which is double that of any former year, but the expenditure for every other purpose will be kept at the lowest possible figure. In spite of this the total rate for the village will be at least 36 mills.—The Herald.

DEATH OF CHILD

Norah May Colden, six year old daughter of Mr. James Colden, died on Sunday of cancer after two years' illness.

NINETEEN HAVE BEEN SELECTED

Subalterns From Third Military District For Overseas Have Been Made—Many Applied.

About ten days ago the Imperial War Office requested the Canadian military authorities to furnish three hundred subalterns for immediate overseas service to replace the number lost in recent battles. Of the three hundred asked for the Third Military District was allotted nineteen and the following list has been sent to Ottawa by Brigadier-General Hemming for approval:

Lieut. Mitchell, 139th batt.; Lieut. Abbott, 155th batt.; Lieut. Bailey, (Kingston) 156th batt.; Lieut. Warren, 38th batt.; Lieut. Rainbow, 77th batt.; Lieut. Lyon, 109th batt.; Lieut. M. V. Lanos, (Kingston) 146th batt.; Lieut. McQuarrie, 109th batt.; Lieut. Scott, 109th batt.; Lieut. Findlay, 109th batt.; Lieut. Gillie, 154th batt.; Lieut. Macdonald, 154th batt.; Lieut. Miller, 139th batt.; Lieut. McMillan, 80th batt.; Lieut. Jakeman, 156th batt.; Lieut. Currie, 136th batt.; Lieut. Kincaid, 156th batt.; Lieut. Ferguson, 155th batt.; Lieut. Wilson, 146th batt.

These officers will mobilize and will be sent overseas, it is expected, within a few days. The number required were selected from a list of nearly one hundred officers who applied and were anxious to go overseas at the earliest possible date.

NEWS OF THE MIDDLE WEST

'Twixt Ontario and B.C.

Bartlett pears, peaches and prunes are said to be scarce in Alberta this season.

The Salvation Army has opened a canteen for its 8th Winnipeg corps in that city.

A summer school attended by more than 200 teachers, is being held in Edmonton.

The Manitoba Department of Agriculture has now on hand 150,000 pounds of wool.

Norman Lee, manager of Bank of Ottawa of Kenora, died in a futile effort to save Miss Catharine Horan from drowning.

As soon as the grain is ready to cut in the west soldiers will be granted leave of absence.

The little daughter of Jas. Dutton of Birch Hills, Sask., was choked to death, when a rope, entangled round her neck was tightened by a runaway calf.

Lt. J. L. Goodwin, of Calgary, recently killed, was recommended for the Military Cross.

Capt. E. J. Williscroft, of the river steamer "Northland, Cal." believes the Makenzie river was salt water at one time.

The Government Experimental Farm at Fort Vermilion shows good results of the work of Farmer Jones.

A Good Roads Association has been formed in the rural municipality of McLeod, Sask.

Three Winnipeg men, Maj. George C. McLean, W. H. Hastings, K.C., and George H. Nicholson, have offered to raise battalions for active service.

In Winnipeg building operations up to July 1 this year amount to \$520,500 more than for the seven months last year.

Bread has gone up in Regina, bakers now selling only twelve one-and-a-half pound loaves for a dollar. They formerly sold 16 loaves for the same price.

The annual summer school of the Methodist young people of the Regina district opened last week at Lumsden Beach on the shores of Long Lake.

The Ukrainian students convention opened last week at Saskatoon.

In a recent severe electrical storm at Macoun, Sask., a barn was lifted bodily over the telephone wires turned over and smashed to pieces.

The amount of grain in store last week at the government elevator, Moose Jaw, was but 442,519 bushels, nearly all wheat.

At the town of Cabri, Sask., fire destroyed the Revelstoke Lumber Co.'s yards, a large barn, a livery stable, 32 head of horses, and several dwelling houses.

Near Canora, Sask., about a dozen Doukhobors broke into the home of Peter Veregin, head of he sect in Canada, and then burned it to the ground.

Miss Merrill, of McGrath, who had taken a nurse's training course in a Provo, Utah, hospital, has resigned, in order to join the Canadian Red Cross.

BARBERS ACCEPT CHALLENGE.

The married barbers of Belleville have answered the challenge of the constables to a baseball match next Wednesday afternoon. They have their razors sharpened for "the day" when they meet the myrmidons of the law.

PICTON.

Mrs. Nelson Parliament, Amelia- burg is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Platt.

Mr. E. V. Ilsey, manager Standard Bank, Windsor, was in Picton attending the funeral of his uncle, the late A. M. Buchanan.

Mrs. Hope Mikel, Mr. Percy Mikel, and Misses Rae and Edna Mikel of Frankford, and Mr. Ridley Mikel and Miss McIntyre, Ottawa, were on Sunday guests of Dr. and Mrs. E. M. Her- rington.

Mr. J. L. Tickle, Belleville, Chair- man Provincial Board of Examiners, Mr. George Thompson, furniture dealer, Belleville, and Mr. Wm. Deaton, representing the Knochel Furniture Company, Hanover, were in town on Monday attending the funeral of the late A. M. Buchanan.

The Musical Committee of the First Methodist church have engaged Mr. Kingsley Ireland, as organist and choir master, and although they had 32 applicants for the position, as soon as they heard Mr. Ireland's rendering of "Aria" by Gounod, "By the Sea" by Schubert, and "Grand Chorale" by Dubois, they at once resigned as was master of the organ. The choir were also unanimous in their decision, as they never had any one who could train them better or who appeared to know more about music. The board are most fortunate in securing the services of Prof. Ireland.

Pte. J. Carter Irwin, a Picton boy, whose mother, Mrs. Jennie Irwin, lives at 291 George street, Toronto, has been reported dead from wounds. He had his jaw fractured some weeks ago, but all his letters from the hospital had been cheery and patient, so that the worst was not expected. He had been employed in Toronto in the Imperial Bank. Picton people who remember Carter Irwin as a bright and attractive young lad will learn of his death with regret. He was a member of the famous Princess Pats. Light Infantry.

If present plans are carried out there will be a steamer on the Roch- ester-1000 Islands route next year and there are possibilities of the craft being a new one. Last year this popular route was abandoned by the Canadian Steamships Lines, Limited, when the Caspian was withdrawn from service. The need of a steamer on this route has been greatly felt and following the representation made by Rochester citizens the C.S.L. have decided to give the matter serious consideration and there does not seem to any question but that the new steamer will be in commission next summer.—Kingston Standard.

At a meeting of the Picton Board of Trade Tuesday evening, Mr. F. S. Wilson expressed himself as perfectly satisfied with the proposal of a site and exemption for his new shell factory. He stated that he was very favor- ably considering Picton as a loca- tion. The shell factory would be used for his foundry and machine shop when the shell business ceases.

Mayor Newman read a letter he had received from Sir Adam Beck. The letter was dated July 26 and one clause contained this assertion: I have instructed the Chief Engineer of the Commission to at once prepare estimates and submit the same to your council." Another letter was from Mr. T. J. Hannigan, secretary Hydro Electric Railway Association of On- tario. Mr. Hannigan expressed him- self as favorable for a survey of the country as soon as possible and said he was taking the matter up with the Engineering Department.

Mr. Wilson explained that he would not consider locating in Picton were it not for the prospects of Hydro- electric railway and power. He had had a lengthy interview last week with the Chief Engineer and Secretary of the Hydro. They both expressed themselves ready for an immediate survey here so that the municipalities might vote on the bylaw at the Janu- ary elections.—The Times.

TWED

Miss Morrow of Belleville is visit- ing Mrs. S. Sager.

Mr. E. Wilson of Belleville is in town.

Mrs. A. Wallace and Master Ed- ward Rath are visiting Belleville friends.

Mrs. J. Shannon of Belleville spent last Sunday with Mrs. D. Collins of Chapman.

Mrs. Robert McOwre spent last week visiting Belleville friends.

Colonel and Mrs. Jacobs and Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Jacobs and Miss Bertha Doonan of Toronto motored to Belleville on Saturday and visited Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hinds. Continuing on their trip they visited Mrs. Jacobs' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ferguson of Roslin and her sisters, Mrs. Juby and Mrs. T. Hinds of town.

On Tuesday a double header freight train from Port McNicoll of 66 cars passed through to Montreal for export. Reckoning about 50 tons of wheat to the car this would be over 3,000 tons to the train. About 10 trains of 550 cars pass through every day. The old line of C.P.R. is still doing a very good business.

Harold, the thirteen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Varty, broke his

left arm on Monday. He was out to the Varty Ranch, back of Sulphide, when the storm of that evening came up and he undertook to ride a colt home. He was thrown and broke his arm. Dr. Kindred was called and he is now improving rapidly.

In a letter received by Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Huyck from their son Sgt. Bert Huyck, he stated that Pte. Will Holdcroft, was slightly wounded, and that he will be around again in a few days. He also stated that he had met Major Huyck son of Judge Huyck of Peterboro. In one day he received 15 letters and 5 parcels, all of which were in good condition, even to a sealer of raspberry jam.

A quiet but pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Catharine's church on Monday morning at 6 o'clock by Rev. Father Quinn, when Miss Helen Bernice Doyoume, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Doyoume became the bride of Mr. C. Clyde Wilson of High River, Alta. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Margaret Doyoume and the groom was assisted by Mr. John Doyoume. After the ceremony the party went to the home of the bride to partake of a dainty wedding breakfast. The young couple left on the west-bound train on Monday after- noon for their future home at Fussano, Alta.

On Monday evening after a short meeting of the Epworth League, representatives and members of the League, Sunday School, Missionary Society and other organizations of the Methodist Church, met in the Sunday school rooms to extend a welcome to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCallum, and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Houston. Sunday School Superintendent W. S. Gordon efficiently presided over the gathering and called on a large number of ladies and gentle- men present for short speeches.

There are over 280 sections for cattle at the Canadian National Ex- hibition each year.

TRUTH-LOVER TO MR. ROBINSON

Editor Ontario,—

In your issue of Friday, Aug. 11th, Mr. A. Robinson, of this city, under- took to combat some views that were presented on Monday last by Evan- gelist Johnston concerning the Mil- lennium. And as Mr. Robinson got some- thing out of joint I thought Mr. Edi- tor it might be well to state the facts as they really are. Evangelist John- ston declared that at Christ's second coming the saints both dead and living would be taken to heaven 1 Theas. 4:16,17 and that such would reign with Christ for 1000 years Rev. 20:6. He proved from 2 Theas. 2:8 and Jer. 28:33 that the living wicked would be smitten with the brightness of his coming and remain in that unburt condition during that 1000 years. The rest of the dead he proved would live again until the 1000 years are finished and that during this Mil- lennial period the earth would be des- olate with all the cities broken down at the presence of God. Jer. 4: 23-27. Satan he declared would be confined to this earth bound not by a literal chain, but a chain of circumstances and as the wicked dead will not live again until the 1000 years are finished it follows therefore that Satan cannot deceive them any more until they are raised at the end of the 1000 years. Then as Mr. Johnston showed he deceives them to go up on the breath of the earth to take the holy city which descends out at heaven at that time. See Rev. 20: 8, 9. Also Rev. 21: 2, and right at this time the wicked are destroyed. See Rev. 20: 8. The same fire that burns up the wicked renews this earth and so when the earth is made new the restitution of all things are brought about as spoken of in Acts 3: 20, 21. The heav- ens must still receive Christ until all things are restored. This is why Christ when He comes the second time, goes to heaven with the saints instead of staying on earth. He con- tinues on in heaven until the close of the Millennium and when that time arrives the Lord descends with all the saints with him. See last clause Zech. 14: 5. When He comes the second time He comes with the angels to gather His elect. Matt. 24: 31, but when He comes 1000 years after He comes with the saints in the new Jeru- salem to remain upon earth and the earth made new at this time will then constitute the eternal home of the redeemed. See 2 Pet. 3: 13, Matt. 5: 5.

At the present time, however, "No man hath yet ascended", for as Christ said "Whither I go ye cannot come". But Mr. Robinson evidently did not read John 13: 36, which says, "but thou shalt follow Me afterwards". When Christ comes He brings the re- ward of immortal life to the saints and they follow Him to heaven ac- companied by the holy angels. Mr. Robinson refers to Rev. 2: 26, which says "He that overcometh will I give power over the nations and he shall rule them". But why didn't Mr. Rob- inson quote the whole verse? Because it would spoil his argument for it says "He shall rule them with a rod of iron as the vessels of a potter shall they (the nations) be broken to

pieces." It is very convenient for some to quote enough of a Scripture to suit them whereas if they quoted all it would spoil their theory. Thanking you Mr. Editor, I remain, Your sincerely, Truth Lover.

Editor, Ontario:

Dear Sir—I have known James Murray for many years. I have found him sober, honest and industri- ous, but handicapped by ill-health. Some despicable miscreant poisoned with Paris Green, his only horse by which he earned his livelihood. I would be glad to receive any sub- scriptions which may be given me to enable Murray to buy another horse.

I am, Yours, John J. B. Flint.

ANNUAL MEETING ONTARIO LIMESTONE & CLAY CO., LIMITED

The annual meeting of the share- holders of the Ontario Limestone & Clay Co., Limited, was held on Mon- day afternoon at the Head Office of the Company, Canadian Bank of Com- merce Chambers. Among the share- holders present were Sir Mackenzie Bowell, C. I. White, Lucius E. Allen, J. W. Walker, Frank Dolan, John Elliott.

A report, showing the financial con- dition of the Company, was presented by Lucius E. Allen, Secretary-Treas- urer, which indicated a very satisfac- tory condition of affairs. The follow- ing were elected as Directors for the ensuing year: Sir Mackenzie Bowell, C. I. White, Lucius E. Allen, J. W. Walker, Frank Dolan and John El- liott. At a subsequent meeting of the newly elected Board of Directors, the following officers were elected: Sir Mackenzie Bowell, President, C. I. White, Vice President and Lucius E. Allen, Secretary-Treasurer and Gen- eral Manager.

MISS ELIZA DORLAND CRONK

After an illness of several years, Miss Eliza Dorland Cronk died at the home of her sister, Mrs. John Richards, 655 Euclid avenue, Toron- to. The late Miss Cronk was the daughter of the late Jacob S. and Mary Cronk, of Picton, Ont. who were descendants of the early set- tlers of United Empire Loyalists. She was a member of the Society of Friends. Mrs. Richards is the sole survivor.

RECEIPT OF RED CROSS GIFTS ACKNOWLEDGED

Canadian Field Comforts Commission Moore Barracks Shorncliffe, 28.7.16.

The President Red Cross & Woman's Pat. Assn. Belleville.

Dear Mrs. Lazier: I beg to acknowledge with many thanks the receipt of all your boxes on July the 22nd inst., containing the 840 pairs of socks, notepaper, pencils etc. Also the boxes which have been forwarded to Pte. C. H. McBride and to Miss Strong, 2nd Can. Stat. Hos- pital, Pas de Calais.

Will you please convey to your members our most grateful apprecia- tion for this generous donation. Socks are always in such demand that they are most welcome.

Again thanking you, I remain Faithfully yours Mary Plummer Lieut. C.F.C.C.

CAPT. LUMB RECRUITING

For Queen's University—Field Hos- pital—Examines His Own Men.

Capt. S. S. Lumb of the Queen's University Field Ambulance is in the city again this week recruiting for this popular unit. Dr. Lumb, who has been overseas once himself ex- amines his own recruits at the re- cruiting office on Front street.

DOG POISONED?

Mr. James Hill, John Street, re- ports to the police that a valuable dog of his had died. He believes it has been poisoned.

ACCUSED OF FRAUD

A man named McMurter has been arrested charged with fraud in ob- taining a rubber-tired carriage.

DRUNKS WERE GONE

The police answered two calls to remove drunks on Saturday evening, but in both cases the inebriate had disappeared.

COL. MARSH CONTRIBUTED EN- TIRE COST OF COLORS

Editor Daily Ontario,— I notice a slight error was made in your issue of August 5th regarding the colors for the 155th Regiment. Col. Marsh gave the Argyll Chapter, I.O.D.E. a check for \$250 the full price of these colors. Z. S. Marsh, Past Regent, Argyll Chapter, I. O. D. E.

Other Editors' Opinions

OUR INEFFICIENT COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

For once I wish Canada would fol- low the example of the United States and inaugurate a campaign to secure better rural schools. One reason why so many country people have gone to the city is to get better educational facilities, for people who value edu- cation, as every parent should, will desire to go where it can be had for their children. What sense in taking of the attractions and charms of country life and the independence and dignity of producing from the soil if the school at command is no more modern than a wooden plough. We should be glad if the same interest in rural schools were shown as in agri- culture. The need is even greater as the intellectual needs of a people are always greater than their material needs. It is possible, that in the House of Commons there are not men seized of the urgent importance for advanced steps for rural school elevation to higher standards of efficiency. For the most of our Canadian rural schools are only slightly in advance of the city kindergarten schools. They are no credit to the department of education or to the men who control it, what can be done to take the admin- istration of the most important de- partment of this land out of the con- trol of the mossbacks now at its head? Again and again has it been urged upon administrative officers and prac- tical men like John J. Tilley, Dr. Jas. L. Hughes, and numerous school inspectors and some journals, but the same old non-progressive system pre- vails and rural schools are now in a worse condition than they ever were. It is a burning shame to have such conditions in a country otherwise pro- gressive in many other respects. Why can't we have better rural schools?

What is the United States doing to improve rural schools? In his annual report for 1915 Secretary Lane, of the Department of the Interior, sounds a clarion call for a nation-wide cam- paign for better rural schools. He urges upon Congress the appropria- tion of \$100,000 for two or three years, with which to wage this cam- paign, for an educational opportunity the city boy and girl have privileges far superior to those of the farm boy and farm girl. In funds, in length of term, in equipment, in buildings, in administration and supervision, in courses of study, in efficiency of the teaching force, and in salaries paid the superiority of the city school is so far above that of the rural schools as to make the situation in many sec- tions of the country deplorable. It has been so desperate in many instances during the past twenty-five years, when contrasted with the splendid op- portunities of the city school, that it is given more times than any other reason by parents for moving from farms to towns and cities. Who is the great and audacious Canadian legis- lator to arise and sound an equally loud clarion call for a general advance and uplift in Canadian rural schools? —Bowmanville Statesman.

YE EDITOR'S REVENGE. The editor's garden has been bless- ed with numerous hens all summer, and the roof of the mouths of the whole family has been blistered from continually saying "shoo." The wife "shoo" with her apron, and the "shoo" with a stick of stove wood (if there happens to be any cut) and the kids use all kinds of things to "shoo" with.

We have now purchased our re- venge in the shape of a big rooster and twenty-three hens. It is our in- tention to fence in the garden and turn our new equipment out to hustle for themselves, but we really hope they do not bother our neighbors, and we do not think they will, as they seem to be quite well-bred and polite. —Allan (Sask.) Tribune.

Local Fall Fes. Banerott ..... Oct. 5 and 6 BELLEVILLE ..... Sept. 14 & 15 Brighton ..... Sept. 7 and 8 Campbellford ..... Sept. 26 and 27 Cobourg ..... Aug. 23 and 24 Colborne ..... Sept. 18 and 19 Frankford ..... Sept. 21 and 22 Kingston ..... Sept. 26-28 Made ..... Oct. 3 and 4 Marmora ..... Sept. 25 and 26 Maynooth ..... Sept. 21 and 22 Picton ..... Sept. 19-21 Robb's Mills ..... Oct. 6 and 7 Roseneath ..... Sept. 21 and 22 Shannonville ..... Sept. 16 Stirling ..... Sept. 28 and 29 Tweed ..... Oct. 4 and 5 Warkworth ..... Oct. 5 and 6 Wooler ..... Sept. 6th Norwood ..... Oct. 10 and 11 Peterboro ..... Sept. 14 and 15

THE HISTORY OF YOUR STRAW HAT.

At one time straw braids for hats was platted in the United States, Canada, England and Scotland, but the Chinese have gradually secured a monopoly of the business, though China straw braid is inferior in wear- ing qualities to the old home product. In the old days straw braid was plat- ed by the pioneers from tough rye straw, cut before the grain was fully ripe. They use wheat straw exclu- sively and let it get dead ripe. The China braid can be bleached only in one place, Luton, a town forty miles from London, England, and this gives London a practical monopoly of the trade in China braid. The open season for straw hats is at hand, and it will surprise American wearers to know that nearly all the straw braid used comes from Shan- tung, China, and that the straw used in making a sixty-nine-cent bargain counter hat in cut in the same field that supplies the straw for a five-dol- lar hat. The straw and the braids are sorted, some of the straw is split finer than the rest and the braids differ in width and pattern, but it is all com- mon wheat straw, and not the best at that, for the Chinese take no precau- tions to protect the wheat or to im- prove its quality. Out of the wheat straw the middle section about two feet long is cut, dis- carding the tips and about a foot near the root. This middle section is cut between joints into pieces four or five inches long and longer if possible. This clear straw is split by hand into two, four or seven pieces, depending on the width and style of braid to be platted. The villagers plait the straw at odd times, working it while wet into braid as narrow as an eighth of an inch or a trifle less, and all other widths up to about half an inch. The

best of this braid reaches the market in odd lengths from which the buyers sort and roll skeins varying from thirty to one hundred and twenty yards in length. The Chinese farmers bleach this braid with the fumes of burning sulphur, but they cannot produce the color demanded in England and the United States, so all the China braid used in hat-making in the two coun- tries finds its way to Luton. Luton's hold on this bleaching trade is as tight as the hold London has on the art of drying sealskins.—New York Commercial.

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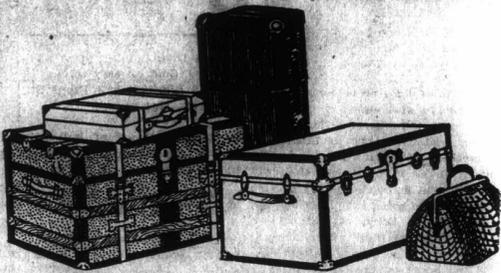
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MID-SUMMER SALE OF TRAVELLING GOODS



IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN the line of travelling goods, now is the time to procure same as our prices are right.

Trunks from - \$2.25 to \$25.00 Suit Cases - .50 to 15.00 Club Bags - 1.50 to 16.00

Notice Our Window Display. VERMILYEA & SON Store of Quality and Service Phone 187

PAINTING AND PAPERING

Best time of all the year, surely, for the paper-hangers to take possession of your rooms, are these summer days when you and your household are living outdoors on the ver- andah or holidaying in some other place—when the invasion of step ladders, tables and paste pails will prove little or no in- convenience. Moreover special midsummer rates have now been instituted on all manner of interior decorat- ing—papering, painting and tinting of walls and ceilings, painting and staining of wood- work and staining or finishing of floors.

And in addition to these re- duced rates for workmanship are the daily "sale specials" in the wallpapers themselves, making it possible for you to decorate your rooms at a mere fraction of the usual expenditure.

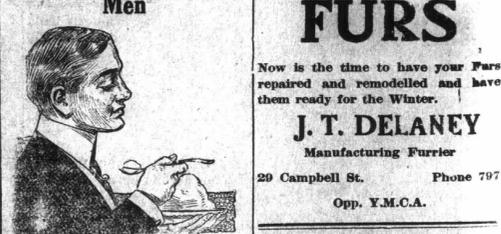
If your home needs to be freshened up with new paper and paint, let us send a man to ascertain what is required, and submit an estimate of cost.

C. B. Scantlebury Decorator and Designer 312 Front Street

Thermos Bottles \$2.00 Up

WATERS' DRUG STORE

The Coldness of Some Men



may come from Eating Ice Cream, but they do not mind Keeping Cool in the hot summer days. They are wise too, if they occasion- ally partake of our pure and delicious Ice Cream which is made by ourselves and guaranteed clean, pure and whole- some. Flavors to day are.— Peach (fruit) Strawberry (fruit) Raspberry (fruit) Vanilla

CHAS. S. CLAPP

to we you w Piece In the obviat the fab must Worst and P

SIX HORSES WERE Johnson Bros' L By Fire L

LOSSES WERE J. Lafferty's L gade's Wo System

Fire which brok o'clock last night son's livery, burne Lafferty's livery an age to Naylor's bla James Mouck's, a Black's property at Wills' mill and lue conflagration was of The losses will aggr thousand dollars as Johnson's Livery, Johnson's Livery, ters, sleighs, hay, gr \$3,500.

John Lafferty's ha Miscellaneous loss It was about ten o fire was first notice with the suddenness r any people in the v son's livery, Pinnac signs of fire until the burst out in flames. metal covered. Mrs. saw the light but th from Peck and Wills' tigation showed that blaze. A lady ran int tion calling fire and ty endeavored to sen but the fire alarm sy work; No. 2 did not g all, until later whe there was a fire and police from Burke's to blaze was. The polio of the telephone reat firemen.

When Chief Brown fire fighters, the bla engulf the whole apparently started in dry lumber in the str with the seventeen t gave ample food to heat from the fire t Naylor's blacksmith a tion from the heat and they saved thi which only bears a fev this morning on the of the roof. The wind w the west and this s Wills' lumber yard a with Chief Brown's

THE BICYCLE STORE (Lewis & Hobson) A Complete Perfect Light Motor Bicycle for \$135.00 CASH. New Front Wheel Drive Perfect Steering and Control. Call and See It Note The Price Also Smith motor Wheels \$85.00 388 Front Street

# Cool Clothes

This is the time of the year when a man wants to wear one of our Cool Two Piece Suits, it's certain you won't "Wear a Worried Look!"

But there are two considerations in a Two Piece Suit, which call for most competent Tailoring. In the first place, the Coat must be tailored as to obviate the need of a Vest. In the second place, as the fabrics are extremely light in weight, the tailoring must be done with the greatest skill.

Fabrics of carefully selected Sun Proof Serges, Worsteds, Home Spuns &c&c.

\$7.50 to \$15.00

Then to complete your comfort we've Straw and Panama Hats, Choice Soft Shirts, Thin Under exclusive Toggery.

## Quick & Robertson

### SIX HORSES WERE BURNED

Johnson Bros' Livery Destroyed By Fire Last Night

#### LOSSES WERE HEAVY

J. LaFerty's Loss—Fire Brigade's Work—Alarm System Faulty.

Fire which broke out about ten o'clock last night destroyed Johnson's livery, burned a portion of LaFerty's livery and did small damage to Naylor's blacksmith shop, Mr. James Mouck's, and Mr. B. J. Black's property and to Peck and Wills' mill and lumber yard. The conflagration was of unknown origin. The losses will aggregate about eight thousand dollars as follows: Johnson's Livery, (harness, property of Ouzammas' Estate) \$3,500. Johnson's Livery, (six horses, cutters, sleighs, hay, grain, harness, etc.) \$3,500.

John LaFerty's harness, \$1,200.

Miscellaneous losses \$600.

It was about ten o'clock when the fire was first noticed. The signs came with the suddenness of lightning for many people in the vicinity of Johnson's livery, Pinnacle street saw no signs of fire until the stables had burst out in flames. The barns were metal covered. Mrs. Johnson first saw the light but thought it came from Peck and Wills' factory. Investigation showed that the stables were ablaze. A lady ran into the police station calling fire and the officer on duty endeavored to send in the alarm, but the fire alarm system would not work; No. 2 did not get the notice at all, until later when they learned there was a fire and they called the police from Burke's to find where the blaze was. The police officer by use of the telephone reached most of the firemen.

When Chief Brown arrived with his fire fighters, the blaze had spread to engulf the whole livery. It had apparently started in the loft and the dry lumber in the structure together with the seventeen tons of old hay gave ample food to the fire. The heat from the fire became intense. Naylor's blacksmith shop was a protection from the heat to the firemen and they saved this old building which only bears a few charred marks this morning on the east end and on the roof. The wind was blowing from the west and this saved Peck and Wills' lumber yard and mill together with Chief Brown's adroit fire-

fighting methods. A start was made to remove the contents of the Johnson house but the fire chief recognized that he could control the flames and advised the people not to go to that trouble. Meanwhile the livery burned, a veritable fiery furnace, in which were consumed seventeen tons of hay, three hack sleighs, thirteen cutters, eight buggies (upstairs) six rigs (downstairs) five horses belonging to Johnson Bros., one horse belonging to the Canadian Northern Express, fourteen sets of double harness and single harness, and grain. Fortunately four horses were out at the time. The stable had accommodation for twenty-one horses. No effort could save the six animals in the barn as the heat made approach impossible.

#### Adjacent Buildings in Danger

Large glowing embers were carried by the wind eastward and these with the heat started fire in the rear of John LaFerty's livery. He had however had time to get out his horses. However the fire did about \$1,200 damage to the building besides destroying various livery contents. The firemen kept the blaze to the rear portion. Peck and Wills' factory and shed and lumber piles were in danger but the free use of water saved them. One hundred dollars will more than cover the damage to the lumber and mill roofing. A stream of water saved the shed in which were shashes, etc. Mr. James Mouck who resides on Church St. suffered a considerable loss. His fruit trees and garden produce were destroyed. Sparks lighted on his house and the brigade had to turn a stream on the dwelling from Church street. The rear fence around this property was burned.

#### Mr. B. J. Black's residence, Church street was endangered.

Mr. B. J. Black's residence, Church street was endangered. Mr. Black and friends ran up ladders and quenched incipient blazes with water carried in pails and ably helped the firemen. Dr. H. A. Yeomans lost a buggy and a cutter together with harness in Johnson's livery. S. Domenico had a sleigh stored there and it was burned. Mrs. (Dr.) Mather had two cutters burned.

Mr. Frank Johnson this morning estimated his loss on horses and carriages, cutters and harness at \$2,000 and on hay and other contents at about \$500. There is insurance on the property. The firemen had a warm fight of it. Two of the rubber coats were melted so intense was the heat. For a long time it was impossible to get through the passage between Johnson's and LaFerty's.

Chief Brown is getting much praise for saving the Johnson residence, Peck and Wills', the houses on Church street, LaFerty's livery and Ed. Naylor's blacksmith shop. The way in which the fire alarm system broke down last night has caused considerable comment among police, firemen and citizens. The inability to reach No. 2 over the fire phone accounted for the delay in that company reaching the scene.

#### TO THIS MASTER MURDERER.

The following spirited poem has been forwarded in a letter from the front from one of our Belleville boys.

Kaiser Bill, my heart is yearning  
And for one glimpse of you,  
I want to take you by the hand  
And say a word or two.

There are little jobs, you know,  
That you have left undone,  
And if you haven't got the time,  
Just pass them to your son.

My mother has turned sixty  
And is living all alone,  
Don't you think it's time you killed  
her?

She's your mark for that, you'll  
own.  
There are no forts to save her,  
Few soldiers in the town,  
That is just your game to play at,  
When your bombs come crashing  
down.

We have some hens and chickens:  
They want killing very bad—  
You know the way to do it  
With the experience you've had.

Your Zeppelins are good ones,  
And never miss the mark,  
Although we English people  
Just take them as a lark.

You have something of a record  
(And a bloody one at that);  
That's why I say, old William,  
With you I'd like a chat.

I know that I can't meet you  
But will meet some of your crew,  
And my bayonet, I'll stain it  
If they stand and fight like men.

Private Frank Jones,  
1st Batt., South Wales Borderers,  
Northumberland War Hospital,  
Newcastle-on-Tyne.

#### BURIED UNDER S. A. AUSPICES

Impressive Funeral of Late Elias M. Smith on Monday

The funeral of the late Elias M. Smith took place on Monday afternoon from the family residence, Foundry street, under Salvation Army auspices. A very large number of citizens attended the obsequies to pay their last tribute of respect to a lamented resident of the city. Adjutant Ritchie of the S. A. corps took the service assisted by Capt. T. D. Ruston. The Army band played funeral and sacred music as the cortege moved through the streets of the city. Interment was in Belleville cemetery, the bearers being friends of the deceased.

#### CURE FATIGUE!

#### BUILD UP!

#### GET FAT!

Once You Start Using the New Blood-Food Remedy You'll Get Well Quickly

You're nervous and uneasy. Appetite is poor. Sleep is hard to get. Still worse, you are thin and fagged out.

Work must be done, but where is the strength to come from? Make your blood nutritious and you'll have lots of strength.

Your only hope is Ferrozone, an instant blood-maker, blood-purifier, blood-enricher. It brings keen appetite, digests food and supplies nutrition for building up all the bodily tissues.

Ferrozone makes muscle and nerve fibre, increases your weight, instills a reserve of energy into the body that defies weariness of exhaustion from any cause.

For men who toil and labor, for the office man, the minister, the teacher, to these will Ferrozone bring a new life of spirit and robust health.

For growing girls, women of all ages—no tonic is more certain. Sold in 50c boxes by all dealers, or direct by mail from The Catarrozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

#### OBSEQUIES OF MISS CATHERINE TONER.

The remains of the late Miss Catherine Toner, late of this city, arrived from Toronto on the G. T. R. on Saturday at 12.15 and were interred at St. James Cemetery. The body was accompanied by her sister Mrs. J. W. VanNorman, Mr. Harry VanNorman and Mr. Dennis Bennett. The party was met at the station by Mr. and Mrs. F. H. VanNorman of South John street, and a number of friends, who accompanied the body to the cemetery where the funeral ceremonies were conducted by the Rev. Fr. Hyland, of St. Michael's R. C. Church.

The deceased lady was born in the city of Quebec in 1831 and came to reside in this city about 1849 and resided here for over 50 years when she moved to Toronto with her sister Mrs. VanNorman and family where she made as many friends who familiarly knew her as Aunt Kate as she had made in Belleville. She leaves behind to mourn her loss her sister Mrs. J. W. VanNorman, Mr. Harry VanNorman (nephew), Mrs. K. Tanner (niece), of Toronto, Mrs. Archie McIntyre of Winnipeg (niece), Mr. F. H. VanNorman (nephew), and family of this city. The floral offerings and spiritual bouquets were numerous.

#### HATCHED IN TRANSIT.

A case of eggs arrived at the C.P.R. depot yesterday for a local dealer and employees of the company were surprised to notice that a small batch of chickens had been hatched in transit. One chick was taken home and cared for by Mr. James Mitchell while three or four others were coddled up under the motherly wings of a hen owned by the genial station agent, Mr. James W. Anderson. It is understood that the first mentioned chick is doing fine, but that he others have not fared so well.—Lindsay Warder.

#### PICTON NOTES.

The Hughes bakery, recently purchased by Mr. Clayton Morden of Wellington, has been re-opened for business. One of the special events to which the people of the town of Picton and county of Prince Edward look forward to with a great deal of pleasure is the annual True Blue Orphanage picnic held at the Orphanage grounds the first Thursday in August. The proceeds of the day compared favorably with those of other years, the sum of about \$1200 being realized, and from this amount when all expenses are paid several hundred dollars will remain to be donated to the work of the Orphanage and Red Cross Auxiliary.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hubbs, Mary Street, spent the week end in Belleville with their son, Mr. Ralph Hubbs.

F. L. Scott of Toledo, Ohio, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Scott this week. Mr. Scott was re-elected President of the International Cutters' Association at Kansas City, Mo., last February. There are about 400 members in the Dominion at present.

A resident of the county was before the Police Magistrate, charged with disorderly conduct by fighting in Picton on Saturday. He was fined \$5.00 and costs of \$4.89, a total of \$9.89 in all, and was bound over to keep the peace in the sum of \$100.00 for one year.

About 6.30 Sunday evening, the barns of Mr. William McSteven on Johnston street were discovered to be on fire and before the fire could be checked the barns, including the contents of about forty tons of hay, were burned to the ground.

Mr. McSteven keeps quite a large dairy herd and supplies milk to a number of the residents of the town. The milking had just been completed on Sunday evening and the cows turned out from the basement when the fire was noticed. It appears to have originated in the hay mow and the cause is supposed to be spontaneous combustion due to the heating of the newly stored hay.

A dainty little missive, hardly larger than a pink-rimmed snowflake, announces the arrival of a third lucky baby into the New York household which has for its head Mr. John Tenney, and for its heart his lovely girl-fish wife, Gena Branscombe, Canada's own brilliant song writer and musician.—Globe.

Mr. and Mrs. MacGillivray Knowles, with their household and party, are anchored in the harbor of Picton. Hospitable as ever, Mr. and Mrs. Knowles find their floating home the mecca of many visitors, especially in the evening when the artists return from sketching tours through the country.

So far the prospects look more than favorable for a splendid Fair this year. Exhibitors, recognizing it as one of the best County Fairs in the Province, have already taken every available inch of space in the main building while a large amount of tent space has also been spoken for. The special prizes will be more numerous and valuable than ever, and an added feature will be a big exhibit from the Central Experimental Farm, which has been secured through the efforts of Secretary MacVannel. Always good, there is every reason to believe that Prince Edward Fair will be bigger and better than ever this year.—The Gazette.

#### MILITARY NOTES

The following officers, N.C.O.'s and men of the 155th battalion, having completed a twelve day course in the use and construction of grenades, are qualified to act as assistant instructors: Lieuts. R. S. Harder, S. J. Raymond, H. A. Fish, J. H. Davy; Sergeants. P. F. Pankhurst, H. Stiner, G. T. Ferguson, J. Turfitt, Corps. J. W. Day G. Paton, L. Loyer, W. J. McCoy; Ptes. N. J. Asselstine, W. J. Ford, W. Hamer, P. L. Doyle, C. H. Court, C. J. Burkett, W. Leworthy, M. J. Woodcock, W. Ingram, G. P. Rorke, W. Morris, D. Shute, A. Hubble, W. Cotterill, P. Anderson, L. Comeau, O. Comeau, F. R. Laycoe, E. G. Runnalls, R. Bowers, J. Gunyon, T. B. Halliday, W. Donovan, D. Vanderwater, P. F. Gifford, H. P. Naylor, E. Pigden, G. E. Ellis, R. C. Daubney, S. E. Simonds, R. Packard, R. T. Adams, D. G. Vardy, W. N. McGie.

#### THE OLD HOMESTEAD AT GRIFFIN'S TOMORROW

After more than thirty years of continuous and unparalleled popularity as a play, during which period it circled the globe three times and was presented to twenty million people, Denman Thompson's immortal rural classic, "The Old Homestead," has been converted into a Paramount picture by The Famous Players Company thus truly immortalizing what may justly be termed the greatest single triumph of the American stage.

It was the irresistible simplicity of the human play and its tender story which bases its appeal upon real heart interest and upon its depiction of every-day character that everyone recognizes, that have made its popularity endure for more than three decades. It was this fundamental wealth of universal interest that caused, "The Old Homestead," to become the foremost dramatic classic of our time and makes the photoplay adaptation of the lovable play one of the foremost important screen ventures in all the annals of motion pictures. In addition to the above offering, The Pathe weekly which includes a review of events the world over, and the third of the escapades of Mr. Jask series, featuring the king of comedy, Frank Daniels, will also be exhibited.

#### DOMESTIC TROUBLES IN COURT.

Domestic troubles resulting in two criminal charges came before His Honor Judge Wills yesterday. The parties had lived together for over twenty years but differences arose from the interference of relatives. The charges against the husband

#### There are 10 sheep classes exhibited

at the Canadian National Exhibition divided up into 140 sections.



### FAULTLESS

—IN FIT —IN WEAR

HAINES' Shoes are proving to be the best dressed women that they are entitled to be called "Faultless Footwear."

The fitting qualities of HAINES' Shoes are built into the shoe. This is the secret of their wonderful shape-retaining qualities.

Only the best of materials are good enough for HAINES' FOOTWEAR. Everything that enters into their making is the best quality that could be put into the shoe at the price.

**THE HAINES SHOE HOUSES**

NAPANEE BELLEVILLE SMITHS' FALLS  
TRENTON

**EARLE & COOK CO.**  
**Alteration Sale**  
Great Sacrifices Being Made for Immediate Disposal of Seasonable Goods.

Ladies' and Children's Dresses, 1-3 off regular prices.  
Palm Beach Suits, new styles, regular \$7.50, only \$4.95  
Wash Skirts and Middies, regular \$1.00, \$1.25, & \$1.50 only 80c.  
Black and Colored Silk Waists, regular \$3.50 to \$5.50, sale price \$1.95  
White Wash Silk Waists, sale price \$1.29  
A Special Lot of White Lawn Blouses, only 39c  
House Dresses, regular up to \$1.50, sale price 98c  
House Dresses, regular up to \$2.00, sale price \$1.19  
Black Sateen Underskirts, sale price, 79c  
3 doz. Duck Skirts with white Polka dots, \$1.00, only 69c.  
**WHITEWEAR.**  
Nightgowns—A Special Gown made from a good cambric, sale price 49c.  
Gowns, regular \$1.00 and \$1.25, sale price, 89c.  
Gowns, regular up to \$1.50, sale price \$1.19  
Gowns, regular \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50, sale price \$1.59  
Drawers, regular 65c, 75c, and \$1.00, only 59c.  
Drawers, regular \$1.00 and \$1.25, only 89c.  
White Lawn Aprons, Embroidery trimmed, sale price 19c.  
Overall Apron, made from a good quality print, only 49c.

**Earle & Cook Co.**  
Successors to Ketcheson & Earle.

**WM. McINTOSH & CO**

**Table Linen 49c yard**  
**Mill Ends.**

Short ends in (Damask) table linen 1 yard and a half; two yards, etc., different lengths, full two yards wide and very best of quality of Linen. This is some of the old stock, regular values from 75c, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00, clearing at 49c yard.

**WHITE HONEY COMB SHAWLS**  
(pure wool) for the Baby, 1.00, \$1.50 and \$1.25.

**FLANELETTE BLANKETS**  
\$1.00.  
Extra large size English Flanelette Blankets 90x88, regular value \$2.00. This week only \$1.69

**CHILDREN'S DRESSES—LAST CALL**  
All our Children's Colored Dresses clearing at only \$1.00, worth up to \$2.00 and \$2.25

**TOWELLING**  
16 inch heavy (Barnsley Craah) Irish Manufacture. This week only 7 1/2c yard.

**WM. McINTOSH & CO**

**BASEBALL TOMORROW**  
Tomorrow afternoon a ball game will take place on St. Michael's picnic grounds between the Clothiers and the Barbers. A good game is assured as several of the old timers will take part. Game called at 3 p.m.

**SHOUTS AT MIDNIGHT**  
The shouts of a woman disturbed the midnight air on Front street. The

police investigated and found that a well known citizen had visited at the rooms of a husband and wife. The screams were only an incident of an evening with friends.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, the best remedy of the kind that can be had.

DESCRIBED FRENCH

Pte. R. G. ... did Descri... Life

GIRLS ECHO

And Are No... the Farm... Stock... Im...

Thought you... tion of a French... we are often by... very fair idea... The French farm... thrift and suc... This land has b... for centuries, a... yield per acre i... than in our own... and that is sayi... the main reason... tion, careful fe... may be called i... bor is cheap her... much more time... tion of the soil... be profitable in... average French... on the farm as... I've been giving... labor may be se... The crops are... largely wheat, s... tatoes, margalo... jority of the far... of hops and th... well-cared for... chored around t... wire cable is st... of the fields, an... ed up on string... wires.

The buildings... and French... have seen the... front on the top... of brick or fra... and are usually... the roofs are o... bank barns as... The winters are... the people here... ence in laying... anyway. But... choice in the m... the windings in... generation to in...

Your husband... the big farms. A... came down a p... pasture. These... sure one piece fo... er than we woul... I imagine. Some... hedged and so... running stock.

But to return... buildings. The... of the yard were... feet long but ad... feet wide. On t... building of abou... slons—this was... used for stabling... loft for hay. Th... big square brick... of the old-fashio... tario. The steel... typical of the Fre... The yard is paved... brick. In the m... and everything is... at one third of t... about thirty feet... water. There wa... when one brushed... green carpet whic... was life in that... ford almost unlik... search work. I... "Gunga Din" got... but the description... ter found in the... this country—"It... It stank."

When it comes... have no occasio... There are no Hol... know what they c... less it be just Fr... similar to our re... horses are invar... farm has its whi... and its fowls, th... surprised at the... taken to keep nic... The implements... Ontario farmer a... wooden harrows... plete the list on... course, they all h... made hoes with... handles. The long... forks would be... hardware stores... the French imple... to work with. I... boys would like... wheeled cart dow... There is no pole... brake is the only... them off the ho... down grade. The... vehicle over here... Our battalion a...

Was Helpless For Ten Long Months

THEN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED WALTER J. ROBERTS.

Newfoundland Man Tells How He Turned to Dodd's Kidney Pills When Everything Else Failed.

Lewisport, Twillingate Dist., Nfld., August 14th. (Special) — People all over this district are talking of the wonderful cure of Walter J. Roberts. For ten months he was so crippled and helpless he could not even feed himself. He found a complete cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started from a cold after measles," Mr. Roberts says in telling the story of his cure. "For nineteen months I was confined to the house and for ten months I could not take one step.

"I tried many doctors and medicines, but got no relief from them. The trouble was in my legs and arms and was almost unbearable. I could not feed myself for those ten months.

"As a last chance I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills, taking twenty-eight boxes in all and am glad to say they made a firm cure of me."

"The moral of this is that if Dodd's Kidney Pills are good as a last chance they are far better as a first chance. If Mr. Roberts had taken Dodd's Kidney Pills at the first symptom of kidney trouble he would have avoided ten months of suffering.

Arrived at Barfield Camp on Saturday Morning

Lieut. E. A. Adams, of Picton, son of Lieut-Col. Adams of the 155th Battalion, arrived in Barfield Camp Saturday morning from the front. Lieut. Adams enlisted at Picton with the 99th Battalion one year ago and went overseas. In England he was transferred to the 14th Royal Battalion of Montreal. In the early part of July while in a dugout in the firing line his eyes were injured by shrapnel fire and he was sent to a hospital in England. He has been given two months' leave of absence, dating from July 22nd and he will have to rejoin his battalion on the firing line on September 22nd. Lieut. Adams will spend the intervening time with his father, Lieut-Col. Adams at Barfield.

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TRADITIONS OF RICE LAKE

Serpent's Mound, the Indian Mausoleum and Other Interesting Reminders of Other Days.

If it was given to man to draw back the curtains of time and to gaze upon the deeds and feats of unrecorded history, what wonders and deeds of heroism would not be unfolded to man's eye. A country's history is not only inscribed upon tablets of stone or manuscript, but is written upon the very face of the land itself. This unwritten history generally goes by the name of tradition and is handed down from generation to generation by word of mouth, until it becomes firmly graded in the minds of following generations and in the course of time it becomes collected by some compiling genius and takes form of history.

The Rice Lake Country, whose shores in years past, were no doubt thickly inhabited by the fish and fowl seeking Indian, is replete with evidences of ancestral activity. If you stroll along the Hiawatha shore in the direction of Harkamore's Point, and if you examine the sand closely you are quite likely to discover shattered remnants of old Indian arrow-heads. These relics of the Red Man's artillery are to be found at various points around the lake, but are especially conspicuous by their plentifulness around Hiawatha.

The most sacred memorial if the red man's age, however, is to be found on the north side of the lake and pretty well opposite Margaret's Island. It takes the form of a long mound, perhaps 200 feet in length, and is some feet in height. It is called Serpent's Mound by the Rice Lake populace on account of its winding nature, so resembling a serpent, and is the last resting place for many a red skin who in ages long passed is believed to have bitten the dust in a memorable battle once fought on the shores of the lake.

This curious and uncanny shaped mausoleum of his swarthy forefathers is the object of the deepest veneration on the part of the present Indian settlers dwelling around the lake, and many a varied are the legends connected with Serpent's Mound. Old Indians tell us how a terrible battle had been fought on the site of the mound but on account of the terrific numbers slain it was impossible to carry them back with the usual triumph and staid display to the village and necessitated the burial of the slain warriors in the curious manner seen today on the north shore of the lake.

Some years ago the white man's instinctive curiosity caused him to send Toronto curio hunters to examine Serpent's Mound and several interesting relics of bygone warfare were resurrected and taken back to the Queen City to delight the eyes of museum throngs. The Indian, however, prefers to save the mound which shelters his dead, left undisturbed, which is only natural to a nation which venerates its dead so highly as does the red skin.

Miss Carrie Black of Chicago, is visiting her parents on Hillside St. Mr. Frank Eaton, wife and daughter of New York City are in Belleville.

Herbert Boniff, James O'Connor, and George Jessop on a vagrancy charge were again before the police court this morning. Boniff was allowed to go and O'Connor and Jessop were further remanded a week. Boniff will go to Toronto, a ticket having been sent here for him. The three had been arrested a week ago at the G.T.R. depot.

James Young was sleeping peacefully below the second overhead bridge of the G.T.R. this morning, when Constable Donovan happened along. He was taken in tow and brought to the lockup and was told that the charge was vagrancy. He claimed to be a soldier on his way from Montreal to Bowmanville. But he was wearing a blue suit. He was remanded a week.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Cure.

French Penetrate Half a Mile Into German Lines.

French Penetrate Half a Mile Into German Lines. Anzac Also Share in Honors by Smashing Through the Enemy's Lines West of Fontenoy and Gaining 900 to 400 Yards—One Thousand Prisoners and Thirty Machine Guns Taken Near Clerly.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Gen. Haig's Anzac corps again won the honors of the day in a continuation of the strong Anglo-French forward movement on the 15-mile front from Thiépval to the Somme. These veteran troops smashed through the enemy lines west of Pozières during the night, penetrating the German trenches for 300 to 400 yards in an advance which their commander-in-chief describes as "important." The British also approached closer to the Martinière ridge by an advance across the plateau north-west of Basmont-le-Petit, while General Foch's French troops were their lines further up the river highlands around Buescourt and Clerly, and are now nearing the summit of the chain of hills designated on military maps as Ridge No. 109.

On the Verdun front the French registered after a series of violent counter-attacks against the positions conquered in Saturday's sharp blow had been repulsed. The Germans were active throughout the night, their efforts to win back the lost ground reaching a climax in a powerful assault, delivered from the direction of Comblès, on the positions held by the French in the outskirts of Maucras. This attack, like the others, failed. The Teutons were no more successful in attacks against the British south-east of Gulleumont, while north of Pozières a contemplated blow was forestalled by a British aeroplane, which reported the concentration of large forces behind the Mounauret farm, enabling the British artillery to take these battalions under a heavy fire and putting them to flight.

On the Verdun front the French report some progress south-east of Fleury, as well as the repulse of German attacks both in this sector and south of Avocourt wood, on the opposite bank of the Meuse.

On Saturday, the French carried the entire German third line for four miles north of the Somme, smashing forward for gains at some points almost a mile in depth. They seized a foothold in the outskirts of Maucras and penetrated into the western edge of Clerly, besides capturing the entire stretch of high road between those points. More than 1,000 prisoners had been captured at midnight, and thirty machine guns were taken.

The attack, by far the most powerful in weeks, was launched in the early afternoon after a night and morning of patrol and infantry preparation. The first force of General Foch's blow fell on the forward front, between Hardecourt and Buescourt, which the French are slowly pushing forward to flank the important town of Comblès.

East of Goria the Austrians have brought up heavy reinforcements and the Italian advance has slowed up. Heavy artillery duels are being fought in this area with the Italians fiercely bombarding the positions of the enemy. The Austrians are retreating by shelling Goria, and the bridge thrown over the Isongo. Small and local attacks are reported from the remainder of the Italian front, with the invariable repulse of the Austrians. Among the places where these encounters are reported are the slopes of Forane, the head of the Vostana valley, the trench from trench to trench as the attack progressed, the French line swept forward along the entire four miles of front. The field work was carried on a brilliant charge, in which the French soldiers clambered over the log barricades, swept aside the shell-cordons of barbed wire and jumped down among the Germans.

Late in the evening after the French advance had finally come to a halt, the Germans launched a furious counter-attack along the Maucras-Clerly highroad. The French positions had been quickly organized, however, and machine guns equipped and transportation for them can be obtained, the War Department announced Saturday.

The order, it was learned, was issued four days ago, but news of it was suppressed.

Officials of the War Department explained the order as being intended to carry out fully the objects of the national mobilization, as ordered by President Wilson, and further to give the guardian experience under semi-war conditions.

Jail-Breakers Caught. NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Aug. 15.—Within little more than four hours after their escape from the Welland County jail, shortly after four o'clock Sunday afternoon, Elmer Florence, aged 21 years, and James Tyson, aged 16 years, were arrested here by Ontario Policeman McNamara while purchasing tickets at the lower bridge in an attempt to enter the United States.

Danish Steamer is Victim of a Sub. LONDON, Aug. 15.—The Danish steamer Ivar was sunk by a submarine off Genoa, Italy, Sunday, according to a despatch to Reuters' Telegram Co. from Copenhagen. The crew of the steamer was saved.

WILSON TO PREVENT TIE-UP.

Railroads Will Probably Have to Make Concessions. WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—President Wilson conferred yesterday with both parties to the threatened country-wide railway strike, and last night it appeared that sufficient foundation had been laid to furnish a working basis for a settlement of the differences of the employes and employers. The president will meet both sides again to-day.

At the conclusion of yesterday's conference, the President issued this statement: "I have met both sides and have gone over the case with the utmost frankness. I shall not be able to judge until to-morrow whether we have found a feasible basis for settlement."

The foremost questions are what shall be arbitrated, if arbitration is resorted to, and what form of arbitration shall be adopted. Representatives of the employes maintain that their demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime are the only concrete proposition under discussion. They insisted to the president in their conference to-day that the railroads make some definite counter proposal. If the railroads submitted some proposed form of arbitration, they said, they would be ready to discuss negotiations further.

The employes are understood to be ready to consent to the principle of arbitration if the contingent proposals of the managers, which the men claim involve rights they have won in thirty years' efforts, are eliminated from consideration and if arbitration is conducted by a board on which all four brotherhoods are represented.

Immediately after learning the employes' position, the President summoned the committee of managers and held a long conference with them. They left the White House without making any statement throughout the night. If necessary, and the general understanding was that they discussed the advisability of withdrawing their "contingency" proposals and submitting a proposition without strings, as demanded by the men.

While representatives of the employes insisted that they had not yet agreed to arbitrate any feature of their differences, there was a growing impression among the arbitrators some form of compromise would be agreed upon.

ITALIANS TAKE MORE TRENCHES

Heavy Bombardment of New Austrian Positions Continues. LONDON, Aug. 15.—Another strong line of Austrian trenches, this time east of the Nadogem height, south of Goria, has been captured by the Italian army. The enemy is being steadily pressed back on the Carso plateau by the continuous pressure of the Italians. In this sector elaborate entrenchments were carried over Hill 212. About 800 Austrians were made prisoner by the Italians.

East of Goria the Austrians have brought up heavy reinforcements and the Italian advance has slowed up. Heavy artillery duels are being fought in this area with the Italians fiercely bombarding the positions of the enemy. The Austrians are retreating by shelling Goria, and the bridge thrown over the Isongo. Small and local attacks are reported from the remainder of the Italian front, with the invariable repulse of the Austrians. Among the places where these encounters are reported are the slopes of Forane, the head of the Vostana valley, the trench from trench to trench as the attack progressed, the French line swept forward along the entire four miles of front. The field work was carried on a brilliant charge, in which the French soldiers clambered over the log barricades, swept aside the shell-cordons of barbed wire and jumped down among the Germans.

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ENEMY FALLING BACK

Russians Are Driving Everything Before Them. General Brusiloff's Armies Are Converging on Lemberg and Halicz and Brestany Are Within Range of Russian Guns—Four Important Towns Have Been Taken—Nearly 85,000 Officers and Men Captured.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The semi-circle formed by the Russian army chain in Galicia from the region south of Brody to the area south of Stanislaw has been drawn an average of 10 miles closer to Lemberg during the last 24 hours. Swiftly rolling up the armies of the Austrian Bronze belt in the direction of the Galician capital, the main goal of General Brusiloff's drive in the south, the Muscovite forces drove the Teuton defenders from the greater part of their positions on the four strategic heights which formed the main natural obstacles on the road to Lemberg from the south-east: the Sereth, Stripa, Koropiec, and Ziota Lipa. Though fighting desperate rearguard actions, the Austro-German troops are rapidly retreating on the whole front from the head waters of the Sereth down to the eastern and southern approaches of Halicz, the withdrawal having become necessary with the fall of Stanislaw last Thursday.

As a result of Saturday's and Sunday's fighting the two southern "gates" of Lemberg, Halicz and Brestany are now in the range of the Russian artillery and their fall is near.

Four important towns fell to the Russians during the last 24 hours. The possession of each serves to tighten their grip on Lemberg. They are: Esmerna (Jezerna), between the Stripa and Sereth rivers, 33 miles south-east of Lemberg; Podgajca (Podhajce), on the Koropiec, 30 miles to the north-east of Stanislaw; and only 15 miles south of Brestany. From Podgajca a trunk railway runs north-west through Brestany directly to Lemberg, which is 60 miles away as the crow flies. Horozonka, west of the Ziota Lipa, ten miles north of Halicz, Maryampol, on the Dunajec, 10 miles to the south-east of Halicz, is being encircled and the Teuton lines there, menaced since the fall of Stanislaw, have become untenable.

In the north, just south of the headwaters of the Sereth the Russian army, under Gen. Sakharoff, has reached Olesiv (Olejew). Here the Czar's forces are only 53 miles from Lemberg, but the drive on the Galician capital is directed from the south, with Brody as the pivot point of the giant swing.

The huge semi-circle right and rests on the lines in the Sereth valley, the centre is pushing ahead with the Transcarpathian, and the left threatens Halicz. These two last points taken, the road to Lemberg is practically clear, and the Russians are in a position to take the last lap of their drive along three railways, with the Transcarpathian, Tarnopol-Strip, serving excellently as a supply line.

Sunday night's Russian War Office statement enumerates captures of prisoners in the Galician fighting, giving a total of nearly 85,000 officers and men. Of these captures 27,534 alone were made by the armies of General Sakharoff (south of Brody) and Letchitsky (Buczacz and Stanislaw fronts), within the last three days. The balance is made up of prisoners taken by General Tchobatcheff (middle Sereth front), from June 5 up to date—1,263 officers and 55,158 men.

General Letchitsky's forces captured 11 officers and 1,000 men in the last 24 hours on the Bystritsa River.

In the Carpathians where a week ago the fortunes of battle showed inclinations to favor the Teutons, the Russian advance has been temporarily checked, the Archduke Karl Franz Joseph's right wing is now retreating before a renewed Russian offensive. Attempts by the Teutons to treat the initiative from the Muscovites and prevent the gradual separation from the Austro-German northern armies, failed, according to Sunday night's Petrograd report.

EMMANUEL PRAISES TROOPS

Italy, Rejoicing, Claps Goria to Her Boom, Says King. ROME, Aug. 15.—King Victor Emmanuel has addressed the following proclamation to the army: "But a short time has elapsed since you interposed an insurmountable barrier to powerful enemy forces attempting to invade the rich Italian plains from the Trentino. To-day you have conquered strongly fortified enemy positions. It is through your bravery that Italy, rejoicing, claps Goria to an heroic boom. This particularly is an important step on the glorious march leading to the fulfilment of our national aspirations. "Soldiers of Italy, you will achieve the victory which already looms on the horizon. Let the memory of your brothers gloriously fallen be an example, and encourage you in your struggle against the secular enemy of the race. "I am proud to be your chief, and thank you in the name of the fatherland, which looks upon you with admiration, love, and gratitude."

Independence of Poland. LONDON, Aug. 15.—A despatch from Vienna by way of Amsterdam says that in a few days the central empire will issue a proclamation declaring the independence of Poland.

It is proposed to call on the Poles to form a national army for the defence of their country.

THE MARKET'S

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Aug. 15.—Yesterday's Board of Trade official market quotations: Manitoba Wheat (Track, Bay Ports), No. 1 northern, \$1.45; No. 2 northern, \$1.41; No. 3 northern, \$1.36; Manitoba Oats (Track, Bay Ports), No. 2 C.W., 55c; No. 3 C.W., 54c; Extra No. 1 feed, 54c; No. 1 feed, 53c; American Corn (Track, Toronto), No. 2 yellow, 56c; Ontario Oats (According to Freight Outside), No. 3 white, 51c to 52c; Ontario Wheat (According to Freight Outside), No. 1 commercial, \$1.15 to \$1.20; No. 2 commercial, \$1.10 to \$1.13; No. 3 commercial, \$1.05 to \$1.07; Feed, 51c to 52c; Peas (According to Freight Outside), No. 2 nominal, \$1.75 to \$1.85; According to Freight Outside, \$1.50; Barley (According to Freight Outside), Maltster's, 57c; Feed barley, nominal; Buckwheat (According to Freight Outside), Nominal.

Rye (According to Freight Outside), 57c; Manitoba Flour (Toronto), First patents, 48c; Second patents, in 70-lb. bags, \$7.00; Strong bakers, in 70-lb. bags, \$7.00; New winter, according to sample, \$5.50 to \$5.80, nominal, in bags, track, 15c; Old winter, \$5.40 to \$5.70, nominal, bulk, seaboard.

Milled (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freight, Bags Included), Bran, per ton, \$24; Shorts, per ton, \$26 to \$27; Middlings, per ton, \$27 to \$28; Good feed flour, per ton, \$15 to \$15.50; Hay (Track, Toronto), No. 1, per ton, \$10 to \$12; No. 2, per ton, \$9 to \$10; Straw (Track, Toronto), Car lots, per ton, \$6 to \$7.

Fall wheat—New, \$1.17 to \$1.20 per bushel; old, \$1.17 to \$1.15 per bushel. Oats—55c to 56c per bushel. Buckwheat—Nominal. Rye—According to sample, nominal. Hay—Timothy, new, No. 1, \$8 to \$12 per ton; mixed and clover, \$8 per ton; Straw—According to sample, nominal.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 14.—A tremendous break took place in all markets today, with the local market showing a steady decline. October closing 84c lower, December 74c lower, and May 64c lower. Oats were 14c lower for October and 15c lower for December. Barley dropped 2c. Flax was 5c down for October and 10c for November, with 7 1/2c lower for December.

A big trade developed on the sharp break today. The public were caught by their spot loss orders, and early the selling developed. The news was established all day with a good report from Saskatchewan.

Exporters were good buyers on the break, and the big firms also bought well, but the public was not so much interested. The cash demand was good for wheat, indifferent for oats, and fair for barley.

Wheat—Open, High, Low, Close, Oct. .... 147 1/2 147 1/2 143 1/2 143 1/2; Dec. .... 143 1/2 143 1/2 143 1/2 143 1/2; May .... 64 64 64 64; Oats—Oct. .... 48 48 48 48; Dec. .... 46 46 46 46; Flax—Oct. .... 197 197 197 197.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 14.—Closing—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 1 Manitoba, 14s 6d; No. 2, 14s 4d; No. 3, 14s 2d; Corn—Spot, quiet; new, 10s 6d; Flour—Wheat, 14s 6d; Hope in London (Facific coast), 4s 15d to 4s 15 1/2.

CATTLE MARKETS.

UNION STOCK YARDS. TORONTO, Aug. 15.—Receipts of live stock at the Union-Stock Yards yesterday consisted of 194 cars—2,784 cattle, 273 calves, 2,022 hogs, 691 sheep and lambs, and 714 horses.

Butcher Cattle. Choice heavy steers, \$3.50 to \$3.75; good heavy steers, \$3.40 to \$3.50; Butcher cattle—Choice, \$7.50 to \$8.00; good, \$7.00 to \$7.50; common, \$6.50 to \$7.00; Cows—Choice, \$4.75 to \$5.00; good, \$4.50 to \$4.75; medium, \$4.25 to \$4.50; common, \$4.00 to \$4.25; Calvers and cutters, \$4 to \$4.75; Bulls—Best heavy, \$4 to \$7.75; good, \$3 to \$4.75; Stockers and feeders, \$3 to \$4.50; Milkers and springers, \$5 to \$10; Spring lambs—Choice, 11c to 12 1/2c lb.; culls, 8c to 10c lb.; Light, heavy sheep, 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c lb.; heavy, fat sheep, 4c to 5 1/2c lb.; Veal calves, 5 1/2c to 11 1/2c lb.; Hogs—Red, white, and spotted, \$12.50 to \$13.75; weighed off cars at \$12.50 to \$13.75; Packers quote hogs at \$11.75 (L.A.) \$12.50 fed and watered, and \$12.50 weighed off cars.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, West End Market, good to choice butchers' steers continued scarce, and while a few odd loads sold at \$3 to \$4.50, small lots of choice brought as high as \$3.75 per 100 pounds. Lambs declined 7c to \$1.25 per 100 pounds. There was a good demand from local packers and quite a few lots were also bought for shipment to the U. S. Consequently active buyers were scarce in Ontario stock at \$3.75 to \$3.75, and in Quebec stock at \$3.50 to \$3.50 per 100 pounds. The tone of the market for sheep was also easier, and prices were 25c per 100 pounds lower.

Good to choice milk cows, time now higher at 10c to 11c per pound, but the supply of granulated was ample to fill all requirements at 5c to 7c per pound. The strength, which has characterized the market for hogs for some time now, continues to be the main feature of the market, and prices for choice selected lots averaged 150 pounds each scored a further advance of 25c per 100 pounds with sales of such at \$12.50, but prices for ordinary selected lots were unchanged from a week ago at \$11.75 to \$12 for long run stock while short run lots of heavyweights and rough stock sold at \$11.50 to \$11.50, with some at \$10.50 to \$11, and steers at \$2.25 to \$2.50 per 100 pounds weighed off cars.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, N.Y., Aug. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000; active; shipping steers, \$3.50 to \$3.60; butchers, \$3 to \$3.50; calves, \$4 to \$5; cows, \$3.50 to \$4; stockers and feeders, \$2.75 to \$3.25; sheep, \$4 to \$5; hogs, \$12 to \$13; Veal—Receipts, 1,200; active and steady, \$4.50 to \$5.25; Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; active; heavy and mixed, \$11 to \$12; porkers, \$10 to \$11; pigs, \$10 to \$11; roughs, \$9.25 to \$9.50; steers, \$6.50 to \$7.75; Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; active; lambs, \$7 to \$11.25; yearlings, \$6.50 to \$7.50; weaners, \$5 to \$6.25; and \$7.75; sheep, mixed, \$7.75 to \$8.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Cattle—Receipts 8,000; market, 10c higher; steers, \$10.50 to \$11.50; cows and heifers, \$8.50 to \$9.50; \$9 to \$10.50; Hogs—Receipts 45,000. Market lower. Light, \$9.50 to \$10.50; heavy, \$9.50 to \$10.50; rough, \$8.45 to \$9.50; pigs, \$8.20 to \$9.50; bulk of sales, \$9.50 to \$10.50; Sheep—Receipts 21,000. Market lower. Lambs, native, \$7.25 to \$11.

For Months

PILLS OUR OBSESSIONS.

Tells How He Found Pills

ate Dist. (Nfld.) — People are talking of Walter J. Ross as he could not find a remedy from a cold beris says in cure. "For as confined to months I could

and med- from them. legs and arms able. I could see ten months. tried Dodd's twenty-eight to say they

that if Dodd's a last chance first chance. Dodd's Kid- npton of Kid- have avoided

E LAKE

The Indian Other In- ders of

can to draw time and to and feats of that wonders could not be a country's scribed upon unscript, but y face of the ritten history ame of tra- vers from gen- by word of a firmly gra- owing gene- of time it be- me compiling of history, punity, whose ere no doubt the fish and a reptile with activity. If lavatha shore Harkamora's line the sand likely to dis- ans of old In- se relics of y are to be s around the conspicuous around His-

memorial if the r, is to be le of the lake life Margaret's rm of a long et in length, ht. It is by the Rice ount of its resembling a resting place who in ages to have bitten ble battle once of the lake. eanny shaped warthy fore- the deepest of the present arled are the th Serpent's ell us how a een fought on but on account s slain it was em back with stolic display ceated the rriors in the today on the

white man's caused him to uters to ex- and several yone warfare taken back to ight the eyes The Indian ve the mound ed, left undi- natural to any es its dead so skin.

of Chicago, is a Hillside St. life and daugh- are in Belle-

DESCRIPTION OF FRENCH FARMS

Pte. R. G. Dickinson's Splendid Description of Rural Life in France

GIRLS EQUAL TO MEN And Are Now Doing Most of the Farm Work—Good Stock and Crude Implements

Thought you might like a description of a French farm. As you know we are often billeted at farms when we are out of the lines, so we have a very fair idea of French farm life. The French farmer is famous for his thrift and success in production. This land has been under cultivation for centuries, and yet the average yield per acre is considerably higher than in our own county of Durham, and that is saying much. I imagine the main reasons are good cultivation, careful fertilization, and what may be called intensive farming. Labor is cheap here and, consequently, much more time is put in on preparation of the soil than perhaps would be profitable in Ontario. I think the average French girl is as much help on the farm as most of the men. I've been giving the boys a hint that labor may be scarce after the war!

The crops around this section are largely wheat, rye, oats, beans, potatoes, marigolds and hops. The majority of the farms have several acres of hops and they are exceedingly well-cared for. Long poles are anchored around the outside, and heavy wire cable is stretched entire length of the fields, and the vines are trained up on strings fastened to these wires.

The buildings of the average Belgian and French farm, as far as I have seen them at least, usually front on the barnyard. The barns are of brick or frame with mud filling and are usually thatched. Sometimes the roofs are of tile. There are no bank barns as there are in Ontario. The winters are not very cold, but the people here do not study convenience in laying out their buildings, anyway. But very few have any choice in the matter, I suppose, as the buildings have passed from one generation to another with but little change.

Our headquarters was at one of the big farms. As we approached we came down a path through a large pasture. The French seem to pasture one piece for a long time—longer than we would consider profitable I imagine. Some of the land is not hedged and so cannot be used for running stock. But to return to the subject of buildings. The barns on the right of the yard were probably a hundred feet long but not more than thirty feet wide. On the left was a brick building of about the same dimensions—this was of brick and was used for stabling purposes, with a loft for hay. The house itself was a big square brick, not unlike many of the old-fashioned houses in Ontario. The steep thatched roof is typical of the French rural buildings. The yard is paved on three sides with brick. In the middle is a huge hole and everything is dumped into this. At one end of the house was a hole about thirty feet square. This is for water. There was water there, too, when one brushed aside the beautiful green carpet which covered it. There was life in that pool that would afford almost unlimited scope for research work. I don't know where "Gunga Din" got his mussack filled, but the description would fit the water found in the average waterpool in this country—"It was crawling and it stank."

When it comes to stock the French have no occasion to be ashamed. There are no Holsteins here. I don't know what they call these cattle unless it be just French, but they are similar to our red Durhams. The horses are invariably fine. Every farm has its white, long-eared pig and its fowls, though I have been surprised at the little care that is taken to keep nice flocks.

The implements would not suit the Ontario farmer at all. A plough, wooden harrows, and a roller complete the list on some farms. Of course, they all have the blacksmith made hoes with the hand-spiked handles. The long-handled two-tined forks would be dead stock in our hardware stores. I have yet to see the French implements that I'd care to work with. I wonder how the boys would like to brake a three-wheeled cart down some of our hills? There is no pole on these and the brake is the only thing which keeps them off the horses' heels on the down grade. The cars are a favorite vehicle over here.

Our battalion sports went off fine yesterday. The mounted wrestling was great. The fellows were mounted in teams of four—no saddles, of course. The idea was for one team to dismount the other, and it made some excitement. Some of the boys made a grab every time they got the chance, but the best in my judgment, was a lance-corporal in C company. At first I thought he wasn't anxious to get into things, but soon changed my mind when he edged up alongside one fellow, grabbed him about the waist, and neatly dropped him to the ground. The last time he was in was against the transport, and the other three of his team were dismounted with three of the transports still left. He gave the whole three of them the scrap of their lives to get him off then. They pulled him off, but he would stick to the horse's neck and hold his feet off the ground until the horse would get out of the mix-up and then he'd climb back. The events all went off nicely and no one was seriously hurt.

Its a wonderful sight to see the illuminations some nights. Those flares of Fritz start up in a semi-circle growing in brilliancy until anyone within half a mile imagines that he must be plainly visible, and sometimes wonders why in the world the bushes do not shoot. The shells bursting at night is a wild sight. I have watched some of our gun fire—I could see the flash of the gun and then, by watching in the other direction, could see the shell burst. Then after it was all over, I could hear first the report of the gun, then the scream of the shell, then the dull boom of the explosion. Sound seems to travel very slowly sometimes. Then the program is usually varied a little, with trench mortars, sausages, bombs, etc., all very entertaining in its way, but the front seats are not in demand. However, Fritz usually finds a full house when he comes over.

I recently ran across Stanley Dunn and Alex. Christie. None of us had time to talk just then but will look them up again soon.—Bowmanville Statesman.

WOULD LIKE LOWER RENTAL But There Is Little Possibility of Reductions of Rents on Hotel Property.

Owners of hotel property in Belleville are elsewhere show little or no tendency to lower rents in view of the advance of prohibition in September, claiming that the rentals have been low and that a reduction is consequently not warranted. Just what effect this will have on the number of "Standard Hotels" to be operated in Belleville remains to be seen. The question of rent is one of the reasons given by one hotelman why he has not made application for the new style of license.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS Their Views are Combated in a Letter by Ex-Ald. Robinson.

Editor of The Ontario. Last Monday evening the writer attended a meeting held in a tent located on the corner of Pinnacle street and Victoria avenue. (The meetings I understand are being conducted in the interest of a religious body known as Seventh Day Adventists.) The gentleman who delivered the address on the occasion referred to was a fluent speaker and was quite conversant with his subject. Nevertheless in my humble opinion the lecturer advanced some things that were not in harmony with the general teaching of the Scriptures. I understood him to say that when the saints were caught up to meet the Lord in the air that the Lord at once returned to heaven and took the saints with Him, where they remained for a thousand years and then came back to earth, which they would find completely desolated and in a chaotic state.—No nations, no individuals, no life, all destroyed.

Now Mr. Editor, I know that our Lord Jesus said, "I will come again," but I have never read in the Bible that He will come a third time. "Unto them that look for Him shall He appear the second time, without sin unto salvation." Heb. 9: 28. "He (God) shall send Jesus Christ, whom the heavens must receive until the times of restitution of all things." Acts 3: 20, 21. This same Jesus, which is taken up from you into heaven, shall so come in like manner as ye have seen Him go into heaven. Acts 1: 9-11. He "shall judge the quick and the dead, at His appearing and His kingdom"—2 Tim. 4: 1.

GIRL CLAIMED INSULT.

The police answered a call to the vicinity of No 1 Fire Hall at 8.15 last evening in answer to a complaint that a young lady had been insulted. Sergeant Naplin investigated the circumstances and found no reason for action being taken.

LAWN SOCIAL A FINE SUCCESS

Enjoyable Event at Zion's Hill Last Night—An Excellent Programme

The lawn party held last night at Zion's Hill Church, Thurlow, was in every way a splendid success. The night was perfect. The crowd was very large. The refreshments and service were of the best. The programme was most interesting and enjoyable all the way through. The party was held on the church lawn and the tables were laid in the church shed where several hundred were easily accommodated. The light refreshments of sandwiches, cake and ice cream were heartily enjoyed.

It was intended that Dr. J. A. Faulkner of Foxboro should occupy the chair, but he was unavoidably compelled to be absent and that duty was discharged by Mr. J. O. Herity of Belleville.

The chief feature of the program was the four admirable addresses delivered by Mr. John Elliott of Belleville, Rev. W. W. Jones, Foxboro, May Ketcheson, Belleville and Rev. Mr. McLeod, of Foxboro.

Mr. Elliott spoke in a humorous vein, his "pious" experience bringing a great response of laughter from the crowd.

Rev. Mr. Jones related some capital anecdotes to the great amusement of his audience and closed with an earnest word about the war.

Layor Ketcheson made a splendid patriotic speech in which he dwelt upon the serious nature of the world crisis and the need for more men. His forcible remarks evidently left a deep impression.

Owing to the lateness of the hour Mr. McLeod spoke very briefly, but as he always does, he spoke eloquently and well. He also struck a patriotic note.

Vocal solos were rendered by Mr. Palmer, Master Armstrong Amey, Miss Bell of Foxboro and Miss M. Ketcheson. Little Miss Viva Lloyd gave a well rendered humorous recitation.

The Foxboro band was present and entertained proceedings with their spirited selections.

The proceedings were brought to a close by a word from the pastor, Rev. A. C. Huffman, and the singing of "God Save the King."

COFFEE SOLD WAS NOT PURE

Belleville Grocer Fined For Selling Adulterated Goods

MINIMUM PENALTY

Twenty-five dollars and costs, was the minimum penalty imposed by Magistrate Masson on a Belleville merchant who was charged in this morning's police court with selling adulterated coffee. Last December Inspector Hogan came through town and bought a package of coffee from a local grocer. The latter told him at the time he had no pure coffee in but that his supply was a mixture of coffee and chicory. The coffee was sold and on analysis the presence of chicory was detected. Inspector Hogan brought the charge in court today.

The merchant said the coffee came to him as a mixture but said what he sold out was not in labelled packages. Inspector Hogan only asked for the minimum fine as the local grocer was not trying to deceive the public. The analyst's certificate stated that the mixture was not injurious to health.

The explanation that the inspector was told that the coffee was not pure did not exempt the grocer from the penalty—\$25 fine, \$4 for the analysis certificate and \$2.75 court costs. "There goes a year's profit on coffee," he said.

Mr. W. Carnew represented the Inland Revenue Department.

STABLE AS SOURCE OF REVENUE

Some Hotel Barns Taxed to Accommodate Farm Horses

The barn end of the hotel business in Belleville will of course not be affected by the arrival of prohibition. Some of the larger stables have been the source of great profit on market days. One large barn which has an accommodation for one hundred and fifty head of horses, has had an average of ninety horses in its stalls on Saturdays. This is just one instance of the stabling required when farmers visit the city. Of course there are cases in the city of hotels which do a very small stable trade.

155TH BATT. CAMPED OUT

Bivouacked With 154th and 156th Battalions at Lemoine's Point

The plans for the route-march and bivouac at Lemoine's Point for Thursday and Friday indicate that an elaborate scheme will be carried out which shall certainly prove of great value in the training of the soldiers at Barriefield camp. The 154th, 155th and 156th battalions are engaged and on the march. The men of these units dress in drill order with shirt sleeves, haversacks and water bottles. The battalions were ordered to parade as strong as possible and only orderly room clerks, paymasters and pay-officers, sick, light duty men (regimental police) with one officer in charge remained behind in camp. The members of the Infantry School and those attending the Bombing School received orders to parade with their units. No tents were included in the equipment, each man carrying in his haversack his wash-pail, kit, knife, fork and spoon, one pair of socks, one plate and one mug.

On the wagons each man took a service dress jacket, one blanket and one ground sheet all rolled to make two bundles per platoon. Two wagons and one motor lorry accompanied each battalion and these carried the men's blankets, camp kettles, pioneer tools, twelve picks, twenty-four shovels per battalion. No field kitchens were to be taken.

The rations for Thursday were taken on the regimental wagons while the A. D. of S. and T. arranged to issue rations for Friday on the ground. The fuel was supplied by the Army Services Corps. Lieut.-Col. S. A. Thompson, General Staff Officer, gave a lecture on Thursday evening and gave the details that were to be carried out during the march and bivouac.

The following men of the 155th battalion will report to the District Signalling Officer on Tuesday, August 15, for the purpose of taking a course in signalling: Corp. W. A. Glover, C. O. Pte. J. A. Saylor, A. Co. J. J. Deacon, A. Co. R. Packard, B. Co. C. Knight, C. Co. F. Miller, C. Co. K. Watson, D. Co. R. R. Bullied, D. Co.

GEO. HERON MISSING.

Word was received here today that George Heron, of Port Hope, of the 39th battalion had been missing since July 25, and it is thought he was killed by a mine explosion. Heron was about 50 years of age and is survived by his wife and two daughters.

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S. C. PARKS GRAND MASTER

Well Known Toronto Man Succeeds L. B. Cooper as Chief of L.O.O.F.

Chatham, Aug. 10.—S. C. Parks of Toronto was this afternoon elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, I. O. O. F. at the sessions which opened this morning. The other officers elected were: Deputy Grand Master, C. H. Mann, Hamilton; Grand Secretary, William Brooks, Toronto; Grand Representatives, Joseph Oliver and D. M. McIntyre, Toronto; Grand Warden, Rev. W. Cox, Gananoque; Home Board Trustees, J. T. Hornbrook (Toronto), J. B. Turner, (Hamilton).

Formal expression was given to the sorrow of the Grand Lodge caused by the deaths of P. G. Masters, Cale and Derbyshire, and in the deaths of 750 members of the order in defence of the Empire. Tribute was paid to those responsible for the work of the organization during the past year.

MASSASSAGA PARK GUESTS

Holidaymakers at the Park—Sailing Party With Katie Gray.

The sailing yacht, Katie Gray yesterday landed the following party at Massassaga Park who registered at the park hotel: Capt. Doherty, M. Mechan, L. Baltwell, S. Masson, K.C., C. M. Stork, A. Gillen, Tom Ketcheson, S. Hoey, W. C. Mikel, K.C. and W. Carn w.

Mr. J. A. Kerr and family are registered at the park hotel. Mrs. M. Parke and son of Saginaw, Mich., are staying at the park hotel.

Mrs. (Dr.) Yeomans and son Asa are registered at Massassaga Park Hotel. Mr. Chas. Symons and party spent last evening at Massassaga park. Mr. Alf. Symons and wife spent last evening at Massassaga Park.

According to a message which the Belleville police received from Picton a five passenger Ford automobile with marker No. 9618 was taken from a street in that town this morning by two men, both quite under the influence of liquor.

LAW OF CANADA IS NO RESPECTER OF PERSONS.

Charles E. Hughes Stopped on Border and Soldier Searched Car.

NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y., Aug. 9.—Charles E. Hughes, westward bound on the first trip of his presidential campaign spent Sunday at Niagara Falls.

During a motor ride with his wife on the Canadian side, the nominee obtained a first-hand impression of the vigilance exercised by the Dominion Government over tourists. At a lonely spot a Canadian soldier with fixed bayonet appeared in the roadway, ordered the driver to halt and made a business-like search of the car for explosives, while Mr. Hughes and his wife stood waiting good-naturedly nearby. The soldier, when told of Mr. Hughes' identity, replied with a grin that he was sorry to inconvenience the candidate, but Canadian military rules made no exceptions.

NEW EXPRESS AND FREIGHT TARIFFS

The secretary of the Board of Trade has received pamphlets, correspondence and circulars asking for suggestions by way of protest or approval of the new tariff of rates about to be introduced, the same to be laid by the Board before the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners within 30 days. The papers which are voluminous can be seen at the office of the secretary at any time by those interested.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Phillip Flagler and family desire to express their sincere thanks to their numerous friends who were so kind in their expressions of sympathy in their sad bereavement they suffered in the death of husband and father.

FINE TIME AT MASSASSAGA

An event of much interest transpired at Massassaga Park last evening. Mr. W. Fleming, Mrs. Fleming and their son tendered a general good time to the Massassaga cottagers and the campers from Kamp Kumbort. The genial proprietors first turned over the pavilion to the holidaymakers and the dancing then set in motion for several hours. Then the cottagers & campers were invited to the park hotel where a dinner of all kinds of delicacies dear to the vacation taste, was spread before them. The affair was kept up till midnight. Just before dispersing the party tendered their heartfelt thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Fleming and family. Mr. Fleming responded. The singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and joining hands wound up one of the most delightful evenings spent at Massassaga since the Indians lived there.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Marmora Folk Accused of Offences Against Morals

Charles Burns, Marmora charged with a serious offence against an alleged imbecile and Mrs. Margaret Arnold, of Marmora, charged with conducting a disorderly house, were given a preliminary hearing before Magistrate Masson this morning and after evidence was taken were committed for trial. W. Carnew for the crown, W. D. M. Shorey for the accused.

SOLDIER'S CHILD DEAD.

Diphtheria Caused Death of Edward George Best Last Evening.

Edward George Best, five year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Best, 141 West Bridge street died last evening of diphtheria after about one week's illness. The funeral took place this morning to Belleville cemetery. The father of the deceased child is in France. A brother Alfred survives.

MAGISTRATE BEDFORD'S COURT

Mrs. Hollands of Deseronto comes up before Magistrate Bedford at Deseronto this afternoon on a charge of conducting a disorderly house and Mrs. Sager appears to answer the charge of being a frequenter.

Mr. W. Carnew, crown attorney is prosecuting and Mr. W. D. M. Shorey is appearing for the defence. A Ruthenian convention at Saskatoon of five hundred delegates sent the Duke of Connaught a message affirming the loyalty of the Ruthenians in Canada.

ONCE WORKED WITH CIRCUS

Prisoner Did Not Know What "On the Hill" Meant.

"They said I wasn't fast enough for the circus," said J. Cook, a young man, charged in police court this morning with vagrancy. The accused had been arrested near the Children's Shelter last evening. The poor fellow had not had much to eat for some days and the policeman got him a meal. His footwear had almost entirely disappeared.

He hails from Gravenhurst where he was born. He had been working with a circus, but he claims he was worked too hard, besides having to withstand a shower of potatoes which were flung at his head in the circus kitchen. So he and another decided to leave. They set out and walked. "You have not had much to eat," said the court.

"No." "Then two weeks on the hill will be good for you, you will get strength." "What place is that?" asked the prisoner. "The hill—the jail. Have you never been in jail?" "No."

Mr. John Joe Byrnes and sister Mae, of Read, spent Sunday at Peter O'Connell's, Forest Mills.

Master Harry Thornton of Lindsay is visiting his uncle Mr. H. A. Morgan, West Bridge street.

Mr. Hiram Ashley and Mrs. Ashley and daughter leave today for a month's visit in Toronto.

Mr. Samuel H. Treverton returned last evening after a trip down East. He states that rain has been plentiful the past week in the counties of Stormont and Dundas.

Mrs. J. P. Bucke, of Sarnia, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. H. M. Clarke returned home accompanied by Mrs. F. Davey Diamond and daughter.

Irene Moore, Nellie Milne, Marjorie Kerr, Audrey Mikel, Marguerite Keeler, Clara Yeomans and Jean McIntosh, members of the Tahnte Camp Fire Girls and guardian Miss Georgia Millar are camping at Massassaga Point.

LARGE FUNERAL OF YOUNG CHILD

Late Ernest Elton Hubbs, Victim of Accident, Laid to Rest at Albury.

The funeral of the late Ernest Elton Hubbs, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Hubbs, of Victoria, a Melliasburg, who succumbed to injuries sustained when scalded with hot water, took place yesterday afternoon. Rarely is a child's funeral so largely attended. The house was filled with friends from all parts of the district while the service was being conducted by the Rev. R. L. Edwards of Rednersville. Burial was at Albury cemetery, the hearse being four young boys, who are close friends of the family.

The floral offerings were: Wreath, the family Wreath, friends Star, Victoria Cradle Roll Cross, Mr. Carson Jeffrey and family Spray, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Sager Spray, Miss Beale Sager Spray, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. French Spray, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Babcock Spray, Mr. and Mrs. John Hall Spray, Clara and Geo. F. Ostrom Spray, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Giles.

Hon. C. Howard Ferguson stated at North Bay that the site for the International Nickel Company's Canadian refinery had not yet been determined, and that he would not be surprised if the Government established custom smelters for the benefit of the small miners.

Sir James Aikens was sworn in yesterday at Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba.

FOR SALE AT PICTON.

Six acres first-class garden land, well adapted for berries of all kinds, tomatoes, etc., canning factory just over line fence; first-class 3-roomed house with stabling for two cows and one horse; never-failing well. Reason for selling, owner's health has failed and he cannot attend to it. Splendid chance for some energetic person to make money. For further particulars write owner on the premises. H. VanGesen, Washburn St., Picton.

# OUR EXAMINATION METHODS ARE A CRIME AGAINST OUR YOUNG PEOPLE

**Scathing Exposure of the Prussianism That Governs at the Ontario Department of Education—Unfair Papers That Do Not Test Knowledge But Are Intended to Cause Failure—Over Three-Quarters of our High School Students Failed in Mathematics and Art—Trickster Examinations Establish a Knowledge Trust and Wreck the Careers of Promising Students.**

The following letter to The Ontario is written by one who knows thoroughly what he is talking about and who can back up every assertion made with unquestionable authority. It discloses in our present examination methods in our High Schools a system of Prussianism that would never be tolerated in any free country where the people understood the facts.

Pupils, who have done splendid work throughout the year are mercilessly rejected and their academic careers ruined because they cannot perform the tricks or the impossible feats prescribed by the pedantic busybodies at present in control of the Department at Toronto. Do the people of Ontario want a "Kultur" trust to be established in this province? Read what "A Friend of the Young People" has to say.

For the past few years it has been the avowed policy of the Education Department at Toronto to raise the educational standard for all teachers preparing to enter the profession.

This policy has been followed during the past two years by a rigidity and severity never before known in Canada or any other country in the world and it is now quite apparent that we are undergoing not a reform but a revolution in educational affairs with many resulting disasters.

One of the first steps in this educational revolution was to require that every teacher engaged in teaching Art, Physical Culture, or Commercial Subjects, must have or procure by 1916 a special certificate in each of the specified subjects taught, under the penalty of being classed as "not qualified" by the Inspectors with the attending consequences. Many teachers who qualified in the above subjects years ago in a general way as the standard then existed and who have been successful teachers for many years feel it a hardship to be required to qualify in a more specialized form now and as a result experienced teachers are leaving the teaching profession in ever increasing numbers.

In fairness it must be admitted that a few teachers of standing and experience were granted certificates in one or more of the three departments under discussion without undergoing the new tests but these cases are so few that they may be almost left out of our account.

**The Injustice of New Special Certificates.**

The teachers affected by this retroactive regulation are really very considerable and the real injury consists in the injustice sustained by so many teachers of experience and standing. They have lost confidence in an Education Department which would deal them such a traitor's blow.

Hundreds of young men and women just from the halls of learning are crowding the summer schools at Toronto and Kingston to obtain the new special certificates and these teachers are supplanting the more experienced because of the pressure brought to bear on School Boards by Inspectors and Departmental Regulations with reference to the now all important departments of Art, Physical Culture and Commercial subjects. Look at the advertisements in the papers and see what a large proportion of the required teachers must have one or more of these special certificates and simply because schools must provide them under certain penalties.

**How the Boys and Girls are Laid Low**

We have shown how the Education Department is getting rid of many of its most mature and experienced teachers by means of regulations which are both retroactive and unjust. We shall now show how by another device of "Raising the Standard" the boys and girls of Ontario are laid low on the very threshold of a teacher's career. To be knocked out early in this struggle is not without the compensating advantage of avoiding greater troubles later on.

Ontario has now several normal schools to supply permanent second class certificate teachers in sufficient numbers to meet the requirements of Ontario and to the end that the limited third-class certificate teacher may disappear in time entirely.

**Still a Shortage of Teachers**

The several normal schools, training second class teachers and the several model schools, training third-class teachers have been running full capacity in Ontario for at least the past five years and still all the schools requiring a duly qualified teacher cannot be supplied. Permits to unqualified persons in considerable numbers for public school work were granted during the past year.

It is true that these permits are fewer in number than during some years previously still the fact remains that the supply of qualified teachers does not yet equal the demand in Ontario.

**Who Set the Papers**

For the past two years most of the examination papers for the Lower School and the Normal Entrance examinations, both teachers' exams and both necessary for admission to the Normal School, have been set by the teachers of the various Normal Schools under the supervision of the Department officials. It is also known that some of these papers were set by certain public and high school inspectors.

**Where Seventy-five Per Cent. Were Slaughtered**

The idea suggested by the Normal Schools of raising the standard was so favorably received by the Department that the latter has gone farther than the former would have desired as to known instances prove. Last year one of the High School Inspectors was assigned the duty of preparing a mathematical paper, which when submitted to the committee of examiners was declared to be too difficult. The representative of the Education Department refused to change his paper and as a result 40 per cent. of the students who wrote on it were plucked. This year a Normal School teacher was required to prepare one of the mathematical papers but the first draft was rejected as too easy. Another paper was prepared which contained 19 parts. It was so long and so difficult that 75 per cent. of the students who wrote on it failed.

Taking 1915 and 1916 together, not more than one-third of the students throughout the Province who wrote on the Lower School and the Normal Entrance examinations were successful and the officials of the Education Department do not conceal the fact that these results were intentional on their part. The Normal Schools gave a suggestion of "thoroughness" but the Department officials are entitled to all the credit as executioners. Thus it is clear that the axe is doing deadly work at both ends of a teacher's career. Surely Hon. Dr. Pyne is leaving his duties to some little "autocrats" while he is assisting in the great war abroad. The Minister of Education should be informed of the wholesale slaughter of the innocents at home.

**H. S. Teachers Make Most Tyrannical Examiners**

It is a well known fact that high school teachers who become inspectors or Normal School teachers become within 5 years the most unreasonable and tyrannical examiners possible and yet these are the men whom the Department of Education appoint as taskmasters. No person should be permitted to set an examination paper for Lower or Middle School students unless he is actually engaged in teaching the subject to such students. He alone can understand the possibilities and capabilities of the

average student and the conditions under which he or she works.

Apart altogether from the above considerations, we are passing through a revolutionary period because of the abruptness of the changes which are overwhelming us. The desired results could have been obtained more gradually with less loss and real suffering to thousands whose only crime was that they were doing their best under the existing conditions.

**Results of the Above Conditions**

(1) The Minister of Education and his department have lost the confidence and hearty co-operation of the majority of the students and teachers of this province. Pyne can never again be trusted.

(2) Many bright students have been rejected in the past two years who before that period would have passed with honors. These students, their parents, and friends will not forgive Pyne et al. in 1919, even though just a little mercy should appear in examination results for political reasons between now and then.

(3) Our young people are our greatest asset, but a broken, discouraged spirit is a moral blight.

**Confidential Reports Treated With Contempt**

(4) We despise the word "Kultur" because it places undue emphasis on brain power without any co-ordination of the heart. Are we going awfully in the wrong direction? Will present conditions lead to the conclusion that brain development (mere memory in the last analysis) is the chief good? We are here reminded of the fact that the Education Department requires the staff of every school sending candidates up for any examination to make to it a confidential report of the standing of each student in class work throughout the school year presumably for the purpose of assisting it in arriving at a just conclusion as to the merits of each doubtful case. The teachers know their students well, all their qualities of head, heart and hand, and are thus in a position to give valuable information to the department as a guide to just and ideal examination results. As a matter of fact—the teachers of this province are satisfied that most of their labor in preparing these reports are in vain, that the department does not trust their judgment and that these reports, as judged by the examination results, are rarely if ever consulted at Toronto.

**An Examination That Was No Test of Knowledge**

(11) It is often said that allowances may be made for a long or difficult paper at the time of marking. Experienced teachers know that such allowances are never adequate and that it is impossible to do justice to many students when the examination paper is unreasonably long and difficult as in the case of the Middle School Algebra this year. Examiners say that hundreds of students wrote on their papers that they got all mixed up because the paper was too long. To such students and they were in the majority, such an examination was not only no test of their mental torture of the most atrocious knowledge or ability but it was criminal. Our young people have endured this for two years, can we bear it any longer without uttering a protest?

**—A Friend of the Young People.**

**"BRITAIN'S GLORY"**

"During the war of 1812 a number of slaves had run away, chiefly from Maryland and South Carolina, although from other States as well, to the British men-of-war. The man-of-war of a nation is part of a nation's soul.

"The moment slaves put their feet upon a British man-of-war they were in England, and being in England, they were free. Most of them were taken to Halifax, although the Halifaxians did not much approve of it.

"In the Treaty of 1814 it was provided that all property taken by either power from the other should be handed back.

"The American masters demanded their slaves.

"The British refused to give up free men; and so it stood.

"That being the block, that Britain would not give up free men to enter slavery again, it was decided to leave to arbitration whether Britain, refusing to give up the slaves, should not pay their value; and that matter was left to the Emperor of Russia. He, by his award of 1823, decided that Britain should pay.

"It was left, in 1824, to a board of four persons to determine the average amount to be paid for the slaves—Langdon, Cheeves, afterwards Judge in South Carolina; Sir George Jackson, who was a diplomat; and John McTavish, otherwise unknown to fame.

"They determined the average value of the slaves, but when it came to determine the number of slaves to be paid for, they came to a deadlock and they lost their temper—they lost their judicial temperament—and the Governments got tired of waiting for them to give their award.

"Accordingly, in 1826, Britain agreed to pay something like a million and a quarter for these slaves.

"We Britons have been, perhaps not unduly, but certainly very proud of that circumstance, that Britain refused to pay a million and a quarter for the emancipation of slaves in British territory) rather than give up these slaves whose feet had touched her soil."—Hon. W. R. Riddell in Canadian Law Times.

**Prompt Relief**

from the all-too-common ills of the digestive organs—weak stomach, torpid liver and inactive bowels—is found in the always safe, sure, quick-acting

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

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**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

**NO ALUM**

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

**ONLY EIGHT OF COMPANY SAFE**

Harold Lloyd of 4th C.M.R. Writes From Stendal Germany.

Mrs. W. A. Lloyd has received the first letter from her son Harold, who was taken prisoner at Ypres June 2, 1916. He has been moved to the prison camp at Stendal, Saxony. With him is Percy Jones, another Belleville boy. He says in his letter: Dear Father and Mother:—

Is this anything like home? I am the one that really knows but we cannot grumble as they treat us very well. All that I need is parcels and send me a sweater coat also two of my pictures.

"I and seven others were captured on the 2nd of June at Ypres and some day too! That was all that was left out of my company that we know of. We were some time up rats believe me. Our clothes were like rags. Jack Johnson coal boxes, whizz-bangs, trench mortars, everything that he had came our way. A number of our boys were buried alive; that was from trench mortars and coal boxes. Did Bert Post get through all right of the big 4th scrap. I saw Billie Burgess and Carl Klser.

Tell all the friends that I am well and alive. Tell Raymond I will come home in a few months. Tell all the boys at the mill that I am well. Give them my best regards. Percy Jones wishes to pay the same compliments to the same oops, he is here with me, ah, and Mr. Burgess, tell him also. I am sorry I cannot say much as there is a limit; have much to say when I come home. Give my love to all.

From your loving son, the brave hero,

Harold Lloyd.

**AMERICAN COLONEL GIVES FREE ADVICE TO RHEUMATICS.**

Says It's Sheer Folly For Anyone to Suffer Those Days

Rheumatism can't be cured so long as your system is weak and run down. You must first build up and get strength to fight off disease.

Ferrozone cures because it builds up, because it renews the blood and dissolves the Uric Acid and the poisons that cause rheumatism.

It is proved right here that Ferrozone does cure.

Col. H. M. Russ, of Edwards, St. Lawrence Co., one of the fine old heroes of the Civil War, was completely restored by Ferrozone. Read his statement:

"I couldn't get around without a cane, and then only with difficulty.

"Rheumatism took complete control of my limbs.

"Suffering was more intense than hardships on the battlefield.

"When my doctor had done his best I got Ferrozone.

"Then came a quick change.

"Ferrozone gave me comfort at once, eased the pain and took the stiffness out of my muscles.

"I am well today; Ferrozone cured me completely. I can jump and run like I did forty years ago."

Be sensible about your case. If you represent medicine is useless give it up.

Don't experiment again. Ferrozone is known on all sides to be a cure that does cure. Why not get a supply today? The sooner you begin Ferrozone the quicker you'll get well. Price 50 c. per box or six for \$2.50, at all dealers, or direct by mail from The Catarhozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

**STRUCK BY MOTORCYCLE.**

Soldier of 155th Battalion Found Lying Injured on Road near Sydenham.

A soldier named Hart, a member of the 155th Battalion, was severely shaken up and narrowly escaped more serious injury near Sydenham Sunday forenoon and now lies at the General Hospital undergoing treatment. His physicians say that he will be able to be about in a few days.

About eleven o'clock a farmer passing along the road about a mile south of Sydenham found the unfortunate soldier lying beside the road, and immediately summoned medical help. Dr. Tovell of Sydenham responded, and attended the man, whose chief injuries seemed to be about the head. F. C. Martin of Sydenham was summoned and the man, accompanied by Dr. Tovell, was taken to the hospital in Kingston.

To the farmer who first assisted him, the soldier said that he had been struck and knocked down by a motor-cycle, but several residents of the village say that the only soldiers seen around the village yesterday were two, who left there on a motor-cycle shortly before eleven o'clock. It was thought that the injured man had fallen from the motor-cycle and had not been missed by his companion.

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Picton Branch: C. B. Beamish, Manager.

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JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager.

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Fosboro " " Tuesdays and Fridays  
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Every Tuesday, March to October  
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Every Wednesday During Season Navigation  
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Departure out on the regular routes last year Canada's Greatest Wheel Trip was produced there is a better riding for you.

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Use it and be Convinced.

**THE HANLEY-NETTERVILLE CO.**

329 FRONT STREET BELLEVILLE, ONT.

**MANY SEEKING HOTEL LICENSES**

Already between two and three hundred applications for Standard Hotel licenses are in hands of the Ontario License Board, and more are arriving every day. From the rate at which they are coming in, and considering that there is still until next Tuesday to have them in the hands of the Board, it begins to look as though most of the hotelkeepers of the Province were intending to continue business at their same old stands after prohibition comes into effect September 16.

Most of the applications already received are from hotelkeepers. In fact the only exceptions so far are from proprietors of temperance hotels, and former hotel proprietors, who still have buildings which might be devoted to the uses of a standard hotel.

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Gold work a specialty  
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**DR. M. J. O'CONNOR**

Has taken over the J. M. Wilson, starting Office corner of B Streets.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners, etc.

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DR. M. J. O'CALLAGHAN
Has taken over the practice of Capt. J. M. Wilson, starting May 1st. Office corner of Bridge and Front Streets.

POLITICS IN UNITED STATES

Hughes Stumping Country—Progressive Vice-Presidential Candidate Still in Field—Strong Bid for Bull Moose Vote—Hughes' Official Acceptance.

Election day is just about three months distant, and in the words of the song, nobody knows the answer. Strong currents of opinion exist only in the minds of eager politicians, not in any sensational event happened or starting development taken place calculated to throw victory to one side or the other.

Pictures of the campaign managers and prominent workers are beginning to appear, while political articles now dispute the front pages with the European war and the Mexican situation. Mr. Hughes has begun his campaign and is in the midst of hours of glorious life.

How they all love the Progressives now! exclaims the Indianapolis Star. True it is that perhaps the feature of chief interest in the situation is the continued bid for the Progressive vote. In the meantime, however, the Progressive party does not appear to be quite dead.

Parker's Spirited Appeal. From New Orleans on July 15 Mr. Parker issued a spirited address to all Progressives, urging them to resist absorption in the old parties, which he declared were "husks with no real soul."

"We had as supposed leaders 'red-blooded Americans' who promised with their life blood to stay with the party to the finish, but for steam-roller reasons they have elected to be steam-rolled and inevitable surrender must follow. This is wrong, for the rank and file of the Progressives are men who joined that party not with the idea of political aggrandizement, but with a view of helping and of raising the prestige of the nation."

"The Progressive ship has been deserted by a large part of our officers. They could not stand the acid test. Their assurance never to abandon the principles to which we Progressives pledged ourselves, never to alter their solemn 'contract with the people,' proved empty words; a mere scrap of paper."

To Break the Solid South. In an interesting editorial the Springfield Republican seeks to do justice to Mr. Parker who, it declares has suffered a most cruel disappointment. For Mr. Parker, it says, had joined the Roosevelt forces as a revolt against the political system that exists in the southern States, "believing that at least the solid south was to be destroyed by the power of a white man's party not in the least identified with the Republicans in name or tradition."

This, says the Springfield Republican, was one of the best arguments the Progressives had, for the solid south "was admittedly an evil in American politics." It was argued that a genuine two-party system would be of great benefit to the south as it would bring with it the virility and mental stimulus which invariably come from the vigorous exchange of ideas. "Mr. Roosevelt, and most of the Progressive orators and writers," we read, "urged this view with great force, notwithstanding that they admitted having virtually abandoned the negro as a factor in our political life."

Not much importance is attached by the Hughes camp to the fact that Progressives like Francis J. Heyer, the well-known lawyer, who were originally Democrats, are returning to their old allegiance. The Springfield Republican says almost brutally: "Progressive leaders of Mr. Colby's stamp who show any favor to Mr. Wilson at this stage are exceedingly scarce." However, Chairman McCormick is admitting nothing. He says: "I have already received assurance of sufficient Progressive support to make the re-election of President Wilson certain. . . . There is no doubt in my mind that the majority of the Progressives, the rank and file, will line up for Wilson. A Progressive Republican is really a Democrat."

The usual crop of jokes has sprung up in the American press over the formal acceptance of the Republican nomination by Mr. Hughes in Carnegie Hall, New York, on Monday last. Who shall speak of American disregard for ancient institutions when six weeks after Mr. Hughes' presidential campaign is under way he is required solemnly and dignifiedly to express to the party surprise and thanks for the honor done him? Pearly Days of Bossism. Anyone who thinks that there has been no advance in the standard of politics of late years may profitably

Almost Total Failure.

Unfortunately for the Progressives the voting in the south was overwhelmingly against them. No appreciable impression was made anywhere upon the Democratic lines. "Had Mr. Roosevelt," says the Massachusetts daily, "shattered the solid south; had he done no more than win the electoral vote of a single one of the former slave States, while showing respectable strength in many of them, the Progressive party would have justified its existence and would be very much alive today. In all probability." As things are strong doubt is expressed that Mr. Parker will be able to make much headway with his "laudable aspiration to smash the solid south."

Cynical comment upon the strength of the Progressives in the south is made by the Minneapolis Tribune in the following: "The Progressive party of Florida has endorsed Mr. Hughes. The Progressive party of Florida apparently is anxious to get his name in the papers."

Nevertheless, both the old parties are hot after the Progressive vote. William R. Wilcox, chairman of the Republican National committee and Mr. Hughes' campaign manager and Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National committee and President Wilson's campaign manager, are both endeavoring to prove themselves anti-machine men. Each party has organized non-partisan voters' leagues for Progressives and other independents who wish to support the respective candidates without joining the party.

Mr. Wilcox, former postmaster of New York and formerly also chairman of the public service commission which planned New York's subway system, was an appointee in 'urn, of Roosevelt and Hughes. His dinnets therefore to typify the reunion of the Republicans and Progressives is being emphasized.

Out of the 17 members of the Republican campaign committee no less than six are well-known Progressives. They are: George W. Perkins, late head of the Progressive national committee and chief financial supporter; Everett Colby, leading New Jersey Progressive; James R. Garfield, of Ohio, member of the Roosevelt cabinet; Chester H. Rowell, of California, personal friend of Governor Johnson; Oscar S. Straus, Progressive candidate for the governorship of New York four years ago, and Harold L. Yokes, of Illinois.

Colby's Fair Words. On the other hand the Democrats are not behind-hand in greasing the way for the diversion of the Progressives to their own ranks as one paper puts it. Bainbridge Colby, a prominent New York lawyer, who represented Mark Twain in the trouble over his publishers and who was an ardent supporter of Roosevelt, addressing the New York Press club in the presence of Mr. Wilson, said: "I am a Progressive. I was one of the party's organizers. I shall stick by the ship until it is recognized by passengers, crew and officers alike that it must be abandoned. I cannot leave until the water is up to my chin. I will say his, however, speaking for the rank and file, that the friends of Woodrow Wilson in the party are legion. The stalking horse of the national committee may vote down the resolution to leave the votes of Progressives to their own conscience, but I think the actions of Progressives are to be determined and dictated by their individual judgment and nothing else."

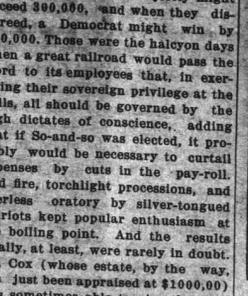
Democratic Claims. Not much importance is attached by the Hughes camp to the fact that Progressives like Francis J. Heyer, the well-known lawyer, who were originally Democrats, are returning to their old allegiance. The Springfield Republican says almost brutally: "Progressive leaders of Mr. Colby's stamp who show any favor to Mr. Wilson at this stage are exceedingly scarce." However, Chairman McCormick is admitting nothing. He says: "I have already received assurance of sufficient Progressive support to make the re-election of President Wilson certain. . . . There is no doubt in my mind that the majority of the Progressives, the rank and file, will line up for Wilson. A Progressive Republican is really a Democrat."

The following are names of those who were formerly of this vicinity, and lost their lives in the recent great fire in New Ontario: J. F. Quackenbush and wife and two children, Joseph Wildman, Ray Wildman and B. Carey.—Journal.

Mr. H. A. Morgan, merchant tailor has on exhibition in his window on Front street a piece of the metal frame work of a Zeppelin, which was brought down at Salonika, Greece, on May 5th. The relic was sent by Capt. Harry Alford, D.D.S. to Mr. E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P.

THE CHIEF CHARM OF LOVELY WOMAN

Soft, Clear, Smooth Skin Comes With The Use Of "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



NORAH WATSON, 88 Drayton Ave., Toronto, Nov. 10th, 1915.

A beautiful complexion is a handsome woman's chief glory and the envy of her less fortunate rivals. Yet a soft, clear skin—glowing with health—is only the natural result of pure blood. "I was troubled for a considerable time with a very unpleasant, disfiguring Rash, which covered my face and for which I used applications and remedies without relief. After using 'Fruit-a-tives' for one week, the rash is completely gone. I am deeply thankful for the relief and in the future, I will not be without 'Fruit-a-tives'."

Private Jones is placed on Police Duty at a small station not a hundred miles from Folkestone and is in the habit of sleeping in a nearby "Casualty Hut" occupied entirely by Casualties awaiting instructions to return to Canada.

Upon arrival upon the other side of the Atlantic, Jones is brought before a Medical Board for further examination. Doctors from Montreal, Belleville and New York are called in on consultation upon this strange case. One and all decide that this man is perfectly fit and well, but as he came over with a party of casualties he certainly must be a casualty and his papers are marked accordingly, and he is asked to take his discharge from the Army.

Private Jones goes before another "Board" prior to taking his discharge when he absolutely refuses to accept same, as he considers he is perfectly well and far from being a casualty, despite the fact that he happened to have slept in a Casualty Hut.

As Jones refused to accept his discharge from the army he is held in Quebec, awaiting the result of correspondence between Ottawa and London, Folkestone and Shorncliffe. After a period of seven weeks during which a pile of letters have been written—all in triplicate of course—it is decided by the authorities to have Private Jones return to England and report for duty at his Reserve Battalion.

In due course, after another enjoyable cruise at the Country's expense, Jones arrives in the "Old Country," and reports at his Battalion for duty. The Commanding Officer of this unit refuses to take him back as he has been discharged and returned to Canada as "Medically Unfit," this fact is recorded plainly show.

Private Jones on receipt of this information, is absolutely dazed, and wiping perspiration from his brow, exclaims: "Am I dreaming, or is this delirium? Where am I to go now?" After waiting another day or two, pressure from Headquarters is brought to bear upon the matter, and the Unit is told that here was no grounds for his man's discharge, and they must take him back on the strength of the Battalion.

Needless to say Private Jones has not received any pay since his "discharge," though the Pay Office in London have had the matter in hand for some weeks; also in the meantime Jones' wife has been keeping up a voluminous correspondence with the Paymaster, requesting her monthly assigned pay from her husband's account. Whether this perseverance on her part will ultimately triumph, posterity only knows.

THE CHIEF CHARM OF LOVELY WOMAN

Soft, Clear, Smooth Skin Comes With The Use Of "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



NORAH WATSON, 88 Drayton Ave., Toronto, Nov. 10th, 1915.

A beautiful complexion is a handsome woman's chief glory and the envy of her less fortunate rivals. Yet a soft, clear skin—glowing with health—is only the natural result of pure blood. "I was troubled for a considerable time with a very unpleasant, disfiguring Rash, which covered my face and for which I used applications and remedies without relief. After using 'Fruit-a-tives' for one week, the rash is completely gone. I am deeply thankful for the relief and in the future, I will not be without 'Fruit-a-tives'."

Private Jones is placed on Police Duty at a small station not a hundred miles from Folkestone and is in the habit of sleeping in a nearby "Casualty Hut" occupied entirely by Casualties awaiting instructions to return to Canada.

Upon arrival upon the other side of the Atlantic, Jones is brought before a Medical Board for further examination. Doctors from Montreal, Belleville and New York are called in on consultation upon this strange case. One and all decide that this man is perfectly fit and well, but as he came over with a party of casualties he certainly must be a casualty and his papers are marked accordingly, and he is asked to take his discharge from the Army.

Private Jones goes before another "Board" prior to taking his discharge when he absolutely refuses to accept same, as he considers he is perfectly well and far from being a casualty, despite the fact that he happened to have slept in a Casualty Hut.

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ERECTING CHASE AFTER DESERTER

Officers of 139th battalion, accompanied by Chief Jameson, of Coburne, had quite an exciting chase after a deserter named Stephens, at Roseneath, Wednesday. During their stay in Cobourg he deserted twice, and just before leaving for Barrie he deserted again. Search was made for him several times, but without avail. On Wednesday when they started after him the officers had "first look" this time, and as soon as Stephens saw them he started running across fields. Chief Jameson is not built on the lines of a speed artist, and after a short run ordered Stephens to stop or he would shoot. Stephens just waved his hand and kept on, and was not until three shots had been fired from a revolver in Stephens' direction that he threw up his hands and came to a stop. He was taken to Valcartier the same evening by Sergt. S. Dudley.

DROWNED IN A PAUL OF WATER

A particularly sad accident occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore, Victoria Harbor, last Sunday afternoon, when their little son, Milton Kenneth, aged 2 years, 4 months, was drowned in a pail of water. The poor little fellow had been playing in the back yard, where a big lard pail about three parts full of water was standing and evidently the lad had attempted to climb up on this and had fallen in head first. Shurley, the eldest of the children, went to the back yard after supper, and saw the baby's feet protruding from the top of the pail. He gave the alarm, and everything possible was done to save the young life, but evidently the boy was dead when taken from the pail.

SIGN IN CEMETERY.

The men of Dundas who are attached to the 129th County of Wentworth battalion, and who were home yesterday on last leave, had a very busy time. Besides enjoying the last privileges of the home life that they will have for some time, they were also instructed by their officers to secure if possible, twenty more recruits for that unit, as that number will be required to bring it up to strength. The work of the soldier boys was all right could be expected, but the endeavors of one town will attract the attention of nearly the whole town. Through some unknown manner he secured a large piece of canvas and some paint, and when the regular Sunday visitore journeyed to the Dundas cemetery they were surprised to discover a large sign in the centre of the bury-ground bearing the startling inscription: "Arise, your country needs you."—Hamilton Times.

RUNNING NOSE CURED. SNEEZING STOPPED INSTANTLY.

The worst of a cold is how suddenly it comes. No time to hurry to the drug store, croup develops, the lungs are affected with pneumonia or tuberculosis and it's too late. Keep Catarrhones on hand—it kills colds instantly. Something magical about the way it cures Catarrh and Bronchitis. Catarrhones is the best remedy because it cures in nature's way; it heals, soothes and restores permanently. Carry a Catarrhones inhaler in your pocket, use it occasionally and you'll never catch cold—that's worth remembering.

Beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine Catarrhones which is sold everywhere, large size containing two month's treatment costs \$1.00; small size 50c., sample size 25c.

ABDUCTED GIRL MADE HER ESCAPE.

County Constable Archie Moore went to Campbellford yesterday and affected the arrest of Willis Bingham, for whom he held a warrant on the charge of abduction. The girl in the case, Lily Martin, is under 18 years of age, and has been making her home with James Sampson, her legal guardian, in Dummer township. Bingham's story is to the effect that he did not take the girl away from the Sampson home. He says he visited the place and that while he was hitching up his horse the girl left the house of her own accord and her whereabouts are unknown to him.—Peterborough Review.

Trial is Inexpensive.—To those who suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatism or any ailment arising from derangement of the digestive system, a trial of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills is recommended, should the sufferer be unacquainted with them. The trial will be inexpensive and the result will be another customer for this excellent medicine. So effective is it but a manifestation of their thorough work. No worms can long exist where these powders are used.

EXHIBITORS' SALE OF VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE ANN MCGURN FARM.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the Court House, Belleville, Ontario, on Saturday the 19th day of August, A.D., 1916, at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable property:

Lot Number Twenty-five in the Sixth Concession of the Township of Tyndinaga in the County of Hastings, containing one hundred and fifty acres, be the same more or less. Upon the said premises are erected a frame dwelling house containing ten rooms, with woodshed attached, 2 barns 50 ft. x 30 ft. and 54 ft. x 30 ft. respectively, and other necessary outbuildings. The premises are well watered by three wells and a never-failing spring. The soil is a clay loam, about ninety acres of said land is under cultivation, thirty acres thereof being seeded with timothy and clover, the balance of said land is pasture and timber land, there being about thirty acres of each. The timber consists of maple, cedar, tamarack, elm and birch. There is also a good orchard on said premises. The buildings are in a good state of repair and the property is well fenced.

The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid. Terms of sale—Cash. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Porter & Carnew, Belleville, Ont. Solicitors for the Executors. John L. Palmer, Auctioneer. Dated 15 July, A.D., 1916. A3-31w.

Dr. Williams' Fly Oil \$2.00 and up.

Waters' DRUG STORE.

MONEY PRIVATE MONEY TO LOAN ON Mortgages on farm and city property at lowest rates of interest on terms to suit borrowers. F. S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, &c. Corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, over Dominion Bank.

STORE FOR SALE. General Store Business at Trent River, popular summer resort, but steady business the year round, Post Office in connection. Owner compelled to sell owing to falling health. Snap for right party. Apply to Mrs. J. N. Richards & Son, Trent River P.O. 117, 10, 22 & 31w.

NORMAN MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer. Pure bred stock a specialty. Phone No. 101, Real Estate Broker, of Farm Stock. Phone or write Striving P.O. R.M.D. Phone 8321.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, special attention given to sales also City License, Box 180 Brighton, Ont.

BACK IN OUR STORE. CIRCUS DAY Wednesday, July 19th. Come in for Ice Cream and Liquid refreshments. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

LINDSAY TALKING OF CITYHOOD. Now that Lindsay is on the eve of important industrial developments there are some in our midst who are talking of cityhood in the near future. Happily, however, such ambitions are not entertained by many. We have too many examples in the province of centres, which, as a result of an era of expansion and growth, foolishly took on the airs of cityhood, with all the obligations and responsibilities such a step entailed. Today a number of them are not even first class towns. If the town is to grow, and we confidently believe it will, let that growth be gradual, steady and substantial. Better by far a first-class town than a one-horse city. Lindsay can afford to wait. We have plenty of room to expand, but if that expansion is forced, something will burst and the result will prove disastrous.—Post.

The National Council of French Socialists adopted by a vote of 1,824 to 1,076 a motion providing for the severance of international relations with the German Socialists.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. BRIGGS' DISSEMINATED DIABETES. THE PHARMACEUTICAL CO.

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO.

DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, compositors.

WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quints Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$3.00 a year to the United States.

W. H. MORTON, Business Manager. J. O. HERITY, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916.

THE GERMAN RESERVES.

One of the most interesting speculations of the war critics at the present moment, and one of the most important things from the Allies' standpoint, is the question of Germany's reserves, that is to say, how far she is able to make good the wastage caused by the present Allied offensives on all fronts, and particularly to what extent she can go to the relief of the sorely harassed Austrians. In the early stages of the war, when the Russians drove the Austrians before them in almost headlong flight, Germany was able to re-equip and re-establish the Austrian forces, but it is an entirely different proposition today.

The falling strength of Germany's field armies has recently been discussed by a very competent writer, a foreign correspondent of the Paris Temps, a war correspondent during the last two Balkan wars, who has been attached since the beginning of the present war as Staff Officer to General Foch. The writer points out that the first fortnight of July was one of the historical landmarks of the war. Up to that time, so far as the Germans were concerned, the "fighting value" of the British Army was a great mystery; at all events, they refused to take it into account. The German doctrine was to deny its value. The French held Verdun contrary to all logic. The Russian offensive, under General Brusiloff, was launched against all logic. According to the German idea it ought not to have taken place, and, in addition to all this, the enemy had the stupefying spectacle, not only of a successful British offensive, but of a French offensive also joining hands with it.

The German General Staff had declared so often that the whole French Army was held up in front of Verdun, that they probably had come to believe it to be a fact, and, according to the Paris writer, this conviction was shared by all the Bavarian, Prussian and Saxon Staffs in Belgium, Champagne and Alsace. Their stupefaction over this fact must then have been crowned, this writer thinks, by a very real anguish in face of the problem of their reserves. He continues:

This question of reserves, indeed, in the present war is what it was in the Napoleonic wars. It is a question which overshadows every other. From November, 1914—the period when the front became stereotyped—to the present time the Germans have always had by way of reserve armies of some eight to fourteen mobile divisions on the Western front. These divisions had as their more or less regular bases from North to South Brussels, Ghent, Courtrai, Roubaix, Lille, Douai, St. Quentin, Mezieres, Strassburg, and Freiburg. To these floating divisions should be added what we call "disposable divisions"—that is to say, surplus divisions which the Germans could withdraw from their particular part of the front to send them elsewhere without thereby dangerously diminishing the number of the troops charged with the defence of the old sector.

It was due to this organization that the Germans at the time of the attacks in May, 1915, in Artois were enabled in three days to transport the floating divisions of Lille and Douai to the north of Arras and to bring in to this region "disposal" divisions taken from Champagne and even from Alsace. The French offensive was a very brilliant affair, but the Germans had had time to bring up their reinforcements and to pile up troops in the sector of attack. That was a lesson in tactics which we strove to turn to our profit by the double offensive in Artois and Champagne in September, 1915. It was a question at that time of choosing two sectors of attack to prevent the Germans from accumulating all their reserves on one single threatened point, and of shrouding in doubt the relative importance of the two sectors chosen. But the Russian retreat from Poland left open to the Germans the unfettered disposition of their reserves, and they came to form a wall in Champagne as on the Vimy Ridge. The conviction that they no longer had anything to fear from a French offensive must have been the deciding factor which caused the Germans to make the very same mistake at Verdun as that with which they have reproached their Austrian ally, since the latter's offensive in the Trentino.

Instead of keeping up the game of floating divisions ready to ward off any attack at any part of the front they swallowed them all up in

the Verdun enterprise. "There is no longer any room for doubt on this point. The identifications and questions put to prisoners have enabled our staffs, who for two years have been following the movements of all the German units virtually day by day, to obtain exact information. At the moment it is impossible for the Germans either to bring up divisions from the Russian front or to send any to General Hindenburg or General Linsingen. On both fronts the coming of grips is complete. The German Generals can count only on what they now have. The present methods of Sir Douglas Haig and General Foch, who are patiently smashing the successive lines of the enemy and exhausting the defenders or taking them prisoners by the thousand, must necessarily at a given moment entail this consequence—that the Germans will find themselves unable to despatch divisions of reinforcements save at the expense of dangerously thinning their lines. This alternative, however, is exactly what is being so jealously watched by the Allied troops elsewhere, who are only waiting the precise moment when they can attack in their turn. The debacle will follow with the inevitableness of fate."

As for the famous reserves which, according to neutral travellers are to be found in the German garrisons, the Paris writer says that these are not properly constituted units—the only class of any strategical importance—but "substitutes," that is to say, young recruits of the 1917 class or wounded men who have recovered. Their function will be to fill up the considerable monthly gaps left by the numbers of killed, wounded, and prisoners. The modern battle, with its deluge of projectiles and the formidable nervous strain it entails on the soldiers, soon uses up the units engaged. It becomes imperative to give whole divisions a rest, and to replace them in the line of fire by fresh divisions. Germany was able to do this in 1915. "She can no longer do so in 1916. The whirlpool of Verdun has swallowed up everything, and the British Army, regarded hitherto as of purely negative military value, has been revealed as a redoubtable force, supplied with the formidable reserves which are today lacking in Germany. The verification of this last fact surpasses in importance even the fine material successes achieved by Sir Douglas Haig."

OUR DIMINISHING FLY POPULATION.

It will likely be some time yet before Belleville can claim to be a flyless town, but a citizen remarked to The Ontario the other day that he believed that we did not have one-tenth as many flies as we had only a few years back. We do not know whether he has placed the percentage too high or not but there has unquestionably been a tremendous reduction in our fly population.

We believe the improvement can definitely be traced to the time when the system of garbage collection was introduced during the regime of Mayor Willis. Like most new movements, this was strongly criticized at the time, but each succeeding year has shown that it was the filling of a long-felt want. The removal of the breeding and feeding places of the flies is not the only benefit. Stale garbage is not only unsightly but a positive menace to health.

Five years ago our grocers, confectioners and butchers had to fight swarms of flies that came in the shop in clouds whenever a customer opened the door. The swarms are now very much thinned, and the use of electric fans, screens, swatters, tanglefoot and fly-polson are all having their effect. But the real cause of fly scarcity is the destruction of the breeding places.

The writer visited Cleveland last September. It was during a very warm period at the first of the month. The fly season, generally speaking, was at its height, but in Cleveland scarcely a musca domestica was to be seen.

Upon inquiry we ascertained that Cleveland about four or five years ago entered upon a campaign to swat the fly. The city council, the schools, the moving picture houses, the board of health, the newspapers and bill-boards, were all requisitioned to enter upon the campaign to exterminate the pest. Scientists gave out information about how the fly came into being and where the sources of the fly-migration were to be found and how the said sources might be removed or destroyed. In the winter and spring months the municipality paid fancy prices for all flies captured and delivered to them dead or alive. Thousands of fly-swatters were purchased and given out free of charge to the school children and lectures delivered to them by the teachers on the fly-menace and how it might be remedied. The Cleveland people realised that one fly done to its death in the winter-time prevented the existence of several millions later on.

It is a long story and a very interesting and useful one and it is a story of genuine success. All that was done in Cleveland may not be practical in Belleville, but many of the things they did there are quite feasible here. We have made a good start on the way to having a city that has no flies on it. We have taken the most important step in providing for garbage collection and removal, but there are many others still to be taken. While our council is looking about for some additional means for

earning its salary we would suggest a systematic study of the fly situation and a systematic campaign for the removal of what everybody now recognizes as a pest that is not merely annoying but highly dangerous to the health of the community.

THE NEW CRIME.

In March, when German submarines were attacking without warning, the Captain of a British merchant steamer committed a "franc-tireur crime against German armed sea forces," by trying to ram a German submarine. That was the accusation of the Huns against Captain Fryatt of the Brussels. Captured in June, he has been shot in cold blood in July after a court-martial that, as the New York Times says, invented or borrowed from higher sources of summary and savage new jurisprudence a new crime. By international law, by a Hague Convention, by the war codes of civilization, by the German prize regulations themselves before the art of undersea assassination had reached its monstrous development, he was entitled to be treated as a prisoner of war. Submarine warfare, as conducted by the Germans, and notably as conducted by them before the recent relapse into comparative humanity, justifies any commander who sights a submarine in assuming its purpose of attack. Attack is his sole means of self-defence. The Italian liner Re d'Italia, legitimately armed for defence, beat off a Teutonic submarine on July 23. Her captain, if he falls into German hands, is liable to be tried and shot as a franc-tireur criminal.

The shooting of Captain Fryatt, says the Times, "was a deliberate murder, a trifle to a Government that has so many thousands to answer for. There must be no reprisals. On the West front and the East and wherever in Europe Asia or Africa the Allies are fighting, they fight for the re-establishment of international law, for the reassertion of right, justice, and humanity. The world will not believe that these can be shot to death to satisfy the German craving for world power on land and sea." But the day of reckoning is coming for the Hohenzollerns and all their blood-thirsty crew.

The battle is not yet won, but the fate of Germany is sealed. The Prussian War Lords have been beaten at their own game.

The grim reaper has many helpers in his work, but the speed fiend among automobilists is one of the most dependable among them.

One of the surest signs of victory is the complete unity of the Entente Allies, and their indomitable resolution to prosecute the war to the end.

"Franz Josef had a severe chill while inspecting his troops."—London cable. Maybe, the Boston Transcript suggests, the disease is infectious.

The German official communiques, when they are not palpably false, have degenerated into mere "squeals." The "big blond beast" realizes at last that he is cornered.

WHEN THE HEARSE COMES BACK.

A thing 'at's 'bout as tryin' as a healthy man kin meet  
Is some poor feller's funeral a-joggin' long the street;  
The slow hearse and the hosses—slow enough,  
Fer to even tax the patience of the gentleman deceased!  
The low scrunch of the gravel—and the slow grind of the wheels,—  
The slow, slow go of ev'ry woe 'at ev'rybody feels!  
So I ruther like the contrast when I hear the whip-lash crack  
A quick-step fer the hosses,

When the Hearse Comes Back!

Meet it goin' to'rds the cimetry, you'll want to drap your eyes—  
But ef the plumes don't fetch you, it'll ketch you otherwise—  
You'll haf to see the caskit, though you'd ort to look away  
And 'conomize and save yer sighs fer any other day!

Yer sympathizin' won't wake up the sleeper from his rest—  
Yer tears won't thaw them hands o' his 'at's froze acrost his breast!  
And this is why—when airth and sky's a-gittin' blurred and black—  
I like the flash and hurry  
When the Hearse Comes Back!

It's not 'cause I don't 'preclate it ain't no time fer jokes,  
Ner 'cause I got no common human feelin' fer the folks;—

I've went to funerals mysef, and tuk on some, perhaps—  
Fer my heart's 'bout as mal'able as any other chap's,—  
I've burfed father, mother—But I'll haf to jes' git you  
To "excuse me," as the feller says.—The p'int I'm drivin' to  
Is, simply, when we're plum broke down and all knocked out o' whack,  
It he'ps to shape us up, like,  
When the Hearse Comes Back!

The idy! wadin' 'round here over shoe-mouth deep in woe,  
When they's a graded 'pike o' joy and sunshine, don't you know!  
When evening strikes the pastur', cows'll pull out fer the bars,  
And skittish-like from out the night'll prance the happy stars.  
And so when my time comes to die, and I've got ary friend  
'At wants expressed my last request—I'll, mebbey rikommend  
To drive slow, ef they haf to, goin' long the out'ard track,  
But I'll smile and say, "You speed 'em  
When the Hearse Comes Back!"

—From James Whitcomb Riley's "Afterwhiles"

GRIGGSBY'S STATION.

Pap's got his patent-right, and rich as all creation;  
But where's the peace and comfort that ye all had before?  
Le's go a-visitin' back to Griggsby's Station—  
Back where we ust to be so happy and so pore!

The likes of us a-livin' here! It's jest a mortal pity  
To see us in this great big house, with cyarpets on the stairs,  
And the pump right in the kitchen! And the city! city!  
And nothin' but the city all around us e'er-where!

Climb clean above the roof and look from the steeple,  
And never see a robbit, nor a beech or ellum-tree!  
And right here in ear-shot of at least a thousand people,  
And none that neighbors with us or we want to go and see!

Le's go a-visitin' back to Griggsby's Station—  
Back where the latch-string's a-hangin' from the door,  
And ever' neighbor round the place is dear as a relation—  
Back where we ust to be so happy and so pore!

I want to see the Wiggenses, the whole kit-and-bilin',  
A-drivin' up from Shallor Ford to stay the Sunday through;  
And I want to see 'em hitchin' at their son-in-law's and pillin'  
Out there at 'Lizy Ellen's like they ust to do!

I want to see the piece-quilts the Jones girls is makin';  
And I want to pester Laury 'bout their freckled hired hand,  
And joke her 'bout the widower she came purt'nigh a-takin',  
Till her Pap got his pension 'lowed in time to save his land.

Le's go a-visitin' back to Griggsby's Station—  
Back where they's nothin' aggervatn' any more,  
Shet away safe in the woods around the old location—  
Back where we ust to be so happy and so pore!

I want to see Marindy and he' her with her sewin',  
And hear her talk so lovin' of her man that's dead and gone,  
And stand up with Emanuel to show me how he's growin',  
And smile as I have saw her 'fore she putt her mounrin' on.

And I want to see the Samples, on the old lower eighty,  
Where John, our eldest boy, he was tuk and burried—for  
His own sake and Katy's,—and I want to cry with Katy  
As she reads all his letters over, writ from The War.

What's in all this grand life and high situation,  
And nary pink nor hollyhawk a-bloomin' at the door?—  
Le's go a-visitin' back to Griggsby's Station—  
Back where we ust to be so happy and so pore!  
—From James Whitcomb Riley's "Afterwhiles."

Other Editors' Opinions

WHEN WILL THE WEEDING OUT BEGIN?

Today the once powerful Conservative party in Manitoba is practically obliterated. How did it come about? The answer is given in the trial now in progress at the Winnipeg assizes, where Sir Rodmond Roblin, Hon. George Coldwell, Hon. J. H. Howden, all in the late Conservative government, are being tried on the criminal charge of conspiring to defraud the Province of Manitoba of some \$1,600,000. The charge was formulated in connection with the contract for the new government building which was being erected by Thos. Kelly.

It is extremely humiliating to the decent Conservatives to see men whom they trusted and honored, in the criminal dock, and there must be something essentially wrong with a political system which develops such a pitiful spectacle. The root of the whole trouble is concentrated in the one word "bossism". The extinction of the Conservatives as a party in Manitoba should serve as a warning to other political governments, of the unwisdom of allowing a select few to autocratically direct party business and to expect that the members in the ranks are going to submit meekly to orders from political bosses. It is becoming more noticeable that many M.P.'s and M.P.'s as soon as they get elected, suddenly become insufferably important and obsessed with the idea that they are calculated by divine right to direct all and sundry in their bailiwicks, and it is this presumption and permitting of it that marks the commencement of the disintegration of any party. There are many evidences of this in our own province at present and if the real leaders are wise they will remove before too late the cause for this dissatisfaction. There is room for considerable weeding out in the Ontario political field at present, and if it is not done very soon it will militate against the government to a considerable extent at the next election.—Sudbury Mining News.

HOW RESPONSIBILITY DEVELOPS.

Persons who have observed the careers of men know how quickly every now and then a young man emerges from comparative obscurity and forges to the front in business, politics, church or community work after he has had an experience in active work or been placed in some position of responsibility where he has made good. Even on the farm where the father had died and the son who had taken no part in the management or had no particular responsibility, took hold of the management and made a greater success financially and otherwise than his father. We have known cases where there were no sons old enough to assume the lead of the farm and the wife courageously took hold of the reins and made a great success of farming and stock raising. The head of a business firm may have dropped out and his son or another man on the staff had been called to the leadership and direction. Up to this change probably he had had no share in the management and probably had never shown any very marked ability in that direction, but when the responsibility was thrust upon him and his business facilities had scope for expression and development he showed remarkable aptness and strength and business acumen.—Bowmanville Statesman.

Mrs. Jas. McCurdy is spending the holidays at Stoney Lake, the guest of Mrs. C. W. Waters, of Norwood.

Mr. John Elliott received a cable today from his son, Lieut. Edward J. Elliott announcing his departure for France.

The Misses Mabel Bull of Picton, Evelyn and Nora Ryan, Lena Allore, Genneth and Mabel Allore with Mr. Louis Allore motored to the Sandbanks on Wednesday where they spent a very pleasant day.

The British Admiralty announces that the British mine-sweeper Clacton was torpedoed and sunk in the Levant.

On the second anniversary of the war the Maharajah of Patiala, on behalf of the whole Sikh nation, sent a message containing protestations of loyalty to King George.

Three good second hand organs, prices ranging from \$15 and upwards. Terms: \$5 cash and \$3 per month.—Come in and see them. First come, first choice. C. W. Lindsay, Ltd, 299 Front St.

GOLDEN GEL

Pleasing Funerals

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Street, W. and evening reception on their attainments. Anniversary of their guests called, dence with offerings of gold and wishes. The marriage of half-celved telegrams all parts of Canada States.

It is a unique wedding party arranged by Mr. and Mrs. Albert Street, W. and evening reception on their attainments. Anniversary of their guests called, dence with offerings of gold and wishes. The marriage of half-celved telegrams all parts of Canada States.

Ten sons and daughters of the union, and the daughter were at the celebration of the four sons are Mr. Harrison's Bank, Toronto; Mr. F. J. Carr, Barrie; and engaged in mun daughter is Miss home.

From 1866 to made his home in latter year he became chief engineer of subsequently of the out the west. He ville in 1888, and resident of the city.

A notable feat career is that he defence of Canada Fenian Raid. He company to Prescott count his wedding ponded.

HONORABLE RESULTS

List of Hastings Have Won

The results of the honor junior matriculation and Prince Edward below. The in each subject is candidate's name—class honors, II second class III, third class II.

M. E. Aymer, Eng. min, Eng. III; E. C. N. E. Elliott, Eng. I man I, physics, III Eng. III, French II Eng. III, math. I, II.

Prince Edward P. S. Croft, Eng. I physics II.

MAJ. JOHN MAY CO

New Battalion to Peterborough

Major W. D. Johnston commanding officer to be raised in Peterborough. Hastings, is a brother of T. J. Johnston, O. C. now overseas. Major home is in Otonabee identified with the Wales Dragoons, and in the Canadian militia in the task of raising a battalion. Like his major has always been with the officers and served under him. T. D. Johnston, O. C. the 8th Mounted recently reported as prisoner of war.

GOLDEN WEDDING CELEBRATION

Pleasing Function at Home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carre Albert Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carre, 276 Albert Street, Wednesday afternoon and evening received congratulations on their attainment of the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding...

It is a unique fact that six of the wedding party are still living, these being Mr. and Mrs. Carre, the officiating clergyman, two bridesmaids and the best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Carre were married in Stirling from the home of the bride's brother-in-law, Rev. G. W. Grout, rector of the parish of Stirling who assisted Rev. Dr. Lundy, father of the bride...

Ten sons and one daughter were born of the union, of whom four sons and the daughter are still living and were at the celebration, together with two of the four grandchildren.

From 1866 to 1868 Mr. Carre made his home in Belleville in the latter year he became one of the chief engineers on the L.C.R. and subsequently of the C.P.R. throughout the west.

A notable feature of Mr. Carre's career is that he was enlisted in the defence of Canada at the time of the Fenian Raid. He proceeded with the company to Prescott and on this account his wedding had to be postponed.

Mr. and Mrs. Carre are enjoying good health and took intense pleasure in the fiftieth anniversary.

HONOR MATRIC. RESULTS GIVEN

List of Hastings Students Who Have Won Distinction

The results of the examination for honor junior matriculation for Hastings and Prince Edward counties are given below. The standing obtained in each subject is indicated after a candidate's name...

Hastings M. E. Aymer, Eng. II; F. I. Benjamin, Eng. III; E. C. Dafoe, math. III; N. E. Elliott, Eng. III, French I, German I, physics, III; J. E. Hamilton, Eng. III, French II, A. K. Roberts, Eng. III, math. I, Latin III, French II.

Prince Edward. P. S. Croft, Eng. III, math. II, Fr. I physics II.

MAJ. JOHNSTON MAY COMMAND

New Battalion to be Raised in Peterborough and North Hastings.

Major W. D. Johnston, named as commanding officer of the battalion to be raised in Peterborough and North Hastings, is a brother of Lieut.-Col. T. J. Johnston, O. C. 93rd Battalion, now overseas.

Major Johnston's home is in Otonabee. He has been identified with the Third Prince of Wales Dragoons, and his long service in the Canadian militia will help him in the task of raising an overseas battalion.

A NEW SYSTEM OF RECRUITING

Recruiting Officers Will be Established in Every Village of Canada.

The great revision of the recruiting system for Canada is gradually becoming known and there seems to be more and more the feeling that in spite of political opposition there will be at least national registration.

For some time back the Militia Department has been in a quandary as to which way to best secure the required number of recruits for the Canadian Expeditionary Force. The men are in Canada and especially in Quebec province and only need the necessary persuasion to make them see their duty and enlist.

With the season of harvest coming on, the men who are wanted for Canada's fighting force will be very busily engaged with work in the fields. This work will prove so attractive that if they are to be recruited the work must be done where they work.

It is planned to establish recruiting officers in every village of Canada. The plan to be followed will be the selection of the country storekeeper or magistrate or other responsible person who will without remuneration fill out the blanks forms that are necessary when a person enlists.

These men who sign up in this way will be granted immediately six weeks of farm furlough or two weeks more than is at present being granted.

The returned soldiers will be used to stimulate the movement to the colors. In every county at a non-political meeting a selection of two things will be made. One of these will be a location of the headquarters of the County Company to be raised in that district and the other will be the name of some returned soldier who would be eligible to take a commissioned rank.

The returned soldier will be appointed as a provisional lieutenant and then will organize the campaign for that county. Other returned soldiers will be put on the regular pay and "turned loose." They will act under orders not to press the men too hard, but to frankly and truthfully tell the story of their experiences while in uniform.

The national registration idea will be worked out with an appointed officer for each municipality to register the names and other information of every citizen between the ages of eighteen and forty five.

FUNERAL OF MRS. KENNEY

The funeral of Mrs. Bridget Kenney took place this morning from the family residence, 89 Caniffen Road, to St. Michael's church where mass was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Hyland.

DARINGLY STOPPED RUNAWAY.

Mr. Charles Drew, Toronto, who is staying with Mr. and Mrs. David Daroh at Port Bowmanville, did rather a daring feat one day last week. Seeing a horse coming towards him running away he ran and caught the back of the buggy and climbed in and finding the lines tied to the back band he climbed out on the shaft and untied them and stopped the horse.

Arrest of Dr. Ernest Meyer, editor of the Vorwaerts, of Berlin, is reported from Berlin. Appraisers appointed by the Federal District Court today fixed the value of the liner Appam at \$1,250,000.

DEWART CHOSEN BY LIBERALS

Toronto Counsel Nominated in Southwest Riding

GOVERNMENT CRITICIZED

Attempt to Stay Proceedings Caused a Storm—Some Live-ly Incidents.

Mr. H. H. Dewart, K.C., was unanimously chosen by the big gathering of Liberals in Broadway Hall last night to contest the Provincial riding of Southwest Toronto in the Liberal interests.

Mr. H. H. Dewart, K.C., was unanimously chosen by the big gathering of Liberals in Broadway Hall last night to contest the Provincial riding of Southwest Toronto in the Liberal interests.

Outside of the unanimity of the nomination, the meeting, which was probably the largest of its kind ever held in "Tory Toronto," was a very warm and, at times, tumultuous one.

Mr. Louis Gurofsky was greeted with cheers. Liberals, he declared, were never afraid of a contest, but it was unusual to see Tories in Toronto in a blue funk and having difficulty in getting a candidate.

Even Toronto's Tory Mayor had expressed himself "disgusted and sick and tired of it." Ask the World where it stood on the nickel question, and as for the Hydro-electric enterprise, Mr. Gurofsky declared that "Sir Adam Beck, The Telegraph and Mayor Church have had to sit on the lid with a gun to prevent the Hearst Government giving the whole Hydro-electric to the Mackenzie interests."

A good fighting man could today win the riding by 1,500 easily, said Mr. Gurofsky, and amid prolonged cheering he submitted the name of Mr. Dewart.

"Where does he stand on the booze question?" asked one voice. Mr. Gurofsky replied that Mr. Dewart was no hedger. (Cheers.) "He will speak for himself, and he'll do no twisting like Hearst and Norris. He'll probably also be able to tell us something about the Minister of Militia, and the treatment of our soldiers at Camp Borden."

Ald. Ramsden stood by the Liberal policies enunciated by Liberal leaders. Liberalism must avoid the duplicity of the Hearst-Norris candidature and the "wishy-washy" platform to catch votes and fool electors.

Ald. Ramsden stated that Mr. Norris' address was written for him by Mr. Pat Ferguson, and concluded by urging the Liberals to fight a clean, square campaign, honest with themselves and honest with the electors.

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The NURSE'S STORY

By ADELE BLENEAU

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"Don't go any nearer," I heard in the exact direction I had been told to take. "There they are—the big guns." I was mystified. Had I been all done something wrong? I hesitated and then I put all conjectures aside and did as I had been told.

"There are ten big ones," Rene whispered, "and lots of small ones buried. You know they dig holes and hide those." With unsteady hands I shaded my eyes for ten minutes. Then I saw an aeroplane dart out in pursuit of the tube, but as it took the aeroplane many minutes to ascend the tube hailed out toward its crew. I had heard the aeroplane reached striking distance.

We followed along a mile or two more and saw women washing almost under fire, piling up the wet clothes in great masses on the edge of a tiny stream. They were patting and chatting as if such a thing as war did not exist. Then we retraced our steps. The last few minutes we had heard the deep roll of artillery, and as I reached the cottage gate I heard some one say, "They have got the range at last, but it has taken a month to do it."

My heart stopped within me. I was too faint to go farther. I had blundered, after all—when—how? It was luncheon time, but I couldn't have swallowed a bite to save my life. I dragged my trembling body up the cold, worn steps to my attic room.

Hour after hour I lay there, hearing the cannonading and growing more sick at heart with each dull boom which about dusk I could endure no longer, and finally putting on my bonnet and shawl I went downstairs. The road was full of ant and men who were coming and going continually. I had hardly stepped out when some one bumped into me and whispered in French, but with a peculiar accent, "Be here at 8," and slipped away.

I was after all, I was beginning to have "nerves." Of course it was I man from the British headquarters. I said this over and over again, trying to convince myself by repetition. But still I wanted news of the shelling and was looking around helplessly for some one I might ask when the liaison officer of the morning came by, stopped and asked me if I knew which room Colonel P. occupied. Answering in the affirmative, he requested me to show him the way.

"Follow me again tomorrow morning. You did good work today. Take the boy again." All this was said in snatches.

I was just beginning to be reassured by his words when my fears of a few moments ago returned. "If this was the message from headquarters which was the other?" I had no time to ask for the old lady called me and asked where I was going. I did not answer her, but in desperation hazarded in a whisper: "A spy will meet me in the garden at 8. Have some one there."

"Pardon" and "Thanks," he said aloud, and then he came down and explained to my landlady that I had been showing the Englishman the colonel's room. She still thought I was French. Looking at me a moment over her glasses, she said: "Don't mind me. Go back up there if you wish." When I realized what she meant I blushingly stammered that the gentleman was not my lover. I was burning with shame and was only able to compose myself by remembering that solely in her evil opinion of me lay the possible success of my mission; otherwise she would report my presence to the commanding officer, and he would in self defence be obliged to order me sent through to my own service.

I waited with misgivings. The hours seemed interminable. I felt blue and too occupied by the air craft to pay attention to me. Suddenly cried

CHAPTER XIV. Playing the Big Gun.

SO we set out on our excursion.

Our way followed the general direction of the canal. We had wandered along for half an hour, resting a moment here and there, but always keeping in sight of the liaison officer, when all at once I saw him stop, take out his glasses and train them on a spot in the heavens. I knew it must be a tube. I struggled quickly over the rough ground covered with mounds and uneven with holes made by shells.

As the officer had only paused a moment, I had taken the precaution to line up his position with a low bush and a flagpole near by, but on reaching it I found he had marked it by dropping a lighted cigar. I then began counting the steps, as directed, and when I had done all but the last ten Rene, who had been too occupied by the air craft to pay attention to me, suddenly cried

"Don't go any nearer," I heard in the exact direction I had been told to take. "There they are—the big guns." I was mystified. Had I been all done something wrong? I hesitated and then I put all conjectures aside and did as I had been told.

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We followed along a mile or two more and saw women washing almost under fire, piling up the wet clothes in great masses on the edge of a tiny stream. They were patting and chatting as if such a thing as war did not exist. Then we retraced our steps. The last few minutes we had heard the deep roll of artillery, and as I reached the cottage gate I heard some one say, "They have got the range at last, but it has taken a month to do it."

My heart stopped within me. I was too faint to go farther. I had blundered, after all—when—how? It was luncheon time, but I couldn't have swallowed a bite to save my life. I dragged my trembling body up the cold, worn steps to my attic room.

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ELDERLY WOMEN SAFEGUARDED

Tell Others How They Were Carried Safely Through Change of Life.

Durand, Wis.—"I am the mother of fourteen children and I owe my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I was 45 and had the Change of Life, a friend recommended it and it gave me such relief from my bad feelings that I took several bottles. I am now well and healthy and recommend your Compound to other ladies."

—Mrs. MARY RIDGWAY, Durand, Wis. A Massachusetts Woman Writes: "Blackstone, Mass.—'My troubles were from my age, and I felt awfully sick for three years. I had hot flashes often and frequently suffered from pains. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now am well.'"

—Mrs. PIERRE COUNOVAN, Box 329, Blackstone, Mass.

"Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, back-aches, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness, should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through this crisis."

As he said this my spirits rose. I didn't mind anything now, for after all he wasn't a Tommie! Selling his country and his life! I couldn't have endured that just then. He was just a German who spoke English only too well.

But what was I to do, even knowing what he was. To gain time I asked "How will you find the guns?" "Oh, that's my business," he said, and laughed.

"If you can't manage it will some one else come driving the sheep?" I asked lamely, hoping I might find a confederate.

"Oh, unless I miss my guess, I'll be there," he said dryly. "You had better go in," he added, "or you will be missed."

I looked up at him. I must know what he looked like. His face suggested America, and I suddenly felt I had seen him somewhere.

"Who are you?" I asked helplessly. "Where have I seen you before?" "You never saw me before," he answered roughly, "until tonight," and he turned on his heel and disappeared in a second. I looked after him bewildered, ransacking my brain, for I knew perfectly I had seen him somewhere. In a little it came to me—at the hotel, in New York, where we had dined almost every night. He had been a captain of waiters. I had of ten spoken German with him. Poor fellow, when Germany had called for their reservists, he had come. I was still looking after him when I heard a shot, followed instantly by another. I stood still—petrified. At once there was a great commotion in the house. Officers hurried out; electric flashes were everywhere. I did not know whether to run or stand still. Some thing decided me. I had better go while there was time. I had only been in the room a second; the old lady was still dozing by the fire, when the young lieutenant who had interceded for me the morning before came hurrying in and said, carefully choosing his words, "Most women know something of nursing. A man has been shot. We are bringing him in here. Will you come and see how badly hurt he is?"

"I'll do my best," I answered, my heart thumping like mad and wondering which man it was, for I never doubted it was one of them. I heard them bring him to the little rear dining room, but try as I would I couldn't find courage and strength to walk there. Everything turned black before my eyes, for I knew, whoever it was I was indirectly to blame.

"Then I heard a voice, 'Come, nurse,' and with joy I recognized it was the liaison officer speaking. Summoning all my courage, but still very much shaken, I went in and faced the man to whom I had just been speaking.

"You cursed traitor!" he said. "I might have known you'd do it. I did know it, but I had my orders." "He tried at me when I called 'Halt' and then ran," the officer said to me, "and I shot. The only regret I have is that I didn't kill him. Now he will have to have a trial, and he isn't worth it." All this time I had been leaning over him, making a superficial examination.

"I am sorry," I said to the wounded man, and to the others I pleaded "I don't get a doctor, or better, take him to the hospital." They declared the latter was impossible, for his confederates would come to know of it. But they did bring a doctor and a nurse. I couldn't have endured his burning eyes.

An hour later the doctor came down and said, "The man wants to see you." I shrunk from going, but it was a dying request, and I went.

As I entered he said, after asking that we be left alone, "You know now who I am, don't you?" "Yes," I replied, "you were the captain at the hotel."

To Be Continued.

MISS CATHERINE TONER HAS PASSED AWAY

Miss Catherine Toner, a well known former resident of this city passed away this morning in Toronto.

Deceased was a sister of Mrs. J. W. Vanorman, Ann St. The remains will be brought to this city for interment. Funeral notice later.

The 215th Battalion, of Brantford, has gone to Niagara Camp.

George R. Edwards was drowned in Hamilton Bay yesterday.

The stove and saw mill of the Fesserton Timber Co., was totally destroyed by fire.

A rear-end collision of freight trains near Ingersoll tied up traffic for several hours yesterday.

Harry King will be tried at Orangeville for the theft of a horse and buggy from Sam White.

Mrs. Edward England, twenty-eight years old, was drowned in the Niagara River at Bridgeburg.

A serious hail, rain and electrical storm struck Quebec and district Saturday evening and wrought heavy damage to grain crops.

Allan Heard, sixty years of age, London, was struck by a Grand Trunk eastbound express train and almost instantly killed.

Howard Walker, the fourteen-year-old son of William Walker, of Toronto, was drowned two days ago in a quarry hole at Texas, Maryland.

Soldiers were called on to quell a riot at Ford when the police attempted to enter the house of William Noeko, an Austrian, suspected of illegally selling liquor.

While touring on the Canadian side of Niagara Falls on Sunday, Charles E. Hughes, Republican candidate for the Presidency of the U. S., was held up by a Canadian soldier.

Finding of the body of John Foulis, washed up on the beach five miles east of Collingwood, solves the mystery surrounding his disappearance from the steamer Mariska some weeks ago.

It is estimated that the grain crop in Saskatchewan this year in round figures will consist of 125,000,000 bushels of wheat and 100,000,000 bushels of oats, with barley and flax thrown in for good measure.

A great fire in a forest near Savona Italy, along a front of nearly three miles, is reported in a Havas despatch from Rome.

A bank note of small denomination was found on the street.

Miss Anna Shears of Rednersville left today to visit relatives in Detroit. The Misses Emma and Grace Panter are visiting relatives at "Idyl Wild," cottage 1000 Islands.

A horse belonging to Mr. James Murray, carter of this city, died this morning in its stable.

Original Defective

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO,

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, complete WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$2.00 a year to the United States.

W. H. MORTON, Business Manager. J. O. HERRITY, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916.

A CRIME AGAINST YOUTH.

The letter in this week's Ontario by "A Friend of the Young People" reveals a state of affairs in our High School examination system such as should occasion an outburst of public dissatisfaction and indignation from one end of this province to the other.

The scheme adopted by the "little autocrats" in charge of the Department of Education at Toronto to prevent the success of our boys and girls in their high school course is quite as despotic and unjust as anything "made in Germany." To our young students, many of them with the utmost difficulty making their way through high school or collegiate institute, it is a needless, cruel and tyrannical injustice.

The Departmental officials have become obsessed with the idea of "raising the standard" and believe there are too many public school certificates being granted. To "raise the standard" and to create this wholesome scarcity of teachers they adopt the methods of mountebanks.

As our correspondent points out, there is no actual surplus of public school teachers. Although salaries have advanced as much as one hundred per cent in many schools, we still find that a large number of temporary permits had to be granted this last year to supply vacancies. But the officials apparently thought the noble profession was becoming dangerously overcrowded and they accordingly began to lay plans for the slaughter of the candidates.

We must confess that they have done a beautiful job. In some counties, out of all the army of young aspirants who went hopefully up for the Normal Entrance, there were scarcely enough left to man the neighborhood school in Basswood Settlement. It was almost as "thorough" as the Prussian occupation of Louvain.

Algebra was selected by the executioners as the pivotal point of attack. Mathematics is an exact science. An answer is either right or wrong and that is all there is about it. There are no gradations or rightness or wrongness such as soft-hearted examiners can gloss over in grammar, history or composition. In algebra it is impossible to mark the victim "up" and enable him to pass when he has done well in other subjects. It was intended to leave no room for the exercise of the quality of mercy.

A specialist with the axe was asked to prepare the algebra paper. When his genius reached its full fruition he produced a masterpiece that deserves to cause his name to rank with Archimedes and Sir Isaac Newton. The paper may have been slightly deficient in latitude and depth but these shortcomings were abundantly atoned for by its longitude. The masterpiece of the axe-man consisted of NINETEEN parts. There was abundant material there to keep the most industrious working for hours after the time-table said they should quit. To make a long story short, only a battered and enfeebled remnant of one-quarter of the original strength of the draft survived the attack. They were outclassed only by the Princess Pats after the battle of St. Julien.

Why can't the Departmental Officials be honest and fair about this thing?

We deny that there are too many teachers being turned out, but, suppose we had five times more public school teachers than we had positions for, is this the right way to reduce the number or to "raise the standard"?

If necessary, let us have no one teaching in our public schools but bachelors of art and doctors of philosophy, but let us be decent, honorable and straightforward in our examination methods.

It is as reasonable to require an all-round athlete to demonstrate his physical fitness, and the good condition of his muscular system, by asking him to stand on his head for nineteen consecutive minutes, as it is to ask a student to solve nineteen algebraic puzzles in half the time that should be allotted for such a feat.

The high schools and colleges of Ontario are manned by a fine, intelligent, conscientious,

thoroughly trained and equipped group of mathematical masters.

The curriculum prescribes a certain specified course, of reasonable length, to be covered in the algebra in the school year. A large amount of the school time is taken up in the proper presentation of this subject by the teacher. We believe the work is thoroughly done. And then along comes the examination and seventy-five per cent. of the students fail!

We say it without fear of successful contradiction that any system of teaching and examination that results in seventy-five per cent. of failures is damnable.

We also assert that the fault does not lie with the teaching. Neither does it lie with the students.

Examiners cannot prevent the success of our students by straight, honest methods and they resort to tricks. The children are passed or rejected according to their ability to perform impossible stunts and weird prodigies. Fair methods of testing whether the student has mastered the prescribed work with reasonable thoroughness are tabu among the Departmental solons.

Any system of teaching and examination, that results in more than twenty-five per cent of failures, is a delusion and a fraud.

Look at the trail of discouragement and disaster left by our educational Von Bissings! What incentive is there for teachers to remain in the profession when they see the effects of a year's energetic, conscientious work nullified and rendered abortive by a fool examiner?

What inducement is there for students to remain at high school when they know that in the end they will be defeated by the roundabout cunning of educational charlatans?

To many hundreds of students in Ontario this late alleged examination was a tragedy and the pitiful snuffing-out of ambition. They will turn away from their academic careers embittered and heart-sick. Not all who wrote on the Normal Entrance examination intended to be teachers. Many hoped for success in this preliminary so as to proceed to other scholastic conquests. They now leave, never again to enter the doors of a high school.

Worse than that they go away with the feeling that the game was not played fair, that they were defeated by a miserable subterfuge, that they were struck below the belt, that the articles of the agreement were violated, that they were not tested by their knowledge and skill within the prescribed limits, but were unexpectedly asked to turn handsprings without touching their hands to the floor, that they lost, not so much by means of Prussian autocracy on the part of the referee, as by his more characteristically Prussian disregard of a scrap of paper.

Is it the purpose of Ontario's boasted educational system to destroy initiative, wreck prospects and ruin careers?

Why can't the examinations in our high schools be conducted in the same broad-minded, commonsense manner as in our universities? There are rarely over ten per cent. of failures at the university examinations. A certain course of studies is laid out for each year. Professors and students work loyally together to cover that course with thoroughness. It is neither too long nor too short. The resulting examination is not a fakir's exhibition of legerdemain but a true test of what the student has accomplished in his year's studies. It is a system that encourages industry and inspires ambition.

By all means let us raise the educational standard among the teachers of our public schools. Aside from the work of the mothers in the homes they are engaged in the most important business in the civilized world. They cannot know too much. If we have too many aspiring after the easy money in this glorious calling, as things are ordered at present, then, if necessary, let us extend the preparatory course in our high schools to five years. If the pedagogues are still so numerous as to be embarrassing, then let us arrange it so that none but university graduates need apply.

But whatever arrangements we make, or whatever standard we set up, LET US HAVE HONEST EXAMINATIONS.

TAX-PAYING.

The payment of taxes is never a pleasant process. Sometimes it is a matter of difficulty and occasionally it is associated with hardship. The collection of taxes in Belleville has for a long time been carried out in rather a good-natured fashion, with the result that there has always been an enormous arrearage of unpaid taxes on the collector's books. Many of those who didn't pay were in a position where it would have caused financial stress to meet the demand. But on the other hand there were many more who did not pay up as a matter of shrewd business policy. After the initial addition of five per cent, which is all the statute allows, the delinquents could go on and use the city's money for three years or more without further molestation. The money was costing only a trifle of one and two-thirds per cent per annum. As a matter of policy and good business it was therefore much more advantageous not to pay

than to square accounts. Some of our local magnates could make many times the trifle paid the city in the regular course of business.

Aside from these shrewd, Wall Street financiers, however, there was a very considerable percentage of our taxpayers, who through poverty, or poor business returns, or illness, or other misfortunes did not pay because they could not procure the cash. It is of this latter class we wish more particularly to speak.

It is a well known fact that wage-earners, in receipt of a small daily or weekly salary, find it hard to get ahead any considerable sum of money at a time. With the present extreme high cost of living we need not feel amazed that the laborer and the mechanic are perennially hard-up. The wonder is that they are not more so than they actually give evidence of being.

For the accommodation of this numerous class, the majority of cities in Canada and the United States have adopted the system of semi-annual or quarterly payments of the taxes. In Toronto they pay quarterly and it is a system very much in line with commonsense.

For instance the mechanic owns a house assessed for \$2,500. At this year's rate the taxes would be \$80, in round figures. It would in practice be far easier for that mechanic to make four small payments of \$20 each than to gather in \$80 for payment all at once. It would mean somewhat more work for the collector, but, on the other hand, the collection itself would be greatly facilitated.

We believe it would be a move in the right direction to adopt the quarterly system of payment. It would be in the interests of both the citizens and the city.

A few years ago Belleville had the semi-annual scheme of tax-paying. It was discontinued, not for that reason, but because of an excessive discount, associated with prompt payment, which meant serious loss to the city. The quarterly system, if adopted, should not make a feature of discounts.

The present council deserves more credit than it is likely to receive for standing resolutely behind the tax-collector in gathering in the arrears of taxes. In this they have done well and they have played no favorites. They ought, however, to go a step farther, and make the most distasteful of all civic duties as easy as possible by adopting the plan of more frequent payments.

THE LATE SIR VICTOR HORSLEY.

Sir Victor Horsley, whose death occurred on July 16th, from heat stroke, in Mesopotamia where he was voluntarily serving in an effort to ameliorate the bad conditions existing in the Army Medical Service there, was well accustomed to polemical excesses, for he played a prominent part in the vivisection controversy for many years, as well as in several others of less note. A man of strong individuality, Sir Victor Horsley never hesitated to take his own line on any subject. In regard to the use of alcohol, for instance, he held views as pronounced as those of the most fanatical teetotaler; but based his case on purely scientific considerations. It is some years now since he published remarkable figures showing the steady diminution in the use of alcohol in the leading hospitals. At the same time, Sir Victor did not forewear all stimulants in his own case, since he had rather a weakness for tea, which, however, he was careful to explain, though not beyond criticism, has none of the baleful effects of alcohol.

Sir Victor was one of the most successful surgeons of the day, and had many surgical feats to his credit. It is told that on one occasion a man was admitted into the National Hospital for Epilepsy and Paralysis suffering from unbearable pains in his head and apparently on the threshold of death. Horsley discovered that he had a deep-seated abscess on the brain; he trephined the skull, opened the brain, drained the abscess, and the man was soon walking about in the vigor of his mental health. Professor Horsley was a tall, stalwart man of fine carriage. He was alert and vivid to the very tips of his fingers, and his capacity for work was said to be simply enormous.

The Huns are not only renewing their Zepplin "frightfulness" but are lying atrociously about it.

It is particularly comforting that British statesmen, more and more, emphatically are affirming that the blood-guilty will not be allowed to escape punishment for their crimes when the war is over.

In the speech of Mr. Kellaway, M.P., Parliamentary Secretary of the British Munition Ministry, to which we alluded the other day, he showed what had been done in establishing one industry in which Germany has held a very strong position—the manufacture of optical and chemical glass. The Government asked scientists to discover the German formula. So successful were they that the British output of glass has multiplied by fourteen since the outbreak of the war.

THE WAY OF THE BRITISH.

Editor, Ontario:—

I beg to enclose a poem by Miss Lillian Leveridge, which I think is equal to any of the war poems which I have seen. It has the true British ring, and her noble words will find an echo in every patriotic heart.

I am, Yours,

J. J. B. Flint.

Belleville, Aug. 8, 1916.

It isn't the way of the British,  
In the fight for country and King  
On the fair, white field of their valor,  
The shadow of shame to bring.  
There isn't a lad in the army,  
There isn't a lad on the sea,  
Would dim the light of his honor,  
By a deed of infamy.

It isn't the way of Britain  
To grasp with greedy hand,  
And hold with a despot's power,  
Domain in a friendly land.  
But she fights for "a scrap of paper,"  
She dies for "an old colored rag."  
When the one is her word of promise,  
And the other her blood-stained flag.

It isn't the way of the British,  
With ruthless hands of hate,  
The priceless things of a nation  
To plunder and desecrate.  
Not 'gainst defenceless women  
And children their guns are turned;  
Not 'gainst the weak and fallen—  
That isn't the way they've learned.

It isn't the way of the British  
To strike like the heathen hordes,  
To torture the hapless captives  
They take at the point of their swords.  
That was never the way with Britain.  
Her strength is the strength of ten;  
For her sons in her far-flung warfare,  
Fight like gentlemen.

There were thirty or more of our gunners—  
It was but a week ago—  
Were called to a post of peril,  
In the path of the furious foe.  
It was certain death, and they knew it;  
But the valor in each heart burned.  
"Good-bye, good-bye to you fellows!"  
They called—and never returned.

Again came the short, sharp summons,  
And there dashed through the sulphurous  
smoke,  
With the same farewell to their comrades,  
While a wreath of smiles outbroke—  
Thirty to follow the thirty,  
And the eager ranks closed in.  
That is the way of the British,  
That is the way they win.

This is the way of the British—  
In the strength of their righteous cause,  
Upheld by the hosts of heaven,  
They strike for their King and laws.  
From what do they shrink—our soldiers?  
They may lose in the fearful fray,  
Their lives, but never their honor,  
Who fight in the British way.

Then here's to you, lads in the army,  
And here's to you, lads on the sea;  
To your hands that are strong and steady,  
To your hearts that are true and free!—  
Though long it be ere the dawning,  
It cometh at last—the day,  
When all that you've fought for, bled for,  
You shall win in the British way.  
—Lillian Leveridge.

WHEN IT IS HOT.

Consider Mr. Shadrach,  
Of fiery furnace fame:  
He didn't bleat about the heat  
Or fuss about the flame.  
He didn't stew or worry,  
And get his nerves in kinks,  
Nor fill his skin with limes and gin  
And other "cooling" drinks.

Consider Mr. Meshack,  
Who felt the furnace, too:  
He let it sizz nor queried "Is  
It hot enough for you?"  
He didn't mop his forehead,  
And hunt a shady spot;  
Nor did he say, "Gee! what a day!  
Believe me, it's some hot!"

Consider, too, Abed-nego,  
Who shared his comrades' plight:  
He didn't shake his coat and make  
Himself a holy sight;  
He didn't wear suspenders  
Without a coat and vest;  
Nor did he scowl and snort and howl  
And make himself a pest.

Consider, friends, this trio—  
How little fuss they made.  
They didn't curse when it was worse  
Than ninety in the shade.  
They moved about serenely  
Within the furnace bright,  
And soon forgot that it was hot,  
With "no relief in sight."  
—Chicago Tribune.

Other Editors' Opinions

FRUITS OF THE WILD.

At the present time there are enough blueberries, raspberries and saskatoons going to waste on the rocks within a hundred miles or so of the city to fill the preserving kettles of our Winnipeg housewives, and supply a surplus for such a city as Chicago. What little of this harvest of the wilds percolates to our market is not in the best condition, and, considering that the prime cost is nil, at seeming outrageous prices.

For preserving purposes the flavor of the wild raspberry is superior to that of the cultivated—or, as they say in Ontario, the "tame" varieties. But the latter are planted in serried ranks convenient to the hand of the professional picker, who charges from a cent and a half or two cents a quart; whereas wild berries entail a scramble through the bush and are to be found in but scattered profusion around the fringes of the "bald rock." Taking into account the necessary railway journey, ten cents a quart would be poor but moderate remuneration for picking them.

For blueberries one must fare further and labor over searching rocks under a blazing sun. Few but Indians are equal to the task as a day's labor. The Indians themselves are a scant band, not enamored of persistent toil, whose period of harvest in the wilds is limited to supply of their immediate necessities, though in the matter of price they are keen enough merchants, as thrifty summer campers speedily discover.

The blueberry crop, too, is uncertain. In such a year as this, when rainfall has been plentiful, and moss and ferns are moist in every cranny, the rocks are almost purpled with the mass of the clustered fruit. But in a torrid season one may search miles for a single berry. Raspberries are a more constant supply, and saskatoons, though far from plentiful in this sector, are generally to be found along the mounting slopes of sheltered valleys.

Here is a great and a valuable natural crop going to waste, as completely as does that of the northern cranberry. Bears, indeed, eat blueberries, but among our highlands the output of black bear is absurdly disproportionate to that of the blueberry.

Man comes along to correct this waste of nature, improved cultivation and scientific marketing turning the trick. In certain districts of New England cranberry marshes are sedulously cultivated. For all we know blueberry farms may already exist. What has been done with the raspberry is a commonplace of our tea-tables, but it is a regrettable fact that, though man may improve on nature in size and color, his alchemy fails in the all-important matter of flavor; there he cannot even ape the wild product—the essence of upland air, the tang of the woods.

No; our children's children will still wander on these rocky slopes, beneath their starry pools shimmering out from the encircling pines; and will discover again with shrieks of delight the incomparable fruits of the wild.—Winnipeg Free Press.

AFTER ALL HE WAS TRAITOR.

All the feeling in America touching the execution of Sir Roger Casement is that England was unnecessarily murderous and revengeful in his case.

Yet there is, of course, England's side of the question. Casement started his Irish revolution at an hour when the British Empire was beset by its enemies, when millions of Englishmen were laying their lives upon the altar of British patriotism, when mothers were giving up their sons for the life of the Empire and the great nation was straining at every point. Casement and his colleagues in a way became allies with Germany. It was treason of the blackest type, of course, and the desperate hour chosen for the enterprise against the home government relieves him in England of the natural sympathy which would have followed his execution at any less critical time. It reduces his martyrdom that he committed with other powerful enemies against his own country. This may not be logical but it is human.—Wichita (Kansas) Beacon.

These Pills Cure Rheumatism.

To the many who suffer from rheumatism a trial of Parmele's Vegetable Pills is recommended. They have pronounced action upon the liver and kidneys and by regulating the action of these organs act as an alternative in preventing the admixture of uric acid and blood that causes this painful disorder. They must be taken according to directions and used steadily and they will speedily give evidence of their beneficial effects.

STORY OF TWO

"Rescue the

Fanny Crosby, writer, herself said of this song had been done, and lay until one evening York rescue mission.

She addressed a of men and the upon her mind the boy must be rescued that night, or she made a pre audience, and at the service a lad forward and said, me? I once had mother whom I pro heaven; but the de now leading makes ever being fulfilled ble."

"She prayed with t that night started o ward career.

"After I left the writes Fanny Crosby Ninety-Four Years, of nothing else but fishing, the thought sent to me. When I went to work on the and before I retired ready for the melod."

"The next day my ten out and forward who wrote the beautif music to my hymn as

"Safe in the Arm

No less famous the "Perishing" is "Safe in Jesus." Fanny Crosby of the writing of the lows:

"One day Dr. Doa and said, "Fanny, I h I would like to have y for." He played it o "That says, 'Safe in Jesus."

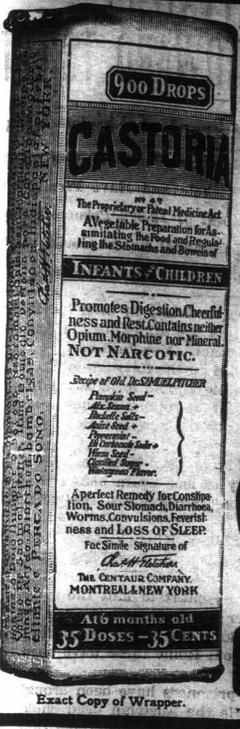
"I went to my room thirty minutes I ret words that have sinc fort and a solace to the rowing hearts.

"Dr. John Hall, the of Fifth Avenue Presby once told me that "Sal of Jesus" had given m satisfaction to mother their children than as he had known.

"It has become famo the world, and was o American hymns to be to foreign languages. Grant mission campa Sankey used it, and fo the most popular item istry of song."—Select

ANOTHER INCIDENT GREAT WAR, CAN PEDIATRY

Private Smith, after ten months in the tr where in France" is gr leave, and on reaching route" for his home of England, makes a ca quarters Pay Office, to funds for his well-earn Upon arrival at the G directed to the special



**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always Bears the  
Signature  
of  
*J. C. Ayer & Co.*  
In Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**

### LT. SANDFORD ON RECRUITING STAFF

Was Wounded By Machine Gun Fire at the Front While With the 8th Battalion

The recruiting staff of this Military District is gradually being enlarged by the addition of soldiers of known recruiting ability. The latest addition is Lieut. A. J. Sandford, the popular assistant adjutant of the 155th battalion. He received orders on Tuesday morning to report to Major G. T. Campbell and will go on duty as a recruiting officer on his return from Belleville.

### REALISTIC FIGHT WITH AERO-PLANES.

British War Office Sends Anti-Aircraft Gun to the Canadian National

An anti-aircraft gun, such as is now mounted all over England and on the battlefields in France, Belgium and elsewhere, is being sent to the Canadian National Exhibition, and will be utilized for the purpose of making the fights between the invading aeroplanes and the land forces stationed on Exhibition shore more realistic, the battle being staged under conditions similar to those existing in Great Britain and the zone.

### SUNDAY SCHOOLS HAD A BIG DAY

Baptist and Emmanuel Sunday School Picnic Yesterday a Fine Success

The Baptist and Emmanuel Sunday schools held their annual picnic at Massasauga Park yesterday and it was a big success in every way. The day was ideal, clear, and with plenty of cool breezes, all of which was much appreciated by the large crowd of young folks and old folks and little children.

### STOP NEW ROAD WORK.

Hon. Finlay G. Macdonald Advises Counties to go Slow in War Time

In acknowledging the receipt of estimates of expenditure on roadways from various municipalities the Hon. Finlay G. Macdonald, Minister of Public Works and Highways, urges economy in road construction. The Minister says: "I would point out that at the present time laborers are scarce, wages are high, and employment now offered tends to discourage enlistment for overseas."

### THE NEW PARTY GETS UP STEAM

Independent Conservative Party Now Under Way—Sir Adam Beck Likely to Lead

RIVERDALE, Aug. 10.—"There must be a new party—it is bound to come," emphatically declared Thomas Scott, the president of the Riverdale Independent Conservative Association, when speaking about the Southwest Toronto election. He went on to state that his association has not been sleeping since its formation last spring. "We have written several prominent men, who are all in sympathy with the association."

### STORY OF TWO FAMOUS SONGS.

"Rescue the Perishing."

Fanny Crosby, the blind hymn-writer, herself said that the subject of this song had been sent her by Dr. Doane, and lay unused in her mind until one evening she visited a New York rescue mission.

She addressed a crowded meeting of men and the thought forced itself upon her mind that some mother's boy must be rescued from a life of evil that night, or not at all.

She made a pressing plea to her audience, and at the conclusion of the service a list of eighteen came forward and said, "Did you mean me? I once had a sweet, loving mother whom I promised to meet in heaven; but the depraved life I am now leading makes this hope of it ever being fulfilled almost impossible."

She prayed with the boy, who from that night started on a new and upward career.

"After I left the mission hall," writes Fanny Crosby in "My Story of Ninety-Four Years," "I could think of nothing else but 'Rescue the Perishing,' the thought Mr. Doane had sent to me. When I arrived home I went to work on the hymn at once, and before I retired to rest it was ready for the melody.

"The next day my song was written out and forwarded to Dr. Doane, who wrote the beautiful and touching music to my hymn as it now stands."

No less famous than "Rescue the Perishing" is "Safe in the Arms of Jesus." Fanny Crosby tells the story of the writing of this hymn as follows:

"One day Dr. Doane came to me and said, 'Fanny, I have a tune that I would like to have you write words for.' He played it over and I said, 'That says, Safe in the Arms of Jesus.'"

"I went to my room and in about thirty minutes I returned with the words that have since been a comfort and a solace to thousands of sorrowing hearts."

"Dr. John Hall, the famous pastor of Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, once told me that 'Safe in the Arms of Jesus' had given more peace and satisfaction to mothers that had lost their children than any other hymn he had known."

"I has become famous throughout the world, and was one of the first American hymns to be translated into foreign languages. In all their great mission campaigns Moody and Sankey used it, and found it one of the most popular items in their ministry of song."—Selected.

### ANOTHER INCIDENT OF THE GREAT WAR. CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

Private Smith, after spending over ten months in the trenches "somewhere in France" is granted six days' leave, and on reaching London "en route" for his home in the North of England, makes a call at the Headquarters Pay Office, to obtain some funds for his well-earned holiday.

### dealing with soldiers on leave, and asks for the sum of ten pounds from his account, at the same time handing over his Active Service Pay Book to the ledger-keeper for the necessary entry.

After a good deal of searching the clerk calmly informs Private Smith that "You did last April and your account is accordingly closed out."

Private Smith vociferously denies being dead, in fact claims that he is still very much alive.

Rumour has it that Private Smith and the Pay Office are still busily engaged in correspondence on this matter and an early settlement of this "Strange Case" is looked for soon after the cessation of hostilities.

### CANADIAN INDUSTRY. COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

Canadian business men, and those in other countries doing business, or prepared to do business in Canada, have felt the need of a concise and accurate source of information concerning Canadian industry, commerce and finance. Such a volume has just been prepared, and published by the Industrial and Educational Press, Limited, 45 St. Alexander Street, Montreal.

The opening chapters of the book are devoted to a discussion of modern business methods as applied to Canada, in which the author deals with the three divisions—industry, commerce and finance—in a lucid and authoritative manner. The aim is to present the information in such a way as to make it easily comprehensible to the young business-man and to foreign merchants doing business with Canadian merchants. The information is especially useful to Canadian merchants at the present time when so many firms are beginning to do an export trade, to which a considerable portion of the book is devoted.

The first chapter on industry deals with each of the various branches of Canada's industrial development in point of extent, production and possibilities. In his treatise on commerce the author treats the subject in all its phases, foreign commerce, domestic commerce, ocean transportation, inland water transportation, railroads etc., are taken up in turn and the methods and terms explained. The various markets of the world are described, and a section is devoted to weights and measures in use the world over. The chapter of finance deals with a wide array of subjects. The author first describes the development of banking and instruments of credit, and then deals with all methods in present use describing each separately—foreign exchange, bills of lading and shipping receipts, etc., mortgages, liens, deeds, stocks, bonds, and all classes of insurance are given attention in this chapter.

Another useful and principal feature of the volume is the trade index or directory of all marketable commodities and Canadian producers. This list embodies a description of most commodities and accurate lists of the Canadian producers of each, with addresses.

The book is published by the Industrial and Educational Press, Limited, Montreal, as a companion volume to the Journal of Commerce, of which the Hon. W. S. Fielding is President and Editor-in-Chief.

### Belleville Clothiers polished up the boots merchants yesterday afternoon in a game of ball at Massasauga.

The club was started in with a fine effort but in one inning their pitcher broke and allowed eight runs to go to the enemy. Jack Fahey, the captain of the fashion plates scored ten strikes out against the leather skins. The final tally was 16 to 11, against the boot and shoe line-up.

Messrs. Tim Sullivan and Gerald Lynch were the umpires and had their time taken up with decisions.

The barbers have been challenged for next Wednesday to come up against the cloth. It should be a close shave or a hair raiser.

The line-up yesterday was:

Clothiers	Boots and Shoes.	
J. Fahey	Pitcher	Walton
R. Bell	Catcher	Canning
W. Ormond	First Base	Shane
George Lee	Second Base	Friedenburg
Ern Sprague	Short Stop	Barreth
Wolf	Third Base	Pimlott
Glen Thompson	Right Field	McPherson
H. Deyman	Center Field	Splan
W. Roe	Left Field	T. Bowie

### HELD MEETING IN HURRY.

Liquor Interests Apparently Split, and One Section May Oppose Norris.

The meeting of the Ontario Licensed and Allied Trades Association, billed for this afternoon, was held yesterday afternoon by a hurry call. The meeting was in caucus for over an hour, and then adjourned until this morning. Mr. Allan, secretary of the association, stated that the meeting was held at the offices of the association this morning, and that it was nothing but trade business that was discussed. Asked if South-West Toronto was discussed, he would not say yes or no. Asked what the brewers were going to do in the election, he said that he did not know, but despite this statement from the secretary of the association, there is a report of rank mutiny amongst the members of the trade. The hotelkeepers who have no ties on their business do not intend to be led.

One hotelkeeper, when asked this morning what he was going to do, said, "You can take it from me that Norris will get no support of mine. I like the man personally, but he is a Hearst candidate, and that is enough for me. We will beat him, no matter what the party does. The Government needs a lesson. The breweries think that they can control the trade, but they have another think coming."

### FOSTER CHARGE WITHDRAWN

In the case of Rex vs. Philip Foster on a charge of injuring Mrs. Hagerman in a collision between an auto and buggy on the Fogboro Road last Thursday night, the parties having adjusted their civil differences, the criminal charge against Foster was withdrawn this morning at Police court. W. Carnew for the crown; W. D. M. Shorey for the defence.

### CLOTHIERS WON FROM BOOTMEN

Belleville Clothiers polished up the boots merchants yesterday afternoon in a game of ball at Massasauga.

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### MURRAY CHARGES ENLARGED

Charges of Assault Against Husband and Daughter Preferred by Mrs. Margaret Murray.

Mrs. Margaret Murray preferred an assault charge against her husband, James Murray and one against her daughter Myrtle of assaulting her sister Edna. The cases were to have been heard this morning, but were enlarged until police court on August 17th. W. Carnew for crown; W. D. M. Shorey for private prosecutor, and W. C. Miket for the defendants.

### Russian official: "Caucasian front in the region of Kialkt-Chia and Erzingan our troops again advanced several versts."

Russian official: "Caucasian front in the region of Kialkt-Chia and Erzingan our troops again advanced several versts."

### Most Hotelmen Will Remain

Most of the hotelmen in Belleville will remain in business after the 16th of September and if their applications are granted will conduct "Standard Hotels" as governed by the Ontario License Commissioners. Discussion has been rife as to how many houses of accommodation for the public will be in operation after the sale of wine, beer and spirituous liquors is cut off. According to the street talk quite a large number would close but the signs point otherwise. Of the fourteen hotel proprietors in the city 13 have applied for the Standard License up to the present and the other two may still apply, having a week to decide. The two outstanding hotels are of the smaller class. The proprietor of one of these has been saying he would close unless he got a wine and beer license.

Several local hotels will have quite a quantity of stronger liquors on hand when prohibition goes into effect. Others are buying in small quantities, hoping to escape being loaded with a supply of beverages. Whiskies and brandies will be the main stock left on hand, for the high prices of these have had their effect upon the sales.

### ILLEGAL SALE OF WET GOODS.

Is the Charge Made by Inspector Jos. Stewart of Peterboro.

The Provincial License Commissioners for some time have had their eye out for violations of the law in the Midland district. Lindsay, Hastings, Omemee, Millbrook, Norwood and other places have all been visited by private investigators of the ruling license body.

The local inspectors have also been given a few tips on shipments of wet goods to parties who had no reason to have been over-supplying themselves except for law-breaking purposes.

Inspector Stewart, always on the alert, accidentally got wise to what was more than an ordinary infraction of the law and as a result an information and summons has been issued against a local man on a charge of not only illegally selling liquor, but of supplying a blackletter. The summons has not been served.

The case may come up for review by Police Magistrate Dumble tomorrow when the evidence that will be offered in support of the commission will be of a more or less sensational nature.

It is said that the liquor was sent to Peterborough in such large quantities that the transportation companies wondered at a private citizen using this excessive amount of wet goods.—Peterboro Review.

### MOTORISTS PAY FINES.

Four Taxed For Infraction of Laws.

Motorists since yesterday have paid into court \$32 and costs or about \$44 in all for breaking the rules of driving. Three men for speeding were fined \$100 and costs each, and another for allowing his car to run without lighted lamps was taxed \$2 and costs.

A fifth autoist, coming from Toronto, is also to appear on a speeding charge.

A despatch to Lloyd's from West Hartlepool says that the British steamer Spiral has been sunk by a submarine.

### ONE DAY IN JAIL

Albert Clark Found Guilty of Assault—Term Had Expired.

Before Magistrate Bedford at Deseronto yesterday the case of Eva Hyderman against Albert Clark was disposed of. The complainant charged Clark with having assaulted her, occasioning actual bodily injury. The trouble arose through an arrangement between the parties for operating a small farm in Tryndinaga, and wherein each tried to eject the other. After hearing the evidence the Magistrate found the defendant guilty of common assault, and sentenced him to one day in jail, but as he already had been on remand for nearly a week he was immediately set at liberty. Wm. Carnew for the crown; W. S. Herrington, K.C., Napanee for the private prosecutor; E. J. Butler, for the defendant.

### SUCCESSFUL GARDEN PARTY

Event at West Belleville Playgrounds Last Evening.

Although the public was not generally aware of the holding of the garden party on the play grounds of West Belleville last evening, the event having been postponed from the night before, there was a good attendance. While the weather conditions were not conducive to the unlimited consumption of refreshments, the ladies of the W. B. Institute did a flourishing business at the booths, selling ice cream, candies, lemonade and so forth. The 15th Regiment band rendered a fine program of music which had been freely decorated for the occasion. Children were out in force in charge of their parents and had a general good time.

### BOWLERS CANCELLED TRIP

The Kingston bowlers who were to have come to Belleville yesterday cancelled their trip for the present, but expect to come here in September.

# THE GREAT DRIVE IS YET TO COME

Simultaneous Attack Must Be Along Entire Length of All Fronts

Paris, Aug. 11.—According to diplomatic and financial circles here the present offensive of the allies in the west is not the great drive that has been so long expected by the public. General Mallette, one of the leading military critics of the allies, asks in the Temps: "Is this the general offensive which is to decide the issue of the war as the allies foresee, neutrals expect, and even the Germans fear? "We do not believe it," he says, "and there should be no illusions on the subject. Its object is the irrevocable destruction of the imperial forces and finally a guarantee of a reparative peace. Germany's victories must not be attributed solely to its army organization and the perfection of its war machinery; they are due much more to the position she occupies between adversaries separated by fatal differences of policy and strategy as much as by distances and difficulties of communication."

## Policy Altered.

Germany's first scheme was to strike successively in time and space the interior and separated forces of France and Russia, so that her victorious troops should pass like a shuttle from one frontier to the other across a triumphant empire. When the Kaiser's general staff found that neither France nor Russia had been beaten down and that Great Britain unexpectedly was aiding them, the German military chiefs still had confidence in the superiority of their strategy. Thus they alternately launched new offensives on the west and the east, in Flanders and on the Yser and in Poland. The Austro-German reserves enabled them to do this, which was comparatively easy as long as the allies remained almost passive. There could be then no hope of a decision. The only thing for the allies to do was to hold on. Berlin understood this, too, and began entrenching on her side, hoping to profit by their unity of action.

## Enemy Loses Initiative.

While maintaining defensive position in the west they launched the great offensive against Russia in May, 1915. Russia had nearly reached the end of her supply of munitions, and Grand Duke Nicholas was forced to begin his wonderful retreat from the Carpathians. The Russian front then became immobilized in ice and mud, and the Germans made their third drive, this time into Serbia. Then toward the end of 1915 they prepared their fourth great attack, the drive on Verdun, which was begun in February, thus, during 1915 and the first months of 1916 the Germans still held the initiative, which they have now lost.

The allies on the outside of the circle were disconnected, both in a political and military sense.

## Progressive Pressure

This has now been corrected, but General Mallette holds that the general offensive can only be decisive if it is really general, simultaneous and directed by a sole authority on all fronts. All must be attacked at once on their whole length, and neither truce nor rest must be left to the Germans until, first of all, the invaded territories are freed. General Mallette does not consider the present attack the great general offensive. But he feels, rather sees, that something has changed connected with the war and the equilibrium of force, and he sums it up in a single word "Pressure." He finds a constant, general progressive pressure on all fronts, so that the Central Empire can no longer use their last reserves for the benefit of any particular center of operations.

## Greater Blow Coming

At the moment when Austria was nearing the Italian plains, and the Crown Prince had taken Vaux, the Russians suddenly attacked, and General Brusiloff's army shattered the Tenth line for 250 miles from the Stry to the Denister. This unexpected success of the Russians, Gen. Mallette says, has led the public to believe that the Anglo-French offensive could obtain the same results. He urges the French government to admit that it is not the general offensive; that it is only the continental pressure which indicates that the allies are slowly and surely approaching superiority, which, added to the naval economic pressure, gives the certainty of victory.

"We are convinced," he says, "that this general offensive will take place when the necessary conditions of superiority have been realized and that it will be victorious."

## REDUCE SIZE OF PAPERS.

Serious Shortage of Paper Confronts Publishers in United States.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 9.—Publishers of Philadelphia newspapers, confronted with practically famine conditions in the news print paper market, have reached the following agreement:—

All morning, evening and Sunday newspapers will immediately reduce the size of their issues to the extent of a total in excess of 80 pages weekly. That beginning September 1st next, the accepting from wholesale purchasers of all unsold copies of all morning, evening and Sunday newspapers will be discontinued.

At this meeting of publishers facts and figures were submitted, showing that the mills have been unable to supply the enormous increased demand for white paper. So serious has the situation become that unless drastic reduction of consumption is enforced, some newspapers in the United States would be confronted with possible suspension of publication.

# PARTY LINES BADLY SPLIT

In Southwest Toronto—Everybody is Watching Everybody Else.

(Toronto Telegram, Con.)

Political intrigue still continues to feature the South-west Toronto election campaign. Secret meetings are the order of the day. So far as heard from there is a split in the Conservative ranks, a split in the Liberal ranks, and a split in the liquor ranks while the Committee of One Hundred are lying in the offing wondering what part, if any, they should play in the free-for-all. Everybody seems to be busy watching someone else, and it is only an indication of the times that the Conservative organs confine their remarks to what the Liberals are doing, while the Grit papers are chiefly concerned over the troubles in the ranks of their opponents.

## ONE THING SURE.

"The only thing that seems assured is that there will be no prohibition Conservative in the field," is the way one man sized it up. "The announcement that the Globe would support such an 'amiable' is sure proof that none will be in the running."

Meantime the alleged split in the liquor ranks is not expected to cut much ice at the polls. The Brewers may have discovered a delayed liking for the Hebert Government, but it is pointed out that there is only one brewer in the constituency. In ordinary times the "big fellows" of the liquor trade could swing the "tied hotel" vote. But as the "tied" hotelkeepers will probably suffer more from prohibition than any other class of people, they'll hardly respond to the crack of the whip under present circumstances.

## STRAIGHT AGAINST NORRIS.

"It is a sure thing that the liquor vote will go straight against Norris," said one of the dissatisfied Conservatives, this morning. "They have come to the conclusion that a vote for Norris is an endorsement of Hebert. They will be followed by a number of Conservatives who are of the opinion that the Premier was bluffed into his temperance measure by that Grit organization, the Committee of One Hundred. There will be other discontents in line with them too—men who think the Government needs a jolt to put it in touch with what the people think of its Ontario Railway Board and the treatment it has given the Hydro."

## HAS GONE GRIT BEFORE.

"Don't think that the liquor vote going against Norris in South-west Toronto will mean a Grit victory," is the way another man sizes up the situation. "The liquor vote has gone Grit before without hurting the political complexion of the riding. If it was only the liquor interests Norris had to fight it would only be a matter of how big the majority would be. But there is no getting away from the fact that there is general dissatisfaction in the Conservative ranks. Men who don't give two hoots for whiskey will vote against the Government just to jolt it back into getting in touch with the people it represents. The dissatisfaction comes partially from things in Queen's Park and partially from no one knows where. But it's there and it is growing—and it is the big factor to be reckoned with."

The British Foreign Office will suggest that the United States reopen negotiations for the feeding of the population of Poland if it considers such a step advisable.

# OLD ENGLAND IS WORKING

4,000 Plants Make Munitions—Now Produce as Much in Month As in First Year of War

London, Aug. 10.—When the British forces in France began their great offensive bombardment on June 27 and for days hurled into the German lines such an avalanche of steel and lead as the world had never known before, even the people of England expressed wonder that it should have been possible to assemble so vast a store of munitions. The story of how these supplies were created constitutes one of the most important chapters in the history of British achievement during the war.

At the outbreak of hostilities two years ago there were only three important Government munitions factories in the British Isles. Today some four thousand Government-controlled firms, employing more than 2,000,000 workers, are turning out virtually all of the tremendous amount of war materials which have gone to equip the five million British soldiers in the field.

The organization of this great industry has been accomplished in a little more than one year by the Ministry of Munitions, which was established in May, 1915, under the leadership of David Lloyd George. In that time every available resource of the country has been built for the production of munitions.

## NOT DEPENDENT ON U.S.

A staff of 5,000 people has been required to supervise the work. At the head of this staff and responsible only to the Minister of Munitions has been a man whose organizing ability has been accorded wide-spread recognition. He is Dr. Christopher Addison, internationally known for his medical research work. Dr. Addison, during an interview with a representative of The Associated Press, told as much of the story of the creation of this industry as could be made public at this time.

At the outset he disposed of the statement which has been made in America to the effect that, if it were not for the munitions furnished by the United States Great Britain would have to quit the war. "I have heard that statement made," said Dr. Addison, "and it is preposterous, of course. The United States has furnished—and is furnishing many raw materials which we are anxious to get for the manufacture of munitions, but so far as the actual production of shells goes, America has provided us with only a very small percentage of those which we have used."

Turning to the manufacturing of munitions in this country, he continued:

## EVERY TOWN HELPS.

"At the beginning of the war there were only three important munitions factories in the United Kingdom. In addition, there were a number of large private munitions and armament firms. At the start reliance was placed mainly in these national factories and experienced firms, and at that time they were full of orders."

"In the early stages of the conflict more attention was paid to field guns and their equipment than to heavy guns, but as time went on the requirement for heavy shells greatly increased. In June, 1915, we made an inventory of all the available machinery in the country and it was evident that it was entirely inadequate to meet the demands. There were, however, a great many private firms which could be brought in to make munitions and it was decided to mobilize them for national service. In order to do this we created an organization embracing the entire country. Thousands of firms have been brought in, many of which had never seen a shell body or a fuse or a grenade, or a bomb, before, much less than made them. Now munition making in some form or other has extended well right to every considerable town—indeed to large numbers of villages."

## COULD HAVE WEEKLY BATTLE.

"We can now produce in less than a month as many of the lighter shells as could have been turned out in the whole year of 1914-15. In less than a fortnight we can make more heavy shells than we could have done in the year 1914-15. We can now turn out in a week far more shells, filled and complete, than were used in the whole battle of Loos, which extended for a fortnight, and they had been saving ammunition for the battle for a month. We could have a battle of Loos every week now, and it wouldn't touch the shell reserve stock."

"Regarding our present capacity for gun production as compared with the capacity in June, 1914, before the war, we are now making

in the case of the slightest guns over ten times what we were then, in the case of medium weight guns over 20 times, and in the case of heavy guns more than 50 times.

"The production of trench warfare supplies has meant the creation of an industry, of which there was practically no experience in this country. Now grenades are being made in backyards and in all sorts of small shops, as well as in the big factories, and hundreds of thousands are being produced weekly.

## LABOR PROBLEM HARD.

"One of our most anxious problems has been the supply and the distribution of skilled labor. There was not enough skilled labor to go round. This fact was recognized by the trades unions, and the Government has received their hearty assistance throughout in the distribution of skilled labor, and in the diffusion of skilled labor with unskilled. The introduction of unskilled labor into the field of skilled labor is a sacrifice of skilled labor, to which no too high tribute can be paid. Skilled men have trained and instructed unskilled workers, and in thousands of cases have willingly been moved from piece work to day wages, with the result that they earned smaller wages than the people they had trained—have received at piece work."

"This position was rendered more difficult by the fact that many skilled workmen crowded into the army. More than 43,000 highly skilled workmen have since been withdrawn for munitions work."

# CALL NEW TUNNEL THE CONNAUGHT

New Five-Mile C.P.R. Tunnel Named After Governor-General.

Montreal, Que., Aug. 11.—His Royal Highness, the Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, has, at the request of Lord Shaughnessy, graciously allowed the tunnel which the Canadian Pacific Railway has bored under the Selkirk mountains to be named after him. The "Connaught Tunnel," which is five miles long, double track, gives the Canadian Pacific Railway the lowest grade of any transcontinental line through the Selkirks. His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught went through this tunnel on the 17th of July last when the bore had been completed. This tunnel was bored in less than three years and therefore holds the world's record for tunnelling. The permanent tracks are now being laid in the tunnel and trains will be running through it very shortly.

Brig-Gen. the Hon. Charles John Sackville-West, and Lord Alexander George Thynne, member of Parliament for Bath, have been wounded in France.

Italian troops have captured strong Austrian positions commanding communication between the Travenanzes Valley and the Sare Torrent, in the Gader Valley in the Tofano region.

Lord Wimborne, former Lieutenant-General of Ireland, has been appointed, the Central News announces "on official information."

Great Britain and Russia have just concluded an understanding with Persia strengthening the friendly relations between the three countries.

An Exchange Telegraph Company despatch from Rome says that unconfirmed reports have been received there that the Turkish Cabinet has fallen.

A regimental order to strip enemy corpses of clothes and socks was found on a German in the French front.

After a three months' trial, the city of Calgary will abandon daylight saving.

Sir Sam Hughes in London stated that British army veterans would be welcomed in Canada with open arms after the war.

According to Berlin, Roumania has decided to remain neutral.

Vice-Admiral Hikonjo Kamimura, of the Japanese navy, is dead.

Many Turkish ships in the Black Sea were sunk by the Russians.

Captain Hiram Rowe died at Colingwood.

Niagara Camp records are being established for historical use.

The plant of the Collingwood Packing Company, the largest of its kind in the province, was totally destroyed by fire.

# HOTELS WANT CONCESSIONS

Toronto Hotelmen Looking For Fixed Assessment and Other Concessions.

Arising out of the recent legislation of the Ontario Government, the King Edward, Queen's, Carlisle and Walker House hotels have made application to the Board of Control for a special fixed assessment. The controllers heard the application of the representatives of the King Edward Hotel today, and decided that it would be necessary to give careful consideration before a line of policy was determined. A special meeting of the Board will be held, at which the whole matter will be thoroughly considered before a line of action is determined.

"I think the board should outline a policy," said Controller O'Neill. "These hotels are a necessity in the city of Toronto. It is the duty of the board to treat all the hotels in a business way."

## WOULD BONUS HOTELS.

"I certainly would," replied Controller O'Neill. "As a citizen that is how it appeals to me."

"We have nothing to do with it," said the Mayor. "Let them go to the ten members for the city of Toronto. By reason of recent legislation the city is going to lose revenue."

"The matter of revenue is not the most important one," rejoined Controller O'Neill. "There is the matter of accommodation."

## GAMBLE FROM THE FIRST.

"It was a gamble from the first and the man in the street said it would never pay," said George E. McCann, who appeared for the King Edward Hotel.

"The Cobalt situation helped some, but for two years it has been a losing proposition. Unless the hotel is put on a paying basis we don't see how we can continue."

"Would you have made this application if the question of the new hotel had not arisen?" asked the Mayor.

"Certainly, because of the recent legislation," said Mr. McCann.

Manager Bailey said that without a substantial increase in rates he did not know how the hotel could be continued and he did not know that the public would stand for an increase.

## THE NEW HOTEL.

There is absolutely no need for a new hotel," said Mr. Winnett, of the Queen's, this morning, to The Telegram. "We have done business for over fifty years, and we have never asked for exemption, and why should a hotel that is only being proposed to be built be exempted from taxes. We have had a hard enough time as it is. We have paid our taxes without a grumble, and I do not think that it is right that they should get off and that we should be asked to pay ours. I have sent a letter to the Mayor along these lines, and I have pointed out that Toronto is becoming pretty small if they offer exemption to a concern because they propose to build a hotel in the city. What about the rest of us that have kept hotels all our lives? I don't think that it is right, and I don't think that there is a hotelkeeper in the city but will protest against it."

## ODDFELLOWS STRIVE FOR COVETED HONORS.

Chatham, Aug. 9.—Canton Queen City, No. 10, of Toronto, scored well in the competitions connected with the annual I.O.O.F. gathering here. It was awarded the prize for the largest percentage of gains. First prize in the P.M. Degree competitions, first prize in Class A, drill competition, and second place in the line marching competition. Canton Pluton, No. 11, took first place in the line marching competition, and first in Class C, drill competition.

Brigadier-General Hermiton complimented the Canton on coming so far as such strength. Major George Shaw, of Canton London, No. 1, won the most coveted of all prizes, the Ross Proficiency Medal. Captain Pearce of Canton London, No. 1, took the gold medal in the individual competitions. Captain McTaggart, of St. Thomas, gaining the silver medal, and Captain Jewell of London, the bronze medal.

Premier Borden arrived at Truro, N. S., recently and went through to Antigonish. He will go to his old home in Grand Pre.

Vice-Admiral Kolchak, has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Russian Black Sea Fleet, succeeding Admiral Eberhard.

# ITALIANS MOUNT PLATEAU FOR DRIVE TOWARD TRIEST

Wage Fierce Battle on a Front of Thirty Miles

Troops Under Duke of Aosta Now in Complete Control of Four Crests of Monte San Michele and Have Firm Foothold on Doberdo Plateau—Total of 12,072 Prisoners Captured So Far—King Victor Emmanuel Enters Goritz—Ugly New Weapon Found in Possession of Enemy Soldiers.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—With Goritz firmly in their hands, the Italian armies of the Duke of Aosta are attacking the Austrian lines on a front of thirty miles in their drive on Trieste. Terrific fighting is being waged on the lofty Alpine summits which rise up out of the Isonzo valley. The Italians are now in complete control of the four crests of Monte San Michele and hold a firm foothold on the Doberdo plateau across which their advance to Trieste must be made.

Following their conquest of Monte San Michele, which they have held twenty-five times only to lose again before the final conquest, the Italians pushed on and occupied the village of Boschini.

Amid the cheers of his soldiers King Victor Emmanuel has himself entered Goritz, over which the Royal flag again flies after a pause of many years.

The Austrians in a desperate effort to halt the successful Italian operations on the Lower Isonzo, are delivering furious attacks at many other points along the front. According to a statement received last night from Rome these have been uniformly repulsed.

A total of 12,072 Austrian prisoners have been brought in, Rome officially announces, while the Austrian dead choke the mountain gullies and fill the caves and caverns which they had converted into artillery positions. The last peak of Monte San Michele was captured after a flotilla of Italian dirigibles had dropped tons of high explosives upon the Austrian gun emplacements. The dirigibles fought off swarms of aeroplanes with machine gun fire, while Italian planes went to the aid of their comrades of the sky.

Vienna claims to have halted the Italian advance across the Doberdo plateau and to have captured more than 4,000 prisoners. The Austrian lines have now been straightened, it is announced the Italians offering no opposition, following the repulse of their efforts to advance.

Cavalry was used on a big scale in the fighting around Goritz after the Austro-Hungarian lines had been broken. Heavy losses were inflicted and a steady stream of prisoners has been pouring in since the beginning of the fighting, the War Office states.

The bodies of a Commander of a division and all his staff were found in the ruins of the palace at Goritz.

A despatch from Rome to The Daily Telegraph says: "The Italian offensive continues. Two forts alone of the eastern defence of Goritz remain in possession of the Austrians, namely, Monte Santo and San Gabriele, but they are isolated beyond possibility of recovery, reinforcements and provisions being cut off."

"The fact that the Italians had tunneled through mountains, so that they debouched with their artillery beyond the Austrian lines, the Austrians thus being caught between two fires, was the determining factor in their success."

"The Italian advance in the Plezzo, Tolmino and Monfalcone sectors continues, and there is renewed activity in the Trentino."

"The number of prisoners is steadily increasing. The number so far officially given is much less than the real total. It will take several days to make an inventory of the booty. The Austrians were unable to save the contents of the Goritz depots, which were among the most important in the Empire."

An estimate of the Austrian losses in the Goritz engagement is furnished by the correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at Milan, who wires:

"Their losses were enormous. Not many of the defending army had time to retreat."

## VICTORIOUS ITALIANS REACH LUBIAN PLAINS.

ROME, Aug. 11.—The battle continues beyond Gorizia on a twelve-mile front. Italian cavalry pursuing the Austrians has reached the Lubian plains. The Austrians lost fifty thousand in killed, wounded and prisoners in the two days' fighting at Gorizia.

## FRENCH RENEW OPERATIONS ON VERDUN FRONT.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The French War Office announces that a heavy bombardment of the German positions north of the Somme has been opened by the French artillery. On the Verdun front renewed operations last night by the capture of German trenches west of the Meuse.

## STANISLAU FALLS TO RUSSIANS SAYS UNOFFICIAL REPORT.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A Paris despatch says it is unofficially reported that Stanislaw has fallen to the Russians.

## BOTHMER'S FLANKS BOTH OVERLAPPED BY RUSSIANS.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 11.—General Letchitski's forces have been completely successful in their attack on the sixteen-mile front between the Kolomea-Stanislaw railway and the Dnelster. Both flanks of General Bothmer's army are now overlapped by the Russians.

## BERLIN CLAIMS ONLY SLIGHT DAMAGE AT ROTTWEL.

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—An official statement about the Allies' air raid on Rottwell, Wurtemberg says, "A dwelling house was hit and several persons were wounded but nomilitary damage was done."

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the obsequies.

Mrs. Mollie Cronk, of  
visiting at Moodie Cott