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**DEATH OF A NOTED ENGLISHMAN.**

**SIR SAMUEL WHITE BAKER PASSES AWAY.**

*A Sketch of His Useful Career—Incidents in His Life.*

London, Dec. 30.—Sir Samuel White Baker, the distinguished African explorer, died at his residence at Newton Abbott, Devonshire.

Samuel White Baker was born in London, June 3, 1821, and was educated at a private school in Germany. In 1847 he established an agricultural settlement and sanatorium at New Era Ellia, in the mountains of Ceylon. At great personal cost, he, together with his brother, conveyed emigrants from England and the best breeds of cattle and sheep to found the mountain colony. The impulse given by this adventure secured the assistance of the Colonial Office, and with the increasing prosperity of Ceylon, New Era Ellia has become a resort of considerable importance, the most recent development being the cultivation of the cinchona plant. In 1854 Mr. Baker retired from Ceylon and in 1855 proceeded to the Crimea, and was subsequently engaged in Turkey in the organization of the first railway. In 1861 he commenced at his own cost an enterprise for the discovery of the Nile sources, in the hope of leading the Government expedition which had started from Zanzibar for the same object. He was accompanied throughout this arduous journey by his wife. For nearly a year he explored the regions of the Abyssinia whence comes the Blue Nile, and in June, 1862, he descended to Khartoum, at the junction of the Blue and White Nile, where he organized a party of ninety-six persons to explore the course of the latter river. This party reached Gondokoro in Feb., 1863, where they met Captains Speke and Grant, who had succeeded in reaching Lake Victoria Nyanza, which they believed to be the primary source of the Nile. Mr. Baker having resolved to supplement their explorations, started from Gondokoro by land in March, 1863, without any interpreter or guide, in defiance of the slave hunters, who attempted to bar his progress. On March 18, 1864, he discovered a great fresh-water lake, which he named Albert Nyanza. After navigating the lake to the exit of the Nile, he set out on his homeward journey in April, 1864, but did not reach Gondokoro until March 23, 1865. The Royal Geographical Society awarded to him its Victoria gold medal and on his return to England in 1866 he was created M.A. of the University of Cambridge, and received the honors of knighthood. In September, 1869, he undertook the command of an expedition to Central Africa under the auspices of the Khedive. He undertook to subdue the African wilderness and annex it to the civilized world and to destroy the slave trade and to establish regular commerce in its place; to open up to civilization those vast African lands which are the equatorial reservoirs of the Nile, and to add to the Kingdom of the Pharaohs the whole of the countries which border on the Nile. Sir Samuel, having first received from the Sultan the order of the Medjidieh and the rank of pasha and major-general, left Cairo with the party on Dec. 2, 1869. Lady Baker, as in former journeys accompanied him. She returned in 1873. Sir Samuel was a prolific writer, many of his works treating of his ex-

periences. Sir Samuel was a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society of London and an honorary member of the Geographical Societies of Paris, Berlin, Italy and America. He received the Grand Medaille d'Or of the Societe de Geographie de Paris. He was a deputy lieutenant of Gloucestershire and justice of the peace of Devon. He had the order of the Grand Cordon Medjidieh and the second and third classes in addition to the second class of the Osmanli.



MR. GEO. COX, MAYOR OF OTTAWA.

The mayor elect, Mr. George Cox, was born in 1834, soon after his parents arrived in this country, his father being a native of Bedford, England, and his mother from Wales. He was educated principally at the High School in Montreal. He learned the business of engraving and lithography from the late George Matthews, and came to Ottawa in December, 1855, when he started his present business, which has been conducted very successfully. He is a gentleman well acquainted by travel, having toured considerably through the Dominion, the United States, Great Britain and France. He has served ten years in the city council, during which time he acted as chairman of the board of health, water works and property committees. He is a Conservative in politics, and an adherent of the Methodist church.

**FROM THE LAND OF SINIM.**

The most interesting episode in connection with the little war in Mashonaland so far has been the offer from an Australian militia regiment to take a share in it. The suggestion has been declined because the aid of the gallant Victorians is not wanted in South Africa, as things are turning out. But it was a fine and patriotic offer, and let us be grateful, writes the *St. James's Gazette*, to the colony and the citizen-soldiers of Bendigo for it. New South Wales sent her troops to help us in the Sudan; Victoria would send them, if necessary, to Mashonaland; both, we may be sure, would be ready to take a hand in the game if the Empire was seriously menaced in India or elsewhere. Even Radicalism may take comfort at this manifestation of the old British Adam in these younger Britons of the South:—

And now when first the shadow falls,  
On England, and the touch of Fate,  
You leave your ocean-girded walls,  
You answer ere your Mother calls,  
And meet her foemen in the gate.

An average of 26,000 letters are, it is stated, posted daily in England without addresses.

**HOW TOM GRADY CLEARED THE GUN.**

A TRUE STORY OF THE KING'S OWN, OR 4TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

We have read of deeds of daring done for dear Old England's sake, Of the glorious death of Nelson, of the pluck of gallant Drake; Of Wellington and duty, we have often talked before. And the Schoolboy knows the story of Cerunna and of Moore; Still ring from Heights of Abraham, Wolfe's dying words: "They fly!" Words just as fresh to-day as then. Such memories never die. Then the names of Olive and Campbell, of Havelock, Lawrence, Neill. Remind us but of victories won by British pluck and steel.

The world was taught how heroes die when the *Birkenhead* went down; And on those Balacava slopes, of Light Brigade renown, That ride into the jaws of death filled Europe with amazement: Subject for painter's canvas—fit theme for poet's praise! Now, comrades, I'll tell ye a story; 'tis not of a victory won, But the deed of a lowly private, yet a deed right nobly done; How, face to face with death, he stood unaided and alone, And we claim him as a comrade, for he was one of the old King's Own.

'Twas a bleak October morning, and the British forces lay entrenched round grim Sebastopol, with the Russians held at bay. Cold, hunger, fever, wounds, and death had thinned that gallant band; Yet once again, 'mid frost and snow, those gunners take their stand. From the early grey of morning, till the day fades into night, For weary months those gunners had stood steadfast in the fight. With fusillade of shot and shell the fortress answered back, As the thunder of our batteries rolled along the left attack.

But of all those guns that volley forth along the British line, None speak so sharp, or speak so true, as gallant Number Nine. Oft had the foe man marked this gun; its frequent battery smoke: This morn a Russian chieftain to his willing gunners spoke: "Bring your guns to bear together on that hornet over there; That British bulldog barks too loud, bring four or five to bear." So Number Nine stands silent now, and answereth not at all. Helpless, with choked embrasure and broken battery wall; All torn and rent with Russian shell, the pride of the left attack is useless now in the British line and sends no answer back.

Yet now one notes its silence; a chief there in command, And, turning to the gunners, says, "Come lads, who'll bear a hand? Who'll clear the gun!" he cries aloud; but the bravest hold their breath; Full well they know those words imply a task of life or death. "Who'll clear the gun, I say?" he cries a second time; Then one stands forth, no gunner he, but a private of the line.

So, silent, face to face with death, he mounts the battery slope; He springs up single-handed with those Russian guns to cope. With his own stout heart and willing hand a pickaxe and the spade— A breach in the shapeless battery wall he very soon hath made. Now he grasps his spade in a firmer grip, and his pick deals a heavier blow. For every moment his last may be—he works under fire from the foe. Five minutes more—and the battery stands all shapely, firm, and sound. And he leaps back safe, whilst Number Nine hurls forth her hindered round. "Right nobly done," cries Lushington, as the hero's hand he wrings. "Your name, and corps?" "I'm Grady, sir—Tom Grady, Fourth o' King's!"

By many a Christmas fireside bright this tale was told, I wot; It was told in the cot of the lowly, it was told to England's Queen. Aye! told to the Queen he served so well; and it was not told in vain, For she pinned on his breast that priceless gift—the Cross which bears her name.

I've read the Regiment's story, its leaves turned o'er and o'er; But Tom's is the bravest deed I find in the records of our corps; So, when ye hear folks talk of heroes, or a deed of daring done, Tell this, your Regiment's Story—How Tom Grady cleared the gun. Tit-Bits.

**ALL SAILS SET.**

**VICTORY BOUND FOR OPEN SEA.**

St. Catharines, Ont., January 10th.—Young Victory, No. 173, held another successful meeting on the 1st instant. The usual routine business was carried on with marked neatness. The President, Bro. Kemping, must have been warmed with the thought that it was the anniversary of his wedding day, but it matters not with our W. P. His pleasant smile help to lead his co-workers on with the good work we have started in the club. We are glad our books are clear of sickness so far, which must show that we are in a better climate, and enjoy a purer air, than our brethren of our mother lodges, Old Albion and Kent. Under the order of business, proposition of candidates, the following gentlemen were proposed: Messrs. Wm. Goodcliff, E. Barker, W. Brichon, E. Lister, A. Siener, R. Siener, A. Clay, T. D. Simmons, W. Bennett, J. W. Potter, W. Church, Chas. Hill, H. Phippe and John Roberts. Mr. A. W. Bate, son of the well known brewer, was marched amidst and learned the watchword of the S. O. E. We have added another good tar to the old battleship; in a short time we shall have enough to sail the Victory out of the bay, into the open seas, fully prepared to meet all comers. As the S. G. S., Bro. Carter, says, the very name of our lodge is sufficient to put to flight a dozen Frenchmen, and carry us on victorious. A yearly balance sheet has been drawn out which shows that this lodge is going on well, and after paying all our expenses in fitting up the lodge, which cost us over \$260, we have yet a good sum in the bank. We hope to have a much better showing at our birthday, February 6th, when our commander-in-chief, Bro. Kemping, will sound seven bells for starboard watch.

Our arms shall suffer no check, Our banner shall carry the sway, Let there be but one heart in us; Our commander will lead us the way. 'Twas the flag that Nelson died for, The flag that Wellington bore, The flag our boys carry so faithful, And honour it ever more.

Vancouver, B.C., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Australian papers which arrived by the Warrimoo to-day give full accounts of the great distress in Australia amongst the unemployed. Murders, suicides, and burglaries are happening with shocking frequency. Co-operative settlements are being formed, aided by the Government, who are granting tracts of land in the different colonies. Monster processions parade the streets with the banners bearing the inscription "Work, not charity," etc. The ministers of all denominations are joining in the big cities to raise funds for the poor. Labour men are organizing throughout the country, and are nominating candidates for the coming elections.

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**STANDARD BEARERS FOR 1894.**

**INTERPROVINCIAL LIST OF S.O.E OFFICERS.**

The following brethren are elected officers for 1894:—

**MANITOBA.**

**NEPTUNE, NO. 144, WINNIPEG.**  
The following is a list of Neptune's next executive: The late W. P. Bro. Morden, assumes the chair of the P. P. and Bro. Marshall reigns in his stead; vice-president, T. M. Gravelly; chaplain, deferred; secretary, A. H. Price; treasurer, Scrimmes; committee, Bros. Staples, Cross, Troughton, Wilkes, J. Murry, Foster; guard, J. Stacey; outer guard, J. Heaton; auditors, Freeman, Arundal and Francis; trustees, Bros. Tipper, sr., and Eddy.

**WESTWARD HO, NO. 98, WINNIPEG.**  
Im. past-president, J. L. Broughton; president, R. S. Cox; vice-president, Corbett; secretary, Joseph Harrison; treasurer, Ed. Cawley; chaplain, Clarkson; committee, W. H. Walpole, T. Appleyard, Chris. Robinson, Munton, Hayward and King; inner guard, Snell; outer guard, T. M. Parker; auditors, Bros. Holmes, Freakes and Willan; trustees, T. Robinson, H. Powell and Fred Roo.

**UNITED WHITE ROSE DEGREE LODGE, WINNIPEG.**

Past-president, Jas. L. Broughton; president, A. Bush; vice-president, Geo. Davis; chaplain, T. C. Andrews; secretary, Joseph Harrison; treasurer, Wm. Frickes; committee, R. Cross, T. Gilbeck; A. H. Deeks, R. R. Williams, T. M. Parker and R. Moulton; inner guard, C. Hutchinson; outer guard, H. Henley; trustees, Bouyer, Cawley and Gravelly; auditors, Bros. Clarke, Marshall and Outhbert.

**NEW BRUNSWICK.**

**ISLINGTON, NO. 151, FREDERICTON.**  
President, Chas. Davenport; P. president, W. K. Allen; V. president, F. Clynich; secretary, A. D. Thomas; treasurer, C. W. Beckwith; chaplain, Rev. G. Goodridge Roberts; inside guard, Geo. H. Parker; outside guard, Joseph L. Tims; committee, Jas. McConagly, W. Borlean, G. B. Currie, Thos. Wandless, Geo. T. Watson, J. Watson and H. Wheeler; auditors, Geo. H. Parker, Fred. Clynich; trustees, J. McConagly and W. M. Osthels. Supreme Grand Lodge Representative, E. J. Lomnitz.

**ONTARIO.**

**ROYAL CITY LODGE, NO. 73, GUELPH.**  
Past-president, John Taylor; pres., F. Smith; vice-president, W. C. J. Hill; secretary, H. Bolton; treasurer, E. Hill; chaplain, J. W. Colson; surgeon, Dr. Orton; committee, W. C. Lamb, Broadbent, Scott, Hughes, Beardmore and Pilgrim; G. L. delegates, John Taylor, D. D., and F. Smith, alternate.

**HAMILTON LODGE, NO. 123, HAMILTON.**  
President, Edward Carleton; vice-president, C. A. Burdon; past-president, Joseph Cook; chaplain, Henry Vernon; secretary, H. P. Bonny; treasurer, C. T. Midgley; committee, R. Trim, N. Hardman, W. Irvine, H. Haughton, James Babb and Samuel Thorpe; inside guard, Frank Burgin; outside guard, John Thorpe; surgeon, Dr. L. W. Cockburn; trustees, John Jackson, Charles Cook and Samuel Adin; auditors, H. H. Mitchell, J. J. Markham and W. Rambell; hall trustee, Henry Vernon; G. L. delegates, Henry Vernon and John Jackson; juvenile committee, Reuben Trim and N. Hardman; hospital and cemetery committees, John Jackson. Members in good financial standing, 60.

**BOWOOD LODGE, NO. 44, OTTAWA.**  
Past-president, H. T. Pritchard; president, J. E. Andrews; vice-president, Frank Low; financial secretary, R. L. Broadbent; recording secretary, N. B. Sheppard; treasurer, Samuel J. Davies; chaplain, Rev. A. W. MacKay; committee, Joseph Charles, Jas. E. Low, C. R. Thicke, H. J. Beament, W. J. Eastcott and E. Coldrey; inside guard, L. G. Morgan; outside guard, Geo. Pelton; trustees, Col. W. White, and Rev. A. W. MacKay; G. L. delegate, Geo. Low, sr.

**SUSSEX LODGE, NO. 5, WHITBY.**  
Past-president, G. B. Warem; president, E. Boreham; vice-president, W. C. Smith; secretary, T. Dixon; treasurer, Wm. Noble; chaplain, Jno. Bate-man; committee, A. R. Roland, W. J. Hallett, F. J. Jones, F. Merritt, Jos. Heard and John White; inner guard,

Geo. Merritt; outside guard, Geo. Robson; surgeon, Dr. F. Warren; auditors, Bros. Rowland, Blow and Warem; trustees, G. C. White and C. Fox; G. L. delegates, E. R. Blow and P. B. Warem.

**NORFOLK, NO. 100, NIAGARA FALLS.**  
Vice-president, Bro. Merrifield, re-elected; chaplain, Bro. Smith; committee, Bros. Brown, sr., C. Brown, jr., Williams, Ashby, Watson and Pepp; inner guard, Bro. Green, re-elected; outer guard, Bro. Lock; surgeon, Dr. Reed; trustees, Bros. Sils and Jones; auditors, Bros. Smith, Kimmins and Pepp; G. L. delegates, Bros. Lyons and Merrifield.

**LODGE VICTORY, NO. 173, ST. CATHARINES.**  
President, J. W. Kempling, re-elected by acclamation; past-president, L. Dunn; vice-president, W. Magness, re-elected by acclamation; secretary, H. Bliss, re-elected by acclamation; chaplain, E. C. Nicholson; treasurer, G. W. Hodgetts; committee, W. Hallett, G. Sherwood, G. Downes, H. P. Nicholson, J. Locke and J. Pithouse; inner guard, C. Altoff; outer guard, C. Goodliffe, re-elected by acclamation; surgeon, E. Goodman, re-elected by acclamation; trustees, Dr. E. Goodman, W. H. Harris and H. P. Nicholson; auditors, L. Dunn, G. Nailor and W. Magness; G. L. delegates, J. W. Kempling and L. Dunn.

**WELLINGTON LODGE, NO. 19, BOWMANVILLE.**  
President, David Davis; vice-president, T. N. Rickard; past-president, T. P. Goard; secretary, F. R. Dunham; treasurer, James Elliott; chaplain, W. S. Bragg; organist, Geo. E. Hart; surgeon, Dr. Albert S. Tilley; inner guard, Lewis Hamley; outer guard, John Perkin; committee, John Grigg, James Goard, Roger Fishley, R. A. Trevelen, E. G. Hart and J. Blight; G. L. delegates, Levi Morris, T. P. Goard and M. A. James, alternate; auditors, M. A. James, J. B. Taylor and T. N. Rickard; trustees, Joseph Jeffery and Jno. Hellyar; room committee, Lewis Jollow, Levi Morris and J. Hellyar.

**PRINCE ALBERT LODGE, NO. 61, AYLMER, ONT.**  
Past-president, E. A. Miller; president, E. C. Monteith; vice-president, J. L. Lambert; secretary, A. J. Elliott; treasurer, H. H. Wright; chaplain, C. Watson; committee, Geo. Harris, C. Kaiser, T. Barnecott, Jas. Hollands, J. Carter and H. Carter; inner guard, Jno. Elliott, jr.; outer guard, Geo. Carter; surgeon, Dr. C. W. Marlatt; auditors, A. E. Adams, H. Harris and J. W. Harris; trustees, H. Harris and G. Copeland; G. L. delegates, E. A. Miller and A. J. Elliott; janitor, G. Harris.

**ROSE OF COUCHICHING, ORILLIA, ONT.**  
President, Jas. Burnett; vice-president, H. Davis; past-president, J. H. Powell; treasurer, Geo. Meredith; secretary, Wm. Swinton; chaplain, H. R. Channen; committee, H. C. Channen, Geo. Rix, Wm. Dunford, L. Wainman, H. Pellow and F. Vick; inside guard, James Wells; outside guard, Thomas Morton; auditors, W. Dunford and H. Greenland; trustees, William Tresider and J. A. P. Clarke.

**LODGE CHESTER, NO. 18, ST. THOMAS.**  
Past-president, Jno. A. Squance; president, H. Nash; vice-president, M. Upton; financial secretary, W. T. Hollins; recording secretary, E. W. Trump; treasurer, Jno. Leach; chaplain, Jas. Brooks; committee, F. Roberts, W. Heard, H. Roberts, A. A. Grant, E. Gowman and S. W. Down; inner guard, J. C. Gilby; outer guard, S. Coombs; surgeon, Dr. S. D. Day; auditors, M. Upton, R. Sanders and E. W. Trump; trustees, W. Gay, R. Sanders and C. Scrase, sr.; G. L. delegates, W. T. Hollins, and Jno. Leach, alternate.

**DURHAM LODGE NO. 15, PORT HOPE.**  
President, James Leash; past-president, A. Sumsbury; vice-president, S. Fort; treasurer, A. Skitch; secretary, J. H. Rosevear; chaplain, Walter Crowhurst; surgeon, Dr. J. W. Clemeshe; inner guard, William Roberts; outer guard, Gilbert Ratcliff; committee, David Crowhurst, Thomas Lewis, J. C. Light, John Palmer, Ed. Sudgeon and Stephen Jex; auditors, A. George, H. Barrett and Wm. Jewell; trustees, Hy. White, A. Choate and T. D. Craig, M. P.; G. L. delegates, J. B. White and J. H. Rosevear.

**BRITANNIA NO. 8, HAMILTON.**  
Past-president, F. H. Revell; president, George Alderson; vice-president, John T. Laing; secretary, Jas. Fisher; treasurer, R. Hannaford; chaplain, John Tulk; committee, Chas. Hannaford, Wm. Hunt, A. Taylor, A. Bag-

geley, F. Pople, A. Webber; surgeon, E. A. Gaviller; inside guard, A. E. Berryman; outside guard, T. Edwards; trustees, Wm. Monk, Ald. A. Hannaford; auditors, John B. Buckingham, J. H. Fletcher, Ald. W. H. Judd; G. L. delegates, R. Hannaford and Ald. Hannaford.

**BRADFORD, NO. 91, LAMBTON MILLS.**  
Past-president, M. Waterhouse; president, J. T. Jarvis; vice-president, William Yates; secretary, T. Berry; chaplain, C. Brown; treasurer, James Ashman; committee, T. Ainley, W. Luckett, Whitworth, Ben. Vaughan, A. Gillett and John Walker; inner guard, A. Gibson; outer guard, Wm. Walton; surgeon, Dr. Bull; auditors, W. E. Ashman, M. Waterhouse and H. Phillips; trustees, G. Whitworth, M. E. Ashman and T. Gibson; G. L. delegate, J. W. Jarvis.

**CAMBRIA LODGE, NO. 134, GANANOQUE.**  
Past president, Jno. Munden; president, Christopher Knight; vice-president, J. A. Hubbard; secretary, Fred Arthur; treasurer, J. J. Moore; chaplain, J. Chapman; committee, P. A. Churchill, W. G. Taylor, S. H. Mullins, W. B. Emery, R. T. Foster and James Runnett; inner guard, A. E. Meggs; outer guard, Jno. Ormiston; surgeon, Dr. J. S. Atkinson; trustees, A. E. Meggs and John Munden; auditors, Jno. Ormiston, R. G. Balding and Jno. Griffith.

**PRINCE GEORGE, NO. 20, GANANOQUE.**  
The Juvenile Branch officers were installed by the P. D. D. G. P. as follows:—Senior president, C. Knight; junior president, Geo. Cartwright; senior vice-president, J. A. Hubbard; junior vice-president, W. E. Meggs; secretary, N. A. H. Moore; asst.-secretary, Adelbert Meggs; treasurer, A. E. Meggs; chaplain, J. C. Churchill; committee, Thos. Knight, W. Baker, W. White, J. Stoliker, Harry Moore and F. Knight; inner guard, J. B. Churchill; outer guard, P. W. Knight; trustees, P. A. Churchill and Dr. J. S. Atkinson; auditors, John Munden and John Griffith; surgeon, Dr. J. S. Atkinson.

After the installation ceremony had taken place, Bro. P. D. D. G. P. Ormiston gave a very patriotic address, and some excellent advice to the members, which was received with applause.

**SUFFOLK NO. 57, BROCKVILLE.**  
Past-president, W. White; president, Thos. Guest; vice-president, James Meacham; chaplain, W. H. Edwards; secretary, A. C. Bacon; treasurer, H. Dodd; surgeon, Dr. R. N. Horton; inner guard, E. J. Wormington; outer guard, John Fox; committee, Chas. Steeper, G. W. Turner, W. Dodd, R. Baker, J. Timleck, F. W. Moulson; auditors, Wm. White, E. Clint, W. H. Edwards, W. H. Grace, E. J. Wormington, Allen Turner; trustees, D. Derbyshire, F. G. Haywood, C. Steeper; organist, Fred Bellamy; hall committee, Wm. White, H. Dodd, J. Burniston.

**STANLEY LODGE, NO. 55, OTTAWA.**  
Past-president, J. Foss; president, John Cheatham; vice-president, John Lee; secretary, C. J. Folkes; treasurer, W. E. Teague; committee, C. Shrimpton, Thos. Hixox, J. Pulfer, E. J. Reynolds, J. Carter, Wm. Davidson, surgeon, Dr. Kidd. G. L. delegate, E. J. Reynolds.

**OLD ENGLAND, NO. 9, PORT PERRY.**  
Past-president, H. Roberts; president, Frank Williams; vice-president, Thos. Wharton; secretary, Thos. J. Widden; treasurer, Wm. Tummonds; chaplain, Walter Oke; committee, W. Tremear, Bros. Platten and Smith, J. Abbott, Wm. Corrin, W. M. Willcox; auditors, Bros. Oke, Willcox and Davey; inner guard, John Corrin; outer guard, Wm. Davey; surgeon, Dr. McDowell; trustees, H. Roberts, E. J. Wheeler; G. L. delegates, H. Roberts and W. M. Willcox.

**DEVONSHIRE, NO. 98, CAMPBELLFORD.**  
Past-president, A. E. Bailey; president, E. J. Waterman; vice-president, T. Arnott; secretary, J. W. Cummins; treasurer, H. E. Grills; chaplain, C. E. Dunk; committee, P. M. Levesconte, P. Stephens, C. Arnott, W. Arnott, J. Phillips; J. R. Wilkinson; inner guard, R. Bartlett; outer guard, J. Hooper; surgeon, Dr. Loucks; trustees, R. Walker, N. E. Grills; auditors, A. E. Bailey, P. M. Levesconte, C. E. Dunk; G. L. delegates, A. E. Bailey, N. E. Grills.

**SHEFFIELD, NO. 83, CLINTON, ONT.**  
President, F. W. Watts; past-president, Henry Josling; vice-president, Wm. H. Webb; secretary, N. Robson, treasurer, Sam. Pike; chaplain, Henry Joyner; committee, Alf. Scruton, Alf.

Kemp, Jno. Sloman and Wm. East; inner guard, Frank Evans; outer guard, R. Reynolds; G. L. delegate, F. W. Watts.

**DUKE OF CORNWALL, NO. 185, PETROLIA.**  
Past-president, E. Marshall; president, E. Preston; vice-president, R. Scott; secretary, Jno. Read; treasurer, T. Kelly; chaplain; Rev. Craig; committee, L. F. Coke, J. E. Drake, R. G. Denham, W. D. Burgess, D. Hext and G. H. Pryor; inner guard, E. D. Fletcher; outside guard, Hy. Odell; G. L. delegates, Rev. Craig and E. Marshall.

**LODGE MILTON, NO. 172, MILTON.**  
President, A. Roach, (re-elected); vice-president, G. Hawkins; past-president, J. Blackwell; chaplain, P. T. Mignot; recording secretary, W. Berry; financial secretary, J. Roper; treasurer, H. Freeman; committee, H. Bird, R. Atkinson, W. Wilson, H. Bateman, T. Wharton, H. Heoren; inner guard, W. H. Miller; outer guard, E. Bateman; trustees, W. Berry, P. T. Mignot; auditors, C. Jones, G. Appleby and T. Wharton; surgeon, Dr. Stewart; G. L. delegate, W. Berry.

**ROYAL OAK, NO. 26, GALT.**  
President, Jesse Welland; past-president, Chas. Brett, jr.; vice-president, Edward Lane; secretary, Chas. Squire; treasurer, George Hancock; chaplain, Thos. L. Orton; surgeon, Dr. Thos. W. Varden; committee, Ed. West, W. R. Clarke, Jos. Wilson, Geo. H. Poore, Richard Barnes and Geo. H. Thomas; trustees, Chas. Brett, sr., Ed. Lane and Joseph Wilson; auditors, Jos. Wilson, Richard Barnes and Geo. H. Poore; inner guard, Robert Oliver; outer guard, Chas. Brett, sr.; G. L. delegates, Chas. Squire, Jesse Welland; hall caretaker, E. V. Squire.

**TORONTO CITY.**

**BIRMINGHAM LODGE, NO. 60.**  
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MONTREAL REPRESENTATIVE.  
Bro. G. I. RICHARDSON.

Ottawa, - - - Canada,  
JANUARY 15, 1894.

NOTICE TO READERS.

THE ANGLO-SAXON goes regularly to Sons of England lodges and branches of the St. George's Society in all parts of Manitoba, British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; to branch societies of the Sons of St. George in all parts of the United States, to Clubs, Reading Rooms, Emigration Societies and similar institutions in Great Britain and Ireland, and to British citizens generally throughout Canada, the States, Great Britain and the Empire.

THE IMPERIAL NAVY.

As a consequence of the representations as to the strength of the French navy by a special correspondent of the Times after a recent and thorough inspection of the naval works at Toulon, the entire nation has been aroused to a sense of danger. It is estimated that at the present moment a combination of the French and Russian fleets in the Mediterranean could not be successfully opposed by the British squadron in those waters. If this is a fact, and we have not seen it disputed, there is no time to be lost in regaining our vantage ground. For, to any other nation, the loss of a sea-fight might be a serious matter; but to England it means disaster and irretrievable ruin. Dependent as England is for her food supply by sea, if her maritime supremacy could be overcome by any combination of forces, her position would be inconceivably terrible. The nation cannot be content with anything short of absolute security in this vital matter. As the Times points out, our naval supremacy was never so firmly established as after the Battle of Trafalgar, and yet, so jealous were our forefathers in maintaining it inviolate and invincible that they added three millions to their navy estimates in the year which followed Trafalgar, and constantly increased their navy until the close of the great war. If that was necessary at the beginning of the century, it is a thousand times more necessary now. A disaster, such as a defeat at Trafalgar would have been, would not then have been irretrievable. The surrender of our naval supremacy would now mean, unquestionably, the enforced acceptance of any terms, even to the extinction of our national existence, that our conquerors chose to dictate.

We confess to have little confidence that MR. GLADSTONE'S government will rise to the emergency. The financial situation in England is anything but favourable to a large ship-building programme. The times have been hard and the revenue has suffered accordingly. But there is no alternative before the nation than to increase and strengthen the navy, in view of the plain facts. It is characteristic of the "union of hearts" upon which MR. GLADSTONE'S imagination so fondly dwells, that the leading organ of MR. GLADSTONE'S Irish allies winds up a brutal and cynical article by declaring that the Irish party would not care if to-morrow this world-wide empire were "smashed to potsherds." This is the sort of thing that endears the Irish to us! We commend the utterance to MR. BLAKE.

A crisis of this kind affects us in the colonies more or less directly. If our naval supremacy were destroyed, or

even impaired, what would become of Canada? Should we fall into the maw of the United States, and what would prevent our doing so? Englishmen in Canada have long since made up their minds that that is the very last thing they would desire. At any rate, our present duty is towards the British Empire, and the question is: are we doing our duty? Canada has been blest with bounteous harvests, and has escaped the financial difficulties with which almost all other countries are at present struggling. Why should not Canada contribute her mite, not grudgingly nor of necessity, towards the expense of the navy which protects Canadian commerce in every part of the world? It seems only right and just, and ever so small a contribution would be accepted by the British Government with joy, in recognition of the fact that the colonies were true to the Motherland in her hour of need. We look to our brethren in Parliament to raise this question. The present Premier has given utterance to many loyal and patriotic sentiments, and we believe the Sons of England may count upon his giving practical effect to his words. It is a thing that SIR JOHN MACDONALD would have liked to have done, but was never sure that the time was ripe. Let us give SIR JOHN THOMPSON a chance to show what he is made of. If ever the time was ripe it is now!

EDITORIAL NOTES.

We regret that the journal of the Imperial Federation League has ceased publication, although, as we are promised something vastly better, our sorrow is not without alleviation. Difficulties have arisen between leading members of the League, some of them being advocates of Free Trade within the Empire (impracticable at present), some of Preferential Tariffs (difficult), some confining themselves to the idea of Imperial Defence (feasible), and the remainder apparently regarding the whole subject as academic, and not within the range of practical politics.

If ever there was a question which ought to be within the range of practical politics, it is this very question of Imperial Federation. But, alas! we have no PITT to bring about this greater union. GLADSTONE might have done it, but his unhappy genius (allied to madness) has led him towards disintegration. But we firmly believe that the necessities of the times, the magnitude of the interests at stake, the ever-increasing commerce of the colonies, will ultimately, and, we venture to predict, at no distant day, force a settlement of this tremendous question. The commerce of the colonies is already one-fourth that of the United Kingdom; the entire cost of defending that commerce is borne by the mother-country. The whole thing is wanting in equity and common sense.

We are glad to welcome to the ranks of journalism the *Canadian Englishman*, published at Toronto. This journal will follow the lines of the ANGLO-SAXON in so far as concerns the interests of the Sons of England. We trust that it will have a full measure of success. It is observed that its issue of January 6th is numbered Vol. II.

Has the *Canadian Englishman* already been in existence one year?

If our readers have the spare cash they cannot do better than subscribe to the Journal of the Royal Colonial Institute (Northumberland Avenue, London). The papers read before that Society are of the most interesting character, dealing as they do with the personal experiences of our pioneers in every quarter of the globe, and the discussions which follow every paper are, if possible, of even greater value. When a man like SELOUS of South Africa, or WILLIAMS of LUGARD of Uganda, relate their personal experiences, one feels that a race which has produced such men is above the common accidents of time and circumstance.

The S. O. E. Lodges are manifesting the greatest interest in the approaching meeting of Grand Lodge. This promises to be the most important gathering of the Order ever held. It will embrace for the first time representatives from every Province of the Dominion. So far we have been well and wisely led. Let us see if we cannot do even better. There is no lack of scope.

At the last regular meeting of Prince George Lodge, No. 28, (Boys) Gananoque, Bro. N. A. H. MOORE, secretary, offered a prize for the best essay on the battle of Corunna, to be competed for on January 16th, the anniversary of the battle. The competition is restricted to the Juveniles. We should like to hear of more of this sort of thing. It is good to arouse an interest in history, and small prizes will serve to stir up the boys. PRESIDENT ELLIOTT has, we believe, given very handsome prizes to the Juveniles at Brantford for essays on historical subjects.

Most members of the Order are men who have been more or less successful in their several ways, and they appreciate the value of advertising and do not grudge the money its costs. Undoubtedly it cost the Order something to send PRESIDENT ELLIOTT and SECRETARY CARTER across the continent, but there is no doubt that already the Order is reaping its reward. There is no eloquence like common sense, and PRESIDENT ELLIOTT possesses that kind of eloquence. An enthusiastic brother writes from Port Arthur: "The S. G. officers visit here has in my belief resulted in more good than years of preaching and columns of enthusiasm. We sincerely hope they will see there way clear to pay us another visit next year." Bro. HALLETT goes on to talk about concerts, "at homes" and other evidences of enterprise, winding up by stating that during the year '93 he had brought in sixteen good and true men and two prop's. Well done, Bro. HALLETT!

CANADA'S PROSPERITY.

Those who take an interest in Canada's welfare will rejoice to learn that the trade returns for the past fiscal year are of a most gratifying character, showing an aggregate trade for 1893 of \$247,694,018 as compared with \$241,369,443 in 1892. The previous highest year was 1883, when the total was \$230,339,826. The exports for 1893 were valued at \$118,619,750 as compared with \$113,963,375 in 1892, an increase of \$4,656,375. This is the greatest year for exports Canada has ever had. The total imports were valued at \$129,074,268 as compared with \$127,406,068 in 1892. The imports for home consumption reached a total of \$121,705,030, as contrasted with \$116,978,943, and the duty collected during the past 12 months amounted to \$21,161,711, against \$20,550,581 in 1892.

Great Britain took last year Canadian products to the value of \$64,090,493, nearly \$16,000,000 more than in 1891. To the United States Canada sent \$39,844,710 worth of goods. The exports to Newfoundland show a big jump from \$1,750,714 in 1892 to \$2,594,633 in 1893. Trade to the British West Indies has increased by \$100,000, but there is a falling off with the Spanish and French West Indian Islands.

Our imports from Great Britain increased in 1893 from \$41,348,435 to \$43,148,413, but decreased from the United States. In 1893 the value of imports from the latter country was \$52,221,976, as contrasted with \$53,137,572 in 1892.

Canadians may well be gratified that 1893 is the banner year for our foreign trade.

By request of a number of prominent members of the Order, we have decided to discontinue the lodge and member competition, as it was thought its continuance might possibly create more or less jealousy and dissension.

British Board of Agricultural estimates show that the barley yield in the United Kingdom last year was 10,000,000 bushels less than in 1892, the oat yield 6,000,000 bushels less, and the wheat yield 9,000,000 bushels less.

Owing to the hard times 1,500 beer saloons in Cincinnati have closed. Times must be tough indeed if this is a true report. Where else have they been as hard?

Correspondence.

While we give full publicity to the views of our correspondents, we wish it to be distinctly understood, we do not hold ourselves responsible for them.

ENGLISHMEN AND THEIR POLITICAL STANDING.

Editor ANGLO-SAXON:

Sir,—In the last issue of the ANGLO-SAXON there is an innuendo thrown out to the effect that the members of our Great North-Western branch of the Sons of England Order are too much occupied with matters relating to political reforms to give due attention to those of our national society.

The truth of such a statement, thrown out even as an innuendo, must be, and is, hereby emphatically denied, and scarcely comes with a good grace from the same source which in the previous issue patted those members on the back who voted for Annexationist Martin.

The reason why that gentleman was sent has been explained in my previous letter, and it must be understood once for all that it was neither for the love of the man himself, or his political views outside his advocacy of tariff reform, that he was voted for by the English, and other Conservatives of this constituency.

We hear by the papers that Mr. Campbell, the defeated Conservative candidate now in Ottawa, has stated that the great West will be lost to the Conservative cause unless the tariff on implements is reduced to a minimum.

That this statement is true no one living in this country will deny, and there are other things on which the duty must be reduced, and again others on which reform is needed, to say nothing of the subsidising of public works the non-performance of which is seriously retarding the progress of the country.

Some of our Sons here, men whose patriotism is undoubted, or they would never be filling positions of trust under the control of the Federal Government, feel aggrieved that brethren of the Order, driven by stern necessity, had at length joined in the hue and cry for some protection against that protection which protected nobody but the manufacturers and the plutocracy of this Dominion. Englishmen are naturally Conservatives in politics, that is, those whose loyalty would induce them to join the S. O. E. But most of them are so from the conviction that the conservative party was the party of progress. But no political party is, or should be a heritage to any individual. What our fathers were in such matters should be, nothing to us in a new land, and under other conditions. So long as the members of the Sons of England are true to the main issues, which may be epitomised as fidelity to God, our country, and our Queen, the stripe of party politics they adopt, should be, if it is not, a matter for individual opinion. That it should go forth throughout the length and breadth of this great land that when an Englishman joined the Order he sold his political liberty, when he took the oath of obligation he was henceforth to be driven, with all his confreres, in a flock to the polling booth, to vote as the pushers of the Order would dictate, would have a most deleterious influence on its progress, and in fact render the Sons of England a menace, and a nuisance, to the best interest of our adopted country. No, Mr. Editor, the Sons of England in Winnipeg are not bothering much about politics, just now.

The Order is progressing steadily in numbers, and will in usefulness also, if it lets the public of Canada know that it will not be welded to any party whose leaders have not sufficient perspicuity to see that the progress of events needs changes in methods of management, and that fiscal measures which might have just filled the bill in 1879, require considerable modification in 1894.

WINNIPEG FREE LANCE.

Winnipeg, Jan. 1, 1894.

GLADSTONIANS AND THE LORDS.

Mr. W. H. Duignan, a solicitor, and a strong Radical, hitherto one of the principal supporters of Mr. Gladstone in East Staffordshire, has given great offence in local Gladstonian circles by his reply to an invitation from the Walsall Liberal Club to attend a meeting to discuss "The ending or mending of the House of Lords."

He wrote:—"Just now I am in favour of letting the Lords alone. Though one of the staunchest Home Rulers in England, I do not share the indignation which has been so freely expressed on the rejection of the Home Rule Bill. The Lords acted quite within their rights. Parliament had no mandate from the people to pass the Bill as Mr. Gladstone moulded it, and nothing that I have ever heard or read

has reconciled me to the retention of the Irish members."

Further on he adds:—"Again, I am so shocked by the pandering of a large section of the House of Commons to the worst passions of democracy and to impossible principles of political economy that, in common with other thoughtful persons, I am coming to the conclusion that the House of Lords is the only bulwark of liberty we have left in the country. History teaches us that democratic tyranny is of all kinds the worst, and I believe that honest and industrious men will be safer and better off under the government of the Lords than of the new Radical party which is just now so prominent and aggressive, and by whom it is apparently regarded as a crime to be an employer of labour or worth five pounds."

AN ENGLISH SETTLER.

A PIONEER IN DEVELOPING ALBERTA'S INTERESTS.

Mine Owner, Mill Owner and Promoter of Navigation Interests.

"Thomas Cochrane, Alberta," registered at the Windsor yesterday. This gentleman was one of the pioneers of our Northwest Territories. He is an Englishman, and ex-lieutenant in the British Navy, who, after the opening of the Territories by the Canadian Pacific Railway, settled in the Bow River Valley, west of Calgary, and entered upon a number of enterprises calculated to make known and develop the mineral and lumber wealth of that section of Alberta. Mr. Cochrane founded the town of Cochrane, in the foot hills, about thirty miles west of Calgary, and also the town of Mitford near by—both C. P. R. stations. At Cochrane, with the aid of companies organized by him in England, he built a short railway into a timber limit, erected and operated a saw mill, built and operated brick works, and carried on other improvements. At Mitford he opened up a coal mine, which has produced a good coal,—good either for house or steam purposes. At Canmore, some twenty miles further west, and at the entrance to the Rocky Mountains, he opened up another coal mine, which turns out a very superior steam coal of the same quality as that which the Canadian Pacific Company are using for their locomotives on the divisions between Winnipeg and the Pacific coast. Mr. Cochrane has gone to great expense to secure the use of this Canmore coal by the British fleet in the Pacific ocean, it being claimed that it is comparatively smokeless as well as a great steam producing coal. Very satisfactory tests have been made under the orders of the British Admiralty, and it is believed that, ultimately, the coal will be adopted by the British naval vessels in Pacific waters. In his various enterprises Mr. Cochrane is ably assisted by his wife, Lady Adela, who is connected with many

TITLED PEOPLE IN ENGLAND and who enters heartily into all his projects for the advancement of the country. Lady Adela Cochrane has means of her own which she expends to the public advantage. A couple of church edifices in connection with the Church of England attest her liberality in that direction. Quite recently she erected a very handsome and much-needed bridge over the Bow River, mainly at her own expense, to connect the towns of Mitford and Cochrane. She is also the owner of a large hotel, the Mitford Arms, and a large general store stands in her name. She was also a contributor to the Mitford race track. Quite a number of Englishmen are settled on ranches within easy riding distance of Mitford, and on race days there is usually a great turnout of these lovers of good sport; and any one who happened to be present on these occasions for the last two years would have found no less distinguished a person than the Earl of Norbury, clerk of the course. The Earl, by the way, has been a resident in that part of the country for a couple of years and is supposed to have a financial interest in some of Mr. Cochrane's enterprises. The investments of Mr. Cochrane and his English friends have not been confined to Cochrane and Mitford. Lady Adela is an owner of real estate in Calgary, and Mr. Cochrane is a large shareholder in the Columbia Navigation Co., at Golden, B.C., who have steamers plying on the Columbia river in the heart of the mountain country; and he has also a considerable interest in lumber mills at Golden. Altogether Mr. Cochrane has spent an active business life since going to Alberta, and has been the means of bringing into that section of Canada a large amount of English capital. He usually takes a run over to England in the winter, returning in the spring, and usually, too, he succeeds on every visit in inducing Englishmen to invest of their abundant wealth in the various enterprises with which he has been and is connected. Montreal Star, Dec. 22nd.

**NEBRASKA FARMERS TESTIFY**

**TO THE CANADIAN NORTHWEST AND ITS RESOURCES.**

The following testimony, sent to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, shows the beneficial results of the policy of the Immigration department in sending through the country practical farmers:

We, the undersigned, having been selected by our neighbors and friends as delegates to accompany Mr. A. E. Hetherington to the Canadian Northwest, beg to submit to you a report of our observations in that country. We left Nebraska on September 11th and proceeded to Winnipeg, where we remained one day and then went west to Brandon; passing through some of the finest wheat fields we ever saw, particularly at Portage la Prairie. Arriving at Brandon at night we remained at that promising town till morning, and were then driven by Mr. Hetherington through a very fine country to Souris, where we remained one morning, being very much impressed with the beauty of this part of the country as a farming district. On our way back to Brandon we called at the large stock farm of Mr. J. E. Smith and examined some very fine stock. We were then taken to the Experimental Farm, which we consider an institution of untold benefit to the farming community of Manitoba and the Territories. Proceeding west on the Moosomin local train we remained there over night, and were driven through another nice piece of farming country around that flourishing town. We visited the farm of Mr. T. Bobier, where we got some very fine samples of barley and peas and saw some very good vegetables and some garden corn quite ripe, showing that some varieties of corn will ripen all right in Manitoba.

**BRITISH FARM DELEGATES.**

Boarding the train for the far west we met a fine delegation of British farmers who are looking over the country in the interest of the farmers of the British Isles. We spent a pleasant time in their company until Indian Head was reached, where they got off for the purpose of seeing that part of the country. We consider the Canadian Government are acting wisely in bringing such men through the country, as their testimony must result in much good. Going north on the Calgary and Edmonton railway we were pleased to note the numerous signs of settlement along the way, and all we met were enthusiastic as to their prospects and the future of the country in general. Most people were too late getting in last spring to put in much crop, but any who did have land ready have very fine samples of wheat, barley and oats. At Edmonton a team and guide were provided and we were taken over a magnificent stretch of country to St Albert and along the Sturgeon River until we arrived at the residence of Mr. Sutherland, where we were kindly received, and generously requested to remain for the night, which we very readily agreed to do. We were surprised to find such hospitality as was shown us, he refusing to accept anything for the trouble of himself and family. We drove from there to Fort Saskatchewan and back by the south side of the river.

**PASSING FLOURISHING FARMS**

and the heaviest crops it has ever been our good fortune to behold, in fact, they have to be seen before any one can form an idea of their magnitude. We are satisfied that no man can make a mistake in coming to this district to settle, but one will have to go a long way for a homestead, which is the only drawback. Land can be bought here close to town for \$5 to \$10 an acre on good terms, but for homesteads one will have to go along the line of the proposed railway from Moosejaw or Battleford to get some of the choicest land. On the 23rd we returned back as far as Olds, where are located a number of Nebraska people, who are without exception well pleased with the country and the change they have made, and all speak very hopefully of their future prospects. We spent several days driving over this district, and were entertained in an exceedingly hospitable manner by the Innis Bros., Mr. George Batho, of the St George Hotel, Mr. John McIntosh and others. After examining the country and quality of the soil well, we concluded to homestead here, as we found land to suit us at a reasonable distance from town. In conclusion we desire to thank you, and through you, your agent, Mr. A. E. Hetherington, for the many favors shown us through him and for his untiring efforts to please

us. Thanking you again for the many privileges on our trip of inspection and assuring you that we can fully recommend our friends and neighbors to come to the Canadian North-West to procure lands, we are

Yours with great respect,  
PETER JAFFERY,  
Dickens, Lincoln Co., Neb.  
THOS. J. SNIDE,  
Papillion, Sarpy Co., Neb.

**EAST-END EMIGRATION FUND.**

In their 12th annual report the committee of the East-end Emigration Society state that very steady and continuous success has, during the past year, attended the efforts of the fund. From Canada, South Africa, and New Zealand they have received most encouraging reports. They had had this year 220 letters from their emigrants, all of a satisfactory character. Captain Gretton, their secretary, had again visited Canada, and seen 600 persons emigrated thither by the united efforts of the fund and the emigration sub-committee of the Charity Organization Society. These 600 souls represented 112 families and 18 single men. With eight exceptions he found them all prosperous and contented. They appeared perfectly satisfied with their prospects and with Canada. The degree of prosperity usually increases with the length of time that emigrants have been in the Dominion. Last year the committee sent 462 persons to Canada and the colonies. During the 11 years of the fund's existence they had assisted no less than 4,471 persons to emigrate. Of the persons emigrated this year there were 83 families, amounting in all to 381 souls. Although the fund had dealt with a large number of absolutely destitute families, the emigrants among them had contributed this year £434 towards their expenses. London Times.

**HOLDING OUR OWN.**

Galt, January 7th.—On January 3rd, there was a very fair turn out of the members to meet our D.D., Bro. I. Taylor, of Guelph, who performed the duties of Installation in his usual affable manner. He said he was very pleased to congratulate us on the small amount of sickness we had had during the past year. We are a small lodge; but owing to the small number of our countrymen in this neighborhood we should not be ashamed of our numbers, for we are able to show a clean sheet. We have made a few new members during the year and also have the satisfaction of assembling in our own lodge room independent of using our lodge funds for the purpose.

We formed a Hall Trust Fund among the members, sent around the HAT and collected \$135, which we invested in a lease of hall and lodge furniture; it is not much, but we are proud of our own home, even if it is in the Scotch town of Galt.

P.S.—In your last issue you say that Lord Ebury is the oldest Peer in England. Allow me to say that he has been dead now some months. I was born near his country seat, Richmanwath, Herts, and knew him well.

C. SQUIRE.

The death of Lord Ebury removed an honest and courageous Protestant from the scene of conflict. He had long been conspicuous as a faithful son of the Reformation, though for many years the infirmities of age had restricted his activity. He was the third son of the first Marquis of Westminster, and uncle of the present Duke. As Lord Robert Grosvenor he entered Parliament in 1822, as member for Shaftesbury, being then twenty-one years of age. He represented Chester from 1826 to 1847, and Middlesex afterwards, until 1858, when he was raised to the peerage as Baron Ebury. He died at the ripe age of ninety-two.

—Sir George Lewis, the famous London lawyer, it has been said, knows enough to hang half-a-dozen of the biggest men in the city. He said the other day: "I have not kept a diary for over twenty years. When I found that my business was becoming so confidential I determined that I would never chronicle another thing; so when I die the confidences of London society die with me."

—Mr. John Chessell Buckler architect, of Melbury, Cowley St. John, Oxford, England, has just completed his 100th year. He practised as an architect till the ninetieth year of his age, and his record goes back to nearly sixty years ago, when, after the fire at the House of Parliament in 1834, he obtained the second premium for designs for their reconstruction.

**AN INFLUX OF SETTLERS.**

Canada's Western Lands Being Taken Up by New Comers Who are Well Satisfied.

Amongst English people the term "America" is generally applied to the United States; most people forget that Canada constitutes the major portion of the North American continent. During the past two years there has been a great migration from the Western United States to Manitoba and the North-west Territories of Canada. Partial failure of crops, depreciation of prices of prices of farming products, etc., have been potent factors in inducing this migration. A fair sample of the condition of the farmers in some of the Western States during the past year is afforded by the following extracts from letters from farmers in Washington and Idaho regarding the prices of produce in those States. These letters have been received by Capt. Holmes, General Immigration Agent for the Dominion Government, who has visited these States and is personally acquainted with the writers. For instance, one farmer says: "Horses may be had for \$10 up to \$25, weighing from 10 cwt to 13 cwt. Cows may be bought for from \$10 to \$15, and registered bulls from \$15 to \$25. Wheat sells for from 30 to 40 cents a bushel.

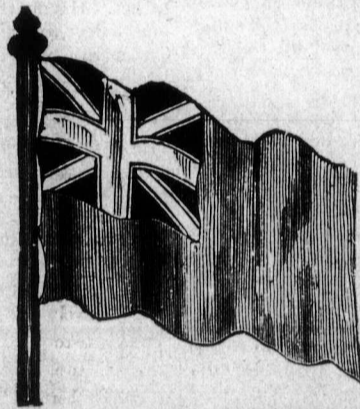
"People come here to see this great fruit country, as the irrigation companies call it, but are disappointed to find the water privileges completely in the hands of these companies. The

far we here simply to pay taxes to the State and United States Government, and to the water companies, and have nothing left for themselves."

Another writer says: "If you know of any farmers in the Canadian North-West who want registered cattle, send me their addresses and I will procure the cattle for them cheaper than they can raise them. Some of us have offered our lands at less than half what we paid some years ago, and if we succeed in selling we shall make up a colony of forty or fifty families and go to the Canadian North-West in the spring."

Capt. Holmes is sanguine that the movement of population from the States to Canada, which has just commenced, will largely increase in volume during the next two or three years. He says that there are millions of acres of fertile lands in the Canadian North-West open for settlement, where wheat can be raised at an average of 30 cents, or 1 shilling and 3d. a bushel. For cattle raisers there are thousands of acres of the finest grazing lands in the world, the average hay crop from which is from three to five tons per acre in the natural state. In regard to the question of fuel, which is a very important one to the farmers of North-West Canada, this has been solved by the discovery and opening up of vast coal beds in that country, and also by the fact that there is a plentiful supply of timber in any of the mixed farming regions sufficient to last for the next forty years.

Capt. Holmes has travelled the whole territory from Winnipeg to the Rockies, and, except at a few points along the line of the C.P.R., he says the water supply is abundant and the quality first-class. As a country for the settlement of English farmers with small capital no better location could be chosen.



**ENGLISHMEN!**

**Leaving the Old Country for Canada**

Will find it to their advantage to keep THIS PAPER in their possession. On page seven will be found the locality of the LODGES of the Sons of England, extended over the whole Dominion. When you reach your destination, look up the nearest Lodge to your place of residence, and at once join your fellow-countrymen. You will meet brother Englishmen, who have years of experience in Canada and who will kindly impart to you their knowledge; Englishmen who will gladly extend to you the right hand of fellowship on your arrival.

The advantages of the Sons of England Benevolent Society are manifold, among others, to foster the loving memory of Old England; caring for each other in sickness and adversity; to bring into organized union all true Englishmen, to maintain the liberties and integrity of the British Empire.

In our Lodge Room social distinctions are laid aside; we meet on the common level of National Brotherhood. The Society extends over Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores. Cast in your lot with us, thereby swelling the grand roll of those bound together in fraternal sympathies—

"A union of hearts and a union of hands,  
A union none can sever;  
A union of homes and a union of Lands,  
And the flag, BRITISH UNION, forever."

Any further information will be cheerfully given by the undersigned Grand Lodge Officers:

- THOS. ELLIOTT, BRANTFORD, ONT., Grand President.
- J. A. EDWARDS, MONTREAL, P.Q., Grand Vice-President.
- W. R. STROUD, OTTAWA, ONT., Grand Past-President.
- B. HINCHLIFFE, TORONTO, ONT., Grand Treasurer.
- JOHN W. CARTER, TORONTO, ONT., Grand Secretary.
- And District Officers in the following Provinces:
- A. S. DODSON, New Glasgow, Nova Scotia.
- J. H. BELL, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.
- REV. CANON COOMBES, Winnipeg, Manitoba.
- DR. G. P. BELL, Qu'Appelle Station, Northwest Territories.
- G. C. KING, Calgary, Northwest Territories.
- CAPT. G. W. ROBERTSON, Victoria, British Columbia.
- W. B. TOWNSEND, Vancouver, British Columbia.

**ENGLAND.**

A. J. CRASTON, Nichol's Building, Playhouse Yard, Golden Lane Barbican, London, E. C.

**GREAT BRITAIN'S NEW TORPEDO-BOAT CATCHER.**

A satisfactory trial trip was made on Saturday in the *Havoc*, which has been built for the navy by Messrs. Yarrow of Poplar. The *Havoc* is the fastest vessel in the British, and probably in any fleet, and has been specially designed with a view to the destruction of hostile torpedo-boats. Lying off the town pier at Gravesend, the first of fourteen of the destroyers looked anything but beautiful. The main point, of course, is her speed. The torpedo-boats which she has to destroy can steam out anywhere between 22 and 24 knots. The *Havoc* at her official trials has done rather more than 28 knots an hour in boisterous weather during a continuous run of three hours duration. At times her speed was as much as 27 knots, or 31 miles, an hour, so that she could easily give points to an average stopping train. With this high rate of steaming, too, she steers exceptionally well. On Saturday, when she ran down the Thames as far as the Mouse Lightship, and was content to do a modest 20 knots, there was an almost complete absence of vibration, and it was stated that she is practically free from this reproach even at her highest speed. Propelled by twin screws, and with engines capable of developing 3,500 horse-power, this vessel of 180 feet long and only 18½ feet beam can carry a sufficient coal supply to enable her to run some 4,000 miles at low speed. In all she has no fewer than fourteen steam engines, and how her complicated machinery, with all its ramifications, has been packed away below so as to leave room for a complement of forty-two officers and men is little less than a marvel.—Westminster Gazette.

The offering of prizes by the Canadian Government to the school children of Great Britain for the best essays on Manitoba and the Northwest Territories is a novel method of advertising for a government, but it may prove effective, and cannot be very costly. It is probably a Van Horne idea, and was apparently suggested by the example set by officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who gave prizes for similar papers to the young people of the Maritime Provinces. Even the best of these essays will not be accepted as standard authority; still, the study of the amount of Canadian history that is called for and the cramming in other branches of the enquiry may be useful to the youth of Great Britain, whose parents and friends also will probably have their attention directed to Canada by this special study of their children. It would not be a bad idea for our Canadian youth to learn something more about Canada than they know already. The study of Canadian geography, Canadian resources and Canadian people should receive more attention; and if prizes will alone avail to secure this attention, by all means let prizes be provided at the public expense. A few thousand dollars so invested might lead to very beneficial results.—Witness.

**A RESERVE FUND OF \$5,508.**

The quarterly report of Middlesex Lodge, No. 2, Toronto, read at the meeting held 10th January, 1894, shows a membership of 382; Receipts from all sources for the past year \$2,806.49; paid for doctors, \$438.40; sick pay and assistance, 886.87; invested capital, \$5,465.55; in Treasurer's hands, \$414.58; liabilities, \$281.74; leaving a reserve fund of \$5,508.39. This is actual cash, no furniture or regalia is taken into account. Lodge Middlesex stands the healthiest, wealthiest and soundest Lodge in the Dominion.

**THINK OF IT!**

WHERE THE "ANGLO-SAXON" CIRCULATES.

In CANADA it goes to the Lodges of the Orders Sons of England and Daughters of England in Manitoba, British Columbia, Northwest Territories, Quebec, Ontario, P. E. Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

A Reliable medium for Immigration. The ANGLO-SAXON contains news each issue of the advantages of Canada as a field for the tenant farmer of the Old Country to come to and make a home for himself and family.

You will see the list of Lodges on the 7th page, and will gather some idea from that what a circulation it has.

Besides going to the lodges and the officials, it goes to individual members of the Order, averaging some 20 to 50 in each lodge, in every city in the Dominion of Canada.

It goes to Australia, New Zealand, some parts of India, and to South Africa.

It is filed permanently all over the country. It is not a paper looked at and cast aside, but is read eagerly and preserved.

STATE SOCIALISM AND LABOUR GOVERNMENT IN ANTI-PODEAN BRITAIN.

BY THE RIGHT HON. EARL ONSLOW, G. C. M. G., ETC.

(Continued from last issue.)

In referring to the views of the statesmen with whom I have been brought in contact in New Zealand I shall confine myself in the case of all now alive and engaged in political life to those expressions of opinion which have been made public, are generally accessible; but I feel that I may refer rather more freely to the views expressed to me in private by those who are no longer engaged in party strife, and specially to the two able and conscientious statesmen who held the office of Prime Minister under the Crown while I was there. These two men (Sir Harry Atkinson and Mr. Ballance) were of opposite parties and of opposite natures, but both were actuated by a deep-rooted feeling of patriotism which led them to their respective Sovereign, and of a determination to sacrifice their own wealth and their own lives in order to increase the wellbeing of their less-fortunate fellow-Colonists. Not only was Mr. Ballance, the leader of the Liberal party, a believer in State Socialism, but similar ideas actuated his political opponent, Sir Harry Atkinson, the leader of the less advanced party. Neither statesman looked forward to an immediate fulfilment of the prophecies of Mr. Bellamy: their Socialism was of the Fabian order, "advancing always but in spiral lines." It was founded on a conviction of the purity of administration of municipal and State institutions in the affairs hitherto conducted by individuals, and in the gradual shrinkage of the interest to be obtained on capital. Sir Harry Atkinson was a firm believer in the gradual assumption by the State and municipalities of all the institutions which minister to the every-day wants of the people. He believed that as a consequence the difficulty in the remunerative employment capital would be an increasing one. He saw that 3 per cent. Consols had become 2 1/2 per cent. "Goschens," and expected the next generation to be acquainted with 2 per cent. "John Burns" if not with 1 per cent. "Sydney Webbs."

It is not to be wondered at therefore, with the leaders of both parties in the State convinced of the advantages of State Socialism, that we should be witnessing in New Zealand a series of experiments in that direction not to be found in any other part of the world. Sir Robert Stout, once himself Prime Minister, and still undoubtedly the ablest man in the Liberal ranks, though he does not hold the reins of office, in consequence of absence from Parliament when the Ministry was formed, says of the Government party:—"We have a noble opportunity. We stand in many ways in the front rank of nations, and for this reason, that we are not encumbered by privileges; we are not encumbered by prejudices; and we are therefore free to make experiments. I ask the House to make these experiments. I ask the House to believe that these experiments may be made. I ask the House to think that even if these experiments fail still it is our duty to make them."

This desire was greatly increased by the results of the last election, adding as it did to the representatives of the people a number of men who were actually engaged in various handicrafts at the time of their election, and who came to the House imbued with a most conscientious desire to discharge their duty to constituents who had never before been in a sufficient majority to send men of their own class to represent them in Parliament.

THE STRIKE OF 1890 AND THE ELECTION OF 1891.

The election of 1891 followed immediately on the great strike of 1890. That strike commenced with the Shearer's Union, whose members declined to work alongside of men who did not belong to any Union. The quarrel soon spread to the seamen, the Maritime Council, and the Trades and Labour Council, embracing almost every kind of labour. The fight did not, like the present lamentable dispute in the coal trade here, centre on a particular amount of money to be paid for a given amount of work, or time spent in working, but on the question whether men should work for employers who had combined, and whether employers should be allowed to employ men who had not combined. Melbourne was without gas and enveloped in darkness for three days. Intercolonial shipping was stopped, for the labourers were afraid to work lest

they should suffer violence at the hands of the Unionists. The remarkable spectacle was witnessed of the smart young merchants and clerks of Melbourne begrimed with dirt, working in the holds, on the wharf, and at the donkey-engine.

It was pointed out in the Victorian Parliament that this doctrine of the "complete boycott," as it was called, carried to its logical conclusion would prevent the Unionists even from entering heaven, so long as any free men were also admitted there; while if he appeared at the gate of the other place the president would refuse him admission lest he should be calling out the stokers.

The mandate of the Unions was loyally obeyed at the cost of heavy suffering, not in the hope of higher wages, but from a sentiment which, however misguided, one could not help admiring—that of the bond of fellowship.

Upon one occasion I remember a ship was being loaded with manganese from a lighter. The lighter was "Union," so some lumps thought it no harm to earn a few shillings by loading at least a "Union" lighter. To their horror, however, shortly after commencing work a messenger arrived in hot haste to tell them that, though the lighter, the baskets, and the shovels were "Union," the man at the winch on board the ship hoisting up the manganese was "free," and they must at once desist from their work.

As anyone might have foreseen who reflected that out of 420,000 workmen in New South Wales alone only 40,000 were Unionists, after protracted suffering the strike collapsed by the final consent of the Unionists to work alongside of free labourers.

Certain members of the New Zealand Parliament, foreseeing how wide would be the breach between the parties at the forthcoming election, commenced at once to worship before the shrine of the Union. It was proposed by obstructing business to prevent the prorogation of Parliament until the strike should be settled; one member went so far as to send the following telegram to the Secretary of the Wharf Labourers' Union in his constituency:—"Sir George Grey and others think with me that we shall commit grave error to allow Parliament to terminate next week before strike terminates. But I dare not stone-wall without your direction. Kindly advise."

(To be continued)

EXPRESSED OPINION.

"The Ottawa Anglo-Saxon, a paper devoted to the loyalist or Imperial cause, familiar to our readers through the extracts we not infrequently make from its columns, referred in a late issue to an appreciative notice in this journal of an article of its own on the meaning of 'British Connection.' It went on to express a fear that we were not likely to quote what it was then about to say. We are at a loss to know why it should think so, because, assuming the remarks to be antagonistic to our own opinions, as is of course inferred, that would afford no ground for supposing us unlikely to quote them, as our custom has consistently been to place before our readers, by means of quotations and extracts, the views expressed on every side of the question with which we deal, whether we agree with them or not. But, putting that on one side, and assuming that we declined publishing opinions contrary to our own, we fail to see anything in the Saxon's article to alarm us. The gist of it is that Free Trade and Protection are but 'policies,' and should be subordinated to the higher principle of National Unity. Most assuredly there is nothing in that for us to disagree with.

"The writer is, however, on less safe ground when he proceeds to say the trouble about Imperial Federationists 'at home' is that they will not recognize existing facts, and that they appear to Colonists to use the Imperial Federation movement as 'a stalking-horse for their pet theory of Free Trade.' Now, we have not to answer for what supporters of Imperial Federation 'at home' do or leave undone any more than for the sins of omission or commission of its supporters 'abroad.' We will only remark on this that the more familiar charge of using Imperial Federation as a stalking-horse for fiscal theories is that brought against those who in the Mother Country or elsewhere have mixed it up with the policy of Fair Trade or Protection. But, however that may be, our own withers are unwrung. For we have always most studiously avoided these questions of fiscal policies in connection with Imperial Federation, save for the purpose of deprecating the use made of them.

And we have done so just because we, at any rate, whatever others may have done, do recognize existing facts. We recognize that England is a Free Trade country, and likely to remain so, while the Colonies are in the main Protectionist, and likely to continue so in the main for some time to come at any rate. And that being so, we think that it is those persons, whether in the Colonies or at home, who pin their hope of attaining Imperial Federation on reconciling things at present irreconcilable that are the ones that refuse to recognize existing facts. These are the questions that divide us most, and offer the line of most, not least, resistance. We have always stood upon the principles of Imperial Federation with which the League set out, and which, as a body, it confirmed and amplified in the Report of 1892.—Imperial Federation.

OBITUARY.

Milton, Ont.—On appearing again in the columns of the ANGLO-SAXON it is our sad and painful duty to have the name of our auditor, Bro. J. L. Firth, put on the death list. Bro. Firth was, apparently, as well as any one on Wednesday, Nov. 22nd, but by Dec. 5th he was no more, having passed out to the silent membership.

Bro. Firth was one of the genuine stock, having been born and raised in the fatherland, and came to this country with the same object in view as all others. He leaves a wife and two small children to mourn the loss of a father. His death was a sad shock to our lodge, only now in its infancy. The members, in a body, followed him to his last resting place, six of the brethren acting as pallbearers. The Rev. P. T. Megnot, newly initiated into the Order, conducted the services, owing to the president being laid up sick.

Bro. Firth was not insured; he intended taking out a beneficiary policy early in 1894, but time would not allow. I would urge upon every member the necessity of carrying at least a \$1,000 policy on their life; they "know not the day nor the hour."

172 IS NOT STANDING STILL.

LA GRIPPE GETS ITS WORK IN—BRO. A. COLLIER'S OFFICIAL VISIT.

We have been subject to the influence of la grippe in our lodge. Several of our members have been laid up two, three and four days, but the worst is that of Bro. Darwin, our president, who, it was feared for some time, would be called away, but I am happy to say he is now improving. December the 6th was quarter night with us and a very good turn-out. We had the pleasure of a visit from the D. D., Bro. A. Collier, who conferred the white degree on thirteen members, mostly the newly elected officers for 1894.

Our membership is still increasing, although we have failed to make the number reach 50, but so close is it that we feel the year has not been spent in standing still. Every effort must be put forth this year to make our Order one of the first in town.

F. W. WATTS, Sec., Lodge Sheffield.

LOOKING FORWARD.

Clinton, Ont., Dec. 23.—I am sorry to see another paper springing up now that Grand Lodge is approaching. It is hardly fair. The weekly edition may be a draw, but if it is necessary, and pays, possibly you might meet it.

I confess myself rather prejudiced in favor of the Saxon. It was a member from our lodge who had this matter, by motion, laid over till this meeting of Grand Lodge, in order to prevent the weekly which has long since collapsed being made the official organ, so I hope to see the ANGLO-SAXON favored with that honor before another year has passed.

I wish you success and a Happy New Year. F. W. W.

WESTERN DELEGATES.

Carman, Man., Dec. 29.—Our lodge, Manitoba, No. 136, at their meeting, held Dec. 7th inst., appointed our President, Bro. Starkey, as delegate to attend the annual meeting of the Supreme Grand Lodge to be held in Toronto, commencing 13th March next. He is a worthy representative of the Northwest in S. O. E. matters, being a great enthusiast and very zealous in the cause.

Our lodge is progressing most rapidly, having between forty and fifty members and candidates passed for initiation, with early prospects of doubling the number.

THOS. ELSTON.

A CHATEAUCUAY MIRACLE.

PHYSICIANS PRONOUNCED RECOVERY IMPOSSIBLE.

The Remarkable Experience of Mr. L. Jos. Beaudin, of St. Urbain—His Friends Called to His Supposed Death—How He Regained His Health and Strength—A Public Acknowledgement of His Gratitude.

From La Presse Montreal. There has appeared in the columns of La Presse during the past two years many articles bearing witness to the great good accomplished in various parts of the country by a remedy the name of which is now one of the most familiar household words in all parts of the Dominion. And now comes a statement, from the county of Chateaucuay, over the signature of a well-known resident of St. Urbain, which speaks in positive and unmistakable language as to the value of this wonderful medicine.

MR. BEAUDIN'S STATEMENT.

"I feel that I owe my life to your Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I desire to make grateful acknowledgement and to give you a complete statement of my illness and cure in the hope that my experience may be of benefit to some other sufferer. About the middle of October, 1891, acting on the advice of an American doctor whom I had consulted, I left home for the north to invest in farming lands with the intention of cultivating them myself. I had been afflicted with a species of paralysis caused by the rupture of a blood vessel over the right eye, and which stopped the circulation of the blood on the left side. I was at that time employed as a book-keeper by Messrs. Lacaille Bros., Lawrence, Mass. The doctor had advised a change of work so as to have less mental and more physical exercise. This I resolved upon, but delayed too long as I did not leave until the following October. Arrived at my destination I perceived symptoms of my previous illness making themselves felt once more. I went at once to a local physician who declared himself unable to understand my case. However he gave me some medicine to ease the pain I felt in my head, but relief for a few minutes, and sometimes enabled me to get a little sleep, but the awakening was always worse than before. On the last of October I went to bed as usual after taking my medicine as directed, and slept the whole night, but the following morning on trying to rise I found myself so weak that I could not stand and could scarcely speak. My wife, surprised to see me in such a state, ran to a neighbor's and requested him to go for a doctor and the priest. The doctor arrived almost immediately, but could not afford me the slightest relief. The priest then arrived, and seeing the condition I was in, told me my case was critical and to prepare for death. On the following day both the priest and the doctor advised my wife to telegraph to my friends, as they considered death approaching, and two days later my two brothers arrived. The doctor then asked if I preferred that he should hold a consultation with another physician, and on my replying in the affirmative, he telegraphed to a doctor living at a distance of about fifteen miles. The doctor came to see me, asked some questions, and retired for consultation. The result of this was that my wife was told that I could not possibly get better. Said the doctor to her, "with the greatest possible care he cannot live a year." When my wife told me this I determined to pay the doctors and discontinue their services. It cost me about \$30 to hear their verdict. Two or three weeks passed without any improvement in my condition and I was so weak I could barely move around the house with the aid of a cane. One day I noticed a parcel lying on the table wrapped in a newspaper. Having nothing better to do I began to read it, and after a while came across an article headed "Miraculous cure." I read it, and the longer I read the more interested I became, because I saw the case of the person referred to resembled my own in many respects. When I finished the article I saw that the cure had been effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It seemed as though there was a struggle within me between the facts I had read and my own incredulity, so small was the faith I had in medicines advertised in the papers. I read the article and reread it several times. I seemed to hear the doctor's words "he cannot live a year," and then I saw the effects of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the case I had just read about. The result of these reflections was that I decided to give Pink Pills a trial, and I immediately wrote the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. for a supply. On their arrival I commenced using them according to directions and before the first box was done I found they were helping me, and it was not long before I was able to walk to the village, a distance of half a mile, without the aid of a cane, and I was rapidly gaining health and strength. At the time I was taken sick I weighed 212 pounds, and at the time I began the use of Pink Pills I was reduced to 162 pounds, a loss of 50 pounds in a little more than a month. I took the pills for about three months and in that time I gained 40 pounds. To-day I am as well as I ever was in my life, and my recovery is due entirely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I cannot recommend them too highly to those who do not enjoy the blessing of perfect health.

Yours Gratefully, L. JOS. BEAUDIN.

An analysis shows that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as

locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, all diseases depending upon vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excess of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N.Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, from either address.

AIMS, OBJECTS AND BENEFITS OF THE SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

Organized in Toronto, December 12th, 1894

To Englishmen and Sons of Englishmen:

The mission of the Society is to bring into organized union all true and worthy Englishmen; to maintain their national institutions and liberties and the integrity of the British Empire; to foster and keep alive the loving memory of Old England, our native and Mother land; to elevate the lives of its members in the practice of mutual aid and true charity—caring for each other in sickness and adversity and following a deceased brother with fraternal care and sympathies, when death comes, to earth's resting place.

Great Financial Benefits, viz.: Sick pay, Doctor's attendance and medicine and Funeral Allowance are accorded. Healthy men between the ages of 18 and 60 years are received into membership. Honorary members are also admitted. Roman Catholic Englishmen are not eligible.

Reverence for and adhesion to the teachings of the Holy Bible is insisted on.

Party politics are not allowed to be discussed in the lodge room.

The Society is secret in its proceedings to enable members to protect each other and prevent imposition—for which purpose an initiation Ritual is provided, imposing obligations of fidelity to the principles of the Society on all who join it.

The Society is making rapid growth and has lodges extending over Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores, having a membership upwards of 12,000 at present, the ratio of increase being far greater as the Society's influence and usefulness is better known. Lodges have been started South Africa and will soon probably be started in England, etc.

The Beneficiary (Insurance) Department is providing insurance to the members for \$1,000 or \$2,000 as desired, at the minimum cost, unsurpassed by any other fraternal Society in Canada, and is conducted on the assessment system. The assessments are graded. A total disability allowance is also covered by the certificates in class "A." There are no disability claims in class "B." No Englishmen need join other organizations when the inducements of this Department are considered.

Englishmen forming and composing new lodges derive exceptional advantages in the initiation fees, and 12 young men can start a lodge.

In our lodge rooms social distinctions are laid aside and we meet on the common level of national brotherhood, in patriotic association for united counsel and effort in maintaining the great principles of our beloved Society. As such we can appeal to the sympathetic support of all true Englishmen—asking them to cast in their lot with us, thereby swelling the grand roll of those bound together in fraternal sympathies and in devotion to England and the grand cause of British freedom.

Any further information will be cheerfully given by the undersigned.

JOHN W. CARTER, Grand Secretary.

EVERYONE SHOULD USE RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER.

It is just the thing required. It purifies the blood by destroying the disease germs in the system, gives an appetite, restores lost strength and vitality, and aids nature to throw off hereditary and acquired poisons. It is the name given to this great remedy in England by those using it, and if you just give it a trial I am sure you will agree with them that it exactly fits the case. Put up in stone jars; small size, \$1; large size, \$3. For sale at all druggists, and by J. S. Dingman, General Agt., 67 O'Connor St., Ottawa.

Our Representatives.

The following brethren represent the ANGLO-SAXON:
Barrie, Ont.—J. Lang.
Belleville, Ont.—Thos. Waymark.
Bowmanville, Ont.—M. A. James.
Brantford, Ont.—G. G. Lambden.
Brockville, Ont.—Arthur C. Bacon.

Calgary, N.W.T.—E. Doughty.
Carleton Place—J. G. Bate.
Capetlon, Que.—E. James.
Campbellford—Natham E. Grills.
Chatham, Ont.—Chas. F. Chanter.
Chedoke, Barton, Ont.—Sackville Hill.
Charlottetown, P.E.I.—J. Ed. Rendle.
Clinton, Ont.—F. W. Watts.
Cornwall, Ont.—John Brook.

Fort William, Ont.—Ed. Oakley.
Fredericton, N.B.—A. D. Thomas.

Galt, Ont.—Chas. Squire.
Gananoque, Ont.—N. A. Howard Moore.

Guelph, Ont.—H. Bolton; J. Taylor.
Gravenhurst—J. Skitch, Dis. Deputy.

Halifax—John Redford, 16 George St.
Hamilton, Ont.—
James Fisher, 101 Oak Ave.
H. H. Martin, 22 Wellington St.
J. W. Hannaford, 103 Wentworth St.
T. Leurgton, 385 Main St. w.
H. P. Bonny, 635 King St. E.
Huntsville, Ont.—J. W. Gledhill.

Kingston, Ont.—
Wm. H. Cruse.
W. Dumbleton.

Lakefield, Ont.—C. J. Burgis.
Londresborough, Ont.—B. Laurason.
Lambton Mills, Ont.—J. T. Jarvis.
Longford Mills, Ont.—H. E. Peacey.

Milton, Ont.—A. Roach.
Montreal, Que.—
Harry Smith, 20 Plessis St.
J. A. Edwards, 546 St. Paul St.
Jas. Field, St. Henri.
Thos. H. Baker, 1144 St. James St.
S. Sobey, 781 St. Urbain st.

New Glasgow, N.S.—E. W. Thurston.
New Westminster, B.C.—W. H. Boycott.

Orillia, Ont.—Wm. Swinton.
Oshawa, Ont.—W. S. Bowden.

Pembroke, Ont.—L. N. Pink.
Peterboro, Ont.—W. J. Squires.
Richmond, Que.—T. H. Walls.

Saltford, Ont.—W. S. Knight.
Sherbrooke, Que.—Edwin Avery.
Simcoe, Ont.—Chas. G. Cross.
Smith's Falls, Ont.—A. W. Chester.
St. Thomas, Ont.—E. W. Trump.

Toronto—
W. L. Hunter, Howard St.
C. E. Smith, 378 Parliament St.
W. T. Kendall, Port St.
W. Miles, 604 Queen St. W.
R. S. Grundy, 74 Saultier St.
J. G. Brent, 416 Gerrard St. E.
J. M. Williams, 16 Carleton Ave.
C. W. Holtes, 557 King St.
Chas. Carr, 53 St. David st.
A. J. Moreland, 123 Denison Ave.
Toronto Junction—Wm. Harris.

Victoria, B.C.—J. Critchley.
Vancouver, B.C.—G. P. Carr.

Wenton, Ont.—J. Hollingworth.
Whitby, Ont.—T. Dixon.
Winnipeg, Man.—
W. Jones, Lodge Neptune.
Jos. Harrison, P. O. Box 606.
Jacob Freeman, C. P. R. Library.
Woodstock, Ont.—Wm. E. Barnett.



SUPREME GRAND LODGE DIRECTORY.

THOS. ELLIOT, BRANTFORD, SUPREME GRAND PRESIDENT.
J. A. EDWARDS, MONTREAL, SUPREME GRAND VICE-PRESIDENT.
W. R. STROUD, OTTAWA, FAST SUPREME GRAND PRESIDENT.
B. HINCHCLIFFE, TORONTO, SUPREME GRAND TREASURER.
JOHN W. CARTER, TORONTO, SUPREME GRAND SECRETARY.

S. O. E. B. S. LODGE DIRECTORY.

Lodge Cards under this head will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per Year.

ONTARIO.

Boys of England.
Brantford.
Lodge Juvenile No. 6, meets on 2nd Tuesday of every month in S. O. E. Hall, Heyd's Block.
Ottawa.
Mon Lodge No. 9, meets in Derby Lodge room on 2nd Tuesday of the month.
St. Thomas.
Waterloo Lodge No. 13, meets in Chester lodge room corner of Talbot and Elgin streets on the 1st Friday of the month.

Winnipeg, Man.
Queen of the West No. 25, meets on the 4th Friday in each month in R. of P. Hall, Clements Block, 525 Main street.
Fred. Clark, Pres. Jos. Harrison, Sec-Treas P. O. Box 66.

Daughters of England.

Belleville.
Rose of England No. 23, meets in the S. O. E. Hall Belleville, on second and fourth Friday of each month.
Hamilton.
Princess Mary No. 11, meets on the 2nd and 4th Mondays in S. O. E. Hall, corner of Wellington and King Wm. Streets Hamilton.

ST. THOMAS, ONT.

Princess Louise, No. 3, D. O. E. B. S., St. Thomas, meets in their Hall Talbot Street, on 1st and 3rd Monday of every month.

Sons of England.

Almonte.
Nelson No. 43, Almonte—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays at their hall, Mill st.
Aylmer.
Prince Albert No. 61, meets in Forsters' Hall, over the Post Office, the 1st and 3rd Fridays of every month.

Barrie.
Southampton No. 29, Barrie—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the Forsters' Hall, Dunlop st.

Brantford.
Sillsbury, No. 42, Meets alternate Thursdays, first meeting in the year January 6th, 1893, at the A.O.F. Hall.

Belleville.
Oxford No. 17, Belleville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in every month, Front st.

Blackstock.
Grimaby No. 106, meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month in the Orange Hall, Church st.

Brockville.
Suffolk No. 87, Brockville—Meets every 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month in Sons of England Hall, 208 King street.

Bowmanville.
Wellington No. 19, Bowmanville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in the Sons of England Hall, Bunnells' Block.

Burlington.
Burlington, No. 156, Burlington, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in G. Allan's Hall.

Campbellford.
Devonshire, No. 92—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Dominion Block, Front street.

Carleton Place.
Beaconsfield No. 171, Meets each 2nd and 4th Monday at 7.30 in their hall, over the Central Canadian Office.

Clinton.
Sheffield No. 83, Clinton, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month in the S. O. E. Hall, Victoria Block.

Chatham.
Thames No. 101—Meets every Monday evening in the Forsters' Hall, King st.

Collingwood.
Canterbury No. 34, Collingwood—Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in Union Hall.

Cornwall.
Victoria No. 12, Cornwall—Meets alternate Wednesdays in Colquhoun Block.

Fort William.
Guildford No. 111—Meets Second and Fourth Mondays in each month at the K. of C. Hall, Fort William.

Galt.
Royal Oak No. 26, Galt—Meets in S. O. E. Hall, on alternate Wednesdays beginning with first Wednesday in January, 1894, cor. Main and South Water streets.

Goderich.
Liverpool No. 140, meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, corner of North Street and Square.

Gravenhurst.
Dever No. 72—Meets in S. O. E. Lodge Room, Gravenhurst, every alternate Thursday from October 20th.

Guelph.
Royal City No. 73, Guelph—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays every month in the hall in Towell's Block, Upper Windham street.

Hamilton.
Britannia No. 8, Hamilton—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month in St. George's and S. O. E. Hall, MacNab street north.

Devon No. 102, Hamilton, Mountain Top Barton, meetings are held every first and third Wednesday of the month.

Osborne, No. 121—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month, in the St. Matthew's Hall, Barton street, east.

Cornwall No. 121—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month in St. George's Hall, corner James and King William Sts.

Hamilton, No. 123—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, in St. George's and S. O. E. Hall, McNab st., n. Hamilton.

Huntsville.
Crocyden No. 85, Huntsville, Ont.—Meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Temperance Hall, Main street.

Ingersoll.
Imperial, No 176—Meets the second and fourth Tuesday in each month at the Forsters Hall, at eight o'clock p.m.

Kingston.
Leicester No. 33, Kingston—Meets in their hall, cor. Princess and Montreal sts., on the 2nd and 4th Monday in every month.

Lakefield.
Exeter No. 89, Lakefield, Ont.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in the S. O. E. Hall.

Lambton Mills.
Bradford No. 91, Lambton Mills, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the I. O. O. F. Hall.

Lindsay.
Westminster No. 20—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday in Association Hall, cor. Kent and Cambridge streets.

London.
Avenington No. 66—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, at Albert Hall, J. F. Chapman, Sec.

British Oak No. 82—Alternate Thursdays, Forsters' Hall, Visiting brethren welcome.

Piccadilly No. 88—Meets alternate Monday's from March 28th at Knights of Pythias Hall, Richmond street.

Londresborough.
Londresborough No. 143—Meets the 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month in the Forsters Hall.

Midland.
Cromwell No. 84, Midland, Ont., meets in Forsters' Hall, 4th Tuesday in each month.

Milton.
Milton, No. 172, meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday in every month, in Royal Tenthers Hall, at eight o'clock p.m.

Oshawa.
Essex No. 4—Meets in S.O.E. Hall alternate Mondays from January 1st.

Orillia.
Rose of Couchiching, No. 23, meets alternate Mondays from February 6th, 1893, in their Hall, Mulochy's Block Orillia.

Ormsby.
Cumberland No. 167, meets every 1st and 3rd Tuesday in the month in Victoria Hall, Ormsby.

Ottawa.
Derby No. 30, Ottawa—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Workman's Hall, Albert st.

Bowood No. 44, Ottawa—Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month at Wellington Hall, Wellington st.

Stanley No. 55, Ottawa—Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month at Wellington Hall, Wellington st.

Russell No. 56, Ottawa—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month at the Orange Hall, New Edinburgh.

Clarendon—The United Degree lodge of Derby, Bowood, Russell and Stanley lodges meets in Wellington Hall, Wellington street, Ottawa, on the 2nd Wednesday of each month.

Pembroke.
Black Prince No. 157, Pembroke, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month in the Forsters' Hall, Visiting brethren welcome.

Port Arthur.
Winchester No. 90—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday each month, Knight of Pythias Hall, Arthur street.

Peterborough.
Lansdowne No. 25, Peterborough—Meets in Sons of England Hall, Hunter st., on the 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month.

Queen Victoria No. 78—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Shakspeare Hall.

St. Catharines.
Victory No 173, Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in Beaver Hall, St Paul st, at 8 p.m sharp.

St. Thomas.
Truro No. 62, St. Thomas—Meets in the old Masonic Hall, Talbot st., east of the T. & P. track on First and Third Tuesdays in every month.

Chester No. 18, meet in the Forsters Hall, Ernatinger Block, second and fourth Friday, R. R. D.; third Friday, W. R. D. hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren.

Smith's Falls.
Guelph No. 124—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays of every month in S. O. E. Hall, Mills Block.

Toronto.
Albion No. 1, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month, Room A, Shaftesbury Hall. Visitors made welcome.

Middlesex No. 2, Toronto—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays in each month at McBean Hall, cor. College street and Brunswick Ave.

Kent No. 3, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Monday at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West.

York No. 6, Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month, in Avenue Chambers, N. W. corner College st. and Spadina Ave.

Brighton No. 7, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West.

Surrey No. 11—Meets second and fourth Mondays, corner of Bloor and Bathurst sts.

Warwick No. 13—Meets the 2nd and 4th Thursday in each month in Jackson's Hall, Yonge and Bloor streets, Toronto.

Manchester No. 14, Toronto—Meets alternate Mondays from Jan. 2nd, 1893, at Winchester Hall, cor. Parliament and Winchester streets.

London No. 31, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday in Dingman's Hall, corner Queen St. and Broad View, Ave.

Worcester No. 47, Toronto Junction—Meets First and Third Thursdays at Campbell Hall, Toronto Junction.

Cambridge No. 54, Little York—Meet 1st and 4th Fridays at York Fire Hall.

Birmingham, No. 60—Meets each 2nd and 4th Tuesday of every month in Y. M. C. A. Hall corner of Queen st., w. and Dovercourt Road.

St. Albans No. 76, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays at St. George's Hall, Elm st.

Mercantile No 81, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Saturday in St. George's Hall, Elm street.

Hull No. 104—Meets in the Occident Hall, cor. Queen and Bathurst streets, on 1st and 3rd Mondays in the month.

Chatham No. 142, Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in Accident Hall, corner Queen and Bathurst Streets.

Hastings, No. 146, Toronto—Meets in Prospect Park Rink, corner Prospect and Ontario sts.

Richmond No. 65—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen Street West.

Cheltenham 178, meets second and fourth Tuesdays, in Room "A" Shaftesbury Hall.

Leeds No. 48, Weston—Meets on 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month, at Oddfellows Hall.

Windsor.
Prince of Wales No. 52—Meets Alternate Tuesdays in Pythian Castle, Hastings street.

Woodstock.
Bedford No. 21, Woodstock—Meets in Imperial Hall, 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month.

Quebec.
Capetlon.
Albert, No. 114—Meets regularly, 1st Tuesday and 3rd Saturday in each month, in the Albert Hall, Capetlon, Que.

Montreal.
Yorkshire No. 39, Montreal, meets every alternate Monday at the West End Hall, Chatham street at 8 p.m.

Denbigh No. 96—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, in Sons of England Hall, No. 6 Craig Street.

Sherbrooke.
Gloucester No. 103, Sherbrooke, Que., meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month in the Court-room of Prince Albert 149 I.O.F., Odelle Block.

St. Lambert.
Lincoln, No. 152—Meets in St. Barnabas Hall, St. Lambert, Que., 2nd and 4th Fridays.

Quebec.
Prince George, No 162—Meets in the Masonic Hall, cor. Garden and St. Louis street, on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month.

Hull.
Tennyson No. 165—Meets 1st and 2nd Tuesday in Sons of England Hall, Marston's Block, Main street Hull.

Lachine.
Royal Rose No. 147, Lachine—Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month, at 330 St. Joseph st.

Richmond.
Enfield No. 159, meets second Fridays and fourth Saturdays of every month.

Winnipeg.
Westward Ho! No. 98—The Pioneer Lodge of Manitoba, and the Northwest, meets, at Unity Hall, McIntyre Block, Main street, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays at 8 p.m.

Winnipeg, Man.—Meets in Pythian Hall, Clements Block, 1st and 3rd Monday of each month.

Shakespeare No. 154—Meets the second and fourth Mondays of the month in the K. P. Hall, Clements Block, Main street.

Brandon 174, Brandon, Man., Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Nation Block, 1st and 3rd Tuesday. Visiting brethren welcome.

Manitoba, No. 186—Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Carmon, on first and third Thursdays of the month.

Saskatoon.
Rumymacade No. 155, Saskatoon, Man., meets in Forsters' Hall, Colclough Block 1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Victoria.
Alexandria, No. 116—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday of every month, in the Forsters' Hall.

Pride of the Island No. 131—Meets in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion sts., 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in the month.

Vancouver.
Wilberforce No. 77—Meets in Pythian Hall, Dunn Block, Cordova street, 1st and 3rd Monday in each month for Red Rose.

New Westminster.
Rose of Columbia No. 115—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Union Hall, New Westminster.

Fredericton.
Islington No. 151, Fredericton, N.B., meets on 1st and 4th Thursdays in Church of England Hall, Carleton street.

Stanley.
Rose of Stanley No. 160, Stanley, N.B.—Meets Saturday evening at Temperance Hall, Stanley at 7.30, fortnightly, dating 3rd September.

Halifax.
Halifax No. 150, Halifax, N.S.—Meets 2nd and 4th Friday each month at McLean Hall, Barrington st., Halifax, N.S.

New Glasgow.
Kentworth No. 149, New Glasgow, N.S. Meets every alternate Saturday at 8 o'clock in Oddfellows Hall.

Halifax.
United Essex No. 117, Calgary, Alb., N.W.T. Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays in each month, in their Hall, on Ouler street.

N. W. TERRITORIES.
Calgary.
Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.
Royal Standard, No. 112—Meets on alternate Thursdays at 7 p.m.

P. E. ISLAND.
Charlottetown.
Eton, No. 148, Meets in Wright's Hall, at the corner of Kent and Prince streets, the 1st and 3rd Thursday of every month.

St. John's.
St. John's No. 113—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, in Orange Hall, 245 St. James street.

(Continued from second page.)

secretary, T. Miles Kinsman; treasurer, W. H. Mitchell; chaplain, L. Vaughan; committee, W. J. Green, A. North, F. I. Davis, Fred. Walker, R. Crocker, E. O. Turner; inner guard, R. Mitchell; outer guard, W. H. Foley; surgeon, Dr. N. Allen; auditors, F. L. Radcliffe, F. W. Radcliffe and John Lewis; trustees, E. Potts and John Shaw; G. L. delegates, H. Elton and T. M. Kinsman.

CHESTERFIELD, No. 97. Past-president, Bro. Clay; president, W. S. Milne; vice-president, Jos. Oldfield; secretary, Bro. Siddall; treasurer, T. W. Horn; committee, Bro. Hunter, Dr. Boulton, A. G. Oldfield, Geo. Parker, J. W. Horn; surgeon, Dr. Boulton; U. L. delegates, T. W. Horn and Bro. Clay.

AVONDALE LODGE, No. 170. Past-president, F. H. Linden; president, Stephen W. Burns; vice-president, Dr. G. S. Byerson; chaplain, J. D. Bland; secretary, James Swallow; treasurer, W. H. Munsie; 1st guide, W. N. Irwin; delegates, S. W. Burns and F. B. Linden.

WILKINSON LODGE, No. 143. The officers and members were installed in Prospect Park Hall, corner Prospect and Ontario streets. D. D. Bro. E. J. Cashmore performed his duties with great credit to himself and the officers who assisted him. The officers for the ensuing year are: Past President, F. O. Broomhall; president, A. W. S. Morris; vice-president, E. Taylor; secretary, C. J. Turver; chaplain, F. Robinson; treasurer, J. F. Young; surgeon, Dr. J. F. Dawson; committee, J. R. Hancock, W. J. Deah, J. Sessions, Harry Crossland, F. L. Nussey and Robert Murray; inner guard, W. J. Atkinson; outer guard, J. Hoppen. The lodge room was well filled with members and visiting brethren from the various lodges, viz.: S. G. P. P., J. C. Swait, F. F. of Mercantile, Bro. Patching, P. P. of Manchester, Jesse Harris; V. P. of Preston, H. Heath; H. C. Cocking, Smith, May, Moody, Lewis, Wyant, Johnston, Jackson, Anderson and others. After the installation was over the meeting closed so as to do justice to the selected programme and choice supper.

QUEBEC. QUEEN'S LODGE, No. 33, MONTREAL. President, T. Hutchinson; past-president, D. Aspinall; vice-president, J. Best; chaplain, A. Nell; secretary, Jas. Field; treasurer, D. C. Spaulding; committee, T. Rogers, D. Glover, T. W. Lamson, S. H. Russell, A. Allison and H. B. H. Hopper; Dr. Douglas DeCoe; trustees, G. Clay, J. H. Moran and F. Jones; auditors, O. E. Crowley, D. Aspinall and W. Powell; G. L. delegates, Jas. Field and T. Hutchinson.

MONTEVENEZUELO LODGE, No. 123, MONTREAL. President, E. L. Lavoie; past-president, W. H. Evans; vice-president, D. Smith; treasurer, G. C. Dumas; chaplain, J. Deschamps; secretary, E. Sobey; committee, E. P. Chandler, E. J. Campbell, J. Grayson and O. H. Baker; inner guard, E. Clarke; outer guard, J. Richardson; surgeon, Dr. DeCoe; auditors, E. Chandler, P. Vaughan and D. Booth.

LINCOLN, No. 122, ST. LAMBERT. President, W. H. V. Hopper; past-president, T. Ridginton; vice-president, J. Striker; secretary, Wm. King; treasurer, T. R. Lightbound; chaplain, Res. W. J. Dart; G. L. delegate, F. Ridginton; committee, W. C. Orchard, W. J. Felley, J. W. Hill, J. Horath, J. Humphrey, J. J. Vibert; inner guard, P. H. Orchard; outer guard, W. Jones; auditors, H. Bragg, J. Knowles and G. Snelling; trustees, J. Horath, A. J. Whimberly and H. J. Dart.

ONTARIO. ROBERT LODGE, No. 60, OTTAWA. President, E. Fink; past-president, W. H. Snelling; vice-president, W. H. Fink; secretary, Chas. Sharpe; treasurer, W. Short; inner guard, F. Dawson; outer guard, W. H. Wooding; chaplain, Rev. E. Hamington; trustees, W. Snelling and J. Hawken. The representatives to the Grand Lodge will be elected at a later date.

TRINIDAD LODGE, No. 176, INGEROLL. President, S. King; past-president, Jos. Gibson; vice-president, Walter Mills; secretary, J. W. Cudlipp; treasurer, Thos. Seldon; chaplain, A. Reader; committee, J. T. Couch, T. Taylor, J. E. King, Geo. Hardcastle, H. Hardern, John Wiley; inner guard, W. W. Scott; outer guard, John Taylor; surgeon, W. F. Lucas.

The lodge is in a prosperous condition, we have three applications for membership before the committee. D. D. Bro. Wright, of Aylmer, installed the brethren.

TORONTO S. O. E. LODGES.

Bro. Chas. E. Heath, the late member of Euston Lodge, who died on the 27th of December, was in the Beneficiary, but never saw his policy. He passed the Board in November, and had not paid one assessment. This is fortunate for his family. The cause of his death was a fall which occurred a few days after his passing the Beneficiary Board.

We regret to hear of the death of the mother of Bro. Chas. E. Smith, Secretary of Albion lodge, and trust he will bear up under this heavy blow. We are sure he has the sympathy of the brethren.

Bro. Wilson, of Humber Bay, who has been suffering from some lung trouble for the past 13 weeks, has gone into the Toronto General Hospital. This is a very distressing case. Bro. Wilson has a wife and six children.

Albion lodge has been very unfortunate during the past two weeks, having lost two members by death. Bro. E. Kirbyson, who had been sick for some 27 weeks, was buried on New Year's Day. A very large number attended the funeral. Bro. E. F. Sparks, who had been a member of the lodge since 1877, was buried on January 4th. He died from blood poison after three weeks' illness. He leaves a wife and five children. Bro. Kirbyson was in the Beneficiary.

Albion lodge held its regular meeting on Jan. 4th. All the officers were present. Thirty members were reported on the sick list. One candidate was initiated. A letter of condolence was ordered to be sent the mother of the late Bro. Kirbyson. The installation of officers then took place. The D. D., Bro. F. Herbert, who was present for the purpose, installed the newly elected officers in a very efficient manner. After the installation speeches were in order. All the new officers promised to make the coming year one to be remembered in the history of Albion lodge.

DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND. QUEEN CITY LODGE, TORONTO. The following officers were installed by Bro. Moore, D. D.: President, Sister Moore; vice-president, Sister Taylor; chaplain, Sister Smith; secretary, Sister Hinchcliffe; treasurer, Bro. Johnstone; committee, Sisters Sandell, Gardner, Cannon, L. Cannon, Lamb and Sanders; inner guard, Sister Obens; outer guard, Bro. Graner.

LODGE PRINCE LOUISE, No. 3, ST. THOMAS. The above lodge held a very successful meeting on Monday evening, the 18th inst. After the usual routine of business the election of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with, resulting as follows: Past-president, Bro. H. Upton; President, Bro. Jno. Beach; vice-president, Sister A. M. Squire; secretary, Bro. E. W. Trump; treasurer, Sister S. A. Baker; chaplain, Sister E. A. Small; committee, Sisters H. Barrett, E. Bowly, E. Carthy, A. Sharp, M. Snell and M. Sharp; inner guard, Mary Snell; outer guard, M. Baker; trustees, Sisters H. Barrett, H. Langley and R. Middle; auditors, E. A. Small, A. M. Squire and Bro. M. Upton; surgeon, Dr. Frank O. Lawrence.

PROPOSED S. O. E. HALL. UNITED MEETING OF LODGES TO CONSIDER A BUILDING PROJECT. Winnipeg, Jan. 11.—A meeting of the members of the three lodges of the Sons of England Benevolent Society, Westward Ho, Shakespeare and Neptune, was held in the Knights of Pythias Hall, 527 Main street, last evening, to take into consideration the advisability of forming a hall and building association in connection with the society. The meeting was a fairly representative one. On motion Bro. Andrews was appointed chairman.

After a very full discussion of the subject a canvass of the members present as to the number of shares each would be willing to take was made, which resulted satisfactorily, and the matter was finally referred back to the separate lodges for endorsement. It seemed to be the unanimous opinion of those present that the time had arrived when the society should have a hall of their own, and it is the intention of the promoters as funds accumulate to eventually purchase a property for the use of the society. The meeting then proceeded to discuss the proposed new constitution of the order. The results of the deliberations was that those assembled considered that the present constitution, so far, filled all requirements.

BRO. RICHARD CADDICK, Q. C.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT SON OF ENGLAND.

Toronto, Jan. 13th.—The funeral of our late Bro. Richard Caddick, Admiral S.O.E. Naval Brigade, and member of Kent Lodge No. 2, took place from his residence, 206 Robert street, to Mount Pleasant cemetery this afternoon at 2:30. The pall bearers were all Past Supreme Presidents of the Sons of England. Those who filled that position were Bros. Dr. J. S. King, Dr. S. B. Pollard, A. J. Mills, Geo. F. Carrette, J. C. Swait, R. Ivins and T. R. Skippon. Supreme President Thos. Elliott, of Brantford, conducted the ceremonies of the Order, assisted by the Grand Chaplain, Rev. W. H. Clark.

The Army and Navy Veterans' band headed the cortege, and was followed by the members of the Naval Brigade and deputations from the 34 city lodges of the S.O.E.



OUR LATE BRO. R. CADDICK.

Members of the Sons of England were there in profusion, while the legal profession was represented by many who knew and esteemed Bro. Caddick in life.

The floral offerings were numerous, nearly every lodge in the city contributing some mark of esteem to the deceased's memory.

The officers and members of Kent Lodge and the District Deputies of the four divisions of Toronto, with the Supreme Grand Lodge officers, immediately preceded the hearse. The funeral procession was one of the largest in the city for many years past. The services at the grave were very impressive.

NEW CARDS THIS MONTH.

We beg to draw the attention of members to the following new Lodge cards which appear in our directory columns this issue: Warwick, No. 13, Toronto, President, W. H. Randall, 80 Cumberland St., Secretary, A. Riddleford, 45 Barryman St.; Winchester, No. 60, Port Arthur, President, R. Binnington, Secretary, Frank Merritt, Westminster, No. 20, Lindsay, Pres., E. G. Harris, Secretary, L. Somerville. The late secretary, Bro. Hy. Miller, now of Ottawa, who sent us the Lindsay card for insertion, says it should be incumbent upon every lodge in the Order to have their card in the columns of the ANGLO-SAXON; it gives a substantial and effective weight to the national importance of our beloved Society. The above lodges extend a hearty welcome to visiting brethren.

PARTING ADVICE.

Vernon, B. C.—Bro. Bayliss, before leaving our Lodge, Rose of Vernon, for his home in New Westminster, brought before our notice the aid the ANGLO-SAXON will be to our Lodge by keeping the minds of members in an active condition regarding the Order throughout the Dominion. Also the benefit the brethren would derive from its columns who are on ranches out in the country, who cannot get to all the meetings, and urged the members to send Lodge news and a report of the good times they have to Bro. Reynolds, Ottawa, for publication. The ANGLO-SAXON will always publish with pleasure news from the members. Bro. of Vernon has sent us 15 subscribers and we hope to hear from the members regularly.

BOWMANVILLE.

The members of Wellington Lodge were right royally entertained by the new President, Bro. D. Davis, at his residence, Beach Ave., Tuesday night, 9th, after the installation ceremony. About 35 accepted the hospitality proffered and Mrs. Davis served one of the best of suppers to which her jolly guests did ample justice. A program of speeches, songs and games whiled away a pleasant two hours. All voted Bro. and Mrs. Davis "jolly good fellows."

GENERAL S. O. E. NOTES.

Bro. D. Craig, M.P. of East Durham, and member of Durham Lodge, Port Hope, was in Ottawa for a couple of days last week on official business.

Bro. H. Bliss, D.D., accompanied by Bros. Kemping, R. Sherrin and C. Goodcliff, installed the officers of Norwich Lodge, Niagara Falls, last week.

Bro. W. H. Boycott, of Rose of Columbia, No. 115, New Westminster, B. C., retires from the secretaryship. He now ranks as a P.P.

Bro. Jas. Bayliss has returned from Vernon, B.C., to New Westminster, and was honored by being elected as president of Rose of Columbia. Bro. Bayliss is a right good worker in the interests of the order.

We are sure the brethren throughout Eastern Canada will join with the ANGLO-SAXON in extending a hearty welcome to Grand Lodge to a delegate from the far North-west. Bro. Fred. Starkley, of Manitoba Lodge, No. 198, Carman, Man., is a representative and capable man and full of S.O.E. interest, and will be an acquisition to the growing body of the Order.

Bro. C. J. Burgiss, of Lakefield, Ont., writes that the officers elected by Exeter Lodge were installed by D.D. Bro. Mitchell, assisted by members from Lansdowne Lodge, No. 25, Peterborough, and a general good time was enjoyed.

Bro. H. G. Smith, Secretary of Severn Lodge, No. 189, Arnprior, Ont., writes:

"In reading your paper there is a lot of information on the Order of S.O.E., and at our next meeting I will try and see what can be done. Our Lodge is very young and not one member in it that knows anything about the order only through the ANGLO-SAXON. We have a membership of 21; 14 beneficiary and two honorary members for a start."

Through pressure upon our space we are holding over reports of a very interesting matter from New Glasgow, N.S., and Woodstock, Ont., also a letter from Hamilton, signed "One of the Boys," and a report of Birmingham Lodge dinner, Toronto, all of which will appear in our next issue. If the brethren could arrange to get their reports to reach us about the 10th and 25th they would be sure of insertion in following issues.

BRITAIN'S TROOPS.

Even Britain's little army is now shown to be superior to the great continental military forces. Recently two popular fallacies in relation to the German army have been exploded by a military correspondent of the Times, who attended the Reichsland manoeuvres:— "(1.) The men look very young, and in height they are a good deal below the average of an English battalion. Germany imposing a much lower standard of height (5 feet 11 inches against 5 feet 3 inches). (2.) Both in physique and horsemanship our troopers are infinitely superior; and so far as these points go, the English cavalry is far above the very best the continent can produce, whilst as light cavalry, our Indian horsemen have no rivals in either Germany or France."

A SURVIVOR OF BALACLAVA.

Following on the announcement of the death of Trumpet-Major Nicholls, who sounded the charge for the Heavy Brigade at Balacava, comes, says the London Globe, the usual crop of "other survivors" of the famous charge made by General Scarlett's "Three Hundred." It appears that Nicholls was not even the last surviving trumpet-major for Monks, who held the same post in the Inniskilling, is living at Shrewsbury, and is still hale and hearty, performing the duties of trumpet-major to the Shropshire Yeomanry. Monks so distinguished himself during the charge that he was one of the three selected from his regiment to receive the French war medal, in addition to the English and Turkish decorations. Another survivor is Corporal Henry Preece, who rode with the 4th Dragoon Guards, and distinguished himself by cutting his way through the Russian ranks again and again. His valor was so conspicuous that he was singled out for the reception of the coveted medal for distinguished conduct in the field. Though seriously wounded, he kept in the saddle to the last moment of the fight. At Sebastopol, also he had the distinction of being the first British dragoon to enter the place.

A BRAVE BRITISH SAHOR.

Charles E. Fish, an English sailor stationed at Ramsgate by the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, enjoys the remarkable and enviable distinction of having saved the lives of no less than 887 of his fellows beings. His breast is covered with the medals he has received at various times for his brave and noble work.

He has served as coxswain of the lifeboats for twenty-seven years. After seven years' service he was presented with the silver medal of the Royal National Life Institution. A few years later he received the medal of the Liverpool Shipwreck and Humane Society. The next medal presented to him was the silver medal of the Board of Trade for gallantry in saving life at sea. For the part he played in the heroic rescue of part of the crew of the Indian Chief, on Jan. 6, 1881, when he was out twenty-six consecutive hours without anything either to eat or drink, in a heavy gale, freezing hard the whole time and the sea continually breaking over the boat, the crew suffering most severely both from cold and hunger, he received the gold medal of the Royal National Institution, which was presented to him by the Duke of Edinburgh, and he is the only coxswain who holds this medal. For the same rescue the town of Ramsgate presented him with a silver medal, which he values very highly as a token of esteem from his fellow townsmen. On his retirement from the service in December, 1891, he was presented with the gold second-service class of the institution, the only one that has ever been presented by the institution, along with a small pecuniary grant. He also holds a diploma from the King of the Netherlands for a service rendered to a vessel belonging to that country.

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