VOL.

VIII., NO. 416.

LONDON, CANADA, SATURDAY, MAY 18. 1901.

WHOLE NO. 16274.

la riages, Deaths.

HILLIPS-On May 17, 1901, at the residence of her son-in-law, Arthur Mc-Lurg, Eliza Phillips, aged 66 years. Funeral on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, from 421 Central avenue, for Carlisle Cemetery. Service at 9:30.

WATSON-On Saturday, May 18, 1901, at her late residence, 194 Hamilton road, Rebecca, beloved wife of William Watson, in her 66th year.

Funeral on Monday, May 20, at 3 p.m.; services at 2:30. Friends and acquaint-ances kindly accept this intimation.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC. Advertisements under this heading 10c per line, or 2c per word each insertion.

BASEBALL-TECUMSEH PARK-Canadian championship. Saturday, May 18:

LONDON VS. GUELPH. Game called, 3:30. Admission, 25c; boys, 10c; ladies, free. Covered stand, 10c; bleachers free. 72c

PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES—PAL-ACE Dancing Academy. Perfect ar-rangements guaranteed for summer season. Extra electric fans, ample ventilation, etc. Dayton & McCormick.

PREACHERS' CONCERT - EMPRESS Avenue Methodist Church, May 24.
Programme given entirely by ministers.
Revs. Dr. Ross, Guelph; H. W. Crews,
St. Thomas; W. Quance, Sliosm; H. D.
Moir, Belmont; R. D. Hamilton, J.
Morrison and T. E. Harrison, city. b

PRINCESS RINK-GRAND MUSICAL attraction. Phinney's United States Band, especially engaged for the Pan-American. Arranged to appear in London one evening only, Wednesday, May 22. Finest organization in America. Prices, 75c, 50c and 25c. Plan open on Monday at Heintzman's. 71k

VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBLYN.
Pupils prepared for intermediate and
final examinations at Toronto Conservatory of Music, also for church and
concert solo work. 'Phone 270. Studio,
328 Dundas street. Concert engagements
accepted. xt

J. T. WOLCOTT, ORGANIST FIRST Methodist Church. Teacher of piano, organ and composition. Address, 5 Prospect avenue. zxt

OPEN FOR THE SEASON-SULPHUR Springs Baths. Daily from 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Single bath, 25c; five tickets, \$1. Cole & Edmonds. zxvt

THE ALLAN LINE OFFERS VERY low fares to the old country via Montreal, calling at Derry. Call for sailing lists. Numidian sails Saturday, May 25. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next

MEETINGS.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES OF LILY Lodge, No. 211, I. O. O. F., Dorchester, will take place on Sunday, May 19, at 2:30 p.m. Meet at Masonic Hall at 2. J. G. McNiven, R.S. b

STAR LODGE, A. O. U. W., ARE hereby notified that a free bus to convey its members to divine service at Lambeth will be in front of Carling's Block, on Richmond street, on Sundaynext, at 1:16 p.m. sharp. Large attendance requested. By order. J. Dalton, M.W.; Thomas Woolley, Recorder.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

WANTED-DINING-ROOM GIRL FOR evenings at Boomer's Confectionery, 181 Dundas street. 74u WANTED-GOOD GENERAL SER-VANT. Apply 140 Wortley road. 73c KITCHEN GIRL WANTED-APPLY at once, City Hotel. 73k DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED-TO go to Port Stanley. Apply 210 Sime street, London. KITCHEN GIRL WANTED-APPLY 72tf

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED— Apply, with references, Mrs. Jento. 289 Dufferin avenue. 721

GIRL WANTED—ONE PREFERRED to go home at night. Apply 40 Ridout street south. 72tf WANTED - GOOD GENERAL SER-VANT-Highest wages; no washing. Apply to Mrs. Macpherson, 420 Oxford street.

WANTED-BY JUNE 1-A GOOD PAR-LOR maid. Apply to Mrs. John Labatt, 572 Queen's avenue. 70tf

WANTED-A YOUNG GIRL TO AS-SIST a housemaid. Apply 510 Welling-ton street. 64tf

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED-AP-PLY to Mrs. Wright, Office Hotel, 378 Richmond street. 62tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED-TAILORESS, FOR ALTER-ATION room. Grafton & Co. 73u WANTED AT ONCE-GIRLS OR women for sorting rags. Apply Lewis & Pollock, opposite postoffice, St. Thomas.

GIRLS WANTED-REASON'S PAPER, Box Works, 80 Dundas street. 74c WANTED-FUR SEWERS. APPLY AT once. John Marshall & Co. WANTED-GIRLS ACCUSTOMED TO paper box making. D. S. Perrin & Co. 70tf

HELP WANTED.

LADIES AND GIRLS, WORK FOR US at home—36 to \$10 weekly; easy work; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send self-addressed envelope for particulars.—Co-operative Home Work Co., & Dearborn, Chicago.

Take Care of Your Piano.

Good tuning at regular intervals is the surest way to preserve the tone of a piano. In this climate most pianos should be tuned three or four times a year. In the city we have a yearly tuning system, which it will pay you to take advantage of.

Three times for \$4 00. Four times for \$5 00 for uprights or Satisfaction guaranteed.

The Nordheimer Piano and Music Co.

188 Dundas Street, 61 years established.

A NEW BOOT FOR MEN.

The Invictus, \$3.25.

The newest MEN'S BOOT on the market is called the "INVICTUS," the greatest value in the world. It is made by GEORGE A. SLATER (formerly senior partner and the practical shoe man of the late firm of George T. Slater & Sons), of Montreal. It is our opinion that the INVICTUS is the finest boot in Canada, and its introduction marks a new epoch in the shoemaking industry of this Dominion.

We have just opened up a new ship-

this Dominion.

We have just opened up a new shipment of these boots. A Velour Calf and a Vici Kid Boot, made in the very newest shapes, both graceful in appearance and perfect fitting. We are more than pleased with them, and want you to see them. They will compare favorably with most boots made to sell at \$500 a pair. We will sell them at \$3 25 a pair. Our assortment of Men's, Women's and Children's Footwear is the largest in the Dominion. Our terms are strictly CASH, thereby enabling us to sell boots of the best grade at a discount of 15 per cent.

POCOCK BROS

140 Dundas Street.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED-MAN; UPRIGHT CHARAC-TER, to manage business of old estab-lished house; salary \$18 per week and expenses, payable each week direct from headquarters; expense money ad-vanced; position permanent; reference. Standard House, 344 Caxton Building, Chicago. 68k tztz

AM PREPARED TO TEACH YOU advertisement writing privately, practically, successfully, by mail Adwriters earn \$25 to \$75 a week. Page-Davis Co., Chicago.

BLACKSMITH WANTED AT ONCE— Must be good general workman; state wages per day. Apply D. A. Stewart, Poplar Hill; Ont. 72c PAINTER WANTED-GOOD BRUSH hand; must be temperate. Apply at once to W. A. Harris, Aflsa Craig, Ont. 73c

TEACHER WANTED AT ONCE FOR S. S. No. 7, Nissouri West. Apply E. Nicholson, Thorndale, Ont. 72c

WANTED AT ONCE—AN ACTIVE AND steady young man to run a tile and brick machine (Parkhill make). Must be experienced. Apply quick, with recommendations, to the R. J. Doyle Manufacturing Company, Shallow Lake, Ont.

WANTED - A CHEESE-MAKER-AT once. Apply H. B. Stevens, Scottsville.

WANTED-FOUR OR FIVE ABLE-BODIED boys to work in bottling de-partment. Carling Brewing and Malt-ing Company. 69tf

AGENTS WANTED.

address and we will show you how to make \$\mathbb{E}\$ a day; absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember, we guarantee a clear profit of \$3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; don't fail to write today. Imperial Silverware Company, Box A407, Windsor, Ont.

SOLICITORS-FIRST-CLASS ONLY Entirely new proposition; no capital required; good references only. Salary or commission. Apply Cooper, Drawer 531 London

WANTED - SALESMEN; SALARY from start, permanent place. Br Bros. Co., Brown's Nurseries, Ont. AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN and city in Canada to sell Anchored Soap. It sells on sight. A delightful soap for the toilet, promoting healthy action of the skin and invigorating the system. Send 25c for a sample box of two cakes and silver-plated stand.

W. H. GILBERT,
No. 9 Masonic Temple, London, Ont.

HOUSES. ETC., TO LET.

TO LET-NEW BRICK HOUSE, WITH five bedrooms; all modern improve-ments. Apply 163 Tecumseh avenue, London South. 74u

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—Boat house at Sulphur Springs. Apply at Springs. 74n

TO LET-NICE COTTAGE ON DREA-NEY avenue, south of Depper's store; fine lot for gardening; five rooms. Ap-ply to A. Keenleyside, 350 Mattland street

TO LET OR FOR SALE—HOUSE, 9 rooms, with barn, hard and soft water, and garden; two six-room cottages, barn and garden to let; brick store and dwelling with barn, good for shoe-maker or butcher, to rent on Rid-out street. Inquire T. Tambling, 200 Ridout street. 68tf ywt

TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE—CENTRALLY located, to let, for sale or exchange for cottage or other city or farm property. Apply Johnston & Casey, 90 Dundas street. 64bu-ywt

TO LET-FINE NEW RESIDENCE, 15
Edward street; finest part South London; double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, store-room, 4 bedrooms, closets, bathroom, electric light, grill arches, front and back stairs. Rent, \$1250, to good tenant. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT-NO. 790 QUEEN'S AVE-NUE-That beautiful new 2-story brick residence, 9 rooms, bath room, modern plumbing, furnace, art glass, grill work, mantel, picture molding, etc. Rent, 18 per month. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank buildings, London, Ont. 71u xt

TO LET-FROM JULY 1 NEXT, THE offices now occupied by the Confederation Life, Market Lane, Ontario loan and Debenture Company's Building, Apply W. F. Bullen. FOR SALE OR TO LET-FURNISHELY cottage, Fraser Heights, Port Stanley; 8 rooms. Apply J. R. Shuttleworth, 388 Clarence street. 69n

TO LET-489 COLBORNE - BRICK house; every convenience; furnace, etc. Apply J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond.

TO LET-NO.40 ALMA STREET NORTH
-Brick cottage, 7 rooms; large stable;
hard and soft water. 701

TO RENT-FURNISHED COTTAGE— Port Stanley. Apply 442 King street.

TO RENT-FROM MAY 1-STORY AND a half brick house, on Central avenue, southwest corner William street, Apply 523 Dundas street, 4tf

TO LET - FURNISHED COTTAGE-Fraser Heights, Port Stanley. Apply Strong's Drug Store. 64tf

HOUSE TO LET - NO. 310 TALBOT street. Alex. Harvey, 804 Talbot street. 54tf FURNISHED COTTAGE-BY MONTH or season, at New Orchard Beach, Port Stanley. 188 Dundas street.

TO LET-UNION FURNITURE VAN-Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Catheart and Bruce, South Lon-don, late of London Furniture Cempany. 'Phone 316.

We set the pace in all lines of stylish, up-to-date Footwear. The very latest creations of the shoemaking art may always be seen in OUR WINDOWS.

We are SOLE AGENTS in London for the following worldknown American Boot and Shoe specialists, whose goods we have controlled in this city for several vears past:

A. E. Nettlet n. Gray Bros .. Utz & Duan. Edwin C. Burt.

Floresheim & Co., Williams, Kneeland & Co. Krohn, Fechheimer & Co. Cohen & Sons.

We also carry the very best fine and staple goods made in Canada by such firms as Bell, McCready, King, Whitham, Marsh, Ames-Holden Co., Percival & Senez, Seguin, Lalime & Co., and other well-known manufacturers.

We invite honest comparison, in grade, style, quality and price, with the Footwear sold by any of our competitors.

Brown's Shoe Store

(Near Smallman & Ingram's) 145 DUNDAS STREET.

WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE-SMALL shop, good location. Apply Box 21, Advertiser.

tailor and dressmaking rags, all kinds metal, old rubbers and bottles. Pay highest cash prices. Orders promptly attended to. H. Serwer, Grey street, corner Adelaide. 'Phone 1,199. WANTED - MIXED RAGS;

BOARDING, ROOMS. ETC.

TO RENT-COMFORTABLE ROOMS, with board. Apply 237 Talbot street. 72c wty WANTED-ROOM, WITH PARTIAL OR full board; private family; modern; central. Address B, Advertiser. 73c

NE LARGE FURNISHED PADM-Suitable for bedroom and sitting-room for married couple or two gentlemen; also smaller room. Apply 461 Dundas street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PASTURE NEAR VICTORIA BRIDGE— For season; good water. Apply E. D. Parke, care of Dominion Savings and Investment Society. 72u wt

F. B. LEYS-OFFICES AT MASONIC Temple, first floor, and London Hat, Cap and Mantle Manufacturing Com-pany, 355, 357 Clarence.

WORKING GIRLS CAN GET DRESS goods at 382 Clarence street by paying a small installment down; balance to suit purchaser.

THE BACON PIG-THE IMPORTED Yorkshire boar, British Hero, for service at lot 21, Commissioners' road, adjoining L. and P. S. Railway, east of Odell Postoffice. Geo. Talbot. 67tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST-FOX TERRIER DOG, BLACK head and tail, and black saddle across back. Answers to name of "Tim."

Anyone detaining him after this notice will be prosecuted. John McClary, South London.

IMPOUNDED—ON MONDAY, MAY 12—Chestnut pony, two white hind feet; aged. If not claimed by May 23, will be sold. W. B. Woodhull, pound-keeper, Lambeth. 72c LOST-SOME TIME AGO-BROWN AND

white collie dog. Anyone retaining him after this notice will be prosecuted. Apply 58 Craig street. Reward. 72c

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

PICNIC HAMS, 11c; Spiced Rolls, 12½c; Three pounds Sausage, 25c; Butter, 15c to 17c. At G. Park's, corner Market Lane. ywt

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!—THE popularity of the Imperial Wheel has led to the production of cheap imitations, with the claim that they are made by the same factory, or are just as good. We are sole agents for the city for the manufacturers of this wheel. It is made from best imported English seamless tubing, and has toolsteel bearings throughout. It is the equal of any wheel at any price, It is not made by a trust—that is why we can sell this quality of a wheel at \$35. J. H. Cunningham, 639 Dundas street.

BNAPS FOR THIS WEEK IN PIANOS that have been in use, but overhauled thoroughly and guaranteed for five years. One Gilbert & Co. piano, rose-wood, 7 octaves, good condition, \$65. One Dunham piano, 7 octaves, in elegant shape, \$100. One Williams piano, 7 1-3 octaves, extra condition, \$125. On easy terms of payment. Heintzman & Co., corner Dundas and Clarence. FOR SALE-CHEAP-GENTLEMAN'S

bicycle; new Dunlop tires. Apply 8 Byron avenue, South London. 74c FOR SALE-TOP BUGGY. APPLY 8 Pegler street, London East. 73u

OR SALE - TWO WINDMILLS, tanks, lumber, bricks, etc. D. H. Porter, auctioneer, 97 Carling street.
74u tw bw FOR

FOR SALE-JERSEY BULL CALF-Also Chester White pigs, either sex; eligible for registration. Box 20, Advertiser.

FOR SALE - TRIO PARTRIDGE Cochins, thoroughbred Brown Leg-horn eggs; also pair counter scales weighing 240 pounds; price \$4. 692 Ade-laide. 62ct TENDERLOINS, 14c LB; THREE lbs bologna, 25c; 3 lbs headcheese, 25c; hecks, &c lb; cooked ham, 30c per lb; see our choice hams and bacon at Park's, 1 to 5 Market House. ywt

INCUBATORS, BROODERS, SHIPPING coops, exhibition coops, fattening coops, traps nests, egg boxes, grit bexes, cut clover, ground charcoal. Catalogue free. A. J. Morgan, manufacturer, London.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-GASOLINE ENGINES—Cheapest and safest. See them in operation. A. J. Morgan, agent, 1,000 Wellington street.

FOR SALE-R. S. WILLIAMS PIANO-Entirely new; guarantee given with purchase. Can be seen by applying at Advertiser for particulars. 72n

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND LUMBER, posts, timber, dressed stuff; bricks, tanks and windmills, building stone and sheet iron. 101 Wharncliffe road, West London.

FOR SALE-EGGS FROM THOROUGH-BRED Barred Plymouth Rocks, Haw-kins' New York strain, \$1 per dozen. 696 Waterloo street. 72c

LIGHT SPRING DELIVERY WAGON and buggles; in good repair. Charles Johns, 361 Talbot street. 70tf FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE PUMPS, bells, tubes, tires; all kinds of bicycle parts at lowest prices. D. McKenzie, 298 Richmond street, one door south G. T. R.

MUSIC.
MAGAZINES
BIBLES,
ART WORKS,
WAR VIEWS,
BOUND,
ANY STYLE.
CHAPMAN'S BINDERY,
'Phone 370.

Do not leave your books
to be lost or destroyed in
the housecleaning. Notify us and we will send
for your binding. All
styles and prices, and
satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAPMAN'S BINDERY,
'91 Dundas Street.
vwt. MUSIC.

SEVEN BARS SOAP, 25c; CATSUP, 15c, quart bottles; 3 cans salmon, 25c; prunes, 4 and 5 lbs, 25c; fine mustard pickles, 15c quart. R. A. Ross, corner York and Thames streets.

FOR SALE—A GOOD COMBINATION tandem; will be sold very cheap to a cash purchaser. Apply Box 19, Advertiser. 70tf

FOR SALE-1 HEAVY WORK HORSE, price \$50; general purpose horse, price \$60; 1 thoroughbred horse, 4 years old, dark bay, sound and gentle, price \$125. Call at 262 South street, city. 68tf FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS—NO 134 Sydenham street, 1½ story brick veneer house, 7 rooms, lot 33x160 feet; price \$1,-250. Apply on premises. 68bu

FOR PUTTING UP HAY FORKS farmers use our ladders; painters, plumbers and eavestroughers prefer them to all others. So does everyone. Catalogue free. The Waggoner Ladder Company, Limited, factory corner York and Colborne streets, London, Ont.

CHEAP SHINGLES, SHINGLES, \$1 25; pine and hemlock lumber, \$14 per thousand; lath, posts, doors, sashes. Call at Sutherland's yard; selling out; opposite C. P. R. freight sheds, Pall Mall street, north end, city. 32tf 84tf t

CHEAP COAL AND WOOD—A GOOD stock of the best hard coal and all kinds of soft coal, and the best quality of hard and soft wood, at the lowest cash price. Yard, William street and G. T. Railway. Green & Co. 'Phone 1,391.

ORGANS AND PIANOS FROM \$5 TO \$70; sewing machines from \$2 50 to \$20; bedroom sets and all kinds furniture and stoves taken in exchange for new. Remember the place, A. T. Parish, 357 Talbot street, south market square. FOR BEST COAL AND WOOD, DELIV-ERED free, city, try Wm. Buchanan, 633 Colborne street. 'Phone 1,096.

TWO HORSES FOR SALE-ALSO laundry plant. Bart Cottam Co. 55tf ARD WOOD-BEECH AND MAPLE-Best quality; also soft wood. Prompt delivery. S. Gillies & Son. 'Phone 1,312. WE CAN SAVE YOU FROM \$1 TO \$5

by purchasing your baby carriage or go-cart from us. Keene Bros., 127 King street. HAPPY THOUGHT RANGES AND ALL kinds of stoves, new and second-hand. 100 cook stoves wanted, will pay cash, at F. Keene's, 141 King street.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE — WALL paper, paints, oil, glass, mixed paints, brushes. Open till 10 p.m. Scarrow, 434 Richmond.

IF YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH OLD sores, piles, burns, skin disease, use New Century Magic Salve. 26 cents box. No. 15 Masonic Temple.

The Western Real Estate Exchange.

78½ Dundas St., London. 'Phone 696. FOR SALE—STORY AND HALF brick house on the south side of Chester street, in the township of Westminster, just outside the city limits, with half an acre of land and stable; also frame cottage, with large lot and stable, 725 Maitland street. See posters advertising sale by auction at D. H. Porter's auction rooms, 97 Carling street, London, on Thursday, May 30, 1901, at 1:30 p.m. Do you want to invest your money at a good rate of interest? You can realize from 8 to 12 per cent per annum on your money by buying these properties. Or do you want to buy a comfortable home for cash or on easy terms of payment? Part of the money may remain on mortgage at 5 per cent per annum. You can save from 3 to 6 per cent per annum by buying these properties instead of renting. See them and attend the sale on Thursday, May 30, at 1:30 p.m. Suitable for a retired farmer, mechanic, laborer or person of moderate at 1:30 p.m. Suitable for a retired farmer, mechanic, laborer or person of moderate means. We will take a small farm or market garden in exchange for either of these properties. If you want to buy a farm send for our printed lists of over 250 farms for sale and exchange in Western Ontario. JAMES BURROWS. Manager, 74-18&80k

FOR SALE BY TENDER.

Valuable business properties in the city of London, Ont. The Toronto General Trusts Corporation

Will receive offers for the purchase of the following properties belonging to the estate of The Late Hon. Sir Frank Smith.

1. 156 Dundas street, having a frontage on the north side of Dundas street of about 29 feet, by a depth to Carling street of about 199 feet. There is erected on the property a brick store, covering the whole lot, about half of which is three storeys in height with basement and the remainder two stories, occupied by Mr. John Garvey, wholesale grocer.

2. 194 Dundas street, having a frontage on the north side of Dundas street of about twenty feet by a depth of about 185 feet. There is eracted on the property brick store about 20x50 feet, three stories, with one story addition about 20x 100 feet, occupied at present by Messres. Bradford & Hodgins, confectioners.

Tenders, which may be for one or both properties, to be addressed to THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION, Toronto,

Not later than the 20th May, 1901.

TERMS: For each property a cash payment equal to one-quarter of the purchase money to be made, and the balance at such times as may be arranged, bearing 4 per cent interest, payable half yearly.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For full particulars apply to Dated at Toronto Sth day of May, 1901.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—GOOD COTTAGE, WITH large lot and good fruit. Apply 154 Tecumseh avenue, near Normal School. 62k-t

CHOICE SITE FOR MANUFACTURER (corner lot); centrally located with G. T. R. siding. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 420 Taibot street. FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS, NEAR new Normal School. Will sell cheap on easy terms. Apply 278 Ridout street.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY BRICK RE-SIDENCE; has all modern improve-ments; beautiful lot; central location, at \$2,900. Nice new brick cottage; large lot; fine location, north; only \$1,300. J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond street.



IS THE MOTTO OF CONTENTMENT. Do not get it into your head that it is a financial impossibility to own real estate. Begin by buying what you can handle, and year by year your holdings will be increased. We have a very large and well selected list of properties to choose from. We, however, only mention a few below, viz.:

BUILDING LOTS. Lot No. 4, St. Paul's survey, Dundas street, east; price \$950.
Colborne street—That eligible building lot immediately south of Colborne Street Church, 54x150. Price \$850.
Hamilton road—North side, between Hill and Rectory streets.

COTTAGES.

COTTAGES.

Simcoe street—Frame, 22x45, brick foundation, 7 rooms. Price \$1,000.

Langarth street—1 story frame, 6 rooms, corner lot, 60x150. Price \$700.

Elias street—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 6 rooms, lot 33x116. Price reduced from \$800 to \$700 for a few days.

Dufferin avenue—Near Maitland, frame cottage, 6 rooms, good sized lot, splendid location. Price \$1,300.

Ridout street—That very desirable property occupying the southwest corner of Ridout and Craig streets, lot 96x195; will sub-divide if desired.

RESIDENCES

RESIDENCES. RESIDENCES.

Salisbury street—Two story frame dwelling, brick foundation, containing 8 rooms, lot 50x183 feet. This property is situated just outside the city limits, low taxes and within a few minutes' walk of Dundas street cars. Price \$900.

Stanley street—Two story frame, brick foundation, containing 8 rooms, good sized lot; very convenient to city. Price \$1,600.

St. James street—New attractive 1½ story brick, 6 rooms, plate glass windows, inside shutters, everything in first class condition. Price \$1.850.

Note—The above is only a very few of the properties we have for sale, and if nothing in the above list suits you, you are invited to call.

LOANS. Money advanced to complete purchase price, build (money advanced as building progresses), remodel the old house or pay old mortages, in sums of \$100 and A. A. CAMPBELL,

C. H. ARMITAGE, Field Manager. Telephone, 642. 50tf t

Real Estate, Loans and Investments, Molsons Bank Buildings, London, Ont.

P. Walsh's Bulletin. 901 Simcoe street—A splendid two-story frame house on brick foundation; 9 rooms; in first-class repair; lot 33 by 190 feet. Price, \$1,800.

521 and 523 Dundas street—Two semidetached two story brick houses, 8 rooms each, lot 48x200 feet, at the low figure of \$3,000. Move quick.

474 Colborne street—Two story brick house, 10 rooms, all modern improvements lot 33x110 feet. Price \$3,000.

Cheapside street—A new brick cottage, 6 rooms, large lot. Price \$1,250. A snap. Queen's avenue—A large frame cottage, 7 rooms, in good order, good lot. Price \$1,000.

Beaconsfield avenue—1½ story brick house, 8 rooms, finished in style, good lot. Price to suit.

111 Duchess avenue—A new frame cottage, on brick foundation, 7 rooms, in-

Price to suit.

111 Duchess avenue—A new frame cottage, on brick foundation, 7 rooms, inside blinds, with two large lots. An immediate sale required, owner leaving the

mediate sale required, owner leaving the city.

761 Maitland street—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, good lot. At a bargain.

669 Colborne street—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern, good lot.

Price \$2,000 for immediate purchase.

King street—A large 2-story frame house, 10 rooms, in good order, frame barn, lot 56x175 feet. At a bargain to close. barn, lot 56x175 feet. At a bargain to close.

260 Talbot street—A first-class 2-story frame house on brick foundation, 10 rooms, in good order, lot 50x110 feet. At a bargain. Call on us at once.

Fullarton street—A new 2-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern, nice lot. This property will be sold at very low figure.

The remaining lots on the Hamilton road and Redan street are now selling off fast. Secure a lot now, before this property advances in price.

Beautiful lots on Evergreen avenue, lots on corner of Waterloo and Piccadilly streets, grand selection of lots in all the wards of the city. We invite you to call and see what we can do in real estate for you.

Phone 1,021. P. WALSH, 110 Dundas St.

LONDON REAL ESTATE AGENCY. Central Avenue Residence—No. 417; first-class new brick residence, 9 rooms, furnace, bath; built in the best manner; stone foundation, cellar under whole house. Good chance to get an attractive home channer and the stone of th house. Good chance to get an attractive home cheap at once.

Great Chance—No. 87 Cartwright street, good substantial frame residence, in good order; fine lot; lawn and trees. Must be sold. For a home or investment see this. Old Race Course Farm—In 5 acre blocks, \$100 per acre; just east of Egerton street, outside city taxes; near all the new factories. Great chance for speculation.

\$8 per Month Rent-52 Piccadilly street, \$6 rooms, gas, good lot; newly papered; veranda, etc. One block from Oxford street cars. W. D. BUCKLE.

INTHE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF John Baker, late of the township of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, yeoman, deceased—Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1897, Chapter 129, Section 33, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said John Baker, who died on or about the 2nd day of April, A.D. 1901, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to Tennent, McDonagh & Coleridge, of 78 Dundas street, in the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, solicitors for the executors of the said deceased, on or before the 1st day of June, A.D. 1901, their names, addresses, and descriptions, and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified, and that after the said date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice. Dated at London this 1st day of May, A.D. 1901. Tennent, McDonagh & Coleridge, 78 Dundas street, London, Ont., solictors for Harriet Jane Baker, Isaac Baker and Eli Burrows, the executors of the will of the said faceased.

Oriental **Rum and Quinine** Hair Tonic

Will stop your hair from falling out-give strength and vigor to the roots of the hair-make it grow thick, silky and luxuriantand will add gloss and luster to dry, lifeless locks. A positive cure for dandruff and other scalp diseases. Costs only 50 cents &

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE. Chemists and Druggists, 216 Duncas St., London.

of the Handsome Residence of John Kelly (who is leaving for Sault Ste. Marie),

The undersigned are instructed to sell by public auction the handsome up-to-date residence, built two years ago, at a cost of \$3,500, being No. 101. Wharncliffe road, West London, with stables, outbuildings and six acres of land as good as can be found in the Dominion, and most suitable for retired farmer or market gardener, or could be sold for building lots. Street railway passes door. The property must be sold on

Thursday, May 30, 1901 at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp, at the auction rooms of H. Porter & Co., 97 Carling street, London.

Administrators' Sale of

H. Porter & Co., Auctioneers.

City Property. STORES NUMBERS 249, 251, 253 AND 255 Wellington street, being on the north-west corner of Wellington and Horton

west corner of weinington and by public streets.

There will be offered for sale by public auction, at the auction rooms of Mr. J. W. Jones, 242 Dundas street, in the city of London, on Tuesday, the 21st day of May, 1901, at 2 o'clock p.m., the following lands and premises, viz.:

Part of lot No. 1 on the north side of Horton street, in the city of London, having a frontage on Wellington street of 80 feet.

of 80 feet.

The above property has erected thereon four frame stores and dwellings, above belonging to the estate of the late Joseph For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to PURDOM, vendor's solicitors, Masonic Temple Building, or to J. W. JONES, Esq., 242 Dundas street, London, Ont. 68cttz

Executor's Sale. THE FOLLOWING NINE HOUSES and grounds therewith in the City of London will be offered for sale by public auction on Tuesday, the 4th day of June next, at the auction rooms of J. W. Jones, 242 Dundas street, London, at 2:30 p.m.

Nos. 202, 206, 210, 214 and 218, all on the east side of Maitland street, known as the McNeil Terrace, and 179, 181 and 185, on the west side of Maitland street; also No. 564 Wellington street.

T. J. MURPHY, Solicitor for Executor; J. W. JONES, Auctioneer. May 16, 1901.

To Contractors. TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the architect of the Board of Education up till 5 p.m. Friday, May 31, 1901, for the erection and completion of certain improvements and additions to Victoria School, Askin street, London South. Each tender is to be accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of the Chairman of the Board of Education, amounting to 5 per cent of the price mentioned in tender, and proposals not accompanied by such checks will not be considered. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. T. HAMILTON, Chairman No. 2 Committee; HERBERT MATTHEWS, Architect. 74c 18,23,28

Sparks From the Wires.

The locked-out cigarmakers of Mon-treal will establish a co-operative factory.

Mr. E. B. Osler, M. P., has subscribed \$1,000 to Lady Minto's cottage hospital A young man named Garnet E. Hooper, of Toronto, was found dead beside

the railway track at Utterson.

The Very Rev. Francis Paget, D. D., has been appointed Bishop of Oxford, in succession to the late Right Rev. William Stubbs. Sir Charles Tupper went to Montreal

this afternoon. Lady Tupper and Miss Tupper leave for Winnipeg Tuesday. Sir Charles goes west later on. Blanche Reinolds, aged seven years, died at Harbor Beach, Mich., as a result, it is alleged, of a brutal pounding administered by girl schoolmates. The little victim is said to have formerly

lived in Toronto. The private subscriptions to Captain Bernier's polar expedition amount to \$15,000. The promoters intend to send subscription lists to the schools throughout Canada in the hope that the school children will contribute five cents each towards the project.

BRUCEFIELD WON.

Brucefield, Ont., May 17.—The football season opened here last evening, when the Clinton Collegiate Institute team played a hotly contested and clean game with the Rovers, of this place, the rame resulting in a score of 4 to 1 in favor of the Rovers.

31/2 per cent interest allowed in Savings Bank, and higher rates on Debentures.

Loans on Real Estate, Stocks

and Debentures can be obtained promptly at low rates. Carner Richmond and Carling Street

\$6,000 FOR BIBLE!

Well-Preserved Blackletter Copy, Nearly 500 Years Old, Sold in London.

London, May 18.—At Sotheby's, on columns, fifty-two lines to the page, Thursday, a "Holy Bible, English in bold English blackletter. Thirtytranslation of John Wycliffe and his followers," was purchased by Henry ders, and there are the ornamental Sothers: & Co., the booksellers, for pen letters throughout. The book, £1,200. The book is in fine manuscript which was the work of an English £1,200. The book is in fine manuscript scribe of about the year 1401, is in an excellent state of preservation.

GREAT STRIKE IS SETTLED!

The Albany Traction Company and Their Employes Reach an Agreement.

Concessions Made on Both Sides --- The Men Gain Material Advantages --- Wages Increased --- Union Recognized---Notice of Decision to Strike To Be Given by Employes.

Albany, N. Y., May 18.—The great | brought from other points to take strike is over.

One thousand men in five cities, who have been idle for eleven days, returned to their work at noon.

Forty-six miles of trac kthat has rusted for a like period, except where a guarded car sped over it, began to be polished by the schedule-running

Three thousand members of the National Guard, in soggy clothes, from a drenching rain, began preparing to go

The strike has been of twelve days' duration, and the total cost of it in all ways to date, is estimated as fol-Loss of life, two prominent citizens;

cost to company, \$17,423 03; cost to strikers, \$17,820; cost to county, \$33,700; total costs, \$68,943 03.

The agreement in full is as follows:

First-The road will continue to recognize and treat with any committee of its employes, representing organized or unorganized labor, when they de-sire to be heard in relation to any grievances

Second—Any men, who may be suspended or discharged by the superintendent shall be entitled to appeal to the executive committee of the com-

Third-Conductors and motormen who exhibit their badges by pinning them on the lapels of their coats, shall be permitted to ride without payment of fares on all cars operated on a di-vision on which conductor or motorman belong

Fourth-Inspectors riding on cars

shall not be registered as passengers unless a pass is given.

Fifth—The road will pay all employes for time lost when they have been suspended by the company and found not guilty.

Sixth-There will be no discrimination against any of the men on account of the strike of May 7, 1901, but this shall not apply to those under ar-rest, or who, within the next ten days may be placed under arrest, charged with the commission of unlawful br riotous acts until the executive committee, after a hearing given to such persons, shall be satisfied that there is reasonable doubt of their guilt.

Seventh-The road is free to employ union or non-union men, and to dis-

charge them for cause.

Eighth—The wages of all the motormen, conductors, linemen and pitmen shall be 20 cents an hour and pit help-

ers 17½c per hour.
Ninth—The strikers agree that in consideration of the several agreements consideration of the several agreements herein contained to be kept by the company that the members of the said divisions will discharge their duties in an efficient, faithful and skilled man-

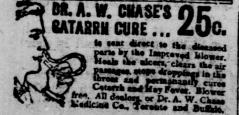
Tenth-To reduce as much as postible inconvenience to the traveling public, it is agreed that no proposition for a strike shall be acted upon by any livision at the same meeting at which it is introduced. But that at least 48 hours shall elapse before such proposition shall be voted upon. And if a strike shall be ordered it shall not take

THE NON-UNION MEN.

The non-union men brought here to fill the places of the strikers will unquestionably withdraw although the formal agreement does not mention them. The company declined to agree to send them away as a member of the to send them away so a member of the directorate says, but it is felt that ser-vice under the circumstances will be so unpleasant for them that they will voluntarily withdraw.

Yesterday's Doings.

After about eight hours of conference yesterday the officials of the Inited Traction Company, and the ommittees from the organisations of he strikers adjourned without chang-ng the situation. The reason there was no settlement was because the company refuses to discharge the men



strikers' places. The compromise proposition framed at the meeting of the executive committee of the Albany and Troy strike organizations was presented by the advocates of the strikers, and formed

the basis of a long discussion.

The strikers agreed to waive the question of unionism, so far as employes of the company at the time the strike was declared are concerned. The company, on the other hand, refused to discharge the non-union men brought to this city to take the place

of the strikers. The company on the wage question, was willing to increase the wages of the extra men and night trippers to 19% cents per hour, but refused to establish a uniform rate of 20 cents an hour for all employes, as requested by

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE TROOPS. There was no repetition of the sirring scenes of disorder and turbulence that have marked the Traction strike as one of the most desperate labor Major Case who commanded the battalion in charge at the barn, instructed his men that in case of attack they were to first use their rifle butts, then their bayonets, and as a last resort their cartridges. The mounted signalmen were instructed to first use their horses, then the backs of their sabres, next their sabre blades, and last their re-volvers. The afternoon was feature-The strikers rejoiced over the desertion of all the inspectors on the traction lines save four. The inspectors objected to riding about in the guarded cars, and preferred to join the strikers. Toward night a heavy rain began descending, and the soldiers were left to patrol streets that were practically deserted.

LABOR NOTES. The 2,000 union machinists of Cleveland, Ohio, held an enthusiastic meeting last night, and demanded that a

strike be inaugurated Monday morn-At Kingston, Ont., the strike situa-

tion is unchanged. Between 15,000 and 20,000 bricklayers in the employ of contractors who are members of the New York Masons' Builders' Association, were locked out at noon on Friday.

ROYAL MINT AT OTTAWA

Mr. Fielding's Resolution Introduced in the House.

It Is Expected To Be Self-Sustaining Manitoba Bill Passes Senate Without Comment.

Ottawa, May 17.—A very heavy day's work was done by the house today, and all the government bills upon the order paper save two were given third effect until at least six days have readings. Mr. Fielding's resolution granting \$15,000 yearly for the mainduring which time the employes shall tenance of a branch of the royal mint at Ottawa was reported, and a bill founded upon it was given first reading. Mr. Fielding announced that he expected the mint to be self-sustaining. and that arrangements had been made with the imperial authorities to coin British sovereigns when the mint is not employed in coining Canadian currency. It is probable that \$2 50, \$5 and \$10 will be the denominations of Canada gold coins issued. A purchasing assay office is also to be opened, but whether it will be located at Dawson City or in British Columbia has yet to be determined. As correspondence respecting the contract between New South Wales and the Eastern Extension Company is and the Eastern Extension Company is still proceeding. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had a clause inserted in the Pacific cable bill providing that the act shall not go into operation until the governor-general issues his proclamation. Sir Wilfrid Laurier pointed out to Mr. Clarke legal and practical objections in the way of the government at this late stage of the session adopting his bill restricting the Bell Telephone Company as a government measure.

MANITORA BILL BASED MAR

MANITOBA BILL PASSED THE

SENATE. The Manitoba railway bill has passed the senate, and new simply awaits the royal assent. It went through the upper chamber at lightning speed compared to its progress in the commons. In the morning and for a part of the TO CURE PILES.

A Remedy That Will Do It and Is Per-

We do not intend to indorse any except articles of real merit. We therefore take pleasure in calling attention to a new pile cure which has been remarkably successful in curing every form of itching, bleeding or protruding piles. The remedy is known as the Pyramid Pile Cure and is recommended by the File Cure, and is recommended by the best medical authorities on account of its absolute safety, ease of application and instant relief from pain.

The Pyramid Pile Cure contains no opium or other poison, and does not interfere with daily occupation while using. People who believed nothing but a surgical operation would cure them have been astonished at the results from a single 50-cent package of the

Mrs. Mary C. Tyler, of Heppner, Ore. writes: One package of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely cured me of piles from which I have suffered for years, and I have never had the slightest return of them since.

Mr. E. O'Brien, Rock Bluffs, Neb., says: The package of Pyramid Pile Cure entirely removed every trace of itching piles. I cannot thank you

The Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by all druggists at 50 cents per package.

Treatise on cause and cure of piles mailed free by addressing Pyramid Co.,

afternoon it was before the senate railway committee, when Mr. Z. A.
Lash explained the measure, on behalf
of the Canadian Northern Railway
Company, and Mr. Monro Grier opposed it. Mr. Barwick spoke briefly on be-half of the Manitoba Government. Many questions were asked by the sen-Many questions were asked by the sen-ators, but none of them ventured to discuss it. The bill was reported to the senate in the afternoon, and on the motion of Senator Kirchoffer the rules were suspended and the bill read a third time without debate. The third reading was put through in less than two minutes without a word of comment from anybody. In fact, it seemed as though there was an understanding to let the bill severely alone. The pensions bill was reported with-out amendment, read a third time and passed. The senate will sit tomorrow.

EDWARD'S BIRTHDAY.

King Does Not Wish It Ubserved on May 24.

Case of Misunderstanding—Only Suggested That Queen's Birthday Should Be Celebrated in the Meantime.

London, May 18.-Sir Francis Knollys, private secretary to the King, explains that there has been a misunderstanding in regard to the King's wish that May 24 should be observed as his birthday. He says the King suggested that Queen Victoria's birthday should be observed as usual so Had he remained long without attention he would not have survived. It is ever is merely a temporary one. "KING DAVID" COMING.

London, May 18.—It is settled that Prince Albert Edward of York, the eldest son of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, will join his parents when they reach Canada on the return from their Australian tour. TURBINE STEAMSHIP LAUNCHED

Glasgow, May 18.-Denny Bros., of Dumbarton, the builders of Shamrock II., have launched the steamship King Edward—the first commercial vessel to be fitted with turbine engines. She is expected to develop a speed of 20 knots an hour.

MRS. McKINLEY'S HEALTH

Turning Point in the Patient's Condition-She Continues to Improve.

San Francisco, May 18.-It was learned today that the rally which had marked the turning point in Mrs. McKinley's illness had come immediately after a treatment on Thursday, which included a saline injection directly into the blood. Her pulse showed quick improvement and she continued to improve all day yesterday. Leading physicians who have been informed of the course of treatment pursued, not only entertain the hope, but have confidence in the prediction that the patient will have better health in the future than she has had for many years.

SPREAD OF SMALLPOX

Development of the Disease at Havelock-A Case at Lachine.

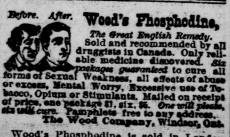
Toronto, Ont., May 27.-The smallpox outbreak in Carden township, Victoria county, is assuming rather alarming proportions. Three more cases were reported this morning, making a total of 25 to date.

Havelock, Ont., May 17.—There are three cases of smallpox about a mile west of this place at the home of John Morrow. The disease is supposed to have been brought from the northern lumber shanties by his son. The case is considered serious. The authorities have taken precaution to prevent it

Lachine, eight miles from Montreal has a case of smallpox-a 16-year-old girl.

Anyone troubled with boils, pimples, rashes, festering sores, or any chronic or malignant skin disease should use Surdock Blood Bitters externally and take internally. It will cure where

A perfect pedal—worthy of the high-grade machine it is—is fitted on the Brantford "Red Bird." For sale at 360 Richmond street, Brantford represent-



HYPNOTIC

SUBJECT KILLED!

In the Course of a Show at Woonsocket, R. I.

Woman Killed by Bite of a Cat-Andrew Taylor, of Clinton, Looses Both Feet—Three Men Killed by Chimney Falling.

HYPNOTIST'S SUBJECT KILLED. Woonsocket, R. I., May 18.-During an exhibition of hypnotism given by Prof. Franke Farnsworth and wife, of Fitchburg, at the opera house Thursday night, one of the subjects, Thomas day night, one of the subjects, Thomas Bolton, also of Fitchburg, was killed. Mr. Bolton was resting between two chairs with a 600-pound stone on his body. A local blacksmith, Clifford Trask, attempted to break the stone with a sledge-hammer. The chair on which Bolton's head rested, gave way and the subject fell to the floor, the stone crushing his head. He died shortly after. shortly after.

Prof. Farnsworth was placed under arrest, as was also Trask who had left the hall and gone to his boarding house. Bolton had been traveling with Prof. Farnsworth as one of his sub-

FATAL BITE OF CAT. Troy, N. Y., May 18.-Mrs. George Bates is dead from a bite received from a pet cat. Two months ago while she was caressing the cat the animal fastened its teeth in her arms. Yesterday her illness became acute and she expired in a few minutes.

TWO TRAGEDIES. Watertown, N. Y., May 18.—Fred Pike, aged 22, and his bride of one month, stood conversing on the lawn at Massena, when he suddenly drew a revolver and blew his brains out.

Jealousy is said to be the motive. The 15-months-old son of Charles Cowles, of Adams, pulled a tub of hot water off a bench onto himself and died from the effects of the frightful burns received.

LOST BOTH FEET. The Clinton New Era says: One of the most distressing accidents that has occurred of late around here was that which happened to Andrew Taylor, of town, on Wednesday night. It appears he was returning home, driving, along the concession known as John's, and was near the railroad crossing, when the 10:15 train hove in sight. Mr. Taylor's hearing and sight is not of the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and perhaps he did not continued to the hest and the Taylor's hearing and sight is not of the best, and perhaps he did not even see or hear it. The horse became frightened and unmanageable; the buggy was wheeled suddenly around throwing him on the track just as the train reached him. In a moment he was under the engine, the wheels pass-ing over and crushing off both feet at ing over and crushing off both feet at the ankles. It was a narrow escape that he was not killed outright, and is a miracle it did not happen so, unhappily enough as it is to lose both feet. The horse and rig arrived in town all right, but it was fortunate that the Messrs. Taylor and Townsend were along, who brought him to the doctors. and his relatives feel it keeply. In the Ontario Accident Co., of which D. L. Macpherson is agent, he was insured for \$5,000, and

town. The townspeople hope he may speedfly recover from the shock. DROWNED WHILE FISHING. Burlington, May 18 .- A drowning accident occurred here Thursday night off G. R. Baxter's pier, the victim being Albert Campbell, about 35 years of Campbell went fishing about 3:30, and not returning, a search was made for him, when his body was found near the foot of the dock in eight feet

he is a member of several societies of

of water. THREE MEN KILLED.

St. John, N. B., May 17.—A terrible accident happened this afternoon, when the 107-foot chimney at Jewett's sawmill at Millidgeville, collapsed. crushing to death, with its thousands of bricks, three men, and injuring three others. The dead are Wm. J. Price, George McCluskey and Charles Wilson-all men in the prime of life. The injured are Jos. Nesbitt, Robert Logan and Henry Conder.

On Tuesday repairs to the chimney were begun. Price had the contract for the work. Price and McCluskey were working 100 feet up the inside of the structure. They were on the swinging staging, and were engaged in taking out the brick lining and lowering the bricks in a tub. other men were tending the tub be-

Some pieces of timber had just been sent up to the men on the staging, when a crackling noise was heard, and with a terrible noise the great chimney fell upon the boiler house, the tons of brick wrecking the structure, but not injuring the boiler or engines to any extent. McCluskey's body was found first. He had been instantly killed, his neck being broken. Price and Wilson were taken out alive. The former was crushed horribly about the head and body and died threequarters of an hour later. Wilson and Conder ran when they heard the crash. Conder ran away from the chimney and was saved. Wilson ran towards the channey and was crushed. His injuries were terrible, but he lived for three hours.

DEATH OF MRS. PHILLIPS.

Mrs. Eliza Phillips, relict of the late Griffith Phillips, of Ailsa Craig, died last night, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs, Arthur McLurg. She leaves a family of four daughters, Miss Ida Phillips, of Princess avenue school teaching staff; Mrs. Woolson, of Bay City; Mrs. Marshall, of Allsa Craig, and Mrs. A. McLurg, of this city. The funeral takes place at 9:30 a.m. on Monday from 421 Central avenue to Carlisle cemetery.

London to New York.

Take the Grand Trunk and Lehigh Valley. Four trains daily. Through cars, London to New York. The Lenigh Valley have three stations in New -uptown, near all first-class hotels, and down town, near all European steamship docks, saving passengers for Europe a long and expensive transfer. Secure your tickets via Lehigh Valley at Grand Trunk City or Station Ticket Office. 74g tywtzyw 74g tywtzyw

THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures iameness and soreness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claimes to public confidence.

SUNDAY IN LONDON MUST ANSWER THE

What Is Going On in the Leading Churches of the City.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST
Church—Pastor. Rev. T. S. Johnson.
Rev. Walter Moffatt will preach at 11
a.m., and the pastor at 7 p.m.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH -Rev. J. W. Holmes, pastor. 11 a.m., Rev. W. M. Walker; 7 p.m., the pastor. CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH
-Rev. George Jackson, pastor. Services
tomorrow as usual.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church-Morning service, Rev. W. C. Beer. Evening, Rev. A. G. Kellington. CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Pastor's Bible Class and Sabbath School, 3 p.m.

CHRISTIAN WORKERS, KING STREET

-Dr. Watson's final meetings tomorrow.

11, "Right and Wrong Views of Christian Perfection"; 2:30, "The Lord's Return"; 7, "The Issues of Eternity." b

DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST Church—Anniversary services. Morning, Rev. Dr. Courtice, of Toronto, editor of the Christian Guardian, will preach, and in the evening Rev. T. Egerton Shore, superintendent of the Fred Victor Mission. Special music by the choir. Morning—Anthem, "Festival Te Deum," in E flat (Dudley Buck); duet, "My Jesus, as Thou Wilt" (Schnecker); quartet, "I'm a Pilgrim" (Marston). Evening—Anthem, "Sing, O Heavens" (Sullivan); solo, "The Holy Temple" (Gounod); solo, "The Plains of Peace" (Barnard); "Hallelujah Chorus," from Handel's "Messiah."

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church-Rev. T. E. Harrison, pastor. Rev. J. E. Hunter will preach morning and evening. Sabbath School, 2:45.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. E. Clarence Oakley, pastor. Morning, "Who is My Mother, or My Brothers?" Evening, second address to young people, "The Heroism of a Young Queen."

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIEN-TIST)—First reader, David S. Robb. C. S. B. Services, Sundays and Wednesdays, at usual hours.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV.
J. V. Smith, D.D., pastor. Morning.
Rev. T. Egerton Shore, M.A., B.D., Toronto. Evening, Rev. A. C. Courtice,
D.D., editor Christian Guardian, Toronto. Morning—Anthem, "Hark, What
Mean?" (Sullivan); duet, "In His Hands
Are All the Corners" (Schnecker).
Evening—Anthem, "The Lord of Hosts
is With Us" (Pattison); solo and
chorus, "In the Cathedral" (De Chaneet); offertory, "Andantino," D flat
(Lemaire).

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., both conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and Society for Bible Study at 3 p.m.

HAMILTON ROAD METHODIST Church—The pastor, Rev. S. J. Allin, will preach. Morning, "Prayer's An-swer", evening, "The Candle of the

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN
Church—Rev. Thomas Wilson, pastor,
will preach. Morning, "Trusting in the
Lord"; evening, "A Solemn Question,"
Strangers welcome. MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church-Rev. C. S. G. Boone, pastor. 11 a.m., children's service; subject, "Gardening." 7 p.m., special young people's service. Free seats. Good singing. All welcome.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, CORNER OF Queen's avenue and William Street— Rev. C. C. Owen, B.A., rector. Sunday after Ascension Day. Morning service, 11, the rector will preach. Evening service and Holy Communion, 7; Arch-deacon MacKay, of Battleford, Sask., will preach. Sunday School, 3, and Bible Class, 3:16.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church-Rev. A. J. MacGillivray, M.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor, Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH— Worship, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. In the morning Rev. J. W. Holmes will preach. Evening subject, "A Quiet Life." Sun-day School and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

T. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "Deborah, the Deliverer of Israel"; children's address, "The Lily." 7 p.m., "A Request and a Refusal." 3 p.m., Sabbath Schöol and Pastor's Class. Monday, Y. P. S. C. E. Wednesday, prayer meeting.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, WEST LON-DON-The Rev. R. S. Howard, M.A., will preach at both services. Semi-annual collection in aid of building

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LON-DON-Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. Evans Davis, rector.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—MORNING—
"Venite" (Monk), "Te Deum" (Hutchinson); "Benedictus" (Whitwam), Preacher, the Dean. Evening—"Magnificat" (Bunnett), "Nunc Dimittis" (Bunnett); anthem, "Leave Us Not" (Stainer), Preacher, Rev. Canon Dann, B.A. Holy Communion at 8:30 a.m. Collection for diocesan missions.

diocesan missions. TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—
Rev. A. T. Sowerby, Ph.D., LL.D., pastor. 11 a.m., "Israel Wooed in Valn";
7 p.m., "My Enemy Preparing for a
Fresh Attack." All seats free. Come

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. R. D. Hamilton, pastor. Epworth League Day. II a.m., the pastor; Sunday School, 2:30 p.m.; 7 p.m., platform meeting and song service. Morning—Anthem, "The King of Love My Shepherd Is" (Shelley); solo, "The Way of Peace (Neal), Miss Fowler. Evening—Anthem, "Hearken Unto Me, My People" (Sullivan): quartet, "Saviour, Breathe an Evening Biessing" (Parks); anthem, "My Soul Longeth" (Marston); solo, "Judith" (Concone), H. R. McDonald.

ACCOMMODATION AT THE PAN-AMERICAN.

ACCOMMODATION AT THE PANAMERICAN.

The Business Men's Associations of Buffalo have established an information and rooming bureau for Pan-American service, with headquarters at 215-217 Main street. This entire building, which was constructed for the Bank of Commerce, is brought into service, and no detail is omitted in equipment, anticipating the wishes of visitors. Hotel and rooming-house proprietors have been persuaded to agree on very low rates for their accommodations, and the homeowners to throw open their doors to welcome guests. Under this plan there is ample accommodation for all who visit the Buffalo exposition, and no confusion, extortions or annoyance will be encountered, if the visitors will come at once to this bureau. We will direct them to their rooms, under as complete a system as can be devised. We have guides, messengers, porters, stenographers and others, as well as carriages, deliveries, telephones, graphophones and telegraph. With this arrangement we feel that no unpleasantness should be encountered. As many of your own officers will doubtless be among the visitors, we feel that this will be welcome news to them, and any publicity you care to give this matter will be appreciated. Most respectfully yours,

R. A. EATON,
Superintendent.

Pain In the Back

Makes life miserable for many. Can it be cured? Yes, in a night. Nerviline gives a complete knockout to pain in the back, because it is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduling than any other remedy extant. One drop of Nerviline has more power over pain than five drops of any other remedy, and it is true strength you want when you've got a pain. Your money back if it is not so. Druggists sell Nerviline.

A hotel is to be built in Vancouver, B. C., that will cost \$1,500,000.

CHARGE OF MURDER

Parton Held for the Death of His Children-Mrs. Charles White, of Brantford. Committed.

Parry Sound, Cmt., May 17.—The preliminary hearing of the Parton arson and
murder case was continued before the
police magistrate.

Isaac Hurd, who lives in the neighborhood of the Parton farm, testified that on
the morning of the fire, whilst over at
Edward Hurd's place talking of the fire,
old man Parton came in. He said that
he heard the children upstairs, and supposed that they made a noise because of
the fire and smoke there. He also said
he supposed the fire was caused by the
lamp in the children's rooms. This testimony was given very positively and was
unshaken in the cross-examination by
Mr. Powell.

Mrs. Heard's statement is directly at
variance with the other accounts of the
affair given by the prisoner, and does not
coincide with the evidence of Mrs. Parton, who stated that she had difficulty
in awakening her husband.

The magistrate, in view of this important evidence, committed the prisoner to
trial.

Brantford, Ont., May 18.—The investi-

The magistrate, in view of this important evidence, committed the prisoner to trial.

Brantford, Ont., May 18.—The investigation of the White murder case before the police magistrate resulted in Mrs. Charles White being committed for trial at the next court of assize on the charge of having poisoned her husband. Prof. Ellis, government analyst, testified to finding three-eighths of a grain of strychnine in Charles White's stomach, and there were indications that there had been more than this in the stomach before death took place.

Shirley, Me., May 17.—Henry Lambert, the guide who occupied a cabin near the Allen farm house on the Moosehead Lake road, was arrested yesterday, charged with the murder of J. Wesley Allen and his wife and daughter last Sunday night.

MADE A MILLION SELLING

PASSES. London, May 17.-Plauchett, popularly known as "Cheaper than inside Plauchett," from his custom of buying up complimentary tickets from authors, critics and actors, was buried yesterday. He was known to have bought tickets of the value of £6,000

in one deal. He died a millionaire. A DECEITFUL QUEEN.

A Vienna special says: The Bel-A Vienna special says: The Belgrade correspondent of the Tageblatt says Queen Draga of Servia has made a full confession that a story of her confinement, published in February, was a hoax. According to the reported confession, the queen's sister, Mme. Petrowitch, was expecting a child, and the queen intended to pass it off as her own, but the sister's babe was born dead, and Queen Draga was driven to confess the swindle. The Servian confess the swindle. The Servian populace is greatly incensed against the queen, and hostile demonstrations have occurred.

CABLE NOTES. Strike riots have occurred in the cotton mills on the Viboy side of the Neva, Russia. It is reported that many

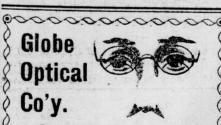
have been killed. The King and Queen of Roumania visited King George of Greece on board the Grecian warship Psara at Abbazia, Austria, yesterday.

Putnam's Corn Extractor

Doesn't lay a man up for a week, but quietly and surely goes on doing its work, and nothing is known of the operation till the corn is shelled. Plenty of substitutes do this. Some of them are dangerous; no danger from Putnam's, except to the corn. At all druggists'.

Electric Vapor Baths.

The prevention of disease is the watchword of today, and humanity is striving towards this goal. The electric baths are a great preventive as was as curer of diseases. They save time and expense and great suffering, and cure in most cases. 320 Dundas



Scientific Opticians, Headquarters for Everything in the Optical Line. 227 Dundas Street.

000000000000000

A Pound of DIAMOND Is a Pound

Of Nutriment

For whiteness. lightness, sweetness, strength and nutriment this flour has no equal.

For over 15 years DIAMOND has been the standard FLOUR in Lon-

It is the product of the best wheat and modern milling, and the result is the best flour possible to be obtained.

All grocers sell DIAMOND. Refuse a substitute.

New Hats, New Styles in Our Millinery Department.

CUT PRICE IN MANY LINES OF HATS JUST IN-

Our methods of doing the Millinery Business have reduced the cost to the people, of Fine Trimmed Hats just about half. The great expansion of this business testifies to the public's appreciation of these methods. One of the underlying principles that have built up our Millinery Business has been the fact that we use nothing but the best and latest in our Trimmed Hats, and our milliners are skilled artists in the business.

Just passed into stock several dozens of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Trimmed Hats, regular \$1 hats, for

Special line of Children's Straw Sailor Hats, only 15c each.

Ladies' and Children's Mixed Straw Sailors, regular 35c. We are clearing this lot at 15c each.

CHILDREN'S TAMS, in white pique, khaki cloth and velvet, 25c, 35c. 39c each.

fine line of Children's Straw Sailors, satin streamers, 69c each.

Dress Muslin Department.

Black Open Work Muslin, 121/2c, Plain Black Organdie Muslin, 20c,

Plain Black Dimity Muslin, 200 Black and White Dimity Muslin,

10c, 12½c yard. Red Dimity Muslin, white spot, 121/2c yard. Plain Red Dimity Muslin, 20c yard.

In Our Silk Department.

Special, just in, STRIPE SILKS, in different shades, regular 50c, for COLORED TAFFETA SILKS. special line, fine shades, regular 75c, for 59c yard.

JAPAN SILKS (Taffeta finish), 23 inches wide, 39c yard.

See our large windows for special | Mercerized Sateens for Waists.

Colored Mercerized Sateens, in navy and white, red and white, black and white, 20c, 25c yard.

Hosiery Department.

Special Line of Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, in black, regular 25c, for 15c pair.

LADIES', TAN COTTON HOSE, regular 20c, for 121/2c pair. Ladies' Plaid Cashmere Hose, regular 75c, for 59c pair. Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, white spot, special, 25c pair. Boys' Heavy Ribbed Cotton

Hose, in black, all sizes, 15c, 17c, 18c 20c, 22c, and 25c pair.

Linen Department. UNBLEACHED TABLE LINEN in damask, wide width, 25c, 29c,

35c, 50c yard. BLEACHED TABLE LINEN, special lines, at 35c, 45c, 65c yard. NEW BLEACHED DRAPES, all linen, 25c, 39c, 45c, 49c each. Damask Sideboard Drapes, hem-

stitched, 69c, 75c and 95c each. Battenberg Five O'Clock Covers. large size, worth \$3 50 and \$4, our price \$2 75 and \$2 89 each. Special line of Turkish Bath Towels, regular 121/2c, for 10c each. One case of 36-inch White Cotton, very heavy, special, 7c yard.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK IN THE DOMINION

Fair Volume of Trade for the Season-The Prospects Are Encouraging.

Toronto, May 18.—Bradstreet's weekly review of trade in Canada says: Business at London continues of fair volume for this season. The deliveries of produce by the farmers, which have been light for seme weeks, are expected to increase shortly, and that will stimulate the demand in many lines. The general outlook is very encouraging for trade. The fine condition of the Ontario crops is having a good effect on trade. Values are firm for most lines of staple goods. Business at Hamilton is fair for the season. There have been a good many country buyers in the wholesale houses this week, and sales have been large. Travelers out with fall samples are doing well, the steady market values encouraging purchases for delivery later on. Remittances satisfactory.

There has been a good sorting demand for the summer trade in wholesale circles at Toronto this week, and now that farm operations have been about completed, and increased grain deliveries are looked for, it is expected that retail business in the country will show such improvement the next few weeks that there will be renewed activity in many departments of trade. The whole trade of the country is in a healthy condition, and the outlook for the future promises considerable expansion in many lines over previous years. Country remittances have been very fair lately. Money is in good demand and rates are steady.

At Ottawa there has been a moderate movement in wholesale departments of trade. Values of staple goods firm, Payments fair.

Business conditions at Montreal are satisfactory.

trade. Values of staple goods firm. Payments fair.

Business conditions at Montreal are satisfactory. A feature of trade lately has been the success met with by the large fruit sales, which have attracted buyers from many distant points. Wheat and corn are firmer. Cheese is steady and butter is firm, with full prices being paid at the country points.

At Quebec there is no marked change in business conditions over that of the preceding week. The outlook is generally considered favorable.

Reports of trade at the coast cities are only fair. There is a tendency on the part of traders to act in a very conservative manner. part of traders to act in a very conservative manner.

At Winnipeg, while the conditions of trade appear to be generally healthy, traders are not inclined to discount the future preferring to wait till the crops

TOURISTS

WHERE THEY WILL FIND

Humphreys' Specifics

PARIS, 32, rue Etienne-Marcel, and all Pharmacles. LONDON, 1, King Edward St., Newgate St. NIENNA, Stephansplatz, 8.

ALEXANDRIA, rue Cherif Pacha. LISBON, Rua do Arsenal, 143 and 152. BARCELONA, 5, Calle Sta. Ana. BRUSSELS, 55, rue Montagne de la RIO DE JANEIRO, 32, Rua Goncalves

BUENOS AYRES, 442, Calle Florida,

MEXICO CITY, Calle del Colisco, 3.
HAVANA, Teniente Rey 41, y Compostela, 82 and 85.
HONOLULU, Hellister Drug Co., Ltd.
PANAMA, Plaza Santa Ara.
CANADA, at all-Drug Stores.

a pocket epitome of the Domestic Prac-tice of Medicine, mailed for the asking.

are more advanced and the outlook for which, which so far has been very favorable, is more certain.

Mother Goose on Wall Street.

There was an old woman
Who lived in a shoe;
She had so much Atchison
She knew not what to do.
She traded some, she loaned some,
Bhe spent some more on suppers;
But held the rest, alas, too long!
Now she's on her uppers.

Hickery, dickery, dock, The youth went short on stock, The stock went down, He's painting the town— Hickery, dickery, dock.

Ba, ba, black sheep.
Have you any "Steel"?
Yes, sir, yes, sir; and how bad I feel;
I also am in "Sugar," "Q." and "N.Y.C.,"
"B. and O.," "L. and N."—I fear they'll finish me.

Three shorn lambs. See how they run!
They all went dabbling in M. K. T.,
They were long, not short, on the drop,

They lost their money, one, two, three-Three shorn lambs. Little Miss Muffet sat on a tuffet, Hearing quotations read. When D. and H. fell she let out a yell-She lost all she had, it's said.

-Philadelphia North American.

Middlesex.

The Ruri-Decanal Chapter, Sunday School and Lay Workers' Associations of Middlesex, meet at Christ Church, Clanworth, Tuesday, May 28. Messrs. A. E. Welch, J. H. A. Beattie, Herbert Matthews and Rev. C. C. Owen will lead in interesting discussions. While Mr. Nelson Kellestine, of Caradoc, was crossing the G. T. R. track at Mount Brydges with a load of tile for J. C. McCollom, of that township, on Tuesday morning last, the ten o'clock train going east, which

does not stop here, struck the wagon in the center, cutting it entirely in two, throwing Mr. Kellestine about sixty feet. He had his scalp taken off, his shoulder fractured, and otherwise bruised and injured. His escape from instant death was most miraculous. The wagon was entirely de-molished, the horses, strange to say, escaping without injury.

VIRTUE OF TARTARIC ACID. The chief chemist of the United States department of agriculture has been making a close study of the con-nection between typhoid and other germ diseases and the consumption of raw vegetables. He now announces that the prevalence of such disease at certain seasons of the year may often be traced to the eating of raw vege-tables grown near cities, on land fertil-ized by refuse from sewers and by other city offal. He considers this danger important enough to warrant either the sterilization of such fertilizers by oil of vitriol, or the sterilization of the raw vegetables by washing them in tartaric acid and rinsing in pure water. A three per cent solution of tartaric acid will kill disease germs, and even if a little of the substance should remain after rinsing, it is neither un-pleasant to the taste nor injurious to health. In fact, it is found in consid-erable quantity in grapes.

A PROVIDER.

"Is your husband much of a pro-vider, Malindy?"
"He des ain't nothin' else, he ain't. Dr. Humphreys' Specific Manual, a pocket epitome of the Domestic Practice of Medicine, mailed for the asking.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor, William and John Sta. New York.

"He des ain't nothin' else, he gin't. He gwine to git de money, providin' he go to work; he go to work, providin' it suits him. I never see sich a providin' william and John Sta. New York.

NATIONAL HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Its Formation Cordially Indorsed by Council of Women.

Victorian Order of Nurses and What It Has Accomplished.

Nurses Furnished to Three New Districts—Cottage Hospitals Under Auspices of the Order-Increased Interest.

The work of the Victorian Order of Nurses was first taken up at yesterday afternoon's session of the National Council of Women, and consideration of it was followed by an address upon the Historical Societies of Ontario, by Miss Fitzgibbon, of Toronto, who took the initial steps some years ago in their formation.

THE VICTORIAN ORDER. The last report of the order, as prepared by Miss Charlotte MacLeod, showed that the work of the Victorian Order had steadily increased, and the order had become more firmly rooted in the hearts and minds of those who have striven for its growth since its inception, and many who were formerly opposed to the scheme had been won over to believing that it was an organization which Canada has been in need of for years. This conversion had been due to the unselfish and loving services rendered by the nurses who are at work in the various districts and to their tact and skill.

It is with great regret that the order had to lose many of its faithful nurses during the last nine months. Four had resigned for marriage, two on account of health, and two (who had finished their two years' engage-ment with the order) for other work. The vacancies caused by these resignations had to be filled, and a second nurse had to be supplied to two districts where the work had become too great for one to cope with. Therefore, the establishment of new branches has been greatly hindered. Nurses had been furnished to three new districts, viz., Canso, Nova Scotia; Gravenhurst, Ontario; Little Current, Ontario. The work at Halifax has been suspended for a few months, but in all probability it will

be renewed before long. The Ontario Government had given its usual grant of \$2,500 this year, which enabled the eight existing branches in Algoma to carry on their good work, and the order to supply a

The National Council of Women took the credit of having suggested the organization of a scheme to provide nursing service to the more remote districts, as a memorial to our late beloved Queen's diamond jubilee The Victorian Order was the outcome of their suggestion; and this year was a most fitting time to make the effort to perpetuate that memorial.

The work in the district at Fort William became so heavy for one nurse that the committee there decided to rent a cottage, which answered as a for the nurses, and accommodated about six patients. This was the fifth cottage hospital under the auspices of the Victorian Order.

More would be done this year to-

More would be done this year towards the erection of cottage hospitals. It was explained that her Excellency the Countess of Minto is interesting herself in raising a special fund for this purpose, which will be known as the Lady Minto fund for memorial hospitals to Queen Victoria. They will be managed by the order and supplied with nurses from the same. Six thousand dollars have been promised by sand dollars have been promised by the Dominion Government and two thousand by an anonymous donor. This fund is especially to be used in the Northwest.

Speaking of this, Lady Taylor explained that this scheme was really a part of the Victorian Order's plans, and was in no particular antagonistic to it. Brief testimonials to the good work being done by the order were rereceived from Montreal, Ottawa, Port Arthur and Hamilton, and from Dr. Roddick, of Montreal, Dr. McMurtry, of New Brunswick, and Dr. Muir, of Truro, N. S. The local council intends as soon as their financial condition warrants it, to have one of the Victorian nurses established here.
Mrs. Kavanage, of Toronto, asked

that a Catholic nurse be sent to each district for the Catholic families, but Mrs. Lyle, of Hamilton. who was chairwoman, replied that this was not compatible with the council's non-sec-

HISTORICAL SOCIETIES.

Mrs. Gibbs, of Port Arthur, presided, when one of the brightest addresses yet delivered, was presented by Miss Fitzgibbon, of Toronto. She spoke of the work of the Historical Society of Canada, and in introducing her, Mrs. Gibbs said:

"We are a link between the past and a glorious future, but that future is now in our own hands. What will we do

with it?"
Canada, said Miss Fitzgibbon, was said to have no history. England thought that we were too young to have a history, till Parkman began to open up the history of Canada. She quoted from a paper found in Wolfe's pocket after his death:

"A man who dies for his country's honor and future dies the noblest death, while a man who lives for himself had better not live at all."

we needed to appreciate our own country and its history. Every step in imperial history had been taken by a woman, and it was quite proper that women should lead the way in Canada. The Women's Historical Society, which began six years ago with 17 members, and now had 240, with 44 honorary members had men only. In the orary members had men only. In the latter class. In it there were no relatter class. In it there were no religious denominations, no politics, nor social distinctions. It was recognized as all Canadian. It had not yet degenerated to afternoon teas. Miss Fitzgibbon referred to the Memorial Star, which will be published on May 23, and to which articles on historical subjects will be submitted by Lord Aberdeen and Principal Grant of Kingging and

pository for the records of Canadian soldiers who died in South Africa.

The Historical Society was not a fad. It was tending, too, to bring the women of Canada to a complete knowledge if municipal affairs. She thought that the national federation of the historical societies of Canada was a good plan. A magazine was now being published in Nova Scotia, which was very helpful, and was accepted as a handbook for the societies all over

Canada. Changes were very rapid in Canada. and the old landmarks were passing away rapidly. "Tradition is the memory of the people," she said, and if tradition was not soon gathered from the minds and memories of old people, these things would soon pass away. "For instance," said Miss Fitzgib-bon, in conclusion, "how many of the women here know of Simcoe's trips

about here, long ago?"
Instantly there arose a chorus of
"We all do," which Mrs. Boomer led
energetically.

At the conclusion of her speech it was unanimously resolved "That this meeting cordially indorses the formation of a National Historical Society and would respectfully urge the existing historical societies to federate and form the same." Miss Fitzgibbons was appointed sec-

retary pro tem., and will engage actively in the work of federation, as soon as the work on the Montreal Star

COMMITTEE REPORT.

The committee on laws for the better ported on the progress made during the year. The amendments to section 153 of the criminal code asked for, namely, to extend to women employed in shops. stores and domestic service, the pro-tection afforded to those working in factories and workshops, had been partially granted, but it was with serious regret that the committee reported that the words "dwelling houses," had been omitted. A special effort should be made during the next year to gather statistics to prove the great need of the amendment being still further extended to domestic employes. The committee dealt with several other matters that concerned more particularly the betterment of their sex.

In a short report of the work done in the provinces for the protection of women and children, the committee mentioned a petition to the Prince Edward Island Legislature by the W. C. T. U., to prohibit the sale of to-bacco in any form to minors, and that a law was passed in accordance with the petition. In Quebec, active work in connection with prison reform had been done by the Montreal society. Owing to petitions and requests presented by the Montreal and other societies, a bill that was introduced into the Quebec Legislature to prohibit women from acting on school boards, was given a six months' hoist. In Ontario the many children's aid societies had all done good work, especially that of Ottawa. In other lines of work, satisfactory progress had been made and excellent results achieved. Manitoba reported flourish-ing children's aid societies at Brandon and Winnipeg, where active rescue and preventive work had been car-

Interests of the Sick

MR. FRED SMITH, OF COBOURG,

Is Another Who Has Been Restored to Health and Strength Through These Famous Pills.

Fresh proofs continue to reach the Dr. Arnold offices daily of the splendid work being done in the interests of the sick in all parts of Canada. Scores of men and women who had given up all hope are coming forward to tell of the marvelous results of the toxin treatment for disease. From all parts of Canada it is the same joyful truth being told. Not a single city, town or concession line that is not joining in the popular verdict. Today the proof comes from the hustling town of COBOURG, where MR. FRED SMITH, a well-known townsman, has been cu d of rheumatism and kidney disease of long standing. Every sufferer should read what Mr. Smith has to say—and lose no time in getting these to say—and lose no time in getting these wonderful pills and commence their use

MR. SMITH'S STATEMENT.

MR. SMITH'S STATEMENT.

MR. FRED SMITH, Queen street, Cobours, Ont., testifies as follows: "I had been a sufferer from rheumatism and kidney disease for about four (4) years, and had used all the old methods of treatment without getting any better. I did not think anything would cure me, and began using the Toxin Pills with little hope of a cure. I was greatly benefited after the first box, and when I had completed the fifth box was entirely cured of both kidney troubles and rheumatism. The old pains in my limbs have completely disappeared, and my urine has become a natural color, the terrible irritation has gone, and I feel in excellent health. I am confident nothing else would have helped me, and I believe these, Toxin Pills the greatest pills in the world." (Signed).

FRED SMITH, Cobourg, Ont.

Dr. Arnold's Toxin Pills at all druggists; small size 25c, large 75c, or sent direct by addressing Arnold's Chemical Co., Limited, Canada Life Build. ing. Toronto.

Experiments are being tried near some of the coast towns in Morocco for the destruction of locusts by means of a fungus imported from South Africa, which is said to have proved efficacious in that country. COULDN'T ESTIMATE ITS VALUE

-Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart never fails. It relieves in 30 minutes, It cures. It is a beacon light to lead you back to health. W. H. Musselman, of G. A. R., Weissport, Pa., says: "Two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart entirely cured me of palpitation and smothering spells. Its value cannot be estimated." For sale by C. McCallum & Co.-139.

Ascension Island, the British station in the South Atlantic, has just been connected by cable with Sierra Leone, and thereby with England.

For nervousness, sleeplessness, weakness, brain fag, lack of vitality, nervous prostration, faint and dizzy spells, tobacco heart, whisky nerves, general debility, etc., use Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

A New York paper says the biggest industry in that state is the public school system, with 1,209,574 pupils and 34,000 teachers.

which will be published on May 23, and to which articles on historical subjects will be submitted by Lord Aberdeen and Principal Grant, of Kingston, and other notable writers. The moneys that will result from the sale will be devoted to the fund for the erection of a memorial hall in Toronto, which, besides keeping alive the memory of Queen Victoria, would also be used as a re-

TONIGHT AT 7:30



Another of our successful Saturday evening sales will commence. Greater inducements than ever are billed for tonight. It's the largeness of the quantities we buy that makes the smallness of the price. Our bargains are not made up of goods that are out of season, but are choice pickings from the best assorted stocks.

24 sheets of Note Paper and 25 Envelopes for 1,000 boxes of Stationery, contain-

ing 24 sheets Note Paper and 24 Envelopes; regular 25c boxes, Saturday night 15c 300 Paper-Covered Novels, by best authors, for 50 Pineapples, each 13c

Oranges, each 1c Lemons, per dozen 10c Music, per copy Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Draw-

Chocolates, per pound 10c Laundry Starch, Lily White, per package 8c New York Shoe Dressing, per bottle 7c Woods' Fair Gold Finish Oil Pol-

ish; regular 19c, Saturday night.. 15c Whittemore's Dandy Polish, for

(Try it. Sure to please.)

Ladies' Neckwear-The latest corded neck band, made of finest silk, with varied borders, for.... 50c Special sale of School Umbrellas for 23e

Basement Bargains for Our Saturday Evening's Sale.

113 GRANITEWARE ROUND PUDDING PANS, hold three imperial pints actual measure; regular 20c, Saturday 9c GRANITEWARE DIPPER, full

size, long handle; regular 25c, Saturday 150 FRUIT NAPPIES, cut glass pattern, extra quality, Saturday, CHINA EGG CUPS, Saturday, each 1c WHITE IRONSTONE MEAT PLATTERS, 14-inch size; regular 35c, Saturday 23e

WOODS'FAIR

SEE OUR_

\$35.00 BICYCLE

Ladies' or men's-Wheeler saddle-Dunlop tires-rich, rosewood rims-and the

CELEBRATED HUSSEY HANDLEBARS.

Crescent Chainless, Crescent Chain Wheels, Crescent Tandems, Girls' & Boys' Crescents.

of the Good Work Dr. Arnold's FOR SALE REID'S HARDWARE,

NO. 118 NORTH SIDE DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

An Hour Awheel With Nature

Is the best tonic for the business man. Outdoor exercise broadens the

Crescent Bicycles

Chain and chainless models are wheels of which Crescent riders are proud. They are distinctly high-class, but be sure that you get a 1901 Crescent, model numbers of which are:

Model 61, RACER.

44, LADIES' CHAINLESS. 34, LADIES' ROADSTER. 9, GIRLS'. 33, GENTS' ROADSTER. 3, BOYS'.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. SHOWROOMS: Reid's Hardware, 118 Dundas Street. NATIONAL CYCLE AND AUTOMOBILE CO., Limited.

TORONTO, CANADA.

HIGHER PRICED OR LOWER PRICED-YOU GET THE MOST FOR YOUR MONEY

In a wheel with an established repu-tation for high quality as the Massey-Harris

MODEL 43. GENTE' CHAINLESS.

you get the most up-to-date improve-ments—you get the best equipments— you get options enough to please any and every taste—you get the guarantee that goes with a "good name." If you haven't studied the Massey-Harris construction, call on the nearest agent—or write for a Catalogue—tells you all about it.

SEE THE "CUSHION FRAME." Showrooms---Wm. Payne, 217 Wortley Road. J. E. Vanderburg, 664 Dundas Street. CANADA CYCLE AND MOTOR CO., Limited. TORONTO, CANADA.

DRINK HABIT A BAR TO TRUSTEE-

DRINK HABIT A BAR TO TRUSTEE-SHIP.

The will of the late John M. Williams, once a resident of Chicago and Evanston, but whose latter years were spent in Mountainview, Cal., has been filed for probate. It disposes of a fortune of \$2,000,000, the greater part of which is left to the children of the testator.

A peculiar prevision is inserted relative to the conduct of the trustees, who are not required to give bonds. The requirement provides: not required to give bonds. The requirement provides:

"In case either of the trustees hereby appointed shall become addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors, or shall ever become intoxicated, or use or take opiates, whether morphine or chloral or any other drug of like or similar effects, or shall gamble in stocks, grain or other commodities on margins, such conduct or acts hereinbefore enumerated shall be sufficient cause for his removal as trustee under this will."

Aug to to to to the trustees hereby to the use of t

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world, Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

The minimum pay of a public school teacher in Chicago is *coa a year and in St. Louis \$400.

		Charles Michigan Branch Assessed
STEAM	IERS ARRI	VED.
lay 17.	Reported at. .Cape Race	From.
midian	Cape Race	Liverpool
glo-African.	Father Poin	tLiverpool
stphalia	.Father Poin	t. Hambur
dona	.Father Point	Newcastle
gi	.Montreal	Sunderland
zibar	Montreal	Cane Town
ntcalm	Montreal	London
insular	New York New York	Lisbor
nland	New York	Antwert
guste Vic-	7640 - 7 23	A CANADA THE R
	.New York	Hamburg
onia	.Boston	Liverpoo
w England	Boston	Liverpoo
Champagne	Havre	New York
f Walderse	.Hamburg	New York
		THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.

Infants too young to take medicine may be cured of croup, whooping cough and colds by asing Vapo-Cresolene—they breathe it. Of the 20,608,251 bottles of champagne exported from France in the past 12 months, it appears that at least 1,000-,

000 bottles came to America.



Tondon Adbertiser.

[Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1863.] LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Sworn Average Daily 8,688 Circulation for 1900.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished

Address all communication.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY LONDON. ONTARIO.

London, Saturday, May 18.

Proposed Changes.

One of the steps taken at the last meeting of the Ontario Educational Association was the appointment of a committee for the purpose of bringing the resolutions of the trustees' section of the association before the Minister of Education. At a recent conference with the Hon. Mr. Harcourt, the deputation recommended for his consideration some very important resolutions of the association, suggesting changes in the school act. The changes suggested are as follows:

That high school districts in unseparated towns be not compelled to pay both their own rate to the high school and also a rateable proportion of the county grant to high schools. This, it was held, was double taxation, and that upon the districts which erected the buildings.

To make it permissive for school boards to appoint and pay truant of-ficers where the police commissioners or municipal councils neglect to do

To have the public and high school inspectors deliver lectures to parents guardians at least once a year, In order to make them better ac quainted with the aims of the education department.

To reduce the number of county normal schools and lengthen the term. To make mineralogy and geology "options" on the high school course. To allow the teaching of modern languages in the higher forms of the public schools where competent teachers can be secured, and where the trustees desire it.

To allow pupils to be admitted to the high school without examination upon the report of the public school teacher. That no teacher under 21 years of age be allowed to take charge of a school; that those younger than this be employed as assistants, and that a distinction be made between principals' and assistants' qualifications,

as in the high schools. To fix the minimum salary for each grade of the public schools, and to grade salaries according to certifi-

Among these recommendations are to be found clauses of more than passing interest to the public. The subject of education is a matter of paramount importance and perennial concern to the true citizen. The training of today will determine to a large excitizen of tomorrow.

The idea of having the public and high school inspectors deliver lectures to parents, is one which should commend itself. Such a course will, in time, have the affect of promoting cooperation between parents and teachers. It will dispel the old idea that the teacher is employed to perform a certain work which he must do exclusive of the aid of his employer. A better mutual understanding between parent and teacher will impress upon both their respective responsibilities in shaping the future of the young intrusted to their care.

A reduction in number of the county training schools for teachers, and a prolongation of the training school session, should result in better qualified teachers. Intensive, rather than extensive training should be the aim, by which we mean that greater proficiency in the teaching profession should be sought, although such a course should result in lessening the number of teachers.

As to the teaching of modern languages, and we would add Latin, in the higher forms of the public schools, much might be said. The complaint is often raised, and not without grounds, that the public school curriculum is already too much crowded. On the other hand, it is borne out by experience that one's memory is best in his early 'teens; consequently if a foreign language is to be learned at all, it cannot be begun too soon. After all that har been said regarding crowded curricula, it should be borne in mind that the different subjects are in accomplishing the development of the youthful mind, and the teacher, who has at his hand such an array of instruments, should be in a better potion for the attainment of this end than one whose tools were limited to the three "R's."

The clause regarding the admittance of pupils to high schools without the written tests, indicates a reaction against the practice in vogue of staking a pupil's chances entirely upon the written examination. Extremes are dangerous, and we think a mean between these two extremes would accord, to a greater extent, with the ends of education.

The suggestion as to fixing the minimum age at which persons may enter upon the work of teaching, at 21 years, and that making a distinction betwen principals' and assistants' qualifications for public school work, will result in placing the rising generation under the influence of more mature minds, as well as prove an incentive for teachers to seek a higher degree of ttainment in their work.

Lastly, we have the vexed question of remuneration. The suggestion of a fixed minimum wage, and the grading of salaries according to certificates, should prove a practical solu-tion, so far as a solution is possible solid substantial residence and business

at all, to the question of paltry re-

Minister of Education regarding a majority of the propositions, and in due time the public may see their embodiment in legislation.

A Tremendous Force at Canada's Command.

Visitors to the Pan-American Expo-

sition in Buffalo will find that all the motive power required to drive the machinery and for other purposes in the extensive grounds is obtained from electricity generated at Niagara Falls ulous and communication with the and conducted by wire to the city. This is an enormous advance, when one reflects that a quarter of a century ago, at the Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia, the only electric apparatus was a toy battery that was used to run a sewing machine. Even in 1883, a noted mechanical engineer, having been interviewed as to the prospects of electricity being turned to account to propel street cars expressed his belief that such a revolution was not likely soon to be made, as electricity could not be used as a propelling agent at a profit. But in a very brief time, we have seen every city of importance with its electric cars, and we have in the illustration of Buffalo, with its street cars run by power generated at Niagara Falls, an illustration of what is being done all over the continent to turn water power to account to supply power for long and short distances, to aid man in his everyday vocations. What is being done leaves little room for doubting that before long every center of population that is measurably near Niagara Falls or a similar reservoir of power, will be supplied with cheap power, with which to do pretty much all the work that has hitherto been done by steam or animal exertion. In Maryland, for example, a company has been organized to "hold up" the Susquehanna River at a favorable point, and having harnessed that great stream, to distribute electric power to Baltimore, Philadelphia and other big cities within a radius of 100 miles. Nor need the transmission be limited to 100 miles. In California, the city of Oakland is running its street cars by electricity generated on the Yuba River, 140 miles distant, and the same current has, within the past few weeks, been successfully transmitted over the company's line to San Jose, 190 miles away. This experiment gives rise to the hope that London will at no distant day receive its share of the almost unlimited supply of energy now running to waste on the Canadian side of Niagara Falls, and that, too, without in any way curtailing the power required by other municipalities between

London and the Niagara River. Throughout Canada, we have many falls waiting to be "hitched up" for the use of man. Until the recent adaptation of electricity to modern requirements, these streams and waterfalls were not rated very highly. Now they are shown to possess a value almost past computation. So far they are slowly being turned to the use of the Canadian people, but there cannot be a doubt that we are on the eve of some remarkable developments of waterpower in Ontario and other parts of Canada. Our Governments have in recent years been busy endeavoring to ascertain the extent of our great agricultural lands yet undeveloped, and also of our mineral wealth. It would be a good idea now to ascertain and give to the world an authentic account of our marvelous rivers and water falls, with a statement of their adantability for the purposes of supplying motive power. We venture the belief that such a statement of the immense probabilities of the industrial development in Canada would astonish the world and draw the eyes of the investing public towards her in a manner never yet possible.

The Gold Territory Well Governed.

Mr. George Fitzgerald, who has been in the Yukon for a considerable time, writes to his father in Peterboro on the condition of affairs in that farfamed gold region. He recites the many and great difficulties which the Government of Canada encountered in 1897 and for some time after the great rush to the new gold fields, which took place not ends in themselves, but only means that year, and he points out that as soon as the real needs of the country made themselves apparent, no effort was spared to make it a model contented camp. "How well the Government has succeeded, a visit to Dawson will soon show." The following interesting sketch of present-day conditions is well worthy of perusal:

> "Even those who at first were disposed to impugn the motives of the Government are now outspoken in their approval of its course. Claims which had been reserved for the crown have all been sold at public auction, roads have been built to all the creeks of any present or prospective value, and telgraphic communication established

most directly with the outside world.
"The royalty I do not consider a very great evil because it falls on the shoulders of those well able to bear it. 'Tis in fact a form of income tax. Justice is administered with an impartial but firm hand, law and order preme and all in all. Canadians may well point with pride to Dawson as the best governed camp and the most prosperous in America, and they should not forget to give credit where credit is due, and point with pride also to the Liberal Government, with which, not alone, the prosperity of Dawson, but of the whole Dominion has been closely identified for the last four years. I think I can say safely that never before in her history has Canada made such bold strides in the march of prog-ress. The permanence of Dawson is

at all, to the question of paltry remuneration.

It is understood that the deputation received a favorable reply from the still be the great distributing center of a received a favorable reply from the still be the great distributing center of the still be the great distribution. a vast country. I hardly recognized the town on my return this fall from

> A similar tribute to the effectiveness of Canadian management of affairs in the great mining camp is paid by Faith Fenton, in her account of the farewell banquet tendered to Mr. Ogilvie, the retiring commissioner, a few days ago. She writes to the Toronto Globe that when Mr. Ogilvie "assumed office Dawson was simply an over-run and turbulent mining camp, with a nomad population; when the possibilities and knowledge of the territory were neboutside world for at least nine months of the year almost nil. Out of the nomad peoples the acreage of tents, the swampy flat, the practically ungoverned district, Mr. Ogilvie has built a well-drained, well-lit, and prosperous town, within an equally prosperous territory. Under disadvantages, greater than the official east can conceive, he brought system, order, and well-being into force. Mr. Ogilvie hands over to his successor a well-regulated and orderly territory. He has done his pioneer work well, and leaves office with probity undimmed and bearing the respect of all who know him."

This is valuable testimony not only in favor of Mr. Ogilvie's management but in behalf of the Government which had the good sense to send him there and to uphold his hands. It is an effective answer to all Sir C. H. Tupper's ninehour speeches, based on the illfounded attacks of disgruntled Yankee favor hunters, whose mouthpiece he became because he believed he could thus damage the government. Unfortunately, he injured the good name of the Dominion instead. There is now some reason for the belief that Sir C. H. Tupper sees there is nothing to be gained from such intemperate criticism, for, though he attended Parliament in the early part of the present session, and began his accustomed tactics of asking for all manner of returns affecting the Yukon, he very soon shook the dust of the Dominion capital from his heels, and betook him to his home on the Pacific coast. If the Parliamentary session is at least a month shorter than usual this year, it is because for the greater portion of the session no one of the name of Tupper has been in the House of Commons.

No use crying over spilt water, said one of the victims of the recent stock

The Presbyterians in some of the synods have decided to try revival services under their own trained men. This new departure will be watched with interest.

oston has been looking up at a Canadian grant 7 feet 9 inches high. If Canada can get the Yankees to imagine that to be the average size this side of the line, it may help when the High Joint Commission next meets to settle differences.

Mr. Whitney has been breathing like one that hath a weary dream, in fear Premier Ross might call an election on him. He can now breathe easier. since Mr. Ross, who is getting ready to go to England, obviously does not intend an immediate appeal to the

Drinking men will have a hard time in finding wives in Trenton, N. J., if a movement started by the Business Girls' Association continues to spread. The association was founded by a number of women connected with the W. C. T. U., and nearly a hundred of the members have already signed the following pledge: "I hereby promise not to associate with or to marry any man who is not a total abstained from the use of all intoxicating liquors including wine, beer and cider, and I promise to abstain from the same myself, and I will not marry a man to save him."

According to the official statements from the United States Agricultural Department, that country shows signs of becoming an extensive exporter of rice. 'There are about ten million acres of land in the five gulf states well suited to the cultivation of this cereal. It is estimated that about one third of this area can be successfully irrigated. Taking into consideration the system of crop rotation, about one and a half million acres would be under cultivation at any one time. This, at an average yield of 1,620 pounds to the acre, would yield two and a half billion pounds of cleaned rice, which is nearly six times the amount consumed at present.

"Never trust your memory for a moment," said a merchant to his clerk, "but make a memorandum at the moment of every occurrence it is desired to remember." The clerk did so, and lost his memory as every physical and mental faculty is lost when disused. As a boy the clerk knew the date of the battle of Marathon, of the siege of Troy, of the death of Boadicea and the battle of Cressy, but as a man he hesitates when questioned as to the date of Canadian confederation, the death of Sir John Macdon ald. Sir John Thompson, or that of Britain's late sovereign. After "mak ing a note of things" for a year or two one's memory concludes that it has become a back number and retires from business."-St. John Gazette.

Yes, who that was reared in the country does not recollect, as a child. being sent to the store, charged with the purchase of many articles, and being compelled to keep constantly reciting their names to keep them in mind? That was a real test of memory for a boy amid the distracting incidents of the, to him, long journey,

THE RUNIANS, GRAY CO.

Annual 24th May Holiday Sale

Our space today will bear careful reading. It tells a varied tale. Summer Millinery opening announcement, news of interest from the different departments, speaking of lines we are clearing at great reductions, goods bought away below market value, and of special holiday goods.

Summer Millinery Opening, Tuesday, May 21, and Following Days. MORE EXTENDED NOTICE'IN MONDAY'S PAPERS.

OUR FANCY GOODS SECTION

will be found especially attractive for the next few days with lines for the holiday trade. We undernote a few desirable lines:

Fancy Belts, in all styles, the new dip front, buckles in gold, silver and black, from15c to 50c Special Line of Dip Front Belts, in stitched taffeta and satin, at .. \$1 00

Golf Belts, in corded taffeta and black satin at65c and \$1 00 Suede Belts, trimmed with dressed ribbon and gold, very handSpecial value in Clasp Purses, kid lined, brown, black, tan and seal, Black Seal Finger Purse, soft lined.

BLOUSE SECTION.

An extra fine range is here awaiting your severe criticism; jaunty in style and perfect in fit are our blouse waists. We show a great many styles, some of which we mention

Assorted lot Blouses, good quality print, new sleeve, all colors and pretty patterns, black and white, very special 50c Ladies' Blouses, in good quality percale print, tucked fronts, new sleeve, colors gray and white,

black and white, pink, red and

Fine Colored Muslin Blouse, in entirely new patterns, assorted sizes, colors pale pink, blue and Ladies' Chambray Blouse, in good quality, colors blue, heliotrope and ox-blood, trimmed with insertion, special at\$1 25 blue, special 75c

Ladies' White Shirt Waist, in India Muslin, full front of five rows of embroidery insertion; fastened in the back, and trimmed with tucks; something new; price ... \$2 50 White Blouse, in fine lawn, with front of narrow tucks and em-

broidery insertion, new sleeve,

with tucked cuff, special\$1 25

MUSLIN DEPARTMENT.

Without doubt our magnificent range of both white and colored muslins is without comparison both as regards variety and values.

Special line of Dimities, in colors, sprays and fig-colors, at, per yard121/2c and 20c

White Victoria Lawns, 39 to 44 inches wide, from,12½c up to 40c

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

If you want stylish, wearable millinery for Empire Day, at moderate prices, try us. An elegant and up-to-date range of ready-to-wear hats.

Misses' Hat, in white fancy straw. red, blue, cream and black satin bands, also rosette of straw and satin, very stylish, special for, each 35c

Ladies' Sailors, in white jumbo straw, satin bands in sky, navy, white. Very special at, each.... 45c

Ladies' and Misses' White Fancy Chip Street Hat, tam crown, band and wide flare bow of self. Ladies' Fancy Chip Hat, in fawn, tuscan and cream, straw fold around crown, and puff veiled with chiffon. A nobby Hat. Special, each\$2 00

Ladies' and Misses' Fancy Sailor Hats, in mottled jumbo straw, velvet band around crown, light weight; regular 40c. Special 250 Ladies' English Walking Hat, in satin straw, white, fawn, black and navy, satin band around crown and bow in front. Special at\$1 00

Ladies' Costumes and Separate Skirts

Ladies' Man-Tailored Costumes, in gray homespun, Eton jacket, 7gored flare skirt, lined throughout, velvet bound and stitching on skirt; special at\$12 00

Ladies' Man-Tailored Costumes, in navy serge, Russian jacket, with strappings of taffeta silk, bell sleeve, flare skirt, with Spanish flounce, special\$18 50

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Skirts, in black serge and gray homespun, Spanish flounce, taffeta silk bands, lined throughout, spe-

cial\$5 50 Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Skirts, in homespun, well made, gored flare, inserted pleats, all sizes, special value, from\$2 00 to \$4 75

erican percale, shirt waist style, sallor collar, Spanish flounce on skirt, special at\$2 98

Ladies' Dressing Sacques, in muslin and colored percales and white lawn; special lines at\$1, \$1 25, \$1 50 and \$2 00

KID GLOVES.

No place is better fitted to satisfy your needs in these much wanted, hard to suit in goods, than us.

We carry a full range of Perrin's and Jaunet's best makes, from a special in both dressed and undressed at 59c, up to the finer makes at \$1.75.

You Will Want to Look Spic and Span

On the holiday-Victoria Day. Special goods are here for your choosing. New Hats, New Neckwear, New Shirts. Perhaps you are thinking of buying a new suit or pair of shoes. We are ready with the Season's Novelties. Note the list below:

New Neckwear.

The New Bow Tie, correct shape for high band turned-down collars, new patent fastener, beautiful silk and satin, your choice.. 25c The Choicest Silk and Satin Knots and flowing ends, splendid goods, new designs 50c

Men's Shirts.

Laundered Bosoms, separate cuffs, fast colors, cambric and percales, choice new patterns, each\$1 00

Men's Hats.

Soft Hats, in new shades and shapes, best Russia leather sweat bands, finest silk trimmings, very special value at the price\$2 00 Men's and Boys' Straw Hats, new braid, best silk band or fancy band, good, stylish headwear 50e and 75e

Men's Suit Extra.

Stylish New Worsted Suits, dark gray shade, indistinct overcheck, the season's novelty, our great seller\$10 00

Shoes.

Men's Stylish Footwear, a very dressy boot for best wear at a very low price, good, fine leather and correct shape, very special .. \$2 00 Ladies' Summer Shoes, Vici Kid Strap Slippers, with buckle and fancy beaded strap, with bow, in Ladies' Oxford Shoes, in all sizes, Strap Slippers, Trilby Button Shoes, many styles, splendid wearers\$1 25

GOODS DEPARTMENT

In our Dress Goods Section many lines of special interest are to be found just now. All new goods, at specially tempting prices, many lines at half value (\$1.75 and \$2.00 Grenadines at \$1.25); (75c and \$1.00 Dress Goods at 50c). New Black Dress Goods, in light summer weights. New Black Suitings at tempting prices. We mention below only a few of the many special lines showing just now.

New Black Dress Goods. NEW BLACK SERGES, in very special values, all the popular makes, in 44-inch, all wool, at ..50c

NEW CHEVIOTS IN BLACK, all wool, 44 to 52 inches wide, smooth and homespun finish, very special values at, per yard (some of these lines are worth \$1 00) 50c and 75c

NEW BLACK FRIEZE and Cheviot Goods and Harris' Celebrated Sultings, all wool, 54-inch, the newest makes for suits or odd skirts, at, per yard .. 85c, \$1 00 and \$1 25 Skirts made from any of these goods and fitted for 50c

New Silk Grenadines. 44-inch Black Silk and Wool Grena-

dines, with heavy satin check, special for dress or skirt, per yard.75c 44-inch Black Silk Grenadine, plain iron frame and floral designs, very lacey effects, special, checks and satin stripes, also floral designs; these are our regular \$1 50 and \$1 75 goods; spe-pink, cornflower, mauve, yellow, with white corded stripes, also white, cream and black; regular

Special Offering.

54-inch Homespun Cheviots, in grays, castor, green, brown and black, in all-wool and union makes, regular 75c and \$1 00, special, per yard50a (Special also for Bicycle skirts.)

54-Inch All-Wool Homespun Cheviots and Tweed Suitings, in small invisible check effects, in browns, grays, greens, castors, regular Skirts made and fitted of any of

Groeery and Crockery---Holiday Specials.

\$2 00, special, per yard\$1 25

1 pound of Our 30c Blend Coffee, for, per pound 25c can of Pears, 1 can of Plums, and 1 can of Blue-1 tin of Morton's Kippered Herrings and 1 tin of

Morton's Fresh Herrings for25c

10-piece Printed Toilet Sets, in blue, pink and brown, for, per set\$2 00 Printed Cups and Saucers, in green, blue and pink, regular \$1 20 dozen, for 90c Fine China Bread and Butter Plates, for, each, 6c and 10c 4-inch Glass Berry Nappies, for, each, Sc. or, per doz.30c

840 yards Best English Tapestry Carpets imported direct, choice designs,

Scrofula

a disease as old as antiquity, and as young as the newest born infant.

It has infested the blood of humanity from ancient times down to the presont minute.

It is hereditary or may be acquired. It appears in swollen glands, scrofblous sores, hip disease, boils, pimples, eruptions, and, as believed by high authorities, even in the forms of catarrh and rheumatism.

It can be cured by taking Hood's Barsaparilla faithfully and persistently. We know this, because Hood's Sarsaparilla has done it.

It will cure you if you give it a trial. You should begin to take it today.

Hip Disease-"I suffered from hip disease; had 5 running sores; used crutches and each winter I was confined to my bed for weeks at a time. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished a perfect cure—saved my life. I have a good appetite and feel strong and well." ANNIE ROBERT, 49 Fourth St., Fall River, Mass.

In Her Eyes-"My little girl had scroftha and sores appeared in her eyes. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla entirely cured her and she has never had scrofula since." Mrs. Howard Pope, Alpha, Oregon. N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other,

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is sold by all druggists. Prepared only 1 by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

AROUND THE CITY.

From Yesterday's Last Edition.

-There will be no session of the high

court of justice tomorrow, as no business has been entered. -P. C. Frank Darville is able to be cut after his recent illness. He ex-

pects to return to duty shortly. -Mrs. H. G. Abbott,314 Dundas street, who was the victim of a trolley accident some months ago, is very low, and is not expected to recover.

-Woods' Fair have a special announcement in this issue of a big sale to commence on Saturday at 8:30 a.m. The advertisement contains an extra list of important items. Doubtless the store will be largely patronized the en-

-The large store of Messrs. Runians. Gray Company will be crowded with buyers on Saturday. Every section of the store will centain bargains for Saturday. In today's issue on page 4 the advertisement is very convincing. Prices are quoted that will require the prompt attention of those who intend to buy.

At an examination of the graduating class at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York, on the 13th inst., there were six successful graduates, the first on the list being Miss Florence M. Grant, daughter of Stephen Grant, assessment commissioner, of this city. She has secured a good position on the permanent staff

-At the annual May meeting of the and teachers of the Askin Street Methodist Sunday school, the election of officers for the ensuing year was held, resulting as follows: Superintendent, Dr. S. P. Reynolds; assistant superintendent, Mr. Wm. Copp; secretary, Mr. Thomas Spet-tigue; treasurer, Mrs. G. W. Miller; musical director, Mr. Wm. Philp; librarian, Mr. J. W. Cahill. Reports of work for the year closing show the school to be in a flourishing condi-

POLICE COURT.

At the police court today, Patrick Quinn was found guilty of assaulting Henry Walters. He was remanded for a week for sentence. Abraham Pinkham was remanded till Monday on charges of indecent assault and nonsupport. Manville Newans was taken Detroit to stand trial for bicycle-

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Samuel Betts, a 17-year-old boy, appeared before Squires J. B. Smyth and S. B. Gorwill, at the court house this morning, on a charge of stealing \$15 from his employer, Chas. Avery, con. 5, London township. The accused was committed for trial. Mr. E. W. Scatcherd appeared for the defense.

RECORD DAY'S WORK.

Mr. Hole, manager for P. L. Marden & Co., states that their gang laid 3,610 square feet of cement walk yesterday. At this rate he is quite confident that he will not have inflicted upon him the penalty of paying the inspector's fees for not pushing the work along suffi-ciently. This is the largest day's work ever done in London with the same

BURPRISED THEIR EMPLOYES. Industrial Banner: The drivers at J.

Mann & Co. last week were surprised safe. to receive two envelopes, one containing their week's pay, the other a sum of between \$40 and \$45 each as a bonus on the amount of work performed during the year. This was entirely unexpected and came as a most agreeable surprise. The firm is to be congratulated, and no doubt the employes will demonstrate their appreciation of this generous action by studying the interests of their employers It is pleasing to note an action of this where as a rule so many establishments are figuring how to pay their hands as low a rate as pos-

DIED AT NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE. Word has been received of the death at Newcastle-on-Tyne, of Mr. John Mills, brother to Mr. James Mills, of this city, and uncle to Mr. John Mills, bookseller, of London. Deceased was a native of Ayr, Scotland, where he lived most of his life, except the considerable portion of it in Newcastle-on-Tyne, England. He had been ill for about two months, and was 83 years of age at the time of his death, which occurred on Friday, May 3. Deceased was one of eight children, four sons and four daughters; all of whom are now dead. daughters; all of whom are now dead, with the exception of Mr. James Mills, of this city, who was the youngest. Deceased is buried at Ayr, Scotland. He was a worthy and highly respected man, and has been gathered as a

shock of corn fully ripe.

BUSINESS SESSION OF

Interesting Annual Reports Submitted to Convention.

Address of the President, Lady Taylor, on Council's Affairs.

Good Wishes From Lady Aberdeen-Formal Welcome From Local Council of London-Other Important Business of the Convention.

Yesterday's session of the National Council of Women was devoted almost entirely to business, and an immense amount of routine work was done. The first portion of the morning was given over to silent prayer, and immediately afterward Mrs. English, on behalf of the local council of women, expressed its pleasure in welcoming the council to London on the occasion of its eighth annual meeting. She was chosen, perhaps, because her membership dated from October, 1893, when Lady Aberdeen's lofty scheme for helping their fellow-citizens and linking in one blessed bond the earnest women of our broad Dominion, was first put before Canadians. They were women of our broad Dominion, was first put before Canadians. They were a comparatively small representation that day, and now London offered the heartiest of welcomes to delegates who came from the shores of the misty Atlinking in one blessed bond the earnest have the annual meeting here had been the wish of London's council for years, and there were two points in which and there were two points in which the women of London declined to yield supremacy to those of other cities. These were the pleasure they felt at the honor the delegates did the city and the warmth of the welcome extended.

The limited time at their disposal had made it impossible for the entertainment committee to accept every invitation submitted to it for the delegates, but the Teachers' Association and the Ladies' Hunt Club hoped to entertain them. The electric car company generously put a car at their disposal for a visit to Springbank, and the speaker trusted the arrangements of the committee would make their visit to London as pleasery. to their entertainers. Mrs. English added that the council wished that Lady Aberdeen could have been transported from Scotland to her Canadian home. Although not with them in person they knew that she was with them in spirit, and that she would read with the very deepest interest the record sent to her of their proceedings. She said, in conclusion, that the local council was looking to this annual national meeting for fresh inspiration, added wisdom, renewed energy and enthusiasm.

GRACEFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT. On behalf of the council, Mrs. Gibbs West Algoma, gracefully voiced the thanks of the delegates for the welcome that had been extended to them. She too, spoke of the pleasure they would have had, if Lady Aberdeen, the foun-der of the council, could have been here. She was glad with all others to have accepted the invitation to assemhave accepted the invitation to assemble in London. London had doubtless wished to be unique, and have the first convention of the century. Experience had taught them that such conferences were very valuable for the immense amount of knowledge that they gain-ed. They had come here in God's name to think and to plan for the uplifting and good of the women of Canada.Mrs. Gibbs referred feelingly to the late Queen, and said that when their work was approved of by the best and most loved sovereign, then they might rest assured that it was worthy. Her reply was heartily applauded.

COMMUNICATIONS. Lady Taylor received a letter from Lady Minto, who expressed her regret at being unable to attend the convention. She sent greeting and wishes for a very successful convention.

Lady Aberdeen's Greeting.

Lady Tilley of New Brunswick read the following letter from their loved advisory president, Lady Aberdeen: My very dear friends of the Na-tional Council of Women of Canada: Your advisory president would fain be amongst you, and she is indeed with you in spirit. My thoughts turn towards the gathering of your delegates, now assembling amidst the attractive surroundings of the city of London, and I rejoice to hear that you re to have representatives from many of the distant councils. Lord Aberdeen and I remember full well the kindness and hospitality shown to us by the citizens of that place, both in plause: our public and private capacity, and I therefore predict for you a most happy and profitable sojourn amongst them. You will be under the wing of our dear and honored friend and leader in all good works, Mrs. Boomer, and you will be welcomed by one of our most faithful veterans, Mrs. Eng-In their hands, and those their colleagues, you must needs be

I have seen your programme, which promises conferences of great interest and helpfulness, and it is with un-feigned joy that I learn that our president, Lady Taylor, hopes to be able to be with you, and that she has also, at the earnest entreaty of her fellow-workers, allowed her name to be put forward for re-election. This public-spirited devotion, in the face of many difficulties, and at a time when consideration of health might well imperatively demand for rest, lays us all under great obligations. We must see to it that the six months' perfect freedom from public work, enjoined by the physicians, shall be a reality, and give our best support to the vicepresident, who has undertaken to care for the affairs of the council.

aided by the other officers, during that

GREAT NATIONAL LOSS. You will meet, dear friends, under a great sense of national loss. You will feel that nothing can be quite the same again, now that the great Queen, who has exercised such a potent spell the people of her wide dominions, has gone away from us. We are in very deed orphaned. And yet, at the same time, this very sense of keen bereavement creates within us a new life of aspiration. Our Mother Queen has left us a great heritage, a heritage which the women of her empire can especially claim. Amidst all the splendor of a unique position as the ruler of the greatest stowed on the peoples of these realms

"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money."

THE N.C.W. ONLY STRAIGHT BUSINESS METHO

ONE PRICE, PLAIN FIGURES AND CASH ONLY.

Black Worsted Suitings.

7	56-inch Black Worsted for Ladies' Suits, at, per yard 75c
	56-inch = " heavy and all-wool, at, per yard\$1 00
	56-inch " " fine twill, all-wool, at, per yard 1 00
_	60-inch Black Poplin, fine weave, splendid cloth, for Ladies'
	56-inch Fine Black Broadcloth, at, per yard 1 50
•	54-inch Fine Black Ladies' Cloth, at, per yard \$1 00 and 1 35
	56-inch Fine Black Broadcloth, at, per yard
	65c, 75c, 85c and 1 00
-	All-Wool Black Serges, unshrinkable, great value, per yard
1	

LIGHT-WEIGHT BLACK DRESS GOODS-

Suitable for the hot weather. Nun's Veiling, per yard..... 40c Albatross Cloth, per yard... 50c Llama Cloth, per yard... 50c and 75c Black Grenadines and Crepe de Chines—a nice assortment.

A Busy Time This in Our Wash Goods Department

	doods Department.
	American Foulards, at, per yard
	Manila Cords, at, per yard
	Batiste, at, per yard 8½c
	Beautiful Prints, in the latest stripes, at, per yard 10c and 121/2c
100	Organdy Muslins, fancy, at, per yard 15c, 20c and 25c
	Fine French Muslins, fancy, at, per yard
	Press Sateens, very pretty, at, per yard 15c and 25c
	Mercerized Lawns, in plain and fancy, at, per yard

Great Value in ...

Ladies' Hose

	7.
Fast Black Cotton Hose, with Balbriggan feet, per pair	25e
Fast Black Cotton Hose, with Merino feet, per pair	25e
Fast Black Cotton Hose, plain, per pair 10c, 15c, 20c and	1 25c
Fast Black Lace Hose, per pair	45c
Ingrain Fast Black Lisle Hose, per pair 371/2c, 45c and	1 50c
Embroidered Polka Dot Fast Black Hose, per pair	35c
Spun Silk Black Hose, per pair	75e
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A Splendid Range of ...

Taffeta and Silk Gloves.

Have You Seen Our Summer Corsets.

		The second	to an an			
They are just right!	At per pair	29c,	50c.	75c and	\$1	00
White Girdle Corsets	. D. & A., per r	air	: 7 8	Selection .	\$1	00

OUR MILLINERY IS STYLISH.

Skirts Made to Order

From any of our Dress Goods, and made on the premises, 50c

RAY & PARKER.

empire on earth, she has shown us in the memory of her blessed reign empire on earth, she has shown us that by far her greatest power lay in her life-long absolute devotion to duty—duty to God, duty to country, duty to home. Before the power of that influence the nations of the earth have duty to God, duty to country, duty to home. Before the power of that influence the nations of the earth have bowed in reverence; and let us, her children, now pray that that same spirit of culck response to every call spirit of quick response to every call of duty may become the distinguishing feature of both our national life and of the homes which make up that na-Our beloved Queen has made that dull old word "duty" shine with a new lustre. Let us show that our words of devotion and allegiance to her come from our hearts by mak ing her watchword our own and our children's. Our adhesion to her ideals will prove her best memorial, and this will lend a fresh signification to the loyal and dutiful allegiance which we are now laying at the feet of our new

MOUTHPIECE OF CANADIAN WO-MEN.

King and Queen.

The National Council of Women of Canada has been accepted as the mouthpiece of the women of Canada in their expression of true love and loyalty at this time, and I am proud to be allowed to add my name, as a British Columbian Canadian, to yours subscribed to that beautiful address you are now forwarding to our gracious Queen Alexandra.

And thus we must pass into a new era, fortified for the future by the inspiration of the past, and in the sure and certain faith that the God of our fathers will surely be the God of their succeeding race. To his gracious keeping we commit ourselves and our country, to his glorious service we pledge ourselves and our children anew. May the sense of his presence and of his blessing brood over all your council meetings and unite us all, present or absent, in his holy work for humanity. With most af-fectionate greetings, I remain your ever devoted friend and advisory president.

(Signed) ISHBEL ABERDEEN. Mrs. Gibson, of Hamilton, and Mrs Gibbs, of Port Arthur, were appointed a committee to draft a cable in reply to Lady Aberdeen's greeting. pointing the committee Lady Taylor said that Lady Minto had expressed her desire to have the address to Queen Alexandra presented by Lady Aberdeen, a suggestion which the council received with enthusiastic ap

Miss Wilson read a letter from Lady Aberdeen stating that she had sent as her greeting a box of ivy leaves from Haddo House, and letters of greeting were also read—one from the ladies of Finland, by Mrs. McIntosh, of Halifax; from the ladies of British Columbia, by Mrs. Mackenzie Cleland, M.D. of Victoria, B. C.; from Mrs. McLagan, of Hamilton, by Lady Taylor; from Bishop Baldwin, by Mrs. Boomer, and a telegram from the Victorian Council, giving greeting, and announcing that the children's protective act had passed.

The announcement was received with applause.

Mrs. Kavanagh, of Toronto, asked permission to speak for the women of Quebec, and said that surely council work should flourish in that province. Were there no mothers there, she asked, with warm hearts, who were anxious to help in the work that the coun cil was doing? Mrs. Kavanagh spoke with much feeling and very eloquently, so that when she had concluded, Lady Taylor said that the women of Quebec had in her a very warm advocate, and that there was still hope for them in her energy.

FINANCES.

The finance committee's report was submitted by Mrs. Hoodless, treasurer, of Hamilton. It showed that the receipts for the year were \$869 25; the expenditure, \$844 11, leaving a balance over all of \$25 14.

THE EMPIRE'S LOSS. Mrs. Boyce seconded and read the following resolution, which was submitted to the delegates, as coming from Lady Aberdeen:

"The members of the National Council of Women desire to place on record in their minutes an expression of their deep sense of overwhelming loss sustained by the British Empire in the death of our beloved Queen Victoria.

They desire also to acknowledge as

both national and private, for this and future generations.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

The annual report of the corresponding secretary, Miss Wilson, of Toronto, and a brief synopsis of the report submitted by Mrs. Boomer, as vice-president of the Provincial Council, appears in other columns. The reports Quebec and New Bru submitted by Miss Laidlaw, of Montreal, and Lady Tilley, of St. John, respectively, and were unanimously adopted.

The President's Address.

The address of the president, Lady Taylor, was extremely interesting. The year that had just closed, she said, had been one of progress, and the future would be entered upon with much hope. The reports from local councils were with one exception most gratifying, showing that the work was being carried on effectively, though it was of the kind not easily tabulated and set forth. They were gaining considerable confidence in themselves and their methods, and they were certainly gaining the confidence of the public. Six local councils had had a change of leader-ship, though they felt assured that the old friends' sympathy was still with them, and they welcomed all new workers cordially. One council, that of Quebec, had ceased to exist, owing mainly, to the ill-heatlh of the president, but it was expected that at no very distant day new leadership may

revive the council. Lady Taylor then referred to the times of mourning for the council, upon the demise of the Duke of Coburg, McDougall, one of their most active members, and our late gracious Queen. She mentioned also the work of preparing the Canadian women's adress to Queen Alexandra, and gave to the secretary, Miss Wilson, the utmost credit for the success that had attend-

"To have stated gatherings like this," said Lady Taylor, in conclusion, 'seems necessary to our growth, certainly necessary to our usefulness." added, "Let us join hands as Canadian women and pledge ourselves to be true to our ideals, earnest in our strivings, humbly and prayerfully determined that our country shall be a better place to live in because of our For this end we have met; for this end we deliberate. May I add also, that for this end we sacrifice?" The session was adjourned at 1 o'clock.

SATURDAY'S PROGRAMME. The Saturday forenoon conference of the National Council will be of espe-cial interest to teachers. The report of "national committee of women

teachers" will be given by Miss Harrington, of Toronto. There will also be discussions on the following topics: "Purity of Speech and Accent."
"Vacation Schools and Playgrounds." "That Teachers' Provincial Certificates Be Recognized Throughout the

Every teacher should endeavor to be present, as the discussions are open DRIVE ABOUT THE CITY.

Today, ats 3 p.m., the delegate will be given a drive about the city and neighborhood, followed by after-noon fea at the Kennels, upon the invitation of six lady members of the London Hunt Club-Mesdames man, Beck, Gibbons, Talbot Macbeth,

Niven and Carling. At conclusion of Monday afternoon session the delegates will, upon the invitation of the London Street Railway Company, take a trip to Spring-bank; and on their return they will be entertained at the Normal School by its authorities, by the principals of the city schools and their wives, and by the members of the London Teachers' Association and Froebel So-

Mrs. Revell, wife of Dr. R. M. Revell, dentist, of Woodstock, died this morning, from the injuries received a week ago by being accidentally burned, her clothing taking fire from a small stove.

COLONEL LEYS INTERVIEWED

Globe Reporter Asks Him Questions About Cashmere Dam-An Interesting Telephone Message.

Col. Leys, M.P.P., of London, was in the city yesterday, en route to the Soo, ays the Toronto Globe, and he vi the parliament buildings in the park. A Globe reporter interviewed him while there. He spoke in regard to the Thames fishery trouble, and explained that satisfactory arrangement had been made by the government to remove the seine nets and the obstructions which prevented the fish from advancing up the river, so that hereafter the length and breadth of the River Thames will be open to all people to fish there in a regular, legitimate manner. All illegal fishing appliances which have been used on the stream will be prevented in future, and a proper officer has been appointed with full power to see that the rights of the people are preserved, and that the poachers and monopolists will have to give way to the public. All of these arrangements were very satisfactory, the colonel said.

"Then, colonel, you will be in your seat in the house next session?" the reporter asked the popular member.

"Well." he replied "I navar had any Globe reporter interviewed him while there. He spoke in regard to the Thames

in the house next session?" the reporter asked the popular member.
"Well," he replied, "I never had any quarrel with the government. It was the deputy minister of fisheries I have taken strong ground against, because that official was not in touch with the conditions that exist on the Thames River, or was taking his views from those who were either illegal fishermen or not with the legal fishermen; and so long as the minister in charge of the department will see to it that the fish are protected in the proper season and that department will see to it that the fish are protected in the proper season and that the whole people have a right to the stream, all will be well. You are at perfect liberty to say that I will be in my seat when the house opens. The government is satisfied that the position which I have taken is a sound position in the interests of the people, and with this fact before me you will find me on hand when the next session is called." With this remark the popular member for London passed along.

In a telephone message to a friend in this city yesterday. Col. Levs said: "The government is how thoroughly alive to the position of things on the Thames, and they have consented to plentifully stock the river above the Cashmere dam with fish. This year 10,000 bass fry will be placed in the south branch near Dorchester, and the same number will be put in the north branch. This course will be followed from year to year until the Thames is once more alive with good the Thames is once more alive with good fish, as it was 30 or 40 years ago, before the fish were prevented from coming up the river."

WM. DOEG FREE

The Sundridge Farmer Who Was Wrongly Imprisoned for Four Years Is Again at Liberty.

Sundridge, Ont., May 13.-Special .-Since he has been liberated, Wm. Doeg, the Strong township farmer, spends much of his time telling friends and acquaintances of his remarkable case. As he finds it impossible to reach them all, he has had the following statement inserted in the Sundridge Echo: "For four years I suffered torture.

I had scarcely an hour free from pain. My back ached so badly I could not lie down. I had to sit night and day in a chair. I could not leave my house. for when the pain shifted to my knees, I could not walk. "Several dectors tried to cure

rheumatism, and I took a great many medicines, but got worse. "Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me "It is now six months since I felt a

pain. Dodd's Kidney Pills have made a new man of me. It is reported that French troops

have taken possession of the Oasis of Ghadames, which gives them practical control of Tripoli.

TESTED BY TIME.—In his justly celebrated pills, Dr. Parmelee has given to the world one of the most unique medicines offered to the public in late years. Prepared to meet the want of a pill which could be taken without nausea, and that would purge without pain, it has met all requirements in that direction, and it is in general use not only because of these two qualities, but because it is known to possess alterative and curative powers which place it in the front rank of medicines.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia proceed. Poor made his escape.

A NEW BRIDGE AT SPRINGBANK DAM

150 Dundas St.

Phone 1182.

Being Erected Principally for Use of the Waterworks Employes.

Workmen are busily engaged today in the erection of a foot-bridge across the river at the Springbank waterworks dam. The bridge which will be about 300 feet in length, will be located about 100 feet below the dam, and is intended more especially for the use of the waterworks employes, to enable them to cross the river to operate the flood gates at the northern side of the dam. The structure will be supported on trestles, which will be erected in barrels embedded in the river bed. For some days men have been engaged in constructing the bridge in lengths, so that the actual work of erection will occupy only a short time. Last night the flood gates in the dam were opened so as to let out the water above. This morning the gates were shut again, and while the basin back of the dam is filling up again, the men are enabled to work in the river bed below, which is left almost dry. The bridge will doubtless prove a great convenience to the public as well as to the waterworks employes.

WORK DON'T HURT

Poor Selection of Food Is the Cause of

Many men, and women, too, feel that their work is the cause of symptoms of nervous break-down, but work is not the cause, as anyone can prove to their entire satisfaction, by leaving off the food they have been trying to subsist on, and taking in its place food made for the express purpose of rebuilding the brain and herve centers in the body and supplying other portions with sufficient nourishment and keep right on with the same work and get well and strong.

An illustration is given in the case of F. A. Whitely, superintendent of the public schools at Excelsior Minn. He is also a student and teacher of hygiene. He says: "This spring at the beginning of the last month of school, I was very much run down, and since my duties are quite confining, I naturally ascribed my condition to that.

"I discovered that I made the same mistake that many do. It is not work, but a lack of proper food that causes breakdown. Wife went visiting at this time, and I concluded to get my own meals for a time. The grocer suggested that I use a ready-cooked food known as Grape-Nuts. I found the food delicious, requiring no cooking. I simply poured milk or cream over it and had it in that way

"I used Grape-Nuts for breakfast, dinner and supper, and, liking it so well, I simply lived on it for the next three weeks. My work continued quite as arduous and confining as before, but I experienced a decided rise in spirits and vitality as well as in health. Found I did not tire as before and entirely lost that worn-out feeling which seems to take the heart out of

"I am satisfied the change was due to my change in food, and I have been so greatly helped and have been taught so valuable a lesson in food as related to the human body that I wish to express my appreciation in this manner.

It will pay any brain worker to dispense with a part of the ordinary diet and use Grape-Nuts once or twice a day, at least, for the food is made by food experts, for a purpose, and that purpose is to furnish the human system with the elements, in a concentrated form, required for rebuilding the brain and nerve centers throughout the body. There is no sort of question of the truth of the statement and value of the food, as can be demonstrated by

AND THE BAND PLAYED ON! Scottdale, Pa., May 16.—At a negrodance in East Scottdale last night, William Poor shot and killed Ely Sheller. After the shooting the dead man was carried out in the yard to let the dance

anyone.

H. BUTLER, STOCK BROKER

Stocks, Sonds, Grain and Provisions bought id seld for each or on massin. Send for vest potest rus trail. Long distance Phone, 1278 FFICES—Masonio Temple, Longes.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Ne	W Yer	k, Maj	17.
Reported by F. H	. But	ler. st	ock br	oker,
Masonic Temple, for I	The Ad	vertise	OF.	
Yesterday's	3			
Close	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
Anaconda 471/8	47	471/4		47%
Amal. Copper.			1000	
Atcheson 72	721/4	74	72%	73%
Atcheson Pfd 95	96%	96%	94%	95%
B. & O 98%	99			
Brooklyn Tran 73%	73%	7434	731	741/2
C. B. & O 1954	196	1981	196	197 1/2
Q. C. C				
C. F. I				
Erio 84%	34%	35%	34%	35%
K.& T. Pfd 65	55%	56	55	50%
L. & N 100%	10134	102	101%	101%
Manhattan 11234	11214	11436	112	114%
Metropoliten St. 15914	159	161	159	161
No. P 99% N. Y. Central 149%	9914	101%	87.68	101%
A. Y. Contral 149%	150%	15134	1501/4	15134
Morfelk and W 49%	501/3	50%	50	50
Northern Pacific 140				
Ont. and Western 30%	- 311/2	32	31%	313/
Pacific Mail				
Pennsylvania 1441/	144%	145%	144%	1451/8
People's Gas 10834	10914	110%	1091	1101/2
R. I151	149%	162	149	163
Reading 7314	73%	74	731	73%
56. Paul	160	1611/2	1581/	160%
Southern Ry. Pfd 81	81	82	81	82
Southern Pacific 47	46%		46%	47 1/2
Texas 47	44	45	44	44%
T C. I 531/2	55%	56	55%	56
U. Pacific 104 %	106	10616	10414	10534
W TT QIL	914	92	914	93

 nather.
 75

 gar
 148
 142½
 146½
 142½
 146½

 3. Steel Com.
 43½
 43¾
 44
 48½
 43¾

 8. Steel Pfd
 91
 91½
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 91½
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 1bber
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 1bacoo.
 123
 123
 134
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 124

 nstinental.
 54½
 55½
 56½
 55½
 55½
 TORONTO STOCKS. TORONTO, May 17.
 Dominion
 243

 Standard
 219

 Hamilton
 219

 British America
 112
 Western Assurance 120
Oonsumers' Gas 218
Montreal Gas 218
Montreal Gas 218
Montreal Gas 218
Montreal Gas 124
Canada Pacific Ry Stock 104½
General Electric 221
London Electric, xd 221
London Electric, xd 102
Cable Coup. Bonds 102
Cable Ceg. Bonds 102
Deminion Telegraph 102
Deminion Telegraph 175
Elchelieu and Ontario 118
Toronte Street Railway 110
London Street Railway 170
Dominion Savings and Invest 73
Huron and Eric L and S.
Muron and Eric 20 per cent 102
London Lon.
Lendon Lon.
Lendon Lon 25
London Lon 26
MONTREAL STOCKS. Vestern Assurance.....

MONTREAL STOCKS. Ask. Bank of Montreal ad250 Bank of Toronto. 250
Merchants Bank
Merchants Bank of Halifax. 180 Bank of Commerce.
Northwest Land, pref
Montreal Cotton Co 130
Canada Colored Cotton 66
Dominion Cotton 75

M. YOUNG -STOCK BROKER-

York and Chicago stocks bought and HING STREET, MASONIO TEM

THE LOCAL MA			
A. M. HAMILTON & SON			
London, Sature Wheat, white, per bu			
Wheat, red, per bu		.65e	to 666
Wheat, spring, per bu			
Oats, per bu			
Peas, per bu		.54e	to 660
Corn, per bu		.44c	to 450
Barley, per bu			
Beans, per bu			
GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs\$	1 08	0	\$1 10
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs	1 08	9	1 10
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs.	1 08	@	1 10
Oats, per 100 lbs	90	0	93
Corn per 100 ths	25	8	85
Barley, per 100 lbs	80	ð	1 00
Rye, per 100 lbs		4	
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs Beans, per 100 lbs		086666	1 25
HOGS.	w	0	125
Hogs, light, 100 lbs		0	
Hogs, singers	00 0	8	6 50 6 50
Hogs, singers Heavy, per 100 lbs	4 00	0	6 00
Figs. Voling her hair	3 50	9	4 59
Bows, per 100 lbs		2	9 00
Dressed, 100 lbs, selects	7 75	096666	8 00
HAY AND SEE	DS.	•	
Hay, per load	7 50	a	8 25
Straw, per 10ad	3 00	63	4 00
Straw, per ton	6 00	Q	5 00
Clover seed, alsike, bu	7 50	0	7 50
Timothy seed, per bu	1 25	à	2 50
Hay, per ton	8 90	0	8 00
For Housekeepe			
PROVISIONS.			
Cheese, per lb	10	0	13
Eggs, single dozen Butter, lb, large rolls or	11	@	12
crock	16	0	17
Butter, pound rolls, retail	17	a	18

WHOLESALE DEALERS' PRICES. Eggs, store lots, dozen... 9½ @
Butter, lb rolls, baskets... 15 @
Butter, crock ... 15 @
Butter, store lots ... 12 @
Butter, creamery, per lb... 19 @ POULTRY. Turkeys, per lb.
Geose, per lb.
Duoks, per pair
Chickens, per pair
Hens, per pair VEGETABLES.

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bag.
Lettuce, per dozen.
Onions, per doz.
Savory and sage, per doz
Parsley, per doz.
Artichokes, per bag.
Parsley, per doz.
Mint, per doz.
Rhubarb, per doz.
Asparagus, per doz.
Spinach, per bush.
Radishes, per doz.
FRUIT. FRUIT. MEAT, HIDES, ETC. Beef, per lb 5
Beef, carcass 500
Mutton, quarters, per lb 6
Lamb, quarters 10
Veal quarters 5
Calfskins, green 5
Lambskins 25

Delay. Fines. Entrance fees. Shares to be taken.

\$10.83 Monthly, \$32.62 Quarterly, \$65.68 Haif-yearly.

Either of these plans will pay off a loan of \$1,000 in 10 years if you borrow

THE CANADIAN

Savings & Loan Company

420 and 422 Richmond St. M. H. ROWLAND, Manager.

Did You See That One Handed

CORN PLANTER Hamilton's Seed Store?

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Toronto, May 17.—Wheat—Firm, at 68c to 68½c for red and white, on a 13½c freight to New York, and 65c, middle freights; goose steady at 67c for No. 1 and 66c for No. 2, middle freights; spring steady, at 68c to 70c for No. 1 east; Manitoba, 91½c for No. 1 hard, 87½c for No. 2 hard, and 78½c for No. 1 hard, 86½c for No. 2 hard, and 78½c for No. 1 hard, 86½c for No. 2 hard, and 78½c for No. 3 hard, Toronto and west. Flour—Steady; 90c percent patents at \$2 63 to \$2 65, in buyers' bags, middle freights; choice brands, 15c to 20c higher; Manitoba zteady, at \$4 25 for cars of Hungarian patents, and \$3 95 for strong bakers in car lots, bags included, Toronto. Millfeed—Steady, at \$14 for shorts and \$12 for bran west. Barley—Steady; No. 2 at 45c bid east, and 50c f.o.b. vessels, lake ports; No. 2 is quoted at 44c bid, middle freights and No. 3 extra. Buckwheat—Nominal, at 53c middle freights. Rye—Nominal, at 53c middle freights. Corn—Steady, at 52c for Canada yellow, and 41½c for mixed west; American No. 3 yellow is quoted at 44½c at Toronto. Oats—Steady, at 33c for No. 1 white east, and 32c for No. 2 white, middle freights. Peas—Firm, at 65c north and west, and 66c, middle freights. Butter—New dairy tub is quoted at 18c to 14c; dairy rolls offering freely; market steady, at 12½c to 13½c for the best, and 10c to 12c for common to medium; creamery, 18c to 19 for prints and 17c to 18 for solids. Eggs—Steady and prices unchanged, at 10½c to 11c. Live hogs—Receipts, 1,700; prices unchanged; choice bacon, 7½c; heavy and light fat, 6%c. TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

ENGLISH MARKETS.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, May 17.

Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red western winter. 5s 11½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1d; No. 2 California, 6s 1½d; futures steady; July, 5s 10½d; Sept., 5s 95½d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 4s ¼d; American mixed, old, 4s 2¾d; futures steady; May nominal; July, 3s 11½d; Sept., 3s 11½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, dull, 8s. Hope (at London)—Paoific coast steady, 14 to 14 10s.

Peas—Canadian, steady, 5s 8d.

Beef.—Steady; extra India mess, 61s 3d.

Pork—Dull; prime mess, western, 62s 3d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 pounds, steady, 46s 6d. Lard—American refined, in pails, quiet, 40s 9d; prime western, in tierces, steady, 40s 9d; 40s 9d.

Bacon-Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 pounds, quiet, 45s; short ribs, 16 to 24 pounds, firm, 44s 9d; long crear middles, light, 20 to 34 pounds, firm, 42s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 pounds, firm, 41s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, firm, 40s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 pounds, firm, 44s 9d.

Shoulders-Square, 11 to 13 pounds, firm, 37s. firm, 37s.

Butter—Dull; finest United States, 88s; good United States, 66s.

Cheese—American finest white, dull, 47s; American finest colored, quiet, 46s.

Tallow—Fine city, dull, 25s; Australian, in London, quiet, 26s 6d.

Cottonseed oil. Hull refined—Spot, steady, 22s 6d.

steady, 22s 6d.
Turpentine spirits—Steady, 28s.
Rosin—Common, firm, 4s 4½d.
Petroleum—Refined. quiet, 7 1-8d.
Receipts of wheat during the past
three days, 377,000 centals, including 216,-Of American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 137,400 centals.

Weather fine.

AMERICAN MARKETS. CHICAGO, May 17.—Excepting a 40 drop in May corn, the grain markets today were steady, though quiet. July wheat closed \(\frac{3}{6}\)c higher; July corn a shade lower and July oats \(\frac{3}{6}\)c down. Provisions closed steady. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour were equal to 755,000 bu, while primary receipts were 304,000 bu, compared with 313,000 bu last year. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 167 cars. Local receipts were 39 cars, none of contract primary receipts were 204,000 bu, compared with 313,000 bu last year. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 187 cars. Local receipts were 39 cars, none of contract grade. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 50 cars; corn, 500 cars; oats, 240 cars; hogs, 16,000 head.

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—No. 2, May, 72%c; July, 71%c to 71%c. Corn—May, 52%c; July, 44%c; Sept., 44%c to 44%c. Oats—May, 29%c; July, 71%c to 71%c. Corn—May, 52%c; July, 144%c; Sept., 26c to 26%c. Pork—May, 314 67%; July, \$14 30, Sept., \$14 72%. Lard—May, \$8; July, \$8; Sept., \$8. Short ribs—May, \$8; July, \$7, \$7%; Sept., \$7, \$7, \$2%c. Cash quotations: Flour quiet. No. 2 spring wheat, 72%c to 74c; No. 3 do, 68%c to 71c; No. 2 red, 72c to 72%c. No. 2 corn, 50%c to 51c; No. 2 yellow, 50%c to 51c. No. 2 oats, 29%c to 30%c; No. 2 white, 30%c to 31c; No. 3 white, 28%c to 30c. No. 2 rye, 52c. Good feeding barley, 48c to 52c; fair to choice malting, 53c to 56c. No. 1 flax-seed, \$173; No. 1 northwestern, \$173. Prime timothy seed, \$3 to \$855. Pork, \$14 70 to \$14 75; lard, \$7 71%c to \$1; short ribs sides, \$7 90 to \$8 10; dry salted shoulders, 6%c to 7c; short clear sides, \$8 12% to \$2. Eggs easy, 11%c.

Receipts—Flour, 20,000 bbls; wheat, 43,000 bu; corn, 218,000 bu; oats, 205,000 bu; rye, 3,000 bu; barley, 16,000 bu; oats, 313,000 bu; rye, 51,000 bu.

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, ED. SHEA

is the place for

Wines and Liquors Old Ale and Porter

Fine Old Port, \$1.00 gal.

No. 8 Masonic Temple. Richmond St. and Market Square.

Phone 1140.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Butter—Steady: receipts, 4.40 pkgs: creamery axtras, per 1b, 13c; do, first, 13c to 184c; do, asconds, 1846 to 184c; do, asconds, 1846 to 184c; do, asconds, 1846 to 184c; do, seconds, 1846 to 184c; do, thirds, 15c; western imitation creamery fancy, 1846 to 187c; do, firsts, 1446 to 1846 do, lower grades, 13e to 14c; western faztory, large tubs, best, 18c; do, fair to good, 124c to 124c; factory or dainy lower grades, 11e to 12c; rolls, common to prime, 11e to 18c; renovated butter, fancy, 18c to 17c; do, common to choice, 12c to 184c; old creamery, 12c to 184c; old western factory, 10c to 13c. Cheese Quiet; receipts, 7,080 boxes; state full creamery, small white, prime, 84c; do, colored, prime, 84c; do, fair to good, 74c to 85c; do, fair to good, 74c to 8c; do, fair to good, 34c to 34c; state full cream, common, 84c to 78c; do, fair state full cream, common, 84c to 78c; do, fair to good, 24c to 84c; do, large, choice, 6c to 64c; do, sair to good, 34c to 44c; do, common, 24c to 3c; full skims, 1c to 2c; old nominal. Eggs—Irregular; receipts, 14,574 pkgs; Jersey, state and Pennsylvania, fancy selected, 15c; do, average best, 134c to 14c; Northern Ohio, Indiana and Michigan storage packings, loss off, 14c; regular packings, at mark, 12c to 13c; southwestern selected, 15c; do, pkgs; state and

regular packings, 10c to 11½c; dirties, 9c to 11c; checks, 9c to 9½c.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Flour—Receipts, 9,766 bbls; sales, \$.100 pkgs; state and western market rallied in tone, but was held at old prices and rather slow. Rye flour—Steady; fair to good, \$2 85 to \$3 20; choice to 12 ncy, \$3 25 to \$3 50. Wheat—Receipts, 133,000 bu; sales, 2,215,000 bu; option market was firm and higher this morning on unexpected strength abroad, foreign buying and small Argentine shipments; May, 81c; July, 78½c to 78%c; Sept., 75%c to 75 15-16c. Rye—Dull; state, 55c to 56c, c.l.f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 61c f.o.b., afloat. Corn—Receipts, 99,325 bu; sales, 65,000 bu; option market was moderately firm in sympathy with wheat, but ruled dull all the foremon; May, 50½c; July, 49½c; Sept., 48¾c to 48¾c. Oats—Receipts, 209,200 bu; options steady but quiet; track, white state and western, 32c to 37½c. Sugar—Raw firm; refined quiet. Coffee—Dull; No. 7 Rio, 6¼c. Lead—Dull, Wool—Qufet. Hops—Quiet.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

CHICAGO, May 17.
Followingare the fluctuations on the Chicago
Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler,
broker, offices Masonic Temple. Phone 512. Lard—May... 8 00 July... 7 97 Ribs—May... 8 05 July... 7 77 DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, May 18.—Beans are lifeless at the old prices. Quotations: Cash, \$170; September, \$1 35; October, \$1 40. OIL MARKETS. PITTSBURG, May 18 .- Oil opened at

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 17.-Oil closed at \$1 05. OIL CITY, Pa., May 17.—Credit bal-ances, \$105; certificates, no bid.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,500; good to prime steers, \$5 35 to \$5 95; poor to medium, \$3 90 to \$5 25; stockers and feeders, \$3 to \$5; cows, \$2 25 to \$4 80; heifers, \$2 35 to \$4 65; canners, \$2 10 to \$2 75; bulls, \$2 50 to \$4 65; canners, \$2 10 to \$2 75; bulls, \$2 50 to \$4 40; calves, \$2 50 to \$6; Texas fed steers, \$4 25 to \$5 40; do, bulls, \$2 75 to \$3 85. Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; mixed and butchers, \$5 65 to \$5 85; good to choice heavy, \$5 85 to \$5 97½; rough heavy, \$5 85 to \$5 85; bulk of sales, \$5 80 to \$5 87½. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; good to choice wethers, \$4 35 to \$4 65; fair to choice mixed, \$4 15 to \$4 40; western sheep, \$4 35 to \$4 65; yearlings, \$4 50 to \$4 75; native lambs, \$4 50 to \$4 65; western shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 2,834; hogs, 24,740; sheep, 12,652. Shipments—Cattle, 3,777; hogs, 4,825; sheep, 989.

heifers, \$2 \$5 to \$4 55; comers, \$2 10 to \$2 55; bulls, \$2 50 to \$4 40; calves, \$2 50 to \$4 50; calves, \$2 50 to \$45; Calves, \$2 50 to \$45; \$2 50 to \$4 50; calves, \$2 50 to \$45; \$2 50 to \$4 50; calves, \$2 50 to \$3 55; light, \$5 55 to \$5 55; bulk of sales, \$5 80 to \$5 57½; rough heavy, \$5 65 to \$5 55; light, \$5 55 to \$5 55; bulk of sales, \$6 80 to \$5 57½; sheep-Receipts, \$7,000; good to choice wethers, \$4 35 to \$4 55; fair to choice mixed, \$4 15 to \$4 45; western sheep, \$4 55 to \$4 55; yearlings, \$4 50 to \$4 55; analyse lambs, \$4 50 to \$4 65; yearlings, \$4 50 to \$4 65; heap, \$2 50 to \$4 50; heap, \$2 50 to \$4 50;

stags, \$4 to \$4.75; the offerings were pretty well cleaned up and the close was a shade higher on heavy hogs.

TORONTO, May 17.—A continuous heavy supply at the cattle market all this week has failed to break prices, which today were even firmer than on Tuesday; today's supply was \$1 loads, with 1,300 head of cattle, 1,705 hogs, 384 sheep and lambs and 16 calves. The quality of cattle coming in is on the whole good. Export cattle are firm at \$4.90 to \$5.10, and \$5.25 to \$6 for extra; good butcher cattle self readily at \$4 to \$4.60; stockers of the light class are still scarce, while the demand keeps good; sheep are a little weaker, but grain-fed lambs are steady to firm, at \$5.50 to \$6.25; hogs are firm, and prospects apparently steady, at \$7.25. top price, and \$6.75 for lights and fats. Wm. Levack bought 4 loads of butcher cattle, with a few exporters mixed, 1,050 to 1,250 lbs, at \$3.85 to \$5. H. Maybee & Son bought about 4 loads, principally good butchers; 1 load, 1,100 lbs, at \$4.50; a load, 1,025 lbs, at \$4.60, and a load of good butchers and exporters, mixed, 1,070 lbs, at \$4.70. S. Levack bought 25 cattle, butchers, 1,000 lbs, at \$4.50; export bulls, \$4.20; calves, about 1,250 lbs, at \$4.50; except bulls, 1,430 to 1,500 lbs, at \$4.70. Crawford & Hunnisett bought about 6 loads of butchers and exporters, mixed, at prices from \$4.60 to \$5, and sold a load of fairly good exporters, 1,200 lbs, at \$4.50. And sold a load of fairly good exporters, 1,200 lbs, at \$4.50. Frank Hunnisett bought at load of exporters, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs, at \$4.60. and sold a load, 1,050 lbs, at \$4.60. Butchers' cattle, light, cwt. \$4.50 lbs, at \$4.60. Butchers' cattle, licked \$4.50 lbs, at \$4.60. But Butchers cattle, good 300 @Butchers cattle, medium 300 @Butchers' cattle, medium 300 @Butchers' cattle, medium 300 @Bulls, export, heavy, cwt. 400 @Bulls, export, light, cwt. 350 @Feeders, heavy 375 @Feeders, hight. 325 @Stockers, 400 to 800 lbs, cwt. 260 @Stockers, off-colors and heif-

Headquarters

For Articles Necessary to the

NURSERY TOILET,

New goods-and only the best alwayskept in stock.

W. T. STRONG & CO. Dispansing Chemists.

184 Dundas Street, London. Marriage Licenses Issued.

Butchers' bulls
Light stock bulls, cwt.
Milch cows.
Sheep. export ewes, cwt.
Sheep. butchers, each.
Lambs, per cwt.
Carres, per head.
Hogs. choice, cwt.
Hegs. light. cwt.
Grain-fed lambs
Barnyard lambs
Barnyard lambs

THE DAIRY MARKETS. PERTH, Ont. May 17.—On the cheese board today only 40 boxes were offered, all white; the lot was bought by Bissell

IROQUOIS, Ont., May 17.—At the cheese board today 470 white and 53 colored cheese were offered; highest price bid was \$14c for white and \$1/sc for colored, at which price 420 boxes were sold on the board; six buyers were present.

board; six buyers were present.

BRANTFORD, Ont., May 17.—At the Brantford cheese market today 375 boxes of cheese were offered; sales, 65 at 8%c, and 184 at 83-16c. Next meeting. Friday, June 7; the annual meeting will be held on the same date.

OTTAWA, May 17.—The first meeting of the Ottawa cheese board was held this afternoon, and was largely attended. The full quota of buyers were on hand, but the sellers were few. In all 150 white cheese were boarded from four factories. The bidding was fairly good, but only 88 boxes sold at the prevailing price, 8%c. The buying firms represented were Lovell & Christmas, Alexander Ayer and the Imperial Produce Company, all of Montreal.

WINCHESTER, Ont., May 17.—At the meeting of the cheese board today 582 boxes were registered, 512 white and 70 colored; the whole boardings were sold, the white at 85-16c and the colored at

KEMPTVILLE, Ont., May 17.—At the first meeting of the season of the Kemptville cheese board today, the following buyers were present: Webster, Bissell, Howe and Ferguson. There were offered for sale 365 white and 145 colored, of which only 100 white and 55 colored were sold. Howe bought 60 white and Ferguson bought 40 white; Bissell bought 55 colored; all sold for 84c.

BRIGHTON Out May 17 Fight fee BRIGHTON, Ort., May 17.—Eight factories boarded 365 cheese of which 50 were sold to McGrath at 3½c. Buyers present: McGrath, Russell and Bird. The board meets again on Friday, May 31. CHICAGO, May 17.—Butter firm; creamery, 14c to 18½c; dairy, 11c to 17½c. Cheese dull, 9c to 10½c.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES. Liverpool, May 17.—Here and at London cattle are steady at 10%c to 12c per lb, dressed weight; sheep sell at 13c to 14c per lb; refrigerator beef is quoted at 9c per lb.

SPORTING NEWS.

BASEBALL.

SATURDAY'S GAML.

1000	itself.
	London. Guelph. Guelph.
	Early " McLaugh!
	Early McLaughli Glbson Catcher Power
0.0	Gunn AcFadden 1st base O'Conno
	Sippi2nd baseLead
	Ashpiant 3rd hase Dar
9	LeeShortston Cordo
	Hurchigan Laft Hald Colo.
	Wanless Center field McGunnig Bell Right field Bate
	LAJOIE IS FREE.
	Philadelphia Man 17 mt 4 4

Philadelphia, May 17.—The injunction proceedings begun by the Philadelphia National League baseball club to enjoin Second Baseman Lajoie and Pitchers Bernhard and Fraser from playing baseball with the local American League and to enjoin the manager of that club from engaging the players, were dismissed today by the judges of the common pleas court. The judges say the contracts between these men and the National League lack mutuality. The court says if the injunction was granted Lajoie's services would be subject to the Philadelphia baseball club for all time, while if the club cared to do so it could dispense with him on ten days' notice.

This decision will effect the status of a number of players holding imof a number of players holding im-portant positions in various clubs.

THEY MEET AGAIN. A crowd of nearly 250 persons witnessed the game of ball which was played on Thursday between the Senior Stars of London West and the Aberdens, resulting in favor of the Aberdeens by a score of 3 to 0. Batteries—Early and Taylor; Stars, Clarke and Gibson.

The Aberdeens would like to arrange a game with an amateur team in the city for Saturday afternoon, May 25. Address Thomas Taylor, 106 Wharncliffe road, London West.

Spread of Smallpox.

Toronto, May 17 .- A case of smallpox has been reported to Dr. Bryce from the neighborhood of Fort Francis, a new center. It is traced to the outbreak across the river in Minnesota. Several new cases have been brought to the Sudbury camps recently, and a fresh case is reported also from McNab township, in Ren-frew county, and from Tay township, in Simcoe county. Reports received by Dr. Bryce show: that smallpox continues in Michigan in unabated vigor, and now exists in 109 places. In Minnesota, 2,700 cases; in Kansas, 3,-201, and Wisconsin, 531 cases have occurred since the first of the year.

Physicians from Skaguay and Juneau have been investigating the smallpox at Sitka, Alaska, and at the Indian ranch, Russian town, and the Indian mission. At the mission there are over 30 children suffering from smallpox. There have been seven fatalities, all Indians. Among the citizens vaccination has been compul-

AN EASILY MADE DESSERT.—You can make a dessert that will be acceptable to the weakest stomach by adding a teaspoonful of Price's Rennet Wine to a plnt of milk, set aside to cool and you have a delicious curd. This is the ideal hot weather food. It is highly nutritious and makes a very light demand on the digestive organs. Directions for making and serving with each bottle, 25 cents. Sold by Scandrett Bros., grocers.

A LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson, Cameron, writes: "I was confined to my bed with infiammation of the lungs, and was given up by the physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Qil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on his advice, I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

REFRIGERATORS-

'CHALLENGE"—This is the best Refrigerator sold

Lawn Mowers, \$2 and Up

Lawn Hose, Rakes, etc.,
Garden Wheel Barrows, Step Ladders

Sherwin Williams' Ready Mixed Paints
Rurril's English

COWAN'S HARDWARE,

While We Live We Crow!

Bedroom sets, parlor sets, dining-room sets library sets and kitchen furniture, cosy couches easy chairs, china cabinets, parlor cabinets, bookcases, corner wardrobes, mantel beds, spring beds, hair and other mattresses, parlor tables, extension tables, folding tables, invalid tables, patent kitchen tables, 15 per cent cheaper than any house in the trade.

FURNITURE POLISH—OUR OWN MAKE—15c.

John Ferguson & Sons,

174 to 180 KING STREET.

QUEER PLIGHT

OF MR. BARTON.

Was "Upsot," Lost His Watch and Sought Police Aid.

"I was upsot yesterday, and I lost

It was with these words that Geo. Barton, an elderly resident of Aylmer, entered the police station yesterday morning. Asked for further information as to the nature of his "upsot" condition, Mr. Barton explained that he was driving north on Egerton street with a horse and single buggy, lead-ing another horse behind, when near Campbell street the two animals became frightened at a G. T. R. train, and in their struggle the buggy was overturned. Part of the contents of the latter were 45 dozen of eggs, and there were all kinds of eggnogs, lets, and other egg dishes flying loose. Mr. Barton succeeded in getting his two horses and his buggy together, and had started again on his way when he missed his watch and chain. Returning to the scene of his upset, he found his chain lying on the ground, but there were no signs of the watch, which is a filled gold one. He was advised to advertise his loss in the papers.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Highest and Lowest Temperatures at Prominent Points.

London, May 18-8 a.m. TEMPERATURE. STATIONS-WEATHER Parry Sound. 46 40 40 44 42 Pather Point. FORECASTS.

Today-Northerly winds, increasing to fresh or strong; showery in eastern, and fine in western portions. Sunday-Northerly winds: fine. WEATHER NOTES.

Since last night there has been a marked development of the small disturbance which covered Ontario yesterday, and while the weather has cleared to the westward of Kingston, it seems probable that the rain will continue in Eastern Ontario and Quebec. Temperatures of over 90 were recorded in Manitoba, and the heat is

Household Furniture By Auction

At Jones' Auction Rooms, Tuesday, May 21, at 10:30 a.m.

PIANOS, ORGANS, PARLOR SUITES, folding beds, center tables, sofas, bedroom suites, springs, mattresses, chamberware, bureaus, desk, pictures, sideboards, dining tables and chairs, cribs, cradles, iron bed, cupboards, bed lounge, carpets, gas stoves, crockery, etc. No carpets, gas stoves, crockery, etc. N reserve. J. W. JONES, auctioneer. b

DYEING LADIES' GARMENTS.

All the important points that are necessary to success in dyeing the various fabrics from which ladles' garments are made are known to us. This means satisfactory work.

R. PARKER & CO., 400 Richmond street, near corner of Dundas, London, Ont.

> In order to let every one test the superiority of. . . .

17c Imp. Gallon

Orders may be left with all dealers in north part of city; Geo. Trebileock, in south; J. C. Park and T. A. Faulds, east Geo. Finnigan, west; Jas. Cowan & Ca., on market, or at the head office, 184 King

WESTERN OIL WORKS.

plete line of Refrigerators in London.

The Glacier is complete in every detail. It cannot



Leonard Cleanable

absolutely reliable. It is designed so that there is not a nook or corner that cannot be easily reached and kept clean. It is a wonderful ice saver, too, being built with no less than eight

The prices are extremely moderate. Also Complete Stock of Gas and Oil Stoves,

Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers And General Housefurnishings of All Kinds.

LARGEST STOCK AT LOWEST PRICES

Richmond St. Phone 452. The same spot for 25 years.

P.S.—Store closes Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock. Do your buying early,

...CIGAR..

Warranted clear Havana filled and hand made. A delightful and healthful smoke.

TRY ONE.

We Make Wedding Cakes

the way people like them. Use only best materials. Call and inspect at-

FRIEND'S.



HARD AND SOFT CORNS cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and he happy.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS.

Schedule for C. L. A. Intermedi- Conservatives' Advice to Their ate District No. 9.

Stratford Defeats Berlin in Western Football Association Series-On the Baseball Diamond.

BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE. At Brooklyn, 10; Cincinnati, 9. At New York, 0; Chicago, 4. At Boston, 6; St. Louis, 7. At Philadelphia, 4; Pitsburg, 6. AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston, 7; Baltimore, 2. At Cleveland, 4; Detroit, 6. At Chicago, 7; Milwaukee, 6. At Washington, 8; Philadelphia, 7. EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Rochester, 14; Syracuse, 6.
Rain prevented games at Montreal,
foronto and Buffalo.

LACROSSE.

DISTRICT 9 SCHEDULE. Stratford, Ont., May 18.—C. L. A. intermediate district No. 9 met here yesterday, and drew up the following scheduleof matches, the first-named team in duleof matches, the first-named team in every case being the home team: Stratford vs. Bright, June 5; Woodstock vs. London, June 6; St. Marys vs. Stratford, June 13; London vs. Stratford, June 19; St. Marys vs. Bright, June 25; Woodstock vs. Stratford. June 26; St. Marys vs. London, July 1; Bright vs. London, July 7; Stratford vs. St. Marys, July 10; London vs. Woodstock, July 13; Bright vs. Stratford, July 17; Woodstock vs. St. Marys, July 18; Bright vs. Woodstock, July 24; Stratford vs. London, July 24; Stratford vs. London, July 24; Stratford vs. ford vs. London, July 24; Stratford vs. Woodstock, July 31; Bright vs. St. Marys, Aug. 1; St. Marys vs. Wood-stock, Aug. 5; London vs. Bright, Aug. 10; Woodstock vs. Bright, Aug. 12; Lon-don vs. St. Marys, Aug. 21.

FOOTBALL.

STRATFORD BEATS BEALIN. Btratford played a game last evening in the Western Football Association series, Stratford winning by 4 goals to 1.

FOR THE FEATHER - WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP. Louisville, Ky., May 18 .- The South-

ern A. C. announces the matching of Dave Sullivan and Terry McGovern for the feather-weight championship of the world. The date will be some time during the triennial conclave of the Knights Templer, the last week in

TURF.

THE O. J. C. MEETING. The approaching meeting of the Ontario Jockey Club gives promise of being by far the most successful in the history of the club. To commence, the Queen's plate, which will be run this year upon the opening day, Thursday, May 23, is the race appealing most strongly to the spert loving people of the Dominion, is conceded to be an open event. Such a finish as was seen last year, when Dalmoor, after a most desperate set to all down the home. stretch, beat The Provost a scant neck, is sufficient to call up enthusiasm. mong the eig May 3, with no less than 293 entries, will be seen some of the best American and Canadian horses, giving some idea of the high-class sport to be provided by the Ontario Jockey Club. Large fields and keenly contested finishes can be confidently looked forward to. The de-lightful surroundings of Woodbine Park were never more attractive, the spaci-ous lawns and steeplechase lawns look-Ing beautiful in their spring verdure.
The prestige the annual meeting of the Ontario Jockey Club enjoys makes "race week" the social and sporting event of the year, and attracts thou-sands from all points in the Dominion and across the border.

FIELD DAY FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

Seventh Grade Scholars of the Colborne Street School Engage in a Number of Sports.

The Seventh Grade of the Colborne street school had their field day yesterday afternoon in Queen's Park, a large number taking part. Following were the results:

Hop-step-and-jump—J. Porteou s 1, Fred Tambling 2, W. Kreitzer 3. Free-for-all race—C. Cole 1, Gertie Thompson 2, Mildred Belton 3. Boys' race, 100 yards-C. Cole 1, M.

Wiley 2, W. Kreitzer 3.
Girls' race, 100 yards—Gertie Thompnon 1, Mildred Belton 2, Susie Elliott 3. Double race (girls)—Susie Elliott and Nellie 1, May Ashplant and Mamie Sanborne 2, Mildred Belton

and Beatrice Underwood 3. Boys' three-legged race—Fred Tam-bling and Charlie Cole 1, Kreitzer and W. Stroyan 2, John Stewart and Willie Blake, Morley Wiley and W. Shuff, and

several other pairs tied for third place. Free-for-all-Fred Tambling 1, C. Cole 2, M. Wiley 3, M. Belton 4, Gertie

Long jump-Fred Tambling 1, J. Porteous 2, Morley Wiley 3.

Stone-throwing (boys)—J. Porteous 1, Fred Tambling 2, Morley Wiley 3. Stone-throwing (girls)—G. Thompson 1, Mamie Sanborn 2, May Ashplant 3. Girls' bicycle race—Mildred Belton 1,
May Ashplant 2, Gertie Thompson 3.
Boys' bicycle race—G. Ward 1, J.
Porteous 2, W. Stroyan 3.

Boys' obstacle race—Ross Murray 1, Morley Wiley 2, W. Stroyan 3. Boys' blindfold race—C. Cole 1, Mor-

ley Wiley 2, W. Kreitzer 3.
Girls' blindfold race—Gertie Thompson 1, Susie Elliott 2, M. Belton 3.

Starter, Fred Tambling; time-keep-er, Thos. Purdom; judges, J. Stewart and Murray Sangster.

Catarrh Phila nthrop y.

This is how it operates: Mr. Thomas Sissons, of Pearl Lake, Que., had suffered from Catarrh for years, and being informed by his father, who had found Catarrhozone alone was the only positive cure for that disease, he forthwith commenced its use, and before long was entirely rid of his former enemy. Then by means of his philanthropy six friends were also permanently cured of Catarrh for Mr. Sissons sent each of then a complete Catarrhozone outhit, and states they would not now part with them for twice their cost. He says a great deal more about the merits of this great preparation, but his action in sending for six outfits for friends stands for conviction that he has discovered a remedy of superfative value. Druggists all sell Catarrhozone; ask them to let you try it. We guarantee every dollar outfit to cure Catarrh Bronchits and Asthma. Small size, 25c; a trial sent for 10c for N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Canada, or Hartford, Conn., U. S. Catarrh Phila nthrop y.

CAPTURE THE OFFICIALS!

Local Organizers.

Elect Conservative Councils, Choose Friendly Assessors and Clerks and Get Their Assistance.

(Toronto Globe.)

While the methods of organization by the political parties are being freely discussed, it is interesting to note some of the suggestions made by the Conservative leaders and organizers to their assistants. A prominent po-litician, in referring to the matter yesterday, called attention to two circulars recently issued by the Conser-vatives, in which the following point-

ers are respectively given:
"If it has not already been done, please see that a meeting of the active workers in your polling subdivision is held at once, and at this meeting go over all the names of men of both parties of voting age. Have them arranged in lists showing their political leanings as much as possible Then whatever steps may suggest themselves to have the assesor, and after him, the clerk, put every Conservative name on the list properly. If the clerk be friendly, or even fair it should be a comparatively easy matter to have him put the names of our friends who have a right to be there

on his list,"
"The municipal council appoints the assessor; the assessment roll is the foundation of the voters' list; the voters' list is final as to who may vote; the appeal to the county judge from the voters' list as compiled by the usually partisan municipal clerks are never really thorough, for want of information on the facts. fore the assessor determines large the politics of the municipality. Therefore, we should always appoint a full Conservative team in the field at every municipal election; organize as you would for a Dominion election; get numerical control of the council, and

It is pointed out that the duty of the clerks of municipalities, so far as the voters' list is concerned, is merely to record and transfer to the list the names furnished to him, first by the assessor, secondly by the court of re-vision, and thirdly by the county judge, and that he has no authority whatever to register names not handed in to him

PASTRY PROHIBITED

Sufferer From Dyspepsia Forced to Eat and Subsist on Plainest of Foods-No Need of That With Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

To many a poor sufferer from Dyspepsia the only possible relief to be found for their distress is by confining themselves to a strictly plain uninvit-ing diet. Tasty, appetizind dishes are out of the question. There is no need of such a sacrifice

Dyspepsia is no longer the all-powerful tyrant which compels men and women to conform their lives to its cruel sway.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets have

volutionized the treatment of dyspepsia, proving a boon to thousands of people who, without their help, would never know a day of freedom from

With Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets dieting is unnecessary. Any food may be taken into the stomach, and digested surely and painlessly, if Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are used.

improve and grow stronger, until at last the time comes when it can do its work alone; when its digestive powers are so perfect that all foods can be as-similated without strain. Then only will the health and vigor of the whole system be at its highest, for, on the stomach depends the condition of the

thus of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets:
"Since I was eighteen years of age I
have been troubled with dyspesia and

heartburn. I could not eat any pastry for fear of Heartburn.
"Doctors have tried to cure me, but only slight temporary relief would follow. I was advised to use Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I gave them a trial. I am delighted to say I not only found them a relief, but a final, permanent ourse for the distribution of the lives of the boys and girls of a generation or so ago, are now all but forgotten—mere names again.

"Whatever may be said of those worthing that begat a taste for reading manent cure, for the slightest sign of Dyspepsia has not bothered me since

ceasing their use." Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are thoroughly indorsed by the medical profession, and by dyspeptics all over the

Love Among Savages.

Among the Arabs of Upper Egypt the youth who proposes to a girl must submit to a whipping at the hands of all her male relatives, says Chambers Journal, and, says a dry narrator, "if he wishes to be considered worth naving, he must receive the chastisement, which is sometimes exceedingly severe. with an expression of enjoyment. Not infrequently it is the maiden herself who imposes the test. The Saka-

lava stand at a short distance 6 6 lava girls of Madagascar make their lovers stand at a short distance from a clever spear-thrower, and catch between the arm and side every weapon flung at them. If the youth 'displays fear or fails to catch the spear he is ignominiously rejected; but if there be no flinching, and the spears are caught, he is at once proclaimed an accepted

Worse than this is the trial enforced upon their suitors by the Dongolowee girls. When in doubt as to the respective merits of two rivals, the young lady fastens a sharply-pointed knife to each elbow, then, seating herself be-tween her lovers, she drives the blades slowly into their thighs; and the hero who takes the greatest length of steel

without a murmur wins the bride.

Major Mitchell, in his "Expeditions Into the Interior of Eastern Australia," says of the natives on the River Darling, that all their ideas of fighting are associated with deep of fight-

FAMOUS BOOKS NEGLECTED!

Classics of Youth That Don't Seem To Be Read Now.

Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights Little Known to High School Graduates Nowadays — Curious Revelation Follows Investigation of

[New York Sun.] A professional man who does not want his name made public, writes to

a Complaint.

the Sun in complaint, as follows: "One day recently you printed an editorial on the vagaries of the methods in vogue at the Chicago public schools. A cimilar article might be printed on some things done here.

"I have a near relative who graduated from the high school, and who is now attending the training school established by the city in One Hundred and Nineteenth street, between Second and Third avenues. Some queer stunts, have been given them to do during the past year; but the queerest of all, the one hundred and odd scholars are now trying to do, namely, to read and digest sufficiently for examination in June 65 separate volumes plus the

writings of 28 poets.
"My relative has been reading about 20 hours in the 24 in a frantic effort to accomplish this task. This is in addition to all the other work that goes on just the same. To be sure, many of the books are ones that most of us know something about, but this is supposed to be a critical study of the books given out and the memory must be refreshed. It's absurd, but the pupils can do nothing.

Being more or less of a student my self, I know the task set to be an impossible one. Why, for entrance at Harvard in 1884 we had only six separate volumes to post ourselves on. During the freshman year we studied ten others, and did not have to read all of them.

"In my opinion, the whole English department in the high school and the training schools needs a complete revision and overhauling

Investigation showed that the Sun's correspondent was in error. Dr. Downing, principal of the training school,

"There is no examination whatever on the books. Then, again, he says that there is 'supposed to be a critical study of the books given out.' In this he also is in error. It is not even expected that there will be said that pected that they will be read. All that is asked of the students is that they glance through the books, and select such passages as they think might be used in the class room.

"They are to teach little children in the primary grade, some of them. Others will teach children in the grammar grade. We put a selected list of books into their hands, and ask them to run through a certain number of them at

"And then there is this to be said.

that the books selected are many of them such as no high school graduate should be unfamiliar with. It is amazing how incomplete, rudimentary, I might say, is the knowledge of many, yes, the great majority of our high school graduates, of the great writers Gradually, with the help of Dodd's of the English language. They know Dyspepsia Tablets, the stomach will little or nothing of them save their names.

"Shakespeare, for instance, suggests nothing to many I have met but a name. They have heard about 'Hamlet' or 'Macbeth' or the 'Midsummer Night's Dream.' They have never read them. And it is the same with the other authors.

"I am afraid our young people do not Mr. Dan Corlson, of Hamilton, writes read as much as their fathers and mohus of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets: there did, or else that their reading is not so good. Our old friends of boyhood are almost unknown in this generation. 'Robinson Crusoe,' 'Sinbad the Sailor,' 'Ali Baba,' and all that group, which were part of the lives of the

thies that begat a taste for reading that very often took a firm hold and lasted through a lifetime, I am afraid trashy newspapers and trashy maga-

zines have taken their places.
"But that is drifting away a little. To come back to the books we are asking our students to read, they really are only such books as a teacher should know more about than their mere title pages tell. In asking our students to run them over and select passages that they think might be useful in the class room, we are also trying to correct in many places a lamentable deficiency on the part of the would-be teachers themselves.

They are books, many of them which should have been familiar to them from childhood, as, for instance, 'Alice in Wonderland,' which, by the way, is one of the works your correspondent says his relative is compelled to study critically and to digest. Of course, there are students who are familiar with many of the books-familiar as they should be. But, I am sorry

to say, the majority are not.

"When all is put in a nutshell it comes to this, that we are only trying to breaden our coming teachers a little by laying out for them a course of reading that one would be seen in the course of reading that one would naturally think would only be a delight, rather than a

Miss Allen, the instructor in English. Miss Allen, the instructor in English, reiterated all that Mr. Downing said about the lack of knowledge of English writers in the high school graduates, and she agreed with him also in the general statement that the old-time boy and girl classics of 'Robinson Crusoe' and 'Arabian Nights' type are all but extinct with the riging general. all but extinct with the rising genera-tion, in the city at least.

"In our English course," said Miss Allen, "all the students are required to do is to go over the books at their homes, and then come with their selec-tions to the classroom. The test selections to the classroom. Then there is a running debate.

"One student reads the selection he has made, and gives his reason for be-lieving that it would be valuable in the classroom. Another, maybe, takes a different view, and tells why he or she does not favor the selection. The debates are often quite spirited and

debates are often quite spirited and interesting.

"We devoted three days this week to Shakespeare. The students were asked to run through the plays and pick out such of the lyrics only as impressed them. In the same manner we took other authors one after another. In the English department this will be the sole work from new on until June." sole work from new on until June.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

The strongest magnifying glass can discern no difference between "Semi-ready" clothes for gentlemen and high-class madeto-measure ones—

But the man who pays the bill finds a big difference in Semi-ready's favor-and the man who misses the worrying and fretting and bothering about numerous fitting ordeals, realizes the difference between modern methods and Rip Van Winkle ones.

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Each. Large stock of Pillows and Mat-tresses, Iron and Brass Bedsteads. Pillows and Cushions filled with feathers on the shortest notice. Large assortment of Staves at Hunt & Sons' Bed and Mattress Cleaning factory, 593 Richmond street. Telephone 997.

Adding More Trains.

The New York Central, to keep up with the fast increasing passenger business, has had to add more trains to its splendid service, and now has thirteen through trains from Buffalo east bound and fourteen New York west bound. Be sure you get in the swim.

Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo,

N. Y. Send a two-cent postage stamp to M. C. Dickson, district passenger agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, foronto, for handsome publication on Pan-American Exposition, maps of grounds and full information. 67tf

A Progressive School.

Shorthand and Typewriting is an art easily learned and pupils who attend Coo's Shorthand and Business Acad-emy, 76 Dundas street, are sure to secure good employment if they succeed in passing the final examinations. The school will continue during the summer months, and pupils who wish to join the classes may do so at any time. The following graduates have accepted situations: Miss Beaton, with Bayly & Bayly; Miss Nicholl, with G. Marshall & Co.; Miss Turner, with Cycle Motor Co.

The Indian and the Northwest. A handsomely illustrated book just ssued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engrav-ings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs: Custer's battle-ground, and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes, dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that their homes, and the next day in class point out the selections they think would be of value to them as teachers.

"That is, what selections they would suggest as calculated to open the pupils' minds and beget in them a desire paid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill. 1

Cleveland bicycles are proving all the rage this season with their radically new designs in light-weight ladies' and men's roadsters, which weigh 22 and 21 pounds respectively. For sale by A. Westman, 111 Dundas street, Cleveland representative.

The Bank of France compels customers checking out money to accept at least one-fifth in gold coin. Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Eighty-seven carriags horses were sold in New York the other day for an average of over \$1,000 each. CROUP CURED IN A MINUTE. With Ransom's Hive(Croup) Syrup and

Tolu. Guaranteed. 25 cents. At C. Mc-Callum & Co. The shipping trade along the Central American coasts is to a large ex-

tent in German hands. TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

L. E. & D. R. R. VICTORIA DAY

EXCURSION TO PORT STANLEY

Fare for Round Trip, 30c. Trains leave London, 10:25, 1:15, 2:30 and 6:50. Returning; leave Port Stanley, 1:60, 4:40, 7:00 and 9:30 p.m.

The Pan-American Excursion to Buffalo,

THURSDAY NIGHT, MAY 23.
Merchants' Line steamer Melbourne, from Port Stanley, Good for four days, including berths and two meals each day. \$12 for round trip. Your home will be on the boat from start to finish, as the boat lies at the dock in Buffalo until returning on Sunday night, May 25.

CLARK & SMITH, Undertakers and Embalmers Calls promptly attended to day or night. Residence on the premises 113 Dundas St. Phone 586.

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takes all the dirt and none of the clothes.

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ford Red Bird this season are indisputable evidence of the constant study and everlasting seeking after perfection in its construction, and the in portant ones are: Reduced weight, unique hubs. the special design, improved crank bracket, perfect handlebar adjustment, ideal seat-post fastener, new overhanging sprocket.

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cellent parts, carefully adjusted for service and satisfaction-strong, durable and rigid. Write for catalogue and learn all about this famous bicycle.

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thoroughbred at every point.

You should see it at the store of our local agent, to fully appreciate it. The next best thing is to send for our Catalogue, which describes and illustrates this Bicycle as well as it can be done with paper and ink.

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Physical effort is needed to work any piano-player, but less to play the harmonist than any other. The easy bicycle motion enables even a child to work it without difficulty.

It gives direct control of the soft and sustaining pedal of the piano-an advantage that anyone will appreciate, when a comparison is made with other pianoplayers.

The only "player" made that can be perfectly controlled by the interpretation of the performer. Anyone can play any composition from 'the sublime sonatos of Beethoven and the brilliant rhapsodies of Liszt to the modern negro melodies by the help of the Harmonist."

-Everyone is invited to visit our handsome -piano salons and see for themselves the -operations of the Harmonist-satisfying

-themselves of its decided superiority over -other piano-players.

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Catalogues free. Miss Murray has secured the position of bookkeeper with C. G. Steele, London, and Mr. E. H. Stewart as stenographer with the Massey-Harris Company, Toron-

> J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

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(Honor Graduate of Em Teacher of Elecution and Physical Culture receives pupils at the Conservatory

of Music Beautify

Your Home. er than ever this season.
again we have exclusive

443 Richmond Street.

Officers who lose arms or legs in the service of the British army will in future be supplied with artificial limbs at the cost of the government. No provision, it seems, is made for the private.

BRITISH ARMY FOOT POWDER makes walking easy when suffering from swollen, aching or tender feet. It destroys the odor of perspiration and also makes everything with which it comes in contact sweet and wholesome. In large sprinkler top tins for 25 cents. Sold by Calrncross & Lawrence, 216 Dundas street, London.

At a recent trial in Paris it was revealed that a French firm was making more than 18,000 corsets a year for men, 3,000 being shipped to England, chiefly for army officers.

NO HOME should be without it. Pain-Killer, the best all-around medicine ever made. Used as a liniment for bruises and swellings. Internally for cramps and diarrhoea. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c and 50c.

Three hundred Mediterranean lemons yield only 20 ounces of citric acid, against 27 ounces of the Californian

ONE TRIAL of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle, and see if it does not please you.

Going Fishing 24th?

Need some tackle? Best goods—lowest prices. Largest stock in the city. Jointed Bamboo Rods... 10c up Brass Reels.......... 15c up Boys' Lines, with hook, sinker and float... 3c and 5c Braided Lines... 5c up Fine Braided Lines... 10c and 15c Best Carlisle Gut Hooks

WARM WEATHER problem is easily solved by selecting one of our extra fine summer suitings. Just the line of patterns that will

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W. A. PIPER., D.D.S., Specialty Gold and Porceiain work. Hours—9 to 5 p.m.

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D. H. PIPER, M. D., Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs. Hours-10 to 2, 7 to 8 p.m. Phone 804. 232 Dundas St.(cor. Waterloo).

Meteorological.

Toronto, May 17-8 p.m.—The tem-perature today has been over 90 degrees throughout Manitoba and the eastern portion of the Northwest Territories. Showers have been pretty general in Ontario, and especially in the eastern and southern portions. Fine, Moderately warm weather continues in the Maritime Provinces.

Minimum and maximum tempera-tures: Victoria, 46-66; Kamloops, 48-70; Calgary, 46-70; Prince Albert, 48-70; Winnipeg, 60-92; Port Arthur, 40-56; Toronto, 50-56; Ottawa, 50-58; Mon-treal, 50-66; Quebec, 44-66; Halifax, 42-

Local temperatures Friday: Highest, 65; lowest, 43.5. Today (Saturday) the sun rose at 4:49 a.m., and sets at 7:38. The moon rose at 5.07 a.m. and sets at 8:26 p.m.

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Jersey Cream Bread. Greater strength and better health are encouraged by eating our breads. Just try one loaf—at your gro-cer's or delivered by our wagons.

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Our Enameled Souvenirs, in Pins, Brooches, Spoons, Forks, We have an elegant line of fine Pearl Brooches and Pins. Our stock of Cut Glass is complete. We handle nothing but the best cut—just the thing for a wedding present.

Thos. Gillean,

JEWELER. 402 Richmond Strest, Issuer of Marriage Licenses

0000000000000 London Advertiser.

SEVENTH REGIMENT ON THE TWENTY-FOURTH.

The Seventh Regiment has been invited by Major Little to a luncheon to be served at Hazelden, his country residence, opposite Springbank, on May 24. The entertainment at Hazelden will likely follow the marching and firing competition, in which the various companies of the regiment will participate on Victoria Day. Lieut .-Col. Peters, district officer commanding, has completed company inspection, and on Monday evening battalion inspection will take place on market square.

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****** FINE FURNISHINGS

Try one of our O. G. Shirts, admitted to be the best Shirts to fit, wear and retain the color. Soft or starched fronts, separate

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Pretty Weddings...

Cards are out for a number of weddings. They'll all be pretty. If the gifts are bought from our stock they'll be all the prettier. The brides will be delighted, for in our stock is a grand array of suitable yet inexpensive presents. See them before you buy elsewhere.

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A DEPOSITORY FOR SAVINGS.

The Ontario Loan and Debenture Company Paid-up Capital .. \$1,200,000.

Reserve Fund 535,000, Interest allowed at 3½ per cent per annum, paid or compounded half-yearly.

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Interest Payable Half-Yearly. Money Loaned on Mortgages on Real Estate.

WILLIAM F. BULLEN, Manager. Offices-Cor. Dundas Street and Market Lane, London, Ont. wtz

A LOCAL BUDGET.

-Mr. John B. Ferguson, of Eagle, was in the city yesterday. -The big derrick at the new Opera House is in operation today, hoisting building materials.

-Mrs. Black, of London, who has been visiting relatives in St. Thomas, has returned home. -Mrs. Carrie, Hincks street, St. Thomas, is visiting her son, Jas. Car-

rie, Queen street, London. -Blenheim Tribune: Miss Carrie Devlin, of London, visited her mother here a few days this week.

camp here. -Messrs. Dayton & McCormick have

of their summer series, which will be held at the Palace Academy next Wednesday evening.

-Archdeacon MacKay, of the Dio-cese of Saskatchewan, is to preach in St. James' Church, South London, Sunday morning. -Tilsonburg Observer: Mr. D. L.

Saturday, after a few days' visit with his brother, Mr. R. S. Shaw. -The corner stone of the new Methodist Church at Glendale will be laid on May 24. Rev. Mr. Cousins is the pastor. The cost of the church will

Shaw, of London, returned home on

be about \$1,600. -St. Thomas Times: Messrs. D. E. Broderick and D. M. Tait attended the funeral of the late E. N. Hunt, of London. Deceased was one of the first summer residents of New Orchard

Beach, Port Stanley. -At the annual meeting of the East —At the annual meeting of the East Middlesex Farmers' Institute, to be held in the court house, London, on Saturday, June 1, at 1 p.m., A. M. Munro will resign his position of secretary, which he has now occupied for the past eight years.

-The services at the First Method-ist Church tomorrow will be conducted by well-known Toronto divines, Rev. T. Egerton Shore, M.A., B.D., preaching in the morning, and Rev. A. C. Courtice, D.D., editor of the Christian Guardian, in the evening.

-The marriage of Mr. George Tucker to Miss Nellie Chamney, which took place at the Wellington Street Methodist parsonage last evening, was a quiet affair. Both contracting parties reside in this city, and have numerous friends. Mr. Fred Wood was grooms-man, and Miss Nellie Cole bridesmaid. -The ministers' concert, to be held in Empress Avenue Methodist Church, on May 24, promises to be a great success. The following reverend gentlemen will take part in the programme: Rev. Dr. Ross, Guelph; H. Holmes, St. Thomas; W. Quance, Holmes, St. Thomas; W. Quance, Siloam; H. D. Moir, Belmont; R. D. Hamilton, John Morrison and T. E. Harrison, London.

NEW RESIDENCES.

Two brick residences are to be erected on Queen's avenue, one by Mr. Herbert Matthews, on the southwest corner of Adelaide street and Queen's avenue, the other by Dr. Abbott, on the lot adjoining the public library.

MR. BORDEN COMING. Mr. R. Shaw-Wood, president of the East Middlesex Conservative Association, has been notified by Mr. R. L. Borden, leader of the Dominion oppo-

-In bricks or in bulk-delivered to

USUAL PRICE. PHONE 1065. THE CREALY DAIRY CO.

EXTRA QUALITY.

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BETTER

Is the verdict of those eating our breads. The finest bread baking plant to be procured, with competent workmen, aids us in producing bread that excels that of any other bakery.

THE PARNELL-DEANSTEAM BAKING CO., Limited, 75 Bruce Street, London, Ont.

Shoes For Men and Women,

Excel all others for STYLE. SERVICE and COMFORT

The TRY-ME \$2.50 SHOE

is away ahead in medium-priced

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Brown Brothers BOOT SHOP.

182 Dundas St. John S. Brown. Frank A. Brown. ****

sition, that he will come to London on May 31, to attend the Conservative picnic to be held at Springbank on that date. Mr. J. P. Whitney is also expected to be present.

The Forest City Dairymen's Association.

To the Public:

In view of the fact that so much is being said at the present time about 'sterilizing milk," it would be well for all to heed the statements of specialists on this matter. If the cows are carefully fed and cared for, does it not stand to reason that the milk as nature has provided it is by all odds the best?

Why cannot the milkmen give the public as clean and as healthy milk as any others? Even from a financial point of view it is reasonable that their bottles, etc., will be as clean as washing

will make any. Is "sterilized" milk all that some would make it out to be? Listen to Dr. Louis Fletcher: "My experience has been that children fed on laboratory milk have been backward in their development for a long time after its use -A movement is on foot to have the Children using the milk always looked 27th Lambton) Regiment visit Pe-tro! on the day they return from by. Such cases were among the wealthy, with whom the best hygienic conissued invitations for the first dance ditions prevailed. It is a fact well known to chemists, that once an emulsion of milk is broken up by centrifuging or other mechanical process, as in separating the too milk from the skim milk, we cannot have again as homogeneous an emulsion as prior to this breaking up; and, moreover, that we increase our trouble when we in addition seek to improve the quality of the milk by subjecting it to the process of

sterilization." The above is the opinion, as based on experience, of a medical expert, and we should be slow to interfere with the wise provision of nature. Dr. Hutchinson is our inspector, and he can be relied upon to guarantee clean, healthy cows, and, consequently, pure, nat-

ural milk. It is to our own interest to give the public the best service possible, and this we do and will continue to do.

(Signed), ALFRED PACK, President; ALBERT E. HOURD, Secretary.

ECLIPSE OF THE SUN. A total eclipse of the sun takes place today. It will last seven minutes, and will be one of the best in many years from an astronomical standpoint-but it will not be visible in this latitude. It will be seen in the Philippine Islands. An exceedingly fine view of the sun's corona is expected during the eclipse, and small parties of scientists are now on their way to the islands southeast of China to witness the event. On Feb. 16 the principal parties sailed from San Francisco on the transport Sheridan, bound for Manila. Thence they sailed to Sumatra on a man-of-war. The eclipse will be visible there at its best. and photographs and observations will be taken and the climatic changes will be carefully noted. It will be night on this side of the world at the time of the eclipse, but in the East Indian Islands it will be about midday. If the weather conditions are good, some fine observations and photographs are expected. Another eclipse, an annuiar one, is due this fall, but that also will be invisible from here.

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Everything at lowest

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Carpet Room Upstairs.

Tapestry Carpets.

Balmoral Carpet, in beautiful

Heavy and durable Wool Car-

pets, in new patterns, per

colors and designs, per yard, 75c **Wool Carpets.**

Union Carpets. Heavy Union Ingrain Carpets, for per yard. . 25c, 40c and 50c

Linoleums.

Heavy Linoleums, in solid colors and tile patterns, for per

Uilcloths.

Extra heavy quality Oilcloths, in new patterns, per yard25c and 35c

Mattings. Japanese Matting, in pretty color combinations, selling

at per yard.....12½c, 15c, 18c

NOTE.—To avoid disappointment, we wish to announce to any who hay be anticipating another issue of Double Trading Stamps, that no more Double Trading Stamps will be given for some time to come.

GREAT SALE OF

Mill Ends of Table Linens

Just to hand, two cases of Mill Ends of fine quality Table Linens, in lengths of from one to five yards, in pretty patterns and fancy borders. We

have placed the lot on our Bargain Table at

LESS THAN HALF-PRICE.

COME EARLY AND HAVE FIRST CHOICE.

\$1.25 Bed Quilts for

95c. Large size Bed Quilts, in new patterns, hemmed border;

Bleached Sheeting.

wide, fine weave, very specextraordinary value, only.... 95c ial, worth 25c yard, for.... 19c

worth 25c, for 19c yard Bleached Sheeting, two yards

Tapestry Table

Covers Very pretty Tapestry Table Covers, 2 yards square, pretty designs red and green, 2 yards and cheerful colorings.

Special at

\$2 00

Linen Cloths Colored Table Colored Linen Cloths. in red and white, and

long. Selling at

Linens In red and white, and red and green, 54, 58

per yard,

inches wide. Selling at,

\$1 00 and \$1 25 40c and 50c

CHOICE AND STYLISH Millinery at Cut Prices

A satisfactory season's business leaves us in a happy mood. The season is advancing and Stylish Hats are now going through the "paring process." Here are two examples of what is going on in the Millinery Department.

A Handsome Hat

Of pale blue and cream straw. deftly trimmed with wide blue ribbon and gold roses, very stylish, regular price

\$14 00 Hat for \$7 50

Here is a gem of a Hat of white and gold, artistically trimmed with old rose velvet. white osprey and gold pin, a most attractive Hat, regular \$8, for......\$4 00 price \$14, for \$7 EO

126, 128, 1281 Dundas Street.

HELPS TO GOOD HEALTH.

Sanitary Matters Discussed in an Instructive Manner,

Under the Auspices of the National Council of Women.

Practical and Able Addresses by Drs. Bryce, Sheard, Cleland, Eby and Local Physicians.

! It was certainly most unfortunate that, last night, just at the time when It could do most harm to the National Council's meeting at the Collegiate Institute, such a drenching rain should have fallen; but even though handicapped so badly, the evening session was by far the most successful yet held, in point of attendance, particularly, and possibly too in the matter that was presented, though a definite statement to that effect could not be made, so decidedly interesting have all their meetings been. The programme last night was splendidly educative. Subjects of manifest importance, nationally, were considered by speakers abundantly able to do them every justice, and when the knowledge gained by the delegates is disseminated through all the local or-ganizations, the result will assuredly be beneficial to the country.

Principal Radcliffe, in opening the meeting, expressed his sincere sympathy with the admirable aims of the council, which, he said, was "deserving of the highest commendation for its noble philanthropy." He congratulated Lady Taylor upon occupying her honorable position as president of such an organization, and in graceful terms, asked her to accept a beautiful

Lady Taylor thanked him warmly for his gift, and after speaking very briefly of the principles that actuated the members of the order, she entered upon the regular programme. With her upon the platform were Miss Alice Jamieson, M.D., Mrs. MacKenzie Cleland, M.D., Very Rev. Dean Innes, Mrs. Boomer, Mrs. Cummings, of To-ronto, and Dr. Bryce, of Toronto.

Dr. Bryce.

Dr. Bryce, secretary of the provincial board of health, was introduced by Lady Taylor, and read an exceed ingly practical paper on the subject, "Disinfection and Inspection of Home Made Clothing." The rapid spread of evils attaching to the growth of urban populations, which in early days did not exist, was being forced upon the attention of philanthropists and statesmen in the United States and Canada. Without attempting to explain the causes that led to the growth of the urban and village population in Ontario, Dr. Bryce commented upon facts and conditions relating to the strenuevils connected with it. The difficulty underlying the problem was a moral one, and the moral status of the people as a whole would determine what our legislation should be and how it should be administered, and it was in a large degree to the women of the country that we must look for the exercise of influences that will bring about needed reforms.

WOMEN'S INFLUENCE. Their energies could be directed in neveral ways: By the influence of example they could aid in extending a knowledge of how houses might kept clean and sanitary, how proper cooking of cheap though nutritious foods might make them appetizing and light could become the possession of all. This would lessen the prevalence of tuberculosis more than health laws and

Women could also exert the influence of education. All would agree that to attempt within the four brick walls of a school, with bad air, bad light, almost no playground, and no garden, to educate perfectly was little short of an absurdity. Conditions making pale faces, injured eyesight, crooked spines, and the learning of isolated facts apart from their relationship, was not education. If a child could get to love a thing while practicing, as a pastime, some of the many simple techical arts, how many difficulties in housekeeping would be removed.

One other way, the influence of wo-

men could be directed towards the prosurement of remedial legislation for ex-

sting evils.
Referring particularly to the need of some measures being taken to prevent the spread of disease by means of clothing, Dr. Bryce gave several illustrations of persons working on the sweatshop plan, in whose houses were sufferers with consumption and other infectious diseases. He needed not to illustrate the need of inspection places where ready-made clothing was manufactured, or the possibility of good resulting from its being carried out. The danger would be greatly lessened If all work were done in factories, and not in the homes. It was his conviction, based on many years' experience that the evils were due rather to lack of appreciation by manufacturers of the possibility of removing existing evils than of any brutal or selfish in-difference to the welfare of their op-

eratives. The task of bringing about the neces sary changes was and had to be a slow process, but in proportion as they rose in the scale of being-which meant a physical, mental and moral evolutionthey should maintain themselves, and help others to that plane where the words of the Great Master should greet them, "For inasmuch as ye did it unto them. ne of these my brethren, ye have done It unto me.

THE HYGIENE OF CHILDHOOD. The paper on "The Hygiene of Childhood in Relation to the Prevention of Consumption," which was read Mrs. H. Mackenzie Cleland, M.D., C.M., licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Edinburgh, and licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons, Glasgow, was full of interest and splendidly prepared

and delivered. Her subject, she said, was full of weight and importance, and should en-gage the best attention of every parent in every place and phase of life. Everyone who had given the matter careful attention could not but be impressed with the indifference or lack of knowledge in those intrusted with the care of children, and the necessity cal fraternity had pronounced hopefor a better understanding by mothers, of the feeding, clothing, educated.

ing and training of children, and the duty of fairly equipping them for life with a sound body as well as a sound mind. It was not sufficient to think only of the requirements of their social life—their moral, physical and intellectual activities should also be given every opportunity for development. The child, in a biological sense, was a very incomplete structure. The paths to success lead through childhood, and the best endowment of that period is good health, which could be obtained only by the employment of the best hygienic methods.

IMPORTANCE OF PROPER FOOD.

IMPORTANCE OF PROPER FOOD. A perfect food was needed, and for the period of growth, the nearest ap-proach to a complete food was milk. It was highly important, therefore, that the milk supplied to the children be above suspicion. Measures had been taken to prevent, as far as possible, the spread of disease from tuberculosis cows, and the effort thus made should

be augmented by home sterilization.

Adulteration of foods was a serious question at the present time, for there was no doubt that such foods exercise an influence insidious and far-reaching in their effects. Water should be given freely. Children, as a rule, were too long at school without food, and were often underfed, and food should be fed in such forms that the organs of the body should assimilate it.

The importance of proper clothing well-directed exercise, physical training and correct breathing were also noted at length, and in each connection valuable suggestions made.

THE PART SCHOOLS PLAY. The important part schools played in the welfare of children was often overlooked. School architects were now giving more attention to structural conditions, proper ventilation of class rooms, efficient heating apparatus, lighting and sanitary conditions, and more interest was being constantly taken in producing the harmonious de-velopment of the mind and body under the most favorable conditions. The danger that exists in the materials, used at school was also dwelt upon. HELPUL CONDITIONS.

Sleep was a vital necessity and sleeping rooms should be supplied with plenty of pure air, while every child should have a separate bed and, if possible, a separate room. Cheerful and healthful surroundings were the chief elements in the health of children. Abundance of pure air and sunshine should form the especial features of the rooms where the children spend their time while indoors, and at all times there must be plenty of pure water, both for drinking purposes and ablutions.

TUBERCULOSIS.

Prevention of tuberculosis was probably of greater importance in childhood than at any other age, as it was at that age that the disease was most prevalent and fatal, and it was an alarming fact that the mortality from tuberculosis in early childhood was increasing, not decreasing, as it was at other ages. This naturally suggested infection, through milk. Food, however, was not the only source of infection, as inhalation was much the commonest source of infection, showing how absolutely essential fresh air was to the well-being of the children. Badly ventilated rooms, close confinement, and the swallowing of expectoration were set down as some of the

other causes of the disease. SANITARIA.

It had been suggested that the sanitarium system for the treatment of tuberculosis be expanded, and that sani-taria be established for the treatment and conditions relating to the strelluous life of the city, and said that the
investigations into present social and
economic evils had brought about the
enactment of remedial legislation. Still
in the one instance of the sweating
system, such legislation did not stop

of the modes of infection, and means of prevention, and the spread of this knowledge might be more rapidly ac-complished through the instrumentality of women.

Dr. Sheard.

Dr. Sheard, city health officer of To-ronto, followed with an address upon the "Efforts to Prevent the Spread of Consumption," which was a succinet and lucid explanation of the necessity for immediate action in that regard, and the best mode of achieving good results

It had been shown, he said, that the tuberculosis germ can be grown and transmitted and killed, that consumption is a communicable disease, and that animals, as well as men, are affected by it. It was also a hereditary diseases, though its propagation by this means was not such a menace as by transmission, one from the other. It caused more deaths than all the other infectious diseases, yet the authorities had no power-some had no desire—to as one. We must treat the patients by themselves, in properly constructed sanitaria, not necessarily separating them from their friends. thus approach the matter on a liberal Everyone with a cough that basis. meant consumption could then be taken in out of the cold and receive human-itarian treatment. The public would have to become possessed with the idea that it was necessary to have a proper place for the treatment of consumptives, and with ordinary conduct and reasonable care, the disease would not be communicated. To this end he would disinfect houses, public places and railroad cars, stop spitting in public places, look after the milk and meat supplies, inspect milch cows, and amend the so that tuberculosis might be treated as an infectious disease. He would prohibit the attendance at school of predisposed children, shorten the school hours, lengthen the holidays, give most time for fresh air and sunlight, and put an emphatic veto on

school home-work. (Applause.) He would like, also, to see a fresh air fund established for the benefit of the poor, and baths put in all the public schools. Education along these lines was necessary, and such agitation would be for the good and progress of

Dr. Cl. T. Campbell, Dr. Niven, Dr. Eby expressed English and Rev. Dr. Eby expressed views that coincided with Dr. Sheard's, and told of the results of their own investigations in the same relation.

The meeting was concluded by the adoption of a hearty vote of thanks to the speakers on the programme, which was moved by Mrs. Boomer and seconded by Mrs. Hoodless Hamilton.

BODY OF MISSING MAN FOUND. BODY OF MISSING MAN FOUND.

New York: May 17.—The body of a man, found last night in a house in Ninth avenue, has been identified as that of Rev. Dr. Edwards Phillips, of St. Gabriel's Church, Hazelton, Pa., who recently had a conference with J. Pierpont, Morgan in reference to the threatened strike in the iron and coal regions of Pennsylvania. He had been missing since April 23. Kirk Stanley, a massage operator, in whose rooms the body was found, is under arrest as a suspicious person.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE makes the whole system radiant in makes the whole system radiant in perfect health, it accelerates circulation, enriches the blood, penetrates to the very centers of nerve force, builds tissue, makes and keeps people well. This wonderful remedy has had a charmed experience and has done its greatest work in cases that the medical features had acceptanced.

EATEN BY CANNIBALS

Details of the Massacre of New Guinea Missionaries.

Turkey Will Be Brought to Time—The Regrettable Affair at Tien-Tsin.

TURKEY MUST YIELD. London, May 18.-It is rumored here, says the Constantinople correspondent of the Daily News, that an arrangement has been agreed upon whereby the French fleet is to force the Dardanelles, with European mandate, unless Turkey yields on the postal ques-

THE SHAH DYING. London, May 18 .- The Shah of Persia is dying of kidney disease, says a dispatch from Tiflis to the Daily Express. The malady has progressed too far to permit him to make the intended visit to Contrexville. It is expected that his death will be the signal for

a Russian coup in Persia.

NEW IMPERIAL YEOMANRY. London, May 18 .- Speaking in the House of Commons, on behalf of the Government, Mr. St. John Broderick, secretary of state for war, made the following significant statement: "We propose to attach to the yeomanry, I hope at no distant date similar forces to those colonial forces who served in South Africa." It is understood that the government proposes to confer with the colonial governments as to colonial wishes in this matter of the co-operation of colonial forces with the imperial army through the new Imperial Yeomanry. At the same time they express a strong anxiety not to go beyond colonial desires

in the matter. REGRETTABLE AFFAIR.

London, May 17.-The Ewo incident at Tien Tsin, May 4, when some German soldiers, guarding a German bridge across the Pei Ho at the south end of the British concession there, fired on a British tug of that name, wounding two of her crew, after the vessel had touched the bridge, which impeded river traffic, is assuming a graver character. Owing to the unsatisfactory nature of the German commander's explanation, the matter has been referred to the British minister at Pekin, Sir Ernest Satow, with the view of diplomatic action being taken. According to a dispatch from Pekin to the London Times, published today, after two of the Chinese crew had been wounded (they have since died), the remainder were arrested, taken to a German prison and flogged. Gen. Lorne Campbell asked Gen. Von Lessel for and explanation of the "unwarrantable act of brutality." Von Lessel's reply, which has just been received, promising that the incident shall not be repeated, at least so far as the use of arms is concerned, is regarded as quite inadequate.

SNEERS AT LORD ROBERTS. London, May 18 .- Mrs. Waszkiewicz van Schilfgaarden, the Carrie Nation of Holland, who is making a stay in London with a view to moving pro-Boers in the British Parliament, publishes an interview in the Algemien Handelsblad which she had with Mr. Labouchere while lunching at his

In the interview Mr. Labouchere is represented as consoling her for her many disappointments by saying, Expect nothing from Roberts ameliorate the present plight of the Boer women). Roberts is an old granny, without any ideas of his own; he is completely under the sway of his wife, and a ladles' man.' Mrs. Waszkiewicz intended to storm Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Brodrick, Lord Roberts and Lord Stanley in their

dens, but was denied. SAD FATE OF TWO MISSIONARIES Details have been brought by the Moana from Sydney of the massacre of the missionary party in New Guinea, briefly reported by cable on May 8. The report to the government resident of Thursday Island is as fol-lows: The crew of the Dido report the murder of Rev. James Chalmers and Rev. Oliver Tompkins, of the London Missionary Society, by New Guinea natives at Debe, near the mouth of the Fly River. It seems they went ashore after friendly natives and warned them that a tribal war was in progress, and that their lives would be endangered. Despite the warning, the missionaries with six converts, went ashore. The missionaries were believed to dowed with divine power, and the natives demanded that they aid them in destroying the tribe with whom they The missionaries fused to go with the tribe into battle. and the missionary party was kept under guard pending the outcome the battle. In this fight their captors were badly worsted, and the daughter of the aged chief, who led the fighting was severely, perhaps mortally, wounded. For this result she blamed the missionaries' adverse intercession with the gods, and demanded their death in expiation. Thereupon the natives killed the missionaries and all their converts, savagly hacking them pieces, and afterwards devouring portions of their bodies at a midnight cannibal feast.

STARTLING STATEMENT. London, May 18 .- In the course of his speech on the army bill, Mr. Bal-four made the revelation in an attempt to fasten on the Liberals negligence in the matter of military supplies, pointing out that the last Liberal Government went out of office as a result of Conservatives revealing the insufficient supply of small ammunition, which was then 92,000,000 rounds instead of 146,000,000, which the officials regarded as the nominal reserve. He declared that the Conservative Government had raised this

reserve to 150,000,000 rounds before the war broke out. With reference to the dark period of

the war, Mr. Balfour said:
"I went through that period, and, so far as I am concerned, I never mean to go through a like period nor to throw on my successors the risk of such a stain."

The Liberal papers seize upon Mr. Balfour's sensational statements in the house, referring to them as "an amazing indiscretion.' The Daily News says: "This shows to ruin Mr. Chamberlain and his colleagues brought the coun-

"To such lighthearted gentlemen, explains the Daily Chronicle, "are the interests of a great empire commit-

ted." The government's large majority for Mr. Brodrick's scheme is not re-garded as representing the epinion of

the House of Commons. There was no cross voting, but Winston Church- STAND BY THE no cross voting, but Winston Church-ill and a few other Unionists abstain-ed from voting. The debate had an artificial character, the government having made the question one of con-fidence. Many opponents of the scheme voted for it, and even the government organs are inclined to ex-press dissatisfaction. It is understood the scheme will be considerably modified in the subsequent stages of discussion.

CANADIAN TRADE WITH AUSTRALIA

And Mr. Mulock's Visit to Melbourne-How Far the Minister Is Entitled to Act.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, May 17.-At the opening of he House of Commons this morning, Mr. Clarke (Toronto) read a cable in the London Times of May 2 from Melbourne stating that Mr. Mulock, who represented Canada at the mauguration of the Australian Commonwealth, had been empowered to confer with Australia, with a view of adopting an imperial tariff policy based on preferential duties between Britain and the connies generally. Mr. Clarke askel if the teport was correct.

The Premier-I may say to my honorable friend and to the house, that Mr. Mulock is the bearer of no specific or formal instructions, but has received informal instructions to ascertain to what extent it is possible to increase trade between Canada and those colonies, and to make a report to this gov-

CANADIAN COWS AT PAN-AMERICAN.

Mr. Elderkin Expects They Will Carry Off a Good Share of Prizes.

Buffalo, May 18 .- Mr. E. B. Elderkin, seat by the Canadian Government to look after the Canadian live stock interests at the Pan-American Exposi-tion, is keeping close tab on the Canadian scows in the model dairy barn, and (says the Buffalo Evening News) he expects to carry off an award or two with his 25 head—five herds of different vari-"Canada was a little slow in deciding

to exhibit," he said this morning, "but you just wait until August, September and October, when the cattle, sheep and swine show is on, and see if the Dominion live stock doesn't cut a swath. It will be one of the finest exhibits ever sent out of Canada."

Mr. Elkerkin is having a little trouble with the Canadian-French herd. The little fellows can lay about Que bec and chew fog and give good milk," he said jokingly, "They can live on al-most nothing and hold their own with any of the fancy breeds for production. but I guess they are not used to high living. First we have to educate them up to eating grain, and then we have to educate them to give milk after hav-

The other Canadian herds are doing nicely. They are a herd of Ayrshires. a herd of Shorthorns, a herd of Jerseys and a herd of Holsteins.

MR. CURRY MUST GO TO THE COURTS

Windsor Banker Can Recover His Seized Jewelry in No Other Way.

Washington, May 18.—Mr. John Curry, of Windsor, who has recently suffered the seizure of a large quan-tity of jewelry at New York because some irregularities in the payment of duties, is not likely to get out of the

difficulty very easily.

Assistant Secretary Spaulding has written to the collector at New a letter in which he says that he has received the application of John Curry, of Windsor, Ont., for the release of certain jewelry seized from him upon his arrival at that port as a passen-ger on the Teutonic, on April 24 last, seizure No. 34,391, foreign value, \$1,-700. Duty, \$1,020.

"As the appraised value of the mer chandise exceeds \$1,000," writes Gen. Spaulding, "it will be necessary for the claimant to proceed under section 17 of the act of June 22, 1874, and the department must, therefore, without entering upon the merits of the case, deny the application."

That means that Curry must depend upon the courts for the recovery of his

ANOTHER RUBENS FOUND

Portrait Seized for Rent and Sold for \$15 Said To Be Worth \$10,000.

Chicago, May 17 .- Taken as security for rent and laid avay in a storage warehouse for a year, a portrait said to be a Rubens has been discovered here. Its discovery was no less strange than its history, for the story of its true worth did not become known until after the picture had beeu bought for \$15 from a constable and examined by art critics. These declared that the portrait was painted by Rubens, and that Robert W. Kinahan, the purchaser, possesses a portrait worth \$10,000.

THE ONTARIO MINES ACT. Ottawa, May 16.-The Dominion and Ontario Governments have jointly agreed to refer the mines act, passed by the Ontario Legislature in 1900, to the courts in order to test its constitutionality. Under this act power is taken to impose a tax of \$10 per ton upon ores of nickel, or \$60 per ton when such ores are partly treated or reduced, whilst ores of copper and nickel com-bined are rendered liable to a fine of \$7 per ton, or \$50 per ton if partly treated or reduced. A strong protest was made to the Dominion Government against the provincial enactment by an association called the Ontario Miners' Protective Association, on the ground that it was unconstitutional.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL—SCHOOL closed till June; mail orders promptly attended to; correspondence solicited; teachers wanted. Address Mrs. K. Franks, 233½ Dundas street, London.

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BOOK ROOM

Methodist Publishing Committee Indorses Management.

Dr. Briggs Is Observing Every Reasonable Care in Carrying on the Work—Surplus Profits Devoted to the Superannuation Fund.

Toronto, May 18.—The annual meet ing of the western section of the Methodist book and publishing committee was held yesterday at the Wesley building, and the reports showed the general business to be in a flourishing condition, as is evidenced by the granting of \$12,000 to the superannuation fund as their appropriation, which is an increase of \$1,000 over last year. The committee nearthy commended the work of the editors and pledged them strong support. The Rev. E. R. Young, jun., withdraws from journalism to re-enter the pas-

The following resolution expresses the unanimous judgment of the committee relative to the efficient and successful services of the Rev. William Briggs, D.D.:

"That having heard the auditors' report of the business of the past year, and having had also before us statement showing the steady ad-vancement of the house during the entire period of the present management, we hereby express our high ap-preciation of the business ability and wisdom with which the important duties of the book steward have been discharged, and convey to him a renewal of our confidence in him as an officer of the church and wish him still more abundant success."

A severe criticism of the book room appeared in several papers recently in the form of "an open letter" to the general superintendent of the Methodist Church. This matter was referred to a committee, and the report of that committee was unanimously adopted, as follows: Your committee, anxious to preserve the traditional policy of the book room as to the nature the literature it issues, have carefully considered the criticisms contained in 'the open letter" of the Rev. E. R. Young, sen., addressed to the general superintendent, and by him forwarded to the book committee, as well as the reply of the Rev. Dr. Briggs in the document submitted to the committee, beg to report as follows:

(1) Your committee are of the opinion that the statements of the Rev. E. R. Young, sen., as to the financial showing of the book room are inaccurate and made without full knowledge of the real facts, as the accounts and auditors' reports of the institution fully testify. (2) Your committee are of the opinion that every reasonable care has been observed by our book steward and all in authority under him to carry out the object for which the book room was established, and we hereby place upon record that we have every confidence in the ability of Dr. Briggs to so conduct the business as to reflect credit upon the connec-Wm. Jackson, chairman; A. Shaw, secretary.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST Dundas Center Methodist Church, feacher of plano, organ, theory and composition. 412 Queen's avenue. Tele-phone 1,218. CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST St. Andrew's Church, receives pupils in plane, pipe organ, harmony and in singing. Both elementary and advanced tuition given. Studio, 640 Wellington etreet.

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work off unsalable goods; peddlers, prize-givers, etc., all say "This is just as good," "much cheaper," "same thing," Don't be deceived. The most effective, most economical, best made, is 649 Pearline, unequaled

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INDUSTRIAL ARTS FOR THE WHOLE NATION.

Council of Women to Discuss an Important Subject.

Views of Mme. Dundurand on Industrial and Fine Arts in Canada.

Task Is an Arduous One, But a Good Cause Must Triumph—Suggested Plan of Action.

One of the most important resolutions on the order paper at the annual conference of the National Council of Women is that proposed by the Montreal Local Council in reference to the promotion of industrial and fine arts in Canada. The resolution, which will be moved by Madame Dandurand, of Montreal, is as follows:

"That a standing committee of the National Council of Women of Canada be appointed for the presentment and furtherance of practical schemes for the promotion of the industrial and fine arts in Canada and that this committee do take into present consideration the desirability of obtaining the aid and protection of the state for Canadian students in arts, whether by scholarships, by the foundation of a national conservatory of art in con-nection with existing schools, or in any other way.

MADAME DANDURAND'S VIEWS. In an address delivered before the Montreal Council last month, Madame Dandurand outlined the views she would place before the London con-

"Our Montreal Local Council," she said, "have agreed to the idea of promoting the cause of art in Canada, and the heavy honor of putting the resolution and of arguing it before the convention at London has befallen me in spite of my deficiencies which make me fall short of a good advocate.

But the cause is of such moment, it commends itself so strongly to any one who knows how we stand in the status of civilization and who has in his heart the least touch of patriotism, that I do hope it may carry within itself the power of conviction and of victory.

"In urging the measures that ought to be accepted without delay for the sake of our honor, I will resort to the

"By comparing the eager strife of other nations for supremacy in artistic training with our serene idleness; subsidies lavished by them on educational enterprises with our meanness; the results achieved by European countries and even at our doors, by the development the diffusion of independent ment, the diffusion of industrial arts, with our inertia-by being forced in this way to confront the truth, energetic action should impose itself to all.

TASK SO ARDUOUS.

"Indeed, the task of revolutionizing the old system, of arousing public interest in this question is so arduous that governments do not seem to know, begin. In fact, both ends ought to be taken up, and in this double issue, of helping the artists and educating the people-if we are not misled by presumption-we think the council may

"It is comforting to those who anticipate the first steps to be made in the way of progress to realize the good dispositions of the statesmen at the head of the federal and provincial cabinets, the efforts of many influen-tial men and women towards furthering the advance of fine arts and industrial arts in Canada.

"Considering the public's indifference regarding this subject, we must own that our readers have not been destitute of progressive spirit. To mention only the Province of Quebec-the government, some of our religious, civil and social institutions, also wealthy individuals, have for many years past offered protection to arwhile trying to increase opportunities for popular education; good music, good reading, instructive amusements, free conferences have of late become more accessible to the poorer classes in the cities. But how much remains undone!

GIFTED CANADIAN EXILES. "Has this beneficial action, either private or official, for instance, expanded beyond a certain elite or out-side the limits of cities? What be-comes of our rural population? Should not chances be offered the talent that blooms in their midst to develop itself? There are reforms as important to the general welfare as legislation respecting railways. land survey, country roads, outlets for agricultural products, etc; such reforms it is time to claim from parliaments, from those who have under-taken the mission of framing the national destinies, and accepted, therefore, the responsibility which such a mission involves. It is these which sons and daughters, which would re-tain within our frontiers our gifted ones, and also hundreds of young compatriots hitherto compelled to associate the ideal of prosperity with exile or recollections of home with poverty dullness of life.

"We do not pretend to come in as innovators, or as a salvation corps to the rescue of the community. As I have remarked, the authorities have taken the initiative. We all know the promotion of art is an article of the Laurier Government's programme -besides, the excellent project of having a Department of Fine Arts, with fixed credits, connected with one of the ministries, has been expressed before us. Such addition would lead to the desirable result of fixing and regulating the annual expenditure of the state for the purpose of art, as it is practiced in every administration

BASIS OF SYSTEM LAID.

"Therefore the basis of the system is already laid. The reform originated with those who have power to execute it-new fields are opened to patriotic

"If our services be accepted, we volunteer to second the action governments, and to serve faithfully under them; we put our time, our hands and brains at their disposal for the establishment of a national school

Without overrating our abilities, perhaps we may claim some kind of com-petency in a department where taste, refinement, deftness and subtle comprehension of nature rules. Masculine and even official justice will probably concede us patience. Add leisure to yards deep.

the combination, and probably a more handy, good, willing and economical servant may not easily be found. I intend giving an instance of our desire to be useful, by producing in London statistics on the art budget of different countries, showing what scope

With the approval of this council I will propose the formation of a stand-ing committee, composed of competent persons from the National Council and experts from outside, in view of studying the question of promotion of art and offering suggestions to the government as to the most practical means to obtain the proposed object. I hope the said committee may be inaugurated in London, and the members present moved by the appropriate spirit of zeal and devotion of crusaders. I shall be ready to present to their consideration a few schemes regarding scholarships to be given a certain number of artists, or the future foundation of a Canadian Conservatory of Art. CREATION OF MUSEUM.

"Such questions as the creation of a where our students of arts may collect rudimentary notions of the special branch they may be interested in, will be submitted. Few peowill deny that measures of that ple will deny that measures of that kind are in any way premature or ex-travagant. So far, to translate again a French by-word, we have put the plow ahead of the ox in commending works of art to Canadian artists with-out having offered them the means of artistic education. It is to be wished that all private schemes relating to the encouragement of art and artists should join in one channel, and the impulse of the state be strengthened by the co-operation of all disciples of Apollo, mean or great. All I have been mentioning is only one part of the work in store for the council. If I am allowed the time in London I will venture to remind the local councils of the share they are expected to take in what I consider the patriotic crusade.
All questions pertaining to education come under provincial jurisdiction.
Art in the purest and loftiest sense of the word only can claim the national character that entitles it to the federal government's solicitude. One sees in consequence what an important task lies with the sections of our so-ciety. To urge and press in their re-spective provinces the enforcement of the law making the tuition of drawing obligatory in primary schools; to popularize notions of art; to promote foundation of music clubs, literary circles, free conferences, public con-certs; to offer gratuitously instructive entertainments to the working class; to use their influence for the purpose of making classical styles of ornamentation to prevail over revolutionary fancies of country decorators in village churches. In one word, to educate the taste of the people.

GOOD CAUSE MUST BE EASILY

WON. "It will be an easy matter for our colleagues in other provinces to advocate their views before boards of public insiruction, of which they are members. Our power in Quebec is limited to that of persuasion. But, as I said before, such a good cause as that which we defend will easily be won, as the legislators know as well as we do that the diffusion of the art of drawing means prosperity for a community. As a French expert says: It is a means of immediate employment and a preparation for superior education. In Japan children learn drawing with their alphabet. Those whose duty it is as masters of the country's welfare, to study and compare economic conditions of other nations must be aware that artistic education determines the ranks of nations. It raises their intellectual standard and increases their commercial importance. We know what it know, has done for Germany. In France it end to is officially acknowledged as an imperative obligation for the state to fulfill, and its negligence considered a cause of material and moral decay. Such is the noble aim for all public-

spirited Canadians to pursue. 'If we contributed to a certain measure, however obscure and humble, to hasten the Renaissance of our Canadian patrie-(I find no English word to interpret the sympathetic sense of patrie) we may feel that we have begun acquitting a part of our common debt to the commonwealth.'

Its Fame Is Lauded in Our Best Hotels and Restaurants.

Mali Breakfasi Food IS KING OF THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

Delicious, palate-tickling and healthful Malt Breakfast Food, while it reigns in thousands of families as King of the Breakfast Table, has also extended its fame and sway to the best hotels and restaurants of our Dominion. and has clearly demonstrated its superiority over the common grain foods, such as oatmeat, cracked wheat, hom-

iny, etc.
Malt Breakfast Food with its pecuiiarly delicious flavor, its great nutrit-ive properties, its adaptability for the digestion of weak and strong people, has become the favorite breakfast food with old and young, and is talked of in the homes of rich and poor and in our palatial hotels and restaurants. Tri would leave to our Canadian soil its a package of the great health food that all the best physicians are recommending. One 15-cent package of Malt Breakfast Food makes from twenty-five ing to thirty meals; as cheap as the cheapest oatmeal, All Grocers.

> OFFICER DEVOURED BY AN ALLIGATOR.

The authorities at Monterey, Mexico. have received confirmation of the re-port that Lieut. Jose Carmona, a poport that Lieut. Jose Carmona, a popular young officer of the Mexican army, has been devoured by an alligator while bathing in the Tamesin River, near Tampico. Lieut. Carmona was a member of the department of engineers and had been stationed at Tampico for some time past. He and a number of other army officers. a number of other army officers were enjoying a plunge in the Tamesin River when a monstrous alligator was seen to be making for Lieut. Carmona. was given warning, and made a desperate effort to escape, but the alligator overtook him and the young officer was devoured in the presence of his companions. Lieut. Carmona graduated at the Government Military Academy four years ago.

THE PASTOR'S PITY .- A prominent pastor of a Durham, Ont., church writes: "I suffered intensely from In-flammatory Rheumatism. Just one bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure healed me. I pity those who suf-fer so much and do not know how near they are to a cure. I feel like pro-claiming it from the house-tops. For sale by C. McCallum & Co.—138.

A Strasburg newspaper reports the discovery at Neustadt of the bones of a reindeer while digging a cellar four

DOWAGER EMPRESS'

Kaiser's Mother a Most Unhappy

Dying, Alone and Deserted-Gloomy Evening of a Life Which Dawned So Brightly.

[Washington Evening Star.] Every now and then one sees in the morning papers a telegram dated from Berlin or from Frankfort-on-Main announcing the speedily approaching death of the Dowager Empress of Germany. For many months the wife of "Frederick the Noble" and mother of the present kaiser has been given the present kaiser has been given up periodically by the doctors. Cancer, is slowly destroying her; any day it may touch a vital part. She is as much under sentence of death as a condemned murderer, but she has one resource that the murderer has not. She can and does every day stave off her death by the exercise of her indomitable resolution. An English doctor who recently assisted for a brief period the regular physician to her imperial majesty's court said recently at a medical congress in Paris:
"The dowager empress ought to have

not pierce at one stroke through the defense of her granite will; he has to bore slowly to get at the citadel of that life." This empress with the formidable will is one of the most unhappy wemen in the world. She clings desperately to life, but her heart was broken

died menths ago; but even death can-

long ago, and her last days are steeped in bitterness. Her whole career has been a brilliant misery. Now that she is dying slowly—a widow, an abandoned mother, and an ex-sovereign detested by the people she tried faithfully to serve-she may well have said, as is reported:

"I mean to live as long as I can; but when I die, no one will be sorry, least of all myself."

CAUSE OF ALL HER MISERY. This iron will, which keeps her alive now, has been directly and indirectly the cause of all her misery. No doubt it came to her from her mother, the late Queen of England. Anyhow, it is certain that very early in life the present Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany, then "Princess Victoria, Princess Royal of England," came often into conflict with her mother. When she was only 6 years old she dared to oppose the will of her Queen mother. Queen Victoria, the Prince Consort Albert, the Princess Royal and the present King of England were present in state at a review at Aldershot, the military camp near London. A brilliant cavalcade of officers galloped by the side of the state coach as royal guards. The little princess dropped her handkerchief to the ground for the pride of seeing field marshals and generals pulling up their horses and dismounting to restore the The Queen observed the incident and sternly motioned to the ofcers not to gratify the tiny tyrant. Then she stopped the carriage and turned to the princess: "Get out, my child, and pick up

handkerchief." The little girl refused. "Mamma, I can't; I'd be ashamed." The Queen insisted, the prince con-

sort entreated, but the princess pouted, blushed and refused, this time flatly: Her majesty had to let the carriage

drive ahead, leaving the handkerchief on the ground. It is said the rebelli-ous princess had a hard time of it when home was reached. OPPOSED BY BISMARCK.

In 1855 the princess royal was married, at the age of 17, to the "Kron Prinz" of Prussia, the son and heir of King William. It was a brilliant marriage. But happy though it was for the princess in the unfailing mutual love between herself and her "Fritz." bitter by the intense it was made hatred she excited in Bismarck. From beginning to end the iron chancellor sought to thwart "the Englishwoman. as he called her. It was a bitter blow to him that the heir of the house of Hohenzollern should have made marital alliance with a princess of his enemy's country.

"She has poisoned," said he, "the Hohenzollern blood at its source." And through the press, which he held in the hollow of his hand, he stirred the whole people of Prussia against the crown princess. She was represented as a traitor on the steps of the throne, an interloping foreigner bent on destroying the Prussion nation by insidiously Anglicizing it. This was the more readily believed in that the crown princess was really trying to introduce into Prussia many liberal ideas prevalent in England.

HER WORK FOR WOMEN. Herself a woman of the very strongest brain power and remarkably educated, she sought to procure for women in Prussia an elightened system of education and some considerable degree of political influence. She had set her face against many antiquated survivals of feudal privileges still lingering in Prussia, and practically pro-

claimed herself a democrat.
"The Englishwoman," said Bismarck, "is not only a 'rights-of-man' woman; she is also a rights-of-woman woman, which is worse. It is red revolution enthroned at Berlin."

She was hissed at in the streets of Berlin; stones were thrown at her carriage: she could not appear at a pub-function, even by the side of the Kron Prinz, whom the people adored, without risk of the gravest insult. A CURIOUS INCIDENT.

A curious complaint of hers has been recorded. From an early age she had been a diligent student of the works of John Stuart Mill, the great English republican philosopher and advocate of "woman's rights." One year in the height of her unpopularity at Berlin she wrote to him and invited him to pay a visit to herself and the Kron Prinz. Mill declined. In a respectful letter he explained that such a meeting would do harm both to him and to her; people would charge him with selling republican principles for royal smiles, and would say of her that sne allowed philosophical "faddisms" to

lower the royal dignity. "Unhappy woman that I am," she cried to her secretary, "the chancellor and my future subjects hate me because they think me a democrat, and the democrats will have nothing to do with me because I may one day be a queen!" It is said that she wrote a letter to the English pholosopher, which he would never show to anyone, and of which he did not like to speakprobably it was not gentle.

BATTLED FOR HER HUSBAND. In all her struggles with the auto-

crafte chancellor and with the stupid malevolence of the people, she was morally sustained by "Fritz." The Kron Prinz, though obliged for state reasons to "keep on saying nothing," was much more liberal in his ideas than either Bismarck or old Wilhelm, and as far as possible he defended his wife's ideas. It is a curious fact in history ideas. It is a curious fact in history that it was her energy, determination and astuteness that made him emperor for three months. All the world remembers that when the old Emperor Wilhelm lay on his deathbed, the Kron Prinz was already afflicted with the virulent throat disease which was to kill him in the flower of his age. This was Bisharck's chance of gratifying his deadly hate of the Englishwoman and preventing her mounting the imperial throne with power practically to govern the empire in the place-of her sick husband. It is the law in Germany that no prince can become king if afflicted with an incurable disease The chancellor sought to have the Kron Prinz declared suffering from cancer, so that on the old emperor's death the crown might fall to the present kaiser instead of his father. All the court physicians were Bismarck's tools; if they could but be got to see the sufferer and utter the word "cancer," the chancellor would deprive his enemy of her chance of grasping the helm. But the crown princess resisted every persuasion, every artifice, every menace; she brought the famous English physician, Sir Morell Mackenzie, over from England to treat her husband, and rigorously barred every German doctor from the sick room. It was like an international war, waged in the passage outside the sick chamber, an imperial crown being the stake at issue. She won; Sir Morell stated that the Kron Prinz's malady was not such as to deprive him of his right; and on the old emperor's death the Princess the old emperor's death the Princess Victoria became Empress of Germany. It must not be thought that she had

been fighting merely for that title.

HER LOVE FOR FRITZ. Her love for "Fritz" was amply proved by her unfailing devotion to him all through that time of deadly political intrigue. And she gave, incidently, at the same time an extraordinary proof of her remarkable intel-lectual powers. For during the three months of her husband's reign she made a profound study of the medical principles involved in his case, for the sole purpose of hastening the recovery -which never came. Sir Morell Mackenzie afterward wrote that the em-press became so proficient in the matter that a doctor might have talked with her about it for an hour at a time without suspecting that she was "a mere outsider." No wonder that King Edward VII when asked who was the cleverest woman he had known answered without hesitation:

"My sister, the Dowager Empress of Germany."

HUMILIATED BY HER SON. When after 99 days of tenure of the imperial throne the good Fritz died, there began the last dismal stage of the empress' career. As crown cess and as empress she had had dire trouble, unpopularity, the persistent abhorrence of the all-powerful iron chancellor, all sorts of intrigues to fight against; but she had had power and high place. Now she was to know the misery of obscurity and abandonment. Few mothers have suffered more from their children than this unhappy empress from the kaiser. I have heard a German officer relate a favorite device of William's to humiliate him. vice of William's to humiliate his mother during his grandfather's reign. The first Emperor William, though not an unkind old fellow in his way, was an autocratic ruler of his household, and even his strong-willed daughter-in-law never dreamed of resisting him. He would sometimes send an order to the crown princess by her son, young Wilhelm. The boy would rudely enter his mother's presence and, as if in his own name, bid her do the thing-perhaps to preside at some function, perhaps to leave Berlin for a brief visit to Potsdam.

MADE THE HAUGHTY WOMAN WEEP.

Naturally resenting the young man's insolent manners, the unhappy mother would refuse to do as he desired. He would let her commit herself definitely to the refusal, often before other people, then would ask her with a triumphant sneer whether he was to bring the ampener word that the crown pure. the emperor word that the crown prin-cess despised the command of her sovereign. The brutality cut the mother to the quick; violent scenes constantly took place; and the haughty woman, who never feared to confront the stormy rage of the chancellor, would ery and wring her hands in despair over the unfeeling conduct of her son. Long after the masterful young man had become emperor in his turn, and had broken Bismarck, her lifelong enemy, he still took a strange pleasure, if report be true, in wounding and slighting his mother in her lonely widowhood. Even now he scarcely ever sees her; when he does it is only for a formal visit of a few minutes, a kind of churlish concession to the outward decencies. After the death of her mo-ther, Queen Victoria, he paid such a visit in company with his uncle, the new king, and probably at his urgent request. That formal "call of condolence" will very likely be the last until he is summoned to the death scene, that may any day take place.

A DISMAL "HOME." For it is not cheerful at Cronsbergon-the-Main, where the most miserable of royal ladies is fighting with death. The house, though called a schloss, or castle, is a dismal, ugly building in the worst modern German style. The great cheerless rooms are almost bare; there is no sign of the domestic comfort which one would expect to find in the home of an English princess living in Germany, the land of good housewifely order. Except in the graver crises of her incurable malady the empress spends most of her time seated at a window in the big bare salon gazing list-lessly at the chimneys that make her view. They say she is very often found in tears, though she does not like to have it noticed. She reads little, but "The Imitation of Christ" is always within reach of her hand. Twice a week she has a visit from her youngest daughter, the Princess of Hesse, who comes over from Frankfort to pass the afternoon at the mournful schloss. It is a pitiful evening to a life which dawned so brightly, a dreary ending for the princess royal of England, one of the ablest women of her day.

Years of severe tests have clearly demonstrated the fact that Wills' English Fills are a certain cure for Constipation and its dangers. They are the only guaranteed Constipation Pills sold by druggists. One box gives relief, four boxes warranted to cure the most obstinate Constipation. From your druggist at 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of The Wells & Richardson Company, Limited, Montreal.

SELF-MEASURED WISDOM. We think our fathers fools, so wise we Our wiser sons no doubt will think us

THE WALLOW That Over-Worked Played-Out Feeling.

If your occupation is of a sedentary nature, if it is carried on indoors, or if it involves the exercise of brain rather than muscle, it may be reckoned among the unhealthy occupation. Your bowels become clogged, liver sluggish, blood thin and impure, heart weak, nerves shattered, brain action slow, and memory failing-better to-day-worse to-morrow.

When you feel over-worked, run-down and playedout, your system is deranged, and your body illnourished and weak.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is intended for just such persons as yourself. The poisoning of the blood and the general weakening of the system is rectified, and the entire body is restored to a vigorons healthy

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. 25c and 60c a bottle.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

A Perfect Tonic Laxative.

WESTERNONTARIO

Gambling is carried on openly in Mitchell, it is said, and the town authorities are unable to put a stop to it. Mr. Thomas Collins, one of Biddulph's ploneers, who is now in his 87th year, is at present hale and hearty, and engaged in re-shingling his barn alone, having lately finished digging a well the depth of 37 feet.

According to the annual report of the inspector of prisons for the year 1900, the county of Huron is the banner temperance county of the province among the larger counties, having the lowest number of commitments to jail for drunkenness from 1895 to 1900, viz., 41.

ness from 1895 to 1900, viz., 41.

The Gait public school bank is a flourishing institution. Inaugurated in March, 1899, 512 accounts have been opened and 137 closed. The deposits comprise \$739 10, Victoria; \$1,759 37, Central; and \$1,715 93, Dickson, a total of \$4,214 40. The withdrawals aggregate \$1,337 17, leaving \$2,27 23 on hand, an average per capita of \$7 67. All this has been obtained without pressure, the voluntary and spontaneous thrift of the pupils.

Berlin Tribune: Messrs Edmunds &

thrift of the pupils.

Berlin Tribune: Messrs, Edmunds & McGregor shipped six of the finest horses ever shipped from this section to Prince Albert, N. W. T., last week. The lot comprised a pair of fancy driving horses, a choice span of heavy Clydesdale mares and two stallions, Howard S. and Young Rakersfield. This was a very choice lot, and was selected by Mr. L. H. Edmunds. Howard S. is one of the best thoroughbred horses ever seen in Canada. He was sold for \$15,000 as a 3-year-old, to Bromley & Co., New York, in 1897. In the same year he won the Oakland handicap, a \$10,000 purse. Young Rakerfield is looked on as one of the finest Clydesdale colts ever bred in Canada.

Amherstburg Echo: Talk about the

dale colts ever bred in Canada.

Amherstburg Echo: Talk about the perils of going to the old country in steamships! In 1860 Capt. John Duncanson sailed the three-masted schooner Thomas F. Parke, from here to Liverpool and return without a mishap. The Parke was a fine clipper bark of 280 tons register, owned by John McLeod, of this town. She loaded square oak at Bear Creek, and carried that cargo to Liverpool in June. Capt. Duncanson carried with him a crew of seven before the mast, besides a first and second mate. These were all from Amherstburg. The captain handed the Echo a card this week, bearing date, Liverpool, July 17, 1860, issued by John S. de Wolf & Co., freight agents, advertising the return trip of that vessel. She carried back a general cargo for Montreal, Toronto and Detroit.

There is no form of kidney trouble, from a backache down to Bright's disease, that Doan's Kidney Pills will not relieve or cure.

Railways and Navigation

Victoria Day

MAY 24, 1901.

Single fare excursions to all stations in Canada and to

Detroit, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, via MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route."

May 23 and 24, Good to Return May 27 Particulars at the city ticket office, 395 Richmond street, or depot, corner Bath-urst and Clarence streets. Telephone 205. JOHN PAUL, Agent; O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE. New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

S.S. MAJESTIC May 15 S.S. OCEANIC May 22 S.S. TEUTONIC May 29 S.S. CYMRIO......June 4 a.m., S.S. GERMANIC.....June 5 p.m. MAJESTICJune 12 *Excellent Second Cabin accommodation on these steamers.

E. De La Hooke, Sole Agent for London, "Clock" Corner.

ALLAN LINE For Liverpool, Calling at Moville and New York to Glasgow.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin, \$60 and upwards. Second cabin, \$35 and upwards. Steerage, \$25 and \$26. New York to Glasgew; First cabin, \$50 and upwards, Second cabin, \$32.50. Steerage, \$26. Reduction on first and second cabin return tickets. Prepaid tickets issued for bring ing out passengers. ing out passengers.

For sailing lists and all information apply to E. De la Hooke, W. Fulton and F. B. Clarke, London

Railways and Navigation

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

SPECIAL EXCURSION TO-

Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, Monday, May 20, Also Tuesday, May 28, 1901.

Special passenger train will leave as follows:
Fare.
Time. Gobles Buffalo, Pan-American grounds, arrive

11 a.m.
Special Excursion tickets are only valid going and returning on special trains on above dates.

Returning—The special train will leave
Pan-American grounds, 11 p.m. Tickets and all information from Grand Trunk Railway ticket offices. E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. & T. A.; M. C. DICKSON, district passenger agent.

CANADIAN PAGE Steamship Express.

Commencing SATURDAY, MAY 25, and every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY until further notice, STEAMSHIP EXPRESS will leave TO-RONTO AT 1:30 P.M., connecting with Upper Lake steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba," leaving Owen Sound about 5:30 p.m., for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur, Fort William and all points west. and all points west. W. FULTON, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London, Ont.; A. H. NOTMAN, assistant general passenger agent, Toronto.

L.E.&D.R.R

Semi-Weekly Excursions to Port Stanley.

Commencing May 15, and each Wednesday and Saturday during the season. Round trip fare, 30 cents. Trains leave London at 10:25 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Returning leave Port Stanley at 1 and 4:40 The Pan-American Excursion

to Buffalo, THURSDAY NIGHT, MAY 23.
Merchants' Line, steamer Melbourne, from Port Stanley. Good for four days, including berths and two meals each day. \$12 for round trip. Your home will be on the boat from start to finish, as the boat lies at the dock in Buffalo until returning on Sunday night, May 26.

Intercolonial Railway.

On and after Sunday, March 10, 1901, the train leaving Union Station, To-ronto (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 10:00 p.m., connects with the Maritime Express and Local Express at Bonaventure depot, Montreal, as follows: The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily, except on Saturday, at 12 noon, for Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., the Sydneys, and points in the Maritime Provinces. The Maritime Express from Halifax,

St. John, the Sydneys and other points east will arrive at Montreal daily, except on Monday, at 5:30 p.m. The Local Express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1:05

The Local Express will leave Levis at 4:20 p.m., daily, except Sunday, due to arrive at Montreal at 19:00 p.m. Through sleeping and dining cars on the Maritime Express.

The vestibule trains are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant, sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury. The Intercolonial Railway connects the west with the finest fishing streams, seaside resorts and tourist

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WILLIAM ROBINSON, General Traveling Agent, 10 King street west,

routes in Canada.

Toronto. H. A. PRICE, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 148 St. James street, Montreal,

CAUSE OF CHINESE

Mrs. Bryson Declares That Native Wreth Has Been Smoldering Ever Since the War With Japan.

In response to a request from the woman's board of home and foreign missions of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United States, Mrs. Bryson, their missionary at Tien Tsin, has replied to a number of questions relative to the recent disturbances in China. In part, Mrs. Bryson wrote: "China and her people, and the terrible tragedies enacted recently upon those distant shores, form a constant topic of conversation and inquiry today.

"Question I.—'What do you think was the origin of the present disturbances in North China?"
"Answer—Ever since 1894, when China

was so shamefully defeated by the Japanese, a desire for revenge has smol-dered in the hearts of those Chinese who understood how great was their humiliation. Then, piece by piece, on various pretexts, portions of their land have been claimed by various European powers. Last of all, and clearly evident to the Chinese man in the street, is the way China is being opened up by railways and telegraph wires, and her practically boundless stores of mineral wealth, which are only just beginning to be tapped by foreign syndicates.

"The ordinary native believes that the sleep of his departed ancestors is disturbed by the passage of the iron road. The telegraph wires, now stretching to the most distant parts of the empire, they imagine, disturb the spir-its of the air, while mining operations harass the spirits of the earth. these invisible beings will, they firmly believe, take their revenge upon the living, bringing disaster and misfortune

Among the millions of Chinese there are always the usual number of ne'erwells, who prefer to earn their bread by easier ways than honest toil. From this class the brigands of Mongolia, and the pirates of the south, are reinforced-persons who welcome a general rising because in the prevailing confusion they expect to enrich themselves. There are others who belong to the numerous secret societies with which China is honeycombed, many of them truly, if ignorantly, seeking after better government. Among these are some of the members of the White Lily sect, the Vegetarians and the Big Sword So-clety of Shantung, whose deeds of blood caused the annexation of Kiao Chow by the Germans. Many of these societies aimed originally at the overthrow of the present dynasty. All believe that the presence of foreigners is detrimental to their country.

EMPRESS EXPRESSES SYMPATHY. "In these people the empress dowager saw fitting tools for the execution of her purpose of clearing the land of months ago she issued many secret edicts assuring them of her sympathy petty ways too numerous to mention, and protection. The common people even in such simple matters as the drawing of water and the cooking of the people drawing of water and the cooking of the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the drawing of water and the cooking of the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the drawing of water and the cooking of the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the drawing of water and the cooking of the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible in the brilliant circumstances in which the people was in the most of herself possible i sufficiently protected, and in other parts from long-continued drought, stared them in the face. At the same time the purchasing power of the money became less and less, while the necessaries of life became dearer.

"It is clear that not one series

London

tion the go-by.

THE OZONE CO., Toronto, Ont.:

become enthusiastic.

too.

events, or one class of people is responsible for the present state of haos in China. But the empress dowager's China. But the empress dowager's hateful influence has brooded over all the elements of discord. Bhe believed that China's foreign trained troops, supported by the hordes of Boxers, would set her free from the hated dictation and encroachments of foreign powers, and a variety of circumstances, playing into her hand, in her view, and that of her chief advisers, made the war cry of the Boxers, 'Uphold the A Woman's View of the Boxer war cry of the Boxers, 'Uphold the Ching dynasty—exterminate foreigneigners,' an aim easy of accomplish-

> "Question II.—'Is it true that the Chinese hate the missionaries more than they hate other foreigners, and are excited to deeds of violence by their unwise and tactless presentation of Scripture truth?"

> "Answer-It is not true. The Chinaman's religion is not to him that sacred thing which his faith becomes to a devout European. It is entirely a matter of forms and ceremonies, and he constantly remarks, when speaking of the Christian religion, that all beliefs are alike. We must worship heaven and earth, perform good deeds, and that is

> the end of it, they say.
> "The love of the Deity is an unknown doctrine to Chinese ears; fear of the anger of the gods compels their wor-

"It has been suggested that missionaries have stirred up the anger of the people by vivid pictures of the wrath to come, and the terrible punishment that awaits unbelievers. Yet nothing could be imagined more terrible than the colored life-size plaster figures which in countless Taoist temples throughout the length and breadth of China represent the punishment of hades.

"Here a man is thrown upon a bed of knives, while another is sawn asun-der; another is bound to a red-hot brazen pillar. Fiends are engaged in tearing out the tongues, or eyes, or bowels of others, while various horrible punishments, the very refinement of cruelty, are administered to the disobedient. Is it likely, then, that supposing the missionaries did put in foreground of their preaching such terrors as it has been affirmed they have done (by Chinese officials, who are quickly to understand how such accusations would be received by the public opposed to missions in England) a single Chinaman would feel aggrieved about a matter with which he has been familiar from his childhood?

"As a matter of fact, missionaries put in the foreground the Heavenly Father, his gift of his only begotten Son, for the world's redemption, and nothing so readily touches a Chinaman's heart as this. The punishment of sin, even in this present life, is too tarrithic arrest. terribly apparent everywhere in China to make it a strange thing to teach that for all sin there is certain retribution.

AS TO INDUCEMENTS OFFERED. "Question III. - 'What inducements

do missionaries hold out to the Chinese to become Christians? And are there many hypocrites among professed be-"Answer-There are no inducements,

but the certainty of forgiveness of their sins through faith in Jesus, and his constant companionship along life's daily

path,
"The Christian convert is a marked man, the butt of all the abuse which is heaped upon the name of foreigner. His house is clear of idols, and this is evident to all, as every man's house is open to his neighbor's inspection in China. He does not keep the many idol feast days. Births, deaths and marriages in his family are stripped of all foreigners, and more than fifteen their ectat from a native point of view. months ago she issued many secret He is put to great inconvenience in edicts assuring them of her sympathy petty ways too numerous to mention,

> Mrs. Bryson denies that the Chinese officials have a special antipathy toward missionaries, and asserts that all

statements to the people of London. Sometimes

you may believe what we say, then again you are

more likely to say we're interested, class us with

the patent medicine crowd, and give our prepara-

you have the statements of your own citizens.

You can make sure about the preparation when

we do this, and we're satisfied if you'll only inves-

tigate. Once you know how good Powley's

Liquified Ozone is, how powerful to cure is the

condensed oxygen, you'll take it—and be benefited,

used your remedy, Ozone, for attacks of rheumatism, and for general emergencies,

I believe it to be of great value; and if everyone would give it a fair trial accord-

you like; we regard it as essential to one's health

as pure air and good food. People who take it

after they have been given up to die, are more

enthusiastic about it than we are. Perhaps you'll

ing to directions, it would prove a blessing to thousands.

Wishing you every success, I am,

Dear Sirs, -I am happy to state for the benefit of others, that after having

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MRS. WILSON, 320 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

We take the best course we can, however; let

that the services of missionaries are constantly in request by mandarins of high position who wish instruction in the English language for their sons.

THE LATE QUEEN

As She Was-Her Likes and Dislikes.

New York Weekly Post. The first serious study to be made by a competent hand of the late Queen's character appears in the April Quarterly. An impartial analysis, following hard upon the indiscriminate culogies so natural in the immediate shock of grief, it has attracted instant and widespread attention in England, and set everybody guessing who the author may be. Whoever the writer is, man or woman—and we incline to say woman—we have evidently a person long and intimately acquainted with the Queen and her public. There are no indiscreet or merely gossiping revelations; none of the terrible candor visually with reveals and the carried constitutions. a-vis with royalty of Greville, or the routine chronicle of small beer which Madame d'Arblay gives us; no mali-cious reports after the manner of Walpole and John Wilson Croker. The Quarterly is simply a quiet and faithful picture of the Queen in her habit as she lived.

Some of her mental qualities, her tastes and preferences in literature and painting and music, are set forth with engaging simplicity. She "pro-fessed a cult for Tennyson," but it is plainly implied that she had no real comprehension of that profound spirit. Anyone could easily believe this who had read the hopelessly banal letters of the Queen to the laureate, published in the Tennyson biography. Indeed, says the Quarterly article, "she did not feel that she was in touch" with the "vast and growing" literature of her own time, and "had the wisdom not to attempt to patronize what she was not sure of comprehending." We may admit the accurate self-knowledge, even while we regret that it had to be asserted of one in her exalted station and with her power to influence public standards. In art her predilections were frankly bourgeois. She would not sit to Watts, though assured that he would make a splendid painting. "Perhaps so," was her reply, "but I am afraid it would be ugly." Farce and comic opera were her favorite forms of public en-tertainment. If she was incurably naive, in all such matters, she at least managed in these ways to "preserve a charm of juvenile freshness." In keeping with this, she had no liking for intellectual women. Good manners and a pretty face were the passport to her heart, but she "shrank away from any woman who, she feared, was 'going to be clever.'" It is quite clear, in fact, that the Queen never could have been entitled to the compliment paid by the Frenchman to Mrs. Norton, who, declared, was "so spirituous and

Yet in her high and fated sphere the royal lady was every inch a Queen. Her own court manners were the perfection of grace, tact and dignity, and such qualities thrived in others in the at-mosphere which surrounded her. She had an instinctive sense for public effects, and the Quarterly writer records her triumph in Paris, when her simply direct tenue won away the hearts of the French for the time being, even from her companion at the opera, their enchanting empress. In the intimacy of her household she would relax court discipline, and yield herself very charmingly to the "primitive kinds of fun," which, when she was in the mood lighted were not of the very subtle

A new theory is advanced of the the the progressive men who desire a brighter future for their native land seek constantly the help and advice of missionaries, in secular matters, and

Statements.



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fully cure in a few days.—IUNYON.

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men. Price \$1.

The Guide to Health (free) tells about diseases and their cure. Get it at any drug store. The Cures are all on sale there, mostly at 25 cents a vial.

Munyon, New York and Philadelphia. MUNYON'S INHALEB CURES CATABBH.

never would acknowledge that she was, as she put it, 'dead beat.' " This may perhaps have been the cause of her first unfavorable impression of Mr. Gladstone, but her dislike of him eventually took on other forms and rested upon other grounds. Long before Irish home rule was on the horizon, she resented his open attacks upon Disraeli, who had, in the late 70's, acquired his almost unbounded certainly unrivaled influence over her. To assault her favorite prime minister as bitterly as Gladstone did was next door to being "disloyal." Accordingly, when the Duke of Connaught was married in 1879, Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone were conspicuously omitted in the wedding invitations. To this public snub there was added, Mr. George Russell has lately told us, "an even more re-markable rebuke behind the scenes":

"Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone had been in the habit of paying frequent visits to the late Dean Wellesley at the Deanery of Windsor, and the habit was continued during the long struggle over the eastern question. The Queen wrote to the dean, suggesting that as Mr. Gladstone was engaged in violent attacks upon her government, it might be bet-ter if his visits to the deanery were discontinued. 'Whereupon,' said the stout old dean, Wellington's nephew and counterpart, 'I wrote her a tick-ler.' Imagination boggles at the idea of

a 'tickler' applied to a monarch.' Not to poach further upon the Quarterly preserves, it need but be said of this appreciation of the Queen that it is as kindly and even affectionate as it is shrewd and penetrating. It will undoubtedly rank high among the memoires pour servir. The writer's general summing up is that the daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Kent was born "a rather ordinary mortal," but could be given all men and women, the world would be better than it is.

WASTING DIVINE GIFTS

The Commercial Spirit in Educational and Religious Institutions.

[New York Observer.] The times have seemed to demand men of executive and administrative ability in both college and church; so that nowadays we often have able business management combined with poor education in the college, and crowded churches with few converts. We have to be mighty careful in making endowments and a president who is shrewd and successful in gaining gifts, A college or university with immense is not necessarily a great educational institution. It may even sustain a large corps of professors in a variety of departments, and not educate its students to be thorough and vigorous men in intellect and knowledge. And a church may be "out of debt," and successful in everything which counts for success from a worldly point of view, and yet be unsuccessful in that for which the church stands, the man-ifestation of the life of God among men, and the winning of souls to God. No one but a great teacher can have great pupils, and the socalled educator who is only a "pro-moter" has neither the training, the time nor the taste to study and meditate and develop that mental growth which impresses itself upon the learner in deep and lasting forms. We know that Francis Wayland, the elder Dwight Theodore Woolsey and Mark Hopkins were not "promoters" in the modern sense but were thoughtful, scientific, earnest students, and the work that they accomplished was wonderful and permanent. They gave to the colleges what is better than money, they gave brains, and the result was that men with brains were graduated from these institutions. What are we getting now from the universities and colleges which are "run" by money-getters, but a crowd of rich sporting men whose main idea of life is material success and vulgar show, or distinction in muscular and athletic amusements? In proportion to the stress which is placed upon pecuniary endowment and costly equipment, is the downward trend in thorough culture of the intellect and

in original thought. The same thing is true in the church. Its secular or business side may prosper under business methods, but its spiritual life and saving power can only be developed by the consecration of its ministry to the cure of souls The ability to deal with truth, to dissipate unbelief by clear statement and cogent argument, to awaken conscience and to guide the inquiring mind into safe and happy conclusions, comes from study, from thoughtful meditation from prayer and quiet contemplation of divine truth. One once, agree with us. People who have been cured whose days are filled with industrial plans and the collection of money and with journeyings and lecturings, and whose mind is occupied with newspapers and reviews and popular literature, may be an executive minister but he will be a poor soul-saver and

a worse pastor. Jonathan Edwards, Lyman Beecher, James W. Alexander, Chas. H. Spurgeon, Phillips Brooks, John Hall and others who have exerted great power as preachers of righteousind become spiritual guides to men of their own and of this genera-

tion, were content to narrow their sphere of work. They were willing to leave undone a great many pleasurable and allowable things which suggested themselves, and to concentrate all their energies upon what some might their energies upon what some might call petty work, the care or culture of a single soul; the unfolding of one phase of divine truth; the dispersion for the benefit of some darkened minds under their ministry, of the clouds, mists and fogs of error, and the gathering together of the spiritual forces of the church in prayer and communion with God. These things communion with God. These things do more to make a church strong, permanent and powerful among men, than church parlors, amusements, and lavish expenditure of money for music, flowers, printing, summer outings and winter sociables. It should never be forgotten that the Church of Christ is an institution "not of this world" in a very important sense. Its greatest success has been achieved when it has been divorced from all worldly methods and without worldly power. The church is not instituted, as some seem to imagine, as a social center, nor for the amelioration of social conditions as such; but to make men better members of society by making them better men and women, and to change bad social conditions into good ones, by changing the hearts of those who are living together in the world. Its ministers then are not fulfilling their highest duty, nor magnifying their office, when they are occupied most of the time with the relief of

poverty, the prevention of crime, and the manifold socialistic work of the age. These are partly good, but there are better things than these. A minister who is ordained and set over a congregation, has the most solemn of all obligations to pray, and preach, and labor with the individuals of that congregation. Its souls are his to save or lose. A church building, a charity school, a course of lectures, a pleasure journey, a convention of his brethren, are each and all unimportant concerns compared with his true work, and if any readers think that this is not so, I can only beg them to read afresh their divine commission as it is written in the word of God. The age is not wrong in the demand for executive ability in college or church, but in enforcing the demand upon the wrong persons. College and church have secular officers to whom belong secularities, whose duty it is to raise money, provide all needful means and methods for effective work, and relieve president or pastor from inferior duties that he may give his strength to higher and nobler things. Perhaps, if the secular officers did their duty more faithfully, the pastor would feel the relief and rise like the bent spring from an undesired burden.

In this connection I will quote a few words from a writer in "The British Weekly" upon the danger which besets ministers to overtask themselves in appointments outside their own parishes. He says: "No man has a right to take extra work who is not doing to the best of his ability the work he has already in There is something to my hand. mind dreadful in the way in which ministers sometimes speak at Holiness Conventions. The first test of holiness in a minister is whether he appears regularly before his people thoroughly prepared for his work. If he falls in that, it is blasphemors for him even to speak of holiness. There can be no holiness where there is de-liberate neglect of duty, and God's strength is not given to make up for a man's failure to do his duty.' These are solemn words, but they

are needed here as well as in the

SUSAN B. ANTHONY ARRAIGNS BISHOP

The Noted Woman Suffragist Takes Issue With the Right Rev. Mr. Barkley, of California.

A Rochester (N. Y.) telegram says:
According to Susan B. Anthony, the
veteran fighter for the political and industrial equality of women, Bishop
Barkley, of Carifornia, will have a
hard time in relegating women to second place. Miss Anthony has taken
up the challenge thrown down by the
bishop in his recent sermon on Adam
and Eve, in which he declared that and Eve, in which he declared that man's supremacy to woman was or-dained by God as part of Eve's punishment; that man is the head of the family, the boss of every house, for God has so ordained.

"Bishop Barkley's utterances are too antiquated to deserve notice," said Miss Anthony in reply, "but since men continue to preach such nonsense we must continue to refute it. Eve's eating the apple, according to the fable, opened not only her eyes, but the eyes of all women for the coming time. She, by that set proved knowledge to be by that act, proved knowledge to be the thing sought for and needed for the progress of the race.

"God did not curse the woman, but did say to the man that he should earn bread by the sweat of his brow. shirks his curse, and assumes to be the master of woman's destiny; he fails to read that God gave to them dominion of the earth, not to him. When he denies to woman an equal share in the government it is he who is the infidel. But you cannot prove wondered to the state of the stat

man's position of today by the men's notion of her 6,000 ago any more than you can man's position.

"Men may preach and talk and legislate in church and state as much as they please, but woman has begun to think for herself and read the Bible and that equally reliable authority. and that equally reliable authority 'The Book of Nature.' She is studying herself and she will decide what is her place. She does not desire to be mas-

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To operate or use plasters simply means further exhaustion and depletion. The new constitutional treatment, instead of weakening, actually builds up the strength and invigorates the enup the strength and invigorates the en-tire system; not only this, but it ar-rests the progress of the disease and entirely eliminates every particle of the cancer poison from the system. It is a pleasant treatment, and can be taken at home without pain or inconveni-

For full particulars write Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., inclosing two stamps. All correspondence entirely confidential.

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Breakfast Cocoa .- Abso lutely pure, delicious, nutritious and costs less than one cent a The best plain chocolate in the market for drinking and also for making cake, icing, ice-cream,

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ter or boss, but she exacts equal powers in the government of the world.
"Bishop McQuade, of Rochester, the other day said he was ready for women to vote. When the bishops disagree as to the proper sphere woman may safely choose the liberal side her-self. The bishops will be just as successful in holding woman in the old place as was Dame Partington in sweeping back old ocean with her

A Marvel of Engineering.

The wonderful achievement of tunneling a big mountain at Sherman, Wyo., by the Union Pacific, in order to reduce the grade and shorten the track has been accomplished, and regu-lar service has commenced on the new

The completion of this work is reckoned as one of the most astonishing feats of railroad engineering yet accomplished. The Sherman Hill tunnel is situated between Dale Creek and Tie situated between Dale Creek and Tie Siding, nearly half a mile long. In the mountain it pierces is found the Archaen formation, one of the hardest of granite rocks. Standing conspicuously out in this great engineering work are the two fills, Lone Tree fill and Dale Creek fill. The embankment at the last-named fill is 145 feet in the highest place 900 feet long. in the highest place, 900 feet long, 40 feet wide at the top, 115 feet at the bottom. The Lone Tree fill is southwest of the town of Sherman, and the embankment is 130 feet high at the

highest point.

These two fills involved the handling of 500,000 cubic yards of earth and stone. Two other embankments adjacent required the movement of 250,-000 yards, so that this particular part of the work, all within the distance of a mile, necessitated the moving more than 750,000 cubic yards of earth and rock. The Dale Creek bridge will now be a thing of the past, and the Ames monument will no longer be seen by tourists. The new tunnel is so constructed that one may clearly see from one end to the other. The new route decreases the grade over 50 per cent.

SOMETHING NEW.

"Anything new or fresh this morning?" a reporter asked in the police station.
"Yes," said the sergeant.
"What is it?" said the

whipping out his note-book.
"That paint you are against."

Alfred A. Taylor, of Margaree, says: "One bottle of MINARD'S LINI-MENT cured a swelling of the gamble joint, and saved a horse worth \$140.

Thos. W. Payne, of Bathurst, saved the life of a valuable horse that the Vet. had given up with a few bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT so as not to hurt the neck. Stand up collars ironed without being broken in the wing Ties done to look like new. Give me a call. I you are not suited no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All hand work. Hest in the city. parcels called for and delivered.

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FEW MINUTES WI' THE SCOTCH.

Conducted for The Advertiser by Rev. William Wye Smith, author of Matthew in Broad Scotch," "The New Testament in Broad Scotch," and Scotch expert on the Standard Dictionary.]

JENNY GEDDES. TWAS the twenty-third of July, in

the sixteen thirty-seven, On the Sabbath morn, from high St. Giles, the solemn peal was given; King Charles had sworn that Scottish men should pray by printed rule; He sent a book, but never dreamed of

danger from a stool. With a row-dow-at them now!-Jenny flung the stool!

-Professor Blackie, "WHA bide weel, sal betide weel."

-Hatley Waddell. THE tulziesome tyke comes hirplin

hame.-Scotch proverb. MAN has cracked his credit with

God.-Samuel Rutherford. THE sleeping church has a waking

heart .- Samuel Rutherford. THERE'S aye some water whaur

the stirkie droons.-Scotch proverb. WHEN gossipin' wives meet, the

deil gangs till his dinner. - Scotch MINISTERS are but the pole; it is

THE Glasgow Exposition was duly opened by the Duke and Duchess of

the brazen serpent you are to look at.

-Robert Murray McCheyne.

Fife, acting for his majesty. O LITTLE did my mother think,

The day she cradled me, D' the lands I was to travel in, Or the death I was to dee! -Old Song.

"OWER the Muir, Amang the Heather" was written by Jean Glover, an unfortunate adventuress, born at Kilmarnock in 1758, of respectable parents; died in 1801.

IN SUSPENSE .- "The audience were kept in suspense for awhile; their patience was nearly out at the elbows, and their expectation was on stilts."-Scotch report.

AND a laverock that sang ! the lift at morn.

Cam' sklentin down wi' the rain; And I've keepit the wee thing in my breast.

-Rev. James Murray.

"THEN I thought on the days o' lang-syne; the years o' sae mony byganes; I thought owre my sangs i' the night; I croon'd wi' my heart by its lane; an' my spreit spier't uncolie hame."-Hately Waddell, Psalm lxxvii.,

BALLOONS .- The first ascent in a balloon, so far as known, in Scotland, was by Signor V. Lunardi, an Italian, on Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1785, at Edinburgh. He passed over 20 miles of water and 12 of land, and descended near Ceres, in an hour and a half's time.

PREACHING .- "Man, John, wasna von preaching! Yon's something for a body to bring awa' wi' them! Nine heads, and twenty particulars to ilka head-and sic mouthfu's o' grand words! Oh, man, it was fine! If you could just mind anything he said, John, it wad do us guid!"

THE lost langsyne! O, the lost langsyne!

The hopes that were yours and the loves that were mine, Hae shed a' their bloom like a flow'r

I' the dwine, Far, far awa' i' the lost langsyne.

-John Macfarlane.

ANYONE acquainted with the oldfashioned way of spinning flax will appreciate this, of a long-winded minister, who was preaching on a certain occasion, some other ministers being present. One by one they got tired out, and slipped into the vestry. As the last

"Well," said he, "his tow's done, but he's aye spinnin' on yet."

no dune yet?"

one came in, the others asked, "Is he

was William Cameron), used to say of Bir Walter Scott, by way of defending vais. himself for exaggerating: "You see, The bark is of a dark red color, as a

sir, a guid big lee gars the truth look respectable. What way, d'ye think, Sir Walter Scott gat sic a grand monument in George Square for? Just because he was a guid leear!"

> A SCOTCH minister, in a "drouthie time," was waited on by a deputation of his hearers who thought he had rather neglected his duty in not praying for rain, and they remonstrated with him on the omission. "Weel a weel," he replied, after he had heard them. "I'll pray for't, just to please ye; but feint a drap ye'll get till the change o' the mune."

WHEN Sir Walter Scott was a boy, one of his lady friends was conversing with a gentleman respecting the almost perpetual drizzle that prevails in most perpetual drizzle that prevails in the west of Scotland, a fact for which model of his divine ancestry. both parties declared themselves at a loss to account: when Walter who was in the room unperceived, popped his head up from below the table and said, "It is only nature weeping for the barrenness of her

"MON."-Nothing makes a Scotchman so angry as to hear someone trying to tell a Scotch anecdote, say "mon" for "man." The Scotch vowel sounds are all much deeper than in English, and "man" in Scotch sounds "maun." Now maun and mon are really the some sound; only the one is sounded so much longer than the other: like the difference between taught and tot; not a difference in sound, but in the elongation of the sound. So it is not mon, but maun.

FAMILY NAMES .- "Wynne," fair, delicate; "Wintow," wine house, or tavern; "Vaughan," little; "Vere," weir, inclosure, dam; "Timmerman," timber man, carpenter; "Totleben," Dodo's dwelling; "Sprague," "Spragg," quick, lively, active; "Shelton," shell town; "Selby," good dwelling; "Skene," dagger; "Ousefoot," foot of the spring; "Overman," shore man; "Pauncefoot," splay foot; "Pembroke," head country; "Pendennis," head of the hill.

WILLIAM EWART GLADSTONE .-This great man was descended from Gladstane of Gladstane, near Biggar, in Lanarkshire. The last portion of functions of the body. Constant anthe old family lands passed away from ical effect. Happiness and a fretful John Gladstane, in 1680. His son Wil- temper, a sweet contentment and the liam died in 1728. A grandson of this habit of continual fault-finding, ser-John Gladstane, named Thomas, was a enity of heart and a persistent critical "corn merchant" at Leith. John Glad- mood can no more mingle than oil stane (or Gladstone), his son, born in 1763, came to Liverpool as a young house. You cannot have both, man, and worked his way up to what is must therefore make your choice. called "a merchant prince." His fourth there in 1809, and lived to acquire a more world-wide fame than any Borderer of ancient or modern times, with perhaps the single exception of Sir Walter Scott.

THE GYPSIES .- John Faw, or Faa, was recognized by James V. as "Lord and Earl of Little Egypt." Their first appearance north, about Aberdeen, was in 1527, but they were probably settled about Yetholm, on the borders, before this. "Queen Esther," who died only a few years ago, almost shed tears when she greeted my mother (on the latter's visit to Scotland) in 1850. Some of the gypsy children, sometimes, but very irregularly, attended the parish school at Yetholm; and the gypsy queen and my mother were, therefore, it might be said, schoolfellows. "Eh, Sallie," she said, "I heard ye had come back to Scotland, and I gratwhen I heard it." The gypsy queen described Yetholm as being "sae mingle-mangle ane wad think it was biggit on a dark nicht, or sawn on a windy

Forests of Petrified Trees.

A remarkable "forest" of petrified trees called Chalcedony Park can be reached in a few hours from Holbrook, Arizona. The area of the park is esti-mated at hundreds of square miles, and it contains thousands of tons of agatized wood. It is like a vast lumber camp where the lumbermen have thrown the huge logs at random from their sleds, "HAWKIE," a well-known beggar in leaving them to become rain-soaked leaving them to become rain-soaked and moss-grown. Some of the trunks are 150 feet long, and they break up in sections, as if sawn through at inter-

WE WANT TO TELL YOU HOW TO MAKE LIFE EASY. A SMALL INVESTMENT BRINGS BIG RESULTS.

If you are troubled with Backache, Sideache, or any trouble arising from a weak condition of the Urinary Organs, invest 50 cents in a box of Doan's Pills and they will bring astonishing results.

Read what the following people have to say about them:

MR. GEORGE BLACK, Expressman, M ntreal, Que., writes: "I was suffering with terrible pains in my back and could not do my work. I saw Doan's Pills recommended for the kidneys, and set a hore. From the first does." and got a box. From the first do felt benefited, and by the time I had taken the whole box I was completely cured, and am newable to do my work as well as ever, and caunot reco

MRS. R. KERR, Cote St. Paul, Que., writes: "I was suffering from a very painful backache and always felt tired. It seemed as if a weight was tied to my back and dragging me down. I tried many different remedies, but none of them seemed to help me. I procured two boxes of Doan's Pills, and after taking them I can safely recommend them to all sufferers from backache or kidney troubles, as they did me a world

rule, but the chips and interior exhibit kaleidoscopic colors. Amethysts, red and yellow jasper, chalcedony and other stones abound. The logs, in fact, are a blend of these stones. One of them, 100 feet long, and 3 to 5 feet in diameter, spans a narrow canyon, and is called the Agate Bridge. It is chiefly composed of jaspers and agates.

As to the origin of the petrifications, it is supposed that in past times the trees were overwhelmed with volcanic ashes and hot silicious waters from pine or cedar, and as it decayed the silica dyed with various salts of iron and manganese in solution took its

Cur Strength. God

I shall yet praise him who is the health of my countenance and my God.-Psalms kliii., 5.

The central thought of religion is the continual presence of God in the soul, and therefore the moral compulsion of the soul to be Godlike.

We are not members of God's family by adoption, but by right of birth, and duty consists in bearing ourselves as such. The ideal man, when he arrives, will be so proud of his relation to the universe and prize it so highly that low thinking and low acting will become impossible. His genealogy will be so impressive that it will influence his motives, his entire outlook on life,

We have temporarily fallen away from any hope of reaching this high estate, and wandered into all sorts of evils and diseases, for disease is the natural and logical result of moral obliquity. If the race had persistently maintained its obedience to law it would be as healthy in body as sound in mind. The ailments of the body, which consume so much of our patience and time, are all abnormal. They have their origin either in wilfulness or ignorance, and if knowledge were substituted for ignorance and obedience to law were substituted for wilfulness the remedial effect would be such that in a few generations we should be as whole and healthy as was Adam in the Garden of Eden.

The Christ was physically perfect, and it is inconceivable that he should have been otherwise. We find it im-possible to associate disease with the thought of him. He was not only whole or hale himself, but he imparted wholeness to others, and when questioned on the matter simply replied: "Thy faith hath made thee whole." When from this single utterance we weave a philosophy of life it becomes clear that if we start in good physical condition and keep ourselves mentally and spiritually harmony with God's plan we shall remain in that condition all our days and die of old age as quietly as a child goes to sleep in its mother's arms.

That God ordained disease is not to be thought of. Heaven is a place of health, and earth not only ought to be, but will be, when our lives are "hid with Christ in God." That is the great requisite, and until that consummation is reached our suffering must needs continue to warn us that "out of harmony" means "out of health.

Worry, for example, disturbs all the other and will not live in the same You cannot have both, and

The Christ had a daily life full of impediments to spiritual growth. He son, the great Gladstone, was born endured hardships, neglect, disloyalty and suspicion. But his mind was with God. He lived in the upper world, in communion with the hosts of heaven, and all such trials were trivial and petty. They could not conquer him as they conquer us, for his heart was right, while ours is wrong. He did God's will and found therein a divine satisfaction, while we insist on having our own way and so make

ourselves miserable. The ills of life are doubly burdensome when we brood over them. The joys of life are blurred by the shadow of anxiety which we throw upon them. If we could be made to believe that God knows how to rule the universe, and would quietly live from day to day, refusing to suffer from the sor-rows we anticipate, many of which never arrive, and nearly all of which we exaggerate, our pulses would beat more regularly, the clouds would have a silver lining and the sunshine would be more genial. We make things harder to bear by dwelling on their hardness.

I do not say there are no sorrows no sighs or tears, but I do say there is a God. I know we are sometimes worn and weary, but a common sense religion puts all the cheerfulness into life it will hold, and the heart that trusts is better fitted to do good work than the heart that doubts. Struggle is robbed of its sting when we have the companionship of angels and know that unseen hands are lifting us over the rough places.

There is nothing under the stars so helpful, so encouraging, so health ul, as a religion which tells us that we are in the Father's keeping and that we are traveling a rough road toward an eternal home.

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

A Sleepwalking Feat.

[Denver Republican.]

William Newton Ireland, who with his mother is visiting his uncle, William Ireland, treasurer of the Broadway Theater, at No. 1,651 Humboldt street, was not kidnapped on Saturday night. The boy returned to his home early yesterday morning safe and sound and in no way injured by his thrilling experience. His mother spent an anxious night wondering where her son had disappeared, and the police were asked to look him up. The only one who was not worried was the young man himself, and he was sound asleep while every one else was worry-

William had been left in the house while his mother and her friends vis-ited the Elks' fair. When they returned the boy was not to be found. Part of his clothing lay beside his bed. and it was evident that he was preparing to retire. The police were no-tified and the neighborhood was scoured for any trace of the missing boy,

CURES WEAK MEN! No D ALSO USED BY WOMEN AS WELL FOR RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK,



harmful. Electricity is essentially a natural treatment and can never injure. Don't drug your stomach, and don't use an ordinary electric belt when you can just as well have my latest invention, the 1901 model, Dr. Sanden Herculex Body Battery. You wear this appliance comfortably around your waist nights while asleep. Sent on free trial,

which means you do not pay one cent in advance or on deposit, not a penny until cured. HERCULEX sends a pleasant, soothing, strength-giving current through the system. Suspensory attachments for men. Cures weaknesses which result from youthful errors such as Nervousness, Impotency, Varicocele, etc. Other attachments for women as well as men in Lame Back, Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver, Stomach disorders, etc. If possible drop in at my office and see the HERCULEX, which is a great improvement upon the Dr. Sanden Electric Belt (used these 30 years). If at a distance, send symptoms by post. My little descriptive book, "Health in Nature," sent post free. Remember the offer, 60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL.

DR. A. K. SANDEN, 140 Yonge Street, corner Temperance St. (Entrance on Temperance St.), Toronto, Ont. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 6 P.M. Saturday evenings until 9.

ONE DE RECORDE DE SECUE DE SE

him too suddenly, had him taken to a bed and let him sleep undisturbed. William was only partly dressed, and it was evident that he had started on a somnambulistic trip of exploration. When the boy returned home yesterday morning he was unable to give any account of his strange adventures, as he remembered nothing until he awoke in a strange bed and in a strange house. He was not frightened by his experience, but seemed to enjoy it. This is the first time that he has been known to walk in his sleep.

COLONIAL RESOURCES OF GREAT BRITAIN

The Development of Canada Would Mean Much to England.

The resources of Great Britain's colonies are her future strength, says William T. Allison, in Cassier's Magazine. In the resources of Canada alone the British Empire possesses a guarantee of a continuance of commercial

greatness. In all discussions on the present in dustrial crisis the importance of the colonies as a basis of supplies and as future fields of vast industries has hardly been touched upon. It is the duty of a Canadian writer to call attention to the inestimable natural riches of the great Canadian Domin-One reason why the Canadians have been so enthusiastic in favor of imperial federation is because they realize that the hope of the British Empire lies in the development of the colonies.

It is to be regretted that the peo ple of Great Britain and her public men have failed to awaken to the fact that a country as large, and in many respects as full of resources, as the United States is theirs to develop. If the Briton is densely ignorant re specting the resources of Canada and other of the colonies, the American is not; he is casting covetous eyes upon the vast country to the north of him, and already some of the most impor tant industrial enterprises in the velopment of the natural wealth of Canada are due to Yankee "push" and alertness. It is most humiliating to every Canadian that their country is being exploited by American capitalists, while British money lies idle at home or is being sent to the United States to build up the power of the commercial enemy. There is plenty of room in Canada for all efforts that can be put into operation by British capital during the present century, and the resources are simply illimit-

If the worst should come, and Great Britain should be destined to lose half her population, those who are forced to emigrate need not go outside the empire, for Canada's greatest needs are British capital and British people. At present the Dominion Government finds the greatest difficulty in inducing Britons to emigrate to Canada, due partly to the widespread illusion that the western colony is a land of snow and ice. When Great Britain begins to send gold and settlers, manufacturers and workmen to Canada, she will find a way out of her commercial crisis, and the truth will strike her that it is possible to build up a new industrial Britain in the west which will keep pace with American expansion of trade, and will establish more firmly than ever before the industrial power of the empire.

Crematory in Montreal.

A philanthropic idea, in connection with the building of a crematory in Montreal, may be a powerful aid in the movement to lessen ostentation in the disposal of the dead. The proposal is the endowment of the crematory with \$50,000, or an amount sufficient to enable the managers to make incinerations at a merely nominal price, say five dollars, or in deserving cases to dispense with the charge altogether. Sir William MacDonald is the originator of the idea. He probably does not expect to win to cremation the French Canadians, because their church does not sanction this method French of disposing of the dead, but he may depend upon the force of example to lessen the extravagance in death ceremonials to which these people are prone. Fashion is powerful, but does not govern the emotions, and Sir William may discover that in Canada, as in the United States, it is only the well-to-do people who accept the idea of simplicity in funerals. In Cleveland the service of a funeral car on the street railroads can be had from the house to the cemetery and return at a cost of \$10, but only persons of means use the car, the poorer people preferring the more ostentatious and expensive hearse and carriages.

Humors

In the meantime young Ireland was sound asleep in the house of Dr. J. N. Thomas, who lives across the street from the Ireland home. The doctor had gone to the door earlier in the evening and had found the boy on the doorstep, sound asleep. He did not know the boy, and, fearing to waken

Damp-resisting.

Sole leather is cellular, and carries street fluid to the foot, as the wick carries oil to a lamp.

Two-thirds of street moisture, which reaches the foot, comes up through the outsole, in ordinary shoes.

Between insole and outsole is placed the Resilia Centresole of pure rubber, through which moisture cannot pass, making it damp-proof, and water-proof.

Its cross channels permit the air to dry the inner side of both outsole and insole, thus preventing cracking, hardening, mouldiness.

Goodyear Welted-\$5.00 grade.

"The Slater Shoe"

The SLATER SHOE STORE

J. H. Brownlee, Manager, - 146 Dundas Street.



on your house is like a stitch in time, it preserves and beautifies, keeps the house clean and neat, keeps it from decay, makes it worth more. Use good paint, paint made with the best

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are the oldest and best known paints in Canada. Would you like a beautiful booklet showing how some lovely homes are painted, telling you all about E paint and how to put it on? Drop a card and ask for booklet "B" free. Est. 1842

A. RAMSAY & SON Paint Makers.



Masks for Firemen.

[Washington Star.]

The district commissioners, upon the recommendation of Chief Engineer Robert W. Dutton, of the fire department, have ordered the purchase of twelve Miller fire masks for the use of the local department. The masks are designed for use when firemen find it necessary to penetrate a room or building filled with dense smoke. The masks will be distributed among the several companies and used only by those to be sent into hazardous places The masks are easily slipped on and off, it is stated, the method of putting them on being similar to that of the ordinary baseball mask.

The Miller masks, which are in use in the fire departments of New York, Boston, Baltimore, Buffalo and other large cities, have been tested recently in this city by the members of truck A and engine company No. 14. It is reported that in a smoke-filled room, where one could hardly withstand suffocation half a minute, the district firemen wearing the mask were enabled to remain ten minutes without the slightest discomfort. The mask is mainly of rubber, and fits closely over the entire face and ears. eyes peer out through isinglass, while the fireman breathes through a wet

sponge placed before the mouth. The bad air is exhaled through valve outlets near the ears. The masks, it is believed will prove invaluable for use by firemen investigating the seat of a blaze in dark cellars filled with smoke, and in the rescue of persons threatened by suffocation. There are many other services for which the masks will be, it is believed, of great benefit to the men of the department.

WITH BIRTHDAY ROSES. Each rose a year,
Each leaf a joy,
For thee, dear heart,
Without alloy!

Each day of life, Each golden hour, Bring forth for thee Some happy flower!

Each darling dream,
Each hope of thine
Be realized
Sweetheart of mine!

When thy pure soul Seeks last repose, God grant thee death As dies the rose!

AN ART NOTE. Browne-Mrs. Schaipley is ridiculously vain about her small foot,

Mrs. Malaprop—Yes; I hear she's so isn't she? proud about it that she's went and had a plaster bust made of it.—Philadelphia Press.

facts presented in Current History's monthly digest of the leading events, movements and questions of the day, this useful magazine now puts its readers in full touch with the co-ordinate field of opinion and discussion. In the May number it began the publication of a monthly index to periodical literature, in which the reader who desires a fuller discussion or information of any topic he may be reading or studying, can in a moment find exactly where to turn for the additional data sought. Valuable as Current History has proven itself during the past tep years, its utility as a comprehensive and convenient record of the world's progress is vastly enhanced by the addition of this new department. No preceding issue has surpassed the May number in variety of interest and illustration. The most prominent topics are "The Chinese Puzzle," "Anglophobia," "Boer Peace Negotiations," "British Army and Tariff 'Reform," "Decline of Oriental Trade," "Problems of Greater Amer-1ca," "Anthracite Coal Crisis." "Venezuela Asphalt Dispute," "Canadian Political Issues," "Religions of the World." The number contains 34 portraits, maps, and other illustrations. Published by the Current History Company, Boston.

Mr. J. A. Hobson's plea for social-1sm in "The Social Problem, Life and Work," which James Pott & Co. import from James Nisbet & Co., London, is not without general literary interest. The extreme specialization of industry, he holds, leaves the edu-

A Divine Destiny.

The pain we have to suffer seems so

Set side by side with this life's narrow

We need no greater evidence that God

He would not deem it worth His while

Such crushing sorrows as pursue us

Unless beyond this fleeting journey's end

So small this world! So vast its agonies!

Between the spirit and its frame of

So when my soul writhes with some

My Reason lends new courage to Belief,

Spring.

Well dost thou thy power display!

For Winter maketh the light heart sad,

He sees thee, and calls to his gloomy

The sleet and the snow and the wind and

And they shrink away, and they fiee in

Winter giveth the fields and the trees,

And the rain, it raineth so fast and cold,

We must cover over the embers low;

And, snugly housed from the wind and

Mope like birds that are changing feather.

But the storm retires, and the sky grows

Winter maketh the sun in the gloomy sky

But, heaven be praised! thy step is nigh,

And the earth looks bright, and Winter

Who has toiled for naught both late and

Is banished afar by the new-born year,

A Man of Means.

God's richest gift, earth's rarest blessing-

Some friends, a conscience lightly laden.

A Swinging Song.

All through the meadows to wend away;

To watch the brooks glide fast or slow,

And the little fish twinkle down below;

To hear the lark in the blue sky sing,

Oh, sure enough, 'tis a merry thing-

Of caves and castles so dim and old-

And then to laugh, and then to sing,

Down with the hoop upon the green;

Down with the ringing tambourine;

Little heed we for this or for that;

King!"

light-

away;

King!

swing!

Off with the bonnet, off with the hat!

Away we go like birds on the wing!

This is the way we swing-we swing!

Scarcely the bough bends, Claude is se

Mount up behind him-there, that is right!

Down bends the branch now!-swing him

Oh, what a joy it is! Now let us sing

"A pear for the Queen-an apple for the

And shake the old tree as we swing-we

Higher yet-higher yet-higher, I say!

Higher yet! higher yet! "Now for the

The dismallest tales that ever were told;

You may take my word is a merry thing-

But 'tis merrier far to swing-to swing!

Merry it is on a winter's night,

To listen to tales of elf and sprite,

But 'tis merrier far to swing-to swing!

-Translated by Longfellow.

When thy merry step draws near.

I am a man of means, possessing

Content to call but little mine,

Merry it is on a summer's day,

Wrap him round with a mantle of cloud,

Thou tearest away the mournful shroud,

When thy merry step draws near.

Their beards of icicles and snow;

When thy merry step draws near.

And thou, thou makest the sad heart

Gentle Spring! in sunshine clad.

And all God's hidden purposes seem

-Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

And my heart-strings tremble at the

A future life is needed to adjust These ill proportioned, wide discrepancies

Our chastened spirits found another

Has some diviner destiny for man.

broad,

to send

dust.

strain

plain.

gay.

train.

the rain;

clear.

surly,

early,

aching grief,

WITH THE POETS.

In addition to the concise record of | cated classes singularly ignorant of those common things of life which are the basis of vital literature:

With how loose and impotent a grasp most of the common words of a language relating to material objects and physical actions are held by the minds of people educated too exclusively on books and talk is never adequately recognized. People who are not ob-liged to "do things for themselves" remain through life quite ignorant of many of the common properties and functions of material objects around them, and in particular of the physical capacities of the human body. In other words, they know the material world directly and essentially only as it affects them as "consumers;" something "about" the working side of common life they will learn from books or unsystematic observation, but the facts are not branded by ade quate personal experience upon their minds, and the words relating to these facts are poorly realized. People, edu-cated in the literary sense, often conceal the defective realization of the words they use, even from themselves; but the defect is there. As most people bred in towns remain through life with a most shadowy grasp of the meaning of the commonest words relating to country life, which they habitually use, so people with no di-rect experience with manual work have no vital or real understanding of a large proportion of their language. The peasant or the mechanic, with a far smaller vocabulary, has an in-comparably more powerful grasp of his words. Until we understand the difference between a strong and a weak grasp of words and the indispensable conditions of the former, we shall remain the dupes of literary charlatans. In the nature of things no great body of literature, no great body of poetry, "simple, sensuous, and impassioned," can arise from a leis-ured class severed from direct contact with the working life of the commun

A Song of Drifting.

Let us sing the time when the world was

Let us sing and say:

We have had our day-

If the night be winter, the morn was May.

As we drift away from the gloom and

Twill be sweet to dream that the world

Though the skies be gray,

-Frank L. Stanton.

We have had our day-

If the night be winter, the morn was May.

The Awakening Earth.

When lengthening days and brighter

And babbling stream, are seen and heard,

For fields and woodlands are our goal-

Rest and refreshment for the soul.

And nature's varied harmonies

We close the volume of the book.

Of budding leaf and song of hi

To find in many a sylvan nook

Yet not forgetful of the page,

Of bard inspired and lettered sage;

That nature's volume ope's before

To willing hearts that toil and spin

While studious still to learn the lore

Our raptured eyes. Thus drinking in

From nature and from books the best,

The circling hours are three times blest

Man Proposes-So Does Woman.

The twentieth century will have the

When you your love can freely proffer

greatest number of leap years that a cen-

Oh, sigh no more, neglected maid

Who never had a single offer,

The time is coming-so 'tis said-

No lingering day by day in doubt,

Trying to fathom his intentions;

No long-drawn-sigh, no angry pout,

Oh, deem not your entrancing smile

A thing of nature lost for ever,

A single man, or your endeavor

To coax from man a word of praise

In that it never did beguile

ways,

grace,

fears,

Because he never marriage mentions.

Drown all your dread and deep fears

In the coming stream of leap years.

On your profound attainments mental,

Or grieve that false he thought your

In the coming sea of leap years.

And took from youth some winning

Time stole the fortune from your face

Spinster, calm your dread and deep

As year on year rolled o'er your head

You quite despaired of being wed,

How was your heart beset by fears

When man came not-but only years,

You positively thought you'd dye.

In the many coming leap years.

The secret of your years you thought

Too hallow for a human breast.

You followed every manly sport,

Skeleton you thought yourself,

species of unmarried Hubbard

Reposing quietly on the shelf.

Unwed!-that awful, grisly cupboard

Maiden, up! your harvest reap. Here's

Success to you in coming leap years.

To Sixteen.

Who could believe, my little queen,

So many years were thine-sixteen!

That sifting on thy head their gold

So many moons had o'er thee rolled!

And more appalling than thine age,

So saidst thou, and with smiles, not tears,

Years that diplomas might have earned.

To love as yet thou hast not learned.

And in less time have eyes less blue

In half the years that thou hast told

And not half trying. I've grown old, If learned thou hast not, I, as true, Have not forgot what once I knew, Let me then straight thy teacher besince I can nothing learn of thee!

Charles Henry Web!

What, sixteen years! Were it a week!

But in less time have girls learned Greek;

Won hearts, yes, worlds-and lost them,

Is that in all this waste of years-

But stranger still to me, a sage,

In bifurcated glory drest.

When silver hairs you first did spy,

Perish all your maidhood's deep fears

As also your arrangements dental.

tury can have .- Echo.

-Thomas Newbigging.

As we drift away to a dreary night,

bright!

was bright!

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

Rich Gifts Wax Poor. [Hamlet.]

wax poor when givers prove unkind

Diligent in Business.

[Proverbs of Solomon! Seest thou a man diligent in his business? He shall stand before kings; he shall not stand before mean men.

Good Spring Motto.

A good spring motto for Jewish housewives, from Hauptman: "Open the windows and let light and God come in."

Exhilarating to No Creature.

[Carlyle.] To sit as a passive bucket and be pumped into, whether you consent or not, can, in the long run, be exhilarating to no creature.

Pale Compliment.

[New Pork World.] A Baltimore minister says he is as good a man when he comes out of a saloon as when he went in. This is but a pale compliment to the stuff sold

Moving Time.

[Chicago Tribune.] Sunday School Teacher-When did the Israelites move out from the land of the Egyptians? Johnny Phlattz-On the first day of May, ma'am.

What a Dodge.

[New York Journal.] The whole atmosphere of life is filled with slings and arrows that keep us dodging. But the first thing to dodge is that whisky bottle and that champagne bottle.

But the Poetry?

[Andrew Lang.]

Amona our poets perhaps only Tennyson, Byron and Shelly looked the part; I speak but of the dead; many young poets look the part, but one is not so sure about the poetry.

In Their Trunks. [Foliage Times.]

A teacher was explaining to a little girl how the trees developed their foliage in the springtime. "Ah, yes," said the little miss, "I understand; they keep their summer clothes in their

The Four Widows and 33 Orphans.

[New York Journal.] The estate of the late President George Q. Canon, of the Mormon Church, is to be divided equally among his four mourning widows and his 33 orphaned children. Mr. Cannon played no favorites.

The Tables Turned.

[Ohio State Journal.] Mrs. Meek-" Bridget, I am greatly grieved because you will not work for me longer; why are you going?" Bridget—"Well, you wint an' got a hat loike moine, an' faith, I won't stand it at all at all."

Big Notepaper the Fashion.

ISt. James Gazette.1 Very large sheets are the latest fashion in paper, with enormous envelopes to match them-plenty of space being necessary if the modern damsel is to splash her soul upon paper. The latest thing in notepaper is about the size of sermon paper.

Nemesis of Speculation.

[Chicago American.] In the next place, it is a fact that money made in the way Mr. Phillips has made money is never an enduring fortune. It comes easily, it goes easily. The mere fact that these operations have no place in the world's demands and supplies, that they are not open to legitimate calculations and foresights, seems to attach to them a certain retri-

Complacency.

[Max O'Rell.] One day an Englishman, on a visit to Paris with his daughter, was constantly referring to the French, in whose country he was staying, as for-eigners, and his daughter gently remarked to him: "But, father, we are foreigners here, not the French." "We foreigners!" replied the worthy Brit-ish father, "not a bit of it. We are

A Serious Condition.

[Church Eclectic.] The steady and increasing diminution in the number of candidates for holy orders in the Church of England is a painful symptom. At the last Advent ordinations only 465 deacons and priests were ordained, as against 519 at the previous Advent. The serious-ness of this condition of affairs rises out of the fact that the population England is increasing at the rafe it is partments: said of 200,000 per annum. GENERA

A Pacific Bouquet.

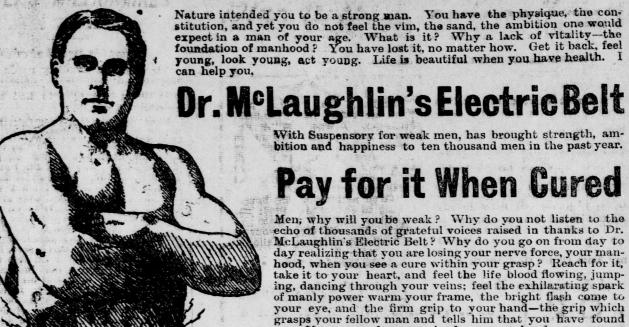
[Victoria Times.] Give ear also to the fact that Nova Scotia for nineteen years had a Liberal Government, and, like Ontario, which has been governed by the same party for over a quarter of a century, her financial condition is incomparable, the royalties on coal and the Do-minion subsidies paying almost the entire running expenses of the province and rendering any form of di-rect taxation unnecessary.

Keep Your Mouth Shut. [From the Chicago Daily News.]

"In cleaning house keep the mouth closed," is the admonition sent out by Chief Medical Inspector Spelding. Otherwise the streptococcus and the staphylococcus will have an excellen: chance to make trouble for you. The average man who shakes the carpets and rugs under the direction of his wife in the May cleaning keeps his mouth open and so gathers in many of the germs floating about which have been released troin their places in the

BEAFREEMA

Be a Man Among Men I Be Strong and Youthful ! Free Yourself From the Chains That Hold You Down!



"When I got your Belt I weighed only 158 lbs., and now in that short time I weigh 174 lbs. I see lots of other Electric Belts advertised, but I will stick to Dr. McLaughlin's." GEORGE A. WISE. Wilfrid, Ont., Jan. 22, 1901.

"I feel a different man entirely. I have been recommending your Belt to all my friends. Thanks be to your wonderful Belt for what it has done for me." James STAATS, Burtch, Ont., Feb. 15, 1901.

"I can say that your Electric Belt has done all you claimed it would do for me. I am feeling stronger and healthier than I have for the last three years." WILLIAM LEES. Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Feb. 11, 1901. "Dear Sir: I am gaining in flesh and health and would not be without your Belt." Chas. J. Lewis. Amprior, Ont., Jan. 28, 1901.

Dear Sir: I find your Electric Belt all that you claim it to be. I am well pleased with the results obtained, and will write you more fully again. Yours truly, H. M. DONALD. Descronto, Ont., Feb. 28, 1901. "Dear Sir: I feel better now than I have felt for seven ars." Yours truly, JOSHUA HICKS. Sudbury, Ont., Jan.

your Meeca-you have regained your manhood. Act to-day. Do not delay a matter which is the key to your future happiness; do not

allow a disease to destroy all possibility of future pleasure for you. Whatever your condition to-day, you will not improve as you grow older. Age calls for greater vital force, and the older you get the more pronounced and apparent will be your weakness; so cure it now—cure it while you are young. The time is ripe, While the vital spark is still warm it can be easily fanned to flame by Electricity, and Dr. young. McLaughlin's Electric Belt will make you strong if you try

WARRANTED NOT TO BURN OR BLISTER.

My appliances are warranted the strongest in the world. yet they give the current like a soothing, glowing warmth, flowing into the body without the stinging, burning sensation caused by old-style Belts. My special inventions—the cushion electrode and regulator—prevent this horror. My Belt is half-price to those having the old-style burning belts.

"My health is fairly restored, and I have been thankful for the help procured in using your Belt. Spinal disease is something awful, but your Belt has removed it. The Belt is very cheap when you consider that no doctor is necessary when it is used." Leo. ELLI. Berlin, Ont.. March 2, 1301.

FREE BOOK. I have published an 80-page book, beautifully illustrated and full of truths for men and women who are low in vitality, weak and declining. It is worth reading. If you have tried everything else and believe in nothing this book will convert you to the alter of truth. I send it, closely sealed, free. Ask for it. Call, if possible, and consult me personally:

DR. M. G., McLAUGHLIN, 130 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont. OFFICE HOURS-9 a.m. to 8.30 p.m.

causes very bad conditions to arise in the throat. A bicyclist will scorch along, head down, mouth open, and panting, and will gather in all the germs in his way between here and Englewood. Then he goes to the doctor the next day with a sore throat. Had he kept his mouth shut he would not have had the trouble. There are prob-ably 15 000 cases of this kind under medical treatment in Chicago.

People Read Advertisements. [Taunton News.]

Some advertisers still believe the fallacy that the public must be coaxed or tricked into reading business announcements. The truth is that when an advertisement is in itself interesting. it will never lack readers. Any advertisement is interesting which tells facts about wares that people want. The advertising columns of the newspape contain a history of the products and customs of the time.

The Senate. [St. John Globe.]

The view has been generally expressed that before the completion of the present parliamentary term the Liberals will have a majority in the Senate of Canada. It looks as if this will be accomplished long before the end of the term, for a number of senators are inclined to take an independent view of affairs, and it is not outside of the possibilities that at the next session the government will not meet with the effective opposition they have hitherto encountered.

Total-Abstinence Bishops. [Church Eclectic.]

With the appointment of the Bishop of Stepney as Bishop of London, the total of abstaining bishops in England is brought up to the number of four-

The diocesan bishops who are total abstainers are the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop-Designate of London, the Bishop of Durham, the Bishop of Rochester, the Bishop of Chichester, the Bishop of Carlisle, the Bishop of Newcastle, the Bishop of Llandaff, the Bishop of Lichfield, the Bishop of St. David's, the Bishop of St. Asaph, the Bishop of Hereford, the Bishop of Peterborough and the Bishop of Liverpool.

Advertising Maxims. [New York Journal.]

Advertising, according to Mr. Ogden, is to be divided into two distinct de-GENERAL ADVERTISING, and

SPECIAL ADVERTISING. You enter a community and appeal for support and for patronage.

First, you must contrive, in the shortest possible time, to let the greatest possible number of citizens know of your existence. That is GENERAL ADVERTISING. Once you are known, once your

name stands for something and calls attention to the goods that go with it, you must begin your SPECIAL AD-VERTISING.

The art of special advertising is to call particular and INTERESTED at-tention to the particular thing or class of goods that you mean to sell that

Teach the people to believe that your statements are accurate and temper-Then find out what they want, get

that thing for them, and through SPE-CIAL ADVERTISING, attract all of the people who want that special thing.

The Next Tim

You require a laxative, let us suggest that you try the famous Celery King.
You will find it pleasant, mild, palatable, effectual and non-griping. It thoroughly cleanses the system of all fabric. The result is a severe case of impuritive virtual any weakening efsore throat, for the staphylocorcus feet.

Sunshine in Life.

[Hearst's Chicago American.] With the approach of spring comes warm, God-given sunshine, and how

gladly young and old alike welcome its arrival. The voice of the robin and softly murmuring spring zephyrs appeal to all alike. We take on new life, and with the trees and meadows don our fresh apparel, going forth with lighter hearts, kindlier thoughts, more tender lives, and taking good cheer and While happiness in our train. would not miss this glorious outburst of nature with its smiles and balmy breezes, yet we are prone to depend too much on this outward mantle to clothe us with happiness, forgetting that happiness is within ourselves.

When we enter the school world, which should be a school of selfdenial and self-restraint, we sometimes, in fact, all too frequently, forget that we will reap just what we give to it—no more, no less. Someone has truthfully said: "Give truth and the same will be returned in kind, honor will honor meet, and a smile that is sweet will always find a smile that i just as sweet. Then give to the world the best that you have, and the best will come back to you." It don't cost any more to smile than to frown, and how much better returns we receive cannot be estimated. Aside from what we get of enjoyment out of it for ourselves, it is our duty to be agreeable and pleasant for the friends. We have all seen cases of people selfishly inflicting their sorrows on and loved ones, making not only themselves miserable and unhappy, but pervading the atmosphere of the family circle with their melancholy, morose thoughts and faces to the extent of all who come in contact with them suffer in the same degree. We have no right to punish our innocent loved ones in this manner. Let us cultivate sunshine in our hearts, and get rid of this pessimistic view of life. It is only an optical delusion, and we will get more out of life each day and hour we live if we change our glasses and join the ranks of the optimists. We see in life what we bring with us the power to see, or we see in others "our own mirrored selves." We don't

friends. Sunshine and shadows are synonyms with optimism and pessimism. much more delightful and pleasing to bask in the sunshine of kindness, helnfulness, charity and love than to sit in the shadow of life's gloom. Life is so filled with opportunities to do good we should have no time to waste in thinking sad thoughts or conjuring up gloomy forebodings. We have so many good books that are elevating and refining; so many intelligent people who are entertaining and interesting; so many beautiful songs that are in spiring, that life is not long enough to enjoy them all. Let us sow sunshine and reap gratitude and love.

want to be misjudged, therefore we will look only for the best to come to us,

and for the best qualities in our

AFTER THE RAILWAY ACCIDENT "Poor fellow, you have had both legs "Nothing of the sort, my dear sir.

I am a Christian Scientist and know that my legs are all right."
"Then why don't you get up and walk?

"Because I am influenced by the prevailing impression, and because I have inherited the weakness of believing that persons loose their legs in railway accidents. After a little time we will outgrow these erroneous impressions.

FREE

Children have cheeks like roses

NEAVE'S FOOD



14 Beatrice Avenue, Plymouth April 23rd, 1898.

To Messrs. J. R. NEAVE & Co. Gentlemen,—I send you my little boy's photo as evidence of the manner he has improved since taking your Food. Up to about four months old he made no headway whatever, notwithstanding the care and attention bestowed on him. My wife then decided to try your Food, and from that moment improvement began, and now he is as hale and strong a child for his age (13 months) as you cou find in a day's march.

I am, Gentlemen, yours faithfully, (Signed) H. EVANS.

"An excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of infants and young persons.' Sir CHAS. A. CAMERON, C.B., M.D. Ex-President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland.

Russian Imperial Nursery GOLD MEDAL awarded WOMAN'S EXHIBITION, Lendon, 1900.

USED IN THE

Manufacturers: -JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO., Fordingbridge, England.

Wholesale Agents :- I,YMAN BROS. & Co., Ltd Toronto and Montreal.

CALVERT'S 20 per cent. CARBOLIC SOAP

The strongest Carbolic Toilet Soap. F. C. CALVERT & Ce., Manchester, Eng.

THE RUSSELL

Palace Hotel of Canada. Fitted up in the most modern style Contains accommodation for over 400 guests. Passenger and baggage elevat guests. Passenger and baggage elevators. Commands a splendid view of the City. Parliament Grounds. Park, River and Canal. Visitors to the capital haveing business with the government find it more convenient to stop at The Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. Entire hotel supplied with fire escapes. Electric cars to all points of city. Trains pass hotel door.

F. X. ST.JACQUES. Prop.



Cures and prevents Insect and Mosquito bites. ******* ...OTTAWA...

dear faces-

ly places:

AROUND THE LAMP.

God does not send us strange flowers | ours, and what I call my character toevery year;

When the south wind blows o'er the sunny places, The same dear things lift up the same

The violet is here. So after death-winter it will be; 3od will not set strange signs in heaven-

The old love will look out from the old faces,

Veilchen! I shall have thee!

Influence of Personality.

Had a bullet entered the brain of Cromwell or of William III. in his first battle, or had Gustavus not fallen at Lutzen, the course of history apparently would have been changed. The course even of science would have been changed if there had not been Newton or a Darwin. The personality of Napoleon was a tremendous factor, and, indeed, is so still-since all this minitarism is to a great extent his work; and who could have predicted its introduction through the annexation of Corsica by France?—"Amony my Books," by Goldwin Smith.

A Disappearing Town.

[Scientific American.] From Norwich, the center of the salt industry of Great Britain, 1,200,- much to minimize the sinfulness of sin; 600 tons of salt are shipped annually. nothing has so helped to popularize When the industry was started it was the new commandment which makes considered that only one stratum of the sum of an offense to consist in besalt existed, and that was only a few ing 'found out'; nothing has so misled the minds of men from the true sense feet below the surface. Fresh water of the inherent awfulness of sin, as the found its way to this extensive salt definition of it in our catechism. deposit, with the result that the salt the real offense of sin, its vital transdissolved like snow. A huge subter- gression, is not against law, but vioranean lake of water, charged with 26 per cent of salt, was thus formed. true penitence by rousing up his love. Pumping engines were then installed Conviction of sin is not a sense of vioto convey this brine to the surface to lated law, but of violated love. There, large evaporating pans, in which a in the souls of men, lies a desolated heavy deposit of salt was left after heaven or desert garden. If you can the water had evaporated.

The result of this extensive pumping is that Norwich now rests, as were, upon a shell of earth, which at times proves insufficient to support the weight of the houses, with the inevitable consequence that the buildings are constantly sliding and

collapsing in every direction. There is scarcely a perpendicular wall to be seen; in numerous cases the doors and window frames of the houses are awry: the roads are extremely uneven, and are often closed, owing to the falling in of portions. Houses are being continually con-demned as unsafe for human habitation and demolished. The deprecia-tion of public property is enormous. No matter how substantially a house may be built, or how great the care observed to obviate subsidence, the building is bound to sink sooner or later. In one instance, a house that cost \$30,000 to erect was shortly afterwards sold for \$7,500, it had been so injured by subsiding. In some cases the sinking is very gradual, while in others it is unexpected and instantaneous.

Yawning chasms are constantly apstances the cavities are so extensive as to necessitate the closing of a thor-

occur covers about two square miles. so as to produce a permanent modifi-A few years ago the matter was cation of brain structure or action, othbrought before the attention of the British Parliament, and the result of their investigations showed that damage had been inflicted upon 892 buildings of which total 636 comprised houses and cottages. Some idea of the extent of the excavations in this area may be gathered from the fact that as a ton of salt represents one cubic yard, and 1,200,000 tons of salt produced every year, therefore 1,200,000 cubic yards of solid material underlying the town are removed an-

Notwithstanding the frequency of these subsidences, and that they are often unexpected, strange to say not a single life has been lost. Havoc has been wrought among cattle, however, several animals having been completely engulfed.

Keep on A-Fishin'.

Suppose the fish don't bite at fust,
What be yew going tur dew?
Chuck down yewr pole, throw out yewr
bait,

Latt,
And say yewr fishin's threw?
Uv course yew hain't, yewr going tur fish,
An' fish, an' fish, an' wait
Until yew've ketched yewr basket full,
An' used up all yewr bait.

Suppose success don't come at fust,
What be yew goin' tur dew?
Throw up the sponge and kick yewrself,
An' go tur feeling blew?
Uv course yew haint, yewr goin' tur fish,
An' bait, an' bait, an' bait again;
Bimeby success will bite yewr hook,
And yew will pull him in.
—Chatham Banner-News.

Getting Personal.

The favorite Scottish method of dealing with sleepers in church was publicly to denounce the delinquents.

The Christian Leader tells this story: When the Rev. Walter Dunlap, minister of the United Presbyterian Church in Dümfries, saw a member of his flock nodding while he was preaching, he stopped suddenly and

"I doot some o' ye hae taen ower mony whey porridge the day. Sit up,

or I'll name ye oot!" Another Caledonian preacher, like provocation, cried out: "Hold up your heads, my friends, and mind that neither saints nor sinners are sleeping

in the next world." Then, finding that this general exhortation was insufficient to deter a certain well-known member of church from getting his night's rest forward, the reverend gentleman turn-

ed toward the offender and said: "James Stewart, this is the second time I have stopped to waken ye. If I need to stop a third time, I'll expose ye by name to the whole congre-

gation

Practice Alone Makes Perfect.

It is certain that merely praying to be tender-hearted will do no more towards making a man tender-hearted than merely praying to be a fiddler will make him a fiddler. In every line of acquisition we gain by using what we already have. We learn to walk by walking; to paint by painting; to pray by praying; to be generous by giving; to be patient by bearing. It

day is the sum of the results wrought in me by all the things that I have ever felt, said, thought and done, the sum, that is to say, of all my moral habitudes .- Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst.

He Tarried Not.

He was a dilapidated specimen of a dusty tramp, and as he rapped at the door of the farmhouse he looked hungry enough to eat half a dozen dinners.

"Who are you, and what do you want?" asked the prim old lady who appeared at the door.

he replied pompously, "you see before you an exiled king of Hungary. I was hunting in yonder forest, and in some way became separated from my retainers, and also from my purse and gun. I am footsore, weary, and so hungry that I fain would bide with you to refresh my inner and outer man."

"We've nothing in the house fit for a king to eat," she replied; but tarry, I prithee, whilst I unchain my dog Tiger. He will escort your majesty with all due ceremony to the gate, and

But the king had fled.

The New Commandment.

"Nothing," says the New York Evangelist (Presbyterian), "has done so lence done to love. You reach a man's water it with love it will bloom. See these wastes in our own great south-west, wanting only water! Scourge that dry soil and you get only dust and defiance. Give it water, and it will bless you and feed thousands with abundance. Here comes an evangelist and loudly boasts that he will clean out the

church first as Christ cleaned the temple. It is a monstrous blasphemy and a base imposture. Who is he that preaches to the men of New York a gospel t at begins by accusing them of sins against each other that should set them each at his neighbor's throat? How dare men play this devil's game and call it religion! If that is a revival, then the hell in men only is revived. We are not set to rouse the devil in men, but to call heaven to life within them. The heaven will expel the devil. Preaching against sins is an appeal to the hell in men. Denunciations only increase and intensify the evil. Christ did not strive; he did not cru-sade the streets. He loved, he healed, he comforted, he made the dead to live.

A Good Memory.

Memory is found in all healthy states of the brain, and consists of a revival pearing in the streets, and in some in- in the mind of a past condition or act. It is not enough that the original impression be renewed on the brain and The area in which these subsidences comprehended; it must be registered, lights and the Sunderer of Comerwise it passes from the mind and can only be vaguely recalled. A good memory depends on various considerations; one is healthy brain structure, another is nutrition, and a third is training and culture. The younger re-member more easily than the old. Their brains are active, and there is an enormous amount of new, healthy blood coursing through them at a rapid rate, and nutrition is active. Fatigue is fatal to good memory—it is then that nutrition languishes; but rest restores a healthful condition, and then the power of memory comes back again. As old age comes on, nutrition is less perfect, and the cells of the brain in which memory takes place become filled with debris of decay, become yellow, and actually lose their organized structure, and are no longer capable of action.

The Land of Lots of Time.

Tasmania, the green little isle that is much like England in climate and other characteristics, is generally regarded as very quiet and rather behind the times, and is referred to as "the land of lots of time." "the land of sleep a lot," and so on, while the inhabitants are called "Tassies" and "iam eaters," the latter being an allusion to the great fruit production of the "tight little island." Tasmania lately added point to those satires by issuing a huge postage stamp series, "which," says one humorist, "takes one man to hold and another to lick."—Leisure Hour.

Common School Education.

Every boy and girl that is educated

should be able to: Write a good legible hand. Spell all the words in ordinary use. Know how to use these words. Speak and write good English. Add a column of figures rapidly. Make out an ordinary account.

Write an advertisement for a local Write a notice or report of a public

Write an ordinary promissory note. Reckon the interest or discount on it or days, months, and years. Draw an ordinary bank check.

Take it to the proper place in a bank to get it cashed. Tell the number of yards of carpet required for the parlor.

Tell the largest number of bushels of

wheat in the largest bin and the value at current rates.

Tell something about the laws of health and what to do in case of em-

Know how to behave in public and society.

Be able to give the great general principles of religion.

Have a fair knowledge of the Bible. Have some acquaintance with the three great kingdoms of nature. Have sufficient common sense to get along in the world.

A New Powder.

A few months ago science came to the aid of the burglars.

Dr. Goldschmidt, of Essen, Germany, happened to discover a powder which, on ignition, developed a heat of 3,000 degrees. He called it "thermit." is in that sense that it can be justly said that God can make innocence, but He cannot make character; just as He can make brains, but cannot make brains, but cannot make intelligence. Nothing is quite our still we have ourselves made it

few ounces of this powder burglars could, and did, in a short time burn holes through the outer and inner plates of safes, and manufacturers were in despair.

The secret of the powder leaked out, and one man, who had formerly been a chemist's assistant, made immense quantities of it for a maker of burglars' tools, who sold it to his customers. But science came to the rescue. "Antithermit" was invented, a substitute for the substances—ashes or infusorial earth—heretofore put between the outer and inner plates, to prevent heat from

penetrating to the interior.

Anti-thermit, a very costly material, is poured between the plates, where, before long, it becomes as hard as glass, and successfully resists thermit.

Getting the Most Out of Life.

There are many dirty roads in life; but, if you use your judgment, you will always be able to find a clean crossing .- Nasmith.

Most people seem to think that life is a great grab bag into which they should thrust their hands and take out as much as possible, without putting in anything. There could not be a in anything. There could not be a greater mistake, for we shall find that we get out of life just what we put into it. If we put in misspent hours, wasted opportunities, slipshod work, botched material, we shall be paid in kind. No matter what we give the world, it pays us back in our own coin. If we give it of our best-good, honest, faithful work, however humble it may be-we shall receive our just reward. But, if we try to grasp all the good things and give nothing in return, we will be compelled to swallow some very bitter potions. We shall find, when too late, that we have squeezed our orange dry, and that nothing but the rind is left—Success for May.

The Day's Literary Craze.

When the special craze has passed, we will notice another thing, and that is that the author, not being of the first rank or of the second, has generally contributed to the world all that he has to give in one book, and our time has been wasted on his other books; and also that in a special kind of writing in a given period-let us say, for example, the historico-romantic-we perceive that it all has a common character, is constructed on the same lines of adventure and with a prevailing type of hero and heroine, according to the pattern set by the first one or two stories of the which became popular, and we see its more or less mechanical construction, and how easily it degenerates into commercial book-making.

Now, while some of this writing has an individual flavor that makes it entertaining and profitable in this way, we may be excused from attempting to follow it all merely because it happens to be talked about for the moment, and generally talked about in a very undiscriminating manner. need not in any company be ashamed if we have not read it all, especially if we are ashamed that. considering the time at our disposal, we have not made the acquaintance of the great and small masterpieces of literature. It is said that the fashion of this world passeth away, and so does the mere fashion in literature, the fashion that does not follow the eternal law of beauty and symmetry. and contribute to the intellectual and spiritual part of man. Otherwise it is only a waiting in the material existence, like the lovers, in the words of the Arabian story-teller, "till there came to them the Destroyer of Depanies, he who layeth waste the paland peopleth the tombs."

Without special anxiety, then, keep pace with all the ephemeral in literature, lest we should miss for the moment something that is permanent, we can rest content in the vast accumulation of the tried and genuine that the ages have given us. Anything that really belongs to literature today we shall certainly find awaiting us tomorrow. The better part of the life of man is in and by the imagination. This is not generally believed, because it is not generally believed that the chief end of man is the accumulation of intellectual and spiritual material.

The Queen's Children.

When her children were in their short frock and knickerbocker days, the Queen made them write a little daily diary of their doings, which she passed upon nightly in the royal nursery. Often the youngsters were hard up for "copy," and used to appeal for help to members of the household. They repaid their helpers by giving them sketches made by themselves, which differed in no way from the dogs and horses and houses of the ordinary child. One of the household, now dead, preserved some 40 or 50 of these alleged drawings, and, not long since, an enterprising magazine made his widow a handsome offer for them. The Queen heard of this, and sent for

"Please do not dispose of them," her majesty said; "I cannot bear to think of things that have so many tender and sacred associations passing into

hands other than ours." It need hardly be added that the Queen's wishes were honored, and Lady H—, furthermore, gave the album which contained the nursery relics to the mother of the little artists. -Herbert M. Lome.

What Girls Should Be Taught. It may not suit the ambition of

youth to be told at the outset that an honorable and useful citizenship is the highest end attainable by the individual, and that most desirable to the society of which he or she is to form a part. The true lesson of life, however, is this and none other.

Every girl should be taught to look

upon herself as a member of a civilized Christian community, and, as such, bound to hold the interests of such a community dear and sacred. She should early learn that no woman lives to herself alone. As the natural guardian of the home she is bound to have in charge its dearest and most intimate sources of well-. If she marries, it should not be with a view only to the personal suiting of tastes and circumstances, but with an earnest desire to fulfill the duties and to deserve the dignities which belong to true matronhood. If she has children, she must train them from the start as servants of the state and as members of the church univer-sal. To the individual the great values of life unite in thought and affection. Each of these has its mean and its heroic side, and the facile sympathies of youth can be led in either di-

rection Having done our best to prepare the

the old-fashioned ways of 60 years length, it becomes a blurred note-book. since. But, according to my best He is purely happy because he knows judgment, I should say: Language no evil, nor hath made means by sin first, in order that thought, as it develops, may find its pure and appropriate expression. Fortunate do I account those who are born to the possession of the English tongue. session of the English tongue. Let when the smart of the rod is past, each endeaver above all things to smiles on its bearer. Nature and his speak it with clearness and precision. parents alike dandle him, and tice him

I doubt whether there exists another Occidental tongue in which so much may be expressed in words of one syllable. Half-educated people are apt to seek indirect modes of expression, of which a certain euphuism is the result. People with still smaller appreciation of language are anxious to adorn the minds of their children with a

post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

smattering of foreign languages. And so these children are torn from the bosom of their mother-country and carried into strange lands, in that they may forget the grand in-heritance of their native tongue, and become aliens to its true significance. Next, logic-not the technical dialectic of the Scotch and German schools, but a discipline which shall point out the true sequence of facts and ideas. This always with reference to real life, in which the greatest failures often come from an irrational

mode of reasoning.

History next, in order that the pupil may learn to reverence the past and be prepared to receive and value its

vast inheritance. Then, belles-lettres-the poets, dramatists, essayists, ancient, mediaeval, and modern, the grand fictions which embody the ideals of the noblest minds, pictures which enrich life, and shame

its mean and selfish side. Of the three great disciplines, mathematics, metaphysics, and linguistics, the choice should in some degree depend upon the mental endowment of the student. I should stipulate for as much knowledge of Greek and Latin as will explain the indebtedness of the English language to those tongues. For so much of metaphysics that a palpable fallacy shall not impose upon the pupil's mind. For so much of mathematics as will explain the processes of astronomical science-for as much more of any or all of these as the pupil may have the opportunity or desire to attain.

I should always advise a well-directed study of the Bible. The part which this book has borne in the social and religious progress of the race renders it an indispensable aid to the right understanding of religious history and doctrine. Few people of cul-ture today accept the book as the literal and sole word of God, but that it is foremost among the works of God, the Western nations will not deny,-Julia Ward Howe in the Boston Transcript.

Reflexion on Childhood.

In a child we behold a man in a small letter, yet the best copy of Adam before he tasted of the apple. He is

to be acquainted with misery. He arrives not at the mischief of being wise, nor endures evils to come by foreseeing them. He kisses and loves all; and on with a bait of sugar to a draught

Throughout Canada—throughout the world—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have brought health and happi

ness to thousands of women, who for weeks, months, years, had suffered in silence. But you must get the

genuine, with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on every package. If your dealer

does not keep these pills send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be sent

From Woman to Woman.

Women have been cured of

the diseases peculiar to their

sex after they had wasted to a

shadow; when doctors had

Said "We can do no more"

when hospitals and no more incurable, in Then been Then have wo.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

If they can cure a woman who has suffer.

ed for years as only a woman who has suffer won hafora von hafora wonth trouble

ed for years as only a woman can suffer, they before your trouble

Read the following story which a grateful

Woman sends to suffering story which is

Mrs. Joshus to Sunering Sisters:

And the solution of the solu

of wormwood; he plays yet, like a young 'printice of the first day, and is not come to his task of melancholy. All the language he speaks yet is tears, and they serve him well enough to express his necessity; his hardest labor is his tongue, as if he were loth to use so deceitful an organ; and he is best company with it when he can but prattle. We laugh at his foolish sports, but his game is our earnest, and his drums, rattles, and hobbyhorses but the emblems and mockings of men's business; his father hath writ him as his own little story, where-in he reads those days of his life that he cannot remember, and sighs to see what innocense he hath outlived. The older he grows, he is a stair lower from God; and, like his first father, much worse in his breeches. He is the Christian's example, and the old man's relapse; the one imitates his pureness, and the other falls into his simplicity Could he put off his body with his little coat, he had got eternity without a

Aphorisms.

burden, and exchanged but one heaven

Nations are the citizens of humanity, as individuals, are the citizens of the nation .- Mazzini.

Half the failures of life arise from pulling in one's horse as he is leaping.-J. C. Hare.

Whilst we are considering when we are to begin, it is often too late to act.—Quintilian.

Surmounted difficulties not only teach, but hearten us in our future struggles.-Sharpe. In prayer it is better to have a

heart without words than words without a heart.-Bunyan. The reason some men can't make

both ends meet is because they are too busily making one end drink. We cannot all be rich, yet we can

have a good name. We are told that "a good name is rather to be chosen When a man dies the world asks,

"What has he left behind?" but the angels ask, "What good deeds has he sent before him?"—Oriental Proverb. Man dwells apart, though not alone

He walks among his peers unread; The best of thoughts which he hath For lack of listeners are not said.

-Jean Ingelow.

There never was a day that did not bring its own opportunity for doing

good, that never could have been done before, and never can be again.—W. H. Burleigh.

When you have done a kindness, and your neighbor is the better for it, why need you be so foolish as to look any further, and gape for reputation and requital.-Marcus Aurelius.

He who, when goodness is impressively put before him, exhibits an instinctive loyalty to it, starts forward to take its side, trusts himself to itsuch a man has faith, and the root of the matter is in such a man .- Sir J. Seeley.

We smile at the ignorance of the savage who cuts down the tree in order to reach its fruits; but the fact is that a blunder of this description is made by every person who is over eager and impatient in the pursuit of pleasure.-Channing.

All great men have a curious under ense of powerlessness, feeling that the greatness is not in them, but through them, that they could not do or be anything else than God made them. And they see something divine and God-made in every other man they meet.-Ruskin.

'Tis weary watching wave by wave, And yet the tide heaves onward; We climb, like corals, grave by grave, That pave a pathway sunward; We are driven back for our next fray A newer strength to borrow, And where the vanguard camps today The rear shall rest tomorrow! -Gerald Massey.

THE INFANTILE IDEA. "Yes, dear, I voted for him, although he is a Democrat.' "Why, papa, how can such a nice candy man be a Democrat?"

FOR CHILDREN

Nothing, that comes in a bottle, is more important for children than Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

And "important" means that it keeps them in even health. Whenever they show the least disturbance of even balance of health, it promptly restores

It is to be used as a food, whenever their usual food does not quite answer the purpose of food.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Torente, Canada.

"But I will try to be patient," she thought, "she is a poor, triendless old lady, and I will not forsake her if I can possibly endure her eccentricities, and perhaps she may recover her good nature when she gets better of her cold."

Madame appeared to resent it because her remarks were ignored. Perhaps she was conscious of having belittled herself by her rudeness, and this irritated her atill more; or her lonely heart may have yearned for one really true friend, and she thought to prove Shirley's sincerity in this way.

she thought to prove Shirley's sincerity in this way.

"Perhaps you think I am a rich old woman, and you may get something out of me, if you flatter and cajole me. I don't have much faith in all this talk about serving people for love; I've been taken in too many times to believe that the world is overstocked with Good Samaritans nowadays."

Shirley felt that she could not bear much more of this kind of talk. Her nerves had already been severely tried by her own personal trouble regarding Clifton's fidelity; and now to be made to feel that madame, whom she had begun to believe had become very friendly towards her, was so unaccountably bitter against her, and so suspicious of her, made her ten-fold more heavy-hearted.

She paused in her work, and turned a

clous of her, inade her ten-fold more heavy-hearted.

She paused in her work, and turned a very pale, sad face towards her.

"Madame Marton, why do you say such hard things to me?" she questioned with forced composure, although her voice trembled with wounded feeling.
"Have I been remiss in any way? Have I appeared to be serving you merely for the sake of the pecuniary remuneratiton I receive? If so, you must indeed regard me as selfish and ungrateful after the many kindnesses you have shown me."

"Tut! tut!" interposed madame, shortly, but in a somewhat subdued tone.

You certainly have a very smooth tongue in your head; but soft words don't prove anything; they never will with me any more. Bring me a fan," she added, peremptorily, "and then go downstairs; I wish to be by myself for awhile."

Shirley brought the fan, but with a very sorrowful face, and then she retired to her own room, for she had no heart to mingle with the gay company below; moreover, she preferred to be near madame, to wait upon her if she needed anything.

"Humph! I'd like to prove that girl," madame muttered, as the door closed after Shirley, "and—I believe I'll try it; I'd like to find one really honest person in the world."

of the to find the world.

CHAPTER XXVII.

Madame Marton was not the only one who had charton was not not one of the had been.

Little Raymond Wallace had awaken all the charton was not not charton and the had been and remarked, when the nurse called him to the child and expressed the fear had remarked, when the had remarked when the afternoon to a noted opining about the afternoon to a noted opining about nime mikes distant.

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It was a perfect September day—one of those days when the air seems peculiarly clear and invigorating for the season, while the sky was wonderfully blue, with here and there beautiful silvergray clouds fitting across the azure surface, and seeming to be the only things. The hum of autumn insects by sound to be heard, and amed to intensify the unusual

silence in other respects.

But as the sun began to decline a delightful breeze was wafted from the river, and began to dispel the drowsiness which had so long held nature en-

A Fine Baby

Makes any mother proud. There are great many proud mothers whose chil-dren have been puny and sickly until they began the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-



which "makes weak womhas given them the strength to bear hearty, and healthy children for the first time.

tion. That

medicine

time.

"Six years ago after the birth of one of my children I was left in a weak run down condition." says Maria O. Haysel, writing from Brookland, D. C. My health seemed utterly gone. I suffered from nervousness, female weakness and rheumatism. Life was a burden. I dectored with three different physicians and got no relief. I tried several patent medicines, all with the same result. I began to get worse and to add to the complications I suffered terribly from constipation. I chanced to see one of your advertisements and I commenced to take Dr. Pierce's Faverite Prescription and 'Pleasant Pellets' and began to improve right away, and continued improving and gaining it strength. I cannot express the relief, it was so great. Seven mouths later my little daughter was born without much trouble. I feel that I would never have been able to endure my confinement only by the help due solely to Dr. Pierce's medicines, She was a fine healthy child and the only one I have ever been able to nurse. She is now two years old and I have never had to take any medicine since, so I fiel that your medicine has Dr. Pierce's Commen Sense Medical

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free in receipt of stamps to defray expense of customs and mailing only. Send it one-cent stamps for the book in paper binding, or 50 stamps for cloth. Address Dr. P. V.

thralled. The sky overhead still preserved its deep, lustrous blue, while in the west the silver-gray clouds were setting in quaint and fantastic groups and turning to palest amber, mingled with tawny orange and richest crimson, as they dropped lower and lewer toward the horizon.

The river gleamed like a lake of silver

tiling in quaint and fantastic groups and turning to palest amber, mingled with tawny orange and richest crimsen, as they dropped lower and lewer toward the horizon.

The river gleamed like a lake of silver, its burnished waves dancing merrily along as if eager to mingle with those of the mightier stream a little beyond.

Ivyhurst lay like a fair picture of peace and pienty along its green banks, while on the opposite shore, the rugged hills towered boldly and grandly aloft, making a most effective background for the lovely landscape at their base.

It was surely an ideal scene—an ideat sabbath afternoon.

The servants belonging to the place, their work all done, were lounging beneath the great beeches, which cast their tall shadows in the rear of the mansion and the stables, while they gossiped in a quiet way regarding the news of the day, the guests who were stopping at Ivyhurst, and their plans for the coming weak—the grand ball which was to occur on Tuesday evening appearing to especially interest them.

And yet, over this scene of peace and beauty there hovered a spirit of evil that was destined to nearly paralyze every heart with grief and terror.

At morn it had been like a tiny cloud, no bigger than a man's hand; at noon it was slowly gathering gloom and force; and now, just as the sun was going down amid the splendor of those gorgeous hues in the western sky, it was almost ready to burst and do its deadly work.

Lord Wallace read on hour after hour, until his eyes grew tired, and he became weary from sitting in one position so long. Then he threw down his book, and, lying back in his chair, looked thoughtfully out upon the river.

He had not sat thus many minutes, when he told himself that it was time that he went upstairs again to ascertain how Ray was doing.

At that very instant he caught the sound of flying feet on the stairs, then he was startled by the wild, frightened cry.

"Master! master! come! For heaven's sake, come!"

cry: "Master! master! come! For heaven's "Master! master! come! For heaven's sake, come!"
"Ray!" burst hoarsely from the man's lips, while his face suddenly paled to the hue of death, and great beads of perspiration started out upon his forehead. With one bound he was out in the hall and half-way upstairs before he was met by the terrified nurse who came to call him.

She was white and trembling, and wringing her hands as if in great dis-

wringing her nanus as it in state tress.

"What is it?" Neil Wallace demanded, in a stern, authoritative tone.

"Master Raymond! Oh, he is in a fit!" sobbed the frightened nurse, as she turned about and flew back toward the nursery, which was in the fhird story, while the anxious father followed close-

ly.
"I feared it," he muttered, catching his breath sharply. "It is that deadly

to the third floor, coming to his lordship's assistance just when he was most
in need of her.

The man regarded her with surprise
and relief, for he saw that she was perfectly calm, utterly devoid of self-consciousness, and intent only upon giving
the help he required.

Her sweet, calm presence, the sympathy of her look and tone, restered his
own self-possession, which for the moment had been shaken, and, bending all
his energies to the task before him, he
told her what he wished her to do.
Silently, steadily, intelligently, she proceeded to do his bidding, as for nearly
an hour they worked over the little sufferer, while Mina after a time recovered
her composure and waited upon them
with an eager heart and willing hand.

At first it appeared as if the child was
going to be relieved by the remedies
which his father administered, and the
man began to have hopes that he might
save his boy.

But a second violent spasm told him
that the improvement had been only
temporary, and that the disease was
steadily gaining upon him.

/[To be Continued.]

A Great Siberian River.

The Amour at Khabaroffsk, though we were more than 500 miles from its mouth, was fully a mile and a half wide, and flowed in a strong full current, which fact we realized for many a day thereafter, as we made our slow and tortuous way against it. The Amour is one of the few greatest rivers of the world. In length it is equalled by no river in Europe, and surpassed only by the Yang-tse-kiang and Yenisei in Asia, by the Nile and Congo in Africa, and by the Amazon and Mackenzie in America, though if we reckon the Mississippi and Missouri as one river, it is longer than any of them except the Nile. Its water is somewhat muddy at Vladvistok, but nothing like the consistency of the Mississippi at St. Louis. It cannot be said to be "both food and drink." As we ascend its swift current it constantly grows clearer, until a thousand miles farther up, it is about the color of white wine, and is sweet and whole-

of white wine, and is sweet and whole-some to the taste.

Its shores are still in their virgin greenery. For hundreds of miles at a time one sees not a cultivated field. though doubtless some such tilled land lies back from the river and out of sight. Great wood piles for the use of the frequent river steamers are the most common objects that show the hand of man, but even these are often in desperately lonely spots, so that one can scarcely believe that they were ever visited by human beings. And yet all this immense river basin of half million square miles is apparently fortile and habitable, and when we saw it it was glowing in rich and brilliant verdure. Surely the world is not yet overpeopled while such a lordly domain is waiting for the plow and the

PROVISIONS OF THE LAND GRANT BILL

Conditions Under Which Veterans Are Entitled to Grant.

Minerals and All Timber Save Pine the Property of the Settler-Exemption From Taxation.

For the information of the many veterans in London who are entitled under the recent act of the Ontario Legislature to land grants, The Advertiser publishes below the complete bill as it was passed:

1. The lieutenant-governor in council may from time to time designate by proclamation within two years after the passing of this act such lands as he may deem proper for the purpose hereinafter mentioned.

2. The lands so set apart shall be reserved for location by any of the foilowing classes of persons, viz.:

(a) Persons resident or domiciled in the Province of Ontario while see

the Province of Ontario who, while so resident or domiciled, were enrolled or enlisted in the Province of Ontario or elsewhere for active military service in the South African war, in the years 1899 and 1900.

(b) Persons who are the next of kin of any person so enrolled who may be

(c) Any person who was a resident of this province and who went from this province to South Africa to act as chaplain or nurse or Red Cross commissioner or as newspaper correspondent during the said war or any period

(d) Persons who were members of the volunteer militia of Canada in Ontario and were engaged in active service in the defence of the frontier of this prov-

ince in 1865, 1866 or 1870. (e) Persons who are the next of kin of persons who lost their lives during service in the defence of the frontier in 1866 or 1870, or who died within six months after the termination of such service as the result of wounds or ex-posure or illness contracted during such

(f) Persons resident in Ontario, who were members of the company known as the Chicago Volunteers and who came to Ontario in 1866 to serve in the defence of the province.

(g) Persons resident in Ontario who were engaged in the imperial service in defence of the frontier of this province

3. Any person claiming the location of lands under this act shall furnish evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of crown lands that he member of one of the classes of persons designated in section 2 and all claims for the location of lands under this act shall be filed with the commissioner of crown lands before the 1st

day of January, 1903.
4. Notwithstanding that an applicant comes within more than one of the classes of persons mentioned in section 2 of this act he shall not be entitled to be located for more than 160 acres of land. Not more than one such certificate of location for 160 acres shall be issued to the next of kin of any deceased person, as mentioned in clauses b and e of the said section.

5. Upon furnishing the necessary vidence as aforesaid the applicant shall be entitled to be located for 160 acres of land in the territory so set apart by proclamation and the commissioner of crown lands shall issue a certificate to the person so located, which certificate shall describe the lands located and shall declare that the same are located under and subject to the provisions of this act.

6. Lands located under this act shall be exempt from all settlement duties and provincial and municipal taxes (except for school purposes) for a per-iod of ten years from the date of such location, provided that such lands are held by the original locatee, or his heirs, executors or administrators, but upon the transfer of such land to any other person such exemption shall cease and such land become subject to any act or regulations then in force respecting settlement duties and provincial and municipal taxes, in the same manner as if the said land had been located and sold at the date of the said transfer under the provisions of the public lands act and the regulations made thereunder.

7. Any person located under this act or the heirs, executors or administra-tors of any such person shall be entitled, upon furnishing evidence of the performance of settlement duties precribed by the regulations of the crown lands department, to have a patent issued to him or them for lands so locat-

8. For the promotion of settlement of the lands set apart by proclamation as aforesaid, not more than one location under this act shall be allowed to the square mile within the territories so set

apart.

9. Every location or grant of land under this act shall be subject to the reservation of pine timber, and, as to such pine timber, shall also be subject to the provisions of the act respecting timber or public lands, and amendments thereto, and to every license and permit issued and regulations made permit issued and regulations made under the said act, or amendments thereto, in the same manner and to the same extent as other public lands located and sold under the public lands lo-act and the regulations of the crown lands department.

10. Lands located or patented under 10. Lands located or patented under this act shall not be subject to any writ or order of attachment of execution heretofore or hereafter issued in any action or other proceeding against any person entitled to be located under this act nor shall the proceeds of any sale act, nor shall the proceeds of any sale or assignment of such lands or of the rights of any such person therein, be subject to any writ by order of attachment or execution or garnishee sum-

Asthma.

You've tried almost everything for it, haven't you? And we presume you are about discouraged. Now what do you think of our idea of breathing-in the medicine, bringing it right up to the diseased part? It looks reasonable, doesn't it? And

it's successful, too. When you inhale Vapo-Cresolene yeur breathing becomes easy, the wheezing ceases, and you drop to sleep. For croup and whoopingcough it's a quick cure.

Vape-Cresciene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaperiser and Lamp, which should last edificience, and a bottle of Cresciene complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresciene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vape-Cresciene Co., 25e Fulton St., New York, U.S.L.

mons issued in respect of any debt heretofore or hereafter contracted by any

such person.

11. Section 15 of the public lands act shall not apply to lands granted under this act, but a very a storesaid lands located or granted under this act, but a very mining lease or mining license issued thereunder prior to the location of such lands were prior to the location of such lands were such as the location of such lands were prior to the location of such lands were such as the location of such lands and such as the location of such lands are such lands are such as the location of such lands are such lan prior to the location of such lands un-

ITALY'S MILLIONAIRES

The Pope, With Two Milliards of Lire, Said to Be the Richest of Them All.

The Italian Government has decided to bring in a bill imposing inheritance taxes, and to that end has just finished making inquiries as to the distribution of wealth in the kingdom. The statistics thus obtained are interesting and

instructive.

In Sicily, which was generally supposed to have been ruined by brigand-age and occasional failures of crops, there are more rich persons compared with the total population than in any other part of Italy. Fourteen families in that beautiful island have fortunes aggregating 250,000,00 of lire. Commander Florio takes an easy first place in list with 100,000,000.

In Rome there are 44 persons with fortunes exceeding 1,000,000 lire. Of these fortunate individuals the richest these fortunate individuals the richest are Prince Torionia, whose wealth is 200,000,000 of lire; Prince Odescalchi, 80,000,000; the Duke of Caetani, 60,000,000, and Count Caprerar, 50,000,000.

In Milan there are no fewer than 150 lire-millionaires, in Genoa 45 in Turin 62, and in Padua 38.

In the Chamber of Deputies there are 38 millionaires, and in the senate 116. The richest deputy is Signor Quintieri.

The richest deputy is Signor Quintieri, with about 200,000,000. Count Papadopoli has a fertune of 50,000,000, Prince di Trable 30,000,000, and the ex-premier, Marquis di Rudini, 15,000,000.

Many of the cardinals are very rich. Cardinal Cassetta, for instance, owns more than 100 big palaces and other buildings, new and old, in Rome, and is worth at least 30,000,000 of lire. Cardinal Casali del Drago has a fortune of

Translated into dollars, these Italian fortunes are from an American stand-point reduced to one-fifth. But taking into consideration the cost of living in the United States and Italy, the lire may be reckoned to be equal to three times its quoted exchange value.

The newspaper Italie estimates the The newspaper Italie estimates the wealth of the pope at two milliards of lire, and his personal income at 12,000,000 a year. These figures are probably not very wide of the mark. The pope's various jubilees have brought him gifts from the faithful all over the world of the estimated aggregated value of 150,000,000 of lire. His holiness has from 000,000 of lire. His holiness has from time to time invested his surplus in-come in United States Government bonds, and his present holding is estimated at 30,000,000 of lire. The cash reserves of the holy see are estimated at 250,000,000 of lire invested for the most part in American, British, Italian, Belgian and French Government securities. The interest on all this capital has for the past 23 years been securities. ital has for the past 23 years been ac cumulated and invested in various directions with the result that the holy se was never in a more satisfactory financial position than it is today.

Poster Poetry.

tity, the Homeric muse a stranger to unfamiliar as icicles at the equator, but, nevertheless, the multitudes has its poets and it may read, nay, absorb, their writings, without cost and without favor. The advancement that has been made in the perpetuating art of printing and its allied art of advertising is nowhere more ably illustrated than in the poster poetry which decorates the walls of the city and the fragmentary verse which smiles down at one from the sides of the street cars.

To be sure, not all of the rhyming advertsements to buyers have the matchless swing of Poe's productions, but there are such as are without the saving grace of the taking meter as-sociated with the Omar Khayyam school. At the same time there are some germs that have a style all their own, and the person who fails to be entertained by a trip affect on on entertained by a trip afoot or on train through the city is indeed hard to please. As an example of one of the most agreeable fancies of this sort of advertising may be mentioned the following quatrain:

The man in the moon is jolly and gay, As he winks at each twinkling star; And the milky way is the smoke, they

say, From his very best cigar.

Terse and forceful-are the announce-ments of another wide-awake merch-ant, this time in the business of catering to the inner man and woman He wastes no time in flights of fancy, rounded periods or mystifying metaphors. He simply hangs out this sign, and prepares to fill the resulting

> Eatables and drinkables. Quality defendable; Prices recommendable

The merry milkman also comes to the front. His meter may be in need of expert attention, but his meaning is clear as the sky when the sun shows his face. This is the legend:

Ten thousand cows are required to supply the milk for the Blank-dash Brand; There is no finer quality produced in this or any other land.

But the star of the collection

If your hat is as good as McTabb's it costs more. It way be argued that this last isn't straight poetry. It isn't. It is more. It is a prose poem.—New York Ex-

Marriage Not a Failure.

Pastor Meese, of Auburn, Ind., has sent to the New York World a remarkable testimony to the success of marriage under favorable conditions.

Mr. Meese holds the wedding record
among the clergy of Indiana. He has married 1,500 couples, not one of whom, he declares, has applied for divorce. The reason why Pastor Meese's 1,500 happy pairs" have remained happy in the matrimonial harness, as stated by him, are interesting. He has spent all his life, he says in the one community in which his remarkable marrying record has been made, and he describes them as being of "the great middle class of people just elevated above poverty and below annoting wealth." which, according to Schomon, is the happlest of all human estates. Mr. Meese says his marriages have been more than mere cere-monials, because he has kept in touch with all the people he has united and It is a mistake to offer your friends inferior ten when you can just as easily give them Blue Ribbon Ceylon Green



"Straight Front."

Low bust, long waist, cut away hips - that is fashion's latest corset decree.

The "N.C. TAILOR-KUT" corset with the straight front is a genuine straight front

It gives a graceful curve to the back and hips; it supports,

but does not press the abdomen. Correct See that it is branded: § N.C. in every line. Two qualities, \$1.00, \$1.25.

FTAILOR-KUT

National Corset Mfg. Co., Quebec and Toronto.

"been to them a minister, a counselor and a friend." Whenever they have differed he has successfully mediated, and it is his opinion that if peace is kept between husband and wife for the first few years, the danger of their seeking the divorce court is very divorce court is very small indeed.

Naturally, with his record, Mr. Meese is an optimist and insists that marriage is not and never can be a failure. And it certainly is a cheerful thing to have it demonstrated that out of 3,000 people in one American com-munity who have entered the bonds of wedlock not one has sought to escape them.—New York World.

Pictures That Point at You.

"With the exception of making the

eyes of a portrait 'follow you round,' there is no trick of the draughtsman which so much impresses the general public as violent foreshortening," public as violent foresnortening, remarked the designer of a St. Louis lithographing establishment, now taking a vacation without pay in this city. "I long wondered why, for, as a rule, the public objects to anything which seems to violete common sense." which seems to violate common sense. I at last came to the conclusion that the secret is the same as that of the pursuing eye'-namely, an apparent motion in the picture, which lends an uncanny mystery to it. It is, of course, not a conclusion to increase the selfsatisfaction of the artist, who would like to see in the public interest some special recognition of his abilities. The trick is a favorite one with battle painters, who always have one of the Shelley may be an unknown quanity, the Homeric muse a stranger to
ty, the Homeric muse a stranger to
vertisers have worked the racket to prominent figures taking deadly aim a finish with foreshortened highway men pointing foreshortened revolvers, and foreshortened orators pointing forshortened indexes, and I see that one of the weekly illustrated papers has just worked the scheme into its cover. The trick, however, is rather looked on askance by art committees, and must be used with discretion if an artist does not wish to draw upon himself the charge of fakery. A few years ago a violent example of the foreshortening trick was worked through into a prominent Northern exhibition of paintings. It was a woman, with extended arm, pointing directly at the spectator, and the title, 'Conscience,' was one to work upon the imagination. Well, the picture simply swept the Cazins, and Homers, and Gabriel Maxes out of consideration, and was by long odds the popular success of the exhibit. One afternoon I was watching the crowd circling around, allowing itself to be pursued by its conscience, when an old Irish-man attracted general attention by trying to ram his head behind the pic-ture frame. I finally asked him what on earth he was up to, when he answered: 'Oi just want to see how thim clock wor-r-ks is set that makes the blamed thing turn."-New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Glass Used in Candy.

[From the Lancet.]

The production of modern sweets is undoubtedly a fine art judging from the innumerable varieties made and the countless ways in vogue of making them attractive. At one time the most deplorable practice prevailed of employing such poisonous substances as chromium, lead, copper, or even mercury and arsenic, as coloring agents in sweets. The use of coloring agents in sweets. The use of such objectionable coloring agents became happily obsolete, and, speaking generally, modern confectionery is now pure. True, the coloring agent is often an aniline dye, but so great is the tinctorial power of such dyes that it is probable that several pounds of the sweets would contain at most a few grains of the dye, and then the dye may be perfectly harmless.

A somewhat unexpected and most objectionable method of manipulating sweets has just been brought to our sweets has just been brought to our notice. Sweets are made to glitter by means of splinters of glass, so that the sweet has the appearance of sparkling crystal sugar. We have in our laboratory at the time of writing, some specimens of even high-class confectionery, said to be of French make, which all contains a liberal sprinkling of glass splinters, When the sweet is dissolved in warm water the splinters tumble to the bottom of the fluid into a miniature heap of broken glass. The splinters present both sharp points and sharp edges which are eminently calculated to cause an injury to the walls of the digestive canal. It is difficult to imagine a more powerful mechanical irritant than jags of glass which might easily cause laceration and hemorrhors and to smarting difficult might easily cause laceration and hemorrhage, not to mention other disturbances such as are set up by foreign bodies less jagged than glass in the alimentary canal.

The sweets to which we have referred were sent to up by

The sweets to which we have referred were sent to us by a correspondent with a request for analysis, and he relates that these sweets were partaken of by two little children, who shortly afterward suffered from severe abdominal pain, in the one case in the region of the appendix. The pain persisted for several days. The effect of sharp glass particles lodging in the appendix could, of course, be easily disastrous. Our analysis enables us to say most positively that these glittering particles are glass. They are quite unchanged in boiling water or in boiling acids, and melt into beads at a red heat. On analysis we obtained silica, lime, soda, and a little lead, which are the constituents of common glass. From their appearance in the sweets the flakes might easily be taken for gelatin or mica. The glass is probably prepared by crushing glass bubbles.

It is probable that the practice is adopted in order to compensate for the absence of any crystalline appearance in glucose which is now so much used

COLD IN THE HEAD CURED

In one night by applying to nose and throat Trask's Magnetic Ointment. 26 and 40 cents. At C. McCallum & Co. 21

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are troubled with this disease-many nucousciously. They may have a smarting sensation, charp, cutting paigs at times, weak organs, and all the symptoms of nervous debility—they have STRIC-TURE, Don't let doctors experiment on you by cuttings stretching at tearing you. This will not cure you, as it will return. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT absorbs the stricture dissue, hence removes the stricture permanently. It can pover return. No pain, mosuffering, no detention from business by our method. The sensual organs are strengthened, the gerved are invigorated, and the bliss of manheod returns,

Cures Guaranteed We treat and cure BLOOD POISON,
NERVOUS DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY,
STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER and KIDNEY
DISEASES, CONSULTATION FREE,
BOOKS FREE, CHARGES MODER
ATE. If unable to call, write for a QUES
TION BLANK for HOME Treatment.

KENNEDY & KERGAN 148 Shelby St. Datrolt, Mich.

Fadeless

The strongest sunlight will not fade the brilliant colors which that home dye of highest quality yields, Maypole Soap. You can't wash the colors out. " No mess, no trouble" when

using it. It dyes to any tint. Maypole Soap Dyes.

Sold everywhere. 10c. for Colors. 15c. for Black. ~~~~~

Just One Word

There is an easy-toremember little word, which is very important when you are buying Rolled Oats. It is the name

To remember to always use it means that you get Rolled Oats which have a flavor like pop-corn, they are

PAN-DRIED

that's the reason why. Sold in bulk by all high class dealers.

CONTROL CONTRO WISE AND OTHERWISE.

What Ma Didn't Forget.

"Yes."

"That Mrs. Flipley was here today, and guess what she said about you." "Oh, I can't," the old gentleman re-

plied, beginning to get interested.
"What was it?"

"She told ma she thought you were such a handsome looking man and held your age well."

"She did, sh?" he replied, pushing out his chest and pretending that it.

out his chest and pretending that it didn't make any particular difference to him what she had said.
"But," the sweet child continued,

"ma told her she ought to see you in the morning before you put in your false teeth and got the side hair slicked up over your bald spot."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Woman as a Mathematical Proposition

"Looking at her from the mathematical point of view," said the thoughtful man on the rear platform, "she is something worthy the study of all." "Huh?" said the conductor, "what did you say?"

was thinking of something," said the thoughtful man, dreamily. "Go on collecting your fares. Never mind me." The conductor stared unutterable things, while the thoughtful man went on, softly:

"I saw her when she got on. She weighs probably a hundred pounds net. Her height I should put at about five feet three inches. Her width is somewhat problematical. Let us say, for the purposes of argument, that she could naturally occupy a twelve-inch seating space and have an inch or two left over in case of emergency.
"When she got on the car there were

e good many vacant spaces. She took up her position in one of these. After she had settled herself down there was no longer a gap between her neighbor on the right and her neighbor on the left. Nor was the a gap between either of her neighbors and herself. Before she sat down there was an opening between the two neighbors of the width of two car windows, or a total chasm of forty-eight inches. Neither of the men moved after she sat down. And yet there was now no space in

"The deduction is simple. Granting the woman a legitmate width of twelve inches—a liberal estimate—and considering the available space prior to her occupancy, forty-eight inches, it follows that the woman is now in possession of an overplus of thirty-six inches, which it would be interesting to account for. In behalf of the considerations of research and examination I shall endeavor to learn the inwardness of the phenomenon."
"Huh?" said the conductor.

But the thoughtful man was stand-ing before the woman and politely requesting her to make room. When she gathered in about two feet of skirting e thoughful man smiled peacefully. But the woman's eye snapped fire.

The Jester and the Czar.

The Russian court jester was trying his best to cheer up his imperial master.

"If you were dean of the college cf czars," he playfully remarked, "what would you then become?"

The czar looked at the jester coldly. Well, what?" he asked. "A-a czar-dean, your majesty, of

The czar scowled "You have a very pretty wit—for the Siberian frontier," he said. "Away with him!"-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Th' Ponderin' of a Spinster.

Your life hain't worth livin', dearie? An' yer wanter git outen it? Wall, the best posserble way tew use up yer life is tew turn rite round an' try tew make life worth while fer sumun what's wuss off'n yew be. I've tride it. An' I know. Marthy Ann, she's

tride it, tew, an' she knows.
'Tain't s' much th' bein' called a ole made what's hard tew bare. It's havin' a hull passel uv iron gray days crowdin' onter yew an' tew know thet, in all th' hull round world than hain't no big, strong shoulder what you've got a rite tew cry onter. It's th' grubbin' 'long alone thet's so up-

"Cum what cum may, Time an' th' hour runs threw th' ruffest day."

Them's poetry—wrot by a man what signs hisself Shaks Peer. I quoted it tew Marthy Ann this mornin'. She looked glum. She waz blew. But she 'lowed thet she wan't so orful sot on gittin' red uv her hours-

TIRED BACKS

counter, a woman's back

is sure to be tired. It is

too bad a woman has to

work, but that is the way

the world goes. But it

is a consolation to know

that the pain which comes

in the day will all go

away in the night if

Griffiths' Menthol Lini-

morning feeling fresh and strong should bathe the

aching parts with warm

water to open the pores,

then rub Griffiths Lini-

ment well in to where all

ment is used. The tired woman

who wants to get up in the

the ache is; you will be amazed how quickly

the pain and soreness will all stop. The less

medicine you swallow and the more Griffiths' Liniment you rub on the better off you will

be and the quicker you will be cured. Just try it and see.

Hard work and hard pleasure

have pretty near the same result.

After working hard all day, whether

scrubbing, sewing, baking, wash-

ing, sweeping, or standing behind a

GRIDDINE

thet all she waz a-whimperin' arter waz tew hev th' wheels uv life iled up a leetle. Ef ye'll beleeve it, that jest my kase, tew.

Sum folks does so much uv their luv makin' in publick thet they must find it mity oninterestin' when they're alone. Most uv us is kinder skittish 'bout th' genu-ine-ness uv luv what's a good eel on dress parade. ELVIRA HOPKINS, uv Tompkins Korners.

Railway Building in 1901.

In 43 states and territories there will be built new railways and railway extensions this year. Contracts already made show that about 8,300 miles will be constructed, or enough to more than reach through the earth. This means about 600 miles more than

This means about 600 miles more than was built last year.

The least building, which will be almost none, is in Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, with New 1 in the wast for company while most of the west, for company, while most of the construction will be in the South and Middle West. A remarkable feature of this new building is the great number of lines with little mileage, the average length being only about 40

In work now under way Texas leads, with 763 miles on thirteen lines. Then comes Oklahoma and Indian Territory, with 612 miles on nine lines; Georgia, 609 miles on nine lines; Pennsylvania, 300 miles on seventeen lines; New Mexico, 230 miles on two lines; Illinois, 224 miles on four lines; Ar-kansas, 198 miles on nine lines; Louisiana, 175 miles on four lines; Minnesota, 165 miles on five lines, and Washington, 165 miles in five lines. For work in many other states contracts are already signed. In the six

A Tip to Bridegrooms.

gating only 3 miles.

'A young clerk in a downtown office expects to be married next week, and never before has he been arrayed in such gorgeous splendor. He has heretofore been regarded as a youth who would rather save his money for a rainy day than put it on his back while the sun shines, and his remarkable conduct on the eve of his wedding has aroused all sorts of speculation. A new suit of clothes every day, and especially to business, has caused much comment.

"Why don't you wait until after you are married before you air your trous-seau?" asked one of his fellow clerks. "You'll be as shabby as ever before the great event comes off. Then, when you go away on your wedding trip, and the bride is all decked out in her new frills, she'll be downright ashamed of you. What d'ye mean, anyhow?" The prospective Benedict glanced furtively about like the villain in a play. "Sh-h-h!" he whispered. "It's a secret, but I'll let you in on it. It's a little scheme of our own-I mean the girl's and mine. We've been talking it all over. We've read all about how brides and grooms are always spotted on trains and in hotels and everywhere they go, so we want to get the newness of our clothes worn off before we start. That's the reason I'm wear-

ing mine around the office. things made, she hates like sin to wear 'em around and get 'em mussed up. She wears her traveling dress around to look as though it wasn't very new. Oh, we're foxy, we are, if we never have been married before."

RECORD BIRTH RATE

Wife of a Greek Priest Gives Birth to Six Infants

Vienna, May 17.—The Pester Lloyd states that Mrs. Arangyel, the wife of a Greek priest of Deligrad, in Servia, was delivered of six bables, three boys and three girls. All are normal and healthy. Eighteen months ago the same lady gave birth to triplets—a total of nine children in eighteen months.

A SHREWD MERMAID. The fair brow of the mermaid wore a troubled expression. "What," she finally asked, "is all this

talk about closing the poolrooms in New York?"

"You have hit it," replied Neptune: "it's all talk."—New York Marine

All druggists sell it, 25 and 75 cents. The large size is the most

BORNOUS CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

Milk Sterilized or Pasteurized.

'A correspondent asks: "What is the difference between pasteurized and ster-lized milk?" Pasteurized milk is milk which temporarily has been freed from all harmful bacteria. The treatment necessary is to heat it to a temperature between 150 and 167 degrees Far. ture between 1b0 and 167 degrees Far., and keeping it at that temperature for about 30 minutes. The taste of pasterior with its provided with its provided with the provided w from that of the milk before the pro-cess. Sterilized milk is milk in which cess. Sterilized milk is milk in which all bacteria, harmful or otherwise, have been destroyed. The milk is literally made free from living organisms. Milk is sterilized by heating it to a temperature of 212 degrees Far., and keeping it at that point for half on hour. Pastaurized wilk is to be an hour. Pasteurized wilk is to be preferred as being pleasanter to the taste and richer in nourishment. For infants suffering with intestinal disorders consequent upon teething or hot weather, sterilized milk is safer. It should be remembered, too, that for milk to remain either pasteurized or sterilized the vessel must be kept secure from contact with outside germs.

Growing Mangels.

There is reason to fear that since the culture of corn for ensilage is becoming so common the cultivation of roots as winter food for stock is being neglected by more farmers than was the case some years ago. This, we have no hesitation in stating, is a mistake, for however good and useful ensilage may be, and we regard it as an inestimable boon to the stock farmer, yet it will never take the place of roots in promoting the healthy development of young stock, whether cattle, or pigs, in feeding beef cattle to best advantage or in producing the targest flow of milk in dairy cows. There is New England States the reports show three small lines under way, aggrenot a doubt in our mind that the pro-nounced superiority of British purebred stock is mainly due to the liberal production and feedings of turnips and mangels, and the highest po-sition taken by Canadian stock in international competitions on this continent has been largely due to the same cause. Ensilage is all right in its place, but to secure the best results in stock-raising we must have roots as well. It is true we shall not need so large a supply of roots where silage is used, but every farmer who has stock to feed should provide for a few acres of mangels of turnips, or As the time for sowing turnips is still a month or two in the future, we will confine our remarks in this article to the sowing and culture of mangels. It is not yet too late to prepare for sowing this crop, though as a rule the seeding should not be later than the 1st of May. The proper pre-paration is the plowing down of a clover sod in the previous autumn, with cultivation and manuring either in the fall or during the winter (the former preferred), and if the land were ridged up in the fall so much the better, as it would have dried early and would only need harrowing and cultivating to reduce to a fine tilth, when the land should be again ribbed or ridged for sowing. When this preparation has not been made, any fairly rich land that was plowed in the fall may be manured with short barnyard manure as late as the 10th to 15th May, plowed shallow and made "But I'm afraid she has fallen down on the arrangement. You see when a girl gets a whole lot of new pretty the seed sown at the rate of this made about the seed sown at the rate of this made about the seed sown at the rate of this made about the seed sown at the rate of to six pounds per acre, or more, She wears her traveling dress around the house, though, and that's getting trun the seed drill over the ground time. for it is well to sow plenty of seed, second time, as there may be some Oh, we're loxy, we are, if we never have been married before."

And he smiled a broad smile as he noticed that his spring trousers were getting baggy at the knees.

misses the first time, and often a large percentage of seed fails to grow. Roll the drills lengthwise with a heavy roller, to pack the soil close to the seed, and if rains come and the surface gets crusted before plants are up, the weeder or a light harrow may be misses the first time, and often a large face gets crusted before plants are up, the weeder or a light harrow may be run over the surface to loosen it and let in the air. As soon as the plants show in the rows, great good can be done by running a hand wheel-hoe along each drill loosening both sides at once, breaking the crust, letting in the air, and killing weeds while yet the air, and killing weeds while yet young, before they get strong and troublesome. Where is not on hand or available, the best use of the horse hoe should be made. From this stage the cultivation consists in thinning to single plants eight to twelve inches apart, cutting out all weeds at the same time, and running the horse hoe between the drills every week or two to keep down weeds, conserve the moisture in the soil and pro-

mote the growth of the crop. Poultry in the Garden.

It is customary to regard all kinds of poultry as enemies of garden crops, but it is becoming known that the best mode of protecting orchards and crops is to give the fowls free range. Hens will scratch a newly planted bed to get the seeds and worms, but as soon as the plants germinate they will rarely scratch among them, if grass and young shoots of weeds are plentiful. Usually, if hens scratch in the garden it is to seems have and worms. The it is to secure bugs and worms. guinea and turkey perform great ser-vice as insect-destroyers, as they are active foragers, and diligently search everywhere. A flock of turkeys, allowed free run in a tobacco-field, will keep the plants clear of the green worms, and all kinds of poultry are partial to grasshoppers. Ducks anad geese should not be allowed in a garden, however, but should be turned out in an orchard, as they prefer grass, but will also eat insects and weeds, geese being very fond of pursiain.—Philadelphia Record.

Feed for Laying Hens.

The ration for laying hens should be adapted to the time of year; the ration that is the most desirable in the winter may not be an economical ration for the spring and summer. The different kinds of grains are always the bases of a ration, and we vary the rations by supplementing them with different foods according to the season of the year. Grain alone is not a balanced ra-tion; therefore, it is never an economical one. Many people would profit by studying the physical process of making eggs. When the egg first begins to develop in the body of the hen, the first part formed is the yolk: for making this the han dear the state of the s ing this, the hen draws on the fats and carbo-hydrates in the food. She next makes the white, and draws on the protein. So far she can obtain all the elements from the grain ration; but when she comes to make the shell she when she comes to make the shell she cannot get all the lime from the grain for all the eggs she can make from it. She must either lay fewer eggs, or lay eggs without shells. At this place in the process of egg-production she lacks material, and unless lime other than that in the grain is supplied, the hen is limited in her work and cannot lay her maximum number of eggs. It seems to be a disputed question whether the lime in seashells is available to the hen

consume more protein when it is fur-nished in the form of meat and bones. Some experiments that were made at the New York Experiment Station proved that the most economical ration for growing chicks was the one where animal meal was fed with the grain. Two lots of chicks, each the same number and the same age, were fed for the same time. One lot was fed a ration in which two-fifths of the protein was obtained from animal food; the other lot was fed a ration containing about the same amount of protein, but it was in the form of versiable foods. The in the form of vegetable foods. results of two experiments of this kind were that it cost from one to two cents less per pound to grow the chicks fed the animal food.

When feeding laying hens very similar results have been obtained, all of which go to prove that when the hens are kept in the confinement of houses and small yards, the economical ration is that which contains animal food to take the place of the worms and insects that the blace of the worms and insects that the hen gets when they are given the range of a large field. The cheap-est form in which animal food can usually be supplied is green meat and bone. Where this can be obtained for one cent per pound, a bone-cutter is a good investment. This furnishes the lime and protein needed to balance the grains. It has been my practice to feed more meat and bone during the laying season, but less during the hot weather.

—Contributor Country Gentleman.

A COMMERCIAL TRAVELER'S STORY

Interview With Mr. J. H. Ireland, One of the Old Time Knights of the Grip.

His Plight on a Recent Occasion in the Maritime Provinces-How Dodd's Kidney Pills Came to His Help - High Words of Praise for That Remedy.

Toronto, May 17.-(Special).-Mr. J. H. Ireland, the well-known traveler for hats and caps, left for the Maritime Provinces one day last week. Handily packed in Mr. Ireland's private grip was a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, the medicine famous throughout Canada a specific for all troubles of the kidneys. When asked about his experience with this remedy Mr. Ireland grew quite enthusiastic.

"I never go out on a trip of any length without a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills," he asserted. "Are you afflicted with Kidney Trouble a great deal, then?" Mr. Ireland

was asked.

"Not a great deal, now, no," replied
Mr. Ireland, "I take Dodds Kidney
Pills more as a preventive than anything else. But in the winter of 1898 I was, I can tell you. I was down in Nova Scotia when I first used Dodd's Kidney Pills. I don't know whether it was the water down there, the climate, riding so much in the rain, or what, but certainly my kidneys were on the point of a complete break tinual misery. It spoiled my business, broke my rest, and wore me down un-It was one con-

til the life was taken right out of me. 'And you used Dodd's Kidney

Pills?" "I used the only remedy I knew of that was a specific for the kidneys," answered Mr. Ireland. "The first dose of Dodd's Kidney Pills seemed to go right to the spot. In a few days I was feeling as well as ever I did in my life. They are a splendid medicine. I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to scores of men on the road like myself, and none of them but have the warmest praise for the medicine being just exactly what we need in our walk of life, a safe, reliable, strengthening stimulant for the kidneys."

A GREAT MODERN EVIL

The Gambling Craze of the Stock Exchange

Lotteries and card and most other forms of gambling are now outlawed throughout the United States. But the stock market, with its margin facilities for trading, remains, and it is probably more demoralizing than any one of the avowed forms of gambling which public sentiment has set its face

This is the feature of the great speculative craze that came to smash last week, which most impresses those who have looked on from a distance. is commonly supposed and is in a measure true, that the requirement of some little money as a condition pre-cedent to joining the Wall street game confines its demoralizing consequences to a comparatively small class of peo-ple. On the other hand, anybody pos-sessed of \$1 could join in the regular gambles of the Louisiana lottery, and its operations were accordingly wide-spread. But the margin system has been so far developed in connection with the stock exchange as to bring this game within reach, not merely of the rich and well-to-do people, but many of the poorest. The legitimate brokerage establishment, with its minimum requirement of say \$100 for entrance to the game has been supplemented by the bucket-shop, with its \$10 requirement, and these institutions branch out into every city and every

branch out into every city and every considerable village of the country, and draw to their patronage all classes of people by the tens of thousands.

Hence there spreads out from the stock exchange a vast demoralizing influence, far worse probably than the Louisiana lottery ever thought of exercising. It reaches to the rich man, who stakes some of his surplus spendwho stakes some of his surplus spending money for the fun of it and to test his judgment of the market; to the well-to-do, who crave a chance to add quickly and without labor to their moderate possessions. moderate possessions; to bank clerks, who are thereby tempted to stake money not their own; to store clerks who are able to command \$10 to place on the turn of the wheel; to thousands engaged in domestic service at very moderate wages, and even to women, who have been a noteworthy element

IS THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER KNOWN.

Nature's Remedy for the cure of Disordered Stomach, Billousness and Liver Complaints.

ASK For the Full Name, | LABEL on bottle is BLUE with RED Centre Panel

women gamblers are "hard losers," and with their screams and fainting fits and general disposition to "make a scene" when told of the ruin of their ventures, they gave the brokers cater-ing to this class of "trade" an extra amount of trouble in the trying hours of Wednesday and Thursday. It is among these weaker and poorer classes who have been drawn into the maelstrom of stock speculation that the losses from the great crash chiefly fell, and in this wide-scattering of the effects Wall street itself so far escapes

great injury. J. B. Say, the French economist, once declared that those legislators who sanctioned lotteries "vote a certain number of thefts and suicides every year." We do that with our stock exchange crazes, and the list of thefts, defalcations, suicides and heart failures growing out of this recent craze is yet to be made up. All the holes made thereby in bank and trust funds are yet to be exposed, and the misery caused in the families of the poorer gamblers will never be known.

But we do much more than this with our stock gambling and the prizes it tosses about. We create untold discovered

tosses about. We create untold dis-content with the hard work and slow returns of legitimate and wealth-creating industry. We cultivate an aver-sion to honest labor, and offer promiums for living upon one's wits and the chances of the gambler's fortune. We hold up the big winners at the game in the most enviable light, and thus cause thousands of people to turn from honest labor and bewail their lot, and wonder why they might not do as well, and fill their minds with the idea of joining in the scramble for wealth which must come to them from another's labor if it comes at all. mischievous consequences of such a craze are simply beyond calculation, and would turn society itself upside

down were it continued. Some element of chance is inseparably connected with business under modern industrial organization and under any system where industry is largely individualized. This must be borne; but the conditions which be borne; but the conditions which make possible as a perfectly legitimate thing so stupendous a popular gamble as the country has just passed through are obviously not all right, and must be open to radical and destrable amendment. The one thing which makes it possible, as may be seen on close analysis, is the exposure of valuable public privileges to private sale and exploitation, and in the closer public control and exercise of such privileges and franchises lies the such privileges and franchises lies the only practicable way of abating the

JOSEPH JEFFERSON ON SHAKESPEARE.

Veteran Actor Does Not Believe That Bacon Wrote the Great Plays.

Joseph Jefferson was the guest of the Yale students recently, and he addressed several hundred of them in College Street Hall. Prof. Weir, of the Yale Art School, introduced the veteran actor, who spoke on the drama. One thing he said was:

"As to that ancient question as to whether Bacon or Shakespeare wrote the plays commonly credited to the latter, I would say that there are arguments on both sides. I am in favor of the idea that Shakespeare wrote them. Donnelly in his 'Cryptogram' asks, howisit that no manuscript plays in the handwriting of Shakespeare in the handwriting of Shakespeare have come down to us; nothing but a few signatures. I admit that this is remarkable. But none of them is in the handwriting of Bacon. Therefore, someone else wrote them, and since they are in no one's handwriting, nobody wrote them. And if nobody wrote them, we not only loose our Shakespeare, but Mr. Donnelly didn't save speare, but Mr. Donnelly didn't save his Bacon. Some years ago I saw a set of discs, which, when revolved, spelled the sentence: 'I, Francis Bacon, wrote the plays attributed to Shakespeare.' I turned the discs and made them spell: "Edgar Allen Poe made them spell: "Edgar Alien Poe was the son-in-law of Lydia Pinkham.' I think we had better allow Shakespeare to rest upon his laurels." In discussing love, Mr. Jefferson

said: "A woman is never so foolish as when she is in love for the first time, a lady to sit down before eating him-Mr. Jefferson said that the morality of stage plays depended upon the pub-lic desire and that the plays of today

are convalescing.

Mr. Jefferson was asked as to whether the subsidization of a national theater for the promotion of the dramatic art was possible or not, and

he replied:
"It does not seem practicable to me. Where would you put it?"
The national capital was suggested.

"Paris is France, Berlin is Ger-many, St. Petersburg is Russia, but Washington is not America. Would you have the stage manager a Republican or a Democrat?" he asked.

AN EASY ONE. [From the Chicago Tribune.]

The correct answer to the charade Kitty's mother had found in the juvenile magazine was "Henty," and as the charade was an easy one it was propounded to the youngster. See if you can guess what this is.

'A motherly fowl and a kind of a Makes a name the boys all know, I

"I know what a motherly fowl is," replied Kitty. "That's 'hen."
"Right," said her mother. "Now the 'kind of drink." the 'kind of drink.'

Kitty went into a brown study.

"Soda? No, there isn't any such name as 'Hensoda.' Henchoc—no, that won't do. Hencoco, henmilk, hen-

"What is it papa's so fond of?" prompted the maternal parent.
"Oh, I know!" exclaimed Kitty.
"Rye! Henrye—Henry!"

Don't think less of your system than you do of your house. Give it a thorough cleansing, too. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

TATTOOED WOMEN

The Fashion Now to Have Butterflies, Snakes, Etc., Etched on the Arm.

The craze for Japanese things has so far affected some women with much leisure time upon their hands that they are having odd little designs worked upon their arms and shoulders in faint, delicate tints. An English dancer began this fashion with a butterfly on her upper arm and it became a rage in London to have some design of the sort done on the flesh.

People who go to Japan have their tattooing done by the native artists; but it is done with equally good results in New York by an Irishman who has a small shop on the Bowery and has worked up a fashionable trade in this odd pursuit that has

made him rich.
Old-fashioned tattooing was done crudely with a needle, which often inflamed and irritated the skin. Nowadays it is done with an electric contrivance which etches a design finely and painlessly. Colored inks are used, and their use is a secret which the Japanese artists have mastered to perfection. fection. There are books of wonder-ful colored designs for tattooing which one can choose from; birds, beasts and reptiles. The snake is a favorite with the tattooed, some of whom have one represented as being wound around the arm from the wrist to the shoul-

Women who go in for this fad, choose as a rule some small, dainty and less terrifying pattern, butterfiles being the popular fashion at present. New York's tattooer visits the houses of his fashionable patrons. At hardly any hour of the day is he disengaged, as a steady stream of less fashionable customers throng his shop for the purpose of having various designs of trade, religious symbols, portraits, landscapes and names sketched upon

THE GREAT REGULATOR OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

The Only Medicine That Gives Tone and Strength to the Weakened and Irritated Nerves of the Stomach and Digestive Machinery.

The lives of the majority of men and women are made miserable by some form of stomach derangement. It may be common indigestion, possess, flatulence, waterbrash, heartburn, or the ordinary weak stomach. Paines Celery Compound quickly overcomes every trouble, gives tone and strength to the weak and overworked stomach, stimulates the appetite, puts the digestive apparatus in proper condition to pass the food over to be converted into nerve, brain, tissue and muscle. Miss Hien, of Eganville, Ont., writes as fol-

"I was troubled with a severe pain in my stomach for four years and could not eat meat or any strong food. I was under the care of doctors, and used a vast number of patent medicines. A lady friend who had been cured by Paine's Celery Compound after years of suffering advised mothers. of suffering advised me to give your medicine a trial. I did so, and was completely cured. I can eat any kind of food now and feel well and strong."

CIRCUMSTANCES ALTER CASES. Amy-A man should always wait for Charley-Unless there is only one chair in the room.

THE SCATTERED IRISH. The following obituary, which is published in the Dublin Daily Express, is a remarkable instance of the dispersion of the Irish all over the

Geraghty—Accidentally killed at Johannesburg, South Africa, John Geraghty, aged 37 years, son of Patrick Geraghty, of Roscommon; brother of George and Kate Geraghty, of Roscommon, and brother of Jas. Geraghty, of Pretoria, and of Wm. Geraghty, of Galway, and of Peter, Patrick and Martin Geraghty, of New South Wales, and of Annie Corley, of Suva, Fiji Islands. Deeply regreted. R. I. P.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Children Cry for CASTORIA. Children Cry for CASTORIA Children Cry for

CASTORIA