

INDEPENDENT BULGARIA IS NOW PROCLAIMED

Outbreak of War Feared by Signatories of Berlin Treaty—Regrouping of European Powers a Likely Result of the Embroglio in the Near East—Great Britain's Position

LONDON, Oct. 5.—In the ancient capital of Tirnovo, the independence of Bulgaria was proclaimed today with the char of the Bulgarians as ruler. Char of the Bulgarians is recognized to mean more than char of Bulgaria because it is a distinct intimation that he regards this country as having sovereignty over all people of that blood in the near east. Within Turkey or Austria-Hungary, which has been working with prince Ferdinand in this preconcerted plan, will proclaim the new states of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

The question which has been stirring the whole of Europe more deeply than any similar question in the history of the present generation, is, does it mean war?

From all the capitals tonight come reports indicating that it means first of all, an European congress of the signatories of the treaty of Berlin to consider the situation and probably to revise the treaty. Turkey caught in weakness, is the victim of the situation, and while some international animosities have been stirred up probably no power is willing to make war. Reports from the emancipated Turkish press to London indicate that the "Young Turks" will swallow this bitter pill as best they can, and if they do, naturally the Bulgarians, while willing and eager for war, will have no cause on which to base the beginning of hostilities.

From the British standpoint, the whole affair has been a surprise, and more than a surprise because for the first time in years, the British government felt itself in apparently perfect understanding with France and Russia, and also in complete friendship with Italy and thus to be in a position where it can dominate Europe, at least except for its almost open enmity with Germany.

Probably never in the history of Europe have politics taken such amazing kaleidoscopic revolutions as during the past week.

An entanglement may come when the signatories of the Berlin treaty meet to consider what action shall be taken regarding the violations of the treaty. Great Britain tonight served notice that it will not recognize the right of any of the parties to this treaty to violate its provisions without consulting the others, but English diplomats know that the British government will get to what is termed in European politics "compensating advantages" which Austria backed by Germany has already obtained.

The official statement issued by the British foreign office this evening says:

"His majesty's government cannot admit the right of any power to alter an international treaty without the consent of the other parties to stand and therefore refuses to sanction any infraction of the Berlin treaty and declines to recognize what has been done in the view of the other powers are known, especially those of Turkey which is more directly concerned than anyone else."

SOFIA, Oct. 5.—Bulgaria, a tributary principality under the suzerainty of the sultan of Turkey today proclaimed its independence of Turkey. This action was taken at Tirnovo by prince Ferdinand, who was elected prince of Bulgaria in 1877.

The Bulgarian cabinet met yesterday with the prince, having met him yesterday at Tirnovo. The prince reached Tirnovo last evening. Tirnovo is the ancient capital of the kingdom of Bulgaria where the ancient kings of Bulgaria were crowned.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—The Temps today publishes a dispatch from Vienna saying that the Bulgarian army is marching towards the frontier and that the Turks also are moving forward to the encounter.

Austria-Hungary is mobilizing two armies corps.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Count Memsdorff, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Great Britain, went down to Balmoral today to present to King Edward a copy of an autograph letter from emperor Francis Joseph, addressed to the heads of all states, explaining the necessities of altering the political status of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Turkey is not inclined towards war with Bulgaria and it is believed that she will consider the interference of the powers as a consideration of Bulgaria's presentation of independence. Indications from the other capitals in Europe are that the powers will intervene to prevent an outbreak of hostilities in the near east. All the chancelleries of Turkey are busy with efforts to discover a modus vivendi which will result in the maintenance of peace. France has decided to act as mediator for the purpose of preventing war between Turkey and Bulgaria, and M. Pichon, the French minister of foreign affairs was today actively engaged in continuing negotiations to this end which he began a week ago.

Great Britain also has made mediatory proposals to the government of

the new alignment of the powers is becoming manifest with Great Britain, France and Russia occupying common ground and Germany, Austria, co-operating and Italy in somewhat neutral attitude.

As in the Moroccan affair, the indications are that mediation or an international congress with a view to arrange some working basis as to Bulgaria, but meantime the intriguing among the powers for influence over Bulgaria and other portions of the near east is likely to go on unabated and to be an important factor in the new grouping of the powers of Europe.

Bulgaria has been a tributary state of Turkey since 1878. The old Bulgarian kingdom was overthrown at the end of the fourteenth century by Turks who held the country until the treaty of Berlin made it a buffer state between Europe and the realm of the sultan. At the same time placed it under the suzerainty of the sultan of Turkey.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—France has essayed the role of mediator with the object of preventing war between Turkey and Bulgaria, and as a result of foreign minister Pichon's series of conferences today with the representatives of the powers, including M. Iswosky, the Russian foreign minister, Naoum Pacha, the Turkish ambassador to France, the Austro-Hungarian, the British, American and Italian ambassadors and of the active exchanges which have been going between the various cabinets. It was announced tonight that France, Great Britain, Russia and possibly Italy, were prepared to act in unison to preserve peace and to call a conference of the signatories of the Berlin treaty to deal diplomatically with the situation that has arisen between Turkey and Bulgaria and to harmonize conflicting interests so that fresh complications may be averted. Already certain tentative propositions as a basis for a conference have been forwarded to Constantinople and the Porte's assent can be secured. It is argued that certain peace will be maintained. The nature of the proposition has not been disclosed, but it is understood that they involve the recognition of Bulgarian independence as a "fait accompli."

The danger of war is believed to lie in precipitate action at Constantinople. Rumors by the "Young Turks" party, which may fear a blow at its prestige, if it acquiesces in the loss of Bulgaria and by the military party, which wants to restore the old order of things, it is feared that Turkey, although ill-prepared, both from a financial and military standpoint, to meet a war, will be the case, the effects of the war will be then directed to limiting the war to Bulgaria and Turkey. According to information received here, Bulgaria would welcome war, as the Bulgarians are convinced that the army could be marched to Constantinople and the Turkish forces could be mobilized.

The French government's communication issued tonight says:

"It is certain that France, Russia, Great Britain and Italy will do their utmost to maintain peace in the present moment to judge what means will best attain this end. All depends upon what will happen at Constantinople. The idea of an international conference charged with the duty of deciding upon a revision of the treaty of Berlin would seem to be put forward with certain persistence in political circles. However, the disposition of Turkey in that respect must be first ascertained. If Turkey is favorably inclined to this it is believed that the powers can easily reach an agreement on the principles of a conference, the initiative of which France and Great Britain will take, but these are only hypotheses which for the present must be regarded with reserve. The view is now held here that there has been a double move on the part of Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary, these two countries acting together, and that Germany and Italy were advised of it in advance. Russia also received an intimation of the plan."

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 5.—It is announced on good authority that Russia will propose a congress of the powers for a general revision of the Berlin treaty. This is an outcome of the proclamation of Bulgaria's independence. Russia has reason to believe that the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria-Hungary, is imminent.

Count Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Russia, who has been on a leave of absence, returned to the city today and demanded an immediate audience of emperor Nicholas. It was arranged that he should see his majesty tomorrow. The emperor is cruising in the gulf of Finland. A naval launch has been placed at the disposal of count Berchtold.

GLAD FINDINGS

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MONTRÉAL, Oct. 5.—Vice president McNicholl of the C. P. R. said today, "We had a dispatch from the west last night saying that the strike was going to be called off but we have not yet had any official information that this is the case. Still we are satisfied that arrangements to that end have been made because the dispatch comes from our own people."

Asked as to what would happen to the men brought out from England, McNicholl said the company, of course, would live up to their terms of agreement with them, adding that most of them were engaged under a three months' contract.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

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The strike is to be called off separately for the eastern and western divisions, thus conceding the point that east and west were separate divisions. The C. P. R. is to use all reasonable means to find employment and to prevent discrimination against the men.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and William Whyte have on various occasions declared that the strike could be terminated only by the men returning to work under the terms fixed by the conciliation board and taking their chances of securing employment. Over a week ago there were unofficial conferences between William Whyte and certain striking mechanics who had been employees of the road for many years, looking for a settlement of the strike. These conferences were brought about through intervention of the Baptist ministers of the city. Mr. Whyte made a proposition to this committee that which is now the basis of settlement, but which was in violation that the C. P. R. would immediately engage sixty per cent. of the strikers and would employ the other forty per cent. as rapidly as there were vacancies, in order of seniority.

On Saturday the Winnipeg strike committee expressed its approval of the terms offered by the C. P. R. Mr. Hardy, capitulated to the C. P. R. terms informally offered a week ago by Mr. Whyte, but more stringent ones which leaves the whole question of the employment of strikers to the discretion of C. P. R. officials. Terms accepted by the strikers were that officials to Shaughnessy who gave them out.

There was a decided atmosphere of relieved tension this morning, both among the strikers and among the mechanics. A number of strikers, who were at an upper room of the Strathcona hotel, and among the heads of the mechanical department, met at the Grand Trunk Hotel or in a conference with Mr. Whyte and Mr. Hardy. The latter were apparently completing the arrangements for the strikers to return to work if they desire.

At their meeting the strikers decided to accept the terms of the conciliation board, but the strikers, however, got two cents an hour less. McVetty and Bell Hardy were advised of it in advance. The lack of finances is the reason for the strike. The company will return to work on Wednesday morning.

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IS UNCERTAIN

TIRNOVO, Bulgaria, Oct. 6.—Immediately after the proclamation of Bulgarian independence at the cathedral of the Holy Martyrs in this city yesterday morning, prince Ferdinand assumed the sovereignty of Bulgaria. The presidency of the Sebranje, representing the national assembly, and the prime minister, representing the government, then addressed Ferdinand as "Your majesty" and begged him to accept the laurel of glory as the first Bulgarian king. In reply Ferdinand said: "I accept the title of Bulgarian king offered me by the nation and the government."

PHILIPPOPOLIS, Eastern Roumelia, Oct. 6.—The official announcement of the independence of Bulgaria at Tirnovo yesterday by prince Ferdinand has been enthusiastically received in this city, the capital of Eastern Roumelia. Today the church bells are ringing and large crowds, headed by bands, are marching through the city holding placard demonstrations in front of the various consulates. "Emperor" Ferdinand is expected to arrive here shortly.

BELGRADE, Servia, Oct. 6.—A ukase calling out all the military reserves of the first class was published here today. These reserves number about 120,000 men. It is explained officially that this step is taken because many time-expired soldiers are to leave the ranks on October 31st, and in view of the situation in the neighboring Balkan states, especially the inflamed state of Servia itself, it has been deemed advisable to fill up in advance the vacancies thus to be created.

Telegrams received here from the provinces show great enthusiasm for a war against Austria-Hungary, as emperor Francis Joseph's proposal to annex the provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina threatens to him in Servia on the population of Bosnia are Servians who are bitterly opposed to annexation.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—The question whether there is to be peace or war in the Balkans has not yet been decided in Constantinople, according to official dispatches received from Berlin office today. The ambassadors of the powers at Constantinople find the situation a difficult one, because the control of affairs does not rest altogether with the cabinet of the young Turks, but partially with the powerful committee of Young Turks outside the cabinet. The cabinet and the committee appear to be divided in their views.

Constantinople leads to the belief that there will be no war inasmuch as the change in the relations between Bulgaria and Turkey is merely a paper change.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—It was announced this afternoon that France and Great Britain are in complete accord with the principle of an immediate international conference to consider the Bulgarian question. Russian and Italy also are in favor of such a conference and even Germany is expected to adhere to the proposition.

Furthermore the latest advices from Constantinople indicate that the Porte will accept the advice of France and Great Britain and await the result of this congress.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 6.—Austro-Hungary has lost no time in getting on a friendly footing with the new kingdom of Bulgaria for she has intimated her desire to initiate negotiations for a new commercial treaty. A draft of Russia's circular note to the powers, in voicing an international congress to discuss revisions of the Berlin treaty has been completed and approved by the foreign minister. It is intended to communicate this through the Berlin signatories through the Russian ambassador on October 8, especially if the Austro-Hungarian declaration concerning the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina is proclaimed on October 7 as is now expected. It is thought that the congress will assemble before the end of the three months, since the war. Russian imperial forces dropped a three-eighths today but this was a result of the political situation. The Bulgarian diplomatic agent in St. Petersburg, tookoff, today communicated to the Russian government the announcement of the independence of Bulgaria and expressed the hope that Russia would immediately recognize the new kingdom. Russia refrained from answering this notification. Prince Ferdinand assumed sovereignty over northern and southern Bulgaria under the title of Czar. This title was borne by the Bulgarian monarch previous to the conquest of Bulgaria by the Turks.

ACCIDENT WAS FATAL

Death of a Coal Miner at Michel Yesterday.

(Special to The Daily News.)

MICHEL, Oct. 6.—Another fatal accident occurred at the mines here early this morning claiming as its victim a Slavonian miner by the name of Mike Haliko, about forty years of age. A large dump car, while passing the tipple, jumped the track crashing into the side of the building and demolishing a large portion of the wall. A heavy timber was knocked out and falling to the ground struck Haliko, who was working underneath, on the head, rendering him unconscious. He was taken to the Colchester hospital where he succumbed to his injuries about 1 o'clock.

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RAIDS PUBLIC TREASURY

HOW HON. WM. PUGSEY ACTED IN NEW BRUNSWICK AS ATTORNEY GENERAL HE PAID HIMSELF FOR LEGAL WORK

ST. JOHN, N.B., Oct. 6.—Premier Hazen's charges against Mr. Pugsey, the minister of public works in the Laurier government, have produced a sensation in the province, and the question people are asking is whether under the circumstances, sir Wilfrid Laurier will retain Mr. Pugsey in the Dominion cabinet. The feeling is that Mr. Pugsey ought to be retired, in order to prevent an absolute loss of confidence in the government. Since the long-lived New Brunswick, in which Mr. Pugsey was for years connected. The discoveries made by the new ministry have been startling. The first notification had that there was anything wrong in the conduct of affairs came when an old and valued official of the province committed suicide.

PUGSEY'S REFINED.

The next shock was the information that Mr. Pugsey, the minister of public works at Ottawa, had sent a cheque for \$4,331 to pay up what he had taken, in the form of overdrafts from a treasury of New Brunswick, when he was a member of the government of the province. Mr. Pugsey entered the government in 1900 as attorney-general, and held office under Mr. Tweedie until 1907. Mr. Tweedie then resigned to become lieutenant-governor, and Mr. Pugsey was appointed premier. When Mr. Emmerson, the minister of railways, got into trouble, Mr. Pugsey turned his attention to Ottawa, and soon after was taken into the cabinet as minister of public works.

During the New Brunswick general election Mr. Pugsey was sent to New Brunswick by sir Wilfrid Laurier to fight against the demand of the people for a new and better government. He went about from point to point promising in the name of sir Wilfrid all sorts of public works if the people would only stand by the local administration which was in alliance with Laurier. The result was not happy. On election day the Laurier-Pugsey-Robinson government was wiped out. Five days afterwards Mr. Pugsey sent a cheque for \$4,331 to the retiring government to square his account.

The enquiry which followed this remarkable incident resulted in the disclosures which have led Mr. Hazen to charge that Mr. Pugsey drew from the treasury during his term over \$4,000 for alleged legal services. It is represented that although drawing a salary at attorney-general, Mr. Pugsey charged for the work he did for the province. His last account, which the Hazen government disputes, illustrates what has taken place. That bill against the province calls for \$3,670. One item reads thus:

"Retainer in suit against his majesty against the St. John River Lumber company to restrain the company from continuing booms, etc., in the St. John river, numerous consultations, going to and from the province, making corrections, alterations and additions to the same, and finally approving thereof, \$250."

Then comes the following:

"Carefully pursuing and abbreviating lengthy affidavits, also examining and correcting interrogatories, \$125."

"Counsel fee, attending before judge to consultation with Powell and Barnhill re special case, \$25."

So that the attorney-general retained himself and billed himself to the tune of \$600 in this case.

OTHER BIG CHARGES.

Another interesting charge is one which calls for \$500 for professional services, which consisted of going to the Bank of Montreal on the subject of a loan of 300,000 pounds sterling for the province. Still another is a charge of \$250 for going to Montreal to interview the president of the Grand Trunk Pacific re the taking over of the New Brunswick Coal and Railway company, a provincial corporation running a small railway. A further charge of no inconsiderable amount is one of \$500 for attending the Interprovincial conference at Ottawa.

Altogether, Mr. Pugsey's claims upon the province, according to his last bill, total \$8,770, which in addition to his salary as a minister. Mr. Hazen's charge is that the amount so far drawn by Mr. Pugsey in this way is \$40,000. This matter Mr. Hazen has challenged Mr. Pugsey to discuss on the public platform; but the minister of public works declines to enter into a debate. The refusal adds to the interest that is taken in the question.

The overdrafts of Mr. Pugsey were entered into by the legislature at its last sitting. A report was presented with reference to them by the auditor, and they show that Mr. Pugsey was indebted to the treasury in the following sums in the years mentioned:

1901	.....	\$2,163
1902	.....	1,748
1903	.....	6,227
1904	.....	7,514
1905	.....	7,030
1906	.....	5,926
1907	.....	4,331

The payment made five days after the defeat of Mr. Pugsey's party in New Brunswick covers the amount of the overdraft in 1907. By the provincial government it has been found that Mr. Pugsey has paid nothing in the way of interest for the money has been using. A calculation has been made of the amount that is due under this head, and \$2,000 is demanded from the minister.

ANOTHER CURIOUS CASE.

Mr. Pugsey's colleague, Mr. Tweedie, became lieutenant-governor in the early part of 1907. The government found

PLAYED ERRORLESS BALL

DETROIT CAPTURES PENNANT DEFEATING CHICAGO

STAR WORK OF DONOVAN FROM START TO FINISH

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—What is said to have been the closest pennant contest ever waged by American league baseball clubs came to an end in this city today when Detroit's Fenwick captured the emblem for another year by defeating Chicago 7 to 0.

Detroit, Cleveland and Chicago struggled all season for the first place, never being far from each other, and the percentage and not until today could the winner be picked. St. Louis put Cleveland out of the running yesterday, leaving the field to Detroit and Chicago.

Chicago's fight has been an uphill one. Her manager Jones never demoralized until the last Chicago player had been retired today. Had Chicago triumphed today the pennant would have come to this city, but the defeat of the local team in the final game of the season of debate for the "if club." Detroit's victory was decisive. Jones used three pitchers, White, Walsh and Smith, but could not subdue the Detroit. Donovan pitched the kind of ball that was at almost any time. His team mates coming first to bat left him confident in the initial by knocking White out of the box and putting four runs across the plate.

Donovan's manner was confident as he faced the batsmen, and lining after lining with a calmness approaching nonchalance, he proceeded to make first base a very hot pole as well as a difficulty for his opponents. Two hits in different innings were all that Chicago could garner and a local runner perched on second base, just once. That was the only time that Chicago made even a shadow of a threat. The only time Chicago had an opportunity to cheer they seized it and for a time Bedlam would have appeared a quiet retreat compared to the Southside ball park. A. Aiz, of the Chicago grounds, coaching off the third base became so excited that he intruded on the diamond and was ordered to the bench by the umpire who has protested with much vigor he was not in the game.

Detroit's assisted column showed a total of only two, for when Donovan did not strike out the batsman he picked the brand of ball that results in fly balls and not the kind that men. Behind him errorless ball was played and hits were made when hits were needed. There were thirteen of them, a fatal proportion from the local view point, but in the grand scheme of Detroit's battling alone would have captured the contest with ease, but assurance was made doubly sure by Chicago's errors, five in number. Detroit's winning lead at the outset did not dishearten Chicago but it had a depressing effect which deepened as the game proceeded and Donovan's superb control showed no signs of weakening.

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GLAD FINDINGS

OTTAWA, Oct. 5.—The labor department today received a telegram from Bell Hardy, under date of Winnipeg, that the mechanics of the C. P. R. had decided to accept the award of the conciliation board.

MONTRÉAL, Oct. 5.—Vice president McNicholl of the C. P. R. said today, "We had a dispatch from the west last night saying that the strike was going to be called off but we have not yet had any official information that this is the case. Still we are satisfied that arrangements to that end have been made because the dispatch comes from our own people."

Asked as to what would happen to the men brought out from England, McNicholl said the company, of course, would live up to their terms of agreement with them, adding that most of them were engaged under a three months' contract.

(Associated Press Despatch.)

WINNIPEG, Oct. 5.—The strike of the C. P. R. mechanics came to an end yesterday. The conditions of settlement are that the representatives of the strikers and the company, at Ottawa this morning accepting the majority report of the board of conciliation.

The strike is to be called off separately for the eastern and western divisions, thus conceding the point that east and west were separate divisions. The C. P. R. is

This Is Your Opportunity!!

The Government Auction Sale of Fruit Lands

The Terms, One-tenth Cash and Balance in Nine Equal Annual Payments, at 6 per Cent. Interest, Places the Land Within the Reach of All

Takes Place on October 14, 1908

The Soil Is Good and In Most Places Free From Stone

W. F. TEETZEL, Official Selling Agent

Nelson, B. C.

The Transportation Facilities are the Best; the C.P.R. Crow's Nest Branch and the Great Northern Kootenay Valley Lines run through the District
A Telephone System connects all parts of the District

MADE FOR SERVICE
IN THE ROUGHEST WEATHER
AND GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY
WATERPROOF



TOWERS' Pommel Slickers
This trade mark and the word TOWER on the buttons distinguish this high grade slicker from the just as good brands

COL. HOLMES HERE TODAY

DISTRICT OFFICER WILL INSPECT LOCAL COMPANIES

HE HAS HAD LONG CONNECTION WITH MILITARY LIFE

Col. J. G. Holmes, D. O. C., arrived in the city last evening on the Crow boat and will inspect B and C companies of the Rocky mountain rangers at the Armory today.

Col. Holmes, who is one of the veterans of the Canadian militia, is commandant of military district No. 11, comprising the province of British Columbia and Yukon territory and has his headquarters at Victoria. The official list of war services of officers shows that he is entitled to wear the Fenian raid medal for 1866 and 1870 and also the general service medal with two clasps. He joined the militia as ensign in the 19th St. Catherine's regiment December 15, 1865 and served subsequently in the St. Catherine's garrison artillery and school of gunnery prior to entering B battery, Canadian artillery, July 10, 1874. Since that time he has been connected continuously with the permanent militia. In 1883 he became commandant of the Royal School of Artillery and ten years later, deputy adjutant general, military district No. 10, Winnipeg. Later on he commanded military district No. 1, London, Ont., and was finally moved to Victoria on April 1, 1901. Six years ago he was promoted to the rank of colonel.

This afternoon Col. Holmes will proceed to Kaslo for the purpose of inspecting D company and will also inspect the civilian rifle associations in this district in turn as follows: New Denver, Oct. 12; Slocan City, Oct. 13; Rossland and Trail, Oct. 14; Greenwood, Oct. 15; Grand Forks, Oct. 16. At Rossland a company will also be inspected.

Lieut.-Col. W. J. Holmes of the 102nd

A BIG MONEY SAVING

THE BISSELL DISK HARROW



Because the "Bissell" Disk Harrow cuts cleaner and turns the furrows more perfectly than any other harrow, it is the best for use in the Northwest Provinces as a heavy, compact, steady, on still hard soil or in rough places. It does the work of other harrows with less draft, and the work of other harrows with less draft. A harrow that will pull you to know you are getting the best. Write for it today. Address: F. F. FISSELL CO. LTD., Victoria, B.C.

REVOLUTIONIST PLOT

General Mitchenko Wounded in Turkestan Manoeuvres

ASKABAD, Turkestan, Oct. 9.—During the manoeuvres of the Turkestan army corps today in the vicinity of Askabad, General Mitchenko who played a conspicuous part in the Russo-Japanese war and who is now governor general of Turkestan, was wounded in a sham battle. A revolutionist plot is suspected.

MUST PLAY FAIR

Burrows' Opponent in Dauphin Talks to Timber Grabber

The following is an extract from a speech of Glen Campbell, who is opposing Theodore A. Burrows, of timber fame, in Dauphin:

"I am after Burrows, not because he has some personal failings, but because I believe he has no moral sense of political honor and because I believe he has used his brother-in-law's position to serve his own ends and feather his own nest, and has done absolutely nothing for the people he represents but bring obloquy on them."

"It is the determination of every anti-Burrows man in Dauphin to compel him to play fair and if he does not, there will be a quick retribution to any law-breaker or blackguard who is caught. The machine liberals are against me, as is natural, but hundreds of the old line decent liberals will support me just to get rid of him."

FISHING ACCIDENT

Man Drowned in Slight of Wife and Others

HALIFAX, Oct. 9.—Jas. Nagle and C. Conrad, residents of the Eastern Passage, a fishing village at the entrance to Halifax harbor, lost their lives at Sundown, the government works at McNab's, this evening while returning from the island to their homes on the opposite shore in a small fishing boat. When near the opposite shore and under the lights of their cottages, they ran on a reef, the boat swamped in the breakers and the six occupants were thrown in the water.

THE BISSELL DISK HARROW



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Conrad and Nagle were unable to swim and sank almost immediately and were drowned. Nagle's wife who was standing on the shore noticed the accident and summoned assistance. Hundreds of boats were soon on the scene and rescued the four men in an exhausted condition. Two of the men have not regained consciousness and grave doubts are entertained for their recovery.

Nagle was married and leaves a wife and two children, the younger of whom is 18 years old. Conrad is a widower and lived with his daughter.

SETTLERS FOR NORTHWEST

Car of Dakota Farmers Look Over Irigated Lands

CALGARY, Oct. 9.—The private car "Calgary" of the Canadian Pacific Irrigation and Colonization company arrived in the city this morning with a large party, numbering about 56 people from the Dakotas, and Minnesota, mostly German farmers. An additional Pullman car was required to accommodate the party. They were taken in charge by the salesmen of the company and taken out to the Strathmore district to look over the company's lands in that locality.

Another large party arrived from Washington in charge of the company's general agents for that territory, Messrs. J. Johnson & Sons and were taken out to look over the company's land in the Dalroy district, east of Calgary. Returns from the freight office here show that 105 cars of grain passed through during the last seven days.

NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY

Desbarats Agency Has Issued its Annual Number

The News has just received the 1908-9 edition of the Desbarats Newspaper directory which has just been published.

This edition shows a distinct advance on former directory publications. The information in regard to each publication is particularly full, and as it contains an unusually large number of sworn statements of circulation by the different publishers, the information

will be very reliable. The directory shows a very considerable increase in the circulation of the leading publications. A comparatively small number of new publications are recorded, the last year or two apparently not being as inviting time for launching literary enterprises.

The list of industries in each town, which those of Nelson, in particular, interest and value to advertisers and the public generally. Their compilation no doubt added greatly to the enormous amount of detail work in getting out the directory, but their usefulness justifies the undertaking. The directory contains 304 pages very attractively bound in cloth and gold. Although the published price is \$5.00 in order to give the directory a wide distribution, the agency will send a copy to any corporation or firm who are now advertising or who contemplate an advertising campaign upon receipt of request with 35 cents for postage, etc. The agency's offices are at 42 Victoria Square, Montreal.

IN THE M'GUIGAN BASIN

RIO HAS BEEN PURCHASED BY W. E. ZWICKY

THOUGH ONLY A PROSPECT HAS RICH ORE

(Special to the Daily News)

KASLO, Oct. 9.—A mining deal of considerable importance was put through yesterday when the Rio was sold by the owners Don Cosgriff and D. Thomas to J. W. Power and W. E. Zwicky.

The property is a rich silver-lead prospect on which very little work has so far been done. The purchase price has not been made public, but we understand the figure is a good one. The Rio is located in the McGuigan basin above the Rambler, and a rich ore showing was uncovered near the surface some time ago. A car of ore is now at the sampler here being tested before shipment to the smelter and while no definite statement has been given out as to its value, it will go several hundred ozs in silver and carry a high percentage of lead per ton.

It is the intention of the now owners

IN THE MATTER OF THE MUNICIPAL CLAUSES ACT AND AMENDMENTS THEREOF

and IN THE MATTER OF THE MANHATTAN SALOON

Take notice that I. W. E. Jarrett intend to apply to the board of licensees to be held on or after the 25th day of September, 1908, for leave to transfer the license on lot one (1), block six (6), in the City of Nelson, from myself to Daniel Desail and Timothy W. O'Leary.

Dated at Nelson, B. C., this 21st day of August, 1908.

W. E. JARRETT,
MRS. R. E. MCKITTRICK,
14-8-08

to organize a company to exploit the property and work will commence at once. W. J. H. Holmes left this morning to survey a short tunnel for the purpose of tapping at depth the ore shoot above. The Rio is only a prospect at present but has every assurance of being a rich mine in the near future.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Doloris Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About 2000 feet east of the Queen Victoria mine. TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, acting as agent for Aaron H. Kelly, Free Miner's Certificate No. B1548, and Thomas Brown, Free Miner's Certificate No. B1548, intend, sixty days from date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 23rd day of September, A.D. 1908.

F. C. GREEN, Nelson, B.C.

NOTICE

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Joint and Double Joint Mineral Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Fawn Creek. TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, acting as agent for Joseph Edgar Read, F. M. C. B. 704; Napoleon Gagnon, F. M. C. B. 704; and John Peppin, Free Miner's Certificate No. E. 15,750, intend, sixty days from date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 14th day of September, A. D. 1908.

F. C. GREEN, Nelson, B. C.

NOTICE

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Kiruna, Kiruna Fraction and Butterfly Fraction mineral claims, situate in the Nelson mining division of West Kootenay District. Where located: Adjoining the Queen Victoria mineral claim, near Besley siding. TAKE NOTICE that I, Wm. S. Drewry, acting as agent for J. P. Swedberg, free miner's certificate No. B1561, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for certificates of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under

section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 12th day of August, A. D. 1908.

13-3-08 W. S. DREWRY.

Certificate of Improvements

Foghorn Fraction Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Wild Horse Creek adjoining Foghorn Mineral Claim. TAKE NOTICE that I, Arthur Bernard Buckworth, acting as agent for F. E. Robbins, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 7335, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 27th day of June, A. D. 1908.

ARTHUR B. BUCKWORTH.

LAND NOTICES

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Lorne Stewart, of Nelson, B. C., occupation clerk, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner of lot 22, E. Church, Agent.

August 10, 1908. MIKE EGAN, Agent.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that Harold Tyldesley Bleasdel, of Toronto, occupation bookkeeper, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at N. W. corner of lot 207, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, to point of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.

HAROLD TYLDESLEY BLEASDEL, Agent.

Dated June 27th, 1908. 27-7-08

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that James Finch of Crescent valley, occupation rancher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the west bank of the Slocan river, near the N. E. corner of lot No. 663, thence west 22 chains to the easterly boundary of lot 10; thence north to the Slocan river; thence southeasterly along the bank of the said river to point of commencement, being about 40 acres more or less.

JAMES FINCH.

Dated Oct. 1, 1908. 5-10-08.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that William Henry Bleasdel, of Toronto, occupation commercial traveler, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at N. W. corner of lot 207, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.

WM. HENRY BLEASDEL, Agent.

Dated 27th June, 1908. 27-7-08

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Frank F. Siemens, of Renata, B. C., occupation rancher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the southeast corner of lot 624, Group One, running 30 chains south; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres more or less.

PETER H. SIEMENS, Agent for FRANK SIEMENS.

Dated 14th day of September, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Edward Stickle, of Erie, B. C., occupation miner, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted about two miles from the mouth of Wilson Creek, and about 800 feet south of the south bank thence North 30 chains; thence West 30 chains; thence South 30 chains; thence East 30 chains to point of commencement, containing 150 acres more or less.

EDWARD STICKLE, Agent.

Dated September 28th, 1908. 5-4-08 FRANK F. SIEMENS, Locator.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Sidney Leary, of Burton City, occupation rancher, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted alongside of a post marked Lot 427, up Mosquito Creek on the West Boundary of Lot 470, near S. W. Corner and running South 160 chains; West 30 chains; thence North 160 chains; thence East 40 chains.

EDWARD STICKLE, Agent.

Dated 8th day of August, 1908. 8-3-08

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Sidney Leary, of Burton City, occupation rancher, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at the north corner of lot 813, thence south 30 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence north 30 chains, thence east 30 chains, to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

EMILY MARY JOHNSTONE, Agent.

Dated September 7th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Peter Bergman of the town of Fern, in the province of Manitoba, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the west boundary of lot 277, C1 (about five miles from Arrow lake, on Mosquito Creek) and 21 chains 7 links south of the northwest corner of said lot, running thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

CHARLES MARSHALL, Agent.

Dated September 7th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Peter Bergman of the town of Fern, in the province of Manitoba, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of Abram Henry Leopold's application to purchase and running thence west 30 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 8 chains 2 links; thence east 40 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence north 30 chains to point of commencement, and containing 60 acres, more or less.

PETER BERGMAN, Locator.

Dated September 7th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that Frank F. Siemens, of Renata, B. C., occupation rancher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted about twenty feet from the middle fork of Dog Creek about six miles from the Arrow lake, marked "Frank F. Siemens' N.E. corner," thence south 30 chains; thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 60 acres more or less.

PETER H. SIEMENS, Agent for FRANK SIEMENS.

Dated 14th day of September, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Peter Bergman of the town of Fern, in the province of Manitoba, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the west boundary of lot 277, C1 (about five miles from Arrow lake, on Mosquito Creek) and 21 chains 7 links south of the northwest corner of said lot, running thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

CHARLES MARSHALL, Agent.

Dated September 7th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Peter Bergman of the town of Fern, in the province of Manitoba, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the west boundary of lot 277, C1 (about five miles from Arrow lake, on Mosquito Creek) and 21 chains 7 links south of the northwest corner of said lot, running thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

CHARLES MARSHALL, Agent.

Dated September 7th, 1908.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY.

Take notice that I, Peter Bergman of the town of Fern, in the province of Manitoba, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:

Commencing at a post planted on the west boundary of lot 277, C1 (about five miles from Arrow lake, on Mosquito Creek) and 21 chains 7 links south of the northwest corner of said lot, running thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more or less.

CHARLES MARSHALL, Agent.

Dated September 7th, 1908.

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VIOLATED

Liberal Campaign Grave Site
ARRESTED IN

A GRIT CONSPIRACY
ELECTION LAW
EXPOSURE HAS
GREAT SENSATION
THE SEA.

HALIFAX, Oct. 9.—In the election case today that has caused the summoning before Charles Her Creighton on a charge of violating the election law is an indication that the liberal candidate the chairman of the ward 6. Conspiracy law is an indication that evidence are published tonight. There is a copy of the evidence by Charles Henry to officials in the marine department.

"Oct. 16, 1908, Ge Dear sir, I recommend Robert Cook, for ward 6. Yours truly, M. Carney, per Charles Henry.

The evidence is more than appears on the surface say that this political canard, but it will be followed for the purpose of exposing all glibly parties.

ST. JOHN, Oct. 9.—Kinnon of this city, arrested today on a charge of violating the election law, charged with voting of King's legged that McKinnon voters of that their peculiar industry themselves from the said that the price of for staying away and the election was \$2. It is charged that the liberal interests, before a magistrate in mandant until October 14 at \$500.

ENGLISH TRADE

Experts Say a Definite Movement Has Begun

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Experts are of the opinion that a definite movement has begun in the iron and steel industry, and that a definite movement has begun in the iron and steel industry, and that a definite movement has begun in the iron and steel industry.

EASY SH

Qual and Pheasant

—In Nana Victoria, B. C., the suburbs of Victoria, but it is sold anywhere else that show themselves streets. Last Thursday of half a dozen appearance on John the heart of the city made things lively and shopkeepers were them. And now comes a story sent by the Colonist of this have birds been seen that town, twice but on one occasion slderately flew into