The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

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THE McGILL MARITIME CLUB

Prosperous Year Closed With an Enjoyable Banquet

A BANNER SEASON

Officers Who Were Elected at the Annual Meeting—List of the New Brunswick Students at the University.

Strathcona Hall, 348 St. Catherine St., West, Montreal, Que., April 7—A most enjoyable banquet at St. Lawrence Hall, on March 25, brought to a finish one of the most prosperous years the McGill Maritime Club has experienced since its organization. Over 100 Maritime men joined to enjoy together the final dinner of the year. Needless to say, it was a huge success, and all goes to show that the Maritime club here at McGill is a deep-rooted, and well-established factor at this university. The club includes all those students coming from the provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Newfoundland, and boasts of having something in the neighborhood of two hundred members, and everyone an enthusiastic Maritime man. Why should he not be?

For this year's success we are largely indebted to our retiring president, G. M. Geldert, of Medicine '13, who has spared neither time nor energy to make the year a banner one.

At the annual meeting on April 4, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Hon. Pres.—J. A. Nicholson, M. A.
Hon. Vice-Pres.—D. A. Murray, Ph. D.
Pres.—H. B. O'Leary, Arts '15.
Vice-Pres.—W. F. Taylor, Med. '14.
Sec.—B. O. Kinney, Med. '16.
Treas.—M. L. Boswell, Sci. '15.

Representatives from the provinces:
New Brunswick—B. S. Kinney, Med. '16. H. S. Everett, Arts '16.
Nova Scotia—F. G. Gullison, Med. '16; H. A. Murray, Sci. '15.
Prince Edward Island—W. F. Taylor, Med. '14; M. L. Boswell, Sci. '14.
Newfoundland—G. B. Cross, Med. '17.

Following is a list of the New Brunswick students at McGill:

Law.

J. McNaughton, Chatham.
D. Gillmour, St. George.
N. Newcombe, St. John (83 Laurier Ave., W. Ottawa).

Medicine.

P. Nase, St. John (109 Hutchinson street, City).
W. A. Brown, Moncton.
A. M. Fisher, Woodstock.
M. L. Jewett, Keswick.
A. E. London, Canterbury.
C. T. London, Canterbury.
W. W. Ruddick, St. John.
J. McK. Wathen, Harcourt.
D. G. Wiley, Andover.
J. M. Donneley, St. John.
B. F. McNaughton, Hillsboro.
J. W. West, Moncton.
B. O. Kinney, Florenceville.
W. B. Ord, McAdam Junction.
J. A. O'Regan, St. John.
J. F. L. Brown, Middle Southampton.
E. W. Lunney, St. John.
H. S. Clark, St. John.
H. M. Gillmour, St. George
J. F. Nugent, St. John.
F. J. Scully, St. John.
G. A. Sproul, Chatham.
C. W. Sullivan, Woodstock.
H. S. Wright, Upper Southampton.

Arts.

D. C. Skinner, St. John.
H. S. Everett, St. John.
R. McKay, St. John.
H. B. O'Leary, Richibucto.
C. J. Kearney, Woodstock.
A. B. Whiteside, Plaster Rock.

Science.

G. W. Dibble, Moore's Mills.
T. L. Lynch, Fredericton.
K. M. Campbell, Fredericton.
K. S. Pickard, Sackville.
C. C. Ryan, Sackville.
E. D. King, Chipman.
L. M. Macdonald, St. John.
T. M. Morrow, St. John.
W. A. Anglin, St. John.
R. R. Allingham, Woodstock.
G. K. Ferguson, Moncton.
W. S. Lockard, Moncton.
C. G. MacDougall, Moncton.
J. S. Blight, Hillsboro.
R. B. Duffy, Hopewell Cape.
M. J. Marshall, McAdam Junction.
S. A. Ord, McAdam Junction.
P. P. Loggie, Fredericton.
F. F. Francis, Salisbury.
J. S. Parker, Tynemouth Creek.

CONDENSED NEWS; LOCAL AND GENERAL

T. Q. Charleson of Ottawa has been warded the contract for building a wharf Quaco, N. B., at a cost of $16,000.

Three cow moose were seen on Friday st feeding in a field off the Garnettville ad, Loch Lomond, and the farmers in at district say that the animals have en seen several times between Loch Lomond and Ben Lomond.

Messrs. Blenkhorn & Sons, Canning (N. , whose axe factory was burned March have already begun rebuilding, and expect to begin making axes in about six eks. They were partially insured, and te a large stock of finished work was ored in a building which escaped the e. They will be able to fill all orders fall delivery.

The application for incorporation for establishing a telephone system connecting ints between the St. John and Kennebecasis Rivers was decided upon recently a meeting of delegates from Summerville, Holderville, Long Reach and hitehead, which was held here. As soon the letters of incorporation are granted company will proceed with the erection of their lines. They will conect with N. B. Telephone Company at Reed's int, but will be separate from that company in every other respect. Among those the meeting were Joseph Sleep and J allion, Summerside; S. McColgan, Holdville; Frank Gorham, A. D. Gorham, H. Williams, and David Williams, Long each; John Edwards and C. Fulton, hite Head.

SAYS GEORGIAN BAY CANAL IS IN SIGHT

Sir Robert Perks Is Hopeful

Will Cut the Charges of Carrying Grain to One-sixth of Rate Now

British M. P. Declares Canada Should Have Shipyards at St. John, Halifax, St. Lawrence and Pacific Coast Ports—Says People Have Accepted Irish Home Rule.

Canadian Press

Montreal, April 14—"Considering the changed attitude of the great Canadian railways toward the construction of the Georgian Bay canal, the government's extension of time to our company and the general trend of public opinion, as it is, that great work will before long be considered an absolute necessity to interprovincial trade," said Sir R. W. Perks, ex-M. P. of the British parliament, who is at the Ritz-Carlton.

"The proposed discrimination against Canadian ships as to the use of the Panama canal, will do a great deal toward showing the Canadian people the stern necessity of looking after their own waterways," said Sir Robert.

"The Georgian Bay canal will make the cost of bringing grain from Port Arthur to Montreal one-sixth of what it is today by land.

"You will not be able to build a Dreadnought in Canada for many years, but I am firmly of the opinion that Canada should have shipyards at St. John and Halifax, on the St. Lawrence and on the Pacific coast."

Sir Robert said that a spirit of compromise with regard to Irish Home Rule appeared to him the day John Redmond and many Irish peers seemed to participate in it. Mr. Redmond was said to have suggested that a veto power as to the acts of an Irish parliament should be placed by legislation in the hands of the British parliament for a certain length of time, irrespective of the inherent right of the crown in that regard, this as a concession to the Protestants of Ulster.

FOUND NO BERGS IN STEAMERS' LANE

British Patrol Ship at St. John's for Coal Will Start on Hunt for Any Further North.

St. John's, N. F., April 14—The British steamer Scotia, which has been commissioned to patrol the North Atlantic as an ice patrol during the spring and early summer months in conjunction with the United States revenue cutters, put in here today for coal after a three weeks' tour of duty on the Grand Banks.

Although ice has been reported at several points off the coast, the Scotia sighted no bergs in the steamer lanes.

After icebergs are encountered, the position of these menaces to navigation are to be communicated to the ocean liners, with such information as may be available as to the probable drift of the ice.

MRS. PANKHURST TORE UP HER TICKET-OF-LEAVE

London, April 14—Speaking at the weekly "rally" of the militant suffragettes' organization, the Women's Social and Political Union, "General" Mrs. Flora Drummond announced today Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst had been given a fortnight's rest from jail. The speaker told how the militant leader had torn up the license given to her on her release, which she said went back to Holloway jail in the cab.

FOUR NEW YOAK POLICE OFFICIALS INDICTED FOR GRAFT

New York, April 14—A blanket indictment charging conspiracy, was returned today by the grand jury investigating alleged graft in the police department, against Captains Dennis Sweeney, John J. Murtha, James E. Hussey and James F. Thompson. All of the indicted police officers were formerly inspectors.

THEOLOGICAL COLLEGES MAY BE FEDERATED

Plan Afoot for Co-operative work of Wesleyan, Presbyterian, Anglican and Congregational Institutions Affiliated with McGill.

Montreal, April 14—Warm expressions of approval of the co-operative work of the theological colleges of Montreal affiliated with McGill, are coming from prominent men in many parts of Canada, and the view generally taken is that the movement must lead to even greater results than were at first expected from it.

N. W. Rowell, K.C., leader of the Liberal party in the Ontario legislature, writes:

"I look upon the federated theological college in Montreal as one of the most significant and hopeful signs of our times. It indicates the practicability of more effective co-operation between the different christian communions than has hitherto been found possible. This means much for the cause of christianity, much for the future welfare of our country."

The Rev. Dr. Clarence MacKinnon, principal of the Presbyterian College at Halifax (N. S.), writes:

"The proposal to establish at Montreal, the commercial capital of Canada, a federated theological college formed by the co-operation of the Wesleyan Presbyterian, Anglican and Congregational colleges, must appeal strongly to all who believe both in our common christian faith and in our Canadian destiny."

"Nothing more hopeful has occurred in our time in Canada than this forward movement of the colleges," writes Rother dignity professor. "And these institutions, splendid as their work already, must combine to expand and widen the range of their activities to keep pace with the great opportunities ever unfolding before them."

HORRIBLE DEED OF CRAZED MAN

Killed His Four Children and Himself—Wife, on Returning from Work, First to Discover the Tragedy.

Fitchburg, Mass., April 14—Ernest Moschner, aged 35, murdered his four children, and then killed himself by shooting at his home on Rollstone street today. Continued ill-health made the man temporarily insane, the police believe.

Moschner's wife, on returning from work, discovered the bodies of her children and husband with bullet holes in their heads. The murdered children are Elsie, aged 12; Myrtle, aged 11; Norman, aged 8 and Ernest, aged 6.

According to the police the children were playing in the yard when their father called them upstairs to his bedroom. There, from the marks of the muddy feet, the officers believe he lined the children up in front of the bed.

While the children half frightened by their father's manner, were gazing at him Haschner drew a 22-calibre revolver and fired at his elder daughter, Elsie. The bullet entered the head near the left ear, causing instant death. The other children then broke from the room madly. Ernest, the youngest child, was found lifeless on the floor of a closet in the front room on the same floor. This shot, too, entered the left side of the head just below the temple. Myrtle and Norman fled down stairs. There, Myrtle sought vain refuge in a closet. Her maddened father was too quick for her, his unerring aim bringing her down just as she stumbled over the threshold.

From appearance, only one of the children had any chance for self-defence. Norman, the older boy, was found in the coal bin, his torn clothes and the blood spattered club beside him gave mute evidences of his brave but futile struggle.

Moschner then retraced his steps, first covering up Norman's body with rags and boards. Halting at the closet on the first floor he covered Myrtle's body. Then entering his bedroom he drew a sheet over Elsie's form as it lay on the bed, and standing beside her, sent a bullet into his brain causing instant death. Two hours later Mrs. Moschner came home. Missing the sounds of the children's voices and noticing the overturned furniture she rushed upstairs to her husband's room and found his body and Elsie's. She fell in a dead faint and when she recovered, ran shrieking out of the house to call her neighbors.

Killed Sister While Insane.

Rockland, Me., April 14—Clarence Curtis, was found not guilty by reason of insanity of the murder of his sister, Gracie Curtis, after the jury had listened for a few moments today to his irrational talk of the defendant.

NO GAG PARLIAMENT FOR A FREE PEOPLE

Hon. Mr. Oliver Flays Closure

Declares Government Seeks to Establish a Dictatorship and Stifle Discussion—Have No Mandate for a $35,000,000 Gift—Speaker Rules Out Liberal Point of Order.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, April 14—The government's proposal for closure and the insult to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on Thursday last, when the floor was taken from him by a vote of the majority, led by Premier Borden, and when Premier Borden himself shouted across the floor to Sir Wilfrid: "Sit down, sit down," were the chief topics debated in parliament today.

"There has been no obstruction against legislation," said Hon. Frank Oliver, in resuming the debate this afternoon. "The defence of obstruction has been employed against coercion." The government proposed to change a free parliament into a dictatorship and to substitute for discussion mere assent.

"Parliament is the clearing house for the thought of the people of Canada," he declared. "The government would make it a place where the will of the government is to be registered with or without discussion, as it suits the head of that government."

In the present instance the opposition believed that the government was not representing the real wishes of the people. A vote of $35,000,000 was asked without any real information being given as to what obligations were discharged or what obligations were undertaken. When the Liberals asked for information the government replied with the gag.

The question at issue was the rights of the people to make their will known through their representatives in parliament. "You can't have a gag parliament and a free people."

Point of Order Ruled Out.

As is possible thought not probable, that Premier Borden's motion for closure may be thrown out. A. K. McLean raised the point of order that the required two days notice had not been given and the speaker took the point under advisement.

If he rules with the Liberals the fight may be prolonged beyond expectation. However, the Liberals have small hopes, though they believe the point good.

At 1.30 this morning, Speaker Sproule briefly announced that it was clear to him that the MacLean-Pardee amendment was out of order. He said that parliamentary usage within his recollection had been that the "previous question" could be moved without notice.

"Since parliamentary usage had apparently been thrown to the winds by the government in the very resolution now before the house," commented Hon. Mr. Graham, "perhaps it would be well for us now to stick to a literal interpretation of the rules."

"The point will probably be raised again tomorrow.

LAST DAY TO FILE TITANIC CLAIMS

Suits for More Than $10,000,000 Damages Have Already Been Started Against Company.

New York, April 14—Tomorrow, the first anniversary of the sinking of the steamship Titanic, has been set as the last day on which claims against the Oceanic Steamship Company, owners of the ill-fated ship, can be filed in the United States District Court for the loss of life and property. Damages in excess of $10,000,000 have already been asked.

The last day for filing claims was originally set for Feb. 11, but the time was extended. Up to that time a total of $8,000,000 in alleged damages had been demanded of the company. Ninety-nine claims, aggregating $2,216,000, have been filed since that date, and more may be added tomorrow.

The amount in which the Oceanic Steamship Company is liable will be announced in a decision to be handed down this week by the United States District Court. The ninety-nine claims filed since Feb. 11 are principally those of persons seeking to recover for the death of sailors and steerage passengers.

The largest suit is for $510,000 for the death of Clarence Moore, who was a broker of Washington (D. C.) Another large claim is for $50,000. It is made on behalf of the mother and father of Ama Skoog, who was lost with her husband and three children.

WILL HOLD COMMANDERS RESPONSIBLE IF LIQUOR IS SOLD IN CAMPS

Ottawa, April 14—The minister of militia has issued a letter to the commanders of divisions, districts, brigades, regiments, etc., announcing that the department will not accept the excuse this year that the officer in command did not know that liquor was being sold in camp. It will be the business of the officer to prevent any liquor going into camp for such purposes. The officers in command of camps will be held strictly responsible if the regulations against the canteen are broken.

WHO ORDERED THE POLICE TO ATTEND PARLIAMENT?

Hon. Mr. McLean Asks by Whose Authority Bluecoats Were on Hand at Introduction of Closure Bill—Borden and Speaker Deny Having a Hand in It—Hazen Waxes Warm Over Report That He Sought Protection.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, April 14—Just how far members of the government and their supporters were attacked by physical fright after the scenes which marked the Rogers-Borden attempt to gag and insult Sir Wilfrid Laurier in parliament last Wednesday, is an interesting source of amused speculation in the parliamentary corridors. Accordingly there was not a little interest and amusement when Hon. Mr. MacLean, of Halifax, drew attention when the house met this afternoon, to the presence of police in the chamber immediately following the howling down of the Liberal leader.

The presence of the police was reported in the London (Eng.) press, Mr. MacLean pointed out, and in the Montreal Herald and other Canadian newspapers. For this reason he directed attention to it as a matter of privilege. As a matter of fact, he had witnessed the entrance of the police into the chamber. Whatever indiscretions honorable members on either side of the house might be guilty of there was never any necessity for police intercession to maintain peace and order. Such actions, he continued, tended to bring the house unnecessarily into disrepute. There was no reason whatever why one or more policemen should have made appearance on the floor of the chamber.

Mr. MacLean contended that some explanation was forthcoming from whoever had seen fit to order the presence of the police.

Premier Borden maintained that he had not read the reports nor observed the presence of the police.

"There is absolutely no doubt as to their presence. I saw at least one officer myself," Mr. MacLean replied.

Mr. Borden protested that "no one on this side of the house had anything to do with ordering their presence."

Speaker Sproule said he had given no order for any police to be brought in. It was, however, usual to have an officer take charge of the chamber during the dinner recess. "I certainly made no order for the presence of the police," commented the speaker.

Hazen Denies Report.

Then rose Hon. Mr. Hazen, the minister who first rose to prevent Sir Wilfrid speaking. He saw in some papers of the Liberal press a statement to the effect that he had rushed to the room of the chief whip and demanded protection. "It is hardly necessary to say that these reports do not contain anything of the essential element of truth," commented Mr. Hazen. He added that he was "able to defend myself if there were any necessity."

"Surely honorable gentlemen did not seek protection from outside when they are fifty stronger than we are," observed Sir Sir Wilfrid Laurier, amid laughter and applause.

It was noticed that the government did not state who ordered in the police.

Three Russians by birth, now Canadian citizens, and Alberta homesteaders, had been sent to Siberia for life for failing to undertake military duty for the land of their birth during the Russian-Japanese war, according to the report from Calgary, to which Sir Wilfrid Laurier briefly directed the attention of parliament this afternoon. It was stated that the British authorities found it impossible to interfere in their behalf.

"The case illustrates the difficulties which may arise in connection with naturalization in Canada, to which the attention of the government has already been directed," observed the Liberal leader, "and the need for some uniformity and co-operation in British naturalization in the overseas dominions." He asked if it was the intention of the government to take the matter up with the British authorities, with a view to having them take action on behalf of the three men in question.

Premier Borden said he had not heard of the case. He would, however, take the matter up with the minister of justice with a view to seeing whether representations should be made by Canada.

TOWER OF FLOWERS ON MORGAN'S GRAVE

Financier Laid to Rest Alongside His Fathers—Lavish Floral Tributes of Friends Filled Two Motor Trucks—Committal Service in Tent Erected Over Place of Interment.

Canadian Press

Hartford, Conn., April 14—The body of J. P. Morgan is at rest. It was buried today on the crest of Cedar Hill cemetery, the sixth of the house of Morgan to find resting places there.

His grave is to the west of the great monument of red granite that marks the family plot. To the east lie his father, Junius Spencer Morgan, his mother and a brother, who died in boyhood. To the north are the graves of his grandparents, Joseph and Sarah.

Like the others, the grave of the new comer will be marked by a small brown headstone inscribed "John Pierpont Morgan, 1836-1913." In lieu of a headstone there towers tonight a monument of flowers, masses of roses, orchids, ferns and cedar boughs, heaped in a huge pyramid over the grave. They are the last tributes of friends and relatives who came here with the body today in a special train from New York after funeral services in St. George's church.

Hartford, the financier's birthplace, had its flags at half mast, under a lowering sky when the seven-car funeral train, manned with a crew that had manned Mr. Morgan's special during life, arrived shortly after 2 o'clock bearing seventy-five mourners.

An immense crowd was at the station and people packed the sidewalks three deep as the funeral party drove through the streets of the city, three and a half miles to the cemetery. The route led by the little red brick house in which the financier was born, which was draped today in black, and by the great marble memorial building, recently erected by Mr. Morgan, in honor of his father, its door hung with a mourning wreath.

There were over fifty carriages in the procession, including those of the mayor of Hartford, the Rev. Charles A. Goodwin, a cousin of Mr. Morgan, and other distinguished citizens of the city. Two large automobile trucks carried the flowers.

Tent Over Grave.

Over the seven feet of earth allotted to the financier, as his last resting place, there had been erected a large white tent, church-like in appearance with a chancel at one end. In the centre of this chancel was the grave, its cement sides lined with red roses. Beyond it, completely covering the wall of the tent in brilliant color were heaped the floral tributes—those of the family, the German Emperor William's withered wreath brought from Rome and those of intimate friends.

When the funeral party arrived, Mrs. J. P. Morgan, the widow, leaning on the arm of her son, was the first to enter. Seats had been provided, but all the mourners standing, Bishop Chauncy L. Brewster, of Connecticut, intoned the Episcopal committal service as the coffin was brought in, followed by the honorary pall bearers. A curtain was drawn across the entrance to the tent to screen the ceremonies from the gaze of the curious.

"We therefore commit his body to the ground, earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust, looking for the general resurrection at the last day and the life of the world to come."

These were the words with which the financier's body was lowered into its grave at 3.40 o'clock. The Lord's prayer was chanted by the mourners, and, with the benediction, the ceremonies, lasting scarcely ten minutes, were over.

J. P. Morgan escorted his mother to her carriage. Then while the other mourners were driving away, he went back with his son, Junius, and stood with bowed head and tear-filled eyes until they threw the last spadeful on the grave.

The Funeral Party.

The funeral party included:

Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., Miss Anne Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mr. and Mrs. W. Pearson Hamilton, Junius S. Morgan, Miss Jane Morgan, Miss Frances Morgan, Master Harry Morgan, Miss Telen Morgan Hamilton, Masters Pierpont Morgan Hamilton, Alexander Hamilton and Lawrence Hamilton, Mrs. Junius Morgan, Mrs. James J. Goodwin, Fred Sturgis, Miss May Sturgis, Miss Frances Hoppin, Mrs. Hoppin, Miss Mabel Satterlee, Miss Eleanor Satterlee, J. J. Morgan, Mrs. Frances Gordon Brown, Mrs. J. Carney Warren, Mrs. Florence Rhett, Mrs. Charles E. Tracy, Miss Anne Tracy, Miss Caroline Morgan and Mrs. Jacob P. Rogers, all relatives.

In addition there were on board E. T. Stotesbury, Arthur Newbold, H. C. Lloyd, Harman J. Harjes, Charles Steele, Temple Bowdoin, H. P. Davidson, Thomas W. Lamont and W. B. Porter, partners in the various Morgan banking houses; Dr. George Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. J. Beaver Webb, Thomas F. Ryan, D. B. Hollins, James G. King, Frances Lynde Stetson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fairfield Osborne, and Mrs. W. C. Osborne; Bishops Lawrence and Brewster, the Rev. Carl Reiland, the Rev. Endicott Peabody, of Boston; the honorary pall bearers and the ten oldest clerks in the office of J. P. Morgan & Company.

Deaf Mute Killed by Train.

Ottawa, April 14—J. Relisle, a deaf mute was killed by a C. P. R. train at Breckenridge (Que.), this morning. He was walking the tracks when run down. He leaves a wife and four small children.

POPE'S CONDITION MUCH IMPROVED

Doctors See Hope of Recovery

Alarming Symptoms of Yesterday Have Disappeared

Pontiff, in Good Spirits, Tells of Dream in Which His Dead Sister Appeared to Him and Told Him He Had Not Finished His Work on Earth.

Canadian Press

Rome, April 14—The pope has rallied in a wonderful manner from the serious attack which he suffered yesterday. He appeared to be on the point of death last night. The physicians' report tonight indicates that the danger point, for the present at least, has been passed.

Dr. Amici paid a visit to the sickroom shortly before midnight. Although the pope's temperature had increased slightly, he found his general condition satisfactory. He administered a heart stimulant, and shortly the pope went to sleep. Throughout the day the temperature was normal. The pulse remained at about 85 and the respiration 26. This indicated a considerable amelioration in the bronchial symptoms, which was evidenced by easier breathing and freedom from long periods from cough.

In addition the pope was able to take some nourishment and he showed much interest in what was happening about him. When Prof. Marchiafava allowed the pontiff's nephew to enter the room, there was an affecting scene. The frail and aged pontiff and the young and robust priest embraced tenderly, the latter being unable to restrain his emotion at finding the pope so changed physically.

Prof. Marchiafava tonight repeated his assurances that if prudence were exercised the pope would recover. He declared that his examination of the chest showed that the inflammation which yesterday was marked on the left side, had been checked, and was actually diminishing, while the bronchial sounds were less noticeable.

The Pope's Dream.

After his afternoon sleep, it was observed that the pontiff looked very bright and happy. Although he was advised not to talk he insisted on explaining how he had just awakened from a most wonderful dream. He seemed, he said, to have returned to his beloved Venice; that he was in his patriarchial gondola on the grand canal. Everything was blazing with sunlight when suddenly above St. Mark's the sky opened and he saw a vision of his dead sister, Rosa, who descending towards him, took his hand, saying:

"The moment has not yet come for you to join me. Your work is not yet finished."

The sisters of the pope and his niece are happy in having the pope's nephew with them, as he is most hopeful for the recovery of the pontiff and keeps up their spirits. Cardinal Kopp, Archbishop of Breslau is expected soon to arrive. He has the highest veneration for the pope and being affected by the reports of the pontiff's serious condition, desires, even if he cannot see him, to be near him in Rome.

TO MAKE STREET RAILWAY GIVE PROPER SERVICE

London, Ont., Mayor Threatens Company with Cancellation of Franchise if Reform is Not Made.

London, Ont., April 14—"We will cancel the franchise of the London street railway 'ere the year is out if the officials don't give us a proper service. That is no idle threat. We mean business, and the sooner the London street railway finds this out the better for all parties concerned."

The above statement was made today by Mayor Graham when discussing the company. Checkers will be on duty tomorrow and for several days will see what time the various cars make. A report will be made as soon as possible after that and then the company will be made to live up to the schedule. According to his worship, it will be a battle to a finish.

"The directors must put in the double tracks agreed upon," continued the mayor, "and must get new cars, and they must maintain a proper schedule."

TO ISSUE BONDS FOR FAIR GROUNDS

Moncton City Council Decides to Complete Purchase—St. George's Church Annual Meeting.

Moncton, N. B., April 14—(Special)—The city council tonight authorized the issue of bonds to the extent of $28,000 for the purpose of taking over the Moncton Exhibition Association property. The association has agreed to accept $25,000 cash and one year's interest, amounting in all to $28,100.

The council passed a resolution approving of a resolution to be presented at the Union of Canadian Municipalities, calling upon the federal and various provincial governments to construct a national highway across Canada.

The adjourned annual meeting of St. George's church was held this evening. The church wardens reported a small balance on the right side of the ledger, and the income larger than ever before in the history of the church. Officers were elected as follows: Church wardens, J. G. Wran, S. L. Shannon; treasurer, A. N. Charters; vestry clerk, W. A. Cowperthwaite; vestrymen, W. A. Cowperthwaite, A. N. Charters, G. G. Willett, J. S. O'Dwyer, H. S. Bell, G. H. Clarke, Samuel Watters, Samuel Gordon, Wm. Powell, J. Myles, G. A. Dodge, W. Hunter; delegates to synod, S. L. Shannon, R. W. Hewson, G. B. Willett; ushers, S. Gordon, Arthur Stone.

A resolution was adopted touching the death of the late Ven. Archdeacon Pentreath, in Vancouver, to the effect that the parish of St. George's church, Moncton, at their annual meeting, desire to place on record their sense of the value of the services rendered to the church by the late Ven. Archdeacon Pentreath, who was rector of St. George's from 1874 to 1882.

EFFICIENCY TO COUNT FIRST IN PICKING OFFICERS

Minister of Militia Announces the Kind of Men He Will Send to British Manoeuvres This Summer.

Ottawa, April 14—Efficiency is going to count first with the minister of militia in the selecton of a number of officers to attend the manoeuvres and courses this summer in England, who will be sent over at the expense of the militia department.

Among those who will go will be commanders of brigades, regiments and companies. The minister has announced that no officer will be selected who has not proved himself efficient during the past and whose commanders are not in a high state of efficiency.

He Suits Britain.

Washington, April 14—Great Britain has formally responded to the American inquiry as to the acceptability of Walter H. Page, as American ambassador to the court of St. James. Mr. Page is persona grata to the British government, and his nomination will be sent to the senate by President Wilson tomorrow.

CARL HAGENBECK FAMOUS ANIMAL COLLECTOR, DEAD

Hamburg, Germany, April 14—Carl Hagenbeck, the animal collector and senior partner of the Handel's menagerie and Tier park at Stellingen, near Hamburg, died today. Carl Hagenbeck was born in 1844. His father, who had commenced the animal business in 1848 with a few seals and a polar bear brought to Hamburg by a whaler, transferred the business to him when he was 21 years of age. In 1871 he began to exhibit a collection of the representative animals of many countries, accompanied by troupes of natives, throughout Europe. The French government in 1891 awarded him the diploma of the Academy. Several sovereigns bestowed decorations on him.

INHUMAN PRESQUE ISLE STEP-MOTHER GETS TWO YEARS

Canadian Press

Houlton, Me., April 14—For cruelty to her stepchildren, Mrs. Susan Markee, of Presque Isle, was sentenced today to two years in state prison.

The evidence showed that she had broken the arm of a six-year-old girl and that the exposure to which she subjected a boy of seven had necessitated the amputation of his frozen toes.

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

ROTHESAY

Rothesay, April 10—The monthly business meeting of the local branch W. A. was held on Monday afternoon at the rectory. Mrs. Daniel, the president, presided. Reports were received and arrangements in connection with the annual meeting of the diocesan board, to be held at Trinity church, St. John, April 29 and 30 and May 1, completed. Miss Taylor read some very interesting selections on mission work.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ellison and Miss Florence Ellison, who have spent the winter here with Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Peters, went home to Apohaqui on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Herbert Flood arrived from St. John on Tuesday and are preparing to reopen their summer cottage here. They are for the present guests at the Kennedy House.

The steamship Virginian, by which Rev. John Mortimer was a passenger, arrived at Liverpool on Sunday.

It is expected that a large number of parents and friends of Rothesay College students will be present at the school on Thursday, April 17, when the boys are giving a variety entertainment in aid of the school chapel organ fund.

Miss Mary Coffey went to Hampton on Wednesday where she will spend a few days with Mr. William Robinson.

Mrs. David Magee and family were warmly welcomed home last week after having spent the past five months in St. John.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. James McMurray, president of the Loving Helpers' Mission Band, entertained the mothers and friends of the children very delightfully at her home. A programme appropriate to the David Livingstone centennial was given by the members, all of whom did their part well. Ice cream and cake was served, and words of appreciation spoken. The band is in a very flourishing condition, doing good work. A cradle roll has been added, with several members. Mrs. McMurray had charge of the exercises. Mrs. McFadzen presided at the piano and Miss Hattie McMurray assisted with the "map" work and gave a reading.

Mrs. John H. Thomson returned home from Boston on Saturday and has had as guests her little granddaughters, Misses Betty Thomson and Ruth Harrison, of St. John.

A largely attended and very successful entertainment was given in the Presbyterian hall last evening by the Social Club, which is closing the season's meetings this month. A programme of songs and recitations was much enjoyed. A very attractive candy table decorated with red and white was patronized by all. A "mystery bag" made fun for many. Refreshments were served, and a very pleasant evening closed with the singing of Auld Lang Syne and God Save the King. The committee appointed was Misses Jean Atwell, Clara and Ada Steeves, who were loyally supported by all the members.

Mr. Horace Longley is home from a trip to Halifax.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Foster have rented their cottage here to Mr. Fred. Peters, and much to the regret of their many Rothesay friends are planning to spend the summer at St. Andrews.

Miss Jessie Fraser is spending a few days this week with Mrs. J. H. Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Foster, of St. John, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Puddington at dinner on Friday evening.

Mrs. F. Brock, who has spent some months with her daughter, Mrs. T. E. Moore, and Mr. Moore, Los Angeles (Cal.), expects to leave there for home on the 20th inst.

Rev. G. F. Scovil, of St. John, Rev. Mr. Hunt, of England, and Rev. Mr. Thompson, emigration chaplain, were on Tuesday guests at Rothesay College.

The Ladies' Sewing Society were entertained by Misses Fairweather last Friday. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Fred. Foster.

Mrs. Swan, of Staten Island (N. Y.), is spending a few days on College Hill, having come with her son, who will attend the boys' school.

Miss Daniel entertained informally on Friday at a little sewing party for Miss Kendall, of Sydney, who is here visiting the Misses McKean.

Mrs. Fred. Foster is hostess today at an informal little sewing party, the guests being Miss Kendall, of Sydney; Miss McKean, Miss Muriel Fairweather, Miss Jean Daniel, Miss Dorothy McKean, Miss Nan Brock, Miss Dorothy Purdy and Miss Nan Fairweather.

Miss Katherine Bell is expected home from Boston on Saturday on a short vacation.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. J. W. Davidson entertained a few friends at a little thimble party.

Mrs. Hibbard is enjoying a visit from her niece and nephew, Mr. Fred Sharp and Miss Sharp, of England, who arrived a day or two ago. Mr. Sharp is leaving this week for Halifax.

Among recent visitors from the city was Mr. David Russell, who paid a visit to Rothesay friends.

Mrs. Domville is expected home on Saturday from a visit to Ottawa and Montreal.

Miss Mabel Gilbert returned from Boston on Friday after a pleasant stay of three weeks with friends.

The death of Mr. Elijah Kirkpatrick, which took place at Gondola Point on Saturday last, removes from the parish an old and respected resident. The funeral service, conducted by Rev. A. W. Daniel, was held in St. Luke's church, and the body laid to rest in the family lot, Gondola Point.

SACKVILLE

Sackville, April 9—Mrs. Fred Rainnie entertained a large number of lady friends at a most delightful bridge party on Saturday afternoon from 4 to 7. Guests were present for six tables. Supper was served at 8, the aides being Miss J. Oulton (Dorchester), Miss Kathleen McKenzie, Miss Kathleen McLatchey and Miss Jean Rainnie. Very handsome prizes were awarded to Mrs. A. B. Copp, Mrs. C. W. Cahill and Miss Alice Campbell. Those present were Mrs. D. S. Campbell, Mrs. H. H. Woodworth, Mrs. A. B. Copp, Mrs. H. Bigelow, Mrs. Crowell, Mrs. C. W. Cahill, Mrs. Trites, Mrs. F. B. Black, Mrs. J. W. S. Black, Mrs. H. E. Fawcett, Mrs. F. J. Allison, Mrs. A. W. Bennett, Mrs. H. C. Read, Mrs. G. H. McKenzie, Mrs. C. C. Avard, Mrs. C. W. Fawcett, Mrs. George Campbell, Mrs. Moss, Miss Lou Ford, Miss B. Carter, Miss L. Tweedie and Miss Alice Campbell. Mrs. James Rainnie and Mrs. Fred Fisher were guests at the tea hour.

Miss Isla Fawcett entertained at an informal dance on Friday evening. Among those present were Mrs. H. M. Wood, Mrs. C. W. Fawcett, Miss Lila Estabrooks, Miss Elnor Moss, Miss Gretchen Allison, Miss Marjorie Smith (Moncton), Miss Helen Wiggins, Miss Lou Ford, Miss Marjorie Bates, Mr. Ral. Trites, Mr. W. T. Wood, Mr. W. J. Heans, Mr. Don Fisher, Mr. M. Fisher, Mr. F. L. Ford, Mr. Falconer, Mr. Ruggles, Mr. Charlie Thompson, Mr. Walter Pickup and Mr. Arthur Moss.

Miss J. Richardson, who has been spending a couple of weeks in Fredericton, guest of the Rt. Hon. the Countess of Ashburnham, returned home on Saturday.

Miss Marjorie Smith, of Moncton, is spending a few days in town, guest of Miss Gretchen Allison.

Miss Ethel Andrews is visiting friends in St. John.

Miss Bessie Carter left last week for a month's visit to Boston.

Mrs. David Allison, who recently spent two weeks as the guest of Mrs. Vanwart, Fredericton, left last week for a trip to Philadelphia.

Mrs. E. M. Copp entertained Saturday afternoon at an informal tea in honor of Mrs. Bell, of Newcastle, who is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. B. Copp.

Miss Effie Johnson is visiting friends in Shediac.

Mrs. Arthur Ford, of Toronto, is spending a week in town, guest of Mrs. W. Turner.

Miss Nina Tait, of Dorchester, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Percy Black and Miss Helen Christie, of Amherst, spent the week-end in town, guests of Mrs. H. C. Read.

Mrs. Byers, of Rutherford (N. J.), Mrs. Lewis Gordon, of Greenwood (Mass.), and Mrs. Guy S. Moore, of Gloucester (Mass.), who were called home by the illness and subsequent death of their father, the late Capt. William Milner, left Saturday for their respective homes. They were accompanied by their mother, Mrs. Milner, who will spend several weeks visiting in Boston and vicinity.

On Saturday evening Mrs. H. C. Read entertained a large number of her friends at a very pleasant bridge of ten tables, when the prize winners were Miss Marjorie Smith (Moncton), and Mr. Ral. Trites. Among those present were Governor and Mrs. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Black, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. S. Black, Professor and Mrs. Crowell, Dr. and Mrs. Bigelow, Professor and Miss Tweedie, Mrs. H. M. Wood, Mrs. H. E. Fawcett, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Allison, Mrs. A. W. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McKenzie, Mr. and Miss Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Copp, Miss Isla Fawcett, Miss Gretchen Allison, Miss Marjorie Smith (Moncton), Miss Lou Ford, Miss Beatrice Fraser, Miss Marjorie Bates, Miss Helen Christie (Amherst), Mr. B. C. Rayworth, Mr. Percy Black (Amherst), Mr. R. Trites, Mr. W. T. Wood, Mr. Falconer, Mr. W. J. Heans and Mr. Pethick.

Mr. J. F. Falconer, who for some time has been accountant in the Royal Bank here, has been transferred to Moncton and leaves today for his new field of labor. He has been succeeded here by Mr. E. S. Reid, of Charlottetown but recently of North Sydney. The departure of Mr. Falconer from Sackville will occasion much regret. He has been popular with the customers of the bank, has been a success socially and has made many friends whose good wishes will follow him to the railway city.

Mr. Dwight Pickard received a telegram from Vancouver on Sunday morning informing him of the death in New York of Mr. Harry Sprague, eldest son of Capt. and Mrs. Sprague, of Vancouver, formerly of Sackville. The telegram gave no particulars other than to state that Mr. Sprague had died and that Capt. and Mrs. Sprague, accompanied by their son, Dr. William Sprague, who has been in poor health, were on their way by steamer from San Francisco to Vancouver and were expected to arrive any hour. Deceased leaves a wife, who was formerly Miss Milligan, of Shediac, and two children. He was an electrician and has been in robust health. His parents and one brother, Dr. C. W. Sprague, formerly of Sackville, survive. Mr. Sprague is well known in Westmorland county, where he has many friends to whom the news of his death will come as a shock.

Mrs. W. B. Fawcett entertained a number of her lady friends very pleasantly Saturday evening at a turkey supper. Among those present were Mrs. Bliss Anderson, Mrs. L. Anderson, Mrs. Bates, Mrs. E. M. Copp, Mrs. James Rainnie, Mrs. Silas Copp, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. A. B. Copp, Mrs. Robert Duncan, Mrs. Lee Dixon, Mrs. H. Pickard, Mrs. John Humphrey, Mrs. C. W. Cahill, Mrs. Fawcett, Mrs. E. Wheaton, the Misses Dunham, Miss Elderkin (Mt. Allison), and Miss Alice Phinney.

Mr. Seward Bowser, of Lynn (Mass.), and his sister, Mrs. Kimball, of the same city, who were called home on account of the serious illness of their father, Mr. E. K. Bowser, left on Saturday for home.

Messrs. P. G. Mahoney, of Melrose; Alex. Ford, H. E. Fawcett, F. L. Ford, Norman Fawcett and Murray Fawcett were in St. John last week attending the motor show.

The annual dance of the St. Paul's Church Club was held on Monday evening at the home of Mrs. D. S. Campbell, Weldon street. Among those present were Mrs. Frank Harris, Mrs. Frank Wry, Misses Isla Fawcett, Helen Wiggins, Lillian Fawcett, Lulu Damen, Dott Johnson, Martha Kaye, Lila Estabrook, Etta, Marjorie and Muriel Taylor, Ada and Helen Ford, Mary Robson, Mary Hazen, Maude Robson, Glennie and Alice Hanson, Jean Rainnie, Annie Elmon, Kathleen McKenzie, Emma Fillmore, Lillian Lawrence, Addie Wry, Florence and Jennie Gillis, Nell Turner, Messrs. Arthur Gillis, H. Wry, Roy Harper, R. Henderson, Payzant, B. Wilkinson, B. Matthews, Read, Turner, L. Woods, R. Andrews, W. Duncan, Malcolm and Bent.

The Monday Club met at the home of Mrs. F. J. Allison.

One of the very best concerts ever given in Sackville was the recital in the Charles Fawcett Memorial hall last Friday night by Misses Mary L. P. Smith and Lucia Fydell, assisted by Miss Janet Crowhurst, members of the staff of Mount Allison Conservatory of Music. Unfortunately the attendance was not as large from the town as it should have been. The people of the town are greatly favored in being able to attend recitals of so high a class as that given Friday night, and it is almost regrettable that more of our citizens do not avail themselves of the opportunity afforded them. The work of the three performers was exceptionally fine and elicited much appreciative applause. The blending of the voices of Misses Smith and Fydell in duetts was beautiful, while the vocal and piano solos by the three artists was markedly good. In fact, the concert was one that could be given in any large city anywhere with the certainty of its being well received and largely patronized.

One of the most delightful parties of the week was at the home of Mrs. A. H. McCready on Saturday evening, when the members of the public school staff were the guests of the Sackville W. C. T. U. Among others invited to meet the teachers were Dr. Baker, Miss Curtis and Mr. J. M. Palmer, of Mount Allison; the pastors of the various churches, and the members of the school committee in the Woman's Council. A short programme was carried out. Mrs. Humphrey gave a brief sketch of the Sackville union, more especially of its early days, showing that scientific temperance instruction in the public schools is the direct result of the active interest of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Mrs. Sprague was introduced as the provincial president. She reviewed the efforts made by the society for the enlightenment of the youth of our day. Mr. James M. Palmer expressed the belief that ninety per cent. of boys and young men fail in their school work and college work, because of the cigarette habit.

Mrs. W. Simpson, who has been spending the winter in Sackville, left last Saturday for Point de Chene.

Mrs. Bell, of Newcastle, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. B. Copp, left today for home.

The funeral of Captain William Milner was held on Tuesday afternoon from his late residence on Squire street, and was largely attended. Impressive service were conducted by Rev. C. F. Wiggins, of St. Paul's church, of which deceased was a member. The church choir sympathetically rendered the hymns Nearer My God to Thee and Lead Kindly Light. The pallbearers were Captain B. J. McHaffey, J. E. Hicky, Fred. Harris, Frank Harris, A. M. Avard and J. L. Dixon. The sympathy of many friends was expressed by beautiful floral offerings. Interment took place in the Rural cemetery. Of the five daughters of deceased, all were present at the funeral except Mrs. Oliver P. Wakeland, of Los Angeles (Cal.) Mrs. Charles Outhouse, of Halifax, a half-brother, was also present.

Mr. H. M. Wood is on a business trip to Boston.

Misses Catherine and Jessie Fawcett entertained a number of their friends at a pleasant little thimble party last Wednesday afternoon from 4 to 7.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Fawcett are in Amherst attending the horse show.

CHATHAM

Chatham, N. B., April 9—Mrs. F. E. Neale was hostess on Thursday evening at one of the largest and most successful private functions of the season when trump whist formed the feature of the evening. Upwards of thirty-six guests were present and the prizes were won as follows: First ladies, Mrs. Forsythe; 2nd, Mrs. F. P. Loggie; consolation, Mrs. Vaughan; first gentlemen's, Hon. L. J. Tweedie; 2nd, Mr. J. P. Wood; consolation, Mr. R. M. Hope. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. H. B. McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. Geoffrey Stead, Mr. and Mrs. James Beveridge, Mr. and Mrs. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Danville, Dr. and Mrs. Vaughan, Hon. L. J. and Mrs. Tweedie, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Eaton, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McNaught, Mr. and Mrs. William Dick and Miss Dick, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brankley, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Sinclair, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. J. G. Miller, Miss Pierce, Miss Gillespie, Mrs. F. P. Loggie, Miss Bessie Coggin, Mr. R. P. Donald, Mr. G. H. Harrison, Mr. A. W. Wilbur.

Mr. Lester Stevens, of England, is the guest of his brother, Mr. Walter Stevens, at Millbank.

Mrs. W. P. Eaton entertained very pleasantly at five hundred on Wednesday afternoon of last week, when five hundred was played. The prize winners for the afternoon were Mrs. H. B. McDonald and Mrs. J. G. Miller.

Miss Vera Wilson and Miss Elspie MacKinnon attended the conversazione at the University of New Brunswick on Tuesday.

Miss Celia Fitzpatrick, of Nelson, was in town yesterday.

Rev. J. M. MacLean returned last week from Cape Breton, where he was making a short visit at his old home.

Miss K. Lewis and Mrs. J. MacKenzie, of West Newton (Mass.), who have been spending a few weeks at their former home in Escuminac, where their father, Mr. John Lewis, is recovering from the effects of a recent operation at the Hotel Dieu, returned on Saturday to the States.

Miss Ella Smith, who has spent the winter with Rev. and Mrs. Futton, leaves today for her home in Woodstock.

Mrs. S. U. McCulley entertained very pleasantly at dinner Friday evening in honor of Mrs. Andrew Forsythe.

Mr. H. E. Danville entertained a number of his bachelor friends at a very pleasant five hundred on Wednesday evening of last week.

Rev. F. C. Simpson, of Douglastown, was in Halifax last week attending an important meeting of the foreign missionary committee of the maritime Presbyterian synod.

Mr. F. E. Neale left on Saturday for Halifax, where he took passage on the Empress of Britain for England, being called there by business. Mr. Neale expects to return to Chatham about the last of the month.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Snowball left today for Amherst to attend the horse show.

Mrs. W. B. Jones has returned from Ottawa, where she spent the winter.

ST. ANDREWS

St. Andrews, April 12—Miss Florence Lynch, of Saskatoon (Alta.), is the guest of her sisters, the Misses Lynch.

Mrs. Ramsdell, of Lubec, has been visiting Mrs. John Cropley lately.

Principal Morrow paid a visit to St. John last week.

Miss Eva Burton was the week-end guest of Mrs. Jos. McVay, St. Stephen.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Kiernan went to St. John Tuesday night.

Miss Mulholland, Miss Hearne and Miss Bennet, of the teaching staff of Lubec, have been spending a short vacation in town, guests at Kennedy's Hotel.

Mrs. A. Thompson, of Lowell (Mass.), was called here last week by the illness and death of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Worrel.

Mr. E. D. Fortune and his sister, Miss Margaret, left for Boston Monday night.

Mrs. Lowrey entertained the W. A. of the Presbyterian church on Monday afternoon.

Capt. M. N. Clark has returned from a business trip to New York.

Mrs. T. A. Hartt spent a few days this week at Roix Road, the guest of her mother, Mrs. M. Greenlaw.

Miss Cassie Reed, of Moncton, arrived last week and is a guest at Mrs. Orlo Hawthorne's.

Rev. W. M. Frazer, of Halifax, who has been supplying the pulpit of Greenock church for the past five months, concluded his engagement on Sunday night and took his departure on Tuesday for St. John, where he is to fill the pulpit of Calvin church for a time.

Miss Moody, professional nurse, of St. John, is in town in attendance on Mrs. C. M. Gove, who still continues very poorly.

At the age of 87 Mrs. Elizabeth Worrel, widow of the late Thos. Worrel, passed away on Friday morning last. The members of her family who survive her are: Robert and Thomas, of St. Andrews; Joseph and William, of Dunbarton; James, of St. Stephen; Mrs. John Hilton, of Denver (Col.), and Mrs. Walter Thompson, of Lowell (Mass.); also one brother, Edward Kerr, of Dunbarton, and one sister, Mrs. Wm. McLaughlin, of Bayside. She was a consistent member of the Methodist church and greatly beloved by all who knew her. A short service was held on Saturday afternoon at the home of her son, Mr. Thos. Worrel, the Rev. Robt. Crisp officiating, after which the body was taken to Dunbarton for interment beside her husband, who passed away many years ago.

Miss Odell entertained the members of the Guild and a few other friends very pleasantly on Tuesday evening.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, April 9—Mrs. E. Harmon Curtis, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. James Friel, left on Thursday for her home in Newton Centre (Mass.)

Mrs. D. L. Hanington returned on Tuesday from Moncton, where she was the guest of her daughter for a few days, and is the guest of Mrs. O. L. Hanington.

Mrs. Edgar Rhodes and Miss Carrie Pipes, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Pipes, have returned to their home in Amherst.

Mrs. G. B. Willett, of Moncton, spent Friday in town, the guest of Mrs. C. L. Hanington.

Mr. Leo Richard, who spent a few days at his home here, the guest of his parents, Hon. O. D. and Mrs. Richard, left on Saturday for Quebec.

The Women's Auxiliary of Trinity church met on Tuesday at the rectory. The junior W. A. met on Thursday at the rectory.

Mrs. A. B. Pipes entertained a number of her friends on Friday evening last at bridge. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mahon, Sheriff and Mrs. G. B. Willett (Moncton), Mrs. Blanchard (Charlottetown), Mrs. J. H. Hickman, Mrs. A. B. Tait, Mr. Hiram Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gillispie, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Hickman, Judge Landry, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. J. F. Teed. The prize winners were Mrs. C. S. Hickman and Judge Landry.

Rev. William Harrison, who was in town last week, attending the funeral of the late Clarence H. Chapman, has returned to his home in Newcastle.

Mrs. George E. Mahon entertained a few of her friends very pleasantly on Saturday afternoon at bridge. The prize winners were Mrs. J. F. Teed, first; Miss Ada Palmer, second; Miss Carmelita Richard, consolation prize. Those present were Mrs. J. F. Teed, Mrs. John Hickman, Mrs. A. B. Tait, Mrs. L. McGrath, Mrs. Gillispie, Mrs. James Friel, Mrs. C. S. Hickman, Mrs. Blanchard, Misses Ada Palmer, Aileen Chapman, Josephine Oulton, Carmelita Richard.

Mrs. C. L. Hanington returned on Monday from Bathurst, where she spent a few days, the guest of Mrs. Harry Willett.

On Saturday afternoon, Mrs. R. A. Robinson entertained most delightfully a number of young people for her children, Miss Helen and Master Barrie Robinson, the event being a birthday party. The young people present were: Misses Ruth Teed, Frances Hickman, Elizabeth Friel; the young men present were Steward Hickman, Barlow Tait, Fritz Tait, Francis Teed, Myson Horne.

Mr. Fred Cochrane, who has been taking a business course in Halifax, is in town, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Cochrane.

Miss Ada Palmer, of Moncton, spent Sunday at her home here, the guest of her mother, Mrs. M. B. Palmer.

Miss Carmelita Richard entertained a few of her friends very pleasantly last week at bridge. Those present were Miss Aileen Chapman, Miss Mabel McDonald, Miss Muriel Chapman, Messrs. T. D. Donnelly, A. Steele, Cyril Chapman, Herbert Palmer.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, April 9—Mr. LeRoy Morrison returned home last Saturday from a visit to St. John friends.

Dr. and Mrs. Clifford Fish, of Melrose (Mass.), who have been visiting friends in town, returned to their home via Montreal last Monday.

Miss Ritchie returned home last Saturday from Halifax, where she was called by the sudden death of her cousin, Mrs. McDonald, who was stricken with hemorrhage of the brain while attending an entertainment in the Academy of Music and passed away soon afterward.

Mrs. George Merrill, of Somerville (Mass.), has been visiting her mother, Mrs. W. S. Brown, who has been very ill for some weeks and last Wednesday morning accompanied the latter to Amherst (N. S.), where she will remain with her daughter, Mrs. Hollis Crocker.

Miss Margaret McPherson, of Moncton, spent several days of last week in town, the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Kingston.

Mrs. Henry Wyse returned last week from a pleasant visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Wyse, of Moncton.

Mr. Chas. E. Fish spent Monday and Tuesday in Moncton.

Miss Alice O'Donnell, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Newton Appleby, of Moncton, for some time, returned home last week, much improved in health.

Miss Agnes Russell, who has been spending the winter in Bathurst with her sister, Mrs. Robert Armstrong, returned home last week.

Mrs. James Robinson and Miss Robinson, of Derby, have returned home from Boston.

Latest word from St. John is to the effect that Mrs. Henry Ingram is doing as well as can be expected. No operation has been performed as yet.

Miss Bella Russell, who has been spending the winter in Augusta (Me.) with her sister, Mrs. R. J. Stilkey, returned home last Thursday.

Mr. Grover Cleveland was called home from New Glasgow last week owing to the death of his brother, Joseph Cleveland.

Mrs. Phillipps and niece, Miss Mary Alice McMillan, of Milwaukee, who have been guests of the former's sister, Mrs. James A. Rundle, returned home last Sunday.

Mr. Willis Nicholson spent several days of last week in St. John.

Mrs. Claude Price and daughter, Miss Margaret, of Moncton, spent the week-end in town, the guest of the former's aunt, Mrs. James A. Rundle.

Mr. E. A. McCurdy went to Halifax last Saturday and returned home Sunday in company with Mrs. McCurdy and little daughter, Margaret. Mrs. McCurdy's many friends are pleased to hear that she is much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Troy and son, of Moncton, spent several days of the past week in town, the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Troy.

Mrs. Henry Bell, who has been visiting her daughters, Mrs. C. McLeod, of Amherst (N. S.), and Mrs. A. B. Copp, of Sackville, for a few weeks, returned home yesterday. Mrs. Bell was accompanied by her little granddaughter, Miss Elizabeth Stothart, who has been visiting friends in Sackville for the past two months.

Miss Nan Creaghan, a student at Montreal, arrived home last week to spend the vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Creaghan.

Mr. John T. Rundle left last Thursday on an extended trip through western Canada. Mr. Rundle expects to be gone a year or more.

Miss Buie, who has been visiting friends in St. John and Moncton for some time, returned home last Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Robert Dunbar, of Loggieville, spent a couple of days of the past week in town, the guest of her sister, Mrs. William Russell.

Miss Bertha Parker, of Millerton, was the guest of the Misses Rundle several days of the past week.

Miss May Kane, of Millerton, spent Wednesday with friends in town.

Mr. William E. Fish spent several days of this week in Chatham.

Newcastle, April 12—Mr. and Mrs. Guy Johnston, of Lyttleton, removed this week to Presque Isle, Maine.

William Simpson, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Yarmouth, is spending a vacation with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. F. S. Simpson, of Douglastown.

MONCTON

Moncton, April 10—The Misses Mabel and Helen Moore are spending a month with relatives in Montreal.

Mrs. Charles McCarthy has returned from Salisbury, where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. E. Trites.

Mrs. J. D. Weldon and Mrs. G. M. Blair, of Shediac, spent Friday in the city, the guests of friends.

Miss Harriet Moore, who is spending the winter in the city with her sister, Mrs. L. W. Carter, is the guest of Capt. J. W. and Mrs. Carter at Salisbury.

Rev. Mr. Wigle, of Amherst, spent Friday in the city, the guest of Rev. J. L. Batty at the Central Methodist parsonage.

Miss Elizabeth Turnbull, of Petitcodiac, spent Friday in the city en route to Chatham, where she will visit friends.

Mr. F. W. Sumner has returned from New York, where he was attending the automobile show.

Rev. Father Savage, pastor of St. Bernard's Roman Catholic church, left on Saturday for Halifax, where he took passage on the Empress of Ireland for an extended tour of Europe and the Holy Land. Father Savage expects to be absent for several months. Previous to his departure the members of the Knights of Columbus presented him with a purse of gold, the presentation being made by Mr. Joseph Bourgeois, assisted by Mr. John McInnis and Mr. Thomas O'Neil. Rev. Father McDermott, of Sussex, accompanied Father Savage and will also remain for the entire trip.

Mrs. C. F. Burns entertained at a very pleasant at home on Friday afternoon. The drawing room decorations were daffodils and the dining room looked very pretty with red carnations and smilax. Mrs. F. A. McCully poured tea; Mrs. C. Edwin Taylor and Mrs. Murray Condon ushered; Miss Annie McKenzie served the ices and the Misses Bessie Williams, Helen Harris, Hal. Cowie and Gertrude Pitfield waited on the guests. Little Miss Alice Hall attended the door.

Mrs. C. W. Robinson left on Saturday by the Empress of Ireland for a three months' stay in England.

Master Robert Black, of Sackville, spent the week-end in the city, the guest of his grandparents, Judge and Mrs. Borden.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. McSweeney, of Boston, spent part of the week in the city with relatives.

Many friends are interested in the announcement of the marriage of Miss Mary Willett at St. John to Mr. Richard O'Brien of that city. The bride resided here for a number of years and is most highly esteemed.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Thomson have gone to St. John to spend a month with friends.

Mrs. J. G. Fraser has returned from Somerville (Mass.), where she was spending several weeks with friends.

Mrs. T. V. Cooke, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. S. P. Plunkett, at Edmundston (N. B.), is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. McD. Cooke.

Mr. John Sangster, who is attending Mount Allison University, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sangster.

Miss Ada McAnn, who is a student at the Ladies' College at Sackville, spent the week-end at her home in the city.

Mrs. James Murray, who has been making a lengthy stay with friends in Halifax, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Dann entertained a number of friends who had formed a bridge club for the past winter at their home on aSturday evening. Miss L. Nixon secured the highest number of points for the season and received a half dozen sterling silver spoons. Mr. Budd Taylor captured the gentleman's prize. The party broke up at midnight after refreshments had been served.

Mrs. William Loring has returned to her home at Maccan after spending a few days with herparents, Mr. and Mrs. Temple Forbes.

Dr. W. J. Patterson, of Montreal, is spending a few days in the city with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Patterson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward spent the week end at Shediac, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. E. A. Smith.

Mrs. David Pottinger is spending a few weeks in Ottawa and is receiving much social attention.

Mrs. J. McC. Snow is spending a few days in Salisbury, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Gowland.

Dr. A. J. Duffy, of Boston, is spending a little time with relatives in the city.

Mr. J. F. Falconer, of the Royal Bank staff at Sackville, has been transferred to this city and entered upon his duties on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bedford, of Vancouver, have arrived in the city and expect to remain for some weeks with relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Bedford were former residents of Moncton and are being warmly welcomed by many friends.

Miss Ella Jones is spending a week in Salisbury, the guest of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Francis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Corbett, of Pittsburg (Pa.)), are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bell.

Mrs. W. H. Waugh, of Calgary, is spending some time in the city with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Barnes.

Mr. J. E. McKeison, of the Bank of Nova Scotia staff, has been transferred to St. John and left for that city on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Lillian Bannister has gone to Boston, where she expects to remain for several weeks with relatives.

Mrs. Batty, wife of Rev. J. L. Batty, has returned from Middleton (N. S.), where she has been spending a month on account of the illness and death of her brother.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seaman spent the week-end with relatives at Hillsboro.

Miss Margaret McPherson is the guest of friends at Richibucto.

Mrs. Farnham, of St. John, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Otty Vaughan.

Miss Ida Ketchum, who has been spending a month with her grandmother, Mrs. Fleetwood, has returned to her home at St. John.

The Misses Helen and Mabel Moore, who have been the guests of relatives at Montreal, have returned home.

Mrs. George J. Oulton entertained a number of friends at a thimble party on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Appleby, who has ben the guest of relatives in the city, has returned to her home at Boston.

Mrs. J. J. McDonald has returned from Vancouver, where she was spending the winter.

Moncton, N. B., April 11—(Special)—At the annual meeting of the Moncton Golf Club tonight, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Honorary president, E. Tiffin; president, G. R. Joughins; vice-president, Dr. G. T. Smith; secretary-treasurer, J. J. McKenzie; executive, J. Edward, E. W. Givan, J. McD. Cooke, E. L. Day, W. A. Appleton.

The nest of foxes found a few days ago at Lakeburn by Oliver Gould was today sold to Harold Price for $150. The purchase included the mother fox and four puppies.

A. E. O'Leary, chief fire, fish and game warden for the province, held a conference with four county members here today in reference to fire and game protection in this district.

BORDER TOWNS

St. Stephen, April 9—Amateur entertainments have taken the interest of society this week. On Thursday evening last the St. Steuhen Dramatic Club presented in the St. Croix Opera House, Calais, Olivet Goldsmith's comedy in five acts, She Stoops to Conquer. It was given under the direction of Rev. E. B. Wyllie, of the Presbyterian church, assisted by Miss Louise Purves and also under the patronage of the Chipman Memorial Hospital. The play was finely staged and the performers were greeted with a large audience composed of the elite of the St. Croix towns. Those who took part were Messrs. E. W. Ward, Ernest Hewes, H. Clements, H. R. Jones, H. N. Ganong, Joseph Whitely, Ralph McNeill, Jack Waterson, Glenn Nicholson, Wallace Murray, Miss Lelia McVay, Miss Marion Murray, Miss Margaret McWha, and Miss Muriel Grimmer.

Mrs. William Dinsmore gave a very delightful bridge party last Friday evening for the pleasure of her daughter, Miss Bessie Dinsmore, and her young friends. The prizes were won by Miss Elsie Sullivan and Mr. Earle Gardner. After the prizes were awarded there was some music and a dainty supper was served. The guests were Misses Margaret Murchie, Muriel Todd, Alice Hannah, Marion Murray, Pauline Clarke, Marjorie Baskin, Elsie Sullivan, Leila Murchie, Kathleen Hill, Vera Murchie, Doris Clarke, Marguerite McIninch, Myrtle Ganong, Glenna Dinsmore, Dorothy Nason, Helen Ryder, Lelia Grant, Roberta Grimmer, Messrs. Randolph, Jewett, Harry Murchie, Howe Grant, Harold McLean, Paul Lord, James Inches, Earle Gardner, Roy Sadler, Leon Harper, Gates Murchie, Abner McAllister, Hugh Jones, Harry Burton, Evans Hill, Charles Ryder and James Douglas.

The play, Scenes in the Union Station, which was given by some fifty young society people from both St. Croix towns, in the St. Croix Opera House on Tuesday evening, under the patronage of the Golf Club, was most amusing, and greatly enjoyed by the large audience which filled the house. The play was more than two hours long and the performers were bright and enthusiastic throughout the whole play. There was only one scene arranged as the inside of a station. There were several local jokes and witticisms that elicited peals of laughter from the audience and kept them in sympathy with the performers and in high good humor. The play was under the direction of Miss Harriette Harris, of Weymouth (Mass.), who was ably assisted by ladies on both sides of the river, who are ardent devotees of golf.

Mrs. David A. McIvin this evening is the hostess to a thimble party given for the pleasure of her guest, Mrs. Gillis, of St. John.

Mrs. James McBride, of St. Andrews, is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Richardson this week.

Mrs. Edward Wood, of Winnipeg, who has been in St. Andrews visiting her mother, Mrs. C. M. Gove, arrived today and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Hazen Grimmer.

Mrs. Frederick Bogue is entertaining a party of lady friends this evening for the pleasure of Miss Mary Reynolds, who is the guest of Mrs. Louis A. Abbott and Miss Annie Bixby.

Mrs. Walter L. Grimmer, the president of the woman's auxiliary branch of Trinity church, most pleasantly entertained the ladies of the auxiliary at her home on Tuesday afternoon. After the business meeting a most dainty tea was served at music was enjoyed.

Mrs. Frederick Grimmer left this evening for her home in Houlton (Me.), after a short visit here with her friends, Mrs. D. H. Bates and Mrs. Walter L. Grimmer.

Mrs. Maria Burton will leave on Thursday for St. John to visit friends. Mrs. Burton has been the guest of Mrs. Albert Laflin for several weeks.

Miss Verna Brown, of Fredericton, was the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. P. M. Abbot, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Marks Mills are visiting Boston and vicinity.

Ven. Archdeacon Newnham has been spending a few days in Fredericton to enjoy a much needed rest. During his stay he is the guest of Rev. Canon Smithers.

Mrs. J. D. Lauson has given invitations to a number of friends to enjoy bridge at her home on Thursday evening.

Mr. John Ryder is recovering from his illness.

Mrs. D. H. McKay, who has been very ill, is slowly recovering her health.

Misses Alice Sullivan and Pearle Murchie have returned from a pleasant visit in Boston and vicinity.

DALHOUSIE

Dalhousie, April 10—Those from Dalhousie who attended the ball in Campbellton on Friday evening, given by the bachelors in the Masonic Temple, and were delighted with the affair, were Hon. C. H. and Mrs. LaBillois, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. H. Storer, Miss Rennie Arsenault, Miss Jennie

Thorne, Laura Gunter, Grace Clark, Verna Wilcox, Bertha Clark, Muriel Newnham, Masters Ned Howard, Adolphus Jones, Walter Hayden, George Connell, Douglas Hayden, Randolph Jones, Wendell Watson, Charles Hayden, Walter Vanwart, Creighton Balmain, Jack Riley, George Jones, Frank Balmain. Mrs. Jones was assisted by Miss Mae Roberts, Miss Martha Phillips, Miss Alice Neill, Miss Jean Tilley, Miss Mary McLean, Miss Grace Jones.

Mr. Reginald Wright, of St. John, was in town last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar W. Mair.

Miss Eva French spent a few days of last week in Hartland with Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Miller.

Mr. Harry G. Noble, of Fredericton, spent Sunday in town with his family.

Miss Marguerite Smith, of Calgary, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Duppa Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Bailey attended the automobile show in St. John last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Flemming spent Thursday in St. Stephen.

Mrs. W. S. Skillen entertained at 5 o'clock tea on Friday. She was assisted by Mrs. W. P. Jones, Miss Jean Sprague, Miss Hattie Gabel, Miss Grace Jones. The guests were Mrs. J. K. Flemming, Mrs. Wendell P. Jones, Mrs. Donald Munro, Mrs. T. Carleton L. Ketchum, Mrs. B. Harry Smith, Mrs. George Phillips, Mrs. Wellington Belyea, Mrs. W. E. Jarvis, Mrs. William McCunn, Mrs. Harry Bentley, Mrs. C. D. Jordan, Mrs. Karl Damain, Mrs. J. R. Tompkins, Mrs. George E. Balmain, Mrs. Magill, Mrs. J. Rankin Brown, Miss Grace Stevens (St. Stephen), Mrs. John Stewart, Mrs. H. V. Dalling, Mrs. A. E. Jones, Mrs. Claude Augherton, Mrs. J. N. W. Baker, Mrs. Charles Comben, Mrs. T. W. F. Sprague, Mrs. Frank Baird, Mrs. Arthur Garden, Mrs. George Mitchell, Mrs. W. D. Camber, Mrs. William Balmain, Mrs. G. L. Holyoke, Mrs. J. N. W. Winslow, Mrs. George Gabel, Mrs. A. Wilmot Hay, Mrs. Alfred Page, Mrs. J. A. Connell, Mrs. Ada Pool, Mrs. Jack Dibblee, Mrs. J. Albert Hayden, Mrs. N. Foster Thorne, Mrs. Godfrey Newnham, Mrs. Robert Mitchell, Mrs. Raymond Gabel, Mrs. R. Ernest Holyoke, Mrs. H. G. Deedes, Mrs. H. E. Ellis, Mrs. J. T. Allan Dibblee, Mrs. E. R. Teed, Mrs. William Lowney, Mrs. S. R. Boyer, Mrs. A. S. Hazel, Mrs. Cupples, Mrs. J. B. Merriman, Mrs. W. W. Hay, Mrs. Simm, Mrs. Hubert Seely, Miss Isabel Watts, Miss Ivy Nichols, Miss Gussie Connell, Miss Barbarie (New York), Mrs. H. L. Lockwood.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Garden entertained at a small bridge on Thursday evening. There were three tables. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Allen Dibblee, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Jarvis, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Creighton, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Tompkins, Mrs. H. G. Deedes, Rev. A. S. Hazel. The prizes were won by Mrs. James S. Creighton and Mr. W. E. Jarvis.

Miss May Marley has taken up her kindergarten work at Presque Isle (Me.)

Mrs. Frank B. Carvell and Miss Mildred Carvell are visiting in Boston (Mass.)

Miss Helen McKay, of Fredericton, has been visiting Misses Georgie and Winnie Starrett.

Mrs. Newnham returned to her home in St. Stephen last week, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Newnham.

Mrs. Joseph Ferren gave a delightful children's party on Friday week, for the pleasure of the little daughter Mary. The guests were Misses Mary McPhail, Dorothy Dickinson, Florence Allan, Irene King, Teresa Fewen, Blanid Carleton, Gertrude Thompson, Helen Riosdan, Kathleen Deeds, Florence Deeds, Gretchen McKibbon, Marguerite McCoffery, Alice Thompson, Phebla Fewer, Ruth McManus, Mary Coggs, Edith Ellis, Ruth Thompson, Mary Carney, Elizabeth Johnston, Edith Grant, Louise Smith, Masters Raymond Jones, Frederick Grant, Donald Lindsay, Leonard Slipp, Wilfred McManus, Hugh Carney, Edwin Hand, Wilfred Thompson, Arthur Sprague, Mark McKibbon, Frank Sullivan, Clifford Fewer, Basil Fewer, Orville Dalling.

The Woodstock Tennis Club has elected the following committee for the season: General committee—Rev. A. S. Hazel, Mr. J. Jones, Mr. Walter E. Stone, Mrs. H. G. Deeds, Mrs. Marguerite Lamb; match committee—Mr. R. Perley Hartley, Dr. Long, Mr. Ernest Ross; tea committee—Mrs. William Lowney, Mrs. Alice Boyer, Mrs. Mary Sprague, Miss Georgie Balmain, Miss Grace Jones, Miss Mildred Carvell; Sec.-Treas.—Miss Lamb.

Mr. A. D. Cook, of Montreal, spent a few days of last week in town with Mr. and Mrs. John Wallace.

Mrs. Godfrey Newnham was hostess at 5 o'clock tea Friday. The following guests were present: Mrs. A. B. Connell, Mrs. Allan Smith, Mrs. R. R. Teed, Mrs. Geo. Balmain, Mrs. Wm. Balmain, Mrs. Arthur Bailey, Mrs. I. B. Merriman, Mrs. M. McManus, Mrs. R. Thompson, Mrs. D. A. Munro, Mrs. C. M. Augherton, Mrs. S. L. Lynott, Mrs. C. D. Johnson, Mrs. H. Wilson, Mrs. W. B. Belyea, Mrs. Charles Comben, Miss A. G. Connell, Mrs. W. P. Jones, Mrs. W. S. Skillen, Mrs. J. R. Brown, Mrs. Geo. Phillips, Miss Ivy Nichols, Mrs. W. D. Rankin, Mrs. A. B. Simm, Mrs. Albert Hayden, Mrs. Arthur Garden, Mrs. Hubert Seeley, Mrs. B. M. Smith, Mrs. R. Gabel, Mrs. Geo. Gabel, Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. V. A. Harehaw, Mrs. E. W. Jarvis, Mrs. Thorne, Mrs. A. S. Hazel, Mrs. R. Mitchell, Mrs. J. T. A. Dibblee, Mrs. W. W. Hay, Mrs. A. W. Hay, Mrs. Lee Raymond, Mrs. Sterling Peabody, Mrs. Jas. Peabody, Mrs. Charles Peabody, Mrs. F. Sprague, Mrs. Wm. McCunn, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. A. Page. Mrs. I. N. Thorne and Mrs. George Gibson assisted in the dining room.

Woodstock, April 11—(Special)—A sacred concert will be given Sunday evening in Hayden-Gibson theatre by the choirs of the churches of the town. It is expected that a large audience will be present as the concert is timed to start after church services. The 67th Band has charge of the affair and will play two scared selections. The receipts will be applied to the flood sufferers of the west.

The body of Walter Saunders, the young man who was killed on the C. P. R. Wednesday, was sent to Halifax on tonight's express.

M. S. Moorehouse, grocer, has assigned to John R. Tompkins for the benefit of his creditors.

A purebred Durham bull, weighing 2,200 pounds, attracted attention when led through the streets Thursday. The animal was owned by Robert Bell, who bought it from Tompkins Bros., of Gibson's Mills. The residence in Broadway owned by J. M. Boyer, of Boston, was sold this week to M. McManus. Another property on Connell street, owned by John McCormick, of Portland, Maine, was sold to William Thompson.

Woodstock, N. B., April 12—The equipment of the 10th Field Battery is receiving an overhauling at the hands of Sergt-Major Grute; S. Woof and Corporal Norvill. These men arrived here today from Halifax and are thoroughly competent mechanics, having spent some years in the arsenal in England. It will probably take two weeks to complete the work here, and they afterwards go to Newcastle, Hampton and Petersville.

Inspector Colpitts appeared before the council last night, when the question of better Scott Act enforcement was discussed. The inspector informed the council that it was a difficult matter to deal with the pocket peddling features of the case, but he was ready to receive any suggestions that would aid him in carrying out the law. Detectives had been brought here from New York, but in every case had failed to get necessary evidence for convictions, and left here admitting that they could not do so. It was very expensive and some new scheme would have to be worked out. He would confer with the police committee and see what could be done.

Officer Woolverton went to the boundary line last week in a search for liquor. The collector of customs and Deputy Sheriff Frost, of Blain (Me.), were also on hand. The party raided the store of H. McMullen. They made a thorough search and had about given up when Frost scented the odor of beer. Peevies and crowbars were soon ripping up the floor and "oil was struck" in a corner where a box neatly covered with dirt was concealed.

Found hundred bottles of beer, twenty-nine bottles of whiskey and fourteen bottles of gin repaired in the hiding place. The goods were on the Maine side and McMullen stood on the province side during the search—evidently preferring arrest on British territory. He was brought here and appeared before Police Magistrate Holyoke today. His examination was adjourned till Wednesday.

SHEDIAC

Shediac, April 10—Miss Smith, of Woodstock, arrived in town on Monday of this week to spend some time with her friend, Mrs. G. A. White.

Miss Elsie Jardine left on Tuesday for St. John, where she will be the guest of friends.

Mrs. D. S. Harper went to St. John recently, where she will spend a few weeks, the guest of her son, Mr. D. W. Harper.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Moore left town on Wednesday to spend a few days with Moncton relatives and also to visit St. John friends.

Mr. D. Stuart Campbell, of Sackville, was the guest of his mother, Mrs. Charles Harper, this week, having crossed from Prince Edward Island on the first trip of the S. S. Empress for the season.

Mr. Quigley, student pastor of Knox Presbyterian church during the past season, will preach his farewell sermon Sunday evening and will leave shortly to assume his new charge in Maryland, York county.

Mrs. A. J. Webster has returned from a few days spent in St. John.

Mrs. C. C. Hamilton, of Newcastle, who has been spending some time in town, visited Moncton friends this week.

Shediac friends were painfully shocked to learn of the death of the late Mr. Harry G. Sprague, formerly of this town but latterly of Vancouver, which took place recently in New York. The late Mr. Sprague, who with his parents, Captain and Mrs. Sprague, and brother, Dr. William Sprague, resided at Shediac West for many years, was of a most genial temperament which won for him a wide circle of friends, who deeply regret his death and extend their sincerest sympathy to the bereaved family.

Miss Elsie Weldon, who has been confined to her home from a severe attack of quinsey, is convalescing favorably.

Mrs. H. W. Murray is entertaining the Ladies' Bridge Club at her residence this afternoon.

Master Arthur Melanson, who is a student at St. Joseph's College, Memramcook, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Melanson.

Mayor E. Paturelle, who has been confined to his residence for some time past owing to illness, is now convalescent and able to resume his business duties.

Mr. and Mrs. James Edwards returned to Moncton early in the week after spending a few days in town, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Smith. On Friday evening of last week, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Edwards, Dr. and Mrs. Smith entertained a number of lady and gentlemen friends at a most enjoyable "500" party. Prizes for the evening were awarded Mrs. H. W. Murray and Judge Russell. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Edwards (Moncton), Mr. and Mrs. G. A. White, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Weldon, Mrs. C. C. Hamilton (Newcastle), Judge and Mrs. W. A. Russell, the Misses Evans, Mr. and Mrs. James McQueen, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Bourque, Mr. and Mrs. R. Jardine, Mr. and Mrs. James Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Charters, Mrs. A. G. Lawton, Miss M. Weldon, Miss B. Lawton, Miss E. Jardine, Messrs. S. McQueen, G. Newman (Amherst), and E. Roberts.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Comeau, of St. John, have been spending a few days with relatives in town.

Mrs. O. M. Melanson has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Legere, of Halifax.

Friends of Miss Mary Sowerby were sorry to learn of her being severely burned recently, which will necessitate her being confined to her home for some time.

Mrs. J. W. S. Black, of Sackville, is spending a few days at Point du Chene, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Charters. On Wednesday of this week Mrs. Charters in honor of her daughter, was hostess at a most enjoyable luncheon and "500" party at her residence at the Point. The guests left town on the noon train and after partaking of a most recherche luncheon, spent the remaining hours in playing the popular game, returning home on the 5 train. Mrs. Charters had as decorations a variety of choice carnations. Mrs. E. A. Smith and Miss E. Johnson, of Sackville, fell heirs to handsome souvenirs of the afternoon's game. Those present included Mrs. J. W. S. Black (Sackville), Mrs. C. C. Hamilton (Newcastle), Miss E. Johnson (Sackville), Mrs. W. A. Russell, the Misses Evans, Mrs. James McQueen, Mrs. George White, Miss Smith (Woodstock), Mrs. A. J. Webster, Miss Harper, Mrs. E. A. Smith, Mrs. H. W. Murray, Mrs. E. Freeze, Mrs. Wortman, Mrs. James White.

Mr. Garnet Newman, who has been spending some time in town, has returned to his home in Amherst.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith and son, Dean, of Moncton, spent the week-end in town, the guests of Mrs. Smith's mother, Mrs. Charles Harper.

Mrs. W. Avard has been confined to her home for the past week owing to an attack of tonsilitis.

Mrs. G. A. White will entertain the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church at their weekly meeting on Friday afternoon.

Miss Jessie Howie, of this town, who has been laboring as a missionary in Japan for the past twelve years, left recently on furlough and will spend the summer at her home here, the guest of her parents, Rev. Isaac and Mrs. Howie. Miss Howie, who is traveling by the European route, will visit many points of interest before reaching here in June.

On Saturday afternoon of last week Mrs. E. A. Smith, in honor of her guest, Mrs. Edwards, of Moncton, entertained a number of lady friends very pleasantly at "bridge." On this occasion the handsome parlors were most effectively decorated with crimson carnations. Miss Elsie Jardine, Miss Gladys Smith and Master Donald Smith assisted at serving time. Handsome prizes fell to Miss Bessie Wortman and Miss Mary Weldon. The guests included Mrs. James Edwards (Moncton), Mrs. J. D. Weldon, Mrs. J. W. Wortman, Mrs. M. A. Oulton, Mrs. Jas. White, Mrs. E. Paturelle, Mrs. R. Jardine, Mrs. H. McDonald, Mrs. E. Freeze, Mrs. G. Blair, the Misses B. and M. Lawton, Miss Harper, Mrs. S. C. Charters, Miss Bray, Miss M. Weldon, Miss B. Wortman. Miss Lena Tait was a guest at the tea hour.

SUSSEX

Sussex, N. B., April 10—Hon. J. A. Murray, Mrs. Murray and Miss Mary Macaulay attended the convention in Fredericton last week.

Mrs. Abner Cripps was in St. John Monday attending the funeral of her cousin, the late J. A. Bowes.

Mrs. J. S. Henderson and Miss Henderson have gone to Bloomfield to spend a few weeks.

The tea given in Medley Hall last Thursday evening in aid of the fountain fund, was a very successful one. Much credit is due the few ladies who had charge.

Miss Louise White entertained the younger set bridge club Tuesday evening. Miss Della White won the prize. Those out side the club in for the evening were Mrs. G. H. Adair, Mrs. Scovil Neales, Miss May Arnold, Mrs. H. A. White, and Miss Kate Manchester.

The W. M. S. of the Church avenue Baptist church, gave an at home in the vestry of their church Tuesday afternoon. A most enjoyable musical programme was carried out.

Mr. Berton MacAlary was in Fredericton last week attending the convention.

Mrs. J. M. Kinnear and Mrs. G. S. Kinnear were in St. John Wednesday attending the marriage of the former's niece, Miss Gwen MacDonald.

Mr. Jack Mace, of Toronto, is home on a short vacation.

Mrs. Ora King returned Wednesday from Great Salmon River.

Mrs. George E. Suffren is the guest of Mrs. F. E. DeBoo.

Miss Lily Upham was hostess at a most delightful thimble party Saturday afternoon of last week. Some of those present were Mrs. Neales, Mrs. H. A. White, Mrs. Harry Clarke, Mrs. Jack Hunter, Mrs. Frank Folkins, Mrs. Charles Brannen, Mrs. F. Roach, Miss Grace Kirk, Miss Nettie Morison, Miss Helen Jonah, Miss Hazel Myles, Miss Jean Langstroth, Miss Ella Ross, Miss Sherwood, Miss Laura McFarlane, Miss Dolly Harrison, Miss Adah Morison, Miss Culbert and others.

Miss Freddie Hallett is spending the week in Sackville, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Charles Pickars.

Miss Nellie Huestis left Monday for St. John, where she will be the guest of Miss Jennie Thorne.

Mrs. J. D. McKenna spent the first of the week in St. John.

Master Stewart Angevine, of Hampton, is the guest of Mrs. Hatfield White.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, April 9—Miss Lynds and Miss Cooper were joint hostesses on Thursday evening at a bridge of three tables, when Mrs. Harry G. Chestnut and Mrs. J. W. Scott were the prize winners.

Mrs. Deedes returned to Woodstock today after a short visit here with Mrs. Harry Chestnut.

Mrs. T. Carleton Allen entertained today at a luncheon of twelve covers.

Mrs. Henry Chestnut and Mrs. Steadman are visiting friends in St. John.

The Provincial Order of the Daughters of the Empire were on Tuesday evening the guests of the Countess Ashburnham. A pleasing programme, consisting of readings by Mrs. Malcolm, of Moncton, and Miss Lynds. Mrs. W. S. Carter and Mrs. Good sang beautifully. Mrs. McNutt, of Truro, also sang sweetly. An exceptionally fine paper on Electricity, by Mrs. Clifford Creed, was well received. Mrs. H. F. McLeod read the report of the Sir Howard Douglas Chapter. At the conclusion of the programme dainty refreshments were served.

Mrs. Malcolm, of Moncton, is visiting Mrs. Fred. Smith.

Mrs. MacNutt, of Truro, is the guest of Mrs. John Bebbington.

Mrs. P. C. Wesley, of St. John, who came up for the college con. and is the guest of Mrs. Arthur Ryan, returns home tomorrow.

Mrs. J. D. Palmer entertained last evening at high tea, in honor of Mrs. L. W. Johnston, of Vancouver, who is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Hall.

Mrs. N. F. Judah entertained at a drawing room tea on Tuesday afternoon and was assisted in receiving by her mother-in-law, Mrs. Juda, and Miss Judah, of Montreal, who are her guests. Mrs. R. B. Hanson and Mrs. Thompson presided at table and poured tea and coffee, and Miss Grace Winslow, Miss Stella Sherman, Miss Stopford and Miss Ruby Lindsay served the guests.

Miss Ruby Lindsay is visiting Miss Stopford.

Mrs. Robert F. Randolph will go to St. John tomorrow to meet her son, Mr. Robin F. Randolph, who is returning from England, where he has been attending school.

Miss Myrtle Lottimer was on Monday evening hostess at a bridge of six tables.

Mrs. Archie McInnis and children will leave on Saturday for their home in New York after visiting her parents here, Mr. and rMs. George N. Babbitt.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Raymond, of St. John, are spending a few days here, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Steeves.

Mrs. Hartley, of Houlton (Me.), is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ludlow Yerxa.

Miss Hazel Maxwell, daughter of Hon. Robert Maxwell, is visiting Mrs. Herbert J. Maxwell.

Mrs. A. M. Gibson was on Saturday evening hostess at a pleasant bridge of six tables. Mrs. J. Hugh Calder was the winner of the first prize. Mrs. P. M. McDonald won the consolation.

Mrs. Jouett is here visiting her mother, Mrs. Steadman.

TheMisses Hatheway, of St. John, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Harold McMurray.

Mrs. King Hazen was today hostess at the tea hour. Those serving were Miss Hazen Allen, Miss Jean Wilson and Miss Kathleen Holder.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Baird have returned from Andover, where they had gone to attend the wedding of Mr. Baird's brother.

The Earl and Countess of Ashburnham will leave tomorrow evening for a week's visit to Boston.

Miss Grace Flemming, who came up for the college con. and was thre guest of Mrs. Harold McMurray, returned to her home in St. John today.

Mrs. George Broderick and two children, of Butte (Mon.), are visiting Mrs. Hugh O'Neil.

Miss Edna Randolph, who has been visiting Mrs.West, returned to her home in St. John today.

Mrs. Harry F. McLeod, president of the Alumnae Society of the University, gave an afternoon tea on Saturday. The guests included the wives of the professors of the U. N. B., all the young lady student in attendance at U. N. B. All graduates who reside in the city and a number who were here for college week, and to attend the Con. Over fifty were present and enjoyed Mrs. McLeod's hospitality. The decorations were quite elaborate and very pretty. In the tea room, Mrs. Carter, wife of the chief superintendent of education, and Mrs. Blanchard Fowler, of St. John, presided at table. Mrs. C. C. Jones, who is an honorary member of the society, served the ices. Mrs. W. J. Scott invited the guests out to the tea room. The young ladies assisting were Miss Stopford, Miss Starrett, Miss Kinghorn, Miss Estabrook, Miss Mersereau, Miss Hazen Allen. During the afternoon the singing of many of the old college songs caused much merriment.

The conversazonie at the university on Friday evening will linger long in the memory of those who were fortunate enough to be present and enjoy the hospitality of the students. The chaperones, Mrs. L. W. Bailey, Mrs. C. C. Jones, Mrs. C. S. McGinnis and Mrs. John Stevens received the guests in the reception hall as they filed in from the dressing rooms. A splendid programme of dances were enjoyed and bridge parties were formed for those who preferred the quieter game to the dance. The dainty and pretty costumes of the ladies added much to the beauty of the scene. A large number of former graduates were present.

Miss Edna H. Fraser, who was here to attend the Con., returned to her home in Prince William yesterday.

At Mrs. Luke Stewart's party on Thursday evening the prize winners were Mrs. McKee, of Ottawa, ladies' first, and the Earl of Ashburnham, gentlemen's first; Mrs. W. H. Steeves, ladies second; Mr. Sproule, gentlemen's second; Mrs. C. W. Hall, ladies' third; Mrs. John C. Allen, took gentlemen's third.

Dr. O. G. Moorehouse, M.P.P., and Mrs. Moorehouse, of Keswick, are visitors in the city.

On the eve of his departure, Mr. H. W. Binning, former manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, but now on the inspectoral staff, for St. John, was presented with a gold watch chain and locket by his numerous friends in the city.

Fredericton, April 11—A scow belonging to the Corbett Construction Company was sunk at the Star line wharf this morning. It had on board fifteen boxes of dynamite, besides a quantity of coal. An effort is being made to recover the dynamite by means of grappling irons.

A Fredericton man writing from Calgary about the Alberta elections, says that Hector Landry, son of Judge Landry, is the Conservative candidate in Prince Albert, and Rev. J. B. Hillock, formerly of Andover, is contesting Calgary north in the Conservative interests. Frank O'Neill, of this city, who lately went west, has been admitted to the Alberta bar and is stumping for Hon. Charles Mitchell, a former New Brunswicker, who is contesting Medicine Hat.

John L. Stevens, of Edmundston, has been appointed by Judge Carleton third arbitrator in the case of the St. John & Quebec Railway vs. Charles L. Smith, to decide a question of land damages. A. D. Holyoke and John S. Leighton, Jr., are the other two arbitrators.

The mild weather is having its effect on the ice jam at Springhill. There was a slight rise of water last night, and it was followed by a big run of ice this morning. The jam is breaking up and will not last more than another day or two.

George Kilburn, who has been in the Quebec woods looking after John Kilburn's lumbering operations, has returned home. He reports two feet of snow in the woods and considers the outlook very favorable for driving operations.

Fredericton, April 13—Mrs. Annie M. Fairley, wife of Frank Fairley, passed away early this morning at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McCutcheon, York street, after a lengthy illness. She was twenty-seven years of age and is survived by parents, husband, three brothers and three sisters. The brothers are Hartley, Lee and Charles, of Fredericton. The sisters are: Mrs. R. H. Wilby, of Moncton; Mrs. G. H. Prince, of Fredericton, and Mrs. William Boone, of St. Marys. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Interment will be made at rural cemetery.

A heavy rain set in tonight which is expected to cause the river to rise again. Last night the water dropped rapidly. Today the ice, which had been winged out along the shores, started and ran out. A considerable quantity still remains piled on the shores. Rain and rising water will take it out, however.

The organ recital at Christ church cathedral given by Organist W. J. Smith this afternoon was largely attended and much enjoyed.

Bob Ganley left last night for Boston, where, as manager of the Fredericton base ball club, he will gather a team together. The team will report here early next month. Ganley at the time of his departure had not decided whether or not he would accept an offer he had received to coach a school team.

Dr. William Crocket, ex-chief superintendent of education, and Mrs. Crocket today celebrated the fifty-fifth anniversary of their wedding.

The wharf committee of the city council Friday evening considered the application of the Crystal Stream Steamship Company. It was decided to lease the wharf to the Company for $100 a year and erect a warehouse to be leased for an additional $50.

Joel Scott, aged about sixty, was arrested Friday night by City Marshal Roberts in Wilmot Park, with a girl twelve years old. He was remanded until Tuesday. The girl belongs to a respectable family.

George A. Burkhart, photographer here for thirty-five years, has sold out to William A. Walsh.

A boom house at the mouth of the Nashwaak, owned by the Partington Pulp and Paper Co., was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. The loss is about $300.

ANDOVER

Andover, N. B., April 10—Miss Rose Hoyt and Miss Peat attended the concert at Fort Fairfield on Thursday evening, given by the Glee Clubs of Colby College, Maine.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Baird, of Fredericton, were guests of Senator and Mrs. Baird for a few days last week.

Masters Gerald and Stanley Magill, of Caribou, were guests last week of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Magill.

Miss Carolyn Armstrong was in town on Wednesday last to attend the Baird and Kupkey wedding.

Mrs. H. H. Tibbitts and Miss Tibbitts left on Monday for Lower Queensbury to attend the wedding of Mrs. Tibbitts' brother, Mr. Barry Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Flemming Johnson, of Perth, returned on Monday from a short trip to St. John. They were accompanied by their friend, Mrs. McVey, wife of Dr. William B. McVey, of St. John.

Mrs. James E. Porter returned on Thursday last from a two months' visit with her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Shaw, of Baltimore. En route home she was also the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Feiling, of New York (nee Miss May Green).

The friends of Mr. Vaughan Bedell are grieved to hear of his serious illness, with typhoid pneumonia. Dr. Rankine, of Woodstock, was called on Monday in consultation with Dr. R. W. L. Earle, of Perth.

Dr. and Mrs. King, of Cranbrook (B. C.), were guests of Senator and Mrs. Baird on Saturday, en route to Maple View, Tobique River, for a few days, after which they return to Cranbrook.

Mrs. L. A. Fenwick, of Keswick, is the guest of her sister, Miss Annie Stewart. Miss Fenwick was called home to attend the funeral of her cousin, Mrs. Ranford Shaw.

Miss Field, who has been visiting her parents at the Baptist parsonage for several weeks, returned to St. John on Thursday to resume her course of study at the St. John General Hospital.

The dance given in the Opera House on Friday evening by the Bachelor Girls was in every way a great social success. Excellent music was furnished by the Knowles orchestra of Fort Fairfield. The chaperones for the evening were Mrs. George Davis, Mrs. Walter Moore, of Andover, and Mrs. Dickinson and Mrs. Stevenson, of Perth. Refreshments were served at 12 o'clock and dancing was again resumed till an early hour.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dunsmore made a short visit to Andover on Tuesday and were guests of Miss Annie Magill.

Miss Amy Murphy is visiting friends at Upper Kent.

PETITCODIAC

Petitcodiac, N. B., April 10—Mrs. King and Master Fred. spent Friday and Saturday in St. John, guests of relatives.

Mrs. Charles Keith spent Saturday in Sussex.

Mrs. D. L. Trites is visiting relatives in St. John.

Mrs. Fred. Fowler spent Monday in Moncton.

Mrs. Lee B. Stockton spent Tuesday and Wednesday in St. John, guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. V. Hatfield.

Miss Annie Nelson, of Bangor, spent Sunday with her sister, Miss Ena Nelson.

Miss Turnbull, who has spent the winter here with her sister, Mrs. C. T. Munroe, left Monday for New York.

A number of Miss Eva Stockton's friends called at her home on Friday evening and presented her with a watch. The presentation was made by Mr. Jerome Morris, on behalf of those present. A very pleasant evening was spent at bridge and dancing. At midnight dainty refreshments were served. Among those invited were Mr. and Mrs. Lee B. Stockton, Misses Hazel Palmer, Ethel Ray, Kathleen Jones, Grace Wilmot, Maisie Ryan, Gertie Bourns, Messrs. Jerome Morris, M. Girvan, W. Turnbull, Guy Parkins, Evans Bourns. Miss Stockton left Wednesday for New York, where she will enter a hospital to train for a nurse. Her friends wish her every success.

Miss F. Price attended the dance in Havelock given by the Woodbine Club Monday night.

The Ladies' Missionary Aid Society met at Mrs. Chapman's Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Bradshaw, of Moncton, spent the week end at her home here.

Mr. Armitage, of Halifax, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Bustard.

HAMPTON VILLAGE

Hampton Village, April 10—Mrs. Joseph Barnes spent a few days of last week in Moncton.

Miss Aileen Otty expects to leave on Thursday next for Portland (Me.), where she will join friends; and on the Saturday following will sail for England to spend the summer with Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Whalley.

Mr. J. Pope Barnes, of St. John, was the guest last week of his sister, Mrs. George McAvity.

Dr. S. S. King went to Fredericton on Wednesday.

The Women's Aid Society of the Baptist church, met with Mrs. J. Slipp on Wednesday and spent the afternoon in making children's garments to be sent to Labrador.

Mrs. Noah Barnes has rented her home at the Station and has moved into the rectory at the Village. Mrs. Robinson, who formerly lived at the rectory, has bought the property at the Station recently owned by Mr. A. W. Baird, and has removed there.

Mrs. Clowes and Miss Jeffrey, who have spent the winter here, expect to return on Monday to Oromocto, where they will spend the summer. Stanley Clowes will remain in Hampton until the close of the school term.

Mr. J. L. Coleman is preparing to erect an hotel in place of the one recently occupied by him, which was destroyed by fire.

Miss Beatrice Smith, B.A., of the Consolidated school staff, went to Fredericton on Friday to attend the "Con" at the U. N. B.

CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, N. B., April 9—The ball given by the junior Masons of Campbellton held in the Masonic Temple on Friday evening, proved to be a very successful affair. The hall was nicely decorated with flags and bunting. The Campbellton orchestra furnished a splendid programme of dance music. Refreshments were served at midnight, after which dancing was resumed. The chaperones were Mrs. A. A. Andrew, Mrs. W. F. Napier, Mrs. A. E. G. McKenzie and Mrs. D. Murray. Among those invited were Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Blackall, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Wran, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Matheson, Mrs. Chas. Payne (Kentville), Mr. and Mrs. J. T. White, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Matheson, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. LeGallais, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Malcolm, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Lingley, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McKendrick, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Christie, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Shives, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Ferguson, Mrs. Jasper Davison, Dr. and Mrs. Lunam, Mr. and Mrs. O. Smith, Dr. and Mrs. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Napier, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. G. McKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Stewart, Judge and Mrs. McLatchey, Dr. and Mrs. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Miles, Dr. and Mrs. Pinault, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Dimock, Dr. and Mrs. McNichol, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. G. Glennie, Mr. and Mrs. Evan Price, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Ingram, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. LeBlanc, Mr. and Mrs. John Basset, Mr. and Mrs. John Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks, Hon. C. H. and Mrs. LaBillois (Dalhousie), Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Montgomery (Dalhousie), Mr. and Mrs. C. Fenderson (Jacquet River), Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister (Charlo). Miss Isa Cameron, Miss Jessie Moore, Miss Sadie Mowat, Miss Jean McLennan, Miss Ruth Cameron, Miss Frances Fish, Miss Estelle McKenzie, Miss Mona McLennan, Miss Lucy Nelson, Miss Emma Mowat, Miss Muriel Mowat, Miss Mary Graham, Miss R. Miller, Miss Eva Wilson, Miss Greta Adams, Miss Dickson, Miss Annie Anderson, Miss Winifred Barbarie, Miss Campbell, Miss Grace Burgess, Miss Tessie Lingley, Mr. F. E. Shepherd, Mr. Fred Carr, Dr. Jos. Price, Mr. R. J. Lavoie, Mr. Chas. Burgess, Mr. W. F. Ferguson, Mr. Harry Ferguson, Mr. Hugh Carr, Mr. Allison, Mr. C. F. Lutz, Mr. Cecil Mersereau, Mr. R. Fraser, Mr. B. Dodge, Mr. Jack Lutz, Mr. R. Bambrick (Jacquet River), Mr. Ross Malcolm, Mr. Boswell Malcolm, Mr. Geo. Wallace, Mr. Wendell Thompson, Mr. Clifford Shirley.

Miss Mabel Shirley, of Bathurst, is the guest of Mrs. Edgar Shirley.

Mrs. J. A. Theberge left last week for Levis to visit friends.

Miss Aileen McGinnis, of Moncton, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. J. LeBlanc, returned home Monday on the Limited.

Mrs. H. H. Bray has returned from Ottawa, where she was visiting her son, Mr. R. P. Bray.

Mrs. H. H. Lunam entertained at two very enjoyable sewing parties on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons of last week. The guests included Mrs. W. H. Wallace, Mrs. Evan Price, Mrs. S. W. Dimock, Mrs. Jas. Evans, Mrs. John Cameron, Mrs. J. Davison, Mrs. J. Stafford Benson, Mrs. T. P. Drumm, Mrs. A. H. Ingram, Mrs. O. Smith, Mrs. M. P. Moores, Mrs. A. McG. McDonald, Mrs. Thos. Wran, Mrs. Jellet, Miss Anderson and Miss Chamberlain.

Miss Asker has returned from a visit to Toronto and United States.

Miss Stella McDonald is visiting friends in Moncton.

Mr. Jas. Patterson was in Moncton last week, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Allan H. Troy.

Mr. Arnold Murray left last week to resume his studies at the U. N. B.

Miss Harquail, of Dalhousie, was the guest of Mrs. D. A. Harquail last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Collins and little daughter left for St. John last Thursday, where they will reside in future.

Little Miss Audrey McKenzie entertained a number of her young friends on Tuesday evening from 7 to 9. Among the little guests present were Jean Burgess, Olive Sproule, Bertha Dickie, Amanda Quinn, Isabel McNichol, Marjorie Murray, Francia Fairbanks, Bernice Miller, Avis Miller, Muriel Stevens, Clara Mowat, Stella Bruce, Laura Dickie, R. McLaughlan, Margaret Moffat, Ray McLean, Eldridge Mowat, S. McLennan, Wm. Fairbanks and Jas. Sansom.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Malcolm and their daughter, Mrs. Roland Moffat, left for Montreal last Friday.

Miss Violet Goodwin, of Bathurst, spent last Thursday in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fair were guests of Mrs. John Cameron last Wednesday.

Miss Margaret Baldwin, of Dalhousie, spent Tuesday of last week with friends here.

On Thursday afternoon from 4 to 7 Miss Christine McBeath entertained a number of her young friends very delightfully. Those present were the Misses Margaret Moffat, Isabel Wran

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Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 16, 1913.

LET THE COUNTRY DECIDE

"It is established by the unwritten law of all British parliaments that when the Prime Minister introduces an important measure the opposition, through its leader, shall be heard upon it. In the innocence of my heart I rose upon that ground. You saw me, Mr. Speaker. In the exercise of that fair play which belongs inalienably to your office—that fair play which had been promised by the Prime Minister less than five minutes before—, you called upon me to take the floor. In the spirit of that fair play, promised so solemnly by the Prime Minister, his colleague, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, rose to ask you to take from me that privilege which was mine by contitutional right and give it to a member of the government. Every member on the other side of the house, from the Prime Minister, who had just made the promise of fair play, to his humblest supporter, rose to gag me."
—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

These words of the honored statesman who leads the Liberal party will penetrate every constituency in the Dominion, and wherever they are read fair-minded men who favor free speech and honorable dealing will realize the nature of that which Mr. Borden and Mr. Hazen did in the House of Commons.

What is to be the result? We have the answer in the Conservative Ottawa Citizen. It says:

"If the naval bill is put through by closure methods, with the Liberals fighting bitterly for what many will consider the privilege of free speech and minority rights, the principal effect it will have will be to give the Senate new reason for existence and for exercising the veto power for which it was originally intended. The closure means a dangerous revolution in Canadian parliamentary methods. Its perils are clearly apparent to both parties alike. It might develop into a tool which in the hands of a less scrupulous government would expose the country to mercenary aims. Even though it is the only way remaining whereby the majority may enact particular legislation according to its will and desire, the permanent perils are greater than the immediate need.

"All of this the Senate will undoubtedly declare. It will willingly assume the role of 'saviour of the country.'"

If the Liberals are gagged by the new rules of debate which are being introduced by the methods which Sir Wilfrid Laurier has exposed, there is still left a way to compel the government to drop the bill or go to the country. Let the Liberal Senate throw the measure out, on the sound ground that its very nature demands that the electorate should have an opportunity to pass upon it. This action by the Senate would be applauded by the country. A policy relating to Imperial defence, to be effective, to be lasting, to serve the cause of Imperial unity, ought to commend itself to a great majority of the people of Canada. The Liberals in the House of Commons are confident that the country will condemn Mr. Borden's plan of tribute. The Liberals in the Senate share this view. It is, therefore, within the power of the Liberals in Parliament to dissent most effectively from Mr. Borden's policy of suppression and compel him to go before the electors and attempt to justify the introduction of "ship money" by shutting off free speech and ignoring the decencies of parliamentary procedure.

This country knows now how empty is the "emergency" plea. It knows that this Conservative anxiety to rush through the policy of tribute was not because Mr. Borden had his eyes upon the North Sea but because he had them upon Quebec. The country has seen how Mr. Borden's reluctance to order an election has grown as the weakness of his policy has been exposed and as the Liberal cause gained in every province.

Let the Senate do its duty. Let the country decide.

MAKING TARIFF BILLS

During the discussion of the last tariff bill in the United States, Mr. Seth Low said at the Republican Club in New York: "The vice of every tariff bill comes from the ease with which the well-informed special interests can hoodwink legislators who do not know the facts." It is not only a question of hoodwinking legislators. As a rule legislators know something more about politics and something less about business than do their fellow-citizens who are engaged in non-political activities. They are never too anxious about the facts and they are not easily hoodwinked. The business of some of them is buying and selling—buying funds for campaign contributions and selling valuable privileges at Washington which enable individuals to grow rich at the expense of all the people. Commissions have often enough collected the facts, but the facts were never of much consequence to the tariff traders, and never worried the Republican party to any appreciable degree. Those who hoped to benefit by the tariff suppressed the facts when they could, and ignored them when they could not suppress them.

President Wilson is hewing to the line in the present bill, and conforming to the facts. He is giving genuine tariff revision, and it is sharply downward. He did not desire to be hoodwinked; therefore he was not. He knew that a protective tax was a tax upon consumption, and that its weight was bound to bear unduly upon the poor. For the practical man who was not as expert and who was honest, the way was clear. Remove the tax upon consumption and place it upon income; let wealth have some experience of the burden of taxation; and that is all that is now being proposed. Wilson is not an expert; he is simply boss, and he is on the job. If Murphy were boss, or if Aldrich were boss under present conditions, the feelings of the country would be quite different.

It is rare that legislators are so stupid as to be hoodwinked by the special interests. They are influenced, of course, by the lobbyists who have sufficient interest to go to Washington and argue before congressional committees; but they have something to give, and the swarm of protected interests are ready to trade for the right to tax the people. As a matter of fact the way in which tariff bills have been prepared at Washington in the past is simple. There has been no hoodwinking, only the hoodwinking of the people. In any proposed item each man is careless of the effects upon others of a particular provision that will benefit him, and each is jealous of the effects upon him of any provision that will help others. They settle their differences, not by fighting it out before the committees, but by a friendly arrangement by which each abandons opposition to the other in consideration of the other agreeing to stand aside from additional benefit to himself. When the log-rolling is through, the bill is passed. Taft accepted what was handed to him in this way by the special interests. That was the cause of nearly all his troubles and those of his party when the elections came. Mr. Wilson, a convinced tariff-for-revenue man, is a horse of another color.

THE HARBOR

The Standard makes the mistake of supposing, or pretending to suppose, that assurances of the good intention of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries may be substituted for the government activity necessary to give St. John additional harbor accommodation at the beginning of the next winter port season.

It was both proper and necessary to point out, as The Telegraph and The Times did, that only prompt action at Ottawa could prevent the city from suffering next November from lack of facilities sufficient to accommodate the trade which is expected at that time. As Mr. Hazen is the minister from New Brunswick it is well that the city should keep this problem before him in order that there may be no dispute hereafter as to the responsibility, should delay bring about the unsatisfactory state of affairs which it is desired to avoid. Any kindly words spoken by Mayor Frink regarding the Minister of Marine will not relieve Mr. Hazen from his official responsibilities.

The Commissioner of Harbors, speaking from the standpoint of the city, and without regard to politics, clearly pointed out, a week ago, the necessity for completing the southern side of the new wharf on the West Side, and gave reasons for his opinion that there is no time to lose.

Since Mr. Schofield descussed the situation, we have had news from Ottawa with respect to the new mail contract. St. John's opportunity to share in this contract, and perhaps to secure a direct mail service to and from Liverpool, makes the question of expanding the facilities more than ever important.

This is not politics, but business. If the government carries the work forward with sufficient speed, it will receive credit for doing so. If it fails, it will be condemned accordingly. The main point is that neither politics nor a desire to avoid disturbing the Minister of Marine and Fisheries should be permitted to encourage delay or neglect in a matter of so great importance to the city, and, indeed, to the whole country.

The country is hoping the Senate will send Mr. Borden to the people. If he will not go willingly, his hand must be forced. The electors want an opportunity to say that the $35,000,000 shall be spent at home.

MR. HAZEN'S "DEFENCE"

Mr. Hazen, according to the Standard, "needs no defence, and talk by his enemies cannot injure him."

Probably that is one reason why the Standard daily devotes a column or so of its editorial space to defending Mr. Hazen and denouncing his opponents. Having said again and again that this course is unnecessary, the Standard continues to pursue it. Of course, it is easy to understand why the Standard is anxious on Mr. Hazen's account and why it continually has him on its editorial mind. It was Mr. Hazen who sent back the Cammell Laird deposit and so cut St. John off from its ripened opportunity to secure a great shipbuilding plant at Courtenay Bay. It will require considerable Standard ink to blot out that particular transgression. And there are others.

Mr. Carvell, of Carleton County, a hard-hitting Liberal, directed attention in the House of Commons on Thursday to the fact that when a man was needed to carry into effect the trickery by which the honored leader of the opposition was to be denied the time-honored privilege of replying to the Prime Minister, Mr. Hazen was selected from 130 Conservative members as the man most fitted for the unpleasant work. The Standard takes issue with Mr. Carvell on this point, and says: "One would think that it was a compliment both to the Province of New Brunswick and the Minister himself that Mr. Hazen should be chosen to follow the Premier and take an important part in a struggle which will become historic."

Well, there is no accounting for tastes. A majority of the people of Canada will probably agree with Mr. Carvell in his opinion that it was no compliment to Mr. Hazen, or to the province which he represents, to be selected for this rather nasty piece of parliamentary tactics. If Mr. Hazen and the Standard enjoy the peculiar distinction, their attitude will merely provide a new means of measuring their idea of the proprieties.

The Standard tells its readers that Mr. Carvell has been aroused "to paroxysms of anger," and that Hon. Mr. Pugsley is similarly disturbed, because they now feel that they can now no longer obstruct the country's business. But they have not obstructed the country's business. The Liberals have cheerfully voted supply, and expressed a willingness to deal with the West India treaty and other important matters. What they have done also is to object, and most effectively, to the Borden-Rogers-Hazen plan for preventing reasonable public discussion of Mr. Borden's "ship money" scheme. The Standard, in childish vein, accuses Mr. Carvell of being "hoarse," and "cross," and "vexed," and "peevish," and "petulant," and "insulting," to select a few of its adjectives at random; and it complains bitterly that his speeches have occupied more columns of Hansard than those of any other member of Parliament with two exceptions. Mr. Carvell always says something worth listening to, and his constituency will read with appreciation this Tory tribute to his useful activity in the House of Commons.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley is again accused by the Standard of bullying "the young member" from Kent county. This is better. Some time ago the Standard said that Dr. Pugsley "bulldozed" the member for Kent "by suavity of manner and glittering speech."

Our contemporary says that the Liberals are now "gnashing their teeth and raging furiously," and that "the whole country is laughing at them." The Standard can scarcely hope to persuade even the most hardened Tory by mere repetition of foolish assertions. If there is any laughter in the country it is certainly not at the expense of the Liberals. From every province the Liberal leaders have had messages of congratulation, and it is known that throughout Canada the Liberal party has been cheered and inspired by the stiff fighting carried on by Sir Wilfrid and his lieutenants in Ottawa. Again and again Mr. Borden has been challenged to take this issue to the country. Again and again he has dodged and sought refuge in every conceivable pretext in clinging to power. If the Standard has any faith in its own foolish and violent assertions why does it not propose a simple cure for all the evils of which it complains—namely, a general election?

It is unfair of our contemporary to thrust upon Mr. Hazen the questionable distinction of having been used by Messrs. Borden and Rogers to deny to the leader of the opposition the privilege to which he was clearly entitled by all parliamentary practice. This act of Mr. Hazen's, which the Standard celebrates so excitedly, was a bit of trickery of which no one can possibly be proud. And, in this connection, it must be noted that Mr. Hazen's activities at Ottawa thus far have conferred distinction neither upon himself nor his province. His own party cannot but be greviously disappointed because he has not gained more influence in the House of Commons and become more useful to the province which sent him to Ottawa.

STUDY THE FACTS

Mr. Redfield, the Secretary of Commerce at Washington, speaking recently before the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association, said that no one knew how large a "trust" can grow before it becomes inefficient. He recommended study of the problem by the bureau of corporations. "The air has been full for years past of the discussion of trusts," said Mr. Redfield. "It is alleged that trusts are necessary for our industrial efficiency. There has been discussion as to whether trusts are, as a matter of fact, industrially efficient. We do not know. We are dealing with them as a national menace, whereas the fact may be that they menace chiefly themselves. Whether this is true or not, I do not pretend to say. I venture to hope that the bureau of corporations may learn what the real facts are."

The whole question is one of facts. In every case where the government sought to dissolve a trust the burden of the dissolution has been visited on the consumer. He has had to pay the bill. Nothing is gained by taking for granted that the trust as such is an evil. It may be a natural evolution of business and a means of greatly decreasing the cost of production, or it may be, as Mr. Redfield suggests, industrially inefficient and its own worst enemy. The question whether the acquisition of so much power as is controlled by a few through amalgamation is good or evil, depends on the use which is made of that power. Trusts and captains of industry may accumulate millions, not only without robbing others, but in the process of benefiting others. Captains of industry serve the same function as the inventors of labor saving devices. The manufacturers of harvesters and agricultural implements lowered the cost of wheat, and not only lowered the cost but made it possible to market one hundred bushels where only one was marketed before. But if the managers of the harvester trust grind their workmen, cheat their creditors, unfairly crush their competitors, buy legislatures and cynically defy public opinion, it is a different question altogether. Yet even this misuse of power does not prove the power an evil. It is not the gun, but the man who wrongly directs the gun we condemn. To condemn a trust because a bad use has been made of it, is like condemning a razor because some fool made another use of it than shaving. Men may use power to their own and their brother's hurt, but the power only becomes evil when it is used for a selfish and vain purpose.

That other uses have been made of great concentrations of capital, all modern progress testifies. To take one example from many thousands: Baron Hirsch formed a trust in transportation and amassed a princely fortune by giving to the Balkan States new and improved transportation. These States were cut off from markets; there was no employment of capital. To the men in skirts and turbans, Hirsch brought railways and covered the whole country with his lines. A new wealth came into existence, and the toll that made the magnate's fortune was only a small fraction of the enormous gain he brought these communities by his organizing power. It is possible that greater efficiency can be obtained through concentration than through separate organizations, and if greater efficiency is secured it must result in the increase of human wealth. The right or the wrong is not in the power itself but in the controlling spirit behind the power. The debased manager of power can be reached by law, whether the power he is using in a debased way is wealth, or brains, or influence of any kind. It is not possible to resolve the truste into their primary parts, but it would appear to be possible to require a higher standard of morals and character in the persons who control power and wealth. The chief difficulty, indeed, is not defect of law so much as defect of character. No condemnation is too severe for the turpitude that uses wrongly the power which has such possibilities for good.

THE PLAGUES OF EGYPT—AND LATER ONES

The Woman's Social and Political Union, the organization of the militant suffragettes, says in its annual report: "The parallel between Pharaoh visited by plagues of ever-increasing severity and the Liberal government visited by militancy more and more drastic, is complete." The different plagues that visited that much perplexed and heart-hardened king are set forth quite minutely in the Hebrews' records. In the first, the waters of the sacred river, the river of Egypt, are turned into blood, so that the fish in the river died, and the Egyptians could not drink of the water, and they dug round about for water to drink. In the second the waters of the river are again smitten so that they are full of frogs, and the frogs came up into the house and into the bedchambers, and into the ovens, and into the kneading-troughs, and upon all the people. In the third plague, when Aaron stretched forth his hand the dust of the earth was turned to lice, and these swarmed upon man and beast. The next plague was one of flies, which swarmed upon the whole land excepting the land of Goshen where the peculiar people dwelt. The whole land outside of Goshen was corrupted by the swarming flies and no swatting could abate their number.

The next plague was a grievous murrain upon the cattle of Egypt, and upon the asses and upon the camels, and upon the herds and the flocks. As Pharaoh's heart is still hardened, Moses takes a handful of ashes from a furnace and sprinkles it toward heaven in the sight of the king, and the ashes become a boil breaking forth with blains upon man and upon beast. But the king still exaults himself against the pilgrims and will not let them go, so his people are smitten with a pestilence and many of them die; and the pestilence is followed by a hail such as had not been in Egypt since the day it had been founded, even until then. No man or beast is able to stand before the hail. But this is not enough, and the land is then covered with locusts, and very grievous were they, eating every green thing in all the land of Egypt. The locusts are followed by darkness so thick that no man can see the face of his fellow for the space of three days. Last plague of all, to end that strange, eventful history, the Lord went out about midnight into the midst of Egypt; and all the first-born of the land of Egypt died, from the first born of the Pharaoh on the throne even unto the firstborn of the maid-servant that was behind the mill; and all the firstborn of cattle. Even the sacred bull which this darkened people worshiped was not immune from the dread visitation.

But there is absolutely no parallel between the desires of the people of the land of Goshen and the militants of England. The former wished to go on a pilgrimage for three days into the wilderness, and for a period of forty years into the desert of Arabia. The plagues came because the great king would not let them go. But let the militants of England proffer such a request to Mr. Asquith, the modern Pharaoh. He will move heaven and earth to expedite their passage. He may not be able to make the floods stand upright in a heap that they may pass over the channel dry-shod, but there is no sea that has ever been troubled by a keel over which he would not eagerly and safely transport them to any desired haven where they would be. They have only to express the wish, they have only to give him the opportunity, and his chariots will run lightly under the earth and on the earth, and his ships to the uttermost bounds of ocean to transport them far—anything so long as they have not a round trip ticket. No plague of flies or of boils or a grievous murrain on cattle are necessary to add to his eagerness. Mr. Asquith will let them go even to serve strange gods in the wilderness—anything to get them out of England. To make them pilgrims and strangers is his great desire.

Their earlier prototypes left a sad Egypt and found a sorry desert; the English militants would leave a glad England and find perhaps a welcome in some land where they would forget their stratagems, snares and duplicities. There, in league with banded knights full of a common purpose, they might forget their present obsession and erect some new monument of a great pilgrimage. But before visiting Mr. Asquith with the plagues of Pharaoh, or even with the lesser plagues that the magicians of Egypt could bring about by their enchantments, it is only fair that Mr. Asquith should have the same opportunity of refusing to the militants the request that Pharaoh refused to the Sons of Joseph.

THE PUBLIC AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

That municipal ownership pays in dollars and cents has been sufficiently demonstrated, but its chief value is in the new spirit it creates in the cities that have undertaken it extensively. England is today being democratized by its cities. The Lords are reactionary, and the privileged classes in the Commons are continually seeking to extend their influences, while from the cities the people are being awakened to a larger life through the political forces that are aroused by co-operative endeavor. New issues are being raised about the taxation of land values, the housing of the poor, the improvement in the condition of labor, the standard of living among the people, the municipalisation of monopolies; and these new issues are directly due to the increase in public ownership or municipal trading as it is called in England. The effects of the movement have been to stimulate citizenship. If a city acquires a street car system, the opening is an occasion of public rejoicing. The people feel that in supporting the cars they are using their own property, and they take a just pride in the neat appearance of the cars and in the service the system offers. They come to have an affectionate regard for these agencies; a new sense of responsibility is awakened by ownership.

It seems almost absurd to speak of people having an affectionate interest in a street car system, but that is the experience of many English cities, and of all cities where this utility is owned by the people and run in their interest instead of in the interest of the shareholders and directors. This side of public ownership does not appear on the balance sheet, but its importance is quite beyond estimate and its effects upon the public most inspiring.

That municipal ownership is profitable from the point of view of the balance sheet, a recent editorial in the Boston Traveler demonstrates. Says the editor of the Traveler:

"Is it true that, even at this late day in the development of government, it would be impossible to serve the people through municipal instrumentalities as well as the people of England are served? Take, for example, the city of Leeds, which makes such excellent profit from gas, water and street railways that the highway rate is but half what otherwise it would be, and more than $10,000,000 has been expended in practically rebuilding the whole of the central part of the city.

"It may be that the people of this country are not yet sufficiently educated in self-government to undertake more than is already undertaken, but even now Boston is doing many things which, if the opponents of municipalization were consistent, they would oppose at every step. It is only when a proposition to municipalize crosses the plans of 'vested interests' that its futility and wickedness are promptly set forth for the instruction of those who swallow what they are told to swallow, if eminently respectable practitioners, in the form of gifted counsel, administer the medicine.

"A score of towns in Great Britain are reaping direct profit for their people by methods which, if we are to accept the dictum of learned counsel, American municipalities must never adopt, under the most favorable conditions."

A ROUGH CRITIC

The London Nation intimates that Canada will have no more royal dukes at Ottawa, and that some of the vice-regal party gave offence recently in the Canadian capital by showing partiality towards the Tory cause. If so the fact seems to have escaped notice in Canada. If some of the younger or less important members of the Governor-General's suite wore their political colors openly, no one in Ottawa attached much importance to the matter, though the question of taste may have been a passing subject of conversation. The Nation's tone is too serious. It says, in its "London Diary":

"It is generally understood that a new Governor-General for Canada is not far distant. It is no disparagement to the Duke's tact and good sense to say that the second experiment of associating the Royal Family with the Governor-Generalship has been no more successful than the first. How could it be? Our governing system is mainly adapted to the colonies from its parliamentary side. But courts are not so constituted as to stand the Atlantic voyage. Not only do the colonies take unkindly to the race of Barnacles and Stilt-stalkings who hem in a royal personage, but there is neither a landed gentry nor a military society to bridge the gulf between royalty and the mass of work-a-day people, such as Canadians and Australians are."

This writer goes on to say: "Moreover—again no blame to the Duke—there is little doubt that royalty has been used to cover and excuse a good deal of social ostracism of Liberals in Ottawa. A well-informed correspondent, for example, writes me that during the naval debate a party of ladies from the royal household attended to hear Mr. Borden's speech, absented themselves when Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke, came two days later to hear Mr. Foster, and left when the answering Liberal began his speech. There was, says my informant, a great deal of feeling among Liberals at these untoward incidents, and only Sir Wilfrid's courtesy averted a public reference in the House. What is really wanted in Canada is the same kind of broad representation of Liberal thought and feeling that Mr. Bryce has supplied to the States. Let us hope that this will be thought of when the next Governor-General is appointed."

There was no such feeling or talk in responsible circles at Ottawa as would justify the Nation's tone. The article contains a sort of implied reflection upon the Duke of Connaught which Canadians will regret. Nevertheless, it is a fact that the presence of royalty in Ottawa encourages the widening of a set of light-headed Canadian tufthunters who are no credit to this sensible and practical country. This is no fault of the Duke, or of any Governor-General. It is unavoidable so long as Canada produces an increasing number of "climbers" by whom recognition from their "social superiors" is prized above rubies.

A DILEMMA

The Standard quotes certain utterances of Hon. Mr. Pugsley and Mr. Carvell, when their party was in power, in favor of such alterations of the rules of procedure as would permit the passage of the reciprocity measure. Reciprocity had long been the Liberal programme, and the party had a clear mandate for its introduction. But the Standard says that its quotations are an unanswerable indictment of the Liberal attitude of today:

If that be true, no doubt the Standard is ready to apply the same reasoning to its own party. That is unavoidable. When Mr. Borden solemnly declared, in 1909 and in 1910, that he favored a Canadian navy, to be built in this country "out of our own material, by the instructed skill of our own people," and when Mr. Foster protested eloquently against "hiring out our fighting," no doubt they meant what they said; consequently, by the Standard's reasoning, the Conservative position on the navy today is utterly wrong and quite untenable.

Reference to previous utterances on either side of the House is an exercise which the Liberals can much better afford then the government. Will the Standard pursue the argument? In political controversy our contemporary will find, as it grows in years and experience, that it is not possible to have one's cake and eat it too.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Build the ships at home. That is the desire of the Canadian people. If Mr. Borden doubts it let him go to the country.

* * *

How long is New Brunswick going to permit the West to lure away our school teachers by higher salaries than we pay? A teacher who is worth $1,000, or $2,000, or $3,000 a year in Alberta is worth just as much here. This competition must be met in the only effective way possible—by paying the market price.

* * *

The authorities of the city and of the county of St. John ought to know precisely when the St. John Railway Company is going to make that extension to Kane's Corner. A year has been lost through unnecessary fiddling, and there should be no willingness on the part of the city and county to lose another. In fact, there should be evidence of a stiff determination to permit no further waste of time.

* * *

One of the peculiar features about the Borden naval policy is the proviso that any ships contributed by Canada shall be in addition to the regular British programme. Thus, Canada's contribution would afford no relief to the taxpayers of the United Kingdom. It was an ungracious provision for Mr. Borden to put forward. As he does not propose to man or maintain his Dreadnoughts, the people of the British Isles may be tempted to remember the warning about looking a gift horse in the mouth.

* * *

The Wilson tariff should greatly encourage the raising of sheep in New Brunswick. When the duty was one and one-half cents a pound, New York was receiving many shipments of New Zealand frozen mutton. The mutton was transshipped at London for the United States, and dealers figured that they could pay both the freight and the duty and land it in New York at a profit. As this trade has been going on in ever increasing volume for the last three years, it will no doubt increase when the handicap of the duty is removed; but if New Zealand can overcome the handicap of distance and develop a trade more than half round the world, it can surely be done by an adjacent country well suited to sheep-raising.

* * *

The Democrats are making good progress in their tariff conferences. It is now thought probable that the main features of the bill will go through unchanged. Our Conservative friends told us that free markets for our natural products would ruin us. Well, the test is coming, and Canadian producers are not only calm but pleased. This is the beginning. A little experience under the benefits of the Wilson bill will make it impossible for even a Tory government to stand pat in fiscal matters. The time must soon come when the demand for an increase in the British preference will be too strong to be resisted. And, how long under present conditions can Mr. Borden afford to keep a duty on farm implements and farm machinery?

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The tax rate in Halifax this year is $1.99 as compared with $1.96 last year. It would have been higher this year had not the assessors increased the valuation of property by $1,800,000. Following the same course here, but carrying it a little nearer its logical conclusion, St. John's rate should easily be kept at a comfortable level. We shall know presently how nearly the commissioners and the assessors have lived up to the idea of making some redistribution of the tax burden, and what approach they have made to equity. Taxation reform needs more attention in St. John, and the appearance of this year's tax bills will enable the public to see whether the progressive idea in taxation matters is going to be followed. St. John should now be beginning the gradual exemption of improvements from taxation.

GOOD PROGRESS BEING MADE IN THE SURVEYS

Suburban Railway Company to Have Definite Plans for Commissioners in Near Future—Four Parties at Work.

Saturday, Apr. 12.

The city commissioners met representatives from the Suburban Railway Company yesterday afternoon and talked over street railway matters generally. There was no definite proposition made to the commissioners, but as soon as the preliminary surveys have been completed the railway people will submit a definite plan of the work to be done.

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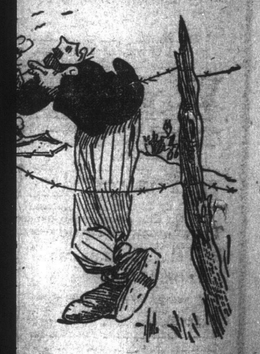

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NEW CONTRACT IN ATLANTIC MAIL SERVICE

Mr. Pelletier Explains Arrangement the Government Has Made

TWELVE SHIPS TO DO THE WORK

Service Three Times a Week in Summer and Twice a Week in Winter—Company to Select Their Own Ports for Landing Mails—Hon. Mr. Pugsley's Questions.

(Hansard, April 7.)

ATLANTIC MAIL SERVICE.

Hon. L. P. Pelletier (Postmaster General.)—Before the orders of the day are called, I have an important contract which I desire to place before the house, together with the order in council approving of the same. Were it in order, I would like to give some explanation of it, but I understand I cannot do so without the unanimous consent of the house.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Is it with reference to the Atlantic mail service?

Mr. Pelletier—Yes.

Sir Wilfred Laurier—I am sure the house would like to hear it.

Mr. Speaker—Is it the pleasure of the house that the hon. member have leave to make the explanation.

Some hon. members—Yes.

Mr. Pelletier—A contract for the carriage of the mails has been entered into on behalf of the government, by the hon. acting minister of trade and commerce (Mr. Perley) and myself as postmaster general. The contract, as I have said, is for the ocean mail service, and I shall make a brief explanation. Up to the present time the Canadian Atlantic mail service has been done with practically only four steamships, and the service has been once a week. Some other lines receive small amounts in connection with the mail service, but, in the past, a great part of the ocean mail service for Canada has been carried on through the port of New York. We have now entered into a contract under which we expect we will be able to take care of our own Canadian mail service to the mother country. In virtue of the postal union regulation, Canada, like all other countries, takes care of whatever part of its mail transportation it can, and for that part which Canada, or any other country cannot take care of, it pays to the country whose port the mails leave for their destination, rates which are fixed by the postal union. For the last six years or so, Canada has been paying about $185,000 a year for the Canadian mails going to England via New York. I am not criticizing that; there was a good deal of reason for it, because Canada was not ready to take care of its own mails to the full extent we expect it is now. However, to provide against that, we have entered into this new contract under which, instead of having four steamships leaving Canadian ports with Canadian mails, we shall have twelve steamers.

The New Service.

Omitting any reference to the small subsidiary mail service, the Atlantic mail service for Canada was done by the four ships: Empress of Britain, Empress of Ireland, Victorian and Virginian. The former contract was with the Allan Company, but it was divided between them and the Canadian Pacific Railway Steamship Company, with their two Empresses. Under this new contract instead of a weekly service we are going to have a service three times a week in summer and twice a week in winter, and instead of having four ships performing that service, we shall have twelve. I saw in the newspapers this morning that the contract we have entered into was with one company, which would subcontract it out to other companies but that is not correct. The contract we have entered into is a straight contract with four important companies: The Allan Line, the Canadian Pacific Railway Line, the Canadian Northern Line, and the White Star Dominion Line. For the summer service the Allan Line is going to supply the Victorian, the Virginian, the Corsican, the Tunisian; and until such time as these fine new ships, the Alsatian and the Calgarian, are ready, the Allan Line will put at our disposal the Grampian and the Hesperian.

It is expected that some time in July the splendid palatial ships, Alsatian and the Calgarian, will be ready, and will then take their places in this service in lieu of the Hesperian and the Grampian. The Canadian Northern line intends to put on for this service its two Royals, the Royal George and the Royal Edward. The White Star Dominion line is going to put on for the summer service the Laurentian and the Megantic. For the winter service, we shall have the two Empresses, the Empress of Britain and the Empress of Ireland, the Alsatian and the Calgarian, the Victorian and the Virginian, and the two Royals, the Royal George and the Royal Edward. We are also going to have the Teutonic, of the White Starr (Dominion) line, as a spare boat to replace any of these ships which may be out of commission or which it is necessary to overhaul. Thus for the winter service we shall have eight ships, exclusive of the Teutonic, which will be a spare boat, in order to have a continuous service. The summer sailings will be on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Where from.

Mr. Pelletier—The ships can start from whatever port the companies please, provided they do not start from any but a Canadian port, namely, Montreal or Quebec in summer, and St. John or Halifax in winter.

Mr. Pugsley—Not both?

To Stand on Merits.

Mr. Pelletier—Halifax or St. John at the option of the contractor, which means that each of the ports will stand on its own merits. We undertake to deliver the mails through whichever of the ports the companies will choose, for both the winter and the summer services. As a matter of fact, for the summer service, the boats will start either from Montreal or from Quebec, whichever is chosen; but the mails will be landed at Quebec, because, as everyone knows, we can handle the mails at Quebec, and accommodate the public of all Canada much better than if the mails were landed at Montreal. There is a clause in the contract by which the four companies undertake, jointly and severally, to get some other ship in order to replace any one which may for a time be disabled or unable to make the service, so that we have assured for Canada a continuous service. We intend to have our mails taken over the Mother Country and mails brought from the Mother Country to this country by Canada and on ships navigating Canadian waters. I have no doubt we shall succeed in accomplishing this object. As was expected, the subsidy is to be increased. It will amount to a million dollars. This will include transportation of the mails from here to the Mother Country and from the Mother Country to Canada.

Mr. Lemieux—How is the subsidy apportioned?

Mr. Pelletier—So much per voyage. In the first place, it is apportioned so much per week. Each ship, starting each week, will receive its apportioned share of the subsidy. This is all a matter of detail, which is given very fully in the contract which I intend to place before the house.

Mr. W. F. MacLean (South York)—What is the present amount of this subsidy?

Mr. Pelletier—The present cost for the weekly service is $600,000, with, as some hon. members know, an additional amount given to this and that other boat in very small sums aggregate about $50,000 or $55,000 a year, so that the amount which we were paying up to now from the two departments, trade and commerce and post office, was about $655,000 a year. We are now going to have a tri-weekly service for summer and a semi-weekly service for winter, for the sum of a million dollars.

Mr. Carvell—Will this cover the amount which we are paying for the New York service?

Mr. Pelletier—According to the Postal Union Convention, the census of all mail matter sent by different countries is to be taken this year. When that is done, it will regulate the position of all countries for six years. For the last six years we have been paying about $186,000 a year to the United States. The census is to be taken in May of this year, and that is one of the reasons why we have tried to close this contract as soon as possible. We do not expect that for this year we shall save the whole $186,000 which we have been paying for the last six years to the United States government, but we expect to save part of it, because the census as I understand from Berne, the headquarters of the postal union, will likely come into force on the 1st of January, 1914. If that is so, we expect to save quite a sum from the difference in the weight of mail matter heretofore sent through the port of New York and the amount of mail matter which in May of this year will be sent through Canadian ports. Of course, we cannot accurately estimate it now, but we expect it will be fairly large.

So far as the mail coming from the Mother Country is concerned, according to the same regulations which have been in force for the last six years, we only got from the mother country some $23,000 a year whilst we were taking care of the return mails. Perhaps this would have been $46,000 a year, but there was a difference of opinion between the home government and our government as to whether the Canadian Pacific Railway steamers were Canadian or British couriers. The British post office contended that they were couriers for the government of Great Britain and refused to pay more than $23,000 a year.

According to the census which is to be taken this year, we expect that this sum will be very largely increased. With the amounts which, under this census, we save from the United States, and with the increased amount which we will get from Great Britain, we shall be in a splendid position next year and during the other five years to come, and we even expect that for this current year we shall be able to recoup ourselves to a certain extent—maybe to a pretty large extent—for the increased subsidy which we undertake to pay under this contract. We have been told by these steamship companies that the payment for the winter service, which is the amount I have mentioned, is absolutely inadequate. They pretent, rightly or wrongly—we will look into that more carefully this year, because this is only a one year contract—that they are entitled to more for the winter service, which they claim is carried on at a loss. We have told them that we might consider that question next year, but we would like to have their concurrence in order to have the contract put into effect this year, so that Canada might get the benefit of the census from the 1st of May when the contract is to begin.

Speed of Boats.

Mr. Macdonald—Would the hon. gentleman tell us whether any arrangements have been made providing for an increase of speed in the boats that perform this service?

Mr. Pelletier—The hon. gentleman will see by the contract—I do not wish to go into details—

Mr. Macdonald—That could be stated briefly.

Mr. Pelletier—The speed of these ships, the number of knots that they can make is mentioned in the contract. Of course we expect them to give us this service.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Are they not bound to give a certain service?

Mr. Pelletier—Yes, the service I have described. The speed is mentioned in the contract, and they are bound, except in cases of accident or force majeure, to give us this service. The number of knots for each ship is mentioned in the contract.

Mr. Macdonald—Is it a better speed than last contract?

Mr. Pelletier—We shall have two ships, the Alsatian and the Calgarian, which give a better speed than others we had in the service. But the point is, that according to the calculations made in our department, with the speed which these ships are going to give us, and on account of the relatively shorter distance between Canada and Great Britain, we expect to succeed in landing our mails in Great Britain with this service as quickly as they would be landed from the port of New York. As to the winter service, while it is well known that the biggest ships going from the port of New York in winter time are taken off for the purpose of special cruising in the Mediterranean and other places, we have succeeded in securing for Canada the best kind of ships which will give us a splendid winter service. And as a result, we expect that the Canadian mails will be handed over on the shores of Great Britain as quickly as they would be through the port of New York.

Mr. Maclean (South York)—What are the landing ports in Great Britain?

Mr. Pelletier—They are, at the option of the company, either the port of Liverpool or the port of Bristol, with the exception that so far as the Hesperian and the Grampian are concerned, which are only in the service for a short time, they will continue to go to Glasgow until the Alsatian and the Calgarian are ready.

Mr. Pugsley—But if the different companies receive an equal amount—

Mr. Pelletier—The amount is divided by fifty-two weeks.

Mr. Pugsley—The White Star line has no winter steamers. What are its summer steamers?

Mr. Pelletier—The Laurentic and the Megantic in the summer time. The White Star Dominion Line will also have one ship in winter, the Teutonic.

Mr. Pugsley—But the ships of the White Star are subsidized in summer. What ports do they go to in the winter?

Mr. Pelletier—We are not concerned with that; we do not pay them when they go elsewhere in winter.

Mr. Macdonald—I understand the postmaster general to say that in the summer time the mails were to be taken aboard and embarked at Quebec. Is there any arrangement for the maritime provinces mails to be taken off at Rimouski?

Mr. Pelletier—Yes, we have continued the arrangement in reference to that. The mails for the maritime provinces are landed at Rimouski, so that the maritime provinces people get their mails quicker than they otherwise would.

Mr. Macdonald—Is there any new condition in regard to speed affecting the vessels other than the two new vessels which the Allans are building?

Mr. Pelletier—Not any greater speed than the ships engaged. We have taken the ships that are available and which are the best ships today in the Canadian service. Except the Grampian and the Hesperian, which are only temporary and which will be replaced with the two new ships, the speed of these ships is the best we have on the St. Lawrence route.

Mr. Pugsley—Are the White Star ships not to be allowed to sail from Portland?

Mr. Pelletier—None of these ships are under this contract to sail from a foreign port.

Mr. Pugsley—I understand that the White Star ships are allowed to go to an American port in winter.

Mr. Pelletier—But they do not get any subsidy for ships which are not in the winter service.

Mr. Pugsley—Does the hon. minister give the same subsidy in winter?

Mr. Pelletier—It is by the week.

Mr. Mclean (South York)—An equal subsidy for each mail voyage?

Mr. Pelletier—No, for each week. The sum of $1,000,000 is divided into fifty-two parts, and each week will earn its share of the $1,000,000.

Mr. Turriff—Do the two ships in the winter service get the same subsidy as the three ships of the summer service?

Mr. Pelletier—There are——

Mr. Turriff—I mean two ships a week.

Mr. Pelletier—Eight ships with a spare one in the winter service and twelve ships in the summer service.

Mr. Pugsley—Do I understand that the steamship companies say that the winter service is not a profitable service, and that they ought to have a larger subsidy?

Mr. Pelletier—Yes, they claim that.

Mr. Pugsley—Then, it is true, is it not, that the White Star line gets per week during the summer the same subsidy that the others do; that will have the winter service and that in the winter the White Star are allowed to go to American ports?

Mr. Pelletier—That was a matter of arrangement between the companies. But the hon. gentleman will remember that the White Star line gives a ship which will be one of the fastest in the service, the Teutonic, and that ship will be at our disposition for the whole winter.

In brief, from the 1st of May, we shall send our mails on these ships to the motherland, and we are going to take care of our own Canadian mail service. I suppose the house will agree that this is another step towards nationhood. I beg to place before the house both the contract and the order in council authorizing the same.

PRIZE WINNERS AT MARITIME HORSE SHOW

Some New Brunswickers Among Them—Record Crowd in Attendance.

Amherst, N. S., April 10—Fine weather and a big attendance of visitors greeted the management of the Maritime Horse Show today. The hotels are taxed to their utmost capacity and many private homes have had to be opened for the entertainment of visitors. The crowd that was present last night was a record breaker, and it was estimated that 4,000 people were in the building.

It was announced that Spurgeon Gammon, of New Glasgow, had several horses at the show, but owing to some mishap this strng was unable to get here.

Much interest was taken in the class for roadsters, colts and fillies. Forest Boy, F. M. Blenkhorn, carried off first honors; Ruby K., Dr. Taylor, Moncton; and Goldie Kip, Miles Wortman, of Salisbury, took second and third prizes. Other prizes were captured during the afternoon by George M. Holmes, Amherst; William O'Brien, Windsor Forks; Fowler Bros., Amherst Point; A. P. Elderkin, Amherst; H. S. Pipes & Son, Amherst; Thomas Hooper, Truro; R. A. Snowball, Chatham; Walter Bulmer, Westmorland Point, and others.

In the evening classes, the saddle horses, ridden by ladies, was the centre of attraction. Gypsy, J. C. Purdy, and ridden by Miss Blanchard, took first money; A. P. Elderkin's Gypsy, ridden by Miss W. Robertson, and Tom Brook, G. M. Holmes, Amherst, took second and third money respectively.

Hammond Kelly, of Charlotteaown, with his Major Todd, won in the standard bred stallions, while the famous King Dodds, Dodd Dwyer, of Pictou, held second position.

Carriage mare or gelding, 15 1-2 hands or over, was taken by Logan Bros. Second nor third prizes were not awarded on account of unsoundness. A. P. Elderkin's Prince only secured fourth. Langton Lilly, R. A. Snowball, of Chatham, which took a prize at the royal show in England, competed in this class. The mare is twenty-one years old and has foaled fourteel colts.

Mare or gelding under 15 1-2 hands, in harness, had fifteen entries. Cecil Coates, of Nappan, won; C. B. Chapman, Amherst, second; A. P. Elderkin, third.

A number of other prizes were secured by Logan Bros., Amherst; S. M. Stiles, Amherst; Miss E. Langton, Mosher; McFarlane Bros., Fox Harbor.

Amherst, N. S., April 11—A good attendance, fine weather and a marked and growing interest in the show, marked the closing day's programme of the fourth maritime horse show.

The skilful handling of the horses entered by Warden J. C. Purdy, of Amherst, by Miss Blanchard, of Kentville, was one of the striking and attractive features of today's programme. Miss Blanchard rode and drove perfectly, and when she was presented with the cup, donated by Colonel H. Montgomery Campbell, of Apohaqui, for the best combination saddle and carriage horse, she was greeted with rounds of deserved applause. In this class, she held close competition with the horse entered by Stanley Logan, of Amherst Point.

In the saddle horse leaper class, Miss Blanchard riding Mr. Purdy's horse Francis, took first place, and had the same distinction in the carriage horse shown in harness.

Some of the other notable winners were R. A. Snowball, of Chatham, whose splendid string of horses evoked a great deal of admiration during the show.

The silver cup which was donted by the Terrace Hotel for the champion horse in harness was taken by Etter & Lowe.

Diplomas were given to the following: For the best Clyde stallian, any age, McFarlane Bros., Fox Harbor.

The Dunlap trophy for the best Clydesdale mare, any age, was captured by Logan Bros., Amherst. The diploma for the best Percheron of any age and independent of sex was taken by Rodrique, of the Rodrique Horse Company, Petitcodiac. The Hotel St. Regis silver cup for the best roadster mare or gelding in harness was landed by Dr. Sutherland, of Pictou. The best thoroughbred stallion, any age, was won by Geo. M. Holmes, Amherst. Mr. Holmes also won the diploma for the best thoroughbred mare.

H. Kelly, of Charlottetown, won out with his horse among the standard bred stallions, while Dr. Sutherland, of Pictou, added another leaf to his laurels by gaining a diploma for his standard bred mare.

R. A. Snowball, of Chatham, won both the best hackney mare and stallion.

The hauling competition was the closing event of the evening. The single team was captured by Fred Black, Amherst; J. F. Beatty and W. O. Bowser, of Amherst, second and third. The weight, which was composed of sixty-five pound bars of pig iron, totalled 2,705 pounds. The double teams had only two entries, both being owned by Wilson E. Beatty. The amount of iron drawn was something over 5,000 pounds. The exact weight was not announced.

AN OPEN LETTER

From a Well Known Clergyman Showing How Indigestion Can Be Cured.

Rev. T. A. Drury, Beamsville, Ont., writes as follows: "For eighteen years I have been increasingly impressed with the wonderful effects for good wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For some years I had suffered almost constantly with chronic dyspepsia of the most stubborn type, attended by different other troubles which invariably follow, or accompany it as its results, prominent among which were kidney trouble and piles. Against this complication of disease I waged a vigorous warfare for several months, using many different remedies, none of which gave permanent rfelief. In my discouragement I was about to discontinue treatment altogether when I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the use of which, though under very unfavorable circumstances, soon revived my drooping courage. The medicine struck at the root of my weakness and the different troubles of which dyspepsia was the prime cause released, let go, and disappeared. In one month I increased fifteen pounds in weight, and received a new lease of life. Only six boxes of pills produced this wonderful change in my health, which was miraculously permanent.

Later my sister became so reduced by anaemia (though under the care of our family doctor) that she could scarcely walk. In this dangerous extremity Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were resorted to and in a brief space of time restored her to perfect health.

Being a minister of the gospel many test cases have come under my notice, in all of which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have fully sustained their world wide reputation. This is why I can conscientiously recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as being superior to anything known to me in the treatment of the many diseases for which they are recommended."

HAMPTON WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Hampton Village, April 12—A large number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Keirstead met at their home last evening to spend with them the evening of the twelfth anniversary of their marriage. During the evening Rev. Mr. McLuckie, in a neat speech, presented Mr. and Mrs. Keirstead with a mahogany tray, a handsome silver teapot and a pair of try cloths.

Mrs. Keirstead, to whom the gathering was a complete surprise, was also presented with a lovely bunch of carnations. Mr. Keirstead very feelingly replied, thanking the friends for the kindness and appreciation he had received since coming among them.

Games and music were enjoyed for the remainder of the evening, and a dainty luncheon served.

CAN SUPPLY THEM

Monday, Apr. 14.

Many farmers from the old country have come to this province during the winter and it is expected that more will arrive during the coming week. There has been complaint that farmers have not been able to get the help they need, but James Gilchrist, provincial immigration agent, 4 Church street, said yesterday that anyone could be given help by applying to him.

Never, when wiping meat, allow it to stand in cold water. The water drains all the juices out.

Nuts when bought ready shelled should be scalded, dried in the oven and put away in glass pars.

Dr. J. G. Becht, secretary of the Pennsylvania state board of education, was asked by one of his little friends in Harrisburg to listen to the latter's rehearsal of a lesson in which there was a reference to Atlas. "Do you know who Atlas was?" asked Dr. Becht. "Ah, yes sir. He was a giant who supported the world." "Ah, supported the world, did he?" went on Professor Becht. "Well, tell me who supported Atlas." The little fellow looked as though he had not given the subject any particular attention, but showed immediate willingness to think it over. The doctor stood looking on, trying hard to repress a smile, but the youngster finally brightened up and answered: "Well, I guess he must have married a rich wife."

Large patterns in table cloths are less economical than small ones, for the simple reason that the long threads break sooner than the short ones.

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FOR more than seventy years McCormick binders have been giving such satisfactory service that sales have steadily increased in every part of the world. The secret of satisfactory binder service in Eastern Canada lies in the special features with which all McCormick binders sold in the Eastern Provinces are equipped. The McCormick binder is built to last and has every necessary adjustment to keep it working up to full capacity.

On a McCormick binder the reel has a wide range of adjustments and handles successfully, tall, short, down or tangled grain. A third packer assists in handling grain that is full of undergrowth or that is very short. The bottoms of the guards are nearly level with the bottom of the platform, allowing the platform to be tilted to cut close to the ground without pushing trash ahead of the knives. The floating elevator handles grain in any quantity and does not clog. The cutter bar is built to use either smooth section or serrated knives. The improved McCormick knotter does good work without the usual close adjustments.

The I H C local agent will explain these and other important features on the McCormick binders which are built especially to meet Eastern Canadian conditions. You can get catalogues from him, or, by writing the nearest branch house.

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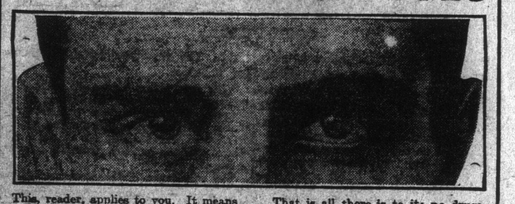
VITALITY SHOWS IN A MAN'S EYES



This, reader, applies to you. It means I am here hinting at a marvelous power or force which you can easily avail yourself of and which might mean for you all the difference between future years of health, strength and bubbling spirits, or future years of ill-health and debility. Please use the free coupon below.

In speaking to you of this great mysterious power I care not what your years may be, whether you are young, middle-aged or elderly; I care not what in the past may have caused your loss of strength and loss of reserve energy. I say in all seriousness, if by employing this new method I can quickly resupply your blood and organism with new nerve force, I should then make you strong again, put new courage and health into the flesh of your eyes; make you feel young, capable, ambitious and keep you feeling young to a ripe, vigorous old age.

The secret of new strength is not found in medicines or drug stimulants.

I have evolved a simple, drugless method for the self-treatment of lost strength which is meeting with a marvelous demand all over the world. It is a QUICK and PERMANENT natural restorative.

Here is the simple modus operandi:
Apply the method tonight while you sleep.
Awaken tomorrow "feeling fine," all pains in back gone.
60 to 90 days, complete restoration of lost strength should result.

That is all there is to it; no drugs, no medicines, no stimulants to rub on, no rules for diet or exercise, no hardships of any kind. Absolutely nothing that is not perfectly easy for you to use and follow. One promise and one promise only I exact; you must lead a DECENT life during treatment and hereafter, otherwise your strength cannot be properly or permanently restored.

I can only afford to pay for enough space in this paper to hint at what my method is, but as soon as I receive the coupon below from you I will send my 80-page illustrated book which not only contains a lot of private information for men but tells the full story of my wonderful discovery, what it is, where you may get it and how it is to be used.

Thousands are taking advantage of this method today for the restoration of lost strength; Not only that, but when the method is applied in a certain way it is a specfic treatment for rheumatism, kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders and general ill health. It puts energy, snap and go into your whole body. Your eyes sparkle with new power.

Drop in at my office, if in or near this city, that I may give you a practical demonstration of what the method will do. You can test it yourself and see. Hours, 9 to 6. Please write today.

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POPE PIUS HOVERING BETWEEN LIFE AND DEATH

Pneumonia Believed to Have Set in and Greatest Alarm is Felt

Doctors Admit His Serious Condition but Profess Confidence in His Recovery---Bulletins From the Sick Room Said to be Censored by Papal Secretary of State---Guards Doubled About the Vatican and the Worst is Feared.

POPE PIUS X.

Rome, April 14—All indications point to the utmost gravity of the pope's condition. At midnight the fever and cough were giving cause for great alarm. The impression had gained ground that the tracheal bronchitis had developed into pneumonia.

While not absolutely denying this, Prof. Marchiafava said: "At the present time it could not properly be called pneumonia, but with tracheal bronchitis sometimes the lungs do not function properly. Probably the resistent and robust fibre of the holy father may overcome this danger. Meanwhile we can make a statement which must give rise to much real hope, that albuminuria has disappeared."

In the two bulletins issued, one in the morning and one in the evening, the pope's condition was set forth as hopeful, but it has been learned that the bulletins as prepared by the attending physicians have come under the censorship of the papal secretary of state. The explanation is now given that Dr. Marchafava and Dr. Amici embody in their bulletins all the details with reference to the pulse and respiration, in addition to other pathological conditions. These bulletins are submitted to Cardinal Merry Del Val, and when they reach the public they lack what the papal secretary considers unnecessary and undesirable for publicity.

Fear Pneumonia.

After midnight there was an increase in the temperature of the patient and that the fact that a large quantity of disinfectants had been brought into the sick apartment, was considered as an indication that the bronchitis had developed into pneumonia.

The Monk Vives Y Tuto, brother of the cardinal, who has been for some time the confessor of the pope, entered his room and remained there forty-five minutes. It is supposed that during that time he heard the pontiff's confession.

Extraordinary measures were taken late at night by the Vatican authorities. The entire Vatican gendarmie was on duty, patrolling both within and outside the apostolic palace. At the same time the Italian government organized a special police service around the Vatican.

Thought He Was Dying.

Great alarm was occasioned about 11 o'clock when the pope, during a strong attack of coughing, emitted a quantity of blood. Those present thought that he was dying and rushed for a doctor and Cardinal Merry Del Val. The latter on reaching the bedside, restored calm, saying that probably the pope would feel great relief, as the presence of the blood was doubtless due to the rupture of small vessels in the throat.

There was another alarm yesterday afternoon. That occurred at St. Peter's. Some Polish pilgrims led by their bishop were within the Basilica when they heard the sound of many bells. Thinking that this was the announcement of the death of the pope, they gathered around the bishop and intoned prayer for the dead.

Dr. Amici, in a statement made last night prior to the extremely serious conditions which arose, said:

"The condition of the pope is grave, but not alarming. We can overcome the present crisis. Then if he follows the doctor's advice he may live some years more.

"The present relapse was due to the reluctance of the pontiff to submit strictly to the medical regime. The moment he feels better he wishes to resume his ordinary occupations which cause loss of strength and great danger."

Difficulty in Breathing.

From midnight until 5 o'clock in the morning the pope dozed quietly and appeared to be relieved by the rest. An hour later, however, he began to show restlessness, had several coughing fits and found difficulty in breathing. On this account he insisted upon rising. The attendants, although reluctant to do so, were forced to comply with his request, but he returned to bed within a few minutes, unsteadily. Pillows were piled behind him and he half sat and half reclined, that position being more comfortable for easier respiration.

Professor Marchiafava called at the vatican shortly after 7 o'clock in the morning and with Dr. Amici made a thorough examination of the patient. This disclosed a congestion in the thorax, more pronounced on the left side than on the right. The physicians issued the following bulletin:

"The pope passed a tranquil night. This morning the fever had diminished to 100 degrees. The symptoms of trachael bronchitis persisted, more pronounced on the left side. The kidneys are in good condition and the general condition is satisfactory."

The subsidence of the fever caused relief, and the only serious apprehension is to be found in the weakness of the heart. This in a measure, has been counterbalanced by a decrease in the albuminura, indicating that the kidneys are resuming their normal functions.

Special Edition of Papal Organ.

The bulletin was published in a special edition of the Osservatere Ramano, which ordinarily does not publish on Sunday, but it was considered desirable to keep the public informed as to the progress the pope is making.

The pope's sisters and niece drove to the vatican and the pope observing unmistakable signs of weeping, said in the Venetian dialect, which seemed tenderer than pure Italian: "Don't cry so much. It is true I am ill, but let us hope in God."

Since he has become weaker, it has been remarked that the pontiff speaks only in Venetian, even with those who are not so familiar with that dialect. The sisters took turns during practically the whole day at the bedside of their brother, who says that he feels he can endure his suffering better when one of them is near him.

At noon his temperature rose slightly above 100 degrees. Several times during the day the pope was partially overcome by the accumulations in his throat, which interfered seriously with breathing. Then he experienced a sense of suffocation and nervous termors shook his whole body, while perspiration gathered on his face.

The doctors are exercising all their authority to prevent their patient from talking, but the pope rather resents this prohibition, saying that it is the only comfort left him. He thinks it very hard to have that rule enforced, particularly today, which had been fixed for the celebration of his name day. It fell this year on March 19, which was in Easter week, but it was not celebrated on that occasion because of the pope's illness, the celebration being postponed until today.

The papal white and yellow flags, however, were hoisted over the bronze doors of the Vatican and in the court yard. All the military bodies wore full dress uniform. It was considered a good indication that Cardinal Merry Del Val, the papal secretary of state, attended the great function at the Church of St. John Lateran.

The crisis in the pope's illness will come in the next twenty-four hours, and in order to meet the decisive conditions the physicians have been regularly administering heart stimulants, including strophanthus and digitalis. These have had the effect of not only lowering the pulse but reducing the body heat. The pope has been nourished with the yolks of eggs and milk, to which has been added a little wine. These are administered in small quantities so as to have a continuous effect.

After the examination this morning when Prof. Marchiafava was giving his instructions for the relief of his patient, Pope Pius suddenly remarked: "My dear doctor, one thing your cleverness cannot possibly remove is my seventy-eight years."

Doctor Still Hopeful.

Prof. Marchiafava, in the course of an interview, declared that the condition of the pope should not be called grave, even if the fever, as was very likely, should return during the evening or night hours. It could not be said that the patient was worse, as the disease was merely following its course, and the pontiff was facing conditions with the greatest serenity.

On being asked as to whether the pope would survive the present attack, Dr. Marchiafava replied confidently: "I firmly believe that he will recover."

The great plaza before St. Peter's, where the Roman crowds are accustomed to gather when historic events are occurring within the Vatican walls, furnished no indication today that Pius X. was lying on what might be his death bed.

Heavy showers, falling almost constantly, discouraged the faithful and curious alike from keeping watch for signs under the windows of the palace. An unbroken current of visitors poured in and out of St. Peter's all day long. This is usually the case when the capital is filled with strangers, but only a few today recognized the window's of the pope's chamber, with their closed shutters, and stopped to gaze upon them.

Motors from the embassies to the papal court drove up during the afternoon. The occupants made inquiries as to the pontiff's condition and wrote their names in the visitors' book. Many carriages stopped at the entrance, seeking the latest news from the guards. Tonight the heavy rain continues. Save for a few lights at the palace windows there are no signs about the Vatican.

TORIES WANT CLOSURE TO PREVENT EXPOSURE

Too Many Scandals Looming Up

$350,000 Mail Lock Deal and Some Dredging Contracts May Never be Probed if Gag Rule is Adopted—Liberals Ended the Week With a Telling Arraignment of Borden and His Followers.

Ottawa, April 11—The week in parliament has ended with the Liberals still fighting and the closure rule not yet adopted.

The government has been trying hard to apply the gag for the past four days, but in spite of its majority of fifty it has not yet succeeded.

The Liberals have kept the floor in spite of Hon. Mr. Hazen's motion for the previous question.

Next week fireworks are expected. The government is certain to make another attempt to force the closure through, so that it may be in a position to refuse investigations of the various scandals which are developing. With the post office lock deal involving $350,000, and with some peculiar dredging contracts which are coming to light, things are moving too fast for them.

Telegrams continue to pour in upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier congratulating him upon his courage and urging him to continue the fight. It will be resumed Monday and the struggle will be continued from day to day.

Liberalism Full of Fight.

Liberalism, is holding Premier Borden strictly to account before the people of Canada for his personal participation in the disgraceful spectacle of the attempted gagging and howling down of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in parliament.

"Liberals in this country," declared Mr. German at the conclusion of his short and telling speech," do not intend to lie down to machine politics, gag rule and steam-roller methods. The prime minister made a public pledge in Montreal last September. He declared that he would submit his proposals to parliament and if they were not approved and passed he would immediately appeal to the people. Let him face the responsibility of his words or be branded as the first public man in Canada who openly violated his public pledge. If he can afford to lie down under that, we can afford to let him lie. We can afford to let him take his place in Canadian history as the man whose short and ignoble career began with the unholy alliance with the Nationalists and ended with applying the guillotine to the people of his country."

Equally strong and significant were the words of Mr. Nesbitt, who followed. He was deeply hurt as a Canadian, he stated, at the attitude of the government in acting as they had done to the man who was universally revered and esteemed by all Canadians. It was not enough for supporters of the government to seek to excuse their conduct. It was not enough for Meighen to deny the statement published in the Liberal press that Sir Wilfrid had been howled down. After hearing Mr. Meighen's denial he had carefully read over the whole report of the proceedings in the Globe.

Tory Denial Useless.

He had read there the record of what had transpired. When the Globe stated that members of the government had shouted across the floor while Sir Wilfrid was standing ready to speak on the recognition of the speaker: "Sit down, sit down," the report, "as I know from my own observation and memory was absolutely right," declared Mr. Nesbitt. It was useless to try to escape responsibility and allege that it was a managerial trick.

"There is not a man on this side of the house who would have made that motion to shut off a speech by Mr. Borden," he adde, with scorn. "We have shown him, when he was leader of the opposition, as much respect and more than he was shown by his own side. (Liberal hear, hears.) Let me tell members of this government that when they conduct themselves so towards a Canadian of the eminence of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, they have gone so far as to lose the respect of all right-thinking and independent people in this country.

"Members of this government may think such actions clever and smart. If they think the people of Canada approve of their measure or their conduct, let them appeal to the people and take their judgment."

Mr. MacKenzie, of Cape Breton, resumed the discussion when the house met this afternoon. It was, said he, the expectation and right of the Canadian people to insist through their representatives in parliament for free speech in the only tribunal in the country where the people's rights were denied. "In disregarding this," said Mr. MacKenzie, "the present prime minister is taking a step which should be fought at every point."

No Need of Closure.

There was no constitutional authority for the government measure which sent this sum of money out of the country and out of the control of parliament. So far as granting supply was concerned, there was no necessity whatever for a closure measure. Supply had been granted and any other public measure which the government had submitted to the house were proceeded with.

Speaker Sproule called Mr. MacKenzie's attention to "the fact that the hon. member is not keeping to the discussion of the resolution now before the house." He ought to remember that there was a resolution before the house, and to discuss the merits or demerits or the constitutionality of any other measure seemed entirely out of order.

Mr. MacKenzie said he must bow to the speaker's ruling, but submitted that there must be grave reason for the gag resolution before the house before the government was authorized to pass it. He was seeking to show that no such condition existed. "If I can show there is no reason for introducing the resolution, I am within my rights," he maintained.

The speaker thought that the member was not proceeding with that relevancy which was due in parliamentary debate. He drew attention to the fact that the discussion was on the closure motion and not upon any bill.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier rose and directed the speaker's attention to the fact that Premier Borden, in introducing his closure motion, had given obstruction as the reason for it. "Do I understand you to rule that no one on this side of the house has the right to combat the reasons advanced for the resolution?" the Liberal leader asked.

Speaker Sproule replied that "incidentally reference might be made to it, but the debate should not stray from the question before the house."

Mr. MacKenzie maintained that the government was seeking to enforce legislation for which there was no constitutional authority and which involved the great matter of imperial unity in trade and defence without any proper conception of the convictions of the Canadian people."

Mr. German's Hot Shot.

Mr. German followed in a speech pulsating with indignation. He declared that the procedure of the premier and his government in preventing Sir Wilfrid from speaking was "the most disgraceful thing that had ever happened in Canadian parliamentary history." It manifested neither the manliness of a statesman or the courage of a brave man. The only proper course was to have followed all precedent Canadian or British, and have referred referred any proposed amendments of the rules to a committee with the speaker to thresh them out in an amicable discussion.

Of the Borden resolution, Mr. German said it was conceived in iniquity and born in sin. It was "unrighteous and villainous and was designed to destroy the fundamental principles of parliamentary control of the public purse. He said its presentation was "absolutely hypocritical," the worst of steam roller methods had been followed. Mr. Borden said that the government had first attempted physical force," but the yellow thread in the woof of its constitution became manifest. They got scared, as the boys would say, and now they seek to do it by subversion of the fundamental principles of self-government."

"What will the government do?" asked Mr. German. "It will force this bill through the house of commons, but, sir, this house of commons does not hold all the Liberals who occupy positions in the parliament of Canada. And, sir, I greatly misjudge the strength of the Liberals, who at the present time dominate the upper house of parliament. If the strength of those Liberals is not sufficient to destroy this bill, as it should be destroyed, I say that my honorable friend will be up against a stiff proposition. I hope he will, I believe he will, because Liberals in this country do not intend to lie down under this kind of gag rule and steam-roller politics, but whatever constitutional or legal means we have to defeat this bill and the principles embodied in this bill, the Liberals in Canada propose to take, and to take responsibility for." (Liberal cheering.)

Ottawa, April 13—Liberalism will not submit to the loss in a single day, through the high-handed and unconstitutional action of the temporary and ruthless majority, of the rights of a free people gained through centuries of conflict.

That is the issue to be decided, probably this week in parliament, when the government attempts to put through its closure bill. The decision of Liberalism, made through its leaders at a conference in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's office yesterday, was to fight to the last ditch, and defeat arbitrary and unjustifiable measures threatening the whole future of good government in Canada, by compelling an appeal to the people.

There was no sign of compromise at the conference, no sign of discouragement. There was, on the other hand, after a careful discussion of the whole situation and of the methods which could be employed to frustrate the attack of the Borden-Rogers machine upon the rights of a free people, and all that is essential to honest and just government, a confident belief that the whole issue will be settled rightly by the people themselves within the very near future.

The fight will go on in the commons until this end is accomplished. The government's last desperate resort of closure has not yet succeeded. The Liberal members of parliament believe it will not succeed. The revived hopes in the ministerial camp that the minority has at last been crushed are decidedly premature. The coming week's developments will show this.

The plan of campaign in the commons is, of course, not made public so that the government may not have a chance to forestall it, but definite assurances are given that the fight is by no means over, and ultimate victory is not far off.

Warm Time Likely This Week.

The debate on the closure resolution will be continued tomorrow and probably for several days yet to come. The crucial struggle is not expected to materialize until the end of the week. Meanwhile, the debate which will be continued from the Liberal side only will serve to impress the country with the real magnitude of the issue at stake. Before the week is over it is practically certain that there will be scenes in parliament, the most spectacular and significant of any since confederation.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, who arrived from England last week, attended the Liberal conference yesterday. He was given a most enthusiastic welcome. The word he brought back from Great Britain is that public sentiment there is watching with the keenest interest the present struggle in the Canadian house of commons, and as the real facts of the situation become known, is veering rapidly around in support of the principles for which Sir Wilfrid Laurier stands.

As having a bearing on the demand of the Liberals for an appeal to the people both on the naval and closure issues, the figures given in the commons by Mr. Bovin of Shefford on Friday night are significant. Of the total vote given at the polls at the last election, 626,096 were given on behalf of Liberal candidates pledged for a Canadian navy and 124,039 votes were polled for candidates who had pledged themselves against any naval aid to the empire without a plebiscite. That gives a total of 749,135 votes against the present proposals of the government, as against 545,518 votes polled for straight Conservative candidates who favored the premier's proposals, whatever they might be. In other words there is a popular majority of 203,617 against the naval bill. Despite this the government refuses to let the people decide, and resorts to the gag of the people's representatives in parliament.

DEMOCRATS STAND BY THE PRESIDENT

Motion in Caucus for Free Sugar At Once Overwhelmingly Defeated—Agricultural Schedules Up Today Expected to Cause Some Lively Opposition.

Washington, April 12—Immediate free sugar was rejected today by the house Democratic caucus by an overwhelming vote, following an appeal of the Democratic leaders to stand by the president and the ways and means committee.

This leaves the sugar schedule unchanged from the compromise form in which it was presented to the caucus by Chairman Underwood and his colleagues of the committee, following conferences between the White House and leaders of both houses.

The Democratic members of the committee, including such free traders as Representatives Harrison, of New York, and Rainey, of Illinois, stood as a unity for the three-year gradual reduction to a free sugar basis.

Besides this action, the caucus left open the exact date when sugar would go on the free list in 1916. An amendment proposed by Representative Hardwick, of Georgia, proposed that the time it should take effect should be May 1, 1916, so as to be effective before the beginning of the canning season. The caucus agreed to leave the matter to be brought up by the ways and means committee after all the rest of the tariff bill has been disposed of in caucus.

The overthrow of the immediate free sugar movement came at the close of a day of arguments, and the amendment proposing that sugar should become free with the operation of the new tariff law was made by Representative Hardwick. It precipitated the real fight of the day and was lost by a vote of 155 to 39.

The agricultural schedule comes up on Monday and fights are expected on the flour and citrus fruit items.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN NEAR AMHERST

I. C. R. Switch Tampered With and Four Cars of Crowded Accommodation Were Derailed, But No One Hurt.

Amherst, N. S., April 11—No. 84, I. C. R. train, the Springhill accommodation, which runs from Moncton to Springhill Junction, and is due in Amherst at 8 p. m., has been held at Amherst station during the last two evenings until the close of the horse show. The train left Amherst last night at 11.20 and when about a mile from the station the engine left the track, taking with it two baggage cars and a second class passenger car. The forward wheels of the first passenger car also left the rails. The train was in charge of Conductor Coffey. J. D. Cook was driver and A. Elliott the fireman. Miraculous to say, none of them was injured, although the driver and fireman were thrown violently from the engine room. The passengers were badly shaken up, but none of them was seriously hurt.

It was found that some one had turned and locked the switch to divert the train into the siding of the Victor Woodworking Co. The switch must have been turned just a short time previous to the accident, as an eastbound special had passed safely only a short time before, and both the maritime and the two sections of the C. P. R. had also passed the danger point.

The passengers were transferred to a west bound train which ran back as far as Springhill Junction and an auxiliary was sent for from Moncton and it is now at the scene of the wreck endeavoring to get the engine in shape to have it taken to Moncton for repairs. The accident delayed Nos. 9 and 10 trains for some hours.

Inspector T. T. Trenholm of the I. C. R. police force is here today investigating. The general opinion is that some one unknown turned the switch with malicious intent. The I. C. R. authorities will conduct a rigid investigation.

EDMUNDSTON TOWN COUNCIL ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

Edundston, N. B., April 11—(Special)—Today at 6 p. m. Town Clerk Max D. Cormier declared the following members of the town council elected by acclamation for the ensuing year: A. Lawson, mayor; Aldermen Aime McHaud and J. B. Rousseau, Ward 1; Denis Rossignol and J. B. Michaud, Ward 2; S. E. Burpee and Willie J. Morish, Ward 3; Dr. P. H. Laporte and R. W. Hammond, Ward 4.

Old felt hats make felt insoles for slippers and rubber boots.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE ALFONSO

Anarchist Fires Three Shots at Spain's Monarch in the Street

Coolness and Quickness Saved His Life and One Bullet Wounded His Horse in the Neck as He Reared — Would-be Murderer Overpowered After a Struggle---Is Said to be An Anarchist ---Great Ovation by the Populace to His Majesty Afterwards.

KING ALFONSO XIII OF SPAIN

Madrid, April 13—For the third time in his reign, King Alfonso narrowly escaped today being the victim of an anarchist attempt against his life. Three shots were fired at the king this afternoon in the streets of the capital by a native of Barcelona, Rafael Sanchez Allegro, who was immediately overpowered.

King Alfonso owed his life to his own courage, quickness and skilled horsemanship. Accompanied by his staff, he was riding along the Calle de Alca on the way back from the ceremonies of swearing in the recruits, when a man sprang from the sidewalk and seized the bridal of the king's horse with one hand, presenting a revolver pointblank with the other.

The king took in the situation at a glance. With lightning rapidity he dug his spurs into his horse, which rearer violently. His quickness saved his life. The bullet, instead of burying itself in the king's breast, struck the horse on the neck, but so close was it that the king's left hand glove was blackened by the powder discharged.

Before the assailant was able to pull the trigger again a secret service man sprang upon him. The two men fell to the ground locked in each other's arms, struggling furiously. The assassin managed to free his revolver arm and fired two more shots in rapid succession, but the officer knocked his arm aside and the bullets flew harmless through the air.

Assassin Fought Desperately.

At the sound of the first shot the king's staff forced their horses on the sidewalk and made a ring around the assassin, who fought long and fiercely in the grip of four policemen before he was overpowered and handcuffed.

King Alfonso, as soon as he saw that the man had been secured, raised himself in the stirrups, turned to the crowd, gave a military salute, and shouted in ringing voice: "Long live Spain!"

He then dismounted and reassured his staff, saying: "It is nothing, gentlemen."

Then up rose a mighty roar from the wildly enthusastic crowds, which rolled along in great waves of sound all the way as the king rode to the palace, cool, collected and smiling.

A spectator, a pensioned royll hardedier, pushed forward impetuously to offer his congratulations to the monarch, and he was mistaken for another assassin and arrested. He was released, however, as soon as the mistake was discovered. A young Frenchman, who was standing beside Allegro, was also arrested, but it does not appear that he was in any way connected with him.

Tried to Lynch Allegro.

The crowds made a determined attempt to lynch Allegro, who was hurriedly taken into a house and kept there until an auto-ambulance, escorted by mounted police, transferred him to police headquarters.

King Alfonso was first to tell of what he lightly called "the incident, which caused delay" to Queen Victoria and the dowager queen, Maria Christina, at the palace, who were greatly alarmed. The king smilingly allayed their fears.

He had hardly been back ten minutes when an immense clamor arose. The two squares on which the palace looks were black with people of all classes, and desirous of showing their joy at the king's safety and their admiration for his display of bravery. The king went to the balcony and acknowledged the cheers, and then sought the queen and the two stood bowing to throngs for several minutes.

The police investigations have established that Allegro was recently expelled from France as an anarchist, after which he went to Barcelona. He came to Madrid a month ago and obtained employment in a carpenter shop. He worked there until Friday, on which day he was paid off.

It is said that during the course of his examination, Allegro declared that on seeing the king pass he was seized with a sudden evil impulse and, having a revolver in his possession, he drew it. Driven on by an irresistable force, he sprang forward and fired. A woman, said to be with Allegro, was placed under arrest tonight.

A curious coincidence is found in the fact that the Spanish premier, Count Romanons, last night declared to be absolutely without foundation alarming rumors which had been circulated in Madrid, regarding the possibility of an attempt against the king today on the occasion of the swearing in of recruits, and relative to the presence in Madrid of several dangerous anarchists.

BOSTON MEN IN $350,000 BLACK FOX COMPANY

Will Establish a Ranch on P. E. Island with Fourteen Pairs of Breeders.

Boston, April 13—A charter has been issued for a $350,000 company to be known as the Massachusetts Silver Black Fox Company, the purpose of which will be to raise and sell foxes. Fourteen pairs of foxes have already been purchased by the company and a ranch is being established in Prince Edward Island. The Boston office will be at 53 State street and the officers of the company are:

A. L. Stark, president; J. E. Newson, treasurer, and W. B. Purdy, secretary. The directors are: A. L. Stark, W. B. Purdy, L. C. Creamer, J. E. Newson, J. C. McKendrick and L. S. McLeod.

Apples can be stewed with a little leftover canned fruit, such as blackberries, and the result will be a pleasant change.

Sash curtains of Swiss muslin hemmed by hand are less likely to pucker when washed than when run up on the machine.

ASK RIGHT TO USE AUTOMOBILES IN P. E. ISLAND

Big Delegation Waits on Legislature Requesting That Law Be Changed.

Charlottetown, April 11—The automobile is not permitted on Prince Edward Island roads. A large deputation waited upon the members of the legislature today with a view to urging the government to introduce a measure permitting their use in the province under certain condition.

The delegation asked that automobiles be allowed to run daily, except on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturday afternoons and Sunday mornings.

The entire province was represented, and it was shown that public opinion had changed with regard to the running of automobiles. The delegation pointed out that the city fire department is granted the right to run an auto truck and they did not see why merchants could not do the same.

The premier suggested that a committee from the delegation communicate with the government on the subject.

WANTED

WANTED—By April the ... and housemaid. Apply Mrs. David Robertson, Rothesay, N. B.

WANTED—First or second teacher for school district parish of Aberdeen, county ... begin March 1. Apply, stating Frank J. Staten, Secretary Foreston, Carleton Co., N. B.

AGENTS WANTED

RELIABLE representatives ... meet the tremendous ... fruit trees throughout New ... present. We wish to secure ... good men to represent us ... general agents. The special ... in the fruit-growing business ... Brunswick offers exceptional ... for men of enterprise. We ... manent position and liberal ... right men. Stone & Wellington ... Ont.

SALESMEN wanted for ... and Automatic Sprayer ... both. Liberal terms. Cavers ... Ont.

WANTED immediately; ... good pay weekly; outfit ... sive stock and territory. Our ... valuable. For particulars ... Nursery Company, Toronto.

ONLY 10 ... to quickly introduce ... ionable jewelry ... send you this ... Filled Ruby Set ... Prayer or Initial ... send size SHELL COMPANY, Mag... ington, Ky., U. S.

We are profiting greatly by ... business development of St. ...

New residents are patronizing ... enterprises are calling for ... and paying much larger salaries ... been customary.

Who will be prepared to ... opportunities to be created by ... penditures being made and ... industries being established in ...

Lemon & Lemon S. ...

MRS. PANKHURST RELEASED O... "TICKET-OF-...

Suffragette Leader Must ... Police Often and May ... Arrested on Sight.

London, April 12—Mrs Emmeline ... hurst, suffragette leader, was ... Holloway jail this morning ... been on a "hunger strike" ... sentenced, nine days ago, to ... of penal servitude.

Mrs. Pankhurst was released ... under the terms of which she ... at frequent intervals to the ... ities, and in case she commits ... meanors she is liable to imme... without a warrant and must ... out her full term of conviction ... derstood that the intention of ... ities is to allow her to be free ... she regains her strength.

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Miss Brady, who has been on ... strike since she had been arrested ... ed in court exhausted.

Brown bread spread with ... which paprika has been mixed ... very good sandwiches.

Always cover newly baked ... clean cloth—preferably an old ... to keep it free from germs and ...

All Solid Leather Shoes For Country W...

To buy anything ... like throwing away ...

We take no end of ... to have our goods ... stand mud, water and ... usage.

We sell shoes th... endure anything but ...

Francis & Vaughan 19 King Street, St. John

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WANTED

WANTED—By April the 18th, a cook and housemaid. Apply by letter to Mrs. David Robertson, The Cottage, Rothesay, N. B. 569-tf

WANTED—First or second class female teacher for school district No. 10, parish of Aberdeen, county of Carleton, to begin March 1. Apply, stating salary, to Frank J. Staten, Secretary to Trustees, Foreston, Carleton Co., N. B. 284-tf

AGENTS WANTED

RELIABLE representative wanted, to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick at present. We wish to secure three or four good men to represent us as local and general agents. The special interest taken in the fruit-growing business in New Brunswick offers exceptional opportunities for men of enterprise. We offer a permanent position and liberal pay to the right men. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. ew.

SALESMEN wanted for Nursey Stock and Automatic Sprayers; either or both. Liberal terms. Cavers Bros., Galt, Ont. 4-26

WANTED immediately; reliable agents; good pay weekly; outfit free, exclusive stock and territory. Our agencies are valuable. For particulars write, Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto, Ontario.

ONLY 10 CENTS
to quickly introduce our fashionable jewelry catalogue, we send you this Ladies' 14K Gold Filled Ruby Set Ring. Lord's Prayer or Initial engraved free. Solid size SHELBY JEWELRY COMPANY, Mfr. Dept. 8, Covington, Ky., U. S. A. 2485-4-5.

We are profiting greatly by the great business development of St. John.

New residents are patronizing us. New enterprises are calling for our graduates and paying much larger salaries than has been customary.

Who will be prepared to seize the opportunities to be created by the vast expenditures being made and the great industries being established in St. John?

Send for Our Catalogue.

S. KERR, Principal

MRS. PANKHURST RELEASED ON "TICKET-OF-LEAVE"

Suffragette Leader Must Report to Police Often and May Be Re-Arrested on Sight.

London, April 12—Mrs Emmeline Pankhurst, suffragette leader, was released from Holloway jail this morning after having been on a "hunger strike" since she was sentenced, nine days ago, to three years of penal servitude.

Mrs. Pankhurst was released on license under the terms of which she must report at frequent intervals to the police authorities, and in case she commits any misdemeanors she is liable to immediate arrest without a warrant and must then serve out her full term of conviction. It is understood that the intention of the authorities is to allow her to be free only until she regains her strength.

Her condition was described this morning as being very grave. She was removed at once to a nursing home where she was placed under the care of her own doctor.

The woman's social and political union, the organization of the militant suffragettes, was not aware of the intended release of Mrs. Pankhurst, so no demonstration took place when she left the jail.

Phyllis Brady and Millicent Dean, two girls who were arrested on April 4 on suspicion of being about to commit an outrage, were sentenced to six weeks imprisonment each in the police court today. Evidence was given showing that they tried to escape from the police by dropping bags they were carrying and running away. The bags contained paraffine, paper saturated with oil, candles, matches, cotton wool, patent fire lighters, etc., and papers bearing the words: "Beware how you treat Mrs. Pankhurst."

Miss Brady, who has been on a hunger strike since she had been arrested, appeared in court exhausted.

Brown bread spread with butter in which paprika has been mixed also makes very good sandwiches.

Always cover newly baked bread with a clean cloth—preferably an old tablecloth—to keep it free from germs and dust.

All Solid Leather Shoes For Country Wear

To buy anything else is like throwing away money.

We take no end of trouble to have our goods made to stand mud, water and hard usage.

We sell shoes that will endure anything but fire.

Francis & Vaughan
19 King Street, St. John, N. B.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST JOHN.

Arrived.

Thursday, April 10.

Stmr Sicilian, 3,682, Peters, from London and Havre, Wm Thomson Co, pass and gen cargo.

Stmr Ruthenia, 4,714, Kendall, from Trieste via Naples, C P R, pass and gen cargo.

Coastwise—Stmrs Connors Bros, 64, Warnock, Chance Harbor; Mikado, 48, Rolf, Alma; schrs Edna May, 61, Wood, Parrsboro; Emily, 39, Antle, Five Islands; Effie May, 67, Tingley, Joggins.

Friday, April 11.

Str Clara Mennig, 1,005, Bernstein, Fayal, bal, W M McKay.

Sch Otis Miller, 98, Hawes, Parrsboro, with hardwood for Geo McKean.

Coastwise—Strs Westport III, 49, MacKinnon, Westport; Brunswick, 72, Moore, Bass River; Cassrco, Ingersoll, Grand Harbor; Chignecto, 38, Canning, Advocate Harbor; schs Mabel Reid, 13, McKeil, Windsor; Emily R, 31, Sullivan, Metaghan; Friendship, 65, Dixon, Waterside; Walter C, 18, Belding, fishing; Clarence Trahan, 25, Trahan, Grand Harbor; Citizen, 47, Alexander, Point Wolfe.

Saturday, April 12.

R M S Empress of Britain, 3,024, Murray, Liverpool via Halifax, C P R, mdse and pass.

Str Mount Royal, 5,929, Gillies, London and Antwerp, C P R, mdse and pass.

Str Louisburg, 1,182, Newman, Parrsboro, Starr, with coal.

Coastwise—Str Centreville, 36, Morehouse, Sandy Cove, and cld; sch Viola Pearl, 23, Wadlin, Beaver Harbor, and cld.

Sunday, April 13.

Str Letitia, 5,735, McNeill, Glasgow, Robert Reford Co, pass and general cargo.

Str Montfort, 4,126, Davidson, London and Antwerp, C P R, pass and general cargo (off Partridge Island at midnight).

Cleared.

Thursday, April 10.

Stmr Rhodesian, Robinson, for West Indies via Halifax, Wm Thomson Co, gen cargo.

Stmr Hesperian, Main, for Liverpool, Wm Thomson & Co.

Stmr Victorian, Outram, for Liverpool via Halifax, Wm Thomson & Co.

Schr Otozimbo (Am), Spragg, for Pawtucket, Stetson, Cutler Co, with 137,483 feet spruce lumber.

Schr R Bowers (Am), Kelson, for Vineyard Haven f o, Alex Watson, with 2,227,300 spruce laths.

Schr Wanola, Zinck, for New York, Stetson, Cutler, with lumber.

Coastwise—Stmr Mikado, Rolf, Alma.

Str Saturnia, Taylor, Glasgow, Robert Reford Co, pass and general cargo.

Str Bornu, Dutton, Liverpool, J T Knight Co, deals.

Sch Walter Miller, Loughery, St Martins, bal, C M Kerrison.

Coastwise—Strs Westport, MacKinnon, Westport; Casarco, Ingersoll, St Andrews; Brunswick, Moore, Canning; Connors Bros, Warnock, Chance Harbor; Chignecto, Canning, Advocate; schs Walter C, Belding, Chance Harbor; Stanley L McNally, Apple River; Dorothy, Hill, Walton; Leonie, Payson, Yarmouth; Two Sisters, Pritchard, St Martins; Regine C, Surette, Meteghan.

Saturday, April 12.

Str Tronto, Thorkildson, South African ports, J T Knight Co, general cargo.

Str Rhodesian, Robinson, West Indies via Halifax, Wm Thomson Co.

Coastwise—Schs Emily R, Sullivan, Meteghan; Friendship, Dixon, St Martins.

Sailed.

Stmr Cape Breton, Kemp, Louisburg.

Schr Priscilla, Granville, for Boston.

Friday, April 11.

R M S Victorian, Outram, Liverpool via Halifax.

Str Hesperian, Main, Liverpool direct.

Str Saturnia, Taylor, Glasgow.

Str Bornu, Dutton, Liverpool.

Sch R Bowers, Kelson, Vineyard Haven, f o.

Sch Wanola, Ward, New York.

Saturday, April 12.

Str Manchester Importer, Linton, Manchester via Philadelphia.

Str Tronto, Thorkildson, Cape Town and other South African ports.

Str Rhodesian, Robinson, West Indies via Halifax.

Str Calvin Austin, Pike, Boston.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Hantsport, N S, April 4—Ard schr M K Rawley, from Southwest Harbor.

Parrsboro, April 9—Cld schrs Abbie Keast, Taylor, for North Head, with hardwood timber; Mayfield, Mirriam, for Digby, with coal.

Sld April 9—Schr Otis Miller, Howse, for St John.

Halifax, April 11—Sld, R M S Empress of Britain, Liverpool for St John.

Halifax, April 12—Ard, str Corsican, Liverpool for St John.

Halifax, April 12—Ard Saturday, strs Czar (Rus), Libau; Corsican, Liverpool; Victorian, St John.

Sailed Saturday—Str Czar, New York.

Ard Sunday—Str Canada, Liverpool.

Sld—Strs Victorian, Liverpool; Corsican, St John; Canada, Liverpool.

BRITISH PORTS.

Belfast, April 8—Ard stmr Glenarm Head, Macaulay, from St John.

Leith, April 7—Sld stmr Benin, Cole, for St John (N B), and passed Dunnet head, April 8th.

Cardiff, April 8—Sld, str Charterhouse, Stetford, Halifax.

Liverpool, April 11—Ard, strs Celtic, New York; Lake Manitoba, St John.

Plymouth, April 11—Ard, str St Paul, New York.

Liverpool, April 11—Sld, str Virginian, St John.

Melbourne, April 10—Ard, str Whakatane, St John.

Liverpool, April 13—Ard, str Empress of Ireland, St John.

Glasgow, April 12—Sld, str Athenia, St John.

Liverpool, April 12—Sld, str Monmouth, Montreal.

Kinsale, April 13—Passed, str Tunisian, St John.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Pensacola, Fla, April 8—Cld schr Katharine V Mills, for Newport.

New York, April 10—Ard schrs Edward Stewart, from Rockport (Me); Caroline Gray, do.

Hyannis, Mass, April 10—Sld schr Lucia Porter, for New York.

Vineyard Haven, April 10—Sld schrs Wandrian, for Walton (N S); Maggie Todd, for Calais (Me.); Hortensia, for New York; Helen Montague, for Philadelphia.

Havana, April 10—Sld schr Brookline, Carrigan, for Savannah.

Gloucester, April 8—Ard schrs T W Cooper, from St John for New Bedford; Manie Saunders, Sullivan (Me), for New Bedford.

Rio Janeiro, April 10—Sld, str Pandosia, Wright, Stettin.

Boston, April 8—Ard, schs Annie, Salmon River (N S); Isaiah K Stetson, Annapolis; Mercedes, Clementsport; Neva, Bear River; Romeo, St John.

New York, April 11—Ard, strs Baltic, Liverpool; France, Havre; Florida, Havre; schs Silver Leaf, Parrsboro; Lucia Porter, St John; McClure, do; Elma, do; Harold B Cousens, do; Annie B Mitchell, Somes Sound (Me.).

New Haven—April 11—Ard, sch W E & W L Tuck, St John.

Vineyard Haven, April 11—Ard, schs Beatrice L Corkum, Halifax; Exilda, Greenville (N J.).

Vineyard Haven, April 11—Sld, schs Mary E Pennell, St John; Laura C Hall, Sackville.

New York, April 13—Ard, sch J Powell Leeds, Maitland (N S.)

New York, April 12—Sld, str City of Sydney, Halifax.

Jacksonville, April 12—Sld, sch Emily I White, Portland.

Portland, April 11—Ard, schs J Arthur Lord, Smith, St John for New York; Helen G King, St John for New York.

Las Palmas, April 11—Passed, str Albuera, Lockhart, and str Eretria, Crossley, both bound from Santa Fe to Havre.

CHARTERS.

Norwegian steamer, 969 tons, fertilizer, Baltimore to Windsor, p t.

In the schooner trade, demand for carriers greatly exceeds the number of vessels available and chartering is brisk. J. Willard Smith reports: Sch Willie L Maxwell, 260, to load coal at New York for Calais, $1.25, and Willie L. Maxwell, to load lumber at Bridgeport for New York, $3 and free wharfage. Sch William L Elkins, 129, Digby to New York, lumber, $4.65.

Br str, 1,965 tons, lumber, Bridgewater (N S) to the River Plate, 117s 6d. May. Br sch, 241 tons, coal, New York to Fredericton, $2.15; Br sch, 475 tons, coal, New York to Halifax, $1, and bac kto Ingraham port, dry lumber, $4.25.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Steamer El Valle reports March 31, lat 24 37 N, lon 83 12 W, passed several large pieces of timber about 40 feet long and 12 inches square.

Steamer Wilhelmina reports March 30, lat 28 28 N, lon 88 W, passed a mast standing upright and projecting about ten feet out of water, apparently attached to submerged wreckage; mast head painted white.

Stmr Monarch (Br), reports March 18, lat 35 30 N, long 43 30 W, passed two large hogsheads nearly submerged.

Stmr Purelight (Ger), reports March 27, lat 46 28 N, lon 43 40 W, saw several small pieces of ice from 40 to 60 feet in area and about six feet high.

Str Messba (Br), reports April 5, lat 40.22 N, lon 73.10 W, passed a large can buoy.

Str Katahdin, Queen, reports April 3, Str Queen Wilhelmina (Br), at Baltimore from Middlesbrough, reports April 1, between lat 46.16, lon 45.18, and lat 46.4, lon 46.41, passed a number of icebergs.

Str Prinzess Irene (Ger), from Genoa, etc., reports April 10, lat 40.17, lon 72.12, passed a bell buoy adrift.

Str Cedric (Br) reports April 7, lat 38.46, N, lon 52.16 W, passed a log 25 feet long, covered with barnacles.

Str Antilles reports April 8, lat 31.20 N, lon 78.50 W, saw the derelict sch Bartholdi (Br), awash, with 30 feet of mainmast standing.

Str Regina d'Italia (Ital) reports March 31, lat 42.22 N, lon 43.55 W, passed a piece of timber about 40 feet long and 2 feet square covered with marine growth; March 28, lat 40.27 N, lon 24.34 W, passed a piece of timber about 50 feet long and 2 feet square covered with marine growth.

Str Canada (Br) reported sighting icebergs in lat 46, lon 41.50, and lat 42.57, lon 48.15.

Str Volturno (Br) reported sighting an iceberg in lat 42.30, lon 49.

Str Chemnitz (Ger) reports April 2, lat 40.50 N, lon 64 W, passed a large piece of timber about 25 feet long.

Str Ryndam (Dutch) reports April 8, lat 40.30 N, lon 71.59 W, passed a bell buoy.

Str Carrillo (Br) reports April 8, lat 39.04 N, lon 75.38 W, passed wreckage about 10 feet square, consisting of planks lashed together and forming a raft. It was covered with marine growth and floated low in the water.

Str Zulia, from Curacao, etc, reports April 11, lat 39.17, lon 73.50, sighted a log 25 feet long and 1½ feet in diameter.

Baltimore, April 10—Str Jean, at Texas City from Baltimore, reports April 4, lat 26.14, lon 87.38, ran close to the hull of abandoned schr Venture (Br) of St Martins. The decks were awash and the masts were gone. Capt Sullivan, of the Jean, considers the derelict dangerous to vessels shaping courses from Tortugas to Galveston.

PARRSBORO SHIPPING NOTES.

Parrsboro, N. S., April 10—Sch Hazel Trahey, of Parrsboro, built in 1910, 145 tons register, has been purchased by William M. Reinhardt, of Le Have, on private terms. The vessel is loading lumber at this port for Vineyard Haven.

—Sch John G. Walter has arrived from Bass River (N. S.) to finish loading lumber at this port for a United States port.

In pressing silk or satin, do not use a very hot iron nor dampen them. Lay some clean, dry muslin over the seams and press with a warm iron.

BIRTHS

HAZEN—At Montreal on April 10, to the wife of Arthur P. Hazen, a son.

McCARTHY—To Dr. and Mrs. J. A. McCarthy, Manawagonish Road, on April 8th, a daughter.

MARRIAGES

STEELE-GRAHAM—In St. Saviour's Protestant Episcopal church at Nelson (B. C.), on March 11th ult., by the rector, the Rev. F. N. Graham, Beatrice Modjeska, eldest daughter of John Ritchie and Ada Aylesford Graham (nee de Wolfe), of Grand Falls, New Brunswick, to James Henry Steele, C. E., formerly of Illinois, U. S., but now a resident of Proctor (B. C.)

DEATHS

CLARK—In this city, at 55 Moore street, on April 9, Thomas Noble Clark, son of Daniel and Ida Clark, and grandson of Thomas N. Sargeant, aged seventeen years.

BAXTER—In this city, on the 10th inst., George Alfred, infant son of Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Baxter, aged two months.

WEYMAN—Naomi Lulu, wife of Charles W. Weyman, at Apohaqui, on April 10, aged 41 years.

HENNESSEY—In this city, on April 10, James Francis, second son of Cornelius and Ellen Hennessey.

THOMPSON—In this city, on April 10, after a lengthy illness, James F., son of James and Matilda Thompson, aged 22 years, leaving besides his parents, two sisters to mourn.

KINDRED—In Boston, on the 12th inst., J. W. Kindred, formerly of St. John West.

MUCH INTEREST IN BRITAIN OVER CLOSURE BILL

Liberal Press Favor Laurier's Scheme for a Canadian Navy

London, April 12—The Canadian naval and closure debates have been followed here with keen and painful interest. The prevailing English sentiment is one of regret that the occasion should have arisen to make such a controversy possible. While public comment is exceedingly circumspect, privately there is strong tendency to blame Winston Churchill for impetuously seeking to rush the situation under a plea of an empire crisis and helping to play a partizan game in what to possess any real value, should have been a unanimous Canadian national affair.

The English Liberal newspapers with the exception of the Westminster Gazette, have now strongly adopted Sir Wilfrid Laurier's viewpoint on the ultimate advisability of independent empire naval units. All parties here would gladly hear of a compromise which should take the matter out of the region of party strife. The naval group here, recognizing that the Canadian Dreadnoughts are lost, are already preparing to start an agitation for supplementary estimates providing for extra British capital ships.

While English politics are still largely absorbed by mean partizan controversies, such as the Marconi and Samuel debates, the cause of social reform makes steady progress. Sickness insurance, which six months ago was the centre of a furious controversy, is now accepted by all sides as a great national reform, essentially beneficial, even though needing amendment in details.

The recent combination of railwaymen's societies, anticipated ahead as likely to produce a general railway strike and national upheaval, has been proved in practice to lead to peace not war.

The London policemen's provision of one day's rest in seven, recently secured, is an example of recent minor reforms which are sensibly improving the lot of the workers.

The outlook generally here is now exceedingly good. Russia's self-sacrificing message to Montenegro has once more proved the soundness of the English group system foreign policy, which Sir Edward Grey has so largely directed abroad; and at home England sees sunshine ahead. Trade continues to grow. Never have we had fewer unemployed, and never has the standard of wages been higher.

London is already packed with visitors for the beginning of what promises to be a record season.

The public watches with growing concern the sustained struggle between Mrs. Pankhurst and the authorities in Holloway Prison Hospital. She has now been eight days without food. Tempting viands and drinks are constantly spread out before her. She takes nothing but water. The Albert Hall meeting on Wednesday, held to celebrate her anticipated release, was held without her. Five thousand women, many of them young and pretty, and all enthusiastic, pledged themselves to follow her and burn and destroy if not given the vote. Meanwhile I detect significant signs of a change in sentiment regarding the women's movement. People are beginning to ask if the courage and self-sacrifice of these women, even though perverted, do not demand some recognition. Some recent speeches from the dock by convicted women prisoners, notably Olive Hockins at the Old Bailey, have been pitched in a key of such inspired eloquence as to affect even the hardened judges. Despite the fact that this week the suffragettes have, as they openly boast, committed more crime of violence than in any political movement since the Reform Bill agitation of 1832, yet their Wednesday demonstration was sympathetically received and conducted without disturbance.

The government is said to contemplate as the next step seizing the funds of the Women's Union. The women have already provided for this. Their enormous reserve capital is safely kept in Paris. Much of their leader's furniture is obtained on the hire system, in order to give the authorities nothing if they seize it, and it will mean that will have to yield it up after all.

REAL ESTATE

Tenders are being called for the erection of the building for the Amherst Pianos, Limited. Their buildings will be on the ground formerly known as the Ramblers Athletic grounds. The board of school commissioners are having plans made for a new high school building and also a four room addition to Acadia street school. There are also a large number of private residences contracted for so that building operations promise to be exceedingly brisk in Amherst this summer.

The sale of the Kirk farm at Sargeson, about a mile from the Central Railway line, is reported by Alfred Burley & Co. The farm consists of 175 acres with farmhouse, large barn and outbuildings. It was sold two years ago by Mr. Burley to E. S. Haines of Fredericton, now engaged as a contractor on the Valley Railway. The new purchaser is Thomas Thomson, a native of Scotland, who has been in this country for a couple of years and is familiar with farming here as well as in the old country. He has left, with his family, to take immediate possession. Mrs. Thomson's mother and four of her grown up brothers will sail from Glasgow on May 31 to join them on the farm. The value of the farm shows an increase of about one third since the last sale.

The following property transfers have been recorded: J. A. Bellmore to Mrs. W. E. Newcombe, property at Lancaster; Peter Campbell's executors to W. J. Weaver, property at the corner of George and Pond streets; Mrs. Ruth A. French to Ethel M. Walker, property in Wall street; W. R. Hunter to Margaret and Helen V. Wholey, property at Simonds; John LeLacheur to Marion LeLacheur, property in Mount Pleasant avenue; William Levi to Mary Quinlan, property in Charlotte street; R. G. Magee to W. I. Fenton, property at Lancaster; Robert Maxwell to Mrs. Jessie D. Mildon, property in Harding street; Margaret McKellar and Neil McKellar to C. F. Leonard, property at Lancaster; W. E. and Clara Newcomb, to Oscar Ring, property at Lancaster; R. E. Pennington to Mrs. W. E. Newcomb, property at Lancaster; Benjamin Roden to R. W. Carson, property in Lombard street; J. A. and Abbie Stackhouse, property in Prince street, Carleton.

It is reported that a change has been made in the site for the steel and iron industry to be established at St. John. It was first intended to place the works near the head of the eastern side of Courtenay Bay, adjoining the ship repair plant, but it has been found that this would not provide sufficient room for the plant much less for probable expansion.

It is understood that arrangements have been made to secure the large area of land at the mouth of Little River, to the south of the new breakwater. With the land that could be reclaimed added to the shore area sufficient room would be secured for a very large plant.

S. H. Hawker has sold to David Corkery forty acres of land near Ononette Station on the C. P. R. Mr. Hawker only recently bought the property and it is understood that he sold at a price much in advance of the original cost. It is likely that the new owner will subdivide the land and erect dwellings, which will be rented or sold.

George Kimball has sold his fine residence on the corner of Coburg and Cliff streets, with extensive grounds fronting on both streets. The price is said to be between $17,000 and $20,000. The name of the purchaser has not been announced, but it was said that it was bought for the Catholic church to complete their holdings in that section of this city. This would give the church possession of almost two entire blocks, extending from the Convent property in Waterloo street along past the Cathedral, and the Bishop's Palace to the corner of Cliff, up Cliff past the chapel and the St. Vincent's home, across Thistle Court, taking in the block of brick dwellings and the wooden tenement and then the Kimball property on the corner of Coburg and completed by the Holly property, which was purchased for the infirmary and which fronts Coburg street, Cliff street and Thistle Court.

It is understood that negotiations were in progress for the purchase of the Trueman property in Hazen street, adjoining the infirmary property before it was purchased by the Order of Moose. It is also known that an option was taken on the Thistle Curling Club property extending from Thistle Court through to Golding street, but this was not taken up.

Sixteen properties were offered for sale by auction at Chubb's Corner at noon Saturday. Eight were sold. The others failed to realize their upset prices.

F. R. Dearborn's freehold property with self-contained brick dwelling in King street east was withdrawn at $6,550.

Eight freehold properties owned by the city were offered. The McPherson house was withdrawn at $2,000. The Ingells house was purchased by Samuel S. Linton for $1,175; the Gilroy house by Fred McCormick for $2,600; the Hanson house by Dr. J. D. Maher for $2,700. The Gray house was withdrawn at $975, and the Melaney house at $1,000. All these are located in Lancaster. Two vacant lots, 50 by 100, in St. James street, W. E., were sold, number 525 to J. H. Lee for $355, and number 526 to J. A. McIntosh for $405.

Two self-contained houses in Pitt street, corner of Orange, owned by H. J. Gereon, were offered for sale separately and then together and were withdrawn at $5,250. A lot in Pitt street, near Broad, 40 by 100 feet, was withdrawn at $1,325 and another, of the same size, in Duke, near Pitt, was withdrawn at $1,500.

Two lots belonging to the Reed-Duncan estate, Mount Pleasant, were sold under an order of the equity court to settle the estate, and both were bid in by W. A. Ewing, one 78 by 80 feet fronting on Mount Pleasant avenue, for $2,500, and the other, in the rear, for $800.

These properties were all offered by F. L. Potts.

I. Webber sold a leasehold property, 110 Somerset street, with self-contained dwelling for $475, the purchaser being L. S. Kominsky.

The house of N. S. Springer, advertised for sale at $1,200, situated near Ketepec Station, on the C. P. R., has been sold to E. J. Hisatt.

Almost the entire capital required for the Mount Pleasant Realty Co. Ltd. which is taking over the Reed's Castle property, has been subscribed and the organization meeting of the company will be held on Tuesday next. About one-third of the money is being subscribed in Montreal and the rest is local capital.

A section of St. John which is well, although not favorably known, especially in police circles, is to disappear. The ruthless hand of progress is to be laid on "Harrigan's Alley" and this historic spot is to become but a memory. No longer will the local celebrities who, from time to time, purchase the fleeting fame of having their names published in the papers at a cost of $8 or thirty days, be able to give Harrigan's alley as their place of residence. The high jinks which have marked the spot will disturb that place no more; the wicked will cease from troubling and the weary will find rest elsewhere. The Harrigan properties were purchased by a Western investor about a year ago and since that time his local agent has had more trouble than he had any use for, trying to keep track of some of his charges and to placate the police and board of health authorities. The result has been that orders have gone forth to vacate the premises and the shacks in the rear of Brussels street are to be torn down and a reasonable degree of civilization is to be established in that section.

FUNERAL OF MRS. C. W. WEYMAN

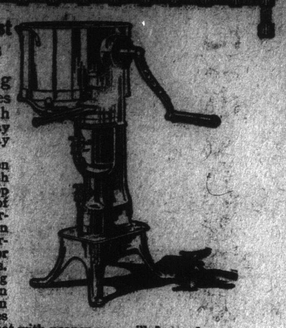
Apohaqui, April 12—The funeral of the late Mrs. C. W. Weyman, took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. A very large concourse of people assembled to pay their last tribute of love and respect. A short service was held at the home, conducted by Dr. Joseph McLeod, St. John, and Rev. T. B. Westmore, after which the cortege wended its way to the Baptist church at Lower Millstream, where Dr. McLeod gave an appropriate sermon. At the conclusion of the service the procession again formed and proceeded to the cemetery, where interment was made. The floral offerings were beautiful, among them being a wreath from the executive of the N. B. W. M. S.; wreath from Weldon & McLean, of St. John; spray, Mrs. N. W. Eveleigh and Mrs. Frank Keirstead; sprays, from family.

Among the friends and relatives from outside places who came to attend the funeral were: Dr. Joseph McLeod, St. John; Dr. W. C. Kierstead, Fredericton; W. Fenwick, St. John; Harry Cochrane, Bloomfield; Oscar Dunfield and Miss Margaret Dunfield, Corn Hill; Mrs. E. Dunfield, Mrs. Chas. Burlock, Mrs. Geo. Mollins, Miss Effie Dunfield, Mrs. Arthur Hall, Penobsquis; S. A. McLeod, Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Eveleigh, Mrs. G. N. Pearson, Sussex; Mr. Bratacombe, Mrs. S. Morton, Miss McLeod, Penobsquis.

The pall bearers were all nephews of the deceased, viz: Dr. Wilfred C. Kierstead, Fredericton; John Dunfield, William Dunfield, Cameron Dunfield, Fred Dunfield and Chas. Dunfield, all of Corn Hill.

Wear a sewing apron while ironing, and you will often find it possible to do a bit of mending while waiting for the iron to heat.

Pay the Price of the Best —No More—No Less



ECONOMY in buying a cream separator does not begin nor end with the price. You may easily pay too little and just as easily pay too much.

Learn the difference between gears that work without back lash and those that have it or develop it soon. Learn the importance of a self-adjusting bowl spindle bearing, and learn to know one when you see it. Discover the difference between brass and phosphor bronze as a material for bearings. Buy a separator with an oiling system that cannot fail you even for a few minutes of a run. When you find the separator that comes up to your specifications—one that with proper care will do good work for a long time—buy it. You will find it marked

I H C Cream Separator
Dairymaid or Bluebell

I H C cream separators turn easily and they are easy to run because the working parts are accurately made and the bearings are sufficiently lubricated. The shafts and spindle are the strongest used in any separator. The shaft and spindle bearings are supported by the frame, but have no contact with it. The contact is between the steel spindles and phosphor bronze bushings. The gears are spirally cut so that there is no lost motion between them. They are entirely protected from grit and milk, and at the same time are easily accessible for cleaning.

See the I H C local agent and ask him to give you a demonstration of the efficiency of the machine as a skimmer and to go over with you and explain carefully all of its good, mechanical points. You can get catalogues and full information from him, or, write the nearest branch house.

International Harvester Company of Canada, Ltd
BRANCH HOUSES
At Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Estevan, Regina, Lethbridge, London, Montreal, North Battleford, Ottawa, Quebec, Raymond, Saskatoon, St. John, Winnipeg, Yorkton

The Methodist Church

In one week recently, four Methodist church papers in the United States reported 7,044 conversions in their constituencies.

Of a total of 400 Protestant churches in Baltimore, the various Methodist bodies have 135.

The Southern Methodist church in Maryland has requested the Anti-Saloon League of the state to inaugurate a campaign for state-wide prohibition.

The mission established by the Women's Home Missionary Society at Nome, Alaska, under the care of Miss Harriet L. Barnett, is prospering. In a recent letter Miss Barnett tells how at the close of a busy day she began preparations for her evening meal. When things were well under way, Obloona and Ametuk, his wife, appeared for a lesson in English, and with them came four or five other Eskimos. "Supper was forgotten," says Miss Barnett, "and we all gathered about the table for earnest study and an evening of uplift."

Bishop McDowell, of the Methodist Episcopal church, has issued an appeal for a special offering to be taken in all the churches within his jurisdiction for the sufferers from the flood in Ohio and Indiana.

Bishop McConnell presents a forceful article on The Significance of Conversion on the Thinking of Today, in the initial number of The Constructive Quarterly, a journal edited by Dr. Silas McBee, former editor of The Churchman.

The Methodist Book Concern, Chicago, reports the six best sellers (religious) for the month of February as follows:

1. A Man's Religion—Bishop McDowell.
2. Modernism and the Vatican—Loeppert.
3. The Way of a Man—Mitchell.
4. Autographs of St. Paul—Buell.
5. Synoptic Problem—Hayes.
6. When Lincoln Kissed Me—Wing.

The Chile (South America) Annual Conference, which stretches from the northermost limit of Bolivia to Cape Horn, held its session for 1913 in the quaint old city of Serena. Bishop Stuntz was in attendance.

The Christ Hospital, Cincinnati, is one of the greatest deaconess hospitals in the central west. Since it began its work in 1889 it has cared for 17,000 patients, about 5,000 of the number being free patients. It has a well equipped childs' department. It is now contemplated to build an annex which will provide three times the present number of private rooms and double the ward capacity. These improvements will cost $200,000, the half of which has been guaranteed.

One of the most practical and profitable efforts at social service has been inaugurated in Trinity church, Evansville (Ind.), by the Rev. W. B. Farmer, pastor. This is the chief Methodist church in the second city of that state and has throughout its history been distinctively a family church. With the coming of Mr. Farmer a new impulse was given to the membership. He has secured the co-operation of a number of his men to give their professional services absolutely free formed into a "Council of Fifteen," composed of lawyers, physicians, men capable of advising on small investments, and those willing to lend aid along other needful lines. The pastor is the go-between. When in his visitation among the people he discovers one in need and decides that the case is worthy, he issues a note of introduction to the proper member of his council, who supplies the person coming to him with either medical treatment, legal advice, or any other counsel or advice desired. The plan has already proved itself worthy of continuance. The church has in this way linked itself to the social questions of the community in a tender, practical, and responsive manner. It has become a factor of no mean importance and must be counted among the city's redeeming forces.

The members of the Methodist Ministerial Association of Toronto have appointed a committee to seek to improve the moving-picture films which are being exhibited in that city. What is the Ontario Board of Censors for? Are its members not doing their duty?—Brantford Expositor.

Mr. John T. Hawke, editor of The Transcript of Moncton, lectured recently in the Eurhetorian hall, Mount Allison, on "The Romance of Canadian History."

The congregation at Springhill (N. S.), has decided to build a new church, the plans of which have already been approved by the board of trustees.

A baptismal font has been presented to the Woodstock church by Mrs. Dr. Kinsman, of Truro.

A letter from Rev. J. C. Berrie, Jacksonville (N. B.), on "Christianity and Socialism," appeared recently in Cotton's Weekly.

Rev. Neil McLaughlan, B.A., president of the conference of N. B. and P. E. I., is at Toronto this week tending a meeting of the transfer committee. A number of applications have been made effecting this conference.

Arrangements are being made for the Mount Allison endowment fund campaign in this city, commencing April 21, on Sunday, the 20th, a number of the university's representatives will be in the city.

By the death, during the week, of ex-Chief Justice Tuck, Methodism in the maritime provinces loses one of its prominent laymen. Although not a member of the church, he was a loyal adherent and gave sympathy and support to every good work.

IMPURE BLOOD IN THE SPRING

The Passing of Winter Leaves People Weak and Depressed

As winter passes away it leaves many people feeling weak, depressed and easily tired. The body lacks that vital force and energy which pure blood alone can give.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all-year-round blood builder and nerve tonic, but they are especially useful in the spring. Every dose helps to make new, rich, red blood. Returning strength commences with their use and the vigor and cheerfulness of good health quickly follows.

There is just one cure for lack of blood and that is more blood. Food is the material from which blood is made, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills doubles the value of the food we eat. They give strength, tone up the stomach and weak digestion, clear the complexion of pimples, eruptions and boils, and drive out rheumatic poisons.

If you are pale and sallow, if you feel continually tired out, breathless after slight exertion, if you have headaches or backaches, if you are irritable and nervous, if your joints ache, if your appetite fails and food does not nourish nor sleep refresh you, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will make you well and strong. To build up the blood is the special purpose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and that is why they are the best spring medicine. If you feel the need of a tonic at this season give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and you will rejoice in new health, new strength and new energy. Do not let the trying weather of summer find you weak and ailing. Build yourself up now with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—the pills that strengthen.

Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and do not be persuaded to take something else. If your dealer does not keep these Pills they will be sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville,

BOVRIL

is concentrated beef.
It gives strength and energy.
Take a cup at eleven in the morning or a dainty BOVRIL sandwich at afternoon tea. A cup of BOVRIL before retiring ensures refreshing sleep.
4-2-13

Topics of the Day

BISHOP OF LONDON'S FAITH CURE

(Charlottetown Guardian.)

In our issue of Wedneeday we published a telegram from London giving particulars of a case of faith cure, or spiritual healing, reported by the Bishop of London, Dr. Ingram. The learned bishop stated that in the course of a special mission he had been engaged in at St. Paul's church, Knightsbridge, he received a letter from a mother about her daughter of fifteen who was lying seriously ill with a nervous breakdown. The girl had heard the bishop preach before she became ill, and begged her mother to send him a petition for prayer. The bishop visited the sick room and found the girl in hysterics, entirely beyond control of her mother, nurse and doctor. The bishop tells us he remembered the injunction of St. James that if the Church annoint the sick with oil and pray in faith the sick will be saved, so he proceeded to try the experiment. He offered up two prayers with the girl, who had recognized him, then annointed her on the forehead with oil, and concluded with his blessing. "At that moment," declares the bishop, "she sank into a deep sleep and slept for hours during the night, and, thank God, it is His good pleasure, she is now on the high way to recovery."

There is no reason to doubt the genuineness of this account of "spiritual healing," nor need we seek an explanation of it in any miraculous agency. It is an instance of mind cure entirely consistent with medical science. Dr. Hack Tuke, in his book on the "Influence of the Mind upon the Body in Health and Disease" gives many well-authenticated cases of pains being assuaged and disease cured by mental influences. Dr. John Brown of Edinburgh tells a quaint story of his curing a bad case of colic by handing the prescription to the patient and saying "Take that." He found the patient had swallowed the paper and got instantaneous relief. It was faith that did it.

In a valuable contribution on "Mind Cures" in the current number of the "Quarterly Review," Sir T. S. Clouston, M. D., the most distinguished living authority on mental diseases, gives a rational and scientific explanation of all the so-called miraculous and faith cures of which we hear a good deal from time to time. Sir Thomas does not by any means disparage these cures but he gives the physiological explanation of haw they are brought about.

Mental disease, he says, always implies disorder of both body and mind as a consequence of the brain being disturbed in its working. Its cure, therefore, must always take the body into account. The mental areas in the brain may, however, be diseased or disturbed without other demonstrable bodily disturbance. Electricity or heat may powerfully affect the matter through which they are generated. The heat that may be produced from coal may be turned on to burn still further its source. In this sense mind may act on body and cure some of its diseases.

The effects of brain-mental stimuli or worry on the body is illustrated by the well known effect on the digestive organs. Who has not had his appetite or digestion suddely stopped by anxiety or by hearing a piece of bad news? This is done through brain cells of the digestive centres. The bad effects of worry on the general health and nutrition of the body are known to everyone. The brain cells then act less vigorously; the flow of blood to them through their capillaries—each cell has capillary vessels to supply it with nourishment—is lessened; the general feeling of well-being, of bienetre, is lost. All these bodily and mental effects are due to abnormal action in the mental centres of the brain.

The apparatus for the production of these and hundreds of other bodily effects, good and evil, exists in the brain. It is part of the normal bodily armamentarium. When, through this apparatus, certain diseases are cured during hypnotism or "faith healing," there is no more miracle or special mystery about the process than the perpetual miracle of the daily work of the human brain, or its exact parallelism with our varied mental conditions, or its general action in keeping the body in health.

Faith in the healer or in the means of cure and similar agencies have roused the higher levels of the brain to activity, and so have "cured" the disorder. A strong belief and a keen emotion necessarily alter the condition of the brain-cells and their blood supply. Dogmatism has the same effect, and whatever gives tone to the blood vessels and nerves, stimulates the heart, sets the muscles in action and distracts the attention from disease, will cure many complaints. All this the brain-cells that subserve mind have the power of doing.

Thus the "spiritual healing" made so much of by the Bishop of London is not of the nature of a marvel, but merely an instance of an everyday occurrence in the history of medical men, especially those who specialize in ment. disorders. The girl was highly-strung, unnerved, emotional, had great faith in the bishop whose mission she had been attending, and his very presence and touch had a soothing, restorative influence. In the treatment of all mental disease, in addition to medicines and hygienic agencies, some of the chief means of cure are found in just such a measure as the bishop applied, viz., mental and moral treatment, removal of worries, suitable suggestion, mental distractions, and the strengthening of will power. Prayer and faith are as good a means to this end as could possibly be found, and so to this extent the bishop is entitled to all credit for his successful adventure as a "spiritual healer."

OBITUARY

Mrs. C. W. Weyman.

Apohaqui, N. B., April 11—On Thursday night, April 10, at 11.30, this village suffered a deep loss when Naomi L. Weyman, wife of C. W. Weyman, passed peacefully away, after two years' illness of heart trouble.

Mrs. Weyman, who was 61 years of age, was a daughter of the late William O. Dunfield, of Corn Hill, and was much beloved by those who had the pleasure of her friendship, being kind and charitable, ever trying to help others. She was a consistent member of the Baptist church, Lower Mill stream, and an active member of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. At the time of the union of the Baptist churches Mrs. Weyman was largely instrumental in bringing about the union of the missionary societies of the two branches of the church and was elected president of the Baptist Missionary Society, which office she filled for two years. She leaves to mourn her husband, one daughter, Miss S. Jessie Weyman; one son, E. C. Weyman, L. A. LL. B.; one sister, Miss Almedia A. Dunfield, of Corn Hill; two brothers, Oscar Dunfield, Corn Hill, and Handford Dunfield, of Salt Lake City, Dr. W. C. Keirstead, of U. N. B., Fredericton, is a nephew.

The funeral takes place from her late residence, Apohaqui, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. T. B. Wetmore officiating. After a short service at the home the funeral cortege will proceed to the Baptist church at Lower Millstream, where a service will be held previous to interment, which will be in the family lot in Lester cemetery, Lower Millstream.

Allan Arthurs.

Saturday, Apr. 12.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Arthurs, of South Bay will sympathize with them in the death of their little son, Allan, which took place about 9 o'clock Thursday evening. The lad, who was a bright child of eight years was taken ill a few days ago with measles, which latter developed into pneumonia. Funeral services will be from his parents residence at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The tugboat Martello will leave Indiantown at 1 o'clock to convey the remains to Harding's Point for burial.

Peter McLeod.

The death of Peter McLeod occurred at his home, Black River, Saturday morning, April 5. Mr. McLeod was 77 years old and is survived by his wife and one son, Frederick G., at home.

Charles H. Emery.

Woodstock, N. B., April 11—(Special)—Charles H. Emery, formerly of Jacksonville, this county, died today of paralysis at the home of his sister, Mrs. George Bull, at Monticello, Maine. He was 57 years of age and is survived by his wife, who was Miss Ida Harding, of Jacksonville, and one child. Mrs. Williamson Fisher, of this town, is a sister. The body will be brought to Woodstock and the funeral services will be at 2.30 Sunday at Mrs. Fisher's residence. Interment will be in Jacksonville. Mr. Emery was in the west for some years where he owned an extensive ranch, but owing to heart trouble he came east and resided in Haverhill (Mass.)), for the past few years. He was highly respected and his death is deeply regretted.

Miss Elizabeth M. Edkin.

Chatham, N. B., April 11—Sir Frederick Williams Taylor, manager of the Bank of Montreal in London cables that Miss Elizabeth M. Elkin died in Highgate Hospital, London, on Wednesday morning and that he had made arrangements for her burial in St. Pancras Catholic Cemetery today.

For some time rumors have been current to the effect that Miss Elkin had passed away but nothing authoritative had been received and nothing definite known until this brief cablegram was received by Mr. Dick of the Bank of Montreal.

Miss Elkin was a daughter of Thomas Elkin who conducted a butchering business in this town many years ago. All the immediate family are now dead and Miss Elkin is survived by no nearer relatives than first cousins. Among the latter living here are M. J. and Daniel Elkin, Robert Allen, Mrs. William Lyons, Robert Mayes and Harry Wilson of Napan. Edward Elkin and James Mayes in the United States, also are first cousins.

Miss Elkin had been sick in the London hospital for five or six weeks but as she did not wish it to be known generally no definite word was received here until a little before her death, when she herself wrote to a Chatham relative disclosing the fact that she knew her end was near. Miss Elkin was the possessor of a considerable amount of wealth and much interest is expressed in the disposition of her property.

Capt. Jas. W. Cousins.

Digby, N. S., April 11—Captain James W. Cousins died at one o'clock this morning, aged eighty years. He was one of Digby's best known citizens and was highly respected by everyone. He was born in Digby and had been engaged in the fish business for nearly half a century. In his early days he visited various parts of the world in the merchant marine service and later became one of Digby's first fishing shippers. He retired from the sea and became a member of the firm of Syda & Cousins, who carried on a wholesale fish business up to the time of the death of Mr. Syda, after which he retired three years ago.

Mr. Cousins is survived by four sons—Edward M. of Jamaica Plain, Mass.; Bland W. and Arthur E. of Digby, and Harry P., chief officer of the D. G. S. Curlew. He also leaves one sister, Miss Rosern Cousins, of Digby. The funeral probably will be held Sunday. The services will be conducted by Rev. Thos. S. Roy, of the Digby Baptist church, of which the deceased was a member. Interment will take place in the family lot in the Baptist cemetery beside the remains of Mrs. Cousins, who passed away a few years ago.

Thomas S. Camp

Woodstock, N. B., April 13—(Special)—Thomas S. Camp died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Camp, this afternoon after a short illness of tuberculosis. He was 28 years of age and is survived by four brothers, Fred, Frank, Arthur and Charles, of this town, and two sisters, Miss Jane Camp, of Woodstock, and Mrs. Wm. Jackson, of Vancouver (B. C.)

The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 p. m. Mr. Camp had been for the past four years traveling in the western and southern states and in Mexico.

J. W. Kindred.

Monday, Apr. 14.

Word was received in the city yesterday of the death of J. W. Kindred, formerly of West St. John, in Boston. Mr. Kindred left this city many years ago. He is survived by his wife and one son. He also leaves two brothers, John Kindred of this city, and Joseph in Fitchburg, Mass, and six sisters, namely, Miss R. R. Kindred, Mrs. James Campbell, Mrs. John Campbell of this city; Miss Bertie and Miss Ada, in Boston and Mrs. L. C. Wetmore of Tacoma.

Benjamin Godsoe.

Many old friends in St. John will regret to hear of the death of Benj. Godsoe, which occurred in Denver on April 5. Mr. Godsoe was employed in the I. C. R. carpenter shop here for nearly a quarter of a century. Some five years ago he and his wife removed to Denver to live with their daughter, Mrs. Woodley. He was about seventy-three years of age, and if he had remained with the I. C. R. a little longer would have been superannuated in due course. Mrs. Godsoe remains with her daughter in Denver.

Mrs. Margaret Jackson

Chatham, N. B., April 12—Mrs. Margaret Jackson, wife of Isaac Jackson, died yesterday, aged seventy-eight years. She is survived by her husband and four children, Mrs. Alex. Hay and Mrs. Walsh of Chatham, Bessie at home and John in Nelson. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon to St. Paul's church, where service will be conducted by Ven. Archdeacon Forsyth.

Miss Marie Franklin.

Monday, Apr. 14.

Word reached the city yesterday of the death of Miss Marie Franklin in Boston. She was the daughter of Mrs. John Sheehan, of 395 Haymarket square, this city, and had resided in Boston for some time. She is survived by her mother and one sister, H. J. Sheehan, of Comeau & Sheehan, is a half-brother. Arrangements for the funeral will be made later. The body will likely be brought to St. John for interment.

Charles L. Lamb.

Monday, Apr. 14.

Charles L. Lamb, a well known resident of the North End, died yesterday morning in Nova Scotia. He had been in poor health for some time, but about two weeks ago he went to Nova Scotia to work. It was thought that the change of climate would make an improvement in his health, but his wife received a telegram on Thursday saying that he was seriously ill. Mrs. Lamb immediately left for Nova Scotia and was with her husband when he passed away yesterday morning. Besides his wife and one daughter, Miss Sarah Lamb, stenographer with G. E. Barbour Co., Ltd., and two small sons, Murray, aged six, and Gilbert, aged four years, survive.

The body will be brought to St. John on the Digby boat this afternoon and the funeral will take place tomorrow at 1.30 o'clock. Interment will be at White Head, Kings county.

Mrs. David J. Buckley.

Newcastle, April 12—The death of Mary E. Buckley, nee Wellwood, wife of David J. Buckley, the well known mill man, who moved here from Rogerville last year, occurred suddenly at her home here this morning. She had for several months been a great sufferer from cancer of the stomach. She was much beloved by a large circle of friends, who deeply mourn her loss. She was forty-seven years of age and is survived by her aged mother, Mrs. Margaret Wellwood, of Harcourt; the following brothers and sisters, Albert E. and Robert Wellwood, of the I. C. R., sydney; Fred. Wellwood, Mrs. Wm. F. Buckley and Miss Margaret, of Harcourt. The children left are Leander W., Reta and Yvonne, all at home. The funeral will be to St. Mary's church, Newcastle, at 10 a. m., on Monday, 14th inst.

Mrs. Harold R. Lauder.

Oromocto, April 10—On Sunday of this week, the community was saddened by a message that came over the wires "That Queenie was dead." She was only twenty-one, the wife of Harold R. Lauder, of St. John, and eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Currier, of Oromocto. The funeral took place at Oromocto on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Lauder was beloved by all who knew here, which was shown by the number of sorrying relatives and friends that followed her body to its last resting place, Green Hill cemetery. The funeral was conducted by Rev. H. A. Pierce, of St. John Portland Methodist church. She leaves a sorrowing husband, mother and father, one brother and two sisters. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved husband and family.

PROVINCIAL PERSONALS

Fredericton Mail: H. C. Benham, of Lancaster, is a guest at the Queen. Ed. Dubord, of Toronto, is in the city. George W. Brown, of Amherst, is at the Queen. Hon. John Morrissy is a guest at the Barker House. T. H. Foster, of St. John, is in the city today. James Connolly, of St. John, is at the Barker House. C. J. Callaghan, of St. John, is in the city. Edward C. Weyman, of St. John, is at the Barker House. A. W. Covey, of St. John, arrived in the city last night. J. K. Scammell, of St. John, arrived in the city this morning. He is at the Queen.

Digby Courier: Mrs. Dickson, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. L. Peters, returned to her home in St. John Monday. Mr. Charles Bell returned to Digby Monday after a three weeks' vacation in St. John and Campobello. Mr. Harry Franklin visited his family on Monday, returning to St. John by the afternoon boat.

Annapolis Spectator: Mr. B. B. Hardwick returned from St. John on Wednesday. He says he found the money market yer ytight.

Sackville Tribune: Mr. C. D. Buck, St. John, was in town Tuesday.

Woodstock Sentinel: Mr. Reginald Wright, of St. John, was the guest last week of his sister, Mrs. E. W. Mair.

Fredericton Gleaner: Miss Lizzie McBean, of Taymouth, left Thursday evening for Lacombe (Alta.), where she, it is understood, is soon to be wed to Mr. Thomas Tomilson, a prosperous young farmer of that place.

All the strips of fat left from a steak should be left in a dish and tried out in the oven. They will make excellent fat for frying.

ALBERT COUNTY WOMAN SUICIDES

Mrs. Reverdy Lutes, of Coverdale, Demented, Drank Poison—Death of Asa Trites, Indian Mountain.

Moncton, N. B., April 13—Exports to the United States from this consular district, as declared at the American consulate, in this city, during the quarters ended March 31, 1912, and 1913, respectively, showed an increase of $6,002. For 1913 the exports reached a total of $114,110, compared with $108,108 in 1912.

A sad case of suicide occurred at Coverdale, Albert county, this afternoon. The unfortunate victim was Mrs. Reverdy Lutes, whose rash act is attributed to temporary insanity. About 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon Mrs. Lutes took a dose of muriatic acid and zinc. Medical aid was immediately summoned, but the crazed woman exhibited such determination to die that little could be done for her. She lived in great agony until this afternoon at 1 o'clock, when death relieved her suffering.

Mr. Lutes, who is employed at the I. C. R. works, says his wife had been showing symptoms of insanity and he attributed her terrible deed to this. She was 38 years old and besides her husband is survived by two children, a boy and girl, the youngest being thirteen months old, and the eldest two and a half years. Her maiden name was Fraser and she belonged to Shubenacadie (N. S.), where the body will be taken Tuesday for interment. She had been married some six or seven years.

The death of Asa Trites, aged 41, took place at Indian Mountain Saturday. He was a son of Roland Trites, and is survived by a wife and family.

F. M. TWEEDIE CHOSEN MAYOR OF CHATHAM

Elected by Acclamation—Ten Candidates for the Eight Aldermanic Seats.

Chatham, N. B., April 12—Yesterday was nomination day for the town council. Ten were nominated for the eight alermanic positions. Ald. F. M. Tweedie was the only candidate for mayor. Polling on the names of aldermanic candidates will take place next Tuesday.

The list is as follows:—Mayor F. M. Tweedie, elected by acclamation; aldermen, J. Y. Mersereau, N. Cunningham, Chas. Dickens, Joseph Grogan, Chas. Reinsborough, J. L. Stewart, J. A. Hay, H. P. Carvell, C. P. Hickey, H. B. McDonald.

C. W. FAWCETT REELECTED MAYOR OF SACKVILLE

Sackville, April 12—The following were nominated yesterday as candidates in the civic election of next Tuesday:—Mayor, Chas. W. Fawcett, elected by acclamation; North Ward, Dr. J. O. Calkin, Dr. E. R. Hart, F. B. Doucaster; South Ward, L. C. Carey, John Johson, W. H. Oulton, F. A. Dixon; West Ward, Capt. T. R. Anderson, Thomas Estabrooks, Charles E. Lund, J. T. Phinney; East Ward, C. W. Cahill, Charles McKenzie, J. W. Tucker, Joseph Blackmore.

J. F. Balsar, who offered in the North Ward, had not the necessary property qualifications and did not put in a nomination. The labor element which is pretty strong is endorsing the new men.

NEWCASTLE FUNERALS

Newcastle, April 12—The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Charleston, widow of George Charleston, of Hopetown (Que.), formerly of London, England, takes place at 10 this forenoon to St. Andrew's Episcopal church, of which deceased was a respected member. Mrs. Charleston, who died Wednesday night, was 93 years old, and had been confined to her bed only two weeks. She was formerly a Miss Jones and was born in Newcastle. She leaves the following children: Mary (Mrs. Frank Bodie), Campbellton; Jane (Mrs. Wm. Hosford), Williamstown, Miramichi; William, of Newcastle, with whom she resided; Ellen (Mrs. Frank Duhamel), Victoria (B. C.), and Samuel, of Campbellton.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Timothy Murphy, who died on Wednesday night, aged 50 years, took place yesterday morning at Redbank R. C. church, Rev. Father Duffy officiating, in presence of many friends of the deceased. The pall-bearers were John Betts, Wm. O'Brien, John Doran, Michael Monaghan, Alex. Eeson and J. J. Clarke. Deceased leaves five sons and two daughters. She was a widow.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can give her little one. They act as a gentle laxative, sweeten the stomach, break up colds and make teething easy. Concerning them, Mrs. Alphonse Landry, Upper Caraquet, N. B., says: "Baby's Own Tablets were of great benefit to my little boy and I would advise all mothers with sickly children to give them a trial." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE CREST DID IT.

The Irishman is nothing if not ingenious. Here is a good story told of one, a terrible scamp serving in South Africa under Colonel Hamilton-Browne. On discharge he asked for a character, and was given one by the colonel so bad as should ordinarily have barred him from employment forever.

Some time later the colonel met him, a most prosperous man, and about to embark for the Mother Country.

"But," said the colonel, "how was it that people reading such a character as I gave you should have been so taken in?"

"Read it, sir?" the scamp replied. "Never a one of them read it, and for a very good reason, as not one of them could read a word of English. It was the lion and the uniform fighting for the crown on the top of the official paper that did the trick, and that's what I wanted when I troubled you for a character. So long, colonel; there's the 'all for the shore' bell ringing. Good luck, and many thanks, as it's through you I'm in for a high old time."

STMR. WESTPORT AFIRE IN BAY

Barrels of Gasoline Thrown Overboard and Fire Held Down While Full Speed Was Made for Digby and the Vessel Beached.

The Insular Steamship Company's steamer, the Westport, which left St. John at 3 o'clock Saturday morning in charge of Captain McKinnon, with passengers and a general cargo for Westport, and carrying gasoline and kerosene in barrels on the deck, was found to be on fire in the forward hold while half way across the Bay of Fundy and out of the sight of land.

She had about one dozen passengers on board, among them women and children. The engine room's fire apparatus deadened the flames, the engines were opened up to full speed in charge of Chief Engineer James Strickland and Captain McKinnon succeeded in preventing a panic on board and the steamer was headed for Digby. She reached Point Prim about half past ten o'clock.

The life boat Daring, in charge of Captain Fred Adams, took off the passengers in Digby Gut and brought them to Digby. In the meantime the steamer was rushed full speed for the government pier, where she was beached a safe distance away. A fire alarm brought Digby's fire company to the scene and a stream in the forward hatch extinguished the fire. The steamer is quite badly damaged. The loss, it is said, is covered by insurance. The freight under the deck is declared a total loss.

E. H. Collins of Westport said that some half dozen barrels of gasoline were thrown over in the bay and many barrels were thrown over after the boat was beached. If the flames had reached the gasoline an explosion would have had fearful consequences. It is thought the fire was caused from internal combustion among barrels of lime.

ENGAGEMENT RING SEIZED IN COURT

Judge Orders Miss Cohan to Surrender Jewels Given Her by a Bankrupt.

New York, April 11—Judge Julius Mayer in the United States District Court ordered Miss Ida Cohen yesterday to hand over the diamond ring and other jewelry given to her by her fiance, Max Gordon.

The Judge was trying to straighten out a bankruptcy matter by getting hold of the tangible assets of Fliss Bros. & Gordon, underwear manufacturers. Gordon had testified before United States Commissioner Gilchrist that just before the bankruptcy petition was filed he thought that business was brisk enough to justify the purchase of the engagement ring and several other bits of jewelry, which came to $800.

Judge Mayer told Miss Cohen to take off and hand over to the court the ring, the lavalliere that adorned her shapely neck and the bracelet encircling her wrist. She looked tearfully from her lover to the judge as she complied. When she left the court room she told Gordon that she loved him as much as ever.

FORMER BLACKVILLE GIRL CENTRAL FIGURE AT UNIQUE WEDDING

Boston, April 10—(Special)—Henry W. Clark, of Roxbury, and Miss Annie B. Peterson, formerly of Blackville (N. B.), are on their honeymoon today after a marriage ceremony somewhat after the Biblical story of Rebecca and Isaac in the twenty-fourth chapter of Genesis.

The unique ceremony was arranged at the suggestion of the Rev. Dr. Russell, co-pastor of the Ruggles street Baptist church, who officiated. Mrs. Myria Clark, mother of the bridegroom, who has been an invalid for seven years, would have been unable to go to the church across the street, so the ceremony was carried out at her home. Several of those present acted the various characters in the Biblical story and the couple were married in a room arranged like the tent of Abraham.

CONDENSED NEWS; LOCAL AND GENERAL

Six new buildmgs, including a store, will be erected at Hantsport during the coming summer.

Warren MacFarland, eldest son of Joseph MacFarland, of Glen Farlan, Kings county ,eft Wednesday night for Vancouver, where he intends to settle.

Commissioner Schofield submitted a statement of the ferry business for March at Saturday morning's meeting of the city commissioners. The passengers carried numbered 232,151, an increase of 24,436 over the corresponding month last year. The receipts for the month were $4,928.02.

At the board of health offices last week the record of deaths was very lenghty, numbering twenty-four, the highest for some time. The causes were as follows:—phthisis and senility, three each; inanition, heart disease, and broncho-pneumonia, two each; and asthma, paralysis, accident, pneumonia, albuminuria, typhoid fever chronic cystitis, strangulated hernia, tubercular meningitis, tubercular peritonitis, eclampsia, and fracture of the skull, one each.

Soiled clothing should always be put into a hamper, preferably away from the sleeping room.

Rice cooked with raisins makes a very palatable, simple dessert served with hard sauce or cream.

AGRICULTURE

Farm Accounting—The Why of Bookkeeping On the Farm—How It Should Be Done and Its Benefits.

(Maine Farmer.)

First of a series of articles on Farm Accounting, by the Editor.

A system of accounting for the farm is a real necessity for the most successful and profitable conduct of the business. I use the term accounting instead of bookkeeping because it seems to convey more accurately the meaning in the whole idea than does the word bookkeeping. Accounts by no means need be kept in books, nor do they need to be preserved longer than is necessary to arrive at the results sought to be obtained by the accounting.

In this article I am going to make an attempt to tell some of the reasons why farm accounting is desirable and necessary, and what benefit may be secured from it. Bookkeeping is an established feature of every kind of business in these modern days with the exception of farming, and the business of farming is an exception because the farmer has not been shown a good reason why he should spend the time and make the effort necessary to keep a system of accounts. A good deal has been said about the importance, the desirability and the necessity of keeping accounts, but for the most part the farmer has failed to be impressed because he has not been able to see any advantage or any benefit coming to him. There is little that appeals to the farmer as being of practical benefit in the suggestion that he should keep an accurate account of the money received and expended by him, for the final results is simply a knowledge of the amount of money he ought to have left. This of course will seldom agree with the actual amount on hand, and the only conclusion will be that a mistake has been made in the keeping of the accounts.

That there is a real benefit to be found in simply keeping an accurate account of receipts and expenditures, I have not the slightest doubt. In itself it will be valuable as an aid to carefulness in expenditure, attention to the details of affairs, and accuracy in the performance of work.

But it is likely that the average farmer feels that he has small need of keeping books for the purpose of a record of money received and paid out. He knows whether he has money enough to pay his bills and some left over to spend when he goes to town. He cannot see where the keeping of book accounts of these things is going to help him make more money in the operation of his farm, and he has little need of keeping books simply for the purpose of knowing what money is due him from goods sold.

Until the average farmer can be shown some really good object in from accounting, until he can be shown how farm accounting is going to help him make more money from his farm operations, I do not think he can be blamed for his failure to keep books. Without some fundamentally better reason, I am not sure but that the average farmer is just as well off if he does not maintain any system of bookkeeping as he would be with the more or less inaccurate records of receipts and expenditures that the average man would be able to keep. This may be rank business heresy, but in these days we require a good business reason—a good dollars and cents reason—for nearly everything that we do in our business, and the farmer is requiring such a reason for every new thing that he takes up, even if he does not insist upon it in connection with his established operations.

There is a good business reason for keeping accounts on the farm, a good dollars and cents reason, and that reason is "cost finding." The practical reason for cost finding is the need of knowing what portions of the farm operations are paying a profit and what are not; why and where some are paying a profit and others are not; what operations should be continued year after year and what ones should be discontinued because they are not profitable.

This cost finding idea is not a new one, but it is just now beginning to receive general acceptance as the real reason for the keeping of accounts in a business. Of course there is the other reason for keeping books, the necessity of knowing what money is owing to the business, but this is a very minor reason for the keeping of books on the farm.

The cost finding idea is the one reason why a farmer should keep accounts, and because the operations of the average farm are so varied there is more reason why the farm should have a cost finding system than any other sort of business. The farmer ought to be able to determine easily whether his dairy is paying a profit, not only over the feed cost but over and above the cost of care and maintenance. He ought to be able to determine whether his potatoes are profitable, and what is the very lowest price that he can afford to sell them for and make it desirable for him to continue to plant them year after year and run the risk of a season of low prices. He ought to be able to determine whether it pays him to raise a few acres of oats or not; whether the flint corn that he plants is worth the trouble. He ought to be able to determine how much his silage costs him; how much his hay costs and what his pasturage is worth in reckoning the cost of maintaining his dairy.

At first thought these things would seem to contemplate a somewhat complicated system of accounting, but it is, after all, a very simple idea which is underneath it. The scheme is simply to keep an account with each department separately—that is, charge to each crop, to the dairy, the poultry or the hogs, the expenses properly belonging to it; then charge also to each crop a certain portion of the general expenses of the farm according to an estimate. The total will be the total cost of the crop, or the total cost of the dairy, or the total cost of raising a bunch of hogs, a flock of sheep or a flock of poultry. From this it will be easy to determine what the selling price must be to make a profit on a bushel of oats, a pound of butter or a dozen eggs.

If the cost of raising an acre of oats makes the oats cost more than it would to buy them at a store, the farmer will have some basis for locating the trouble and deciding whether it is wise for him to continue raising oats. He will have some basis on which to determine whether increased expenditure for better seed, more fertilization and more cultivation will be likely to pay in the increase of the crop.

If his cost sheet shows that the dairy is not making a profit, a real profit, his account with the individual cow (and I am supposing that the man who keeps any kind of an account will know whether or not each cow is paying a profit, should show where the trouble is and give him a hint of just what the trouble is. It should help him in determining whether the cow should be sent to the butcher or whether a different method of feeding might make her a profitable cow.

This system of accounting would take into consideration every item of expense upon the farm in determining whether any particular crop is profitable or not. It is a settled principle of cost finding that every operation of a business must bear a portion of the general expense as well as the direct actual expenses of that particular operation. For instance: The cost of raising a crop of potatoes includes not only the direct cost of plowing, cultivating, fertilizing, seed, spraying, harvesting and marketing, but also a certain proportion of the general expenses of the farm, which are: Interest on investment, taxes, insurance, depreciation, and salary of the farm manager or owner, and all the little expenses which are common to every kind of a business but which cannot be charged to any productive department.

The general expenses of a farm or of any other business should not be paid out of the profits. In fact, they cannot be paid out of the profits, because there are no profits until those expenses are paid. One of the serious faults with the efforts of many farmers to determine the cost of various farm operations is that they do not take these things into account. The farmers who have reckoned that they were able to raise potatoes at seventy-five cents a barrel, or twenty-five cents a bushel, have left out of their accounting some of these most essential features of cost without any doubt, so that if they are at any time selling their potatoes for anywhere near those prices they probably are not, as a matter of fact, coming out even.

I don't wish anybody to get the idea that any sort of accounting can be done without some work, and the better the accounting the more will be the work, but I do want to say that a good system of accounting which will give the farmer just the sort of information about his business that he most needs to enable him to know just where he is losing and just what he should do to get ahead in a certain direction, is not a work that need stagger any farmer who has intelligence enough to be a good farmer; and a good many farmers who are not now very good farmers have plenty of intelligence if it is only rightly directed. It is not necessary that a man shall be expert in figures to be able to keep an accurate and intelligent account of his farm operations. There are plenty of systems, but a good farmer can make one that will suit his own conditions and circumstances. There are of course some general principles to be followed, but it is not necessary to do things in any particular way.

CONNAUGHT WILL RETURN TO CANADA WITHOUT DUCHESS

London, April 14—The following bulletin was issued late last night from Clarence House:

"Her Royal Highness had a good day and is gaining strength."

It is stated that it will not be possible for the Duchess of Connaught to leave bed for about three weeks. As soon as she is sufficiently recovered she will leave town for a warmer climate.

It is definitely settled that Her Royal Highness will not accompany the duke on his return to Canada next month.

COL. ASTOR'S ESTATE VALUED AT $87,216,681

New York, April 14—The expert appraisers appointed by the executors under the will of Col. John Jacob Astor to determine the value of the real and personal property in the estate, for the purpose of the transfer tax, have completed their work. Their reports, coupled with the affidavits filed by the executors, show that the total value of the estate will be $87,216,681.

BATHURST WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Bathurst, April 12—Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Leger, Bathurst, were twenty-five years married on the 9th inst. On that evening a large number of friends took the happy couple by complete surprise. About 8 o'clock they reached Mr. Leger's residence, carrying valuable presents and a goodly supply of refreshments and took charge of the house. The Bathurst orchestra accompanied the party. Among those taking part were Mr. and Mrs. S. Melanson, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. S. Dachey, Dr. and Mrs. C. J. Veniot, Mr. and Mrs. T. Canty, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Melanson, Mr. and Mrs. F. Frenette, Mr. and Mrs. S. Haldengraber, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Landry, Mr. and Mrs. D. Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Leger, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Landry, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Doucet, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Veniot, Mrs. L. R. Doucet and Mrs. J. Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Petre, Mr. J. A. Lavolley, Mr. L. DesRoches.

After presentation of gifts, cards and dancing were indulged. The merry party broke up about 1 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Leger have the best wishes of their numerous friends for continued years of happiness and prosperity.

NORTON NOTES

Norton, N. B., April 14—Councillor D. O. Langhey is very ill at his home here.

Rev. Father Holland, of St. John, conducted the services in the Sacred Heart church yesterday.

Rev. Samuel Farley, of Pine Hill, Halifax, preached in the Presbyterian church here yesterday.

Rev. W. S. Hall, of Shropshire, England, who arrived in St. John on the steamer Empress of Britain Saturday, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church Sunday.

Misses Alice and Susie Byron, of St. John, spent Sunday at their home here.

Evangelistic meetings are being held every evening in the Reformed Baptist church by Evangelists Hartt and Brown of Boston (Mass.)

Mrs. John McManus, of St. John is spending a few days at the home of D. O. Langhey.

Howard Gallant, of St. John, is the guest of Mrs. James Byron.

C. Jones, of Salisbury, is relieving J. W. Gallagher, station agent here. Mr. Gallagher has been in poor health lately and his many friends hope the rest may prove beneficial to him.

VOL. LII.

POPE'S MU

Sat Up Yesterda
Signed Docum

Physicians C
About Ultima
Recovery

Report in Rome That
is Suffering From
Sclerosis—Patient
Spirits, but Loath to
Doctor's Orders.

Canadian Pres

Rome, April 17—Medical skill
vitality have combined to bri
more hopeful change in the c
Pope Pius.

The official bulletins issued
lieved present anxiety, but the
who are skeptical and who fe
relapse, owing to the general w
the pontiff, and because he is
disobey the orders of the atten
cians. The bulletin issued at 8
night was of a reassuring cha
said:

"His holiness passed a good d
fever. This evening his temper
degrees. The improvement in
chial symptoms continues."

Early today the pope declare
felt better than at any time sin
relapse. The sun pouring into
ber impelled him to leave his b
he did without assistance. On s
ions it is the pope's custom to
attendants out of the room, an
instantly obeyed him but wate
served through the half-open d

Pope Signed Documents.

Cardinal Merry Del Val, the p
tary of state, visited the pope
noon and having first obtained
from the doctors, submitted fo
ture several decrees on impor
tions of an urgent character.
signed them, and his handwriti
and clear and showed no chang
writing before his illness.

The deep concern of the Ital
ment in the illness of the pope
fested today when a request w
those in charge of the case f
ment regarding the prognosis.
met with the declaration that i
tically impossible to say wheth
tiff would recover, but if he di
tion hereafter might be cons
carious.

In spite of the official report
reports emanating from other s
the pope is suffering from arte
and a variety of other diseas
doctors emphatically deny this.

P.E. ISLAND W PERMIT AU ON HIGH

Premier Matheson In
Resolution Lifting
Partially.

Special to The Telegra

Charlottetown, April 17—Pre
leson moved a resolution in
Edward Island legislature to
is expedient to introduce an ac
the use of automobiles on cert
the public highways.

The premier made a strong
favor of the resolution. He
fully into the question, refer
changed feeling in regard to a
The new bill, he said, would p
stringent regulations and whe
he did not propose to have
operation until the people hav
tunity to consider it carefully
Hon. John Richards declar
would not support the resolut
the people in his district are
letting autos run.
Hon. John McLean, Hon. C
Hon. Wm. Stewart and Hon
McKinnon spoke in favor.

It is proposed to limit the
autos to three days a week.
from licenses are to go towa
keep of the roads.

FORMER BASEBALL STAR KILLED B BLOW FROM

Keeokuk, Iowa, April 17—Je
ton, once catcher for the
"Reds," and also for the Lou
died today from the effects o
leged to have ben dealt by T
a negro, on April 1. The n
self-defence. He is under arre