

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1904.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, March 2.—(Special)—An unoccupied tenement in Regent street, known as the Blue Shanty, was totally destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock this morning. Repeated attempts have been made to ignite this place.

The fire was discovered by Judge Barker, of St. John, who was returning from a whist party at the time, and sent in the alarm. The building was insured for \$200. Fredericton, N. B., March 1.—The Roman Catholic church of St. Anne, at French Village, was totally destroyed by fire this morning. Father Le Blanc was in the city at the time of the conflagration and knew nothing of it until his arrival at home.

A gallant fight was made by the parishioners to save their place of worship, but it was only after a hard struggle that the furniture and fittings were saved. The origin of the fire is unknown; but the loss is placed at about \$2,500, with \$1,000 insurance.

The little church was built about twenty years ago, and contained a historic bell, presented to the Catholics by the king of France, before the conquest of Canada by the English.

It also contained a misal of more than 200 years old. The interior was thoroughly remodelled last summer, among the improvements being new stained glass windows, a new altar and new pews.

At an adjourned sitting of the divorce court this morning, the case of St. George, his honor said he had received a letter from the proctor for the plaintiff, informing him that the parties were again living together, and requesting him not to deliver judgment in the case. His honor was of opinion that the plaintiff should have petitioned the court for the dismissal of the suit. This not having been done he would file the letter on record and allow the case to remain in statu quo.

The amount deposited in the Government Savings Bank here, for the month of February, 1903, the imports amounted to \$31,600, and the duties paid, \$4,909.79. For February, 1903, the imports amounted to \$31,600, and the duties paid, \$4,909.79.

There were eight deaths here during February. The following lots of vacant crown land were sold today: Five acres on the west side of North Lake at Thoroughfare, in York county, to John Watson, of Houlton (Me.), at the upset price of \$1 per acre; one-half acre, Pine Island, near southwesterly end of Northwest Ormotto Lake, to John D. Davis, the applicant, at the upset price of \$1.

James L. Clayton, proprietor of the Phoenix Square hotel, filed his nomination papers for alderman for St. Ann's ward this afternoon.

The provincial government is calling for tenders for the steel superstructure of Harsham's bridge, in the parish of Shediac; Norton Station bridge, in Kings county; and Hall's Creek bridge, at Moncton.

Owing to the serious illness of R. O. Macredie, a telegram was sent yesterday to his son, John, who holds a position with the C. P. R. in Toronto, to come to his father's bedside.

At a meeting of the council of the board of trade yesterday, Dr. D. R. Moore, of Stanley, was heard in respect to an application he intends to make to the provincial government for a subsidy for the extension of the York & Carleton railway, five miles up the Mashway river above the present terminus at Stanley village. A resolution was adopted by which the board agreed to give Doctor Moore their hearty support for a subsidy for the extension of his road, and the members of the council were appointed a committee to wait upon the government with Doctor Moore, when he presented his petition.

Judge Barker held the specific performance of the York equity court this morning. The following common motions were made: Oliver M. Harrt vs. Willard Kitchen, administrator of the estate of Wesley Vanwart, deceased, et al.—A. J. Gregory, K. C., moves to confirm report of administrator under decree, ordered according to terms of the will.

was organized this evening. The following were elected directors: F. Carleton Allen, Wm. P. Chestnut, F. B. Edgcombe, P. S. Thomas, A. B. Kitchen, E. B. Winslow and A. J. Gregory. The directors were authorized to make arrangements for installation of plants, without delay.

At a subsequent meeting of directors C. P. Allen was elected president, Wm. P. Chestnut vice-president, and W. B. Winslow secretary-treasurer.

The annual meeting of the New Brunswick Guide Association was held this evening. The election of officers was as follows: L. P. Knight, honorary president; Arthur Pringle (Stanley), president; W. H. Allen, vice-president; R. P. Allen, secretary-treasurer; Adam Moore, Thomas Pringle, F. H. Reid, committee of membership; A. C. Jewett, committee of membership; Geo. Armstrong, Chas. Cummins, executive committee.

The past landing season has been a very successful one. Big game is on the increase. The association's membership fee has been reduced from \$5 to \$2. A resolution was passed denying the published statement that members had violated the game laws. The association is satisfied with the present game laws, and do not wish any change.

H. C. Jewett, the Regent street merchant, is being strongly urged to accept an aldermanic nomination for Queen's ward, and will probably consent to enter the field.

James L. Clayton, hotel keeper of Phoenix Square, filed his papers as a candidate for St. Ann's ward with the city clerk yesterday.

Miss Lizzie Kiestead, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kiestead, of Nashwaak, for the past six months, returned this evening to Philadelphia, where she has been engaged in nursing. Dame Rumor says that Miss Kiestead will be one of the parties in a very happy event, which one of Philadelphia's leading physicians is also very much interested.

It is reported upon the street today that Recorder Colter is not unlikely to be a candidate for representation as one of the aldermen for Queen's ward at the contest next Monday. If an influential request is presented to Mr. Colter it is probable that he will accept the nomination.

A special signalling system will commence shortly at No. 4 Regimental Depot, Capt. Lister and Color Sergeant Kelly, of the First Battalion, Inskellin Fusiliers, will act as instructor, having arrived here yesterday.

A gentleman from Harvey, who was in the city recently, reports that a number of big game animals have been illegally slaughtered in that section during the winter. The great majority of these makes it comparatively easy for poachers and pot hunters to get in their work, and thus far, according to authentic reports, they have succeeded in destroying ten cow moose and about twenty deer. Similar reports are coming in from other sections of the county, and it would seem that the time has arrived when the game wardens should wake up.

Hearing in the Edgcombe arbitration cases was begun this morning. William J. Edgcombe is suing Alfred G. Edgcombe to recover the amount of a promissory note for one thousand dollars, and Fred B. Edgcombe to recover the amount of two notes for one thousand each, one of which he holds as administrator of the estate of John Edgcombe, deceased, and the other of which was transferred to him by Norman A. Edgcombe. All three notes were given by defendant to settle amongst individual members of the late firm of John Edgcombe & Sons, as overdrafts for which he was liable. The defendant claims the notes were given on the understanding that the business of the firm was to be thrown into a joint stock company and that the notes were to be adjusted on allotment of stock amongst the partners and that this not having been done he is not liable. R. W. McElellan for plaintiff; J. D. Phinney for defendant.

NEWTON. Newton, Kings county, March 1.—The young people of the Methodist church, Sunday school and giving an entertainment in the church here on Wednesday, March 2. Besides the musical part of the programme medals will be delivered on Japan and Russia.

Lee Sharp is confined to the house by an attack of tonsillitis. Bert Geline, of Aphonqui, visited his father, John Geline, here last Saturday and Sunday. Miss Ada Costor, who is teaching school at Penobscot, spent Sunday here.

BRISTOL. Bristol, N. B., Feb. 28.—Harry Lipsitt, of Aphonqui, is visiting friends in the village yesterday. Allan Tompkins, of Bridgewater (Me.), is spending a few days with his brother, W. B. Tompkins. Inspector F. B. Meagher has been calling on the village schools, and found them in good condition. E. W. Bell has decided to rebuild his mill on the old site near the Big Shikichaw bridge, and will put in a rotary saw and single machine. The new steam saw mill at Gordonsville was started on Monday. Robert Atkinson arrived home from Chicago on Friday, accompanied by his bride, who was formerly Miss Stella Donald, of Chicago. They will reside in Bristol. William Rogers has gone on a visit to Boston. Miss Eva Banks, of North Brookfield (Mass.), has been visiting friends in the village. Mrs. D. E. Long spent last week with friends at Charlottetown. Rev. D. E. Brooks went to Perth on Saturday. On Monday night a number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Merritt gathered at their residence and by way of

a surprise helped them celebrate the tenth anniversary of their wedding. A very pleasant evening was spent, and the visitors presented Mr. and Mrs. Merritt with a number of useful presents. Miss Lydia Simpson entertained a number of her young friends on Monday evening. Games and other amusements made a very pleasant time. Rev. Mr. Goggin is holding special meetings in the Free Baptist church at Gordonville with good results.

SUSSEX. Sussex, N. B., March 2.—O. P. King, M. P., left here this afternoon by C. P. R. for Fredericton to attend to his legislative duties. Miss Edna McLeod started today for Souris, Manitoba. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. McCready left this afternoon for Vancouver (B. C.).

RIVERSIDE. Riverside, Albert Co., Feb. 29.—John Roberts, who lives on Mary's Point, had the misfortune to have two barns burned on Tuesday evening. The fire originated through the placing of ashes in a barrel in one of the barns. The house and cowshed were not affected, but the hay and about ten cords of dry wood were consumed. This is a sad occurrence, as the people are an aged couple and live alone with the exception of a young man who has been staying with them for the winter.

E. Coleman Starrett was operated on at his home Saturday for his tonsils by Doctor Carnwath and Lewis, of Hillsboro. Capt. A. O. Copp, who has been to sea for the past two years, returned to his home at Riverside today. The sum of \$40 was returned to a basket social held in the Germantown Baptist church on Saturday evening. Proceeds for the Germantown church. A civil cause tried by jury occupied Justice Fullerton's court at Albert on Saturday and Monday last. Mrs. Augusta Lyon was the plaintiff and Joseph Brewster, of Harvey, defendant. Plaintiff sues for the price of a baby carriage, alleged to have been sold and delivered to defendant about six years ago. The further hearing of the matter is adjourned until Nov. 15 to allow time for defendant to get a new carriage. The plaintiff's counsel appears for the plaintiff and E. E. Peck for defendant.

Sheaf Lumber on Wednesday sold at public auction and the interest in personal property of McAdams Bros., granite workers, both at Albert and Hillsboro. David Brown, of Hillsboro, was the purchaser and McAdams Bros. will resume business under Mr. Oliver.

A. C. M. Lawson, grand secretary of the I. O. G. T., visited friends here this week and today delivered a vigorous gospel temperance address in the Baptist church. At the close of the service the pastor, Rev. Dr. Brown, presented a letter of introduction, which was signed by a large number of those present. It is the pastor's intention to give more active attention to temperance writers and large attendance service once in each quarter. Mr. Lawson also spoke at the Methodist service this evening.

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CHATHAM. Chatham, March 2.—A very successful social under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor Society of St. John's church was held Monday evening. The programme included musical and literary programmes, refreshments and a social. The attendance was about 113. Stiles is very ill with pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Aurora Colpitt, Dr. Caraway, of Riverside, is attending to her. R. P. Steves, of Sussex, inspector of schools, came to Harvey yesterday to attend the funeral of his sister, the late Mrs. J. M. Steves. Mrs. George Wallace, of Lower Cape, is quite sick. Dr. T. Lewis, of Hillsboro, is attending her.

WASHADEMOAK. Washademoak, Feb. 29.—Hannah, widow of the late Peter Fisher, the oldest lady of this place, died on Sunday at the residence of David Fisher, of Long Creek. She leaves three sons and an daughter and a host of relatives and friends to mourn their sad loss.

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loss. Internet was made in the Baptist cemetery at Cole's Island. Richard Heberington, another aged resident of this place, died Tuesday, March, aged 72 years. Miss May B. Scott, music teacher of Gordonville, has a large class of pupils at Cole's Island. John E. Cole left Friday morning on the Central express for St. John and other places. Mrs. Lee Alcock, who has been ill for some time, is no better. Dr. Earle is attending to her. Mrs. Jim Naves, of St. John, has been ill for some time at the home of her parents, in New York to take command of George Gamble, of Paradise, as clerk. Miss Lila Hughes of Young's Cove road, has returned home from St. John. She is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harold McCann, of Souris. Miss Bessie Parker, who has been seriously ill with sore throat, has recovered under the skillful treatment of Dr. Earle. The school at Cole's Island is making rapid progress under the skillful management of Miss Nona Heberington, who is stopping at the home of his father-in-law, David Hughes. Miss Nona Heberington has been visiting relatives at Cady's. She expects to take a trip west in the near future. Charles Parker, of Kelly's Brook, has left for his home in Providence (R. I.). The school at Cole's Island is making rapid progress under the skillful management of Miss Nona Heberington, who is stopping at the home of his father-in-law, David Hughes. Miss Nona Heberington has been visiting relatives at Cady's. She expects to take a trip west in the near future. Charles Parker, of Kelly's Brook, has left for his home in Providence (R. I.). The school at Cole's Island is making rapid progress under the skillful management of Miss Nona Heberington, who is stopping at the home of his father-in-law, David Hughes. Miss Nona Heberington has been visiting relatives at Cady's. She expects to take a trip west in the near future. Charles Parker, of Kelly's Brook, has left for his home in Providence (R. I.).

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PELVIC CATARRH. FEMALE WEAKNESS IS USUALLY PELVIC CATARRH. Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.



WOMEN WHO SUFFER Listen to What Dr. Hartman Proposes to Do for You Without Surgery. Doubtless hundreds of thousands of women suffer from pelvic catarrh, and many of them are suffering from it who do not know it. Dr. Hartman's offer in the paper how he has undertaken to treat every woman suffering with any form of female disease who will write to him, free of charge. To those who have not heard of the Dr. Hartman's offer, it is a physician and surgeon of great repute in medical circles, especially in the treatment of pelvic catarrh. He has arranged to answer all letters that are sent to him from women who are suffering from pelvic catarrh, and to send them a copy of his book, "The Treatment of Pelvic Catarrh," which has cost him forty years of accumulated knowledge. The medicine he prescribes are within the reach of any woman, and she can get them at any drug store. All she is required to do is to send her name and address, together with her symptoms, duration of sickness and age. Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

ANNAPOLIS. Annapolis, March 2.—Rev. E. LeRoy Dakin, pastor of the Baptist church of this place for over two years, who has accepted of the pastorate of Emanuel Baptist church of Virginia, British Columbia, delivered his farewell discourse before a large congregation on Sunday evening. He was accompanied by his wife and two children. He will leave for his new pastorate, and carries away with him the best wishes of all who were present. Rev. J. S. Coffin of the Methodist church has a severe cold for several weeks, which has confined him to his home. G. S. Bishop, chief of police here, on Saturday received a telegram announcing the death of his brother, Edward, of pneumonia in Lynn (Mass.). Mr. Bishop left the town express to attend the funeral. John Whitman, one of the newly elected town councillors, is attending the last meeting at the council hall, and has tendered his resignation as councillor. John M. Sawyer, of Delaware, who had his foot frozen while returning to his home from Bridgetown, and crystals setting in, arrived here on Friday night passed away.

YARMOUTH. Yarmouth, N. S., March 2.—(Special)—Three boys were arrested today for breaking into and robbing Crosby & Darke's meat market last Sunday morning. The boys contrived to open one of the patent locking case drawers and secured \$12.50. The chief and Sergeant Palmer made the arrest and they will be brought up on Saturday for examination. Steward Foster, of the lightship Lurline, was today sentenced to twelve months' hard labor in the county jail for the theft of a ham on board the Lurline.

TRURO. Truro, March 1.—The firm of Blanchard & Bentley has dissolved and a complete division is to be made. The principal business of this firm has been carried on in the city of Truro, but some years ago a branch store was opened up, on Kings street, at the other end of the town. The arrangement which has been made by the members of the company is to the effect that Mr. Blanchard takes the Truro store and Mr. Bentley takes the city store. The division of stock is now being made.

Deranged Nerves and Weak Spells. Mr. R. H. Sampson, Sydney, N.S., Advice to all Sufferers from Nerve Trouble is "GET A BOX OF MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS."

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WHALING LATEST INDUSTRY. (Continued from page 1.) Northwest. The standing by provinces is as follows: Liberals. Conservatives. Ontario 13 11 Quebec 6 4 New Brunswick 7 3 P. E. Island 2 2 Manitoba 2 2 British Columbia 1 2 Northwest Territories 0 2 Total 36 N. W. T. to be appointed under recent legislation. Total 47 to 38. The militia department is asking for the post office address of W. C. Slinch, late first Devonshire Regiment, and Mr. P. Morgan, late corporal Canadian Scout.

Trains Blocked in New York State. New York, March 1.—Owing to the heavy snow drifts near Utica, hardly a single train arrived on time today over the night mail railroad. At 8:30 tonight none of the morning trains had arrived, some of them being reported to be more than 14 hours behind time. At 8:30 a. m. was reported to be stalled at Fulton Chain.

Do You Tire Easily? IF YOU LACK STRENGTH, ENERGY AND FORCE IT'S BECAUSE YOUR BLOOD IS THIN AND WATERY. The Best Tonic is Ferreroze—Read of the Marvel it Formed for Three Sisters in Lawrence town—It Can Do the Same for You.

Speaking for herself and sister, Miss Dorothea Bordman writes: "I am anxious to make known to you the benefit that I and my sister derived from Ferreroze. A short time ago I was tired out and depressed, and felt as if some severe illness were hanging over me. I was so nervous that I had to get up every night and walk. Nothing that my Canadian doctor could give me helped. I was built up by Ferreroze. I am now a healthy, energetic woman, and my sister is also well. I can only say that you should try Ferreroze. It is a food tonic every woman should use. Refuse a substitute and see that you get the genuine Ferreroze. Price 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50. at all Druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kings-

South Africa in Bad Financial Shape. Johannesburg, March 1.—Lord Milner, British high commissioner in South Africa, in delivering the presidential address before the intercolonial council for the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, revealed the grave financial condition of the colonies. He said a debt amounting to \$3,000,000 was due to the shrinkage in rail-road receipts, and the general paralysis of industry, while almost all of the \$150,000,000 loan had already been expended on railroads, the restoration of the Boers, and the development of the country. The resources of the country now were patience

THE PAGE WIRE FENCE CO. LIMITED. Montreal, Que. St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Man. It is the fence that has stood the test of time—strongest and best—standard of the world over. Order through your local agent or direct from us.

THE MILBURN CO., Limited. Price 50c. per box, or 3 for \$1.25, all dealers, or direct from us. Mr. R. H. Sampson, Sydney, N.S., Advice to all Sufferers from Nerve Trouble is "GET A BOX OF MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS."

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Published every Wednesday and Saturday
in this year, by the Telegraph
Publishing Company, St. John, a company
incorporated by act of the legislature of New
Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Ordinary commercial advertisements taking
the run of the paper each insertion, \$1.00
per inch.
Advertisements of Wants, For Sale, etc.,
50 cents for insertion of six lines or less.
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 25
cents for each line.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
All remittances should be sent by post-
office order or registered letter, and addressed
to The Telegraph Publishing Company,
Editor of The Telegraph, St. John.
All subscriptions should, without excep-
tion, be paid for in advance.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS.
The following agents are authorized to canvass
and collect for The Semi-Weekly Tele-
graph, viz:—
Wm. Somerville,
W. A. Ferris.

Subscribers are asked to pay their sub-
scriptions to the agents who they call.
Semi-Weekly Telegraph
ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH 5, 1904.

ROCKWOOD PARK.
The decision of the Horticultural Associa-
tion to permit the sale of refreshments,
under proper restrictions, on Sunday after-
noons in Rockwood Park, will meet the
approval of the great majority of the citi-
zens. Those who oppose such a measure have
the right to their opinions, and to those
who take the view that such a proceeding
is a violation of the law of God it is wholly
unnecessary to attempt to present any other
view of the case. Most persons, however,
realizing that this is not a purely commer-
cial transaction, but an attempt to meet a
real want, will probably agree that no
divine or human law is violated, and no
soul stands in jeopardy on that score.

The directors have expressly stipulated
that proper restrictions will be enforced,
and they reserve the right to close the tea
house if the regulations are not observed.
The gentlemen concerned are leading citi-
zens, whose reputation is a sure guarantee
that they will carry out what they under-
take.
There has been much complaint in sum-
mer that persons visiting the park on Sun-
day afternoons, after a dusty walk, could
not procure a glass of milk or soda water
to quench their thirst. Mothers with
children could not get a little milk or
fruit, or refreshments of any sort. It is
difficult for most people to believe that a
forbearing Providence looks down upon the
joy of a child whose mother takes him to
the park on Sunday afternoon, and buys
him a glass of milk or some fruit or cakes.
The only danger of course lies in the
shape of a privilege, but in this case there
does not appear to be the slightest cause
for apprehension.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.
The Paris correspondent of the London
Leader is of opinion that France has for
some time been growing tired of the
alliance with Russia, and that recent events
have made it very unlikely that the former
country will intervene in the far east.
Chief of those was the recent panic on the
Paris Bourse. The Leader thus states the
case:—
"Frenchmen have a too lively recollection
of the loss of Tonkin to have any inclination
to take an aggressive part in the Far East
crisis, even if the opportunity did occur.
But it is not Tonkin reminiscences which
make a French intervention an impos-
sibility. The day after the battle of Port
Arthur the Bourse transactions told
an eloquent story, which appealed with
speaking force to the sensitive pockets of
the ever-worried Frenchman. Russian gov-
ernment securities fell on an average from
four to six points. Now as a matter of
fact there is involved in Russian govern-
ment securities and private enterprises
French capital amounting to the gigantic
sum of \$200,000,000 (two hundred million
dollars). Within the space of a few hours
that Monday the French investor had lost
\$25,000,000 (twenty-five million pounds).
That was quite enough to cool his per-
manent ardor. Nor has he forgotten that
the only asset he has so far derived from
the Russian alliance is the interest on the
millionaire loan for the completion of the
Trans-Siberian railway. Thirdly, there
is the fact that one of the main reasons
why Mr. Delcasse entered so warmly in the
Anglo-French entente last spring was to
reduce the risk of a collision between
France and Great Britain's ally. And
again, the same statesman would not
exchange his own position with that of
Rambouillet in the summer to avoid all
one's a rupture with Japan. We all
of us are more highly the friends who
take our advice.
The newspapers have waged indignantly
because Japan began to show before Rus-
sia was ready. But most Frenchmen are
convinced that Russia always meant to
fight, and they certainly are not inclined
to count any too loudly "Vive la Russie."
The League asks that a special commis-
sion be appointed to learn the conditions
in the rural districts, and how many state
tenants could be provided for in each. The
state would purchase land, and resell to
desirable tenants. The necessary sums for
the purchase of land for these purposes
would be advanced by the treasury to the
rural councils; and the tenant would re-
pay such money by annual instalments
extending over 60 or 70 years. And, since
the state tenant or his descendants would
have to pay these instalments, the lease
should be a long one, say 120 years is sug-
gested.
Statistics have been worked out by the
League which show that during the agri-
cultural population back as the level of
1871, 318,270 persons would have to be al-
lowed for, or say, 62,700 households of
five persons each. The total money ad-

vanced by the treasury would have to be
\$15,700,000 or nearly all of which
would eventually be paid back. Finally,
it is proposed that, until the tenant has
redeemed his holding, the rural council,
on behalf of the treasury, should be the
owners.
If these enterprising correspondents of
American papers continue as they have be-
gun, the Japs will be the terror of the
world. It is not stated whether the organ
of the Japanese government were trained
in Wall street, but they must have seen
a skywriter at some time in their lives.

INTERNATIONAL HIGHWAYMAN.
The New York Commercial courteously
observes that Great Britain is a "land
grabber" and "the greatest international
highwayman and footpad of his age." We
quote:—
"A point wherein Japan's exceedingly
large navy is trying to defend resistance to
Russian encroachment in China is that at
this moment she is in open alliance with
a power, in comparison with whose ex-
ploits in the way of land-grabbing those
of Russia are as 'water unto wine.' There
is not a quarter on the globe, China in-
cluded, in which Great Britain has not
seized territory to which she had not a
messed of moral or valid claim, and al-
though it was barely yesterday that she
appropriated the Hawaiian by sheer force
of arms, this ally of Japan has the ef-
frontery now to set herself up as a de-
fender of the 'integrity of China.'"
It is largely an account of Great Brit-
ain's notorious record as a land-grabber
that there is a considerable undercurrent
of popular sympathy in the United States
with Russia in the present struggle in the
Far East. Nations as well as individuals
are "known by the company they keep"
and Japan can hardly be surprised if many
people in this republic should doubt her
good faith in the present hard-and-fast
partnership with the greatest international
highwayman and footpad of his age. It is
a little saying that "it takes a thief to
catch a thief," but no honest man deli-
cately joins hands with a notorious crook
to accomplish his ends.
The Commercial appears to be afraid
that somebody will sympathize more
with Japan than with Russia, and
declares that the aim of the former
country is to grab Manchuria as
did Formosa, and in that respect is
no better than Russia. The latter, on the
other hand, is represented as a civilized
power in Manchuria, and the ally of a
republic—France—and therefore not an en-
emy of popular institutions.

With reference to the attack on Great
Britain, the New York writer neglects to
inform his readers that where Great Brit-
ain has secured new territory freedom
has flourished, and that her victories have
made for the world's betterment. The
reference to South Africa does not state
that it was not Britain but the Boers who
were declared unjust. No nation has always
been in the right, and all nations have com-
mitted blunders, but the British empire
of today, with its enormous area, its
free institutions, its unity under one ruler,
its contributions to the cause of human
enlightenment and progress, its protection
of the rights of the meekest of its sub-
jects when threatened by a hostile power,
its splendid ideals and its regard for hu-
man rights, commands at once the respect
and admiration of all whose minds are not
poisoned by prejudice or filled with envy.
But what of the United States—the land
of the free? Did someone whisper "Pan-
ama" or "Cuba"? Or "the Philippines"?
Or "Mexico"? Or "Alaska"?
Since the days of the Revolution, have
not the American people been grabbing
territory and extending their boundaries—
and are they not still pursuing an imperi-
alist policy? Every Canadian knows quite
well that his country would long since
have been "grabbed" but for the power
of Great Britain.
Whatever, therefore, the United States
condemns in Great Britain, the condemna-
tion is equally applicable to home. And
both countries have more in common with
the spirit of Japan than that of Russia.
And, despite the New York Commercial,
this is undoubtedly the feeling of the ma-
jority of the American people.

AN INVESTING PROPOSITION.
An organization called the Progressive
Municipalities League has worked out a
plan which it puts forward as a solution
of the problem of getting the agricultural
population of England back to the land.
The necessity for some plan of this nature
is shown in the following statement made
by an English paper:—
"In 40 years our agricultural population
has sunk to about one-half of what it was
—from 1,833,000 in 1861 to 988,000 in 1901;
and there is a belief that the numbers are
still decreasing. Another way of putting
the figure is still more alarming. In 1861
those engaged in agriculture formed nine
out of every hundred of the people; in
1901 they were only three per hundred."
The movement citywards is ascribed: (1)
to the desire for better wages and housing;
(2) to the uncertain tenure of the land; (3)
to the dulness of country life.
The League asks that a special commis-
sion be appointed to learn the conditions
in the rural districts, and how many state
tenants could be provided for in each. The
state would purchase land, and resell to
desirable tenants. The necessary sums for
the purchase of land for these purposes
would be advanced by the treasury to the
rural councils; and the tenant would re-
pay such money by annual instalments
extending over 60 or 70 years. And, since
the state tenant or his descendants would
have to pay these instalments, the lease
should be a long one, say 120 years is sug-
gested.
Statistics have been worked out by the
League which show that during the agri-
cultural population back as the level of
1871, 318,270 persons would have to be al-
lowed for, or say, 62,700 households of
five persons each. The total money ad-

SMITH TO THE RESCUE.
The war may soon be ended. That is
the opinion of a hard-headed, practical
man of business, with exceptional attain-
ments of forming a seasoned judgment.
Of course he is an American. He is
Mr. W. E. Smith, Consul-General of the
United States in St. Petersburg, and is
present in London. The New York
Herald correspondent got hold of Mr.
Smith at a time when he had a new
stock of "seasoned judgments" ready for
distribution. Russia, said Mr. Smith, had
been surprised into this war. She was not
ready. Being in it, she must do something
"Russia cannot but go on fighting now,
but once she gains a victory on land or
prestige admits of her listening to
proposals for peace, then," said Mr.
Smith, "let the United States step in and
purport its good offices."
For, goes on Mr. Smith, the United
States can do in this matter what no
other government can, and also benefit
herself and the world at large.
What an opportunity is here. President
Roosevelt must not lose sight of it for a
moment. The very instant when Smith
says pompously may be indigestible with
safety and profit, an ambassador must hit
the spike for St. Petersburg with the
goods.
Just now, greatly to the grief and loss
of the world, Russia is not as tractable
as she should be. She has not looked
to Washington. But Japan has paid a
bill, imitated Hobson's famous feat at
Santiago, borrowed American ideas, and
proved herself quite an apt pupil. Russia,
which will sooner or later perceive her
mistake, and Mr. Smith will do the rest.
Smith's Where have we heard that
name before?

THE CITY COUNCIL.
The present indications are that there
will not be any formidable opposition to
the present council in the coming civic
elections. The only opposition that would
be effective would be a ticket composed
of leading men, with a definite policy.
Scattering opposition here and there might
cause some changes in the personnel of
the council, but would not materially
change its complexion or make it a more
capable body of administrators. It must
be said of the city that however much
complaint may be made about the acts
of the council, or whatever charges of in-
capacity may be made, the element of
graft, which figures in larger cities, is not
in evidence here. The aldermen devote a
great deal of time to their duties. Perhaps
they talk too much, and are not sufficient-
ly business-like in their methods, but to
make a radical change would require a
new board composed of our best business
men. That will apparently not be accom-
plished this year, and therefore there is
not likely to be much public interest in
such scattered opposition as may develop.
The announcement that there will be
labor candidates in the field of course in-
troduces a new element in the case. The
labor unions have a perfect right to nomi-
nate candidates, but the fact that they
are labor candidates will not affect the
general result. The electors will not be
likely to ask whether Mr. Smith or Mr.
Jones represents a certain interest, but
whether he will make a better alderman
than those whom he opposes. The best
possible aldermen are what the citizens
want, whether they come from a labor
union, a business firm, a manufacturing
establishment or one of the professions.

THE IMPERIAL IDEAL.
In a speech in the British House of
Commons recently, Colonel Secretary
Lyttleton, his friends not to com-
promise themselves against a colonial pro-
ference. He quoted the following writ-
ing fifty or sixty years ago by Thomas Carlyle:
"Our little Isle is grown too narrow for
us, but the world is wide enough yet. For
another six thousand years England's sure
markets will be among new colonies of
Englishmen in all quarters of the globe.
The mother country can say, looking on
her Colonies, 'Here are lands and seas,
spice lands, corn lands, timber lands, over-
arched by zodiacs and stars, clasped by
many sounding seas; wide spaces of the
Maker's building fit for the crafts and
the sentiment as ever entered St. Peter's,
and herosim.'"
Commenting on this the Hon. Mr.
Lyttleton said:
"The tendency is, if I may say so, on the
part of some speakers, to shut the door
on this splendid ideal. My predecessor,
Mr. Chamberlain, has done much to open
between us and the Colonies, and since
I have been in my present office I have
done everything I possibly could to foster
the sentiment and to obtain greater co-
operation in Imperial counsel; and, in-
asmuch as we have got so much closer co-
nection with the Colonies by these means,
I do not regret it if you say that in the
great sphere of commerce alone a
closer link and a material tie is to be
wholly excluded."
The government, he it remembered, is
in no way committed to Mr. Chamber-
lain's views, but his successor in office
is evidently not far removed from a
heavy sympathy with them. Indeed the
London Canadian Gazette says:
"Many ministers—Mr. Balfour himself,
Lord Lansdowne, Mr. Lyttleton, Mr.
Wyndham, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Lord
Selborne, Mr. Bonar Law, and so on—
are understood to be also most symp-
thetic towards Mr. Chamberlain's pre-
ferred policy of the Colonies. When asked
to explain the retention policy of the
ministry, Mr. Wyndham, as good as
said that it was necessary that we should
be helpless in the event of a repetition of
the state of things threatened against
Canada at the hands of Germany. The
power of retaliation would prevent such
menaces in future. It was not a part of
the government policy to put on taxation for
the mere purpose of fostering home in-
dustries; nor did their policy include prefer-
ential trade with our Colonies, involving
the taxation of food or raw material. Mr.
Chamberlain left the ministry in order
to educate public opinion on these mat-
ters, and they stand outside the im-
mediate policy of the ministry. At the same
time Mr. Wyndham deprecated strongly
the use of language which might be held
responsible to the Colonies to mean that we
were sensible to the enormous value of the
sentiment that underlay the idea of Colo-
nial preference. Replying to those who
desired to know what would be done if
any Colony were to "dump" down goods
in England, he stated that recourse would
be had to taxation for the Colonies could
not be treated like foreign competitors.
A distinction would be made between
blood relations and keen business rivals.
"This is all excellent and very much to the
point."

JAPAN AND COREA.
The treaty between Japan and Korea
shall place full confidence in the govern-
ment of Japan, and adopt the advice of
the latter regarding the improvement of
the administration. Japan "ensures the
safety and repose of the imperial house
of Korea," and "guarantees the independ-
ence and territorial integrity of the Korean
empire." If either is endangered, by the
aggression of a third power or internal dis-
turbance "the government of Japan shall
immediately take all necessary measures,
such as the circumstances require, and in
full facilities to promote the action of
the Japanese government." In such case
Japan may occupy strategic points in
Korea. Both agree that no arrangement
contrary to the principles laid down shall
be made by either with a third power
without consent of the other.
The conclusion of this treaty is a tribute
to the shrewdness of the statesmen of
Japan. They secured the sympathy of the
Koreans, and since they guarantee the in-
tegrity of that empire there is little ground
for complaint on the part of other nations.
It is therefore to be regarded as an ad-
mirable stroke of policy.

UTTERLY CONDEMNED.
The most falling condemnation of the
most Grand Trunk Pacific contract
that has yet been published is the editorial
from the Toronto Telegram, an in-
dependent newspaper, which appears on
the first page of this issue. In terse lan-
guage it sets forth the real nature of the
great gut enterprise, to which the govern-
ment with mad recklessness seems de-
termined to commit the country. It lays
bare the folly of the scheme, and un-
dresses the modifications in the con-
tract were abandoned. This paper said:
"The modifications of the Grand Trunk
Pacific contract, which are given to the
public today, are of such a nature as to

raise the question why, if the government
is determined to have such a railway, it
does not go ahead and build one."
As a matter of fact, and as the Tele-
gram shows, the government does propose
to build it, not of it, but not for the
country. A private corporation is to get
the benefit.
Surely parliament will not endorse this
outrageous proposition. Why should the
country spend millions upon millions on
such a scheme, when more urgent trans-
portation problems are pressing for solu-
tion?
It may be expected that the contract-
ors, the men who have something to sell,
the dispensers and recipients of patron-
age, the grafters, the people who never
see how money is spent so long as it is
spent and they get a share of it, will
approve of this or any scheme which brings
grist to their mill; but the steady-going
citizens who like to count the cost and
measure the benefits, and make compar-
isons, and have that duty first performed
which is most needed, will surely not lend
their encouragement to a project so
considered, so unbusiness-like, and so ut-
terly indefensible on any ground of public
need or policy.

THE SALVATION ARMY.
The work done by the Salvation Army
in St. John has commended the organiza-
tion to the sympathy of the people. The
good that is done in the Rescue Home is
not easily measured by common standards,
and in all that it does the Army seeks to
benefit the community. It is the better
able to do this because it pursues good
business methods, and is eminently prac-
tical.
The announcement, therefore, that the
Army has secured the building at present
under the Spence's Mission, and in-
tends to utilize it for Army work, with
special reference to providing cheap and
clean accommodation for the homeless
wanderers of the town, will be
learned with pleasure by the citizens.
The Army does not seek to compete
with others, but rather to operate in
unoccupied territory, and its work is there-
fore supplementary rather than competi-
tive. The need of a shelter for cottagers
and others has been so keenly felt during
the last year or two that this winter it
was brought to the attention of the city
council. The Army has now come to the
rescue, and deserves support in the enter-
prise.

THIRTY FOOT SNOWDRIFTS IN MICHIGAN.
Marquette, Mich., March 3.—The rail-
road service in Marquette is demoralized
on account of the storm which began yester-
day and continued today. Snow drifts 20
and 30 feet high are raised along some
railroads. The storm covers the entire up-
per peninsula of Michigan.
That Young Man is Doomed.
Anxious Mother.—What are the intentions
of that young man who calls on you three
times a week?
Pensive Daughter.—It doesn't matter in
the least. That is his job, and I know
what his intentions are, all right.—Chicago
News.

NOTE AND COMMENT.
It will now be in order to prepare for
wet feet.
What effect will the present and pros-
pect condition of education in the

cial world have on the Grand Trunk Pacific
scheme?
Anxiety is in Corea. Long Tung is send-
ing news from St. Petersburg.
Surely this has been the winter of our
discontent—with the water service.
The British government continues to
prepare for eventualities in the far east.
A good deal of interest will now centre
in the doings of the legislators at Freder-
icton.
Dealers in rubber clothing are taking a
new interest in life. Things are coming
their way.
Sir William Vernon Harcourt, M. P.,
will not offer himself as a candidate at the
next election, owing to advancing age. He
is 77 years old.
The Toronto Stock Exchange dealt in
12,519 shares of stock during Febru-
ary, as against 45,091 in February, 1903,
and 98,836 in February, 1902.

THE TORONTO NEWS.
The Toronto News contends that the
intercolonial should be extended to
Georgian Bay and put under control of a
commission apart from political influences.
In that way it would get a large share of
the traffic from the west to the seaboard.
The evidence relating to Mormonism
which was brought out at the hearing in
Washington yesterday will have a special
interest to Canadians, inasmuch as there
are Mormons in the northwest, and more
coming. If we mistake not, there are also
some believers in the faith, though not
actual polygamists, in the maritime prov-
inces.
The Telegraph publishes the letter of a
correspondent who professes to consider
that paper the "leading publication of its
kind in the Maritime Provinces." In the
absence of any intimation of the corre-
spondent's opinion regarding that kind of
publication one must remain in doubt as
to whether the letter was intended as a
compliment or otherwise.—Star.
The correspondent's meaning is perfectly
clear. The kind of publication he meant
was a newspaper. He was not thinking at
all about a Chatterbox.
A forecast of the speech from the
throne, to be delivered at the opening of
the provincial legislature today, will be
found in today's Telegraph. Its honor is
able to call attention to continued agri-
cultural prosperity, development of coal
mining and other evidences of substantial
progress. Reference is made to the St.
John dry dock, the fisheries question, the
readjustment of provincial subsidies, the
proposed factory act, and proposed
changes in the statutes affecting the pro-
vincial lunatic asylum.
The low salaries paid to school teach-
ers in England, especially in elementary
schools, has long been a cause of com-
plaint. The National Union of Teachers
has decided to draw up and submit to the
Education Board a scheme adopting the
principle of a minimum wage. It will
provide that the minimum salary of a
head or chief teacher in an elementary
school should not be less than £120 per
annum, and that of a head mistress £120.
There are over 1,500 consumptive pa-
tients in metropolitan poor law institu-
tions in London, and about 65 similar
sufferers in London special hospitals pro-
viding free beds. Further, there are about
400 in metropolitan hospitals providing
paying beds within the means of the work-
ing classes. There is thus a total of 2,560
patients of whom, a medical authority
says, probably a third are cases that would
be rapidly restored to health in a proper
sanatorium. A proposal is being made that
unused hospitals of the Metropolitan
Asylum Board should be used as sanatoria.
The London correspondent of the New
York Herald cables: "How prices have
depreciated is shown by the excellent sta-
tistics compiled by the Bankers' Maga-
zine. Three hundred and twenty-five rep-
resentative securities valued in the com-
pilation were priced on January 20 at
£2,981,000,000. By February 20 they had
fallen £84,000,000, or 2.8 per cent. to £2,
897,000,000, which is the lowest figure re-
corded for at least a decade. The most im-
portant declines have been 2.3 per cent in
the funds, 4.3 per cent in foreign govern-
ment securities and 11.8 per cent in mining
shares."

Those Suits Must Go!

Our Spring Stock is daily arriving. We are making preparations
for the enormously largest trade we have ever done, and must make
room for the stock. This is the reason the stock now on hand has been
so Greatly Cut in Price.
Men's Suits, \$2.98, 3.98, 5.98, 6.98 and 11.75
Former prices of these Suits were \$5 to \$14.
Boys' and Youths' Suits and Men's Pants greatly cut in price!

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier,
199 and 201 Union Street.

Neverslip Calks
are steel-centered,
self-sharpening, callus
which can be easily
inserted or removed
from the shoe on the
horse's hoof and keep
him "always ready"
and safe from falls in
slippery weather.
They save your horses.
and save your money.
If you're not using
Neverslip Calks, you're
losing this fall and win-
ter. Your shoes will
send you a descriptive
pamphlet on applica-
tion.
NEVERSLIP MANUFACTURING CO., New Brunswick, N. J.

Agents, W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

JAPAN HAS THREE SEPARATE
ARMIES NOW IN KOREA.
(Continued from page 1.)
small forts at the mouth of the Liao
River has the appearance of an intention
to defend Yin Kow, the military authori-
ties depend upon an inland engagement to
put a stop to the Japanese advance.
As far as is yet known the only plans
decided upon are, first, that General Kato-
patkin's headquarters are to be at Muk-
den; Viceroy Alexieff proposes to remain
at Mukden indefinitely, as that city is the
centre of the Chinese administration, and
has a viceregal bureau; second, that the
plain west of Tashichien which is almost
impossible to defend, will be left if pos-
sible on account of the railroad connecting
with Port Arthur; third, Hai Chung, and
Liao Yang are the extreme limits to which
troops will be withdrawn, on account of
the exposure of the railroad at these
points.
That the Japanese will arrive here be-
fore a three months' construction of
defenses is thought here to be practically
certain. It would appear also that the
authorities expect Port Arthur to be be-
sieged.

First Russian Celebration of Serf's Emancipa-
tion.
St. Petersburg, March 3. For the first
time since the emancipation of the serfs
in 1861, the anniversary today was official-
ly observed throughout the empire as a
general holiday and with special services in
the churches.
At the big central market of St. Peters-
burg thousands of people in the open air
celebrated the anniversary of the Tsar.
The naval organ says the chief strategi-
cal mission of the Russian fleet at Port
Arthur is to prevent the Japanese from
landing on the shores of the gulf of Liao-
tung, thus protecting the right flank and
rear of the forces in Manchuria from the
Japanese army.
Several Russian armaments have gone to
the Far East to model war types on the
spot. This is believed to be the first at-
tempt of the kind.
The governments take the view that the
Japanese-Korean treaty is in direct con-
tradiction to the Anglo-Japanese conven-
tion, the Russo-French declaration and all
preceding international agreements pro-
tecting Russian independence and that if
it was drawn up under duress it cannot
have legal force.
The leading of 2,500 Japanese at Song
Chen, Peking Bay, Korea, Feb. 19, reported
by Major General Plung, is believed here
to be the only force of the recent reports of
the Japanese landing at Poo-sai Bay and is
considered to be an attempt to outflank the
Korean army. The Japanese, according to
General Plung, have gone to a point whence a mountain
leads to the headwaters of the Yalu, 80
miles distant. Marching in that mountain-
ous region is declared by experts here to
be almost impossible. The absence of
roads, it is added, will completely upset
the Japanese plans, the only good road in
Korea, leading through Ping Yang being
already in possession of the Russians.

Shanghai Rebellion.
Shanghai, March 3.—A despatch from
Chen Ning Chou, province of Kiu Chiu,
China, announces that a rebellion has
broken out against the Boxer indemnity
tax. The sub-protection residence was looted
yesterday.
Martial Law at Seoul.
Tokio, March 3.—General Inouye, the
Japanese commander at Seoul, Korea, with
the consent of the Korean government,
has issued an order corresponding with the
proclamation of martial law.
Bernard Williston, of Bay du Vin, re-
ports having seen three moose on Friday
near Fox Island. They were going to
wards Bay du Vin Island, and later cross-
ed the inside bay near Kerr's creek. The
deep snow did not seem to retard their
progress.—Chatham Commercial.

The Baird Company's
Wine of Tar
Honey and
Wild Cherry
A Lubricant to the Throat.
A Tonic for the Local Chords.

The Baird Company, Gentlemen,
Your Tar, Honey and Wild Cherry
is one of the best cough remedies we
sell. Our Customers are all satisfied
with it.
E. HARRIS,
Norton Station, N. B.

N. B. LEGISLATURE.

(Continued from page 1.)

Predicts \$90,000 a Year from Royalties

Soor.

The speaker of the House of Assembly... predicts \$90,000 a year from royalties...

Province's Prosperity

Reference was made in the speech...

St. John Dry Dock

We have now arrived at the point where...

Readjustment of Provincial Subsidies

The readjustment of the provincial subsidy...

Government's Railway Policy

I could extend my remarks in this matter...

French in the Schools

There is another important matter that...

For Kidneys, Bladder and Rheumatism

New Discovery by Which All Can Now Easily...

TRIAL TREATMENT AND 64-PAGE BOOK FREE

At last there is a scientific way to cure...

HOT CONTEST OVER McALEER'S ESTATE

(Continued from page 1.)

Mother Failed When J. H.'s Marriage Was Told Her

At the afternoon session Helen McAleer...

2,000 MORE BRITISH SOLDIERS TO MALTA

London, March 2.—Orders were issued...

Important Legislation Held Back

It is indeed a measure bill of far which...

Mr. Haza's Remarks

The value of the St. John, the most...

Mr. Legere's Address

In his opening address, in answer to...

Mr. Haza's Remarks

At last there is a scientific way to cure...

Mr. Haza's Remarks

At last there is a scientific way to cure...

Mr. Haza's Remarks

At last there is a scientific way to cure...

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Mr. Haza's Remarks

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"FAMOUS" FLOWER SEEDS

Many Thousands of Canadian People Annually Sow...

We Don't Handle so-called Cheap Seeds...

Sheele, Briggs' Famous Flower Seeds...

Here are a few of our Specials:

Giant Omelet Aster, Mixed Colors.

Giant Ruffled Morning Glory.

Potunia, Fancy Striped and Blotched.

Nasturtium, Finest Mixed.

Marguerite Carnation, Verbena, Finest Mixed.

Bay, Royal Purple, Red.

Ignorantia, Golden, Queen.

Stocks, 10 weeks, Finest Mixed, Zinnia, Double Mixed.

LEADING MERCHANTS IN CANADA SELL THESE SEEDS

If you can't get what you want from your local dealer...

The STEELE, BRIGGS SEED CO., Limited

"Canada's Greatest Seed House"

BRANCH IN WINNIPEG, Man.

TORONTO, ONT.

Small Buy a Million

Bottles of Liquezone and Give them to the Sick.

We have purchased for \$100,000 the...

Costs \$300,000

We publish this offer in every great...

The greatest value of Liquezone lies...

Costs \$300,000

We publish this offer in every great...

The greatest value of Liquezone lies...

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The greatest value of Liquezone lies...

Cures While You Sleep Vapo-Resolene

Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets

TOUGH WINTER IN QUEENS COUNTY

Minister Unable to Attend Funeral

ONE HOME DOUBLY BEREAVED SAME DAY

THE ROAD TO HEALTH

TWENTIETH BIRTHDAY OF A WOMAN 80 YEARS OF AGE

Mrs. H. M. Crosby, Formerly of Nova Scotia

Combine Advances Oatmeal Prices Again

50c Bottle Free

Germ Diseases

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

Liquezone costs 50c. and \$1.

Acts Like Oxygen

Liquezone is the result of a process...

Hay Fever, Influenza, La Grippe

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Handsone BISQUE DOLLS FREE

Advertisement for Bisque Dolls, featuring a large illustration of a doll and text describing the offer of a lovely bracelet and solid CD-finished jewelled ring.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Advertisement for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, listing ailments like coughs, colds, and bronchitis, and describing the syrup's benefits.

WANTED FOR SALE

A collection of various classified advertisements, including real estate listings, business opportunities, and personal notices.

DEATHS

CLARKE—At Woodstock (N. B.) on March 1st, Anne, wife of the late Goodhand Clarke, in her 75th year, formerly of St. John.

SHIP NEWS

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Tuesday, March 1. Stmr Alma, 2,335, Abernethy, Glasgow.

CANADIAN PORTS

Halifax, N. S., March 1—Old stars Minia (Br cable) for sea; Britannic (Nor), for London.

BRITISH PORTS

London, March 1—Ard stmr Kilgona, from Portland; stmr St. John City, from Halifax.

FOREIGN PORTS

Antwerp, Feb 29 (Midnight)—Ard stmr Kronland, from New York. Boston, March 1—Ard stmr Admiral Paragut, from Port Antonio; Kenahaw, from Baltimore.

SPOKEN

London—Barque Fred P. Litchfield, Lisbone (N. S.) for Buenos Ayres, Jan 21, last south, long ST. at Halifax.

Shipping Notes

The schooner Marjorie J. Sumner, which took a cargo of piling to Halifax from Norfolk, is staying up at Halifax.

Choice Teas

English Breakfast Tea, in 10 and 20 lb. boxes. Very fine for family trade.

Worst Winter in His Experience

"The present winter is the most severe in my experience," said Dr. William Hayward yesterday, when asked respecting the winters of today, and of long ago.

THE CASE OF THE BELGIAN MISSIONERS

Surveyor General Shows Government Free from Criticism.

MEN KNEW ABOUT WAGES

Before Going to Mines They Understood About the Pay—Surveyor General Talks of the Matter—What the Correspondence Shows.

A good deal has been said of late about the alleged case of the Belgian miners who came out to this province to work in the coal mines, and some of whom have been sent home again, at the expense of the Belgian government.

FEARS FOR CATHOLICS, WHO

NUMBER MANY, IN COREA

Catholicism for the time seemed stamped out in blood, and it was not until 1856 that the next vicar-apostolic succeeded in making his way once more into the midst of the lost or scattered flock.

ANOTHER HANDSOME TROPHY

Presented by Irving A. Lovitt of Yarmouth to the R. K. Y. Club.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Sunday, Oct. 11, 1903, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:

CASTORIA

The Kid You Have Always Bought

KENDALL'S SPAVIN

THE OLD RELIABLE REMEDY FOR SPRAINS, BRUISES, SPINTS, CURBS, ETC., AND ALL FORMS OF LAMENESS, AS IT DOES NOT HURT.

WINDY BACK TO OLD ST. JOHN

In a letter which reached this office Thursday, signed by J. E. Carney, Los Angeles (Cal.), the writer asks that some newspapers be sent to him.

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Advertisement for Handsome Dishes FREE, featuring a large illustration of a dinner set and text describing the offer of a magnificent 100 piece dinner set.

Advertisement for Columbia Graphophone, featuring a large illustration of a gramophone and text describing the variety of records available.

Advertisement for Starbuck's Balm, featuring a large illustration of the product and text describing its effectiveness for various ailments.

Advertisement for Intercolonial Railway, listing train schedules and fares for various routes.

Advertisement for Castoria, a children's medicine, featuring a large illustration of the product and text describing its benefits.

Advertisement for Kendall's Spavin, a remedy for sprains and bruises, featuring a large illustration of the product and text describing its effectiveness.

Advertisement for Windy Back to Old St. John, featuring a large illustration of a man and text describing a letter from Los Angeles.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1904

FAMOUS MEN IN OLD PROVINCIAL HISTORY.

Rev. Dr. Raymond Has Interesting Sketches of Men in Connection With the Settlement of Maugeville—Where the Early Settlers Were Located—An Old-time Mill.

W. O. RAYMOND, LL. D. CHAPTER XV. (Continued 5).

THE FIRST ENGLISH SETTLEMENT.

Not all of the grantees of the Township of Maugeville were actual settlers. Of several we know little more than the names. This is the case with James Chadwell, whose name appears first in the grant, and with Moses Davis, Thomas Ross, Jonathan Parker, Hugh Shirley, Nathaniel Newman and James Vihart.

Two other non-resident grantees were men of influence and in their day made sufficient stir in the world to claim further notice.

The first of these was Joseph DesBarres. This gentleman is believed to have been a native of Switzerland. He obtained a commission in the English army and served with distinction under Wolfe at the siege of Quebec.

Interruptions from fog and precarious weather, unavoidably made tedious a performance in which accuracy is the chief thing desired, and rendered many years necessary to complete it for publication; but when the author reflects that the accuracy and truth of his work will stand the test of ages, and preserve future navigators from the horrors of shipwreck and destruction, he does not regret it as having employed as large a portion of his life.

The engraving nature of his occupation as an engineer did not hinder DesBarres from being an ambitious land speculator. In 1765 he obtained in conjunction with General Halliday and one or two others, a grant of the Township of Hopewell, comprising 300,000 acres on the Pettingford river.

In 1784 DesBarres was appointed Lieut. Governor of Cape Breton, and afterwards Lieut. Governor of Prince Edward Island. He died at Halifax on the 27th October, 1834, and was honored with a state funeral at which the attendance was great and the interest felt was remarkable.

Colonel DesBarres' scientific labors on our coasts, and his reputation as one of the heroes of 1759 under Wolfe at Quebec, gave him a claim on the gratitude and reverence of all Nova Scotians.

These sentiments were not shared by the Acadians of Memramook, who found difficulty in resisting the claims of the heirs of DesBarres to the lands they had settled. Two lots in the upper part of the Township of Maugeville were granted to Governor DesBarres and had he settled there he would have been the next-door neighbor of the Widow Clark, but there is nothing to show that he made any attempt to improve his lands in that quarter and so his connection with the settlement is nothing but a name.

Joshua Mauger, the other non-resident grantee to whom reference has been made, was an English merchant who came to America as a contractor under government for furnishing supplies to the army at Louisbourg.

Joshua Mauger, in his position as Agent for the province was able to render it essential service, and in the year 1769 the legislature of Nova Scotia voted the sum of £20 for a piece of plate as a testimonial of their appreciation of his "zeal and unwearied application" in their behalf.

At the head of Mauger's Island were the lots of Matthew Wason, Samuel Whitney and Samuel Tapley.

Between Mauger's Island and Middle Island the lots were those of Jeremiah Burpee, Jonathan Burpee, Jacob Barker, Daniel Jewett, Ezekiel Samuels, Humphrey Pickard, Moses Pickard, Jacob Barker, jr., Isaac Stickney and Jonathan Smith.

Opposite Middle Island, in order ascending, were Thomas Barker, John Wason, Daniel Palmer, Richard Kimball, Joseph Garrison, Samuel Nevers, Peter Moores, Richard Estey, jr., Jabez Nevers, Enoch Dow and Hugh Quinton.

Between Middle and Oromoco islands were Thomas Christie, Elisha Nevers, Jedediah Stickney, Stephen Peabody, Capt. Francis Peabody and William McKean.

Opposite Oromoco Island were Israel Perley (at the foot of the island), Lt.-Col. Beansley P. Glazier, John Whipple, Nathaniel Rideout, Capt. Francis Peabody, Alexander Tapley, Phineas Nevers, Joseph Dunphy, William Harris, Ammi Howlett, Samuel Peabody and one Peabody.

Above Oromoco Island we find the lots of Asa Perley, Oliver Perley, George Munro, James Simonds, Joseph Buber, Joseph Shaw, Benjamin Brown, Daniel Burbank, Thomas Hart and the Widow Clark. Thence to the upper boundary of the township, a distance of two miles, there were at first no settlers, but in the course of time Richard Barlow, Nehemiah Beckwith, Benjamin Atherton, Jeremiah Howland and others took up lots.

The names of the majority of the Maugeville grantees appear in the account books kept by Simonds and White at their store at Portland Point and a lot of interesting family history might be gleaned from the old faded pages. There are other items of interest in the records of the old County of Sanbury.

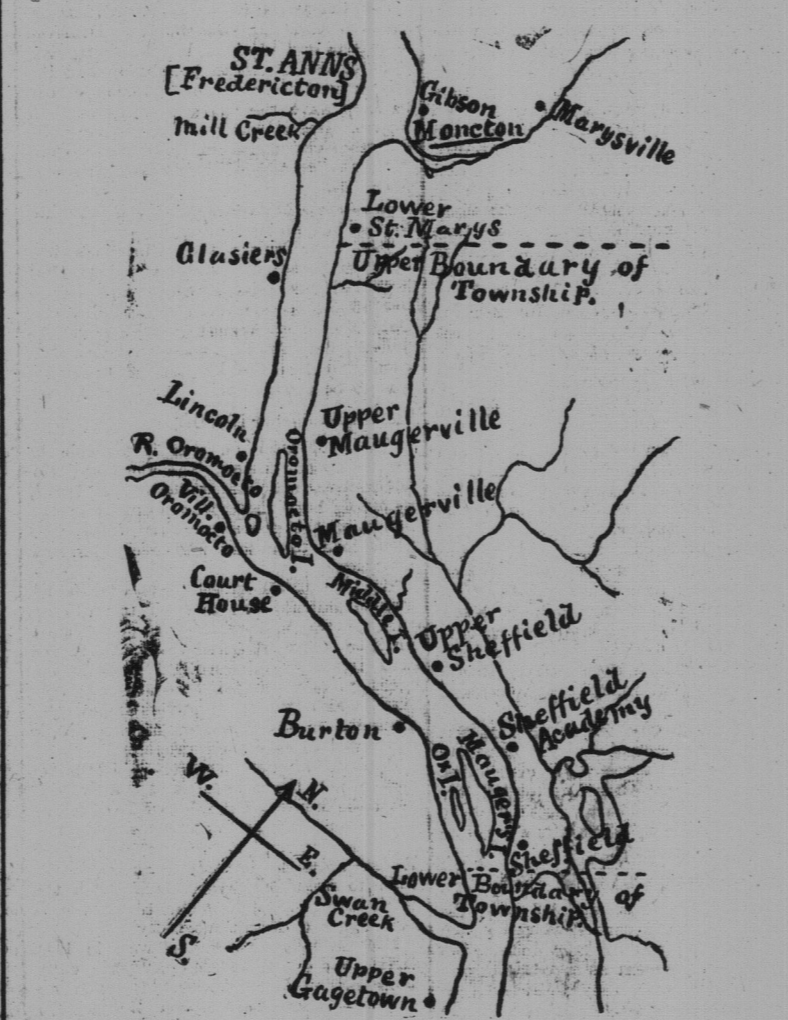
In nearly all the early settlements made on the River St. John some encouragement was offered for the erection of a mill, and when the signers under (Captain) Francis Peabody met at Anover in April, 1762, previous to their leaving Massachusetts, it was agreed that each signer should pay six shillings towards erecting a mill in their township. The streams in Maugeville are so inconspicuous that it may be presumed some difficulty would arise on this head. This is confirmed by the fact that in the grant of 1763 the point of land opposite Middle Island is called "Windmill Point." However an old deed shows that Richard Estey, jr., had on his lot No. 100 (opposite Middle Island) a mill built on what is called Nunehal creek, of which the first owners were Mr. Estey and his neighbor, Thomas Barker. This mill was sold in 1779 to James Woodman and was employed in sawing boards and other lumber for the Loyalists at St. John during the summer of 1783.

It means that intercourse with the shore was cut off in consequence of floating ice but that his neighbors had seen the importance and, realizing the need of prompt action, of their own good will met together to prepare the frame and materials for a new dwelling.

In-band, that we venture to depart, for a moment, from the chronological order of events in order to give some extracts.

Dear Brother and Sister, I have made great improvements on board this island. Three summers ago I built a large house, the Carpenter just as he had finished the work took a brand of fire by accident and burnt it all to ashes with three hundred pounds of property in it. It happened the 10th of November, winter set in next day. I fled to a small house I had on the island. Ice making in the River there was no passing, but my Neighbors knew my situation and assembled of their own good will—in four weeks put me into a good framed house forty feet long twenty wide with a good chimney, where I lived the winter very comfortably. In the spring I went to work and built a House 38 by 36 and set it on to the other, which occupies the same ground that the other did, and I finished it to a litch from top to bottom. The summer past I have built me a barn 80 feet by 24 completely finished and said to be the best in the Province.

I wonder you don't come yourself or send some of your family to help us enjoy this fine country. We feel no war nor pay any tax. Our land brings forth abundantly; it is almost incredible to see the Produce; it makes but little odds when you plant or sow, at harvest time you will have plenty. This last spring was late, the water was not off so that I could plant till the 26th of June, and so till the 26th we planted, and you never saw so much corn in any part of the States to the acre as I have got, and wheat and everything to the greatest perfection. I wonder how you and my Friends can prefer digging among the Stones and paying Rates to an easy life in this country. Last year I sold beef, pork and mutton more than I wanted for my family for three hundred Pounds, besides two culls for forty pounds apiece. A few days ago I sold four colts before they were broke for one hundred and ten pounds and I have sixteen left. I have a fine stock of cattle and sheep—butter and cheese is as plenty here as herrings are at Taunton—a tenant lives better here than a Landlord at Berkeley. I am blessed with the best Neighbors that ever drew breath—they are made of the same stuff that our forefathers were that first settled New England. I live under the protection of the King, and I am stationed by his Laws on this island, the first farm in the Province. I don't intend to weigh my anchor nor start from this till I have orders from the Governor of all things—then I hope to enjoy the summers with joy and gladness—with Great Expectation, to meet you in Heaven where I hope to rest.



Reference to the accompanying plan of the river will show the locations of the early settlers of Maugeville; they will be mentioned in order ascending the river.

The lower ten lots of the township and Mauger's Island were granted to Joshua Mauger. Just above were the lots of Gerray Say, Nehemiah Hayward, John Russell, Samuel Upton, Zebulon Estey, John Estey, Richard Estey and Edward Coy.

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OBITUARY.

Mrs. Thomas McClellan.

Hopewell Hill, Feb. 28—Mrs. McClellan, widow of Thomas McClellan, died yesterday at her home at Albert, after a few days' illness, of pneumonia, aged eighty-eight years. The deceased was a daughter of the late Joseph Turner, of Harvey, and leaves three sons—John A. Henry, and Peter, and one daughter, Miss Lucy McClellan, all residing at home, besides one brother, John W. H. Turner, of California, and a large circle of relatives. The family have the sincere sympathy of the community. The funeral will be held at Hopewell Hill, March 1—The funeral of the late Mrs. Thomas McClellan took place this afternoon from her late residence at Albert. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Brown, pastor of the Baptist church, assisted by Rev. J. K. King, of the Methodist church, and were very largely attended. The interment was made in the Hill cemetery, the pallbearers were Alex. Rogers, W. E. Calhoun, J. E. Peck, F. B. Ritchie, Asael W. Peck and Capt. Samuel Stevens.

Michael Martin.

Glasville, Carleton county, Feb. 29—Michael Martin, of Napan, Northumberland county, died at Love's hotel, Glasville, on Saturday. He had been employed in the lumber woods for T. Lynch, where he became ill. He was a native of New England and lived under the protection of the King, and I am stationed by his Laws on this island, the first farm in the Province. I don't intend to weigh my anchor nor start from this till I have orders from the Governor of all things—then I hope to enjoy the summers with joy and gladness—with Great Expectation, to meet you in Heaven where I hope to rest.

Daniel Dorgan.

Daniel Dorgan died Tuesday morning at 11 Sewell street. He was in his fifty-eighth year, and is survived by a number of children. The body was taken to Petersville, Queens county, for interment.

T. H. McDonald.

Halifax, March 1—Word has been received here this morning of J. H. McDonald, of Fort Jolie, Queens county, yesterday. Deceased had been in Liverpool for medical treatment, and was returning to his home by coach when he suddenly took an ill turn and expired at a number of children. The body was taken to Petersville, Queens county, for interment.

Mrs. Goodland Clarke.

Woodstock, March 1—Mrs. Goodland Clarke died this morning after quite a long illness; in fact, she has been in feeble health for years past. Mrs. Clarke came to Woodstock some twelve years ago and made her home with her daughter, Miss Mary Clarke, of the Western Union Telegraph office. Besides this surviving daughter, George, merchant, of Fredericton, and Eva, a trained nurse, of Newburyport, survive. The body will be taken to St. John for burial Thursday morning.

Star Agnew.

Fredericton, N. B., March 1—Star Agnew, aged 79 years, died this morning at his home, 100 of Kewwick, last night. He had been ill for some time from a complication of diseases; but he was taken seriously ill only on Thursday last.

Matilda Prince.

At the home of the late James Waddell, at Reed's Point, Kings county, died on Feb. 17, after suffering for months with blood poisoning, Miss Matilda Prince, aged sixty-three years, leaving four brothers and three sisters out of a family of fourteen, who a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

Paul Costigan.

St. Martins, N. B., March 1—Paul Costigan, formerly of P. E. Island, but for a number of years a resident of this place, died very suddenly in Portland, Oregon, to which place he removed a short time ago. The despatch to J. B. Hudon, who is believed to have been furnished by mail, Mr. Costigan was a member of the I. O. F.

Peter Edgett.

Greer Settlement, St. John county, March 1—Peter Edgett, of this place, died at his home Friday after a brief illness, aged 74 years. He formerly belonged to Albert county, and leaves a number of sons and daughters to mourn their loss.

Mrs. J. M. Stevens.

Hopewell Hill, Feb. 27—Martha, wife of J. M. Stevens, merchant of Harvey, died this morning at her home there after a long illness. She was the daughter of the late Matthias Steeves of Harvey, was about 55 years and leaves besides her husband, two sisters, Mrs. Norman Smith, of Harvey, and Mrs. Lincoln, of Boston, and R. P. Steeves, of Sussex, inspector of schools. The deceased was a consistent member of the Methodist church, and very highly esteemed by all her friends and acquaintances. Mr. Stevens and all of the relatives have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

John R. McKay.

John R. McKay, aged 49 years, died yesterday at his home, 63 Highland street. He was born in Nova Scotia, and came to Worcester several years ago. He leaves a wife and two children—Worcester Spy, March 1.

Master Eric Goodlife.

Sussex, N. B., March 1—Eric J. child of Mr. and Mrs. J. Goodlife, died this morning, March 1, aged one year. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved parents.

Alfred Garneau.

Montreal, March 3—The death occurred today at his home, 46 St. Famille street, the city, of Alfred Garneau, the well known author and chief French translator to the senate. Mr. Garneau's death was striking in its suddenness. He has been ailing for some time, but there was nothing to cause his family any immediate anxiety. Mr. Garneau woke this morning at his usual hour, and for some time read his morning paper in bed while waiting for his breakfast. Suddenly he collapsed and lapsed into semi-unconsciousness and passed away within a short time, surrounded by the members of his family, who were surrounded hastily to the bedside. Mr. Garneau leaves a widow and four children. Miss Garneau and Mrs. Robert Archer and Messrs. Hector and Alfred Garneau, jr.

CASTORIA advertisement featuring the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and the text 'The Kind You Have Always Bought'.

St. John Banks Decide to Take American Money to the... The St. John banks will be... description American currency at a... decision was reached at a mee... St. John clearing house ass... Wednesday afternoon will be... a good deal of interest by ba... and the everyday man who ha... [18].

There Are 8,000,000 Bushels Less Wh... In Sight Than a Year Ago... The visible supply of wheat in Canada about 8,000,000 bushels less than this year ago, the figures showing the stock, the chief points of accumulation being as follows:

Table showing wheat supply statistics for various regions including Montreal, Toronto, and other points.

Chilblains advertisement with text 'This Disressing Trouble is Quickly Relieved by Foot Film'.

Will You Help A Sick Friend?

Get My Book For Him Now. Which shall I send? Book 1 on Dyspepsia. Book 2 on the Kidneys. Book 3 on the Liver. Book 4 on the Stomach. Book 5 for Men (read). Book 6 on Rheumatism.

DR. SHOOP'S RESTORATIVE Can be taken at my risk. For a full month I will let you use it entirely at my risk. Send no money. Just write me for the book you need. When I send it I will tell you of a drugist near by who will permit the month's trial. Use the Restorative a month. Then decide. If you say to the drugist, "It did not help me," that will relieve you of any expense whatever. He will bill the restorative to me. This is my way of clearing your mind of all doubt as to what Dr. Shoop's Restorative can do.

We have the Best Fence We want Best Agents advertisement for The Frost Wire Fence Co., Limited.