

MORE LAURELS! The Sun Standard

VOL. X, NO. 131

TWENTY-FOUR PAGES

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1918.

FAIR AND WARM.

PRICE TWO CENTS

FURTHER GAINS!

AN ACHIEVEMENT BY CANADIANS

Their Gallant Two Days' Fighting in the Second Battle of Amiens Was Greatest Accomplishment of War and News of It Just Made Known.

Hitherto Other British Troops Have Been Given the Glory, It Develops Boys From Dominion "Did It" — London Times' Tribute.

With the Canadian Forces in the Field, Aug. 28—(By J. F. B. Livesey, Canadian Press correspondent) — Some little disappointment was felt in the Canadian Corps in respect to the early public reports of the second battle of Amiens in which the corps took a leading part. As these specified British and French troops as being engaged, but failed to mention specifically the colonials, early reports of the battle filed in these despatches, a few hours after it opened, were held up nearly two days and during that period the people of Canada must have been in ignorance that their army was carrying out triumphantly the most brilliant of its feats. One reason for this was military necessity, it being desirable that the enemy should be kept as long as possible in ignorance of the fact that it was the Canadian Corps who had pierced the centre before Amiens.

As a consequence the London papers have all unwillingly appeared to belittle the Canadian share in the victory, but the corps has taken it philosophically, realizing that the advent of such troops cannot be advertised beforehand. The map will show what they have done, however. The special correspondent of the London Times writing from War Correspondents Headquarters in France, makes in a measured review of the recent battle, ample and generous amends to the Canadian Corps in the following:

"In the first scene of our offensive which began on August 8th the actors were chiefly from overseas. Men from the British Isles took only the small part of the attack north of the Somme to protect the flank of the Australians. South of the river below here on the main battle front the honor of the first advance was shared by the Australians and Canadians. In structure it was chiefly a Canadian battle. It was their advance on the Luce that was the core and the crux of the operation, and on their progress depended the advance both of the Australians on their left and that of the successive French armies on their right, each of which was held in only as the advance above it prospered. The Canadians, I think, are right in claiming that the fighting of these first two days was the biggest thing that Canada has done in the war, not excepting the recapture of Vimy Ridge. Certainly nothing could have been better."

The above is the testimony of an impartial witness, and the Canadian Corps, averse to blowing its own horn, is quietly satisfied.

U. S. MEDICAL MEN, PRISONERS, HELP GERMAN WOUNDED

(By Wilbur Forrest).
Special cable to the N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard.
From with the American Forces on the Field, Aug. 30.—A Major and a Captain, both of the American Medical Corps, are prisoners of Germany, as the result of accidentally running into the enemy lines in an automobile, it was learned today. The auto was found between the lines destroyed, but information just received declares that both doctors and chauffeur are now safe in German hands. They aided the German wounded in an advanced dressing station near the front several days, then were sent to the rear. They went to the first line trenches near Flines to establish advanced dressing stations, and as the result of their capture they were forced to establish a German station. Both speak German fluently.

MRS. ANCIENT DEAD.
Moncton, Aug. 30.—Mrs. Sloman, wife of Rev. Canon Sloman, rector of St. George's church, received word tonight of the death of her mother Mrs. Ancient at Halifax.

MINISTER IS HELD FOR GRAND JURY

Kennebunk, Me., Aug. 30.—Rev. Henry H. Hall of Wells Depot, formerly of Princeton, was held without bail for the grand jury of York County at Alfred on Sept. 17 by Trial Justice H. H. Bourne. Hall is charged with murdering his wife, formerly a nurse, by throwing her over a cliff last June. The evidence of the autopsy went to show that Mrs. Hall had been choked. Several witnesses testified that Hall and his wife frequently quarrelled because of the minister's attentions to other women and girls. Medical Examiner Charles F. Traynor testified that the injuries on the body could not have been caused by a fall and that in his opinion she came to her death at the hands of some person.

Mrs. Frances Stevens, mother of the tragedy victim, told of the domestic unhappiness of the Halls dating back several years. She asserted that Hall had contracted a disease which she communicated to his wife. When she complained Hall is alleged to have told his wife she should not complain as she was no better than he.

Hall's fourteen year old daughter, died later.

France, testified that her father had struck her over the head with a hymn book in the church for objecting to the Canadian girls mentioned in the case. It was asserted that when his wife died Hall whistled and sang and manifested no sorrow. The defence called no witnesses. When Hall's lawyer made a point in favor of his client a number of women and girls in the court room applauded. Hall appeared as if he was one of the spectators and frequently smiled during the proceedings.

THE NAVY LEAGUE
Special to The Standard
Sackville, Aug. 30.—At a meeting held here this evening in the Imperial Theatre and addressed by Rev. Dr. Hall, Canadian representative of the Navy League, it was decided to organize a branch of the league. Prof. Desbarres was appointed secretary and a number of members were secured. The organization of the league will be completed later.

British Successful In Hard Fighting States Field Marshal Haig

London, Aug. 30.—"East and northeast of Bapaume our operations are proceeding satisfactorily, in spite of increased hostile resistance," says the official statement from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters in France tonight. "Hard fighting occurred on the greater part of this front and a number of heavy counter-attacks were made by the enemy."

The statement continues:
"Our troops entered Rencourt-lez-Bapaume and Bancourt, where they have been actively engaged with the enemy throughout the day. They captured Fremicourt and Vaulx-Vraucourt, taking a number of prisoners, and have reached the western outskirts of Beugny."

"At Ecoust-St. Mein the enemy is still maintaining an obstinate defence, closely pressed by our troops which have taken a number of prisoners in this locality."

"The enemy defences between Hendecourt and Hautcourt have been captured, together with the latter village and several hundred prisoners. South of Bapaume our troops have maintained vigorous pressure upon the enemy and have gained ground."

"We have made progress east and northeast of Clercy, and in this sector have taken 300 prisoners. In the Lys sector the enemy is continuing his withdrawal, closely followed by our troops. Bailleul is again in our possession."

FRENCH FORCES TAKE CHAUVIGNY

Northwest of Noyon Canal Du Nord Has Been Crossed At Cattigny and Beaurains.

Paris, Aug. 30.—North of Soissons, where the Americans are fighting with the French, the villages of Chauvigny and Cattigny have been captured and the Allied line advanced to the west of Crouy, according to the official communication issued tonight. Northwest of Noyon the Canal Du Nord has been crossed by the French at Cattigny and Beaurains.

North of the Ailette River the village of Champs has been taken by the French. The text of the communication follows:
"During the day we ejected from the east bank of the Canal Du Nord enemy elements that were still resisting. Cattigny and Beaurains are ours."

"Pursuing our progress our troops have crossed the canal at two points, in front of Cattigny and Beaurains, and taken Chevilly and Hill 89, and penetrated Gervy."

**ST. STEPHEN LADY
DIES SUDDENLY**

Miss Margaret Whitlock Found Unconscious in Her Home and Expires Soon Afterwards.

Special to The Standard.
St. Stephen, Aug. 30.—A quiet, kind life had its close today when death came suddenly to Miss Margaret Whitlock. She had been in the garden of her home in the morning chatting with a neighbor and appeared to be in her usual good health. She returned to the house and a few minutes later a neighbor who had called found her lying down and unconscious. Nearby neighbors were called and Dr. Blair summoned, but life had practically expired and nothing could be done to revive her.

Miss Whitlock was a native of St. Andrews, but had resided in St. Stephen since 1890. Her life had been filled with kindly ministrations to others and she was esteemed by all. She was 72 years of age and is survived by three brothers, William H. and Julius T. of St. Stephen, and Colin C. of Calais. A sister, Miss Jessie, passed away in March, 1916, and a brother, Robert Watson, died in April of the present year, death in both cases being quite sudden.

The funeral service will be held Sunday afternoon.

Moncton, Aug. 30.—R. Bruce Keith, C. G. R. brakeman, while engaged in lighting lamps in the N. T. R. yard last evening was struck by a shunting engine and badly injured. He sustained two broken ribs.

NO ABATEMENT IN ONSLAUGHT BY ENTENTE ALLIED FORCES

**MANY GERMANS
NOW IN RUSSIA
ARE MUTINEERS**

**Twelve Hundred Hun Soldiers
Join Peasants in the
Fighting.**

**THEY ATTACK THE
GERMAN FORCES**

**Fighting and Unrest Continues
in Many Parts of Russia.**

(Canadian Press).

Bulletin—London, Aug. 30.—Twelve hundred German mutineers have joined forces with an armed peasant body and attacked the German forces in the region of Dymera, twenty-four miles from Kiev, according to a Russian wireless despatch received here today from Moscow.

Fierce fighting has taken place between the Germans and the peasants and there have been heavy losses on both sides.

Resolute Struggle.
A Russian wireless despatch received here today from Moscow says: "A resolute struggle is going on against the White Guards. The organizer of the recently discovered conspiracy at Moscow named Marpuilas, has been shot."

"Near the Church of Christ the Savour, a band of White Guards was captured during the night. The auto or, Peshechnoff (formerly editor of a newspaper at Petrograd) has been set free at Moscow."

"In the Ukraine the unrest among the peasants is spreading. The district and town of Dymera, 24 miles from Kiev, has been declared by the German army commander to be in a state of siege."

**ROY VOLO WON
AT HOULTON, ME.**

Houlton, Me., Aug. 30.—Split heats, close finishes and good driving were the features of the last day's racing of the Houlton Fair this afternoon.

Roy Volo, the Fredericton horse, after getting two fourths in the 2.11 mixed race won the last three heats and race, the best time being 2.14.

Betty Dean won the first two heats and second money.

Little Anna B. won the 2.30 in straight heats. Belle F. won second money.

In the special named race Dan Payne captured first money and Gary A. second place.

CANADIANS WIN

London, Aug. 30.—At Bullecourt and Hendecourt hostile counter-attacks delivered with much determination by strong forces, compelled the British to fall back. North of these villages the attack launched this morning by Canadian troops astride the Arras-Cambrai road has been successful. The enemy's defences between Hendecourt and Hancourt have been captured together with the latter village and several hundred prisoners.

MUST SEAT GIRLS

Special to The Standard.
Moncton, Aug. 30.—John Kinney, provincial factory inspector, is after Moncton merchants who have failed to comply with the law in regard to providing seats for female clerks. The case against a restaurant keeper was in court today and adjourned. Information has also been laid by Inspector Kinney against a well known dry goods merchant for a similar violation.

Not Alone Have Allied Troops All Over the Battlefield From Arras To Soissons Gained Further Important Terrain, But To the North British Have Advanced Their Lines Materially in the Famous Lys Sector — Combles in British Hands.

French and Americans Progress North of Soissons, Former Capturing Chauvigny and Crossing Ailette River—Enemy Cleared of Territory North and East of the Somme — Hindenburg Line Crossed.

(By The Associated Press).

There has been no abatement in the strength of the offensive the British, French and American troops are throwing against the German armies from Arras to the region of Soissons. And as yet there is no indication that it is the purpose of the seemingly demoralized enemy to turn about and face their aggressors or to offer more resistance for the present than through the activities of strong rear-guards.

Not alone have the Allied troops all over the battlefield from Arras to Soissons gained further important terrain, but to the north the British have advanced their line materially in the famous Lys sector—and apparently without much effort on the part of the foe to restrain them.

Of greater significance than any of the other victories achieved in Friday's fighting is the gain of the French, with whom Americans are brigaded in this general sector, north of Soissons.

The latest French official communication records the capture by the French here of Chauvigny, three miles northwest, and Cuffies, a mile and a half north of Soissons, and the entry into the outskirts of Crouy, a short distance to the northeast.

These victories, gained only after the hardest kind of fighting, make more secure the Allied line running northward and outflanking the Alsace on the Chemin-Des-Dames positions. Also bettering this general situation has been the crossing by the French of the Ailette River at Champs.

In the region north of Noyon, the French have made further progress, crossing the Canal Du Nord at several places and advancing materially in the direction of the Noyon-Ham railroad line. All around Noyon the French have strengthened their positions.

Cleared of Enemy.

To the north of the Somme where the British have been operating against the Germans has been cleared of the enemy and south of Peronne on the east bank of the stream, notwithstanding the destruction of the bridges by the Germans.

To the north the British almost everywhere are pressing eastward along the highways, carrying the Germans before them, notwithstanding the desperate resistance that is everywhere being offered by machine guns, innumerable and infantry units. Combles is now in British hands and east of Bapaume Field Marshal Haig's men are working along the Bapaume-Cambrai Road toward Lebusqueres.

**WOMAN WAITS FOR
TRAIN TO HIT HER**

Mrs. James Lawlor of Jacquet River Severely Injured—Was It Attempted At Suicide?

Special to The Standard.
Jacquet River, Aug. 30.—The east-bound Campbellton express this morning struck an aged woman named Mrs. James Lawlor, near Jacquet River. Mrs. Lawlor was walking on the track and section men warned her that the train would be along soon. Despite this warning and the fact that the driver of the express continued blowing his whistle the woman made no effort to get off the track, although Driver Hains states she stood facing the engine when struck. The train was slowed down to ten or twelve miles an hour when the pilot struck the woman, throwing her into the ditch. She was rendered unconscious and was badly shaken up. The section men removed her to her home in Jacquet River and it is feared on account of her age her injuries may prove serious. Trainmen say the woman's refusal to get off the track when she saw the train approaching looks like attempted suicide.

**NO STANDARD
ON MONDAY!**

As Monday, Sept. 2, will be Labor Day and a public holiday, The Standard will not be issued. Tuesday's issue will contain an account of the horse racing, the close of the baseball season in the National and American Leagues, and other sporting events.

THE LAST DAY.
Today marks the closing of the half-holiday season for the clerks in the retail stores with the exception of the hardware which continues the one closing through the month of September.

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SOME OF FRENCH MILITARY ADVANCE TWELVE MILES

FRENCH TROOPS REACH HAM REGION, GUISCARD IN DANGER

Machine Guns Placed on Every Point of Vantage North of Oise By Germans and Indian Style of Fighting Prevails—Prisoners Complain That They Not Only Have To Face French But Are Under Fire of German Artillery.

Paris, Aug. 30.—German counter-attacks between the Ailette and the Aisne were repulsed last night by the French says the war office statement today. The French maintained their gains east of Pasy, north of Soissons.

South of the Somme and along the Canal Du Nord there was no change in the situation during the night. German raids along the Vesle and in Champagne failed.

Some units of the armies of General Debenedy and General Humbert, north of the Oise river yesterday advanced for more than twelve miles, according to the Intransigent. The newspaper confirms the report that French troops have reached the region of Ham and adds that it does not seem possible that the Germans will be able to hold Guiscard for any length of time. Guiscard is on the high road midway between Noyon and Ham.

With the French Army in France, Aug. 30.—Machine guns have been placed on every point of vantage by the Germans and the struggle north of the Oise has become a sort of bush fighting. The enemy's machine guns are carefully concealed and command all paths leading up the hills and are capable of holding up a large force and obliging assaulting troops to dodge and surround the emplacements. It has been found that artillery preparations, however intense, never reach all of them.

French soldiers after their experience in Thiescourt Forest are becoming familiar with the Indian style of fighting, while the German machine gunners left behind so that the infantry might retire with greater security are becoming weary of the task. When taken prisoners they complain that they alone have been sacrificed and they have been obliged not only to face the French but to be under fire of their own artillery, shells from the rear falling on the positions they have been left to hold.

This happened yesterday at Noyon and seemed to be happening today. Shells from the German heavy artillery were falling short all around Mount St. Simon and others were falling in Noyon. Those that fell in the city drove out at their hiding place thirty-two German soldiers who had been overlooked by the Zouaves who cleared the streets yesterday.

Oh, yes. Where I asked why in a thousand languages, through a thousand devious arguments, I could but answer as well and as simply, I love my country. That is all. And that is enough.

opened fire, the first shell falling short, but ricocheting directly over the U-boat, which immediately submerged. Half an hour later it reappeared two miles to the seaward. The steamer fired three more shots, none registering hits. The submarine went out towards the sea in a southeasterly direction, and was not sighted thereafter. Several fishermen along the shore corroborate this story.

A Canadian Atlantic Port, Aug. 29.—A fishing schooner sailing out of this port, arrived here early this afternoon reporting that at ten o'clock this morning, she had seen a submarine quite a distance southeast of here chasing two eastbound steamers. It was a large one, and he could see the conning tower and periscope quite plainly. One of the steamers

can patriot's words: "My Country, in her intercourse with foreign nations, may she always be right, but My Country—right or wrong!"

Would I die, would I give all for my Country?

Oh, yes. Where I asked why in a thousand languages, through a thousand devious arguments, I could but answer as well and as simply, I love my country. That is all. And that is enough.

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TWO GIRLS SAVED FROM DROWNING

Swimming Instructor Mark Burns Rescued Dorothy Hanson and Lucilla McDonald Near Rowan's Wharf Yesterday.

A daring feat was perpetrated yesterday afternoon when, received much commendation. Mark Burns, the popular swimming instructor, jumped into the water yesterday at Rowan's wharf, rescuing two girls from drowning. The young ladies, Misses Dorothy Hanson and Lucilla McDonald, both residing on Douglas Avenue, were in swimming at the city baths when they waded beyond their depth. Mr. Burns, standing nearby, saw their predicament, as the young ladies had gone under for the second time, and jumped promptly into the water without awaiting to disrobe, and rescued the two drowning girls. His act was highly commended by the onlookers. The young ladies suffered very little from their experience and soon proceeded homeward.

These are only two of a number of rescues that have been made by Instructor Burns.

TELLS DYSPEPTICS WHAT TO EAT

Avoid Indigestion, Sour Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Gas On Stomach, Etc.

Indigestion and practically all forms of stomach trouble, say medical authorities, are due nine times out of ten to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach. Chronic "acid stomach" is a disease, and should be treated as such. It should do either one of two things. Either they can go on a limited and often disagreeable diet, avoiding foods that disagree with them, that irritate the stomach and lead to excess acid secretion or they can eat as they please in reason and make it a practice to counteract the effect of the harmful acid and prevent the formation of gas, sourness or premature fermentation by the use of a little Bismarck Magnesia at their meals.

There is probably no better, safer or more reliable stomach antacid than Bismarck Magnesia and it is widely used for this purpose. It has no direct action on the stomach and is not a digestant. But a teaspoonful of the powder or a couple of five grain tablets taken in a little water with the food will neutralize the excess acidity which may be present and prevent its further formation. This removes the whole cause of the trouble and the meal digests naturally and healthfully without need of pepin pills or artificial digestants.

Get a few ounces of Bismarck Magnesia from any reliable druggist. Ask for either powder or tablets. It never comes as a liquid, milk or citrate and in the bisulphate form is not a laxative. It is a safe and reliable remedy. Ask for your next meal and see if this isn't the best advice you ever had on "what to eat."

QUOTATIONS IN ST. JOHN MARKET

Groceries.	
Sugar	Standard \$9.35 @ \$9.40
Yellow	Standard 8.85
Rice	100 lb 10.50
Yapoca	100 lb 0.17
Beans—	
Yellow-eyed	9.75 @ 10.00
White	9.50 @ 9.75
Creole of Tartar	0.84 @ 0.85
Molasses	0.92 @ 0.93
Peanut, split, bags	10.50 @ 11.00
Barley, pot, bags	6.00 @ 6.25
Cornmeal, grain	7.00 @ 7.10
Meats, Etc.	
Beef—	
Western	0.00 @ 0.21
Country	0.00 @ 0.13
Butchers'	0.18 @ 0.19
Eggs, case	0.47 @ 0.48
Eggs, fresh	0.50 @ 0.55
Spring lamb, per lb.	0.00 @ 0.27
Pork	0.00 @ 0.24
Veal	0.15 @ 0.19
Mutton	0.00 @ 0.30
Butter—	
Tab	0.40 @ 0.48
Roll	0.45 @ 0.48
Chickens	0.90 @ 0.45
Powder	0.25 @ 0.28
Potatoes, bushel	0.00 @ 1.45
Fruits, Etc.	
Almonds	0.34 @ 0.35
Bananas	0.25 @ 0.28
Walnuts	0.25 @ 0.28
Filberts	0.22 @ 0.23
Lemons	0.00 @ 10.00
Cal. Oranges	0.00 @ 11.50
Peanuts, roasted	0.23 @ 0.28
California	
Peaches	2.50 @ 3.00
Prunes	2.75 @ 4.00
Pears	5.00 @ 5.50
Canadian onions	0.90 @ 3.50
Fish	
Cod—	
Cod, medium	11.75 @ 12.00
Haddock	0.00 @ 0.13
Herring	0.00 @ 0.06
Halibut	0.00 @ 0.36
Canned Goods	
Corn, per doz.	2.50 @ 2.55
Beans—	
Each	2.40 @ 2.95
String	2.50 @ 2.55
Spice—	
Corned lb.	4.00 @ 4.50
Corned 2 1/2	3.00 @ 3.25
Pineapple, sliced	3.25 @ 3.50
Peanut	1.85 @ 2.00
Peaches, 2 1/2	2.50 @ 2.80
Pineapple, Lombard	2.00 @ 2.65
Raspberries	3.10 @ 3.20
Salmon—(Per case)	
Pinks	11.50 @ 11.85
Coboes	18.75 @ 14.00

FIELD MARCHAL HAIG'S FORCES CROSS THE HINDENBURG LINE

British Capture Baillieu and Numerous Other Places—French Hold All High Ground Between Soissons and Leury — British Close To Important Town of Peronne and Its Fall Expected Shortly.

London, Aug. 30.—Troops of Field Marshal Haig today crossed the Hindenburg line to the south of Bullecourt. In the Lys salient the British forces are reported to have taken Nootte Boom, three miles south of Baillieu. The Germans have retreated from the town of Baillieu.

North of Soissons French troops today captured Hill 159, and they now hold all the high ground between Soissons and Leury, according to information received from the battlefield this evening.

Reuter learns that Baillieu has been captured. The French south of the Somme are progressing. British troops are reported close to Peronne and have reached a point immediately north of Eterpigny. They are also north of Biaches. We hold Frenincourt, three miles east of Bapaume.

Fall of Le Transloy. With the British Forces in France, Aug. 30.—(By The Associated Press)—The Germans have been trying ever since the fall of Bapaume to hold the line running along the road between that town and Peronne. British patrols, however, actually have reached Le Transloy, directly on the road, and it is reported that Le Transloy has fallen and that a fierce battle within a radius of a mile or so has taken place along the whole length of the road.

Hard fighting is going on around Beaulieu, which is astride the road between Le Transloy and Bapaume. The Canadian hold the major portion of this village for the moment, but they seem destined to be thrown out from it. A bitter struggle also is in progress at southern Le Transloy. The fighting appears to have reached a hand-to-hand character and the Germans are said to have suffered from the British in some of the German formations. The 214th German Division is especially mentioned in this connection. One officer of this unit said his men absolutely refused in a body to fight and he personally shot ten of their refusals.

The officer added that when his men learned they were opposed by the Canadians the Germans also started a panic. A Canadian corps is reported to have captured sixty cannon in the operations of the last four days. He (sarcastically)—Pah! It's no use arguing with a fool. She (sweetly)—But I wasn't arguing with you, dear.

Here the Germans delivered a powerful counter-attack on the British withdrawal in the face of it. The artillery was turned into the trap the Germans had made for themselves, and after it had finished, the British moved back again and mopped up what remained of the Germans. Bullecourt is well in British hands, as apparently also is Hendeourt, Biscourt, and Cagnicourt seems to be in the possession of Field Marshal Haig's men. Heavy fighting is reported in this locality, as here the British have reached only a few hundred yards from the Drocourt-Queant switch line, which apparently is garrisoned with every man the German high command has been able to lay hands on. They are waiting for what they expect may come in their five lines of trenches, which are protected by many belts of barbed wire.

British Guns Thunder. But even as they wait they are being harassed by heavy fire from the British cannon, which throughout this zone of the battle are thundering away as hard as their gunners can force them.

From here northward across the Arras-Cambrai road and along the River Scarpe the British are pushing forward, gaining more ground, straightening their line and drawing generally closer to the Drocourt-Queant defences of the enemy. Counter-attacks have been launched on various parts of the battlefield, but none of them seems to have gained anything for the enemy. A majority of them have been completely broken up by the hail of bullets from machine guns and rifles before the enemy reached the British positions.

In the north there apparently is lively activity at several places. The British are reported to have made considerable advances. A report has just been received that Baillieu, southeast of Tynes, is being shelled by the enemy. If this is correct, it indicates that the Germans have withdrawn altogether from that important town and that the British either are entering Baillieu or will do so later in the day.

Clams 8.00 @ 8.25
Oysters—(Per doz.)
12 2.25 @ 2.30
25 2.50 @ 2.70
Tomatoes 2.75 @ 2.75
Strawberries 3.10 @ 2.20

Flour.
Government standard 0.00 @ 12.00
Ontario 12.00 @ 12.00
Ontario, standard 6.00 @ 6.00
(No quotation).
Oatsmeal, rolled 12.00
Provisions
Pork, Am. clear 50.00 @ 50.00
Beef, Am. plate 40.00 @ 41.00
Lard, pure 0.25 @ 0.25 1/2
Lard, comp. tubs 0.27 1/2 @ 0.27 1/2

TRY MAGNESIA FOR STOMACH TROUBLE

It Neutralizes Stomach Acidity, Prevents Food Fermentation, Sour, Gassy Stomach and Acid Indigestion.

Doubtless if you are a sufferer from indigestion, you have already tried pepin, bismuth, soda, charcoal, drugs and various digestive aids and you know these things will not cure your trouble—in some cases do not even give relief.

But before giving up hope and deciding you are a chronic dyspeptic, try the effect of a little bisulphated magnesia—not the ordinary commercial carbonate, citrate or milk, but the pure bisulphated magnesia which you can obtain from practically any druggist in either powdered or tablet form.

Take a teaspoonful of the powder or two compressed tablets with a little water after your best meal, and see what a difference this makes. It will instantly neutralize the dangerous, harmful acid in the stomach which now causes your food to ferment and sour, making gas, wind, flatulence, heartburn and the bloated or heavy, lumpy feeling that seems to follow most everything you eat. You will find that provided you take a little bisulphated magnesia immediately after a meal, you can eat almost anything and enjoy it without any danger of pain or discomfort to follow and moreover, the continued use of the bisulphated magnesia cannot injure the stomach in any way so long as there are any symptoms of acid indigestion.



Well now, could anything be neater, more snappy, more becoming than this new Fall model? Come in and get one, then take it up with the mirror.

The designers have put it over the best patterns of former seasons. Prices from \$20 to \$42. Overcoats too—Fall weights as stylish as they are necessary.

Gilmour's, 68 King St. Open Friday evening; close Saturday at 1.

FARMERS ATTENTION—The J. E. McAnley Co., Lower Millstream, will be prepared on and after Monday, September 9, to grind any wheat, buckwheat or other grain which may offer. Having secured the services of one of the most practical wheat millers in the Dominion we feel sure our patrons will receive satisfaction.

NATIONAL PROHIBITION FOR UNITED STATES

Washington, Aug. 29.—National prohibition moved a considerable step forward today in congress.

The senate late today adopted the leader's compromise on "bone dry" prohibition, effective July 1, 1919, and continuing during the war, and until the American troops are brought home and demobilized.

Passage of the bill itself is planned tomorrow and the measure will be returned to the house, which is expected by prohibition advocates to accept the senate provision.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 29. (By The Associated Press)—The defeats of the last two days and the continuous hammering seem to have almost led to open mutiny in some of the German formations. The 214th German Division is especially mentioned in this connection. One officer of this unit said his men absolutely refused in a body to fight and he personally shot ten of their refusals.

The officer added that when his men learned they were opposed by the Canadians the Germans also started a panic.

A Canadian corps is reported to have captured sixty cannon in the operations of the last four days.

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(No quotation).
Oatsmeal, rolled 12.00
Provisions
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Beef, Am. plate 40.00 @ 41.00
Lard, pure 0.25 @ 0.25 1/2
Lard, comp. tubs 0.27 1/2 @ 0.27 1/2

It's a Davis cigar!

Before the Perfection label can go on, twenty-one foremen and inspectors are held responsible for perfect stemming of perfect Sumatra wrappers, perfect maturing of perfect Havana fillers, perfect shape, perfect weight and size, perfect color, and perfect taste in the price of Perfection.

Infante Care is the price of Perfection.

S. DAVIS & SONS, Limited, MONTREAL.

Advance Autumn Modes

Interest centres now upon the arrival and display of Fall garments. Fresh, chic styles are replacing the lighter Summer fashions, and the store is gradually assuming a decided "Fall-time" air.

Many lovely new fashions have been produced for the coming season, and the best of them will be shown here. You will be pleased with the attractive styles already shown. See them today.

The Dresses

The most complete assemblage of dresses we have ever had the pleasure of showing. The very newest designs of satin and serge combination, handsome embroidered Jersey Cloth dresses which are commanding such great popularity. Smart junior models that are filling a long felt want for misses and small women.

Prices \$12.50 to \$57.50

The Coats

Handsome fur trimmed models in finest velour or broadcloth, rich plush coats, all of "Suits Esquimette and Seal," plush, plain or fur trimmed, new "Woolens" coats, a soft fine wool material, very attractive, and besides all these, the most wonderful value in heavy warm chinchillas, all shades.

Prices \$19.50 to \$97.50

The Blouses

Newest ideas in this Fall's Blouses which show all the smartest touches of trimming; round and square neck effects are especially popular and are shown in both pull-over and buttoned side styles; wonderfully pretty Georgette Blouses in the soft new shades.

Prices \$4.25 to \$15.00
New Dainty Velle Blouses, \$1.35 to \$5.50

Daniel
London House Head of King Street

CANADIANS GE...
They Strike Bet...
Cambrai Road...
Under Domin...
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London, Aug...
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Advance troop...
and west of Peronne...
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are now several kilom...
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With the British Arm...
Aug. 29. (By The Associ...
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Neul Berquin.
Reports of German retu...
continue to be secured...
formation from German...
On August 28, it was...
the Fifth Company of th...

MILES



now, could anything be more snappy, more...
In and get one, then take with the mirror.
Designers have put it all over best patterns of former...
from \$20 to \$42.
seats too—Fall weights as...
as they are necessary.
mour's, 68 King St.
Friday evening; close Saturday at 1.

ATTENTION—The J. E. Co., Lower Millstream, will...
and after Monday...
to grind any wheat...
or other grain which may...
Having secured the services...
of the most practical wheat mill...
the Dominion we feel sure our...
will receive satisfaction.

avis cigar
10 CENTS
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suits, Esquimaux and...
in or fur trimmed...
coats, a soft fine wool...
attractive, and besides...
of wonderful value...
and hosiery, all shades.

Blouses
in this Fall's Blouses...
the smartest touches...
and square neck...
lily popular and are...
all-over and buttoned...
derfully pretty Geor-...
the soft new shades.

Blouses
to \$5.50

Blouses
to \$5.50

Head of King Street

BRITISH ARMY TAKES MORE IMPORTANT CAPTURES

CANADIANS AGAIN ATTACK GERMAN LINE AND PUSH ON

They Strike Between Hendecourt and the Arras-Cambrai Road—Important Town of Peronne Under Domination of Marshal Haig's Forces—More German Soldiers Reluctant To Fight Further and Are Disgusted With High Command.

London, Aug. 30.—British troops have captured Combles, between Bapaume and the River Somme. Advance troops have crossed the River Somme south and west of Peronne.

Between Hendecourt and the Arras-Cambrai road the Canadians attacked the German line and made favorable progress. East of the Senese the forces of Field Marshal Haig made progress, capturing Bullecourt and Hendecourt-lez-Cagnicourt.

The British also captured Cierly-Sur-Somme, on the Somme river between Combles and Peronne. In the Clary-Sur-Somme and Combles area alone the British took more than 200 prisoners and a few guns yesterday.

It was the London and west Lancashire troops who made important progress yesterday afternoon east of the Somme river, capturing Bullecourt and Hendecourt-lez-Cagnicourt after hard fighting, together with the powerful German trench systems protecting these villages.

Astride the River Scarpe English and Scottish troops continued their advance yesterday and gained valuable ground in the direction of Eterhigny, Hamblain-Les-Prés and Plouvain. The village of Remy is held by the British. Prisoners were captured in these operations. In the valleys of the Lawe and Lys rivers our troops continued to push forward.

Blancourt Captured. London, Aug. 30.—British forces east of Arras resumed their advance this morning and at an early hour had penetrated another 2,000 yards on a front of seven miles between Bullecourt and the Scarpe, according to advices received here.

The British forces have reached within a mile of the Droocourt-Queant trench line and have captured Blancourt. Great Work of Australians. London, Aug. 30.—Australians troops are approaching Peronne, reports the Australian representative at the British front. The Australians captured Feuilles, Herbécourt, Assoulé, Barleux and Bellay yesterday. In the present drive they have recovered 125 square miles of territory and nearly forty villages, most of which are in ruins.

Paris, Aug. 30 (Havas Agency)—The British line north of the Somme has been carried beyond the points indicated in last night's statement from Field Marshal Haig and the British are now several kilometers east of Combles, according to reports to the newspapers here. The advance continues and the fall of Peronne is predicted. Mile from Peronne.

With the British Armies in France, Aug. 30. (By The Associated Press, noon)—Blaches, on the south bank of the Somme, and about a mile from Peronne, has been captured by Field Marshal Haig's forces. British troops have passed through Morval, to the southeast.

British troops this morning passed forward in an easterly direction from Bapaume. The British have made further advances in the north of Lens. At one place they passed forward for a distance of 1,000 yards. Le Transloy, on the Bapaume-Peronne high road, has been captured. British Push Forward.

This morning the British pushed forward rapidly from Bapaume and are now fighting to the east of Fromcourt on the road to Cambrai and Bancourt. The Germans are fighting rear guard actions. The main enemy force seems to be in full retreat in this locality.

North of Bapaume the most important captures have been made. The strong defences which had been erected by the Germans at Bullecourt, Hendecourt-lez-Cagnicourt and Riencourt-lez-Cagnicourt have been stormed and captured.

At Riencourt, especially, were the defenses strong and the town sits atop high ground which in itself forms a natural defensive position. It had been thought that the Germans would hold on to this place desperately and they did for the first part of the attack.



What Is Canada's Flag?

CANADA, where is thy flag, Welding race and race together! Union Jack, that wondrous rag, Dear to those who've trod the heather, Dear to those who love the rose, Blending Irish cross and nation With the crosses of old foes In a just and fair relation, Bears no emblem of the men, First to cross the stormy ocean, Bringing faith and plough and pen, First to know with deep emotion, Canada, thy name, as home. True, provincial arms commingle On thy flag o'er ships that roam; In their stead an emblem single, Maple leaf of golden hue, Would announce to all more proudly Whence thy ships their anchors drew, Would announce to all more loudly, Canada, thy nation's life, And on land when bells are ringing To acclaim the end of strife, When with joy each heart is singing, Canada, is this thy flag! Welding race and race together Waving from each roof and eave, East and West, one nation ever!

AMY REDFERN RODDICK.

NATIONAL GAME OF BELGIUM A "RIOT" FOR AMERICANS

Somewhere in Belgium, Aug. 5 (by mail)—Speaking of Belgian outrages, did you ever see the national game of that unfortunate country? No? Well, it's a great little game when you get to know it well, though rather difficult for the stranger to comprehend the first time he sees it. A number of Red Triangles physical directors who recently landed in — are still suffering from an overdose of this stuff.

It was this way: On a bright July afternoon these men, fresh from the United States, were sitting around taking the air when a report reached them that a big riot was in progress on the public square. As the secretaries had come over to do war work, they thought it would be a good idea to warm up on a riot, so they hastened to the scene of the excitement. The report that there was rioting proved to be unfounded to the extent that everybody was in perfect health, no destruction of life or property. Otherwise it was true. The Belgians were indulging in their favorite sport.

Couldn't Get the Name. The Americans were told the name of the game but there are no letters in our alphabet that will spell it, so the information cannot be passed on in print. Painstaking and polite Belgians, speaking perfect French, spent the entire afternoon trying to make its finer points clear to Y. M. C. A. men who understand every word of English they hear.

A sketchy description of the rules of this fascinating recreation might possibly be packed into 10,000 words. The game's national publication, corresponding to the American Spalding and Beach baseball guide, is printed in twenty-two volumes, 8 mo., pearl type. An appendix of thirty-four volumes notes exceptions to the basic rules. In this respect sport is like the French irregular verb, which starts out bravely in one conjugation, wanders around through all the others, and finally gets back home only with a single letter of their original form remaining.

This particular Sunday afternoon a game was played by Belgian soldiers about a dozen taking part. Each player had his own umpire, who sat on the side lines with a judicial air and called 'em wrong, just as the umpires do at home. The official costume consists of a khaki yachting cap, a white shirt, white canvas trousers and white shoes. One of the rules is that the contestants must wear "gal-lies" in plain view. The 308 hitters wear both a belt and suspenders.

The Playing Field. The action takes part upon a court of funnel shape marked out on the concrete pavement of the public square. This court is perhaps a hundred and twenty-five feet long and about seventy-five feet wide at the big end and fifty feet wide at the small end. It is a wide, soft ball about the size of a handball. One of the players stationed in the large part of the funnel serves this ball with an underhand wallop that drives it to the other end of the court. The players grouped together in the small end, or "spoon," endeavor to return it. Endeavor is the word, for they seldom succeed.

As soon as the ball hits the ground, 1915, in the 72nd year of her age, Mary Belmont, beloved wife of P. Sherman Peters entered into Paradise. Funeral at St. John's church, Gagetown at 2 p. m., Sunday.

FUNERALS. The funeral of Mrs. Jane Catherine Wood, Fairville, took place yesterday morning. Rev. Thomas Marshall conducted the service; interment in Musquash.

DIED. FITZGERALD—In this city, on the 29th inst., Edith Gertrude, wife of R. E. Fitzgerald, leaving her husband, two sons, one sister and one brother to mourn. Funeral from the late residence, 121 Elliott Row, Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock to the Cathedral of High Mass of Requiem. Friends invited to attend.

STELLARTON VETS. HELD FIELD DAY

Captain Black Says Affair Was Grand Success—The Kaiser Saturated With Oil and Burned.

Capt. R. Robinson Black, organizer and inspector for Boys' Cadet Corps for the maritime provinces, arrived in the city yesterday. Last Wednesday afternoon and evening was spent by Capt. Black at Stellarton, N. B., where he had charge of the parade for the G. W. V. A. who held field day and programme of sports on that day.

Speaking of this event Capt. Black said it was a big success and the financial returns would be more than anticipated by the promoters. Large crowds were present from the surrounding towns of New Glasgow and Trenton and everything passed off pleasantly.

The entertainment was under the charge of Lieut. Gillingwater, M. C., and Capt. Black was asked to take charge of the parade as Lieut-Col. Pursey was unable to be present. A feature of the parade was the turn out of the Cadets. An emphy of the Kaiser was carried in the procession and this was sold at auction to the Central News close of the sports and then saturated with oil and burned while the crowd cheered.

Lieut. Gillingwater conveyed the thanks of the Veterans to Capt. Black for his kindness in taking charge of the parade, and in doing so referred to the fact that Capt. Black's oldest son was in the imperial army in India, and that Capt. Black himself had been one of the first to offer his services as an adjutant to the Central News.

Capt. Black in reply thanked the speaker for his kind words and complimented the Veterans of Picton county on the entertainment provided, and the manner in which the sports had been conducted.

On Thursday afternoon Capt. Black was asked to address the Maritime Teachers' Institute at Moncton on the work of the Cadet Corps. He pointed out the need for physical training in the schools as an adjunct to the educational part of the curriculum and pleaded for an even closer co-operation between the teachers and the leaders in the Cadet movement.

Capt. Black's remarks on this subject were listened to with the greatest interest.

HINDY IS ALIVE

London, Aug. 29.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, replying to a telegram recently sent to him by members of the Fatherland party at Batschenberg, Bohemia, asking for some sign that he was alive, in order to end the rumors that he had died, is quoted in an Amsterdam despatch to the Central News as saying: "I am as right as a trivet and looking calmly to the future."

BORN IN WOODSTOCK

East Bridgewater, Mass., Aug. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. John H. Curtis, formerly of Woodstock, N. B., have been notified that their son Private William A. Curtis, who went overseas last November with a Canadian unit, has been missing since Aug. 10. Private Curtis was born in Woodstock 21 years ago.

It was very easy to see from the actions and facial expressions of the players that the umpires were having a bad day. The "em" couldn't understand Belgian even when spoken by a man in his right mind, and certainly had no chance of comprehending the words of a lot of excited athletes. Yet those among them that had been baseball fans back home knew what was being said just as well as if it had been parley-voussing from birth.

"Gosh, sole" (French for "alk") the home boys would say whenever they heard the umpire give a particularly displeasing ruling. "Your work is getting coarser touts les jours. You haven't done us a close one this season. What is the matter with your work? Look at the ball occasionally, don't guess at 'em all."

"Par bleu" Sole would reply with dignity. "I'll make you allow 'to the clubhouse. One more not from couch and you'll be on your route to the shower bath. If you want to jouer any longer, fermez your traps and keep it ferme." Joux ball.

"It's a great game because so many can play at one time and so little paraphernalia is required. It keeps one out in the air and gives plenty of exercise, especially to the larynx. Its only effect as a national institution is that no man that summers has a chance to make over a mediocre player. With all respect and admiration for our Belgian allies, most Americans would prefer baseball after seeing a Belgian world's series."

JAPANESE TROOPS IN THE FIGHTING. Vladivostok, Aug. 26, Monday. (Reuters)—The enemy in considerable numbers attacked desperately along the Ussuri front last Saturday. All the Allied forces participated in the fighting except the Americans. Upwards of 300 of the enemy were killed. The Japanese bore the brunt of the fighting. They captured two armored trains and several field guns.

SHOOTING SEASON OPENS ON MONDAY

Season For Ducks, Geese and Brant, Sept. 1 To Dec. 14—For Woodcock and Snipe Sept. 15 To Nov. 30.

Many local hunters have been enquiring when they can commence hunting ducks, and they will be pleased to learn that they can start in on Monday, for on that date the season opens.

The Dominion government has taken over the act regarding migratory birds, and the season for shooting ducks, geese and brant, commences on September 1st and closes December 14th. The season for shooting woodcock and snipe opens on September 15 and closes November 30.

Many hunters were of the opinion that the seasons did not open until a later date, but they can now start out on Labor Day and try their skill with the shot gun.

SERVICE BETWEEN BOSTON, NOVA SCOTIA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

Will Be Inaugurated By Nova Scotia Steamships Ltd.—Frank Chipman, the Halifax Manager.

The regular steamship service between Boston, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland will shortly be inaugurated by the Nova Scotia Steamships, Ltd. The company maintain a line to New York. Boston merchants have for some time been endeavoring to interest the company in the project. Frank C. Chipman of the old Plant Line will probably be the Halifax manager. Adequate terminal facilities have been secured there and the preliminary details are now being arranged. The company may later decide to include Yarmouth in its list of connecting ports, which would afford further relief to exporters to Nova Scotia. The former line between Boston and Yarmouth discontinued sailings about a month ago.

Should Yarmouth be taken in it will prove most beneficial for St. John merchants.

ROTHESAY COLLEGIATE SCHOOL

ROTHESAY, N. B. Michaelmas Term Opens on Thursday, September 12. For boys under thirteen two entrance scholarships, value \$50 each, are open for competition. For School Calendar and other particulars apply to Rev. W. R. Hibbard, M. A., Head Master, Rothesay.

St. Andrew's College

Canada A Residential and Day School FOR BOYS UPPER SCHOOL. Lower School: Boys prepared for Universities, Royal Military College and Business. Autumn Term commences on Sept. 16, 1918. REV. D. BRUCE MACDONALD, M.A., LL.B., Headmaster. Calendar sent on Application.

Sheep on Every Hill Side In New Brunswick

The New Brunswick Government, through the Department of Agriculture, has arranged with the Chartered Banks to help the Farmers — where assistance is needed — to buy Sheep. The Department will not only arrange to buy Sheep FOR the Farmers, but will also buy good breeders FROM the Farmers — in other words, this branch of the Agricultural Department WILL SUPERVISE ALL PURCHASES AND SALES OF SHEEP.

CREDIT FOR THE PURCHASE OF SHEEP. Every bona fide farmer who wishes to purchase sheep for breeding purposes and cannot pay cash, may secure twelve months' credit for two-thirds of the purchase price. GO TO THE MANAGER OF THE CHARTERED BANK IN YOUR COMMUNITY AND PLACE YOUR ORDER FOR THE NUMBER OF SHEEP REQUIRED ACCOMPANIED WITH A CASH PAYMENT OF \$3.00 PER HEAD ON GRADES AND \$10.00 PER HEAD ON PURE BREDS. The Manager will forward the order to the Department of Agriculture; the Department will purchase the sheep and deliver them to your nearest railway station. The balance of the purchase price can be paid as follows: Two-thirds, or about \$10.00 per head, by a twelve months' note, and a cash payment of about \$2.00 per head on grade sheep. Under the credit system not more than 21 sheep can be secured by any one farmer. Any farmer who wishes to secure a greater number and cannot purchase locally can be supplied by the Department of Agriculture for cash.

PRICES. FIRST QUALITY stock only will be secured. All sheep will be carefully inspected before purchasing. Mature sheep are hard to obtain, therefore ewe lambs will form the major portion of the stock distributed. Prices will range from \$12.00 to \$15.00, according to size and quality, delivered at the nearest railway station. The Department has not entered upon this as a commercial transaction — THE SHEEP WILL BE PURCHASED AS CHEAPLY AS POSSIBLE AND RESOLD FOR COST PRICE PLUS TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING CHARGES. PURE BRED RAMS. The Department is now purchasing pure bred lamb and shearing rams. The lamb rams will cost from \$30.00 to \$40.00 and the shearing rams \$25.00 to \$50.00 each. Exceptional individuals will cost from \$50.00 to \$60.00 each. THE RAMS HAVE BEEN SELECTED FROM RELIABLE BREEDERS IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES, QUEBEC AND ONTARIO.

SUITABILITY OF NEW BRUNSWICK FARMS FOR SHEEP PRODUCTION. The hilly country makes ideal conditions for sheep pasturage. Hay, roots and oats are the staple crops — they are likewise the staple sheep foods also. THE WOOL PRODUCED IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES IS THE FINEST QUALITY IN CANADA AND BRINGS THE HIGHEST PRICES. MUTTON LAMBS AND MUTTON CANNOT BE SURPASSED. The system of farming followed in New Brunswick makes the keeping of a flock of sheep easy and very profitable. THE FUTURE. H. S. Arkell, Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, states: "That sheep products have no doubt reached their maximum price, but that he cannot see any reason for a material decline in the price for at least ten years." Unwashed wool is worth from 70c. to 80c. per pound, according to grade. Good lambs from \$10.00 to \$12.00 each. Under careful management the first clip of wool and the first crop of lambs will pay for the foundation stock. If possible, purchase locally. Secure foundation stock from your neighbors immediately if available — NOT ONE EWE LAMB SUITABLE FOR BREEDING SHOULD BE SLAUGHTERED THIS YEAR. PROCEDURE TO PROCURE SHEEP. IF YOU CANNOT PURCHASE LOCALLY, PLACE YOUR ORDER IMMEDIATELY WITH YOUR LOCAL BANK MANAGER; HE WILL FORWARD IT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FREDERICTON. Unless orders are given it will be impossible to secure in time to make delivery before winter sets in. This is a business proposition — think it over — decide and see your Banker. For further information apply to THOS. HETHERINGTON, Live Stock Superintendent, Department of Agriculture, Fredericton.

J. F. TWEEDDALE, Minister of Agriculture.

CANADIANS MAKE EXPLOITING PROGRESS DAILY

THE BOYS FROM DOMINION IN SOME HEAVY FIGHTING NOW

Entire Front Pushed Forward Seven Miles or More This Week—Deep Penetration Made At Drocourt-Queant Switch, Also East of Briary and East of Vis-en-Artois—Germans Call Canadians Indians.

Ottawa, Aug. 30.—Roland Hill, correspondent with the Canadians, writes from France, as follows:

"The territory over which the Canadians have advanced is dotted with places that will be historic. Beaucourt Wood, for instance, sheltered a horde of machine guns. The tanks waddled towards it fearlessly, while troops from one of our divisions worked to the flanks. It was soon captured after a stiff fight. One of the tanks broke down near the edge of the wood and is anchored there yet. Every petrol can it is riddled with bullets and the steel sides of the monster are dinged and tattooed by the hail of lead poured at it, giving evidence of the danger our men have to face.

"On the third day of the attack a Hun despatch rider who had no idea the Canadians had advanced so far into his lines was caught riding his motor cycle towards the village where a few hours before his division headquarters were located. When he was halted and found himself a prisoner he became quite churlish and boastful, recapturing all the ground that had been taken from them within two days. The divisional signal station, with a number of operators busy at the 'buggers' and 'phones,' had been added to our list of spoils shortly before the despatch rider's capture. In another dug-out were two officers and thirty other ranks who were taken prisoners, one of the prisoners told some of his men that the Canadians were Indians and were not gentlemen. He was asked what he considered himself and with the arrogance of his ilk said:—'A German gentleman.' 'There isn't no such animal,' returned an Ontario sergeant.

"Push Line Forward. With the Canadian Forces, Aug. 29.—(By J. F. B. Livesey, correspondent of The Canadian Press).—After very hard fighting all day yesterday the entire front of the Canadians has been pushed forward to a depth of 12,000 yards from the jumping off point on Monday last, and we are now in possession of more than 1,500 enemy advance positions in front of what he has advertised as his main line of resistance—the Drocourt-Queant switch. Deep penetration has been made into that line east of Briary and also east of Vis-en-Artois. In the first two days fighting the Canadians captured more than 1,500 prisoners, exclusive of wounded, besides accounting for large numbers of enemy dead. A considerable number of guns, both heavy and light, have been captured, but they are not so numerous as the captures of the early days of the Amiens battle, because the enemy has followed the policy of withdrawing his artillery, so far as possible behind his main line.

"Sanguinary Fighting. Unlike the initial surprise attack the fighting has been of the most sanguinary character and it is only by valor and superior morale that our troops have triumphed. Casualties have therefore been inevitable. Relatively, however, to the enemy's loss in killed, wounded and prisoners our own is light. Deep penetration has been made at all costs to his chosen line of defence was shown early this evening when an entire fresh division was brought up hurriedly from south and thrown in a counter-attack on our troops in front of Jisgaw Wood and Boiry. It failed as our men held their ground and demonstrated once again the superiority of the Canadian soldier even against overwhelming numbers. Our machine gunners are doing great work.

"Praise For Signallers. Too much praise cannot be given to the signallers who working under a broken and a blasted country wire connection between the scattered units and their headquarters. The line was practically static last night. The heavy repulse the Boche suffered in his counter-attack last evening probably sickened him. Fresh troops are being thrown in by the enemy. It is fine today. Our troops this week have been fighting under miserable conditions, constantly drenched to the skin by torrential rains and plunging their way forward in a sea of mud. The roads have suffered and the work of the transports, the forward movement of batteries and so on has been hampered by the weather. The chalky soil drains quick, however, and when the sun shines all goes well.

"Gagetown. Gagetown, Aug. 28.—On Saturday morning Mrs. A. R. Brennan received a cable from Major Brennan, announcing his safe arrival in England with a recent large convoy of troops. Gunner R. P. Scovill, of the Siege Battery, St. John came up last week to spend some time at his home in New Brunswick. Gunner Alfred J. Sparrow came up from St. John on Saturday for a short visit with friends here. Mr. Sparrow, who has already seen much service at the front, expects to return overseas before long. Private Fred V. Doherty and James Kennedy, of Passages, spent last week here, where they were guests of the Hillboro Superior College. Mr. and Mrs. Nell C. Turner motored from Aroostook Junction last week to visit Mr. and Mrs. George W. Coy. Dr. James M. Palmer, Mrs. Palmer and son Kenneth, who have been spending the past week with Mrs. Johanna P. Bulvee, have returned to Sackville. Miss Ethel Boyd has returned from Charlottetown, P. E. I., where she has been visiting Rev. O. H. Peters and Mrs. Peters. Miss Edna B. Boyd left on Saturday for Hillsboro, where she will be principal of the Hillsboro Superior College during the coming year. Miss Florence Coy returned last week to Fredericton to complete her course at the Fredericton Business College. Miss Maud M. Phillips, of Presque Isle, (Me.), Miss Ada M. Baxter, St. John and Miss M. J. Roach of Grand Bay spent last week at Gray Gabies. Dr. V. Weston, who has been spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Weston, has returned home. Miss Hazel Hamilton, of Somerville, (Mass.) was here for a few days last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. McAllister. Miss Marion Caswell left on Saturday for Fredericton where she has accepted a position on the staff of the Model School. Miss Valde Fenton, of St. John, is here to spend a month with her father, W. I. Fenton at their summer home at Lower Gagetown. Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Dalling, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Jones, and Miss Jones, of Woodstock, were at Dingee's Hotel last week while on a motor trip down the river. Miss Peck, of Hopewell Cape is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Coy for a fortnight's visit. John and James Kinney and family motored from Presque Isle, Me., last week and spent some days with Mr. and Mrs. Michael Law and Mr. and Mrs. T. Dalby Sharpe. Mr. John Kinney's early home was in Gagetown, and he received a hearty welcome from many old friends. Roy Crawford and party of friends, of St. John, who were on a yachting cruise along the river last anchor at Gagetown for several days last week. Miss Margaret Law returned to Maryville on Saturday to resume her duties on the teaching staff of the Maryville school. Mr. and Mrs. Richard R. Reid returned on Saturday afternoon from spending a enjoyable week with Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Chestnut at their summer camp at Springhill. Mr. Reid secured several fine salmon. Miss Florence Du Verne, of Boston, Mass., is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Caswell. Miss Maud Palmer has been spending a week in Fredericton, with Mr. and Mrs. A. C. M. Leveson. Miss Kate Palmer has returned from spending a month with friends at St. Martin's. Miss Harry Watson and children, of Magnolia Lake, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Moore.

"No Humbug! Lift off Corns. Doesn't hurt a bit to lift a corn or callus off with fingers. For a few cents you can get a small bottle of the magic drug freestone recently discovered by a Cincinnati man. Just ask at any drug store for a small bottle of freestone. Apply a few drops upon a tender, aching corn and instantly, yes, immediately, all soreness disappears and shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you lift it out, root and all, with the fingers. Just think! Not one bit of pain before applying freestone or afterwards. It doesn't even irritate the surrounding skin. Hard corns, soft corns, corns between the toes, also hardened calluses on bottom of feet, just seem to shrivel up and fall off without hurting a particle. It is almost magical. Ladies! Keep a tiny bottle on your dresser and never lift a corn or callus the twice.

"In Old Age. Health and comfort in old age depends largely on keeping the liver and kidneys in healthful action. Pains and aches, stiffness of the joints, lumbago and rheumatism tell of poisons left in the blood by sluggishness of the liver and kidneys. People in advanced years hold Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in high esteem because of the promptness and certainty with which they awaken the action of kidneys, liver and bowels.

RUSSIA NOT NATURAL ENEMY NEARLY 500 CASUALTIES

When That Document Was Signed Her Territory Shrank Like Balzac's Magic Skin—Bolsheviks Not Only Murderous Ruffians But Bunglers and Charlatans.

(By W. L. McPherson.)

In the months since the Brest-Litovsk treaty was signed Russia has ceased to be a nation. She has had only a shadow of central government. Her territory has shrunk like Balzac's Magic Skin. At Brest-Litovsk von Kuhlmann and von Czerain played on the credulity and folly of the Bolsheviks. They rudely dismembered the ancient Romanoff empire, Lenin and Trotsky looking on with fatuous complacency. Germany took under the disingenuous 'self-determination' classes of the treaty, the bulk of Western Russia—Finland, Lithuania, Poland and the Ukraine. She gave three Trans-Caucasian governments to Turkey. Later, without any warrant but force, she stripped Russia of Cyprus, and Estonia, Carelia, the Crimea and the whole northern Black Sea coast. She allotted Bessarabia to Roumania.

In all this territory—the most populous and the most highly developed industrially in the former Romanoff Empire—Berlin set up a German overlordship. Germany began at once to exploit its resources for her own benefit and to lay plans for reducing the rest of Russia, Siberia included, to a condition of economic dependency. It was her purpose, undoubtedly, to reconstitute her armies with conscripts furnished by the puppet states she had established in Western Russia. In Finland she is now demanding that Finnish troops shall attack the Allied forces which have been landed on the Kola peninsula and at Archangel.

The Bolshevik government at Moscow has been a pliant German tool. But a pure accident saved Russia. Out of a clear sky came the Czechoslovak intervention. History contains no more romantic or dramatic episode than the sudden transformation wrought in the Russian situation by the chance interposition of these Austro-Hungarian ex-prisoners of war. Their adventure is a chronicle more stirring than the March to the Sea of Xerophon's Ten Thousand.

The Czechoslovak expedition, led by Gen. Smetana, and gladly surprised to enter the Russian ranks. Peace left them in an embarrassing situation. They could not afford to be exchanged as prisoners. They were no longer prisoners, but rebels. They demanded an opportunity to get out of the front and to return overseas. The Bolshevik government promised them transportation to the Pacific Coast. If Germany could have read the future she would have speeded them on their way.

But Germany didn't want to let them escape to join the Allied armies in France and Italy. German influence with the Bolsheviks was exerted to stop them on their way through Siberia. Despite Lenin's promises to the inter-Allied powers at various points on the Siberian railroad, to protect themselves they routed and disarmed the Red Guards who attempted to interfere with their march. Then they seized the Siberian railroad. A few of them had got through to Vladivostok and remained there. They eventually took over that port. The rest, scattered through the Ural and Lake Balkal, extended their hold on the Siberian system until they held it practically from Irkutsk to the Ural mountains.

The strength of the Czechoslovak force has been estimated at from 60,000 to 120,000. Probably there have been less than 30,000 of them under arms. But they have done work which looks miraculous. Having cleared the Siberian line from Lake Balkal to the Ural, they have steadily marched west into Russia proper and established themselves on the line of the Volga River. Lenin and Trotsky have sent armies against them. But they have held their ground. They have shown a discipline, high intelligence as soldiers and extraordinary courage. Every Czechoslovak is an ardent patriot. He is fighting for the liberation of his race, for the realization of a dream which his people have cherished for centuries.

The Czechoslovak army has maintained itself in Siberia and Russia because it has never clashed with the bulk of the population. It does not oppress the people. Without their fortuitous interposition the Japanese would have been in the East. The Japanese, as a precaution, have already sent Nikolai, on the Pacific Coast, at the mouth of the Amur. This port is about 700 miles north of Vladivostok. But for a successful campaign in the maritime province and along the Amur a considerable Allied force will be needed.

The Allies have established themselves at two other points in Asiatic Russia. The British have recently dispatched small contingents to Bakhara and Baku. Both these operations are defensive in character. The new Persian government seems to have turned away from Turkey and the Pan-Turanian agitators. Since Russia disappeared and Great Britain assumed the partition of Persia, Russia has become a 'sphere of influence' relation between Teheran and London have become more cordial. With Persia's active or passive good will the British can maintain a force in Bakhara, protecting the Bakhara railroad and guarding the northern approaches to India.

France also has an outpost in the way of the second British expedition—across her northwestern province—from Mesopotamia to Baku. Armenians and Bolsheviks joined in opposing the Turkish invasion of

NEARLY 500 CASUALTIES

In Yesterday's List 86 Killed in Action, 30 Died, 25 Presumed Dead, 35 Missing, 51 Gassed and 300 or More Wounded.

Ottawa, Aug. 30.—There were 471 casualties in today's list, of which 86 were killed in action, 22 died of wounds, 8 died, 25 presumed to have died, 4 wounded and missing, 5 missing, believed killed, 23 missing, 15 ill, 127 wounded, 61 gassed and 2 prisoners of war.

Maritime Province names follow:

Infantry.
Killed in action—M. McDonald, Sydney, N. S.; J. R. McKenzie, French River, P. E. I.; H. W. MacQuarrie, Victoria, P. E. I.; H. Besch, Brookville, N. B.; R. Manning, Diligent River, N. B.; J. R. Gabriel, St. John; W. M. Hicks, Liverpool, N. S.; A. McLeod, North Debeque, P. E. I.; J. R. McPherson, Wood Island North, P. E. I.; E. D. Kelwood, Snyder Mountain, N. B.; J. E. Denley, St. Stephen, N. B.; T. N. Parker, St. John (before reported); A. R. Peters, Oyster Bed Bridge, P. E. I.; W. J. Hamill, Armstrong Corner, N. B.; F. Kingston, York Mills, N. B.; T. Geol. O'Leary, P. E. I.; D. J. O'Leary, P. E. I.; G. Demerchut, Olanoville, N. B.; P. Grucher, Albany Cross, N. S.; W. L. Godfrid, Little Harbor, N. S.; Presumed to have died—G. Demerchut, Bath, N. B.; Wounded and missing—M. McDonald, Trenton, N. S.; C. A. White, Cumberland, P. E. I.; W. T. Suttory, Red Rapids, N. B.

Artillery.
Wounded—A. J. McGillivray, Glace Bay, N. S.; G. S. Sobey, Maple Glen, N. B.; Presumed to have died—C. S. Sobey, Maple Glen, N. B.; Machine Guns.
Wounded—N. R. McKenzie, St. Peters, N. S.; Railway Troops.
II—M. Duffy, St. John; Services.
II—F. P. Leonard, Truro, N. S.

Infantry.
Missing—R. B. Estey, Zealand Station, N. B.; H. C. Peterson, address not stated.
II—A. Shannon, Lennox Ferry, N. B.; N. A. McQuarrie, Meadowville Station, N. S.; P. H. Mitchell, Oyster Pond, N. S.; A. R. McCutcheon, Olanoville, N. B.; M. H. LeBlanc, Cogan, N. B.; J. Knockwood, Moncton, N. B.; R. J. Saunders, Pleasantfield, N. B.; Wounded.
Lieut. F. W. Smith, Woods Harbor, N. S.

Infantry.
Wounded—C. Woodhams, Greenwich, N. S.; A. Moore, New Aberdeen, N. S.; J. P. Jenkins, Dundas, Lot 55, P. E. I.; A. Mammery, Halifax; W. W. Gorrie, Greenwood, P. E. I.; W. T. Clair, Montague, P. E. I.; E. DeLaney, Main River, N. B.; J. W. Reid, North Sydney, N. S.; W. D. Hogan, Plympton, N. S.; W. E. Bryant, Eilers, P. E. I.; J. Arsenault, Petit Rocher, N. B.; P. T. Davenport, Charlton, N. B.; E. L. Ash, Hark; J. S. Groves, Tyrone, P. E. I.; J. W. L. Allen, Boughton Island, P. E. I.; E. W. McIver, Inverness, N. S.; A. T. McKay, Chimney Corner, N. S.; C. E. Welmer, Hants, N. S.; J. McGrath, address not stated; L. L. Wedge, Summerside, P. E. I.; J. E. Reade, Moncton, N. B.

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CHIMNEY FIRE. An alarm was sent in yesterday morning from Box 14 for a chimney fire in Hainsworth street. When the fireman arrived the fire was practically extinguished.

ARRIVED IN ENGLAND. Mrs. W. McLeod Daye of Beaulieu street received a cablegram from her husband yesterday morning announcing the safe arrival of her son, Gunner W. Baginild Daye, artillery.



His Master's Voice Records for September On Sale To-day

90 cents for 10-inch, double-sided same price elsewhere, double-sided
One for All and All for One
Good Bye, Mother Machine
There's a Lump of Sugar Down in Dixie
Oh Lady! Lady!—Molly O'Connell
Oh Lady! Lady!—Molly O'Connell
Waltz—Antonio Davis Orchestra
Sings—Molly O'Connell
Waltz—Antonio Davis Orchestra

\$1.50 for 12-inch, double-sided
Gems from "Reinbow Girl"
Gems from "Rock-a-bye Baby"
Victor Light Opera Company
Nestlé-Red Seal Selections
Accompanied by Lieut. Gita Rice, of the first Canadian contingent, charmingly rendered by McCormack.
Dear Old Pal of Mine John McCormack 64785
You'll be glad to hear your Calli-Cardi record
Barbère—Una voce poco fa Calli-Cardi 74843

There are nearly 35 others to choose from.
Hear them at any "His Master's Voice" dealer
Victrolas from \$34 up, on easy payments if desired. Write for free copy of our 620-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 9000 "His Master's Voice" Records.

Berliner Gram-o-phone Co. MONTREAL LIMITED

10 Lenoir Street
"His Master's Voice" St. John Dealers
C. H. TOWNSEND PIANO CO., 16 King Street
JOHN FRODSHAM, Royal Hotel, King Street
J. KERRETT, Opposite Opera House Union Street

Wholesale Distributors
Prince William Street
LANDRY & COMPANY
79 Germain Street
ALLANS PHARMACY
King St. West St. John

Don't Forget
There are no others. You cannot purchase these new "His Master's Voice" Records at any but our authorized dealers.
Remember—There are no others!

SOLD BY
C. H. TOWNSEND PIANO CO.
56 KING STREET

FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS This Lovely Pony or \$100.00 Cash

Can You Solve This Great War Puzzle?
WHO WANTS ME?

Four Things That Will Win The War
WHAT ARE THEY?
THE 16 Clues show you how to solve the puzzle. Each clue is a word or name of a person, place, or thing. The number of letters in the word or name is given in parentheses. The words or names are arranged in a circle. The letters of the words or names are arranged in a circle. The letters of the words or names are arranged in a circle.

THE PRIZES
1st Prize \$100.00 Cash
2nd Prize \$50.00 Cash
3rd Prize \$25.00 Cash
4th Prize \$10.00 Cash
5th Prize \$5.00 Cash
6th Prize \$2.50 Cash
7th Prize \$1.25 Cash
8th Prize \$0.625 Cash
9th Prize \$0.3125 Cash
10th Prize \$0.15625 Cash

Send Your Answers This Very Evening!
If you solve the puzzle you will win a prize. The prize is a lovely pony or \$100.00 cash. The prize is a lovely pony or \$100.00 cash. The prize is a lovely pony or \$100.00 cash.

When Using WILSON'S FLY PADS
DEAD DIRECTIONS
FOR MORE EFFECTIVE THAN STICKY FLY PAPERS
Wilson's Fly Pads are the best for killing flies and mosquitoes. They are made of a special material that is sticky and kills the insects. They are made of a special material that is sticky and kills the insects.

For more effective than sticky fly papers
Wilson's Fly Pads are the best for killing flies and mosquitoes. They are made of a special material that is sticky and kills the insects. They are made of a special material that is sticky and kills the insects.

Income 63

\$500

Town of Trenton

5% Bond

DUE 1st OF

Interest payable

and July

Denominations

A return of

cent. on the security

Town of Trenton

able investment

which we recommend

Ask For Full Part

Eastern Security

Ltd.

Jas. MacMurray,

Director

St. John, N. B.

Hal

TENDER

SEALED TENDERS

the undersigned, and

er for Plumbing and

Home, St. John County

John, N. B., will be

office until 12 o'clock

September 18, 1918, for

and installation of plumbing

apparatus, Nurses

if the intending bidder

will bid.

By order,
R. C. DEB

Department of Public
Ottawa, August 26,

NEWS SU

(McDUGALL)

New York, Aug.

Baltimore declared

cent. on common

stock of record Sep

State Motors Car

clears regular qu

\$1.25, payable Oct.

ord Sept. 15th.

American Agricul

year ended June

surplus after charg

dividends \$4,825,000

shares common

surplus and \$2,811,

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St. Paul meeting

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I. C. C. allows N

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for railway trackm

J. Y. COTTO

(McDugall)

Jan. 11

Mar. 24

May 24

Oct. 24

Dec. 24

DAILY

ARRIVED IN ENGLAND. ...

Master's 'Voice' records

Today

Company 3567

Income 63-4% \$5000

Town of Trenton, N.S. 5% Bonds

DUE 1st OF JULY, 1937

Interest payable 1st January and July.

Denominations \$500. A return of 63-4 per cent. on the security of the Town of Trenton is a desirable investment and one which we recommend.

Ask For Full Particulars.

Eastern Securities Co. Ltd.

Jas. MacMurray, Managing Director.

St. John, N. B.

Halifax, N. S.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Stone at Souris, P. E. I." will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, September 17, 1918, for the delivery and placing of stone on portions of the seaward side of the Souris breakwater, Kings County, P. E. I.

Plans and forms of contract can be seen and specification and forms of tender obtained at this Department, at the offices of the District Engineer at Charlottetown, P. E. I., St. John, N. B., and at Post Office, Souris, P. E. I.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on printed forms supplied by the Department, and in accordance with the conditions contained therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent of the amount of tender. War Loan bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

Note—Bids prints can be obtained at this Department by depositing an accepted cheque for the sum of \$20, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent of the amount of tender. War Loan bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

By order, R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 26, 1918.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Plumbing and Heating Nunsery at St. John County Hospital, St. John, N. B." will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, on Friday, September 14, 1918, for the provision and installation of plumbing and heating apparatus, Nunsery Home, St. John County Hospital, St. John, N. B.

Plans and specification can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Chief Architect, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Superintendent of Military Hospitals, St. John, N. B., and of the Superintendent of Dominion Buildings, St. John, N. B.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent of the amount of the tender. War Loan bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and cheques if required to make up an odd amount.

By order, R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, August 26, 1918.

NEWS SUMMARY (McDouGALL & COWANS.)

New York, Aug. 30.—Cons. Gas of Baltimore declared quarterly 2 per cent. on common payable Oct. 1 to stock of record Sept. 14th.

Stuts Motors Car of America declared regular quarterly dividend \$1.25, payable Oct. 1 to stock of record Sept. 14th.

American Agricultural Chemical year ended June 30th, 1918, shows surplus after charges and preferred dividends \$6,622,500, equal to \$35 a share on common as compared with surplus and \$2,291,500 or \$21.11 a share in preceding year.

St. Paul meeting adjourned without action on dividends.

I. C. C. allows New Haven to continue its operations of steamer and horse line through equalities.

McDoo recommends higher wages for railway trackmen and clerks.

Y. COTTON MARKET (McDouGALL & COWANS.)

High. Low. Close. Jan. 34.70 33.70 33.80

STOCK MARKET IS DULL BEFORE THE COMING HOLIDAYS

Canadian Pacific Declines At First, But Recovers Later.

UNITED STATES STEEL ACTS IN SAME WAY

French Exchange Advances To Highest Level of Past Three Years.

New York, Aug. 30.—Anticipating the approaching holiday and having in mind yesterday's unexpected reproof regarding excessive speculation from the chairman of the local money pool, today's stock market lapsed into its recent dullness, dealings being concentrated in less than half a score of issues.

A few leaders, notably United States Steel and Canadian Pacific, both selling ex-dividend, registered early declines of 1 to 1 1/2 points, but these were largely regained in the gradual recovery of the final hour.

The most interesting development of the session in its significant relation to the encouraging war news was another advance in French exchange to the highest level of the past three years.

Rates of allied countries rose sympathetically, Italian exchange being favored by additional stabilizing restrictions, but remittances to neutral countries manifested contrary tendencies.

Railroad Earnings. Additional July statements of railroad earnings submitted by the interstate commerce commission for the month of July showed material net gains, especially New York Central and Chicago and North Western.

The ruling of the interstate commerce commission classifying wire transmission companies as "common carriers" was without effect on shares of that class beyond the moderate strength of American Telephone.

Specialties were irregular within relatively narrow bounds. General Motors reacting 2 points, while Cigarettes Tobacco gained a large fraction. Sales amounted to 225,000 shares.

Liberty bonds, including 3 1/2's were reported, but most foreign issues were slightly higher. Total sales, per value, aggregated \$4,225,000.

Old United States bonds were unchanged on call, except for a 5-8 reaction in the 4's.

MUST NOW KEEP PROPER BOOKS OF ACCOUNT

It is now necessary for everyone in business to keep proper books of account.

An amendment of Section 417, Chap. 146, of the Criminal Code, which deals with this matter, came into effect on November 29th, 1917.

The section reads as follows: "Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to a fine of \$800.00 and to one year's imprisonment, or (c) being trader and indebted to an amount exceeding one thousand dollars, is unable to pay his creditors in full and has not kept such books of account as, to the satisfaction of the court or judge, and to show that the absence of such books was not intended to defraud his creditors; but no person shall be prosecuted under the provisions of this paragraph by reason only of his having failed to keep such books of account at a period of more than five years before the date of such inability to pay his creditors."

The time may come in the career of anyone when disaster, such as loss by fire, or other cause, may bring about a condition to which this Act would apply, and in view of this, to protect themselves, merchants who are not in the habit of keeping an accurate record of their affairs should immediately take steps to open such a set of books as may be necessary to record the various transactions of the particular business in which they are engaged.

It is not to be expected that it will be possible for merchants generally, especially country merchants, doing a small business, to employ a bookkeeper, or, or be a bookkeeper himself, yet he is required to keep intelligent records of his business operations. There has been, and still is much neglect, and carelessness by many, and not infrequently, when investigations have to be made, or an assignment takes place, there are no books available, or of any practical use; this is particularly true respecting a record of liabilities, and it is often a matter of guesswork with many traders what they owe. In future they must do better or give a clear account of their doings.

At the present time the writer is dealing with a case involving large amounts, and the manager has been no clear records, and so far, has refused to even help follow his transactions, or explain the use made of large sums, liability for which now appear as proven claims against his estate. This is an exception, more frequently it is an unfortunate man who has been unable to keep proper books of account, and did not realize his responsibility in this regard.—T. S. Somerville, Manager, Maritime Division Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association.

CHICAGO CATTLE

Chicago, Aug. 30.—(United States Bureau of Markets)—Hogs, receipts, 5,000; higher, packing grades relatively slow (top \$22.25; butchers \$18.50 to \$20.25; light \$19.40 to \$20.25; packing \$18.15 to \$19.10; rough \$17.50 to \$18.00; pig \$18.25 to \$19.00.

Cattle, receipts 3,000, steady. Sheep, receipts 15,000; higher top westerne \$18.40; natives \$17.50; fat sheep steady; feeding sheep, higher. Lambs \$16.00 to \$18.00; culis \$12.10 to \$15.00; feeders \$14.00 to \$17.50; ewes \$13.00 to \$12.25.

Paul F. Blanchet Chartered Accountant TELEPHONE CONNECTION St. John and Rothney

ANACONDA STRONG STOCK JUST NOW AND IN DEMAND

Railway Steel Springs Being Groomed For Higher Prices.

SOME REACTIONARY OPERATIONS DUE

Declines Not Expected To Go Far or To Be Permanent.

(McDouGALL & COWANS.)

New York, Aug. 30.—Doubling of the capacity of the locomotive industry of the country is expected in conservative channels affiliated with the railway carriers as peace approaches and all tendencies toward congestion will be relieved as soon as this programme is put into effect.

It is pointed out that free movement of freight will increase railroad earnings, and that ample motive power will, under new regulations as to mileage, etc., keep traffic moving even with abundance of cars.

Good buying is reported in evidence in Anaconda. The outstanding element in growing to appreciate the strong position of this company more and more. Predictions are being made in active market circles, sources with considerable banking influence, that as soon as money relaxes, Railway Steel Springs will go higher on its merits under a better appreciation of the money committee warning against undue speculative action, but we do not believe declines will go far and would prefer to buy sound rails and industrial during market heaviness for turns.

Reactionary operations are expected to continue temporarily because of the money committee warning against undue speculative action, but we do not believe declines will go far and would prefer to buy sound rails and industrial during market heaviness for turns.

REACTOR OPERATIONS DUE

Declines Not Expected To Go Far or To Be Permanent.

(McDouGALL & COWANS.)

New York, Aug. 30.—The market during the afternoon was dull and steady at a level slightly below the final prices of Thursday. Midvale, final price, M. N. P. H. L. and St. Paul all showed some strength, but the whole market was narrow and price changes were mostly fractional. The volume of trading dwindled to only 16,000 shares between 1 and 2 o'clock, and the day's one and two o'clock, was about 100,000 shares less than the moderate volume of Thursday. There appears to be some investment buying which tends to hold prices in the absence of speculative operations. That there is a good deal of investment money in the country despite the loan campaign was possible, and that therefore no one is disappointed. Washington dispatches reported this afternoon that Secretary McAdoo and Chairman Kitchin had agreed on all important features of new tax bill, but details were lacking.

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MUCH INVESTMENT MONEY STILL IN UNITED STATES

Demand of Government Has Not Drawn All of Peoples' Money.

TRADERS WARNED BY BANKS, BEHAVING

There is Some Investment Buying Which Tends To Hold Up Prices.

(McDouGALL & COWANS.)

New York, Aug. 30.—Unprecedented demand for gold bars and a suspicion that the precious metal was being hoarded or accumulated for export caused the United States assay office here today on orders from Washington to stop the sale of bullion to jewelers and others until further notice.

Sales of gold bars to the trade here the past year aggregated \$55,000,000 in value, an increase of \$12,000,000 over the previous twelve months.

HOARDING GOLD?

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HOARDING GOLD?

SENATOR N. CURRY IS PRESIDENT OF SCOTIA

Canadian Interests Stronger in Directorate.

Montreal, Aug. 30.—The first meeting of the directors of Canadian Car and Foundry Company, Ltd., elected a month ago was held yesterday when the officers of the company were elected, the appointment of Senator N. Curry as president and W. V. Butler as vice-president and managing director, being formally confirmed by the board.

An executive committee composed of seven members of the board was also appointed.

They are: Hon. N. Curry, W. V. Butler, W. P. Angus, M. Workman, H. W. Beaudry, K. W. Blackwell and Hon. C. P. Beaubien.

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COTTON MARKET DECLINES EARLY

Later in Day Prices Recover—Crop Condition Expected To Be About 58.5.

New York, Aug. 30.—Continued evening up of outstanding contracts owing to holiday has contracted the bulk of trading today. There was a resumption of yesterday's realising movement at the opening this morning which combined with the easier Liverpool cables and rather active foreign selling caused the initial break. Considerable trade buying made its appearance at the decline which together with an active covering demand absorbed offerings and rallied the market.

Subsequent fluctuations published indicated nervousness and uncertainty. It appears significant that yesterday and today there has been evidence of increasing hedge selling from the south.

The attention of the trade at the moment is centered on the forthcoming bureau report. The consensus of opinion is that this will show a condition of about 58.5.

W. W. PRICE.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1918.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

STEEL SHIPBUILDING IN CANADA.

From a statement made by Mr. Thomas Nagle and published in this issue of The Standard it is quite apparent that if St. John is to get a steel shipbuilding plant of the size and capacity estimated a few months ago the existing regulations in regard to contracts and the supply of steel plate will require to be considerably amended. It is, as Mr. Nagle points out, a difficult matter to establish and equip a yard costing at the least calculation \$2,000,000 when the extent of the Government order is but two vessels and the company on American or French account, of which business there is understood to be sufficient to employ all the yards likely to be constructed in the Maritime Provinces for some years to come. A two-ship order will of course suffice to keep an existing yard in operation as the capital outlay on such a yard has already been made but for the establishment of a new industry greater encouragement should be given. This is the view already taken by the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States which has made a practice of giving new yards not less than a twelve-month order and where, largely in consequence of this encouragement, many yards have been successfully established and are today turning out vessels for the American government. Another difficulty which must be overcome if steel shipbuilding is to be successfully carried on is that surrounding the delivery of steel plate. It is understood that the Government has contracted for the entire plate output of the Dominion Steel Company for the next five or ten years and, if this supply is not sufficient to guarantee delivery of plate to all competent yards it would seem to be advisable to take steps to increase it, even if such a development might mean that the Government should become directly interested in the operation of the Canadian steel plants.

We have been told time and again that every ship that can be turned out of the yards all over the Empire and in allied nations will be given profitable employment long before trade and transportation conditions return to the pre-war status. Hundreds of thousands of tons of shipping have been destroyed since the commencement of war and this must be replaced before the products of Canada and the Empire can be carried to the world markets with the same facility as of yore. This being the case it is to be hoped that those members of the Government who are directly in control of this important matter will be able to make some arrangement that will either give legitimate orders to warrant the establishment and equipment of expensive yards, and at the same time will guarantee a supply of steel plate without which the industry cannot be conducted, or will permit the Canadian yards to take orders on American or French account, where there is no scarcity of business and for which the steel is said to be forthcoming. If St. John is to become the centre of a steel shipbuilding industry the situation of which Mr. Nagle complains surely merits the close attention and prompt action of organizations and individuals interested in the prosperity and development of this port.

DISASTROUS MONTH FOR GERMANY.

In the month of August, four years ago, the situation looked blue enough for the Entente Allies, face to face with the most powerful army in the world, which, although it had suffered severe reverses, was sufficiently menacing to alarm the British and French nations, whose very existence as world powers was in imminent peril. The month of August in the year of our Lord one thousand, nine hundred and eighteen, now drawing to a close, has been a period of far different character. The grand and encouraging intelligence which has come daily and nightly from the long, ever-changing battle line, has not ceased, and the peoples of the Allied nations today have much to thank their Creator for. Last night the cables announced that the enemy had been entirely cleared out of the wide territory south and west of the River Somme, that Belfort, on the northern side of Lys salient, and numerous important places had been captured despite strong German resistance. The fighting was fiercest on the new British line south-west of Bullecourt, where hand to hand combats occurred.

The Hindenburg line has been crossed by Field Marshal Haig's men, who late last night were close to the important town of Fermeux, which is expected to

fall soon. The French south of the Somme are progressing and now hold all the high ground between Leury and Solsons. The Americans are meeting strong resistance north of Solsons, but in the neighborhood of Juvigny were able to improve their lines.

The Canadian forces, who this month have made a proud record, are still adding to their laurels in the north, continuing to advance notwithstanding the fierce counter-charges of the enemy. It has just come to light that the Canadians were responsible for the brilliant results attained by the British at the second battle of Amiens. In this severe engagement they executed probably their most remarkable performance of the war, aside from the capture of Vimy Ridge, and the London papers are now doing them justice.

Ere September has rolled on to its close it is expected that more hundreds of square miles of the soil of France will have been emancipated from the thraldom of the unspeakable Boche.

CHECK THE SALE OF CANDIES.

At this season of the year the sugar shortage strikes home as never before. There is an interesting demand for sugar on the part of hundreds of thousands of housewives who need it in their preserving and canning operations. These operations ought to be taken on a greater scale than ever before in order that food otherwise perishable shall be conserved. Without a sufficient quantity of sugar there must be a great waste of garden produce, a subsequently increased demand for other foods that ought to be saved for sending overseas and a further advance in their price. To deprive the ordinary citizen of the sugar he is accustomed to use with his tea or his porridge is no more than an inconvenience; to deprive housewives of the sugar they require for their preserving will prove a serious hardship. In these circumstances, says the Toronto Mail and Empire, it is difficult to understand why the Food Controller places no restriction upon the manufacture of candies, which are composed almost entirely of sugar. An order greatly reducing the quantity of sugar that can be used in the making of candies or strictly limiting the quantity of candies that are sold would be welcomed by the Canadian public. Candies are not an essential food article. They are consumed chiefly by children and girls, and while they have undoubtedly a food value, particularly in cold weather, they do not take the place of food with the ordinary consumer. They are a delectable part of the packages sent overseas, and the supply intended for our men at the front ought not to be interfered with. It is true that great numbers of patriotic young women and children have voluntarily denied themselves confectionery, but it is equally true that a tremendous business in this luxury has continued since the early days of the war. Some factories, it is said, are making and selling more candies than ever before. The time seems to have come when a choice is to be made between candy and sugar for preserving purposes.

A COMMENDABLE DECISION.

How many men would forego the pleasure of a trip to the September woods on a holiday for the sake of engaging in the comparatively uninteresting task of preparing surgical bandages for use at the front? We venture to say, very few. Therefore the recent decision of the young women of the Red Cross Society to whom has been entrusted the preparation of the society's surgical bandages is worthy of more than passing commendation. These young women, all of whom number hosts of friends and who do not lack for opportunities of spending a pleasant holiday will not journey to woods or river on Monday afternoon. Instead they will meet as usual and continue the work of preparing bandages. Is it too much to believe that bandages prepared under such conditions will possess a special merit of healing, or that the fortunate soldier whose wounds are dressed with them will have an improved chance of recovery because the dressings represent a holiday sacrificed by these patriotic St. John girls?

A BIT OF FUN

So Was Hubby.
"My dear, the doctor says I'm in need of a little change."
"Then ask him to give it to you. He's got the last of mine."—Baltimore American.

Political Evolution.
"Do you believe in evolution?"

"Can't help believing," replied Senator Borah, "after seeing how many varieties of politicians a bull moose can develop."—Washington Star.

Remarkable Cures.

Doctor—"Did that cure for deafness really help your brother?"
Pat—"Sure enough, he hadn't heard a sound for years, and the day after he took that medicine he heard from a friend in America."—New York American.

Yes, Why, Russia?

After biting off a Slavonic ear in the first act, throwing her off the bridge in the second, kicking her in the eye in the third, Germany now exclaims, as the curtain rises on the fourth, "Why do you not love me, Russia?"—Kansas City Times.



Mrs. Borden-Lodge—Have some more bread, Mr. Hungerford. I made this myself. Bread, you know, is the staff of life.
Mr. Hungerford—And what did you make this staff of, hickory or ash?

The Limit in Collars.

The Knit—"It's simply absurd! What's the use of showing me low-cut collars like these? Do you mean to say you keep nothing taller?"
Shop-girl—"I'm sorry, but our next size is cuffs."—Casell's Saturday Mail.

A BIT OF VERSE

EXPECTANCY.
Some day, some day, 'twill all come right,
The tangled skein will all unwind
And we will grasp the colors bright
And leave the sombre threads behind.

The sun is low and rest is sweet,
Yet fears draw round as when it sets,
And sorrow comes with winged feet
And joy but heralds new regrets.

E'en while we taste, sweet drafts will turn
To bitterness that hurts us sore;
We learn to love, and loving learn
To feel the loved one's loss the more.

And yet when reason's light grows pale,
There shines through darkness still
A ray
Of faith untaught which cannot fail
And leads us onward to some day.

Overland Car Wars! Londoners Hear Hun Raiders Approach.
Signs on Hoods and Honking Horns tell People to take Cover.

There is an organization of motor car owners in London, England, which has rendered valuable service to the public in connection with the raids of the German air pirates. When warning of an air raid is received in the city, explosive sky rockets are fired from various points. The automobiles then drive through the city streets, honking their horns to attract attention. On each side of the car, above the motor hood, a large sign is carried, on which is printed the warning "TAKE COVER." When the danger is passed the reverse side of the sign is shown, which reads, "ALL CLEAR." A Boy Scout bugler, who rides in the car, also assists to inform the citizens that the Huns have departed. The drivers of the cars wear a uniform which includes a metal helmet similar to that worn by the soldiers in the trenches. This latter is worn for protection against shrapnel from the British anti-aircraft guns which usually provide the raiders with more or less special entertainment.

Social Service Conventions

County Conventions
Under the Auspices of the Social Service Council of New Brunswick.

will be held as follows:
St. Stephen—Sept. 3rd, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Woodstock—Sept. 4th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Fredericton—Sept. 5th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Chatham—Sept. 6th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Campbellton—Sept. 7th and 8th.
Bathurst—Sept. 9th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Newcastle—Sept. 10th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Moncton—Sept. 11th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.
Sussex—Sept. 12th, 2.30 and 8 p.m.

SPEAKERS.
Rev. J. G. Shearer, D. D., of Toronto.
Rev. W. B. Wilson, of Fredericton, N. B.
Rev. H. A. Goodwin and Rev. F. S. Dowling, of St. John.

PROGRAMME.
Afternoon—What the Social Service Council is and aims to do.
Organization, local and county.
Question-Answer Conference on Social Service Work.
Evening—Mass Meeting.
Popular Addresses.
Music.

DELEGATES
Church congregations, local temperance bodies, and other organizations, in sympathy with social betterment, are invited to send delegates, as many as they choose.
The public are invited to all sessions and especially to the evening meetings.

Little Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE
I was sitting on the front steps wondering weather in keep on waiting for the fellows to come around or to go and look for them, and some skinnable man with his necktie on crooked stopped in front of me, saying, Well, well, well, hullo, sonny.
Hello, I sed.
Its a rite nice day, aint it sonny, sed the man.
Its all rite, I sed.
Your names not Mochkelsten, is it, by any chance? sed the man.
No air, its Potts, I sed.
O, to be sure, thais one natural, sed the man, perhaps its your ant, your mamas sister, you know, perhaps her name is Mochkelsten.
No sir, her names Alexander, I sed, and so is my mamma. Her name is Mrs. Alexander and his name is Arrie Alexander.
Ah, I see, that properly accounts for the relationship, sed the man. And he waked up the steps and rang the bell and ma came to the door and the man sed, Mrs. Potts.
Why, yes, sed ma, and he sed, Your sister, Mrs. Alexander, donated a dollar to the fund for the victims of the food and she assured me you would do likewise.
Wat food; its a general fund for the victims of one or more floods its a very worthy cause, I assure you, and your sister, Mrs. Alexander, was sure you would be much intrusted, she donated a dollar, sed the man.
So you told me, sed ma, well, it seems rather queer, but as long as my sister sent you, I suppose I awt to give you sumthing, Ill give you half a dollar. Wich she went and got it for him, and he went away, ma saying, it sounds elapscopic but I geas its all rite.
He thawt my name was Mochkelsten, ma, I sed, and then he thawt Ant Sues names was Mochkelsten, why do you think he thawt that, ma?
Well for goodness sakes, I mite of known you had sumthing to do with it, you little chump, and Im a big chump for blooving him, sed ma, were is he, were is he?
Wich he was out of site by that time on account of wawking fast, and ma taweked some more about it and told pop wen he came home, and after suppr I didnt ask either of them for money to go to the movies, on account of me knowing wat they would say.

THEIR LEFT HANDS ARE IN BANDAGE.

Accidents the Cause of Three Persons in Germain Street House Being Incapacitated.

If this were a university or seminary centre the citizens might suppose that a college secret society was working a new stunt in the initiation line, for at one mansion on Germain street there are no less than three persons who are wearing their left flippers in bandages. The coincidence, or coincidences, or whatever you please to term the peculiar combination of circumstances, led an inquisitive Stand-

ard man to enquire last evening what these mysterious bandages meant. No, the wearers had not been in France recently, and had not been travelling on a submarine infested ocean. The explanation given, which we were obliged to accept, is that one young woman so adorned had severely burned her hand at her occupation as a cook in the kitchen. A second young lady injured her hand in an accident at her place of employment, and the third victim, a young man in the employ of a war plant had severely scorched his hand on an emery wheel. The services of surgeons were necessary in the cases.

MRS. SHERMAN PETERS OF GAGETOWN DEAD

Mrs. Mary B. Peters, wife of T. Sherman Peters, Stipendiary Magistrate of Gagetown, died yesterday at her home. Besides her husband she left one son, Dr. Oliver R. Peters, of Rothery, and six daughters: Mrs. Edward duVerre, of Digby, Mrs. Percy Barnett of Vancouver, and Mrs. John Holmest of West St. John; Miss Ruby, a missionary in China; two others, Miss Lulu and Miss Pearl, are at home. Mrs. Peters was born at Valparaiso, Chili, a daughter of the late Rev. William Armstrong, afterwards rector of St. James' church here. Rev. W. B. Armstrong, George Armstrong of Devon, and Judge Armstrong, here, are brothers. Mrs. G. Ludlow Robinson, of Winnipeg, is a sister.

When you want the one best drink for good taste and good health.

"Bear" In Mind
CERMA
The World's Best Beverage

Enjoy the good taste of hops, the foam and the sparkle.
Drink all you want—it's non-intoxicating.

At grocers, at druggists, in fact at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers
ST. LOUIS
G. E. BARBOUR CO., LTD.,
St. John, New Brunswick.
Sole Distributors for New Brunswick.

Style illustrated above is a Dainty Fine Soft Kid Button Boot.

The "Camille" Model
A Walk-Over Style
Price \$7.50
Call and see the other new Fall styles.

Foot Fitters **McROBBIE** 60 King Street

Verandah Rails Stair Rails

Stair Posts, Verandah Posts, Stub Posts, Verandah Columns, Balusters.
For Prices Call, Write or Phone Main 3000.
MURRAY & GREGORY, LTD.

"STAR" FLOUR

98-lb. Bags
C. H. PETERS' SONS, LIMITED,
St. John, N. B.

For the September Bride

Many beautiful, yet practical gifts may be selected here, including
Entree Dishes, Compartment Dishes, Bake Dishes, Casseroles, 1847 Rogers Bros. Knives, Forks and Spoons

T. McAVITY & SONS, E.

DIAMONDS—Profitable—Always

Because of war-time conditions, scarcity of Diamonds continues and prices are soaring skyward. The sooner you make your purchase the greater your profit will be.
Our large collection of Diamonds—both mounted and unmounted—comprises the finer specimens.
Kindly call and inspect them.

FERGUSON & PAGE

WIRE DOOR MATS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS OR PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

Express Wagon Top Bows, Express Wagon Top Covering, Axle Grease,
Carriage Hardware, Auto Top Bows, Auto Top Covering, Auto Grease and Oil, Tire Carriers, Imperial Auto Tires, and Inner Tubes

M. E. AGAR, 51-53 Union Street, St. John, N. B.
Phone 818.

A Comparison of Price Now Would Emphasize LEATHER BELTING VALUE

Genuine English Oak Tanned LEATHER BELTING Manufactured by **D. K. McLAREN Limited**
Main 1121, 90 GERMAIN ST., Box 702, St. John, N. B.

FIRE ESCAPES

Structural Steel, Bolts and Rods
WM. LEWIS & SON, St. John

The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd.

Engineers and Machinists
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS
West St. John, Phone West 15
G. H. WARING, Manager.

THE BEST QUALITY AT A REASONABLE PRICE

Making It Easy For Your Eyes
Defective eyes have to work harder to see. Usually vision isn't as good as it would be if properly fitted glasses were worn. Eye-strain exists, and unless it is removed permanent injury to sight will follow. Glasses help the overworked eyes. They bring normal vision and protect sight. There are very few perfect eyes. Often strain is present when it is not suspected. The sensible thing is to have us examine your eyes. Then you will know exactly what should be done.

DON'T DELAY ABOUT HARDWOOD FLOORS

Price must go up, but for a short time you can buy our choice Clear Birch Flooring at \$3.00; Clear Maple at \$30.00. Even at these prices hardwood floors are cheaper and more sanitary than carpets.

L. L. SHARPE & SON, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS, 21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

The Christie Wood-working Co., Ltd. 186 Erin Street.

THE FIRST WEEK IN SEPTEMBER

Is the beginning of our busy season, but students can enter at any time, and it is well to get the "Ice Broken" before the rush begins. Tuition Rates and full information mailed to any address.

FLEWELLING PRESS 3 Water St.
WEDDING INVITATIONS, Announcements, Cards, Correct Style, Engraved or Printed.
S. Kerr, Principal

What a S...

Beautiful model of double harness, extra finished white or brown in Sulkeys, Strollers, carts ranging in price

J. M.

MARITIME

Enjoy life while it is sweet with one that is a come to us and your hood and your face will

PEERLESS

FULL SET \$8.00

PAINLESS Guaranteed BROKEN Fillings of all kinds. 'PHONE M. 2789. Hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

NEW ENGLISH Fine Spring and EDGE

Civil Engineering, Surveys, Plans, Estimates, Prints, Maps of St. J.

THE UNION

Corona Portable Typewriters, Repaired, UNITED TYPEWRITERS

Electrical

HIRAM WE... 91 Germain Street

NOTICE

On February 1st we method of business as for CASE. All telegrams must be C. O. D.

Smith's Fish Market 25 Sydney St. 'Ph

Bride

Many beautiful, yet practical gifts may be selected here, including Dishes, Bake Pans, Rogers Bros. spoons

ROSE

Diamonds—mounted—com-

PAGE

Hardware, Bows, Covering, Oil, Auto Tires, and

Price Now, G VALUE, Tanned, G Manufactured By, N Limited

APES

Whits and Rods, N, St. John

WELLS

Must go up, but for a time you can buy our Clear Birch Flooring at

Christie Woodworking Co., Ltd.

186 Erin Street

JEWELLING PRESS

Wedding Invitations, Cards, Engraved or Printed

What a Stylish Baby Carriage



That's what your friends will say if you purchase one of our 1918 models. Every Baby Carriage in this line is a model of graceful design and experienced workmanship.

J. MARCUS

30 DOCK STREET.

MARITIME DENTAL PARLORS

Enjoy life while it lasts. If you must wear a plate, do not be content with one that is a continual source of annoyance to you.

PEERLESS VULCO DENTURE

FULL SET \$8.00. PAINLESS EXTRACTION ONLY 25 CENTS. Guaranteed Crown and Bridge Work \$4.00 and \$5.00.

DR. A. J. MCKNIGHT, Proprietor. 38 Charlotte Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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Recommended for all classes of boats. PRICES RIGHT. P. CAMPBELL & CO., 73 Prince Wm. St. Agents

NEW ENGLISH CLOTHS

Fine Spring and Summer Suitings and Overcoats. EDGEcombe & CHAISSON

GILBERT G. MURDOCH

Civil Engineer and Crown Land Surveyor. SURVEY, Plans, Estimates, Superintendence, Blue Prints, Black Ink Prints, Maps of St. John and Surroundings. 74 Carmarthen St., St. John

Clean Head Lotion

Effectually kills all nits and parasites in the hair. It acts quickly. 25 cts. bottle. THE ROYAL PHARMACY, 47 King Street.

THE UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER

Corona Portable Typewriters, Re-built Typewriters of all makes. Machines Repaired and Rented. Supplies for all Typewriters. UNITED TYPEWRITER COMPANY, LTD. 66 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

Electric Grills for Light Housekeeping

Come in and Let Us Show You. HIRAM WEBB & SON, Electrical Contractors. 91 Germain Street, St. John, N. B. Phone M. 1098-11

GRAVEL ROOFING

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF SHEET METAL WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY. J. E. WILSON, LTD., 17-19 Sydney St. Phone M. 356.

NOTICE

On February 1st we change our method of business and will sell for CASH. All telephone orders must be C. O. D. Smith's Fish Market 25 Sydney St. Phone 1704

THE SALVATION ARMY'S EFFECTIVE AID TO ALLIES

F. A. McKenzie, Canadian By Birth, Tells of Many Captivating Incidents in Which Salvationists' Good Work in Behalf of Troops is Demonstrated—When Miss Booth Speaks.

(Special Correspondent of War Cry) London, July 15—The well-known publishing house of Hodder and Stoughton has just issued a handy little booklet bearing the title "Serving the King's Men," and setting forth the various ways in which The Salvation Army is helping the imperial cause.

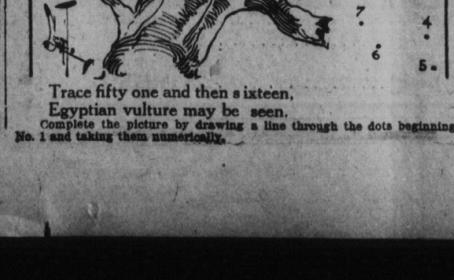
Canadian by birth, Mr. McKenzie's name is as familiar to your readers as it is to millions of people on this side of the water. He is the chief European representative of one of the most influential groups of Canadian daily newspapers, and his contributions to the "Overseas Daily Mail" under the nom-de-plume of "Our Wanderer Returned" have been widely read in the Dominion and other parts of the world.

His more recent experience at the front—where he has sampled most of the vicissitudes of a war correspondent's life, from being gassed to being arrested as a spy—are embodied in his forthcoming book, "Canada's Day of Glory."

"In this work of helping the fighting men, tending the sick and wounded, and comforting the sorrow and desolate," says the author, "the Salvation Army has borne an honorable, distinguished, and in many ways, a unique part. Although not myself a Salvationist or in any way connected with that organization, I have the opportunity recently of examining at first hand its activities along the Western front and at home. In these brief pages I endeavour to describe something of what is being done, as I saw it. If I can bring home to others a tithe of what I myself saw, these pages will not be without some value."

One of the most delightful chapters in the whole book is that describing scenes and characters at The Salvation Army Hut at Etaples. "Ma" is named the "Mary Booth" Hut, after the General's second daughter. The Officer in charge, who comes from a prominent Salvation Army family, and whose husband has done fine work in the British Field, is known as "Ma." Whenever the British army foregather, Mr. McKenzie assures us, "Announce in any local paper today throughout the United Kingdom that 'Ma' was there, and you would find lads on leave and convalescents clamouring for her address that they might go and see her, for 'Ma' has won a unique reputation for herself."

"There ain't no blinking side about 'Ma,'" a rough East-ender said. "Why, I wouldn't mind asking her to sew a button on my 'trousers' any more than I'd mind asking my own mother!" The author spent an evening at the Army Hut with "Ma," whom he describes as being exactly the kind, practical, vigorous worker one could wish. He pictures her cooking "battalions" of fresh herrings and frying eggs by the hundred for famished Tommies. Stories he tells of the men she has helped give much point to her remark, delivered with holy scorn, "You don't think, do you, that I would leave my children in England and my home simply to fry eggs and cook fresh herrings in France?"



Trace fifty one and then sixteen. Egyptian vulture may be seen. Complete the picture by drawing a line through the dots beginning at No. 1 and taking them numerically.

NO REAL FIGHT BY JESS DURING WAR

He'll Box Any Time To Swell Red Cross or Other Funds, But Won't Defend Title.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 30—Jess Willard, heavyweight champion, today answered a question which has been asked of him that he would defend his title before the end of the war. He said: "I have earned honestly the title of champion. I know of no one who has made a lot of money fighting, which in a measure is true. I have invested that money in farms, and I am farming and shall continue to farm the rest of my life."

"Every proposition that has been made to box for the championship, irrespective of the offer was made, the basis was to earn money. The bluff was, 'We will fight for charity.' I have decided not to do any professional fighting until after the war. The public objects to that sort of thing, even though a fight is given for charity."

"To do my bit I am willing at any time to fight under the auspices of the Red Cross or Y. M. C. A. relief funds, or whatever may be appropriate. I would be glad to give boxing exhibitions, boxing any one, any place, and whatever the receipts may be to be entirely devoted to war causes."

"My idea is to separate professional fighting for money or charity from exhibition, and when the war is over, then professional fighting and the championship should be contested, and no one is more willing to contest it than I."

PATTERSON SETTLEMENT

Patterson Settlement, Aug. 30—The people of this section had the pleasure of witnessing a very pretty wedding at the Methodist church on Wednesday the 28th, at 2 p. m., when Miss Annie J., eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elias T. Kirkpatrick, was united in the holy bands to Harry Macdonald of Polleyhurst, Queens County. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Chapman of Welsford, the young couple standing under a pretty floral bower suspended from a beautiful arch of green and gold, erected by the young people of the place. The bride entered on the arm of her father, and was attended by her sister and looked charming in face and attire, and carried a large bouquet of flowers and fern. After the ceremony a reception was held at the family residence, which nearly all guests attended, and after the reception a splendid supper was served to all, after which the young couple were driven to Gaspereau Station to take the train for Fredericton on a short bridal trip. The groom has lately purchased the residence of his great grandfather, Nathaniel Inchsen, in New Brunswick, and has been living down to life on the farm, followed by the best wishes of hosts of friends.

LUMBER DEAL ON

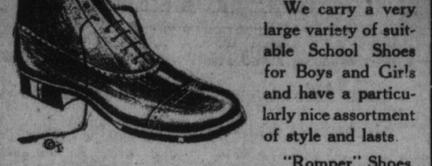
The Campbellton Tribune under stands that negotiations are in connection with the purchase of the B. A. Mowat mill and limits by the Frasers, Ltd., are being carried on, and that it is altogether likely this deal will go through in the course of a few days. It is also rumored that in the event of the Frasers Ltd., taking over this property the mill will be used for getting out pulp wood, which will be shipped to their pulp mill in Edmundston, N. B.

SHEMOGUE

Shemogue, Aug. 29—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Dixon of Sackville, accompanied by Miss Annie Carter and Mrs. Humphrey Pickard called on friends here on Sunday. Mrs. Sanford Wry of Jollicure, and Mr. Roy Durling of Amherst, motored here on Monday and called on friends. Mr. Walter Murray and Miss Mary Murray of Murray Road, were the guests of Mrs. Elizabeth Trenholm on Sunday. Mrs. Eliza Spence is spending a week with friends at Bayfield. Mr. G. H. Purdy of Fort Lawrence, N. S., spent Monday and Tuesday here. Mr. and Mrs. Dunfield and children of Bayfield, were the guest of Mrs. Milton Peacock on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. I. F. Avard of Moncton, accompanied by Mrs. Francis Carter and her sister, Miss Martha Avard of Gloucester, Mass., and Miss Eunice Dixon of Sackville, motored here on Sunday and made calls on friends. Mr. J. L. Peacock motored to Shediac on Thursday. Mrs. Elizabeth Trenholm spent last week with friends at Chapman's. Mr. C. S. Purdy of Amherst, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Woodford Purdy of Bay Verte, visited friends here last week. Mr. and Mrs. James Trenholm spent the week-end with friends at the Upper Cape. Mr. Fletcher Peacock and sister, Miss Nellie Peacock of Murray Corner, were here on Monday en route to Moncton.

SCHOOL SHOES

For Boys and Girls. School Opens Sept. 3rd



We carry a very large variety of suitable School Shoes for Boys and Girls and have a particularly nice assortment of style and lasts

"Romper" Shoes, made on Foot Form Lasts, we find these shoes are the very best shoe for growing children, and we have all patterns and styles in this shoe.

Bring your children to one of our stores and let us demonstrate the qualities of our children's shoes.

Waterbury & Rising, Limited

61 King St. 212 Union St. 677 Main St.

PRINTING

We have facilities equal to any printing office in Eastern Canada for the production of high-grade work. Job Printing of all kinds promptly attended to. Phone Today Main 1910

STANDARD JOB PRINTING CO., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Tenth Annual Charlotte County Exhibition

ST. STEPHEN, N. B. Sept. 10, 11, 12, 13—1918. \$10,000 in Premiums. \$2,400 For Horse Racing.

The Big International Fair, Held Right at the Border, Where the Allies of Maine and New Brunswick Will Gather. Always Successful, and Bigger, Brighter and Better This Year Than Ever.

The Only Exhibition Held in New Brunswick This Year

Four Days of Instruction, Amusement and Happiness. JOIN THE HAPPY THROGS. St. Stephen, Sept. 10, 11, 12, 13.

GAGETOWN

Mrs. John H. Suttis, who is now at Evandale, where Mr. Suttis is resident engineer on the Valley Railroad, was here last week, the guest of the Misses Dingle, Dingle's Hotel. Miss Gladys Gregory, B. A., and Miss Grace Smith returned on Saturday evening from Fredericton, to resume their teaching duties on the staff of Gagetown Grammar School. P. J. Britney and L. A. Britney, of St. John, were at Gray Gables for a few days last week. On Friday afternoon the children of the Methodist Sunday School enjoyed their annual picnic on the grounds of Mr. and Mrs. George McDermott. The children had a happy afternoon playing games and before going home enjoyed a supper served out of doors. Among visitors here during the past week, were Wm. E. Palmer, Keswick; Miss Nellie M. Clarke, Fredericton; Miss M. P. Kelleher, St. John; P. F. Hunt, St. John; Miss Greta C. Currie, Jemseg; William Smith, Edmundston; J. G. Boyle, Ennisville; Elwood Burt, Burt's Corner.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Extract from a letter of a Canadian soldier in France. To Mrs. R. D. BAMBURCK: Dear Mother— I am keeping well, have good food and well protected from the weather, but have some difficulty keeping uninvited guests from visiting me.

Have you any patriotic druggists that would give something for a gift overseas—if so do you know something that is good for everything? I do—Old MINARD'S Liniment.

Your affectionate son, Rob. Manufactured by the Minard's Liniment Co. Ltd. Yarmouth, N.S.

Painless Extraction Only 25c.

Boston Dental Parlors. Head Office 527 Main Street. Branch Office 35 Charlotte St. Phone 683. Phone 38. DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor. Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

ESTABLISHED 1894. OPTICAL SERVICE. Unexcelled is What We Offer. We grind our own lenses, insuring you a service that is PROMPT AND ACCURATE. Send your next repair to us. D. BOYANER, 111 Charlotte Street

Fighting Front Is Now Greatest Of The War

Battle Line Extended To Include Sector Where Canadians Fought So Gallantly on Easter, 1917—Bapaume Encircled.

By Arthur F. Draper.
(Special Cable to The N. Y. Tribune and The St. John Standard.)

London, Aug. 30.—The battlefront is now extended to include the sector where the Canadians fought so gallantly on Easter, 1917. Whether Haig's attack east of Arras was intended to turn the Hindenburg line or simply to harass the enemy in his precipitate withdrawal from the Somme battlefield will be made clear within the next 24 hours.

Along the whole of the fighting, which by the way is the greatest since the war began, the desperate battle has raged. Though heavy rains are deluging the country and interfering with the aerial operations. Two fairly powerful counter attacks were launched by the Germans Sunday night north and south of Bapaume but the British held firm and returned to the attack immediately. Merry Favreuil, which is directly north of Bapaume, was captured and the British reached the outskirts of the town itself south of the old Somme battlefield of 1916, progress was slower although a useful advance was made in the direction of Quebecourt.

Bapaume and Roye are encircled and their evacuation is now but a matter of a short time. Although greater popular interest centers upon the fate of these towns, the soldiers are concentrating their attention of Byng's drive eastward to the Hindenburg line. The old switch line of Drocourt Queant remains, and for the last two weeks, the enemy has been working to reconstruct and repair it and other defensive positions to the south, forming the Hindenburg line, which he never expected to see again when he rushed over it last March.

The advance now is many times greater or some appreciation may be gained of the change in tactics.

Haig is getting big returns for his small investment and can continue for some time at the present rate of exchange. The time is rapidly approaching when Ludendorff must stem the tide or what Minister Hiep called a reverse will become a disaster.

Ludendorff is no longer thinking of great offensive operations, but rather the best and quickest way of extricating his army from the position that has social pitfalls on every side. It is probable that the greatest of all defensive generals in the enemy's camp is directing affairs at this juncture. Ludendorff made the unparagonable error of underestimating his opponent's strength and one surprise followed another. Just now he must be speculating on the whereabouts of half a million more American bayonets.

He must be wondering whether Foch intends using them in this campaign, or to wait until next year. He must be waiting anxiously Foch's next move.

SPECIALIST SAID HE MUST OPERATE

She Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Instead And Is Now In Perfect Health.



MME. F. GAREAU.
153 Papineau Ave., Montreal.
"For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist, who carefully examined me and gave me several tonics to take, which did not help me. Then he told me I must undergo an operation. This, I refused to permit. I heard about 'Fruit-a-tives' and the wonderful results it was giving because this medicine is made from fruit juices, so decided to try it."

"The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment, taking six boxes more. Now, my health is excellent—I am free of pain and swelling—and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' my warmest thanks."

MME. F. GAREAU.
50c. a box, 4 for \$2.50; trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The first drinkable glass of soda water. This was as long ago as 1767. Dr. Priestley prepared the straight by pouring water briskly back and forth between two goblets "held in a layer of carbon dioxide on the top of a fermenting mash in a brewery vat."

An establishment for the sale of mineral waters was opened in New Haven in 1808 by Professor Silliman and at about the same time New York was provided with its first establishment for the sale of soft drinks. Two years later the first patent for soda water apparatus was granted to two residents of Charleston, S. C.

FORMER ST. JOHN MAN, NOW BISHOP, DECIDES THAT PIGS IS PIGS

The Lord Bishop of Columbia Joins Great Swine Movement and Is Not Above Feeding His Own Hogs.

(By Newspaper Enterprise Ass'n) Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 26.—"Onk, ee-hong-joint-joint-joint." The pigs of His Reverence C. M. Schofield, bishop of Columbia in the Church of England, were giving vent to thanks in pig latin for the bountiful repast of "seats" which he was pouring into their trough from the parsonage garbage pail.

For he it known, the bishop had joined the "Pig Drive" which was sweeping Canada, and which had been officially ushered in by a "Pig Act" passed by the Victoria city council permitting everyone to keep pigs.

It was Sunday. The bishop had just finished ministering spiritually unto his flock of sheep in the church next door. He was now turning his attention to his pen of pigs.

Dogs are peculiarly scarce in Canada. People are not keeping them as they once did. Anyone who can support a dog cares for a pig instead. No longer does military cuisine consist of a plain skinned puddle. It's not stylish. To be up with the styles nowadays in Canada requires that you keep a pig. It's a badge of distinction. In this way Canada's pork crop has been boosted skyward.

A SUBSTITUTE THAT IS CHEAPER THAN THE WHEAT FLOUR OUR ALLIES MUST HAVE TO WIN THE WAR

LOWEST IN COST HIGHEST IN FOOD VALUE



OUR WHEAT SAVING RECIPES MAILED FREE ON REQUEST

Western Canada Flour Mills, Co. Limited
Head Office - - - - - Toronto

SCHOONER SUNK

Boothbay Harbor, Me., Aug. 26.—The coal laden schooner Elk, of Providence, town, is sunk five miles west of the island of Mohegan. The vessel sprang a leak in a heavy wind and filled. The crew rowed ten miles to Ram Harbor,

Did you ever enter a room that had been closed for years and immediately catch the odor of a rose or violet that had long since fallen to dust?

Or ever open a trunk in which a grandmother had locked up some gowns or linen before you were born, and instantly smell the lavender or orris root she had sprinkled among them?

Who has not smelled fire and discovered some trifle burning in a distant part of the house?

The nose is the keenest detective in the world. What the eye cannot see, the ear cannot hear, the fingers cannot feel, the tongue cannot taste, the most delicate instruments made by man cannot measure or weigh, is detected at once by the nose.

How keen the nose is may better be comprehended when we consider that an actual substance must come in contact with the lining of the nose before the sensation of smell is aroused. This substance is a gas of some sort. A gas arising from a rose perfumes air for the world. A gas emanating from a wild beast makes its presence known at a great distance. These gases are formed of particles which are caught on the mucous membrane of the nose.

How infinitesimally small these particles must be. Instruments so delicate that they will weigh one thirty-five-millionth of a millionth of an ounce of radium are powerless to detect them. Yet the human nose, unaided, separates them one from another, sends word to the brain when they are of musk or tuberos, lilac or asafetida.

And physiologists tell us that the human nose is a degenerate organ, clumsy in comparison with the noses of dogs and other lower animals! If a man has run across a meadow it would be folly for you or me to try to find his tracks by sniffing the grass, even half a minute after he had passed.

But days afterward, when perhaps the tracks of that man have been crossed by those of many other men, a bloodhound's nose will pick them up and follow them infallibly. The noses of animals are far keener than those of men. But those of men are keener than their fingers, their tongues, their ears or their eyes.

Of all human organs the eye most nearly approaches the nose in sensitivity. The other organs, delicate as they are, are coarser in comparison with the eye and the nose.

There are instruments made by the hands of men which surpass the eye in keenness and rival the nose. The spectroscope is generally considered one of the most perfect instruments that will detect the presence of one hundred-millionth of an ounce of sodium. The electro-scope, however, is more than a million times more sensitive than the spectroscope and will detect one thirty-five-thousand-billionth of an ounce of radium, or one millionth of a millionth of a milligramme! The bolometer will register the heat of a candle a mile and a half distant.

Perhaps the most wonderful instrument of all is the spinthariscopes, invented by Sir William Crookes. While it does not actually make invisible particles visible, it makes invisible particles reveal their presence by flashes, thus making it possible to count objects so minute that one billion of them massed together would only just be visible under the most powerful microscope.

What the spinthariscopes does is this: A speck of radium emanation—not radium, mind you, but its emanation—the volume of gas-firthing of a small pin's head, is placed upon the point of a fine needle. This emanation emits a constant stream of particles of helium—called "alpha" particles. Under a powerful microscope the flashes made by the particles thrown off by the invisible speck of matter can be seen. So minute are these exploding particles that the speck of radium emanation shoots them forth at the rate of ten thousand a second—by actual count! and will keep up the bombardment for 2,500 years before losing its power. There must be almost eight billions of these alpha particles in that one invisible speck of radium emanation. And this is the nearest that man has come to seeing an atom.

But if we cannot see atoms we can certainly smell them. Objects which have an odor behave very like radium, in that they keep up a bombardment of atoms, or at least of molecules, which lasts for many years. It is these atoms entering our nostrils and coming into actual contact with the mucous membrane that arouse the sense of smell.

The nose is closer to the brain than even the eyes. And each of the two nerve-trunks that go to the nose, as upon it a bulb which may act as a sort of accessory brain. The higher up the nostrils the perfumed air is drawn, the more certainly is it smelt, for the closer is it to the brain.

GET WAR REVENUE FROM SODA WATER

Cent or Two a Drink Will Yield Millions To Fight the Kaiser—Fizz History.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 30.—After the new revenue bill comes into effect every person who steps up to the soda fountain and orders a glass of "fizz" will be helping Uncle Sam to keep his coffers filled with the money necessary to carry on the war. The tax of from 1 to 2 cents on all soda fountain drinks which has been written into the \$3,000,000,000 revenue bill by the House ways and means committee, is expected to add many millions of dollars to the Nation's yearly income.

In no other country of the world would a tax on soda water yield such a vast amount for in no country except the United States does the soft drink habit prevail to the extent that it does here. And even in this country it is only in the past decade or two that the soda water industry has reached large proportions. The older generation of today can easily remember the time when the soda fountain was an almost insignificant adjunct to the drug store.

But with the introduction of ice cream soda and a wide variety of mixed drinks the habit of soda drinking took a firm hold on the American people. Today the soft drink emporiums are among the most flourishing establishments to be found in every city and town throughout the land.

Although the soft drink habit is confined almost wholly to the people of America, it was an Englishman, Dr. Joseph Priestly of Leeds, who made

Advertisement for a product, possibly a beverage or food item, with a small image and text.

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Home comfort in all weathers

A poor furnace well installed might give satisfaction for a time. But a good furnace poorly installed can never be successful, while a good furnace properly installed will give best results from the day it is fired up.

The Sunshine Furnace, installed the McClary way, is guaranteed by McClarys to warm every room in your house—to warm it with the right quality, as well as quantity, of heat.

And it is to do these things a furnace is for—those are the results which mark the successful furnace. The furnace that fails to do them all the time is only a nuisance.

The Sunshine Furnace is a never failing source of pleasure, satisfaction and home comfort.

Engineering Service Free. McClary's own heating engineers are at your service when you buy a Sunshine Furnace, to give you free expert advice on all home-heating requirements. Write to the nearest McClary Branch and ask for particulars about this service. A booklet, "Comfort in the Home," makes clear all the things you want to know about furnaces, and is sent free on request.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

London St. John, N.B. Toronto Hamilton Montreal Calgary Winnipeg Edmonton Vancouver Saskatoon

Full information about the Sunshine Furnace will be sent free to any address upon request to our nearest Branch Office.

Penman's Underwear

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

People of varied occupations and in different climates require different garments. Penman's Underwear is made in various weights and fabrics to suit all these conditions. Each garment fits perfectly and is made to wear well.

Also makers of Sweater Coats and Hosiery

Penman's Limited, Paris

Advertisement for Penman's Underwear, featuring a drawing of a man in a suit and a woman in a dress.

The Dependable Champion For McLaughlin Cars

The extra long shell places the spark down into the cylinder instead of in a pocket in the cylinder head as does the ordinary plug. All new Fords, Overlands, Maxwells and Studebakers are factory equipped with

Champion Dependable Spark Plugs

No matter what car you own there is a Champion Plug that will make your motor produce the greatest amount of energy for each drop of gasoline used.

The patented asbestos-lined copper gaskets on the shoulders of Champion porcelain insure dependability and long life at any speed. Ask any dealer for Spark Plugs with "Champion" on the porcelain—guarantees "Absolute satisfaction to the user or free repair or replacement will be made."

Champion Spark Plug Co., of Canada, Limited, Windsor, Ontario



Washington, Aug. 26.—Fishing craft destroyed by German submarines will be replaced by the emergency fleet corporation at the request of the food administration with deep sea modern trawlers.

Construction will be begun immediately on seventy-five vessels.

A RELIABLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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 Money to Loan on Real Estate.

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IZZARD'S BAKERY
 Home-made Bread, Buns and
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 Standard Bread, Cakes and Pastry.
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SEE OUR NEW STYLE WINDOW SCREEN
 Improves the view from your windows. Protects your curtains from dirt and injury.

ISAAC MERCER
 Carpenter and Joiner,
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 Carpenter and Builder
 Alterations and Repairs to Houses
 and Stores given Special Attention.
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 Carpenter and Builder. House Raising
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 Jobbing promptly attended to.
 W. 461-21; residence and shop—44
 Rodney Street, West St. John.

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 Estimates cheerfully furnished.
 Make a Specialty of Chamberlain
 Metal Weather Strips, guaranteed to
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 102 Prince William Street
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EDWARD BATES
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 Special attention given to alterations
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"G. B."
CHOCOLATES
 The Standard of Quality
 in Canada.
 Our Name a Guarantee of the
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GANONG BROS., LTD.
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 Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired.
 Goods called for and delivered.
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 Satisfaction guaranteed.
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COAL AND WOOD
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 Phone M. 2348-11.

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DR. H. P. TRAVERS,
 Dental Surgeon,
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 Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

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 We manufacture Electric Freight,
 Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Wait-
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 Gas Supplies.
 Phone Main 273, 24 and 36 Dock St.
J. T. COFFEY
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**MOORMICK TILLAGE AND SEED-
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J. P. LYNCH, 270 Union Street,
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 Get our prices and terms before
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R. R. BRADLEY
 Consulting Forester to The New
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 Advices on the Management of
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 P. O. Box 5, Ottawa, Ontario

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WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.
 Incorporated 1851.
 Assets over \$4,000,000.
 Losses paid since organization, over
 \$68,000,000.
 Head Office Toronto, Ont.
R. W. W. FRINK, Branch Manager,
 ST. JOHN, N. B.

"Insurance That Insures"
 —SEE US—
Frank R. Fairweather & Co.,
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 Fire Insurance.
 Phone M. 2642.
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QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
 (FIRE ONLY)
 Security Exceeds One Hun-
 dred Million Dollars.
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Ask for Our New Policy
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 Fire, War, Marine and Motor Cars.
 Assets exceed \$6,000,000.
 Agents Wanted.
R. W. W. FRINK & SON,
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GROCERIES
W. S. LOGAN, 554 Main St.
 Phone M. 780.
 Soap.....4 for 25c
 Corned Beef.....15c
 Canadian Salmon.....35c
 All Tea.....75c

J. I. DAVIS & SON
 have opened a Cash Grocery
 at 560 Main St.
 Store formerly occupied by
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 Call us for CASH SPECIALS
 Phone Main 5156.

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 Groceries and Meats
 203 Queen Street, West End
 Phone West 286.
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 Groceries and Provisions.
 35 WATERLOO STREET.
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E. B. SPRAGG
 Boarding, Hack and Livery Stable
 OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
 Coaches in Attendance at All Trains
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730 Main Street
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 30 Germain Street
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 74-1-2 Coburg Street
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 Livery and Sales Stable
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 Right Opposite Union Depot
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 Coaches in attendance at all boats
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 We manufacture all styles Harness
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H. HORTON & SON, LTD.
 9 AND 11 MARKET SQUARE
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**Light and Heavy Driving
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 Solid Nickel or Brass Trimmed
 From \$20.00 to \$20.00 a set.
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HORSES
 HORSES of all classes bought and
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EDWARD HOGAN, 150 Union St.
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 Better now than ever.
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 100 Brass Pumps, suitable for plum-
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 Full lines of Jewelry and Watches.
 Prompt repair work. Phone M. 2895-11

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**EXTENSION
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 ALL SIZES
H. L. & J. T. McGowan, Ltd.,
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SECOND-HAND MACHINERY
 Can supply for immediate shipment
 any quantity of Mining Machinery,
 Rail, Locomotives, Mill Machinery,
 and all kinds of Electrical Equipment,
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 MACHINISTS AND ENGINEERS
 Steamboat, Mill and General
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MANILLA CORDAGE
 Galvanized and Black Steel Wire
 Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Oils, Paints,
 Flags, Tackle Blocks, and Motor Boat
 Supplies.

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J. SPLANE & CO.
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NERVOUS DISEASES
 Liquor habit cured in three to seven
 days. Drug addiction in ten to thirty
 days. Cigarette and tobacco habit
 three to ten days, without pain or
 suffering. Ask your doctor to investi-
 gate or write us for full particulars.
 All correspondents confidential.
 Charges reasonable. Cure guaranteed
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 For reliable and professional
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 148 Mill Street
 Out of the high rent district.
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PATENTS
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
 The old established firm. Patents
 everywhere. Head office Royal Bank
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 Plumber and General
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 31 UNION STREET
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 FOR DOORS AND
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 Prices Reasonable.
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 Fresh Codfish, Halibut and
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JAMES PATTERSON
 19 and 20 South Market Wharf,
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**Cut Labor in Half. Remingtonize
 your Billing and Accounting Depart-
 ment.** A. Milne Fraser, Jas. A. Little,
 Mgr., 37 Dock street, St. John, N. B.

NOTICE
**FURNITURE SALES
 AT RESIDENCE.**
 We are now prepared
 to bill buyers for sales
 of household furniture
 at residence. Our ex-
 perience in handling furniture enables
 us to get the highest prices for goods
 of this kind and it is important that
 you bill your sales as soon as possible
 to secure good dates.
F. L. POTTS,
 Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker,
 96 Germain Street.

NOTICE
 The sale of the expired timber
 license as advertised in the Royal
 Gazette on the 24th of July, 1918, and
 embracing in all Four Hundred and
 Fourteen and One-Half (414 1/2) square
 miles
Will Not Take Place
 Further information will be given the
 public in due course.
E. A. SMITH,
 Minister of Lands and Mines.
 Crown Land Department.
 Fredericton, N. B.
 August 27th, 1918.

**Send a Dominion Express Money
 Order. They are payable everywhere.**

**Y. M. C. A. SECURES
 A NEW SECRETARY**
 Hon. Capt. S. B. Stokes Has
 Accepted Position — Has
 Been Serving in France For
 Two Years.

Hon. Captain S. B. Stokes now re-
 turning to Canada after two years
 overseas service in France for the
 Canadian Y. M. C. A., has accepted the
 position of Secretary of the St. John
 association. Captain Stokes is a Can-
 adian who has made good in his work
 overseas, and is inviolable home on
 account of ill health following trench
 fever.

The local association are to be con-
 gratulated on securing an experienced
 man to superintend their work and St.
 John should give Captain Stokes a
 warm welcome when he arrives.
 The war has made many changes in
 the staff and membership of the Y. M.
 C. A. This week, Mr. S. S. Marshall,
 the physical director telegraphed that
 he had been accepted for the United
 States Army. Although only in St.
 John for the past year, Mr. Marshall
 has proved a most efficient director
 and the members will regret to hear
 he is not to take charge this year.

TENDERS will be received by the
 Board of Commissioners of the General
 Public Hospital in Saint John for re-
 wiring and providing an electric air
 circulator system according to plans
 and specifications to be seen in the
 office of the Secretary of the Board at
 the Hospital up to noon on the 16th
 day of September 1918. Tenders to be
 sealed and addressed to the Secretary
 of the Board. A certified check for ten
 per cent of the tender price must ac-
 company each tender which will be for-
 feited to the Board in case tenderer
 refuses to go on with the work if tender
 is accepted. Lowest or any tender not
 necessarily accepted. Separate tend-
 ers will be received for each section
 of the work.
HENRY HEDDEN, M. D.
 Secretary.

AGENTS WANTED
 AGENTS—Sell economical products
 that save customers money. Your
 guaranteed sales mean big profits and
 the repeat orders make a regular cus-
 tomer of every family. Many clear-
 ing \$10 to \$20 daily. Ten cents brings
 samples and full particulars. Original
 Products Co., Posters, Que.

**AGENTS WANTED—Agents \$8 a
 day selling men's ties, which mends
 gradually, hot water bags, rubber
 boots, reservoirs, boilers, metal tubs
 and tinware without cement or solder.
 Sample ten cents. Collette Mfg. Com-
 pany, Collingwood, Ontario.**

**AGENTS — Salary and commission,
 to sell Red Tag Stock. Complete ex-
 clusive lines. Specially hardy. Grown
 only by us—Sold only by our Agents.
 Elegant free samples. Write now to
 Dominion Nurseries, Montreal.**

**AGENTS WANTED—\$1,000. You
 can make it in your county with our
 fast selling Combination Cooker. One
 salesman banks \$388.55 the first
 month. Another sells 20 in two
 hours. Others cleaning up \$10 daily.
 No capital necessary. Goods shipped to
 reliable men on time. Territory
 going fast. Write quick to secure
 your field. Combination Products Co.,
 Foster, Que.**

PERSONAL
**HANDSOME FRENCH LADY, 21,
 worth \$125,000. Anxious to marry hon-
 orable gentleman. L. Bryant, 2217 1/2
 Temple Street, Los Angeles, Cal.**

**YOUR FUTURE FORETOLD—Send
 dime, age, birthdate for truthful, re-
 liable, convincing trial reading. Hazel
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FEMALE HELP WANTED
 Earn \$25 weekly, spare time, writing
 for newspapers and magazines. Ex-
 perience unnecessary; details free.
 Press Syndicate, 210, St. Louis, Mo.

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 A PURE HARD SOAP

The Highest Grade of
 Laundry Soap—Most
 Economical in every
 sense of the
 word

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
 One cent per word each insertion. Discount of
 33 1/3 per cent. on advertisements running one
 week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum
 charge twenty-five cents.

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 Established 1910, 1861 Scarth, Regina,
 secures suitable schools for teachers.
 Highest salaries. Free Registration.

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 WANTED—A woman to work by
 the day. Apply, Matron of St. John
 County Hospital.

WANTED—October 1st a modern
 apartment centrally located, prefer-
 ably furnished. Phone M. 2669-21.

WANTED AT ONCE—A house-
 keeper who understands the care of
 children. Middle aged woman can
 secure good, comfortable home. Apply
 to Samuel J. Holder, 35 Cedar street,
 between 6 p. m. and 7.30 p. m.

WANTED—Bread Baker at McMur-
 ray Bros., Fairville.

WANTED AT ONCE — Men for
 Lumber Woods. High wages and best
 of food. Apply in person or write to
 Murray & Gregory, Ltd., St. John,
 N. B.

WANTED—A second class female
 teacher for school district No. 12, Par-
 ish of Peterborough. Apply stating sal-
 ary to George M. Corbett, Westford, R.
 R. No. 5.

WANTED—A Cook, preferably male,
 St. John County Hospital, East St.
 John.

WANTED—Second Class Female
 Teacher District No. 2, New Horton
 A. C. Apply stating salary to M. C.
 Anderson, New Horton A. C., Harvey,
 N. B.

WANTED—Second Class Female
 Teacher for District No. 1. Apply
 stating salary to A. D. Case, Secretary
 Wickham, Queens Co., N. B.

WANTED—Teacher for District No. 8,
 Parish of Hamstead for next term.
 Apply stating salary to Seth DeLong,
 Secy., Trustees, Upper Hibernia,
 Queens County, N. B.

WANTED—To rent or purchase, a
 canoe, with necessary fittings. Apply
 Box K, Standard.

WANTED—Bright, active boys in
 every village and town in New Brun-
 swick to earn pocket money by a
 pleasant occupation. If you are am-
 bitious write at once to Opportunity,
 Box 1109, St. John, asking for par-
 ticulars.

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CLIFTON HOUSE
 The Commercial Travellers' Home
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REYNOLDS & FRITCH

"THE PRINCE WILLIAM"
 A comfortable homelike hotel. Cozy
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 vate lawn overlooking harbour. Tran-
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 Prince William Street.

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 St. John's Leading Hotel.

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HOTEL DUFFERIN
 FOSTER & COMPANY, Proprietors
 King Square, St. John, N. B.
 J. T. DUNLOP, Manager.
 New and Up-to-Date Sample Rooms in
 connection.

MISCELLANEOUS
 FREE DEVELOPING when you or-
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 Send money with films to Wasson's,
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**VIOLINS, MANDOLINS, and all
 string instruments and bows repaired.**
SYDNEY GIBBS,
 31 Sydney Street.

FOR SALE
 Business for sale, large house of 8
 rooms, butcher shop, large barn, two
 wood sheds, one wagon shed, two acres
 of land and one large scale for stock.
 Near station, school, post office. A
 good business stand. Good reasons
 for selling. Apply to Joe Flinsky,
 Florenceville, N. B.

**FOR SALE—1 50 H. P. Return
 Tubular Boiler; 1 40 H. P. Vertical
 Engine; 1 18 foot Rotary with 48 inch
 inserted tooth saw; 1 Dunbar Shingle
 Machine; 1 Lath Machine; 1 Trimmer
 complete. With bolts, pulleys, shaft-
 ing, all in first class condition. Com-
 municate with A. A. MacKinnon,
 Miscou Centre, Gloucester Co., N. B.**

RALLY TO THIS JOB

TEN DOLLARS BONUS to each and every man who
 helps complete the Valley Railway and stays on the work un-
 til it is completed.

Every man paid thirty-five cents an hour for ten hours
 a day, or twelve hours if he wants to work long hours.

TWO HUNDRED MEN WANTED AT ONCE.

Residents of the river counties who want this work com-
 pleted by November 30, 1918, and have another railway to
 St. John, rally to the job.

Apply to
NOVA SCOTIA CONSTRUCTION CO.
 At Westfield, Brown's Flats, or Gagetown.

...THREE BAI
 ...THE 300 CLASS
 ...Y BACK IN 1896
 ...One Years Later, im
 ...Only Six Performers
 ...of Almost 400 Turned
 ...rick.
 ...Stallings was recently shown
 ...containing the batting aver-
 ...age National League in 1896.
 ...He showed 83 who batted
 ...in many hit .800 or better
 ...he was asked.
 ...33 men out of 316 who were
 ...on was a star long after his
 ...Twenty-one years later—in
 ...six men out of nearly 400
 ...ted on National League bats
 ...to the 300 list. "What's the
 ...was the next question put to
 ...are a number of reasons."
 ..."One of the most impor-
 ...foul strike rule, which
 ...existence in 1896. The sec-
 ...on is the baffling spinball
 ...re, the horseshoe 21 years
 ...d a very high polish. That
 ...difficult for a pitcher to ban-
 ...ball. The shine was abo-
 ...years ago, and it is much
 ...a pitcher to control the ball
 ...it was in the glass covered
 ...e most important reason of
 ...of opinion, is that pitchers of
 ...r smarter than those of 21
 ...They use their heads as
 ...and only their arms. Their
 ...was to try to throw the ball
 ...batter. It failed, as the ba-
 ...ages of 1896 will show. In
 ...only a few pitchers made a
 ...the strength and weakness
 ...various batters. Change of
 ...practically unknown. Pitch-
 ...ers. They just put all the
 ...he had into the hands and
 ...ance.
 ...ra Now Use Their Brains.
 ...the present era a pitcher's
 ...not his whole soul. Thirty
 ...on was a star long after his
 ...back because he used his
 ...and uses. The moundman
 ...has the crest of the pitching
 ...stays there longest in lead-
 ...has brains, who studies each
 ...batter, uses strategy and
 ...the weakness of the batter.
 ...since 1896 has a National
 ...the batsman reached the 250
 ...that was in 1913, when Jake
 ...of the Dodgers just reached
 ...and was the best in the lead-
 ...older circuit; but in 1896 two
 ...leaguers went, beyond 400
 ...seven hit better than .500.
 ...in a form reversal. It was in
 ...r that Willie Keeler, of his
 ...they ain't fame annals!
 ...latest awaiting record of his
 ...He figured in 128 games that
 ...ant to hit 422 times, scored
 ...and cracked out 243 hits for
 ...ge of .422.
 ...question then was put to Stall-
 ...refer, Clark and the other sta-
 ...had been in the game in 1913
 ...ay of them do you think would
 ...batters? "I don't know,"
 ...rather hard question to

Around the City
FAIR AND WARM
NO STANDARD
ON MONDAY!

As Monday, Sept. 2, will be Labor Day and a public holiday, The Standard will not be issued. Tuesday's issue will contain an account of the horse racing, the close of the baseball season in the National and American Leagues, and other sporting events.

PROBATE COURT.
In the matter of the estate of Rodrick McNeil, letters of administration have been granted.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.
Transfers in real estate have been recorded as follows: Josiah Fowler et al to Emma F. Gandy, property in Wright street.
Benjamin Haan to Arthur Clayton, property in Rockwood Avenue.

STRIKE SETTLED.
The strike of the moulders of the Union Foundry in West St. John is over, a satisfactory arrangement having been made between the management and the men. The men returned to work yesterday morning.

SAFELY IN ENGLAND.
Mrs. Allan W. Hicks, of Hampton, N. B., received yesterday a cablegram from her son, Flight Lieut. Curtis L. Hicks informing her of the safe arrival of himself and other members of the Royal Flying Corps after a pleasant voyage across the Atlantic.

SENT PRESENTS HOME.
Fraser F. Steeves, who left St. John with a construction battalion is recovering from trench fever and rheumatism. He recently enjoyed a furlough to Ireland, and as a result his stepfather and mother, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Smith, 239 Union street have received presents from the Emerald isle. Mrs. Smith received a brooch and Mr. Smith a napkin ring, which are beautifully engraved with shamrocks and harps.

JURY DISAGREED.
The August circuit of the county court was resumed yesterday morning with His Honor Judge Armstrong presiding. The case of the King vs Bourke, in which the defendant was charged with stealing the sum of \$335 from William Paddock, was taken up and the trial resumed. The jury after an hour's deliberation failing to reach an agreement. The jury was dismissed and the prisoner will be tried again. William M. Ryan appeared on behalf of the defendant and C. H. Ferguson for the crown.

OFFICIALS CALL
ATTENTION TO
BADGE MATTER

Tell How Soldiers May Obtain Class Badges and of Severe Penalty Imposed on Persons Wearing Same Without Approval.

A recent pamphlet of information issued by the military authorities regarding war service badges, their significations, and penalties against those who wear them unlawfully, contains valuable information to discharged soldiers especially, and to the public in general.

These badges, A, B and C, respectively, for service in France, in England and in Canada, deserve special mention, as the general public are not aware of the significance of these badges.

Class A badge is given to a soldier for service in France, he receiving this on being honorably discharged or incapacitated physically by service in action. The same soldier is entitled to the Class B badge as he comes under Class A, provided he is honorably discharged or retired.

Members of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces who have been on duty in England during the present war are entitled to the Class B badge only, this badge being somewhat larger than that awarded for service in France, and entirely different as to color and shape. However, to obtain this form of badge the soldier must be honorably discharged or retired, as in the case of claimants for the Class A badge.

Class C badge is awarded to all who do not come under the classes mentioned above, and is awarded to those who have served in Canada, to those rendered permanently unfit for further military service, on account of age, injuries or sickness.

These badges are sanctioned by the military authorities and issued through proper channels to claimants deserving the same for past war services. Claimants whose services have warranted any of the above badges are advised to make application for the same to the nearest headquarters of their respective military districts. When application has been received a form will be forwarded claimant who upon returning same, duly filled in, according to written instructions forwarded him, will receive the class of badge which his service warrants, by registered post, the claimant's application being, however, forwarded to Ottawa for approval before he is given the badge.

In the case of men in Military District No. 7 they must apply for badges through the local military headquarters who in co-operation with the military officials at Ottawa, will forward, with their sanction, the badge. Possibilities by a recent order in council deal strictly with those wearing any of the above class of badge without proper authority. The penalty being

GUARANTEE OF STEEL PLATE
REASONABLE ORDERS REQUIRED IF
ST. JOHNS IS TO HAVE SHIPYARD

Thomas Nagle Talks of the Difficulties Experienced By Those Interested in Steel Shipbuilding For This Port—Government Will Not Allow Companies To Build For American Orders and Will Give But Two Orders For Canadian Ships With No Guarantee That Plate Can Be Secured—Progress Impossible Under Such Conditions.

That the Canadian government should either permit Canadian shipbuilding companies to build for neutral or friendly nations, or else that the Canadian contracts should be sufficiently large to make certain the continued operation of the plants, and that something must be done to guarantee a supply of steel plate if steel shipbuilding is to be a success in Canada was the opinion expressed by Thomas Nagle, managing director of the St. John Shipbuilding Company, yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Nagle said his company had been ready for more than six months to establish a steel shipbuilding yard at St. John but had been unable to go ahead as the inducements offered by Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries were not satisfactory.

"The difficulty is two-fold," said Mr. Nagle, "first as regard orders and secondly the difficulty in obtaining steel plate. The Canadian government will not give a new yard orders for more than two ships and will not guarantee future orders after those ships have been completed to the government's satisfaction. Nor will they give us any guarantee as to the delivery of steel plate, a most serious difficulty for any yard to overcome.

WILL ENDEAVOR TO HAVE THE
DEPOT BATTALION WINTER HERE

Messrs. Wigmore and Elkin Exerting Every Effort To Have Soldiers in St. John This Winter—Good Plan Suggested By Local Military Headquarters—Mr. Elkin Leaves Today To Interview Hon. F. B. Carvell.

Messrs. R. W. Wigmore and Stanley E. Elkin, energetic representatives of St. John and Albert in the Dominion Parliament are exerting every effort to have the Depot Battalion quartered in St. John this winter, and this morning Mr. Elkin leaves to interview Hon. F. B. Carvell, in regard to this project.

The plan suggested by the local military headquarters is that the battalion could be housed in the new armory, the agricultural buildings and the dairy building of the exhibition plant, the armory accommodating 540 men, the agricultural hall 500 and the dairy building 350, or 1,390 in all, which is

believed will be as many as will be quartered at any one time. Owing to a new regulation requiring that in all barracks a space of 600 cubic feet should be allotted to each man, considerable improvement and change will require to be made in the existing buildings and a new mess hall with accommodation for 1,400 men will require to be constructed. These improvements and the erection of the mess hall will entail an expenditure approximating \$42,000. The present plan is to utilize the old armory as a drill hall while the men's quarters will be in the other buildings referred to which are better suited for that purpose.

Mr. Elkin, in a recent edition of this newspaper, as to where the farmers of the country, the mill selected after thoroughly going into the matter was a French Burr Mill of the very latest model and this mill would take care of all the wheat offering in this section of the province. He has secured the services of one of the most practical wheat millers in Canada, and expects to be able to turn out a splendid grade of flour.

THURSDAY WILL BE
SAILORS' DAY, SO
ALL BE SERIOUS

Does Every One Interested Know For What Purpose the Navy League Thousands Are Being Raised?—Here's the Information.

Thousands are becoming interested in the Navy League appeal next Thursday. The gifts will doubtless be generous, probably all giving to the very best of their means. However there are doubtless many who lack information as to just what will be done with the funds, to whom the following will be of interest. The money is for the dependents of merchant seamen who are entitled to pensions as well as for the men who still carry on the service of ocean transportation without which the Allies long ago would have been starved into making an ignominious peace. The bulk of the money contributed will be allocated by the Council of the League to various funds for the benefit of the sailors of the Empire, including our own Dominion. The most important of these is King George's fund for sailors. As a sailor himself for a large part of his life the King has a very special interest in those who go down to the sea in ships, and the purpose of the fund established by him is "to assure more efficient aid for the distressed dependents of sailors and their dependents, sailors' homes, institutes, and hospitals in Canada and throughout the Empire. There is no need of an elaborate argument to strengthen such an appeal—Let none fall themselves into security with the idea that the war is over. The needs of the sailors are great. It is up to our people to do their share Thursday.

RECRUITING FOR
SIBERIAN UNIT

Lieut. G. H. Curry Here To Sign on Men—Recruits of Various Trades Will Be Accepted.

Lieut. G. H. Curry, recruiting officer for the Canadian Engineers for this district, has recourses to instructions to enlist men for one engineer field company, and one divisional signal company for the Siberian Expeditionary Force, and men who desire to join up with this contingent had better apply at once as Lieut. Curry hopes to get the required number in about five weeks.

For the engineers men of all trades are required, and men of draft age who are in the category A2 or lower will be accepted as volunteers.

J. E. McAULEY HAS
INSTALLED A MILL

Will Grind All the Wheat Offered in the Lower Mill-stream District—Says Grain Crops Are Good.

In conversation with a Standard representative last night J. E. McAuley, of Lower Millstream, stated that the mill selected after thoroughly going into the matter was a French Burr Mill of the very latest model and this mill would take care of all the wheat offering in this section of the province. He has secured the services of one of the most practical wheat millers in Canada, and expects to be able to turn out a splendid grade of flour.

McAuley said that realizing some time ago the need for a mill to grind wheat he had made an investigation into the matter, and after consultation with his millwright, William Harding, had decided to install a mill that would meet the requirements of the farmers, and be of real utility to the country. The mill selected after thoroughly going into the matter was a French Burr Mill of the very latest model and this mill would take care of all the wheat offering in this section of the province. He has secured the services of one of the most practical wheat millers in Canada, and expects to be able to turn out a splendid grade of flour.

Everything is now on the ground and Mr. McAuley expects to start operation on Monday, September 9. Asked regarding crops in his part of the country Mr. McAuley stated that grain crops of all kinds were good, and that an exceptionally large amount of wheat had been grown. Many farmers in Kings county would grow more than sufficient for their own use and thus release that much western wheat for export.

Borden's Evaporated (unsweetened) Milk will give you perfect satisfaction for all cooking. St. Charles Jersey or Peerless Brand.

LABOR DAY EXCURSION.
Steamer D. J. Purdy will leave at 8.30 a. m. for Fredericton and intermediate stops. Return by steamer Majestic arriving at Indiantown about 6 p. m.

Don't forget sports and amusements at Fair Vets, Labor Day, during afternoon and evening. Proceeds for patriotic purposes.

Members of the Y. W. P. A. are invited to attend at 8 p. m. Monday evening, guests of 7th Battalion, Canadian Garrison Regiment, West St. John, dancing.

SPORTSMEN'S HEADQUARTERS
REMINGTON UMC
FIREARMS & AMMUNITION
SPORTING AMMUNITION
However good your "shooting iron," the Best Ammunition is of vital importance and we offer you only the most reliable brands procurable, including
DOMINION, WINCHESTER, REMINGTON, U. M. C.
our stock embracing Shot Shells in popular loads and gauges, also Metallic Cartridges; Empty Shells in Brass and Paper.
LOADING IMPLEMENTS
Powder, Shot, Wads, Primers, etc.
Take Elevator to Sporting Department.
W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.

OPEN THIS EVENING UNTIL TEN
Here You Will Find a Superb Collection of the
Smartest and Most Popular New York Hats
for present and future wear at very attractive prices.
Today we have a few special values in Labor Day
Wear in Ladies' Ready-To-Wear Hats—Felts, \$1 up; Velvets, \$3 up; Children's Trimmed Velvet Hats, \$1.50 up.
See what New York sent us yesterday in Ribbon Sport Hats.—they're wonderful.
Marr Millinery Co., Limited

COMFORT—Two-Point Gasoline Iron
EASILY ADJUSTED ALWAYS TO BE TRUSTED
The advantages of this wonder iron are so many and so important that no housewife can be without it.
The latest invention in gasoline appliances. Quick lighting, self cleaning generator.
Positive shut-off against pressure, perfect regulation gas tip, cannot be enlarged. All parts accessible and quickly interchangeable. It takes less alcohol to light this iron than any other gasoline iron made.
Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Issued by the Canada Food Board.
"It will be too late next winter to think of saving the present vegetables and fruit."
Men's and Boys' Outing and Holiday Toggery
OUTING SHIRTS
with the Newest Shapes of Collars attached. Reliable Cloths in all White, Plain Colors, and Pretty Striped Cottons. Sizes 12 to 18 in. Prices 85c to \$2.49
SOFT LOUNGE SHIRTS
with French Double Cuffs. No Collars. Suitable for Outing or Business purposes. Many exclusive Novelties and Designs particularly adapted for this style of Shirt. Sizes 12 to 18 inches. Prices \$1.00 to \$4.75
SOFT COLLARS
in all the Favorite and Best Fitting Shapes. All White and Colored Stripe Cottons and Silk. 25c. to 50c.
STARCHED COLLARS.
All the Latest Shapes and Most Reliable Brands. Price 25c. each
MEN'S AND BOYS' FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT.
Corset Styles Which Assure Perfect Comfort
NECKWEAR
Light Weight Silks in several different weaves, with Novelty Designs, in popular Open-end Shapes. Prices 75c to \$3.00
Washable Ties in Woven Tubular Neat Designs, Reversible. Prices 25c to 50c
HALF HOSE
In Cotton, Mercerized Lisle and Silk. Many Grades and Colors. 25c to \$1.50 pr.
SWEATERS
Indispensable for Comfortable Outing Dress. Coat style. The Latest Convertible Collars or V Necks, in all the favorite colors, etc.
Men's Sizes \$2.50 to \$12.00
Boys' Sizes \$2.00 to \$5.25

"SWEEPER VAC"
CARPET SWEEPER AND CLEANER COMBINATION—Without Electricity this Hand-power machine actually removes dust from Carpets or Rugs as effectively as most expensive electric. This Sweeper is detachable and can be used separately if desired. No complicated parts to get out of order; self-adjusting, easy running, durable, reasonable. Two sizes. \$9.00 and \$14.00
CAN BE SEEN IN THE CARPET DEPARTMENT, GERMAIN STREET.
SPECIAL SALE OF CREPE DE CHINE AND GEORGETTE BLOUSES.
Consisting of a number of Blouses that have been slightly mused and marked at Greatly Reduced Prices. Continued in the Blouse Section, 2nd Floor.
TODAY WILL BE OUR LAST HALF HOLIDAY FOR THIS SEASON.
Special Sale of BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS and BOYS' SHIRTS and SWEATERS, continued in the Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishings Departments.
SALE OF HEMMED HUCK TOWELS
Mexican Drawn-Work Table Covers, Lace Centre Pieces and "Russock" Towelling. Continued in The Household Linen Department.
WEEK-END AND HOLIDAY ACCESSORIES at the Front Counters and Annex.

Saturday, August 31—Your Last Opportunity
To Benefit By Our August Sale of "Reliable Furs."
We guarantee to save you money now on Fashionable Furs from November prices. If you have not purchased Furs at this sale you will save yourself many dollars by calling today.
1918 AND 1919 STYLES GUARANTEED.
EACH PIECE OF FUR GUARANTEED.
The following illustrates what you may save.
Neutral and Blended Muskrat Coats, Belted or Loose Back, Caps or Wide Shawl Collars, 41 to 45 inches long. \$110.00, \$135.00, \$150.00, \$125.00, \$145.00, \$165.00, \$195.00, \$225.00, \$160.00, \$200.00, \$225.00.
MANUFACTURING PURRIERS D. MAGEE'S SONS LTD. MASTER FURRIERS
SINCE 1859.
63 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

FEATURES

Home Reading
Comics—Sport

The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

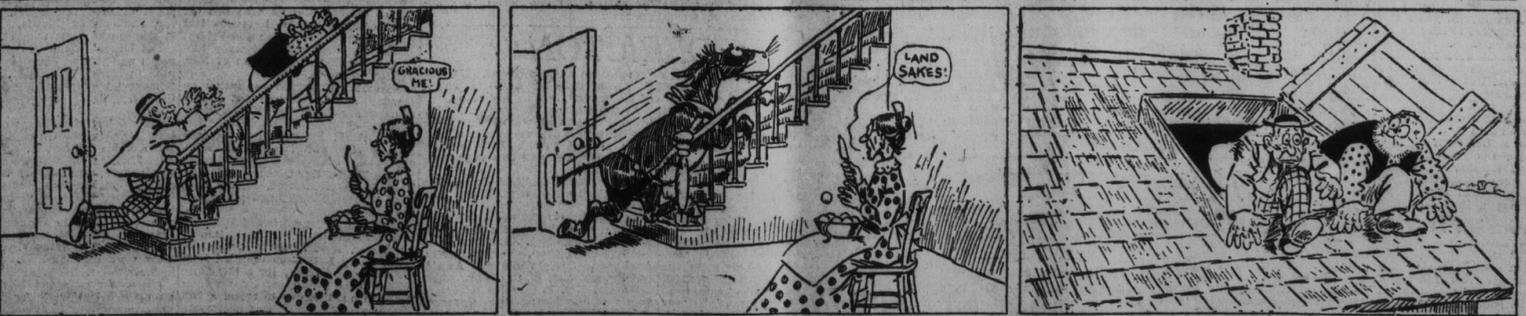
FEATURES

Society—Fiction
Children's Corner

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1918.



AND HER NAME WAS MAUD



MUNITION

the Best Ammunition
offer you only the
including

WINGTON, U. M. C.

in popular loads and
Empty Shells in Brass

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timers, etc.

Department

CO., LTD.

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Work Hats

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they're won-

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line Iron

WAYS TO BE TRUSTED

so many and so important

es. Quick lighting, self

regulation gas tip, can-

quickly interchangeable, it

any other gasoline iron

Std.

on at 8.30 a. m. close at

Fridays close at 10 p. m.

at 12.45 p. m.

Direct Styles

ture Perfect Comfort

NECKWEAR

Weight Silks in several

weaves, with Novelty De-

signs, popular Open-end Shapes,

75c to \$2.00

able Ties in Woven Tub-

ular, particularly durable.

Designs, Reversible, Prices

30c to 50c

HALF HOSE

on, Mercerized Lisle and

Many Grades and Colors

85c to \$1.50 pr.

SWEATERS

table Outing Dress. Coat

Collars or V Necks, in

tc.

\$2.50 to \$12.00

\$2.00 to \$6.25

Hand-power machine

This Sweeper is detach-

self-adjusting, easy run-

\$9.00 and \$11.00

STREET.

HEMME HUCK

Draw-Work Table Cov-

Centre Pieces and "Rus-

Towelling, Continued in

Household Linen Department.

END AND HOLIDAY

SHIRTS at the Front Count-

Annex.

imited

AT SQUARE.

Opportunity

ures.

ber prices. If you have

today.

Actual Largest Savings

on Each Coat in order

\$13.00, \$15.00, \$16.50,

\$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.50.

LTD. MASTER

FURRIERS

WOODSTOCK

ST. STEPHEN

SUSSEX

SHEDDIAK

Woodstock, Aug. 29.—Mrs. R. Highman is visiting Mrs. Fowler at Red... Mrs. Charles F. Rogers returned from a trip to Boston Friday evening... Mrs. W. A. Hayward of Halifax is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harold C. Montgomery...

Sussex, Aug. 29.—Mr. Charles Huntley and two children who have been guests of Hon. J. A. and Mrs. Murray, left Wednesday for their home in Parrboro, N. B. Mrs. Ora F. King is visiting friends at Southey, N. B. Miss Hattie L. Barnes, Hampton, who has been in Sussex for a few weeks, has returned home...

Shediac, Aug. 29.—Beautiful weather prevails and the seaside town continues to be filled with visitors. The citizens have appreciated the patronage extended by the strangers to the recent patriotic functions held in our midst. The highly successful tea and sale of ice cream, etc., in aid of Red Cross funds, in connection with the society at Shediac, resulted in receipts amounting to \$110 was handed in by Mrs. J. Young Smith...

St. Stephen, Aug. 29.—Miss Alice Hannah is spending her vacation in St. John, the guest of Mrs. Mary Topping. Prof. H. A. Miller of Oberlin, Ohio, was a weekend guest of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Harper, Moore street, Calais. Mrs. Theodore S. Wilkins and her daughter, Mrs. Theodora Wilkins, of St. John, returned home having spent a month with Mrs. William W. Malouin at the Lodge...

St. Stephen, Aug. 29.—Among the guests at the Wayside Inn are Doctor Broadbridge and Mrs. Broadbridge, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Adam McIntyre and daughter, Miss Marjorie, Mrs. W. A. H. Wardrop, St. John. Mr. and Mrs. Harold Taylor and children have returned from a trip to Nova Scotia town. The Red Cross fete which was held on Tuesday afternoon on the beautiful grounds of Mr. R. G. Fiewling, presented a most pleasing spectacle...

APOHAQUI

NEWCASTLE

Apoahqui, Aug. 29.—The evening service in the Methodist church on Sunday last was attended by a very large congregation, who came out to enjoy the scholarly sermon, so pleasingly delivered by the Rev. L. Johnson Leard, who during the brief time since taking charge of this pastorate, has made a most worthy record, both professionally and socially. His popularity is not only confined to his own people, but is evident among the members of other churches...

Newcastle, Aug. 30.—Miss Ida Pride returned to Fredericton Junction, yesterday after a three weeks' visit to her aunt, Mrs. H. H. Stuart. Miss Eulah M. Stuart left for North Bay, New Brunswick, Monday, where she will visit relatives at Fredericton Junction. Misses Marion Tweeddale of Fredericton and Muriel Johnston of Fredericton, spent the few days here...

Canada was thoroughly explained, and a resolution in favor of organizing a local branch of the Navy League was unanimously adopted. A strong committee was appointed to carry out this organization, at a public meeting to be held at the late date, Mayor Troy is chairman. Arrangements of the Chateauguay gunnery was held Monday night at Ald P. Russell's store. Organization was effected as follows: Chairman—Mayor John H. Troy. Secretary—Treasurer—Ald. H. H. Stuart. Arrangements Com.—Police Magistrate J. R. Lawlor, R. C. Clark, Jas. M. Troy...

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HAMPTON

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MAGIC BAKING POWDER. Contains No Alum. Made in Canada. E.W. Gillett Co. Ltd. Toronto, Canada.

CASTORIA. For Infants and Children. In Use For Over 30 Years. Always Best. Signature of Dr. J.C. Watson.

WOMEN'S ORGANIZATION YESTERDAY AT LEAGUE

Housewives' Food Centre Opened For a Demonstration Meeting At Which Many Inquiries Were Received—Question Book Proves Popular.

The answering of the questions found in the question box formed much of the proceedings at the Housewives' League yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Richard Hooper, convener of the Demonstration Committee, was the demonstrator, and those who had the thirst for knowledge in things patriotic and culinary must have been amply satisfied with the results of their inquiries.

The first thing taken up was the method of drying parsley which is simply to wash the parsley, remove the stalks, dry the curly part of the greens on pans by the oven door for three or four days, then bottle in airtight jars and keep in a dark place.

How to can blueberries without sugar was demonstrated, the following recipe being used:

Cover with boiling water, let stand 5 minutes and drain. Do the same with cold water. Fill sterilized bottles with fruit and berries. Add boiling water to cover. Place on tops covered half way. Put bottles in boiler and boil fifteen minutes. Seal bottles.

Mrs. Hooper also demonstrated the canning of tomatoes. She stated that tomato skins were excellent for removing stains from the hands. Spices in this way. An article published in a Montreal paper advocated the use of glucose, which is the principal ingredient of corn syrup. It is urged that women do their canning with a syrup made in the following proportions:

5 lbs. corn syrup, 2 quarts of water, 10 lbs. white sugar.

Water up to 5 quarts may be used. In this way much sugar will be saved which saving is a national duty for every woman.

It was suggested in the case of those wishing to send candy to soldiers overseas that anyone can do without their own share of sugar. The Rotary Club have contributed prizes to the extent of \$40 and other prizes will be offered for special exhibits. War breads as well as canning and preserving products will be exhibited. Information regarding the regulations can be obtained at the Food Centre, Calvin Hall, Carleton street.

EVERY WOMAN'S RIGHT

To every woman belongs the right to enjoy a healthy, active, happy life, yet nine out of every ten suffer years of agony, usually from some form of bloodlessness. That is why one sees every side pale thin cheeks, dull eyes and drooping figures—sure signs of headaches, weak backs, aching limbs and uncertain health. All weak, suffering women should use promptly to be well by refreshing their weary bodies with the new, rich, red blood that promptly transforms them into healthy, attractive women.

Through the use of these pills thousands of women have found a prompt relief when suffering from anemia, indigestion, heart palpitation, rheumatism, general weakness, and those ailments from which women alone suffer. There is no part of this broad Dominion in which you will not find some former sufferer who has regained health and strength through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and this is the reason why these pills have been a favorite household remedy for more than a generation. If you are ailing and will give the pills a fair trial you will find renewed health and happiness in their use.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Camouflage," though a servicable addition to the language, is also a word that has been terribly overworked, or, as late says an English newspaper, "Punch" prints a timely protest against its use except as a military term, and then points the moral by three admitting "camouflage" as a civilian in its columns, the editor leading the army.

Nature's Healing Herbs for Headache A BLOOD FOOD PRACTICALLY all headaches come from two causes—Eczema of the nose and Nervousness. Eczema means upset stomach, and constipation—both severe throbbing pains all over the head. Nervousness means that the nerves are exhausted and need rest and food. Dr. Wilson's Herbs Bitters leaves quiet and soothing relief from these causes. It forms a lovely, healthy, healthy blood, and with a spirit that is not only a blood tonic, but a blood purifier. It is a blood tonic, and a blood purifier. It is a blood tonic, and a blood purifier. It is a blood tonic, and a blood purifier.

MEETING HELD AT RED CROSS DEPOT

Provincial Committee of Red Cross Hospital Committee in Session Yesterday—Reports Received and Other Business Transacted.

The provincial committee of the Red Cross Hospital Committee met yesterday morning at the local Red Cross depot. Reports were read from practically all departments. The secretary-treasurer, Mrs. Frank R. Fairweather, was asked to thank the members of De Monts Chapter, I. O. D. E., Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley for her green sent to the men; Loyalist Chapter, I. O. D. E., for \$5.00 for comforts for the men, and Mrs. Jos. A. Likely for \$50.00 given to Miss Hegan for drives.

A committee consisting of Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley, Mrs. John A. McAvity and Mrs. J. V. Anglin, was appointed to interview Col. Jost regarding the co-operation of the Red Cross with the military for hospital work. It was agreed that Miss Hegan be asked to indent for day shirts for the men in the hospital, and also that the Lancaster Red Cross supply dirty red ties for the men; also that the surgical department send dressings to the hospital, and that the donor of flowers be thanked.

Reports from committees on visiting and drives said men had been well looked after during the month. The following ladies had entertained the men during the month: Mrs. J. V. Ellis, Mrs. F. P. Starr, Mrs. Fred Schofield, Mrs. G. Fred Fisher, Mrs. J. L. McAvity (Red Head), Mrs. Wignore (Duck Cove), Dr. and Mrs. Travers (Lancaster), Miss Edith Skinner, Mrs. J. H. Thomson and Mrs. Thos. Bell (Rothsay), Mrs. W. White (garden party), Royal Standard garden party; Mrs. Watson, Silver Falls; with also invitations for Sunday and Labor Day as follows: Mrs. Borquier, Fair Vale, outing association for Labor Day will take all invited.

Misses Ring, Drury Cove, two men for over Sunday.

What You May Not Know About Geraldine Farrar

Geraldine Farrar is all American. She was born in Melrose, Mass. As a child her voice gave promise of what it is today. Her father is Sidney Farrar, a former baseball star.

Like many other singers, she captured Europe before she came to the Metropolitan in New York. Her first Continental appearance was as Marguerite in "Faust," but her favorite role today is Cho-Cho-San in "Madame Butterfly."

She loves everything that is blue, and old blue particularly. She likes all simple food, salads particularly. Her ambition is to continue work forever. She adores the plaudits of the multitude.

Vacations bore her most. That's why she never takes one. Her days are laid out with the accuracy of a railroad time table. Geraldine Farrar is known to her family and intimates as "Gerry," spelled with a G, don't forget.

She dislikes alcohol, feeling that her work gives her all the exercise she requires. Her dog's name is "Sniffles." He is a Pekinese. Openly she reveals in gorgeous clothes, and fittings never tire here. Nothing does, in fact, except people who are slow to reach a point in conversation.

Never does she allow her maid to touch her hair, preferring to arrange it herself. The wave is natural. The novels and poetry of John Galsworthy delight her. Ice-cream and baseball she loves, and American Beauties with long stems.

In people she admires directness more than anything else. She will not tolerate women who are not fair and free from jealousy. "The Turn of the Wheel" is her first Goldwyn Picture. "The Hell Cat" comes next. It was written for her by William Black, who is a great household remedy for more than a generation. If you are ailing and will give the pills a fair trial you will find renewed health and happiness in their use.

All her letters she answers herself and she carries on a correspondence with a small boy who will not call her Geraldine because it sounds too much like jelly beans, which she doesn't like. She insists on playing modern roles, the stronger the better. Comedy does not appeal to her, though her disposition is sunny. She keeps her own household accounts and is conversant with the price of butter and eggs.

A PAYING POTATO PROPOSITION IS HERE PUT FORTH

Potatoes May Be Used As a Substitute in Bread Up To Fifty Per Cent.—A Fine Chance For Farmers' Wives To Solve the Substitute Question.



POTATOES BEING PUT THROUGH THE RICER PRIOR TO BEING MILED WITH FLOUR FOR WAR BREAD.

POTATOES IN BREAD. A Chance For Housewives.

2 1/4 cups flour, 1 1/4 cups mashed potatoes peeled and soaked, 1 1/2 teaspoons salt, 1 1/2 yeast cake in 2 tablespoons water.

Add yeast to lukewarm potatoes. Add salt and 1/4 cup flour. Mix and allow to rise until very light. Add remainder of flour and knead well. Have the dough very stiff. Cover and allow to rise until double in bulk. Shape into a loaf. Allow to rise until more than double in bulk and bake.

Feel potatoes and boil until they fall to pieces and become floury. Then rub fourteen ounces of potatoes through a fine sieve into a warmed basin. Add two ounces of butter and one teaspoonful of salt. Stir until smooth and then mould into rolls and keep in a cool place.

BRITISH MINISTRY OF FOOD. To eat potatoes to save bread is not enough. We must eat potatoes in bread. This does not mean that we should use potato flour, for comparatively little of it is as yet available in Canada. It does mean, however, that after this we are to use our ordinary potatoes in making bread.

The tuber enjoys the unique distinction of supplying nourishment to the human body and moreover to machinery as well. Under modern methods of distillation, a few potatoes could be made to yield enough alcohol to drive the farm-tractors of an ordinary farm. So that the farmer owes Mr. Murphy a double debt—only he doesn't always realize it.

No other plant in the entire range of the vegetable kingdom has travelled as far or met with such universal favour as this apple of the earth. Today North America produces more than half a billion bushels of potatoes, while Europe produces approximately ten times as much as this continent.

Britain has set the pace in the use of potatoes as a war-time substitute in the baking of bread. The Ministry of Food has proved that excellent bread can be made by the addition of

POTATO BUTTER

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Conservative Must Learn. To many women this is no new proposition, but the great majority who bake their own bread are conservative experimenters in potato bread. Many of the women in the Okanagan Valley, British Columbia, have been using a large proportion of potatoes in their bread for some time past with excellent results.

There are certain things to be remembered in its preparation. The oven should not be hot as for the baking of ordinary bread, and care should be taken that it is cooked right through. The sponge should be made overnight, generally speaking; but the farmer's wife, who is usually up with the lark, might set the sponge when she rises, use the left-over potatoes from the dinner table that day, and have the bread ready for supper on the same night. Allowance must always be made for the large natural moisture content of the tuber.

Doesn't all this suggest something new to the Lady of the Farm? Doesn't it suggest something to Women's Institutes and other women's organizations? Doesn't it suggest some bread-baking "bees" in the rural districts, or some house-to-house work? The swapping recipe? Individual experiments? Don't you think it suggests something new to the Lady of the Farm? Doesn't it suggest something to Women's Institutes and other women's organizations? Doesn't it suggest some bread-baking "bees" in the rural districts, or some house-to-house work? The swapping recipe? Individual experiments? Don't you think it suggests something new to the Lady of the Farm? Doesn't it suggest something to Women's Institutes and other women's organizations? Doesn't it suggest some bread-baking "bees" in the rural districts, or some house-to-house work? The swapping recipe? Individual experiments? Don't you think it suggests something new to the Lady of the Farm? 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SECRETARY VISITS THE RED CROSS

Kate Myles sees the Assistant Secretary of the Local and Provincial Red Cross Societies...

Kate Myles, recently appointed secretary of the Canadian Red Cross Society, arrived in St. John...

Myles is on a tour of the province to see just where she can be of most help...

Myles will visit her home in the city tomorrow morning...

Myles was accompanied by Miss Myles, secretary of the Provincial Red Cross Society...

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Uncle Dick's Club With the Children

My Dear Kiddies:—I wonder if it ever occurred to you that it was possible to receive a very good lesson through watching the nature of an ordinary house fly?

One of these horrible pests which we see all around us, and ought to "swat."

The other day, whilst busy going over some of the letters I received, addressed to the Children's Corner, I was persistently bothered by one of these flies, until at last I swatted it.

By this time it was able to stand on its four legs, which after making quite sure that they were free from the paste, were again used to struggle to release the remainder.

Now the real task was to be tackled. As I watched the fly through a magnifying glass, I began to think that its wings which were fast stuck to the side of the body would never be free.

Already the paste had hardened, and nothing could have appeared more hopeless at least to me, but as I was in a similar plight, but not so our little pest. Spending a long while over making its limbs entirely free from the sticky paste, it then settled down to getting its wings cleaned and released.

Then it was able to get two of its legs under an edge which was not quite fastened, and then gradually to free itself, bit by bit, was nothing short of a wonder.

After what has been almost half an hour from the time it started, the fly had one wing free and perfectly clean, although it took another ten minutes for the second wing to be freed.

The fly was soon absolutely rid of any sign of the sticky paste, and I touched it with the end of my pencil, flew away, just as they are, I certainly thought that one deserved its liberty and life.

It had taught me a lesson. The lesson was, perseverance, which I am now passing on to you, was "perseverance." Instead of remaining all stuck up and imprisoned, in its cell, of sticky web, go on to die a lingering death, it set to work and although a hard struggle managed to escape, and fly away, once more to enjoy its liberty.

"Perseverance" was its very life. I wonder how you would have fared under similar conditions. Of course we might have at first tried, but I am afraid that it would not have been long before our patient would have been exhausted, and we would have given in.

As you return to school next week, just think of our little pest. Will these kiddies learn to persevere? Let "perseverance" stare at you from your desk. Don't leave it behind when you settle down to do your home lessons, forget it not when engaged in your play, or having music practice. Whatever you are engaged in, whether at school or home, work at play, let "Perseverance" be your companion.

I have been very pleased to find so many splendid replies and entries in connection with the big contest, particulars of which were given last week in the Corner. I am glad to hear that you bring in a large number, with the result that I can already see that it is not going to be a very easy matter judging them all. However, let them come, and then we shall see who the lucky winners are.

All prizes rewarded recently have been sent off. Will these kiddies who have received them please write and let me know of their safe arrival, as there has been a little trouble lately, and I want to keep careful track of them.

Now I shall have to close again this time by wishing you all every success for the forthcoming school term. Let the members of the Children's Corner be noted for their good school work. If you have "perseverance" as your school mate you are sure to win out. Best wishes from your

Uncle Dick FOR THE ELDER KIDDIES

You Should Have a Knowledge of First Aid — Here Are Some Valuable Hints.

Headache may be owing to any one of so many causes that it would be impossible to name them all here, even if all were known.

If the headache comes only now and then, attention to the bowels may easily remove the cause. Overwork or overeating, under-eating, worry, poor ventilation by day or by night, an immediate cold—in fact, disturbance of any of the bodily functions—may show itself through a headache.

Darkness, quiet and rest, a hot bath followed by bed, an ice bag to the head and a brisk purge with salts or a Sed-Litz powder or one of the aperient wafers will usually bring relief.

Most of the headache powders on the market bring relief, not by removing the cause, but by dulling the pain with depressing drugs that often leave effects of their own much more serious than headache.

Usually complete quiet and cold applications will stop nosedbleed. If they bring no relief, direct pressure on the bleeding point may be applied. That point is on the septum, or middle dividing wall of the nose, about as high up as the little finger will reach when pushed into the nostril.

Cover the tip of the little finger with two or three layers of clean cotton cloth. Insert it into the nostril as far as possible, and press it against the septum with a firm, steady pressure. Continue the pressure for at least five minutes; then withdraw the fingers very slowly and gently, so as to leave the cloth in position and unremoved, for if the blood has elevated removing the clot on the cloth will start the hemorrhage again.

If that plan fails, introduce the end of a strip of clean cotton cloth or gauze that is one inch by twelve into the nostril on the blunt end of a pencil. Push it gently far up into the nose, withdraw the pencil so as to leave the cloth in place, and push another fold home against the first. In that way plug the nostril full of cloth, and use a considerable amount of pressure. Do not leave the plug in place more than from four to six hours; remove it, and if necessary replace it with a clean plug. In any such case it is better to see a nose-and-throat specialist at once.

A Foreign Body in the Eye. Rubbing your eye when something has got into it only increases the irritation and may do actual damage by moving the sharp particles of foreign matter across the tender surface of the eyeball.

Instead, lift the upper lid forward, away from the ball, pull it down, let it lie back against the ball, and allow it to retract to its usual position. That movement scrapes the inner surface of the lid gently across the lower lid and tends to brush out the foreign body. If it is not successful after several attempts, get help.

It is a clever trick to inspect another person's eye intelligently. Movements must be slow. Stand behind the patient as he sits facing the light and tip his head back comfortably against your body. Pull the lower lid while the patient looks up. The whole lower lid and the lower part of the ball are thus exposed. It is difficult to inspect the underside of the upper lid, because there is in the upper lid a reinforcing plate of cartilage that prevents it from being completely rolled. Consequently, the lid must be folded up on itself. Place a toothpick horizontally across



CHILDRENS CORNER

CONDUCTED BY UNCLE DICK.

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A Regular Saturday Page for the Kiddies

fine, I never saw prettier trout.

"Well, along toward sundown one afternoon I was whipping a particularly rough bit of the Little Green River. I had backed up against a steep rock on the upper side of the pool and was having the time of my life trying to whip out some big trout. Rock bottom makes pretty slippery standing at best, and it was all I could do to keep my footing and make the cast.

Bob was further upstream out of sight. "Why I looked round I can't say. Anyhow, I seemed to see, more than see, a big shadow looming up above me. I gave a startled look upward and saw the nose and one paw of a big grizzly. He was lying down on the rock and sort of swiping lazily at me with one paw, like a cat batting at a fly on its face.

"All the ice in that melted snow water seemed to flow into my veins. Again that big paw swished by over my head. It missed me by more than a foot but looked as big as a mountain. I tried to collect my wits and devise a means of getting out with a whole skin, but my brain was muddled. I usually pack a revolver, but that day I left it at camp with my hostler. I thought of plunging across the pool, but hesitated because of its depth, the current and my heavy boots. I couldn't work up along the rock because the bear blocked the way.

"All those thoughts occupied me only a few seconds. The big paw was just starting on another playful swing as I heard when I heard a yell. It was Bob.

"At that yell the bear forgot all about me. He gave a mighty heave that sent bits of rock spinning into the water, and while on all four to face Bob. I couldn't see what was happening, but I judged that Bob sighted the bear at about the same time that the bear sighted Bob. Some foolish idea of distracting the bear's attention in order to give Bob time to get away flashed through my head. I flipped my rod and sent that gut leader spinning out for one of the precast casts I have ever made. The fly landed squarely on the bear's nose, and with a quick jerk I had him hooked as neatly as any trout I ever caught.

"There were seven kinds of earthquakes and a tornado thrown in for good measure. And how that grizzly clawed and spit and snorted and fought! I almost lost my grip on the rod. Then there was a mighty splash, a shower of rocks and dirt, and I was swept off my feet and under, fighting for air and swallowing buckets of water.

"But I hung to that rod, although the bear gave such a jerk on it that he almost wrenched my right arm loose. I shot to the top like a cork, and the next instant I was cutting through that pool like a motor boat. There was the bear, fifty feet ahead of me, swimming at a great rate, snorting and puffing with the pain of a hundred-and-sixty-pound man dragging at the end of a fishline. Thanks to the strength of that but leader, the bear took me across the pool in record time.

"When I rock bottom on the other side, I let go of that rod in a hurry. It was either that or get towed across the whole of Utah. That bear simply tore ahead like a British tank. He didn't stop for anything. The last we saw of him he was way up the trail bounding along, with the rod still trailing along behind him. The funny part of it all was that Bob had left his gun in camp, too. Maybe it was lucky. Using a gun on a grizzly bear is dangerous business.

"I was away back in these very hills on a little fishing jaunt last summer. We were camped up about Eagle Grove, Bob Parks and I. The fishing was

very good. I had a very good trout. I was very pleased to see that you are enjoying the contest and sending in your solutions.

EDITH WETMORE—Yes, I should be delighted to have your letters. Write me whenever you may. I shall let me know how you have been enjoying your holidays.

ANNA AIRD—I remember your name and have been thinking of you. You did not write. Your little brother is old enough to become a member and I shall be glad to have his first printed letter. Your rabbit must be quite cute. It must be very good near your district and should like very much to accept your invitation but I am afraid that such is out of the question.

ETTA BEAUMONT—I cannot understand why it has not arrived but am looking into the matter and will see that you get it.

JESSIE WILCOX—I notice in this contest that many of you kiddies have all made the same kind of sketches. There are all kinds of stories in the Children's Page every week. Some for boys and some for girls.

AGNES PATTON—Why should I laugh? It was quite an original drawing and well done.

EVERETTE COATES—I am pleased to see that you are enjoying the contests and enter same.

FRED LAWLOR—I was very much interested in your answer to the hero contest.

DORA L. WILSON—No letters are published that I do not think the kiddies would like to have even in the Corner. I hardly think that your letter drop out of the circle even though you do reach your sixteenth birthday. That only applies to the contest limit and should be pleased always to hear from you at any time. Thanks for your continued good wishes. If you are in St. John any time call and see me.

MORDON WATERS—I am looking into the matter and will see that same is sent you. I am very pleased to hear that your crops this year are so good. Write me again soon.

LULU E. McALLEN—it is being sent off to you today, and I trust you will receive it safely.

YENNER NOIGT—Your entry in the contest is quite interesting and I am very pleased to find you are discovering so much interest in the children's corner. Write me again soon.

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DOUBLE PROGRAM. Her Own Wonder. Excellence. Remarkable Picture—merit.

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Two-Hour Show. Comedy, Thrills, Drama. Charles Ray in HOME TOWN.

LYRIC. Mammoth Production. EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION. THE KING MUSICAL COMPANY.

CAPTAIN SMITH'S SECOND WIFE. The Funny Side of Life. EXTRA. R. STEPHEN CROSBEDALE.

3 SHOWS EVERY DAY. Times: 7:30 and 9. SAME PRICES.

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT. THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT HAS BEEN HIGHLY COMMENDED IN THE HELD IN THE STANDARD. The Standard (CHILDRENS CORNER) ST JOHN N.B.

IN FUTURE THIS SPLENDID CERTIFICATE, PRINTED ON ART PAPER SUITABLE FOR FRAMING, WILL BE AWARDED THIRD PRIZE IN ALL CONTESTS, RUN IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHILDRENS CORNER. WHEN THIS DIPLOMA WAS PREVIOUSLY GIVEN TO PRIZE-WINNERS, A LARGE NUMBER OF CONTESTANTS WERE SUCCESSFUL IN HAVING ONE PRESENTED TO THEM AND NOW CONSIDER THEM AS AMONG THEIR MOST TREASURED POSSESSIONS.

FAIRY TALES FOR KIDDIES.

(Continued from last week.)

"Yes, that is the earliest ray, why the night is a wise parent who knows his limitations." Whereat the King made no reply. He had grown wise in that he had learned to leave many things unanswered since the royal wedding bells.

"Once upon a time," commenced the pet monkey, who by this time had settled himself by the side of his small mistress. "Once upon a time there lived a little boy who was always wishing he was strong. Oh very strong. And off all the animals in the jungle he most admired the big elephant because he was so strong. Every time he went to the Menagerie with his father he would say, 'Oh, how I wish I were as strong as an elephant.'

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DIAPYNS

Mrs. Rummage.



By Hy Gage.

JIMMY COON STORIES

By DR. WARREN G. PARTRIDGE.

HELP COMES IN THE NICK OF TIME

One night of silver moonlight, Jimmy Coon heard a peal of joyous and savage yelping of the dog, Ranger, who had been hiding behind a big...



It was the darkest hour in the life of little Jimmy Coon. For here were two big dogs ready to tear to pieces one little Jimmy Coon!

And instantly Mrs. Jimmy rushed for Ranger's leg, and gave him such a vicious snap, that Ranger went howling in pain for home.

And in this peril of his life, Jimmy gave a little cry of rage. And, wonderful to tell, Mrs. Jimmy Coon heard the call of Jimmy, and she came tearing through the moon shadows like fury in fur.

was a few hairs, and Jimmy's keen claws raked the side of Ranger's face, and made the blood flow a bit.

And Jimmy Coon gave a little scream of anger, as he saw the big dog, Ranger, preparing to give a terrible leap to end his life.

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Torturing a Young Man Who Just Ten Minutes Ago Put on His First Pair of Long Trousers.



LITTLE STORIES FOR BEDTIME

BY THORNTON W. BURGESS.

THE NEW HOUSE

Sticks will break and sticks will bend, and all things bad will have an end.

Johnny Chuck was sure that that night in the old stone wall was twice as long as any other night in all his life.

There is one thing sure and that is that I won't spend another such night, declared Johnny Chuck, as he ate a hasty breakfast and prepared to look for a place for the new house he fully intended to dig.

Johnny didn't even wait for jolly round red Mr. Sun to go to bed, meant what he said. But he dug only a few minutes and then stopped to rest.

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Johnny Didn't Even Wait for Jolly Round Red Mr. Sun to Go to Bed.

WHAT CANADA HAS DONE IN FOUR YEARS OF WAR

Has Sent Over 390,000 Soldiers Overseas and 43,000 Have Died.

Canada's achievements in the four years of the war are briefly reviewed in the following statement given out by the Director of Public Information:

Sent 390,000 Overseas. Canada entered the war with a regular army of only 3,000 men.

43,000 Have Died. Canadian soldiers to the number of 43,000 have given their lives to the cause.

Production of Munitions. In supplying munitions to Great Britain and the Allies, Canada has become one of the world's great arsenals.

Building 112 Vessels. Canada is doing her share in shipbuilding. Contracts have been placed in the Dominion for 112 vessels with a total tonnage of about 450,000.

explosive shell; 15 per cent. of the total 5.2" shell; 16 per cent. of the total 5.2" shell.

The extent to which Canada has produced munitions of war can be shown by the following figures:

Total production of shells up to recent date 60,000,000 lbs.; total production of explosives and propellants for cartridges and shells, 100,000,000 lbs.

Large Increase Exports. In external trade Canada is concentrating, so far as possible, on essentials.

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Canada has made an impressive showing. Her annual net export of wheat and flour for the supply of Great Britain and the Allies in Europe has increased over the average annual export before the war by about 80,000,000 bushels.

Loans \$100 Per Head. In the financial effort necessitated by the requirements of war, the country has risen splendidly to the occasion.

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given it. Countless agencies exist for the provision and shipment of supplies and comforts of all kinds for our soldiers overseas, and for the care of their dependents at home.

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FARM SPECIALISTS.

In our little town, oh! said to tell. There is a merchant who doesn't know how to sell.

A teacher who doesn't know how to teach.

A preacher who doesn't know how to preach.

A painter who can't paint very well.

A printer who doesn't know how to spell.

An odd-job man with never a job.

A cobbler who doesn't know how to cob.

A miller who doesn't know how to mill.

A butcher who doesn't know how to kill.

A racer who doesn't know how to race.

A mason who doesn't know how to mason.

A clocksmith who can't mend a clock.

And a doctor who doesn't know how to do.

And, since none of these are busy men, you will find them again and yet again.

Each talking freely and through his hat.

Doing the one thing they are expert at: Giving advice to farmers.

In Another Class. Chauffeur (roughly)—Don't you know enough to get out of the way of an auto?

Victim (humbly)—No; I'm not used to walking. You see I own one myself.—Boston Transcript.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.



"I've got your number."

"But we haven't any telephone."

From Red Cross Candidates. Q—Describe the spine?

A—The spine is a long bone running the entire length of the body and is very dangerous.

Q—Describe how you would prepare a Sitz-bath.

A—Fill a bathtub half full of water and put in as much "Sitz" as the doctor orders.

Another gave the answer: A Sitz-bath is taken in a cup of water and is used to relieve constipation.

Q—What is vermin?

A—An insect usually formed on a cat and is very dangerous to have around the house.

Couldn't Digest Him. The Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon's keen wit was always based on sterling common sense.

"Can you tell me the reason why the horse didn't eat Daniel?"

"No, sir. Why was it?"

"Because the most of him was back-bone and the rest was grit."

"CAP" STUBBS.



FORCE OF HABIT DID IT.



By EDWINA.

WAR GARDEN.

Green worms are taking toll of cabbage, does them with hellfire. You can't afford to neglect them this season, and...

RANDOM REELS

By HOWARD L. RANN

AMBITION

Ambition is a slow, relentless malady which attacks people in the head and feet and never lets go until the voice are counted. This disease is responsible for more blighted hopes than the counterfeit corn eradicator, which starts out full of promise and winds up with a heavily increased acreage.



Ambition usually starts out in a small, weak way, like running for justice of the peace or member of the school board.

Ambition is caused by the office-hunting microbes, which are wrecked on many happy homes and flourishing law practices. This microbe began to do business in this country immediately after George Washington refused a third term in the Presidential office. Washington was the only office-holder of whom we have any record who was famous to the ridiculous plea of this

microbe. When it approached him he sprang it with much indignation and his left foot, preferring to retire to his farm as Mr. Vernon and thus escape the clamor of the post-office petition. Mr. Washington set a noble example for posterity, but posterity's method is to hang on until shaken loose by the icy finger of death or jarred away from the trough by an embittered elector.

Ambition usually starts out in a small, weak way, like running for justice of the peace or member of the school board. In his final stages will usurp the seat of reason. This accounts for the large number of men in Congress who would be of more use to their country in some humble pursuit, like delivering groceries or running a feed stable, but who have picked to ambition and are now trying to catch up with their campaign expenses. The political graveyard is dotted with the names of candidates who entered a primary election with nothing to sustain them except ambition, but who were unable to realize on it at the bank.

Women have just as much ambition as men, but it is better directed. It is the height of a woman's ambition to cook a better turkey or wear a newer gown than anybody in her club, and when she does this she is satisfied. Woman always knows whether she is destined to be a home body or a social luminary, and you never see her running for some office which will not fit around the neck or anywhere else. Man should take a lesson from woman and thus improve the quality of our lawmakers.

RIPPLING RHYMES

By WALT MASON.

WARTIME LOAFING.

In sundry sections men have risen, and cried, in ringing tones, that idle gents should go to prison, or else bestir their bones. The scheme is good and I endorse it, for every man on deck should work until he busts his back, or dislocates his neck. Oh, every corner has its loafer, who will not earn a wage, and the village cop should go for and put him in a cage. The man unfit to wield a saber, or carve Tullus with a sword, should by a course of honest labor—pitch hay or saw a board. There is a place for every sinner who has one leg and arm, and he can earn a bed and dinner on any moral farm. Yet lousy men are idly standing in towns, forevermore, and bold as brass they are demanding a handout at your door. In times of peace they put it over, the coarsest stunts got by; but now all men should pick up clover or hunt their holes and die. The earnest, busy lads are packing the burdens of this time; and idleness is truly shocking and striking in a crime. There's no excuse for Weary Willies, their presence is a sin; so let the peeters take their bills, and run the loafers in.

LAUGH WITH US

FOILED.



Farcy—I say, your bulldog bit me. Jess—Well, what do you expect a bulldog to do—slap you on the wrist?

A city man tells the story of a well known financier, noted alike for his perspicacity and his closestness.

Two company promoters once called on him to try to arouse his interest in a certain scheme of theirs. They talked to him about an hour. Then they took their leave.

"I believe we've got him," said the first promoter hopefully.

"I don't know," said the other, "He seems very suspicious."

"Suspicious?" echoed the first. "What makes you think he is suspicious?"

"Didn't you notice," was the reply, "how he counted his fingers after I had shaken hands with him?"

When Captain Hammond of the British Royal Flying Corps flew from Dayton to Indianapolis the other day one of the first fellows he met at the speedway was Johnny Allison, the automobile speed king. Captain Hammond desired a spin around the speedway in Johnny's car and he was accommodated.

"Did you give the captain any fancy thrills?" James A. Allison asked the racing man.

"I should say not," Johnny replied. "Why not?" Allison wanted to know.

"Well you see, it's this way: The captain is going to take me for a sky ride and I don't want him to have any charges against me when he gets me about 10,000 feet northwest of you fessy cloud. No, siree! The captain got a ride that was soothing and altogether gentle."

It was the practice of a certain dame of noble birth to drive round at intervals to pay calls upon her acquaintances.

She was once called upon by a friend who had just returned from a party. As she entered from the door she gave her card-cases to the footman and directed him to each house as to the number of cards he should leave on her behalf.

Before sallying forth on one of these expeditions, and when she was comfortably seated in her sumptuous equipage, she made a discovery.

"John," she cried to the footman, a new and rather rare specimen. "I have left the cards in the morning room. Go and get them."

It happened that she had a large number of calls to pay that afternoon. At last, when the afternoon was drawing to a close, they halted before the palatial mansion of a noble duke.

"Leave three cards here, John," commanded the invalid, as her servant's head appeared at the carriage window.

John looked embarrassed.

"You can't, m' lady," he replied. "Well, there's only the ace of diamonds left m' lady!"

One day an Italian was showing an American traveller Vesuvius in eruption, and fully expected him to throw all kinds of emotional thrills. The American, of course, was greatly impressed, but he looked on with perfect calm.

"It has been in eruption some time now," said the native in a voice that was almost reverential. "What do you think of it?"

"Oh, I don't know," was the starting rejoinder of the traveller. "It isn't so much."

"It isn't so much!" responded the astonished native. "Do you really mean to say that?"

"Why yes," was the smiling reply of the American. "We have a water-fall over in our country that could put that fire out in five minutes."

DICKY DIPPY'S DIARY.

WEDNESDAY: GOT BACK FROM MY VACATION. NEVER FELT BETTER. BROWN AS A BERRY. HARD AS NAILS. MET JIM HAYES.

HE LOOKED AT MY LUGGAGE AND SAID: "AH, DIPPY, I SEE YOU ARE GOING AWAY. WELL, OLD MAN I HOPE IT WILL DO YOU GOOD."

"YOU LOOK AS FLABBY AS A SUN FISH AND AS WEAK AS WATER. I DON'T SEE HOW YOU CAN CARRY THOSE GRIPS!"

"YOU SURE DO NEED A VACATION! GOO-BYE!"



"Yo Ho Ho and a Bottle of Foch."

—By Webster.



Pointed Paragraphs.

When a woman is too angry to speak, her husband is in luck. The boat rocker on the sea of matrimony deserves his fate. True charity consists of opening the

mouth and keeping the mouth closed. A preferred creditor is one who is willing to wait until you get ready to settle. Success is apt to come to those who count every cent and make every cent count. It's only when a piece of property is

offered for a song that a man discovers that he can't sing. When you miss the limited express by only three seconds it might just as well be a local freight. Many an honest man might be otherwise if an opportunity worth while knocked at his door.

Obtaining a Satisfactory Decision on Shots Close To the Line Is Sometimes Very Difficult in Tennis Without An Umpire.



BEAUTY CHATS

By EDNA KENT FORBES

FIVE GLASSES A DAY.

Five glasses of water a day—as a beauty treatment! And it doesn't take a bit of time, either. Besides, it's a health treatment as much as a beauty aid.

Few people drink as much water as they should—this, in spite of doctors who claim that too much water is harmful. Possibly too much would rather blow the system, but a little—say five glasses a day—is an excellent tonic.

For one thing, it keeps the bowels regulated, doing away with many cases of constipation. It helps digest the food; it washes from the system the poisons always forming there; it assists the kidneys—clearing the skin of pimples and taking away the muddy look. And it contains minerals needed by the body.

Every woman whose skin has been irritated, broken with ugly eruptions, subject to unnatural flushes and wearing a general pasty look, should try the water cure. It will do wonders for her, even if she never tries anything else to clear her skin.

The first glass of water should be taken before breakfast, and hot: A little salt or a little lemon juice may be added to it, if the taste of plain water is unpleasant. For coffee or lemon is good for the system. You'll be surprised how sweet and clean the

mouth and throat will feel, and how ready for breakfast you will be. The rest of the water may be taken with or between meals, but is better if drunk between meals and before bedtime.

Questions and Answers.

Ques.—The trouble with most hair dyes is that they turn the hair green. Possibly, if you had continued with the use of the dye, the hair would have turned black and green. No mineral dye has been really satisfactory, and since the state of the dye market has been so upset, things are worse than before.

If I were you, I'd try sage and sulphur. This is a stain and it colors the hair brown, but it really is harmless. To make it, steep two ounces of sage berries in a pint of water for half an hour; pour off and strain this dark tea, add an ounce of sulphur of cantharides and one and one-half ounces of a little lemon juice may be added to it, if the taste of plain water is unpleasant. For coffee or lemon is good for the system. You'll be surprised how sweet and clean the

HOUSEKEEPING

By HENRIETTA D. GRAUEL

FOOD ACCESSORIES.

Food that is not food, in the strict sense of the word, and yet for which the desire is constant and keen, are those seasonings that we use daily and find indispensable to health and comfort.

Salt, of course, is the first such food accessory that comes to mind. The longing for it is a healthy instinct, and the need for it is explained by the composition of the gastric juice. The most powerful digestive acid in the stomach is that called "hydrochloric" and is composed largely of chlorine and sodium (salt) and potassium, taken with the food or naturally found in it. Yet we find persons who deny themselves salt, reasoning in some mysterious way that it is connected with original sin, or that comfortable, healthy body is too perfect a possession for denizens of this world.

Vinegar ranks next to salt as a valuable food element. Taken in reasonable amounts, pure fruit vinegar exercises a digestive action upon the contents of the stomach, and is connected with original sin, or that comfortable, healthy body is too perfect a possession for denizens of this world.

Salad dressings containing oils and vinegar are food necessities, also. They assist in the digestion of the fresh vegetables. Thousands who could not tolerate green vegetables, alone, relish them in salads. The dressing is really a medicinal lubricant to the digestive system.

Mustard is a stimulant and a tonic, as well as a pungent seasoning. It is more volatile than pepper, but its best flavor is not developed unless it is first moistened with water and then mixed with other ingredients.

Peppers are of two kinds; the black, the white, and the red peppers ground from pepper pods. Red pepper is an irritant and destroys the fine appreciation, good flavors, and delicate tastes of foods, if much used.

Cooks too often over season food and lose the subtle flavor by way of the spice box. Harmony of flavor should be sought for, and no spice should predominate to the exclusion of the original taste of the food served with it.

One spice we do not use often enough is paprika. It is a rich, milk sweet flavor, a little warm but never hot tasting, and not to be confounded with pepper for a moment. It is not even a species of pepper.

The use of onion or garlic is almost unknown in many of our homes because they are used with too heavy a hand. It should always be used so lightly that it cannot be detected in the aroma of the whole.

Kindly tell me the difference between cocoa and chocolate; they taste and look alike to me, but as the price is so varied, there must be a difference. Lucy B.

Reply—Cocoa has the oil removed from it and is, consequently, less rich. It is more wholesome for children than the heavier beverage made with chocolate.

What is butcher's linen, and how much does it shrink each time it is laundered? Mrs. X.

Reply—Butcher's linen is a coarse, shrunken-weave of true linen. It may be shrunken before it is made up. After it is once shrunken, it remains firm and strong.

WARTIME HOUSEWIFERY

By Frances Marshall.

WEARING THICKER CLOTHES

(Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

In spite of the fact that, thanks to Federal regulations and control, coal will probably not be exorbitant in price this winter, we should remember that a war winter usually means the necessity for wearing thicker clothes. Thin clothes in winter are, after all, a luxury, and a luxury that we have known for a comparatively short time. To be able to wear flannel underclothes and chifon blouses in December and January means that our houses must be heated like conservatories and that our houses shall be free from draughts and cracks that let in the winds from without.

In Paris women are wearing, if not the old-fashioned woolly underwear, at least something that is quite as warm, and they learned from last year's experience, when late snowed particularly ill natured in piling a very severe winter on top of a winter when coal was very high, that by wearing woolen underwear they could keep



CAUGHT. Senior—I thought that professor was a bookworm! Junior—He was until an early bird of a so-called came along.

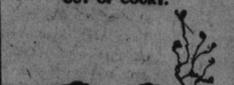
healthy and contented at a temperature that ordinarily would prove almost fatal.

In this country we may be wise in preparing for just this sort of thing. And if we have the pluck and the spirit of the French women we will not think that we must necessarily wear red flannels, or make a step backward in daintiness of underwear. French women knit union suits for themselves out of very fine, soft pink yarn, and they run them with pink or blue ribbons.

For the woman who wants to be fashionable and at the same time warmly clad, it comes as a pleasant piece of news that velvets, velours, corduroys and plushes are to be much worn this winter. For several seasons silks and chiffons have been the matter-of-course for evening dresses. But now one sees many velvet dresses, both in light and dark colors, and to make up both for the flannel and arms, there are all sorts of fur or velvet or silk scarfs that could be worn even indoors to make up for a lower temperature than that to which we are accustomed.

For the average woman who does not wear elaborate evening gowns the corduroy afternoon frock is always a pleasant combination of what for lack of a better word we call "dressiness," durability and warmth. In place of the Georgette crepe or chiffon shirt-waist, we may wear colored silk shirt-waists that are almost as warm as and surely more comfortable to the skin than woolen shirt-waists.

OUT OF COURT.



Wife—All that you are you owe Tabby—True, but I cannot convince my divorce lawyer of it.

Costs Blue Sport Coat with Detachable Caps.

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CHATS

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.
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 Questions—The trouble with most hair dyes is that they turn the hair green. If you had continued with the dye, the hair would have turned black but again—might not. In any case, the surface of the hair would have had that deadly greenish tinge in strong light. And the green dye has shown as the dye wore off. Several dyes have been really satisfactory, and since the state of the dye has been so upset, things are not as before.
 Answer—If I were you, I'd try sage and sulfur. This is a stain and it colors the hair brown, but it really is harmless. To make it, steep two ounces of herbs in a pint of water for half an hour; pour off and strain the dark liquid; add an ounce of tincture of cantharides and one and one-half ounces of flowers of sulphur. You can tell this is harmless; cantharides is the chief ingredient of many hair tonics; sage and sulphur are both tonic in effect, and the lotion can be used freely. Apply first with a small brush, and use until your hair darkens.

DEEPING GRAUEL.

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HOUSEWIFERY

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 For the woman who wants to be comfortable and at the same time a pleasant sight, it comes as a pleasant surprise that velvets, velours, and plushes are to be much worn this winter. For several seasons silks and chiffons have been the attire-of-course for evening dresses, and now one sees many velvet dresses, both in light and dark colors, and to make up both for the décolletage and the bust, there are all sorts of fur or velvet or silk scarfs that could be worn on indoors to make up for a lower temperature than that to which we are accustomed.
 For the average woman who does not wear elaborate evening gowns she is a hardy afternoon frock is always a pleasant combination of what for lack of a better word we call "dressiness," practicality and warmth. In place of a Georgian crepe or chiffon shirtwaist, we may wear colored silk shirtwaists that are almost as warm as and surely more comfortable than the thin woolen shirtwaists.

OUT OF COURT.
 Wife—All that you are you owe to my husband.
 Hubby—True, but I cannot convince my divorce lawyer of it.

Cadet Blue Sport Coat with Detachable Cape.



Brown Suede Motor or Luncheon Coat, with Seal-skin Collar, Illustrating Profitable Re-use of Fur.



Belgian Gray Sport Coat with Detachable Cape.



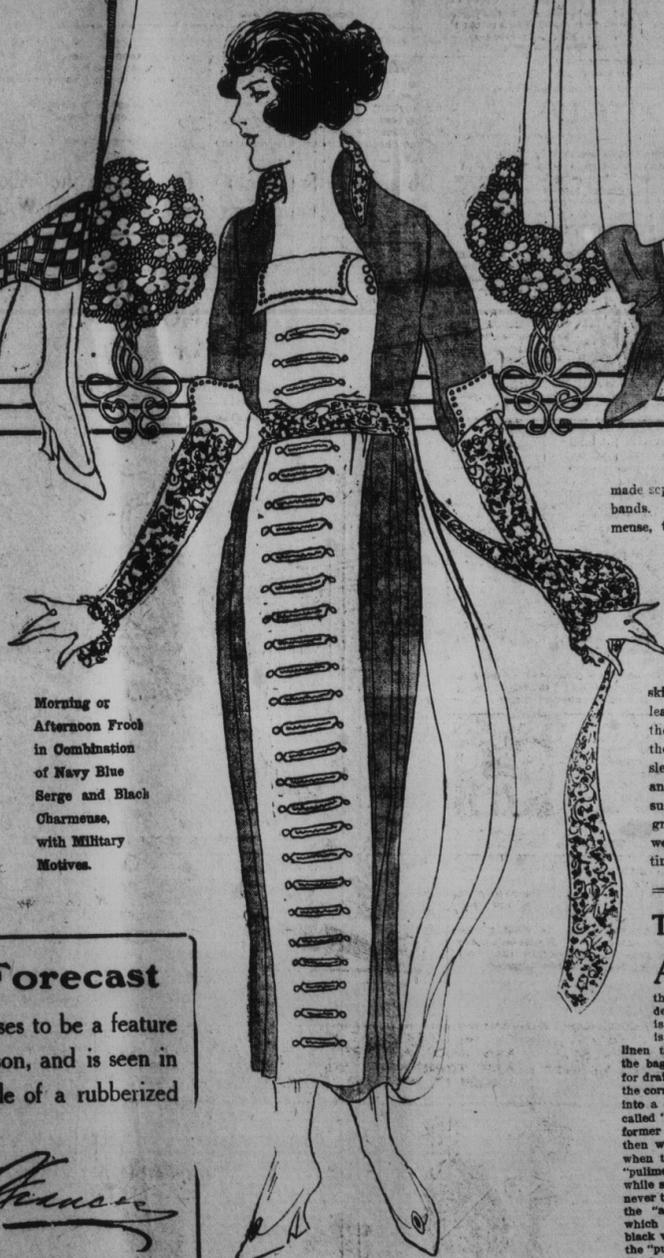
Coats and Capes

Novelties in Morning, Afternoon and Sport Garments, With a Suggestion for Re-Use of Important Fur Elements.

By Mme. Frances
 The Famous Creator of Fashions

TODAY there is no excuse for the devotee to motoring for not looking as smart in her car as she does in her drawing room. Like the traveler of the past who thought her dowdiest clothes were suitable for a journey, so the motorist commended her career by furnishing inspirations to the caricaturist only.
 The smart woman today devotes as much care to the costume in which she steps off her car as the one in which she steps off train or boat. It is an amusing sight and sometimes a pathetic one to sit at one of the popular inns, where the touring world stops for fuel, both for man and car—to watch the average types of disheveled or bundled up tourists that emerge from smart automobiles.
 As there is no law against mankind so disturbing nature there is nothing for designers to do but create garments that answer all the requisites for protection against mud and dust without detracting from the charm of the feminine motorist. In order to protect a conventional gown in which one could appear even for dinner at night, the long coat in varying weights with detachable cape is the most practical style.
 It is permissible to give a military touch to the cadet-blue cloth coat with a tailor finish of stitching and dull gold military buttons. The straight lines are relieved by the detachable cape of the same material lined with red cloth and by its youthful lines and trim style make a woman look well at the end of anything but a perfect day. The woman who wears such a coat is usually clever enough to choose a smart, close hat that harmonizes; is carefully veiled, and they do tell me, that her

skin is so protected by some mysterious new lotions that she is fit to meet Lohengrin after hours on route.
 Another effective design is fashioned in Belgian gray with a novel belt in self-colored wool crochets, the same handwork forming the turn over collars and cuffs. This coat also has a detachable cape which is conveniently doffed or donned, according to the variations of temperature.
 For colder days, I would suggest a brown suede coat with a huge seal-skin collar, its special feature being the roomy sleeves which give the coat enough of the semblance of a sport garment to make it suitable for motoring and yet chic enough to wear at a luncheon.
 For the woman busily engaged in war work, a frock designed for morning or afternoon wear suitable for a smart luncheon, or to serve as a semi-dinner gown, is developed in navy blue serge and black charmeuse, a most clever feature of which is the introduction of detachable ecru lace sleeves, which may be



Morning or Afternoon Frock in Combination of Navy Blue Serge and Black Charmeuse, with Military Motives.

made separately and attached by thin rubber bands. The gown and back collar are of charmeuse, the front panel of navy blue serge with military motives in black soutache, the front collar being formed by turning back the top of the panel. The back panel also of serge (no-motives) is lined with charmeuse and swings from the top of the sash, being caught under the bottom of the charmeuse skirt. For morning wear a smart patent leather belt completes the picture, while the addition of a black collar of ecru lace, the extremely clever detachable lace sleeves and the substitution of a sash of any color for the patent leather belt (I suggest black and white brocade or moss green and midnight blue for dinner wear) gives the frock an air of distinctive charm.

The Fashion Forecast

The detachable cape promises to be a feature of the coat for this coming season, and is seen in the suits, and is sometimes made of a rubberized cloth that is most serviceable.

One-Fifty-Eight West Forty-Sixth Street, New York.

Frances

The Polishing of Coral

ALTHOUGH Venice is a centre for tourist trade in coral and shell cameos, coral itself is neither gathered nor worked there. The manufacture is confined to Torre del Greco. Polishing coral in quantities is an interesting feature of the work. It is placed in a small bag of strong raw linen together with crushed pumice stone, and the bag is shaken in a special tube with a hole for drainage under a small column of water. When the coral is well pumiced it is washed and passed into a clean bag. Instead of the pumice the so-called "pulimento"—red or white—is used and the former operation is repeated, first without water, then with a little, and finally with much water, when the coral has become brilliant. What the "pulimento" is the inhabitants of Torre del Greco, while so proud and jealous of their industry, have never taken the trouble to find out, as indeed what the "acqua ossigenata"—hydrogen peroxide—is, which is used to change the color of the coral, black when extracted from the sea, to red. As for the "pulimento" it is not different from that which the jewellers use to polish precious stones.

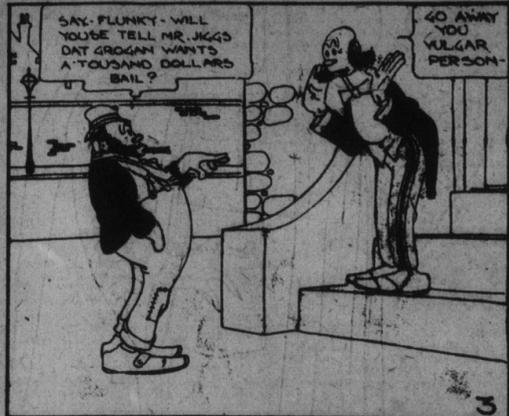




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Bringing Up Father



WEEKLY FISH

PALEONTOLOGICAL life. But what linked fish and birds that ever developed into the power of flight? This is due, remoteness of the birds became birds. The change to the estimates were required by. Fortunately come down through elongated swimmer for sustaining, in the air, and this is said to establish parallel between and those found in Langley of the Smithsonian to which other one cause. The document for it was found in the rocks of the Sahara. Here in a form...

Why WOOL

WHAT IS IT? Wool is a natural fiber from the sheep, and is one of the most important materials in the world. It is used for making clothes, carpets, and many other things. Wool is a natural fiber from the sheep, and is one of the most important materials in the world. It is used for making clothes, carpets, and many other things. Wool is a natural fiber from the sheep, and is one of the most important materials in the world. It is used for making clothes, carpets, and many other things.

Is the "Punkah"

If you have ever been in the Orient, you will have seen the "punkah" - the fan, wielded by a coolie, and used to fan a person. It is a very simple and effective device, and has been used for centuries. It is a very simple and effective device, and has been used for centuries.



The "Flapper" "Punkah" Is when desired, by The employment, whether as a means of ventilation, gives fact that the actual draft, usually, a rotary fan of played, the result side is or may be such air may have or too low relative ventilated space.





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The Shenanigan Kids

