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Twice-a-Week.

VOL. 21.

Anxious For Peace

Why the French Government Issued Note on the Chinese Question.

Earl Li Will Open Negotiations With M. de Giers at Tien Tsin.

The New South Wales Contingent Is to Remain in Peking.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, Oct. 2.—An official of the French foreign office today formally confirmed the accuracy of the details of France's attitude towards the powers on the Chinese question as telegraphed from Vienna.

A representative of the Associated Press questioned the official as to the reasons actuating the French minister of foreign affairs in issuing the note. The official says:

"M. Delcasse has been contemplating this action for a number of days. France wants peace and desires it expeditiously. There is no foundation for the rumor that the French government is in any way inclined to the detriment of England or the United States. We are unable to understand exactly the course the United States intends to pursue. Germany's note, as understood here, presents two propositions. One, the punishment of the Chinese government for the peace proceedings. While some people interpret it as meaning that the first is an absolute condition preliminary to the second, we see no reason why the powers should not proceed with the treaty preliminaries with those appointed on the note expressed by M. Delcasse's ideas of how best that end can be secured. We feel there is nothing in it antagonistic to the interests of the United States, and trust we shall receive her acquiescence."

The French consul at Canton, under the date of Monday, October 1st, called that the gunboat *Albatross*, with the French vice-consul on board, had just returned to Canton after co-operating with the Chinese forces in repressing the troubles in the disturbed districts of West River. The material losses were very heavy, but there was no loss of life.

Remains at Tien Tsin.

Tien Tsin, Sept. 29, via Taku, Sept. 29, and Shanghai, Oct. 2.—Li Hung Chang has abandoned his decision to proceed to Peking and will, it is announced, begin operations with the Russian minister to China, M. de Giers, upon the latter's arrival at Tien Tsin.

General Chaffee has designated the Ninth Infantry, the Third Squadron of the Sixth Cavalry, and Battery F to remain at Peking. He estimates that it will take a month to get the American troops out of China.

Expedition to Pao Ting Fu.

Taku, Oct. 2.—The expedition to Pao Ting Fu has been postponed and the start will not be made until October 6th. General Gaslee and the German general will command the Peking and Tien Tsin respectively.

The Russian have occupied Tung Shan without opposition.

The New South Wales contingent of British troops will winter in Peking.

Britain's Reply.

New York, Oct. 2.—The Berlin correspondent of the London Standard learns that England's reply to the German circular in reference to China is shaped in a very friendly and affirmative tone.

The Tribune's London correspondent cables: "Berlin, Oct. 2.—The Berliner Tageblatt, in the course of a reference to United States Ambassador White's letter to the German-American Republic of New York city says: 'The King's will not regard President McKinley's note as a proof of friendship. We undertake to advise President McKinley that he cannot have the German-American republic unless he changes his Chinese policy.'"

Deprived of Office.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The Chinese minister has delivered to the state department vital information of the degradation of Princes Tuan and many other Chinese leaders. The following official statement is made as to Minister Wu's dispatch:

A cablegram received from Director General Sheng at Shanghai, states that an imperial edict issued on September 25th, Prince Chwang, Prince Yin, secondary princes Tui and Tai and Tai Ying, are deprived of all their respective ranks and offices; that Prince Tuan is deprived of office and is handed over to the Imperial Clan court, which shall count and decide upon a severe penalty, Duke Tsai Lan and President of Censorate Ying Nien are handed over to the said house, who shall consult and decide upon a severe penalty, and that King Yi, assistant grand secretary and president of civil board, and Chao Su, Chiao, president of the board of censors, who shall consult and decide upon a penalty."

Russians Leave Capital.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The state department is in receipt of a dispatch from Minister Conger formally announcing the withdrawal and departure of the Russian legation from Peking.

London, Oct. 2.—The Vienna correspondent of the Morning Post says: "The Austro-Hungarian foreign office has received a circular note which France has addressed to the powers in which she agrees as to the necessity of obtaining satisfaction for the anti-foreign attack, but suggests that the ministers in Peking should immediately begin negotiations of the other questions at issue."

The note also proposes the permanent prohibition of the importation of arms and ammunition into China, the raising of the fortifications between Peking and the sea and the maintenance of legation guards.

Another Denial.

Berlin, Oct. 1.—The statement published in Paris that France, Russia and Germany have arrived at a complete understanding in regard to the retention of troops at Peking, and that Germany abandons her demand for the punishment of the instigators of outrages before the peace negotiations begin, is denied here officially.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 1.—The war office announces that dispatches from Khabarovsk and Harbin say General Tschitschagoff sent Colonel Kopetsky with a detachment of Cossacks, railroad troops and volunteers to engage a force of Chinese troops who had occupied the railroad station at Shanchakan. The Russians won two obstinate fights. Forty-three dead Chinese were left in the trenches after the second engagement.

Pekin, Sept. 26, via Taku, Sept. 29, and Shanghai, Oct. 2.—The German column, consisting of 1,700 men, under Gen. von Hoopfiner, encountered a small force of Chinese south of the imperial deer park yesterday, and killed 40 of the Chinese during the fight, which followed. The Chinese were put to flight and scattered. Four Germans were wounded.

Shi Sing, member of the Tsa Li Yamen, and anti-foreign statesman and a patron of the Boxers, has been captured in the imperial city by the Japanese. His fate has not been determined upon.

The object of the Japanese's movement south of the imperial hunting park was to punish the Chinese for firing on a German patrol. General von Hoopfiner's forces, which included a battery, burned several villages where arms were found. The German commander then proceeded to Nan Hing and dispersed a body of Boxers outside the town. Half were armed with rifles and the others with pikes and swords. Some of them advanced to within twenty yards of the German rifles, performing Boxer exercises, and were mowed down.

Official Correspondence.

Berlin, Oct. 2.—The following is the text of the Chinese Emperor's message to Emperor William:

"Greeting—That Your Majesty's minister has fallen a victim to the rising which suddenly broke out in China, without our officials being able to prevent it, whereby our friendly relations were disturbed, is deeply deplored and regretted. By decree we order that sacrifice be made on the altar for the deceased, and Chief Secretary Kim Yang has been instructed to pour libations on the altar, while the commercial officials of the northern and southern ports have been ordered to take needful measures concerning the conveyance of the coffin of the deceased. When it reaches Germany a second offering will be made on the altar. Germany has always maintained the friendliest relations with China. We, therefore, entertain the hope that Your Majesty will renounce all resentment, so that peace may be arranged as soon as possible, and that universal harmony be rendered possible at all times. This is our most anxious hope and our most ardent wish."

Emperor William replied, September 30th, as follows:

"To the Emperor of China—I, the German Emperor, have received the telegram of Your Majesty, the Emperor of China. I have observed with satisfaction that Your Majesty is anxious to explain, according to the custom and precept of your religion, the shameful murder of my minister, which set at naught all civilization. Yet, as the German Emperor is a Christian, I cannot regard that abominable crime as atoned for by a libation. Besides my murdered minister, there have gone before the throne of God a large number of our brethren of Christian faith and missionaries, women and children, who for the sake of their faith, which is also mine, have died the violent death of martyrs, and are accusers of Your Majesty. Do the libations commanded by Your Majesty suffice for all these innocent ones? I do not make Your Majesty personally responsible for the outrage against the legations, which are held inviolable among all other nations; not for the grievous wrongs done so many nations and faiths, and to the subjects of Your Majesty by my Christian faith. But the advisers of Your Majesty's throne and the officials on whose head rests the blood-guilt of a crime which fills all Christian nations with horror, must atone for their abominable deed. When Your Majesty brings them to the punishment they deserve, that I will regard as an expiation which will satisfy the nations of Christians. If Your Majesty will use your imperial power for this purpose, accepting to that end the support of all the injured nations, I, for my part, declare myself agreed on that point. For this my Gen. Field Marshal von Waldersee will be instructed not only to receive Your Majesty with the honors due your rank, but he will also afford Your Majesty the military protection you may desire and which you may need against the rebels. I also long for peace, which atones for the

guilt which makes good wrongs done, and which offers to all foreigners in China security for life and property, and, above all, for the free service of their religion. (Signed) William I. R."

Prospects Brighter.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Favorable news has reached Washington from the European chancellors, indicating that a complete agreement as to China is within sight. The agreement will be on the basis of the propositions laid down by Secretary Hay in his note of July 3rd, and the subsequent notes treating of that subject.

The accord of Russia with the United States is more complete than was anticipated at first, and the report shows that all of the European nations probably are placing themselves in a position to take advantage of the opening made by the United States and soon will be ready to begin negotiations for a settlement with the Chinese government.

The Russians already have given notice of such purpose, and while the text of the French note on this subject has not reached the state department, the officials are satisfied that France, like Russia, is ready to negotiate at once. As for Germany, either the position of that government has been misunderstood or it has sustained a change of mind. Possibly the former is the case, but, however that may be, it is quite certain from the advices which have reached Washington today that the German government, upon critical inspection of the plans for a settlement projected by the United States, finds there is nothing inconsistent with the German aspirations.

It may be expected that Germany, too, will be prepared soon to join in this common movement toward a settlement.

It may be stated that altogether the prospects of an adjustment of the Chinese difficulty without resort to formal war are very much brighter than they were one week ago.

Ordered to Kill.

Berlin, Oct. 2.—Official advices from Peking, dated September 23rd, assert that a further examination of the Chinese non-commissioned officer accused of the murder of Baron von Ketteler resulted in this statement:

"On June 21st, I and my people received orders from a prince to shoot foreigners whenever we came across them. The accused, it appears, denied the order was to shoot a minister or the German minister and he declared himself unable to say which prince gave the order.

Pekin, Sept. 27, via Taku, Sept. 30, and Shanghai, Oct. 2.—Prince Ching has been informed of the issuance of an imperial decree making Liu Kun Yi, viceroy of Nankin, and Chang Chi Tung, viceroy at Hankow, as assistant commissioners to negotiate terms of peace. Both the assistant commissioners are members of the progressive faction.

The American marines are being withdrawn. Some concern is expressed regarding the plans of the Germans, who are bringing a large force which is expected to embark on a campaign of revenge. It is predicted this will seriously delay the establishment of peace.

Sailed at Short Notice.

Wei Hai Wei, province of Shan Tung, Oct. 1.—The British first class cruiser *Terrible* and the British second class *Aretusa*, with the transports having on board the third brigade of British Indian troops, started today for Taku at short notice.

To Disperse Boxers.

Pekin, Oct. 3.—After the return of the German expedition to the southward yesterday a small Japanese force left Huang Tsun for Tsing Yang, where the Boxers are supposed to be congregating.

The Russians remaining in Peking are two battalions of infantry and a battery of artillery, Col. Troiatkoff commanding. They will hold the summer palace and the Machiapi railway terminus.

RECORD ATTENDANCE.

Over Five Thousand People Visited the Westminster Exhibition Yesterday.

(Special to the Times.)

New Westminster, Oct. 3.—The first day's attendance at the Westminster fair was a record breaker. Yesterday there were five thousand four hundred people on the grounds, and the receipts were \$1,100. The former record for opening day's receipts were \$876, and today the attendance figures are still going skyward.

This morning the horse races were postponed, and the tug-of-war, in which eight teams entered, is down for this afternoon.

The interior exhibits have been added to largely since yesterday. The Vancouver lacrosse players are confident of winning from Winnipeg, after the drubbing of 11 to 11 the latter received yesterday from Westminster.

The weather is splendid and people from all over the province pronounce the show a great success.

In the tug-of-war contest this morning Ladner defeated Victoria.

AMERICAN GUNBOAT SAFE.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, Oct. 3.—The navy department has just received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempff:

Sailed For Home

Over Three Hundred Canadians Left Capetown For Montreal on Sunday.

Gen. Buller and the Occupation of Transvaal Towns by Strathcona's Horse.

A Trooper Says the General Was Displeased With Their Impetuosity.

(Associated Press.)

Ottawa, Oct. 2.—Lord Strathcona cables from London this morning that the papers there state that from three hundred to four hundred men, first of the contingent, sailed on Sunday from Capetown on the transport *Idaho*, direct for Montreal, calling at St. Helena.

Buller Displeased.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 2.—Trooper Naught, of Strathcona's Horse, who is from Golden, B. C., and who writes from Teyateyer on August 15th, says that Buller was not pleased with Strathcona's Horse taking Carolina, because he did not order it.

"Buller must not," says Naught, "send Strathcona's Horse near a town of Boers if he does not want them to take it. It was the same at Ermalo. We were going into camp about six miles out of town, but the Strathcona Horse galloped in and took it."

London, Oct. 3.—The following dispatch has been received from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, Tuesday, Oct. 2.—A convoy of 22 wagons, escorted by sixty mounted men, was attacked by 140 Boers on October 1st, near De Jagers drift, while on the way to Vryheid. Twelve of the men escaped. The fate of the others is not known.

The Boers derailed a train near Panay evening. Five Coldestream Guards were killed and nineteen were injured.

Commandant Dierkzon, who has been opposing Paet, has surrendered after a personal visit to Komati Poort to assure himself that Kruger had gone into Portuguese territory."

Kruger Must Not Talk.

New York, Oct. 3.—The restrictions around Kruger are increasing, and he is virtually a prisoner, says a dispatch from Lorenzo Marques.

He had been allowed to use the Portuguese governor's carriage. While driving yesterday he met a party of Burghers and made them a patriotic speech. The governor has now refused the use of his carriage.

Kruger has been wanted to make no more speeches, and is forbidden to wear the green sash, that is the insignia of his office.

Kruger expects to sail on a Dutch cruiser for Holland next week.

Return of Refugees.

Johannesburg, Oct. 3.—The military governor on September 28th informed headquarters that he would be prepared for the return of three thousand to four thousand refugees weekly after October 1st.

Due on October 25th.

Halifax, Oct. 3.—The transport officer here has received a cable from the transport officer at Capetown to the effect that the transport *Idaho*, with 18 officers and 310 men of the first Canadian contingent, has sailed direct for St. Helena and Halifax, and is due at the latter place on October 25th.

Two Canadians Dead.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Sir Alfred Milner cables that Bing, of the first Canadian contingent, died of enteric fever at Johannesburg on June 7th. The report was only received at Capetown today.

Col. Biggar's cables that the following officers will accompany the troops: Messrs Pelletier and Wilson; Captains Rogers, Stairs, Barker, Fraser and Fullerton; Lieuts. Marshall, Stewart, Laurie, Leduc, Pelletier, Jones, Macdonald, Kaye, Oland and Winter. "A" and "B" Companies remain.

father of Pearl Bryan giving a full account of the finding of the head and a description of the plate.

BELLA COOLA NOTES.

(Special correspondence of the Times.)

Mr. Morrison is down again with his pack train from the interior.

The colonists have received a grant of \$4,000 for improving the roads in the valley. The most interesting question is where can it be expended to best advantage?

Prof. Whittington, of Vancouver, paid a flying visit to this place in interests of the Indian mission.

Several Indians are preparing to build new frame houses.

Ducks and geese are becoming plentiful. Bears have come down off the mountains, and follow the small streams for salmon. Some men out in the bush at Talley were lately surprised by a grizzly bear bounding among them.

Mr. Draney, of Nams, is pushing ahead with his cannery at Klonsquit.

Miners Are Still Idle

Will Not Resume Work Until Ordered to Do So by Convention.

Gen. Corbin Says Many of the Soldiers Will Return Home This Week.

(Associated Press.)

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 2.—The officials of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, which posted notices last night, reported the same number of men at work to-day as worked yesterday, and similar information was received from various individual collieries where the advance had not yet been offered.

The mine workers, as a rule, do not appear to grasp the meaning of the advance as posted by the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., and declare they will not make a move towards the resumption of work until ordered to do so by a mine workers' convention.

Half a dozen houses in different parts of this city, occupied by non-striking mine workmen, were stoned during the night by unknown persons. Nobody was hurt, but several persons had narrow escapes from being hit by flying boulders and glass.

Deputies on Duty.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 2.—None of the collieries in this place were started up this morning, occupied by non-striking mine workmen, were stoned during the night by unknown persons. Nobody was hurt, but several persons had narrow escapes from being hit by flying boulders and glass.

Situation in Panther Valley.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 2.—Supt. Zinher, of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co.'s collieries at Lansford, to-day informed the Associated Press correspondent that no trouble was anticipated in the Panther Creek valley. "We have ten collieries there employing 5,000 men," said Mr. Zinher, "and they are working well full force. No attempt was made this morning to interfere with our workmen, and we do not think this strike will affect our collieries."

The superintendent said that he understood that a few mine workers who had joined the union at a meeting last night at Lansford were already members, having enrolled themselves the previous day at Coalvale.

Gen. Corbin said to-day that he expected to send the majority of his troops home this week. He might decide to keep the small detachment here to protect the pump runners and other men kept at work, so that the collieries might be in readiness for prompt operation when the strike was over. Gen. Corbin said he had learned that some of these men had been threatened by strikers, and it might be necessary to hold a few of the soldiers here to insure order.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 3.—Following the example of the owners of Mid Valley collieries in shutting down the work until the strike is over, the Shamokin Coal Company's Natalie colliery, between here and Mount Carmel, was closed today this morning. Three hundred men and boys were given employment there during the past two weeks. Fifty-nine cars were loaded with coal at the North Franklin colliery at Trevorton yesterday. It was the largest one day tonnage in the history of the operation.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 3.—There was no material change in the situation here this morning. So far as could be learned about the same number of men were idle today as yesterday.

Mysterious Death

A Wealthy Banker Found Dead in a Vacant House To-Day.

Body Was Lying on a Comforter Which Was Spread Over Curtains.

Second Case of the Kind That Has Been Discovered in New York This Week.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 3.—Who appears to be a case similar to that of banker Robert McCurdy Lord, who rented a house in Mount Vernon in which to commit suicide, occurred to-day in a vacant house at 2012 Fifth avenue.

The owner, James O. West, worth between \$300,000 and \$400,000, was found dead there this morning. The only furniture in the place was what he had taken in, a comforter, sofa cushion and window curtains. He took down three curtains, laid them on the floor of the second story in the rear, placed the comforter and cushion on them and died, in what manner is unknown. He lived at 347 West 27th street, with his wife and five children.

A surgeon who examined the body did not determine the cause of death. There are no marks about the body and no letters or other papers to indicate the cause of his death.

There are not the slightest signs of violence and no robbery was committed, as the man had diamonds and money on his person.

Mr. West has not lost any money in speculation, so far as is known. He was seventy years old.

BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

New Survey Will Give Canada Two Miles of Territory—Pack Train Seized by Customs Officers.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Oct. 3.—The boundary dispute at Mount Baker has come almost to an international crisis. Yesterday a pack train of goods, bought in Chilliwack, was seized by American customs officers, who alleged that it had crossed into American territory. The goods were for American owned mines and American merchants made trouble because of losing trade. J. Deane, provincial surveyor, who is endeavoring to locate the boundary line, says it will be definitely fixed next Saturday. It will give Canada two miles more extent of territory than was thought on this side of the line. A post, always thought to mark the boundary line, was found half a mile out, and the line run from its direction was consequently erroneous. There is much excitement and bitterness expressed over the seizure of the goods.

ELECTION RETURNS.

One Hundred and Sixty-one Conservatives Elected to British Commons.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 3.—Up to 2.50 p.m. the total number of members of parliament elected was 256, as follows: Conservatives, 101; Unionist, 29; Liberals, 39; Nationalists, 27.

Today's unopposed returns include Mr. Wm. Wither Bramston Beach, Conservative, known as "the father of the House of Commons," who has represented Andover since 1857; Mr. Joseph Austin Chamberlain, eldest son of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Liberal Unionist; and Mr. John Dillon, the former chairman of the Irish parliamentary party.

EN ROUTE TO VICTORIA.

The Lieut.-Governor, Accompanied by Lady Joly, Passed Through Ottawa To-Day.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Sir Henri Joly, Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia, passed through Ottawa today with Lady Joly for Victoria. They were met at the depot here by a large number of friends, who went to shake hands with them.

THE RUSSIAN FLEET.

Naval Estimates Show an Increase of Over Ten Million Roubles.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, Oct. 2.—According to semi-official statements the Russian naval estimates for 1901 form a total of 97,097,866 roubles, an increase of upwards of ten million roubles over those for the current year. The ordinary expenditure swallows sixty million of roubles, of which sixteen millions are intended to strengthen the fleet, three millions for harbor work at Litsian, two millions to be expended at Vladivostok, and three millions at Port Arthur.

A. MORRISON, M.P., NOMINATED.

(Special to the Times.)

New Westminster, Oct. 3.—Aulay Morrison, M.P., was unanimously nominated for New Westminster to-day at a large and representative Liberal convention. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

John Oliver, M. P. P., was chairman and no other name but that of Mr. Morrison was mentioned. The choice was unanimous. It is understood that ex-Governor Dewdney will be nominated by the Conservatives, who meet in convention to-morrow at Westminster.

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BREVITIES.
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of over \$12,000 worth
of Canada shares in Jura
23.—Minie Sexton, who
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afterwards adjudged
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24.—A returned re-
gaining G. W. Purson
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near Waterdown le-

There Was No Resistance

When British Warships Demanded the Surrender of Shan Hai Kuan.

Withdrawal of United States and Russian Troops-Expedition to Pao Ting Fu.

Vina, Oct. 3.—The following dispatch has been received from Taku: "In accordance with the request of Count von Walderssee, the seizure of Shan Hai Kuan was decided upon by a council of the admirals on September 29th, and all was prepared for action. British ships were sent to demand its surrender, and that the Chinese evacuate the place. The British then hoisted their flag and the other flagships thereupon went thither and put up their respective flags over the forts."

Movement of Troops.

Tien Tsai, Sept. 30, via Taku, Sept. 30, and via Shanghai, Oct. 3.—The United States forces will not participate in the Shan Hai Kuan expedition. The United States marines with the allied forces has been revoked. The allies do not expect any opposition. They have been advised that the authorities of Shan Hai Kuan have been instructed to capitulate.

Russian Operations.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 3.—The Russian general staff has received a dispatch dealing with the operations north of Old New Chwang, which says that General Fleischer's division of 6,000 men, with artillery, engaged the Chinese on a vast plain, covered with high grass. The Russians lost two officers killed and sixteen wounded.

According to the same advice, Col. Artamanoff, while reconnoitering with two squadrons of the British cavalry in touch with 14,000 disciplined Chinese. These General Fleischer is expected to engage.

Details of Massacres.

Tien Tsai, Sept. 5.—(Correspondence of Associated Press).—Thirty-five miles from Tai Yuan in the British mission, Hsin Chou, on the great road. There were at Hsin Chou six persons, and their fate is unknown. There were Mr. and Mrs. McCurran and an unmarried man and woman.

At the outbreak of the trouble it was reported the entire party fled to the mountains and escaped safely from the village. Since then no word has been heard of them and their fate is conjectural.

Owing to the friendliness of the local official at Tai Kua, which is about 20 miles from Tai Yuan, the American Board of Missions there escaped the first attacks upon the foreigners. About July 31st a band of 500 Boxers swept down upon the place and attacked the missionary premises. One of the native missionary assistants was killed and the Boxers, smashing the gates of the compound, effected an entrance. There were six people in the mission, W. F. Davis, D. Williams, D. H. Clapp and wife, Miss Rowena Ford and Miss Susan Partridge. The three men took positions on three of the mission buildings and made a gallant defense until their ammunition was exhausted. The Boxers rushed them and they were cut down fighting to the last with clubs and guns. The three women then fled to the rear court, where they were found slain by a native woman teacher. The bodies were thrown into the flames of the burning mission building, after being beheaded. The heads were taken to Tai Yuan and placed in the baskets on the gates, and it is said the hearts of the men were cut out and carried to Pekin. One hundred native Christians were killed at the same time. These people had no means of resistance and were simply slaughtered.

Among the missionaries whose fate is unknown up to the present are Mr. and Mrs. Ogden, of the Swedish mission, at Yung Tung. Chinese soldiers say that their child in a boat, but have not since been heard of.

At Chien Tai two women, Miss Palmer and Miss French, were stationed. They are known to have escaped so far as Hung Tung. Chinese soldiers say that some of the foreigners were killed in that vicinity.

The Wily Li.

London, Oct. 4.—Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Pekin, under the date of September 26th, says: "If negotiations for the settlement are carried

on at Tien Tsin Li Hung Chang, being the vicerey resident there, cannot be a plenipotentiary, unless the foreign ministers are prepared to appear before him as suppliants for peace and not as dictators, for thus then action will be interpreted throughout the empire."

To Seize Railroad.

Tien Tsin, Oct. 1, via Shanghai, Oct. 4.—British official reports announce that Shan Hai Kuan surrendered to a British warship on September 29th. Three British regiments left here on October 2nd to garrison Shan Hai Kuan and Chung Tshien and take possession of the railroad.

Gen. Chaffee has left here for Pekin. Situation in Manchuria.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 4.—Gen. Grodekoff, commander of the Amur government, reports that on September 19th he received a telegram from Prince Ching, through the Russian foreign office, showing that Prince Ching was authorized to negotiate on behalf of China with the powers in co-operation with Chancellor Chun Zu. Prince Ching, with a view of facilitating negotiations, has ordered to cease hostilities. Subsequently 1,500 Chinese surrendered. No further fighting in Manchuria is expected.

Peace Negotiations.

Pekin, Sept. 26.—The commanders of the international forces are arranging for a combined official reception to show that Prince Ching was authorized to negotiate on behalf of China with the powers in co-operation with Chancellor Chun Zu. Prince Ching, with a view of facilitating negotiations, has ordered to cease hostilities. Subsequently 1,500 Chinese surrendered. No further fighting in Manchuria is expected.

Germans Attacked by Boxers.

London, Oct. 4.—A special from Shanghai, under the date of Wednesday, October 3rd, says the Chinese report that 2,000 Boxers attacked two battalions of Germans at Kau Kunen, near Pekin. The Boxers, it is added, lost 400 men, and the Germans 5. The latter are now said to be burning the Boxers' villages around Pekin.

The Peace Congress

Resolutions Adopted Protesting Against the Annexation of Chinese Territory.

Missionaries and Their Work—Favors the "Open Door" Policy in China.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Oct. 4.—The International Congress of Peace, now being held in Paris, has adopted several resolutions concerning the policy in China, says a cablegram from the Times.

The congress resolved that the action of the missionaries was often intolerant, that their religious propaganda should not be backed up by diplomatic or military force; that they should go into China at their own risks and perils; that Europe should abandon any religious protectorate in China; that the annexation of territory, especially that held sacred by the Chinese, should cease; that the powers should attempt to establish a stable native government, capable of undertaking internal reforms; and that the "open door" for the honest commerce of the world on equal terms was the only policy which gave any guarantee for the country's future peace and stability.

ROYALTY IN IRELAND.

There Will Be Great Festivities in Belfast During the Visit of the Prince of Wales.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Oct. 4.—Public interest in Great Britain in the Boxer war revived by the prospect of a series of gala days when the soldiers and generals return, says the Tribune's London correspondent. The great town shows will commemorate the arrival of the Guards, the London volunteers and Lord Roberts, and there will be a series of minor events. The north of Ireland will also have a royal festival. The Queen was invited to visit Belfast when she was in Dublin, but was forced to decline the invitation. The Prince of Wales will visit Ulster in the winter in her place, and there will be great festivities there.

RETURNING CANADIANS.

Over Four Hundred Sailed From Capetown on the Idaho.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, Oct. 4.—The following cables were received here to-day:

"London, Oct. 4.—Transport Idaho left Capetown on the 1st of October for Halifax with 18 officers and 418 men of the Canadian regiment of infantry, due at St. Helena October 6th, St. Vincent October 14th, and Halifax October 25th. (Signed) Chamberlain."

"Capetown, Oct. 4.—Seventeen officers and 885 men of the Canadian regiment of infantry, and 33 men of various colonial corps left Capetown for Halifax via St. Helena October 1st by steamer Idaho. (Signed) General of Communications."

"Machadodorp, Oct. 4.—The following casualties are reported in the action at Machadodorp on August 28th: Lord Strathcona's corps: Slightly wounded, 622; Trooper D. Burnett, forehead; 206; G. C. Whitley, chest and hand. (Signed) General of Natal Army."

service corps, is Trooper W. H. Ped-

SUMMER COLDS.

No cold is so hard to cure as the summer cold. It hangs on in spite of all ordinary treatments and frequently develops into consumption. It matters not what means have failed you can rely absolutely on Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine to promptly and thoroughly cure every kind of cough and cold. It is universally used in the best families all over this great continent. 25 cents a bottle. Family size 50 cents.

Killed by the Messenger

Two Daring Men Held Up the Kansas City Passenger Train.

One of the Robbers Shot While Trying to Blow Open the Safe.

(Associated Press.)
Council Bluffs, Iowa, Oct. 4.—Lying at the morgue in this city, with a bullet through his heart, is the body of a powerfully built man with black hair and mustache, about 6 feet tall and aged apparently 45 years. He was one of two men who held up the Kansas City passenger train on the Burlington railway, three miles south of this city, at midnight. Express Messenger Charles Baxter killed him.

The two men boarded the train at the Union Pacific transfer and climbed over the tender just as the train was crossing the Mosquito Creek bridge. Engineer Donnelly and Fireman Frank Holman, who were in charge of the engine, were ordered to stop as soon as the train had crossed the bridge. While one man held a revolver on the engine crew, his companion went back and set off the baggage door. He refused to do so. Under compulsion Engineer Donnelly attached a stick of dynamite to the side door of the car and blew it open.

In the meantime messenger Baxter seized a gun and escaped from the door on the opposite side of the car. As soon as the door was opened one of the robbers entered the car while his companion marched the engineer and fireman back to the engine. Baxter crept around in front of them and, seeing the robber keeping guard over the engine crew, fired one shot and killed him instantly. As soon as the shot was heard the robber in the car jumped to the ground and fled through a corn field.

The dead man was brought into this city. Nothing was found on it by which it could be identified. The robber inside the car was preparing to blow open the safe at the time his companion was killed.

LABOR MEN AND POLITICS.

Ralph Smith's Candidature Endorsed at a Meeting in Nanaimo.

(Staff Correspondence of the Times.)
Nanaimo, Oct. 1.—Mr. Ralph Smith reached here on Friday evening and on Saturday evening a meeting of his supporters was held in the city hall. The meeting was well attended and enthusiastic, and when a resolution was introduced asking Mr. Smith to stand for the district as an Independent Labor candidate there were no dissenting voices. A committee of twenty-four representative miners was appointed to prepare for the campaign, and arrangements were made for the holding of a mass meeting in the opera house on Saturday evening next.

It is not known yet whether John Bryden will accept the Conservative nomination tendered him, but should he do so and both Sloan and Smith persist in remaining in the field a lively three-cornered fight is in prospect.

As a side issue to the political situation there are labor troubles in sight. A few weeks ago the miners decided to put the demand for a ten per cent increase in wages, and it was generally supposed that there would be no further trouble. But there was an agitation going on and at a special meeting of the Mine and Mine Laborers Protective Association held on Saturday evening the whole matter of an increase in wages was again re-opened.

Will MacClain, the well known socialist leader, who came out prominently in the fishermen's and C. P. R. boiler makers' strikes, is alleged to have something to do with the present discontent. He has been a frequent visitor to Nanaimo lately, and those who listened to his Labor Day speech readily saw that he was not in sympathy with the labor doctrine as laid down by Ralph Smith. MacClain was here again yesterday and in an open air address he even went so far as to denounce some of the recent utterances of the agent of the Miners' Union.

When the miners asked for a raise in wages a few weeks ago Mr. S. M. Robbins, superintendent for the New Vancouver Coal Company, informed the men that under existing contracts the company could not afford to pay a higher wage. He invited a committee from the union to examine the books of the corporation. He further stated that as soon as new contracts were entered into that he would send for the men and grant them any concessions that could be afforded. Under the circumstances men who take a reasonable view of the situation are inclined to resent outside interference from those who are not well versed in the details of coal mining.

The fact that Ralph Smith has been one of the strongest workers against a strike is being unfairly used against him by his political opponents.

CUMBERLAND NOTES.

(Special Correspondence of the Times.)
Over fifty miners arrived here on Saturday straight from Scotland. Many of them are married and are just applying to the country preparatory to sending for their families. They look as if they would make useful settlers.

SMALLPOX AT NOME.

Another Outbreak Reported—Guld From the Klondike.

(Associated Press.)
Seattle, Oct. 4.—The steamer City of Seattle has arrived from Skagway with \$1,500,000 in Klondike treasure and 317 passengers. The Yukon river will be open next October 15th or longer.

The steamer Nome City, ten days from Cape Nome, reports another outbreak of smallpox at Nome.

The Disastrous Storm.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 4.—Gen. A. W. Greeley, chief of the United States army signal corps, who was at Nome during the disastrous storm of September 15th and 16th, says the loss of private interests was variously estimated at \$500,000 to \$750,000. Over 3,000 persons were rendered homeless.

CHASING THE ENEMY.

Hart's Column Was in Contact With Boers Twenty-Nine Days.

(Associated Press.)
London, Oct. 4.—Lord Roberts has wired as follows to the war office: "Hart returned to Krugersdorp on October 1st. He has been thirty-three days from his base, marched 310 miles, was in contact with the enemy 29 days, killed an unknown number, and captured 96."

"The British loss, 3 killed, 3 prisoners and 24 wounded."

"Hart brought back 2,720 head of cattle and 3,251 sheep."

CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE.

Ex-Lieut.-Governor Dewdney Nominated at New Westminster.

(Associated Press.)
New Westminster, Oct. 4.—The Conservatives to-day nominated ex-Lieut.-Governor Dewdney to oppose A. Morrison, M. P., at the coming election.

Murder of Chief Main

Hip Luck Pleaded Guilty at the Vancouver Assizes—Sentence Deferred.

A Burglar, Who Was Sentenced Yesterday, Has Made His Escape.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, Oct. 4.—Thomas Johnston, one of the most notorious burglars on the coast, who was caught six months ago, escaped this morning through an open laundry window in the court house. In the assizes yesterday he was sentenced to four years.

Hip Luck this morning pleaded guilty to the murder of Chief of Police Main of the assizes. He said the other two Chinamen helped him. Sentence was deferred.

This was Vancouver's day at the Westminster fair, and the crowds going to Westminster could with difficulty be handled.

Capt. Mellon returned this morning from the scene of the wreck of the steamer Cutch in the north. He says the steamer will probably be raised immediately after the low tides of the 10th. She has been temporarily repaired.

WHERE ARE THE SKEPTICS?

In spite of all the evidence published in the daily press, and even in spite of the testimony of your best friends, you may still be skeptical regarding the unusual visit of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Nothing short of an actual trial will prove to you beyond the possibility of doubt that Dr. Chase's Ointment is an absolute cure for Rheumatism. A single box will be sufficient to make you as enthusiastic as your neighbor in praising Dr. Chase's Ointment, for it is certain to cure you.

TRYING POSITION

"My position is a trying one" was the joking remark of the cloak of a fashionable firm. But there is less just than earnest in the remark. It is trying to be on the feet all day, to be reaching and stooping for an hour after hour from morn until night. And that is a very meager outline of a business woman's day. With many such women the ordinary strain of labor is intensified and aggravated by a diseased condition of the delicate organs, and they become victims of that terrible backache, or blinding headache, which is so common among business women.

If you are bearing this burden, bear it no longer. For the backache, headache, nervousness and weakness which spring from a diseased condition of the womanly organs there is a sure cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Half a million women have been perfectly and permanently cured by this wonderful medicine.

"My niece was troubled with female weakness for about four years before I asked for your advice," writes Mr. J. W. McGregor, of 6th St. and Princeton Ave., Chicago, Ill. "You advised her to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription which she did faithfully for nine months, and now we must acknowledge to you that she is a self-sustaining woman. We cannot thank you enough for the cure."

Sick women can consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. Address, Buffalo, N. Y.

Poling in Britain

One Hundred and Eleven Conservatives and Unionists Returned to Commons.

Winston Churchill Among Those Who Were Elected Yesterday.

London, Oct. 1.—Among those returned to-day unopposed were: Ministerialists, Lord George Hamilton, secretary of the state for India; Baron Ferdinand Rothschild; Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer; Sir Edward Carson, solicitor-general.

In the following boroughs to-day, all the sitting members were re-elected: Davenport, Durham, Exeter, Kings, Lynn, Peterborough, Preston, Reading, Rochdale, Wigan and the north and south divisions of Westham.

In Durham the Unionists secured a majority of 781, as against one of 65 at the last election.

The results in the other boroughs show little change, with the exception of a very significant increase in the Unionist majorities in Westham, there in the north division the Unionists secured a lead of 2,840, against 704 at the last election, and in the south division a lead of 1,196, against 751 in the last election. Westham is a densely populated working class district at the east end of London, and the result there seems to show that the Liberals have little to hope from the metropolis.

On the other hand, Mr. Matthew White Ridley, son of the home secretary, was elected at Stanley Bridge in the Unionists' interest by a majority of only 81, as against the Unionist majority of 603 secured by Mr. T. H. Sidebottom at the election in 1895.

At Hartlepool Sir Christopher Furness, Liberal, received 6,491 votes, against 4,612 cast for Sir Thomas Richardson, Liberal-Unionist, who represented the constituency in the late parliament. This is a Liberal majority of 1,879, as against a Liberal-Unionist majority of 81 at the election of 1895. Both the Conservative candidates were elected at Plymouth, which is a double-barrelled constituency. The voting was as follows:

L. E. Duke, Conservative, 6,006; Hon. Ivor Guest, Conservative, 6,005; Sigismund F. Mende, Liberal, 5,060; H. De R. Walker, Liberal, 5,264.

At Oldham, another "double-barrelled" constituency, one Liberal and one Conservative candidate have been elected, the latter being Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill, eldest son of the late Randolph Churchill. The polling was as follows: Alfred Emmett, Liberal, 12,947; Mr. Churchill, Conservative, 12,931; Walter Runciman, Liberal, 12,704; Mr. Crisp, Conservative, 12,592.

The returns received up to midnight show the total number of elected to be 132; Conservatives, 93; Unionists, 18; Liberals, 13; Nationalists, 8.

The Conservatives have gained two seats and the Liberals one.

CHAMBERLAIN'S MESSAGE.

London, Oct. 2.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, late last night sent to the editor of the Birmingham Daily Mail the following message to the nation, which was conspicuously displayed on the screen where the paper was announcing the result of the polling: "Patriotism before politics. May the union between the colonies and the mother land now cemented by the blood be forever maintained."

Considerable interest attaches to the speech at Derby of Mr. George Wyndham last evening, because it had been semi-officially announced that the parliamentary under secretary for war would outline the government's proposals as to army reform. The chief points in the speech were that the home army should have higher training, and that greater opportunities should be given for home manoeuvres on an adequate war scale.

Rumors are current this morning that the Marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, will succeed Earl Cadogan as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.

A rowdy meeting at Westminster last evening was addressed by the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, and by Lord Mayor Newton. The latter's son, after ejecting a disturber, was savagely attacked. His head was forced through a glass pane and he received a severe scalp wound and other injuries.

The Earl of Portsmouth, who was Viscount Lynton, formerly represented Barnstable in the House of Commons, has formally withdrawn from the Liberal-Unionist Association on the ground that Liberal-Unionism no longer means anything but Conservatism.

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Ladner, an exhibitor of the Society and Ladner to be judged to be the most successful. The air instructively exhibition show dot fancies of view the taking, made a provided item of y in the evident competed show. As a of affor processi one of t represent the Car form, a North," small P was ma the ho At me and exhibi import cultural fairly locality. But by the on by a tures v future exhibit Stainto terpris play of Of t portan showi classed being e and a exhibit was a the en animal former this" of whi The v Penze was b ing, a "E. B. contri divid and a draug ribbon most in tip exhibit large The class the troo H. at tors secur keen respect of a carry ed e by t three com comi were mir tors off ly con com pas pos won been the well not peg bar not reg and det spe Ke san and chie fine Fra gra toy wa tly leny int tra san

London, Oct. 2.—The election in Galway City yesterday resulted in another Conservative gain. The Hon. Martin Morris polled 882 votes against 763 votes polled by Mr. F. Leamy, Nationalist.

The Unionist gains thus far, therefore, are three seats, and the Liberals have gained one seat.

Up to 6 o'clock this evening the total number of members of parliament elected was 179, as follows: Ministerialists, 145; Liberals, 16; Nationalists, 18. The Nationalists elected include Mr. W. Redmond and Mr. James Daly.

Other members elected include Sir M. the White Ridley, the secretary of state for home affairs; Mr. Victor W. Cavendish, heir-presumptive of the Duke of Devonshire, Liberal Unionist; Mr. C. K. D. Tanner, a whip of the Irish party; and Mr. Patrick O'Brien, also a whip of the Irish party.

The success of Mr. Morris in Galway City was a genuine surprise. The constituency has long been a Nationalist stronghold.

GREAT WORK FOR LITTLE MONEY.

DIAMOND DYES

Are the Most Profitable Agents Used in the Home.

No other article used in the homes of the Dominion of Canada are as popular as the Diamond Dyes. These indispensable helps in economical housekeeping are sold every day. This popularity is gained by quality, excellence of colors and ease and comfort in doing the work of dyeing.

Just think of it! One package of any of the Diamond Dyes will color from one to six pounds of goods, according to the shade desired. This is wonderful work when the small expense is considered.

Your last year's jacket, cape, blouse, dress, skirt, and your husband's suits and children's clothes may be soiled, faded and unsightly; but with a new package of Diamond Dyes you can work a mighty change, and make the old things like new for this season's wear. One effort in this work of true economy will convince you that Diamond Dyes are true money savers to the family.

TELEGRAM FROM SKAGWAY.

Message Over the New Line Has Been Received in Seattle.

(Associated Press.)
Seattle, Oct. 4.—The first telegram from Skagway to Seattle, marking an epoch in the history of business between Alaska and the outside world, was received here yesterday. The time occupied by the message in transit was seven hours. This will be reduced.

KENDALL'S SPAIN CURE

For Spavin, Ringbone, Splints, Curbs, etc. The use of Kendall's Spain Cure will double the selling price of your horse.

Testimonials—Please send me one of your "Spain Cure" bottles. I do not use any other. I have successfully cured several horses and am now curing others with respect, DAVID McFARLIN.

Metopola, N. C., Nov. 6, 1899.

The Old Reliable Remedy

For Spavin, Ringbone, Splints, Curbs, etc. The use of Kendall's Spain Cure will double the selling price of your horse.

Testimonials—Please send me one of your "Spain Cure" bottles. I do not use any other. I have successfully cured several horses and am now curing others with respect, DAVID McFARLIN.

Metopola, N. C., Nov. 6, 1899.

LOOKING FORWARD.

Apparently the western part of Canada is on the eve of a period of great business activity. From the interior of British Columbia, from the north and from the west coast of the Island news is constantly arriving of the most encouraging character.

ELECTIONS AND ELECTORS.

There are few parts of the world in which the people take it so coolly at election time as we do in British Columbia. They are fiercely excited in Britain at the present time, and before the contest is over we are likely to read many tales of personal violence.

MAKE A NOTE OF THIS.

The increase of Canada's trade during the four years since the Liberals came into power has been simply phenomenal. In no time in the history of the Dominion have its manufacturing interests been so prosperous.

OUR EXHIBITION.

In response to a request from Mr. Harry Helmcken to be informed as to the amount of money the city has invested in the exhibition grounds and buildings on Cadboro Bay road, Mr. Dowler has issued the following statement:

AS TO AGRICULTURE.

In the agricultural sections of the province these are the days when the fruits of the toils of husbandmen are set forth to public view. People from Eastern Canada, with natural partiality for the home of their childhood, are apt to hold the view that there is no section of the Dominion which can produce such fruits as Ontario.

paid a visit to the Spanish or any of the other fairs of this province they would probably be ready to admit that in fruit as in everything else that maketh glad the heart of man British Columbia cannot be beaten.

We believe we are correct in saying that a few years ago the art of making butter was almost unknown in this country where the conditions for successful dairying are unrivalled, the greater part of the butter required for consumption being imported from Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and Ontario.

CASTLE.

The revenue of the Dominion is literally growing "by leaps and bounds." Our Conservative friends made a great to-do on the few occasions when they were able to announce a surplus.

In times past the Conservatives were in the habit of wrapping themselves in the old flag and shouting that the Liberals were disloyal to the Empire.

The appointment of Mr. F. J. Deane, proprietor of the Kamloops Sentinel, to the position of secretary of the commission on Chinese and Japanese, is a good one.

The Colonist on Saturday said "British goods have an advantage of 25 per cent. over those imported from other countries." Surely our esteemed contemporary must know that the advantage is 33 1-3 per cent., and we are inclined to think that 33 1-3 cannot be adjudged to be one-quarter of a hundred even at the dictum of our clever neighbor.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The little child's favorite. It is the best of all purgatives.

Gowichan Exhibition

List of Prize Winners at the Fall Show Held Recently at Duncan's.

Attractive Programme of Sports, All of Which Were Well Contested

- The following is the prize list in connection with the annual fall exhibition of the Gowichan Agricultural Society held at Duncan's on Friday and Saturday last:
Horses: Draught Brood Mare-1, G. T. Corfield; Light Brood Mare-1, G. Lilley; 2, Mrs. Richards; Saddle Horse-1, H. Hardy Simpson; 2, R. Bazett; Pony, under 14 1/2 hands-1, R. E. Barkley; 2, M. T. Johnston; 3, G. T. Corfield; 4, T. M. Jackson; 5, G. T. Corfield; 6, T. M. Jackson; 7, G. T. Corfield; 8, T. M. Jackson; 9, G. T. Corfield; 10, T. M. Jackson; 11, G. T. Corfield; 12, T. M. Jackson; 13, G. T. Corfield; 14, T. M. Jackson; 15, G. T. Corfield; 16, T. M. Jackson; 17, G. T. Corfield; 18, T. M. Jackson; 19, G. T. Corfield; 20, T. M. Jackson; 21, G. T. Corfield; 22, T. M. Jackson; 23, G. T. Corfield; 24, T. M. Jackson; 25, G. T. Corfield; 26, T. M. Jackson; 27, G. T. Corfield; 28, T. M. Jackson; 29, G. T. Corfield; 30, T. M. Jackson; 31, G. T. Corfield; 32, T. M. Jackson; 33, G. T. Corfield; 34, T. M. Jackson; 35, G. T. Corfield; 36, T. M. Jackson; 37, G. T. Corfield; 38, T. M. Jackson; 39, G. T. Corfield; 40, T. M. Jackson; 41, G. T. Corfield; 42, T. M. Jackson; 43, G. T. 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WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Victoria Meteorological Office, 26th September to 2nd October, 1900. The week opened on the 26th with a vast area of high barometric pressure extending from the Pacific ocean to Western Ontario.

Local News.

GLEANNINGS OF CITY AND PROVINCIAL NEWS IN A CONDENSED FORM.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) A requisition as to the advisability of holding a fair in Victoria has been sent to Mayor Hayward, and will come up for action at the next meeting of the council.

A number of hunters arrived on the noon train to-day from points along the line of the E. & N. railway, and all brought big bags of pheasants. The hunters boarded the train all the way down from Duncan to Strathcona.

The report of the city librarian shows that during the month of September there were issued from the city library 1,793 books—948 to ladies 845 to gentlemen. The highest number issued in one day was 114; average number 75. Forty-one new members joined the library—21 ladies and 20 gentlemen.

James Cates, the popular first officer of the tug Lorne, who but recently successfully passed an examination for captain's papers, was married this morning to Miss Nellie Wilson, second daughter of Alex. Wilson of Funchal Harbor, Salt Spring island, and a sister to Mrs. Douglas Brown, James Bay.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) The staff of the new Normal school which will be opened at Vancouver, January 1st, will consist of Superintendent Robinson, Mr. Blair, art and science instructor, and Inspector Wilson.

A club is now being formed at the Metropolitan Methodist church on Christian socialistic lines. Rev. E. S. Rowe presided at a meeting at which about seventy-five men were present, and at this meeting the decision was reached to form such a club.

An apple weighing 32 ounces and measuring 10 1/2 inches in circumference, is something of a novelty even in a country where fruit grows large. The identical apple mentioned, however, may be seen at the Dominion hotel. It is of the Alexandria variety, and was brought in by Mrs. F. Turgoose, of North Saanich.

At a business meeting of the Arion club the following resolution was passed: "Resolved, that the club hereby expresses its grief at the heavy loss it has sustained in the death of Mr. J. E. Martin, who had continuously held the position of librarian since the commencement of the club, and had always been one of its most enthusiastic and popular members; resolved that a copy of these minutes be forwarded to Mr. H. Martin, the brother of the deceased, with the heartfelt sympathy of all the members." It was also announced that steps were being taken to increase the number of subscribers, so that professional soloists might be engaged to take part in concerts.

The anniversary of Centennial Methodist church will be celebrated on Sunday next by special services. Rev. E. B. Scott, of Homer Street Methodist church, Vancouver, will preach both morning and evening, and special music will be rendered. In the afternoon attractive Sabbath school services will be held. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. E. S. Rowe of the Metropolitan Methodist church, and a musical programme will be given. The proceedings will commence at 2.45 o'clock. On Tuesday next the annual tea meeting will take place. An excellent programme has been arranged, and addresses will be delivered by well known members of the

Methodist clergy. A collection will be taken at the door. The building committee in charge of the matter of erecting a substantial annex to the Sabbath school are hard at work in the preliminaries.

Collector Milne has been notified by the custom's representative in the Porcupine country of the new strikes made on Bear and Clear creeks, and of the stampede thither. Many of those in the rush to the new diggings, the officer states, are Americans who come from American territory, and are taking big quantities of supplies into the country without paying duty. In view of this fact, he recommended the establishment of a customs house at a point on the Chilkat river just above Kluckwan, on the Canadian side, which would be in the direct line of all traffic. The recommendation has been forwarded to Ottawa, and it is expected some action will be taken in the matter at once. In the meanwhile Mr. Milne thinks that a squad of Northwest Mounted Police from Camp Pleasant on the Dalton trail will be placed on duty.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The fall show of the Inland Agricultural Association is being concluded at Ashcroft to-day. It was commenced on Tuesday, and, judging by the prize list, the committee in charge omitted no effort which would conduce to a very successful exhibition.

The death of Mrs. James Smethurst occurred yesterday at the family residence. The deceased was the wife of James Smethurst, and the sister-in-law of Private Smethurst of the first contingent. She was a native of Staffordshire, and was 34 years of age. Her husband and four young children survive her.

The death occurred yesterday in this city of George Sharp, a pioneer of Victoria, who came to this country twenty years ago. The deceased has for the past four years resided at Cowichan, and leaves one son, a professor in the Presbyterian College at Kingston. The funeral will take place to-morrow from the Odd Fellows' hall.

The services in connection with the observance of the Day of Atonement by the Jewish residents of Victoria were conducted last evening. Rabbi Klunkenstein delivered two eloquent sermons, one dealing with the historical origin of the Kol Nidre, a portion of the ritual, and the other treating of the doctrine of repentance.

Mr. and Mrs. David Spencer have received a letter from their son, Trooper Victor Spencer, who is serving with Strathcona's Horse in South Africa. The letter gives an account of the various engagements participated in by the Canadians, details of which were published in these columns last evening. In the letter from the Times correspondent, B. St. George.

The biggest order for stoves that has ever been filled in this city has just been secured by the Albion Iron Works company. The purchasers are the naval authorities of Esquimalt. They have bought in all upwards of 200 stoves of different sizes, together with over 700 pieces of piping. All are to be forwarded to Vancouver to-day for shipment on the steamship Empress of India sailing next week. The shipment is consigned to the officer commanding Her Majesty's troops in China, and are intended, it is understood, for general use on the Chinese station. Of late the navy has been buying quite extensively in this city, and the stove deal is but one of many significant factors in the general turn of events.

HER HEART LIKED A POLLUTED SPRING.—Mrs. James Brigray, Pelee Island, Ont., says: "I was for five years afflicted with dyspepsia, constipation, heart disease and nervous prostration. I cured the heart trouble with Dr. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the other ailments vanished like mist. Had relief in half an hour after the first dose." Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

REV. S. A. DONAHOE Testifies to the Good Qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

On the 10th of December, 1897, Rev. S. A. Donahoe, pastor M. E. Church, South, Pt. Pleasant, W. Va., writes: "A severe cold which was attended from the beginning by violent coughing. He says: 'After resorting to a number of so-called 'specifics,' usually kept in the house, to no purpose, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. I most fully recommend it to the public.' For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Hon. Richard McBride, minister of mines, is back from the farming districts on the lower Mainland, where he has been at the opening of a number of fall fairs. He reports that the exhibits at all of the fairs he visited were particularly good, although vegetables had a set back from the ravages of the cut worm. The live stock show was excellent at all points, and notably so at Chilliwack. While away Mr. McBride also visited the scene of the dyking operations and found that the work was progressing in the most satisfactory manner. When completed the dykes will extend for a distance of over sixteen miles, and will save the farmers untold sums of money each year. Harrison river is rapidly being cleared with settlers, and the government has arranged for the immediate construction of a new school house there. An extensive sawmill was recently erected there and a shingle mill is now in the course of construction. The steam ferry which has recently been placed in operation across the Fraser river at this point is appreciated by the settlers in the vicinity.

UNDER THE NERVE LASH.—The torture and torment of the victim of nervous prostration and nervous debility no one can rightly estimate who has not undergone the ruthless lash of these relentless human foes. M. Williams, of Fordwich, Ont., was for four years a nervous wreck. Six bottles of South American Nervine worked a miracle, and his doctor confirmed it.—Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.—28.

DUNCANS IS PROSPEROUS.

Influence of the Mount Sicker Mines is Making Itself Felt in the Cowichan Valley.

(Special correspondence of the Times.) Duncan, Oct. 2.—The many people who visited the exhibition given under the auspices of the Cowichan Agricultural Association here on Saturday last noticed a decided change for the better in the handsome little village. Duncan is now putting on metropolitan airs, and it is all owing to the proximity of the Mount Sicker mines. One of the first things to impress the visitor is the fact that old buildings—buildings which were erected years ago and which years ago had been left to the tender mercies of the elements and the boy with a window pane in vacant structures—are being looked after. Every old building in the place is receiving attention. Several new business places will soon be opened in frame structures. Among the new enterprises to shortly open will be an extensive drug store under the supervision of a pharmacist of wide experience.

But what Duncan is plumbing itself most on just now is its fire department. Compared with the chemicals, the steamers, the hook and ladder trucks and the efficient force of fire fighters presided over by Chief Deasy, the fire department in the beautiful little village might suffer. But Duncan's fire department is new and, although some of the appliances are crude in a way, they will be of great assistance in preventing the spread of any conflagration that may break out. And then, too, Chief Deasy is not one whit more proud of his magnificent fire halls and up-to-date apparatus than is Chief Smith of Duncan, of the new hook and ladder truck, of home manufacture, the two new Stempel chemicals, and the new alarm bell which has just been received and will be placed in position in a few days. The new fire hall, or rather the old building which has been utilized for the purpose, was a centre of attraction during the fair.

At the station are lying, too, large boilers and a splendid winch hoisting engine. They are consigned to the Tye mines, and soon the machinery will be taken there to its position.

There are evidences of prosperity in sight on every hand in the hitherto peaceful little Cowichan valley village, and it is plain that Duncan has a great future before it. The Indians in the country surrounding Duncan are said to be prosperous. A train buyer who was here on Saturday reported that the Indians refused to sell him oats at a lower price than \$30 per ton when that commodity was actually worth \$25 per ton. But then the price of oats is liable to go up, and although swishes are not reading the papers they have begun looking out for market indications.

THE RETAIL MARKETS.

Grouse and Venison, Continue to Advance—Concord Grapes Are Reduced.

There is very little change to report in connection with the general situation of the market this week. Quotations on staples remain the same, among the only new features being a scarcity of game of all kinds, and also of fish. Concord grapes have been reduced in price, and are now selling at 10 cents a pound, or for the same as other varieties of grapes.

Current retail quotations are as follows:

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Oatmeal, Flour, Sugar, and other commodities.

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COMMUNICATIONS

THE SAANICH AGRICULTURISTS.

To the Editor:—Will you kindly permit me to give a small detail of last Saturday's Saanich show? The day proved fine, much more so, I am sorry to say, than did the show. Perhaps it was owing a good deal to the Duncan show being on the same date, and undoubtedly a little due to the want of outside competition. Last year I was much surprised and delighted with the magnificent show, both in and outside of the hall, but instead of increasing, as it should do, it is decreasing. The value of all the goods that were in the building, I am sure, would not amount to \$25, when last year it would have been a bargain at \$100. The exhibitors this year were the owners, directors, their good wives, and a neighbor or two. The stock certainly was a poor turn out. The poultry may have been magnificent, but unfortunately they could not be seen. They were not exactly tucked in socks, but nailed up in such close boxes, allowing only a little light to enter in at one side, that one could scarcely recognize whether they were black or white.

We have to thank the kind people from the city for a big crowd. It is hard to have to admit that it had not been for the citizens the county exhibition must have proved a failure. If the show is to improve, outside competition must be invited, and more than that, encouraged, and a little favored rather than otherwise. Competition will bring a big crowd of farmers; it is a farmers' exhibition, and they should not have to depend on the city to make it a success. The little party that now keeps it afloat seems to be well aware that competition is what they need. Outside competition is all right, just what they want and just what they like, as long as it is not too strong for them. It is plain to see that it is their principle to keep the honors among themselves as much as possible, and depend on the city alone to make the show a success.

To give an idea of how they serve the outsiders, I will mention one act: An outsider exhibited some potatoes, which proved to be the best sample in the hall, but they were under weight. There should have been 50 pounds, and there was not. Now, it would have looked much better of the directors if they had favored that outsider man, but no; it was an opportunity to disqualify those goods, which, of course, was neither unjust nor unfair, and I don't think that it annoyed the exhibitor at all. There should have been weight and was not; but what must have proved annoying was that there was no ticket on the potatoes to mention the reason they were not prized. "It would have been a warning to other people, and people looking round could not understand the reason no prize was given. Perhaps some formed an idea that the judge did not know his business, for a man with only one eye could plainly see which was the best sample of potatoes. It would have been better for both the exhibitor and exhibitor if the potatoes had been weighed and sealed outside the door. I am sure you are safe in saying that owing to the name of the exhibitor not being placed on those roots, stating the reason they were not prized, it is not giving justice to the outsider. It is to be hoped that for the future outside competition will be invited, given justice and encouraged. Otherwise, better hold the show in town, for that is at present where the support comes from. In every kind of the city is to prize, and their kindness, as I am sure, is highly appreciated, but they need more than a few slow sports to decoy them another year. The Saanich agricultural exhibition is turning into a matter of two or three hours of athletic sports, got up to bring a crowd.

A SPECTATOR.

HALF-HEARTED ATTEMPTS TO GET WELL ARE NEVER SUCCESSFUL. Honest Use of Paine's Celery Compound Will Permanently Banish Your Troubles. THE GREAT COMPOUND GUARANTEES A NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

It is pitiable to see the half-hearted and almost useless attempts made by many people to get rid of poor health. More determined efforts and greater energy would be put forth to achieve victory in any other undertaking. Too many are believers in "fatalism"; others make use of almost anything that is recommended by neighbors, while many are quite satisfied if temporary relief is afforded. If Paine's Celery Compound be used to cleanse the blood, to regulate and tone the nerves, to banish rheumatism, neuralgia, headaches, kidney disease and dyspepsia, then be assured the good work is fully and permanently accomplished.

It is positively criminal and foolish for young or old to mope around in a half-sick condition and shut their eyes to the grand benefits offered by Paine's Celery Compound. The world knows of no other medicine as good for fortifying and building up the system to battle against the trying and varying weather of autumn.

Go to your druggist at once and procure a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound and shut your eyes to the "blues" will vanish; your nervous depression, headache, backache, rheumatism and neuralgia will go, and permanent health, activity and happiness will be yours. Galveston, Texas, Oct. 4.—Twenty-one more bodies were recovered from the debris yesterday, making a total of 2,306 officially reported as recovered since the storm.

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Advertisement for Corticelli Spool Silks and Brainerd and Armstrong's Wash Silks, featuring the Gold Medal Paris Exposition.

Advertisement for Agents Wanted, THE FONTHILL NURSERIES, and STEADY EMPLOYMENT TO WORKERS.

Advertisement for VITALLETS, FREE TO MEN AND WOMEN, for Nerve Strength and Blood Health.

Advertisement for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, mentioning Alexander James Prudmore and Arthur Wilson.

Advertisement for the Victoria and Sidney Railway Co., mentioning the General Annual Meeting.

Advertisement for For Sale by Tender, mentioning tenders for 100 acres of lot 5.

Advertisement for ABSOLUTE SECURITY, Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills, Must Bear Signature of Aunt Wood.

Advertisement for APOL and STEEL PILLS, A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

Increase in Number of Live Stock Entries a Notable Feature of Westminster's Fair.

Eastern Provinces and Middle States Have Sent Exhibits—Display in Hall Is Superior to Former Years—Some of the Prize Winners.

(Special correspondence of the Times.)
New Westminster, Oct. 3.—The second day of the great provincial exhibition of British Columbia was a continuation of the success of the first. Ever since yesterday afternoon, when the formal opening took place with the appropriate remarks of the minister of agriculture, Hon. J. H. Turner, the grounds have been crowded every hour of the day.

The fair has far by the most successful ever held in British Columbia, and that is saying a good deal; for the energetic committee of management of the Royal Agricultural Society has the fair business down to a fine art.

On the first day the attendance exceeded the record of previous years by 1200. There were 5400 people admitted to the grounds yesterday afternoon, and the year before the number was 4200; the receipts this first day were \$1100, while last year the opening day netted up only \$870. The fair has come to be the great provincial event, which is naturally looked forward to with eagerness and attended by people from all parts of the province. The exhibition, in which all who live on the Pacific Coast take a pride, is every year more important and better in its classes of exhibits.

There was a large representation of the membership of the association, as well as of other prominent citizens of the coast cities present to welcome the exhibitors of agriculture, who was accompanied by the deputy of that department, Mr. J. R. Anderson. After the opening speech the crowd broke up to see the lacrosse match, and the details of the latter are already familiar to Victorians.

The most prominent feature in this year's display is the department of live stock. Both in point of numbers and in superior degree of excellence, this is quite unprecedented and far surpasses anything ever seen in this province, if not in the entire West. And not the West alone is represented. The neighboring states to the South have sent their quotas, and from the broad plains of central Canada carloads of stock have come to Ontario as represented by exhibitors in this class after classes and even the middle states, such as Indiana, have paid tribute to the attractions of the provincial exhibition at the Royal City. A new feature in this show is the number of its importance, as attested by the great prize-breeders of Washington and Oregon. Three of these, after doing their own state fairs, have added British Columbia to their itinerary, and have come with their horses, their cattle and their sheep. The crowds who throng about the horse barns find some splendid material for sightseeing. Standard and thoroughbreds are found to be the more numerous represented. There is an exceedingly fine exhibit of Clevelands, while opposite to them, as pole to pole, there are ponies, also well represented at the fair.

In the cattle department an extraordinary increase is also found. Fully 300 of them are to be seen and almost all are pedigree stock. The sheep exhibit is a large one, and in point of breeding and quality is hard to beat.

Pigs and poultry are also in particularly large numbers, and the latter especially have had their quarters doubled in size, and still the man who is in charge of them and puts them successfully away is looked upon as a masterpiece of intelligence.

Inside the exhibition hall the display was wonderful, and from the industrial exhibits on the main floor, that included everything from native-grown wheat flour to the finest of turned goods out of the British Columbia mills, away to the art store of the second floor, there was enough to see to occupy a whole day.

The following is a list, as compiled up to a late hour to-night:

DAIRY PRODUCE, ETC.
Creamery butter, provincial manufacture in 50-lb. packages—Cowichan Creamery, 1; Edenbank Creamery, 2.
Creamery butter, provincial manufacture, 50 lbs. in 1 lb. and 2 lb. prints—New Westminster Creamery, 1; Cowichan Creamery, 2.
Butter, 10 lbs. in roll of pats—W. E. Puckingham, Cloverdale, 1; Cowichan Creamery, 2.
Butter, firkin or crock, not less than 25 lbs.—Henry Davis, Langley, 1; A. Boly, Sumas, 2; J. H. Keith, Sumas, 3.
Butter, 2 crocks, not less than 10 lbs. each or over 25 lbs.—Henry Davis, 1; A. Boly, 2; Wm. Lawrence, 3.
Bread, 4 loaves, manufactured for sale—A. L. Lavery, New Westminster, 1; W. H. Smith, Ladner, 2.
Bread, 4 loaves, home made—Mrs. J. Oakley, Vancouver, 1; Mrs. W. R. Austin, Sapperton, 2.
Bread, 2 loaves made by girl under 15 years of age—Ruth Austin, Sapperton, 1; Mary Robertson, New Westminster, 2.
Bread, 2 loaves, made by girl under 15 years of age (potato yeast)—Ruth Austin, 1; Myrtle Stevens, New Westminster, 2.
Soda biscuit, made by girl under 15 years of age—Sadie Dunlop, New Westminster, 1; J. C. McArthur, New Westminster, 2.
Biscuit and fancy cakes, display and quality, provincial manufacture—Gold medal, J. Oken, Vancouver.
Honey, extracted, not less than 15 lbs.

SHEEP.
Leicesters.
Ram, 2 shears and over—H. Wright, Guelph, 1; G. W. Beebe, Agassiz, 2; W. R. Austin, Sapperton, 3.
Ram, shearing—H. Wright, 1; G. W. Beebe, 2.
Two ewes, 2 shears and over—G. W. Beebe, 1; W. R. Austin, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, lambs—W. R. Austin, 1 and 2.
Pen of Leicesters, 1 ram and 4 ewes—W. R. Austin, 1 and 2.
Southdowns.
Ram, 2 shears and over—J. T. Wilkinson, Chilliwack, 1; C. E. Ladd, North Yamhill, 2; J. T. Wilkinson, 3.
Ram, shearing—H. Kipp and Son, Chilliwack, 1; C. E. Ladd, 2; J. T. Wilkinson, 3.
Ram, lamb—C. E. Ladd, 1; J. T. Wilkinson, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, 2 shears and over—C. E. Ladd, 1; J. T. Wilkinson, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, shearings—C. E. Ladd, 1; J. T. Wilkinson, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, lambs—J. T. Wilkinson, 1 and 3; C. E. Ladd, 2.
Pen of Southdowns, 1 ram and 4 ewes—C. E. Ladd.

Cotswolds.
Ram, 2 shears and over—C. E. Ladd, 1; W. R. Austin, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, 2 shears and over—C. E. Ladd, 1; J. Richardson, Provost Island, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, shearings—C. E. Ladd, 1; J. Richardson, Provost Island, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, lambs—C. E. Ladd, 1; J. Richardson, Provost Island, 2 and 3.
Pen of Cotswolds, 1 ram and 4 ewes—C. E. Ladd.

Shropshires.
Ram, 2 shears and over—E. A. Kipp, Chilliwack.
Ram, shearing—E. A. Kipp, 1; W. E. Butler, Ingersoll, Ont., 2.
Ram, lamb—C. E. Ladd, 1 and 2; E. A. Kipp, 3.
Two ewes, 2 shears and over—E. A. Kipp, 1 and 3; C. E. Ladd, 2.
Two ewes, shearings—C. E. Ladd, 1; E. A. Kipp, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, lambs—C. E. Ladd, 1; E. A. Kipp, 2 and 3.
Pen of Shropshires—E. A. Kipp.

Oxford Downs.
Ram, 2 shears and over—Shannon Bros., Cloverdale.
Ram, shearing—J. Richardson, 1; W. E. Butler, 2; Shannon Bros., 3.
Ram, lamb—J. Richardson, 1; Shannon Bros., 2 and 3.
Two ewes, 2 shears and over—J. Richardson, 1; Shannon Bros., 2 and 3.
Two ewes, shearings—Shannon Bros., 1 and 2; J. Richardson, 3.
Two ewes, lambs—Shannon Bros., 1 and 2; J. Richardson, 3.
Pen of Oxford Downs, 1 ram and 4 ewes—Shannon Bros.

Hampshire Downs.
Ram, lamb—J. Richardson.

Lincolns.
Ram, 2 shears and over; shearing; lamb; two ewes, 2 shears and over; shearings; lambs; pen of Lincolns, 1 ram and 4 ewes—A. C. Wells and Son, Chilliwack, took all prizes.

Dorset Horned.
Ram, 2 shears and over; shearing; lamb; two ewes, 2 shears and over; shearings; lambs; pen of Dorset horned, 1 ram and 4 ewes—J. T. Maynard, of Chilliwack, took all prizes.

Suffolks.
Ram, lamb—J. Richardson, 1, 2 and 3.
Two ewes, 2 shears and over; shearings; lambs; pen of Suffolks, 1 ram and 4 ewes—J. Richardson took all other prizes.

Wool Bearing Coats.
Buck, over 2 years old—J. W. Hollingshead, Ladner, 1; M. Murray, Langley, 2.
Buck, over 1 year old and under—Mrs. Geo. Banford, Ladner, 2.
Ewe, over 2 years old—Mrs. George Banford, 1; J. W. Hollingshead, 2; J. Murray, 3.
Ewe, over 1 year and under; pair buck kids; pair ewe kids—J. W. Hollingshead, 1, 2 and 3.

VEGETABLES.
Potatoes, Burbank, Ah Wah.
Potatoes, Early Rose, J. M. Johnson, Langley, 1; Mrs. D. Black, Langley, 2.
Potatoes, Columbus, Wm. McAdam, Hammond.
Potatoes, Carmon, Spratt & Schou, Burnaby, 1; J. M. Johnson, 2; J. Thompson, 3.
Potatoes, Sir Walter Raleigh, Mrs. A.

A. Stewart, Burnaby, 1; Wm. McAdam, 2.
Potatoes, largest, 50 lbs., Phil Parke.
Potatoes, new variety, not before exhibited, Mrs. S. Black, 1; J. Bone, 2; W. McAdam, 3.
Potatoes, any other variety, named, Spratt & Schou, 1; T. A. Fenwell, 2.
Potatoes, three varieties, correctly named, 25 lbs., each, Mrs. S. Black, 1; Spratt & Schou, 2.
Potatoes, best collection, 12 of each sort, Wm. McAdam.
Turnips, table, White Globe, 6 roots, J. Bone, 1; W. Thompson, 2; Mrs. A. A. Stewart, 3.
Turnips, Orange Jelly, 6 roots, Endersey Bros., 1; J. Bone, 2.
Carrots, Short Horn, 6 roots, W. B. Walker, New Westminster, 1; S. Knight, Sardis, 2.
Carrots, intermediate, 6 roots, J. Smith, Coquitlam, 1; S. Walker, Nicomekl, 2.
Parsnips, 6 roots, W. B. Walker, 1; J. Bone, 2.
Cabbage, 2 best summer, J. Bone.
Cabbage, 2 best winter, J. Bone, 1; W. P. Newlands, Eburne, 2.
Cabbage, 2 best red, T. Biggar, Langley, 1; Ah Wah, 2.
Brussels Spouts, 2 stalks, Ah Wah, 1; J. Bone, 2.
Savoys, 2 best and largest, J. Bone, 1; Endersey Bros., 2.
Cauliflower, best 2 heads, Marshall & Smith, Clinton, 1; J. Bone, 2.
Onions, white, 6 each, J. Bone, 1; W. F. Stewart, Eburne, 2.
Onions, yellow, 6 each, Bothroyd Bros., Surrey, 1; J. Bone, 2.
Onions, red, 6 each, Bothroyd Bros., 1; W. F. Stewart, 2.
Onions, white pickling, 1 quart, Ah Wah.
Onions, yellow pickling, 1 quart, Ah Wah, 1; W. B. Walker, 2.
Peas, green, best dish, 1 quart, shelled, W. H. Tillie, Hammond, 1; W. B. Walker, 2.
Beans, scarlet runners, best dish, J. Thompson, 1; A. M. Sturdy, Gabriola Island, 2.
Beans, bush in pod, W. McDermott, Burnaby.
Beans, broad, best dish, Endersey Bros., 1; T. Biggar, Langley, 2.
Corn, table, 12 ears, Ah Wah, 1; J. Bone, 2.
Beets, long, 6, J. Bone, 1; J. Patterson, 2; — Ruskin, 3.
Beets, globe, 6, S. Knight, 1; Mrs. W. G. Alcock, Central Park, 2.
Celery, white, 6 bunches, Joyce & Dunmore, Central Park, 1; Endersey Bros., 2.
Celery, any other variety, 6 bunches—Joyce & Dunmore.

**Lettuces, 6 heads—Miss Myrtle Stevens, New Westminster, 1; Endersey Bros., 2. Radish, long, dish—Endersey Bros., 1; W. A. Dashwood-Jones, New Westminster, 2.
Rutabaga, turnip, dish—W. B. Walker, 1; Endersey Bros., 2.
Squash, 2 any other variety, table use—Wm. Nicoll, Eburne, 1; Ah Wah, 2.
Squash, 2, Hubbard—S. Knight, 1; J. Bone, 2.
Pumpkins, for table, 2—Wm. Nicoll, 1; Ah Wah, 2.
Vegetable marrow, 2—J. Bone.
Tomatoes, best 12—W. B. Walker, 1; W. Fortune, Tranquille, 2.
Tomatoes, collection, 6 each—W. B. Walker.
Cucumbers, brace, grown under glass—T. Davies, New Westminster, 1; Eber Stride, New Westminster, 2.
Cucumbers, brace, grown in open air—W. B. Walker, 1; W. Fortune, 2.
Cucumbers, dish, for pickling—Mrs. A. A. Stewart, 1; W. B. Walker, 2.
Collections of vegetables, distinct from any other entries, each kind named, all by the exhibitor, varieties to be correctly named—W. E. Walker.
Citrons, best variety, 1; H. Kipp & Son, Chilliwack, 2.
Melons, musk, 2—F. Davies, New Westminster.
Peppers—W. B. Walker.
Kale, 2 heads—Joyce & Dunmore.**

FIELD PRODUCE.
Wheat, autumn, 100 lbs.—H. Kipp & Son, 1; D. Rabbit, Kelowna, 2.
Wheat, spring—H. Kipp & Son, 1; J. Armstrong, Clover Valley, 2; J. Thompson, 3.
Barley, Chevalier, 100 lbs.—Earl of Aberdeen, Vernon.
Barley, rough—J. Thompson.
Barley, new variety, not before exhibited, 100 lbs.—J. Thompson.
Oats, white, 100 lbs.—P. Gibbs, Ladner, 1; A. Falk, Ladner, 2; J. Armstrong, 3.
Oats, black, 100 lbs.—T. Biggar, Langley Prairie, 1; J. Thompson, 2.
Oats, new variety, not before exhibited, 100 lbs.—J. Thompson; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Peas, white, large, 100 lbs.—J. Matheson, Langley, 1; J. Matheson, Clayton, 2.
Peas, white, small, 100 lbs.—J. Smith, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; T. Biggar, 3.
Peas, blue, 100 lbs.—J. Matheson, 1; T. Biggar, 2.
Peas, grey, 100 lbs.—T. Biggar, 1; J. Smith, 2.
Rye, 1 bushel—D. Rabbit, 1; J. Thompson, 2; T. Biggar, 3.
Buckwheat, 1 bushel—J. Thompson, 1; T. Biggar, 2.
Dares, 1 bushel—J. Thompson, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Pears, field, 50 lbs.—W. E. Gibson, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Turnips, 5 Sweden, for cattle—J. Sampson, Chilliwack, 1; J. Armstrong, 2; F. Davies, 3.
Turnips, 5 yellow—J. Thompson.
Turnips, 5 white—J. Thompson.
Mangold Wurtzels, 5 globe—T. Patterson, Ruskin.
Mangold Wurtzels, 5 long red—S. Knight, 1; J. Patterson, 2; W. P. Newlands, 3.
Pumpkins, 2 heaviest—J. Bone, 1; Endersey Bros., 2.
Squash, largest—T. Biggar, 1; Spratt & Schou, 2; J. Bone, 3.
Sugar beet, 6—J. Patterson, 1; W. P. Newlands, 2.
Carrots, 6 long white—S. Walker, Nicomekl, 1; T. Biggar, 2.
Carrots, 6 red—J. Bone, 1; T. Biggar, 2; J. Patterson, 3.
Carrots, 6 intermediate—J. Bone, 1; S. Knight, 2.
Cabbage, 2 heaviest heads, for cattle—J. Bone, 1; W. P. Newlands, 2.
Kohl Rabi, best 6—T. Biggar, 1 and 2.
Bale of hay—J. Bothwell, Eburne.
Timothy seed, 100 lbs.—J. Armstrong, 1; J. Thompson, 2.
Corn or maize, 12 ears—J. Patterson,

1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; W. P. Tillie, Port Hammond, 3.
FRUITS.
Apples.
Best collection by agricultural societies, district or individuals—H. V. Chaplin (Kelowna), 1; J. G. Earl (Lyttton), 2; Wm. Fortune (Tranquille), 3.
Koswick Coddin, five each—Eber Stride, 1; Frank Davies, 2; James Bone, 3.
Duchess of Oldenburg, five each—Frank Davies, 1; J. Merryfield & Sons, 2; P. Parke, 3.
Gravenstein, five each—P. Owens (Salmon Arm), 1; James Bone, 2; Miss Lockie Brown, 3.
Alexander, five each—Wm. Fortune, 1; James Bone, 2; Mrs. W. H. Lewis, 3.
Any other variety, five each—P. Parke (Bonaparte), 1; W. H. Tillie, 2; Spratt & Schou, 3.
Maiden's Blush, five each—Mrs. A. J. Street, 1; Thomas Biggar, 2; W. Major, 3.
Twenty Ounce Pippin, five each—P. Owens, 1; W. A. Dashwood-Jones, 2; Mrs. A. J. Street, 3.
Snow, five each—Wm. Fortune, 1; Eber Stride, 2; James Bone, 3.
Red Berthelmer, five each—P. Owen, 1; M. McDermott, 2; Thos. Biggar, 3.
Wealthy, five each—J. M. Routley, 1; H. Ferguson, 2; A. E. Skinner, 3.
Aleschin, orange, five each—Geo. Gartell, 1; Mrs. A. G. Street, 2; H. Kipp & Sons, 3.
Yell Bell Flower, five each—Jos. Thompson, 1; Mrs. A. J. Street, 2; Mrs. S. Black, 3.
Any other variety, fall, five each—Wm. Fortune, 1; M. McDermott, 2; J. de C. Wetherall, 3.
Pewaukee, five each—P. Parke, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; Thomas Biggar, 3.
King of Tompkins, five each—P. Owens, 1; Wm. Fortune, 2; Mrs. A. J. Street, 3.
Rhode Island Greening, five each—P. Owens, 1; Mrs. S. Black, 2; H. Kipp & Son, 3.
Baldwin, five each—Wm. Fortune, 1; J. M. Routley, 2; Mrs. S. Black, 3.
Northern Spy, five each—T. G. Earl, 1; George Hardy, 2; Mrs. D. C. Patterson, 3.
Spitzenberger, five each—J. Merryfield & Sons, 1; Jos. Thompson, 2.
Golden Russet, five each—James Bone, 1; P. Owens, 2; H. Kipp & Sons, 3.
Hobury, five each—P. Owens, 1; W. F. Stewart, 2.
Mann, five each—Mrs. A. J. Street, 1; Wm. Fortune, 2; W. F. Stewart, 3.
Ben Davis, five each—Wm. Fortune, 1; T. G. Earl, 2; J. M. Johnston, 3.
McIntosh—Wm. Fortune, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Newton Pippin, five each—T. G. Earl, 1; Wm. Tranquille, 2.
Stark, five each—J. M. Routley.
Canadian Rednet, five each—H. Kipp & Son, 1; Mrs. A. J. Street, 2.
Yankee, five each—T. G. Earl.
Blue Pippin, five each—T. G. Earl, 1; Thos. Biggar, 2.
Max Pepper, five each—T. G. Earl.
Bottle Greening, five each—William Fortune, 1; W. R. Austin, 2; Mrs. A. J. Street, 3.
Salome, five each—M. McDermott, 1; Mrs. A. J. Street, 2; Thos. A. Fennell, 3.
Any other variety, red, five each—H. Ferguson, 1; P. Parke, 2 and 3.
Any other variety, green or yellow, five each—Wm. Fortune, 1; J. M. Routley, 2; Mrs. S. Black, 3.
Five largest apples, any variety—Wm. Fortune, 1; Eber Stride, 2; M. McDermott, 3.
Pears.
Best collection by agricultural societies, district or individuals—H. V. Chaplin (Kelowna), 1; T. Keeling (Anvil Island), 2; J. Merryfield & Sons, 3.
Bartlett, five each—Bothroyd Bros., 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; Henry Russell, 3.
Seckel, five each—H. Kipp & Son, 1; Henry Russell, 2; M. Jenks, 3.
Fruit of Congress, five each—Wm. Fortune.
Any other variety, summer, five—H. Ferguson, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; H. Ferguson, 3.
Louise Bonne de Jersey, five—H. Kipp & Son, 1; Frank Mayer, 2.
White Doyne, five—T. G. Earl.
Howell, five—James Bone.
Sheldon, five—H. Kipp & Son.
Duchess d'Angouleme, five—W. R. Austin, 1; Charles Cliff, 2; Henry Russell, 3.
Kelfer's Hybrid—H. Ferguson, 1; Mrs. A. J. Street, 2; W. R. Austin, 3.
Adah, five—H. Kipp & Son, 1; H. L. De Beck, 2; Mrs. A. J. Street, 3.
Any other variety, fall, five—H. Kipp & Son, 1; Wm. Fortune, 2; Henry Russell, 3.
Beurre d'Orleans, five—Mrs. A. J. Street, 1; J. A. Evans, 2; Spratt & Schou, 3.
Beurre d'Anjou, five—Wm. Fortune, 1; W. R. Austin, 2; Mrs. A. J. Street, 3.
Rose, five—Mrs. A. J. Street.
Winter Nellis, five—H. Kipp & Son, 1; Roy Pearson, 2; H. Russell, 3.
F. Harry, largest, five—T. J. Keeling.
Fleur de Watteville, five—J. Merryfield & Sons, 1; Chas. Cliff, 2; R. Smith, 3.
Any other variety, winter, five—H. Kipp & Son, 1; H. Ferguson, 2; T. G. Earl, 3.
Five largest, any variety—Mrs. A. J. Street, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.

Plums.
Best collection by agricultural societies, district or individuals—J. Merryfield & Son, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Lombard, 12—Roy Pearson, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; J. Merryfield & Son, 3.
E. Davies, 2; J. Merryfield & Son, 3.
F. Yellow Egg, 12—J. Merryfield & Son, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Pond's Seedling, 12—J. Merryfield & Son, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Reine Claude, 12—Chas. Cliff.
Green Gage, 12—Eber Stride.
Damson, 12—Mrs. S. Black, 1; H. Ferguson, 2; Mrs. Polingestrie, 3.
Red Egg, 12—J. Merryfield & Son.
Ellenberg, or Italian Prune, 12—Roy Pearson, 1; Althea Moody (Yale), 2; Chas. Cliff, 3.
French Prune, 12—H. Kipp & Son, 1; J. Merryfield & Son, 2.
Prunes, or any other variety—R. Smith, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; Thos. Biggar, 3.
German Prune, 12—Roy Pearson, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; R. Bryce Brown, 3.
Any other variety—Mrs. M. J. Henry.
Seedling—A. E. Skinner, 1; Mrs. W. H. Lewis, 2.
Concord, 4 bunches fit for table—T. G. Earl, 1; Wm. Towler, 2; Henry Russell, 3.
Wenden, 4 bunches fit for table—T. G. Earl, 1; Chas. Water, 2.
Delaware, 4 bunches fit for table—Mrs. M. J. Henry, 1; T. G. Earl, 2; Wm. Towler, 3.
Nagara, 4 bunches fit for table—H. Kipp & Son, 1; W. A. Dashwood-Jones, 2; T. G. Earl, 3.
Best collective exhibit of photography,

portraits, groups, landscape views, etc.—Waddis Bros., silver medal.
Miscellaneous Painting.
Painting on silk or satin, water colors—E. O. Taylor (Victoria).
Painting on silk or satin, oil colors—Mrs. J. F. Higgins, 1; Mrs. Jas. McQueen, 2.
Painting on velvet or plush, oil colors—M. J. Hart, 1; Miss W. Keyes (Vancouver), 2.
Painting on muslin or boiling cloth, water color—M. J. Hart, 1; E. O. Taylor, 2.
Painting on muslin or boiling cloth, oil colors—Mrs. W. H. McCutcheon (Vancouver), 1; E. O. Taylor, 2.
Painting on jessie or lile—Mrs. C. G. Sexsmith, 1; Mrs. I. Thornber, 2.
Painting on glass—Ella Wilson.
Painting on terra cotta or slate—Mrs. C. G. Sexsmith, 1; E. O. Taylor, 2.
Painting on china or porcelain—Edith M. Boggs, 1; Mrs. T. G. Faulkner (Vancouver), 2.
Photography or poker work—E. M. Barwick (Vancouver), 1; Edna J. DeBeck, 2.
Natural History—Entomology.
Best amateur collection of insects, beetles, moths, butterflies, etc., native in British Columbia—Mrs. A. F. Rolph, 1; W. A. Dashwood-Jones, 2.
Special prizes given by W. C. Nichol, for best collection of photographs of B. C. subjects, by amateur—V. Laursen (Vancouver), \$25.
(Concluded next issue.)

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It Is All Right...

To look after the dollars, but if you are really desirous of saving them you will exercise a little foresight and buy your groceries from us.

It needs no prophet to tell that if you look after the dollars now they will look after you when you need their aid.

Just received a fresh shipment of MacLaren's Imperial and Rosefort Cheeses.

WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR, 25c 10 lb. sack
GRAHAM FLOUR, 25c 10 lb. sack
COLEMAN'S PATENT, 25c 10 lb. sack
ISLAND POTATOES, \$1.00 100 lb. sack

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

COTTONS

Bleached and unbleached Cottons, Sheetings, Ducks, Drills and Cantons; also full stock in all other lines.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Victoria, B. C.

Moore's Diamond—Hy. Russell.
Best collection, 2 bunches each, fit for table—T. G. Earl.
Quince.
Orange, 5—H. Ferguson, 1; H. L. DeBeck, 2; C. J. Robson, 3.
Rae's Mammoth—Hy. Russell.
Champion, 5—Beddis Bros., Ganges Harbour.
Any other variety, 5—H. Kipp & Son, 1; Beddis Bros., 2; A. E. Sklaner, 3.
Crab Apples.
Transcendent, 12—H. Ferguson, 1; J. Merryfield & Son, 2; H. Kipp & Son, 3.
General Grant, 12—J. Merryfield & Son, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2.
Hyslop, 12—V. F. Stewart, 1; Spratt & Schou, 2; Jas. Bone, 3.
Montreal Beauty, 12—M. McDermott.
Siberian, 12—H. Ferguson, 1; J. Merryfield, 2; J. M. Johnston, 3.
Any other variety, 12—Mrs. M. J. Henry, 1; H. Kipp & Son, 2; J. Merryfield & Son, 3.
Packed Fruit.
Best packed apples in box for shipping—Jos. Thompson, 1; J. Merryfield & Son, 2; M. McDermott, 3.
Best packed pears in box for shipping—H. Kipp & Son, 1; J. Merryfield & Son, 2; H. Russell, 3.
Best packed (5 lb.) dried prunes, light—Kelowna Shippers' Union.
Best packed (5 lb.) dried prunes, dark—Kelowna Shippers' Union, 1; W. E. Gibson, 2; H. Kipp & Son, 3.
Best packed box dried apples, not less than 10 lbs.—J. Merryfield & Son, 1; Kelowna Shippers' Union, 2.

ART.
Oil Colors (Originals) Open to Amateurs.
Landscape of marine, from nature—E. O. Taylor (Vancouver).
Still life, fruit or flowers, from nature—Edna J. DeBeck, 1 and 2.
Portrait or figure, from life—Edna J. DeBeck, 1.
Oil Colors (Copies) Open to Amateurs.
Sourvenir of Victoria, 1; Mrs. Hallsworth, 2.
Still life, fruit or flowers—Mrs. A. J. Connor (Chilliwack), 1; Miss M. M. Thomas (Vancouver), 2.
Animals—K. Bradley-Dyne (Sidney), 1; Mrs. A. J. Connor, 2.
Portrait or figure—Mrs. A. J. Connor, 1; E. O. Taylor (Vancouver), 2.
Collection, may include pictures exhibited before with two or more new ones—Miss C. G. Sexsmith (Eburne).
Water Colors (Originals) Open to Amateurs.
Landscape from life—Miss Hamersley (Vancouver).
Still life, flowers or fruit, etc., from nature—Miss Hamersley (Vancouver), 1; Mrs. A. W. McGuesen (Vancouver), 2.
Monochrome—E. O. Taylor (Vancouver).
Collection, may include pictures exhibited before with two or more new ones—Althea Moody (Yale).
Water Colors (Copies) Open to Amateurs.
Landscape of marine—Mrs. W. McCraney (Vancouver), 1; E. M. Churchland (Surrey), 2.
Still life, fruit or flowers—Miss A. W. McGuesen, 1; Mrs. Hallsworth, 2.
Portrait or figure—M. J. Hart, 1; Mrs. W. McCraney, 2.
Animals—K. Bradley-Dyne (Sidney), 1; Mrs. J. T. Higgins (Victoria), 2.
Miscellaneous—Open to Amateurs.
Crayon Portrait—Margaret J. Hart.
Pencil drawing—Gertrude Eagles.
Drawing from the antique, crayon or charcoal—Edna J. DeBeck.
Drawing from objects, crayon or charcoal—Miss Hamersley.
Pen and ink sketch—S. C. Barton (Kamloops).
Landscape or animals, crayon—Miss A. M. McGuesen.
Oil Color—Open to Professionals and Amateurs.
Figure or portrait from life—Josie L. Michael.
Water Colors—Open to Professionals and Amateurs.
Collection, may include pictures exhibited before with two or more new ones—Miss E. J. Ritchie.
Miscellaneous—Open to Professionals or Amateurs.
Architectural drawing—Jas. Jolly (Melbourne, Australia).
Best bronzed portrait, 20x24 inches or larger—Waddis Bros., diploma.
Best collective exhibit of photography,

portraits, groups, landscape views, etc.—Waddis Bros., silver medal.
Miscellaneous Painting.
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A Failing Memory

Is One Symptom of Low Vitality and Waning Nerve Power—A Sign That You Need Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

To this practical physician, skilled in the diagnosis of disease, there is much to be read from this one symptom. A failing memory signifies that the nerve force is exhausted, and that the mind lacks energy to give attention. It points to low vitality, to an exhausted condition of the nerves, to thin, watery blood and to weakness and irregularities of the organs of the body.

The person with the failing memory has sleepless nights, is nervous and irritable, suffers from nervous headache and dyspepsia, and gloomy, despondent feelings. He is weak, exhausted and run down, and may be fast approaching nervous prostration, paralysis, epilepsy or insanity.

This wasting away of the nervous energy of the body must be stopped, and stopped quickly, if robust health is to be restored. Whatever the cause of this weakened condition, the cure is the same—restoration by the building up process—restoration by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

This great blood builder and nerve vitalizer has proved wonderfully successful in restoring to perfect health scores and hundreds of pale, weak, nervous men and women. It promptly stops the wasting process, and aids nature in the restoration of health and strength.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is not a patent medicine, but the favorite prescription of the world's greatest physician, Dr. A. W. Chase. It is thoroughly up-to-date and scientific. It has proven its right to the high estimation in which it is held by physicians and people alike by the marvelous cures which it has brought about. As a restorative it is unapproached by any preparation known to man; 50 cents a box; at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

Increase in Number of Live Stock Entries a Notable Feature of Westminster's Fair.

Eastern Provinces and Middle States Have Sent Exhibits—Display in Hall Is Superior to Former Years—Some of the Prize Winners.

(Special correspondence of the Times.)
New Westminster, Oct. 3.—The second day of the great provincial exhibition of British Columbia was a continuation of the success of the first. Ever since yesterday afternoon, when the formal opening took place with the appropriate remarks of the minister of agriculture, Hon. J. H. Turner, the grounds have been crowded every hour of the day.

The fair has far by the most successful ever held in British Columbia, and that is saying a good deal; for the energetic committee of management of the Royal Agricultural Society has the fair business down to a fine art.

On the first day the attendance exceeded the record of previous years by 120

