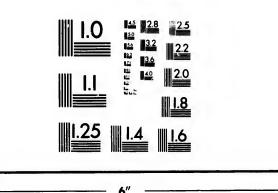


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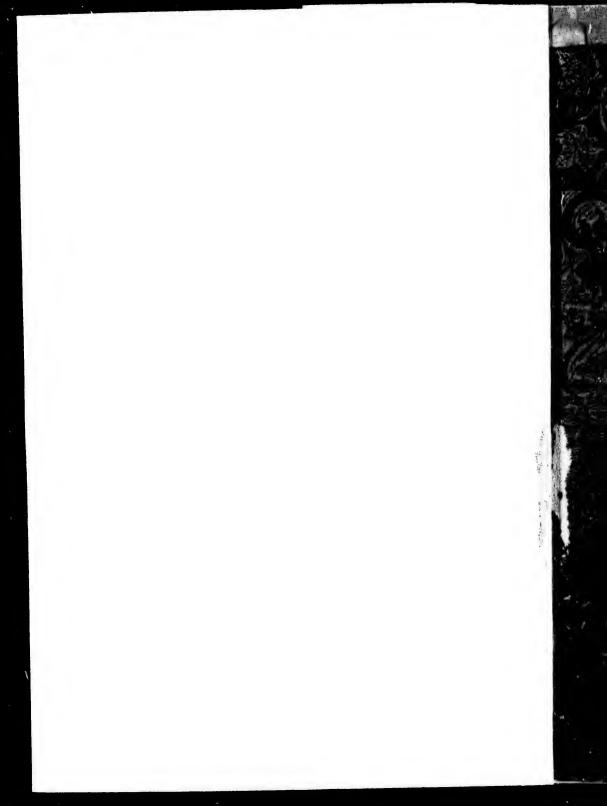
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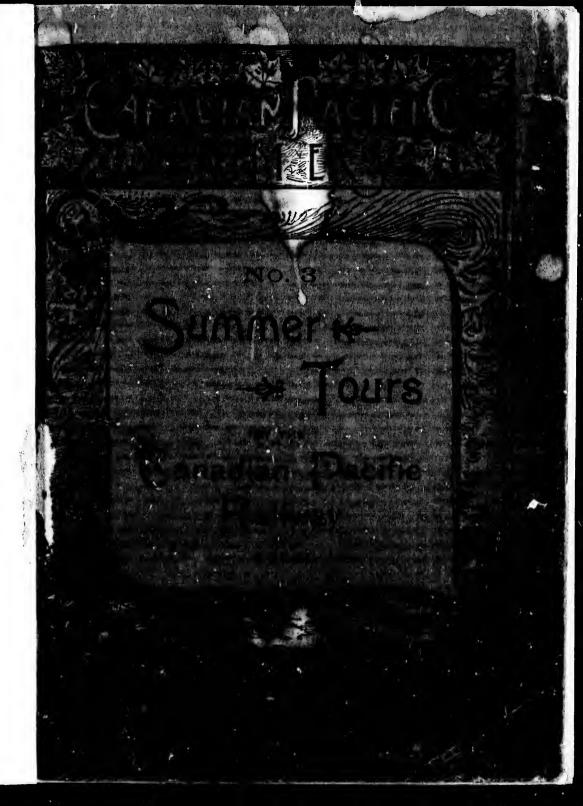
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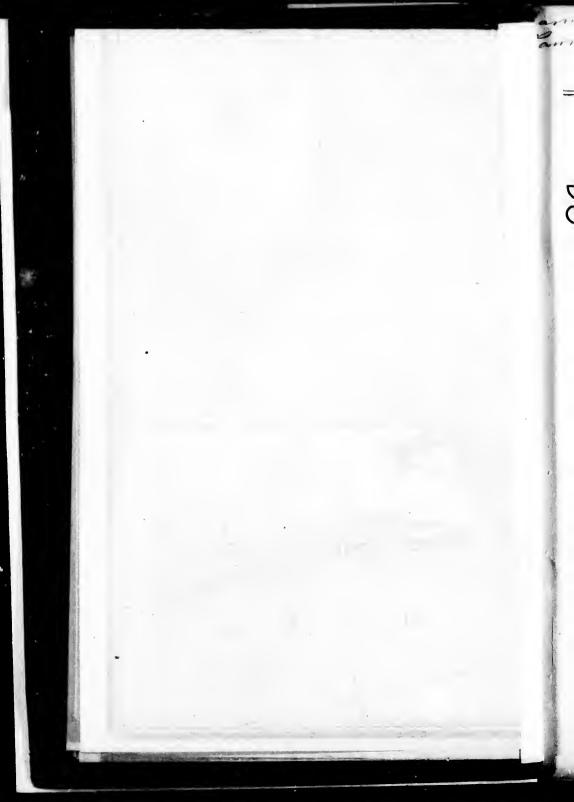
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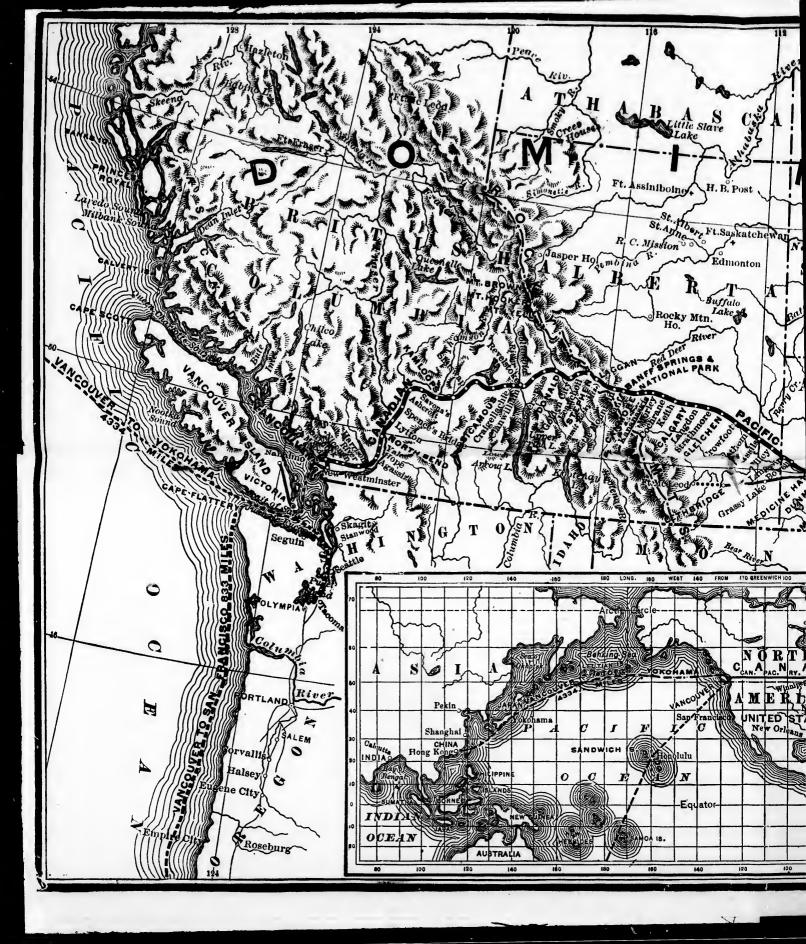


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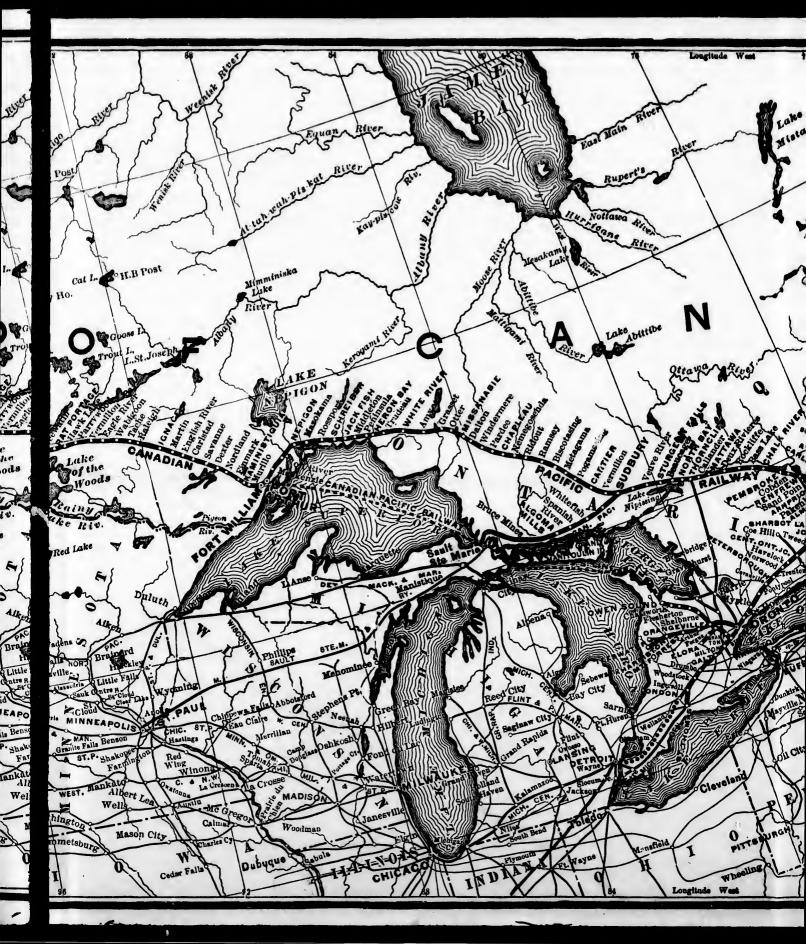
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ISSUED BY PASSENGER DEPARTMENT
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
MONTREAL

1888









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THE GORGE OF THE HOMATHCO RIVER, B.C.

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General Information

HE Tourist Routes detailed herein cover only a small portion of the attractive places on, or that can be reached by, the Canadian Pacific Railway. Additional routes will be made up and price of tickets given on application to any city ticket office of the Company.

Tourist Tickets entitle the purchaser to all the privileges accorded on regular first-class tickets.

Unless otherwise specified, they are on sale from 1st June to October 15th, and are available for travel until October 31st of the year in which issued.

They are good for stop-over on application to Conductor or Purser at any intermediate point on the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway or Steam-

ships, within their time limit. Portions issued over the lines of other railways or transportation companies are subject to the local stop-over regulations of the lines over which they read.

Transfers between stations are not included in Tourist Tickets, unless specially noted. Transfers are necessary at only a few points, and at most of these tourists would naturally desire to stop over.

Round Trip Tours going one way and returning another, when marked "R. W.," can be reversed, at the time of ticket purchase, for the convenience of tourists.

Tourists will note that many of the steamer lines cease running, or make irregular trips, prior to the close of tourist season, October 31st, and travellers should consult each company's advertisements in regard to this point, and govern their movements accordingly, as all Tourist Tickets are sold on condition that they are used while the service is open.

When tourists desire to make any side-trip enumerated herein, they should purchase the ticket for the same at the starting point, as in many instances the benefit of Side-Trip rates cannot be obtained at the junction-point where the side-trip diverges from the main tour.

The times of railway and reamship connections given herein cannot be guaranteed, as they are subject to change as the season advances. For fuller details and latest changes a perusal of the current time-table "folder" of the Company is recommended.

Where steamship routes are marked thus †, it indicates that meals and berths are included on steamships, and that no extra charge will be made for them. If not so marked they do not include meals or berths.

Children between the ages of 5 and 12 years will be charged half fare; over 12 years, full fare.

The Railway Company maintains a staff of Travelling Passenger Agents to accompany large parties of tourists, sportsmen or pleasure seekers, and will, when such parties are forming, be glad to send such an agent to render assistance and give desirable information to applicants. Special First-class Sleeping Cars will be reserved for parties of eighteen or more first-class passengers; and when destined to a point west of Port Arthur will be reserved for parties of fifteen or more passengers. The rate will be about \$40.00 per day for the use of the sleeping car in addition to the price of passage tickets.

Tourists are warned that in no instance are their tickets transferable, and if they are unable to use the whole or a part of the ticket, the portion unused should be returned to the General Passenger Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., at Montreal, who will refund a reasonable amount therefor.

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The route from Niagara Falls to Toronto, where the Canadian Pacific Railway is reached, will, until the close of navigation, be by the New York Central & Hudson River R.R. to Lewiston wharf, thence by Niagara Navigation Company to Toronto; or by the Michigan Central R.R. to Niagara, thence by Niagara Navigation Company to Toronto. The steamers of the Niagara Navigation Company are the new Clyde-built Steamer Cibola, which, it is expected, will be put on the route in June or July, and will make the lake trip in about two and a half hours; and the well-known favorite, the Chicora. The route from Detroit to St. Thoras, where the Canadian Pacific Railway is reached, is by the Michigan Central R.R. Through Sleepers are run between Chicago and Toronto. The route from Sault Ste. Marie for Miscellaneous Tours is by Canadian Pacific Steamship line to Owen Sound unless otherwise specified.

The Attention of tourists is called to the special information preceding the Eastern and Western Tours.

All the Tourist Tickets by routes specified herein are on sale in the city ticket offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, from which rates are shewn; but tickets for many of the tours may be obtained at numerous other offices. Full information and descriptive matter can be obtained on application to any ticket agent of the Railway Company, or to any officer of the Passenger Department mentioned on pages 2 and 161.

Correspondence is respectfully invited.

ROBT. KERR,

D. McNICOLL,

General Passenger Agent,
Western and Pacific
Divisions,
Winnipeg.

General Pass. Agent,
Ont Rio & Atlantic and
Eastern Divs.
Montreal.

LUCIUS TUTTLE,

Passenger Traffic Manager,
Montreal, Canada.



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ADVANTAGES OFFERED

BY THE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Return First Class Tickets, good for a period of 30 days, are sold between stations east of Port Arthur at a reduction of one-sixth from regular rates.

One Thousand Mile Tickets for \$25.00, good for one year and available over all portions of the line east of Sault Ste. Marie and Sudbury Junction, are sold at principal stations.

Commutation Trip Tickets, good for 10, 26 or 52 trips within three months, and available for families and their guests travelling singly or in parties, are on sale between cities and their suburban resorts, within a radius of about forty miles, at rates varying from one to two cents per mile.

Season Tickets, good for one return trip per day, are on sale between all stations for periods of from one to twelve months, and the extremely low rates at which they are sold are so graded that continuous purchasers from month to month are required to pay very little more than the twelve-months' rate. Special rates are made for students, and an extended age-limit is allowed for half-tickets, on presentation of a certificate from the principal of the school attended by the applicant.

Saturday Excursion Tickets, good for return until the following Monday, are sold during summer months from Eastern cities to the country points within a radius of about 60 miles, at a rate of 10 cents more than a single first-class fare. For particulars apply to city ticket offices.

Sportsmen, travelling together in parties of five or more, will be issued return tickets, good for one month, to sporting grounds on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, at greatly reduced rates. 200 lbs. of baggage and camp equipment, consisting of tents, canoes under 20 feet in length, camp utensils, etc., including a fish or game catch of 50 lbs. in weight, will be carried free for each sportsman. Full particulars as to rates, localities, etc., can be obtained from any ticket agent of the Railway Company.



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Fishing and Shooting

FISHING along the line of the Canadian Pacific is good at almost as many points as there are stations. Particularly should be mentioned the upper Ottawa and its tributary streams, especially those coming in from the northward;

and the rivers that flow down from the Laurentian hills into the St. Lawrence, between Montreal and the Saguenay. The hills in the neighborhood of Calumet and the vicinity of Mastigouche, north of St. Felix de Valois, are specially popular with anglers. Havelock, a station in Ontario, near Sharbot

lake, is a good centre for fishing excursions; conveyances can be obtained there at reasonable rates, and good waters are near by. In the

Trent river, above the station, trolling is good for maskinonge and bass. Below, for five miles, are many choice spots for still fishing for bass. Healy Falls and the river for several miles below is especially recommended. North of Havelock is a chain of lakes, where boats and boatmen can be had, and accommodation in farm houses. These lakes abound in very large bass and maskinonge. The whole of that region is well stocked with game, especially deer and partridges. Sharbot lake, nearer the railway, offers similar attrac-



SHOOTING WILD GEESE IN MANITOBA.

tions; and in the Mississippi river and lake, near Carleton Place, excellent sport with the rod is always to be had. The county of Grey, in western Ontario, contains many good trouting streams, and anglers can scarcely go amiss in any part of the Muskoks region.

North of Lake Superior, the Nepigon, Steel, Jackfish and other streams are almost inexhaustible, and many of them have scarcely been touched yet. The Nepigon is already prominent (see page 81). At Nepigon station canoes and crews of experienced Indians may be hired, and provisions secured for a camping trip up Nepigon river, where the biggest of trout are caught, besides whitefish and other species. This river is about 40 miles long, and abounds in good camping and angling places amid grand scenery; at its head is the great Lake Nepigon. An illustrated pamphlet, descriptive of the Nepigon region; and another furnishing a detailed account of fishing resorts in Ontario, will be sent to anyone applying to one of the officers or general agents of the Company.

Hunting for moose, cariboo and deer is always good on the upper Ottawa, along the railway line north of Georgian bay, and everywhere north of Lake Superior. Mattawa and North Bay are the best headquarters for hunting trips.

On the plains wildfowl and deer-shooting can be got almost anywhere at suitable seasons.

In the Rocky Mountains both game and fish are abundant near the railway,—bear, moose, cariboo and birds; and in the streams and lakes, trout, salmon trout and salmon. The neighborhoods of Banff (see p. 90) and Glacier, where good hotels exist, are especially favorable for big game; while the region of the Shuswap lakes, for which Sicamous is a convenient centre, abounds in opportunities for sport of every kind.



OUR FISH STORY TELLER.



Eastern Cours

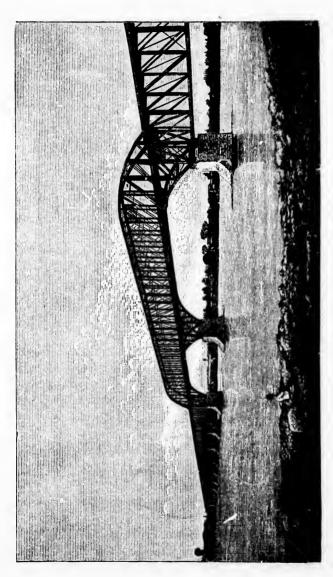
I.

TO PORTLAND AND THE SEA COAST VIA THE WHITE MOUNTAINS.

To the citizens of Canada the sea coast most easily reached is fortunately that which is more attractive than any other along the eastern border of the American continent, embracing the shores of Massachusetts bay and of New Hampshire and Maine. Between Canada and this coast-line lies the most interesting group of mountains in eastern America, some of the best hotels open to tourist traffic, and a great variety of charming scenery and opportunities for sport and vacation entertainment. It is not surprising to find, therefore, that the Canadian Pacific Railway has been able to lay out no less than 24 distinct routes for pleasure-journeys to the White Mountains and the lakes of western Maine, or to the sea coast beyond, not to mention several routes which pass through the mountains to southern New England or New York; or to Boston, and thence by steamer to the lower Canadian provinces or Newfoundland.

The greater number of these tours start from Montreal, but some have Quebec as their initial point; or, starting at Montreal, they go down the river to Quebec and thence onward.

The route from Montreal is the same in all cases as far as St. Johnsbury, Vt., passing over the new St. Lawrence bridge and that part of the Canadian Pacific system formerly known as the "Southeastern Railway," to Newport, Vt., and thence by the Boston & Maine R. R. to St. Johnsbury; or, in some cases, to Wells' River, Vt.



ST. LAWRENCE BRIDGE, NEAR MONTREAL.

The new St. Lawrence bridge is a steel cantilever, spanning the St. Lawrence river at Lachine, about 5 miles above Montreal. Its massive and skillful structure (the channel spans are each 408 feet in length) make it an extremely interesting object in itself; while its height and situation permit the traveller a view up and down the great river that is surprisingly beautiful. The banks of the river are dotted with French villages, of which historic old Lachine and the Iroquois town of Caughnawaga are most prominent; while in the distance are seen the graceful outlines of many mountains, and the spires of Montreal.

Leaving Montreal in the morning the traveller crosses this bridge, and then proceeds directly southward through the populous farming plain of southern Quebec. At historic Chambly the Richelieu river, draining Lake Champlain, is crossed. West Farnham, Sutton and Richford are important stations. Some distance before Newport, Vt., is reached, the road winds through rocky hills, with interesting views of distant summits, when presently Lake Memphremagog appears at the left; and its winding shores are followed by the line through the hills and within sight of the great promontories of Elephantis and Owl's Head, where lively communities of pleasure-seekers will always be found. From Newport a steamer makes a daily circuit of the lake to its northern limit at Magog, affording a pleasant side-trip, for which an additional ticket is issued. The scenery of the lake is beautifully broken by islands and hills, and its shores are dotted, not only with farms, but with the summer residences of many wealthy Newport has a large and popular hotel in the Memphremagog House, on the shore of the lake, where the train halts for dinner, and the steamboat lands.

From Newport the Passumpsic Division of the Boston & Maine R. R. runs southward toward Burke mountain, crosses the height of land, and descends the winding little river from which this portion of the railroad takes its name. This is a district of lovely foot-hills, over which the Green mountains show their statelier heads. The villages in this part of the state manifest by the neat and well-kept air of their houses and farms the prosperity and refinement of the people. St. Johnsbury is a large town whose people are noted for their high degree of culture. Here is the manufactory of the celebrated Fairbank's scales.



OLD MAN OF THE MOUNTAIN.

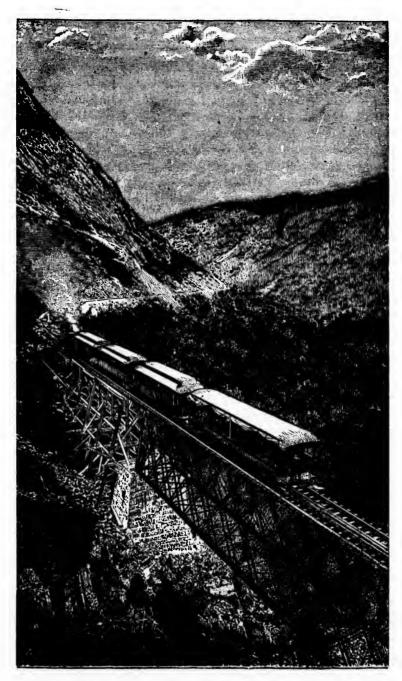
Starting from Quebec, the traveller reaches Newport by taking the Quebec Central Railway, which leads along the upper valley of the Chaudiere, overlooking its pretty French settlements for a long distance, then crosses into the "Eastern Townships," reaching the metropolis of that English-speaking district at Sherbrooke,—a junction-point where the eastern extension of the Canadian Pacific Railway, now under construction between Montreal and St. John, N.B., crosses the Grand Trunk. Between Sherbrooke and Newport, on the Boston & Maine R. R., the rocky borders of Lake Massawippi are skirted, whence comes a large product of asbestos and other minerals, and where great quantities of wood pulp are manufactured.

From St. Johnsbury the White Mountains division of the Boston & Lowell R.R. runs eastward to the Connecticut valley, which is crossed at Lunenburg near the large village of Lancaster, N.H. The Connecticut valley in this part is bordered by beautiful meadows, whence rocky terraces rise to the background-hills. The White Mountains, indistinctly seen from St. Johnsbury, are now close at hand, filling the whole eastern and southern horizon. Those more immediately in the foreground are Lafayette, and the mountains of the Profile range in the southward; Cherry mountain and the Lancaster range in the east and north; while between Lafayette and Cherry are seen the bare summits of Mount Washington and the Presidential range. After crossing the Connecticut the line turns southward and makes its way through villages (each one of which has hotels and boarding houses for summer residence) to Bethlehem Junction, at the northern gate of the White Mountains. The Ammonoosuc river, coming down from the hills at this point, opens a pathway into the interior of this great group, beyond which a pass is found carrying the railway through North Conway at the southern (eastern) side of the mountains to Portland and Boston. Bethlehem Junction and North Conway stations are some forty miles apart, and between. at short intervals, stand lesser stations, each containing one or more great or little hotels; while from each station diverge branchlines or stage routes leading to cultivated valleys where are villages, hotels and country boarding houses in great abundance, and of an excellence unsurpassed in the United States. Nowhere this side of the Riviera and the Swiss Alps have tourists' hotels and the system of private accommodation for summer visitors reached such a degree of perfection as characterizes those in the White Mountains and along the adjacent sea-coasts.

From Bethlehem Junction short branch-lines lead to The Maple-wood and to Bethlehem. The former i an immense hotel, one of the most modern in the mountains, and surrounded by elegant cottages. Bethlehem, an older town, with numerous summer hotels and boarding houses, is one of the largest and best known villages in the region, particularly noted for its freedom from hay fever, and for the exquisite landscapes in all directions.

A side-trip to the Profile House may be made from Bethlehem Junction by a railway ten miles in length. This celebrated hotel is situated in a deep cleft between the Franconia and Lafayette ranges at the source of the Merrimac. Near here is that far-famed "Old Man of the Mountain"—a colossal profile jutting from the brow of a tremendous cliff, which gives a name to the whole locality. Six miles below the Profile is The Flume and the Flume hotel, reached by a pleasant stage journey; and a few miles further down, a carriage ride will take the traveller to North Woodstock, whence he can proceed by rail as described on page 29.

The first station east of Bethlehem Junction is the Twin Mountain House, near the Twin mountain on the one side and Cherry mountain on the other, while from a little hill behind the house fine views of Mount Washington can be had. Northward the series of lovely villages surrounding Cherry mountain, Jefferson and Randolph are accessible by stages; a mile eastward is the White Mountain House, one of the oldest hotels in the country; and a few minutes' ride beyond that brings the traveller to Fabyan's, which may be regarded as the centre of the whole district. South and west of Fabyan's stretches an unexplored mountainous wilderness, while northward and eastward rise the supreme heights of the Presidential range. A branch railroad leads from Fabyan's six miles up the rapid Ammonoosuc and past its pretty falls to the base of Mount Washington, whence the Mount Washington Railroad carries excursionists to the summit of the peak, 6,293 feet above the sea.



APPROACHING THE CRAWFORD NOTCH.

The summit of the mountain is occupied by a large hotel, a signal station of the United States Weather Service, a newspaper office, and the stables and offices of the stage company. While the majority of tourists devote only one day to Mount Washington, those who remain over at least one night on the top of the peak are abundantly rewarded. It is not often during the summer months that clouds enshroud the peak for more than a few hours at a time, so that no one need fear to include an excursion to this loftiest point of outlook in eastern America through fear that his time will be wasted. The inclined railway by which the ascent of the mountain is made has been in operation since 1869, and is the model for the similar railroads in the Alps. It is a narrow-gauge track, laid upon a low trestle work carrying it evenly over the inequalities of the rocks, and the steepest grades amount to scarcely more than one foot of rise in each three of advance. The total length of the line is nearly three miles, and the time of ascent about one and a half hours. A locomotive and one car constitute the train, and they are able to ascend by means of heavy cogwheels locking into a third rail laid in the middle of the track and furnished with cog-teeth. The locomotive thus climbs a sort of ladder, the side rails merely guiding and supporting its weight. Precautions for safety are so numerous that an accident is simply impossible.

From the top of Mount Washington stages descend two or three times daily to the Glen House at the northern base of the peak, a description of which will be given hereafter.

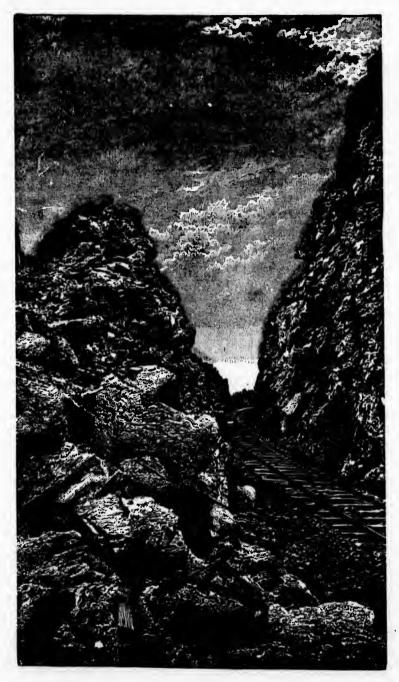
A narrow pass leading southward from Fabyan's carries the Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad from the Connecticut slope to that of the Atlantic. In the jaws of this pass, one-half mile beyond Fabyan's, stands the Mount Pleasant House, and four miles further we come to the celebrated Crawford House, occupying a secluded nook at the base of Mount Clinton. A little pond just in front of this hotel is the source of the Saco river, which flows thence southward through the White Mountain range and outward to the ocean at Portland.

Turning southward from the Crawford House the railway next passes through the narrow "Gate of the Notch," winds its way by skillful engineering along the sheer western slope of Mounts Willey and Field, and thence follows the Saco through its narrow canyon for

several miles down past the Willey House, Bemis, Upper Bartlett, Glen Station, Lower Bartlett and the Intervale House, to North Conway, where the valley expands into bright intervales that furnish some of the most beautiful scenes in New Hampshire.

An interesting side-trip to be made from Glen Station, and other resorts on the southern slope of the mountains (or from Fabyan's over the peak of Mount Washington), is to the Glen House, which stands between Mount Washington and the Carter mountains, lying immediately east of the Presidential range. This hotel occupies a knoll overlooking the Peabody valley and fronting an amphitheatre formed of the five highest mountains in New England. "They are only three or four miles distant, and no hills intervene to cut off the view of their whole vast bulk and altitude. Each is distinct from its neighbors; and all the great gulfs that separate them from one another, and each of the massive buttresses by which the peaks are supported, are in plain view. It is the only point, right at the foot of the mountains, where their unobstructed height and breadth can be gauged; and if in this nearness we lose that tender and idealized beauty which a longer focus gives, we gain an impression of solidity, bulk and majesty." The Glen House is one of the best centres for From it roads and foot-paths ramify throughout the most lofty and beautiful section of the White Mountains and some of the wildest and least visited scenery in New Hampshire is accessible, while, on the other hand, stages and excursion waggons from the Glen House reach a lovely pastoral region northward, several exquisite waterfalls, and the charming old-time valley of Jackson river, along which the main road from the Glen House to Glen Station finds its way through the mountains. Stages from the Glen House meet every important train, and carry passengers, not only to that hotel, but to several other resorts in the Jackson and Peabody valleys. Stages depart for and arrive from the top of Mount Washington three times daily; and that route which includes the trip over the mountains to the Glen House, and by stage to Glen Station, or vice versa, as a divergence from the all-rail route through the Crawford Notch, is one of the most enjoyable of the whole series.

The Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad proceeds southward from North Conway to another pretty village, Conway Centre, on the



THE "GATE" OF THE CRAWFORD NOTCH.

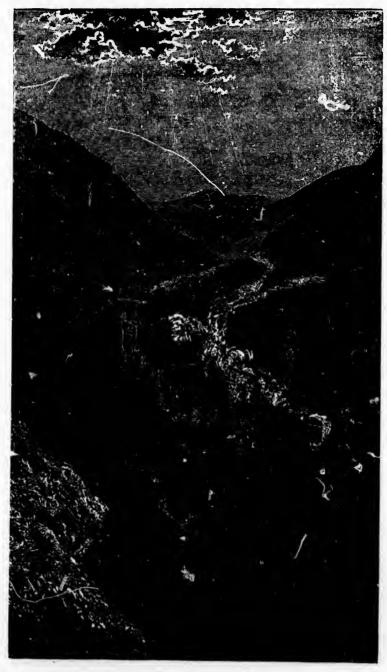
banks of the Saco, where it turns eastward and pursues its way down the valley and around the southern end of Sebago lake to Portland, Me. This is a rich farming country, presenting charming landscapes, and many different tours will be found which include it; among them one line of routes leading to Bar Harbor and the Maritime Provinces, and another to Old Orchard Beach and Boston. (See page 31).

II.

TO BOSTON VIA THE MONTREAL & BOSTON AIR LINE.

This route is the same as that already described as far as St. Johnsbury. Below St. Johnsbury the crooked Passumpsic is crossed many times before its mouth is reached, a few miles before arriving at Wells River Junction, on Wells river, a tributary of the Connecticut. At Wells River the route crosses the Connecticut and proceeds southward over the hills which divide the tributaries of the Connecticut from those of the Merrimac, descending toward the valley of the latter stream by the gorge of Baker's river, one of the headwaters of the Pemigewasset. Haverhill, Wentworth, Warren and Rumney, all in New Hampshire, are the principal stations. The scenery from these towns is bold and picturesque. The White Mountains, most prominently Moosilauke, are close upon the left, and furthur on a glorious view of Mount Washington is given across Lake Winipesaukee.

Where Baker's river enters the Pemigewasset is Plymouth, N.H., whence a branch railway extends northward to North Woodstock, whence the Flume and Profile hotels are accessible by stages. At Plymouth the traveller is fairly in the midst of mountains, and presently finds himself close beside Winipesaukee lake, the principal stations upon which are Lake Village, Weir's and Laconia,—large villages, with hotels and pleasure facilities of every sort. Weirs is the landing place for the steamboat lines that traverse Lake Winipesaukee in various directions. After leaving the lake at Laconia, an iron-founding and manufacturing town most prettily situated near the base of Mt. Belknap, the railway proceeds southward through the rich valley of the Winipesaukee river (the outlet for the lake), and soon reaches Concord, the capital of New Hampshire. Thence it



IN THE HEART OF THE WHITE MOUNTAINS.

follows the Merrimac river past several agricultural centres, until it crosses it at the great factory city of Manchester. After that come in rapid succession the flourishing "cotton" cities and suburban towns of eastern Massachusetts, the principal of which are Nashua and Lowell, until Boston is reached, twelve hours distant, in time, from Montreal.

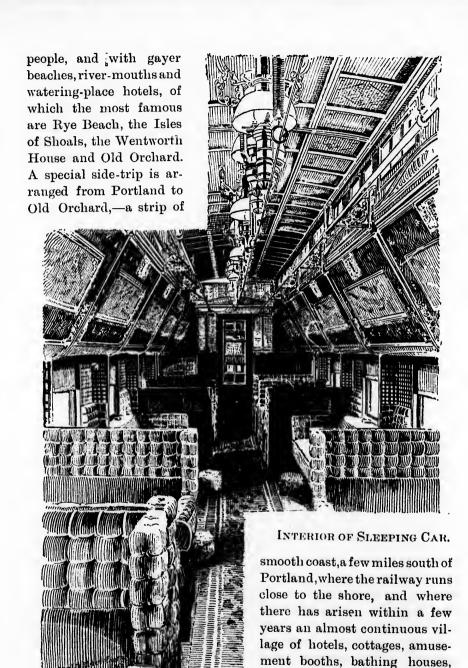
From Boston the traveller may proceed to New York most easily by the Fall River Line. Steamer lines also run from Boston to Annapolis, N.S., St. John, N.B., and Portland, Me.

It will be noticed upon reference to the list of tours that in several cases a round trip is provided between Montreal and Boston, which proceeds by the way of St. Johnsbury, Fabyan's and Portland to Boston, and thence back via Plymouth and Wells River, or vice versa.

III.

To Mount Desert and the Maine Coast.

Between Canada and the coast the routes are the same as those already described. The steamers between Boston and Portland are large and handsome boats, running both by daylight and by night. The routes by rail between these cities pass close along the coast and traverse a succession of interesting old sea-ports, which were among the earliest settlements on the New England coast, including in rotation eastward, Lynn, Salem, Ipswich, Newburyport, Portsmouth (where the Merrimac is crossed), Kennebunk and Kennebunkport. Biddeford and Saco (at the mouth of the Saco), Old Orchard and Scarboro' beaches. All of these names are surrounded by historical associations dating back to the farthest record, and the places themselves are in the highest degree interesting and picturesque, as well as prosperous. Portland itself need not be described. A day's halt on the part of the tourist would be well repaid. The old tower on Munjoy Hill should be climbed. In and around Casco bay are islands and bold shores of great beauty, whose hotels and cottages are the resort of great numbers of summer guests. The whole coast in this vicinity is dotted with quaint villages, beloved of artists and quiet-seeking



etc., extending for several miles

along the beach. Ocean Park, Ferry Beach and other names are given to certain centres of this summering population, which are connected by a branch railroad that runs trains back and forth every hour during the season. Its admirers think that no beaches in New England are equal to this ten miles. A religious camp-meeting is held there every summer; and Old Orchard is to Canada and New England what Ocean Grove is to New York and the Middle States.

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From Portland the traveller reaches Mount Desert, St. John, N.B., St. Andrew's, N.B., and the other resorts upon the eastern coast by way of the Maine Central Railroad, or by a steamer which calls at several points upon the Maine coast, and at summer resorts upon the lesser islands.

Mount Desert Island is the most prominent and fashionable watering place on the northern coast. Its principal landing and centre of amusement is Bar Harbor, the population of which, in midsummer, reaches ten or fifteen thousand. Large and most elegant hotels exist, as well as less costly ones. Private boarding can easily be obtained at almost any price desired in Bar Harbor, or in some of the farming villages scattered over the island. The means of pleasure. taking at Mount Desert are almost without limit. At Bar Harbor the most stylish entertainments and luxurious hotel life are to be seen beside the simpler excursions, boating and fishing trips and picnics with which the majority of visitors are satisfied. The island is mountainous and some of the summits are over 1,500 feet in height. One of these has a railway, like that on Mt. Washington, which carries passengers to a hotel on the apex, overlooking the sea, the straits and an immense landscape inland. To the tops of other rocky hills good paths are made; and walking-trips, consequently, are one of the most fashionable as well as enjoyable customs of the island. There is no doubt that of all the leading summer resorts, Mount Desert stands first in the variety of recreation it offers, coupled with that pleasing contrast of mountain and seashore in which it is quite unrivaled on the Atlantic coast.

Steamers also leave Portland for St. John, N.B., whence the Intercolonial Railway transports the traveller to Point du Chene, the terminus on Northumberland strait, where the ferry to Summerside, on Prince Edward Island, is met.

From St. John one can go by a daily steamer across the bay of Fundy to Annapolis, in Nova Scotia, the site of the earliest French settlement in "Acadia," and still a most interesting locality. Thence he may proceed to Halifax by rail through that Acadian country immortalized by Longfellow in his poem Evangeline.

For most of these tours to the Maine coast and Maritime Provinces a different route in returning is provided.

IV.

To the Lower St. Lawrence Resorts, the Saguenay, Gaspe, Newfoundland and Gulf Ports.

A variety of tours by rail or steamer, or both, reach points on the lower St. Lawrence or on the Gulf coast, or proceed through the Gulf of St. Lawrence to interesting points in the Maritime Provinces. A brief general account of the lower river and the southern shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence will therefore be proper.

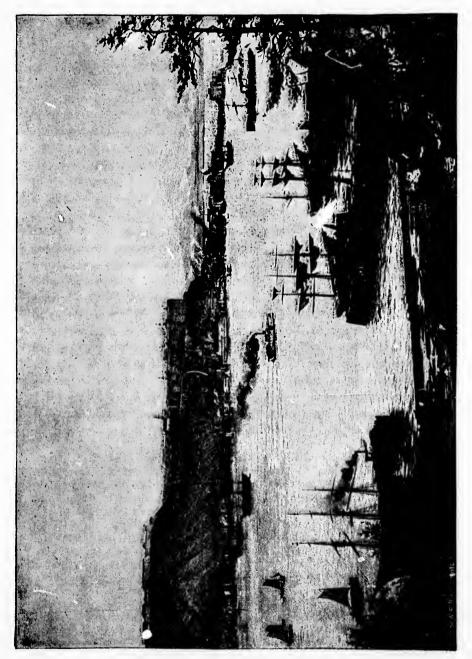
The starting point for all this traffic is, of course, Quebec. This old city, with a population of about 75,000, occupies the base and summit of a lofty crag projecting into the St. Lawrence. Jacques Cartier, the first European who sailed into the river (1534), spent a winter at the base of the cliffs, and French fur companies soon after established here a headquarters for trading. A few years later the headland was fortified, and, as the settlement grew, the fortifications were enlarged until Quebec became the stronghold of Canada, remaining so until captured by the English, under Wolfe, in 1759. The commerce of Quebec began with the fur trade, and this remains an important element. Enormous transactions in lumber go on here The whole lower valley of the St. Lawrence, the Lake St. John district (see page 40), and the northern lumbering regions draw their merchandise from this centre. In the "upper town," on the highlands, the public buildings, churches, best business blocks, hotels and schools are found, and here the English and modern part of the town has outgrown its antecedents. The "lower town," near the water, abounds in irregular, narrow streets and quaint old houses.

The scenic beauty of Quebec has been the theme of general eulogy. The majestic appearance of Cape Diamond and the fortifications—the cupolas and minarets, like those of an Eastern city, blazing and sparkling in the sun,—the loveliness of the panorama,—the noble basin, like a sheet of purest silver, in which might ride with safety a hundred sail of the line,—the graceful meandering of the river St. Charles,—the numerous village spires on either side of the St. Lawrence,—the fertile fields dotted with innumerable cottages, the abodes of a prosperous farming population,—the distant falls of Montmorenci,—the park-like scenery of Point Levi,—the beauteous Isle d'Orleans,—and, more distant still, the frowning Cape Tourmente, and the lofty range of purple mountains of the most picturesque forms which bound the prospect, unite to form a coup d'æil, which, without exaggeration, is scarcely to be surpassed in any part of the world.

During the season of navigation the steamers of several lines depart at frequent intervals from Quebec for all the lower ports, so that the more important landings can be reached every day.

Immediately below Quebec the river is divided by the great island of Orleans, the principal channel lying to the southward of it. As the steamer moves down across the basin of Quebec, beautiful views are afforded on all sides, including a fascinating retrospect of the lofty fortress dominating the crowded houses of the town. Bayard Taylor has described this scene in the following language:

"Behind us lay the city, with its tinned roofs glittering in the morning sunshine, and its citadel-rock towering over the river; on the southern shore, Point Levi, picturesquely climbing the steep bank, embowered in dark trees; then the wooded bluffs with their long levels of farm-land behind them, and the scattered cottages of the habitants, while northward the shore rose with a gradual, undulating sweep, glittering far inland, with houses, and gardens, and crowding villages, until it reached the dark stormy line of the Laurentian mountains in the north-east . . . The sky, the air, the color of the landscape, were from Norway; Quebec and the surrounding villages suggested Normandy,—except the tin roofs and spires, which were Russian, rather; while here and there, though rarely, were the marks of English occupancy. The age, the order, the apparent stability and immobility of society, as illustrated by external things,



QUEBEC FROM POINT LEVI.

belonged decidedly to Europe. This part of America is but seventy or eighty years older than New England, yet there seems to be a difference of five hundred years."

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When the populous shores of the Isle d'Orleans have been passed. the lofty mountains of Cape Rouge and Cape Gribaune, in the rear of Cape Tourmente, are seen rising so boldly from the river's edge on the northern side as to permit no roadway along their base. These are the great Laurentian hills that close in the landscape presented from the citadel of Quebec. The imposing scenery of that shore is due to the rocky and desolate character of these hills, which admit of no habitation for many miles. The steamer to Saguenay passes close under the cliffs and enters St. Paul's bay, behind Isle aux Coudres, which is notable as maintaining the most primitive style of French life to be found anywhere along these medieval shores. This bay of St. Paul indents rough and lofty hills, through which two rivers have cut great gorges, admitting the eye deeply into the mountains. It was in this region that the volcanic outbursts of the last century happened, and earthquakes and subterranean rumblings are yet of frequent occurrence. The Isle aux Coudres is a charming remnant of primitive Norman life; Bayard Taylor called it "a beautiful pastoral mosaic in the pale emerald setting of the river."

Beyond the huge mass of Cape Eboulements, on whose declivities are villages of French people preserving their ancient customs, lies Murray bay, the favorite summer resort of the northern shore. Here is a long beach and fine facilities for boating and bathing closely adjacent to the great hotels. "It is also one of the best fishing centres in the Province of Quebec, and sportsmen meet with success in the waters of the beautiful Murray river or the Gravel and Petit lakes." Besides the tourist hotels at Point à Pique, there is a large French village on Murray river, which is the seat of Charlevoix county. "One must go there [to Murray bay] to enjoy the rugged, the grandeur of nature, the broad horizons. He will not find here the beautiful wheat fields of Kamouraska, the pretty and verdurous shores of Cacouna or Rimouski; . . here is savage and unconquered nature, and view-points yet more majestic than those of the coasts and walls of Bie."

The steamer now stretches out across the river in a diagonal course of 30 miles, and soon comes in sight of the Kamouraska islands, over which is seen the charming village of Kamouraska, on the south The old group of islets called The Pilgrims is then passed on the right and a landing made at Riviere du Loup. This is an important post and railway junction, whence a new line of railway running southward to Edmunston, N. B., now connects the Intercolonial with the New Brunswick Railway, forming a short route to Fredericton and St. John. An excellent region for fresh sport is opened by this new line. Riviere du Loup contains hotels and boarding houses for summer visitors; but the chief point of tourist interest is the Gibraltar-like headland, six miles farther down the coast, called Cacouna, now one of the fashionable watering-places. This can be reached by stage or cab from here, or from Cacouna station on the Intercolonial Railway, four miles nearer, where stages and cabs meet all trains. Cacouna is a very popular resort, and can accommodate thousands of people, invigorating them by cool breezes. and interesting them with the magnificence of its mountain prospects and many novel scenes and amusements along the shore. Stages and conveyances meet all steamers at Riviere du Loup, for Cacouna.

The water of the St. Lawrence is salt at Cacouna and upward to within 30 miles of Quebec,—a fact of interest to bathers.

Riviere du Loup and Cacouna lie almost directly opposite the mouth of the Saguenay river, to which there is a steamer nearly or quite every day.

The Saguenay is the chief tributary of the lower St. Lawrence, and the outlet of the great Lake St. John. "For the last fifty miles of its course the stream is from one to one-and-a-half miles wide, and is boarded on both sides by lofty precipices of syenite and gneiss, which impinge directly on the shores and are dotted with stunted trees. The awful majesty of its unbroken mountain shores, the profound depth of its waters, the absence of life through many leagues of distance, have made the Saguenay unique among rivers, and it is yearly visited by thousands of tourists as one of the chief curiosities of the western world."

Bayard Taylor exclaims: "Shores that seemed roughly piled together out of the fragments of chaos overhung us,—great masses of rock, gleaming duskily through their scanty drapery of evergreens, here lifting long irregular walls against the sky, there split into huge fantastic forms of deep lateral gorges, up which we saw the darkblue crests of loftier mountains in the rear. . . . The river is a reproduction—truly on a contracted scale—of the flords of the Norwegian coast. . . . The dark mountains, the tremendous precipices, the fir forests, even the settlements at Ha Ha bay and L'Anse á l'Eau (except that the houses are white instead of red), are as completely Norwegian as they can be."

Tadousac is the port at the mouth of the river, where are hotels and many means of summer enjoyment. Cape Eternity is a terrific crag rising sheer from far beneath the water to 1,800 feet above its surface. It is the masterpiece of the river. Trinity bay, on the eastern shore, a few miles further on, is surrounded by similar walls of rock. Ha Ha bay is a deep indentation or side-canyon on the western shore, where the steamer lands at a group of summer hotels and residences, occupying intervales between rugged mountains; it is an important shipping point as well as pleasure resort. The head of navigation in this wonderful river is reached at Chicoutimi, an ancient Indian mission and trading post, now a flourishing lumber port and summer resort. In its neighborhood are many places of picturesque interest, and unlimited fishing and hunting at the proper season.

But Chicoutini is no longer the most northern point reached by civilization, or frequented by the tourist. Some sixty miles above Chicoutimi, the majestic Saguenay, now no longer navigable, flows out of the great Lake St. John, the largest lake in the Province of Quebec.

The country here is entirely different from that through which the Saguenay flows in approaching the St. Lawrence. Level lands surround the lake on every side for many miles from its shores, and are to a great extent under cultivation, producing more wheat than any other county in the province. Their productiveness has led to the construction thither of the Lake St. John Railway, whose trains run daily from Quebec to Lake St. John, a distance of 190 miles, in eight or nine hours.

The construction of this railway opens an unique and most interesting section of country to the summer tourist and sportsman.

In the Canadian edition of "The Doom of Mamelons," whose plot is located in this remote and almost unknown region, the public will find some fifty pages of accurate and vivid description of the country, from Mr. W. H. H. Murray's pen, together with a large and reliable map, invaluable to anglers and campers. Mr. Murray describes the country as characterized by great natural beauty, covered with magnificent forests, and penetrated in all directions by many and great rivers. The Peribonea, a tributary of Lake St. John, is navigable by canoes nearly 300 miles, while a steamboat, capable of carrying 300 passengers, ascends the Mistassini from the lake for about 20 miles. Lake St. John is nearly round in shape, and some 35 miles in diameter. It is the home of the famous fish called by the Indians Wa-na-nish, a species of land-locked salmon, of great beauty and spirit as a game fish, ranking next to the true salmon. Many other lakes dot the country, some of them ten or twenty miles in length, and all liberally stocked with game fish, especially the spotted trout, which sometimes weigh fourteen pounds. These lakes afford perhaps the best opportunities for the angler that can now be found on the continent. The region is very healthy, the air cool, the soil dry and hard, and on hundreds of the lakes a camp-fire has never been built. The Lake St. John Railway runs directly through this primeval wilderness, and anglers and campers can be landed directly from the palace cars on the beaches of the lake they are to camp on. thus escaping the trouble and expense of "staging." One hotel is already erected at Lake St. John, and others will soon follow.

To the lover of scenery the line of this railway, for almost the entire distance of 190 miles, presents a succession of the most beautiful views. Among other points may be mentioned Lake St. Joseph, surrounded by mountains, the very base of which is almost touched by the little steamer plying on its waters; St. Raymond, a picturesque village in the beautiful valley of the River Ste. Anne; the romantic

River Batiscan, hemmed in by towering mountains; Pearl Lake, Lakes Edward, Kiskisink, Bouchette and Lac des Commissaires, all touched by the railway, and abounding in fish; the Falls of the River Ouiatehouan at Lake St. John, 50 feet higher than Montmorency; the picturesque villages of Chambord, Roberval (the home of the interesting tribe of Montaignais Indians), St. Jerome, St. Prime and St. Gédéon, all on the borders of Lake St. John; and lastly the great Lake St. John itself, from whose further shore stretches the vast wilderness northward to Hudson's straits.

Below Tadousac the north shore of the St. Lawrence is sparsely inhabited, and presents no attractions to the ordinary tourist, though Labrador is often visited by hunters, fishermen and artists, who can reach its most distant landings every few days by means of trading or fishing steamers. The south shore, on the contrary, is well populated by French f rmers and fishermen, but no steamers make regular stoppages anywhere between Cacouna and Gaspé. These villages must be approached by railway and stage. The first among them below Cacouna, of any importance, is Trois Pistoles. Here the romantic islets of Rosade: "a shore cut into deep notches, broken with flats, capes and beaches; a background hewn prodigally from the world's material;" and quaintly pretty villages clustering about a tin-roofed church or two at the foot of some gigantic bluff, captivate the eye and imagination. Some distance farther is Rimouski, where the European steamers land their mails, to be sent forward by rail with greater haste. It is an important summering place for Canadian and New England people, and surrounded by magnificent scenery and a curious French civilization dating back to the earliest discovery of Canada. These points, however, are not stopping places for regular steamers.

As far as Rimouski the Intercolonial Railway, a part of the route of many of the tours given in this book, follows more or less closely the bank of the river, giving access to all of the shore resorts. Just beyond here this railway turns southward, crosses the narrowest part of Gaspé (as all this peninsular eastern part of Quebec is termed), and follows the Metapedia river down to the Bay of Chaleur. This rough and forested country is traversed by cold and swift rivers fed by the



CITY OF HALIFAX, FROM THE BATTERY.

mountains of Notre Dame, which form the backbone of the Gaspesian peninsula, and these rivers are noted for their salmon fishing.

The Bay of Chaleur is becoming more and more popular as each season passes, as a summering place, and object of tourist-curiosity. A few miles from Dalhousie station, and reached by a little branch railway, the great Inch Arran hotel stands on the very brink of the bay,—one of the grandest situations and most elegant hostelries in the country. The northern shore of the bay is dotted with quaint villages and odd but comfortable little inns, where good sport is always near at hand. The steamer Admiral makes frequent trips back and forth along this shore between Dalhousie and Gaspé bay, and the excursion can be heartily recommended for its novelty and the beauty of the scenery encountered.

The coast below Rimouski, as seen from one of the "Gulf" steamers, presents a solid front of mountain wall, with bold promon-

tories and lofty peaks, at whose base cling fishing villages wherever a harbor opens. Cape Rosier marks the mouth of the river, and the "land's end of Canada" eastward, rounding which those steamers which stop along the New Brunswick coast steer directly into the Bay of Chaleur, while those headed for Newfoundland, Charlottetown, P.E.I., or Pictou, N.S., strike boldly across the waters of the gulf of St. Lawrence.

As a rule these waters, as well as those of the St. Lawrence river, are so quiet that sea-sickness need not be dreaded.

V.

TOURS TO NEW YORK.

The Canadian Pacific sells single-trip tourist tickets to New York by a large variety of routes from Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Toronto and other Canadian points. A certain number of routes leave Canada at Prescott, a town on the St. Lawrence river opposite the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., reached by a ferry connecting with all through trains. Ogdensburg is the chief town in northern New York, and to it lead a branch of the Central Vermont Railroad, running eastward into northern Vermont and thence to the sea-coast; and the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg railroads, leading southward to the New York Central and its connecting systems. Either of these lastmentioned lines forms a very direct route between eastern Ontario, Ottawa or Montreal, and New York.

Several routes proceed from Ogdensburg over the Central Vermont Railroad, through the beautifully varied northern part of the Adirondacks, and around the lower end of Lake Champlain, whose shores in that part have been fought over time and again for the last two centuries by French and Indians, English and French, or English and Americans.

Between Ogdensburg and St. Albans, Vt., the most notable point is Chateauguay lake, the source of the river of the same name, which passes through a district of the great "north woods" particularly well known to anglers. Two miles below the station is the celebrated Chateauguay chasm, where the river has cut through soft sandstone a gorge not over thirty feet wide although some two hundred deep.

This is one of the most interesting bits of scenery in New York state, and a good hotel has now been built within a few rods of the canyon. At Rouse's Point, on the western shore of the head of Lake Champlain, is crossed the Delaware & Hudson Railroad, the direct throughline between Montreal and New York.

From St. Albans certain tours take the traveller southward along the shore of Lake Champlain and within sight of the noblest of the Green mountains, to Burlington, the largest city in Vermont and one of the gayest and most enterprising in New England. At Burlington the traveller embarks upon a steamer which carries him across Lake Champlain to old Fort Ticonderoga in New York, where natural beauty and the interest of historic adventure unite to attract attention. A ride of a few miles by rail from Fort Ticonderoga takes him to Baldwin, where he may embark upon another steamer traversing Lake George to Caldwell. From Caldwell the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company's railroad runs through the great watering-place, Saratoga, to Albany, the capital of New York; and from Albany one can go down to New York city, either by rail (New York Central & Hudson River Railroad), or by the splendid steamboats that make the daylight trip down the Hudson river.

Should he not choose to change so often from steamboat to railway and back, as is necessary in order to cross Lakes Champlain and George, the tourist may go directly by rail from Fort Ticonderoga to New York by the way of Saratoga and Albany. It will also be observed that two routes to Boston from Canadian cities include Burlington, Fort Ticonderoga, Lake George, Saratoga and Albany, as heretofore given, ending with the direct line by the Boston & Albany Railroad from Albany to Boston.

In another series, tours to New York depart from Montreal and go via Newport to St. Johnsbury and Fabyan's; back to St. Johnsbury, and southward via Cambridge Junction, Burlington, Fort Ticonderoga, Saratoga and Albany to New York. Still other routes adopt a different course, covering points already described, as follows: From Montreal by the way of St. Johnsbury, Fabyan's and Portland (by either rail or steamer) to Boston, and thence by the Fall River Line to New York; or from Montreal via Newport, Wells River, Concord and Nashua to Boston, and thence by the Fall River Line to New York.

SPECIAL INFORMATION

IN CONNECTION WITH

EASTERN TOURS

Tickets over the Mount Washington Railway are not available after about the 15th September, 1888.

Attention is called to the fact that the Canadian Pacific Railway has recently obtained control of, and now operates the Southeastern Railway, which is the only line running from Montreal to the New England seaboard through the heart of the White Mountains, and that trains by this route now start from the Canadian Pacific Railway depot in Montreal, and that all tickets reading from Quebec or any point west of Montreal "via Canadian Pacific Railway to Newport" carry passengers through Montreal.

Eastern tours via Montreal from Detroit, Niagara Falls, St. Thomas and Toronto, instead of reading "all rail Canadian Pacific Railway to Montreal," can be varied to read eastbound from Toronto or Kingston to Montreal by the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co., and from Ottawa to Montreal by the Ottawa River Navigation Co., on payment of the following amounts in addition to the rates advertised herein, viz.:

	RE	TURN T	RIPS	Sı	NGLE TI	RIPS.
FROM	Via R. & O. Nav. Co. from Toronto	Via R. & O. Nav. Co. from Kingston.	ViaOtt.Riv.Nav.Co. from Ottawa.	Via R. & O. Nav. Co. from Toronte.	Via R. & O. Nav. Co. from Kingston.	Via Ott. Riv. Nav. Co. from Ottawa.
Detroit	\$1 75 1 75 2 60 2 75 3 00	\$0 75 1 75 2 60 2 75 3 00	\$0 50 1 75 1 60 1 75 2 00	\$1 75 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50	\$1 75 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50	\$1.75 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50

Purchasers of Tourist Tickets reading via Quebec to eastern points, who request the privilege at the time of buying their ticket, will be given the option of going from Montreal to Quebec by the Canadian Pacific Railway, or by a steamer of the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company, without extra charge.

Tourist tickets to eastern points from Ottawa will on request at time of purchase be made to read Ottawa River Navigation Company to Montreal, instead of Canadian Pacific Railway, without additional charge.

The route from Sault Ste. Marie for Eastern Tours will be by Canadian Pacific Steamship Line (Local or Through) to Owen Sound, thence Canadian Pacific Railway; or by Canadian Pacific Railway Rail Route.



Eastern Tours

TO THE

LOWER ST. LAWRENCE, WHITE MOUNTAINS, AND THE SEASIDE

BAR HARBOR (MOUNT DESERT) AND RETURN

Route R 1	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$ " Montreal " Ottawa " Prescott " Brockville From Sault Ste	.50 ' London
Boston & Maine R.R Boston & Lowell R.R Portland & Ogdensburg R R	to Newport. 14 "Scott's 123 "Fabyan's 120 "Portland 77 Steam- "Bar Harbor 73
. Retu	same route. R
BAR HARBOR (Mo	NT DESERT) AND RETURN
ROUTE R 2	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$ " Montreal " Ottawa " Prescott " Brockville From Sault S	.00 " London
Maine Central R. R	to Newport 14

BETHLEHEM, N.H., AND RETURN

ROUTE R 3	Rates as follows:
	Toronto. \$25.00 London. 31.10 St. Thomas. 30.50 Ningara Falls. 27.25 Betroit 32.00 \$41.00
Boston & Maine R.R	Scott's 123 Bethlehem Junction 121 Bethlehem 82
BOSTON, MASS., AND	
ROUTE R 4	Rates as follows:
	Toronto \$31.65 London 39.75 St. Thomas 40.15 Niagara Falls 36.90 Detroit 41.65
Canadian Pacific Ry to Boston & Maine R.R. "Boston & Lowell R.R. "Boston & Lowell R.R. "Concord R.R. "Boston & Maine R.R. "Boston & Maine R.R. "Concord R.R. "Boston & Maine R.R. "Boston & Maine R.R. "Boston & Lowell R.R. "Boston & Lowell R.R. "Ganadian Pacific Ry "Ganadian Ry	Newport 14 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120 Concord 5 Nashua 27 Boston 3 Nashua 3 Concord 27
BOSTON, MASS., AND	RETURN , R W
" Montreal 21.00 " Ottawa 26.00 " Prescott 26.00 " Brockville 26.60 " From Sault Ste, Marie	
Canadian Paeific Ry	Levis. 33 Sherbrooke 84 Scott's. 123 Fabyan's. 120 Portland. 77 Boston 10 Nochree 2

BOSTON, MASS.,	AND	RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 6		Rates as fol	llows:
From Quebec. \$20.50 " Montreal 16.50 " Ottawa. 21.50 " Prescott 21.50 " Brockville 22.10 From Sault Ste. M	 arie	Toronto	36.60 37.00 33.75 38.50
Canadian Pacific Ry. Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. Steamer. Boston & Maine R.R. Concord R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry.		Fabyan's Portland Boston	123 120 77
BOSTON, MASS.,	AND		R W
ROUTE R 7		Rates as fol	
From Quebec \$22.00 "Montreal 18.00 "Ottawa 23.00 "Prescott 23.00 Brockville 23.60 From Sault Ste. M	 [arie	Niagara Falls Detroit \$49.00	38 10 38.50 35.25 40.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Portland & Ogdensburg R. R Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. Concord R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry	to	Newport. Scott's. Fabyan's Portland Boston Nashua. Concord. Wells River Newport. Starting Point	14 123 120 77 10 3 27 4 71 14
BOSTON, MASS.,	AND		
ROUTE R 8		Rates as fol	llows:
From Quebec \$18.00 " Montreal 16.00 " Ottawa 18.00 " Prescott 19.35 " Brockville 19.95 From Sault Ste. M.	" " arie	London	35.50 35.90 32.65 37.40
Canadian Pacific Ry. Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Concord R.R. Boston & Maine R.R.		Wells River Concord Nashua Boston	
· Return sai	ne rou	te.	R

BOSTON, MASS., AND RETURN

BOSTON, MASS., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 9 Rates as follows:	ows:
From Quebee \$31.50 From Toronto " Montreal 27.50 " London " Ottawa 32.50 " St. Thomas " Prescott 32.50 " Niagara Falls " Brockville 33.10 " Detroit From Sault Ste. Marie \$58.50	47.60 48.00 44.25 49.50
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Boston & Glen Ry Base of Mt. Washing Mount Washington Ry Stage Glen House Stage Glen Station Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Lowell R. R. Boston & Lowell R. R. Boston & Lowell R. R. Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Lowell R. R. Boston & Starting Point.	
BOSTON, MASS., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 10 Rates same as for I	Route R 9
Canadian Pacific Ry	
BOSTON, MASS., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 11 Rates as fol From Quebec	
" Montreal 15.00 " London " Ottawa 20.00 " St. Thomas " Prescott 20.00 " Niagara Falls " Brockville 20.60 " Detroit From Sault Ste. Marie \$46.00	35.10 35.50 32.25 47.00
Canadian Pacific Ry to Newport Boston & Maine R. R "Scott's Boston & Lowell R. R "Fabyan's Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. "Portland Boston & Maine R. R "Boston Return same route.	14 123 120 77 10 R

CACOUNA, P.Q.	AND RETURN
ROUTE R 12	Rates as follows:
" Ottawa 13.00 " Prescott 13.00 " Brockville 13.60 " Toronto 23.00 Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry Intercolonial Ry	From London \$28.10 "St. Thomas. 28.50 "Niagara Falls 25.25 Detroit 30.50 Sault Ste. Marie 39.00
	P.E.I., AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 13	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$28.00 " Ottawa 33.00 " Prescott 33.00 " Brockville 33.60 " Toronto 13.00	From London \$48.10 "St. Thomas 48.50 "Niagara Falls 45.25 "Detroit 50.50 "Sault Ste. Marie 59.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry. Intercolonial Ry. P. E. I. Navigation Co P. E. I. Ry. P. E. I. Navigation Co Intercolonial Ry. Ferry. Canadian Pacific Ry.	" Levis
CHARLOTTETOWN, 1	P.E.I., AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 14	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$24.90 "Ottawa 29.90 "Prescott 29.90 "Brockville 30.50 "Toronto 39.90 Canadian Pacific Ry Quebec Steamship Co P. E. I. Navigation Co Intercolonial Ry	"St. Thomas 45.40 "Niagara Falls 42.15 "Detroit 46.90 "Sault Ste. Marie 55.90 to Quebec 14 "Charlottetown 85 "Pictou 80 "Lovis 25
Ferry	" Quebec 33 " Starting Point 14
CHARLOTTETOWN,	P.E.I., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 15	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$20.74 "Ottawa 25.74 "Prescott 25.77 "Brockville 26.33 "Toronto 35.76	5 " St. Thomas
Canadian Pacific RyQuebec Steamship Co	
Return san	ie route. R

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., AND RETURN

CHARLOTTETOV	VN, P.E.I., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 16	Rates as follows:
From Montreal	30.05 "St. Thomas 45.55 30.05 "Niagara Falls 42.30 30.65 "Detroit 47.55 40.05 "Sault Ste. Marie 56.05 Quebec 14
Intercolonial Ry. Co Prince Edward Island Navigatio Prince Edward Island Ry	" Charlettet
Retur	rn same route.
CRAWFORD HOU	SE, N.H., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 17	Rates as follows:
	10.10 " London
Retur	n same route.
DALHOUSIE,	N.B., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 18	Rates as follows:
From Montreal	75 From London

		EASTPORT,	ME	AND	RETURN
ROUTE	R 19	EASII OILI,	MILIO,	AND	Rates as follows:
From	Montreal Ottawa	om Sault Ste.	17.00 22.00	"	Toronto \$32.00 London 37.10 St. Thomas 37.50 Niagara Falls 34.25 Detroit 39.00 \$48.00
Canadi Boston Boston Portlai Interna	an Pacific I	RyRRRsburg R.R mship Co		to	Newport 14 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120 Portland 77 Eastport 125
		FABYAN'S,			
ROUTE	R. 20	rabian s,	14.11.,	11111	Rates as follows:
From	Quebec Montreal Ottawa Prescott Brockville From	n Sault Ste. N	13.35 18.35 18.35 18.95 Iarie	" " " "	Toronto \$28.35 London 33.45 St. Thomas 33.85 Niagara Falls 30.60 Detroit 35.35
Canadi Ferry. Quebec Boston Boston Boston Canadi	an Pacific I	.R .LR .LR .R .R		to	Quebec 14 Levis 33 Sherbrooke 84 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120 Scott's 120 Newport 70 Starting Point 14
		FABYAN'S			
ROUTE	R 21		,		Rates as follows:
" " "	Montreal Ottawa Prescott Brockville Fron		9.40 14.40 14.40 15.00 (arie	66 66 66	Toronto \$24.40 London 29.50 St. Thomas 29.90 Niagara Falls 26.65 Detroit 31.40 \$40.40
Canadi Boston Boston	an Pacific I & Maine R. & Lowell F	Ř LR	• • • • • • •	"	Newport 14 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120
		Retu	rn san	ie rout	R R
Dorrmm	D 00	GASPE, Q	UE., A	ND R	
ROUTE			217 00	Enon:	Rates as follows:
••	Otte.wa Prescott Brockville . Toronto		22.00 22.00 22.60 32.00	**	London \$37.10 St. Thomas 37.50 Niagara Falls 34.25 Detroit 39.50 Sault Ste. Marie 48.00
Canadi Quebec	an Pacific I Steamship	Ry Co		to	Quebec
			rn sam		

GASPE, QUE., AND RETURN

GASPE, QUE., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 23 Rates as follo	ws:
From Montreal. \$20.75 From London. "Ottawa 25.75 "St. Thomas "Prescott 25.75 "Niagara Falls "Brockville 26.35 "Detroit "Toronto 35.75 "Sault Ste. Marie	41.25 38 00 43.25 51.75
Canadian Pacific Ry to Quebec Ferry " Levis Intercolonial Ry " Dalhousie Steamer "Admiral" " Gaspe	14 33 35 101
Return same route.	\mathbf{R}
GLEN HOUSE, N.H., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 24 Rates as follo	ws:
From Quebee \$19.50 From Toronto " Montreal 15.50 " London " Ottawa 20.50 " St. Thomas " Prescott 20.50 " Niagara Falls " Brockville 21.10 " Detroit From Sault Ste, Marie \$46.50	35.60 36.00 32.75
Canadian Pacific Ry to Newport Boston & Maine R.R. "Scott's. Boston & Lowell R.R. "Fabyan's Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Glen Station. Stage "Glen House.	123 120 75 99
Return same route.	R
HA HA BAY AND CHICOUTIMI, P.Q., & RETURN	
ROUTE R 25 Rates as follo	ows:
From Montreal \$12.00 From London "Ottawa 17.00 St Thomas "Prescott 17.00 Niagara Falls "Brockville 17.60 Detroit "Toronto 27.00 Sault Ste, Marie	32.50 29.25 34.50
Canadian Pacific Ry to Quebec Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co " Ha Ha Bay and Chicou Return same route.	14 timi 90 R
	11
HA HA BAY AND CHICOUTIMI, P.Q., & RETURN	
ROUTE R 26 Rates as follows Market as follows African Lordon	
From Montreal \$13.00 From London "Ottawa 18.00 St. Thomas "Prescott 18.00 Niagara Falls "Brockville 18 60 Detroit "Toronto 28.00 Sault Stc. Marie	33 50 30.25 35.50 44.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	14 33 35 itimi 91
Return same route.	It.

HA HA BAY AND CHICOUTIMI, P.Q., & RETURN R W

ROUTE R 27	Rates same as for Route R 26
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Quebec 14 " Ha Ha Bay and Chicoutimi 91 Itiviere du Loup 90 Levis 35 Quebec 33 " Starting Point 14
HALIFAX, N.S.,	AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 28	Rates as follows:
" Montreal 29.50 " Ottawa 31.50 " Preseott 34.50 " Brockville 35.10 Fram Sault Ste, Marie	•
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Concord R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. International S.S. Co Intercolonial Ry Intercolonial Ry Ferry Canadian Pacific Ry	if Walfa Dirron
HALIFAX, N.S., A	AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 29	Rates as follows:
" Montreal 29.15 " Ottawa 34.15 " Prescott 34.15 " Brockville 34.75 From Sault Ste, Marie	From Toronto \$44,15
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Concord R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. International S.S. Co. Windsor & Annapolis Ry Intercolonial Ry Ferry. Canadian Pacific Ry.	to Newport 14 "Wells River 71 "Concord 4 "Nashua 27 "Boston 3 "Annapolis 104 "Halifax 106 "Levis 35 "Oucher 33

HALIFAX, N.S	a, AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 30	Rates as follows:
From Quebee \$28. " Montreal 28. " Ottawa 33. " Prescott 33. " Brockville 33. From Sault Ste. Mari	15 " London 48.25 15 " St. Thomas 48.65 15 " Niagara Falls 45.40 75 " Detroit 50.15 e \$59.15
	to Newport 14 "Scott's. 123 "Fabyan's 120 "Portland 77 "St. John 40 "Annapolis 65 "Halifax 106 "Levis 35 "Quebec 33 "Starting Point 14
HALIFAX, N.S	S., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 31	Rates as follows:
	50 " St. Thomas
HALIFAX, N.S	S., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 32	Rates as follows:
Quebec Steamship CoIntercolonial Ry	80 " London
16054111	

ROUTE R 33	,		ETURN
			Rates as follows:
From Montreal Ottawa Prescott Brockville Toronto	40.10 40.10 40.70	From	London \$55.2 St. Thomas 55.6 Niagara Falis 52.3 Detroit 57.6 Sault Ste. Marie 66.10
Canadian Pacific Ry		to	Montreal. 14 Pictou 3 Halifax. 3 Levis. 3 Quebec. 3 Starting Point. 15
HALIFAX,	N.S., 4	AND I	RETURN R W
ROUTE R 34			Rates as follows:
From Montreal Ottawa Prescott Brockville Toronto.	33.15 33.15 33.75	From	London \$48.26 St. Thomas 48.66 Niagara Falls 45.46 Detroit 50.66 Sault Ste. Marie 59.16
Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry Intercolonial Ry Nova Scotia S.S. Co. Windsor & Annapolis Ry Intercolonial Ry Ferry Canadian Pacific Ry			Levis 3
HALIFAX,			
ROUTE R 35			Rates as follows:
From Montreal Ottawa Prescott Brockville	. 31.00 . 31.00 . 31.60	44	London \$46.10 St. Thomas 46.50 Niagara Falls 43.20 Detroit 48.50
Canadian Pacific Ry		to	Sault Ste. Marie. 57.00 Quebec. 14 Pictou. 88 Halifax. 33 Levis. 33 Quebec. 35 Starting Point. 14
TOPOINO		to	Quebec 16 Pictou 8 Halifax 3 Levis 3 Quebec 3 Starting Point 16
Canadian Pacific Ry. Quebec Steamship Co. Intercolonial Ry. Intercolonial Ry. Ferry. Canadian Pacific Ry.		to	Quebec 16 Pictou 8 Halifax 3 Levis 3 Quebec 3 Starting Point 16
Canadian Pacific Ry Quebec Steamship Co Intercolonial Ry Intercolonial Ry. Ferry Canadian Pacific Ry LAKE ST. ROUTE R 36 From Montreal "Ottawa" Prescott "Brockville "Toronto	JOHN \$12.50 17.50 17.50 18.10 27.50	AND	Quebec 1-Pietou 8-Pietou 8-Pietou 8-Pietou 8-Pietou 8-Pietou 8-Pietou 3-Pietou 3
Canadian Pacific Ry. Quebec Steamship Co. Intercolonial Ry. Intercolonial Ry. Ferry. Canadian Pacfic Ry. LAKE ST. ROUTE R 36 From Montreal Ottawa Prescott Brockville Toronto Canadian Pacific Ry. Quebec & Lake St. John Ry.	JOHN \$12.50 17.50 17.50 18.10 27.50	to	Quebec 1 Pictou 8 Halifax 3 Levis 3 Quebec 3 Starting Point 1 RETURN Rates as follows: London \$32.6 St. Thomas 33.0 Niagara Falls 29.7 Detroit 35.0 Sault Ste. Marie 43.5 Quebec 1 Lake St. John 11

MOUNT WASHINGTON (SUMMIT	of) AND RETURN
ROUTE R 37	Rates as follows:
From Quebee \$24.65 From " Montreal 20.65 " " Ottawa 25.65 " " Preseott 25.65 " " Brockville 26.25 "	Toronto \$35.65 London 40.75 St. Thomas 41.15 Niagara Falls 37.90 Detroit 42.65 \$51.65
Stage " Portland & Ordenshurg R R "	Sc tt's. 123 Fabyan's. 120 Base of Mt. Washington. 6 Summit. 55 Glen House. 100 Glen Station. 99 Fabyan's. 75 Scott's. 120 Newport. 70
MURRAY BAY, P.Q., AN	D RETURN
ROUTE R 38	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$ 8.00 From "Ottawa 13.00 " "Prescott 13.00 " "Brockville 13.60 " "Toronto 23.00 " Canadian Pacific Ry to	London \$28.10 St. Thomas 28.50 Niagara Falls 25.25 Detroit 30.50 Sault Ste. Marie 39.00 Quebec 14
Dichelian & Outer's Navination Co.	Quebec 14
Richerieu & Untario Navigation Co	Murray Bay 90
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co " Return same rous	
Return same rou	R. R.
	e. R RETURN R W
Return same rouse NEWPORT, VT., AND	RETURN R W Rates as follows: Toronto. \$23.95 London. 29.05 St. Thomas 29.45 Niagara Falls 26.20 Detroit 30.95
NEWPORT, VT., AND	RETURN R W Rates as follows: Toronto. \$23.95 London. 29.05 St. Thomas 29.45 Niagara Falls 26.20 Detroit 30.95
Return same rouse NEWPORT, VT., AND	RETURN R W Rates as follows: Toronto. \$23.95 London. 29.05 St. Thomas 29.45 Niagara Falls 26.20 Detroit 30.95\$39.95 Quebec 14 Levis. 33 Sherbrooke 84 Newport. 69 Starting Point 14
Return same rous NEWPORT, VT., AND ROUTE R 39 From Quebec. \$ 8.95 From "Montreal 8.95" "Ottawa 13.95" "Prescott. 13.95" "Brockville 14.55" From Sault Ste Marie Canadian Pacific Ry to Ferry Quebec Central Ry " Quebec Central Ry " Canadian Pacific Ry " Canadian Pacific Ry " Canadian Pacific Ry "	RETURN R W Rates as follows: Toronto. \$23.95 London. 29.05 St. Thomas 29.45 Niagara Falls 26.20 Detroit 30.95\$39.95 Quebec 14 Levis. 33 Sherbrooke 84 Newport. 69 Starting Point 14
Return same rouse NEWPORT, VT., AND	RETURN R W Rates as follows: Toronto. \$23.95 London. \$23.95 London. \$29.05 St. Thomas. \$29.45 Niagara Falls. \$26.20 Detroit. \$30.95\$39.95 Quebec. \$14 Levis. \$33 Sherbrooke. \$4 Newport. \$69 Starting Point. \$14 RETURN Rates as follows: London. \$25.10 St. Thomas. \$25.20 Niagara Falls. \$22.25 Detroit. \$27.00 Sault Ste. Marie. \$36.00
NEWPORT, VT., AND	RETURN R W Rates as follows: Toronto. \$23.95 London. 29.05 St. Thomas. 29.45 Niagara Falls. 26.20 Detroit. 30.95\$39.95 Quebec. 14 Levis. 33 Sherbrooke 84 Newport. 69 Starting Point. 14 RETURN Rates as follows: London. \$25.10 St. Thomas. 22.25 Detroit. 27.00 Sault Ste. Marie 36.00 Newport 14

NORTH CONWAY, N. H., AND RETURN ROUTE R 41 Rates as follows: " London 30.60 " St. Thomas 31.00 " Niagara Falls 27.75 " Detroit 32.50 Montreal 10.50 Ottawa 15.50 Canadian Pacific Ry to Newport 14 Boston & Maine R.R. "Scott's 123 Boston & Lowell R.R. "Fabyan's 120 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "North Conway 76 Return same route. OLD ORCHARD BEACH, ME., AND RETURN ROUTE R 42 Rates as follows: From Quebec\$15 00 From Toronto\$26.00 Canadian Pacific Ry. to Newport. 14 Boston & Maine R.R. "Scott's. 123 Boston & Lowell R.R. "Fabyan's. 120 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Portland. 77 Boston & Maine R.R. "Old Orchard Beach. 11 Return same route. OLD ORCHARD BEACH, ME., AND RETURN $\mathbf{R}\mathbf{W}$ Rates as follows: ROUTE R 43 From Quebec......\$15.00 From Toronto......\$30.00 Quebec \$15.00 Hondon Montreal 15.00 " London Ottawa 20.00 " St. Thomas Prescott 20.00 " Niagara Fal Brockville 20.60 " Detroit From Sault Ste, Marie \$46.00 " Detroit 37.00 Canadian Pacific Ry. to Quebec 14 Ferry. "Levis. 33 Quebec Central Ry. "Sherbrooke 84 Boston & Maine R.R. "Scott's. 123 Boston & Lowell R.R. "Fabyan's. 120 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Portland. 77 Boston & Maine R.R. "Old Orchard Beach. 11 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Portland. 11 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Scott's. 123 Boston & Maine R.R. "Portland. 11 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Fabyan's 77 Boston & Lowell R.R. "Scott's. 120 Boston & Maine R.R. "Scott's. 120 Canadlan Pacific Ry. "Starting Point. 14

PERCE, QUE., AND RETURN

ROUTE R 44	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$17.75 "Ottawa 22.75 "Prescott 22.75 "Brockville 23.35 "Toronto 32.75	From London \$37.85 "St. Thomas 38.25 "Niagara Falls 35.00 "Detroit 40.25 Sault Ste. Marie 48.75
Canadian Pacific RyQuebec Steamship Co	
Return same route. R	
PICTOU, N.S., A	AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 45	Rates as follows:
From Montreal. \$23.40 "Ottawa 28.40 "Prescott 28.40 "Brockville 29.00 "Toronto 38.40 Canadian Pacific Ry Quebec Steamship Co Intercolonial Ry Ferry Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry	"St. Thomas
PICTOU, N.S.,	AND RETURN
ROUTE R 46	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$20.75 "Ottawa 25.75 "Prescott 25.75 "Brock ville 26.35 "Toronto 35.75 Canadian Pacific Ry	From London \$40.85 "St. Thomas 41.25 "Niagara Falls 38.00 "Detroit 43.25 "Sault Ste. Marie 51.75 to Quebee 14
Canadian Pacific Ry	
Return same rotte.	
PICTOU, N.S., A	AND RETURN
ROUTE R 47	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$21.50 "Ottawa 26.50 "Prescott 26.50 "Brockville 27.10 "Toronto 36.50	From London \$41.60 "St. Thomas 42.00 "Niagara Fails 38.75 "Detroit 44.00 "Sault Ste. Marie 52.50
Canadian Pacific Ry	" Levis 33 " Pietou 35

PORTLAND, ME., AND RETURN

	,
ROUTE R 48	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$14.50 " Montreal 10.50 " Ottawa 15.50 " Prescott 15.50 " Brockville 16.10 From Sault Ste. Ma	From Toronto \$25,50 " London 30,60 " St. Thomas 31,00 " Niagara Falls 27,75 " Detroit 32,50 rie \$41,50
Canadian Paeific Ry	"Scott's 123 "Fabyan's 120 "Portland 77
Return sar	ne route. R
PROFILE HOUSE, N	.H., AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 49	Rates as follows:
From Quebee \$15.95 " Montreal 15.95 " Ottawa 20.95 " Prescott 20.95 " Brockville 21.55 From Sault Ste. Ma	From Torouto \$30.95 " London 36.05 " St. Thomas 36.45 " Niagara Falls 33.20 " Detroit 37.95 rie \$46.95
Canadian Pacific Ry. Ferry. Quebec Central Ry. Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Lowell R.R. Profile House & Franconia Notch R.R Profile House & Franconia Notch R.R Boston & Lowell R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry.	to Quebec 14
PROFILE HOUSE, N	I.H., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 50	Rates as follows:
" Montreal 11.95 " Ottawa 16.95 " Prescott 16.95 " Brockville 17.55 From Sault Ste. M	From Toronto \$26.95 " London 32.05 " St. Thomas 32.45 " Niagara Falls 29.20 " Detroit 33.95 arie \$42.95
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Newport
	same route. R

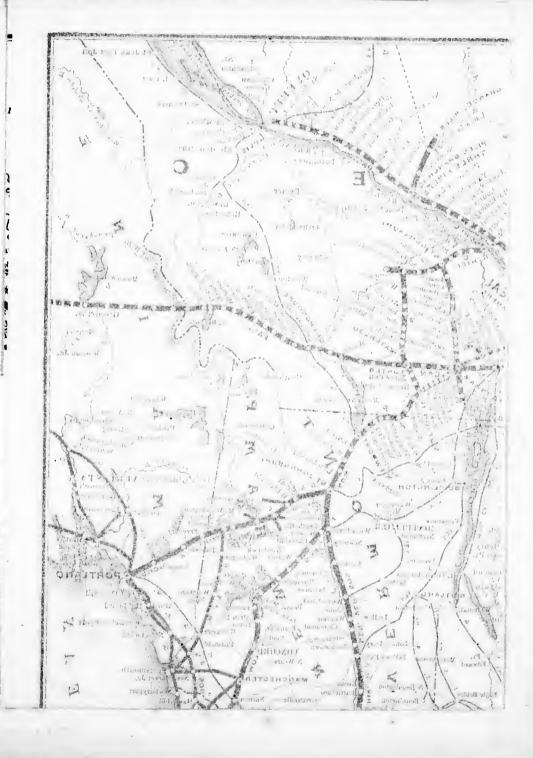
RICHIBUCTO, N.B., AND RETURN

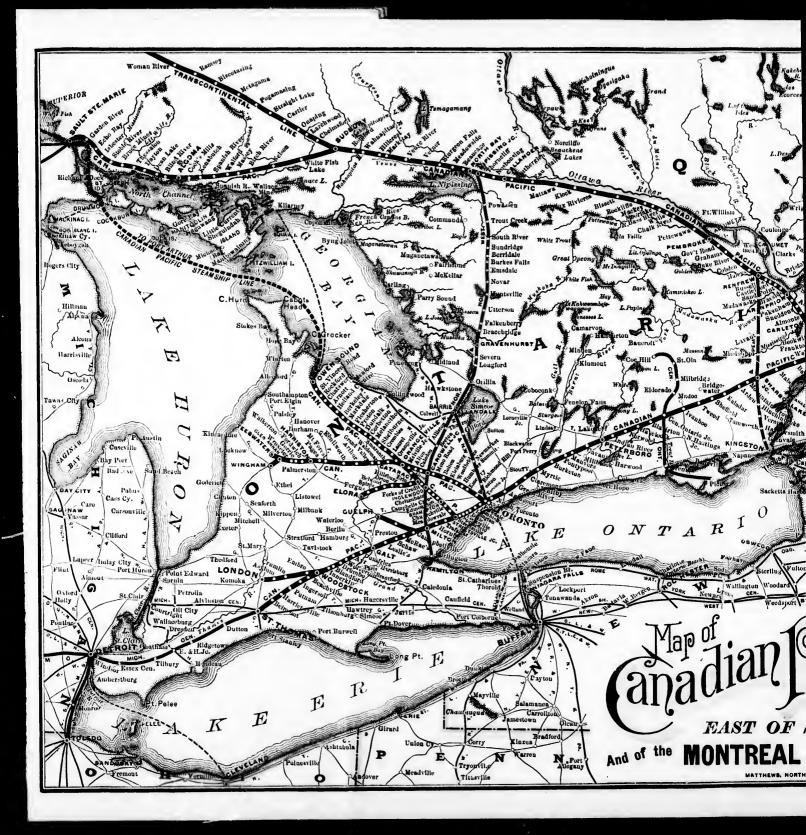
RICHIBUCIO, N.B	., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 51	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$20.50 "Ottawa 25.50 "Prescott 25.50 "Brockville 26.10 "Toronto 35.50	From London \$40.60 "St. Thomas 41.00 "Niagara Falls 37.75 Detroit 43.00 "Sault Ste. Marie 51.50
Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry	" Levis
Return sa	ne route. R
MVIERE DU LOUP,	P.Q., AND RETURN
Rо∪тк R 52	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$ 8.00 " Ottawa 13.00 " Prescott 13 00 " Brockville 13.60 " Toronto 23.00	From London. \$28.10 "St. Thomas 28.50 "Niagara Falls 25.25 Detroit 30.50 "Sault Ste. Marie 39.60
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Onchec 14
RIVIERE DU LOUP,	P.Q., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 53	Rates same as for Route R 52
Canadian Pacitle Ry	to Quebec
RIVIERE DU LOUP,	P.Q., AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 51	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$ 8.50 " Ottawa. 13 50 " Prescott. 13.50 " Brockville 11.19 " Toronto 23.50	From London \$28.60 "St. Thomas 29.00 "Niagara Falls 25.75 Detroit 31.00 "Sault Ste, Marie 39,50
Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry Intercolonial Ry Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co Canadian Pacific Ry	to Quebec 13 "Levis 34 "Riviere du Loup 35 "Quebec 91 "Starting Point 14

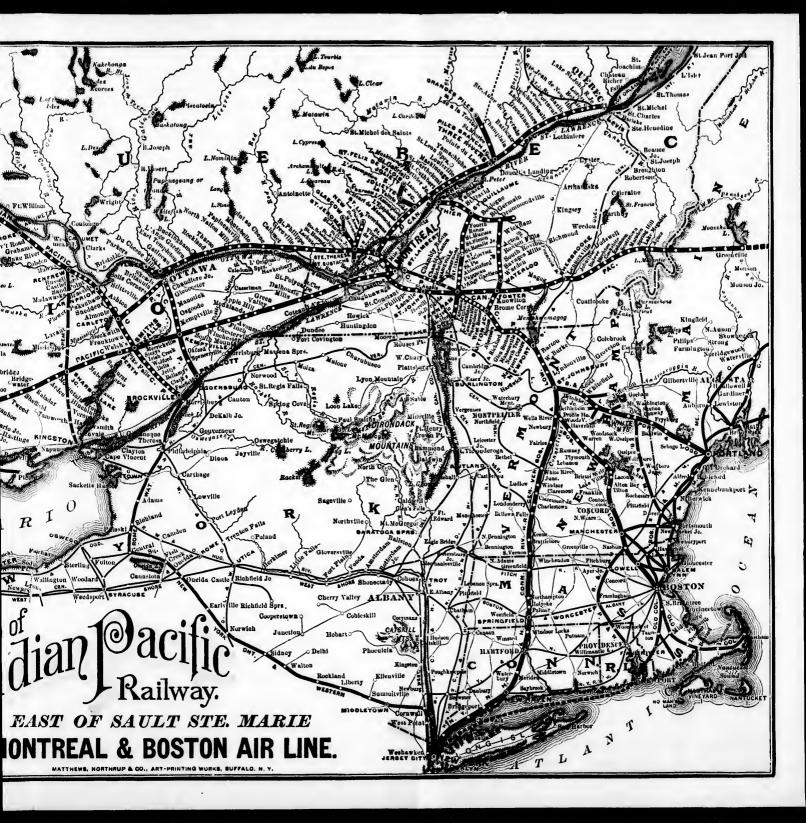
ST. JOHNS, NEWFOUNDLAND, AND RETURN

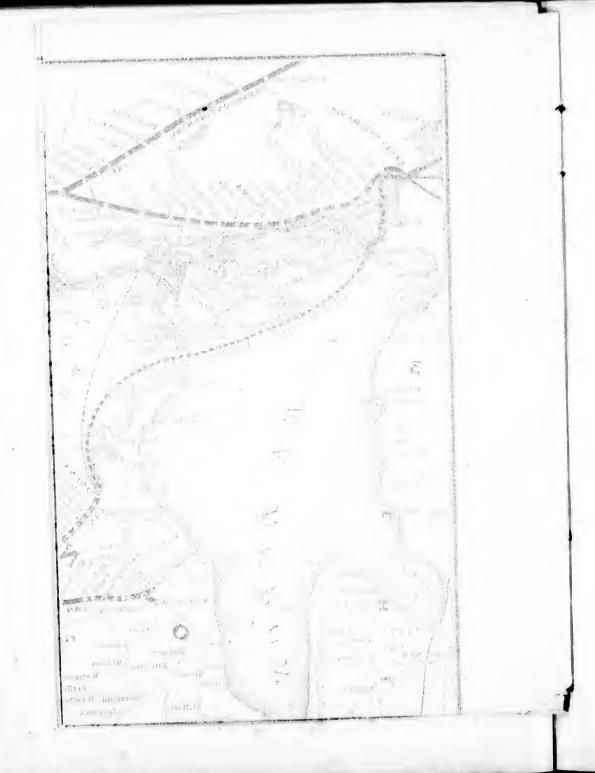
Sr. Junns, New Pount	MAINI, MINIT MIST OTHER
ROUTE R 55	Rates as follows:
" Prescott	From London \$70.10 "St. Thomas 70.50 "Niagara Falls 67.25 "Detroit 72.50 (arie \$81.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Montreal 14
†Black Diamond S.S. Line	
Iteluin sa	ne route.
ST. JOHN, N.B.,	AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 56	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$25.50 " Montreal 25.50 " Ottawa 30.50 " Prescott 30.50 " Brockville 31.10 From Sault Ste, Mar	From Toronto \$40.50 " London 45.60 " St, Thomas 46.00 " Niagara Falls 42.75 " Detroit ≥ 17.50 ie \$56.50
Canadian Pacific Ry. Boston & Maine R. R. Boston & Lowell R. R. Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. Maine Central R. R. New Brunswick Ry. Intercolonial Ry Ferry. Canadian Pacific Ry.	to Newport. 14 " Scott's 123 " Fabyan's 120 " Portland 77 " Vanceboro' 50 " St. John 59 " Levis 35 " Quebee 33 " Starting Point 11
ST. JOHN, N.B.,	AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 57	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$24.00 " Montreal 24.00 " Ottawa 29.00 " Prescott 29.00 " Brockville 29.60 From Sault Ste, M Canadian Pacific Ry	to Oughoo Q14
Canadian Pacine Ry Ferry Intercolonial Ry International S.S. Co. Boston & Maine R.R. Concord Ry Boston & Lowell R.R. Boston & Maine R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry.	Levis
†Meals and Berths included.	

ST. JOHN, N.B., A	AND RETURN R W
ROUTE R 58	Rates as follows:
From Montreal. \$26.15	From London
ST. JOHN, N.B., A	
ROUTE R 59	Rates as follows:
From Montreal \$20.75 "Ottawa 25.75 "Prescott 25.75 "Brockville 26.35 "Toronto 35.75 Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry Intercolonial Ry Return san	"St. Thomas 41.25 "Niagara Falls 38.00 "Detroit 43.25 "Sault Ste. Marie 51.75 to Quebee 14 "Levis 33 "St. John 35
SUMMERSIDE, P.E.	I. AND RETURN
ROUTE R 60	Rates as follows:
From Montreal. \$20.75 "Ottawa 25.75 "Prescott 25.75 "Brockville 26.35 "Toronto 35.75	From London. \$40.85 "St. Thomas. 41.25 "Niagara Falls 38.00 "Detroit 43.25 "Sault Ste. Marie 51.75
Canadian Pacific RyQuebec S.S. CoReturn san	
TVOVIII Stell	ic route.
SYDNEY, CAPE BRE	FON, AND RETURN
ROUTE R 61	Rates as follows:
"Ottawa 34.60 "Prescott 34.60 "Brockville 35.20 "Toronto 44.60	
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Quebec 14 "Levis 33 "New Glasgow 35 "Mulgrave 30 "Sydney 12
Return san	ne route. R









TADOUSAC, P.Q., AND RETURN

Rates as follows
St. Thomas 31.00 Ningara Falls 27.75 Detroit 33.00 Sault Ste. Marie 41.50 Quebec 11 Levis 33 Riviere du Loup 35 Tadousac 91
RETURN
Rates as follows:
London \$29.10 St. Thomas 29.50 Niagara Falls 26.25 Detroit 31.50 Sault Ste. Marie 40.00 Quebee 14 Tadousac 90 e R
KEE), AND RETURN
Rates as follows:
Toronto \$27.00 London 32.10 St. Thomas 32.50 Niagara Falls 29.25 Detroit 34.00 \$43.00
Newport 14 Wells River 71 Weir's 192 e R

EASTERN TOURS

SINGLE TRIPS TO BOSTON and NEW YORK

BOSTON, MASS.	
	tes as follows:
	\$18.00
	19.50
" Ottawa	19.60
" Prescott 13.80 " Niagara Fa	lls 19.50
" Brockville 14.00 " Detroit	21.75
From Sault Ste. Marie \$28.50	
Canadian Pacific Ryto Newport	14
Boston & Maine R.R "Scott's	
Boston & Lowell R.R "Fabyan's	120
Boston & Maine R.R. "Scott's Boston & Lowell R.R. "Fabyan's Portland & Ogdensburg R.R. "Portland Boston & Maine R.R. "Boston	77
	10
BOSTON, MASS.	
ROUTE S 2 Ra	tes as follows:
From Quebec\$22.90 From Toronto	\$28.40
Montreal 20.30 London	
"Ottawa	30.00
Prescott 21.20 Ningara Fa	lls
From Sault Ste. Marie \$38.90	32.15
Canadian Pacific Ryto Newport	14
Boston & Maine R R "Scott's	
Boston & Lowell R R	Junction 119
Burlington & Lamoille R.R "Burlington.	
Steamer "Tieonderog	a 129
Steamer Theonderog Delaware & Hudson Canal Co. "Baldwin Lake George Steamer. "Caldwell. Delaware & Hudson Canal Co. "Saratoga ar Boston & Albany R. R. "Boston.	130
Lake George Steamer "Caldwell	131
Delaware & Hudson Canal Co "Saratoga ar	id Albany 130
Boston & Albany R.R Boston	132
BOSTON, MASS.	
ROUTE S 3	tes as follows:
From Quebec	\$26.40
	27.90
Ottawa 21.40 St. Inomas	28.00 lis 27.90
rescout	30.15
From Sault Ste. Marie \$36.90	
G . Man Davida Da	14
The A On Males Th Th	100
Boston & Lowell R.R. "Fahyan's	120
Boston & Lowell R.R "Scott's	120
St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain R.R "Cambridge	Junction 119
Burlington & Lamoille R.R "Burlington	128
Steamer "Ticonderog	1 129
Boston & Maine R.R	d Albany 130
Boston & Albany R.R Boston	132

	BOSTON, MASS.	
ROUTE S 4 From Quebec. " Montreal " Ottawa " Prescott " Brockville From Sau	9 00 " Londo 12.00 " St. The 12.00 " Niaga 12.40 " Detroi It Ste. Marie : 1 \$24.30.	Rates as follows: to \$13.00, *\$18.00 n 14.85, * 21.00 omas 14.90, * 21.00 ra Falls 19.90, * 19.50 t 17.45, * 21.00 * \$28.50
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R Boston & Lowell R.R Concord R.R Boston & Maine R.R * Rates prefixed * are opt Kingston to Montreal; ; Rates prefixed ‡ are All R	or Ollawa Hiver, Ollawa	to montreal.
	BOSTON, MASS.	
ROUTE S 5 From Quebec	8,50 " Londo 11.00 " St. Th 11.80 " Niaga 12.00 " Detroi Sault Ste. Marie.	Rates as follows: to \$16.00 n 17.50 omas 17.60 ra Falls 17.50 t 19.75 \$26.50
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R Boston & Lowell R.R Portland & Ogdensburg R. International S.S. Co		ort 14 5. 123 10's 120 120 120 120 150
ROUTE S 6	HALIFAX, N. S.	Rates as follows:
		on
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R Boston & Lowell R.R Portland & Ogdensburg F International S.S. Co Nova Scotia S.S. Co Windsor & Annapolis Ry.	A 37	ort. 14 s 123 m's 120 and 77 hn 40 polis 65 tx 106
ROUTE S 7	HALIFAX. N. S.	Rates as follows:
From Quebec	16.50 " Londo 19.00 " St. Th 19.80 " Niaga	on
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R Boston & Lowell R.R Portland & Ogdensburg F International S.S. Co Intercolonial Ry	to Nouve	ort 14

	HALIBAY	C1
ROUTE	HALIFAX, N.	Rates as follows :
From	Quebec \$20,50 From Montreal 18.50 " Ottawa 21.00 " Prescott 21.80 " Brockville 22.00 " From Sault Ste, Marie	Toronto
Canad Boston Boston Portla Maine New B Interc	ian Pacific Ry 16 A & Maine R.R 6 A & Lowell R.R 6 Contral R.R 6 Grunswick Ry 6 Clonial Ry 66 Clonial Ry 66 Contral Ry 66 Contral Ry 67 Contral Ry	Newport 14 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120 Portland 77 Vanceboro' 50 St. John 59 Halifax 36
	NEW YORK	
"	Ottawa \$16.15 From Toronto 18.45 " London 20.70 " From Sault Ste. Marie	Niagara Falls 19.95 Detroit 22.95 \$28.95
Ferry	ian Pacific Ry	Ogdensburg 32
	NEW YORK	
ROUTE From	S 10 Ottawa\$15.05 From Toronto	Rates as follows: St. Thomas
Canadi Ferry Centra Steam Delawa Lake C Delawa Day Li	ian Pacific Ry	Prescott. 14 Ogdensburg 32 Burlington. 134 Fort Ticonderoga. 129 Baldwin. 130 Caldwell 131 Saratoga and Albany. 130 New York. 136
ROUTE	NEW YORK	Rates as follows:
From	Ottawa \$14.15 From Toronto 16.45 " London 18.70 " From Sault Ste. Marie	St. Thomas \$18.85 Nlagara Falls 17.95 Detroit 20.95 \$26.95
Canadi Ferry. Centra Steame Delawa New Y	ian Pacific Ry	Prescott. 14 Ogdensburg. 32 Burlington. 134 Fort Ticonderoga. 129 Saratoga and Albany. 130 New York. 135

	NEW Y	ORK	
ROUTE S 12			Rates as follows:
Toronto	15.35	From	St. Thomas
" London	17.60		Niagara Falls 16.85 Detroit 19.85
From Sa	ult Ste. M	arie	\$25.85
Canadian Pacific Ry		to	Prescott
Central Vermont R.R			Burlington 134
Steamer			Fort Ticonderoga 129
Day Line Steamers	0		Ogdensburg 32 Burlington 134 Fort Ticonderoga 129 Saratoga and Albany 130 New York 136
ROUTE S 13	NEW Y	ORK	Rates as follows:
From Quebec		From	Toronto\$22.00
" Montreal			London
" Ottawa " Prescott			St. Thomas
" Brockville	18 (0)		Detroit 25.75
			\$32.50
Canadian Pacific Ry	• • • • • • • • • • •	to	Newport
Boston & Lowell R.R			Fabyan's 120
Portland & Ogdensburg R.R.			Portland
Old Colony R.R			Fall River 137
Fall River Line		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	New York
ROUTE S 14	NEW Y	ORK	Rates as follows:
From Quebec		From	Toronto \$23.90
" Montreal " Ottawa		44	London
" Prescott.	19.70	• 6	Niagara Falls. 25.40
" Brockville From Sat	19.90	rio	Detroit
(to 1 ! 1)			NY 11
Boston & Maine R.R			Scott's 123
Boston & Lowell R.R Boston & Lowell R.R.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Fabyan s 120 Scott's 120
St. Johnsbury & Lake Chan	ıplain R.1	{ ··	Cambridge Junction 119
Burlington & Lamoille R.R.			Burlington
Delaware & Hudson Canal C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Saratoga and Albany 130
Day Line Steamers		• •	Newport 11 Scott's 123 Fabyan s 120 Scott's 129 Cambridge Junction 119 Burlington 128 Ticonderoga 129 Saratoga and Albany 130 New York 136
ROUTE S 15	NEW Y		Rates as follows:
From Quebec	\$11.00		Toronto \$19.50
" Montreal " Ottawa		66	London
" Prescott	15.30	**	Niagara Falls 21.00
" Brockville	15.50	ii a	Detroit 23.25 \$30.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Boston & Maine R.R Boston & Lowell R.R			Wells River 71
Boston & Lowell R.R.			Concord4
Boston & Maine R.R			Boston 3
Old Colony R.R.			Concord 4 Nashua 27 Boston 3 Fall River 137 New York 138
Eall River Line			New York

		NEW Y	OD1Z	
ROUTE	S 16	VEW 1	OKK	Rates as follows:
From	Quebec	18.40 20.90 21.70	66	Toronto \$25.90 London 27.40 St. Thomas 27.50 Niagara Falls 27.40 Detroit 29.65 \$36.40
Boston Boston St. Jol Burlin Steam Delaw Lake (Delaw	ian Pacific Ry	mplain R.R Co	to	Newport 14 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120 Scott's 120 Cambridge Junction 119 Burlington 128 Ticonderoga 129 Baldwin 130 Caldwell 131 Saratoga and Albany 130 New York 136
		NEW Y	ORK	
ROUTE	S 17			Rates as follows:
"	Montreal	12.50 15.00 15.80 16.00 ault Ste. Ma	" " urie	
Canad Bostor Bostor Portla Steam Old Co Fall R	ian Pacific Ry	R	to	Newport. 14 Scott's 123 Fabyan's 120 Portland. 77 Boston. 105 Fall River. 137 New York. 138
		TO NEW	YOR	K
ROUTE	S 18			· Rates as follows:
From	Montreal Ottawa Prescott Broekville	10.00 11.40 12.20	66 66	Toronto \$17.50 London 19.00 St. Thomas 19.10 Niagara Falls 19.00 Detroit 21.25 \$28.00
13	. 0- Martin 11 11		4.6	Newport 11 White River Jet 123 Windsor 134 Brattleboro' 139 W.Northfield and S.Vernon 140 Springfield 141 New York 142

PORTLAND, ME.
ROUTE S 19 Rates as follows: From Quebee \$ 9.50 From Toronto *17.50 *\$15.00 " Montreal 7.50 London 20.50 15.75 " Ottawa 10.00 St. Thomas 20.50 16.20 " Prescott 10.80 Niagara Falls 19.00 16.50 " Brockville 11.00 Detroit 20.50 17.00 From Sault Ste. Marie * \$28.00 \$25.00
Canadian Pacific Ry
Kingston to Montreal; or Ottawa River, Ottawa to Montreal. ;Rates prefixed ‡ are All Rail, limited to continuous passage.
ROUTE S 20 Rates as follows: From Quebec \$14.00 From Toronto \$19.50 \$1
Canadian Pacific Ry to Newport 14 Boston & Maine R.R "Scott's 123 Boston & Lowell R.R "Fabyan's 120 Portland & Ogdensburg R.R "Portland 77 International S.S. Co "St. John, N.B 40
ST. JOHN, N.B. ROUTE S 21 Rates as follows:
From Quebee \$14.50 From Toronto \$20.00 " Montreal 12.50 " London 21.50 " Ottawa 15.00 " St. Thomas 21.60 " Prescott 15.80 " Niagara Falls 21.50 " Brock ville 16.00 " Detroit 23.75 " From Sault Ste, Marie \$30.50
Canadian Pacific Ry. to Newport. 14 Boston & Maine R.R. "Wells River. 71 Boston & Lowell R.R. "Concord R.R. 4 Concord R.R. "Nashua. 27 Boston & Maine R.R. "Boston 3 International S.S. Co. "St. John, N.B. 39
ST. JOHN, N.B.
Rates as follows: From Quebee
Canadian Pacific Ry. to Newport 14 Boston & Maine R. R. "Scott's. 123 Boston & Lowell R. R. "Fabyan's 120 Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. "Portland. 77 Maine Central R. R. "Vanceboro" 50 New Brunswick Ry. "St. John, N.B. 59

TOURIST SINGLE TRIP RATES

-TO-

White Mountain Resorts

To			From	
		Quebec.	Montreal.	Ottawa.
Lancaster,	N. 11	. 7.75	5.75	8.25
Whitfield,	N.II	7.35	5.35	7.85
Jefferson,	N.II	8.00	6.00	8.50
Bethichem Junc.,	N.H	. 7.60	5.60	8.10
Maplewood,	N.H	. 7.95	5.95	8.45
Bethlehem,	N.H	. 8.10	6.10	8.60
Profile House,	N.19	9.10	7.10	9.60
Twin Mountain House,	N.11	. 7.80	5.80	8.30
Fabyan's,	N.H	8.00	6.00	8.50
Mount Washington Summit,	N.11	. 12.00	10.00	12.50
Crawford,	N.H	. 3.30	6 30	8.80
North Conway,	N.H	. 9.50	7.50	10.00
Portland,	Ме	. 9.50	7.50	10.00
Old Orchard,	Me	9.85	7.85	10.35

SIDE TRIPS

TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH

EASTERN TOURS

ENUMERATED HEREIN

BETHLEHEM JUNCTION TO PROFILE HOUSE AND I	RETURN
ROUTE S T 1	Rate \$3.00
Profile & Franconia Notch R.R to Profile House Return same route.	
FABYAN'S TO SUMMIT MT. WASHINGTON AND RE	ETURN
ROUTE S T 2	Rate \$6.00
Boston & Lowell R.R	nington 6 55 R
FABYAN'S TO SUMMIT MT. WASHINGTON AND RE	ETURN
ROUTE S T 3	Rate \$11.25
Boston & Lowell R.R. to Base of Mt. Wash Mount Washington Ry "Summit Stage "Glen House. Stage "Glen Station. Portland & Ogdensburg R.R "Fabyan's.	nington 6 55 100 99 75
ROUTE S T 4 NEWPORT, VT., TO MAGOG AND RETURN	Rate \$1.09
Steamerto Magog Return same route.	103 R
PORTLAND TO OLD ORCHARD BEACH AND RET	URN
ROUTE ST 5	ate 50 Cents
Boston & Maine R.Rto Old Orchard Beac Return same route.	h 11 R
QUEBEC TO HA HA BAY, CHICOUTIMI, AND RET	FURN
ROUTE S T 6	Rate \$9.00
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co	WI WI

QUEBEC TO HA HA BAY, CHICOUTIMI, AND RE	TURN
ROUTE ST 7	Rate \$8.00
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Coto Ha Hay Bay, etc Return same route.	90 R
QUEBEC TO LAKE ST. JOHN AND RETURN ROUTE ST 8	Rate \$7.50
Quebec & Lake St. John Ry to Lake St. John Return same route.	117 R
SHERBROOKE TO LAKE MEGANTIC AND RET	URN
ROUTE ST 9	Rate \$2.25
International Ryto Lake Megantic. Return same route.	14 R
FROM WEIR'S, ROUND LAKE WINNIPESAUL	KEE
	Rate 50 Cents
Steamerto Round Lake	118



Railway and Steamship Time Table and Connections

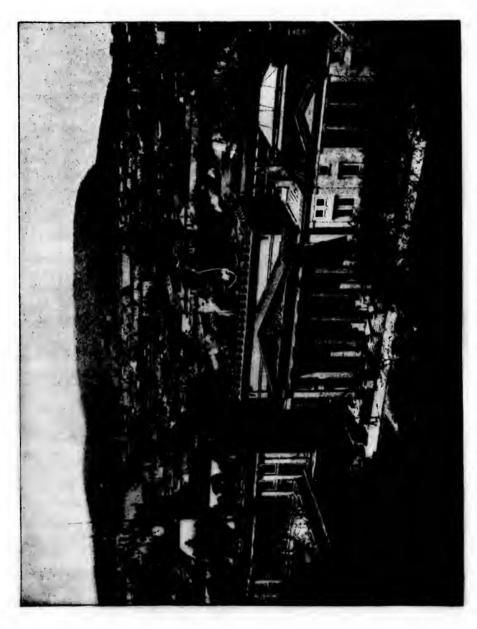
EASTERN TOURS

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

FROM MONTREAL:	
Canadian Pacific Railway For White Mountains, Portland and Seaside, dep. 8.45 a.m., 7.45 p.m. week da For Bostondep. 8.45 a.m. week days and 7.45 p.m. da	ily
Black Diamond Steamship Line For Gulf Ports, dep. early morning of June 14th and 21st, July 2rd, 10th, 2 and 28th, August 9th and 16th, and about every ten days thereafter.	
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. For Quebec and the Lower St. Lawrence	ays
FROM QUEBEC:	
Intercolonial Railway (from Levis) For Cacouna and Maritime Provinces, dep. 8.15 a.m., 2.30 p.m. week do	ауз
Quebec Central Raiiway (from Levis) For Boston and White Moutainsdep. 2.45 p.m. and 9.00 p.m. wee'c do	ays
Quebec and Lake St. John Railway For Lake St. Johndep. 8.00 a.m. week do	ays
Quebec Steamship Company For Gulf Ports, dep. 2.00 p.m., June 12th and 26th, July 10th and 24th, Aug 7th and 21st, September 4th and 18th	ust
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company For Saguenay River, etc	sat.
From OGDENSBURG: Central Vermont Railroad For Lake Champlain, etcdep, 5.45 a.m., and 1.30 p.m. week de	пув
FROM BOSTON:	
Portland Steam Packet Company For Portland from India Wharfdep. 7.00 p.m. week d	ш3 н
International Steamship Company For Portland and St. John	Fri. urs.
Old Colony R. R. & Fall River Line For New York	
FROM PORTLAND:	
International Steamship Company For St. John, from Commercial Wharfdep. 5.30 p.m. Mon., Wed. and 1	Fri
Portland Steam Packet Company For Boston, from Franklin Wharf	lnys
FROM POINT DU CHENE: P. E. I. Nav. Co. for Prince Edward Island	aily
From ST. JOHN, N.B.: Annapolis Steamship Company for Annapolis, dep. 7.25 a.m. Mon., Wed and	Fri.
FROM DALHOUSIE: Steamer Admiral for Baie de Chaleur Portsdep. 5.00 a.m. Wed, and S	Sut.
From PORT MULGRAVE: Bras D'Or Steamers for Cape Breton	nity

For time of River St. Lawrence Steamers, etc., and route and time of departure from Niagara Falls and Detroit, see Rallway and Steamship Connections for Miscellaneous Tours, page 158.

For additional details, see current Time Table Folder



MONTREAL, FROM NOTRE DAME CATHEDRAL.



Western Tours.

1.

TO THE NORTH-WEST VIA THE CANADIAN PACIFIC TRANSCONTINENTAL AND TRIBUTARY LINES.

The Western Tours extend across the continent by four routes. One is the through line of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Montreal, north of Lake Superior to the Pacific coast at Vancouver: the second is by steamers from Owen Sound, Ont., across Lakes Huron and Superior to Port Arthur and thence by rail; the third, by the way of the Sault Ste. Marie and St. Paul; and the fourth leaves the Canadian Pacific system at St. Thomas, Ont., crosses into the United States at Detroit, and proceeds by the way of Chicago and St. Paul to Winnipeg, and thence by the Canadian Pacific to Vancouver.

In addition to these main-line tours, many divergencies are provided for in the vicinity of the Great Lakes, as well as several extensive journeys by water, northward and southward along the Pacific coast, thus opening to the tourist a most interesting and instructive choice of alternate or branch-line trips by both railway and steamer, reaching all the pleasure resorts and fishing localities of Lakes Superior and Huron; the best hunting regions in the Rockies; the ports on Puget sound; Portland, Or., the Mt. Shasta region, San Francisco and Alaska. In all cases provision is made for a return trip under one ticket, either by the same route, or by one of the alternate routes to be mentioned hereafter.

A. The C. P. R. Transcontinental Route.*—The main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway across the continent reaches eastward to Quebec; but for the purposes of the tourist may be said to begin at Montreal, the Canadian metropolis, and headquarters of the Company. Upon leaving that city, westward bound, the quaint French suburbs, dating back to the earliest settlement of the country, are first seen.



GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA—EAST BLOCK.

Fifty miles brings one to the banks of the Ottawa river, along whose rich valley many fine farms and the more modern English villages give a cultivated and civilized air to the charming scenery, in

^{*}The tourist should provide himself, before starting, with a "Time Table with Notes," which can be obtained, free, from the Company's agent. This pamphlet contains a brief description of features of special interest along the road, and furnishes a valuable guide and index to the whole route.

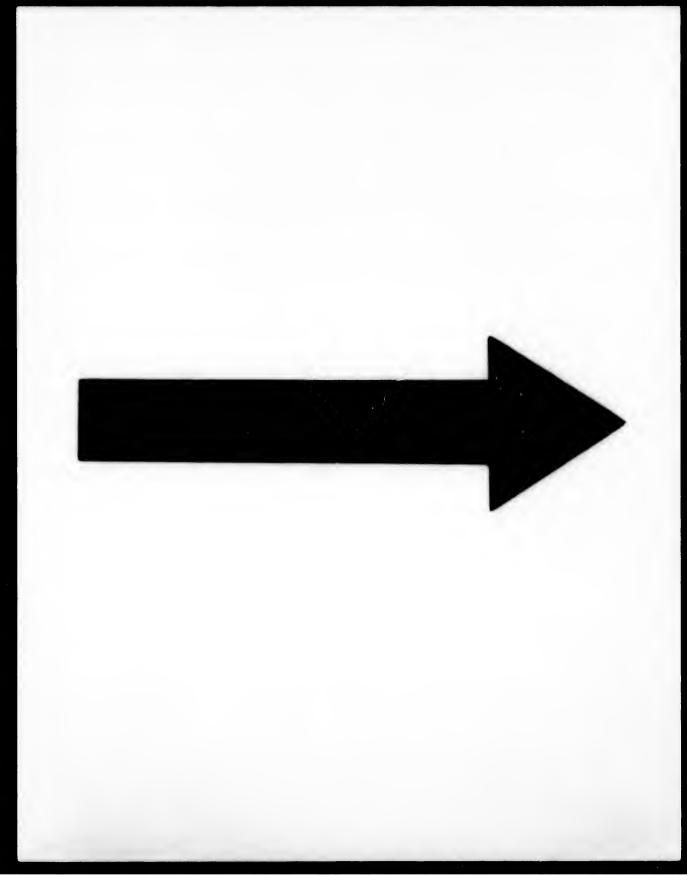
strong contrast with the almost primitive wildness along the upper part of the same valley. The river is closely followed beyond Calumet until Hull, opposite Ottawa, is reached, when it is crossed by the railway upon a bridge which permits the passenger to see the noble Chaudiere falls and the extensive booms, rafts and lumber-mills that indicate the principal industry of the locality.

Ottawa is the capital of the Dominion, and is most picturesquely situated at the point where the Rideau river falls in a fine cataract into the larger stream. The many fine structures of the city, including the Parliament buildings, the Library, Museum of Natural History and Rideau House (where the Governor-General resides) are a constant attraction to visitors.

Leaving Ottawa, the train moves on up the river, through an agricultural and wood-cutting region, past many prosperous stations. At short intervals, streams and small lakes promise splendid sport to the angler and entice him to alight before his destination is reached.

The country becomes more broken and rocky as you progress towards Lake Nipissing. There is less agriculture, more woodland and greater attractions for artist and sportsman. The valleys and borders of the many lakes are tillable and fertile, but farmers are few. Lake Nipissing is reached at North Bay, where the railway from Toronto and the Muskoka lake-country joins the Canadian Pacific. Here passengers from southern Ontario join the transcontinental route. Lake Nipissing is noted for its fishing (in great variety) and shooting; good hotels exist upon its borders, and it is a favorite summer resort. Glimpses of rolling hills, spaces of lake surface, dashing trout streams, cataracts, rocky crags and meadows haunted by wildfowl, are caught through the almost universal forest as the train speeds along its northern shore. The railway winds among forested hills for some distance westward of Nipissing, then crosses to another stream, which leads it down to Lake Superior, first seen at Heron Bay station, early on the second morning after leaving Montreal.

Lake Superior now remains in view, with only occasional intermissions, until Port Arthur is reached, towards which the train makes its way amid rocky hills and tremendous cliffs forming pictures delightful to the eye; but in the construction of the railway these hills tried



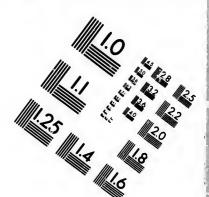
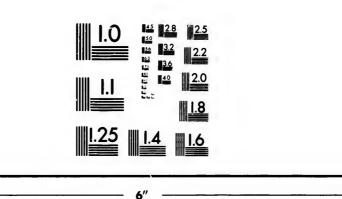


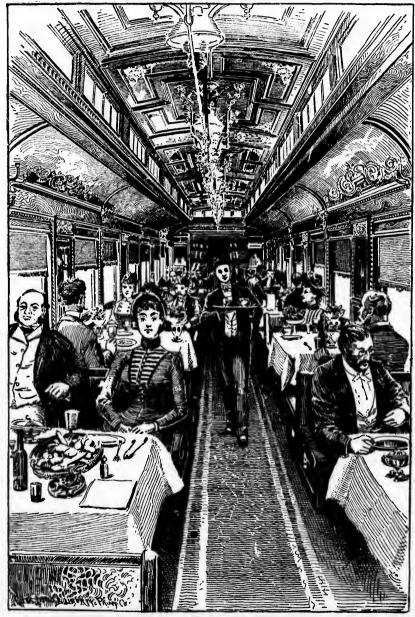
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Photographic Sciences Corporation

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INTERIOR C. P. R. DINING CAR.

the patience and tested the utmost skill of the engineer. Jackfish bay is one of the most attractive points, and carrying the line at an elevation which permits a wide and most inspiring outlook.

Into Nepigon bay flows the Nepigon river, which has long been famous for its trout-fishing. This river is some forty miles in length and drains Lake Nepigon. It is a powerful stream and broken by a succession of cataracts and whirlpools making canoeing upon it most exciting. Trout and whitefish of several varieties are exceedingly numerous there, and good camping places abound. At Nepigon



CANOEING ON THE NEPIGON RIVER.

station facilities exist for obtaining canoes, Indian guides and helpers, and all the necessary outfit for a fishing trip. No civilization interferes with the wildness and romance of the district, and of course no



WHITE FISH BEND, NEPIGON.

WHITE FISH BEND, NEPIGON.

hotels are to be found; but for a camping and angling excursion the Nepigon offers perhaps the greatest attraction in central Canada.

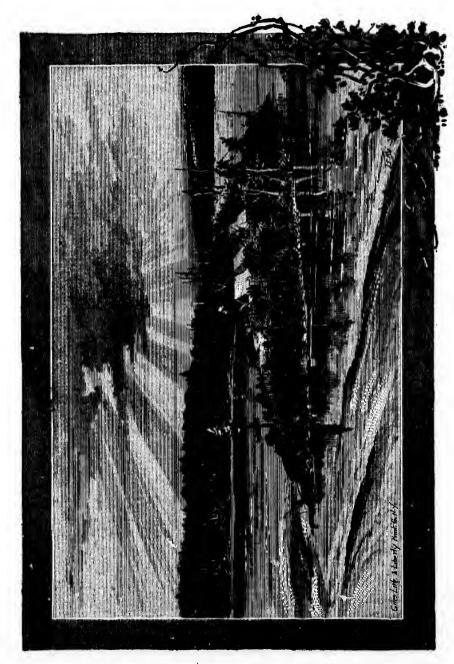
Port Arthur, the terminus of the eastern division of the Canadian Pacific, has a population of about 3,500. It was formerly known as Prince Arthur's Landing, and is half a dozen miles east of the mouth of the Kaministiquia river and of Fort William, the oldest trading post on Lake Superior, where now the railway has extensive port-facilities and repairing-shops.

Port Arthur is situated on Thunder bay, and was settled about 1867. The town is prettily situated overlooking the bay, which is a fine open harbor; and has in view the dark cliffs of Thunder cape and Pie island. Since the opening of the Lake Superior section of the railway, the town has assumed particuar importance as the connecting point between the railway system of the North-West and the inland water-route of Canada via the Great Lakes. Extensive wharves have lately been erected, together with enormous docks, huge elevators for grain, terminal warehouses and stations. There is much pretty scenery in the hills back of the town, while the bay and its islands are suited to yachting and picnic excursions. Minerals abound in the neighborhood, and valuable mines are worked. Port Arthur has an excellent hotel overlooking the harbor.

To Port Arthur come the steamers of the Canadian Pacific line from Owen Sound, while most of the other Lake Superior boats call here in passing. This furnishes an alternate route between the east and Port Arthur during the season of navigation, and one that is justly very popular (see page 95).

From Port Arthur to Winnipeg the railway crosses a wilderness of rocky woods, ponds and rivers, valuable for its mines and timber, through whose intricacies fur-traders have guided their canoes for two hundred and fifty years. The primitive wilderness is rapidly giving way to the march of improvement and at numerous points, lumber and milling industries are being actively carried on. At Keewatin, near Rat Portage, an immense flour mill has been erected and is the nucleus of a thriving village.

Winnipeg is a Chicago so far as 35,000 ambitious people are able to make it. Fifteen years ago it was merely the fur-trading post of



CAMP ALEXANDRIA, NEPIGON.

Fort Garry, hundreds of miles from anywhere. To-day it is the focus of seven radiating railways, and is striding on without a thought of limits.

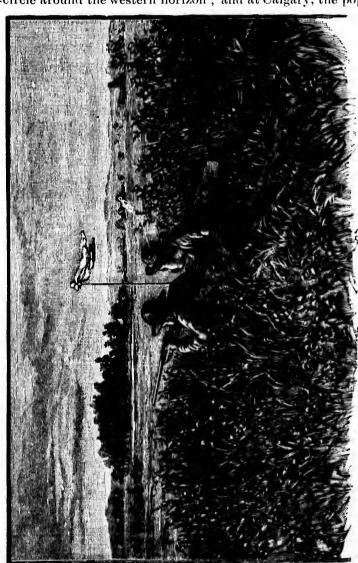
Westward from Winnipeg spreads a thousand miles of open and productive plains—the wheat-prairies of Manitoba, the green uplands of Assiniboia, and Alberta's broad pastures. During the first day large active villages are passed, farm-houses are always in sight, and the "flowering mead" is checkered with ebon squares of upturned sod,



RAT PORTAGE.

or the emerald and gold of grain. Later the villages diminish and the farms become fewer, at least near the road, which has now ascended to a higher, though by no means a sterile region. This is the old buffalo range, and their trails mark the prairie in long lines. The buffalo have disappeared, but wildfowl throng about the many lakes, and antelopes raise their heads as the train rolls into view, and then hurry away.

Before you are weary of the plains a new object greets your eyes and holds them—the far white peaks of the Rockies, curving in a vast semi-circle around the western horizon; and at Calgary, the populous

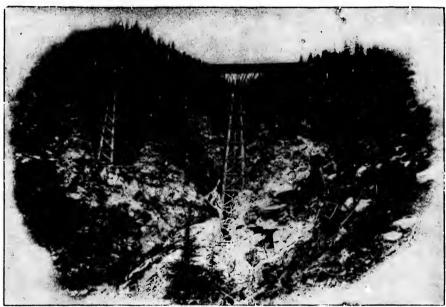


headquarters of the grazing industries, whose cattle and sheep ranches extend over hundreds of square miles along the foot-hills, you are right at the base of the great front-range, which towers in an apparently impregnable wall of blue and white.

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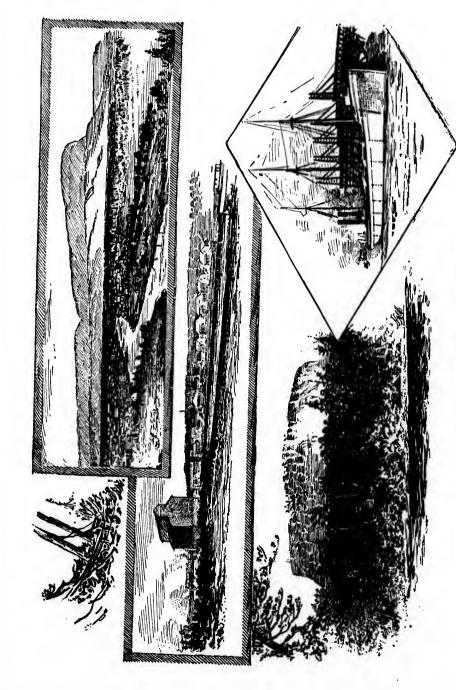
And now all that has gone before dwindles into insignificance. Three ranges of prodigious mountains are to be crossed before the interior of British Columbia is reached; and when you have descended



STONEY CREEK BRIDGE, SELKIRKS.

the last western slopes there remain 300 miles of scenery so fine, along the canyons of the Fraser river, that many persons consider it best of all.

"Do not try to take all of this in one unbroken trip," is the advice given to the tourist by one who has been across the Rockies many times and knows these giants well, "It is too much. The eye loses power of discrimination—is stunned—the soul surfeited—so fast do grandeur of form and beauty in details crowd upon the view and demand attention as the train speeds through gorge and



SCENES AROUND FORT WILLIAM.

over mountain, giving here a vast outlook and there an interior glimpse, then exchanging it for a new one too rapidly for profit. Here gush the headwaters of rivers that run for a thousand miles east and west. You enter by and escape by the gates they have cut, your track is laid along the ravine-pathways they have hewn, and you behold the very source of their currents in some crystal lake or in some vast body of ice borne upon the shoulders of mountains mantled with eternal frost. Sometimes you are in the bottom of these ravines



A VIEW IN THE ROCKIES, NEAR CANMORE.

beside the bounding stream, and strain your eyes to toppling crags that swim among the fleeciest of summer clouds a mile and a quarter higher than your place. Again, with audacity of engineering, the railway surmounts a portion of this distance and you can look down to where tall forest trees are small as match-sticks. Upward, apparently close at hand, are the naked ledges lifted above the last fringe of vegetation, wide spaces of never-wasting snow and the wrinkled backs of glaciers whence cataracts come leaping into the concealment of the forest. Here you can look out upon a wilderness of icy peaks,

glaciers and aiguilles of black rock, there you cautiously descend into the depths of profound gorges, find yourself enshrouded in the shodow of a forest beside which the eastern woods are as underbrush. The massiveness and breadth of the mountains in one part will astonish you; their splintered and fantastic forms in another excite your curiosity; while now and then a single stately peak, like Castle Mountain, or Stephen or Sir Donald, will print itself upon your memory."



ALONG THE BOW RIVER, ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

It would be well, then, for the tourist to stop off at two or three points at least, and take time to understand the mountains. Pleasant hotels have been built by the railway company at suitable points, where one may dwell in perfect comfort within the very heart of the mountains, and whence the glaciers may be explored, or sport with rifle and rod enjoyed.

The first and most prominent of the stopping places to be recommended is BANFF.

Banff is the station for the Canadian National Park, in the Bow River valley, among the eastern foot-hills of the Rocky Mountains.

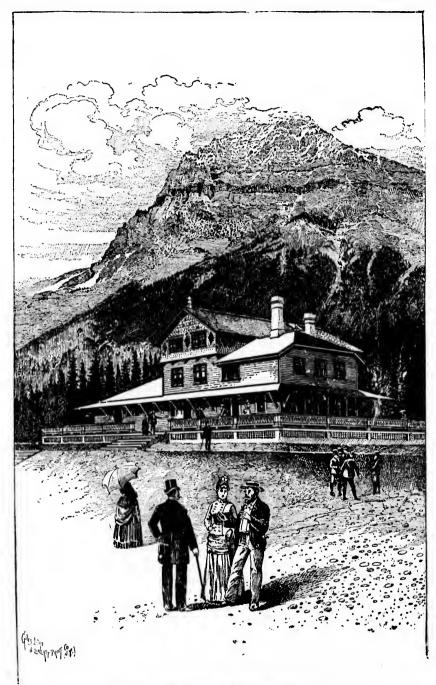
There are copious and wonderful hot mineral springs there, and an elegant hotel.

This park is a tract of many square miles embracing every variety of scenery, charming and wonderful, which the government has already made accessible by many carriage-roads and bridle-paths. In the rivers and lakes trout are plentiful, and of a size unheard of elsewhere, and in the hills and forests roam deer, mountain sheep and goats. The general altitude of the valley is about 4,500 feet. Roads have been built in every direction, one going seven miles northward to Devil's lake, an extremely deep sheet of water, walled in by tremendous cliffs, and overlooked by that remarkable peak, the Devil's Head, which forms a well-known landmark, since it is visible far out upon the plains. The fishing here is unrivalled, and the scenery grand. A small inn on the bank of the lake affords a convenient headquarters for sportsmen, and source of supply for camping parties.

A second halting-place is furnished by the Company's hotel at Field, at the western exit of the Kicking Horse Pass. This hotel (the Mt. Stephen House) is right at the base of Mt. Stephen, and is surrounded by the loftiest peaks of the Rockies. For mountaineering excursions, the hunting of big game or sketching expeditions it has a most advantageous situation.

The Glacier Hotel, at the summit of the Selkirks, is another place of rest and recreation which the tourist should not omit. It is placed high up among forested mountains near the source of the Illicilliwaet, and within twenty minutes' walk of the Great Glacier of the Selkirks. This kill of ice is reached by an excellent path, and it is an easy matter to ascend the rocky walls and moraines that hem it in or to climb upon the glacier itself. Other paths and roads lead to chosen points of view upon other mountains. The hotel itself is a Swiss chalét, in the midst of ornamental grounds, is provided with an "amusement hall" containing billiard tables, bowling alleys, etc., and is kept in a first-class way. No locality will better repay exploration than this.

At North Bend, in the midst of the Fraser canyon, a similar hotel has been placed, in the neighborhood of which many attractions in the way of fine scenery and good sport exist.



MOUNT STEPHEN HOUSE, FIELD.

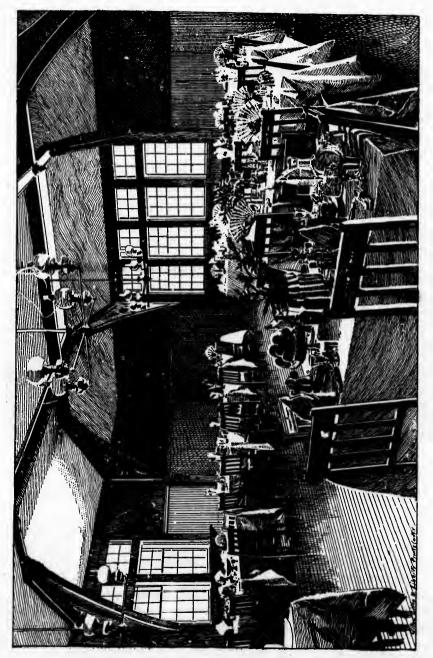
The western terminus of the road is reached at Vancouver on Burrard Inlet, a few miles north of the mouth of the Fraser, on the seventh day after leaving Montreal. This new seaport is only three years old, yet it has 5,000 inhabitants and a flourishing comparece. Its site, overlooking the Gulf of Georgia and the snowy ranges on the shores of Puget Sound, southward, and Burrard Inlet and the Cascades northward, is a most admirable one; and in the neighborhood a great variety of sport is obtainable. Upon a hill commanding the best and



VIEW ON THE KICKING HORSE RIVER, ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

widest view the Company has erected a magnificent hotel, which is conducted in a princely way, and will satisfy the most fastidious critic.

From Vancouver a daily steamer of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company enables the traveller to cross through the archipelagoes of the straits of Georgia and Fuca to Victoria, on Vancouver Island, the capital of the province of British Columbia. This is most charmingly situated at the extremity of a miniature rocky harbor, near the entrance of which stands the government house within its beautiful park. A native Indian village occupies the other bank of th

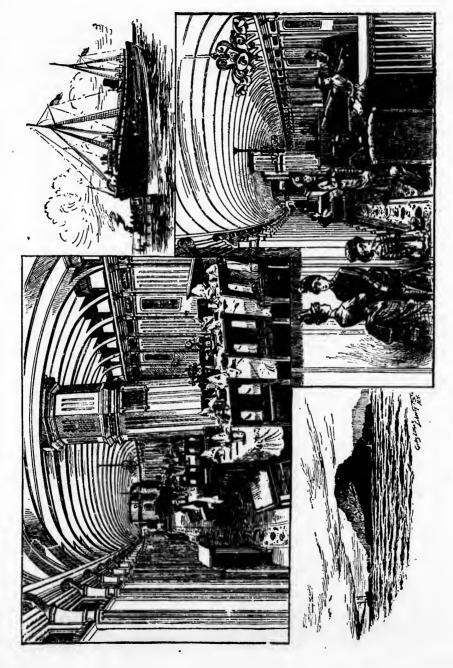


INTERIOR OF DINING ROOM, GLACIER HOTEL.

channel, while the business part of the town has overspread an elevated peninsula at the head of the harbor. At a little distance from the centre of the city a reservation, supposed to be guarded by some ancient fortifications and half-dismantled cannon, overlooks the straits of Fuca, and gives a view of the Olympic range on the southern shore of the strait and of the great Cascade range, in Oregon. This is the city's park, and a remarkably pleasant spot it is.

Victoria is one of the most important ports of entry north of San Francisco, and does a large business with the interior of the island and with the mainland. It is connected by railway with the Nanaimo coalregion, northward; and with Esquimalt, three miles distant, which is the rendezvous of the British navy in the North Pacific, and a very interesting place. Lines of steamers give regular communication between Victoria and every port on the Pacific coast from San Francisco to Sitka (see page 103).

B. THE GREAT LAKES ROUTE, -- OWEN SOUND TO PORT ARTHUR AND PLEASURE RESORTS ON THE UPPER LAKES.—These tours by steamers on Lakes Huron and Superior begin with a railway journey from Montreal by the way of Ottawa and Carleton Junction, or by the new "short line" through Smith's Falls, Ont., to Toronto. Thence a branch railway is followed northward through the pretty valleys and rich farming country of central Ontario to Owen Sound, a port at the southern extremity of Georgian bay, overlooking a beautiful combination of land and water. At Owen Sound the traveller embarks upon the Clyde-built, ocean-like steamers of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Line, and voyages through the islands and past the forested headlands of Georgian bay, and along the southern shore of the great Manitoulin and other islands, to St. Mary's river by which the overflow from Lake Superior is conducted into the lower lakes. This river is a narrow and winding stream beset with forested hills and interrupted by islands that lend a pleasing variety to the scenery. At the rapids, named Sault Ste. Marie by the French mariners almost three centuries ago, magnificent locks have been constructed on the American side, by means of which the steamer is lifted to the level of Lake Superior. The towns of Sault Ste. Marie have grown up at this point, where two American railways now converge, and are connected with



INTERIOR CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS, ETC.

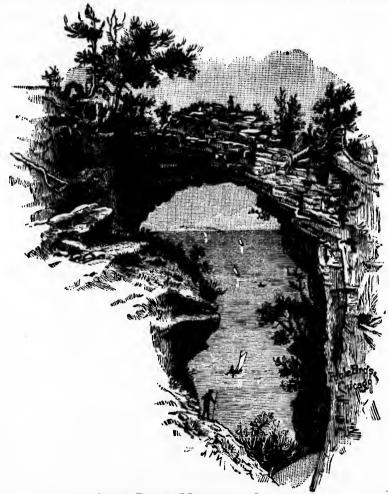
the Sault Ste. Marie Branch of the Canadian Pacific (see page 100) by a fine bridge. These railways have given a great impetus to the towns on both sides of the river, and they are rapidly becoming most important commercial centres. While the steamer is passing through the locks passengers have an opportunity of going ashore, getting a glimpse of the busy town, inspecting the locks, and visiting the fine rapids which form a magnificent picture and a famous white-fishing ground between the Canadian and American towns. Running the rapids in an Indian boat is an exciting adventure, indulged in by many visitors.

The tour from Owen Sound to Sault Ste. Marie can be varied by taking the steamer which leaves Owen Sound every Tuesday and Friday, and follows the inland channel among the ten thousand islands north of Manitoulin island, calling at way-ports both on the mainland and Manitoulin and St. Joseph islands, and consuming about two days in a delightful voyage, considered by many to be more attractive than the voyage down the River St. Lawrence.

From Sault Ste. Marie a side-trip may be made by steamboat to Mackinac island, Mich., and return. Leaving "The Soo" in the morning, the steamer retraces the former course to the mouth of St. Mary's river—sixty miles of constant delight as the boat winds with the crooked stream in and out among the hills and forested islets. Drummond island, at the mouth of the river, is passed upon the left by way of the Detour strait, after which the steamer turns westward along the northern shore of Lake Huron, passing the curious Chenaux islets, beloved of fishermen and campers, and reaching Mackinac about three in the afternoon.

The praises of Mackinac have been written by many able pens, ever since it first became a trading-post, fort and mission station in the old, old days of Jesuit and fur-trading adventure, when these lakes were first explored by the emissaries of Champlain. The island stands at the western extremity of Mackinaw straits, by which Lakes Michigan and Huron interchange their waters. It contains about three and a half square miles, more than half of which is reserved as a national park and military reservation, occupied by a garrison of U. S. troops. To the Hurons it was the "island of giant fairies" and the home of the numerous legends which Longfellow has woven into his poem

Hiawatha. Schoolcraft, the historian of the aborigines, had his home here, and in his Journal, written in 1820, will be found a large amount



ARCH ROCK, MACKINAC ISLAND.

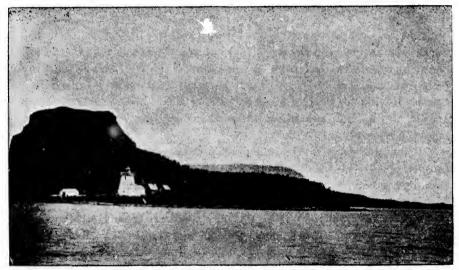
of information concerning the locality. "On the edge of a precipice of white limestone, 155 feet high, just back of the town, is the fort, which, in picturesque beauty of location, has no rival among all the fortresses

of the United States; and the world affords no grander sight than a sunrise or sunset from the fort, the great globe of crimson and gold seeming at its rising to burst up from the bosom of Lake Michigan, casting a million prismatic tints of glorious light on wave and sky. Arch Rock is one of the wildest, weirdest, sublimest freaks of nature's handiwork in sculpture. The chisel-prints of untold ages of whirling waters are all over it. It projects from the face of a cliff 200 feet high, a gigantic bay-window of stone, supported by a mighty arch 149 feet high at its summit. The rim or wall of the bay-window is about three feet wide, and it bulges out some twenty feet from the cliff, overhanging the blue-green water of the lake a dizzy depth below. view from the cammit of the arch takes in a glorious sweep of fifty miles. Across a narrow strait Bois Blanc island looms up with its lighthouses, and forests of white birch, while twelve miles off to the north-east can be seen the upper part of the Cheneaux islands, an enchanting archipelago of some seventy-five or eighty islands, varying from two miles in length to mere green specks a few hundred feet across, dotting the crystal waters which rush by, fifteen fathoms deep at the shore, and swarming with whitefish, bass, pickerel, gamey maskinonge and lake trout."

From Mackinac, all the other pleasure resorts, fishing stations and lumber-ports, in northern Michigan, can easily be reached; while the steamers sailing to Chicago and to the various cities and landing places along both shores of Lake Michigan, either stop at Mackinac or at a closely neighboring port. Regular steamers from Detroit run to Mackinac—a more direct course than via Sault Ste. Marie; and tourist return-tickets are issued from Canadian cities to the island by these steamers. The same remarks apply to Marquette, which may be reached by steamers from Detroit or Owen Sound via Sault Ste. Marie; or from the Soo by rail. The route by rail from Sault Ste. Marie to St. Paul and Minneapolis, is described in the next section. To Duluth and Ashland tickets are issued upon steamers running along the south shore of Lake Superior.

Leaving Sault Ste. Marie at 11.30 a.m. for Port Arthur, the Canadian Pacific steamship takes its course directly across the widest part of Lake Superior, and early next morning comes within sight of the

rocky bluffs of Isle Royale, and the tremendous purple promontory of Thunder cape. This turreted headland shelters the large indentation of Thunder bay and affords a grand harbor, which has been taken advantage of to form the principal ports upon the north shore of the lake—Port Arthur and Fort William. The tourist enjoys an interval of some hours at Port Arthur between the arrival of the steamer and the departure of the west-bound train; and if he cares to stop over here he can find excellent trout-fishing and much other sport and outdoor amusement in the neighborhood; or he can go by rail to Nepigon, 65 miles west—to which fishing-resort (see page 81) this lake-tour forms an excellent means of access.



THUNDER CAPE.

C. "The Soo" Route.—During the season will there be opened a new and direct, and at the same time interesting all rail route by the way of Sault Ste. Marie to St. Paul, Minneapolis, and the Northwest generally. This route is by the main line of the Canadian Pacific westward to Sudbury (see page 78), where the Sault Ste. Marie Branch of the C.P.R. diverges. Sudbury is 60 miles west of Lake Nipissing and in the midst of rocky hills abounding in copper and gold. The branch

line takes a southwesterly course through a broken and forested country, drained by many swift streams in which trout are plentiful, and passes for a hundred miles along the northern shore of Lake Huron, where the scenery is wild and picturesque in the extreme.

The St. Mary's river is crossed just above the Sault (or rapids) by a fine steel bridge, 3,000 feet in length, which connects the Canadian and American towns. This locality has already been



INDIAN CEMETERY IN THE KANANASKIS VALLEY.

described (see p. 95), as well as the means of reaching points of interest in its neighborhood.

The new Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie R.R., by which this route is continued westward, passes through the lumbering and mining districts of northern Michigan and Wisconsin, touching Lake Michigan and intersecting railway routes to Ashland and Duluth. St. Paul and Minneapolis, which nearly join one another, are at the head of navigation on the Mississippi, and are the chief cities of Minnesota and the Northwestern States. The flouring and

lumber mills of Minneapolis are world-famous; and near it are Minnehaha Falls and the beautiful Lake Minnetonka.

Northward from Minneapolis the route follows the line of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R.R. down the valley of the Red River. Manitoba is entered at Emerson, on right bank of the river, or at Gretna, on the west bank, according to circumstances, and the stream is closely followed to Winnipeg. Tickets to Pacific coast points, to Banff and to Winnipeg, are issued by this route.

D. The Route via Chicago.—A fourth choice of routes to the Northwest is offered in the form of a ticket reading to Winnipeg, or beyond, by the way of Chicago. This goes from Montreal to Toronto and St. Thomas, Ont., by Ottawa, or by the "short line" of the C.P.R. At St. Thomas, Ont., the Canadian Pacific system is left, and that of the Michigan Central entered upon. This carries the traveller to Windsor, where through cars are taken across the river upon a ferry-boat and attached to the train of the Michigan Central Railroad running from Detroit to Chicago.

This favorite line passes through the most populous and best cultivated part of southern Michigan, traversing many large and handsome towns, each the centre of rich farming and fruit-raising districts, such as Ypsilanti; Ann Arbor, the site of the state university; Jackson, a prominent manufacturing place; Albion and Marshall; Kalamazoo, a railroad centre and fruit market; Niles, noted for the fine peaches and pears grown in its neighborhood; Michigan City, where Lake Michigan is first seen, and whence enormous quantities of lumber are shipped; and enters Chicago at the foot of Lake street.

From Chicago there is a choice of six railroad routes to St. Paul, each giving an excellent idea of the prairie farms, which have made the states of Wisconsin and Minnesota rich and powerful commonwealths within the last quarter of a century; while some of the lines, passing for a long distance along the banks of the Mississippi river or some of its larger tributaries, afford a constant succession of most charming pictures. Beyond St. Paul and Minneapolis the route to Winnipeg is the same as that described above.

II.

TOURS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

From Vancouver or Victoria steamers depart every three weeks for J. pan and China; fortnightly for Alaska; once a week to San Francisco; and daily to Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma and other ports on Puget sound, communicating daily with Portland and San Francisco.

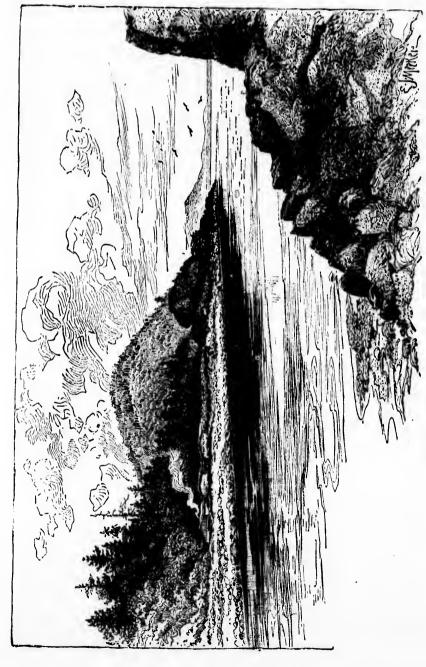
Tourist-tickets are arranged to reach and return from nearly all these points; while a long list of tours includes a greater or less portion of the Pacific coast in course of returning eastward by some of the American lines of railway referred to hereafter.

A. THE TOUR TO ALASKA.—The tour to Alaska is made from Victoria, in comfortable steamers especially fitted for this trip, and occupies from two to four weeks. The voyage is altogether in the quiet waters of sheltered bays and straits, protected from the gales and great waves of the outer Pacific by the barrier of islands that everywhere form a skirmish line in advance of the mainland of the north Pacific coast.

From Victoria the steamer passes around into the gulf and thence northward, past the great headlands that separate the fiords reaching far inland toward the Cascade mountains, until it reaches the narrow channels that separate the island of Vancouver from the mainland shore. Here lofty hills approach closely to the water's edge, and the steamer pursues its way through devious channels whose banks of living green are within gunshot on either hand. These shores are the dwelling-place of Indians whose curious houses are to be seen along the beach, and whose finely-carved canoes come out to meet the steamer as she passes, or are encountered on their fishing or trading excursions. Metakatla is one of the first stopping places.

Crossing bays and sounds, threading its way through channels sometimes so narrow that the yard-arms of the vessel almost touch the cliffs on one side or the other, and yet deep and safe, the voyager is carried out of British Columbian waters into those of Alaska.

Gradually a more sombre and imposing style of scenery supersedes



ON THE COAST OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE COAST OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

the softer pictures of the lower coast. Rude and lofty mountains, their tops covered with snow, bound the view at the end of every inlet. White masses of decaying ice will be met floating in the water, and presently glaciers are seen pushing downward from the great gulches that separate the mountains until they dip into the very surf at the head of some deep indentation. The farthest point of this wonderful voyage is reached in Icy bay, where a collection of glaciers, filling the hollows of a group of mountains, concentrates into one vast body of ice, presenting a seawall miles in length, whence gigantic masses are continually splitting off to float away as icebergs and melt in the warm water outside. Descriptive language has been almost exhausted in the attempt to portray to those who have not seen it the novelty and sublimity of this far northern bay. Probably there is no part of the world now accessible to tourists which would yield so much satisfaction, for the expenditure of time and money required, as the journey through these archipelagoes and into this home of the glaciers.

On the return voyage Sitka is visited and an entirely new series of islands and channels is seen, as the steamer makes its way from this to that stopping place until Vancouver is again in sight. Many Indian villages, mining settlements and fishing stations are visited, on either the outward or homeward voyage, giving abundant opportunity for fishing, hunting, or collecting Indian curiosities.

B. To Tacoma, W. T., and Portland, Or.—This tour is by steamer from Vancouver up Puget sound to Tacoma, and by rail from Tacoma to Portland.

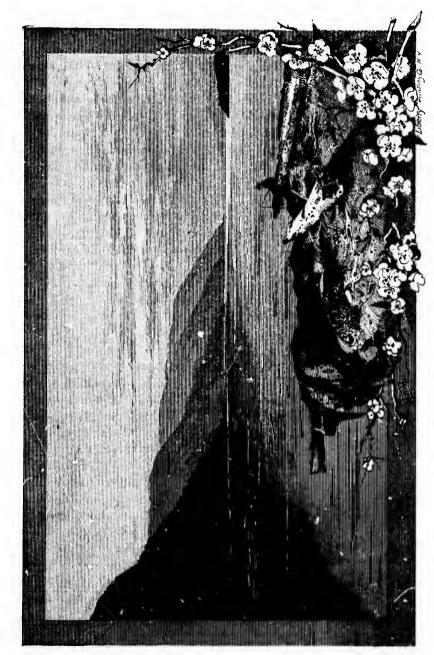
The boats on Puget sound are fast and elegant steamers, which traverse all parts of this remarkable interior sea, giving varied and most interesting views of the lofty Coast range of mountains, with Baker in the north and Mount Tacoma in the south, rising 14,000 feet above the water, so near at hand that their full height is perceived, and on calm days is brilliantly reflected in the surface of the bay. Port Townsend, the first stopping place, is on the peninsula between Puget sound and the ocean, and nearly at the base of the Olympic mountains. It has a sheltered harbor, a delightful situation and is the port of entry for the district. Seattle, on the eastern shore of the

Sound, is the largest town in Washington Territory, and has in its neighborhood extensive coal mines, and boundless forests yielding that gigantic Douglas fir with which the traveller has become familiar in British Columbia. A railway passes from Seattle over the Cascade mountains into the upper valley of the Columbia, and a second is in process of construction northward. Tacoma is a rapidly growing town at the extremity of the Sound, where the main line of the Northern Pacific terminates. It is supported by extensively cultivated valleys, in which the raising of hops is a very important feature, and surrounded by forests that produce vast quantities of lumber; the fisheries of Tacoma and other ports on Puget sound are also important.

From Tacoma the main line of the Northern Pacific extends southward to Kalama, on the Columbia river, where the train is ferried across that noble watercourse. This journey is a very interesting one; and the ferriage over the Columbia, and subsequent run along its banks into Portland, are particularly delightful. Mount St. Helens, Mt. Hood and many other snowy heights are constantly in view. To Olympia, the capital of Washington Territory, access can be had by rail or steamer from Tacoma.

C. To San Francisco Overland—The "Shasta Route."—This new route between Vancouver and San Francisco, opened in 1887, now furnishes the most interesting and comfortable method of travel between Puget sound and California. The passage by steamer and railway from Victoria or Vancouver to Portland, Oregon, has just been described.

Portland is the largest city in Oregon, and has more the appearance of an eastern town than any other on the Pacific coast. Its business is very large, and it is surrounded by an extensive agricultural country, while the lumbering, mining and fishing interests of the whole lower Columbia valley are tributary to its prosperity. It is the real western terminus of both the Northern and Union Pacific railways, and has several local roads and lines of steamers. Within sight are Mt. Hood and other giants of the splendid Cascade range; and the vicinity offers much that is entertaining and easily accessible.



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IN JOHNSTONE'S STRAITS, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The overland or "Shasta" route from Portland to San Francisco, 730 miles, is by the Southern Pacific system. The station is in East Portland across the Willamette river from Portland. river is followed nearly to its source. The valley is broad and highly productive of wheat, fruit and other crops. Salem, the capital of Oregon, and Albany, are the principal stations. Westward lie the rude forest-grown hills of the Coast range, but eastward the Cascades rise far above the forest-line in a snow-capped sierra of volcanic cones, of which the highest are Mts. Hood and Jefferson, the Three Sisters and Mts. Scott and Pitt. As the valley is almost at sea-level these mountains appear to be higher than they really are, while their symmetry and exceeding snowiness make the long range an object of extraordinary beauty. Toward the boundary of California a rougher country, among the Calapooia and Rogue River mountains, is traversed. These rough hills abound in crags and canyons, and are overgrown with luxurious vegetation, giving them great beauty, while their warm valleys are utilized by farms and orchards, concentrating here and there into a line of thriving towns, such as Roseburg. Ashland and Montague.

The most conspicuous feature of the whole trip is now approached. in Northern California-Mt. Shasta. This is the loftiest summit between Mt. Whitney, in the southern part of the state, and Mt. Tacoma on Puget sound; and one of the highest on the continent. its main peak standing 14,442 feet above the sea. The railway passes close to its base, and the cone is in sight for several hours under varying but always beautiful aspects. Sisson's, where breakfast is eaten, and the whole length of Strawberry Valley give particularly fine views of the whole Shasta cluster of peaks; "and whether it be in the steel-gray dawn of morning, when the sun tips the peaks with gold, or in the broad glare of the noonday light, or the warm flush of the fading twilight, here is the point to study Shasta." Shasta is a quiescent volcano, now covered deeply with glaciers and snowfields. It has often been climbed, even by ladies, and guides and appliances for doing so are to be had. July, August and September form the proper season for an ascent; and with suitable precautions the danger is There are plenty of most desirable stopping places near small.

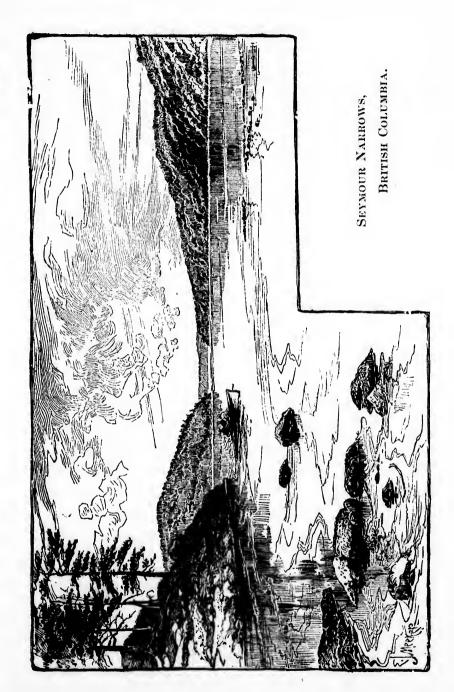
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Shasta, where sport and every sort of out-door recreation can be enjoyed.

The remainder of the journey is down the picturesque and populous valley of the Sacremento river, to Sacremento, the capital of the state, in the heart of its old gold-mining and present wheat-growing valleys; and thence to Oakland, where a ferry-boat transports the tourist to San Francisco.

D. To San Francisco by Sea.—This tour is from Vancouver to Victoria, and thence by a steamer of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company direct to San Francisco. Three and a half days are required for the passage. The coast is in sight for a good part of the way; but the lofty broken rocks of Cape Flattery, on the southern side of the entrance to the Straits of Fuca, and the Golden Gate are the only features likely to be seen with any distinctness.

III.

ALTERNATE TOURS RETURNING FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

An examination of the List of Western Tours printed herewith shows that tickets are issued by the Canadian Pacific Railway good to return by almost every conceivable route. If the Northern Pacific be chosen from Tacoma or Portland, the passenger gets a view of the Columbia valley and has an opportunity to visit Yellowstone Park by stopping off at Livingston, Montana. Returning from Portland by the Union Pacific (Oregon Short Line), he crosses the weird deserts of Idaho, and sees the volcanic canyons of the Snake River country, and the plains of Wyoming and Nebraska.

From San Francisco the return may be by the Shasta route and the Canadian Pacific; or the Shasta route and Northern or Union Pacific from Portland; or by the old "Central-Union" (Southern) Pacific route, via Sacremento, Ogden and Omaha. Or he may take the Southern Pacific to Ogden, and then the Denver & Rio Grande to Denver. This is an especially attractive line. It passes through Salt Lake City, crosses the Wahsatch Mountains; gives a glimpse of the Mormon villages and the curious scenery of the dry Green River basin; and then crosses the Rockies through a series of astonishingly

lofty passes and amazingly deep river-gorges, quite different from anything to be seen on any other railway in the United States. From Denver, he may choose one of four routes to the Missouri river.

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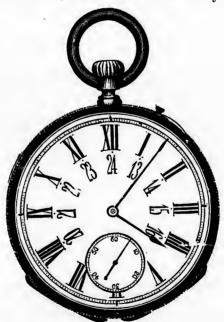
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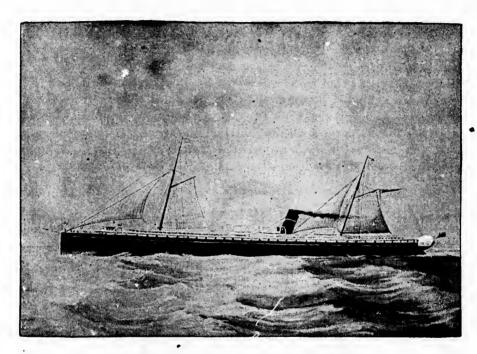
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nd on n) se to h of er Through southern California a variety of routes is offered for selection. One, by the Southern Pacific, takes him to Los Angeles, and then across Arizona through the old Mexican settlements and modern mining towns to El Paso in Texas, and so on to Galveston and New Orleans, or to Fort Worth and St. Louis; or he may leave the Southern Pacific at Deming, N.M., and ride over Raton Pass and through Kansas in the cars of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe to Kansas City, or (from Halstead) by the St. Louis & San Francisco to St. Louis. Lastly, he may go by the Southern Pacific from San Francisco to Los Angeles, or Mojave, in southern California, and then by the Atlantic & Pacific, through the strange Indian pueblos and the canyons of northern Arizona and New Mexico to Albuquerque, where this road joins the A. T. & S. F's system.



OUR 24-HOUR WATCH.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY STEAMSHIP.

SPECIAL INFORMATION

IN CONNECTION WITH

WESTERN TOURS

Tourists ticketed from points not on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway must begin their journey on that line at either of the following junction points, viz.: Quebec, Montreal, Newport, St. Johns, Que., Prescott, Brockville, Toronto, St. Thomas or North Bay.

The Time Limit on Tourist Tickets to Vancouver, B.C., Victoria, B.C., Tacoma, W.T., Portland, Ore., and San Francisco, Cal., is six months from the date of purchase, the going journey as far as Vancouver to be made within 60 days from date of purchase. An extension for return trip of not more than six months beyond the original six months time limit will be given on these tickets on payment of \$10.00 for each 30 days or part of 30 days extension. The return route may be changed on arrival at destination on Pacific Coast on payment of \$10.00 at time change is made. Tourist Return Tickets to Banff Hot Springs are good for six months from date of issue.

The route of Western Tours going or coming by rail between Port Arthur and points in Western Ontario, Ivanhoe, Belleville and west thereof, will be via the Ontario Route, i. e. via the Northern & North-Western Division of the Grand Trunk Railway, between Toronto and North Bay; from east of Ivanhoe and Belleville the route will be All Rail Canadiar Pacific Railway via Carleton Junction. Pacific Coast Tours reading from east of Ivanhoe or Belleville will be made to read either via Carleton Junction or Ontario Route, as passengers may select.

Rates quoted for Tours returning from Vancouver, Victoria, Tacoma and Portland, Ore., through Emerson, St. Paul and Chicago, will, when desired at time of purchase, be made applicable on Tours returning via Tacoma or Portland and the Northern Pacific Railway to St. Paul, or via Portland and the Union Pacific Railway to Council Bluffs or Kansas City.

Rates quoted for Tours to San Francisco, Cal., returning through St. Paul, will, on request at time of purchase, be made to read back by United States Routes, via Omaha, Kansas City or St. Louis, etc., without additional charge.

Tours reading between St. Paul and the east via Chicago, will, when requested at time of purchase, be made applicable by the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway, thence the Canadian Pacific Steamship Line to Owen Sound, or Canadian Pacific Ry. All Rail.

Rates quoted herein for Western Tours from Sault Ste. Marie, unless otherwise stated, will be via Canadian Pacific Steamship Line to Port Arthur, thence as shown in details of route,

Return Tourist Tickets to Port Arthur or any point west thereof, via Port Arthur, will, if desired, be made good to go either via Canadian Rail Routes or via Lake Route, and should tourist desire to alter his route on return from Lake to Rail or vice versa, he can do so, without extra charge, on application to agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Port Arthur.

Tickets or coupons between Owen Sound and Sault Ste. Marie, and Owen Sound and Port Arthur, in either direction, reading over the Canadian Pacific Steamship Line, will be available for passage between Owen Sound and Sault Ste. Marie either by the *Through* Canadian Pacific Steamship Line running between Owen Sound and Sault Ste. Marie direct, or by the *Local* Canadian Pacific Steamship Line running north of Manitoulin Island and calling at intermediate ports.

Berths in Steamships of the Canadian Pacific S.S. Line can be procured through ticket agent when purchasing ticket, or through city ticket offices at Toronto, Port Arthur or Winnipeg.

Berths in Alaska steamships can be procured through ticket agent, from General Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, Montreal.

Western Tours

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UPPER LAKES, THE NORTH-WEST

AND THE

PACIFIC COAST

ALASKA (SITKA, GLACIER BAY, ETC.) AND RETURN

Rates as follows:

ROUTE R 100

From Onchoo

From Quebec\$225.00	From Toronto
" Montreal 220.00	" London
" Ottawa 215.00	" St. Thomas 205 00
" Prescott 215.00	Ningana Falla 905 00
" Brockville 214.40	" Niagara Falls 205 00
	Sault 500. Marte 193 00
From Port Arthur	······ \$175.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Port Arthur 14
Canadian Pacific Ry	"Vuncouver
Canadian Pacific Nav. Co	Vancouver 15
Pacific Coast S S. Co	
Determine	"Sitka, etc
Return san	ne route. R
ALASKA (SITKA, GLACIER BAY ROUTE R 101	
ROUTE R 101	Rates same as for Route R 100
Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Nav. Co. †Pacific Coast S.S. Co. †Pacific Coast S.S. Co. Canadian Pacific Nav. Co Canadian Pacific Ry †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Ry	Vancouver. 15 Victoria 17 Sitka, etc 68 Victoria 68 Vancouver 17 Port Arthur 15 Owen Sound 19

ALASKA (SITKA, GLACIER BAY, ETC.) AND RETURN

ROUTE R 102	Rates as follows:					
From Quebec \$233.00 " Montreal 228 00 " Ottawa 222 40 " Prescott 222.40 From Niagara Fall	·					
Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 Canadian Pacific S.S. Line " Port Arthur 18 Canadian Pacific Ry " Vancouver 15 Canadian Pacific Nav. Co " Victoria 17 Pacific Coast S.S. Co " Sitka, etc 68 Pacific Coast S.S. Co " Victora 68 Canadian Pacific Nav. Co " Vancouver 17 Canadian Pacific Ry " Emerson 16 St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry " St. Paul 95 Choice of six railways " Chicago * Michigan Central R. R " St. Thomas 54 Canadian Pacific Ry " Starting Point 14 * 1 or 22 or 23 or 24, 25, 26 or 107 or 112.						
ASHLAND, WIS	., AND RETURN					
Route R 103	Rates as follows:					
" Montreal 51.00 " Ottawa 47.70 " Prescept 46.00	From Brockville \$ 45 40 " Toronto 36.00 " London 36.00 " St. Thomas 36.00 lls \$38.25					
tLake Superior Transit Co " Ashland 4						
tLake Superior Transit Co	Sault Ste. Marie					
Return sa	me route. R					
Return sa	Sault Ste. Marie					
Return sa	me route. R					
Return sa ASHLAND, WIS.	R R R R R R R R R R					
ASHLAND, WIS. ROUTE R 104 From Quebec	R R R R R R R R R R					

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BANFF HOT SPRINGS AND RETURN RW ROUTE R 105 Rates as follows: Montreal 109 00 " Toronto Ottawa 105.50 " London Prescott 105.50 " St. Thomas From Niagara Falls \$99.20 Canadian Pacific Ry. to Port Arthur 14 Canadian Pacific Ry. Banff Hot Springs 15 Canadian Pacific Ry. Emerson 16 St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry St. Paul 95 Choice six railways. Chicago * Michigan Central R.R. St. Thomas 54 Canadian Pacific Ry. Starting Point 14 * 1 or 22 or 23 or 24, 25, 26 or 107 or 112. BANFF HOT SPRINGS AND RETURN R. W ROUTE R 106 Rates as follows: From Quebee \$90.00 From London \$85.00 " Montreal \$0.00 " St Thomas 85.00 " Ottawa 90.00 " Niugara Falls 85.00 Detroit 85.00 Sault Ste. Marie 73.00 Port Arthur 55.00 66 Prescott 90.00 Brockville 90.00 66 Toronto..... 85.00 Canadian Pacific Ryto Owen Sound14†Canadian Pacific S.S. Line" Fort Arthur18Canadian Pacific Ry" Banff Hot Springs15Canadian Pacific Ry" Port Arthur15Canadian Pacific Ry" Starting Point14 BANFF HOT SPRINGS AND RETURN ROUTE R 107 Rates same as for Route R 106 Canadian Pacific Ry...to Owen Sound...14†Canadian Pacific S.S. Line" Port Arthur...18Canadian Pacific Ry..." Banff Hot Springs...15 Return same route. BANFF HOT SPRINGS AND RETURN Rates same as for Route R 106 ROUTE R 108 Return same route. t Meals and Berths included.

BANFF HOT SPRINGS AND RETURN

ROUTE R 109	Rates as follows:
From New Westminster\$30.00 " Vancouver	From Tacoma\$30.00 " Seattle
Canadian Pacific RyCanadian Pacific Ry	to Banff Hot Springs 14 "Starting Point 14
The route from Victoria, Tacoma a Navigation Company to Vancouver, the Northern Pacific to Tacoma, Canadian couver, thence as above; returning san	Pacific Navigation Company to Van-
CHICAGO, ILL	., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 110	Rates as follows:
From Quebec\$38.00 " Montreal33.00 " Ottawa31.00	From Prescott \$31.00 " Brockville 30.00 " Toronto 23.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	to St. Thomas 14 " Chicago 54
CHICAGO, ILL.,	AND RETURN
ROUTE R 111	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$56.00 " Montreal 51.00 " Ottawa 47.70 " Prescott 46.00 From Niagara Falls	" Toronto
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LinetLake Mich & Lake Superior Trans, Co Return san	" Sault Ste. Marie
CHICAGO, ILL.,	AND RETURN R W
Route R 112	Rates as follows:
From Quebec. \$50.00 " Montreal 45.00 " Ottawn 41.70 " Prescott 40.00	From Brockville \$39,40
-Canadian Pacific Ry	to Owen Sound 14 'Sault Ste. Marie 18 'Chicago 43 'St. Thomas 54 'Starting Point 14
† Meals and Berths included.	

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CHICAGO, ILL.,	AND RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 113	Rates as	follows:
From Quebec . \$50.00 " Montreal . 45.00 " Ottawa . 41.70	From Prescott	\$10.00 39 40
Canadian Pacific Ry Michigan Central R.R. Detroit & Cleveland S. Navigation Co Lake Mich. & Lake Superior Trans. C Michigan Central R.R. Lake Superior Transit Co. New York Central & H. R. R.R. Niagara Navigation Co. Canadian Pacific Ry	to St. Thomas "Detroit "Muckinaw City "Chicago "Detroit "Buffalo "Lewiston "Toronto "Starting Point	14 54 28 42 52 45 60 62
COLUMBIA LAKES,		
ROUTE R 114	Rates as	follows:
From Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, I London, St. Thomas and Niagara F	Prescott, Brockville, Totalls	ronto, \$104.60
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LineCanadian Pacific RySteamer DuchessReturn san	to Owen Sound " Port Arthur " Golden " Columbia Lakes	1.1
DULUTH, MINN.,	, AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 115	Rates as	follows:
From Quebec\$56.00 " Montreal 51.00 " Ottawa 47.70 " Prescott 46.00 From Niagara Falls	" Toronto	36.00
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LinetLake Superior Transit CoReturn sa	to Owen Sound " Sault Ste, Marie" Duluth	1.4
DULUTH, MINN.	, AND RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 116	Rates as	
From Quebec \$63.50 " Montreal 58 50 " Ottawa 55.20 " Prescott 53.50	" Toronto " London " St. Thomas	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Owen Sound "Sault Ste. Marie." "Duluth "Buffalo "Lewiston "Toronto "Starting Point	14 18 46 44 60 62
† Meals and Berths included.		

HARRISON HOT SPRINGS, B.C., AND RETURN

ROUTE R 117	Rates as follows:
From New Westminster\$5.00 From Vancouver.	From Victoria\$8.60
Canadian Pacific RyCanadian Pacific Ry	to Aggasiz
The route from Vietoria is via the Vancouver, thence as above; returning	Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. to same route. Time limit, 30 days.
MACKINAC ISLAND, M	HCH., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 118	Rates as follows:
From Quebee	" Brockville 31.05
Canadian Pacific Ry	" Mackinaw City
Return sam	e route.
MACKINAC ISLAND, M	HCH., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 119	Rates as follows:
From Quebee \$35.06 " Montreal 30.00 " Ottawa 26.70	" Brockville 21 40
Canadian Pacific Ry	" Detroit
Return same	e route. R
MACKINAC ISLAND, M	HCH., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 120	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$36 00 " Montreal 31.00 " Ottawa 27.70 " Prescott 26.00 From Niagara Falls	" Toronto
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. Line	to Owen Sound,
†Canadian Pacific S.S. Line	Ste. Marie
On steamers leaving Owen Sound for in July and August via channel not Meals and Berths included.	r Mickinge Island as advertised, orth of Manitoulin Island only,

.\$8.60

Co. to

31,65 31,05 21,65

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25.00 1.40 5.00 14 54 28 R

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MACKINAC ISLAND, MICH., AND RETURN R	W
ROUTE R 121 Rates as follows	
From Quebec	28.40 19.00 19.00 19.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	. 18 . 21
MACKINAC ISLAND, MICH., AND REFURN	
ROUTE R 122 Rates as follows	•
From Quebee \$40.00 From Brockville \$ "Montreal 35.00 "Toronto "Ottawa 31.70 London "Prescott 30.00 "St. Thomas From Niagara Falls \$22.25	29.10 20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00
Canadian Pacific Ryto Owen Sound †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line Sault Ste. Marie Delta Transportation Co Mackinae Island	. 14 . 18 21
Return same route.	R
MACKINAC ISLAND, MICH., AND RETURN R	W
ROUTE R 123 Rates as follows	
From Quebec \$11.85 From Brockville \$ "Montreal 36.85 "Toronto \$ "Ottawa 33.55 "London \$ "Prescott 31.85 "St. Thomas	31.25 21.85 21.85 21.85
Canadian Pacific Ry. to St. Thomas. Michigan Central R. R. "Mackinaw City Mackinaw Transportation Co. "Mackinae Island Delta Transportation Co. "Sault Ste Marie Canadian Pacific S.S. Line "Owen Sound Canadian Pacific Railway. "Starting Point	14 54 44 27
MACKINAC ISLAND, MICH, AND RETURN R	W
ROUTE R 124 Rates as follows:	
From Quebec \$38.85 From Prescott \$ " Montreal 33.85 " Brockville \$ " Ottawa 30.55 " Toronto 1	8.25 8.85
Canadian Pacific Ry	14 61
† Meals and Berths included.	

Route R 125	MARQUETTE, MICH., AN	D RETURN	RW
" Montreal 41.0 " Toronto 22.00 " Prescott 39.00 " St. Thomas 29.00 " Prescott 39.00 " St. Thomas 29.00 Canadian Pacific Railway 1.5t. Thomas 124 Michigan Central R.R. " Detroit 54 Lake Superior Transit Co. " Marquette 45 Lake Superior Transit Co. " Sault Ste. Marie 46 Canadian Pacific Railway " Starting Point 14 MARQUETTE, MICH., AND RETURN R W ROUTE R 126 From Quebec \$48.90 From Brockville \$38.30 " Montreal 43.90 " Toronto 22.90 " Ottawa 39.60 " London 28.90 " Prescott 38.90 " St. Thomas 28.90 Canadian Pacific Ry. to Owen Sound 11 Canadian Pacific Ry. to Owen Sound 11 Canadian Pacific Ry. St. Line " Sault Ste. Marie 13 Lake Superior Transit Co. " Marquette 46 Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R.R. " St. Ignace 29 Mackinaw Transportation Co. " Mackinaw City 48 Michigan Central R.R. " St. Thomas 54 Canadian Pacific Ry. " Starting Point 14 MARQUETTE, MICH., AND RETURN ROUTE R 127 Rates as follows: From Quebec \$45.00 From Brockville \$34.40 " Montreal 40.00 " Toronto 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 From Brockville \$31.40 " Montreal 40.00 " Toronto 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 From Brockville \$31.40 " Montreal 40.00 " Toronto 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " Prescott 40.00 " Toronto 52.00 " Prescott 40.00 " Toronto 53.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Mont	ROUTE R 125	Rates as follow	rs:
MARQUETTE, MICH. AND RETURN R W	" Montreal 44.00 " " Ottawa 41.00 " " Prescott 39.00 "	Toronto	. 29.00 . 29.00 . 29.00
ROUTE R 126	Canadian Pacific Railway transit Co. " Lake Superior Transit Co. " Lake Superior Transit Co. " Canadian Pacific S.S. Line " Canadian Pacific Railway "	St. Thomas Detroit Marquette Suult Ste. Marie Owen Sound Starting Point	14 54 45 46 18
From Quebec	MARQUETTE, MICH., AN	D RETURN	R W
" Montreal 43.90 " Toronto 28.90 " Ottawa 39.60 " London 28.90 " Prescott 38.90 " St. Thomas 28.90 Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 Canadian Pacific Ry St. Line Sault Ste. Marie 13 Lake Superior Transit Co " Marquette 46 Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R.R " St. Ignace 29 Mackinaw Transportation Co " Mackinaw City 48 Michigan Central R.R " St. Thomas 54 Canadian Pacific Ry " Starting Point 14 MARQUETTE, MICH., AND RETURN ROUTE R 127 Rates as follows: From Quebec \$45.00 From Brockville \$31.40 " Montreal 40.00 " Toronto 25.00 " Ottawa 36.70 " London 25.00 " Prescott 35.00 " St. Thomas 25.00 " From Niagara Falls \$27.25 Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 tCanadian Pacific S.S. Line " Sault Ste. Marie 18 tLake Superior Transit Co " Marquette 46 Return same route. R NEPIGON, ONT., AND RETURN R W ROUTE R 128 Rates as follows: From Quebec \$50.00 From Toronto \$30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 Canadian Pacific Ry To	Route R 126	Rates as follow	vs:
Canadian Pacitic S.S. Line	" Montreal	Toronto London	. 28.90 . 28.90
Route R 127	Canadian Pacific Ry	Owen Sound	14 18 46 29 48 54
Canadian Pacific S.S. Line	MARQUETTE, MICH., AN	ID RETURN	
Canadian Pacific S.S. Line	ROUTE R 127	Rates as follov	VS:
Canadian Pacific S.S. Line	From Quebec \$15.00 From " Montreal 40.00 * " Ottawa 36.70 " " Prescott 35.00 " From Niagara Falls	Brockville	. \$31.40 . 25.00 . 25.00 . 25.00
NEPIGON, ONT., AND RETURN R W	tCanadian Pacific S.S. Line	Sault Ste. Marie Marquette	18
ROUTE R 128 Rates as follows: From Quebec. \$50.00 From Toronto \$30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Prescott 40.00 " Niagara Falls 32.25 " Brockville 39.40 " Detroit 30.00 Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 **Canadian Pacific Ry " Port Arthur 18 **Canadian Pacific Ry " Nepigon 14 **Canadian Pacific Ry " Starting Point 14			D W
From Quebee \$50.00 From Toronto \$30.00 " Montreal 45.00 " London 30.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " St. Thomas 30.00 " Prescott 40.00 Niagara Falls 32.25 " Brockville 39.40 " Detroit 30.00 Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 Canadian Pacific Ry " Port Arthur 18 Canadian Pacific Ry " Nepigon 14 Canadian Pacific Ry " Starting Point 14			
"Montreal 45.00 "London 30.00 "Ottawa 41.70 "St. Thomas 30.00 "Prescott 40.00 Niagara Falls 32.25 "Brockville 39.40 "Detroit 30.00 Canadian Pacific Ry to Owen Sound 14 †Canadian Pacific Ry "Port Arthur 18 Canadian Pacific Ry "Nepigon 14 Canadian Pacific Ry "Starting Point 14			
tCanadian Pacific S.S. Line "Port Arthur 18 Canadian Pacific Ry "Nepigon 14 Canadian Pacific Ry "Starting Point 14	" Montreal 45.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " Prescott 40.00	London St. Thomas Niagara Falls	. "30.00 . 30.00 . 32.25
	tCanadian Pacific S.S. Line	Owen Sound	14 18 14

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\$38.40 29.00 29.00 29.00

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8.30 8.90 8.90 8.90

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NEPIGON, ONT.	, AND RETURN	
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LineCanadian Pacific RyReturn sa	Port Arthur Nepigon ame route.	1.4
	NT., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 130 Rates same as for Rocanadian Pacific Ry tCanadian Pacific S S. Line	'Port Arthur	1.1
PORT ARTHUR, O	NT., AND RETURN	RW
ROUTE R 131	Rates as f	ollows:
From Quebee \$56.00 " Montreal 51.00 " Ottawa 47.70 " Prescott 46.00	From Brockville " Toronto " London " St. Thomas	\$45.40 36.00 36.00
Canadian Pacific Ry. †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line. †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line. †Lake Superior Transit Co. Michigan Central R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry.	to Owen Sound .	14
PORT ARTHUR, ONT.,	AND RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 132	Rates as f	ollows:
From Quebec \$50.00 " Montreal 45.00 " Ottawa 41.70 " Prescott 40.00 " Brockville 39.40	" London	30.00 30.00 32.25
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Ry	to Owen Sound	14
PORTLAND, ORE.	, AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 133	Rates as fo	ollows:
From Quebec \$130.00 " Montreal 125.00 " Ottawa 120.00 " Prescott 120.00 " Brock ville 119.40 " Toronto 110.00 Canadian Pacific Ry	From London St. Thomas Niagara Falls Detroit Sault Ste. Marie Port Arthur	\$110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 98.00 80.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Nav. Co Northern Pacific R.R	" Vancouver " Tacoma " Portland	15 17 113
Return san	ne route.	R

ST. PAUL, MINN., AND RETURN

ROUTE R 134	Rates as f	ollows:
From Quebec \$64.50 " Montreal 59.50 " Ottawa 52.20 " Prescott 54.50 From Niagara Fall	From Brockville	44.50
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LinetLake Superior Transit Cost. Paul & Duluth RyReturn sam	" Sault Ste. Marie " Duluth " St. Paul	14 18 46 94 R
ST. PAUL, MINN.	, AND RETURN	RW
ROUTE R 135	Rates as f	collows:
From Quebee. \$63.05 '' Montreal 58.05 '' Ottawa 51.75 '' Prescott 53.05	From Brockville " Toronto " London " St. Thomas	43.05 43.05
Canadian Pacific Ry †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line †Lake Superior Transit Co St. Paul & Duluth Ry Choice of six railways Michigan Central R.R Canadian Pacific Ry	" Cault Cto Mania	10
* 1 or 22 or 23 or 24,		
SAN FRANCISCO, CA	AL., AND RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 136	Rates as f	ollows:
From Quebec \$145.00 " Montreal 140.00 " Ottawa 135.00 " Prescott 135.00 " Brockville 134.40 " Toronto 125.00	From London St. Thomas Niagara Falls Detroit Sault Ste. Marie Port Arthur	125.00 125.00 125.00 113.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Nav. Co †Pacific Coast S.S. Co †Pacific Coast S.S. Co Canadian Pacific Nav. Co Canadian Pacific Ry †Canadian Pacific Ry †Canadian Pacific Ry † Meals and Berths included.	" Vancouver " Victoria " San Francisco " Victoria " Vaneouver " Port Arthur " Owen Sound	

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SAN FRANCI	SCO, CAL., A	AND RETURN	R W	
ROUTE R 137		Rates same as f	or Route R 1	36
Canadian Pacific Ry	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	o Port Arthur Vancouver		14 15
Southern Pacific Co	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	' San Franciseo ' Portland ' Tacoma ' Vancouver ' Port Arthur	······································	14 14 13 17 15
			••••••	18 14
SAN FRANCISC	CO, CAL., AN			
ROUTE R 138		Rates same as fe	or Route R 1	36
Canadian Pacific Ry	urn same rout	' Vaucouver San Francisco		14 15 68 R
SAN FRANÇI	SCO, CAL., A	ND RETURN		
ROUTE R 139		Rates same as fe	or Route B 1	36
Canadian Pacific Ry	o	Port Arthur Vancouver Tacoma L'ortland		
SAN FRANCIS	SCO, CAL, A	ND RETURN		
ROUTE R 140		Rates	as follows:	
From Quebec	142 40 " 142 40 " 142 40 " 141.75 "	Toronto London St. Thomas Niagara Falls Detroit	\$131.3 	30 30 30
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LineCanadian Pacific RyCanadian Pacific Navigation C.Northern Pacific R.R.		Port Arthur Vancouver Tacoma	······ 1 ···· 1	7
Northern Pacific R.R. Southern Pacific Co. Southern Pacific Co. Northern Pacific R.R. Canadian Pacific Ravigation Co. Canadian Pacific Ry. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manito Choice of six railways. Michigan Central R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry.)	Portland	··········· 11 ······ 11 ····· 11 ···· 1	4 3 7 6
Choice of six railways Michigan Central R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry Rates quoted for this route	ba Ry"	Chicago St. Thomas Starting Point		5 4 4
Routes on return journey from Kansas City or St. Louis.	VIII MININ DIV 2	seo through St. I	mirod State	

† Meals and Berths included.

vs:

\$53.90 44.50 44.50 44.50

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\$52.45 43.05 43.05 43.05

5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00

SAULT STE. MARIE, I	MICH., AND RETURN RW
ROUTE R 141	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$41.00 " Montreal 36.00 " Ottawa 31.70 " Prescott 31.00	From Brockville \$30,40 " Toronto 21,00 " London 21.00 " St. Thomas 21.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Owen Sound
SAULT STE. MARIE, N	MICH., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 142	Rates as follows:
From Quebec. \$36.00 " Montreal. 31.00 " Ottawa 27.70 " Prescott. 26.00 " Brockville 25.49	From Toronto. \$16.00 " London 16.00 " St Thomas 16.00 " Niagara Falls 18 25 " Owen Sound 12 00
Canadian Pacific RytCanadian Pacific S.S. LineReturn san	" Sault Ste. Marie 18
SAULT STE. MARIE, M	HCH., AND RETURN R W
Route R 143	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$13.50 " Montreal 38.50 " Ottawa 35.20 " Prescott 33 50	From Brockville \$32.90 " Toronto 23.50 " London 23.50 " St. Thomas 23.50
From Quebec \$13.50 " Montreal 38.50 " Ottawa 35.20	From Brockville \$32.90 " Toronto 23.50 " London 23.50 " St. Thomas 23.50
From Quebec \$13.50 " Montreal 38.50 " Ottawa 35.20 " Prescott 33 50	From Brockville \$32.90 "Toronto 23.50 "London 23.50 "St. Thomas 23.50 to Owen Sound 14 "Sault Sto. Marie 18 "Buffalo 46 "Niagara 51 "Toronto 63 "Starting Point 14
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From Quebec \$13.50 " Montreal 38.50 " Ottawa 35.20 " Prescott 33 50 Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific S.S. Line **Lake Superior Transit Co **Michigan Central R.R. Niagara Navigation Co Canadian Pacific Ry SAULT STE. MARIE, N	From Brockville \$32.90 "Toronto 23.50 "London 23.50 "St. Thomas 23.50 . to Owen Sound 14 . "Sault Sto. Marie 18 . "Buffalo 46 . "Niagara 51 . "Toronto 63 . "Starting Point 14 HICH., AND RETURN R

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TACOMA, W.T.,	AND RETURN
ROUTE R 145	Rates as follows:
From Quebee \$130.00 " Montreal 125.00 " Ottawa 120.00 " Prescott 120.00 " Brockville 119.40 " Toronto 110.00 Canadian Pacific Ry	From London
Canadian Pacific Ry	" Vancouver 12 13 17
TACOMA, W.T.,	•
Route R 146	
Canadian Pacific Ry	Rates same as for Route R 145
VANCOUVER, B.C.	
ROUTE R 147	Rates as follows:
From Quebec \$130.00 " Montreal 125.00 " Ottawa 120.00 " Prescott 120.00 " Brockville 119.40 " Toronto 110.00 Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry	From London \$110.00 "St. Thomas 110.00 "Niagara Falls 110.00 "Detroit 110.00 "Sault Ste. Marie 98.00 "Port Arthur 80.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Ry	
VANCOUVER, B.C.	., AND RETURN
ROUTE R 148 Canadian Pacific RyCanadian Pacific RyReturn sai	Rates same as for Route R 147 to Port Arthur
VANCOUVER, B.C	C., AND RETURN
Route R 149	Rates same as for Route R 147
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Owen Sound
Return san Meals and Berths included,	ne route. R

VANCOUVER, B.C., AND RETURN

T) T) 480	
ROUTE R 150	Rates as follows:
From Quebec	n Toronto
" Ottawa	St. Thomas
" Prescott 127.40 "	Niagara Falls 116.30
" Brockville 126.75 "	Detroit
Canadian Pacific Ryt	o Owen Sound 14
Canadian Pacific S. S. Line	" Port Arthur 18 " Vancouver 15
Canadian Pacific Ry	" Emerson 16
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry	" St. Paul 95
C hoice of six railways	" Chicago * " St. Thomas 54
Canadian Pacific Ry. †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line. Canadian Pacific Ry. Canadian Pacific Ry. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. C hoice of six railways Michigan Central R R Canadian Pacific Ry.	"Starting Point 14
* 1 or 22 or 23 or 24, 25, 26	or 107 or 112.
VANCOUVER, B.C., AN	D RETURN
ROUTE R 151	Rates same as for Route R 150
Canadian Pacific Ryt	o Port Arthur 14
Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry	' Vancouver
St. Paul. Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry	* St. Paul 95
Choice of six railways	' Chicago *
Choice of six railways Michigan Central R.R. Canadian Pacific Ry	St. Thomas 54
Canadian Pacific Ry	Starting Point 14
	an 10" an 110
* 1 or 22 or 23 or 24, 25, 26	or 107 or 112.
* 1 or 22 or 23 or 21, 25, 26 VICTORIA, B.C., AND	
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152	
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec\$130.00 From	RETURN Rates as follows: a London
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec\$130.00 From Montreal	RETURN Rates as follows: 1 London
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec\$130.00 From Montreal	RETURN Rates as follows: 1 London
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec\$130.00 From Montreal	RETURN Rates as follows: 1 London
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 \$130.00 From From Quebec \$130.00 From " Montreal 125.00 " " Ottawa 120.00 " " Proscott 120.00 " " Brockville 119.40 " " Toronto 110.00 "	RETURN Rates as follows: 1 London . \$110.00 St. Thomas . 110.00 Niagara Falls . 110.00 Detroit . 110.0 S. S. Marie . 98.00 Port Arthur . 80.00
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec	RETURN Rates as follows :
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec	RETURN Rates as follows :
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 \$130.00 From From Quebec \$130.00 From " Montreal 125.00 " " Ottawa 120.00 " " Proscott 120.00 " " Brockville 119.40 " " Toronto 110.00 "	RETURN Rates as follows: 1 London \$110.00 St. Thomas 110.00 Niagara Falls 110.00 Detroit 110.00 S. S. Marie 98.00 Port Arthur 80.0 0 Port Arthur 14 " Vancouver 15 " Victoria 17
VICTORIA, B.C., AND ROUTE R 152 From Quebec \$130.00 From Montreal 125.00 " Ottawa 120.00 " Prescott 120.00 " Brockville 119.40 " Toronto 110.00 " Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Navigation Co Return same route R	RETURN Rates as follows:
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VICTORIA, B.C., AND	RETURN
ROUTE R 154	Rates same as for Route R 152
Canadian Pacific Ry to †Canadian Pacific S.S. Line " Canadian Pacific Ry " Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. "	Owen Sound 14 Port Arthur 18 Vancouver 15 Victoria 17
Return same rout	te. R
VICTORIA, B.C., AND	RETURN
ROUTE R 155	Rates as follows:
" Montreal 133.00 " Ottawa 127.40 " Prescott 127.00 " Brockville 126.75	Toronto
Canadian Pacific Ry	Port Arthur 18 Vancouver 15 Victoria 17 Vancouver 17 Emerson 16 St. Paul 95 Chicago * St. Thomas 54 Starting Point 14
VICTORIA, B.C., AND	
ROUTE R 156	Rates same as for Route R 150
Canadian Pacific Ry	Vancouver 15 Victoria 17 Vancouver 17 Emerson 16 St. Paul 95 Chicago * St. Thomas 54 Starting Point 14
WINNIPEG, MAN., AND	RETURN
ROUTE R 157	Rates as follows:
" Montreal 57.35 " Ottawa 51.90 " Prescott 51.90 " Brockville 51.20 " Toronto 45.00	London \$45.00 St. Thomas 45.00 Niagara Falls 45.00 Detroit 45.00 Sault Ste. Mario 38.00
Canadian Pacific Ryto Canadian Pacific S.S. Line" Canadian Pacific Ry"	Owen Sound 14 Port Arthur 18 Winnipeg 15
Return same rout	Se. R
(Time Limit, 40 day	ys.)
† Meals and Berths included.	

	WINNIPEG, MAN., Al	ND RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 158		Rates same as fo	r Route R 157
Canadian Pacific †Canadian Pacific Canadian Pacific Canadian Pacific Canadian Pacific	e Ry S.S. Lino Ry Ry Ry (Time Limit, 40	" Port Arthur " Winnipeg" " Port Arthur " Starting Point	
	WINNIPEG, MAN., A	ND RETURN	
ROUTE R 159		Rates same as fo	r Route R 157
Canadian Pacific Canadian Pacific	e Ry c Ry Return same ro (Time Limit, 40	. " Winnipeg oute.	
	WINNIPEG, MAN., A	ND RETURN	RW
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" Montreal " Ottawa . " Prescott.		om Brock ville Toronto London St. Thomas	\$73.90 64.50 64.50 64.50
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ROUTE R 161 Canadian Pacifi Michigan Centre Choice of six rai St. Paul, Minnee Canadian Pacifi Canadian Pacifi Canadian Pacifi	c Ry	. " St. Paul	14
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[†] Meals and Berths included.

SIDE TRIPS

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TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH

-WESTERN TOURS-

ENUMERATED HEREIN

GOLDEN, B.C., TO COLU	UMBIA LAKES AND RETURN
ROUTE S T 100 Steamer "Duchess"	Rate \$8.00; with 60 days limit \$6.00to Windermere on Columbia Lakes. 10 same route.
SAULT S. MARIE, MICH., TO	MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN
ROUTE S T 101	
Delta Transportation Co Return	Rate \$4.00 to Mackinac Island 2 same route. 1
VICTORIA, B.C., TO ALAS	SKA (SITKA, ETC.) AND RETURN
ROUTE S T 102	Rate \$95.00
Pacific Coast S. S. Co	same route.

RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP CONNECTIONS

WESTERN TOURS

SUBJECT TO CHANGE—(Steamship Lines, weather permitting)

TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAINS FOR PACIFIC COAST leave

Quebec..... 1.30 p.m. Montreal... 8.20 p.m. Ottawa.....12.01 a.m. Prescott.... 2.05 " Brockville 3.00 " Toronto....11.00 p.m.

Prescott.... 2.05 " Brockville . 3.00 " Toronto... .11.00 p.m. St. Thomas . 4.35 p.m. London,.... 4.50 p.m. Detroit 12.05 p.m.

every week day (from Ottawa daily except Mondays), maiking trip from Montreal in 5% days.

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS leaves Toronto 11.00 a.m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, connecting at Owen Sound with steamships for the Upper Lakes and beyond.

FROM OWEN SOUND:

Canadian Pacific Steamship Line

For Sault Ste. Marie and Port Arthur......dep. 4.00 p.m. Mon., Wed. & Fri. For Sault Ste. Marie, Georgian Bay and Manitoulin Island Ports, via North Chann 1............dep. 10.30 p.m. Tuesdays and F 'ays.

FROM SAULT STE. MARIE:

Minneapolis, Sault Ste. Marie & Atlantic Ry. See Time Table Folder.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. See Time Table Folder.

Canadian Pacific Steamship Line

Westbound.......dep. 11.30 a.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Eastbound, Through.......dep. 11.30 a.m. Tuesdays, Fridays and Sundays.

Local.......dep. 5.00 a.m. Mondays and Fridays.

Lake Superior Transit Company

For Duluth and Lake Superior Ports...dep. 8.00 a.m. Sun., Mon., Wed. & Sat. For Detroit and Buffalo.......dep. 7.00 a.m. Sun., Mon., Fri. & Sat.

Lake Mich. & Lake Sup. Transportation Co.

For Chicago, etc...... dep. 8.00 a.m. Mondays and Fridays.

Delta Transportation Co.

For Mackinac Island, etc......dep. 6.00 a m. week days.

FROM DETROIT:

Detroit & Cleveland S. Nav. Co.

Lake Superior Transit Co.

For Sault Ste. Marie, etc......dep. 10.30 p.m. Mon., Thu., Fri. & Sat.

FROM GOLDEN, B. C:

Steamer Duchess, for Windermere, Columbia Lakes, dep. Mon. & Thurs. on arrival of Pacific Express.

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FROM VANCOUVER, A. C.:

Canadian Pacific Nav. Co.

For Puget Sound Ports.......dep. 9.00 p.m. Mondays & Thursdays.

For Victoria......dep. 1.30 p.m. daily, except Mondays.

For San Francisco via Shasta Rail Route

Dep. Vancouver, Steamer Premier, 9.00 p.m. Mondays & Thursdays.

Arr. Tacoma, Steamer Premier, 12.00 noon Tuesdays & Fridays.

Arr. Portland, Northern Pacific Railroad, 12.10 a.m. & 2.30 p.m. daily.

Dep. Portland, Southern Pacific Railroad, 4.00 p.m. daily. Arr. San Francisco, Southern Pacific Railroad, second day after, 7.40 a.m.

FROM VICTORIA, B.C.:

Steamers for Puget Sound Ports......dep. 5.00 a.m. daily, except Sunday.

Arr. Tacoma 3.00 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

Arr. Portland, Northern Pacific Railroad, 12.10 a.m. daily.

Arr. San Francisco, Southern Pacific Railroad, 7.40 a.m. daily.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

For San Francisco......dep. 1.00 p.m. Saturdays.

For Alaska, Str. Ancon, June 4, July 1 & 30, Aug. 27, Sept. 24, 1888. Str. G. W. Elder, "18, "16, "13, "10, "

For additional details, see current Time Table Folders.





Miscellaneous Tours

I.

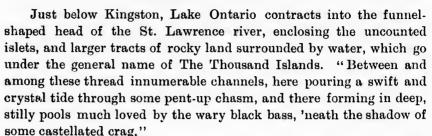
TO THE THOUSAND ISLANDS AND DOWN THE ST. LAWRENCE.

MONG the most important of the miscellaneous routes are those which make

the tour of a part, or all, of the St. Lawrence between Lake Ontario and Quebec. By various combinations of railway and steamboat transportation along this river the tourist may see Kingston, the Thousand Islands, Brockville, Prescott, Ogdensburg, the various rapids and Montreal. The Ottawa river, below Ottawa, is also included among the tours by steamboat.

The city of Kingston is the first point of special interest. It covers the site of old Fort Frontenac, one of the outposts of the earliest French occupation of the country, and has witnessed many stirring incidents in

pioneer history. Its harbor is now defended by a series of forts and martelle towers that give to it a most picturesque effect; and the city itself contains many objects of interest, and is most pleasantly environed.



For several hours the steamer winds its way through these channels and across the wider spaces of water that occasionally open out, touching here and there at various landings and affording a constant treat to the eye. While a great number of the islands, especially the smaller ones, are apparently untouched by the hand of man, a large proportion of them bear in summer a transient population of pleasure-seekers, who either occupy cottages, some of which are exceedingly ornate and expensive, or are gathered together upon the larger islands in hotels or religious communities. The tents and rustic camps of canoeists, fishermen and picnic parties will also be seen here and there set upon the bushy shores of some of the smaller islands. "The international boundary along the upper river is laid in midstream, thus dividing the islands between the United States and Canada. While many of the most charming islets, bays and channels are to be found upon the Canadian side, the artificial beauties are almost entirely confined to the American islands. Here are all of the large summer hotels, and here, ranging a score of miles, are the levely and costly villas of merchant princes, and the less pretentions cottages of the summer dwellers at large. Provincial conservatism has lately been broken through, however, and the beautiful wilderness across the line, where the best fishing, the finest camping, and the most satisfactory refuge from civilization is found, will soon become peopled with a large cottage population from the Canadian cities."

Certain centres of this gay vacation-community form landing places for the steamers, and points of pilgrimage to the tourist. The uppermost of these is Round Island, which lies almost opposite Clayton, N.Y., and is a settlement of scores of cottages surrounding a

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large hotel. This was originally the scene of a Baptist campmeeting, but now retains little of the denominational character with which it began. The next halt is made at Thousand Island Park, a few miles further on, and in the very heart of the archipelago. "All the land that one can see from the steamer's deck as it turns its head from Round Island to Thousand Island Park, is made up of islands, one overlooking the other along the distance, until they give the impression of being continuous coast-line."

Thousand Island Park also began as a religious summer encampment, under the charge of a Methodist organization, which purchased a large territory at the head of Wellesley island. Since 1875 nearly 400 cottages and several hotels have been built there, and it has become one of the most popular resorts upon the river, especially a favorite with Canadians. There is an immense tabernacle for worship on Sunday and for lectures, concerts, and the instruction of classes during week days; but the enjoyment of yachting, boating, fishing and flirting takes up much more time among all the visitors and residents than does attention to the season's instructive exercises. At the lower end of this same island is another hotel settlement named Westminster Park, under the influence of the Presbyterian church.

A beautiful and devious run of half a dozen miles further takes the steamer to Alexandria Bay—the very centre of summer life in the Thousand Islands. As a summer resort Alexandria Bay is fairly entitled to the name of the "Saratoga of the St. Lawrence." It is one of the most popular watering-places in America, and among its cottage owners and regular visitors are many who have distinguished themselves on every road to eminence. "Its summer hotels are among the most commodious and attractive to be found anywhere, while private cottages and villas have sprung up on every available site, both on the shore, and on all the islands near."

From Alexandria Bay onward the steamer passes through the most fashionable part of this island group. Residences are elegant in style and sometimes very costly. In general the owner of each fine house occupies the whole of an islet, to which he has given some appropriate or fanciful name. Often this name is painted upon a

INTERIOR OF STATE ROOM—SLEEPING CAR.

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he in ne ne a signboard which can be read from the steamer's deck, or, upon gala evenings, when the whole community of islands is illuminated and the water is alive with boats and yachts decorated with colored lanterns, these titles are blazoned forth in some device of lights legible for many miles across the reflecting water.

The last or most easterly of the Thousand Islands are called the Three Sisters, on account of their resemblance and proximity to each other, and are nearly opposite Brockville, a delightfully situated town on the north bank of the river and the terminus of the Ottawa & Brockville branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

From Brockville the branch railway alluded to runs northward to Smith's Falls, Carleton Junction and Arnprior, where it unites with the main line of the Canadian Pacific; and certain tourist tickets read over this line to Ottawa.

The straightest route between Ottawa and the St. Lawrence however, is by the line to Prescott, a river-town twelve miles below Brockville, and one of the prettiest in Canada. Immediately opposite is Ogdensburg, N.Y., the flourishing city heretofore described.

Soon after leaving Prescott, in continuing the voyage down the river, the velocity of the current perceptibly increases, as the first of the long series of rapids which the steamer must "shoot" is approached. "There are several courses of these rapids," in the language of a recent description, "those we are now entering being Les Gallopes, which, compared with some of the others, are of but little interest except as a foretaste of what is to come. Next we enter and pass the Rapid de Plau, and the excitement deepens as the foaming. seething waters just ahead proclaim the approach to the famous Long Sault. This is the longest of the series, being a continuous descent for nine miles, with the current running at a speed of twenty miles an hour. A canal, eleven miles in length, extends around this rapid, with seven locks, facilitating the descent of such crafts as are unable to cope with the rapids, and also permitting the return of the steamers. Four similar canals are to be met with at various places along the river.

"The increasing speed, and especially the perceptible descent, soon awaken the interest of the dullest among the passengers and

the half-hour required for the passage of the Long Sault is crowded full of alternating delight, fear and exhilaration, quickening the pulse and giving zest to the journey not to be appreciated except by those who experience it.

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"At the foot of this rapid the placid waters of Lake St. Francis are entered, and the contrast between the tranquil surroundings and the tumult and excitement just passed through brings a grateful sense of relief, and the lovely scenery among which the boat now glides for twenty-five miles is all the more keenly appreciated. After dinner and a quiet stroll on deck, a little more experience with rapids is in order. Passing Coteau du Lac we enter the Coteau rapids, descending quickly to The Cedars, Split Rock, and Cascade rapids. In passing The Cedars a peculiar sensation is experienced as the boat appears to settle down with great suddeness as though about to be sub-This is supposed to be owing to a strong undercurrent which exerts this influence on the boat as she passes from one ledge of rock to another, although they are at a safe distance below her keel. The past sage of the Split Rock rapids seems dangerous, as indeed it would be were the trusty pilot to forget for a moment the grave responsibility of his trust, and fail to swerve the boat at just the right moment to avoid some rock or ledge that threatens destruction to the craft.

"Occasionally a raft may be seen in conflict with the rushing waters, apparently at the very mercy of the current. The venturesome lumbermen generally manage, however, to 'put in an oar' to good advantage in steering clear of the rocks, although not always successful in guiding their frail crafts into quiet waters. An occasional wreck is the result of these ventures, as the scattering logs in the channel attest. The cascades are so called from their resemblance to a series of short leaping falls. Passing the cascades, we enter upon another broad expanse of water, the river here widening into Lake St. Louis, receiving also the waters of the Ottawa river. This lake is twelve miles long by about six in breadth, and the ride across its quiet waters just precedes the culminating excitement of the trip—the daring passage of the famous Lachine rapids."

At the head of these rapids is the pretty little Indian village of Lachine, and here comes aboard the Indian pilot, Baptiste by name,



DESCENT OF THE LACHINE RAPIDS, ST. LAWRENCE RIVER.

who has piloted the boats through the Lachine rapids for forty years. Just below Lachine the St. Lawrence is now spanned by the new steel bridge of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which forms not only a structure of the greatest interest to engineers and of value to travellers to and from the United States, but an exceedingly picturesque object in the beautiful landscape. The village opposite Lachine is the Iroquois town of Caughnawauga.

The Lachine rapids are the most perilous in the whole devious channel of the St. Lawrence, for the dangerous rocks which lie just below the surface would deceive any but a skilful navigator. The swarthy giant who takes the wheel at this point pays little attention to anything but the duty in hand, which certainly demands all his energies. Casting alternate glances at him and at the rushing waters ahead of us, we involuntarily breathe the words of the hymn,

"Steady, O pilot, stand firm at the wheel."

"Right in our path lies a ragged rock which threatens us with instant destruction; but a turn of the wheel at just the right moment sends our good craft a little to the left of it, and the apparent danger is past. With bated breath we watch for the next peril that looms ahead of us, to find it, like its predecessor, vanquished by the strong arm and steady nerve of the man to whom every inch of the channel is as familiar as a beaten path.

"Entering once more into quiet waters, we steam on our way toward Montreal."

II.

TORONTO TO OTTAWA, MONTREAL AND CALEDONIA SPRINGS; THE

Several tours take Ottawa and Montreal in their course. Some of these go by rail from Toronto to the capital by the direct line of the Canadian Pacific, passing through Peterboro', Sharbot Lake Junction, Perth and Carleton Junction—a distance of about 250 miles.

As far as Peterboro' this road passes through the fruitful fields of central Ontario, a richly cultivated grain and fruit producing region. Glimpses of Lake Ontario are caught southward, and many pretty

streams are crossed. At the large town of Peterboro' the Otonabee rushes down a steep incline, furnishing waterpower to many mills. "From this point as a centre, a whole realm of wild beauty opens out to the lover of nature, quiet lakes innumerable, flashing waterfalls, sparkling streams abounding in fish and game. This is the place where the Rice-lake canoe was invented, and in it the whole territory can be traversed with few portages. Through this region, down the



MONTREAL, FROM THE RIVER.

Trent, came in early times the ubiquitous Champlain from Lake Huron, leading the Huron raid into Iroquois land."

Eastward of Peterboro' the line traverses a more thinly settled and hilly region, abounding in timber, fine building-stone, minerals and good waterpower. All of the rivers and lakes are inviting to the sportsman, as has been mentioned on p. 15; and at Sharbot lake, where the Kingston & Pembroke Railway communicating with Kingston is crossed one of the best known picnic resorts in Canada, is encountered. Toward Ottawa the hills are left behind and a farming region, showing pretty landscapes on both sides of the track, is entered. Ottawa has already been described in our account of western tours.

From Ottawa to Montreal the tourist has the choice of two routes. One of these is by rail on the northern side of the Ottawa, and the other by steamer down that river.

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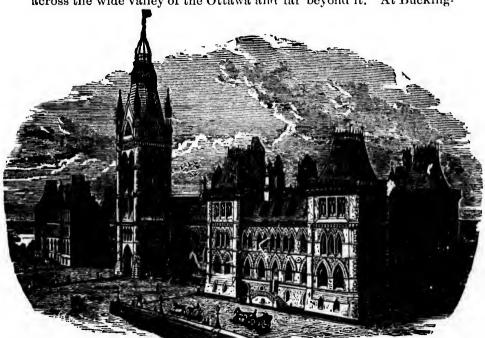
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The railway crosses at Ottawa within sight of the grand Chaudiere falls, and closely follows the northern bank of the river for fifty miles. It occupies a terrace at some distance above the level of the stream, and almost continuously exhibits to the eye of the passenger views across the wide valley of the Ottawa and far beyond it. At Bucking-



PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS AT OTTAWA.

ham, and at one or two other points, tributary streams are crossed, where they come tumbling down from the hills in handsome cataracts; the most remarkable and well-known of these are the falls of the Lievre near Buckingham. These hills approach closer and closer to the river, until they form a series of high promontories at Calumet. Good fishing is found upon the upper part of all these tributaries.

Calumet is the station for Caledonia Springs, well known to all

Canadians on account of its medicinal waters and its opportunity for pleasure-taking. These springs are on the opposite side of the river, which is reached by a ferry steamer to L'Orignal, whence a stage-ride of eight miles takes one to the Springs. "Caledonia Springs," says the latest announcement, "is unrivalled in its attractions to the invalid, the business man in search of health or recreation, families desiring summer homes, the tourist or pleasure-seeker. For children of all ages it is especially desirable, combining the advantages of the waters with country retreat, freedom from every danger, and unlimited sources of amusement in all weathers."

For those who are not hurried in time and would enjoy a delightful day's ride on the water, the steamers of the Ottawa River Navigation Company offer a pleasant route between Ottawa and Montreal. The steamer leaves the capital early in the morning, and as it makes its way out into the stream the government buildings perched upon the rocky bluff, the Chaudiere falls and timber slides, and the great lumber vards on each side of the river, show to the best advantage. Gatineau, Buckingham, Rockland, Thurso and Papineauville, flourish. ing towns supported by lumbering, mining and farming, are passed in succession. The last place was named after one of the most noted political leaders in Canadian history, and at Montebello, the next landing, he had his home. The scenery in this vicinity can hardly be surpassed in any portion of the country, blending the boldness of hills with the placid beauty of quiet water and well tilled plains. At noon the steamer reaches Grenville on the northern side of the river at the head of rapids which prevent this boat from going any further. Passengers, therefore, enter a train in waiting and are carried in half an hour to Carillon, where re-embarkation is made upon a second steamer for the lower part of the journey. The first stopping place is Rigaud, a little village in Quebec, and the next Pointe aux Anglais. Below this point the scenery begins to be very attractive and at Como, the landing on the south side of the lake of Two Mountains, a picture of extraordinary beauty is presented by the hills along the northern shore.

On the north side (opposite Como) is the village of Oka, inhabited by a remnant of the Iroquois and Algonquin tribes, behind which rises a hill called Mount Calvary, bearing upon its summit several curious old chapels or shrines visited on certain occasions by pious pilgrims from all the surrounding region. The smaller elevation to the east of Mount Calvary is the site of a monastery of Trappist monks, who live a most secluded life under ascetic rules, and whose only worldly occupation is the cultivation of a large farm and extensive orchards.

Just before reaching the mouth of the river, Ste. Anne's is passed, —a village on the northern shore having a population of about 1,500. This was formerly a point of landing for the old French voyageurs, who, in canoes and by portage, traversed the waters of the upper Ottawa to secure in northern forests the furs which were at one time the staple product of Canada; and it was at this point that Moore saw something of the fur-trading life, and was inspired to write his musical Canadian boat-song, which has made the locality famous. The new "short line" of the Canadian Pacific between Montreal and Toronto crosses the river here, and its fine bridge will be noticed.

A short distance below the Ottawa pours its waters into the current of the St. Lawrence, and the view of their junction is one of the most interesting sights of the whole trip. So much earthy matter is brought down by the Ottawa that its waters are clouded. For a considerable distance they do not mingle with the cleaner St. Lawrence, and under a bright sky the yellow stream of the Ottawa is easily distinguished from the blue flood of the St. Lawrence. A few minutes after emerging from the Ottawa the steamer reaches Lachine, Montreal's most fashionable suburb. At Lachine the passenger list is always increased by a number of persons who have come out from Montreal to make the trip down the rapids which lie between Lachine and the city; and the running of these rapids forms a thrilling termination to the very charming trip.

From Montreal to Quebec the tourist may go by rail along the northern bank, or by steamboat. The latter makes a night trip, but start and arrive at such hours that the best part of the scenery is visible at each end of the trip. The backward view of Montreal's fine waterfront and noble mountain; the islands and points in the river just below the city; Three Rivers and the expanse of Lake St. Peter; are the principal incidents until the mouth of the Jacques Cartier

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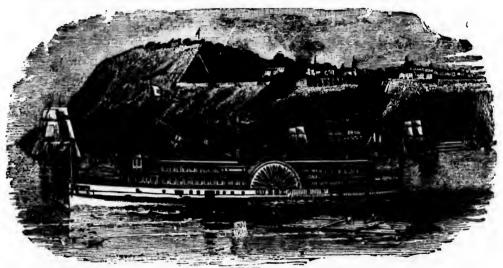
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river, a celebrated salmon stream flowing down from the north, comes into view. Here, and all along both shores, henceforth, are relics and legends of the romantic and belligerent history of the early days of the province, and each headland has some old battery or monument, with many a legend of missionary zeal or knightly courage. Sillery and Cape Rouge, covered with villas, then tower up upon the left, while on the right are the steamboat wharves of South Quebec and Liverpool. Then the steamer turns toward the city, and moors to her wharf under the shadow of the great cliff and its citadel.



QUEBEC, FROM THE RIVER.

One stopping place on the railway along the north shore is worthy of special mention—St. Leon Springs, which are situated on the bank of the Riviere du Loup about five miles from Louiseville station. The hotel has room for 300 guests, and is surrounded by balsam trees and other rural accompaniments; its Concord stages meet all day trains. During the summer great numbers of Montreal people go there to drink the medicinal water (which is saline in character), to breathe the invigorating air and to enjoy the fishing and the unconventional gaiety of the locality.

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III.

TO NIAGARA FALLS, BUFFALO AND CHAUTAUQUA LAKE.

There seems no need of occupying our space with a description of Niagara Falls, which must necessarily be repetitive of what every traveller knows, unless we should go into minute details.

The tourist tickets issued by the Canadian Pacific to the Falls and return, read from Toronto by steamer across Lake Ontario to Lewiston wharf. The return may be the same way, or by rail, through Hamilton.

The steamers' wharf in Toronto is close to the railway station, and the two hours' trip is an exceedingly pleasant sail by either of the two boats. One is the Chicora, an old favorite, which now runs to Hamilton and Lewiston, making one trip daily; or the new Clydebuilt side-wheel steamer Cibola, which makes two daily trips between Toronto, Niagara town and Lewiston wharf. The view of Toronto harbor and city gained in going out, or in coming into port, is one of the finest in the whole circuit of the Great Lakes; and the gradual approach to the American shore is highly entertaining. At the mouth of the Niagara river the bluffs overlooking the lake and the oldfashioned village of Youngstown, are crowned by fortifications, now more picturesque than formidable. The opposite point, on the Canadian side, is occupied by Niagara town and old Fort George. Three miles above is the creek-mouth where the Canadian troops crossed over to attack Fort Niagara in 1812; and a little above that is Vrooman's point.

For seven miles the river thus winds between high wooded banks, whose monotony is continually interrupted by some historic point, shaky fort or old-time mansion, while the bluffs are everywhere planted with the fruit trees for which this locality is famous. Then Queenston heights, where was fought the great battle of the War of 1812, in which Brock lost his life, comes into sight, and all eyes are riveted upon the columnar monument, 190 feet high, commemorating that brave officer. At Lewiston, N.Y., opposite these heights, the steamer reaches the head of navigation and makes its landing.

The railway cars running from Lewiston what to Niagara Falls are built in an open "excursion" style, allowing a free view of the great gorge of the river along whose brink the railway runs, past the whirlpool, until the noble cataract itself becomes most admirably visible.

By taking the first morning boal from Toronto, the tourist may have quite time enough at Niagara Falls to see all the special features of the Cataract, the Rapids, Goat Island, the bridges and the villages on both sides of the falls, and return to Toronto the same evening; or he may go on to Buffalo and Chautauqua lake. It is to be remembered that the vicinity of the falls is now a public park, and no charges or tolls are collected of any sight-seer.

Buffalo is the largest city on the Great Lakes, except Chicago, and ranks among the leading centres of commerce in all America. A dozen great railroads, the Erie Canal and unlimited shipping concentrate here, making the city busy and rich. The situation is a fine one, and some of the residence streets, shaded by noble trees, compare with the best in any rival town. A day can be spent most profitably in Buffalo by even the most casual traveller.

Chautauqua lake is the seat of a successful summer school and pleasure resort on the bank of one of the most charming lakes in western New York.

It is laid out in streets, lawns. groves, water-fronts and play-grounds. A tabernacle, music hall, lecture rooms, etc., have been built for the use of the students who assemble here from all parts of the United States and Canada for a judicious and most successful commingling of recreation and study. Many of the most distinguished preachers, teachers, musicians and artists in the country give lectures and courses of instruction; and every form of intellectual entertainment and rational amusement which can be suggested, is enjoyed. A fine hotel is among the advantages of this notable place, which deserves to be visited, if only for a brief period, by every tourist.

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Miscellaneous Tours

To points of attraction in the District lying between DETROIT in the West, and QUEBEC in the East

	ALEXANDRIA BAY,	N.Y., AND RE	TURN	
ROUTE R 200			Rates as follows:	
" Londo " St. Th	to\$11.00 on15.85 iomas16.10	" Detroit " Sault St).00 7.00
Canadian Pa Kingston & 1 Richelieu & C	eific Ry Pembroke Ry Ontario Navigation Co Return sa	" Kingstor	Lake, Iria Bay	14 41 87 R
	ALEXANDRIA BAY,	N.Y., AND RE	TURN	
ROUTE R 201			Rates as follows:	
	ec\$14.50 real\$1.50		\$ 6	5.50
Canadian Pa Richelieu & (cifle Ry Ontario Navigation Co Return sa	to Brockvil " Alexand me route.	de or Prescott ria Bay 86 oi	14 r 89 R
	ALEXANDRIA BAY,	N.Y., AND RE	TURN R W	T
ROUTE R 202			Rates as follows:	
From Quebe " Mont: " Ottaw " Toron	ec	From London. St. Thou Niagara Detroit.		5.75 3.95 3.35).00
Canadian Pa Kingston & I Richelieu & C	ciffe Ry Pembroke Ry Ontario Navigation Co over Alexandria Bay.) ciffe Ry	to Sharbot " Kingston " Brockvil	Lake n lle or Prescott . 86 or	14 41 r89
T) T) 000	BUFFALO, N.Y.,	AND RETUR		
ROUTE R 203	024.00		Rates as follows:	
" Montr " Ottaw	c,\$24.90 cal,19.90 a,16.20 From Sault Ste. Ma	. London St. Thom rie\$19	nas 9 0.20	3.90 9.30
Canadian Pa Niagara Nav New York Co	cific Ry igation Co entral & Hudson River R Return sa	" Lewistoi .R " Buffalo	i	14 62 60 R

BUFFALO, N.Y., A	ND RETURN R V	V
ROUTE R 204	Rates same as for Route R	203
Canadian Pacific Ry. Niagara Navigation Co. New York Central & H. R. R. R. Michigan Central R. R Niagara Navigation Co. Canadian Pacific Ry.	to Toronto. " Lewiston " Buffalo " Niagara. " Toronto. " Starting Point.	14 62 60 51 63 14
BUFFALO, N.Y.,	AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 205	Rates same as for Route R	203
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Toronto	14 63 51 R
CALEDONIA SPRINGS,	ONT., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 206	Rates as follows:	
" Ottawa	" London 2 " St. Thomas 2 " Niagara Falls 1 " Detroit 2 ie \$31.70	0.80 1.20 7.95 3.75
Canadian Pacific Ry	" L'Orignal " Caledonia Springs	14 31 98 R
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE,	N.Y., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 207 From Quebec	" London	1.65 2.65 1.95
Canadian Pacific Ry	"Niagara "Buffalo "R. "Mayville "Chautauqua "Chautauqua "Buffalo "Chautauqua "Buffalo	63 51 13 20 R
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE,	N.Y., AND RETURN	
ROUTE R 208	Rates same as for Route R	
Canadian Pacific Ry	" Lewiston R. " Buffalo LR. " Mayville " Chautauqua	14 62 60 13 20 R

RW	CLEVELAND, OHIO, AND RETURN
oute R 203	ROUTE R 209 Rates as follows:
	From Quebec\$31.50 From Prescott\$22.00
14	" Montreal 26.50 " Brockville 21.40 " Ottawa 23.75 " Toronto 15.25
60	" Ottawa
51	Canadian Pacific Ryto St. Thomas 14 Michigan Central R.R
63	Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Co. "Cleveland 28
	Return same route. R
	DETROIT, MICH., AND RETURN R W
	ROUTE R 210 Rates as follows:
Route R 203	From Quebec\$32.50 From Prescott\$22.50
14	" Montreal
63	Ottewer, in the state of the st
51	Conadian Pacific Ryto Toronto
\mathbf{R}	Michigan Central R.R "Buffalo
	Niegara Navigation Co. "Niegara. 63 Michigan Central R.R. "Buffalo. 51 †Lake Superior Transit Co. "Detroit. 44 Michigan Central R.R. "St Thomas. 54 Canadian Pacific Ry. "Starting Point. 14
	Michigan Central R.R. "St Thomas 54
ollows:	
\$15.70	MASTIGOUCHE HOUSE, P.Q., AND RETURN
20.80	ROUTE R 211 Rates as follows:
21.20 17.95	From Quebec\$10.00 From Toronto\$23.00 "Montreal8.00 "London28.10
23.75	" Montreal 8.00 " London 28.10 " Ottawa 13.00 " St. Thomas 28.50
	" Prescott
14	" Brockville 13.60 " Detroit 30.50
31	From Sault Ste. Marie\$39,00 Canadian Pacific Ry to St. Felix de Valois
98 R	Canadian Pacific Ryto St. Felix de Valois14 Stage
14	Return same route. R
	MONTREAL, P.Q., AND RETURN
ollows:	ROUTE R 212 Rates as follows:
\$16 40	From Toronto\$19.75 From Niagara Falls\$20.75
11.65	" London. 24.60 " Detroit. 26.75 " St. Thomas 24.85 " Sault Ste. Marie. 35.75
12.05 21.95	Compation De 16 Dec to Charlet Lake 14
14	Kingston & Pembroke Ry. "Kingston. 41 Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. "Prescott. 87 Canadian Pacific Ry. "Ottawa. 14 Ottawa River Navigation Co. "Montreal. 66 Canadian Pacific Ry. "Starting Point. 14
63	Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. Prescott 5/
51	Ottawa River Navigation Co. "Montreal 66
	Canadian Pacific Ry "Starting Point 14
R	MONTREAL, P.Q., AND RETURN
	ROUTE R 213 Rates as follows:
	From Ottawa
Danto D 907	" Toronto
Route R 207	From Sault Ste. Marie\$34.00
$\begin{array}{cccc} & 14 \\ \dots & 62 \end{array}$	Canadian Proitic Dv to Sharhot Lake 14
60	Kingston & Pembroke Ry "Kingston
13	Kingston & Pembroke Ry
20 R	* Meals and Berths included.
It	Means and Bertas included.

MONTREAL, P.Q., AND RETURN

ROUTE R 214	Rates as follows:
From Toronto. \$18.00 From 'London 22.85 'St. Thomas 23.10 ''	Niagara Falls \$19.00 Detroit 25.00 Sault Ste. Marie 34.00
Canadian Pacific Ryto Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co" Canadian Pacific Ry"	Toronto 14 Montreal 92 Starting Point 14
MONTREAL, P.Q., AND	RETURN
Route R 215	Rates as follows:
From Ottawa \$ 7.00 From " Toronto 18.00 " " London 22.85 " From Sault Ste. Marie	St. Thomas \$23.10 Niagara Falls 19.00 Detroit 25.00 \$34.00
Canadian Pacific Ryto Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co" Canadian Pacific Ry"	Prescott 14 Montreal 89 Starting Point 14
MONTREAL, P.Q., AND	RETURN
ROUTE R 216	Rates as follows:
From Prescott \$ 7.00 From "Brockville 7.75 " "Toronto 17.00 " "London 21.85 "	St. Thomas \$22.10 Niagara Falls 19.00 Detroit 25.00 Sault Ste. Marie 33.00
Canadian Pacific Ryto Ottawa River Navigation Co" Canadian Pacific Ry"	Ottawa 14 Montreal 66 Starting Point 14
NIAGARA FALLS, ONT., A	ND RETURN
ROUTE R 217	Rates as follows:
From Quebee. \$24.00 From " Montreal 19.00 " " Ottawa. 15.25 " " Prescott 13.35 "	Brock ville \$12.70 London 7.95 St. Thomas 8.35 Sault Ste. Marie 18.25
Canadian Pacific Ryto Niagara Navigation Co	Toronto 14 Niagara 66 Niagara Falls 53 te. R
NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y., A	ND RETURN
ROUTE R 218	Rates same as for Route R 217
Canadian Pacific Ryto Niagara Navigation Co	Lewiston

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NIAGARA FALLS	N. Y., AND RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 219	Rates as f	
From Quebee		
Canadian Pacific Ry Ferry Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg R.R New York Central & H. R. R.R Niagara Navigation Co Canadian Pacific Ry	to Prescott	
NIAGARA FALLS, O	NT., AND RETURN	RW
ROUTE R 220	Rates as f	
From Quebec \$24.00 " Montreal 19.00 " Ottawa 19.00		
Canadian Pacific Ry. Niagara Navigation Co. Michigan Central R.R. Michigan Central R.R. Niagara Navigation Co. Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. Canadian Pacific Ry	to Toronto	1- 33- 55- 56- 69- 1-
NORTH BAY, ONT. (LAKE)		
ROUTE R 221 From Quebee\$19.50 "Montreal14.50 "Ottawa11.00	" Brockville	\$19.9
Canadian Pacific Ry		1. F
		1) 317
ROUTE R 222	ND RETURN Rates as f	R W
From Quebec \$12.00 " Montreal 7.00 " Torento 18.00 " London 22.85	" Niagara Falls	
Canadian Pacific Ry	to Ottown	1.0
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ROUTE R 223 \$10.00 \$10.00 \$10.00 \$10.00 \$10.00 \$1.5.15 \$10.00 \$1.5.15 \$10.00 \$1.5.15 \$10.00 \$1.5.15	Rates as f From London	\$21.8 22.10 19.00 25.00
Canadian Pacific RyOttawa River Navigation CoCanadian Pacific Ry(† One month	to Ottawa	14 60 1

OTTAWA, ONT., AND	RETURN R	w.
ROUTE R 224	Rates as follows	s:
From Toronto	Niagara Falls	\$15.55 22.20 29.30
Canadian Pacific Ry	Sharbot Lake	14 41 87 14
OTTAWA, ONT., AND	RETURN	R W
ROUTE R 225	Rates same as for Route	R 224
Canadian Pacific Ry	Toronto	14 92 14 14
OTTAWA, ONT., AND	RETURN	
ROUTE R 226	Rates as follows	3:
From Quebec \$10.85 From	Montreal	5.85
Canadian Pacific Ry	Coteau Landing Montreal Starting Point	14 19 88 14
QUEBEC, P.Q., AND	RETURN	w
ROUTE R 227	Rates as follow	s:
From Ottawa \$10.00 From " Toronto 20.00 " " London 25.10 " From Sault Ste. Marie	St. Thomas Niagara Falls Detroit\$36.00	\$25.50 22.25 27.50
Canadian Pacific Ryto Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co	Montreal	14
QUEBEC, P.Q., AND	RETURN	
ROUTE R 228	Rates as follow	s;
From Toronto	Niagara Falls Detroit Sault Ste. Marie	\$24.00 29.25 39.00
Canadian Pacific Ry	Toronto	14 92 88

RW.	ST. LEON SPRINGS, P.Q., AND RETURN
	ROUTE R 229 Rates as follows:
ollows:	From Quebec \$ 4.00 From Toronto \$18.50 " Montreal 3.50 " London 23.60 " Ottawa 8.50 " St. Thomas 24.00
22.20 29.30	" Prescott
14	·
87	Canadian Pacific Ryto Louiseville
14	SHARBOT LAKE AND RETURN
R W	ROUTE R 230 Rates as follows:
Route R 224	From Quebec\$11.70 From Toronto\$7.00 "Montreal
ott 92	Wolfredt 0.60 London 11.53 "Ottawa 3.60 St. Thomas 11.70 "Prescott 3.35 Niagara Falls 9.25 "Brockville 2.80 Detroit 15.50 Canadian Pacific Ry to Sharbot Lake 14
14	Brockville 2.80 " Detroit
14	Return same route.
	THOUSAND ISLANDS AND RETURN R W
ollows:	ROUTE R 231 Rates as follows:
\$ 5.85	From Ottawa\$14.00 From St. Thomas\$16.95 " Toronto
14	" Toronto
	Canadian Pacific Ryto Toronto
	Canadian Pacific Ryto Toronto14 Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. (through Thousand Islands)
R W	
follows:	THOUSAND ISLAND PARK AND RETURN
\$25.50	ROUTE R 232 Rates as follows:
22.25 27.50	From Ottawa \$ 7.65 From St. Thomas \$15.70 " Toronto 9.60 " Niagara Falls 11.85 " London 15.25 " Detroit 20.00
,	" London
	Canadian Pacific Ry to Sharbot Lake 14
14	•Canadian Pacific Ry to Sharbot Lake 14 Kingston & Pembroke Ry "Kingston 41 St. Lawrence Steamboat Co. "Thousand Island Park 127 Return same route. R
4.11	TORONTO, ONT., AND RETURN
s follows;	ROUTE R 233 Rates as follows:
\$24.00 29.25 39.00	From Quebec \$23.00 From Prescott \$18.00 " Montreal 18.00 " Brockville 18.00 " Ottawa 18.00
	Canadian Pacific Ry
4 . 14	

SIDE TRIPS

TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH

-MISCELLANEOUS TOURS-

ENUMERATED HEREIN

CALUMET TO CALEDONIA SPRINGS AND RETURN	
ROUTE ST 51 Rate \$1.50	
Ferryto L'Orignal Stage	9
BROCKVILLE TO MONTREAL, VIA OTTAWA	
ROUTE ST 53 Rate \$4.60	
Canadian Pacific Ry to OttawaOttawa River Navigation Co " Montreal	6
BROCKVILLE TO MONTREAL, VIA OTTAWA	
ROUTE ST 51 Rate \$4.69	
Canadian Pacific Ryto Ottawa Canadian Pacific Ry" Montreal	1
BROCKVILLE TO OTTAWA AND RETURN TO PRESCOTT	
ROUTE ST 55 Rate \$3.50	
Canadian Pacific Ryto Ottawa	1
MONTREAL TO ST. LEON SPRINGS AND RETURN	
ROUTE ST 56 Rate \$3.50	
Canadian Pacific Ryto Louiseville	1 9 1
LOUISEVILLE, P.Q., TO ST. LEON SPRINGS AND RETURN	
ROUTE S T 57 Rate \$1.00	
Stageto St. Leon Springs and Ret	9
MONTREAL TO PRESCOTT, (VIA OTTAWA) R V	V
ROUTE S T 58 Rate \$4.25	
Canadian Pacific Ryto Ottawa Canadian Pacific Ry" Prescott	1

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MONTREAL TO OTTA	The state of the s
ROUTE ST 59	
Canadian Pacific Ry Return sa	to Ottown
MONTREAL TO OTT	
ROUTE ST 60	
Canadian Pacific Ry Ottawa River Navigation Co	to Ottawa 14
MONTREAL TO OTTA	WA AND DESIGNATION
ROUTE ST 61	
Canadian Pacific Dr.	Rate \$7.00
Canadian Pacific Ry Canadian Pacific Ry Richelicu & Ontario Navigation Co	
MONTREAL TO QUE	DEC AND DESCRIPTION
ROUTE ST 62	
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co Canadian Pacific Ry	Rate \$5.00 to Quebee
MONTREAL TO QUE	BEC AND RETURN
ROUTE ST 63	
Canadian Pacific Ry Return san	Rate \$5.00to Quebec
MONTREAL TO MASTIGOUC	HE HOUSE AND RETURN
ROUTE ST 61	
Canadian Pacific Ry Stage Return sam	Rate \$8.00to St. Felix de Valois 14 " Mastigouche House 116 e route. R
TORONTO TO NIAGARA	
ROUTE ST 66	
Niagara Navigation Co	Rate \$2.25
Niagara Navigation Co Michigan Central R.RReturn same	"Niagara Falls
TORONTO TO NIAGARA	FALLS AND RETURN
COUTE ST 67	
Viagara Navigation Co	Rate \$2.25
Niagara Navigation Co New York Central & Hudson River R.R Return same	'Niagara Falls

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RAILWAY, STEAMSHIP, ETC., CONNECTIONS Miscellaneous Tours

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)

From NIAGARA FALLS: Michigan Central Railroad
For Toronto
For Toronto
From DETROIT: Michigan Central Railroad
For Toronto
For Clevelanddep. 10.00 p.m. daily except Sunday
FROM TORONTO: Richelleu & Ontario Navigation Corpany For Thousand Islands and Monrealdep. 2.00 p.m. daily except Sunday Niagara Navigation Company For Niagara Falls, Buffalo, etcdep. 7.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m. and 5.00 p.m. week days
FROM KINGSTON:
Richelieu & Ontarlo Navigation Company For Thousand I-lands and Montrealdep. 5.00 a.m. daily except Monday St. Lawrence Steamboat Company
For Thousand Island Park (direct, 3.30 p.m. week days via Cape Vincent, 7.00 a.m. and 2.00 p.m. week days
FROM BROCKVILLE:
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company For East
FROM PRESCOTT:
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company For Montreal
FROM OGDENSBURG:
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad For Niagara Fallsdep. 11.45 a.m. week days
FROM OTTAWA:
Ottawa River Navigation Company For Montreal
FROM CALUMET: Ferry to L'Orignal, thence Stage To Caledonia Springsdep. 10.45 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. week days
FROM LOUISEVILLE: Stage to St. Leon Springs
From MONTREAL:
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company For Ougher 7.00 p.m. week days

For additional details, see current Time Table Folders.

CTIONS

p.m. week days p.m. we k days n, and 8,00 p.m.

0.55 p.m. daily

9.00 a.m. daily except Sunday

except Sunday

p.m. week days

except Monday

p.m. week days

except Monday except Monday

except Monday

a.m. week days

.m. week days

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all day trains

.m. week days

ders.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

THE SLEEPING AND PARLOR CAR SERVICE

Shown herein, unless where otherwise noted, is owned and operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. It surpasses any in the world.

The following tariff of charges will be found extremely low:

FOR ONE LOWER OR ONE UPPER BERTH IN SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN

Quebec and Montreal\$1	50
Montreal and Toronto 2	00
Montreal and Port Arthur . 6	00
Montreal and Winnipeg 8	00
Montreal and Banff Hot	
Springs14	00
Montreal and Vancouver20	
Ottawa and Toronto 2	00
Ottawa and Vancouver20	00
Port Arthur and Banff Hot	
Springs 9	00
Pt. Arthur and Vancouver. 15	
*Toronto and Chicago 3	00
*Toronto and Detroit 2	00
Toronto and Port Arthur 6	00
Toronto and Winnipeg 8	00
Toronto and Vancouver18	50
Boston and Montreal 2	00
Montreal and Portland, Mc. 2	00
*New York and Montreal 2	
*Chicago and St. Paul 2	00
*St. Paul and Winnipeg 3	
St. Paul and Vancouver13	

Winnipeg and Vancouver.. 12 00

FOR ONE SEAT IN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN

Quebec and Montreal	75
Montreal and Ottawa	50
Montreal and Toronto 1	00
Ottawa and Toronto 1	00
Torouto and Owen Sound	50
Toronto and St. Thomas	50
Toronto and London	50
Toronto and Detroit 1	00
Montreal and Boston 1	50
Montreal and Portland 1	50

Accommodation in First Class Sleeping Cars and in Parlor Cars will be sold to holders of Tourist Tickets.

Between other Stations in Proportion.

*Cars owned by Sleeping Car Companies not C.P.R.

Sleeping Car Sections, in Canadian Pacific Cars, double the above berth rate; Staterooms, three times the above berth rate.

Two persons in *same party*, when travelling from and to the same points, will be allowed to occupy a berth on one berth ticket, four a section on one section ticket, and six a stateroom on one stateroom ticket; provided always each presents his or her railway passage ticket.

Only those agents of the Canadian Pacific Railway at the Starting points of Sleeping or Parlor Cars will hold diagrams of Canadian Pacific Railway Cars for location of passengers, and ticket agents at other points will ecure accommodation required by them on application to the agents enumerated below, by letter or telegraph, as necessary:

Toronto......W. R. CALLAWAY, District Passenger Agent, 110 King St. W.

Montreal.....A. B. CHAFFEE, Jr., City Ticket Agent, 266 St. James St.

Ottawa......J. E. PARKER, City Ticket Agent, 42 Sparks St.

Quebec J. W. RYDER, City Ticket Agent, St. Louis Hotel.

Boston H. J. Colvin, City Ticket Agent, 211 Washington St.

Winnipeg....G. H. CAMPBELL, City Ticket Agent.

Vancouver ... Ticket Agent.

Letters or telegrams from passengers direct to above agents will receive prompt attention. When ordering, be particular to state number of berths or sections, etc., required, the train, from and to what points, date of starting, and route desired.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE

BETWEEN

Quebee and Montreal. †Montreal and Boston-‡Montreal and Portland. Montreal and Toronto. Ottawa and Toronto. Montreal and Vancouver. Toronto and North Bay. Toronto and Chicago.

(SERVICE IN BOTH DIRECTIONS).

For time of trains on which these cars are run, see Time Table Folder of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Dining Cars are run on through transcontinental trains, the meals in which are 75 cents each.

†Via Montreal & Boston Air Line.

‡Via Fabyan's and White Mountains.

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AGENCIES

Adelalde So. Aus. Agents Oceanic S.S. Co
(C. E. McPherson, District Pas-) and Washington St
Boston Mass. (C. E. McPherson, District Pas-) 211 Washington St. senger Agent
Brockville Ont A. Caswell, Ticket Agent 145 Main St.
Buffalo N.Y Hurd & Hyde, Ticket Agents 15 Exchange St.
(I Francis Lee Commercial)
Chicago III. J. Francis Lee, Commercial 232 Clark St. Detroit Mich. C. A. Warren, Ticket Agent Michigan Central R.R.
Detroit Mich. (C. A. Warren, Ticket Agent)
(Mienigan Central R.R)
GlasgowScotland Archer Baker, Europ'n Traffic 135 Buchanan St. HallfaxN.SC. R. Barry, Ticket Agent126 Hollis St.
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Halliax N.S C. R. Barry, Ticket Agent 126 Hollis St.
Hamilton8 James St. South.
Hong Kong China (Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co.,) Agents for China
(Archer Baker, Europ'n Traffic)
Agent 17 James St.
LiverpoolEng. Archer Baker, Europ'n Traffic Agent 17 James St. LondonEng. 88 Cannon St.
London Ont T. R. Parker, Ticket Agent 1 Masonic Temple.
Mackinac IslandGeo. Arnold, Ticket Agent
MontrealQue. (A. B. Chaffee, Jr., City Passen) 266 St. James St.
New York N.Y. E.V. Skinner, General Eastern 337 Broadway.
Ningara Falls Ont Geo. M. Colburn Clifton House.
Ningara FallsN.YD. Isaacs, Ticket Agent Prospect House.
Ottawa Ont. J. E. Parker, City Pass. Agent 42 Sparks St.
(f) C Ma(land Fraight and)
Portland Ore. { C. G. McCord, Freight and Passenger Agent
PortlandMe. Ticket Agent, Portland &
Pt. TownsendW.TJames Jones, Ticket Agent
PrescottOntH. H. Wells, Ticket Agent
QuebecQueJ. W. Ryder, City Pass. AgentSt. Louis Hotel.
(Noware Clark) to Co. (Wishest) Louis Hotel.
St. JohnN.B. Messrs. Chubb & Co., Ticket Chubb's Corner.
San Francisco Cal. Messrs. Goodall, Perkins & Co., 10 Market St. Agents Pacific Coast S.S. Co. D. B. Jackson, Passenger Agent. 214 Montgomery St. M. M. Stern
San Francisco. Cal. Agents Pacific Coast S.S. Co. 120 Market St.
D. B. Jackson, Passenger Agent. 214 Montgomery St.
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S. S. Marie Mich. Mobert Perry, Ticket Agent Steamship wharf. Thos. R. Harvey, Ticket Agent 37 Ashmun St.
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Seattle Wash. TerE. W. MacGinnes
ShanghaiChina Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co SydneyN.S.WAlex. Woods
Facoma. Wash. Ter. (E. E. Ellis, Freight and Pas-)
ForontoOnt. \{ W. R. Callaway, District Pas- \} 110 King St. West.
VancouverB.C. Brown, District Freight and Passenger Agent
VictoriaB.c. Robt. Irving, Freight and Pas-
Ticket Agent
Winnipeg Man. G. H. Campbell, City Ticket 471 Main St.
YokohamaJapan { Messrs. Frazar & Co., Agents } for Japan
Messrs Thos Cook & Song Tonnist A

Messrs. Thos Cook & Sons, Tourist Agents, with offices in all parts of the world, are also authorized Agents of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and can supply tickets and information.

